



Ceylon Government Gazette

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PART I.—General: Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, and General Government Notifications.

PART II.—Legal and Judicial.

PART III.—Provincial Administration.

PART IV.—Land Settlement.

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Separate paging is given to each Part in order that it may be filed separately.

Part I.—Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, &c.

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APPOINTMENTS BY THE GOVERNOR.

No. 304 of 1907.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments on his Personal Staff with effect from the 21st September, 1907:—

Lieutenant J. CURLING, Royal Field Artillery, to be Aide-de-Camp.

Major H. E. WALTER, 3rd Battalion, Lincolnshire Regiment, to be Extra Aide-de-Camp.

By His Excellency's command,
HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 21, 1907.

No. 305 of 1907.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr. J. C. W. ROCK to be Additional Police Magistrate, Galle, for the 23rd September, 1907, in addition to his own duties.

Mr. C. H. B. ALTENDORFF to act as Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Matara, and

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Visitor of the Prison at Matara, from the 2nd to the 18th October, 1907, inclusive, during the absence of Mr. P. B. GODAMUNE on leave or until further orders.

Mr. M. M. SUBRAMANIAM to be a Justice of the Peace for the District of Trincomalee.

By His Excellency's command,
HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 23, 1907.

No. 306 of 1907.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointment in the Ceylon Volunteer Force:—

To be Second Lieutenant in the Ceylon Light Infantry.

Mr. GERALD PERCIVAL KEUNEMAN.

By His Excellency's command,
HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 25, 1907.

No. 307 of 1907.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased, under the provisions of section 120 of "The Criminal Procedure Code, 1898," to appoint Mr. DAVID PATRICK to be an Inquirer for the town of Anuradhapura with effect from the 23rd September, 1907, during the absence of Mr. P. A. C. EKNELIGODA from the town or until further orders.

By His Excellency's command,

HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 23, 1907.

No. 308 of 1907.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint the under-mentioned persons to be Assessors for the following towns for the year 1908, under the provisions of section 8 of Ordinance No. 18 of 1892 :—

Yatiyantota.

- ✓ 1. Mr. CHARLES EKNELIGODA, Korala of Ruanwella.
- ✓ 2. Mr. GAMARALLAGE SINNAPPUHAMY, Korala of Wendala.
- ✓ 3. Mr. LENA SEKA MARKAR of Mattamagoda.

Dehiowita.

- ✓ 1. Mr. B. R. MARTYN, Sanitary Inspector.
- ✓ 2. Mr. K. D. M. PERERA of Karawanella.
- ✓ 3. Mr. C. M. CADER TAMBY of Dehiowita.

By His Excellency's command,

HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 24, 1907.

No. 309 of 1907.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint Mr. BASTIAN PERERA SAMARASINGHE of Weligampitiya, Ja-ela, to be a Notary Public throughout Anaivilundan and Munnessaram pattus of the Chilaw District, with residence and office at Battulu-oya, and an additional office in Chilaw town, and to practise as such in the Sinhalese language.

By His Excellency's command,

HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 24, 1907.

No. 310 of 1907.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint Mr. BENJAMIN HALL of Varany, Jaffna, to be a Notary Public throughout the Mannar islands and Mantai division of the District of Mannar, with residence and office at Erukkalampiddi, and an additional office at Vidatativu, and to practise as such in the Tamil language.

By His Excellency's command,

HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 24, 1907.

APPOINTMENTS, &c. OF REGISTRARS.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments :—

✓ Dr. CANAPATHIPILLAI SIVASITHAMPARAM to be Deputy Registrar of Births and Deaths of the Anuradhapura town division, in the Anuradhapura District of the North-Central Province, with effect from the 26th September, 1907, *vice* Mr. P. J. THURAIAPPA, resigned. His office will be at the Civil Hospital, Anuradhapura.

✓ VELUPPILLAI VAYITTIYANATAR to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Analaitivu division, in the Jaffna District of the Northern Province, for three months with effect from the 1st October, 1907, *vice* SUPPIRAMANYAR VELUPPILLAI on leave. His office will be at Chakkaikadu in Analaitivu.

✓ Mr. LOOLBADDEWADUGE DON MANORATNA of Ratnapura to be Deputy Registrar of Births and Deaths of Ratnapura town division, in the Ratnapura District

of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, with effect from the 1st October, 1907, *vice* Mr. P. EDIRISINHA, transferred. His office will be at the Ratnapura Hospital.

SUSE MARISAL SANTHAN to be Registrar of Births and Deaths of Willachchiya Korale North division and of Marriages (Kandyan and General) of Nuwatagam palata division, in the Anuradhapura District of the North-Central Province, with effect from the 28th September, 1907, *vice* S. M. ALISANDARA, deceased. His office will be at Periyamurippuwa in Pichcham-patti tulana.

By His Excellency's command,

HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 25, 1907.

THE following appointments under sections 2 and 3 of the Ordinances Nos. 19 and 23 of 1900, respectively, are hereby notified :—

The Provincial Registrar, Northern Province, has appointed MUTTUKKUMARU VIRAKUTTIYAR to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths and of Marriages (General) of the Vadamaradchi East division, in the Jaffna District of the Northern Province, for thirty days from the 20th September, 1907, *vice* Registrar H. M. KATHIRKAMER, deceased. His office will be at Muttatilpattu in Chempian pattu.

The Provincial Registrar, Northern Province, Jaffna, has appointed Mr. DEMMUGAM MAYILVAGANAM MANIKKAVASAKAR to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Vaddukkoddai division, in the Jaffna District of the Northern Province, for one week from the 23rd September, 1907, during the absence of I. I. MODLR. KANAPATIPPILLAI, Registrar, on leave. His office will be at Udaiyavalavu in Vaddukkoddai West.

The Provincial Registrar, Kurunegala, has appointed BASNAYANA MUDIYANSELAGE RAN BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Maha Galboda Egoda korale division and of General Marriages of Hiriyala hatpattu division, in the Kurunegala District of the North-Western Province, for two days from the 27th September, 1907, during the absence of the Registrar, H. B. M. UKKU BANDA, on leave. His office will be at Udugodagama.

The Provincial Registrar, Badulla, has appointed Dr. EDWARD PETER ASERAPPA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Badulla town division, in the Badulla District of the Province of Uva for thirty days from the 18th September, 1907, *vice* Dr. F. R. ALLES, transferred. His office will be at Badulla Hospital.

The Provincial Registrar, Badulla, has appointed DOWEGEDARA KONARA MUDIYANSELAGE APPUHAMY to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Nikawatiya division and of General Marriages of Wellassa division, in the Badulla District of the Province of Uva, for thirty days from the 20th September, 1907, during the absence of the Registrar, K. M. UKKU BANDA, on leave. His office will be at Galewadiyagedara in Nape and station at Baduluwela.

The Provincial Registrar, Badulla, has appointed HENDEWALAGEDARA TISAWALANGU MUDIYANSELAGE MUDALIHAMY to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths

of Mahawedirata division and of General Marriages of Wellassa division, in the Badulla District of the Province of Uva, for four weeks and two days from the 15th September, 1907, during the absence of the Registrar, W. M. U. BANDA, on leave. His office will be at Pitadeniyegedara in Kodayanna. (Station in Nambanne in Kandaudapanguwa.

The Provincial Registrar, Ratnapura, has appointed ATTANAYAKA MUKAWETHI SAHABANDU MUDIYANSELAGE MUDIYANSE SENARATNA of Alutnuwara to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Imbulpe division and of General Marriages of Uduwakgam pattu division in Kadawata korale, in the Ratnapura District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, for fifteen days from the 1st October, 1907, during the absence of the Registrar, J. A. FERNANDO, on leave. His office will be at Gangoda-arawa in Alutnuwara.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Matale, has appointed Mr. HERMON DON MARTIN LEWIS to act as Registrar of General Marriages of Matale South, Division No. 1, in the Matale District of the Central Province, for four days from the 25th September, 1907, during the absence of Mr. R. MALALGODA, on leave. His office will be at the Matale Kachcheri.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Hambantota, has appointed HALPEWATTEGE DAVIT PEIRIS to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Tihawa division and of Marriages (General) of Magam pattu division, in the Hambantota District of the Southern Province, for eight days from the 12th September, 1907, during the absence of D. JAYASINHA, on leave. His office will be at Polgahawatta in Tihawa.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Colombo, has appointed Dr. R. H. PHILLIPS to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Division No. 5 of the Colombo Municipality, in the Colombo District of the Western Province, from 2 to 5 P.M. on the 26th September, 1907, during the absence of the Registrar, Dr. S. A. SITTAMPALAM, on leave. His office will be at No. 259, Alutnawata road, Colombo.

P. ARUNACHALAM,
Registrar-General

Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, September 26, 1907.

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATIONS.

IT is hereby notified that the under-mentioned gentleman has passed the examination prescribed under the Regulations dated 26th August, 1891, held on the 22nd July, 1907, and following days :—

Second Examination.

Mr. E. B. DENHAM.

Table of Marks obtained.

Sinhalese. Per Cent.	Tamil. Per Cent.	Law. Per Cent.	Accounts. Per Cent.
63	37	59	85

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 24, 1907.

HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Board appointed by HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR will sit on the following day at the Council Chamber for the purpose of opening and considering tenders for the purchase of the following Arrack Rent for the period as stated :—

October 4, 1907.

Northern Province.—The District of Mullaittivu. For a period of one year from January 1, 1908.

N.B.—The boundaries of the rent are not conterminous with the boundaries of the Revenue District, and the division of Karunaval Pattu South does not belong to this rent.

No tender will be received after 12.30 P.M. on the appointed day.

Each tenderer should state in his tender the price that he is prepared to pay.

Tenders, properly sealed, may either be posted, addressed to the Hon. Mr. Hugh Clifford, C.M.G., Colonial Secretary, marked "Arrack Rent Tender," or delivered personally by the tenderer to the Board. If no fair offer is received, the rent will be put up for sale by auction.

Forms of conditions of sale with lists of taverns can be obtained at any Kachcheri in the Island. Any further information required will be supplied by the Hon. the Controller of Revenue on application made to him either personally or by letter.

Tenderers who cannot speak English and wish to communicate with the Board must bring their own interpreters.

No tender will be considered unless the tenderer is present in person or by his authorized agent at the Council Chamber, and is prepared to deposit forthwith the amount of one month's rent as tendered by him.

In the event of two or more tenders being for an equal amount, the Board shall have the option of forthwith offering the rent for sale by public auction—the bidding to be restricted to the tenderers in question—or of calling for fresh tenders.

Purchasers of this rent will be allowed to sell arrack at any price not below Rs. 4.50 per gallon.

Forms of tender can be obtained free of charge on application personally or by letter to the Hon. the Controller of Revenue.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 27, 1907.

HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

IT is hereby notified that an examination under the Regulations of August 26, 1891, for gentlemen in the Civil Service will be held in the Council Chamber on Monday, October 21, 1907, at 10.30 A.M., and following days, namely :—

Monday, October 21	.. Sinhalese	Thursday, October 24	.. Law
Tuesday, October 22	.. Law	Friday, October 25	.. Accounts
Wednesday, October 23	.. Law	Saturday, October 26	.. Tamil

The examination under the Minute of December 12, 1898, and the *viva voce* examination in the native languages for officers in the Public Works Department, the Irrigation Department, and the Forest Department, will be held at the same time and place.

Only the Police Magistrates who are not members of the Bar or of the Civil Service and those candidates who have been specially nominated by the Governor will be admitted to the examination under the Minute of December 12, 1898.

The examination in the Criminal Procedure Code prescribed under the Minute of March 26, 1900, for officers in the Fourth Class of the Civil Service, will also be held on October 22, 1907, as well as at the Kandy Kacheheri.

It is also hereby notified that candidates will be given the option of using Codes in the examinations in the Criminal Procedure Code and the Penal Code; they must, however, state when sending in their names what their decision is, as the character of the papers set for those who use Codes and those who do not will be different.

Candidates are required to send in their names not later than September 30, 1907.

Gentlemen in the Civil Service should state in their applications whether they are presenting themselves for the first or second examination, whether they intend taking up Sinhalese or Tamil, and whether they wish to have the option of using Codes.

By His Excellency's command.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, August 16, 1907.

G. M. FOWLER,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Assistant Inspectorship of Mines.

APPLICATIONS for the above post, to be created from January 1, 1908, will be received by the Hon. the Controller of Revenue on or before November 30, 1907. A statement of the applicant's previous experience and copies of testimonials, if any, should be forwarded with the application.

2. The duties of the Assistant Inspector will be to assist in making periodical inspection of mines, as defined by Ordinance No. 2 of 1896, throughout the Island, and to furnish reports to the Inspector of Mines. He will also be required to make underground surveys of mines and to assist in office work and to attend court in connection with cases instituted for breach of rules.

3. The appointment will, in the first instance, be on probation for six months, and the officer appointed will receive a salary of Rs. 2,400 per annum, with a travelling allowance of Rs. 5 per diem to cover all expenditure incurred by him in connection with the discharge of his duties.

4. All further particulars, together with copies of the rules framed under the Mines and Machinery Ordinance, can be obtained on application to the Hon. the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

5. Applicants must be possessed of practical experience of the working and management of mines.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 7, 1907.

HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

THE following regulations made by the Council of the Ceylon Medical College, in exercise of the powers vested in them by section 13 of "The Medical Registration Ordinance, 1905," and approved by HIS EXCELLENCY THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT, with the advice of the Executive Council, are hereby, in pursuance of section 13 of the said Ordinance, published for general information.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, August 15, 1907.

G. M. FOWLER,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Regulations for the Registration of Medical Practitioners.

The following diplomas and certificates will be entertained by the Council of the Ceylon Medical College in applications by persons to obtain certificates under section 13 of Ordinance No. 2 of 1905:—

- (a) License in Medicine and Surgery (Ceylon).
- (b) Any medical qualification which is capable of being registered under the Medical Acts of Great Britain and Ireland, provided that this qualification has been obtained from one of the examining bodies of Great Britain or Ireland.
- (c) The Medical Degrees and the License in Medicine and Surgery of—
 - (1) Madras University.
 - (2) Calcutta University.
 - (3) Bombay University.
 - (4) Allahabad University.
 - (5) Punjab University.
- (d) The Medical Degrees of the Universities of the British Colonies.
- (e) In the case of persons who do not hold a Diploma or License to practise Medicine and Surgery, applications must be supported (1) by certificates from two practitioners already registered under the Ordinance and qualified for registration by possession of a Degree or Diploma which is accepted as a qualification for registration to the effect that the applicant possesses the requisite knowledge and skill for efficient practise as a Medical Practitioner; (2) by an affidavit that the applicant has practised Medicine and Surgery in Ceylon for not less than ten years. Applications by such persons will only be entertained if made on or before the 31st December, 1907, and certificates under section 13 of the Medical Registration Ordinance will only be granted in cases where the Council is satisfied that it is desirable in the interests of the public the same should be given.

