



# Ceylon Government Gazette

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PART I.—General: Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, and General Government Notifications.  
PART II.—Legal and Judicial.

PART III.—Provincial Administration.  
PART IV.—Land Settlement.  
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*Separate paging is given to each Part in order that it may be filed separately.*

## Part I.—Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, &c.

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## APPOINTMENTS, &c., BY THE GOVERNOR.

No. 25 of 1906.

**HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR** has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr. J. N. TISSAVERASINGHE to be Additional District Judge, Commissioner of Requests, and Police Magistrate, Batticaloa, and Visitor of the Prison at Batticaloa, from January 15 to 19, 1906, inclusive.

Mr. W. L. KINDERSLEY to be, in addition to his own duties, Additional District Judge, Puttalam, on February 21, 1906.

Mr. G. W. WOODHOUSE to be, in addition to his own duties, Additional District Judge, Chilaw, from January 23 to 31, 1906.

Mr. F. LIESCHING to be Additional Police Magistrate, Hatton, on January 25, 1906.

By His Excellency's command,

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, January 19, 1906.

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No. 26 of 1906.

**HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR** has been pleased to appoint Mr. C. M. SINNAYAH to be an additional Member of the District Road Committee, Jaffna.

By His Excellency's command,

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, January 12, 1906.

No. 27 of 1906.

**HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR** has been pleased, under the provisions of section 120 of "The Criminal Procedure Code, 1898," to appoint Mr. VINCENT H. LEWIS to be an Inquirer for Siyane Korale East, Western Province.

By His Excellency's command,

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, January 15, 1906.

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No. 28 of 1906.

IT is hereby notified that HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased, under section 44 (1) of "The Criminal Procedure Code, 1898," to appoint the following officers to sign summonses to accused issued from their respective courts :—

Mr. CECIL LE FEBRE, Chief Clerk, Police Court, Batticaloa.

Mr. SWAMPULLAI BASTIAMPULLAI, Chief Clerk, Police Court, Kalmunai.

By His Excellency's command,

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, January 15, 1906.

## APPOINTMENTS. &c., OF REGISTRARS.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments :—

LOKUHETTI MUDALIGE DON ANDRIS to be Registrar of Births and Deaths of Marakada Ihalawalakada division and of Marriages of West Giruwa pattu division in the Hambantota District of the Southern Province, with effect from January 15, 1906, *vice* D. D. W. DISANAYAKA, retired. His office will be at Hingama-achchigewatta at Mandaduwa.

Dr. W. WIJSEKERA to be Registrar of Births and Deaths of Matara town division in the Matara District of the Southern Province, with effect from January 17, 1906, *vice* Dr. W. MARGENOUT, transferred.

Mr. P. C. PALIPANA to be Registrar of Kandyan Marriages of Weudawili hatpattu division in the Kurunegala District of the North-Western Province, with effect from January 5, 1906, *vice* Mr. E. T. ABEYNAIKE, resigned. His office will be at Palipana Walauwa.

By His Excellency's command,

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, January 17, 1906.

THE following appointments under sections 2 and 3 of the Ordinances Nos. 19 and 23 of 1900 respectively, are hereby notified :—

The Provincial Registrar, Batticaloa, has appointed MEERALEVVAI AKAMATULEVVAI to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Nadukadu Pattu East division in the Batticaloa District of the Eastern Province for thirty days from January 15, 1906, *vice* M. T. MEERALEVVAI, deceased. His office will be at Varipattanchenai and station at Malliyativu.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Chilaw, has appointed SINNA MUTTAIYAN NALLAWIRAN to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of No. 2'A, Anavilundan Pattu North of Sengal-oya division, and of Marriages of Pitigal Korale North division in the Chilaw District of the North-Western Province for thirty days from January 20, 1906, during the absence of the Registrar, SEDRAMO KADIRAVEL, on leave. His office will be at Udappu.

P. ARUNACHALAM,  
Registrar-General.

Registrar-General's Office,  
Colombo, January 18, 1906.

IT is hereby notified that the appointment of KAPPAGODA MUDIYANSELAGE DINGIRI BANDA, as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Meda pattuwa division and of Marriages (Kandyan and General) of Galboda and Kinigoda korales division of the Kogalla District, takes effect from January 11, 1906, instead of from the 5th instant, as published in the *Government Gazette* No. 6,099 of January 12, 1906.

P. ARUNACHALAM,  
Registrar-General.

Registrar-General's Office,  
Colombo, January 18, 1906.

IT is hereby notified that the Registrar of Births and Deaths of Analaitivu division in the Jaffna District of the Northern Province, will, with effect from January 1, 1906, have a station at Eluvativu in the garden called Vempadimanal, which he will attend once a fortnight on Wednesday.

P. ARUNACHALAM,  
Registrar-General.

Registrar-General's Office,  
Colombo, January 18, 1906.

IT is hereby notified that Mr. WILLIAM CHARLES BASTIANSZ, Registrar of Births and Deaths of Galkissa division and of Marriages of Palle pattu of Salpiti korale in the Colombo District of the Western Province, will from February 1, 1906, hold his office at Kahatagahawatta in Dehiwala instead of at Divulagahawatta in D. hiwala.

P. ARUNACHALAM,  
Registrar-General.

Registrar-General's Office,  
Colombo, January 18, 1906.

IT is hereby notified that HERATMUDIYANSELAGE PAHALAGEDARA PUNCHI APPUHAMI, Registrar of Births and Deaths of Gangan Pallesiya pattu division and Registrar of Kandyan and General Marriages of Matale East division in the Matale District of the Central Province will, with effect from February 1, 1906, hold his office at Ihalagedarawatta in Maragomuwa and not at Pahalagedarawatta in Maragamuwa as notified in *Government Gazette* of December 5, 1901.

P. ARUNACHALAM,  
Registrar-General.

Registrar-General's Office,  
Colombo, January 12, 1906.

## GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATIONS.

A MEETING of the Legislative Council will be held at the Council Chamber on Wednesday, the 7th February, 1906 at 2.30 P.M.

Council Chamber,  
Colombo, January 8, 1906.

By order,  
A. G. CLAYTON,  
Clerk, Legislative Council.

### Goods Rates on Northern Railway.

IT is hereby notified that His Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, has been pleased to sanction the following rates for the conveyance of goods on the Northern Extension, under section 5 of the Ceylon Railway Ordinance, No. 9 of 1902.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, January 9, 1906.

By His Excellency's command,  
A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

1. Coast Line rates will be adopted throughout the Northern Line between Kurunegala and Kankasanturai, subject to the following modifications.
2. A special reduced through rate for consignments of not less than 4 tons will be in force between Colombo and stations in the Jaffna Peninsula in both directions, calculated on the following basis, viz., between Colombo and Kurunegala on ordinary Main Line rates. Between Kurunegala and the Jaffna Peninsula on special reduced rates as follows:—

<i>Class of Goods.</i>	<i>Cents.</i>	<i>Class of Goods.</i>	<i>Cents.</i>
First	18	Fourth	10
Second	12	Fifth	8
Third	10	Sixth	6

3. Goods of every description landed from steamers and boats at Kankasanturai will be conveyed from the Customs premises at that port to Jaffna at the rate of Re. 1 per ton, if forwarded in consignments of not less than 4 tons. This charge includes the cost of loading into trucks at Kankasanturai and unloading from trucks into carts at Jaffna.

No reduction in rates will be granted in the opposite direction between Jaffna and Kankasanturai.

4. A reduced rate will be charged for copra from stations in the Jaffna Peninsula to Colombo based on a throughout rate of 8 cents per ton per mile (ordinary 6th class rates) for consignments of not less than 4 tons.

5. Returned empty gunnies from Colombo only to stations in the Jaffna Peninsula, certified as per clause 38 of the goods regulations (*i.e.*, returned empties of genuine consignments of copra by rail), will be conveyed at the following rates:—

- (a) 8 cents per ton per mile throughout (ordinary 6th class rates) for lots of one ton and over.
- (b) 10 cents per ton per mile throughout (ordinary 5th class rates) for lots of less than one ton, or as for one ton at ordinary 6th class rates, whichever is lower.

6. Manufactured tobacco (including cigars), dry fish, and chillies from stations in the Jaffna Peninsula to Colombo only will be conveyed at ordinary 4th class rates, and will be subject to the special reduction shown in clause 2, if tendered in consignments of not less than three tons.

7. Unmanufactured tobacco from stations in the Jaffna Peninsula to Colombo only will be conveyed at ordinary 5th class rates, and will be subject to the special reduction shown in clause 2, if tendered in consignments of not less than three tons.

THE following additional by-law made by the Local Board, Anuradhapura, under section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1901, is published for general information.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, January 12, 1906.

By His Excellency's command,  
A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

*By-law referred to.*

A leather collar with the certificate number stamped on it will be issued in respect of each dog registered. Provided that any owner so desiring may supply his own collar to be stamped. Such collar shall be worn at all times.

THE following by-laws made by the Municipal Council, Kandy, under Ordinance No. 7 of 1887, have been confirmed by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo January 18, 1906.

By His Excellency's command.

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

*In Continuation of Chapter VI.*

*Recovery of rents, &c.*—60 a. The several tolls, rents, or fees payable in respect of any public market shall be paid from time to time on demand to the Council or their lessee, or other person authorized by the Council or their lessee to receive the same.

*Greater rent than authorized cannot be recovered.*—60 b. Every person who shall demand or receive a greater rent, toll, or fee than that authorized to be levied by the Council shall be guilty of an offence.

*Recovered by distress.*—60 c. If any person liable to the payment of any rent, toll, or fee authorized as aforesaid do not pay the same when demanded, the Council or their lessee; or any person authorized by the Council or their lessee to collect the same, may levy the same by distress of all or any of the articles in the market belonging to the person liable to pay such rent, toll, or fee.

*Obstruction of authorized agents.*—60 d. Every person who shall resist, obstruct, hinder, or molest any person appointed by the Chairman to superintend any public market, or to collect the tolls, rents, and fees thereof, or to enforce order and cleanliness therein, or any person authorized by the Council or their lessee to collect any rent, toll, or fee, under the provisions of the by-laws in that behalf contained, whilst in the execution of their duties respectively, shall be guilty of an offence.

THE following grants of Exclusive Privilege have been granted under 'The Inventions Ordinance, 1892' during the half-year ended December 31, 1905:—

844.—Richard Walter Harrison of Culloden estate, Neboda, and Cheveley Odams Macadam of Heatherly estate, Neboda.—Invention for cutting the bark of rubber trees and plants in the process of obtaining the rubber latex therefrom.—July 8, 1905.

857.—William Jackson of Thorngrove, Mannofield, Aberdeen, North Britain, Engineer.—Invention in apparatus in drying tea leaves and other produce.—July 8, 1905.

854.—Frederick William Ramsay of 4, Eastcheap, London, in the County of Middlesex, England, Merchant, and Robert Middleton of Sheepscar Foundry, Leeds, in the County of York, England.—Improvements in or relating to the treatment of utilization of broken tea, tea dust, and the like, and to apparatus therefor.—July 8, 1905.

862.—James Howden of 195, Scotland street, Glasgow; Scotland Engineer, and Samuel Edward Haskin of 62, Saint Vincent street, Glasgow, Scotland.—Improvements in the process and apparatus for curing tea leaf, coffee beans, and analogous vegetable substances.—July 8, 1905.

865.—James Gresham, Harry Edward Gresham, and George Kiernan, all of Craven Iron Works, Salford, in the County of Lancaster, England, Engineers.—Improvements in connection with combination ejectors for automatic vacuum railway brakes.—July 8, 1905.

866.—James Gresham, Harry Edward Gresham, and George Kiernan, all of Craven Iron Works, Salford, in the County of Lancaster, England, Engineers.—Improvements in connection with valves, cylinders, and fittings for vacuum railway brake apparatus.—July 8, 1905.

872.—Marconi's Wireless Telegraph Company, Limited, of 18, Finch Lane, in the City of London, England.—Improvements in telegraphic signalling keys.—July 8, 1905.

860.—William Jackson of Thorngrove, Mannofield, Aberdeen, North Britain, Engineer.—Improvements in apparatus for heating air for supporting combustion in furnaces; especially intended for use in heating air, for burning liquid fuel in the furnaces of tea-drying machines and the like.—July 8, 1905.

874.—William Jackson of Thorngrove, Mannofield, Aberdeen, North Britain, Engineer.—Improvements in apparatus for rolling tea leaf and the like.—August 5, 1905.

887.—Alfred Julius Boulton, Chartered Patent Agent, of 111, Hatton Gardens, London, England.—Improvement in or relating to typographic machines.—August 5, 1905.

884.—Rodolphe Jean William Grasset of 10, Railway Place, South Yarra, in the County of Bourke, in the State of Victoria in the Commonwealth of Australia, Mechanical Engineer.—An improved electrical hydropneumatic governor for marine engines.—August 7, 1905.

889.—Thomas Leopold Willson of 188, Metcalf street, in the City of Ottawa, County of Carlton, Province of Ontario, Canada, Manufacturer.—Invention for improvements in automatic gas buoys.—August 7, 1905.

871.—Herman Bohm, Director, of 3, Chansseestrasse, Berlin, Germany.—Improvements in preserve cans.—July 8, 1905.

873.—Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company, Limited, of 18, Finch Lane, in the City of London, England.—Improvements in transmitting instruments for wireless telegraphy.—July 8, 1905.

882.—James Omond, a member of the Firm of James Service & Company, Merchants, of Nos. 460-462, Collins street, Melbourne, in the State of Victoria and the Commonwealth of Australia.—An improved bag spreader or tea-packing machines and the like.—August 7, 1905.

888.—Cosmo Kadale of Abbotsleigh, Church road, Upper Norwood, in the County of Surrey, England, Mining Engineer.—Improvements in or pertaining to the separation of graphitic substance from associated rocky matter or gangue.—August 23, 1905.

890.—Frank George Price of 31, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta, British India, Engineer.—A device for retarding corrosion and preventing leakage round bolt holes in corrugated sheeting.—August 23, 1905.

891.—William Appeton Lawrence of 32, Broadway, New York City, United States of America.—Improvements in the process of cleaning rubber.—August 23, 1905.

863.—Arthur Ashburner Prideaux, Merchant, of Slave Island, Colombo.—Improvements to rotary markers for games and other purposes.—August 27, 1905.

883.—William Jackson of Thorngrove, Manuofield, Aberdeen, North Britain, Engineer.—Improvements in apparatus for drying tea leaf or other like produce.—August 27, 1905.

893.—Samuel Cleland Davidson of Sirocco Engineering Works, Belfast, Ireland.—Improvements in centrifugal fans or pumps.—August 27, 1905.

894.—Samuel Cleland Davidson of Sirocco Engineering Works, Belfast, Ireland.—Improvements in or relating to centrifugal fans or pumps.—August 27, 1905.

896.—Robert Cochran Dickson, Engineer, Colombo, Ceylon.—Improvements in the method of coagulating and drying rubber.—August 27, 1905.

897.—William Pickering, Gentleman, 2 (formerly 3), Tavistock Crescent, Notting Hill, London, England.—Improved process for making bread.—August 27, 1905.

900.—Alfred Smallwood of 52, Gracechurch street, in the City of London, in the County of Middlesex, England, Metallurgist.—Improvement in the means for generating and applying heat for steam boilers, furnaces, and other purposes.—August 27, 1905.

904.—Henry Braby, Engineer, of 87, View street, Armandale, near Sydney, in the State of New South Wales and Commonwealth of Australia.—Improvements in burners for heating and illuminating purposes.—September 5, 1905.

756.—Henry Mathew Allyn Planter, of Meeria Cotta estate, Maskeliya, and John Grieve, Engineer, of Hatton.—Improvements in apparatus for grading, sifting, polishing, and increasing the keeping qualities of green teas.—September 26, 1905.

907.—Marconi's Wireless Telegraph Company, Limited, of 18, Finch Lane, in the City of London, England.—Improvements in instruments for detecting and measuring alternating electric currents.—September 27, 1905.

902.—Walter Frederic Permat, Tea Planter, of Deckajulie Tea Estate, P.O. Assam, British India.—An improved plucking basket for separating fine and coarse fresh green tea or other leaf.—September 20, 1905.

828.—Emil Passburg, Engineer, of Berlin, 33, Bruckenallee, Germany.—Method of drying tea leaves in vacuo.—September 23, 1905.

906.—David Kinloch Michie of Colombo Iron Works, Colombo, and George Herbert Gollidge of Neboda, Ceylon.—Improvements in the method of separating or coagulating indiarubber and in appliances therefor.—September 27, 1905.

835.—Soda Stream, Limited, and William Hucks, Junior, Engineer, both of James street, Camden Town, London, England.—Improvements in apparatus for aerating liquids or charging them with gas.—October 2, 1905.

