



# Ceylon Government Gazette

Published by Authority.

No. 6,138 — FRIDAY, AUGUST 24, 1906.

PART I.—General: Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, and General Government Notifications.

PART II.—Legal and Judicial.

PART III.—Provincial Administration.

PART IV.—Land Settlement.

PART V.—Mercantile, Marine, Municipal, Local, &c.

*Separate paging is given to each Part in order that it may be filed separately.*

## Part I.—Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, &c.

	PAGE		PAGE
Minutes by the Governor .. .. .	—	Miscellaneous Departmental Notices .. .. .	722
Proclamations by the Governor .. .. .	693	Notices calling for Tenders .. .. .	725
Appointments by the Governor .. .. .	703	Contracts for Supplies of Stores .. .. .	731
Appointments, &c., of Registrars .. .. .	704	Sales of Unserviceable Articles .. .. .	731
Government Notifications .. .. .	705	Registrar-General's Vital Statistics .. .. .	—
Revenue and Expenditure Returns .. .. .	—	Meteorological Returns .. .. .	—
Notices by the Currency Commissioners .. .. .	—		

*Notices received too late for Parts II. to V. are occasionally inserted at the end of this Part.*

## PROCLAMATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR.

IN the Name of His Majesty EDWARD THE SEVENTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

### PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir HENRY ARTHUR BLAKE, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

HENRY A. BLAKE.

WHEREAS by section 7 (1) of "The Toll Ordinance, 1896," it is provided that the Governor may, from time to time, with the advice of the Executive Council, by Proclamation in the *Government Gazette*, declare an exemption from toll in favour of any substance or substances specified in such Proclamation and used for manuring purposes:

And whereas it is expedient to declare an exemption from toll in favour of the substance specified in the schedule hereto:

Now know Ye that We, the said Governor, in exercise of the powers vested in Us as aforesaid, and with the advice of the Executive Council, do hereby declare an exemption from toll in favour of the substance used for manuring purposes known as green manure and more fully specified and described in the schedule hereto, as from and after the First day of January, 1907.

Given at Colombo, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twentieth day of August, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Six.

By His Excellency's command,

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

SCHEDULE.

Leaves, dry or green, used as manure.

IN the Name of His Majesty EDWARD THE SEVENTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

P R O C L A M A T I O N.

By His Excellency Sir HENRY ARTHUR BLAKE, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

HENRY A. BLAKE.

WHEREAS by section 30 of "The Forest Ordinance, 1885," it is enacted that the Governor may, by Proclamation in the *Gazette*, direct that from a date fixed by such Proclamation any forest or any portion thereof reserved under the said Ordinance shall cease to be reserved :

And whereas by a Proclamation bearing date the 13th day of April, 1896, the forest mentioned in the schedule to the said Proclamation, within the limits therein specified and set forth, was, under the provisions of section 19 of the said Ordinance, declared to be a reserved forest as from and after the 13th day of April, 1896 :

And whereas it appears to Us expedient that the said forest shall cease to be reserved :

Now therefore know Ye that We, the said Governor, in exercise of the powers in Us vested by section 30 of the said Ordinance, do by this our Proclamation direct that the forest specified and set forth in the schedule hereto shall cease to be reserved as from and after the First day of September, 1906.

Given at Kandy, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twenty-first day of August, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Six.

By His Excellency's command,

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

SCHEDULE.

Forest called Kivuldeniya, situated in the village called Kivuldeniya in Beligal korale in the District of Kegalla of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, 75 acres in extent ; bounded on the north by the village boundaries of Lolgoda and Dippitiya villages ; on the south by the stream called Puhuwela-ela, lot 1,556 (Thunnokindawalagawa-aswedduma), and stream called Puhuwela-ela ; and on the west by lot 1,557½, Panselawatta, a footpath, and the village boundary of Alpitiya, and declared to be a reserved forest by Proclamation bearing date the Thirteenth day of April, 1896.

IN the Name of His Majesty EDWARD THE SEVENTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

P R O C L A M A T I O N.

By His Excellency Sir HENRY ARTHUR BLAKE, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

HENRY A. BLAKE.

WHEREAS by section 30 of "The Forest Ordinance, 1885," it is enacted that the Governor may, by Proclamation in the *Gazette*, direct that from a date fixed by such Proclamation any forest or any portion thereof reserved under the said Ordinance shall cease to be reserved :

And whereas by a Proclamation bearing date the 1st day of April, 1897, the forest mentioned in the schedule to the said Proclamation, within the limits therein specified and set forth, was, under the provisions of section 19 of the said Ordinance, declared to be a reserved forest as from and after the 1st day of April, 1897 :

And whereas it appears to Us expedient that the said forest shall cease to be reserved :

Now therefore know Ye that We, the said Governor, in exercise of the power in Us vested by section 30 of the said Ordinance, do by this our Proclamation direct that the forest specified and set forth in the schedule hereto shall cease to be reserved as from and after the First day of September, 1906.

Given at Kandy, in the said Island of Ceylon, this 21st day of August, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Six.

By His Excellency's command,

GOD SAVE THE KING.

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

Forest called Makure, situated in the village called Makure in Beligal korale of the Kegalla District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, 71 acres and 4 perches in extent; bounded on the north by the village boundary of Malmaduwa village, east by Dolabodawatta, Talgahawatta, Kobbelayewatta, Galindahena (lot 1,684c), Talgahawatta (lot 1,682), Talgahawatta (lot 1,681), Muragahamulahena (lot 1,684d), Mudawatta, Talgahapatiyahena and other chenas comprising lot 1,684c; south by the village boundary of Polgampola village; west by the village boundary of Udupelpita village; declared a reserved forest by Proclamation bearing date the First day of April, 1897.

IN the Name of His Majesty EDWARD THE SEVENTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir HENRY ARTHUR BLAKE, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

HENRY A. BLAKE.

WHEREAS by section 30 of "The Forest Ordinance, 1885," it is enacted that the Governor may, by Proclamation in the *Gazette*, direct that from a date fixed by such Proclamation any forest or any portion thereof reserved under the said Ordinance shall cease to be reserved:

And whereas by a Proclamation bearing date the 2nd day of April, 1897, the forest mentioned in the schedule to the said Proclamation, within the limits therein specified and set forth, was, under the provisions of section 19 of the said Ordinance, declared to be a reserved forest as from and after the 2nd day of April, 1897:

And whereas it appears to Us expedient that the said forest shall cease to be reserved:

Now therefore know Ye that We, the said Governor, in exercise of the powers in Us vested by section 30 of the said Ordinance, do by this our Proclamation direct that the forest specified and set forth in the schedule hereto shall cease to be reserved as from and after the First day of September, 1906.

Given at Kandy, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twenty-first day of August, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Six.

By His Excellency's command,

GOD SAVE THE KING.

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

Forest called Elmeldeniya, situated in the village called Elmeldeniya in Beligal korale of the Kegalla District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, containing in extent 59 acres and 17 perches; and bounded on the north by Nagahadola-ela; on the east by Katupeleleaswedduma (lot 5,756), Tunlahapillewa (lot 5,753h), Obadekumburepillewa (lot 5,753g), Obadekumburewatta (lot 5,753a), Obadekumburewatta (lot 5,753b), Obadekumburepaulawatta (lot 5,753c), and Gurugoda-oya; on the south by the village boundary of Malmaduwa village, Galgodahena (lot 5,740d), and Bogahamulawatta (lot 5,740b); on the west by Galgodahenawatta (lot 5,740), Galgodahenewatta, Pillagewatta, Hitinawatta, Medawatta, Udahawatta, Ihala-watta (lot 5,752d), Galandahena (lot 5,752c), Galandahena (lot 5,752b), Galandawatta (lots 5,752 and 5,752a), Malwakkadewatta and Malwakkadekanatta; declared to be a reserved forest by Proclamation bearing date the Second day of April, 1897.

In the Name of His Majesty EDWARD THE SEVENTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

P R O C L A M A T I O N.

By His Excellency Sir HENRY ARTHUR BLAKE, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

HENRY A. BLAKE.

WHEREAS by section 30 of "The Forest Ordinance, 1885," it is enacted that the Governor may, by Proclamation in the *Gazette*, direct that from a date fixed by such Proclamation any forest or any portion thereof reserved under the said Ordinance shall cease to be reserved :

And whereas by a Proclamation bearing date the 14th day of May, 1897, the forest mentioned in the schedule to the said Proclamation, within the limits therein specified and set forth, was, under the provisions of section 19 of the said Ordinance, declared to be a reserved forest as from and after the 14th day of May 1897 :

And whereas it appears to Us expedient that the said forest shall cease to be reserved :

Now therefore know Ye that We, the said Governor, in exercise of the powers in Us vested by section 30 of the said Ordinance, do by this our Proclamation direct that the forest specified and set forth in the schedule hereto shall cease to be reserved as from and after the First day of September, 1906.

Given at Kandy, in the said Island of Ceylon, this 21st day of August, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Six.

By His Excellency's command,

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

SCHEDULE.

Forest called Nadeniya, situated in the village called Nadeniya in Beligal korale of the Kegalla District, Province of Sabaragamuwa, aggregating in extent 15 acres and 9 perches ; bounded on the north by the village boundary of Arandara village ; east by the village boundary of Udugama village ; south by Wattagawahena, Asweddumehena, and Dunnuelahena ; and west by the village boundary of Boyagoda village ; declared to be a reserved forest by Proclamation bearing date the Fourteenth day of May, 1897.

In the Name of His Majesty EDWARD THE SEVENTH of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

P R O C L A M A T I O N.

By His Excellency Sir HENRY ARTHUR BLAKE, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

HENRY A. BLAKE.

WHEREAS by section 30 of "The Forest Ordinance, 1885," it is enacted that the Governor may, by Proclamation in the *Gazette*, direct that from a date fixed by such Proclamation any forest or any portion thereof reserved under the said Ordinance shall cease to be reserved :

And whereas by a Proclamation bearing date the 25th day of May, 1897, the forest mentioned in the schedule to the said Proclamation, within the limits therein specified and set forth, was, under the provisions of section 19 of the said Ordinance, declared to be a reserved forest as from and after the 25th day of May, 1897:

And whereas it appears to Us expedient that the said forest shall cease to be reserved :

Now therefore know Ye that We, the said Governor, in exercise of the powers in Us vested by section 30 of the said Ordinance, do by this our Proclamation direct that the forest specified and set forth in the schedule hereto shall cease to be reserved as from and after the First day of September, 1906.

Given at Kandy, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twenty-first day of August, in the year of our Lord, One thousand Nine hundred and Six.

By His Excellency's command,

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

SCHEDULE.

Forest called Dikwana, situated in the village called Dikwana in Beligal korale of the Kegalla District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, containing in extent 27 acres 2 roods and 18 perches ; bounded on the north-east by Tunkinda-ela ; south-east by the village boundary of Udapelpita village ; south-west by Kalawitehena (portion of lot 1,527), Gedaragawa-aswedduma (lot 1,521), Asweddumehina (portion of lot 1,527), Pahala-aswedduma, lot 1,520 ; north-west by a tributary of the Tunkinda-ela ; declared to be a reserved forest by Proclamation dated the Twenty-fifth day of May, 1897.

IN the Name of His Majesty EDWARD THE SEVENTH of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

P R O C L A M A T I O N.

By His Excellency Sir HENRY ARTHUR BLAKE, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

HENRY A. BLAKE.

WHEREAS by section 30 of "The Forest Ordinance, 1885," it is enacted that the Governor may, by Proclamation in the *Gazette*, direct that from a date fixed by such Proclamation any forest or any portion thereof reserved under the said Ordinance shall cease to be reserved :

And whereas by a Proclamation bearing date the 7th day of September, 1897, the forest mentioned in the schedule to the said Proclamation, within the limits therein specified and set forth, was, under the provisions of section 19 of the said Ordinance, declared to be reserved forests as from and after the 7th day of September 1897 :

And whereas it appears to Us expedient that the said forests shall cease to be reserved :

Now therefore know Ye that We, the said Governor, in exercise of the powers in Us vested by section 30 of the said Ordinance, do by this our Proclamation direct that the forests specified and set forth in the schedule hereto shall cease to be reserved as from and after the First day of September, 1906.

Given at Kandy, in the said Island of Ceylon, this 21st day of August, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Six.

By His Excellency's command,

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

SCHEDULE.

Forest called Malmaduwa, situated in the village called Malmaduwa in Beligal korale of the Kegalla District, Province of Sabaragamuwa, aggregating in extent 81 acres 2 roods and 15 perches ; bounded on the north by the village boundary of Elamaldeniya village ; on the east by Gurugoda-oya, Kalagahaowita, Kiripalkada-aswedduma, Bogahaowita, Pahalawewakumbura, and Hapugahaowita ; on the south by Rawalkawakumbura, Galakumbura, Mahakumbura, Welapalakumbura, and Galarambukumbura ; on the west by Galarambewatta (title plan 127,865), a water-course, title plan 127,864, and village boundary of Elamaldeniya village.

Lots 2,690½ (Talgahamulawatta), No. 2,697½ (Kamata), No. 2,697½ (Kamata), No. 2,689½ (Deniya) included within these boundaries, are excluded from the reserved forest ; declared to be a reserved forest by Proclamation dated Seventh day of September, 1897.

2. Forest called Udapelpitiya, situated in the village called Udapelpitiya in Beligal korale of the Kegalla District, Province of Sabaragamuwa, aggregating in extent 93 acres 2 roods and 31 perches ; bounded on the north by the village boundary of Dikwana village ; east by Manella-ela and village boundary of Pallepelpita ; south by the village boundary of Pallepelpita ; west by the village boundaries of Lenayala and Mainnoluwa.

Lots No. 1,805 (Elabodawatta) No. 1,808 (Ambagahadeniya-aswedduma), No. 1,808e (Ambagahadeniyawatta) included within these boundaries are excluded from the reserved forest ; declared to be a reserved forest by Proclamation dated Seventh day of September, 1897.

3. Forest called Udugama, situated in the village called Udugama in Beligal korale of the Kegalla District, Province of Sabaragamuwa, containing in extent 51 acres 2 roods and 36 perches ; bounded on the north by Veralugolle-ela ; east by Gurugoda-oya ; south by the village boundary of Elamaldeniya ; west by title plan 158,754 (Egodapitiyehena), lots 5,048 (Egodapitiyawatta), 5,049 (Egodapitiyawatta), 5,056 (Kottunekumbura), 5,057 (Pahalawarakawa-aswedduma), 5,071 (Gangdorapanguwekumbura), 5,072 (Muttettuwekanatiya), 5,073 (Oliyanpanguweliyadda), 5,074 (Makumbura).

Lot 5,080½ (Kamata) included within these boundaries is excluded from the reserved forest ; declared to be a reserved forest by Proclamation dated Seventh day of September, 1897.

4. Forest called Narangoda, situated in the village called Narangoda in Beligal korale of the Kegalla District, Province of Sabaragamuwa, containing in extent 31 acres and 2 roods ; bounded on the north by Hinnahena ; east by Kalahugahamulahena, Eriyagasmadehena, Ritigahahena or Tennapitahena, and Peelandamadittehena ; south by Pussellehena and the village boundary of Mainnoluwa ; west by the village boundaries of Mainnoluwa and Kiuldeniya ; declared to be a reserved forest by Proclamation dated Seventh day of September, 1897.

IN the Name of His Majesty EDWARD THE SEVENTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

P R O C L A M A T I O N.

By His Excellency Sir HENRY ARTHUR BLAKE, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

HENRY A. BLAKE.

WHEREAS by section 30 of "The Forest Ordinance, 1885," it is enacted that the Governor may, by Proclamation in the *Gazette*, direct that from a date fixed by such Proclamation any forest or any portion thereof reserved under the said Ordinance shall cease to be reserved :

And whereas by a Proclamation bearing date the 6th day of November, 1897, the forest mentioned in the schedule to the said Proclamation, within the limits therein specified and set forth, was, under the provisions of section 19 of the said Ordinance, declared to be a reserved forest as from and after the 6th day of November, 1897 :

And whereas it appears to Us expedient that the said forest shall cease to be reserved :

Now therefore know Ye that We, the said Governor, in exercise of the powers in Us vested by section 30 of the said Ordinance, do by this our Proclamation direct that the forest specified and set forth in the schedule hereto shall cease to be reserved as from and after the First day of September, 1906.