THE following rule made under the provisions of sub-section (4) of section 6 of the Village Communities Ordinance, No. 24 of 1889, as amended by Ordinance No. 9 of 1894, by a Village Committee of the inhabitants of the subdivision of Nuwaragam korale of Nuwaragam palata, in the North-Central Province at a meeting held at Bulankulama on August 14, 1907, has been approved by HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, with the advice of the Executive Council, and is published for general information under section 7 of the said Ordinance.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 20, 1907.

HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

THE following rule made under the provisions of sub-section (4) of section 6 of the Village Communities' Ordinance, No. 24 of 1889, as amended by Ordinance No. 9 of 1894, by a Village Committee of the inhabitants of the subdivision of Kende korale of Nuwaragam palata, in the North-Central Province, at a meeting held at Rambewa on August 15, 1907, has been approved by HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, with the advice of the Executive Council, and is published for general information under section 7 of the said Ordinance.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 20, 1907.

HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

THE following rule made under the provisions of sub-section (4) of section 6 of the Village Communities' Ordinance, No. 24 of 1889, as amended by Ordinance No. 9 of 1894, by a Village Committee of the inhabitants of the subdivision of Kanadara korale of Nuwaragam palata, in the North-Central Province, at a meeting held at Bulankulama on August 11, 1907, has been approved by HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, with the advice of the Executive Council, and is published for general information under section 7 of the said Ordinance.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 20, 1907.

HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

THE following rule made under the provisions of sub-section (4) of section 6 of the Village Communities' Ordinance, No. 24 of 1889, as amended by Ordinance No. 9 of 1894, by a Village Committee of the inhabitants of the subdivision of Wilachchiya korale of Nuwaragam palata, in the North-Central Province, at a meeting held at Sinharagama on August 18, 1907, has been approved by HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, with the advice of the Executive Council, and is published for general information under section 7 of the said Ordinance.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 20, 1907.

HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

THE following rule made under the provisions of sub-section (4) of section 6 of the Village Communities' Ordinance, No. 24 of 1889, as amended by Ordinance No. 9 of 1894, by a Village Committee of the inhabitants of the subdivision of Eppawala korale of Nuwaragam palata, in the North-Central Province, at a meeting held at Tammuttegama on August 21, 1907, has been approved by HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, with the advice of the Executive Council, and is published for general information under section 7 of the said Ordinance.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 20, 1907.

HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

Rule referred to in the above Notifications.

That when an area of land has been set apart for the communal use of the villagers, it shall be the duty of the shareholders to clear, open, and define the boundaries of the area so assigned. The boundaries shall be a cut line six feet broad, with numbered posts planted in charcoal at points selected by the Government Agent. The shareholders shall provide the necessary posts and charcoal, and shall maintain the posts in good condition.

IT is hereby notified, in terms of the regulations dated 2nd June, 1903, that HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to grant the under-mentioned Volunteers the Colonial Auxiliary Forces Long Service Medals :—

- No. 2,198 Colour-Sergeant FREDRICK TOUSSAINT, Ceylon Light Infantry.
- No. 1,810 Corporal AHAMADON ABDEEN ISMAIL, Ceylon Light Infantry.
- No. 2,219 Lance-Corporal JEROME DE CRUZE, Ceylon Light Infantry.
- No. 1,959 Volunteer GEORGE ANDERSON CRAMER, Ceylon Light Infantry.
- No. 2,079 Volunteer PETER JOHN JURLIANSZ, Ceylon Light Infantry.
- No. 2,083 Volunteer CHARLES MARTIN JANSZ, Ceylon Light Infantry.
- No. 2,220 Bandsman JASSIM OUSMAN, Ceylon Volunteer Force.

By His Excellency's command,

HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 20, 1907.

WHEREAS under the provisions of "The Toll Ordinance, 1896," a road toll was established on the road from Ratnapura to Haputale, in the Province of Sabaragamuwa, and it was appointed that the said toll should be collected at Ketandola between the 58th and 59th mileposts, about 100 fathoms from the bridge over Ketandola :

And whereas it is expedient to alter the place of collection of the said toll :

It is hereby notified that His Excellency the Governor, in exercise of the powers vested in him by section 10 of the said Ordinance and with the advice of the Executive Council, has by a resolution of the 20th day of September, 1907, altered the said place at which the toll has been collected, and appointed instead the following place for the collection thereof, as from and after the First day of January, 1908, viz., at Palwadiya, Batugedara, between the 59th and 60th mileposts, about 15 yards to the east of the bridge over the Kirimétidola on the said road.

By His Excellency's command,

HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 23, 1907.

IT is hereby notified that HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR in Executive Council, in exercise of the powers vested in him by section 41 of "The Births and Deaths Registration Ordinance, 1895," as amended by section 3 of "The Births and Deaths Registration (Amendment) Ordinance, 1907," has been pleased to prescribe that the fees payable and the value of stamps to be furnished under the said section 41 of the said Ordinance shall be according to the scale set out in the schedule hereto.

By His Excellency's command,

HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 21, 1907.

SCHEDULE.

<i>Fees.</i>	Rs. c.
For search of registers of each registration division covering a period of three months	0 25
For a longer period and not exceeding one year	0 50
For every additional year or part of a year	0 50
For every certified copy or extract	0 50
<i>Stamps.</i>	
For every written application for search or copy or both	0 50
For every certified copy or extract	0 25

THE following revised regulations under which Commissions in the British Army may be obtained by Officers of Colonial Military Forces, issued with Army Orders dated July 1, 1907, are published for general information.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 14, 1907.

By His Excellency's command,
HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

Regulations under which Commissions in the British Army may be obtained by Officers of Colonial Military Forces.

(As to candidates from the Chartered Universities in the Colonies, see "Regulations under which commissions in the Army may be obtained by University Candidates," to be purchased in the same manner as these Regulations.)

1907.

(N.B.—Officers appointed to commissions in the Regular Forces may, in case of voluntary retirement from the Regular Forces, be called upon, as a condition of receiving the full rates of retired pay, to serve for a time in the Militia or Imperial Yeomanry.)

1. *To whom granted.*—Commissions in the Regular Forces will be granted to officers of the Militia* of certain Colonies under the conditions hereinafter prescribed, which, stated generally, are as follows:—

Candidates who possess the qualifications specified in paragraph 3 may be nominated by the authority specified in paragraph 2. After such nomination they will be examined by a Medical Board (see paragraph 17), and will undergo an examination in military subjects (see paragraph 21.)

2. *Allotment of commissions.*—Until further notice the number of commissions allotted each half-year to the Colonies, and the authority by whom nominations will be made, are as follows:—

Colonies.	No. of Commissions allotted each Half-year.	By whom Nominations will be made.
Canada ..	4	.. The Governor-General.
Australia ..	4	.. do.
New Zealand ..	2	.. The Governor.
South Africa ..	3	.. { The Governor, Cape Colony; or The Governor, Natal; or The High Commissioner for South Africa.
† Crown Colonies ..	3	.. The Secretary of State for the Colonies.
	16	

In the total of 16 will be included one commission in the Royal Artillery, which will be awarded to the candidate desirous of such an appointment who obtains highest marks at the examination in military subjects (see paragraphs 3 (d) and 11).

3. *Qualification of candidates.*—A candidate to be eligible for nomination must—

- (a) Be unmarried.
- (b) Have attained the age of 20, and not have attained the age of 25 on the 1st of April if nominated for a March Military Examination, or on the 1st of October if nominated for an October Military Examination.
- (c) Have obtained a "leaving" or "qualifying" certificate, or have passed one of the examinations accepted in lieu thereof (see paragraphs 4 to 12).
- (d) Have served as an officer in the Militia of the Colony from which he is nominated, and have attended two annual trainings, each training in a distinct year, or have seen active service in the field. A candidate for a commission in the Royal Artillery must be an officer of the Militia Artillery.
- (e) Have been attached to a British Regular Unit, or to a unit of the Permanent Military Force of the Colony, for a period of two months in accordance with paragraph 13, and have obtained a satisfactory certificate as laid down in Appendix IV.

II.—"Leaving" and "Qualifying" Certificates.

4. In order to show that they have attained a fair standard of general education, all candidates will be required to produce either—

- (a) A "leaving" certificate;
- (b) A "qualifying" certificate; or
- (c) Proof of having passed one of the examinations laid down in paragraph 12.

5. *Leaving certificate.*—A "leaving" certificate is a certificate including the subjects stated in paragraph 11 and granted in Scotland and Wales by a central body to candidates, not less than 17 years of age, who have attended three years' continuous teaching, with satisfactory conduct, in one or more properly inspected schools.

* For the purposes of these Regulations Militia should be defined as "a partially paid and annually trained force, as shown in the Annual Return of Naval and Military Resources, and controlled by the Colonial Government."

† Excluding Malta and Bermuda, the Militia of which are dealt with in the "Regulations under which commissions in the Regular Forces may be obtained by officers of the Militia and Imperial Yeomanry" of the United Kingdom.

In England and Ireland (until such time as a system of "leaving" certificate granted by a central body is instituted) this certificate, which must fulfil the above conditions as regards subjects, age, teaching, &c., will be granted by one of those bodies mentioned in paragraph 6 to a candidate at a school* which has been approved by the Army Council.

The examination for the "leaving" certificate will be held *at the School* by the body which inspected it and recommended it for approval.

6. For the present the following is a list of the bodies whose "leaving" certificate for Army purposes is accepted :—

For Schools in Scotland.

- (1) The Scotch Education Department.

For Schools in Wales.

- (2) The Central Welsh Board for intermediate education.

For Schools in England and Ireland.

- (3) Oxford and Cambridge Schools Examination Board.
 (4) The University of London.
 (5) The University of Birmingham.
 (6) The Oxford Local Examination Delegacy.
 (7) The Cambridge Local Examination Syndicate.

7. *Qualifying certificate.*—A "qualifying" certificate is a certificate, including the subjects mentioned in paragraph 11, granted by the Army Qualifying Board to a candidate not less than 17 years of age.

8. Examinations will be held, commencing on or about the first Tuesday in March and the third Tuesday in September, at which candidates who wish to obtain "qualifying" certificates may present themselves, provided they have completed their seventeenth year before the first day of the month in which the examination is held.

The examination will be held in the Colony. The fee for the examination will be £3.

9. *Mode of application.*—A candidate who is desirous of attending one of these examinations must apply to his Commanding Officer at such date as will allow of the nominating authority forwarding the application so as to reach the War Office not later than the 1st of January or the 1st of July for the March and September examinations respectively. The nominating authority, in forwarding the application, will certify that the candidate is, having regard to the limits laid down in paragraph 3 (b), eligible in point of age, and that he will be prepared, when necessary, to recommend him in the manner prescribed in paragraph 15. The necessary papers will then be sent to the nominating authority.

10. Candidates must clearly understand that the fact of their obtaining a "leaving" or "qualifying" certificate, or of having passed one of the examinations laid down in paragraph 12, does not entitle them to nomination unless they are eligible in other respects as laid down in paragraph 3.

11. *Subjects to be covered by leaving or qualifying certificate.*—The subjects covered by a "leaving" or "qualifying" certificate (see Syllabus in Appendix II.) are divided into classes, as follows :—

CLASS I.

- (1) English.
 (2) English History and Geography.
 (3) Mathematics (elementary).

N.B.—A candidate must take up and qualify in each of the subjects of Class I. If he is a candidate for the Royal Artillery, he must *in addition* take up and qualify in Mathematics I.

CLASS II.

- (4) Science.
 (5) French or German.
 (6) Latin or Greek.

N.B.—A candidate must take up and qualify in any two of the three subjects, (4), (5), and (6), of Class II.

(Science in a "leaving" certificate means such combination of experimental or natural science as the Army Council may approve, provided always that the sciences recognized shall have been taught in a sufficiently extended course, including a due amount of laboratory and field work.)

(Any "leaving" certificate accepted as exempting from the qualifying examination must certify that the candidate has taken a sufficient course of elementary geometrical drawing and practical geometry and also an elementary course of practical measurements as specified in the syllabus of elementary mathematics for the qualifying examination, and must also certify that the candidate has passed in these subjects; but it will be in the option of the candidate to take those subjects separately in the qualifying examination.)

12. *Examinations which exempt from the qualifying examination.*—A candidate will be exempt from attending a qualifying examination—

- (a) If he has qualified for admission to the Royal Military Academy or Royal Military College at a competitive examination held under the regulations in force up to and including June, 1905; or if he has attained a similar standard in one of the following examinations held by the Civil Service Commissioners up to and including June, 1905 :—

The examination of candidates for the India Forest Service.

The examination of candidates for the India Police Service.

The examination of candidates for junior appointments in the Supply and Accounting Departments of the Admiralty.

The examination of candidates for junior appointments in the Royal Ordnance Factories of the War Office.

The examination of Officers of the Militia and Imperial Yeomanry and Colonial Military Forces for commissions in the Regular Forces.

* For a list of approved schools see "Monthly Army List."

- (b) If he has, at a competitive examination of Militia and Imperial Yeomanry Officers, held by the War Office, under the regulations in force up to March, 1904, attained such a standard in the literary portion of the examination as may be determined by the Army Council.
- (c) If he has passed the examination for the degree of B.A., or M.A., at one of the following Universities :—

Oxford.	Aberdeen.
Cambridge.	The Royal University, Ireland.
Dublin.	Victoria University, Manchester.
Durham.	Liverpool.
London.	Leeds.
Edinburgh.	Birmingham.
St. Andrews.	Wales.
Glasgow.	

Or for the degree of B.Sc. at the Universities of Edinburgh, St. Andrews, Glasgow, or Aberdeen.
Or one of the following University Examinations :—

- Oxford—The First Public Examination.
Cambridge—One of the parts of the General Examination, or Part I. of any Tripos Examination.
Dublin—The Final Examination of the Senior Freshman year ; or the Final Examination of the School of Engineering.
Durham—The First Year's Examinations.
London—The Intermediate Examinations in Arts, Law, Science, or Medicine.
Scottish Universities—The Examination of Candidates for the Army ; or the Preliminary Examination and the First Science Examination.
The Royal University, Ireland—The Second University Examination in Arts, or the Second Professional Examination in Engineering.
Victoria University, Manchester—The Intermediate Examination.
The University of Wales—Completion of three "Intermediate" courses in the Faculty of Science, or of four courses in the Faculty of Arts.
Birmingham—The Intermediate Examination in Arts or Science.
Liverpool—The Intermediate Examination in Arts, Science, or Engineering.
Leeds—The Intermediate Examination in Arts or Science.