878.—Edward Thomas Pollard, Engineer, and Emil Leo Behrmann, Merchant, both of 8, Regent street, in the City of London.—Machines for making boxes or wrappers from paper and for filling the same with cigarettes or other articles.—October 1, 1905.

886.—Walter Lamont, presently residing at Cainsmore, Queen street, Helensburgh, Dumbartonshire, Scotland, also of Colombo, Ceylon, and David Kinloch Michie of Colombo Iron Works, both Engineers.—Improvements in and relating to tea drying machines.—October 1, 1905.

870.—Venesta, Limited, of 20, Eastcheap, City of London.—Improvements in or connected with collapsible or other boxes or cases.—October 13, 1905.

849.—Edward Deslandes Bowman of Baddegama, Planter.—Invention for the purpose of procuring latex from indiarubber or other trees.—December 2, 1905.

913.—The Regenerated Cold Air Company of Kittery in the County of York and State of Maine, United States of America.—Apparatus for treating air.—December 2, 1905.

By His Excellency's command,

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, January 11, 1906.

THE following Circular Despatch from the Secretary of State for the Colonies, together with its annexures regarding a new scheme for the entry of Cadets into the Royal Navy, is published for general information.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, January 8, 1906.

By His Excellency's command,  
A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

The Secretary of State for the Colonies to the Officer Administering the Government of Ceylon.

*Circular.*

Downing street November 30, 1905.

SIR,—THE Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty have recently brought into operation a new scheme for the entry of Cadets into the Royal Navy. This new arrangement will after the present month, finally supersede the system hitherto obtaining.

2. Under the new scheme of entry the Admiralty have allotted a definite number of Colonial nominations, amounting to thirteen altogether, to those Colonies which pay fixed annual contributions towards Naval Defence, and their Lordships have placed two Colonial nominations at my disposal for youths not connected with these contributing Colonies, in lieu of the six nominations formerly available for Colonial boys generally. Copies of Regulations respecting the new scheme are enclosed, together with copies of a paper indicating the physical requirements for candidates.

3. I shall be prepared to consider any recommendations in respect of the two nominations at my disposal which may be received from you. Such recommendations should, in every case, be accompanied by a copy of the enclosed forms "A" and "Statement of Medical Particulars," and by certificates of birth, conduct, and health. It would also be desirable that some information as to the position of the parents and the antecedents of the family of the candidate in the Colony should be forwarded with the application, which should reach the Secretary of State not later than the 31st of December in the year preceding that during which the candidate will be eligible for examination in respect of age.

4. The limits of age ( $14\frac{1}{2}$ – $15\frac{1}{2}$ ) under the old scheme were such as to render a candidate eligible for three examinations, and the Admiralty, as a general rule, allowed a boy who failed to qualify at one examination a second or even a third trial, provided that his age did not bear him. As you will observe, the new regulations, by reducing the age limits ( $12\frac{1}{2}$ – $13$ ) by one-third, will render a candidate eligible for two examinations only. As, however, the examination of all candidates under the new scheme is of a qualifying nature only, the Admiralty have intimated that one trial only will in future be permitted, parents being allowed to choose whether they will send up their sons at the earlier or later of the two occasions upon which they will be eligible for nomination. In submitting recommendations, therefore, it will be necessary that the date of the examination desired should be specified. I should add, however, that as it has been arranged that the number of Colonial entries, including those from the contributing Colonies, should not exceed five at any one examination, some difficulty may be experienced in meeting the wishes of candidates in this respect.

I would remind you that these Colonial nominations are intended for youths of established and resident Colonial families, and not for sons of parents whose connection with the Colonies has been only temporary or official. They are not available for boys who would have to be examined in this country.

I have, &c.,  
ALFRED LYTTTELTON.

### **Regulations for Entry of Naval Cadets who are Candidates for Commissions as Executive and Engineer Officers of the Navy and Officers of the Royal Marines.**

#### FOR THE INFORMATION OF CANDIDATES.

1. All Officers for the Executive and Engineer Branches of the Royal Navy or for the Royal Marines enter the Service as Naval Cadets under identical conditions, and will be educated and trained together until passing as Sub-Lieutenants.

2. Appointments to Naval Cadetships are made by nomination, subject to the nominees passing a qualifying examination. Candidates who fail to pass are not allowed a second trial.

No nomination will be given to boys whose parents or guardians do not declare for them that they are prepared to enter any one of the three branches of the service at the termination of their probationary period of service afloat.

As far as possible each officer will be allowed to choose which branch or service he will join; but this must be subject to the proviso that all alike are satisfactorily filled.

Candidates must be of pure European descent, and the sons either of natural-born British subjects, or of parents naturalized in the United Kingdom. If any doubt arises upon this question, the burden of clear proof that he is qualified will rest upon the Candidate.

3. Every Candidate desirous of receiving a nomination (except Colonial nominees who are being educated in the Colonies) will be required to present himself before a Committee which will sit at the Admiralty for the purpose of interviewing Candidates shortly before the Qualifying Examination takes place. The fact, however, of a Candidate being invited to appear before this Committee is not to be understood as in any degree implying that he will necessarily receive a nomination.

4. All nominations of Candidates for Naval Cadetships are made by the \*First Lord, with the exception of a limited number which are at the disposal of individual members of the Board and of certain Officers of the Royal Navy (see paragraph 4 (a)).

A limited number of nominations are given annually to boys belonging to families resident in the Colonies. The names of Candidates are submitted to the Secretary of State by the Governments of the Colonies concerned.

4(a). A Flag Officer or a Commodore 1st Class appointed to the Chief Command of a Station, or to a separate command, and a Captain, on first appointment as such to the command of a ship in full commission, will be allowed to nominate one Candidate, provided the privilege is exercised within six months of appointment, and that the Candidate is not less than twelve years old when nominated, and that he is considered suitable by the Interviewing Committee. Before entry he will have to pass the Qualifying Examination.

5. The nominations will be made three times a year, a few weeks before the date fixed for the examination of Candidates.

6. Candidates will be examined only once, but parents may choose whether they will send up their sons at the earlier or later of the two occasions upon which they will be eligible for nomination, on the distinct understanding that if nominated they are entered for the Qualifying Examination immediately succeeding the interview.

In the case of boys who have received nominations being prevented by illness from taking the Qualifying Examination their nominations may be postponed till the next examination, if their age permits.†

Should they not be able to present themselves for examination within the limits so prescribed, they will be finally excluded from entering the Royal Naval College.

7. The Qualifying Examinations are held in March, July, and December, and the appointments date from the 15th May, 15th September, 15th January following, respectively.

8. Candidates for examination in—

March must not be less than 12 years and 4 months nor more than 13 years of age on the following

July	Do.	do.	May 15
December	Do.	do.	Sept. 15
			Jan. 15

9. Every Candidate must be in good health, and free from any physical defect of body, impediment of speech, defect of sight or hearing, and also from any predisposition to constitutional or hereditary disease or weakness of any kind, and be in all respects well developed and active in proportion to his age. Before undergoing the Qualifying Examination (Art. 10) he is required to pass the medical examination according to the prescribed regulations, and must be found physically fit for the Navy.

It should be particularly noted that full normal vision—as determined by Snellen's tests—is required. A memorandum is issued by the Admiralty which gives details of the physical requirements of Candidates. This may be obtained on application.

10. †The Qualifying Examination is on the following subjects:—

(1) English (including writing from dictation, simple composition, and reproduction of the gist of a short passage twice read aloud to the Candidates).

(2) History and Geography, with special reference to the British Empire.

(3) Arithmetic and Algebra (two-thirds of the questions in this paper will be on Arithmetic. The use of Algebraic symbols and processes will be allowed).

Arithmetic.—The simple and compound rules, avoirdupois weight, linear and square and cubic measures, the elementary mensuration of rectangular surfaces and volumes, measure of capacity (pints, quarts, gallons), the metric system (the metre, gramme, and litre, with their multiples and sub-multiples), money (including the relationship of the cent to the dollar and the centime to the franc), reduction, simple proportion, factors, the addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, and simplification of vulgar fractions, and non-recurring decimal fractions.

Algebra.—The meaning of Algebraical symbols, substitution of values, easy identities, factors, fractions, equations of the first degree including simultaneous equations, verification of the solution of equations, problems leading to simple equations.

(4) Geometry.—The paper will consist of questions both on Practical and on Theoretical Geometry.

All Candidates must be provided with a ruler graduated in inches and tenths and also in centimetres and millimetres, a small set square, a protractor, pencil compasses, and a hard pencil.

\* Applications for nominations should be addressed to the Assistant Private Secretary to the First Lord, and should not be made until the Candidate has reached 11 years of age. The applications must be received at the Admiralty:

For the March examination before 1st January			
Do.	July	do.	do. 1st May
Do.	December	do.	do. 1st October

† Should any case occur where a Candidate's age prevents his nomination being deferred, the Admiralty will consider whether special arrangements can be made for him to be examined by the Head Master of the Royal Naval College, Osborne, at the beginning of the ensuing term, if then well enough.

† NOTE.—Copies of the papers set at one of the examinations held in each year are published by the Oxford and Cambridge Schools Examination Board, and may be obtained from the following:—Clarendon Press Depository, 116, High Street, Oxford; Henry Frowde, Amen Corner, London; Cambridge University Press Warehouse, Fetter Lane, London; Deighton, Bell & Co., Trinity Street, Cambridge.



Any proof of a proposition will be accepted which appears to the Examiner to form part of a systematic treatment of the subject.

Proofs of the validity of constructions will not as a rule be expected, but they may be asked for.

**Practical Geometry.**—Bisection of angles and straight lines, construction of perpendiculars to straight lines, construction of triangles with three parts given, formation of such angles as  $60^\circ$ ,  $30^\circ$ ,  $45^\circ$ ,  $22\frac{1}{2}^\circ$ , without the use of the protractor, construction of angles equal to a given angle, construction of squares, rectangles, and parallelograms, construction of parallels to a given straight line, division of straight lines into a number of equal parts.

**Theoretical Geometry.**—Definitions of the principal terms used either in Practical or in Theoretical Geometry within the limits of the syllabus. The substance of the theorems contained in Euclid, Book I., Propositions 4-6, 8, 13-16, 18, 19, 26-30, 32-34. Very simple deductions from these theorems. The order in which the theorems are stated is not imposed as the sequence of their treatment.

- (5) French or German, with an oral examination to which importance will be attached.
- (6) Latin (easy passages for translation from Latin into English and from English into Latin, and simple grammatical questions).

The list of successful Candidates will be published in alphabetical order.

11. For all Cadets entered under these regulations the payment will be at the rate of £75 per annum for the period under training, to be paid every term in advance to the Cashier of the Bank of England on receipt of claim from the Accountant-General of the Navy. But the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty reserve the power of selecting from among the Cadets entered at each Examination a limited number, being sons of officers of the Navy, Army, or Marines, or of Civil Officers under the Board of Admiralty, with respect to whom the annual payment will be £40 only. In this selection their Lordships will have regard solely to the pecuniary circumstances of the Cadet.

Applications for the reduced scale must be received at the Admiralty not later than 1st January, 1st May, and 1st September.

Parents or guardians are further required to make a private allowance of £50 per annum to Cadets from the expiration of their period of training until they reach the rank of Acting Sub-Lieutenant.

12. In addition to the annual payments mentioned in the foregoing paragraph, the parent or guardian is charged with the personal expenses incurred by the Cadet for washing, repairing boots and clothes, pocket money, instruments, school books, sports, &c., amounting to probably not more than £8 a term.

13. The period of training in the Colleges is four years; there are three terms in each year. The first term of each year is approximately from 15th January to 15th April, the second from 7th May to 7th August, and the third from 15th September to 15th December.

The vacations are four weeks at Christmas, three weeks at Easter, and six weeks at Midsummer.

14. It is to be distinctly understood that the period of training is a time of probation, and the parent or guardian of every Cadet is required to sign a declaration on the admission of the Cadet to the effect that he shall be immediately withdrawn on the receipt of an official request for his withdrawal.

The Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty reserve to themselves full discretion to request the withdrawal of any Cadet from the Royal Naval College, if after a sufficient trial he is in their opinion, for any reason, unsuitable for the Naval Service. This discretion will, as a rule, be exercised at the end of the first year, but the proficiency and progress of the Cadets will be periodically determined, and they may be required, if necessary, to withdraw at a later stage.

15. (a) Reports of progress and conduct will be made to the Admiralty at the end of each year of the Cadet's study.

(b) In all subjects of instruction the principle will be followed of giving merit marks for current work. At the end of each year of training the Cadet's proficiency and progress will be determined, partly by examination, and partly by the marks gained for current work during the year.

(c) Cadets who fail to reach a certain standard, or who, for any reason, are considered unsuitable for the Naval Service, may be required to withdraw at any time.

This rule will apply to those who do not show an aptitude for Naval life, as well as to those who make insufficient progress, or whose constitution is weak, although no disease may have developed.

16. Cadets whose conduct is unsatisfactory may at any time be required to withdraw.

17. The parent or guardian of every Cadet is required to provide outfit under the regulations in force.

18. No pay is allowed by Government to Cadets in the training establishments. The pocket money allowed to Cadets is charged to the parents.

By Command of their Lordships,

EVAN MACGREGOR

Admiralty, November 20, 1905.

#### Physical Requirements for Candidates for Commissions in the Royal Navy.

WITH a view to preventing Candidates who may be physically unfit for His Majesty's Service from incurring the inconvenience and expense of preparing for commissions in the Royal Navy, it is suggested that they undergo examination by the medical adviser of the family, or any other qualified



medical practitioner, to whom the following points may be submitted as those upon which candidates will, previous to entry, be physically examined at the Admiralty.

It is to be understood that this private examination is merely suggested as a guide for intending Candidates and to lessen the chances of disappointment, and that it is by no means intended to take the place of, or to influence in any way, the regular Official Physical Examination.

1. A weak constitution, imperfect development, physical weakness, either hereditary or from chronic disease, wounds, or injuries.
2. Skin disease, unless temporary or trivial.
3. Malformation of the head, deformity from fracture or depression of the bones of the skull, impaired intellect, epilepsy, paralysis, or impediment of speech.
4. Blindness or defective vision, imperfect perception of colours, fistula lachrymalis, or any chronic disease of the eyes or eyelids. Full normal vision is required as determined by Snellen's tests, each eye being separately examined, for all Candidates for appointments in the executive or engineer branches, and for the Royal Marines.\* Full normal vision is not required for Candidates for other branches of the Royal Navy, but any defect of vision must be due to errors of refraction which can be corrected to normal by glasses, and each case will be specially considered on its merits.
5. Impaired hearing, or discharge from one or both ears, or any disease of the external, middle, or internal ears.
6. Disease of the bones of the nose, or of its cartilages, nasal polypus, or disease of the nasopharynx.
7. Disease of the throat, tongue, palate, or tonsils; many unsound teeth,† unhealthy gums, disease of the glands of the throat or neck, external cicatricés, if at all extensive, and especially if adherent.
8. Functional or organic disease of the heart or blood vessels, deformity or contraction of the chest, phthisis, hæmoptysis, bronchitis, asthma, dyspnoea, aphonia, chronic cough, or any symptom of lung disease or tendency thereto.
9. Undue swelling or distension of the abdomen, obesity, disease or enlargement of the liver, spleen, or kidneys. Rupture, weakness, or distension of the abdominal rings; any disease of the bladder or incontinence of urine.‡
10. The existence of any defect of the genital organs, or of varicocele.
11. Any disease of the stomach or bowels.
12. Paralysis, weakness, impaired motion, or deformity of the upper or lower extremities, from whatever cause; a varicose state of the veins, especially of the leg. Bunions, distortion or malformation of the hands, feet, fingers, or toes.
13. Distortion of the spine, of the bones of the chest, or pelvis, from injury or constitutional defect.

No person will be admitted into His Majesty's Service unless he has had smallpox, or has been vaccinated. Before joining he must produce a certificate of having been re-vaccinated since infancy.

It is requested that in the case of a nominated Candidate, should the preliminary private examination make it apparent that he is not likely to pass the subsequent official physical examination, the Admiralty may be informed of the fact without delay.

Admiralty, October 8, 1903.

#### Statement of Medical Particulars. (N S.)

THIS Statement is to be made by the Parent or Guardian of the Candidate, and should then be referred to the ordinary Medical Attendant (or some other duly qualified and Registered Member of the Medical Profession where there is no regular attendant), who, after making the declaration required below, should himself transmit the form to the Assistant Private Secretary, Admiralty, London, S.W., direct.

