

- 1. The name of the Company is "SIR H. DLAS' COCONUT ESTATES, LIMITED."
- 2. The registered office of the Company is to be established in Colombo.
- \*3. The objects for which the Company is to be established are-
  - (1) To purchase or otherwise acquire, from the trustee of the will of the late Sir Henry Dias the coconut estates called Maligatenne and Siyambalape, situated in the Western Province of the Island of Ceylon, at or for the price or sum of Six hundred thousand rupees (Rs. 600,000) cash.
  - (2) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any estate or estates, land or lands, in the Island of Ceylon, the Federated Malay States, India, or elsewhere, and any right of way, water rights, and other rights, privileges, easements, and concessions, and any factories, machinery, implements, tools, live and dead stock, stores, effects, and other property, real or personal, immovable or movable, of any kind.
  - (3) To hold, use, clear, open; plant, cultivate, work, manage, improve, carry on, and develop the undertaking lands, and real and personal, immovable and movable, estates or property and assets of any kind of the Company, or any part thereof.
  - (4) To plant, grow, and produce coconuts, rubber, tea, coffee, cinchona, cacao, cardamoms, rhea, ramie and other natural products or produce of any kind in the Island of Ceylon, the Federated Malay States, India or elsewhere.
  - (5) To treat, cure, prepare, manipulate, submit to any process of manufacture, and render marketable (whether on account of the Company or others) coconuts, rubber, tea, coffee, or any other such products or produce as aforesaid, or any articles or things whatsoever; to buy, sell, export, import, trade, and deal in coconuts.
  - coconut produce, rubber, tea, coffee, and other products, wares, merchandise, articles, and thinks of any kind whatsoever, either in a prepared, manufactured, or raw state, and either by wholesale or retail. (6) To carry on in the Island of Ceylon, the Federated Malay States, India, or elsewhere all or any of the
  - (6) To carry on in the Island of Ceylon, the Federated Malay States, India, or elsewhere all or any of the following businesses, that is to say, planters of coconuts, rubber, tea, coffee, or any other such products or produce as aforesaid in all its branches; carriers of passengers and goods by land or by water; forwarding agents, merchants, exporters, importers, traders, engineers; proprietors of docks, wharves, jetties, piers, warehouses, and boats; and of tug owners and wharfingers; and any other business which can or may conveniently be carried on in connection with the above or any of them.

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- (7) To acquire or establish and carry on any other business, manufacturing, shipping, or otherwise, which can be conveniently carried on in connection with any of the Company's general business; to apply for, purchase, or otherwise acquire, any patents, brevets d'invention, concessions, and the like conferring an exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any information as to any invention which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the Company; and to use, exercise, develop, grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights, and information so acquired.
- (8) To purchase coconuts, rubber, tea leaf, coffee, and (or) other raw products or produce for manufacture, manipulation, and (or) sale.
- (9) To work mines or quarries and to find, win, get, work, crush, smelt, manufacture, or otherwise deal with ores, metals, minerals, oils, precious, and other stones, deposits or products, and generally to carry on the business of mining in all its branches.
- (10) To purchase, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire and hold boats, barges, tugs, launches, and <sup>3</sup> vessels of any description whatsoever; to purchase, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire and hold vans, omnibuses, carriages, carts, and other vehicles of any description whatsoever; and to purchase, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire and hold all live and dead stock, chattels, and effects required for the maintenance and working of the business of carriers by land or by water; of proprietors of docks, wharves, jetties, piers, warehouses; of tug owners and wharfingers; or of any other business which can or may conveniently be carried on in connection with the above respectively.
- (11) To build, make, construct, equip, maintain, improve, alter, and work coconut and coffée-quring mills, rubber and tea factories, manufactories, buildings, erections, roads, water-courses, docks, wharves, jetties, and other works and conveniences which may be necessary or convenient for the purposes of the Company, or may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the Company's interests; and to contribute to, subsidize, or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out, or control thereof.
- (12) To cultivate, manage, and superintend estates and properties in the Island of Ceylon, the Federated Malay States, India, and elsewhere, and generally to undertake the business of estate agents in the said Federated Malay States, the Island of Ceylon India, and elsewhere; to act as agents for the investment, loan, payment, transmission and collection of money, and for the "purchase, sale, improvement, development, and management of property, including concerns and undertakings; and to transact any other agency business of any kind.
- (13) To engage, employ, maintain, and dismiss managers, superintendents, assistants, clerks, coolies, and other servants, and labourers; to remunerate any such at such rate as shall be thought fit, and to grant pensions or gratuities to any such or the widow or children of any such.
- (14) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, Government, municipal, local, or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the Company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority, any rights, privileges, rebates, and concessions which the Company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise, and comply with such arrangements, rights, privileges, rebates, and concessions.
- (15) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interest, reciprocal concession, amalgamation or co-operation with any person, corporation, or company carrying on or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this Company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this Company, to take or otherwise acquire and hold shares or stock in or securities of and to subsidize or otherwise deal with such shares or securities; and to sell, hold, re-issue with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with such shares or securities; and to form, constitute, or promote any other company, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit this Company.
- (16) To procure the Company to be registered or established or authorized to do business in the Island of Ceylon, in India, the Federated Malay States, or elsewhere.
- (17) To lend money on any terms and in any manner and on any security, and in particular on the security of plantations, factories, growing crops, produce, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bonds, bills of lading, warrants, stocks, shares, debentures, or book debts, or without any security at all, and generally to transact financial business of any kind.
- (18) To borrow or raise money for the purposes of the Company, or receive money on deposit at interest or otherwise, and for the purpose of raising or securing money for the performance or discharge of any obligation or liability of the Company, or for any other purpose to create, execute, grant, or issue any mortgages, mortgage debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company either at par, premium, or discount, and either redeemable, irredeemable, or perpetual, secured upon all or any
- premium, or discount, and either redeemable, irredeemable, or perpetual, secured upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, rights, and properties of the Company, present and future, including uncalled capital or the unpaid calls of the Company. (19) Generally to purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any real or personal property,
- and any rights, privileges, licenses, or easements which the Company may think necessary or convenient with reference to any of these objects, and capable of being profitably dealt with in connection with any of the Company's property or rights for the time being.
- (20) To cause or permit any debentures, debenture stock, bonds, mortgages, charges, incumbrances, liens, or securities of or belonging to or made or issued by the Company or affecting its property or rights or any of the terms thereof to be renewed, extended, varied, redeemed, exchanged, transferred, or satisfied, as shall be thought fit; also to pay off and re-borrow the moneys secured thereby or any part or parts thereof.
- (21) To sell the undertaking of the Company or any part thereof for such consideration as the Company may think fit, and in particular, for shares, debentures, or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this Company.
- (22) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined.
- (23) To make, accept, endorse, and execute promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, and other negotiable and transferable instruments.
- (24) To remunerate any parties for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place any shares in the Company's capital, or any debentures, debenture stock, or other securities of the Company, or in or about the formation or promotion of the Company or the conduct of its business.
- (25) To do all or any of the above things in any part of the world, as principals, agents, contractors, or otherwise, or alone or in confunction with others, or by or through agents, sub-contractors, trustees, or otherwise, and generally to carry on any business or effectuate any of the objects of the Company.

- (26) To sell, let, lease, underlease, exchange, surrender, transfer, deliver, charge, mortgage, dispose of, turn to account, or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the Company, whether in consideration of rents, moneys, or securities for money, shares, debentures, or securities in any other company, or for any other consideration.
- (27) To pay for any lands and real or personal, immovable or movable, estate, property or assets of any kind acquired or to be acquired by the Company, or for any services rendered or to be rendered to the Company, and generally to pay or discharge any consideration to be paid or given by the Company, in money or in shares (whether fully paid up or partly paid up) or in debentures, debenture stock or obligations of the Company or partly in one way and partly in another or otherwise howsoever, with power to issue any shares either as fully paid up or partly paid up for such purpose.
- (28) To accept as consideration for the sale or disposal of any lands and real or personal, immovable or movable, estate, property or assets of the Company, or in discharge of any other consideration to be received by the Company, money or shares (whether fully paid up or partly paid up) of any Company, or debentures, debenture stock or obligations of any company or person or partly one and partly any other.
- (29) To distribute among the Shareholders in specie any property of the Company, whether by way of dividend or upon a return of capital, but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital be made, except with the sanction for the time being required by law.
- (30) To do all such other things as may be necessary, incidental, conducive, or convenient to the attainment
  - of the above objects or any of them, it being hereby declared that in the foregoing clause (unless a contrary intention appears) the word "person" includes any number of persons and a corporation, and that the "other objects" specified in any paragraph are not to be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other paragraph.
- The liability of the Members is limited.

5. The nominal capital of the Company is One million Rupees (Rs. 1,000,000), divided into Ten thousand (10,000) shares of One hundred Rupees (Rs. 100) each, with power to increase or reduce the capital. The shares forming the capital (original, increased, or reduced) of the Company may be subdivided, consolidated or divided into such classes, with any preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto, and be held upon such terms as may be prescribed by the Articles of Association and Regulations of the Company for the time being or otherwise.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names :---1

Names and Addresses of	Subscribers	•			er of Shares ta each Subscribe	
ROBE. DAVIDSON, Colombo				• •	One	
STANLEY BOIS, Colombo	••		• •		One '	
S. C. OBEYESEKERE, Colombo	••				One	
F. J. DE SARAM, Colombo					One	
W. HENRY FIGG, Colombo					One	
E. R. WALDOCK, Colombo	••	••			One	
W. Moir, Colombo	••	••		••	One	

Witness to the above signatures at Colombo this 23rd day of August, 1910:

EUSTACE F. DE SARAM,

Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo, Ceylon.

# ARTICLES DF ASSOCIATION OF SIR H, DIAS' COCONUT ESTATES, LIMITED.

It is agreed as follows :---

1. Table C not to apply; Company to be governed by these Articles.—The regulations contained in the Table C in the schedule annexed to." The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these Articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution. 2. Power to alter the regulations .- The Company may, by special resolution, alter and make provisions instead of, or in addition to, any of the regulations of the Company, whether contained and comprised in these Articles or not.