Or some other test which is accepted by the University as exempting from the above examinations. A certificate that the examination is accepted by the authorities concerned must be produced. An equivalent examination at one of the chartered Colonial Universities will likewise be accepted as a sufficient ground for exemption.

[A candidate for the Royal Artillery must—

In the case of (a) have attained the Royal Military Academy Standard in Mathematics I. and II.

In the case of (b) have qualified in Higher Mathematics.

In the case of (c) have attained such a standard in Mathematics as may be certified as equal to Mathematics I. of the syllabus in Appendix II.]

III.—Attachment to Regular Forces or Permanent Local Forces.

13. Commencing with the nomination of 1st July, 1908, a candidate to be eligible for nomination must have been attached to a Regular Unit or to a unit of the Permanent Military Forces of the Colony for two consecutive months at any time after the completion of his first annual training, and must have obtained a satisfactory certificate as set forth in Appendix IV.

During the attachment a candidate will be instructed in drill, discipline, and interior economy, musketry, semaphore signalling, and practical tactics (including Sections 124–150 inclusive, and 169, Part IV., Infantry Training).

14. The attachment will be arranged by the General Officer commanding the Regular or Permanent Forces in the Colony, who will cause a candidate who has qualified to be furnished with a certificate as set forth in Appendix IV.

No charges will be admissible against Imperial Funds in connection with this attachment.

IV.—Nomination.

15. *Notification by the nominating authority.*—The nominating authority mentioned in paragraph 2 will notify to the War Office, through the Secretary of State for the Colonies, each half-year, the names of any duly qualified candidates he is desirous of nominating for examination in Military Subjects.

This notification must reach the War Office by the 1st July for an October Examination, and by the 1st January for a March Examination, and should be accompanied by—

- (a) An extract from the register of the candidate's birth ; or, in default, a certificate of his baptism or other documentary evidence accompanied by a declaration made by one of his parents or guardians before a magistrate, giving his exact age.
- (b) A certificate of having served the required number of annual trainings (each training in a distinct year).
- (c) A certificate as to attachment to a unit of the Regular or Permanent Military Forces in accordance with paragraph 13 and Appendix IV.
- (d) A certificate from the nominating authority that he is satisfied that the candidate is a *bona fide* Colonial resident, that he is of good moral character, unmarried, and, in all other respects a fit and proper person to hold a commission in His Majesty's Army.
- (e) One of the certificates as to literary qualification mentioned in paragraph 4.

16. Should the number of candidates nominated exceed the number of commissions allotted to the Colony for the half-year, the commissions will be awarded to those candidates who obtain highest marks in the examination. Commissions not taken up by one Colony may be awarded to candidates from other Colonies if the exigencies of the Service permit.

V.—Medical Examination.

17. *Inspection by Medical Board.*—A nominated candidate will be required to undergo examination by a Medical Board, to be convened by the Governor of the Colony, or other proper authority, and will not be allowed to proceed with his examination in military subjects unless pronounced by this Board to be physically fit for His Majesty's Service.

18. *Medical Examination.*—The general conditions as to height, weight, chest measurement, eyesight, &c., are given in Appendix I.

The Board has power—

- (a) To pass the candidate as physically fit.
- (b) To report the candidate as unfit; but—
 - (1) In a case in which a defect can be cured by operation, to recommend that he be re-examined by a Medical Board after such operation.*
 - (2) In a case in which the candidate is slightly below one or other of the conditions as to height, chest girth, &c., enumerated in Appendix I., and in which the Board consider that he will fulfil them within six months, to recommend that he be re-examined at the end of that period. A candidate so recommended will be re-examined at the end of six months, and will not be granted a commission unless he has then attained the standard required according to his age.
- (c) To reject a candidate as physically unfit.

No relaxation of the eyesight test can ever be allowed.
The decision of the board will, in all cases, be absolutely final.

A candidate who is rejected by that Board can under no circumstances be medically re-examined unless he be again nominated.

VI.—Preliminary Medical Examination.

19. It is suggested that a candidate before commencing his course of study should undergo a thorough medical examination. By such an examination any *serious* physical disqualification would be revealed, and the candidate probably spared expense and the mortification of rejection.

20. Candidates may undergo a preliminary examination by a Military Medical Board, not more than two years before they compete, under the following conditions:—

- (a) Applications must be addressed to the nominating authority, accompanied by a fee to be assessed by the Colonial Authorities.
- (b) Instructions will be issued for the examination to take place at the station nearest the candidate's residence, where a Medical Board can be held. The result will be notified to candidates by the Board.
- (c) The Board will be constituted by the nominating authority, and will be composed of military medical officers or, when this is not practicable, of civil medical practitioners of recognized professional standing.
- (d) Candidates must pay their travelling expenses.
- (e) Candidates found unfit by the preliminary Board are not bound to accept its finding, but may, *at their own risk*, continue their studies, and if nominated may then submit themselves for medical examination by the *final* Medical Board.
- (f) It must be distinctly understood that passing such preliminary Medical Board is solely for the candidate's information, and would give him no sort of claim to be accepted as physically fit when he presents himself as a candidate. His acceptance will depend entirely upon the report of the *final* Medical Board. Candidates may be fit for the service at the preliminary medical examination, but may become disqualified by some subsequent physical deterioration.

VII.—Examination in Military Subjects.

21. Examinations in Military Subjects of candidates nominated under paragraph 15 will be held in March and October in each year. The subjects† and the maximum marks obtainable in each subject will be as follows:—

	Marks.
(1) Military History and Strategy (2 papers)	1,000
(2) Tactics (2 papers)	1,500
(3) Military Engineering (2 papers)	1,000
(4) Military Topography (2 papers)	1,000
(5) Military Law (1 paper)	250
(6) Military Administration and Organization (1 paper)	250

22. *Marks required.*—To qualify, a candidate will be required to obtain not less than 4 of the marks in each paper, and 5 of the aggregate.

23. *Publication of list.*—The successful candidates will be placed in order of merit, according to the total marks obtained. Each candidate will be informed of his place on the list, and the marks obtained by him in each subject.

* Such a candidate will be re-examined at the end of six months. If not then pronounced fit his name will be removed from the list of successful candidates.

† See syllabus in Appendix III.

APPENDICES.

APPENDIX I.—PHYSICAL AND MEDICAL EXAMINATION OF CANDIDATES FOR COMMISSIONS
IN THE ARMY.

I.—A candidate for a Commission in His Majesty's Army must be in good mental and bodily health and free from any physical defect likely to interfere with the efficient performance of military duty.

II.—The attention of the Board will be directed to the following points:—

(a) That the correlation of age, height, and chest girth is not less than that which is given in the following table:—

Physical Equivalents.

Age last Birthday.	Height without Shoes. Inches.	Girth when fully expanded. Inches.	Chest. Range of Expansion. Inches.
16	60 $\frac{1}{2}$ and under 62	.. 33	.. 2
	62 $\frac{1}{2}$ " 65	.. 34	.. 2
	65 " 68	.. 34	.. 2
	68 " 72	.. 34 $\frac{1}{2}$	.. 2 $\frac{1}{2}$
	72 and upwards	.. 35	.. 2 $\frac{1}{2}$
17	62 and under 65	.. 34	.. 2
	65 " 68	.. 34 $\frac{1}{2}$	.. 2
	68 " 72	.. 35	.. 2
	72 and upwards	.. 35 $\frac{1}{2}$	.. 2 $\frac{1}{2}$
18	62 and under 65	.. 34 $\frac{1}{2}$	.. 2
	65 " 68	.. 35	.. 2
	68 " 72	.. 35 $\frac{1}{2}$	.. 2
	72 and upwards	.. 36	.. 2 $\frac{1}{2}$
19	62 $\frac{1}{2}$ and under 65	.. 35	.. 2
	65 " 68	.. 35	.. 2
	68 " 70	.. 35 $\frac{1}{2}$	.. 2
	70 " 72	.. 36	.. 2
	72 and upwards	.. 36 $\frac{1}{2}$	.. 2 $\frac{1}{2}$
20	62 $\frac{1}{2}$ and under 65	.. 35	.. 2
	65 " 68	.. 35	.. 2
	68 " 70	.. 35 $\frac{1}{2}$	.. 2
	70 " 72	.. 36	.. 2 $\frac{1}{2}$
	72 and upwards	.. 36 $\frac{1}{2}$	.. 2 $\frac{1}{2}$
21 and upwards	62 $\frac{1}{2}$ and under 65	.. 35	.. 2
	65 " 68	.. 35 $\frac{1}{2}$	.. 2
	68 " 70	.. 36	.. 2
	70 " 72	.. 36 $\frac{1}{2}$	.. 2 $\frac{1}{2}$
	72 and upwards	.. 37	.. 2 $\frac{1}{2}$

(b) Measurement of height.

The candidate will be placed against the standard, with his feet together, and the weight thrown on the heels, and not on the toes or outside of the feet. He will stand erect without rigidity, and with the heels, calves, buttocks, and the shoulders touching the standard; the chin will be depressed to bring the vertex of the head level under the horizontal bar, and the height will be noted in parts of an inch to eighths.

(c) Measurement of chest.

The candidate will be made to stand erect, with his feet together, and to raise his arms over his head. The tape will be carefully adjusted round the chest, with its posterior upper edge touching the inferior angles of the shoulder blades, and its anterior lower edge the upper part of the nipples. The arms will then be lowered to hang loosely by the side, and care will be taken that the shoulders are not thrown upwards or backwards so as to displace the tape. The candidate will then be directed to take a deep inspiration several times, and the maximum expansion of the chest will be carefully noted. It is often attempted to conceal the true minimum measurement, but it can be obtained by a little manipulation and by drawing off attention from the examination by a few questions.

The maximum expansion rarely exceeds the average minimum by more than 2 to 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches.

The minimum and maximum will then be recorded thus, 33/35, 34/36 $\frac{1}{2}$, &c.

In recording the measurements fractions of less than half an inch should not be noted.

(d) The candidate will also be weighed, and his weight recorded on the proceedings of the Board.

(e) Eyesight.

The regulations regarding the examination of eyesight are as follows:—

Snellen's Optotypi (1902 edition) will be used for the determination of the visual acuteness.

If a candidate can read D = 6 at 6 metres (20 English feet) and D = 0.6, at any distance selected by himself, with each eye without glasses, he will be considered *fit*.

If a candidate can only read $D = 24$ at 6 mètres (20 English feet) with each eye without glasses his visual deficiency being due to faulty refraction, which can be corrected by glasses which enable him to read $D = 6$ at 6 mètres (20 English feet) with one eye, and $D = 12$, at the same distance, with the other eye, and can also read $D = 0.8$ with each eye without glasses, at any distance selected by himself, he will be considered *fit*.

If a candidate can read $D = 6$ at 6 mètres (20 English feet) with one eye a higher defect than $D = 24$ will be accepted in the other, and if he can read $D = 36$ with the defective eye, at the required distance, the defect being due to error in refraction which can be remedied by glasses so that he can read, at least, $D = 12$, he will be considered *fit*.

If a candidate cannot read $D = 24$ at 6 metres (20 English feet) with each eye without glasses, notwithstanding he can read $D = 0.6$, he will be considered *unfit*.

The candidate must be able to read the tests without hesitation in ordinary daylight, and the eyes must be wide open.

Squint, or any other morbid condition, subject to the risk of aggravation or recurrence, in either eye, will cause the rejection of a candidate.

Inability to distinguish the principal colours will not be regarded as a cause for rejection, but the fact will be noted in the report, and the candidate will be informed.

The degree of acuteness of vision of all candidates for commissions (including preliminary examinations) will be entered in their reports in the following manner :—

Sufficient..	}	R. E. ..	..	V =
		L. E. ..	..	V =
Defective..	}	R. E. ..	..	V =
		L. E. ..	..	V =

No relaxation of the standard of vision will ever be allowed.

The following additional points will then be observed :—

- (f) That his hearing is good.
- (g) That his speech is without impediment.
- (h) That his teeth are in good order. Loss or decay of ten teeth will be considered a disqualification. Decayed teeth, if well filled, will be considered as sound.
- (j) That his chest is well formed and that his lungs and heart are sound.
- (k) That he is not ruptured.
- (l) That he does not suffer from a severe degree of varicocele* or varicose veins. A candidate who has been successfully operated on will be accepted.
- (m) That his limbs are well formed and developed.
- (n) That there is free and perfect motion of all the joints.
- (o) That his feet and toes are well formed.
- (p) That he does not suffer from any inveterate skin disease.
- (q) That he has no congenital malformation or defect.
- (r) That he does not bear traces of previous acute or chronic disease pointing to an impaired constitution.
- (s) If the candidate is not of pure European descent the fact should be recorded by the Board.

APPENDIX II.—SYLLABUS OF SUBJECTS FOR A LEAVING CERTIFICATE AND FOR THE QUALIFYING EXAMINATION.

(See paragraph 11).

CLASS I.

1.—ENGLISH

- (1) Dictation.
- (2) Short "pass" essays on a limited number of questions (three to be done of a larger number set).
- (3) One short précis.
- (4) A paper to test general intelligence and power of expression.

2.—ENGLISH HISTORY AND GEOGRAPHY.

History.—English; general outlines.

The paper in this subject will be divided into three parts, covering the following periods :—1066 to 1485, 1485 to 1688, 1688 to 1832, but candidates will be allowed to choose questions from two consecutive parts only.

Geography.—(1) General. Main physical features of the world. Elementary principles of map construction. Elementary political geography.

(2) British Empire; rather more in detail.

3.—ELEMENTARY MATHEMATICS.

Arithmetic.—The ordinary rules, with applications more especially to the mensuration of plane figures and solids. The metric system and the use of decimals in approximative calculation, with contracted methods, will be specially insisted upon.

Neither the extraction of the cube root nor the use and theory of recurring decimals is required.

Neatness and accuracy of working are expected, and the methods of solution employed must be clearly indicated. There will be no objection to the intelligent use of algebraic formulæ and symbols.

Geometry.—The elements of geometrical drawing and practical geometry.

*A definition of severe varicocele may be obtained from the Director-General, Army Medical Service, War Office, London, S. W.

The substance of Euclid, Books I., II., III., and a working knowledge of as much of the properties of similar figures as is necessary for plan-making, map-drawing, and simple problems in mensuration.

Algebra.—To simple quadratic equations; the elementary use of graphs, particularly in connection with linear and quadratic functions.

The papers will be set to test knowledge of fundamental principles and readiness in application to simple practical problems. The solutions of equations must be worked out to a few significant figures, and candidates must be accustomed to test the accuracy of solutions by substitution. Skill in elaborate analysis, such as the simplification of complicated fractions, will not be looked for.

Practical Measurements.

Measurement of length—verniers, calipers, micrometer, screw-gauge, spherometer.

