



# Ceylon Government Gazette

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## SUPPLEMENTS.

- (1) Police Weekly Circular No. 936. (2) Meteorological Observations taken during March, 1891.

☞ Nos. 41 and 42 of Volume IX. of the *Supreme Court Circular* will be published to-day.

## APPOINTMENTS, &c., BY THE GOVERNOR.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint Mr. C. F. H. L. LIESCHING to act as Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Nuwara Eliya, from this day, during the absence of Mr. G. M. FOWLER from the station on leave, or until further orders, and, while so acting, to be Superintendent of the Prison at Nuwara Eliya.

By His Excellency's command,  
E. NOEL WALKER,  
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 20, 1891.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint Mr. W. S. MURRAY, Superintendent of Police, Central Province, to be a Visitor of the Prisons at Kandy.

By His Excellency's command,  
E. NOEL WALKER,  
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 20, 1891.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint Dr. C. T. GRIFFIN to be an Official Member of the Local Board of Badulla, in place of Dr. THORNHILL.

By His Excellency's command,

E. NOEL WALKER,  
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 16, 1891.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint Mr. JOHN KOERTSZ, Government Proctor, Negombo, to act as Registrar of Lands, Negombo, for three days commencing from the 24th instant, during the absence of the Registrar, Mr. A. ABEWIKRAMA, on leave.

By His Excellency's command,

E. NOEL WALKER,  
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 18, 1891.

## GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATIONS.

THE following rules framed by the Village Committees of the Matara District under the provisions of "The Village Communities Ordinance," No. 24 of 1889, and approved by the Governor in Executive Council, are published for general information.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 21, 1891.

E. NOEL WALKER,  
Colonial Secretary.

RULES framed by the Village Committees of the Matara District in addition to those appearing under sub-section III. of the rules published in the *Gazette* of January 23, 1891, to be of local application for the Weligama korale only.

21 RR. All nul-del fishing is prohibited in the Weligama bay except on Mondays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, and all nul-del fishing is prohibited beyond the limits of the waters known as Kaluwelle Madelpala (*vide Gazette* No. 4,525 of May 18, 1883).

21 RRR. Any person catching koramburuwa fish with nets at the places called and known as Etulwala and Katuwalawala shall be guilty of an offence (*vide Gazette* No. 4,707 of January 15, 1886).

Penalty for breach of either of the above rules, fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

21 RR. සඳුදා, බ්‍රහස්පතින්දා, සෙනසුරාදා දී ආර අතිකුත් දවස්වල වැලිගම වරයේ භූල්දුල්වලින් මසුන් ඇල්ලීම තහනම්ය. කඵවැල්ලේ මාදුල්පලයයි කියන මායිමෙන් පිටත භූල්දුල්වලින් මසුන් ඇල්ලීමක් තහනම්ය.

21 RRR. ඇතුළුවල සහ කටුවලවල සහ සානවල දුල්වලින් කොරඹුරුවෝ අල්ලන්නාවූ අය වරදක් කළබවට ඒත්තුගන්නවා ඇත.

ඉහත සඳහන් නියෝග දෙකෙන් කොයිඑකක් කඩකළත් රුපියල් දහයකට වැඩිතොවන්නාවූ දඩයකට යටත්වෙන්නවා ඇත.

IT is hereby notified to all Heads of Government Departments that it is the desire of His Excellency the Governor that all Volunteers employed under Government should be granted leave of absence from September 12 to September 19 next, to permit of their attendance at the encampment proposed to be held during that period.

By His Excellency's command,

E. NOEL WALKER,  
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 22, 1891.

THE following amended by-law made by the Local Board of Nuwara Eliya under and in pursuance of the provisions of section 35 of "The Local Board of Health and Improvement Ordinance, 1876," and submitted to, and confirmed by the Governor, acting with the advice of the Executive Council, is published for general information.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 21, 1891.

By His Excellency's command,  
E. NOEL WALKER,  
Colonial Secretary.

*Amended By-law.*

51. No owner or occupier of a house shall, without the previous sanction in writing of the Local Board, build, renew, or cause or permit to be renewed any roof or any portion thereof constructed of thatch, leaves, straw, or grass, within a distance of half a mile of the bridge on the line of the Uja Pussellawa road over the Talugala-oya within the limits of the Nuwara Eliya Local Board.

IT is hereby notified that His Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, has made the subjoined regulations for the management of the forest which was constituted a village forest by Proclamation of April 20, 1891, and published in *Gazette* No. 5,060 of April 24, 1891 :—

1. Rights of felling timber, of collecting forest produce, or of pasturing cattle in a village forest may be exercised only by the permanent residents of the village or villages named in the Proclamation constituting such forest a village forest.

2. The under-mentioned trees may not be cut without the permission of a forest officer empowered to grant such permission, as provided in the Ordinance :—Kaluwara, kalumediya, nā, milla, nedun, kos, del, mendora, kina, lunumidella, tala, tekka, or walsapu.

3. No tree of any kind over one cubit in girth at four feet from the ground may be cut without a permit from the korale mudaliyar.

4. Dead or fallen timber for firewood, sticks for fences and tool handles, and canes and creepers may be taken without any permit.

5. No person may sell, barter, or give away any timber or forest produce taken from a village forest to persons outside of the village community.

6. No person may cut any timber or collect any forest produce or pasture cattle in excess of his actual personal requirements at any one time, except to sell, barter, or give away to other members of the village community.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 21, 1891.

By His Excellency's command,  
E. NOEL WALKER,  
Colonial Secretary.

IT is hereby notified for general information that intimation has been received from the Government of Madras that the Armeghon light, on the east coast of that Presidency, will be extinguished for purposes of repair on October 1 next, for a period of about two months.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 21, 1891.

By His Excellency the Governor's command,  
E. NOEL WALKER,  
Colonial Secretary.

IT is hereby notified for general information that the present address of the Public Analyst, Dr. H. MARCUS FERNANDO, is Netherton House, Union Place, Colombo.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 22, 1891.

By His Excellency the Governor's command,  
E. NOEL WALKER,  
Colonial Secretary.

IT is hereby notified for general information that the following telegrams have been received from the Government of Bombay :—

"Egypt. Quarantine imposed on arrivals from Arabian Coast, Red Sea, between Tor and Cape Babelmandeb."

"Egypt. Quarantine imposed on arrivals from Jeddah."

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 21, 1891.

E. NOEL WALKER,  
Colonial Secretary.

**Comparative Statement of the Actual Revenue of the Colony for the Half-Years  
ended June 30, 1890 and 1891.**

REVENUE.	1890.		1891.		Increase.		Decrease.	
	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.
Arrears of revenue of former years recovered ...	144,643	13½	113,287	2	—	—	31,356	11½
<i>Revenue of the Current Year.</i>								
Customs ...	1,752,928	14	2,029,347	30	276,419	16	—	—
Port Dues ...	52,886	93	58,164	58	5,777	65	—	—
Colombo Harbour Dues ...	267,926	44	317,308	39	49,381	95	—	—
Land Sales ...	101,193	61	78,460	0	—	—	22,733	61
Land Revenue ...	364,715	49	366,187	31	1,471	82	—	—
Rents exclusive of Lands ...	151,760	25½	153,221	8	1,460	82½	—	—
Licenses ...	902,006	3	904,343	46	2,337	43	—	—
Stamps ...	624,518	93	630,194	4	5,675	11	—	—
Taxes, Assessment on Houses and Gardens ...	10,883	33½	11,717	4	833	70½	—	—
Postal ...	7,200	26	22,093	84	14,893	58	—	—
Fines and Forfeitures ...	42,704	47	45,399	35	2,694	88	—	—
Sale of Government Property ...	593,776	43	595,854	4	2,077	61	—	—
Reimbursements in aid of expenses incurred by Government...	294,825	18	300,232	11	5,406	93	—	—
Interest ...	71,639	48	139,560	1	67,920	53	—	—
Miscellaneous Receipts ...	201,911	56	167,112	41	—	—	34,799	15
Special Receipts ...	3,119	72	3,136	66	16	94	—	—
Pearl Fishery ...	2,065	19	—	—	—	—	2,065	19
Telegraph Receipts ...	18,892	75	20,081	22	1,188	47	—	—
Railway Receipts ...	1,848,478	26	2,185,727	14	337,248	88	—	—
Government Vessels ...	13	0	—	—	—	—	13	0
	7,457,588	59½	8,141,427	0	774,805	47	90,967	6½
					Deduct Decrease ...	90,967	6½	
					Net Increase ...	683,838	40½	

Audit Office,  
Colombo, July 14, 1891.

G. S. WILLIAMS,  
Acting Auditor-General and Controller of Revenue.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, in pursuance of the first clause of the Ordinance No. 9 of 1842, that all dogs, not being led or carried, which shall be found in any thoroughfare or public place within the limits of the Kotiyagala bazaar (as per description given below) from the 20th to the 30th instant, both days inclusive (the intervening Sunday excepted), will be destroyed, and that a reward of twenty-five cents will be paid for each dog so destroyed.

The Police Magistrate of Hatton is hereby directed to carry the above order into effect.

*Description.*

One hundred yards on either side of the Kotiyagala estate for a distance of 200 yards along the said cart road into the Kotiyagala estate, from the 34½ milepost on the Bogawantalawa and Dikoya road.

By His Excellency the Governor's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 15, 1891.

E. NOEL WALKER,  
Colonial Secretary.

**A** BSTRACT of the Account of the Commissioners of Currency for the Month ending April 30, 1891, required by section 20 of Ordinance No. 32 of 1884 :—

	CIRCULATION.		Value.
Currency notes in circulation on April 30, 1891	...	...	Rs. c. 6,114,375 0
	RESERVE.		In Silver.
By silver in the vault (5c. copper)	...	...	Rs. o. 3,055,581 80
By investments made by the Crown Agents, as per annexed statement (a)	...	...	In Securities. Rs. c. 599,283 0
By investments made by the Crown Agents, as per annexed statement (b)	...	...	292,708 50
By investments made by the Crown Agents, as per annexed statement (c)	...	...	299,994 0
By investments made by the Crown Agents, as per annexed statement (d)	...	...	88,000 0
By securities invested in Indian Government 4 per cent. paper, as per annexed statement (e)	...	...	1,778,807 70
			<hr/> 3,055,581 80
			<hr/> 3,058,793 20
			<hr/> Total 6,114,375 0

E. NOEL WALKER, Colonial Secretary,  
G. S. WILLIAMS, Acting Auditor-General, } Currency  
F. R. SAUNDERS, Treasurer, } Commissioners.

Value of Securities, calculated at the latest known Market Rates.

Cost.	Stock Held.	Description.	Latest known Market Prices.	Brokerage	Net Price.	Value.	Net Value.
Rs. o.	£ s. d.					£ s. d.	£ s. d.
(a) 599,283 0	1,470 0 0	Cape 4 per cent. Consolidated Stock	109½	109½	1,605 19 6	98,367 19 8 at exchange 1s. 4 13/16d. $\frac{1}{2}$ Rs. Rs. c. 1,404,212 12 1,914,979 87	
	1,820 4 7	Do. do.	109½	109½	1,988 11 11		
	5,500 0 0	Canada Dominion 5 per cent. Debentures	113	112½	6,201 5 0		
	5,200 0 0	Do. 4 do. do.	115	114½	7,114 10 0		
	15,000 0 0	Victoria 5 do. do.	104	103½	15,562 10 0		
	100 0 0	New South Wales 4 do. do.	105	104½	104 15 0		
	1,100 0 0	Do. 5 do. do.	101½	101½	1,113 15 0		
	9,600 0 0	Do. 5 do. do.	106	105½	10,152 0 0		
	100 0 0	Do. 4 do. Inscribed Stock	114	113½	113 15 0		
	1,436 4 10	Do. 3½ do. do.	102	101½	1,461 7 5		
	480 3 4	Do. 3½ do. do.	102	101	488 11 4		
	584 19 9	Do. 3½ do. do.	102	101	595 4 5		
	(b) 292,708 50	8,000 0 0	Do. 4 do. Debentures	105	104½		8,360 0 0
		8,000 0 0	Victoria 4 do. do.	103	102½		8,220 0 0
6,400 0 0		Canada Dominion 4 do. do.	115	114½	7,344 0 0		
5,000 0 0		Do. 4 do. do.	115	114	5,737 10 0		
(c) 299,994 0	5,000 0 0	South Australia 4 do. do.	105	104½	5,237 10 0		
	5,400 0 0	New South Wales 5 do. do.	101½	101½	5,467 10 0		
	5,000 0 0	Victoria ... 4½ do. do.	108	107½	5,387 10 0		
(d) 88,000 0	5,653 12 2	Do. ... 4 do. Inscribed Stock	108	107	6,091 15 1		
1,279,985 50	91,845 4 8						
(e) 1,778,807 70	Rs. c. 1,817,300 0	Indian Securities	105½	105½	=		
						Present value of Securities = 3,319,191 99	
						Original cost of Securities = 3,058,793 20	
						Difference in favour of present value = 260,398 79 (or about 8½ per cent. of investments)	
3,058,793 20							

Depreciation Fund Investments.

Cost.	Stock Held.	Description.	Latest known Market Prices.	Brokerage	Net Price.	Value.	Net Value.
Rs. c.	£ s. d.					£ s. d.	£ s. d.
13,107 1	837 2 1	New South Wales 4 per cent. Inscribed Stock	114	113½	952 4 0	3,681 2 0 at exchange 1s. 4 13/16d. per rupee = Rs. c. 52,548 6	
13,390 55	837 16 9	Cape Consolidated Stock	109½	109½	919 10 4		
12,737 15	957 1 2	Canada Dominion 3 per cent. Stock	94	93½	897 4 11		
12,246 0	914 8 6	Victoria 3½ per cent. Stock	100	99½	912 2 9		
	3,546 8 6						
59,998 62	Rs. c. 60,000 0	Indian Securities	...				
36,582 48	37,000 0	do.					
	97,000 0	do.	105½	105½	=	102,213 75	
						154,761 81	
						Balance amount uninvested ... 23,335 85	
148,061 81						178,097 66	

**A** BSTRACT of the Account of the Commissioners of Currency for the Month ending May 31, 1891, required by section 20 of Ordinance No. 32 of 1884 :—

		CIRCULATION.		Value.	
				Rs.	c.
Currency notes in circulation on May 31, 1891		...	...	6,274,375	0
		RESERVE.		In Silver.	
				Rs.	c.
By silver in the vault (5c. copper)		...	...	3,215,581	80
By investments made by the Crown Agents, as per annexed statement (a)		...	...	599,283	0
By investments made by the Crown Agents, as per annexed statement (b)		...	...	292,708	50
By investments made by the Crown Agents, as per annexed statement (c)		...	...	299,994	0
By investments made by the Crown Agents, as per annexed statement (d)		...	...	88,000	0
By securities invested in Indian Government 4 per cent. paper, as per annexed statement (e)		...	...	1,778,807	70
				<b>3,215,581</b>	<b>80</b>
				<b>3,058,793</b>	<b>20</b>
				<b>Total</b>	<b>6,274,375</b>
					<b>0</b>

E. NOEL WALKER, Colonial Secretary,  
 G. S. WILLIAMS, Acting Auditor-General, } Currency  
 F. R. SAUNDERS, Treasurer, } Commissioners.

Value of Securities, calculated at the latest known Market Rates.

Cost.	Stock Held.	Description.	Latest known Market Prices.	Brokerage	Net Price.	Value.	Net Value.
Rs. c.	£ s. d.					£ s. d.	£ s. d.
(a) 599,283 0	1,470 0 0	Cape 4 per cent. Consolidated Stock	106	105 3/4	1,554 10 6		
	1,820 4 7	Do. do.	106	105 3/4	1,924 17 9		
	5,500 0 0	Canada Dominion 5 per cent. Debentures	109	108	5,981 5 0		
	6,200 0 0	Do. 4 do. do.	113	112	6,990 10 0		
	15,000 0 0	Victoria 5 do. do.	104	103 3/4	15,562 10 0		
	100 0 0	New South Wales 4 do. do.	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 5 0		
	1,100 0 0	Do. 5 do. do.	101 1/2	101 1/2	1,113 13 0		
	9,600 0 0	Do. 5 do. do.	107 1/2	107 1/2	10,296 0 0		
	100 0 0	Do. 4 do. Inscribed Stock	111	110 3/4	110 15 0		
	1,436 4 10	Do. 3 1/2 do. do.	99	98	1,418 5 10		
(b) 292,708 50	480 3 4	Do. 3 1/2 do. do.	99	98	474 3 4		
	584 19 9	Do. 3 1/2 do. do.	99	98	577 13 7		
	8,000 0 0	Do. 4 do. Debentures	104 1/2	104	8,340 0 0		
	8,000 0 0	Victoria 4 do. do.	102	101	8,140 0 0		
	6,400 0 0	Canada Dominion 4 do. do.	113	112	7,216 0 0		
	5,000 0 0	Do. 4 do. do.	113	112	5,637 10 0		
	(c) 299,994 0	5,000 0 0	South Australia 4 do. do.	102	101	5,087 10 0	
		5,400 0 0	New South Wales 5 do. do.	105	104	5,656 10 0	
		5,000 0 0	Victoria ... 4 1/2 do. do.	108	107	5,387 10 0	
	(d) 88,000 0	5,653 12 2	Do. ... 4 do. Inscribed Stock	107	106 3/4	6,035 4 5	
1,279,985 50	91,845 4 8					97,608 15 5	
						at exchange	
						1s. 4 11/16d. Re.	
						Rs. c.	
						1,403,811 54	
(e) 1,778,807 70	1,817,300 0	Indian Securities	106 1/4	106	=	1,926,338 0	
						Present value of Securities =	
						3,330,149 54	
						Original cost of Securities =	
						3,058,793 20	
						Difference in favour of present value =	
						271,356 34	
						(or about 8 1/2 per cent. of investments)	
3,058,793 20							

Depreciation Fund Investments.

Cost.	Stock Held.	Description.	Latest known Market Prices.	Brokerage	Net Price.	Value.	Net Value.
Rs. c.	£ s. d.					£ s. d.	£ s. d.
13,107 1	837 2 1	New South Wales 4 per cent. Incribed Stock	111	110 3/4	927 1 9		
13,390 55	837 16 9	Cape Consolidated Stock	106	105 1/2	886 0 2		
12,737 15	957 1 2	Canada Dominion 3 per cent. Stock	92	91 3/4	878 2 2		
12,246 0	914 8 6	Victoria 3 1/2 per cent. Stock	97 1/2	97 1/2	889 5 8		
	3,546 8 6						
69,998 62	60,000 0	Indian Securities	...			3,580 9 9	
36,582 48	37,000 0	do.				at exchange	
						1s. 4 1 1/2 d. per	
						rupee =	
						Rs. c.	
						51,494 65	
	97,000 0	do.	106 1/4	106	=	102,820 0	
						Balance amount uninvested ...	
						154,314 65	
						25,026 31	
148,061 81						179,340 96	

It is hereby notified that the following Rules have been approved by the Governor in Executive Council, under Ordinance No. 14 of 1890, and they are published for general information.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 24, 1891.

E. NOEL WALKER,  
Colonial Secretary.

**Rules of the Ceylon Public Service Mutual Guarantee Association.**

Object and  
constitution of  
the Association.

I.—AN Association of Public Servants of the Crown that hold office in Ceylon, having for its object the mutual guaranteeing of their fidelity in office, and constituted in the manner hereinafter provided for, shall have its affairs managed according to these rules, and, so long as the Governor shall be pleased to co-operate, in the following manner, viz. :—

(1) By annually appointing four Public Servants to be Managers, as hereinafter described, who shall be eligible for re-appointment.

(2) In the case of any casual vacancy in the Board of Management, by filling up the same by appointment of a Public Servant ; any Public Servant so chosen retaining his office so long only as the vacating Manager would have retained the same if no vacancy had occurred.

(3) By requiring the Treasurer of the Colony to receive and hold in deposit for the credit of the Managers such moneys as may be tendered to him for that purpose ; to pay away the same or any portion thereof as the Managers shall direct ; to report promptly to the Managers every case in which an Associate shall fail to deposit with him any contribution that such Associate ought so to deposit under Rule X. ; and, generally, to afford the Managers at all times full information as to his proceedings in these matters.

(4) By directing from time to time, as occasion may arise, before any claim is made by the Crown upon the Association under these rules, that the bond in respect of the breach of which such claim is made shall be put in suit against the Associate who executed it, or his representatives, in all cases where, in the opinion of the Governor, it is likely that, without unreasonable delay, a substantial amount can in such proceedings be recovered in excess of all costs and expenses, and by directing that the amount recoverable thereunder shall, if possible, be recovered from such Associate.

(5) By directing that there be assigned to the Association any moneys recovered under a judgment upon an Associate's bond to the Crown, in respect of which judgment the Association shall have made good the amount recovered.

Title of the  
Association.

II.—The Association aforesaid shall be called "The Ceylon Public Service Mutual Guarantee Association."

Management.

III.—The affairs of the Association shall be managed according to these rules exclusively by a Committee of not more than four persons, to be called Managers, all of them Public Servants of the Crown holding office in Ceylon, and no one of them being of lower rank than a Chief Clerk. These Managers shall be persons appointed to that office by the Governor.

Despatch of  
business.

IV.—For the despatch of business the Managers shall meet at such times and places as they may please. At any such meeting two Managers shall be a *quorum*, whose decision on any question that the Committee is competent to entertain, and whose acts as acts of the Committee, shall be binding on all persons concerned. The Senior Officer present shall be Chairman. When the votes are equally divided on any question at issue, the Chairman shall have a casting vote.

Secretary.

V.—The Managers shall appoint a person to hold office during pleasure as their Secretary, at a salary to be fixed by the Managers, and approved by Government, and shall have power to defray out of the moneys at their disposal all expenses incurred by them in conducting any legal proceedings and in managing the affairs of the Association.

Action to be taken by Public Servant desiring to join the Association. Action of Managers thereon.

VI.—When any Public Servant in Ceylon required to give pecuniary security for his fidelity in office, who may be permitted by the Governor to give such security in the shape of the guarantee of this Association, shall have obtained a certificate to that effect, and shall submit to the Managers such certificate and a copy of a form of bond that he will be required to give, together with an application expressing his desire to join the Association, and his willingness to be bound by its rules for the time being in force, the Managers shall give to such application full and fair consideration, and shall, with reasonable expedition, decide whether or not to accede to it; they shall, further, forthwith communicate their decision to the applicant and to the Colonial Secretary.

Guarantee issued by Managers.

VII.—When the Managers shall have notified their decision to admit any person into the Association, they shall give for such person, as soon as he has executed the bond that he shall be required to give to the Crown, a guarantee in the form annexed to these rules; and such person shall, on the giving of such guarantee, become an Associate, and his right to share the privileges, and his obligation to share the liabilities of the Association, shall then be complete, and, subject to Rule XVII., the right and obligation shall continue in force so long, and only so long, as he continues to be an Associate.

Additional security by an Associate.

VIII.—When an Associate is required to give an additional amount of security, and is permitted by the Governor to give it likewise in the shape of the guarantee of this Association, the same course shall be adopted with the view of obtaining the required additional guarantee as is prescribed for adoption in the case of a person not already an Associate.

Liability of an Associate to contribute.

IX.—Every Associate, immediately upon the guarantee mentioned in Rule VII. being given, shall be liable to contribute, and shall contribute, by way of loan to the Association, a sum not exceeding five per cent. of the amount of his bond. When the amount of the guarantee for any Associate shall have been increased, he shall be liable to contribute, and shall contribute, by way of loan, a further sum not exceeding five per cent. of the amount of increase. These contributions shall be payable at the rate of one per cent. per annum for a period of five years. All annual contributions will be due and payable by each Associate on the 1st of July of each year; provided that when any person shall be accepted as an Associate at any time subsequent to the 1st of July of any year, his first contribution to the funds shall be payable from the date of his admission into the Association, and shall be calculated for so many months as twelfths of a year as shall have to expire before the next returning 1st of July, the general day of payment, at which time a full year's contribution shall be payable for the twelve months then next ensuing. The last contribution shall be calculated in like manner for so many months as shall complete the period of five years as aforesaid.

Managers to notify to Heads of Departments and Treasurer amounts leviable from Associates.

X.—The Managers shall from time to time notify to Heads of Departments the amount of any contribution leviable from Associates holding office in their Departments, and such Heads of Departments shall, upon receipt of such notification, be bound to deduct, and shall deduct, the sums so notified upon the next issue of salaries thereafter, and remit the same to the Treasurer to be placed in deposit to the credit of the Managers. The Managers shall also furnish to the Treasurer a complete list of sums leviable from Associates for his information and guidance.

Investment of funds by Managers.

XI.—The Managers shall from time to time invest in approved Government securities, or shall deposit in the Ceylon Savings Bank or other local bank as may be approved by Government, all moneys obtained by way of loans as aforesaid, except such portion as in their opinion it may be necessary to retain in hand for immediate use in carrying on the business of the Association, as hereinafter provided. In like manner, the Managers shall deal with all moneys derived by way of interest from such investments or deposits. Provided that they be empowered to write up triennially, *pro rata*, to the credit of the current accounts then open in the books of the Association, such sum, if any, as may appear as profit accrued to the Association. Such accretions shall not, however, affect the fixed rates of contributions leviable



under Rule IX., nor shall they become payable to the Associate until he shall have become entitled to a refund of his loans. The first appropriation of profits under this rule shall take place as on July 1, 1894.

Nature of guarantee.

XII.—The guarantee of the Association shall be a guarantee that there shall be no breach of the bond of the Associate who is guaranteed so long as he continues to be an Associate, and the obligation on the part of the Association towards the Crown shall be an obligation to pay on any breach, during such period of the bond of any Associate, where the bond is not first put in suit against such Associate by the Crown, such sums of money as would have been legally recoverable by the Crown on such bond in respect of such breach from a surety for such Associate who had, as surety, duly executed such bond; provided that if in any such case a difference of opinion shall arise between the Government and the Managers as to the liability of the Association, or as to the sum of money that would have been legally recoverable, such difference shall be referred for decision to, and decided by, persons chosen as referees by the Managers and by the Crown: one person to be chosen by each, a third person to be chosen by these two; the opinion given by the majority to have effect.

Any sums of money so due by the Association shall be paid into the Treasury by the Managers, out of the moneys at their disposal, within two months after the same shall have been demanded from them by the Colonial Secretary in the case of uncontested claims, and in contested claims within two months after the decision given as aforesaid; provided that the Managers shall not be bound to make such payment unless the Crown assigns the bond in respect of which the claim is made to the Managers or some person in trust for the Managers, as the Managers may require, and pledges itself to return to the Association the money paid to the Crown by the Association or any portion thereof that may have been paid under a mistake of law or of fact. Where such bond is first put in suit by the Crown against such Associate, the obligation shall be to pay at such time and in such manner as mentioned in Rule XIV.

Action when the bond of an Associate is put in suit by the Crown.

XIII.—In the event of any Associate's bond to the Crown being put in suit by the Crown against him or his representatives in respect of any breach which occurred while he was an Associate, and of judgment thereupon being obtained in the ordinary course of law, if the full amount recoverable under that judgment cannot be recovered thereunder, then, upon production of a certificate to that effect signed by the Colonial Secretary, specifying the amount so recoverable, but which cannot be recovered, and pledging on behalf of the Crown to make over to the Association any money that may afterwards be recovered under the judgment aforesaid, the Managers shall, within two calendar months after the presentation to them of such certificate, out of the moneys at their disposal, pay that amount into the Treasury. Such certificate shall be conclusive evidence of the fact therein stated.

Application of money received by Managers under Rule XIII.

XIV.—If after making such payment as mentioned in Rule XIII. the Managers shall receive from any person on behalf of the Crown any moneys recovered under the judgment aforesaid, such moneys the Managers shall deal with as they are required to deal with moneys by Rule XI.

Managers may give one month's notice to an Associate that he will cease to be an Associate.

XV.—The Managers may at any time give notice in writing to any Associate that, on the expiration of one calendar month from the date of such notice he will cease to be an Associate; and accordingly, at the time specified, without further proceedings, the guarantee given for him will be no longer continued. A copy of such notice shall be sent to the Colonial Secretary at the same time that the notice is sent to the Associate.

Twelve months' notice to be given by an Associate of withdrawal from the Association.

XVI.—If any Associate shall, at any time, with the permission of the Governor, signify to the Managers his desire to withdraw from the Association, he may do so on the expiration of twelve calendar months from that time, and his privileges and liabilities as an Associate shall then absolutely cease; but during such twelve months those privileges and liabilities shall remain exactly the same as if he had not signified his desire to withdraw from the Association.

Resignation, dismissal, &c., of Associate not to affect his liability during time he was an Associate.

XVII.—The resignation, dismissal, or death of any Associate, or his voluntary or enforced withdrawal from the Association, shall not affect the liability of the Association in respect of any breach of such Associate's bond that occurred while he was such Associate, but such liability shall remain in effect in the same way that it would have remained in effect if such Associate had not ceased to be an Associate.

Repayment of loans to Associate.

XVIII.—Upon the resignation, dismissal without having been in default, withdrawal, or death of any Associate, he or his representatives shall be entitled to be repaid the full amount of his loans, with bonus additions, if no losses have attached, or such portions of such his loans and bonus additions as shall result to his credit after providing for all claims incurred during the connection of the past Associate with the Association, and towards which the share of such past Associate is liable to contribute; and the Managers in their discretion may withhold such repayments as long as may be necessary, to ascertain and determine the extent of the contributory obligation of the past Associate in respect of any such breaches.

Associates and Managers prohibited from bringing actions against the other.

XIX.—No Associate shall have any right to bring any action or suit against the Managers or any of them, and the Managers shall not have any right to bring any action or suit against any Associate concerning any claim arising out of these rules or out of this Association, except only claims by the Association against an Associate on any bond assigned for the benefit of the Association under these rules, or in respect of any payment made for any Associate. In case any difference of opinion shall at any time arise between the Managers and an Associate or his representatives concerning any such claim, that difference shall be referred to the Attorney-General for decision, and his decision thereon shall be absolutely final and binding upon all persons concerned.

Accounts to be kept by double entry.

XX.—The Secretary, subject to the supervision of the Managers, shall keep, according to the system of double entry, complete and distinct accounts of the monetary affairs of the Association; and the Managers shall publish annual statements of such accounts (with explanatory reports) made up to June 30th of each year, for the information of all persons concerned. At each meeting the books written up shall be laid on the table by the Secretary for the inspection of the Managers.

Alteration of rules.

XXI.—If at any time it shall appear to the Managers that this code of rules might be altered in any way for the advantage of the Associates, without detracting from the value of the guarantee given or to be given by the Associates in any case, the Managers may submit their proposed alterations for the approval of the Governor in Executive Council.

#### FORM OF GUARANTEE.

*The Public Service Mutual Guarantee Association, Ceylon, to Our Sovereign Lady the Queen.*

WHEREAS A B, lately appointed (or as the case may be) to the office of.....under the Government of Ceylon, has applied to the Managers of the Association under the seventh of the rules of the Association, expressing his desire to join the Association and his willingness to be bound by its rules for the time being in force; and whereas the Managers have acceded to such application; and A B has given a bond to our Sovereign Lady the Queen, conditioned for the due performance by him of the duties of the said office; the Association hereby guarantee to our Sovereign Lady the Queen, her heirs and successors, in accordance with the terms, and subject to the conditions specified in the rules of the Association, that there shall be no breach of the said bond of the said A B, and the obligation of the Association under this guarantee shall be such as is specified in the fourteenth and fifteenth of the rules of the Association.

Dated this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 189

*Witnesses.*

*Managers.*

REVENUE NOTICES.

Statement of the Sale of Salt in each Province during April, 1891, showing separately the Sale for consumption in the Province; for removal to Released Districts, &c., and for Export from the Island.

	North-Western Province.		Southern Province.		Northern Province.		Eastern Province.		Total.	
	cwt.	lb.	cwt.	lb.	cwt.	lb.	cwt.	lb.	cwt.	lb.
Balance on April 1, 1891	154,352	28	62,501	0	217,666	0	9,764	26	444,283	54
Since received	50,385	0	11,102	0	—	—	4,120	0	65,607	0
Surplus	31	96	—	—	—	—	—	—	31	96
	204,769	12	73,603	0	217,666	0	13,884	26	509,922	38
Issued for consumption in the Province	3,269	56	14,653	0	5,946	0	1,089	0	24,957	56
Do. removal to released districts, &c.	18,295	56	7,603	0	—	—	1,316	0	27,214	56
Do. export from the Island	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
On account of wastages	14	56	—	—	—	—	—	—	14	56
	21,579	56	22,256	0	5,946	0	2,405	0	52,186	56
Balance on April 30, 1891	183,189	68	51,347	0	211,720	0	11,479	26	457,735	94

NOTE.—This statement represents the quantity of Salt in the various Stores, exclusive of the unweighed Salt (estimated at cwt. 418,367.49), which has not yet been removed to Store :—

	cwt.	lb.
North-Western Province	416,615	0
Southern Province	1,752	49
Total	418,367	49

Audit Office,  
Colombo, July 15, 1891.

G. S. WILLIAMS,  
Acting Controller of Revenue.

Lease of Plumbago Lands.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Government Agent, North-Western Province, will, until noon of Monday, August 17, 1891, receive tenders for the lease of the following land for one year, free of payment of tithe to Government.

The lessee will be required to enter into an agreement with the Government Agent, and to take out a license on stamp of Rs. 10.

Preliminary plan 1,553. Situation—Ihalavisideke korale, Weudawili hatpattu.

Lot.	Village.	Description.	Extent. A. R. P.
8100	Mipitiya	Jungle	6 0 34

If no satisfactory tender is received the Government Agent will expose the lease for sale by public auction at the Kurunegala Kachcheri on the above-mentioned date, subject to a reserved price to be fixed by him at the time.

By His Excellency the Governor's command,  
E. NOEL WALKER,  
Colonial Secretary.

මිනිරන් නිබේන ඉඩම් බදුදීමේ නොයිසිය.

වර්ෂ 1891 ක්වූ අගෝස්තු මස 17 වෙනි සඳුදා දවල් වනතුරු වසඹ දිසාවේ ආණ්ඩුවේ ඒජන්ත උන්තාන්සේ විසින් මෙහි පහත සඳහන්වෙන මිනිරන් නිබේන ආණ්ඩුවේ ඉඩම් අවුරුද්දක බද්ද ඉල්ලා දෙන වැන්ඩර් පත්‍ර බාරතන්ව යෙදෙනවා ඇත. තවද මෙකී ඉඩම්වලින් ආණ්ඩුවට යෙහිසපුරු දහයෙන් පංගුව අස කරන්ව යෙදෙන්නේ නැත.

බදුගන්නා තැනැත්තා ඒජන්තඋන්තාන්සේ සමඟ පොරොන්දුවකට බැඳෙන්නට ඕනෑවන් ඇර රුපියල් දහයක මුද්දරයක් පිට බලකඩදසක් ගන්ව ඕනෑය.

සිතියම 1,353. පිහිටා තිබෙන්නේ—වැලවිල්ලිහන්තුවේ ඉහල විසිදෙකේ කෝරලේ.

නො.	ගම.	අකුම.	මහග. අ. රු. ප.
8100	මපිපිය	කැලේ	6 0 34

සැලකෙන තරමේ ඉල්ලීමක් නොලැබුනොත් ආණ්ඩුවේ ඒජන්තඋන්තාන්සේ විසින් එම දිනම කුරුනෑගල කඩවේරියේදී මතුකී ඉඩම් බද්ද නියමකරණ මිලේට යටත්ව විකුණන්නට යෙදෙනවා ඇත.

ආණ්ඩුකාර උතුමානන්වගන්සේගේ ආඥාවලට,  
ඒ. නොඑල් වාකර්,  
මහසෙක්‍රයාරිස් වම්හ.

Lease of Plumbago Land.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Monday, the 3rd proximo, at noon, the Government Agent, Southern Province, will sell by public auction at the Galle Kachcheri, the lease for one year, free of payment of tithe to Government, of the plumbago land called Hinketiya at Pitigala in the Bentota-Walallawiti korale, containing in extent about 2½ acres; and bounded on the north by Hinketiya-wela, east by Ittagoda Pollenwa, south by lot 6,680 in preliminary plan 3,031, and west by Hinketiya-cla.

The lessee will be required to enter into an agreement with the Government Agent and to take out a license on a stamp of Rs. 10.

By His Excellency the Governor's command, E. NOEL WALKER, Colonial Secretary.

මහරජයේ ඉඩම් බදු විකිණීම.

බඩ මස 3 වෙනිදින සදුදු දවැලට දකුණු පලාතේ ආණ්ඩුවේ ඒජන්තාධිපතිවරයාගේ විසින් ගාල්ලේ

කව්චේරියේදී මෙහි පහත සඳහන්වන මිණිරන් තිබෙන ඉඩමේ අවුරුද්දක බද්ද ප්‍රසිඛ වෙන්දේසියේ විකුණනට යෙදෙනවා ඇත. එනම්:—බඩන්තර වල ලේලා විටිකෝරලේට අයිති පිරිතලාගරියේ තිබෙන අක්කර 2½ක් ප්‍රමාණ බිම්කරම් ඇති හිත්කැටිය කියන ඉඩමට මායිම්-උතුරට, හිත්කැටියවෙල; නැගෙනහිරට, ඉත්තගොඩ පොල්ලෑව්ව; දකුණට, නොමමර 3,031 සිතියමේ 6,680වේ බිම්කැබැල්ල සහ බස්නාහිරට, හිත්කැටියේ ඇල.

මෙකී ඉඩමෙන් ආණ්ඩුවට ගෙවියයුතු දහගෙත් පතු ව අයකරනට යෙදෙන්නේ නැත. තවද බදුගන්න නැතැත්තා ඒජන්තාධිපතිවරයාගේ සමඟ පොරොන්දුව කට බැඳෙන්නට ඕනෑවින් ඇර රුපියල් දහසක මුද්දරකපිට බලකඩදැසියක් ගන්ට ඕනෑය.

ආණ්ඩුකාර උතුමානන්වහන්සේගේ ආඥාවලස, ජ. නොඑල් වාකර්, මහසෙක්‍රයාරිස් වමිහ.

LAND SALES IN THE CENTRAL PROVINCE

No. 1,263, c. p.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, July 14, 1891.

ON Wednesday, August 26, 1891, at 12 o'clock noon, the Assistant Government Agent, Nuwara Eliya, will put up to auction, at his office in Nuwara Eliya, the under-mentioned portions of Crown Land, on the terms authorised by Government.

Three allotments of land situated in the Oyapala'a division of the Walapane district of the Central Province. Preliminary plan 1,129.

Table with 6 columns: Lot, Village, Name of Land, Name of Applicant, Description, Extent. Rows include Lot 4266 (Mahapitiyahena) and lots Y 54/Z 54 (Kudawewahena/Kenagahagawahena).

Further information respecting these lands may be obtained from the Hon. the Surveyor-General, and respecting the conditions of sale from the Assistant Government Agent, Nuwara Eliya.

By His Excellency the Governor's command, E. NOEL WALKER, Colonial Secretary.

No. 1,263, c. p.

වර්ෂ 1891 ක්වූ ජූලි මස 14 වෙනි දින කොළඹ මහසෙක්‍රයාරිස් උත්තාන්සේගේ කන්තෝරුවේදීය.

මධ්‍යමදිසාවේ නුවරඑළියේ උපඒජන්තාධිපතිවරයාගේ විසින් මෙහිපහත සඳහන්වන ආණ්ඩුව සත්කක ඉඩම් ආණ්ඩුවේ නියෝගවල ප්‍රකාරයට වර්ෂ 1891 ක්වූ අගෝස්තු මස 26 වෙනි බුද්දින දවල් 12ට නුවරඑළියේ කව්චේරියේදී වෙන්දේසිකර විකුණනට යෙදෙනවා ඇත.

මධ්‍යමදිසාවේ වලපනේ මසපලාත පිහිටා තිබෙන බිම්කවිටි තුනක්. සිතියම 1,129. ඉල්ලීමකළඳසගේ නම—දෙන්න බස්නියන් ප්‍රෙරා.

Table with 5 columns: No., Name, Description, Applicant, Extent. Rows include lot 4266 and lots Y 54/Z 54.

අක්කරයක් රුපියල් 10යේ හිට විකුණනට පටන්ගනුලැබේ.

මෙම ඉඩම් ගැණ වැඩිදුර කාරණ වාගාබිපති සරවේසර්ජනරු උත්තාන්සේගෙනද, විකිනීමේ කොන්දේසි ගැණ කාරණ මධ්‍යමදිසාවේ නුවරඑළියේ ආණ්ඩුවේ උපඒජන්තාධිපතිවරයාගේගෙනද දැනගන්නට පුළුවන.

ආණ්ඩුකාර උතුමානන්වහන්සේගේ ආඥාවලස, ජ. නොඑල් වාකර්, මහසෙක්‍රයාරිස් වමිහ.