1. State your son's, or ward's, name in full \_\_\_\_\_.
2. Has he ever spat blood, ever had rheumatic fever, constant cough, or any disease or injury necessitating confinement to bed? \_\_\_\_\_.
3. Has he had smallpox? \_\_\_\_\_.
4. Has he had scarlet fever or measles? \_\_\_\_\_.
5. Has he ever broken any bones or received any injuries to his head? \_\_\_\_\_.
6. Has he been vaccinated or re-vaccinated? \_\_\_\_\_.
7. Is he subject to fits of any sort? \_\_\_\_\_.
8. Does he at present suffer or has he suffered from incontinence of urine? \_\_\_\_\_.
9. Is his general health good? \_\_\_\_\_.
10. Has he, or have any of his near relations, been afflicted with consumption, scrofula, gout, asthma, epilepsy, or insanity? \_\_\_\_\_.
11. Has he recently been exposed to any infectious disease? \_\_\_\_\_.
12. Has he spent any of his life abroad? If so when and where? \_\_\_\_\_.

\* Under present regulations, Candidates for the Royal Marines are examined by an Army Medical Board, and must conform to the Army Medical Regulations. When the direct entry of Candidates into the Royal Marines ceases, all Candidates will come under the above regulations.

† I.e., seven teeth defective or deficient in persons under 17 years of age on the date of entry, ten defective or deficient teeth in persons above the age of 17—a tooth being considered as defective when it cannot be made permanently serviceable by dental repair. Credit is also given for teeth which have not erupted. Candidates must, however, possess some sound opposing molars and incisors. The numbers given above are intended as a general guide, and are not necessarily strictly adhered to, provided the general condition of the teeth is good.

## 13. Furnish the following particulars as to the Parents, the Brothers, and Sisters of the Candidate:

Father's age, if living, and state of health.	Father's age at death, and cause of death.	No. of Brothers living, and their ages.	No. of Brothers dead, their ages at, and cause of, death.
Mother's age, if living, and state of health.	Mother's age at death, and cause of death.	No. of Sisters living, and their ages.	No. of Sisters dead, their ages at, and cause of, death.

I declare all the above answers to be, to the best of my belief, true and correct.

Signature of Parent or Guardian \_\_\_\_\_.

Date \_\_\_\_\_.

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge, the information given above is correct, and I have made endeavour, as far as I can, to verify the statements.

N.B.—If the Candidate should succeed in entering the service, and it is subsequently found that he suffers from incontinence of urine or fits, or that in any important respect, particularly with regard to Questions 2 and 10, the statements made on behalf of the Candidate are inaccurate, he will be liable to be discharged.

Name \_\_\_\_\_.

Medical Qualification \_\_\_\_\_.

Address \_\_\_\_\_.

Date \_\_\_\_\_.

**Cadets—Form A.**

It is essential that this Form should be filled in and returned, addressed to the Secretary, Admiralty, London, S.W., with as little delay as possible.

Name of Candidate. (Surname and Christian Names to be inserted in full.)	Name and Address of Parent or Guardian.	Profession or Status of Father.	Schools at which Candidate has been prepared for the last three years (see note 2).	Address up to date of Examination.	Date of Birth.

I, the undersigned, being the Parent or Guardian of the Candidate to whom the foregoing particulars refer, declare that if he obtains a Cadetship, it is my intention that he shall adopt the Navy as his profession in life, and I hereby undertake to pay the regulated contribution of £75 a year (besides expense of outfit and personal expenses for washing, mending clothes and boots, pocket money, &c.) while my son (or ward) is in the Royal Naval Training College, and I further undertake to make him a private allowance of £50 a year (besides expenses of outfit) until he reaches the rank of Acting Sub-Lieutenant.

Signature of Parent or Guardian \_\_\_\_\_.

Date \_\_\_\_\_.

NOTE 1.—It is important that any changes that take place in the addresses in columns 2 and 5 should be communicated at once.

NOTE 2.—The name and place of the school at which the Candidate has been educated and also the name and address of the private tutor who may have prepared the Candidate for this examination should be stated. In each case the dates of joining and leaving the school or tutor should be given.

**STATEMENT** of the Account of the Commissioners of Currency on January 10, 1906, as required by section 20 of Ordinance No. 32 of 1884:—

CIRCULATION.		Value.	
	Rs.	c.	Rs.
Currency notes in circulation on January 10, 1906	...	...	12,527,915 0
By gold £164,934, in sovereigns at Rs. 15 a sovereign	2,474,010	0	
By silver in the vault	3,128,309	95	
Total Specie Reserve			5,602,319 95
By investments made by the Crown Agents according to the annexed statement (a)	4,617,486	2	
By investments made in Indian Government paper, according to the annexed statement (b)	2,308,109	5	
Total Invested Reserve			6,925,595 7
			Total—Rs. 12,527,915 2

A. M. ASHMORE, Colonial Secretary,  
HILGROVE C. NICOLLE, Treasurer,  
GEORGE M. FOWLER, Acting Auditor-General. } Currency Commissioners.

Value of the Securities calculated at the Market Prices of November, 1905.

Cost.		Face Value of Stock Held.		Description.	Original Rate at which purchased.	Market prices of Nov. 1905.	Nett Value deducting Brokerage.		Total.
Rs.	c.	£	s. d.				£	s. d.	
599,283	0	1,470	0 0	Cape 4 per cent. Consolidated Stock	95½	102½	1,503	1 6	
		1,820	4 7	Do. do.	109½	102½	1,861	3 8	
		6,200	0 0	Canada Dominion 4 per cent. Debentures	101	104	6,432	10 0	
		8,267	18 7	Do. 3 do. Stock	93	99	8,164	11 7	
		5,500	0 0	Transvaal 3 do. do.	96½	99	5,431	5 0	
		2,918	11 10	South Australia 4 do. do.	103½	103	2,998	17 0	
		1,019	1 8	Queensland 3½ do. do.	97½	99½	1,011	8 10	
		4,313	7 5	New South Wales 3½ do. do.	96½	99½	4,281	0 5	
		1,436	4 10	Do. 3½ do. Inscribed Stock	104½	99½	1,425	9 5	
		480	3 4	Do. 3½ do. do.	103½	99½	476	11 4	
		584	19 9	Do. 3½ do. do.	102½	99½	580	12 0	
		1,100	0 0	Do. 3½ do. do.	100	99½	1,091	15 0	
		100	0 0	Do. 4 do. do.	105	108	107	15 0	
		100	0 0	Do. 4 do. Debentures	98	102	101	15 0	
		8,600	0 0	Do. 5 do. do.	109	100	8,578	10 0	
6,400	0 0	Do. 4 do. do.	104½	102	6,512	0 0			
292,708	50	1,765	9 3	Gold Coast Govt. 3 do. Stock	90	85½	1,505	1 1	
		103	6 3	Victoria 3 do. do.	94	86½	89	2 2	
		1,500	0 0	Do. 3 do. do.	93	86½	1,293	15 0	
		6,914	16 10	Do. 3 do. do.	93	86½	5,964	1 0	
		6,400	0 0	Canada Dominion 4 do. Debentures	100	104	6,640	0 0	
		5,000	0 0	Do. 4 do. do.	106	104	5,187	10 0	
		5,000	0 0	South Australia 4 do. do.	101½	101	5,037	10 0	
		4,600	0 0	New Zealand 4 do. Stock	117½	106½	4,887	10 0	
		5,400	0 0	Victoria 3½ do. do.	—	100	5,386	10 0	
		88,000	0	5,653	12 2	Do. 4 do. Inscribed Stock	109½	101½	
1,000,000	0	11,732	17 2	Do. 3½ do. do.	92	100	11,703	10 6	
		8,000	0 0	South Australia 3½ do. do.	94	100	8,020	0 0	
		5,277	0 5	Do. 3½ do. do.	94	100	5,290	4 3	
		9,344	14 4	New South Wales 3½ do. do.	96	99½	9,274	12 7	
		5,605	18 10	Cape 3½ do. do.	98	99½	5,563	17 11	
		5,089	0 8	Do. 3½ do. do.	98	99½	5,050	17 4	
		10,000	0 0	Canada Dominion 3 do. do.	92	99	9,875	0 0	
		4,854	10 11	New Zealand 3½ do. do.	94	99½	4,818	2 8	
		5,270	1 4	Do. 3½ do. do.	94	99½	5,230	10 10	
		3,145	9 1	Do. 3½ do. do.	95	99½	3,121	17 2	
		2,053	17 9	New South Wales 3½ do. do.	97	99½	2,038	9 7	
		5,167	18 8	Consols 2½ do. —	96	90	4,638	4 5	
		3,629	15 0	Local Loans 3 do. Stock	102	100	3,620	13 6	
		5,629	16 10	Queensland 3½ do. do.	103	99½	5,587	12 4	
		10,705	8 9	South Australia 3½ do. do.	107	100	10,732	4 0	
212,167	94	13,641	9 0	Local Loans 3 do. do.	103	100	13,607	6 11	
		5,242	8 3	South Australia 3 do. do.	95	88	4,600	4 4	
		5,174	11 11	New Zealand 3 do. do.	96	87	4,488	19 3	
		5,174	11 11	Natal 3 do. do.	96	88	4,540	14 2	
		8,322	9 0	Victoria 3 do. do.	95	86½	7,178	2 3	
		5,089	4 2	Queensland 3 do. do.	98	87	4,414	17 9	
		5,446	7 4	Consols ... 101	101	90	4,888	2 3	
		66,109	4 6	Transvaal 3 do. do.	100	99	65,282	17 2	
		385	14 0	Consols 2½ do. —	90	90	346	3 4	
		33,566	4 4	Transvaal 3 do. Stock	99	99	33,146	12 9	
500,000	0	825	8 1	New Zealand 3 do. do.	90	87	716	0 10	
		399	8 1	Do. 4 do. do.	107½	106½	424	7 3	
		910	19 10	Queensland 3 do. do.	87	87	790	5 9	
		370	3 2	Do. 3½ do. do.	95	99½	367	7 8	
		159	7 11	Victoria 3 do. do.	86½	86½	137	9 7	
		346	7 10	Do. 4 do. do.	104	101½	350	14 5	
		267	2 10	Do. 3½ do. do.	95	100	266	9 6	
		905	0 6	Cape 3½ do. do.	99½	99½	898	4 9	
		254	10 6	Gold Coast Govt. 3 do. do.	88	85½	199	18 8	
		759	11 9	South Australia 3 do. do.	87	88	666	10 9	
		23,292	14 6	Transvaal 3 do. do.	96	99	23,001	11 4	
		8,254	10 5	Do. 3 do. do.	96½	99	8,151	6 9	
		728	16 0	Local Loans 3 do. do.	97	100	726	19 7	
		825	8 1	Natal 3 do. do.	90	88	724	5 10	
		5,557,486	2	374,536	0 2			366,755	
940,000	0	603,661	14 7*					940,000 0	
4,617,486	2α	314,224	5 7	Balance of Sterling Securities					4,518,679 41

\* Sterling Securities sold.



		Cost.	Face Value of Stock Held.	Description.	Original Rate at which purchased.	Market Prices, Dec. 31, 1905.	Nett Value deducting Brokerage.	Total.
Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.				Rs.	c.
		433,832	30	Brought forward ...	—			
59,998	62	60,000	0	Indian Securities ...	99 $\frac{3}{4}$	Market Price of December 31, 1905.		
36,582	48	37,000	0	Do. ...	98 $\frac{3}{4}$			
48,000	0	48,000	0	Do. ...	100			
56,373	68	54,000	0	Do. ...	104			
52,659	73	49,500	0	Do. ...	106 $\frac{1}{2}$			
86,399	51	84,800	0	Do. ...	101 $\frac{1}{2}$			
64,430	0	68,000	0	Do. ...	94 $\frac{3}{4}$			
54,253	16	55,000	0	Do. ...	98 $\frac{1}{2}$			
51,712	37	52,600	0	Do. ...	98 $\frac{3}{4}$			
18,599	99	18,700	0	Do. ...	98 $\frac{1}{2}$			
2,824	17	2,800	0	Do. ...	99 $\frac{1}{2}$			
5,124	47	5,100	0	Do. ...	99			
5,099	42	5,100	0	Do. ...	98 $\frac{1}{2}$			
		542,057	60	Do. ...		97 $\frac{3}{4}$	527,085	0
		975,889	90	Present Value of Securities ...				=942,659 1
				Original Cost of Securities ...				=975,889 90

## MISCELLANEOUS DEPARTMENTAL NOTICES.

## COLOMBO WEEKLY HEALTH REPORT.

THE weekly return of births and deaths in the Colombo town for the week ended January 13, 1906, is subjoined (A).

*Births.*—The total births were 82. The birth-rate per 1,000 was 24·7,\* as against 23·8 in the preceding week and 29·1 in the corresponding week of last year.

*Deaths.*—The total deaths were 126. The death-rate per 1,000 was 37·9,\* as against 42·4 in the previous week and 32·2 in the corresponding week of last year.

*Causes of death.*—2 persons died from measles; 23 died from diarrhoea and dysentery; 33 from phthisis, bronchitis, and pneumonia; 9 from different kinds of fever; and 7 from infantile convulsions.

*Infantile deaths.*—Of the 126 total deaths, 27 were of infants under 1 year of age, as against 29 in the corresponding week of the previous year.

2. The numbers of births and deaths registered in nineteen other principal towns are shown in list B.

\* Calculated on the estimated population on July 1, 1906.

Registrar-General's Office,  
Colombo, January 16, 1906.

N. W. MORGAPPAH,  
for Registrar-General.

## A.—Colombo Town.

Ward.	Population at the Census, 1901.	Births.	Deaths.	Birth-rate per Mille per Annum.			Death-rate per Mille per Annum.			Selected Cause of Death for the Week under Report.							Deaths of Infants under 1 Year.				
				Week under Report.	Preceding Week.	Corresponding Week of previous Year.	Week under Report.	Preceding Week.	Corresponding Week of previous Year.	Cholera.	Smallpox.	Measles.	Enteric Fever.	Other Fevers.	Diarrhoea and Dysentery.	Phthisis, Bronchitis, and Pneumonia.	Infantile Convulsions.	Week under Report.	Corresponding Week of previous Year.	Still Births.	
Colombo Town	155,869	82	126	24·7	23·8	29·1	37·9	42·4	32·2	—	—	2	3	6	23	33	7	27	29	3	
Fort and Galle																					
Face ..	2,285	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pettah ..	7,561	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
St. Sebastian ..	9,349	3	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
St. Paul's ..	20,260	5	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kotahena ..	33,355	27	20	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
New Bazaar ..	17,470	4	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Maradana ..	30,381	*13 †17	*42 †14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Slave Island ..	16,927	8	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kollupitiya ..	18,281	5	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

\* Maradana hospitals.

† Maradana, exclusive of hospitals.

Race.	Population at the Census of 1901.	Births.	Deaths.	Meteorology.	Week under Report.	Preceding Week.	Corresponding Week of previous Year.
All races	155,869	82	126				
Europeans	2,657	3	—	Mean temperature of air	79.4°	79.0°	79.2°
Burghers	11,861	10	8	Mean atmospheric pressure	29.984"	29.985"	30.006"
Sinhalese	68,772	44	53				
Tamils	34,640	10	38				
Moors	28,898	12	20				
Malays	4,493	3	3				
Others	4,548	—	4				

	Population at the Census, 1901.	Births registered.	Deaths registered.
A.—Colombo	155,869	82	126
B.—Other Towns.			
1. Negombo	19,819	14	18
2. Kalutara	11,500	12	8
3. Kandy	26,511	16	26
4. Gampola	3,791	3	5
5. Nawalapitiya	3,454	1	10
6. Matale	4,951	2	8
7. Nuwara Eliya	5,072	2	4
8. Jaffna	33,879	31	27
9. Galle	37,165	36	27
10. Matara	11,848	15	13
11. Batticaloa	9,969	4	5
12. Trincomalee	11,887	10	4
13. Kurunegala	6,483	1	10
14. Puttalam	5,115	4	11
15. Chilaw	4,168	1	2
16. Anuradhapura	3,672	2	3
17. Badulla	5,924	7	6
18. Ratnapura	4,084	7	5
19. Kegalla	2,340	—	4

SEVEN vaccinated heifers, more or less, will be put up for sale by auction on Saturday, the 20th instant, at 2 P.M., at the Calf Vaccine Depot, Kanatta.

J. CRAIB,  
Colonial Surgeon, Western Province.

Colombo, January 16, 1906.

#### All Saints' Church, Galle.

NOTICE is hereby given that a General Meeting of the Congregation of All Saints' Church will be held in All Saints' Church school room on Monday, January 29, 1906, at 6 P.M., for the purpose of electing Trustees and Auditor for the year 1906, and for the discussion of such other business as may arise.

STUART P. HAYLEY,  
Honorary Secretary and Treasurer,  
All Saints' Church.

Colombo, January 4, 1906.

THERE will be a General Meeting of the Congregation of Christ Church, Kurunegala, on January 21, 1906, at 6 P.M. at the vicarage, for the purpose of electing Trustees and an Auditor for the year 1906.

