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ART I.-General: Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, and General Government Notifications. ABT II.-Legal and Judicial.

PART III.—Provincial Administration. PART IV.—Land Settlement. PART V.—Mercantile, Marine, Municipal, Local, &c.

Separate paging is given to each Part in order that it may be filed separately.

Part V.-Mercantile, Marine, Municipal, Local, and Miscellaneous.

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UNOFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

OF THE PELMADULLA VALLEY MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION TEA AND RUBBER COMPANY. LIMITED.

- The name of the Company is "THE PELMADULLA VALLEY TEA AND RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED." 1.
- The registered office of the Company is to be established in Colombo. 2.
- The objects for which the Company is to be established are-3.
 - (a) To purchase from the proprietors thereof the Rilhena estate, situated in the district of Pelmadulla, in the Province of Sabaragamuwa in the Island of Ceylon.
 - (b) To purchase, lease, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any other land or lands, or any share or shares thereof, and any buildings, mines, minerals, mining and mineral properties and rights, machinery, implements, tools, live and dead stock, stores, effects, and other property, real or personal, movable or immovable, of any kind, and any rights, easements, patents, licenses, or privileges in Ceylon or elsewhere (including the benefit of any trade mark or trade secret which may be thought necessary or convenient for the purpose of the Company's business), and to erect, construct, maintain, or alter any buildings, machinery, plant, roads, ways, or other works or methods of communication.
 - (c) To appoint, engage, employ, maintain, provide for, and dismiss attorneys, agents, superintendents, managers, clerks, coolies, and other labourers and servants in Ceylon or elsewhere, and to remunerate any such at such rate as shall be thought fit, and to grant pensions or gratuities to any such or the widow or children of any such.
 - (d) To clear, open, plant, cultivate, improve, and develop the said property or any portion thereof, and any other land or lands that may be purchased, leased, or otherwise acquired by the Company in Ceylon or elsewhere, or portions thereof, as a tea and rubber estate or estates, or with any other products, trees, plants, or crops that may be approved by the Company, and to plant, grow, and produce rubber, coconuts, tea, coffee, cinchona, cacao, cardamoms, rhea, ramie plants, trees, and other natural products in Ceylon or elsewhere.
 - (e) To build, make, construct, equip, maintain, improve, alter, and work rubber and tea factories, coconut and coffee-curing mills, and other manufactories, buildings, erections, roads, tramways, or other works conducive to any of the Company's objects, or to contribute to or subsidize such.
 - (f) To enter into any arrangement or agreement with Government or any authorities, and obtain rights, concessions, and privileges.

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- (g) To hire, lease, or purchase land, either with any other person or company or otherwise, and to erect a factory and other buildings thereon or on any land already leased or owned by the Company at the cost of the Company and such other person or company or otherwise.
 (h) To lease any factory or other buildings from any company or person.
- (i) To enter into any agreement with any company or person for the working of any factory erected or leased as provided in (g) or (h), or for the manufacture and preparation for market of tea, rubber, or any other produce in such or any other factory.
- (j) To prepare, cure, manufacture, treat, and prepare for market rubber, plumbago, minerals, tea, and (or) other crops or produce, and to sell, ship, and dispose of such rubber, plumbago, minerals, tea, crops, and produce, either raw or manufactured, at such times and places and in such manner as shall be deemed expedient.
- (k) To buy, sell, warehouse, transport, trade, and deal in rubber, coconuts, tea, coffee, and other plants and seed, and rice and other food required for coolies, labourers, and others employed on estates. and other products, wares, merchandise, articles, and things of any kind whatever.
- (1) To work mines or quarries, and to find, win, get, work, crush, smelt, manufacture, or otherwise deal with ores, metals, minerals, oils, precious and other stones, deposits and products, and generally to carry on the business of miners, manufacturers, growers, planters, and exporters of rubber and other products, or any such business on behalf of the Company or as agents for others and on commission or otherwise.
- (m) To establish and carry on a dairy farm, and to buy and sell live stock, and to sell and deal in milk and dairy produce, wholesale or retail.
- (n) To establish and maintain in the United Kingdom, Cevlon, or elsewhere stores, shops, and places for the sale of rubber, tea, coffee, cacao, and articles of food, drink, or refreshment, wholesale or retail; and to establish in any part or parts of the world agencies for carrying on or developing the business of the Company or any branch thereof; and generally to carry on the business of merchants, exporters, importers, traders, engineers, or any other trade, business, or undertaking whatsoever.
- (c) To cultivate, manage, and superintend estates and properties in Ceylon or elsewhere, and generally to undertake the business of estate agents in Ceylon and elsewhere to act as agents for the investment, loan, payment, transmission, and collection of money, and for the purchase, sale, improvement, development, and management of property, including concerns and undertakings, and to transact any other agency business of any kind.
- (p) To let, lease, sell, exchange, or mortgage the Company's estates, lands, buildings, or other property, or any part or parts thereof, whether in consideration of rents, money, or securities for money, shares, debentures, or securities in any other company, or for any other consideration, and otherwise to trade in, dispose of, or deal with the same or any part thereof.
- (q) To borrow or receive on loan money for the purpose of the Company upon the security of cash, credit bonds, or of hypothecation or mortgages of the Company's property or any part or parts thereof, or otherwise, as shall be thought most expedient, and in particular by the issue of debentures, debenture stock, or bonds to bearer or otherwise, either charged upon all or any part of the Company's present or future property (including uncalled capital), or not so charged, as shall be thought best.
- (r) To cause or permit any debenture stock, bonds, debentures, mortgages, charges, incumbrances, liens, or securities of or belonging to or made or issued by the Company or affecting its property or rights or any of the terms thereof to be renewed, extended, varied, redeemed, exchanged, transferred, or satisfied, as shall be thought fit, also to pay off and re-borrow the moneys secured thereby, or any part or parts thereof.
- the moneys secured thereby, or any part or parts thereof. (s) To draw, make, accept, and endorse bills of lading, warrants, bills of exchange, promissory notes, and other transferable or negotiable instruments for the purposes of the Company.
- (t) To unite, co-operate, amalgamate, or enter into partnership or any arrangement for sharing profits of union of interests or any other arrangement with any person or company already engaged in or hereafter to be established for the purpose of carrying on any business having objects wholly or in part similar or analogous or subsidiary to those of the Company or to
 - any of them, or capable of being conducted so as to benefit this Company, either directly or indirectly, and to subscribe for or otherwise acquire for the benefit and in the name of the Company or otherwise and pay for in any manner that may be agreed upon, either in money or in shares or bonds or otherwise, and to hold any shares, stock, or other interest in any such company, and to promote the formation of any such company.
- (u) To amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to this Company.
- (v) To acquire by purchase in money, shares, bonds, or otherwise, and undertake all or any part of the business, property, assets, and liabilities of any person or company earrying on any business in Ceylon or elsewhere which this Company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this Company.
- (w) To sell the property, business, or undertaking of the Company, or any part or parts thereof, for such consideration as the Company shall think fit, and in particular for shares, stocks, debentures, or securities of any other company.
- (x) To procure the Company to be registered or incorporated in Ceylon, and, if and when necessary or thought advisable, elsewhere.
- (y) To lend money on any terms and in any manner and on any security, and in particular on the security of plantations, factories, growing crops, produce, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bonds, bills of lading, warrants, stocks, shares, debentures, and book debts, or without any security at all, and generally to transact financial business of any kind.
- any security at all, and generally to transact financial business of any kind. (z) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined.
- (z 1) To promote and establish any other company whatsoever, and to subscribe to and hold the shares or stock of any other company or any part thereof.

- (z 2) To pay for any lands and real or personal, itemovable or movable, estate or property or assets of any kind acquired or to be acquired by the Company, or for any services rendered or to be rendered to the Company, and generally to pay or discharge any consideration to be paid or given by the Company in money or in shares or debentures or debenture stock or obligations of the Company or partly in one way and partly in another, or otherwise howsoever with power to issue any shares either fully or partially paid up for such purpose.
- (z 3) To accept as consideration for the sale or disposal of any lands and real and personal, immovable and movable, estate, property, and assets of the Company of any kind sold or otherwise disposed of by the Company or in discharge of any other consideration to be received by the Company in money or in shares, the shares whether wholly or partially paid up) of any company, or the mortgages, debentures, or obligations of any company or person or partly one and partly other.
- (z 4) To distribute among the Shareholders in specie any property of the Company, whether by way of dividend or upon a return of capital, but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital be made, except with the sanction for the time being required by law.
- (z 5) To do all such other things as shall be incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects above-mentioned or any of them, or any one or more of the objects aforesaid, it being hereby declared that in the foregoing clauses (unless a contrary intention appears) the word "Company" includes companies or corporations, and the word "person" any number of persons, and that the other objects specified in any paragraph are not to be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other paragraph.

4. The liability of the Shareholders is limited.

5. The nominal capital of the Company is Five hundred thousand Rupees, divided into Fifty thousand shares of Ten Rupees each, with power to increase or reduce the capital. The shares forming the capital (original, increased, or reduced) of the Company may be subdivided or consolidated or divided into such classes with any preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto, and be held upon such terms as may be prescribed by the Articles of Association and Regulations of the Company for the time being, or otherwise.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in accordance with this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names :---

Names and Addresses of Subscribers.				Number of Shares taken by each Shareholder.				
F. J. POYNTZ ROBERTS, Rakwana	••	••		Опө				
E. M. SHATTOCK, Colombo	•	••		One				
Witness to the above signatures a	t Colombo, t	this 7th day of	February, 1	910:				
	E. R. WILLIAMS,							
	Proctor	Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo.						
A. ALERS HANKEY, Colombo	•••	• •		Onø				
A. W. C. HANBURY, Colombo		<i>بر چ</i>	* *	One				
Witness to the above signatures a	t Colombo, t	his 7th day of :	February, 1	910:				
		D. J. GREGO	DRY, Colomb	o, Clerk.				
W. E. GILDEA, Colombo	••		••	One				
Witness to the above signature at	Colombo, th	his 8th day of 1	February, 19	10:				
		M. Joseph D	IAS, Colomb	o, Clerk.				
D. K. MICHIE, Colombo	• • •		• •	One				
Witness to the above signature	at Colombo,	this 8th day of	f February,	1910:				
		M. Joseph D	MAS, Colomb	oo, Clerk.				
S. L. ROBERTSON, Passara Group, P	assara		••	One				
Witness to the above signature at	t Colombo, t	his 8th day of	February, 1	910:				
		M. Joseph I	•					

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE PELMADULLA VALLEY TEA AND RUBBER 2 COMPANY, LIMITED.

"THE regulations contained in the Table C in the schedule annexed to "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these Articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution. The Company may, by special resolution, alter and make provisions instead of, or in addition to, an

of the regulations of the Company, whether contained or comprised in these Articles or not.

INTERPRETATION CLAUSE,

1. In the interpretation of these presents the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless such meanings be inconsistent with, or repugnant to, the subject or context, viz. :-

The word "company" means "The Pelmadulla Valley Tea and Rubber Company, Limited," incorporated or established by or under the Memorandum of Association to which these Articles are attached. The "Ordinance" means and includes "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," and every other

Ordinance from time to time in force concerning Joint Stock Companies which may apply to the Company. "These presents" means and includes the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association of

the Company from time to time in force. "Capital" means the capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purposes of the Company.

"Shares" means the shares from time to time into which the capital of the Company may be divided. "Shareholder" means every person who has accepted any share or who has accepted part of a share jointly with another or others whose name is entered on the register of shareholders as owner or joint-owner such share.

"Presence or present" at a meeting means presence or present personally or by proxy or by attorney. "Directors" means the Directors for the time being of the Company or (as the case may be) the Directors

assembled at a Board. "Board." means a meeting of the Directors or (as the context may require) the Directors assembled at

a Board meeting, acting through at least a quorum of their body in the exercise of authority duly given to them. "Persons" means partnerships, associations, corporations, companies, unincorporated or corporated by Ordinance and registration, as well as individuals.

"Office " means the registered office for the time being of the Company. "Seal" means the common seal for the time being of the Company.

"Month" means a calendar month.

"Writing" means printed matter or print as well as writing.

Words importing the singular number only include the plural, and vice versa.

Words importing the masculine gender only include the feminine, and vice versa. "Holder" means a Shareholder.

BUSINESS,

2. The Company may proceed to carry out the objects for which it is established, and to employ and apply its capital as soon after the registration of the Company as the Directors in their discretion shall think fit; and if the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed, applied for, or allotted as soon as, in the judgment of the Directors, a sufficient number of shares shall have been subscribed or applied for.

3. The business of the Company shall be carried on by, or under the management or direction of, the Directors, and subject only to the control of General Meetings, in accordance with these presents.

CAPITAL.

The original capital of the Company is Five hundred thousand Rupees (Rs. 500,000), divided into Fifty thousand shares of Ten Rupees (Rs. 10) each.

The Directors may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company in General Meeting, 5. increase the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares of such amounts per share and in the aggre-gate and with such special, preferential, deferred, qualified, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto as such resolution shall direct; and they shall have power to add to such new shares such an amount of premium as may be considered expedient.

6. Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the same provisions in all respects with reference to the payments of allotment money, calls and instalments, transfer, transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrender, and otherwise, as if it had formed part of the original capital. 7. The Directors may in like manner, and with like senation reduce the part of the original capital.

The Directors may in like manner, and with like sanction, reduce the capital or subdivide or consolidate the shares of the Company.

SHARES.

8. The Company may call up the balance capital whenever the Directors shall think fit, and may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders of such shares in the amount of calls

to be paid and the time of payment of such calls. 9. If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the *holder* of the tharos.

10. The shares, except when otherwise provided, shall be allotted at the discretion of and by the Directors, who may from time to time issue any unissued shares, and may add to such shares such an amount of premium as they consider proper. Provided that such unissued shares shall first be offered by the Directors to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if flot accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may at their discretion allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estates or lands being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates of lands, or as remuneration for work done for or services rendered to the Company, and that without offering

of lands, or as remuneration for work done for or services rendered to the Company, and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders. 11. In case of the increase of the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares, such new shares

shall be issued upon such terms and conditions, and with such preferential, deferred, qualified, special or other rights and privileges annexed thereto, as the General Meeting resolving on the creation thereof, or any other General Meeting of the Company, shall direct, and, if no direction be given, as the Directors shall determine, and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to the dividends, and in the distribution of assets of the Company, and with a special or without any right of voting. Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the meeting that sanctions the increase

Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the meeting that sanctions the increase of capital, all new shares shall be offered to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled; and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may, at their discretion, allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estates or lands being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates or lands, and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders.

12. Every person taking any share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof by writing under his hand in such form as the Company may from time to time direct.

13. Shares may be registered in the name of a firm, and any partner of the firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm shall be entitled to vote and to give proxies.

14. Shares may be registered in the name of two or more persons not in partnership.

15. Any one of the joint-holders of a share other than a firm may give effectual receipts for any dividends payable in respect of such share; but only one of such joint-shareholders shall be entitled to the right of voting and of giving proxies and exercising the other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, and if the joint-holders cannot arrange amongst themselves as to who shall vote or give proxies and exercise such other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, the Shareholder whose name stands first on the register of shares shall vote or give proxies and exercise those rights and powers; provided however that in the event of such first registered Shareholder being absent from the Island, the first registered Shareholder then resident in Ceylon shall vote or give proxies and exercise all such rights and powers as aforesaid.

In case of the death of any one or more of the joint-holders of any shares, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognized by the Company as having any title to, or interest in, such shares.
 The Company shall not be bound to recognize (even though having notice of) any contingent,

future, partial, or equitable interest in the nature of a trust or otherwise in any share, or any other right in respect of any share, except any absolute right thereto in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof, and except also the right of any person under clause 36 to become a Shareholder in respect of any share.

18. The joint-holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all instalments and calls due in respect of such share.

19. Every Shareholder shall be entitled to a certificate or certificates under the common seal of the Company, specifying the share or shares held by him and the amount paid thereon.

20. If any certificate be worn out or defaced, then, upon production thereof to the Directors, they may order the same to be cancelled, and may issue a new certificate in lieu thereof; and if any certificate be lost or destroyed, then, upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Directors, and on such indemnity as the Directors deem adequate being given, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the person entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate. A sum of fifty cents shall be payable for such new certificate.

21. The certificate of shares registered in the name of two or more persons not a firm shall be delivered to the person first named on the register.

CALLS.

22. The Directors may from time to time make such calls as they think fit upon the Shareholders in respect of all moneys unpaid on their shares, and not by the conditions of allotment made payable at fixed times, provided that two months' notice at least shall be given to the Shareholders of the time and place appointed for payment of each call; and each Shareholder shall pay the amount of every call so made to the person and at the time and place appointed by the Directors.

23. If any Shareholder fail to pay the amount of any call due by him on or before the day appointed for payment thereof, he shall be liable to pay interest for the same at the rate of nine per centum per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment.

24. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorizing the call was passed.

25. The Directors shall have power in their absolute discretion to give time to any one or more Shareholder or Shareholders, exclusive of the others, for payment of any call or part thereof on such terms as the Directors may determine. But no Shareholder shall be entitled to any such extension except as a matter of grace or favour.

26. The Directors may at their discretion receive from any of the Shareholders willing to advance the same, and upon such terms as they think fit, all or any part of the moneys due upon their respective shares beyond the sums actually called for ; and upon the moneys so paid in advance, or upon so much thereof and from time to time and at any time thereafter exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon, and due in respect of the shares in respect of which some advances have been made, the Board may pay or allow interest at such rate as the Shareholders paying such sums in advance, and the Directors may agree upon, not exceeding however six per centum per annum.

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TRANSFER OF SHARES.

27 Subject to the restriction of these Articles, any Shareholder may transfer all or any of his shares by instrument in writing.

28.

No transfer of shares shall be made to an infant or person of unsound mind. The Company shall keep a book or books, to be called "The Register of Transfers," in which shall 29. be entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share.

30. The Board may, at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion, decline to register any transfer of shares by a Shareholder who is indebted to the Company, or upon whose shares the Company have a lien or otherwise, or in case of shares not fully paid up, to any person not approved by them; and in no case shall a Shareholder or proposed transferee be entitled to require the Directors to state the reason of their refusal to register, kut their declinature shall be absolute.

31. Every instrument of transfer must be left at the office of the Company to be registered, accompanied by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferor, and a fee of Two Rupees and Fifty Cents, or such other sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine, must be paid to the Company for the registration of every such transfer, upon payment whereof the Directors, subject to the powers vested in them by Article 30, shall register the transferce as a Shareholder and retain the instrument of transfer.

 $\mathbf{32.}$ The Directors may, by such means, as they shall deem expedient, authorize the registration of transferees as Shareholders without the necessity of any meeting of the Directors for that purpose. 33. In no case shall the Directors be bound to inquire into the validity, legal effect, or genuineness of

any instrument or transfer produced by a person claiming a transfer of any share in accordance with these Articles ; and whether they abstain from so inquiring, or do so inquire and are misled, the transferor shall have no claim whatsoever upon the Company in respect of the share, except for the dividends previously declared in respect thereof, but only, if at all, upon the transferee only.

The Register of Transfers may be closed during the fourteen days immediately preceding each 34. Ordinary General Meeting; and when a dividend is declared, for the three days next ensuing after the meeting; also at such other times (if any) and for such periods as the Directors may from time to time determine, provided always that it shall not be closed for more than thirty days in any year.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

The executors or administrators or the heirs of a deceased Shareholder shall be the only persons 35. recognized by the Company as having any title to the shares of such Shareholder.

36. Any guardian of any infant Shareholder, or any committee of a lunatic Shareholder, or any person becoming entitled to shares in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or liquidation of any Shareholder, or the marriage of any female Shareholder, or in any other way than by transfer, shall, upon securing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this clause, or of his title as the Directors think sufficient, be forthwith entitled, subject to the provisions herein contained, to be registered as a Shareholder in respect of such shares, or may, subject to the regulations as to transfers hereinbefore contained, transfer the same to some other person.

If any person who shall become entitled to be registered in respect of any share under clause 35 37. shall not, from any cause whatever, within twelve calendar months after the event on the happening of which his title shall accrue, be registered in respect of such share; or if in the case of the death of any Shareholder no person shall, within twelve calendar months after such death, be registered as a Shareholder in respect of the shares of such deceased Shareholder, the Company may sell such shares, either by public auction or private contract, and give a receipt for the purchase money, and the purchaser, shall be entitled to be registered in respect of such share, and shall not be bound to inquire whether the events have happened which entitled the Company to sell the same, and the nett proceeds of such sale, after deducting all expenses and all moneys in respect of which the Company is entitled to a lien on the shares so sold, shall be paid to the person entitled thereto.

SURRENDER AND FORFEITURE OF SHARES.

The Directors may accept in the name and for the benefit of the Company, and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed, a surrender of the shares of Shareholders who may be desirous of retiring from the Company.

If any Shareholder fails to pay any call or instalment on or before the day appointed for the pay-39. ment of the same, the Directors may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on such Shareholder requiring him to pay the same, together with any interest that may have accrued, and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

The notice shall name a day (not being less than one month from the date of the notice) on, and a place or places at, which such call or instalment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

If the requisition of such notice as aforesaid be not complied with, every or any share or shares in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of calls or instalment, with interest and expenses due in respect thereof, be declared forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

40. Any Shareholder whose shares have been so declared forfeited shall, notwithstanding, be liable to pay and shall forthwith pay to the Company all calls, instalments, interests, and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of forfeiture until payment at nine per centum per annum, and the Directors may enforce the payment thereof if they think fit.

41. Every share surrendered or so declared forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of upon such terms and in such manner as the Board shall think fit.

The surrender or forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in, and also of all claims and demands against, the Company in respect of the share and the proceeds thereof, and all other rights incident to the share, except only such of those rights (if any) as by these presents are expressly saved.

A certificate in writing under the hands of one of the Directors and of the Secretary that a share has been duly surrendered or forfeited, stating the time when it was surrendered or forfeited, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons who would have been entitled to the share bas for such surrender or forfeiture, and such certificate and the receipt of the Company for the price of such share shall constitute a good title to such share, and a certificate of proprietorship shall be delivered to any person who may purchase the same from the Company, and thereupon such purchaser shall be deemed the holder of such share, discharged from all calls due prior to such purchase, and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to such share be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture or sale.

The Directors may in their discretion remit or annul the forfeiture of any share within six months from the date thereof upon the payment of all moneys due to the Company from the late holder or holders of such share or shares, and all expenses incurred in relation to such forfeiture, together with such further sum of money by way of redemption money for the deficit, as they shall think fit, not being less than nine per centum per annum on the amount of the sums wherein default in payment had been made, but no share *bona fide* sold or re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of under Article 41 hereof, shall be redeemable after sale or disposal.

44. The Company shall have a first charge or paramount lien upon all the shares of any holder or jointholders for all moneys for the time being due to the Company by such holder, or by all or any of such jointholders respectively, either in respect of such shares or of other shares held by such holder or joint-holders or otherwise, and whether due from any such holder individually or jointly with others, including all calls which the Directors shall have resolved to make, although the times appointed for the payment thereof shall not have arrived; and where any share is held by more persons than one, the Company shall be entitled to the said charge or lien in respect of any money due to the Company from any of such persons. And the Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares subject to such charge or lien.

45. Such charge or lien may be made available by a sale of all or any of the shares subject to it, provided that no such sale shall be made except under a resolution of the Directors, and until notice in writing shall have been given to the indebted shareholder or his executors or administrators, or the assignee or trustee in his bankruptcy, requiring him or them to pay the amount for the time being due to the Company, and default shall have been made for twenty-eight days from such notice in paying the sum thereby required to be paid. Should the Shareholder over whose share the lien exists be in England or elsewhere abroad, sixty days' notice shall be allowed him.

46. The nett proceeds of any such sale shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of such debts, liabilities, or engagements, and the residue (if any) paid to such Shareholder or his representatives.

47. A certificate in writing under the hands of one of the Directors and of the Secretary that the power of sale given by clause 45 has arisen and is exercisable by the Company under these presents shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated.

48. Upon any such sale two of the Directors may execute a transfer of such share to the purchaser thereof, and such transfer, with the certificate last aforesaid, shall confer on the purchaser a complete title to such shares.

PREFERENCE SHARES.

49. Any shares from time to time to be issued or created may from time to time be issued with any such right of preference, whether in respect of dividend or of payment of capital, or both, or any such other special privilege or advantage over any shares previously issued or then about to be issued (other than shares issued with a preference), or at such a premium, or with such deferred rights as compared with any shares previously issued or then about to be issued or then about to be issued, or subject to any such conditions or provisions, and with any such right or without any right of voting, and generally on such terms as the Company may from time to time by special resolution determine.

50. If at any time by the issue of preference shares or otherwise the capital is divided into shares of different classes, then the holders of any class of shares may, by an extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of such holders, consent, on behalf of all the holders of shares of the class, to the issue or creation of any shares ranking equally therewith, or having any priority thereto, or to the abandonment of any preference or priority, or of any accrued dividend, or the reduction for any time or permanently of the dividends payable thereon, or to any scheme for the reduction of the Company's capital affecting the class of shares; and such resolution shall be binding upon all the holders of shares of the class, provided that this Article shall not be read as implying the necessity for such consent in any case in which but for this Article the object of the resolutions could have been effected without it.

51. Any meeting for the purpose of the last preceding clause shall be convened and conducted in all respects as nearly as possible in the same way as an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, provided that no member, not being a Director, shall be entitled to notice thereof or to attend thereat, unless he be a holder of shares of the class intended to be affected by the resolution, and that no vote shall be given except in respect of a share of that class, and that at any such meeting a poll may be demanded in writing by any members personally present and entitled to vote at the meeting.

BORROWING POWERS.

52. The Directors shall have power to procure from time to time, in the usual course of business, such temporary advances on the produce in hand, or in the future to be obtained from the Company's estates, as they may find necessary or expedient for the purpose of defraying the expenses of working the Company's estates, or of erecting, maintaining, improving, or extending buildings, machinery, or plantations, or otherwise. Also from time to time at their discretion to borrow or raise from the Directors or other persons any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company, provided that the money so borrowed or raised and owing at any one time shall not, without the sanction of a General Meeting, exceed Fifty thousand Rupees.

53. With the sanction of a General Meeting the Board shall be entitled to borrow such further sum or sums and at such rate of interest as such meeting shall determine. A certificate under the hands of one Director and the Secretary, or of two Directors, to the effect that in taking any loan the Directors are not exceeding their borrowing powers, shall be sufficient and binding on the Company and all concerned, and shall be conclusive evidence thereof in all questions between the Company and its creditors.

54. For the purpose of securing the repayment of any such moneys so borrowed or raised, or for any other purposes, the Directors may grant, create, execute, and issue any mortgages, cash credits, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company, charged upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, lands, property, rights, and assets of the Company, both present and future, including uncalled capital or unpaid calls, or may make, accept, or endorse on behalf of the Company any promissory notes or bills of exchange.

55. Any such securities may be issued, either at par or at a premium or discount, and may from time to time be cancelled, discharged, varied, or exchanged as the Directors may think fit, and may contain special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, or otherwise.

56. Every debenture or other instrument issued by the Company for securing the payment of money may be so framed that the moneys thereby secured shall be assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

GENERAL MEETINGS.

The first General Meeting shall be held at such time, not being more than twelve months after the 57. incorporation of the Company, and at such place as the Directors may determine.

58. Subsequent General Meetings shall be held once in every year at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if no time or place is so prescribed, then at such place and at such time as soon after the first day in each year as may be determined by the Directors.

59. The General Meetings mentioned in the last preceding clause shall be called Ordinary General Meetings; all other meetings of the Company shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.

60. The Directors may whenever they think fit call an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, and the Directors shall do so upon a requisition made in writing by not less than one-eighth of the number of Shareholders of the Company for the time being, or by any Shareholder or Shareholders holding in the aggregate one-eighth part of the shares of the Company for the time being subscribed for.

61. Any requisition so made shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called, shall be addressed to the Directors, and shall be sent to the registered office of the Company.

Upon the receipt of such requisition the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such time and place as they shall determine. If they do not proceed to convene the same within seven days from the delivery of the requisition, the requisitionists may themselves convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such place and at such time as the Shareholders convening the meeting may themselves fix.

62. Any Shareholder may, on giving not less than ten days' previous notice of any resolution, submit the same to a meeting.

63. Such notice shall be given by leaving a copy of the resolution at the registered office of the Company.

64. Seven days' notice at least of every General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, and by whomsoever convened, specifying the place, date, hour of meeting, and the object and business of the meeting, shall be given by advertisement in the Ceylon Government Gazette, or in such other manner (if any) as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting.

65. Every Ordinary General Meeting shall be competent, without special notice having been given of the purposes for which it is convened, or of the business to be transacted thereat, to receive and discuss any report and any accounts presented thereto by the Directors, and to pass resolutions in approval or disapproval thereof, and to declare dividends, and to elect Directors and Auditors in the place of those retiring by rotation, and to fix the remuneration of the Auditors ; and shall also be competent to enter upon, discuss, and transact any business whatsoever, of which special mention shall have been given in the notice or notices upon which the meeting was convened.

66. With the exceptions mentioned in the foregoing Articles as to the business which may be transacted at Ordinary General Meetings without notice, no General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss, or transact any business which has not been specially mentioned in the notice or notices upon which it was convened. 67. No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting, except the declaration of a dividend

recommended by a report of the Directors or election of a Chairman, unless there shall be present or represented at the commencement of the business three or more Shareholders entitled to vote.

If at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting the required number **6**8. of Shareholders shall not be present at the meeting, the meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of Shareholders, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place ; and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, those Shareholders who are present shall be a quorum, and may transact the business for which the meeting was called. 69. The Chairman (if any) of the Directors shall be entitled to take the Chair at every General Meeting,

whether Ordinary or Extraordinary ; or if there be no Chairman, or if at any meeting he shall not be present at the time appointed for holding such meeting, or if he shall refuse to take the Chair, the Shareholders shall choose another Director as Chairman ; and if no Directors be present, or if all the Directors present decline to take the Chair, then the Shareholders present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman.

70. No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting, except the election of a Chairman whilst

the Chair is vacant. 71. The Chairman may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business and from place to place, but no business shall be reasonable took place. unless due notice thereof shall be left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place, unless due notice thereof shall be given.

Minutes of the proceedings of every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall 72 be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall when so entered be signed as soon as practicable by the Chairman of the same meeting or by the Chairman of the succeeding meeting, and the same when so entered and signed shall be evidence of all such proceedings and of the proper election of the Chairman.

VOTING AT MEETINGS.

At any meeting every resolution shall be decided by the votes of the Shareholders present in person or by proxy, or by attorney, and in case there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman at such meeting shall be entitled to give a casting vote in addition to the vote to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder ; and unless a poll be immediately demanded by some member present and entitled to vote, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the Minute Book of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

74. If at any meeting a poll be demanded by some Shareholder present at the meeting and entitled to vote, the meeting shall, if necessary, be adjourned, and the poll shall be taken at such time and place and in such manner as the Chairman shall direct, and in such case every Shareholder shall have the number of votes to which he may be entitled as hereinafter provided; and in case at any such poll there shall be an equality of votes the Chairman of the meeting at which such poll shall have been demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder and proxy, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in such meeting.

75. The demand of a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.
76. No poll shall be demanded on the election of a Chairman of the meeting or on any question of

76. No poll shall be demanded on the election of a Chairman of the meeting or on any question of adjournment.

77. On a show of hands every member shall have one vote only. In case of a poll every Shareholder shall have one vote for every share held by him up to ten, and an additional vote for every ten shares beyond the first ten up to one hundred, and an additional vote for every twenty-five shares held by him beyond the first hundred.

78. The parent or guardian of an infant Shareholder, the committee or other legal guardian of any lunatic Shareholder, the husband of any female Shareholder not entitled to her shares as separate estate, and the executor or administrator of any deceased Shareholder, or any one of such persons as aforesaid, if more than one, shall not be entitled to vote in the place of such infant, lunatic, female, or deceased person, unless such person shall have been registered as a Shareholder.

79. Votes may be given either personally or by proxy or by attorney duly authorized.

80. No Shareholder shall be entitled to vote at any meeting unless all calls due from him on his shares have been paid, and no Shareholder other than the trustee or assignee of a bankrupt or representative of a deceased Shareholder, or person acquiring by marriage, shall be entitled to vote at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company, in respect of any share which he has acquired by transfer, unless he has been possessed of the share in respect of which he claims to vote at least three months previously to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote.

previously to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote. 81. No Shareholder who has not been duly registered as such for three months previous to the General Meeting shall be entitled to be present and to speak and vote at any meeting held after the expiry of three months from the incorporation of the Company.

82. No person shall be entitled to hold a proxy who is not a Shareholder in or the liquidator of the Company, but this rule does not apply to a power of attorney.

83. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be printed or written, and shall be signed by the appointor, or if such appointor be a Company or corporation, it shall be under the common seal of such company or corporation.

84. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than twenty-four hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote.

The instrument appointing a proxy may be in the following form :---

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The Pelmadulla Valley Tea and Rubber Company, Limited.

I, _____, of _____, appoint _____, of _____ (a Shareholder in the Company), as my proxy, to represent me and to vote for me and on my behalf at the Ordinary (or Extraordinary, as the case may be) General Meeting of the Company to be held on the day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and _____, and at any adjournment

thereof, and at every poll which may be taken in consequence thereof

As witness my hand, this _____ day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and _____.

85. No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) except at the meeting or poll at which such votes shall be tendered, and every vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) to which no objection shall be made at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.

86. No Shareholder shall be provented from voting by reason of his being personally interested in the result of the voting.

DIRECTORS.

87. The number of Directors shall never be less than two or more than five, but this clause shall be construed as being directory only, and the continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any number of vacancies.

The qualification of a Director shall be his holding in his own right at least three hundred fully or partly paid shares in the Company upon which all calls for the time being have been paid, and this qualification shall apply as well to the first Directors as to all future Directors.

As a remuneration for their services, the Directors shall be entitled to appropriate a sum not exceeding Two thousand Rupees annually, to be divided between them in such manner as they may determine, but the Company in General Meeting may at any time alter the amount of such remuneration for the future, and such remuneration shall not be considered as including any remuneration for special extra services hereinafter referred to, nor any extra remuneration to the Managing Directors of the Company.

88. The first Directors shall be Francis John Poyntz Roberts, Badham Adolphus Thornhill, and Ernest Mark Shattock, who shall hold office till the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company, when they shall all retire, but shall be eligible for re-election.

89. One or more of the Directors may be appointed by the Directors to act as Secretary, Managing Director or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Agents of the Company, or Superintendents of any of the estates, for such time and on such terms as the Directors may determine or may fix by agreement with the person or persons appointed to the office, and they may from time to time revoke such appointmentand appoint another or other Secretary, Managing Director or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Agents or Superintendents.

The Directors may confer on the Managing Director or Managing Directors all or any duties and powers that might be conferred on any Manager of the Company.

If any Director shall be called upon to perform any extra services, the Directors may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such services, either by way of salary, commission, or the payment of a lump sum of money as they shall think fit.

ROTATION OF DIRECTORS.

90. At the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company all the Directors shall retire from office, and at the first Ordinary General Meeting in every subsequent year one of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office as provided in clause 91.

91. The Directors to retire from office at the second and third Ordinary General Meeting shall, unless the Directors otherwise arrange among themselves, be determined by ballot; in every subsequent year the Directors to retire shall be those who have been longest in office.

92. In case any question shall arise as to which of the Directors who have been the same time in office shall retire, the same shall be decided by the Directors by ballot.

93. Retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.

94. The Ordinary General Meeting at which Directors retire or ought to retire by rotation shall appoint successors to them, and in default thereof such successors may be appointed at a subsequent Ordinary General Meeting

95. Any casual vacancy occurring in the number of Directors or provisional Directors arising from death, resignation, or otherwise, may be filled up by the Directors, but any person appointed to fill such vacancy shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Director would have retained the same if no vacancy had occurred.

96. A General Meeting may from time to time at any time increase or reduce the number of Directors. and may also determine in what rotation such increased or reduced number is to go out of office.