LAND SALES IN THE SOUTHERN PROVINCE.

No. 768, S. P.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 8, 1891.

ON Tuesday, September 1, 1891, at noon, the Government Agent for the Southern Province will put up to auction, at his office in Galle, the under-mentioned portions of Crown Land, on the terms authorised by Government. Fifty-eight allotments of land situated in the Gangaboda pattu of the Galle district of the Southern Province.

Preliminary plan 2,383. Situation—Nagoda-Keppitiyagoda.

Lot.	Name of Land.	Name of Claimant.	Description.	Extent.	
				A.	R. P.
3726	Mathuruduwa	The Crown	Garden	1	0 33
3727	Do.	do.	do.	1	1 6
Preliminary plan 2,683. Situation—Lelwala.					
5137	Udakotuwelamulla	The Crown	Deniya	2	0 36
5138	Haldola	do.	Paddy	1	0 35
5139	Wattapengiripittaniya	do.	Jungle	2	2 30
5140	Do.	do.	Planted	1	0 3
5141	Do.	do.	Open waste	0	2 11
5142	Wattupengirimulana	do.	Jungle	0	3 30
5143	Welamedawita	do.	Garden	0	2 23
5144	Vedahhenadeniya	do.	Paddy	0	3 34
5145	Galkadullebedda or Kokowelaudu-mulladupota	do.	Jungle	4	2 8
5146	Vedahhenadeniya	do.	Deniya	1	2 27
Preliminary plan 3,039. Situation—Wanduramba.					
6704	Panvilagodabedda	The Crown	Jungle	1	0 35
Preliminary plan 3,046. Situation—Pahalakimbiya.					
6715	Kudawalakanda	The Crown	Jungle	2	0 39
6716	Polgahahena	do.	do.	0	3 14
6718	Vawungalakanda	do.	do.	3	1 24
Preliminary plan 3,070. Situation—Pahalakimbiya.					
6810	Talapitiyawattagodakele	The Crown	Jungle	0	3 25
Preliminary plan 3,100. Situation—Unanwitiya Lelwala.					
6913	Polgahawilakandatalawa	The Crown	Jungle	2	0 32
6914	Paragahadeniya	do.	Paddy	4	1 0
Preliminary plan 3,109. Situation—Lelwala.					
J 276	Gonnagahawatta	Guruge Sinno Appu and others	Garden	1	0 20
6942	Galkadullabedda	The Crown	Jungle	0	1 37
Preliminary plan 3,157. Situation—Lelwala.					
7167	Udakotuelamullakanda	The Crown	—	1	3 15
Preliminary plan 3,189. Situation—Etkandura.					
7239	Banweltuduwabedda	The Crown	Jungle	3	1 9
7240	Do.	do.	do.	11	0 20
7241	Do.	do.	do.	8	3 2
7243	Sentugewattakele	do.	do.	5	2 12
7244	Do.	do.	do.	3	1 34
7246	Banweltuduwabedda	do.	do.	4	2 11
7247	Do.	do.	do.	1	3 3
Preliminary plan 3,222. Situation—Akuretiya.					
7386	Rathaddarabedda	The Crown	Jungle	1	1 15
Preliminary plan 3,238. Situation—Divitura.					
7427	Peragasketiyakanda	The Crown	Jungle	1	1 3
Preliminary plan 3,239. Situation—Ampegama, Divitura.					
7428	Uramalhena	The Crown	Jungle	1	0 26
Preliminary plan 3,304. Situation—Pahalakimbiya.					
7658	Halkadawilakanda	The Crown	Jungle	2	3 31
Preliminary plan 2,119. Situation—Ginimellagaha.					
2738	Horagodamukelanabeddakebella	—	Garden	1	1 4
2742	Horagodamukalanakebella	—	do.	0	2 27
Preliminary plan 2,441. Situation—Ihalakimbiya.					
3934	Ilukmandiyakumbura	The Crown	Field	3	1 14
Preliminary plan 2,450. Situation—Pahalakimbiya.					
3979	Gamagedarawatta	The Crown	Garden	1	2 22
Preliminary plan 2,455. Situation—Mabotuwana.					
4008	Baralagodaudumullapahalakebella-watta	—	Garden	0	3 1
Preliminary plan 1,622. Situation—Baddegama.					
1542	Kurunduwatta	—	Jungle	16	3 34
1542½	Korunduwattalawalakele	—	do.	2	3 9
Preliminary plan 1,811. Situation—Baddegama.					
3865	Yakgahakanda-adderahena	—	Chena	2	0 11

Lot.	Name of Land.	Name of Claimant.	Description.	Extent.		
				A.	R.	F.
4115	Kanadariangoda	Preliminary plan 2,463. Situation—Wanduramba. The Crown	Garden	1	0	24
3581	Batalahenabedda	Preliminary plan 2,342. Situation—Walpita. The Crown	Jungle and cocoanut trees	3	2	2
10587	Pahaloshawulhena or Dolagokakanda	Preliminary plan 1,322. Situation—Ganegama. The Crown	Jungle	5	2	39
10588	Do.	do.	do.	11	2	12
10598	Gonaduwa or Appeladuwa	Preliminary plan 1,325. Situation—Ganegama. The Crown	Jungle	14	0	39
4286	Mulanagodabedda	Preliminary plan 1,846. Situation—Walpita. The Crown	Jungle	23	1	13
1653	Kakunagahabedda	Preliminary plan 1,628. Situation—Divitura. The Crown	Jungle	3	1	16
1654	Hooneyanwalalangabedda	do.	do.	4	2	36
4268	Koratuwagodawatta	Preliminary plan 2,506. Situation—Patuweliwitiya. The Crown	Vegetable	0	1	7
3991	Horagodawatta	Preliminary plan 2,454. Situation—Urala and Waduramba. The Crown	Garden	2	0	0
4540	Lawulugahaudumulla	Preliminary plan 1,913. Situation—Pataweliwitiya. do.	Low land	2	1	36
135	Maddaywelapahalakumbura	Village—Plan of Diwiture. The Crown	Paddy field	1	0	12
136	Do.	do.	do.	1	2	1
137	Do.	do.	do.	1	3	9
138	Do.	do.	do.	1	2	3
139	Do.	do.	do.	2	2	7
F 246	Horagodamukalana	Preliminary plan 2,338. Situation—Ginimellagaha. A. de Silva	Cocoanuts	3	1	12

Upset price,—Rs. 10 per acre.

NOTE.—Any person considering that they have any claims to these lands are hereby noticed to produce evidence of their title before the Government Agent on the day of sale.

Further information respecting these lands can be obtained from the Hon. the Surveyor-General, and respecting the conditions of sale from the Government Agent, Galle.

By His Excellency the Governor's command,

E. NOEL WALKER,  
Colonial Secretary.

No. 788, s. P.

විෂි 1891 ක්වු ජුලි මස 8 වෙනි දින කොළඹ

මහසෙනසුනාධිපතිවරයාගේ කන්තෝරුවේදී.

ආර්ථිකවේ දකුණුපලාතේ එජන්තලන්තාන්සේ විසින් මෙහි පහත සඳහන්වෙන ආණ්ඩුවසන්තක කුඩම් ආණ්ඩුවේ නියෝගවල ප්‍රකාරයට විෂි 1891 ක්වු සැප්තැම්බර් මස 1 වෙනි දිනකු අගහරුවාද දවල් ශාල්ලේ කම්මේරියේදී වෙන්දේසිකර විකුණනට යෙදෙනවා ඇත.

ආර්ථිකවේ ශාල්ල පලාතේ ගහබඩපත්තුව කොට්ඨාසයේ පිහිටා තිබෙන බිම්කැබෙලි 58ක්.

කො.	බිම් නම.	අයිතිකම් කියන්නා.	අකුම.	ආ. රු. ප.
3726	මතුරුදුව	රාජසන්තක	වහන	1 0 33
3727	එම	එම	එම	1 1 6
සිතියම 2,383. පිහිටා තිබෙන්නේ—නාගොඩ, කැප්පිරියාගොඩ.				
5137	ලඬකොටුවෙලමුල්ල	රාජසන්තක	දෙහිය	2 0 36
5138	ගල්දොල	එම	කුඹුර	1 0 35
5139	වටපැහිරිපිට්ටනිය	එම	බැද්ද	2 2 30
5140	එම	එම	වවාපුඉබිම	1 0 3
5141	එම	එම	පාළුබිම	0 2 11
5142	වතුපැහිරිමුලන	එම	බැද්ද	0 3 30
5143	වෙලමැදුම්පිට	එම	වහන	0 2 23
5144	වෙදසේනේදෙහිය	එම	කුඹුර	0 3 34
5145	ගල්කඩුල්ලේබැද්ද නො ගොඩ	එම	බැද්ද	4 2 8
5146	කොකෝවෙල උඩුමුල්ලේ දුපත	එම	දෙහිය	1 2 27
සිතියම 2,683. පිහිටා තිබෙන්නේ—ලේල්වල.				
6704	පන්විලගොඩබැද්ද	රාජසන්තක	බැද්ද	1 0 35
සිතියම 3,039. පිහිටා තිබෙන්නේ—වදුරඹ.				
6715	කුඩාවලකන්ද	රාජසන්තක	බැද්ද	2 0 39
6716	පොල්ගහසේන	එම	එම	0 3 14
6718	වඩුඵලකන්ද	එම	එම	3 1 24
සිතියම 3,070.				

නො.	ඉඩමේ නම.	අයිතියකම් කියත්තා.	අකුම.	මහත. අ. රු. ප.
6810.	කලාපිවිසේවන්ගේ ගොඩ කැලේ	රාජසත්තක	බැඳ්ද	0 3 25
6913	සිතියම 3,100. පිහිටාතිබෙන්නේ—උනන්විවිය ලේල්වල.	රාජසත්තක	බැඳ්ද	2 0 32
6914	පොල්ගහවිලකන්දේකලාව පරගහසේනේ දෙතිය	එම	කුඹුර	4 1 0
J 276 6942	සිතියම 3,109. පිහිටාතිබෙන්නේ—ලේල්වල. ගොන්නගහවන්ත ගල්කඩුල්ලේ බැඳ්ද	ඉරුගේ සිසිදේසොආප්පු සහ නවන් රාජසත්තක	වහන බැඳ්ද	1 0 20 0 1 37
7167	සිතියම 3,157. උඩකොටුවේලේල්ලේල්ලේ කන්ද	රාජසත්තක	—	1 3 15
7239	සිතියම 3,189. පිහිටාතිබෙන්නේ—ඇත්කඳුර. බාන්වැල්කුඹුමේ බැඳ්ද	රාජසත්තක	බැඳ්ද	3 1 9
7240	එම	එම	එම	11 0 20
7241	එම	එම	එම	8 3 2
7243	සෙත්තුගේවන්ගේ කැලේ	එම	එම	5 2 12
7244	එම	එම	එම	3 1 34
7246	බාන්වැල්කුඹුමේ බැඳ්ද	එම	එම	4 2 11
7247	එම	එම	එම	1 3 3
7386	සිතියම 3,222. පිහිටාතිබෙන්නේ—අකුරැවිය. රන්අද්දර බැඳ්ද	රාජසත්තක	බැඳ්ද	1 1 15
7427	සිතියම 3,238. පිහිටා තිබෙන්නේ—දිවිතුරේ. පේරගස්කැටියේ කන්ද	රාජසත්තක	බැඳ්ද	1 1 3
7428	සිතියම 3,239. පිහිටාතිබෙන්නේ—අම්පේගම දිවිතුරේ. ඌරුමල්සේන	රාජසත්තක	එම	1 0 26
7658	සිතියම 3,304. පිහිටාතිබෙන්නේ—පහලකිඹියේ. ගල්කඩවිලකන්ද	රාජසත්තක	එම	2 3 31
2738	සිතියම 2,119. පිහිටාතිබෙන්නේ—ගිනිමැල්ලගහ. හොරගොඩමුකලාවේබැඳ්දේ කැබෙල්ල	—	වත්ත	1 1 4
2742	හොරගොඩමුකලාවේ කැබෙ ල්ල	—	එම	0 2 27
3934	සිතියම 2,441 පිහිටාතිබෙන්නේ—ඉහලකිඹිය. ඉළක්මන්සියේ කුඹුර	රාජසත්තක	කුඹුර	3 1 14
3979	සිතියම 2,450. පිහිටාතිබෙන්නේ—පහලකිඹිය. ගමගෙදරවහන	රාජසත්තක	වහන	1 2 22
4008	සිතියම 2,455. පිහිටාතිබෙන්නේ—මාබොටුවහ. බරලගොඩ උඩුමුල්ලේ පහල කැබෙල්ලේ වහන	—	එම	0 3 1
1542	සිතියම 1,622. පිහිටාතිබෙන්නේ—බද්දේගම. කුරුඳුවහන	—	බැඳ්ද	16 3 34
1542½	එම ලාවලකැලේ	—	එම	2 3 2
3865	සිතියම 1,811. සක්ගහකන්දඅද්දර සේන	—	සේන	2 0 11
4115	සිතියම 2,463. පිහිටාතිබෙන්නේ—වදුරඹ. කනදිවියන්ගොඩ	රාජසත්තක	වත්ත	1 0 24
3581	සිතියම 2,342. පිහිටාතිබෙන්නේ—වල්පිට. බහලසේනේ බැඳ්ද	රාජසත්තක	බැඳ්ද සහ පොල් ගස්	3 2 2
10587	සිතියම 1,322. පිහිටාතිබෙන්නේ—ගනේගම. පහලොස්ගවුල්සේන හො හොන් දොලගොඩකන්ද	රාජසත්තක	බැඳ්ද	5 2 39
10588	එම	එම	එම	11 2 12
10598	සිතියම 1,325. ගෝනාඳුව හොහොන් ඇප් පලඳුව	රාජසත්තක	එම	14 0 39
4286	සිතියම 1,846. පිහිටාතිබෙන්නේ—වල්පිට. මුලනගොඩ බැඳ්ද	රාජසත්තක	එම	23 1 13
1653	සිතියම 1,628. පිහිටාතිබෙන්නේ—දිවිතුරේ. කැකුනගහබැඳ්ද	රාජසත්තක	එම	3 1 16
1654	එම	එම	එම	4 2 36
4268	සිතියම 2,506. පිහිටාතිබෙන්නේ—පානවැලිවිවිය. කොරටුවගොඩ වත්ත	රාජසත්තක	එලවළු	0 1 7
3991	සිතියම 2,454. පිහිටාතිබෙන්නේ—ඌරල සහ වදුරඹ. කෝරගොඩ වත්ත	රාජසත්තක	වත්ත	2 0 0

සිතියම 1,913. පිහිටා තිබෙන්නේ—පාතවැලිවිටිය.

නො.	ඉඩම.	අයිතිකම් කියන්නා.	අකුම.	මහක.
4540	ලාවඵහහලච්චුමුල්ල	රාජසත්තක	පහත් ඉඩම	2 1 36
දිවිතුර යන ගමේ ඒලාන්කඩදසිය.				
135	මහ්වසිවෙලපහල කුඹුර	රාජසත්තක	කුඹුර	1 0 12
136	මදදෙවෙලපහල කුඹුර	එම	එම	1 2 1
137	එම	එම	එම	1 3 9
138	එම	එම	එම	1 2 3
139	එම	එම	එම	2 2 7

සිතියම 2,338. පිහිටා තිබෙන්නේ—ගිනිමැල්ලහහ.

F 246	හොරගො මුකලාන	ඒ. ද සිල්වා	පොල්	3 1 12
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කක්සේරුවේ මුදල අක්කරයක් රූපියල් 10යි.

මෙම ඉඩමවලට යම් කෙනෙකුට අයිතිවාසිකමක් තිබෙනවාය කියා හිතනවානම් ඒබව සාක්ෂිවලින් විසිනිම දවසේදී ඒජන්තලත්තාන්සේ ඉදිරිපිට කියාසිටින්නට මිනාය.

මෙම ඉඩම ගැණ වැඩිදුර කාරණා වංශාච්චනි සර්වේසර්ජනරාජ්ලත්තාන්සේගෙන්ද, විකිණීමේ කොන්දේසිය ගැණ කාරණා දකුණුදිසාවේ ගාල්ලේ ආණ්ඩුවේ ඒජන්තලත්තාන්සේගෙන්ද දැනගන්නට පුළුවන.

ආණ්ඩුකාර උතුමානන්වහන්සේගේ ආඥාවලෙස,

ඊ. නොඑල් වාකර්,  
මහසෙනෙකාරිස් වමිහ.

No. 789, s. p.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 8, 1891.

ON Tuesday, September 1, 1891, at noon, the Government Agent for the Southern Province will put up to auction, at his office in Galle, the under-mentioned portions of Crown Land, on the terms authorised by Government.

Four allotments of land situated in the four gravets division of the Galle district of the Southern Province.

Preliminary plan 3,306. Situation—Narawala.

Lot.	Name of Land.	Name of Claimant.	Description.	Extent. A. B. P.
7661	Horakatiyagoda	The Crown	Jungle	3 1 38

Preliminary plan 349. Situation—Ihalagoda.

I 44	Issaragedaragambadda	P. Adrian and others	Paddy field	1 0 10
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Preliminary plan 2,289. Situation—Talgasyaya.

3370	Kottalbaddeduwa	—	Garden	0 1 36
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Preliminary plan 2,361. Situation—Godakanda.

3638	Kaluwagaha-addaragoda	—	Chena	10 0 12
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Upset price,—Rs. 10 per acre.

NOTE.—Any persons considering that they have any claims to these lands are hereby noticed to produce evidence of their title before the Government Agent on the day of sale.

Further information respecting these lands may be obtained from the Hon. the Surveyor-General, and respecting the conditions of sale from the Government Agent, Galle.

By His Excellency the Governor's command,

E. NOEL WALKER,  
Colonial Secretary.

No. 789, s. p.

වමි 1891 ක්වු ජුලි මස 8 වෙනි දින කොළඹ

මහසෙනෙකාරිස්ලත්තාන්සේගේ කන්කෝරුවේදීය.

ගාඵදසාවේ දකුණුපලාගේ ආණ්ඩුවේ ඒජන්තලත්තාන්සේ විසින් මෙහි පහත සඳහන්වෙන ආණ්ඩුව සත්තක ඉඩම් ආණ්ඩුවේ නියෝගවල ප්‍රකාරයට වමි 1891 ක්වු සැප්තැම්බර් මස පලමුවෙනි දිනවු අහසරුවාද දවල් 12ට ගාල්ලේ කවිචේරියේදී වෙන්දේසිකර විකුණන්නට යෙදෙනවා ඇත.



ගාඵ දිසාවේ ගාඵ පලාතේ අක්මිමන කොට්ඨාසේ පිහිටාතිබෙන බිම්කැබලි.

සිතියම 3,306. පිහිටාතිබෙන්නේ—නරුවල.

නො.	ඉඩමේ නම.	අයිතිකම කියන්නා.	අකුම.	මහත.
7661	කොරකැටියාගොඩ ගොඩ	රාජසන්නක	බැද්ද	3 1 38
I 44	ඊස්සරගෙදරගම්බැද්ද	පි. අප්පිසන් සහ තවත්	කුඹුර	1 0 10
3370	කොට්ටල්බද්දේදුව	—	වන්න	0 1 36
3638	කළුචාගහඅද්දරගොඩ	—	සේන	10 0 12

තක්සේරුවේ මුදල අක්කරයක් රුපියල් 10යි.

මෙම ඉඩම්වලට යම්කෙනෙකුට අයිතිවාසිකමක් තිබෙනවාය කියා හිතනවානම් ඒබව සාක්ෂිවලින් විකී නිම දවසේදී ඒජන්තලත්තාන්සේ ඉදිරිපිට කියාසිටිනට ඕනෑය.

මෙම ඉඩම් ගැණ වැඩිදුරකාරණ වංශාධිපති සර්වේඥරජනරාජලත්තාන්සේගෙතු, විකිනිමේ කොන් දේසියගැණ කාරණ දකුණුදිසාවේ ගාල්ලේ ආණ්ඩුවේ ඒජන්තලත්තාන්සේගෙතු දැනගන්නට පුළුවන.

ආණ්ඩුකාර උතුමානන්වසන්සේගේ ආඥාවලෙස,

ඊ. නොඑල් වාකර්,  
මහසෙක්‍රයාරිස් වමිත.

No. 790, s. p.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 16, 1891.

ON Monday, September 7, 1891, at noon, the Government Agent for the Southern Province will put up to auction, at his office in Galle, the under-mentioned portions of Crown Land, on the terms authorised by Government. Twelve allotments of land situated in the Bentota-Wallallawiti korale of the Galle district of the Southern Province.

Preliminary plan 1,407. Situation—Kandegodapalata.

Lot.	Name of Land.	Name of Claimant.	Description.	Extent.		
				A.	R.	P.
11298	Puwakgahaduwa-addaragoipala	The Crown	Paddy field	22	2	5
11299	Puwakgahaduwa	do.	Jungle	0	1	33
11300	Ambagahaduwa	do.	do.	1	2	3
11301	Gingahaelapitakumbura	do.	Paddy field	3	3	29
11302	Kosgahaduwa	do.	Jungle	0	1	21
11303	Kandegoda-addara or Kosgasduwa-addaragoipala	do	Paddy field	11	3	32
11304	Totagodakele	do.	Jungle	26	1	29
11290	Kandagoda-addaragoipala	do.	Paddy field	3	2	9
11291	Do.	do.	do.	14	1	11
11292	Ganga-addarakerewa	do.	Jungle	5	1	18
11293	Weralugasgoipala	do.	Paddy field	12	2	38
11295	Ganga-addarakumbura	do.	do.	6	2	33

Upset price,—Rs. 10 per acre.

NOTE.—Any persons considering that they have any claims to these lands are hereby noticed to produce evidence of their title before the Government Agent on the day of sale.

Further information respecting these lands can be obtained from the Hon. the Surveyor-General, and respecting the conditions of sale from the Government Agent, Galle.

By His Excellency the Governor's command,  
E. NOEL WALKER,  
Colonial Secretary.

No. 790, s. p.

වර්ෂ 1891 ක්වූ ජූලි මස 16 වෙනි දින කොළඹ

මහසෙක්‍රයාරිස්ලත්තාන්සේගේ කන්තෝරුවේදීය.

ගාඵ දිසාවේ දකුණුපලාතේ ආණ්ඩුවේ ඒජන්තලත්තාන්සේ විසින් මෙහි පහත සඳහන්වෙන ආණ්ඩුව යන් තක ඉඩම් ආණ්ඩුවේ නියෝගවල ප්‍රකාරයට වර්ෂ 1891 ක්වූ සැප්තැම්බර්මස 7 වෙනි දිනවූ සඳුදා දවසට ගාල්ලේ කවිවේරියේදී වෙන්දේසිකර විකුණන්නට යෙදෙනවාදැන.

ගාඵදියාවේ දකුණුපලාතේ බෙන්තර වලල්ලාච්චිකෝරලේ කොට්ඨාසයේ පිහිටාතිබෙන බිම් කැබලි 12ක් සිතියම 1,407. පිහිටාතිබෙන්නේ—කන්දෙගොඩපලාත.

නො.	ඉඩමේ නම.	අයිතිකම් කියන්නා.	අන්දම.	මහත.
				අ. රු. ප.
11298	පුවක්ගහදුටුඅද්දරගොසිපල	රුජසන්නක	කුඹුර	22 2 5
11299	පුවක්ගහදුටු	එම	බැද්ද	0 1 33
11300	අඹගහදුටු	එම	එම	1 2 3
11301	ගිංගහඇලපිටකුඹුර	එම	කුඹුර	3 3 29
11302	කොස්ගහදුටු	එම	බැද්ද	0 1 21
11303	කන්දෙගොඩඅද්දර නොහොත් කොස්දුටුඅද්දරගොසිපල	එම	කුඹුර	11 3 32
11304	කොටගොඩකැලේ	එම	බැද්ද	26 1 29
11290	කන්දෙගොඩඅද්දරගොසිපල	එම	කුඹුර	3 2 9
11291	එම	එම	එම	14 1 11
11292	ගහඅද්දරකැටුව	එම	බැද්ද	5 1 18
11293	වෙරළගස්ගොසිපල	එම	කුඹුර	12 2 38
11295	ගහඅද්දරකුඹුර	එම	එම	6 2 33

අක්කරයක් රූපියල් 10 ගණනේ විකුණනවාදා.

මෙම ඉඩම්වලට යම් කෙනෙකුට අයිතිවාසිකමක් තිබෙනවාය කියා හිතනවානම් ඒ බව සාක්ෂිවලින් විකිනීමේ දවසේදී ඒජන්තාධිකාරීන්ගේ ඉදිරිපිට කියා සිටිනවාට ඕනෑය.

මෙම ඉඩම් ගැණ වැඩිදුර කාරණා වංශාධිපති සර්වේශ්වර්ථනරාජාචාර්යවරයාගේ සේවයේදී දැනගන්නට පුළුවන.

ආණ්ඩුකාර උතුමානන්වගන්ගේ ආඥාවලෙස,  
ජ. නොඑල් වාකර්,  
මහසෙනෙකාරීස් වම්හ.

No. 791, s. p.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 16, 1891.

ON Wednesday, September 16, 1891, at 1 o'clock, the Assistant Government Agent for the Hambantota district will put up to auction for sale, at his office in Hambantota, the under-mentioned portions of Crown Land, on the terms authorised by Government.

Three allotments of land situated in the Magam pattu division of the Hambantota district of the Southern Province.

Lot.	Village.	Preliminary plan 2,591.		Description.	Extent. A. R. P.
		Name of Applicant.			
4768	Tihawa	C. F. S. Jayawickrama and Don Bastian Gunawardena, Mahavidane, of Hambantota		Forest	3 0 36
Preliminary plan 1,012.					
7910	Do.	D. D. Dheresequera		do.	9 3 16
7911	Do.	do.		do.	9 3 4

NOTE.—Any persons considering that they have any claims to these lands are hereby noticed to produce evidence of their title before the Assistant Government Agent on the day of sale.

Further information respecting these lands may be obtained from the Hon. the Surveyor-General, and respecting the conditions of sale from the Assistant Government Agent, Hambantota.

By His Excellency the Governor's command,  
E. NOEL WALKER,  
Colonial Secretary.

No. 791, s. p.

වර්ෂ 1891 ක්වු ජූලි මස 16 වෙනි දින කොළඹ මහසෙනෙකාරීස්උන්නාන්ගේ කන්දොරුවේදීය.

ගාඵන්තර දියාවේ ආණ්ඩුවේ ඒජන්තාධිකාරීන්ගේ විසින් මෙහි පහත සඳහන්වෙන ආණ්ඩුව සන්තක ඉඩම් ආණ්ඩුවේ නියෝගවල ප්‍රකාරයට වර්ෂ 1891 ක්වු සැප්තැම්බ්‍ර මස 16 වෙනි දිනවූ බද්දට ගාඵන්තර කච්චේරියේදී වෙන්දේසිකර විකුණනවාට යෙදෙනවා දා.

ගාඵන්තර දියාවේ දකුණුපලාතේ මාගම්පත්තුවේ කොට්ඨාසයේ පිහිටාතිබෙන බිම්කැබලි, සිතියම 2,591.

නො.	ගම.	ඉල්ලුම්කාරයා.	අයිතිකම් කියන්නා.	අන්දම.	මහත.
					අ. රු. ප.
4768	තිහව	සී. ඇස්. ඇස්. ජයවික්‍රම සහ දෙන්නබස්නියන් ගනවර්දන ගාඵන්තර මහවිද්දගේරල	ආණ්ඩුව	බැද්ද	3 0 36
සිතියම 1,012.					
7910	එම	සී. සී. ධීරසේකර	ආණ්ඩුව	එම	9 3 16
7911	එම	එම	එම	එම	9 3 4

මෙම ඉඩම්වලට යම්කෙනෙකුට අයිතිවාසිකමක් තිබෙනවාය කියා හිතනවානම් ඒ බව සාක්ෂිවලින් විකිනීමේ දවසේදී ඒජන්තාධිකාරීන්ගේ ඉදිරිපිට කියා සිටිනවාට ඕනෑය.

මෙම ඉඩම්ගැණ වැඩිදුර කාරණා වංශාධිපති සර්වේශ්වර්ථනරාජාචාර්යවරයාගේ සේවයේදී දැනගන්නට පුළුවන.

ආණ්ඩුකාර උතුමානන්වගන්ගේ ආඥාවලෙස,  
ජ. නොඑල් වාකර්,  
මහසෙනෙකාරීස් වම්හ.

No. 792, s. p.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 16, 1891.

ON Wednesday, September 9, 1891, at noon, the Assistant Government Agent for the Matara district will put up to auction, at his office in Matara, the under-mentioned portions of Crown Land, on the terms authorised by Government.

Twenty-seven allotments of land situated in the Weligam korale division of the Matara district of the Southern Province.

Lot.	Name of Land.	Village.	Description.	Extent.	
				A.	R. P.
Preliminary plan 2,751.					
5401	Udatampalla	Bangama	Paddy	1	2 7
5402	Maguramullakanatta or Alutwatta-atmaga	Kerawakbokka	Chena	3	3 16
5403	Simbalagahawatta	Bangama	Vegetable garden	0	1 23
5404	Udatampellawatta	do.	do.	0	2 10
5405	Maguramullakanatta	Kerawakbokka	do.	0	2 26
5406	Do.	do.	Chena	0	2 23
5407	Ganbadda	do.	Paddy	1	3 1
Preliminary plan 2,910.					
6029	Amukoratuwa	Katanwela	Low jungle	2	3 9
Preliminary plan 2,972					
6408	Pellegalawila	Minibogoda	Paddy land	2	1 9
6409	Mudukarawedeniya	do.	do.	3	1 8
6410	Karandeniya	do.	do.	2	2 11
6411	Bokutugahadeniya	Ganbella	do.	2	0 16
Preliminary plan 3,022.					
6651	Udakumburahena	Kotadupe	Jungle	11	1 34
6653	Do.	do.	Citronella & cocoanut	0	1 5
6654	Kadurupahadeniyahena	do.	do.	3	1 18
Preliminary plan 3,138.					
7093	Kulundollagodella	Denepitiya	Jungle	7	2 1
N 277	Do.	do.	Old jak	0	1 3
O 277	Julagahakoratuwa	do.	do.	0	0 38
P 277	Kulundollagodella	do.	Citronella	0	1 8
Preliminary plan 3,245.					
7447	Guruboulgodahena	Ketanwela	Chena	1	3 11
7448	Dangahadeniya	Eramudugoda	do.	8	2 0
Preliminary plan 3,272.					
7525	Mahamuttetuwa	Ketanwila	Paddy field	1	3 34
7526	Vidanamuttetuwa	do.	do.	1	0 17
7528	Kottedeniyaokandagodahena	do.	do.	3	2 3
Preliminary plan 3,684.					
5147	Karanduwegoda	Peddapitiya	Chena	8	3 7
5148	Karanduwadeniya	do.	Deniya	0	0 25
5149	Maliaddegoda	do.	Chena	0	3 28

Upset price,—Rs. 10 per acre.

NOTE.—Any persons considering that they have any claims to any of these lands are hereby required to produce their evidence of title before the Assistant Government Agent on the day of sale.

Further information respecting these lands may be obtained from the Hon. the Surveyor-General, and respecting the conditions of sale from the Assistant Government Agent, Matara.

By His Excellency the Governor's command,

E. NOEL WALKER,  
Colonial Secretary.

No. 792, s. p.

විෂි 1891 ක්වු ජූලි මස 16 වෙනි දින කොළඹ  
මහසෙක්කාරිස්උත්තාන්සේනේ කන්තෝරුවේදීය.

මා කරදියාවේ උපඵ්ජන්තලත්තාන්සේ විසින් මෙහි පහත සඳහන්වෙන ආණ්ඩුවසන්තක ඉඩම් ආණ්ඩුවේ නියෝගවල ප්‍රකාරයට විෂි 1891 ක්වු සැප්තැම්බර් මස 9 වෙනි දිනවූ බද්ද දවැලට මාතර කවිවේරියේදී වෙන්දේසිකර විකුණන්නට යෙදෙනවා ඇත.

දකුණු දිසාවේ මාකර පලාතේ වැලිගමකෝරලේ කොට්ඨාසයේ පිහිටා තිබෙන බිම්කැබලි.

සිතියම 2,751. වැලිගමකෝරලේ.

නො.	ඉඩම.	ගම.	අන්දම.	මහත. අ. රු. ප.
5401	උඩතම්පැල්ල	බත්ගම	වී	1 2 7
5402	මඟුරුමුල්ලෙනත්ත නො	කොරවක්කොක්ක	හේන	3 3 16
5403	සියඹලගහවත්ත	බත්ගම	එලව්වත්ත	0 1 23
5404	උඩතම්පලවත්ත	එම	එම	0 2 10
5405	මඟුරුමුල්ලෙනත්ත	කොරවක්කොක්ක	එම	0 2 26
5406	එම	එම	හේන	0 2 23
4407	ගන්බැද්ද	එම	වී	1 3 1
සිතියම 2,910.				
6029	අමුකොරවුව	කැටත්විල	බැද්ද	2 3 9
සිතියම 2,972.				
6408	පැලගලවිල	මිනිපෝගොඩ	කුඹුරුබිම	2 1 9
6409	මුදුකරුවේදෙනිය	එම	එම	3 1 8
6410	කරන්දෙනිය	එම	එම	2 2 11
6411	බොකුටුගහදෙනිය	ගන්හැල	එම	2 0 15
සිතියම 3,022.				
6651	උඩකුඹුරේහේන	කොටදුපේ	බැද්ද	11 1 34
6653	එම	එම	පැහිරිසි පොල්	0 1 5
6654	කදුරුපහදෙනියේහේන	එම	එම	3 1 18
සිතියම 3,138.				
7093	පුළුන්දෙලේගොඩැල්ල	දෙවේපිටිය	බැද්ද	7 2 1
N 277	එම	එම	පරන කොස්	0 1 3
O 277	ජුලේගහකොරවුව	එම	එම	0 0 38
P 277	කුළුන්දෙලේගොඩැල්ල	එම	පැහිරි	0 1 8
සිතියම 3,245.				
7447	ඟුරුබවුල්ගොඩහේන	කැටත්විල	හේන	1 3 11
7448	දත්තගහේනදෙනිය	එරමුදුගොඩ	එම	8 2 0
සිතියම 3,272.				
7525	මහමුක්කෙට්ටුව	කැටත්විල	කුඹුර	1 3 34
7526	විදුනේමුක්කෙට්ටුව	එම	එම	1 0 17
7528	කොටදෙනියේඹකන්ද ගොඩහේන	එම	එම	3 2 3
සිතියම 2,684.				
5147	කරන්දුවේගොඩ	පේද්දපිටිය	හේන	8 3 7
5148	කරන්දුවේදෙනිය	එම	දෙනිය	0 0 25
5149	මහිසද්දේගොඩ	එම	හේන	0 3 28

මෙම ඉඩම් ගැණ ගම් අයිතිකම් ඇතැයි සිතියම පිටපත් කළේය. විකිනීම දවසේදී ඔවුන්ගේ සාක්ෂි උපද්ඨකරුවන්ගේ ඉදිරිපිට ගෙනැවිත් ඔප්පුකර සිටින්නට ඕනෑය.

මෙම ඉඩම් ගැණ වැඩිදුර කාරණා වංශාධිපති සර්වේඥරජනරාජ උත්තරාන්දේගොඩ, විකිනීමේ කොන් දේසිය ගැණ කාරණා මාකර ආණ්ඩුවේ උපද්ඨකරුවන්ගේද දැනගන්නට පුළුවන.

ආණ්ඩුකාර උතුරු මාකරවත්තේගේ ආඥාවලෙස,  
ඊ හොඵල් මාකර,  
මහසෙනෙවිවරයා වෙත.

LAND SALES IN THE NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCE

No. 909, N.-W. P.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo July 13, 1891.

ON Monday, October 26, 1891, at 1 o'clock P.M., the Assistant Government Agent for the Chilaw district will put up for sale or settlement, at his office in Chalaw Kachcheri, the under-mentioned portions of Crown Land, on the terms authorised by Government.

Thirty-four allotments of land situated in the Pitigal korale north division of the Chilaw district of the North-Western Province.

Preliminary plan 1,509.

Village—Mugunuwatawana.

Lot.	Name of Claimant.	Description.	Extent.		
			A.	R.	P.
G 646	Mugunuwatawana Pansala	—	20	0	29
7870	Crown	—	42	1	0
7871	Do.	—	20	3	13
7877	Do.	—	1	1	22
7879	Do.	—	31	3	6
7880	Do.	—	4	2	23
7881	Leased land for settlement		13	2	12
J 646	Herathami Nekatirale	Garden	4	1	38
K 646	Kusalhami Vedarala	do.	0	1	25
L 646	Loku Andirala	do.	0	2	37
M 646	Bandi Etana	do.	1	1	1
7882	Crown	do.	0	3	15
7883	Do.	Jungle	12	1	17
7886	Do.	do.	0	1	6
N 646	Loku Andirala	Garden	0	2	27
O 646	M. Gamarala	do.	2	1	39
P 646	Andirala and others	do.	0	3	10
R 646	Bagidi Etana	do.	0	1	14
S 646	Kombihami and another	do.	0	2	1
T 646	Mohandiram Appu	do.	0	2	20
7887	Crown	Jungle	0	0	16
7890	Do.	do.	0	2	8
U 646	Ausadahami	Garden	0	3	37
7891	Crown	Jungle	2	2	26
A 647	Menuhami Gamarala	Garden	1	3	8
B 647	Sundarahami	do.	1	0	11
7896	Crown	do.	2	2	2
7897	Leased land for settlement		9	3	33
C 647	P. V. Kusalhami	Garden	1	0	29
7898	Crown	Jungle	11	1	0
7899	Leased land for settlement		16	2	0
7900	Do.	do.	22	1	25
7901	Crown	Jungle	7	2	26
F 647	Punchi Etana	Garden	0	2	28

Further information respecting these lands may be obtained from the Hon. the Surveyor-General, and respecting the conditions of sale from the Assistant Government Agent, Chilaw.

By His Excellency the Governor's command,

E. NOEL WALKER,  
Colonial Secretary.

No. 909, N.-W. P. වමේ 1891 ක්වු ජුලිමස 13 වෙනි දින කොළඹ මහසෙනෙකාරිස් උන් නාන්සේසේ කන්තෝරුවේදීය.

වමේ දිසාවේ හලාවත දිසානිකුමේ උපඵ්ජන්ත උන්නාන්සේ විසින් මෙහි පහත සඳහන්වෙන

ආණ්ඩුව සන්තක ඉඩම් ආණ්ඩුවේ නියෝගවල ප්‍රකාර සට වමේ 1891 ක්වු කන්තෝරුව මස 26 වෙනි දිනවු හදුද පැය 1ට හලාවත කවිචේරියේදී විකිණීමට නො හොත් කේරීමට යෙදෙනවා ඇත.

වමේ දිසාවේ හලාවත පලාතේ උතුරු පිටිගල් කෝරලේ කොට්ඨාසයේ පිහිටා තිබෙන බිම්කැබෙලි 34ක්.

සිතියම 1,509. ගම—මුගුනුවටවන.

නො.	අයිතිකම් කියන්නා.	අකුම.	මහත.		
			අ. රු. ප.	අ. රු. ප.	
G 646	මුගුනුවටවනපන්සල	වත්ත	20	0	29
7870	රජසන්තකය	කැලේ	42	1	0
7871	එම	එම	20	3	13
7877	එම	මුඩුබිම	1	1	22
7879	එම	කැලේ	31	3	6
7880	එම	එම	4	2	23
7881	බදුඉඩම කේරීමට		13	2	12
J 646	සේරන්හාමිනැකතිරල වනන	එම	4	1	38
K 646	කුසල්හාමිවෙදරල	එම	0	1	25
L 646	ලොකුආඞිරල	එම	0	2	37
M646	බන්ධිඑතනා	එම	1	1	1
7882	රජසන්තකය	එම	0	3	15
7883	එම	කැලේ	12	1	17
7886	එම	එම	0	1	6
N 646	ලොකුආඞිරල	ඒකක	0	2	27
O 646	ඇම්. ගමරල	එම	2	1	39
P 646	ආන්ධිරල සහ තවත්	එම	0	3	10
R 646	බහදිඑතනා	එම	0	1	14
S 646	කොම්බිහාමි සහ තවත් එක්කෙනෙක්	එම	0	2	1
T 646	මුහන්දිරම්අප්පු	එම	0	2	20
7887	රජසන්තකය	කැලේ	0	0	16
7890	එම	එම	0	2	8
U 646	අමුසදහාමි	වත්ත	0	3	37
7891	රජසන්තකය	කැලේ	2	2	26
A 647	මුහුහාමි ගමරල	වත්ත	1	3	8
B 647	පුන්දරහාමි	එම	1	0	11
7896	රජසන්තකය	එම	2	2	2
7897	බදුඉඩම කේරීමට	එම	9	3	33
C 647	පී. වි. කුසල්හාමි	වත්ත	1	0	29
7898	රජසන්තකය	කැලේ	11	1	0
7899	බදුඉඩම කේරීමට	එම	16	2	0
7900	එම	එම	22	1	28
7901	රජසන්තකය	කැලේ	7	2	26
F 647	පුන්ඵඑතනා	වත්ත	0	2	28

මෙම ඉඩම් ගැණ වැඩිදුර කාරණා වංශාධිපති සර් වේසර්ජන්තරුල් උන්නාන්සේගෙන, විකිණීමේ කොන් දේසියගැණ කාරණා වසඛදිසාවේ හලාවත දිස්ත්‍රික්ක වේ ආණ්ඩුවේ උපඵ්ජන්ත උන්නාන්සේගෙන දූත ගන්නට පුළුවන.

