

Government

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PART I.—General: Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, and General Government Notifications. -Legal and Judicial.

Part III.—Provincial Administration.
Part IV.—Land Settlement.
Part V.—Mercantile, Marine, Municipal, Local, &c.

Separate paging is given to each Part in order that it may be filed separately.

Part V.—Mercantile, Marine, Municipal, Local, and Miscellaneous.

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UNOFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF KANANA RUBBER ESTATE COMPANY, LIMITED.

- 1. The name of the Company is "KANANA RUBBER ESTATE COMPANY, LIMITED."
- 2. The registered office of the Company is to be established in Colombo.
- 3. The objects for which the Company is to be established are-
 - (1) To purchase or otherwise acquire from Louis Alexander Wright, Norman Farquhar Macrae, and Major Gerald Noel Anstice Harns the estate called and known as Kanana Estate containing in extent One hundred and Ninety-five acres, more or less, and situate in the Kalutara District, Western Province. The consideration or considerations to be paid for the said estate to be payable in cash or in shares of the Company or partly in cash and partly in shares of the Company. Such shares to be fully paid up or partly paid up and to be issued to the vendors or vendor and (or) their or his nominees or nominee.
 - (2) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any estate or estates, land or lands in the Island of Ceylon, India, the Federated Malay States, or elsewhere, and any right of way, water rights, and other rights, privileges, and easements and concessions, and any factories, machinery, implements, tools, live and dead stock, stores, effects, and other property, real or personal, immovable or movable, of any kind.

(3) To hold, use, clear, open, plant, cultivate, work, manage, improve, carry on, and develop the undertaking lands, and real and personal, immovable and movable estates or property and assets of any kind of the Company, or any part thereof.

(4) To plant, grow, and produce rubber, tea, coffee, coconuts, cinchona, cacao, cardamoms, rhea, ramie plants, trees, and other natural products or produce of any kind in the Island of Ceylon, India, the Federated Malay States, or elsewhere.

(5) To treat, cure, prepare, manipulate, submit to any process of manufacture, and render marketable (whether on account of the Company or others) rubber, tea, coffee, or any other such products or produce as aforesaid, or any articles or things whatsoever; to buy, sell, export, import, trade, and deal in rubber, tea, coffee, and other products, wares, merchandise, articles, and things of any kind whatsoever, either in a prepared, manufactured, or raw state, and either by wholesale or retail.

(6) To carry on in the said Island of Ceylon, India, the Federated Malay States, or elsewhere all or any of the following businesses, that is to say, planters of rubber, tea, coffee, or any other such products or produce as aforesaid in all its branches; carriers of passengers and goods by land or by water; forwarding agents, merchants, exporters, importers, traders, engineers; proprietors of docks, wherves, jetties, piers, warehouses, and boats; and of tug owners and wharfingers; and any other business which can or may conveniently be carried on in connection with the above or any of them.

(7) To acquire or establish and carry on any other business, manufacturing, shipping, or otherwise, which can be conveniently carried on in connection with any of the Company's general business; and to apply for purchase, or otherwise acquire, any patents, brevet d'invention, concessions, and the like conferring an exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the Company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit this Company; and to use, exercise, develop, grant licenses in

respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights, and information so acquired.
(8) To purchase rubber, tea leaf, coffee, and (or) other raw products or produce for manufacture. manipulation, and (or) sale.

(9) To work mines or quarries, and to find, win, get, work, crush, smelt, manufacture, or otherwise deal with ores, metals, minerals, oils, precious and other stones or deposits or products, and generally to carry on the business of mining in all branches.

(10) To purchase, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire and hold boats, barges, tugs, launches, and vessels of any description whatsoever; and to purchase, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire and hold vans, omnibuses, carriages and carts, and other vehicles of any description whatsoever; and to purchase, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire and hold all live and dead stock, chattels, and effects required for the maintenance and working of the business of carriers by land or by water; of proprietors of docks, wharves, jetties, piers, warehouses; of tug owners and wharfingers; or of any other business which can or may conveniently be carried on in connection with the above respectively.

(11) To build, make, construct, equip, maintain, improve, alter, and work rubber and tea factories, coconut and coffee-curing mills, manufactories, buildings, erections, roads, water-courses, docks, wharves, jetties, and other works, and conveniences which may be or convenient for the purposes of the Company, or may seem calculated directly otherwlirectly to advance the Company's interests; and to contribute to, subsidize, or managerse assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working,

(12) To cultivate, ent, carrain, gut, or control thereof. the Federate: Malay States, rintend estates and properties in the Island of Ceylon, India, estate agents in the said Islamand elsewhere, and generally to undertake the business of act as agents for the investment, India, the Federated Malay States, and elsewhere; to for the purchase, sale, improvement loan, payment, transmission, and collection of money and concerns and undertakings; and to development, and management of property, including

(13) To engage, employ, maintain, and dismiss ansact any other agency business of any kind. and other servants and labourers; and to reanagers, superintendents, assistants, clerks, coolies, fit, and to grant pensions or gratuities to anyunerate any such at such rate as shall be thought

1(14) To enter into any arrangements with any authorisuch or the widow or children of any such. wise, that may seem conducive to the Companies, Government, municipal, local, or otherfrom any such authority any rights, privileges, ly's objects or any of them, and to obtain think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exertand concessions which the Company may ise, and comply with such arrangements, rights, privileges, and concessions.

(15) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for

reciprocal concession, amalgamation, or co-operation wir sharing profits, union of interest, or company carrying on or about to carry on or engage th any person or persons, corporation this Company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or an any business or transaction which of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit thiny business or transaction capable wise acquire and hold shares or stock in or securities of a his Company, and to take or otherany such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or will d to subsidize or otherwise assist with such shares or securities; and to form, constitute, or thout guarantee, or otherwise deal sompanies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the promote any other company or property, rights, and liabilities of this Company, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit this Company.

(16) To procure the Company to be registered or established or Island of Ceylon, in India, the Federated Malay States, or

(17) To lend money on any terms and in any manner and on any security of plantations, factories, growing crops, produce, bi bonds, bills of lading, warrants, stocks, shares, debenturing any security at all, and generally to transact financial bush

(18) To borrow or raise money for the purposes of the Company interest or otherwise, and for the purpose of raising or secu or discharge of any obligation or liability of the Compan create, execute, grant, or issue any mortgages, mortgage bonds, or obligations of the Company either at par, premium, able or irredeemable or perpetual, secured upon all or any parights, and properties of the Company, present and future, in unpaid calls of the Company.

(19) Generally to purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire, or personal property, and any rights, privileges, licenses, or e may think necessary or convenient with reference to any of being profitably dealt with in connection with any of the d

for the time being.

athorized to do business in the elsewhere.

security, and in particular on the lls of exchange, promissory notes, res, and book debts, or without iness of any kind.

or receive money on deposit at ring money for the performance v, or for any other purpose to debentures, debenture stock, or discount, and either redeemrt of the undertaking, revenue, cluding uncalled capital or the

otherwise acquire any real or asements which the Company these objects, and capable of 'omnany's property or rights

- (20) To cause or permit any debenture stock, bonds, debentures, mortgages, charges, incumbrances, liens, or securities of or belonging to or made or issued by the Company or affecting its property or rights or any of the terms thereof to be renewed, extended, varied, redeemed, exchanged, transferred, or satisfied, as shall be thought fit, also to pay off and re-borrow the moneys secured thereby, or any part or parts thereof.
- (21) To sell the undertaking of the Company, or any part thereof, for such consideration as the Company may think fit, and in particular shares, debentures, or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this Company.
- (22) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required, upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined.
- (23) To make, accept, endorse, and execute promissory notes, bills of exchange, and other negotiable instruments.
- (24) To remunerate any parties for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place any shares in the Company's capital, or any debentures, debenture stock, or other securities of the Company, or in or about the formation or promotion of the Company or the conduct of its business.
- (25) To do all or any of the above things in any part of the world, and either as principals, agents, contractors, or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others, and either by or through agents, sub-contractors, trustees, or otherwise, and generally to carry on any business or effectuate any object of the Company.
- (26) To sell, let, lease, underlease, exchange, surrender, transfer, deliver, charge, mortgage, dispose of, turn to account, or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the Company, whether in consideration of rents, moneys, or securities for money, shares, debentures, or securities in any other company, or for any other consideration.
- (27) To pay for any lands and real or personal, immovable or movable, estate or property or assets of any kind acquired or to be acquired by the Company, or for any services rendered or to be rendered to the Company, and generally to pay or discharge any consideration to be paid or given by the Company, in money or in shares (whether fully paid up or partly paid up) or debentures or debenture stock or obligations of the Company, or partly in one way and partly in another, or otherwise howscever, with power to issue any shares either as fully paid up or partly paid up for such purpose.
- (28) To accept as consideration for the sale or disposal of any lands and real or personal, immovable or movable, estate or property or assets of the Company, or in discharge of any other consideration to be received by the Company, money or shares (whether fully paid up or partly paid up) of any company, or the debentures or debenture stock or obligations of any company or person or person or partly one and partly any other.
- or person or persons or partiy one and partiy any other.

 (29) To distribute among the Shareholders in specie any property of the Company, whether by way of dividend or upon a return of capital, but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital be made, except with the sanction for the time being required by law.
- (30) To do all such other things as may be necessary, incidental, conducive, or convenient to the attainment of the above objects or any of them. It being hereby declared that in the foregoing clause (unless a contrary intention appears) the word "person" includes any number of persons and a corporation, and that the "other objects" specified in any one paragraph are not to be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other paragraph.
- 4. The liability of the Members is limited.
- 5. The nominal capital of the Company is Four hundred and Fifty thousand Rupees (Rs. 450,000), divided into Thirty thousand (30,000) shares of Fifteen Rupees (Rs. 15) each, with power to increase or reduce the capital. The shares forming the capital (original, increased, or reduced) of the Company may be subdivided or consolidated or divided into such classes, with any preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto, and be held upon such terms as may be prescribed by the Articles of Association and Regulations of the Company for the time being or otherwise.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names:—

Names and Addresses of	•			r of Shares taken ch Subscriber.
W. HENRY FIGG, Colombo	••	• •	••	One
G. H. ALSTON, Colombo	•1•		***	One
A. THOMSON (by his attorney	G. H. ALSTON), Co	lombo	• 7.	One
T. C. HUXLEY (by his attorn	ey G. H. ALSTON), (Colombo	• •	One
Witness to the above December, 1909:	H. CREASY,		day of	
L. A. Wright, Maskeliya	Proctor, Supreme C	our o		One
G. N. A. HARRIS (by his atto	rnev L. A. WRIGHT)	. Portsmouth		One
Witness to the above s December, 1909:	-	iya, this 8th day N,	y of	
N. F. MACRAE, Bentota	•x•			One
Witness to the above s December, 1909:	ignatur e a t Bentots	, this 10th day	of	• •

P. H. O. ASH, Bentota.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF KANANA RUBBER ESTATE COMPANY, LIMITED.

IT is agreed as follows:-

1. Table C not to apply; Company to be governed by these Articles.—The regulations contained in the Table C in the schedule annexed to "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the Regulations contained in these Articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution.

2. Power to alter the regulations.—The Company may, by special resolution, alter and make provisions instead of, or in addition to, any of the regulations of the Company, whether contained and comprised in these

Articles or not.

3. None of the funds of the Company shall be employed in the purchase of, or be lent on shares of, the Company.

INTERPRETATION.

4. Interpretation clause.—In the interpretation of these presents the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless such meanings be inconsistent with, or repugnant to, the subject

Company .- The word "Company" means "Kanana Rubber Estate Company, Limited," incor-

porated or established by or under the Memorandum of Association to which these Articles are attached.

The Ordinance.—"The Ordinance" means and includes "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinances, 1861 to 1907," and every other Ordinance from time to time in force concerning Joint Stock Companies which may apply to the Company.

Special resolution and extraordinary resolution.—"Special resolution" and "extraordinary resolution" have the meanings assigned thereto respectively by "the Ordinance."

These presents.—"These presents" means and includes the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association of the Company from time to time in force.

Capital.—"Capital" means the capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the

purposes of the Company.

Shares.—"Shares" means the shares from time to time into which the capital of the Company may be divided.

Shareholder.—"Shareholder of the Company.

Presence or present.—"Resence or present at a meeting means presence or present personally or by proxy or by attorney duly authorized.

Directors.—"Directors" means the Directors for the time being of the Company or (as the case may be)

the Directors assembled at a Board.

*Board.—"Board" means a meeting of the Directors or (as the context may require) the Directors assembled at a Board Meeting, acting through at least a quorum of their body in the exercise of authority duly given to them.

Persons." Persons" means partnerships, associations, corporations, companies, unincorporated or

incorporated by Ordinance and registration, as well as individuals.

Office.—" Office" means the registered office for the time being of the Company.

Seal.—"Seal" means the common seal for the time being of the Company.

Month.—"Month" means a calendar month.

Writing.—"Writing" means printed matter or print as well as writing.

Singular and plural number. Words importing the singular number only include the plural, and

Masculine and feminine gender.-Words importing the masculine gender only include the feminine, and vice versa.

BUSINESS.

5. Commencement of business .- The Company may proceed to carry out the objects for which it is established, and to employ and apply its capital as soon after the registration of the Company as the Directors in their discretion shall think fit; and notwithstanding that the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed, applied for, or allotted they shall do so as soon as, in the judgment of the Directors, a sufficient number of shares shall have been subscribed or applied for.

6. Business to be carried on by Directors.—The business of the Company shall be carried on by, or under

the management or direction of, the Directors, and subject only to the control of General Meetings, in accordance

with these presents.

CAPITAL

7. Nominal capital.—The nominal capital of the Company is Four hundred and Fifty thousand Rupees (Rs. 450,000), divided into Thirty thousand (30,000) shares of Fifteen Rupees (Rs. 15) each.

8. Arrangement on issue of shares.—The Company may call up the balance capital whenever the Directors

shall think fit, and may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders of such

shares in the amount of calls to be paid, and the time of payment of such calls.

9. Payment of amount of shares by instalments.—If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid

to the Company by the holder of the share.

10. Increase or reduction of capital.—The Company in General Meeting may, by special resolution from time to time, increase the capital by creation of new shares of such amount per share and in the aggregate and with such special, preferential, deferred, qualified, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto as such resolution shall direct, and the Company in General Meeting may by special resolution reduce the capital as such special resolution shall direct, and may by special resolution subdivide or consolidate the shares of the Company or any of them.

New shares.—The new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions, and with such preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto, as the General Meeting resolving on the creation thereof or any other General Meeting of the Company shall direct; and if no direction be given, as the Directors shall determine, and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to the dividends and in the distribution of assets of the Company, and with a

special or without any right of voting.

12. How carried into effect.—Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the meeting that sanctions the increase of capital, all new shares shall be offered to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may, at their discretion, allot such new shares or any portion of them in payment for any estates or lands or other property purchased or acquired by the Company without first offering such shares to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company.

13. Same as original capital.—Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the provisions herein contained with reference to the payments of calls and instalments.

transfer and transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrender, and otherwise.

14. Issue.—The shares, except where otherwise provided, shall be allotted at the discretion of and by the Directors, who may from time to time issue any unissued shares, and may add to such shares such an amount of premium as they may consider proper. Provided that such unissued shares shall first be offered by the Directors to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company as nearly as possible in proportion to the shares already held by them, and such shares as shall not be accepted by the Shareholder or Shareholders to whom the shares shall have been offered within the time specified in that behalf by the Directors may be disposed of by the Directors in such manner as they think most beneficial to the Company. Provided also that the Directors may, at their discretion, allot any shares in payment for any estates or lands or other property purchased or acquired by the Company without first offering such shares to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company.

15. Acceptance.—Every person taking any share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof

by writing under his hand in such form as the Company from time to time directs.

Payment.—Payment for shares shall be made in such manner as the Directors shall from time to 16. time determine and direct.

17. Shares held by a firm.—Shares may be registered in the nant of a firm, and any partner of the firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm shall be entitled to vote and to give proxies.

18. Shares held by two or more persons not in partnership.—Shares may be registered in the name of two

or more persons not in partnership.

- 19. One of joint-holders other than a firm may give receipts; only one of joint-holders resident in Ceylon entitled to vote.—Any one of the joint-holders of a share other than a firm may give effectual receipts for any included to vote.—Any one of the joint-holders of a share other than a firm may give effectual receipts for any included to vote. dividends payable in respect of such share; but only one of such joint Shareholders shall be entitled to the right of voting and of giving proxies and exercising the other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, and if the joint-holders cannot arrange amongst themselves as to who shall vote or give proxies and exercise such other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, the Shareholder whose name stands first on the register of shares shall vote or give proxies and exercise those rights and powers; provided, however, that in the event of such first registered Shareholder being absent from the Island, the first registered Shareholder then
- resident in Ceylon shall vote or give proxies and exercise all such rights and powers as aforesaid.

 20. Survivor of joint-holder, other than a firm, only recognized.—In case of the death of any one or more of the joint-holders, of any shares, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognized

by the Company as having any title to, or interest in, such shares.
21. The joint-holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all

instalments and calls due in respect of such share.

22. Company not bound to recognize any interest in share other than that of registered holder or of any person under clause 38.—The Company shall not be bound to recognize (even though having notice of) any contingent, future, partial, or equitable interest in the nature of a trust or otherwise in any share, or any other right in respect of any share, except any absolute right thereto in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof, and except also the right of any person under clause 38 to become a Shareholder in respect of any share.

23. Certificates.—The certificates of shares shall be issued under the seal of the Company, and signed by two Directors or by one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries of the Company.

24. How issued.—Every Shareholder shall be entitled to one certificate for all the shares registered in his name, or to several certificates, each for one or more of such shares. Every certificate shall specify the

number of the share in respect of which it is issued.

- 25. Renewal of certificate.—If any certificate be worn out or defaced, then upon production thereof to the Directors they may order the same to be cancelled, and may issue a new certificate in lieu thereof; and if any certificate be lost or destroyed, then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Directors, and on such indemnity as the Directors may deem adequate being given, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the person entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate. A sum of fifty cents shall be payable for such new certificate.
- 26. Certificate to be delivered to the first named of joint-holders not a firm.—The certificate of shares registered in the names of two or more persons not a firm shall be delivered to the person first named on the register.

TRANSFER OF SHARES.

27. Exercise of rights.—No person shall exercise any rights of a member until his name shall have been entered in the Register of Members and he shall have paid all calls and other moneys for the time being payable on every share in the Company held by him.

28. Transfer of shares.—Subject to the restriction of these Articles, any Shareholder may transfer all

or any of his shares by instrument in writing.

No transfer to infant or person of unsound mind.—No transfer of shares shall be made to an infant or person of unsound mind.

Register of transfers.—The Company shall keep a book or books, to be called "The Register of

"in which shall be entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share.

Instrument of transfer.—The instrument of transfer of any share shall be signed both by the transferor and transferee, and the transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of such share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register in respect thereof.

32. Board may decline to register transfers.—The Board may, at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion, decline to register any transfer of shares by a Shareholder who is indebted to the Company, or upon whose shares the Company have a lien or otherwise; or in case of shares not fully paid up, to any person not approved by them.

33. Not bound to state reason.—It no case shall a Shareholder or proposed transferee be entitled to require

the Directors to state the reason of their refusal to register, but their declinature shall be absolute.

34. Registration of transfer.—Every instrument of transfer must be left at the office of the Company to be registered, accompanied by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferor, and a fee of Rs. 2.50, or such other sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine, must be paid; and thereupon the Directors, subject to the powers vested in them by Articles 32, 33, and 35, shall register the transferce as a Shareholder, and retain the instrument of transfer.

Directors may authorize registration of transferees.—The Directors may, by such means as they shall deem expedient, authorize the registration of transferees as Shareholders without the necessity of any meeting

of the Directors for that purpose.

Directors not bound to inquire as to validity of transfer.—In no case shall the Directors be bound to inquire into the validity, legal effect, or genuineness of any instrument of transfer produced by a person claiming a transfer of any share in accordance with these Articles; and whether they abstain from so inquiring, or do so inquire and are misled, the transferor shall have no claim whatsoever upon the Company in respect of the shares, except for the dividends previously declared in respect thereof, but, if at all, upon the transferee only.

37. Transfer Books when to be closed.—The Transfer Books may be closed during the fourteen days

immediately preceding each Ordinary General Meeting, including the First General Meeting; also, when a dividend is declared, for the three days next ensuing the meeting; also at such other times as the Directors

may decide, not exceeding in the whole twenty-one days in any one year.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

Title to shares of deceased holder.—The executors, or administrators, or the heirs of a deceased Shareholder shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to shares of such Shareholder.

Registration of persons entitled to shares otherwise than by transfer.—Any guardian of any infant Shareholder, or any committee of a lunatic Shareholder, or any person becoming entitled to shares in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or liquidation of any Shareholder, or the marriage of any female Shareholder, or in any other way than by transfer, shall, upon producing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this clause, or of his title, as the Company think sufficient, be forthwith entitled, subject to the provisions herein contained, to be registered as a Shareholder in respect of such shares on payment of a fee of Rs. 2.50; or may, subject to the regulations as to transfers

hereinbefore contained, transfer the same to some other person.

40. Failing such registration, shares may be sold by the Company.—If any person who shall become entitled to be registered in respect of any share under clause 39 shall not, from any cause whatever, within twelve calendar months after the event on the happening of which his title shall accrue, be registered in respect of such share, or if in the case of the death of any Shareholder no person shall, within twelve calendar months after such death, be registered as a Shareholder in respect of the shares of such deceased Shareholder, the Company may sell such shares, either by public auction or private contract, and give a receipt for the purchase money, and the purchaser shall be entitled to be registered in respect of such share, and shall not be bound to inquire whether the events have happened which entitled the Company to sell the same, and the nett proceeds of such sale, after deducting all expenses and all moneys in respect of which the Company is entitled to a lien on the shares so sold, shall be paid to the person entitled thereto.

SHARES (SURRENDER AND FORFEITURE).

The Directors may accept surrender of shares.—The Directors may accept, in the name and for the benefit of the Company, and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon, a surrender of the shares

of Shareholders who may be desirous of retiring from the Company.

If call or instalment be not paid, notice to be given to Shareholder.—If any Shareholder fail to pay any call or instalment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Directors may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on such Shareholder or his executors or administrators or the trustee or assignee in his bankruptcy requiring him to pay the same, together with any interest that may have accrued, and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

Terms of notice.—The notice shall name a day (not being less than one month from the date of the notice) on and a place or places at which such call or instalment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be The notice shall also state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place

appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited. In default of payment shares to be forfeited .-- If the requisition of such notice as aforesaid be not complied with, every or any share or shares in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of calls or instalments, interest and expenses due in respect thereof, be declared forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

* Shareholder still liable to pay money owing at time of forfeiture.—Any Shareholder whose shares have been so declared forfeited shall, notwithstanding, be liable to pay, and shall forthwith pay to the Company all calls, instalments, interest, and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of forfeiture until payment at 9 per cent. per annum, and the Directors may enforce the payment thereof if they think fit.

43. Surrendered or forfeited shares to be property of Company, and may be sold, &s.—Every share surrendered or so declared forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of upon such terms and in such manner as the Board shall think fit.

44. Effect of surrender or forfeiture.—The surrender or forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction

of all interest in, and also of all claims and demands against, the Company in respect of the share and the proceeds thereof, and all other rights incident to the share, except only such of those rights (if any) as by these

presents are expressly saved.

45. Certificate of surrender or forfeiture.—A certificate in writing under the hands of two of the Directors and of the Secretary or Secretaries that a share has been duly surrendered or forfeited, stating the time when it was surrendered or forfeited, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons who would have been entitled to the share but for such surrender or forfeiture, and such certificate and the receipt of the Company for the price of such share shall constitute a good title to such share, and a certificate of proprietorship shall be delivered to any person who may purchase the same from the Company, and thereupon such purchaser shall be deemed the holder of such share, discharged from all calls due prior to such purchase; and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to such share be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture or sale.

Forfeiture may be remitted.—The Directors may in their discretion remit or annul the forfeiture of any share within six months from the date thereof upon the payment of all moneys due to the Company from the late holder or holders of such share or shares, and all expenses incurred in relation to such forfeiture, together with such further sum of money by way of redemption money for the deficit, as they shall think fit, not being less than 9 per cent. on the amount of the sums wherein default in payment had been made, but no share bona fide sold or re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of under Article 43 hereof, shall be redeemable after

sale or disposal.

46. Company's lien on shares.—The Company shall have a first charge or paramount lien upon all the shares of any holder or joint-holders for all moneys for the time being due to the Company by such holder, or by all or any of such joint-holders respectively, either in respect of such shares or of other shares held by such holder or joint-holders or otherwise, and whether due from any such holder individually or jointly with others, including all calls, resolutions for which shall have been passed by the Directors, although the times appointed for the payment thereof shall not have arrived; and where any share is held by more persons than one the Company shall be entitled to the said charge or lien in respect of any money due to the Company from any of such persons. And the Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares subject to such charge or lien.

47. Lien how made available.—Such charge or lien may be made available by a sale of all or any of the shares subject to it, provided that no such sale shall be made except under a resolution of the Directors, and until notice in writing shall have been given to the indebted Shareholder or his executors or administrators, or the assignee or trustee in his bankruptcy, requiring him or them to pay the amount for the time being due to the Company, and default shall have been made for twenty-eight days from such notice in paying the sum thereby required to be paid. Should the Shareholder over whose share the lien exists be in England or

elsewhere abroad, sixty days' notice shall be allowed him.

48. Proceeds how applied.—The nett proceeds of any such sale as aforesaid under the provisions of Articles 43 and 47 hereof shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of such debts, liabilities, or engagements, and the residue (if any) paid to such Shareholder or his representatives.

49. Certificate of sale.—A certificate in writing under the hands of two of the Directors and of the Secretary or Secretaries that the power of sale given by clause 47 has arisen, and is exercisable by the Company under these presents, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated.

Transfer on sale how executed .- Upon any such sale two of the Directors may execute a transfer of such share to the purchaser thereof, and such transfer, with the certificate last aforesaid, shall confer on the purchaser a complete title to such shares.

PREFERENCE SHARES.

51. Preference and deferred shares.—Any shares from time to time to be issued or created may from time to time be issued with any such right of preference, whether in respect of dividend or of payment of capital, or both, or any such other special privilege or advantage over any shares previously issued or then about to be issued (other than shares issued with a preference), or at such a premium, or with such deferred rights as compared with any shares previously issued or then about to be issued, or subject to any such conditions or provisions, and with any such right or without any right of voting, and generally on such torms as the

Company may from time to time by special resolution determine.

52. Resolution affecting a particular class of shares.—If at any time by the issue of preference shares or otherwise the capital is divided into shares of different classes, then the holders of any class of shares may, by an extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of such holders, consent, on behalf of all the holders of shares of the class, to the issue or creation of any shares ranking equally therewith, or having any priority thereto, or to the abandonment of any preference or priority, or of any accrued dividend, or the reduction for any time or permanently of the dividends payable thereon, or to any scheme for the reduction of the Company's capital affecting the class of shares; and such resolution shall be binding upon all the holders of shares of the class, provided that this Article shall not be read as implying the necessity for such consent in any case in which but for this Article the object of the resolutions could have been effected without it.

Meeting affecting a particular class of shares .-- Any meeting for the purpose of the last preceding clause shall be convened and conducted in all respects as nearly as possible in the same way as an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, provided that no member, not being a Director, shall be entitled to notice thereof or to attend thereat, unless he be a holder of shares of the class intended to be affected by the resolution, and that no vote shall be given except in respect of a share of that class, and that at any such meeting a poll

may be demanded in writing by any members personally present and entitled to vote at the meeting.

CALLS.

54. Directors may make calls.—The Directors may from time to time make such calls as they think fit upon the registered holders of shares, in respect of moneys unpaid thereon, and not by the conditions of allotment made payable at fixed times; and each Shareholder shall pay the amount of every call so made on him to the persons and at the times and places appointed by the Directors, provided that two months' notice at least shall be given to the Shareholders of the time and place appointed for payment of each call,

Calls, time when made.—A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution

authorizing the call was passed at a Board Meeting of the Directors.