Measurement of angles—use of protractor, &c.

Measurements of areas—by dimensions, by squared paper, by weighing; area of cross-sections of a tube, calibration of a tube.

Measurement of volume—by dimensions, by graduated jar or burette.

Measurement of weight—use of balance.

Principle of Archimedes—volume by weighing.

Specific gravity.

The examination will deal with the first three paragraphs in the above schedule, with a possibility of questions for written answers on the other four.

Mathematics I.

(For candidates for appointment to the Royal Artillery only.)

Arithmetic.—As in elementary mathematics, with more difficult questions and exercises involving the use of four-figure logarithms. Use of the slide rule.

Geometry.—Geometrical drawing and practical geometry of plane figures, including the use of Marquois and other scales.

The substance of Euclid, Books I. to VI.* The special treatment of incommensurables will not be required.

Proportion may be treated algebraically and the complications of Euclid's definitions and nomenclature avoided.

Algebra.—As in elementary mathematics, together with indices and the simple properties of surds; graphs of the simpler algebraic functions; quadratic equations; use of graphs in solving equations, and in illustrating and solving practical questions; rate of variation of a function and gradient of a graph; graphic interpolation.

Grasp of elementary principles and readiness in practical application will be looked for, but great skill in analytical transformations will not be demanded.

Trigonometry.—Up to and including solution of plane triangles; graphs of trigonometrical functions; use of four-figure tables.

Readiness in straightforward practical applications, but no great analytical skill will be demanded.

Dynamics.—Graphical proofs of formulæ for uniformly accelerated motion—impact, work, energy, circular motion.

Statics.—Composition and resolution of forces; parallel forces; centre of gravity; three force problems; friction; mechanical powers, e.g., lever, wedge, pulleys, &c.

Practical Work.

Experimental verification of the above theoretical work, such as the measurement of velocity, impact, work, energy, &c. Exercises in drawing useful graphical demonstrations. Construction of the mechanical powers.

CLASS II.

4.—EXPERIMENTAL SCIENCE.

PHYSICS.

Mensuration.—Properties of matter with regard to mass and volume. Measurement of lines, areas, volumes, mass, time.

Light.—Rectilinear propagation. Shadows. Velocity of light. Photometry. Laws of reflection—plane, concave, and convex mirrors. Laws of refraction. Prism. Convex lens. Explanation of simple phenomena.

Magnetism.—Magnets and their properties. Permanent and induced magnetism. Methods of magnetisation. Molecular theory. Magnetic fields and lines of force. Terrestrial magnetism.

Static electricity.—Electrification. Induction. Gold leaf electroscope. Electrophorus. Elementary notions of potential and distribution of charge.

Current electricity.—Construction of batteries. Magnetic field due to current. Simple galvanometers. Ohm's Law with simple applications. Chemical action of the current. Heating effects of currents. Transformations of energy.

Practical Work.†

Verification of points on thermometers. Melting and boiling points. Simple photometry. Focal lengths of mirrors and of convex lenses. Experimental verification of laws of reflection. Mapping of lines of force in magnetic field. Simple experimental applications of Ohm's law. Equipotential lines on a conducting sheet.

* Schedules A and B of geometry issued by the University of Cambridge may be referred to as indicating the scope required.

† For the present, in the examination for the qualifying certificate the papers will be set in such a way as to ascertain whether the candidate has obtained a *practical* knowledge of the subject, and has himself performed simple experiments in the subjects enumerated under the heading of Practical Work.

CHEMISTRY.

Classification of matter.—Gases, liquids, solids.

Constitution of matter.—Elements, compounds, mixtures.

Study of water—

- (a) Solution of gases, of liquids, of solids, in water. Natural waters.
- (b) Evaporation, distillation, solidification, of water.
- (c) Qualitative and quantitative chemical constitution of water.

Study of the atmosphere—

- (a) Pressure.
- (b) Constitution.

Chemical action.—Combustion, flame. Plant and animal life. Conservation of matter and weight.

Oxides.—Acidic, basic, and neutral.

Acids and salts.—Formation of acids from acidic oxides. Neutralization of acids by bases.

Study of the non-metallic elements, hydrogen, oxygen, nitrogen, chlorine, carbon, sulphur, with their more simple or common compounds.

*Practical Work.**

Soluble and insoluble substances.—Quantitative estimation of solid in solution. Quantitative examination of a mixture containing a soluble and an insoluble substance.

Action of heat in air on common elements.—Quantitative examination of gain in weight. Examination of the properties of the bodies formed.

Neutralization of bases by acids and preparation of very simple salts.

Method of crystallization.—Determination of water of crystallization in a salt.

Preparation of hydrogen, oxygen, and nitrogen, by the simplest and most common methods.

5.—FRENCH OR GERMAN.

(1) Simple unseen translation from French or German.

(2) Simple unseen translation into French or German.

Pronunciation to be tested orally.

6.—LATIN OR GREEK.

(1) Unseen translation from Latin or Greek including both prose and verse.

(2) Easy prose to translate into Latin or Greek.

APPENDIX III.—SYLLABUS OF THE EXAMINATION IN MILITARY SUBJECTS.

(See paragraph 21.)

1. Military history and strategy—

	Marks.
(a) One general paper on military history and the principles of strategy ..	500
(b) One paper on a campaign (which will be notified in Army Orders of January or July) ..	500

The following headings indicate the scope of the examination :—

(Principles should be illustrated by examples from military history.)

- (a) The relation between politics and strategy.
- (b) The influence and limitations of sea power.
- (c) Strategical terms and their meanings.
- (d) The dependence of successful strategy on—
 - (1) A good system of organization for war and an efficient Intelligence Department.
 - (2) A method of training such as will provide an efficient instrument to carry out its conceptions.
 - (3) Secure bases and lines of supply.
 - (4) Good roads (and if possible railways) along the lines of operations.
- (e) The considerations which dictate the choice of an offensive or defensive attitude.
- (f) The selection of an objective, and of the theatre and line of operations.
- (g) The relation between the fronts of armies and their lines of communication.
- (h) The manœuvre of turning a flank and its development.
- (i) The breaking of a front and interposition between the parts of a divided front.
- (j) Operations on interior and exterior lines.
- (k) Combinations resulting from armies operating from divergent bases.
- (l) The modifications in strategic principles which the nationalization of armies and introduction of railways and telegraphs have brought about.
- (m) The influence on strategy of the physical features of a country and configuration of bases and frontiers.
- (n) The strategic counterstroke and the strategic pursuit.
- (o) The influence which moral factors and especially the personality and characteristics of an opponent exert on strategy.

* For the present, in the examination for the qualifying certificate the papers will be set in such a way as to ascertain whether the candidate has obtained a *practical* knowledge of the subject and has himself performed simple experiments in the subjects enumerated under the heading of Practical Work.

	Marks.
2. Tactics—	
(a) One paper on the matter contained in "Combined Training," together with questions on the history and development of the tactics of the three arms from 1740, inclusive, to the present date.	750
(b) One paper on the application of tactical principles to schemes worked out on a map	750
3. Military engineering—	
(a) One paper on the subject matter of the "Manual of Military Engineering, 1905" (Part I.)	500
(b) Application of above principles to schemes worked out on a map	500
4. Military topography—	
(a) One theoretical paper on the subject matter contained in the "Manual of Map reading and Field Sketching, 1906"	500
(b) One paper to test neatness and accuracy in plotting and finishing a military sketch, including the plotting from a field book, drawing a map of imaginary country from data given, with appropriate conventional signs	500

The following headings indicate the scope of the examinations :—

Terms and definitions used in field sketching. Conventional signs.

Scales.

Copying, reducing, and enlarging maps.

The principles of field sketching, including—

Selections of a base, intersection, re-section, traversing, and all other practical details, inclusive of those relating to hill sketching.

The use of, and methods of working with, prismatic compass and protractor, plane table, and cavalry sketching board.

Variation of the compass. Methods of determining the true north.

Preparation of sketching paper with magnetic meridians.

Method of keeping a field book. How to plot a traverse.

Map reading and theoretical problems connected therewith, including visibility of points and drawing sections.

Reconnaissance and reports. (See "Combined Training.")

5. Military law—

One paper	250
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The use of "The Manual of Military Law" and "The King's Regulations" will be allowed for answering this paper.

[N.B.—Annotated editions and MSS. of any kind, except amendments notified in Army Orders, are strictly prohibited.]

The following headings indicate the scope of the examination :—

Mode of continuing in force the Army Act.

Classification of the contents of the Army Act.

Crimes and punishment.

Arrest of offenders and investigation of charges.

Powers of Commanding Officers with respect to offences.

Framing charges for trial by Court-Martial.

Prisoner's preparation for his defence.

Courts-Martial: the several descriptions of.

Courts-Martial: convening and composition of.

Courts-Martial: jurisdiction and power of.

Procedure at trials by Court-Martial.

Appointment and special duties of President.

Duties of the Prosecutor at Courts-Martial.

Confirmation and revision of proceedings.

Mitigation, remission, and commutation of punishments at the time of confirmation.

Commencement of terms of penal servitude and imprisonment.

Applications of the rules of evidence to Court-Martial procedure, limited to the following extent—

(1) What must be proved.

(2) By which side proof must be given.

(3) Hearsay.

(4) Documents made evidence by the Army Act.

(5) Competency of witnesses.

(6) Examination of witnesses.

(7) Privileges of witnesses.

Application of the Army Act to His Majesty's Indian Forces.

Application of the Army Act to Warrant Officers.

Application of the Army Act to non-commissioned officers.

Application of the Army Act to troops embarked on board His Majesty's ships in commission.

Application of the Army Act to persons not belonging to His Majesty's forces.

Application of Military Law as provided by the Army Act, Sections 175 to 184.

Stoppages of pay by award of Commanding Officer.

Stoppages of pay by sentence of Court-Martial.

Stoppages of pay as a consequence of imprisonment or confinement.
 Forfeiture of good-conduct badges and pay.
 Forfeiture of service for reckoning pensions.
 Forfeiture of medals, decorations, &c.
 Forfeiture inflicted, either by Court-Martial, or as a consequence of certain convictions and sentences.
 Courts of inquiry on illegal absence of soldiers.
 Confession, by a soldier, of desertion or fraudulent enlistment.
 Apprehension of persons suspected of being deserters.
 Extension of soldiers' furlough in urgent cases.
 General knowledge of the provisions of the Army Act relating to enlistment, re-engagement, prolongation of service, and transfer.
 Customs of war.

6. Military Administration and Organization—

Marks.

One paper

250

The following headings indicate the scope of the examination :—

(i.) A detailed knowledge for both peace and war of the administration, organization, equipment, establishment, terms of service, and pay of—

An infantry battalion; or a cavalry regiment; or a field artillery brigade; or a garrison company.

(ii) A general knowledge of the following subjects :—

- (a) The titles and general contents of official publications, so as to know roughly what each deals with.
- (b) The general system of administration and organization of the Army.
- (c) War establishments and the composition of staffs and units in the field.
- (d) The constitution of the Militia, Imperial Yeomanry, Volunteers, and Reserve Forces.
- (e) The constitution of the Forces in India and the Colonies.
- (f) General principles of recruiting, terms of enlistment, extension of service, re-engagement, prolongation of service, transfer, and discharge.

APPENDIX IV.—(See paragraph 13.)

I certify that _____ has been attached to the unit under my command from _____ to _____; that during this period he has been instructed in drill, discipline, and interior economy, musketry, semaphore signalling, and practical tactics (including sections 124 to 150 inclusive, and 169, Part IV., Infantry Training). He has been attentive to his duties, his conduct has been satisfactory, and he has, in my opinion, attained a sufficient standard of efficiency.

Station _____

----- Commanding.

Date _____

[NOTE.—The above certificate is applicable in the case of a candidate who has been attached to an Infantry unit. In the case of a candidate attached to a Cavalry or Artillery unit the wording of the certificate will be modified to suit the changed conditions—an equal standard of efficiency being certified to.]

APPENDIX V.—FIRST APPOINTMENTS TO LINE REGIMENTS.

The appointment of qualified candidates to particular regiments of the Line will be made on the following principles :—

1. A candidate having a special family or territorial connection with a regiment may, when attending the examination in military subjects, apply on a form, which will be supplied to him, to be appointed to that regiment and such consideration as can be afforded will be given to his application.
2. If desirous of waiting for a particular regiment he must state this when making application, but he must clearly understand that he will only be allowed to wait if his claim be a very strong one, and if the conditions at the time are such as to allow of this without detriment to the Service. The period for which he will be allowed to wait will in no case exceed six months, but may be determined at any moment if the needs of the Army so require. After a candidate has once been gazetted on first appointment no application for a transfer, will be entertained.
3. Candidates without special claims are at liberty to apply for particular regiments (not exceeding three in all), but will in no case be allowed to wait.
4. Where the claims of different candidates for the same regiment are evenly balanced the first consideration will be given to those highest on the list in their final examination.
5. All candidates must clearly understand that while their wishes will be met as far as possible they will be posted to vacancies as demanded by the interest of the Service.

N.B.—All applications for Regiments must be made on the form which is supplied to each candidate for this purpose.

THE following copies of regulations and other papers issued by the Civil Service Commissioners respecting the Examination for the Civil Service of India to be held in August, 1908, are published for general information.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 14, 1907.

HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

EXAMINATIONS FOR THE CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.

An Open Competitive Examination for admission to the Civil Service of India will be held in London, under the subjoined regulations, commencing on August 1, 1908.

The number of persons to be selected at this Examination will be announced hereafter.

No person will be admitted to compete from whom the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, has not received on or before July 1, 1908, an application on the prescribed form, a copy of which is sent herewith. No question as to the delay or loss in the post of any such Application Form can be entertained. Candidates who delay their applications until the last days will do so at their own risk.

Acknowledgments of such Application Forms are sent, and any Candidate who has filled up and returned the printed Application Form but has not received an acknowledgment of it within four complete days should at once write to the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, Burlington Gardens, London, W. Failure to comply with this provision will deprive the Candidate of any claim to consideration.

The order for admission to the Examination will be posted on July 20, 1908, to the address given on the Form of Application. It will contain instructions as to the time and place at which Candidates will be required to attend and as to the manner in which the fee (£6) is to be paid.

Civil Service Commission,
July 15, 1907.

REGULATIONS.

* * The following Regulations, made by the Secretary of State for India in Council, are liable to alteration from year to year.

1. An Examination for admission to the Civil Service of India, open to all qualified persons, will be held in London in August of each year. The date of the Examination and the number of appointments to be made for each Province will be announced beforehand by the Civil Service Commissioners.

2. No person will be deemed qualified who shall not satisfy the Civil Service Commissioners :—

(i.) That he is a natural-born subject of His Majesty.