ආණ්ඩුකාර උතුමානන්වනන්සේගේ ආඥාවලෙස

ජ. හොඵල් වාකර,

මහසෙනෙකාරිස් වමක.

No. 910, N.-W. P.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 18, 1891.

ON Thursday, September 3, 1891, at 1 o'clock P.M., the Government Agent for the North-Western Province will put up to auction, at his office in Kurunegala, the under-mentioned portions of Crown Land, on the terms authorised by Government.

Five allotments of land situated in the Weudawilli hatpattu of the Kurunegala district of the North-Western Province.

Preliminary plan 1,549.

Lot.	Village.	Name of Applicant.	Name of Claimant.	Description.	Extent. A. B. P.
8096	Walalamulla	H. A. T. Seyyadu Osen	The Crown	Chena	5 1 4
8097	Do.	do.	do.	—	0 1 39
Preliminary plan 1,550.					
8098	Balawattala	Loku Banda Korala	The Crown	Chena	7 2 26
Preliminary plan 1,556.					
8104	Katiyawa	Edgar Ferdinand	The Crown	Forest	10 3 6
Preliminary plan 1,564.					
8216	Olagama	Rambodarala	The Crown	Jungle	5 1 2

Further information respecting these lands may be obtained from the Hon. the Surveyor-General, and respecting the conditions of sale from the Government Agent, Kurunegala.

By His Excellency the Governor's command,  
E. NOEL WALKER,  
Colonial Secretary.

No. 910, N.-W. P.

වමී 1891 ක්වු ජුලි මස 18 වෙනි දින කොළඹ

මහසෙනෙකාරිජනපතිවරයාගේ කන්තෝරුවෙහිදී,

වසම්දියාවේ කුරුනෑගල ඒජන්තලන්තාන්සේ විසින් මෙහිපහක සඳහන්වෙන ආණ්ඩුව සන්කක ඉඩම් ආණ්ඩුවේ නියෝගවල ප්‍රකාරයට වමී 1891 ක්වු සැප්තැම්බර් මස 3 වෙනි දිනවු බ්‍රහස්පතින්දා එකේ කති සමට කුරුනෑගල කවිවේරියේදී වෙන්දේසිකර විකුණනට යෙදෙනවාදී.

වසම් දියාවේ කුරුනෑගල පලාතේ වැලඬ විලිහත්පත්තුවේ පිහිටා තිබෙන බිම්කැබලි.

සිතියම 1,549.

නො.	ගම.	ඉල්ලුම්කාරයාගේ නම.	අයුම.	මහක. අ. ර. ප.
8096	වලකමුල්ල	එච්. ඒ. පී. සෙසියු මසෙන්	භේන	5 1 4
8097	එම	එම	—	0 0 39
සිතියම 1,550.				
8098	බලවත්තල	ලොකුබණ්ඩා කෝරල	භේන	7 2 26
සිතියම 1,556.				
8104	කපියාව	ඇඩ්වර්ට්ස්ටන්	මුකලාන	10 3 6
සිතියම 1,564.				
8216	මලගම	රම්බොඩරල	කැලේ	5 1 2

මෙම ඉඩම් හැණ වැඩිදුර කාරණා වංචාබිපති සර්වේභාර්ජනරාජ්‍යලන්තාන්සේගෙන්, විකිණීමේ කොන් දේසිය ගැණ කාරණා කුරුනෑගල ආණ්ඩුවේ ඒජන්තලන්තාන්සේගෙන්ද දැනගන්නට පුළුවන.

ආණ්ඩුකාර උතුමානත්වයන්සේගේ ආඥාවලෙස,  
ඊ. නොඑල් වාකර්,  
මහසෙනෙකාරිජන පති

No. 911, N.-W. P.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 18, 1891.

ON Friday, September 4, 1891, at 1 o'clock P.M., the Government Agent for the North-Western Province will put up to auction, at his office in Kurunegala, the under-mentioned portion of Crown Land, on the terms authorised by Government.

An allotment of land situated in the Hiriyala hatpattu of the Kurunegala district of the North-Western Province.

Preliminary plan 1,555.

Lot.	Village.	Name of Applicant.	Name of Claimant.	Description	Extent. A. B. P.
8103	Galgiriyawa	Borawewe Banda	The Crown	Paddy land	4 3 39

Further information respecting this land may be obtained from the Hon. the Surveyor-General, and respecting the conditions of sale from the Government Agent, Kurunegala.

By His Excellency the Governor's command,  
E. NOEL WALKER,  
Colonial Secretary.

No. 911, N.-W. P.

වර්ෂ 1891 ක්වූ ජූලි මස 18 වෙනි දින කොළඹ

මහසෙක්කුකාරිස්ථානයේ සේවයේ කන්තෝරුවේදීය.

වසඹදිසාවේ ආණ්ඩුවේ ඒජන්තවරයාගේ විසින් මෙහි පහත සඳහන්වන ආණ්ඩුවසන්තක ඉඩම් ආණ්ඩුවේ නියෝගවල ප්‍රකාරයට වර්ෂ 1891 ක්වූ සැප්තැම්බර් මස 4 වෙනි දිනවූ සිකුරාදා 1 කේ කතිසමට කුරුනෑගල කවිචේරියේදී වෙන්දේසිකර විකුණනට යෙදෙනවා ඇත.

වසඹදිසාවේ කුරුනෑගලපලායේ හිරියාල හත්පත්තුවේ පිහිටා තිබෙන බිම්කැබලි.

සිතියම 1,555.

නො.	ගම.	ඉල්ලුම්කාරයා.	අයිතිකම කියන්නා.	අන්දම.	මහත.
8103	ගල්හිරියාව	බෙරවැවේ බත්වා	රාජසන්තක	කුඹුරුබිම	4 3 39

මෙම ඉඩමගැණ වැඩිදුර කාරණා වංශාධිපති සර්වේඥපනරාජවරයාගේ සේවයේ, විකිනීමේ කොන්දේසියගැණ කාරණා කුරුනෑගල ආණ්ඩුවේ ඒජන්තවරයාගේ සේවයේ දැනගන්නට පුළුවන.

ආණ්ඩුකාර උතුමානන්වහන්සේගේ ආඥාවලෙස,  
 ජ. නොඑල් වාකර්,  
 මහසෙක්කුකාරිස් වම්හ.

No. 912, N.-W. P.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 12, 1891.

ON Friday, September 18, 1891, at 1 o'clock p.m., the Government Agent for the North-Western Province will put up to auction, at his office in Kurunegala, the under-mentioned portions of Crown Land, on the terms authorised by Government.

Thirteen allotments of land situated in the Katugampola hatpattu of the Kurunegala district of the North-Western Province.

Preliminary plan 1,514.

Lot.	Village.	Name of Applicant.	Name of Claimant.	Description.	Extent.
7933	Kelegedara	The Ratamahatmaya	The Crown	Forest	2 2 27
Preliminary plan 705.					
4393	Beminigalla	Government Agent	The Crown	Paddy	0 3 34
4395	Do.	do.	do.	Jungle	0 1 10
Preliminary plan 1,483.					
7631	Labbala	The Ratamahatmaya	The Crown	Forest	20 0 17
7632	Do.	do.	do.	do.	1 3 19
7633	Do.	do.	do.	do.	1 0 20
7634	Do.	do.	do.	Chena	1 3 18
7635	Do.	do.	do.	Forest	6 0 12
Preliminary plan 1,500.					
7795	Bopitiya	N. N. G. Sela	The Crown	Paddy	4 1 1
7796	Do.	do.	do.	High jungle	10 0 8
Preliminary plan 1,456.					
7593	Iriyagolla	Government Agent	The Crown	Forest and chena	9 3 28
Preliminary plan 1,430.					
7433	Do.	Government Agent	The Crown	Forest	16 0 18
Preliminary plan 1,530.					
7996	Kamburugoda	The Ratamahatmaya	The Crown	do.	38 2 4

Further information respecting these lands may be obtained from the Hon. the Surveyor-General, and respecting the conditions of sale from the Government Agent, Kurunegala.

By His Excellency the Governor's command,  
 E. NOEL WALKER,  
 Colonial Secretary.

No. 912, N.-W. P.

වර්ෂ 1891 ක්වූ ජූලි මස 18 වෙනි දින කොළඹ

මහසෙක්කුකාරිස්ථානයේ සේවයේ කන්තෝරුවේදීය.

වසඹදිසාවේ කුරුනෑගල ආණ්ඩුවේ ඒජන්තවරයාගේ විසින් මෙහි පහත සඳහන්වන ආණ්ඩුව සන්තක ඉඩම් ආණ්ඩුවේ නියෝගවල ප්‍රකාරයට වර්ෂ 1891 ක්වූ සැප්තැම්බර් මස 18 වෙනි දිනවූ සිකුරාදා එකේ කතිසමට කුරුනෑගල කවිචේරියේදී වෙන්දේසිකර විකුණනට යෙදෙනවා ඇත.

වසඹදිසාවේ කුරුනෑගල පලායේ කටුගම්පොල හත්පත්තුවේ පිහිටා තිබෙන බිම්කැබලි.

සිතියම 1,514.

නො.	ගම.	ඉල්ලුම්කාරයාගේ නම.	අන්දම.	මහත.
7933	කැලෑගෙදර	රච්චමහත්මයා	මුකලාන	2 2 27
සිතියම 705.				
4393	බැමිනිගල්ල	ආණ්ඩුවේ ඒජන්ත වම්හ	කුඹුරුබිම	0 3 34
4395	එම	එම	ලදුකැලේ	0 1 10

(4°)

නො.	ගම.	ඉල්ලීමකාරකයාගේ නම.	අකුම.	මහත. ් අ. ර. ප.
		සිතියම 1,483.		
7631	ලබ්බල	රචේමහත්මයා	මුකලාන	20 0 17
7632	එම	එම	එම	1 3 19
7633	එම	එම	එම	1 0 20
7634	එම	එම	හේන	1 3 18
7635	එම	එම	මුකලාන	6 0 12
		සිතියම 1,500.		
7795	බෝපිටිය	ඇන්. ඇන්. ජී. සිල්වා	කුඹුරුබිම	4 1 1
7796	එම	එම	අන්දමුවා කැලේ	10 0 8
		සිතියම 1,456.		
7593	ජරියගොල්ල	ආණ්ඩුවේ ඒජන්තලත්නාන්සේ	මුකලාන සහ හේන	9 3 28
		සිතියම 1,430.		
7433	එම	ආණ්ඩුවේ ඒජන්ත	මුකලාන	16 0 18
		සිතියම 1,530.		
7996	කුඹුරුගොඩ	රචේමහත්මයා	එම	38 2 4

මෙම ඉඩම්කැණ වැඩිදුරකාරණ වංශාධිපති සර්වේසර්ජනරල් උත්තාන්සේගෙනු, විකිනීමේ කොන්දේ සියලුම කාරණ කුරුකැල ආණ්ඩුවේ ඒජන්තලත්නාන්සේගෙනු දැනගත්ව පුළුවන.

ආණ්ඩුකාර උතුමානන්වහන්සේගේ ආඥාවලෙස,  
ජ. නොඑල් වාකර්,  
මහාසෙක්‍රයාරිස් වමහ.

**LAND SALES IN THE PROVINCE OF SABARAGAMUWA.**

No. 75, F. OF S.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 15, 1891.

AT noon on Tuesday, September 8, 1891, the Government Agent of the Province of Sabaragamuwa will put up to auction for sale or settlement, at his office in Ratnapura, the under-mentioned portions of Crown Land, on the terms authorised by Government.

Ten allotments of land situated in Uda pattu of the Kuruwiti korale.

Preliminary plan 53.—Uda pattu, Kuruwiti korale.

Village—Kahahengama.

Lot.	Name of Land.	Name of Applicant.	Name of Claimant.	Description.	Extent. A. R. P.
B 16	Pepolghahena	Newatihami	Ellegedara Mudiyansele	Chena, 20 years old	50 2 6
110	Kendalanda	—	Loku Banda	Chena, 10 years old	4 2 19
C 16	Ambagahakumburadeniya and Bubeledeniya	Newatihami	Ellegedara Mudiyansele	Deniya	31 3 33
D 16	Ambagahakumburahena	do.	do.	Chena, 10 years old	6 0 34
E 16	Asweddumalangahena	do.	do.	Chena, 20 years old	35 3 7
F 16	Potuwiladeniya	do.	do.	Deniya	17 3 26
G 16	Kirigalamuksalana or Ram-bukpotahena	do.	do.	Young forest	52 2 22
H 16	Metigahapuhena	do.	do.	Chena	12 1 12
I 16	Kadawatagewattahena	do.	do.	Chena, 6 years old	16 1 12

Upset price,—Rs. 10 per acre.

These lands are reported to contain gems.

Further information respecting these lands may be obtained from the Hon. the Surveyor-General, and respecting the conditions of sale from the Government Agent, Ratnapura.

By His Excellency the Governor's command,

E. NOEL WALKER,  
Colonial Secretary.



No. 75, P. OF S.

වර්ෂ 1891 ක්වු ජූලි මස 15 වෙනි දින කොළඹ මහසෙනෙවිතුමාගේ උත්තරාණයේ කන්තෝරුවේදී.

ආණ්ඩුවට අයිති මෙහි පහත සඳහන්වෙන බිම් කොට්ඨාස වර්ෂ 1891 ක්වු සැප්තැම්බර් මස 8 වෙනි වූ ක්වු අඟහරුවාදී සබරගමුවේදී ඒජන්ත උත්තරාණයේ විසින් රත්නපුරේ කවිවෙරියේදී ආණ්ඩුවේ නියෝගවල ප්‍රකාරයට විකුණන බව හෝ බේරීමක් කරන බව යෙදෙනවා ඇත.

සබරගමුවේ රත්නපුර පලාතේ කුරුවිටිකෝරලේ උවපත්තුවේ පිහිටි ඉඩම් කවිවි 10ක්. සිතියම 53. ගම—කහසේනගම. ඉල්ලීමකාරයා—නුවෙහිගම.

නො.	ඉඩම.	අයිතිකම් කියන්නා.	අන්දම.	මහත. අ. රු. ප.
B 16	පැවොල්ගහසේන	ඇල්ලේගෙදර මුදියන්සේලායේ ලොකුබන්ධා	සේන (වයස අවුරුදු 20)	50 2 6
110	කැසලා	මේ ඉඩමට ඉල්ලීමකාරයෙක් නැ. ආණ්ඩුව	සේන (වයස අවුරුදු 10)	4 2 19
C 16	අඹගහකුඹුරේ දෙණිය සහ මුඩුලේදෙණිය	ඇල්ලේගෙදර මුදියන්සේලායේ ලොකුබන්ධා	ඉල්ලීමකාරයා—නුවෙහිගම.	
D 16	අඹගහකුඹුරේ සේන	ඉදිකිය		31 3 33
E 16	අස්වැද්දුමලග සේන	එම	සේන (අවුරුදු 10 වයස)	6 0 34
F 16	පොකුම්පිලදෙණිය	එම	එම (වයස අවුරුදු 20)	35 3 7
G 16	කිරිගලේ මුකලාන නොගොඩ රමුක්පොතේසේන	එම	දෙණිය	17 3 26
H 16	මැටිගහපුසේන	එම	වැඩිවයසනොගිස මුකලාන	52 2 22
I 16	කඩවතගේ වත්තේසේන	එම	සේන (වයස අවුරුදු 6)	12 1 12
				16 1 12

මේ ඉඩම්වල මැනික් නිබෙනවායකිසා රපෝර්තුකරන්නේ. අක්කරයක් රූපිසල් 10 බැගින්.

මෙම ඉඩම්ගැන වැඩිදුර කාරණා වංශාධිපති සර්වේසර්ජන්තු උත්තරාණයේගෙන, විකිනීමේ කොන්දේසිය ගැන කාරණා සබරගමුවේදී ඒජන්ත උත්තරාණයේගෙන දැනගත්ව පුළුවන.

ආණ්ඩුකාර උතුමානන්වගන්සේගේ ආඥාවලෙස,  
ජ. නොඑල් වාකර්,  
මහසෙනෙවිතුමාගේ වමිග.

LAND ACQUISITION NOTICES.

I DO hereby give public notice that I have been duly directed by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, acting under the provisions of "The Land Acquisition Ordinance of 1876," section sixth, to take order for the acquisition of the following lands, to wit:—

Lot.	Situation.	Name of Claimant.	Extent. A. R. P.
Preliminary plan 9,767. Name—Hettiyawatta. Description—Houses and cocoanut garden.			
D 621	Korteboam street and Pickering's road	Delkandura Arachchige Abraham Silva and wife ; 2, Adrian de Soyza Wijayagunaratna Siriwardana and wife ; 3, Henry de Soyza Wijayagunaratna Siriwardana and wife ; 4, Caroline de Soyza Wijayagunaratna Siriwardana ; 5, William Norman Rajapaksa and brother ; 6, widow of Joseph Henry de Soyza	7 2 6
E 621	Pickering's road and Skinner's road north	Widow of Joseph Henry de Soyza	0 3 12
F 621	Korteboam street and Skinner's road north	do.	1 1 1
G 621	Pickering's road	S. Katirayelu Shroff, Oriental Bank Corporation	0 1 35.25
Description—Cocoanut garden.			
H 621	Pickering's road and Skinner's road north	do.	0 1 30
I	Do.	James Fernando	0 1 28.40

All persons interested in the aforesaid lands are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before me at the Kachcheri on August 7, 1891, at 1 p.m., and to state the nature of their respective interests in the lands, and the amount and particulars of their claims to compensation for such interests.

Colombo Kachcheri,  
July 7, 1891.

A. R. DAWSON,  
Government Agent.

වෛ 1876 ක්වු අවුරුද්දේ නොමමර 3නේ ආඥාපත්‍රයේ හත්වෙනි වගන්තියේ ප්‍රකාරයට මෙහි පහත සඳහන් වෙන ඉඩම් ලබාගැනීම සඳහා ක්‍රියාකරණවිණිස වෛ 1876යේ ඉඩම් ලබාගැනීමේ ආඥාපත්‍රයේ හත්වන කාණ්ඩේ කරතීවෙන පාසාර්තුචල ප්‍රකාර ආණ්ඩුකාරක මණ්ඩලයකට මන්ත්‍රණය ඇතුළු උතුමානන් වගන්තියේ විසින් මට අණකරන්ව යෙදුන බව මෙයින් දැනුම්දුන්නා ඇත. එනම්:—

සිතියම 9,767. නම—ගෙවිටියාවන. විස්තර—ගෙවල් සහ පොල්වත්ත.

නො.	පිහිටා තිබෙන ස්ථානය.	අයිතියකම කියන්නා.	මහත. අ. රු. ප.
D 621	කොර්තබෝන්විවිසෙ සහ පිකරිත්පාරේ	දෙල්කදුර ආරච්චිගේ ආචුගම සිල්වා සහ සත්‍රි; 2, අලියන්ද සොයිසා විජයගුණරත්න සිරිවර්ධන සහ සත්‍රි; 3, හෙන්රිද සොයිසා විජයගුණරත්න සිරිවර්ධන සහ සත්‍රි; 4, කැරෙලැයිත් සොයිසා විජයගුණරත්න සිරිවර්ධන; 5, විලියම් නොර්මන් රාජපක්‍ෂ සහ සහෝදරයා; 6, ජෝසප් හෙන්රිද සොයිසාගේ වැනුණු සත්‍රි	7 2 6
E 621	පිකරිත්පාරේ සහ උතුරු ස්කිනර්පාරේ	ජෝසප් හෙන්රිද සොයිසාගේ වැනුණු සත්‍රි	0 3 12
F 621	කොර්තබෝන්විවිසෙ සහ උතුරු ස්කිනර්පාරේ	එම	1 1 1
G 621	පිකරිත්පාරේ	ඇස්. කතිරවෙච්ච මරියන්ටල්බැන්කුවේ ප්‍රාප් අන්දම—පොල්වත්ත.	0 1 35.25
H 621	එම සහ ස්කිනර්පාරේ	එම	0 1 30
I	එම	ජේම්ස් ප්‍රනාන්දු	0 1 28.50

ඉහත කී ඉඩම්වලට කමතවුන්ට ඇත්තාවූ අයිතිවාසිකම් තවුන්ට නොහොත් තවුන් වෙනුවට ක්‍රියාකරණ අය විසින් වෛ 1891 ක්වු අගෝස්තු මස 7 වෙනි දින එකේ කතිසමට කවිවෙරියේදී මා ඉදිරිපිටට පැමිණ කියා සිටින්නට බැවින් සහ මෙම ඉඩම් වෙනුවට ලැබෙන මුදල ගැන ඇත්තාවූ අයිතිවාසිකමේ අන්දම සහ තොරතුරුත් කියා සිටින්නට බැවින් මෙම ඉඩම් අයිතිවාසිකම් ඇති සියළුදෙනාගෙන්ම මෙයින් බැනුකලා ඇත.

වෛ 1891 ක්වු ජූලි මස 7 වෙනි දින කොළඹ කවිවෙරියේදීය. ඒ. ආර්. බෝසන්, ආණ්ඩුවේ ඒජන්තවරයා.

இதுண்கீழ்சொல்லப்பட்டபெற்ற காணிக்கைப்பெற்றுக்கொள்ளும்பொருட்டு 1876 ம ஆண்டின காணிக்கைப்பெற்றுக்கொள்வதைப்பற்றிய கட்டளைச்சட்டத்தின் 6 ம பிரிவினப்பிரகாரம் தேசாதிபதியவர்கள் பிரமாணவதிச்சங்கத்தாரூடைய ஆலோசனை அனுமதியுடன், எனக்கு கட்டளைச்செய்கிருப்பதை இத்தலை அறியப்பண்ணுகிறேன். அதாகிறது:—

பி. பிளான இலக்கம் 9,757.

பெயர்—கெற்றியாவத்தை. விவரம்—யடுகனம் தென்னந்தோட்டம்.

இல.	இருககுமிடம்.	உருத்துபேசுவோரின பெயர்.	விசாலம். அ. ரூ. ப.
D 621	கோட்டபேரம்பதேருவும் பிக்கறிங்ஸ்பாதையும்	முலகண்ணுற ஆராய்ச்சிகே ஆபிரகாம் சீல்வாவும் மனவியும், 2 அடியியான டி சொயசா வீசைய குண்டெற்றன் சிறிவாடினவும் மனவியும், 3 எண் டிறி டி சொய்சா வீசையகுண்டெற்றன் சிறிவாடினவும் மனவியும், 4 கெறலயின் டி சொயசா வீசையகுண்டெற்றன் சிறிவாடின, 5 வீல்லியம் நோராமன் ருசபகசாவும் சகோதரனும், 6 யோசேப் எனடிறி டி சொய்சாவீன கைம்பெண்	7 2 6
E 621	பிக்கறிங்ஸரோட்டம் ஸ்கினர்ஸரோட்ட வடக்கும	யோசேப்என்டிறி டி சொய்சாவீன கைம்பெண்	0 3 12
F 621	கோட்டபேரம்பதேருவும் ஸ்கினர்ஸரோட்ட வடக்கும	ஒடி	1 1 1
G 621	பிக்கறிங்ஸரோட்ட	எஸ். கதிரவேலு (சிறப்பு ஒ. வே. கோ.)	0 1 35.25
விவரம்—தென்னந்தோட்டம்.			
H 621	பிக்கறிங்ஸரோட்டம் ஸ்கினர்ஸரோட்டம்	ஒடி	0 1 30
I	ஒடி	யேமஸபறுண்டு	0 1 28.50

மேற்கூறிய காணிக்கைகளுக்கு உரித்துபேசுகின்ற சகலபேரும் தானுகவல்லது அவரவருடைய காரியகாரரால் 1891 ஆண்டு ஆவணிமாசம் 7 தேதி யகல 1 மணிக்கு கச்சேரியில் எனக்குதாவில் வெளியப்பட்டசொல்லிக்கொள்ள வேண்டியதுமல்லாமல் அந்தக்காணிக்கைக்குப் பெற்றுக் கொள்ளப்பட்ட பணத்தையும் அதைப் பெற்றுக்கொள்வதற்குண்டான உரித்தையுஞ் சொல்லவேண்டியது.

கொழும்பு கச்சேரி, 1891 ம ஆண்டு ஆடிமாசம் 7 ந் தேதி. ஏ. ஆர். டோசன், அரசாட்சி ஏசனறு.

I DO hereby give public notice that I have been duly directed by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, acting under the provisions of "The Land Acquisition Ordinance of 1876," section sixth, to take order for the acquisition of the following land, to wit :—

Preliminary plan 1,640. Village.—Galmuruwa.

Lot.	Name.	Description.	Name of Claimant.	Extent. A. R. P.
D 700	Kudy-iruppu Mukalana	Jungle	Jacob de Mel	3 3 26

All persons interested in the aforesaid land are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before me at Galmuruwa on August 12, 1891, at 1 o'clock, and to state the nature of their respective interests in the land, and the amount and particulars of their claims to compensation for such interests.

Chilaw Kachcheri,  
July 4, 1891.

E. T. NOYES,  
Assistant Government Agent.

විෂි 1876 ක්ව අවුරුද්දේ නොමමර 3නේ ආඥාපත්‍රයේ හත්වෙනි වගන්තියේ ප්‍රකාරයට මෙහි පහත සඳහන් වෙන ඉඩම ලබාගැනීම සඳහා ක්‍රියාකරණ පිණිස වෂි 1876යේ ඉඩම් ලබාගැනීමේ ආඥාපත්‍රයේ හත්වෙනි කාන්තේ කරකිබෙන පහර්තු වල ප්‍රකාර ආණ්ඩුකාරක මන්ත්‍රණසභාවේ මන්ත්‍රණය ඇතුළු උතුමානන්වහන් සේ විසින් මව අහකරණට යෙදුනබව මෙයින් දැනුම්දුන්නාඇත. එනම් :—

සිතියම 1,640. ගම—ගල්වුරුව.

නො.	නම.	අඤුම.	අයිතියම කියන්නා.	මහත. අ. රු. ප.
D 700	කුඩිරිපු මුකලාන	කැලේ	ජේකොබ් ද මැල්	3 3 26

ඉහතකී ඉඩමට හමනවුන්ට ඇත්නාවු අයිතිවාසිකම් හවුන්ම නොහොත් හවුන් වෙනුවට ක්‍රියාකරණ අය විසින් වෂි 1891 ක්ව අගෝස්තු මස 12 වෙනි දින දවල් 1නේ කනියමට ගල්වුරුවේදී මා ඉදිරිපිටට පැමිණ කියාසිටින්නට ඕනුවා සහ මෙම ඉඩම වෙනුවට ලැබෙන මුදල ගැන ඇත්නාවු අයිතිවාසිකමේ අඤුම සහ තොර තුරුත් කියාසිටින්නට ඕනුවබ මෙම ඉඩම අයිතිවාසිකම් ඇති සියළුදෙනාගෙන්ම මෙයින් ඕනෑකලා ඇත.

වෂි 1891 ක්ව ජූලි මස 4 වෙනි දින  
හලාවත කවිවේරියේදීය.

ජ. පී. නොයිස්,  
උපදේශන උත්තරානන්යේ.

இதன்கீழ் சொல்லப்பட்டிருக்கிற காணியைப் பெற்றுக்கொள்ளும்பொருட்டு 1876 ம் ஆண்டின் காணிபெற்றுக்கொள்வதைப்பற்றிய கட்டளைச்சட்டத்தின் 6 ம பிரிவின் பிரகாரம் தேசாதிபதியவர்கள் பிரமாண விதிச் சங்கத்தாருடைய ஆலோசனை அனுமதியுடன், எனக்குக் கட்டளைச்செய்திருப்பதை இதனால் அறியப்பண்ணுகிறேன். அதாகிறது :—

பிளான நொம்பர் 1,640. ஊர்—களமுறுவை.

இல.	பெயர்.	வ்வாட.	உருத்தாளி.	வீசாலம. உ. மு. ப.
D 700	குடிருப்புமுகலான	காடு	யேகோப் த மெல்	3 3 26

மேற் குறித்த காணிக்கு உரித்துப்பேசுகின்ற சகலபேரும் தானாகவல்லது அவாவருடைய காரியசாரால 1891 ம் ஆண்டு ஆகஸ்டின் 12 ந் தேதி ச மணிகுரு என முகதரவில் வெளிப்பட்டுசொல்லிக்கொள்ள வேண்டுவதுமல்லாமல் அந்தக்காணிகுருப் பெற்றுக்கொள்ளப்படும் பணத்தையும், அதைப்பெற்றுக்கொள்வதற்குண்டான உரிததையுஞ் சொல்லவேண்டியது.

சலாபக்கச்சேரி,  
1891 ஆண்டு ஆடிமாதம் 4 தேதி.

இ. நி. நொயிஸ்,  
உதவ் அரசாட்சி ஏசனறு.

I DO hereby give public notice that I have been duly directed by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, acting under the provisions of "The Land Acquisition Ordinance of 1876," section sixth, to take order for the acquisition of the following land, to wit :—

Preliminary plan 209. Situation—In the town of Ratnapura, Province of Sabaragamuwa.

Lot.	Name of Land.	Description.	Claimant.	Extent. A. R. P.
S 29	Mohottiwitawatta	Garden	Saviel Allis	0 0 20 25

All persons interested in the aforesaid land are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before me at Ratnapura on August 28, 1891, at 1 o'clock, and to state the nature of their respective interests in the land, and the amount and particulars of their claims to compensation for such interests.

Ratnapura Kachcheri,  
July 11, 1891.

H. WACE,  
Acting Government Agent.

**ව** 1876 ක්වු අවුරුද්දේ නොමිමර 3නේ ආඥාවගේ හත්වෙනි වගන්තියේ ප්‍රකාරයට මෙහි පහත සඳහන් වෙන ඉඩම ලබාගැනීම සඳහා ක්‍රියාකරණ පිණිස වර්ෂ 1876යේ ඉඩම් ලබාගැනීමේ ආඥාවගේ හවෙනි කාණ්ඩයේ කරතිබෙන පනාදවල ප්‍රකාර ආණ්ඩුකාරක මන්ත්‍රණසභාවේ මන්ත්‍රණය ඇතුළු උතුමානන්වන හිසේ විසින් මට අනකරනට ලෙඳනවට මෙයින් දැනුම් දුන්නා ඇත. එනම්:—

සිතියම 209. සපරගමුපලානේ රත්නපුරේ නගරයතුල පිහිටා තිබෙන.

නො.	ඉඩම.	අන්දම.	අයිතිකම කියන්නා.	මහත.
S 29	මොහොට්ටිච්චේවක	වහන	සවිලෙල්අල්ලිස්	0 0 20.25

ඉහත කී ඉඩමට තමනමට ඇත්නාවු අයිතිවාසිකම් තවුන්ම නොහොත් තවුන් වෙනුවට ක්‍රියාකරණ අය විසින් වර්ෂ 1891 ක්වු අගෝස්තු මස 28 වෙනි දින පස්වරු 1නේ කතිසමට රත්නපුරේ කවිචේරියේදී මා ඉදිරිපිටට පැමිණ කියාසිටින්නට ඕනෑවා සහ මෙම ඉඩම වෙනුවට ලැබෙන මුදල ගැන ඇත්නාවු අයිතිවාසිකම් අන්දම සහ තොරතුරුත් කියාසිටින්නට ඕනෑ බව මෙම ඉඩම අයිතිවාසිකම් ඇති සියළුදෙනාගෙන්ම මෙයින් ඕනෑකලා ඇත.

වර්ෂ 1891 ක්වු ජූලි මස 11 වෙනි දින රත්නපුරේ කවිචේරියේදීය. එවි. චේස්, වැඩබලන ආණ්ඩුගේ ඒජන්තකාරය.

இகனகிழ சொலலப்படுகிற காணியைப் பெற்றுக்கொள்ளும்பொருட்டு 1876 ம் ஆண்டின் காணிப்பெற்றுக்கொள்வதைப்பற்றிய கட்டளைச்சட்டத்தினை 6 ம் பிரிவின் பிரகாரம் தேசாதிபதியவர்கள் பிரபாண விதிச் சங்கத்தாரூடைய ஆலோசனை அனுமதியுடன் எனக்குக் கட்டளைச்செய்திருப்பதை இதனால் அறியப்பண்ணுகிறேன். அதாகிறது:—

இறெடடினப்பிரிபுடணத்திலிருக்கும், சயறகம மாகாணத்தில.

பிரான இலககம 209.

இல.	நிலத்தின் பெயர்.	விலரம்.	உரித்துபேசுவோர்	விசாலம்
S 29	மொகொட்டி ஓவிரெட்டை	தோட்டம்	சவியல அள்வீஸ்	0 0 20.25

மேற்கூறிய காணிக் கு உரித்துப்பேசுகின்ற சகலபேரம் தாளுகவலவது அவரவருடைய காரிய காரரால 1891 ம் ஆண்டு ஆவணிமாசம் 28 ந் தேதி 1 மணிக் கு இறெடடினப்பிரியில என முகதாவிலவெளிப்பட்டு சொல்லிக்கொள்ள வேண்டிய துமல்லாமல் அந்தக்காணிக் குப் பெற்றுக்கொள்ளப்படும் பணததையும அதைப்பெற்றுக்கொள்வதற்குண்டான உரித்தையுஞ் சொல்லவேண்டியது.

இறெடடினப்பிரி கச்சேரி, 1891 ம் மூல ஆடிமீ 11 ந் வ.

எச். வேல், வதில் அரசாட்சி ஏசன்று.

**NOTICES UNDER THE FOREST ORDINANCE.**

**W**HEREAS by the 6th section of the Ordinance No. 10 of 1885 it is enacted that whenever it is proposed to constitute any land a reserved forest, notice thereof shall be published in the Government Gazette—

- (a) specifying, as nearly as possible, the situation and limits of such land ;
- (b) declaring that it is proposed to constitute such land a reserved forest ;
- (c) naming an officer (hereinafter called " The Forest Settlement Officer "), who shall be appointed by the Governor, to inquire into and determine the existence, nature, and extent of any rights claimed by, or alleged to exist in favour of, any person in or over any land comprised within such limits, and any claims relating to the practice within such limits of chena cultivation, and to deal with the same as provided in Chapter II. of the said Ordinance :

And whereas it is proposed to constitute the land hereinafter defined a reserved forest :

Notice is hereby given (1) that it is proposed to constitute the land known as the Kananpella Mukalana a reserved forest ; (2) that Lionel Frederic Lee, Esq., is the officer appointed the Forest Settlement Officer of the reserved Forest aforesaid :—

SCHEDULE.

Bounded on the north by land described in the title plan 48,209, the land described in the preliminary plan 8,150, and the lands described in the title plans 129,320 and 129,321, now the property of Mr. Justice Dias. On the east by the land described in the title plan 129,321, by the Mundigal-oya, by the lands described in the title plans 149,038, 151,911, and the preliminary plan 5,255, by the Mundigal-ela, by the lands described in the plans P 593 and Q 593, and by the land Bandarawatta claimed by Richard de Livera, Esq. On the south by the land Bandarawatta aforesaid, by the land described in the title plan 122,358, by Kohorabawedola, by the lands described in the title plan, 122,359 and 122,360, by Egodawatta claimed by private parties, by the lands described in the title plans 115,829, 115,827, 139,242, 141,295, 146,581, 97,595, 139,241, 115,901, 53,402, 51,975, and 51,976, by land claimed by Harmanis Madroo, by Crown land, by lands described in title plans 136,255, 124,050, 118,803, 54,607, 118,779, 125,496, 125,708, 136,257, and 121,249, by the land described in plan E 593, and by the road from Pugoda to Kosgama. On the west by road from Pugoda to Kosgama and by the land described in the title plan 48,209.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, July 10, 1891.

By His Excellency the Governor's command, E. NOEL WALKER, Colonial Secretary.

**WHEREAS** I, Lionel Frederic Lee, have been appointed by the Governor the Forest Settlement Officer to inquire into and determine the existence, nature, and extent of any rights claimed by, or alleged to exist in favour of, any person in or over any land comprised within the limits hereinafter given and described, and any claims relating to the practice within such limits of chena cultivation, and to deal with the same as provided in the second chapter of the Ordinance No. 10 of 1885 :

I, Lionel Frederic Lee, the Forest Settlement Officer, do hereby notify that the proposed forest is called Kananpella Mukalana, and is bounded as follows :—On the north by the land described in the title plan 48,209, the land described in the preliminary plan 8,150, and the land described in the title plans 129,320 and 129,321 now the property of Mr. Justice Dias ; on the west by road from Pugoda to Kosgama and by the land described in the title plan 48,209 ; on the south by the land Bandarawatta aforesaid, by the land described in the title plan 122,358, by Kohorabawadola, by the lands described in the title plans 122,359 and 122,360, by Egodawatta claimed by private parties, by the lands described in the title plans 115,829 115,827, 139,242, 141,295, 146,581, 97,595, 139,241, 115,901, 53,402, 51,795, and 51,796, by land claimed by Harmanis Madros, by Crown land, by lands described in title plans 136,255, 124,050, 118,803, 54,607, 118,779, 125,496, 125,708, 136,257, and 121,249, by the land described in plan E 593, and by the road from Pugoda to Kosgama ; on the east by the land described in title plan 129,321, by the Mundigal-oya, by the lands described in the title plans 149,038 and 151,911 and the preliminary plan 5,255, by the Mundigal-ela, by the lands described in the plans P 593 and Q 593, and by the land Bandarawatta claimed by Richard de Livera, Esq.

II.—And I do further notify that from and after the date hereof, until the forest is proclaimed a reserved forest, no right can be acquired in or over the land comprised in the Proclamation declaring the above blocks of land to be reserved forest, except by inheritance or succession, or under a grant or contract in writing made or entered into by or on behalf of the Crown, or by the person in whom the right or power to create the same is now vested ; and on such land no new house can be built or plantation formed, no fresh clearings for cultivation or for any other purpose can be made, and no trees can be cut for the purposes of trade or manufacture, except with the permission in writing of the Government Agent or Assistant Government Agent of the district.

III.—The consequence that will ensue on the reservation of the forest is as follows :—

(1) All rights in respect of which no claim has been preferred, and of the existence of which no knowledge has been acquired during the course of the inquiry before the Forest Settlement Officer, will become extinguished.

(2) No rights of any description can be acquired in or over a reserved forest except by inheritance or succession, or under a grant or contract in writing made by or on behalf of the Crown, or by the person in whom the right or the power to create such right is now vested.

(3) No rights allowed by the Forest Settlement Officer during the course of the inquiry to pasture or forest produce—that is, minerals (including limestone and laterite), surface soil, trees, timber, plants, grass, peat, canes, creepers, reeds, leaves, moss, flowers, fruits, seeds, roots, juice, catechu bark, coutchouc, gum, wood-oil, resin, varnish, lac, charcoal, honey, wax, stone, ruins, clay, gravel, and earth—can be alienated by way of grant, sale, lease, mortgage, or otherwise, without notice thereof to the Government Agent. Provided that when any such right is continued for the beneficial enjoyment of any land or house, it may be sold or otherwise alienated with such land or house without such sanction ; and no timber or other forest produce can be sold or bartered, except in such a way as shall by me be defined in the course of my inquiry.

IV.—Any public or private way in the said blocks of land may be stopped by any forest officer, with the sanction of the Government Agent, under certain conditions.

V.—Persons who in the said blocks of land, after they have been proclaimed reserved forests—

(a) trespass, or pasture cattle, or wilfully cause cattle to trespass ;

(b) cause any damage by negligence in felling any tree, or cutting or dragging any timber ;

(c) wilfully strip off the bark or leaves from, or otherwise damage any tree ;

(d) in contravention of any rules made by the Government Agent of the Province on that behalf, hunt, shoot, fish, poison water, or set traps or snares or guns, or use any explosive substance—

are guilty of an offence, and liable on conviction to a fine which may extend to Rs. 50, or when the damage resulting from their offence amounts to more than Rs. 25 to double the amount of such damage.