**Extension of time for payment of call.—The Directors shall have power in their absolute discretion to give time to any one or more Shareholder or Shareholders, exclusive of the others, for payment of any call or part thereof on such terms as the Directors may determine. But no Shareholder shall be entitled to any such extension except as a matter of grace or favour.

55. Interest on unpaid call.—If the sum payable in respect of any call or instalment is not paid on or before the day appointed for the payment thereof, the holder for the time being of the share in respect of which the call shall have been made, or the instalments shall have been due, shall pay interest for the same at the rate of 9 per centum per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of the actual payment, but the Directors may, when they think fit, remit altogether or in part any sum becoming payable for interest under this clause.

56. Payments in anticipation of calls at interest.—The Directors may, at their discretion, receive from any Shareholder willing to advance the same, and upon such terms as they think fit, all or any part of the amount of his shares beyond the sum actually called up.

Borrowing Powers.

57. Power to borrow.—The Directors shall have power to procure from time to time, in the usual course of business, such temporary advances on the produce in hand, or in the future to be obtained from the Company's estates as they may find necessary or expedient for the purpose of defraying the expenses of working the Company's estates, or of erecting, maintaining, improving, or extending buildings, machinery, or plantations, or otherwise. Also from time to time at their discretion to borrow or raise from the Directors or other persons any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company, but so that the amount at any one time owing in respect of moneys so borrowed or raised shall not, without the sanction of a General Meeting, exceed the sum of One hundred thousand Rupees (Rs. 100,000). With the sanction of a General Meeting the Directors shall be entitled to borrow such further sum or sums and at such rate of interest as such meeting shall determine. The Directors may, for the purpose of securing the repayment of any such sum or sums of money so borrowed or raised, create and issue any bonds, mortgages, debentures, mortgage debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations, of the Company charged upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, property, and rights or assets of the Company (both present and future), including uncalled capital or unpaid calls, or give, accept, or endorse on behalf of the Company any promissory notes or bills of exchange. Provided the the Directors execute any mortgage or issue any debentures they shall obtain the sanction thereto of the Company in General Meeting whether Ordinary or Extraordinary. Any such securities may be issued either at par or at a premium or discount, and may from time to time be cancelled or discharged, varied, or exchanged as the Directors may think fit, and may contain any special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, or otherwise. Every debenture or other instrument issued by the Company for securing the payment of money may be so framed that the moneys thereby secured shall be assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued. A declaration under the Company's seal contained in or endorsed upon any of the documents mentioned in this Article and subscribed by two or more of the Directors, or by one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries, to the effect that the Directors have power to borrow the amount which such document may represent, shall be conclusive evidence thereof in all questions between the Company and its creditors, and no such document containing such declaration shall, as regards the creditor, be void on the ground of its being granted in excess of the aforesaid borrowing power, unless it shall be proved that such creditor was aware that it was so granted.

MEETINGS.

58. First General Meeting.—The First General Meeting of the Company shall be held at such time, not being more than twelve months after the registration of the Company, and at such place as the Directors may determine.

59. Subsequent General Meetings.—Subsequent General Meetings shall be held once in every year at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if no time or place is

prescribed, at such time and place as may be determined by the Directors.

60. Ordinary and Extraordinary General Meetings.—The General Meetings mentioned in the last preceding clause shall be called Ordinary General Meetings; all other meetings of the Company shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.

61. Extraordinary General Meeting .- The Directors may, whenever they think fit, call an Extraordinary General Meeting, and the Directors shall do so upon a requisition made in writing by not less than one-seventh of the number of Shareholders holding not less than one-seventh of the issued capital and entitled to vote.

Requisition of Shareholders to state object of meeting; on receipt of requisition Directors to call meetings, and in default Shareholders may do so. - Any requisition so made shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called, shall be addressed to the Directors, and shall be sent to the registered office of the Company. Upon the receipt of such requisition the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such time and place as they shall determine. If they do not proceed to convene the same within seven days from the delivery of the requisition, the requisitionists may themselves convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such place and at such time as the Shareholders convening the

meeting may themselves fix.

63. Notice of resolution.—Any Shareholder may, on giving not less than ten days' previous notice of any resolution, submit the same to a meeting. Such notice shall be given by leaving a copy of the resolution

at the registered office of the Company.

64. Seven days' notice of meeting to be given.—Seven days' notice at least of every General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, and by whomsoever convened, specifying the place, date, hour of meeting, and the objects and business of the meeting, shall be given either by advertisement in the Ceylon Government Gazette, or by notice sent by post, or otherwise served as hereinafter provided, but an accidental omission to give such notices to any Shareholder shall not invalidate the proceedings at any General Meeting.

Business requiring and not requiring notification.—Every Ordinary General Meeting shall be competent, without special notice having been given of the purposes for which it is convened, or of the business to be transacted thereat, to receive and discuss any report and any accounts presented thereto by the Directors, and to pass resolutions in approval or disapproval thereof, and to declare dividends, and to elect Directors and Auditors retiring in rotation, and to fix the remuneration of the Auditors; and shall also be competent to enter upon, discuss, and transact any business whatever, of which special mention shall have been given in the notice or notices upon which the meeting was convened.

66. Notice of other business to be given.—With the exceptions mentioned in the foregoing Articles as to

the business which may be transacted at Ordinary General Meetings without notice, no General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss, or transact any business which has not

been specially mentioned in the notice or notices upon which it was convened.

Quorum to be present.—No business shall be transacted at a General Meeting, except the declaration of a dividend recommended by a report of the Directors or the election of a Chairman, unless there shall be present in person at the commencement of the business three or more persons being either Shareholders entitled to vote or the duly authorized attorneys of Shareholders or persons holding proxies from Shareholders.
68. If a quorum not present, meeting to be dissolved or adjourned; adjourned meeting to transact business.—

If at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting the required number of Shareholders shall not be present at the meeting, the meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of Shareholders, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, those Shareholders who are

present shall be a quorum, and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.
69. Chairman of Directors or a Director to be Chairman of General Meeting; in case of their absence or refusal a Shareholder may act.—The Chairman (if any) of the Directors shall be entitled to take the chair at every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary; or if there be no Chairman, or if at any meeting he shall not be present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for holding such meeting, or if he shall refuse to take the chair, the Shareholders shall choose another Director as Chairman; and if no Directors be present, or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair, then the Shareholders present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman.

70. Business confined to election of Chairman while chair vacant.—No business shall be discussed at any

General Meeting except the election of a Chairman whilst the chair is vacant.

71. Chairman with consent may adjourn meeting.—The Chairman, with the consent of the meeting, may adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place, unless due notice shall be given.

72. Minutes of General Meetings.—Minutes of the proceedings of every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall when so entered be signed as soon as practicable by the Chairman of the same meeting, or by the Chairman of the succeeding meeting, and the same when so entered and signed shall be evidence of all such proceedings and of the proper

election of the Chairman.

VOTING AT MEETINGS.

73. Votes.—At any meeting every resolution shall be decided by the votes of the Shareholders present in person or by proxy or by attorney duly appointed, and in case there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman at such meeting shall be entitled to give a casting vote in addition to the vote to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder and proxy and attorney; and unless a poll be immediately demanded in writing by some Shareholder present at the meeting and entitled to vote, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the Minute Book of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the

fact without proof of the number of votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

74. Poll.—If a poll be duly demanded, the same shall be taken in such manner and at such time and place as the Chairman shall direct, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. The demand of a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for

the transaction of any business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.

75. Poll how taken.—If at any meeting a poll be demanded by notice in writing signed by some Shareholder present at the meeting and entitled to vote, which notice shall be delivered during the meeting to the Chairman, the meeting shall, if necessary, be adjourned, and the poll shall be taken at such time and in such a manner as the Chairman shall direct, and in such case every Shareholder shall have the number of votes to which he may be entitled as hereinafter provided; and in case at any such poll there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting at which such poll shall have been demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder and proxy and attorney, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in such meeting.

76. No poll on election of Chairman or on question of adjournment.—No poll shall be demanded on the

election of a Chairman of the meeting or on any question of adjournment.

77. Number of votes to which Shareholder entitled.—On a show of hands every Shareholder present in person or by proxy or attorney shall have provided for in the Article immediately following) have one vote for the shareholder present in the Article immediately following) have one vote for the shareholder present in the Article immediately following) have one vote for the shareholder present in the Article immediately following have one vote for the shareholder present in the Article immediately following have one vote for the shareholder present in the Article immediately following have one vote for the shareholder present in the Article immediately following have one vote for the shareholder present in the Article immediately following have one vote for the shareholder present in the Article immediately following have one vote for the shareholder present in the Article immediately following have one vote for the shareholder present in the Article immediately following have one vote for the shareholder present in the Article immediately following have one vote for the shareholder present in the Article immediately following have one vote for the shareholder present in the Article immediately following have one vote for the shareholder present in the Article immediately following have one vote for the shareholder present in the Article immediately following have one vote for the shareholder present in the Article immediately following have one vote for the shareholder present in the Article immediately following have one vote for the shareholder present in the Article immediately following have one vote for the shareholder present in the Article immediately following have the shareholder present in the Article immediately following have the shareholder present in the Article immediately following have the shareholder present in the Article immediately following have the shareholder present in the Article immediately following have the shar any number of shares held by him, up to fifty. He shall have an additional vote for every fifty shares held by him beyond the first fifty shares up to three hundred shares, and an additional vote for every hundred shares held by him beyond the first three hundred shares up to one thousand shares, and an additional vote for every two hundred and fifty shares held by him beyond the first one thousand shares. resolution involving the winding up of the Company, every Shareholder shall have one vote for every share held by him.

78. Guardian of infant, &c., when not entitled to vote.—The parent or guardian of an infant Shareholder, the committee or other legal guardian of any lunatic Shareholder, the husband of any female Shareholder not entitled to her shares as separate estate, and the executor or administrator of any deceased Shareholder, or any one of such persons as aforesaid, if more than one, shall not be entitled to vote in the place of such infant,

lunatic, female, or deceased person, unless such person shall have been registered as a Shareholder.

79. Voting in person or by proxy.—Votes may be given either personally or by proxy or attorney. duly authorized.

80. Non-Shareholder not to be appointed proxy.—No person shall be appointed a proxy who is not a Shareholder of the Company, but the attorney of a Shareholder, even though not himself a Shareholder of the

Company, may represent and vote for his principal at any meeting of the Company.

81. Shareholder in arrear or not registered at least three months previous to the meeting not to vote.—No Shareholder shall be entitled to vote or speak at any General Meeting unless all calls due from him on his shares, or any of them, shall have been paid; and no Shareholder other than the trustee or assignee of a bankrupt or representative of a deceased Shareholder, or person acquiring by marriage, shall be entitled to vote or speak at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company, in respect of or as the holder of any share which he has acquired by transfer, unless he has been at least three months previously to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote or speak duly registered as the holder of the share in respect of which he claims to vote or speak.

82. Proxy to be printed or in writing.—The instrument appointing a proxy shall be printed or written, and shall be signed by the appointer, or if such appointer be a corporation, it shall be by the common seal

of such corporation.

When proxy to be deposited.—The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than twenty-four hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote.

84. Form of proxy.—Any instrument appointing a proxy may be in the following form :-

Kanana Rubber Estate Company, Limited.

I, ———, of ———, appoint ———, of ———— (a Shareholder in the Company), as my proxy, to represent me and to vote for me and on my behalf at the Ordinary (or Extraordinary, as the case may be) General Meeting of the Company to be held on the ———— day of ————, One thousand Nine hundred and --, and at any adjournment thereof, and at every poll which may be taken in consequence thereof.

As witness my hand this -- day of ----, One thousand Nine hundred and -

Objection to validity of vote to be made at the meeting or poll.—No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) except at the meeting or poll at which such vote shall be tendered, and every vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) to which no objection shall be made at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.

86. No Shareholder to be prevented from voting by being personally interested in result.—No Shareholder

shall be prevented from voting by reason of his being personally interested in the result of the voting.

DIRECTORS.

Number of Directors.—The number of Directors shall never be less than two nor more than five. 88. Their qualification and remuneration.—The qualification of a Director shall be his holding share in the Company, whether fully paid up or partly paid up of the total nominal value of at least One thousand Five hundred Rupees (Rs. 1,500) and upon which, in the case of partly paid up shares, all calls for the time being shall have been paid, and this qualification shall apply as well to the first Directors as to all future As a remuneration for their services, the Directors shall be entitled to appropriate a sum not exceeding One thousand Rupees (Rs. 1,000), annually, to be divided between them in such manner as they may determine, but the Company in General Meeting may at any time alter the amount of such remuneration for the future, and such remuneration shall not be considered as including any remuneration for special or extra services hereinafter referred to, nor any extra remuneration to the Managing Directors of the Company.

89. Appointment of first Directors and duration of their office.—The first Directors shall be Louis Alexander Wright of Brunswick, Maskeliya, William Henry Figg of Colombo, Norman Farquhar Macrae of Bentota, who shall hold office till the First Ordinary General Meeting of the Company, when they shall all

retire, but shall be eligible for re-election.

90. Directors may appoint Managing Director or Directors; his or their remmeration.—One or more of the Directors may be appointed by the Directors to act as Secretary, Managing Director or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Visiting Agents of the Company, or Superintendent or Superintendents of any of the Company's estates, for such time and on such terms as the Directors may determine or fix by agreement with the person or persons appointed to the office, and they may from time to time revoke such appointment and appoint another or other Secretary, Managing Director or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Agents, Superintendent or Superintendents, and the Directors may impose and confer on the Managing Director or Managing Directors all or any duties and powers that might be imposed or conferred on any Manager of the Company. If any Director shall be called upon to perform any extra services, the Directors may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such services, either by way of salary, commission, or the payment of a lump sum of money, as they shall think fit.

91. Appointment of successors to Directors.—The General Meeting at which Directors retire or ought to retire by rotation shall appoint successors to them, and in default thereof such successors may be appointed

at a subsequent General Meeting.

92. Board may fill up vacancies.—The Board shall have power at any time and from time to time before the First Ordinary General Meeting to supply any vacancies in their number arising from death,

resignation, or otherwise.

93. Duration of office of Director appointed to vacancy.—Any casual vacancy occurring in the number

Ordinary General Meeting may be filled up by the Directors, but any person so chosen shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Director would have retained the same

if no vacancy had occurred.

94. To retire annually.—At the Second Ordinary General Meeting and at the Ordinary General Meeting in every subsequent year one of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office as provided in clause 95.

95. Retiring Directors how determined.—The Directors to retire from office at the Second and Third Ordinary General Meetings shall, unless the Directors otherwise arrange among themselves, be determined by ballot; in every subsequent year the Directors to retire shall be those who have been longest in office.

- 96. Retiring Directors eligible for re-election.—Retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.
- 97. Decision of question as to retirement. In case any question shall arise as to which of the Directors
- who have been the same time in office shall retire, the same shall be decided by the Directors by ballot.

 98. Number of Directors how increased or reduced.—The Directors, subject to the approval of a General Meeting, may from time to time, at any time subsequent to the Second Ordinary General Meeting, increase or reduce the number of Directors, and may also, subject to the like approval, determine in what rotation such increased or reduced number is to go out of office.
- 99. If election not made, retiring Director to continue until next meeting.—If at any meeting at which an election of a Director ought to take place the place of the retiring Director is not filled up, the retiring Director may continue in office until the First Ordinary General Meeting in the next year, and so on from meeting to meeting until his place is filled up, unless it shall be determined at such meeting to reduce the number of Directors.
- 100. Resignation of Directors. -A Director may at any time give notice in writing of his intention to resign by delivering such notice to the Secretary, or by leaving the same at the office or by tendering his written resignation at a meeting of the Directors, and on the acceptance of his resignation by the Directors, but not before his office shall become vacant.
 - When office of Director to be vacated.—The office of the Director shall be vacated—
 - (a) If he accepts or holds any office or place of profit (other than Managing Director, Visiting Agent, Superintendent, or Secretary) under the Company.
 - (b) If he becomes bankrupt or insolvent, or suspends payment, or files a petition for the liquidation of his affairs, or compounds with his creditors.
 - (c) If by reason of mental or bodily infirmity he becomes incapable of acting.
 - (d) If he ceases to hold the required number of shares to qualify him for the office.
 - (e) If he is concerned or participates in the profits of any contract with, or work done for, the Company.

Exceptions .- But the above rule shall be subject to the following exceptions :- That no Director shall vacate his office by reason of his being a member of any corporation, company, or firm which has entered into any contract with, or done any work for, the Company of which he is a Director, or by his being agent, or secretary, or proctor, or by his being a member of a firm who are agents, or secretaries, or proctors of the Company; nevertheless, he shall not vote in respect of any contract work or business in which he may be personally interested.

How Directors removed and successors appointed.—The Company may, by a special resolution, remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and may, by an ordinary resolution, appoint another person in his stead, and the Director so appointed shall hold office only during such time as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.

103. Indemnity to Directors and others for their own acts and for the acts of others.—Every Director or officer, and his heirs, executors, and administrators shall be indemnified by the Company from all losses and expenses incurred by him respectively in or about the discharge of his respective duties, except such as happen from his respective wilful acts or defaults; and no Director or officer, nor the heirs, executors, or administrators of any Director or officer, shall be liable for any other Director or officer or for joining in any receipt or other acts of conformity, or for any loss or expense happening to the Company by the insufficiency or deficiency or title to any property acquired for or on behalf of the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested, or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency, or tortious act of any person with whom any moneys, securities, or effects shall be deposited, or for any other loss, damage, or misfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, unless the same otherwise happen through his own wilful act or default.

104. No contribution to be required from Directors beyond amount, if any, unpaid on their shares.—No contribution shall be required from any present or past Director or Manager exceeding the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares in respect of which he is liable as a present or past Shareholder.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS.

105. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors either by themselves or through a Managing Director, or with the assistance of an Agent or Agents, and Secretary or Secretaries of the Company, to be appointed by the Directors for such period and on such terms as they shall determine, and the Directors may pay out of the funds of the Company all costs and expenses as well preliminary as otherwise, paid or incurred in and about the formation and registration of the Company, and in connection with the placing of the shares of the Company, and in and about the valuation, purchase, lease, or acquisition of the Kanana estate and any other lands, estates, or property, and the opening, clearing, planting, and cultivation thereof, and in or about the working and business of the Company.

106. The Directors shall have power to purchase, take on lease or in exchange, or otherwise acquire for the Company any estate or estates, land or lands, property, rights, options, or privileges which the Company is authorized to acquire at such price, and for such consideration, and upon such title and generally on such terms and conditions as they may think fit; and to make, and they may make, such regulations for the management of the business and property of the Company as they may from time to time think proper, and for that purpose may appoint such managers, agents, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, visiting agents, inspectors, superintendents, clerks, artizans, labourers, and other servants, for such period or periods, and with such remuneration, and at such salaries, and upon such terms and conditions as they may consider advisable, and may pay the expenses occasioned thereby out of the funds of the Company, and may from time to time remove or suspend all or any of the managers, agents, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, visiting agents, inspectors, superintendents, clerks, artizans, labourers, and other servants, for such reasons as they may think proper and advisable, and without assigning any cause.

The Directors shall have power to appoint a proctor or proctors, solicitor or solicitors, attorney or attorneys to assist in carrying on or protecting the business of the Company, on such terms as they may consider proper, and from time to time to revoke such appointment.

108. The Directors shall have power to open on behalf of the Company any account or accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint, and also by such signatures as they may appoint to draw, accept, make, endorse, sign, and execute cheques, bills of exchange, and promissory notes, bills of lading, receipts, contracts, and agreements, bonds, mortgages, proxies to any proctor or proctors, and other documents on behalf of and to further the interests of the Company.

109. It shall be lawful for the Directors, if authorized so to do by the Shareholders in General Meeting, to arrange terms for the amalgamation of the Company with any other company or companies or individual or individuals, or for the sale or disposal of the business, estates, and effects of the Company, or any part or parts, share or shares thereof, respectively, to any company or companies, person or persons, upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit; and the Directors shall have power to do all such things as may be necessary for carrying such amalgamation, sale, or other disposition into effect so far as a resolution or a special resolution of the Company is not by law necessary for such purpose; and in case any terms so arranged by the Directors include or make necessary the dissolution of the Company, the Company shall be dissolved to that end.

110. The Directors shall carry on the business of the Company in such manner as they may think most expedient; and in addition to the powers and authorities by any Ordinance or by these presents expressly conferred on them, they may exercise all such powers, give all such consents, make all such arrangements, appoint all such agence, managers, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, clerks, assistants, artizans, and workers, and generally do all such acts and things as are or shall be by any Ordinance and by these presents directed and authorized to be exercised, given, made, or done by the Company, and are not by any Ordinance or by these presents required to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting, subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of any such Ordinance and of these presents, and to such regulations and provisions (if any) as may from time to time be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting; but no regulation made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made. The generality of the powers conferred by any clause in these presents on the Directors shall not be taken to be limited by any clause conferring any special or expressed power.

111. In furtherance, and not in limitation of, and without prejudice to the general powers conferred or implied in the last preceding clause and of the other powers conferred by these presents, it is hereby

expressly declared that the Directors shall have the powers following, that is to say:-

(1) To institute, conduct, defend, compound, or abandon any action, suit, prosecution, or legal proceedings by and against the Company or its officers, or otherwise concerning the affairs of the Company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due, and of any claims and demands by and against the Company.

(2) To refer any claims or demands by or against the Company to arbitration, and observe and

perform the awards.

(3) To make and give receipts, releases, and other discharges for money payable to the Company and for claims and demands of the Company.

(4) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents with power to accept the office of trustee, assignee, liquidator, or inspector, or any similar office.

(5) To invest any of the moneys of the Company which the Directors may consider not immediately required for the purposes thereof, upon such securities and in such manner as they may think fit, and so that they shall not be restricted to such securities as are permissible to trustees without special powers, and from time to time to vary or release such investment.

(6) From time to time to provide for the management of the affairs of the Company abroad in such manner as they think fit, and to establish any local boards or agencies for managing any of the affairs of the Company abroad, and to appoint any persons to be members of

such local board, or any managers or agents, and to fix their remuneration.

(7) From time to time and at any time to delegate to any one or more of the Directors of the Company for the time being, or any other person or company for the time being residing or carrying on business in Ceylon or elsewhere, all or any of the powers hereby made exercisable by the Directors, except those relating to shares and any others as to which special provisions inconsistent with such delegation are herein contained, and they shall have power to fix the remuneration of and at any time to remove such Director or other person or company, and to annul or vary any such delegation. They shall not, however, be entitled to delegate any powers of borrowing or charging the property of the Company to any agent of the Company or other person, except by instrument in writing, which shall specifically state the extent to which such powers may be used by the person or persons to whom they are so delegated, and compliance therewith shall be a condition precedent to the exercise of these powers.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

112. Meeting of Directors.—The Directors may meet for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings as they may think fit, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Until otherwise determined two Directors shall be a quorum.

A Director may summon meetings of Directors.—A Director may at any time summon a meeting 113.

of Directors.

Who is to preside at meetings of Board.—The Board may elect a Chairman of their meetings 114. and determine the period for which he is to hold office, and all meetings of the Directors shall be presided over by the Chairman, if one has been elected and if present, but if there be a vacancy in the office of Chairman, or if at any meeting of Directors the Chairman be not present at the time appointed for holding the same, then and in that case the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.

115. Questions at meetings how decided.—Any question which shall arise at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes, the Chairman thereat shall have

a casting vote in addition to his to as a Director.

Board may appoint committees.—The Board may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as the Board think fit, and they may from time to time revoke and discharge any such committee, either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee so formed shall, in exercise of the powers delegated to it, conform to all such regulations as may be prescribed by the Board. All acts done by any such committee, in conformity with such regulations and in the fulfilment of the purposes of their appointment, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.

117. Acts of Board or committee valid, notwithstanding informal appointment.-The acts of the Board or of any committees appointed by the Board shall, notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board or committee, or defect in the appointment of any Director or of any member of the committee, be as valid as if no such vacancy or defect had existed, and as if every person had been duly appointed, provided the same be done

before the discovery of the defect.

118. Regulation of proceedings of committees —The meetings and proceedings of such committees shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto, and be not superseded by the express terms of the appointment of such committee respectively, or any regulation imposed by the Board.

Resolution in writing by all the Directors as valid as if passed at a meeting of Directors.—A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the

Directors duly called and constituted.

- Minutes of proceedings of the Company and the Directors to be recorded.—The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in books to be provided for the purpose of the following matters, videlicet:
 - (a) Of all appointments of officers and committees made by the Directors.
 - (b) Of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors, and of the members of the committee appointed by the Board present at each meeting of the committee.

(c) Of the resolutions and proceedings of all General Meetings.

(d) Of the resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of the Directors and of the committees appointed by the Board.

(e) Of all orders made by the Directors.

Signature of minutes of proceedings and effect thereof.—All such minutes shall be signed by the person or one of the persons who shall have presided as Chairman at the General Meeting, the Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting at which the business minuted shall have been transacted, or by the person or one of the persons who shall preside as Chairman at the next ensuing General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively; and all minutes purporting to have been signed by any Chairman of any General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively, shall, for all purposes whatsoever, be prima facie evidence of the actual and regular passing of the resolutions, and the actual and regular transaction or occurrence of the proceedings and other matters purporting to be so recorded, and of the regularity of the meeting at which the same shall appear to have taken place, and of the Chairmanship and signature of the person appearing to have signed as Chairman, and of the date on which such meeting was held.

The use of the seal.—The seal of the Company shall not be used or affixed to any deed or instrument except in the presence of two or more of the Directors, or of one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries of the Company, who shall attest the sealing thereof, such attestation on the part of the Secretaries, in the event of a firm being the Secretaries, being signified by a partner or duly authorized manager, attorney, or agent of the said firm signing for and on behalf of the said firm as such Secretaries.

ACCOUNTS.

What accounts to be kept.—The Agent or Secretary or the Agents or Secretaries for the time being, or, if there be no Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries, the Directors shall cause true accounts to bakept of the paid up capital for the time being of the Company, and of all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and of the matters in respect of which such receipt and expenditure take place, and of the assets, credits, and liabilities of the Company, and generally of all its commercial, financial, and other affairs, transactions, and engagements, and of all other matters necessary for showing the true financial state and condition of the Company; and the accounts shall be kept in such books and in such a manner at the registered office of the Company as the Directors think fit.

Accounts how and when open to inspection.-The Directors shall from time to time determine whether, and to what extent, and at what times and places, and under what conditions or regulations, the accounts and books of the Company or of any of them shall be open to the inspection of the Shareholders, and no Shareholder shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Comrany, except as conferred by statute or authorized by the Directors, or by a resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

Statement of accounts and balance sheet to be furnished to General Meetings .- At the Ordinary General Meeting in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company a statement of the profit and loss account for the preceding year, and a balance sheet containing a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company made up to the end of the previous year.

126. Report to accompany statement.-Every such statement shall be accompanied by a report as to the state and condition of the Company and as to the amount which they recommend to be paid out of the profits by way of dividend or bonus to the Shareholders, and the statement, report, and balance sheet shall be

signed by the Directors.

127. Copy of balance sheet to be sent to Shareholders .- A printed copy of such balance sheet shall, at least seven days previous to such meeting, be delivered at, or posted to, the registered address of every Shareholder.

DIVIDENDS, BONUS, AND RESERVE FUND.

128. Declaration of dividend.—The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, from time to time declare a dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders in proportion to the amount paid on their shares, but no dividend or bonus shall be payable except out of nett profitsion

129. Interim dividend.—The Directors may, if they think fit, determine on and declare an interim dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders on account and in anticipation of the dividend on the then current year.

130. Reserve fund.—Previously to the Directors recommending any dividend they may set aside, out of the profits of the Company, such a sum as they think proper as a reserve fund, and shall invest the same

in such securities as they shall think fit, or place the same in fixed deposit in any bank or banks.