F. LORENZ BEVEN, M.A.,  
Vicar.

#### Statement of Arrivals and Departures of Immigrant Coolies for the Month of December, 1905.

Port.	Arrivals.	Departures	Total for 12 Months.	
			Arrivals.	Departures.
Colombo	4980	3490	160080	65513
Negombo	—	—	—	—
Mannar	—	—	—	—
Vankalai	—	—	—	—
Pesalai	—	—	—	—
Total	4980	3490	160080	65513

R. N. THAINE,  
for Principal Collector.  
H. M. Customs,  
Colombo, January 17, 1906.

## CAMBRIDGE LOCAL EXAMINATIONS, 1906.

**A**N Examination of Senior and Junior Candidates, in accordance with the Regulations of the Revised Code, will be held at Colombo, Kandy, Galle, Jaffna, Batticaloa, and Kurunegala on December 10, 1906, and the following days.

2. Forms of entry duly filled up should be forwarded so as to reach the Director of Public Instruction not later than 2 P.M. on Saturday, August 4, 1906, together with the following fees, which should be paid as follows:—

(1) A Bank Draft on England payable to Dr. J. N. Keynes, crossed "Barclay & Co.," at the rate of £1 for each candidate, as the Cambridge fee.

N.B.—The fees should not under any circumstances be remitted by Money Order. *No cash, or Money Order, Bank Draft, or cheque in favour of the Director of Public Instruction will be accepted.*

(2) A Post Office Order (not Postal Order), Bank Draft, or crossed cheque in my favour at the rate of Rs. 2·50 for each candidate, as the local expenses fee. *Cash will not be accepted.*

N.B.—Forms of entry will be accepted from August 5 to August 13 inclusive on payment of an extra fee of Rs. 5.

All entry forms received at the Public Instruction Office not accompanied by the Cambridge and local fees, as well as the proper birth certificate where one is required, will be immediately returned to the sender.

3. Forms of entry may be had from the Director in the second week in July. It is requested that Managers will only apply for such number of forms as they actually require, and that they will not encourage any student to enter as a candidate unless they are satisfied that he has a fair chance of passing the examination.

It is also requested that Principals of Schools will check the entry forms of their candidates and see that the instructions of the Syndicate with regard to the filling up of the forms are complied with. The date of birth should be carefully verified, and the candidates' full names must be given without any initials.

4. Applications for entry forms should be made from the first week in July, 1906, stating what kinds of entry forms, C, D, E, or F, and the number of forms of each kind are required.

5. Religious Knowledge, as a subject of examination, is not necessary for Colonial Students, and no grant or award under the Revised Code will be made directly or indirectly dependent on marks gained for Religious Knowledge.

6. All under-age candidates must forward with their entry forms certificates of the registration of their birth, unless such a certificate has been sent to this office for a previous examination. Those who have already forwarded certificates of birth for a previous examination *should mention the year, the examination for which they forwarded the certificates, and the centre at which they appeared for the examination.* Affidavits will not be accepted under any circumstances.

If the name appearing in the birth register differs, either by alteration or addition, from the name by which the candidate is known, the parent or guardian should, before obtaining a certificate, apply to the Registrar-General or his Assistant for such alteration in the manner set forth in section 7 of Ordinance No. 23 of 1900.

A certificate of baptism should be a proper extract of the Baptismal Register, *i.e.*, an exact copy of the entry of the register should be made, and at the foot of the copy the incumbent of the Church issuing it should certify to its correctness.

Principals of Schools should examine carefully all certificates of birth or baptism, and should not forward any certificate which is not a proper and reliable document.

7. Private students will only be admitted as under-age candidates if they forward, along with their entry form a written statement from an Inspector of Schools that their certificate of birth or baptism is a reliable document.

N.B.—Baptismal certificates will only be accepted if the candidate's baptism was within four months of his date of birth; otherwise he will not be allowed to compete for Prizes and Scholarships.

8. Fees cannot be returned. If notice of withdrawal is received by the Local Secretary more than sixteen days before the commencement of the examination, a voucher will be sent, which will enable the student to enter in another year without further fee to the University, subject to the usual conditions of age. The Syndicate do not undertake to grant a similar voucher in any case in which the full sixteen days' notice has not been given. Applications made within sixteen days of the examination will, however, be considered if accompanied by a certificate from a qualified doctor stating that the candidate is physically unfit to take the examination. No applications received after the commencement of the examination can be considered. Students holding vouchers must apply for fresh forms of entry and return them to Local Secretaries on or before August 4 in the year in which they wish to be examined, together with the local expenses fee of Rs. 2·50 (*vide* section 2 of clause 2).

N.B.—(1) The Mathematical Prize will be awarded on the results of the Cambridge Senior Local Examination of December, 1906, to the candidate under 19 years of age who passes the best examination in the subjects of section 10.

(2) A prize of the value of Rs. 100 in books, presented by Don Carolis Hewavitarana, Mudaliyar, entitled the "Hewavitarana Science Prize," will be awarded on the results of the Junior Local Examination to the candidate under 16 years of age who passes the best examination in the subjects of section 10, "Elementary Experimental Science."

Office of the Director of Public Instruction,  
Colombo, January 5, 1906.

J. HARWARD,  
Director of Public Instruction.

## NOTES.

Important changes have been made in the English and Spanish Sections for Juniors; and in the Spanish, Agricultural Science, and Music Sections for Seniors.

In Latin, Junior candidates may combine a portion of the prose subject with a portion of the verse subject.

Alternative syllabuses may be offered in Geography (see page 49).

The First Class of Juniors is no longer to be subdivided into two divisions.

The arrangement of the Time Tables has been modified.

Changes have been made in the regulations for School Certificates and in the fees payable by candidates for such Certificates. The regulations can be obtained from the General Secretary.



## EXAMINATION OF JUNIOR STUDENTS.

No one born before December 15, 1890, can be admitted as a Junior Student under the ordinary conditions. Those born before December 15, 1890, may be admitted to the examination, but they can obtain a Pass Certificate only, and are not eligible for marks of distinction.

## PART I.—COMPULSORY.

Every student will be required to satisfy the Examiners in (1) Writing from Dictation, and (2) Arithmetic.\*

## PART II.

The examination will comprise the subjects mentioned in the following sixteen sections. Students will be required to satisfy the Examiners either (a) in three of the sections 1-13 (one at least of the three being 1-9), or (b) in two of the sections 1-13, together with two subjects† out of any other two of these sections (one at least of the two complete sections, or else both the sections from which the two additional subjects are taken, being 1-9). No student may enter for subjects in more than eight sections. One at least of the five subjects of section 1 must be taken by all students, unless their parents or guardians object to their examination in that section.

N.B.—No student can take two papers set at the same time in the Time Table.

A certain number of marks will be assigned to Handwriting. Composition will be taken into account.

## Section 1.—RELIGIOUS KNOWLEDGE :

Questions will be set on (a) *Ezra, Nehemiah, Jeremiah*, xxvi-xxviii, xxxiv-xliv, lii; (b) the Gospel of *St. Luke*, credit being given for a satisfactory knowledge of the original Greek [or, for Jewish Students only, *St. Samuel*, credit being given for a satisfactory knowledge of the original Hebrew]; (c) the *Acts of the Apostles*, xiii-xxviii; (d) the Church Catechism; (e) *Morning and Evening Prayer* in the Book of Common Prayer. In New Testament subjects special papers in which the Douay version is used will be prepared for candidates who have been accustomed to the use of that version.‡

To pass in this section students must satisfy the Examiners in (b), and in one of the subjects (a), (c), (d), (e), to each of which the same credit is given. No student will be examined in more than one of the subjects (a), (c), (d), (e).

## Section 2.—ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE :

(a) *English Composition*. Exercises, including the composition of an Essay, will be set with the object of testing the power of the candidates to write clear and grammatical English.

(b) *Shakespeare, Henry V.*

(c) *Scott, The Lady of the Lake.*

(d) A paper of questions of a general, not a detailed, character, on *Coverley Papers from the Spectator* (ed. K. Deighton, Macmillan & Co.), and *Tennyson, The Coming of Arthur, The passing of Arthur.*

(e) *English Grammar*, including parsing and the analysis of sentences.

To pass in this section candidates must satisfy the Examiners in (b) or (c), and also in one other subject. In order to gain the mark of distinction they must satisfy the Examiners in three subjects. They may not be examined in both (b) and (c), or in both (d) and (e).

Throughout the section importance will be attached to clearness and correctness of style.

## Section 3.—HISTORY AND GEOGRAPHY :

(a) Outlines of the *History of England*. The paper will consist of three sections on the periods (a) 1066 to 1509, (b) 1509 to 1688, (c) 1688 to 1832 respectively. Candidates may, if they wish, select questions from all three of the sections, or may confine themselves to two or one of them.

(b) Outlines of the *History of the British Empire from 1492 A.D. to 1784 A.D.*§

(c) Outlines of *Roman History from 266 B.C. to 133 B.C.*

(d) The Geography of *Great Britain and Ireland, and Asia*. An outline map will be given to be filled up by inserting and naming the chief ranges of mountains, the chief rivers and lakes, the chief towns, and the political divisions, and by naming the chief features of the coast line, of some part of these portions of the world. Questions will be set requiring knowledge of the outlines of Physical Geography. Importance will be attached to a knowledge of the relation between the physical features of a country and its political and commercial geography. (Medal, see page 53.)

To pass in this section students must satisfy the Examiners in either (a), (b), or (c), and also in (d). No student will be examined in more than one of the three subjects (a), (b), (c).

## Section 4.—LATIN.

The papers will include (1) questions on grammar and parsing; (2) passages for translation from selected books; (3) one or more easy unprepared passages for translation into English, a vocabulary of the less familiar words being given; (4) one or more unprepared passages of ordinary difficulty for translation into English; (5) easy sentences for translation into Latin; (6) one or more continuous passages for translation into Latin.

The selected books for 1906 are *Cæsar, de Bello Gallico VI.* and *Virgil, Æneid VI.* Candidates will be required to answer questions on any two, but not more than two of the following portions of these books; (i.) *de Bello Gallico VI.* 1-20; (ii.) *de Bello Gallico VI.* 21-44; (iii.) *Æneid VI.* 1-476; (iv.) *Æneid VI.* 440-901. Questions may be set on historical and geographical allusions in these books and on the metre of the verse subject.

Candidates cannot pass in Latin unless they satisfy the Examiners in accordance, and either in (3) or in (4). They cannot obtain the mark of distinction unless they satisfy the Examiners in (4) and in (6).

## Section 5.—GREEK :

The papers will include (1) questions on grammar and parsing; (2) passages for translation from selected books; (3) one or more easy unprepared passages for translation into English, a vocabulary of the less familiar

\* The use of algebraical symbols and processes is permitted. Questions may be set in which contracted methods of multiplication or division are to be used. A knowledge of recurring decimals and of the process of extracting cube root will not be required. Candidates will be expected to know the following tables of weights and measures, namely, avoirdupois, linear measure, square measure, capacity (pints, quarts, gallons); and in the metric system, the metre, the gramme, and the litre, with their multiples and sub-multiples. Questions may be set involving the franc and the centime, the dollar and the cent.

† Any one of the sections 14, 15, 16 may count in the place of one of these two subjects.

‡ Candidates wishing to avail themselves of this arrangement must make a statement to that effect in their forms of entry; if they omit to do so, they cannot be allowed to take the special papers.

§ The paper will be on the topics treated of in *Jose's Growth of the Empire* (Murray) or *Woodward's Expansion of the British Empire* (Cambridge University Press) or any similar work.

words being given; (4) one or more unprepared passages of ordinary difficulty for translation into English\*; (5) easy sentences for translation into Greek.

The selected books for 1906 are *Xenophon, Anabasis V.*, and *Euripides, Alcestis*. Candidates will be required to answer questions on any two, but not more than two, of the following portions of these books: (i.) *Anabasis V.* 1-4; (ii.) *Anabasis V.* 5-8; (iii.) *Alcestis* 1-567 (omitting lines 86-136, 213-244, 435-475); (iv.) *Alcestis* 606-1,163 (omitting lines 962-1,005). Questions may be set on historical and geographical allusions in these books and on the metre of the verse subject.

Candidates cannot pass in Greek unless they satisfy the Examiners in accordance, and either in (3) or in (4). They cannot obtain the mark of distinction unless they satisfy the Examiners in (4).

Section 6.—FRENCH. Section 7.—GERMAN.\*

In sections 6 and 7, the paper will include (1) questions on grammar and parsing; (2a) passages for translation into English from selected books, and (2b), as an alternative, unprepared passages for translation into English; (3) one or more easy unprepared passages for translation into English, a vocabulary of the less familiar words being given; (4) one or more unprepared passages of ordinary difficulty for translation into English; (5) easy English sentences for translation into the language; (6a) one or more continuous passages for translation into the language, and (6b), as an alternative, subjects on one of which candidates are to write a short composition in the language.

The unprepared passages set under (2b) will be for those candidates only who do not take a selected book. Higher marks will be assigned to (2b) than to (2a). For those who take selected books questions may be set on historical and geographical allusions and on the metre of verse subjects. The selected books for 1906 are as follows: in French, *Birkmann-Chatrian, Le Blocus*, Chapters 1-13; in German, either *Hauff, Die Karavane* (omitting *Die Errettung Fatme's*), or *Riehl, Culturgeschichtliche Novellen,—Der stumme Ratsherr, Der Dachs auf Lichtmess, Der Leibmedicus*.

No candidate may take both (6a) and (6b).

Candidates cannot pass unless they satisfy the Examiners in accordance, and either in (3) or in (4). They cannot gain the mark of distinction unless they satisfy the Examiner in (4) and in (6).

For particulars of the Examination in Spoken French and Spoken German, see page 49.

Section 8.—SPANISH.

The paper will include (1) questions on grammar, (2) passages for translation into English; (3) passages for translation into Spanish.

Section 9.—MATHEMATICS.

(a) GEOMETRY (see pages 50, 51).

(b) ALGEBRA.—Candidates will be required to satisfy the Examiners in definitions and explanations of algebraical signs and terms; addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of algebraical quantities; theory of indices; highest common factor and lowest common multiple; extraction of the square root; the solution of easy equations of the first degree (including simultaneous equations), and questions producing such equations, and the solution of easy quadratic equations involving one unknown quantity. Questions may be set on graphs, and when such questions are set, squared paper will be provided. Questions will also be set on quadratic equations, the solution of two simultaneous equations, one being linear; the elementary rules of ratio and proportion, arithmetical and geometrical progressions, permutations, combinations, the binomial theorem with positive integral exponents, the theory of indices including the nature of logarithms and the use of logarithms to the base 10. Candidates should provide themselves with graduated rulers.

(c) PLANE TRIGONOMETRY, including the solution of triangles and the use of logarithms. Questions will not be set involving angles greater than 360 degrees. Candidates will be provided in the examination room with four-figure tables of logarithms, natural sines, natural tangents, logarithmic sines, and logarithmic tangents. † Candidates must bring with them a graduated ruler and a protractor.

(d) ELEMENTARY MECHANICS.—Questions will be set on the composition and resolution of forces acting in one plane at a point, including graphical representation of the same; parallel forces; moments of forces about a point; the properties of the centre of gravity; simple applications to the lever, the common balance, the inclined plane, and the pulley; the composition and resolution of velocities and accelerations in one plane; rectilinear motion with uniform acceleration, including gravity; motion, momentum, force, mass.

Candidates must bring with them a graduated ruler and a protractor.

To pass in this section, students must satisfy the Examiners in Geometry and in Algebra.

Section 10.—ELEMENTARY EXPERIMENTAL SCIENCE.‡ Students will be expected to show that they have acquired a practical acquaintance with the elements of physical and chemical measurement, and with the properties of common substances as ascertained by simple experiments.§ Three papers will be set, one of which (Paper III.) will be a practical examination.

Section 11.—CHEMISTRY.

(a) THEORETICAL CHEMISTRY.§

(b) PRACTICAL CHEMISTRY.§.—Alternative papers are set in this subject, one on Thursday, the other on Saturday; candidates must state in their forms of entry which paper they will take.

To pass in this section, students must satisfy the Examiner in both the subjects (a) and (b).

Section 12.—PHYSICS.

(a) HEAT.§

(b) SOUND AND LIGHT.§

(c) ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM§ Alternative papers are set in this subject, one on Tuesday, the other on Saturday; candidates must state in their forms of entry which paper they will take.

\* In writing German in the examination students are advised to use the English character, but the use of the German character is not forbidden.

† Copies of the tables that will be provided can be obtained from Syndicate Buildings, Cambridge, price three pence post free.

‡ This subject can be taken at those centres only at which a suitable laboratory and apparatus can be provided for the practical examination.

§ Detailed Schedules can be obtained on application to the General Secretary. The Schedules (except in Chemistry) are the same for 1906 as for 1905.