97. If at any meeting at which an election of a Director ought to take place the place of a retiring Director is not filled up, the retiring Director may continue in office until the first Ordinary General Meeting in the next year, and so on from meeting to meeting until his place is filled up, unless it shall be determined at such meeting to reduce the number of Directors. 98. A Director may at any time give notice in writing of his intention to resign by delivering such

notice to the Secretary, or by leaving the same at the registered office of the Company, or by tendering his written resignation at a meeting of the Directors, and on the acceptance of his resignation by the Directors, but not before, his office shall become vacant.

99. The Company may, by a special resolution, remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and may, by an ordinary resolution, appoint another person in his stead. The Director so appointed shall hold office only during such time as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.

Every Director or officer of the Company, and his heirs, executors, and administrators shall be 100. indemnified by the Company from all losses and expenses incurred by him in or about the discharge of his duties, except such as happen from his wilful acts or defaults; and no Director or officer shall, nor shall the heirs, executors, or administrators of any Director or officer, be hable for the acts or defaults of any other Director or officer, or for any loss or expense happening to the Company by the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired for or on behalf of the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested, or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency, or tortuous act of any person with whom any moneys, securities, or effects shall be deposited, or for any other loss, damage, or misfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, unless the same happen through his own wilful act or default.

101. No contribution shall be required from any present or past Director or Manager exceeding the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares in respect of which he is liable as a present or past Shareholder.

DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS.

102. The office of the Director shall be vacated-

- (a) If he accepts or holds any office or place of profit other than Managing Director, Visiting Agent, Superintendent, or Secretary under the Company.
- (b) If he becomes bankrupt or insolvent, or suspends payment, or files a petition for the liquidation of his affairs, or compounds with his creditors.
- (c) If by reason of mental or bodily infirmity he becomes incapable of acting.
- (d) If he ceases to hold the required number of shares to qualify him for the office.
- (e) If he is concerned or participates in the profits of any contract with, or work done for, the Company.

Provided that no Director shall vacate his office by reason of his being a member of any corporation, company, or firm which has entered into any contract with, or done any work for, the Company of which he is a Director, or by his being agent, or secretary, or solicitor, or by his being a member of a firm who are agents, or secretaries, or solicitors of the Company; nevertheless he shall not vote in respect of any contract work or business in which he may be personally interested.

Powers of Directors.

The Directors shall have power to carry into effect the acquisition of the Rilhena estate and the 103. lease, purchase, or acquisition of any other lands, estates, or property they may think fit, or any share or shares thereof.

The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors either by themselves or through 104.

a Managing Director, or with the assistance of an agent or agents and secretary or secretaries of the Company to be appointed by the Directors for such a period and on such terms as they shall determine, and the Directors shall pay out of the funds of the Company all costs and expenses, as well preliminary as otherwise, paid or incurred in and about the formation and the registration of the Company, and in and about the valuation, purchase, lease, or acquisition of the said estates and lands, and the opening, clearing, planting, and cultivation thereof, and otherwise in or about the working and business of the Company.

105. The Directors shall have power to make, and may make, such rules or regulations for the management of the business and property of the Company as they may from time to time think proper, and shall carry on the business of the Company in such manner as they may think most expedient; and, in addition to the powers and authorities by any Ordinance or by these presents expressly conferred on them, they may exercise all such powers, give all such consents, make all such arrangements, appoint all such agents, managers, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, superintendents, assistants, clerks, artizans, labourers, and other servants for such period or periods, and with such remuneration, and at such salaries, and upon such terms and conditions as they may consider advisable, and may pay the expenses occasioned thereby out of the funds of the Company, and may from time to time remove or suspend all or any of the managers, agents, treasurers, accountants, officers, olerks, or servants of the Company for such reasons as they may think proper and advisable, and without assigning any cause for so doing.

^{*} 106. The Directors shall exercise in the name and on behalf of the Company all such powers of the Company as are not expressly required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, and shall generally do all such acts and things as are or shall be by any Ordinance and by these presents directed and authorized to be exercised, given, made, or done by the Company, and are not by any Ordinance or by these presents required to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting, subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of any such Ordinances and of these presents and to such regulations and provisions (if any) as may from time to time be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting; but no regulations made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made.

The generality of the powers conferred by any clause in these presents on the Directors shall not be taken to be limited by any clause conferring any special or expressed power.

107. The Directors shall have power to appoint a prootor or proctors, solicitor or solicitors, attorney or attorneys to assist in carrying on or protecting the business of the Company, on such terms as they may consider proper, and from time to time to revoke such appointment.

108. The Directors shall have power to open from time to time on behalf of the Company any account or accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint, and also by such signatures as they may appoint to draw, accept, make, endorse, sign, and execute cheques, bills of exchange, and promissory notes, bills of lading, receipts, contracts, and agreements, bonds, mortgages, proxies to any proctor or proctors, and other documents on behalf of and to further the interests of the Company.

109. The seal of the Company shall not be affixed to any instrument, except in the presence of two or more of the Directors, or of one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries, who shall attest the sealing thereof. Such attestation on the part of the Secretaries, in the event of a firm being the Secretaries, being signified by a partner of the said firm signing for and on behalf of the said firm as such Secretaries. 110. In furtherance and not in limitation of, and without prejudice to, the general powers conferred

110. In furtherance and not in limitation of, and without prejudice to, the general powers conferred or implied in the last preceding clause, and of the other powers conferred by these presents, it is hereby expressly declared that the Directors shall have the powers following (that is to say) :---

- (a) To institute, conduct, defend, compromise, settle, or abandon any action, suit, prosecution, or other legal proceedings on behalf of the Company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due to or from the Company, and any claims or demands made by or against the Company.
- (b) To refer any claims or demands by or against the Company to arbitration, and observe and perform or enforce the award.
- (c) To make and give receipts, releases, and other discharges for money payable to the Company and for claims and demands by the Company.
- (d) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents with power to accept the office of trustee, assignee, liquidator, or inspector, or any similar office.
- (e) To invest any of the moneys of the Company which the Directors may consider not to be immediately required for the purposes thereof, upon such securities and in such manner as they may think fit, and so that they shall not be restricted to such securities as are permissible to trustees without special powers, and from time to time to vary or release such investments.
- (f) To delegate to any one or more of the Directors of the Company for the time being, or any other person or company for the time being, residing or carrying on business in Ceylon or elsewhere, all or any of the powers or functions given to or exercisable by the Directors; and to confer such powers for such time and to be exercised for such objects and purposes, and upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as the Directors may think expedient, and to confer such powers either collaterally with or to the exclusion of, and in the substitution for, all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf, and from time to time to revoke, withdraw, alter, or vary all or any of such powers. The Directors may allow to any person or company to whom any powers may be so delegated such remuneration as they in their absolute discretion shall think fit.
- (g) Before recommending any dividend to set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as they think proper as a reserve fund to meet contingencies, or for special dividends, or for equalizing dividends, or for repairing, improving, and maintaining any of the property of the Company, and for other purposes as the Directors shall in their absolute discretion think conducive to the interests of the Company, and to invest the several sums so set aside upon such investments as they may think fit, and from time to time deal with and vary such investments and dispose of all or any part thereof for the benefit of the Company, and to divide the reserve fund into such special funds as they think fit, and to employ the reserve fund or any part thereof in the business of the Company, and that without being bound to keep the same separate from their other assets.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

111. The Directors may meet for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings at such places and times and in such manner as they may think fit, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Until otherwise determined two Directors shall be a quorum. 112. A Director may at any time summon a meeting of Directors.

113. The Board may elect a Chairman of their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office, and all meetings of the Directors shall be presided over by the Chairman, if one has been elected and

if present, but if there be a vacancy in the office of Chairman, or if at any meeting of Directors the Chairman be not present at the time appointed for holding the same, then and in that case the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.

Any question which shall arise at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of .114. votes, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman thereat shall have a casting vote in addition to his vote as a Director.

115. The Board may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as the Board think fit, and they may from time to time revoke and discharge any such committee, either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee so formed shall, in exercise of the powers delegated to it, conform to all such regulations as may be prescribed by the Board. All acts done by any such committee, in conformity with such regulations and in the fulfilment of the purposes of their appointment, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board. 116. The meetings and proceedings of such committees shall be governed by the provisions herein

contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto, and are not superseded by the express terms of the appointment of such committee respectively, or any regulation imposed by the Board. 117. The acts of the Board or of any committees appointed by the Board shall, notwithstanding any

vacancy in the Board or Committee, or defect in the appointment or qualification of any Director or of any member of the committee, be as valid as if no such vacancy or defect had existed, and as if such person had been duly appointed or qualified, provided the same be done before the discovery of the vacancy or defect.

A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors for the time being in Ceylon shall be as valid 118.

- (1) Of all appointments of (a) officers and (b) committees made by the Directors.
- (2) Of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors.
 (3) Of the names of the members of the committee appointed by the Board present at each meeting of the committee.
- (4) Of all orders made by the Directors.

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- (5) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all General Meetings of the Company.
- (6) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of the Directors.
- (7) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of committees appointed by the Board.

120. All such minutes shall be signed by the person who shall have presided as Chairman at the General Meeting, the Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting at which the business minuted shall have been transacted, or by the person who shall preside as Chairman at the next ensuing General Meeting, or Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, as the case may be; and all minutes purporting to have been signed by any Chairman of any General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively, shall, for all purposes whatsoever, be prima facie evidence of the actual and regular passing of the resolutions, and the actual and regular transaction or occurrence of the proceedings and other matters purporting to be so recorded, and of the regularity of the meeting at which the same shall appear to have taken place, and of the Chairmanship and signature of the person appearing to have signed as Chairman, and of the date on which such meeting was held.

ACCOUNTS.

121. The Agent or Secretary or the Agents or Secretaries for the time being, or, if there be no Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries, the Directors shall cause true accounts to be kept of the paid up capital for the time being of the Company, and of all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and of the matters in respect of which such sums were received and expended, and of the assests, credits, and liabilities of the Company, and generally of all its commercial, financial, and other affairs, transactions, and engagements, and of all other matters necessary for showing the true financial state and condition of the Company. The accounts shall be kept in such books and in such a manner at the registered office of the Company as the Directors think fit.

The Directors shall from time to time determine whether, and to what extent, and at what times 122. and places, and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the Company or of any of them shall be open to the inspection of the Shareholders, and no Shareholders shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company, except as conferred by statute or authorized by the Directors or by a resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

At the Ordinary General Meeting in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company a 123. statement of the income and expenditure of the Company for the previous financial year, and a balance sheet containing a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company made up to the end of the same period.

124. The statement so made shall show, arranged under the most convenient heads, the amount of gross income, distinguishing the several sources from which it has been derived, and the amount of gross expenditure, distinguishing the expense of the establishment, salaries, and other heads of expenditure. Every item of expenditure fairly chargeable against the year's income shall be brought into account, so that a just balance of profit and loss may be laid before the meeting, and in case where any item of expenditure which may in fairness be distributed over several years has been incurred in any one year, the whole amount of such item shall be stated, with the addition of the reasons why only a portion of such expenditure is charged against the income of the year.

125. The balance sheet shall contain a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company, arranged under the heads appearing in the form annexed to the table referred to in Schedule C to "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," or as near thereto as circumstances admit.
126. Every such statement shall be accompanied by a report as to the state and condition of the Company, and as to the amount which the Directors recommend should be paid out of the profits by way of dividend or bonus to the Shareholders, and the statement, report, and balance sheet shall be signed by the Directors. Directors.

127. A printed copy of such balance sheet shall, at least seven days previous to such meeting, be delivered at or posted to the registered address of every Shareholder.
 128. The accounts of the Company shall from time to time be examined, and the correctness of the least seven the sevent as a sevent and the correctness of the least seven the sevent as a sevent seven

balance sheet ascertained by one or more Auditor or Auditors.

AUDIT.

129. No person shall be eligible as an Auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Shareholder in any transaction of the Company, but it shall not be a necessary qualification for an Auditor that he be a Shareholder of the Company, and no Director or officer of the Company shall, during his continuance in office, be eligible as an Auditor.

The Directors shall appoint the first Auditor of the Company, and fix his remuneration. He shall 130. hold office till the second General Meeting of the Company. All subsequent appointments shall, except as is hereinafter mentioned, be made at the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company in each year by the Shareholders present thereat, and the Auditor or Auditors appointed at such meeting shall hold effice only until the first Ordinary General Meeting after his or their appointments, or until otherwise ordered by a General Meeting.

Meeting, and this remuneration may from time to time be varied by a General Meeting. 132. Retiring Auditors shall be eligible for a shart The remuneration of the Auditors other than the first shall be fixed by the Company in General

Retiring Auditors shall be eligible for re-election.

If any vacancy that may occur in the office of Auditor is not supplied at the next Ordinary General 133. "Meeting, or if any casual vacancy shall occur in the office of Auditor, the Directors shall fill up the vacancy by the appointment of a person who shall hold office until the next Ordinary General Meeting after his appointment.

134. Every Auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet intended to be laid before the next Ordinary General Meeting after his appointment, and it shall be his duty to examine the same with the accounts and vouchers relating thereto, and to report thereon to the meeting, generally or specially, as he may think fit.

135. The Auditor or Auditors for the time being shall have a list delivered to him or them of all books kept by the Company, and he or they shall at ll reasonable hours in the daytime have access to all accounts, books, and documents whatsoever of the Company for the purpose of audit.

DIVIDENDS, BONUS, AND RESERVE FUND.

136. The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, from time to time declare a dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders in proportion to the amount paid on their shares, but no dividend shall be payable except out of nett profits.

The Directors may, if they think fit, determine on and declare an interim dividend to be paid, or 137. pay a bonus to the Shareholders on account and in anticipation of the dividend for the then current year.

138. The Directors may, before recommending any dividend or bonus, set aside out of the profits of the Company such a sum as they think proper as a reserve fund, and shall invest the same in such securities as they may with the sanction of the Company select, or shall place the same in fixed deposit in any bank or banks.

139. The Directors may from time to time apply such portions as they think fit of the reserve fund to meet contingencies, or for equalizing dividends, or for working the business of the Company, or for repairing or maintaining or extending the buildings and premises of the Company, or for the repair or renewal or extensions of the property or plant of the Company or any part thereof, or for any other purposes connected with the interest of the Company that they may from time to time deem expedient.

No unpaid dividend or bonus shall ever bear interest against the Company. 140.

No Shareholder shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividend or bonus in respect of his 141. share or shares whilst any moneys may be due or owing from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company in respect of such share or shares, or otherwise howsoever.

142. The Directors may deduct from the dividend or bonus payable to any Shareholder all such sums of money as may be due from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company, and notwithstanding the fact that such sums or any of them are not payable until after the date when such dividend or bonus is payable.

143. Notice of any dividend that has been declared, or of any bonus to be paid, shall be given to each Shareholder entitled thereto, and any dividend or bonus unclaimed by any Shareholder for three years after notice thereof is given may be forfeited by the Directors for the benefit of the Company, and, if the Directors think fit, may be applied in augmentation of the reserve fund.

144. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any partner of such firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm.

145. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by several persons jointly other

than a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any one of such persons. 146. Any General Meeting declaring a dividend may direct payment of such dividend wholly or in part by the distribution of specific assets, and in particular of paid up shares, debentures, or debenture stock of the Company or of any other company or in any one or more of such ways, and the Directors shall give effect to such direction; and when any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution, they may settle the same as they think expedient, and in particular may issue fractional certificates, and may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof, and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any Shareholders upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties, and may vest any such specific assets in trustees upon such trusts for the persons entitled to the dividend as may seem expedient to the Directors; where requisite a proper contract shall be filed, and the Directors may appoint any person to sign such contract on behalf of the persons entitled to the dividend, and such appoint-ment shall be effective.

Notices.

Notices from the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed or written) of the 147. Agent or Secretary, Agents or Secretaries, or persons appointed by the Board to authenticate the same.

148. Every Shareholder shall give an address in Ceylon, which shall be deemed to be his place of ahode, and shall be registered as such in the books of the Company.

149. A notice may be served by the Company upon any Shareholder, either personally or by being sent through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to such Shareholder at his registered address or place of abode, and any notice so served shall be deemed to be well served, notwithstanding that the Shereholder to whom such notice is addressed be dead, unless his executors or administrators shall have given to the Directors, or to the Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries of the Company, their own or some other address to which

notices may be sent. 150. All notices directed to be given to Shareholders shall, with respect to any share to which persons are jointly entitled other than a firm, be given to whichever of such persons is named first in the Register of Shareholders, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares.

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151. Any notice if served by post shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the letter containing the same would in ordinary course of post have been delivered at its address, and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and put into a post office or post box, and the entry in the Company's books of the leaving or sending by post of any notice at or to such address shall be sufficient evidence thereof, and no further evidence shall be necessary.

152. Every Shareholder residing out of Ceylon shall name and register in the books of the Company an address within Ceylon at which all notices shall be served upon him, and all notices served at such address shall be deemed to be well served. If he shall not have named and registered such an address, he shall not be entitled to any notices.

All notices required to be given by advertisement shall be published in the Ceylon Government Gazette.

ARBITRATION.

153. Whenever any question or other matter whatsoever arises in dispute between the Company and any other company or person, the same may be referred by the Directors to arbitration.

EVIDENCE.

154. On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought or instituted by the Company against any Shareholder or his representatives to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is or was when the claim arose on the Register of Shareholders of the Company as a holder of the number of shares in respect of which such claim is made, and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company; and it shall not be necessary to prove the registration of the Company, nor the appointment of the Directors who made any call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made, nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

PROVISION RELATIVE TO WINDING UP OR DISSOLUTION OF THE COMPANY.

155. Any Shareholder, whether a Director or not, and whether alone or jointly with any other Shareholder or Director, and any person not a Shareholder, may become the purchaser of the property of the Company or any part thereof in the event of a winding up or a dissolution, or at any other time when a sale of the Company's property or effects or any part thereof shall be made by the Directors under the powers hereby or under the Ordinance conferred upon them.

In witness whereof the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereto set and subscribed their names at Colombo, this 7th day of February, 1910:---

F. J. P. ROBERTS.

E. M. SHATTOCK.

Witness to the above signatures, the 7th day of February, 1910:

E. R. WILLIAMS,

Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo.

A. ALERS HANKEY.

A. W. C. HANBURY.

Witness to the above signatures, the 7th day of February, 1910:

D. J. GREGORY, Colombo, Clerk.

W. E. GILDEA.

Witness to the above signature, the 8th day of February, 1910:

M. JOSEPH DIAS, Colombo, Clerk.

D. K. MICHIE.

Witness to the above signature, the 8th day of February, 1910:

M. JOSEPH DIAS, Colombo, Clerk.

S. L. ROBERTSON.

Witness to the above signature, the 8th day of February, 1910:

M. JOSEPH DIAS, Colombo, Clerk.

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION' OF THE MENTENNE RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED.

1. The name of the Company is "THE MENTENNE RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED."

2. The registered office of the Company is to be established in Colombo.

3. The objects for which the Company is to be established are-

(a) To purchase from the proprietors thereof Mentenne, Marambedde, Wiharatenne, and Daminatenne estates, situate in the Haputale district, Ceylon.

(b) To purchase, lease, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any other land or lands, or any share or shares thereof, and any buildings, mines, minerals, mining and mineral properties and rights, machinery, implements, tools, live and clead stock, stores, effects, and other property, real or personal, movable or immovable, of any kind, and any rights, easements, patents, licenses, or privileges in Ceylon or elsewhere (including the benefit of any trade mark or trade secret which may be thought necessary or convenient for the purpose of the Company's business), and to erect, construct, maintain, or alter any buildings, machinery, plant, roads, ways, or other works or methods of communication.

- (c) To appoint, engage, employ, maintain, provide for, and dismiss attorneys, agents, superintendents, managers, clerks, coolies, and other labourers and servants in Ceylon or elsewhere, and to remunerate any such at such rate as shall be thought fit, and to grant pensions or gratuities to any such, or the widow or children of any such.
- (d) To clear, open, plant, cultivate, improve, and develop the said properties or any portion thereof, and any other land or lands that may be purchased, leased, or otherwise acquired by the Company in Ceylon or elsewhere, or portions thereof, as a rubber estate or estates, or with any other products, trees, plants, or crops that may be approved by the Company, and to plant, grow, and produce rubber, coconuts, tea, coffee, cinchona, cacao, cardamoms, rhea, ramie plants, trees, and other natural products in Ceylon or elsewhere.
- (e) To build, make, construct, equip, maintain, improve, alter, and work rubber and tea factories, coconut and coffee curing mills, and other manufactories, buildings, erections, roads, tramways, or other works conducive to any of the Company's objects, or to contribute to or subsidize such.
- (f) To enter into any arrangement or agreement with Government or any authorities and obtain rights, concessions, and privileges.
- (g) To hire, lease, or purchase land either with any other person or company, or otherwise, and to erect a factory and other buildings thereon or on any land already leased or owned by the Company at the cost of the Company and such other person or company or otherwise.
 (b) To hire, lease or company or otherwise and the person or company or otherwise.
- (h) To lease any factory or other buildings from any company or person.
- (i) To enter into any agreement with any company or person for the working of any factory erected or leased as provided in (g) or (h), or for the manufacture and preparation for market of tea or any other produce in such or any other factory.
- (j) To prepare, cure, manufacture, treat, and prepare for market rubber, plumbago, minera's, tea, and (or) other crops or produce, and to sell, ship, and dispose of such rubber, plumbago, minerals, tea, crops, and produce, either raw or manufactured, at such times and places and in such manner as shall be deemed expedient.
- (k) To buy, sell, warehouse, transport, trade, and deal in rubber, coconuts, tea, coffee, and other plants and seed, and rice and other food required for coolies, labourers, and others employed on estates and other products, wares, merchandise, articles, and things of any kinds whatever.
- (l) To work mines or quarries, and to find, win, get, work, crush, smelt, manufacture, or otherwise deal with ores, metals, minerals, oils, precious and other stones, deposits and products, and generally to carry on the business of miners, manufacturers, growers, planters, and exporters of rubber, and other products or any such business on behalf of the Company, or as agents for others and on commission or otherwise.
- (m) To establish and carry on a dairy farm, and to buy and sell live stock, and to sell and deal in milk and dairy produce, wholesale or retail.
- (n) To establish and maintain in the United Kingdom, India, Cevlon, or elsewhere stores, shops, and places for the sale of rubber, tea, coffee, cacao, and articles of food, drink, or refreshment wholesale or retail; and to establish in any part or parts of the world agencies for carrying on or developing the business of the Company or any branch thereof; and generally to carry on the business of merchants, exporters, importers, traders, engineers, or any other trade, business, or undertaking whatsoever.
- (o) To cultivate, manage, and superintend estates and properties in Ceylon or elsewhere, and generally to undertake the business of estate agents in Ceylon and elsewhere, to act as agents for the investment, loan, payment, transmission, and collection of money, and for the purchase, sale, improvement, development, and management of property, including concerns and undertakings, and to transact any other agency business of any kind.
- (p) To let, lease, sell, exchange, or mortgage the Company's estates, lands, buildings, or other property, or any part or parts thereof, whether in consideration of rents, money, or securities for money, shares, debentures, or securities in any other company, or for any other consideration, and otherwise to trade in, dispose of, or deal with the same or any part thereof.
- (q) To borrow or receive on loan money for the purpose of the Company upon the security of cash, credit bonds, or of hypothecation or mortgages of the Company's property or any part or parts thereof, or otherwise, as shall be thought most expedient, and in particular by the issue of debentures, debenture stock or bonds to bearer or otherwise, either charged upon all or any part of the Company's present or future property (including uncalled capital), or not so charged, as shall be thought best.
- (r) To cause or permit any debenture stock, bonds, debentures, mortgages, charges, incumbrances, liens, or securities of or belonging to or made or issued by the Company, or affecting its property or rights or any of the terms thereof, to be renewed, extended, varied, redeemed, exchanged, transferred, or satisfied as shall be thought fit; also to pay off and re-borrow the moneys secured thereby or any part or parts thereof.
- (s) To draw, make, accept, and endorse bills of lading, warrants, bills of exchange, promissory notes, and other transferable or negotiable instruments for the purposes of the Company.
- (t) To unite, co-operate, amalgamate, or enter into partnership or any arrangement for sharing profits of union of interests or any other arrangement with any person or company already engaged in, or hereafter to be established, for the purpose of carrying on any business having objects wholly or in part similar or analogous or subsidiary to those of the Company or to any of them, or capable of being conducted so as to benefit this Company, either directly or indirectly, and to subscribe for, or otherwise acquire for, the benefit and in the name of the Company or otherwise, and pay for in any manner that may be agreed upon, either in money or in shares or bonds or otherwise, and to hold any shares, stock, or other interest in any such company, and to promote the formation of any such company.
- (u) To amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to this Company.

- (ii) To acquire by purchase in money, shares, bonds, or otherwise, and undertake all or any part of the business, property, assets, and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business in Ceylon or elsewhere which this Company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this Company.
- (w) To sell the property, business, or undertaking of the Company, or any part or parts thereof, for such consideration as the Company shall think fit, and in particular for shares, stocks, debentures, or securities of any other company.
- (x) To procure the Company to be registered or incorporated in Ceylon, and, if and when necessary or thought advisable, elsewhere.
- (y) To lend money on any terms and in any manner and on any security, and in particular on the security of plantations, factories, growing crops, produce, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bonds, bills of lading, warrants, stocks, shares, debentures, and book **debts**, or without any security at all, and generally to transact financial business of any kind.
- (z) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required upon such socurities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined.
- (z 1) To promot and establish any other company whatsoever, and to subscribe to and hold the shares or stock of any other company or any part thereof.
- (z 2) To pay for any lands and real or personal, immovable or movable, estate or property or assets of any kind acquired or to be acquired by the Company, or for any services rendered or to be rendered to the Company, and generally to pay or discharge any consideration to be paid or given by the Company in money or in shares or debentures or debenture stock or obligations of the Company, or partly in one way and partly in another, or otherwise howsoever, with power to issue any shares either fully or partially paid up for such purpose.
- (z 3) To accept as consideration for the sale or disposal of any lands, and real and personal, immovable and movable estate, property, and assets of the Company of any kind sold or otherwise disposed of by the Company, or in discharge of any other consideration to be received by the Company in money or in shares, the shares (whether wholly or partially paid up) of any company, or in the mortgages, debentures, or obligations of any company or person, or partly one and partly other.
- (z 4) To distribute among the Shareholders in specie any property of the Company, whether by way of dividend or upon a return of capital, but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital be made, except with the sanction for the time being required by law.
- (z 5) To do all such other things as shall be incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects above-mentioned or any of them or any one or more of the objects aforesaid, it being hereby declared that in the foregoing clauses (unless a contrary intention appears) the word "Company" includes companies or corporations, and the word "persons" any number of persons, and that the other objects specified in any paragraph are not to be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other paragraph.

4. The liability of the Shareholders is limited.

5. The nominal capital of the Company is Five hundred thousand Rupees, divided into Fifty thousand shares of Ten Rupees each, with power to increase or reduce the capital. In case the Company shall increase its capital by the issue of new shares, such shares may be issued upon the terms specified in the Articles Association for the time being of the Company.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in accordance with this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names :--

Names and Addresses of Su	bscribers.		by e	ach Sh are h	older.
G. E. WOODMAN, Colombo	816	414	•K• '	One :	
E. E. Powell, Colombo		*:-		One	
E. R. WALDOCK, Colombo	••	. •4	••	One	
literan to the above signatures at	Colombo this]	Ninth day of Fe	abruary, 191	A :	-
intess to the above signatures at	Colombo, outs i	CATTERNE CONTRACTOR		•••	
Jitness to the above signatures at	Colombo, tais .	·	E. R. W	TILLIAMS,	
Truess to the above signatures at	Colombo, this	·	•	TILLIAMS,	łombo
J. J. DICKSON, Colombo		·	E. R. W	TILLIAMS,	łombo
		Proc	E. R. W tor, Supreme	Court, Co	łombo
J. J. DICKSON, Colombo		•••	E. R. W tor, Suprem	One	łombo

witness to the above signatures at Colombo, this Eleventh day of February, 1910:

E. R. WILLIAMS,

Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE MENTENNE RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE regulations contained in the Table C in the schedule annexed to "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these Articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution.

The Company may, by special resolution, alter and make provisions instead of, or in addition to, any of the regulations of the Company, whether contained or comprised in these Articles or not.

INTERPRETATION CLAUSE.

1. In the interpretation of these presents the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless such meanings be inconsistent with, or repugnant to, the subject or context :---

The word "Company" means "The Mentenne Rubber Company, Limited," incorporated or established by or under the Memorandum of Association to which these Articles are attached. The "Ordinance" means and includes "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," and every

The "Ordinance" means and includes "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," and every other Ordinance from time to time in force concerning Joint Stock Companies which may apply to the Company. "These presents" means and includes the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association

of the Company from time to time in force. "Capital" means the capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purposes of

the Company.

"Shares" means the shares from time to time into which the capital of the Company may be divided. "Shareholder" means a Shareholder of the Company.

"Presence or present" at a meeting means presence or present personally or by proxy or by attorney. "Directors" means the Directors for the time being of the Company or (as the case may be) the Directors assembled at a Board.

"Board" means a meeting of the Directors or (as the context may require) the Directors assembled at a Board meeting, acting through at least a quorum of their body in the exercise of authority duly given to them.

"Persons "means partnerships, associations, corporations, companies, unincorporated or incorporated by Ordinance and registration, as well as individuals.

"Office" means the registered office for the time being of the Company.

"Seal" means the common seal for the time being of the Company.

"Month" means a calendar month.

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"Writing" means printed matter or print as well as writing.

Words importing the singular number only include the plural, and vice versa.

Words importing the masculine gender only include the feminine, and vice versa.

BUSINESS.

2. The Company may proceed to carry out the objects for which it is established, and to employ and apply its capital as soon after the registration of the Company as the Directors in their discretion shall think fit; and if the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed, applied for, or allotted as soon as, in the judgment of the Directors, a sufficient number of shares shall have been subscribed or applied for.

3. The business of the Company shall be carried on by or under the management or direction of the Directors, and subject only to the control of General Meetings, in accordance with these presents.

CAPITAL.

4. The original capital of the Company is Five hundred thousand Rupees (Rs. 500,000), divided into Fifty thousand shares of Ten Rupees (Rs. 10) each.

5. The Directors may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company in General Meeting, increase the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares of such amounts per share, and in the aggregate as such resolution shall direct; and they shall have power to add to such new shares such an amount of premium as may be considered expedient.

6. Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the same provisions in all respects with reference to the payments of allotment money, calls and instalments, transfer, transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrender, and otherwise, as if it had formed part of the Original capital of the Company.

SHARES.

8. The Company may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holder of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid and the time of payment of such calls.

9. If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the *holder* of the shares.

10. The shares, except when otherwise provided, shall be allotted at the discretion of and by the Directors, who may from time to time issue any unissued shares, and may add to such shares such an amount of premium as they consider proper. Provided that such unissued shares shall first be offered by the Directors to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such times or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may, at their discretion, allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estate or lands being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates or lands, and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders.

11. In case of the increase of the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares, such new charss shall be issued upon such terms and conditions, and with such preferential, deferred, qualified, special or other rights and privileges annexed thereto, as the General Meeting resolving on the creation thereof, or any other General Meeting of the Company, shall direct, and, if no direction be given, as the Directors shall determine, and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to the dividends and in the distribution of assets of the Con pany, and with a special or without any right of voting.

Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the meeting that sanctions the increase of cupital, all new shares shall be offered to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may, at their discretion, allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estates or lands being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates or lands, and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders.

12. Every person taking any share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof by writing under his hand in such form as the Company may from time to time direct.

13. Shares may be registered in the name of a firm, and any partner of the firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm shall be entitled to vote and to give proxies.

Shares may be registered in the name of two or more persons not in partnership. 14.

Any one of the joint-holders of a share other than a firm may give effectual receipts for any dividends 15. payable in respect of such share; but the Shareholder whose name stands first on the register and no other, shall be entitled to the right of voting and of giving proxies and all other advantages conferred on a sole Shareholder.

16. In case of the death of any one or more of the joint-holders of any shares, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognized by the Company as having any title to, or interest in, such shares.

17. The Company shall not be bound to recognize (even though having notice of) any contingent, future, partial, or equitable interest in the nature of a trust or otherwise in any share, or any other right in respect of any share, except any absolute right thereto in the person from time to time registered at the holder thereof, and except also the right of any person under clause 36 to become a Shareholder in respect of any share.

18. The joint-holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all instalments and calls due in respect of such share.

19. Every Shareholder shall be entitled to a certificate or certificates under the common seal of the Company, specifying the share or shares held by him and the amount paid thereon.

20. If any certificate be worn out or defaced, then, upon production thereof to the Directors, they may order the same to be cancelled, and may issue a new certificate in lieu thereof ; and if any certificate be lost or destroyed, then, upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Directors and on such indemnity as the Directors deem adequate being given, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the person entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate. A sum of fifty cents shall be payable for such new certificate.

21. The certificate of shares registered in he name of two or more persons not a firm shall be delivered to the person first named on the register.

JALLS.

22. The Directors may from time to time make such calls as they think fit upon the Shareholders in respect of all moneys unpaid on their shares, and not by the conditions of allotment made payable at fixed times, provided that two months' notice at least shall be given to the Shareholders of the time and place appointed for payment of each call ; and each Shareholder shall pay the amount of every call so made to the person and at the time and place appointed by the Directors.

23. If any Shareholder fail to pay the amount of any call due by him on or before the day appointed for payment thereof, he shall be liable to pay interest for the same at the rate of nine per centum per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment.

24. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorizing

the call was passed. 25. The Directors shall have power in their absolute discretion to give time to any one or more for payment of any call or part thereof on such terms as Shareholder or Shareholders, exclusive of the others, for payment of any cell or part thereof on such terms as the Directors may determine. But no shareholder shall be entitled to any such extension, except as a matter of grace or favour.

26. The Directors may at their discretion receive from any of the Shareholders willing to advance ame, and upon such terms as they think fit, all or any part of the moneys due upon their respective shares nd the sums actually called for; and upon the moneys so paid in advance or upon so much thereof as from The to time and at any time thereafter exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon, and due in respect if, the shares in respect of which such advances have been made, the Board may pay or allow interest at such rate as the Shareholders paying such sums in advance and the Directors may agree upon, not exceeding, however, six per centum per annum.

TRANSFER OF SHARES.

27. Subject to the restriction of these Articles, any Shareholder may transfer all or any of his shares by instrument in writing.

28. No transfer of shares shall be made to an infant or person of unsound mind.

29. The Company shall keep a book or books to be called "The Register of Transfers," in which shall be entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share. 30. The Directors may, at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion, decline to register any

transfer of shares by a Shareholder who is indebted to the Company, or upon whose shares the Company have a lien or otherwise, or in case of shares not fully paid up, to any person not approved by them; and in no case shall a Shareholder or proposed transferee be entitled to require the Directors to state the reason of their refusal to register, but their declinature shall be absolute.

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31. Every instrument of transfer must be left at the office of the Company to be registered, accompanied by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferor, and a fee of two rupees and fifty cents, or such other sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine, must be paid to the Company for the registration of every such transfer, upon payment whereof the Directors, subject to the powers vested in them by Article 30, shall register the transferee as a Shareholder, and retain the instrument of transfer.

32. The Directors may, by such means as they shall deem expedient, authorize the registration of transferees as Shareholders without the necessity of any meeting of the Directors for that purpose.

33. In no case shall the Directors be bound to inquire into the validity, legal effect, or genuineness of any instrument or transfer produced by a person claiming a transfer of any share in accordance with these articles; and whether they abstain from so inquiring, or do so inquire and are misled, the transferor shall have no claim whatsoever upon the Company in respect of the share, except for the dividends previously declared in respect thereof, but only, if at all, upon the transferee.

34 The Register of Transfers may be closed during the fourteen days immediately preceding each Ordinary General Meeting; and when a dividend is declared, for the three days next ensuing the Meeting; also at such other times (if any) and for such periods as the Directors may from time to time determine; provided always that it shall not be closed for more than thirty days in any year.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

35. The executors or administrators or the heirs of a deceased Shareholder (not being one of severa joint holders) shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to the shares of such Shareholder.

