



# Ceylon Government Gazette

REGISTERED AS A NEWSPAPER IN GEYLON.

Published by Authority.

No. 6,327 — FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1909.

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PART II.—Legal and Judicial.

PART III.—Provincial Administration.

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## Part I.—Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, &c.

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## PROCLAMATIONS.

IN the Name of His Majesty EDWARD THE SEVENTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

### PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir HUGH CLIFFORD, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer Administering the Government of the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

HUGH CLIFFORD.

WHEREAS by section 28 of "The Courts Ordinance, 1889," it is amongst other things enacted that Criminal Sessions of the Supreme Court shall be holden by one of the Judges thereof, or by a Commissioner of Assize duly appointed under the provisions of the said Ordinance, for each of the Circuits into which the Island is divided, for hearing, trying, and determining all prosecutions which shall be commenced against any person for or in respect of any crime or offence or alleged crime or offence—

For the Southern Circuit, twice at least at Galle, and such other places in such Circuit as the Governor, after previous consultation with the Judges, shall appoint; such Sessions commencing at Galle on April 25 and September 15 in every year:

And whereas it appears to Us expedient to order that a Criminal Session of the Supreme Court should be holden, on the day hereinafter mentioned, at Matara, a place included within the said Southern Circuit:

Now, therefore, know Ye that We, the said Officer Administering the Government, for sufficient reasons to Us appearing, and after previous consultation with the Judges of the Supreme Court, do order and appoint that a Criminal Session of the Supreme Court shall be holden at Matara, in the said Southern Circuit, on or about Monday, October 11, 1909.

Given at Colombo, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Second day of September, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Nine.

By His Excellency's command,  
H. L. CRAWFORD,  
Acting Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

IN the Name of His Majesty EDWARD THE SEVENTH of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir HUGH CLIFFORD, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer Administering the Government of the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

HUGH CLIFFORD.

WHEREAS the proprietors of the estates called Vedehetta, Erin, Le Vallon, and New Forest have constructed a road of  $7\frac{3}{8}$  miles in length, leading from Galaha to Pupuressa, in the District of Kandy, Central Province, and have applied to the Governor, in pursuance of section 38 of the Estate Roads Ordinance, No. 12 of 1902, that such road be treated as a road constructed under the said Ordinance:

Now know Ye that We, the Officer Administering the Government, in exercise of the powers vested in Us by section 38 of the said Ordinance, do hereby proclaim and declare that the said road of  $7\frac{3}{8}$  miles in length, leading from Galaha to Pupuressa, in the District of Kandy, Central Province, shall, as from and after January 1, 1909, be treated as a road made under the said "The Estate Roads Ordinance, 1902."

Given at Colombo, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Ninth day of September, in the Year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Nine.

By His Excellency's command,  
H. L. CRAWFORD,  
Acting Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

IN the Name of His Majesty EDWARD THE SEVENTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir HUGH CLIFFORD, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer Administering the Government of the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

HUGH CLIFFORD.

KNOW Ye that We, the Officer Administering the Government, in exercise of the power in Us vested by section 8 of the Road Ordinance, No. 10 of 1861, as amended by section 4 (1) of Ordinance No. 13 of 1905, do by this Our Proclamation declare that the road leading from the junction of the Colombo-Negombo road near the 10th mile at Kandana to the new Railway Station at Kandana, in the District of Colombo, Western Province, and known as the Kandana approach road to the new Railway Station, shall for the purposes of the said Ordinance be deemed to be a principal thoroughfare as from and after September 15, 1909.

Given at Colombo, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Ninth day of September, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Nine.

By His Excellency's command,  
H. L. CRAWFORD,  
Acting Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

IN the Name of His Majesty EDWARD THE SEVENTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir HUGH CLIFFORD, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer Administering the Government of the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

HUGH CLIFFORD.

KNOW Ye that We, the Officer Administering the Government, in exercise of the power vested in Us by section 6 (1) of the Irrigation Ordinance No. 16 of 1906, and with the advice of the Executive Council, do by this Our Proclamation declare that the villages Hiniduma, Opata, and Nelluwa, in the Hinidum pattu of the Galle District of the Southern Province, shall as from and after September 10, 1909, be an irrigation district within the meaning of the said Ordinance.

Given at Colombo, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Ninth day of September, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Nine.

By His Excellency's command,

H. L. CRAWFORD,  
Acting Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

IN the Name of His Majesty EDWARD THE SEVENTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir HUGH CLIFFORD, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer Administering the Government of the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

HUGH CLIFFORD.

KNOW Ye that We, the Officer Administering the Government, in exercise of the power vested in Us by section 256 of "The Criminal Procedure Code, 1898," as amended by the Criminal Procedure Code (Amendment) Ordinance, No. 37 of 1908, do by this Our Proclamation exempt from service as jurors during the year beginning on January 1, 1910, the members of any Volunteer Corps who are liable for such service at any Sessions of the Supreme Court held in any of the circuits mentioned in the schedule hereto, provided they have before such date obtained a certificate from the Officer Commanding their Corps to the effect that they have complied with the following requirements, viz.:—

- (a) Earned the capitation grant for the Corps for the year 1909 by complying with the prescribed conditions of efficiency.
- (b) Attended the camp of instruction of the year 1909 for five clear days (120 hours).

Given at Colombo, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Second day of September, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Nine.

By His Excellency's command,

H. L. CRAWFORD,  
Acting Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

SCHEDULE.

The Western Circuit.  
The Midland Circuit.

The Northern Circuit.  
The Southern Circuit.

## APPOINTMENTS.

No. 302 of 1909.

**HIS EXCELLENCY THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT** has been pleased to make the following appointments :—

Mr. H. HANN to act, in addition to his own duties, as Inspector-General of Prisons and Superintendent, Convict Establishment; and a Visitor of the Prisons in the Island, with effect from September 15, 1909, during the absence of Major A. W. DE WILTON from the Island.

Mr. C. S. RAJARATNAM to act as Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Kandy; and Municipal Magistrate, Kandy, from September 8 to 14, 1909, during the absence of Mr. T. B. RUSSELL on leave or until further orders.

Mr. B. AMARESEKERA to act as Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Balapitiya, from September 13 to 25, 1909, inclusive, during the absence of Mr. H. J. V. EKANAYAKE on leave or until further orders.

Mr. L. J. B. TURNER to be Additional Police Magistrate, Ratnapura, from September 6 to 19, 1909, inclusive, or until further orders, in addition to his own duties.

By His Excellency's command,

H. L. CRAWFORD,  
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, September 10, 1909.

No. 303 of 1909.

**HIS EXCELLENCY THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT** has been pleased to make the following appointments with effect from September 15, 1909, until further orders :—

Mr. C. S. VAUGHAN to the office of Government Agent, North-Central Province; Fiscal for the North-Central Province; District Judge, Commissioner of Requests, and Police Magistrate, Anuradhapura; Superintendent of the Prison at Anuradhapura; Member of the Board of Health, North-Central Province; and Local Authority under the Petroleum Ordinance for the North-Central Province.

Mr. P. E. PIERIS to act in the office of District Judge, Kurunegala; Additional Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Kurunegala; and Visitor of the Prison at Kurunegala.

Mr. A. C. G. WIJEKOON to act as District Judge, Kalutara; and Additional Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Kalutara.

By His Excellency's command,

H. L. CRAWFORD,  
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, September 7, 1909.

No. 304 of 1909.

**HIS EXCELLENCY THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT** has been pleased, under the provisions of section 120 of "The Criminal Procedure Code, 1898," to appoint Mr. W. P. HODGSON to be an Inquirer into Crime for the Uda palata division of the Kandy District.

By His Excellency's command,

H. L. CRAWFORD,  
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, September 9, 1909.

No. 305 of 1909.

**HIS EXCELLENCY THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT** has been pleased to appoint Mr. THEODORE DORNHORST MACK of "Hammonia," Horton place, Colombo, to be a Notary Public at Colombo and throughout the District of Colombo, and to practise as such in the English language.

By His Excellency's command,

H. L. CRAWFORD,  
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, September 4, 1909.

No. 306 of 1909.

**HIS EXCELLENCY THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT** has been pleased to appoint the under-mentioned persons to be Assessors for the towns of Mannar, Erukilampiddi, Pesalai, and Viddattativu for the year 1910, under the provisions of section 8 of Ordinance No. 18 of 1892 :—

*Mannar Town.*

1. Mr. BASTIAMPILLAI ANTHONIPILLAI VANDER-KOEN, Udayar of Mannar East.
2. Mr. JOSEPH FELIX ALEXANDER.
3. Mr. SINNATAMBY VELUPPILLAI.

*Erukilampiddi Town.*

1. Mr. SEENY MEERASAIBO ALLAPICHCHAI.
2. Mr. MUNA MUNA NILAMADEEN.
3. Mr. SINNAKKANIPARIKARI KAPPANEINA MARAKAYER.

*Pesalai Town.*

1. Mr. MASTANLEVVAI MOHAMADO SULTAN, Udayar of Mannar West.
2. Mr. ANTHONY SEEMAN FELDANO.
3. Mr. MARIANO SAVIEL KUNAI.

*Viddattativu Town.*

1. Mr. NEINAKANDO MOHAMADO SULTAN, Udayar of Perunkalipattu.
2. Mr. VAIRAVANATHER VELUPILLAI.
3. Mr. JOSEPH FELIX ALEXANDER.

By His Excellency's command,

H. L. CRAWFORD,  
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, September 6, 1909.

### APPOINTMENTS, &c., OF REGISTRARS.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

IDIRISEKERA HERAT EKANAYAKE WASALA MUDIYANSELAGE RAN BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths and of Marriages (Kandyan and General) of Pata Dumbara, No. 6 Division, in the Kandy District of the Central Province, for two weeks and five days, with effect from September 12, 1909, *vice* H. TIKIRI BANDA, on leave. His office will be at Medawalawwa in Henageluwela.

SEYATHU BANDA, Arachchi, to be Registrar of Births and Deaths of Akkarai Pattu West Division and of Marriages (Kandyan and General) of Akkarai pattu division, in the Batticaloa District of the Eastern Province, with effect from September 20, 1909, *vice* M. G. PINHAMY, resigned. His office will be at Landagama in his residing house (no name) and stations at Eggalar and Illukupitiya.

By His Excellency's command,

H. L. CRAWFORD,  
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, September 4, 1909.

THE following appointments under section 3 of Ordinance No. 23 of 1900 and section 7 of Ordinance No. 19 of 1907 are hereby notified:—

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Colombo District, has appointed Dr. WALTER FERNAND to act as Deputy Registrar of Births and Deaths of Division No. 4 of the Colombo Municipality,

in the Colombo District of the Western Province, on September 5, 1909, during the absence of the Deputy Registrar Dr. (Miss) C. RUDD, on leave. His office will be at No. 38, New Moor street, Colombo.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Matale, has appointed RATNAYAKE MUDIYANSELAGE LOKU BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Asgiri Pallesiya pattu division and of General Marriages of Matale South division No. VIII., in the Matale District of the Central Province, for two days from August 31, 1909, during the absence of R. M. KIRI BANDA, on leave. His office will be at Ratnayaka Mudiyanseleage Walawwewatta in Urulewatta.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Galle, has appointed Mr. ABRAHAM DE SILVA GUNAWARDANE to act as Registrar of General Marriages of Four Gravets of Galle and Akmimana division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, for two days from September 1, 1909, during the absence of Mr. P. D. RATNATUNGA, on leave. His office will be at the Galle Kachcheri.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Hambantota, has appointed DON ABRAHAM DISANAYAKA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Nakulugamuwa division and of Marriages (General) of West Giruwa pattu division, in the Hambantota District of the Southern Province, for one day from September 2, 1909, during the absence of D. C. DISSANAYAKA, on leave. His office will be at Walawwewatta in Nakulugamuwa.

P. ARUNACHALAM,  
Registrar-General.

Registrar-General's Office,  
Colombo, September 8, 1909.

### GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATIONS.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT will open the Session of the Legislative Council for 1909-1910 on Wednesday, the 22nd instant, at 3 P.M.

Council Chamber,  
Colombo, September 2, 1909.

By order,  
A. G. CLAYTON,  
Clerk, Legislative Council.

THE following addition to the list of persons licensed to sell poisons, under Ordinance No. 11 of 1891, in the Central Province, for the year 1909, is published for general information :—

1. Peer Mohammado, 145, Castle Hill street, Kandy.
2. John Joseph, St. Louis Pharmacy, Nuwara Eliya.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, September 7, 1909.

H. L. CRAWFORD,  
Acting Colonial Secretary.

IT is notified for information that His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government has been pleased, with the advice of the Executive Council, to make the following regulations for the Volunteer Reserve under section 17 of Ordinance No. 16 of 1890. All previous regulations relating to the Volunteer Reserve are hereby cancelled. These rules will come into force from January 1, 1910.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, September 9, 1909.

H. L. CRAWFORD,  
Acting Colonial Secretary.

*Regulations for the Volunteer Reserve.*

1. In every Corps a reserve shall be formed for the purpose of bringing the Corps up to full strength on mobilization. On mobilization being ordered the Governor shall be empowered to call up all or any of the reserve for service in Ceylon.

2. There shall be no fixed establishment for the reserve, which will consist of all ranks.

3. The following will be eligible for the reserve, if approved by the Commanding Officer :—

(a) Volunteers who have been returned as efficient for five years (Ceylon Artillery Volunteers seven years).

(b) Men who have served for six months in the Regular or Permanent Colonial Forces.

4. Volunteers who are now serving can be transferred to the reserve under rule 3 (a) without being re-enrolled.

Men who wish to join under rule 3 (b) will be enrolled in the ordinary way.

5. On transfer to or enrolment in the reserve, the Commanding Officer shall decide what rank the reservist will hold, provided that no member of the reserve shall hold higher rank than he has held for at least six months while on the active list.

6. Members of the reserve when called up for duty or when attached to active Corps will retain their rank, but will be junior to active Volunteers of the same rank.

7. In all matters of discipline, issue of arms, accoutrements, &c., members of the reserve shall be subject to the same rules as active Volunteers.

8. All questions relating to the provision of uniform shall be decided by the Officer Commanding the Corps.

9. Members of the Mounted Rifles or Infantry Reserve shall not be required to attend any parades, but in order to qualify and earn the capitation grant, all ranks below that of Captain must fire an annual course of musketry, the rules for which shall be laid down by the Commandant, Ceylon Volunteer Force.

Members of the Ceylon Artillery Volunteer Reserve must attend Coast Camp for five days every second year.

10. The annual capitation grant for reservists who are passed as efficient under rule 9 will be Rs. 10.

11. A reservist who carries out the full training required from an active Volunteer shall be entitled to the full capitation grant of Rs. 20 for Infantry and Artillery or Rs. 30 for Mounted Rifles.

12. Commanding Officers may permit reservists to attend parades and camps, and those who do attend under this rule shall be entitled to the same allowances as active Volunteers.

13. When a Commanding Officer considers that a reservist has become inefficient, he shall call on him to resign.

14. The Commanding Officer shall have the power to discharge any reservist who declines to resign when called upon to do so, or who fails to make himself efficient for three years in succession, or who is guilty of disobedience of orders or of misconduct.

The existence and sufficiency of any of the above reasons for discharge to be judged by the Commanding Officer.

THE MUNICIPAL COUNCILS' ORDINANCE, No. 7 OF 1887.

IT is hereby notified that His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government, in exercise of the powers vested in him by section 280 of the above-named Ordinance, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, has been pleased to sanction the following schedule of fees fixed by the Municipal Council of Galle with effect from September 1, 1909.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, September 2, 1909.

H. L. CRAWFORD,  
Acting Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

*Fees payable for Encroachment and Temporary Erections, &c.*

(Section 175 of Ordinance No. 7 of 1887.)

(a) *Decorations.*—Decorations requiring the making of holes in the street, minimum fee Rs. 2.50, for which not more than 5 lineal yards of decoration measured along the road surface may be put up.

For every additional yard 10 cents per lineal yard.

Where two sides of the street are to be decorated, then the length of decoration on both sides of the street shall be separately measured and charged for.

(b) For decorations not requiring holes in the street, and not obstructing the street in any particular, a fee of Re. 1 for every 100 yards of street decorated.

(c) Pandals parallel to the side of the street, if on a metalled or gravelled road or on a footway, then Rs. 10 for a length of not more than 20 feet.

If on the grass sides of a road, then Rs. 5 for a length not exceeding 20 feet.

(d) Pandals across the street requiring holes or obstruction to the metalled or gravelled portion of the street or of a made up footway, then Rs. 20 for each such pandal.

If the pandal does not come on the road, footway, or other made up surface, then Rs. 10 for each such pandal.

(Section 259 of Ordinance No. 7 of 1887.)

	Rs.	c.
Petroleum and carbide stores (according to the number of visits to be paid prior to issue of license)	2	50
	to	10 0
Metal quarry license .. .. .	50	0 per annum
Cabook quarry .. .. .	50	0 per annum
Gravel pits .. .. .	25	0 per annum

IT is hereby notified that an examination under the Regulations of February 25, 1909, for gentlemen in the Civil Service will be held in the Council Chamber on Monday, October 18, 1909, at 10.30 A.M., and following days, namely :—

Monday, October 18 ..	Sinhalese	Thursday, October 21 ..	Law
Tuesday, October 19 ..	Law	Friday, October 22 ..	Accounts
Wednesday, October 20 ..	Law	Saturday, October 23 ..	Tamil

The examination in the Criminal Procedure Code prescribed under the Minute of March 26, 1900, for officers in the Fourth Class of the Civil Service, will also be held on October 19, 1909, as well as at the Kandy Kachcheri.