131. Application thereof.—The Directors may from time to time apply such portion as they think fit of the reserve fund to meet contingencies, or for equalizing dividends, or for working the business of the Company, or for repairing or maintaining or extending the buildings and premises, or for the repair or renewal or extension of the property or plant connected with the business of the Company or any part thereof, or for any other purpose of the Company which they may from time to time deem expedient.

132. Unpaid interest or dividend not to bear interest.—No unpaid interest or dividend or bonus shall

ever bear interest against the Company.

1:3. No Shareholder to receive dividend while debt due to Company.—No Shareholder shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividend or bonus in respect of his share or shares whilst any moneys may be due or owing from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company in respect of such share or shares or otherwise howsoever.

134. Directors may deduct debt from the dividends.—The Directors may deduct from the dividend or bonus payable to any Shareholder all sums of money due from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company, and notwithstanding such sums shall not be payable until after the date when such

dividend is payable.

135. Notice of dividend; forfeiture of unclaimed dividend.—Notice of all interest or dividends or bonuses to become payable shall be given to each Shareholder entitled thereto; and all interest or dividend or bonuses unclaimed by any Shareholder for three years after notice thereof is given may be forfeited by a resolution of the Board of Directors for the benefit of the Company, and if the Directors think fit may be applied in augmentation of the reserve fund.

136. Shares held by a firm.—Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any partner of such firm or agent duly authorized to sign

the name of the firm.

137. Joint-holders other than a firm.—Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by several persons jointly other than a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any one of such persons.

AUDIT.

138. Accounts to be audited.—The accounts of the Company shall from time to time be examined, and

the correctness of the balance sheet ascertained by one or more Auditor or Auditors.

139. Qualification of Auditors.—No person shall be eligible as an Auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Shareholder in any transaction of the Company, but it shall not be a necessary qualification for an Auditor that he be a Shareholder of the Company, and no Director or officer of the Company shall, during his continuance in office, be eligible as an Auditor.

140. Appointment and retirement of Auditors.—The Directors shall appoint the first Auditor of Auditors of the Company and fix his or their remuneration; and all future Auditors, except as is hereinafter mentioned, shall be appointed at the First Ordinary General Meeting of the Company in each year by the Shareholders present thereat, and shall hold their office only until the First Ordinary General Meeting after their respective appointments, or until otherwise ordered by a General Meeting.

141. Retiring Auditors eligible for re-election.—Retiring Auditors shall be eligible for re-election.

141. Remuneration of Auditors.—The remuneration of the Auditors other than the first shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting, and this remuneration may from time to time be varied by a General Meeting.

143. Casual vacancy in number of Auditors how filled up.—If any vacancy that may occur in the office of Auditor shall not be supplied at any Ordinary General Meeting, or if any casual vacancy shall occur, the Directors shall (subject to the approval of the next Ordinary General Meeting) fill up the vacancy by the appointment of a person who shall hold the office until such meeting.

144. Duty of Auditors.—Every Auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet intended to be laid before the next Ordinary General Meeting, and it shall be his duty to examine the same with the accounts and vouchers relating thereto, and to report thereon to the meeting generally or specially as he may think fit.

145. Company's accounts to be open to Auditors for audit.—All accounts, books, and documents whatsoever of the Company shall at all times be open to the Auditors for the purpose of audit.

Notices.

146. Notices how authenticated.—Notices from the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed or written) of the Agent or Secretary, Agents or Secretaries, or other persons appointed by the Board to do so.

147. Shareholders to register address.—Every Shareholder shall give an address in Ceylon, which shall

be deemed to be his place of abode, and shall be registered as such in the books of the Company.

Service of notices.—A notice may be served by the Company upon any Shareholder, either personally or by sending through the post in a prepaid letter, addressed to such Shareholder at his registered address or place of abode; and any notice so served shall be deemed to be well served for all purposes, notwithstanding that the Shareholder to whom such notice is addressed be dead, unless his executors or administrators shall have given to the Directors or to the Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries of the Company their own or some other address in Ceylon.

148. Notice to joint-holders of shares other than a firm.—All notices directed to be given to Shareholders shall, with respect to any share to which persons other than a firm are jointly entitled, be sufficient if given to any one of such persons, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares.

149. Date and proof of service.—Any notice if served by post shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the letter containing the same would in ordinary course of post have been delivered at its address, and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and put into a post office or a post box, and the entry in the Company's books of the leaving or sending by post of any notice at or to such address shall be sufficient evidence thereof, and no further evidence shall be necessary.

150. Non-resident Shareholders must register addresses in Ceylon.—Every Shareholder resid ng out of Ceylon shall name and register in the books of the Company an address within Ceylon at which all notices shall be served upon him, and all notices served at such address shall be deemed to be well served. If he shall not have named and registered such an address, he shall not be entitled to any notices.

All notices required to be given by advertisement shall be published in the Ceylon Government Gazette.

ARBITRATION.

151. Directors may refer disputes to arbitration.—Whenever any question or other matter whatsoever arises in dispute between the Company and any other company or person, the same may be referred by the Directors to arbitration.

EVIDENCE.

152. Evidence in action by Company against Shareholders.—On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought or instituted by the Company against any Shareholder or his representatives to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is or was when the claim arose on the Register of Shareholders of the Company as a holder of the number of shares in respect of which such claim is made, and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company; and it shall not be necessary to prove the registration of the Company, nor the appointment of the Directors who made any call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made, nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof of the matters aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

PROVISION RELATIVE TO WINDING UP OR DISSOLUTION OF THE COMPANY.

153. Purchase of Company's property by Shareholders.—Any Shareholder, whether a Director or not, or whether alone or jointly with any other Shareholder or Director, and any person not a Shareholder, may become the purchaser of the property of the Company or any part thereof in the event of a winding up or a dissolution, or at any other time when a sale of the Company's property or effects or any part thereof shall be made by the

Directors under the powers hereby or under the Ordinance conferred upon them.

154. Distribution.—If the Company shall be wound up, and there shall be any surplus assets after payment of all debts and satisfaction of all liabilities of the Company, such surplus assets shall be applied, first, in repaying to the holders of the preference shares (if any) the amounts paid up or reckoned as paid up thereon, and the balance in repaying to the holders of the ordinary shares the amounts paid up or reckoned as paid up on such ordinary shares. If there shall remain any surplus assets after repayment of the whole of the paid up capital, such surplus assets shall be divided among the members in proportion to the capital paid up, or reckoned as paid up, on the shares which are held by them respectively at the commencement of the winding up.

155. Payment in specie, and vesting in trustees.—If the Company shall be wound up, the liquidator, whether voluntary or official, may, with the sanction of an extraordinary resolution, divide among the contributories in specie any part of the assets of the Company, and may, with their sanction, vest any part of the assets of the Company in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories as the liquidator,

with like sanction, shall think fit.

In witness whereof the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereto set and subscribed their names this 7th day of December, One thousand Nine hundred and Nine.

W. HENRY FIGG.

G. H. Alston.

A. Thomson (by his attorney G. H. Alston).

T. C. HUXLEY (by his attorney G. H. ALSTON).

Witness to the above signatures:

H. CREASY, Proctor, Supreme Court.

L. A. WRIGHT.

G. N. A. HARRIS (by his attorney L. A. WRIGHT).

Witness to the above signatures:

Walter H. Brynn, Tea Planter, Maskeliya, N. F. Macrae.

Witness to the above signature:

P. H. O. ASH, Planter, Bentota.

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE DORSET RUBBER ESTATE COMPANY, LIMITED.

- 1. The name of the Company is "THE DORSET RUBBER ESTATE COMPANY, LIMITED."
- 2. The registered office of the Company is to be established in Colombo.
- 3. The objects for which the Company is to be established are—

(a) To purchase from the proprietors thereof Dorset Estate, situate in the Kalutara District,

containing in extent 375 acres or thereabouts.

(b) To purchase, lease, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any other land or lands, or any share or shares thereof, and any buildings, mines, minerals, mining and mineral properties and rights, machinery, implements, tools, live and dead stock, stores, effects, and other property, real or personal, movable or immovable, of any kind, and any rights, easements, patents, licenses, or privileges in Ceylon or elsewhere (including the benefit of any trade mark or trade secret which may be thought necessary or convenient for the purpose of the Company's business), and to erect, construct, maintain, or alter any buildings, machinery, plant, roads, ways, or other works or methods of communication.

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- (c) To appoint, engage, employ, maintain, provide for, and dismiss attorneys, agents, superintendents, managers, clerks, coolies, and other labourers and servants in Caylen or elsewhere, and to remunerate any such at such rate as shall be thought fit, and to grant pensions or gratuities to any such or the widow or children of any such.
- (d) To clear, open, plant, cultivate, improve, and develop the said property or any portion thereof, and any other land or lands that may be purchased, leased, or otherwise acquired by the Company in Ceylon or elsewhere, or portions thereof, as a rubber estate or estates, or with any other products, trees, plants, or crops that may be approved by the Company, and to plant, grow, and produce rubber, coconuts, tea, coffee, cinchona, cacao, cardamoms, rhea, ramie plants, trees, and other natural products in Ceylon or elsewhere.
- (e) To build, make, construct, equip, maintain, improve, alter, and work rubber and tea factories, coconut and coffee curing mills, and other manufactories, buildings, erections, roads, tramways, or other works conducive to any of the Company's objects, or to contribute to or subsidize such.
- (f) To enter into any arrangement or agreement with Government or any authorities and obtain rights, concessions, and privileges.
- (g) To hire, lease, or purchase land either with any other person or company, or otherwise, and to erect a factory and other buildings thereon or on any land already leased or owned by the Company at the cost of the Company and such other person or company or otherwise.
- (h) To lease any factory or other buildings from any company or person.
- (i) To enter into any agreement with any company or person for the working of any factory erected or leased as provided in (g) or (h), or for the manufacture and preparation for market of tea or any other produce in such or any other factory.
- (j) To prepare, cure, manufacture, treat, and prepare for market rubber, plumbago, minerals, tea, and (or) other crops or produce, and to sell, ship, and dispose of such rubber, plumbago, minerals, tea, crops, and produce, either raw or manufactured, at such times and places, and in such manner as shall be deemed expedient.
- (k) To buy, sell, warehouse, transport, trade, and deal in rubber, coconuts, tea, coffee, and other plants and seed, and rice and other food required for coolies, labourers, and others employed on estates, and other products, wares, merchandise, articles, and things of any kind whatever.
- (1) To work mines or quarries, and to find, win, get, work, crush, smelt, manufacture, or otherwise deal with ores, metals, minerals, oils, precious and other stones, deposits and products, and generally to carry on the business of miners, manufacturers, growers, planters, and exporters of rubber and other products, or any such business on behalf of the Company, or as agents for others and on commission or otherwise.
- (m) To establish and carry on a dairy farm, and to buy and sell live stock, and to sell and deal in milk and dairy produce, wholesale or retail.
- (n) To establish and maintain in the United Kingdom, India, Ceylon, or elsewhere stores, shops, and places for the sale of rubber, tea, coffee, cacao, and articles of food, drink, or refreshment, wholesale or retail; and to establish in any part or parts of the world agencies for carrying on or developing the business of the Company or any branch thereof; and generally to carry on the business of merchants, exporters, importers, traders, engineers, or any other trade, business, or undertaking whatsoever.
- (o) To cultivate, manage, and superintend estates and properties in Ceylon or elsewhere, and generally to undertake the business of estate agents in Ceylon and elsewhere, to act as agents for the investment, loan, payment, transmission, and collection of money, and for the purchase, sale, improvement, development, and management of property, including concerns and undertakings, and to transact any other agency business of any kind.
- (p) To let, lease, sell, exchange, or mortgage the Company's estates, lands, buildings, or other property, or any part or parts thereof, whether in consideration of rents, money, or securities for money, shares, debentures, or securities in any other company, or for any other consideration, and otherwise to trade in, dispose of, or deal with the same or any part thereof.
- (q) To borrow or receive on loan money for the purpose of the Company upon the security of eash, credit bonds, or of hypothecation or mortgages of the Company's property or any part or parts thereof, or otherwise, as shall be thought most expedient, and in particular by the issue of debentures, debenture stock or bonds to bearer or otherwise, either charged upon all or any part of the Company's present or future property (including uncalled capital), or not so charged, as shall be thought best.
- (r) To cause or permit any debenture stock, bonds, debentures, mortgages, charges, incumbrances liens, or securities of or belonging to or made or issued by the Company or affecting its property or rights or any of the terms thereof to be renewed, extended, varied, redeemed, exchanged, transferred, or satisfied, as shall be thought fit, also to pay off and re-borrow the moneys secured thereby, or any part or parts thereof.
- (s) To draw, make, accept, and endorse bills of lading, warrants, bills of exchange, promissory notes, and other transferable or negotiable instruments for the purposes of the Company
- (t) To unite, co-operate, amalgamate, or enter into partnership or any arrangement for sharing profits of union of interests or any other arrangement with any person or company already engaged in or hereafter to be established for the purpose of carrying on any business having objects wholly or in part similar or analogous or subsidiary to those of the Company or to any of them, or capable of being conducted so as to benefit this Company, either directly or indirectly, and to subscribe for or otherwise acquire for the benefit and in the name of the Company or otherwise and pay for in any manner that may be agreed upon, either in money or in shares or bonds or otherwise, and to hold any shares, stock, or other interest in any such company, and to promote the formation of any such company.

- (u) To amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to this Company.
- (v) To acquire by purchase in money, shares, bonds, or otherwise, and undertake all or any part of the business, property, assets, and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business in Ceylon or elsewhere which this Company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this Company.
- (w) To sell the property, business, or undertaking of the Company, or any part or parts thereof, for such consideration as the Company shall think fit, and in particular for shares, stocks, debentures, or securities of any other company.
- (x) To procure the Company to be registered or incorporated in Ceylon, and, if and when necessary or thought advisable, elsewhere.
- (y) To lend money on any terms and in any manner and on any security, and in particular on the security of plantations, factories, growing crops, produce, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bonds, bills of lading, warrants, stocks, shares, debentures, and book debts, or without any security at all, and generally to transact financial business of any kind.
- (z) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined.
- (z 1) To promote and establish any other company whatsoever and to subscribe to and hold the shares or stock of any other company or any part thereof.
- (z 2) To pay for any lands and real or personal, immovable or movable, estate or property or assets of any kind acquired or to be acquired by the Company, or for any services rendered or to be rendered to the Company, and generally to pay or discharge any consideration to be paid or given by the Company in money or in shares or debentures or debenture stock or obligations of the Company or partly in one way and partly in another, or otherwise howsoever, with power to issue any shares either fully or partially paid up for such purpose.
- (z 3) To accept as consideration for the sale or disposal of any lands and real and personal, immovable and movable estate, property, and assets of the Company of any kind sold or otherwise disposed of by the Company or in discharge of any other consideration to be received by the Company in money or in shares, the shares (whether wholly or partially paid up) of any company, or the mortgages, debentures, or obligations of any company or person, or partly one and partly other.
- (z 4) To distribute among the Shareholders in specie any property of the Company, whether by way of dividend or upon a return of capital, but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital be made, except with the sanction for the time being required by law.
- (z 5) To do all such other things as shall be incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects above-mentioned or any of them or any one or more of the objects aforesaid, it being hereby declared that in the foregoing clauses (unless a contrary intention appears) the word "Company" includes companies or corporations, and the word "persons" any number of persons, and that the other objects specified in any paragraph are not to be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other paragraph.
- 4. The liability of the Shareholders is limited.
- 5. The nominal capital of the Company is Five hundred thousand Rupees, divided into Fifty thousand shares of Ten Rupees each, with power to increase or reduce the capital. In case the Company shall increase its capital by the issue of new shares, such shares may be issued upon the terms specified in the Articles of Association for the time being of the Company.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in accordance with this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names;—

Number of Shares taken

Names and Addresses of St	ubscribers.	•	by e	ach Sharehol	der.
W. HENRY Figg, Colombo		••	••	One	
T. C. HUXLEY (by his attorney	W. HENRY FIGO), Colombo		One	
A. THOMSON (by his attorney V Colombo	V. Henry Figg)	, care of Whittal	l & Co.,	One	
G. H. Alston, Colombo	*4*	414	***	One	
V. A. Julius, Colombo		• •	•••	One	
Witness to the above signatures at 6	Colombo, this 7t	h day of Decemb	er, 1 90 9:		
	H. CREASY, Proctor, Supreme	·			
J. R. BARKLEY, Lunugalla	•••	• •		One	
Witness to the above signature, this	s 9th day of Dec	ember, 1909:			
,	A. B. TRAIL Planter, Lunuge				
C. L. VIZARD, Homagama	•=	414		One	
Witness to the above signature, this	12th day of De	cember, 1909:			
I	H. H. Massy, Planter, Homage		_		,

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE DORSET RUBBER ESTATE COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE regulations contained in the Table C in the schedule annexed to "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these Articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution.

The Company may, by special resolution, alter and make provisions instead of, or in addition to, any

of the regulations of the Company, whether contained and comprised in these Articles or not.

INTERPRETATION CLAUSE.

1. In the interpretation of these presents the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless such meanings be inconsistent with, or repugnant to, the subject or context:

The word "Company" means "The Dorset Rubber Estate Company, Limited," incorporated or

established by or under the Memorandum of Association to which these Articles are attached.

The "Ordinance" means and includes "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," and every other Ordinance from time to time in force concerning Joint Stock Companies which may apply to the Company.

'These presents" means and includes the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association

of the Company from time to time in force.
"Capital" means the capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purposes of "Shares" means the shares from time to time into which the capital of the Company may be divided.

"Shareholder" means a Shareholder of the Company.
"Presence or present" at a meeting means presence or present personally or by proxy or by attorney.

"Directors" means the Directors for the time being of the Company or (as the case may be) the Directors

"Board" means a meeting of the Directors or (as the context may require) the Directors assembled at a Board meeting, acting through at least a quorum of their body in the exercise of authority duly given to

them. "Persons" means partnerships, associations, corporations, companies, unincorporated or corporated by Ordinance and registration, as well as individuals.

"Office" means the registered office for the time being of the Company.

"Seal" means the common seal for the time being of the Company.

"Month" means a calendar month.

"Writing" means printed matter or print as well as writing. Words importing the singular number only include the plural, and vice versa. Words importing the masculine gender only include the feminine, and vice versa.

Business.

2. The Company may proceed to carry out the objects for which it is established, and to employ and apply its capital as soon after the registration of the Company as the Directors in their discretion shall think fit; and if the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed, applied for, or allotted as soon as, in the judgment of the Directors, a sufficient number of shares shall have been subscribed or applied for.

3. The business of the Company shall be carried on by or under the management or direction of

the Directors, and subject only to the control of General Meetings, in accordance with these presents.

CAPITAL.

4. The original capital of the Company is Five hundred thousand Rupees (Rs. 500,000), divided into

Fifty thousand shares of Ten Rupees (Rs. 10) each.

5. The Directors may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company in General Meeting, increase the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares of such amounts per share, and in the aggregate as such resolution shall direct; and they shall have power to add to such new shares such an amount of premium as may be considered expedient.

6. Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the same provisions in all respects with reference to the payments of allotment money, calls and instalments, transfer, transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrender, and otherwise, as if it had formed part of the original capital.

7. The Directors may in like manner, and with like sanction, reduce the capital of the Company.

SHARES.

8. The Company may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid and the time of payment of such calls.

9. If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the holder of the shares.

10. The shares, except when otherwise provided, shall be allotted at the discretion of and by the Directors, who may from time to time issue any unissued shares, and may add to such shares such an amount of premium as they consider proper. Provided that such unissued shares shall first be offered by the Directors to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the share; offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may, at their discretion, allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estates or lands being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates or lands, and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders. 11. In case of the increase of the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares, such new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions, and with such rights and privileges annexed thereto, as the General Meeting resolving on the creation thereof, or any other General Meeting of the Company, shall direct, and, if no direction be given, as the Directors shall determine, and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to the dividends and in the distribution of assets of the

Con pany, and with a special or without any right of voting.

Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the meeting that sanctions the increase of capital, all new shares shall be offered to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may, at their discretion, allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estates or lands being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates or lands, and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders.

allotted to the Shareholders.

12. Every person taking any share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof by writing under his hand in such form as the Company may from time to time direct.

13. Shares may be registered in the name of a firm, and any partner of the firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm shall be entitled to vote and to give proxies.

14. Shares may be registered in the name of two or more persons not in partnership.

15. Any one of the joint-holders of a share other than a firm may give effectual receipts for any dividends payable in respect of such share; but the Shareholder, whose name stands first on the register, and no other, shall be entitled to the right of voting and of giving proxies and all other advantages conferred on a sole Shareholder.

16. In case of the death of any one or more of the joint-holders of any shares, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognized by the Company as having any title to, or interest in, such shares.

17. The Company shall not be bound to recognize (even though having notice of) any contingent, future, partial, or equitable interest in the nature of a trust or otherwise in any share, or any other right in respect of any share, except any absolute right thereto in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof, and except also the right of any person under clause 36 to become a Shareholder in respect of any share.

18. The joint-holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all

instalments and calls due in respect of such share.

19. Every Shareholder shall be entitled to a certificate or certificates under the common seal of the

Company, specifying the share or shares held by him and the amount paid thereon.

20. If any certificate be worn out or defaced, then, upon production thereof to the Directors, they may order the same to be cancelled, and may issue a new certificate in lieu thereof; and if any certificate be lost or destroyed, then, upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Directors, and on such indemnity as the Directors deem adequate being given, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the person entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate. A sum of fifty cents shall be payable for such new certificate.

21. The certificate of shares registered in the name of two or more persons not a firm shall be delivered

to the person first named on the register.

CALLS.

22. The Directors may from time to time make such calls as they think fit upon the Shareholders in respect of all moneys unpaid on their shares, and not by the conditions of allotment made payable at fixed times, provided that two months' notice at least shall be given to the Shareholders of the time and place appointed for payment of each call; and each Shareholder shall pay the amount of every call so made to the pirson and at the time and place appointed by the Directors.

23. If any Shareholder fail to pay the amount of any call due by him on or before the day appointed for payment thereof, he shall be liable to pay interest for the same at the rate of nine per centum per annum

from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment.

24. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorizing

the call was passed,

25. The Directors shall have power in their absolute discretion to give time to any one or more Shareholder or Shareholders, exclusive of the others, for payment of any call or part thereof on such terms as the Directors may determine. But no shareholder shall be entitled to any such extension, except as a matter of

grace or favour.

26. The Directors may at their discretion receive from any of the Shareholders willing to advance the same, and upon such terms as they think fit, all or any part of the moneys due upon their respective shares beyond the sums actually called for; and upon the moneys so paid in advance, or upon so much thereof as from time to time and at any time thereafter exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon, and due in respect of, the shares in respect of which some advances have been made, the Board may pay or allow interest at such rate as the Shareholders paying such sums in advance, and the Directors may agree upon, not exceeding, however, six per centum per annum.

TRANSFER OF SHARES.

27. Subject to the restriction of these Articles, any Shareholder may transfer all or any of his shares by instrument in writing.

28. No transfer of shares shall be made to an infant or person of unsound mind.

29. The Company shall keep a book or books to be called "The Register of Transfers," in which

shall be entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share.

30. The Board may, at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion, decline to register any transfer of shares by a Shareholder who is indebted to the Company, or upon whose shares the Company have a lien or otherwise, or in case of shares not fully paid up, to any person not approved by them; and in no case shall a Shareholder or proposed transferee be entitled to require the Directors to state the reason of their refusal to register, but their declinature shall be absolute.

31. Every instrument of transfer must be left at the office of the Company to be registered, accompanied by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferor, and a fee of two rupees and fifty cents, or such other sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine, must be paid to the Company for the registration of every such transfer, upon payment whereof the Directors, subject to the powers vested in them by Article 30, shall register the transferee as a Shareholder, and retain the instrument of transfer

32. The Directors may, by such means as they shall deem expedient, authorize the registration of

transferees as Shareholders without the necessity of any meeting of the Directors for that purpose.

33 In no case shall the Directors be bound to inquire into the validity, legal effect, or genuineness of any instrument or transfer produced by a person claiming a transfer of any share in accordance with these articles; and whether they abstain from so inquiring, or do so inquire and are misled, the transferor shall have no claim whatsoever upon the Company in respect of the share, except for the dividends previously declared in respect thereof, but only, if at all, upon the transferoe.

34. The Register of Transfers may be closed during the fourteen days immediately preceding each Ordinary General Meeting; and when a dividend is declared, for the three days next ensuing the Meeting; also at such other times (if any) and for such periods as the Directors may from time to time determine;

provided always that it shall not be closed for more than thirty days in any year.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

5. The executors or administrators or the heirs of a deceased Shareholder shall be the only persons

recognized by the Company as having any title to the shares of such Shareholder.

36. Any guardian of any infant Shareholder, or any committee of a lunatic Shareholder, or any person becoming entitled to shares in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or liquidation of any Shareholder, or the marriage of any female Shareholder, or in any other way than by transfer, shall, upon securing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this clause, or of his title as the Directors think sufficient, be forthwith entitled, subject to the provisions herein contained, to be registered as a Shareholder in respect of such shares, or may, subject to the regulations as to transfers hereinbefore contained, transfer the same to some other person.

37. If any person who shall become entitled to be registered in respect of any share under clause 35 shall not, from any cause whatever, within twelve calendar months after the event on the happening of which his title shall accrue, be registered in respect of such share, or if in the case of the death of any Shareholder no person shall, within twelve calendar months after such death, be registered as a Shareholder in respect of the shares of such deceased Shareholder, the Company may sell such shares, either by public auction or private contract, and give a receipt for the purchase money, and the purchaser shall be entitled to be registered in respect of such share, and shall not be bound to inquire whether the events have happened which entitled the Company to sell the same, and the nett proceeds of such sale, after deducting all expenses and all moneys in respect of which the Company is entitled to a lien on the shares so sold, shall be paid to the person entitled thereto.

SURRENDER AND FORFEITURE OF SHARES.

38. The Directors may accept in the name and for the benefit of the Company, and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed, a surrender of the shares of Shareholders who may be desirous of retiring

from the Company.

39. If any Shareholder fails to pay any call or instalment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Directors may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on such Shareholder requiring him to pay the same, together with any interest that may have accrued, and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

The notice shall name a day (not being less than one month from the date of the notice) on, and a place or places at, which such call or instalment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed,

the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

If the requisition of such notice as aforesaid be not complied with, every or any share or shares in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of calls or instalment, with interest and expenses due in respect thereof, be declared forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

- 40. Any Shareholder whose shares have been so declared forfeited shall, notwithstanding, be liable to pay and shall forthwith pay to the Company all calls, instalments, interest, and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of forfeiture until payment at nine per centum per annum, and the Directors may enforce the payment thereof if they think fit.
- 41. Every share surrendered or so declared forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of upon such terms and in such manner as the Board shall think fit.

. 42. The surrender or forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in, and also of all claims and demands against, the Company in respect of the share and the proceeds thereof, and all other rights incident to the share, except only such of those rights (if any) as by these presents are expressly saved.

43. A certificate in writing under the hands of one of the Directors and of the Secretary that a share has been duly surrendered or forfeited, stating the time when it was surrendered or forfeited, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons who would have been entitled to the share but for such surrender or forfeiture, and such certificate and the receipt of the Company for the price of such share shall constitute a good title to such share, and a certificate of proprietorship shall be delivered to any person who may purchase the same from the Company, and thereupon such purchaser shall be deemed the holder of such share, discharged from all calls due prior to such purchase, and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to such share be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture or sale.

The Directors may in their discretion remit or annul the forfeiture of any share within six months from the date thereof upon the payment of all moneys due to the Company from the late holder or holders of such share or shares, and all expenses incurred in relation to such forfeiture, together with such further sum of money by way of redemption money for the deficit, as they shall think fit, not being less than nine per centum per annum on the amount of the sums wherein default in payment had been made, but no share bona fide sold or retallotted, or otherwise disposed of under Article 41 hereof, shall be redeemable after sale or disposal.