VI.—Persons who—

(a) make any fresh clearing on the said blocks of land, or who set fire to any portion of the same after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or in contravention of any rules made by the Government Agent kindle any fire, or leave any fire burning in such a manner as to endanger the said blocks of land after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or any part thereof, or who in the said blocks of land after they are proclaimed reserved forests kindle, keep, or carry any fire, except at such seasons and in such a manner as a forest officer especially empowered in this behalf may from time to time notify ;

(b) fell, girdle, lop, tap, or burn any tree ;

(c) quarry stone, burn lime or charcoal, or collect, subject to any manufacturing process, or remove forest produce ;

(d) clear or break up any land for cultivation or any other purpose,—

are guilty of an offence, and liable to be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to Rs. 500, or with both, in addition to such compensation for damage done to the forests as the convicting court may direct to be paid.

VII.—The last two paragraphs are subject to the following provisions. They do not prohibit—

(a) any act done in accordance with any regulation made by the Governor, or with permission in writing of a forest officer empowered to grant such permission ;

(b) any practice of chena cultivation permitted at the inquiry by the Forest Settlement Officer for the time being ; or

(c) the exercise of any right continued by him at such inquiry, or created by grant or contract as above defined in clause III.

VIII.—Whenever fire is caused wilfully or by gross negligence in the said blocks of land, after they are proclaimed reserved forest, or having permission to practise chena cultivation therein, or by any person in his employment, or whenever any person having right in such forest contravenes the condition set on him by the Forest Settlement Officer for the time being, the Governor may (notwithstanding that a penalty has been inflicted in respect of such fire) direct that in such forest, or any specified portion thereof, the exercise of all or any of the rights of pasture or to forest produce shall be extinguished or suspended for such period as he thinks fit, and may withdraw any permission to practise chena cultivation in such forest or portion.

IX.—I do hereby require every person claiming any right or making any claim to any land or portion of any land within the above-mentioned limits, either to present to me before November 2, 1891, in Slave Island, Colombo, at the Census Office, a written statement specifying, or to appear before me on November 3, 1891, at 10 A.M., at the Police Officer's house at Kananpella, and state the nature of right or claim.

LIONEL LEE,  
Forest Settlement Officer.

**WHEREAS** I, Lionel Frederick Lee, have been appointed by the Governor the Forest Settlement Officer to inquire into and determine the existence, nature, and extent of any rights claimed by, or alleged to exist in favour of, any person in or over any land comprised within the limits hereinafter given and described, and any claims relating to the practice within such limits of chena cultivation, and to deal with the same as provided in the second chapter of the Ordinance No. 10 of 1885 :

**I.** Lionel Frederic Lee, the Forest Settlement Officer, do hereby notify that the proposed forest is called Kekenadurekele, and is situate in the village Kekanadure in the Wellaboda pattu of the Matara District, and is bounded as follows :—On the north by the village limits of Diyagaha and Aparekka ; on the west by Mulana, Nanuwewamullawewa and Nanuwewamullawatta, Nanuwewamullakattiya and deniya ; on the south by Koragahagodellahena, Weddala-wattadeniya-ara, Wekandiya Karatowatta, Paranawatta, Ukwatta, Marakkalagewatta, Kapugamagewatta, Polgahagodella, Talagasawadeniya, Karuwalamulawatta, Gamagegodella, channel, Diwelwaduaduwa, Udadibullamula, Puwakketiya, Dehigahadeniya, Kitulalanga Okuruwawa, Malgahapittaniya channel, Dandanewatta and channel ; on the east by the road from Hakmana to Matara.

**II.**—And I do further notify that from and after the date hereof, until the forest is proclaimed a reserved forest, no right can be acquired in or over the land comprised in the Proclamation declaring the above blocks of land to be reserved forest, except by inheritance or succession, or under a grant or contract in writing made or entered into by or on behalf of the Crown, or by the person in whom the right or power to create the same is now vested ; and on such land no new house can be built or plantation formed, no fresh clearings for cultivation or for any other purpose can be made, and no trees can be cut for the purposes of trade or manufacture, except with the permission in writing of the Government Agent or Assistant Government Agent of the district.

**III.**—The consequence that will ensue on the reservation of the forest is as follows :—

(1) All rights in respect of which no claim has been preferred, and of the existence of which no knowledge has been acquired during the course of the inquiry before the Forest Settlement Officer, will become extinguished.

(2) No rights of any description can be acquired in or over a reserved forest except by inheritance or succession, or under a grant or contract in writing made by or on behalf of the Crown, or by the person in whom the right, or the power to create such right, is now vested.

(3) No rights allowed by the Forest Settlement Officer during the course of the inquiry to pasture or forest produce—that is, minerals (including limestone and laterite), surface soil, trees, timber, plants, grass, peat, canes, creepers, reeds, leaves, moss, flowers, fruits, seeds, roots, juice, catechu bark, coutchouc, gum, wood-oil, resin, varnish, lac, charcoal, honey, wax, stone, ruins, clay, gravel, and earth—can be alienated by way of grant, sale, lease, mortgage, or otherwise, without notice thereof to the Government Agent. Provided that when any such right is continued for the beneficial enjoyment of any land or house, it may be sold or otherwise alienated with such land or house without such sanction ; and no timber or other forest produce can be sold or bartered, except in such a way as shall by me be defined in the course of my inquiry.

**IV.**—Any public or private way in the said blocks of land may be stopped by any forest officer with the sanction of the Government Agent, under certain conditions.

**V.**—Persons who in the said blocks of land, after they have been proclaimed reserved forests—

(a) trespass or pasture cattle, or wilfully cause cattle to trespass ;

(b) cause any damage by negligence in felling any tree or cutting or dragging any timber ;

(c) wilfully strip off the bark or leaves from, or otherwise damage any tree ;

(d) in contravention of any rules made by the Government Agent of the Province on that behalf, hunt, shoot, fish, poison water, or set traps or snares or guns, or use any explosive substance—  
are guilty of an offence, and liable on conviction to a fine which may extend to Rs. 50, or when the damage resulting from their offence amounts to more than Rs. 25, to double the amount of such damage.

**VI.**—Persons who—

(a) make any fresh clearing on the said blocks of land, or who set fire to any portion of the same after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or in contravention of any rules made by the Government Agent kindle any fire, or leave any fire burning in such a manner as to endanger the said blocks of land after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or any part thereof, or who in the said blocks of land, after they are proclaimed reserved forests, kindle, keep, or carry any fire, except at such seasons and in such a manner as a forest officer especially empowered in this behalf may from time to time notify ;

(b) fell, girdle, lop, tap, or burn any tree ;

(c) quarry stone, burn lime or charcoal, or collect, subject to any manufacturing process, or remove forest produce ;

(d) clear or break up any land for cultivation or any other purpose,—

are guilty of an offence, and liable to be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to Rs. 500, or with both, in addition to such compensation for damage done to the forests as the convicting court may direct to be paid.

**VII.**—The last two paragraphs are subject to the following provisions. They do not prohibit—

(a) any act done in accordance with any regulation made by the Governor, or with permission in writing of a forest officer empowered to grant such permission ;

(b) any practice of chena cultivation permitted at the inquiry by the Forest Settlement Officer for the time being ; or

(c) the exercise of any right continued by him at such inquiry, or created by grant or contract as above defined in clause III.

**VIII.**—Whenever fire is caused wilfully or by gross negligence in the said blocks of land, after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or having permission to practise chena cultivation therein, or by any person in his employment, or whenever any person having right in such forest contravenes the condition set on him by the Forest Settlement Officer for the time being, the Governor may (notwithstanding that a penalty has been inflicted in respect of such fire) direct that in such forest, or any specified portion thereof, the exercise of all or any of the rights of pasture or to forest produce shall be extinguished or suspended for such period as he thinks fit, and may withdraw any permission to practise chena cultivation in such forest or portion.

**IX.**—I do hereby require every person claiming any right, or making any claim to any land or portion of any land within the above-mentioned limits, either to present to me before November 8, 1891, at the Census Office, Slave Island, Colombo, a written statement specifying, or to appear before me on November 10, 1891, at noon, at the Guardian's house at Kekanadure, and state the nature of right or claim.

LIONEL LEE,  
Forest Settlement Officer.

**WHEREAS** I, Lionel Frederic Lee, have been appointed by the Governor the Forest Settlement Officer to inquire into and determine the existence, nature, and extent of any rights claimed by, or alleged to exist in favour of, any person in or over any land comprised within the limits hereinafter given and described, and any claims relating to the practice within such limits of chena cultivation, and to deal with the same as provided in the second chapter of the Ordinance No. 10 of 1885 :

I, Lionel Frederic Lee, the Forest Settlement Officer, do hereby notify that the proposed forest is called Dandeniyakele, including Kurunduwatta, and is situate in the village Dandeniya in the Wellaboda pattu of the Matara District, Southern Province, and is bounded as follows :—On the north by the village limit of the Gangaboda pattu, on the west by the village limits of Aperekka and Epitakaduwa ; on the south by Hanassapitiyahena ; on the south-east by Nugahena, Puwakgahadeniya, Julgahahena, Delgahahena, Kahatagahahena, Chinamandigehena, Gonamadittahenayaya, and Kurunduhena ; and on the east by Puwakgahahena, Kendagahahena, Konggahahena, Kohilawaladeniya, Koragahalandahena, and Keledeniya.

II.—And I do further notify that from and after the date hereof, until the forest is proclaimed a reserved forest, no right can be acquired in or over the land comprised in the Proclamation declaring the above blocks of land to be reserved forest, except by inheritance or succession, or under a grant or contract in writing made or entered into by or on behalf of the Crown, or by the person in whom the right or power to create the same is now vested ; and on such land no new house can be built or plantation formed, no fresh clearings for cultivation or for any other purpose can be made, and no trees can be cut for the purposes of trade or manufacture, except with the permission in writing of the Government Agent or Assistant Government Agent of the district.

III.—The consequence that will ensue on the reservation of the forest is as follows :—

(1) All rights in respect of which no claim has been preferred, and of the existence of which no knowledge has been acquired during the course of the inquiry before the Forest Settlement Officer, will become extinguished.

(2) No rights of any description can be acquired in or over a reserved forest except by inheritance or succession, or under a grant or contract in writing made by or on behalf of the Crown, or by the person in whom the right or the power to create such right is now vested.

(3) No rights allowed by the Forest Settlement Officer during the course of the inquiry to pasture or forest produce—that is, minerals (including limestone and laterite), surface soil, trees, timber, plants, grass, peat, canes, creepers, reeds, leaves, moss, flowers, fruits, seeds, roots, juice, catechu bark, coutchouc, gum, wood-oil, resin, varnish, lac, charcoal, honey, wax, stone, ruins, clay, gravel, and earth—can be alienated by way of grant, sale, lease, mortgage, or otherwise, without notice thereof to the Government Agent. Provided that when any such right is continued for the beneficial enjoyment of any land or house, it may be sold or otherwise alienated with such land or house without such sanction ; and no timber or other forest produce can be sold or bartered, except in such a way as shall by me be defined in the course of my inquiry.

IV.—Any public or private way in the said blocks of land may be stopped by any forest officer, with the sanction of the Government Agent, under certain conditions.

V.—Persons who in the said blocks of land, after they have been proclaimed reserved forests—

- (a) trespass, or pasture cattle, or wilfully cause cattle to trespass ;
- (b) cause any damage by negligence in felling any tree, or cutting or dragging any timber ;
- (c) wilfully strip off the bark or leaves from, or otherwise damage any tree ;
- (d) in contravention of any rules made by the Government Agent of the Province on that behalf, hunt, shoot, fish, poison water, or set traps or snares or guns, or use any explosive substance—

are guilty of an offence, and liable on conviction to a fine which may extend to Rs. 50, or when the damage resulting from their offence amounts to more than Rs. 25, to double the amount of such damage.

VI.—Persons who—

- (a) make any fresh clearing on the said blocks of land, or who set fire to any portion of the same after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or in contravention of any rules made by the Government Agent kindle any fire, or leave any fire burning in such a manner as to endanger the said blocks of land after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or any part thereof, or who in the said blocks of land after they are proclaimed reserved forests kindle, keep, or carry any fire, except at such seasons and in such a manner as a forest officer especially empowered in this behalf may from time to time notify ;
- (b) fell, girdle, lop, tap, or burn any tree ;
- (c) quarry stone, burn lime or charcoal, or collect, subject to any manufacturing process, or remove forest produce ;
- (d) clear or break up any land for cultivation or any other purpose—

are guilty of an offence, and liable to be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to Rs. 500, or with both, in addition to such compensation for damage done to the forests as the convicting court may direct to be paid.

VII.—The last two paragraphs are subject to the following provisions. They do not prohibit—

- (a) any act done in accordance with any regulation made by the Governor, or with permission in writing of a forest officer empowered to grant such permission ;
- (b) any practice of chena cultivation permitted at the inquiry by the Forest Settlement Officer for the time being ; or,
- (c) the exercise of any right continued by him at such inquiry, or created by grant or contract as above-defined in clause III.

VIII.—Whenever fire is caused wilfully or by gross negligence in the said blocks of land, after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or having permission to practise chena cultivation therein, or by any person in his employment, or whenever any person having right in such forest contravenes the condition set on him by the Forest Settlement Officer for the time being, the Governor may (notwithstanding that a penalty has been inflicted in respect of such fire) direct that in such forest, or any specified portion thereof, the exercise of all or any of the rights of pasture or to forest produce shall be extinguished or suspended for such period as he thinks fit, and may withdraw any permission to practise chena cultivation in such forest or portion.

IX.—I do hereby require every person claiming any right or making any claim to any land or portion of any land within the above-mentioned limits, either to present to me before November 8, 1891, at the Census Office, Slave Island, Colombo, a written statement specifying, or to appear before me on November 11, 1891, at noon, at the Guardian's house at Dandenya, and state the nature of right of claim.

LIONEL LEE,  
Forest Settlement Officer.

**WHEREAS** I, Lionel Frederic Lee, have been appointed by the Governor the Forest Settlement Officer to inquire into and determine the existence, nature, and extent of any rights claimed by, or alleged to exist in favour of, any person in or over any land comprised within the limits hereinafter given and described, and any claims relating to the practice within such limits of chena cultivation, and to deal with the same as provided in the second chapter of the Ordinance No. 10 of 1885 :

I, Lionel Frederic Lee, the Forest Settlement Officer, do hereby notify that the proposed forest is called Kosgahahena, and is situate in the village Udukawa in the Weligam korale of the Matara District, and is bounded as follows :—On the north by Puhulehenadeniya Dola-ara, Beddadeniya, and Jambughadeniya ; on the west by Pillagawadeniya and Dola-ara, Tennapitahena, Mudunnagalenda ; on the south by Hewagedeniya, Udumulla tea estate, two allotments of Kosgahahena (surveyed), Hinakumburagodella, Hinakumbura and portion of the same land sold, Udadehigahadeniyaudumulla and Udadehigahadeniyawatta ; on the east by Dolaliyadda, Dalugewatta, Kongahawatta, Alutwatta, Kekunagahadeniya, Madumullawatta, and Paranawatta.

II.—And I do further notify that from and after the date hereof, until the forest is proclaimed a reserved forest, no right can be acquired in or over the land comprised in the Proclamation declaring the above blocks of land to be reserved forest, except by inheritance or succession, or under a grant or contract in writing made or entered into by or on behalf of the Crown, or by the person in whom the right or power to create the same is now vested ; and on such land no new house can be built or plantation formed, no fresh clearings for cultivation or for any other purpose can be made, and no trees can be cut for the purposes of trade or manufacture, except with the permission in writing of the Government Agent or Assistant Government Agent of the district.

III.—The consequence that will ensue on the reservation of the forest is as follows :—

(1) All rights in respect of which no claim has been preferred, and of the existence of which no knowledge has been acquired during the course of the inquiry before the Forest Settlement Officer, will become extinguished.

(2) No rights of any description can be acquired in or over a reserved forest except by inheritance or succession, or under a grant or contract in writing made by or on behalf of the Crown, or by the person in whom the right or the power to create such right is now vested.

(3) No rights allowed by the Forest Settlement Officer during the course of the inquiry to pasture or forest produce—that is, minerals (including limestone and laterite), surface soil, trees, timber, plants, grass, peat, canes, creepers, reeds, leaves, moss, flowers, fruits, seeds, roots, juice, catechu bark, coutchouc, gum, wood-oil, resin, varnish, lac, charcoal, honey, wax, stone, ruins, clay, gravel, and earth—can be alienated by way of grant, sale, lease, mortgage, or otherwise, without notice thereof to the Government Agent. Provided that when any such right is continued for the beneficial enjoyment of any land or house, it may be sold or otherwise alienated with such land or house without such sanction ; and no timber or other forest produce can be sold or bartered, except in such a way as shall by me be defined in the course of my inquiry.

IV.—Any public or private way in the said blocks of land may be stopped by any forest officer, with the sanction of the Government Agent, under certain conditions.

V.—Persons who in the said blocks of land, after they have been proclaimed reserved forests—

- (a) trespass, or pasture cattle, or wilfully cause cattle to trespass ;
- (b) cause any damage by negligence in felling any tree, or cutting or dragging any timber ;
- (c) wilfully strip off the bark or leaves from, or otherwise damage any tree ;
- (d) in contravention of any rules made by the Government Agent of the Province on that behalf, hunt, shoot, fish, poison water, or set traps or snares or guns, or use any explosive substance—

are guilty of an offence, and liable on conviction to a fine which may extend to Rs. 50, or when the damage resulting from their offence amounts to more than Rs. 25, to double the amount of such damage.

VI.—Persons who—

- (a) make any fresh clearing on the said blocks of land, or who set fire to any portion of the same after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or in contravention of any rules made by the Government Agent kindle any fire, or leave any fire burning in such a manner as to endanger the said blocks of land after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or any part thereof, or who in the said blocks of land after they are proclaimed reserved forests kindle, keep, or carry any fire, except at such seasons and in such a manner as a forest officer especially empowered in this behalf may from time to time notify ;
- (b) fell, girdle, lop, tap, or burn any tree ;
- (c) quarry stone, burn lime or charcoal, or collect, subject to any manufacturing process, or remove forest produce ;
- (d) clear or break up any land for cultivation or any other purpose,—

are guilty of an offence, and liable to be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to Rs. 500, or with both, in addition to such compensation for damage done to the forests as the convicting court may direct to be paid.

VII.—The last two paragraphs are subject to the following provisions. They do not prohibit—

- (a) any act done in accordance with any regulation made by the Governor, or with permission in writing of a forest officer empowered to grant such permission ;
- (b) any practice of chena cultivation permitted at the inquiry by the Forest Settlement Officer for the time being ; or
- (c) the exercise of any right continued by him at such inquiry or created by grant or contract as above defined in clause III.

VIII.—Whenever fire is caused wilfully or by gross negligence in the said blocks of land, after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or having permission to practise chena cultivation therein, or by any person in his employment, or whenever any person having right in such forest contravenes the condition set on him by the Forest Settlement Officer for the time being, the Governor may (notwithstanding that a penalty has been inflicted in respect of such fire) direct that in such forest, or any specified portion thereof, the exercise of all or any of the rights of pasture or to forest produce shall be extinguished or suspended for such period as he thinks fit, and may withdraw any permission to practise chena cultivation in such forest or portion.

IX.—I do hereby require every person claiming any right or making any claim to any land or portion of any land within the above-mentioned limits, either to present to me before November 8, 1891, at the Census Office, Slave Island, Colombo, a written statement specifying, or to appear before me on November 13, 1891, at noon, at Telijjawela Gansabhawa, and state the nature of right or claim.

LIONEL LEE,  
Forest Settlement Officer.



**WHEREAS** I, Lionel Frederic Lee, have been appointed by the Governor the Forest Settlement Officer to inquire into and determine the existence, nature, and extent of any rights claimed by, or alleged to exist in favour of, any person in or over any land comprised within the limits hereinafter given and described, and any claims relating to the practice within such limits of chena cultivation, and to deal with the same as provided in the second chapter of the Ordinance No. 10 of 1885 :

I, Lionel Frederic Lee, the Forest Settlement Officer, do hereby notify that the proposed forest is called Usgodahena, comprising Horaketiya, Tundolahena, and Horamandiyahena, and is situate in the village Akurugoda in the Weligam korale of the Matara district, and is bounded as follows:—On the north by Roseneath estate and village boundary; on the west by surveyed boundary of Horaketiya and village boundary of Udukawa; on the south by Asgodawatta and Ulupattedeniya; and on the east by Radawamulla, Murutagahadeniya, and Indikadahena.

II.—And I do further notify that from and after the date hereof, until the forest is proclaimed a reserved forest, no right can be acquired in or over the land comprised in the Proclamation declaring the above blocks of land to be reserved forest, except by inheritance or succession, or under a grant or contract in writing made or entered into by or on behalf of the Crown, or by the person in whom the right or power to create the same is now vested; and on such land no new house can be built or plantation formed, no fresh clearings for cultivation or for any other purpose can be made, and no trees can be cut for the purposes of trade or manufacture, except with the permission in writing of the Government Agent or Assistant Government Agent of the district.

III.—The consequence that will ensue on the reservation of the forest is as follows:—

(1) All rights in respect of which no claim has been preferred, and of the existence of which no knowledge has been acquired during the course of the inquiry before the Forest Settlement Officer, will become extinguished.

(2) No rights of any description can be acquired in or over a reserved forest except by inheritance or succession, or under a grant or contract in writing made by or on behalf of the Crown, or by the person in whom the right or the power to create such right is now vested.

(3) No rights allowed by the Forest Settlement Officer during the course of the inquiry to pasture or forest produce—that is, minerals (including limestone and laterite), surface soil, trees, timber, plants, grass, peat, canes, creepers, reeds, leaves, moss, flowers, fruits, seeds, roots, juice, catechu bark, coutchouc, gum, wood-oil, resin, varnish, lac, charcoal, honey, wax, stone, ruins, clay, gravel, and earth—can be alienated by way of grant, sale, lease, mortgage, or otherwise, without notice thereof to the Government Agent. Provided that when any such right is continued for the beneficial enjoyment of any land or house, it may be sold or otherwise alienated with such land or house without such sanction; and no timber or other forest produce can be sold or bartered, except in such a way as shall by me be defined in the course of my inquiry.

IV.—Any public or private way in the said blocks of land may be stopped by any forest officer, with the sanction of the Government Agent, under certain conditions.

V.—Persons who in the said blocks of land, after they have been proclaimed reserved forests—

- (a) trespass, or pasture cattle, or wilfully cause cattle to trespass;
- (b) cause any damage by negligence in felling any tree, or cutting or dragging any timber;
- (c) wilfully strip off the bark or leaves from, or otherwise damage any tree;
- (d) in contravention of any rules made by the Government Agent of the Province on that behalf, hunt, shoot, fish, poison water, or set traps or snares or guns, or use any explosive substance—

are guilty of an offence, and liable on conviction to a fine which may extend to Rs. 50, or when the damage resulting from their offence amounts to more than Rs. 25 to double the amount of such damage.

VI.—Persons who—

- (a) make any fresh clearing on the said blocks of land, or who set fire to any portion of the same after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or in contravention of any rules made by the Government Agent kindle any fire, or leave any fire burning in such a manner as to endanger the said blocks of land after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or any part thereof, or who in the said blocks of land after they are proclaimed reserved forests kindle, keep, or carry any fire, except at such seasons and in such a manner as a forest officer especially empowered in this behalf may from time to time notify;
- (b) fell, girdle, lop, tap, or burn any tree;
- (c) quarry stone, burn lime or charcoal, or collect, subject to any manufacturing process, or remove forest produce;
- (d) clear or break up any land for cultivation or any other purpose,—

are guilty of an offence, and liable to be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to Rs. 500, or with both, in addition to such compensation for damage done to the forests as the convicting court may direct to be paid.

VII.—The last two paragraphs are subject to the following provisions. They do not prohibit—

- (a) any act done in accordance with any regulation made by the Governor, or with permission in writing of a forest officer empowered to grant such permission;
- (b) any practice of chena cultivation permitted at the inquiry by the Forest Settlement Officer for the time being; or
- (c) the exercise of any right continued by him at such inquiry, or created by grant or contract as above defined in clause III.

VIII.—Whenever fire is caused wilfully or by gross negligence in the said blocks of land, after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or having permission to practise chena cultivation therein, or by any person in his employment, or whenever any person having right in such forest contravenes the condition set on him by the Forest Settlement Officer for the time being, the Governor may (notwithstanding that a penalty has been inflicted in respect of such fire) direct that in such forest, or any specified portion thereof, the exercise of all or any of the rights of pasture or to forest produce shall be extinguished or suspended for such period as he thinks fit, and may withdraw any permission to practise chena cultivation in such forest or portion.

IX.—I do hereby require every person claiming any right or making any claim to any land or portion of any land within the above-mentioned limits, either to present to me before November 8, 1891, at the Census Office, Slave Island, Colombo, a written statement specifying, or to appear before me on November 13, 1891, at noon, at Telijjawela Gansabhawa, and state the nature of right or claim.

LIONEL LEE,  
Forest Settlement Officer.

WHEREAS I, Lionel Frederic Lee, have been appointed by the Governor the Forest Settlement Officer to inquire into and determine the existence, nature, and extent of any rights claimed by, or alleged to exist in favour of, any person in or over any land comprised within the limits hereinafter given and described, and any claims relating to the practice within such limits of chena cultivation, and to deal with the same as provided in the second chapter of the Ordinance No. 10 of 1885 :

I, Lionel Frederic Lee, the Forest Settlement Officer, do hereby notify that the proposed forest is called Parana-watte Godahena, and is situate in the village Akurugoda in the Weligam korale of the Matara district, and is bounded as follows :—On the north by Gamagewatta and Gamge Divelwatta ; on the west by Gansabhawa path ; on the south by Paragahawatta and portion of Paranawattagodahena, surveyed (comprising Kapuhena at Akurugoda, bounded on the east by Gamageudumulla Wilakadahena, west by Siambalagahamuttettuwa, Kalawita ; north by Delkannewila and minor road ; south by Maweduna and minor road) ; and on the east by Rajapassegewatta, Kanattewatta, and Ambagahawatta.

II.—And I do further notify that from and after the date hereof, until the forest is proclaimed a reserved forest, no right can be acquired in or over the land comprised in the Proclamation declaring the above blocks of land to be reserved forest, except by inheritance or succession, or under a grant or contract in writing made or entered into by or on behalf of the Crown, or by the person in whom the right or power to create the same is now vested ; and on such land no new house can be built or plantation formed, no fresh clearings for cultivation or for any other purpose can be made, and no trees can be cut for the purposes of trade or manufacture, except with the permission in writing of the Government Agent or Assistant Government Agent of the district.

III.—The consequence that will ensue on the reservation of the forest is as follows :—

(1) All rights in respect of which no claim has been preferred, and of the existence of which no knowledge has been acquired during the course of the inquiry before the Forest Settlement Officer, will become extinguished.

(2) No rights of any description can be acquired in or over a reserved forest except by inheritance or succession, or under a grant or contract in writing made by or on behalf of the Crown, or by the person in whom the right or the power to create such right is now vested.

(3) No rights allowed by the Forest Settlement Officer during the course of the inquiry to pasture or forest produce—that is, minerals (including limestone and laterite), surface soil, trees, timber, plants, grass, peat, canes, creepers, reeds, leaves, moss, flowers, fruits, seeds, roots, juice, catechu bark, coutchouc, gum, wood-oil, resin, varnish, lac, charcoal, honey, wax, stone, ruins, clay, gravel, and earth—can be alienated by way of grant, sale, lease, mortgage, or otherwise, without notice thereof to the Government Agent. Provided that when any such right is continued for the beneficial enjoyment of any land or house, it may be sold or otherwise alienated with such land or house without such sanction ; and no timber or other forest produce can be sold or bartered, except in such a way as shall by me be defined in the course of my inquiry.

IV.—Any public or private way in the said blocks of land may be stopped by any forest officer, with the sanction of the Government Agent, under certain conditions.

V.—Persons who in the said blocks of land, after they have been proclaimed reserved forests—

- (a) trespass, or pasture cattle, or wilfully cause cattle to trespass ;
- (b) cause any damage by negligence in felling any tree, or cutting or dragging any timber ;
- (c) wilfully strip off the bark or leaves from, or otherwise damage any tree ;
- (d) in contravention of any rules made by the Government Agent of the Province on that behalf, hunt, shoot, fish, poison water, or set traps or snares or guns, or use any explosive substance—

are guilty of an offence, and liable on conviction to a fine which may extend to Rs. 50, or when the damage resulting from their offence amounts to more than Rs. 25, to double the amount of such damage.

VI.—Persons who—

- (a) make any fresh clearing on the said blocks of land, or who set fire to any portion of the same after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or in contravention of any rules made by the Government Agent kindle any fire, or leave any fire burning in such a manner as to endanger the said blocks of land after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or any part thereof, or who in the said blocks of land after they are proclaimed reserved forests kindle, keep, or carry any fire, except at such seasons and in such a manner as a forest officer especially empowered in this behalf may from time to time notify ;
- (b) fell, girdle, lop, tap, or burn any tree ;
- (c) quarry stone, burn lime or charcoal, or collect, subject to any manufacturing process, or remove forest produce ;
- (d) clear or break up any land for cultivation or any other purpose,—

are guilty of an offence, and liable to be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to Rs. 500, or with both, in addition to such compensation for damage done to the forests as the convicting court may direct to be paid.

VII.—The last two paragraphs are subject to the following provisions. They do not prohibit—

- (a) any act done in accordance with any regulation made by the Governor, or with permission in writing of a forest officer empowered to grant such permission ;
- (b) any practice of chena cultivation permitted at the inquiry by the Forest Settlement Officer for the time being ; or
- (c) the exercise of any right continued by him at such inquiry or created by grant or contract as above defined in clause III.

VIII.—Whenever fire is caused wilfully or by gross negligence in the said blocks of land, after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or having permission to practise chena cultivation therein, or by any person in his employment, or whenever any person having right in such forest contravenes the condition set on him by the Forest Settlement Officer for the time being, the Governor may (notwithstanding that a penalty has been inflicted in respect of such fire) direct that in such forest, or any specified portion thereof, the exercise of all or any of the rights of pasture or to forest produce shall be extinguished or suspended for such period as he thinks fit, and may withdraw any permission to practise chena cultivation in such forest or portion.

IX.—I do hereby require every person claiming any right or making any claim to any land or portion of any land within the above-mentioned limits, either to present to me before November 8, 1891, at the Census Office, Slave Island, Colombo, a written statement specifying, or to appear before me on November 13, 1891, at noon, at Telijjawela Gansabhawa, and state the nature of right or claim.

LIONEL LEE,  
Forest Settlement Officer.

**WHEREAS** I, Lionel Frederic Lee, have been appointed by the Governor the Forest Settlement Officer to inquire into and determine the existence, nature, and extent of any rights claimed by, or alleged to exist in favour of, any person in or over any land comprised within the limits hereinafter given and described, and any claims relating to the practice within such limits of chena cultivation, and to deal with the same as provided in the second chapter of the Ordinance No. 10 of 1885 :

I, Lionel Frederic Lee, the Forest Settlement Officer, do hereby notify that the proposed forest is called Nagahadolahena, and is situate in the village Akuressa in the Weligam korale of the Matara District, and is bounded as follows :—On the north by Alaweldeniyahena and Bewulehena ; on the west by PUNCHIDENIYAHENA and village boundary of Illupella ; on the south by the village boundary of Kiyanduwa and Godawatta ; and on the east by Kotiakelshena and Ratambelaketiyahena.

II.—And I do further notify that from and after the date hereof, until the forest is proclaimed a reserved forest, no right can be acquired in or over the land comprised in the Proclamation declaring the above blocks of land to be reserved forest, except by inheritance or succession, or under a grant or contract in writing made or entered into by or on behalf of the Crown, or by the person in whom the right or power to create the same is now vested ; and on such land no new house can be built or plantation formed, no fresh clearings for cultivation or for any other purpose can be made, and no trees can be cut for the purposes of trade or manufacture, except with the permission in writing of the Government Agent or Assistant Government Agent of the district.

III.—The consequence that will ensue on the reservation of the forest is as follows :—

(1) All rights in respect of which no claim has been preferred, and of the existence of which no knowledge has been acquired during the course of the inquiry before the Forest Settlement Officer, will become extinguished.

(2) No rights of any description can be acquired in or over a reserved forest except by inheritance or succession, or under a grant or contract in writing made by or on behalf of the Crown, or by the person in whom the right, or the power to create such right, is now vested.

(3) No rights allowed by the Forest Settlement Officer during the course of the inquiry to pasture or forest produce—that is, minerals (including limestone and laterite), surface soil, trees, timber, plants, grass, peat, canes, creepers, reeds, leaves, moss, flowers, fruits, seeds, roots, juice, catechu bark, coutchouc, gum, wood-oil, resin, varnish, lac, charcoal, honey, wax, stone, ruins, clay, gravel, and earth—can be alienated by way of grant, sale, lease, mortgage, or otherwise, without notice thereof to the Government Agent. Provided that when any such right is continued for the beneficial enjoyment of any land or house, it may be sold or otherwise alienated with such land or house without such sanction ; and no timber or other forest produce can be sold or bartered, except in such a way as shall by me be defined in the course of my inquiry.

IV.—Any public or private way in the said blocks of land may be stopped by any forest officer, with the sanction of the Government Agent, under certain conditions.

V.—Persons who in the said blocks of land, after they have been proclaimed reserved forests—

- (a) trespass or pasture cattle, or wilfully cause cattle to trespass ;
- (b) cause any damage by negligence in felling any tree or cutting or dragging any timber ;
- (c) wilfully strip off the bark or leaves from, or otherwise damage any tree ;
- (d) in contravention of any rules made by the Government Agent of the Province on that behalf, hunt, shoot, fish, poison water, or set traps or snares or guns, or use any explosive substance—

are guilty of an offence, and liable on conviction to a fine which may extend to Rs. 50, or when the damage resulting from their offence amounts to more than Rs. 25, to double the amount of such damage.

VI.—Persons who—

- (a) make any fresh clearing on the said blocks of land, or who set fire to any portion of the same after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or in contravention of any rules made by the Government Agent kindle any fire, or leave any fire burning in such a manner as to endanger the said blocks of land after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or any part thereof, or who in the said blocks of land, after they are proclaimed reserved forests, kindle, keep, or carry any fire, except at such seasons and in such a manner as a forest officer especially empowered in this behalf may from time to time notify ;
- (b) fell, girdle, lop, tap, or burn any tree ;
- (c) quarry stone, burn lime or charcoal, or collect, subject to any manufacturing process, or remove forest produce ;
- (d) clear or break up any land for cultivation or any other purpose,—

are guilty of an offence, and liable to be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to Rs. 500, or with both, in addition to such compensation for damage done to the forests as the convicting court may direct to be paid.

VII.—The last two paragraphs are subject to the following provisions. They do not prohibit—

- (a) any act done in accordance with any regulation made by the Governor, or with permission in writing of a forest officer empowered to grant such permission ;
- (b) any practice of chena cultivation permitted at the inquiry by the Forest Settlement Officer for the time being ; or
- (c) the exercise of any right continued by him at such inquiry, or created by grant or contract as above defined in clause III.

VIII.—Whenever fire is caused wilfully or by gross negligence in the said blocks of land, after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or having permission to practise chena cultivation therein, or by any person in his employment, or whenever any person having right in such forest contravenes the condition set on him by the Forest Settlement Officer for the time being, the Governor may (notwithstanding that a penalty has been inflicted in respect of such fire) direct that in such forest, or any specified portion thereof, the exercise of all or any of the rights of pasture or to forest produce shall be extinguished or suspended for such period as he thinks fit, and may withdraw any permission to practise chena cultivation in such forest or portion.

IX.—I do hereby require every person claiming any right or making any claim to any land or portion of any land within the above-mentioned limits, either to present to me before November 8, 1891, at the Census Office, Slave Island, Colombo, a written statement specifying, or to appear before me on November 14, 1891, at noon, at Akuressa resthouse, and state the nature of right or claim.

**WHEREAS** I, Lionel Frederic Lee, have been appointed by the Governor the Forest Settlement Officer to inquire into and determine the existence, nature, and extent of any rights claimed by, or alleged to exist in favour of, any person in or over any land comprised within the limits hereinafter given and described, and any claims relating to the practice within such limits of chena cultivation, and to deal with the same as provided in the second chapter of the Ordinance No. 10 of 1885 :

**I,** Lionel Frederic Lee, the Forest Settlement Officer, do hereby notify that the proposed forest is called Ittebenekanda, and is situate in the village Maliduwa in the Weligam korale of the Matara District, Southern Province, and is bounded as follows :—On the north by Punchigedeniya and minor road to Korahana ; on the west by Dahanawulhena and Namahawulhena ; on the south by Migabahena ; and on the east by Labuwelhena.

**II.**—And I do further notify that from and after the date hereof, until the forest is proclaimed a reserved forest, no right can be acquired in or over the land comprised in the Proclamation declaring the above blocks of land to be reserved forest, except by inheritance or succession, or under a grant or contract in writing made or entered into by or on behalf of the Crown, or by the person in whom the right or power to create the same is now vested ; and on such land no new house can be built or plantation formed, no fresh clearings for cultivation or for any other purpose can be made, and no trees can be cut for the purposes of trade or manufacture, except with the permission in writing of the Government Agent or Assistant Government Agent of the district.

**III.**—The consequence that will ensue on the reservation of the forest is as follows :—

(1) All rights in respect of which no claim has been preferred, and of the existence of which no knowledge has been acquired during the course of the inquiry before the Forest Settlement Officer, will become extinguished.

(2) No rights of any description can be acquired in or over a reserved forest except by inheritance or succession, or under a grant or contract in writing made by or on behalf of the Crown, or by the person in whom the right or the power to create such right is now vested.

(3) No rights allowed by the Forest Settlement Officer during the course of the inquiry to pasture or forest produce—that is, minerals (including limestone and laterite), surface soil, trees, timber, plants, grass, peat, canes, creepers, reeds, leaves, moss, flowers, fruits, seeds, roots, juice, catechu bark, couthou, gum, wood-oil, resin, varnish, lac, charcoal, honey, wax, stone, ruins, clay, gravel, and earth—can be alienated by way of grant, sale, lease, mortgage, or otherwise, without notice thereof to the Government Agent. Provided that when any such right is continued for the beneficial enjoyment of any land or house, it may be sold or otherwise alienated with such land or house without such sanction ; and no timber or other forest produce can be sold or bartered, except in such a way as shall by me be defined in the course of my inquiry.

**IV.**—Any public or private way in the said blocks of land may be stopped by any forest officer, with the sanction of the Government Agent, under certain conditions.

**V.**—Persons who in the said blocks of land, after they have been proclaimed reserved forests—

(a) trespass, or pasture cattle, or wilfully cause cattle to trespass ;

(b) cause any damage by negligence in felling any tree, or cutting or dragging any timber ;

(c) wilfully strip off the bark or leaves from, or otherwise damage any tree ;

(d) in contravention of any rules made by the Government Agent of the Province on that behalf, hunt, shoot, fish, poison water, or set traps or snares or guns, or use any explosive substance—

are guilty of an offence, and liable on conviction to a fine which may extend to Rs. 50, or when the damage resulting from their offence amounts to more than Rs. 25, to double the amount of such damage.

**VI.**—Persons who—

(a) make any fresh clearing on the said blocks of land, or who set fire to any portion of the same after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or in contravention of any rules made by the Government Agent kindle any fire, or leave any fire burning in such a manner as to endanger the said blocks of land after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or any part thereof, or who in the said blocks of land after they are proclaimed reserved forests kindle, keep, or carry any fire, except at such seasons and in such a manner as a forest officer especially empowered in this behalf may from time to time notify ;

(b) fell, girdle, lop, tap, or burn any tree ;

(c) quarry stone, burn lime or charcoal, or collect, subject to any manufacturing process, or remove forest produce ;

(d) clear or break up any land for cultivation or any other purpose—

are guilty of an offence, and liable to be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to Rs. 500, or with both, in addition to such compensation for damage done to the forests as the convicting court may direct to be paid.

**VII.**—The last two paragraphs are subject to the following provisions. They do not prohibit—

(a) any act done in accordance with any regulation made by the Governor, or with permission in writing of a forest officer empowered to grant such permission ;

(b) any practice of chena cultivation permitted at the inquiry by the Forest Settlement Officer for the time being ; or,

(c) the exercise of any right continued by him at such inquiry, or created by grant or contract as above defined in clause III.

**VIII.**—Whenever fire is caused wilfully or by gross negligence in the said blocks of land, after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or having permission to practise chena cultivation therein, or by any person in his employment, or whenever any person having right in such forest contravenes the condition set on him by the Forest Settlement Officer for the time being, the Governor may (notwithstanding that a penalty has been inflicted in respect of such fire) direct that in such forest, or any specified portion thereof, the exercise of all or any of the rights of pasture or to forest produce shall be extinguished or suspended for such period as he thinks fit, and may withdraw any permission to practise chena cultivation in such forest or portion.