Given at Kandy, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twenty-first day of August, in the year of our Lord, One thousand Nine hundred and Six.

By His Excellency's command,

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

SCHEDULE.

Forest called Egallekanda, situated in the village called Egallekanda in Beligal korale of the Kegalla District, Province of Sabaragamuwa, containing in extent 16 acres and 29 perches; bounded on the north by Kandubogahamulahena, Ahaspokunahena, Ahaspokunahena and Wanumorahena (portions of lot 3,934), and the village boundary of Maboda; east and south by the village boundary of Maboda; west by Rilahena and Uraliyadda (lots 3,925 and 3,924); declared to be a reserved forest by Proclamation dated Sixth day of November, 1897.

IN the Name of His Majesty EDWARD THE SEVENTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith.

P R O C L A M A T I O N.

By His Excellency Sir HENRY ARTHUR BLAKE, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

HENRY A. BLAKE.

WHEREAS by section 30 of "The Forest Ordinance, 1885," it is enacted that the Governor may, by Proclamation in the *Gazette*, direct that from a date fixed by such Proclamation any forest or any portion thereof reserved under the said Ordinance shall cease to be reserved :

And whereas by a Proclamation bearing date the 6th day of November, 1897, the forest mentioned in the schedule to the said Proclamation, within the limits therein specified and set forth, was under the provisions of section 19 of the said Ordinance, declared to be a reserved forest as from and after the 6th day of November, 1897 :

And whereas it appears to Us expedient that the said forest shall cease to be reserved :

Now therefore know Ye that We, the said Governor, in exercise of the powers in Us vested by section 30 of the said Ordinance, do by this our Proclamation direct that the forest specified and set forth in the schedule hereto shall cease to be reserved as from and after the First day of September, 1906.

Given at Kandy, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twenty-first day of August, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Six.

By His Excellency's command,

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

SCHEDULE.

Forest called Maboda, situated in the village called Maboda in Beligal korale of the Kegalla District, Province of Sabaragamuwa, in extent 100 acres 2 roods and 26 perches; bounded on the north by a stream and the village boundary of Egallekanda; east by a stream, Pahala-aswedduwa described in title plan 147,606, Diyanana-elamulahena, Unumuwe Batehena, and Wewahena; south by Pinna-gollahena, Metihakkehena, Dolabodahena, Peragollehena (lot 4,933½), and Gona-maditteowita (lot 4,936); west by Gurugoda-oya and Urukunahena (lot 4,933½); declared to be a reserved forest by Proclamation dated the Sixth day of November, 1897.

IN the Name of His Majesty EDWARD THE SEVENTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

## P R O C L A M A T I O N.

By His Excellency Sir HENRY ARTHUR BLAKE, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

HENRY A. BLAKE.

WHEREAS by section 30 of "The Forest Ordinance, 1885," it is enacted that the Governor may, by Proclamation in the *Gazette*, direct that from a date fixed by such Proclamation any forest or any portion thereof reserved under the said Ordinance shall cease to be reserved :

And whereas by a Proclamation bearing date the 6th day of November, 1897, the forests mentioned in the schedule to the said Proclamation, within the limits therein specified and set forth, was, under the provisions of section 19 of the said Ordinance, declared to be a reserved forests as from and after the 6th day of November, 1897 :

And whereas it appears to Us expedient that the said forest shall cease to be reserved :

Now therefore know Ye that We, the said Governor, in exercise of the powers in Us vested by section 30 of the said Ordinance, do by this our Proclamation direct that the forests specified and set forth in the schedule hereto shall cease to be reserved as from and after the First day of September, 1906.

Given at Kandy, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twenty-first day of August, in the year of our Lord, One thousand Nine hundred and Six.

By His Excellency's command,

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

## SCHEDULE.

Forest called Boyagoda, situated in the village called Boyagoda in Beligal korale of the Kegalla District, Province of Sabaragamuwa, in extent 37 acres 2 roods and 30 perches; bounded on the north by Uyangalweramullahena (lot 4,410), Kin-narayamullahena and preliminary plan 189, Alawala village; east by preliminary plan 189, Alawala village; south by the village boundary of Arandara and Hallawahena (lot 4,413), and a stream; west by Batehenas, Diwunugalgehena, and Hallawahena (comprising lot 4,414), Hallawakumbura, Hallawahena (lot 4,411), Diwunugalgeowita and Alutageowita; declared to be a reserved forest by Proclamation dated Sixth day of November, 1897.

2. Forest called Boyagoda, situated in the village called Boyagoda in Beligal korale of the Kegalla District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, in extent 190 acres and 3 roods; bounded on the north by Gurugoda-oya; east by Nalliyadde-owita (lot 4,428 on preliminary plan 190), Nugemullahena, Weledeniyahena, Batehena, Belungalahena, Wallagahamulahena, Dikhena, Telambugahamulahena, and Mut-tettuwehena (portion of lot 4,445 in preliminary plan 190); south by Telielle-ela and Gurugoda-oya; west by Gurugoda-oya; declared to be a reserved forest by Proclamation dated Sixth day of November, 1897.

IN the Name of His Majesty EDWARD THE SEVENTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

## P R O C L A M A T I O N.

By His Excellency Sir HENRY ARTHUR BLAKE, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

HENRY A. BLAKE.

WHEREAS by section 30 of "The Forest Ordinance, 1885," it is enacted that the Governor may, by Proclamation in the *Gazette*, direct that from a date fixed by such Proclamation any forest or any portion thereof reserved under the said Ordinance shall cease to be reserved :

And whereas by Proclamation bearing date the 16th day of November, 1897, the forest mentioned in the schedule to the said Proclamation, within the limits therein specified and set forth, was, under the provisions of section 19 of the said Ordinance, declared to be a reserved forest as from and after the 16th day of November, 1897 :

And whereas it appears to Us expedient that the said forest shall cease to be reserved :

Now therefore know Ye that We, the said Governor, in exercise of the powers in Us vested by section 30 of the said Ordinance, do by this our Proclamation direct that the forest specified and set forth in the schedule hereto shall cease to be reserved as from and after the First day of September, 1906.

Given at Kandy, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twenty-first day of August, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Six.

By His Excellency's command,

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

SCHEDULE.

Forest called Bohettiya, situated in the village called Bohettiya in Beligal korale of the Kegalla District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, containing in extent 4 acres and 33 perches; bounded on the north by Millagahamulahena (lot 3,576½); east and south by the village boundary of Naranwatta; and west by the road from Kegalla to Ruauwella; declared to be a reserved forest by Proclamation dated Sixteenth day of November, 1897.

IN the Name of His Majesty EDWARD THE SEVENTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

P R O C L A M A T I O N.

By His Excellency Sir HENRY ARTHUR BLAKE, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

HENRY A. BLAKE.

WHEREAS by section 30 of "The Forest Ordinance, 1885," it is enacted that the Governor may, by Proclamation in the *Gazette*, direct that from a date fixed by such Proclamation any forest or any portion thereof reserved under the said Ordinance shall cease to be reserved:

And whereas by Proclamation bearing date the 29th day of December, 1897, the forest mentioned in the schedule to the said Proclamation, within the limits therein specified and set forth, was, under the provisions of section 19 of the said Ordinance, declared to be a reserved forest as from and after the 29th day of December, 1897:

And whereas it appears to Us expedient that the said forest shall cease to be reserved:

Now therefore know Ye that We, the said Governor, in exercise of the powers in Us vested by section 30 of the said Ordinance, do by this our Proclamation direct that the forest specified and set forth in the schedule hereto shall cease to be reserved as from and after the First day of September, 1906.

Given at Kandy, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twenty-first day of August, in the year of our Lord, One thousand Nine hundred and Six.

By His Excellency's command,

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

SCHEDULE.

Forest called Tambadiya, lots 5,243a, 5,243b, 5,243c, 5,243e, 5,243f, 5,243g, 5,267c, 5,267, 5,243½, 5,243¼, situated in the village called Tambadiya of the Kegalla District, Province of Sabaragamuwa, in extent 44 acres and 10 perches. Lots 5,243a, 5,243b, 5,243c, 5,243e, 5,243f, and 5,243g; bounded on the north by the village boundary of Kuda Pallegama; east by the village boundary of Elamal-deniya; south by Kitulhena, Dieurumpolagawahena. Yatapana Aswedduma (lot 5,265); west by Tambadiya-ela, temple claim title plan No. 101,431, Galagawawatta (lot 5,243d), temple claim title plan No. 101,431, Galpottawalahenawatta (lot 5,269), and Galpottawalahena (lot 5,243½).

Lot 5242½ and 5243¼: on the north by the village boundary of Kuda Pallegama; east by Kandagollahena (lot 5,243a); south by Galpottawalahenawatta (lot 5,269), and temple claim title plan No. 101,431; west by Tambadiya-ela.

5267 and 5267c: on the north by the village boundary of Kuda Pallegama; east by Panelakandehena (lot 5,267b), temple claim title plan No. 101,431, Asweddumapillewa (lot 5,267d), Asweddumakumbura (lot 5,267e), and Panelakande Aswedduma (lot 5,268); south by temple claim title plan No. 101,431; west by the village boundary of Dippitiya; declared to be a reserved forest by Proclamation dated Twenty-ninth day of December, 1897.



IN the Name of His Majesty EDWARD THE SEVENTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

P R O C L A M A T I O N.

By His Excellency Sir HENRY ARTHUR BLAKE, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

HENRY A. BLAKE.

WHEREAS by section 30 of "The Forest Ordinance, 1885," it is enacted that the Governor may, by Proclamation in the *Gazette*, direct that from a date fixed by such Proclamation any forest or any portion thereof reserved under the said Ordinance shall cease to be reserved :

And whereas by a Proclamation bearing date the 26th day of March, 1900, the forest mentioned in the schedule to the said Proclamation, within the limits therein specified and set forth, was, under the provisions of section 19 of the said Ordinance, declared to be a reserved forest as from and after the 26th day of March, 1900 :

And whereas it appears to Us expedient that the said forest shall cease to be reserved :

Now therefore know Ye that We, the said Governor, in exercise of the powers in Us vested by section 30 of the said Ordinance, do by this our Proclamation direct that the forest specified and set forth in the schedule hereto shall cease to be reserved as from and after the First day of September, 1906.

Given at Kandy, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twenty-first day of August, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Six.

By His Excellency's command,

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

SCHEDULE.

Forest called Ambuwakka, situated in the village called Ambuwakka in Beligal korale of the Kegalla District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, containing in extent 265 acres 1 rood and 36 perches; bounded on the north by a portion of lot 3,416 on preliminary plan 154 called Kapuhena, &c., Dangahagalpotteliena, &c., P. P. 154/3384½, Sikuramaladeniya, Malwakkada, P. P. 154/3,384, a portion of lot 3,416 on preliminary plan 154 called Kapuhena and other chenas, the village boundary of Alawatura and Welikandewatta, P.P. 154/3,416½; east by the village boundaries of Alawatura and Pittegama; south by the village boundary of Lewala; west by the boundary of the village Welatuduwa, Tambiliyadde-aswedduwa, and Pillewa P.P. 154/3,418, Timbilyadda and Pillewa P.P. 154/3,417, and village boundary of Arukganmana.

N. B.—Walpolakumbura (P.P. 154/3,383), Timbilyadda, Kosgahamulatenne-purana (P.P. 154, T. P. 152,528/27, P. P. 154), and Paragahamulatenna P. P. 154, T. P. 152,527/P. 7, included within the above boundaries are excluded from the Proclamation dated 26th March, 1900; declared to be a reserved forest by Proclamation dated Twenty-sixth day of March, 1900.

IN the Name of His Majesty EDWARD THE SEVENTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

P R O C L A M A T I O N.

By His Excellency Sir HENRY ARTHUR BLAKE, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

HENRY A. BLAKE.

WHEREAS by section 30 of "The Forest Ordinance, 1885," it is enacted that the Governor may, by Proclamation in the *Gazette*, direct that from a date fixed by such Proclamation any forest or any portion thereof reserved under the said Ordinance shall cease to be reserved :

And whereas by a Proclamation bearing date the 5th day of October, 1897, the forest mentioned in the schedule to the said Proclamation, within the limits therein specified and set forth, was, under the

provisions of section 19 of the said Ordinance, declared to be a reserved forest as from and after the 5th day of October, 1897:

And whereas it appears to Us expedient that the said forest shall cease to be reserved:

Now therefore know Ye that We, the said Governor, in exercise of the powers in Us vested by section 30 of the said Ordinance, do by this our Proclamation direct that the forest specified and set forth in the schedule hereto shall cease to be reserved as from and after the First day of September, 1906.

Given at Kandy, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twenty-first day of August, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Six.

By His Excellency's command,

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

SCHEDULE.

Forest called Diddeniyamukalana, situated in the village called Kanatuwawela in Beligal korale, Kegalla District, Province of Sabaragamuwa, containing in extent 5 acres 2 roods and 20 perches; bounded on the north by title plan 65,784 (Arandara village); east by lot 5,210 (Thoranagahapitiyahena); south by the minor road from Kegalla to Ruanwella; west by lot 5,200 (Palkumbura), lot 5,208 (Diddeniyakumbura), and a stream; declared to be a reserved forest by Proclamation dated Fifth day of October, 1897.

IN the Name of His Majesty EDWARD THE SEVENTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

P R O C L A M A T I O N.

By His Excellency Sir HENRY ARTHUR BLAKE, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

HENRY A. BLAKE.

WHEREAS by section 30 of "The Forest Ordinance, 1885," it is enacted that the Governor may, by Proclamation in the *Gazette*, direct that from a date fixed by such Proclamation any forest or any portion thereof reserved under the said Ordinance shall cease to be reserved:

And whereas by a Proclamation bearing date the 5th day of October, 1897, the forest mentioned in the schedule to the said Proclamation, within the limits therein specified and set forth, was, under the provisions of section 19 of the said Ordinance, declared to be a reserved forest as from and after the 5th day of October, 1897:

And whereas it appears to Us expedient that the said forest shall cease to be reserved:

Now therefore know Ye that We, the said Governor, in exercise of the powers in Us vested by section 30 of the said Ordinance, do by this our Proclamation direct that the forest specified and set forth in the schedule hereto shall cease to be reserved as from and after the First day of September, 1906.

Given at Kandy, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twenty-first day of August, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Six.

By His Excellency's command,

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

SCHEDULE.

Forest called Pindeniya, situated in the village called Pindeniya in Beligal korale of the Kegalla District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, containing in extent 1 acre and 3 roods; bounded on the north by the southern boundary of Naranwatta village; east by the minor road from Kegalla to Ruanwella; south by the land claimed by Juan Appu; west by the chena and field claimed by Bohettige Unguhami and others; declared to be a reserved forest by Proclamation dated the Fifth day of October, 1897.

## APPOINTMENTS, &amp;c., BY THE GOVERNOR.

No. 266 of 1906.

IT is hereby notified that consequent on the return to the Island from leave of absence of the Hon. Sir ALEXANDER ASHMORE, the following officer will cease to officiate in the Class named, with effect from the 11th August, 1906:—

Class I., Grade I.

Mr. C. T. D. VIGORS.

By His Excellency's command,

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, August 18, 1906.

No. 267 of 1906.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr. W. C. MACREADY to act as Postmaster-General and Director of Telegraphs, Director of the Savings Bank, and Commissioner of the Loan Board, with effect from the 23rd August, 1906, during the absence of Mr. H. L. MOYSEY, I.S.O., on leave, or until further orders.

Mr. H. M. RICHARDS to act as Government Printer with effect from the 11th July, 1906, until further orders.

Mr. C. B. LOURENSZ to be an Official Member of the Local Board of Kurunegala, *vice* Mr. O. JOHNSON, transferred.

By His Excellency's command,

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, August 24, 1906.

No. 268 of 1906.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased, under rule 1 of the Regulations approved by the Governor in Executive Council under section 2, sub-section (b), of the Ordinance No. 14 of 1890, to appoint Mr. C. R. CUMBERLAND to act as a Manager of the Association of Public Officers of the Crown in Ceylon for purposes of Mutual Guarantee, with effect from the 24th August, 1906, in the room of Mr. A. S. PAGDEN.

By His Excellency's command,

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, August 23, 1906.

No. 269 of 1906.