(ii.) That he had attained the age of twenty-two, and had not attained the age of twenty-four on the first day of August of the year in which the Examination is held.

(N.B.—In the case of Natives of India it will be necessary for a Candidate to obtain a certificate of age and nationality issued under Notification of the Government of India, No. 2,252, dated August 21, 1888, as amended by Notification No. 404, dated May 19, 1898, and signed, should he be a resident in British India, by the Secretary to Government of the Province, or the Commissioner of the Division within which his family resides, or should he reside in a Native State, by the highest Political Officer accredited to the State in which his family resides.)

(iii.) That he has no disease, constitutional affection, or bodily infirmity, unfitting him, or likely to unfit him, for the Civil Service of India.

(iv.) That he is of good moral character.

3. Should the evidence upon the above points be *prima facie* satisfactory to the Civil Service Commissioners, the Candidate, on payment of the prescribed fee, will be admitted to the Examination. The Commissioners may, however, in their discretion, at any time prior to the grant of the Certificate of Qualification hereinafter referred to, institute such further inquiries as they may deem necessary; and if the result of such inquiries in the case of any Candidate should be unsatisfactory to them in any of the above respects, he will be ineligible for admission to the Civil Service of India, and, if already selected, will be removed from the position of a Probationer.

4. The Open Competitive Examination will take place only in the following branches of knowledge* :—

	Maximum Marks.
English Composition	500
Sanskrit Language and Literature	600
Arabic	600
Greek, not less than two subdivisions, of which one must be Translation :—	
Translation	300
Composition	300
Literature, &c.	300
Latin, not less than two subdivisions, of which one must be Translation :—	
Translation	300
Composition	300
Literature	300
English	600
Italian	600
French	600
German	600
Mathematics	1,200
Advanced Mathematics	1,200

* A Syllabus, defining the character of the Examination in the various subjects, may be obtained on application to the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, London, W.

Natural Science, <i>i.e.</i> , any number not exceeding <i>four</i> of the following :—	Maximum Marks.
Chemistry	600
Physics	600
Geology	600
Botany	600
Zoology	600
Animal Physiology	600
Greek History (Ancient, including Constitution)	500
Roman History (Ancient, including Constitution)	500
English History, either or both sections may be taken—	
I.—To 1485 A.D.	400
II.—1485 to 1848 A.D.	400
General Modern History	500
Logic and Psychology	600
Moral and Metaphysical Philosophy	600
Political Economy and Economic History	600
Political Science	500
Roman Law	500
English Law	500

Candidates are at liberty to name any of these branches of knowledge, with the proviso that the maximum number of marks that can be obtained from the subjects chosen is limited to 6,000. If this maximum is exceeded by a Candidate's selection, he will be required to indicate one of his subjects, the marks for which should, in his case, be reduced so as to bring his maximum marks within the prescribed limit. The marks so reduced will be subject to a correspondingly reduced deduction under clause 6.

5. The merit of the persons examined will be estimated by marks (*a*); and the number set opposite to each branch in the preceding regulation denotes the greatest number of marks that can be obtained in respect of it.

6. The marks assigned to Candidates in each branch will be subject to such deduction as the Civil Service Commissioners may deem necessary (*b*) in order to secure that no credit be allowed for merely superficial knowledge.

7. The Examination will be conducted on paper and *viva voce*, as may be deemed necessary.

8. The marks obtained by each Candidate, in respect of each of the branches in which he shall have been examined, will be added up, and the names of the several Candidates who shall have obtained, after the deduction above-mentioned, a greater aggregate number of marks than any of the remaining Candidates will be set forth in order of merit, and such Candidates shall be deemed to be Selected Candidates for the Civil Service of India, provided they appear to be in other respects duly qualified. Should any of the Selected Candidates become disqualified, the Secretary of State for India will determine whether the vacancy thus created shall be filled up or not. In the former case the Candidate next in order of merit, and in other respects duly qualified, shall be deemed to be a Selected Candidate.

9. Selected Candidates, before proceeding to India, will be on probation for one year, at the end of which time they will be examined, with a view of testing their progress in the following subjects (*c*):—

<i>Compulsory.</i>	Marks.
1. Indian Penal Code	400
2. Code of Criminal Procedure	200
3. The Indian Evidence Act	200
4. Indian History	400
*5. The principal vernacular language of the Province to which the Candidate is assigned	400
<i>Optional.</i> [Not more than one of the following subjects.]	
1. Hindu and Mohammedan Law	450
†2. Sanskrit	400
†3. Arabic	400
4. Persian	400
5. Hindustani (for Candidates assigned to the Province of Burma only)	400

* The principal vernacular language prescribed for each Province to which Candidates are assigned is as follows:—

For the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, the Punjab, and the Central Provinces	Hindustani	} At the option of the Candidate.
For Burma	Burmese.	
For Bombay	Marathi.	
For Madras	Tamil or Telugu	
For the Lower Provinces of Bengal	Hindustani or Bengali	

In Hindustani the Candidate will be required to be acquainted with both the Persian and the Nagari character; and in the case of the last two Provinces mentioned above, a Candidate whose Vernacular Language is either of the languages shown against his Province, must offer the other for examination.

† These subjects may not be offered by any Candidate who has offered them at the Open Competition.

In this Examination, as in the Open Competition, the merit of the Candidates examined will be estimated by marks (which will be subject to deductions in the same way as the marks assigned at the Open Competition), and the number set opposite to each subject denotes the greatest number of marks that can be obtained in respect of it. The examination will be conducted on paper and *viva voce*, as may be deemed necessary. This Examination will be held at the close of the year of probation, and will be called the "Final Examination."

(*a*) Considerable deductions will be made for bad handwriting.

(*b*) No deductions will be made under clause 6 from the marks assigned to Candidates in Mathematics or English Composition.

(*c*) Instructions, showing the extent of the examination, will be issued to Selected Candidates as soon as possible after the result of the Open Competition is declared.

If any Candidate is prevented by sickness or any other adequate cause from attending such Examination the Commissioners may, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State for India in Council, allow him to appear at the Final Examination to be held in the following year, or at a special Examination.

10. The Selected Candidates will also be tested during their probation as to their proficiency in Riding. The examinations in riding will be held as follows :—

- (1) Shortly after the result of the Open Competitive Examination has been declared, or at such time or times as the Commissioners may appoint during the course of the probationary year.
- (2) Again, at the time of the Final Examination. Candidates who may then fully satisfy the Commissioners of their ability to ride well and to perform journeys on horseback will be awarded from 100 to 200 marks, according to the degree of proficiency displayed, to be added to their marks in the Final Examination. Candidates who fail to obtain 100 marks but are reported by the Civil Service Commissioners to have reached a minimum standard of proficiency in riding, and are certified by the said Commissioners to be entitled to be appointed to the Civil Service of India, will, on their arrival in India, be subjected to such further tests in riding as may be prescribed by their Government, and shall receive no increase to their initial salary until they have passed such tests to the satisfaction of that Government.

A Candidate who fails at the end of the year of probation to satisfy the Civil Service Commissioners that he has reached the minimum standard of proficiency in riding, will be liable to have his name removed from the list of Selected Candidates.

11. The Selected Candidates who, on examination, shall be found to have a competent knowledge of the subjects specified in Regulation 9, and who shall have satisfied the Civil Service Commissioners of their eligibility in respect of nationality, age, health, character, conduct during the period of probation, and ability to ride, shall be certified by the said Commissioners to be entitled to be appointed to the Civil Service of India, provided they shall comply with the regulations in force, at the time, for that Service.

12. Persons desirous to be admitted as Candidates must apply on Forms, which may be obtained from "The Secretary to the Civil Service Commissioners, London," at any time after December 1 in the year previous to that in which the Examination is to be held. No person will be admitted to the Examination from whom the Secretary to the Civil Service Commissioners has not received on or before July 1 (or, if that date should fall upon a Sunday or public holiday, then on or before the first day thereafter on which their office is open), in the year in which the Examination is to be held, an application, in the handwriting of the Candidate, on the prescribed form.

The Civil Service Commissioners are authorized by the Secretary of State for India in Council to make the following announcements :—

- (i.) Selected Candidates will be allotted to the various Provinces upon a consideration of all the circumstances, including their own wishes ; but the requirements of the Public Service will rank before every other consideration.
- (ii.) An allowance amounting to £150 will be given to any Candidate who passes his probation at one of the Universities or Colleges which have been approved by the Secretary of State, viz., the Universities of Oxford, Cambridge, Dublin, Glasgow, Edinburgh, St. Andrews, Aberdeen, and London (University College or King's College) ; Victoria University, Manchester.

This allowance will be paid to the Selected Candidate in four instalments on the following dates respectively :—December 24, after his selection, March 25, June 24, and the date of his signing his covenant on being finally appointed to the Service.

With the final instalment an allowance on account of passage to India will be paid to each newly appointed civilian to the amount of £37. 10s. for passage to Calcutta, Madras, or Bombay, and £43 for passage to Rangoon, the officer then making his own arrangements for his passage.

The payment of each of the first three instalments will be conditional, on the receipt, by the Secretary of State through the Civil Service Commissioners, of a certificate that the Candidate has fulfilled up to date the requirements of the authorities and shown satisfactory conduct at the authorized University or College ; the fourth and final instalment will be paid as soon as the Selected Candidate has signed his covenant, and for its payment no Certificate from College authorities will be required.

The whole probation must ordinarily be passed at the same institution. Migration will not be permitted except for special reasons approved by the Secretary of State.

- (iii.) Each Candidate will be required before receiving the first instalment of his allowance to execute an agreement binding himself to refund all moneys he may have received from the Secretary of State for India in the event of—
 - (1) His failure to pass the Final Examination within the time prescribed by the regulations, and to satisfy the Civil Service Commissioners of his fitness for admission to the Civil Service of India ; or
 - (2) His subsequent failure to execute the usual covenant, and to proceed to India as and when he shall be directed by the Secretary of State for India.
- (iv.) All Candidates obtaining Certificates will be also required to enter into covenants, by which, amongst other things, they will bind themselves to make such payments as under the rules and regulations for the time being in force they may be required to make towards their own pensions or for the pensions of their families. The stamps payable on these covenants amount to £1.
- (v.) The seniority in the Civil Service of India of the Candidates obtaining Certificates will be determined according to the order in which they stand on the list resulting from the combined marks of the Open Competitive and Final Examinations.
- (vi.) Candidates obtaining Certificates will be required to report their arrival in India within such period after the grant of their Certificates of Qualifications as the Secretary of State may in each case direct.

- (vii.) Candidates who fail to satisfy the Civil Service Commissioners at the Final Examination held in any year will be definitely rejected, and will not be allowed to present themselves for re-examination, unless it shall appear to the Secretary of State in Council, after reference to the Civil Service Commissioners, that such failure is due to circumstances wholly exceptional and beyond the control of the Candidate.

Note.

If Open Competitive Examinations for the following services, viz. :—

Eastern Cadetships in the Colonial Service ;
Clerkships (Class I.) in the Home Civil Service ;

should be held in 1908 concurrently with the Open Competitive Examination for the Civil Service of India, Candidates duly eligible in respect of age will be admitted to compete for any two or all three of these Services, subject to the following conditions :—

(1) They must enter and return to the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, within the time limited by the several regulations, an application on the form prescribed for each of the respective services.*

(2) Every successful Candidate who may have been admitted to compete for either the India or the Colonial Service (or both), as well as for the Home Service, will be called upon to declare, immediately after the announcement of the result of the competitions, whether he prefers his name to remain on the list of Candidates for the India or Colonial Service, or on the list of Candidates for Clerkships in the Home Civil Service.

The name of any Candidate who fails to declare his choice when called upon to do so will be removed from the list of Candidates for Clerkships in the Home Civil Service.

(3) Every successful Candidate, who may have been admitted to compete for both the India and Colonial Services, will be called upon to declare, immediately after the announcement of the result of the competitions, whether he prefers his name to remain on the list of Candidates for the Civil Service of India, or on the list of Candidates for Eastern Cadetships in the Colonial Service.

The name of any Candidate who fails to declare his choice when called upon to do so will be removed from the list of Candidates for Eastern Cadetships.

(4) All declarations of choice are irrevocable.

(5) Candidates for all three or any two of the above-mentioned services will be required to pay a consolidated fee of £6.

Civil Service Commission,
July 20, 1907.

CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.—OPEN COMPETITION OF 1908.

Form to be filled up by Candidates for Examination.

* * * The order for admission to the Examination will not be issued unless this Form, filled up by the Candidate himself, is received by the Secretary of the Civil Service Commission on or before July 1, 1908.

[This application form relates only to the competition for the Civil Service of India, and does not entitle a Candidate to compete also for the Home or Colonial Civil Service. Intending Candidates for either or both of these services must obtain the proper form or forms of application and forward them so as to reach the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, on or before July 1. See next page.]

SIR,—I BEG to inform you that I wish to be a Candidate at the Examination for the Civil Service of India, which is appointed to commence in London on August 1, 1908.

I am a natural-born subject of His Majesty.†

I do hereby declare that I was born on the _____ day of _____ 18—, and that therefore I shall have attained the age of 22 years and shall not have attained the age of 24 years on August 1, 1908 ; I also declare that I have no disease, constitutional affection, or bodily infirmity unfitting me, or likely to unfit me, for the Civil Service of India ; and that I am of good moral character, and otherwise eligible under the Regulations ; and I undertake that, if I am successful, I will conform, during my period of probation, to such rules respecting the conduct of Public Servants as have been laid down, or may hereafter be laid down, by the Secretary of State for India in Council.

I send herewith a certificate of age and nationality issued in accordance with the rule respecting Natives of India printed in paragraph III. on the next page.‡

I beg to inform you that I was§ _____ examined before the Civil Service Commissioners in the month of|| _____ in the year 1 _____, as a Candidate for the situation of _____.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
Name in full _____.

Address to which it is desired that the Order for Examination should be sent¶ _____
Date. _____

The Secretary, Civil Service Commission.

Certificates of age (except as mentioned above), health, and character should not be supplied until after the result of the Examination is known.

N.B.—Attention is drawn to the annexed Form, which must be filled up by every Candidate.

* Candidates who may desire to enter the competitions for the Home and Colonial Services should apply about the beginning of February next to the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, London, W., for the prescribed forms of application.

† Candidates not born within the British Dominions should state this fact in a separate letter.

‡ Candidate who are not Natives of India should strike out this paragraph.

§ If you have never been examined, insert here the word "never."

|| If you have been examined give the date, &c., of the last occasion.

¶ If a London address, state the postal district ; if a country address, state the post town.

If an Open Competitive Examination for Clerkships (Class I.) in the Home Civil Service should be appointed to be held in August, 1908, I request that a prescribed Form of Application may be forwarded to me when ready for issue.

