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PART I.—General: Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, and General Government Notifications.

PART II.—Legal and Judicial.

PART III.—Provincial Administration.

PART IV.—Land Settlement.

PART V.—Mercantile, Marine, Municipal, Local, &c.

Separate paging is given to each Part in order that it may be filed separately.

Part I.—Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, &c.

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SUPPLEMENT:

Particulars of Approved Government Contracts for 1908.

MINUTES BY THE GOVERNOR.

EXAMINATIONS FOR CLERKS IN THE NATIVE LANGUAGES AND ACCOUNTS.

1. Every clerk appointed on or after January 1, 1906, to Class III. of the Clerical Service will be required to pass an examination in the subjects hereinafter specified to entitle him to promotion to Class II. The term "clerk" includes interpreters and translators.
2. The subjects of the examination will be the two vernacular languages, Sinhalese and Tamil, and the system of accounts employed in Government Offices.
3. The examination in Sinhalese and Tamil will be divided into—
 - (a) Conversation and interpretation;
 - (b) Reading and writing.
4. Clerks of Sinhalese, Tamil, Malay, and Moor parentage will be required to pass in conversation and interpretation and in reading and writing in both languages, or in one language and accounts.
5. Clerks of other parentage will be required to pass in accounts and in conversation and interpretation in one or the other of the two languages named.
6. In the examination under section 3 (a) above the candidate will be tested in conversation so as to satisfy the examiner as to his power of understanding natives of different classes, and of making himself understood by them both in common conversation and in the course of official business. He will also be required to act as interpreter between the examiner and natives perfectly ignorant of English, the interpretation to be on matters connected with ordinary official business. The candidate will be required in this examination to obtain a minimum of 50 per cent. of the total marks in the vernacular which has been spoken by, or familiar to, him as a child, and a minimum of 33 per cent. of the total marks in the other vernacular if he be required to pass in a second language.

7. In the examination under section 3 (b) above the candidate will be required to write an English translation of two short Sinhalese or Tamil reports from headmen, written in different running hands, to translate a short English order to a headman into Sinhalese or Tamil, and to read and translate an extract from a Sinhalese or Tamil notarial deed and from the proceedings of a Gansabhawa case put into his hands for the first time. The candidate will be required in this examination to obtain a minimum of 50 per cent. of the total marks in the vernacular which has been spoken by or familiar to him as a child, and a minimum of 33 per cent. of the total marks in the other vernacular if he be required to pass in a second language.

8. Candidates for the examination in the system of accounts employed in Government Offices will be required to obtain a minimum of 50 per cent. of the total marks in accounts.

9. The examination will be conducted on the above system of marks, and the time allotted to each subject will be fixed by the examiners.

10. The examination will be held half-yearly in Colombo, and a candidate may take up the various subjects, if he so desire, in two sections at two separate periods: section (a) consisting of Sinhalese, section (b) of Tamil, or section (c) of accounts.

11. The expenses of all clerks attending an examination will be paid by Government at the rates laid down in the Minutes on Travelling Allowance, provided the examiners certify that the candidate was, with the knowledge exhibited by him, reasonably justified in presenting himself for examination.

12. The Minute dated January 19, 1906, published in the *Gazette* of the 26th idem, is hereby cancelled.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, December 13, 1907.

HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

PROCLAMATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR.

IN the Name of His Majesty EDWARD THE SEVENTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir HENRY EDWARD MCCALLUM, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Aide-de-Camp to His Majesty the King, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

HENRY MCCALLUM.

WHEREAS it is expedient to add to the schedule to the Proclamation dated October 11, 1907, issued by the Governor in Council in exercise of the powers vested in him by section 3 of "The Plant Pests Ordinance, 1907":

Now know Ye that We, the Governor of Ceylon, in exercise of the power vested in Us by section 3 of the said "The Plant Pests Ordinance, 1907," do hereby add to the second column of the said schedule to the Proclamation dated October 11, 1907, the following as measures which it shall be within the power of any Board constituted under the said Ordinance to require to be taken for the eradication of the insects declared to be pests by the said Proclamation, viz. :—

- (1) Removal of unsplit coconut stems from fences when such stems are more than twelve months old.
- (2) Prevention of the further use of unsplit coconut stems for fences.

Given at Kandy, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Eighth day of December, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seven.

By His Excellency's command,

HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

IN the Name of His Majesty EDWARD THE SEVENTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir HENRY EDWARD McCALLUM, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Aide-de-Camp to His Majesty the King, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

HENRY McCALLUM.

KNOW Ye that We, the Governor of Ceylon, in exercise of the power in Us vested by section 1 of "The Colombo Municipal Council Waterworks Ordinance, 1907," do by this Our Proclamation appoint that the said Ordinance, to wit, Ordinance No. 18 of 1907, intituled "An Ordinance to transfer the Ceylon Government Waterworks to the Municipal Council of Colombo," shall come into force as from and after January 1, 1908.

Given at Kandy, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Eighth day of December, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seven.

By His Excellency's command,

HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

IN the Name of His Majesty EDWARD THE SEVENTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir HENRY EDWARD McCALLUM, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Aide-de-Camp to His Majesty the King, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

HENRY McCALLUM.

KNOW Ye that We, the Governor of Ceylon in Council, in exercise of the power vested in Us by section 6 of "The Irrigation Ordinance, 1906," do by this Our Proclamation declare that the whole of the Wellaboda pattu, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, shall, as from and after December 1, 1907, be an irrigation district within the meaning of the said Ordinance.

Given at Kandy, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Tenth day of December, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seven.

By His Excellency's command,

HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

IN the Name of His Majesty EDWARD THE SEVENTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir HENRY EDWARD McCALLUM, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Aide-de-Camp to His Majesty the King, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

HENRY McCALLUM.

KNOW Ye that We, the Governor of Ceylon, in exercise of the power in Us vested by section 37 of "The Ceylon Postal and Telegraph Ordinance, 1892," and acting with the advice of the Executive Council, do hereby determine that from and after January 1, 1908, the rates of postage chargeable on postal packets to be transmitted in this Island shall be as set forth in the schedule hereto.

Given at Colombo, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twelfth day of December, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seven.

By His Excellency's command,

HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

SCHEDULE.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

Letters.

For a letter not exceeding 4 oz.	5 cents
For every additional 4 oz. or part thereof	5 cents

Printed Matter.

(a) Registered newspapers, irrespective of weight, each	2 cents
(b) A packet not exceeding 2 oz. in weight	2 cents
(c) For printed matter other than a registered newspaper, or exceeding 2 oz. in weight, the same rate of postage as for letters, miscellaneous packets, or parcels, according to weight.	

Miscellaneous Packets or Parcels.

For a parcel not exceeding 1 lb.	20 cents
For a parcel exceeding 1 lb. but not exceeding 2 lb.	30 cents
Do. 2 do. 3	40 cents
Do. 3 do. 5	50 cents
Do. 5 do. 6	60 cents
Do. 6 do. 7	70 cents
Do. 7 do. 8	80 cents
Do. 8 do. 9	90 cents
Do. 9 do. 11	1 rupee

For parcels exceeding 11 lb. but not exceeding 50 lb. the postage shall be at the rate of 15 cents for each single lb. or part thereof.

APPOINTMENTS, &c., BY THE GOVERNOR.

No. 392 of 1907.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr. P. E. PIERIS, to be Additional Assistant at Kalutara to the Government Agent, Western Province, with effect from December 13, 1907, until further orders, in addition to his own duties.

Mr. C. J. A. MARSHALL to act as Additional Police Magistrate, Colombo, Negombo, and Avisawella, and Additional Commissioner of Requests, Avisawella, for three months from December 16, 1907, during the absence of Mr. PETER DE SARAM on leave or until further orders.

Mr. P. A. GOONERATNE to act as Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Panadura, for December 4, 1907, during the absence of Mr. T. W. ROBERTS from the station.

Mr. SOLOMON FERNANDO to act as Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Panadura, for December 13, 1907, during the absence of Mr. T. W. ROBERTS from the station or until further orders.

Mr. R. O. DE SARAM to act as Assistant Collector of Customs for the Southern Province, Landing Surveyor, Galle, and Inspector of Petroleum under section 10 of Ordinance No. 6 of 1887, for the Southern Province, with effect from December 15, 1907, until further orders.

By His Excellency's command,

HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, December 13, 1907.

No. 393 of 1907.

IT is hereby notified that Mr. GUSTAV MARINITSCH has returned to the Island and resumed duties as Imperial and Royal Consul for Austria-Hungary at Colombo.

By His Excellency's command,

HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, December 12, 1907.

No. 394 of 1907.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint the under-mentioned gentlemen to be Unofficial Members of the Provincial Road Committee, Central Province, for the year 1908 :—

Mr. W. D. GIBBON.
Mr. J. B. COLES.
Mr. ALEX. WARDROP.
Mr. EDWIN BEVEN.
Mr. J. C. WEERASOORIA, Gate Mudaliyar.

By His Excellency's command,
HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, December 9, 1907.

No. 395 of 1907.

IT is hereby notified that the following gentlemen have been elected Unofficial Members of the Local Board of Matale for the years 1908 and 1909 :—

Mr. F. A. PRINS.
Mr. DAN. JOSEPH.
Mr. C. ARIYANAYAGAM.

By His Excellency's command,
HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, December 12, 1907.

No. 396 of 1907.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint the under-mentioned persons to be Assessors for the town of Pussellawa for the year 1908, under the provisions of section 5 of Ordinance No. 7 of 1866 :—

Mr. A. B. YATAWARA.
Mr. H. J. PERERA SAMARASEKARA, Jr.
Mr. A. B. IMBULDENIYA.

By His Excellency's command,

HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, December 6, 1907.

No. 397 of 1907.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint Mr. VAITILINKAM KUMARASAMY of Vannarponne West, Jaffna, to be a Notary Public throughout Jaffna division of the Jaffna District, with residence and office at Kolumputturai, and to practise as such in the Tamil language.

By His Excellency's command,

HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, December 12, 1907.

APPOINTMENTS, &c., OF REGISTRARS.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments :—

SAMUEL TAMPIPPILLAI CHINNYAPPAH to be Registrar of Marriages (General) of the Jaffna division, in the Jaffna District of the Northern Province, with effect from December 9, 1907, *vice* Registrar, D. P. BARTLETT, resigned. His office will be at Kayilanvalavu in Nallur.