In this section the questions will be principally such as will test the candidates' knowledge of the subject as gained from a course of experimental instruction.

To pass in this section, students must satisfy the Examiner in two of the three subjects (a), (b), (c).

Section 13.—BIOLOGY AND PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY :

(a) Botany.\*

(b) PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.\*

(c) PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY.—Elementary questions will be set on the present physical condition of the earth, and on the physical agencies modifying its surface or affecting the conditions of life upon it.\* Medal, see page 53).

To pass in this section, students must satisfy the Examiners in one of the three subjects (a), (b), (c). They may not take both (a) and (b).

Section 14.—(a) BOOK-KEEPING. Questions will be set on Book-keeping by double entry. Ruled forms will be provided for the candidates. *Alternative papers are set in this subject, one on Friday, the other on Saturday ; candidates must state in their forms of entry which paper they will take.*

(b) MENSURATION AND SURVEYING.—Questions will be set on Mensuration and on the Elements of Land Surveying. Candidates should provide themselves with rulers, scales, &c.

(c) SHORTHAND.—The students will take down passages read aloud, and will afterwards transcribe them. Passages will be dictated at the rate of fifty words and eighty words per minute. (Medal, see p. 53.)

To pass in this section, students must satisfy the Examiners in one of the subjects (a), (b), (c). They may not take both (b) and (c).

Section 15.—DRAWING.

(a) FREEHAND DRAWING, from a photograph or print.

(b) MODEL DRAWING.—The group, to be drawn in outline only, will consist of one or two of the following solids, namely, the cube, cone, cylinder, and square pyramid, together with some common object and a drawing board.

(c) GEOMETRICAL DRAWING.

(d) ELEMENTARY DESIGN.—Candidates will be supplied with a photograph or print of some characteristic portion of plant, and will be required to fill a given space with an uncoloured design based thereon.

To pass in this section, students must satisfy the Examiners in two of the four subjects. They may not take both (c) and (d).

Section 16.—MUSIC. Questions will be set on Notation ; on Scales, Clefs, Keys, Intervals, Time ; on the Marks and Terms generally employed in Music ; on Cadences. Exercises will be set, in not more than four parts, on Triads and their Inversions, and the Dominant Seventh without inversions ; in these exercises the lowest part, with or without figuring, will be given.

### EXAMINATION OF SENIOR STUDENTS.

No one born before December 15, 1887, can be admitted as a Senior Student under the ordinary conditions. Those born before December 15, 1887, may be admitted to the examination, but they can obtain a Pass Certificate only, and are not eligible for marks of distinction.

#### PART I.—COMPULSORY.

Every student will be required to satisfy the Examiners in Arithmetic.†

#### PART II.

The examination will comprise the subjects mentioned in the following seventeen sections. Every student will be required to satisfy the examiners in at least three of the sections 1 to 17‡ (one at least of the three being 1–10, and not more than one of the three being 15–17). No student may enter for more than seven sections, together with one subject from an *eighth* section, subject to the condition that this additional subject does not suffice for a pass in the section. One at least of the four subjects of section 1 must be taken by all students, unless their parents or guardians object to their examination in that section.

N.B.—No student can take two papers set at the same time in the Time Table.

#### Section 1.—RELIGIOUS KNOWLEDGE :

The examination will consist of questions on (a) *Ezra, Nehemiah, Jeremiah* xxvi–xxviii, xxxiv–xliv, lii ; (b) the Gospel of *St. Luke*, credit being given for a satisfactory knowledge of the original Greek [or, for Jewish students only, *St. Samuel*, credit being given for a satisfactory knowledge of the original Hebrew] ; (c) the *Acts of the Apostles*, xiii–xxviii ; (d) *Morning and Evening Prayer*, and *The Litany* in the Book of Common Prayer : especial attention must be paid to the Apostles' Creed. In New Testament subjects special papers in which the Douay version is used will be prepared for candidates who have been accustomed to the use of that version.§

To pass in this section, students must satisfy the Examiners in (b), and in one of the subjects (a), (c), (d), to each of which the same credit is given. No student will be examined in more than one of the three subjects (a), (c), (d). Credit will be given for a knowledge of the Revised Version.

#### Section 2.—ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.

(a) English Composition. Exercises, including the composition of an Essay, will be set with the object of testing the power of the candidates to write clear and grammatical English.

(b) *Shakespeare, Henry V.*

(c) *Tennyson, The Coming of Arthur, The Holy Grail, The Passing of Arthur.*

(d) A paper of questions of a general, not a detailed, character, on *Shakespeare, The Tempest ; Scott, Old Mortality ; Byron, Childe Harold, Canto iii.*

\* Detailed Schedules can be obtained on application to the General Secretary. The Schedules (except in Physical Geography) are the same for 1906 as for 1905.

† See note \* on page 44.

‡ Two subjects out of any two of the sections 1–14 will be accepted in lieu of one complete section in the case of candidates who have satisfied the Examiners in at least one of the sections 4 to 10. § See note † on page 44.

(e) A paper of easy questions testing the candidates' general knowledge of English Literature not earlier than 1579 A.D. Candidates may consult Stopford Brookes' *English Literature* or some similar work. They will not be expected to show acquaintance with minor authors or biographical details. The questions will not be limited to text-book knowledge.

To pass in the section candidates must satisfy the Examiners in two of these five subjects. In order to gain the mark of distinction, they must satisfy the Examiners in three. They may not take both (b) and (c), or both (d) and (e).

Throughout the section importance will be attached to clearness and correctness of style.

#### Section 3.—HISTORY, GEOGRAPHY, &c.

(a) History of England. The paper will consist of three sections on the periods (a) 55 B.C. to 1509 A.D.; (b) 1509 to 1714; (c) 1714 to 1867 respectively. Candidates may if they wish select questions from all three of the sections, or may confine themselves to two or one of them.

(b) History of the British Empire, 1492 A.D. to 1784 A.D.\*

(c) Roman History, 266 B.C. to 133 B.C.†

(d) The Geography of *Great Britain and Ireland* and *Asia*. Questions will be set requiring knowledge of the outlines of Physical Geography. Importance will be attached to a knowledge of the relation between the physical features of a country and its political and commercial geography. (Medal, see page 53).

(e) The Elements of Political Economy.

(f) The Elements of Logic.

To pass in this section, students must satisfy the Examiners in two of the subjects; they may not take more than one of the three (a), (b), (c), or of the two (e), (f).

#### Section 4.—LATIN.

The papers will include (1) questions on grammar; (2) passages for translation from selected books; (3) one or more easy unprepared passages for translation into English, a vocabulary of unfamiliar words being given; (4) one or more unprepared passages of ordinary difficulty for translation into English; (5) easy sentences for translation into Latin; (6) one or more continuous passages for translation into Latin.

The selected books for 1906 are *Virgil, Æneid VI.*; *Horace, Odes II. and IV.*; *Tacitus, Agricola*; *Cicero, De Amicitia*. Students must select one verse and one prose author from these four. Questions may be set on the language and subject-matter of the books, and upon the metre of verse subjects.

Candidates cannot pass in Latin unless they satisfy the Examiners in (1) and either in (3) or in (4). They cannot obtain the mark of distinction unless they satisfy the Examiners in (4) and in (6).

#### Section 5.—GREEK.

The papers will include (1) questions on grammar; (2) passages for translation from selected books; (3) one or more easy unprepared passages for translation into English, a vocabulary of unfamiliar words being given; (4) one or more unprepared passages of ordinary difficulty for translation into English; (5) easy sentences for translation into Greek.

The selected books for 1906 are *Thucydides, I. 24–87*; *Lucian, Somnium, and Piscator*; *Homer, Odyssey V. VI.*; *Euripides, Alceste*. Students must select one verse and one prose author from these four. Questions may be set on the language and subject-matter of the books, and upon the metre of verse subjects.

Candidates cannot pass in Greek unless they satisfy the Examiners in (1) and either in (3) or in (4). They cannot obtain the mark of distinction unless they satisfy the Examiners in (4).

#### Section 6.—FRENCH. Section 7.—GERMAN.‡

The paper will include (1) questions on grammar; (2a) passages for translation into English from selected books, and (2b), as an alternative, unprepared passages for translation into English; (3) one or more easy unprepared passages for translation into English, a vocabulary of unfamiliar words being given; (4) one or more unprepared passages of ordinary difficulty for translation into English; (5) easy sentences for translation into the language; (6a) one or more continuous passages for translation into the language, and (6b), as an alternative, subjects on one of which candidates are to write a short composition in the language.

The unprepared passages set under (2b) will be for those candidates only who do not take selected books. Higher marks will be assigned to (2b) than to (2a). For those who take selected books, questions may be set on the language and subject-matter, and upon the metre of verse subjects. The selected books for 1906 are as follows: in French, *Moliere, L'Avare*; *Erickmann-Chatrion, Le Blocus*; in German, *Schiller, Maria Stuart*; *Riehl, Culturgeschichtliche Novellen*,—*Der stumme Ratsherr, Der Dachs auf Lichtmess, Der Leibmedicus*.

No candidate may take both (6a) and (6b).

Candidates cannot pass unless they satisfy the Examiners in (1) and either in (3) or in (4). They cannot gain the mark of distinction unless they satisfy the Examiners in (4) and in (6).

For particulars of the examination in Spoken French and Spoken German, see page 49.

#### Section 8.—SPANISH.

The paper will include (1) questions on grammar, (2) passages for translation into English, (3) passage for translation into Spanish.

#### Section 9.—DUTCH.

The paper will include (1) questions on grammar, (2) passages for translation into English, (3) passages for translation into Dutch.

#### Section 10.—MATHEMATICS.

(a) GEOMETRY (see pages 50 to 52).

(b) ALGEBRA, including definitions and explanations of algebraical signs and terms, addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division, highest common factor and lowest common multiple, extraction of the square root, the solution of simple and quadratic equations and of problems producing such equations, graphs, § theory of indices, including the nature and use of logarithms, the elementary rules of ratio and proportion, arithmetical, geometrical, and harmonical progressions, scales of notation, permutations, combinations, and the

\* The paper will be on the topics treated of in Jose's *Growth of the Empire* (Murray) or Woodward's *Expansion of the British Empire* (Cambridge University Press) or any similar work.

† For 1907, a period of Greek History, but not a period of Roman History, will be set.

‡ See note \* on page 45.

§ When questions are set on graphs, squared paper will be provided.

binomial theorem with positive integral exponents. For candidates for honours, easy questions will also be set on the more advanced parts of Algebra. Candidates will be provided in the examination room with four-figure tables of logarithms.\* They should bring with them graduated rulers.

(c) PLANE TRIGONOMETRY up to the solution of triangles. For candidates for honours, questions will also be set on De Moivre's Theorem and its applications to the expansion of trigonometrical functions. Candidates will be provided in the examination-room with four-figure tables of logarithms, natural sines, natural tangents, logarithmic sines, and logarithmic tangents.\* They must bring with them a graduated ruler and a protractor.

(d) ELEMENTS OF ANALYTICAL GEOMETRY.†

(e) ELEMENTS OF THE DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS,† including the differentiation of simple functions, simple applications of Taylor's and Maclaurin's theorems, maxima and minima of functions of one variable, and tangents and normals.

(f) APPLIED MATHEMATICS, including the equilibrium of forces acting in one plane and simple graphical methods; the properties of the centre of gravity; friction; the lever, the common balance, the inclined plane, and the pulley; the screw; the composition and resolution of velocities and accelerations in one plane; rectilinear motion with uniform acceleration; motion, momentum, force, mass; work, energy, power; projectiles; direct impact of spherical bodies. Candidates must bring with them a graduated ruler and a protractor.

To pass in this section, students must satisfy the Examiners in (a) and in (b).

#### Section 11.—CHEMISTRY.

(a) THEORETICAL CHEMISTRY.‡

(b) PRACTICAL CHEMISTRY.‡

To pass in this section, students must satisfy the Examiners in both (a) and (b).

#### Section 12.—PHYSICS.

(a) The elementary principles of EXPERIMENTAL MECHANICS, including Statics, Dynamics, and Hydrostatics, as illustrated by simple experiments, common observation, or the action of well-known machines.

(b) HEAT.—*Alternative papers are set in this subject, one on Tuesday, the other on Saturday; candidates must state in their forms of entry which paper they will take.*

(c) SOUND AND LIGHT.—*Alternative papers are set on this subject, one on Monday, the other on Saturday; candidates must state in their forms of entry which paper they will take.*

(d) ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM.

In (b), (c), (d) questions will be set on fundamental laws and the experiments that illustrate them.

To pass in this section, students must satisfy the Examiners in two of the four subjects (a), (b), (c), (d).

#### Section 13.—BIOLOGY AND PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY.

(a) BOTANY.§

(b) PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.§

(c) PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY.—Questions will be set on the present physical condition of the earth, and the physical agencies modifying it or affecting the conditions of life upon it.§ (Medal, see page 53.)

To pass in this section, students must satisfy the Examiners in one of the three subjects (a), (b), (c). They may not take both (a) and (b).

Section 14.—AGRICULTURAL SCIENCE. Two papers will be set.§ Students entering for the section must take both the papers.

Section 15.—(a) BOOK-KEEPING. Questions will be set on Book-keeping by double entry. Ruled forms will be provided for the candidates. *Alternative papers are set in this subject, one on Friday, the other on Saturday; candidates must state in their forms of entry which paper they will take.*

(b) MENSURATION AND SURVEYING.—Questions will be set on Mensuration and on the elements of Land Surveying and Levelling. Candidates should provide themselves with rulers, scales, &c.

(c) SHORTHAND.—Students will be required to take down passages read aloud, and afterwards to transcribe them. Passages will be dictated at the rates of seventy words and ninety words per minute.

To pass in this section, students must satisfy the Examiners in (a) and also in (b) or (c). No student may take both (b) and (c).

#### Section 16.—DRAWING.

(a) FREEHAND DRAWING, from a photograph or print.

(b) MODEL DRAWING, from a group of objects in which there may be included one or more of the following, namely, the cube, cone, cylinder, square pyramid, hexagonal prism, and skeleton cube, the group to be drawn in outline and one of the objects to be shaded.

(c) PERSPECTIVE DRAWING.

(d) DESIGN.—Candidates will be supplied with a photograph or print of some characteristic portion of a plant, and will be required to fill a given space with a coloured design based thereon.

(e) MEMORY DRAWING.—Candidates will be required to draw a simple object from memory, the drawing to be executed in pen and ink.

To pass in this section, candidates will be required to satisfy the Examiners in two subjects, of which one must be (a) or (b). They may not take more than one of the three subjects (c), (d), (e).

Section 17.—MUSIC. Questions will be set on Notation; on Scales, Clefs, Intervals, Time; on the Marks and Terms generally employed in Music; on Cadences; on Triads and Chords of the Dominant Seventh and their Inversions; Single Suspensions. On the above Chords exercises (in not more than four parts) will be set, in which the highest or the lowest part will be given, the latter being either figured or unfigured. Questions will also be set on Parry's *Studies of the Great Composers* (Routledge) Chapters 1-4.

\* See note † on page 45.

† These subjects will be included in the same paper, but candidates may take one of the subjects without also taking the other.

‡ Detailed Schedules can be obtained on application to the General Secretary. The examination in Practical Chemistry can be held only at centres at which a properly equipped laboratory is available for the purpose.

§ Detailed Schedules can be obtained on application to the General Secretary. The Schedules (except in Physical Geography and in Agricultural Science) are the same for 1906 as for 1905.

## SUBSTITUTES FOR SET BOOKS AND SUBJECTS.

The pupils at any school may, on application from the authorities of the school, be allowed to substitute for the set book or books in any subject in the Local Examinations another book or books, or for the Syllabus in Geography a different Syllabus, provided that the consent of the Syndicate is obtained. Such consent will not be given unless the alternative proposed in lieu of that prescribed is in the opinion of the Syndicate suitable and of equivalent length and difficulty. Any application made in accordance with this announcement must reach the General Secretary not later than April 1 in the year in which the Examination is to be held. A fee, to cover the extra expense involved, will be payable by the School authorities for each special paper that has to be prepared.

## EXAMINATION IN SPOKEN FRENCH AND SPOKEN GERMAN (JUNIORS AND SENIORS).

The Syndicate will arrange for the examination of Junior and Senior candidates in Spoken French and Spoken German at schools at which the authorities are prepared to pay a fee of half-a-crown for each candidate examined in each language (the minimum payable by any School being £1 for each language), together with the travelling expenses and the hotel expenses (if any) of the Examiner or Examiners.

Applications must reach the General Secretary not later than October 3, and the examination will be held at some time between October 3 and the commencement of the Local Examinations, to be fixed by the Syndicate.