36. Any guardian of any infant Shareholder, or any committee of a lunatic Shareholder, or any person becoming entitled to shares in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or liquidation of any Shareholder, or the marriage of any female Shareholder, or in any other way than by transfer, shall, upon securing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this clause, or of his title as the Directors think sufficient, be forthwith entitled, subject to the provisions herein contained, to be registered as a Shareholder in respect of such shares, or may, subject to the regulations as to transfers hereinbefore contained, transfer the same to some other person.

37. If any person who shall become entitled to be registered in respect of any share under clause 36 shall not, from any cause whatever, within two years after the event on the happening of which his title shall accrue, be registered in respect of such share, or if in the case of the death of any Shareholder no person shall, within 'wo years after such death, be registered as a Shareholder in respect of the shares of such deceased Shareholder, the Company may sell such shares, either by public auction or private contract, and give a receipt for the purchase money, and the purchaser shall be entitled to be registered in respect of such share, and shall not be bound to inquire whether the events have happened which entitled the Company to sell the same, and the nett proceeds of such sale, after deducting all exponses and all moneys in respect of which the Company is entitled to a lien on the shares so sold, shall be paid to the person entitled thereto.

SURRENDER AND FORFEITURE OF SHARES.

38. The Directors may accept in the name and for the benefit of the Company, and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed, a surrender of the shares of Shareholders who may be desirous of retiring from the Company.

39. If any Shareholder fails to pay any call or instalment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Directors may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on such Shareholder requiring him to pay the same, together with any interest that may have accrued, and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

The notice shall name a day (not being less than one month from the date of the notice) on, and a place or places at, which such call or instalment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state that in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

If the requisition of such notice as aforesaid be not complied with, every or any share or shares in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of calls or instalment, with interest and expenses due in respect thereof, be declared forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

40. Any Shareholder whose shares have been so declared forfeited shall, notwithstanding, be liable to pay, and shall forthwith pay to the Company all calls, instalments, interest, and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of forfeiture until payment at nine per centum per annum, and the Directors may enforce the payment thereof if they think fit.

41. Every share surrendered or so declared forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of upon such terms and in such manner as the Board shall think fit.

42. The surrender or forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in, and also of all claims and demands against, the Company in respect of the share and the proceeds thereof, and all other rights incident to the share, except only such of those rights (if any) as by these presents are expressly saved.

43. A certificate in writing under the hands of one of the Directors and of the Secretary that a share has been duly surrendered or forfeited, stating the time when it was surrendered or forfeited, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons who would have been entitled to the share but for such surrender or forfeiture, and such certificate and the receipt of the Company for the price of such share shall constitute a good title to such share, and a certificate of proprietorship shall be delivered to any person who may purchase the same from the Company, and thereupon such purchaser shall be deemed the holder of such share, discharged from all calls due prior to such purchase, and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to such share be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture or sale.

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The Directors may in their discretion remit or annul the forfeiture of any share within six months from the date thereof upon the payment of all moneys due to the Company from the late holder or holders of such share or shares, and all expenses incurred in relation to such forfeiture, together with such further sum of money by way of redemption money for the deficit, as they shall think fit, not being less than nine per centum per annum on the amount of the sums wherein default in payment had been made, but no share bona fide sold or re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of under Article 41 hereof, shall be redeemable after sale

or disposal. 44. The Company shall have a first charge or paramount lien upon all the shares of any holder or joint holders for all moneys for the time being due to the Company by such holder, or by all or any of such joint-holders respectively, either in respect of such shares or of other shares held by such holder or joint-holders or otherwise, and whether due from any such holder individually or jointly with others, including all calls which the Directors shall have resolved to make, although the times appointed for the payment thereof shall not have arrived; and where any share is held by more persons than one, the Company shall be entitled to the said charge or lien in respect of any money due to the Company from any of such And the Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares subject to such charge or lien. persons.

45. Such charge or lien may be made available by a sale of all or any of the shares subject to it, provided that no such sale shall be made except under a resolution of the Directors, and until notice in writing shall have been given to the indebted Shareholder or his executors or administrators, or the assignee or trustee in his bankruptcy; requiring him or them to pay the amount for the time being due to the Company, and default shall have been made for twenty-eight days from such notice in paying the sum thereby required to be paid. Should the Shareholder over whose share the lien exists be in England or elsewhere abroad, sixty days, notice shall be allowed him. 46. "The nett proceeds of any such sale shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of such debts,

liabilities, or engagements, and the residue (if any) paid to such Shareholder or his representatives.

47. A certificate in writing under the hands of one of the Directors and of the Secretary that the power of sale given by clause 45 has arisen and is exercisable by the Company under these presents shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated.

48. Upon any such sale two of the Directors may execute a transfer of such share to the purchaser hereof, and such transfer, with the certificate last aforesaid, shall confer on the purchaser a complete title to such shares. Upon any such sale two of the Directors may execute a transfer of such share to the purchaser

PREFERENCE, SHARES. 49. Any shares from time to time to be issued or created may from time to time be issued with any such right of preference, whether in respect of dividend or of payment of capital, or both, or any such other special privilege or advantage over any shares previously issued on then short to be advantage over any shares previously issued on then short to be advantage over any shares previously issued on then short to be advantage over any shares previously issued on then short to be advantage over any shares previously issued on the short to be advantage over any shares previously issued on the short to be advantage over any shares previously issued on the short to be advantage over any shares previously issued on the short to be advantage over any shares previously issued on the short to be advantage over any shares previously issued on the short to be advantage over any shares previously issued on the short to be advantage over any shares previously issued on the short to be advantage over any shares previously issued on the short to be advantage over any shares previously issued on the short to be advantage over any shares previously issued on the short to be advantage over any shares previously issued on the short to be advantage over any shares previously issued on the short to be advantage over advantage over any shares previously issued on the short to be advantage over advantage ov special privilege or advantage over any shares previously issued or then about to be issued (other than shares issued with a preference), or at such a premium, or with such deferred rights as compered with any shares previously issued or then about to be issued, or subject to any such conditions or provisions, and with any such right or without any right of voting, and generally on such terms as the Company may from time to time by special resolution determine.

If at any time by the issue of preference shares or otherwise the capital is divided into shares 50. of different classes, then the holders of any class of shares may, by an extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of such holders, consent, on behalf of all the holders of shares of the class, to the issue or creation of any shares ranking equally therewith or having any priority thereto, or to the abandonment of any preference or priority, or of any accrued dividend, or the reduction for any time or permanently of the dividends payable thereon, or to any scheme for the reduction of the Company's capital affecting the class of shares ; and such resolution shall be binding upon all the holders of shares of the class, provided that this Article shall not be read as implying the necessity for such consent in any case in which but for this Article the object of the resolutions could have been effected without it.

51. Any meeting for the purpose of the last preceding clause shall be convened and conducted in all respects as nearly as possible in the same way as an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, provided that no member, not being a Director, shall be entitled to notice thereof or to attend thereat, unless he be a holder of shares of the class intended to be affected by the resolution, and that no vote shall be given except in respect of a share of that class, and that at any such meeting a poil may be demanded in writing by any members personally present and entitled to vote at the meeting.

BORROWING POWERS.

52. The Directors shall have power to procure from time to time, in the usual course of business, they may find necessary or expedient for the purpose of defraying the expenses of working the Company's estates, or of erecting, maintaining, improving, or extending buildings, machinery, or plantations, or otherwise. Also from time to time at their discretion to borrow or raise from the Directors or other persons any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company, provided that the money so borrowed or raised and owing at any one time shall not, without the sanction of a General Meeting, exceed Fifty thousand Bupees.

53. With the sanction of a General Meeting the Board shall be entitled to borrow such further sum or sums and at such rate of interest as such meeting shall determine. A certificate under the hands of one Director, and the Secretary, or of two Directors, to the effect that in taking any loan the Directors are not exceeding their borrowing powers, shall be sufficient and binding on the Company and all concerned, and shall be conclusive evidence thereof in all questions between the Company and its creditors.

shall be containable evidence thereof in all questions between the company and its creations. 54. For the purpose of securing the repayment of any such moneys so borrowed or raised, or for any other purposes, the Directors may grant, create, execute, and issue any mortgages, cash, credits, debentures, debenture, stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company, charged upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, lands, property, rights, and assets of the Company, both present and future, including uncalled capital or unpaid calls, or may make, accept, or endorse, on behalf of the Company, any promissory notes or bills of exchange.

bills of exchange, 50, Any such securities may be issued, either at par or at a premium or discount, and may from time to time be cancelled, discharged, varied, or exchanged as the Directors may think fit, and may contain all time to the becaucelled discharged, varied, or exchanged as the Directors may think fit, and may contain special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, or otherwise.

Every debenture or other instrument issued by the Company for securing the payment of money 56. may be so framed that the moneys thereby secured shall be assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

GENERAL MEETINGS.

The first General Meeting shall be held at such time, not being more than twelve months after 57. the incorporation of the Company, and at such place as the Directors may determine.

58. Subsequent General Meetings shall be held once in every year at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if no time or place is so prescribed, then at such place and at such time as soon after the first day in each year as may be determined by the Directors.

59. The General Meetings mentioned in the last preceding clause shall be called Ordinary General Meetings; all other meetings of the Company shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.

60. The Directors may, whenever they think fit, call an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, and the Directors shall do so upon a requisition made in writing by not less than one-eighth of the number of Shareholders of the Company for the time being, or by any Shareholder or Shareholders holding in the aggregate one-eighth part of the shares of the Company for the time being subscribed for.

61. Any requisition so made shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called, shall be addressed to the Directors, and shall be sent to the registered office of the Company.

Upon the receipt of such requisition the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting to be held at such time and place as they shall determine. If they do not proceed to converge the same within seven days from the delivery of the requisition, the requisitionists may themselves convert an Extraordinary General Meeting to be held at such place and at such time as the Shareholders convening the meeting may themselves fix.

62. Any Shareholder may, on giving not less than fourteen days' previous notice of any resolution.

submit the same to a meeting. 63. Such notice shall be given by leaving a copy of the resolution at the registered office of the Company.

64. Seven days' notice at least of every General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, and by whomsoever convened, specifying the place, date, hour of meeting, and the object and business of the meeting, shall be given by advertisement in the Ceylon Government Gazette, or in such other manner (if any) as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting.

65. Every Ordinary General Meeting shall be competent, without special notice having been given of the purposes for which it is convened, or of the business to be transacted thereat, to receive and discuss any report and any accounts presented thereto by the Directors, and to pass resolutions in approval or disapproval thereof, and to declare dividends, and to elect Directors and Auditors in the place of those retiring by rotation, and to fix the remuneration of the Auditors; and shall also be competent to enter upon, discuss, and transact any business whatsoever, of which special mention shall have been given in the notice or notices upon which the meeting was convened.

66. With the exceptions mentioned in the foregoing Articles as to the business which may be transacted at Ordinary General Meetings without notice, no General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss, or transact any business which has not been specially mentioned in the notice or notices upon which it was convened.

67. No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting, except the declaration of a dividend recommended by a report of the Directors or election of a Chairman, unless there shall be present or represented at the commencement of the business two or more Shareholders entitled to vote.

68. If at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting the required number of Shareholders shall not be present at the meeting, the meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of Shareholders, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, those Shareholders who are present shall be a quorum, and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.

69. The Chairman (if any) of the Directors shall be entitled to take the Chair at every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary; or if there be no Chairman, or if at any meeting he shall not be present at the time appointed for holding such meeting, or if he shall refuse to take the Chair, the Shareholders shall choose another Director as Chairman ; and if no Directors be present, or if all the Directors present decline to take the Chair, then the Shareholders present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman.

70. No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting, except the election of a Chairman whilst the Chair is vacant.

71. The Chairman may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place, unless due notice thereof shall be given. 72. Minutes of the proceedings of every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall

be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall when so entered be signed as soon as practicable by the Chairman of the same meeting or by the Chairman of the succeeding meeting, and the same when so entered and signed shall be evidence of all such proceedings and of the proper election of the Chairman.

VOTING AT MEETINGS.

73. At any meeting every resolution shall be decided by the votes of the Shareholders present in person or by proxy, or by attorney, and in case there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman at such meeting shall be entitled to give a casting vote in addition to the vote to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder; and unless a poll be immediately demanded by some member present and entitled to vote, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the Minute Book of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

74. If at any meeting a poll be demanded by some Shareholder present at the meeting and entitled to vote, the meeting shall, if necessary, be adjourned, and the poll shall be taken at such time and place and in such manner as the Chairman shall direct, and in such case every Shareholder shall have the number of votes to which he may be entitled as hereinafter provided ; and in case at any such poll there shall be an

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equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting at which such poll shall have been demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder and proxy and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in such meeting.

75. The demand of a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.

76. No poll shall be demanded on the election of a Chairman of the meeting or on any question of adjournment.

77. On a show of hands every member shall have one vote only. In case of a poll every Shareholder shall have one vote for every share held by him up to ten, and an additional vote for every ten shares beyond the first ten.

78. The parent on guardian of an infant Shareholder, the committee or other legal guardian of any lunatic Shareholder; the husband of any female Shareholder not entitled to her shares as separate estate, and the executor or administrator of any deceased Shareholder, or any one of such persons as aforesaid, if more than one, shall not be entitled to vote in the place of such infant, lunatic, female, or deceased person, unless such person shall have been registered as a Shareholder.

79. Votes may be given either personally or by proxy or by attorney.
80. No Shareholder shall be entitled to vote at any meeting unless all calls due from him on his shares have been paid, and no Shareholder other than the trustee or assignee of a bankrupt or representative of a deceased Shareholder, or person acquiring by marriage, shall be entitled to vote at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company in respect of any share which he has acquired by transfer, unless he has been possessed of the share in respect of which he claims to vote at least three months previously to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote.

81. No Shareholder, who has not been duly registered as such for three months previous to the General Meeting, shall be entitled to be present and to speak and vote at any meeting held after the expiry of three months from the incorporation of the Company.

82. No person shall be entitled to hold a proxy who is not a Shareholder of the Company, but this rule does not apply to a power of attorney. 83. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be printed or written, and shall be signed by the appointor,

or if such appointor be a company or corporation, it shall be under the common seal of such company or corporation.

84. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than twenty-four hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote.

The instrument appointing a proxy may be in the following form :-

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(The Mentenne Rubber Company, Limited.)

-, of --, of – - (a Shareholder in the Company), as my -, appoint – I. proxy, to represent me and to vote for me and on my behalf at the Ordinary (or Extraordinary, as the case may be) General Meeting of the Company to be held on the -thousand Nine hundred and -----, and at any adjournment there - day of – . One -, and at any adjournment thereof, and at every poll which may be taken in consequence thereof.

As witness my hand this – day of — -, One thousand Nine hundred and

85. No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney), except at the meeting or poll at which such vote shall be tendered, and every vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) to which no objection shall be made at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever. 86. No Shareholder shall be prevented from voting by reason of his being personally interested in the

result of the voting.

DIRECTORS.

87. The number of Directors shall never be less than two or more than five, but this clause shall be construed as being directory only, and the continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any number of vacancies.

The qualification of a Director shall be his holding in his own right at least one hundred and fifty shares in the Company upon which all calls for the time being have been paid, and this qualification shall apply as well to the first Directors as to all future Directors.

As a remuneration for their services, the Directors shall be entitled to appropriate a sum not exceeding Two thousand five hundred Rupees annually, to be divided between them in such manner as they may determine, but the Company in General Meeting may at any time alter the amount of such remuneration for the future, and such remuneration shall not be considered as including any remuneration granted for special extra services hereinafter referred to, nor any extra remuneration to the Managing Directors of the Company.

The first Directors shall be James Patrick Anderson, Edgar Rogers Waldock, and George Ernest 88. Woodman who shall hold office till the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company, when they shall all retire, but shall be eligible for re-election.

89. One or more of the Directors may be appointed by the Directors to act as Secretary, Managing "Director or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Agents of the Company, or Superintendents of any of the estates, for such time and on such terms as the Directors may determine, or may fix by agreement with the person or persons appointed to the office, and they may from time to time revoke such appointment and appoint another or other Secretary, Managing Director or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Agents or Superintendents.

The Directors may confer on the Managing Director or Managing Directors all or any duties and powers that might be conferred on any Manager of the Company.

f any Director shall be called upon to perform any extra services, the Directors may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such services, either by way of salary, commission, or the payment of a lump sum of money, as they shall think fit.

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ROTATION OF DIRECTORS.

90. At the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company all the Directors shall retire from office, and at the first Ordinary General Meeting in every subsequent year one of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office as provided in clause 91.

91. The Directors to retire from office at the second and third Ordinary General Meeting shall, unless the Directors otherwise arrange among themselves, be determined by ballot; in every subsequent year the Directors to retire shall be those who have been longest in office.

92. In case any question shall arise as to which of the Directors who have been the same time in office shall retire, the same shall be decided by the Directors by ballot.

93. Retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.

94. The Ordinary General Meeting at which Directors retire or ought to retire by rotation shall appoint successors to them, and in default thereof such successors may be appointed at a subsequent Ordinary General Meeting.

95. Any casual vacancy occurring in the number of Directors or provisional Directors arising from death, resignation, or otherwise, may be filled up by the Directors, but any person appointed to fill such vacancy shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Director would have retained the same if no vacancy had occurred.

96. The Directors, subject to the approval of a General Meeting, may from time to time at any time subsequent to the second Ordinary General Meeting increase or reduce the number of Directors, and may also, subject to the like approval, determine in what rotation such increased or reduced number is to go out of office.

97. If at any meeting at which an election of a Director ought to take place the place of a retiring Director is not filled up, the retiring Director may continue in office until the first Ordinary General Meeting in the next year, and so on, from meeting to meeting until his place is filled up, unless it shall be deter mined at such meeting to reduce the number of Directors.

98. A Director may at any time give notice in writing of his intention to resign by delivering such notice to the Secretary, or by leaving the same at the registered office of the Company, or by tendering his written resignation at a meeting of the Directors, and on the acceptance of his resignation by the Directors, but not before, his office shall become vacant.

99. The Company may, by a special resolution, remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and may by an ordinary resolution appoint another person in his stead. The Director so appointed shall hold office only during such time as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.

100. Every Director or officer of the Company and his heirs, executors, and administrators shall be indemnified by the Company from all losses and expenses incurred by him in or about the discharge of his duties, except such as happen from his respective wilful acts or defaults; and no Director or officer shall, nor shall the heirs, executors, or administrators of any Director or officer, be liable for the acts or defaults of any other Director or officer, or for any loss or expense happening to the Company by the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired for or on behalf of the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested, or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency, or tortuous act of any person with whom any moneys, securities, or effects shall be deposited, or for any other loss, damage, or misfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, unless the same happen through his own wilful act or default.

101. No contribution shall be required from any present or past Director or Manager exceeding the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares in respect of which he is liable as a present or past Shareholder.

DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS.

102. The office of the Director shall be vacated-

- (a) If he accepts or holds any office or place of profit other than Managing Director, Visiting Agent, Superintendent, or Secretary under the Company.
- (b) If he becomes bankrupt or insolvent, or suspends payment, or files a petition for the liquidation of his affairs, or compounds with his creditors.
- (c) If by reason of mental or bodily infirmity he becomes incapable of acting.
- (d) If he ceases to hold the required number of shares to qualify him for the office.
- (e) If he is concerned or participates in the profits of any contract with, or work done for, the Company.

Provided that no Director shall vacate his office by reason of his being a member of any corporation, company, or firm which has entered into any contract with, or done any work for, the Company of which he is a Director, or by his being agent, or secretary, or solicitor, or by his being a member of a firm who are agents, or secretaries, or solicitors of the Company; nevertheless, he shall not vote in respect of any contract work or business in which he may be personally interested.

Powers of Directors.

103. The Directors shall have power to carry into effect the acquisition of the Mentenne, Marambedde, Wiharetenne, and Daminatenne estates, and the lease, purchase, or acquisition of any other lands, estates, or property they may think fit, or any share or shares thereof.
104. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors either by themselves or through

104. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors either by themselves or through a Managing Director, or with the assistance of an agent or agents and secretary or secretaries of the Company to be appointed by the Directors for such a period and on such terms as they shall determine, and the Directors shall pay out of the funds of the Company all costs and expenses, as well preliminary as otherwise, paid or incurred in and about the formation and the registration of the Company, and in and about the valuation, purchase, lease, or acquisition of the said estates and lands, and the opening, clearing, planting, and cultivation thereof, and otherwise in or about the working and business of the Company.

105. The Directors shall have power to make, and may make, such rules or regulations for the management of the business and property of the Company as they may from time to time think proper, and shall carry on the business of the Company in such manner as they may think most expedient; and, in addition to

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the powers and authorities by any Ordinance or by these presents expressly conferred on them, they may exercise all such powers, give all such consents, make all such arrangements, appoint all such agents, managers, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, superintendents, assistants, clerks, artizans, labourers, and other servants for such period or periods, and with such remuneration, and at such salaries, and upon such terms and conditions as they may consider advisable, and may pay the expenses occasioned thereby out of the funds of the Company, and may from time to time remove or suspend all or any of the managers, agents, treasurers, accountants, officers, clerks, or servants of the Company for such reasons as they may think proper and advisable, and without assigning any cause for so doing.

106. The Directors shall exercise in the name and on behalf of the Company all such powers of the Company as are not expressly required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, and shall generally do all such acts and things as are or shall be by any Ordinance and by these presents directed and authorized to be exercised, given, made, or done by the Company, and are not by any Ordinance or by these presents required to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting, subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of any such Ordinances and of these presents and to such regulations and provisions (if any) as may from time to time be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting; but no regulations made by the Company in Genera. Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made.

The generality of the powers conferred by any clause in these presents on the Directors shall not be taken to be limited by any clause conferring any special or expressed power.

The Directors shall have power to appoint a proctor or proctors, solicitor or solicitors, attorney 107. or attorneys to assist in carrying on or protecting the business of the Company, on such terms as they may consider proper, and from time to time to revoke such appointment. 108. The Directors shall have power to open from time to time on behalf of the Company any account

or accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint, and also by such signatures as they may appoint to draw, accept, make, endorse, sign, and execute cheques, bills of exchange, and promissory notes, bills of lading, receipts, contracts, and agreements, bonds, mortgages, proxies to any proctor or proctors, and other documents on behalf of and to further the interests of the Company.

109. The seal of the Company shall not be affixed to any instrument, except in the presence of two or more of the Directors, or of one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries who shall attest the sealing thereof. Such attestation on the part of the Secretaries (in the event of a firm being the Secretaries) being signified by a Partner of the said firm or some person holding a power of attorney authorizing him to sign for the said firm signing for and on behalf of the said firm as such Secretaries.

110. It shall be lawful for the Directors, if authorized so to do by a special resolution of the Shareholders in General Meeting, to arrange terms for the amalgamation of the Company with any other company or companies, or individual or individuals, or for the sale or disposal of the business, estates, and effects of the Company, or any part or parts, share or shares thereof, respectively, to any company or companies, or person or persons, upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit; and the Directors shall have power to do all such things as may be necessary for carrying such amalgamations, sale, or other disposition into effect, so far as a resolution or special resolution of the Company is not by law necessary for such purpose ; and in case any terms so arranged by the Directors include or make necessary the dissolution of the Company the Company shall be dissolved to that end.

111. In furtherance and not in limitation of, and without prejudice to, the general powers conferred or implied in the last preceding clause, and of the other powers conferred by these presents, it is hereby expressly declared that the Directors shall have the powers following (that is to say) :--

- (a) To institute, conduct, defend, compromise, settle, or abandon any action, suit, prosecution, or other legal proceedings on behalf of the Company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due to or from the Company, and any claims or demands made by or against the Company.
- (b) To refer any claims or demands by or against the Company to arbitration, and observe and perform or enforce the award.
- (c) To make and give receipts, releases, and other discharges for money payable to the Company and for claims and demands by the Company.
- (d) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents, with
- (a) To invest any of the office of trustee, assignee, liquidator, or inspector, or any similar office.
 (c) To invest any of the moneys of the Company, which the Directors may consider not to be immediately required for the purposes thereof, upon such securities and in such manner as they may think fit, and so that they shall not be restricted to such securities as are permissible to trustees without special powers, and from time to time to vary or release such investments.
- (f) To delegate to any one or more of the Directors of the Company for the time being, or any other person or company for the time being, residing or carrying on business in Ceylon or elsewhere, all or any of the powers or functions given to or exercisable by the Directors ; and to confer such powers for such time and to be exercised for such objects and purposes, and upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions, as the Directors may think expedient, and to confer such powers either collaterally with or to the exclusion of, and in the substitution for, all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf, and from time to time to revoke, withdraw, alter, or vary all or any of such powers. The Directors may allow to any person or company to whom any powers may be so delegated such remuneration as they in their absolute discretion shall think fit.
- (g) Before recommending any dividend, to set aside out of the profits of the Company, such sums as they think proper as a reserve fund to meet contingencies or for special dividends or for equalizing dividends or for repairing, improving, and maintaining any of the property of the Company and for other purposes as the Directors shall in their absolute discretion think conducive to the interests of the Company, and to invest the several sums so set aside upon such investments as they may think fit, and from time to time deal with and vary such investments and dispose of all or any part thereof for the benefit of the Company, and to divide the reserve fund into such special funds as they think fit, and to employ the reservo fund or any part thereof in the business of the Company and that without being bound to keep the same separate from their other assets,

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PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

112. The Directors may meet for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings at such places and times and in such manner as they may think fit, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Until otherwise determined, two Directors shall be a quorum.

113. A Director may at any time summon a meeting of Directors.

114. The Board may elect a Chairman of their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office, and all meetings of the Directors shall be presided over by the Chairman, if one has been elected and is present, but if there be a vacancy in the office of Chairman, or if at any meeting of Directors the Chairman be not present at the time appointed for holding the same, then and in that case the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.

115. Any question which shall arise at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman thereat shall have a casting vote in addition to his vote as a Director.

116. The Board may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as the Board think fit, and they may from time to time revoke and discharge any such committee, either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee so formed shall, in exercise of the powers delegated to it, conform to all such regulations as may be prescribed by the Board. All acts done by any such committee, in conformity with such regulations and in the fulfilment of the purposes of their appointment, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.

117. The meetings and proceedings of such committees shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto, and are not superseded by the express terms of the appointment of such committee respectively, or any regulation imposed by the Board.

118. The acts of the Board and of any committees appointed by the Board shall, notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board or committee, or defect in the appointment or qualification or any Director or of any member of the committee, be as valid as if no such vacancy or defect had existed, and as if such person had been duly appointed or qualified, provided the same be done before the discovery of the vacancy or defect.

119. A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors for the time being in Ceylon shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted. 120. The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in a book or books to be provided for the

120. The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in a book or books to be provided for the purpose :---

- (1) Of all appointments of (a) officers and (b) committees made by the Directors.
- (2) Of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors.
- (3) Of the names of the members of the committee appointed by the Board present at each meeting of the committee.
- (4) Of all orders made by the Directors.
- (5) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all General Meetings of the Company.
- (6) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of the Directors.
- (7) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of committees appointed by the Board.

121. All such minutes shall be signed by the person who shall have presided as Chairman at the General Meeting, the Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting at which the business minuted shall have been transacted, or by the person who shall preside as Chairman at the next ensuing General Meeting, or Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, as the case may be; and all minutes purporting to have been signed by any Chairman of any General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively, shall, for all purposes whatsoever, be *primd facie* evidence of the actual and regular passing of the resolutions, and the actual and regular transaction or occurrence of the proceedings and other matters purporting to be so recorded, and of the regularity of the meeting at which the same shall appear to have taken place, and of the Chairmanship and signature of the person appearing to have signed as Chairman, and of the date on which such meeting was held.

ACCOUNTS.

122. The Agent or Secretary or the Agents or Secretaries for the time being, or, if there be no Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries, the Directors shall cause true accounts to be kept of the paid up capital for the time being of the Company, and of all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and of the matters in respect of which such sums were received and expended, and of the assets, credits, and liabilities of the Company, and generally of all its commercial, financial, and other affairs, transactions, and engagements, and of all other matters necessary for showing the true financial state and condition of the Company. The accounts shall be kept in such books and in such a manner at the registered office of the Company as the Directors think fit.

123. The Directors shall from time to time determine whether, and to what extent, and at what times and places, and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the Company or of any of them shall be open to the inspection of the Shareholders, and no Shareholders shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company, except as conferred by statute or authorized by the Directors or by a resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

124. At the Ordinary General Meeting in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company a statement of the income and expenditure of the Company for the previous financial year, and a balance sheet containing a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company made up to the end of the same period.

125. The statement so made shall show, arranged under the most convenient heads, the amount of gross income, distinguishing the several sources from which it has been derived, and the amount of gross expenditure, distinguishing the expense of the establishment, salaries, and other heads of expenditure. Every item of expenditure fairly chargeable against the year's income shall be brought into account, so that a just balance of profit and loss may be laid before the meeting, and in case where any item of expenditure which may in fairness be distributed over several years has been incurred in any one year, the whole amount of such item shall be stated with the addition of the reasons why only a portion of such expenditure is charged against the income of the year.

126. The balance sheet shall contain a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company, arranged under the heads appearing in the form annexed to the table referred to in Schedule C to "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," or as near thereto as circumstances admit.

127. Every such statement shall be accompanied by a report as to the state and condition of the Company, and as to the amount which the Directors recommend should be paid out of the profits by way of dividend or bonus to the Shareholders, and the statement, report, and balance sheet shall be signed by the Directors.

128. A printed copy of such balance sheet shall, at least seven days previous to such meeting, be delivered at or posted to the registered address of every Shareholder.

129. The accounts of the Company shall from time to time be examined, and the correctness of the balance sheet ascertained by one or more Auditor or Auditors.

AUDIT.

130. No person shall be eligible as an Auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Shareholder in any transaction of the Company, but it shall not be a necessary qualification for an Auditor that he be a Shareholder of the Company, and no Director or officer of the Company shall, during his continuance in office, be eligible as an Auditor.

131. The Directors shall appoint the first Auditor of the Company, and fix his remuneration. He shall hold office till the second General Meeting of the Company. All subsequent appointments shall, except as is hereinafter mentioned, be made at the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company in each year by the Shareholders present thereat, and the Auditor or Auditors appointed at such meeting shall hold office only until the first Ordinary General Meeting after his or their appointments, or until otherwise ordered by a General Meeting.

132. The remuneration of the Auditors other than the first shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting, and this remuneration may from time to time be varied by a General Meeting.

133. Retiring Auditors shall be eligible for re-election.

134. If any vacancy that may occur in the office of Auditor is not supplied at the next Ordinary General Meeting, or if any casual vacancy shall occur in the office of Auditor, the Directors shall fill up the vacancy by the appointment of a person who shall hold office until the next Ordinary General Meeting after his appointment.

135. Every Auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet intended to be laid before the next Ordinary General Meeting after his appointment, and it shall be his duty to examine the same with the accounts and vouchers relating thereto, and to report thereon to the meeting generally or specially, as he may think fit.

The Auditor or Auditors for the time being shall have a list delivered to him or them of all books 136. kept by the Company, and he or they shall at all reasonable hours in the daytime have access to all accounts, books, and documents whatsoever of the Company for the purpose of audit.

DIVIDENDS, BONUS, AND RESERVE FUND.

The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, from time to time 137. declare a dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders in proportion to the amount paid on their shares, but no dividend shall be payable except out of nett profits. 138. The Directors may, if they think fit, determine on and doclare an interim dividend to be paid,

or pay a bonus to the Shareholders on account and in anticipation of the dividend for the then current year.

139. The Directors may, before recommending any dividend or bonus, set aside out of the profits of the Company such a sum as they think proper as a reserve fund, and may invest the same in such securities as they may select, or may place the same in fixed deposit in any bank or banks, and may from time to time deal with and vary such investments.

The Directors may from time to time apply such portions as they think fit of the reserve fund 140. to meet contingencies, or for equalizing dividends, or for working the business of the Company, or for repairing or maintaining or extending the buildings and premises of the Company, or for the repair or renewal or extension of the property or plant of the Company or any part thereof, or for any other purposes connected with the interest of the Company that they may from time to time deem expedient without being to bound to keep the same separate from the other assets.

No unpaid dividend or bonus shall ever bear interest against the Company. 141.

142. No Shareholder shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividend or bonus in respect of his share or shares whilst any moneys may be due or owing from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company in respect of such share or shares, or otherwise howsoever.

The Directors may deduct from the dividend or bonus payable to any Shareholder all such 143. sums of money as may be due from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company, and notwithstanding the fact that such sums or any of them are not payable until after the date when such dividend or bonus is payable.

144. Notice of any dividend that has been declared, or of any bonus to be paid, shall be given to each Shareholder entitled thereto, and any dividend or bonus unclaimed by any Shareholder for three years after notice thereof is given may be forfeited by the Directors for the benefit of the Company, and, if the Directors think fit, may be applied in augmentation of the reserve fund.

145. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any partner of such firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm.

146. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by several persons jointly other than a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any one of such persons.

147. Any General Meeting declaring a dividend may direct payment of such dividend wholly or in 147. Any General Meeting declaring a dividend may direct payment of such dividend wholly of in part by the distribution of specific assets, and in particular of paid-up shares, debentures, or debenture stock of the Company or of any other company or in any one or more of such ways, and the Directors shall give effect to such direction; and when any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution, they may settle the same as they think expedient, and in particular may issue fractional certificates, and may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof, and may determine that each payments shall be made to any Shareholders upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties, and may yest any such specific assets in two or the particular may have the made to any Shareholders upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties, and may vest any such specific assets in trustees upon such trusts for the persons entitled to the dividend as may seem expedient to the Directors. Where requisite a proper contract shall be filed, and the Directors may appoint any person to sign such contract on behalf of the persons entitled to the dividend, and such appointment shall be effective.

Notices. 👻

148. Notices from the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed or written) of the Agent or Secretary, Agents or Secretaries, or persons appointed by the Board to authenticate the same.

149. Every Shareholder shall give an address in Ceylon, which shall be deemed to be his place of abode, and shall be registered as such in the books of the Company.

150. A notice may be served by the Company upon any Shareholder, either personally or by being sent through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to such Shareholder at his registered address or place of abode, and any notice so served shall be deemed to be well served, notwithstanding that the Shareholder to whom such notice is addressed be dead, unless his executors or administrators shall have given to the Directors or to the Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries of the Company, their own or some other address to which notices may be sent.

notices may be sent. 151. All notices directed to be given to Shareholders shall, with respect to any share to which persons are jointly entitled other than a firm, be given to whichever of such persons is named first in the Register of Shareholders, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares.

152. Any notice if served by post shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the letter containing the same would in ordinary course of post have been delivered at its address, and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and put into a post office or post box, and the entry in the Company's books of the leaving or sending by post of any notice at or to such address shall be sufficient evidence thereof, and no further evidence shall be necessary.

153. Every Shareholder residing out of Ceylon shall name and register in the books of the Company an address within Ceylon at which all notices shall be served upon him, and all notices served at such address shall be deemed to be well served. If he shall not have named and registered such an address, he shall not be entitled to any notices.

All notices required to be given by advertisement shall be published in the Ceylon Government Gazette.

ARBITRATION.

154. Whenever any question or other matter whatsoever arises in dispute between the Company and any other company or person, the same may be referred by the Directors to arbitration.

EVIDENCE.

155. On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought or instituted by the Company against any Shareholder or his representatives to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is or was when the claim arose on the Register of Shareholders of the Company as a holder of the number of shares in respect of which such claim is made, and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company; and it shall not be necessary to prove the registration of the Company, nor the appointment of the Directors who made any call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made, nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

PROVISION RELATIVE TO WINDING UP OR DISSOLUTION OF THE COMPANY.

156. Any Shareholder, whether a Director or not, and whether alone or jointly with any other Shareholder or Director, and any person not a Shareholder, may become the purchaser of the property of the Company or any part thereof in the event of a winding up or a dissolution, or at any other time when a sale of the Company's property or effects or any part thereof shall be made by the Directors under the powers hereby or under the Ordinance conferred upon them.