*It is also hereby notified that candidates will be given the option of using Codes in the examination in the Criminal Procedure Code and the Penal Code; they must, however, state when sending in their names what their decision is, as the character of the papers set for those who use Codes and those who do not will be different.*

The examination for officers in the Police Department, and the *vidé voce* examination in the native languages for officers in the Public Works Department, the Irrigation Department, the Forest Department, and the Railway Department, will be held at the same time and place.

Candidates are required to send in their names not later than September 30, 1909.

Gentlemen in the Civil Service should state in their applications whether they are presenting themselves for the first or second examination, and whether they intend taking up Sinhalese or Tamil, and whether they wish to have the option of using Codes.

The hours of examination will be from 10.30 A.M. to 1 P.M. and from 2 P.M. to 5 P.M., exclusive of the *vidé voce* examinations, which will be specially arranged for.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, August 27, 1909.

H. L. CRAWFORD,  
Acting Colonial Secretary.

NOTICE is hereby given that an examination for candidates wishing to enter the Third Class of the Clerical Branch of the Public Service will take place on Tuesday, January 4, 1910, and following days.

2. Applications for admission to the examination by persons not now in the Public Service must be addressed to the Director of Public Instruction, must bear a duly cancelled stamp of Rs. 10 with the words "Ceylon Stamp Duty" only, without the words "Judicial" or "Warehouse Warrant" printed thereon, and must be in the form (Schedule A) attached to this notice. Forms are to be obtained at any Post Office on application, or within four days' notice. A certificate of the registration of the candidate's birth showing him to be on January 4, 1910, between the ages of 18 and 21, and a certificate of good character signed by a responsible person,\* to the satisfaction of the Director of Public Instruction, must be attached to the form of application. If a certificate of birth for a previous examination was sent in, reference may be made to it by mentioning name and date of examination. Affidavits will in no circumstances be accepted. In the case of candidates who submit certificates of registration in the register of past birth, the certificates will only be accepted after consideration of the evidence by which the dates of birth were established. If the name appearing in the birth register differs, either by alteration or addition, from the name by which the candidate is known, the parent or guardian should, before obtaining a certificate, apply to the Registrar-General or his Assistant for such alteration in the manner set forth in section 7 of Ordinance No. 23 of 1900.

3. Clerks in Government service, from whatever funds they may be paid, who have completed three years' satisfactory service and are not members of the Customs, Postal, Survey, or Railway Departments, and those clerks employed by Provincial and District Road Committees whose appointments date prior to July 1, 1875, are eligible for examination irrespective of age and without fee. Their applications (in the same form, Schedule A) for admission to the examination should be forwarded to the Director of Public Instruction through the Heads of their Departments.

4. Applications are to reach the Director of Public Instruction not later than 2 P.M. on Wednesday, December 1, 1909; any applications received after that hour, by whatever cause delayed, will be absolutely rejected.

5. The Director of Public Instruction will return to the candidate his application, approved or disapproved as the case may be, after taking, if necessary, the orders of Government thereon. The approved application shall constitute the candidate's ticket of admission to the examination. Candidates presenting themselves for examination must produce to the officer appointed to supervise the examination their forms of application approved by the Director of Public Instruction. A candidate not producing such form, whatever may be the reason for his not so doing, will be refused admittance to the examination.

6. The examination will be held at Colombo only, in the place and under the supervision of the officer specified in Schedule B. Heads of Departments are required to grant to officers of their Departments, whose applications to present themselves for examination have been returned to them approved by the Director of Public Instruction, leave to present themselves at the examination.

7. The examination will be competitive. The number of places assigned for competition will be thirty.

8. The successful candidates will be required to pass a medical examination as to their physical fitness for service in any part of the Island.

9. The subjects for examination are those set out in Schedule C to this notice. The examination shall be held in two parts. The first part a qualifying examination in Handwriting, Spelling, and Arithmetic, and Bookkeeping. Any candidate failing to obtain two-thirds of the marks allotted for Handwriting, half those allowed for Spelling and Arithmetic respectively, and one-third of those allowed for Bookkeeping shall be excluded from the remainder of the examination. Special attention will be paid to Handwriting, and candidates whose writing is untidy or illegible or contains defects in the formation of letters will be rigorously excluded. The kind of writing preferred will be that generally shown as the "Civil Service" hand. The second part of the examination shall be in the remaining subjects in Schedule C. Should a candidate obtain less than one-third of the aggregate marks for the three subjects—Composition, General Paper, Précis Writing—or less than one-fourth marks in any other subject, or, if he be a Sinhalese or Tamil, less than one-half of the marks in his native language, such marks shall not be counted in his favour. In all the written papers marks will be deducted for bad writing and mistakes in spelling.

10. Clerks of the description given in section 3 above, who have served Government continuously for over six years, will be allowed to compete amongst themselves, and will be eligible, if they obtain a minimum of 66 per cent. in Writing and 33 per cent. in the other compulsory subjects, for seven of the appointments offered for competition. Three of the appointments will be reserved as prizes for deserving clerks of the same description, who have served Government continuously for ten years and upwards, to be selected irrespective of examination. No service under the age of sixteen years will be reckoned for this purpose.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 16, 1909.

H. L. CRAWFORD,  
Acting Colonial Secretary.

\* The Candidate's Teacher or Schoolmaster by preference, or a Member of the Public Service, a Justice of the Peace, Minister of Religion, Advocate, Proctor, or Notary, or, generally speaking, some person whose name is known, and to whom reference can readily be made.



SCHEDULE A.  
GOVERNMENT OF CEYLON.

\* *Clerical Examination.*

N.B.—This form to be filled up and sent so as to reach the Director of Public Instruction not later than 2 P.M. on Wednesday, December 1, 1909. It must be correctly and legibly filled up. Candidates who are already in the Public Service should forward the form through the Head of the Department in which they serve.

The examination will be held on January 4, 1910, and following days, at 10 A.M.

Full name of Candidate, and whether Sinhalese, Tamil, or Burgher .....

Day, Month, and Year of Birth supported by certificate of registration .....

Postal address to which this Application should be returned .....

Is the candidate already employed in the Service of Government? And if so, appointments held with dates since entering service .....

Present appointment, if any .....

Is the Candidate to be examined in Sinhalese, Tamil, Latin, or Mathematics? .....

Is the Candidate to be examined in Interpretation? .....

Is the Candidate to be examined in Shorthand? .....

Here affix a stamp of Rs. 10, if not already in Government Service. Cancel the stamp by signing your name on it or initial it and dating it.

The above-named is admitted to the examination. and is assigned the Number \_\_\_\_\_.

Signature of Director of Public Instruction.

This form is to be given up on the first day of Examination to the Presiding Examiner, who will forward it to the Director of Public Instruction. No Candidate will be admitted to the Examination except on presentation of this certificate.

SCHEDULE B.

Place at which Examination to be held.	Officer by whom Examination to be supervised.
Colombo .. Training College	.. Director of Public Instruction

SCHEDULE C.

English—	Marks.
Handwriting .. .. .	150
Spelling .. .. .	100
Composition .. .. .	100
General Paper* .. .. .	100
Précis Writing .. .. .	100
Arithmetic (including Tots) .. .. .	200
Bookkeeping (Mercantile) .. .. .	100
Shorthand (optional) .. .. .	100
 Native language (optional)—	
Written translation out of .. .. .	50
Written translation into .. .. .	50
Grammar .. .. .	50
Reading and translation orally a written document .. .. .	25
Interpretation .. .. .	25
 In place of the native language one of the two following subjects may be taken:—	
(a) Latin—	
Translation into English unprepared .. .. .	100
Translation into Latin .. .. .	50
Grammar .. .. .	50
(b) Mathematics—	
Geometry† .. .. .	100
Algebra† .. .. .	100

\* The General Paper may include questions in English History, Geography, and Literature.

† The Geometry will include questions on Euclid, Books I., II., III., and IV., with deductions. The Algebra will include definitions, the theory of indices, greatest common measure and least common multiple, extraction of square root, simplification of fractions, solution of simple and quadratic equations, and of problems producing such equations, the elementary rules of ratio and proportion, arithmetical and geometrical progressions, permutations, and combinations.

## THE ELECTRICITY ORDINANCE, No. 26 OF 1906.

IT is hereby notified that His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government, in exercise of the power vested in him by section 7 of the above-named Ordinance, and with the advice of the Executive Council, has been pleased to make the following rules for the whole of Ceylon, and the same are published in pursuance of section 8 of the said Ordinance.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, September 4, 1909.

By His Excellency's command,  
H. L. CRAWFORD,  
Acting Colonial Secretary.

## Regulations under "The Electricity Ordinance, 1906."

## GENERAL DEFINITIONS.

The term "undertakers" means for the purpose of all these regulations any person or persons, Municipal Council, Board of Improvement, Local Board, Company, or Syndicate licensed under the provisions of the Ordinance No. 26 of 1906.

The term "local authority" means any Municipal Council, Board of Improvement, Local Board of Health, or Government Agent.

## Regulations under Section 7 (e) and 7 (f).

## DEFINITIONS.

ii. the following regulations the expression "consumer's wires" means any electric lines on a consumer's premises which are connected with the service lines of the undertakers at the consumer's terminals.

The expression "sub-station" means any premises in which energy is transformed or converted for the purpose of supply to consumers, and which are large enough to admit the entrance of a person after the transforming or converting apparatus is in position, provided that for any of the purposes of these regulations any place within any such premises which is used solely for a purpose other than such transformation or conversion shall not be deemed to form part of a sub-station.

The expression "overhead line" means any electric line which is placed above ground and in the open air.

The expression "pressure" means the difference of electrical potential between any two conductors through which a supply of energy is given, or between any part of either conductor and the earth, and subject to the variations allowed by No. 3 of the regulations made under section 7 (e).

(a) Where the conditions of the supply are such that the pressure at any pair of consumers' terminals does not exceed 250 volts, the supply shall be deemed a low pressure supply.

(b) Where the conditions of the supply are such that the pressure exceeds 250 volts, but does not exceed 650 volts, the supply shall be deemed a medium pressure supply.

(c) Where the conditions of the supply are such that the pressure exceeds 650 volts, but does not exceed 3,300 volts, the supply shall be deemed a high pressure supply.

(d) Where the conditions of the supply are such that the pressure exceeds 3,300 volts, the supply shall be deemed an extra high pressure supply.

Where these regulations require any metallic body to be "efficiently connected with earth," it shall be connected with the general mass of earth in such manner as will ensure at all times an immediate and safe discharge of electrical energy.

## Regulations under Section 7 (f) for securing the safety of the Public, &amp;c.

## GENERAL.

1. *Pressure of Supply to Consumers.*—The pressure of a supply delivered to any consumer shall not exceed the limit of low pressure, except for special purposes, for which a medium pressure supply may be given on the consumer undertaking to comply with the following conditions:—

(a) *Where the supply is for power purposes—*

(i.) The frame of every electric motor shall be efficiently connected with earth.

(ii.) The consumer's wires forming the connections to motors, or otherwise in connection with the supply, shall be as far as practicable completely enclosed in strong metal casing efficiently connected with earth, or they shall be fixed in such a manner that there shall be no danger of any shock.

(iii.) The supply to every motor shall be controlled by means of an efficient cut-off switch, placed in such a position as to be easily handled by the person in charge of the motor, and connected so that by its means all pressure can be cut off from the motor itself, and from any regulating switch, resistance, or other device in connection therewith.

- (iv.) Switches, efficient fuses, or other automatic circuit breakers shall be provided so as to protect the circuits from excess of current, and all switches and cut-outs shall be so enclosed and protected that there shall be no danger of any shock being obtained in the ordinary handling thereof, or of any fire being caused by their normal or abnormal action.
- (v.) A notice shall be affixed in a conspicuous position at every motor and switchboard in connection with the supply, forbidding unauthorized persons to touch the motors or apparatus.

(b) *Where the supply is for arc lamps in series—*

- (i.) The consumer's wires forming the connections to the arc lamps, or otherwise in connection with the supply, shall be as far as practicable completely enclosed in strong metal casing efficiently connected with earth, or they shall be fixed in such a manner that there shall be no danger of any shock.
- (ii.) The supply to every arc lamp shall be controlled by means of an efficient cut-off switch placed in such a position as to be easily handled by the person in charge of the arc lighting, and connected so that by its means all pressure can be cut off from the arc lamp itself, and from any regulating switch, resistance, or other device in connection therewith. Provided that where the arc lamps are connected in series across the outer conductors of a three-wire system, it shall be sufficient if one such switch be provided for each series of arc lamps.
- (iii.) Switches, efficient fuses, or other automatic cut-outs shall be provided so as to protect the circuits from excess of current, and all switches and cut-outs shall be so enclosed and protected that there shall be no danger of any shock being obtained in the ordinary handling thereof, or of any fire being caused by their normal or abnormal action.

(c) *Where the supply is for incandescent lamps in series—*

- (i.) The consumer's wires forming the connections to the incandescent lamps, or otherwise in connection with the supply, shall be completely enclosed in strong metal casing, and this casing, together with the switches and lampholders, if metallic, shall be efficiently connected with earth.
- (ii.) Switches, efficient fuses, or other automatic cut-outs shall be provided so as to protect the circuits from excess of current, and all switches and cut-outs shall be so enclosed and protected that there shall be no danger of any shock being obtained in the ordinary handling thereof, or of any fire being caused by their normal or abnormal action.

(d) *Where the supply is for any special purpose other than those above-mentioned, or where the pressure of the supply exceeds the limits of medium pressure, it shall be subject to such other regulations as the Governor may from time to time prescribe, with the advice of the Executive Council.*

2. *Introduction of Three-wire System into Consumer's Premises.*—When the pressure between the outer conductors of a three-wire system exceeds 250 volts, and the three wires of the system or two pairs of wires are brought into a consumer's premises, the supply shall be given to two pairs of terminals, arranged in such a manner that there shall be no danger of any shock, and the wiring from these terminals shall be kept distinct.

3. *Minimum Size of Conductors.*—The sectional area of the conductor in any electric line laid or erected in any street after the date of these regulations shall not be less than that of a strand of seven wires, each of which is of No. 20 standard wire gauge, and the sectional area of every wire in a strand forming any such conductor shall not be less than that gauge; but this regulation shall not apply in the case of an electric line placed in a lamppost.

4. *Insulation Test of Low Pressure and Medium Pressure Mains.*—Every low pressure and medium pressure main shall be tested for insulation after having been placed in position and before it is used for the purposes of supply, the testing pressure being the maximum pressure to which it is intended to be subjected in use, and in any case at least 200 volts, and the undertakers shall duly record the results of the tests of each main or section of a main.

5. *Maintenance of Insulation.*—The insulation of every complete circuit used for the supply of energy, including all machinery, apparatus, and devices forming part of, or in connection with, that circuit, shall be so maintained that the leakage current shall not under any conditions exceed one-thousandth part of the maximum supply current; and suitable means shall be provided for the indication and localization of leakage. Every leakage shall be remedied without delay. Every such circuit shall be tested for insulation at least once in every month, and the undertakers shall duly record the results of the testings. Provided that where the Government have approved of any part of any electric circuit being connected with earth, the provisions of this regulation shall not apply to that circuit so long as the connection with earth exists.

6. *Testing of Insulation of all parts of any High Pressure Circuit.*—A high pressure circuit shall not be brought into use unless the insulation of every part thereof has withstood the continuous application, during half an hour, in the case of every electric line of a pressure twice the maximum pressure to which it is intended to be subjected in use, and in the case of every machine, device, or apparatus, of a pressure 50 per cent. greater than the said maximum pressure. The undertakers shall duly record the results of each test.

7. *Circuit Breaker for High Pressure Mains, &c.*—Every high pressure main, conductor, or other apparatus shall be protected by a suitable fuse or automatic circuit breaker. / Provided that it shall not be incumbent upon the undertakers to provide such a fuse or circuit breaker for the outer conductor of a concentric main which is, with the approval of the Government, efficiently connected with earth.

8. *Transformers.*—In every case where a high pressure supply is transformed for the purpose of supply to one or more consumers, some suitable automatic and quick-acting means or metallic shield connected to earth shall be provided to protect the consumer's wires from any accidental contact with or leakage from the high pressure system, either within or without the transforming apparatus.

9. *Connections of Transformers with Earth.*—The metallic portion of every transformer, with the exception of the conductors thereof, shall be efficiently connected with earth.

10. *Protection from Lightning.*—Where any portion of any electric line or any support for an electric line is exposed in such a position as to be liable to cause injury from lightning, it shall be efficiently protected against such liability. /

11. *Report of Accidents to Government.*—Where any accident by explosion or fire, or any other accident of such kind as to have caused or to be likely to have caused loss of life or personal injury, has occurred at any part of any electric line or work, the undertakers shall give immediate notice thereof to the Government.

12. *Overhead Lines.*—Overhead lines shall not after the date of these regulations be erected or maintained, except in accordance with plans approved by the Government, and subject to such regulations as the Governor may from time to time prescribe.

#### ELECTRIC LINES OTHER THAN OVERHEAD LINES.

13. *Construction of Receptacles for Electric Lines.*—All conduits, pipes, casings, and street boxes used as receptacles for electric lines shall be constructed of durable material, and where laid under carriage ways shall be of ample strength to prevent damage from heavy traffic; and reasonable means shall be taken by the undertakers to prevent accumulation of gas in such receptacles.