IT is notified for information that Second Lieutenant T. G. ELLIOTT's resignation of his Commission in the Ceylon Planters' Rifle Corps has been accepted by His Excellency the Governor.

By His Excellency's command,

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, August 21, 1906.

No. 270 of 1906.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to recognize Mr. GUSTAVE MARINITSCH provisionally as Acting Royal Consul for Italy at Colombo.

By His Excellency's command,

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary's Office, Colonial Secretary,  
Colombo, August 21, 1906.

No. 271 of 1906.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint Mr. G. W. GREENSHIELDS to be a Justice of the Peace for the District of Ratnapura, *vice* Mr. F. J. P. ROBERTS, resigned.

By His Excellency's command,

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary's Office, Colonial Secretary,  
Colombo, August 20, 1906.

No. 272 of 1906.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint Mr. G. W. GREENSHIELDS to be an Unofficial Police Magistrate for the Judicial Division of Ratnapura, *vice* Mr. F. J. P. ROBERTS, resigned.

By His Excellency's command,

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary's Office, Colonial Secretary,  
Colombo, August 20, 1906.

No. 273 of 1906.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint the under-mentioned gentlemen to be Justices of the Peace for the following divisions and korales of the Province of Uva:—

Mr. W. G. B. DICKSON for the Udukinda division, the Bogoda and Rilpola korales of the Yatikinda division, and the Wiyaluwa division.

Mr. W. STEWART for the Udukinda division.

Mr. J. WILLIAMS for the divisions of Wiyaluwa and Wellassa.

By His Excellency's command,

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary's Office, Colonial Secretary,  
Colombo, August 18, 1906.

No. 274 of 1906.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint the under-mentioned gentlemen to be Unofficial Police Magistrates for the following Judicial Divisions:—

Mr. W. G. B. DICKSON for the Judicial Divisions of Badulla-Haldummulla and Nuwara Eliya-Hatton.

Mr. W. STEWART for the Judicial Divisions of Badulla-Haldummulla and Nuwara Eliya-Hatton.

Mr. J. WILLIAMS for the Judicial Division of Badulla-Haldummulla.

By His Excellency's command,

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary's Office, Colonial Secretary,  
Colombo, August 18, 1906.

No. 275 of 1906.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint the Very Rev. C. H. LYTTON, O.M.I., Vice-Rector of St. Joseph's College, to act as a Member of the Board of Education during the absence of the Very Rev. C. COLLIN, O.M.I., from the Island.

By His Excellency's command,

M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, August 22, 1906.

of "The Criminal Procedure Code, 1898," to appoint Mr. AVALADI UDAYAR KUPPE TAMBY to act as an Inquirer for Meda pattuwa in the Tamankaduwa District, North-Central Province, from the 20th August, 1906, during the absence of Mr. T. B. PALUGASWEWA on leave, or until further orders.

By His Excellency's command,

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, August 23, 1906.

No. 276 of 1906.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased, under the provisions of section 120 of "The Criminal Procedure Code, 1898," to appoint Mr. CHARLES EKNELEGODA to be an Inquirer for the division of Dehigampal korale, Egodapota pattu, Province of Sabaragamuwa.

By His Excellency's command,

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, August 23, 1906.

No. 278 of 1906.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint the under-mentioned persons to be Assessors for the town of Matale for the year 1907 under the provisions of section 5 of Ordinance No. 7 of 1866:—

1. Mr. H. MARTIN LEWIS.
2. Mr. D. B. UDUWAWALA.
3. Mr. K. T. M. MARIKAR TAMBY.

By His Excellency's command,

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, August 18, 1906.

No. 277 of 1906.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased, under the provisions of section 120

## APPOINTMENTS. &c., OF REGISTRARS.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

EDWARD TURAIALYAH COOKE to be Registrar of Marriages of the Veligama West division in the Jaffna District of the Northern Province, with effect from the 1st September, 1906, *vice* J. P. COOKE, Registrar, retired. His office will be at Nikkantana in Vaddakkoddai West.

KUMARASAMY VELAYUTHAR to be Additional Registrar of Marriages of the Vedderneddi West division in the Jaffna District of the Northern Province, with effect from the 1st September, 1906. His office will be in the land called Tambawatte in Puloly West.

VISUVANATHAR RAMALINGAM to act temporarily as Registrar of Marriages of the Jaffna division in the Jaffna District of the Northern Province, with effect from the 1st September, 1906, *vice* M. THAMBAPILLAI, Mudaliyar, retired. His office will be at Kaduppulam in Kokkuvil.

Mr. N. E. DE SILVA, Apothecary, Ratnapura Hospital, to be Deputy Registrar of Births and Deaths of the Ratnapura town division in the Ratnapura District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, with effect from the 15th August, 1906, *vice* DON SAMUEL, transferred. His office will be at the Civil Hospital, Ratnapura.

Mr. P. J. EDIRISINHA, Apothecary, Ratnapura Hospital, to be Deputy Registrar of Births and Deaths of the Ratnapura town division in the Ratnapura District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, with effect from the 15th August, 1906, *vice* DON SAMUEL, transferred. His office will be at the Civil Hospital, Ratnapura.

By His Excellency's command,

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, August 22, 1906.

THE following appointments under sections 2 and 3 of the Ordinances Nos. 19 and 23 of 1900, respectively, are hereby notified:—

The Provincial Registrar, Anuradhapura, has appointed Mr. P. B. MARAPONA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Meda pattu in Tamankaduwa and as Registrar of General Marriages in the Tamankaduwa division of the North-Central Province for five days from the 24th to 28th July, 1906, during the absence of the Registrar, E. MUDALIHAM, on leave. His office will be at Anuvilandawa.

The Provincial Registrar, Badulla, has appointed LOLLEARACHCHILLAGEGEDARA HERAT MUDIYANSELAGE KIRIWANTE to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Buttala Welirata division and of General Marriages of Buttala division in the Badulla District of the Province of Uva for two weeks from the 16th August, 1906, during the absence of the Registrar, H. M. MUDALIHAM, on leave. His office will be at Arachchillagegedarawatte in Lollegama.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Hambantota, has appointed CORNELIUS DIAS ABEWICKRAMA DHANAPALA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Julampitiya division and as Registrar of Marriages of West Giruwa pattu division in the Hambantota District of the Southern Province, for three days from the 8th August, 1906, during the absence of the Registrar, D. A. DHANAPALA, on leave. His office will be at Medaheñewatta in Bukendiyaya.

P. ARUNACHALAN,  
Registrar-General.

Registrar-General's Office,  
Colombo, August 18, 1906.

## GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATIONS.

THE following schedule of tenders received for the supply of Indian Coal to the Ceylon Government Railway during 1907 is published for general information.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, August 22, 1906.

By His Excellency's command,  
A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

## Schedule of Tenders for the Supply of Coal to the Railway during 1907.

No.	Name of Tenderer.	Description of Coal.					
		Poniati Steam Coal.	Jardine's Locomotive Coal ( <i>Vide</i> condition in Tender).	No. 15 Seam Katras.	Heilger's Standard No. 14 Seam Jherria.	Special Jherria Locomotive Coal.	No. 17 Seam Jherria Coal.
		Rate per Ton. Rs. c.	Rate per Ton. Rs. c.	Rate per Ton. Rs. c.	Rate per Ton. Rs. c.	Rate per Ton. Rs. c.	Rate per Ton. Rs. c.
1	—	—	13 50	—	—	—	—
2	Not received	—	—	—	—	—	—
3	—	11 45	—	—	—	—	—
4	—	—	—	11 0	—	—	—
5	—	—	—	—	11 12½	—	—
6	Clark, Young & Co.	—	—	—	—	11 37	—
7	—	—	—	—	—	—	11 37

We have carefully considered the tenders for the Railway Coal Contract for 1907, and recommend the acceptance of No. 6, Special Jherria Locomotive Coal, tendered for by Messrs. Clark, Young & Co., at Rs. 11.37 per ton.

G. M. FOWLER,  
Acting Auditor-General.

J. H. BOSTOCK,  
Resident Engineer, Harbour Works.

G. P. GREENE,  
General Manager, C. G. R.

IT is hereby notified that the Board of Health, Southern Province, has, in terms of section 7 of Ordinance No. 18 of 1892, made and assessed, with the sanction of the Governor and the Executive Council, a rate for the current year of 4 per cent. on the annual value of all houses and buildings of every description and all lands and tenements in the town of Hambantota as defined by and for the purpose of the said Ordinance by Proclamation dated 30th June, 1906.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, August 18, 1906.

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

IT is hereby notified for general information that the Notification dated 10th February, 1905, and published in the *Gazette* of the 10th February, 1905, declaring Broach Port in the Bombay Presidency an infected port under the Quarantine Regulations, is revoked.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, August 21, 1906.

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

WITH reference to the Regulations dated November 24, 1900, made by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, under the provisions of Ordinance No. 3 of 1897, and published in the *Gazette* of November 30, 1900, it is hereby declared that the Port of Suez is a plague-infected port.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, August 21, 1906.

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

WHEREAS by section 6 of "The Births and Deaths Registration Ordinance, 1895," as amended by section 2 of "The Births and Deaths Registration Amendment Ordinance, 1900," it is amongst other things enacted that it shall be lawful for the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, by notification in the *Government Gazette*, to divide the several Provinces in the Island into such and so many divisions for the purposes of the registration of births and deaths as shall appear expedient, and such divisions or any of them at any time, with the like advice, to amend, alter, or abolish :

And whereas by notifications bearing dates 1st July, 1899, 18th July, 1901, 19th December, 1901, 2nd June, 1902, 23rd February, 1903, 7th July, 1903, 10th December, 1903, 5th March, 1904, 23rd June, 1904, 20th December, 1904, and 3rd November, 1905, in the *Government Gazette*, His Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, divided the several Provinces of the Island for the registration of births and deaths into the divisions specified in the schedules to the said notifications :

And whereas it appears expedient to the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, to amend and alter one of the said divisions :

It is hereby notified that His Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, has, by virtue of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section 6 of "The Births and Deaths Registration Ordinance, 1895," as amended by "The Births and Deaths Registration Amendment Ordinance, 1900," altered and amended, with effect from 1st January, 1907, the division specified in the first column of the annexed schedule in the manner specified in the second column thereof.

By His Excellency's command,

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, August 22, 1906.

#### SCHEDULE.

Boundaries of the Ambalangoda division as defined by the Notification of 1st July, 1899.

*North.*—By Balapitiya lake.

*South.*—By Madampe lake.

*East.*—By the limits of Karandeniya and Bata-pola.

*West.*—By the sea.

Boundaries as defined by this Notification.

Balapitiya Division.

*North.*—Balapitiya river and Maduganga Village Committee road and the village between Keraminiya and Randombe.

*East.*—Part of Maduganga, Hinetiya Velyaya, Rando-ganga, and part of Vilegoda-Watugedara road.

*South.*—Village limit between Rando-mbe and Poramba and Patabendimulla villages.

*West.*—The sea.

Ambalangoda Division.

*North.*—Maduganga.

*East.*—Eranawila-ela, part of Halwatura-ela, Talgaswalawela, Egodawela in Karandeniya, Talgaswela fields, and Madampe-ganga by the western border of Duwa and Delduwa

*South.*—Madampe-ganga.

*West.*—The sea.

IT is hereby notified for general information that His Excellency the Governor, in exercise of the powers vested in him by section 50 of "The Village Communities' Ordinance, 1889," and with the advice of the Executive Council, has been pleased to make the following rules to be observed by Village Tribunals and Village Committees with respect to the Procedure in Criminal Cases.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, August 24, 1906.

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

#### RULES OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE FOR VILLAGE TRIBUNALS AND VILLAGE COMMITTEES.

##### I.—COMMENCEMENT OF PROCEEDINGS.

1. Complaints shall ordinarily be made verbally to the President or Chairman, who shall thereupon enter or cause to be entered on a separate sheet of paper—

- (1) The number of the case.
- (2) The date of institution.
- (3) The names of the parties—complainant and defendant.
- (4) The offence charged.
- (5) The date and place when and where the offence is alleged to have been committed.

In the case of a complaint by an Irrigation Officer or a headman of a breach of a rule, the complaint may be in writing.

If the complaint is in writing, it shall be initialled and dated by the President or Chairman, and shall be numbered and filed as part of the proceedings. The President or Chairman shall supply by examination of the complainant any of the above particulars (except the first and second) which may have been omitted in the written complaint. A complaint may be made either by a private party or by a local headman.

2. The complainant (and defendant if present) shall give the names of his witnesses either verbally or in writing. If given verbally, the President or Chairman shall take down the names and residences of the witnesses; if in writing, the list shall be initialled and dated by the President and filed with the proceedings.

3. If the parties and their witnesses are present at the time the complaint is made, or their presence can be secured without delay, the President or Chairman shall proceed to hear the charge at once, or if the defendant and witnesses are not present, shall fix a day for the hearing of the case, and may issue summons and subpoenas requiring their attendance on such date.

4. A separate case shall be entered for each offence complained of.

(1) Provided that where more persons than one are charged with jointly committing the same offence or different offences triable by the Village Tribunal or Committee, committed at the same time and place and in the same transaction, they may be charged and tried together in the same case, but the number of persons thus charged and tried together shall not exceed twelve.

(2) Provided also that when several offences triable by the Village Tribunal or Committee are alleged to have been committed by the same defendant at the same time and as part of the same transaction, such defendant may be tried in the same case for all such offences.

5. The President or Chairman may, on sufficient cause being shown by either complainant or defendant, allow a postponement of the hearing, in which event the date fixed for the hearing shall be notified to the parties either verbally or by a notice in writing issued by the President or Chairman and served in the manner prescribed for service of summons.

#### II.—PROCESS.

6. The summons (Form A) and subpoena (Form B) shall be ordinarily addressed to the village headman, who shall thereupon serve the same personally by delivering a copy thereof to the person named therein, and shall report such service to the President or Chairman.

7. If after due service of summons or subpoena any defendant or witness refuse or neglect without sufficient cause to attend the Village Tribunal or Committee upon any date fixed for the hearing or further disposal of the case, the President or Chairman may issue a warrant (Form C) and cause the defendant or witness to be arrested and brought before the Village Tribunal or Committee.

#### III.—PROCEEDINGS ON NON-APPEARANCE.

8. If upon the return day of the summons or upon any day appointed for the hearing of the complaint the complainant shall not appear, and his absence shall not be sufficiently accounted for, the complaint shall be dismissed.

(1) Provided that the President or Chairman may once or oftener, at his discretion, instead of dismissing the complaint, adjourn the hearing thereof to another day and cause a notice to be served upon the complainant requiring him to attend before the Village Tribunal or Village Committee upon the day to which the hearing has been so adjourned, which notice shall be served in the manner prescribed for service of summons.

(2) Provided also that if such complainant within a reasonable time satisfy the President or Chairman that he was prevented from attending by accident or misfortune, and that his absence was not due to neglect on his part, the President or Chairman may allow him to re-open the case, whereupon the order of dismissal shall be cancelled and the case shall proceed to trial.

#### IV.—PROCEEDINGS ON APPEARANCE: TRIAL.

9. When the defendant appears, the President or Chairman shall state the charge to him, and in the event of his pleading guilty shall forthwith pass sentence upon him. If the defendant pleads not guilty the President or Chairman shall record his statement and the names of his witnesses, if any, and shall issue subpoenas to such witnesses as may be necessary. If after the

evidence of the complainant and his witnesses has been recorded no offence appears to have been committed, the defendant shall forthwith be acquitted and discharged.

10. When the parties and the witnesses, or such of them as the President or Chairman or the parties themselves may require to be examined, have been heard, the President or Chairman shall then proceed to make a record of the judgment in the manner directed by sections 30 or 48 of the Village Communities Ordinance, and shall forthwith pronounce such judgment in open court finding the defendant guilty or not guilty. The opinions of the Councillors shall be entered in the record and shall be signed by them.

11. When there is a difference of opinion between the Chairman and the Committee or any of them, a record shall be made by the Chairman of such difference of opinion.

12. In the event of conviction the judgment shall state the offence of which the defendant has been convicted, and if the conviction is of a breach of a Village Committee or an irrigation rule, it shall specify the terms of the rule and its number and date of publication.

13. If the defendant is found guilty, the President or Chairman shall pronounce sentence on him as the circumstances of the case shall in his opinion require, provided that the same shall not exceed the amount of punishment which may by law be inflicted.