Signature _____

If an Open Competitive Examination for Eastern Cadetships should be appointed to be held in August, 1908, I request that a prescribed Form of Application may be forwarded to me when ready for issue.

Signature _____

EVIDENCE OF AGE TO BE REQUIRED FROM CANDIDATES FOR THE CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.

I.—Every Candidate born in the United Kingdom should be prepared to produce, when required, a Certificate from the Registrar-General of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, or from one of his Provincial Officers. This Certificate may be obtained from the Registrar-General in London, Dublin, or Edinburgh, or from the Superintendent Registrar of the district in which the birth took place.

II.—A Candidate born of European parents in India should be prepared to produce, when required, a Certificate of Baptism from the district in which he was baptized. If this does not also mention the date of birth, it should be accompanied by a statutory declaration by one of the Candidate's parents, stating the date and place of birth. When such Certificates are not in the possession of the Candidates an Extract from the Registers kept at the India Office will probably be obtainable.

III.—A Candidate who is a Native of India must, on or before July 1, 1908, produce a certificate of age and nationality issued under Notification of the Government of India, No. 2,252, dated August 21, 1888, as amended by Notification No. 404, dated May 19, 1898, and signed, should he be a resident in British India, by the Secretary to Government of the Province, or the Commissioner of the Division within which his family resides, or, should he reside in a Native State, by the highest Political Officer accredited to the State in which his family resides. *No other Certificates will be accepted for this Competition.*

TO BE FILLED UP BY THE CANDIDATE HIMSELF, AND RETURNED WITH THE FORM OF APPLICATION.

* * This Form must be received at the Office of the Civil Service Commission on or before July 1, 1908.

* * Place your initials against the subjects which you select, and sign your name in the place indicated on the back of this form.

Extract from Clause 4 of the Regulations.

"Candidates are at liberty to name any of these branches of knowledge with the proviso that the maximum number of marks that can be obtained from the subjects chosen is limited to 6,000. If this maximum is exceeded by a Candidate's selection, he will be required to indicate one of his subjects, the marks for which should, in his case, be reduced so as to bring his maximum marks within the prescribed limit. The marks so reduced will be subject to the correspondingly reduced deduction under clause 6."

Initials.				Maximum Marks.
	English Composition	..	..	500
	Sanskrit	..	..	600
	Arabic	..	..	600
	Greek, viz. :—			
	Translation	..	..	300
	Composition	..	..	300
	Literature	..	..	300
	Latin, viz. :—			
	Translation	..	..	300
	Composition	..	..	300
	Literature	..	..	300
	English	..	..	600
	†Italian	..	..	600
	†French	..	..	600
	†German	..	..	600
	Mathematics	..	..	1,200
	Advanced Mathematics	..	..	1,200
	Natural Science, viz. :—			
	† Chemistry	..	..	600
	† Physics	..	..	600
	† Geology	..	..	600
	† Botany	..	..	600
	† Zoology	..	..	600
	† Animal Physiology	..	..	600

	Maximum Marks.
Greek History	500
Roman History	500
English History, Period I.	400
English History, Period II.	400
General Modern History, Period ————	500
Logic and Psychology	600
Moral and Metaphysical Philosophy	600
Political Economy and Economic History	600
Political Science	500
Roman Law	500
English Law, viz. :—	
Law of Contract	
Law of Evidence	
Law of the Constitution	500
Criminal Law	
Law of Real Property	

Signature _____

Date _____

In addition to the Written Examination there will be an Oral Examination in each of the subjects marked thus †, and a Practical Examination in each of the subjects marked thus ‡. For the Practical Examination in Chemistry candidates may bring any standard books on Analysis, and for the Practical Examination in Botany, any standard Flora. All books brought must be submitted to the Presiding Examiner for his approval. No written notes of any kind will be allowed.

The Oral Examinations in Modern Languages being intended as *colloquial* tests, no marks will be given at them to Candidates who are not able to converse.

Any Candidate who wishes to decline the Oral Examination or the Practical Examination in any of the subjects selected by him, should state this in the blank space below.

To the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, London, W.

N.B.—Attention is drawn to the annexed form, which must be filled up by every Candidate.

Civil Service of India, Clerkships (Class I.) in the Home Civil Service, and Eastern Cadetships.

Syllabus showing the extent of the Examination in certain Subjects for 1908.

English Composition.—An Essay to be written on one of several subjects specified by the Civil Service Commissioners on their Examination Paper.

English Language and Literature.—The Examination will be in two parts. In the one the Candidates will be expected to show a general acquaintance with the course of English Literature, as represented (mainly) by the following writers in verse and prose, between the reign of Edward III. and the accession of Queen Victoria :

Verse.—Chaucer, Langland, Spenser, Shakespeare, Milton, Dryden, Pope, Gray, Collins, Johnson, Goldsmith, Crabbe, Cowper, Campbell, Wordsworth, Scott, Byron, Coleridge, Shelley, Keats.

Prose.—Bacon, Sir Thomas Browne, Milton, Cowley, Bunyan, Dryden, Swift, Defoe, Addison, Johnson, Burke, Scott, Macaulay (Essays and Biographies).

A minute knowledge of the works of these authors will not be looked for in this part of the Examination, which will, however, test how far the Candidates have studied the chief productions of the greatest English writers *in themselves*, and are acquainted with the leading characteristics of their thought and style, and with the place which each of them occupies in the history of English Literature. Candidates will also be expected to show that they have studied in these authors the history of the English Language in respect of its vocabulary, syntax, and prosody.

The other part of the Examination will relate to one of the periods named below, which will follow each other year by year in the order indicated :—

1.	1360 A.D. to 1600 A.D.
(1908)	[Chaucer to Spenser.]
2.	1600 A.D. to 1700 A.D.
(1909)	[Shakespeare to Dryden.]
3.	1700 A.D. to 1800 A.D.
(1910)	[Pope to Cowper.]
4.	1800 A.D. to 1832 A.D.
(1911)	[Nineteenth Century writers to the death of Scott.]

The Examination in this part will require from Candidates a more minute acquaintance with the history of the English Language and Literature, as illustrated in the chief works produced in each period, and will be based to a considerable extent, but by no means exclusively, on certain books specified each year by the Commissioners.* The names placed under the dates are intended to suggest the general character of the literary

* The books for 1908 are:—Chaucer: Assembly of Fowles, Flower and Leaf; James I. of Scotland: King's Quhair; Spenser: Faery Queen, V., VI., VII.; Marlowe: Edward II.; Mandeville: Travels; Sidney: Apologie for Poetrie; Spenser: View of the State of Ireland.

development of the period, and, consequently, the natural limits of the Examination. All the works of Shakespeare, for example, will be regarded as falling within the period 1600 to 1700; all the works of Swift within the period 1700 to 1800; all the works of Scott and Wordsworth and all the works of Macaulay within the period 1800 to 1832.

Italian Language and Literature.—Translation and Composition. Critical questions on the Italian Language and Literature. Conversation.

French Language and Literature.—Translation and Composition. Critical questions on the French Language and Literature. Conversation.

German Language and Literature.—Translation and Composition. Critical questions on the German Language and Literature. Conversation.

Latin Language and Literature.—Translation from Latin into English, Composition in Prose and Verse, or (as an alternative for Verse-Composition) an original Prose Composition in Latin. Critical questions on the Latin Language (including questions on Philology) and Literature.

Greek Language and Literature.—Translation from Greek into English, Composition in Prose and Verse, or (as an alternative for Verse-Composition) an original Prose Composition in Greek. Critical questions on the Greek Language (including questions on Philology) and Literature.

Sanskrit Language and Literature.—Translation from Sanskrit into English, and from English into Sanskrit. History of Sanskrit Literature (including knowledge of such Indian history as bears upon the subject); Sanskrit Grammar; Vedic Philology.

Arabic Language and Literature.—Translation as in Sanskrit; History of Arabic Literature (including knowledge of such Arabic History as bears upon the subject); Arabic Grammar; Arabic Prosody.

English Law.—Under the head of "English Law" are included the following subjects, viz. :—(1) Law of Contract; (2) Law of Evidence; (3) Law of the Constitution; (4) Criminal Law; (5) Law of Real Property; and of these five subjects, Candidates are at liberty to offer any four, but not more than four.

English History.—The subject will include (a) the Political History of Great Britain, Ireland, and the Colonies; (b) the Constitutional History of the United Kingdom. Candidates should be acquainted with the following authorities :—

PERIOD I.

Stubbs Select Charters.

PERIOD II.

Prothero Statutes and Constitutional Documents.
Gardiner Documents of the Puritan Revolution.

All published by Clarendon Press, Oxford.

General Modern History.—Candidates may, at their choice, be examined in any one of the following periods :—

- 1.—From the Accession of Charlemagne to the Third Crusade. [800 A.D. to 1193 A.D.]
- 2.—From the Third Crusade to the Diet of Worms. [1193 A.D. to 1521 A.D.]
- 3.—From the Diet of Worms to the Death of Louis XIV. [1521 A.D. to 1715 A.D.]
- 4.—From the Accession of Louis XV. to the French Revolution of 1848. [1715 A.D. to 1848 A.D.]
- 5.—From the Peace of Paris to the Treaty of Berlin. [1763 A.D. to 1878 A.D.]

Periods 3, 4, and 5 will include Indian History.

Candidates should be acquainted with the following authorities :—

PERIOD I.—800-1193.

Einhard: Vita Caroli Magni, from 800 A.D. .. Ed. : Pertz. *Scriptores Rerum Germanicarum*.
Lambert of Hersfeld .. Ed. : Pertz.
Sugar : Vita Ludovici VI. .. Ed. : (1) Migne.
(2) Société de l'Histoire de France, 1868.
Otto of Freising : De gestis Frederici I. Ed. : Pertz. (Not to include the continuation.)

PERIOD II.—1193-1521.

Joinville : St. Louis .. Ed. : (1) Petitot.
2) Michaud et Poujoulat.
3) Buchon.
(4) Société de l'Histoire de France, 1868.
Philippe de Comines : Mémoires .. Ed. : (1) Petitot, (2) Michaud et Poujoulat, (3) Buchon, (4) de Mandrot, Picard, Paris, 1901, 3.
Machiavelli : The Prince .. English translation by Thompson : Clarendon Press.

PERIOD III.—1521-1715.

Sully : *Economies Royales*, up to the Treaty of Vervins. .. Ed. : Petitot, Michaud et Poujoulat.
Torcy : *Memoires* .. Ed. : Petitot, Michaud et Poujoulat.

PERIOD IV.—1758-1848.

Frederick II. .. Histoire de mon Temps, and La Guerre de Sept Ans.
Ed. : Boutaric; or in *Euvres de Frédéric II.* Decker, Berlin, 1846.
Malmesbury .. Diaries and Correspondence. London, Bentley, 1844. Vol. II. Mission to The Hague. Pp. 66-443. Vol. III. Mission to Lisle. Pp. 369-599.
Metternich .. Aus Metternich's nachgelassenen Papieren. Autorisirte Original-Ausgabe. Vienna, 1880. Up to 1815.
Or in English translation—
Autobiography of Prince Metternich. Translated by Mrs. Napier. London, Bentley, 1880-1881.

PERIOD V.—1763–1878.

Malmesbury ..	..	As for Period IV.
Metternich ..	..	As for Period IV.
Bianchi ..	..	La politique du Comte Camille de Cavour, 1852–1861 (Turin, 1885).
Bismarck ..	..	Gedanken und Erinnerungen von Bismarck (Ed. : H. Kohl, Stuttgart, 1898) ; up to 1878. <i>Or in English translation—</i> Bismarck, the Man and the Statesman: Reflections and Reminiscences, &c. Translated under supervision of A. J. Butler (London, Smith and Elder, 1898).

Greek History.—Questions (a) on the General and (b) on the Constitutional History of Greece to the death of Alexander.

Roman History.—Questions (a) on the General and (b) on the Constitutional History of Rome to the death of Vespasian.

In Greek and Roman History candidates will be expected to show a knowledge of the original authorities.

Mathematics.—Plane Geometry including conic sections ; Solid Geometry including the method of orthogonal projection ; Algebra and Plane Trigonometry ; Elementary Plane Co-ordinate Geometry ; Elementary Mechanics of solids and fluids ; Geometrical Optics ; Elements of Differential and Integral Calculus with simple illustrations from other branches of the subject.

Advanced Mathematics.—Higher Algebra (including Theory of Equations), Plane and Spherical Trigonometry, Differential Calculus, Integral Calculus, Differential Equations, Analytical Geometry (Plane and Solid), Statics including Attractions, Dynamics of a Particle, Rigid Dynamics, Hydrodynamics, the Mathematical Theory of Electricity and Magnetism.

Logic and Psychology. Moral and Metaphysical Philosophy.— In both cases the history of the subject be included.

Political Economy and Economic History. Candidates will be expected to possess a knowledge of economic theory as treated in the larger text books, also a knowledge of the existing economic conditions, and of statistical methods as applied to economic inquiries, together with a general knowledge of the history of industry, land tenure, and economic legislation in the United Kingdom.

Political Science.—The Examination will not be confined to Analytical Jurisprudence, Early Institutions, and Theory of Legislation, but may embrace Comparative Politics, the History of Political Theories, &c.

Candidates will be expected to show a knowledge of original authorities.

Civil Service Commission,
July, 1907.

MISCELLANEOUS DEPARTMENTAL NOTICES.

Now ready, in paper cover, price Two Rupees.

A special edition of

THE CEYLON PENAL CODE

(Ordinance No. 2 of 1883),

revised to date, with Index and Table of Sections.

Government Record Office,
Colombo, September 6, 1907.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application has been received from Mr. S. A. Don Yogiris Appu of Kadawala for a grant in aid of his Alawala Boys' Vernacular School, which is situated in Siyane korale west of the Western Province.

Observations will be received not later than October 15, 1907.

EDW. E. DAVIDSON,
for Director.

Now ready, in paper cover, price One Rupee.

AN INDEX TO THE MAHAWANSA,

together with a Chronological Table of Wars and Genealogical Trees. By John Still, Assistant Archaeological Commissioner.

Government Record Office,
Colombo, September 20, 1907.

Department of Public Instruction,
Colombo, September 24, 1907.

Chena Muhandiram for the Hambantota District.

THE Anuradhapura-Trincomalee road will remain closed to motor traffic until January 31, 1908, owing to improvements in progress.

T. H. CHAPMAN,
for Director of Public Works.

Public Works Department,
Colombo, September 23, 1907.

WRITTEN applications for the above appointment will be received by the Surveyor-General at his office in Colombo up to the 15th of November. Salary Rs. 600 per annum.

For specification of duties, &c., apply to—

P. D. WARREN,
Surveyor-General, Colombo.

The Ceylon Medical Register, 1907.