14. *Crossing Pipes, &c.*—Where any electric line crosses or is in proximity to any metallic substance, special precautions shall be taken by the undertakers against the possibility of any electrical charging of the metallic substance from the line, or from any metal conduit, pipe, or casing enclosing the line.

15. *Electric continuity of Metal Conduits, Pipes, and Casings of High Pressure Lines.*—All metal conduits, pipes, or casings containing any high pressure electric line shall be efficiently connected with earth, and shall be so jointed and connected across all street boxes and other openings as to make good electrical connection throughout their whole length.

16. *Precautions to be taken when bare Conductors are used.*—Where the conductors of electric lines placed in any conduit are not continuously covered with any insulating material they shall be secured in position, and no unfixed uninsulated material of a conducting nature shall be contained in the conduit. No such conductor shall be at a pressure exceeding 300 volts from earth. Adequate precautions shall also be taken to ensure that no accumulation of water shall take place in any part of the conduit, and to prevent any dangerous access of moisture to the conductors or insulators. The insulators of any such electric line shall be so disposed that they can be readily inspected.

17. *High Pressure Lines laid above ground or in Subways.*—Every portion of any high pressure electric line placed above the surface of the ground, or in any subway not in the sole occupation of the undertakers, shall be completely enclosed, either in a tube of highly insulating material embedded in brickwork, masonry, or cement concrete, or in strong metal casing efficiently connected with earth.

18. *Protection for the Surface of the Ground and Electric Lines.*—Where any high pressure electric line is laid beneath the surface of the ground, efficient means shall be taken to render it impossible that the surface of the ground or any neighbouring electric line or conductor shall become charged by leakage from the high pressure electric line.

19. *Completion and Control of High Pressure Lines.*—A high pressure electric line shall not be used for the supply of energy before it has been completely laid, properly jointed, examined, and tested, or until it is in sole charge of the undertakers, and every such line shall during its use be in the sole charge of the undertakers, except by special permission from Government in writing.

20. *Sub-stations and Street Boxes.*—Sub-stations shall be established in suitable places; and shall be in the sole occupation and charge of the undertakers. Sub-stations shall be erected above ground wherever possible, but where necessarily underground, they shall be constructed in accordance with plans approved by the Government.

21. *Street Boxes.*—In addition to the provisions contained in regulation 14 as to the construction of receptacles for electric lines, the following conditions shall be observed with respect to street boxes:—

- (a) The covers of all street boxes shall be so secured that they cannot be opened, except by means of a special appliance.

- (b) The covers of all street boxes containing high pressure apparatus other than cables shall be connected to strips of metal laid immediately underneath the street, and efficient means shall be taken to render it impossible that the covers or other exposed parts of these boxes, or any adjacent material forming the surface of the street, shall become electrically charged, whether by reason of leakage, defect, or otherwise.
- (c) Where street boxes are used as transformer chambers, reasonable means shall be taken to prevent as far as possible any influx of water, either from the adjacent soil or by means of pipes; and in case of any such street box exceeding one cubic yard in capacity, ample provision shall be made, by ventilation or otherwise, for the immediate escape of any gas which may by accident have obtained access to the box, and for the prevention of danger from sparking.
- (d) All street boxes shall be regularly inspected for the presence of gas, and if any influx or accumulation is discovered the undertakers shall give immediate notice to the authority or company whose gas mains are laid in the neighbourhood of the street box.
- (e) Where mains at different pressures pass through the same street box, they shall be readily distinguishable from one another.

22. *Maximum Power in case of Underground Sub-station, &c.*—The maximum power supplied to any underground sub-station or street box shall not without the consent of the Government exceed 30 K. W. in the case of a sub-station or street box containing a single transformer, or 75 K. W. in the case of a sub-station or street box containing two or more transformers.

#### CONSUMER'S PREMISES.

23. *Responsibility of Undertakers for their Lines, &c., on Consumer's Premises.*—The undertakers shall be responsible for all electric lines, fittings, and apparatus belonging to them, or under their control, which may be upon a consumer's premises being maintained in a safe condition, and in all respects fit for supplying energy.

24. *Fire Risk.*—In delivering the energy to a consumer's terminals the undertakers shall exercise all due precautions so as to avoid risk of causing fire on the premises.

25. *Main Fuse or Circuit Breakers.*—A suitable safety fuse or other automatic circuit breaker shall be inserted in each service line within a consumer's premises as close as possible to the point of entry, and contained within a suitable locked or sealed receptacle of fire-proof construction, except in cases where the service line is protected by fuses in a street box; but no fuse or automatic circuit breaker shall be inserted in the intermediate conductor of a three-wire system where the pressure between the adjacent conductors exceeds 125 volts.

26. *Treatment of Service Lines and Apparatus on Consumer's Premises.*—All service lines and apparatus placed on a consumer's premises shall be highly insulated and thoroughly protected against injury due to the insulation or excess of moisture, and any metal forming part of the electric circuit shall not, unless efficiently connected with earth, be exposed so that it can be touched. All electric lines shall be so fixed and protected as to prevent the possibility of electrical discharge to any adjacent metallic substance.

27. *Transformers and High Pressure Apparatus to be enclosed in Metal.*—Where the general supply of energy is a high pressure supply, and transforming apparatus is installed on a consumer's premises, the whole of the high pressure service lines, conductors, and apparatus, including the transforming apparatus itself, so far as they are on the consumer's premises, shall be completely enclosed in solid walls, or in strong metal casing efficiently connected with earth and securely fastened throughout.

28. *Connection to Consumer's Premises not to be made where leakage would result.*—The undertakers shall not connect a consumer's wires with their mains unless they are reasonably satisfied that the connection would not cause leakage from those wires or fittings; and where the undertakers decline to make such connection, they shall serve upon the consumer a notice stating their reason for so declining.

29. *Discontinuance of Supply on discovery of leakage on Consumer's Premises.*—If the undertakers are reasonably satisfied, after making all proper examination by testing or otherwise, that a leakage exists at some part of a consumer's wires or fittings of such extent as to be a source of danger, any officer of the undertakers duly authorized by them in writing or, if the undertakers so require, an electric inspector may, for the purpose of discovering whether the leakage exists at any part of a circuit within or upon any consumer's premises, by notice require the consumer at some reasonable time after the service of the notice to permit him to inspect and test the wires and fittings belonging to the consumer and forming part of the circuit. In any case where the undertakers require the services of an electric inspector under this regulation they shall pay him the prescribed fee.

If on any such testing the electric inspector discovers a leakage from the consumer's wires, or if the consumer does not give all the facilities for inspection and testing, the undertakers shall forthwith discontinue the supply of energy to the premises in question, giving immediate notice of discontinuance to the consumer

in writing, and shall not re-commence the supply until they are reasonably satisfied that the leakage has been removed. This regulation shall not affect any power contained in the Ordinance or otherwise enabling the undertakers to discontinue the supply.

30. *Appeal to Electric Inspector.*—If any consumer is dissatisfied with the action of the undertakers in refusing to give, or in discontinuing, or in not re-commencing, the supply of energy to his premises, the wires and fittings of that consumer shall, on his application and on payment of the prescribed fee, be tested for the existence of leakage by an electric inspector. This regulation shall be endorsed on every notice given under the provisions of either of the two last preceding regulations.

#### ARC LIGHTING.

31. *Height from Ground.*—Arc lamps used in any street for public lighting shall be so fixed as not to be in any part at a less height than 10 feet from the ground.

32. *Arc Lamps to be Guarded.*—All arc lamps shall be so guarded as to prevent pieces of ignited carbon or broken glass falling from them, and shall not be used in situations where there is any danger of the presence of explosive dust or gas.

#### CONNECTIONS OF CIRCUITS WITH EARTH.

33. *Connection of Earth of a Three-wire System.*—Where the pressure of a supply between the adjacent conductors of a three-wire system of mains exceeds 125 volts, the intermediate conductor shall be connected with earth, subject to the concurrence of the telegraph authority, and in accordance with the following conditions:—

- (a) The connection with earth of the intermediate conductor shall be made at one point only on each distinct circuit, namely, at the generating station, sub-station, or transformer, and the insulation of the circuit shall be efficiently maintained at all other parts.
- (b) The current from the intermediate conductor to earth shall be continuously recorded, and if at any time it exceeds one-thousandth part of the maximum supply current, steps shall be immediately taken to improve the insulation of the system.

34. *Method of executing Works, &c.*—Where the undertakers require to execute any works (including the construction of boxes) which will involve the placing of any works in, under, along, or across any street or public bridge, &c., the following provisions shall have effect:—

- (a) The undertakers shall not more than 28 nor less than 14 days before commencing the work give notice in writing describing the work, and forward a plan of the works (not being repairs, renewals, or amendments of existing works, of which the character and position are not altered) upon the telegraph authority and the local authority, showing the mode and position in which the works are intended to be executed, and the manner in which it is intended that the street, or bridge, or any sewer, drain, or tunnel, therein or thereunder, is to be interfered with, and shall, upon being required to do so by the telegraph authority or the local authority, give him or them any such further information in relation thereto as he or they desire.
- (b) The telegraph authority or the local authority may, in his or their discretion, approve any such works or plan, subject to such amendments or conditions as may seem fit, or may disapprove them, and may give notice of that approval or disapproval to the undertakers.
- (c) Where the telegraph authority or the local authority approve any such works or plan, subject to any amendments or conditions with which the undertakers are dissatisfied, or disapprove any such works or plan, the undertakers may appeal to the Governor, and the Governor may inquire into the matter and allow or disallow the appeal, and may approve any such works or plan, subject to such amendment or conditions as seem fit, or may disapprove them.
- (d) If the telegraph authority or the local authority fail to give any such notice of approval or disapproval to the undertakers within 28 days after the service of the notice upon them, he or they shall be deemed to have approved the works and plan.
- (e) The undertakers shall not be entitled to execute any such works as above specified, except so far as they may be of a description and in accordance with a plan which has been approved, or is deemed to have been approved by the telegraph authority and the local authority, or by Government as above-mentioned; but where any such works, description, and plan are so approved, or deemed to be approved, the undertakers may cause those works to be executed in accordance with the description and plan.

35. *Maps.*—The undertakers shall under these rules cause a map to be made of the area of supply on a horizontal scale of at least 1 inch to 66 feet, and shall cause to be marked thereon the line of all their existing mains, service lines, and other underground works and distribution boxes, and shall once in every year cause such map to be corrected and all additions to be made thereto. A copy of such map shall be deposited with the Government, telegraph authority, and local authority, and shall be corrected and added to once every year.

#### REGULATIONS FOR OVERHEAD WIRES.

36. *Maximum Intervals between Supports.*—The interval between any two wooden poles used singly as supports for an overhead line shall not exceed 200 feet, provided that where the line makes an angle at any such pole, the interval between that and the next pole shall not exceed 150 feet. In the case of supports other than single wooden poles, the intervals between the supports shall be such as may be prescribed by the Governor.

37. *Factors of Safety.*—(a) Every support of an aerial line shall be of a durable material, firmly erected, and, where necessary, properly stayed against forces due to wind pressure, change of direction of the line, or unequal length of span.

(b) The factor of safety of the aerial line shall, at the minimum temperature of the locality, be at least four, and the factor of safety of all other parts of the structure at least four under all conditions, the maximum possible wind pressure being taken at 50 lb. per square foot.

(c) For cylindrical bodies, such as posts and wires, the effective area shall be taken as two-thirds of the total area exposed to pressure.

(d) Every support, if of metal, shall be efficiently connected with earth in so far as the nature of the ground in which the support is fixed makes this practicable.

38. *Attachment of Overhead Lines.*—All overhead lines shall be attached to insulators, and shall be so guarded that they cannot fall away from the supports.

39. *Height from Ground, &c.*—An overhead line shall not in any part thereof be at a less height from the ground than 20 feet without the consent of Government, and shall not be accessible to any person without the use of a ladder or other special appliance.

40. *Three-wire System.*—Where a supply is given by overhead lines on the three-wire system, the positive and negative conductors shall be placed side by side above the intermediate conductor. The intermediate conductor shall consist of two wires placed side by side at a distance apart greater than that between the positive and negative conductors, and connected in each span by two cross wires placed in such a manner that in the event of either the positive or negative conductor breaking it shall fall on one at least of the cross wires.

41. *Supply from Two-wire System.*—Where a supply is given by overhead lines from a two-wire system, with the negative conductor connected with earth, the positive conductor shall be placed above the negative conductor in such a manner that in the event of breakage it must fall on the negative conductor.

42. *Service Lines from Overhead Lines.*—Service lines from overhead lines shall be led as directly as possible to insulators firmly attached to some portion of the consumer's premises, which is not accessible to any person without the use of a ladder or other special appliance. Every portion of any service line which is outside a building and is within 7 feet from the building shall be efficiently protected by insulating material.

43. *Angle of crossing Streets.*—Where an overhead line crosses a street, the angle between the line and the direction of the street at the place of crossing shall not be less than 60 degrees.

44. *Lines crossing Metallic Substance.*—Where an overhead line crosses, or is in proximity to, any metallic substance, precautions shall be taken by the undertakers against the possibility of the line coming into contact with the metallic substance, or of the metallic substance coming into contact with the line by breakage or otherwise.

45. *Discharge of Pressure in case of Fire.*—In the case of any high pressure overhead line exceeding one-half mile in total length, means shall be provided whereby in case of fire or other emergency the pressure may be discharged from any portion of the line erected over or alongside of any building or buildings.

46. *Maintenance.*—Every overhead line, including its supports and all the structural parts and electrical appliances and devices belonging to or connected with the line, shall be duly and efficiently supervised and maintained as regards both electrical and mechanical conditions.

47. *Disused Overhead Lines to be removed.*—The undertakers shall remove any overhead line upon ceasing to use it for the supply of energy, unless upon so ceasing they satisfy the Government that they intend to bring it into use again within a reasonable time.

48. The foregoing regulations are designed for modern practice with ordinary pressures. Government would be prepared to consider variations for special cases.

**Regulations under Section 7 (e) for ensuring a proper and sufficient Supply of Electric Energy, &c.**

1. *Undertakers to provide constant Supply.*—From the time when the undertakers commence to supply energy through any distributing main, they shall maintain a supply sufficient for the use of all the consumers for the time being entitled to be supplied from that main, and that supply shall, except so far as the Governor may otherwise from time to time permit, be constantly maintained, and in the case of continuous currents without change of polarity. Provided that, for the purpose of testing or for any other purposes connected with the efficient working of the undertaking, the authority by whom the electric inspector is appointed may give permission to the undertakers to discontinue the supply at such intervals of time and for such periods as that authority may think expedient. When the supply is so discontinued, or the polarity is changed, notice to all persons likely to be affected shall be given of such discontinuance or change and of probable duration thereof.

2. *Measures for restricting Area liable to Stoppage.*—The system of distributing mains shall be separated into sections corresponding approximately to the different feeders, and these sections shall be inter-connected only through suitable circuit breakers or fuses arranged so as to be easily inspected.

3. *Fixing the declared Pressure at Consumers' Terminals.*—Before commencing to give a supply of energy to any consumer, the undertakers shall declare to that consumer the constant pressure at which they propose to supply energy at his terminals. The pressure so declared shall be constantly maintained, subject to a variation not exceeding 4 per cent., under any conditions of supply which the consumer is entitled to receive, or such other variation as the Governor may from time to time allow, and shall not be altered or departed from to an extent greater than that variation, except by consent of the Governor, and upon such terms and conditions as Government may impose, and after public notice has been given during a period of one month, in such manner as the Governor may require, of the intention of the undertakers to apply for consent to alter the same.

4. *Fixing of System and declared frequency.*—Before commencing to give a supply of energy to any consumer, the undertaker shall declare to that consumer the system which they propose to adopt, whether alternating or continuous current, and, in the case of alternating current, the frequency, that is to say, the number of complete periods per second at which they propose to supply. The system and frequency so declared shall be maintained, subject, as respects frequency, to a variation not exceeding 2½ per cent. from the declared frequency, and shall not be altered or departed from except by consent of the Governor, and upon such terms and conditions as the Governor may impose, and after public notice has been given during a period of one month, in such manner as the Governor may require, of the intention of the undertakers to apply for consent to alter the same.

5. *Testing and Inspection.*—On the occasion of the testing of any main of the undertakers, reasonable notice thereof shall be given to the undertakers by the electric inspector, the testing shall be carried out at such suitable hours as in the opinion of the inspector and the undertakers will least interfere with the supply of energy, except under the provisions of an order made in each case by the Governor, provided the undertakers shall not be held responsible for any interruption of the supply of energy which may be occasioned by or required for the purpose of testing as aforesaid, which shall not be oftener than once in any three months, except under the provisions of an order made by the Governor.

6. Any electric inspector or other competent person appointed by the Governor under the provisions of the Ordinance shall have the right to have access at all reasonable hours to the premises of the undertakers for the purpose of inspecting the plant and testing the lines and the instruments of the undertakers, and if found not in order may request the undertakers to have them put in order. The undertakers shall afford all facilities for the foregoing inspection of plant and testing of electric lines and instruments.

**METERS.**

7. Unless by special agreement, the amount of energy supplied by the undertakers to any consumer or the electrical quantity contained in the supply (according to the method by which the undertakers elect to charge) shall be ascertained by means of an appropriate meter, to be of such pattern as has been approved by the Governor.

8. An electric inspector on being requested to do so by the undertaker or any consumer on payment of the prescribed fee by the party requiring him, shall examine and test any meter intended for ascertaining the value of the supply, certifying the result in writing.