In witness whereof the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereto set and subscribed their names at Colombo, this Ninth day of February, 1910:---

G. E. WOODMAN.

E. E. POWELL.

E. R. WALDOCK.

Witness to the above signatures, this Ninth day of

February, 1910:

E. R. WILLIAMS, Colombo, Proctor, Supreme Court.

J. J. DICKSON.

E. MASTERS.

T. LEESE.

F. W. WALDOCK.

Witness to the above signatures, this Eleventh day of February, 1910:

E. R. WILLIAMS, Coldinbo, Proctor, Supreme Court

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE LANSDOWNE RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED.

- 1. The name of the Company is " THE LANSDOWNE RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED."
- 2. The registered office of the Company is to be established in Colombo.
- 3. The objects for which the Company is to be established are-
 - (a) To purchase from the proprietors thereof Lansdowne estate, situate in the Ratnapura District.
 (b) To purchase, lease, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any other land or lands, or any share or shares thereof, and any buildings, mines, minerals, mining and mineral properties and rights, machinery, implements, tools, live and dead stock, stores, effects, and other property, real or personal, movable or immovable, of any kind, and any rights, easements, patents, licenses, or privileges in Ceylon or elsewhere (including the benefit of any trade mark or trade secret which may be thought necessary or convenient for the purpose of the Company's business), and to erect, construct, maintain, or alter any buildings, machinery, plant, roads, ways, or other works, or methods of communication.
 - (c) To appoint, engage, employ, maintain, provide for, and dismiss attorneys, agents, superintendents, managers, clerks, coolies, and other labourers and servants in Ceylon or elsewhere, and to remunerate any such at such rate as shall be thought fit, and to grant pensions or gratuities to any such or the widew or children of any such.
 - (d) To clear, open, plant, cultivate, improve, and develop the said property or any portion thereof, and any other land or lands that may be purchased, leased, or otherwise acquired by the Company in Ceylon or elsewhere, or portions thereof, as a rubber estate or estates, or with any other products, trees, plants, or crops that may be approved by the Company, and to plant, grow, and produce rubber, coconuts, tea, coffee, cinchona, cacao, cardamoms, rhea, ramie plants, trees, and other natural products in Ceylon or elsewhere.
 - (e) To build, make, construct, equip, maintain, improve, alter, and work rubber and tea factories, coconut and coffee curing mills, and other manufactories, buildings, erections, roads, tramways, or other works conducive to any of the Company's objects, or to contribute to or subsidize such.
 - (f) To enter into any arrangement or agreement with Government or any authorities and obtain rights, concessions, and privileges.
 - (g) To hire, lease, or purchase land either with any other person or company or otherwise, and to erect a factory and other buildings thereon or on any land already leased or owned by the Company at the cost of the Company and such other person or company or otherwise.
 - (h) To lease any factory or other buildings from any company or person.
 - (i) To enter into any agreement with any company or person for the working of any factory erected or leased as provided in (g) or (h), or for the manufacture and preparation for market of tea or any other produce in such or any other factory.
 - (1) To prepare, cure, manufacture, treat, and prepare for market rubber, plumbago, minerals, tea, and (or) other crops or produce, and to sell, ship, and dispose of such rubber, plumbago, minerals, tea, crops, and produce, either raw or manufactured, at such times and places and in such manner as shall be deemed expedient.
 - (k) To buy, sell, warehouse, transport, trade, and deal in rubber, coconuts, tea, coffee, and other plants and seed, and rice and other food required for coolies, labourers, and others employed on estates and other products, wares, merchandise, articles, and things of any kind whatever.
 - (1) To work mines or quarries and to find, win, get, work, crush, smelt, manufacture, or otherwise deal with ores, metals, minerals, oils, precious and other stones, deposits and products, and generally to carry on the business of miners, manufacturers, growers, planters, and exporters of rubber and other products, or any such business on behalf of the Company or as agents for others and on commission or otherwise.
 - (m) To establish and carry on a dairy farm, and to buy and sell live stock, and to sell and deal in milk and dairy produce, wholesale or retail.
 - (n) To establish and maintain in the United Kingdom, India, Ceylon, or elsewhere stores, shops, and places for the sale of rubber, tea, coffee, cacao, and articles of food, drink, or refreshment, wholesale or retail; and to establish in any part or parts of the world agencies for carrying on or developing the business of the Company or any branch thereof; and generally to carry on the business of merchants, exporters, importers, traders, engineers, or any other trade, business, or undertaking whatsoever.
 - (c) To cultivate, manage, and superintend estates and properties in Ceylon or elsewhere, and generally to undertake the business of estate agents in Ceylon and elsewhere, to act as agents for the investment, loan, payment, transmission, and collection of money, and for the purchase, sale, improvement, development, and management of property, including concerns and undertakings, and to transact any other agency business of any kind.
 - (p) To let, lease, sell, exchange, or mortgage the Company's estates, lands, buildings, or other property, or any part or parts thereof, whether in consideration of rents, money, or securities for money, shares, debentures, or securities in any other company, or for any other consideration, and otherwise to trade in, dispose of, or deal with the same or any part thereof.
 - (q) To borrow or receive on loan money for the purpose of the Company upon the security of cash, credit bonds, or of hypothecation or mortgages of the Company's property or any part or parts thereof, or otherwise, as shall be thought most expedient, and in particular by the issue of debentures, debenture stock or bonds to bearer or otherwise, either charged upon all or any part of the Company's present or future property (including uncalled capital), or not so charged, as shall be thought best.
 - (r) To cause or permit any debenture stock, bonds, debentures, mortgages, charges, incumbrances,
 - liens, or securities of or belonging to or made or issued by the Company or affecting its property or rights or any of the terms thereof to be renewed, extended, varied, redeemed, exchanged, transferred, or satisfied, as shall be thought fit, also to pay off and re-borrow the moneys secured thereby, or any part or parts thereof.

- (s) To draw, make, accept, and endorse bills of lading, warrants, bills of exchange, promisssory notes, and other transferable or negotiable instruments for the purpose of the Company.
- (t) To unite, co-operate, amalgamate, or enter into partnership or any arrangement for sharing profits of union of interests or any other arrangement with any person or company already engaged in or hereafter to be established for the purpose of carrying on any business having objects wholly or in part similar or analogous or subsidiary to those of the Company or to any of them, or capable of being conducted so as to benefit this Company, either directly or indirectly, and to subscribe for or otherwise acquire for the benefit and in the name of the Company or otherwise and pay for in any manner that may be agreed upon, either in money or in shares or bonds or otherwise, and to hold any shares, stock, or other interest in any such company, and to promote the formation of any such company.
- (u) To amalgamate with any other company havingo bjects altogether or in part similar to this Company.
- (v) To acquire by purchase in money, shares, bonds, or otherwise, and undertake all or any part of the business, property, assets, and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business in Ceylon or elsewhere which this Company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this Company.
- (w) To sell the property, business, or undertaking of the Company, or any part or parts thereof, for such consideration as the Company shall think fit, and in particular shares, stocks, debentures, or securities of any other company.
- (x) To procure the Company to be registered or incorporated in Ceylon, and, if and when necessary or thought advisable, elsewhere.
 - (y) To lend money on any terms and in any manner and on any security, and in particular on the security of plantations, factories, growing crops, produce, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bonds, bills of lading, warrants, stocks, shares, debentures, and book debts, or without any security at all, and generally to transact financial business of any kind.
 - (z) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined.
- (z 1) To promote and establish any other Company whatsoever and to subscribe to and hold the shares or stock of any other company or any part thereof.
- (z 2) To pay for any lands and real or personal, immovable or movable, estate or property or assets of any kind acquired or to be acquired by the Company, or for any services rendered or to be rendered to the Company, and generally to pay or discharge any consideration to be paid or given by the Company in money or in shares or debentures or debenture stock or obligations of the Company or partly in one way and partly in another, or otherwise howsoever, with power to issue any shares either fully or partly paid up for such purpose.
- (z 3) To accept as consideration for the sale or disposal of any lands and real or personal, immovable and movable, estate, property, and assets of the Company of any kind sold or otherwise disposed of by the Company, or in discharge of any other consideration to be received by the Company in money or in shares, the shares (whether wholly or partially paid up) of any company, or the mortgages, debentures, or obligations of any company or person or partly one and partly other.
- (z 4) To distribute among the Shareholders in specie any property of the Company, whether by way of dividend or upon a return of capital, but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital be made, except with the sanction for the time being required by law.
- (z 5) To do all such other things as shall be incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects above-mentioned or any of them or any one or more of the objects aforesaid, it being hereby declared that in the foregoing clauses (unless a contrary intention appears) the word "Company" includes companies or corporations, and the word "persons" any number of persons, and that the other objects specified in any paragraph are not to be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other paragraph.

. The liability of the Shareholders is limited.

5. The nominal capital of the Company is Five hundred thousand Rupees, divided into Ten thousand shares of Fifty Rupees each, with power to increase or reduce the capital. In case the Company shall increase its capital by the issue of new shares, such shares may be issued upon the terms specified in the Articles of Association for the time being of the Company.

	Names and Addresses of Subs	cribers.		•	•	by each Shareholder.
1.	G. O. LE MOTTEE, Battalgalla, Di	koya	•=•		••	One
	F. B. B. GOODFELLOW, Nahavilla,		•1•		•.•	One
3.	W. SHAKSPEARE, Colombo	• * *	•=•		• ••	One
4.	H. C. BIBBY, Colombo	••	• 7 •		••	One
5.	JOHN G. WARDROP, Colombo	••	•1•			One
6.	N. M. MURRAY, Bank of Madras	••	••			One
7.	G. LIONEL COX, Colombo	• •			• •	One
	The set of	1010				

Dated the 5th day of February, 1910.

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Witness to No. 1 Signature: E. WARE.

- " No. 2 Signature: A. DAVEY.
- " No. 3 Signature of W. SHAKSPEARE: G. DES CLAYES.
 - No. 4 Signature: J. LOCHORE.
- ,, No. 5 Signature: M. J. CARY.
 - No. 6 Signature: A. E. GULLARTON.
- ,, No. 7 Signature: J. LOCHORE.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE LANSDOWNE RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE regulations contained in the Table C in the schedule annexed to "The Joint Stock Companies" Ordinance, 1861," shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution.

The Company may, by special resolution, alter and make provisions instead of, or in addition to, any of the regulations of the Company, whether contained and comprised in these Articles or not.

INTERPRETATION CLAUSE.

1. In the interpretation of these presents the following words and expressions shall have the following

established by or under the Memorandum of Association to which these Articles are attached.

The "Ordinance" means and includes "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," and every other Ordinance from time to time in force concerning Joint Stock Companies which may apply to the Company. "These presents" means and includes the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association

of the Company from time to time in force. "Capital" means the capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purposes

of the Company. "Shares" means the shares from time to time into which the capital of the Company may be divided.

"Shareholder" means a Shareholder of the Company. "Presence or present" at a meeting means presence or present personally or by proxy or by attorney. "Directors" means the Directors for the time being of the Company or (as the case may be) the

Directors assembled at a Board. "Board" means a meeting of the Directors or (as the context may require) the Directors assembled at a Board meeting, acting through at least a quorum of their body in the exercise of authority duly given

to them. "Persons" means partnerships, associations, corporations, companies, unincorporated or corporated "Persons" means partnerships, associations, corporations, companies, unincorporated or corporated

" Office " means the registered office for the time being of the Company.

" Seal " means the common seal for the time being of the Company.

"Month" means a calendar month.

"Writing" means printed matter or print as well as writing.

Words importing the singular number only include the plural, and vice versa. Words importing the masculine gender only include the feminine, and vice versa.

BUSINESS.

2. The Company may proceed to carry out the objects for which it is established, and to employ and apply its capital as soon after the incorporation of the Company as the Directors in their discretion shall think fit; and if the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed, applied for, or allotted as soon as, in the judgment of the Directors, a sufficient number of shares shall have been subscribed or applied for.

3. The business of the Company shall be carried on by or under the management or direction of the Directors, and subject only to the control of General Meetings in accordance with these presents.

CAPITAL.

4. The original capital of the Company is Five hundred thousand Rupees (Rs. 500,000), divided into Ten thousand shares of Fifty Rupees (Rs. 50) each.

5. The Directors may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company in General Meeting, increase the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares of such amounts per share, and in the aggregate as such resolution shall direct; and they shall have power to add to such new shares such an

amount of premium as may be considered expedient. 6. Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the same provisions in all respects with reference to the payments of allotment money, calls, and instalments, transfer, transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrender, and otherwise, as if it had formed part of the original capital.

7. The Directors may in like manner, and with like sanction, reduce the capital of the Company.

SHARES.

8. The Company may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid and the time of payment of such calls.

9. If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the holder of the shares.

10. The shares, except when otherwise provided, shall be allotted at the discretion of and by the Directors, who may from time to time issue any unissued shares, and may add to such shares such an amount by notice statistics in interview of shares to which the states that be decimed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept

the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may, at their discretion, allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estates or lands being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates or lands, and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders.

In case of the increase of the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares, such new 11. shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions, and with such rights and privileges annexed thereto, as the General Meeting resolving on the creation thereof, or any other General Meeting of the Company, shall direct, and, if no direction be given, as the Directors shall determine, and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to the dividends, and in the distribution of assets of the Company, and with a special or without any right of voting.

Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the meeting that sanctions the increase of capital, all new shares shall be offered to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may, at their discretion, allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estates or lands being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates or lands, and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders.

12. Every person taking any, share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof by writing under his hand in such form as the Company may from time to time direct.

13. Shares may be registered in the name of a firm, and any partner of the firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm shall be entitled to vote and to give proxies.

14. Shares may be registered in the name of two or more persons not in partnership.

Any one of the joint-holders of a share other than a firm may give effectual receipts for any 15. dividends payable in respect of such share; but the Shareholder whose name stands first on the register, and no other, shall be entitled to the right of voting and of giving proxies and all other advantages conferred on a sole Shareholder.

In case of the death of any one or more of the joint-holders of any shares, the survivor or 16. survivors shall be the only person or persons recognized by the Company as having any title to, or interest in, such shares.

The Company shall not be bound to recognize (even though having notice of) any contingent, 17. future, partial, or equitable interest in the nature of a trust or otherwise in any share, or any other right in respect of any share, except any absolute right thereto in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof, and except also the right of any person under clause 36 to become a Shareholder in respect of any share.

The joint-holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all 18. instalments and calls due in respect of such share.

Every Shareholder shall be entitled to a certificate or certificates under the common seal of the 19. Company, specifying the share or shares held by him and the amount paid thereon.

If any certificate be worn out or defaced, then, upon production thereof to the Directors, they 20. may order the same to be cancelled, and may issue a new certificate in lieu thereof; and if any certificate be lost or destroyed, then, upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Directors, and on such indemnity as the Directors deem adequate being given, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the person entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate. A sum of fifty cents shall be payable for such new certificate.

The certificate of shares registered in the name of two or more persons not a firm shall be 21. delivered to the person first named on the register.

CALLS.

The Directors may from time to time make such calls as they think fit upon the Shareholders in 22. respect of all moneys unpaid on their shares, and not by the conditions of allotment made payable at fixed times, provided that two months' notice at least shall be given to the Shareholders of the time and place appointed for payment of each call; and each Shareholder shall pay the amount of every call so made to the

person and at the time and place appointed by the Directors. 23. If any Shareholder fail to pay the amount of any call due by him on or before the day appointed for payment thereof, he shall be liable to pay interest for the same at the rate of nine per centum per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment.

24. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors

authorizing the call was passed. 25. The Directors shall have power in their absolute discretion to give time to any one or more Shareholder or Shareholders, exclusive of the others, for payment of any call or part thereof on such terms as the Directors may determine. But no Shareholder shall be entitled to any such extension, except as a matter of grace or favour.

The Directors may, at their discretion, receive from any of the Shareholders willing to advance 26. the same, and upon such terms as they think fit, all or any part of the moneys due upon their respectives shares beyond the sums actually called for; and upon the moneys so paid in advance, or upon so much thereof as from time to time and at any time thereafter exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon and* due in respect of the shares in respect of which some advances have been made, the Board may pay or allow interest at such rate as the Shareholders paying such sums in advance, and the Directors may agree upon, not exceeding, however, six per centum per annum.

TRANSFER OF SHARES.

27. Subject to the restriction of these Articles, any Shareholder may transfer all or any of his shares by instrument in writing.

28. No transfer of shares shall be made to an infant or person of unsound mind.

The Company shall keep a book or books, to be called " The Register of Transferst Transferst in which 29. shall be entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share,

30. The Board may, at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion, decline to register any transfer of shares by a Shareholder who is indebted to the Company, or upon whose shares the Company have a lien or otherwise, or in case of shares not fully paid up, to any person not approved by them; and in no case shall a Shareholder or proposed transferee be entitled to require the Directors to state the reason of their refusal to register, but their declinature shall be absolute.

31. Every instrument of transfer must be left at the office of the Company to be registered, accompanied by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferor, and a fee of two rupees and fifty cents or such other sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine, must be paid to the Company for the registration of every such transfer, upon payment whereof the Directors, subject to the powers vested in them by Article 30, shall register the transferee as a Shareholder, and retain the instrument of transfer.

32. The Directors may, by such means as they shall deem expedient, authorize the registration of transferees as Shareholders without the necessity of any meeting of the Directors for that purpose.

33. In no case shall the Directors be bound to inquire into the validity, legal effect, or genuineness of any instrument or transfer produced by a person claiming a transfer of any share in accordance with these Articles; and whether they abstain from so inquiring, or do so inquire and are misled, the transferor shall have no claim whatsoever upon the Company in respect of the share, except for the dividends previously declared in respect thereof, but only, if at all, upon the transferee.
34. The Register of Transfers may be closed during the fourteen days immediately preceding each

34. The Register of Transfers may be closed during the fourteen days immediately preceding each Ordinary General Meeting; and when a dividend is declared, for the three days next ensuing the meeting; also at such other times (if any) and for such periods as the Directors may from time to time determine, provided always that it shall not be closed for more than thirty days in any year.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

35. The executors or administrators or the heirs of a deceased Shareholder shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to the shares of such Shareholder.

36. Any guardian of any infant Shareholder, or any committee of a lunatic Shareholder, or any person becoming entitled to shares in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or liquidation of any Shareholder, or the marriage of any female Shareholder, or in any other way than by transfer, shall, upon securing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this clause, or of his title, as the Directors think sufficient, be forthwith entitled, subject to the provisions herein contained, to be registered as a Shareholder in respect of such shares, or may, subject to the regulations as to transfers hereinbefore contained, transfer the same to some other person.

37. If any person who shall become entitled to be registered in respect of any share under clause 35 shall not, from any cause whatever, within twelve calendar months after the event on the happening of which his title shall accrue, be registered in respect of such share, or if in the case of the death of any Shareholder no person shall, within twelve calendar months after such death, be registered as a Shareholder in respect of the shares of such deceased Shareholder, the Company may sell such shares, either by public auction or private contract, and give a receipt for the purchase money, and the purchaser shall be entitled to be registered in respect of such share, and shall not be bound to inquire whether the events have happened which entitled the Company to sell the same, and the nett proceeds of such sale, after deducting all expenses and all moneys in respect of which the Company is entitled to a lien on the shares so sold, shall be paid to the person entitled thereto.

SURRENDER AND FORFEITURE OF SHARES.

38. The Directors may accept, in the name and for the benefit of the Company, and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed, a surrender of the shares of Shareholders who may be desirous of retiring from the Company.

39. If any Shareholder fails to pay any call or instalment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Directors may, at any time thereafter during such time as the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on such Shareholder requiring him to pay the same, together with any interest that may have accrued, and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

The notice shall name a day (not being less than one month from the date of the notice) on, and a place or places at, which such call or instalment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

If the requisition of such notice as aforesaid be not complied with, every or any share or shares in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of calls or instalment, with interest, and expenses due in respect thereof, be declared forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

40. Any Shareholder whose shares have been so declared forfeited shall, notwithstanding, be liable * to pay, and shall forthwith pay to the Company all calls, instalments, interest, and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of forfeiture until payment at nine per centum per annum, and the Directors may enforce the payment thereof if they think fit.

41. Every share surrendered or so declared forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of upon such terms and in such manner as the Board shall think fit.

42. The surrender or forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in, and also of all claims and domands against, the Company in respect of the share and the proceeds thereof, and all other rights incident to the share, except only such of those rights (if any) as by these presents are expressly saved.

43. A certificate in writing under the hands of one of the Directors and of the Secretary that a share has been duly surrendered or forfeited, stating the time when it was surrendered or forfeited, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons who would have been entitled to the share but for such surrender or forfeiture, and such certificate and the receipt of the Company for the price of such share shall constitute a good title to such share, and a certificate of proprietorship shall be delivered to any person who may purchase the same from the Company, and thereupon such purchaser shall be deemed the holder of

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such share, discharged from all calls due prior to such purchase; and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to such share be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture or sale.

The Directors may in their discretion remit or annul the forfeiture of any share within six months from the date thereof upon the payment of all moneys due to the Company from the late holder or holders of such share or shares, and all expenses incurred in relation to such forfeiture, together with such further sum of money by way of redemption money for the deficit, as they shall think fit, not being less than nine per centum per annum on the amount of the sums wherein default in payment had been made, but no share *bona fide* sold or re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of under Article 41 hereof, shall be redeemable after sale or disposal.

44. The Company shall have a first charge or paramount lien upon all the shares of any holder or joint-holders for all moneys for the time being due to the Company by such holder, or by all or any of such joint-holders respectively, either in respect of such shares or of other shares held by such holder or jointholders or otherwise, and whether due from any such holder individually or jointly with others, including all calls, which the Directors shall have resolved to make, although the times appointed for the payment thereof shall not have arrived; and where any share is held by more persons than one, the Company shall be entitled to the said charge or lien in respect of any money due to the Company from any of such persons. And the Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares subject to such charge or lien.

45. Such charge or lien may be made available by a sale of all or any of the shares subject to it, provided that no such sale shall be made except under a resolution of the Directors, and until notice in writing shall have been given to the indebted Shareholder or his executors or administrators, or the assignee or trastee in his bankruptcy, requiring him or them to pay the amount for the time being due to the Company, and default shall have been made for twenty-eight days from such notice in paying the sum thereby required to be paid. Should the Shareholder over whose share the lien exists be in England or elsewhere abroad, sixty days' notice shall be allowed him.

46. The nett proceeds of any such sale shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of such debts, liabilities, or engagements, and the residue (if any) paid to such Shareholder or his representatives.

47. A certificate in writing under the hands of one of the Directors and of the Secretary that the power of sale given by clause 45 has arisen, and is exercisable by the Company under these presents, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated.

48. Upon any such sale two of the Directors may execute a transfer of such share to the purchaser thereof, and such transfer, with the certificate last aforesaid, shall confer on the purchaser a complete title to such shares.

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PREFERENCE SHARES.

49. Any shares from time to time to be issued or created may from time to time be issued with any such right of preference, whether in respect of dividend or of payment of capital, or both, or any such other special privilege or advantage over any shares previously issued or then about to be issued (other than shares issued with a preference), or at such a premium, or with such deferred rights as compared with any shares previously issued or then about to be issued, or subject to any such conditions or provisions, and with any such right or without any right of voting, and generally on such terms as the Company may from time to time by special resolution determine.

50. If at any time by the issue of preference shares or otherwise the capital is divided into shares of different classes, then the holders of any class of shares may, by an extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of such holders, consent, on behalf of all the holders of shares of the class, to the issue or creation of any shares ranking equally therewith, or having any priority thereto, or to the abandonment of any preference or priority, or of any accrued dividend, or the reduction for any time or permanently of the dividends payable thereon, or to any scheme for the reduction of the Company's capital affecting the class of shares, and such resolution shall be binding upon all the holders of shares of the class, provided that this article shall not be read as implying the necessity for such consent in any case in which but for this Article the object of the resolutions could have been effected without it.

51. Any meeting for the purpose of the last preceding clause shall be convened and conducted in all respects as nearly as possible in the same way as an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, provided that no member, not being a Director, shall be entitled to notice thereof or to attend thereat, unless he be a holder of shares of the class intended to be affected by the resolution, and that no vote shall be given except in respect of a share of that class, and that at any such meeting a poll may be demanded in writing by any members personally present and entitled to vote at the meeting.

BORBOWING POWERS.

52. The Directors shall have power to procure from time to time, in the asual course of business, such temporary advances on the produce in hand, or in the future to be obtained from the Company's estates, as they may find necessary or expedient for the purpose of defraying the expenses of working the Company's estates, or of erecting, maintaining, improving, or extending buildings, machinery, or plantations, or otherwise. Also from time to time at their discretion to borrow or raise from the Directors or other persons any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company, provided that the money so borrowed or raised and owing at any one time shall not, without the sanction of a General Meeting, exceed Fifty thousand Rupees.

53. With the sanction of a General Meeting the Board shall be entitled to borrow such further sum or sums and at such rate of interest as such meeting shall determine. A certificate under the hands of one Director and the Secretary, or of two Directors, to the effect that in taking any loan the Directors are not exceeding their borrowing powers, shall be sufficient and binding on the Company and all concerned, and shall be conclusive evidence thereof in all questions between the Company and its creditors.

54. For the purpose of securing the repayment of any such moneys so borrowed or raised, or for any other purposes, the Directors may grant, create, execute, and issue any mortgages, cash credits, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company, charged upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, lands, property, rights, and assets of the Company, both present and future, including uncalled capital or unpaid calls, or may make, accept, or endorse on behalf of the Company any promissory note; or bills of exchange.

55. Any such securities may be issued either at par or at a premium or discount, and may from time to time be cancelled, discharged, varied, or exchanged, as the Directors may think fit, and maximum fain special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, or otherwise. 56. Every debenture or other instrument issued by the Company for securing the payment of procey

may be so framed that the moneys thereby secured shall be assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

GENERAL MEETINGS.

57. The first General Meeting shall be held at such time, not being more than twelve months after

the incorporation of the Company, and at such place as the Directors may determine. 58. Subsequent General Meetings shall be held once in every year at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if no time or place is so prescribed, then at such place and at such time as soon after the first day in each year as may be determined by the Directors.

59. The General Meetings mentioned in the last preceding clause shall be called Ordinary General Meetings ; all other meetings of the Company shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings. 60. The Directors may, whenever they think fit, call an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company,

and the Directors shall do so upon a requisition made in writing by not less than one-eighth of the the the of Shareholders of the Company for the time being, or by any Shareholder or Shareholders holding in the aggregate one-eighth part of the shares of the Company for the time being subscribed for.

61. Any requisition so made shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called, that be addressed to the Directors, and shall be sent to the registered office of the Company. Upon the requisition the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, is in the later whether the time and shall be sent to the proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting. at such time and place as they shall determine. If they do not proceed to convene the same within such days from the delivery of the requisition, the requisitionists may themselves convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such place and at such time as the Shareholders convening the meeting they themselves fix.

62. Any Shareholder may, on giving not less than ten days' previous notice of any resolution, mulmit the same to a meeting.

63. Such notice shall be given by leaving a copy of the resolution at the registered office of the Outpany.

64. Seven days' notice at least of every General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary and by whomsoever convened, specifying the place, date, hour of meeting, and the object and business of the meeting, shall be given by advertisement in the Ceylon Government Gazette, or in such other manoe in every as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting.

65. Every Ordinary General Meeting shall be competent, without special notice having being read of the purposes for which it is convened, or of the business to be transacted thereat, to receive and diverging may. or the purposes for which it is convened, or of the business to be transacted thereat, to receive and unreally report and any accounts presented thereto by the Directors, and to pass resolutions in approval or director and to close the presented there are the pass of the provide the presented there are the pass of th thereof, and to declare dividends, and to eleot Directors and Auditors in the place of those retiring by ion. and to fix the remuneration of the Auditors; and shall also be competent to enter upon, discuss, and insearch any business whatsoever, of which special mention shall have been given in the notice or notices more thich

the needing was convened. 66. With the exceptions mentioned in the foregoing Articles as to the business which may be transacted at Ordinary General Meetings without notice, no General Meeting, Ordinary or Extendinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss, or transact any business which has not been specially in mathematic in the notice or notices upon which it was convened.

67. No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting, except the declaration of a tradad recommended by a report of the Directors or election of a Chairman, unless there shall be a series or represented at the commencement of the business two or more Shareholders entitled to vote.

68. If at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting the required number of Shareholders shall not be present at the meeting, the meeting, if convened by or upon the required so of Shareholders, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next Sharoholders, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the week at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, share Share holders who are present shall be a quorum, and may transact the business for which the meeting was place.

69. The Chairman (if any) of the Directors shall be entitled to take the Chair at every Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary ; or if there be no Chairman, or if at any meeting he sha ll not be present at the time appointed for holding such meeting, or if he shall refuse to take the Chair, the Sharring inters shall choose another Director as Chairman; and if no Directors be present, or if all the Directors present decline to take the Chair, then the Shareholders present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman.

70. No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting except the election of a Chairman whilst the Chair is vacant.

The Chairman may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn any meeting from time to time 71. and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other is business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place, unless due notice shall be given.

72. Minutes of the proceedings of every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraording be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall when so entered be signed as soon as by by the Chairman of the same meeting, or by the Chairman of the succeeding meeting, and the same entered and signed shall be evidence of all such proceedings and of the proper election of the Chairman

VOTING AT MEETINGS.

73. At any meeting every resolution shall be decided by the votes of the Shareholders person, or by proxy, or by attorney, and in case there shall be an equality of votes, the Champion meeting shall be entitled to give a casting vote in addition to the vote to which he may be entitled in hold; r; and unless a poll be immediately demanded by some member present and entitled to declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the Root of the Company shall be and that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the Book of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact without proof of the number or prepertient of votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

74. If at any meeting a poll be demanded by some Shareholder present at the meeting and entitled to vote, the meeting shall, if necessary, be adjourned, and the poll shall be taken at such time and place and in such manner as the Chairman shall direct, and in such case every Shareholder shall have the number of votes to which he may be entitled as hereinafter provided; and in case at any such poll there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting at which such poll shall have been demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder and proxy, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in such meeting.

75. The demand of a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.

76. No poll shall be demanded on the election of a Chairman of the meeting or on any question of adjournment.

77. On a show of hands every member shall have one vote only. In case of a poll every Shareholder shall have one vote for every share held by him up to ten, and an additional vote for every ten shares beyond the first ten.

78. The parent or guardian of an infant Shareholder, the committee or other legal guardian of any lunatic Shareholder, the husband of any female Shareholder not entitled to her shares as separate estate, and the executor or administrator of any deceased Shareholder, or any one of such persons as aforesaid, if more than one, shall not be entitled to vote in the place of such infant, lunatic, female, or deceased person, unless such person shall have been registered as a Shareholder.

79. Votes may be given either personally or by proxy or by attorney.

80. No Shareholder shall be entitled to vote at any meeting unless all calls due from him on his shares have been paid; and no Shareholder other than the trustee or assignee of a bankrupt, or representative of a deceased Shareholder, or person acquiring by marriage, shall be entitled to vote at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company in respect of any share which he has acquired by transfer, unless he has been possessed of the share in respect of which he claims to vote at least three months previously to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote. 81. No Shareholder who has not been duly registered as such for three months previous to the

81. No Shareholder who has not been duly registered as such for three months previous to the General Meeting shall be entitled to be present and to speak and vote at any meeting held after the expiry of three months from the incorporation of the Company.

82. No person shall be entitled to hold a proxy who is not a Shareholder of the Company, but this rule does not apply to a power of attorney.

83. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be printed or written, and shall be signed by the appointor, or if such appointor be a company or corporation, it shall be under the common seal of such company or corporation.

84. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than twenty-four hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote.

The instrument appointing a proxy may be in the following form :---

(The Lansdowne Rubber Company, Limited.)

I, _____, of _____, appoint _____, of _____ (a Shareholder in the Company), as my proxy, to represent me and to vote for me and on my behalf at the Ordinary (or Extraordinary, as the case may be) General Meeting of the Company to be held on the _____

day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and _____, and at any adjournment thereof, and at every poll which may be taken in consequence thereof.

As witness my hand this ----- day of -----, One thousand Nine hundred and ------

85. No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) except at the meeting or poll at which such vote shall be tendered, and every vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) to which no objection shall be made at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.

86. No Shareholder shall be prevented from voting by reason of his being personally interested in the result of the voting.

DIRECTORS.

87. The number of Directors shall never be less than two or more than five; but this clause shall be construed as being directory only, and the continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any number of vacancies. Two Directors shall form a quorum.

The qualification of a Director shall be his holding in his own right at least fifty shares in the Company, upon which all calls for the time being have been paid; and this qualification shall apply as well to the first Directors as to all future Directors.

As a remuneration for their services, the Directors shall be entitled to appropriate a sum not exceeding Five thousand Rupees annually, to be divided between them in such manner as they may determine, but the Company in General Meeting may at any time alter the amount of such remuneration for the future, and such remuneration shall not be considered as including any remuneration granted for special or extra services hereinafter referred to, nor any extra remuneration to the Managing Directors of the Company.

88. The first Directors shall be Fitzroy Bingham Barrass Goodfellow, Gerald Osmond Le Mottee, Walter Shakspeare, and George Lionel Cox who shall hold office till the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company, when they shall all retire, but shall be eligible for re-election.

89. One or more of the Directors may be appointed by the Directors to act as Secretary, Managing Director or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Agents of the Company, or Superintendents of any of the estates, for such time and on such terms as the Directors may determine, or may fix by agreement with the person or persons appointed to the office, and they may from time to time revoke such appointment and appoint another or other Secretary, Managing Director or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Agents, or Superintendents.

The Directors may confer on the Managing Director or Managing Directors all or any duties and powers that might be conferred on any Manager of the Company.

If any Director shall be called upon to perform any extra services, the Directors may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such services, either by way of salary, commission of the payment of a lump sum of money, as they shall think fit.

ROTATION OF DIRECTORS.

90. At the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company all the Directors shall retire from office, and at the first Ordinary General Meeting in every subsequent year one of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office as provided in clause 91.

91. The Directors to retire from office at the second and third Ordinary General Meeting shall, unless the Directors otherwise arrange among themselves, be determined by ballot; in every subsequent year the Directors to retire shall be those who have been longest in office.

92. In case any question shall arise as to which of the Directors who have been the same time in office shall retire, the same shall be decided by the Directors by ballot.

93. Retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.

94. The Ordinary General Meeting at which Directors retire or ought to retire by rotation shall appoint successors to them, and in default thereof such successors may be appointed at a subsequent Ordinary General Meeting.

95. Any casual vacancy occurring in the number of Directors or provisional Directors arising from death, resignation, or otherwise, may be filled up by the Directors, but any person appointed to fill such vacancy shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Director would have retained the same if no vacancy had occurred.

96. The Directors, subject to the approval of a General Meeting may, from time to time at any time subsequent to the second Ordinary General Meeting, increase or reduce the number of Directors, and may also subject to the like approval determine in what rotation such increased or reduced number is to go out of office.

97. If at any meeting at which an election of a Director ought to take place the place of a retiring Director is not filled up, the retiring Director may continue in office until the first Ordinary General Meeting in the next year, and so on, from meeting to meeting until his place is filled up, unless it shall be determined at such meeting to reduce the number of Directors.

98. A Director may at any time give notice in writing of his intention to resign by delivering such notice to the Secretary, or by leaving the same at the registered office of the Company, or by tendering his written resignation at a meeting of the Directors, and on the acceptance of his resignation by the Directors, but not before his office shall become vacant.

99. The Company may, by a special resolution, remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and may, by an ordinary resolution, appoint another person in his stead. The Director so appointed shall hold office only during such time as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.

100. Every Director or officer of the Company, and his heirs, executors, and administrators shall be indemnified by the Company from all losses and expenses incurred by him in or about the discharge of his duties, except such as happen from his respective wilful acts or defaults; and no Director or officer shall, nor shall the heirs, executors, or administrators of any Director or officer, be liable for the acts or defaults of any other Director or officer, or for any loss or expense happening to the Company by the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired for or on behalf of the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested, or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency, or tortuous act of any person with whom any moneys, securities, or effects shall be deposited, or for any other loss, damage, or misfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, unless the same happen through his own wilful act or default.