14. Where a defendant is convicted of more than one offence a separate sentence need not be recorded or pronounced for each offence; but the President or Chairman may combine the punishment for such offences in one sentence, provided that in such sentence the full term of imprisonment or the maximum fine which a President or Chairman can inflict shall not be exceeded.

If the President or Chairman shall sentence the defendant to a term of imprisonment in default of payment of a fine, he shall make out a warrant of committal in the Form K.

15. If the defendant be found not guilty, he shall be forthwith acquitted and discharged.

#### V.—TIME AND PLACE OF SITTINGS.

16. The Village Tribunal or Committee may postpone the hearing of cases to any date without unreasonable delay.

17. It shall be competent to a President or Chairman, if he deems it necessary or advisable, at any stage of the proceedings after appearance of the parties, to adjourn the hearing or further action until the Village Tribunal or Committee has had an opportunity of inspecting the scene of the alleged offence or the irrigation work or property alleged to have been damaged. Provided that notice of the time and place of such inspection shall be duly given to the parties either verbally or in writing; and provided that they shall have an opportunity of being present at such inspection.

#### VI.—BAIL.

18. Where (a) a defendant or witness is brought up before a President or Chairman upon a warrant of arrest; or (b) where a defendant has been sentenced to fine or imprisonment in default of payment of the fine and has filed a petition of appeal; or (c) where a complainant or defendant has been fined, and the President or Chairman thinks fit to allow him time to pay the fine; or (d) where the offence disclosed appears to be of a serious nature, information of which should be laid before a Police Magistrate, the President or Chairman may require such person to enter into a recognizance (Form D) with or without sureties at the discretion of such President or Chairman—

- (1) To appear on a certain date before the Village Tribunal or Village Committee.
- (2) To appear and surrender in order that he may undergo his sentence of imprisonment.
- (3) To pay his fine on the date fixed for such payment.
- (4) To appear before such Magistrate within the period fixed in such recognizance.

The amount of such recognizance shall not exceed Rs. 50.

19. The President or Chairman may in default of such recognizance order the complainant or defendant to be remanded (Form E), or he may order such recognizance to be renewed for another date, and in default of such renewal may order the complainant or defendant to be remanded to prison until such adjourned date. Provided that in no case shall a complainant or defendant be remanded for a period exceeding ten days.



20. Whenever it is proved to the satisfaction of the President or the Chairman that any bond taken under the provisions of rule 19 has been forfeited, the President or Chairman shall record the grounds of such proof, and may call upon any person bound by such bond to pay the penalty thereof, or to show cause why it should not be paid. If sufficient cause is not shown, and the penalty is not paid, the President or Chairman may proceed to recover the same by issuing a warrant under the hand of the President or Chairman, directed to the Fiscal of the Province, for the attachment and sale of the movable or immovable property belonging to such person. Such warrant may be executed within the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Village Tribunal or Village Committee which issued it, and it shall authorize the distress and sale of any movable or immovable property belonging to such person without such limits, when endorsed by the Government Agent or the President of the Village Tribunal, or the Chairman of the Village Committee within the local limits of whose jurisdiction such property is found. The President or Chairman may in his discretion remit any portion of the penalty mentioned, and enforce payment in part only.

#### VII.—APPEAL.

21. When an application has been made under the 52nd section of the Village Communities' Ordinance for relief against an order or sentence passed by a Village Tribunal or Village Committee, such application shall not stay the execution of such order or sentence, unless the party applying enter into a recognizance as provided for by rule 19, to appear before the Tribunal or Committee on a date to be notified to him by the President or Chairman by written notice served in the manner prescribed for service of summons and to undergo the sentence or pay the fine imposed on him. If the party making the application fail so to appear in obedience to such notice, it shall be lawful for the President or Chairman to issue a warrant to compel his appearance, and if on his appearing or being brought up he should fail to pay the fine, it shall be lawful for the President or Chairman of the Village Committee to issue a writ (Form F) to the Fiscal to levy the amount of the fine, by the attachment and sale of the movable and immovable property of such party.

(1) Provided that such fine shall not be levied where the alternative sentence of imprisonment in default of payment of the fine is carried out.

(2) Provided also that where the Fiscal has made return to the writ that the defendant or complainant has no property it shall be lawful for the President or Chairman thereupon to sentence the complainant or defendant to a term of simple or rigorous imprisonment for any period not exceeding fourteen days.

22. Whenever immovable property has been sold under the provisions of rules 20 and 21 it shall be lawful for the Fiscal under whose direction the attachment and sale was carried out to execute a conveyance in favour of the purchaser, and a conveyance so executed shall vest the property sold in the purchaser in like manner as if such conveyance had been executed by the person against whom the warrant for the attachment and sale of such immovable property was issued.

23. Where a person who has been committed to jail for default of payment of fine, or in pursuance of a sentence of imprisonment, files a petition of appeal, the Superintendent of the Prison shall deliver him to the Fiscal to be produced before the President or Chairman in order that he may give bail for his appearance to pay the fine or undergo the sentence.

24. It shall be the duty of the President or Chairman to see that the judgment or sentence of the Government Agent or of the Governor in appeal is duly carried out.

#### VIII.—SELECTION AND APPOINTMENT OF COUNCILLORS AND COMMITTEEMEN.

25. A list shall be prepared by the chief headman of all persons in the divisions or division or part thereof in which a Village Tribunal has been established who are qualified to act as Councillors, and such list shall be revised after every five years. The persons so qualified shall be summoned to act in rotation as their names appear on the list. Provided that it shall be competent for the President to admit any qualified man present at the sitting of the Village Tribunal to take his seat as Councillor out of his turn for the hearing of any case in which such person is not interested.

26. No person shall sit as Councillor in the hearing of a case in which he himself is interested either on his own behalf or on that of either party.

27. Every Councillor and Committeeman to be associated with the President or Chairman in the hearing of cases shall, before he begins to exercise the duties of his office, take and subscribe an oath in the Form G.

28. Any Committeeman who fails when duly summoned to attend a sitting of the Committee for the trial of cases without sufficient or reasonable cause shall be liable to punishment by fine not exceeding five rupees, and in default of payment of the fine to simple imprisonment for a term not exceeding fourteen days.

29. Not less than three members of the Committee shall be associated with the Chairman in the trial of cases.

#### IX.—REGISTER AND FINE BOOK.

30. A register of cases (Form H) and a fine book (Form J) shall be kept by the President or Chairman.

31. A duplicate copy of the entries in the fine book for the month shall be forwarded by the President or Chairman monthly to the Government Agent, together with the fines recovered.

#### X.—RECORDS AND JOURNALS OF PROCEEDINGS.

32. Every form of process shall be in either of the native languages in use in the division or subdivision which is understood by the persons to whom the process is addressed.

33. The register of cases, the journals of proceedings, and the minutes of evidence, the opinions of Councillors, the judgment, and sentence may be kept or recorded either in English or in the native language used by the parties or witnesses, or with which the Village Tribunal or Committee is most familiar.

(1) Provided that where any record is kept in English, and any party to such record requires a copy of any portion of the proceedings therein, he shall be entitled to receive from the President or Chairman a translation of such portion from English into his own language without being called upon to make any extra payment therefor.

(2) Provided also that if the opinions of the Councillors are taken down in English in the record they shall be read over and explained to such Councillor, in their own language by the President before they are signed by them.

#### Form A.—Summons.

In the Village Tribunal (or Committee) of \_\_\_\_\_.

A. B., of \_\_\_\_\_, Complainant.

Vs.

C. D., of \_\_\_\_\_, Defendant.

No. \_\_\_\_\_.

To the defendant above-named \_\_\_\_\_.

You are required to appear before the Village Tribunal (or Committee) on the day of \_\_\_\_\_, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, with your witnesses, to answer a complaint preferred against you by the complainant above-named, in that you did on the \_\_\_\_\_ (here copy the substance of *plaint*).

Dated \_\_\_\_\_, 190 \_\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_  
President (or Chairman).

I do hereby certify that I did on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ serve the above summons on the above-named defendant by delivering a \_\_\_\_\_ thereof to \_\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_ this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 190 \_\_\_\_\_.

#### Form B.—Subpœna.

In the Village Tribunal (or Committee) of \_\_\_\_\_.

A. B., of \_\_\_\_\_, Plaintiff.

Vs.

C. D., of \_\_\_\_\_ Defendant.

No. \_\_\_\_\_.

To \_\_\_\_\_.

You are required to appear before the Village Tribunal (or Committee) on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to give evidence in the above case.

Dated \_\_\_\_\_, 190 \_\_\_\_\_.

I do hereby certify that I did on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ serve the above subpœna on the above-named witness by delivering a \_\_\_\_\_ thereof to \_\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_ on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 190 \_\_\_\_\_.

## Form C.—Warrant.

In the Village Tribunal (or Committee) of \_\_\_\_\_

A. B., of \_\_\_\_\_, Complainant.

Vs.

C. D., of \_\_\_\_\_, Defendant.

No. \_\_\_\_\_.

To \_\_\_\_\_.

Whereas it has been shown to the satisfaction of this Tribunal (or Committee) that the attendance of \_\_\_\_\_, a defendant or witness in the above case, cannot be secured by means of an ordinary summons (or as the case may be): You are therefore required forthwith to apprehend and bring the said \_\_\_\_\_ before this Tribunal (or Committee) [to answer the charge or give evidence] concerning the complaint preferred against \_\_\_\_\_ by the complainant above-named, in that the said defendant did on the \_\_\_\_\_.

Dated \_\_\_\_\_ 190 —.

\_\_\_\_\_  
President (or) Chairman.

## Form D.—Recognizance.

In the Village Tribunal (or Committee) of \_\_\_\_\_

A. B., of \_\_\_\_\_, Complainant.

Vs.

C. D., of \_\_\_\_\_, Defendant.

No. \_\_\_\_\_.

Be it remembered that we, C. D. and E. F., both of \_\_\_\_\_, are jointly and severally held and firmly bound to our sovereign Lord the King in the sum of Rs. \_\_\_\_\_; that is to say, the said C. D. in Rs. \_\_\_\_\_ and the said E. F. in Rs. \_\_\_\_\_, to be paid unto our said Lord the King, his heirs and successors; for which payment to be well and truly made we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, and administrators, and all our property firmly by these presents.

The condition of this recognizance is such that if the above-bounden C. D. shall appear before the said court on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and take his trial in the above-styled case (or as the case may be), then this recognizance shall be void, or otherwise shall be in full force and virtue.

Witness our hands at \_\_\_\_\_ this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, One thousand Nine hundred and \_\_\_\_\_.

Signed in my presence :

G. H.,  
President (or Chairman).C. D.  
E. F.

## Form E.—Remand.

In the Village Tribunal (or Committee) of \_\_\_\_\_

A. B., of \_\_\_\_\_, Complainant.

Vs.

C. D., of \_\_\_\_\_, Defendant.

No. \_\_\_\_\_.

To the Fiscal for the \_\_\_\_\_ Province.

Receive into your custody the body of the above-named defendant (or complainant) herewith sent to you charged with (here state the offence in terms of the complaint) and safely keep him until the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 190 —, when you are hereby required to bring him before me at 10 o'clock in the forenoon to be dealt with according to law.

(Date) \_\_\_\_\_.

G. H.,  
President (or Chairman).

Endorsement in case of remand : remanded till the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_.

(Date) \_\_\_\_\_.

G. H.,  
President (or Chairman).

## Form F.—Writ of Distress.

Criminal } In the Village Tribunal (or Committee) of \_\_\_\_\_.  
Jurisdiction. }

No. ———. The King *vs.* ———.

To the Fiscal of the District of ———.

Levy and make of the houses, lands, goods, debts, and credits of the above-named \_\_\_\_\_ by seizure, and if necessary by sale thereof, the sum of Rs. ———, being the amount of fine imposed upon \_\_\_\_\_ to be paid to Our Sovereign Lord the King by a judgment (or sentence) of this Tribunal (or Committee) dated the ———, for \_\_\_\_\_, and have that money before this Tribunal (or Committee) on the ——— to render to Our said Lord the King, and have you there this writ of distress.

Dated at ———, this ——— day of ———, 190 —.

\_\_\_\_\_  
President (or Chairman).

## Form G.—Oath of Office.

I, \_\_\_\_\_, solemnly, sincerely, and truly declare and affirm (or make oath and say) that I will give my opinion on this case before me according to the evidence without fear or favour, affection, or ill-will.

A. B.,  
Councillor (or Committeeman).

## Form H.—Register of Cases.

Number of Case.	Date of Institution	Offence charged. Date of Offence.	Names of Parties.	Date of Disposal.	Result in Lower Court.	Date of Appeal to Government Agent.	Result of Appeal to Government Agent.	Date of Appeal to Governor.	Result of Appeal to Governor.

## Form J.—Statement of Fines imposed and levied by the \_\_\_\_\_ during \_\_\_\_\_ 190 —.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Date of Imposition of Fine.	No. of Case.	Names of Parties.	Offence.	Ordinance under which convicted.	Amount of Fine levied.	Amount decreed to Informer.	Amount not paid for Reasons stated in Column 11.	Amount brought to Credit.	Date of Payment of Fine into Kachcheri.	Remarks.
					Rs. c.	Rs. c.	Rs. c.	Rs. c.		

## Form K.—Warrant of Committal on a Sentence of Imprisonment in Default of Fine.

In the Village \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_.

No. ———

To the Fiscal for the \_\_\_\_\_ Province.

Whereas on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 190 —, (*name of prisoner*) the (first, second, or third as the case may be) prisoner in case No. \_\_\_\_\_ was convicted before the Village (Tribunal or Committee) of \_\_\_\_\_, of the offence of (*mention the offence or offences concisely*) under Village Rule \_\_\_\_\_, framed under the provisions of section \_\_\_\_\_ of Ordinance No. \_\_\_\_\_, of \_\_\_\_\_, and was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. \_\_\_\_\_, and in default to undergo imprisonment with or without hard labour for the term of \_\_\_\_\_ days:

This is to authorize and require you to receive the said (*name of prisoner*) into your custody in the prison at \_\_\_\_\_, together with this warrant, and there carry the aforesaid sentence into execution according to law.

Given under my hand this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 190 —.

Signature of President or Chairman: \_\_\_\_\_.

*Note.*—In case any part of the fine has been paid, the amount paid should be endorsed on the warrant signed by the President or Chairman.

THE following regulations issued by the Civil Service Commissioners respecting the Examination for the Civil Service of India to be held in August, 1907, is published for general information.

By His Excellency's command,  
A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombia, August 17, 1906.

CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.—OPEN COMPETITION OF 1907.

Form to be filled up by Candidates for Examination.

\* \* \* The order for admission to the Examination will not be issued unless this Form, filled up by the Candidate himself, is received by the Secretary of the Civil Service Commission on or before July 1, 1907.

[This application form relates only to the competition for the Civil Service of India, and does not entitle a candidate to compete also for the Home or Colonial Civil Service. Intending candidates for either or both of these services should sign one or both of the requests noted below.

SIR,—I beg to inform you that I wish to be a Candidate at the Examination for the Civil Service of India, which is appointed to commence in London on August 1, 1907.

I am a natural-born subject of His Majesty.\*

I hereby declare that I was born on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 18\_\_\_\_, and that therefore I shall have attained the age of 22 years and shall not have attained the age of 24 years on August 1, 1907; I also declare that I have no disease, constitutional affection, or bodily infirmity unfitting me, or likely to unfit me, for the Civil Service of India; and that I am of good moral character, and otherwise eligible under the Regulations; and I undertake that, if I am successful, I will conform, during my period of probation, to such rules respecting the conduct of Public Servants as have been laid down, or may hereafter be laid down, by the Secretary of State for India in Council.

† I send herewith a Certificate of age and nationality issued in accordance with the rule respecting Natives of India printed in paragraph III. below.

I beg to inform you that I was ‡ \_\_\_\_\_ examined before the Civil Service Commissioners in the month of § \_\_\_\_\_ in the year 1 \_\_\_\_\_, as a Candidate for the situation of \_\_\_\_\_

I am, Sir, ¶

Your obedient Servant,

Name in full \_\_\_\_\_

Address to which it is desired that the Order for Examination should be sent \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

To the Secretary, Civil Service Commission.

Certificates of age (except as mentioned above), health, and character should not be supplied until after the result of the Examination is known.