9. The undertakers shall, if required to do so by any consumer, fix and connect an appropriate meter duly certified on the premises of such consumer for ascertaining the value of the supply, provided the consumer has entered upon an agreement to pay the undertaker a reasonable sum for the hire and maintenance of the said meter.

10. Neither the undertakers nor any consumer shall connect or disconnect any meter fixed for ascertaining the value of the supply without giving notice of their intention to do so in writing to the party concerned.



11. Every consumer shall, in the event of using his own meter for ascertaining the value of the supply, keep it in proper order for correctly registering that value, and in default of his so doing the undertakers may cease to supply energy through that meter.

12. The undertakers may authorize any officer or suitable person to enter the premises of any consumer at all reasonable times to execute any necessary works in connection with the meter fixed for ascertaining the value of the supply, whether the said meter be hired from the undertakers or the meter be the consumer's own property.

13. The register of meters fixed for ascertaining the value of the supply shall, in the absence of fraud be conclusive evidence of the value of the supply; provided, however, that in the event of any meter or meters getting out of order or failing to record accurately, then for such period as such meter or meters shall have failed to record accurately the consumption of current for that period shall be computed on the basis of the previously ascertained consumption. Any circumstances, however, tending to have caused an increase or decrease in the consumption during such period for which such meter or meters have failed to record accurately shall be taken into account, and in making computation shall be duly allowed for.

14. If any difference arises between any consumer and the undertakers as to whether any meter, whereby the value of supply is ascertained (whether belonging to the consumer or to the undertakers) is or is not in proper order for correctly registering that value, or as to whether that value has been correctly registered in any case by any meter, that difference shall be determined upon the application of either party to an electric inspector, and that inspector shall also order by which of the parties the cost of, and incidental to, the proceedings before him shall be paid, and the decision of the inspector shall be final and binding on all parties.

15. *Penalty for Default.*—The breach of any of these regulations is an offence punishable with a fine not exceeding Rs. 50, and in case of a continuing offence with a daily fine not exceeding Rs. 50.

These regulations are made subject to the power of the Governor in Executive Council to make such further or other regulations as they may think expedient; and nothing in these regulations shall be construed to authorize the undertakers to lay any electric line or work their undertaking otherwise than in accordance with the Ordinance, or to supply energy otherwise than by a system for the time approved of by the Government under the Ordinance No. 26 of 1906.

#### Regulations under Section 7 (g).

##### DEFINITIONS.

1. In the following regulations—

The expression "energy" means electrical energy.

The expression "generator" means the dynamo or dynamos or other electrical apparatus used for the generation of energy.

The expression "motor" means any electric motor carried on a car used for the conversion of energy.

The expression "pipe" means any gas or water pipe or other metallic pipe, structure, or substance.

The expression "wire" means any wire or apparatus used for telegraphic, telephonic, electrical signalling, or other similar purposes.

The expression "current" means an electric current exceeding one-thousandth part of one ampère.

The expression "electric inspector" means an electric inspector appointed under the provisions of the Ordinance.

2. Any dynamo used as a generator shall be of such pattern and construction as to be capable of producing a continuous current without appreciable pulsation.

3. One of the two conductors used for transmitting energy from the generator to the motors shall be in every case insulated from earth, and is hereinafter referred to as the "line"; the other may be insulated throughout, or may be uninsulated in such parts and to such extent as is provided in the following regulations, and is hereinafter referred to as the "return."

4. Where any rails on which cars run, for any conductors laid between or within 3 feet of such rails form any part of a return, such part may be uninsulated. All other returns or parts of a return shall be insulated, unless of such sectional area as will reduce the difference of potential between the ends of the uninsulated portion of the return below the limit laid down in regulation 7.

5. When any uninsulated conductor laid between or within 3 feet of the rails forms any part of a return, it shall be electrically connected to the rails at distances apart not exceeding 100 feet by means of copper strips having a sectional area of at least one-sixteenth of a square inch, or by other means of equal conductivity.

6. (a) When any part of a return is uninsulated, it shall be connected with the negative terminal of the generator, and in such case the negative terminal of the generator shall also be directly connected through the current indicator hereinafter mentioned to two separate earth connections, which shall be placed not less than 20 yards apart.

(b) The earth connections referred to in this regulation shall be constructed, laid and maintained so as to secure electrical contact with the general mass of earth, and so that an electro-motive force not exceeding 4 volts shall suffice to produce a current of at least 2 ampères from one earth connection to the other through the earth, and a test shall be made at least once in every month to ascertain whether this requirement is complied with.

(c) Provided that in place of such two earth connections the undertakers may make one connection to a main for water supply of not less than three inches internal diameter, with the consent of the owners thereof and of the person supplying the water, and provided that where from the nature of the soil or for other reasons the undertakers can show to the satisfaction of an electric inspector that the earth connections herein specified cannot be constructed and maintained without undue expense, the provisions of this regulation shall not apply.

(d) No portion of either earth connection shall be placed within 6 feet of any pipe, except a main for water supply of not less than 3 inches internal diameter, which is metallically connected to the earth connections with the consent of the persons hereinbefore specified.

(e) When the generator is at a considerable distance from the tramway, the uninsulated return shall be connected to the negative terminal of the generator by means of one or more insulated return conductors, and the generator shall have no other connection with earth; and in such case the end of the insulated return connected with the uninsulated return shall be connected also through a current indicator to two separate earth connections, or with the consent of the persons aforesaid to a main for water supply, or with the like consent to both in the manner prescribed in this regulation.

(f) If the current indicator cannot conveniently be placed at the connection of the uninsulated return with the insulated return, this instrument may consist of an indicator at the generating station connected by insulated wires to the terminals of a resistance interposed between the return and the earth connection or connections. The said resistance shall be such that the maximum current laid down in regulation 6 (i.) shall produce a difference of potential not exceeding 1 volt between the terminals. The indicator shall be so constructed as to indicate correctly the current passing through the resistance when connected to the terminals by the insulated wire before-mentioned.

7. When the return is partly or entirely uninsulated, the undertakers shall, in the construction and maintenance of the tramway, (a) so separate the uninsulated return from the general mass of earth and from any pipe in the vicinity, (b) so connect together the several lengths of the rails, (c) adopt such means for reducing the difference produced by the current between the potential of the uninsulated return at any one point and the potential of the uninsulated return at any other point, (d) so maintain the efficiency of the earth connections specified in the preceding regulations as to fulfil the following conditions, viz. :—

(i.) That the current passing from the earth connections through the indicator to the generator, or through the resistance to the insulated return, shall not at any time exceed either 2 ampères per mile of single tramway line or 5 per cent. of the total current output of the station.

(ii.) That if at any time and at any place a test be made by connecting a galvanometer or other current indicator to the uninsulated return and to any pipe in the vicinity, it shall always be possible to reverse the direction of any current indicated by interposing a battery of three Laclanche cells connected in series if the direction of the current is from the return to the pipe, or by interposing one Laclanche cell if the direction of the current is from the pipe to the return.

In order to provide a continuous indication that the condition (i.) is complied with, the undertakers shall place in a conspicuous position a suitable, properly connected, and correctly marked current indicator, and shall keep it connected during the whole time that the line is charged. The owner of any such pipe may require the undertakers to permit him at reasonable times and intervals to ascertain by test that the conditions specified in (ii.) are complied with as regards his pipe.

8. When the return is partly or entirely uninsulated, a continuous record shall be kept by the undertakers of the difference of potential during the working of the tramway between points on the uninsulated return. If at any time such difference of potential between any two points exceed the limit of 7 volts, the undertakers shall take immediate steps to reduce it below that limit.

9. The current density in the rails shall not exceed 9 ampères per square inch.

10. Every electrical connection with any pipe shall be so arranged as to admit of easy examination, and shall be tested by the undertakers at least once in every three months.

11. Every line and every insulated return or part of a return, except any feeder, shall be constructed in sections not exceeding half a mile in length, and means shall be provided for isolating each such section for purpose of testing.

12. The insulation of the line and of the return when insulated, and of all feeders and other conductors, shall be so maintained that the leakage current shall not exceed one-hundredth of an ampère per mile of tramway. The leakage current shall be ascertained daily, before or after the hours of running, when the line is fully

charged. If at any time it should be found that the leakage current exceeds one-half of an ampère per mile of tramway, the leak shall be localized and removed as soon as practicable, and the running of the cars shall be stopped unless the leak is localized and removed within 24 hours. Provided that where both line and return are placed within a conduit this regulation shall not apply.

13. The insulation resistance of all continuously insulated cables used for lines, for insulated returns, for feeders, or for other purposes, and laid below the surface of the ground, shall be maintained at an insulation value to be hereafter determined. A test of insulation resistance of all such cables shall be made at least once in each month.

14. Where in any case in any part of the tramway the line is erected overhead and the return is laid on or under the ground, and where any telegraph wires have been erected or laid before the construction of the tramway in the same or nearly the same direction as such part of the tramway, the undertakers shall, if required to do so by the telegraph authority, permit such telegraph authority to insert and maintain in the undertakers' line one or more induction coils or other apparatus approved by the undertakers for the purpose of preventing disturbance by electric induction. In any case in which the undertakers withhold their approval of any such apparatus, the telegraph authority may appeal to the Governor, who may if he thinks fit dispense with such approval.

15. In the disposition, connections, and working of feeders, the undertakers shall take all reasonable precautions to avoid injurious interference with any existing wires.

16. The undertakers shall so construct and maintain their system as to secure good contact between the motors and the line and return respectively.

17. The undertakers shall adopt the best means available to prevent the occurrence of undue sparking at the rubbing or rolling contacts in any place, and in the construction and use of their generator and motors.

18. Where the line or return or both are laid in a conduit, the following conditions shall be complied with in the construction and maintenance of such conduit:—

(a) The conduits shall be so constructed as to admit of examination of and access to the conductors contained therein and their insulators and supports.

(b) It shall be so constructed as to be readily cleared of accumulation of dust or other debris, and no such accumulation shall be permitted to remain.

(c) It shall be laid to such falls and so connected to sumps or other means of drainage, as to automatically clear itself of water without danger of the water reaching the level of the conductors.

(d) If the conduit is formed of metal, all separate lengths shall be so jointed as to secure efficient metallic continuity for the passage of electric currents. Where the rails are used to form any part of the return, they shall be electrically connected to the conduit by means of copper strips having a sectional area of at least one-sixteenth of a square inch, or other means of equal conductivity, at distances apart not exceeding 100 feet. Where the return is wholly insulated and contained within the conduit, the latter shall be connected to earth at the generating station or sub-station through a high resistance galvanometer suitable for the indication of any contact or partial contact of either the line or the return with the conduit.

(e) If the conduit is formed of any non-metallic material not being of high insulating quality and impervious to moisture throughout, the conductors shall be carried on insulators, the supports for which shall be in metallic contact with one another throughout.

(f) The negative conductor shall be connected with earth at the station by a voltmeter, and may also be connected with earth at the generating station or sub-station by an adjustable resistance and current indicator, neither conductors shall otherwise be permanently connected with earth.

(g) The conductors shall be constructed in sections not exceeding one-half a mile in length, and in the event of a leak occurring on either conductor, that conductor shall at once be connected with the negative pole of the dynamo, and shall remain so connected until the leak can be removed.

(h) The leakage current shall be ascertained daily, before or after the hours of running, when the line is fully charged, and if at any time shall be found to exceed 1 ampère per mile of tramway, the leak shall be localized and removed as soon as practicable, and the running of the cars shall be stopped unless the leak is localized and removed within 24 hours.

19. The electrical pressure or difference of potential between the overhead conductors used in connection with the working of the tramways and the earth, or between any two such conductors, shall in no case exceed 550 volts. The electrical energy supplied through feeders shall not be generated at or transformed to a pressure higher than 650 volts; except with the written consent of the Governor, and subject to such regulations and conditions as he may prescribe.

20. The overhead conductors used in connection with the working of the tramways shall be securely attached to supports, the intervals between which shall not, except with the approval of the Governor, exceed 120 feet, and they shall be in no part at a less height from the surface of the street than 17 feet, except where they pass under railway bridges.

21. The overhead conductors shall be divided up into sections not exceeding (except with the special approval of the Governor) one-half of a mile in length, between every two of which shall be inserted an emergency switch so enclosed as to be inaccessible to the public.

22. The undertakers shall, so far as may be applicable to their system of working, keep records as specified below. These records shall, if and when required, be forwarded for the information of Government:—

*Daily Records.*

Number of cars running :—  
 Number of miles of single tramway line :—  
 Maximum working current :—  
 Maximum working pressure :—  
 Maximum current from the earth plate or water pipe connections (*vide* regulation 6 (i)) :—  
 Leakage current (*vide* regulations 11 and 17) :—  
 Fall of potential in return (*vide* regulation 7) :—

*Monthly Records.*

Conditions of earth connections (*vide* regulation 5) :—  
 Minimum insulation resistance of insulated cables in megohms per mile (*vide* regulation 12) :—

*Quarterly Records.*

Conductance of joints to pipes (*vide* regulation 9) :—

*Occasional Records.*

Specimen of tests made under provisions of regulations 6 (ii.) :—

**Regulations under Section 7 (h).**

**DEFINITIONS.**

1. In the following regulations—

The expression "telegraph" means an electric, galvanic, magnetic, or mechanical telegraph, and includes appliances and apparatus for transmitting or receiving telegraphic, telephonic, or other communications by means of electricity, galvanism, magnetism, or other form of energy with or without the use of wires.

The expression "telegraph officer" means any person employed either permanently or temporarily in connection with a telegraph establishment maintained or worked by the Government or by a person licensed under the Telegraph Ordinance.

The expression "message" means any communication sent by telegraph or given to a telegraph officer to be sent by telegraph or to be delivered.

The expression "telegraph line" means a wire or wires used for the purpose of a telegraph, with or without any casing, coating, tube, or pipe enclosing the same; and any appliance and apparatus connected therewith for the purpose of fixing, insulating, or earthing the same.

The expression "post" means a post, a pole, standard, stay, strut, or other above-ground contrivance for carrying, suspending, or supporting a telegraph line.

The expression "telegraph authority" means a Director of Telegraphs, and includes any officer empowered by him to perform all or any of the functions of the telegraph authority under the Telegraph Ordinance.

2. Before any electric supply line is laid down, or any act of work in connection therewith is done, the undertakers shall, not more than 28 nor less than 14 days before commencing the work, give notice in writing and forward a plan specifying the course of the line and the nature of the work, including the gauge of any wire to the telegraph authority; and the undertakers shall conform with such reasonable requirements (either general or special) as may from time to time be demanded by the telegraph authority for the purpose of preventing any telegraph lines or magnetic observatories from being injuriously affected by the said act of work.

3. The undertakers shall construct their electric supply lines and other works of all descriptions, and shall work their undertaking in all respects with due regard to the telegraph lines and to the currents in such telegraph lines established by Government, or by license from the Governor in Council, and shall use every reasonable means in the construction of their electric supply lines and other works of all descriptions, and in the working of their undertaking to prevent injurious affection, whether by induction or otherwise, to such telegraph lines or the currents therein. If any question arises as to whether the undertakers have constructed their electric supply lines or other works, or worked their undertaking in contravention of this rule, such questions shall be determined by the Governor, and the undertakers shall be bound to make any alteration in or additions to their system which may be directed by the Governor.

4. Except with the written approval of the Governor, only one side or the middle of any street may be occupied by aerial electric supply lines.

5. If any telegraph line is injuriously affected by the construction by the undertakers of their electric supply lines and works, or by the working of the undertaking by the undertakers, the undertakers shall pay the expense of all alterations in such telegraph lines as may be necessary to remedy such injurious affection.

*Explanation.*—A telegraph line shall be deemed to be injuriously affected by an act of work if the telegraphic communication by means of such line is in any manner affected, whether through induction or otherwise, by such act or work.

6. Wherever telegraph wires are liable to fall upon, or to be blown against, any overhead conductors, efficient guard wires shall be maintained at all such places to the satisfaction of the telegraph authority.

In the event of other overhead wires being liable to fall upon telegraph wires, means shall be provided whereby any such falling conductors shall be caught in an earthed metallic net, or otherwise prevented from coming into contact with the telegraph wires. No other conductor may be erected so that at any point it comes within 5 feet of a telegraph line; if the conductor should carry high or extra high pressure currents, this distance shall be increased to 10 feet.

7. Where in any case any part of an electric distribution system is erected overhead and the return is laid on or under the ground, and where any telegraph wires have been erected or laid in the same or nearly the same direction as such part of the system, the undertakers shall, if required to do so by the telegraph authority, permit the said authority to insert and maintain in the undertakers' line one or more induction coils or other apparatus approved by the undertakers for the purpose of preventing disturbance by electric induction. In any case in which the undertakers withhold their approval of any such apparatus, the telegraph authority may appeal to the Governor, who may if he thinks fit dispense with such approval.

8. Nothing in the foregoing rules shall apply to any case in which the undertakers can show that the immediate doing of the act or execution of the work was required to avoid an accident, or otherwise was a work of emergency, and that they forthwith served on the telegraph authority a notice in writing accompanied by plans of the work concerned, stating the reason for doing or executing the same without previous notice.

9. The breach of any of the preceding regulations is an offence punishable with a fine not exceeding Rs. 50, and in the case of a continuing offence with a daily fine not exceeding Rs. 50. The imposition of any penalty under sections 10 and 11 of the Ordinance for default of any of these rules shall not affect the liability of the undertakers to make compensation in respect of any damage or injury which may be caused by reason of such default.

10. Any difference of opinion between the telegraph authority and the undertakers, with respect to any requirement of the telegraph authority, shall be referred to the Governor for decision, and the orders of the Governor thereon shall be final.