101. No contribution shall be required from any present or past Director or Manager exceeding the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares in respect of which he is liable as a present or past Shareholder.

DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS.

- 102. The office of the Director shall be vacated-
 - (a) If he accepts or holds any office or place of profit other than Managing Director, Visiting Agent, Superintendent, or Secretary under the Company.
 - (b) If he becomes bankrupt or insolvent, or suspends payment, or files a petition for the liquidation of his affairs, or compounds with his creditors.
 - (c) If by reason of mental or bodily infirmity he becomes incapable of acting.
 - (d) If he ceases to hold the required number of shares to qualify him for the office.
 - (e) If he is concerned or participates in the profits of any contract with, or work done for, the Company.

Provided that no Director shall vacate his office by reason of his being a member of any corporation, company, or firm which has entered into any contract with, or done any work for, the Company of which he is a Director, or by his being agent, or secretary, or solicitor, or by his being a member of a firm who are agents, or secretaries, or solicitors of the Company; nevertheless, he shall not vote in respect of any contract work or business in which he may be personally interested.

Powers of Directors.

103. The Directors shall have power to carry into effect the acquisition of Lansdowne Estate and the lease, purchase, or acquisition of any other lands, estates, or property they may think fit, or any share or shares thereof.

104. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors either by themselves or through a Managing Director, or with the assistance of an agent or agents and secretary or secretaries of the Company to be appointed by the Directors for such a period and on such terms as they shall determine, and the Directors shall pay out of the funds of the Company all costs and expenses, as well preliminary as otherwise, paid or incurred in and about the formation and the registration of the Company, and in and about the valuation, purchase, lease, or acquisition of the said estates and lands, and the opening, clearing, planting, and cultivation thereof, and otherwise in or about the working and business of the Company.

cultivation thereof, and otherwise in or about the working and business of the Company. 105. The Directors shall have power to make, and may make, such rules or regulations for the management of the business and property of the Company as they may from time to time think proper, and shall carry on the business of the Company in such manner as they may think most expedient; and, in addition to the powers and authorities by any Ordinance or by these presents expressly conferred on them,

they may exercise all such powers, give all such consents, make all such arrangements, appoint all such agents, managers, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, superintendents, assistants, clerks, artizans, labourers, and other servants for such period or periods, and with such remuneration, and at such salaries, and upon such terms and conditions as they may consider advisable, and may pay the expenses occasioned thereby out of the funds of the Company, and may from time to time remove or suspend all or any of the managers, agents, treasurers, accountants, officers, clerks, or servants of the Company for such reasons as they may think proper and advisable, and without assigning any cause for so doing.

106. The Directors shall exercise in the name and on behalf of the Company all such powers of the Company as are not expressly required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, and shall generally do all such acts and things as are or shall be by any Ordinance and by these presents directed and authorized to be exercised, given, made, or done by the Company, and are not by any Ordinance or by these presents required to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting, subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of any such Ordinances and of these presents and to such regulations and provisions (if any) as may from time to time be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting; but no regulations made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulations had not been made.

The generality of the powers conferred by any clause in these presents on the Directors shall not be taken to be limited by any clause conferring any special or expressed power.

107. The Directors shall have power to appoint a proctor or proctors, solicitor or solicitors, attorney or attorneys to assist in carrying on or protecting the business of the Company on such terms as they may consider proper and from time to time to revoke such appointment.

108. The Directors shall have power to open from time to time on behalf of the Company any account or accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint, and also by such signatures as they may appoint to draw, accept, make, endorse, sign, and execute cheques, bills of exchange, and promissory notes, bills of lading, receipts, contracts, and agreements, bonds, mortgages, proxies to any proctor or proctors, and other documents on behalf of and to further the interests of the Company.

109. The seal of the Company shall not be affixed to any instrument except in the presence of two or more of the Directors, or of one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries, who shall attest the sealing thereof; such attestation on the part of the Secretaries, in the event of a firm being the Secretaries, being signified by a partner of the said firm signing for and on behalf of the said firm as such Secretaries, or any person authorized to sign for the said firm by a power of attorney.

110. It shall be lawful for the Directors, if authorized so to do by the Shareholders in General Meeting, to arrange terms for the amalgamation of the Company with any other company or companies, or individual or individuals, or for the sale or disposal of the business, estates, and effects of the Company, or any part or parts, share or shares thereof, respectively, to any company or companies, or person or persons, upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit; and the Directors shall have power to do all such things as may be necessary for carrying such amalgamation, sale, or other disposition into effect so far as resolution or special resolution of the Company is not by law necessary for such purpose; and in case any terms so arranged by the Directors include or make necessary the dissolution of the Company shall

111. In furtherance, and not in limitation of, and without prejudice to, the general powers conferred or implied in the last preceding clause, and of the other powers conferred by these presents, it is hereby expressly declared that the Directors shall have the powers following, that is to say :--

- (a) To institute, conduct, defend, compromise, settle, or abandon any action, suit, prosecution, or other legal proceedings on behalf of the Company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due to or from the Company, and any claims or demands made by or against the Company.
- (b) To refer any claims or demands by or against the Company to arbitration, and observe and perform or enforce the award.
- (c) To make and give receipts, releases, and other discharges for money payable to the Company and for claims and demands by the Company.
- (d) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents with power to accept the office of trustee, assignee, liquidator, or inspector, or any similar office.
- (e) To invest any of the moneys of the Company which the Directors may consider not to be immediately required for the purposes thereof, upon such securities and in such manner as they may think fit, and so that they shall not be restricted to such securities as are permissible to trustees without special powers, and from time to time to vary or release such investments.
- (f) To delegate to any one or more of the Directors of the Company for the time being, or any other person or company for the time being, residing or carrying on business in Ceylon or elsewhere, all or any of the powers or functions given to all exercisable by the Directors; and to confer such powers for such time and to be exercised for such objects and purposes. and upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions, as the Directors may think expedient, and to confer such powers either collaterally with or to the exclusion of, and in the substitution for, all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf, and from time to time to revoke, withdraw, alter, or vary all or any of such powers. The Directors may allow to any person or company to whom any powers may be so delegated such remuneration as they in their absolute discretion shall think fit.
- (g) Before recommending any dividend, to set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as they think proper as a reserve fund to meet contingencies, or for special dividends, or
 - for equalizing dividends, or for repairing, improving. and maintaining any of the property of the Company, and for other purposes as the Directors shall in their absolute discretion think conducive to the interests of the Company and to invest the several sums so set aside upon such investments as they may think fit, and from time to time deal with and vary such investments and dispose of all or any part thereof for the benefit of the Company, and to divide the reserve fund into such spec al funds as they think fit, and to employ the reserve fund or any part thereof in the bus ness of the Company, and that without being bound to keep the same separate from their other assets.



PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

112. The Directors may meet for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings at such places and times and in such manner as they may think fit, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Until otherwise determined two Directors shall be a quorum. A Director may at any time summon a meeting of Directors. 113.

The Board may elect a Chairman of their meeting and determine the period for which he is to 114. hold office, and all meetings of the Directors shall be presided over by the Chairman, if one has been elected and if present, but if there be a vacancy in the office of Chairman, or if at any meeting of Directors the Chairman be not present at the time appointed for holding the same, then and in that case the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.

115. Any question which shall arise at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman thereat shall have a casting vote in addition to his vote as a Director.

116. The Board may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as the Board think fit, and they may from time to time revoke and discharge any such committee, either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee so formed shall, in exercise of the powers delegated to it, conform to all such regulations as may be prescribed by the Board. All acts done by any such committee, in conformity with such regulations and in the fulfilment of the purposes of their appointment, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.

117. The meetings and proceedings of such committees shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto, and are not superseded by the express terms of the appointment of such committee respectively, or any regulation imposed by the Board.

118. The acts of the Board and of any committees appointed by the Board shall, notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board or committee, or defect in the appointment or qualification of any Director or of any member of the committee, be as valid as if no such vacancy or defect had existed, and as if such person had been duly appointed or qualified, provided the same be done before the discovery of the vacancy or defect.

119. A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors for the time being in Ceylon shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted.

120. The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in a book or books to be provided for the purpose :---

- (1) Of all appointments of (a) officers and (b) committees made by the Directors.
- Of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors. (2)
- (3) Of the names of the members of the committee appointed by the Board present at each meeting of the committee.
- (4) Of all orders made by the Directors.
- (5) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all General Meetings of the Company.
- (6) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of the Directors.
- (7) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of committees appointed by the Board.

All such minutes shall be signed by the person who shall have presided as Chairman at the 121. General Meeting, the Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting at which the business minuted shall have been transacted, or by the person who shall preside as Chairman at the next ensuing General Meeting, or Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, as the case may be; and all minutes purporting to have been signed by any Chairman of any General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively, shall, for all purposes whatsoever, be primá facie evidence of the actual and regular passing of the resolutions, and the actual and regular transaction or occurrence of the proceedings and other matters purporting to be so recorded, and of the regularity of the meeting at which the same shall appear to have taken place, and of the Chairmanship and signature of the person appearing to have signed as Chairman, and of the date on which such meeting was held.

ACCOUNTS.

122. The Agent or Secretary or the Agents or Secretaries for the time being, or, if there be no Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries, the Directors shall cause true accounts to be kept of the paid up capital for the time being of the Company, and of all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and of the matters in respect of which such sums were received and expended, and of the assets, credits, and liabilities of the Company, and generally of all its commercial, financial, and other affairs, transactions, and engagements, • and of all other matters necessary for showing the true financial state and condition of the Company. The accounts shall be kept in such books and in such a manner at the registered office of the Company as the Directors think fit.

123. The Directors shall from time to time determine whether, and to what extent, and at what times and places, and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the Company or of any of them shall be open to the inspection of the Shareholders, and no Shareholders shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company, except as conferred by statute or authorized by the Directors or by a resolution of the Company in General Meeting. 124. At the Ordinary General Meeting in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company a statement of the income and expenditure of the Company for the previous financial year, and a balance sheet

containing a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company made up to the end of the same period

125. The statement so made shall show, arranged under the most convenient heads, the amount of gross income, distinguishing the several sources from which it has been derived, and the amount of gross expenditure, distinguishing the expense of the establishment, salaries, and other heads of expenditure. Every item of expenditure fairly chargeable against the year's income shall be brought into account, so that a just balance of profit and loss may be laid before the meeting, and in case where any item of expenditure

which may in fairness be distributed over several years has been incurred in any one year the whole amount of such item shall be stated, with the addition of the reasons why only a portion of such expenditure is charged against the income of the year.

126. The balance sheet shall contain a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company, arranged under the heads appearing in the form annexed to the table referred to in Schedule C to "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," or as near thereto as circumstances admit.

127. Every such statement shall be accompanied by a report as to the state and condition of the Company, and as to the amount which the Directors recommend should be paid out of the profits by way of dividend or bonus to the Shareholders, and the statement, report, and balance sheet shall be signed by the Directors.

A printed copy of such balance sheet shall, at least seven days previous to such meeting, be 1**2**8. delivered at or posted to the registered address of every Shareholder.

129. The accounts of the Company shall from time to time be examined, and the correctness of the balance sheet ascertained by one or more Auditor or Auditors.

AUDIT.

130. No person shall be eligible as an Auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Shareholder in any transaction of the Company, but it shall not be a necessary qualification for an Auditor that he be a Shareholder of the Company, and no Director or officer of the Company shall, during his continuence in office, be eligible as an Auditor.

131. The Directors shall appoint the first Auditor of the Company and fix his remuneration. He shall hold office till the second General Meeting of the Company. All subsequent appointments shall, except as is hereinafter mentioned, be made at the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company in each year by the Shareholders present thereat, and the Auditor or Auditors appointed at such meeting shall hold office only until the first Ordinary General Meeting after his or their appointments, or until otherwise ordered by a General Meeting.

The remuneration of the Auditors other than the first shall be fixed by the Company in General 132. Meeting, and this remuneration may from time to time be varied by a General Meeting.

133. Retiring Auditors shall be eligible for re-election.

134. If any vacancy that may occur in the office of Auditor is not supplied at the next Ordinary General Meeting, or if any casual vacancy shall occur in the office of Auditor, the Directors shall fill up the vacancy by the appointment of a person who shall hold office until the next Ordinary General Meeting after his appointment.

135. Every Auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet intended to be laid before the next Ordinary General Meeting after his appointment, and it shall be his duty to examine the same with the accounts and vouchers relating thereto, and to report thereon to the meeting generally or specially as he may think fit.

136. The Auditor or Auditors for the time being shall have a list delivered to him or them of all books kept by the Company, and he or they shall at all reasonable hours in the daytime have access to all accounts, books, and documents whatsoever of the Company for the purpose of audit.

DIVIDENDS, BONUS, AND RESERVE FUND.

137. The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, from time to time declare a dividend to be paid and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders in proportion to the amount paid on their shares, but no dividend shall be payable except out of nett profits.

The Directors may, if they think fit, determine on and declare an interim dividend to be paid, or 138.

pay a bonus to the Shareholders on account and in anticipation of the dividend for the then current year. 139. The Directors may, before recommending any dividend or bonus, set aside out of the profits of the Company such a sum as they think proper as a reserve fund, and shall invest the same in such securities as they may with the sanction of the Company select, or shall place the same in fixed deposit in any bank or banks.

140. The Directors may from time to time apply such portions as they think fit of the reserve fund to meet contingencies or for equalizing dividends, or for working the business of the Company, or for repairing or maintaining or extending the buildings and premises of the Company, or for the repair or renewal or extension of the property or plant of the Company or any part thereof, or for any other purposes connected with the interest of the Company that they may from time to time deem expedient.

141. No unpaid dividend or bonus shall ever bear interest against the Company.

No Shareholder shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividend or bonus in respect of his 142. share or shares whilst any moneys may be due or owing from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company in respect of such share or shares, or otherwise howsoever.

143. The Directors may deduct from the dividend or bonus payable to any Shareholder all such sums of money as may be due from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company. and notwithstanding the fact that such sums or any of them are not payable until after the date when such dividend or bonus is payable.

144. Notice of any dividend that has been declared, or of any bonus to be paid, shall be given to each Shareholder entitled thereto, and any dividend or bonus unclaimed by any Shareholder for three years after notice thereof is given may be forfeited by the Directors for the benefit of the Company, and, if the Directors think fit, may be applied in augmentation of the reserve fund.

145. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any partner of such firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm.

146. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by several persons jointly other

than a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any one of such persons. 147. Any General Meeting declaring a dividend may direct payment of such dividend wholly or in part by the distribution of specific assets, and in particular of paid up shares, debentures, or ebenture stock of the Company or of any other company or in any one or more of such ways, and the Directors shall give effect to such direction; and when any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution, they may settle the same as they think expedient, and in particular may issue fractional certificates, and may fix the value for distribu-tion of such specific assets or any part thereof, and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any shareholders upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties and may vest any such specific assets in trustees upon such trusts for the persons entitled to the dividend ...s may seem expedient to the Directors; where requisite a proper contract shall be filed, and the Directors may appoint any person to sign such contract on behalf of the persons entitled to the dividend, and such appointment shall be effective.

NOTICES.

148. Notices from the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed or written) of the Agent or Secretary, Agents or Secretaries, or persons appointed by the Board to authenticate the same.

149. Every Shareholder shall give an address in Ceylon, which shall be deemed to be his place of abode, and shall be registered as such in the books of the Company.

150. A notice may be served by the Company upon any Shareholder, either personally or by being sent through the post in a prepaid letter, addressed to such Shareholder at his registered address or place of abode; and any notice so served shall be deemed to be well served, notwithstanding that the Shareholder to whom such notice is addressed be dead, unless his executors or administrators shall have given to the Directors or to the Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries of the Company their own or some other address to which notices may be sent.

151. All notices directed to be given to Shareholders shall, with respect to any share to which persons are jointly entitled other than a firm, be given to whichever of such persons is named first in the Register of Shareholders, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares.

152. Any notice if served by post shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the letter containing the same would in ordinary course of post have been delivered at its address, and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and put into a post office or post box, and the entry in the Company's books of the leaving or sending by post of any notice at or to such address shall be sufficient evidence thereof, and no further evidence shall be necessary.

153. Every Shareholder residing out of Ceylon shall name and register in the books of the Company an address within Ceylon at which all notices shall be served upon him, and all notices served at such address shall be deemed to be well served. If he shall not have named and registered such an address, he shall not be entitled to any notices.

All notices required to be given by advertisement shall be published in the Ceylon Government Gazette.

ARBITRATION.

154. Whenever any question or other matter whatsoever arises in dispute between the Company and any other company or person the same may be referred by the Directors to arbitration.

EVIDENCE.

155. On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought or instituted by the Company against any Shareholder or his representatives to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is or was when the claim arose on the register of Shareholders of the Company as a holder of the number of shares in respect of which such claim is made, and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company ; and it shall not be necessary to prove the registration of the Company, nor the appointment of the Directors who made any call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made, nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever. but the proof aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

PROVISION RELATIVE TO WINDING UP OR DISSOLUTION OF THE COMPANY.

156. Any Shareholder, whether a Director or not, and whether alone or jointly with any other Shareholder or Director, and any person not a Shareholder, may become the purchaser of the property of the Company or any part thereof in the event of a winding up or a dissolution, or at any other time when a sale of the Company's property or effects or any part thereof shall be made by the Directors under the powers hereby or under the Ordinance conferred upon them.

In witness whereof the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereto set and subscribed their names at Colombo, this 5th day of February, 1910.

- 1. G. O. LE MOTTEE.
- 2. F. B. B. Goodfellow.
- 3. W. SHAKSPEARE.
- 4. HORACE C. BIBBY.
- 5. JOHN G. WARDROP.
- 6. N. M. MURRAY.
- 7. G. LIONEL COX.

Witness to No. 1 Signature : E. WARE.

- " No. 2 Signature : A. DAVEY.
- ,, No. 3 Signature : G. DES CLAYES.
- ., No. 4 Signature : J. LOCHOBE.
- ,, No. 5 Signature : M. J. CARY.
- . No. 6 Signature : A. E. GULLARTON.
- . No. 7 Signature : J. LOCHORE.

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE GOOD HOPE (SELANGOR) RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED.

- The name of the Company is "THE GOOD HOPE (SELANGOR) RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED." 1.
- The registered office of the Company is to be established at Hatton House, Hatton, Ceylon.
- The objects for which the Company is established are :-3.
 - (1) To purchase and acquire the leasehold property known as Bandar, situated in Kuala Langat, Selangor, Federated Malay States ; and to take an assignment of any lease or leases thereof, with all rights secured thereby, and subject to the terms and conditions contained in any such lease or leases, or modifications thereof.
 - (2) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any estate or estates, land or lands in the aforesaid Federated Malay States or elsewhere, and any rights of way, water rights, and other rights, privileges, and easements, and concessions, and any factories, machinery, implements, tools, live and dead stock, stores, effects, and other property, real or personal, immovable or movable, of any kind, or any share or shares thereof, or interest therein.
 - (3) To hold, use, clear, open, plant, cultivate, work, manage, improve, carry on, and develop the under-taking lands, and real and personal, immovable and movable, estate or property and assests of any kind of the Company, or any part thereof.
 - (4) To plant, grow, and produce rubber, tea, coffee, coconuts, cinchona, cacao, cardamoms, rhea, ramie plants, trees, and other natural products or produce of any kind in the Federated Malay States, or elsewhere
 - (5) To treat, cure, prepare, manipulate, submit to any process of manufacture, and render marketable (whether on account of the Company or others) rubber, tea, coffee, or any other such products or produce as aforesaid, or any articles or things whatsoever; and to buy, sell, export, import, trade, and deal in rubber, tea, coffee, and other products, wares, merchandi e, articles, and things of any kind whatsoever, either in a prepared, manufactured, or raw state, and either by wholesale or retail.
 - (6) To carry on in the Federated Malay States, or elsewhere, all or any of the following business, that is to say, planters of rubber, tea, coffee, or any such products or produce as aforesaid in all its branches; carriers of passengers and goods by land or by water ; forwarding agents, merchants, exporters, importers, traders, engineers ; proprietors of docks, wharves, jetties, piers, warehouses, and boats ; and of tug owners and wharfingers ; and any other business which can or may conveniently be carried on in connection with the above, or any of them.
 - (7) To acquire or establish and carry on any other business, manufacturing, shipping, or otherwise, which can be conveniently carried on in connection with any part of the Company's general business, and to apply for, purchase, or otherwise acquire, any patents, brevets d'invention, concessions, and the like conferring an exclusive, or non-exclusive, or limited right to use, or any information as to, any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the Company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit this Company; and to use, exercise, develop, grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights, and information so acquired.
 - (8) To purchase rubber, tea leaf, coffee, and (or) other raw products, or produce for manufacture, manipulation, and (or) sale.
 - (9) To work mines or quarries, and to find, win, get, work, crush, smelt, manufacture, or otherwise deal with ores, metals, minerals, oils, precious and other stones or deposits or products, and generally to carry on the business of mining in all branches.
 - (10) To purchase, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire and hold boats, barges, tugs, launches, and vessels of any description whatsoever ; and to purchase, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire and hold vans, omnibuses, carriages, and carts, and other vehicles of any description whatsoever ; and to purchase, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire and hold all live and dead stock, chattels, and effects required for the maintenance and working of the business of carriers by land or by water ; of proprietors of docks, wharves, jetties, piers, warehouses ; of tug owners and wharfingers ; or of any other business which can or may conveniently be carried on in connection with the above respectively.
 - (11) To build, make, construct, equip, maintain, improve, alter, and work rubber and tea factories, coconut and coffee-curing mills, manufactories, buildings, erections, roads, water-courses, docks, wharves, jetties, and other works and conveniences which may be necessary or convenient for the purposes of jettes, and other works and conveniences which hav be necessary or convenient for the purposes of the Company, or may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the Company's interests; and to contribute to, subsidize, or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out, or control thereof.
 (12) To cultivate, manage, and superintend estates and properties in the Federated Malay States and elsewhere, and generally to undertake the business of estate agents in the Federated Malay States and elsewhere the part of the purpose.
 - elsewhere; to act as agents for the investment, loan, payment, transmission, and collection of money; and for the purchase, sale, improvement, development, and management of property, including concerns and undertakings; and to transact any other agency business of any kind. (13) To engage, employ, maintain, and dismiss managers, superintendents, assistants, clerks, coolies, and
 - other servants and labourers ; and to remunerate any such at such rate as shall be thought fit, and to
 - grant persons or gratuities to any such, or the widow or children of any such. (14) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, Government, Municipal, local, or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the Company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges, and concessions which the Company may think it desirable to obtain ; and to carry out, exercise, and comply with such arrangements, rights, privileges, and concessions.
 (15) To procure the Company to be registered or established in the Federated Malay States ; and if and when procession to thought a drive block of the state o
 - necessary or thought advisable, elsewhere. (16) To lend money on any terms and in any manner and on any security, and in particular on the security
 - of plantations, factories, growing crops, produce, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bonds, bills of lading, warrants, stocks, shares, debentures, and book debts, or without any security at all, and generally to transact financial business of any kind.
 - (17) To borrow or raise money for the purposes of the Company, or receive money on deposit at interest or (17) To borrow or raise money for the purposes of the Company, or receive money on deposit at interest or otherwise, and for the purpose of raising or securing money, or the performance or discharge of any obligation or liability of the Company, or for any other purpose to create, execute, grant, or issue any mortgages, mortgage debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company either at par, premium, or discount, and either redeemable, or irredeemable, or perpetual, secured upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, rights, and properties of the Company, present and future, including uncalled capital, or the unpaid calls of the Company.
 (18) To cause or permit any debenture stock, bonds, debentures, mortgages, charges, incumbrances, liens, or securities of or belonging to or made or issued by the Company or affecting its property or rights or any of the terms thereof to be renewed, extended, varied, redeemed, exchanged, transferred, or satisfied, as shall be thought fit; also to pay off the money secured thereby or any part of parts.
 - satisfied, as shall be thought fit; also to pay off the moneys secured thereby or any part or parts thereof, and to re-borrow.

- (19) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required, upon such securities and in such manner, as may from time to time be determined.
- (20) To make, accept, endorse, execute, and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, and other negotiable or transferable instruments.
- or transferable instruments.
 (21) To remunerate any parties for services rendered, or to be rendered, in placing or assisting to place any shares in the Company's capital, or any debentures, debenture stock, or other securities of the Company, or in or about the formation or promotion of the Company, or the conduct of its business.
 (22) To do all or any of the above things in any part of the world, and either as principals, agents, contractors, or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others, and either by or through agents, subcontractors, trustees, or otherwise, and generally to carry on any business or effectuate any object of the Company. the Company.
- (23) To sell, let, lease, underlease, exchange, surrender, transfer, deliver, charge, mortgage, dispose of, turn to account, or otherwise, deal with all or any part of the undertaking, property, and rights of the Company for such consideration as the Company think fit, and in particular in consideration of rents, moneys, or securities for moneys, shares, debentures, or securities, of any other company or companies
- (24) To acquire by purchase for money, shares, bonds, or otherwise, and undertake all or any part of the business, property, assets, and liabilities of any person or persons, company or companies, carrying on any business in the Federated Malay States or elsewhere, which this Company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this Company. (25) To pay for any lands and real or personal, immovable or movable, estate or property or assets of any
- kind, acquired or to be acquired by the Company, or for any services rendered or to be rendered to the kma, acquired or to be acquired by the Company, or for any services rendered or to be rendered to the Company, and generally to pay or discharge any consideration to be paid or given by the Company in money or in shares (whether fully paid up, or partly paid up) or debentures or debenture stock or obligations of the Company, or partly in one way and partly in another, or otherwise howsoever, with power to issue any shares either as fully paid up, or partly paid up, for such purpose.
 (26) To enter into partnership, or into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interest, reciprocal concession, amalgamation, or co-operation with any person or persons, corporation, or company carrying on or about to carry on, or engage in, any business or transaction which this Company is authorized to carry on
- or engage in or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this Company, and to take or otherwise acquire and hold shares or stock in, or securities of and to subsidize or otherwise assist, any such Company ; and to sell, hold, reissue with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with, such shares or securities.
- (27) To form, constitute, or promote any other company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property, rights, and liabilities of this Company, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit this Company.
 (28) To accept as consideration for the sale or disposal of the whole or any part of the undertaking, lands,
- real or personal, immovable or movable, estate or property or assets of this Company, or in discharge of any other consideration to be received by this Company, money, or shares (whether fully paid upor partly paid up) or any other company or companies, or the debentures, or debenture stock, or
- or party paid up) or any other company or companies, or the depentures, or depentures stock, or obligations of any company or companies, or person, or partly one and partly any other or others.
 (29) To distribute among the Shareholders in specie any property of the Company, whetherby way of dividend or upon a return of capital, but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital be made, except with the sanction for the time being required by law.
 (30) To do all such other things as shall or may be deemed by the Company necessary, incidental, conducive, or convenient to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.

It being hereby declared that in the foregoing clause (unless a contrary intention appears) the word "person" includes any number of persons and a corporation, and that the "other objects" specified in any one paragraph are not to be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other paragraph.

The liabilities of the Shareholders is limited.

The nominal capital of the Company is Seven hundred and Fifty thousand Rupees, divided into Fifty thousand 5. shares of Fifteen Rupees each.

The capital of the Company may be increased or reduced in manner specified in the Articles of Association, and provided by law. And the shares forming the capital (original, increased, or reduced) of the Company may be sub-divided or consolidated or divided into such classes, with any preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto, and be held upon such terms as may be prescribed by the Articles of Association and Regulations of the Company for the time being or otherwise.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the Capital of the Company set opposite our respective names :-Number of Shares taken

Names and Addresses of Subscribers.			ach Subscrib	
ROBERT HOLME SUMNER SCOTT, Ottery, Dikoya, Ceylon	••		One	
ALEXANDER CRAIB, Invery, Dikoya, Ceylon	••		One	
Witness to the above signatures at Hatton, this 4th	ı day of Marc	eh, 1910:		
F. LIESCHING Pro	3, Hatton, octor, Supren	ao Court.		
CHARLES GREGORY RYAN, Glenomera, Talawakele, Ceylon	••		One	
JOHN PERCIVAL BLACKMORE, St. Andrews, Talawakele, Ceyl	on	••	One	
Witness to the above signatures at Talawakele, this	s 5th day of 1	March, 1910	:	
F. Liesching Pre	a, Hatton, octor, Supren	ne Court.		
FORBES GRIFFITH SAUNDER, The Scrubs, Nuwara Eliya, Cey	vlon	••	One	
ROBERT WEBSTER, Uvakellie, Madulsima, Ceylon	••	••	One	
Witness to the above signatures at Nuwara Eliya, t	his 5th day o	of March, 19	10:	
	, Hatton, octor, Supren	ne Court.		
GUY BOHUN DE MOWBRAY, Moray, Maskeliya, Ceylon	••		One	
Witness to the signature of GUY BOHUN DE MOWBR	AY at Hattor	n, this 6th d	ay of March,	1910
F. Liesching				

Proctor, Supreme Court.

It is agreed as follows :-

1. Table C not to apply : Company to be governed by these Articles.—The regulations contained in the Table C in the schedule annexed to "The Joint Stock Companies Ordinance, 1861," shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these Articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution.

2. Power to alter the regulations.—The Company may, by special resolution, alter and make provisions instead of, or in addition to, any of the regulations of the Company, whether contained and comprised in these Articles or not.

INTERPRETATION.

3. Interpretation clause.—In the interpretation of these presents the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless such meanings be inconsistent with, or repugnant to, the subject or context, viz. :-

Company.—The word "Company" means "The Good Hope (Selangor) Rubber Company, Limited," incor-porated or established by or under the Memorandum of Association to which these Articles are attached. The Ordinance.—"The Ordinance" means and includes "The Joint Stock Companies Ordinances, 1861, 1888, and 1893," and every other Ordinance from time to time in force concerning Joint Stock Companies which may apply

to the Company.

Special resolution and extraordinary resolution.—" Special resolution" and "extraordinary resolution" have the meanings assigned thereto respectively by "the Ordinance." These presents.—" These presents" means and includes the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association of the Company from time to time in force. Capital.—" Capital" means the capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purposes of

the Company.

Shares .-- "Shares" means the shares from time to time into which the capital of the Company may be divided.

Shareholder.—"Shareholder" means a Shareholder of the Company. *Presence or present.*—"Presence or present" at a meeting means presence, or present, personally or by proxy or by attorney duly authorised. *Directors.*—"Directors" means the Directors for the time being of the Company or (as the case may be) the

BUSINESS.

4. Commencement of business.—The Company shall purchase and acquire the leasehold property known as Bandar, situate in Kuala Langat, Selangor, in the Federated Malay States; and generally proceed to carry out the objects for which it is established, and employ and apply its capital as soon after the registration of the Company as the Directors in their discretion shall think fit.

5. Business to be carried on by Directors.—The business of the Company shall be carried on by, or under the management or direction of, the Directors, and subject only to the control of General Meetings, in accordance with these presents.

CAPITAL.

The Capital.-The nominal capital of the Company is Seven hundred and fifty thousand Rupees divided 6. into Fifty thousand shares of Fifteen Rupees each.

INCREASE OF CAPITAL.

7. Nature and amount.—The Company may, from time to time, by special resolution increase its capital by the creation of new shares of such amount per share, and in the aggregate, as may be deemed expedient. Same as original capital.—Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the provisions herein contained with reference to the payments of calls and instalments, transfer and transmission forfeiture lien surrender and otherwise mission, forfeiture, lien, surrender, and otherwise.

REDUCTION OF CAPITAL.

8. Reduction of Capital.-The Company may, from time to time, by special resolution, and with the sanction of Court, reduce its capital.

ALTERATION OF CAPITAL.

9. Consolidation, subdivision or cancellation of shares.—The Company may at any time by special resolution consolidate or subdivide its shares, or a portion thereof; or cancel any of its shares which have not been taken up or agreed to be taken up by any person.

DIFFERENT CLASSES OF SHARES.

10. Preference and deferred shares, dc.—Any shares that may from time to time be issued or created may be issued or created with any such right of preference, whether in respect of dividend or of payment of capita, or both, or any such other special privilege or advantage over any shares previously issued, or then about to be issued (other than shares issued with a preference), or with such deferred rights as compared with any shares previously issued, or

then about to be issued, or subject to any such conditions or provisions, and with any such right, or without any right, of voting, and generally on such terms as the General Meeting of the Company authorizing the issue, or resolv-ing on the creation of the shares, or any other General Meeting of the Company, may from time to time by special resolution determine.

PREMIUM ON SHARES.

11. The General Meeting of the Company authorizing an issue of shares, or resolving on the creation of new shares, may direct that there shall be added to such shares such an amount of premium as such meeting shall consider proper.

CALLS AND INSTALMENTS.

 Differences as regards calls.—The Company may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid, and the time of payment of such calls.
 13. Holders to pay instalments.—If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the holder of the share.

ORIGINAL SHARES.

14. Original issue. - Of the original issue of twenty-one thousand shares, a portion shall be issued to the Ven-14. Original issue. - Of the original issue of twenty-one thousand shares, a portion shall be issued to the ven-dors of the said leasehold property known as Bandar, in payment of the purchase price payable to them. The re-mainder shall be issued at the discretion of the Directors, and either at one time, or from time to time, as they think advisable. And the Directors may make arrangements on the issue of such shares, or thereafter, for a difference between the holders of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid, and the time of payment of such calls ; and may make calls on all the part paid shares of any such issue, or on such proportion of them as they think proper. 15. Further issues.—The Company may from time to time, and until the whole of the Capital of the Com-pany is called up, authorize a fresh issue of shares, on such terms and conditions as the General Meeting authorizing weak issue are up, athen Company Monting of the Company as the life no such direction chall be given as the

buch is buch and the determine.

NEW SHARES.

16. Terms and conditions .-- New shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions, and with such rights and privileges annexed thereto, as the General Meeting resolving on the creation thereof, or any other General Meeting of the Company, shall direct, and if no direction shall be given, as the Directors shall determine.

ARRANGEMENTS ON ISSUE OF SHARES. 17. Control of shares.—Shares shall, except where otherwise provided, and subject to the provisions of Articles 14 and 18, be allotted at the discretion of and by the Directors, who shall add to such shares such an amount of premium (if any) as the General Meeting of the Company authorizing the issue, or resolving on the creation of the shares, shall have directed, or as the Company may by special resolution determine. 18. Shares to be offered to Shareholders.—Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the Company in General Meeting, or any provision to the contrary contained in these Articles, all shares being issued shall be offered by the Directors to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company, as nearly as possible in proportion to the shares at the time held by them; and such offer shall be made by notice to each such registered Shareholder, specifying the number of shares to which he is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined. Such shares as shall be declined by the Shareholder, to whom the same shall have been offered, or as shall not be accepted by him within the time specified in that behalf by the Directors, shall after the expiration of such time be disposed of by the Directors in such manner as they think most beneficial to the Company. Provided that the Directors may at their discretion (subject as aforesaid) allot any shares so being issued, or any portion of them, in payment for any estates or lands or other property being purchased or acquired by the Company, without first offering such shares to Shareholders for the time being of the company. SPECIAL PROVISIONE to TO Starter

SPECIAL PROVISIONS AS TO SHARES.

19. Resolutions affecting a particular class of shares.—If at any time, owing to the issue of preference shares or otherwise, the capital is divided into shares of different classes, then the holders of any class of shares may, by an extra-ordinary resolution passed at a meeting of such holders, consent on behalf of all the holders of shares of that class to the issue, or creation, of any shares ranking equally therewith, or having any priority thereto, or to the abandonment of any preference or priority, or of any accrued dividend, or the reduction for any time or permanently of the dividends payable thereon, or to any scheme for the reduction of the Company's capital affecting that class of shares, and such resolution shall be binding upon all the holders of shares of that class, provided that this Article shall not be read as implying the necessity for such consent in anv case, in which, but for this Article, the object of the resolution could have been effected without it. have been effected without it.

have been effected without it. 20. Meetings affecting a particular class of shares.—Any meeting for the purpose of the last preceding clause shall be convened, and conducted, in all respects as nearly as possible in the same way as an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, provided that no Shareholder not being a Director shall be entitled to notice thereof, or to attend thereat, unless he be a holder of shares of the class intended to be affected by the resolution, and that no vote shall be given except in respect of a share of that class, and that at any such meeting a poll may be demanded in writing by any five Shareholders personally present and entitled to vote at the meeting.

