

Ceylon Government Gazette

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 PART II.—Legal and Judicial.
 PART III.—Provincial Administration.
 PART IV.—Land Settlement.
 PART V.—Mercantile, Marine, Municipal, Local, &c.

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UNOFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE ST. GEORGE (CEYLON) RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED.

1. The name of the Company is "THE ST. GEORGE (CEYLON) RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED."
2. The registered office of the Company is to be established in Colombo.
3. The objects for which the Company is to be established are—
 - (a) To purchase from the proprietors thereof the St. George's group of estates in the Kalutara District of Ceylon.
 - (b) To purchase, lease, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any other land or lands or any share or shares thereof, and any buildings, mines, minerals, mining and mineral properties and rights, machinery, implements, tools, live and dead stock, stores, effects, and other property, real or personal, movable or immovable, of any kind, and any rights, easements, patents, licenses, or privileges in Ceylon or elsewhere (including the benefit of any trade mark or trade secret which may be thought necessary or convenient for the purpose of the Company's business), and to erect, construct, maintain, or alter any buildings, machinery, plant, roads, ways, or other works or methods of communication.
 - (c) To appoint, engage, employ, maintain, provide for, and dismiss Attorneys, Agents, Superintendents, Managers, clerks, coolies, and other labourers and servants in Ceylon or elsewhere, and to remunerate any such at such rate as shall be thought fit, and to grant pensions or gratuities to any such or the widow or children of any such.

- (d) To clear, open, plant, cultivate, improve, and develop the said property or any portion thereof, and any other land or lands that may be purchased, leased, or otherwise acquired by the Company in Ceylon or elsewhere, or portions thereof, as a rubber estate or estates, or with any other, products, trees, plants, or crops that may be approved by the Company, and to plant, grow, and produce rubber, cocoanuts, tea, tapioca, coffee, cinchona, cacao, cardamoms, rhea, ramie, plants, trees, and other natural products thereon.
- (e) To build, make, construct, equip, maintain, improve, alter, and work rubber and tea factories, cocoanut and coffee curing mills, and other manufactories, buildings, erections, roads, tramways, or other works conducive to any of the Company's objects, or to contribute to or subsidize such.
- (f) To enter into any arrangement or agreement with Government or any authorities and obtain rights, concessions, and privileges.
- (g) To hire, lease, or purchase land either with any other person or company or otherwise, and to erect a factory and other buildings thereon or on any land already leased or owned by the Company at the cost of the Company and such other person or company or otherwise.
- (h) To lease any factory or other buildings from any company or person.
- (i) To enter into any agreement with any company or person for the working of any factory erected or leased as provided in (g) or (h), or for the manufacture and preparation for market of tea or any other produce in such or any other factory.
- (j) To prepare, cure, manufacture, treat, and prepare for market rubber, plumbago, minerals, tea, and (or) other crops or produce, and to sell, ship, and dispose of such rubber, plumbago, minerals, tea, tapioca, crops, and produce, either raw or manufactured, at such times and places and in such manner as shall be deemed expedient.
- (k) To buy, sell, warehouse, transport, trade, and deal in rubber, cocoanuts, tea, tapioca, coffee, and other plants and seed, and rice and other food required for coolies, labourers, and others employed on estates, and other products, wares, merchandise, articles, and things of any kind whatever.
- (l) To work mines or quarries, and to find, win, get, work, crush, smelt, manufacture, or otherwise deal with ores, metals, minerals, oils, precious and other stones, deposits, and products, and generally to carry on the business of miners, manufacturers, growers, planters, and exporters of rubber and other products, or any such business on behalf of the Company or as agents for others and on commission or otherwise.
- (m) To establish and carry on a dairy farm, and to buy and sell live stock, and to sell and deal in milk and dairy produce, wholesale or retail.
- (n) To establish and maintain in the United Kingdom, Ceylon, or elsewhere stores, shops, and places for the sale of rubber, tea, coffee, cacao, and articles of food, drink, or refreshment, wholesale or retail; and to establish in any part or parts of the world agencies for carrying on or developing the business of the Company or any branch thereof; and generally to carry on the business of merchants, exporters, importers, traders, engineers, or any other trade, business, or undertaking whatever.
- (o) To cultivate, manage, and superintend estates and properties in Ceylon, or elsewhere, and generally to undertake the business of estate agents in Ceylon and elsewhere, to act as agents for the investment, loan, payment, transmission, and collection of money, and for the purchase, sale, improvement, development, and management of property, including concerns and undertakings, and to transact any other agency business of any kind.
- (p) To let, lease, sell, exchange, or mortgage the Company's estates, lands, buildings, or other property, or any part or parts thereof, whether in consideration of rents, money, or securities for money, shares, debentures, or securities in any other company, or for any other consideration, and otherwise to trade in, dispose of, or deal with the same or any part thereof.
- (q) To borrow or receive on loan money for the purpose of the Company upon the security of cash, credit bonds, or of hypothecation or mortgages of the Company's property or any part or parts thereof, or otherwise, as shall be thought most expedient, and in particular by the issue of debentures, debenture stock or bonds to bearer or otherwise, either charged upon all or any part of the Company's present or future property (including uncalled capital), or not so charged, as shall be thought best.
- (r) To cause or permit any debenture stock, bonds, debentures, mortgages, charges, incumbrances, liens, or securities of or belonging to or made or issued by the Company or affecting its property or rights or any of the terms thereof to be renewed, extended, varied, redeemed, exchanged, transferred, or satisfied, as shall be thought fit, also to pay off and re-borrow the moneys secured thereby, or any part or parts thereof.
- (s) To draw, make, accept, and endorse bills of lading, warrants, bills of exchange, promissory notes, and other transferable or negotiable instruments for the purposes of the Company.
- (t) To unite, co-operate, amalgamate, or enter into partnership or any arrangement for sharing profits of union of interests or any other arrangement with any person or company already engaged in or hereafter to be established for the purpose of carrying on any business having objects wholly or in part similar or analogous or subsidiary to

those of the Company or to any of them, or capable of being conducted so as to benefit this Company, either directly or indirectly, and to subscribe for or otherwise acquire for the benefit and in the name of the Company or otherwise and pay for in any manner that may be agreed upon, either in money or in shares or bonds or otherwise, and to hold any shares, stock, or other interest in any such company, and to promote the formation of any such company.

- (u) To amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to this Company.
- (v) To acquire by purchase in money, shares, bonds, or otherwise, and undertake all or any part of the business, property, assets, and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business in Ceylon or elsewhere which this Company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this Company.
- (w) To sell the property, business, or undertaking of the Company, or any part or parts thereof, for such consideration as the Company shall think fit, and in particular for shares, stocks, debentures, or securities of any other company.
- (x) To procure the Company to be registered or incorporated in Ceylon, and, if and when necessary or thought advisable, elsewhere.
- (y) To lend money on any terms and in any manner and on any security, and in particular on the security of plantations, factories, growing crops, produce, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bonds, bills of lading, warrants, stocks, shares, debentures, and book debts, or without any security at all, and generally to transact financial business of any kind
- (z) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined.
- (z 1) To promote and establish any other company whatsoever and to subscribe to and hold the shares or stock of any other company or any part thereof.
- (z 2) To pay for any lands and real or personal, immovable or movable, estate or property or assets of any kind acquired or to be acquired by the Company, or for any services rendered or to be rendered to the Company, and generally to pay or discharge any consideration to be paid or given by the Company in money or in shares or debentures or debenture stock or obligations of the Company or partly in one way and partly in another, or otherwise howsoever with power to issue any shares either fully or partially paid up for such purpose.
- (z 3) To accept as consideration for the sale or disposal of any lands and real and personal, immovable and movable estate, property, and assets of the Company of any kind sold or otherwise disposed of by the Company or in discharge of any other consideration to be received by the Company in money or in shares (whether wholly or partially paid up) of any company, or the mortgages, debentures, or obligations of any company or person or partly one and partly other.
- (z 4) To distribute among the Shareholders in specie any property of the Company, whether by way of dividend or upon a return of capital, but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital be made, except with the sanction for the time being required by law.
- (z 5) To do all such other things as shall be incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects above-mentioned or any of them or any one or more of the objects aforesaid, it being hereby declared that in the foregoing clauses (unless a contrary intention appears) the word "Company" includes companies or corporations, and the word "persons" any number of persons, and that the other objects specified in any paragraph are not to be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other paragraph.

4. The liability of the Shareholders is limited.

5. The nominal capital of the Company is One Million Rupees, divided into Twenty thousand shares, which may be in part ordinary and in part preferential or all ordinary of Fifty Rupees each, with power to increase or reduce the capital. Any of the original shares or any new shares from time to time to be issued may be issued with any such rights of preference as regards dividends or as regards distribution of assets or both, or any such other special privilege or advantage over shares previously issued or then about to be issued or at such premium or with such deferred rights as compared with other classes of shares, and generally on such terms as may be determined by the articles of Association for the time being the Company.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in accordance with this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names:—

Names and Addresses of Subscribers.	Number of Shares taken by each Shareholder.
C. HENLY, Neboda	One
H. V. BAGOT, Neboda	One
F. CROSBIE ROLES, Colombo	One
G. H. ALSTON, Colombo	One
R. W. HARRISON, by his Attorney G. H. ALSTON, Colombo	One
R. S. TEMPLER, Colombo	One
R. HUYSHE ELIOT, Norwood	One

Witness to the above signatures at Colombo this 22nd day of May, 1906:

A. J. DENISON,
Merchant, Colombo

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE ST. GEORGE (CEYLON) RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE regulations contained in the Table C in the schedule annexed to "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these Articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution.

1. The Company may, by special resolution, alter and make provisions instead of, or in addition to, any of the regulations of the Company, whether contained and comprised in these Articles or not.

INTERPRETATION CLAUSE.

2. In the interpretation of these presents the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless such meanings be inconsistent with, or repugnant to, the subject or context :—

The word "Company" means "The St. George Ceylon Rubber Company, Limited," incorporated or established by or under the Memorandum of Association to which these Articles are attached.

The "Ordinance" means and includes "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," and every other Ordinance from time to time in force concerning Joint Stock Companies which may apply to the Company.

"These presents" means and includes the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association of the Company from time to time in force.

"Capital" means the capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purposes of the Company.

"Shares" means the shares from time to time into which the capital of the Company may be divided.

"Shareholder" means a Shareholder of the Company.

"Presence or present" at a meeting means presence or present personally or by proxy or by attorney.

"Directors" means the Directors for the time being of the Company or (as the case may be) the Directors assembled at a Board.

"Board" means a meeting of the Directors or (as the context may require) the Directors assembled at a Board meeting, acting through at least a quorum of their body in the exercise of authority duly given to them.

"Persons" means partnerships, associations, corporations, companies, unincorporated or incorporated by Ordinance and registration, as well as individuals.

"Office" means the registered office for the time being of the Company.

"Seal" means the common seal for the time being of the Company.

"Month" means a calendar month.

"Writing" means printed matter or print as well as writing.

Words importing the singular number only include the plural, and *vice versa*.

Words importing the masculine gender only include the feminine, and *vice versa*.

BUSINESS.

3. The Company may proceed to carry out the objects for which it is established, and to employ and apply its capital as soon after the registration of the Company as the Directors in their discretion shall think fit; and if the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed, applied for, or allotted as soon as, in the judgment of the Directors, a sufficient number of shares shall have been subscribed or applied for.

4. The business of the Company shall be carried on by, or under the management or direction of, the Directors, and subject only to the control of General Meetings, in accordance with these presents.

CAPITAL.

5. The original capital of the Company is One million Rupees (Rs. 1,000,000), divided into Twenty thousand shares of Fifty Rupees (Rs. 50) each, which may be issued by the Board to such persons at such times and on such terms and conditions and either at par or at a premium and with such preference or priority as regards dividends or as regards distribution of assets or both, or any other special privilege or advantage over shares previously issued or then about to be issued or at such premium or with deferred rights as compared with other classes of shares and generally on such terms as the Board may deem expedient.

6. Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the same provisions in all respects with reference to the payments of allotment money, calls and instalments, transfer, transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrender, and otherwise, as if it had formed part of the original capital.

7. The Directors may in like manner, and with like sanction, reduce the capital of the Company.

SHARES.

8. The Company may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid and the time of payment of such calls.

9. If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the holder of the shares.

10. The shares, except when otherwise provided, shall be allotted at the discretion of and by the Directors, who may from time to time issue any unissued shares, and may add to such shares such an amount of premium as they consider proper. Provided that such unissued shares shall first be offered by the Directors to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may at their discretion allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estates or lands being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates or lands, and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders.

11. In case of the increase of the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares, such new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions, and with such rights and privileges annexed thereto, as the General Meeting resolving on the creation thereof, or any other General Meeting of the Company, shall direct, and, if no direction be given, as the Directors shall determine, and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to the dividends, and in the distribution of assets of the Company, and with a special or without any right of voting.

Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the meeting that sanctions the increase of capital, all new shares shall be offered to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may, at their discretion, allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estates or lands being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates or lands, and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders.

12. Every person taking any share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof by writing under his hand in such form as the Company may from time to time direct.

13. Shares may be registered in the name of a firm, and any partner of the firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm shall be entitled to vote and to give proxies.

14. Shares may be registered in the name of two or more persons not in partnership.

15. Any one of the joint-holders of a share other than a firm may give effectual receipts for any dividends payable in respect of such share; but the Shareholder whose name stands first on the register, and no other, shall be entitled to the right of voting and of giving proxies and all other advantages conferred on a sole Shareholder.

16. In case of the death of any one or more of the joint-holders of any shares, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognized by the Company as having any title to, or interest in, such shares.

17. The Company shall not be bound to recognize (even though having notice of) any contingent, future, partial, or equitable interest in the nature of a trust or otherwise in any share, or any other right in respect of any share, except any absolute right thereto in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof, and except also the right of any person under clause 35 to become a Shareholder in respect of any share.

18. Every Shareholder shall be entitled to a certificate or certificates under the common seal of the Company, specifying the share or shares held by him and the amount paid thereon.

19. If any certificate be worn out or defaced, then, upon production thereof to the Directors, they may order the same to be cancelled, and may issue a new certificate in lieu thereof; and if any certificate be lost or destroyed, then, upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Directors, and on such indemnity as the Directors deem adequate being given, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the person entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate. A sum of fifty cents shall be payable for such new certificate.

20. The certificate of shares registered in the name of two or more persons not a firm shall be delivered to the person first named on the register.

CALLS.

21. The Directors may from time to time make such calls as they think fit upon the Shareholders in respect of all moneys unpaid on their shares, and not by the conditions of allotment made payable at fixed times, provided that two months' notice at least shall be given to the Shareholders of the time and place appointed for payment of each call; and each Shareholder shall pay the amount of every call so made to the person and at the time and place appointed by the Directors.

22. If any Shareholder fail to pay the amount of any call due by him on or before the day appointed for payment thereof, he shall be liable to pay interest for the same at the rate of nine per centum per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment.

23. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorizing the call was passed.

24. The Directors shall have power in their absolute discretion to give time to any one or more Shareholder or Shareholders, exclusive of the others, for payment of any call or part thereof on such terms as the Directors may determine. But no Shareholder shall be entitled to any such extension except as a matter of grace or favour.

25. The Directors may at their discretion receive from any of the Shareholders willing to advance the same, and upon such terms as they think fit, all or any part of the moneys due upon their respective shares beyond the sums actually called for; and upon the moneys so paid in advance, or upon so much thereof as from time to time and at any time thereafter exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon, and due in respect of the shares in respect of which some advances have been made, the Board may pay or allow interest at such rate as the Shareholders paying such sums in advance and the Directors may agree upon, not exceeding, however, six per centum per annum.

TRANSFER OF SHARES.

26. Subject to the restriction of these Articles, any Shareholder may transfer all or any of his shares by instrument in writing.

27. No transfer of shares shall be made to an infant or person of unsound mind.

28. The Company shall keep a book or books, to be called "The Register of Transfers," in which shall be entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share.

29. The Board may, at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion, decline to register any transfer of shares by a Shareholder who is indebted to the Company, or upon whose shares the Company have a lien or otherwise, or in case of shares not fully paid up, to any person not approved by them; and in no case shall a Shareholder or proposed transferee be entitled to require the Directors to state the reason of their refusal to register, but their declinature shall be absolute.

30. Every instrument of transfer must be left at the office of the Company to be registered, accompanied by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferor, and a fee of two rupees and fifty cents, or such other sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine, must be paid to the Company for the registration of every such transfer, upon payment whereof the Directors, subject to the powers vested in them by Article 29, shall register the transferee as a Shareholder and retain the instrument of transfer.

31. The Directors may, by such means, as they shall deem expedient, authorize the registration of transferees as Shareholders without the necessity of any meeting of the Directors for that purpose.

32. In no case shall the Directors be bound to inquire into the validity, legal effect, or genuineness of any instrument or transfer produced by a person claiming a transfer of any share in accordance with these articles; and whether they abstain from so inquiring, or do so inquire and are misled, the transferor shall have no claim whatsoever upon the Company in respect of the share, except for the dividends previously declared in respect thereof, but only, if at all, upon the transferee.

33. The Register of Transfers may be closed during the fourteen days immediately preceding each Ordinary General Meeting; and when a dividend is declared, for the three next days ensuing the meeting; also at such other times (if any) and for such periods as the Directors may from time to time determine, provided always that it shall not be closed for more than thirty days in any year.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

34. The executors or administrators or the heirs of a deceased Shareholder shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to the shares of such Shareholder.

35. Any guardian of any infant Shareholder, or any committee of a lunatic Shareholder, or any person becoming entitled to shares in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or liquidation of any Shareholder, or the marriage of any female Shareholder, or in any other way than by transfer, shall, upon securing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this clause, or of his title as the Directors think sufficient, be forthwith entitled, subject to the provisions herein contained, to be registered as a Shareholder in respect of such shares, or may, subject to the regulations as to transfers hereinbefore contained, transfer the same to some other person.

36. If any person who shall become entitled to be registered in respect of any share under clause 34 shall not, from any cause whatever, within twelve calendar months after the event on the happening of which his title shall accrue, be registered in respect of such share; or if in the case of the death of any Shareholder no person shall, within twelve calendar months after such death, be registered as a Shareholder in respect of the shares of such deceased Shareholder, the Company may sell such shares, either by public auction or private contract, and give a receipt for the purchase money, and the purchaser shall be entitled to be registered in respect of such share, and shall not be bound to inquire whether the events have happened which entitled the Company to sell the same, and the nett proceeds of such sale, after deducting all expenses and all moneys in respect of which the Company is entitled to a lien on the shares so sold, shall be paid to the person entitled thereto.

SURRENDER AND FORFEITURE OF SHARES.

37. The Directors may accept in the name and for the benefit of the Company, and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed, a surrender of the shares of Shareholders who may be desirous of retiring from the Company.

38. If any Shareholder fails to pay any call or instalment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Directors may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on such Shareholder requiring him to pay the same, together with any

interest that may have accrued, and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

The notice shall name a day (not being less than one month from the date of the notice) on, and a place or places at, which such call or instalment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

If the requisition of such notice as aforesaid be not complied with, every or any share or shares in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of calls or instalment, with interest and expenses due in respect thereof, be declared forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

39. Any Shareholder whose shares have been so declared forfeited shall, notwithstanding, be liable to pay and shall forthwith pay to the Company all calls, instalments, interest, and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of forfeiture until payment at nine per centum per annum, and the Directors may enforce the payment thereof if they think fit.

40. Every share surrendered or so declared forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of upon such terms and in such manner as the Board shall think fit.

41. The surrender or forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in, and also of all claims and demands against, the Company in respect of the share and the proceeds thereof, and all other rights incident to the share, except only such of those rights (if any) as by these presents are expressly saved.

42. A certificate in writing under the hands of one of the Directors and of the Secretary that a share has been duly surrendered or forfeited, stating the time when it was surrendered or forfeited, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons who would have been entitled to the share but for such surrender or forfeiture, and such certificate and the receipt of the Company for the price of such share shall constitute a good title to such share, and a certificate of proprietorship shall be delivered to any person who may purchase the same from the Company, and thereupon such purchaser shall be deemed the holder of such share, discharged from all calls due prior to such purchase; and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to such share be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture or sale.

The Directors may in their discretion remit or annul the forfeiture of any share within six months from the date thereof upon the payment of all moneys due to the Company from the late holder or holders of such share or shares, and all expenses incurred in relation to such forfeiture, together with such further sum of money by way of redemption money for the deficit, as they shall think fit, not being less than nine per centum per annum on the amount of the sums wherein default in payment had been made, but no share *bona fide* sold or re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of under Article 40 hereof, shall be redeemable after sale or disposal.

43. The Company shall have a first charge or paramount lien upon all the shares of any holder or joint-holders for all moneys for the time being due to the Company by such holder, or by all or any of such joint-holders respectively, either in respect of such shares or of other shares held by such holder or joint-holders or otherwise, and whether due from any such holder individually or jointly with others, including all calls which the Directors shall have resolved to make, although the times appointed for the payment thereof shall not have arrived; and where any share is held by more persons than one, the Company shall be entitled to the said charge or lien in respect of any money due to the Company from any of such persons. And the Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares subject to such charge or lien.

44. Such charge or lien may be made available by a sale of all or any of the shares subject to it, provided that no such sale shall be made except under a resolution of the Directors, and until notice in writing shall have been given to the indebted Shareholder or his executors or administrators, or the assignee or trustee in his bankruptcy, requiring him or them to pay the amount for the time being due to the Company, and default shall have been made for twenty-eight days from such notice in paying the sum thereby required to be paid. Should the Shareholder over whose share the lien exists be in England or elsewhere abroad, sixty days' notice shall be allowed him.

45. The nett proceeds of any such sale shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of such debts, liabilities, or engagements, and the residue (if any) paid to such Shareholder or his representatives.

46. A certificate in writing under the hands of one of the Directors and of the Secretary, that the power of sale given by clause 44 has arisen and is exercisable by the Company under these presents, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated.

47. Upon any such sale two of the Directors may execute a transfer of such share to the purchaser thereof, and such transfer, with the certificate last aforesaid, shall confer on the purchaser a complete title to such shares.

BORROWING POWERS.

48. The Directors shall have power to procure from time to time, in the usual course of business, such temporary advances on the produce in hand, or in the future to be obtained from the Company's estates, as they may find necessary or expedient for the purpose of defraying the expenses of working the Company's estates, or of erecting, maintaining, improving, or extending buildings, machinery, or plantations, or otherwise. Also from time to time at their discretion to borrow or raise from the Directors or other persons any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company, provided that the money so borrowed or raised and owing at any one time shall not without the sanction of a General Meeting exceed Five thousand pounds (£5,000) sterling.

49. With the sanction of a General Meeting the Board shall be entitled to borrow such further sum or sums and at such rate of interest as such meeting shall determine. A certificate under the hands of one Director and the Secretary, or of two Directors, to the effect that in taking any loan the Directors are not exceeding their borrowing powers, shall be sufficient and binding on the Company and all concerned, and shall be conclusive evidence thereof in all questions between the Company and its creditors.

50. For the purpose of securing the repayment of any such moneys so borrowed or raised, or for any other purposes, the Directors may grant, create, execute, and issue any mortgages, cash credits, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company, charged upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, lands, property, rights, and assets of the Company, both present and future, including uncalled capital or unpaid calls, or may make, accept, or endorse on behalf of the Company any promissory notes or bills of exchange. Provided also that before the Directors execute any mortgage or issue any debentures they shall obtain the sanction of the Company thereto in General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary.

51. Any such securities may be issued, either at par or at a premium or discount, and may from time to time be cancelled, discharged, varied, or exchanged as the Directors may think fit, and may contain special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, or otherwise.