## MISCELLANEOUS DEPARTMENTAL NOTICES.

### Diamond Jubilee Prize Examination, 1909.

Name of Candidate.	Name of School.	Grammar and Composition.	Texts.	Total.
	Maximum ..	100 ..	100 ..	200
R. S. Gunasekera ..	Richmond College ..	62 ..	43 ..	105
M. N. Peiris ..	Prince of Wales's College ..	42 ..	44 ..	86
D. C. S. Wanigaratna ..	Richmond College ..	41 ..	39 ..	80
R. M. Samaranyake ..	Do. ..	26 ..	21 ..	47

The prize has been awarded to R. S. Gunasekera of the Richmond College, Galle.

Office of the Director of Public Instruction,  
Colombo, September 1, 1909.

J. HARWARD,  
Director.

### Examination of Government Clerks.

IN terms of the Minute of June 16, 1908, an examination in the vernacular languages, in the system of accounts employed in Government Offices, and in higher bookkeeping for Clerks of Class III. of the Clerical Service will be held at the Technical College on Monday, October 4, 1909, commencing at 10 A.M.

Candidates for admission should apply by letter to the Director of Public Instruction not later than September 15, 1909, specifying the subjects they are desirous of taking up.

Office of Public Instruction,  
Colombo, July 21, 1909.

J. HARWARD,  
Director.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application has been received from Rev. W. E. Rowlands for a grant in aid of his Dessford Estate Vernacular Mixed, School which is situated in the Dimbula District of the Central Province.

Observations will be received not later than October 1909.

J. HARWARD,  
Director.

Department of Public Instruction,  
Colombo, September 10, 1909.

IT is hereby notified, under Ordinance No. 15 of 1889, that the under-mentioned have been licensed and registered as surveyors and levellers using August, 1909:—

*Licensed Surveyors and Levellers.*

Henry van Buuren, Leveller, Campbell park, Colombo.

No. of license: 273.

Claude Norman Caldera, Surveyor and Leveller, Kurunegala.

No. of license: 274.

Register number: 266.

H. O. BARNARD,  
for P. D. WARREN,  
Surveyor-General.

Surveyor-General's Office,  
Colombo, September 7, 1909.

WITH reference to the notice appearing in the *Ceylon Government Gazette* No. 6,322 dated August 6, 1909, the sale of old ironwork from the 64th and 65th mile bridges on the Dikwella-Hakgala road, advertised to be held at Welimada on Saturday, September 11, 1909, has been postponed.

T. H. CHAPMAN,  
for Director of Public Works.

Public Works Office,  
Colombo, September 7, 1909.

Ramboda-Wilson's Bungalow Road.

MOTORISTS are cautioned to drive slowly during the execution of improvement works on the 35th to 40th miles of the above road, which will be in progress until October 15, 1909.

T. H. CHAPMAN,  
for Director of Public Works.

Public Works Office,  
Colombo, September 7, 1909.

RECONSTRUCTION of bridges is in progress on the following roads in the North-Western Province:—

Kurunegala-Giriulla road.  
Narammala-Dummalasuriya road.

T. H. CHAPMAN,  
for Director of Public Works.

Public Works Office,  
Colombo, September 7, 1909.

NOTICE is hereby given that the roadway on the 17th mile of the Hambantota-Tanamalwila road will be under reconstruction and unsuitable for motor traffic from October 1 to December 31, 1909.

T. H. CHAPMAN,  
for Director of Public Works.

Public Works Office,  
Colombo, September 7, 1909.

THE Nikapota bridge on 114th mile, Haldummulla-Koslanda road, is now open to traffic.

T. H. CHAPMAN,  
for Director of Public Works.

Public Works Office,  
Colombo, September 8, 1909.

## NOTICES CALLING FOR TENDERS.

TENDERS are hereby invited for extension of carriage shop and lifting shed, Colombo, for the Ceylon Government Railway, consisting of brickwork in walls and iron corrugated roofing, &c. Price quoted to be for all the buildings, including the necessary materials and labour, and the work to be carried out strictly in accordance with drawings and specifications. Drawings and specifications of the buildings can be seen at the Office of the Engineer of Way and Works between 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. on all days, except Saturdays and Sundays.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Extension of Carriage and Lifting Shed, Colombo," in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, September 28, 1909.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at General Manager's Office, Ceylon Government Railway, Colombo, and

no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form.

6. A deposit of Rs. 50 will be required before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond, or fail to furnish approved security, within ten days of receiving notice that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

7. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose address must be given engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

8. The successful tenderer will be required to sign an agreement to give security for the proper carrying out of the work to the extent of 10 per cent. of the value of accepted tender.

9. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

G. P. GREENE,  
General Manager's Office, General Manager.  
September 6, 1909.

**TENDERS** are hereby invited for supply of best kallunda rice for the use of the Public Works Department in the Province of Sabaragamuwa at stations named below from September 1, 1909, to August 31, 1910:—

*Ratnapura District.*

Ratnapura, Balangoda, and Madampe.

*Awisawella District.*

Awisawella and Yatiyantota.

*Kegalla District.*

Kegalla, Polgahawela, Rambukkana, and Ambepussa.

2. All tenders must be in duplicate, both copies being sealed in the same envelope, and addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders must be marked "Tender for supply of Rice, Province of Sabaragamuwa, during 1909-1910," in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on September 14, 1909.

4. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue or be sent to him through the post.

5. Samples of the rice tendered for are to be deposited in sealed packets or bottles at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Province of Sabaragamuwa, not later than midday on September 14, 1909.

6. To each sample must be firmly attached a label on which is stated the name of the tenderer, the *Gazette* number of the notice calling for the tender, and the description of the rice adopted in his tender.

7. Tenders must be on forms which may be obtained at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Province of Sabaragamuwa, Ratnapura, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained. Any alteration made in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all tenders containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

8. Parties applying for form of tender will be required to deposit the sum of Rs. 50 either at the Treasury or the Kachcheri, and produce a receipt for the same. Should the party fail to submit in accordance with the terms of the specification a *bona fide* tender, or to enter into the necessary contract, the sum of Rs. 50 deposited will be forfeited by way of ascertained and liquidated damages. Upon a contract being entered into, the deposits of unsuccessful *bona fide* tenderers will be returned.

9. Further information may be obtained on application at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Province of Sabaragamuwa, Ratnapura.

10. Before any tender is accepted the contractor will be required to sign a contract to execute and perform the works in accordance with the specification and the general conditions therein set forth, and to deposit a sum of Rs. 250 for the due and faithful performance of the contract, within ten days of receiving notice in writing signed by the Provincial Engineer, Province of Sabaragamuwa, Ratnapura, that the Government is prepared to accept his tender.

11. The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender, and reserves to itself the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

T. H. CHAPMAN,  
for Director of Public Works.

Public Works Office,  
Colombo, August 24, 1909.

**TENDERS** are hereby invited for the supply of sundries during 1910-1912.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Sundries" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on September 21, 1909.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Office of the Colonial Storekeeper, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form.

6. A deposit of Rs. 50 will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond, or fail to furnish approved security, within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Head of the Department or his duly authorized representative that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

7. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

8. Samples in duplicate must be deposited with the Colonial Storekeeper.

9. Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of each contract. The amount of security required will be Rs. 200. All other necessary information can be ascertained upon application at the office referred to in section 5.

10. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

11. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

W. A. TAYLOR,  
Colonial Storekeeper.

August 25, 1909.

**TENDERS** are hereby invited for building the ambalam at Aladeniya in Harispattu.

2. The tenders must be addressed to the Government Agent, Central Province, Kandy.

3. Tenders must be marked "Tender for the Ambalam at Aladeniya" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Government Agent's Office, Kandy, not later than midday on September 31, 1909.

4. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Kachcheri or be sent through the post.

5. Tenders must be on forms which will be supplied from the Kachcheri, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained. Any alterations made in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all tenders containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

6. A deposit of Rs. 5 will be required to be made at the Kachcheri before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond, or fail to furnish approved security within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the

Government Agent or his duly authorized representative that his tender has been accepted, such deposits will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract or agreement.

7. Plans and specifications may be seen, and further information obtained, on application at the Kandy Kachcheri.

8. Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender, and reserves to itself the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Kandy Kachcheri,  
August 16, 1909.

E. T. MILLINGTON,  
for Government Agent.

**TENDERS** are hereby invited for transporting 9,000 cwt. salt from the general stores, Karaiur, to the salt stores, Mannar, for 1909-1910. The successful tenderer will be required to transport 3,000 cwt. by December 15, 1909, and the balance by February 15, 1910.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed, and should be addressed to (a) the Government Agent, Northern Province, Jaffna (original); (b) the Controller of Revenue, Colombo (duplicate).

3. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Transporting Salt" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the offices of the Government Agent, Northern Province, Jaffna, and the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on September 27, 1909.

4. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Jaffna Kachcheri, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form.

5. A deposit of Rs. 50 will be required to be made at the Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond, or fail to furnish approved security, within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Head of the Department or his duly authorized representative that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

6. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

7. The tenderers must state the rate of freight per cwt., the rate of wastage to be allowed, and the period within which they can complete the work.

8. Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of each contract. The amount of each bond, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained upon application at the Jaffna Kachcheri.

9. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Jaffna Kachcheri,  
August 27, 1909.

E. T. HUGHES,  
for Government Agent.

**SEALED** Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for removal of Salt," will be received by the Assistant Government Agent, Hambantota, up to noon on September 15, 1909, for the removal of 18,566.20 cwt. salt lying on the margin of Maha Lewaya into Hambantota stores.

The tenderers must deposit a sum of Rs. 20 in the Kachcheri before tendering. No tenderer will receive any consideration where no such deposits have been made. The deposits will be forfeited to Government if the tenderer is not prepared to enter into contract, or is unable to furnish certified security in Rs. 500 or cash security in Rs. 200 for the due fulfilment of the

contract. Any unforfeited deposits will be returned to the tenderers.

A duplicate of the tender should be forwarded by the tenderer by post to the Hon. the Controller of Revenue, Colombo, at the same time as he forwards the original to the Assistant Government Agent, Hambantota.

The Government reserves for itself the right to reject any or all tenders, or to accept any part of any tender.

Hambantota Kachcheri, L. S. WOOLF,  
August 21, 1909. Assistant Government Agent.

**TENDERS** are hereby invited for the purchase of the following stocks of salt, viz. :—

(a) The salt collected in 1907, and now lying at the Trincomalee stores, amounting to 6,114 cwt. more or less.

(b) The salt collected in 1908, and now lying at the Trincomalee stores, amounting to 18,301 cwt. more or less, and at the Nilaveli stores amounting to 41,540 cwt. more or less.

(c) The salt manufactured at Nilaveli during the present year and estimated at 71,005 cwt.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed separately, the original being forwarded to the Assistant Government Agent, Trincomalee, and the duplicate to the Hon. the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. They should be marked "Tenders for purchase of Salt" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the respective offices not later than midday on Thursday, September 30, 1909.

4. The tenders are to be made on forms which will be supplied upon application at the Trincomalee Kachcheri, or at the Office of the Hon. the Controller of Revenue, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form.

5. A deposit of Rs. 100 will be required to be made at the Trincomalee or any other Kachcheri or at the Government Treasury, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond, or fail to furnish approved security, within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Assistant Government Agent, Trincomalee, or his duly authorized representative, that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

6. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount of security required will be one-tenth the value of salt to be sold to the applicant.

7. The tenders must state the price at which all the salt above referred to or any portion of it will be purchased, and the time within which such salt will be removed by the purchaser. Different prices may be quoted for the different varieties of salt, i.e., of 1907, 1908, or 1909, salt as it lies at Trincomalee or at Nilaveli, as the case may be.

8. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

9. It will be necessary to deposit the full value of the salt purchased before any portion of it is removed, provided that purchasers of 5,000 cwt. or more may pay for 5,000 cwt. at a time, such payment to be made before removal of the salt so paid for.

10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and of accepting any or all tenders, and of accepting any portion of a tender.

W. H. JACKSON,  
Colombo, September 1, 1909. Controller of Revenue.



TENDERS are hereby invited for the purchase and removal of the following produce of the Experiment Station, Peradeniya, from January 1, 1910, to June 30, 1911:—

(1) Cacao, No. 1 quality, about 150 cwt. (price per cwt. should be quoted); cacao, No. 2 quality, black cacao, about 50 cwt. (price per cwt. should be quoted); cacao, No. 3 quality, light cacao, about 50 cwt. (price per cwt. should be quoted).

(2) Tea, green leaf, about 30,000 lb. (price per lb. should be quoted).

(3) Coconuts, about 65,000 (price per 1,000 for good nuts and per 1,000 for copra nuts should be quoted).

(4) Arecanuts, the product of 5,000 trees (price for the entire crop for 18 months should be quoted).

(5) Grass, about 35 acres along bank of river (price per 100 bundles, each 2½ ft. in circumference, should be quoted).

(6) Paddy, about 100 bushels (price per bushel should be quoted).

(7) Pepper, about 15 bushels (price per bushel should be quoted).

(8) Rubber, about 500 lb. (price per lb. for "biscuits" and per lb. for "scrap" should be quoted).

(9) Milk, about 250 bottles per month (price per bottle should be quoted).

(10) Essential oils (citronella and lemon grass), about 25 gallons (price per gallon should be quoted).

(11) Coffee, about 100 lb. (price per lb. should be quoted).

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tendere should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue or be sent through the post.

4. Tendere should be marked "Tenders for produce of Experiment Station, Peradeniya," in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on September 21, 1909.

5. A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the receipt should be attached to the original tender. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond, or fail to furnish security, within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Head of the Department, or his duly authorized representative, that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

6. Tendere may be made for each or for all the products mentioned in paragraph 1.

7. Cash security will be required for the fulfilment of the contracts as follows:—

	Rs.
(1) For cacao .. ..	300
(2) For tea .. ..	100
(3) For coconuts .. ..	150
(4) For arecanuts .. ..	20
(5) For grass .. ..	150
(6) For paddy .. ..	20
(7) For pepper .. ..	20
(8) For rubber .. ..	100
(9) For milk .. ..	20
(10) For essential oils .. ..	50
(11) For coffee .. ..	20

8. Samples of cacao, coconuts, &c., can be seen at the Experiment Station, Peradeniya.

9. (Item 3) The husking of the coconuts must be done at the expense of the contractor, and the contractor must agree to remove all the coconuts in the store at the Experiment Station on the last day in each month throughout the 18 months. In

the event of non-compliance with these terms, the deposit and cash security will be forfeited to the Crown.

10. (Item 4) The collecting, curing, and removal of the arecanuts shall be at the expense and risk of the contractor.

11. (Item 5) The cutting and removal of the grass shall be at the expense of the contractor, and the contractor must undertake to cut and remove not less than 250 bundles of grass per diem. The contractor shall allow to be cut as many bundles of grass as are required daily for the use of the Experiment Station. Should the contractor fail to allow of such supply of grass, the Superintendent of the Experiment Station shall be at liberty to purchase the same elsewhere, and at whatever cost, and the contractor shall pay the full amount of such cost, and all expenses attending the purchasing and procuring of the same.

The contractor must undertake to weed the plots of grass and to manure them with cattle manure to the satisfaction of the Superintendent of the Experiment Station. Should the contractor fail to carry out the weeding and general tending of the grass land, his deposit and security or any part of it, as the Superintendent shall find fit, will be forfeited to the Crown.

12. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

13. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tendere, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

R. H. LOCK,  
Acting Director.

Royal Botanic Gardens,  
Peradeniya, August 31, 1909.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the purchase and removal of arecanuts from about 5,000 trees on the Experiment Station, Peradeniya, from October 1, 1909, to December 31, 1909.

2. All tendere should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Director, Royal Botanic Gardens, Peradeniya.

3. Tendere should be marked "Tender for Arecanuts, Experiment Station, Peradeniya," in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Director, Royal Botanic Gardens, Peradeniya, not later than midday on September 20, 1909.

4. A deposit of Rs. 10 will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the receipt should be attached to the original tender. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond, or fail to furnish security within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Head of the Department, or his duly authorized representative, that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

5. Cash security to the extent of Rs. 50 will be required for the due fulfilment of the contract.

6. Samples of arecanuts can be seen at the Experiment Station, Peradeniya.

7. The collecting, curing, and removal of the arecanuts shall be at the expense and risk of the contractor.

8. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

9. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tendere, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

R. H. LOCK,  
Acting Director.

Royal Botanic Gardens,  
Peradeniya, August 31, 1909.

**TENDERS** are hereby invited for the supply of best soolai rice for the coolies at the Experiment Station, Peradeniya, and the Botanic Gardens, Peradeniya, from January 1, 1910, to June 30, 1911.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for supply of Rice, Experiment Station, Peradeniya, and the Botanic Gardens, Peradeniya," in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo, not later than midday on September 21, 1909.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Office of the Director, Royal Botanic Gardens, Peradeniya, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form. Any alterations made in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all tenders containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

6. A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond, or fail to furnish security, within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Head of the Department or his duly authorized representative that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

7. Cash security to the extent of Rs. 300 will be required for the due fulfilment of the contract.

8. Samples of the rice tendered for are to be deposited in sealed packets or bottles at the Office of the Director, Royal Botanic Gardens, Peradeniya, not later than midday on September 21, 1909.

9. To each sample must be firmly attached a label on which is stated the name of the tenderer and the description of the article adopted in his tender.

10. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

11. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

R. H. LOCK,  
Acting Director.

Royal Botanic Gardens,  
Peradeniya, August 31, 1909.