GENERAL PROVISIONS AS TO SHARES.

Acceptance. - Every person taking any share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof by writing under his hand in such form as the Company shall from time to time direct.
 22. Payment. - Payment for shares shall be made, except when otherwise provided, in such manner as the

22. Payment. — Payment for shares shall be made, except when otherwise provided, in such manner as the Directors shall from time to time determine and direct.
23. Interest on unpaid amounts. — If before or on the day appointed for payment any Shareholder does not pay the amount for which he is liable, then such Shareholder shall be liable to pay interest for the same at the rate of nine per cent. per annum from the day appointed for, to the day of actual, payment.
24. Shares held by a firm.—Shares may be registered in the name of a firm, and any partner of the firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm shall be entitled to vote and to give proxies.
25. Shares held by two or more persons not in partnership.—Shares may be registered in the name of two or more persons not in partnership.

25. Shares held by two or more persons not in purchaship.—Shares may be regarded in a state of the persons not in partnership. 26. One of joint-holders other than a firm may give receipts : only one of joint-holders entitled to vote.—Any one of the joint-holders of a share other than a firm may give effects al receipts for any dividends payable in respect of such shares; but only one of such joint Shareholders shall be entitled to the right of voting and of giving proxies and exercising the other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, and if the joint-holders cannot arrange amongst themselves as to whoch all vote or give proxies and exercise such other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, the Shareholder those name stands first on the register of shares shall vote or give proxies and exercise

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those rights and powers; provided, however, that in the event of such first registered Shareholder being absent from Ceylon, the first registered Shareholder then resident there shall vote or give proxies and exercise all such

rights and powers as aforesaid. 27. Survivor of joint-holder, other than a firm, only recognized. —In case of the death of any one or more of the joint holders of any shares, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognized by the Company

as having any title to, or interest in, such shares. The joint-holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all instalments and calls due in respect of such share.

28. Company not bound to recognize any interest in share other than that of registered holder or of any person ause 44.—The Company shall not be bound to recognize (even though having notice of) any contingent, future, under clause 44.under clause 44.—The Company shall not be bound to recognize (even though having notice of) any contingent, future, partial, or equitable interest in the nature of a trust or otherwise in any share, or any other right in respect of any share, except any absolute right thereto in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof, and except also the right of any person under Article 44 to become a Shareholder in respect of any share.
29. Certificates.—The certificates of shares shall be issued under the seal of the Company, and signed by two Directors or by one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries of the Company.
30. How issued.—Every Shareholder shall be entitled to one certificate for all the shares registered in his name, or to several certificates, each for one or more of such shares
23. Reversal of erreficates, each for one or more of such shares
24. Benersal a for any correlise to he way on the respect of the number of the share or shares in respect of which it is issued.

31. Renewal of certificate.--If any certificate be worn out or defaced, then upon production thereof to the Directors they may order the same to be cancelled and may issue a new certificate in lieu thereof; and if any certificate be lost or destroyed, then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Directors, and on such indemnity as the Directors and of a construction of the precision of th

TRANSFER OF SHARES.

33. Exercise of rights.—No person shall exercise any rights of a Shareholder until his name shall have been entered in the Register of Shareholders, and he shall have paid all calls and other moneys for the time being payable on every share in the Company held by him.
34. Transfer of shares.—Subject to the restriction of these Articles, any Shareholder may transfer all or any of his shares by instrument in writing.
35. No transfer to infant or person of unsound mind.—No transfer of shares shall be made to an infant or person of unsound mind.

person of unsound, mind. 36. Régister of transfers. -- The Company shall keep a book or books to be called "The Register of Trans-fers," in which shall be entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share. 37. Instrument of transfer. -- The instrument of transfer of any share shall be signed both by the transferor and transferee, and the transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of such share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register in respect thereof.

38. Board may decline to register transfers.—The Board may, at their own absolute and uncontrolled dis-cretion, decline to register any transfer of shares by a Shareholder who is indebted to the Company, or upon whose shares the Company have a lien or otherwise; or in case of shares not fully paid up, to any person not approved by them.

 39. Not bound to state reason. - In no case shall a Shareholder, or proposed transferee, be entitled to require the Directors to state the reason of their refusal to register, but their declinature shall be absolute.
 40. Registration of transfer. - Every instrument of transfer must be left at the office of the Company to be registered, accompanied by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferor, and a fee of Rs. 2.50, or such other sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine, must be paid; and there for a such other sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine, must be paid; and there for a such other sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine. upon the Directors, subject to the powers vested in them by Articles 38, 39, and 41, shall register the transferee as a Shareholder and retain the instrument of transfer.

41. Directors may authorize registration of transferees.—The Directors may, by such means as they shall deem expedient, authorize the registration of transferees as Shareholders, without the necessity of any meeting of the Directors for that purpose.

Directors for that purpose. 42. Directors not bound to inquire as to validity of transfer.—In no case shall the Directors be bound to inquire into the validity, legal effect, or genuineness of any instrument of transfer produced by a person claiming a transfer of any share in accordance with these Articles; and whether they abstain from so inquiring, or do so inquire and are misled, the transferor shall have no claim whatsoever upon the Company in respect of the share, except for the dividends previously declared in respect thereof, but, if at all, upon the transfere only. 43. Transfer Books when to be closed.—The Transfer Books shall be closed during the fourteen days imme-diately following each Ordinary General Meeting, including the First General Meeting : also at such other times as the Directors may decide, not exceeding seven days further in any one year.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

44. Title to shares of deceased holder.—The executors, or administrators, or the heirs of a deceased Share-holder shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to the shares of such Shareholder. 45. Registration of persons entitled to shares otherwise than by transfer —Any guardian of any infant Share-holder, or any Committee of a lunatic Shareholder, or any person becoming entitled to shares in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, insolvency or liquidation of any Shareholder, or the marriage of any female Shareholder, or in any other way than by transfer, shall, upon producing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this clause, or of his title, as the Company think sufficient, be forthwith entitled, subject to the provisions herein contained, to be registered as a Shareholder in respect of such shares on payment of a fee of Rs. 2.50; or may, subject to the regulations as to transfers hereinbefore contained, transfer the sares to some other person. other person.

46. Fasting such registration, shares may be sold by the Company.—If any person who shall become entitled to be registered in respet of any share under Article 45 shall not, from any cause whatever, within twelve calendar to be registered in respect of any share under Article 40 shall not, from any cause whatever, within twelve calendar months after the event on the happening of which his title shall accrue, be registered in respect of such share, or if in the case of the death of any Shareholder no person shall, within twelve calendar months after such death, be regis-tered as a Shareholder in respect of the shares of such deceased Shareholder, the Company may sell such shares, either by public auction or private contract, and give a receipt for the purchase money, and the purchaser shall be entitled to be registered in respect of such share, and shall not be bound to inquire whether the events have happened which entitled the Company to sell the same, and the nett proceeds of such sale, after deducting all expenses and all moneys in respect of which the Company is entitled to a lien on the shares so sold, shall be paid to the person entitled thereto.

SHARES (SURRENDER AND FORFEITURE.)

47. The Directors may accept surrender of shares.—The Directors may accept, in the name and for the benefit of the Company, and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed, a surrender of the shares of Shareholders who nay be desirous of retiring from the Company.

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If call or instalment be not paid, notice to be given to Shareh lder.—If any Shareholder fail to pay any 48. call or inst ilment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Directors may at any time there-after, during such time as the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on such Shareholder, or his executor or administrator, or his trustee or assignee in insolvency, requiring him to pay the same, together with any interest that may have accrued, and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such nonpayment.

payment. Terms of Notice.—The notice shall name a day (not being less than one month from the date of the notice) on, and a place or places at, which such call or instalment and such interest and expenses as af resaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time, and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited. In default of payment, shares to be forfeited.—If the requisition of such notice as aforesaid be net com lied with, every or any share or shares in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of all calls or instalments, interest, and expenses due in respect thereof, be declared forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect. Shareholder still lights to non-more aviant at time of forfeiture.—Any Shareholder, where shares have here a pay and and the share base have been so.

Shareholder still liable to pay money owing at time of forfeiture.—Any Shareholder whose shares have been so declared forfeited shall, notwithstanding, be liable to pay, and shall forthwith pay t, the Company all calls, instalments, interest, and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of forfeiture until payment at the rate of nine per centum per annum, and the Directors may enforce the payment thereof if they think fit.

49. Surrendered or forfeited shares to be property of Company and may be sold, de.-Every share surren-dered, or so declared forfeited, shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold, re-alloted, or otherwise disposed of upon such terms and in such manner as the Board shall think ut.

50. Effect of surrender or forfeiture.—The surrender or forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in, and also of all claims and demands against the Company in respect of, the share and the proceeds thereof, and all other rights incident to the share, except only such rights (if any) as are expressly saved by these Articles.

S1. Certificate of surrender or forfeiture.—A certificate in writing under the hands of two of the Directors and of the Secretary or Secretaries that a share has been duly surrendered or forfeited, and st uting the date when it was surrendered or forfeited, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts thereis stated as aga not all persons who would have been entitled to the share but for such surrender or forfeiture, and such certificate and the receipt of the Company for the price of such share shall constitute a good title to such share, and a certificate of proprie orship shall be delivered to any person who may purchase the same from the Company, and thereupon such purch wers tall be deemed the inder or such share, discharged from all calls due prior to such purchase; and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the parchase money, nor shall his title to such share be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference

of the parchase more, nor shall his title to such share be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in references 62. Forfetture or sale. 63. Forfetture may be remitted.—The Directors may in their disorction remit or annul the forfeiture of any share within six months from the date there i upon the payment of all moneys due to the Company from the late holder or holders of such share or shares, and all exjenses incurred in relation to such forfeiture, together with such further sum of money, up way of redemption money for the deficit, as they shall thunk it, not being less than nine per centum per annum on the amount of the sums wherein default in payment had been made, but no share *bone fide* sold or 63. Company's liem on shares. —The Company shall have a first charge or paramount liem upon all the shares of such joint-holders for all moneys for the take being due to the Company by such holder, or by all erany holders or toherwise, and whether due from any such holder individually or jointly with other, including all edies for the making of which resolutions shull have been passed by the Directors, although the times aprointed for life pay-ment there of shall not have any tarke is held by more persons than one, the Company shull have a first only from any of such persons s and the Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares or bis charge or lien. 64. *Lien how made available.* —She charge or lien us be made available by a sale of all or any of the notice in writing shall have been given to the indebited shareholder or his executor on administrator or his sesigned not is paying the sum thereby required to be paid or twenty-eight days, or should the Shareholder or evolves have 55. *Proceeds how applied.* —The nett proceeds of any sale that takes place under the provisions of Articles 56. Proceeds how applied. —The nett proceeds of any sale that takes place under the provisions of Articles 57. *Proceeds how applied.* —The nett proceeds of any sale to the Company . 58. *Pr*

CALLS.

57. Directors may make calls.—The Directors may, from time to time, make such calls as they think fit upon the registered holders of shares, in respect of moneys unpaid thereon, and not by the conditions of allotment made pay-able at fixed times; and each Shareholder shall pay the amount of every call so made ou him to the persons, and at the time and place, appointed by the Directors, provided that two mouths' notice at least shall be given to the Share-holder of the time and place appointed for payment of each call. 58. Calls when made.—A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution autho-

 constructs much and the state of the Directors.
 59. Extension of time for payment of call.—The Directors shall have power in their absolute discretion to give time to any one or more Shareholder or Shareholders, exclusive of the others, for payment of any call, or part thereof, on such terms as the Directors may determine. But no Shareholder shall be entitled to any such extension «xcept as a matter of grace or favour,

60. Interest on unpaid call .-- If the sum payable in respect of any call or instalment is not paid on or before the day appointed for the payment thereof, the holder for the time being of the share in respect of which the call shall have been made, or the payment thereof, the holder for the time being of the share in respect of which the can shall have been made, or the instalments shall have been due, shall pay interest for the same at the rate of nine per centum per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of the actual payment, but the Directors may, when they think fit, remit altogether, or in part, any sum becoming payable for interest under this Article. 61. Payment in anticipation of calls.—The Directors may at their discretion receive from any Shareholder willing to advance the same, and upon such terms as they think fit, all or any part of the money due upon the shares held by him beyond the sum actually called up.

BORROWING POWERS.

62. Power to borrow.—The Directors shall have power to procure at any time, and from time to time, in the usual course of business, such temporary advances on the produce in hand, or in the future to be obtained, from the

62. Power to borrow.—The Directors shall have power to procure at any time, and from time to time, in the number of business, such temporary advances on the produce in hand, or in the future to be obtained, from the Company's estates, as they may find necessary or expedient, for the purpose of defraying the expenses of working the Company's estates, or of erecting, maintaining, improving or extending buildings, machinery, or plantations, or otherwise. Also from time to time at their discretion to borrow or raise from the Directors, or other persons, any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company, but so that the amount at any one time owing in respect of moneys so borrowed or raised shall not, without the sanction of a General Meeting, exceed the sum of Ten thousand Kupees (Rs.10,000), over and above the amount of the Government loan. With the sanction of a General Meeting the Directors shall be entitled to borrow such further sum or sums, and at such rate of interest, as such meeting shall determine. 63. Security of loans.—The Directors may, for the purpose of securing the repayment of any such sum or sums of money so borrowed or raised, create and issue any bonds, mortgages, debentures, mortgage debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company charged upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, progive, accept, or endorse on behalf of the Company any promissory notes or bills of exchange. Any such securities may be issued either at par or at a premium or discount, and may from time to time be cancelled or discharged, drawings, allotment of shares, or otherwise. Every debenture or other instrument issued by the Company for securing the payment of money may be so framed that the moneys thereby secure shall be assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person. A declaration under the company's seal contained in, or endorse on the more states at a premium or discount, and may be issued. 64. Declavotion as to borrowing powers.— A declaration under the Company'

Director and the Secretary or Secretaries, to the effect that the Directors have power to borrow the amount which such document may represent, shall be conclusive evidence thereof in all questions between the Company and its creditors, and no such document c ntaining such declaration shall, as regards the creditor, be void cn the ground of its being granted in excess of the aforesaid borrowing power, unless it shall be proved that such creditor was aware that it was so granted.

MEETINGS.

65. First General Meeting.—The First General Meeting of the Company shall be held at such time, not being more than twelve months after the incorporation of the Company, and at such place as the Directors may determine.

66. Subsequent General Meetings.—Subsequent General Meetings shall be held once in every year, at such time and pace as may be rescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if no time or place is prescribed, at such time and place as may be determined by the Directors. 67. Ordinary and Extraordinary General Meetings.—The General Meetings mentioned in the last preceding clause shall be called Urdinary General Meetings; all other meetings of the Company shall be called Extraordinary

General Meetings.

General Meetings.
63. Extraordinary General Meeting.—The Directors may, whenever they think fit, call an Extraordinary General Meeting, and the Directors shall do so upon a requisition made in writing by not less than one-seventh of the number of Shareholders holding not less than one-seventh of the issued capital and entitled to vote.
69. Requisition of Shareholders to state object of Meeting; on receipt to requisition Directors to call meeting; and in default Shareholders may do so.—Any requisition so made shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called, shall be addressed to the Directors, and shall be sent to the registered office of the Company. Upon the receipt of such requisition the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such time and place as they shall determine. If they do not proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such place, and at such time, as the Shareholders convening the meeting may themselves fix.
70. Notice of resolution.—Any Shareholder may, on giving not less than ten days' previous notice of any registered office of the Company.

resolution, submit the same to a meeting. Such notice shall be given by leaving a copy of the resolution at the registered office of the Company. 71. Seven days' notice of meeting to be given.—Seven days' notice at least of every General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, and by whomsoever convened, specifying the place, date, hour of meeting, and the objects and business of the meeting, shall be given either by advertisement in the Ceylon Government Gazette, or by notice sent by post, or otherwise served as hereinafter provided, but an accidental omission to give such notice to any Shareholder shall not invalidate the proceedings at any General Meeting. 72. Business requiring, and not requiring, notification.—Every Ordinary General Meeting shall be competent without special notice having been given of the purposes for which it is convened, or of the business to be transacted thereat, to receive and discuss any report and any accounts presented thereto by the Directors and to pass resolutions in approval or disapproval thereof, and to declare dividends, and to elect Lirectors and Auditors retiring in rotation, and to fix the remuneration of the Auditors ; and shall also be competent to enter upon, discuss, and transact any business whatever of which special mention shall have been given in the notice or notices upon which the mesting was convened. convened.

at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, those suarenovates who are present shall be a quorum, and may transact the business for which the meeting was called. 76. Chairman f Directors, or a Director, to be Chairman of General Meeting; in case of his absence or refusal a Shareholder may act — The Chairman (if an) of the Directors shall be entitled to take the Chair at every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary; or if there be no Chairman, or if at any meeting he shall not be present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for holding such meeting, or if he shall refuse to take the Chair, the Share-a holders shall choose another Director as Chairman; and if no Directors be present, or if all the Directors present decline.

to take the Chair, then the Shareholders present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman. 77. Business confined to election of Chairman while Chair vacant. - Ne business shall be discussed at any General Meeting except the election of a Chairman whilst the Chair is vacant.

78. Chairman with consent may adjourn meeting. - The Chairman, with consent of the meeting, may adjourn any meeting from time to time, and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place, unless due notice shall be given.

79. Minutes of General Meeting.—Minutes of the proceedings of every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall when so entered be signed as soon as practicable by the Chairman of the same meeting, or by the Chairman of the succeeding meeting, and the same when so entered and signed shall be evidence of all such proceedings, and of the proper election of the Chairman.

VOTING AT MEETINGS.

80. Votes.—At any meeting every resolution shall be decided by the votes of the Shareholders present in person, or by proxy, or by attorney duly appointed, and in case there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman at such meeting shall be entitled to give a casting vote in addition to any votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder and proxy and attorney; and unless a poll be immediately demanded in writing by at least three members present in person (and not by proxy or by attorney) at the meeting and entitled to vote, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the Minute Book of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact without proof of the number of votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.
81. Poll.—If a poll be duly demanded, the same shall be taken in such manner, and at such time and place as the Chairman shall direct, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. The demand of a poll has been demanded.
82. Poll how taken.—If at any meeting a poll be demanded by notice in writing signed by three Shareholders

any business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.
82. Poll how taken.—If at any meeting a poll be demanded by notice in writing signed by three Shareholders present in person (and not by proxy or by attorney) at the meeting and entitled to vote, which notice shall be delivered during the meeting to the Chairman, the meeting shall, if necessary, be adjourned, and the poll shall be taken at such time and in such a manner as the Chairman shall direct, and in such case every Shareholder shall have the number of votes to which he may be entitled as hereinafter provided; and in case at any such poll there shall have the number of votes, the Chairman of the meeting at which such poll shall have been demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder and proxy and attorney, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in such meeting.
83. No poll on election of Chairman or on question of adjournment.—No poll shall be demanded on the election of a Chairman of the meeting of on any question of adjournment.
84. Number of votes to which Shareholder entitled.—On a show of hands every Shareholder present in person, or by proxy or attorney shall have one vote only. In case of a poll every Shareholder present in person, or by proxy or attorney shall have an additional vote for every tenshares held by him beyond the first ten shares up to one hundred shares, and an additional vote for every twenty-five shares held by him beyond the first ten shares up to one hundred shares. When voting on a resolution involving the winding up of the Company every Shareholder shall have one vote for every share held by him.
85. Guardian of infant, &c., when not entitled to vote.—The parent or guardian of an infant Shareholder, the company is proved to be the resolution involving the winding up of the Company every Shareholder shall have on vote for every shareholder, the company is

for every share held by him. 85. Guardian of infant, &c., when not entitled to vole. — The parent or guardian of an infant Shareholder, the committee or other legal guardian of any lunatic Shareholder, the husband of any female Shareholder not entitled to her shares as separate estate, and the executor or administrator of any deceased Shareholder, or any one of such persons as aforesaid, if more than one, shall not be entitled to vote in the place of such infant, lunatic, female, or deceased person, unless such person shall have been registered as a Shareholder. 86 Voting in person or by proxy.—Votes may be given either personally, or by proxy, or by attorney duly with stiend.

authorized.

87. Non-Shareholder not to be appointed proxy.—No person shall be appointed a proxy who is not a Shareholder of the Company; but the attorney of a Shareholder, even though not himself a Shareholder of the Company, may represent and vote for his principal at any meeting of the Company.

represent and vote for his principal at any meeting of the Company. 88. Shareholder in arrear or not registered ore month previous to the meeting not to vote.—No Shareholder shall be entitled to vote or speak at any General Meeting unless all calls due from him on his shares, or any of them, shall have been paid; and no Shareholder other than the trustee or assignee of a bankrupt or insolvent, or representative of a deceased Shareholder, or person acquiring by marriage, shall be entitled to vote or speak at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company, in respect of or as the holder of any share which he has acquired by transfer, unless he has been at least one month previously to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote or speak duly registered as the holder of the share in respect of which he claims to vote or speak.

claims to vote or speak. 89. Proxy to be printed or in writing.—The instrument appointing a proxy shall be printed or written, and shall be signed by the appointor, or if such appointor be a corporation, it shall be sealed with the common seal of such corporation.

90. When proxy to be deposited.—The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than twenty-four hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote.
 91. Form of proxy.—The instrument appointing a proxy may be in the following form :—

The Good Hope (Selangor) Rubber Company, Limited.

I, _____, of _____, appoint _____, of _____ (a Shareholder in the Com-pany), as my proxy to represent me and to vote for me and on my behalf at the Ordinary (or Extraordinary, as the case may be) General Meeting of the Company to be held on the ______ day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and ______, and at any adjournment thereof, and at every poll which may be taken in consequence thereof. As witness my hand this ______ day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and

92. Objection to validity of vote to be made at the meeting or poll. — No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) except at the meeting or poll at which such vote shall be tendered, and every vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) to which no objection shall be made at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.
93. No Shareholder to be prevented from voting by being personally interested in result.—No Shareholder shall be prevented from voting by reason of his being personally interested in the result of the voting.
94. Number of Directors.—The number of Directors shall never be less than three or more than six.
95. Their qualification and remuneration.—The qualification of a Director shall be his holding in his own right shares in the Company, whether fully paid up or partly paid up, of the total nominal value of at least One thousand Rupees (Rs. 1,000), and upon which, in the case of partly paid up shares, all calls for the time being shall have been paid, and this qualification shall apply as well to the first Directors as to all future Directors. As a remuneration for their services, the Directors shall be entitled to appropriate a sum not exceeding Four thousand Rupees (Rs. 4,000) annually, to be divided between them in such manner as they may determine, but the Company in General Meeting may at any time alter the amount of such remuneration for the future, and such remuneration shall be divided between them in such manner as they may determine, but the Company in General Meeting may at any time alter the amount of such remuneration for the future, and such remuneration shall be.

DIRECTORS.

DIRECTORS. not be considered as including any remuneration for special or extra services hereinafter referred to, nor any extra remuneration to the Managing Directors of the Company. 96. Appointment of first Directors and duration of their office.—The first Directors shall be Montague Kelway Bamber of Peradeniya, Ceylon, Guy Bohun de Mowbray of Moray, Maskeliya, Ceylon, Cuthbert Henly of Klang, Federated Malay States, and Charles Gregory Ryan of Talawakelle, Ceylon, who shall hold office till the First Ordinary General Meeting, when they shall all retire, but shall be eligible for re-election. 97. Directors may appoint Managing Director or Directors; his or their remumeration.—One or more of the Directors may appoint Managing Director or Secretary or Secretaries, Managing Director or Managing Directors, Visiting Agent or Visiting Agents of the Company, or Superintendent or Superintendents of any of the company's estates, for such time, and on such terms, as the Directors may determine or fix by agreement with the person or persons appointed to the office, and the Directors may from time to time revoke such appointment, and appoint another or others Secretary or Secretaries, Managing Directors, Visiting Agent or Agents, or Superintendent or Superintendents. The Directors may confer on the Managing Director, or Managing Directors all or any duties and powers that

The Directors may confer on the Managing Director, or Managing Directors all or any duties and powers that might be conferred on any Manager of the Company. If any Director shall be called upon to perform any extra services, the Directors may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such services, either by way of salary, commission, or the payment of a

 Imposed for such special remainder for its successory of the by way or country, country, country, it is a successory of the providence of successors to Directors.—The General Meeting at which Directors retire or ought to retire by rotation shall appoint successors to them, and in default thereof such successors may be appointed at a subsequent General Meeting. The General Meeting may also fill up any other vacancies occurring amongst the Directors

Directors.
99. Board may fill up vacancies.—The Board shall have power at any time and from time to time before the First Ordinary General Meeting to supply any vacancies in their number arising from death, resignation, or otherwise.
100. Duration of office of Director appointed to vacancy.—Any casual vacancy occurring in the number of Directors subsequent to the First Ordinary General Meeting may be filled up by the Directors, but any person so chosen shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Director would have retained the same if no vacancy had occurred.
101. To retire annually.—At the Second Ordinary General Meeting, and at the Ordinary General Meeting in every subsequent year, one of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office as provided in Article 102.
102. Retiring Directors how determined.—The Directors to retire from office at the Second and Third Ordinary General Meeting shall, unless the Directors otherwise arrange among themselves, be determined by ballot; in every subsequent year the Directors to retire shall be those who have been longest in office.

When office of Director to be vacated. - The office of Director shall be vacated -

- (a) If he accepts or holds any office or place of profit other than Managing Director, Visiting Agent, Superintendent, or Secretary under the Company.
 (b) If he becomes bankrupt or insolvent, or suspends payment, or files a petition for the liquidation of
- his affairs, or compounds with his creditors.
- If by reason of mental or bodily infirmity he becomes incapable of acting.
- (d) If he ceases to hold the required number of shares to qualify him for the office.

(e) If he is concerned or participates in the profits of any contract with, or work done for. the Company.

But the above rule shall be subject to the following exceptions :-

Exceptions.—No Director shall vacate his office by reason of his being a member of any corporation, Company or firm which has entered into any contract with, or done any work for, the Company of which he is a Director; or by his being agent, or secretary, or proctor, or by his being a member of a firm who are agents, or secretaries, or proctors of the Company. Nevertheless, he shall not vote in respect of any contract work or business in which he may be of the Company. Ne personally interested

109. How Directors removed and successors appointed.—The Company may, by a special resolution, remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and may, by an ordinary resolution, appoint another person in his stead, and the Director so appointed shall hold office only during such time as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed. 110. Indemnity to Directors and others for their own acts and for the acts of others.—Every Director or officer.

is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed. 110. Indemnity to Directors and others for their own acts and for the acts of others.—Every Director or officer, and his heirs, executors, and administrators shall be indemnified by the Company from all losses and expenses incurred by him in or about the discharge of his duties, except such as happen from his own wilful acts or defaults; and no Director or officer, nor the heirs, executors, or administrators of any Director or officer, shall be liable for any other Director or officer, or for joining in any receipt or other acts of conformity, or for any loss or expense happening to the Company by the insufficiency or deficiency of any title to any property acquired for or on behalf of the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested, or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency, or tortious act of any person with whom any moneys, securities, or effects shall be deposited, or for any other loss, damage, or misfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execu-tion of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, unless the same happen through his own wilful act or default. 111. No contribution to be required from Directors beyond amount, if any, unpaid on their shares.—No contribution shall be required from any present or past Director or Manager exceeding the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares in respect of which he is liable as a present or past Shareholder.

Powers of Directors.

112. Management and expenses.—The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors either by themselves, or through a Managing Director, and with the assistance of an agent or agents, secretary or secretaries of the Company to be appointed by the Directors for such period and on such terms as they shall determine, and the

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Directors shall pay out of the funds of the Company all costs and expenses, as well preliminary, as otherwise, paid or incurred in and about the formation, incorporation and registration of the Company and in connection with the playing of the shares of the Company, and in and about the valuation, purchase, lease, or acquisition of the said leasthold property known as Bandar, situate in Kuala Langat, Federated Malay States aforementioned, and of any other linds, estates, or property, or any share or shares thereof, or interest therein, that the Company may hereafter purchase, lease, or acquire, and in and about the opening, clearing, planting, cultivation, and development thereof, and otherwise in or about the working and business of the Company. 113. Working arrangements.—The Directors shall have power to make, and may make, such rules or regu-lations for the management of the business of the Company in such manner as they may from time to time think proper, and shall carry on the business of the Company in such manner as they may think most expedient; and in addition to the powers and authorities py any Ordinance or by these presents expressly conferred on them. they may

proper, and shall carry on the business of the Company in such manner as they may think most expedient; and in addition to the powers and authorities by any Ordinance or by these presents expressly conferred on them, they may exercise all such powers, give all such consents, make all such arrangements, appoint all such agents, managers, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, visiting agents, superintendents, inspectors, assistants, clerks, artizans, labourers, and other servants, for such period or periods, and with such remuneration, and at such selaries, and upon such terms and conditions, as they may consider advisable, and enter into agreements in connection therewith, and from time to time determine the duties of all persons so appointed; and may pay the expenses occasioned thereby out of the funds of the Company, and may from time to time remove or suspend all or any of the managers, agents, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, officers, visiting agents, superintendents, inspectors, assistants, clerks, agents, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, officers, visiting agents, superintendents, inspectors, assistants, clerks, agents, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, officers, visiting agents, superintendents, inspectors, assistants, clerks, artigrap secretaries, treasurers, accountants, officers, visiting agents, superintendents, inspectors, assistants, clerks, artians, labourers, or servants of the Company, for such reason as they may think proper and advisable, and without assign-

114. Legal advisors.—The Directors shall have power to appoint a proctor or proctors, solicitor or solicitors, attorney or attorneys to assist in carrying on, or protecting, the business of the Company on such terms as they may consider proper and from time to time to revoke such appointment. 115. Banking arrangements.—The Directors shall have power to open from time to time, on behalf fif the Company, any accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint, and also by such signature of the proper terms and also by such signature.

Company, any accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint, and also by such signature as they may appoint to draw, accept, make, endorse, sign and execute cheques, bills of exchange, and promissory notes, bills of lading, receipts, contracts, and agreements, bonds, mortgages, proxies or appointments of any provide or proctors, and other documents, on behalf of and to further the interests of the Company. 116. Arrangements for amalgamation or sale.—It shall be lawful for the Directors, if authorized so to do by the Shareholders in General Meeting, to arrange terms for the sale or disposal of the business, estates, and effects of the Company, or any part or parts, share or shares thereof, respectively, to any Company or Companies, person or persons, upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit; and the Directors shall have power to do all such things as may be necessary for carrying such amalgamation, sale, or other disposition into effects of **tar as a** resolution or special resolution of the Company is not by law necessary for such purpose; and in case any **terms so** to that end. to that end.

to that end. 117 General powers.—The Directors shall exercise, in the name and on behalf of the Company, all such powers of the Company as are not expressly required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, and shall generally do all such acts and things as are, or shall be, by any Ordinance or by these presents directed and authorsed to be exercised, given, made or done by the Company, and are not by any Ordinance or by these presents directed and authorsed be executed or done by the Company in General Meeting, subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of any such Ordi-nance and of these presents, and to such regulations and providons (if any) as may from time to time be presented by the Company in General Meeting, but no regulations niade by the Company in General Meeting shall invitate any prior act of the Board, which would have been valid if such regulations had not been made. The generality of the powers conferred by any Article of these presents on the Directors shall not in taken to be limited by any Article conferring any special or expressed power. 118. Special powers.—In furtherance, and not in limitation of, and without prejudice to, the general powers conferred or implied in the last preceding Article, and of the other powers conferred by these presents, it is acceptive expressly declared that the Directors shall have the powers following, that is to say :— (1) To take such steps as they think fit to carry into effect the purchase and acquisition of the said income-(1) To take such steps as they think fit to carry into effect the purchase and acquisition of the said income-(1) To take such steps as they think fit to carry into effect the purchase and acquisition of the said income-(1) To take such steps as they think fit to carry into effect the purchase and acquisition of the said income-(1) To take such steps as they think fit to carry into effect the purchase and acquisition of the said income-(1) To take such steps as they think fit to carry into effect the pur

- (1) To take such steps as they think fit to carry into effect the purchase and acquisition of the said fease-hold property known as Bandar, situate in Kuala Langat, Selangor, Federated Malay States afore-mentioned, subject to the terms and conditions contained in any grants, transfers or other in the manual sector.
- (2) To institute, conduct, defend, compound, or abandon any action, suit, prosecution, or legal proceedings by and against the Company or its officers, or otherwise concerning the affairs of the Company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due, and of any claims, and due to debt due at a proceeding the affairs of the Company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due, and of any claims, and due to debt due at a proceeding to the company. demands made by or against, the Company.
 (3) To refer any claim or demand made by or against the Company to arbitration, and observe and perform or enforce the award.

- or enforce the award.
 (4) To make and give receipts, releases, and other discharges for money payable to the Company; and for claims and demands of the Company.
 (5) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents, with power to accept the office of trustee, assignee, liquidator, or inspector, or any similar office.
 (6) To invest any of the moneys of the Company, which the Directors may consiler not immediately required for the purposes thereof, upon such securities and n such manner as they may think fitted so that they shall not be restricted to such securities as are permissible to trustees without model not accept the such time to vary or release such investments. powers, and from time to time to vary or release such investments.
- (7) From time to time to provide for the management of the affairs of the Company abroad in such manner as they think fit, and to establish any local boards or agencies for managing any of the affairs of the Company abroad; and to appoint any persons to be members of such local board, or any management agents abroad, and to fix their remuneration.

(8) From time to time and at any time to delegate to any one or more of the Directors of the Company for the time being, or to any other person or Company for the time being residing or carrying on busines in Ceylon or elsewhere, all or any of the powers hereby made exercisable by the Directors, except times.

relating to shares, and any others as to which special provisions inconsistent with such delegation are herein contained; and to fix the remuneration of, and at any time to remove, such Director or other person or Company, and to annul or vary any such delegation.

The Directors shall not however be entitled to delegate any powers of borrowing or charging the property of the Company to any agent of the Company or other person, except by instrument in writing, which shall specifically state the extent to which such powers may be used by the person or persons to whom they are so delegated will compliance therewith shall be a condition precedent to the exercise of these powers.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

119. 119. Meeting of Directors.—The Directors may meet for the despatch of business, adjourn, and that the the second s

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A Director may summon meeting of Directors .- A Director may at any time summon a meeting of 120. Directors.

121. Who is to preside at meetings of Board.—The Board may elect a Chairman of their meetings and deter-mine the period for which he is to hold office, and all meetings of the Directors shall be presided over by the Chairman, if one has been elected and is present, but if there be a vacancy in the office of Chairman, or if at any meeting of Directors the Chairman be not present at the time appointed for holding the same, then and in that case the Directors

present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting. 122. Questions at meetings how decided.—Any question which shall arise at any meeting of the Directors shall be flecided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman thereat shall have a casting vote in addition to his vote as a Director. 123. Beard may approximate any affiliate. The Board way delogate any of their powers to committees consisting

Board may appoint committees.-The Board may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting 123. of such member or members of their body as the Board think fit, and they may from time to time revoke and discharge of such member or members of their body as the Boyrd think ht, and they may from time to time revoke and discharge any such committee, either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee so formed shall, in exercise of the powers delegated to it, conform to all such regulations as may be prescribed by the Board. All acts done by any such committee, in conformity with such regulations and in the fulfilment of the purposes of their appointment but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board. 124. Acts of Board or committee valid notwithstanding informal appointment.—The acts of the Board or of any committee appointed by the Board shall, notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board or committee, or defect in the appointment of any Director or of any member of the committee, be as valid as if no such vacancy or defect had existed, and as if every person had been duly appointed, provided the same be done before the discovery of the defect. 125. Regulation of proceedings of committees.—The meetings and proceedings of such committees shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto, and be not superseded by the express terms of the appointment of such committees respectively, or any regulation imposed by the Board.. 126. Resolution in writing by all the Directors as valid as if passed at a meeting of Directors.—A resolution in

126. Resolution in writing by all the Directors as valid as if passed at a meeting of Directors.—A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted.