3. None of the funds of the Company shall be employed in the purchase of or be lent on shares of the Company.

#### INTERPRETATION.

4. *Interpretation clause.*—In the interpretation of these presents the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless such meanings be inconsistent with, or repugnant to, the subject or context :—

Company .-- The word "Company "means the "Sir H. Dias' Coconut Estates, Limited," incorporated or established by or under the Memorandum of Association to which these Articles are attached.

The Ordinance.—The "Ordinance" means and includes "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinances, 1861 to 1909," and every other Ordinance from time to time in force concerning Joint Stock Companies which may apply to the Company. Special resolution.—"Special resolution" has the meaning assigned thereto by "the Ordinance." These presents.—"These presents" means and includes the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of

Association of the Company from time to time in force. Capital.—" Capital " means the capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purposes of the

Company.

-" Shares " means the shares from time to time into which the capital of the Company may be divided. Shares.

Shareholder.—"Shareholder" means a Shareholder of the Company. Presence or present.—" Presence or present" at a meeting means presence or present personally or by proxy or by attorney duly authorized.

Directors .- "Directors " means the Directors for the time being of the Company or (as the case may be) the Directors assembled at a Board.

Board.—" Board " means a meeting of the Directors or (as the context may require) the Directors assembled at a Board meeting, acting through at least a quorum of their body in the exercise of authority duly given to them.

Persons.—" Persons " means partnerships, associations, corporations, companies, unincorporated or incorporated by Ordinance and registration, as well as individuals.

Office .--- " Office " means the registered office for the time being of the Company.

Seal.--- "Seal " means the common seal for the time being of the Company

Month.--- "Month" means a calendar month.

Writing.—"Writing " means printed matter or print as well as writing. Singular and plural number.—Words importing the singular number only include the plural, and vice versa.

Masculine and teminine gender .-- Words importing the masculine gender only include the feminine, and vice versa.

#### BUSINESS.

5. Commencement of business. The Company may proceed to carry out the objects for which it is established and to employ and apply its capital as soon after the registration of the Company as the Directors in their discretion shall think fit; and notwithstanding that the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed, applied for, or allotted, they shall do so as soon as, in the judgment of the Directors, a sufficient number of shares shall have been subscribed or applied for.

6. Business to be carried on by Directors.-The business of the Company shall be carried on by, or under the management or direction of, the Directors, and subject only to the control of General Meetings, in accordance with these presents.

#### CAPITAL.

7. Nominal capital.—The nominal capital of the Company is One million Rupees (Rs. 1,000,000), divided into Ten theusand shares of One hundred Rupees (Rs. 100) each.

Arrangement on issue of shares.-The Company may call up the balance capital whenever the Directors shall 8. think fit, and may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders of such shares in the atnount of calls to be paid, and the time of payment of such calls.

9. Payment of amount of shares by instalments .--- If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the holder of the share.

10. Increase or reduction of capital. -- The Company in General Meeting may, by special resolution from time to time, increase the capital by creation of new shares of such amount per share and in the aggregate, and with such special, preferential, deferred, qualified, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereter as such resolution shall direct, and the Company in General Meeting may by special resolution reduce the capital as such special resolution shall direct, and may by special resolution subdivide or consolidate the shares of the Company or any of them.

11. New shares.-The new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions, and with such preferential; deferred, qualified, special, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto, as the General Meeting resolving on the creation thereof or any other General Meeting of the Company shall direct ; and if no direction be given, as the Directors shall determine, and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to the dividends and in the distribution of assets of the Company, and with a special or without any right of voting.

12. How carried into effect.—Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the meeting that sanctions the increase of capital, all new shares shall be offered to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them; such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors a may, at their discretion, allot such new shares or any portion of them in payment for any estates or lands or other property

purchased or acquired by the Company, without first offering such shares to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company.

13. Same as original capital.—Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the provisions herein contained with reference to the payments of calls and instalments, transfer, transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrender, and otherwise.

SHARES.

14. Issue.-The shares, except where otherwise provided, shall be allotted at the discretion of and by the Directors who may from time to time issue any unissued shares, and may add to such shares such an amount of premium as they may consider proper. Provided that such unissued shares shall first be offered by the Directors to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company as nearly as possible in proportion to the shares already held by them, and such shares as shall not be accepted by the Shareholder or Shareholders to whom the shares shall have been offered within the time specified in that behalf by the Directors may be disposed of by the Directors in such manner as they think mest beneficial to the Company. Provided also that the Directors may at their discretion allot any shares in payment for any estates or lands or other property purchased or acquired by the Company, without first offering such shares to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company.

• 15. Acceptance.—Every person taking any share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof by writing under his hand in such form as the Company from time to time directs.

16. Payment.-Payment for shares shall be made in such manner as the Directors shall from time to time determine and direct.

Shares held by a firm .-- Shares may be registered in the name of a firm, and any partner of the firm or agent 17. duly authorized to sign the name of the firm shall be entitled to vote and to give proxies.

18. Shares held by two or more persons not in partnership.-Shares may be registered in the name of two or more persons not in partnership.

19. One of Joint-holders other than a firm may give receipts; only one of joint-holders resident in Ceylon entitled to vote.—Any one of the joint-holders of a share other than a firm may give effectual receipts for any dividends payable in respect of such share ; but only one of such joint Shareholders shall be entitled to the right of voting and of giving proxies and exercising the other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, and if the joint-holders cannot arrange amongst themselves as to who shall vote or give proxies and exercise such other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, the Shareholder whose name stands first on the register of shares shall vote or give proxies and exercise those rights and powers ; provided, however, that in the event of such first registered Shareholder being absent from the Island, the first

registered Shareholder then resident in Ceylon shall vote or give proxies and exercise all such rights and powers as aforesaid. 4 20.\* Survivar of joint-holder, other than a firm, only recognized.—In case of the death of any one or more of the joint-holders other than a firm, of any shares, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognized by .

the Company as having any title to, or interest in, such shares. 21. The joint-holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the paymer of all instalments and

22. Company not bound to recognize any interest in share other than that of registered holder or of any person under -The Company shall not be bound to recognize (even though having notice of) any contingent, future, partial, clause 38.or equitable interest in the nature of a trust or otherwise in any share, or any other right in respect of any share, except any absolute right thereto in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof, and except also the right of any person under clause 38 to become a Shareholder in respect of any share.

23. Certificates .- The certificates of shares shall be issued under the seal of the Company, and signed by two Directors or by one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries of the Company.

24. How issued.-Every Shareholder shall be entitled to one certificate for all the shares registered in his name, or to several certificates, each for one or more of such shares. Every certificate shall specify the number of the share in respect of which it is issued.

25. Renewal of certificate.-If any certificate be worn out or defaced, then, upon production thereof to the Directors they may order the same to be cancelled, and may issue a new certificate in lieu thereof ; and if any certificate be lost or destroyed, then, upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Directors and on such indemnity as the Directors may deem adequate being given, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the person entitled to such lost or destroyed certi-A sum of fifty cents shall be payable for such new certificate. 26. Certificate to be delivered to the first named of joint-holders not a firm.—The certificate of shares registered in the ficate.

name of two or more persons not a firm shall be delivered to the person first named on the register.

# TRANSFER OF SHARES.

Exercise of rights.-No person shall exercise any rights of a member until his name shall have been entered in the Register of Members and he shall have paid all calls and other moneys for the time being payable on every share in the Company held by him.

28.Transfer of shares.-Subject to the restriction of these Articles, any Shareholder may transfer all or any of his shares by instrument in writing.

29. No transfer to infant or person of unsound mind.-No transfer of shares shall be made to an infant or person of unsound mind.

Register of transfers.-The Company shall keep a book or books, to be called "The Register of Transfers," in 30. which shall be entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share.

31. Instrument of transfer.-The instrument of transfer of any share shall be signed both by the transferor and transferee, and the transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of such share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register in respect thereof.

32. Board may decline to register transfers.—The Board may, at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion, decline to register any transfer of shares by a Shareholder who is indebted to the Company, or upon whose shares the Com pany have a lien or otherwise; or in case of shares not fully paid up, to any person not approved by them. 33. Not bound to state reason.—In no case shall a Shareholder or proposed transferee be entitled to require these

Directors to state the reason of their refusal to register, but their declinature shall be absolute.
34. Registration of transfer.—Every instrument of transfer must be left at the office of the Company to be registered, accompanied by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferor, and a fee of Rs. 2 50, or such other sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine, must be paid ; and thereupon the Directors, subject to the powers vested in them by Articles 32, 33, and 35, shall register the transferee as Shareholder and retain the instrument of transfer.

35. Directors may authorize registration of transferees .- The Directors may, by such means as they shall deem expedient, authorize the registration of transferees as Shareholders without the necessity of any meeting of the Directors for that purpose.

Directors not bound to inquire as to validity of transfer. -- In no case shall the Directors be bound to inquire into 36. the validity, legal effect, or genuineness of any instrument of transfer produced by a person claiming a transfer of any share in accordance with these Articles ; and whether they abstain from so inquiring, or do so inquire and are misled, the transferor shall have no claim whatsoever upon the Company in respect of the share, except for the dividends previously declared in respect thereof, but, if at all, upon the transferee only.

37. Transfer books when to be closed.—The transfer books may be closed during the fourteen days immediately preceding each Ordinary General Meeting, including the First General Meeting; also, when a dividend is declared, for the three days next ensuing the meeting; also at such other times as the Directors may decide, not exceeding in the whole twenty-one days in any one year.

#### TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

Title to shares of deceased holder .-- The executors, or administrators, or the heirs of a deceased Shareholder 38. shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to shares of such Shareholder.