Candidates entering for the Spoken Examination in either language must also enter for the Written Examination in the same language, and if they pass therein and also in the spoken Examination, the fact of their having satisfied the Examiners in the Spoken Examination will be endorsed on their Certificate.

The Spoken Examination will not be necessary for passing in the language or for the mark of distinction; it will, however, be taken into account in determining the position of candidates in the general class list, and it will be counted towards the mark of distinction in cases where the mark of distinction would not be obtained without it.

Candidates will be required (1) to read aloud a passage of French, or German; (2) to write a passage of French, or German, from dictation; (3) to hold a short conversation in French, or German, with the Examiner.

## GEOMETRY FOR THE PRELIMINARY LOCAL EXAMINATION.

The paper will consist of two Parts, each containing questions on Practical and on Theoretical Geometry. Candidates can pass in Geometry by doing sufficiently well in Part I.; they will be expected to take questions both in Practical and in Theoretical Geometry.

Every candidate must be provided with a ruler graduated in inches and tenths of an inch, and in centimetres and millimeters, a small set square, a protractor, compasses furnished with a hard pencil point, and a hand pencil.

Questions may be set in which the use of the set square or of the protractor is forbidden.

Figures should be drawn accurately with a hard pencil.

Any proof of a Proposition will be accepted which appears to the Examiners to form part of a logical order of treatment of the subject. In the proof of theorems and deductions from them, the use of hypothetical construction is permitted.

## PART I.

**PRACTICAL GEOMETRY.**—The following constructions and easy extensions of them:—Bisection of angles and of straight lines. Construction of perpendiculars to straight lines. Simple cases of the construction from sufficient data of triangles and of quadrilaterals. Construction of parallels to a given straight line. Construction of angles equal to a given angle. Division of straight lines into a given number of equal parts.

Candidates will be expected to be acquainted with the forms of the cube, the rectangular block, the sphere, the cylinder, and the cone.

**THEORETICAL GEOMETRY.**—The substance of the theorems contained in Euclid, Book I., Propositions 4-6, 8, 13-16, 18, 19, 26-30, 32-41, 43. Questions upon these theorems, easy deductions from them, and arithmetical illustrations will be included.

## PART II.

**PRACTICAL GEOMETRY.**—The following constructions and easy extensions of them:—Construction of a triangle equal in area to a given polygon. Construction of tangents to a circle. Construction of common tangents to two circles. Construction of circumscribed, inscribed, and escribed circles of a triangle.

**THEORETICAL GEOMETRY.**—The substance of the theorems contained in Euclid, Book I., Propositions 47, 48; and Book III., Propositions 3, 14-16, 18-22, 31. Questions upon these theorems, easy deductions from them, and arithmetical illustrations will be included.

## GEOMETRY FOR JUNIORS.

The paper will consist of two parts, each containing questions on Practical and on Theoretical Geometry. Candidates can pass in Geometry by doing sufficiently well in Part I.; they will be expected to take questions both in Practical and in Theoretical Geometry.

Every candidate must be provided with a ruler graduated in inches and tenths of an inch, and in centimetres and millimetres, a small set square, a protractor, compasses furnished with a hard pencil point, and a hard pencil.

Questions may be set in which the use of the set square or of the protractor is forbidden.

\* Figures should be drawn accurately with a hard pencil.

Any proof of a proposition will be accepted which appears to the Examiners to form part of a logical order of treatment of the subject. In the proof of theorems and deductions from them, the use of hypothetical construction is permitted.



## PART I.

**PRACTICAL GEOMETRY.**—The following constructions and easy extensions of them :—Bisection of angles and of straight lines. Construction of perpendiculars to straight lines. Simple cases of the construction from sufficient data of triangles and of quadrilaterals. Construction of parallels to a given straight line. Construction of angles equal to a given angle. Division of straight lines into a given number of equal parts. Construction of a triangle equal in area to a given polygon. Construction of tangents to a circle. Construction of common tangents to two circles. Construction of circumscribed, inscribed, and escribed circles of a triangle.

Candidates will be expected to be acquainted with the forms of the simpler solid bodies, namely, the cube, the rectangular block, the tetrahedron, the sphere, the cylinder, the wedge, the pyramid, and the cone.

**THEORETICAL GEOMETRY.**—The substance of the theorems contained in Euclid, Book I., Propositions 4-6, 8, 13-16, 18, 19, 26-30, 32-41, 43, 47, 48, and Book III., Propositions 3, 14-16, 18-22, 31. Questions upon these theorems, easy deductions from them, and arithmetical illustrations will be included.

## PART II.

**PRACTICAL GEOMETRY.**—The following constructions and easy extensions of them :—Construction of a segment of a circle containing an angle of given magnitude. Division of straight lines into parts in any given proportion. Constructions of a fourth proportional to three given straight lines, and of a mean proportional to two given straight lines. Division of straight lines in extreme and mean ratio. Division of a straight line internally or externally into segments, so that the rectangle under the parts is equal to a given square. Construction of regular polygons in and about circles. Construction of a circle from sufficient data of the following character :—(1) radius given, (2) point on the circle given, (3) contact with a given straight line or circle, (4) contact with a given straight line at a given point. Construction of a rectilinear figure to a specified scale or of specified area, and similar to a given figure. Construction of a square equal in area to a given polygon [In cases where the validity of a construction is not obvious, Candidates may be required to indicate the reasoning by which it is justified.]

Illustration and explanation by means of rectangular figures of the following identities :—

$$\begin{aligned} k(a + b + c + \dots) &= ka + kb + kc + \dots, \\ (a + b)^2 &= a^2 + 2ab + b^2, \\ (a - b)^2 &= a^2 - 2ab + b^2, \\ a^2 - b^2 &= (a + b)(a - b). \end{aligned}$$

**THEORETICAL GEOMETRY.**—The substance of the theorems contained in Euclid, Book III., Proposition 32, 35-37; Book VI., Propositions 1-8, 19, 20, 33, together with Propositions A and D. Questions upon these theorems, easy deductions from them, and arithmetical illustrations will be included.

In dealing with proportion it may be assumed that all magnitudes of the same kind can be treated as commensurable.

## GEOMETRY FOR SENIORS.

The paper in Geometry will contain questions on Practical and on Theoretical Geometry. Every Candidate will be expected to answer questions in both branches of the subject.

The questions on Practical Geometry will be set on the constructions contained in the annexed Schedule A, together with easy extensions of them. In cases where the validity of a construction is not obvious, the reasoning by which it is justified may be required. Every candidate must provide himself with a ruler graduated in inches and tenths of an inch, and in centimetres and millimetres, a set square, a protractor, compasses, and a hard pencil. All figures should be drawn accurately. Questions may be set in which the use of the set square or of the protractor is forbidden.

The questions on Theoretical Geometry will consist of theorems contained in the annexed Schedule B, together with questions upon these theorems, easy deductions from them, and arithmetical illustrations. Any proof of a proposition will be accepted which appears to the examiners to form part of a systematic treatment of the subject; the order in which the theorems are stated in Schedule B is not imposed as a sequence of their treatment.

In the proof of theorems and deductions from them, the use of hypothetical constructions will be permitted. Proofs which are only applicable to commensurable magnitudes will be accepted.

## SCHEDULE A.

Bisection of angles and of straight lines.

Construction of perpendiculars to straight lines.

Construction of an angle equal to a given angle.

Construction of parallels to a given straight line.

Simple cases of the construction from sufficient data of triangles and quadrilaterals.

Division of straight lines into a given number of equal parts or into parts in any given proportions.

Construction of a triangle equal in area to a given polygon.

Construction of tangents to a circle and of common tangents to two circles.

Simple cases of the construction of circles from sufficient data.

Construction of a fourth proportional to three given straight lines and a mean proportional to two given straight lines.

Construction of regular figures of 3, 4, 6, or 8 sides in or about a given circle.

Construction of a square equal in area to a given polygon.

## SCHEDULE B.

*Angles at a Point.*

If a straight line stands on another straight line, the sum of the two angles so formed is equal to two right angles and the converse.

If two straight lines intersect, the vertically opposite angles are equal.



*Parallel Straight Lines.*

When a straight line cuts two other straight lines, if (i.) a pair of alternate angles are equal, or (ii.) a pair of corresponding angles are equal, or (iii.) a pair of interior angles on the same side of the cutting line are together equal to two right angles, then the two straight lines are parallel; and the converse.

Straight lines which are parallel to the same straight line are parallel to one another.

*Triangles and Rectilinear Figures.*

The sum of the angles of a triangle is equal to two right angles.

If the sides of a convex polygon are produced in order, the sum of the angles so formed is equal to four right angles.

If two triangles have two sides of the one equal to two sides of the other, each to each, and also the angles contained by those sides equal, the triangles are congruent.

If two triangles have two angles of the one equal to two angles of the other, each to each, and also one side of the one equal to the corresponding side of the other, the triangles are congruent.

If two sides of a triangle are equal, the angles opposite to these sides are equal; and the converse.

If two triangles have the three sides of the one equal to the three sides of the other, each to each, the triangles are congruent.

If two right-angled triangles have their hypotenuses equal, and one side of the one equal to one side of the other, the triangles are congruent.

If two sides of a triangle are unequal, the greater side has the greater angle opposite to it; and the converse.

Of all the straight lines that can be drawn to a given straight line from a given point outside it, the perpendicular is the shortest.

The opposite sides and angles of a parallelogram are equal, each diagonal bisects the parallelogram, and the diagonals bisect one another.

If there are three or more parallel straight lines, and the intercepts made by them on any straight line that cuts them are equal, then the corresponding intercepts on any other straight line that cuts them are also equal.

*Areas.*

Parallelograms on the same or equal bases and of the same altitude are equal in area.

Triangles on the same or equal bases and of the same altitude are equal in area.

Equal triangles on the same or equal bases are of the same altitude.

Illustrations and explanations of the geometrical theorems corresponding to the following algebraical identities:—

$$\begin{aligned} k(a + b + c + \dots) &= ka + kb + kc + \dots \\ (a + b)^2 &= a^2 + 2ab + b^2, \\ (a - b)^2 &= a^2 - 2ab + b^2, \\ a^2 - b^2 &= (a + b)(a - b). \end{aligned}$$

The square on a side of a triangle is greater than, equal to, or less than the sum of the squares on the other two sides, according as the angle contained by those sides is obtuse, right, or acute. The differences in the cases of inequality is twice the rectangle contained by one of the two sides and the projection on it of the other.

*Loci.*

The locus of a point which is equidistant from two fixed points is the perpendicular bisector of the straight line joining the two fixed points.

The locus of a point which is equidistant from two intersecting straight lines consists of the pair of straight lines which bisect the angles between the two given lines.

*The Circle.*

A straight line, drawn from the centre of a circle to bisect a chord which is not a diameter, is at right angles to the chord; conversely, the perpendicular to a chord from the centre bisects the chord.

There is one circle, and one only, which passes through three given points not in a straight line.

In equal circles (or in the same circle) (i.) if two arcs subtend equal angles at the centres, they are equal; (ii.) conversely, if two arcs are equal, they subtend equal angles at the centre.

In equal circles (or, in the same circle) (i.) if two chords are equal, they cut off equal arcs; (ii.) conversely, if two arcs are equal, the chords of the arcs are equal.

Equal chords of a circle are equidistant from the centre; and the converse.

The tangent at any point of a circle and the radius through the point are perpendicular to one another.

If two circles touch, the point of contact lies on the straight line through the centres.

The angle which an arc of a circle subtends at the centre is double that which it subtends at any point on the remaining part of the circumference.

Angles in the same segment of a circle are equal; and, if the line joining two points subtends equal angles at two other points on the same side of it, the four points lie on a circle.

The angle in a semicircle is a right angle; the angle in a segment greater than a semicircle is less than a right angle; and the angle in a segment less than a semicircle is greater than a right angle.

The opposite angles of any quadrilateral inscribed in a circle are supplementary; and the converse.

If a straight line touch a circle, and from the point of contact a chord be drawn, the angles which this chord makes with the tangent are equal to the angles in the alternate segments.

If two chords of a circle intersect either inside or outside the circle the rectangle contained by the parts of the one is equal to the rectangle contained by the parts of the other.

*Proportion; Similar Triangles.*

If a straight line is drawn parallel to one side of a triangle, the other two sides are divided proportionally and the converse.

If two triangles are equiangular their corresponding sides are proportional; and the converse.

If two triangles have one angle of the one equal to one angle of the other and the sides about these equal angles proportional, the triangles are similar.

The internal bisector of an angle of a triangle divides the opposite side internally in the ratio of the sides containing the angle, and likewise the external bisector externally.

The ratio of the areas of similar triangles is equal to the ratio of the squares on corresponding sides.

For Candidates for Honours questions will also be set relating to other properties of triangles and circles, and to the Elementary Geometry of the plane and the sphere.

#### EXEMPTIONS FROM VARIOUS EXAMINATIONS, &c.

[The Syndicate do not hold themselves responsible for any error caused by changes in requirements with which they have not been made acquainted. Students are referred to the published regulations of the respective institutions.]

A. THE UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE: PREVIOUS EXAMINATION.—The following are the conditions under which a candidate in the Senior Local Examination is entitled to exemption from parts or the whole of the previous examination (see \* \* on page 53) :—

(1) From Part I. if the candidate has at one and the same examination shown a sufficient degree of merit in the Gospel (including the Greek text), in Latin, and in Greek.\*

(2) From Part II. if the candidate has at one and the same examination shown a sufficient degree of merit in Arithmetic, in Geometry, in Algebra, in Religious Knowledge or Logic, and in English Composition.†

(3) From the additional subjects if the candidate has shown a sufficient degree of merit either in Applied Mathematics or in French or in German.

B. THE UNIVERSITY OF OXFORD.‡—The holder of a Senior Certificate is entitled to exemption from the examination in Stated Subjects in responsions, provided (i.) that in the Senior Local Examination he has shown sufficient merit in Latin and in Greek to be qualified in these subjects for exemption from Part I. of the previous examination of the University of Cambridge, (ii.) that the certificate includes Arithmetic and either Geometry or Algebra, (iii.) that the candidate has shown sufficient merit in Latin Prose.

The holder of a Senior Certificate is entitled to be exempted from the examination in an additional subject at responsions, provided that in the Senior Local Examination he has shown sufficient merit in French or in German to be entitled to exemption from the additional subjects of the previous examination or has shown sufficient merit in Logic to be qualified in that subject for exemption from Part II. of the previous examination.

C. THE UNIVERSITY OF LONDON.—The holder of a Senior Certificate is entitled to exemption from the Matriculation Examination of the University of London, if the candidate has at one and the same examination passed (1) in English Language and Literature including English Composition, or History together with English Composition, or Geography together with English Composition; (2) in Arithmetic, Geometry, and Algebra, and (3) in three of the following subjects or combinations of subjects, not counted under (1) above: Latin, Greek, French, German, Spanish, Greek or Roman History, English History or History of the British Empire, Physical Geography, Logic, two subjects in Mathematics other than those mentioned above, Chemistry, Mechanics, Heat together with Sound and Light, Electricity and Magnetism, Botany, provided that either Latin, or Mechanics, or Heat, Sound, and Light, or Chemistry, or Botany is included, and provided further that one language is included.

D. THE SCOTTISH UNIVERSITIES.—The holder of a Senior Certificate is under certain conditions entitled to exemption from portions of the Preliminary Examinations in Arts and Science and in Medicine of the Scottish Universities.

E. THE UNIVERSITY OF BIRMINGHAM.—The holder of a Senior Certificate, or of a Junior Certificate (with First or Second Class Honours or with distinction in two subjects which may be either languages or mathematics) is under certain conditions entitled to exemption from the Matriculation Examination of the University of Birmingham.

F. ARMY COUNCIL.—The Regulations for the award of Army Leaving Certificates can be obtained from the General Secretary, Syndicate Buildings, Cambridge.

G. THE BOARD OF EDUCATION (Code for Elementary Schools, 1905).—Holders of the Junior Certificate who are receiving approved training and instruction may be recognized as Pupil Teachers. Holders of the Senior Certificate above 18 years of age may be recognized as Uncertificated Teachers, provided that the Certificate includes English Language and Literature (section 2). The Senior Certificate qualifies for admission to a Training College for a course of two years (or if it be an Honour Certificate for a course of one year) provided that it includes English Language and Literature (section 2), History and Geography (section 3), and either Mathematics (section 10) or Science (either section 11 or 12 or 13).

H. THE GENERAL MEDICAL COUNCIL.§—The holder of a Senior Certificate is qualified for registration as a Medical or Dental Student provided either (1) that the student has at one or at two examinations passed in (a) English Composition, (b) Latin, (c) Mathematics, and either (d) Greek or (e) French or (f) German or (g) Spanish, or (h) Dutch; or (2) that the student has at more than two examinations passed in the above-mentioned subjects, reaching the standard for distinction either in English Language and Literature or in one of the subjects (b) to (h).