BORAGOLLEGEDARA PUNCHI BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Udapalata division and of Marriages (Kandy and General) of Walapane division, in the Nuwara Eliya District of the Central Province, for one month from December 20, 1907, *vice* Registrar B. APPHAMY on leave. His office will be at Boragolla.

RUWANPURA DARLIS DE SILVA to be Deputy Registrar of Births and Deaths of Panadure town division of Panadurebadda, in the Kalutara District of the Western Province, with effect from December 2, 1907. His office will be at the Panadure Hospital.

By His Excellency's command,
HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, December 12, 1907.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint Mr. NOOR SALIM CASSIM of Badulla town, under section 8 of Ordinance No. 8 of 1886,

to be Registrar of Mohammedan Marriages of the Yatikinda division, in the Badulla District of the Province of Uva, with effect from December 15, 1907.

By His Excellency's command,
HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, December 7, 1907.

THE following appointments under sections 2 and 3 of the Ordinances Nos. 19 and 23 of 1900, respectively, are hereby notified :—

The Provincial Registrar, Western Province, has appointed DON ARNOLDUS GOONEWARDENE JAYATILEKA to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Colombo Town within Gravets, in the Colombo District of the Western Province, for thirty days from December 9, 1907, during the absence of Registrar, S. P. D. GOONEWARDENE, Muhandiram. His office will be at No. 61, Maliban street, Pettah.

The Provincial Registrar, Western Province, has appointed DON SAMUEL WIJESUNDARA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kosgama division in Udugaha pattu of Hewagam korale and of Marriages (General) of the said pattu, in the Colombo District of the Western Province, for November 26 and December 5, 1907, during the absence of the Registrar, D. H. WIJESUNDARA, on other duty. His office will be at Rukgahawatta in Kosgama. Station : Tanayamewatta in Avisawella.

The Provincial Registrar, Northern Province, has appointed TAMPIMUTTU PONNAYYA to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of the Jaffna division, in the Jaffna District of the Northern Province, for four days from December 4, 1907, during the absence of the Registrar, Mr. S. VELUPPILLAI, from the station on other duty. His office will be at Jaffna Kachcheri.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Nuwara Eliya, has appointed HEWA WEDIGE UDENIS DE SILVA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Dimbula division and of Marriages (General) of Kotmale division, in the Nuwara Eliya District of the Central Province, for ten days from December 7, 1907, during the absence of the Registrar, H. H. M. DE SILVA, on leave. His office will be at Talawakele.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Mannar, has appointed VANITTAMPY MURUKAR to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Iluppaikkadavai division,

in the Mannar District of the Northern Province, for two weeks from December 5, 1907, during the absence of the Registrar, SANGARAPPILLAI KANTAYYA, on leave. His office will be at Vitanaivalavu in Vellankulam.

The Provincial Registrar, Ratnapura, has appointed Mr. D. M. SENEVIRATNA to act as Registrar of General Marriages of Kuruwiti korale division, in the Ratnapura District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, for six days from December 28, 1907, during the absence of Mr. K. B. DISANAYAKA, on leave. His office will be at the Ratnapura Kachcheri.

P. ARUNACHALAM,
Registrar-General.

Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, December 12, 1907.

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATIONS.

IT is hereby notified for general information that HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, in exercise of the powers vested in him by section 67 of "The Ceylon Postal and Telegraph Ordinance, 1892," and with the advice of the Executive Council, has been pleased to make the following rule in respect of the fees payable for the use of locked boxes and bags.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, December 12, 1907.

HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

Rule referred to.

The following fees, which must be paid in advance, are charged in addition to the cost of the box or bag :—

For each locked box or bag for each calendar year or part thereof Rs. 15, provided that if the box or bag is used for the first time at any date in the year after June 30, the fee for that year only will be Rs. 7.50.

IT is hereby notified for general information that HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, in exercise of the powers vested in him by section 67 of "The Ceylon Postal and Telegraph Ordinance, 1892," and with the advice of the Executive Council, has been pleased to make the following rule in respect of rates of insurance payable on valuable miscellaneous packets or parcels :—

That the rates payable for the insurance of valuable miscellaneous packets or parcels transmitted by post from Ceylon to India shall from and after January 1, 1908, be as follows :—

	Insured Value.		Fee.	
	Rs.		Rs.	c.
When the insured value does not exceed	180	..	0	50
Do.	360	..	0	75
Do.	540	..	1	0
Do.	720	..	1	25
Do.	900	..	1	50
Do.	1,080	..	1	75
Do.	1,260	..	2	0
Do.	1,440	..	2	25
Do.	1,620	..	2	50
Do.	1,800	..	2	75

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, December 12, 1907.

HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

IT is hereby notified that an examination under the Regulations of August 26, 1891, for gentlemen in the Civil Service will be held in the Council Chamber on Monday, January 20, 1908, at 10.30 A.M., and following days, namely :—

Monday, January 20 .. Sinhalese	Thursday, January 23 .. Law
Tuesday, January 21 .. Law	Friday, January 24 .. Accounts
Wednesday, January 22 .. Law	Saturday, January 25 .. Tamil

The examination under the Minute of December 12, 1898, and the *vivâ voce* examination in the native languages for officers in the Public Works Department, the Irrigation Department, and the Forest Department, will be held at the same time and place.

Only the Police Magistrates who are not members of the Bar or of the Civil Service and those candidates who have been specially nominated by the Governor will be admitted to the examination under the Minute of December 12, 1898.

The examination in the Criminal Procedure Code prescribed under the Minute of March 26, 1900, for officers in the Fourth Class of the Civil Service, will also be held on January 21, 1908, as well as at the Kandy Kachcheri.

It is also hereby notified that candidates will be given the option of using Codes in the examinations in the Criminal Procedure Code and the Penal Code; they must, however, state when sending in their names what their decision is, as the character of the papers set or those who use Codes and those who do not will be different.

Candidates are required to send in their names not later than December 31, 1907.

Gentlemen in the Civil Service should state in their applications whether they are presenting themselves for the first or second examination, whether they intend taking up Sinhalese or Tamil, and whether they wish to have the option of using Codes.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, November 22, 1907.

HUGH CLIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

THE following regulations made by the Council of the Ceylon Medical College, in exercise of the powers vested in them by section 13 of "The Medical Registration Ordinance, 1905," and approved by HIS EXCELLENCY THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT, with the advice of the Executive Council, are hereby, in pursuance of section 13 of the said Ordinance, published for general information.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, August 15, 1907.

G. M. FOWLER,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Regulations for the Registration of Medical Practitioners.

The following diplomas and certificates will be entertained by the Council of the Ceylon Medical College in applications by persons to obtain certificates under section 13 of Ordinance No. 2 of 1905 :—

- (a) License in Medicine and Surgery (Ceylon).
- (b) Any medical qualification which is capable of being registered under the Medical Acts of Great Britain and Ireland, provided that this qualification has been obtained from one of the examining bodies of Great Britain or Ireland.
- (c) The Medical Degrees and the License in Medicine and Surgery of—
 - (1) Madras University.
 - (2) Calcutta University.
 - (3) Bombay University.
 - (4) Allahabad University.
 - (5) Punjab University.
- (d) The Medical Degrees of the Universities of the British Colonies.
- (e) In the case of persons who do not hold a Diploma or License to practise Medicine and Surgery, applications must be supported (1) by certificates from two practitioners already registered under the Ordinance and qualified for registration by possession of a Degree or Diploma which is accepted as a qualification for registration to the effect that the applicant possesses the requisite knowledge and skill for efficient practise as a Medical Practitioner; (2) by an affidavit that the applicant has practised Medicine and Surgery in Ceylon for not less than ten years. Applications by such persons will only be entertained if made on or before the 31st December, 1907, and certificates under section 13 of the Medical Registration Ordinance will only be granted in cases where the Council is satisfied that it is desirable in the interests of the public the same should be given.

MISCELLANEOUS DEPARTMENTAL NOTICES.

It is hereby notified that Mr. E. Fernando, Assistant to the Government Analyst, has been authorized to issue certificates for flash point of kerosine, &c., during the absence of the Government Analyst from Colombo.

December 12, 1907.

C. T. GRIFFIN,
for Principal Civil Medical Officer and
Inspector-General of Hospitals.

UNIVERSITY OF LONDON.

REGULATIONS FOR MATRICULATION.

IMPORTANT NOTICES.

The attention of all students who matriculate is directed to the following extract from Statute No. 120:—

“No student shall be admitted to the Final Examination for a degree until the expiration of at least three years after Matriculation, unless the Senate in special cases otherwise determine.”

MATRICULATION.

Candidates for any degree in this University, unless admitted under Statute 113,* or under the second clause of Statute 116,† must have passed the Matriculation Examination either in its ordinary form or in the form of the School Examination (Matriculation or Higher Standard for the School-leaving Certificate) at least three years previously to the Final Examination for a First Degree.‡

Students admitted under Statute 113, or under Statute 116, upon a qualification other than the Matriculation Examination, must pay a registration fee of £2 to the appropriate Registrar.

The Matriculation Examination and all other examinations of the University are open to men and women alike.

There shall be three examinations for Matriculation in each year, one commencing on September 15 if that day be a Monday, or if not, on the Monday next preceding the 15th; one on the second Monday in January; and the third on the second Monday in June (or July, as may be hereafter determined).§

Every candidate entering for the Matriculation Examination must pay a fee of £2. If a candidate withdraws his name before the last day of entry to the examination the fee shall be returned to him. If he fails to present himself at the examination, he shall be allowed to enter again within eight months for the Matriculation Examination on payment of a fee of £1. If he retires after the commencement of the examination, or fails to pass it, the full fee of £2 shall be payable upon every re-entry.||

Candidates who have matriculated in the University by examination, whether it be by the Matriculation Examination or by the School Examination (Matriculation Standard), will not be admitted to any subsequent Matriculation Examination as a whole; but they can enter any subsequent Matriculation Examination with a view to passing in one or more additional subjects on payment of a fee of £1 for a single subject and of £2 for two or more subjects.