39. Registration of persons entitled to shares otherwise than by transfer.—Any guardian of any infant Shareholder, any committee of a lunatic Shareholder, or any person becoming entitled to shares in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or liquidation of any Shareholder, or the marriage of any female Shareholder, or in any other way than by transfer, shall, upon producing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this clause, or of his title, as the Company think sufficient, be forthwith entitled, subject to the provisions herein contained, to be registered as a Shareholder in respect of such shares on payment of a fee of Rs. 2 50; or may, subject to the regulations as to transfers hereinbefore contained, transfer the same to some other person. 40. Failing such registration, shares may be sold by the Company.—If any person who shall become entitled to be

registered in respect of any share under clause 39 shall not, from any cause whatever, within twelve calendar months after the event on the happening of which his title shall accrue, be registered in respect of such share, or if in the case of the death of any Shareholder no person shall, within twolve calendar months after such death, be registered as a Shareholder in respect of the shares of such deceased Shareholder, the Company may sell such shares, either by public auction or private contract, and give a receipt for the purchase money, and the purchaser shall be entitled to be registered in respect of such share, and shall not be bound to inquire whether the events have happened which entitled the Company to soll the same, the nett proceeds of such sale, after deducting all expenses and all moneys in respect of which the Company is entitled to a lien on the shares so sold, shall be paid to the person entitled thereto.

#### SHARES (SURRENDER AND FORFEITURE).

41. The Directors may accept surrender of shares.-The Directors may accept, in the name and for the benefit of the Company and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon, a surrender of the shares of Shareholders who may be desirous of retiring from the Company.

42. If call or instalment be not paid, notice to be given to Shareholder.—If any Shareholder fails to pay any call or instalment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Directors may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on such Shareholder or his executors or administrators or the trustee or assignee in his bankruptcy requiring him to pay the same, together with any interest that may have accrued, and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

Terms of notice.—The notice shall name a day (not being less than one month from the date of the notice) on and a place or places at which such call or instalment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid; the notice shall also state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

In default of payment share to be forfeited.—If the requisition of such notice as aforesaid be not complied with, every or any share or shares in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of calls or instalments, with interest and expenses due in respect thereof, be declared forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

Shareholder still liable to pay money owing at time of forfeiture.—Any Shareholder whose shares have been so declared forfeited shall, notwithstanding, be liable to pay, and shall forthwith pay to the Company all calls, instalments, interests, and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of forfeiture until payment at 9 per cent. per annum, and the Directors may enforce the payment thereof if they think fit.

43. Surrendered or forfeited shares to be property of Company, and may be sold, &c.-Every share surrendered or so declared forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of upon such terms and in such ms nner as the Board shall think fit.

44. Effect of surrender or forfeiture.—The surrender or forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in, and also of all claims and demands against, the Company in respect of the share and the proceeds thereof, and all other rights incident to the share, except only such of those rights (if any) as by these presents are expressly saved.

45. Certificate of surrender or forfeiture.—A certificate in writing under the hands of two of the Directors and of the Secretary or Secretaries that a share has been duly surrendered or forfeited, stating the time when it was surrendered or forfeited, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons who would have been entitled to the share but for such surrender or ferfeiture, such certificate and the receipt of the Company for the price of such share shall constitute a good title to such share and a certificate of proprietorship shall be delivered to any person who may purchase the same from the Company; such purchaser shall thereupon be deemed the holder of such share, discharged from all calls due prior to such purchase; and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to such share be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture of any share within Forfeiture may be remitted.—The Directors may in their discretion remit or annul the forfeiture of any share within

Forfeiture may be remitted.—The Directors may in their discretion remit or annul the forfeiture of any share within six months from the date thereof upon the payment of all moneys due to the Company from the late holder or holders of such share or shares, and all expenses incurred in relation to such forfeiture, together with such further sum of money by way of redemption money for the deficit, as they shall think fit, not being less than 9 per cent. on the amount of the sums wherein default in payment had been made, but no share *bona fide* sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of under Article 43 hereof, shall be redeemable after sale or disposal.

46. Company's lien on shares.—The Company shall have a first charge or paramount lien upon all the shares of any holder or joint-holders for all moneys for the time being due to the Company by such holder, or by all or any of such joint-holders respectively, either in respect of such shares or of other shares held by such holder or joint-holders or otherwise, and whether due from any such holder individually or jointly with others, including all calls, resolutions for which shall have been passed by the Directors, although the times appointed for the payment thereof shall not have arrived; and whether any share is held by more persons than one the Company shall be entitled to the said charge or lien in respect of any money due to the Company from any of such persons. The Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares subject to such charge or lien.

47. Lien how made available.—Such charge or lien may be made available by a sale of all or any of the shares subject to it, provided that no such sale shall be made except under a resolution of the Directors, and until notice in writing shall have been given to the indebted Shareholder or his executors or administrators, or the assignee or trustee in his bankruptcy, requiring him or them to pay the amount for the time being due to the Company, and default shall have been made for twenty-eight days from such notice in paying the sum thereby required to be paid. Should the Shareholder over whose share the lien exists be in England or elsewhere abroad, sixty days' notice shall be allowed him.

48. Proceeds how applied.—The nett proceeds of any such sale as aforesaid under the provisions of Articles 43 and 47 hereof shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of such debts, liabilities, or engagements, and the residue (if any) paid to such Shareholder or his representatives.

49. Certificate of sale.—A certificate in writing under the hands of one of the Directors and of the Secretary or Secretaries that the power of sale given by clause 47 has arisen, and is exercisable by the Company under these presents, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated.

50. Transfer on sale how executed.—Upon any such sale, two of the Directors may execute a transfer of such share to the purchaser thereof, and such transfer, with the certificate last aforesaid, shall confer on the purchaser a complete title to such shares.

#### **PREFERENCE** SHARES.

51. Preference and deferred shares.—Any shares from time to time to be issued or created may from time to time be issued with any such right of preference, whether in respect of dividend or of payment of capital, or both, or any such other special privilege or advantage over any shares previously issued or then about to be issued (other than shares issued with a preference), or at such a premium, or with such deferred rights as compared with any shares previously issued or then about to be issued, or subject to any such conditions or provisions, and with any such right or without any right of voting, and generally on such terms as the Company may from time to time by special resolution determine.

52. Resolution affecting a particular class of shares.—If at any time by the issue of preference shares or otherwise the capital is divided into shares of different classes, then the holders of any class of shares may by an extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of such holders, consent, on behalf of all the holders of shares of the class, to the issue or creation of any shares ranking equally therewith, or having any priority thereto, or to the abandonment of any preference or priority or of any accrued dividend, or the reduction for any time or permanently of the dividends payable thereon, or to any scheme for the reduction of the Company's capital affecting the class of shares ; and such resolution shall be binding upon all the holders of shares of the class ; provided that this Article shall not be read as implying the necessity for such consent in any case in which but for this Article the object of the resolutions could have been effected without it.

53. Meeting affecting a particular class of shares.—Any meeting for the purpose of the last preceding clause shall be convened and conducted in all respects as nearly as possible in the same way as an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, provided that no member, not being a Director, shall be entitled to notice thereof or to attend thereat, unless he be a holder of shares of the class intended to be affected by the resolution, and that no vote shall be given except in respect of a share of that class, and that at any such meeting a poll may be demanded in writing by any members personally present and entitled to vote at the meeting.

#### CALLS.

54. Directors may make calls.—The Directors may from time to time make such calls as they think fit upon the registered holders of shares, in respect of moneys unpaid thereon, and not by the conditions of allotment made payable at fixed times; and each Shareholder shall pay the amount of every call so made on him to the persons and at the times and places appointed by the Directors, provided that two months' notice at least shall be given to the Shareholders of the time and place appointed for payment of each call.

Calls, time when made.—A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution authorizing the call was passed at a Board Meeting of the Directors.

Extension of time for payment of call.—The Directors shall have power in their absolute discretion to give time to any one or more Shareholder or Shareholders, exclusive of the others, for payment of any call or part thereof on such terms as the Directors may determine. But no Shareholders shall be entitled to any such extension except as a matter of grace or favour.

55. Interest on unpaid call.—If the sum payable in respect of any call or instalment is not paid on or before the day appointed for the payment thereof, the holder for the time being of the share in respect of which the call shall have been made, or the instalments shall have been due, shall pay interest for the same at the rate of 9 per centum per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of the actual payment, but the Directors may, when they think fit, remit altogether or in part any sum becoming payable for interest under this clause.

56. Payments in anticipation of calls.—The Directors may at their discretion and upon such terms as they think fit receive from any Shareholders willing to advance the same, all or any part of the amount of his shares beyond the sum actually called up.

#### BORROWING POWERS.

57. Power to borrow .-- The Directors shall have power to procure from time to time, in the usual course of business, such temporary advances on the produce in hand, or in the future to be obtained from the Company's estates, as they may find necessary or expedient for the purpose of defraying the expenses of working the Company's estates, or of erecting, maintaining, improving, or extending buildings, machinery, plantations, or otherwise. Also from time to time at their discretion to borrow or raise from the Directors or other persons any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company, but so that the amount at any one time owing in respect of moneys so borrowed or raised shall not, without the sanction of a General Meeting, exceed the sum of Seventy-five thousand Rupees (Rs. 75,000.) With the sanction of a General Meeting the Directors shall be entitled to borrow such further sum or sums, and at such rate of interest as such meeting shall The Directors may, for the purpose of securing the repayment of any such sum or sums of money so borrowed determine. or raised, create and issue any mortgages, debentures, mortgage debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company charged upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, property, and rights or assets of the Company (both present and future), including uncalled capital or unpaid calls, or give, accept, or endorse on behalf of the Company any promissory notes or bills of exchange. Provided also that before the Directors execute any mortgage or issue any debentures they shall obtain the sanction thereto of the Company in General Meeting whether Ordinary or Extraordinary. Any such securities may be issued either at par or at a premium or discount, and may from time to time be cancelled or discharged, varied, or exchanged as the Directors may think fit, and may contain any special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, or otherwise. Every debenture or other instrument issued by the Company for securing the payment of money may be so framed that the moneys thereby secured shall be assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued. A declaration under the Company's seal contained in or endoresd upon any of the documents mentioned in this Article and subscribed by two or more of the Directors, or by one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries, to the effect that the Directors have power to borrow the amount which such document may represent, shall be conclusive evidence thereof in all questions between the Company and its creditors, and no such document containing such declaration shall, as regards the creditor, be void on the ground of its being granted in excess of the aforesaid borrowing power unless it shall be proved that such creditor was aware that it was so granted.