44. The Company shall have a first charge or paramount lien upon all the shares of any holder or joint-holders for all moneys for the time being due to the Company by such holder, or by all or any of such joint-holders respectively, either in respect of such shares or of other shares held by such holder or joint-holders or otherwise, and whether due from any such holder individually or jointly with others, including all calls which the Directors shall have resolved to make, although the times appointed for the payment thereof shall not have arrived; and where any share is held by more persons than one, the Company shall be entitled to the said charge or lien in respect of any money due to the Company from any of such persons. And the

Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares subject to such charge or lien.

45. Such charge or lien may be made available by a sale of all or any of the shares subject to it, provided that no such sale shall be made except under a resolution of the Directors, and until notice in writing shall have been given to the indebted Shareholder or his executors or administrators, or the assignee or trustee in his bankruptcy, requiring him or them to pay the amount for the time being due to the Company, and default shall have been made for twenty-eight days from such notice in paying the sum thereby required to be paid. Should the Shareholder over whose share the lien exists be in England or elsewhere abroad, sixty days' notice shall be allowed him.

46. The nett proceeds of any such sale shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of such debts, liabilities,

or engagements, and the residue (if any) paid to such Shareholder or his representatives.

47. A certificate in writing under the hands of one of the Directors and of the Secretary that the power of sale given by clause 45 has arisen and is exercisable by the Company under these presents shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated.

48. Upon any such sale two of the Directors may execute a transfer of such share to the purchaser thereof, and such transfer, with the certificate last aforesaid, shall confer on the purchaser a complete title to such shares.

PREFERENCE SHARES.

49. Any shares from time to time to be issued or created may from time to time be issued with any such right of preference, whether in respect of dividend or of payment of capital, or both, or any such other special privilege or advantage over any shares previously issued or then about to be issued (other than shares issued with a preference), or at such a premium, or with such deferred rights as compared with any shares previously issued or then about to be issued, or subject to any such conditions or provisions, and with any such right or without any right of voting, and generally on such terms as the Company may from time to time by special resolution determine.

of different classes, then the holders of any class of shares may, by an extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of such holders, consent, on behalf of all the holders of shares of the class, to the issue or creation of any shares ranking equally therewith or having any priority thereto, or to the abandonment of any preference or priority, or of any accrued dividend, or the reduction for any time or permanently of the dividends payable thereon, or to any scheme for the reduction of the Company's capital affecting the class of shares; and such resolution shall be binding upon all the holders of shares of the class, provided that this Article shall not be read as implying the necessity for such consent in any case in which but for this Article the object of the resolutions could have been effected without it.

51. Any meeting for the purpose of the last preceding clause shall be convened and conducted in all respects as nearly as possible in the same way as an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, provided that no member, not being a Director, shall be entitled to notice thereof or to attend thereat, unless he be a holder of shares of the class intended to be affected by the resolution, and that no vote shall be given except in respect of a share of that class, and that at any such meeting a poll may be demanded in

writing by any members personally present and entitled to vote at the meeting.

Borrowing Powers.

52. The Directors shall have power to procure from time to time, in the usual course of business, such temporary advances on the produce in hand, or in the future to be obtained from the Company's estates, as they may find necessary or expedient for the purpose of defraying the expenses of working the Company's estates, or of erecting, maintaining, improving, or extending buildings, machinery, or plantations, or otherwise. Also from time to time at their discretion to borrow or raise from the Directors or other persons any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company, provided that the money so borrowed or raised and owing at any one time shall not, without the sanction of a General Meeting, exceed Fifty thousand Rupees.

at any one time shall not, without the sanction of a General Meeting, exceed Fifty thousand Rupees.

53. With the sanction of a General Meeting the Board shall be entitled to borrow such further sum or sums and at such rate of interest as such meeting shall determine. A certificate under the hands of one Director and the Secretary, or of two Directors, to the effect that in taking any loan the Directors are not exceeding their borrowing powers, shall be sufficient and binding on the Company and all concerned, and

shall be conclusive evidence thereof in all questions between the Company and its creditors.

54. For the purpose of securing the repayment of any such moneys so borrowed or raised, or for any other purposes, the Directors may grant, create, execute, and issue any mortgages, cash, credits, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company, charged upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, lands, property, rights, and assets of the Company, both present and future, including uncalled capital or unpaid calls, or may make, accept, or endorse, on behalf of the Company, any promissory notes or bills of exchange.

55. Any such securities may be issued, either at par or at a premium or discount, and may from time to time be cancelled, discharged, varied, or exchanged as the Directors may think fit, and may contain special

privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, or otherwise.

56. Every debenture or other instrument issued by the Company for securing the payment of money may be so framed that the moneys thereby secured shall be assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

GENERAL MEETINGS.

The first General Meeting shall be held at such time, not being more than twelve months after the incorporation of the Company, and at such place as the Directors may determine.

58. Subsequent General Meetings shall be held once in every year at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if no time or place is so prescribed, then at such place and at such time as soon after the first day in each year as may be determined by the Directors.

59. The General Meetings mentioned in the last preceding clause shall be called Ordinary General

Meetings; all other meetings of the Company shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.

60. The Directors may, whenever they think fit, call an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, and the Directors shall do so upon a requisition made in writing by not less than one-eighth of the number of Shareholders of the Company for the time being, or by any Shareholder or Shareholders holding in the aggregate one-eighth part of the shares of the Company for the time being subscribed for.

Any requisition so made shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called, shall be

addressed to the Directors, and shall be sent to the registered office of the Company.

Upon the receipt of such requisition the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such time and place as they shall determine. If they do not proceed to convene the same within seven days from the delivery of the requisition, the requisitionists may themselves convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such place and at such time as the Shareholders convening the meeting may themselves fix.

62. Any Shareholder may, on giving not less than ten days' previous notice of any resolution, submit

the same to a meeting.

Such notice shall be given by leaving a copy of the resolution at the registered office of the Company.

64. Seven days' notice at least of every General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, and by whom-soever convened, specifying the place, date, hour of meeting, and the object and business of the meeting, shall be given by advertisement in the Ceylon Government Gazette, or in such other manner (if any) as may be

prescribed by the Company in General Meeting.

65. Every Ordinary General Meeting shall be competent, without special notice having been given of the purposes for which it is convened, or of the business to be transacted thereat, to receive and discuss any report and any accounts presented thereto by the Directors, and to pass resolutions in approval or disapproval thereof, and to declare dividends, and to elect Directors and Auditors in the place of those retiring by rotation, and to fix the remuneration of the Auditors; and shall also be competent to enter upon, discuss, and transact any business whatsoever, of which special mention shall have been given in the notice or notices upon which the meeting was convened.

With the exceptions mentioned in the foregoing Articles as to the business which may be transacted at Ordinary General Meetings without notice, no General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss, or transact any business which has not been specially mentioned in the

notice or notices upon which it was convened.

No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting, except the declaration of a dividend recommended by a report of the Directors or election of a Chairman, unless there shall be present or represented

at the commencement of the business two or more Shareholders entitled to vote.

If at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting the required number of Shareholders shall not be present at the meeting, the meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of Shareholders, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, those Shareholders who are present shall be a quorum, and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.

The Chairman (if any) of the Directors shall be entitled to take the Chair at every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary; or if there be no Chairman, or if at any meeting he shall not be present at the time appointed for holding such meeting, or if he shall refuse to take the Chair, the Shareholders shall choose another Director as Chairman; and if no Directors be present, or if all the Directors present decline to

take the Chair, then the Shareholders present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman.

70. No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting, except the election of a Chairman whilst the Chair is vacant.

71. The Chairman may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place, unless due notice thereof shall be given.

72. Minutes of the proceedings of every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall when so entered be signed as soon as practicable by the Chairman of the same meeting or by the Chairman of the succeeding meeting, and the same when so entered and signed shall be evidence of all such proceedings and of the proper election of the Chairman.

VOTING AT MEETINGS.

73. At any meeting every resolution shall be decided by the votes of the Shareholders present in person or by proxy, or by attorney, and in case there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman at such meeting shall be entitled to give a casting vote in addition to the vote to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder; and unless a poll be immediately demanded by some member present and entitled to vote, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the Minute Book of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

*74. If at any meeting a poll be demanded by some Shareholder present at the meeting and to vote, the meeting shall, if necessary, be adjourned, and the poll shall be taken at such time and place and in such manner as the Chairman shall direct, and in such case every Shareholder shall have the number of votes as the chairman shall direct, and in such case every Shareholder shall have the number of votes. to which he may be entitled as hereinafter provided; and in case at any such poll there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting at which such poll shall have been demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder and proxy, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in such meeting.

The demand of a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.

- 76. No poll shall be demanded on the election of a Chairman of the meeting or on any question of adjournment.
- 77. On a show of hands every member shall have one vote only. In case of a poll every Shareholder shall have one vote for every share held by him up to ten, and an additional vote for every ten shares beyond the first ten.
- 78. The parent or guardian of an infant Shareholder, the committee or other legal guardian of any lunatic Shareholder, the husband of any female Shareholder not entitled to her shares as separate estate, and the executor or administrator of any deceased Shareholder, or any one of such persons as aforesaid, if more than one, shall not be entitled to vote in the place of such infant, lunatic, female, or deceased person, unless such person shall have been registered as a Shareholder.

79. Votes may be given either personally or by proxy or by attorney.

80. No Shareholder shall be entitled to vote at any meeting unless all calls due from him on his shares have been paid, and no Shareholder other than the trustee or assignee of a bankrupt or representative of a deceased Shareholder, or person acquiring by marriage, shall be entitled to vote at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company in respect of any share which he has acquired by transfer, unless he has been possessed of the share in respect of which he claims to vote at least three months previously to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote.

81. No Shareholder who has not been duly registered as such for three months previous to the General Meeting shall be entitled to be present and to speak and vote at any meeting held after the expiry of three

months from the incorporation of the Company.

82. No person shall be entitled to hold a proxy who is not a Shareholder of the Company, but this rule does not apply to a power of attorney.

- 83. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be printed or written, and shall be signed by the appointor, or if such appointor be a company or corporation, it shall be under the common seal of such company or corporation.
- 84. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than twenty-four hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote.

The instrument appointing a proxy may be in the following form:—

The Dorset Rubber Estate Company, Limited.

I, _____, of _____, appoint _____, of _____ (a Shareholder in the Company), as my proxy, to represent me and to vote for me and on my behalf at the Ordinary (or Extraordinary, as the case may be) General Meeting of the Company to be held on the _____ day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and _____, and at any adjournment thereof, and at every poll which may be taken in consequence thereof.

As witness my hand this ———— day of ————, One thousand Nine hundred and ————.

- 85. No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney), except at the meeting or poll at which such vote shall be tendered, and every vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) to which no objection shall be made at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.
- 86. No Shareholder shall be prevented from voting by reason of his being personally interested in the result of the voting.

DIRECTORS.

87. The number of Directors shall never be less than two or more than five, but this clause shall be construed as being directory only, and the continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any number of vacancies.

The qualification of a Director shall be his holding in his own right at least one hundred and fifty shares in the Company upon which all calls for the time being have been paid, and this qualification shall

apply as well to the first Directors as to all future Directors.

As a remuteration for their services, the Directors shall be entitled to appropriate a sum not exceeding Two thousand Five hundred Rupees annually, to be divided between them in such manner as they may determine, but the Company in General Meeting may at any time alter the amount or such remuneration for the future, and such remuneration shall not be considered as including any remuneration granted for special extra services hereinafter referred to, nor any extra remuneration to the Managing Directors of the Company.

88. The first Directors shall be John Ralph Barkley, Charles Law Vizard, William Henry Figg, and Villiers Alexander Julius, who shall hold office till the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company, when

they shall all retire, but shall be eligible for re-election.

89. One or more of the Directors may be appointed by the Directors to act as Secretary, Managing Director or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Agents of the Company, or Superintendents of any of the estates, for such time and on such terms as the Directors may determine, or may fix by agreement with the person or persons appointed to the office, and they may from time to time revoke such appointment and appoint another or other Secretary, Managing Director or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Agents or Superintendents.

The Directors may confer on the Managing Director or Managing Directors all or any duties and powers

that might be conferred on any Manager of the Company.

If any Director shall be called upon to perform any extra services, the Directors may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such services, either by way of salary, commission, or the payment of a lump sum of money, as they shall think fit.

ROTATION OF DIRECTORS.

90. At the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company all the Directors shall retire from office, and at the first Ordinary General Meeting in every subsequent year one of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office as provided in clause 91.

91. The Directors to retire from office at the second and third Ordinary General Meeting shall, unless the Directors otherwise arrange among themselves, be determined by ballot; in every subsequent year the

Directors to retire shall be those who have been longest in office.

92. In case any question shall arise as to which of the Directors who have been the same time in office shall retire, the same shall be decided by the Directors by ballot.

Retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.

- The Ordinary General Meeting at which Directors retire or ought to retire by rotation shall appoint successors to them, and in default thereof such successors may be appointed at a subsequent Ordinary General Meeting.
- 95. Any casual vacancy occurring in the number of Directors or provisional Directors arising from death, resignation, or otherwise, may be filled up by the Directors, but any person appointed to fill such vacancy shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Director would have retained the same if no vacancy had
- The Directors, subject to the approval of a General Meeting, may from time to time at any time subsequent to the se ond Ordinary General Meeting increase or reduce the number of Directors, and may also, subject to the like approval, determine in what rotation such increased or reduced number is to go out of office.
- If at any meeting at which an election of a Director ought to take place the place of a retiring Director is not filled up, the retiring Director may continue in office until the first Ordinary General Meeting in the next year, and so on, from meeting to meeting until his place is filled up, unless it shall be determined at such meeting to reduce the number of Directors.

A Director may at any time give notice in writing of his intention to resign by delivering such notice to the Secretary, or by leaving the same at the registered office of the Company, or by tendering his written resignation at a meeting of the Directors, and on the acceptance of his resignation by the Directors, but not before, his office shall become vacant.

99. The Company may, by a special resolution, remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and may by an ordinary resolution appoint another person in his stead. The Director so appointed shall hold office only during such time as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have

held the same if he had not been removed.

100. Every Director or officer of the Company, and his heirs, executors, and administrators shall be indemnified by the Company from all losses and expenses incurred by him in or about the discharge of his duties, except such as happen from his respective wilful acts or defaults; and no Director or officer shall, nor shall the heirs, executors, or administrators of any Director or officer, be liable for the acts or defaults of any other Director or officer, or for any loss or expense happening to the Company by the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired for or on behalf of the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested, or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency, or tortuous act of any person with whom any moneys, securities, or effects shall be deposited, or for any other loss, damage, or misfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, unless the same happen through his own wilful act or default.

101. No contribution shall be required from any present or past Director or Manager exceeding the

amount, if any, unpaid on the shares in respect of which he is liable as a present or past Shareholder.

DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS.

102. The office of the Director shall be vacated-

(a) If he accepts or holds any office or place of profit other than Managing Director, Visiting Agent, Superintendent, or Secretary under the Company.

(b) If he becomes bankrupt or insolvent, or suspends payment, or files a petition for the liquidation of his affairs, or compounds with his creditors.

(c) If by reason of mental or bodily infirmity he becomes incapable of acting.

(d) If he ceases to hold the required number of shares to qualify him for the office.
(e) If he is concerned or participates in the profits of any contract with, or work done for, the Company.

Provided that no Director shall vacate his office by reason of his being a member of any corporation, company, or firm which has entered into any contract with, or done any work for, the Company of which he is a Director, or by his being agent, or secretary, or solicitor, or by his being a member of a firm who are agents, or secretaries, or solicitors of the Company; nevertheless, he shall not vote in respect of any contract work or business in which he may be personally interested.

Powers of Directors.

103. The Directors shall have power to carry into effect the acquisition of Dorset estate and the lease, purchase, or acquisition of any other lands, estates, or property they may think fit, or any share or shares thereof.

104. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors either by themselves or through a Managing Director, or with the assistance of an agent or agents and secretary or secretaries of the Company to be appointed by the Directors for such a period and on such terms as they shall determine, and the Directors shall pay out of the funds of the Company all costs and expenses, as well preliminary as otherwise, paid or incurred in and about the formation and the registration of the Company, and in and about the valuation, purchase, lease, or acquisition of the said estates and lands, and the opening, clearing, planting, and cultivation thereof, and otherwise in or about the working and business of the Company.

The Directors shall have power to make, and may make such rules or regulations for the management of the business and property of the Company as they may from time to time think proper, and shall carry on the business of the Company in such manner as they may think most expedient; and, in addition to the powers and authorities by any Ordinance or by these presents expressly conferred on them, they may exercise all such powers, give all such consents, make all such arrangements, appoint all such agents, managers, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, superintendents, assistants, clerks, artizans, labourers, and other servants for such period or periods, and with such remuneration, and at such salaries, and upon such terms and conditions as they may consider advisable, and may pay the expenses occasioned thereby out of the funds of the Company, and may from time to time remove or suspend all or any of the managers, agents, treasurers, accountants, officers, clerks, or servants of the Company for such reasons as they may think proper and advisable, and without assigning any cause for so doing.

106. The Directors shall exercise in the name and on behalf of the Company all such powers of the Company as are not expressly required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, and shall generally do all such acts and things as are or shall be by any Ordinance and by these presents directed and authorized to be exercised, given, made, or done by the Company, and are not by any Ordinance or by these presents required to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting, subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of any such Ordinances and of these presents and to such regulations and provisions (if any) as may from time to time be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting; but no regulations made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made.

The generality of the powers conferred by any clause in these presents on the Directors shall not be taken

to be limited by any clause conferring any special or expressed power.

107. The Directors shall have power to appoint a proctor or proctors, solicitor or solicitors, attorney or attorneys to assist in carrying on or protecting the business of the Company, on such terms as they may consider

proper, and from time to time to revoke such appointment.

The Directors shall have power to open from time to time on behalf of the Company any account or accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint, and also by such signatures as they may appoint to draw, accept, make, endorse, sign, and execute cheques, bills of exchange, and promissory notes, bills of lading, receipts, contracts, and agreements, bonds, mortgages, proxies to any proctor or proctors, and other documents on behalf of and to further the interests of the Company.

The seal of the Company shall not be affixed to any instrument except in the presence of two or more of the Directors, or of one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries, who shall attest the sealing thereof, such attestation on the part of the Secretaries, in the event of a firm being the Secretaries, being signified by a

partner of the said firm signing for and on behalf of the said firm as such Secretaries.

110. It shall be lawful for the Directors, if authorized so to do by the Shareholders in General Meeting, to arrange terms for the amalgamation of the Company with any other company or companies, or individual or individuals, or for the sale or disposal of the business, estates, and effects of the Company, or any part or parts, share or shares thereof, respectively, to any company or companies, or person or persons, upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit; and the Directors shall have power to do all such things as may be necessary for carrying such amalgamation, sale, or other disposition into effect so far as a resolution or special resolution of the Company is not by law necessary for such purpose; and in case any terms so arranged by the Directors include or make necessary the dissolution of the Company, the Company shall be dissolved to that end.

111. In furtherance and not in limitation of, and without prejudice to, the general powers conferred or implied in the last preceding clause, and of the other powers conferred by these presents, it is hereby expressly

declared that the Directors shall have the powers following (that is to say):

(a) To institute, conduct, defend, compromise, settle, or abandon any action, suit, prosecution, or other legal proceedings on behalf of the Company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due to or from the Company, and any claims or demands made by or against the Company.

(b) To refer any claims or demands by or against the Company to arbitration, and observe and

perform or enforce the award.

(c) To make and give receipts, releases, and other discharges for money payable to the Company and for claims and demands by the Company.

(d) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents, with power to accept the office of trustee, assignee, liquidator, or inspector, or any similar office.

- (e) To invest any of the moneys of the Company which the Directors may consider not to be immediately required for the purposes thereof, upon such securities and in such manner as they may think fit, and so that they shall not be restricted to such securities as are permissible to trustees without special powers, and from time to time to vary or release such investments.
- (f) To delegate to any one or more of the Directors of the Company for the time being, or any other person or company for the time being, residing or carrying on business in Ceylon or elsewhere, all or any of the powers or functions given to or exercisable by the Directors; and to confer such powers for such time and to be exercised for such objects and purposes, and upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions, as the Directors may think expedient, and to confer such powers either collaterally with or to the exclusion of, and in the substitution for, all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf, and from time to time to revoke, withdraw, alter, or vary all or any of such powers. The Directors may allow to any person or company to whom any powers may be so delegated such remuneration as they in their absolute discretion shall think fit.
- (g) Before recommending any dividend, to set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as they think proper as a reserve fund to meet contingencies or for special dividends or for equalizing dividends or for repairing, improving, and maintaining any of the property of the Company and for other purposes as the Directors shall in their absolute discretion think conducive to the interests of the Company, and to invest the several sums so set aside upon such investments as they may think fit, and from time to time deal with and vary such investments and dispose of all or any part thereof for the benefit of the Company, and to divide the reserve fund into such special funds as they think fit, and to employ the reserve fund or any part thereof in the business of the Company and that without being bound to keep the same separate from their other assets.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

112. The Directors may meet for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings at such places and times and in such manner as they may think fit, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Until otherwise determined, two Directors shall be a quorum. 113. A Director may at any time summon a meeting of Directors.

The Board may elect a Chairman of their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office, and all meetings of the Directors shall be presided over by the Chairman, if one has been elected and is present, but if there be a vacancy in the office of Chairman, or if at any meeting of Directors the Chairman be not present at the time appointed for holding the same, then and in that case the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.

115. Any question which shall arise at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman thereat shall have a casting vote in addition to his

vote as a Director.

The Board may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as the Board think fit, and they may from time to time revoke and discharge any such committee, either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee so formed shall, in exercise of the powers delegated to it, conform to all such regulations as may be prescribed by the Board. All acts done by any such committee, in conformity with such regulations and in the fulfilment of the purposes of their appointment, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.

117. The meetings and proceedings of such committees shall be governed by the provisions herein

contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto, and are not superseded by the express terms of the appointment of such committee respectively, or any

regulation imposed by the Board.

The acts of the Board and of any committees appointed by the Board shall, notwithstanding any 118. vacancy in the Board or committee, or defect in the appointment or qualification or any Director or of any member of the committee, be as valid as if no such vacancy or defect had existed, and as if such person had been duly appointed or qualified, provided the same be done before the discovery of the vacancy or defect.

119. A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors for the time being in Ceylon shall be as valid

and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted.

120. The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in a book or books to be provided for the purpose:—

(1) Of all appointments of (a) officers and (b) committees made by the Directors.

(2) Of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors.

(3) Of the names of the members of the committee appointed by the Board present at each meeting of the committee.

(4) Of all orders made by the Directors.

(5) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all General Meetings of the Company.

(6) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of the Directors.

(7) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of committees appointed by the Board.

All such minutes shall be signed by the person who shall have presided as Chairman at the General Meeting, the Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting at which the business minuted shall have been transacted, or by the person who shall preside as Chairman at the next ensuing General Meeting, or Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, as the case may be; and all minutes purporting to have been signed by any Chairman of any General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively, shall, for all purposes whatsoever, be prima facie evidence of the actual and regular passing of the resolutions, and the actual and regular transaction or occurrence of the proceedings and other matters purporting to be so recorded, and of the regularity of the meeting at which the same shall appear to have taken place, and of the Chairmanship and signature of the person appearing to have signed as Chairman, and of the date on which such meeting was held.

ACCOUNTS.

122. The Agent or Secretary or the Agents or Secretaries for the time being, or, if there be no Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries, the Directors shall cause true accounts to be kept of the paid up capital for the time being of the Company, and of all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and of the matters in respect of which such sums were received and expended, and of the assets, credits, and liabilities of the Company, and generally of all its commercial, financial, and other affairs, transactions, and engagements, and of all other matters necessary for showing the true financial state and condition of the Company. The accounts shall be kept in such books and in such a manner at the registered office of the Company as the Directors think fit.

The Directors shall from time to time determine whether, and to what extent, and at what times and places, and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the Company or of any of them shall be open to the inspection of the Shareholders, and no Shareholders shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company, except as conferred by statute or authorized by the Directors

or by a resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

124. At the Ordinary General Meeting in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company a statement of the income and expenditure of the Company for the previous financial year, and a balance sheet containing a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company made up to the end of the same period.

125. The statement so made shall show, arranged under the most convenient heads, the amount of gross income, distinguishing the several sources from which it has been derived, and the amount of gross expenditure, distinguishing the expense of the establishment, salaries, and other heads of expenditure. Every item of expenditure fairly chargeable against the year's income shall be brought into account, so that a just balance of profit and loss may be laid before the meeting, and in case where any item of expenditure which may in fairness be distributed over several years has been incurred in any one year, the whole amount of such item shall be stated with the addition of the reasons why only a portion of such expenditure is charged against the income of the year.

126. The balance sheet shall contain a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company, arranged under the heads appearing in the form annexed to the table referred to in Schedule C to "The Joint Stock Companies" Ordinance, 1861," or as near thereto as circumstances admit.

127. Every such statement shall be accompanied by a report as to the state and condition of the Company, and as to the amount which the Directors recommend should be paid out of the profits by way of dividend or bonus to the Shareholders, and the statement, report, and balance sheet shall be signed by the Directors.

128. A printed copy of such balance sheet shall, at least seven days previous to such meeting, be delivered at or posted to the registered address of every Shareholder.

129. The accounts of the Company shall from time to time be examined, and the correctness of the balance sheet ascertained by one or more Auditor or Auditors,

AUDIT.

- 130. No person shall be eligible as an Auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Shareholder in any transaction of the Company, but it shall not be a necessary qualification for an Auditor that he be a Shareholder of the Company, and no Director or officer of the Company shall, during his continuance in office, be eligible as an Auditor.
- 131. The Directors shall appoint the first Auditor of the Company and fix his remuneration. He shall hold office till the second General Meeting of the Company. All subsequent appointments shall, except as is hereinafter mentioned, be made at the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company in each year by the Shareholders present thereat, and the Auditor or Auditors appointed at such meeting shall hold office only until the first Ordinary General Meeting after his or their appointments, or until otherwise ordered by a General Meeting.

132. The remuneration of the Auditors other than the first shall be fixed by the Company in General

Meeting, and this remuneration may from time to time be varied by a General Meeting.

133. Retiring Auditors shall be eligible for re-election.

134. If any vacancy that may occur in the office of Auditor is not supplied at the next Ordinary General Meeting, or if any casual vacancy shall occur in the office of Auditor, the Directors shall fill up the vacancy by the appointment of a person who shall hold office until the next Ordinary General Meeting after his appointment.

135. Every Auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet intended to be laid before the next Ordinary General Meeting after his appointment, and it shall be his duty to examine the same with the accounts and vouchers relating thereto and to report thereon to the meeting generally or specially, as he may think fit.

136. The Auditor or Auditors for the time being shall have a list delivered to him or them of all books kept by the Company, and he or they shall at all reasonable hours in the daytime have access to all accounts, books, and documents whatsoever of the Company for the purpose of audit.

DIVIDENDS, BONUS, AND RESERVE FUND.

137. The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, from time to time declare a dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders in proportion to the amount paid on their shares, but no dividend shall be payable except out of nett profits.

138. The Directors may, if they think fit, determine on and declare an interim dividend to be paid, or pay a bonus to the Shareholders on account and in anticipation of the dividend for the then current year.

139. The Directors may, before recommending any dividend or bonus, set aside out of the profits of the Company such a sum as they think proper as a reserve fund, and shall invest the same in such securities as they may with the sanction of the company select, or shall place the same in fixed deposit in any bank or banks.

140. The Directors may from time to time apply such portions as they think fit of the reserve fund to meet contingencies, or for equalizing dividends, or for working the business of the Company, or for repairing or maintaining or extending the buildings and premises of the Company, or for the repair or renewal or extension of the property or plant of the Company or any part thereof, or for any other purposes connected with the interest of the Company that they may from time to time deem expedient.

141. No unpaid dividend or bonus shall ever bear interest against the Company.

142. No Shareholder shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividend or bonus in respect of his share or shares whilst any moneys may be due or owing from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company in respect of such share or shares, or otherwise howsoever.