Matriculated students of the University who have been registered under Statute 116 and members of the University who have proceeded to any Intermediate Examination in any Faculty or to the Preliminary Scientific Examination will not be admitted to any subsequent Matriculation Examination in whole or in part. Nevertheless, candidates who have proceeded after passing the Matriculation Examination may, for the special purpose (which must be declared) of satisfying the requirements of a Public Authority, and on the conditions stated above, enter for one or more subjects of the Matriculation Examination. The names of such candidates will not appear on the pass list, nor will they receive certificates; but the University will, on their behalf, notify their success to the Public Authority concerned.

The examination shall be conducted by means of printed papers; but the Examiners shall not be precluded from putting, for the purpose of ascertaining the competence of the candidates to pass, *viva voce* questions to any candidate in the subjects in which they are appointed to examine.

* See Appendices to these Regulations, No. I.

† See Appendices to these Regulations, No. II.

‡ The Medical and Surgical Degrees of this University are registrable qualifications, and it is not necessary for students to register as Medical Students in order to qualify for the examinations for these degrees. Compliance with the University Regulations is sufficient. For the diplomas of certain other licensing bodies, however, registration as a Medical Student by the General Medical Council is a necessary preliminary, and under the present regulations of the Council, those desiring to use the Matriculation Examination of this University as a qualification for registration must show that they have passed in Latin and in Greek or a modern foreign language.

§ The examinations in January and June (or July), but not that in September, may be held not only at the University, but also under special arrangements in other parts of the United Kingdom or in the Colonies. Neither Botany nor Drawing can be taken in the Colonies.

|| Candidates who entered for the Matriculation Examination in or before January, 1902, will for the present be admitted to subsequent Matriculations upon payment at every such entry of a fee of £1, provided that they comply with the above Regulations. Colonial Candidates who withdraw their names after having entered for, or who fail to present themselves at, an examination will be required to pay the full fee of £2 upon every re-entry.

Candidates shall not be approved by the Examiners unless they have shown at one and the same examination a competent knowledge in each of the following five subjects, according to the details specified under the several heads :—

- (1) English. One paper of three hours.
- (2) Elementary Mathematics. Two papers of three hours each.
- (3) Latin, or Elementary Mechanics, or Elementary Physics—Heat, Light, and Sound—or Elementary Chemistry, or Elementary Botany. One paper of three hours in each subject.
- (4) and (5) Two of the following subjects, neither of which has already been taken under section (3). One paper of 3 hours in each subject. If Latin be not taken, one of the other subjects selected must be another language from the list, either ancient or modern :—

Latin.
 Greek.
 French.
 German.
 Arabic.*
 Sanskrit.*
 Spanish.*
 Portuguese.*
 Italian.*
 Modern Dutch.*
 Hebrew.*
 Chinese.*
 Ancient History.
 Modern History.
 Physical and General Geography.
 History and Geography.†
 Logic.‡
 Geometrical and Mechanical Drawing.§
 Mathematics (more advanced).
 Elementary Mechanics.
 Elementary Chemistry.
 Elementary Physics—Heat, Light, and Sound.
 Elementary Physics—Electricity and Magnetism.
 Elementary Biology—Botany.||
 Elementary Biology—Zoology.*

The following are the particulars of the foregoing subjects of examination :—

I.—ENGLISH.¶

The paper will test knowledge and command of English by questions in composition, *précis* writing, paraphrase, and analysis of sentences. Some of the questions will involve a knowledge of the most salient facts in English History and General Geography.

II.—ELEMENTARY MATHEMATICS.

Arithmetic.—The principles and processes of Arithmetic applied to whole numbers and vulgar and decimal fractions.

The Metric System.

Approximation to a specified degree of accuracy.

Contracted methods of multiplication and division of decimals.

Ratio and proportion; percentage. Averages.

Practical applications of Arithmetic.

Algebra.—Symbolical expression of general results in Arithmetic.

Algebraic laws and their applications.

Factors of simple binomial or quadratic expressions.

Equations of the first or second degree, and problems leading thereto.

Square root. Graphs of simple rational integral algebraic functions.

Arithmetic and harmonic progression.

Geometric progression.

Geometry.—The subjects of Euclid I.-IV., with simple deductions, including easy loci and the areas of triangles and parallelograms, of which the bases and altitudes are given commensurable lengths. (Euclid's proofs will not be insisted upon.)

III.—OPTIONAL LANGUAGES.

Latin.—The paper shall contain passages to be translated into English from Latin books not previously prescribed, together with questions on Grammar and simple and easy sentences of English to be translated into Latin.**

* Candidates for examination in these subjects must give notice and pay their fee at least two months before the commencement of the examination.

† Candidates who take the combined paper in History and Geography will not be allowed to take either the Modern History paper or the paper in Physical and General Geography.

‡ Candidates who intend to proceed to a Degree in Divinity are reminded that if they pass in Logic at the Matriculation Examination they will be excused that subject at the Intermediate Examination in Divinity.

§ This subject cannot be taken in the Colonies.

|| In this examination special stress is laid on competence in Drawing. This subject cannot be taken in the Colonies.

¶ For regulations as to certificates in English only see page 1009.

** Special stress is laid on accuracy in the answers to the Grammar questions and on the correct rendering of English into Latin and Greek respectively.

Candidates who take Latin may also take an additional paper on Latin Prose, if they give notice on their Entry Form. This paper will not be a part of the Matriculation Examination, and marks gained on it will not be credited to the candidate. Two hours will be allowed for this paper, which will be of about the same difficulty as the corresponding paper in Responsions at Oxford.

Greek.—The paper shall contain passages to be translated into English from Greek books not previously prescribed, together with questions on Grammar and simple and easy sentences of English to be translated into Greek.*

French.—The paper shall contain (1) passages for translation from French, (2) a piece of easy translation into French, or, as an alternative, an essay of a simple character to be written in French, (3) questions on Grammar limited to Accidence and Elementary Syntax.

German.—The paper shall contain (1) passages for translation from German, (2) a piece of easy translation into German, or, as an alternative, an essay of a simple character to be written in German, (3) questions on Grammar limited to Accidence and Elementary Syntax.

Spanish† Portuguese† Italian† Modern Dutch†—The paper shall contain (1) passages for translation from the language in question, (2) a piece of easy translation into the language in question, or, as an alternative, an essay of a simple character to be written in the language in question. (3) questions on Grammar limited to Accidence and Elementary Syntax.

Arabic†—The paper shall contain easy passages for translation into English, and questions on Grammar.

Hebrew†—The paper shall contain easy passages for translation into English, with passages for pointing, and questions on Grammar and easy composition.

Sanskrit†—The paper shall contain easy passages for translation into English, and questions on Grammar.

Chinese†—The paper shall contain (1) questions on Grammar, (2) set pieces for translation from the Lun-yu or the Meng-tzu, (3) an unseen piece of translation, (4) translation of a piece of English into Chinese.

IV.—HISTORY.

Ancient.—The general course of Greek and Roman History, from an outline of the earlier monarchies.

The questions will be framed to test the general conceptions of history and historical development rather than technical detail.

Modern.—The general course of English History from 1485 to the death of Queen Victoria, with some reference to the contemporary history of Europe and Colonial developments.

The questions will be framed to test the general conception of history and historical development rather than technical detail.

V.—PHYSICAL AND GENERAL GEOGRAPHY.

The following regions in decreasing detail :—(a) England and Wales, (b) Scotland and Ireland, (c) Europe, the Mediterranean, the North Atlantic, North America, and Greenland, (d) the remaining Continents. Recapitulation from the point of view of the British Empire.

Attention should be directed to the following aspects of the several regions :—The broad contrasts and chief features of the land relief. The chief features of the coastal outline as related to those of the relief. The disposition of the water partings and of the chief river basins. The winds and sea currents, distribution of rainfall, the climatic contrasts, and the resulting agricultural contrasts. The districts of exceptionally dense or rare population considered in relation to their position, natural resources, and industrial activities. The arrangement of the political divisions upon the land relief and with reference to the drainage system. The analysis of the positions of the great towns.

Candidates will be expected to understand the main physical causes of the phenomena they describe, such as variations of atmospheric temperature and pressure, their seasonal and regional distribution; the causes of precipitation, winds—their cause and prevalence in different regions, the interpretation of weather charts, and the meaning of the network and other conventional symbols employed in maps. Time need not be spent in elaborate map drawing. The answers in the examination should be illustrated, where necessary, by simple diagrams, correct in general proportion, but without detail. Candidates may be expected to identify maps without names, to insert upon such maps the position of geographical features, and to work problems as to local time.

VI.—HISTORY AND GEOGRAPHY.

Candidates who take the combined paper in History and Geography will not be allowed to take either the Modern History paper or the paper in Physical and General Geography.

History.—The general course of English History from 1688 to the death of Queen Victoria, with some reference to the contemporary history of Europe and Colonial developments.

The questions will be framed to test the general conceptions of history and historical development rather than technical detail.

Geography.—The British Isles and (in outline) the rest of the World.

Attention should be directed to the following aspects of the several regions :—The broad contrasts and chief features of the land relief. The chief features of the coastal outline as related to those of the relief. The disposition of the water partings and of the chief river basins. The winds and sea currents, distribution of rainfall, the climatic contrasts, and the resulting agricultural contrasts. The districts of exceptionally dense or rare population considered in relation to their position, natural resources, and industrial activities. The arrangement of the political divisions upon the land relief and with reference to the drainage system. The analysis of the positions of the great towns.

Candidates will be expected to understand the main physical causes of the phenomena they describe, such as variations of atmospheric temperature and pressure, their seasonal and regional distribution; the causes of precipitation, winds—their cause and prevalence in different regions, the interpretation of weather charts, and the meaning of the network and other conventional symbols employed in maps. Time need not be

* See note ** on page 1005.

† See note * on page 1005.

spent in elaborate map drawing. The answers in the examination should be illustrated, where necessary, by simple diagrams, correct in general proportion, but without detail. Candidates may be expected to identify maps without names, to insert upon such maps the position of geographical features, and to work problems as to local time.

Candidates will be required to pass in each division of the paper. Questions will be set in each subject by the Examiners in that subject, of which an equal number are to be answered in each subject.

VII.—LOGIC.*

The Term: Classification of Terms, Denotation and Connotation.

Division, Definition, the Predicables.

The Proposition: Classification of Propositions, Reduction of Sentences to Logical Form.

Laws of Thought, Opposition of Propositions, Immediate Inference.

The Syllogism: Moods and Figures, the Expression of Arguments in Syllogistic Form.