**IX.**—I do hereby require every person claiming any right or making any claim to any land or portion of any land within the above-mentioned limits, either to present to me before November 8, 1891, at the Census Office, Slave Island, Colombo, a written statement specifying, or to appear before me on November 14, 1891, at noon, at Akuressa resthouse, and state the nature of right or claim.

LIONEL LEE,  
Forest Settlement Officer.

**WHEREAS** I, Lionel Frederic Lee, have been appointed by the Governor the Forest Settlement Officer to inquire into and determine the existence, nature, and extent of any rights claimed by, or alleged to exist in favour of, any person in or over any land comprised within the limits hereinafter given and described, and any claims relating to the practice within such limits of chena cultivation, and to deal with the same as provided in the second chapter of the Ordinance No. 10 of 1885 :

I, Lionel Frederic Lee, the Forest Settlement Officer, do hereby notify that the proposed forest is called Illuppellakele, and is situate in the village Illuppella in the Weligam korale of the Matara district, and is bounded as follows :—On the north by Pandeniya, Hunukotuwedola, Garuwelegodawatta, and Hindakaramulledola ; on the west by Rilagalahena, Teambarahena, Kotikadeniyahena, and Punchideniyahena ; on the south by Okandepalla, Panvilahenadeniya, and Medellaketiya ; and on the east by the village boundary of Akuressa, Nagahadolakele.

II.—And I do further notify that from and after the date hereof, until the forest is proclaimed a reserved forest, no right can be acquired in or over the land comprised in the Proclamation declaring the above blocks of land to be reserved forest, except by inheritance or succession, or under a grant or contract in writing made or entered into by or on behalf of the Crown, or by the person in whom the right or power to create the same is now vested ; and on such land no new house can be built or plantation formed, no fresh clearings for cultivation or for any other purpose can be made, and no trees can be cut for the purposes of trade or manufacture, except with the permission in writing of the Government Agent or Assistant Government Agent of the district.

III.—The consequence that will ensue on the reservation of the forest is as follows :—

(1) All rights in respect of which no claim has been preferred, and of the existence of which no knowledge has been acquired during the course of the inquiry before the Forest Settlement Officer, will become extinguished.

(2) No rights of any description can be acquired in or over a reserved forest except by inheritance or succession, or under a grant or contract in writing made by or on behalf of the Crown, or by the person in whom the right, or the power to create such right, is now vested.

(3) No rights allowed by the Forest Settlement Officer during the course of the inquiry to pasture or forest produce—that is, minerals (including limestone and laterite), surface soil, trees, timber, plants, grass, peat, canes, creepers, reeds, leaves, moss, flowers, fruits, seeds, roots, juice, catechu bark, cutchouc, gum, wood-oil, resin, varnish, lac, charcoal, honey, wax, stone, ruins, clay, gravel, and earth—can be alienated by way of grant, sale, lease, mortgage, or otherwise, without notice thereof to the Government Agent. Provided that when any such right is continued for the beneficial enjoyment of any land or house, it may be sold or otherwise alienated with such land or house without such sanction ; and no timber or other forest produce can be sold or bartered, except in such a way as shall by me be defined in the course of my inquiry.

IV.—Any public or private way in the said blocks of land may be stopped by any forest officer, with the sanction of the Government Agent, under certain conditions.

V.—Persons who in the said blocks of land, after they have been proclaimed reserved forests—

- (a) trespass or pasture cattle, or wilfully cause cattle to trespass ;
- (b) cause any damage by negligence in felling any tree or cutting or dragging any timber ;
- (c) wilfully strip off the bark or leaves from, or otherwise damage any tree ;
- (d) in contravention of any rules made by the Government Agent of the Province on that behalf, hunt, shoot, fish, poison water, or set traps or snares or guns, or use any explosive substance—

are guilty of an offence, and liable on conviction to a fine which may extend to Rs. 50, or when the damage resulting from their offence amounts to more than Rs. 25, to double the amount of such damage.

VI.—Persons who—

- (a) make any fresh clearing on the said blocks of land, or who set fire to any portion of the same after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or in contravention of any rules made by the Government Agent kindle any fire, or leave any fire burning in such a manner as to endanger the said blocks of land after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or any part thereof, or who in the said blocks of land, after they are proclaimed reserved forests, kindle, keep, or carry any fire, except at such seasons and in such a manner as a forest officer especially empowered in this behalf may from time to time notify ;
- (b) fell, girdle, lop, tap, or burn any tree ;
- (c) quarry stone, burn lime or charcoal, or collect, subject to any manufacturing process, or remove forest produce ;
- (d) clear or break up any land for cultivation or any other purpose,—

are guilty of an offence, and liable to be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to Rs. 500, or with both, in addition to such compensation for damage done to the forests as the convicting court may direct to be paid.

VII.—The last two paragraphs are subject to the following provisions. They do not prohibit—

- (a) any act done in accordance with any regulation made by the Governor, or with permission in writing of a forest officer empowered to grant such permission ;
- (b) any practice of chena cultivation permitted at the inquiry by the Forest Settlement Officer for the time being ; or
- (c) the exercise of any right continued by him at such inquiry, or created by grant or contract as above defined in clause III.

VIII.—Whenever fire is caused wilfully or by gross negligence in the said blocks of land, after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or having permission to practise chena cultivation therein, or by any person in his employment, or whenever any person having right in such forest contravenes the condition set on him by the Forest Settlement Officer for the time being, the Governor may (notwithstanding that a penalty has been inflicted in respect of such fire) direct that in such forest, or any specified portion thereof, the exercise of all or any of the rights of pasture or to forest produce shall be extinguished or suspended for such period as he thinks fit, and may withdraw any permission to practise chena cultivation in such forest or portion.

IX.—I do hereby require every person claiming any right, or making any claim to any land or portion of any land within the above-mentioned limits, either to present to me before November 8, 1891, at the Census Office, Slave Island, Colombo, a written statement specifying, or to appear before me on November 14, 1891, at noon, at Akuressa resthouse, and state the nature of right or claim.

LIONEL LEE,  
Forest Settlement Officer.

**WHEREAS** I, Lionel Frederic Lee, have been appointed by the Governor the Forest Settlement Officer to inquire into and determine the existence, nature, and extent of any rights claimed by, or alleged to exist in favour of, any person in or over any land comprised within the limits hereinafter given and described, and any claims relating to the practice within such limits of chena cultivation, and to deal with the same as provided in the second chapter of the Ordinance No. 10 of 1885 :

**I,** Lionel Frederic Lee, the Forest Settlement Officer, do hereby notify that the proposed forest is called Yabala mukalana, and is situate in the village Maliduwa in the Weligam korale of the Matara district, Southern Province, and is bounded as follows :—On the north by Labuwelhena ; on the west by Labuwelhena ; on the south by Korahane-mukalana ; and on the east by Kiyandukele.

**II.**—And I do further notify that from and after the date hereof, until the forest is proclaimed a reserved forest, no right can be acquired in or over the land comprised in the Proclamation declaring the above blocks of land to be reserved forest, except by inheritance or succession, or under a grant or contract in writing made or entered into by or on behalf of the Crown, or by the person in whom the right or power to create the same is now vested ; and on such land no new house can be built or plantation formed, no fresh clearings for cultivation or for any other purpose can be made, and no trees can be cut for the purposes of trade or manufacture, except with the permission in writing of the Government Agent or Assistant Government Agent of the district.

**III.**—The consequence that will ensue on the reservation of the forest is as follows :—

(1) All rights in respect of which no claim has been preferred, and of the existence of which no knowledge has been acquired during the course of the inquiry before the Forest Settlement Officer, will become extinguished.

(2) No rights of any description can be acquired in or over a reserved forest except by inheritance or succession, or under a grant or contract in writing made by or on behalf of the Crown, or by the person in whom the right or the power to create such right is now vested.

(3) No rights allowed by the Forest Settlement Officer during the course of the inquiry to pasture or forest produce—that is, minerals (including limestone and laterite), surface soil, trees, timber, plants, grass, peat, canes, creepers, reeds, leaves, moss, flowers, fruits, seeds, roots, juice, catechu bark, coutechou, gum, wood-oil, resin, varnish, lac, charcoal, honey, wax, stone, ruins, clay, gravel, and earth—can be alienated by way of grant, sale, lease, mortgage, or otherwise, without notice thereof to the Government Agent. Provided that when any such right is continued for the beneficial enjoyment of any land or house, it may be sold or otherwise alienated with such land or house without such sanction ; and no timber or other forest produce can be sold or bartered, except in such a way as shall by me be defined in the course of my inquiry.

**IV.**—Any public or private way in the said blocks of land may be stopped by any forest officer, with the sanction of the Government Agent, under certain conditions.

**V.**—Persons who in the said blocks of land, after they have been proclaimed reserved forests—

- (a) trespass, or pasture cattle, or wilfully cause cattle to trespass ;
- (b) cause any damage by negligence in felling any tree, or cutting or dragging any timber ;
- (c) wilfully strip off the bark or leaves from, or otherwise damage any tree ;
- (d) in contravention of any rules made by the Government Agent of the Province on that behalf, hunt, shoot, fish, poison water, or set traps or snares or guns, or use any explosive substance—

are guilty of an offence, and liable on conviction to a fine which may extend to Rs. 50, or when the damage resulting from their offence amounts to more than Rs. 25, to double the amount of such damage.

**VI.**—Persons who—

- (a) make any fresh clearing on the said blocks of land, or who set fire to any portion of the same after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or in contravention of any rules made by the Government Agent kindle any fire, or leave any fire burning in such a manner as to endanger the said blocks of land after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or any part thereof, or who in the said blocks of land after they are proclaimed reserved forests kindle, keep, or carry any fire, except at such seasons and in such a manner as a forest officer especially empowered in this behalf may from time to time notify ;
- (b) fell, girdle, lop, tap, or burn any tree ;
- (c) quarry stone, burn lime or charcoal, or collect, subject to any manufacturing process, or remove forest produce ;
- (d) clear or break up any land for cultivation or any other purpose—

are guilty of an offence, and liable to be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to Rs. 500, or with both, in addition to such compensation for damage done to the forests as the convicting court may direct to be paid.

**VII.**—The last two paragraphs are subject to the following provisions. They do not prohibit—

- (a) any act done in accordance with any regulation made by the Governor, or with permission in writing of a forest officer empowered to grant such permission ;
- (b) any practice of chena cultivation permitted at the inquiry by the Forest Settlement Officer for the time being ; or,
- (c) the exercise of any right continued by him at such inquiry, or created by grant or contract as above defined in clause III.

**VIII.**—Whenever fire is caused wilfully or by gross negligence in the said blocks of land, after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or having permission to practise chena cultivation therein, or by any person in his employment, or whenever any person having right in such forest contravenes the condition set on him by the Forest Settlement Officer for the time being, the Governor may (notwithstanding that a penalty has been inflicted in respect of such fire) direct that in such forest, or any specified portion thereof, the exercise of all or any of the rights of pasture or to forest produce shall be extinguished or suspended for such period as he thinks fit, and may withdraw any permission to practise chena cultivation in such forest or portion.

**IX.**—I do hereby require every person claiming any right, or making any claim to any land or portion of any land within the above-mentioned limits, either to present to me before November 8, 1891, at the Census Office, Slave Island, Colombo, a written statement specifying, or to appear before me on November 14, 1891, at noon, at Akuressa resthouse, and state the nature of right or claim.

LIONEL LEE,  
Forest Settlement Officer.

**WHEREAS** I, Lionel Frederic Lee, have been appointed by the Governor the Forest Settlement Officer to inquire into and determine the existence, nature, and extent of any rights claimed by, or alleged to exist in favour of, any person in or over any land comprised within the limits hereinafter given and described, and any claims relating to the practice within such limits of chena cultivation, and to deal with the same as provided in the second chapter of the Ordinance No. 10 of 1885 :

I, Lionel Frederic Lee, the Forest Settlement Officer, do hereby notify that the proposed forest is called Dediagalakele, and is situate in the village Eramudugoda in the Weligam korale of the Matara district, and is bounded as follows:—On the north by Hinidum pattu and Halandaganga ; on the west by the boundary of the Gangaboda pattu and Hinidum pattu in the Galle district ; on the south by the boundary of the villages Ehalapeketanwila and Moliduwa ; and on the east by the village boundary of Lenama and Baddewelkanda.

II.—And I do further notify that from and after the date hereof, until the forest is proclaimed a reserved forest, no right can be acquired in or over the land comprised in the Proclamation declaring the above blocks of land to be reserved forest, except by inheritance or succession, or under a grant or contract in writing made or entered into by or on behalf of the Crown, or by the person in whom the right or power to create the same is now vested ; and on such land no new house can be built or plantation formed, no fresh clearings for cultivation or for any other purpose can be made, and no trees can be cut for the purposes of trade or manufacture, except with the permission in writing of the Government Agent or Assistant Government Agent of the district.

III.—The consequence that will ensue on the reservation of the forest is as follows :—

(1) All rights in respect of which no claim has been preferred, and of the existence of which no knowledge has been acquired during the course of the inquiry before the Forest Settlement Officer, will become extinguished.

(2) No rights of any description can be acquired in or over a reserved forest except by inheritance or succession, or under a grant or contract in writing made by or on behalf of the Crown, or by the person in whom the right or the power to create such right is now vested.

(3) No rights allowed by the Forest Settlement Officer during the course of the inquiry to pasture or forest produce—that is, minerals (including limestone and laterite), surface soil, trees, timber, plants, grass, peat, canes, creepers, reeds, leaves, moss, flowers, fruits, seeds, roots, juice, catechu bark, coutechou, gum, wood-oil, resin, varnish, lac, charcoal, honey, wax, stone, ruins, clay, gravel, and earth—can be alienated by way of grant, sale, lease, mortgage, or otherwise, without notice thereof to the Government Agent. Provided that when any such right is continued for the beneficial enjoyment of any land or house, it may be sold or otherwise alienated with such land or house without such sanction ; and no timber or other forest produce can be sold or bartered, except in such a way as shall by me be defined in the course of my inquiry.

IV.—Any public or private way in the said blocks of land may be stopped by any forest officer, with the sanction of the Government Agent, under certain conditions.

V.—Persons who in the said blocks of land, after they have been proclaimed reserved forests—

- (a) trespass, or pasture cattle, or wilfully cause cattle to trespass ;
- (b) cause any damage by negligence in felling any tree, or cutting or dragging any timber ;
- (c) wilfully strip off the bark or leaves from, or otherwise damage any tree ;
- (d) in contravention of any rules made by the Government Agent of the Province on that behalf, hunt, shoot, fish, poison water, or set traps or snares or guns, or use any explosive substance—

are guilty of an offence, and liable on conviction to a fine which may extend to Rs. 50, or when the damage resulting from their offence amounts to more than Rs. 25 to double the amount of such damage.

VI.—Persons who—

- (a) make any fresh clearing on the said blocks of land, or who set fire to any portion of the same after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or in contravention of any rules made by the Government Agent kindle any fire, or leave any fire burning in such a manner as to endanger the said blocks of land after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or any part thereof, or who in the said blocks of land after they are proclaimed reserved forests kindle, keep, or carry any fire, except at such seasons and in such a manner as a forest officer especially empowered in this behalf may from time to time notify ;
- (b) fell, girdle, lop, tap, or burn any tree ;
- (c) quarry stone, burn lime or charcoal, or collect, subject to any manufacturing process, or remove forest produce ;
- (d) clear or break up any land for cultivation or any other purpose,—

are guilty of an offence, and liable to be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to Rs. 500, or with both, in addition to such compensation for damage done to the forests as the convicting court may direct to be paid.

VII.—The last two paragraphs are subject to the following provisions. They do not prohibit—

- (a) any act done in accordance with any regulation made by the Governor, or with permission in writing of a forest officer empowered to grant such permission ;
- (b) any practice of chena cultivation permitted at the inquiry by the Forest Settlement Officer for the time being ; or
- (c) the exercise of any right continued by him at such inquiry, or created by grant or contract as above defined in clause III.

VIII.—Whenever fire is caused wilfully or by gross negligence in the said blocks of land, after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or having permission to practise chena cultivation therein, or by any person in his employment, or whenever any person having right in such forest contravenes the condition set on him by the Forest Settlement Officer for the time being, the Governor may (notwithstanding that a penalty has been inflicted in respect of such fire) direct that in such forest, or any specified portion thereof, the exercise of all or any of the rights of pasture or to forest produce shall be extinguished or suspended for such period as he thinks fit, and may withdraw any permission to practise chena cultivation in such forest or portion.

IX.—I do hereby require every person claiming any right or making any claim to any land or portion of any land within the above-mentioned limits, either to present to me before November 8, 1891, at the Census Office, Slave Island, Colombo, a written statement specifying, or to appear before me on November 14, 1891, at noon, at Akuressa resthouse, and state the nature of right or claim.

LIONEL LEE,  
Forest Settlement Officer.



**WHEREAS** I, Lionel Frederic Lee, have been appointed by the Governor the Forest Settlement Officer to inquire into and determine the existence, nature, and extent of any rights claimed by, or alleged to exist in favour of, any person in or over any land comprised within the limits hereinafter given and described, and any claims relating to the practice within such limits of chena cultivation, and to deal with the same as provided in the second chapter of the Ordinance No. 10 of 1885 :

I, Lionel Frederic Lee, the Forest Settlement Officer, do hereby notify that the proposed forest is called Badullakele, *alias* Kurunduwattakele, consisting of lots 2,505, 2,505½, and a part of 2,505½, in preliminary plan 337, and lot 8,011 in plan 1,017, and is situate at Kittalagama in the Gangaboda pattu, and is bounded as follows :—On the north by Hewawatta *alias* Jambughawatta, Wattukankanamagewatta, Jambughawatta, Potuwila, Pinkulagewatta, Pansalawatta, Kajukanattawatta, Kajugahadeniya, Natuduawatta, Hettigedeniya, Hettigedeniyawatta, Kandanketiawatta, Radagemulana, Tummoderawatta ; on the west by Dambakolekumbura, Nagahaliyadda, Etgaladeniya, Tumbegekumbura, Koddippilegedeniya, Kekunagahaliyadda, Meddaliyadda, Indura, Mantriyamulla, Iriyagahaliyadda, Wagissamulla, Potuwila, Kohombahadeniya, Kohombahenawatta, Egodawattadeniya, Egodawatta, Wadugewatta, Dalugodagedeniya, Dalugodagewatta, Gamagewatta, Inalawatta, Kahapokunawatta, Udakahapokuna, Hewagewatta, Aderagewatta, Udakaragamagewatta, Malapalawatta, Siyambalagahawatta, Dolewatta, Sakkaragewatta, Udakumbura, Masmulla, Masmullawatta, Masmulladeniya, Masmullawatta, Hittatiyagewatta, Moderawatta, Pahalumulaneokanda, Ulapalemulana, Ulapalemulanewatta, Murutagahamulana, Kekunagahaliyadda, Puwakdola, Jambughaliyadda, Mandaketiya, Maduruwadeniya, Tummoderawatta, and Radagemulaneokanda ; on the south by lots H, G, F, C, N, O, T 30 and the southern section of lot 2,505½ in preliminary plan 337 ; and on the east by Tanniyagodawattahena, Ittawelkoratuawatta, Hakurannekoratuwa, Puhulhenawilawatta, Baddakoranawilla, Disawagewilla, Galketiayahena, Galketiawatta, Malapalawa, Kirinderalagewatta, Willapattinigewatta, Dalugodawatta, Denipitiyagedumulla, Dalugodamullakumbura, Digarolla, Paswissemulla, lots X, Y, Z 29 and B 30 in preliminary plan 337, Lapadeniya, Batatuduwa, Nagodawilla, Polinduredeniya, Polindurewatta, Pinnapolagedeniya, and Nagodawatta.

II.—And I do further notify that from and after the date hereof, until the forest is proclaimed a reserved forest, no right can be acquired in or over the land comprised in the Proclamation declaring the above blocks of land to be reserved forest, except by inheritance or succession, or under a grant or contract in writing made or entered into by or on behalf of the Crown, or by the person in whom the right or power to create the same is now vested ; and on such land no new house can be built or plantation formed, no fresh clearings for cultivation or for any other purpose can be made, and no trees can be cut for the purposes of trade or manufacture, except with the permission in writing of the Government Agent or Assistant Government Agent of the district.

III.—The consequence that will ensue on the reservation of the forest is as follows :—

(1) All rights in respect of which no claim has been preferred, and of the existence of which no knowledge has been acquired during the course of the inquiry before the Forest Settlement Officer, will become extinguished.

(2) No rights of any description can be acquired in or over a reserved forest except by inheritance or succession, or under a grant or contract in writing made by or on behalf of the Crown, or by the person in whom the right or the power to create such right is now vested.

(3) No rights allowed by the Forest Settlement Officer during the course of the inquiry to pasture or forest produce—that is, minerals (including limestone and laterite), surface soil, trees, timber, plants, grass, peat, canes, creepers, reeds, leaves, moss, flowers, fruits, seeds, roots, juice, catechu bark, coutchouc, gum, wood-oil, resin, varnish, lac, charcoal, honey, wax, stone, ruins, clay, gravel, and earth—can be alienated by way of grant, sale, lease, mortgage, or otherwise, without notice thereof to the Government Agent. Provided that when any such right is continued for the beneficial enjoyment of any land or house, it may be sold or otherwise alienated with such land or house without such sanction ; and no timber or other forest produce can be sold or bartered, except in such a way as shall by me be defined in the course of my inquiry.

IV.—Any public or private way in the said blocks of land may be stopped by any forest officer, with the sanction of the Government Agent, under certain conditions.

V.—Persons who in the said blocks of land, after they have been proclaimed reserved forests—

(a) trespass, or pasture cattle, or wilfully cause cattle to trespass ;

(b) cause any damage by negligence in felling any tree, or cutting or dragging any timber ;

(c) wilfully strip off the bark or leaves from, or otherwise damage any tree ;

(d) in contravention of any rules made by the Government Agent of the Province on that behalf, hunt, shoot, fish, poison water, or set traps or snares or guns, or use any explosive substance—

are guilty of an offence, and liable on conviction to a fine which may extend to Rs. 50, or when the damage resulting from their offence amounts to more than Rs. 25, to double the amount of such damage.

VI.—Persons who—

(a) make any fresh clearing on the said blocks of land, or who set fire to any portion of the same after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or in contravention of any rules made by the Government Agent kindle any fire, or leave any fire burning in such a manner as to endanger the said blocks of land after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or any part thereof, or who in the said blocks of land after they are proclaimed reserved forests kindle, keep, or carry any fire, except at such seasons and in such a manner as a forest officer especially empowered in this behalf may from time to time notify ;

(b) fell, girdle, lop, tap, or burn any tree ;

(c) quarry stone, burn lime or charcoal, or collect, subject to any manufacturing process, or remove forest produce ;

(d) clear or break up any land for cultivation or any other purpose,—

are guilty of an offence, and liable to be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to Rs. 500, or with both, in addition to such compensation for damage done to the forests as the convicting court may direct to be paid.

VII.—The last two paragraphs are subject to the following provisions. They do not prohibit—

(a) any act done in accordance with any regulation made by the Governor, or with permission in writing of a forest officer empowered to grant such permission ;

(b) any practice of chena cultivation permitted at the inquiry by the Forest Settlement Officer for the time being ; or

(c) the exercise of any right continued by him at such inquiry or created by grant or contract as above defined in clause III.

VIII.—Whenever fire is caused wilfully or by gross negligence in the said blocks of land, after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or having permission to practise chena cultivation therein, or by any person in his employment, or whenever any person having right in such forest contravenes the condition set on him by the Forest Settlement Officer for the time being, the Governor may (notwithstanding that a penalty has been inflicted in respect of such fire) direct that in such forest, or any specified portion thereof, the exercise of all or any of the rights of pasture or to forest produce shall be extinguished or suspended for such period as he thinks fit, and may withdraw any permission to practise chena cultivation in such forest or portion.

IX.—I do hereby require every person claiming any right, or making any claim to any land or portion of any land within the above-mentioned limits, either to present to me before November 8, 1891, at the Census Office, Slave Island, Colombo, a written statement specifying, or to appear before me on November 12, 1891, at 10 A.M., at the Matara kachcheri, and state the nature of right or claim.

LIONEL LEE, Forest Settlement Officer.



**WHEREAS** I, Lionel Frederic Lee, have been appointed by the Governor the Forest Settlement Officer to inquire into and determine the existence, nature, and extent of any rights claimed by, or alleged to exist in favour of, any person in or over any land comprised within the limits hereinafter given and described, and any claims relating to the practice within such limits of chena cultivation, and to deal with the same as provided in the second chapter of the Ordinance No. 10 of 1885 :

I, Lionel Frederic Lee, the Forest Settlement Officer, do hereby notify that the proposed forest is called Welihenakele, Talahagamakele, Kanahalagamakele and is situate in the villages Welihena and Talahagama in Ihawalakada and Kanahalagama in the Belpagams of the Gangaboda pattu, and is bounded as follows :—On the north by Aluketiya-deniya, Paragahadeniya, Mahawaladeniya, Pinliyadda, Millagahadeniya, Gamagemandiyawila, Udadeniya, Badahelapittaniya, Tumbepittaniya, Kogahamandiyaya, Iriyagahadeniya, Acarigemogodawatta, Arachchigewatta, Madoladeniya, Ampaden, Udadigalakanuketiya, Madawalamulla, Vitaranagewatta, Pallekumbura, Halpe, Mapagoda, Udanindare, Pallenindare, Mahadiggoda, Udumullawila, Pallewatta, Mallikachchigewatta, Arachchigewatta, Niyarapallekumbura, Ihabalalapuwa, Kalapuwa, Kattagodawila, Pahabalalapuwa, Modara Ira, Tembilinure Muttettuwa, Medakumbura, Panituduwewatta, Panituduwewila, Mahawila, Apallagodawila, Dikhenawila, Maluwala-arawila, Bowitiyaketiawila ; on the west by Wewawila, Batalahenawila, Mallagahahena, Tillekaratnawila ; on the south by Kajgahapittaniya, Paragahapittaniya, Yakadagalahena, Panugaladeniya, Kudagalahena, Tinnayawitiyale, Amunahenawila, and Tilla-karatnawila ; and on the east by the boundary between Gangaboda pattu and Ranchagoda in the Kandaboda pattu, Wattahena, Hiriwamehena, Ensalbola and Wilpita estate called Ukwatta.

II.—And I do further notify that from and after the date hereof, until the forest is proclaimed a reserved forest, no right can be acquired in or over the land comprised in the Proclamation declaring the above blocks of land to be reserved forest, except by inheritance or succession, or under a grant or contract in writing made or entered into by or on behalf of the Crown, or by the person in whom the right or power to create the same is now vested ; and on such land no new house can be built or plantation formed, no fresh clearings for cultivation or for any other purpose can be made, and no trees can be cut for the purposes of trade or manufacture, except with the permission in writing of the Government Agent or Assistant Government Agent of the district.

III.—The consequence that will ensue on the reservation of the forest is as follows :—

(1) All rights in respect of which no claim has been preferred, and of the existence of which no knowledge has been acquired during the course of the inquiry before the Forest Settlement Officer, will become extinguished.

(2) No rights of any description can be acquired in or over a reserved forest except by inheritance or succession, or under a grant or contract in writing made by or on behalf of the Crown, or by the person in whom the right, or the power to create such right, is now vested.

(3) No rights allowed by the Forest Settlement Officer during the course of the inquiry to pasture or forest produce—that is, minerals (including limestone and laterite), surface soil, trees, timber, plants, grass, peat, canes, creepers, reeds, leaves, moss, flowers, fruits, seeds, roots, juice, catechu bark, cutchouc, gum, wood-oil, resin, varnish, lac, charcoal, honey, wax, stone, ruins, clay, gravel, and earth—can be alienated by way of grant, sale, lease, mortgage, or otherwise, without notice thereof to the Government Agent. Provided that when any such right is continued for the beneficial enjoyment of any land or house, it may be sold or otherwise alienated with such land or house without such sanction ; and no timber or other forest produce can be sold or bartered, except in such a way as shall by me be defined in the course of my inquiry.

IV.—Any public or private way in the said blocks of land may be stopped by any forest officer, with the sanction of the Government Agent, under certain conditions.

V.—Persons who in the said blocks of land, after they have been proclaimed reserved forests—

(a) trespass or pasture cattle, or wilfully cause cattle to trespass ;

(b) cause any damage by negligence in felling any tree or cutting or dragging any timber ;

(c) wilfully strip off the bark or leaves from, or otherwise damage any tree ;

(d) in contravention of any rules made by the Government Agent of the Province on that behalf, hunt, shoot, fish, poison water, or set traps or snares or guns, or use any explosive substance—

are guilty of an offence, and liable on conviction to a fine which may extend to Rs. 50, or when the damage resulting from their offence amounts to more than Rs. 25, to double the amount of such damage.

VI.—Persons who—

(a) make any fresh clearing on the said blocks of land, or who set fire to any portion of the same after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or in contravention of any rules made by the Government Agent kindle any fire, or leave any fire burning in such a manner as to endanger the said blocks of land after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or any part thereof, or who in the said blocks of land, after they are proclaimed reserved forests, kindle, keep, or carry any fire, except at such seasons and in such a manner as a forest officer especially empowered in this behalf may from time to time notify ;

(b) fell, girdle, lop, tap, or burn any tree ;

(c) quarry stone, burn lime or charcoal, or collect, subject to any manufacturing process, or remove forest produce ;

(d) clear or break up any land for cultivation or any other purpose,—

are guilty of an offence, and liable to be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to Rs. 500, or with both, in addition to such compensation for damage done to the forests as the convicting court may direct to be paid.

VII.—The last two paragraphs are subject to the following provisions. They do not prohibit—

(a) any act done in accordance with any regulation made by the Governor, or with permission in writing of a forest officer empowered to grant such permission ;

(b) any practice of chena cultivation permitted at the inquiry by the Forest Settlement Officer for the time being ; or

(c) the exercise of any right continued by him at such inquiry, or created by grant or contract as above defined in clause III.

VIII.—Whenever fire is caused wilfully or by gross negligence in the said blocks of land, after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or having permission to practise chena cultivation therein, or by any person in his employment, or whenever any person having right in such forest contravenes the condition set on him by the Forest Settlement Officer for the time being, the Governor may (notwithstanding that a penalty has been inflicted in respect of such fire) direct that in such forest, or any specified portion thereof, the exercise of all or any of the rights of pasture or to forest produce shall be extinguished or suspended for such period as he thinks fit, and may withdraw any permission to practise chena cultivation in such forest or portion.

IX.—I do hereby require every person claiming any right, or making any claim to any land or portion of any land within the above-mentioned limits, either to present to me before November 8, 1891, at the Census Office, Slave Island, Colombo, a written statement specifying, or to appear before me on November 14, 1891, at noon, at Akuressa resthouse, and state the nature of right or claim.

LIONEL LEE,  
Forest Settlement Officer.

**WHEREAS** I, Lionel Frederic Lee, have been appointed by the Governor the Forest Settlement Officer to inquire into and determine the existence, nature, and extent of any rights claimed by, or alleged to exist in favour of, any person in or over any land comprised within the limits hereinafter given and described, and any claims relating to the practice within such limits of chena cultivation, and to deal with the same as provided in the second chapter of the Ordinance No. 10 of 1885 :

I, Lionel Frederic Lee, the Forest Settlement Officer, do hereby notify that the proposed forest is called Morawakkanda, and is situate in the village Morawaka in the Morawak korale of the Matara District, and is bounded as follows :—On the north by Hindakaraldeniya and Waturawa ; on the west by Gansabhawa path to Uduwakapallegama ; on the south by Mr. Young's trace of the original principal road ; and on the east by Pilladola *alias* Kohunkandadola in the limit of Waralla.

II.—And I do further notify that from and after the date hereof, until the forest is proclaimed a reserved forest, no right can be acquired in or over the land comprised in the Proclamation declaring the above blocks of land to be reserved forest, except by inheritance or succession, or under a grant or contract in writing made or entered into by or on behalf of the Crown, or by the person in whom the right or power to create the same is now vested ; and on such land no new house can be built or plantation formed, no fresh clearings for cultivation or for any other purpose can be made, and no trees can be cut for the purposes of trade or manufacture, except with the permission in writing of the Government Agent or Assistant Government Agent of the district.

III.—The consequence that will ensue on the reservation of the forest is as follows :—

(1) All rights in respect of which no claim has been preferred, and of the existence of which no knowledge has been acquired during the course of the inquiry before the Forest Settlement Officer, will become extinguished.

(2) No rights of any description can be acquired in or over a reserved forest except by inheritance or succession, or under a grant or contract in writing made by or on behalf of the Crown, or by the person in whom the right or the power to create such right is now vested.

(3) No rights allowed by the Forest Settlement Officer during the course of the inquiry to pasture or forest produce—that is, minerals (including limestone and laterite), surface soil, trees, timber, plants, grass, peat, canes, creepers, reeds, leaves, moss, flowers, fruits, seeds, roots, juice, catechu bark, coutchouc, gum, wood-oil, resin, varnish, lac, charcoal, honey, wax, stone, ruins, clay, gravel, and earth—can be alienated by way of grant, sale, lease, mortgage, or otherwise, without notice thereof to the Government Agent. Provided that when any such right is continued for the beneficial enjoyment of any land or house, it may be sold or otherwise alienated with such land or house without such sanction ; and no timber or other forest produce can be sold or bartered, except in such a way as shall by me be defined in the course of my inquiry.

IV.—Any public or private way in the said blocks of land may be stopped by any forest officer, with the sanction of the Government Agent, under certain conditions.

V.—Persons who in the said blocks of land, after they have been proclaimed reserved forests—

- (a) trespass, or pasture cattle, or wilfully cause cattle to trespass ;
- (b) cause any damage by negligence in felling any tree, or cutting or dragging any timber ;
- (c) wilfully strip off the bark or leaves from, or otherwise damage any tree ;
- (d) in contravention of any rules made by the Government Agent of the Province on that behalf, hunt, shoot, fish, poison water, or set traps or snares or guns, or use any explosive substance—

are guilty of an offence, and liable on conviction to a fine which may extend to Rs. 50, or when the damage resulting from their offence amounts to more than Rs. 25, to double the amount of such damage.

VI.—Persons who—

- (a) make any fresh clearing on the said blocks of land, or who set fire to any portion of the same after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or in contravention of any rules made by the Government Agent kindle any fire, or leave any fire burning in such a manner as to endanger the said blocks of land after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or any part thereof, or who in the said blocks of land after they are proclaimed reserved forests kindle, keep, or carry any fire, except at such seasons and in such a manner as a forest officer especially empowered in this behalf may from time to time notify ;
- (b) fell, girdle, lop, tap, or burn any tree ;
- (c) quarry stone, burn lime or charcoal, or collect, subject to any manufacturing process, or remove forest produce ;
- (d) clear or break up any land for cultivation or any other purpose—

are guilty of an offence, and liable to be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to Rs. 500, or with both, in addition to such compensation for damage done to the forests as the convicting court may direct to be paid.

VII.—The last two paragraphs are subject to the following provisions. They do not prohibit—

- (a) any act done in accordance with any regulation made by the Governor, or with permission in writing of a forest officer empowered to grant such permission ;
- (b) any practice of chena cultivation permitted at the inquiry by the Forest Settlement Officer for the time being ; or,
- (c) the exercise of any right continued by him at such inquiry, or created by grant or contract as above defined in clause III.

VIII.—Whenever fire is caused wilfully or by gross negligence in the said blocks of land, after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or having permission to practise chena cultivation therein, or by any person in his employment, or whenever any person having right in such forest contravenes the condition set on him by the Forest Settlement Officer for the time being, the Governor may (notwithstanding that a penalty has been inflicted in respect of such fire) direct that in such forest, or any specified portion thereof, the exercise of all or any of the rights of pasture or to forest produce shall be extinguished or suspended for such period as he thinks fit, and may withdraw any permission to practise chena cultivation in such forest or portion.

IX.—I do hereby require every person claiming any right or making any claim to any land or portion of any land within the above-mentioned limits, either to present to me before November 8, 1891, at the Census Office, Slave Island, Colombo, a written statement specifying, or to appear before me on November 16, 1891, at noon, at Morawaka resthouse, and state the nature of right or claim.

LIONEL LEE,  
Forest Settlement Officer.

**WHEREAS** I, Lionel Frederic Lee, have been appointed by the Governor the Forest Settlement Officer to inquire into and determine the existence, nature, and extent of any rights claimed by, or alleged to exist in favour of, any person in or over any land comprised within the limits hereinafter given and described, and any claims relating to the practice within such limits of chena cultivation, and to deal with the same as provided in the second chapter of the Ordinance No. 10 of 1885 :

I, Lionel Frederic Lee, the Forest Settlement Officer, do hereby notify that the proposed forest is called Rammalekanda, and is situate in the villages Dampahala and Pasgoda in the Morawak korale of the Matara District, Southern Province, and is bounded as follows :—On the north by Nawalahena *alias* Habaralahena, Waralumullehena, Amuhena, Hapugahahena, Angurumele Godapeeladolahena, Karagodawatta, Udagedarakumbura, Kambettamullakumbura and watta, Potuwilahena, Indolla at Dampahala and Mahadeniya, Kudumirishena, Tolketiyahena, Gallandagahena, Galpottahena, Pilledeniyahena, Madawalahena, Doladekehena, Mulmorahena, and Gulanehena ; on the west by Illepetiyahena and Kapuwayewadiyahena ; on the south by the limit of Giruwa pattu west along the summit of the hill Kodiyabendamukalana, Galkanda, Belatanahena, and Mahagalkanda ; and on the east by Nawalahena, Marawehena, Habaralahena, and Kandegettetelehena.

II.—And I do further notify that from and after the date hereof, until the forest is proclaimed a reserved forest, no right can be acquired in or over the land comprised in the Proclamation declaring the above blocks of land to be reserved forest, except by inheritance or succession, or under a grant or contract in writing made or entered into by or on behalf of the Crown, or by the person in whom the right or power to create the same is now vested ; and on such land no new house can be built or plantation formed, no fresh clearings for cultivation or for any other purpose can be made, and no trees can be cut for the purposes of trade or manufacture, except with the permission in writing of the Government Agent or Assistant Government Agent of the district.

III.—The consequence that will ensue on the reservation of the forest is as follows :—

(1) All rights in respect of which no claim has been preferred, and of the existence of which no knowledge has been acquired during the course of the inquiry before the Forest Settlement Officer, will become extinguished.

(2) No rights of any description can be acquired in or over a reserved forest except by inheritance or succession, or under a grant or contract in writing made by or on behalf of the Crown, or by the person in whom the right or the power to create such right is now vested.

(3) No rights allowed by the Forest Settlement Officer during the course of the inquiry to pasture or forest produce—that is, minerals (including limestone and laterite), surface soil, trees, timber, plants, grass, peat, canes, creepers, reeds, leaves, moss, flowers, fruits, seeds, roots, juice, catechu bark, coutchouc, gum, wood-oil, resin, varnish, lac, charcoal, honey, wax, stone, ruins, clay, gravel, and earth—can be alienated by way of grant, sale, lease, mortgage, or otherwise, without notice thereof to the Government Agent. Provided that when any such right is continued for the beneficial enjoyment of any land or house, it may be sold or otherwise alienated with such land or house without such sanction ; and no timber or other forest produce can be sold or bartered, except in such a way as shall by me be defined in the course of my inquiry.

IV.—Any public or private way in the said blocks of land may be stopped by any forest officer, with the sanction of the Government Agent, under certain conditions.

V.—Persons who in the said blocks of land, after they have been proclaimed reserved forests—

(a) trespass, or pasture cattle, or wilfully cause cattle to trespass ;

(b) cause any damage by negligence in felling any tree, or cutting or dragging any timber ;

(c) wilfully strip off the bark or leaves from, or otherwise damage any tree ;

(d) in contravention of any rules made by the Government Agent of the Province on that behalf, hunt, shoot, fish, poison water, or set traps or snares or guns, or use any explosive substance—

are guilty of an offence, and liable on conviction to a fine which may extend to Rs. 50, or when the damage resulting from their offence amounts to more than Rs. 25 to double the amount of such damage.

VI.—Persons who—

(a) make any fresh clearing on the said blocks of land, or who set fire to any portion of the same after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or in contravention of any rules made by the Government Agent kindle any fire, or leave any fire burning in such a manner as to endanger the said blocks of land after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or any part thereof, or who in the said blocks of land after they are proclaimed reserved forests kindle, keep, or carry any fire, except at such seasons and in such a manner as a forest officer especially empowered in this behalf may from time to time notify ;

(b) fell, girdle, lop, tap, or burn any tree ;

(c) quarry stone, burn lime or charcoal, or collect, subject to any manufacturing process, or remove forest produce ;

(d) clear or break up any land for cultivation or any other purpose,—

are guilty of an offence, and liable to be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to Rs. 500, or with both, in addition to such compensation for damage done to the forests as the convicting court may direct to be paid.