52. Every debenture or other instrument issued by the Company for securing the payment of money may be so framed that the moneys thereby secured shall be assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

GENERAL MEETINGS.

53. The first General Meeting shall be held at such time, not being more than twelve months after the incorporation of the Company, and at such place as the Directors may determine.

54. Subsequent General Meetings shall be held once in every year at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if no time or place is so prescribed, then at such place and at such time as soon after the first day in each year as may be determined by the Directors.

55. The General Meetings mentioned in the last preceding clause shall be called Ordinary General Meetings; all other meetings of the Company shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.

56. The Directors may whenever they think fit call an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, and the Directors shall do so upon a requisition made in writing by not less than one-eighth of the number of Shareholders of the Company for the time being, or by any Shareholder or Shareholders holding in the aggregate one-eighth part of the shares of the Company for the time being subscribed for.

57. Any requisition so made shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called, shall be addressed to the Directors, and shall be sent to the registered office of the Company.

Upon the receipt of such requisition the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such time and place as they shall determine. If they do not proceed to convene the same within seven days from the delivery of the requisition, the requisitionist may themselves convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such place and at such time as the Shareholders convening the meeting may themselves fix.

58. Any Shareholder may, on giving not less than ten days' previous notice of any resolution submit the same to a meeting.

59. Such notice shall be given by leaving a copy of the resolution at the registered office of the Company.

60. Seven days' notice at least of every General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, and by whomsoever convened, specifying the place, date, hour of meeting, and the object and business of the meeting, shall be given by advertisement in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*, or in such other manner (if any) as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting.

61. Every Ordinary General Meeting shall be competent, without special notice having been given of the purposes for which it is convened, or of the business to be transacted thereat, to receive and discuss any report and any accounts presented thereto by the Directors, and to pass resolutions in approval or disapproval thereof, and to declare dividends, and to elect Directors and Auditors in the place of those retiring by rotation, and to fix the remuneration of the Auditors; and shall also be competent to enter upon, discuss, and transact any business whatsoever of which special mention shall have been given in the notice or notices upon which the meeting was convened.

62. With the exceptions mentioned in the foregoing Articles as to the business which may be transacted at Ordinary General Meetings without notice, no General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss, or transact any business which has not been specially mentioned in the notice or notices upon which it was convened.

63. No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting, except the declaration of a dividend recommended by a report of the Directors or election of a Chairman, unless there shall be present or represented at the commencement of the business two or more Shareholders entitled to vote.

64. If at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting the required number of Shareholders shall not be present at the meeting, the meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of Shareholders, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, those Shareholders who are present shall be a quorum, and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.

65. The Chairman (if any) of the Directors shall be entitled to take the Chair at every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary; or if there be no Chairman, or if at any meeting he shall

not be present at the time appointed for holding such meeting, or if he shall refuse to take the Chair, the Shareholders shall choose another Director as Chairman; and if no Directors be present, or if all the Directors present decline to take the Chair, then the Shareholders present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman.

66. No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting, except the election of a Chairman, whilst the Chair is vacant.

67. The Chairman may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place, unless due notice thereof shall be given.

68. Minutes of the proceedings of every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall when so entered be signed as soon as practicable by the Chairman of the same meeting or by the Chairman of the succeeding meeting, and the same when so entered and signed shall be evidence of all such proceedings and of the proper election of the Chairman.

VOTING AT MEETINGS.

69. At any meeting every resolution shall be decided by the votes of the Shareholders present in person or by proxy, or by attorney, and in case there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman at such meeting shall be entitled to give a casting vote in addition to the vote to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder; and unless a poll be immediately demanded by some member present and entitled to vote, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the Minute Book of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

70. If at any meeting a poll be demanded by some Shareholder present at the meeting and entitled to vote, the meeting shall, if necessary, be adjourned, and the poll shall be taken at such time and place and in such manner as the Chairman shall direct, and in such case every Shareholder shall have the number of votes to which he may be entitled as hereinafter provided; and in case at any such poll there shall be an equality of votes the Chairman of the meeting at which such poll shall have been demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder and proxy, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in such meeting.

71. The demand of a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.

72. No poll shall be demanded on the election of a Chairman of the meeting or on any question of adjournment.

73. On a show of hands every member shall have one vote only. In case of a poll every Shareholder shall have one vote for every share held by him up to ten, and shall have an additional vote for every five shares held by him beyond the first ten and up to a hundred shares, and an additional vote for every twenty shares held by him beyond the first hundred.

74. The parent or guardian of an infant Shareholder, the Committee or other legal guardian of any lunatic Shareholder, the husband of any female Shareholder not entitled to her shares as separate estate, and the executor or administrator of any deceased Shareholder, or any one of such persons as aforesaid, if more than one, shall not be entitled to vote in the place of such infant, lunatic, female, or deceased person, unless such person shall have been registered as a Shareholder.

75. Votes may be given either personally or by proxy or by attorney.

76. No Shareholder shall be entitled to vote at any meeting unless all calls due from him on his shares have been paid, and no Shareholder other than the trustee or assignee of a bankrupt or representative of a deceased Shareholder, or person acquiring by marriage, shall be entitled to vote at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company in respect of any share which he has acquired by transfer, unless he has been possessed of the share in respect of which he claims to vote at least three months previously to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote.

77. No Shareholder who has not been duly registered as such for three months previous to the General Meeting shall be entitled to be present and to speak and vote at any meeting held after the expiry of three months from the incorporation of the Company.

78. No person shall be entitled to hold a proxy who is not a Shareholder of the Company, but this rule does not apply to a power of attorney.

79. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be printed or written, and shall be signed by the appointor, or if such appointor be a company or corporation, it shall be under the common seal of such company or corporation.

80. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than twenty-four hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote.

The instrument appointing a proxy may be in the following form:—

The St. George (Ceylon) Rubber Company, Limited.

I, _____, of _____, appoint _____, of _____ (a Shareholder in the Company), as my proxy, to represent me and to vote for me and on my behalf at the Ordinary (or Extraordinary, as the case may be) General Meeting of the Company to be held on the _____ day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and _____, and at any adjournment thereof, and at every poll which may be taken in consequence thereof.

As witness my hand this _____ day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and _____

81. No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) except at the meeting or poll at which such votes shall be tendered, and every vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) to which no objection shall be made at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.

82. No Shareholder shall be prevented from voting by reason of his being personally interested in the result of the voting.

DIRECTORS.

83. The number of Directors shall never be less than two or more than five, but this clause shall be construed as being directory only, and the continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any number of vacancies.

The qualification of a Director shall be his holding in his own right at least fifty shares in the Company upon which all calls for the time being have been paid, and this qualification shall apply as well to the first Directors as to all future Directors.

The Directors shall be entitled to a remuneration for their services of Rs. 2,000 in the aggregate.

84. The first Directors shall be George Hay Alston, Reginald Huyshe Eliot, Hugh Villiers Bagot, and Robert Shawe Templer, who shall hold office till the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company, when they shall all retire, but shall be eligible for re-election.

85. One or more of the Directors may be appointed by the Directors to act as Secretary, Managing Director, or Managing Directors and (or) Visiting Agent or Agents of the Company, or Superintendents of any of the estates, for such time and on such terms as the Directors may determine or may fix by agreement with the person or persons appointed to the office, and they may from time to time revoke such appointment and appoint another or other Secretary, Managing Director or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Agents or Superintendents.

The Directors may confer on the Managing Director or Managing Directors all or any duties and powers that might be conferred on any Manager of the Company.

If any Director shall be called upon to perform any extra services, the Directors may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such services, either by way of salary, commission, or the payment of a lump sum of money, as they shall think fit.

ROTATION OF DIRECTORS.

86. At the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company all the Directors shall retire from office, and at the first Ordinary General Meeting in every subsequent year two of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office as provided in clause 87.

87. The Directors to retire from office at the second and third Ordinary General Meeting shall, unless the Directors otherwise arrange among themselves, be determined by ballot; in every subsequent year the Directors to retire shall be those who have been longest in office.

88. In case any question shall arise as to which of the Directors who have been the same time in office shall retire, the same shall be decided by the Directors by ballot.

89. Retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.

90. The Ordinary General Meeting at which Directors retire or ought to retire by rotation shall appoint successors to them, and in default thereof such successors may be appointed at a subsequent Ordinary General Meeting.

91. Any casual vacancy occurring in the number of Directors or provisional Directors arising from death, resignation, or otherwise, may be filled up by the Directors, but any person appointed to fill such vacancy shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Director would have retained the same if no vacancy had occurred.

92. The Directors, subject to the approval of a General Meeting, may from time to time at any time subsequent to the second Ordinary General Meeting increase or reduce the number of Directors, and may also, subject to the like approval, determine in what rotation such increased or reduced number is to go out of office.

93. If at any meeting at which an election of a Director ought to take place the place of a retiring Director is not filled up, the retiring Director may continue in office until the first Ordinary General Meeting in the next year, and so on from meeting to meeting until his place is filled up, unless it shall be determined at such meeting to reduce the number of Directors.

94. A Director may at any time give notice in writing of his intention to resign by delivering such notice to the Secretary, or by leaving the same at the registered office of the Company, or by tendering his written resignation at a meeting of the Directors, and on the acceptance of his resignation by the Directors, but not before, his office shall become vacant.

95. The Company may, by a special resolution, remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and may, by an ordinary resolution, appoint another person in his stead. The Director so appointed shall hold office only during such time as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.

96. Every Director or officer of the Company, and his heirs, executors, and administrators shall be indemnified by the Company from all losses and expenses incurred by him in or about the discharge of his duties, except such as happen from his respective wilful acts or defaults; and no Director or officer shall, nor shall the heirs, executors, or administrators of any Director or officer, be liable for the acts or defaults of any other Director or officer, or for any loss or expense happening to the Company by the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired for or on behalf of the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be

invested, or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency, or tortuous act of any person with whom any moneys, securities, or effects shall be deposited, or for any other loss, damage, or misfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto unless the same happen through his own wilful act or default.

97. No contribution shall be required from any present or past Director or Manager exceeding the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares in respect of which he is liable as a present or past Shareholder.

DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS.

98. The office of the Director shall be vacated—

- (a) If he accepts or holds any office or place of profit other than Managing Director, Visiting Agent, Superintendent, or Secretary under the Company.
- (b) If he becomes bankrupt or insolvent, or suspends payment, or files a petition for the liquidation of his affairs, or compounds with his creditors.
- (c) If by reason of mental or bodily infirmity he becomes incapable of acting.
- (d) If he ceases to hold the required number of shares to qualify him for the office.
- (e) If he is concerned or participates in the profits of any contract with, or work done for, the Company.

Provided that no Director shall vacate his office by reason of his being a member of any corporation, company, or firm which has entered into any contract with, or done any work for, the Company of which he is a Director, or by his being agent, or secretary, or solicitor, or by his being a member of a firm who are agents, or secretaries, or solicitors of the Company; nevertheless, he shall not vote in respect of any contract work or business in which he may be personally interested.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS.

99. The Directors shall have power to carry into effect the purchase of the St. George's group of estates in the District of Kalutara, Ceylon, aforesaid, and the lease, purchase, or acquisition of any other lands, estates, or property they may think fit or any share or shares thereof.

100. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors either by themselves or through a Managing Director, or with the assistance of an agent or agents and secretary or secretaries of the Company to be appointed by the Directors for such a period and on such terms as they shall determine, and the Directors shall pay out of the funds of the Company all costs and expenses, as well preliminary as otherwise, paid or incurred in and about the formation and the registration of the Company, and in and about the valuation, purchase, lease, or acquisition of the said estates and lands, and the opening, clearing, planting, and cultivation thereof, and otherwise in or about the working and business of the Company.