Hypothetical and Disjunctive Propositions and Arguments.

Inductive reasoning in its various forms.

Observation and Experiment: Canons of Scientific Induction.

Combination of Induction and Deduction: Hypothesis and Explanation.

Fallacies.

} These three subjects will be
treated in a specially elemen-
tary manner.

VIII.—GEOMETRICAL AND MECHANICAL DRAWING.†

IX.—MATHEMATICS (MORE ADVANCED).

Algebra.—Theory of indices: logarithms and the use of the logarithmic tables.‡

Binomial Theorem for a positive integral index.

Geometry.—Similar figures. Mensuration of the circle.

Elementary Co-ordinate Geometry of the straight line and circle.

Trigonometry.—Up to and including the solution of triangles, together with the practical solutions of triangles and applications, and numerical examples involving the use of logarithmic and other tables.

X.—OPTIONAL SCIENCES.

The examination in Science shall aim at ascertaining whether candidates possess a knowledge of fundamental scientific methods, acquired by observation of nature or by a simple course of experiment in physical measurement, or by the investigation of simple problems and commonly occurring phenomena illustrating natural laws.

Elementary Mechanics.

Elementary notions of Velocity and Acceleration.

Motion of a body with constant Acceleration.

Resolution and Composition of Velocities, Accelerations, &c.

Elementary notions of Mass and Momentum.

Elementary notions of Force as measured by rate of change of Momentum.

Newton's Laws of Motion.

Kinetic Energy and Work.

Units of Force and Measurement.

Balancing of Forces.

Torques or Moments.

Conditions for the equilibrium of Three Parallel Forces.

Resolution and Composition of Parallel Forces in one Plane. Centre of Parallel Forces. Centre of

Gravity. Mass Centre. Stable, Unstable, and Neutral Equilibrium.

Conditions for the equilibrium of Three Forces not parallel. Triangle and Parallelogram of Forces.

Moments. Simple illustrations of conditions of Equilibrium and of the Principle of Works, as in levers, pulleys, the inclined plane, &c.

Pressure in Liquids; variations with depth.

Transmission of Liquid Pressure; Hydraulic Press.

Pressures on immersed and floating bodies.

Density; methods of determining Relative Densities.

Relation between volume and pressure in Gases.

Atmospheric Pressure.

Elementary Chemistry.

Examples of chemical change as distinguished from physical or mechanical change. Evidence of the indestructibility of matter.

Composition and chief chemical and physical properties of atmospheric air and water.

Characteristics of definite chemical compounds as distinguished from mixtures.

Chief sources and properties of oxygen, hydrogen, carbon, sulphur, phosphorus, nitrogen, chlorine, and their chief compounds. Composition and properties of silica.

Combining proportions by weight and volume. Atomic Theory. Symbols and their use. Nomenclature. General characteristics of metals as a class. Interaction of metals, acids, and bases. The more obvious phenomena of electrolysis. Nature of salts.

Facts relating to the Chemistry of daily life:—Combustion, flame, incandescence. Coal, coke, wood, charcoal, and action of heat on these substances. Causes of hardness in natural waters. Lime, chalk, and washing soda, and their uses. Chemical nature of oil and fat, soap, mineral oil, sugar, starch, alcohol. Common vegetable acids—acetic, oxalic, tartaric. Recognition of carbon, hydrogen, and nitrogen in organic substances. Glass, clay, and pottery.

* Candidates who intend to proceed to a Degree in Divinity are reminded that if they pass in Logic at the Matriculation Examination they will be excused that subject at the Intermediate Examination in Divinity.

† This subject cannot be taken in the Colonies.

‡ Logarithmic tables will be supplied by the University.

Candidates will be required to give evidence by their answers that they have seen experiments illustrative of all the subjects included in the Syllabus, and that they have themselves performed a variety of simple qualitative and quantitative experiments.

The questions set will have regard to the conditions under which the subject may best be experimentally taught in schools.

Elementary Physics—Heat, Light, and Sound.

Heat.—Temperature. Construction and use of instruments for the measurement of Temperature. Expansion of Solids and Liquids, with rise of Temperature. Effect of change of Temperature on the Volume and Pressure of Gases. Convection in Fluids.

Quantity of Heat. Specific Heat.

Change of State. Latent Heat. Vapour Pressure. Boiling-point.

Dew-point. Formation of Cloud. Fog and Dew.

Conduction. Definition of Thermal Conductivity.

Radiation: its emission, propagation, reflection, refraction, and absorption; its relation to Light.

The mechanical equivalent of Heat and modes of determination. The Conservation of Energy.

Light.—Propagation of Light. Measurement of Velocity. Laws of Reflexion and Refraction. Photometry.

Reflexion of Plane and Spherical Surfaces, and the formation of Images.

Refraction at Plane Surfaces and by Prisms. Minimum deviation. Chromatic dispersion.

The formation of Images by single Lenses. Long and Short Sight and their correction by Lenses.

The combination of two Lenses to form a simple Telescope or Microscope.

Sound.—The production and propagation of Sound.

Nature of Wave-motion. Amplitude, Wave-length, Frequency.

Experimental determination of the Velocity of Sound in Air Echoes. Effect of change of Temperature on the velocity.

Determination of Frequency by simple methods.

Experimental investigation of the modes of Vibration of Strings by means of the Sonometer.

Experimental investigation of the Vibrations of Air in Pipes by resonance to tuning forks. Organ Pipes. Position of nodes and antinodes.

The questions set will have regard to the conditions under which these subjects may best be experimentally taught in schools.

Elementary Physics—Electricity and Magnetism.

Properties of Magnets. Simple Phenomena of Magnetism and of Magnetic Induction (Influence). Magnetic Moment.

The Magnetic Field: Line of Force. The Law of Magnetic Force.

The Earth as a Magnet.

The Simple Phenomena of Electrified Bodies. Conduction and Insulation. Electrification by Friction and by Induction (Influence).

Quantity of Electrification.

Distribution of Electrification on Conductors.

Electric Field: Strength of Field.

The Law of Electric Force.

Potential. Capacity. Energy of Charge.

Electric Discharge and Electric Current.

Primary and Secondary Batteries.

Magnetic Field of Current. Current Circuits in a Magnetic Field. Magnetic Measurement of Current. Galvanometers.

Work done by an Electric Current.

Electromotive Force. Resistance.

Ohm's Law; Volt; Ohm; Ampere; Joule; Watt.

Heating Effects of Currents.

Elementary Phenomena of Electrolysis; Faraday's Law.

Electromagnetic Induction; Faraday's Law; Lenz's Law. Induction Coil.

The questions set will have regard to the conditions under which these subjects may best be experimentally taught in schools.

*Elementary Biology—Botany.**

Elementary Biology—Zoology.†

Candidates will be expected to be acquainted with—

- (1) The definition and scope of Zoology.
- (2) The recognition of the commoner types of animals, with an elementary knowledge of their distinctive characters, habits, and modes of life.
- (3) The general principles of animal life as exemplified by the structure and functions of the vertebrate body, so far as they can be studied by the aid of the simplest appliances.
- (4) The zoological nature of the most familiar types of invertebrate fossils.

* This subject cannot be taken in the Colonies.

† See note * on page 1,005.

The examination shall be conducted in the following order* :—

First day	.. Afternoon, 2 to 5	.. English (1).	
Second day	.. Morning, 10 to 1	.. Elementary Mathematics (2).	
	.. Afternoon, 2 to 5	.. Latin (3).	
Third day	.. Morning, 10 to 1	.. Chemistry (4).	
	.. Afternoon, 2 to 5	.. Botany (5).	
Fourth day Heat, Light, and Sound (6).	
		.. Mechanics (7).	
		.. Botany (5).	
		.. Heat, Light, and Sound (6).	
		.. Mechanics (7).	
		.. Drawing—Geometrical and Mechanical (8).	
		.. French (9).	
		.. German (10).	
		.. Morning, 10 to 1	.. Greek (11).
		.. Electricity and Magnetism (12).	
		.. Geography (13).	
		.. History, Ancient (14).	
		.. History, Modern (15).	
		.. History and Geography (16).	
		.. Logic (17).	
		.. Afternoon, 2 to 5	.. French (9).
		.. German (10).	
.. Greek (11).			
.. Electricity and Magnetism (12).			
.. Geography (13).			
.. History, Ancient (14).			
.. History, Modern (15).			
.. History and Geography (16).			
.. Logic (17).			
.. Mathematics, more advanced (18).			

Except in the case of Elementary Mathematics, candidates will only be allowed to take one paper in each subject. Two papers will be set in many other subjects in order to compress the examination into as short a period as possible, but no candidate will be allowed to take more than one of these papers. No option is allowed as to the order in which they are taken, and if the candidate does not present himself for examination in a given subject at the right time, he will on no account whatever be allowed to take a paper which may be set later on the same subject. It is, therefore, of the greatest importance that candidates should attend to the following rule :—

Candidates, having selected their subjects in accordance with the regulations, will be examined in these subjects in the numerical order in which they occur in the above list, and must take each subject on the first possible occasion accordingly.

Thus, a candidate who offers, in addition to English and Mathematics (Elementary), Botany, Mechanics, and French, must take Botany (No. 5) on the afternoon of the third day, Mechanics (No. 7) on the morning of the fourth day, and French (No. 9) on the afternoon of the fourth day. Again, a candidate who offers Latin, German (10), and Greek (11), must take German in the morning and Greek in the afternoon of the fourth day.

Candidates who take any of the subjects for which two months' notice is required will be informed when the examinations in these subjects will take place.

‡ A Pass Certificate, signed by the Principal and setting forth the subjects of examination taken by the candidate, shall be delivered to each successful candidate after the report of the Examiners shall have been approved by the Senate.†

CERTIFICATES IN ENGLISH.

Any person will be admitted to take the English paper and *viva voce* test at the Matriculation Examination on payment of a fee of £2 for each entry, and subject to the General Regulations affecting that examination.

A certificate will be issued to each successful candidate stating that he has submitted himself to an oral and written test in English and has shown an adequate knowledge of the subject.

Any person who has obtained the foregoing certificate will be admitted to take the English papers at the Intermediate Examination in Arts (Pass) for External Students and a *viva voce* test on payment of a fee of £3, and subject to the General Regulations affecting that examination.

A certificate will be issued to each successful candidate stating that he has shown an adequate knowledge of the English Language, and of the period of English literature and of the texts prescribed for that examination.