MINUTES.

127. Minutes of proceedings of the Company and of the Directors to be recorded. - The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in books to be provided for the purpose of the following matters, videliset :--

- (a) Of all appointments of officers and committees made by the Directors.
 (b) Of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors, and of the members of the committee appointed by the Board present at each meeting of the committee.
 (c) Of the resolutions and proceedings of all General Meetings.
 (d) Of the resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of the Directors; and of the committees appointed by the Board present at each meetings.
- by the Board.
- (e) Of all orders made by the Directors.

128. Signature of minutes of proceedings and effect thereof.—All such minutes shall be signed by the person, or one of the persons who shall have presided as Chairman at the General Meeting, the Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting at which the business minuted shall have been transacted, or by the person, or one of the persons who shall preside as Chairman at the next ensuing General Meeting, or Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively; and all minutes purporting to have been signed by any Chairman of any General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Com-mittee Meeting, respectively, shall, for all purposes whatsoever, be prima facis evidence of the actual and regular passing of the resolutions, and the actual and regular transaction or occurrence of the proceedings and other matters, purporting to be so recorded, and of the regularity of the meeting at which the same shall appear to have taken place, and of the Chairmanship and signature of the person appearing to have signed as Chairman, and of the date on which such meeting was held. on which such meeting was held.

COMPANY'S SEAL.

129. The use of the seal.—The seal of the Company shall not be used or affixed to any deed or instrument except in the presence of two or more of the Directors, or of one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries, of the Company, who shall attest the scaling thereof, such attestation on the part of the Secretaries, in the event of a firm being the Secretaries, being signified by a partner or duly authorized manager, attorney, or agent of the said firm signing for and on behalf of the said firm as such Secretaries.

ACCOUNTS.

Accounts. 130. What accounts to be kept. - The Agent or Secretary, or the Agents or Secretaries, for the time being, or if there be no Agent or Secretary, or Agents or Secretaries, the Directors, shall cause true accounts to be kept of the paid up capital for the being of the Company, and of all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and of the matters in respect of which such receipts and expenditure take place, and of the assets, credits, and liabilities. of the Company, and generally of all its commercial, financial, and other affairs, transactions, and engagements, and of all other matters necessary for showing the true financial state and condition of the Company; and the accounts shall be kept in such books and in such a manner at the registered office of the Company as the Directors think fit. 131. Accounts how and when open to inspection.—The Directors shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent, and at what times and places, and under what conditions or regulations, the accounts and tooks of the Company or of any of them shall be open to the inspection of the Shareholders, and no Shareholder shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by the statutes or authorized by the Directors, or by a resolution of the Company a statement of the profit and loss account of the preceding in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company a statement of the profit and loss account of the preceding year, and a balance sheet containing a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company made up to the end of the previous year.

preceding year, and a balance sheet containing a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company made up to the end of the previous year. 133. Report to accompany statement.—Every such statement shall be accompanied by a report as to the state and condition of the Company, and as to the amount if any which they recommend to be paid out of the profits by way of dividend or bonus to the Shareholders, and the statement, report, and balance sheet shall be signed by the Directors. 134. Copy of balance sheet to be sent to Shareholders.—A printed copy of such balance sheet shall, at least seven days previous to such meeting, be delivered at, or posted to, the registered address of every Shareholder. 135. Division of Profits.—Subject to the rights of Shareholders entitled to shares issued upon special con-ditions, the profits of the Company shall be divisible among the Shareholders in proportion to the amount paid up on the shares held by them respectively. Provided, nevertheless, that where capital is paid up in advance of calls upon the footing that the same shall carry interest, such capital shall not, whilst carrying interest, confer a right to participate in profits. 1.1

1. A. A. DIVIDENDS, BONUS, AND ESERVE FUND.

136. Declaration of dividend.—The Company in General Meeting may from time to time declare a dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus, to the Shareholders according to their rights and interests in the profits, but no dividend shall be payable except out of nett profits. 137. Interim dividend.—The Directors may from time to time pay to the Shareholders such interim divi-

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137. Interim dividend.—The Directors may from time to time pay to the Shareholders such interim dividend as in their judgment the position of the Company justifies.
138. Reserve fund.—Previously to the Directors recommending any dividend, they may set aside, out of the profits of the Company, such a sum as they think proper as a reserve fund, and shall invest the same in such securities as they shall think fit, or place the same in fixed deposit in any bank or banks.
139. Application thereof.—The Directors may from time to time apply such portion as they think fit of the reserve fund to meet contingencies, or for equalizing dividends, or for working the business of the Company, or for repairing or maintaining or extending the buildings and premises, or for the repair or renewal or extension of the property or plant connected with the business of the Company or any part thereof, or for any other purpose of the Company which they may from time to time deem expedient.
140. Unwaid interest or dividend not to hear interest.—No unpaid interest or dividend or bonus shall ever bear

140. Unpaid interest or dividend not to bear interest. - No unpaid interest or dividend or bonus shall ever bear interest against the Company.

141. No Shareholder to receive dividend while debt due to Company.-No Shareholder shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividend or bonus in respect of his share or shares whilst any moneys may be due or owing from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company in respect of such share or shares, or otherwise however.

 otherwise however.
 142. Directors may deduct debt from the dividends. - The Directors may deduct from the dividend or bonus payable to any Shareholder all sums of money due from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company, and notwithstanding such sums shall not be payable until after the date when such dividend is payable.
 143. Notice of dividend; forfeiture of unclaimed dividend. - Notice of all interest, or dividends, or bonuses to become payable shall be given to each Shareholder entitled thereto; and all interest, or dividends, or bonuses unclaimed by any Shareholder for three years after notice thereof is given may be forfeited by a resolution of the Board for the benefit of the Company, and if the Directors think fit may be applied in augmentation of the reserve fund.

144. Shares held by a firm.—Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any partner of such firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm.

145. Joint-holders other than a firm. - Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any, share held by several persons jointly other than a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any one of such persons.

AUDIT.

Accounts to be audited. - The accounts of the Company shall from time to time be examined, and the 146.

correctness of the balance sheet ascertained by one or more Auditor or Auditors. 147. Qualification of Auditors.—No person shall be eligible as an Auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Shareholder in any transaction of the Company, but it shall not be a necessary qualification for an Auditor that he be a Shareholder of the Company, and no Director or officer of the Company shall, during his continuance in office, be eligible as an Auditor.

148. Appointment and retirement of Auditors. - The Directors shall appoint the first Auditors of the Company and fix their remuneration; and all subsequent Auditors except as hereinafter mentioned shall be appointed at the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company in each year by the Shareholders present thereat, and shall hold their office only until the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company in the following year, or until otherwise

their office only until the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company in the following year, or until otherwise ordered by a General Meeting.
149. Betiring Auditors eligible for re-election. — Retiring Auditors shall be eligible for re-election.
150. Remuneration of Auditors. — The remuneration of the Auditors, other than the first, shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting, and this remuneration may from time to time be varied by a General Meeting.
151. Casual vacancy in number of Auditors how filled up. — If any vacancy that may occur in the office of Auditor shall not be supplied at any Ordinary General Meeting, or if any casual vacancy shall occur, the Directors shall, subject to the approval of the next Ordinary General Meeting.
152. Duty of Auditors. — Every Auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet intended to be i laid before the next Ordinary General Meeting generally or especially as he may think fit.
153. Company's accounts to be open to Auditors for audit. — All accounts, books, and documents whatsoever of the Company shall at all times be open to the Auditors for the purpose of audit.

NOTICES.

Notices how authenticated. - Notices from the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed 154.

164. Notices now authenticated. -- Notices from the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed or written) of the Agent or Secretary, Agents or Secretaries, or other persons appointed by the Board to do so.
 155. Shareholders to register address. -- Every Shareholder resident in Ceylon shall give an address in Ceylon, which shall be deemed to be his place of abode, and shall be registered as such in the books of the Company.
 156. Non-resident Shareholders must register addresses in Ceylon. -- Every Shareholder residing out of Ceylon shall name and register in the books of the Company an address within Ceylon at which all notices shall be served upon him, and all notices served at such address shall be deemed to be well served. If he shall not have named and upon him, an additional provides he chill not be avtilized to any notices.

registered such an address, he shall not be entitled to any notices. Service of notices.—A notice may be served by the Company upon any Shareholder either personally, or by sending it through the post, in a prepaid letter, addressed to such Shareholder at his registered address or place of shareholder to whom such notice is addressed be dead, unless and until his executors or administrators shall have given to the Directors, or to the Agent or Secretary, or Agents or Secretaries of the Company, their own or some other address in Ceylon.

other address in Ceylon. 157. Notices to joint-holders of shares other than a firm.—All notices directed to be given to Shareholders shall, with respect to any share to which persons other than a firm are jointly entitled, be sufficient if given to any one of such persons, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares. 158. Date and proof of service.—Any notice if served by post shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the letter containing the same would in the ordinary course of post have been delivered at its address and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and put into a Post Office or post box, and the entry in the Company's books of the leaving or s inding by post of any notice at or to such address shall be sufficient evidence thereof, and no further evidence shall be necessary. 159. Notices by advertisement.—All notices required to be given by advertisement shall be published in the Certain Government Gasette.

4 3 AEBUTRATION. ~

* * * # ... Directors may refer disputes to arbitration. - Whenever any question or other matter whatsoever arises 160. In dispute between the Company and any other company or persons, the same may be referred by the Directors to arbitration. . 1 . EVIDENCE.

161. Exidence in action by Company against Shareholders .- On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought or instituted by the Company against any Shareholder, or his representatives, to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is, or was when the slaim arose, on the register of Shareholders of the Company as holder of the number of shares in respect of which such claim is made, and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company; and it shall not be necessary to prove the registration of the Company, nor the appointment of the Directors who made any call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made, nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convend or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof of the matters aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

PROVISION RELATIVE TO WINDING UP OR DISSOLUTION OF THE COMPANY.

162. Purchase of Company's Property by Shareholders.—Any Shareholder, whether a Director or not, or whether alone or jointly with any other Shareholder or Director, and any person not a Shareholder, may become the purchaser of the property of the Company or any part thereof, in the event of a winding up or a dissolution, or at any other time when a sale of the Company's property or effects, or any part thereof, shall be made by the Directors under the powers hereby, or under the Ordinance, conferred upon them.

In witness whereof the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereto set and subscribed their names, Robert Holme Summer Scott and Alexander Craib at Hatton this 4th day of March, 1910; Charles Gregory Ryan and John Percival Blackmore at Talawakelle this 5th day of March, 1910; Forbes Griffith Saunder and Robert Webster at Nuwara Eliya this 5th day of March, 1910; and Guy Bohun de Mowbray at Hatton this 6th day of March, 1910 March, 1910.

> R. H. S. SCOTT. A. CRAIB, CHARLES RYAN.

J. P. BLACKMORE.

F. G. SAUNDER. ROBERT WEBSTER.

Witness to the above signatures :

F. LIESCHING.

Proctor, Supreme Court.

G. B. DE MOWBRAY.

Witness to the signature of Guy Bohun de Mowbray:

F. LIESCHING,

· Proctor, Supreme Court.

The Udapolla Rubber Company, Limited.

OTICE is hereby given that the Seventh Annual Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of the Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 18, Upper Chatham street, Fort, Colombo, on March 19, 1910, at 12 noon.

Business.

1. To receive the report of the Directors and accounts to December 31, 1909.

2. To declare a dividend.

To elect a Director. 3.

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To appoint an Auditor and transact any other 4. business that may be duly brought before the Meeting.

By order of the Directors,

GORDON FRAZER & CO.,

Agents and Secretaries.

Colombo, March 8, 1910.

The Udapolla Rubber Company, Limited.

OTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of the Company will be held at the registered office of the Company, No. 18, Upper Chatham street, Colombo, on Saturday, March 19, 1910, immediately after the Ordinary General Meeting convened at 12 noon on

that date, for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing the following special resolutions :-

I. (a) That each of the 2,040 fully paid shares of Rs. 100 in the Capital of the Company be subdivided into ten fully paid shares of Rs. 10 each.

(b) That the shares resulting from the division of each of the existing Rs. 100 shares be re-numbered so that the shares' representing those now numbered 1 to 2,040 be re-numbered 2,041 to 22,440.

That the Articles of Association be altered in the following manner :----

(a) In Article 5 of the Memorandum, the words Rupees One hundred " be deleted, and the words Rupees Ten " be substituted.

(b) In lieu of Article No. 59 the following Article shall be substituted :--- " The Seal of the Company shall not be affixed to any instrument except in the presence of one Director and Secretary for the time being, who shall attest the sealing thereof."

(c) In Article 83, the words "Made up to a date not more than three months before such meeting " ' shall be deleted.

Should the above special resolutions be passed by the requisite majority, they will be submitted for confirmation as special resolutions to a subsequent General Meeting which will be convened for the purpose.

By order of the Directors,

GORDON FRAZER & CO.

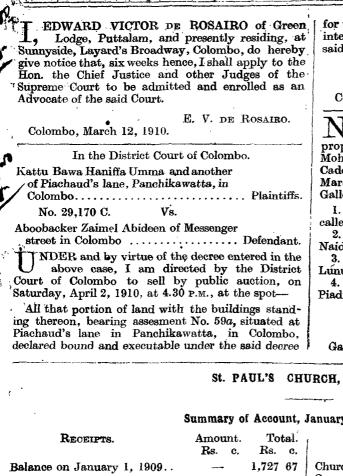
Agents and Secreta

Colombo, March 8, 1910.

552 PART V CEYLON GOVERNM	ENT GAZETTE — Mirch 11, 1910
The Drayton (Ceylon) Estates Company, Limited.	Mahagama Rubber Company, Emited * 7
NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual Ordinary General Meeting of the Company will be held at the registered office of the Company, No. 2, Queen treet, Fort, Colombo, on Tuesday, March 22, 1910, at 12 noon.	NOTICE is hereby given that the First Ordinar General Meeting of the Shareholders of th Company will be held at No. 18, Baillie street, Fort Colombo, on Friday, March 18, 1910, at 3 P.M.
Business. 1. To receive the report of the Directors and ecounts for the past year. 2. To transact any other business that may be	Business. 1. To receive the Director's report and account for the six months ended December 31, 1909. 2. To appoint Directors.
uly brought before the Meeting.	3. To appoint Auditors and for such other busines as may be brought before the Meeting.
Notice is hereby given that the transfer books of the ompany will be closed from March 15 to 22, 1910, oth days inclusive.	By order of the Directors, SKRINE & Co., Agents and Secretaries. Colombo, March 8, 1910.
By order of the Directors, WHITTALL & Co., Agents and Secretaries.	The Hingurugama Tea and Rubber Company, Limited.
Colombo, March 10, 1910.	NTOTICE is hereby given that an Ordinary General
The Sunderland (Ceylon) Rubber Company, Limited.	\perp Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the office of the Colombo Commercial Company, Limited, Slave Island, or
General Meeting of the Company will be held t the registered office of the Company, No. 2, Queen treet, Fort, Colombo,on Wednesday, March 23, 1910,	Friday, March 18, 1910, at 11 o'clock forenoon, fo the following purposes :
t 12 noon. Business.	 statement of accounts to December 31, 1909. (2) To elect Directors. (3) To elect an Auditor for 1910.
 To receive the report of the Directors and ecounts for the past year. To transact any other business that may be 	(4) To transact any other business that may be duly brought before the Meeting.
aly brought before the Meeting. Notice is hereby given that the transfer books of the	By order of the Directors, Colombo Commercial Co., Limited, (John G. Wardbor, Manager)
ompany will be closed from March 16 to 23, 1910, oth days inclusive.	Agents and Secretaries. Colombo, March 7, 1910.
By order of the Directors, WHITTALL & Co.,	The Indo-Malay Estates, Limited.
Agents and Secretaries. Colombo March 10, 1910. The Doolgaila (Ceylon) Rubber Company, Limited.	NOTICE is hereby given that the Fourth Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of, this Company will be held at Ambewatte House, Slave Island, Colombo, on Saturday, March 19, 1910, at 12 noon.
OTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders in the	Business. 1. To receive the Directors' report and accounts
General Meeting of the Shareholders in the oolgalla (Ceylon) Rubber Company, Limited, will held at the registered office of the Company, No. 2,	for the year ending December 31, 1909. 2. To elect a Director. 3. To appoint an Auditor for the current year,
rince street, Fort, Colombo,' at noon on Monday, arch 21, 1910-	and for such other business as may be brought before the Meeting.
(1) To authorize the Directors to sell the Com- any's property, Doolgalla estate, on the following rms:	(The transfer books of the Company will be closed from March 11 to 19, 1910.)
Rs. 495,000 cash payable in exchange for transfer on March 31, 1910, with interest at the rate	By order of the Directors,
of 5 per cent. per annum from January 1, 1910, the purchasers taking over as at January	CUMBERBATCH & Co., Agents and Secretaries. Colombo, March 11, 1910.
 1, 1910, also paying for all outstanding advances— ad to execute the said transfer. And if the above authority is given, then— 	T, POULIER MARTINES PERERA WATTE- GAMA, of Kandana, in Ragam pattu of Alutkuru korale, do hereby give notice, in terms of section 8 of Ordinance No. 1 of 1907, of my intention,
 (2) To pass a special resolution that the Company eliquidated voluntarily. (3) To appoint a liquidator for the purpose of vinding up the affairs of the Company and distributing the assets. 	three months hence, to apply to the Registrar-General of the Island of Ceylon to be admitted and enrolled a Notary Public to practise in the Sinhalese language within the District of Galle.
AITREN, SPENCE & Co., Agents.	P. M. P. WATTEGAMA.

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GOVERNMENT GAZETTE MABON 11, 1910 - CEYLON PABT V. -



1.727 67 Sunday Collections. 586 6 Holy communion . . 1,492 94 General Sinhalese 86 86 . . 2,165 86 Special Collections. **Diocesan** Funds 108 52 Choir Fund ... 13 79 2 50 Mother's Union . . 138 90 Jews' Mission • • Easter day ... 174 14 . . Endowment Fund 41 76 . . 479 61 732 50 Pew Rents Stipend Funds. 1,609 25 English Tamil 257 40 Sinhalese 438 75 . . 2,305 40 1.682 0 Interest, Incorporated Trustees 41 76 Endowment Fund Synod Assessment, Tamil 6 50 **Congregation** .. Sundries. 210 0 Rent 25 64 Bank interest . . Others 1 98 . . 237 62 9.378 92 Total

for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 974.50, with further interest and cost of suit, and ordered to be sold by the said decree.

> *** 肥) D. B. GUNABATNE, Auctioneer.

126, Dematagoda, Colombo, March 9, 1910.

NOTICE is hereby given that under instructions from the District Court of Galle the following property belonging to the estate of the insolvent Mohammadu Lebbe Maricar Mohammadu Abdul Cader of Kumbalwella, will be put up for sale on March 14, 1910. at 2 P.M., at the District Court. Galle :-

I. Half part of the fruit trees and soil of the land called Bokiriyawatta, situated at Kumbalwella.

2. One-third part of the field called Haggodawella Naiduwa at Opata.

3. One-twelfth of one-sixth of the lot marked B of Lúnuwilakumbura, situated at Galupiyadde.

One-third part of Mudillagahawatta, situated at Piadigama.

By order,

V. R. MOLDBICH,

Secretary.

Galle, February 26, 1910.

KANDY.

Summary of Account, January to December, 1909.

	DISBURSEMENTS.		Amount. Rs. c.	
	Church servants	••	4 26 0	
	Organist and Choir		635 50	
	Lighting		335 70	
	Poor	••	42 5 65	· · · ·
	Synodal assessment		, 99 0	
ļ	Stipends		4,608 37	
	Special collections	••	479 61	
	Sundries.		•	i ÷
1	Collectors' commission		107 22	
	Church wine and bread		83 48	
1	Vicar's accounts	- 10	73 79	
1	Books printing, &c.	• *=	71 64	
I	Bank commission		4 11	
(Taxes		147 47	
1				487 71
	Repairs to buildings		 	274 82
	Insurance	•••	`	. 19 9
1	Balance			1,587,56
1				· , ·

1. :

Tota] 9.378 92

A. W. B. BUCKLE, LT.-COL. Honorary Treasurer.

Audited : F. C. MACDONALD, 5554

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

WITH reference to the notice to mariners dated October 18, 1909, notice is hereby given that this bell buoy painted in black and white chequers referred to in the notice to mariners dated January and 30, 1909, has this day been replaced by an acetylene gas buoy showing occulting red light—light seconds, eclipsed 5 seconds.

The occulting leading light referred to in the notice to mariners dated December 23, 1908, will not be discontinued at present. A further notice will be issued before discontinuing the leading light.

2	Notice of New Light or Alteration of Light.		
	Name of light: South-West Breakwater Extension gas buoy.		
	Place: North end of rubble foundation.		
•	Latitude: N. 6° 57'.	1.2	*
	Longitude: E. 79° 51'.		
	Number of lights and relative positions: One.		· ·
•	Colour of light: Red.	۰.	
	Fixed, flashing, fixed and flash, intermittent, alternating, revolving	: Occulting.	
•	Interval of revolution of flash: Ten seconds.		1
	Miles seen in clear weather from a ship's deck: Six.	i.	
•	Time light is shown : Sunset to sunrise.	1	
	Colour or any pecularity of lighthouse, including sectors in light (i	f any): Light buo	y painted
	brown.		- , ·
	Height in feet of centre of lantern above high water : Ten feet.		
• • •	Height in feet of building from base to vane: Nil.	1	
	When lighted: March 9, 1910.	•	
	Character and order of illuminating apparatus: Acetylene gas, 140	candle power.	
	Description of fog signal (if any): Nil.	• .	
	Remarks: Light 5 seconds, eclipsed 5 seconds. This light will be a	discontinued on co	mpletion
	of extension.		
Mantan	Attendant's Office,	G. A. COLBER	m Ast.
		Acting Master Atta	
C010	mbo, March 9, 1910.	COUNTRA TOPOOL COM	ALL COLLOS
			E.

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL NOTICES.

MUNICIPALITY OF KANDY.

Minutes of Proceedings of a Meeting of the Municipal Council of Kandy, held in the Town Hall, Kandy, on January 29, 1910, at 8 a.m., in accordance with Notice dated January 23, 1910.

Present :-- The Hon. Mr. J. P. Lewis, Chairman; Mr. E. Beven; Mr. W. D. Gibbon; Dr. G. P. Schokman; Mr. W. C. Price; Mr. E. L. Wijegoonewardene; Mr. S. A. Owen; Mr. R. W. Jonklass; and Mr. V. M. Saravanamuttu.

1. The Minutes of Proceedings of the Meeting held on December 18, 1909, having been praviously submitted to the Chairman for his approval, and a copy thereof furnished to each Member, were takin as read and confirmed by the Chairman.

- The following documents were submitted :---
 - (a) Statements of Receipts and Expenditure from close of 1908 to December 31, 1909, on account of the Municipal Fund, comprising the (No. 1) General Revenue and Consolidated Rate (Police and Lighting) and (No. 2) Water-rate Accounts.
 - (b) Progress Report of Works brought up to the same date.
 - (c) Health Officer's Report for December.
 - (d) Statement of cases instituted by the several Inspectors, and of work done by the Münicipal Magistrate during the month of December.
 - (e) The Reservoir Readings for December.

Resolved—That the several statements, together with the Minutes of Proceedings of this Meeting as required by section 90 of the Municipal Councils' Ordinance, No. 7 of 1887, and the Health Officer's Repair, be forwarded to the Colonial Secretary for publication in the *Government Gazette*.

3. The following papers were laid on the table :-- Reports by the several Inspectors on laundries, toakeries, dairies, stand pipes and house-service taps inspected during December.

4. Correspondence :---

2

(1) Letter No. 1 of January 12, 1910, from the Hon. the Colonial Secretary, intimating that Government has sunctioned the schedule of fees proposed to be levied from the current year for trade licenses, &c.-Read.

(2) Letter No. 2 of January 12, 1910, from the Hon. the Colonial Secretary intimating that Government has sanctioned the scale of fees proposed to be levied for licenses for encroachments, temporary erections, &c.--Read.

(3) Letter No. 1 of January 5, 1910, from the Hon. the Government Agent; Central Province, intimating that nothing has been decided as to a toll on the new bridge at Lewella.-Read.

(4) Copy of letter No. 4 of January 14, 1910, from the Controller of Revenue to the Hon. the Government Agent, Central Province, for the information of the Chairman.-Read.

(5) Copy of letter of December 27, 1909, from the Hon. the Colonial Secretary to Mr. E. B. Seuter, the Municipal Magistrate, for the information of the Chairman.—Read. (6) Copy of letter No. 5 of January 10, 1910, from the Hon. the Colonial Secretary to the Colonial

Auditor for the information of the Chairman.-Read.

(7) Letter of January 15, 1910, from the Hon. Mr. S. C. Obeyesekere requesting that the rent for the Hermitage bungalow for the month of December may be paid to him in consideration of his having paid the full purchase amount on the date of purchase (November 27) of bungalow.

Resolved,-That the rent for December be paid to Mr. Obeyesekere.

(8) Letter of December 30, 1909, from Mr. Gordon Pyper, asking for compensation for damage done to tea and cacao crop while the water pipes were being laid.

Resolved-That Mr. Pyper be paid Rs. 5 compensation.

(9) Letter of December 10, 1909, from Mr. J. T. Trowell re survey of Roseneath and amalgamated estates for re-consideration.

Resolved-That Mr. Trowell be employed to carry out the survey at Re. 1 an acre. Survey to be completed and plan furnished within three months from February 1.

(10) Letters of January 20 and January 26, 1910, from the Superintendent of Municipal Works, asking for re-votes of balances on the estimates for last year and for a sum of Rs. 500 to be expended in advances to coolies.

Resolved—That the amounts be re-voted. The Council is not prepared to make the advance of Rs. 500 asked for, and would impress on the Superintendent of Municipal Works the necessity for giving out more work on contract.

(11) Letter of January 12, 1910, from the Accountant re cash balances at the end of the year. Resolved-That a sum of Rs. 32,800 from No. 1 Account and a sum of Rs. 46,000 from No. 2 Account be placed for a period of 12 months in the Mercantile Bank in the fixed deposit.

Papers re the Municipal School. 5.

To consider the apointment of-

(1) An attendance officer.

(2) A teacher.

On the motion of the Chairman the Council went into Committee.

After some discussion the Council resumed and the Chairman moved that the Council do appoint one teacher for Sinhalese and one for Tamil, and that the Gangawatta Korala be appointed attendance officer at Rs. 10 a month. This was agreed to.

Papers re application from the Automobile Club for a site for a garage on the reclamation ground.

The Chairman moved that a space 100 ft. by 40 ft. be allowed on the reclamation ground on a rent of Rs. 50 a year. The building to be of iron, and to be removed without compensation whenever required on three months' notice.--Carried.

7. Audit query No. 42 for authority of Council for payment of commission to the supervisor of conservancy on estimates for emptying cesspits.

Mr. Wijegoonewardene moved that the necessary authority be granted. Mr. Jonklass seconded .---Carried.

To pass the following estimates :---

				\mathbf{Rs} .	c.	
(1) Improvements to Municipa	l school			701	4	
(2) Extending water service al	ong Lady Mac	Carthy's road	• •	743	0	
(3) Repairs to ferry boats	· · ·	•••	••	1,289	8 8	

Resolved-That the estimates be sanctioned, with the exception of repairs to Ilukmodara and Gonawatta boats.

9. Tenders for -

. · · . . ·

8.

Night soil drums.
 Four night soil carts.

Resolved-That the tenders of P. N. M. Mohamadu Ali and Martin Fernando for (1) and (2) respectively be accepted.

10. The election of Standing Committees for the current year resulted as follows :---

A.-Law and General Subjects.

Messrs. E. Beven, W. D. Gibbon, and R. W. Jonklaas.

B.—Markets and Sanitation.

Dr. G. P. Schokman and Messrs. W. C. Price and S. A. Owen.

C.-Finance and Assessment.

Messrs. E. Beven, W. D. Gibbon, and E. L. Wijegoonewardene.

D.-Municipal Works.

Messrs. W. C. Price, S. A. Owen, and V. M. Saravanamuttu.

Confirmed this 19th day of February, 1910:

J. P. LEWIS, Chairman.

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Statement of Receipts and Disbursements to December, 1909.

No. 1.-GENEBAL REVENUE AND ASSESSMENT TAX ACCOUNT.

		•	1 A. A.
	Estimated Bassinta		Dis burs e-
	Amount. Receipts.		ments.
REVENUE.	Rs. c. Rs., c.	Expenditure.	Rs. c.
Balance from 1908	46,762 48	Arrears	·
Arrears		Cemetery account-wages, &c.	1,012 81
Cemetery account-fees and		Commutation rate-establishment and	
graves	1 100 0 1 000 70		1,234 88
Commutation rate	10.000 0 10 840 04	-	1,962 45
Interest	000 0 000 00		177 17
Judicial account—fines			1,144 62
Lake silt-Government con		Judicial account—establishment and	,
tribution			1,605 65
Licenses	11 050 50 15 510 50	1 9	2,911 32
Miscellaneous receipts			1.615 75
Public market—rents			80.64
	0 010 0 0 000 H0	Miscellaneous charges	840 19
	0F0 0 F10 00	Office charges-establishment and	
	14 105 O 14 450 FO	sundries	12,475 86
		Pensions	1,716 71
Scavenging—bucket fees Slaughter-houses—fees		Public marketestablishment, lighting,	-,,
	0,200 0 1,100 33	&c	4.445 73
Taxes on vehicles and	2,550 0 3,26 3 39	Rents-expenses on account cattle shed	.,
• animals	27,334 0 27,387 96	and Town Hall	912 73
Tolls	21,004 0 21,001 90	Registration of dogs-seizing and	
Public works-Government	7.077 0 7.506 10		1.547 0
contribution, &c	1 1 4 7 9 7 9	Stamp duties-branding carts, &c.	725 2
Sundry receipts	- 4,103 73	Sanitation—establishment and sundries	9,636 27
			37.400 61
		Slaughter-houseestablishment, grass,	31,104 01
			2,400 44
		&c	Lagave TT
		Taxes—expenses on account vehicles	120 9
			192 20
		Time charges—wages, powder, &c 'folls charges—repairs of boats and	102 20
			1,314 74
• '		approaches	
		Public works	42,707 63
х I		· ·	÷ .
	Ass essment	Tax Account.	· · ·
	5.0 00 0 7,111 62	Arrears—commission, &c.	401. 38
Arrears	28,500 0 32,911 21	Assessment tax charges	1,392 25
Assessment tax, 1909	- 536 99	Maintenance of police	14,723 76
Sundry receipts	000 99	Street lighting	21,006 34
	•		146 3
			61,515 15
		Balance carried torward	01,010 10
	127 094 50 007 985 49	Total	227,365 42
Total	157,934 50 227,365 42	. 10081	No1,000 14
	Allowed a shorted a factorial a state and a state and a state of the s		
		· ·	•

No. 2 .- WATER-BATE ACCOUNT.

· ·		Estimat Amour		Receir	ots.
REVENUE.		Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.
Balance from 1908 Arrears Water-rate, 1909 Fairieland and Roseneath Water service account Sunday receipts	•• •• •• ••	1,800 26,500 2,000 4,350 2,100	0 0 0 0 0	36,181 3,817 29,710 11,614 5,304 3,431	33 22 99 84
Total	676	36,750	0	90,060	67

Kandy, February 10, 1910.

VIVIAN PEREIRA, A.N.F.A. (LOND.) Accountant, M.C.

Total

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EXPENDITURE.

Arrears---commission, &c.

Waterworks maintenance Water service account

Fairieland and Roseneath

Balance carried forward

Diversion of Hermitage stream Rents-bungalows ...

Water-rate charges.. Interest and sinking funds

Sundry disbursements

Disburse ments.

Rs. c.

18,154 43 3,176 2,042

> 3,936 92 567 31

> > 183 50

55,479 55

90,060 67

197 43 5,723 68

8

Progress Report of Works done brought up to December 31,#1909

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	¥.		. •	Progress Rep	ort q	or Wor	ks do	ne bro	ught u	ip to	Dece	mber a	31,*1	1909.					
	17.	timoto	-			Amo	unt	Expe	nditur	e .	Exper	nditure	•	То	tal	11	nexp	and	50
		timate No.	Heads of H	Expenditure.		vote	l for	broug	ht up i	to	for1)əcəm-	E	xpen	litur		nexp Bala	nce	Βđ
				- +		the Y	ear.	Nov. 3	0, 190	9.	ber,	1909.	fc	or the	• Yea	r.			199 -
						Rs.	c.	\mathbf{R}	s. c.		P	ls. c.		R	s. c.		R	s .	c.
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	2	Town	a streets	•••				. 5,6			. 45	7 26b		6,14	10 85			59 1	15
	3	Alut	gantota an	d Lady Ander															
		roa	ads	••	•	. 900) 0.		37 41		•	0 50c	••	78	17 97		11	2	3
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	* 5			hirawakanda,															
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	6	Muni	icipal buildi	ings 3	• •	2,16) 0.	. 2,12		•		08 6 7 <i>f</i>		2,22		••		**	
	7	Wate	ering streets	8	••	1,02			3 46	•		9 20g			2 66			23	
	8	Mark	et building	8 %S	••	1,800		. 1,13		•	-	5 7h			2 14			78	
	9	Orna	montal tree	×s	••				3 12	•		0 4i	••		3 16			28	
	10					1,000			3 10	•		2 54j	••		5 64			4 3	
	11	Bath	ing and dho	bies' washing t	anks				5 43	٠			• •		5 43			4 5	
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	15 16		park						9 30	••	284		••	1,61	2 14	••		380	
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	18								2 17	••			••		1 86			9 73	3
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	24			ahirawakande			50.		1 90	•••	104	-	••			•••		84	
	25			vegetable stal) 69	••		-	••	210		••			:
	26			I cattle shed			50.) 48				••	280	40	••			
	27			iry latrine		160					_		••			•••	160	· . 0	,
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	33			shing market															
			ghter-house			454	25	237	7 63	۰.				237	63.	•	216	37	
	34	Incine	rator for b	urning rubbish	••	4,500	. 0	2,100	3 63		694	6t	3	,400	69.	. 1	1,099	31	
	35		oad, Lewell			2,015			7 78		687	41 <i>u</i>	1			•	869		
	*36	Drains	s round Pul	blic Offices		4,554	0	55	3 81	••			••				3,994	19	
	37	Drains	s a longside	of the R a ilway		900	θ	1,260) 42				1	,260	42.			•	
	38	Boat l		· •	• •	1,450	0		7 50	• •	· 4 0	78v		6 6 8		•	781		
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	•		ion of strea		••	5,268	43	3,263	3 92	••	358	36 x	3	3, 622		·. 1	,646		
			room, Katı		• •	1,0 0 2	77	924	6 3	••			•	924		•	78		
			ing wall, M	leda-ela	• •		30	339	20		74	0у.	•	413		•	111		
		8 New r		••	۰.	128	0	94	81	••		•	•	94		•	23		
			Hall impro-		••		33		60	••			·		<u>60</u> .		12		
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			g and cover		••	2,880	0	2,172	78	••	140	60 a 1.	. 2	,313	38.	• •	566 ·		
			approaches.	• •	••		0			••		•	• 1	214	· ·	• ·		0	
		Ferry		•	••	1,100		1,314		••	,	٠		,314		•	45		
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			nance of wa			4,746		2,857	-	*2.0	291			38	52. 0		,596 108	±0 0	
	1			o fountains	•••	146	0	38	0 60	••	670	7		,9 72			848		
			ging streets	•				2,302		••	98	0		,906			93		
		Lake si House	american	•		3,000 1 600	-	2,808		••	36		, <u>~</u> ,	680			919		
:		Fire en	•	•	•••	1,600 259	0	6 4 3 144		••	78			222			319		
	~			·	•• •														
	-	(a) 31	o varas silt	cleared from l	oarre	u aran	is Ks.	47.01	, grati	ngs	cleane	ou rus.	12.	41, I	rxea	one	grati	ung	1

(a) 313 yards silt cleared from barrel drains Rs. 47.01, gratings cleaned Rs. 12.21, fixed one grating

(a) 313 yards sift cleared from barrel drams Rs. 47.01, gratings cleaned Rs. 12.21, fixed one grating Re. 1.37, made one manhole cover Re. 1.17, cost of 500 bricks Rs. 6 = Rs. 67.76.
(b) 25 cubes metal broken Rs. 162.50, 16 cubes metal spread Rs. 44.26, 7 cubes gravel transported Rs. 75, 14 cubes gravel spread Rs. 3.45, proportionate cost of store and lime watcher Rs. 33.38, cost of repairs to tools Rs. 3.40, weeding Victoria drive Rs. 4.12, picking loose metal Rs. 5.75, 50 cubes earthwork clearing quarry Rs. 79.90, clearing cometery road Re. 1.54, repaired trolley Rs. 9.50, repaired hand carts Re. 1.55, cost of powder, fuse, &c., Rs. 60.20, supervision Rs. 20, contingencies Rs. 18.96 = Rs. 457.26.