101. The Directors shall have power to make, and may make, such rules or regulations for the management of the business and property of the Company as they may from time to time think proper, and shall carry on the business of the Company in such manner as they may think most expedient; and, in addition to the powers and authorities by any Ordinance or by these presents expressly conferred on them, they may exercise all such powers, give all such consents, make all such arrangements, appoint all such agents, managers, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, superintendents, assistants, clerks, artizan labourers, and other servants for such period or periods, and with such remuneration, and at such salaries, and upon such terms and conditions as they may consider advisable, and may pay the expenses occasioned thereby out of the funds of the Company, and may from time to time remove or suspend all or any of the managers, agents, treasurers, accountants, officers, clerks, or servants of the Company for such reasons as they may think proper and advisable, and without assigning any cause for so doing.

102. The Directors shall exercise in the name and on behalf of the Company all such powers of the Company as are not expressly required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, and shall generally do all such acts and things as are or shall be by any Ordinance and by these presents directed and authorized to be exercised, given, made, or done by the Company, and are not by any Ordinance or by these presents required to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting, subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of any such Ordinances and of these presents and to such regulations and provisions (if any) as may from time to time be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting; but no regulations made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made.

The generality of the powers conferred by any clause in these presents on the Directors shall not be taken to be limited by any clause conferring any special or expressed power.

103. The Directors shall have power to appoint a proctor or proctors, solicitor or solicitors attorney or attorneys to assist in carrying on or protecting the business of the Company, on such terms as they may consider proper, and from time to time to revoke such appointment.

104. The Directors shall have power to open from time to time on behalf of the Company any account or accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint, and also by such signatures as they may appoint to draw, accept, make, endorse, sign, and execute cheques, bills of exchange, and promissory notes, bills of lading, receipts, contracts, and agreements, bonds, mortgages, proxies to any proctor or proctors, and other documents on behalf of and to further the interests of the Company.

105. The seal to the Company shall not be affixed to any instrument except in the presence of two or more of the Directors, or of one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries, who shall attest the sealing thereof; such attestation on the part of the Secretaries, in the event of a firm being the Secretaries, being signified by a partner of the said firm signing for and on behalf of the said firm as such Secretaries or by an attorney of the said firm duly appointed.

106. It shall be lawful for the Directors, if authorized so to do by the Shareholders in General Meeting, to arrange terms for the amalgamation of the Company with any other company or companies, or individual or individuals, or for the sale or disposal of the business, estates, and effects of the Company, or any part or parts, share or shares thereof, respectively, to any company or companies, or person or persons, upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit; and the Directors shall have power to do all such things as may be necessary for carrying such amalgamation, sale, or other disposition into effect so far as a resolution or special resolution of the Company is not by law necessary for such purpose; and in case any terms so arranged by the Directors include or make necessary the dissolution of the Company, the Company shall be dissolved to that end.

107. In furtherance and not in limitation of, and without prejudice to, the general powers conferred or implied in the last preceding clause, and of the other powers conferred by these presents, it is hereby expressly declared that the Directors shall have the powers following (that is to say) :—

- (a) To institute, conduct, defend, compromise, settle, or abandon any action, suit, prosecution, or other legal proceedings on behalf of the Company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due to or from the Company, and any claims or demands made by or against the Company.
- (b) To refer any claims or demands by or against the Company to arbitration, and observe and perform or enforce the award.
- (c) To make and give receipts, releases, and other discharges for money payable to the Company and for claims and demands by the Company.
- (d) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents, with power to accept the office of trustee, assignee, liquidator, or inspector, or any similar office.
- (e) To invest any of the moneys of the Company which the Directors may consider not to be immediately required for the purposes thereof, upon such securities and in such manner as they may think fit, and so that they shall not be restricted to such securities as are permissible to trustees without special powers, and from time to time to vary or release such investments.
- (f) To delegate to any one or more of the Directors of the Company for the time being, or any other person or company for the time being, residing or carrying on business in Ceylon, or elsewhere, all or any of the powers or functions given to or exercisable by the Directors; and to confer such powers for such time and to be exercised for such objects and purposes, and upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as the Directors may think expedient, and to confer such powers either collaterally with or to the exclusion of, and in the substitution for, all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf, and from time to time to revoke, with draw, alter, or vary all or any of such powers. The Directors may allow to any person or company to whom any powers may be so delegated such remuneration as they in their absolute discretion shall think fit.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

108. The Directors may meet for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings as they may think fit, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Until otherwise determined, two Directors shall be a quorum.

109. A Director may at any time summon a meeting of Directors.

110. The Board may elect a Chairman of their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office, and all meetings of the Directors shall be presided over by the Chairman, if one has been elected and if present, but if there be a vacancy in the office of Chairman, or if at any meeting of Directors the Chairman be not present at the time appointed for holding the same, then and in that case the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.

111. Any question which shall arise at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman thereat shall have a casting vote in addition to his vote as a Director.

112. The Board may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as the Board think fit, and they may from time to time revoke and discharge any such committee, either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee so formed shall, in exercise of the powers delegated to it, conform to all such regulations as may be prescribed by the Board. All acts done by any such committee, in conformity with such regulations and in the fulfilment of the purposes of their appointment, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.

113. The meetings and proceedings of such committees shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto, and are not superseded by the express terms of the appointment of such committee respectively, or any regulation imposed by the Board.

114. The acts of the Board and of any committees appointed by the Board shall, notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board or Committee, or defect in the appointment or qualification of any Director or of any member of the committee, be as valid as if no such vacancy or defect had existed, and as if such person had been duly appointed or qualified, provided the same be done before the discovery of the vacancy or defect.

115. A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted.

116. The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in a book or books to be provided for the purpose :—

- (1) Of all appointments of (a) officers and (b) committees made by the Directors.
- (2) Of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors.
- (3) Of the names of the members of the committee appointed by the Board present at each meeting of the committee.
- (4) Of all orders made by the Directors.
- (5) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all General Meetings of the Company.
- (6) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of the Directors.
- (7) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of committees appointed by the Board.

117. All such minutes shall be signed by the person who shall have presided as Chairman at the General Meeting, the Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting at which the business minuted shall have been transacted, or by the person who shall preside as Chairman at the next ensuing General Meeting, or Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, as the case may be; and all minutes purporting to have been signed by any Chairman of any General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively, shall, for all purposes whatsoever, be *prima facie* evidence of the actual and regular passing of the resolutions, and the actual and regular transaction or occurrence of the proceedings and other matters purporting to be so recorded, and of the regularity of the meeting at which the same shall appear to have taken place, and of the Chairmanship and signature of the person appearing to have signed as Chairman, and of the date on which such meeting was held.

ACCOUNTS.

118. The Agent or Secretary or the Agents or Secretaries for the time being, or, if there be no Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries, the Directors, shall cause true accounts to be kept of the paid-up capital for the time being of the Company, and of all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and of the matters in respect of which such sums were received and expended, and of the assets, credits, and liabilities of the Company, and generally of all its commercial, financial, and other affairs, transactions, and engagements, and of all other matters necessary for showing the true financial state and condition of the Company. The accounts shall be kept in such books and in such a manner at the registered office of the Company as the Directors think fit.

119. The Directors shall from time to time determine whether, and to what extent, and at what times and places, and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the Company or of any of them shall be open to the inspection of the Shareholder, and no Shareholders shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company, except as conferred by statute or authorized by the Directors or by a resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

120. At the Ordinary General Meeting in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company a statement of the income and expenditure of the Company for the previous financial year and a balance sheet containing a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company made up to the end of the same period.

121. The statement so made shall show, arranged under the most convenient heads, the amount of gross income, distinguishing the several sources from which it has been derived and the amount of gross expenditure, distinguishing the expense of the establishment, salaries, and other heads of expenditure. Every item of expenditure fairly chargeable against the year's income shall be brought into account, so that a just balance of profit and loss may be laid before the meeting, and in case where any item of expenditure which may in fairness be distributed over several years has been incurred in any one year the whole amount of such item shall be stated, with the addition of the reasons why only a portion of such expenditure is charged against the income of the year.

122. The balance sheet shall contain a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company, arranged under the heads appearing in the form annexed to the table referred to in Schedule C to "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," or as near thereto as circumstances admit.

123. Every such statement shall be accompanied by a report as to the state and condition of the Company, and as to the amount which the Directors recommend should be paid out of the profits by way of dividend or bonus to the Shareholders, and the statement, report, and balance sheet shall be signed by the Directors.

124. A printed copy of such balance sheet shall, at least seven days previous to such meeting, be delivered at or posted to the registered address of every Shareholder.

125. The accounts of the Company shall from time to time be examined, and the correctness of the balance sheet ascertained, by one or more Auditor or Auditors.

AUDIT.

126. No person shall be eligible as an Auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Shareholder in any transaction of the Company, but it shall not be a necessary qualification for an Auditor that he be a Shareholder of the Company, and no Director or officer of the Company shall, during his continuance in office, be eligible as an Auditor.

127. The Directors shall appoint the first Auditor of the Company and fix his remuneration. He shall hold office till the second General Meeting of the Company. All subsequent appointments shall, except as is hereinafter mentioned, be made at the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company in each year by the Shareholders present thereat, and the Auditor or Auditors appointed at such Meeting shall hold office only until the first Ordinary General Meeting after his or their appointments, or until otherwise ordered by a General Meeting.

128. The remuneration of the Auditors other than the first shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting, and this remuneration may from time to time be varied by a General Meeting.

129. Retiring Auditors shall be eligible for re-election.

130. If any vacancy that may occur in the office of Auditor is not supplied at the next Ordinary General Meeting, or if any casual vacancy shall occur in the office of Auditor, the Directors shall fill up the vacancy by the appointment of a person who shall hold office until the next Ordinary General Meeting after his appointment.

131. Every Auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet intended to be laid before the next Ordinary General Meeting after his appointment, and it shall be his duty to examine the same with the accounts and vouchers relating thereto and to report thereon to the meeting, generally or specially, as he may think fit.

132. The Auditor or Auditors for the time being shall have a list delivered to him or them of all books kept by the Company, and he or they shall at all reasonable hours in the daytime have access to all accounts, books, and documents whatsoever of the Company for the purpose of audit.

DIVIDENDS, BONUS, AND RESERVE FUND.

133. The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, from time to time declare a dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders in proportion to the amount paid on their shares, but no dividend shall be payable except out of nett profits.

134. The Directors may, if they think fit, determine on and declare an interim dividend to be paid, or pay a bonus to the Shareholders on account and in anticipation of the dividend for the then current year.

135. The Directors may, before recommending any dividend or bonus, set aside out of the profits of the Company such a sum as they think proper as a reserve fund, and shall invest the same in such securities as they may with the sanction of the Company select, or shall place the same in fixed deposit in any bank or banks.

136. The Directors may from time to time apply such portion as they think fit of the reserve fund to meet contingencies or for equalizing dividends, or for working the business of the Company, or for repairing or maintaining or extending the buildings and premises of the Company, or for the repair or renewal or extension of the property or plant of the Company or any part thereof, or for any other purposes connected with the interest of the Company that they may from time to time deem expedient.

137. No unpaid dividend or bonus shall ever bear interest against the Company.

138. No Shareholder shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividend or bonus in respect of his share or shares whilst any moneys may be due or owing from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company in respect of such share or shares, or otherwise howsoever.

139. The Directors may deduct from the dividend or bonus payable to any Shareholder all such sums of money as may be due from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company, and notwithstanding the fact that such sums or any of them are not payable until after the date when such dividend or bonus is payable.

140. Notice of any dividend that has been declared, or of any bonus to be paid, shall be given to each Shareholder entitled thereto, and any dividend or bonus unclaimed by any Shareholder for three years after notice thereof is given may be forfeited by the Directors for the benefit of the Company, and, if the Directors think fit, may be applied in augmentation of the reserve fund.

141. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any partner of such firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm.

142. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by several persons jointly other than a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any one of such persons.

NOTICES.

143. Notices from the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed or written) of the Agent or Secretary, Agents or Secretaries, or persons appointed by the Board to authenticate the same.

144. Every Shareholder shall give an address in Ceylon, which shall be deemed to be his place of abode, and shall be registered as such in the books of the Company.