VII.—The last two paragraphs are subject to the following provisions. They do not prohibit—

(a) any act done in accordance with any regulation made by the Governor, or with permission in writing of a forest officer empowered to grant such permission ;

(b) any practice of chena cultivation permitted at the inquiry by the Forest Settlement Officer for the time being ; or

(c) the exercise of any right continued by him at such inquiry, or created by grant or contract as above defined in clause III.

VIII.—Whenever fire is caused wilfully or by gross negligence in the said blocks of land, after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or having permission to practise chena cultivation therein, or by any person in his employment, or whenever any person having right in such forest contravenes the condition set on him by the Forest Settlement Officer for the time being, the Governor may (notwithstanding that a penalty has been inflicted in respect of such fire) direct that in such forest, or any specified portion thereof, the exercise of all or any of the rights of pasture or to forest produce shall be extinguished or suspended for such period as he thinks fit, and may withdraw any permission to practise chena cultivation in such forest or portion.

IX.—I do hereby require every person claiming any right or making any claim to any land or portion of any land within the above-mentioned limits, either to present to me before November 8, 1891, at the Census Office, Slave Island, Colombo, a written statement specifying, or to appear before me on November 16, 1891, at noon, at Morawaka resthouse, and state the nature of right or claim.

LIONEL LEE,  
Forest Settlement Officer.

**WHEREAS** I, Lionel Frederic Lee, have been appointed by the Governor the Forest Settlement Officer to inquire into and determine the existence, nature, and extent of any rights claimed by, or alleged to exist in favour of, any person in or over any land comprised within the limits hereinafter given and described, and any claims relating to the practice within such limits of chena cultivation, and to deal with the same as provided in the second chapter of the Ordinance No. 10 of 1885 :

**I,** Lionel Frederic Lee, the Forest Settlement Officer, do hereby notify that the proposed forest is called Diyadawa-mukalana, and is situate in the village Kotapola in the Morawak korale of the Matara District, Southern Province, and is bounded as follows :—On the north by the limit of the Matugobe division ; on the north-east by the Morawak korale principal road ; on the west by the limit of the Pallegama division, Ihalakalamalwiladeniya ; on the south by the stream Labugalaladola ; on the south-east by the principal road from Akuressa to Viharahena ; on the east by the arched bridge near the 48th milepost on the Morawak korale principal road, Harakunnewatta, Diyadawekapuwatta.

**II.**—And I do further notify that from and after the date hereof, until the forest is proclaimed a reserved forest, no right can be acquired in or over the land comprised in the Proclamation declaring the above blocks of land to be reserved forest, except by inheritance or succession, or under a grant or contract in writing made or entered into by or on behalf of the Crown, or by the person in whom the right or power to create the same is now vested ; and on such land no new house can be built or plantation formed, no fresh clearings for cultivation or for any other purpose can be made, and no trees can be cut for the purposes of trade or manufacture, except with the permission in writing of the Government Agent or Assistant Government Agent of the district.

**III.**—The consequence that will ensue on the reservation of the forest is as follows :—

(1) All rights in respect of which no claim has been preferred, and of the existence of which no knowledge has been acquired during the course of the inquiry before the Forest Settlement Officer, will become extinguished.

(2) No rights of any description can be acquired in or over a reserved forest except by inheritance or succession, or under a grant or contract in writing made by or on behalf of the Crown, or by the person in whom the right or the power to create such right is now vested.

(3) No rights allowed by the Forest Settlement Officer during the course of the inquiry to pasture or forest produce—that is, minerals (including limestone and laterite), surface soil, trees, timber, plants, grass, peat, canes, creepers, reeds, leaves, moss, flowers, fruits, seeds, roots, juice, catechu bark, coutchouc, gum, wood-oil, resin, varnish, lac, charcoal, honey, wax, stone, ruins, clay, gravel, and earth—can be alienated by way of grant, sale, lease, mortgage, or otherwise, without notice thereof to the Government Agent. Provided that when any such right is continued for the beneficial enjoyment of any land or house, it may be sold or otherwise alienated with such land or house without such sanction ; and no timber or other forest produce can be sold or bartered, except in such a way as shall by me be defined in the course of my inquiry.

**IV.**—Any public or private way in the said blocks of land may be stopped by any forest officer, with the sanction of the Government Agent, under certain conditions.

**V.**—Persons who in the said blocks of land, after they have been proclaimed reserved forests—

(a) trespass, or pasture cattle, or wilfully cause cattle to trespass ;  
 (b) cause any damage by negligence in felling any tree, or cutting or dragging any timber ;  
 (c) wilfully strip off the bark or leaves from, or otherwise damage any tree ;  
 (d) in contravention of any rules made by the Government Agent of the Province on that behalf, hunt, shoot, fish, poison water, or set traps or snares or guns, or use any explosive substance—  
 are guilty of an offence, and liable on conviction to a fine which may extend to Rs. 50, or when the damage resulting from their offence amounts to more than Rs. 25, to double the amount of such damage.

**VI.**—Persons who—

(a) make any fresh clearing on the said blocks of land, or who set fire to any portion of the same after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or in contravention of any rules made by the Government Agent kindle any fire, or leave any fire burning in such a manner as to endanger the said blocks of land after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or any part thereof, or who in the said blocks of land after they are proclaimed reserved forests kindle, keep, or carry any fire, except at such seasons and in such a manner as a forest officer especially empowered in this behalf may from time to time notify ;  
 (b) fell, girdle, lop, tap, or burn any tree ;  
 (c) quarry stone, burn lime or charcoal, or collect, subject to any manufacturing process, or remove forest produce ;  
 (d) clear or break up any land for cultivation or any other purpose,—  
 are guilty of an offence, and liable to be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to Rs. 500, or with both, in addition to such compensation for damage done to the forests as the convicting court may direct to be paid.

**VII.**—The last two paragraphs are subject to the following provisions. They do not prohibit—

(a) any act done in accordance with any regulation made by the Governor, or with permission in writing of a forest officer empowered to grant such permission ;  
 (b) any practice of chena cultivation permitted at the inquiry by the Forest Settlement Officer for the time being ; or  
 (c) the exercise of any right continued by him at such inquiry or created by grant or contract as above defined in clause III.

**VIII.**—Whenever fire is caused wilfully or by gross negligence in the said blocks of land, after they are proclaimed reserved forests, or having permission to practise chena cultivation therein, or by any person in his employment, or whenever any person having right in such forest contravenes the condition set on him by the Forest Settlement Officer for the time being, the Governor may (notwithstanding that a penalty has been inflicted in respect of such fire) direct that in such forest, or any specified portion thereof, the exercise of all or any of the rights of pasture or to forest produce shall be extinguished or suspended for such period as he thinks fit, and may withdraw any permission to practise chena cultivation in such forest or portion.

**IX.**—I do hereby require every person claiming any right or making any claim to any land or portion of any land within the above-mentioned limits, either to present to me before November 8, 1891, at the Census Office, Slave Island, Colombo, a written statement specifying, or to appear before me on November 17, 1891, at noon, at the Deniyaye resthouse, and state the nature of right or claim.

LIONEL LEE,  
 Forest Settlement Officer.

MISCELLANEOUS DEPARTMENTAL NOTICES.

**L**IST of Publications for Sale at the Government Record Office, Colombo:—

Special Editions of the Penal and Criminal Procedure Codes, the Courts' Ordinance, and Civil Procedure Code, with Tables of Sections and Indices, stitched in paper covers, are obtainable as follows:—

	Rs.	c.
The Penal Code (2 of 1883) ... each	2	0
The Criminal Procedure Code (3 of 1883) ...	3	0
The Courts' Ordinance (1 of 1889) ...	0	50
The Civil Procedure Code (2 of 1889) ...	5	0
The Penal Code, in Sinhalese or Tamil ...	1	0
The Criminal Procedure Code, in Sinhalese or Tamil ...	1	50
Single copies of Ordinances in English (and where translations have been published, in Sinhalese and Tamil) may be obtained for 5 cents for every 8 pages octavo or portion thereof.		
Administration Reports, bound volumes ...	7	50
Do. single copies each 4 pp.	0	5
Ceylon Blue Books, from 1880 to 1890 ... each	10	0
Sessional Papers, bound volumes ...	10	0
Do. single copies each 4 pp.	0	5
Colonial Office List ... each	4	0
Ceylon Civil List ...	1	0
Report of the Executive Commissioner for the Ceylon Section of the Colonial and Indian Exhibition, 1886 ...	0	50
Reports of the Temple Lands Commissioners, 1857 to 1865 ...	0	50
Papers relating to Buddhist Temporalities, 1876 ...	1	0
Report on the Administration of the Police, &c., by A. H. Giles ...	1	45
Report of a Select Committee on the working of the Grain Tax Ordinance ...	3	10
Customs Annual Returns ...	1	0
Customs Tariff, 1890 ...	0	10
Census of Ceylon, 1881 ...	20	0
Vincent's Forest Report ...	2	50
Epitome of Government Minutes, Circulars, and Notifications, 1849-71 ...	1	0
Do. do. 1872-87 ...	1	0
Report on Brown Scale, or Bug, on Coffee ...	1	0
Tables for calculating Pensions under the Widows' and Orphans' Pension Fund Ord. ...	0	25
The Green-Scale Bug in connection with the Cultivation of Coffee.—Observations by Mr. E. Ernest Green (illustrated) ...	1	0
Report on Anæmia, or Beri-Beri, of Ceylon.—By W. R. Kynsey, F.R.C.S., C.M.G., Principal Civil Medical Officer, &c., Ceylon ...	2	0
Pybus's Mission to Kandy ...	0	50
The Mahāvaysa:—		
Original Pali Text, Part I. ...	7	50
Do. Part II. ...	7	50
Wijesinha's English Translation of Part II. with Turnour's Translation of Part I. prefixed ...	7	50
Sinhalese Translation, Part I. ...	5	0
Do. Part II. ...	5	0
Nitinighanduwa, English ...	1	0
Do. Sinhalese ...	1	0
Rámanáthan's Reports ...	22	0
Saddharmalankaraya ...	2	0
Dravidian Comparative Grammar ...	13	0
Governors' Addresses, 1833-77, 2 vols. ...	10	0
Mannár: a Monograph.—By the late W. J. S. Boake, c.c.s. ...	1	0
Itinerary of Ceylon Roads:—		
Part I.—Principal Roads, Second Edition (1881), without Map ...	2	0
Part II.—Minor Roads, Second Edition (1888), with Map ...	8	0
Do. do. without Map ...	3	0

	Rs.	c.
Register of Books Printed in Ceylon and Registered under Ordinance No. 1 of 1885: Part I., 1885-88 ... each	1	25
Return of Architectural and Archæological Remains and other Antiquities existing in Ceylon ...	1	20

Application for any publication in the above List should be made to the *Government Record Keeper*, at the Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, and should be accompanied by payment in advance, which should be made by Post Office Order, Government Draft, or uncrossed Cheque on Colombo Bank. *Stamps are not received in payment.*

H. L. CRAWFORD,  
Record Keeper.

**P**UBLICATIONS for Sale at the Government Printing Office:—

*The Ceylon Government Gazette*, published on Fridays.

	Rs.	c.
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G. J. A. SKREEN,  
Government Printer.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that the sale of Books, Maps, &c., which was temporarily stopped on account of verification, is now resumed.

J. B. CULL,  
Director.

Office of the Director of Public Instruction,  
Colombo, July 20, 1891.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that an application has been received from J. Bowles Daly, Esq., LL.D., of the Colombo Theosophical Society, for the removal of his Buddhist English Boys' middle school in Maliban street, Pettah, to a building situated at the foot of St. Sebastian street near the lock-gate. Observations must be forwarded to the Director of Public Instruction before August 8, 1891.

J. B. CULL,  
Director.

Office of the Director of Public Instruction,  
Colombo, July 22, 1891.

Ceylon Government Railways.—Comparative Statement of Traffic for the Week ending July 12, 1891.

EARNINGS FROM	Seven days ending July 14, 1889.			Seven days ending July 13, 1890.			Seven days ending July 12, 1891.			Increase— 1891 over 1890.			Decrease— 1891 below 1890.		
	No.	Rs.	c.	No.	Rs.	c.	No.	Rs.	c.	No.	Rs.	c.	No.	Rs.	c.
Passengers, Ordinary	48,261	19,502	69	52,760	20,162	78	57,934	22,804	71	5,174	2,641	93	—	—	—
Coolies	986	522	81	1,235	617	96	1,526	946	0	291	328	4	—	—	—
Season Tickets	21	67	60	25	67	80	59	124	60	34	56	80	—	—	—
<b>Total Passengers</b>	<b>49,268</b>	<b>20,093</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>54,020</b>	<b>20,848</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>59,519</b>	<b>23,875</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>5,499</b>	<b>3,026</b>	<b>77</b>	—	—	—
Parcels	3,056	1,058	26	3,949	1,227	23	3,663	1,260	37	—	33	14	286	—	—
Horses	25	226	68	28	201	93	46	269	90	18	67	97	—	—	—
Carriages	5	44	64	12	85	72	9	82	16	—	—	—	3	3	56
Dogs	82	48	0	38	29	50	107	65	0	69	35	50	—	—	—
Other small Animals	7	7	0	24	20	25	30	22	0	6	1	75	—	—	—
Neat Cattle	—	—	—	2	33	50	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	33	50
Mails	—	425	56	—	425	56	—	439	68	—	14	12	—	—	—
Miscellaneous Coaching	—	26	77	—	24	20	—	54	75	—	30	55	—	—	—
Goods (Tons)	6,588	47,046	78	5,029	57,435	26	4,795	60,660	61	—	3,225	35	234	—	—
Miscellaneous Goods	—	110	23	—	67	96	—	66	3	—	—	—	—	—	1
Live Stock	534	148	25	578	162	75	421	164	75	—	2	0	157	—	—
General Miscellaneous	—	268	15	—	8	42	—	278	32	—	269	90	—	—	—
<b>Total for the Week</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>69,503</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>80,570</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>87,238</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>6,668</b>	<b>6</b>	—	—	—
<b>Total, Jan. 1 to July 12</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1887584</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2007998</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2349522</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>341523</b>	<b>24</b>	—	—	—
Increase compared with previous year	—	94,352	2	—	120,414	43	—	341,523	24	—	—	—	—	—	—
Decrease do. do.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Traffic Train Mileage this week</b>	<b>10,788</b>	—	—	<b>12,788</b>	—	—	<b>13,288</b>	—	—	<b>500</b>	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Total, Jan. 1 to July 12</b>	<b>307843</b>	—	—	<b>335339</b>	—	—	<b>362524</b>	—	—	<b>27,185</b>	—	—	—	—	—
Increase compared with previous year	1,132	—	—	27,496	—	—	27,185	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Decrease do. do.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

PARTICULARS OF GOODS CONVEYED.	Seven days ending July 12, 1891.			January 1 to July 12, 1891.			January 1 to July 13, 1890.			Increase in 1891.			Decrease in 1891.		
	Tons	cwt.	qr.	Tons	cwt.	qr.	Tons	cwt.	qr.	Tons	cwt.	qr.	Tons	cwt.	qr.
First class Goods	111	19	1-7	3,198	11	0-16	2,955	9	0-21	243	1	3-23	—	—	—
Rice	1,186	15	2-23	36,719	5	0-14	29,876	19	1-10	6,842	5	3-4	—	—	—
Tea	782	1	3-4	17,889	14	1-15	12,633	11	3-19	5,256	2	1-24	—	—	—
Tea Leaf	116	0	1-16	992	7	1-18	771	14	2-13	220	12	3-5	—	—	—
Arrack	49	2	3-17	666	19	3-23	639	16	2-22	27	3	1-1	—	—	—
Salt	84	8	2-16	1,498	8	3-25	1,492	17	0-7	5	11	3-18	—	—	—
Cinnamon	—	13	2-9	20	3	3-27	26	19	2-6	—	—	—	6	15	2-7
Cocoa	31	10	3-19	563	12	1	362	17	0-18	200	15	0-10	—	—	—
Cardamoms	—	14	2-13	90	17	0-22	78	11	2-2	12	5	2-20	—	—	—
Tobacco	19	9	3-7	345	16	0-21	360	14	3-25	—	—	—	14	18	3-4
Beer, 2nd class	—	—	—	26	1	3-6	73	11	3-27	—	—	—	47	10	0-21
Tea Lead and Shooks, 2nd class	44	14	1-2	1,282	17	0-2	1,067	18	1-26	214	18	2-4	—	—	—
Manure, 2nd class	—	—	—	7	14	2-21	14	1	1-25	—	—	—	6	6	3-4
Plumbago, 2nd class	—	—	—	28	3	1-27	55	5	2-18	—	—	—	27	2	0-19
Other 2nd class Goods	738	8	2-6	18,907	14	2-27	16,947	9	0-19	1,960	5	2-8	—	—	—
Cinchona	10	15	2-10	933	16	0-7	1,375	17	0-3	—	—	—	442	0	3-24
Coffee	80	10	1-3	1,922	6	1-27	2,058	17	1-26	—	—	—	136	10	3-27
Cotton	4	7	1-12	131	8	0-12	248	16	1-7	—	—	—	117	8	0-23
Cocoanuts	118	2	3-5	2,409	16	2-14	2,315	6	1-18	94	10	0-24	—	—	—
Cocanut Oil	35	14	1-9	793	11	3-16	940	3	1-10	—	—	—	146	11	1-22
Copperah	80	14	0-17	852	3	0-12	270	0	0-23	582	2	3-17	—	—	—
Poonac	135	6	3-23	2,478	5	2-18	2,147	17	2-26	330	7	3-20	—	—	—
Staves, special rate	10	11	0-21	186	10	0-27	306	16	0-16	—	—	—	120	5	3-17
Timber at special rate	35	18	1-8	732	19	1-19	760	19	1-19	—	—	—	28	0	0
Timber at 10 cents rate	8	7	0	288	14	0-4	291	4	0-21	—	—	—	2	10	0-17
Timber at 3rd class rate	—	—	—	263	4	0-18	22	18	0-18	240	6	0	—	—	—
Tea Lead and Shooks, 3rd class	70	12	3-12	2,921	17	0-11	1,915	12	2-23	1,006	4	1-16	—	—	—
Manure, 3rd class	84	8	3-21	1,360	15	1-21	1,534	0	3	—	—	—	173	5	1-7
Plumbago, 3rd class	227	5	3	6,140	16	2-20	5,580	10	0-16	560	6	2-4	—	—	—
Beer, 3rd class	—	—	—	58	17	0-17	94	17	1-13	—	—	—	36	0	0-24
Staves, 3rd class	—	—	—	7	12	0	20	6	1-6	—	—	—	12	14	1-6
Barley, 3rd class	—	—	—	36	16	0	36	12	0	0	4	0	—	—	—
Other 3rd class Goods	155	9	2-27	6,817	2	0-16	4,146	18	3	2,670	3	1-16	—	—	—
Railway Material	—	—	—	12,298	12	3-8	10,451	11	2-10	1,847	1	0-26	—	—	—
Public Works Material	—	—	—	10,673	14	0	10,156	1	0	517	13	0	—	—	—
Prison Dept. Material	—	—	—	10,877	11	0	1,322	17	0	9,554	14	0	—	—	—
Breakwater Material	—	—	—	—	—	—	997	19	0	—	—	—	997	19	0
Royal Engineers	—	—	—	1,031	5	0	—	—	—	1,031	5	0	—	—	—
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,795</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1-21</b>	<b>145,456</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1-27</b>	<b>114,354</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>3-9</b>	<b>33,418</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2-16</b>	<b>2,315</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>3-26</b>

Colombo, July 22, 1891.

W. T. PEARCE,  
General Manager.

**Total Quantities of the following Articles Exported from the Ports of Colombo and Galle during the under-mentioned Periods.**

Vessels.	Date of Clearing.	For what Port.	Plantation Coffee.	Native Coffee.	Tea.	Cacao.	Trunk, Cinchona.	Branch, Cinchona.	Cinchona Chips.	Cocoanuts.	Copperah.	Cocconut Oil.	Cocconut Poona.	Cinnamon.	Cinnamon Oil.	Citronella Oil.	Cardamoms.	Ebony.	Plumbago.	Coir Rope.	Coir Junk.	Coir Yarn.	Coir Fibre.	Sapan-wood.	Ochilla.	Kitfool Fibre.	Bees Horns.
<b>COLOMBO.</b>	1891.		cwt.	cwt.	lb.	cwt.	lb.	lb.	lb.	No.	cwt.	cwt.	cwt.	lb.	oz.	oz.	lb.	cwt.	cwt.	cwt.	cwt.	cwt.	cwt.	lb.	lb.	cwt.	cwt.
ss. Lady Gordon ...	16/7	Bombay ...	—	—	13582	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ss. Gwalior ...	16/7	do.	—	—	2452	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ss. Elektra ...	16/7	Trieste via	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		Bombay ...	—	—	52061	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ss. Oratava ...	16/7	Australia ...	—	—	700	—	—	—	—	—	—	819	—	200*	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ss. Clan Buchanan ...	18/7	London ...	—	—	35706	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ss. Waverley ...	18/7	Calcutta ...	—	22	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ss. Brindisi ...	18/7	London ...	—	—	293285	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ss. City of Cambridge ...	18/7	do.	181	—	137919	171	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ss. Ravenna ...	18/7	do.	237	—	—	91	173987	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ss. Victoria ...	18/7	do.	—	—	381967	—	—	—	—	—	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ss. Khedive ...	20/7	do.	—	—	213110	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ss. Oceana ...	20/7	Australia ...	407	75	72584	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ss. Tara ...	20/7	London ...	118	—	214063	27	19670	—	—	82500	107	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ss. Deepdale ...	20/7	Antwerp ...	—	—	—	—	47782	2908	—	—	522	—	—	3200	—	—	—	—	1110	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ss. Clan Macintosh ...	20/7	London ...	—	—	67548	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ss. Westhall ...	20/7	Marseilles & Genoa ...	—	129	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		Bombay ...	—	—	60	—	—	—	—	—	—	701	—	46900†	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ss. Nizam ...	20/7	Bombay ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ss. Rewa ...	21/7	London ...	415	—	365220	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ss. Duke of Devonshire ...	21/7	Calcutta ...	—	—	19592	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ss. Hohenzollern ...	21/7	Bremen ...	4	—	2950	29	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ss. Nurnberg ...	21/7	Sydney ...	201	—	37350	—	—	—	—	—	—	702	3893	1000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ss. Nubia ...	21/7	London, &c.	673	—	148245	178	1403	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ss. Baria ...	21/7	Hamburg ...	—	—	1341	—	—	—	—	30800	302	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>GALLE.</b>																											
ss. Waverley ...	15/7	Calcutta ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	276	688	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ss. Clan Macleod ...	16/7	London ...	—	—	46925	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ss. Khandalla ...	20/7	Calcutta ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	166	388	—	—	—	121264	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ss. Nevasa ...	20/7	Bombay ...	—	—	200	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

\* And Chips 5,600 lb. † And Chips 28,180 lb.

**Importation of Rice from Indian Ports during the Week.**

TO COLOMBO:—

From Calcutta .....	Bags	48,625
"    Bombay ...	"	25
"    Southern India ...	"	1,500
<b>Total ...</b>	<b>"</b>	<b>50,150</b>

TO GALLE:—

From Calcutta .....	Bags	1,990.
---------------------	------	--------

Customs, Colombo, July 23, 1891.

SAM. HAUGHTON,  
for Principal Collector.

**Memorandum of Arrivals and Departures of Coolies for the Month of June, 1891.**

Ports	Arrivals. Departures.		During the commencement of the year.	
			Arrivals.	Departures.
<i>Colombo.</i>				
Men	4,363	2,882	15,804	18,505
Women	834	320	2,660	2,012
Children	677	30	2,405	211
<i>Negombo.</i>				
Men	—	—	340	299
Women	—	—	58	56
Children	—	—	43	39
<i>Kalpitiya.</i>				
Men	—	—	—	—
Women	—	—	—	—
Children	—	—	—	—
<i>Vankalai.</i>				
Men	—	—	3,839	7,505
Women	—	—	728	1,268
Children	—	—	151	274
<i>Pesalai.</i>				
Men	4,481	1,417	12,169	4,142
Women	1,428	271	3,629	773
Children	305	70	756	192
<b>Total</b>	<b>12,088</b>	<b>4,990</b>	<b>42,582</b>	<b>35,276</b>

Customs, Colombo,  
July 23, 1891.

SAM. HAUGHTON,  
for Principal Collector.

**Return of Cooly Immigrants for the Two Weeks ended July 23, 1891.**

<i>Colombo.</i>	Arrivals.	Departures.
Men	1,471	1,343
Women	363	33
Children	247	78
Infants	151	13
<i>Mannar.</i>	2,260	630
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,492</b>	<b>2,097</b>

E. NOEL WALKER,  
Colonial Secretary.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Final Examination of persons applying to be admitted Advocates of the Supreme Court, under Rule 44, Schedule III., of Ordinance No. 1 of 1889, will be held at the Registry of the Supreme Court, commencing on Monday, August 24, 1891.

By order of the Council of Legal Education,

Colombo, July 22, 1891.

H. THWAITES,  
Secretary.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Preliminary Examination of persons applying to be admitted to qualify themselves as Advocates of the Supreme Court, under

Rule 34, Schedule III., of Ordinance No. 1 of 1889, will be held at the Registry of the Supreme Court, commencing on Monday, August 24, 1891.

By order of the Council of Legal Education,

Colombo, July 22, 1891.

H. THWAITES,  
Secretary.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of an application for the establishment of a Police Force in the Udispattu district in Uda Dumbara, under the provisions of the Police Ordinance No. 16 of 1865, I will on Monday, August 3, 1891, at 2 o'clock p.m., at the Kandy Kachcheri, proceed to define the limits of the said district to be assessed for the maintenance of a Police Force as required by the 16th clause of the above-mentioned Ordinance, and to receive and consider the objections of any of the proprietors of the following estates against their being included within the limits of the said district:—

- |                 |                 |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1. Angroowelle  | 9. Heeloya      |
| 2. Burnside     | 10. Kulduria    |
| 3. Cottaganga   | 11. Leangapella |
| 4. Dignakelly   | 12. Loonagala   |
| 5. Duckwari     | 13. Mirisketiya |
| 6. Ferndale     | 14. Peru        |
| 7. Girindi Ella | 15. Rangalla    |
| 8. Gonawelle    | 16. Wattagalla  |

Kandy Kachcheri,  
July 14, 1891.

R. W. D. MORE,  
Government Agent.

**C. R. Avisawella, No. 856.**

NOTICE is hereby given that a suit has been instituted in the Court of Requests of Avisawella by Muniandy, late of Waga estate, now at Glassel, against Pana Una Pakeer Tamby, of Grandpass, Colombo, proprietor of Waga estate, to recover the sum of Rs. 144 due to him and his coolies as balance wages and head money.

July 13, 1891.

J. W. DIAS,  
Chief Clerk.

**C. R. Avisawella, No. 864.**

NOTICE is hereby given that a suit has been instituted in the Court of Requests of Avisawella by Peena Kadirawail Kangany, of Kanangama, against the proprietor of Doranakanda estate, Avisawella, to recover the sum of Rs. 160 due to him as wages for services rendered in the capacity of tea-maker on the said estate.

July 13, 1891.

J. W. DIAS,  
Chief Clerk.

**C. R. Avisawella, No. 865.**

NOTICE is hereby given that a suit has been instituted in the Court of Requests of Avisawella by Peena Kadirawail Kangany, of Kanangama, against the proprietor of Doranakanda estate, Avisawella, to recover the sum of Rs. 350 due to him, his sub-kanganies and coolies, as wages, contract money and head money.

July 13, 1891.

J. W. DIAS,  
Chief Clerk.

**List of Uncertificated Insolvents.**

No. of Case.	Date of Insolvency.	Name of Insolvent.	Remarks.
1579	April 19, 1888	Francis William Muller	Certificate suspended for 4 months
1720	May 5, 1890	P. H. Perera	Do. for 3 months
1742	October 8, 1890	T. A. Bernard	Do. for 2 months

District Court,  
Colombo, July 20, 1891.

OWEN MORGAN,  
Acting District Judge.





## NOTICES CALLING FOR TENDERS.

**S**EALD Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for \_\_\_\_\_ to the Colonial Store," will be received by the Hon. the Colonial Secretary at his office up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, August 10, 1891, from persons willing to contract for supply of the under-mentioned articles for the use of Government from January 1 to December 31, 1892, viz.:-

Boots, strong, with buckles	...	per pair
Shoes, strong, for men	...	do.
Shoes, strong, for women	...	do.
Shoes, canvas, for nurses	...	do.
Slippers, strong, large, for hospital	...	do.
Sandals, for Leper Hospital	...	do.

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 50.

A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

Persons who tender must deposit samples with the Colonial Storekeeper before the date on which the tenders are opened. No tender will be considered if the sample is not so deposited.

The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document.

The security bond should be furnished before December 1, 1891.

All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

H. L. CRAWFORD,  
for Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 10, 1891.

**S**EALD Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for \_\_\_\_\_ to the Colonial Store," will be received by the Hon. the Colonial Secretary at his office up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, August 10, 1891, from persons willing to contract for supply of the under-mentioned articles for the use of Government from January 1 to December 31, 1892, viz.:-

Bricks, paving	Bamboos
Bricks, slop	Batalies
Bricks, common	Kadjans
Tiles, half-round	Mopas, of sizes
Tiles, ridge	Posts, do.
Tiles, flat	Warichchies
Cabook stones	

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 100.

A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

Persons who tender must deposit samples with the Colonial Storekeeper before the date on which the tenders are opened. No tender will be considered if the samples is not so deposited.

The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

The persons whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having contracts and security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which contract and bond will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document.

The security bond should be furnished before December 1, 1891.

All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

H. L. CRAWFORD,  
for Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 10, 1891.

**S**EALD Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for \_\_\_\_\_ to the Railway Branch of the Colonial Store," will be received by the Hon. the Colonial Secretary at his office up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, August 10, 1891, from persons willing to contract for supply of the under-mentioned articles for the use of Government from January 1 to December 31, 1892, viz.:-

Bricks, paving	Bamboos
Bricks, slop	Batalies
Bricks, common	Kadjans
Tiles, half-round	Mopas, of sizes
Tiles, ridge	Posts, do.
Tiles, flat	Warichchies
Cabook, stones	

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 100.

A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued, and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given

engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

Persons who tender must deposit samples with the Railway Storekeeper before the date on which the tenders are opened. No tender will be considered if the sample is not so deposited.

The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having contracts and security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which contract and bond will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderer's own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document.

The security bond should be furnished before December 1, 1891.

All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

H. L. CRAWFORD,  
for Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 10, 1891.

**S**EALLED Tenders (in duplicate) from persons willing to contract for the supply of the under-mentioned articles for the use of Government from January 1 to December 31, 1892, will be received by the Hon. the Colonial Secretary at his office, viz. :-

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Lime Colonial Store," receivable up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, August 10, 1891 :-

Lime, slaked	Clay, white
Lime, unslaked	Clay, yellow
Lime, boiled	Coral stones

A deposit of Rs. 50 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

Slaked lime to be delivered in a bushel or eight-bushel measure, filled with a shovel or basket, the lime being dropped from a height of at least six inches from the measure. A bushel of lime to weigh 42 lb.

Boiled lime will be measured and paid for by weight.

The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderer's own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document.

The security bond should be furnished before December 31, 1891.

All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

H. L. CRAWFORD,  
for Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 10, 1891.

**S**EALLED Tenders (in duplicate) from persons willing to contract for the supply of the under-mentioned articles for the use of Government from January 1 to December 31, 1892, will be received by the Hon. the Colonial Secretary at his office, viz. :-

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for \_\_\_\_\_, Colonial Store," receivable up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, August 10, 1891 :-

Cumblies, white.

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 100.

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for \_\_\_\_\_, Colonial Store," receivable up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, August 10, 1891 :-

Deposit for  
Tender forms,

Colombo.—Cocoanut oil and kerosine oil ...	Rs. 100
Galle.—Cocoanut oil and kerosine oil ...	" 50
Trincomalee.—Cocoanut oil and kerosine oil ...	" 25
Kandy.—Cocoanut oil, kerosine oil, paddy, gram, straw, line or whitewashing ...	" 50
Nuwara Eliya.—Cocoanut oil, kerosine oil, paddy, gram, and straw ...	" 50

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Provisions, Colonial Store," receivable up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, August 10, 1891 :-

Gram } for horses.  
Paddy }  
Salt, per lb.

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 50.

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Cattle Food, Colonial Stores," receivable up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, August 10, 1891 :-

Cocoanut branches, with green leaves, per 100 branches.  
Best cocoanut poonac, per cwt.  
Best gingelly poonac, do.  
Collu, per bushel.  
Country paddy, per bushel.

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 25.

A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

Persons who tender must deposit samples with the Colonial Storekeeper before the dates on which the tenders are opened. No tender will be considered if the sample is not so deposited.

The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having

security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderer's own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document.

The security bond should be furnished before December, 1, 1891.

All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

H. L. CRAWFORD,  
for Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 10, 1891.

**SEALED** Tenders (in duplicate) from persons willing to contract for the supply of the under-mentioned articles for the use of Government from January 1 to December 31, 1892, will be received by the Hon. the Colonial Secretary at his office, viz. :—

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Lime for the Railway Branch of the Colonial Store," receivable up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, August 10, 1891 :—

Lime, slaked	Clay, white
Lime, unslaked	Clay, yellow
Lime, boiled	Coral stones

A deposit of Rs. 50½ will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

Slaked lime to be delivered in a bushel or eight-bushel measure, filled with a shovel or basket, the lime being dropped from a height of at least six inches from the measure. A bushel of lime to weigh 42 lb.

Boiled lime will be measured and paid for by weight.

The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderer's own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document.

The security bond should be furnished before December 31, 1891.

All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

H. L. CRAWFORD,  
for Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 10, 1891.

**SEALED** Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tenders for victualling the Puttalam Jail," will be received at the Colonial Secretary's Office up to

noon on Monday, July 27, 1891, from persons willing to contract for victualling the Puttalam Jail for five months commencing from August 1, 1891.

2. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the office of the Superintendent of the Puttalam Jail, or of the Inspector-General of Prisons, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognised form.

3. A deposit of Rs. 50 must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposits will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

4. When required, samples must be deposited. Sufficient securities will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of each contract.

The amount of each bond and all other necessary information can be ascertained upon application at the office specified.

5. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

6. Persons whose tenders are accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having the security bonds prepared for the due performance of their contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers.

7. When bonds have been drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document.

8. Every alteration should bear the initials of the tenderers, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the tenderers' initials will be treated as informal, and rejected.

H. L. CRAWFORD,  
for Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 16, 1891.

**SEALED** Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for Sundries, Colonial Store," will be received by the Hon. the Colonial Secretary at his office up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, August 10, 1891, from persons willing to contract for the supply of the under-mentioned articles for the use of Government from January 1 to December 31, 1892, viz. :—

Baskets, rattan, strong, of full size	... each
Do. Madampe, 16 in. dia. top, 4 in. dia. bottom, 8½ in. deep	... do.
Do. Madampe, 16 in. dia. top, 9 in. dia. bottom, 10½ in. deep	... do.
Do. coal, strong, of full size	... do.
Do. square, do.	... do.
Do. round and flat	... do.
Beeswax	... per lb.
Bengal line	... do.
Brooms, coir, with handle, strong	... each
Do. coir, large	... do.
Do. ekel, of usual size	... do.
Do. ekel, long-handled	... do.
Brushes, whitewashing, coir, strong	... do.
Buffalo hide, large	... per lb.
Bullock, do.	... do.
Calf skins	... each
Charcoal	... per bushel
Chatties of sizes	... each
Coir string	... per cwt.
Coir rope of sizes	... per lb.
* Do. do.	... per cwt.
Camboys	... each
Cotton, loose, clean and picked	... per lb.
Cotton, twisted line	... do.
Cuttle bones, perfectly dry	... per 100
Dammar	... per lb.
Dishes, earthen, 10 in. to 24 in.	... each
Fish oil, clear	... per gallon
Fullersearth	... per lb.
Goblets, earthen	... each

Gunny bags, second-hand	... each
Do. new	... do.
Glass tumblers	... do.
Handkerchiefs, coloured	... do.
Hats, straw	... do.
Incense	... per lb.
Jugs, earthen, large, toilet	... each
Lamp wicks	... per yard
Do. 2 in. and 3 in.	... per 12 yards
Mats, common, 6½ by 2¾ ft.	... each
Halpan mats, hospital, 6½ by 2¾ ft.	... do.
Do. do. 6 by 2¾ ft.	... do.
Mats, long, for cooling rice	... do.
Pillows, mat, stuffed with straw	... do.
Plumbago, lump	... per cwt.
Do. dust	... do.
Tape, narrow, white	... per 100 yards
Thread, cotton, for wicks	... per lb.
Twine, Bengal	... do.
Straw, clean and dry	... per 250 lb.
Malacca rattans, 11 to 13 ft. in length, of average thickness	... per cwt.
Sheep or goat skin, large, thin	... per lb.
Do. do. thick	... do.
Vinegar, country	... per gallon
Chatties for filtering water, about 6 gallons each	... each
Soap, salt	... per lb.
Wood-oil	... per gallon
Tallow, country	... per lb.
Sulphur	... per cwt.
Cocconut strainers	... each
Cocconut scrapers	... do.
Gridding stones, 15 in.	... do.
Mortar and pestle, 2 by 1 ft.	... do.
Palmyra ola coverings, 6 ft.	... do.
Coir mat bags, 3 by 2 ft.	... do.
Gallnuts	... per lb.

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 50.

A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

Persons who tender must deposit samples with the Colonial Storekeeper before the date on which the tenders are opened. No tender will be considered if the sample is not so deposited.

The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderer's own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document.

The security bond should be furnished before October 1, 1891.

All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

H. L. CRAWFORD,  
for Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 14, 1891.

**S**EALD Tenders (in duplicate) from persons willing to contract for daily dry-earth conservancy in the Queen's House at Colombo, from January 1 to December 31, 1892, will be received by the Hon. the Colonial Secretary at his office, viz. :—

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for \_\_\_\_\_, Colonial Store," receivable up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, August 10, 1891.

A deposit of Rs. 25 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

The persons whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderer's own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document.

The security bond should be furnished before October 1, 1891.

All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

H. L. CRAWFORD,  
for Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 14, 1891.

**S**EALD Tenders (in duplicate) from persons willing to contract for the supply of the under-mentioned article for the use of the Government from January 1 to December 31, 1892, will be received by the Hon. the Colonial Secretary at his office, viz. :—

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Castor Oil, Colonial Store," receivable up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday August 10, 1891 :—

Castor oil.

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 100.

A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed form—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

Persons who tender must deposit samples with the Colonial Storekeeper before the dates on which the tenders are opened. No tender will be considered if the sample is not so deposited.

The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderer's own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document.

The security bond should be furnished before October 1, 1891.

All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

H. L. CRAWFORD,  
for Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 14, 1891.

**S**EALD Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for Provisions to Civil Hospitals, Colonial Store," will be received by the Hon. the Colonial Secretary at his office up to 12 noon on Monday, August 10, 1891, from persons willing to contract for the supply of the under-mentioned articles at the General Hospital, Maradana; Lock, Police, and Infectious Hospitals, Borella; Lunatic Asylum, Jawatta; Leper Asylum, Hendala; Smallpox and Cholera Hospitals, Kanatta; and Civil Hospitals at Kandy, Kalutara, Negombo, Gampola, Matale, and Panadure, from January 1 to December 31, 1892, viz.:-

Feeding bottles, each	Extract of meat, per 2-oz.
Linseed, per lb.	tin
Linseed meal, per lb.	Condensed milk, per 1-lb.
Brandy, per bottle	tin
Gin, per flask	Tea, per lb.
Wine, port, per bottle	Whiskey, per bottle
Wine, sherry, per bottle	Claret, per bottle
Beer, English, per pint	Champagne, per pint
Beer, country, per pint	English biscuits, per lb.
Porter, English, per pint	Gas tar, per gallon
Porter, country, per pint	

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 100.

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for \_\_\_\_\_, Colonial Store," receivable up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, August 10, 1891.

For supplying and making clothing required for the year 1892.

Particulars and description of clothing to be made can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 100.

A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender, as his authority for making the issue.

No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

Persons who tender must deposit samples with the Colonial Storekeeper before the date on which the tenders are opened. No tender will be considered if the sample is not so deposited.

The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderer's own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document.

The security bond should be furnished before October 1, 1891.

All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Colonial Secretary's Office, H. L. CRAWFORD,  
Colombo, July 14, 1891. for Colonial Secretary.

**S**EALD Tenders (in duplicate) from persons willing to contract for the supply of the under-mentioned articles for the use of Government from January 1 to December 31, 1892, will be received by the Hon. the Colonial Secretary at his office, viz.:-

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Coffins, Colonial Store," receivable up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, August 10, 1891 :-

For supply of coffins :-	At General Hospital, Maradana; Lock, Police, and Infectious Hospitals, Borella; Smallpox and Cholera Hospitals, Kanatta; Leper Asylum, Hendala; New Lunatic Asylum, Jawatta; and Contagious Diseases Hospital, Urugodawatta.
Common	
With bearers	
Lined	
Lined, with bearers	
For supply of hearse and horse, per trip	

For digging a grave in General Cemetery, Borella.