#### MEETINGS.

58. First General Meeting.—The First General Meeting of the Company shall be held at such time, not being more than twelve months after the registration of the Company, and at such place as the Directors may determine.

59. Subsequent General Meetings.—Subsequent General Meetings shall be held once in every year at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if no time or place is prescribed, at such time and place as may be determined by the Directors.

60. Ordinary and Extraordinary General Meetings.—The General Meetings mentioned in the last preceding clause shall be called Ordinary General Meetings; all other meetings of the Company shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.

61. Extraordinary General Meetings.—The Directors may, whenever they think fit, call an Extraordinary General Meeting, and the Directors shall do so upon a requisition made in writing by not less than one-seventh of the number of Shareholders holding not less than one-seventh of the issued capital and entitled to vote.

62. Requisition of Shareholders to state object of meeting; on receipt of requisition, Directors to call meeting, and in default Shareholders may do so.—Any requisition so made shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called, shall be addressed to the Directors, and shall be sent to the registered office of the Company. Upon the receipt of such requisition the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such time and place as they shall determine. If they do not proceed to convene the same within seven days from the delivery of the requisition, the requisitionists may themselves convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such place and at such time as the Shareholders convening the meeting may themselves fix.

63. Notice of resolution.—Any Shareholder may, on giving not less than ten days' previous notice of any resolution, submit the same to a meeting. Such notice shall be given by leaving a copy of the resolution at the registered office of the Company.

64. Seven days' notice of meeting to be given.—Seven days' notice at least of every General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, and by whomsoever convened, specifying the place, date, hour of meeting, and the objects and business of the meeting, shall be given either by advertisement in the Ceylon Government Gazette, or by notice sent by post, or otherwise served as hereinafter provided; but an accidental omission to give such notice to any Shareholder shall not invalidate the proceedings at any General Meeting.

65. Business requiring and not requiring notification.—Every Ordinary General Meeting shall be competent, without special notice having been given of the purposes for which it is convened, or of the business to be transacted thereat, to receive and discuss any report and any accounts presented thereto by the Directors, to pass resolutions in approval or disapproval thereof, to declare dividends, to elect Directors and Auditors retiring in rotation, and to fix the remuneration of the Auditors; and shall also be competent to enter upon, discuss, and transact any business whatever of which special mention shall have been given in the notice or notices upon which the meeting was convened.

the Auditors; and shall also be competent to enter upon, uscuss, and transact any business wherever or which spectra mention shall have been given in the notice or notices upon which the meeting was convened. 66. Notice of other business to be given.—With the exceptions mentioned in the foregoing Articles as to the business which may be transacted at Ordinary General Meetings without notice, no General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss, or transact any business which has not been specially mentioned in the notice or notices upon which it was convened.

67. Quorum to be present.—No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting, except the declaration of a dividend recommended by a report of the Directors or the election of a Chairman, unless there shall be present in person at the commencement of the business three or more Shareholders entitled to vote, or persons holding proxies from Shareholders.

If a quorum not present, meeting to be dissolved or adjourned; adjourned meeting to transact business.-If at the 68. expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting the required number of Shareholders shall not be present at the meeting, the meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of Shareholders, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place ; and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, those shareholders who are present shall be a quorum, and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.

69. Chairman of Directors or a Director to be Chairman of General Meeting ; in case of their absence or refusal a Shareholder may act .- The Chairman (if any) of the Directors shall be entitled to take the Chair at every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary; but if there be no Chairman, or if at any meeting he shall not be present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for holding such meeting, or if he shall refuse to take the chair, the Shareholders shall choose another Director as Chairman ; and if no Directors be present, or if all the Directors present decline to take the Chair, then the Shareholders present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman.

70. Business confined to election of Chairman while Chair vacant.—No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting except the election of a Chairman whilst the chair is vacant.

. 71. Chairman with consent may adjourn meeting .- The Chairman, with the consent of the meeting, may adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place, unless due notice shall be given. 72.

Minutes of General Meetings .- Minutes of the proceedings of every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall when so entered be signed as soon as practicable by the Chairman of the same meeting or by the Chairman of the succeeding meeting, and the same when so entered and signed shall be evidence of all such proceedings and of the proper election of the Chairman.

#### VOTING AT MEETINGS.

73. Votes. At any meeting every resolution shall be decided by the votes of the Shareholders present in person or by proxy, or by attorney duly appointed. In case there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman at such meeting shall be entitled to give a casting vote in addition to the vote to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder and proxy and attorney ; and unless a poll be immediately demanded in writing by some Shareholder present at the meeting and entitled to vote, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the Minute Book of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact without proof of the number of votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

-If a poll be duly demanded, the same shall be taken in such manner and at such time and place as the 74. Poll. Chairman shall direct, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. The demand of a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the diestion on which a poll has been demanded. 75. Poll how taken.—If at any meeting a poll be demanded, by notice in writing signed by some Shareholder

present at the meeting and entitled to vote, which notice shall be delivered during the meeting to the Chairman, the meeting shall, if necessary, be adjourned, and the poll shall be taken at such time and in such a manner as the Chairman shall direct, and in such case every Shareholder shall have the number of votes to which he may be entitled as hereinafter provided : and in case at any such poll there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting at which such poll shall have been demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder and proxy and attorney, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in such meeting.

76. No poll on election of Chairman or on question of adjournment.—No poll shall be demanded on the election of a Chairman of the meeting or on any question of adjournment. 77. Number of votes to which Shareholder entitled.—On a show of hands every Shareholder present in person or by

proxy or attorney shall have one vote only. In case of a poll every Shareholder present in person or by proxy or attorney. shall (except as provided for in the Article immediately following) have one vote for every one share held by him up to ten shares ; he shall have an additional vote for every five shares held by him beyond the first ten shares up to thirty shares; an additional vote for every ten shares beyond the first thirty shares up to one hundred shares; an additional vote for every twenty shares beyond the first one hundred shares up to five hundred shares; and an additional vote for every thirty shares beyond the first five hundred shares. When voting on a resolution involving the winding up of the Company, every Shareholder shall have one vote for every share held by him; but no such resolution shall be deemed to be carried unless passed by three-fourths in number and value of such Shareholders of the Company for the time being entitled to vote as may be present in person or by proxy or by attorney at any meeting, of which notice specifying the intention to propose such resolution has been duly given. 78. Guardian of infant, &c., when not entitled to vote.—The parent or guardian of an infant Shareholder, the Committee

or other legal guardian of any lunatic Shareholder, the husband of any female Shareholder not entitled to her shares as separate estate, and the executor or administrator of any deceased Shareholder, or any one of such persons as aforesaid, if more than one, shall not be entitled to vote in the place of such infant, lunatic, female or deceased person, unless such person shall have been registered as a Shareholder.

Voting in person or by proxy.-Votes may be given either personally or by proxy or attorney duly authorized. 79. Non-Shareholder not to be appointed proxy.-No person shall be appointed a proxy who is not a Shareholder. 80. of the Company, but the attorney of a Shareholder, even though not himself a Shareholder of the Company, may represent and vote for his principal at any meeting of the Company.

81. Shareholder in arrear or not registered at least three months previous to the meeting not to vote.—No Shareholder shall be entitled to vote or speak at any General Meeting unless all calls due from him on his shares, or any of them, shall have been paid ; and no Shareholder other than the trustee or assignee of a bankrupt or representative of a deceased Shareholder, or person acquiring by marriage, shall be entitled to vote or speak at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company, in respect of or as the holder of any share which he has acquired by transfer, unless he has been at least three months previously to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote or speak, duly registered as the holder of the share in respect of which he claims to vote or speak.

82. Proxy to be printed or in writing .- The instrument appointing a proxy shall be printed or written, and shall be signed by the appointer, or if such appointer be a corporation, it shall be by the common seal of such corporation.

83. When proxy to be deposited.—The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than twenty-four hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote.
84. Form of proxy.—The instrument appointing a proxy may be in the following form :—

· Sir H. Dias' Coconut Estates, Limited.

-, appoint — - of of -- (a Shareholder in the Company), as my proxy, to represent and to vote for the and on my behalf at the Ordinary (or Extraordinary, as the case may be) General Meeting of file Company to be held on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_, One thousand Nine hundre and at any adjournment thereof, and at every poll which may be taken in consequence thereof. , One thousand Nine hundred and As witness my hand this - day of --, One thousand Nine hundred and

85. Objection to validity of vote to be made at the meeting or poll.—No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) except at the meeting or poll at which such vote shall be tendered, and every vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) to which no objection shall be made at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.

86. No Shareholder to be prevented from voting by being personally interested in result.—No Shareholder shall be prevented from voting by reason of his being personally interested in the result of the voting.

# DIRECTORS.

87. Number of Directors.—The number of Directors shall never be less than two nor more than six; but this clause shall be construed as being directory only, and the continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any number of vacancies.

88. Their qualification and remuneration.—The qualification of a Director shall be his holding shares in the Company, whether fully paid up or partly paid up, of the total nominal value of at least Five thousand Rupees (Rs. 5,000), and upon which, in the case of partly paid up shares, all calls for the time being shall have been paid, and this qualification shall apply as well to the first Directors as to all future Directors. As a remuneration for their services the Directors shall be entitled to appropriate a sum not exceeding Five thousand Rupees (Rs. 5,000), annually, to be divided among them in such manner as they may determine, but the Company in General Meeting may at any time alter the amount of such remuneration for the future, and such remuneration shall not be considered as including any remuneration for special or extra services hereinafter referred to, nor any extra remuneration to the Managing Directors of the Company. 89. Appointment of first Directors and duration of their office.—The first Directors shall be the Hon. Mr. W. H. Figg,

89. Appointment of first Directors and duration of their office.—The first Directors shall be the Hon. Mr. W. H. Figg, Mr. F. J. de Saram, the Hon. Mr. S. C. Obeyesekere, the Hon. Sir Stanley Bois, and Mr. Robert Davidson, who shall hold office till the First Ordinary General Meeting of the Company, when they shall all retire, but shall be eligible for re-election.