145. A notice may be served by the Company upon any Shareholder, either personally or by being sent through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to such Shareholder at his registered address or place of abode, and any notice so served shall be deemed to be well served, notwithstanding that the Shareholder to whom such notice is addressed be dead, unless his executors or administrators shall have given to the Directors, or to the Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries of the Company, their own or some other address to which notices may be sent.

146. All notices directed to be given to Shareholders shall, with respect to any share to which persons are jointly entitled other than a firm, be given to whichever of such persons is named first in the Register of Shareholders, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares.

147. Any notice if served by post shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the letter containing the same would in ordinary course of post have been delivered at its address, and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and put into a post office or post box, and the entry in the Company's books of the leaving or sending by post of any notice at or to such address shall be sufficient evidence thereof, and no further evidence shall be necessary.

148. Every Shareholder residing out of Ceylon shall name and register in the books of the Company an address within Ceylon at which all notices shall be served upon him, and all notices served at such address shall be deemed to be well served. If he shall not have named and registered such an address he shall not be entitled to any notices.

All notices required to be given by advertisement shall be published in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*.

ARBITRATION.

149. Whenever any question or other matter whatsoever arises in dispute between the Company and any other Company or person, the same may be referred by the Directors to arbitration.

EVIDENCE.

150. On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought or instituted by the Company against any Shareholder or his representatives to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is or was when the claim arose on the Register of Shareholders of the Company as a holder of the number of shares in respect of which such claim is made, and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company; and it shall not be necessary to prove the registration of the Company, nor the appointment of the Directors who made any call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made, nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

PROVISION RELATIVE TO WINDING UP OR DISSOLUTION OF THE COMPANY.

151. Any Shareholder, whether a Director or not, and whether alone or jointly with any other Shareholder or Director, and any person not a Shareholder, may become the purchaser of the property of the Company or any part thereof in the event of a winding up or a dissolution, or at any other time when a sale of the Company's property or effects or any part thereof shall be made by the Directors under the powers hereby or under the Ordinance conferred upon them.

In witness whereof the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereto set and subscribed their names at Colombo this 22nd day of May, 1906.

C. HENLY.
H. V. BAGOT.
F. CROSSIE ROLES.
G. H. ALSTON.
R. W. HARRISON.

By his attorney G. H. ALSTON.

R. S. TEMPLER.
R. HUYSHE ELIOT.

Witness to the above signatures at Colombo this 22nd day of May, 1906:

A. J. DENISON,
Merchant, Colombo.

The Ankande Estate Company of Ceylon, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of this Company will be held at the Company's registered office No. 22, Baillie street, Fort, Colombo, at 12 noon on Tuesday, the 12th June, 1906, with the object of authorizing the Directors to sell the Ankande estate part of the undertaking of the Company to the Hapugahalande Tea Company, Ltd. for the sum of Rupees Seventy-five thousand.

Business to be transacted.

To pass the following Resolution:—

"That the Directors of the Ankande Estate Company of Ceylon, Ltd., be authorized to sell the Ankande estate to the Hapugahalande Tea Co., Ltd., for the sum of Rupees Seventy-five thousand cash."

By order of the Directors,

LEWIS BROWN & Co.,
Agents and Secretaries.

Colombo, May 30, 1906.

2. To elect a Director.
3. To appoint an Auditor for season 1906-1907.
4. To transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

The Share Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from 29th instant to 12th proximo inclusive.

By order of the Directors.

LEWIS BROWN & Co.,
Agents and Secretaries

Colombo, May 30, 1906.

DURING my absence from the Island my Power of Attorney will be held by Messrs. E. J. Rodrigue and Mark G. Kornitz.

FRED. W. RODRIGUE.

British India Hotel.
May 21, 1906.

The Ankande Estate Company of Ceylon, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Tenth Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the registered office of the Company, No. 22, Baillie street, Fort, Colombo, on Tuesday, 12th June, 1906, at 11.45 A.M.

Business.

1. To receive the Report of the Directors and accounts for season ended 31st March, 1906.

I, ARUMUGAM CATHIRAVELU, Proctor, District Court, Jaffna, do hereby give notice that I shall apply, six weeks hence, to the Hon. the Judges of the Supreme Court of the Island of Ceylon to be admitted and enrolled a Proctor of the said Court.

A. CATHIRAVELU.

Chapel street, Jaffna.
May 28, 1906.

ROAD COMMITTEE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for the upkeep of the under-mentioned road during 1906, the Provincial Road Committee of the Southern Province, acting under the provisions of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, 1896," have assessed the proportion due by each estate in the district interested in the upkeep of the said road, as follows:—

(Estimate No. 126 of 1906.)

DENIYAYA TO HAYES FACTORY ROAD.
 Government moiety .. Rs. 3,201·25
 Private contributions .. Rs. 3,250·0

1st section.

Total acreage, 4,589—Moiety of cost, Rs. 295·45—
 Sectional rate, 6·4382c.—Total rate, 6·4382c.

Assessment.

Proprietors or Agents. Estates.	Acreage.	Rs.	c.
D. M. Rajapakse.. Deniyaya ..	102 ..	6	57

1st and 2nd sections.

Total acreage 4,487—Moiety of cost, Rs. 295·45—
 Sectional rate, 6·5845c.—Total rate, 13·0227c.

D. M. Rajapakse (lessee) .. Kekunahena. 60 ..	7	81
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1st to 4th section.

Total acreage, 4,427—Moiety of cost, Rs. 590·91—
 Sectional rate, 13·3478c.—Total rate, 26·3705c.

J. Anderson .. Handford ..	758 ..	199	90
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1st to 6th section.

Total acreage, 3,669—Moiety of cost, Rs. 590·91—
 Sectional rate, 16·1054c.—Total rate, 42·4759c.

E. C. Anderson .. Anningkande 780 ..	331	31
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1st to 8th section.

Total acreage, 2,889—Moiety of cost, Rs. 590·91—
 Sectional rate, 20·4537c.—Total rate, 62·9296c.

Lipton, Limited .. Panilkanda..	852 ..	536	16
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1st to 11th section.

Total acreage, 2,037—Moiety of cost, Rs. 886·37—
 Sectional rate, 43·5135c.—Total rate, 106·4431c.

Union Estates Company (Whittall & Co.) .. Hayes ..	1,206 ..	1,283	70
Do. .. Gongalla ..	574 ..	610	98
Do. (lessee).. Longford ..	257 ..	273	57
			3,250 0

Which sums the proprietors, managers, or agents of the several estates are hereby required to pay into the Colonial Treasury, Colombo, on or before June 18, 1906.

G. F. R. BROWNING,
Secretary.

Provincial Road Committee's Office,
Galle, May 19, 1906.

Maskeliya Branch Roads.

NOTICE is hereby given that in terms of the Branch Roads Ordinance, No. 14 of 1896, a meeting of the Local Committee for the Branch roads, viz., Norwood-Maskeliya, Maskeliya-Cruden, Norwood-Upcot, and Brownlow-Luccombe will be held

on Wednesday, June 13, 1906, at 3 P.M., at the Club, to consider and report to the Provincial Committee with regard to—

- (1) The acreage of the land belonging to each estate.
- (2) The sections used by each estate.
- (3) The names of the proprietors, resident managers or superintendents, and of the agents of each estate—

for an assessment on the following private contributions on the maintenance estimates for 1906, viz. :—

Norwood-Maskeliya road ..	Rs. 4,730
Maskeliya-Cruden ..	900
Norwood-Upcot road ..	2,500
Brownlow-Luccombe road ..	731

and to transact such other business as may come before it.

R. MACLURE,
Chairman, Local Committee.

Mocha estate,
Maskeliya, May 21, 1906.

Pupuressa Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that in terms of the Branch Roads Ordinance, No. 14 of 1896, a general meeting of the proprietors or resident managers of the estates interested in the Pupuressa road will be held at the Poopressie Factory on Tuesday, June 19, 1906, at 9 A.M. :—

Business.

1. To elect a Local Committee to perform the duties imposed by the Ordinance for two years.
2. The Local Committee to consider and report to the Provincial Committee with regard to—

- (1) The acreage of land belonging to each estate ;
- (2) The sections used by each estate ;
- (3) The names of the proprietors, resident managers, or superintendents, and of the agents of each estate—

for an assessment on the private contribution of Rs. 1,359 on the maintenance estimate for 1906, and to transact such other business as may come before it.

J. P. LEWIS,
Chairman.

Provincial Road Committee's Office,
Kandy, May 28, 1906.

Dimbula Branch Roads.

NOTICE is hereby given that in terms of the Branch Roads Ordinance, No. 14 of 1896, a meeting of the Local Committee for the Dimbula Branch Roads will be held at the Agrapatnas Cricket

Pavilion on Monday, June 11, 1906, at 4 P.M., to consider and report to the Provincial Committee with regard to—

- (1) The acreage of the land belonging to each estate.
- (2) The sections used by each estate.
- (3) The names of the proprietors or managers of each estate—

for an assessment on the following private contributions on the maintenance estimates for 1906, and to transact such other business as may come before it.

	Rs.
Lindula-Agra road	10,000
Railway gorge road	650
Wallaha road	338

A. HAMILTON HARDING,
Chairman, Local Committee.

Preston estate,
Dikoya, May 28, 1906.

Huluganga-Bambraela Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that in terms of the Branch Roads Ordinance, No. 14 of 1896, a

general meeting of the proprietors or resident managers of the estates interested in the Huluganga-Bambraela road will be held in the Moragahagalla Bungalow on Monday, June 11, 1906, at 3 P.M. :—

Business.

1. To elect a new Local Committee to perform the duties imposed by the Ordinance for two years.
2. The Local Committee to consider and report to the Provincial Committee with regard to—

- (1) The acreage of the land belonging to each estate.
- (2) The sections used by each estate.
- (3) The names of the proprietors, resident managers, or superintendents, and of the agents of each estate—

for an assessment on the private contribution of Rs. 855 on the maintenance estimate for 1906, and to transact such other business as may come before it.

J. P. LEWIS,
Chairman.

Provincial Road Committee's Office,
Kandy, May 26, 1906.

Gampola-Dolosbage Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for the maintenance of the under-mentioned road for 1905 and 1906, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of the Estate Roads Ordinance, No. 12 of 1902, have assessed the proportion due by each estate in the district interested in the repair of the said road as follows :—

GAMPOLA-DOLOSBSAGE ROAD.

(Maintenance. 1905 and 1906.)

Government moiety	Rs. 2,600
Private contribution	Rs. 2,600

1st and 2nd sections, 1 mile.

Total acreage, 2,092—Moiety of cost, Rs. 650—Sectional rate, '3107c.—Total rate, '3107c

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Amount. Rs. c.
E. L. F. de Soysa (E. Mendis)	Lantern Hill	357	110 3
W. S. Blackett	Jack Tree Hill	295	91 67

1st to 3rd section, 1½ mile.

Total acreage, 1,440—Moiety of cost, Rs. 325—Sectional rate, '2256c.—Total rate, '5363c.

W. S. Blackett	Gertiville	42	22 56
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1st to 6th section, 3 miles.

Total acreage, 1,398—Moiety of cost, Rs. 975—Sectional rate, '6974c.—Total rate, 1'2337c.

A. J. Stephens (P. J. M. Box)	Cooroondoowatte	459	566 30
Do.	Hapugahawatta	120	148 8
Lewis Brown (R. Wilson)	Meddegodda	383	472 54

1st to 8th section, 4 miles.

Total acreage, 436—Moiety of cost, Rs. 650—Sectional rate, 1'4908c.—Total rate, 2'7245c.

G. C. S. Hodgson (F. R. Bisset)	Somerset	436	1,187 92
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Rs. 2,600 0

Which sums the proprietors, managers, or agents of the several estates are hereby required to pay the Chairman of the Local Committee (Mr. P. J. M. Box, Cooroondoowatte estate), on or before June 12, 1906.

Provincial Road Committee's Office,
Kandy, May 22, 1906.