(c) Cost of nails 56 cents.

(d) 48 cubes gravel spread Rs. 12.10, landslips removed Rs. 3.25, Lady Longdon's drive weeded Rs. 5:92, 2 cubes gravel piled Rs. 2.31, forest overseer's pay Rs. 35, supervision Rs. 25 = Rs. 83.58. Sec. Car

PART V. - CEYLON GOVERNMENT GAZETTE - MARON 11, 1910

(e) 7 cubes earthwork removed Rs. 10 09, new planks put to bridge Rs. 156 94 = Rs. 167.03.

(1) Ironwork of latrines repaired Rs. 5.87, whitewashed latrines Rs. 9, whitewashed slaughter-house Rs. 4.30, whitewashed lake spill stores Rs. 4.30, Katugastota ambalam roof repaired Rs. 57.88 latrine

receptacles Rs. 10-55, 600 tiles Rs. 6 = Rs. 98, 67.

(g) Hire of bullocks Rs. 19.20. (h) Fixed grating Re. 1.37, whitewashed market Re. 1.20, lined market walls with glazed tiles Rs. 2.50, $= \operatorname{Rs.} 5 \cdot 07.$

al all () Watering plants and pruning Rs. 30:04.

(*j*) Cost of tools Rs. 102.54.

÷. (k) Mowing grass and weeding ground Rs. 33.98, wages of watcher Rs. 12.40, contingencies Re. 1.48 = Rs. 47 · 86.

(1) Repaired railway well, Mahaiyawa, Rs. 46.75, cost of lime Rs. 9, cost of bricks Rs. 7, contingencies **Rs.** 6.06, transported materials Re. 1.50 = Rs. 70.31.

(m) Cleared and weeded grounds and paths Rs. 12.47, turfed a portion of embankment Rs. 10, contingencies 36 cents = Rs. $22 \cdot 84$.

(n) Wages of extra guards Rs. 149.50, cost of diets Rs. 43.24, cost of loading and blasting rock Rs. 46.45, contingencies Rs. $15 \cdot 50 = \text{Rs.} 254 \cdot 69$.

(o) 17 cubes gravel spread Rs. 21:49.

(p) 3.80 cubes masonry built Rs. 104.76.

(q) 7 cubes metal broken Rs. 45 50, 10 barrels cement Rs. 100, stamping floor Rs. 2 59, 32 square 4 inches cement concrete floor Rs. 512, 7.64 square cement plaster Rs. 76.40, 14.41 square lime plaster Rs. 72.05, 256 feet galvanized iron gutters Rs. 64, 54 feet down pipe Rs. 12.42, 120 feet covered drain **Rs. 43.20, 4 galvanized rain water heads** Rs. 4 = Rs. 946.30.

(r) 41 boundary stones supplied and fixed Rs. 123.

(s) Repairing rack Rs. 7.30.

(t) Cost of 200 fire bricks Rs. 45, 6 bags Re. 1 20, 7,000 bricks Rs. 84, 2 carts lime Rs. 14, 16:38 cubes earthwork Rs. 16.38, 12 cubes cement concrete Rs. 60, 19.48 cubes brickwork Rs. 358.84, 150 square feet brick arching Rs. $75 = \bar{R}s.$ 694.06.

(u) 331.60 cubes earthwork Rs. 298.44, made centring for arch Re. 1.44, 50 cubes brickwork Rs. 175, 4:67 cubes stone masonry Rs. 107.41, 2 bars steel Rs. 15.12, cost of cement Rs. 10, 32 feet barrel drain Rs. 80 = Rs. 687 · 41.

(v) Erected pile driver Rs. 26.04, made joints for rail Rs. 14.74 = Rs. 40.78.

(w) 96 square feet dressed stone Rs. 144, 4 cubes gravel Rs. 5, metalling and widening road Rs. 9.43 = Rs. 158.43.

(x) Excavated and laid pipes Rs. $106 \cdot 22$, transported pipes Rs. $12 \cdot 50$, cost of earthenware pipes and rail fare Rs. $222 \cdot 65$, cost of cement Rs. 10, surveyed and levelled Re. $1 \cdot 99$, supervision Rs. 5 = Rs. $358 \cdot 36$,

(y) Wages of guards Rs. 60, cost of 2 carts lime Rs. 14 = Rs. 74.

(z) Overtime pay Rs. 6.51.

(a1) Excavated pits Rs. 83-83, covered pits Rs. 51.75, cleared jungle Rs. 3.22, cost of disinfectant Re. $1 \cdot 80 =$ Rs. $140 \cdot 60$.

Kandy, March 2, 1910.

Health Officer's Report for December, 1909.

Scavenging .-- The scavenging of the town was unsatisfactory during the latter half of the month; the I understood was due to the difficulty of obtaining carts owing to an outbreak of foot-and-mouth disease. Drainage.-The drains both deep and surface were clean, this being in a great measure due to the frequent and copious showers that fell during the month.

Alleys .- Every attention is paid to these places. In bad cases prosecutions have been entered.

Bakeries .-- Clean and well kept.

Laundries.-Were regularly inspected and found clean.

Dairies.-Clean and well kept.

Cooly Lines.—Generally well kept, the premises attached to them being swept regularly.

Water Supply .-- Good, but not sufficient.

Market.-The public market was kept clean. The new vegetable market was completed this month, but the accommodation is not sufficient for the storage of vegetable on Mondays and Fridays. Public Latrines.—Are all kept as clean as possible.

Night Soil Depót.-Clean and well kept.

Eating houses and Boutiques .-- Well kept, and the articles of food exposed for sale good and whele-

Dry-fish Boutiques.---Well kept.

some.

Food Supply. -558 cattle, 136 buffaloes, 190 sheep, 357 goats were slaughtered during the month. 8 head of cattle, 1 buffalo, and 12 goats were rejected during the month as unfit for human food.

The following organs were condemned and buried :-goats: 4 livers, 14 lungs, and 1 heart.

ોક્ર Public Health.—The health of the town has been on the whole satisfactory; 4 cases of measles, 5 cases

of chick atore was an outbreak of foot-and-mouth disease this month. All necessary pecautions were taken by the Government Veterinary Surgeon.

also hipts in to the Government Bacteriologist, who has reported that the examination for rabies has were set sult in each case. All necessary action was taken by the Superintendent of Police. s were se anír giver positive re

bies were circulated among the residents of Kandy. Notices re rei .

GEO. P. HAY, L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin.), L.F.P. & S. (Glas.) Health Officer.

د. در محسب مکان می از کار از

G. FRED. BUULTJENS, Superintendent of

ીં ની Kandy, January 10, 1

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TRADE MARKS NOTICES.

Application No. 440.

IN compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinances, 1888 to 1904," as amended by the Ordinance No. 9 of 1906 and 15 of 1908, and the Regulations made on June 1, 1906, notice is hereby given that Messrs. Freudenberg & Co., of 29, 30, 31, and 32, Chatham street, Fost, Colombo, who claim to be the proprietors of the following Trade Mark, have applied for the registration of the same in their name in respect of Langes and Chimneys in Classes 13 and 15 respectively in the Classification of Goods in the above-mentioned. Regulations —

MA

The essential particulars of the Trade Mark is the device as illustrated above, and the applicants disclaim any right to the exclusive use of the added matter.

Registrar-General's Office, Colombo, March 10, 1910. P. ARUNACHALAM, Registrar-General.

Application No. 448.

IN compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinances, 1888 to 1904," as amended by the Ordinance No. 9 of 1906 and 15 of 1908, and the Regulations made on June 1, 1906, notice is hereby given that Mr. Jno. N. Keith of Colombo, Proctor, have applied for the registration of the following Trade Mark in the name of Thomas Thomas, John Griffiths Thompson, and George Woodworth Thompson, Merchants, carrying on business in the Fort of Colombo under the name, style, and firm of Thompson, Thomas & Co., who claim to be the proprietors thereof in respect of substances used as food or as ingredients in food in Class 42 in the Classifification of Goods in the above-mentioned Regulations :—



The essential particulars of the Trade Mark are the distinctive device as per above and the words "Motor Brand." The applicants disclaim any right to the exclusive use of the added matter.

Registrar-General's Office, Colombo, March 10, 1910. P. ARUNACHALAM, Registrar-Gruend

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Vessels.	COLOMBO.	ss. Cheruskia ss. Tosa Maru ss. Josa Maru ss. Umfuli ss. Nadir ss. Nadir ss. Deta ss. Clan Matheson ss. Clan Matheson ss. Scharzfels ss. Moldavia ss. Scharzfels ss. Moldavia ss. Joharato ss. Joharato ss. Japan ss. Historian ss. Konangsi ss. Konangsi	GALLE. ss. Clan Maomillan
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Corr Fibre	ţ		
Luar21	ewt.	2 3	
Fibre.	t. cwt.		

Importation of Rice from Indian and other Ports during the Week.

TO COLOMBO :			Bags	TO GALLE :		Bags.
From Bombay Calcutta Tuticorin Rangoon Singapore Penang Alleppey	•• •• • • • • • •	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	184 102,968 9,972 14,123 3,117 5,070 25	From Calcutta Southern India	· • · • •	 4,63 9 9 ,08 7
	Total	۰.	135,459		Total	 13.726
H. M. Customs, Colombo, March 7, 1910.					F. J. for Princip	

ROAD COMMITTEE NOTICES.

Ratnapura-Malwala Ferry Branch Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the Local Committee in respect of the above road will be held on Friday, March 18, 1910, at 2 P.M., at the Ratnapura resthouse, for the purpose of electing new Members for the Local Committee in place of Messrs J. S. Patterson and Hyde Bird, who have left the district, and any other competent business that may come before the meeting.

Wewelwatta estate, February 25, 1910. WM. HENDRY, Chairman, Local Committee.

LOCAL BOARD NOTICES.

LOCAL BOARD OF KALUTARA.

Statement of Revenue and Expenditure of the Local Board of Health, of Kalutara for the Year 1909.

REVENUE.

Balance on December : Taxes.	Amount. Rs. c. 31, 1908 —	Total. Rs. c. 6,551 37	Fines.	,	Amount. Rs. c.	Total. Rs. c.
Taxes. Assessment Assessment Assessment Commutation Commutation Commutation Vehicle tax Licenses. Opium Carts Boats	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8,991 55	Police Court fines, &c. Stray cattle Rents. Rents of lands, &c. Rents of markets <i>Miscellaneous</i> . Slaughter-house fees	· ··- ··-	638 0 145 25 79 50 1,066 25 761 25	783 25 1,145 75
Proctors' and Notaries' Petroleum Offensive trade Liquor Firearms Butchers'	432 25 125 0 3 0 1,235 0 16 15 14 25	10,111 30	Sundries Cemeteries		313 87 210 0 Total	1,285 12 28,868 34

		د خانی د. حد کارتوبو ک	Exper	NDITURE.		State Jaka Thing	
-		Amount.	Total.	1 ^{°°}		Amount.	Tot
1		Rs. c.	Rs. c.	•		Rs. c.	Rs.
By establishmen		·	2,492 50	Public Work	8.		
Office Contin	ngencies.			• Upkeep of Local	• •	3 585 10	
Cost of binding		3 21		Upkeep of public	buildings and		
Value of station		. 42 23		places	••	485 36	
Advertisement c		27 31		Upkeep of culver	ts and bridges	339 <u>)</u> 511 50	
Train fare, &c.		2 37		Purchase and rep	airs of stores	511 50	
Hire for alterin			•				4,921
Board stamp a out cart licens	and for-writing	4 50		Cart hire for	removing		
Value of printed		. 4 70 62 46		materials '	• •	: .	•
Value of two dril		02 40	10	Lighting.	,		: •.
peon		3 50			lamna nuttur	•	
Repairing the en	nbossing press	1 75		Cost of 20 street ing, removing,			
Cost of telegram	s	1 75		different places		857 18	
a ta sta ana	.		149 28	Cost of lighting st	reet lamps	3,540 24	•/* 1
Police Charg	yes.				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. 	4;397
Destruction of st		27 90		Miscellaneou	8.		
Value of cartridg	ges	11 3		Cost of postage		15 0	
Cost of removing	g and burying			Refund of deposi		4 0	· .
dead bodies of	ot pauper and	. 10 0		Cost of Inspector	's cloths	18 0	
cattle	a nationta to	10 0		Audit charges	•••		-
Cost of removin Hospital	R hannenns ro	6.0		Advertisement ch	arges	3 0 291	
TRONDADOR	••	U. U	54 93	Trainfare Pay of midwife	and value of	2 9 1	
Rev enue Ser	nicae			medicines	and value of	90 70	
		#00 à.		Cost of District C	ourt case No.		5
Commission to ta		$\begin{array}{ccc} 566 & 64 \\ 25 & 0 \end{array}$		3,945	••	249 47	
Value of dog coll Commission to as		75 0		Travelling expension	es to Inspec-		а
ay of cart licens		20 20		tor from Ha	nbantota to	121.4	5
life for branding		1 90	•	Kalutara and l	ack	32 76	·
			688 74	Advance to Insp	ector for the	175 0	ساجين
Sanitary Cha	uraes.	•		purchase of a b	icycle	170 0	705
5. Cong (18		5 100 ×0		Cemeteries.	·	- <u></u>	1171
lost of scavengin Value of coal tar		5,488 56 248 17		1	- hearner		
lost of telegrams		3 75		Pay of cemetery coolies	-keeper and	·	
Rail fare, &c.		6 15	- 16	coolies		•i 	
In account of s						•	20,763
rinderpest	• ••	1,003 41		•	-	•	8,104
			6,750 4		*		
Plague.					· · · ·	Total	28,8682
an Plama Hc	ospital keeper		120 0	l Maria and a second		- 	
		, ao nereby	v swear that account of t	the above is a tru he Local Board of l	and correct a Kalutara, and t	hat the ba	an mone lance is
I. George	l during the ye	ar 1909 on ernment Ag	ent.			G. F. PLA	NT,
I, George ecceived and paid he hands of the	l during the ye	ernment Ag	ent.	· ·			
I, George ecceived and paid he hands of the	l during the yea Assistant Gove	ernment Ag 3rd day of 1	ent.		· · · ·		
I, George ceeived and paid he-hands of the	l during the yea Assistant Gove	ernment Ag 3rd day of 1	ent. March, 1910 7. G. JAXAW				NT, hairman
I, George coeived and paid he hands of the	l during the yea Assistant Gove	ernment Ag 3rd day of 1	ent. March, 1910 7. G. JAXAW	ABDANA,	*		hairman.
I, George ceeived and paid he-hands of the	l during the yea Assistant Gove	ernment Ag 3rd day of 1	ent. March, 1910 7. G. JAXAW	ABDANA,	*	C	hairmân.
I, George ceeived and paid he-hands of the	l during the yea Assistant Gove	ernment Ag 3rd day of 1	ent. March, 1910 7. G. JAXAW	ABDANA,	*	C	hairmân.
I, George eccived and paid he hands of the Sworn to k	l during the ye Assistant Gove before me this	rnment Ag 3rd day of J Jyo. V	ent. March, 1910 . G. JAXAW Justice	ABDANA, of the Peace.	Cyril A.	Cl L. Orr, I	hairman.
I, George eccived and paid he hands of the Sworn to k	l during the ye Assistant Gove before me this	rnment Ag 3rd day of J Jyo. V	ent. March, 1910 . G. JAXAW Justice of the Boar	ABDANA,	Cyril A.	Cl L. Orr, I	hairman. Member
I, George eccived and paid he hands of the Sworn to k	d during the year Assistant Gove before me this at of Assets and	rnment Ag 3rd day of J Jyo. V	ent. March, 1910 . G. JAXAW Justice of the Boan Amount.	ABDANA, of the Peace. rd of Health of Kal	Cyril A. utara fòr the Ya	Cl L. Orr, I	hairman Member Amoun
I, George eccived and paid he hands of the Sworn to k Statemen Asser	l during the ye Assistant Gove before me this it of Assets and	rnment Ag 3rd day of J Jyo. V	ent. March, 1910 . G. JAXAW Justice of the Boan Amount. Rs. c.	ABDANA, of the Peace. rd of Health of Kal LIABILIT	Cyril A. utara for the Yo	Cl L. Orr, J car 1909.	hairman: Member
I, George eccived and paid he hands of the Sworn to k Statemen Asser Salance on Decen	l during the ye Assistant Gove before me this it of Assets and	rnment Ag 3rd day of J Jyo. V	ent. March, 1910 . G. JAXAW Justice of the Boan Amount. Bs. c. 8,104 99	ABDANA, of the Peace. rd of Health of Kal LIABILIT Amount for lighti	Cyril A. utara for the Yo ies.	Cl L. ORR, I sar 1909. cot lamps	hairman Member Amoun
I, George eccived and paid he hands of the Sworn to k Statemen Asse Sajance on Decen	l during the ye Assistant Gove before me this it of Assets and	rnment Ag 3rd day of J Jyo. V	ent. March, 1910 . G. JAXAW Justice of the Boan Amount. Rs. c. 8,104 99 30 50	ABDANA, of the Peace. rd of Health of Kal LIABILIT Amount for lightin in November a	Cyril A. utara for the Yo ies. g.two extrastru ad December, 1	Cl L. ORR, I sar 1909. cot lamps	hairman Member Amoun
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I, George eccived and paid he hands of the Sworn to k Statemen Asser Sajance on Decen Johicle tax Jarkets Boat licenses	l during the ye Assistant Gove before me this it of Assets and is. nber 31, 1909 To Fredrick Plan	rnment Ag 3rd day of Jyo. V I Liabilities	ent. March, 1910 . G. JAXAW Justice of the Boar Amount. Rs. c. 8,104 99 30 50 40 0 102 60 8,278 9	ABDANA, of the Peace. rd of Health of Kal LIABILIT Amount for lightin in November an Commission to ta By balance	CYRIL A. utara for the Ya res. rg two extra stra nd December, 1 x collectors	Cl L. ORB, I car 1909. eet lamps 909	hairman Mombor Amou Re <u>15</u> <u>1552</u> 7,725 8,275
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	Amount.	Total.	the Local Board of Health of Kaluta	Amount. Total.
REVENUE.	Rs. c.	Rs. c.		Rs. c. Rs. c.
Balance on December 31, 1909		. 8,104 99	Establishment	- 2,940 0
Taxes.		4.	Office contingencies	- 200 0
Assessment tax for the three	9 090 10	-	Police charges	- 150 0
quarters of 1910	2,022 18		Revenue services	
Assessment tax for arrears of 4th quarter, 1909	470 Å.		Sanitary charges	- 5,300 0
Assessment tax on account of	672 88		Plague	300 0
Government buildings	209 0	·· ·	Upkeep of roads, &c. Upkeep of public buildings and	4,500 0
	400 U	2,904 6		
Commutation		2,904 0 6,000 0	Purchase of stores and repair-	400_0
Dog tax	80 0	0,000 U	ing stores	
Vehicle tax	175 0	-	1118 BAA1 02	- U UU U
		2 55 0	Lighting.	
Licenses.		V		
Opium	9,177 0		Cost of lighting street lamps,	0.000
Carts	380 0		&c	- 3,800 0
Boats	102 60		Miscellaneous.	· · · · ·
Carriages	120 0	•		
Proctors' and Notaries'	400 0		Advances	300 0
Liquor	1,235 0		Contribution towards the cost	990 09
Petroleum	125_0	- ·	of audit	230 93
Butchers'	9 50		Cemeteries	530 93
rearms	10 0	11	Cemeteries	252 0
· Finas		11,559 10		
Fines. Fines by Police Magistrate, &c.	100 0		•	
	100 0 100 0		· · · ·	
stray cattle	100 0	200 0		
Rents.	•			•
Nown Hall, lease of trees, &c.	75 0	#		
larkets	1,000 0			
•••	-,	1,075 0		
Sundries.		_,V		
laughter-house fees	500 0			en e
undries including advances	400 0			
emeteries	200 0		Total expenditure	19,872 93
		1,100 0	Balance	11,325 22
•	· – Total	31,198 15.		lotal 31,198 15
Local Board Office,			G. F. PL	ANT, Chairman.
Kalutara, March 3, 1910.				L. ORR; Member.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		That him -		ىڭىيىلەر ئەيچىنى <u>م يېچە مەرىپىدىن.</u> مەرىپىغىرىكى بىرىكى بىرىپى
SOA BOA	NU UF H	BALTH, M	ATARA DISTRICT.	
		l Expenditur	re of the Sanitary Board, Weligama	, 1909.
	Revenue and			
	Revenue and Amount.			Amount. Potal.
Statement Showing I		Total.	· · ·	Amount: Potal. Rs. sc. Bs c
Statement Showing I Revenue.	Amount.	Total. Rs. c.	Expenditure.	Rs. s.c
Statement Showing I REVENUE. alance on January 1, 1909	Amount.	Total.	EXPENDITURE, Salaries of establishment	(R.s. e. Es. c. 535 0
Statement Showing I REVENUE. alance on January 1, 1909 ssessment tax recovered	Amount. Rs. c.	Total. Rs. c. 507 56	EXPENDITORE, Salaries of establishment Scavenging	Rs. 360 - 285 0. 535 0 489 0
Statement Showing I REVENUE. alance on January 1, 1909 ssessment tax recovered during 1909	Amount.	Total. Rs. c.	EXPENDITORE, Salaries of establishment Scavenging Latrines	Rs. Bat. 5 535 0 489 0 454 88
Statement Showing I REVENUE. alance on January 1, 1909 ssessment tax recovered during 1909 ines in nuisance and burial	Amount. Rs. c.* 2,448 37	Total. Rs. c. 507 56	EXPENDITORE, Salaries of establishment Scavenging Latrines Lighting	Rs. Bas 6 535 0 489 0 454 88 214 79
Statement Showing I REVENUE. alance on January 1, 1909 ssessment tax recovered during 1909 ines in nuisance and burial cases	Amount. Rs. c. 2,448 37 903 0	Total. Rs. c. 507 56	EXPENDITORE. Salaries of establishment Scavenging Latrines Lighting Cometery	Rs. Base 6 535 0 489 0 454 88 214 79 250 40
Statement Showing I REVENUE. alance on January 1, 1909 ssessment tax recovered during 1909 ines in nuisance and burial cases attle pound collections	Amount. Rs. c.' 2,448 37 903 0 337 47	Total. Rs. c. 507 56	EXPENDITURE. Salaries of establishment Scavenging Latrines Lighting Cemetery Cattle pound	Rs. Bas 6 535 0 489 0 454 88 214 79
Statement Showing I REVENUE. alance on January 1, 1909 ssessment tax recovered during 1909 ines in nuisance and burial cases attle pound collections	Amount. Rs. c. 2,448 37 903 0	Total. Rs. c. 507 56	EXPENDITORE, Salaries of establishment Scavenging . Latrines . Lighting . Canteery . Cattle pound Repairs to slaughter-house Repairs to carriage stand	Rs. sec. Bas. c. 535 0 489 0 454 88 214 79 250 40 165 80
Statement Showing I REVENUE. alance on January 1, 1909 ssessment tax recovered during 1909 ines in nuisance and burial cases attle pound collections	Amount. Rs. c.' 2,448 37 903 0 337 47 107 50	Total. Rs. c. 507 56	EXPENDITORE, Salaries of establishment Scavenging . Latrines . Lighting . Canteery . Cattle pound Repairs to slaughter-house Repairs to carriage stand	Rs. Rs. Rs. Rs. r. 535 0 0 0 0 489 0 0 0 0 454 88 214 79 250 40 165 80 255 0 13 0
Statement Showing I REVENUE. alance on January 1, 1909 ssessment tax recovered during 1909 ines in nuisance and burial cases attle pound collections	Amount. Rs. c.' 2,448 37 903 0 337 47 107 50	Total. Rs. c. 507 56	EXPENDITURE. Salaries of establishment Scavenging Latrines Lighting Cemetery Cattle pound Repairs to slaughter-house	Rs. sec. Bas. c. 535 0 489 0 454 88 214 79 250 40 165 80 '25 0
Statement Showing I REVENUE. alance on January 1, 1909 ssessment tax recovered during 1909 ines in nuisance and burial cases attle pound collections	Amount. Rs. c.' 2,448 37 903 0 337 47 107 50	Total. Rs. c. 507 56	EXPENDITORE, Salaries of establishment Scavenging . Latrines Lighting Cometery Cattle pound Repairs to slaughter-house Repairs to carriage stand Repairs to paths and canals	Rs. Rs. Rs. Rs. r. 535 0 0 0 0 489 0 0 0 0 454 88 214 79 250 40 165 80 255 0 13 0
Statement Showing I REVENUE. alance on January 1, 1909 ssessment tax recovered during 1909 ines in nuisance and burial cases attle pound collections	Amount. Rs. c.' 2,448 37 903 0 337 47 107 50	Total. Rs. c. 507 56	EXPENDITORE, Salaries of establishment Scavenging Latrines Lighting Cemetery Cattle pound Repairs to slaughter house Repairs to carriage stand Repairs to paths and canals in the town	Ref. Part 6 535 0 489 0 454 88 214 79 260 40 165 80 25 0 13 0 253 80 9 3
Statement Showing I REVENUE. alance on January 1, 1909 ssessment tax recovered during 1909 ines in nuisance and burial cases attle pound collections	Amount. Rs. c.' 2,448 37 903 0 337 47 107 50	Total. Rs. c. 507 56	Expenditional Salaries of establishment Scavenging . Latrines . Lighting . Cemetery . Cattle pound Repairs to slaughter-house . Repairs to slaughter-house . Repairs to carriage stand Repairs to paths and canals in the town Stationery . Commission to assessors and collectors	Ref. Part 6 535 0 489 0 454 88 214 79 250 40 165 80 25 0 13 0 133 76
Statement Showing I REVENUE. alance on January 1, 1909 ssessment tax recovered during 1909 ines in nuisance and burial cases attle pound collections	Amount. Rs. c.' 2,448 37 903 0 337 47 107 50	Total. Rs. c. 507 56	EXPENDITORE, Salaries of establishment Scavenging . Latrines . Lighting Cemetery Cattle pound Repairs to slaughter-house Repairs to carriage stand Repairs to paths and canals in the town Stationery Commission to assessors and	Rs. 36. 235. 6. 535 0 489 0 454 88 214 79 250 40 165 80 25 0 13 0 253 80 9 3 133 76 81 1
Statement Showing I REVENUE. alance on January 1, 1909 ssessment tax recovered during 1909 ines in nuisance and burial cases attle pound collections	Amount. Rs. c.' 2,448 37 903 0 337 47 107 50	Total. Rs. c. 507 56	Expenditioner, Salaries of establishment Scavenging . Latrines Lighting Cemetery Cattle pound Repairs to slaughter-house Repairs to slaughter-house Repairs to carriage stand Repairs to paths and canals in the town Stationery Commission to assessors and collectors Miscellaneous payments	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Rs. sc.} & \textbf{Psc.} & \textbf{c} \\ 535 & 0 \\ 489 & 0 \\ 454 & 88 \\ 214 & 79 \\ 250 & 40 \\ 165 & 80 \\ 25 & 0 \\ 13 & 0 \\ 253 & 80 \\ 9 & 3 \\ 133 & 76 \\ 81 & 1 \\ \hline 2,625 & 47 \\ \end{array}$
Statement Showing I REVENUE. alance on January 1, 1909 ssessment tax recovered during 1909 ines in nuisance and burial cases attle pound collections	Amount. Rs. c.' 2,448 37 903 0 337 47 107 50	Total. Rs. c. 507 56	Expenditional Salaries of establishment Scavenging . Latrines . Lighting . Cemetery . Cattle pound Repairs to slaughter-house . Repairs to slaughter-house . Repairs to carriage stand Repairs to paths and canals in the town Stationery . Commission to assessors and collectors	Rs. 36. 235. 6. 535 0 489 0 454 88 214 79 250 40 165 80 25 0 13 0 253 80 9 3 133 76 81 1
Statement Showing I REVENUE. alance on January 1, 1909 ssessment tax recovered during 1909 ines in nuisance and burial cases attle pound collections and tary collections iscellaneous receipts	Amount. Rs. c.' 2,448 37 903 0 337 47 107 50 35 92	Total. Rs. c. 507 56	Expenditional Salaries of establishment Scavenging . Latrines . Lighting Cometery . Cattle pound Repairs to slaughter-house Repairs to slaughter-house Repairs to carriage stand Repairs to paths and canals in the town Stationary . Commission to assessors and collectors Miscellaneous payments Balance, December 31, 1909	Rs. 35 0 535 0 489 0 454 88 214 79 250 40 165 80 253 80 9 3 133 76 81 1 2,625 47 1,714 35
Statement Showing I REVENUE. alance on January 1, 1909 seessment tax recovered during 1909 ines in nuisance and burial cases attle pound collections and tary collections iscellaneous receipts	Amount. Rs. c.' 2,448 37 903 0 337 47 107 50 35 92	Total. Rs. c. 507 56	Expenditional Salaries of establishment Scavenging . Latrines . Lighting Cometery . Cattle pound Repairs to slaughter-house Repairs to slaughter-house Repairs to carriage stand Repairs to paths and canals in the town Stationary . Commission to assessors and collectors Miscellaneous payments Balance, December 31, 1909	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Rs. sc.} & \textbf{Psc.} & \textbf{c} \\ 535 & 0 \\ 489 & 0 \\ 454 & 88 \\ 214 & 79 \\ 250 & 40 \\ 165 & 80 \\ 25 & 0 \\ 13 & 0 \\ 253 & 80 \\ 9 & 3 \\ 133 & 76 \\ 81 & 1 \\ \hline 2,625 & 47 \\ \end{array}$
Statement Showing I REVENUE. alance on January 1, 1909 seessment tax recovered during 1909 nes in nuisance and burial cases attle pound collections andetary collections iscellaneous receipts	Amount. Rs. c.' 2,448 37 903 0 337 47 107 50 35 92	Total. Rs. c. 507 56	Expenditional Salaries of establishment Scavenging Latrines Lighting Cemetery Cattle pound Repairs to slaughter house Repairs to slaughter house Repairs to paths and canals in the town Stationery Commission to assessors and collectors Miscellaneous payments Balance, December 31, 1909	Rs. 35 0 535 0 489 0 454 88 214 79 250 40 165 80 253 80 9 3 133 76 81 1 2,625 47 1,714 35

S 2.4.0

I certify that I have examined the above statement and compared it with the books and supporting vouchers and that it is correct, that subject to my reports No. 28 of November 19, 1909, and No. 6 of January 29, 1910, the revenue due has been duly collected and the expenditure is in conformity with law and authority B. Arsting

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Statement of Assessment Tax outstanding at the end of 1909, Sanitary Board, Weligama.

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• -	Name of Division.		Arrears due for 3rd Quarter, 1909. Rs. c.		Amount due for 4th Quarter, 1909. Rs. c.	-	Total. Rs. c.
1.	Karaweediya	••			112 85		112 85
2.	Paranaweediya	••	2 38	•••	38 63	••	41 1
3.	Hettiweediya	•••	4 50		64 30		68 80
4.	Galweediya				15 70		$15 \ 70$
5.	Walliwela	••	0 40		56 5	••	56-45
6.	Kapparatota	•••			55 85		55 85
7.	Kumbalgama		0 90	•••	9 40		10 30
8.	Kudalumulla				16 85	•.•	16 85
9.	Ponhettimulla			•••	27 36		$27 \ 36$
10.	Galbokka	• •			29 35		$29 \ 35$
11.	Alutweediya	••			38 85		38 85
12.	Kohunugamuwa	••	·		20 50	••	20 50
13.	Mudugamuwa	••			$20 \ 15$		· 20 15
14.	Pelena .				$49 \ 45$	•••	49 45
							·
			8 18	-	555 29		563.47
						•	

Matara Kachcheri, February 10, 1910. W. L. KINDERSLEY, Chairman.

LOCAL BOARD OF BATTICALOA.

Estimate of Probable Revenue and Expendituce of the Local Board of Batticaloa for the Year 1910.

	Amount		nt.	Total.			Amount.		Total.			
	REVENUE.	$\mathbf{Rs.}$	c.	$\mathbf{Rs.}$	c.				Rs.	e.	Rs.	C.
1.	Taxes—					1	Expenditure.					
	Property rates	4,000	0			1.	Interest and sinking fu	ınd				
	Thoroughfares Ordi-						on loan	••			1,100	0
	nance collection 2,500 0				2.	Cost of administration—		Ť				
	Vehicles and animals	200	0				Establishment		2,414	0		
	Dogs	150	0				Office contingencies		200	ŏ		
	-	•		6,850	0		Cost of audit		90	Ō		
2.	Licenses-			•			Revenue services	••	815	0		
	Opium	850	0			1	·	-			3,519	0
	Carts, boats, and guns	700	0			3.	Education					
	Liquor, petroleum, &c.	900	0			4.	Sanitation	••			6.062	0
•	Butchers'	15	0			5.	Lighting				1,190	
	Proctors' and Notaries'	270	75			6.	Police				125	
		·		2,735	75	7.	Public works-					
3.	Rents			4,669	0	''					0 000	-0
4.	Fines			50	0		Maintenance	***			2,239	90
5.	Miscellaneous			1,500	0					-		
			_								14,235	56
				15,804	75			for				
	Balance from	1909	• •	2,242			contingent char	ges	-			
		1000	· -				and new works	••			3,811	79
		Fotal		18,047	35							
			••	10,021	50				Total	•T•	18,047	35
	• • •		-							-		- <u></u> -

Local Board Office, Batticaloa, March 4, 1910. J. O'K. MURTY,

Chairman. SAM. F. NAGAPPER, Member. No. 16 of 1865, for arrears of Local Board, Water-rate, and Police rates due on the premises and for the period mentioned in the subjoined schedule, will be sold by public auction at the Badulla Kachcheri at the time duly paid.

The sale commences on Tuesday, March 15, 1910, at J P.M., at the above-mentioned place.

Local Board Office, Badulla, March 3, 1910.

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J. C. JAYATILLEKE, Local Board Inspector.

Schedule referred to.

List of Properties seized for default of Assessment Tax for the Fourth Quarter, 1909.

	No. of Prope	ertv.	Name of Owner.		Property seized.			*
•	76	••	Estate of H. Selohamy	••	The largest mango tree standing on the property		arecanut	tree
	196	· · · ·	Y. Dingrihamy and another		Galahena	5	•	
	667		Menchinona		l coconut tree			• •
	669		Shekali		Boragastenna			
	1,129 and 1.	130	D. W. Seneviratna		Kumbukarakumbura			
	1,491 and 1,				No. 1,491.		•	1
	1174		C. S. Ibrahim and others	••	1 jak tree standing on the	prope	ertv	ŀ
	1228		Rammalhami Ango		Peramaskumbura	1 1	e	
	1326		B. Sinthaby	••	Alandugahaire			
	1420		E. J. M. Appuhamy		Udatigolpellella			
,	1535		K. Ukku Banda		Totupola-arawa			
	1571		B. M. Punchi Banda	••	Kudagalketiya		-	
	1586		Estate of Ganetirala 💦 🥗	•• *	Palleotalawa			
	1604	••	Estate of Heen Menika 🔫	۰.	Kumbale			