N.B.—Attention is drawn to the annexed Form, which must be filled up by every Candidate.

If an Open Competitive Examination for Clerkships (Class I.) in the Home Civil Service should be appointed to be held in August, 1907, I desire to enter also for that competition, and request that a prescribed Form of Application may be forwarded to me when ready for issue.

Signature \_\_\_\_\_

If an Open Competitive Examination for Eastern Cadetships should be appointed to be held in August 1907, I desire to enter also for that competition, and request that a prescribed Form of Application may be forwarded to me when ready for issue.

Signature \_\_\_\_\_

EVIDENCE OF AGE TO BE REQUIRED FROM CANDIDATES FOR THE CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.

I. Every Candidate born in the United Kingdom should be prepared to produce, when required, a Certificate from the Registrar-General of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, or from one of his provincial Officers. This Certificate may be obtained from the Registrar-General in London, Dublin, or Edinburgh, or from the Superintendent Registrar of the District in which the birth took place.

II. A Candidate born of European parents in India should be prepared to produce, when required, a Certificate of Baptism from the district in which he was baptised. If this does not also mention the date of birth it should be accompanied by a statutory declaration by one of the Candidate's parents, stating the date and place of birth. When such certificates are not in the possession of the Candidates an Extract from the Registers kept at the India Office will probably be obtainable.

III. A Candidate who is a Native of India must, on or before July 1, 1907, produce a certificate of age and nationality issued under Notification of the Government of India, No. 2,252, dated August 21, 1888, as amended by Notification No. 404, dated May 19, 1898, and signed, should he be a resident in British India, by the Secretary to Government of the Province, or the Commissioner of the Division within which his family resides, or, should he reside in a Native State, by the highest Political Officer accredited to the State in which his family resides. No other Certificates will be accepted for this Competition.

\* Candidates not born within the British Dominions should state this fact in a separate letter.

† Candidates who are not Natives of India should strike out this paragraph.

‡ If you have never been examined, insert here the word "never."

§ If you have been examined, give the date, &c., of the last occasion.

¶ London address, state the postal district; if a country address, state the postal town.

FORM TO BE FILLED UP BY THE CANDIDATE HIMSELF, AND RETURNED WITH  
THE FORM OF APPLICATION.

\* \* This Form must be received at the Office of the Civil Service Commission on or before July 1, 1907.

\* \* Place your Initials against the Subjects which you select, and sign your name in the place indicated at the bottom of this form.

Extract from Clause 4 of the Regulations :—

“Candidates are at liberty to name any of these branches of knowledge with the proviso that the maximum number of marks that can be obtained from the subjects chosen is limited to 6,000. If this maximum is exceeded by a Candidate's selection he will be required to indicate one of his subjects the marks for which should, in his case, be reduced so as to bring his maximum marks within the prescribed limit. The marks so reduced will be subject to the correspondingly reduced deduction under Clause 6.”

Initials.	Maximum Marks.
English Composition	500
Sanskrit	600
Arabic	600
Greek, viz. :—	
Translation	300
Composition	300
Literature	300
Latin, viz. :—	
Translation	300
Composition	300
Literature	300
English	600
† Italian	600
† French	600
† German	600
Mathematics	1,200
Advanced Mathematics	1,200
Natural Science, viz. :—	
† Chemistry	600
† Physics	600
† Geology	600
† Botany	600
† Zoology	600
† Animal Physiology	600
Greek History	500
Roman History	500
English History, Period I.	500
English History, Period II.	400
General Modern History, Period	500
Logic and Psychology	600
Moral and Metaphysical Philosophy	600
Political Economy and Economic History	600
Political Science	500
Roman Law	500
English Law, viz. :—	
Law of Contract	} 500
Law of Evidence	
Law of the Constitution	
Criminal Law	
Law of Real Property	

Signature \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

In addition to the Written Examination there will be an Oral Examination in each of the subjects marked thus †, and a Practical Examination in each of the subjects marked thus ‡. For the Practical Examination in Chemistry candidates may bring any standard books on Analysis, and, for the Practical Examination in Botany, any standard Flora. All books brought must be submitted to the Presiding Examiner for his approval. No written notes of any kind will be allowed.

The Oral Examinations in Modern Languages being intended as *colloquial* tests, no marks will be given at them to Candidates who are not able to converse.

Any Candidate who wishes to decline the Oral Examination or the Practical Examination in any of the subjects selected by him, should state this in the blank space below.

To the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, London, W.

N.B.—Attention is drawn to the annexed Form, which must be filled up by every Candidate.

### Examinations for the Civil Service of India.

An open Competitive Examination for admission to the Civil Service of India will be held in London, under the subjoined Regulations, commencing on August 1, 1907.

The number of persons to be selected at this examination will be announced hereafter.

No person will be admitted to compete from whom the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, has not received on or before July 1, 1907, an application on the prescribed form, a copy of which is sent herewith. No question as to the delay or loss in the post of any such Application Form can be entertained. Candidates who delay their applications until the last days will do so at their own risk.

Acknowledgments of such Application Forms are sent, and any Candidate who has filled up and returned the printed Application Form but has not received an acknowledgment of it within four complete days should at once write to the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, Burlington Gardens, London, W. Failure to comply with this provision will deprive the Candidate of any claim to consideration.

The Order for admission to the Examination will be posted on July 18, 1907, to the address given on the Form of application. It will contain instructions as to the time and place at which candidates will be required to attend and as to the manner in which the fee (£ 6) is to be paid.

Civil Service Commission,  
July 2, 1906.

### REGULATIONS.

\* \* \* The following Regulations, made by the Secretary of State for India in Council, are liable to alteration from year to year.

1. An Examination for admission to the Civil Service of India, open to all qualified persons, will be held in London in August of each year. The date of the Examination and the number of appointments to be made for each Province will be announced beforehand by the Civil Service Commissioners.

2. No person will be deemed qualified who shall not satisfy the Civil Service Commissioners :—

(i.) That he is a natural-born subject of His Majesty.

(ii.) That he had attained the age of twenty-two, and had not attained the age of twenty-four on the first day of August of the year in which the Examination is held.

(N.B.—In the case of Natives of India it will be necessary for a Candidate to obtain a certificate of age and nationality issued under Notification of the Government of India, No. 2,252, dated August 21, 1888, as amended by Notification No. 404, dated May 19, 1898, and signed, should he be a resident in British India, by the Secretary to Government of the Province, or the Commissioner of the Division within which his family resides, or should he reside in a Native State, by the highest Political Officer accredited to the State in which his family resides.)

(iii.) That he has no disease, constitutional affection, or bodily infirmity, unfitting him, or likely to unfit him, for the Civil Service of India.

(iv.) That he is of good moral character.

3. Should the evidence upon the above points be *prima facie* satisfactory to the Civil Service Commissioners, the Candidate, on payment of the prescribed fee, will be admitted to the examination. The Commissioners may, however, in their discretion, at any time prior to the grant of the Certificate of Qualification hereinafter referred to, institute such further inquiries as they may deem necessary; and if the result of such inquiries in the case of any Candidate should be unsatisfactory to them in any of the above respects, he will be ineligible for admission to the Civil Service of India, and, if already selected, will be removed from the position of a Probationer.

4. The Open Competitive Examination will take place only in the following branches of knowledge: (\*)

	Maximum Marks.
English Composition .. .. .	500
Sanskrit Language and Literature .. .. .	600
Arabic .. .. .	600
Greek, not less than two subdivisions, of which one must be Translation :—	
Translation .. .. .	300
Composition .. .. .	300
Literature, &c. .. .. .	300
Latin, not less than two subdivisions, of which one must be Translation :—	
Translation .. .. .	300
Composition .. .. .	300
Literature .. .. .	300
English .. .. .	600
Italian .. .. .	600
French .. .. .	600
German .. .. .	600
Mathematics .. .. .	1,200
Advanced Mathematics .. .. .	1,200

\* A Syllabus, defining the character of the Examination in the various subjects, may be obtained on application to the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, London, W.

Natural Science, <i>i.e.</i> , any number not exceeding <i>four</i> of the following :—	Maximum Marks.
Chemistry .. .. .	600
Physics .. .. .	600
Geology .. .. .	600
Botany .. .. .	600
Zoology .. .. .	600
Animal Physiology .. .. .	600
Greek History (Ancient, including Constitution) .. .. .	500
Roman History (Ancient, including Constitution) .. .. .	500
English History, either or both sections may be taken—	
I. to A.D. 1485 .. .. .	400
II. A.D. 1485 to 1848 .. .. .	400
General Modern History .. .. .	500
Logic and Psychology .. .. .	600
Moral and Metaphysical Philosophy .. .. .	600
Political Economy and Economic History .. .. .	600
Political Science; .. .. .	500
Roman Law .. .. .	500
English Law .. .. .	500

Candidates are at liberty to name any of these branches of knowledge, with the proviso that the maximum number of marks that can be obtained from the subjects chosen is limited to 6,000. If this maximum is exceeded by a candidate's selection he will be required to indicate one of his subjects, the marks for which should, in his case, be reduced so as to bring his maximum marks within the prescribed limit. The marks so reduced will be subject to a correspondingly reduced deduction under Clause 6.

5. The merit of the person examined will be estimated by marks (*a*); and the number set opposite to each branch in the preceding regulation denotes the greatest number of marks that can be obtained in respect of it.

6. The marks assigned to Candidates in each branch will be subject to such deduction as the Civil Service Commissioners may deem necessary (*b*) in order to secure that no credit be allowed for merely superficial knowledge.

7. The Examination will be conducted on paper and *viva voce*, as may be deemed necessary.

8. The marks obtained by each Candidate, in respect of each of the branches in which he shall have been examined, will be added up, and the names of the several Candidates who shall have obtained, after the deduction above-mentioned, a greater aggregate number of marks than any of the remaining Candidates will be set forth in order of merit, and such Candidates shall be deemed to be Selected Candidates for the Civil Service of India, provided they appear to be in other respects duly qualified. Should any of the Selected Candidates become disqualified, the Secretary of State for India will determine whether the vacancy thus created shall be filled up or not. In the former case the Candidate next in order of merit, and in other respects duly qualified, shall be deemed to be a selected Candidate.

9. Selected Candidates, before proceeding to India, will be on probation for one year, at the end of which time they will be examined, with a view of testing their progress in the following subjects (*c*):—

<i>Compulsory.</i>	Marks.
1. Indian Penal Code .. .. .	400
2. Code of Criminal Procedure .. .. .	200
3. The Indian Evidence Act .. .. .	200
4. Indian History .. .. .	400
*5. The principal Vernacular Language of the Province to which the Candidate is assigned .. .. .	400
<i>Optional.</i> [Not more than one of the following subjects.]	
1. Hindu and Muhammedan Law .. .. .	450
†2. Sanskrit .. .. .	400
†3. Arabic .. .. .	400
4. Persian .. .. .	400
5. Chinese (for Candidates assigned to the Province of Burma only) .. .. .	400

\* The principal Vernacular Language prescribed for each Province to which Candidates are assigned is as follows :—

For the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, the Punjab, and the Central Provinces .. .. .	Hindustani.	} At the option of the Candidate.
For Burma .. .. .	Burmese.	
For Bombay .. .. .	Marathi.	
For Madras .. .. .	Tamil or Telugu	
For the Lower Provinces of Bengal .. .. .	Hindustani or Bengali	

In Hindustani the Candidate will be required to be acquainted with both the Persian and the Nagari character; and in the case of the last two Provinces mentioned above, a Candidate whose Vernacular Language is either of the languages shown against his Province, must offer the other for examination.

† These subjects may not be offered by any Candidate who has offered them at the Open Competition.

In this Examination as in the Open Competition, the merit of the Candidates examined will be estimated by marks (which will be subject to deductions in the same way as the marks assigned at the Open Competition), and the number set opposite to each subject denotes the greatest number of marks that can be obtained in respect of it. The Examination will be conducted on paper and *viva voce*, as may be deemed necessary. This Examination will be held at the close of the year of probation, and will be called the "*Final Examination*."

*a* Considerable deductions will be made for bad handwriting.

*b* No deductions will be made under Clause 6 from the marks assigned to candidates in Mathematics or English Composition.

*c* Instructions, showing the extent of the examination, will be issued to Selected Candidates as soon as possible after the result of the Open Competition is declared.



If any Candidate is prevented by sickness or any other adequate cause from attending such examination, the Commissioners may, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State for India in Council, allow him to appear at the Final Examination to be held in the following year, or at a special examination.

10. The selected Candidates will also be tested during their probation as to their proficiency in Riding. The examinations in riding will be held as follows :—

- (1) Shortly after the result of the Open Competitive Examination has been declared, or at such time or times as the Commissioners may appoint during the course of the probationary year.
- (2) Again, at the time of the Final Examination. Candidates who may then fully satisfy the Commissioners of their ability to ride well and to perform journeys on horseback will be awarded from 100 to 200 marks, according to the degree of proficiency displayed, to be added to their marks in the Final Examination. Candidates who fail to obtain 100 marks, but are reported by the Civil Service Commissioners to have reached a minimum standard of proficiency in riding, and are certified by the said Commissioners to be entitled to be appointed to the Civil Service of India, will, on their arrival in India, be subjected to such further tests in riding as may be prescribed by their Government, and shall receive no increase to their initial salary until they have passed such tests to the satisfaction of that Government.

A Candidate who fails at the end of the year of probation to satisfy the Civil Service Commissioners that he has reached the minimum standard of proficiency in riding, will be liable to have his name removed from the list of Selected Candidates.

11. The Selected Candidates who, on examination, shall be found to have a competent knowledge of the subjects specified in Regulation 9, and who shall have satisfied the Civil Service Commissioners of their eligibility in respect of nationality, age, health, character, conduct during the period of probation, and ability to ride, shall be certified by the said Commissioners to be entitled to be appointed to the Civil Service of India, provided they shall comply with the regulations in force, at the time, for that Service.

12. Persons desirous to be admitted as Candidates must apply on Forms, which may be obtained from "The Secretary to the Civil Service Commissioners, London," at any time after the 1st December in the year previous to that in which the Examination is to be held. No person will be admitted to the Examination from whom the Secretary to the Civil Service Commissioners has not received on or before July 1 (or, if that date should fall upon a Sunday or public holiday, then, on or before the first day thereafter on which their office is open), in the year in which the Examination is to be held, an application, in the handwriting of the Candidate, on the prescribed form.

The Civil Service Commissioners are authorized by the Secretary of State for India in Council to make the following announcements :—

- (i.) Selected Candidates will be allotted to the various Provinces upon a consideration of all the circumstances, including their own wishes ; but the requirements of the Public Service will rank before every other consideration.
- (ii.) An allowance amounting to £100 will be given to all Candidates who pass their probation at one of the Universities or Colleges which have been approved by the Secretary of State, viz., the Universities of Oxford, Cambridge, Dublin, Glasgow, Edinburgh, St. Andrews, and Aberdeen ; Victoria University, Manchester ; University College, London ; and King's College, London ; provided such Candidates shall have passed the Final Examination to the satisfaction of the Civil Service Commissioners, and shall, in the opinion of the Secretary of State, have conducted themselves well and complied with such rules as may be laid down for the guidance of Selected Candidates. The whole probation must ordinarily be passed at the same Institution. Migration will not be permitted except for special reasons approved by the Secretary of State.
- (iii.) The allowance of £100 will not be paid to any Selected Candidate until he has been certified by the Civil Service Commissioners to be entitled to be appointed to the Civil Service of India ; and every Certificated Candidate must, before receiving his allowance, give a written undertaking to refund the amount in the event of his failing to proceed to India.
- (iv.) All Candidates obtaining Certificates will be also required to enter into covenants, by which, amongst other things, they will bind themselves to make such payments as under the rules and regulations for the time being in force they may be required to make towards their own pensions or for the pensions of their families. The stamps payable on these covenants amount to £1.
- (v.) The seniority in the Civil Service of India of the Selected Candidates will be determined according to the order in which they stand on the list resulting from the combined marks of the Open Competitive and Final Examinations.
- (vi.) Selected Candidates will be required to report their arrival in India within such period after the grant of their Certificate of Qualification as the Secretary of State may in each case direct.
- (vii.) Candidates who fail to satisfy the Civil Service Commissioners at the Final Examination held in any year will be definitely rejected, and will not be allowed to present themselves for re-examination, unless it shall appear to the Secretary of State in Council, after reference to the Civil Service Commissioners, that such failure is due to circumstances wholly exceptional and beyond the control of the Candidate.