Office of Public Instruction,
Colombo. December 5, 1907.

J. HARWARD,
Director of Public Instruction.

* Changes in the details of this order may be found necessary from time to time, but in all such cases due notice will be given to candidates.

† Certificates are generally ready for issue about a month after the publication of the Pass-List, and, in the absence of any request to the contrary, will be posted to the addresses given by the candidates on their Forms of Entry.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application has been received from Mr. W. A. de Silva for a grant in aid of his Weweldeniya Girls' Vernacular School, which is situated in Hapitigam korale of the Western Province.

Observations will be received not later than December 23, 1907.

J. HARWARD,
Director.

Department of Public Instruction,
Colombo, December 5, 1907.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application has been received from the Rev. R. P. Butterfield for removal of his Kadugannawa Boys' Vernacular (Tamil) Estate (C) School, which is situated in the Yatinuwara division of the Central Province, to a site near the monument.

Observations will be received not later than December 23, 1907.

J. HARWARD,
Director.

Department of Public Instruction,
Colombo, December 5, 1907.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application has been received from the Rev. W. G. Shorten for change of site of his Bembiya and Dnuuvilla Mixed Vernacular Schools, which are situated in the Dumbara District of the Central Province.

Observations will be received not later than December 30, 1907.

J. HARWARD,
Director.

Department of Public Instruction,
Colombo, December 10, 1907.

Senior and Junior Examinations, Survey Department.

IT is hereby notified that the above examinations will be held at the Surveyor-General's Office, Colombo, and at the Topo Survey Office, Kandy, and Superintendent's Office, Badulla, commencing on January 6, 1908, at 10.30 A.M.

J. HARWARD,
Director of Public Instruction.

Public Instruction Office,
Colombo, November 15, 1907.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Friday, December 20, 1907, at 2.30 P.M., the Government Agent, Sabaragamuwa, will put up to auction at Ratnapura one hundredweight of thorianite.

2. Upset price, Rs. 5 per pound.

3. For further information application may be made to the Government Agent, Ratnapura.

W. A. WEERAKOON,
for Government Agent.

Ratnapura Kachcheri,
December 3, 1907.

A MEETING of the Congregation of All Saints' Church, Hulftsdorp, will (D.V.) be held in the vestry of the church on Wednesday, December 25, 1907, at 5.15 P.M., for the purpose of electing trustees for the ensuing year.

H. B. GOONATILAKA,
Vicar.

Church of the Holy Trinity, Nuwara Eliya.

NOTICE is hereby given that in accordance with the provisions of Ordinance No. 12 of 1846, a General Meeting of the Seatholders of the above Church will be held in the vestry on Sunday, December 29, 1907, at 11.15 A.M., for the election of three new trustees of the said church for the year commencing on January 1, 1908.

JULIA LAYARD,
J. N. CAMPBELL,
F. BARTLETT,
J. M. BRACE,
Trustees.

CHARLES P. H. REYNOLDS,
December 2, 1907. Chairman.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the congregation of Christ Church, Matale, will be held in the vestry on Tuesday, December 31, 1907, at 5 P.M., to elect three trustees for the said church for the year 1908.

A. S. AMARASEKARA,
Incumbent.

Matale, December 3, 1907.

IN pursuance of the provisions of section 11 of the Ordinance No. 2 of 1895, intituled "An Ordinance to consolidate and amend the Laws relating to the Registration of Marriages, other than the Marriages of Kandians or of Mohammedans," I, Ponnambalam Arunachalam, Registrar-General of Ceylon, do hereby notify that the under-mentioned building, used as a place of public Christian worship, has been duly registered for the solemnization of marriages therein:—

No.	Date of Registration.	Description.	Situation.	Minister or Proprietor or Trustee.	Religious Denomination on whose behalf the Building is registered.
204	December 5, 1907	Church	Araly, Valikamam West, Jaffna	Rev. Thomas B. Scott, Trustee	Congregational

Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, December 6, 1907.

P. ARUNACHALAM,
Registrar-General.

The Ceylon Medical Register, 1907.

IN addition to the lists published in *Gazette* dated September 27, October 4 and 25, and November 29, 1907, the following Medical Practitioners are qualified under Ordinance No. 2 of 1905 to practise Medicine and Surgery in Ceylon:—

Name.	Residence.	Date of Registration.	Qualifications, with Dates.
162. Fernand, John Oscar	"Domo Volcano," Meegahawatte, Kadawatta	November 20, 1907	Certificate of the Council of the Ceylon Medical College, October 30, 1907.
163. Scharenguivel, Edwin Walter	Lunugala	November 27, 1907	L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin.); L.F.P. & S. (Glas.), 1896
164. Brohier, Louis Cyrus	Kurunegala	November 27, 1907	M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.S.A. (Lond.), 1890.
165. Amarasuriya, Charles	Badulla	November 27, 1907	M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), 1906.
166. De Saram, Herbert John	"Westwood," Colombo road, Kandy	November 27, 1907	L.S.A. (Lond.), 1900.
167. Margenout, William Wendt	Kegalla	November 27, 1907	L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin.), L.F.P. & S. (Glas.), 1888.
168. Omar, Ismail Lebba	Kellobodde estate, Fussellawa	November 27, 1907	Certificate of the Council of the Ceylon Medical College, November 27, 1907.
169. Wijeyekoon, Alfred Prins	Kalutara	November 27, 1907	Certificate of the Council of the Ceylon Medical College, November 27, 1907.
170. Ebell, John Henry	Galle	November 27, 1907	L.M.S. (Madras), 1880.
171. Don Robert, Warnakulasuriya	Kuruwe street, Colombo	December 4, 1907	Certificate of the Council of the Ceylon Medical College, December 4, 1907.
172. Attygalle, John William Samuel	Gampola	December 4, 1907	M.B., C.M. (Aberdeen), 1897.
173. Dharmaratne, Simon Oswald	Namunukula	December 4, 1907	L.M.S. (Ceylon), 1897.
174. Somasundaram, Kartigaser	Dambulla	December 4, 1907	L.M.S. (Ceylon), 1897.
175. Santiago, Richard S.	Mantota	December 4, 1907	L.M.S. (Ceylon), 1900.
176. Ludovici, Edwin	Galle	December 4, 1907	L.M.S. (Ceylon), 1880.
177. Peries, Charles Gabriel	Dam street	December 4, 1907	M.B., C.M. (Aberdeen), 1898.
178. Pereira, Arthur Lloyd	Kotagala	December 4, 1907	L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin.), L.F.P. & S. (Glas.), 1895.
179. Alles, Francis Richard	Kandy	December 4, 1907	L.M.S. (Ceylon), 1893; L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin.), L.F.P. & S. (Glas.), 1893.
180. Wijesinghe, John Henry Peter	Watawala	December 4, 1907	L.M.S. (Ceylon), 1906; L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin.), L.F.P. & S. (Glas.), 1906.
181. De Kretser, Edgar	Ratnapura	December 4, 1907	L.M.S. (Ceylon), 1880; L.S.A. (Lond.), 1890.
182. De Hoedt, Jacob G.	Ratnapura	December 4, 1907	M.B., C.M. (Aberdeen), 1891.
183. Ephraums, Denzil Cyril	Dolosbage	December 4, 1907	L.M.S. (Ceylon), 1903.
184. Meier, William Henry	"Carlton," Mutwal	December 4, 1907	L.M.S. (Ceylon), 1903.
185. Nugara, Charles Felix	Galle	December 4, 1907	L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin.), L.F.P. & S. (Glas.), 1893.
186. De Silva, William Henry	"Nelledith," Bambalapitiya, Colombo	December 4, 1907	M.B., C.M. (Aberdeen), 1892; F.R.C.S. (Edin.), 1901.
187. De Silva, William Ewart	Karawanella	December 4, 1907	L.M.S. (Ceylon), 1905.
188. De Kretser, Terence Duncan	General Hospital, Colombo	December 4, 1907	L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin.), L.F.P. & S. (Glas.), 1907.
189. Jayatileke, Richard George	Haputale	December 4, 1907	L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin.), L.F.P. & S. (Glas.), 1893.
190. Wijesinghe, Lionel Christopher	General Hospital, Colombo	December 4, 1907	L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin.), L.F.P. & S. (Glas.), 1907.
191. Perera, Don William	General Hospital, Colombo	December 4, 1907	L.M.S. (Ceylon), 1907.
192. Spaar, Eric Clarence	General Hospital, Colombo	December 4, 1907	L.M.S. (Ceylon), 1907.
193. Aserappa, Edward Peter	Badulla	December 4, 1907	L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin.), L.F.P. & S. (Glas.), 1894.

Albert J. Chalmers,
Registrar.

Ceylon Medical College,
Colombo, December 9, 1907.

AN examination for admission into the Post and Telegraph Department will be held at the Government Training College, Colombo, on April 13, 1908, and the following day.

2. Only candidates nominated by the Postmaster-General will be allowed to compete.
3. Candidates must be over 18 and under 24 years of age on the first day of examination.
4. Every candidate must apply for nomination to the Postmaster-General in his own handwriting not later than January 31, 1908, and must with his application forward certificates of birth and character. Affidavits will not be accepted in proof of age.
5. Those who obtain nominations for admission to the examination must forward a fee of Rs. 10 so as to reach the Postmaster-General before March 10, 1908, on which date the entries for admission of candidates to the examination will be closed. The fee should be forwarded by *Money Order* or *Crossed Cheque* in favour of the Postmaster-General. *No cash will be accepted.*

6. The subjects of examination will be as follows :—

	Maximum.
Dictation { Writing	200
{ Spelling	100
Arithmetic	200
Geography	200
English Composition	100
Geometry, the subjects of the First Book of Euclid	50
Algebra up to and including simple equations	50
Sinhalese	50
Tamil	50

7. The examination will be held in two parts : the first part will be a qualifying examination in Handwriting, Spelling, and Arithmetic. Any candidate failing to obtain half the marks allotted for Handwriting, Spelling, and Arithmetic, respectively, will be excluded from the remainder of the examination. The second part of the examination will be in the remaining subjects mentioned in paragraph 6 of this notice. Attention is drawn to the addition of Sinhalese and Tamil to the subjects for examination. Candidates will be required to read and translate specimens of ordinary handwriting in those languages, and in selecting candidates consideration will be given to those who have obtained marks in the vernacular.