**TENDERS** are invited to carry out the following works during 1912:—

(a) To fell within 6 in. of the ground 2,929 satin, palu, milla, and mi trees, more or less, in an area of the North-Central Province called Nambadawewa Forest; bounded on the north by Nambadawewa minor road, on the east by Yoda-ela, on the west by Kala-oya, and on the south by Katukelinyawa pinpara. To saw and convert the logs into broad gauge sleepers, each 9 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in., and to deliver the sleepers neatly stacked at the Railway Station at Talawa in such manner as the Assistant Conservator of Forests directs. Portions of any logs not suitable for broad gauge sleepers should be sawn into narrow gauge sleepers, each 5 ft. by 9 in. by 4½ in. or 5 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in., and delivered in the same way as the broad gauge sleepers at the same spot. The distance from the centre of the felling area to the Railway Station at Talawa is 18 miles, of which 13 miles is metalled road and 5 miles village path. This work

should be completed within nine months of the date of contract.

(b) To fell within 6 in. of the ground 3,625 satin, palu, milla, and mi trees, more or less, in an area of the North-Central Province called Alutgantergagama forest; bounded on the north by Katukelinyawa pinpara, on the east by Yoda-ela, on the west by Kadiragama felling area, and on the south by Kadiragama minor road. To saw and convert the logs into broad gauge sleepers, each 9 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in., and to deliver the sleepers neatly stacked at the Railway Station at Talawa in such manner as the Assistant Conservator of Forests directs. Portions of any logs not suitable for broad gauge sleepers should be sawn into narrow gauge sleepers, each 5 ft. by 9 in. by 4½ in. or 5 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in., and delivered in the same way as the broad gauge sleepers at the same spot. The distance from the centre of the felling area to the Railway Station at Talawa is 18½ miles, of which 4 miles is new path and 14½ miles metalled road. This work should be completed within nine months of the date of contract.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman, Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should be either deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Sleeper Service, North-Central Province," in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, September 28, 1909. Tenderers may apply for one, two, or three years' supply (*vide* other notices of this division published in this *Gazette*).

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Forest Office, Anuradhapura, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form.

6. A deposit of Rs. 20 for each separate service will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Anuradhapura Division, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the acceptance of the tender will be nugatory. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

7. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

8. Five per cent. of the estimated cost of the sleepers will have to be deposited for each service as security for the due fulfilment of the contract before it is signed; and all other necessary information can be ascertained upon application at the office referred to in section 5.

9. No tender will be considered unless in respect to it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any tender or any portion of a tender.

11. A rate per broad gauge and a rate per narrow gauge sleeper delivered must be quoted both in words and figures.

J. C. C. MIDDLETON,  
Assistant Conservator of Forests,  
Anuradhapura Division.

Forest Office,  
Anuradhapura, August 12, 1909.

**TENDERS** are hereby invited for the under-mentioned works to be carried out during 1910:—

(a) To fell and deliver on stages at Ohiya 750 cubic yards of firewood per mensem, to be in lengths of 3 feet and not more than 24 inches or less than 12 inches in girth.

(b) To fell and deliver on the railway line between Nanu-oya and Pattipola 1,333 cubic yards firewood per mensem, to be cut in lengths of 3 feet and not more than 24 inches or less than 12 inches in girth.

(c) To fell and deliver at Kandapola wood stages 150 cubic yards of firewood per mensem, to be cut in lengths of 2 feet and not more than 24 inches or less than 12 inches in girth.

The following woods should not be cut for firewood, viz., etdamata, lunumidella, rukattana, divikaduru, cotton, eraboda, dedap, kekuna, amba, gedumba, kaju, and walkaduru.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for the supply of Firewood to the Railway" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, September 28, 1909.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied on application at the Office of the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Nuwara Eliya, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form.

6. A deposit of Rs. 20 for each separate service tendered for will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into contract or bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Nuwara Eliya Division, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the acceptance of the tender will be nugatory. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

7. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

8. The rate per cubic yard must be written both in figures and words.

9. All alterations in any tender must be initialled by person signing it. Otherwise the tender will be rejected as informal.

10. A deposit of 5 per cent. on the total cost of each separate service will be required as security for the due fulfilment of the contract before it is ratified.

11. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

12. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

13. Other necessary information can be ascertained on application at the office referred to in section 5.

L. V. WILLIAMS,  
Assistant Conservator of Forests,  
Nuwara Eliya Division.  
Forest Office,  
Nuwara Eliya, July 27, 1909.

**TENDERS** are invited to carry out the following works during 1911:—

To fell within 6 in. of the ground 5,080 satin, palu, mills, and mi trees more or less in an area of the North-Central Province, called Anurugama forest; bounded on the north by Tambutuwwewa proposed reserve, on the east by Kala-oya, on the west by the boundary between North-Central Province and Central Province, and on the south by Kadirasgama pinpara. To saw and convert the logs into broad gauge sleepers, each 9 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in., and to deliver the sleepers neatly stacked at the Railway Station at Talawa in such manner as the Assistant Conservator of Forests directs. Portions of any logs not suitable for broad gauge sleepers should be sawn into narrow gauge sleepers, each 5 ft. by 9 in. by 4½ in. or 5 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in., and delivered in the same way as the broad gauge sleepers at the same spot. The distance from the centre of the felling area to the Railway Station at Talawa is 16½ miles, of which 7 miles is minor road and 9½ miles metalled road. This work should be completed within nine months of the date of contract.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman, Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should be either deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Sleeper Service, North-Central Province," in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, September 28, 1909. Tenderers may apply for one, two, or three years' supply (*vide* other notices of this division published in this *Gazette*).

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Forest Office, Anuradhapura, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form.

6. A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Anuradhapura Division, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the acceptance of the tender will be nugatory. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

7. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

8. Five per cent. of the estimated cost of the sleepers will have to be deposited as security for the due fulfilment of the contract before it is signed, and all other necessary information can be ascertained upon application at the office referred to in section 5.

9. No tender will be considered, unless in respect to it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any tender or any portion of a tender.

11. A rate per broad gauge and a rate per narrow gauge sleeper delivered must be quoted both in words and figures.

J. C. C. MIDDLETON,  
Assistant Conservator of Forests,  
Anuradhapura Division.  
Forest Office,  
Anuradhapura, August 12, 1909.

**TENDERS** are invited to carry out the following work during 1910 :—

To fell within 6 inches of the ground 2,000 palu, satin, milla, kumbuk, or mi trees (more or less), in an area of the North-Central Province, of the irrigable land of Nachchaduwa; bounded on the north by Anuradhapura-Galkulam road, on the east by Anuradhapura-Galkulam road, and on the south and west by Alankulam road. To saw and convert the logs into broad gauge sleepers 9 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in., and to deliver the sleepers neatly stacked at the Railway Station, Anuradhapura, in such manner as the Assistant Conservator of Forests directs. Portions of any logs not suitable for broad gauge sleepers should be sawn into narrow gauge sleepers, each 5 ft. by 9 in. by 4½ in. or, 5 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in., and delivered in the same manner as the broad gauge sleepers at the same spot. The distance from the centre of the felling area to the Anuradhapura Railway Station is about 8 to 17 miles. The work should be completed within nine months of the date of contract.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman, Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should be either deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Sleeper Service, N.C. P.," in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, September 28, 1909. Tenderers may apply for one, two, or three years' supply (*vide* other notices of this division published in this *Gazette*).

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Forest Office, Anuradhapura, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form.

6. A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Anuradhapura Division, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the acceptance of the tender will be nugatory. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

7. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

8. No tender will be considered unless in respect to it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

9. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any tender or any portion of a tender.

10. Only such trees as have been marked by the Forest Department for this purpose can be felled.

11. A rate per broad gauge and a rate per narrow gauge sleeper delivered must be quoted both in words and figures.

12. A cash security of 5 per cent. of the estimated cost of the sleepers will be required at the time of entering into the contract, and all other necessary information can be ascertained upon application at the office referred to in section 5.

J. C. C. MIDDLETON,  
Assistant Conservator of Forests,  
Anuradhapura Division.

Forest Office,  
Anuradhapura, August 30, 1909.

**TENDERS** are hereby invited for a period of seven months commencing from January 1, 1909 :—

(a) For felling, barking, logging, and squaring 75 satinwood logs from Periya Pullumalai forest, and for transporting and delivering the same to Batticaloa bar.

(b) For felling, barking, logging, and squaring 25 satinwood logs and 150 ranai logs from forests in Koralai pattu, and for transporting and delivering the same to the nearest shipping port.

(c) For felling, barking, logging, and squaring 50 halmilla logs and 25 milla logs in Akkarai pattu range, and for transporting and delivering the same at Arugam bay.

(d) For felling, barking, logging, and squaring 50 ranai and 50 palai logs from Kantalai forest, and for transporting and delivering them at the Trincomalee depôt.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for felling and delivering of Timber" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, September 28, 1909.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Office of the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Batticaloa, or at Trincomalee, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form.

6. A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the acceptance of the tender will be nugatory. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract. Five per cent. of the estimated total sum, which will have to be paid for the work, must be deposited as security for the due fulfilment of the contract before it is signed. A rate per cubic foot of timber delivered must be quoted, written both in words and figures. Separate tenders should be made for works marked (a), (b), (c), and (d).

7. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

8. Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of each contract. The amount of each bond, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained upon application at the offices referred to in section 5. A cash security of 5 per cent. of the value of contract will be required of the contractor when entering into the bond.

9. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

G. D. TEMPLER,  
Assistant Conservator of Forests,  
Batticaloa Division.

Forest Office,  
Batticaloa, July 28, 1909.

**TENDERS** are hereby invited for supply of railway sleepers from the under-mentioned forests during 1910, 1911, and 1912, viz. :—

1. Envelopes to be marked "Nagasela Forest" in the left hand corner of the envelope.

To convert 400 palu trees annually into broad gauge sleepers of 9 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in. from Nagasela forest, lying to the east and west of the road leading from Namaduwa, Kiriyanakali, between the 4th and 5th mileposts. The road leaves Namaduwa between the 27th and 28th mileposts on the road from Kurunegala to Puttalam. The forest is 6 miles distant from Kurunegala to Puttalam. The forest is 6 miles distant from Nikaweratiya and 18 miles from Maho Railway Station.

The sleepers to be transported to Maho Railway Station yard.

2. Envelopes to be marked "Innamaluwa Forest" in the left hand corner of the envelope.

To convert 450 palu and milla trees annually into broad gauge sleepers of 9 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in. from Innamaluwa forest, Dambulla, situate to the north of the road between the 52nd and 54th mileposts from Matale to Trincomalee the distance to Matale Railway Station being 38 miles.

The sleepers to be transported to Matale Railway Station Depot.

3. Envelopes to be marked "Kiriwelhena forest" in the left hand corner of the envelope.

To convert 1,250 palu and milla trees annually into broad gauge sleepers of 9 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in. from Kiriwelhena forest, Dambulla, situate from 2 to 6 miles east of the 40th milepost from Matale to Dambulla, the distance to Matale Railway Station being from 26 to 30 miles.

The sleepers to be transported to Matale Railway Station Depot.

2. Separate tenders will be received for each forest specified above, stating a rate per sleeper, and the tenderers may apply for one, two, or three years' supply.

3. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

4. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

5. Tenders should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday, on Tuesday, September 28, 1909.

6. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the office of the Deputy Conservator of Forests, Kurunegala Division, Kurunegala, and no tenders will be considered unless it is on the recognized form.

7. A deposit of Rs. 20 for each separate service will be required to be made either at the Treasury or in a Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any forms of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Deputy Conservator of Forests, Kurunegala Division, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the acceptance of the tender will be nugatory. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

8. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

9. Cash security at the rate of 5 per cent. on the amount of each contract will be required before contracts are entered into, and all other necessary

information can be ascertained upon application at the office referred to in section 6.

10. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

11. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

H. F. C. FYERS,  
Deputy Conservator of Forests,  
Kurunegala Division.

Kurunegala, July 30, 1909.

**TENDERS** are hereby invited for the under-mentioned service for period commencing from January 1, 1910, to June 30, 1911 :—

To fell and deliver at the Nuwara Eliya depot from the Kandapola-Sita Eliya reserve, situated at Kandapola (5th milepost), 6,540 cubic yards more or less of firewood, in lengths of 3 feet and not more than 2 feet 6 inches and not less than 9 inches in circumference, at the rate of 545 cubic yards per mensem.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Nuwara Eliya Depot Supply" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, September 28, 1909.

5. Tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Office of the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Nuwara Eliya, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form.

6. A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and to the bond, or fail to furnish approved security within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Head of the Department or his duly authorized representative that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the acceptance of the tender will be nugatory. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

7. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

8. The rate per cubic yard must be quoted, written both in words and figures.

9. All alterations in any tender should be initialled by the persons signing it. All tenders containing alterations not so initialled will be rejected as informal.

10. The sum of 5 per cent. on the total cost of the service will have to be deposited as security for the due fulfilment of the contract before it is signed.

11. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

12. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

13. All other necessary information can be obtained upon application at the office referred to in section 5.

L. V. WILLIAMS,  
Assistant Conservator of Forests,  
Nuwara Eliya Division.

Forest Office,  
Nuwara Eliya, July 27, 1909.

**TENDERS** are hereby invited for the supply of 225 palu logs, 1,500 posts, 3,750 pachchus, 7,500 warichchus, and 750 valais, more or less, of common timber from areas near Killinochchi in the Northern Province. The supply will be required to be completed in five deliveries, one in each of the months of February, June, and October of 1910 and February and May of 1911. Delivery in each case should be made within six weeks of the date of order to the contractor.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Jaffna Depot timber Supply" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, September 28, 1909.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at Forest Office, Jaffna, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form.

6. A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond, or fail to furnish approved security within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Head of the Department or his duly authorized representative that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the acceptance of the tender will be nugatory. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

7. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

8. Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of each contract. All other necessary information can be ascertained upon application at the offices referred to in section 5. A cash security of 5 per cent. of the value of contract will be required of the contractors when entering into the bond.

9. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

11. Arrangements with the railway will be made by the Forest Department for the conveyance of the timber from Killinochchi, and the contractor is expected to load the trucks at Killinochchi, unload same at the Jaffna Depot, and to arrange the timber in an orderly manner as the Depotkeeper may require.

12. Carriage in jungle to Killinochchi will not be over a greater distance than three miles.

13. Tenders should quote both in words and figures rates as follows :—

- Palu logs : — per cubic foot.
- Posts : — per post.
- Valais : — per valai.
- Pachchus : — per 100 pachchus.
- Warichchus : — per 1,000 warichchus.

FRED. J. S. TURNER,  
Assistant Conservator of Forests,  
Forest Office, Jaffna Division.  
Jaffna, August 12, 1909.

**TENDERS** are hereby invited for sleeper supply service "K."

To fell within six inches of the ground 2,000 (more or less) palu, milla, mi, kumbuk, and inferior satinwood trees on an area in the Vavuniya range enclosed within the following boundaries :—

*North.*—The Mannar-Madawachchiya road from the 43½ milepost to the 41st mile.

*East.*—The Province boundary as far as Marudhamadu.

*South.*—The Naruvili-aar.

*West.*—The Naruvili-aar to the 41st mile on the Mannar road.

All utilizable portions of these trees must be sawn into broad gauge railway sleepers, which must be properly stacked and delivered at Mankulam. Any portions of the trees which will not yield broad gauge sleepers must, if possible, be sawn into narrow gauge sleepers, which must be delivered in the same manner as the broad gauge.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Sleeper Service 'K,'" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, September 28, 1909.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Forest Office, Jaffna, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form.

6. A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Jaffna Division, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the acceptance of the tender will be nugatory. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

7. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

8. Cash security of 5 per cent. of the value of the work will be required of the contractor when entering into the bond, and all other necessary information can be ascertained upon application at the office referred to in section 5.

9. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

11. Tenders should quote both in words and figures a rate per broad gauge and a rate per narrow gauge sleeper delivered and stacked.

12. Only trees allotted for the purpose by the Forest Department are to be felled.

13. The time allowed for completion of the work will be twelve months.

FRED. J. S. TURNER,  
Assistant Conservator of Forests,  
Forest Office, Jaffna Division.  
Jaffna, July 10, 1909.

**TENDERS** are hereby invited for felling within six inches of the ground in an area in the Iranaimadu forest, bounded on the north by Iranaimadu tank bund, east by Kanagarayan-aru, south by Kokkuvil road, and west by the eastern boundary of the Iranaimadu reserved forest, 1,500 (more or less) palu and milla trees, to trim them into logs of suitable lengths, and to remove the logs to the Iranaimadu Depot.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Iranaimadu Logs" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, September 28, 1909.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Office of the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Jaffna, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form.

6. A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Jaffna Division, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the acceptance of the tender will be nugatory. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

7. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

8. Cash security equal to 5 per cent. of the cost of work will be required of the contractor at the time of entering into the necessary bond, and all other information can be ascertained upon application at the office referred to in section 5.

9. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

11. Tenders should quote both in words and figure a rate per cubic foot delivered.

12. The time allowed for completion of the work will be three and a half months.

FRED. J. S. TURNER,  
Assistant Conservator of Forests,  
Jaffna Division.

Forest Office,  
Jaffna, July 10, 1909.

**TENDERS** are hereby invited for the supply of firewood to the Railway Department from the under-mentioned forests during 1910, viz. :—

(1) Envelopes to be marked "Firewood Supply, Pubb-oya Forest," in the left hand corner of the envelope.