90. Directors may appoint Managing Driector or Directors; his or their remuneration.—One or more of the Directors may be appointed by the Directors to act as Secretary, Managing Director or Managing Directors, (and) or Visiting Agent or Visiting Agents of the Company, or Superintendent or Superintendents of any of the Company's estates, for such time and on such terms as the Directors may determine or fix by agreement with the person or persons appointed to the office; and they may from time to time revoke such appointment and appoint another or other Secretary, Managing Director or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Agents, Superintendent or Superintendents, and the Directors may impose and confer on the Managing Director or Managing Directors all or any duties and powers that might be imposed or conferred on any Manager of the Company. If any Director shall be called upon to perform any extra services, the Directors may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such services, either by way of salary, commission, or the payment of a lump sum of money, as they shall think fit.

91. Appointment of successors to Directors.—The General Meeting at which Directors retire or ought to retire by rotation shall appoint successors to them, and in default thereof such successors may be appointed at a subsequent General Meeting.

92. Board may fill up vacancies.—The Board shall have power at any time and from time to time before the First Ordinary General Meeting to supply any vacancies in their number arising from death, resignation, or otherwise.

93. Duration of office of Director appointed to vacancy.—Any casual vacancy occurring in the number of Directors subsequent to the First Ordinary General Meeting may be filled up by the Directors, but any person so chosen shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Director would have retained the same if no vacancy had occurred.

94. To retire annually.—At the Second Ordinary General Meeting and the Ordinary General Meeting in every subsequent year one of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office as provided in clause 95.

95. Retiring Directors how determined.—The Directors to retire from office at the Second, Third, Fourth, and Fifth General Meetings shall, unless the Directors otherwise arrange among themselves, be determined by ballot; in every subsequent year the Directors to retire shall be those who have been longest in office.

96. Retiring Directors eligible for re-election.-Retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.

97. Decision of question as to retirement.— In case any question shall arise as to which of the Directors who have been the same time in office shall retire, the same shall be decided by the Directors by ballot.

98. Number of Directors how increased or reduced.—The Directors, subject to the approval of a General Meeting, may from time to time at any time subsequent to the Second Ordinary General Meeting increase or reduce the number of Directors, and may also, subject to the like approval, determine in what rotation such increased or reduced number is to go out of office.

99. If election not made, retiring Directors to continue until next meeting.—If at any meeting at which an election of a Director ought to take place the place of a retiring Director is not filled up, the retiring Director may continue in office until the First Ordinary General Meeting in the next year, and so on from meeting to meeting until his place is filled up, unless it shall be determined at such meeting to reduce the number of Directors.

100. Resignation of Directors.—A Director may at any time give notice in writing of his intention to resign by delivering such notice to the Secretary, or by leaving the same at the office, or by tendering his written resignation at a meeting of the Directors, and on the acceptance of his resignation by the Directors, but not before, his office shall become vacant.

101. When office of Director to be vacated,-The office of the Director shall be vacated-

- (a) If he accepts or holds any office or place of profit other than Managing Director, Visiting Agent, Superintendent, or Secretary under the Company.
- (b) If he becomes bankrupt or insolvent, or suspends payment, or files a petition for the liquidation of his affairs, or compounds with his creditors.
- (c) If by reason of mental or bodily infirmity he becomes incapable of acting.
- (d) If he ceases to hold the required number of shares to qualify him for the office.

(e) If he is concerned or participates in the profits of any contract with, or work done for, the Company.

*Exceptions*.—But the above rule shall be subject to the following exceptions :—That no Director shall vacate his office by reason of his being a member of any corporation, company, or firm which has entered into any contract with, or done any work for, the Company of which he is a Director, or by his being agent, or secretary, or proctor, or by his being a member of a firm who are agents, or secretaries, or proctors of the Company; nevertheless, he shall not vote in respect of any contract work or business in which he may be personally interested.

102. How Directors removed and successors appointed.—The Company may, by a special resolution, remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and may, by an ordinary resolution, appoint another person in his stead. The Director so appointed shall hold office only during such time as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.

103. Indemnity to Directors and others for their own acts and for the acts of others.—Every Director or officer, and his heirs, executors, and administrators shall be indemnified by the Company from all losses and expenses incurred by him respectively in or about the discharge of his respective duties, except such as happen from his respective wilful acts or defaults; and no Director or officer, nor the heirs, executors, or administrators of any Director or officer, shall be liable for any other Director or officer, or for joining in any receipt or other acts of conformity, or for any loss or expense happening to the Company by the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired for or on behalf of the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested, or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency, or tortious act of any person with whom any moneys, securities, or effects shall be deposited, or for any other loss, damage, or misfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, unless the same otherwise happen through his own wilful act or default.

104. No contribution to be required from Directors beyond amount, if any, unpaid on their shares.—No contribution shall be required from any present or past Director or Manager exceeding the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares in respect of which he is liable as a present or past Shareholder.

#### Powers of Directors.

105. The Directors shall have power to carry into effect the purchase and acquisition of the said Maligatenne and Siyambalape estates.

106. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors either by themselves or through a Managing Director, or with the assistance of an agent or agents and secretary or secretaries of the Company, to be appointed by the Directors for such a period and on such terms as they shall determine, and the Directors may pay out of the funds of the Company all costs and expenses, as well preliminary as otherwise, paid or incurred in and about the formation and registration of the Company, and in connection with the placing of the shares of the Company, and in and about the valuation, purchase, lease or acquisition of the said Maligatenne and Siyambalape estates, and any other lands, estates, or property, and the opening, clearing, planting, and cultivation thereof, and in or about the working and business of the Company.

107. The Directors shall have power to purchase, take on lease or in exchange, or otherwise acquire for the Company any estate or estates, land or lands, property, rights, options or privileges which the Company is authorized to acquire at such price, and for such consideration, and upon such title and generally on such terms and conditions as they may think fit; and to make and they may make such regulations for the management of the business and property of the Company as they may from time to time think proper, and for that purpose may appoint such managers, agents, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, visiting agents, inspectors, superintendents, clerks, artizans, labourers, and other servants for such period or periods, and with such remuneration, and at such salaries, and upon such terms and conditions as they may consider advisable, and may pay the expenses occasioned thereby out of the funds of the Company, and may from time to time remove or suspend all or any of the managers, agents, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, visiting agents, inspectors, superintendents, clerks, artizans, labourers, accountants, and other officers, visiting agents, inspectors, superintendents, clerks, artizans, labourers, and other servants, for such reasons as they may think proper and advisable, and without assigning any cause.

108. The Directors shall have power to appoint a proctor or proctors, solicitor or solicitors, attorney or attorneys, to assist in carrying on or protecting the business of the Company, on such terms, as they may consider proper, and from time to time to revoke such appointment.

109. The Directors shall have power to open on behalf of the Company any account or accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint, and also by such signatures as they may appoint to draw, accept, make, endorse, sign, and execute cheques, bills of exchange, and promissory notes, bills of lading, receipts, contracts, and agreements, bonds, mortgages, proxies to any proctor or proctors, and other documents on behalf of and to further the interests of the Company.

110. It shall be lawful for the Directors, if authorized so to do by the Shareholders in General Meeting, to arrange terms for the amalgamation of the Company with any other Company or Companies, or individual or individuals, or for the sale or disposal of the business, estates, and effects of the Company, or any part or parts, share or shares thereof, respectively, to any Company or Companies, or person or persons, upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit; and the Directors shall have power to do all such things as may be necessary for carrying such amalgamation, sale, or other disposition into effect so far as a resolution or a special resolution of the Company, the Company shall be dissolved to that end. 111. The Directors shall carry on the business of the Company in such manner as they may think most expedient;

111. The Directors shall carry on the business of the Company in such manner as they may think most expedient; and in addition to the powers and authorities by any Ordinance or by these presents expressly conferred on them, they may exercise all such powers, give all such consents, make all such arrangements, appcint all such agents, managers, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, clerks, assistants, artizans, and workers, and generally do all such acts and things as are or shall be by any Ordinance and by these presents directed and authorized to be exercised, given, made, or done by the Company, and are not by any Ordinance or by these presents required to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting, subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of any such Ordinance and of these presents and to such regulations and provisions (if any) as may from time to time be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting; but no regulation made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made. The generality of the powers conferred by any clause in these presents on the Directors shall not be taken to be limited by any clause conferring any special or expressed power.

112. In furtherance and not in limitation of, and without prejudice to, the general powers conferred or implied in the last preceding clause, and of the other powers conferred by these presents, it is hereby expressly declared that the Directors shall have the powers following, that is to say :--

- To institute, conduct, defend, compound, or abandon any action, suit, prosecution, or legal proceedings by and against the Company, or its officers, or otherwise concerning the affairs of the Company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due, and of any claims and demands by and against the Company.
- (2) To refer any claims or demands by or against the Company to arbitration, and observe and perform the awards.
- (3) To make and give receipts, releases, and other discharges for money payable to the Company and for claims and demands of the Company.
- . (4) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents with power to accept the office of trustee, assignee, liquidator, inspector, or any similar office.
- (5) To invest any of the moneys of the Company which the Directors may consider not immediately required for the purposes thereof, upon such securities and in such manner as they may think fit, and so that they shall not be restricted to such securities as are permissible to trustees without special powers, and from time to time to vary or release such investments.
- (6) From time to time to provide for the management of the affairs of the Company abroad in such manner as they think fit, to establish any local boards or agencies for managing any of the affairs of the Company abroad, and to appoint any persons to be members of such local board, or any managers or agents, and to fix their remuneration.

(7) From time to time and at any time to delegate to any one or more of the Directors of the Company for the time being, or any other person or Company for the time being, residing or carrying on business in Ceylon or elsewhere, all or any of the powers hereby made exercisable by the Directors, except those relating to shares and any others as to which special provisions inconsistent with such delegation are herein contained; and they shall have power to fix the remuneration of and at any time to remove such. Director or other person or Company, and to annul or vary any such delegation. They shall not however be entitled to delegate any powers of borrowing or charging the property of the Company to any Agent of the Company or other person, except by instrument in writing, which shall specifically state the extent to which such powers may be used by the person or persons to whom they are so delegated, and compliance therewith shall be a condition precedent to the exercise of these powers.

#### PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

113. Meeting of Directors.—The Directors may meet for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings as they may think fit, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Until otherwise determined, two Directors shall be a quorum.

114. A Director may summon meetings of Directors .- A Director may at any time summon a meeting of Directors.

115. Who is to preside at meetings of Board.—The Board may elect a Chairman of their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office, and all meetings of the Directors shall be presided over by the Chairman, if one has been elected and if present, but if there be a vacancy in the office of Chairman, or if at any meeting of Directors the Chairman be not present at the time appointed for holding the same, then and in that case the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.

116. Questions at meetings how decided.—Any question which shall arise at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman thereat shall have a casting vote in addition to his vote as a Director.

117. Board may appoint committees.—The Board may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as the Board think fit, and they may from time to time revoke and discharge any such committee, either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee so formed shall, in exercise of the powers delegated to it, conform to all such regulations as may be prescribed by the Board. All acts done by any such committee, in conformity with such regulations and in the fulfilment of the purposes of their appointment, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.

118. Acts of Board or committee valid notwithstanding informal appointment.—The acts of the Board or of any committees appointed by the Board shall, notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board or Committee, or defect in the appointment of any Director or of any member of the committee, be as valid as if no such vacancy or defect had existed, and as if every person had been duly appointed, provided the same be done before the discovery of the defect.

119. Regulations of proceedings of committees.—The meetings and proceedings of such committees shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto, and are not superseded by the express terms of the appointment of such committees respectively, or any regulation imposed by the Board.

120. Resolution in writing by all the Directors as valid as if passed at a meeting of Directors.—A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted.

121. Minutes of proceedings of the Company and the Directors to be recorded.—The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in books to be provided for the purpose of the following matters, videlicet :—

- (a) Of all appointments of officers and committees made by the Directors.
- (b) Of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors and of the members of the committee appointed by the Board present at each meeting of the committee.
- (c) Of the resolutions and proceedings of all General Meetings.
- (d) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of the Directors and of the committees appointed by the Board.

(e) Of all orders made by the Directors.

122. Signature of minutes of proceedings and effect thereof.—All such minutes shall be signed by the person or one of the persons who shall have presided as Chairman at the General Meeting, the Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting at which the business minuted shall have been transacted, or by the person or one of the persons who shall preside as Chairman at the next ensuing General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively; and all minutes purporting to have been signed by any Chairman of any General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively, shall, for all purposes whatsoever, be primá facie evidence of the actual and regular passing of the resolutions, and the actual and regular transaction or occurrence of the proceedings and other matters purporting to be so recorded, and of the regularity of the meeting at which the same shall appear to have taken place, and of the Chairmanship and signature of the person appearing to have signed as Chairman, and of the date on which such meeting was held.

123. The use of the seal.—The seal of the Company shall not be used or affixed to any deed or instrument except in the presence of two or more of the Directors, or of one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries, of the Company, who shall attest the sealing thereof; such attestation on the part of the Secretaries, in the event of a firm being the Secretaries, being signified by a partner or duly authorized manager, attorney, or agent of the said firm signing for and on behalf of the said firm as such Secretaries.

#### ACCOUNTS.

124. What accounts to be kept.—The Agent or Secretary or the Agents or Secretaries for the time being, or, if there be no Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries, the Directors shall cause true accounts to be kept of the paid-up capital for the time being of the Company, and of all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and of the matters in respect of which such receipt and expenditure take place, and of the assets, credits, and liabilities of the Company, and generally of all its commercial, financial, and other affairs, transactions, and engagements, and of all other matters necessary for showing the true financial state and condition of the Company; and the accounts shall be kept in such books and in such a manner at the registered office of the Company as the Directors think fit.

125. Accounts how and when open to inspection.—The Directors shall from time to time determine whether, and to what extent, and at what times and places, and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the Company or of any of them shall be open to the inspection of the Shareholders, and no Shareholder shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company, except as conferred by statute or authorized by the Directors or by a resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

126. Statement of accounts and balance sheet to be furnished to General Meeting.—At the Ordinary General Meeting in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company a statement of the profit and loss account for the preceding financial year, and a balance sheet containing a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company made up to the end of the same period.

Report to accompany statement.-Every such statement shall be accompanied by a report as to the state and 127. condition of the Company and as to the amount which they recommend to be paid out of the profits by way of dividend or bonus to the Shareholders, and the statement, report, and balance sheet shall be signed by the Directors.

128. Copy of balance sheet to be sent to shareholders.—A printed copy of such balance sheet shall, at least seven days previous to such meeting, be delivered at or posted to the registered address of every Shareholder.

#### DIVIDENDS, BONUS, AND RESERVE FUND.

129. Declaration of dividend.—The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, from time to time declare a dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders in proportion to the amount paid on their shares, but no dividend or bonus shall be payable except out of nett profits. 130. Interim dividend.—The Directors may also, if they think fit, from time to time and at any time, without the

sanction of a General Meeting, determine on and declare an interim dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders on account and in anticipation of the dividend on the then current year. 131. Reserve Fund.—Previously to the Directors recommending any dividend, they may set aside out of the profits

of the Company, such a sum as they think proper as a reserve fund, and shall invest the same in such securities as they shall think fit, or place the same in fixed deposit in any bank or banks. 132. Application thereof.—The Directors may from time to time apply such portions as they think fit of the reserve

fund to meet contingencies, or for equalizing dividends, or for working the business of the Company, or for repairing or maintaining or extending the buildings and premises, or for the repair or renewal or extension of the property or plant connected with the business of the Company or any part thereof, or for any other purpose of the Company which they may from time to time deem expedient.

133. Unpaid interest or dividend not to bear interest.- No unpaid interest or dividend or bonus shall ever bear interest against the Company.

134. No Shareholder to receive dividend while debt due to Company .-- No Shareholder shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividend or bonus in respect of his share or shares whilst any moneys may be due or owing from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company in respect of such share or shares, or otherwise howsoever.

135. Directors may deduct debt from the dividends .- The Directors may deduct from the dividend or bonus payable to any shareholder all sums of money due from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company, and notwithstanding such sums shall not be payable until after the date when such dividend is payable. 136. Notice of dividend : forfeiture of unclaimed dividend.—Notice of all interest or dividends or bonuses to become

payable shall be given to each Shareholder entitled thereto; and all interest or dividends or bonuses unclaimed by any Shareholder for three years after notice thereof is given may be forfeited by a resolution of the Board of Directors for the benefit of the Company, and, if the Directors think fit, may be applied in augmentation of the reserve fund.

Company, and, if the Directors think fit, may be appned in augmentation of the test of the left by a firm may be paid to, 137. Shares held by a firm.—Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any partner of such firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm. 138. Joint-holders other than a firm.—Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by several

persons jointly other than a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any one of such persons.

#### AUDIT.

139. Accounts to be audited.-The accounts of the Company shall from time to time be examined, and the correctness of the balance sheet ascertained by one or more Auditor or Auditors.

140. - Qualification of Auditors .- No person shall be eligible as an Auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Shareholder in any transaction of the Company, but it shall not be a necessary qualification for an Auditor that he be a Shareholder of the Company, and no Director or officer of the Company shall, during his continuance in office, be eligible as an Auditor.

141. Appointment and retirement of Auditors.-The Directors shall appoint the first Auditor or Auditors of the Company and fix his or their remuneration ; and all future Auditors, except as is hereinafter mentioned, shall be appointed at the First Ordinary General Meeting of the Company in each year by the Shareholders present thereat, and shall half thou office only until the First Ordinary General Meeting after their respective appointments, or until otherwise ordered by a General Meeting.

142.

Retiring Auditors eligible for re-election.—Retiring Auditors shall be eligible for re-election. Remuneration of Auditors.—The remuneration of the Auditors other than the first shall be fixed by the 143. Company in General Meeting, and this remuneration may from time to time be varied by a General Meeting.

144. Casual vacancy in number of Auditors how filled up.—If any vacancy that may occur in the office of Auditor shall not be supplied at any Ordinary General Meeting, or if any casual vacancy shall occur, the Directors shall (subject to the approval of the next Ordinary General Meeting) fill up the vacancy by the appointment of a person who shall hold the office until such meeting.

145. Duty of Auditors.-Every Auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet intended to be laid before the next Ordinary General Meeting, and it shall be his duty to examine the same with the accounts and vouchers relating thereto, and to report thereon to the meeting, generally or specially, as he may think fit. 146. Company's accounts to be opened to Auditors for audit.—All accounts, books, and documents whatsoever of

the Company shall at all times be open to the Auditors for the purpose of audit.

#### NOTICES.

147. Notices how authenticated.—Notices from the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed, or written) of the Agent or Secretary, Agents or Secretaries, or other persons appointed by the Board to do so. 148. Shareholders to register address.—Every shareholder shall give an address in Ceylon, which shall be deemed

to be his place of abode, and shall be registered as such in the books of the Company. Service of notices.—A notice may be served by the Company upon any Shareholder either personally or by sending through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to such Shareholder at his registered address or place of abode; and any notice so served shall be deemed to be well served, for all purposes, notwithstanding that the Shareholder to whom such notice is addressed be dead, unless his executors or administrators shall have given to the Directors, or to the Agent or

Secretary or Agents or Secretaries of the Company, their own or some other address in Ceylon. 149. Notice to joint holders of shares other than a firm.—All notices directed to be given to Shareholders shall, with respect to any share to which persons other than a firm are jointly entitled, be sufficient if given to any one of such persons, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares. 150. Date and proof of service.—Any notice if served by post shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the letter centaining the same would in ordinary course of next have been delivered at its address, and in proving

which the letter centaining the same would in ordinary course of post have been delivered at its address, and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and put into a post box or posted at a post office, and the entry in the Company's books of the leaving or sending by post of any notice at or to such address shall be sufficient evidence thereof, and no further evidence shall be necessary.

151. Non-resident Shareholders-must register addresses in Ceylon.-Every Shareholder residing out of Ceylon shall name and register in the books of the Company an address within Ceylon at which all notices shall be served upon him. and all-notices served at such address shall be deemed to be well served. If he shall not have named and registered such an address, he shall not be entitled to any notices.