J. P. LEWIS,
Chairman.

LOCAL BOARD NOTICES.

IT is hereby notified for general information that the notification dated May 9, 1906, and published in the *Gazette* of May 18, 1906, intimating my intention to hold an election of Unofficial Members for the Local Board of Jaffna on July 3, 1906, is cancelled.

F. H. PRICE,
Acting Government Agent.

Jaffna Kachcheri,
May 23, 1906.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given of my intention, in accordance with the provisions of the Local Boards Ordinance, No. 13 of 1898, to hold an election of three Unofficial Members of the Board of Health and Improvement of the town of Jaffna on Saturday, July 14, 1906, at 11 A.M., at the Jaffna Kachcheri.

F. H. PRICE,
Acting Government Agent

Jaffna Kachcheri
May 25, 1906.

TRADE MARKS NOTIFICATIONS.

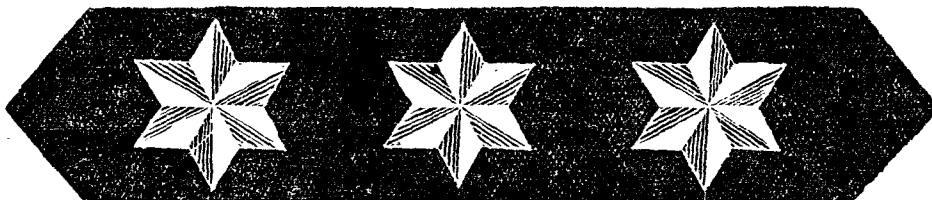
IN compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinances, 1888 and 1890," and the Regulations made on March 28, 1889, notice is hereby given that Messrs. Forbes and Haviland have applied on behalf of the Lambert Pharmacal Company of St. Louis, United States of America, who claim to be the proprietors thereof, for the registration of the following Trade Mark for Antiseptic Medicinal Preparations in Class 3 in the Classification of Goods in the above-mentioned Regulations.

WATERBURY

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 26, 1906.

H. WACE,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

IN compliance with the "Trade Marks Ordinances, 1888 and 1890," and the Regulations made on March 28, 1889, notice is hereby given that Mr. S. Singara Velupillai, who claims to be the proprietor thereof, has applied for the registration of the following Trade Mark for Common Soap in Class 47 in the Classification of Goods in the above-mentioned Regulations.

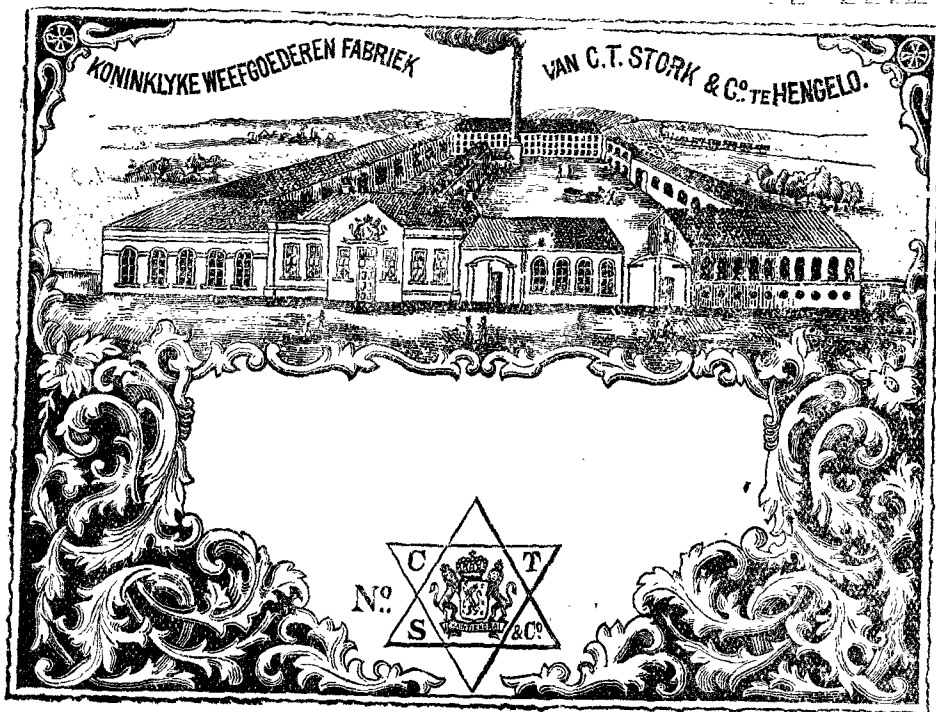


Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 26, 1906.

H. WACE,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

IN compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinances, 1888 and 1890," and the Regulations made on March 28, 1889, notice is hereby given that Messrs. R. F. de Saram and Alvis have applied, on behalf of Koninklyke Weefgoederen Fabriek Voorheen C. T. Stork & Co., for the registration of the following Trade Mark for Articles of Clothing in Class 38 in the Classification of Goods in the above-named Regulations.

The essential particulars of the Trade Mark are the entire device and its use in a variety or combination of colours :—



Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 26, 1906.]

H. WACE,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

IN compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinances, 1888 and 1890," and the Regulations made on March 28, 1889, notice is hereby given that Mr. J. N. Keith has applied, on behalf of Messrs. Cazalis and Prats, who claim to be the proprietors thereof, for the registration of the following Trade Mark for Cognac in Class 43 in the Classification of Goods in the above-mentioned Regulations.

The essential particulars of the said Trade Mark are as follows :—

1. The design of the label as shown below.
2. The printed words and letters as shown therein.

FINE OLD COGNAC
LE COQ D'OR



Cazalis
COGNAC

REGISTERED IN FRANCE

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 26, 1906.

H. WACE,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

IN compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinances, 1888 and 1890," and the Regulations made on March 28, 1889, notice is hereby given that Messrs. H. W. Cave & Co. have applied, on behalf of Messrs. Bosanquet & Co. of Colombo, who claim to be the proprietors thereof, for the registration of the following six Trade Marks for Tea in Class 42 in the Classification of Goods in the above-mentioned Regulations:—



SENA.
VINODA.
SELVA.
THENA.
AMONA.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 26, 1905.

H. WACE,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to direct that the following Notices to Mariners be published for general information.

By His Excellency's command,
H. L. CRAWFORD,
Acting Colonial Secretary

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 31, 1906.

BENGAL.—No. 132.

Africa, North-East—Gulf of Aden—Visibility of Aden Cape (Ras Marshag) light.

With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 397, dated October 18, 1905, issued by this office, the Bombay Government has given further notice (No. 32 of 1906) that information has been received from the officer in charge, Marine Survey of India, that Aden Cape (Ras Marshag) light is 244 feet above high water, and should therefore be visible in clear weather at a distance of 22 miles.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Charts: Aden and Adjacent bays, No. 7; Gulf of Aden, Sheet II., western portion, No. 6 B; also Sailing Directions, "Red Sea and Gulf of Aden Pilot," page 353; Admiralty List of Lights, Part VI., No. 129, page 21; and List of Lighthouses and Lightvessels in British India, No. 129, page 10.

E. J. BEAUMONT, Comdr., R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.
Calcutta, April 23, 1906.

BENGAL.—No. 133.

Japan—Naikai (Inland) sea—Shimonoseki strait—Wrecks dispersed.

With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 55, dated February 10, 1906, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 255 of 1906) that the wreck of the schooner which sank in Shimonoseki strait, at a distance of 4 cables S. 63° W. from Naruse beacon light, has been dispersed, and the spar marking the position withdrawn.

Approximate position, lat. 33° 54½' N.; long. 130° 54¾' E.

Also, with reference to Notice to Mariners No. 932 of 1905, that the wreck of ss. *Ryoyo March*, which sank off Shimonoseki, at a distance of $13\frac{1}{2}$ cables S. 78° W. from Moji hill, has been dispersed.

Approximate position, lat. $33^{\circ} 57\frac{1}{4}'$ N.; long. $130^{\circ} 56\frac{1}{4}'$ E.

Variation, 4° westerly in 1906.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Charts: Shimonoseki strait, Nos. 532, 1,578; also Sailing Directions for Japan, &c., 1904, pages 505, 503.

E. J. BEAUMONT, Comdr., R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Calcutta, April 23, 1906.

BENGAL.—No. 134.

Japan—Naikai—Bingo Nada—Takami shima—Wreck to the south-westward—Sanagi shima—Non-existence of wreck.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 256 of 1906), that the wreck of a vessel lies sunk in Bingo Nada, in a position from which the southern extremity of Takami shima bears S. 83° E., distant 12 cables, and the northern extremity of the same island N. 30° E.

Approximate position, lat. $34^{\circ} 18\frac{1}{2}'$ N.; long. $133^{\circ} 38\frac{1}{2}'$ E.

NOTE.—This wreck is believed to be identical with the wreck reported in Notice to Mariners No. 114 of 1906 to have sunk at a distance of $1\frac{2}{3}$ mile S. 33° W. from the summit of Sanagi shima. The wreck given in the above notice has therefore been erased from the charts.

Variation, 4° westerly in 1906.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Charts: Naikai, No. 2,875; Bingo nada to Ozuchi shima, No. 128; also Sailing Directions for Japan, &c., 1904, page 450.

E. J. BEAUMONT, Comdr., R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Calcutta, April 23, 1906.

BENGAL.—No. 135.

Pacific, South—Tuamoto Archipelago—Fakarava atoll—Non-existence of bank in approach.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 263 of 1906), that the Commander of the ship *Zelee* reports that on December 24, 1905, his vessel passed over the position of the bank shown on the charts at a distance of about 15 miles westward from Fakarava atoll, and marked E. D., without seeing any indication of it. As the authority for the existence of this bank is obscure, and as its reported position was passed over several times in 1886 without any sign of its existence being detected, it is considered that it may safely be erased from the charts.

Approximate position, lat. $16^{\circ} 7'$ S., long. $146^{\circ} 3'$ W.

Soundings of 71, 76, and 110 fathoms were obtained between Fakarava and the supposed position of this bank.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Charts: Pacific No. 783; Tuamoto Archipelago, No. 767; also, Pacific Islands, vol. III., 1900, page 134; and Supplement, 1903, page 9.

E. J. BEAUMONT, Comdr., R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Calcutta, April 23, 1906.

BENGAL.—No. 136.

Pacific Ocean—Hawaii island—Ka lae and Keahole points—Lights intended.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 266 of 1906), that on April 18, 1906, white fixed lantern lights will be established on lead-coloured masts having small white houses at their bases erected on the under-mentioned points on Hawaii island as follows:—

(a) *Ka lae point*.—A light, elevated 75 feet above high water and 34 feet above the ground, will be exhibited on Ka lae point, the southernmost point of the island.

Approximate position on chart No. 1,510, lat. $18^{\circ} 55'$ N.; long. $155^{\circ} 43'$ W.

(b) *Keahole point*.—A light, elevated 49 feet above high water and 36 feet above the ground, will be exhibited on Keahole point, the westernmost point of the island.

Approximate position on chart No. 1,510, lat. $19^{\circ} 44\frac{1}{4}'$ N.; long. $156^{\circ} 5'$ W.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Charts: Pacific, No. 782; Hawaii to $6^{\circ} 15'$ N., No. 3,102; Sandwich islands, No. 1,510; also List of Lights, part VII., 1906, pages 95, 97; Pacific islands, vol. III., 1900, pages 208, 205; and Supplement, 1903, page 13.

E. J. BEAUMONT, Comdr., R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Calcutta, April 23, 1906.

BENGAL.—No. 137.

Ceylon—West coast—Colombo harbour—Onagalla ridge marked by a buoy.

With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 130, dated April 12, 1906, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice that the rocky ridge, Onagalla, in the approach to Colombo harbour, has been marked by a red spherical buoy moored in a depth of $6\frac{1}{2}$ fathoms in a position situated at a distance of 2 miles N. 14° W. from the red light on the south-west arm of the breakwater.