To fell, transport, and deliver 800 cubic yards of firewood from Pubb-oya forest, situate to the south of Deduru-oya and on both sides of the railway line to Jaffna, to 68½ milepost, Northern Line.

(2) Envelopes to be marked "Firewood Supply, Gapellawa Mukalana," in the left hand corner of the envelope.

To fell, transport, and deliver 4,000 cubic yards of firewood from Gapellawa Mukalana, situate to the west of Ganewatta Railway station, a distance varying from ½ to 2 miles to the Ganewatta Railway Station yard.

(3) Envelopes to be marked "Firewood Supply, Motaranpatana Forest," in the left hand corner of the envelope.

To fell, transport, and deliver 6,000 cubic yards of firewood from Motaranpatana forest, situate to the east of the railway line, distance varying from ½ to 2 miles to 101 and 102 mileposts, Northern Line.

2. Separate tenders will be received for each forest as specified above.

3. Whole of the work to be completed within the year, one-twelfth of the quantity being supplied each month. Each piece of wood should be 3 ft. in length and not less than 12 in. nor more than 36 in. in girth, and the following species should not be cut for firewood etdemata, lumumidella, rukattana, divikaduru, kaju, walkaduru, kottan, erabadu, dadap, kekuna, amba, and gedamba.

4. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

5. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

6. Tenders should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, September 28, 1909.

7. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Office of the Deputy Conservator of Forests, Kurunegala Division, Kurunegala, and no tenders will be considered unless it is on the recognized form.

8. A deposit of Rs. 20 for each separate service will be required to be made either at the Treasury or in a Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Deputy Conservator of Forests, Kurunegala Division, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the acceptance of the tender will be nugatory. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

9. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose address must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

10. Cash security at the rate of 5 per cent. on the amount of each contract will be required before contracts are entered into, and all other necessary information can be ascertained upon application at the office referred to in section 7.

11. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

12. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

H. F. C. FYERS,  
Deputy Conservator of Forests,  
Kurunegala Division.

Kurunegala, August 14, 1909.

**TENDERS** are hereby invited for the under-mentioned works to be carried out during 1910, 1911, and 1912:—

(a) To fell in Dediyaigala Forest in the Matara District and to saw, transport, and deliver at the Matara Railway Station 7,500 sleepers of 9 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in. 2,500 sleepers are annually required, and they

should be supplied in lots of not less than 500 every two months from date of signing the contract.

(b) To fell in Kannaliya Forest in the Galle District, and to saw, transport, and deliver at the Gintota Railway Station 7,500 sleepers of 9 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in. 2,500 sleepers are annually required, and they should be supplied in lots of not less than 500 every two months from date of signing the contract.

2. The required number of na and milla trees to be felled and converted into sleepers have been girdled and numbered in successive order in the above-mentioned forests.

3. Separate tenders for (a) and (b) should be made and a rate per sleeper delivered should be quoted, written both in words and figures. Tenderers should also quote a rate per sleeper of 5 ft. by 9 in. by 4½ in. to be sawn from timber unsuited for conversion into broad gauge sleepers; and they may apply for one, two, or three years' supply.

4. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

5. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

6. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Supply of Sleepers" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, September 28, 1909.

7. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Office of the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Matara, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form.

8. A deposit of Rs. 20 separately for (a) and (b) will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kacheheri, and receipts produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Assistant Conservator of Forests that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the acceptance of the tender will be nugatory. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

9. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

10. All other necessary information can be ascertained upon application at the office referred to in section 7. Cash security at the rate of 5 per cent. on the amount of the contract will be required before signing of contract.

11. All alterations in any tender should be initialled by the person signing it. All tenders containing alterations not so initialled will be rejected as informal.

12. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

13. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

WALLIS W. FYERS,  
Assistant Conservator of Forests,  
Galle Division.

Office of the Assistant Conservator of Forests,  
Matara, July 30, 1909.

TENDERS are hereby invited to fell 16,800 cubic yards (more or less) of firewood in Kebollakanda, Laolugodakele, and Lulwalakele at Induruwa and in Horaketiyakele, Pelagaskanda, and Polattukanda at Kosgoda, in the Galle District, and to transport and deliver at Railway Stations between Galle and Alutgama, in twelve monthly instalments, of not less than 1,400 cubic yards in each supply, commencing from January 1, 1910. 2,800 cubic yards of firewood should be supplied from Polattukanda, and the balance from the other forests.

2. Each piece of wood should be 3 ft. in length, and not less than 12 in. nor more than 36 in. in girth, and the following species should not be cut for firewood, namely:—etdemata, lunumidella, rukattana, divikaduru, kottan, erabadu, dadap, kekuna, amba, gedumba, kaju, and walkaduru.

3. Separate rate per cubic yard of firewood delivered from Polattukanda and other forests may be quoted, written both in words and figures.

4. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

5. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

6. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Supply of Firewood" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, September 28, 1909.

7. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the office of the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Matara, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form.

8. A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kacheheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Assistant Conservator of Forests that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the acceptance of the tender will be nugatory. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of the contract.

9. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

10. All other necessary information can be ascertained upon application at the office referred to in section 7. Cash security at the rate of 5 per cent. on the amount of the contract will be required before signing of contract.

11. All alterations in any tender should be initialled by the person signing it. All tenders containing alterations not so initialled will be rejected as informal.

12. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

13. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

WALLIS W. FYERS,  
Assistant Conservator of Forests,  
Galle Division.

Office of the Assistant Conservator of Forests,  
Matara, August 12, 1909.



**TENDERS** are hereby invited for the supply of 9,000 stacked cubic yards, more or less, of firewood to the Railway Department at Killinochchi siding in 1910. Firewood to be cut from such areas near Killinochchi as may be defined by the Forest Department. About 300 cubic yards per week must be supplied. Each piece of wood should be 3 ft. in length, and not less than 12 in. nor more than 36 in. in girth. The following species should not be cut for firewood, viz.:—Etdemata, lunumidella, rukattana, divikaduru, kadju, walkaduru, cotton, erabadu, dadap, kekuna, amba, gedumba.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Railway Firewood Supply, Jaffna Division," in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, September 28, 1909.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Forest Office, Jaffna, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form.

6. A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kacheheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the acceptance of the tender will be nugatory. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

7. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

8. Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of each contract. The amount of each bond and all other necessary information can be ascertained upon application at the office referred to in section 5. A cash security of 5 per cent. of the value of contract will be required of the contractor when entering into the bond.

9. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

11. A rate per cubic yard delivered at the siding should be quoted written both in words and figures.

12. The areas will be within 2 miles of Killinochchi.

FRED. J. S. TURNER,  
Assistant Conservator of Forests,  
Forest Office, Jaffna Division.  
Jaffna, August 12, 1909.

**TENDERS** are invited to carry out the following works during 1910:—

(a) To fell within 6 inches of the ground 900 satin, palu, milla, and mi trees, more or less, in an area of the North-Central Province, called Migaswewa forest; bounded on the north by the railway line, on the east by Yoda-ela, on the west by a pinpara, and on the south by a footpath. To saw and convert the logs into broad gauge sleepers each 9 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in., and to deliver the sleepers neatly stacked at the Railway Station at Talawa in such manner as the Assistant Conservator of Forests directs. Portions of any logs not suitable for broad gauge sleepers should be sawn into narrow gauge sleepers, each 5 ft. by 9 in. by 4½ in. or 5 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in., and

delivered in the same way as the broad gauge sleepers at the same spot. The distance from the centre of the felling area to the Railway Station at Talawa is 2½ miles, of which 2 miles is village path and half a mile metalled road. This work should be completed within nine months of the date of contract.

(b) To fell within 6 inches of the ground 4,589 satin, palu, milla, and mi trees, more or less, in an area of the North-Central Province, called Ambagaswewa forest; bounded on the north by a footpath, on the east by the Yoda-ela, on the west by Tambuttugama proposed reserve, and on the south by Nambadaswewa minor road; to saw and convert the logs into broad gauge sleepers, each 9 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in., and to deliver the sleepers neatly stacked at the Railway Station at Talawa in such manner as the Assistant Conservator of Forests directs. Portions of any logs not suitable for broad gauge sleepers should be sawn into narrow gauge sleepers, each 5 ft. by 9 in. by 4½ in., or 5 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in., and delivered in the same way as broad gauge sleepers at the same spot. The distance from the centre of the felling area to the Railway Station is 14 miles, of which 5 miles is village path and 9 miles metalled road. This work should be completed within nine months of the date of contract.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman, Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should be either deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Sleeper Service, N.C. P." in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, September 28, 1909. Tenderers may apply for one, two, or three years' supply (*vide* other notices of this division published in this *Gazette*).

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Forest Office, Anuradhapura, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form.

6. A deposit of Rs. 20 for each separate service will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kacheheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Anuradhapura Division, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and acceptance of the tender will be nugatory. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

7. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

8. A cash security at the rate of 5 per cent. on the amount of each contract will be required at the time of entering into contract, and all other information can be ascertained upon application at the office referred to in section 5.

9. No tender will be considered unless in respect to it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any tender or any portion of a tender.

11. A rate per broad gauge and a rate per narrow gauge sleeper delivered must be quoted both in words and figures.

J. C. C. MIDDLETON,  
Assistant Conservator of Forests,  
Anuradhapura Division.  
Forest Office,  
Anuradhapura, August 5, 1909.

**TENDERS** for the supply of firewood to Railway Department for one year commencing from January 1, 1910.

Tenders are hereby invited for the supply of the following firewood to Railway Department from the following Crown forests:—Dambuweganda, Padawigampola, Paluwattomukalana, Dodankoha, Namalgamuwa, Werella, Welikanda, Wathapathkanda, and Ragalkanda, in Kegalla District; Batgangodakanda, Kandalankanda, Halugankanda, Diyalakanda, and Kotakanda, in Mirigama District; Weliovitakanda, Horagahalanda, in Avisawella District; Yagirala in Kalutara District. The following woods will not be accepted:—Etdarnata, dadap, kekuna, amba or mango, gedumba, lunumidella, rukattana, divikaduru, kadju, walkaduru, cotton, and erabadu.

<i>Firewood for Specials.</i>	Cubic Yards.
Between Kelaniya and Colombo side of Ambepussa station 750 yards per mensem	9,000
At Henaratgoda station 1,500 yards per mensem	18,000
Between Ambepussa and Peradeniya Junction 1,400 yards per mensem	16,800
Between Maradana and Yatiyantota 400 yards per mensem	4,800

*For Running Engines.*

At Henaratgoda, Mirigama, and Ambepussa 1,000 yards per mensem	12,000
At Alutgama station 400 yards per mensem	4,800

The length of the wood for Kelani Valley must not exceed 2 feet. Each piece of wood should not be less than 12 inches nor more than 36 inches in girth.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for the supply of Firewood to Railway" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on September 28, 1909.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application to the Deputy Conservator of Forests, Colombo Division, at the Kachcheri, Colombo, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form.

6. A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required to be made at the Colombo Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract or bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Deputy Conservator of Forests, Colombo Division, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the acceptance of the tender will be nugatory. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

7. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

8. Cash security at the rate of 5 per cent. on the amount of each contract will be required before contracts are entered into; and other necessary information can be ascertained upon application at the office referred to in section 5.

9. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

E. L. BOYD MOSS,  
Deputy Conservator of Forests.

Colombo, July 28, 1909.

**TENDERS** are hereby invited for the service described in the schedule annexed, and for convenience divided into three parts: (a), (b), and (c).

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Jaffna Depôt Firewood" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, September 28, 1909.

5. Tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Forest Office, Jaffna, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form.

6. A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond, or fail to furnish approved security, within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Head of the Department or his duly authorized representative that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

7. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

8. Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of each contract. All other necessary information can be ascertained upon application at the offices referred to in section 5. A cash security of 5 per cent. of the cost of the work in each case will be required of the contractor.

9. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

11. Rates per ton delivered in the depôt must be quoted both in words and figures.

12. The contractor is expected to load and unload firewood trucks and to weigh the firewood on the depôt scales.

FRED. J. S. TURNER,  
Assistant Conservator of Forests,  
Jaffna Division.

Forest Office,  
Jaffna, August 12, 1909.

**SCHEDULE.**

(a) To supply to the Jaffna depôt from irrigable areas under the Karachechi Scheme and within two miles of Killinochchi 3,000 tons more or less of common firewood.

All trees cut for this purpose must be cut within a foot of the ground.

The supply must be completed before the close of May, 1911, and not less than 176 tons should be delivered monthly.

Tenders must quote rates separately for delivery in Russel Square and for delivery at the old depôt site on the beach.

The Forest Department will be responsible for carriage by rail from Killinochchi to Jaffna.

(b) To supply to the Jaffna depôt from Iranaimadu tank sawing depôt 750 tons, more or less, of refuse wood from sleeper works.

The supply must be completed before the close of May, 1911, and not less than 43 tons should be delivered monthly.

Tenders must quote rates separately for placing the wood on to Railway at Iranaimadu and for placing the wood on to Railway at Killinochchi. Tenders must also quote rates separately for delivery in Russel Square and for delivery at the old depôt site on the beach.

The Forest Department will be responsible for carriage by rail.

(c) To supply to the Jaffna depôt from Mandakalar forests 750 tons, more or less, of dead firewood.

The supply must be completed before the close of May, 1911, and not less than 43 tons should be delivered monthly.

Tenders must quote rates separately for delivery in Russel Square and for delivery at the old depôt site on the beach.

The Forest Department will not be responsible for any carriage.

**TENDERS** are hereby invited for the supply of Railway sleepers in 1910, 1911, and 1912. Tenders must quote rates for each year separately, and may quote uniform rates for two or for the three years.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Paranthan Sleepers" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, September 28, 1909.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Forest Office, Jaffna, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form.

6. A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond, or fail to furnish approved security within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Head of the Department or his duly authorized representative that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the acceptance of the tender will be nugatory. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

7. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

8. Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of each contract. All other necessary information can be ascertained upon application at the office referred to in section 5. A cash security of 5 per cent. of the value of the work contracted for will be required.

9. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

11. Tenders should separately quote, both in words and figures, a rate per broad gauge and a rate per narrow gauge sleepers delivered as required.

12. Tenderers are specially requested to acquaint themselves of the positions of blocks and of the difficulties attaching to the working of each block. A plan can be seen at the Forest Office, Jaffna.

13. Specifications of sleepers can be had on application.

FRED. J. S. TURNER,  
Assistant Conservator of Forests,  
Forest Office, Jaffna Division.  
Jaffna, August 12, 1909.

#### *Schedule.*

To fell trees, convert them into Railway sleepers, and to deliver the sleepers at Paranthan Railway Station as hereinafter described.

All trees should be felled within six inches of the ground, and no unmarked tree should be felled.

The species to be worked are palu, milla, mi, and kumbuk as occurring.

The areas to be worked over are known as the irrigable lands under the Karachchi Irrigation Scheme.

All utilizable portions of trees should be converted into broad gauge sleepers if possible, and narrow gauge sleepers should be converted from pieces of wood not capable of yielding a good broad gauge.

It must be observed as a standing rule that work must commence at and proceed from the least accessible portion of each block, and the blocks must be worked in any order the Divisional Forest Officer requires.

#### *The Year 1910.*

Before the close of November, 1910, 9,000 trees (more or less), should be felled and converted into sleepers, which must be delivered correctly stacked at Paranthan Railway Station. The area to be worked in 1910 will be comprised of the blocks marked and known as sleeper blocks Nos. 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, and 12.

Three-fourths of the work must be finished by the close of July, or half the security money will be forfeited to Government.

#### *The Year 1911.*

Before the close of November, 1911, 12,200 trees (more or less), should be felled and converted into sleepers, which must be delivered correctly stacked at Paranthan Railway Station. The area to be worked in 1911 will be comprised of the blocks marked and known as sleeper blocks Nos. 5 and 10.

Three-fourths of the work must be finished by the close of July, or half the security money will be forfeited to Government.

#### *The Year 1912.*

Before the close of November, 1912, 9,400 trees (more or less), should be felled and converted into sleepers, which must be delivered correctly stacked at Paranthan Railway Station. The area to be worked in 1912 will be comprised of the block marked and known as sleeper block No. 4.

Three-fourths of the work must be finished by the close of July, or half the security money will be forfeited to Government.

**TENDERS** are hereby separately invited for each of the six sleeper supply services mentioned in the appended list.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Jaffna Sleeper Service 'M' or 'N,' &c.," in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, September 28, 1909.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Forest Office, Jaffna, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form.

6. A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the acceptance of the tender will be nugatory. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

7. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

8. Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of each contract. The amount of each bond and all other necessary information can be ascertained upon application at the offices referred to in section 5. A cash security of 5 per cent. of the cost of work on each contract will be required.

9. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

11. Tenders should separately quote, both in words and in figures, a rate per broad gauge and a rate per narrow gauge sleeper delivered stacked.

12. Only trees allotted for the purpose by the Forest Department are to be felled.

13. Specifications of sleepers can be had on application.

FRED. J. S. TURNER,  
Assistant Conservator of Forests,  
Jaffna Division.

Forest Office,  
Jaffna, August 12, 1909.

#### List of Services.

##### Service "M."

To fell within six inches of the ground 2,250 (more or less) palu, milla, mi, kumbuk, and inferior satinwood trees in an area in the Vavuniya range, bounded as follows:—

*North*: By footpath from Chinna-alankulam to Madukulam.

*East*: By footpath from Madukulam to Pandisurichchan.

*South*: By Vavuniya-Mannar road from 13½ milestone to the 14½ milestone.

*West*: By footpath from the 14½ milestone to Chinnatampankulam.