143. The Directors may deduct from the dividend or bonus payable to any Shareholder all such sums of money as may be due from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company, and notwithstanding the fact that such sums or any of them are not payable until after the date when such dividend

or bonus is payable.

144. Notice of any dividend that has been declared, or of any bonus to be paid, shall be given to each Shareholder entitled thereto, and any dividend or bonus unclaimed by any Shareholder for three years after notice thereof is given may be forfeited by the Directors for the benefit of the Company, and, if the Directors think fit, may be applied in augmentation of the reserve fund.

145. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by a firm may be paid to, and an

effectual receipt given by, any partner of such firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm.

146. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by several persons jointly other

than a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by. any one of such persons.

147. Any General Meeting declaring a dividend may direct payment of such dividend wholly or in part by the distribution of specific assets, and in particular of paid-up shares, debentures, or debenture stock of the Company or of any other company or in any one or more of such ways, and the Directors shall give effect to such direction; and when any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution, they may settle the same as they think expedient, and in particular may issue fractional certificates, and may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof, and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any Shareholders upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties, and may vest any such specific assets in trustees upon such trusts for the persons entitled to the dividend as may seem expedient to the Directors. Where requisite a proper contract shall be filed, and the Directors may appoint any person to sign such contract on behalf of the persons entitled to the dividend, and such appointment shall be effective.

Notices.

148. Notices from the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed or written) of the Agent or Secretary, Agents or Secretaries, or persons appointed by the Board to authenticate the same.

149. Every Shareholder shall give an address in Ceylon, which shall be deemed to be his place of abode,

and shall be registered as such in the books of the Company.

150. A notice may be served by the Company upon any Shareholder, either personally or by being sent through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to such Shareholder at his registered address or place of abode, and any notice so served shall be deemed to be well served, notwithstanding that the Shareholder to whom such notice is addressed be dead, unless his executors or administrators shall have given to the Directors, or to the Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries of the Company, their own or some other address to which notices may be sent.

151. All notices directed to be given to Shareholders shall, with respect to any share to which persons are jointly entitled other than a firm, be given to whichever of such persons is named first in the Register of

Shareholders, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares,

Any notice if served by post shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the letter containing the same would in ordinary course of post have been delivered at its address, and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and put into a post office or post box, and the entry in the Company's books of the leaving or sending by post of any notice at or to such address shall be sufficient evidence; thereof, and no further evidence shall be necessary.

153. Every Shareholder residing out of Ceylon shall name and register in the books of the Company an address within Ceylon at which all notices shall be served upon him, and all notices served at such address shall be deemed to be well served. If he shall not have named and registered such an address, he shall not be

entitled to any notices.

All notices required to be given by advertisement shall be published in the Ceylon Government Gazette.

ARBITRATION.

154. Whenever any question or other matter whatsoever arises in dispute between the Company and any other company or person, the same may be referred by the Directors to arbitration.

EVIDENCE.

155. On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought or instituted by the Company against any Shareholder or his representatives to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is or was when the claim arose on the Register of Shareholders of the Company as a holder of the number of shares in respect of which such claim is made, and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company; and it shall not be necessary to prove the registration of the Company, nor the appointment of the Directors who made any call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made, nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

PROVISION RELATIVE TO WINDING UP OR DISSOLUTION OF THE COMPANY.

156. Any Shareholder, whether a Director or not, and whether alone or jointly with any other Shareholder or Director, and any person not a Shareholder, may become the purchaser of the property of the Company or any part thereof in the event of a winding up or a dissolution, or at any other time when a sale of the Company's property or effects or any part thereof shall be made by the Directors under the powers hereby under the Ordinance conferred upon them.

In witness whereof the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereto set and subscribed

their names at Colombo, this 7th day of December, 1909 :-

W. HENRY FIGG.

T. C. HUXLEY (by his Attorney W. HENRY FIGG).

A. THOMSON (by his Attorney W. HENRY FIGG).

G. H. ALSTON.

V. A. JULIUS.

Witness to the above signatures:

H. CREASY, Proctor, Supreme Court.

J. R. BARKLEY.

Witness to the above signature:

A. B TRAIL, Planter, Lunugalla.

C. L. VIZARD.

Witness to the above signature:

H. H. MASSY, Planter, Homagama.

LASSAHENA RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED. MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

- The name of the Company is "LASSAHENA RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED."
- The registered office of the Company is to be established in Colombo.
- The objects for which the Company is to be established are-

(a) To purchase from the proprietors thereof Lassahena estate, situate in the Kelani Valley. containing in extent 500 acres or thereabouts.

(b) To purchase, lease, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any other land or lands, or any share or shares thereof, and any buildings, mines, minerals, mining and mineral properties and rights, machinery, implements, tools, live and dead stock, stores, effects, and other property, real or personal, movable or immovable, of any kind, and any rights, easements, patents, licenses, or privileges in Ceylon or elsewhere (including the benefit of any trade mark or trade secret which may be thought necessary or convenient for the purpose of the Company's business), and to erect, construct, maintain, or alter any buildings, machinery, plant, roads, ways, or other works or methods of communication.

(c) To appoint, engage, employ, maintain, provide for, and dismiss attorneys, agents, superintendents, managers, clerks, coolies, and other labourers and servants in Ceylon or elsewhere, and to remunerate any such at such rate as shall be thought fit, and to grant pensions or

gratuities to any such or the widow or children or any such.

(d) To clear, open, plant, cultivate, improve, and develop the said property or any portion thereof, and any other land or lands that may be purchased, leased, or otherwise acquired by the Company in Ceylon or elsewhere, or portions thereof, as a rubber estate or estates, or with any other products, trees, plants, or crops that may be approved by the Company, and to plant, grow, and produce rubber, coconuts, tea, coffee, cinchona, cacao, cardamoms, rhea, ramie plants, trees, and other natural products in Ceylon or elsewhere.

(e) To build, make, construct, equip, maintain, improve, alter, and work rubber and tea factories, coconut and coffee-curing mills, and other manufactories, buildings, erections, roads, tramways, or other works conducive to any of the Company's objects, or to contribute to or

subsidize such.

(f) To enter into any arrangement or agreement with Government or any authorities and obtain

rights, concessions, and privileges.

(g) To hire, lease, or purchase land either with any other person or company or otherwise, and to erect a factory and other buildings thereon or on any land already leased or owned by the Company at the cost of the Company and such other person or company or otherwise.

(h) To lease any factory or other buildings from any company or person.

(i) To enter into any agreement with any company or person for the working of any factory erected or leased as provided in (g) or (h), or for the manufacture and preparation for market of

tea or any other produce in such or any other factory.

(f) To prepare, cure, manufacture, treat, and prepare for market rubber, plumbago, minerals, tea, and (or) other crops or produce, and to sell, ship, and dispose of such rubber, plumbago, minerals, tea, crops, and produce, either raw or manufactured, at such times and places and in such manner as shall be deemed expedient.

(k) To buy, sell, warehouse, transport, trade, and deal in rubber, coconuts, tea, coffee, and other plants and seed, and rice and other food required for coolies, labourers, and others employed on estates, and other products, wares, merchandise, articles, and things of any

kind whatever.

(1) To work mines or quarries, and to find, win, get, work, crush, smelt, manufacture, or otherwise deal with ores, metals, minerals, oils, precious and other stones, deposits, and products, and generally to carry on the business of miners, manufacturers, growers, planters, and exporters of rubber and other products, or any such business on behalf of the Company or as agents for others and on commission or otherwise.

(m) To establish and carry on a dairy farm, and to buy and sell live stock, and to sell and deal in

milk and dairy produce, wholesale or retail.

(n) To establish and maintain in the United Kingdom, India, Ceylon, or elsewhere stores, shops, and places for the sale of rubber, tea, coffee, cacao, and articles of food, drink, or refreshment, wholesale or retail; and to establish in any part or parts of the world agencies for carrying on or developing the business of the Company or any branch thereof; and generally to carry on the business of merchants, exporters, importers, traders, engineers, or any other trade, business, or undertaking whatsoever.

(o) To cultivate, manage, and superintend estates and properties in Ceylon or elsewhere, and generally to undertake the business of estate agents in Ceylon and elsewhere to act as agents for the investment, loan, payment, transmission, and collection of money, and for the purchase, sale, improvement, development, and management of property, including concerns and undertakings, and to transact any other agency business of any kind.

(p) To let, lease, sell, exchange, or mortgage the Company's estates, lands, buildings, or other property, or any part or parts thereof, whether in consideration of rents, money, or securities for money, shares, debentures, or securities in any other company, or for any other consideration, and otherwise to trade in, dispose of, or deal with the same or any part thereof.

(q) To borrow or receive on loan money for the purpose of the Company upon the security of cash, credit bonds, or of hypothecation or mortgages of the Company's property or any part or parts thereof, or otherwise, as shall be thought most expedient, and in particular by the issue of debentures, debenture stock, or bonds to bearer or otherwise, either charged upon all or any part of the Company's present or future property (including uncalled capital), or not so charged, as shall be thought best.

(r) To cause or permit any debenture stock, bonds, debentures, mortgages, charges, incumbrances, liens, or securities of or belonging to or made or issued by the Company or affecting its property or rights or any of the terms thereof to be renewed, extended, varied, redeemed, exchanged, transferred, or satisfied, as shall be thought fit, also to pay off and re-borrow

the moneys secured thereby, or any part or parts thereof.

(s) To draw, make, accept, and endorse bills of lading, warrants, bills of exchange, promissory notes, and other transferable or negotiable instruments for the purposes of the Company.

(t) To unite, co-operate, amalgamate, or enter into partnership or any arrangement for sharing profits of union of interests or any other arrangement with any person or company already engaged in or hereafter to be established for the purpose of carrying on any business having objects wholly or in part similar or analogous or subsidiary to those of the Company or to any of them, or capable of being conducted so as to benefit this Company, either directly or indirectly, and to subscribe for or otherwise acquire for the benefit and in the name of the Company or otherwise and pay for in any manner that may be agreed upon, either in money or in shares or bonds or otherwise, and to hold any shares, stock, or other interest in any such company, and to promote the formation of any such company.

(u) To amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to this

Company.

(v) To acquire by purchase in money, shares, bonds, or otherwise, and undertake all or any part of the business, property, assets, and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business in Ceylon or elsewhere which this Company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this Company.

(w) To sell the property, business, or undertaking of the Company, or any part or parts thereof, for such consideration as the Company shall think fit, and in particular for shares, stocks,

debentures, or securities of any other company.

(x) To procure the Company to be registered or incorporated in Ceylon, and, if and when necessary or thought advisable, elsewhere.

(y) To lend money on any terms and in any manner and on any security, and in particular on the security of plantations, factories, growing crops, produce, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bonds, bills of lading, warrants, stocks, shares, debentures, and book debts, or without any security at all, and generally to transact financial business of any kind.

(z) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required upon such

securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined.

(z 1) To promote and establish any other company whatsoever and to subscribe to and hold the

shares or stock of any other company or any part thereof.
(2 2) To pay for any lands and real or personal, immovable or movable, estate or property or assets of any kind acquired or to be acquired by the Company, or for any services rendered or to be rendered to the Company, and generally to pay or discharge any consideration to be paid or given by the Company in money or in shares or debentures or debenture stock or obligations of the Company or partly in one way and partly in another, or otherwise howsoever with power to issue any shares either fully or partially paid up for such purpose.

(z 3) To accept as consideration for the sale or disposal of any lands and real and personal, immovable and movable, estate, property and assets of the Company of any kind sold or otherwise disposed of by the Company or in discharge of any other consideration to be received by the Company in money or in shares, the shares (whether wholly or partially paid up) of any company, or the mortgages, debentures, or obligations of any company or person or partly one and partly other.

(z 4) To distribute among the shareholders in specie any property of the Company, whether by way of dividend or upon a return of capital, but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital be made, except with the sanction for the time being required by law.

- (z 5) To do all such other things as shall be incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects above-mentioned or any of them or any one or more of the objects aforesaid, it being hereby declared that in the foregoing clauses (unless a contrary intention appears) the word "Company" includes companies or corporations, and the word "persons" any number of persons, and that the other objects specified in any paragraph are not to be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other paragraph.
- The liability of the Shareholders is limited

5. The nominal capital of the Company is Three hundred thousand Rupees, divided into Six thousand shares of Fifty Rupees each, with power to increase or reduce the capital. In case the Company shall increase its capital by the issue of new shares, such shares may be issued upon the terms specified in the Articles of Association for the time being of the Company.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in accordance with this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names :-

res in the capital of the Co Names an	ompany set opp		pective names :-	Numbe	r of Shares taken sch Shareholder.
H. S. JEAFFRESON	, Colombo	••	••	• •	One
A. S. BERWICK, Co	olombo	••	• •		One
Witness to the above si	V. 2	ombo, this 2 A. Julius, Supreme Co		ber, 1009:	
J. R. WIGHT, Kand	dy	• •		• •	One
Witness to the above si	_	ER ASINGHA M	Ι,	·, 1909:	
EDITH STRAFFORD	Wight, Kandy		•	••	One
Witness to the above si	-	S. Russell,		per, 1909:	•
JOHN B. COLES	• •	••	••	••	One
Witness to the above si	0	mbe, Galaha 'ICKHAM.	, 22nd Novembe	er, 1909:	,
A. E. OGILVY, Roc	okatenne, Banda	ırawela	• •		One
Witness to the above sig November, 1909:		atenne, Band . Palmer.	larawela, this 26	ith day of	
W. T. OGILVY, Nil	ambe, Galaha	•x•	ete	•-•	One
Witness to the above December, 1909:		Nilambe, (alaha, this 5th	n day of	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF LASSAHENA RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE regulations contained in the Table C in the schedule annexed to "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these Articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution.

The Company may, by special resolution, alter and make provisions instead of, or in addition to, any

of the regulations of the Company, whether contained and comprised in these Articles or not.

INTERPRETATION CLAUSE.

1. In the interpretation of these presents the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless such meanings be inconsistent with, or repugnant to, the subject or context:

The word "company" means "Lassahena Rubber Company, Limited," incorporated or established by

or under the Memorandum of Association to which these Articles are attached.

The "Ordinance" means and includes "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," and every other Ordinance from time to time in force concerning Joint Stock Companies which may apply to the Company.

'These presents' means and includes the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association of the Company from time to time in force.

"Capital" means the capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purposes of the

Company.

"Shares" means the shares from time to time into which the capital of the Company may be divided.

"Shareholder" means a Shareholder of the Company.

"The meeting means presente or present personally or by proxy or by attorney

"Presence or present" at a meeting means presence or present personally or by proxy or by attorney. "Directors" means the Directors for the time being of the Company or (as the case may be) the Directors

assembled at a Board.

"Board" means a meeting of the Directors or (as the context may require) the Directors assembled at a Board meeting, acting through at least a quorum of their body in the exercise of authority duly given to them.

"Persons" means partnerships, associations, corporations, companies, unincorporated or corporated

by Ordinance and registration, as well as individuals.

'Office" means the registered office for the time being of the Company.

"Seal" means the common seal for the time being of the Company.

"Month" means a calendar month.
"Writing" means printed matter or print as well as writing.

Words importing the singular number only include the plural, and vice versa. Words importing the masculine gender only include the feminine, and vice versa,

Business.

2. The Company may proceed to carry out the objects for which it is established, and to employ and apply its capital as soon after the registration of the Company as the Directors in their discretion shall think fit; and if the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed, applied for, or allotted as soon as, in the judgment of the Directors, a sufficient number of shares shall have been subscribed or applied for.

3. The business of the Company shall be carried on by, or under the management or direction of, the

Directors, and subject only to the control of General Meetings, in accordance with these presents.

CAPITAL.

4. The original capital of the Company is Three hundred thousand Rupees (Rs. 300,000), divided into Six thousand shares of Fifty Rupees (Rs. 50) each.

The Directors may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company in General Meeting, increase the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares of such amounts per share and in the aggregate as such resolution shall direct; and they shall have power to add to such new shares such an amount of premium as may be considered expedient.

6. Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the same provisions in all respects with reference to the payments of allotment money, calls and instalments, transfer, transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrender, and otherwise, as if it had formed part of the original capital.

7. The Directors may in like manner, and with like sanction, reduce the capital of the Company.

SHARES.

The Company may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid and the time of payment of such calls.

9. If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the holder of the shares.

The shares, except when otherwise provided, shall be allotted at the discretion of and by the Directors, who may from time to time issue any unissued shares, and may add to such shares such an amount of premium as they consider proper. Provided that such unissued shares shall first be offered by the Directors to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may at their discretion allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estates or lands being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates or lands, and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders.

11. In case of the increase of the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares, such new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions, and with such rights and privileges annexed thereto, as the General Meeting resolving on the creation thereof, or any other General Meeting of the Company, shall direct, and, if no direction be given, as the Directors shall determine, and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to the dividends, and in the distribution of assets of the Company, and

with a special or without any right of voting.

Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the meeting that sanctions the increase of capital, all new shares shall be offered to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine the shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine the shareholder to whom such notice is given that he mine. Provided that the Directors may, at their discretion, allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estates or lands being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates or lands, and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders.

12. Every person taking any share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof by writing

under his hand in such form as the Company may from time to time direct.

13. Shares may be registered in the name of a firm, and any partner of the firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm shall be entitled to vote and to give proxies.

14. Shares may be registered in the name of two or more persons not in partnership.

Any one of the joint-holders of a share other than a firm may give effectual receipts for any dividends payable in respect of such share; but the Shareholder whose name stands first on the register, and no other, shall be entitled to the right of voting and of giving proxies and all other advantages conferred on a sole Shareholder.

In case of the death of any one or more of the joint-holders of any shares, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognized by the Company as having any title to, or interest in, such shares.

17. The Company shall not be bound to recognize (even though having notice of) any contingent, future, partial, or equitable interest in the nature of a trust or otherwise in any share, or any other right in respect of any share, except any absolute right thereto in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof, and except also the right of any person under clause 36 to become a Shareholder in respect of any share.

18. The joint-holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all

instalments and calls due in respect of such share.

19. Every Shareholder shall be entitled to a certificate or certificates under the common seal of the

Company, specifying the share or shares held by him and the amount paid thereon.

20. If any certificate be worn out or defaced, then, upon production thereof to the Directors, they may order the same to be cancelled, and may issue a new certificate in lieu thereof; and if any certificate be lost or, destroyed, then, upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Directors, and on such indemnity as the Directors deem adequate being given, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the person entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate. A sum of fifty cents shall be payable for such new certificate.

21. The certificate of shares registered in the name of two or more persons not a firm shall be delivered

to the person first named on the register.

CALLS.

22. The Directors may from time to time make such calls as they think fit upon the Shareholders in respect of all moneys unpaid on their shares, and not by the conditions of allotment made payable at fixed times, provided that two months' notice at least shall be given to the Shareholders of the time and place appointed for payment of each call; and each Shareholder shall pay the amount of every call so made to the person and at the time and place appointed by the Directors.

23. If any Shareholder fail to pay the amount of any call due by him on or before the day appointed for payment thereof, he shall be liable to pay interest for the same at the rate of nine per centum per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment.

24. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors

authorizing the call was passed.

25. The Directors shall have power in their absolute discretion to give time to any one or more Shareholder or Shareholders, exclusive of the others, for payment of any call or part thereof on such terms as the Directors may determine. But no Shareholder shall be entitled to any such extension except as a matter of

grace or favour.

26. The Directors may at their discretion receive from any of the Shareholders willing to advance the same, and upon such terms as they think fit, all or any part of the moneys due upon their respective shares beyond the sums actually called for; and upon the moneys so paid in advance, or upon so much thereof as from time to time and at any time thereafter exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon, and due in respect of the shares in respect of which some advances have been made, the Board may pay or allow interest at such rate as the Shareholders paying such sums in advance, and the Directors may agree upon, not exceeding however six per centum per annum.

TRANSFER OF SHARES.

27. Subject to the restriction of these Articles, any Shareholder may transfer all or any of his shares by instrument in writing.

No transfer of shares shall be made to an infant or person of unsound mind.

The Company shall keep a book or books, to be called "The Register of Transfers," in which shall

be entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share.

30. The Board may, at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion, decline to register any transfer of shares by a Shareholder who is indebted to the Company, or upon whose shares the Company have a lien or otherwise, or in case of shares not fully paid up, to any person not approved by them; and in no case shall a Shareholder or proposed transferee be entitled to require the Directors to state the reason of their refusal to Shareholder or proposed transferee be entitled to require the Directors to state the reason of their refusal to register, but their declinature shall be absolute.

Every instrument of transfer must be left at the office of the Company to be registered, accompanied by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferor, and a fee of Two Rupees and Fifty cents, or such other sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine, must be paid to the Company for the registration of every such transfer, upon payment whereof the Directors, subject to the powers vested in them by Article 30, shall register the transferee as a Shareholder and retain the instrument of transfer.

The Directors may, by such means, as they shall deem expedient, authorize the registration of

transferees as Shareholders without the necessity of any meeting of the Directors for that purpose.

33. In no case shall the Directors be bound to inquire into the validity, legal effect, or genuineness of any instrument or transfer produced by a person claiming a transfer of any share in accordance with these Articles; and whether they abstain from so inquiring, or do so inquire and are misled, the transferor shall have no claim whatsoever upon the Company in respect of the share, except for the dividends previously declared in respect thereof, but only, if at all, upon the transferee.

34. The Register of Transfers may be closed during the fourteen days immediately preceding each Ordinary General Meeting; and when a dividend is declared, for the three next days ensuing the meeting; also at such other times (if any) and for such periods as the Directors may from time to time determine,

provided always that it shall not be closed for more than thirty days in any year.

Transmission of Shares.

35. The executors or administrators or the heirs of a deceased Shareholder shall be the only persons

recognized by the Company as having any title to the shares of such Shareholder.

36. Any guardian of any infant Shareholder, or any committee of a lunatic Shareholder, or any person becoming entitled to shares in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or liquidation of any Shareholder, or the marriage of any female Shareholder, or in any other way than by transfer, shall, upon securing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this clause, or of his title as the Directors think sufficient, be forthwith entitled, subject to the provisions herein contained, to be registered as a Shareholder in respect of such shares, or may, subject to the regulations as to transfers hereinbefore contained. transfer the same to some other person.

37. If any person who shall become entitled to be registered in respect of any share under clause 35 shall not, from any cause whatever, within twelve calendar months after the event on the happening of which his title shall accrue, be registered in respect of such share; or if in the case of the death of any Shareholder no person shall, within twelve calendar months after such death, be registered as a Shareholder in respect of the shares of such deceased Shareholder, the Company may sell such shares, either by public auction or private contract, and give a receipt for the purchase money, and the purchaser, shall be entitled to be registered in respect of such share, and shall not be bound to inquire whether the events have happened which entitled the Company to sell the same, and the nett proceeds of such sale, after deducting all expenses and all moneys in respect of which the Company is entitled to a lien on the shares so sold, shall be paid to the person entitled thereto.

SURRENDER AND FORFEITURE OF SHARES.

The Directors may accept in the name and for the benefit of the Company, and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed, a surrender of the shares of Shareholders who may be desirous of retiring from the Company.

39. If any Shareholder fails to pay any call or instalment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Directors may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on such Shareholder requiring him to pay the same, together with any interest that may have accrued, and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

The notice shall name a day (not being less than one month from the date of the notice) on, and a place or places at, which such call or instalment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. notice shall also state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

If the requisition of such notice as aforesaid be not complied with, every or any share or shares in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of calls or instalment, with interest and expenses due in respect thereof, be declared forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

- Any Shareholder whose shares have been so declared forfeited shall, notwithstanding, be liable to pay and shall forthwith pay to the Company all calls, instalments, interests, and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of forfeiture until payment at nine per centum per annum, and the Directors may enforce the payment thereof if they think fit.
- Every share surrendered or so declared forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company 41. and may be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of upon such terms and in such manner as the Board shall think fit.

The surrender or forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in, and also of all claims and demands against, the Company in respect of the share and the proceeds thereof, and all other rights

incident to the share, except only such of those rights (if any) as by these presents are expressly saved.

43. A certificate in writing under the hands of one of the Directors and of the Secretary that a share has been duly surrendered or forfeited, stating the time when it was surrendered or forfeited, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons who would have been entitled to the share but for such surrender or forfeiture, and such certificate and the receipt of the Company for the price of such share shall constitute a good title to such share, and a certificate of proprietorship shall be delivered to any person who may purchase the same from the Company, and thereupon such purchaser shall be deemed the holder of such share, discharged from all calls due prior to such purchase, and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to such share be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture or sale.

The Directors may in their discretion remit or annul the forfeiture of any share within six months from the date thereof upon the payment of all moneys due to the Company from the late holder or holders of such share or shares, and all expenses incurred in relation to such forfeiture, together with such further sum of money by way of redemption money for the deficit, as they shall think fit, not being less than nine per centum per annum on the amount of the sums wherein default in payment had been made, but no share bona fide sold or re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of under Article 41 hereof, shall be redeemable after sale or disposal.

The Company shall have a first charge or paramount lien upon all the shares of any holder or jointholders for all moneys for the time being due to the Company by such holder, or by all or any of such jointholders respectively, either in respect of such shares or of other shares held by such holder or joint-holders or otherwise, and whether due from any such holder individually or jointly with others, including all calls which the Directors shall have resolved to make, although the times appointed for the payment thereof shall not have arrived; and where any share is held by more persons than one, the Company shall be entitled to the said charge or lien in respect of any money due to the Company from any of such persons. And the Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares subject to such charge or lien.

45. Such charge or lien may be made available by a sale of all or any of the shares subject to it, provided that no such sale shall be made except under a resolution of the Directors, and until notice in writing shall have been given to the indebted shareholder or his executors or administrators, or the assignee or trustee in his bankruptcy, requiring him or them to pay the amount for the time being due to the Company, and default shall have been made for twenty-eight days from such notice in paying the sum thereby required to be paid. Should the Shareholder over whose share the lien exists be in England or elsewhere abroad, sixty days' notice

shall be allowed him.

The nett proceeds of any such sale shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of such debts, liabilities, or engagements, and the residue (if any) paid to such Shareholder or his representatives.

47. A certificate in writing under the hands of one of the Directors and of the Secretary that the power of sale given by clause 45 has arisen and is exercisable by the Company under these presents shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated.

Upon any such sale two of the Directors may execute a transfer of such share to the purchaser thereof, and such transfer, with the certificate last aforesaid, shall confer on the purchaser a complete title to such shares.

PREFERENCE SHARES.

Any shares from time to time to be issued or created may from time to time be issued with any such right of preference, whether in respect of dividend or of payment of capital, or both, or any such other special privilege or advantage over any shares previously issued or then about to be issued (other than shares issued with a preference), or at such a premium, or with such deferred rights as compared with any shares previously issued or then about to be issued, or subject to any such conditions or provisions, and with any such right or without any right of voting, and generally on such terms as the Company may from time to time by special resolution determine.

50. If at any time by the issue of preference shares or otherwise the capital is divided into shares of different classes, then the holders of any class of shares may, by an extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of such holders, consent, on behalf of all the holders of shares of the class, to the issue or creation of any shares ranking equally therewith, or having any priority thereto, or to the abandonment of any preference or priority, or of any accrued dividend, or the reduction for any time or permanently of the dividends payable thereon, or to any scheme for the reduction of the Company's capital affecting the class of shares; and such resolution shall be binding upon all the holders of shares of the class, provided that this Article shall not be read as implying the necessity for such consent in any case in which but for this Article the object of the resolutions could have been effected without it.

51. Any meeting for the purpose of the last preceding clause shall be convened and conducted in all respects as nearly as possible in the same way as an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, provided that no member, not being a Director, shall be entitled to notice thereof or to attend thereat, unless he be a holder of shares of the class intended to be affected by the resolution, and that no vote shall be given except in respect of a share of that class, and that at any such meeting a poll may be demanded in writing by any

members personally present and entitled to vote at the meeting.

Borrowing Powers.