Approximate position on Chart No. 813, lat. $6^{\circ} 59'$ N.; long. $97^{\circ} 50\frac{1}{4}'$ E.

Further examination shows that the least depth on this ridge is $3\frac{1}{2}$ fathoms.

Variation, 1° westerly in 1906.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Charts: Palk strait, No. 68B; Ceylon, No. 813; also Bay of Bengal Pilot, 1901, page 72; and Supplement, 1903, page 1.

E. J. BEAUMONT, Comdr., R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Calcutta, April 23, 1906.

BENGAL.—No. 138.

China Sea—Gulf of Siam, eastern shore—Koh Lan—Shoal to the eastward.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 276 of 1906) of the existence of a shoal, with a depth of $2\frac{1}{2}$ fathoms over it at low water, situated in a position from which the summit of east Lan bears N. 7° W., distant one mile, and the southern extremity of Koh Lan S. 64° W.

Approximate position, lat. $12^{\circ} 54\frac{1}{2}'$ N.; long. $100^{\circ} 47\frac{1}{4}'$ E.

Variation, 2° easterly in 1906.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Charts: Gulf of Siam, No. 2,414; Koh Ta Kut to Cape Liant, No. 2,720; also China Sea Directory, vol. II., 1899, page 363.

E. J. BEAUMONT, Comdr., R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Calcutta, April 23, 1906.

BENGAL.—No. 139.

Africa—Cape Colony—Table bay—Wreck no longer dangerous—Lights.

The following Notice to Mariners (No. 278 of 1906) issued by the British Admiralty is republished. The following information respecting the wreck and lights in Table bay is taken from the Navigating Officer's Remark Book, H.M.S. Forte, 1905 :—

With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 663 of 1902 :—

- (a) The wreck of the ship Highfields, which sank in a depth of about 10 fathoms, at a distance of 8 cables N. 40° E. from the end of the north breakwater, is not regarded by the local pilots as dangerous to navigation as it is supposed to have become embedded in the sand.

The green wreck buoy and the tug have, in consequence, been withdrawn.

Vessels are, however, recommended to avoid anchoring over the wreck.

Approximate position, lat. 33° 53' S. ; long. 18° 25½' E.

With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 365 of 1904 :—

- (b) A provisional fixed green light (oil lantern), visible over an arc of about 200°, is shown from the extremity of the breakwater in place of the light washed away.
- (c) The three white fixed lights triangularly placed on the south pier have been discontinued.

Variation, 29° westerly in 1906.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Charts : Table bay, Nos. 1,920 and 123 ; also Africa Pilot, Part II., 1901, pages 329, 330 ; Supplement, 1905, page 19 ; and Africa Pilot, Part III., 1905, pages 67, 68.

E. J. BEAUMONT, Comdr., R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Calcutta, April 23, 1906.

BENGAL.—No. 140.

Indian Ocean—Courors Islands—Mayotta—Bandeli passage—Depths in.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 279 of 1906) that a recent survey show) that the depths in Bandeli passage, Mayotta island, are less than those shown on the chart. In the entrance three coral reefs exist, the northernmost of the three reefs is situated on the leading line, and has a depth of 3¼ fathoms.

The middle reef has a depth of 4 fathoms over it, and the southern reef depths of from 2 to 2¼ fathoms over it, but the latter is well clear of the leading line.

The general shape of the reefs which form the sides of this passage, however, does not differ very much from that shown on the chart.

Approximate position, lat. 12° 53' S. ; long. 45° 17' E.

A note that there is a depth of 3¼ fathoms in the passage has been placed on the charts, but a new edition of chart No. 2,741 will be issued when the result of the new survey has been received.

The directions for using this passage given in Africa Pilot, part III, 1905, page 561, still hold good for vessels of a suitable draught for entering.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Chart :—Mayotta island, No. 2,741 ; also Africa Pilot, part III., 1905, page 561.

E. J. BEAUMONT, Comdr., R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Calcutta, April 23, 1906.

BENGAL.—No. 141.

Australia, West-coast—Fremantle approach—Direction bank—Depth over.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 282 of 1906), that no sounding under 16 fathoms was obtained on direction bank, in the approach to Fremantle, during an examination recently made by the Government of Western Australia. The depths over this bank agreed fairly well with those shown on the charts. Approximate position, lat. 31° 33' S. ; long. 115° 17' E.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Chart : Champion bay to cape Naturaliste, No. 1,033 ; also Australia Directory, vol. III., 1895, page 352.

E. J. BEAUMONT, Comdr., R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Calcutta, April 23, 1906.

BENGAL.—No. 142.

Australia—Victoria—Hobson Bay—Gellibrand point—Light-vessel withdrawn—Lighthouse constructing.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No 283 of 1906) that on February 12 Gellibrand light-vessel, exhibiting a red fixed light and formerly situated at a distance of 8 cables south from the green light on the breakwater extending from Gellibrand point, Hobson bay, would be withdrawn, and the construction of a pile lighthouse commenced in that position. On the same date the under-mentioned aids to navigation would be temporarily placed to mark the works in progress :—

- (a) A light-buoy exhibiting a red fixed light would be moved 400 feet eastward of the lighthouse constructing.
- (b) A vessel from which rockets will be fired, during thick or foggy weather, would be moored 400 feet southward of the light-buoy.
- (c) A white fixed light would be exhibited from the eastern end of the works whilst the lighthouse is under construction.
- (d) A red flag will be displayed when pile driving is in progress.

Vessels passing the works must proceed at a moderate speed and at a distance of at least half a cable to the eastward of the light-buoy and vessel.

Approximate position, lat. 37° 52¾' S. ; long. 144° 55' E.

Variation, 8° easterly in 1906.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Chart : Port Philip, No. 1,171B ; Hobson bay, No. 624 ; also List of Lights, part VI., 1906, No. 1,320 ; Australia Directory, vol. I., 1897, page 459 ; and Supplement, 1900, page 17.

E. J. BEAUMONT, Comdr., R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Calcutta, April 23, 1906.

BENGAL.—No. 143.

Red Sea—Eastern Store—Yenbo and Jidda—Shoals in approach

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 284 of 1906) that information, dated February 23, 1906, has been received from H. B. M. Consul, Jidda, that the ss. Coromandel recently touched on a shoal in the approach to Yenbo, situated about 2 miles to the southward of Schermo beacon, in approximately lat. 24° 2¼' N. ; long. 37° 50' E.

Also, that Mr. T. A. Molony, Master of the ss. Mozaffari, reports having passed close to a reef with an estimated depth of 3 fathoms over it in the southern approach to Jidda, situated in approximately lat. 20° 57½' N. long. 39° 6¼' E.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Chart:—
Red sea, Nos. 8B and 8C; also Red Sea, &c., Pilot,
1900, pages 260, 283; and Supplement 1904, page 24.

E. J. BEAUMONT, Comdr., R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Calcutta, April 23, 1906.

BENGAL.—No. 144.

India, East Coast—Bay of Bengal—Caution—A submerged obstruction.

The Master of the ss. Lunka reports having on April 12 struck a submerged obstruction in lat. $18^{\circ} 49' 45''$ N.; long. $84^{\circ} 36' 15''$ E., supposed to be a rock with 16 feet of water over it in 11 fathoms and $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile off the coast, and $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles south of Baruva (Barwa). Mariners are accordingly warned.

E. J. BEAUMONT, Comdr., R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Calcutta, April 23, 1906.

BENGAL.—No. 151.

*Eastern Archipelago—Malacca Strait—Sumatra—
Brouwers (Brewed) strait, northern entrances—
Buoyage of.*

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 308 of 1906) that the under-mentioned buoys have been established in the northern entrance to Brouwers strait in the following approximate positions on chart No. 795:—

- (a) A white conical buoy surmounted by a ball situated in lat. $1^{\circ} 52\frac{1}{2}'$ 0" N.; long. $101^{\circ} 49\frac{3}{4}'$ E.
- (b) A black can buoy situated in lat. $1^{\circ} 46'N.$; long. $101^{\circ} 53\frac{1}{4}'$ E.
- (c) A black can buoy surmounted by a conical topmark situated in lat. $1^{\circ} 37\frac{1}{4}'$ N.; long. $101^{\circ} 55\frac{1}{4}'$ E.

This notice affects the following Admiralty charts: Malacca strait, No. 1,355; cape Rachado to Singapore No. 795; also China Sea Directory, vol. I., 1896, page 109.

E. J. BEAUMONT, Comdr., R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Calcutta, May 7, 1906.

BENGAL.—No. 152.

Indian Ocean—Mauritius island—Shoal soundings to the north-eastward.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 312 of 1906) that information, dated February 25, 1906, has been received from Mr. S. de B. Lockyer, Commanding the P. & O. Steam Navigation Company's ss. Soudan, that he obtained on the previous day soundings of 34, 36, and 37 fathoms, coral and rock, about 100 miles to the north-eastward of Mauritius island; the sounding of 36 fathoms being situated in approximately lat. $18^{\circ} 30\frac{1}{2}'$ S.; long. $58^{\circ} 43\frac{1}{2}'$ E.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—
Indian Ocean, No. 748A; Chagos Archipelago to Madagascar, No. 2,899; also Islands in the Southern Indian Ocean, 1904, pages 299, 335.

E. J. BEAUMONT, Comdr., R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Calcutta, May 7, 1906.

BENGAL.—No. 153.

Africa, East—Cape Colony, south-east coast—Cape Morgan—Rock south-westward of.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 314 of 1906) of the existence of a sunken rock situated at a distance of about 3 miles S. 56° W. from cape Morgan, Kie river approach. No sounding was obtained on

this rock, but a depth of 5 fathoms was found at a distance of 10 yards from it. The danger has therefore been placed on the chart in the above position, and marked P. D.

Approximate position, lat. $32^{\circ} 45'$ S.; long. $28^{\circ} 20\frac{3}{4}'$ E.

Variation, 27° westerly in 1906.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Charts: Hondeklip bay to port Natal, No. 2,095; Waterloo bay to Bashee river, No. 2,086; also Africa Pilot, part III., 1905, page 158.

E. J. BEAUMONT, Comdr., R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Calcutta, May 7, 1906.

BENGAL.—No. 154.

Africa, East—Cape Colony, south coast—Cape St. Francis light—Alteration in period of system.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 315 of 1906) that about the middle of May the period of system of the light (white flashing), exhibited from cape St. Francis, will be altered from twenty seconds to five seconds, that is, it will give one flash every five seconds, and its power increased to 120,000 candles; in other respects it will remain as before.

During alterations a provisional light of the same character as the present light will be exhibited, its light power being 5,000 candles.

Approximate position, lat. $34^{\circ} 12\frac{1}{2}'$ S.; long. $24^{\circ} 50\frac{1}{4}'$ E.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Charts: Hondeklip bay to port Natal, No. 2,095; Mossel bay to cape St. Francis, No. 2,084; cape St. Francis to Waterloo bay, No. 2,085; also List of Lights, part VI., 1906, No. 14; and Africa Pilot, part III., 1905, page 120.

E. J. BEAUMONT, Comdr., R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Calcutta, May 7, 1906.

Madras.—No. 7.

India—West Coast—Talayai—Removal of Buoy.

With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 44 of 1905, it is hereby notified that the small spherical buoy marking the pinnacle rock off the sub-port of Talayai will be removed on the 25th May, 1906, for overhaul and will be replaced about the 1st October, 1906, when the working season again commences.

G. J. BAUGH, Comdr., R.I.M.,
Offg. Presidency Port Officer.

Presidency Port Office,
Madras, May 7, 1906.

Red Sea—Suez Bay.

The cage buoy marking the Etulah shoals has been removed and a gas buoy showing a fixed white light has been placed in the following position—

Kal-ah-Kebireh, old beacon, S. 63° E., 13.7 cables.

Hut on shore to Westward, S. 72° W., 23.2 cables.

Hut on shore to Westward, S. 72° W., 23.2 do.

Hut on shore to Northward, N. 19° W., 17.5 do.

Depth at L. W. O. S. $6\frac{3}{4}$ fathoms.