N.B.—A Manual of Rules and Regulations applicable to members of the covenanted Civil Service of India has been compiled by permission of the Government of India and may now be procured either from Messrs. A. Constable & Co., 16, James street, Haymarket, S.W., or from Mr. E. A. Arnold, 37, Bedford street, Covent Garden. Price 2s. 6d.

The Commissioners have been requested by the Secretary of State for India to draw the attention of selected Candidates to the prefatory note attached to this manual, as it is considered important that it should be clearly understood that this compilation is not to be regarded in any other light than that of a collection made for facility of reference, of certain information and rules, that it is by no means exhaustive, and that it is liable to such modifications as may from time to time be sanctioned by competent authority.

**Clerkships (Class I.) in the Home Civil Service : and Eastern Cadetships.**

*Syllabus showing the Extent of the Examination in certain Subjects for 1907.*

*English Composition.*—An Essay to be written on one of several subjects specified by the Civil Service Commissioners on their Examination Paper.

*English Language and Literature.*—The Examination will be in two parts. In the one the Candidates will be expected to show a general acquaintance with the course of English Literature, as represented (mainly) by the following writers in verse and prose, between the reign of Edward III. and the accession of Queen Victoria :

*Verse.*—Chaucer, Langland, Spencer, Shakespeare, Milton, Dryden, Pope, Gray, Collins, Johnson, Goldsmith, Crabbe, Cowper, Campbell, Wordsworth, Scott, Byron, Coleridge, Shelley, Keats.

*Prose.*—Bacon, Sir Thomas Browne, Milton, Cowley, Bunyan, Dryden, Swift, Defoe, Addison, Johnson, Burke, Scott, Macaulay (Essays and Biographies).

A minute knowledge of the works of these authors will not be looked for in this part of the Examination, which will, however, test how far the Candidates have studied the chief productions of the greatest English writers *in themselves*, and are acquainted with the leading characteristics of their thought and style, and with the place which each of them occupies in the history of English Literature. Candidates will also be expected to show that they have studied in these authors the history of the English Language in respect of its vocabulary, syntax, and prosody.

The other part of the Examination will relate to one of the periods named below, which will follow each other year by year in the order indicated.

1.	1800 A.D. to 1832 A.D.
(1907)	[Nineteenth Century writers to the death of Scott.]
2.	1360 A.D. to 1600 A.D.
(1908)	[Chaucer to Spencer.]
3.	1600 A.D. to 1700 A.D.
(1909)	[Shakespeare to Dryden.]
4.	1700 A.D. to 1800 A.D.
(1910)	[Pope to Cowper.]

The Examination in this part will require from Candidates a more minute acquaintance with the history of the English Language and Literature, as illustrated in the chief works produced in each period, and will be based to a considerable extent, but by no means exclusively, on certain books specified each year by the Commissioners.\* The names placed under the dates are intended to suggest the general character of the literary development of the period, and, consequently, the natural limits of the Examination. All the works of Shakespeare, for example, will be regarded as falling within the period 1600 to 1700 ; all the works of Swift within the period 1700 to 1800 ; all the works of Scott and Wordsworth, and all the works of Macaulay within the period 1800 to 1832.

*Italian Language and Literature.*—Translation and Composition. Critical questions on the Italian Language and Literature. Conversation.

*French Language and Literature.*—Translation and Composition. Critical questions on the French Language and Literature. Conversation.

*German Language and Literature.*—Translation and Composition. Critical questions on the German Language and Literature. Conversation.

*Latin Language and Literature.*—Translation from Latin into English. Composition in Prose and Verse, or (as an alternative for Verse-Composition) an original Prose Composition in Latin. Critical questions on the Latin Language (including questions on Philology) and Literature.

*Greek Language and Literature.*—Translation from Greek into English, Composition in Prose and Verse, or (as an alternative for Verse-Composition) an original Prose Composition in Greek. Critical questions on the Greek Language (including questions on Philology) and Literature.

*Sanskrit Language and Literature.*—Translation from Sanskrit into English, and from English into Sanskrit. History of Sanskrit Literature (including knowledge of such Indian history as bears upon the subject) ; Sanskrit Grammar ; Vedic Philology.

*Arabic Language and Literature.*—Translation as in Sanskrit ; History of Arabic Literature (including knowledge of such Arabic History as bears upon the subject) ; Arabic Grammar ; Arabic Prosody.

*English Law.*—Under the head of " English Law " are included the following subjects, viz. :—(1) Law of Contract ; (2) Law of Evidence ; (3) Law of the Constitution ; (4) Criminal Law ; (5) Law of Real Property ; and of these five subjects Candidates are at liberty to offer any four, but not more than four.

*English History.*—The subject will include (a) the Political History of Great Britain, Ireland, and the Colonies, (b) the Constitutional History of the United Kingdom. Candidates should be acquainted with the following authorities :—

	PERIOD I.
Stubbs .. .. .	Select Charters.
	PERIOD II.
Prothero .. .. .	Statutes and Constitutional Documents.
Gardiner .. .. .	Documents of the Puritan Revolution.

*All published by Clarendon Press, Oxford.*

\* The books for 1907 are :—Wordsworth : Sonnets ; Shelley : Poems ; Campbell : Poems ; Blake : Poems, " Revised Addresses ; " Hookham Frere : Works ; Peacock : Works ; Lamb : Essays of Elia ; Hazlitt, William (the Elder) : Works.

*General Modern History.*—Candidates may, at their choice, be examined in any one of the following periods:—

- 1.—From the accession of Charlemagne to the Third Crusade. [800 A.D. to 1193 A.D.]
- 2.—From the Third Crusade to the Diet of Worms. [1193 A.D. to 1521 A.D.]
- 3.—From the Diet of Worms to the Death of Louis XIV. [1521 A.D. to 1715 A.D.]
- 4.—From the accession of Louis XV. to the French Revolution of 1848. [1715 A.D. to 1848 A.D.]

Periods 3 and 4 will include Indian History.

Candidates should be acquainted with the following authorities:—

PERIOD I.—800–1193.

Einhard : Vita Caroli Magni. from 800 A.D. . . . .	..	Ed. : Pertz. <i>Scriptores Rerum Germanicarum.</i>
Lambert of Hersfeld . . . . .	..	Ed. : Pertz.
Suger : Vita Ludovici VI. . . . .	..	Ed. : (1) Migne. (2) Société de l'Histoire de France, 1868.
Otto of Freising : De gestis Frederici I. . . . .	..	Ed. : Pertz. (Not to include the continuator.)

PERIOD II.—1193–1521.

Joinville : St. Louis . . . . .	..	Ed. : (1) Petitot. (2) Michaud et Poujoulat. (3) Buchon. (4) Société de l'Hisotiro de France, 186
Philippe de Comines : Mémoires . . . . .	..	Ed. : (1) Petitot, (2) Michaud et Poujoulat, (3) Buchon, (4) de Mandrot, Picard, Paris, 1901, 3.
Machiavelli : The Prince . . . . .	..	English translation by Thompson : Clarendon Press.

PERIOD III.—1521–1715.

La Noue : Mmoires . . . . .	..	Ed. : Petitot, Michaud et Poujoulat, Buchon.
Sully : Economies Royales. up to the Treaty of Vervins. . . . .	..	Ed. : Petitot, Michaud et Poujoulat.
Torey : Mémoires . . . . .	..	Do. do.

PERIOD IV.—1715–1848.

Frederick II. . . . .	..	Histoire de mon Temps, and La Guerre de Sept Ans. Ed. : Boutaric or in Œuvres de Frédéric II. Decker, Berlin, 1846.
Malmesbury . . . . .	..	Diaries and Correspondence. London, Bentley, 1844. Vol. II. Mission to the Hague. Pp. 66–443. Vol. III. Mission to Lisle. Pp. 369–599.
Maternich . . . . .	..	Aus Metternich's nachgelassenen Papieren. Autorisirte Original-Ausgabe. Vienna, 1880. Up to 1815. Or in English translation— Autobiography of Prince Metternich. Translated by Mrs. Napier. London, Bentley, 1880–1881.

*Greek History.*—Questions (a) on the General and (b) on the Constitutional History of Greece to the death of Alexander.

*Roman History.*—Questions (a) on the General and (b) on the Constitutional History of Rome to the death of Vespasian.

In Greek and Roman History candidates will be expected to show a knowledge of the original authorities.

*Mathematics.*—Plane Geometry including conic sections ; Solid Geometry including the method of orthogon projection ; Algebra and Plane Trigonometry ; Elementary Plane Co-ordinate Geometry ; Elementary Mechanics of solids and fluids ; Geometrical Optics ; Elements of Differential and Integral Calculus with simple illustrations from other branches of the subject.

*Advanced Mathematics.*—Higher Algebra (including Theory of Equations), Plane and Spherical Trigonometry, Differential Calculus, Integral Calculus, Differential Equations, Analytical Geometry (Plane and Solid), Statics including Attractions, Dynamics of a Particle, Rigid Dynamics, Hydrodynamics, the Mathematical Theory of Electricity and Magnetism.

*Logic and Psychology. Moral and Metaphysical Philosophy.*—In both cases the history of the subject will be included.

*Political Economy and Economic History.*—Candidates will be expected to possess a knowledge of economic theory as treated in the larger text books, also a knowledge of the existing economic conditions, and of statistical methods as applied to economic inquiries, together with a general knowledge of the history of industry, land tenure, and economic legislation in the United Kingdom.

*Political Science.*—The Examination will not be confined to Analytical Jurisprudence, Early Institutions, and Theory of Legislation, but may embrace Comparative Politics, the History of Political Theories, &c.

Candidates will be expected to show a knowledge of original authorities.

Civil Service Commission,  
July 2, 1906.

NOTE.—If Open Competitive Examinations for the following Services, viz. :—

Eastern Cadetships in the Colonial Service;  
Clerkships (Class I.) in the Home Civil Service ;

should be held in 1907 concurrently with the Open Competitive Examination for the Civil Service of India, candidates duly eligible in respect of age will be admitted to compete for any two or all three of these Services, subject to the following conditions :—

(1) They must enter and return to the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, within the time limited by the several regulations, an application on the form prescribed for each of the respective services.\*

(2) Every successful candidate who may have been admitted to compete for either the India or the Colonial Service (or both), as well as for the Home Service, will be called upon to declare, immediately after the announcement of the result of the competitions, whether he prefers his name to remain on the list of candidates for the India or Colonial Service or on the list of candidates for Clerkships in the Home Civil Service.

The name of any candidate who fails to declare his choice when called upon to do so will be removed from the list of candidates for Clerkships in the Home Civil Service.

(3) Every successful candidate who may have been admitted to compete for both the India and Colonial Services will be called upon to declare, immediately after the announcement of the result of the competitions, whether he prefers his name to remain on the list of candidates for the Civil Service of India or on the list of candidates for Eastern Cadetships in the Colonial Service.

The name of any candidate who fails to declare his choice when called upon to do so will be removed from the list of candidates for Eastern Cadetships.

(4) All declarations of choice are irrevocable.

(5) Candidates for all three or any two of the above-mentioned services will be required to pay a consolidated fee of £6.

Civil Service Commission,  
July 2, 1906.

**A** PPLICATION having been made to Government by Mr. J. Williams of Roeberry estate, Madulsima, and Mr. H. O. Hoseason of Demodara (who are now represented by the Bibile Rubber Company of Ceylon, Limited), in response to the notice dated December 3, 1904, as amended and published in the *Government Gazette* dated 26th May, 1905, for a lease, for the experimental cultivation of rubber, of 1,750 acres of land lying to the west of the Gal-oya, and situated in the villages of Petiyagoda in Aralupitiya korale of Bintenna, and Karagahawela, Pallemallehewa, Wegama, Kuda Badullagammana, and Maha Badullagammana in Wegam pattu korale of Wellassa, in the Province of Uva, surveyed and shown in preliminary plan 1,313 : It is hereby notified, as required by Regulation No. 38 of the Land Sale Regulations published in the *Gazette* dated 15th September, 1905, that it is proposed to lease the said land to the said applicants under the conditions attached to the said notice dated 3rd December, 1904, for the reasons therein set forth.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, August 8, 1906.

By His Excellency's command,

A. M. ASHMORE,  
Colonial Secretary.

**Fifteenth Annual Report of the Ceylon Public Service Mutual Guarantee Association, Year ended 30th June, 1906.**

**O**N 30th June, 1906, there were on the books of the Association 775 members as against 668 on 30th June, 1905, showing an increase of 107 in membership.

2. The contributions received from the members during the year aggregated Rs. 7,174.50 as against Rs. 9,947.12 in the previous year.

3. A sum of Rs. 3,172.46 has been refunded to members on withdrawal from the Association or on account of over-remittance, as against Rs. 10,868.17 during the previous year.

4. During the year the Association was not called upon to make good any claims on account of defaulting members, but a sum of Rs. 2.50 was paid for stamp duty on the assignment of the bond of Mr. E. Sumanasekera, an employee in the Railway Department, on account of whose default the Association suffered a nett loss of Rs. 9.01 during the preceding year.

5. The Association having closed the 5th triennium of its existence, a sum of Rs. 5,467.66 became available for distribution on 1st July, 1906, amongst the members as profits. This enabled the apportionment of a dividend of 7 per cent. on the total contributions to credit of members on 30th June, 1906, absorbing in the aggregate a sum of Rs. 5,342.08 and leaving a balance of Rs. 125.58 to credit of Profit and Loss account.

6. The following statements of accounts of the Association for the period under review are annexed :—

- A.—Balance Sheet.
- B.—Statement of Receipts and Expenditure.
- C.—Statement showing all transactions affecting the Association.
- D.—Profit and Loss account.

Colombo, August 10, 1906.

A. S. PAGDEN,  
Secretary.

\* Candidates who may desire to enter the competitions for the Home and Colonial Services should apply about the beginning of February next to the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, London, W., for the prescribed forms of application.



## MISCELLANEOUS DEPARTMENTAL NOTICES.

## COLOMBO WEEKLY HEALTH REPORT.

THE weekly return of births and deaths in the Colombo town for the week ended 18th August, 1906, is subjoined (A).

*Births.*—The total births were 88. The birth-rate per 1,000 was 26·5,\* as against 22·9 in the preceding week and 18·4 in the corresponding week of last year.

*Deaths.*—The total deaths were 128. The death-rate per 1,000 was 38·5,\* as against 41·2 in the previous week and 25·2 in the corresponding week of last year.

*Causes of death.*—No persons died from cholera; smallpox, or measles; 20 died from diarrhoea and dysentery; 33 from phthisis, bronchitis, and pneumonia; 8 from different kinds of fever; and 9 from infantile convulsions.

*Infantile deaths.*—Of the 128 total deaths, 33 were of infants under 1 year of age, as against 24 in the corresponding week of the previous year.

2. The numbers of births and deaths registered in nineteen other principal towns are shown in list B.

\* Calculated on the estimated population on July 1, 1906.

Registrar-General's Office,  
Colombo August 21, 1906.

N. W. MORGAPPAH,  
for Registrar-General.

## A.—Colombo Town.

Ward.	Population at the Census, 1901.	Births.	Deaths.	Birth-rate per Mille per Annum.			Death-rate per Mille per Annum.			Selected Cause of Death for the Week under Report.						Deaths of Infants under 1 Year				
				Week under Report.	Preceding Week.	Corresponding Week of previous Year.	Week under Report.	Preceding Week.	Corresponding Week of previous Year.	Cholera.	Smallpox.	Measles.	Enteric Fevers.	Other Fevers.	Diarrhoea and Dysentery.	Phthisis, Bronchitis, and Pneumonia.	Infantile Convulsions.	Week under Report.	Corresponding Week of previous Year.	Still Births.
Colombo Town	155,869	88	128	26·5	22·9	18·4	38·5	41·2	25·2	—	—	—	4	4	20	33	9	33	24	8
Fort and Galle																				
Face ..	2,285	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pettah ..	7,561	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
St. Sebastian ..	9,349	5	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	1	—	—	—
St. Paul's ..	20,260	12	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
Kotahena ..	33,355	17	18	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	4	6	—	—	—
New Bazaar ..	17,470	6	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Maradana ..	30,381	*15 †12	*49 †17	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	14	15	1	—	—	—
Slave Island ..	16,927	11	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	3	—	—	—	—
Kollupitiya ..	18,281	8	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	—

\* Maradana hospitals.