8. Candidates who have passed either the London Matriculation Examination or the Madras Matriculation or the Calcutta Entrance Examination in the First or Second Division, or the Senior or Junior Cambridge Local Examinations in (1) English, (2) Euclid and Algebra, in addition to the compulsory subjects, will only be required to pass in Dictation and either Sinhalese or Tamil.

9. The examination will be held in accordance with the following Time Table.

10. Copies of this notice may be obtained on application from the Postmaster-General or the Director of Public Instruction.

Time Table.

Examination of candidates for admission to the Postal Department, 1908 :—

April 13	.. {	11 A.M. to 11.30 A.M. ..	Dictation
		11.30 A.M. to 12.30 P.M. ..	English Composition
		1.30 P.M. to 3.30 P.M. ..	Arithmetic
April 14	.. {	11 A.M. to 12.30 P.M. ..	Geography
		1.30 P.M. to 3 P.M. ..	Algebra
		3 P.M. to 4.30 P.M. ..	Euclid

Candidates will be examined orally in Sinhalese and Tamil while the papers are in progress.

Postmaster-General's Office,
Colombo, October 4, 1907.

W. MACREADY,
for Postmaster-General.

NOTICES CALLING FOR TENDERS.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Madawachchiya Sawing," will be received up to noon on Tuesday, January 7, 1908, by the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Jaffna Division, Jaffna, from persons willing to saw into sleepers 250 logs, more or less, lying near the Railway Station at Madawachchiya, and to stack the sleepers near the railway line.

Tenders should quote separate rates per broad gauge and narrow gauge sleeper.

The work must be completed within two months of date of contract.

Persons wishing to tender should deposit in a Kachcheri a sum of Rs. 20, and submit the receipt to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Jaffna Division, Jaffna, who will on receiving the Kachcheri receipt issue to him a form in duplicate on which the tender should be made, and no other form of tender will be recognized.

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being sent to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Jaffna, and the duplicate to the Hon. the

Controller of Revenue, both being despatched at the same time.

Should the person tendering decline to enter into the contract and bond, or fail to furnish the necessary security, the deposit will be forfeited to the Crown.

All alterations in any tender should be initialled by the person signing it. Tenders containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

A sum of Rs. 50 must be deposited as security for the due fulfilment of the contract before it is signed.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, or of accepting any portion of a tender.

Further particulars can be obtained on application to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Jaffna.

FRED. J. S. TURNER,
Assistant Conservator of Forests,
Jaffna Division.

Forest Office,
Jaffna, December 5, 1907.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Nachchaduwa Sawing," will be received by the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Jaffna Division, Jaffna, up to noon on Tuesday, January 7, 1908, from persons willing to carry out the following work:—

To fell and saw 5,000 broad gauge sleepers, more or less, from the forest immediately under the Nachchaduwa tank bund. The sleepers must be transported and stacked at Ratmale, near the railway line in the North-Central Province. Sleepers to be of the usual sleeper woods. The transport to Ratmale from the working area will be over village cart tracks for 7 miles.

A rate per broad gauge and a rate per narrow gauge sleeper, delivered at Ratmale and stacked near the railway line, must be separately quoted, written both in figures and words.

The work should be completed within seven months of date of contract.

Any person wishing to tender for the above work should deposit in the Jaffna Kachcheri or in any one of the Kachcheries the sum of Rs. 20, and submit the receipt to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Jaffna, who will thereupon issue to him the form on which the tender must be made. No tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained.

The tender must be sent to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Jaffna, and the duplicate of it direct to the Hon. the Controller of Revenue, both being despatched at the same time.

Should any person tendering decline to enter into the contract and bond, or fail to furnish security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown.

All alterations in any tender should be initialled by the person signing it. Any tender containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

The sum of Rs. 100 will have to be deposited as security for the due fulfilment of the contract before it is signed.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and of accepting any portion of a tender.

Further information may be obtained on application to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Jaffna.

FRED. J. S. TURNER,
Assistant Conservator of Forests,
Jaffna Division.

Forest Office,
Jaffna, December 5, 1907.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Rambawa Logs," will be received by the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Jaffna Division, Jaffna, up to noon on Saturday, January 4, 1908, from persons willing to carry out the under-mentioned work.

To fell within 6 inches of the ground 1,500 palu and milla trees in the Rambawa forest, situated about 11 miles from Anuradhapura on the Anuradhapura-Jaffna main road, to trim the logs to certain lengths, and to deliver the logs in Anuradhapura at the Forest Department Sawmill Depot. Only such trees as have been marked for the purpose by the Forest Department are to be felled. All the logs should be delivered within five months of the date of contract.

Tenders must be submitted in duplicate, the original being sent to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Jaffna Division, Jaffna, and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Controller of Revenue, both being despatched at the same time.

Any person wishing to tender should deposit in a Kachcheri the sum of Rs. 20 and submit the receipt to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Jaffna

Division, Jaffna, who will thereupon issue to him the form on which the tender must be made, and no other form of tender will be recognized.

Tenderers must quote a rate per cubic foot delivered in Anuradhapura.

Should a successful tenderer fail to enter into the necessary contract, the deposit of Rs. 20 will be forfeited to the Crown.

All alterations in any tender should bear the initials of the person signing the tender.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders.

Further information is obtainable on application to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Jaffna Division, Jaffna.

FRED. J. S. TURNER,
Assistant Conservator of Forests,
Jaffna Division.

Forest Office,
Jaffna, December 5, 1907.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Transport of Nachchaduwa Logs," will be received up to noon on Saturday, January 4, 1908, by the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Jaffna Division, Jaffna, from persons willing to undertake the transporting of 2,000 logs from lands under Nachchaduwa tank to the Forest Department Sawmill Depot in Anuradhapura. The route consists of 3 miles jungle cart track, 3½ miles minor road, and 4½ miles main metalled road, i.e., 11 miles in all through flat country. The whole number of logs must be delivered within three months of date of contract.

Any person wishing to tender should deposit in a Kachcheri the sum of Rs. 20 and forward the receipt to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Jaffna Division, Jaffna, who will thereupon issue to him a form on which the tender must be made. Any other form of tender will not be recognized.

Tenders must be submitted in duplicate, the original to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Jaffna Division, Jaffna, and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Controller of Revenue, both being despatched at the same time.

Tenders must quote a rate per cubic foot of timber delivered in the depot at Anuradhapura.

Should a successful tenderer fail to enter into the necessary contract, the deposit of Rs. 20 will be forfeited to the Crown.

All alterations in any tender should be initialled by the person signing the tender.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders.

Further information is obtainable on application to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Jaffna Division, Jaffna.

FRED. J. S. TURNER,
Assistant Conservator of Forests,
Jaffna Division.

Forest Office,
Jaffna, December 5, 1907.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Manikagama Logs," will be received up to noon on Monday, December 30, 1907, by the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Jaffna Division, Jaffna, from persons willing to fell in the Manikagama forest, 7 miles from Anuradhapura along a jungle cart track, and deliver at the Anuradhapura Sawmill Depot 500 logs of convenient lengths for conversion into sleepers.

The work must be completed within four months of the date of contract.

Any person wishing to tender for the above work should deposit in the Jaffna Kachcheri or in any one of the Kachcheries a sum of Rs. 20 and submit the receipt to the Assistant Conservator of Forests,

Jaffna, who will thereupon issue to him the form on which the tender must be made. No tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained.

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being sent to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Jaffna, and the duplicate to the Hon. the Controller of Revenue, both being despatched at the same time.

Should the person tendering decline to enter into the contract and bond, or fail to furnish security, the deposit will be forfeited to the Crown.

A rate per cubic foot should be quoted, written both in words and figures.

All alterations in any tender should be initialled by the person signing it. Tenders containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

A sum of Rs. 50 must be deposited as security for the due fulfilment of the contract before it is signed.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, or of accepting any portion of a tender.

Further particulars can be obtained on application to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Jaffna.

FRED. J. S. TURNER,
Assistant Conservator of Forests,
Jaffna Division.

Forest Office,
Jaffna, December 6, 1907.

SEALD Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for Sawing Sleepers at Anuradhapura," will be received up to noon on Monday, January 6, 1908, from persons willing to carry out the under-mentioned work during 1908:—

To saw 20,000 or more broad gauge railway sleepers of 9 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in. from logs collected in the Anuradhapura Depot. Logs of shorter lengths than 9 ft. to be sawn into narrow gauge sleepers of 5 ft. by 9 in. by 4½ in. The whole of the work to be completed within ten months of date of contract.

Any person wishing to tender for the above work should deposit in the Jaffna Kachcheri or in any one of the Kachcheries the sum of Rs. 20 and submit the receipt to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Jaffna, who will thereupon issue to him the form on which the tender must be made. No tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained.

The tender must be sent to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Jaffna, and the duplicate of it direct to the Hon. the Controller of Revenue, both being despatched at the same time.

Should any person tendering decline to enter into the contract and bond, or fail to furnish security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown.

Separate rates per sleeper, broad gauge and narrow gauge, must be quoted, written both in words and figures. All alterations in any tender should be initialled by the person signing it. Any tender containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

The sum of Rs. 800 will have to be deposited as security for the due fulfilment of the contract before it is signed.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and of accepting any portion of a tender.

Further information may be obtained on application to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Jaffna.

FRED. J. S. TURNER,
Assistant Conservator of Forests,
Jaffna Division.

Forest Office,
Jaffna, December 11, 1907.

SEALD Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelope "Tender for the Supply of Sleepers," will be received up to noon on Monday, January 6, 1908, from persons willing to carry out the under mentioned work during 1908:—

To fell, saw, and transport 2,000 broad gauge kumbuk railway sleepers from Hingamuwewa and Kuda-oya, situate near 22nd milepost, Puttalam road, to the Ganewatta railway station, a distance of 22 miles.

Logs of shorter lengths than 9 ft. to be sawn into narrow gauge sleepers of 5 ft. by 9 in. by 4½ in.

Time of completion of work to be stated in tender.

Any person wishing to tender for the above work should deposit in the Kandy, Kurunegala, Matale, Puttalam, or Chilaw Kachcheri the sum of Rs. 20 and submit the receipt to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Kandy, who will thereupon issue to him the form on which the tender must be made. No tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained.