Bearings are magnetic, and given from the buoy.

HERBERT J. GEDGE,
for Director-General.

Administration of Ports and Lights,
Alexandria, May 11, 1906.

THE under-mentioned goods having been left in the Customs Warehouses beyond the time allowed by Law, notice is hereby given that unless the same be cleared or bonded they will be sold by public auction on Monday, June 25, 1906, at 12 noon:—

Date of Landing.	Entry No. and Date.	Vessel.	From.	Marks and Numbers.	Description of Goods.
No. 5 BONDED WAREHOUSES.					
1905.	1905.				
July 29	1,009 of Aug. 14	ss. Dumbia ..	Bombay	M G H C	2 casks
August 10	1,939 of Aug. 25	ss. Palma ..	London ..	Manager, M. B. I.	1 package
September 6	1,947 of Sept. 21	ss. Clan Cameron ..	Calcutta	R. Eq	2 barrels
October 8	1,460 of Oct. 21	ss. Sardinia ..	London ..	S & Co. in a diamond	1 case
October 25	1,069 of Nov. 11	ss. Alicinous ..	Singapore	W H C in a diamond	2 bales
November 6	2,031 of Nov. 21	ss. Derbyshire ..	Liverpool	A C & B outside a diamond and 5,788/90	
November 10	390 of Dec. 6	ss. Sangola ..	Calcutta	C R in a triangle	3 cases 1 case
1906.					
November 14	1,933 of Jan. 19	ss. Oruba ..	London ..	C. Henekel	1 chair
1905.					
November 19	828 of Dec. 4	ss. Victoria ..	do. ..	T. C. & S., \$2, 7,557	1 package
November 20	393 of Dec. 5	ss. Clan Macneil ..	Liverpool	C C B in a diamond and 258	1 case
1906.					
November 25	1,934 of Jan. 19	ss. Salazie ..	Marseilles	L G B upon J H & 13	1 bundle
December 19	1,938 of Jan. 19	ss. Staffordshire ..	Liverpool	G A & Co., S K in a diamond	1 case
G WAREHOUSE.					
November 11	—	ss. Coromandel ..	China ..	—	4 bundle shooks
November 30	—	ss. Oceana ..	London ..	c c c	1 case tea lead
PARCEL WAREHOUSES.					
July 10	—	ss. Worcestershire	Rangoon	J H V in a diamond	1 case
September 30	—	ss. Clan Urquhart	Calcutta	—	1 case
November 11	—	ss. Goorkha ..	London ..	C & E M upon J H and 571	1 case
December 17	—	ss. Malta ..	do. ..	M in a diamond	1 barrel, empty
December 23	—	ss. Matiana ..	do. ..	L B & Co., 2,049 in a diamond	4 fins
December 31	—	ss. Britannia ..	do. ..	Y T in a diamond	1 parcel
Q WAREHOUSE.					
November 17	—	ss. Pundua ..	Tuticorin	—	1 bag C.C. manure
December 23	—	Do. ..	do. ..	P A	2 bags grain
TRANSHIPMENT WAREHOUSE.					
November 26	—	ss. Derbyshire ..	Rangoon	T C & S	1 fin
—	—	Do. ..	do. ..	—	1 deck chair
—	—	Do. ..	do. ..	—	2 bags rice
I WAREHOUSE.					
October 18	—	ss. Loodiana ..	Calcutta	S in a triangle	1 barrel
November 11	—	ss. Goorkha ..	London ..	J W & Co., 1,330 in a diamond	1 case
November 29	—	ss. Arcadia ..	China ..	Various	5 bundles tea shooks
K WAREHOUSE.					
October 16	—	ss. Scindia ..	Calcutta	—	7 bags C. C. manure
December 22	—	ss. Nadir ..	Bombay	—	1 bag pollard

H. M. Customs,
Colombo, May 26, 1906.

L. W. BOOTH,
Principal Collector.

Total Quantities of the following Articles exported from the Ports of Colombo and Galle during the under-mentioned Periods.

Vessels.	Date of Clearing	For what Port.	Plantation Coffee.	Native Coffee.	Tea.	Cacao.	Bark Cinchona.	Branch Cinchona.	Cinchona Chips.	Cocoanuts	Copra.	Cocconut Oil.	Cocconut Tonnac.	Cinnamon.	Cinnamon Oil.	Citronella Oil.	Cardamoms.	Ebony.	Plumbago.	Coir Rope.	Coir Junk.	Coir Yarn.	Coir Fibre.	Sapan-wood.	Oreghilla.	Kittul Fibre.	Deer Horns.
			cwt.	cwt.	lb.	cwt.	lb.	lb.	lb.	No	cwt.	cwt.	cwt.	lb.	oz.	oz.	lb.	cwt.	cwt.	cwt.	cwt.	cwt.	cwt.	cwt.	lb.	cwt.	cwt.
COLOMBO.	1906.	Calcutta			50																						
ss. Lavada	21-5	Calcutta			12700						2274																
ss. Bhundara	21-5	Mauritius			10474																						
ss. Sangola	21-5	Bombay			482166	59				7519				7100								100					
ss. Itria	22-5	New York			58706									8000	107952							563					
ss. Clan MacNeil	22-5	Calcutta																									
ss. Gutenfels	22-5	Yokohama				300																					
ss. Wildenfels	22-5	London																									
ss. Aberlour	23-5	London			377440					39000				1001	22400*												
ss. Java	23-5	Calcutta			67854																						
ss. Candia	23-5	China			4662																						
ss. Dongola	23-5	London			27298																						
ss. Marmora	23-5	Bombay			967441	10				92130				2000													
ss. Delta	24-5	London		17																							
ss. Herefordshire	24-5	Rangoon			1590																						
ss. Shropshire	24-5	China			117832																						
ss. Tonkin	24-5	Marseilles			86145																						
ss. Laos	25-5	China		3	46377																						
ss. Polynesien	25-5	China			24000																						
ss. Nera	25-5	Australia			48305																						
ss. Gange	25-5	Marseilles			20																						
ss. Caledonien	25-5	China			1000					5000																	
ss. Bayern	25-5	Bremen			280																						
ss. Sursa	26-5	Calcutta																									
ss. Mombassa	26-5	Calcutta																									
ss. Bancoora	26-5	Bombay																									
GALE.																											
ss. Lavada	19-5	Bombay			40																						
ss. Nizam	19-5	Bombay			8028																						
ss. Clan Alpine	23-5	London																									

* Chips.

Importation of Rice from Indian and other Ports during the Week.

From	Bags	Total
From Tuticorin	6,098	6,098
Bombay	50	50
Amnapatam	98	98
Karrachi	8,080	8,080
Calcutta	1,680	1,680
Gopalpoore	1,718	1,718
Cocanada	1,085	1,085
Tirinuvasal	1,352	1,352
Total	31,532	31,532

TO COLOMBO :-

TO GALLE :-

From	Bags	Total
From Calcutta	2,931	2,931
Southern India	700	700
Adrampatam	2,842	2,842
Mutunpet	2,496	2,496
Valangany	1,792	1,792
Total	13,674	13,674

H. M. Customs,
Colomb, May 28, 1906.

W. E. THORPE,
Acting Principal Collector.

**Ceylon Government Railway—Comparative Statement of Traffic for the Quarter ended
March 31, 1906.**

Receipts from	Quarter ended March 31, 1905.			Quarter ended March 31, 1906.			Increase— 1906 over 1905.			Decrease— 1906 below 1905.		
	No.	Rs.	c.	No.	Rs.	c.	No.	Rs.	c.	No.	Rs.	c.
Passengers, Ordinary and Special	1,483,217	756,898	33	1,493,514	826,562	78	10,297	69,664	45	—	—	—
Coolies ...	33,805	43,065	25	17,893	19,071	40	—	—	—	15,912	23,993	85
Season Tickets ...	9,438	29,718	70	10,012	31,980	10	574	2,261	40	—	—	—
Parcels and Mails ...	151,227	67,995	42	154,237	72,917	93	3,010	4,922	51	—	—	—
Horses, Carriages, and other Coaching Traffic ...	6,644	11,230	7	7,516	14,279	85	872	3,019	78	—	—	—
Goods (Tons) ...	144,962	1,378,620	89	161,127	1,493,884	61	16,165	115,263	72	—	—	—
Live Stock ...	7,577	5,699	2	6,913	5,849	27	—	150	25	664	—	—
Miscellaneous ...	—	20,006	80	—	23,385	31	—	3,375	51	—	—	—
Total for the Quarter	—	2,313,264	48	—	2,487,931	25	—	174,666	77	—	—	—
Brought forward from previous return ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total from Jan. 1 to Mar. 31, 1905	—	2,313,264	48	—	2,487,931	25	—	174,666	77	—	—	—
Corresponding period of previous year ...	—	—	—	—	2,313,264	48	—	—	—	—	—	—
Increase ...	—	—	—	—	174,666	77	—	—	—	—	—	—
Decrease ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Traffic Train Mileage, January 1 to March 31 ...	—	—	—	462,991	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Corresponding period of previous year ...	—	—	—	408,531	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Increase ...	—	—	—	54,460	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Decrease ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Particulars of Goods conveyed.	Quarter ended March 31, 1906.	Quarter ended March 31, 1905.	Increase in 1906.	Decrease in 1906.	Nett Increase or Decrease from January 1 to December 31, 1905.	
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Decrease in 1905.	Increase in 1905.
First class Goods ...	199	160	39	—	—	—
Kerosine Oil, 2nd class ...	558	493	65	—	—	—
Other 2nd class ...	2,825	2,650	175	—	—	—
Rice, 3rd class ...	34,477	32,295	2,182	—	—	—
Arrack, 3rd class ...	586	518	68	—	—	—
Salt, 3rd class ...	1,234	1,229	5	—	—	—
Other 3rd class ...	17,169	15,872	1,297	—	—	—
Rubber ...	7	—	7	—	—	—
Coffee, 4th class ...	33	67	—	34	—	—
Cacao, 4th class ...	982	1,336	—	354	—	—
Cocconut produce, 4th class ...	4,608	4,931	—	323	—	—
Poonac, 4th class ...	1,728	1,885	—	157	—	—
Tea, 4th class ...	21,558	20,155	1,403	—	—	—
Timber, all classes ...	986	1,232	—	246	—	—
Other 4th class ...	6,544	5,728	816	—	—	—
Other 5th class ...	3,084	3,550	—	466	—	—
Tea packing, 3rd and 6th classes ...	4,698	4,453	245	—	—	—
Manure, 3rd and 6th classes ...	15,146	17,066	—	1,920	—	—
P. umbago, 3rd and 6th classes ...	6,154	4,764	1,390	—	—	—
Other 6th class ...	7,170	4,907	2,263	—	—	—
Breakwater Material ...	12,350	6,251	6,099	—	—	—
Railway Material for extension ...	110	522	—	412	—	—
Boilway Material for existing line ...	16,974	13,125	3,849	—	—	—
Bulk Petroleum ...	1,147	1,170	—	23	—	—
Liquid Fuel ...	600	448	152	—	—	—
Free Goods ...	200	155	45	—	—	—
	161,127	144,962	20,100	3,935	—	—

Colombo, May 23, 1906.

G. P. GREENE,
General Manager.

ROAD COMMITTEE NOTICE.

(Continued from page 819.)

Rahatungoda-Rikiligasgoda Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that, in terms of the Estate Roads Ordinance, No. 12 of 1902, a meeting of the Local Committee for the Rahatungoda-Rikiligasgoda road will be held at Rahatungodda on Monday, June 18, 1906, at 9.30 A.M., to consider and report to the Provincial Committee with regard to—

- (1) The acreage of the land belonging to each estate ;
- (2) The sections used by each estate ;
- (3) The names of the proprietors, agents, or superintendents of each estate—

for an assessment on the private contribution of Rs. 1,500 on the maintenance estimate for 1906, and to transact such other business as may come before it.

Rutland estate,
Hewaheta, May 30, 1906.

B. T. CHIPPINDALL,
Chairman, Local Committee.