52. The Directors shall have power to procure from time to time, in the usual course of business, such temporary advances on the produce in hand, or in the future to be obtained from the Company's estates, as they may find necessary or expedient for the purpose of defraying the expenses of working the Company's estates, or of erecting, maintaining, improving, or extending buildings, machinery, or plantations, or otherwise.

Also from time to time at their discretion to borrow or raise from the Directors or other persons any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company, provided that the money so borrowed or raised and owing at any one time shall not, without the sanction of a General Meeting, exceed Two thousand Pounds (£2,000) sterling.

With the sanction of a General Meeting the Board shall be entitled to borrow such further sum or sums and at such rate of interest as such meeting shall determine. A certificate under the hands of one Director and the Secretary, or of two Directors, to the effect that in taking any loan the Directors are not exceeding their borrowing powers, shall be sufficient and binding on the Company and all concerned, and shall be conclusive

evidence thereof in all questions between the Company and its creditors.

54. For the purpose of securing the repayment of any such moneys so borrowed or raised, or for any other purposes, the Directors may grant, create, execute, and issue any mortgages, cash credits, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company, charged upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, lands, property, rights, and assets of the Company, both present and future, including uncalled capital or unpaid calls, or may make, accept, or endorse on behalf of the Company any promissory notes or bills of exchange.

Any such securities may be issued, either at par or at a premium or discount, and may from time 55. to time be cancelled, discharged, varied, or exchanged as the Directors may think fit, and may contain special

privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, or otherwise.

56. Every debenture or other instrument issued by the Company for securing the payment of money may be so framed that the moneys thereby secured shall be assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

GENERAL MEETINGS.

The first General Meeting shall be held at such time, not being more than twelve months after the incorporation of the Company, and at such place as the Directors may determine.

Subsequent General Meetings shall be held once in every year at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if no time or place is so prescribed, then at such place and at such time as soon after the first day in each year as may be determined by the Directors: 59. The General Meetings mentioned in the last preceding clause shall be called Ordinary General

Meetings; all other meetings of the Company shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.

60. The Directors may whenever they think fit call an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, and the Directors shall do so upon a requisition made in writing by not less than one-eighth of the number of Shareholders of the Company for the time being, or by any Shareholder or Shareholders holding in the aggregate one-eighth part of the shares of the Company for the time being subscribed for.

61. Any requisition so made shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called, shall be

addressed to the Directors, and shall be sent to the registered office of the Company.

Upon the receipt of such requisition the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such time and place as they shall determine. If they do not proceed to convene the same within seven days from the delivery of the requisition, the requisitionists may themselves convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such place and at such time as the Shareholders convening the meeting may themselves fix.

62. Any Shareholder may, on giving not less than ten days' previous notice of any resolution, submit

the same to a meeting.

63. Such notice shall be given by leaving a copy of the resolution at the registered office of the Company.

64. Seven days' notice at least of every General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, and by whom-soever convened, specifying the place, date, hour of meeting, and the object and business of the meeting, shall be given by advertisement in the Ceylon Government Gazette, or in such other manner (if any) as may be

prescribed by the Company in General Meeting.

65. Every Ordinary General Meeting shall be competent, without special notice having been given of the purposes for which it is convened, or of the business to be transacted thereat, to receive and discuss any report and any accounts presented thereto by the Directors, and to pass resolutions in approval or disapproval thereof, and to declare dividends, and to elect Directors and Auditors in the place of those retiring by rotation, and to fix the remuneration of the Auditors; and shall also be competent to enter upon, discuss, and transact any business whatsoever, of which special mention shall have been given in the notice or notices upon which the meeting was convened.

66. With the exceptions mentioned in the foregoing Articles as to the business which may be transacted at Ordinary General Meetings without notice, no General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss, or transact any business which has not been specially mentioned in the notice

or notices upon which it was convened.

67. No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting, except the declaration of a dividend recommended by a report of the Directors or election of a Chairman, unless there shall be present or represented

at the commencement of the business two or more Shareholders entitled to vote.

68. If at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting the required number of Shareholders shall not be present at the meeting, the meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of Shareholders, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, those Shareholders who are present shall be a quorum, and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.

69. The Chairman (if any) of the Directors shall be entitled to take the Chair at every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary; or if there be no Chairman, or if at any meeting he shall not be present at the time appointed for holding such meeting, or if he shall refuse to take the Chair, the Shareholders shall choose another Director as Chairman; and if no Directors be present, or if all the Directors present decline to

take the Chair, then the Shareholders present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman.

70. No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting, except the election of a Chairman whilst

the Chair is vacant.

71. The Chairman may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place, unless due notice thereof shall be given

72. Minutes of the proceedings of every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall when so entered be signed as soon as practicable by the Chairman of the same meeting or by the Chairman of the succeeding meeting, and the same when so entered and signed shall be evidence of all such proceedings and of the proper election of the Chairman.

VOTING AT MEETINGS.

73. At any meeting every resolution shall be decided by the votes of the Shareholders present in person or by proxy, or by attorney, and in case there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman at such meeting shall be entitled to give a casting vote in addition to the vote to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder; and unless a poll be immediately demanded by some member present and entitled to vote, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and entry to that effect in the Minute Book of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

74. If at any meeting a poll be demanded by some Shareholder present at the meeting and entitled to vote, the meeting shall, if necessary, be adjourned, and the poll shall be taken at such time and place and in such manner as the Chairman shall direct, and in such case every Shareholder shall have the number of votes to which he may be entitled as hereinafter provided; and in case at any such poll there shall be an equality of votes the Chairman of the meeting at which such poll shall have been demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder and proxy, and the result

of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in such meeting.

75. The demand of a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.

76. No poll shall be demanded on the election of a Chairman of the meeting or on any question of adjournment.

77. On a show of hands every member shall have one vote only. In case of a poll every Shareholder shall have one vote for every share held by him to to ten, and an additional vote for every ten shares beyond the first ten up to one hundred, and an additional vote for every twenty-five shares held by him beyond the first hundred.

78. The parent or guardian of an infant Shareholder, the committee or other legal guardian of any lunatic Shareholder, the husband of any female Shareholder not entitled to her shares as separate estate, and the executor or administrator of any deceased Shareholder, or any one of such persons as aforesaid, if more than one, shall not be entitled to vote in the place of such infant, lunatic, female, or deceased person, unless such person shall have been registered as a Shareholder.

Votes may be given either personally or by proxy or by attorney, .79.

No Shareholder shall be entitled to vote at any meeting unless all calls due from him on his shares have been paid, and no Shareholder other than the trustee or assignee of a bankrupt or representative of a deceased Shareholder, or person acquiring by marriage, shall be entitled to vote at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company, in respect of any share which he has acquired by transfer, unless he has been possessed of the share in respect of which he claims to vote at least three months previously to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote.

81. No Shareholder who has not been duly registered as such for three months previous to the General Meeting shall be entitled to be present and to speak and vote at any meeting held after the expiry of three

months from the incorporation of the Company.

82. No person shall be entitled to hold a proxy who is not a Shareholder of the Company, but this

rule does not apply to a power of attorney.

- 43. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be printed or written, and shall be signed by the appointor, or if such appointor be a Company or corporation, it shall be under the common seal of such company or corporation.
- 84. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than twenty-four hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote.

The instrument appointing a proxy may be in the following form:—

Lassanena Rubber Company, Limitea.
I, ———, of ———, appoint ———, of ——— (a Shareholder in the Company),
as my proxy, to represent me and to vote for me and on my behalf at the Ordinary (or
Extraordinary, as the case may be) General Meeting of the Company to be held on the
day of, One thousand Nine hundred and, and at any adjournment
thereof, and at every poll which may be taken in consequence thereof.
As witness my hand, this — day of — , One thousand Nine hundred
and

85. No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) except at the meeting or poll at which such votes shall be tendered, and every vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) to which no objection shall be made at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.

86. No Shareholder shall be prevented from voting by reason of his being personally interested in the

result of the voting.

DIRECTORS.

The number of Directors shall never be less than two or more than five, but this clause shall be construed as being directory only, and the continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any number of

The qualification of a Director shall be his holding in his own right at least one share in the Company upon which all calls for the time being have been paid, and this qualification shall apply as well to the first

Directors as to all future Directors.

As a remuneration for their services, the Directors shall be entitled to appropriate a sum not exceeding Three thousand Rupees annually, to be divided between them in such manner as they may determine, but the Company in General Meeting may at any time alter the amount of such remuneration for the future, and such remuneration shall not be considered as including any remuneration granted for special extra services hereinafter referred to, nor any extra remuneration to the Managing Directors of the Company.

The first Directors shall be Walter Tulliedelph Ogilvy, Angus Edward Ogilvy, Henry Seymour Jeffreson, who shall hold office till the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company, when they shall all retire,

but shall be eligible for re-election.

One or more of the Directors may be appointed by the Directors to act as Secretary, Managing Director or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Agents of the Company, or Superintendents of any of the estates, for such time and on such terms as the Directors may determine or may fix by agreement with the person or persons appointed to the office, and they may from time to time revoke such appointment and appoint another or other Secretary, Managing Director or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Agents or Superintendents.

The Directors may confer on the Managing Director or Managing Directors all or any duties and powers

that might be conferred on any Manager of the Company.

If any Director shall be called upon to perform any extra services, the Directors may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such services, either by way of salary, commission, or the payment of a lump sum of money as they shall think fit.

ROTATION OF DIRECTORS.

90. At the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company all the Directors shall retire from office, and at the first Ordinary General Meeting in every subsequent year one of the Directors for the time being

shall retire from office as provided in clause 91.

91. The Directors to retire from office at the second and third Ordinary General Meeting shall, unless the Directors otherwise arrange among themselves, be determined by ballot; in every subsequent year the

Directors to retire shall be those who have been longest in office.

92. In case any question shall arise as to which of the Directors who have been the same time in office shall retire, the same shall be decided by the Directors by ballot.

93. Retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.

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94. The Ordinary General Meeting at which Directors retire or ought to retire by rotation shall appoint successors to them, and in default thereof such successors may be appointed at a subsequent Ordinary General

Any casual vacancy occurring in the number of Directors or provisional Directors arising from death, resignation, or otherwise, may be filled up by the Directors, but any person appointed to fill-such vacancy shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Director would have retained the same if no vacancy

had occurred.

96. The Directors, subject to the approval of a General Meeting, may from time to time at any time subsequent to the second Ordinary General Meeting increase or reduce the number of Directors, and mayalso, subject to the like approval, determine in what rotation such increased or reduced number is to go out

If at any meeting at which an election of a Director ought to take place the place of a retiring Director is not filled up, the retiring Director may continue in office until the first Ordinary General Meeting in the next year, and so on from meeting to meeting until his place is filled up, unless it shall be determined at*

such meeting to reduce the number of Directors.

98. A Director may at any time give notice in writing of his intention to resign by delivering such * notice to the Secretary, or by leaving the same at the registered office of the Company, or by tendering his written resignation at a meeting of the Directors, and on the acceptance of his resignation by the Directors, but not before, his office shall become vacant.

The Company may, by a special resolution, remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and may, by an ordinary resolution, appoint another person in his stead. The Director sc appointed shall hold office only during such time as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have

held the same if he had not been removed.

- Every Director or officer of the Company, and his heirs, executors, and administrators shall be indemnified by the Company from all losses and expenses incurred by him in or about the discharge of his duties, except such as happen from his respective wilful acts or defaults; and no Director or officer shall, nor shall the heirs, executors, or administrators of any Director or officer, be liable for the acts or defaults of any other Director or officer, or for any loss or expense happening to the Company by the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired for or on behalf of the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested, or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency, or tortuous act of any person with whom any moneys, securities, or effects shall be deposited, or for any other loss, damage, or misfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, unless the same happen through his own wilful act or default.
- 101. No contribution shall be required from any present or past Director or Manager exceeding the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares in respect of which he is liable as a present or past Shareholder.

DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS.

102. The office of the Director shall be vacated—

(a) If he accepts or holds any office or place of profit other than Managing Director, Visiting Agent, Superintendent, or Secretary under the Company.

(b) If he becomes bankrupt or insolvent, or suspends payment, or files a petition for the liquidation

of his affairs, or compounds with his creditors.

(c) If by reason of mental or bodily infirmity he becomes incapable of acting.

(d) If he ceases to hold the required number of shares to qualify him for the office. (e) If he is concerned or participates in the profits of any contract with, or work done for, the

Company.

Provided that no Director shall vacate his office by reason of his being a member of any corporation company, or firm which has entered into any contract with, or done any work for, the Company of which he is a Director, or by his being agent, or secretary, or solicitor, or by his being a member of a firm who are agents, or secretaries, or solicitors of the Company; nevertheless, he shall not vote in respect of any contract work or business in which he may be personally interested.

Powers of Directors.

103. The Directors shall have power to carry into effect the acquisition of Lassahena estate and the lease, purchase, or acquisition of any other lands, estates, or property they may think fit, or any share or shares thereof.

The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors either by themselves or through a Managing Director, or with the assistance of an agent or agents and secretary or secretaries of the Company to be appointed by the Directors for such a period and on such terms as they shall determine, and the Directors shall pay out of the funds of the Company all costs and expenses, as well preliminary as otherwise, paid or incurred in and about the formation and the registration of the Company, and in and about the valuation, purchase, lease, or acquisition of the said estates and lands, and the opening, clearing, planting, and cultivation

thereof, and otherwise in or about the working and business of the Company.

The Directors shall have power to make, and may make, such rules or regulations for the management of the business and property of the Company as they may from time to time think proper, and shall carry on the business of the Company in such manner as they may think most expedient; and, in addition to the powers and authorities by any Ordinance or by these presents expressly conferred on them, they may exercise all such powers, give all such consents, make all such arrangements, appoint all such agents, managers, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, superintendents, assistants, clerks, artizans, labourers, and other servants for such period or periods, and with such remuneration, and at such salaries, and upon such terms and conditions as they may consider advisable, and may pay the expenses occasioned thereby out of the funds of the Company, and may from time to time remove or suspend all or any of the managers, agents, treasurers, accountants, officers, clerks, or servants of the Company for such reasons as they may think proper and advisable, and without assigning any cause for so doing.

106.. The Directors shall exercise in the name and on behalf of the Company all such powers of the Company as are not expressly required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, and shall generally do all such acts and things as are or shall be by any Ordinance and by these presents directed and authorized to be exercised, given, made, or done by the Company, and are not by any Ordinance or by these presents required to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting, subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of any such Ordinances and of these presents and to such regulations and provisions (if any) as may from time to time be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting; but no regulations made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made.

The generality of the powers conferred by any clause in these presents on the Directors shall not be

taken to be limited by any clause conferring any special or expressed power.

107. The Directors shall have power to appoint a proctor or proctors, solicitor or solicitors, attorney or attorneys to assist in carrying on or protecting the business of the Company, on such terms as they may consider

proper, and from time to time to revoke such appointment.

108. The Directors shall have power to open from time to time on behalf of the Company any account or accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint, and also by such signatures as they may appoint to draw, accept, make, endorse, sign, and execute cheques, bills of exchange, and promissory notes, bills of lading, receipts, contracts, and agreements, bonds, mortgages, proxies to any proctor or proctors, and other documents on behalf of and to further the interests of the Company.

The seal of the Company shall not be affixed to any instrument except in the presence of two or more of the Directors, or of one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries, who shall attest the sealing thereof; such attestation on the part of the Secretaries, in the event of a firm being the Secretaries, being signified by a

partner of the said firm signing for and on behalf of the said firm as such Secretaries.

110. It shall be lawful for the Directors, if authorized so to do by the Shareholders in General Meeting. to arrange terms for the amalgamation of the Company with any other company or companies, or individual or individuals, or for the sale or disposal of the business, estates and effects of the Company, or any part or parts, share or shares thereof, respectively, to any company or companies, or person or persons, upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit, and the Directors shall have power to do all such things as may be necessary for carrying such amalgamation, sale, or other disposition into effect so far as a resolution or special resolution of the Company is not by law necessary for such purpose; and in case any terms so arranged by the Directors include or make necessary the dissolution of the Company, the Company shall be dissolved to that end.

111. In furtherance and not in limitation of, and without prejudice to, the general powers conferred or implied in the last preceding clause, and of the other powers conferred by these presents, it is hereby expressly

declared that the Directors shall have the powers following (that is to say):-

(a) To institute, conduct, defend, compromise, settle, or abandon any action, suit, prosecution, or other legal proceedings on behalf of the Company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due to or from the Company, and any claims or demands made by or against the Company.

(b) To refer any claims or demands by or against the Company to arbitration, and observe and

perform or enforce the award.

(c) To make and give receipts, releases, and other discharges for money payable to the Company and for claims and demands by the Company.

(d) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents with power to accept the office of trustee, assignee, liquidator, or inspector, or any similar office.

(e) To invest any of the moneys of the Company which the Directors may consider not to be immediately required for the purposes thereof, upon such securities and in such manner as they may think fit, and so that they shall not be restricted to such securities as are permissible to trustees without special powers, and from time to time to vary or release such investments.

- (f) To delegate to any one or more of the Directors of the Company for the time being, or any other person or company for the time being, residing or carrying on business in Ceylon or elsewhere, all or any of the powers or functions given to or exercisable by the Directors; and to confer such powers for such time and to be exercised for such objects and purposes, and upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as the Directors may think expedient, and to confer such powers either collaterally with or to the exclusion of, and in the substitution for, all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf, and from time to time to revoke, withdraw, alter, or vary all or any of such powers. The Directors may allow to any person or company to whom any powers may be so delegated such remuneration as they in their absolute discretion shall think fit.
- (g) Before recommending any dividend to set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as they think proper as a reserve fund to meet contingencies, or for special dividends, or for equalizing dividends, or for repairing, improving, and maintaining any of the property of the Company, and for other purposes as the Directors shall in their absolute discretion think conducive to the interests of the Company, and to invest the several sums so set aside upon such investments as they may think fit, and from time to time deal with and vary such investments and dispose of all or any part thereof for the benefit of the Company, and to divide the reserve fund into such special funds as they think fit, and to employ the reserve fund or any part thereof in the business of the Company, and that without being bound to keep the same separate from their other assets.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

112. The Directors may meet for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings at such places and times and in such manner as they may think fit, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Until otherwise determined, two Directors shall be a quorum.

A Director may at any time summon a meeting of Directors.

The Board may elect a Chairman of their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office, and all meetings of the Directors shall be presided over by the Chairman, if one has been elected and if present, but if there be a vacancy in the office of Chairman, or if at any meeting of Directors the Chairman be not present at the time appointed for holding the same, then and in that case the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.

Any question which shall arise at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman thereat shall have a casting vote in addition to his

vote as a Director.

116. The Board may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as the Board think fit, and they may from time to time revoke and discharge any such committee, either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee so formed shall, in exercise of the powers delegated to it, conform to all such regulations as may be prescribed by the Board. All acts done by any such committee, in conformity with such regulations and in the fulfilment of the purposes of their appointment, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.

The meetings and proceedings of such committees shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto, and are not superseded by the express terms of the appointment of such committee respectively, or any

regulation imposed by the Board.

The acts of the Board and of any committees appointed by the Board shall, notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board or Committee, or defect in the appointment or qualification of any Director or of any member of the committee, be as valid as if no such vacancy or defect had existed, and as if such person had been duly appointed or qualified, provided the same be done before the discovery of the vacancy or defect.

A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been

passed at a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted.

120. The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in a book or books to be provided for the purpose:-

1) Of all appointments of (a) officers and (b) committees made by the Directors.

(2) Of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors.

(3) Of the names of the members of the committee appointed by the Board present at each meeting

(4) Of all orders made by the Directors.

(5) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all General Meetings of the Company.

(6) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of the Directors.

(7) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of committees appointed by the Board.

All such minutes shall be signed by the person who shall have presided as Chairman at the General Meeting, the Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting at which the business minuted shall have been transacted, or by the person who shall preside as Chairman at the next ensuing General Meeting, or Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, as the case may be; and all minutes purporting to have been signed by any Chairman of any General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively, shall, for all purposes whatsoever, be prima facie evidence of the actual and regular passing of the resolutions, and the actual and regular transaction or occurrence of the proceedings and other matters purporting to be so recorded, and of the regularity of the meeting at which the same shall appear to have taken place, and of the Chairmanship and signature of the person appearing to have signed as Chairman, and of the date on which such meeting was held.

ACCOUNTS.

122. The Agent or Secretary or the Agents or Secretaries for the time being, or, if there be no Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries, the Directors shall cause true accounts to be kept of the paid up capital for the time being of the Company, and of all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and of the matters in respect of which such sums were received and expended, and of the assests, credits, and liabilities of the Company, and generally of all its commercial, financial, and other affairs, transactions, and engagements, and of all other matters necessary for showing the true financial state and condition of the Company. The accounts shall be kept in such books and in such a manner at the registered office of the Company as the Directors think fit.

The Directors shall from time to time determine whether, and to what extent, and at what times and places, and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the Company or of any of them shall be open to the inspection of the Shareholders, and no Shareholders shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company, except as conferred by statute or authorized by the Directors

or by a resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

124. At the Ordinary General Meeting in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company a statement of the income and expenditure of the Company for the previous financial year, and a balance sheet

containing a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company made up to the end of the same period.

125. The statement so made shall show, arranged under the most convenient heads, the amount of gross income, distinguishing the several sources from which it has been derived and the amount of gross expenditure, distinguishing the expense of the establishment, salaries, and other heads of expenditure. Every item of expenditure fairly chargeable against the year's income shall be brought into account, so that a just balance of profit and loss may be laid before the meeting, and in case where any item of expenditure which may in fairness be distributed over several years has been incurred in any one year, the whole amount of such item shall be stated, with the addition of the reasons why only a portion of such expenditure is charged against the income of the year.

The balance sheet shall contain a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company, arranged under the heads appearing in the form annexed to the table referred to in Schedule C to "The Joint Stock

Companies' Ordinance, 1861," or as near thereto as circumstances admit.

127. Every such statement shall be accompanied by a report as to the state and condition of the Company, and as to the amount which the Directors recommend should be paid out of the profits by way of dividend or bonus to the Shareholders, and the statement, report, and balance sheet shall be signed by the

A printed copy of such balance sheet shall, at least seven days previous to such meeting, be

delivered at or posted to the registered address of every Shareholder.

129. The accounts of the Company shall from time to time be examined, and the correctness of the balance sheet ascertained by one or more Auditor or Auditors.

AUDIT.

No person shall be eligible as an Auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Shareholder in any transaction of the Company, but it shall not be a necessary qualification for an Auditor that he be a Shareholder of the Company, and no Director or officer of the Company shall, during his continuance in office, be eligible as an Auditor.

131. The Directors shall appoint the first Auditor of the Company, and fix his remuneration. He shall hold office till the second General Meeting of the Company. All subsequent appointments shall, except as is hold office till the second General Meeting of the Company. All subsequent appointments shall, except as is hereinafter mentioned, be made at the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company in each year by the Shareholders present thereat, and the Auditor or Auditors appointed at such meeting shall hold office only until the first Ordinary General Meeting after his or their appointments, or until otherwise ordered by a General Meeting.

132. The remuneration of the Auditors other than the first shall be fixed by the Company in General

Meeting, and this remuneration may from time to time be varied by a General Meeting.

133. Retiring Auditors shall be eligible for re-election.

If any vacancy that may occur in the office of Auditor is not supplied at the next Ordinary General Meeting, or if any casual vacancy shall occur in the office of Auditor, the Directors shall fill up the vacancy by appointment of a person who shall hold office until the next Ordinary General Meeting after his appointment.

135. Every Auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet intended to be laid before the next Ordinary General Meeting after his appointment, and it shall be his duty to examine the same with the accounts and vouchers relating thereto, and to report thereon to the meeting, generally or specially, as he may

The Auditor or Auditors for the time being shall have a list delivered to him or them of all books kept by the Company, and he or they shall at all reasonable hours in the daytime have access to all accounts, books, and documents whatsoever of the Company for the purpose of audit.

DIVIDENDS, BONUS, AND RESERVE FUND.

The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, from time to time declare a dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders in proportion to the amount paid on shares, but no dividend shall be payable except out of nett profits.

The Directors may, if they think fit, determine on and declare an interim dividend to be paid, or

pay a bonus to the Shareholders on account and in anticipation of the dividend for the then current year.

139. The Directors may, before recommending any dividend or bonus, set aside out of the profits of the Company such a sum as they think proper as a reserve fund, and shall invest the same in such securities as they may with the sanction of the Company select, or shall place the same in fixed deposit in any bank or banks.

The Directors may from time to time apply such portion as they think fit of the reserve fund to meet contingencies, or for equalizing dividends, or for working the business of the Company, or for repairing or maintaining or extending the buildings and premises of the Company, or for the repair or renewal or extension of the property or plant of the Company or any part thereof, or for any other purposes connected with the interest of the Company that they may from time to time deem expedient.

No unpaid dividend or bonus shall ever bear interest against the Company.

No Shareholder shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividend or bonus in respect of his share or shares whilst any moneys may be due or owing from him (whether alone or jointly with any other

person) to the Company in respect of such share or shares, or otherwise howsoever.

143. The Directors may deduct from the dividend or bonus payable to any Shareholder all such sums of money as may be due from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company, and notwithstanding the fact that such sums or any of them are not payable until after the date when such dividend or bonus is payable.

144. Notice of any dividend that has been declared, or of any bonus to be paid, shall be given to each Shareholder entitled thereto, and any dividend or bonus unclaimed by any Shareholder for three years after notice thereof is given may be forfeited by the Directors for the benefit of the Company, and, if the Directors

think fit, may be applied in augmentation of the reserve fund.

Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any partner of such firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm.

Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by several persons jointly other 146.

than a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any one of such persons.

147. Any General Meeting declaring a dividend may direct payment of such dividend wholly or in part by the distribution of specific assets, and in particular of paid up shares, debentures, or debentures stock of the Company or of any other company or in any one or more of such ways, and the Directors shall give effect to such direction; and when any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution, they may settle the same as they think expedient, and in particular may issue fractional certificates, and may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof, and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any Shareholders upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties, and may vest any such specific assets in trustees upon such trusts for the persons entitled to the dividend as may seem expedient to the Directors; where requisite a proper contract shall be filed, and the Directors may appoint any person to sign such contract on behalf of the persons entitled to the dividend, and such appointment shall be effective.

Notices.

148. Notices from the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed or written) of the Agent or Secretary, Agents or Secretaries, or persons appointed by the Board to authenticate the same.

149. Every Shareholder shall give an address in Ceylon, which shall be deemed to be his place of abode, and shall be registered as such in the books of the Company.

150. A notice may be served by the Company upon any Shareholder, either personally or by being sent through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to such Shareholder at his registered address or place of abode, and any notice so served shall be deemed to be well served, notwithstanding that the Shareholder to whom such notice is addressed be dead, unless his executors or administrators shall have given to the Directors, or to the Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries of the Company, their own or some other address to which notices may be sent.

151. All notices directed to be given to Shareholders shall, with respect to any share to which persons are jointly entitled other than a firm, be given to whichever of such persons is named first in the Register of is sareholders, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares.

152. Any notice if served by post shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the letter containing the same would in ordinary course of post have been delivered at its address, and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and put into a post office or post box, and the entry in the Company's books of the leaving or sending by post of any notice at

or to such address shall be sufficient evidence thereof, and no further evidence shall be necessary.

153. Every Shareholder residing out of Ceylon shall name and register in the books of the Company an address within Ceylon at which all notices shall be served upon him, and all notices served at such address shall be deemed to be well served. If he shall not have named and registered such an address, he shall not be entitled to any notices.

All notices required to be given by advertisement shall be published in the Ceylon Government Gazette.

ARBITRATION.

154. Whenever any question or other matter whatsoever arises in dispute between the Company and any other company or person, the same may be referred by the Directors to arbitration.

EVIDENCE.

Shareholder or his representatives to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is or was when the claim arose on the Register of Shareholders of the Company as a holder of the number of shares in respect of which such claim is made, and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company; and it shall not be necessary to prove the registration of the Company, nor the appointment of the Directors who made any call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made, nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

PROVISION RELATIVE TO WINDING UP OR DISSOLUTION OF THE COMPANY.