The following Medical Practitioners are qualified under Ordinance No. 2 of 1905 to practise Medicine and Surgery in Ceylon:—

Name.	Residence.	Date of Registration.	Qualifications, with Dates.
1. Perry, Allan, Kt.	Galle Face Hotel	September 2, 1907	M.D. (Durh.), September, 1902; M.R.C.S. (Eng.), 1884; L.S.A. (Lond.), 1882; D.P.H. (Lond.), 1892
2. Chalmers, Albert John	Galle Face Hotel	September 2, 1907	M.D. (Vict.), 1893; F.R.C.S. (Eng.), 1895; D.P.H. (Camb.), 1905.
3. Vandort, William Gregory	Clairveux, Cambridge place, Colombo	September 2, 1907	M.D. (Aberd.), 1864; Master of Surgery.
4. Seneviratne, Henry Christopher.	Sunnyside, Kandy	September 2, 1907	M.B., Master of Surgery (Aberd.), 1889.
5. Craib, James	Grand Oriental Hotel, Colombo	September 6, 1907	M.B., Master of Surgery (Aberd.), 1876.
6. Griffin, Charles Thomas	Torrington place, Colombo	September 10, 1907	M.R.C.S. (Eng.), 1873; L.R.C.P. (Edin.), L.S.A. (Lond.).
7. Castellani, Aldo	Galle Face Hotel, Colombo	September 10, 1907	M.D. (Florence), 1899.
8. Thomas, John Llewellyn	Cambridge crescent, Colombo	September 10, 1907	F.R.C.S. (Eng.), 1892; M.R.C.S. (Eng.), 1890; L.R.C.P. (Lond.), 1890.
9. Philip, William Marshall	Barnes place, Colombo	September 12, 1907	M.B., Master of Surgery (Aberd.), 1895.
10. Paul, Samuel Chelliah	Ward place, Colombo	September 16, 1907	M.D. (Madras), 1904; F.R.C.S. (Eng.), 1901.
11. Thomasz, Henry George	Union place, Colombo	September 16, 1907	F.R.C.S. (Edin.), 1897.
12. Sinnatamby, Murugasu	Kynsey road, Colombo	September 16, 1907	F.R.C.S. (Edin.), 1890.
13. Garvin, Thomas Forrest	Flower road, Colombo	September 16, 1907	M.B., C.M. (Aberd.), 1875.
14. Beven, Herbert	Rose Cottage, Kandy	September 16, 1907	L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin.), L.F.P. & S. (Glas.), 1899.
15. Kotalawela, Philip	Esplanade View, Matara	September 16, 1907	L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin.), L.F.P. & S. (Glas.), 1901.
16. Ratnam, Carthikeu Samuel	Medical Officer, Batticaloa	September 16, 1907	L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin.), L.F.P. & S. (Glas.), 1901.
17. De Rosairoe, J.	The Town Dispensary, Puttalam.	September 16, 1907	L.M.S. (Ceylon), 1879.
18. Saravanamuttu, Vatharaniam	Kuruwe street, Colombo	September 16, 1907	M.D. (Durh.), 1893; L.M.S. (Ceylon), 1877.
19. Raux, Julian Bernard Anthonisz	General Hospital, Colombo	September 16, 1907	L.M.S. (Ceylon), 1907.
20. Mylvaganam, Henry Bayley	Maradana road, Colombo	September 16, 1907	F.R.C.S. (Eng.), 1905; L.R.C.P. (Lond.), 1903.
21. Evaris, Alfred C.	Medical Officer, Kalpitiya	September 16, 1907	M.B. C.M. (Madras), 1899.
22. Brown, Fairlie James Daniel	Galle Face Hotel, Colombo	September 16, 1907	M.R.C.S. (Eng.), 1888; L.R.C.P. (Lond.), 1888.
23. Fysh, Mary Nona, Mrs.	Lady Havelock Hospital, Colombo	September 18, 1907	M.B. (Lond.), 1897.
24. Valladares, Lewis Angelino	Slave Island, Colombo	September 20, 1907	L.M.S. (Bombay), 1889.
25. Dantorth, Samuel Fish Green	Puloly Hospital, Point Pedro	September 20, 1907	L.M.S. (Ceylon), 1882.
26. Mutukutunaru, Philip M.	Mutwal, Colombo	September 20, 1907	M.B. C.M. (Aberd.), 1893.
27. Anthony Pillai, J. J.	Main street, Negombo	September 20, 1907	L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin.), L.F.P. & S. (Glas.), 1904.
28. Scott, Thomas Beckett	Manipay, Jaffna	September 20, 1907	M.D. C.M., Ontario and Toronto, 1892.
29. Hoole, James	Kurunegala	September 20, 1907	L.M.S. (Ceylon), 1899.
30. Nell, Winifred, Miss	Lady Havelock Hospital, Colombo	September 20, 1907	L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin.), L.F.P. & S. (Glas.), 1900.
31. Orr, Charles William Percival	Kalutara	September 20, 1907	L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin.), L.F.P. & S. (Glas.), 1889.
32. Banajee, Dadabhoj Pestonjje	Slave Island, Colombo	September 20, 1907	L.M.S. (Madras), 1882.
33. Oorloff, Felix	Batticaloa	September 20, 1907	M.B. C.M. (Aberd.), 1881.
34. Pestonjje, Rustom	Slave Island, Colombo	September 20, 1907	L.M.S. (Ceylon), 1893; M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), 1898.
35. La Brooy, Richard Francis	Regent street, Colombo	September 20, 1907	L.M.S. (Ceylon), 1890; L.R.C.P. (Edin.), 1900.

Ceylon Medical College,
Colombo, September 20, 1907.ALBERT J. CHALMERS,
Registrar.

NOTICES CALLING FOR TENDERS.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for the supply of Firewood for the use of the Railway for 1908," will be received up to 12 noon on Tuesday, October 22, 1907, from persons willing to contract for the above service in the quantities and at the places specified below:—

For Kandy District.

	Cubic Yards.	Per Month.	Per Annum.
On line between Matale and Kandy	300	..	3,600

Wood must be cut into lengths of 3 ft., and not less than 12 in. nor more than 36 in. in girth.

The following woods will not be accepted:—Atamata, dadap, cacaoona, amba or mango, gedamba, loommadala, rookattana, durkaduwa, kaju, wal-kaduru, cotton, arubooda.

Tenders must be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the General Manager of the Railway and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Controller of Revenue, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

The tenders are to be made on forms which will be supplied upon personal application at the office of the General Manager, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or should he fail to furnish the required security, such deposit of Rs. 20 will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

Security in cash at the rate of Rs. 5 per 100 yards of firewood to be supplied will be required from each contractor.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and is further not bound to accept the lowest tender.

The person whose tender is accepted by the Government will be required to bear the expenses of having the security bonds prepared for the due performance of the contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderer's own lawyers, the name or stamps of whom should be affixed to the document. Every alteration should bear the initials of the tenderers, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the tenderers' initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

Before tender forms are supplied to persons wishing to tender, they will have to satisfy the General Manager or person delegated by him that they are in a position to execute the contract in a satisfactory manner, and for this purpose they must be prepared to produce documentary or other evidence if called for.

T. A. WYLIE,
Acting General Manager.

General Manager's Office,
Colombo, September 23, 1907.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for the supply of Bricks to the Upper District of the Railway," will be received up to 12 noon on Tuesday, October 22, 1907, from persons willing to contract for the supply of bricks for the year 1908, to be delivered at any Railway Station

above Kadugannawa, as per under-mentioned specification, viz:—

Bricks.—To be the best stock bricks, size 9 in. by 4½ in., by 3 in.; sound, clean cut, hard, and well burned, of uniform size and shape.

The quantity of bricks required will be about 10,000 a week, and the contractor must specify the minimum number he is prepared to supply, and at what station the bricks are to be supplied.

Each tender must specify the rate per 1,000, and samples of same must be forwarded to the General Manager of the Railway.

Tenders must be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the General Manager of the Railway and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Controller of Revenue, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

The tenders are to be made on forms which will be supplied upon application at the office of the General Manager, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

A deposit of Rs. 50 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or should he fail to furnish the required security, such deposit of Rs. 50 will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

The security required will be Rs. 100 in cash, and any further information required can be obtained on personal application at the office of the General Manager.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and is further not bound to accept the lowest tender.

The person whose tender is accepted by the Government will be required to bear the expenses of having the security bond prepared for the due performance of the contract, which bond will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, the name or stamp of whom should be affixed to the document.

Every alteration should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the tenderers' initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

Before tender forms are supplied to persons wishing to tender, they will have to satisfy the General Manager or person delegated by him that they are in a position to execute the contract in a satisfactory manner, and for this purpose they must be prepared to produce documentary or other evidence if called for.

T. A. WYLIE,
Acting General Manager.

General Manager's Office,
Colombo, September 19, 1907.

TENDERS will be received by the Hon. the Controller of Revenue and the Provincial Engineer of the Southern Province for putting up the increased accommodation to the Deputy Fiscal's Office, Matara, in the Southern Province, up to noon on Friday, October 18, 1907.

2. Tenders must be sealed and endorsed on the envelope "Tender for putting up the increased accommodation to the Deputy Fiscal's Office, Matara."

3. Tenders must be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Provincial Engineer

and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Controller of Revenue, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

4. Tenders must be on forms which may be obtained at the office of the Provincial Engineer, Southern Province, and on no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained.

5. Parties applying for form of tender will be required to deposit the sum of Rs. 50 either at the Treasury or the Kachcheri, and produce a receipt for the same. Should the party fail to submit in accordance with the terms of the specification a *bona fide* tender, or to enter into the necessary contract, the sum of Rs. 50 deposited will be forfeited by way of ascertained and liquidated damages.

6. Plans and specifications may be seen, and further information obtained, on application at the Provincial Engineer's Office at Galle.

7. Before any tender is accepted the contractor will be required to sign a contract to execute and perform the works in accordance with the specification and the general conditions therein set forth, and to deposit a sum of Rs. 100 for the due and faithful performance of the contract within ten days of receiving notice in writing signed by the Provincial Engineer of the Southern Province that the Government is prepared to accept his tender.

8. The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

L. M. ACLAND,
Provincial Engineer, Southern
Province.

Public Works Department,
Galle, September 23, 1907.

TENDERS will be received by the Hon. the Controller of Revenue and the Director of Public Works for the under-mentioned service up to noon on Monday, November 4, 1907:—

For shipping and landing stores of the Public Works Department to and from steamers and sailing vessels in the Colombo Harbour during the year 1908.

2. Tenders must be sealed and endorsed on the envelopes "Tender for Shipping and Landing Stores for the Public Works Department."

3. Tenders must be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Director of Public Works and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Controller of Revenue, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

4. Tenders must be on forms which may be obtained at the office of the Director of Public Works, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained.

5. Parties applying for form of tender will be required to deposit the sum of Rs. 20 either at the Treasury or the Kachcheri and produce a receipt for the same. Should the party fail to submit in accordance with the terms of the specification a *bona fide* tender, or to enter into the necessary contract, the sum of Rs. 20 deposited will be forfeited by way of ascertained and liquidated damages.

6. Further information may be obtained on application at the office of the Director of Public Works, Colombo.

7. Before any tender is accepted the contractor will be required to sign a contract to carry out his undertaking in accordance with the specification and general conditions therein set forth, and to deposit a sum of Rs. 250 for the due and faithful performance of the contract within ten days of receiving notice in writing signed by the Director of Public Works that the Government is prepared to accept his tender.

8. Every alteration in the tender should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the tenderers' initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

9. The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender, and reserves the right to accept any portion of a tender.

Note.—The stores to be received in Colombo at the Colombo export jetties.

T. H. CHAPMAN,
for Director of Public Works.

Public Works Department,
Colombo, September 25, 1907.

TENDERS will be received by the Hon. the Controller of Revenue and the Factory Engineer for the supply of "Best Bengal Steam Coal" and "Best Bengal Foundry Coke" for use in the Government Factory for two years, commencing from January 1, 1908, and ending on December 31, 1909, up to noon on Monday, November 4, 1907.

2. The quantity required will be about 30 tons coal and 10 tons foundry coke monthly.

3. Two tons of coal and one ton of coke must be supplied at the Government Factory with the tenders for testing purposes, and which will be paid for.

4. Tenders must be sealed and endorsed on the envelope "Tender for supply of Coal and Coke to Government Factory."

5. Tenders must be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Factory Engineer and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Controller of Revenue, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

6. Tenders must be on forms which may be obtained at the office of the Factory Engineer, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained.

7. Parties applying for form of tender will be required to deposit the sum of Rs. 50 either at the Treasury or the Kachcheri, and produce a receipt for the same. Should the party fail to submit in accordance with the terms of the specification a *bona fide* tender, or to enter into the necessary contract, the sum of Rs. 50 deposited will be forfeited by way of ascertained and liquidated damages.

8. Before any tender is accepted the contractor will be required to sign a contract to supply the coal and coke or either in accordance with the specification and the general conditions therein set forth, and to deposit a sum of Rs. 100 for the due and faithful performance of the contract within ten days of receiving notice in writing signed by the Factory Engineer that the Government is prepared to accept his tender.

9. The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender, and reserves to itself the right to accept a portion only of any tender.

T. H. CHAPMAN,
for Director of Public Works.

Public Works Department,
Colombo, September 25, 1907.

TENDERS will be received by the Hon. the Controller of Revenue and the Provincial Engineer of the Southern Province for the carrying out of repairs to the District Judge's quarters and District Court buildings in Tangalla, in the Southern Province, up to noon on Friday, October 18, 1907.

2. Tenders must be sealed and endorsed on the envelope "Tender for carrying out repairs to the District Judge's quarters and District Court buildings, Tangalla."

3. Tenders must be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Provincial Engineer and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Controller of Revenue, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

4. Tenders must be on forms which may be obtained at the office of the Provincial Engineer, Southern Province, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained.

5. Parties applying for form of tender will be required to deposit the sum of Rs. 50 either at the Treasury or the Kachcheri, and produce a receipt for the same. Should the party fail to submit in accordance with the terms of the specification a *bona fide* tender, or to enter into the necessary contract, the sum of Rs. 50 deposited will be forfeited by way of ascertained and liquidated damages.

6. Plans and specifications may be seen, and further information obtained, on application at the Provincial Engineer's Office at Galle.

7. Before any tender is accepted the contractor will be required to sign a contract to execute and perform the works in accordance with the specification and the general conditions therein set forth, and to deposit a sum of Rs. 650 for the due and faithful performance of the contract within ten days of receiving notice in writing signed by the Provincial Engineer of the Southern Province that the Government is prepared to accept his tender.

8. The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

L. M. ACLAND,
Provincial Engineer.

Public Works Department,
Galle, September 23, 1907.