#### ARBITRATION.\*

152. Directors may refer disputes to arbitration.-Whenever any question or other matter whatsoever arises in dispute between the Company and any other Company or person, the same may be referred by the Directors to arbitration.

#### EVIDENCE.

Evidence in action by Company against Shareholders .- On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought or 153. instituted by the Company against any Shareholder or his representatives to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is or was when the claim arose on the Register of Shareholders of the Company as a holder of the number of shares in respect of which such claim is made, and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company ; and it shall not be necessary to prove the registration of the Company, nor the appointment of the Directors who made any call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made, nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

#### PROVISION RELATIVE TO WINDING UP OR DISSOLUTION OF THE COMPANY.

154. Purchase of Company's property by Shareholders.—Any Shareholder, whether a Director or not, or whether alone or jointly with any other Shareholder or Director, and any person not a Shareholder, may become the purchaser of the property of the Company or any part thereof, in the event of a winding up or a dissolution, or at any other time when a sale of the Company's property or effects or any part thereof shall be made by the Directors under the powers hereby or under the Ordinance conferred upon them.

Distribution.—If the Company shall be wound up, and there shall be any surplus assets after payment of all debts and satisfaction of all liabilities of the Company, such surplus assets shall be applied, first, in repaying to the holders of the meterence shares (if any) the amounts paid up or reckoned as paid up thereon, and the balance in repaying to the holders of the ordinary shares the amounts paid up or reckoned as paid up on such ordinary shares. If there shall remain any surplus assets after repayment of the whole of the paid up capital, such surplus assets shall be divided among the Members in proportion to the capital paid up, or reckoned as paid up, on the shares which are held by them respectively at the commencement of the winding up.

156. Payment in specie, and vesting in trustees.--If the Company shall be wound up, the liquidator, whether voluntary or official, may, with the sanction of an extraordinary resolution, divide among the contributories in specie any part of the assets of the Company, and may, with their sanction, vest any part of the assets of the Company in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories as the liquidator, with like sanction, shall think fit. In witness whereof the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereto set and subscribed their parts at Colomba this 22nd days of Amount 1010

names at Colombo this 23rd day of August, 1910.

ROBT. DAVIDSON. STANLEY BOIS. S. C. OBEYESEKERE. F. J. DE SARAM.

W. HENRY FIGG.

E. R. WALDOCK. W. More.

Witness to the above signatures :

EUSTACE F. DE SARAM,

Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo, Ceylon.

Third Publication.

#### The Panagula Rubber Company, Limited. Mo

Meeting of the Shareholders of the Panagula Rubber

NOTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General

Company, Limited, will be held at Hatton House, Hatton, on Saturday, September 17, 1910, at 10.30 A.M., for the purpose of considering, and, if thought fit, passing the following resolution, that is to say: "That the Company be

wound up voluntarily." Should such resolution be passed, it will be submitted for communition as a special resolution at a meeting of the

confirmed at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders held on Monday, August 29, 1910. Notice is also given that Mr. Henry Pitman Church, of No. 3, Queen street, Colombo, has been appointed

CARSON & CO., Colombo, August 29, 1910. Agents and Secretaries.

The Weyganga Rubber Company Limited, in Liquidation.

N OTICE is hereby given that the creditors of the above Notice is hereby given that the creations of the above-named Company are required, on or before Monday, October 10, 1910, to send their names and addresses and the particulars of their debt or claims to-Henry Pitman Church, of No. 3, Queen street, Colombo, the Liquidator of the said Company, and, if so required by notice in writing from the said Liquidator, to come in and prove their said debts or claims at such time and place as shall be specified. in such notice, or, in default thereof, they will be liable to be excluded from the benefit of any distribution of the assets of the said Company. \* 3164

Hatton, September 7, 1910.

shareholders to be hereafter convened.

### F. LIESCHING, Secretary.

Inel

By order of the Board,

The Weyganga Rubber Company, Limited, in Liquidation. 3 (N) 20

NOTICE is hereby given that at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the abovenamed Company duly convened and held on Friday, July 22, 1910, the following resolution was passed, viz. :-

"That the Weygana Rubber Company, Limited, be wound up voluntarily;" and that this resolution and duly

September 6, 1910.

Liquidator of the Company.

## The Arandara-Kegalle Rubber Company, Limited, in Liquidation.

NOTICE is hereby given that at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the abovenamed Company duly convened and held on Friday, July 22, 1910, the following resolution was passed, viz. :--

"That the Arandara-Kegalle Rubber Company, Limited, be wound up voluntarily;" and that this resolution was duly confirmed at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders held on Monday, August 29, 1910.

Notice is also given that Mr. Henry Pitman Church, of No. 3, Queen street, Colombo, has been appointed Liquidator of the Company.

CARSON & Co., Colombo, August 29, 1910. Agents and Secretaries.

#### The Arandara-Kegalle Rubber Company, Limited, in Liquidation.

NOTICE is hereby given that the creditors of the abovenamed Company are required, on or before Monday. October 10, 1910, to send their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts or claims to Henry Pitman Church, of No. 3, Queen street, Colombo, the Liquidator of the said Company, and, if so required by notice in writing from the said Liquidator, to come in and prove their said debts or claims at such time and place as shall be specified in such notice, or, in default thereof, they will be liable to be excluded from the benefit of any distribution of the assets of the said Company.

September 6, 1910.

5 · 2

H. P. CHURCH,

Liquidator.

#### The Southern Ceylon Tea and Rubber Company, Limited, in Liquidation.

NOTICE is hereby given that at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the abovenamed Company duly convened and held on Friday, July 22, 1910, the following resolution was passed, viz. :--

"That the Southern Ceylon Tea and Rubber Company, Limited, be wound up voluntarily;" and that this resolution was duly confirmed at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders held on Monday. August 29, 1910.

• Notice is also given that Mr. Henry Pitman Church, of No. 3, Queen street, Colombo, has been appointed Liquidator of the Company.

Colombo, August 29, 1910. CARSON & Co., Agents and Secretaries.

#### The Southern Ceylon Tea and Rubber Company, Limited, in Liquidation.

NOTICE is hereby given that the creditors of the abovenamed Company are required, on or before Monday, October 10, 1910, to send their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts or claims to Henry Pitman Church, of No. 3, Queen street, Colombo, the Liquidator of the said Company, and, if so required by notice in writing from the said Liquidator, to come in and prove their said Hebts or claims at such time and place as shall be specified in such notice, or, in default thereof, they will be liable to be excluded from the benefit of any distribution of the assets of the said Company.

H. P. CHURCH, September 6, 1910. Liquidator.

The Durampitiya Rubber Company, Limited, in Liquidation.

 confirmed at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders held on Monday, August 29, 1910.

Notice is also given that Mr. Henry Pitman Church, of No. 3, Queen street, Colombo, has been appointed Liquidator of the Company.

Corson & Co., Coiombo, August 29, 1910. Agents and Secretaries.

# The Durampitiya Rubber Company, Limited, in Liquidation.

N OTICE is hereby given that the creditors of the abovenamed Company are required, on or before Monday. October 10, 1910, to send their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts or claims to Henry Pitman Church, of No. 3, Queen street, Colombo, the Liquidator of the said Company, and, if so required by notice in writing from the said Liquidator, to come in and prove their said debts or claims at such time and place as shall be specified in such notice, or, in default thereof, they will be liable to be excluded from the benefit of any distribution of the assets of the said Company.

September 6, 1910.

H. P. CHURCH, Liquidator.

The Grand Central Ceylon Rubber Company, Limited, in Liquidation.

NOTICE is hereby given that at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the abovenamed Company duly convened and held on Friday, July 22, 1910, the following resolution was passed, viz.

"That the Grand Central Ceylon Rubber Company, Limited, be wound up voluntarily;" and that this resolution was duly confirmed at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders held on Monday, August 29, 1910.

Notice is also given that Mr. Henry Pitman Church, of No. 3, Queen street, Colombo, has been appointed Liquidator<sup>\*</sup> of the Company.

Colombo, August 29, 1910.

CARSON & CO., Agents and Secretaries.

The Grand Central Ceylon Rubber Company, Limited, in Liquidation.

NOTICE is hereby given that the creditors of the above named Company are required on or before Monday, October 10, 1910, to send their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts or claims to Henry Pitman Church, of No. 3, Queen street, Colombo, the Liquidator of the said Company, and, if so required by notice in writing from the said Liquidator, to come in and prove their dibts or claims at such time and place as shall be specified in such notice, or, in default thereof, they will be liable to be excluded from the benefit of any distribution of the assets of the said Company.

September 6, 1910.

H. P. CHURCH, • Liquidator.

The Ceylon General Steam Navigation Company, Limited, in Liquidation.

NOTICE is hereby given that at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above-named Company duly convened and held on Monday, August 15, 1910, the following resolution was passed, viz. :--

"That the Ceylon General Steam Navigation-Company, Limited, be wound up voluntarily;" and that this resolution was duly confirmed at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders held on Saturday, September 3, 1910.

Notice is also given that Mr. Andrew Young, care of Colombo Commerical Company, Limited, Slave Island, Colombo, has been appointed Liquidator of the Company.

#### COLOMBO COMMERCIAL CO., LTD.,

(A. A. PRIDEAUX, Acting Manager,) Colombo, September 6, 1910. Agents and Secretaries.