156. Any Shareholder, whether a Director or not, and whether alone or jointly with any other Shareholder or Director, and any person not a Shareholder, may become the purchaser of the property of the Company or any part thereof in the event of a winding up or a dissolution, or at any other time when a sale of the Company's property or effects or any part thereof shall be made by the Directors under the powers hereby or under the Ordinance conferred upon them.

In witness whereof the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereto set and subscribed

their names at Colombo, this 22nd day of October, 1909:-

H. S. JEAFFRESON.

A. S. Berwick.

Witness to the above signatures:

V. A. JULIUS, Proctor, Supreme Court.

J. R. WIGHT,

Witness to the above signature, this 30th day of October, 1909:

W. WEERASINGHAM, Shroff, National Bank of India, Kandy.

EDITH STRAFFORD WIGHT,

Witness to the above signature:

EDMOND S. RUSSELL, Chaplain, Scots Kirk, Kandy.

JOHN B. COLES.

Witness to the above signature at Nilambe, Galaha, this 22nd November, 1909:

R. WICKHAM.

A. E. OGILVY, Rookatenne, Bandarawela.

Witness to above signature at Rookatenne, Bandarawela, this 26th day of November, 1909;

E. G. A. PALMER.

W. T. OGILVY, Nilambe, Galaha.

Witness to the above signature at Nilambe, Galaha, this 5th day of December, 1909:

R. WICKHAM.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. S. P. Hayley has been admitted a partner in our firm, as from January 1, 1909.

December 22, 1909.

HAYLEY & KENNY.

OTICE is hereby given that Mr. S. P. Hayley has been admitted a partner in our firm, as from January 1, 1909.

CHAS. P. HAYLEY & Co.

December 22, 1909.

I GIVE notice that I shall in future carry on my business as a Public Accountant under the name of "H. P. Church & Co."

H. P. CHURCH, F.S.A.A.

3, Queen street, Colombo, January 13, 1910.

The Vogan Tea Company of Ceylon, Limited.

General Meeting of Shareholders of the Company, No. 1, Baillie street, Fort, Colombo, on Saturday, January 22, 1910, at 12 noon.

Business.

To pass the following special resolution:-

"That the following words be added to the Articles of Association of the Company, namely: 'The Company in General Meeting may by special resolution subdivide or consolidate its shares or any of them.'"

By order of the Directors,

LEE, HEDGES & Co., Agents and Secretaries.

Colombo, January 13, 1910.

The Kuala-Selangor Rambong Rubber Company, Limited.

TOTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the registered office of the Company, No. 2, Queen street, Fort, Colombo, on Tuesday, January 25, 1910, at 3 P.M., for the purpose of passing the following special resolution:—

"That the Kuala-Selangor Rambong Rubber Company, Limited, be wound up voluntarily."

By order of the Directors,

WHITTALL & Co., Agents and Secretaries.

Colombo, January 12, 1910.

The Glasgow Estate Company, Limited.

TOTICE is hereby given that the Annual Ordinary General Meeting of the Company will be held at the registered office of the Company, No. 2, Queen street, Fort, Colombo, on Monday, January 31, 1910, at 11.30 A.M.

Business.

To receive the report of the Directors and accounts for the past year.

To transact any other business that may be duly brought before the Meeting.

Notice is hereby given that the Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from January 24 to 31, 1910, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,

WHITTAIL & Co., Agents and Secretaries. Colombo, January 12, 1910.

The Agra Ouvah Estates Company, Limited.

OTICE is hereby given that the Annual Ordina General Meeting of the Company will be held at the registered office of the Company, No. 2, Queen street, Fort, Colombo, on Monday, January 31, 1910, at 12 noon.

Business.

To receive the report of the Directors and accounts for the past year.

To transact any other business that may be duly brought before the Meeting.

Notice is hereby given that the Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from January 24 to 31, 1910, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,

WHITTALL & Co., Agents and Secretaries.

Colombo, January 12, 1910.

The Ruanwella Tea Company, Limited.

OTICE is hereby given that the Annual Ordinal General Meeting of the Company will be held at the registered office of the Company, No. 2, Queen street, Fort, Colombo, on Monday, January 31, 1910, at 12,30 p.m.

Business.

To receive the report of the Directors and accounts for the past year.

To transact any other business that may be duly brought before the Meeting.

Notice is hereby given that the Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from January 24 to 31, 1910, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,

WHITTALL & Co., Agents and Secretaries.

Colombo, January 12, 1910.

The Lady Havelock Gardens Company, Limited

OTICE is hereby given that the Annual Ordinary General Meeting of the Company will be held at the registered office of the Company, No. 2, Queenstreet, Fort, Colombo, on Saturday, January 22, 1910, at 12 noon.

Business.

To receive the report of the Directors and accounts for the past year.

To transact any other business that may be duly brought before the Meeting.

By order of the Directors,

O. T. McDermott, Secretary.

OIX weeks hence I, George Christopher Rambukpota of Green Lodge, Kotahena, Colombo, shall apply to the Hon. the Chief Justice and the other Judges of the Supreme Court to be admitted and enrolled a Proctor of the said Court.

G. C. RAMBUKPOTA.

January 10, 1910.

THE undersigned Subramen Ratnaswamy of 135, Hulftsdorp street, in Colombo, do hereby give notice that I shall, six weeks hence, apply to the Hon. the Chief Justice and the other Justices of the Supreme Court of the Island of Ceylon to be admitted and enrolled a Proctor of the said Court.

S. RATNASWAMY.

Colombo, January 10, 1910.

IX weeks hence I, Walter Abraham dé Mel, Proctor of the District Court of Colombo, shall apply to the Hon. the Chief Justice and the other Judges of the Supreme Court of the Island of Ceylon to be admitted and enrolled a Proctor of the Court.

> W. A. DE MEL, Proctor, D. C., Colombo.

Moratuwa, January 12, 1910.

SODIGE JAMES PERERA of Wattegedara in Dasiya pattu of Alutkuru korale, Negombo District, do hereby give notice, in terms of the Rule 2 of the Schedule I., B., to the Ordinance No. 1 of 1907, that I shall, three months hence, apply to the Registrar-General to be admitted and enrolled a Notary Public to practise in the Sinhalese language in the District of Badulla.

S. James Perera.

Wattegedara, November 27, 1909.

GEORGE EDW. DE LIVERA of Colombo, do hereby give notice, that I shall, three months hence, apply to the Registrar-General of the Island of Ceylon to be admitted and enrolled a Notary Public to practise in the English language within the District of Galle.

No. 4, Hulftsdorp,

GEO. E. DE LIVERA.

December 28, 1909.

FREDERICK JOSEPH LEMPHERS of Lo Colombo, do hereby give notice, that I shall, three months hence, apply to the Registrar-General of the Island of Ceylon to be admitted and enrolled a Notary Public to practise in the English language within the District of Kandy.

F. J. LEMPHERS.

10, Temple road, January 5, 1910.

THE undersigned Christie Seneviratne "Clairvaux," 2nd Division, Maradana, in "Clairvaux, 2nd Division, manney, colombo, do hereby give notice that I shall, six weeks hence, apply to the Hon. the Supreme Court of the Island of Ceylon to be admitted and enrolled a Proctor of the said Court.

"Clairvaux," CHRISTIE SENEVIRATNE, 2nd Division, Maradana, Colombo, January 8, 1910.

ISIDORE AUSTIN DE ROSAIRO of Puttalam, presently of No. 105, Hulftsdorp in Colombo. shall, six weeks hence, apply to the Chief Justice and other Justices of the Hon. the Supreme Court of the Island of Ceylon to be admitted and enrolled a Proctor of the said Honourable Court.

I. Austin de Rosairo.

No. 105, Hulftsdorp Colombo, January 12, 1910.

KATHIRAVELU VEERAVAGU RAJANAYAGAM of "Palace View," Division, Maradana, do hereby give notice that I shall, six weeks hence, apply to the Hon. the Supreme Court of the Island of Ceylon to be admitted and enrolled a Proctor of the said Court.

V. K. RAJANAYAGAM.

Colombo, January 12, 1910.

OTICE is hereby given that a Meeting of the Seat-holders of St. John's Church, Kalutara, will be held in the vestry of the said Church on Sunday, January 30, 1910, at 6.15 P.M., for the purpose of electing a Trustee.

> J. S. H. EDRISINGHE, Incumbent,

St. John's Church, Kalutara.

Kalutara, January 12, 1910.

N adjourned meeting of the Seatholders of Gampola Congregation will be held (D.V.) on January 30 to confirm the election of Trustees for 1910.

J. G. GARRETT.

All Saints' Church, Galle.

TOTICE is hereby given by the Trustees for 1909, under section 10 of Ordinance No. 12 of 1846, that a General Meeting of the Congregation will be held at the All Saints' Boys' Schoolroom on Monday, January 24, 1910, at 6.30 P.M., for the purpose of electing three new Trustees for the year 1910, and to transact any other business that may be brought before the meeting.

R. O. DE SARAM, Hon. Secretary to the Trustees.

Galle, December 28, 1909.

GENERAL Meeting of the Congregation of Holy Trinity Church, Pussellawa, will (D. V.) be held on Sunday, January 23, 1910, at 11 A.M., in the Vestry of the Church, for the purpose of electing three Trustees to serve for the year 1910.

> H. Scoble Nicholson, H. U. LEEMBRUGGEN, H. J. P. SAMABASEKERA, G. D. S. SAMARASUNDERA, MAXWELL JOHNSTONE, W. F. C. ROLT,

> > Subscribers.

D. C. No. 41. In the matter of the insolvency of Hasana Marikar Abdul Aziz of Ratnapura.

BY virtue of orders received from W. H. B. Carbery, Esq., District Judge of Ratnapura, I the undersigned, the assignee of the above insolvency, do hereby give notice that I shall put up for sale by public auction at the premises, the under-mentioned valuable properties to wit, on the following dates :-

On Monday, January 17, 1910, at 1 P.M. An undivided 1/14 of the entire land called Potgulkanda (a gem land), situated at Karangoda in Nawadun korale of Ratnapura District.

On Tuesday, January 18, 1910, at 2 P.M. An undivided 1/14 share of half of the land called Manamalagewatta, situated at Hangomuwa in the above korale and district.

On Tuesday, January 25, 1910, at 1 P.M. An undivided 1/14 share of the entire land called Usliyanagewatta (excluding the planter's share

of the first plantation of the western portion), together with 1/14 of the tiled house and the outhouses thereon, situated at Katukurunda in Kalutara.

On Wednesday, January 26, 1910, at 9 A.M.
4. An undivided 1/14 of \(\frac{1}{4} \) of Ganegamawatta (excluding the planter's share), situated at Pambe in Paiyagala, in Kalutara District.

On Wednesday, January 26, 1910, at 2 P.M. An undivided 1/14 of 4 of Mahawatta, situated at Pambe aforesaid.

On Thursday, January 27, 1910, at 10 A.M.

6. An undivided 1/14 of ½ share of Ilukwatta, situated at Pambe aforesaid.

On Thursday, January 27, 1910, at 3 P.M. An undivided 1/14 of \(\frac{1}{4}\) share of Gorakagahawatta, situated at Pambe aforesaid. On Friday, January 28, 1910, at 1 P.M.

An undivided 1/14 of $\frac{1}{4}$ of the land called Millagahawatta, situated at the aforesaid village.

For inspection of title deeds please apply to Mr. D. E. Jayatilleke, Proctor, Ratnapura, or the undersigned.

C. GUNATIDAKA, Assignee.

1 22

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL NOTICES.

MUNICIPALITY OF COLOMBO.

NOTICE is hereby given that in the absence of movable property liable to seizure, (1) rents and profits from 1 to 10 years, (2) timber and produce, (3) materials of house, and (4) the under-mentioned properties themselves, seized in virtue of a warrant issued by the Chairman of the Municipal Council of Colombo, in terms of the 149th clause of the Ordinance No. 7 of 1887, for arrears of consolidated rate due on the premises, and for the period mentioned in the subjoined schedule, will be sold by public auction on the spot at the time therein mentioned, unless in the meantime the amount of the consolidated rate and costs be duly paid.

SCHEDILE.

R. R. Dunuwille, Secretary.

The Municipal Office, Colombo, January 11, 1910.

			Schi	EDULE.				
Premises								
No.			Quart	er and $Y\epsilon$	381".	Tin	ne of	Sale.
•		~ 1	•					.0.020-
Date	of i	sale:	Saturo	lay, Febr	uary	ь,	1910.	
			Jalpott	ta street.				
21-23				quarters,	. 1908	₹	7	A.M
	• •			-			•	
		St	. Josep	h's street		_		
28A		3rd a	nd 4th	quarters,	, 1903	в	7. 5	A.M.
		т	angue	Salgado.				
32				quarters,	1909	2	7 10	A TAT
02	• •	ora a		-	1000	<i>,</i>	,.10	д.ш.
				s' Hill.				
152		3rd a	nd 4th	quarters,	1908	3	7.15	A.M.
		. 7	Jorcha	ll street.				
10					1006	,	7 20	
18	• •	oru a	na 4vn	quarters,	1900	· · ·	1.20	A.M.
				use road.				
10		3rd a	nd 4th	quarters,	1908	3	7.25	A.M.
ii				٠,			7.00	,,
	• •	~ 1 -						,,
	lue	Salga	ao: N	ew Fi sher	s qu	art	ers.	
71-18		3rd a		quarters,	1908	۶		A.M.
$76-24_{\rm A}$				ю.				,,
82 - 31			D	o.'			7.45	,,
85-34			D	o.			7.50	,,
			Markeya.	l street.				•
					1000			
115–125		ard a		quarters,	1908		7.55	A.M.
129-132				ю.		• •	8	,,
130–133				0.		• •		,,
131–134			D	0.			8.10	,,
132–135				o.			8.15	,,
217-218		4th a	u ar ter,	. 1 9 08			8.20	,,
,				street.				
00.00					1000		0.05	
83-98	٠,	ard a		quarters,	1909			A.M.
131–165	• •		Ð			٠.	8.30	,,
136-195	• •		D			• •	8.35	,,
214-264			\mathbf{D}			٠.	8.40	,,
22A-271	٠.		\mathbf{D}	0.			8.45	,,
		А	lutmay	vatta.				
$264_{\rm A}$				quarters,	1908		8.50	A 3.T
35-273	• •	oru a		Quar 1015,	1000		8.55	
43~275	٠.			0.		• •		,,
	٠.		_	0. 0.	•	• •	9	
44-279	• •					• •	9.5	,,
5 4283 5 5284	• •			0.		• •	9.10	,,
-	• •			00.		• •	9.15	,,
` * 62B	• •	441		0.		• •	9.20	,,
140-339	• •	4th C		, 1908		• •	9.25	,,
186-19	• •		1) o.		• •	9.30	,,
187-188-			· -					
20-21	٠.		1.	Oo.			9.35	,,
331-125	٠	3rd a	nd 4th	quarters,	1908		9.40	,, ,,
127A	9,64	Ju.	I	Oo.	•	4.7.4	9.45	•
		4						,,

	· •	
[Premises		
No.	Quarter and Year.	Time of Sale.
	· .	
	Blomendahl street.	
47	3rd and 4th quarters,	1908 9.50 а.м.
54	Do.	9.55 ,,
1	20.	0.00 ,,
1	C-1. Mr. 1. 1. 17.1	- T 1010
Date of	Sale: Monday, Febru	ary 7, 1910.
	Blomendahl street.	
70		
70	3rd and 4th quarters,	1909 / A.M.
)	Jampettah street.	
40	3rd and 4th quarters,	
	-	
Tanque	Salgado: New Fisher	s' quarters. 🛶 🦠
	3rd and 4th quarters,	
	Do.	
7-12		
93в	Do.	\dots 7.20 ,,
	Mutwal street.	
100 100		1000 7 05
133–136	3rd and 4th quarters,	1908 1.25 A.M.
i	Modera street.	
990 969	3rd and 4th quarters,	1008 7 30 A M
220–268		1000 1.00 A.M.
228–269	Do.	7.35 ,,
1	Alutmawatta.	•
904 174	3rd and 4th quarters,	1008 7 40
		TOUC. 1.TUA.M.
66–290	Do.	7.45 ,,
340-181-183	Do.	7.50 ,,
363A-108	Do.	7.55 ,,
2803-353	1st and 2nd quarters,	
		0 =
2804-342	Do.	8. 5 ,,
2805-343(1)	Do.	8.10 ,,
2806-343(2)	Do.	8.15 ,,
2807-343(3)	Do.	0 90
	Do.	9 95 ° •
2808-348		
2809-345-347	Do.	8.30
2810-344	Do.	8.35
2811-342	Do.	8.40 ,,
2819-337	2nd quarter, 1909	8.45 ,,
2822-335(1)	1st and 2nd quarters,	
	Do.	0 55
2823-335(2)		Δ .,
2824-335(3)	Do.	9 ; ,,
2825-334	Do.	9. 5 ,,
	Wall's lane.	A **
0069 90(1)	1st and 2nd quarters,	1000 0 10 A W
2003-02(1)	ist and zild quarters,	1909 9.10 8.11.
	Alutmawatta.	ͺ•
2949-321	1st and 2nd quarters,	1909 9.15 A.M.
2950-321(1)		0.00
	Do.	0.05
2951 - 321(2)	Do.	9.25 ,,
2960-317(2)	Do.	9.30 ,,
2961-317в	Do.	9.35 ,,
2970-307	Do.	9.40 ,,
	Do.	0.45
2981-307(1)		
2 984–308	Do.	9.50 ,, =
	St. James' street.	
9004 10/11	1 at and 0 d amond a	1000 0 25
3004-18(1)	1st and 2nd quarters,	1909 8.00 A.M.
3005–18	Do.	10 ,,
Date of S	Sale : Tuesday, Februa	ary 8, 1910.
	Alutmawatta.	
2006 060		1909 7 А.М.
	1st and 2nd quarters,	—
3034-255	Do.	7. 5 ,,
3122–207	Do.	7.10 ,,
3126-193(1)	Do.	7.15 ,,
(-)		,,
	Vine street.	
3137-199	lst and 2nd quarters,	1909 7.20 л.м.
3140-196	Do.	7.25 ,,
		H 90
3142-202		7.30 ,,
	Do.	
3144-193	Do. Do.	7.35 ,,
3144-193	Do. Do.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
3144-193 3147-191	Do. Do. Do.	7.35 ,, 7.40 ,,
3144-193 3147-191 3148-190	Do. Do. Do. Alutmawatta.	7.35 ,, 7.40 ,, 7.45 ,,
3144–193	Do. Do. Do. Alutmawatta.	7.35 ,, 7.40 ,, 7.45 ,,
3144-193 3147-191 3148-190	Do. Do. Do.	7.35 ,, 7.40 ,, 7.45 ,,

	9.			
Premises	•) Premises	
No.	Quarter and Year.	Time of Sale.	No.	Quarter and Year. Time of Sale.
3204-98(1)	1st and 2nd quarters,	1909 8 д.м.		New Chetty street.
3205-98		8. 5 ,,	13	. 1st and 2nd quarters, 1909. 2.40 P.M.
3236-84		8.10	24	. 3rd quarter, 1908, to 2nd
3281-65(2)		8.15 ,		quarter, 1909 2.45 ,,
	Marshall street.	,,	71	. 1st quarter, 1908, to 2nd
3341-17	1st and 2nd quarters,	1909 8 20 A M		quarter, 1909 2.50 ,,
Q011, 11		1000 O.MO M.MI	•	Green street.
20 50 -44	Alutmawatta.	1000 0 05	4	1st and 2nd quarters, 1909. 2.55 P.M.
3302-44	1st and 2nd quarters,	1909 8.25 A.M.	1	Welfendahl street.
	Tanque Salgado.		50	1st and 2nd quarters, 1909 3 P.M.
3410-27(1)	1st and 2nd quarters,		. 99	-
3411-27		8.35 ,,		Hill street.
3419-33	- 	8.40 ,,	38	3rd quarter, 1908, to 2nd
3420-33(1)		8.45 ,,		quarter, 1909 3. 5 p.m.
3440~49	2nd quarter, 1909	8.50 ,,		Keyzer street.
Date of	Sale : Saturday, Febru	arv 5, 1910.	273-44	1st and 2nd quarters, 1909 3.10 P.M.
•	Sea street.	- u ,		Second lane.
199	3rd quarter, 1908, t	o 2nd	310-1	2nd quarter, 1909 3.15 P.M.
	quarter, 1909	2 P.M.		1st and 2nd quarters, 1909 3.20 ,,
			•	Prince street.
40	St. John's road.	1000 8 5-5	367-91	1st and 2nd quarters, 1909 3.25 p.m.
42	1st and 2nd quarters,	1909 Z. 5P.M.		Norris road.
	Jampettah street.		539.7	1st and 2nd quarters, 1909 3.30 P.M.
	1st and 2nd quarters,		000-1	-
89	D o.	2.15 ,,	050 01 01	Fourth Cross street.
90	\mathbf{p}_{0} .	2.20 ,,	853-61-61	1-419-1
91	Do.	2.25 ,,		1st and 2nd quarters, 19093.35 P.M.
92	Do.	2.30 ,,	878–34	Do 3.40 ,,
	Gintupitiya street.			Norris road.
$35 \dots$	1st and 2nd quarters,	1909 2.35 p.m.	557-23-24	Ist and 2nd quarters, 1909 3.50 P.M.

THE postponed sales of the following properties, seized for non-payment of consolidated rate and previously advertised for sale, will take place as shown below. Sales to commence at 7 a.m. each day:—

y :					
No.	Premises.		Original Date fixed for Sale.		Date now fixed.
101	 lst division, Maradana		December 18, 1909		January 15, 1910
12 3	 $\mathbf{Dematagoda}$		December 20, 1909	٠.	do.
7	 Forbes' lane		December 8, 1909	٠.	do.
11	 Do.		do.	٠.	do.
6	 Lock-gate lane		December 9, 1909		d o.
10 5 B	 Dem a ta g oda		November 26, 1909	٠.	do.
105c	 . Do.		do.	٠.	do
97	 Do.		do.	٠.	do.
105	 Do.		d o .		do.
48-51A	 Malay street		December 1, 1909	٠.	do.
1	 Do.		November 26, 1909	٠.	do.
${f 2}$	 Do.		do.	٠.	do.
3	 Do.		do.	٠.	do.
19	 Java lane		December 2, 1909	٠.	do.
20	 Do.		do.	٠.	do.
5в	 Cotta road		December 10, 1909		do.
43c	 Wellawatta		December 4, 1909	٠.	do.
43c/1	 Do.		do.		do.
43c/2	 Do.		do.	٠.	do.
43c/3	 Do.		do.	• •	do.
28	 New Chetty street		November 22, 1909		do.
57	 Mohandiram's road		December '9, 1909	٠.	January 17, 1910
21	 Maligakanda		December 30, 1909	٠.	do.
21 c	 Do.		do.	٠,	do.
40	 Forbes' road		December 8, 1909		do.
114	 Dematagoda		November 26, 1909	٠.	January 18, 1910
4-5	 Lock-gate lane		December 9, 1909	٠.	do.
70	 Kollupitiya road		December 21, 1909	٠.	\mathbf{do} .
185	 Dematagoda		December 20, 1909	٠.	January 19, 1910
186 .	 $\widetilde{\mathbf{Do}}$.	•==	do.	٠.	do.
119	 Do.		do.	٠.	do.
$202_{\mathbf{A}}$	 Do.	• •	December 22, 1909	٠.	February 1, 1910
202B	 Do.		do.	42.	do.
29-36	 Ward place	٠	December 31, 1909	***	do.
30	 Cotta road		do.	***	do.
_					

The Municipal Office, Colombo, January 11, 1910.

R. R. Dyniwitle,

MUNICIPALITY OF KANDY.

Minutes of Proceedings of a Meeting of the Municipal Council of Kandy, held in the Town Hall, Kandy, on December 4, 1909, at 8.30 a.m., in accordance with Notice dated November 80, 1909.

Present :-- The Hon. Mr. J. P. Lewis, Chairman; Mr. E. Beven; Mr. W. D. Gibbon; Dr. G. P. Schokman; Mr. E. L. Wijegoonewardene; Mr. S. A. Owen; Mr. R. W. Jonklaas; and Mr. V. M. Saravanamuttu.

The Minutes of Proceedings of the Meeting held on October 23 having been previously submitted to the Chairman for his approval, and a copy thereof furnished to each Member, were taken as read and confirmed by the Chairman.

As regards the protest submitted by Mr. Beven against resolution 6, re the appointment of a clerk to the Health Officer, Mr. Jonklaas moved that it be not embodied in the Minutes, but simply filed by the Secretary as provided by by-law 28.

This was seconded by the Chairman and carried by 5 to 3.

Ayes.The Chairman. Mr. Gibbon. Dr. Schokman Mr. Jonklaas. Mr. Owen.

Noes.Mr. Beven.

Mr. Wijegoonewardene.

Mr. Saravanamuttu.

- The following documents were submitted:
 - (a) Statements of Receipts and Expenditure from close of 1908 to October 31, 1909, on account of the Municipal Fund, comprising the (No. 1) General Revenue and Consolidated Rate (Police and Lighting), and (No. 2) Water-rate Accounts.

(b) Progress Report of Works brought up to the same date.

(c) Health Officer's Report for October.

(d) Statement of Cases instituted by the several Inspectors and of work done by the Municipal Magistrate during the month of October.

(e) The Reservoir Readings for October.

Resolved—That the several statements, together with the Minutes of Proceedings of this Meeting, as required by section 90 of the Municipal Councils' Ordinance, No. 7 of 1887, and the Health Officer's Report be forwarded to the Colonial Secretary for publication in the Government Gazette.

The following papers were laid on the table:—Reports by the several Inspectors on laundries,

bakeries, dairies, stand-pipes, and house-service taps inspected during October.

Correspondence:

(i.) Letter No. 21 of November 15 from the Hon. the Colonial Secretary, intimating that steps are being taken for the acquisition of the land required for completing a connecting road between Lewella and Alutgantota roads.—Read.

(ii.) Letter No. 22 of November 23 from the Hon. the Colonial Secretary, intimating that the notice relative to the private burial grounds for the use of Mr. A. Ratwatte's family and servants will be shortly

published in the Gazette.—Read.

(iii.) Letter No. 136 of November 25 from the Hon. the Government Agent, Central Province, forwarding Crown grant in favour of the Council of lots E and F 764 in P. P. No. 4,399 (land acquired for the extension

of the recreation ground in January, 1893).—Read.
(iv.) Letter of November 19 from the Principal, Trinity College, Kandy, inquiring whether the Municipal Council would fix December 20 (the day for the College Annual Sports) as the date for the next engagement of the Goanese Band and consent to their playing on the recreation ground if half the cost of the trip were borne by the College.

Dr. Schokman moved that the band be engaged for the 20th.—Mr. Wijegoonewardene seconded.

Mr. Beven moved as an amendment that the application be acceded to and the band be engaged for December 31 as well.—Mr. Saravanamuttu seconded.

The amendment was put to the Meeting and carried by 6 to 2.

(v.) Letter of October 26 from the Resident Engineer, Colombo Gas and Water Company, forwarding estimate for lighting the streets with metallic filament lamps.

Resolved—That the estimate be sanctioned.

(vi.) Letter No. 124 from the Hon. the Government Agent re sales Municipal Council toll rents. Resolved—That the offers be accepted.

5. Pursuant to notice, Mr. Beven moved that no sums be recovered for use of water in excess of allowance during the time the water in the reservoir is at spill level, and if any recoveries have been made during the past months that the same be refunded. That this rule be observed in the future.—Mr. Saravanamuttu

seconded. Mr. Jonklass moved as an amendment that no sums be recovered in future for use of water in excess of allowance if water in the reservoir be at spill level during the whole quarter for which such sums are due.-

The Chairman seconded. Mr. Beven accepted the amendment, which was then unanimously carried.

Tenders for the lease of Roseneath and amalgamated estates.

The Chairman moved that Mr. C. Jayetileke's tender be accepted. Mr. Wijegoonewardene seconded.— Carried.