For burying a corpse in do. do.

For digging a grave at Hendala.

For burying a corpse in do.

For supply of common lightwood coffins, about 6 ft. 9 in. by 2 ft. 3 in. by 20 in., at Convict Hospitals Borella and Hulstsdorp.

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 25.

A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's office.

The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderer's own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document.

The security bond should be furnished before October 1, 1891.

All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Colonial Secretary's Office, H. L. CRAWFORD,  
Colombo, July 16, 1891. for Colonial Secretary.

**S**EALD Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for \_\_\_\_\_, Colonial Store," will be received by the Hon. the Colonial Secretary, at his office, up to 12 noon on Monday, August 10, 1891, from persons willing to contract for the under-mentioned services during the year 1892 :—

<i>Conveyance by Carts.</i>		Particulars of Service.		Rates.
From Colonial Store to	Ratnapura, for conveying mattresses, cumbles, &c.			... per cwt.
	Avisawella	do.	do.	... "
	Karawanella	do.	do.	... "
	Balangoda	do.	do.	... "
	Pelmadulla	do.	do.	... "
	Haputale	do.	do.	... "
	Ratnapura, for conveying stores in boxes or heavy goods			... "
	Avisawella	do.	do.	... "
	Karawanella	do.	do.	... "
	Balangoda	do.	do.	... "
	Pelmadulla	do.	do.	... "
	Haputale	do.	do.	... "
From Beira to Wharf				... per cart.
"	Colonial Store, Fort, to Railway Terminus, and <i>vice versa</i>			... "
"	Beira to do.			... "
"	Colonial Store, Fort, to any place within the gravets			... "

<i>Conveyance by Boats.</i>		Particulars of Service.		Rates.
From Colonial Store to Negombo :—				
Stores in boxes or heavy goods			... per cwt.	
Light goods—as pillows, &c.			... "	
From Colonial Store to Marawila :—				
Stores in boxes or heavy goods			... "	
Light goods—as pillows, &c.			... "	
From Colonial Store to Chilaw :—				
Stores in boxes or heavy goods			... "	
Light goods—as pillows, &c.			... "	
From Colonial Store to Puttalam :—				
Stores in boxes or heavy goods			... "	
Light goods—as pillows, &c.			... "	
From Colonial Store to Kalpitiya :—				
Stores in boxes or heavy goods			... "	
Light goods—as pillows, &c.			... "	
All stores to be conveyed, whether by cart or boat, at per cwt. per mile.				

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 50.

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Forwarding Agency, Colonial Store," receivable up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, August 10, 1891 :—

From *Nanu-oya* to Lindula, Nuwara Eliya, Ramboda, Lunugala, Badulla, Haldummulla, Madulsima, and Uda Pussellawa.

From *Hatton* to Dikoya, Maskeliya, and Dimbula.

From *Gampola* to Ramboda and Pussellawa.

For parcels under and up to 14 lb., each.			
Do.	over	14 lb. and up to 28 lb., each.	
Do.	over	28 lb.	56 "
Do.	over	56 lb.	112 "

For stores over 112 lb., per cwt.

In the event of interruption to the railway line between Gampola and *Nanu-oya*, for conveying stores to any station beyond Gampola, at Rs. — per cwt. per mile.

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 50.

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Colonial Store," receivable up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, August 10, 1891 :—

Shoeing horses of Mounted Orderlies at Colombo.	
Do.	do. at Kandy.

Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 50.

A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Colonial Storekeeper—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

The amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained on application at the Colonial Storekeeper's Office.

The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderer's own lawyers, in which case the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document.

The security bond should be furnished before October 1, 1891.

All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

H. L. CRAWFORD,  
for Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 14, 1891.

**S**EALD Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for scavenging the Town of Nawalapitiya," will be received at the Colonial Secretary's Office up to 1 o'clock p.m. on Wednesday, August 12, 1891, from persons willing to contract for the scavenging of the town of Nawalapitiya for one year from October 1, 1891.

The tenders are to be made upon printed forms which will be supplied upon application at the Kandy Kachcheri, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognised form, signed by two persons who are willing to stand security.

A deposit of Rs. 10 shall be made, on the understanding that if a tender be accepted and the tenderer decline to complete the contract, the deposit so made shall be forfeited to Government; in all other cases the deposit shall be returned to the depositor.

The specification of the work to be performed, the amount of security to be given, and all other necessary information can be ascertained on application at the Kandy Kachcheri. The rubbish will be the property of the contractor.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

H. L. CRAWFORD,  
for Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 18, 1891.

**S**EALD Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for supply of Rice in the Western Province during 1892," at the under-mentioned stations, viz., Negombo, Kalutara, and Colombo, will be received at the Colonial Secretary's Office up to noon on Monday, August 31, 1891, from persons willing to contract for the under-mentioned services during the year 1892, keeping each district separate :—

*Negombo District.*

Best quality kallunda rice, at — per bushel, delivered in any part of the district known as the Negombo district of the Public Works Department.

*Kalutara District.*

Best quality kallunda rice, at — per bushel, delivered in any part of the district known as the Kalutara district of the Public Works Department.

*Colombo District.*

Best quality kallunda rice, at — per bushel, delivered in any part of the Colombo district beyond the Municipal limits, consisting of the Kandy road and Avisawella road.

The tenders are to be made on forms which will be supplied on application at the offices of the Government Agent at Colombo or of the Assistant Agents in the Western Province, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished in the recognised form.

A deposit of Rs. 50 will be required before any forms are issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond, his deposit shall be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon the signature of the contract.

Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of the contract for the supply of rice, and the persons whose contract shall be accepted for rice shall be bound by a cash deposit of Rs. 300 in each case, which must be hypothecated to Government, for the due fulfilment of such rice contract. Quarter bushel of rice must be sent in as samples; any less quantity will invalidate the tender.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Persons whose tenders are accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of their contracts, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers. And when bonds have been drawn by the tenderers' own lawyer, the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document.

Any alteration made in the tender should bear the initials of the tenderers, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the tenderers' initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

H. L. CRAWFORD,  
for Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 22, 1891.

**SEALED** Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for supply of Local Materials in the Western Province during 1892," at the under-mentioned stations, viz., Negombo and Kalutara, will be received at the Colonial Secretary's Office up to noon on Monday, August 31, 1891, from persons willing to contract for the under-mentioned services during the year 1892, keeping each district separate:—

*Negombo District.*

Bamboos  
Baskets, rattan  
Bags, gunny, second-hand  
Beeswax  
Bricks, per 1,000, Colombo  
Do. approved local  
Cadjans, per 1,000, not less than 6 ft. long  
Ceiling cloth  
Cabook, 18 in. by 9 in. by 6 in., per 1,000  
Glass, per sq. ft.  
Indigo, per lb.  
Lime, slaked, per bushel  
Lime, washing, do.  
Oil, cocoanut, per gallon  
String, coir, per cwt.  
Tiles, half-round, per 1,000, Colombo  
Do. do. local  
Twine, Bengal, per lb.  
Jakwood, at per cub. ft., sawn to sizes, including rafters  
Do. planks of 1 in. or 1½ in., per sq. ft.  
Do. reepers, per 1,000 ft.

Cocoanut piles, &c., for canal work:—

Cocoanut piles, per 1,000 ft.  
Do. beams do.  
Do. slabs do.  
Do. pegs do.  
Do. planks do.

*Kalutara District.*

Bamboos  
Baskets, rattan  
Bags, gunny, second-hand  
Beeswax  
Bricks, per 1,000, Colombo  
Do. approved local  
Cadjans, per 1,000, not less than 6 ft. long  
Ceiling cloth  
Cabook, 18 in. by 9 in. by 6 in., per 1,000  
Glass, per sq. ft.  
Indigo, per lb.  
Lime, slaked, per bushel  
Lime, whitewashing, per bushel  
Oil, cocoanut, per gallon  
String, coir, per cwt.  
Tiles, half round, per 1,000, Colombo  
Do. local  
Twine, Bengal, per lb.  
Jakwood, at per cub. ft., sawn to sizes, including rafters  
Do. planks of 1 in. or 1½ in., per sq. ft.  
Do. reepers, per 1,000 ft.  
Cocoanut piles, &c., for canal work:—  
Cocoanut piles, per 1,000 ft.  
Do. beams do.  
Do. slabs do.  
Do. pegs do.  
Do. planks do.

The delivery of materials will be required to be made in any part of the several districts known as Negombo and Kalutara of the Public Works Department.

Samples of bricks, tiles, baskets, coir, and Bengal twine to be delivered at the several Kachcheries before the tenders are opened.

For the supply of the articles enumerated, either as a whole or part, keeping each district separate.

The tender are to be made on forms which will be supplied on application at the offices of the Government Agent at Colombo or of the Assistant Agents in the Western Province, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognised form.

A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required before any forms are issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond for the whole or any part of his tender, such deposits shall be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon the signature of the contract.

Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of the contract for the supply of materials, and the persons whose contract shall be accepted for materials shall be bound by a cash deposit of Rs. 150 in each case, which must be hypothecated to Government, for the due fulfilment of such contract.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Persons whose tenders are accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of their contracts, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderers' own lawyers. And when bonds have been drawn by the tenderer's own lawyer, the name or stamp of the Proctor who drafted the bond should be affixed to the document.

Any alteration made in the tender should bear the initials of the tenderers, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the tenderers' initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

H. L. CRAWFORD,  
for Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 22, 1891.



SALES OF UNSERVICEABLE ARTICLES.

NOTICE is hereby given that at 2 o'clock P.M. on Saturday, August 22, 1891, will be sold by public auction at the Public Works Department Store, Badulla :—

Eight unserviceable bullocks belonging to the Department.

H. F. TOMALIN,  
for Director of Public Works.

Public Works Department,  
Colombo, July 8, 1891.

NOTICE is hereby given that at 2 o'clock P.M. on Saturday, August 29, 1891, will be sold by public auction, at Genyai ferry, Trincomalee, one unserviceable canoe belonging to the Public Works Department.

H. F. TOMALIN,  
for Director of Public Works.

Public Works Department,  
Colombo, July 18, 1891.

NOTICE is hereby given that at 12 noon on Saturday, August 1, 1891, will be sold by public auction at the Colonial Store, Fort, the following unserviceable articles belonging to the Department :—

Tue irons	Wheel-barrow
Glass panes	Lanterns, wall
Pewter urinals	Screws, iron, 1½ in.
C. I. boilers	Cashmere
Latrine buckets	Canvas
Turpentine	Sheeting
Wax cloth	Stationery
Chimneys	Sealing-wax
Varnish, Copal	Tents
Tarred rope, 2 in	Funnel, enamelled
Dishes, earthen	Iron drum, &c.
Twine, Europe	

W. J. GORMAN,  
Colonial Storekeeper.

Colombo, July 20, 1891.

ROAD COMMITTEE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for the upkeep of the under-mentioned road for 1890, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Branch Roads' Ordinance, 1874," will on Thursday, August 6, 1891, at 3 o'clock P.M., at their office in Kandy, proceed to assess the under-mentioned estates to make up the private contributions :—

KINTYRE-LAXAPANA ROAD.

Government moiety ... P's. 186'75  
Private contributions ... Rs. 186'75

1st section, 40 lines.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreege.
H. D. Deane	... Kintyre	... 288
G. O. Poulter	... Bitterne	... 170
J. M. Murdoch	... Rickarton & Leaston	... 597

1st and 2nd sections, 83 lines.

Geo. Greig	... Laxapana, including York & Johnsland	... 862
C. S. Agar	... Forres	... 196
Do.	... Warburton	... 193

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreege.
J. N. Campbell	... Moray	... 228
W. G. Lang	... Geddes	... 196
T. N. Christie	... Corfu	... 257
Do.	... Blantyre	... 343
Do.	... St. Andrew's	... 319
G. H. Green	... Dalhousie	... 284
J. N. Campbell	... Valladolid	... 240
F. G. A. Lane	... Situluganga	... 772
T. Scovell (Mackwood & Co.)	... Larchfield	... 161
J. N. Campbell	... Frogmore	... 208

And at the same time and place the Committee will take evidence, if necessary, and receive and consider objections and suggestions.

J. J. THORBURN,  
for Chairman.

Provincial Road Committee's Office,  
Kandy, July 6, 1891.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for the upkeep of the under-mentioned road for 1890, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Branch Roads' Ordinance, 1874," will on Thursday, August 6, 1891, at 3 o'clock P.M., at their office in Kandy,

proceed to assess the under-mentioned estates to make up the private contributions:—

**BROWNLOW-LAXAPANA ROAD (between Brownlow and Laxapana)—1 mile.**

Government moiety ... Rs. 175		Private contributions ... Rs. 175	
Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	
Geo. Steuart & Co., for executor of the late R. A. Crabbe	Brownlow	...	268
G. O. Poulter	Bitterne	...	169
T. N. Christie	Blantyre	...	243
Geo. Steuart & Co. (C. Agar)	Forres	...	196
S. Agar and T. G. Hayes	Gangawatta	...	186
G. Greig	Johnsland	...	90
H. D. Deane	Kintyre	...	282
G. Greig	Laxapana	...	536
A. Ross (J. M. Murdoch)	Rickarton and Leaston	...	596
H. M. Husey (C. H. Hood)	Mousakele	...	278
G. H. Green	Dalhousie	...	284
T. N. Christie	St. Andrew's	...	319
J. P. Green & Co.	Situluganga	...	272
Geo. Steuart & Co.	Warburton	...	193
G. Greig	York	...	236
W. G. Lang (J. N. Campbell)	Geddes	...	198
T. N. Christie	Corfu	...	257
Whittall & Co.	Rutherford	...	276
W. B. Seton	Ekolsund	...	310
F. R. Chapman	Nyanza	...	394
Whittall & Co.	Luccombe	...	478
Do.	Elstrie	...	167
T. Scovell (Macwood & Co.)	Larchfield	...	161
J. N. Campbell	Frogmore	...	208
Do.	Moray and Valladolid	...	468

And at the same time and place the Committee will take evidence, if necessary, and receive and consider objections and suggestions.

J. J. THORBURN,  
Provincial Road Committee's Office, for Chairman.  
Kandy, July 6, 1891.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for the upkeep of the under-mentioned road for 1890, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Branch Roads' Ordinance, 1874," will on Thursday, August 6, 1891, at 3 o'clock p.m., at their office in Kandy, proceed to assess the under-mentioned estates to make up the private contributions:—

**MASKELIYA ROAD (between Norwood bridge and Cruden Gap).**

Government moiety ... Rs. 2,805.50		Private contributions ... Rs. 2,805.50	
1st section, 23.11 lines.			
Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	
The Eastern Produce and Estates Company, Limited	Norwood	...	882
1st to 2nd section, 99.14 lines.			
Mackwood & Co.	New Valley	...	457
E. D. Thomas (E. M. Leaf)	Hallooville	...	238
1st to 3rd section, 190.89 lines.			
F. Fowke	Rockwood	...	200
1st to 5th section, 282.74 lines.			
William Rollo (E. Blyth)	Gorthie	...	313
1st to 6th section, 349.81 lines.			
W. W. Hood	Braemar	...	151
H. A. Webb	Mausakele	...	278
W. B. Seton	Ekolsund	...	310
F. R. Chapman (R. Brown)	Nyanza	...	394
S. Agar and T. G. Hayes (G. S. & Co.)	Gangawatta	...	186
C. H. Hood	Kalaneya	...	191
A. Ross (J. M. Murdoch)	Rickarton and Leaston	...	596
G. O. Poulter	Bitterne	...	169

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	
H. D. Deane	Kintyre	...	282
Geo. Steuart & Co.	Brownlow	...	268
Do.	Tarf	...	315
L. Stopford Sackville (S. E. Tench)	Maskeliya	...	369
G. Greig	Laxapana	...	536
Do.	York	...	236
Do.	Johnsland	...	90
J. N. Campbell	Valladolid	...	240
Do.	Moray	...	228
T. N. Christie	Blantyre	...	243
Do.	St. Andrew's	...	319
J. P. Green & Co. (Sir C. Hartley) (G. H. Green)			
Do. (F. G. A. Lane)	Dalhousie	...	284
Geo. Steuart & Co. (S. Agar)	Situluganga	...	272
Do. (do.)	Forres	...	19
Whittall & Co.	Warburton	...	193
H. J. de Soysa	Luccombe	...	478
J. N. Campbell (W. G. Lang)	Hapugastenna	...	601
Do.	Lot 7,190, Geddes	...	196
G. Zancarol and M. Rizo (T. N. Christie)			
J. N. Campbell	Corfu	...	257
Do.	Lot 7,193, Frogmore	...	208
T. C. Anderson (T. Scovell)	Garthmore	...	250
Mackwood & Co.	Larchfield	...	161
Colombo Commercial Co., Ltd.	Lot 7,195, T. P. 110,396, Bevys	...	201
Whittall & Co.	Rutherford	...	278
1st to 7th section, 371 lines.			
J. M. Robertson & Co.	Glentilt	...	447
B. G. de Mowbray	Dotale	...	108
T. Gray (J. M. Robertson & Co.)	Bunyan	...	288
Do. (R. Webster)	Ovoca	...	256
J. M. Robertson & Co.	Mocha	...	588
T. Scovell	Adam's Peak	...	495
Do.	Peria Maskeliya	...	225
1st to 8th section, 409.81 lines.			
A. E. Wright	Queensland	...	281
1st to 10th section, 488.01 lines.			
W. G. Lang	Craighill & Lanka	...	204
A. E. Wright	Bloomfield	...	268
Lee, Hedges & Co.	Mottingham	...	269
W. Mitchell	Dunnottar	...	185
Colombo Commercial Co., Ltd.	Emelina	...	203
A. E. Wright	New Brunswick	...	252
Do.	Caskieben	...	207
W. Mitchell	Midlothian	...	244
1st to 12th section, 513.94 lines.			
J. M. Robertson & Co.	Deeside	...	435
W. Agar	Cruden	...	396
Wm. Rollo (Geo. Steuart & Co.)	Glenugie	...	389
R. P. J. G. & N. Macfarlane	Springbank	...	207
Wm. Rollo (Geo. Steuart & Co.)	Burgrove	...	207
R. P. & N. Macfarlane	Orimdale	...	148
Mackwood & Co.	Scarborough	...	276
E. Mortimer	Cleveland	...	158
Mackwood & Co. (H. M. Toller)	Anandale	...	285
H. Blacklaw (J. Cantly)	Ladbroke	...	208
Ceylon Tea Plantation Company, Limited	Alton	...	432
Commercial Company (W. Agar)	Upcot	...	233
Boustead Brothers	Strathspey	...	171
W. D. B. Brown	Beaconsfield	...	171
H. L. Forbes & H. Blacklaw (D. J. MacGregor)	Blairavon	...	186
J. MacGregor	Mincing Lane	...	183
R. Collinson	Suriakandy	...	204
J. M. Robertson & Co. (A. Ross)	Meriakotta	...	194
J. Cantlay	Minna	...	278
H. Blacklaw (J. Clark)	Glenceoe	...	202
Do.	Fairlawn	...	271
A. J. Ross (J. R. Collinson)	New Caledonia	...	216

And at the same time and place the Committee will take evidence, if necessary, and receive and consider objections and suggestions.

J. J. THORBURN,  
Provincial Road Committee's Office, for Chairman.  
Kandy, July 6, 1891.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for the upkeep of the under-mentioned road for 1891, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Branch Road Ordinance 1874," have assessed the proportion due by each estate in the district interested in the repair of the said road, as follows:—

**DIKOYA ROAD (from Hatton Bridge to Cottigala).**

Government moiety ... Rs. 4,523.75  
Private contributions ... " 3,723.75  
Tolls ... " 800

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreeage.	Rs.	c.	Amount.
1st and 2nd sections.					
Acreeage, 49,654—Moiety of cost, Rs. 227.50— Rate, .459c.—Total rate .549c.					
T. S. Dobree	Dikoya	406	1	86	
O. B. Estate Company, Ltd.	Darawela	706	3	24	
F. H. M. Corbet	Manikwatta	489	2	24	
G. C. R. Norman	Hadley	228	1	4	
H. L. & R. W. Forbes (A. Craib)	Invery	306	1	40	
Bosanquet & Co.	Stamford Hill	276	1	26	
H. L. & R. W. Forbes (A. Craib)	Waterloo	207	0	95	
Cumberbatch & Co.	Annfield	289	1	32	
F. G. A. Lane	Kinloch	122	0	55	
J. W. Holt	St. Leys	130	0	59	
R. H. S. Scott	Ottery	243	1	11	
J. Mitchell	Erlsmere	318	1	45	
Do.	Dorothea	56	0	25	
E. J. Harding	Battagalla	444	2	3	
Lanka Plantation Company (J. M. R. & Co.)	Gonagalla	186	0	85	
Do.	Paramatta	136	0	62	
Do.	Fordyce	448	2	5	
Do.	Garbawn	147	0	67	
E. M. Leaf (W. Saunders)	Barkindale	81	0	37	
Mackwood & Co.	Bathford	219	1	0	
Trustees of the late F. Saunders (W. S.)	Hornsey	254	1	16	
D. Cameron	Ingester	613	2	81	
Felix J. Brown (W. Saunders)	Abercairney	224	1	2	
Cumberbatch & Co.	Beret	226	1	3	
Heirs of C. F. & J. B. Forsyth (W. Saunders)	Blink Bonnie	223	1	2	
J. F. MacLennan	Overton	157	0	72	
The Ceylon Tea Plantation Company, Limited	Tillyrie	754	3	46	
H. R. Trafford	Poyston	159	0	73	
K. M. Fower	Bon Accord	163	0	74	
D. Cameron	Bagdad	124	0	56	
C. B. Smith	Florence	275	1	26	
1st to 4th section.					
Acreeage, 41,045—Moiety of cost, Rs. 423.50— Rate, .1032c.—Total rate, .1491c.					
J. A. Kerr (R. W. Tatham)	South Wana- rajah	255	3	80	
W. J. Skene (W. M. Laurie)	Lethenty and Essex	320	4	77	
G. C. Elwes	Summerville	239	3	56	
C. J. Backhouse	Mayfair	298	4	44	
L. H. Kelley (Whittall & Co.)	Castlereagh	511	7	61	
S. G. D. Skrine	Calverton	198	2	95	
Whittall & Co.	Upper Dunkeld	237	3	53	
F. G. A. Lane	Blair Athol	306	4	56	
A. Anson (E. H. Skrine)	Osborne	441	6	57	
Whittall & Co.	Elstree, Lot 5, T. P. 97,895	160	2	38	
Do.	Banff	211	3	14	
F. G. A. Lane & Carey	Broad Oak	199	2	9	

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreeage.	Rs.	c.	Amount.
E. J. Young and W. J. Mackelligan	Lot 6,461, T. P. 102,166, Blair- gowrie	114	1	69	
1st to 6th section.					
Acreeage, 37,556—Moiety of cost, Rs. 227.50— Rate, .606c.—Total rate, .2097c.					
F. H. M. Corbet	Wanarajah	649	13	60	
1st to 8th section.					
Acreeage, 36,907—Moiety of cost, Rs. 307.50— Rate, .833c.—Total rate, .2930c.					
D. W. H. Skrine (Skrine & Co.)	Warleigh	184	5	39	
1st to 10th section.					
Acreeage, 36,723—Moiety of cost, Rs. 312.50— Rate, .851c.—Total rate, .3781c.					
Mackwood & Co.	New Valley	457	17	28	
E. M. Leaf	Hallooville	238	9	0	
Aitken, Spence & Co.	Rockwood	200	7	58	
William Rollo (E. J. Blyth)	Gorthie	313	11	84	
The Eastern Produce Company, Limited	Norwood	882	33	35	
W. W. Hood	Braemar	151	5	72	
J. M. Robertson & Co.	Glentilt	447	16	92	
H. M. Husey (C. H. Hood)	Mausakele	278	10	52	
F. A. Smith (H. W. Bailey)	Ekolsund	310	11	73	
R. Brown & F. R. Chapman	Nyanza	394	14	2	
S. Agar & T. G. Hayes	Ganagawatta	186	7	4	
C. H. Hood	Kalaneya	191	7	23	
J. M. Murdoch and A. Ross	Leaston and Ricekarton	596	22	54	
G. O. Poulter	Bitterne	169	6	39	
H. D. Dean (T. G. Ayes)	Kintyre	232	10	67	
Geo. Steuart & Co. (A. Cameron)	Brownlow	268	10	15	
Do. (do.)	Tarf	513	19	40	
A. W. T. Sackville	Maskeliya	369	13	96	
K. M. Knight (A. E. Wright)	Caskeiben	207	7	84	
Geo. Steuart & Co. (G. Greig)	Laxapana	536	20	25	
G. Greig	York	236	8	93	
Do.	Johnsland, 5,870	90	3	42	
J. N. Campbell	Valladolid	240	9	9	
T. N. Christie	Blantyre	243	9	20	
Do.	St. Andrew's	319	12	7	
J. P. Green & Co. (Sir Charles Hartley & Co.)	Dalhousie	284	10	75	
Do. (F. G. A. Lane)	Situlaganga	272	10	29	
C. S. Agar	Forres	196	7	42	
Do.	Warburton	193	7	30	
J. N. Campbell	Moray	228	8	63	
T. Scovell	Adam's Peak	495	18	73	
Whittall & Co.	Rutherford	276	10	45	
J. M. Robertson & Co.	Dotale	108	4	10	
T. Gray (Mackwood & Co.)	Ovoca	256	9	68	
T. Scovell	Periya Mas- keliya	225	8	52	
Whittall & Co.	Lucombe	478	18	8	
H. J. Soyza	Hapugastenna	601	22	73	
Lee, Hedges & Co.	Mottingham	269	10	19	
T. Gray (J. M. R. & Co.)	Bunyan	288	10	88	
A. E. Wright (B. J. Dowson)	Queensland	281	10	64	
J. M. Robertson & Co.	Mocha	588	22	24	
A. E. Wright	Bloomfield	268	10	14	
W. Mitchell (H. F. Harris)	Dunnottar	185	6	99	
A. E. Wright	Brunswick	252	9	53	
J. M. Robertson & Co. (John Mitchell)	Deeside	435	16	45	
W. Mitchell	Midlothian	244	9	23	
W. Agar	Cruden	396	14	98	
Wm. Rollo (G. S. & Co.)	Glenugie	389	14	71	
J. G. & N. Macfarlane	Springbank	202	7	64	
Wm. Rollo (G. S. & Co.)	Bargrove	207	7	83	
R. P. and N. Macfarlane	Ormidale	148	5	60	



Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreeage.	Amount.
			Rs. c.
A. T. Cathcart ...	Lot 6,280 T. P. 101,851, Devonford	276 ...	63 62
Lands and Produce Estates Co. (D. Edwards & Co.) ...	Fatteresso	438 ...	100 96
A. R. Lewis and T. Farr ...	Lot 6,985, T. P. 110,064, Northcove	293 ...	53 70
James Sheriff, J. S. Brown (A. R. Lewis)	Dunlow and Aldie	449 ...	103 48
			3,322 25

Which sums the proprietors, managers, or agents of the several estates are hereby required to pay into the Colonial Treasury, Colombo, on or before July 31, 1894.

	Rs. c.	Rs. c.
N.B.—Private contribution ...	—	3,723 75
Deduct balance estimate for 1889 ...	129 62	
Deduct bank interest for 1890 ...	271 92	
	401 54	
		3,322 21

J. J. THORBURN,  
Provincial Road Committee's Office, for Chairman.  
Kandy, July 9, 1891.

**NOTICES IN TESTAMENTARY ACTIONS.**

In the District Court of Colombo.

Testamentary Jurisdiction. No. C/78. { In the Matter of the Estate, Goods and Chattels, Rights and Credits of Tillekamuni Carolis Silva, late of No. 283, Alutmawata road, in Colombo, deceased, and Deniyadura Barbara Silva, late of No. 283, Alutmawata road aforesaid, deceased, husband and wife.

Tillekamuni Gregoris de Silva, of No. 40, Mutwal in Colombo ..... Petitioner.

And  
1, Tillekamuni Warlianus Silva, of Alutmawata in Colombo; 2, Tillekamuni Migel Silva of No. 283, Alutmawata road in Colombo; 3, Tillekamuni Lawerenti Silva, of Modera street in Colombo; 4, Tillekamuni Manuel Silva, of No. 283, Alutmawata road in Colombo; 5, Attanaeka Martenas Fernando Ameresekare Jayawardane and his wife 6, Tillekamuni Engracea Silva, both of Modera street in Colombo; 7, Wijemuni James Soyza; 8, Wijemuni Vincent Soyza; 9, Wijemuni Maria Soyza; 10, Hondemuni Vincent Lawrence Soyza; 11, Hondemuni Sophia Theresa Soyza; 12, Hondemuni Peter Claver Soyza; 13, Hondemuni Edith Emelia Soyza; 14, Hondemuni Philip James Soyza; all of Alutmawata in Colombo..... Respondents.

The 11th day of June, 1891.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before Owen Morgan, Esq., Acting District Judge of Colombo, on the 11th day of June, 1891, in the presence of E. W. Perera, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Tillekamuni Gregoris de Silva, of No. 40, Mutwal in Colombo, and the affidavit of the said Tillekamuni Gregoris de Silva, dated 3rd June, 1891, having been read, it is ordered that the said Tillekamuni Gregoris de Silva be and he is hereby declared entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of Tillekamuni Carolis Silva and his wife Deniyadura Barbara Silva, deceased, issued to him, unless any person shall, on or before the 30th day of July, 1891, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

OWEN MORGAN,  
Colombo, July 14, 1891. Acting District Judge.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary Jurisdiction. No. C/92. { In the Matter of the Last Will and Testament of Sarah Layard, of Combe Hay, in the County of Somerset in England, deceased.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before Owen Morgan, Esq., Acting District Judge of Colombo, on the 10th July, 1891, in the presence of F. Liesching, Proctor,

on the part of the petitioner Henry Bois of Colombo: and the affidavit of the said Henry Bois, dated 7th July, 1891, having been read, and exemplification of the last will and testament of Sarah Layard, deceased, having been produced, it is ordered that the last will and testament of the said deceased, dated the 26th day of October, 1885, be and the same is hereby declared proved.

It is further declared that the said Henry Bois is one of the attorneys of George Somes and Samuel Francis Somes, two of the executors named in the said last will and testament, and as such he is entitled to have letters of administration with copy of the said will annexed to the estate of Sarah Layard, deceased, issued to him, unless any person shall on or before the 30th July, 1891, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

OWEN MORGAN,  
Acting District Judge.

In the District Court of Kalutara.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary Jurisdiction. No. 8. { In the Matter of the Estate of the late Manuel de Fonseka Warnesooria Samarasekara, Notary, deceased, of Desaster Kalutara.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before F. J. de Livera, Esq., Acting District Judge of Kalutara, on the 25th day of May, 1891, in the presence of Mr. D. de Silva, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Mahabaduge Sarah Fernando, widow of the deceased, and the affidavit of Marikkutuppahige Sadrus Fernando of Desaster Kalutara, dated 25th May, 1891, having been read: It is ordered that the said Mahabaduge Sarah Fernando, widow of the said deceased, be and she is hereby declared entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the said intestate, unless Adiriana de Fonseka shall, on or before the 7th day of August, 1891, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

F. J. DE LIVERA,  
Acting District Judge.

The 25th day of May, 1891.

In the District Court of Kalutara.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary Jurisdiction. No. 12. { In the Matter of the Intestate Estate of the late Mahabaduge Andris Fernando, deceased, of Beruwala. Illacuttige Maria Fernando, of Beruwala..... Petitioner Against

Boosabaduge Potossina Fernando, of Beruwala..... Respondent.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before F. J. de Livera, Esq., Acting District Judge of Kalutara, on the 2nd day of July, 1891, in the presence of Mr. J. A. Dharmaratna, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner, and

the affidavit of Illicuttige Maria Fernando, of Beruwala, dated July 2, 1891, having been read :

It is declared that the said petitioner Illicuttige Maria Fernando, of Beruwala, as widow is entitled to letters of administration to the intestate estate of the late Mahabodge Andris Fernando, deceased, of Beruwala, unless the respondent Boosabodge Potonsina Fernando, of Beruwala, or any other person shall, on or before the 28th day of July, 1891, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

It is further ordered that this *Order Nisi* be once advertised in the *Government Gazette* and twice in one of the local papers.

F. J. DE LIVERA,  
Acting District Judge.

The 2nd day of July, 1891.

In the District Court of Kalutara.

*Order Nisi.*

Testamentary Jurisdiction. } In the Matter of the Estate of Dediawelage Don David Appu and his wife Beddege Dilohamy, deceased, of Warakagoda. No. 13.

Dediawelage Don Selenis, late Peace Officer of Warakagoda..... Petitioner.

1, Beddege Babahamy, of Yatiwara ; 2, Henedurage Babbu Sinno, of Warakagoda ; 3, Nettipattige Custan Appu ; 4, Nettipattige Pody Sinno ; 5, Nettipattige Cowis Appu ; 6, Bamunuge Babbu Appu, of Retiyala ; 7, Bamunuge Saradiel Appu, of Deakadowa ; 8, Bamunuge Nanhamy, of Retiyala ; 9, Govitantrige Hendrick Appu ; 10, Gamage Janis, alias Jaran Appu, of Horana in Rayigam korale ; 11, Welikadage Baba Appu, of Mahena in Rayigam korale ; 12, Welikadage Manis Appu, of Horana ; 13, Dediawelage Baba Hamy, of Bellene ; 14, Vitanage Semaneris Appu, of Bellene ; 15, Vitanage Pody Sinno, of Bellene ; 16, Dediawelage Nonohamy, of Warakagoda ; 17, Bellene Vitanage Don Guneris Appu, of Bellene ; 18, Bellene Vitanage Pody Sinno, of Bellene..... Respondents.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before F. J. de Livera, Esq., Acting District Judge of Kalutara, on the 4th day of July, 1891, in the presence of Mr. J. A. Dharmaratne, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner, and the affidavit of Dediawelage Don Selenis, late Peace Officer, of Warakagoda, dated July 3, 1891, having been read :

It is declared that the said Dediawelage Don Selenis, as an heir is entitled to letters of administration to the intestate estate of the above-named Dediawelage Don David Appu and his wife Beddege Dilohamy, deceased, of Warakagoda, unless the respondents (1) Beddege Babahamy, of Yatiwara ; (2) Henedurage Babbu Sinno, of Warakagoda ; (3) Nettipattige Custan Appu ; (4) Nettipattige Pody Sinno ; (5) Nettipattige Cowis Appu ; (6) Bamunuge Babbu Appu, of Retiyala ; (7) Bamunuge Saradiel Appu, of Diakadowe ; (8) Bamunuge Nanhamy, of Retiyala ; (9) Govitantrige Hendrick Appu ; (10) Gamage Janis, alias Joran Appu, of Horana ; (11) Welikadage Baba Appu, of Mahena ; (12) Welikadage Manis Appu, of Horana ; (13) Dediawelage Babahamy, of Bellene ; (14) Vitanage Semaneris Appu, of Bellene ; (15) Vitanage Pody Sinno, of Bellene ; (16) Dediawelage Nonohamy, of Warakagoda ; (17) Bellene Vitanage Don Guneris Appu,

of Bellene ; (18) Bellene Vitanage Pody Sinno, of Bellene, or any other person shall, on or before the 28th day of July, 1891, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

It is further ordered that a copy of this *Order Nisi* and copy of the petition dated 3rd day of July, 1891, be issued to each of the respondents, and that a copy of the *Order Nisi* be published once in the *Government Gazette* and twice in one of the local papers.

F. J. DE LIVERA,  
Acting District Judge.

The 4th day of July, 1891.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

*Order Nisi.*

Testamentary Jurisdiction. } In the Matter of the Estate of the late Class I. Suppimanier Arumugam, of Karampan. No. 429.

Arumugam Kartigesoo, of Karampan ..... Petitioner. 1, Sivakamippillai, widow of Arumugam ; 2, Arumugam Vairamuttoo ; and 3, Arumugam Chellappaha, all of Karampan ..... Respondents.

THIS matter of the petition of Arumugam Kartigesoo, of Karampan, praying for letters of administration to the estate of the above-named deceased, coming on for disposal before Patrick William Conolly, Esq., District Judge, on the 3rd day of July, 1891, in the presence of Messrs. Casiypillai and Cathiravelu, Proctors, on the part of the petitioner, and the affidavit of the petitioner dated the 2nd day of July, 1891, having been read, it is declared that the petitioner is the son and one of the heirs of the said intestate, and is entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the said intestate issued to him, unless the respondents or any other persons shall, on or before the 27th day of July, 1891, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

P. W. CONOLLY,  
District Judge.

Signed this 4th day of July, 1891.

In the District Court of Badulla.

*Order Nisi.*

Testamentary Jurisdiction. } In the Matter of the Goods and Chattels of John Locke, late of Sungi Ujong, in the Straits Settlements, deceased. No. B/10.

14th July, 1891.

Before G. A. Baumgartner, Esq., District Judge.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before George Algernon Baumgartner, District Judge of Badulla, on the 14th day of July, 1891, in the presence of Mr. B. L. Potger, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Edgar Nassau Heanly, and the affidavit of the said Edgar Nassau Heanly, dated the 14th day of July, 1891, having been read :

It is declared that the said Edgar Nassau Heanly be, and he is hereby declared entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the said John Locke issued to him, being the attorney of the next of kin of the said deceased, unless any person or persons shall, on or before the 12th day of August, 1891, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

G. A. BAUMGARTNER,  
District Judge.

**NOTICES OF INSOLVENCY.**

**In the District Court of Colombo.**

No. 1,746. In the matter of the insolvency of Wewegge Charles Dep, alias Wewegge Charles Dep Weerasinghe, of Welikada in Colombo.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the creditors of the above-named insolvent will take place at the sitting of this court on July 30, 1891, to grant certificate to the insolvent.

By order of court,  
J. B. Misso,  
Secretary.

Colombo, July 6, 1891.

No. 1,755. In the matter of the insolvency of Wijesinghe Arachchige William Perera Appuhami, of Mabola.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the creditors of the above-named insolvent will take place at the sitting of this court on July 30, 1891, to appoint an assignee.

By order of court,  
J. B. Misso,  
Secretary.

Colombo, July 6, 1891.

No. 1,656. In the matter of the insolvency of Henry Morris Casie Chetty, of Colombo.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the creditors of the above-named insolvent will take place at the sitting of this court on July 30, 1891, to grant certificate to the insolvent.

By order of court,  
J. B. Misso,  
Secretary.

Colombo, July 6, 1891.

No. 1,660. In the matter of the insolvency of Minuwampitiyage Brampy Pieris.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the creditors of the above-named insolvent will take place at the sitting of this court on July 30, 1891, to annul the adjudication of the insolvency of the above-named insolvent.

By order of court,  
J. B. Misso,  
Secretary.

Colombo, July 6, 1891.

No. 1,736. In the matter of the insolvency of Heenderiepatirenehelege Don Pieris Abeyawardane of Alutgama in the Medapattu of the Siyane korale.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the creditors of the above-named insolvent will take place at the sitting of this court on July 30, 1891, to prove further claims.

By order of court,  
J. B. Misso,  
Secretary.

Colombo, July 3, 1891.

No. 1,747. In the matter of the insolvency of Wewegge Arnolis Dep Weerasinghe, of Welikada in Colombo.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the creditors of the above-named insolvent will take place at the sitting of this court on August 13, 1891, to prove further claims.

By order of court,  
J. B. Misso,  
Secretary.

Colombo, July 13, 1891.

No. 1,756. In the matter of the insolvency of Alexander Martin Holmes, of Colombo.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the creditors of the above-named insolvent will take place at the sitting of this court on August 13, 1891, to appoint an assignee.

By order of court,  
J. B. Misso,  
Secretary.

Colombo, July 13, 1891.

No. 1,760. In the matter of the insolvency of Meyna Muna Ibrahim Saibo, of Colombo.

WHEREAS the above-named Meyna Muna Ibrahim Saibo, of Colombo, was on July 13, 1891, adjudged insolvent by the district court of Colombo, and an order has been made by the said court placing the estate of the said insolvent under sequestration in the hands of the Fiscal:—Notice thereof is hereby given to all concerned; and notice is also hereby given that the said court has appointed that two public sittings of the court will be held, to wit, on August 13 and 27, 1891, for the said insolvent to surrender and conform; and for such other proceedings in the said matter as may then be competent under the Ordinance No. 7 of 1853, intituled "An Ordinance for the due collection, administration, and distribution of insolvent estates."

By order of court,  
J. B. Misso,  
Secretary.

Colombo, July 21, 1891.