† Maradana, exclusive of hospitals.

Race.	Population at the Census of 1901.	Births.	Deaths.	Meteorology.	Week under Report.	Preceding Week.	Corresponding Week of previous Year.
All races	155,869	88	128				
Europeans	2,657	—	1	Mean temperature of air	79·6°	81·3°	83·0°
Burghers	11,861	4	6	Mean atmospheric pressure	29·859"	29·926"	29·896"
Sinhalese	68,772	53	58				
Tamils	34,640	13	41				
Moors	28,898	17	16				
Malays	4,493	—	2				
Others	4,548	1	4				

		Population at the Census, 1901.	Births registered.	Deaths registered.
A.—Colombo	..	155,869	88	128
B.—Other Towns.				
1. Negombo	...	19,819	11	15
2. Kalutara	...	11,500	6	16
3. Kandy ..	..	26,511	21	31
4. Gampola	..	3,791	2	8
5. Nawalapitiya	..	3,454	3	11
6. Matale ..	..	4,951	3	34
7. Nuwara Eliya	..	5,072	1	2
8. Jaffna ...	..	33,879	37	21
9. Galle ...	..	37,165	17	24
10. Matara ..	..	11,848	7	11
11. Batticaloa	..	9,969	7	14
12. Trincomalee	..	11,887	12	5
13. Kurunegala	..	6,483	2	23
14. Puttalam	..	5,115	4	4
15. Chilaw ..	..	4,168	1	5
16. Anuradhapura	..	3,672	2	2
17. Badulla...	..	5,924	3	6
18. Ratnapura	..	4,084	1	7
19. Kegalla	..	2,340	5	6

NOTICE is hereby given that an application has been received from the Rev. E. Sergeant, Manager of Roman Catholic Schools, Colombo, for the conversion of his Rajakadaluwa Vernacular Girls' Primary School, which is situated in the Pitigal korale of the North-Western Province, into a Vernacular mixed school.

Observations will be received not later than September 12, 1906.

R. B. STRICKLAND,  
Acting Director.

Department of Public Instruction,  
Colombo, August 21, 1906.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application has been received from the Rev. T. S. Johnson of the Church Mission, Haputale, for a grant in aid of his Handford Estate Vernacular Mixed Primary School, which is situated in the Morawak korale of the Matara District of the Southern Province.

Observations will be received not later than September 12, 1906. The notification dated July 11, 1906, is hereby cancelled.

R. B. STRICKLAND,  
Acting Director.

Department of Public Instruction,  
Colombo, August 21, 1906.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application has been received from the Rev. John A. Ewing of the Baptist Mission, Matale, for a grant in aid of his Kekirawa Vernacular Boys' Primary School, which is situated in Kekirawa of the Anuradhapura District of the North-Central Province.

Observations will be received not later than September 13, 1906.

R. B. STRICKLAND,  
Acting Director.

Department of Public Instruction,  
Colombo, August 22, 1906.

EIGHT vaccinated bull-calves and heifers, more or less, will be put up for sale by auction on Saturday, the 25th instant, at 2 p.m., at the Calf Vaccine Depot, Kanatta.

OWEN JOHNSON,  
Colonial Surgeon, Western Province.

Colombo, August 21, 1906.

#### Trincomalee-Anuradhapura Road.

OWING to further improvement works on the Trincomalee-Anuradhapura road between the 2nd and 4th mileposts the road will be impassable for motor traffic during the remainder of the current year.

F. A. COOPER,  
Director of Public Works.

Public Works Department,  
Colombo, August 21, 1906.

#### The Ceylon Medical College.

THE Ceylon Medical College will re-open for the Long Session on Monday, 1st October, 1906.

The Registrar will be in his office from October 1st to 5th inclusive from 8 A.M. to 12 noon, to enter students for the session and to give advice to intending students and their guardians.

Persons of either sex not desirous of becoming Medical Students are entered as "Science Students" to certain classes, viz., Chemistry, Physics, Biology, and Physiology.

ALBERT J. CHALMERS,  
Registrar.

The Medical College,  
August 8, 1906.

## THE CEYLON RUBBER EXHIBITION.

### *General Rules and Regulations.*

1. The Exhibition will be open from September 13th to September 27th (Sundays excepted).  
Charges for admission to Show—  
Rs. 5 season ticket ;  
Re. 1 daily for first week—September 13th to 20th inclusive ;  
50 cents daily for second week—September 21st to 27th inclusive.
2. The Exhibition will be open between 7.30 A.M. and 6 P.M.
3. All exhibits to be the *bona fide* property of the exhibitor or of the estate on behalf of which the exhibit is made.
4. Competition for prizes are open to exhibitors in (1) Ceylon only, (2) Ceylon and Abroad, (3) India, (4) Malay Peninsula, as specified in the List of Prizes.
5. Exhibits may bear the name of the estate from which they are exhibited or any other distinctive mark.
6. All exhibits to be accompanied by a ticket giving the name of the exhibitor and the number of the class in which the article is offered for competition.
7. The number to be attached to the article exhibited should be that given in the List of Awards as specified in the Catalogue.
8. No single exhibit can compete for more than one prize ; this does not prevent an exhibitor from entering duplicate samples for other prizes.
9. No article exhibited to be removed until the close of the Exhibition.
10. Exhibitors will be given a receipt, which must be produced at the close of the Show before they can be allowed to remove their exhibits.
11. Exhibitors should state when forwarding exhibits whether they are willing to send them to the Imperial Institute or other Exhibition, or whether they wish them to be returned.
12. Free freight will be provided for all exhibits from the station nearest the estate in Ceylon to Peradeniya.
13. Free freight will be provided for all foreign exhibits from Colombo to Peradeniya.
14. Application forms entitling exhibitors to free freight for their exhibits only can be obtained from the Secretary, Ceylon Rubber Exhibition, The Customs, Colombo.
15. Entries must state the nature of the exhibit, the weight (where it can be given), and the probable space required at the Exhibition.
16. Entries for machinery, requiring power, are extended to *August 13th, 1906.*
17. Entries of all exhibits except machinery requiring power to reach the Secretary on or before September 6th.
18. Exhibitors sending machinery, to be driven by hand or power, will be expected to provide their own assistants to work the machinery.
19. All machinery requiring power must be erected and in working order on or before the 1st September, 1906, at the grounds of the Exhibition.
20. All other exhibits must reach Peradeniya not later than September 10th. They should be addressed to the Secretary, Rubber Exhibition, Peradeniya.
21. The Committee will appoint Judges, whose decision shall be final.
22. The Judges may not award a prize where they consider the exhibits do not justify an award, either on the ground of lack of quality or quantity of the exhibits. They may recommend to the Committee the award of special prizes for exhibits of special merit or interest.
23. All arrangements for the display of the exhibits shall be made by the Committee.
24. The Committee reserves to itself the right to refuse to accept any exhibits.
25. Government exhibits shall not be eligible for prizes in any class.
26. Space will be provided for tradesmen and others wishing to exhibit articles for sale but not for competition. The sale price must be clearly specified on each article. Salesmen will be required to erect their own stalls, the design to be submitted for the approval of the Secretary.
27. Care will be taken to provide for the safety and careful preservation of exhibits of every kind sent to the Show, but the Committee will not be responsible for the loss of, or the damage sustained by, any exhibit either in transit to or from or during the Exhibition.
28. Competitors resident in Ceylon may compete for all prizes, except the two special Gold Medals offered to Malaya and India.
29. Competitors not resident in Ceylon may compete for all prizes marked *Open to Ceylon and Abroad*, and for the special prize for the best commercial sample of Rubber in the Show ; exhibitors from Malaya and India respectively are alone eligible for the Gold Medals offered for the best exhibits of Rubber from these countries.

### *Special Regulations regarding Particular Exhibits.*

#### Regulation.

Pohotographs . . . . . Photographs should be exhibited in a case or framed to allow visitors to see all the photographs without handling them.

#### Prizes for—

- |  |   |   |
|--|---|---|
| <p>(1) Best apparatus or method for storing latex in a good and uniform condition before coagulation.</p> <p>(2) Best sample of preserved liquid latex of not less than 4 gallons.</p> | } | <p>The apparatus and latex to be delivered on the Exhibition grounds on or before September 10th, in order that the Judges may manufacture Rubber from the latex.</p> |
| <p>Other collecting and coagulating apparatus.</p>   | } | <p>The apparatus, machinery, or method to be worked by the exhibitor or by some person authorized by him in the presence of the Judges.</p>                           |

For further particulars apply to the SECRETARY, Ceylon Rubber Exhibition, H. M. Customs, Colombo.



## NOTICES CALLING FOR TENDERS.

**SEALED** Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for the conveyance of Mails," will be received at the Postmaster-General's Office up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, September 17, 1906, for a period of three years from January 1, 1907, to December 31, 1910.

The tenders must be made in duplicate: the original is to be forwarded by the tenderers direct to the Postmaster-General, while the duplicate shall be sent on the same day to the Hon. the Auditor-General.

1.—For the conveyance of mails for following lines to be served by runners once daily each way.

- (a) Between Kurunegala and Puttalam including Wariyapola and Hettipola
- (b) Between Kurunegala and Chilaw via Narammulla.
- (c) Between Kurunegala and Negombo.
- (d) Between Kurunegala and Dodanagaslanda including Ibbagamuwa and Meddamulla.
- (e) Between Kurunegala and Polgahawela.

Tenders may combine two or more of the above services.

The hours of arrival and departure of the runners to be fixed from time to time by the Postmaster-General.

2.—Separate tenders for a bullock coach service between Kurunegala and Chilaw via Narammulla.

For service (2) 12 pairs of bulls will be required, and the journey should be made within 12 hours.

The tenders must be made upon forms which will be supplied on application to the Postmaster-General, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

Any alterations in a tender must bear the initials of the tenderer or tenderers, otherwise it will be rejected.

A deposit of Rs. 200 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature to the contract.

Security to the amount of Rs. 1,000 will be required on a contract including all the services by runners, Rs. 300 each for service (a), (b), and (c), and Rs. 100 each for (d) and (e), and Rs. 500 for service (2).

The Postmaster-General will, at the coast of the contractor, carry on any service when he may deem it necessary to do so.

Security must be completed by December 15, 1906, by the deposit of the above amount in cash.

Extra runners must be supplied at all times, when required, without any charge.

The contractor will be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10 a day for using or allowing to be used in any mail cart run by him under service (2) a bullock or vehicle which has been condemned by the Postmaster-General or any of his Assistants, or by an Inspector of Coaches.

The hours of arrival and departure of the carts to be fixed from time to time by the Postmaster-General.

All carts and bullocks intended to be used in service (2) must be approved by the Postmaster-General or his Assistants.

A penalty not exceeding Rs. 50 will be imposed by the Postmaster-General or by any of his Assistants on the contractor for carrying in his mail cart more passengers than are allowed by the terms of the license.

Extra mail carts must be supplied at all times when required, without any charge.

Fines will be imposed by the Postmaster-General for all delays and irregularities.

The Government reserves to itself the right of rejecting, without question, any tender or any portion of a tender.

In case of repeated delays or irregularities the contract will be cancelled.

Further particulars can be obtained on application at the Postmaster-General's Office, Colombo.

By order,

W. MACREADY,  
Assistant Postmaster-General.  
Postmaster-General's Office,  
Colombo, August 21, 1906.

**SEALED** Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for removal of Salt," will be received by the Assistant Government Agent, Hambantota, up to noon on August 31, 1906, for the removal, within a period to be specified by the tenderer, into the Stores at Hambantota of a quantity estimated at 36,500 cwt. more or less, lying on the margin of Palatupana Lewaya.

The tenderer must deposit a sum of Rs. 20 in the Kachcheri before tendering. No tender will receive any consideration where no such deposit has been made. This deposit will be forfeited to Government if the tenderer is not prepared to enter into contract or is unable to furnish certified security in Rs. 1,000 or cash security in Rs. 500 for the due fulfilment of the contract. Any unforfeited deposits will be returned to the tenderers.

A duplicate of the tender should be forwarded by the tenderer by post to the Hon. the Auditor-General, Colombo, at the same time as he forwards the original to the Assistant Government Agent, Hambantota.

The Government reserves for itself the right to reject or refuse all tenders or any part of any tender.

J. O'K. MURTY,  
Assistant Government Agent.  
Hambantota Kachcheri,  
August 18, 1906.

**SEALED** Tenders for the Village Committee work in Gangaboda pattu in Galle District, fully described in the subjoined list, will be received by the Government Agent, Southern Province, from September 5 up to 12 noon of September 10, 1906, from persons willing to contract for this work.

1. This specification provides for the construction of a school bungalow 45 ft. by 22 ft., with one room of 10 ft. breadth, at Yatalamatta.

2. Site to be levelled.

3. Foundation.—All foundations to be excavated 18 in. by 18 in. in solid ground and built of stone in lime mortar, and the walls should be 10½ ft. inclusive of the foundation, and the foundation walls to be raised one foot above the surface level of the ground to floor level, and should be filled up and stamped.

4. The roof is to be supported on 12 pillars, to be built of sledged stone in lime mortar 18 in. by 18 in. Walling 8 ft. and half-walling 4 ft. to be built of a mortar of earth and sand and stone, to be plastered with lime mortar (sudubadama); two doors 6 ft. 6 in. by 3 ft. and one window 4 ft. by 3 ft., being on iron hinges and bolts. Batten doors and windows.

5. *Roof work.*—Wall plates are to be 4 in. by 5 in. The tie beams to be 4 in. by 7 in.; king posts 4 in. by 5 in. with ridge plates 2 in. by 8 in.; hip rafters 3 in. by 6 in.; rafters 2½ in. by 3½ in.; reepers 2 in. by ½ in. Rafters to be 15 in. apart and reepers 3 in. Timber to be sawn and trees for work will be given by Government (free) of milla and del. Roof to be tiled with round tiles and with large tiles in mortar. Floor to be paved with bricks 10 in. by 10 in. in mortar.

The work to be done to the satisfaction of the Government Agent or other person he may depute.

J. C. W. ROCK,  
for Government Agent.

The Kachcheri,  
Galle, August 18, 1906.

**S**EALD Tenders for the Village Committee work in Bentota-Wallalawiti korale, fully described in the subjoined list, will be received by the Government Agent, Southern Province, from September 5 up to 12 noon of September 10, 1906, from persons willing to contract for this work.

*Specification, Induruwa School.*

*School-house.*—50 ft. by 23 ft. to be built at right angles to the existing boys' school at Induruwa.

*Construction* to be masonry; tiled roof.

*Site and foundation.*—The site to be cleared and levelled to that of the existing building and foundation to be excavated 18 in. by 18 in. below level of ground surface and to be built in with mortar (consisting of 2 of sand to 1 of lime) and stone, and the same to be raised 18 in. by 12 in. above ground from floor level. A masonry wall 3 in. by 12 in. thick is to be carried round whole building excepting two spaces 3 feet each for gateways. The roof is to be supported by 14 masonry pillars 18 in. by 18 in. 7 feet high from level floor to wall plates. All foregoing masonry to be of stone or cobwork in lime mortar (2 of sand to 1 of lime), and to be plastered.

*Roof.*—Timber trees will be supplied from any Crown forest of following kinds: Obereya, cotwerana, del, milla, godspara. Wall plates to be 4 in. by 6 in. Tie beams 6 in. by 7 in. Ridge plates 4 in. by 6 in. Hip or corner rafters 4 in. by 6 in. King posts 5 in. by 5 in. Rafters 4 in. by 2 in. spaced 15 in. apart; reepers 2 in. by ½ in. spaced 3 in. apart; weather boarding 6 in. by 1 in. all round eaves; roof to be covered with half-round tiles with 2½ overlap ridge tiles to all, laid in mortar. Two gateways of 3 feet wide each and have a swing gate on iron hinges let in dressed stone. Flooring to be laid with flat tiles in lime mortar and pointed. All surrounding ground to be levelled off. All work to be done in five months to the satisfaction of the Government Agent or such person as he shall depute.

J. C. W. ROCK,  
for Government Agent.

The Kachcheri,  
Galle, August 18, 1906.