Recommendations of Standing Committees:

Law and General Subjects.

(1) That the site given by Meeya Lebbe for a public latrine at ally No. 27, Peradeniya road, be re-conveyed to him, and that the conservancy of the latrine by the Council cease after such re-conveyance has been tendered to Meeya Lebbe.

Finance and Assessment. (2) That tenders be called for the lease of the grass land belonging to the Council at the head of the Bogambra Recreation Ground.

(3) That arrangements be made with Trinity College for regular analyses of samples of food, liquor, water, milk, &c.

(4) That the Police and Military scavengers be charged Rs. 10 a month for burial of night soil at the Nittawela depot.

(5) That Collector D. K. Goonsekara be paid Rs. 15 for serving and collecting dog schedules.

(6) That half the cost of repairing bridge and road to Watarantenne estate be borne by the Council on condition the work is put in the hands of the Council.

The Chairman moved that the recommendations be adopted.

Mr. Beven seconded.—Carried.

8. The Chairman brought to the notice of the Council that a case of rabies had occurred in Malabar street, and that stringent measures should be taken to prevent any further cases.

It was agreed to enforce the regulations framed under the Rabies Ordinance with the exception of the provisions relating to the muzzling of dogs.

Confirmed this 18th day of December, 1909:

J. P. Lewis, Chairman.

Statement of Receipts and Disbursements to October 31, 1909. No. I.—General Revenue and Assessment Tax Account.

		_	AND ASSESSMENT IAX ACCOUNT.	D
	Estimat	KACAINTS		Disburse.
	Amou n	· · · · ·		ments.
REVENUE.	Rs.	c. Rs. c.	Expenditure.	Rs. c.
Balance from 1908		46,762 48	Arrears	
Arrears			Cemetery account—wages, &c	846 81
Cometery account—fees a	nd		Commutation rate—establishment and	040 01
•	1 100	0 972 50	mana dada m	1 100 00
graves	1,100			1,169 88
Commutation rate	12,000	0 12,725 50	Government loans—repayment	981 23
Interest		0 469 82	House of shelter—wages, &c	147 76
Judicial account—fines	2,800	0 3,876 50	Interest to Government and bank	572 31
Lake silt—Government co	n-		Judicial account—establishment and	
tribution	3,000	0 3,000 Q	printing	1,323 90
Licenses		50 15,356 50°	Lake silt—clearing of	2,616 74
Miscellaneous receipts		0 519 34	Legal expenses	898 50
Public market—rents		0 15,886 82	Tinamana mainting and advention.	74 68
Rents	9 010	0 2.034 68	Mircellancova charmes	
	980	0 474 16	Office charges establishment and	484 18
Registration of dogs			Office charges—establishment and	0.440.00
Stamp duties		0 12 0	sundries	9,443 30
Scavenging—bucket fees		0 11,657 3	Pensions	1,454 46
Slaughter-houses-fees	6,400	0 6,074 50	Public market—establishment, lighting,	
Taxes on vehicles ar	ıd		&c	3,646 32
animals	2,550	0 3,026 82	Rents—expenses on account cattle shed	·
m 11	27,334	0 22,767 65	and Town Hall	806 51
Public works—Governmen			Registration of dogs-seizing and	000 01
contribution, &c.	F 077	0 7,474 10	fooding	1,058 36
		1,373 21		
Sundry receipts	–	1,075 21		0 60
		,	Sanitation—establishment and sundries	8,117 18
			Scavenging	29,533 11
			Slaughter-house—establishment, grass,	
			&c. •=• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2, 00 4 56
			Taxes—expenses on account vehicles	
			and animals	96 79
		1	Time charges—wages, powder, &c	162 20
			Tolls charges—repairs of boats and	102 20
				1 079 00
			່າກຸ່ານ້ຳ	1,273 20
			Public works	29,654 52
		As se ssment	Tax Account.	
Arrears	5,000	0 6,030 72	Arrears—commission, &c	321 68
	28,500	0 26,548 67	Assessment tax charges	1,028 43
	•	508 96	Maintenance of police	7,503 91
Sundry receipts	••	500 50		
			Street lighting	17,585 93
			Street names and house numbers	64 4
		'	Balance carried forward	64,680 87
			_	
Total	157,934 5	0 187,551 96	Total	187,551 96
•				
•	1NT	0 9 WATED	RATE ACCOUNT.	
				Disburse-
	Lanina	ted Receipts.		
	ZILIOUI.	10.		ments.
Revenue.	$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{s}$.	c. Rs. c.	EXPENDITURE.	$\mathbf{Rs.}$ \mathbf{e}_{\bullet}
Balance from 1908		36,181 57	Arrears—commission, &c	197 43
A mma a mm	1,800	0 3,482 57	Water-rate charges	4,361 14
	OC KOO	0 24,199 74		
	26,500			9,077 21
Fairieland and Roseneath.		0 1,514 99	Waterworks maintenance	2,384 72
	4,350	0 4,520 76	Water service account	1,281 56
Sundry receipts	2,10 0	0 · 2,322 42	Sundry disbursements	227 61
· -			Rents—bungalows	566 1
			Fairieland and Roseneath, survey	
			fees, &c.	150 50
			Diversion of Hermitage stream	2,779 83
			Dalamas samial form and	
			Balance carried forward	51,196 4
M-4-1	90 550	0 70 900 E	m-1 1	70 000 5
Total .	_{me} 30,700	0 72,222 5	Total	72,222 5
			!	

	Pro	gress Report	of Wo	rks	done	brou	ght up	t	o Octo	ber 31	, 1909				
Est	imate		Amou	_	3	Exper	diture]	Expend	liture) ·	l'ot al	, 1	Une xp e	mded
	No. Heads of Expend	liture	voted the Ye		- 1	fo⊹ Od 10/	etober, 09.	ľ	ip to Se ber 30,	ptem	" Work	nditu	IFO.	Balan	
		•	Rs.	С.			<i>о</i> . С.		Rs.	1000	·	в. с.		_	c.
1	Upkeep of pavements	, •	2,635	50		448	14a		2,019	91	. 2,46	8 5		167	45
2	Town streets		7,000	0		766		• •		92	. 4,56	18 96		2,431	4
3	Alutgantota and Lady roads	Anderson's	900	0		35	38c		721	ee	. 78	57 4		142	0e
4	Udawattekele road	••	2,200		***	89			1,251				• • •	858	
5	Halloluwa, Bahirawak		-			_									•
6	pital, and Huduhum				• 20	112	2e	٠.	583	c	1 00	5 50	• •	1,204 272	
7	Municipal buildings Watering streets Market buildings	•••	2,160 $1,025$		• •			• •	1,817 6 02			37 77 3 46	• •	401	
8	Market buildings	•••	1,800						1,046			2 51		687	
9	Ornamental plants	• •	496		٠.			٠.	375			5 59			41
10 11	Tools Bathing and dhobies' wa	 ashino tanks	$\frac{1,000}{200}$		• •	30	•	• •	620 15			50 72 5 43		349 184	
12	Recreation ground and				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	5 8	~	• •	~~~		_	8 84		311	
13	Sundry minor works	•	400						264	7	. 28	9 62	• •	110	3 8
14	1	ery-keeper's	50	0		10	20m		0	14 .	1	.2 34		37	66
15	house Wace park	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	556		• •		~~	• •	200			9 42		336	
16	Recreation ground impr	rovements					^^		994		. 1,17	9 56		1,750	
17	Repairs to carriage and	ricksha stand	s1,241	90	• •		•	٠.	188		~ ~ ~	8 94		542	96
18 19	Building barrel drains Concreting pavements		2,000 57 2	0	• •	*		• •	2,001 440	F 0		01 86 10 5 2		131	48
20	Public seats, maintenar		175	ŏ	• •	7 4	5q .					6 69			31
21	Clearing silt, Meda-ela	• • •	200	0					145		0.10	5 19		54	81
22	Constructing a set of co	ooly lines		0	• •	-		• •	3,103 402			3 52 2 22		167	78
23 24	Lady Blake's Drive Retaining wall, Bahiraw	akanderoad	57 0 606		• •	11	CO	• •		10		5 70	• • •	247	
2 5	Improvements to vege		198	0					210	40		0 69			
26	Wire fence round cattle		231	_			,	• •	280	4 8 .		0 48	• •	100	•
$\frac{27}{28}$	Erecting a Horbury late Building a latrine		160 600	0	• •						-	_	• •	160 600	
29	Building a vegetable ma	arket	3,500	ŏ	• •		41.		689		1,72	7 67	••	1,772	-
30	Dust bins	•••	89	0				, .	85	0.	. `8	5 0	• •	4	0
31	Fixing boundary sto		ogo	Λ							_	_		250	0
32	Blake's Drive Repairing and arranging	g store	250 262		• •	15	14t .		183	74 .	. 19	8 98	• •	63	2
33	Apparatus for flushing	market and		•											
	slaughter-house		454			140	40.	• •	237		. 23	7 63 5 98	••	216	
34 35	Incinerator for burning New road, Lewella	rubbish	4,500 2,015	0	••		OF.	•	155 43	0 . 99 .		9 36	• •	4,204 1,935	
3 6	Drains round Public Off		4,554	ŏ	••	_			559			9 81	••	3,994	
37	Drains alongside of the	Railway	900	0		_			1,260			0 42	• •		^.
38	Boat house		1,450	70	• •	36	57w.	•	$\begin{array}{c} 543 \\ 278 \end{array}$. 58 27	0 6 8 91	• •	· 869	94 79
39 40	Cemetery boundary wall Improvements to Town		288 144		• •	14	0x .	•	130			4 28	• •		67
	Diversion of Hermitage		5,268			226			2,779	8 3 .		5 86		2,262	
	08 Schoolroom, Katukele		1,002		• •		٠	•	924			4 63 2 20	••	78 252	14
	08 Retaining wall, Meda-		524 128	ου 0	• • • •	30	0z .	•	$\frac{242}{94}$			4 81	••	•	19
	08 New refuge 08 Town Hall improveme	nts	20				:			60 .		7 60		-	40
	Clearing vegetation		300			_				6 9 .	_	5 69	• • •	224	
В	Clearing silt from side d		500	0	• •		45al.		6 $1,764$	0.	•	4 45 0 88	• •	485 90 9	_
C D	Opening and covering in Ferry approaches	i pius	2,880 260	ŏ	• •		A101.	•	-,,UI	91 .	. –	-	• •	260	0
	F Ferry boats	• •	1,100	0	• •		25cl .		1,266			4 45		. —	
G		· ·lea	222 4 746	_	• •		40d1			76 .	0 ==	0 16	• •		71 46
H I	Maintenance of waterwo	_	4,746 146	0	••	213 38	38e1 .	•	2,358	16 .	$\frac{2,57}{3}$	_	••	2,174 108	40 0
_	Scavenging streets		3,821	38		1,242	8 .		9,906	92 .	. 11,14	9 0		2,672	
	Lake silt	1	3,000	0	• •	183	0.	•	2,616				••	200	
	House service Fire engine	• •	1,600 259	0	• •	53 13		•	5 5 6	87 . 9 .		0 51 0 78	• •	989 128	
_	rire engine				. • • •	10		٠.			. 10 D 10	~ 10	. • •	1.1	22

(a) Silt removed from 496 yards of barrel drains Rs. 68·57, gratings cleared Rs. 19·24, 6 manhole covers made Rs. 22·26, 36·78 squares pavement laid and cement plastered Rs. 265·45, repaired manhole covers Rs. 3·48, 2 gratings fixed Rs. 2·60, cost of 87 superficial feet 2-in. planks Rs. 27·84, cost of bolts and nuts Rs. 38·70 = Rs. 448·14.

Rs. 38 · 70 = Rs. 448 · 14.

(b) 6 cubes metal transported Rs. 5, 41½ cubes metal spread Rs. 111 · 48, 5 cubes gravel transported Rs. 6 · 25, removed landslips 45 cents, 3 miles side drains deepened and sides reduced Rs. 81 · 24, proportionate cost of store and line watchers Rs. 43 · 71, repair of tools Rs. 3 · 80, cost of baskets Rs. 3, weeded Victoria Drive Rs. 6 · 50, picked loose stones Rs. 3 · 50, cost of powder and fuse Rs. 62 · 54, 103 cubes earthwork in clearing quarry Rs. 124 · 98, cleared ant hill, Victoria Drive, Re. 1 · 30, repaired ruts Re. 1 · 14, took levels Rs. 3 · 37, 6 hand carts repaired Rs. 62 · 38, screening gravel Rs. 18 · 85, transported rubble stone Rs. 2 · 87, repaired bridge Re. 1 · 55, 30 cubes 2-in. metal Rs. 195 = Rs. 766 · 01.

(c) 1½ miles jungle cleared and side drains deepened Rs. 35.38.

(d) 6 cubes gravel transported Rs. 8·28, 57 cubes gravel spread Rs. 14·46, ½ mile-side drains deepened and jungle cleared Rs. 23·28, Forest Overseer's pay Rs. 35, landslips removed Rs. 8·56 = Rs. 89·58.

(e) ½ mile side drains deepened Rs. 6·71, 3 miles side drains deepened, sides reduced, and jungle cleared

Rs. 101.24, repairs to bridge Re. 1.97, contingencies Rs. 2.10 = Rs. 112.02.

(f) Whitewashed latrine Rs. 2.80, whitewashed lake spill store 80 cents, cost of materials Rs. 27.46, whitewashed and tarred slaughter-house Rs. 4, 10 receptacles for latrines made Rs. 22·50, colourwashed, Superintendent's Office, Rs. 9, fixed glass panes Re. 1·50, repaired rails, Town Hall, Re. 1·35, repaired band stand Re. 1.30 = Rs. 70.71.

(g) Hire of bullocks in watering streets Rs. 21 · 25.

(h) Whitewashed market 90 cents, repaired market floor Rs. 30.84, lined market wells with tiles Rs. 33.81 = Rs. 65.55.

(i) Watering and pruning plants and planting hedges Rs. 38.93, contingencies Re. 1.28 = Rs. 40.20.

(j) Cost of tools Rs. 30.24.

(k) Wages of watcher Rs. 12.40, hire of bullocks and wages of cooly for machine Rs. 45.24, contingencies Re. 1 = Rs. 58.64.

(1) Repaired and painted boat Rs. 20.55, contingencies Rs. 5 = Rs. 25.55.

(m) Repaired rails in back verandah Rs. 6 59, 8 squares colourwashed Rs. 4 48, contingencies Re. 1 13 $= \text{Rs. } 12 \cdot 20.$

(n) Swept and weeded paths Rs. 19.02, built cement concrete drain 36 cents = Rs. 19.38.

(o) Cost of blasting material Rs. 79.45, wages of extra guards Rs. 72.50, cost of diets Rs. 24.72, 50 mamoty handles made Rs. 4.65, contingencies Rs. 3.60 = Rs. 184.92.

(p) 10.29 squares concrete platform laid and 185 lineal feet concrete drain formed Rs. 292.21, transported materials Rs. 10.62, 216 lineal feet of chains fixed Rs. 189.72, 28 rail iron posts fixed Rs. 11.82, transported $2\frac{1}{2}$ cubes earth Rs. 2.97 = Rs. 510.58.

(q) Repaired seats Rs. 4.86, 37 seats cleaned and varnished Rs. 69.19 = Rs. 74.05.

(r) Stone wedged Rs. 11.60.

(s) 7 cubes brickwork Rs. 120.96, cost of tiles Rs. 532.45, 12 dressed stones Rs. 30, 4 trusses Rs. 160 $= Rs. 843 \cdot 41.$

(t) Fixed shelves in store Rs. 15.14.

(u) Ironwork of incinerator transported Rs. 11·32, rail fare on ironwork Rs. 129·66 = Rs. 140·98.

(v) Cost of 3 barrels eement Rs. 30, contingencies Rs. $5 \cdot 37 = \text{Rs.} 35 \cdot 37$.
(w) Transported rails and drilled holes Rs. $15 \cdot 51$, planed wood Rs. $21 \cdot 06 = \text{Rs.} 36 \cdot 57$.

(x) 7 squares painting ceiling Rs. 14.

(y) Pipes laid Rs. 114.90, 216 pipes transported Rs. 22.50, cost of cement Rs. 60, rack blasted Rs. 3.20. contingencies Rs. $25 \cdot 43 = \text{Rs. } 226 \cdot 03.$

Wages of extra guards Rs. 30.

(a1) Silt cleared from side drains Rs. 8.45.

(b1) 178 cubes earthwork in excavating pits Rs. 124.70, covering pits Rs. 77.55, cleared drains and jungle Re. 1.92, contingencies Re. 1.80 = Rs. 205.97.

(c1) Transport of materials Re. 1.25, cost of cadjans Rs. 3, house rent Rs. 4 = Rs. 8.25.

(d1) Wages of watcher Rs. 12.40.

Municipality,

Kandy, December 18, 1909.

G. FRED. BUULTJENS, Superintendent of Works.

Health Officer's Report for October, 1909.

Scavenging.—The scavenging of the town was satisfactorily performed during the month.

Drains.—The drains were regularly flushed and kept as clean as possible.

Water supply.—Good, but not sufficient.

Alleys.—The alleys remain in much the same condition. Every care is taken that they are frequently limewashed and cleansed.

Laundries.—Clean and well kept.

Dairies.—Well kept.

Bakeries.—Clean and well kept. All bakers who were prosecuted for having their bakeries within 30 feet of a latrine or cesspit were given further time till the end of the year.

Public market.—Clean and well kept.
Slaughter-house and exposing shed.—Well kept.

Night-soil depot.—In good order.

Food supply.—All food stuffs exposed for sale both in the market and in town were regularly inspected and found to be good and wholesome. During the month 564 cattle, 95 buffaloes, 156 sheep, and 323 goats were slaughtered; 10 head of cattle, 5 buffaloes, and 5 goats were rejected as unfit for food.

The following organs were condemned and buried:—Buffalo livers 4, goat livers 4, and goat lungs 12. Cooly lines.—All fairly well kept.

Public latrine.—In good order.

Eating-houses and common lodging houses.—Regularly inspected. All common lodging houses should be registered and the Colombo by-laws adopted.

Boutiques.—These were regularly inspected, and the food stuffs exposed for sale found to be of good

quality.

Public health.—The health of the town during the month was satisfactory. Two cases of measles, 8 cases of chickenpox, and 15 cases of enteric fever were reported; of these last, 8 cases were brought into hospital from outside Municipal limits. The apparent increase in the number of cases of enteric is due to the "notification forms" issued to all medical practioners and the inclusion of all cases of simple continued fever of several days' duration and over not due to malaria or other recognizable causes.

Rinderpest.—During the month 3 head of cattle belonging to Municipal coolies and 13 belonging to people in town died of rinderpest. These were buried under proper supervision.

Municipal Office, November 12, 1909. GEO. P. HAY, L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin.), L.F.P. & S. (Glas.), Health Officer.

Total Quantities of the following Articles exported from the Ports of Colombo and Galle during the under-mentioned Periods.

over.)	
(Continued	

-enroH /	٠. نوب	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		1
Pibre.	owt. owt. owt. owt. owt.	- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		_
luital	t.		1	_
-neqad	- GW		<u> </u>	
Coir Fibre.	G W	400 400 100 293	6	_
Coir Yarn.	owt.	11' 1	2469	
Coir Rope.	owt.	88.		
Plumbago.	owt.			
Еропу	GWt.			
Carda.	ਕੁ	7865 2359 17669 2561 410 975 4357	1	
Citronella Oil.	.zo		1	† Chips.
Cinnamon Oil.	. 20			
Cinnamon.	ė	25500	1	
Сосопит Роопас.	owt.	401	713	
Coconut Oil.	owt.	4803 4803 11999	1509	
Copra	owt.	6000		Continued over
Coconnts.	No.	11040 30060 30060		Comts
Cinchona Chips.	<u>ė</u>	1111111111111	<u> </u>	
Trunk Ginchons.	<u></u>	11111111111111	1	- 00 Ps
Cacao.	owt.	100 89 101 1118 2 11150		08 22,40
.воТ	.dl	426994 11662 830601 334809 8815 305 305 3288 6501 146738 1200 77744 189201 189201 271846	6559	* And Chips 22,4
Сойее,	<u>8</u>	1	!	*
For what		Bangkok Vladivostoek Trieste London London Banbay China Bangkok Hamburg Bombay London Japan London Ghina London Bombay London Bombay London London London	London	
lo eta U garing	1910.		4	
-	,		•	
Vessels.	GOLOMBO.	ss, St. Croix ss. Pensa ss. Pensa ss. Craftsman ss. Craftsman ss. Moyori Maru ss. Whonon ss. Kleist ss. Assaye ss. Manina Maru ss. Manipur ss. Nurani ss. Manipur	GALLE.	

O COLOMBO :				Bags.	TO GALLE:-				Bags
From Adrampatam				462	From Calcutta	·			Ni
Singapo r e	• •			14,3 6 0	Southern India			••	100
Tuticorin				11,482				••	***
Calcutta	• •			40,381					
Poore				1,083	•				
Coconada			• •	5,585					
G o palpore				400					
Galle				6					
· Rangoon				8,950					
Bombay				25					
False Point				3,080					~
C hina	• • •			3,335					
Penang	••		• •	1, 60 0					
		Total		90,749			Total		100

LOCAL BOARD NOTICES.

LOCAL BOARD OF TRINCOMALEE.

Estimate of Probable Revenue and Expenditure of the Local Board, Trincomalee, for the Year, 1910.

								wi, 1910.
1.	Taxes—	Revenue.		Rs.	. .	Amo Rs	unt. c.	Total. Rs. c.
	(a) Property rates.			2,900	0			
	Assessment tax	••	• • •	148 9				
	Assessment tax on Crown propert	у	• •	149 8				
	(1) The considered Ordinary and Insting		-		-	3,048	98	
	(b) Thoroughfare Ordinance collection	••	• •			3,000	0	,
	(c) Water rates	••	• •			_		
	(d) Other:							
	Dog tax	• •			0			
	Tax on vehicles and animals	••	•.•	300)	370	0	
			-					6,418 98
2.	Licenses—							0,110 98
	(e) Liquor					375	0	
	(f) Opium	• • •				543	-	
	(g) Carts	• • •	• • •	_		550	-	
	(h) Other:	••				990	0	•
	• •			100				
	Boat	• •	• •	100 (
	Butchers'	• •	• •	30 (
	Carriage	• •	• •	28 50				
	Gun	• •	• •	20 (
	Manufactories'	• •	••	38 0				
	Notaries' and proctors'	• •	• •	114 0				
	Explosive	• •	• •	5 0				•
	Petroleum	• •	• •	50 0				
	License to sell poison	• •	• •	10 0				
	Boutique fees	• •	• •	75 0		470	50	
	—							1,938 50
3.	Rents				•			7,110
	(i) Markets—	**						
	Small bazaar market rent for 1910			1,210 0				
	Meat market rent for 1910	• •		60 0				
	Boutique rent	••	•••	120 0				
•	Big bazaar market rent for 1910	••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	435 38				
	Big bazaar market rent for 1905	••	••	212 24				
	Dig bushui inankov idni idi 1000	• •	••-	412 24	^			
	(i) Other—		_		2	,037	62	
١.,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
	Gala rent	• •	• •	110 0				
	Slaughter-house fees	••	• •	600, 0				
	Cemetery fees	• •	• •	9 0				
	Rent of Local Board lands			2 5 0		744	Δ	
		• •	.,	20 0		144	•	

	,						Amount.	Tot	ta.
,	Fines—	*			$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{s}$.	c.	· ·	Rs.	-
Æ.	Police Court				200	0		artiti.	4
	Road defaulters				20	0	r . prembeil	. F ⁿ	
	Miscellaneous		5		20	0		240	
	₹			_				240	ł
	Miscellaneous— .		ć.				2 - 2 t		
	Sundries		*		50	0	6 1		
	Cemetery fees				500	0			
	•			_			y. y	550)
							7	11,929	_
	Anticipat	od halani	on Dec	ember 9	1909		يتفييا كان	500	
	1 morphi	ca swanc	70 022 2500	CIIIDCI E	,, 1000		iiii (0		
			- ' ,				Total	12,429	}
			f						~
	•	ģ ——							
	, · · ·					_	-	·	
		EXPEND	ITURE.		_		Amount.	To	_
					Rs.	c.	Rs. c.	Rs.	
	Interest and Sinking Fund on loan							1,510)
	Cost of Administration—				-				_
	(a) Establishment:								
	Pay of Secretary and Clerk		*		1,140	0			
	Inspector's salary and allowance	,			1,080	ŏ			
	Pay of messenger		•	`	162	0			
	Inspector's uniform allowance				10	0			
	"		· ·				2,392 0		
	(b) Office Contingencies:								
	Stationery, printed forms, and f	urniture		• •	150	0	÷	,	
	Filing papers			• •	18	0		÷	
	Postage stamps			• • .	$\frac{20}{20}$	0			
	Petty expenses	• •		• •	20		208 0		
	(c) Cost of audit						72 0		
	, ,	••		• •					
	(d) Revenue Services:				900	Λ			
	Commission to division officers	llaston		••	$\frac{300}{220}$	$0 \\ 0$			
	Commission to assessment tax co Tin labels for carts and carriages			• • •	50	ö		;	
	Police assessment tax on Local I	3oard lan	ds	•	75	0	,		
	Pay of market-keeper and watch	ier	•		240	0 .			
	Sundries			••,	300	0	1,185 0	0.055	_
	mc.1 .10.1!			***************************************				3,857	1
-	Education (Town School Ordinance)	• •		• •				· · · · · ·	_
1	Sanitation—							~~	
	Scavenging			• •	2,600	0	-		
	Conservancy of latrines			• •	1,380	0			
	Pay of Infectious Diseases Hospital wat	tcher		••,	60 30	$\frac{0}{0}$	ø .		
	Pay of cemetery-keeper	• •		• •	240	0		_ ,	
	Qualified midwife	••		• • -				4,310)
	Lighting	•.•						600	
	Police—			•	•				
								25	5
	Seizing and destroying dogs	TA:		•1 •	,				
	Public Works—								
	(e) Maintenance:	44	žγ				•		
	Roads		*	• •	1,200	0			
	Drains	• •		• •	300	0	1.2		
	Buildings Esplanade improvements	• •		• •	100 40 0	0		252	
	Tools	••		• 2.•	100	0		1 (32)	
		• •		• • •			¥	2,100)
	•			••					_
			_					12,402	
		-	Balance	• •		1		27	1
	%	D. 1				· /*·	Total	10 400	-)
	and the state of t	w" "					Total	12,429	<u>'</u>
	· ·						ONE M	C 3.	_
	Trincomalee, December 21, 1909.				u	J	. O'K. Murry Chair		
					. , .		er er er		
	·						'. MUTTU Coo		

ROAD COMMITTEE NOTICES.

Kandanewera-Wariapolla Estate Cart Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that, in terms of the Estates Road Ordinance, No. 12 of 1902, a Meeting of the Local Committee for the above-mentioned road will be held at Wariapolla bungalow at 2 P.M. on Saturday, January 15, 1910.

Business.

To pass estimates for upkeep of the above cart road for eighteen months (from January 1, 1910), and any other business which may be properly brought before the Meeting.

Wariapolla estate, Matale, December 31, 1909. T. MACLACHLAN, Chairman, Local Committee.

TRADE MARK NOTICES.

Application No. 428.

IN compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinances, 1888 to 1904," as amended by the Ordinances Nos. 9 of 1906 and 15 of 1908, and the Regulations made on June 1, 1906, notice is hereby given that Mr. Henry Vincent Williams (care of Messrs. Julius & Creasy of Colombo, Solicitors) has applied for the registration of the following Trade Mark in the name of the Caravonica Cotton Company, Limited, of 34–36. Gresham street. London, E.C., England, Cotton Seed Merchants, Growers, and Planters, who claim to be the proprietors thereof in respect of Raw Cotton, Cotton Seeds, and Cotton Pods, all being substances for use in manufactures in Class 4 in the Classification of Goods in the above-mentioned Regulations:—

CARAVONICA-THOMATIS

Registrar-General's Office, Colombo, January 8, 1910. P. ARUNACHALAM, Registrar-General