The tender must be sent to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, and the duplicate of it direct to the Hon. the Controller of Revenue, both being despatched at the same time.

Should any person tendering decline to enter into the contract and bond, or fail to furnish security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown.

Separate rates per sleeper, broad gauge and narrow gauge, must be quoted, written both in words and figures.

All alterations in any tender should be initialled by the person signing it. All tenders containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

The sum of Rs. 100 will have to be deposited as security for the due fulfilment of the contract before it is signed.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and of accepting any portion of a tender.

Further information may be obtained on application to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Kandy.

H. F. C. FYERS,
Assistant Conservator of Forests,
Kurunegala Division.

Office of the Assistant Conservator of Forests,
Kurunegala, December 11, 1907.

SEALD Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for the supply of Timber," will be received up to 2.30 P.M. on Thursday, January 9, 1908, from persons willing to carry out the under-mentioned work:—

To fell, log, bark, and square 40 satinwood logs in the forest situated south-east of Periya Pullumalai, about 8 miles from Batticaloa-Badulla road, and to transport and deliver them at the Batticaloa Bar on or before May 31, 1908.

Any person wishing to tender for the above work should deposit in the Batticaloa Kachcheri the sum of Rs. 20 and submit the receipt to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Batticaloa, who will thereupon issue to him the form on which the tender must be made.

The original tender must be sent to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Batticaloa, and the duplicate of it to the Hon. the Controller of Revenue, both being despatched at the same time.

Should the person tendering decline to enter into a contract and bond, or fail to furnish security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown.

A rate per cubic foot of timber delivered must be quoted, written both in words and figures.

All alterations in any tender should be initialled by the person signing it. Any tender containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

Five per cent. of the estimated total sum which will have to be paid for the work must be deposited as security for the due fulfilment of the contract before it is signed.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Further information can be obtained on application to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Batticaloa Division, Batticaloa.

G. D. TEMPLER,
Assistant Conservator of Forests,
Batticaloa Division.

Forest Office,
Batticaloa, November 30, 1907.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tenders for supplying light refreshments and liquor to 1st and 2nd class passengers in the refreshment room and also refreshments to 3rd class passengers on the platform at Polgahawela Railway Station" from January 1 to December 31, 1908, will be received up to 12 noon on December 23, 1907, from persons willing to tender for same.

2. Tenders are to be made on forms which will be supplied upon application at the office of the General Manager, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished in the authorized form.

3. Tenders must be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the General Manager of the Railway, and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Controller of Revenue, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

4. A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required before any form of tender is issued, and should any person decline to tender into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or should he fail to furnish the required security, such deposit of Rs. 20 will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

5. The security required will be Rs. 100 in cash.

6. Before tender forms are supplied to persons wishing to tender, they will have to satisfy the General

Manager or person delegated by him that they are in a position to execute the contract in a satisfactory manner, and for this purpose they must be prepared to produce documentary or other evidence, if called for.

7. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all the tenders, and is further not bound to accept the highest tender.

8. The liquors and aerated waters sold are to be of the best quality, and subject to the approval of the General Manager. Ice is to be supplied free with aerated waters. A quantity of ice (to be fixed by the General Manager) for the use of passengers will be conveyed free by train.

9. The sales are to take place only at train times, and then only to *bona fide* 1st and 2nd class passengers in the refreshment room and 3rd class passengers on the platform. Under no circumstances are liquors to be sold to 3rd class passengers.

10. The price charged for liquors, aerated waters, tea, coffee, and other refreshments are to be moderate and to the satisfaction of the General Manager.

11. The successful tenderer will have to provide all the linen, plate, glass, cutlery, &c., necessary for the serving of refreshments in a satisfactory manner, the General Manager only providing such reasonable fittings as counter, shelves, tables, and chairs in the refreshment room.

12. Sufficient servants are to be supplied by the successful tenderer to enable refreshments to be served with the utmost promptness during the period the trains are timed to remain at the station. The refreshment room servants are to be dressed in clean white clothes.

13. The sale of liquors at the refreshment room shall be allowed to the successful tenderer without being called upon to take out liquor license, provided he adheres strictly to the conditions above stated.

14. Every alteration in the form of tender must bear the initials of the tenderer, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the tenderers' initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

15. Any further information required can be obtained on application at the office of the General Manager.

G. P. GREENE,
General Manager.

General Manager's Office,
Colombo, December 10, 1907.

SALES OF UNSERVICEABLE ARTICLES.

THE following articles will be sold by public auction at the Queen's Cottage, Nuwara Eliya, on Wednesday, the 18th instant, at 12 noon:—

2 pairs curtains	1 Japanese screen
1 sponge rack	8 pieces canvas hose
3 pieces jute matting	3 pieces linoleum
3 curtains	1 lady's jak chair
2 lots China matting	2 stoves
1 sofa cover	3 small rugs
1 chair cover	3 pieces silk of lamp shades.
1 screen cover	

F. W. VANE,
Controller of Government Stores.

Government Stores,
Colombo, December 9, 1907.

THE following articles belonging to the Colonial Secretary's Lodge, Kandy, will be sold by public auction at the Kings Pavilion, Kandy, on Friday, the 20th instant, at 2.30 P.M.:—

8 pairs window curtains	16 champagne glasses
18 door blinds	12 claret glasses
13 window blinds	10 sherry glasses
3 carpets	2 soap dishes
3 teapots	9 glass salt cellars
1 alavango	8 finger bowls
1 teapot	2 hot water jugs
1 spade	4 glass jam dishes

F. W. VANE,
Controller of Government Stores.

Government Stores,
Colombo, December 9, 1907.

THE following articles will be sold by public auction at The Pavilion, Kandy, on Friday, the 20th instant, at 2 P.M. :—

- | | |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|
| 2 menu plates | 4 French lamps |
| 1 hip bath | 5 mosquito nets |
| 7 hot water cans | 50 cretonne covers |
| 2 wicker tables | 3 muslin blinds |
| 3 wastepaper baskets | 20 lace curtains |
| 1 rat trap | 28 billiard balls |
| 1 foot bath | 1 counterpane |
| 1 lot rope | 3 coir rugs |
| 1 lot China matting | 2 roasting trays |
| 1 lot jute matting | 16 enamelled plates |
| 2 reading lamps | 12 enamelled cups and saucers |
| 1 candlestick | |

F. W. VANE,
 Controller of Government Stores.
 Government Stores,
 Colombo, December 9, 1907.

NOTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned articles will be sold by public auction at the Irrigation Department Store, Illuppalama, North-Central Province, on Wednesday, January 22, 1908, at 10 A.M., viz. :—

- 3 empty tar barrels

R. S. MACPHAIL,
 for Director of Irrigation.
 Irrigation Department,
 Colombo, December 9, 1907.

THE following unservicable articles will be sold by public auction at the Colombo Museum on Monday, the 23rd instant, at 11.30 A.M. :—

- 1 lawn mower
- 1 bundle of teak rollers and lathes.

A. WILLEY,
 Director.
 Colombo Museum,
 December 11, 1907.

VITAL STATISTICS.

COLOMBO WEEKLY HEALTH REPORT.

THE weekly return of births and deaths in the Colombo town for the week ended December 7, 1907, is subjoined.

Births.—The total births were 91. The birth-rate per 1,000 per annum was 26·8,* as against 37·2 in the preceding week and 29·2 in the corresponding week of last year.

Deaths.—The total deaths were 97. The death-rate per 1,000 per annum was 31·9,† as against 34·5 in the previous week and 46·3 in the corresponding week of last year.

Causes of death.—No person died from cholera, smallpox, or measles; 12 died from diarrhoea and dysentery; 11 from phthisis; 14 from bronchitis and pneumonia; 5 from different kinds of fever; and 5 from infantile convulsions.

Infantile deaths.—Of the 97 total deaths, 17 were of infants under 1 year of age, as against 42 in the corresponding week of the previous year.

* Calculated on the estimated population on July 1, 1907, viz., 176,724.

† The rates given for this and the preceding week are the corrected rates, i.e., the rates calculated for the population of the town estimated on July 1, 1907, on the basis that its age- and sex-constitution is the same as for the Island. The rate shown for the corresponding week of last year is the crude rate.

Registrar-General's Office,
 Colombo, December 10, 1907.

P. ARUNACHALAM,
 Registrar-General.

Colombo Town.

Ward.	Population at the Census, 1901.	Births.	Deaths.	Birth-rate per Mille per Annum.			Death-rate per Mille per Annum (See note † in Report).			Selected cause of Death for the Week under Report.							Deaths of Infants under 1 Year.		Still Births.		
				Week under Report.	Preceding Week.	Corresponding Week of previous Year.	Week under Report.	Preceding Week.	Corresponding Week of previous Year.	Cholera.	Smallpox.	Measles.	Enteric Fever.	Other Fevers.	Diarrhoea and Dysentery.	Phthisis.	Bronchitis and Pneumonia.	Infantile Convulsions.		Week under Report.	Corresponding Week of previous Year.
Colombo Town	155,869	91	97	26·8	37·2	29·2	31·9	34·5	46·3				4	1	12	11	14	5	17	42	7
Fort and Galle																					
Face	2,285	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pettah	7,561	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
St. Sebastian	9,349	10	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
St. Paul's	20,260	9	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kotahena	33,355	15	16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	2	1	1	—	—	—	—
New Bazaar	17,470	10	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Maradana	30,381	3	36	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	6	3	3	1	—	—	—
Slave Island	16,927	17	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	2	—	7	3	—	—	—
Kollupitiya	18,281	10	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—

‡ Maradana hospitals.

§ Maradana, exclusive of hospitals.

Race.	Population at the Census of 1901.	Births.	Deaths.	Meteorology.	Week under Report.	Preceding Week.	Corresponding Week of previous Year.
All races	155,869	91	97				
Europeans	2,657	2	1	Mean temperature of air	78·7°	79·5°	80·1°
Burghers	11,861	8	5	Mean atmospheric pressure	29·952"	29·930"	29·955"
Sinhalese	68,772	39	46				
Tamils	34,640	15	23				
Moors	28,898	17	18				
Malays	4,493	5	1				
Others	4,548	5	3				

VITAL STATISTICS OF TOWNS IN CEYLON.

Report of the Registrar-General for the Month of November, 1907.