**S**EALD Tenders marked on the envelopes "Tender for the privilege of selling Refreshments inside Railway premises at Wharf Station" from January 1 to December 31, 1907, will be received up to 12 noon on Tuesday, September 18, 1906, from persons willing to tender for the same.

2. Tenders must be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the General Manager of the Railway and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

3. The tenders are to be made on forms which will be supplied upon application at the office of the General Manager, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

4. A deposit of Rs. 50 will be required before any form of tender is issued, and should any person decline

to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or should he fail to furnish the required security, such deposit of Rs. 50 will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

5. The successful tenderer will be allowed the sole and exclusive right to sell fruits, bread, cakes, and other refreshments, exclusive of intoxicating liquors, within the Railway premises at Wharf Station during such hours as the said premises are opened for traffic work.

6. The successful tenderer will be permitted to erect not more than one temporary boutique at a place which will be pointed out by the Station Master, Wharf Station, on the understanding that he may at any time be called upon to remove the same, should the site on which it is placed be required for other purposes.

7. The Government will accept no responsibility for the safe custody of the contents of the boutique.

8. The successful tenderer shall agree to subject himself and his servants to all reasonable orders of the General Manager, Traffic Superintendent, or Station Master at Wharf.

9. The number of salesmen or other servants admitted to the Railway premises will be limited to six.

10. The successful tenderer will be required to keep his boutique and surroundings in a clean and tidy condition, and remove all his refuse matter from the Railway premises each day.

11. The successful tenderer will be required to deposit as security for the good behaviour of himself and his servants and for ensuring compliance with all the conditions of the contract the sum of Rs. 100.

12. The tenderer should state the amount he is prepared to pay in advance on the 1st day of each calendar month for the privilege.

13. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and is further not bound to accept the lowest tender.

14. Every alteration should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the tenderers' initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

15. Before tender forms are supplied to persons wishing to tender, they will have to satisfy the General Manager or person delegated by him that they are in a position to execute the contract in a satisfactory manner, and for this purpose they must be prepared to produce documentary or other evidence, if called for.

G. P. GREENE,  
General Manager.

General Manager's Office,  
Colombo, August 21, 1906.

**S**EALD Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for the purchase of the right to collect Shed Horns," will be received up to 2 P.M. on Wednesday, September 19, 1906, from persons willing to purchase the right to collect shed horns in the Trincomalee District from the 24th September next to 31st December, 1907.

Any person wishing to tender for the above should deposit in the Kachcheri either at Trincomalee or Batticaloa the sum of Rs. 20 and submit the receipt to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Batticaloa, or to the Forester, Trincomalee, who will thereupon issue to him the form on which the tender must be made.

The original tender must be sent to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Batticaloa, and the duplicate of it to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being despatched at the same time.

Should the person tendering decline to pay 25 per cent. of the amount tendered and accepted at once and the balance within 10 days the amount deposited for the form will be forfeited to the Crown.

All alterations in any tender should be initialled by the person signing it. All tenders containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

The conditions of sale and any further particulars may be obtained on application to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Batticaloa Division, Batticaloa, or to the Forester, Trincomalee.

F. LEWIS,  
Assistant Conservator of Forests.  
Assistant Conservator's Office,  
Batticaloa, August 11, 1906.

**Forest Department, Nuwara Eliya Division.**

**S**EALD Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tenders for the supply of Firewood," will be received up to noon on Saturday, September 15, 1906, from persons willing to contract to carry out the under-mentioned work during 1907.

To fell and deliver 700 cubic yards of firewood per mensem on the stage at Ohiya Railway Station from blocks marked out.

The firewood to be cut and stacked at such places and in such quantities as the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Nuwara Eliya Division, may direct, and must be cut in lengths of 3 feet and not less than 3 inches in diameter.

Any person willing to contract for the above work should deposit a sum of Rs. 20 in the Nuwara Eliya Kacheheri and submit the receipt to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Nuwara Eliya Division, who will thereupon issue to him the form on which the tender must be made. No tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained.

The original tender must be sent to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Nuwara Eliya Division, and the duplicate of it direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being despatched at the same time.

Should any person tendering decline to enter into contract or bond, or fail to furnish security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown.

The rate per cubic yard must be written, both in words and figures.

Tenders should state rates for 1st, 2nd, and 3rd class firewood.

All alterations in any tender should be initialled by the person signing it. All tenders containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

The sum of Rs. 100 will have to be deposited as security for the due fulfilment of the contract before it is signed.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders.

Further information may be obtained on application to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Nuwara Eliya Division.

H. C. TOLLER,  
Assistant Conservator of Forests,  
Nuwara Eliya Division.  
Nuwara Eliya, July 12, 1906.

**Forest Department, Nuwara Eliya Division.**

**S**EALD Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tenders for the supply of Firewood," will be received up to noon on Saturday, September 15, 1906, from persons willing to contract to carry out the under-mentioned work during 1907.

To fell and remove 83 cubic yards per mensem from forest opposite to Seven Bungalows, Nanu-oya, to Nanu-oya Railway Station.

The firewood to be cut and stacked at such places and in such quantities as the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Nuwara Eliya Division, may direct, and must be cut in lengths of 3 feet and not less than 3 inches in diameter.

Any person willing to contract for the above work should deposit a sum of Rs. 20 in the Nuwara Eliya Kacheheri and submit the receipt to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Nuwara Eliya Division, who will thereupon issue to him the form on which the tender must be made. No tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained.

The original tender must be sent to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Nuwara Eliya Division, and the duplicate of it direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being despatched at the same.

Should any person tendering decline to enter into contract or bond, or fail to furnish security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown.

The rate per cubic yard must be written, both in words and figures.

Tenders should state rates for 1st, 2nd, and 3rd class firewood.

All alterations in any tender should be initialled by the person signing it. All tenders containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

The sum of Rs. 100 will have to be deposited as security for the due fulfilment of the contract before it is signed.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders.

Further information may be obtained on application to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Nuwara Eliya Division.

H. C. TOLLER,  
Assistant Conservator of Forests,  
Nuwara Eliya Division.

Nuwara Eliya, July 12, 1906.

**S**EALD Tenders will be received by the Government Agent, Central Province, at the Kandy Kacheheri, for the construction of two wells, one at Galagedara in Tumpane and another at Panwila in Pata Dumbara, up to noon on September 10, 1906.

2. Specification may be seen on application to the Government Agent.

3. Before any tender is accepted the contractor will be required to sign a contract to execute and perform the works in accordance with the specification and the general conditions therein set forth, and to deposit one-third of the amount of the contract, or to place deeds as security within ten days of receiving notice in writing signed by the Government Agent.

4. The Government Agent does not bind himself to accept any portion of a tender.

5. The time required for the completion of the work should be stated.

G. F. ROBERTS,  
for Government Agent,  
Central Province.  
Kandy Kacheheri.  
August 18, 1906.

**S**EALD Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for Nugatenna-Bintenna Cart Road," will be received by the Chairman, District Road Committee, Kandy, up to 2 p.m. on Friday, August 31, 1906, for the construction of 4 miles and 35 chains of the Nugatenna-Bintenna Cart road, viz., from 42.60 milepost, to 47.15 milepost, with necessary bridges and culverts (except the bridge on the last mile), and for construction of a bridge on the 40th milepost.

Particulars regarding the same can be obtained at the office of the District Road Committee, Kandy.

A deposit of Rs. 50 must be made by each person submitting a tender, such deposit to be returned to those whose tenders are not accepted.

Security in cash or approved title deeds will be required from the person whose tender is accepted.

By order,

G. F. R. BROWNING,  
Secretary.

District Road Committee's Office,  
Kandy, August 6, 1906.

**S**EALD Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for Castor Oil," from persons willing to contract for the supply of castor oil for the use of Government from January 1, 1907, to December 31, 1909, will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, September 17, 1906.

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Controller of Government Stores and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

3. A deposit of Rs. 50 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract. The deposit must be made in the Bank of Madras to the credit of the Controller of Government Stores, No. 3 Account, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

4. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Controller of Government Stores—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

5. Tenderers must deposit samples with the Controller of Government Stores before the date on which the tenders are due. No tender will be considered if the sample is not so deposited.

6. Persons tendering should quote rates separately for a contract for one year, two years, and three years respectively.

7. The amount of security to be given will be Rs. 500 in cash. All other necessary information can be ascertained on application at the office of the Controller of Government Stores.

8. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having his security bond prepared for the due performance of his contract by the Crown Counsel on a fee of Rs. 12.50. He will also be required to furnish a power of attorney to confess judgment; this document will be prepared by Crown Counsel on a further fee of Rs. 12.50.

9. The security must be furnished within two weeks of acceptance of tender being notified.

10. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

11. Fines will be inflicted for delays in complying with orders.

12. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

H. C. COTTLE,  
Acting Controller of Government Stores.

Government Stores,  
Colombo, August 23, 1906.

**S**EALD Tenders (in duplicate), from persons willing to contract for the supply of cocoanut oil for the use of the Ceylon Government from January 1 to December 31, 1907, will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, September 17, 1906.

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Cocoanut Oil, Government Stores."

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Controller of Government Stores and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time. No tender forms will be issued on the day tenders are due.

3. A deposit of Rs. 100 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

4. The deposit must be made in the Bank of Madras to the credit of the Controller of Government Stores, No. 3 Account, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

5. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Controller of Government Stores—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

6. Tenderers should deposit samples with the Controller of Government Stores before the date on which the tenders are due. No tender will be considered if the sample is not so deposited.

7. The amount of security to be given will be Rs. 2,000 in cash. All other necessary information can be ascertained on application at the office of the Controller of Government Stores.

8. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having his security bonds prepared by Crown Counsel on a fee of Rs. 12.50.

9. The security must be furnished within two weeks of acceptance of tender being notified.

10. Fines will be inflicted for delays in complying with orders.

11. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

12. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

H. C. COTTLE,  
Acting Controller of Government Stores,  
Government Stores,

Colombo, August 20, 1906.

**S**EALD Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for \_\_\_\_\_," will be received up to noon on Monday, September 24, 1906, from persons willing to contract for victualling the under-mentioned jails for one year commencing from January 1, 1907.

*Western Province.*—Welikada, Mutwal, Mahara, Borella Convict Hospital.

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Inspector-General of Prisons and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

3. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the office of the Inspector-General of Prisons, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

4. The under-mentioned deposit, which must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, will be required before any form of tender is issued:—

(a) A deposit of Rs. 1,000 for Welikada, Mahara, Mutwal, and Borella Convict Hospital.

5. And should any person fail (within a fortnight after he has been written to or notified to the address given by him of the acceptance of his tender) or decline to enter into the contract and bond with the Inspector-General of Prisons after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

6. When required, samples must be deposited. Sufficient securities will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of the contract.

7. The amount of the bond and all other necessary information can be ascertained upon application at the offices specified.

8. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

9. The persons whose tenders are accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having the security bonds prepared for the due performance of their contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers.

10. When bonds have been drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, the name or stamp of the proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document.

11. Every alteration should bear the initials of the tenderers, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the tenderers' initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

12. Every tenderer should write his address on his tender, giving the name of the street and the number of the house he lives in.

C. T. GRIFFIN,  
Acting Inspector-General of Prisons.

Prisons Office,  
Colombo, August 20, 1906.

**SEALED** Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for supplying Fresh Cow Milk to the under-mentioned Government District and Civil Hospitals," will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Wednesday, September 12, 1906, commencing from January 1, 1907, with rates for one year, three years, and five years:—

	Security in Cash.		
	One Year. Rs.	Three Years. Rs.	Five Years. Rs.
District Hospital—			
Lindula ..	50	100	150
Uda Pussellawa ..	50	100	150
Kelebokka ..	50	100	150
Balangoda, including Parangi Hospital ..	50	100	150
Awisawella ..	50	100	150
Rakwana ..	50	100	150
Maskeliya ..	50	100	150
Karawanella ..	100	200	300
Deltota ..	50	100	150
Nawalapitiya ..	50	100	150
Neboda ..	50	100	150

	Security in Cash.		
	One Year. Rs.	Three Years. Rs.	Five Years. Rs.
Lunugala ..	50	100	150
Teldeniya ..	50	100	150
Ramboda ..	50	100	150
Deniyaya ..	50	100	150
Dimbula ..	50	100	150
Maturata ..	50	100	150
Pussellawa ..	50	100	150
Civil Hospital—			
Nuwara Eliya ..	50	100	150
Matale ..	50	100	150
Gampola ..	50	100	150
Kegalla ..	50	100	150
Badulla ..	50	100	150
Kurunegala ..	50	100	150
Kalutara ..	50	100	150
Ratnapura ..	50	100	150

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

3. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals or to the Medical Officer in charge of the hospital, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form, and the tender and the schedules attached thereto, each signed in the presence of two respectable witnesses.

4. Every tenderer will be required to make a deposit (on applying for forms) of Rs. 25; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned after the contract has been signed. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form as his authority for making the issue. In stations where there are no Kachcheries the deposit must be made to the Medical Officer in charge of the hospital.

5. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to give cash security, as stated opposite the station, for the due performance of the contract within a fortnight from the date of notification of acceptance of the tender.

6. In case any person makes any alterations in his tender before forwarding it, such alteration should invariably bear his initials, otherwise the tender will be treated as informal and rejected.

7. Any further information can be obtained on application to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals.

8. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

ALLAN PERRY,  
Principal Civil Medical Officer and  
Inspector-General of Hospitals,

Principal Civil Medical Office,  
Colombo, August 23, 1906.

## SALE OF UNSERVICEABLE ARTICLES.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned articles belonging to the Inspector-General of Prisons, which are considered to be unfit for further service, will be sold by public auction at his office at 2 P.M. on Saturday, September 8, 1906:—

2 almirahs	3 rulers
4 arm chairs	1 pigeon hole desk
3 writing tables	

C. T. GRIFFIN,  
Acting Inspector-General of Prisons.  
Office of the Inspector-General of Prisons;  
Colombo, August 18, 1906.

**T**HE under-mentioned fruit will be sold by public auction at Elie House, Mutwal, on Friday, the 31st instant, at 10 A.M.:—

Nutmegs, 8,500, in lots of 500  
Mace, about 7 pounds

C. A. LOVEGROVE,  
for Director of Public Works.  
Public Works Office,  
Colombo, August 18, 1906.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that the following unclaimed and confiscated articles will be sold by public auction at the Court-house, Mannar, on Thursday, September 20, 1906, at 10 A.M.:—

1 cap gun  
1 knife  
1 axe  
1 laced shawl  
1 plate (enamelled)  
1 arecanut-cutter  
1 knife

1 chunam-holder  
1 silk shawl  
1 silver charm  
1 brass box containing—  
1 string of about 110 seed pearls  
1 string of about 7 pearls  
1 gold ear ornament  
1 earring (gold, murugu)  
1 silver wire bracelet  
Some copper coins (Indian and Ceylon)  
1 pair of gold earrings with red stones  
1 silver tayattu  
1 silver wire bangle  
2 silver rings  
2 rolls elks kin leather  
1 elk skin  
1 elk horn  
1 harpoon (manda)  
1 knife (palaikkatthi)  
1 axe

L. S. WOOLF,  
District Judge.

District Court,  
Mannar, August 18, 1906.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned unserviceable article will be sold by public auction at Minneri, North-Central Province, at 2 P.M. on Tuesday, September 25, 1906:—

1 barrel, tar, empty

F. J. TOTHILL,  
for Acting Director of Irrigation.  
Irrigation Department,  
Colombo, August 22, 1906.

## CONTRACTS FOR SUPPLIES OF STORES.

Particulars of Contract approved by Government for supply of Kallunda Rice to the Public Works Department, Western Province, 1906 to 1907.

Rate per Bushel.	Name and Address of Contractor.	Duration.	Place of Delivery.
Rs. c. 4 25	A. R. A. Olagappa Chetty, No. 170, Sea street, Colombo	August 1, 1906, to June 30, 1907	In any part of the district known as the Colombo District of the Public Works Department.
4 40	Do.	do.	In any part of the district known as the Negombo District of the Public Works Department.
4 35	V. Vadivel Pullai, Opium Boutique ... Kalutara	do.	In any part of the district known as the Kalutara District of the Public Works Department.

Provincial Engineer's Office,  
Colombo, August 18, 1906.

W. POLK FLETCHER,  
Provincial Engineer, Western Province.