No. 1,746. In the matter of the insolvency of Wewegge Charles Dep, alias Wewegge Charles Dep Weerasinha, of Welikada.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the creditors of the above-named insolvent will take place at the sitting of this court on August 13, 1891, to appoint an assignee.

By order of court,  
J. B. Misso,  
Secretary.

Colombo, July 21, 1891.

**In the District Court of Kalutara.**

No. 87. In the matter of the insolvency of Leanage James Perera, of Molligoda.

NOTICE is hereby given that the second sitting of the court for the said insolvent to surrender and conform, and for such other proceedings in the said matter as may then be competent under the Ordinance No. 7 of 1853, intituled "An Ordinance for the due collection, administration, and distribution of insolvent estates," has been adjourned for July 30, 1891.

By order of court,  
JOHN G. L. VANDERSTRAATEN,  
Secretary.

Kalutara, July 20, 1891.

**In the District Court of Batticaloa.**

No. 32. In the matter of the insolvency of Edward Alexander Speldewinde, of Batticaloa.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of creditors of the above-named insolvent will take place at the sitting of this court on August 12, 1891, for the purpose of declaring a dividend of the moneys in the hands of the assignee.

By order of court,  
Jno. Loos,  
Secretary.

Batticaloa, July 15, 1891.

## NOTICES OF FISCALS' SALES.

### Western Province.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Suna Pana Meeyanna Sinnaya Chetty..... Plaintiff.  
No. C/781. Vs.

A. T. Fernando ..... Defendant.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that on August 15, 1891, commencing at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the respective premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendant in the following property, viz. :-

1. The two allotments of lands called Alubogahalanda and Kongahawatta, situated in the village Batakettara in the Palle pattu of Salpiti korale, now forming one property; bounded on the north by the property of D. Don Peeris Perera and others, north-east by the property of D. Don Magris and the property claimed by M. Duliana Dias, property of D. Don Hendrick and others, and the property appearing in plan 116,584, south-east by Crown land, south by the land appearing in plan 116,583, south-west by the road, north-west by the property appearing in plan 116,586 and road, containing in extent 23 acres 2 roods and 23 perches.

2. The two portions of lands adjoining the land called Tibbotugahalanda, situated in the same village; bounded on the north by the property of K. Puran Naide, east by the property of Mr. J. G. A. Perera, Muhandiram, south-east and south by the property of K. Don Johanis and others, west by the property of G. Don Joronis, the property of G. Wellon, and the property of D. B. Abanthy Naide, containing in extent 2 acres 1 rood and 26 perches.

And on August 20, 1891, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the defendant in the following property, viz. :-

The portion of land called Pittalandehena, situated at Waterake, in the Meda pattu of Hewagam korale; bounded on the north and north-east by the road, east and south-east by the property appearing in plan 51,283, south by the property appearing in plan 141,775 and the Crown Pittalandehena, west by Ginmula Kosgahawita and road, containing in extent 11 acres and 18 perches.

Fiscal's Office,  
Colombo, July 21, 1891.

J. S. DREIBERG,  
Deputy Fiscal.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Samuel Tappan Muttiyah, of Colombo..... Plaintiff.  
No. C. 1,090. Vs.

Mututantrige Alfred Thomas Fernando, of  
Colombo ..... Defendant.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that on August 22, 1891, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at this office the following property of the defendant, viz. :-

All that allotment of land called and known as Nedungolle Mukalane, situated in the village Anuragoda, in the

Gangeboda pattu of Siyane korale in the district of Colombo; bounded on the north by lands claimed by Alexander Appu, Hendrick Perera, Esan Appu, Baba Appu, and Baronchy Appu and others, on the north-east by land claimed by Baronchy Appu and others, on the east by lands claimed by Baronchy Appu and others, Orrless Appu, Dingihamy, and Baba Appu and others, on the south by lands claimed by Baronchy Appu and others, Siman Appu, Dingihamy, Baba Appu and others, and Avenehamy, and on the west by lands claimed by Avenehamy, David Appu, and Alexander Appu, containing in extent 106 acres, mortgaged with the plaintiff by bonds dated July 10, 1890, and November 28, 1890.

Fiscal's Office,  
Colombo, July 21, 1891.

J. S. DREIBERG,  
Deputy Fiscal.

### Southern Province.

In the District Court of Galle.

1, R. M. A. N. Raman Chetty, of Galle, now in India, by his attorney R. M. A. N. Adappa Chetty, of Galle; 2, K. P. K. Kuttiyan Chetty, of Galle, now in India, by his attorney K. P. K. Leechan Chetty, of Galle ..... Plaintiffs.  
No. 55,753. Vs.

Ismail Lebbe Marcar Mohamadu Cassim, of  
Galle ..... Defendant.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that on the days and commencing at the hours under-mentioned, will be sold by public auction at the spot the following property, viz. :-

On Monday, August 17, 1891, at 3 P.M.

1. All that house and premises formerly marked No. 14, and presently bearing Municipal No. 17, situate in the Church street within the Fort of Galle.
2. All that house and premises formerly marked No. 20, and presently bearing Municipal No. 24, situate at do.

On Tuesday, August 18, 1891, at 3 P.M.

1. An allotment of land situate in Circular street of Galle bazaar, together with the buildings thereon constructed, marked No. 293, and presently bearing assessment Nos. 297 and 298.

2. All that house and premises at one time marked No. 296, lately No. 293, and at present bearing Municipal Nos. 297 and 298, situate at the Galle bazaar; specially mortgaged in and upon the footing of the bonds dated February 2, 1889, and decreed by the judgment entered in the above case specially bound and executable under the said judgment; and the right, title, and interest of the said defendant in and to the said property at the date of the said mortgage.

This writ is issued to levy from the defendant the sum of Rs. 3,579.25, with interest on Rs. 3,500 at 15 per cent. per annum from February 2, 1889, till payment in full.

Fiscal's Office,  
Galle, July 20, 1891.

H. J. WOUTERSZ,  
Deputy Fiscal.



**UNOFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.**

**MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE EILA TEA COMPANY OF CEYLON, LIMITED.**

1. The name of the Company is the *Eila Tea Company of Ceylon, Limited*.
2. The registered office of the Company to be established in Colombo.
3. The objects for which the Company is established are :—

(a) The purchase of the Eila Estate situate in the Kelani Valley, containing in extent Seven hundred and Fifty acres or thereabouts, and the Morton Estate, also situate in the Kelani Valley, and containing in extent One hundred and Ninety-eight acres or thereabouts.

(b) The purchase or lease of any other land or lands.

(c) The improvement, planting, clearing, cultivation, and development of the said estates and any other lands that may be purchased or leased as tea estates, or with any other products or in any other ways.

(d) The purchase of tea-leaf and (or) other raw products for manufacture, manipulation, and sale.

(e) The manufacture of tea-leaf and (or) other raw products.

(f) The carrying on of the business of manufacturers, growers, planters, and exporters of tea and other products in all their branches.

(g) The carrying on of any other business which may seem to the Company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the above or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of, or render profitable any of the property or rights of the Company.

(h) The borrowing or receiving in loan of money for the above purposes, or any of them, and for repayment of all or any of the moneys so borrowed, and the securing thereof upon mortgage, debenture bonds, bills, bonds for cash credit, interest warrants, letters of credit, trust deeds or other deeds of security, promissory notes, bills of lading, or other negotiable instruments over all or any part of the Company's property or assets, movable or immovable, real or personal, or on security of the subscribed capital of the Company called or uncalled.

(i) The doing of all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above object or any of them.

4. The liability of the Shareholders is limited.

5. The nominal capital of the Company is *Two Hundred and Twenty-five Thousand Rupees (Rs. 225,000)*, divided into 2,250 shares of *One Hundred Rupees* each. In case the Company shall increase its capital by the issue of new shares, such shares may be issued upon the terms specified in the Articles of Association for the time being of the Company.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names :—

Names and Addresses of Subscribers.		Number of Shares taken by each Subscriber.
HENRY BOIS	... Colombo, Ceylon	... 880
G. W. R. CAMPBELL	... London	... 359
By his Attorney HENRY BOIS.		
F. W. BOIS	... Colombo, Ceylon	... 359
By his Attorney PERCY BOIS.		
PERCY BOIS	... do.	... 50
STANLEY BOIS	... do.	... 50
ALEX. THOM	... Kadugannawa, Ceylon	... 194
CHAS. CARTER	... do.	... 144
W. B. HOPE	... Liverpool	... 134
By his Attorney JNO. GORDON.		

Dated the Twenty-fifth day of June, 1891.

Witness to the signatures of Henry Bois, G. W. R. Campbell, F. W. Bois, Percy Bois, and Stanley Bois :

V. A. JULIUS, Solicitor, Colombo, Ceylon.

Witnesses to the signature of Alex. Thom, at Kandy, the 2nd July, 1891 :

H. HORSLEY.  
EDWARD F. HOPKINS.

Witnesses to the signature of Chas. Carter :

H. A. LAPHAM.  
J. A. DE BRUYN.

Witnesses to the signature of W. B. Hope, at Uda Pussellawa, the 7th July, 1891 :

JAMES POLSON.  
GERALD WATSON.

## ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE EILA TEA COMPANY OF CEYLON, LIMITED.

1. The regulations contained in table C. in the schedule annexed to "The Joint Stock Companies Ordinance, 1861," shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolutions. The Company may by special resolution alter or make provisions instead of or in addition to any of the regulations of the Company, wither contained or comprised in these articles or not.

2. The Company shall forthwith after its incorporation purchase: (1) All that Estate called Eila, situated in the Kelani Valley, and containing in extent Seven hundred and fifty acres (750 acres) or thereabouts. (2) All that Estate called Morton, also situate in the Kelani Valley, and containing in extent one hundred and ninety-eight acres (198 acres) or thereabouts, for the sum of Rupees One hundred and eighty-three thousand and eight hundred (Rs. 183,800), the vendors paying all expenditure on the estates, and receiving all crops and produce gathered therefrom up to the thirty-first day of May, 1891. The vendors agree to receive 1,838 fully paid up shares in the Company in payment of the purchase money.

## SHARES.

3. Every person taking any share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof by writing under his hand in such form as the Company from time to time directs.

4. A sum of Rupees twenty-five shall be paid on allotment of each share, and the Directors may from time to time make such calls upon the Shareholders in respect of all moneys unpaid on their shares as the Directors think fit. Provided that twenty-one days' notice at least is given of each call; and each Shareholder shall be liable to pay the amount of calls so made to the persons and at the time and place appointed by the Directors. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorising such call was passed.

5. If before or on the day appointed for payment any Shareholder does not pay the amount of any call to which he is liable, then such Shareholder shall be liable to pay interest for the same at the rate of nine per cent. per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of the actual payment.

6. The Directors may, if they think fit, receive from any of the Shareholders willing to advance the same all or any part of the moneys due upon their respective shares beyond the sums actually called up, and upon the moneys so paid in advance or so much thereof as from time to time exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon the shares in respect of which such advance has been made, the Company shall pay interest at such rate as the Shareholders paying such sum in advance and the Directors agree upon. The shares, except where otherwise provided, shall be allotted at the discretion of and by the Directors, who may from time to time issue any unissued shares, and may add to such shares such an amount of premium as they may consider proper. Provided that such unissued shares shall first be offered by the Directors to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company as nearly as possible in proportion to the shares already held by them, and such shares as shall not be accepted by the Shareholder or Shareholders, to whom the share shall have been offered within the time specified in that behalf by the Directors, may be disposed of by the Directors in such manner as they think most beneficial to the Company.

7. If several persons are joint holders of any shares, any one of such persons may give effectual receipt for the dividend payable in respect of such share.

8. Every Shareholder shall on payment of Fifty cents be entitled to a certificate under the common seal of the Company specifying the share or shares held by him, and the amount paid thereon.

9. If such certificate is worn out or lost, it may be renewed on payment of Fifty cents.

## TRANSFER OF SHARES.

10. The Company may decline to register any transfer of shares made by a Shareholder who is indebted to them.

11. The fee payable to the Company for the registration of a transfer shall be Three Rupees.

12. The transfer books shall be closed during the fourteen days immediately preceding the Ordinary General Meeting in each year.

13. Subject to the restriction of these articles, any Shareholder may transfer all or any of his shares by instrument in writing. The Directors may decline to register any transfer whatever, and shall not be required to assign any reason for so declining. In the event of the Directors declining to register a transfer, the Shareholders desirous of executing the same, or the Directors, may convene an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company to resolve whether the said transfer shall be registered or not, and the resolution of such General Meeting shall be absolute.

## TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

14. The executors or administrators or heirs of a deceased Shareholder shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to his share.

15. Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or insolvency of any Shareholder, or in consequence of the marriage of any female Shareholder, or in any way other than by transfer, may be registered as a Shareholder upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time be required by the Directors.

16. Any person who has become entitled to a share in any way other than by transfer may, instead of being registered himself, elect to have some person to be named by him registered as a holder or such share.

17. The person so becoming entitled shall testify such election by executing to his nominee a transfer of such share.

18. The instrument of transfer shall be presented to the Company accompanied with such evidence as the Directors may require to prove the title of the transferor, and thereupon the Company shall register the transferee as a Shareholder.

Provided always that the Directors shall have the right at all times to decline to register such person as aforesaid, and shall not be required to assign any reason for so declining. In the event of the Directors declining to register such person as a holder of such share, they shall upon the request of such person convene an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company to resolve whether such transfer shall be registered or not, and the resolution of such meeting shall be absolute.

## FORFEITURE OF SHARES.

19. If any Shareholder fails to pay any call on the appointed day, the Company may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call remains unpaid, serve a notice on him requiring him to pay such call, together with any interest that may have accrued by reason of such non-payment.

20. The notice shall name a further day and a place or places, being a place or places at which calls of the Company are usually made payable on and at which such call is to be paid. It shall also state that in the event of non-payment at the time and place appointed, the shares in respect of which such call was made will be liable to be forfeited.

21. If the requisitions of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which such notice has been given may be forfeited by a resolution of the Directors to that effect.

22. Any share so forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be disposed of in such manner as the Directors think fit.

23. Any Shareholder whose shares have been forfeited shall, notwithstanding, be liable to pay to the Company all calls owing upon such shares at the time of the forfeiture.

#### INCREASE OF CAPITAL.

24. The Directors may with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company in General Meeting increase its capital by the creation of new shares, of such amounts per share, and in the aggregate as such resolution shall direct. All new shares shall be offered by the Directors to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company as nearly as possible in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such shares as shall not be accepted by the Shareholder or Shareholders to whom the same shall have been offered within the time specified in that behalf by the Directors, may be disposed of by the Directors in such manner as they think most beneficial to the Company. The Directors shall have power to add to such new shares such an amount of premium as they may consider proper.

25. Any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered as part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the same provisions in all respects whether with reference to the payment of calls or the forfeiture of shares on non-payment of calls or otherwise as if it had been part of the original capital.

#### BORROWING.

26. The Directors shall have power to borrow money for the purposes of the Company, and for this purpose to grant bonds, promissory notes, bills, debentures, interest, warrant bonds for cash credit, trust deed or other documents, to issue letters of credit and to grant mortgages or other deed or deeds of security over all or any of the Company's lands, property, estate, and assets, but so that the sum so to be borrowed shall not at any one time exceed the amount of the unpaid subscribed capital for the time being. Provided that nothing herein contained shall be held to prevent the Directors procuring from time to time in the usual course of business such temporary advances on the produce of the estates as they may find it to be necessary or expedient for the purpose of defraying the expenses of working the said estates.

Provided also that before the Directors execute any mortgage or issue any debentures, they shall obtain the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary. A declaration under the Company's seal contained in or endorsed upon any of the documents mentioned in this Article, and subscribed by two or more of the Directors to the effect that the Directors have power to borrow the amount which such document may represent, shall be conclusive evidence thereof in all questions between the Company and its Directors, and no such document containing such declaration shall, as regards the creditor, be void on the ground of its being granted in excess of the aforesaid borrowing power, unless it be proved that such creditor was aware that it was so granted.

#### GENERAL MEETING.

27. The first General Meeting shall be held at such time, not being more than twelve months after the incorporation of the Company, and at such place as the Directors may determine.

28. Subsequent General Meetings may be held at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if not so prescribed, then at such place and at such time as soon after the first day of February in each year as the Directors shall determine.

29. The above-named General Meetings shall be called Ordinary Meetings; all other General Meetings shall be called Extraordinary.

30. The Directors may, whenever they think fit, and they shall upon a requisition made in writing by not less than one-fifth in number of the Shareholders of the Company for the time being, or by any Shareholder or Shareholders holding not less than one-fifth part of the shares of the Company for the time being subscribed for, convene an Extraordinary General Meeting.

31. Any requisition so made by the Shareholder or Shareholders shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called, and shall be left at the Registered Office of the Company.

32. Upon the receipt of such requisition, the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such time and place as they shall think fit, not being more than twenty-one days after the leaving of the requisition; and if they do not proceed to convene the said meeting within twenty-one days after the leaving of the requisition, the requisitionist or requisitionists or any other Shareholder amounting to the required number may, himself or themselves convene an Extraordinary General Meeting to be held at such time or place as he or they shall think fit.

33. Fourteen days' notice at least specifying the place and the hour of meeting, and the purpose for which any meeting is to be held, shall be given by advertisement in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*, or in such other manner, if any, as may be prescribed by the Company.

34. Any Shareholder may on giving not less than ten days' previous notice of any resolution submit the same to a meeting.

35. Such notice shall be given by leaving a copy of the resolution at the Registered Office of the Company.

36. In order to constitute a meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, there shall be present, either personally or by proxy, three or more Shareholders holding in the aggregate not less than one-tenth of the capital for the time being subscribed for.

37. If within one hour from the time appointed for the meeting the required number of Shareholders is not present, the meeting, if convened upon the requisition of a Shareholder or Shareholders, shall be dissolved. In any other case, it shall stand adjourned to the following day at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting the required number of Shareholders is not present, it shall be adjourned *sine die*.

38. The Chairman (if any) of the Board of Directors shall preside as Chairman at every meeting of the Company.

39. If there be no such Chairman, or if at any meeting he is not present at the time of holding the same, the Shareholders present shall choose some one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.

40. The Chairman may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.

41. At any General Meeting, unless a poll is demanded by at least two Shareholders, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the book of Proceedings of the Company shall be sufficient evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

42. If a poll is demanded in manner aforesaid, the same shall be taken in such manner as the Chairman directs, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

43. In the event of a resolution being brought before a General Meeting involving the sale of the Company's estates or any portion thereof, or the winding up of the Company, a majority of three-fourths of the Shareholders present and (or) represented by proxy shall be necessary to carry such resolution.

#### VOTES OF SHAREHOLDERS.

44. Every Shareholder shall have one vote for every ten shares held by him.

45. If any Shareholder is a lunatic or idiot or prodigal, he may vote by his curator, and if any Shareholder is a minor, he may vote by his guardian or any one of his guardians if more than one.

46. If one or more persons are jointly entitled to a share or shares, the person whose name stands first in the Register of Shareholders as one of the holders of such share or shares, and no other, shall be entitled to vote in respect of the same.

47. No Shareholder shall be entitled to vote at any meeting unless all calls due from him have been paid, and no Shareholder other than the trustee or assignee of a bankrupt or representative of a deceased Shareholder, or person acquiring by marriage, shall be entitled to vote at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company in respect of any share which he has acquired by transfer, unless he has been possessed of the share in respect of which he claims to vote at least three months previously to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote.

48. Votes may be given either personally or by proxies. A proxy shall be appointed in writing under the hand of the appointer, or, if such appointer is a Corporation, under their common seal.

49. No person shall be appointed a proxy who is not a shareholder, and the instrument or mandate appointing him shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than forty-eight hours before the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote, but no instrument or mandate appointing a proxy shall be valid after the expiration of three months from the date of its execution.

#### DIRECTORS.

50. The qualification of a Director shall be holding not less than thirty shares of the Company upon which all calls for the time being shall have been paid.

51. The number of Directors shall not be less than three or more than five; but this clause shall be construed as being directory only, and the continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any number of vacancies.

52. The first Directors shall be Henry Bois, Alexander Thom, and Percy Bois, and they shall hold office, except in the event of their becoming respectively disqualified, until the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company to be held in the year 1892.

53. As a remuneration for their services, the Directors shall be entitled to appropriate annually a sum not exceeding One thousand rupees, to be divided between them in such manner as they may determine, but the Company in General Meeting may at any time alter the amount of such remuneration for the future.

54. One of the Directors may be appointed by the Board to act as Managing Director and (or) Visiting Agent of the Company, for such time and on such terms as the Board may determine or fix by agreement with the person appointed to the office.

#### POWERS OF DIRECTORS.

55. The Directors shall have power to carry into effect the purchase of the said Eila and Morton Estates, and the lease and (or) purchase of any other lands.

56. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors either by themselves or with the assistance of a Secretary or Secretaries, Agent or Agents, to be appointed by them for such period and on such terms as the Directors shall think fit, and the Directors shall pay out of the funds of the Company all costs and expenses as well preliminary as otherwise, paid or incurred in and about the formation and registration of the Company, the purchase of the said lands and the cultivation thereof, and otherwise in or about the working and business of the Company.

57. The Directors shall have power to make and may make rules or regulations for the management of the property of the Company, and for that purpose may appoint managers, agents, superintendents, officers, clerks, and servants, with such remuneration and at such salaries as they may consider advisable, and may pay the expenses occasioned thereby out of the funds of the Company, and may from time to time remove or suspend all or any of the managers, agents, superintendents, officers, clerks, or servants, for such reasons as they may think proper and advisable, and without assigning any cause.

58. The Directors shall also have power to open from time to time, on behalf of the Company, any account or accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint, and also by such signatures as they shall appoint to draw, accept, make, endorse, sign, and enter into cheques, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bonds, mortgages, proxies to any Proctor or Proctors, contracts or agreements on behalf and for the purposes of the Company.

59. The seal of the Company shall not be affixed to any instrument except in the presence of two or more of the Directors, who shall attest the sealing thereof.

60. The Directors shall exercise, in the name and on behalf of the Company, all such powers of the Company as are not expressly required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting.

#### DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS.

61. The office of Director shall be vacated—

(i.) If he ceases to hold the due qualification in shares—

(ii.) If he becomes of unsound mind or bankrupt, or take proceedings under the Bankruptcy Law for liquidation of his affairs by arrangement of, or composition with, his creditors.

62. No contract, arrangement, or transaction entered into by or on behalf of the Company with any Director or with any Company or co-partnership of which a Director is a partner, or of which he is a Director, Managing Director, or Manager, shall be void or voidable, nor shall such Director be liable to account to the Company for any profit realised by such contract, arrangement, or transaction by reason only of such Director holding that office, or of the fiduciary relation thereto established, provided that the fact of his interest or connection therewith be fully disclosed to the Company or its Directors; but no Director shall vote in respect of any contract, arrangement, or transaction in which he is directly or indirectly interested.

ROTATION OF DIRECTORS.

63. At the first Ordinary Meeting of the Company to be held in the year 1892, all the Directors shall retire; and at the first Ordinary Meeting in every subsequent year, one-third of the Directors for the time being, or the number next below one-third, shall retire from office.

64. The Directors to retire in any year shall always be those who have been longest in office, and in case of Directors equal in length of office shall, unless such Directors agree among themselves, be determined by ballot.

65. A retiring Director, if qualified, shall be re-eligible. The Company at the Ordinary General Meeting shall fill up the offices vacated by the retiring Directors by electing a like number of persons.

66. If at any meeting at which an election of Directors ought to take place no such election is made, the meeting shall stand adjourned till the next day at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting no election takes place, the former Directors shall continue to act until new Directors are appointed at the first Ordinary Meeting of the following year.

67. The Company may from time to time, by special resolution in General Meeting, increase or reduce the number of Directors, and may also determine in what rotation they are to go out of office.

68. Any casual vacancy in the Board of Directors may be filled up by the Directors, but any person so chosen shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Director would have retained the same if no vacancy had occurred.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

69. The Directors may meet together for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings, as they think fit, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Questions arising at any meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. In case of an equality of votes, the Chairman, in addition to his original vote, shall have a casting vote. A Director may at any time summon a meeting of the Directors.

70. The Directors may elect a Chairman of their meetings, and determine the period for which he is to hold office, but if no such Chairman is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairman is not present at the time appointed for holding the same, the Directors present shall choose some one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.

71. All acts done by any meeting of the Directors, or by any person acting as a Director, shall, notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any such Directors or persons acting as aforesaid on that day, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a Director.

72. The Directors shall cause Minutes to be made in a book or books provided for and used solely for that purpose—(1) Of all appointments of officers made by the Directors; (2) Of the names of Directors present at each meeting of Directors; (3) Of all orders made by the Directors; and (4) Of all resolutions and proceedings of meetings of the Company and of the Directors.

73. And any such Minute as aforesaid, if signed by any person purporting to be the Chairman of any meeting of Directors, shall be receivable in evidence without any further proof.

74. The Company in General Meeting may, by a special resolution, remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and appoint another qualified person in his stead. The person so appointed shall hold office during such time only as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.

DIVIDENDS.

75. The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, declare a dividend to be paid to the Shareholders in proportion to their shares.

76. No dividends shall be payable except out of the profits arising from the business of the Company, and with the sanction of the Directors.

77. The Directors may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the Company such sum as they think proper as a reserve fund to meet contingencies, or for equalising dividends, or for repairing or maintaining the works connected with the business of the Company or any part thereof, and the Directors may invest the sum so set apart as a reserve fund upon such securities as they, with the sanction of the Company, may select.

78. The Directors may deduct from the dividends payable to any Shareholder all such sums of money as may be due from him to the Company on account of calls or otherwise.

79. Notice of any dividend that may have been declared shall be given to each Shareholder, or sent by post or otherwise to his registered place of abode, and all dividends unclaimed for three years after having been declared may be forfeited by the Directors for the benefit of the Company.

80. No dividend shall bear interest as against the Company.

ACCOUNTS.

81. Once at the least in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company in General Meeting a statement of the income and expenditure of the last year, made up to a date not more than three months before such meeting.

82. The statement so made shall show, arranged under the most convenient heads, the amount of gross income, distinguishing the several sources from which it has been derived, and the amount of gross expenditure distinguishing the expense of the establishment, salaries, and other like matters. Every item of expenditure fairly chargeable against the year's income shall be brought into account, so that a just balance of profit and loss may be laid before the meeting; and in cases where any item of expenditure which may in fairness be distributed over several years has been incurred in any one year, the whole amount of such item shall be stated with the addition of the reasons why only a portion of such expenditure is charged against the income of the year.

83. A balance sheet shall be made out in every year and laid before the General Meeting of the Company, and such balance sheet shall contain a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company, arranged under the heads appearing in the form annexed to the table referred to in schedule C to "The Joint Stock Companies Ordinance, 1861," or as near thereto as circumstances admit.

84. A written or printed copy of such balance sheet shall, seven days previously to such meeting, be delivered at or sent by post to the registered address of every Shareholder.

#### AUDIT.

85. The accounts of the Company shall be examined, and the correctness of the balance sheet ascertained by one or more Auditors to be elected by the Company in General Meeting.

86. If not more than one Auditor is appointed, all the provisions herein contained relating to Auditors shall apply to him.

87. The Auditors need not be Shareholders in the Company. No person is eligible as an Auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Shareholder in any transaction of the Company, and no Director or other officer of the Company is eligible during his continuance in office.

88. The first Auditor or Auditors of the Company shall be appointed by the Directors, and shall hold office until the second General Meeting, and afterward the auditor or auditors shall be from time to time appointed by the Company in General Meeting.

89. The remuneration of the Auditor or auditors shall be fixed by the Company at the time of their election, save that in case of the first Auditor or Auditors it shall be fixed by the Directors.

90. Any Auditor shall be re-eligible on his quitting office.

91. If any casual vacancy occurs in the office of Auditor, the Directors may appoint another Auditor, who shall hold office until the next Ordinary General Meeting.

92. If no election of Auditor is made in manner aforesaid, the Directors may appoint an Auditor or Auditors for the year then current, and fix the remuneration to be paid to him or them by the Company for his or their services.

93. Every Auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet, and it shall be his duty to examine the same with the accounts and vouchers relating thereto.

94. Every Auditor shall have a list delivered to him of all books kept by the Company, and he shall at all reasonable times have access to the books and accounts of the Company. He may, at the expense of the Company, employ accountants or other persons to assist him in investigating such accounts, and he may in relation to such accounts examine the Directors or any other officer of the Company.

95. The Auditors shall make a report to the Shareholders upon the balance sheet and accounts, and in every such report they shall state whether in their opinion the balance sheet is a full and fair balance sheet, containing the particulars required by these regulations, and properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of the Company's affairs, and in case they have called for explanation or information from the Directors, whether such explanation or information have been given by the Directors, and whether they have been satisfactory; and such report shall be read, together with the report of the Directors, at the Ordinary Meeting.

#### NOTICES.

96. Notices by the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed or written) of the Secretary or other person appointed by the Directors to do so.

97. Every Shareholder shall give an address in Ceylon, which shall be deemed to be his place of abode, and shall be registered as such in the books of the Company.

98. Notices requiring to be served by the Company upon the Shareholders may be served either personally, or by leaving the same or sending them through the post, in a letter addressed to the Shareholders at their registered places of abode, and any notice so served shall be deemed to be well served for all purposes, notwithstanding that the shareholder to whom such notice is addressed may be dead, unless and until his executors or administrators shall have given notice to the Managing Director or Secretary of the Company of some address in Ceylon.

99. All notices directed to be given to the Shareholders shall, with respect to any share to which persons are jointly entitled be given to whichever of the said persons is named first in the Register of Shareholders, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such share.

100. All notices required to be given by advertisement shall be published in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*.

101. Every Shareholder residing out of Ceylon shall name an address in Ceylon at which all notices shall be served upon him, and all notices served at such address shall be deemed to be well served. If he shall not have named such an address, he shall be not entitled to any notices.

Dated this Twenty-sixth day of June, 1891.

HENRY BOIS.  
G. W. R. CAMPBELL :  
By his Attorney HENRY BOIS.  
FRED. W. BOIS :  
By his Attorney PERCY BOIS.  
PERCY BOIS.  
STANLEY BOIS.  
ALEX. THOM.  
CHAS. CARTER.  
W. B. HOPE :  
By his Attorney JNO. GORDON.

Witnesses to the signatures of Henry Bois, G. W. R. Campbell, F. W. Bois, Percy Bois, and Stanley Bois :

V. A. JULIUS, Solicitor, Colombo, Ceylon.

Witnesses to the signature of Chas. Carter :

J. A. DE BRUYN.  
H. A. LAPHAM.

Witnesses to the signature of Alex. Thom, 2nd July, 1891 :

H. HORSLEY.  
EDWARD F. HOPKINS.

Witnesses to the signature of W. B. Hope, 7th July, 1891 :

JAMES POLSON.  
GERALD WATSON.

**Ceylon Cinchona Association, Limited.**

THE Annual General Meeting of the Ceylon Cinchona Association, Limited, will be held at Kanapediwattie, Gampola, at 2 P.M. on Saturday, August 1, 1891.

GEORGE CHRISTIE,  
Secretary.

July 13, 1891.

119,932), belonging to the estate of the deceased. For terms of sale and inspection of deeds apply to Messrs. de Saram, Colombo.

J. AUWARDT & Co.,  
Auctioneers.

Colombo, July 21, 1891.

**The Yataderia Tea Company of Ceylon, Limited.**

AN Extraordinary General Meeting of this Company will be held at the registered office of the Company, No. 13, Queen street, Colombo, on Friday, July 31, at 3 P.M., that the Directors may declare an *ad interim* dividend.

B. G. L. BREMNER,  
Secretary.

Colombo, July 23, 1891.

**LAND ACQUISITION NOTICES—continued from page 1544.**

I DO hereby give public notice that I have been duly directed by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, acting under the provisions of "The Land Acquisition Ordinance of 1876," section sixth, to take order for the acquisition of the following lands, to wit:—

Preliminary plan 4,290, dated June 26, 1891. Situated in Ambagamuwa korale of Uda Bulatgama.

Lot.	Name.	Description.	Village.	Name of Claimant.	Extent. A. R. P.
B 754	Kotiyagala estate	Patana	Kotiyagala	The proprietor of Kotiyagala estate	0 0 25
C 754	Do.	Tea	do.	do.	0 2 31

All persons interested in the aforesaid lands are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before me at the Kandy Kachcheri, on August 24, 1891, at 2 o'clock P.M., and to state the nature of their respective interests in the lands, and the amount and particulars of their claims to compensation for such interests.

Kandy Kachcheri,  
July 20, 1891.

R. W. D. MOIR,  
Government Agent.

වම 1876 ක්ව අවුරුද්දේ නොමර 3නේ ආඥාපනුයේ හත්වෙනි වගන්තියේ ප්‍රකාරයට මෙහි පහත සඳහන් වෙන ඉඩම් ලබාගැනීම සඳහා ක්‍රියාකරණ පිණිස වම 1876යේ ඉඩම් ලබාගැනීමේ ආඥාපනුයේ හත්වෙනි කාන්තේ කරනිමෙන පහාර්තුචල ප්‍රකාර ආණ්ඩුකාරක මන්ත්‍රණයකට මන්ත්‍රණය ඇතුළු උතුමානවවගන්තියේ විසින් මට අනකරවට යෙදෙනව මෙයින් දැනුම්දන්නා ඇත. ඒනම :—

891 ක්ව ජුනි මස 26 වෙනි දින නොමර 4,290 සිතියම. පිහිටා තිබෙන්නේ—උඩවුලත්තම අඹගමුකෝරලේ මහත.

නො.	නම.	අඤම.	ගම.	අයිතියම කියන අය.	අ. රු. ප.
B 754	කොටියාගලවගන	පහන	කොටියාගල	කොටියාගලවගන	0 0 25
C 754	එම	නේ	එම	අයිතියකරයා	0 2 31

ඉහතකී ඉඩමට තමනමට ඇත්තාවූ අයිතියකිනම් තමන්ට නොගොත් තමන් වෙනුවට ක්‍රියාකරණ අය විසින් වම 1891 ක්ව අගෝස්තු මස 24 වෙනි දින දවල් 2නේ කනියමට මහනුවර කව්වෙරියේදී මාදුරු පිටව පැමිණ කියාසිටින්නට ඕනෑවා සහ මෙම ඉඩම වෙනුවට ලැබෙන මුදල ගැන ඇත්තාවූ අයිතියකිනම් අන්දම සහ තොරතුරුත් කියාසිටින්නට ඕනෑව මෙම ඉඩම අයිතියකිනම් ඇති සියළුදෙනාගෙන්ම මෙයින් ඕනෑකලා ඇත.

වම 1891 ක්ව ජුලි මස 20 වෙනි දින මහනුවර කව්වෙරියේදීය.

ආර්. ඩබ්ලිවු. ඩී. මොරර්,  
ආණ්ඩුවේ ඒජන්තලන්තාන්තේ.

இன்கிழ சொலகைப்படுகிற காணிகளைப் பெற்றுக்கொள்ளும்பொருட்டு 1876 ம ஆண்டின் காணிபெற்றுக்கொள்வதைப்பற்றிய கட்டளைச்சட்டத்தின் 6 ம பிரிவின் பிரகாரம் தேசாதிபதியவர்கள் பிரமாண விதிச்சகத்தாரூடைய ஆலோசனை அனுமதியுடன், எனக்கூட கட்டளை செய்திருப்பதை இதனால் அறியப்பட்டன்கிறேன். அதாகிறது :—

பிள்ளை இலககம் 4,290. 1891 ம் ஆண்டு ஆனிமாதம் 26 ந் தேதி, உட்புளத்தகமை அமங்கமு கோறளையிலிருக்கிற இடம்.

இல.	பெயர்.	விவரம்.	ஊர்.	உருத்தப்பேச்சுவோர்.	விசாலம். அ. மு. ப.
B 754	கொடியாகள தேரட்டம்	பதணை	கொடியாகளை	கொடியாகளை தேரட்டமு டையோர்	0 0 25
C 754	ஹை	தே	ஹை	ஹை	0 2 31





I DO hereby give public notice that I have been duly directed by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, acting under the provisions of "The Land Acquisition Ordinance of 1876," section sixth, to take order for the acquisition of the following land, to wit:—

Preliminary plan 4,289, dated June 26, 1891. Situated in Pasbage korale of Uda Bulatgama.

Lot.	Description.	Village.	Name of Claimant.	Extent. A. B. P.
A 754	Tea	Nawalapitiya	Mr. Elphinstone	5 0 20

All persons interested in the aforesaid land are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before me at Kandy Kachcheri on August 24, 1891, at 2 o'clock P.M., and to state the nature of their respective interests in the land, and the amount and particulars of their claims to compensation for such interests.

Kandy Kachcheri,  
July 20, 1891.

R. W. D. MOIR,  
Government Agent.

විෂි 1876 ක්වු අවුරුද්දේ නොවමර 3නේ ආඥපත්‍රයේ හන්වෙති වගන්තියේ ප්‍රකාරයට මෙහි පහත සඳහන් වෙන ඉඩම ලබාගැනීම සඳහා ක්‍රියාකරණ පිණිස විෂි 1876යේ ඉඩම් ලබාගැනීමේ ආඥපත්‍රයේ හන්වෙති කාණ්ඩේ කරතිවෙන පනාද්වුවල ප්‍රකාර ආණ්ඩුකාරක මන්ත්‍රණසභාවේ මන්ත්‍රණය ඇතුළු උතුමානන්වගන් සේ විසින් මට අණකරන්ට යෙදෙන බව මෙයින් දනුම්දන්වා ඇත. එනම්:—

විෂි 1891 ක්වු ජූලි මස 26 වෙන් දින නොවමර 4,289 සිතියම.  
පිහිටාතිබෙන්නේ—උඩවුලන්තම පස්බාගෙකෝරලේ.

නො.	අන්දම.	ගම.	අයිතිකම කියන අය.	මහත. අ. රු. ප.
A 754	නේ	නාවලපිටිය	ඇල්. නින්ස්ටන් උන්තැගේ	5 0 20

ඉහතකී ඉඩමට තමනමුන්ට ඇත්තාවූ අයිතිවාසිකම් තමුන්ට නොහොත් තමුන් වෙනුවට ක්‍රියාකරණ අය විසින් විෂි 1891 ක්වු අගෝස්තු මස 24 වෙනි දින දවල් 2නේ කණිසමට මහනුවර කවිචේරියේදී මා ඉදිරි පිටට පැමිණ කියාසිටින්නට ඕනෑවා සහ මෙම ඉඩම වෙනුවට ලැබෙන මුදල ගැණ ඇත්තාවූ අයිතිවාසිකමේ අන්දම සහ තොරතුරුත් කියාසිටින්නට ඕනෑ බව මෙම ඉඩම අයිතිවාසිකම් ඇති සියළුදෙනාගෙන්ම මෙයින් ඕනෑකලා ඇත.

විෂි 1891 ක්වු ජූලි මස 20 වෙනි දින මහනුවර කවිචේරියේදීය. ආර්. ඩබ්ලිවු. ඩී. මෝරර්, ආණ්ඩුවේ ඒජන්ත උන්තැගේ.

இதனைத் து சொல்லப்படுகிற காணியை பெற்றுக்கொள்ளும்பொருட்டு 1876 ஆண்டின் காணிப்பெற்றுக் கொள்வதைப்பற்றிய கட்டளைசட்டத்தின் 6 ம பிரிவின்பிரகாரம் தேசாதிபதியவர்கள் பிரமாண விதிச்சங்கத்தார ருடைய ஆலோசனை அனுமதியுடன், எனக்குக் கட்டளைசெய்திருப்பதை இதனால் அறியப்பண்ணுகிறேன் அதாகிறத:—

பிள்ளை இலக்கம் 4,289. 1891 ம ஆண்டு ஆனிமாதம் 26 தேதி, உட்புளத்தமை பஸ்பாளை கோறலையிலிருக்கிற இடம்.

இல	வ்வாம.	ஊர்.	உருத்தூப்பேசுவோன.	வ்சாலம்.
A 754	தே	நாவளப்பிட்டி	அலபினஸ் டொன துரை	5 0 20

மேற்கூறிய காணிகளுக்கு உருத்துப்பேசுகின்ற சகலபேரும் தானாகவல்லது அவரவருடைய காரியகாரரால் 1891 ம ஆண்டு ஆவணிமாதம் 24 ந் தேதி பகல 2 மணிக்கு என முகதா வில் வெளிப்பட்டதுசொல்லிக்கொள்ள வேண்டிய துமல்லாமல் அந்தக்காணிகளுக்குப் பெற்றுக்கொள்ளப்படும பணத்தையும் அதைப்பெற்றுக்கொள்வதற்குண்டான உருத்தையுரு சொல்லவேண்டியது.

கண்டி கச்சேரி,  
1891 ஆண்டு ஆடிமாதம் 20 தேதி.

ஆர். டபிள்யூ. டி. மோயா,  
அரசாட்சி ஏசனறு