THIS Report deals with the Vital Statistics of the several towns of the Island proclaimed under sections 31 to 36 of the Ordinance No. 1 of 1895. The Registrars of these towns are qualified medical men. No death occurring there is registered unless the cause is ascertained by the Registrar's personal inspection of the deceased, or certified by a qualified medical man in attendance on the deceased; and no dead body is buried or cremated without registration being effected. This system was commenced on January 1, 1893, in the town of Colombo under the Ordinance No. 20 of 1891, and has been gradually extended till it now embraces 30 towns.

2. Table I. in the Appendix shows the population at the last decennial Census of 1901 and the present estimated population, and the births and deaths registered during the month, their rates, and the infantile mortality in each town.

3. The estimated population of the 30 towns is 460,948, or about one-ninth of the total population of the Island. The population of Colombo (176,724) is nearly two-thirds of the population of all the other towns taken together (284,224).

4. The births registered in the 30 towns numbered 1,209—of which 635 were of males and 574 of females—and correspond to an annual birth-rate per 1,000 of 31·94, as against 30·91 during the preceding month. The highest birth-rate for the month was in Lunugala (116·99), and the lowest in Anuradhapura (10·41). In the other towns the birth-rate ranged from 56·28 in Hambantota to 13·62 in Chilaw. Colombo records a rate of 28·71, as against 27·45 in the preceding month.

5. The number of deaths registered in the 30 towns was 1,359—of which 772 were of males and 587 of females—and correspond to an annual death-rate of 31·26 per mille, as against 28·74 during the previous month. 404 of the total deaths, or nearly one-third, occurred in hospitals (with 6 deaths in jails), and exaggerated the normal mortality of the towns.

6. Corrected death-rates as well as crude death-rates are shown for the several towns. By a corrected rate is meant the rate calculated for the population of each town on the basis that its age- and sex-constitution is the same as for the Island. In the calculation of these rates a further correction has been made by excluding from the total deaths those of estate coolies and other persons who are not town residents. The corrected rate should thus furnish a more satisfactory test of the comparative health of towns than the crude rate. I am unable to give the corrected rates for "Hatton and Dikoya," Kalpitiya, and Lunugala towns, because the age- and sex-constitution of their populations was not ascertained at the last Census. The population of Lunugala (as now constituted) was not enumerated at the Census of 1901, and the figure given is an estimate made at the beginning of last month.

7. In "Hatton and Dikoya" town there were no deaths of residents, the 20 deaths which occurred there being of non-residents. Leaving this division out of consideration, the healthiest was Panadure, with a corrected mortality of 3·07 per 1,000 per annum. The next in point of health was Nuwara Eliya, with a death-rate of 6·36. The highest mortality was recorded in Vavuniya (173·39). In the other towns the death-rate ranged from 22·30 in Moratuwa and 22·70 in Badulla to 64·62 in Ratnapura, 68·83 in Gampola, and 92·98 in Anuradhapura. Colombo shows 30·80, as against 32·11 during the preceding month.

8. The infantile mortality for the 30 towns was equal to a rate of 234 per 1,000 births registered. In the towns having a population of 5,000 or more the mortality ranged from 555 in Matale, 462 in Batticaloa, 444 in Mannar, 389 in Puttalam, and 300 in Nuwara Eliya, to 125 in Matara, 120 in Trincomalee, and 77 in Kalutara.

9. Table II. in the Appendix gives for each town and race the principal causes of deaths registered during the month, and shows the infantile mortality separately from the other mortality.

10. Out of the 1,359 deaths from all causes in the 30 towns, 283 or more than one-fifth were among infants under one year. Of these, the chief causes were 77 Convulsions (of which 30 in Colombo), 59 Debility (of which 14 in Colombo), 35 Prematurity, 35 Bronchitis and Pneumonia (of which 17 in Colombo and 17 from Bronchitis), 28 Tetanus (of which 17 in Colombo), 14 Diarrhoea, and 3 Dysentery.

11. Out of the 1,076 deaths of persons one year and over in age, there were 229 due to diarrhoea and dysentery, of which 34 were in Colombo, 22 in Galle, 20 in Kandy, 16 in Badulla, 14 in Jaffna, 11 in "Hatton and Dikoya," and 10 in Gampola; 126 Pneumonia, of which 35 were in Colombo and 14 in Galle; 95 Phthisis, of which 56 were in Colombo and 10 in Kandy; 52 *Doeliumus Duodenalis*, of which 42 were of Tamil coolies; 37 Enteric Fever, of which 21 were in Colombo and 7 in Moratuwa; 33 Malarial Cachexia; 25 Simple Fever, of which 10 were in Jaffna and 5 in Galle; 20 Bronchitis, of which 9 were in Colombo; 18 Remittent Fever, of which 4 were in Matara, 3 in Colombo, and 3 in Jaffna.

12. Thus, of the total number of deaths of all ages in the towns, Diarrhoea and Dysentery accounted for more than 18 per cent., Bronchitis and Pneumonia more than 13 per cent., Phthisis more than 7 per cent., and various kinds of fever more than 6 per cent.

Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, December 9, 1907.

P. ARUNACHALAM,
Registrar-General.

Table I.—Number of Births and Deaths registered during November, 1907, and their Proportion per 1,000 of the Population per Annum, and the Deaths of Children under One Year and their Proportion per 1,000 Registered Births, in each Town of the Island proclaimed under Sections 31-36 of Ordinance No. 1 of 1895.

Towns.	Population (inclusive of the Military) at the Census of 1901.	Population estimated to the middle of 1907 by Inter-censal Increase.	Total Births registered.		Total Deaths, including Deaths in Hospitals and Jails.	Deaths registered in Hospitals and Jails.	Total Deaths, excluding Deaths of Estate Coolies and non-residents.	Per Mille per Annum.			Deaths of Children under One Year.	Deaths of Children under One Year of Age to 1,000 Births registered.
			Males.	Females.				Persons.	Birth-rate.	Crude Death-rate.		
All 30 Towns	417,673	460,948	635	574	1,209	410†	1,120	31.94	29.59	31.26†	283	234
<i>Western Province.</i>												
Colombo	155,869	176,724	208	209	417	102	402	28.71	27.68	30.80	106	254
Negombo	19,819	20,401	34	39	73	6	53	43.53	31.61	32.22	16	219
Moratuwa	29,600	33,481	57	102	159	—	65	37.07	23.62	22.30	19	186
Kalutara	11,500	11,922	20	19	39	14	26	39.80	26.53	25.85	3	77
Panadure	3,845	4,214	8	8	16	12	1	46.20	2.89	3.07	1	63
<i>Central Province.</i>												
Kandy	26,511	29,020	44	33	77	36	66	32.28	27.67	29.02	16	208
Gampola	3,791	4,487	5	6	11	6	24	29.83	65.08	68.83	4	364
Nawalapitiya	3,454	3,957	5	3	8	23	8	24.59	24.59	29.33	3	375
Hatton and Dikoya	2,858	3,575	5	—	5	20	—	17.02	—	—†	—	—
Matale	4,951	5,497	5	6	11	24	14	24.35	30.99	35.31	6	555
Nuwara Eliya	5,072	7,515	5	5	10	5	3	16.19	4.86	6.36	3	300
<i>Northern Province.</i>												
Jaffna	33,879	35,099	52	58	110	7	91	38.13	31.54	33.24	21	190
Mannar	5,332	5,332	3	4	7	1	15	15.97	34.23	39.07	3	444
Mullaitivu	1,308	1,391	3	1	4	—	3	34.99	26.18	28.66	—	—
Vavuniya	566	591	1	—	1	5	7	20.60	144.18	173.39	—	—
<i>Southern Province.</i>												
Galle	37,165	39,624	61	44	105	22	109	32.24	33.47	32.72	23	219
Matare	11,848	13,043	27	21	48	5	31	44.77	28.92	27.99	6	125
Hambantota	2,843	3,026	7	7	14	7	11	56.28	44.22	46.30	7	500
Tangalla	2,333	2,586	6	2	8	—	9	37.63	42.34	44.72	1	125
<i>Eastern Province.</i>												
Batticaloa	9,969	10,369	12	14	26	2	30	30.51	35.20	36.30	12	462
Trincormalee	11,887	11,295	17	8	25	1	20	26.93	21.54	24.98	3	120
<i>North-Western Province.</i>												
Kurunegala	6,483	7,831	8	9	17	23	19	26.41	29.52	27.62	4	235
Puttalam	5,115	5,205	8	10	18	4	20	42.07	46.75	47.86	7	389
Kalpitiya	1,487	1,611	4	1	5	—	5	37.76	37.76	—†	1	200
Chilaw	4,168	4,466	4	1	5	3	11	13.62	29.97	30.53	1	200
<i>North-Central Province.</i>												
Anuradhapura	3,672	4,675	4	—	4	9	31	10.41	80.68	92.98	4	1,000
<i>Province of Uva.</i>												
Badulla	5,924	6,576	12	9	21	23	12	38.85	22.20	22.70	4	190
Lunugala	—	416	3	1	4	11	3	116.99	87.74	—†	2	500
<i>Province of Sabaragamuwa.</i>												
Ratnapura	4,084	4,481	5	8	13	32	23	35.29	62.44	64.62	6	461
Kegalla	2,340	2,538	2	3	5	7	8	23.97	33.35	39.97	1	200

* By "corrected death-rate" is here meant the rate calculated for the population of each town on the basis that its age- and sex-constitution is the same as for the whole Island, and also excluding the deaths of estate coolies and other non-residents.
 † Includes two deaths of Colombo town residents (a Sinhalese and a Burgher), which occurred in the Infectious Diseases Hospital, Kanatta (outside the town), and were registered by an extra-urban Registrar.
 ‡ The population of "Hatton and Dikoya," Kalpitiya, and Lunugala towns at the Census of 1901 not being available by age- and sex-constitution, their corrected death-rates cannot be calculated. The death-rate given for "All Towns" is, therefore, independent of these three towns, but is scarcely affected by their rates owing to the smallness of their population.
 § The population of Mannar and Trincomalee towns at the Census of 1891 not being available, no estimate can be made of the rate of growth 1891-1900 or 1901-1907. Their population estimated for 1907 is the Census population of 1901, less (in the case of Trincomalee) the Military, who are no longer stationed there.
 || The population of Lunugala town at the Census of 1901 is not available. The figure given is the population estimated at the beginning of last month.