\* Exemption from Part I. is granted to a candidate who, being a native of Asia and not of European parentage, has at one and the same examination shown a sufficient degree of merit in Latin, in English Composition, in an English Author, and either in one of the Gospels in the authorized English Version or in English History; provided that it has been stated in the form of entry that the candidate claims exemption under this clause, and provided further that evidence satisfactory to the Syndicate is offered showing that the required conditions as to birth and parentage are fulfilled.

† A student who has attained the required standard in Arithmetic, in Geometry, in Algebra, and in Religious Knowledge or Logic, but not in English Composition, is entitled to exemption from Part II. of the previous examination, with the exception of the Essay paper.

‡ Students seeking exemption from any part of Responsions should, in the first instance, communicate with the General Secretary, Syndicate Buildings, Cambridge.

§ Candidates, whether above the age of sixteen or not, who desire to qualify for registration as Medical or Dental Students should make a statement to that effect in their Forms of Entry. They will then be informed in due course as to whether they have satisfied the prescribed conditions.

3-4 7 The holder of a Junior Certificate is qualified for registration as a Medical or Dental Student provided that the student (1) has at one and the same examination passed in (a) English Language and Literature, (b) Latin, (c) Geometry and Algebra, and either (d) Greek or (e) French or (f) German or (g) Spanish; and (2) has either (i.) reached the standard for distinction in one of the subjects (a) to (g), or (ii.) reached an Honours standard on the whole examination or in two of the subjects (a) to (g).

I. THE INCORPORATED LAW SOCIETY.—Persons who have obtained a Senior or a Junior Certificate are excused the Preliminary Examination before entering into Articles of Clerkship with Solicitors.

J. THE INSTITUTION OF CIVIL ENGINEERS.—A Senior Certificate exempts the holder from the Studentship Examination, provided that it includes section 2; section 3, (a) or (b), and (d); one of the sections 4 to 8 inclusive; section 10 (including Trigonometry); and either section 11 or section 12.

K. THE ROYAL INSTITUTE OF BRITISH ARCHITECTS.—A Senior Certificate or a Junior Honours Certificate exempts the holder from such of the following subjects of the Preliminary Examination as are included in the Certificate:—English Composition, Arithmetic, Geometry, Algebra, Geography, English History, Latin, French, German, Applied Mathematics.

L. THE INSTITUTE OF CHARTERED ACCOUNTS.—Persons who have obtained a Senior Certificate under certain conditions are exempted from the Preliminary Examination. For further information application should be made to the Secretary of the Institute. Senior candidates who seek exemption from the Preliminary Examination of the Institute (for which Dictation is a compulsory subject) may be examined in Dictation if they indicate in their forms of entry that they desire to be so examined.

M. THE SURVEYOR'S INSTITUTION.—A Senior Certificate or a Junior Honours Certificate exempts the holder from the Preliminary Examination of the Institution.

N. THE PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY OF GREAT BRITAIN.—A Junior Certificate qualifies the holder for registration as a Pharmaceutical student, provided that it includes English Grammar, Latin, French, or German, or Spanish, Geometry, and Algebra, passed at the same or at not more than two examinations.

P. THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF VETERINARY SURGEONS.—Under certain conditions, the Senior or the Junior Certificate qualifies the holder for admission to the Professional Examination. For further information application should be made to the Secretary of the College.

Q. THE INSTITUTE OF CHEMISTRY.—The Senior Examination is accepted as an approved Preliminary Examination provided that the candidate has obtained a Certificate including English, Latin, Geometry, Algebra, and one of the following: Greek, French, German, Logic.

R. THE LONDON COUNTY COUNCIL.—(a) Junior County Scholars vacating their Scholarships in December are allowed six months' extension of their Scholarships if they pass the Junior Local Examination during the tenure of their Scholarships; (b) Exemption from the Preliminary parts of the examination for Intermediate County, Swanley Horticultural, and Domestic Economy Training Scholarships offered by the County Council may be secured in some class by the Senior and in some cases by the Junior Certificate; particulars may be obtained from the Executive Officer, Education Department, of the London County Council, Victoria Embankment, W.C.

\*\* Students desirous of obtaining exemption from Part I., Part II., or the additional subjects of the previous examination may, whether they already hold the Certificate of the Syndicate or not, enter for those subjects alone that are required for the purpose. Students who already hold the Certificate of the Syndicate and desire to add some one or more subjects, in order to obtain exemption from a Preliminary Examination, can enter for such subject or subjects alone.\* In all such cases the ordinary fee for entrance must be paid.

#### PRIZES AND MEDALS.

The Syndicate will give prizes to the four candidates who pass the best examination among the senior and junior boys and the senior and junior girls, £12 to each of the two seniors, and £8 to each of the two juniors.

The Council of the Royal Geographical Society offer four silver medals, one for the best senior in Geography (section 3), one for the best senior in Physical Geography (section 13), one for the best junior in Geography (section 3), and one for the best junior in Physical Geography (section 13), if of sufficient merit.

Sir Isaac Pitman & Sons offer two medals, one silver and one bronze, to be awarded to the junior candidates who stand first and second in Shorthand. These medals are open for competition irrespective of the particular systems of Shorthand adopted by the candidates.

The above prizes and medals are not open to juniors above the age of 16 or to seniors above the age of 19.

#### CLASS LISTS AND CERTIFICATES.

The names of the boys who pass with credit will be arranged in three Honour Classes. In each of these classes, and also in the list of those who pass to the satisfaction of the Examiners, yet not so as to deserve honours, the candidates will be arranged in alphabetical order under the several centres. After the name of every boy will be added the school (if any) from which he comes to attend the examination, and the name of his schoolmaster. *The names of those who pass the Preliminary Local Examination between the ages of 14 and 16, of those who pass the examination for juniors above the age of 16, and of those who pass the examination for seniors above the age of 19 will be placed in lists by themselves, in alphabetical order, not in any class of honours.* Similar classes and lists will be drawn up for girls.

Separate lists will also be given of those junior candidates under the age of 16, and of those senior candidates under the age of 19, who may specially distinguish themselves in particular parts of the examination, and in these lists the candidates will be arranged in order of merit.

\* In certain cases (see above) it is made a condition that all the required subjects shall be taken at the same time.

The classes of honours are determined solely by the total number of marks obtained by the student. No marks are counted for any subject unless the student passes in that subject. Regard is paid to handwriting and spelling.

The students who pass with credit or satisfy the Examiners will receive certificates to that effect, which will be sent to them through the local secretaries. Every certificate will specify the subjects in which the student has passed with credit or satisfied the Examiners, and the class obtained, if any.

#### DETAILED REPORTS.

After the class lists have been issued in each year, the Syndicate will be prepared to inform the Principals of Schools, on receipt of a payment of one shilling for each student, of the manner in which their pupils have acquitted themselves in the several subjects in which they have been examined, describing each as *good*, *moderately good*, &c.; and also place to their pupils in order of merit among themselves in each subject and on the whole examination. If in any year applications are made by a school on behalf of more than fifty students, the fee payable for each student at that school after the first fifty will be sixpence.

IN pursuance of the provisions of section 11 of the Ordinance No. 2 of 1895, intituled "An Ordinance to consolidate and amend the Laws relating to the Registration of Marriages, other than the Marriages of Kandyans or of Mohammedans," I, Ponnampalam Arunachalam, Registrar-General of Ceylon, do hereby notify that the under-mentioned building, used as a place of public Christian worship, has been duly registered for the solemnization of marriages therein, in lieu of the building registered under certificate No. 581 of the 3rd day of November, 1876, which is no longer used for the public worship of the congregation on whose behalf it was registered:—

No.	Date of Registration.	Description.	Situation.	Minister or Proprietor or Trustee.	Religious Denomination on whose behalf the Building is registered.
189	January 16, 1906	Church	Madapata, Palle pattu, Salpiti korale, Colombo District	The Rev. R. W. Ryde, Minister	Church of England

Registrar-General's Office,  
Colombo, January 16, 1906.

P. ARUNACHALAM,  
Registrar-General.

IN pursuance of the provisions of section 11 of the Ordinance No. 2 of 1895, intituled "An Ordinance to consolidate and amend the Laws relating to the Registration of Marriages, other than the Marriages of Kandyans or of Mohammedans," I, Ponnampalam Arunachalam, Registrar-General of Ceylon, do hereby notify that the under-mentioned building, used as a place of public Christian worship, has been duly registered for the solemnization of marriages therein:—

No.	Date of Registration.	Description.	Situation.	Minister or Proprietor or Trustee.	Religious Denomination on whose behalf the Building is registered.
190	January 16, 1906	Wesleyan Church, Puttur	Puttur, Valikamam East Division, Jaffna District	The Rev. G. J. Trimmer, Minister and Trustee	Wesleyan Methodist

Registrar-General's Office,  
Colombo, January 16, 1906.

P. ARUNACHALAM,  
Registrar-General.

## Return of Immigrants in the Port of Colombo showing their Destinations, Trades, &amp;c., during the Half-year ended December 31, 1905.

TRADES AND OCCUPATIONS.	For Colombo.				For Kandy.				For Ratnapura.						
	Men.	Women.	Children.	Infants.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Infants.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Infants.	Total.
Boatmen	64	3	10	1	78										
Brassfounders	8	2		2	12										
Carpenters	4				4										
Conjurors	9	3	2	1	15										
Coolies (estate)															
Coolies (miscellaneous)	17915	1366	800	413	20494	21434	7412	4880	2465	36191	4465	1576	1000	536	7577
Crew, native	89				89										
Divers	211		2		213										
Domestic servants	127	13	6	2	148										
Fishermen	69				69										
Goldsmiths	6	4	2	1	13										
Police constables	8	2		1	11										
Professional beggars	4	1	1	1	7										
Sundry traders	18752	1588	1439	482	22261										
Sailors	46	22	9	5	82										
	37312	3004	2271	909	43496	21434	7412	4880	2465	36191	4465	1576	1000	536	7577

TRADES AND OCCUPATIONS.	For Kalutara.				For Galle.				Total Immigrants.						
	Men.	Women.	Children.	Infants.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Infants.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Infants.	Total.
Boatmen	...	...	...	...	...	64	3	10	1	78	8	2	...	2	12
Brassfounders	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	4	9	...	2	1	15
Carpenters	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27810	9633	6307	3244	46994
Conjurors	...	...	...	...	...	1390	495	325	194	2404	17915	1366	800	413	20494
Coolies (estate)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	89	...	2	...	89
Coolies (miscellaneous)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	211	...	...	...	213
Crew, native	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	127	13	6	2	148
Divers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	69	...	...	...	69
Domestic servants	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	4	2	1	13
Fishermen	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	2	...	1	11
Goldsmiths	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1	1	1	7
Police constables	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18752	1588	1439	482	22261
Professional beggars	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	46	22	9	5	82
Sundry traders	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	65122	12637	8578	4153	90490
Sailors	...	...	...	...	...	1390	495	325	194	2404	521	150	102	49	822

JOHN A. LEGGE,  
Master Attendant.

Master Attendant's Office,  
Colombo, January 11, 1906.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that applications have been received for grants in aid for the following schools :—

Mr. D. B. Jayatilaka, Manager of Buddhist Schools, Colombo .. Omatta Vernacular Boys' Primary School, which is situated in Pasdun korale in the Kalutara District of the Western Province.  
Observations will be received not later than February 7, 1906.

M. K. Hendrick Allis of Koratota, Kaduwela .. Walgama Vernacular Mixed Primary School, which is situated in Adikari patt of Siyane korale in the Western Province.

Mr. D. B. Jayatilaka, Manager of Buddhist Schools, Colombo .. Humbuluwa Vernacular Boys' Primary School, which is situated in Dambadeni hatpattu in the Kurunegala District of the North-Western Province.

Observations will be received not later than February 8, 1906.

Office of Public Instruction,  
Colombo, January 16, 1906.

J. HARWARD,  
Director.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that an application has been received from Mr. D. B. Jayatilaka, the Manager of Buddhist Schools, Colombo, for the conversion into a Vernacular Mixed School of his Panaliya Vernacular Boys' Primary School, which is situated in the Kurunegala District of the North-Western Province.

Observations will be received not later than February 9, 1906.

J. HARWARD,  
Director.

Office of Public Instruction,  
Colombo, January 16, 1906.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that an application has been received from the Rev. E. Sergent of the Roman Catholic Mission, Colombo, for the registration of his Delpakadawara Vernacular Girls' School, situated in Dunagaha pattu in the Alutkuru korale of the Western Province as a Vernacular Mixed School.

Observations will be received not later than February 7, 1906.

J. HARWARD,  
Director.

Office of Public Instruction,  
Colombo, January 16, 1906.

#### The Ceylon Medical College.

##### MEDICAL AND APOTHECARY EXAMINATIONS.

**T**HE Medical and Apothecary Examinations of the Ceylon Medical College will commence on Monday, March 19, 1906.

All candidates are requested to forward their written applications, certificates, and fees to the Registrar on or before March 10, 1906.

S. C. PAUL,  
Acting Registrar.

Medical College,  
January 11, 1906.

#### The Ceylon Medical College.

##### PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION.

**T**HE Medical and Apothecary Preliminary Examinations of the Ceylon Medical College will be held in the College on Monday, March 19, 1906.

All candidates are required to present their applications, certificates, and fees to the Registrar on or before March 10, 1906.

S. C. PAUL,  
Acting Registrar.

Medical College,  
January 11, 1906.

#### The Ceylon Medical College.

**E**XAMINERS are required for the Medical and Apothecary Preliminary Examinations to be held on the 19th of March next. They are required for the following subjects:—

Medical Preliminary.	French.
English Language.	Greek.
Latin.	Sinhalese.
Mathematics.	Tamil.

They are also required for the following subjects in the—

Apothecary Preliminary.	Arithmetic.
English Language.	Tamil.
Latin (Elementary).	Sinhalese.

The remuneration is at the following rates :—

	Rs.	c.
English Language : both examinations	80	0
Latin with Greek : Latin both examinations and Greek for Medical Preliminary	80	0
French : Medical Preliminary	45	0
Mathematics : Arithmetic for Apothecaries' Preliminary and Algebra for Medical Preliminary	50	0
Arithmetic and Euclid for Medical Preliminary	50	0
Sinhalese : both examinations	35	0
Tamil : both examinations	10	0

Applications to be sent to the Registrar, from whom information can be obtained, on or before February 11, 1906.

Question papers in Tamil and Sinhalese will only be required if there are candidates in those subjects.

S. C. PAUL,  
Acting Registrar.

Medical College,  
January 11, 1906.



## NOTICES CALLING FOR TENDERS.

**TENDERS** will be received by the Hon. the Auditor-General and the Provincial Engineer, Northern Province, up to noon on Thursday, February 22, 1906, for the under-mentioned service, viz. :—

Champion pattu road extension.

2. Tenders must be sealed and endorsed on the envelopes "Tender for Champion pattu road extension, Northern Province."

3. Tenders must be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Provincial Engineer and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

4. Tenders must be on forms which may be obtained at the office of the Provincial Engineer, Northern Province, Jaffna, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained.

5. Parties applying for form of tender will be required to deposit the sum of Rs. 50 either at the Treasury or the Kachcheri and produce a receipt for the same for each set of forms. Should the party fail to submit in accordance with the terms of the specification a *bona fide* tender or to enter into the necessary contract, the sum of Rs. 50 deposited will be forfeited by way of ascertained and liquidated damages.

6. Plans and specifications may be seen, and further information obtained, on application at the Provincial Engineer's Office at Jaffna.

7. Before any tender is accepted the contractor will be required to sign a contract to execute and perform the works in accordance with the plans and specification and the general conditions therein set forth, and to deposit ten per cent. of the amount of tender for the due and faithful performance of the contract, within ten days of receiving notice in writing signed by the Provincial Engineer of the Northern Province, that the Government is prepared to accept his tender.

8. The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

GEO. WADDELL,

Provincial Engineer, Northern Province.

Public Works Department,  
Jaffna, January 11, 1906.

**SEPARATE** Tenders will be received by the Hon. the Auditor-General and the Provincial Engineer of the Western Province for (1) Quarters, Artillery Volunteers, Colombo, (2) Additional accommodation, Leper Asylum, Hendala, (3) Skinner Memorial Ward, (4) Cooly Immigration sheds, new latrines, (5) Punishment cells, Leper Asylum, Hendala, up to noon on Monday, February 19, 1906.

2. Tenders must be sealed and endorsed on the envelopes "Tender for (1) Quarters, Artillery Volunteers, Colombo, (2) Additional accommodation, Leper Asylum, Hendala, (3) Skinner Memorial Ward (4) Cooly Immigration sheds, new latrines, (5) Punishment cells, Leper Asylum, Hendala."

3. Tenders must be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Provincial Engineer and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

4. Tenders must be on forms which may be obtained at the office of the Provincial Engineer, Western Province, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained.