To saw the utilizable portions of these trees into broad gauge railway sleepers, and to deliver the sleepers correctly stacked at Parayanalankulam. Any portions of the trees which will not yield broad gauge sleepers must be sawn into narrow gauge sleepers if possible, and these must be delivered in the same manner as the broad gauge.

The time allowed for the completion will be to the close of September, 1910.

No payments will be made in 1909 for any work done.

##### Service "N."

To fell within six inches of the ground 650 (more or less) palu, milla, mi, kumbuk, and inferior satinwood trees in an area in the Vavuniya range, bounded as follows:—

*North*: By the Vavuniya-Mannar road from the 10½ milestone to the 9 milestone.

*East*: By Puvarasankulam-Vankalachettykulam minor road as far as the Kal-arū.

*South*: By the "tekkam" in the Kal-arū.

*West*: By the Yoda-ela from the "tekkam" to the Vavuniya-Mannar road, 10½ milestone.

To saw the utilizable portions of these trees into broad gauge railway sleepers, and to deliver the sleepers correctly stacked at Parayanalankulam. Any portions of the trees which will not yield broad gauge sleepers must be sawn into narrow gauge sleepers if possible, and these must be delivered in the same manner as the broad gauge.

The work must be completed by the close of April, 1910.

No payments will be made in 1909 for any work done.

##### Service "O."

To fell within six inches of the ground 6,000 (more or less) palu, milla, mi, kumbuk, and inferior satinwood trees in an area in the Vavuniya range, bounded as follows:—

*North*: By the Vavuniya-Mannar road from the 13½ milestone to the 10½ milestone.

*East*: By the Yoda-ela.

*South*: By the Kal-arū.

*West*: By the footpath to Pandisurichchan from the anicut in the Kal-arū via Vepankulam, Senkakulam, and Kayankulam.

To saw the utilizable portions of these trees into broad gauge railway sleepers, and to deliver the sleepers correctly stacked at Parayanalankulam. Any portions of the trees which will not yield broad gauge sleepers must be sawn into narrow gauge sleepers if possible, and these must be delivered in the same manner as the broad gauge.

The work must be completed by the close of November, 1910.

No payments will be made in 1909 for any work done.

##### Service "P."

To fell within six inches of the ground 2,600 (more or less) palu, milla, mi, kumbuk, and inferior satinwood trees in an area in the Vavuniya range, bounded as follows:—

*North*: By the footpath from Andiyapulikulam to Senkakulam.

*East*: By the footpath from Senkakulam to the anicut in the Kal-arū.

*South*: By the Madawachchiya-Mannar road from the 18½ milestone to the 20½ milestone.

*West*: By footpath from Malekulam to Andiyapulikulam.

To saw the utilizable portions of these trees into broad gauge railway sleepers, and to deliver the sleepers correctly stacked at Periyakattu. Any portions of the trees which will not yield broad gauge sleepers must be sawn into narrow gauge sleepers if possible, and these must be delivered in the same manner as the broad gauge.

The work must be completed by the close of September, 1910.

No payments will be made in 1909 for any work done.

## Service "Q."

To fell within six inches of the ground 2,500 (more or less) palu, milla, mi, kumbuk, and inferior satinwood trees in an area in the Vavuniya range, bounded as follows :—

*North* : By Vavuniya-Mannar road from the 18½ milestone as far as the 13½ milestone.

*East* : By footpath from Pandisurichchan to Senkakulam.

*South* : By footpath from Senkakulam to Andiyapuliyanukulama.

*West* : By footpath from Andiyapuliyanukulama to Minachchikulama at the 18½ milestone.

To saw the utilizable portions of these trees into broad gauge railway sleepers, and to deliver the sleepers correctly stacked at Parayanalankulam. Any portions of the trees which will not yield broad gauge sleepers must be sawn into narrow gauge sleepers if possible, and these must be delivered in the same manner as the broad gauge.

The work must be completed by the close of September, 1910.

No payments will be made in 1909 for any work done.

## Service "R."

To fell within six inches of the ground 3,000 (more or less) palu, milla, mi, kumbuk, and inferior satinwood trees in an area in the Vavuniya range, bounded as follows :—

*North* : By footpath from Minachchikulama to Andiyapuliyanukulama.

*East* : By footpath from Andiyapuliyanukulama to Malekulama.

*South* : By the Madawachchiya-Mannar road from the 20½ milestone to the 23½ milestone.

*West* : By footpath from Chinnakulam to Minachchikulama.

To saw the utilizable portions of these trees into broad gauge railway sleepers, and to deliver the sleepers correctly stacked at Periyakattu. Any portions of the trees which will not yield broad gauge sleepers must be sawn into narrow gauge sleepers if possible, and these must be delivered in the same manner as the broad gauge.

The work must be completed by the close of September, 1910.

No payments will be made in 1909 for any work done.

**TENDERS** are invited to carry out the under-mentioned works during 1910 :—

(a) To fell within six inches of the ground 2,800 milla, satin, kumbuk, and mi trees (more or less), within an area of the North-Central Province covered by the villages Ihalgandagama, Kudawewa, and Timbiriwewa. To saw and convert the trees into broad gauge sleepers, each 9 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in., and to deliver the sleepers at the 79th milepost, Jaffna Railway line, stacked in such manner as the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Anuradhapura, directs. Portions of any logs not suitable for broad gauge sleepers should be sawn into narrow gauge sleepers, each 5 ft. 9 in. by 4½ in. or 5 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in., and delivered at the same spot and stacked in the same manner as the broad gauge sleepers. The distance from the felling area to the railway line is 5 miles. This work should be completed within nine months of the date of contract.

(b) To fell within six inches of the ground 2,900 milla, satin, kumbuk, and mi trees (more or less), within an area of the North-Central Province covered by the

villages Puliyanukulama or Galkadawala, Mahakumbukollewa, Kanugawewa or Hinguruwewa. To saw and convert the trees into broad gauge sleepers, each 9 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in., and to deliver the sleepers at the 79th milepost, Jaffna Railway line, stacked in such manner as the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Anuradhapura, directs. Portions of any logs not suitable for broad gauge sleepers should be sawn into narrow gauge sleepers, each 5 ft. by 9 in. by 4½ in. or 5 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in., and delivered at the same spot and stacked in the same manner as the broad gauge sleepers. The distance from the felling area to the railway line is 4 miles. This work should be completed within nine months of the date of contract.

(c) To fell within six inches of the ground 2,000 milla, satin, kumbuk, and mi trees (more or less), within an area of the North-Central Province covered by the villages Paranaahalmillawe, Aluthalmillawe, Olugaswewa, and Gallegama. To saw and convert the trees into broad gauge sleepers, each 9 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in., and to deliver the sleepers at the 79th milepost, Jaffna Railway line, stacked in such manner as the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Anuradhapura, directs. Portions of any logs not suitable for broad gauge sleepers should be sawn into narrow gauge sleepers, each 5 ft. by 9 in. by 4½ in. or 5 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in., and delivered at the same spot and stacked in the same manner as the broad gauge sleepers. The distance from the felling area to the railway line is 8 miles. This work should be completed within nine months of the date of contract.

(d) To fell within six inches of the ground 1,000 milla, satin, kumbuk, and mi trees (more or less), within an area of the North-Central Province covered by the villages Ettambagoda. To saw and convert the trees into broad gauge sleepers, each 9 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in., and to deliver the sleepers at the 79th milepost, Jaffna Railway line, stacked in such manner as the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Anuradhapura, directs. Portions of any logs not suitable for broad gauge sleepers should be sawn into narrow gauge sleepers, each 5 ft. by 9 in. by 4½ in. or 5 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in., and delivered at the same spot and stacked in the same manner as the broad gauge sleepers. The distance from the felling area to the railway line is 10 miles. This work should be completed within nine months of the date of contract.

(e) To fell within six inches of the ground 1,900 milla, satin, kumbuk, and mi trees (more or less), within an area of the North-Central Province covered by the villages Namadawewa, Marakhamellawa, and Kidavaranhalawa. To saw and convert the trees into broad gauge sleepers, each 9 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in., and to deliver the sleepers at the 79th milepost, Jaffna Railway line, stacked in such manner as the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Anuradhapura, directs. Portions of any logs not suitable for broad gauge sleepers should be sawn into narrow gauge sleepers, each 5 ft. by 9 in. by 4½ in. or 5 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in., and delivered at the same spot and stacked in the same manner as the broad gauge sleepers. The distance from the felling area to the railway line is 3 miles. This work should be completed within nine months of the date of contract.

All the above lots are bounded as follows :—On the north by Bu-oya river ; on the east by Attakaduwa pinpara ; on the south by Issembessewewa reserve ; and on the west by the eastern boundary of the Bu-oya proposed reserve.

2. Any intending tenderer may tender for the whole of the five services or any one of them.

3. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman, Tender Board, Office of Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

4. Tenders should be either deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue or be sent through the post.

5. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Sleeper Services, North-Central Province," in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, September 28, 1909.

6. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Forest Office, Anuradhapura, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form.

7. A deposit of Rs. 20 for each separate service will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Anuradhapura Division, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the acceptance of the tender will be nugatory. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

8. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

9. All other necessary information can be ascertained upon application at the office referred to in section 6.

10. No tender will be considered unless in respect to it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

11. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any tender or any portion of a tender.

12. Only such trees as have been marked by the Forest Department for this purpose can be felled.

13. A rate per broad gauge and a rate per narrow gauge sleeper delivered must be quoted both in words and figures.

14. A cash security of 5 per cent. of the estimated cost of the sleepers will be required at the time of entering into the contract.

15. If all services are tendered for by one person, an average rate per broad gauge and narrow gauge separately should be stated for all the services in words and figures.

J. C. C. MIDDLETON,  
Assistant Conservator of Forests.  
Anuradhapura Division.

Forest Office,  
Anuradhapura, August 31, 1909.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for constructing a New School at Bosella," will be received by the Chairman, District School Committee, Kegalla (Assistant Government Agent), not later than midday on September 20, 1909, for the construction of a school building at Bosella, in Paranakuru korale, 46 ft. 9 in. × 20 ft., teacher's quarters 8 ft. 6 in. × 20 ft., kitchen 12 ft. × 10 ft., and a latrine 6 ft. × 5 ft. with pit.

The foundation to walls and pillars to be of rubble masonry in lime mortar.

The pillars to be of cut stone masonry in lime mortar with headers and stretchers binding up properly.

The walls to be of brick masonry in lime mortar, and the roof to be of sawn timber covered with half-round tiles. Jak rafters spaced 15 in. centres, and reapers spaced 4½ in. centres.

The floor to be cemented ½ in. thick on 3 in. cement concrete. Lime mortar to be 2 sand and 1 lime.

All timber to be of well-seasoned jak and del, and locks and fittings of the doors, gates, and windows to be of brass.

The Committee does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

Plans of the buildings may be inspected at this office.

For further particulars apply to—

G. F. R. BROWNING,  
Chairman.

District School Committee,  
August 28, 1909.

## SALES OF UNSERVICEABLE ARTICLES.

NOTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned unserviceable articles will be sold by public auction at the Public Works Department Store, Gampola, on October 23, 1909, at 9 A.M. :—

8 empty tar barrels  
6 cans, tin  
57 drums, iron  
5 kegs

T. H. CHAPMAN,  
for Director of Public Works.

Public Works Office,  
Colombo, September 7, 1909.

NOTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned unserviceable articles of Hulftsdorp Jail will be sold by public auction on Saturday, September 18, 1909, at 2 P.M., at the premises :—

2 chamber pots, zinc  
5 drums, iron, large and small  
2 kegs, latrine

2 lanterns, hurricane  
1 lamp, wall  
1 porawa  
52 tatties, tin  
24 tins, kerosine, empty

E. ONDATJE,  
for Superintendent.

Hulftsdorp Prison,  
Colombo, September 6, 1909.

THE under-mentioned unserviceable articles belonging to this office will be sold by public auction on Wednesday, the 15th instant, at 9 A.M. :—

1 box, cash  
1 typewriter, Barlock

J. CRAIG,  
for Acting Principal Civil Medical Officer  
and Inspector-General of Hospitals.

Civil Medical Department,  
Colombo, September 6, 1909.

## VITAL STATISTICS.

**Registrar-General's Weekly Health Report of the City of Colombo for the Week ended September 4, 1909.**

*Births.*—The total births registered were 78 (1 European, 7 Burghers, 40 Sinhalese, 12 Tamils, 12 Moors, 3 Malays, and 3 Others). The birth-rate per 1,000 per annum (calculated on the estimated population on July 1, 1909, viz., 183,872) was 22·1, as against 14·5 in the preceding week, 22·9 in the corresponding week of last year, and 25·5 the weekly average for last year.

*Deaths.*—The total deaths registered were 108 (2 Europeans, 8 Burghers, 46 Sinhalese, 29 Tamils, 20 Moors, 0 Malays, and 3 Others). The death-rate per 1,000 per annum was 30·6, as against 36·3 in the previous week, 35·4 in the corresponding week of last year, and 36·5 the weekly average for last year.

*Infantile Deaths.*—Of the 108 total deaths, 24 were of infants under one year of age, as against 33 in the preceding week, 20 in the corresponding week of the previous year, and 31 the average for last year.

*Still Births.*—The number of still births registered during the week was 7.

*Selected Causes of Death.*—As usual, *Phthisis and Pneumonia* claimed the largest number of victims. No deaths were registered from *Enteric Fever*, this being the first week since November, 1906, in which no deaths were recorded from this cause.

2. Eighteen deaths were registered from *Phthisis* (against 15 in the previous week and 13 the weekly average for last year), of which 8 were in Maradana Hospitals, 3 in Maradana (exclusive of hospitals), 2 each in St. Paul's, Kotahena and Kollupitiya, and 1 in New Bazaar.

3. Thirteen deaths were registered from *Pneumonia* (against 18 in the previous week and 12 the weekly average for last year), of which 3 were in San Sebastian, 2 each in Maradana Hospitals, Maradana (exclusive of hospitals), St. Paul's, and New Bazaar, and 1 each in Kotahena and Kollupitiya. Six deaths were registered from *Bronchitis*.

4. Nine deaths were registered from *Old Age*, 8 from *Infantile Convulsions*, 8 *Diarrhoea* (2 infants), 6 *Tetanus* (4 infants), 5 *Dysentery* (1 infant), 4 *Debility* (2 infants), 4 *Dochmias Duodenalis*, 3 *Enteritis*, and 24 from other causes.

5. No deaths were registered from *Enteric Fever*. During the week 11 cases of *Enteric Fever* were reported, against 16 in the previous week.

*State of the Weather.*—The mean temperature of air was 81·0°, against 81·1° in the preceding week and 81·8° in the corresponding week of the previous year. The mean atmospheric pressure was 29·871 in., against 29·867 in. in the preceding week and 29·880 in. in the corresponding week of the previous year. The total rainfall in the week was 0·26 in., against 3·05 in. in the preceding week and 0·37 in. in the corresponding week of the previous year.

Registrar-General's Office,  
Colombo, September 7, 1909.

P. ARUNACHALAM,  
Registrar-General.

[Notice received after closing of Part II.]

In the District Court of Chilaw.

*Order Nisi.*

Testamentary In the Matter of the Estate of the late  
Jurisdiction. Thammahetti Mudalige Don Marsa-  
No. 811. lian Peiris Appuhamy of Dum-  
maladeniya, deceased.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before T. W. Roberts, Esq., District Judge of Chilaw, on September 1, 1909, after reading the affidavit; and application of the petitioner dated September 1, 1909, in the presence of her Proctors, Messrs. Martin and Sansoni:

It is ordered that the petitioner Dona Maria Wijetunga Tillekaratna Hamine of Dummaladeniya be

and she is hereby declared entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the late Thammahetti Mudalige Don Marsalinu Peiris Appuhamy of Dummaladeniya, unless sufficient cause be shown to the contrary on September 13, 1909.

It is further ordered that Wijetunga Don Lavaris Appuhamy of Dummaladeniya be and he is hereby appointed guardian *ad litem* over the minor heirs who are respondents herein, to wit, Thammahetti Mudalige Agnes Peiris, Thammahetti Mudalige George Peiris, and Thammahetti Mudalige Cecilia Peiris, for the purposes of this action, unless sufficient cause be shown to the contrary on September 13, 1909.

September 1, 1909.

T. W. ROBERTS,  
District Judge.

RESULTS OF METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS IN CEYLON DURING THE MONTH OF JULY, 1908.

Main table containing meteorological data for stations 1 to 16. Columns include Station, Observer, Rainfall (Total No. of Inches, Greatest Quantity in any 24 hours), Barometer (Mean Reading, Highest Reading, Lowest Reading), and Temperature (Mean Daily, Maximum, Minimum).

Main table containing meteorological data for stations 17 to 103. Columns include Station, Name of Sender, Height above Level of Sea, Rainfall (Total No. of Inches, Greatest Quantity in any 24 hours), Barometer (Mean Reading, Highest Reading, Lowest Reading), and Temperature (Mean Daily, Maximum, Minimum).

ERRATA.

Table with 4 columns: Month, Station, Height, and Greatest Quantity in any 24 hours. It lists corrections for stations 17, 18, and 19.

OMISSIONS OF THE PREVIOUS ABSTRACT (Returns received late).

Table with 4 columns: Month, Station, Height, and Greatest Quantity in any 24 hours. It lists returns for stations 104, 105, and 106.

Colombo Observatory, Colombo, August 27, 1908.

H. O. BARNARD, F.R.A.S., F.R.M.S., Superintendent, Observatory.