SEALED Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for _____," will be received up to noon on Friday, October 18, 1907, from persons willing to contract for victualling the under-mentioned jail for one year commencing from January 1, 1908:—

Southern Province.—Matara.

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Inspector-General of Prisons and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Controller of Revenue, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

3. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the office of the above jail and also at the office of the Inspector-General of Prisons, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

4. A deposit of Rs. 50 must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri before any form of tender is issued.

5. And should any person fail (within a fortnight after he has been written to or notified to the address given by him of the acceptance of his tender) or decline to enter into the contract and bond with the Superintendent of the Jail or the Inspector-General of Prisons after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

6. When required, samples must be deposited. Sufficient securities will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of the contract.

7. The amount of the bond, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained upon application at the offices specified.

8. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

9. The person whose tender is accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having the security bond prepared for the due performance of the contract, which bond will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderer's own lawyers.

10. When bonds have been drawn by the tenderer's own lawyers, the name or stamp of the proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document.

11. Every alteration should bear the initials of the tenderers, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the tenderers' initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

12. Every tenderer should write his address on his tender, giving the name of the street and the number of the house he lives in.

A. W. DE WILTON, Major,
Inspector-General of Prisons.

Prisons Office,
Colombo, September 25, 1907.

SEALED Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for _____," will be received up to noon on Friday, October 18, 1907, from persons willing to contract for victualling the under-mentioned jail for one year commencing from January 1, 1908:—

Southern Province.—Galle.

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Inspector-General of Prisons and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Controller of Revenue, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

3. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the office of the above jail and also at the office of the Inspector-General of Prisons, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

4. A deposit of Rs. 100 must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri before any form of tender is issued.

5. And should any person fail (within a fortnight after he has been written to or notified to the address given by him of the acceptance of his tender) or decline to enter into the contract and bond with the Superintendent of the Jail or the Inspector-General of Prisons after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

6. When required, samples must be deposited. Sufficient securities will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of the contract.

7. The amount of the bond and all other necessary information can be ascertained upon application at the offices specified.

8. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

9. The person whose tender is accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having the security bond prepared for the due performance of the contract, which bond will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderer's own lawyers.

10. When bonds have been drawn by the tenderer's own lawyers, the name or stamp of the proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document.

11. Every alteration should bear the initials of the tenderers, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the tenderers' initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

12. Every tenderer should write his address on his tender, giving the name of the street and the number of the house he lives in.

A. W. DE WILTON, Major,
Inspector-General of Prisons.

Prisons Office,
Colombo, September 24, 1907.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for Supply of Firewood to Ragama Camp," will be received up to noon on Monday, October 7, 1907, for supplying the coolie camps at Ragama with firewood from a date to be fixed by the Government Agent, Colombo.

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Government Agent, Western Province, Colombo, and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Controller of Revenue, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

3. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be issued at the Colombo Kachcheri on receipt of a deposit of Rs. 50 from every tenderer in cash. This deposit will not be returned to the successful tenderer until the term of contract is terminated by the Government Agent, and is liable to forfeiture if the tenderer fails in the due performance of his duties. All other deposits will be returned.

4. The firewood should be supplied on written orders from the Superintendent of the Ragama Camp in cubic yards 3 ft. by 3 ft. by 3 ft. The wood should be cut into 18 in. logs in length, and be of good quality, not less than 4 in. in diameter. Firewood will also be required in bundles of eighteen to twenty pieces, weighing not less than four pounds in each bundle.

5. The price at which the fuel can be delivered within the Camp per cubic yard, and also per 100 bundles, should be stated on each tender. The Government Agent reserves to himself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

E. SUETER,
for Government Agent,
Western Province.

Colombo Kachcheri,
September 19, 1907.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for removal of Salt," will be received by the Assistant Government Agent, Hambantota, up to noon on September 30, 1907, for the removal, within a period to be specified by the tenderer, into the stores at Hambantota of a quantity estimated at 8,753 cwt. more or less, lying on the margin of Maha and Koholankala Lewayas.

The tenderer must deposit a sum of Rs. 20 in the Kachcheri before tendering. No tender will receive any consideration where no such deposit has been made. This deposit will be forfeited to Government if the tenderer is not prepared to enter into contract or is unable to furnish certified security in Rs. 500 or cash security in Rs. 250 for the due fulfilment of the contract. Any unforfeited deposits will be returned to the tenderers.

A duplicate of the tender should be forwarded by the tenderer by post to the Hon. the Controller of Revenue, Colombo, at the same time as he forwards the original to the Assistant Government Agent, Hambantota.

The Government reserves for itself the right to reject or refuse all tenders or any part of any tender.

L. W. C. SCHRADER,
Assistant Government Agent.

Hambantota Kachcheri,
September 16, 1907.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for removing Salt during the Fishcuring Season, from October 12, 1907, to April 20, 1908, from the Stores at Puttalam, and weighing and storing it in the Store at Udappu," will be received by the Assistant Government Agent of Puttalam up to 1 P.M. of October 3, 1907.

Tenderers are requested to observe the following conditions:—

- (a) Money deposit of Rs. 5 to be made in the Puttalam Kachcheri before October 3 1907, to be forfeited if the tenderer fails on acceptance of his tender to enter into a contract within a reasonable time.
- (b) Duplicate of tender to be forwarded by post to the Hon. the Controller of Revenue at the same time the tenderer forwards the original to the Assistant Government Agent, Puttalam.
- (c) Tenderer to name an address in Puttalam for delivery of any notices.
- (d) Tenderers are requested to state the rate of hire for every boatload of 250 cwt. of salt to be taken from Puttalam to Udappu.

For further particulars apply to the Salt Inspector, Puttalam.

A. C. ALLNUTT,
Assistant Government Agent.

Puttalam Kachcheri,
September 18, 1907.

SEALED tenders for the contract of lighting eight street lamps of the town of Rakwana, within the Police limits, for one year commencing from January 1, 1908, will be received by the Chairman, Board of Health, Province of Sabaragamuwa, at the Ratnapura Kachcheri, up to noon on October 30, 1907.

2. The conditions of the contract are as follows:—

- (1) To light the lamps from 6.30 P.M. to midnight when there is no moonlight.
- (2) Good kerosine oil to be used.
- (3) To repair and make good damage to the lamps and chimneys.
- (4) To keep the slaughter-house of the said town of Rakwana cleaned after each slaughter day and bury the blood and offal thereof.
- (5) The contractor must enter into a bond for Rs. 50 personal security to carry out the contract satisfactorily.

N.B.—No. 4 is an additional condition, not falling, strictly speaking, within the lighting contract.

W. A. WEERAKOON,
for Chairman, Board of Health.

Board of Health Office,
Ratnapura, September 24, 1907.

SEALED tenders for the contract of daily scavenging the town of Balangoda, within the Police limits, for one year from January 1, 1908, will be received by the Chairman, Board of Health, Province of Sabaragamuwa, at the Ratnapura Kachcheri, up to noon on October 30, 1907.

For particulars of work and conditions of contract apply to the Chairman, Board of Health, Ratnapura.

W. A. WEERAKOON,
for Chairman, Board of Health.

Board of Health Office,
Ratnapura, September 24, 1907.

SEALED tenders for the contract of daily scavenging the town of Rakwana, within the Police limits, for one year from January 1, 1908, will be received by the Chairman, Board of Health, Province of Sabaragamuwa, at the Ratnapura Kacheheri, up to noon on October 30, 1907.

For particulars of work and conditions of contract apply to the Chairman, Board of Health, Ratnapura.

W. A. WEERAKOON,
for Chairman, Board of Health.
Board of Health Office,
Ratnapura, September 24, 1907.

SEALED tenders for the contract of lighting five street lamps of the town of Balangoda, within the Police limits, for one year commencing from January 1, 1908, will be received by the Chairman, Board of Health, Province of Sabaragamuwa, at the Ratnapura Kacheheri, up to noon on October 30, 1907.

2. The conditions of the contract are as follows:—
- (1) To light the lamps from 6.30 P.M. to midnight when there is no moonlight.
 - (2) Good kerosine oil to be used.
 - (3) To repair and make good damage to the lamps and chimneys.
 - (4) To keep the slaughter-house of the said town of Balangoda cleaned after each slaughter day and bury the blood and offal thereof.
 - (5) The contractor must enter into a bond for Rs. 50 personal security to carry out the contract satisfactorily.

No. 4 is an additional condition, not falling, strictly speaking, within the lighting contract.

W. A. WEERAKOON,
for Chairman, Board of Health.
Board of Health Office,
Ratnapura, September 24, 1907.

SALES OF UNSERVICEABLE ARTICLES.

THE following articles will be sold by public auction at the Royal College on Saturday, October 5, at 2 P.M.:—

45 books | 2 globes

Edw. E. DAVIDSON,
for Acting Director.

Office of Public Instruction,
Colombo, September 24, 1907.

NOTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned unserviceable articles will be sold by public auction on Saturday, October 5, 1907, at 2 P.M., at the Police Court, Panadure, viz:—

3 packing cases.

T. W. ROBERTS,
Police Magistrate.
Police Court,
Panadure, September 20, 1907.

NOTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned unclaimed articles will be sold by public auction on Saturday, October 5, 1907, at 2 P.M., at the Police Court, Panadure, viz:—

1 easy chair	1 chintz cloth
1 black coat	1 camboy cloth
2 jugs	1 table knife
1 white cloth	3 katties
1 plate	1 spade
2 spoons	1 piece of wire
1 white coat	1 bundle sticks
1 dozen bottles	

T. W. ROBERTS,
Police Magistrate.
Police Court,
Panadure, September 20, 1907.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following unclaimed articles, which belonged to patients who died in hospitals at Kegalla and Karawanella in Kegalla District, and now lying in this District Court unclaimed, will be sold at the said court by public auction on Friday, October 11, 1907, commencing at 2 P.M.:—

40 bangles and bracelets	10 thalies
37 necklets of beads	1 safety pin
67 earrings	13 drums
16 rings	3 chains
2 cylinders	1 bar silver
16 nose drops	5 neck ornaments

H. J. V. EKANAYAKA,
District Judge.
District Court,
Kegalla, September 21, 1907.

VITAL STATISTICS.

COLOMBO WEEKLY HEALTH REPORT.

THE weekly return of births and deaths in the Colombo town for the week ended September 21, 1907, is subjoined (A).

Births.—The total births were 71. The birth-rate per 1,000 per annum was 20.9,* as against 29.8 in the preceding week and 18.7 in the corresponding week of last year.

Deaths.—The total deaths were 107. The death-rate per 1,000 per annum was 35.1,† as against 34.2 in the previous week and 28.9 in the corresponding week of last year.

Causes of death.—No persons died from cholera, smallpox, or measles; 11 died from diarrhoea and dysentery; 13 from phthisis; 14 from bronchitis and pneumonia; 11 from enteric fever; and 10 from infantile convulsions.

Infantile deaths.—Of the 107 total deaths, 25 were of infants under 1 year of age, as against 9 in the corresponding week of the previous year.

2. The numbers of births and deaths registered in nineteen other principal towns are shown in list B.

* Calculated on the estimated population on July 1, 1907.

† The rates given for this and the preceding week are the corrected rates, i.e., the rates calculated for the population of the town estimated on July 1, 1907, on the basis that its age- and sex-constitution is the same as for the Island. The rate shown for the corresponding week of last year is the crude rate.

Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, September 24, 1907

N. W. MORGAPPAH,
for Registrar-General.

A.—Colombo Town.

Ward,	Population at the Census, 1901.		Birth-rate per Mille per Annum.			Death-rate per Mille per Annum.*			Selected Cause of Death for the Week under Report.							Deaths of Infants under 1 Year.							
	Births.	Deaths.	Week under Report.	Preceding Week.	Corresponding Week of previous Year.	Week under Report.	Preceding Week.	Corresponding Week of previous Year.	Cholera.	Smallpox.	Measles.	Enteric Fever.	Other Fevers.	Diarrhoea and Dysentery.	Pneumonia.	Bronchitis and Pneumonia.	Infantile Convulsions.	Week under Report.	Corresponding Week of previous Year.	Still Births.			
																					Week under Report.	Preceding Week.	Corresponding Week of previous Year.	Cholera.	Smallpox.	Measles.	Enteric Fever.	Other Fevers.	Diarrhoea and Dysentery.	Pneumonia.	Bronchitis and Pneumonia.	Infantile Convulsions.	Week under Report.	Corresponding Week of previous Year.	Still Births.
Colombo Town	155,869	71	107	20	9	29	8	18	7	35	1	34	2	28	9	11	13	14	10	25	9	7	
Fort and Galle																							
Face	2,285	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pettah	7,561	3	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
St. Sebastian	9,349	4	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
St. Paul's	20,260	7	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kotahena	33,355	8	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
New Bazaar	17,470	10	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Maradana	30,381	†15	†25	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Slave Island	16,927	†12	†22	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kollupitiya	18,281	5	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		7	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

* See note above.

† Maradana hospitals.

‡ Maradana, exclusive of hospitals.

Race.	Population at the Census of 1901.	Births.	Deaths.	Meteorology.	Week under Report.	Preceding Week.	Corresponding Week of previous Year.
All races	155,869	71	107				
Europeans	2,657	1	2	Mean temperature of air	82.7°	83.7°	83.2
Burghers	11,861	6	7	Mean atmospheric pressure	29.941"	29.945"	29.921"
Sinhalese	68,772	40	47				
Tamils	34,640	8	19				
Moors	28,898	12	20				
Malays	4,493	1	3				
Others	4,548	3	9				

A.—Colombo.

Population estimated to Middle of 1907

176 724

Births registered.

71

Deaths registered.

107

B.—Other Towns.

1.	Negombo	—	20,401	—	7	—	8
2.	Kalutara	—	11,922	—	8	—	13
3.	Kandy	—	29,020	—	17	—	18
4.	Gampola	—	4,487	—	3	—	4
5.	Nawalapitiya	—	3,907	—	1	—	6
6.	Matale	—	5,407	—	6	—	2
7.	Nuwara Eliya	—	7,115	—	—	—	—
8.	Jaffna	—	35,099	—	23	—	17
9.	Galle	—	39,624	—	21	—	23
10.	Matara	—	13,043	—	7	—	4
11.	Batticaloa	—	10,309	—	9	—	8
12.	Trincomalee	—	11,295	—	5	—	2
13.	Kurunegalá	—	7,801	—	2	—	11
14.	Puttalam	—	6,205	—	3	—	3
15.	Chilaw	—	4,466	—	1	—	4
16.	Anuradhapura	—	4,875	—	—	—	5
17.	Badulla	—	6,576	—	2	—	7
18.	Ratnapura	—	4,481	—	—	—	5
19.	Kegalla	—	2,538	—	—	—	2