5. Parties applying for form of tender will be required to deposit the sum of Rs. 50 either at the Treasury or the Kachcheri and produce a receipt for the

same. Should the party fail to submit in accordance with the terms of the specification a *bona fide* tender or to enter into the necessary contract the sum of Rs. 50 deposited will be forfeited by way of ascertained and liquidated damages.

6. Plans and specifications may be seen, and further information obtained, on application at the Provincial Engineer's Office at Gunter House, Darley lane, Maradana, Colombo.

7. Before any tender is accepted the contractor will be required to sign a contract to execute and perform the works in accordance with the specification and the general conditions therein set forth, and to deposit a sum of 10 per cent. of the contract for the due and faithful performance of the contract within ten days of receiving notice in writing signed by the Provincial Engineer of the Western Province accepting his tender.

8. The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender, and reserves the right to accept any portion of a tender.

9. The time required for completion of work should be stated in the tenders.

W. POLE FLETCHER,

Provincial Engineer.

Public Works Department,  
Colombo, January 11, 1906.

### Public Works Department.

**TENDERS** will be received by the Hon. the Auditor-General and the Provincial Engineer of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, for the following works, viz. :—(1) Ratnapura Hospital, male ward; (2) New Post and Telegraph Office, Kegalla; (3) Materials shed, Public Works Department, Avisawella, in the Province of Sabaragamuwa, up to noon on Saturday, February 3, 1906.

2. Separate tenders must be sealed and endorsed on the envelope "Tender for (1) Ratnapura Hospital, male ward; (2) New Post and Telegraph Office, Kegalla; (3) Materials shed, Public Works Department, Avisawella."

3. Tenders must be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Provincial Engineer, and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

4. Tenders must be on forms which may be obtained at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Sabaragamuwa, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained.

5. Parties applying for form of tender will be required to deposit the sum of Rs. 50 either at the Treasury or the Kachcheri, and produce a receipt for the same. Should the party fail to submit in accordance with the terms of the specification a *bona fide* tender, or to enter into the necessary contract, the sum of Rs. 50 deposited will be forfeited by way of ascertained and liquidated damages.

6. Plans and specifications may be seen, and further information obtained, on application at the Provincial Engineer's Office at Ratnapura.

7. Before any tender is accepted the contractor will be required to sign a contract to execute and perform the works in accordance with the specification and the general conditions therein set forth, and to deposit a sum equal to 10 per cent. of the amount of the contract for the due and faithful performance of the contract, within ten days of receiving notice in writing signed by the Provincial Engineer of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, that the Government is prepared to accept his tender.

8. The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

9. Time required for the completion of the work should be stated in the tender.

C. F. EMERSON,  
Provincial Engineer, Sabaragamuwa.

Public Works Department,  
Ratnapura, January 5, 1906.

TENDERS will be received by the Hon. the Auditor-General and the Provincial Engineer of the Province of Uva for the supply of Materials in the Province of Uva during 1906 up to noon on Monday, January 29, 1906, for the use of the Public Works Department.

Materials to be delivered at the Public Works Department Stores in Badulla, Koslanda, Passara, and Diyatalawa.

*List of Materials.*

- \*Bricks, slop, 9 in. by 4½ in. by 2½ in., per 1,000.
- \*Bricks, slop, 9 in. by 4½ in. by 2¾ in., per 1,000.
- \*Bricks, paving, 12 in. by 12 in. by 2 in., per 1,000.
- \*Tiles, half-round, per 1,000.
- \*Tiles, ridge, per 1,000.
- Jak, reapers, 2 in. by ½ in., per 100 lineal feet.
- Do. 2 in. by 1 in., per 100 lineal feet.
- Jak planks, 2 in., per square of superficial feet.
- Sapu planks, 1½ in. do. do.
- Do. ½ in. do. do.
- Keena planks 1½ in. do. do.
- Do. 1 in. do. do.
- Do. ½ in. do. do.
- Do. ¾ in. do. do.
- Jakwood scantlings, sawn, per cubic foot.
- Lime, slaked, per bushel.
- Lime, boiled, per bushel.
- °Rattan baskets, whole cane.
- °Rattan baskets, half cane.
- Charcoal, per cwt.
- Cadjans, not less than 6 ft. long, per 100.
- Mana grass, per 100 bundles.
- Talipots, each.
- °Mats, ola, each.
- Bamboos, each.
- Arecanut trees, each.
- Sand, per bushel.
- Gunny bags (second-hand), each.
- Coir string, per cwt.
- Kerosine oil, per gallon.
- Bees wax, per lb.
- Sugar, per lb.
- Raw rice, per measure.
- Brooms, coir, each.
- Needles, each.
- Twine, Bengal, per lb.
- Thread, per reel.
- Indigo, per lb.
- ° Ceiling cloth, per yard.
- Ochre yellow, per lb.

2. Samples of articles marked \* to be deposited with the Provincial Engineer of the Province of Uva, labelled with the name of the tenderer on or before noon of January 29, 1906.

3. Tenders must be sealed and endorsed on the envelopes "Tender for the Supply of Materials in the Province of Uva, 1906."

4. Tenders must be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Provincial Engineer, and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

5. Tenders must be on forms which may be obtained at the office of the Provincial Engineer, Province of Uva, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained.

6. Parties applying for form of tender will be required to deposit the sum of Rs. 50 either at the Treasury or the Kachcheri, and produce a receipt for the same. Should the party fail to submit, in accordance with the terms of the specification, a *bona fide* tender, or to enter into the necessary contract, the sum of Rs. 50 deposited will be forfeited by way of ascertained and liquidated damages.

7. Any further information may be obtained on application at the Provincial Engineer's Office at Badulla, Province of Uva.

8. Before any tender is accepted the contractor will be required to sign a contract to supply the materials in accordance with the specification and the general conditions therein set forth, and deposit a sum of Rs. 100 for each district for the due and faithful performance of the contract within ten days of receiving notice in writing signed by the Provincial Engineer of the Province of Uva accepting his tender.

9. The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender, but reserves to itself the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

C. A. LOVEGROVE,  
for Director of Public Works.  
Public Works Department,  
Colombo, January 15, 1906.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for supplying Materials for the Salt Stores (A) at Hambantota and (B) at Kirinda during the year 1906," will be received up to noon on January 30, 1906, for supplying the materials enumerated below:—

*Description of Materials.*

	Per
Cadjan, new, and not less than 6 ft. in length	1,000
Coir yarn, dry, and of good quality	cwt.
Cocoanut oil	gallon
Kerosine oil	"
Umang sticks, 18 ft. long	100
Bata bamboos	100
Baskets (18 in. in diameter, 7 in. deep)	100
Pingo sticks	each
Planks, del	
Do. sapu	} 1 in. by 14 in. or more... sq. ft.
Do. jak	
Do. mango	
Chunam, boiled, in cakes	100
Do. slacked	bushels
Coal tar	gallon
Beams, halmilla, 3 in. by 4 in.	
Do. satinwood, 2 in. by 12 in.	
Rafters, cocoanut, 2 in. by 4 in.	
Do. do. 1½ in. by 2 in.	
Post, karawu, 8 ft. long, 18 in. circumference	
Do. do. 12 ft. long, 18 in. circumference	
Wall sticks, galkulu, 12 ft. long, 12 in. circumference	100
Kotus, tarana, ulkenda or galkera	100
Post, karawu, 15 ft. long, 18 in. circumference	
Gunny bags, new (3 ft. by 2 ft.)	
Twine, Bengal, new	

Tenderers will note the following requirements:—

Cadjans and timber should be supplied within fifteen days of the service of orders therefor.

Every tenderer must deposit a sum of Rs. 20 in the Kachcheri before tendering. No tender will receive any consideration where no such deposit has been made. This deposit will be forfeited to Government if the tenderer is not prepared to enter into contract, or is unable to furnish certified security in Rs. 1,000 for the due fulfilment of the contract. The unforfeited deposits will be returned to the tenderer.

Every alteration in the rates of tender should be initialled by the tenderer.

A duplicate of tender should be forwarded by the tenderer by post to the Hon. the Auditor-General, Colombo, at the same time he forwards the original to the Assistant Government Agent, Hambantota.

The tenderers should be at hand at the Kacheheri on the day of opening of tenders, so that they or any of them may be spoken to, if it is found necessary to do so.

Government may accept or reject any tender.

J. O'K. MURTY,  
Assistant Government Agent.

Hambantota Kacheheri,  
January 12, 1906.

**S**EALD Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for removal of Salt," will be received by the Assistant Government Agent, Hambantota, up to noon on January 30, 1906, for the removal, within a period to be specified by the tenderer, into the Stores at Kirinda of a quantity estimated at 5,508 cwt. 4 lb., more or less, lying on the margin of Palatupana lewaya.

The tenderer must deposit a sum of Rs. 20 in the Kacheheri before tendering. No tender will receive any consideration where no such deposit has been made. This deposit will be forfeited to Government if the tenderer is not prepared to enter into contract, or is unable to furnish certified security in Rs. 1,000 for the due fulfilment of the contract. Any forfeited deposits will be returned to the tenderers.

A duplicate of the tender should be forwarded by the tenderer by post to the Hon. the Auditor-General, Colombo, at the same time as he forwards the original to the Assistant Government Agent, Hambantota.

The Government reserves for itself the right to reject or refuse all tenders or any part of any tender.

J. O'K. MURTY,  
Assistant Government Agent.

Hambantota Kacheheri,  
January 12, 1906.

**S**EALD Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for transporting and weighing salt into Government Stores at Kalpitiya," will be received by the Assistant Government Agent of Puttalam up to noon of January 25, 1906, from persons willing to contract.

For the service of transporting from the Karativu salterns all the salt collected in them of the maha manufacture of 1905 and weighing and storing the same in the salt stores at Kalpitiya.

Tenderers will note the following requirements:—

1. They should specify the rate for 1,000 cwt. for transporting and removing in bags properly secured and tied from Karativu and weighing, and storing the same into stores at Kalpitiya.

2. Tenderers should be prepared to bring in and weigh and deliver 1,000 cwt. daily.

3. Each tenderer must deposit a sum of Rs. 20 in the Kacheheri before tendering. No tender will receive any consideration where no such deposit has been made. This deposit will be forfeited to Government if the tenderer is not prepared to enter into contract, or is unable to furnish certified security in Rs. 500 for the due fulfilment of the contract. Unforfeited deposits will be returned to the tenderer.

4. Tenderer must name an address in Puttalam, where all letters or notices may be served on or left for him.

5. A letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract should accompany the tender.

6. Every alteration in the rates of tender should be initialled by the tenderer.

7. A duplicate of the tender should be forwarded by the tenderer by post to the Hon. the Auditor-General, Colombo, at the same time he forwards the original to the Assistant Government Agent of Puttalam.

8. The tenderers should be at hand at the Kacheheri on the day of opening of tenders, so that they or any of them may be spoken to, if it is found necessary to do so.

9. Crown Counsel's fees for settling bond and contract should be paid by the successful tenderer.

F. BOWES,  
Assistant Government Agent.  
Puttalam Kacheheri,  
January 15, 1906.

## CONTRACTS FOR SUPPLIES OF STORES.

### CEYLON GOVERNMENT RAILWAY CONTRACTS FOR 1906.

THE under-mentioned contracts for supplies, &c., during 1906 have been approved by the Government:—

#### PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS.

Description of Articles.	Rate.		Per	Name of Contractor.
	Rs.	c.		
I.—CLOTHING.				
FOR STATION MASTERS.				
Uniform coats	..	..	11 75 .. each	} Messrs. D. Lawrence & Co.
Helmets	..	..	6 0 .. do.	
Caps	..	..	3 50 .. do.	

Description of Articles.	Rate. Rs. c.	Per	Name of Contractor.		
<b>FOR GUARDS, &amp;c.</b>					
Fine serge coats	1 0	coat	} Messrs. D. Lawrence & Co.		
Fine serge trousers	0 50	pair			
Coarse serge coats	1 0	coat			
Coarse serge trousers	0 50	pair			
White drill trousers	0 40	do.			
<b>FOR POLICEMEN, PORTERS, &amp;c.</b>					
Coarse serge suits	0 25	suit	} Messrs. D. Lawrence & Co.		
Coarse serge suits for patrols and trolly coolies	0 40	do.			
Ticket examiners' suits	1 25	do.			
Suits for train porters, &c.	0 40	do.			
Policemen's shoulder straps	0 *4	each			
<b>2.—BRICKS.</b>					
<b>LOWER DISTRICT.</b>					
Ordinary bricks, to sample	13 39	1,000	K. Don David		
<b>UPPER DISTRICT.</b>					
According to sample	11 75	1,000	M. Ramasamy		
<b>3.—TILES.</b>					
Half-round (native)	16 0	1,000	} D. A. Wijewardena		
Manglore, flat tiles	60 0	1,000			
Do. half tiles	30 0	1,000	} H. Don Carolis & Sons		
Do. ventilator tiles	1 75	each			
Do. ridge tiles	15 0	100	Walker, Sons & Co., Ltd.		
<b>4.—BRAKE BLOCKS.</b>					
Of good sound mango wood and cut to templates	28 0	100	W. T. H. Fernando		
<b>5.—LIME.</b>					
Slaked	0 27	bushel	} D. J. Fernando		
Boiled	0 47	do.			
White clay	0 24	do.			
<b>6.—BOOK STALLS.</b>					
Henaratgoda station	18 0	annum	J. P. Ranetunge		
Colombo, Fort. Polgahawela, and Maradana	{ Rs. 90, 24, } 60, & 96 }	do.	B. de Zoysa		
Kandy	60 0	do.	S. Sadar		
Matale, Peradeniya Junction, Hatton, and Nanu-oya (for five years)	180 0	do.	C. B. Holman Hunt		
<b>7.—COAL.</b>					
Jardines coal	9 60	ton	Messrs. Delmege, Reid & Co.		
<b>8.—GLASS CHIMNEYS.</b>					
(P. B. Umbutchy and Messrs. Walker, Sons & Co.)					
	1st Class Rate. Rs. c.	2nd Class Rate. Rs. c.	3rd Class Rate. Rs. c.		
<b>9.—FIREWOOD.</b>					
Between 17th and 31st mile	1 24	1 22	1 18	cubic yard	K. Agilis Perera Appuhamy
Between 12th and 31st mile	1 24	1 22	1 18	do.	J. P. Ranatunge
Between 12th and 21st mile	1 24	1 19	1 14	do.	D. G. P. Ranatunge
At Henaratgoda	1 24	1 20	1 16	do.	G. D. Thomis
Between Matale and Kadugannawa	1 48	1 44	1 40	do.	R. M. Ukku Banda
Between Matale and Kadugannawa	1 48	1 44	1 40	do.	P. B. Ratnayake
Between Kadugannawa and Matale	1 50	1 45	1 40	do.	B. Punchi Appu
Between Kadugannawa and Matale	1 50	1 45	1 40	do.	L. V. Malhamy
<b>10.—SALE OF FRUITS ON PLATFORMS.</b>					
Henaratgoda station	60 0	annum	Nonohamy		
Veyangoda station	288 0	do.	J. Samaranyake		
Polgahawela station	1,908 0	do.	A. Assen Lebbe		
Rambukkana station	876 0	do.	J. Samaranyaka		
Kurunegala	500 0	do.	Y. L. Costa		
Galgamuwa	60 0	do.	Pedrick Silva		
Anuradhapura	300 0	do.	S. Ici Lebbe		
Gampola station	276 0	do.	Babanis		
Moratuwa station	72 0	do.	M. L. C. Perera		
Galle station	536 0	do.	W. Martinus		
Padukka station	46 0	do.	Y. L. Costa		
Vavuniya	102 0	do.	V. Candiyah		

Description of Articles.	Rate. Rs. c.	Per	Name of Contractor.
<b>11.—LUBRICATING OILS.</b>			
Vacuum valve oil (locomotive and cylinder oils)	2 50	gallon	} Vacuum Oil Co.
Do. locomotive and engine oil	1 50	do.	
Do. Indian axle oil	1 25	do.	
<b>13.—LANDING OF TEAK.</b>			
Landing of teak	2 75	per ton	A. S. Periya Tamby
<b>14.—REPAIRS OF CLOCKS AND WATCHES.</b>			
For repairs of clocks and watches for five years	1,920 0	annum	S. Blom
General Manager's Office, Colombo, January 17, 1906.			G. P. GREENE, General Manager.

## SALES OF UNSERVICEABLE ARTICLES.

**W**ILL be sold by public auction on Friday, the 26th instant, at 12 noon, at the Government Stores, a quantity of zinc lining, hoop iron, packing cases, bale cloth, &c.

Government Stores,  
Colombo, January 16, 1906.

F. W. VANE,  
Controller of Government Stores.