1552

The Ceylon General Steam Navigation Company, Limited, in Liquidation.	D. C. No. 41, In the matter of the insolvency of Hasana Ratnapura. Marikkar Abdul Aziz of Ratnapura.
NOTICE is hereby given that the creditors of the above-named Company are required on or before Tuesday, October 11,1910, to send their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts or claims to Andrew Young, Colombo Commercial Company, Limited, Slave Island, Colombo, the Liquidator of the said Company	for sale by public auction at the office No. 56, situated in Main street, Ratnapura, the under-mentioned valuable properties, to wit, on the following days :
and, if so required by notice in writing from the said	On Wednesday, October 5, 1910, at 9 A.M.
Liquidator, to come in and prove their said debts or claims at such time and place as shall be specified in such notice; or, in default thereof, they will be liable to be excluded from the benefit of any distribution of the assets of the said Company.	1. The life interest of the insolvent : an undivided 1/14 share of the entire land called Potgulkanda (a gem land), situated at Kerengoda in Nawadun korale of Batagama
Colombo, September 6, 1910. ANDREW YOUNG, Liquidator.	watta (excluding the planter's share of the first plantation of the western portion), together with 1/14 share of the tiled house and the outhouses standing thereon, situated at
YOTICE is hereby given that the Statutory General	<ul> <li>Katukurunda in Kalutara District.</li> <li>3. Undivided 1/14 of 2/6 share of Ambagahaliyadda, situated at Udugama in Gangaboda pattu of Siyane korale.</li> <li>4. Undivided 1/14 of 2/6 share of Wahitiyekumbura,</li> </ul>
Meeting of the Company will be held at the registered office of the Company, No. 35 <i>a</i> , Glennie street, Slave Island, on Friday, September 23, 1910, at 5 P.M.	situated at Udugama aforesaid. 5. Undivided 1/14 of 2/6 of Welliyaddakumbura, situated at Udugama aforesaid. 6. Undivided 1/14 of 2/6 of Meegahawatta, situated at
Business. 1. To receive the report of the Directors and accounts for the half-year ended June 30, 1910.	Udugama aforesaid. 7. Undivided $1/14$ of $\frac{1}{2}$ of Udumullakumbura, situated at Udugama aforesaid.
2. To transact any other business that may be brought before the Meeting. By order of the Directors,	<ol> <li>8. Undivided 1/14 of ½ of Amuneliyaddakumbura,</li> <li>situated at Udugama aforesaid.</li> <li>9. Undivided 1/14 of ½ of Horawalakumbura, situated</li> </ol>
PERCY POTGER, Secretary.	at Udugama aforesaid. 10. Undivided 1/14 of ½ of Manamalagewatta, situated at Hangamuwa in Nawadun korale.
HEWAPONSEKAGE ALBERT FONSEKA, of Wad- diwa in Kalutara District, do hereby give notice in terms of the Schedule I., B., of section 8 of the Ordinance No. 1 of 1907, that I shall, three months hence, apply to the Registrar-General to be admitted and enrolled a Notary Public to practise in the Sinhalese language in the District of Kalutara. Wadduwa, September 4, 1910. H. A. FONSEKA.	On October 6, 1910. 1. Undivided 1/14 of 1/14 of Ilukwatta, situated at Pambe in Paiyagala in Kalutara District. 2. Undivided 1/14 of $\frac{1}{4}$ of Ganegamawatta (excluding the planter's share), situated at Pambe aforesaid. 3. Undivided 1/14 of $\frac{1}{4}$ of Mahawatta, situated at Pambe aforesaid. 4. Undivided 1/14 of 1/14 of Gorakagahawatta, situated at Pambe aforesaid.
LEDWARD GEORGE PERERA JAYATILEKE, presently of Temple Villa, Borella, do hereby give notice that, six weeks hence, I shall apply to the Hon. the Chief Justice and the other Justices of the Hon. the Supreme	<ol> <li>Undivided 1/14 of ¼ of Millagahawatta, situated at Pambe aforesaid.</li> <li>Undivided 1/14 of ⅓ of Panditagodawatta, situated at Malawana in Kalutara District.</li> <li>Undivided 1/14 of ⅓ of Lekarawatta, situated at</li> </ol>
Court of the Island of Ceylon to be admitted and enrolled an Advocate of the said Court. Temple Villa, E. G. P. JAVETILEKE.	Malawana aforesaid. 8. Undivided $1/14$ of $\frac{1}{3}$ of Sembukuttigewatta, situated at Malawana aforesaid. 9. Undivided $1/14$ of $\frac{1}{3}$ of Weliliyadda, situated at Mala-
Borella, September 7, 1910.	wana aforesaid. 10. Undivided 1/14 of $\frac{1}{5}$ of Mahawagura, situated at Malawana aforesaid.
Edward George Box Plaintiff. No. 29.046. Vs.	11. Undivided $1/14$ of $\frac{1}{3}$ of Wakaliyadda, situated at Malawana aforesaid. 12. Undivided $1/14$ of $\frac{1}{3}$ of Medawagura, situated at
<ol> <li>Kalupahanalianage Don Abraham Dias Wickre- masundera Gunawardene, (2) Kalupahanalianage Dona Adeline Dias Wikramasundera Guna- wardene, (3) Talawatugodage Selestina Perera,</li> </ol>	Malawana aforeșaid. 13. Undivided 1/14 of $\frac{1}{3}$ of Karawagura, situated at Malawana aforesaid. 14. Undivided 1/14 of $\frac{1}{3}$ of Madakumbura, situated at Malawana aforesaid.
all of Welikada Defendants. $B^{Y}$ virtue of the decree in the above action and the order issued to me, I shall sell by public auction at the spot	15. Undivided 1/14 of $\frac{1}{2}$ of Digana, situated at Mala- wana aforesaid. 16. Undivided 1/14 of $\frac{1}{2}$ of Godawagura, situated at $\frac{1}{2}$
at 5 P. M. on Monday, October 3, 1910 : All that portion of a cinnamon garden, with buildings thereon, situate at Welikada, in extent 1 acre 2 roods and	Malawana aforesaid. 17. Undivided $1/14$ of $\frac{1}{6}$ of two adjoining gardens, whereon Ecoris Appu and others reside, situated at
10 perches. The property is a very valuable one, and has two road frontages, viz., Cotta road on the north and the Welikada-Kanatta road on the south. The property is declared specially bound and executable	Malawana aforesaid. 18. Undivided 1/14 of the soil and trees of southern portion of Mawatabodawatta <i>alias</i> Ethellawatta of 27
for the recovery of Rs. 8,000, with interest at 8 per cent.	cubits in length and 45 in breadth, situated at Balapiti- modara in Galle District.

for the recovery of Rs. 8,000, with interest at 8 per cent. from April 1, 1909, and costs.

₹۶.

For further particulars apply to J. N. Keith, Esq., Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo, or to-

No. 6, Hulftsdorp.

C. E. KARUNARATNA, Auctioneer.

Ratnapura, August 3, 1910.

For further information please apply to Mr. D. E. Jaya-tilleke, Proctor, Ratnapura, or to the undersigned C. Gunatilaka. C. GUNATILAKA, Assignee.

No. 2,371, In the matter of the insolvency of Colan-D. C., Colombo. suriya Arachchige Odias Perera of Dam street, Colombo.

NDER instructions from the assignee of the above Saturday, September 17, 1910, at 4.30 P.M. :-

(1) An undivided  $\frac{1}{2}$  share of all that house and ground bearing assessment No. 45, situated at New Chetty street, Colombo. 85.

On Saturday, September 24, at 2.30 P.M., at Masgewatta, five miles from Hikkaduwa Railway Station, the following properties :

(1) All that allotment of land called Ratta-addarabedda, situated in the village Akuretiya in Gangaboda pattu, in the District of Galle, in extent about 1 acre 1 rood and 15 perches. (Crown grant.)

(2) All that allotment of land called Ratta-addarakanda, situated in the village Akuretiya aforesaid, in extent about 1 acre 3 roods and 9 perches. (Crown grant.)

(3) All that allotment of land called Ratta-addarakanda, situated in the village Akuretiya, in extent 3 acres. (Crown grant.)

(4) An undivided 1/2 of 1/5 of the soil and 1/10 of the plantation of two allotments of land called Kahagalagawatta and Kahagalagoda, situated in the village Baddegama in Gangaboda pattu, in extent 7 acres 1 rood and 31 perches.

(5) An undivided 1/2 of 1/5 share of an allotment of land called Elahungoddeowita alias Kahagallegodewatteowita, situated at Baddegama, in extent 1 acre 1 road and 14 perches.

(6) All that allotment of land called Galapatagedarawatta alias Masgewatta, situated at Ganegama in Gangaboda pattu, in extent about 2 acres 1 rood and 23 perches. (7) All that allotment of land called Boralugodda,

situated in the village Ganegama in Gangaboda pattu, in extent about 9 acres and 2 roods. (Crown grant.)

(8) All that allotment of land called Sentugewattekele, situated in the village Atkandura in Gangaboda pattu, in extent about 5 acres 2 roods and 12 perches. (Crown grant.)

For further particulars apply to the undersigned,

NELSON & Co., Auctioneers.

#### MUNICIPAL COUNCIL NOTICES.

No. 7, Hulftsdorp.

#### MUNICIPALITY OF KANDY.

NOTICE is hereby given that in the absence of movable property liable to seizure (1) rents and profits from 1\*to 10, years (2) timber and produce (3) motorials of here and (2) timber and profits from 1\*to 10 , years, (2) timber and produce, (3) materials of house, and (4) the under-mentioned properties themselves, seized in yirtue of a warrant issued by the Chairman of the Municipal Council of Kandy, in terms of the 149th clause of the Ordinance No. 7 of 1887, for arrears of Police and Light rate and Water-rate due on the premises, and of which narticular are given in the under-mentioned lists, will be sold by public auction on the spot in the order and time stated, unless in the meantime the amount of the rates and taxes and costs be duly paid. By order, • JAS. JAYATILLERE.

The Municipal Office.

Kandy, August 31, 1910. List F/2.—Properties in Yatinuwara, Talwatta, and Aruppola, on Monday, September 26, 1910, commencing at the Secretary. Froperties in Yatinuwara, Talwatta, and Aruppola, on Monday, September 26, 1910, commencing at the first-named premises at 8 A.M. List G/2.—Properties in Watapuluwa, on Tuesday, September 27, 1910, commencing at the first-named premises at 8 AMI. List H/2.—Properties in Watapuluwa, on Westernamed premises

Eist H/2.-Properties in Watapuluwa, on Wednesday, September 28, 1910, commencing at the first-named premise а 8 А.М.

List I 2 .-- Properties in Dodanwela and Bahirawakanda, on Thursday, September 29, 1910. commencing at the first-named premises at 8 A.M.

List J/2.-Properties in Ley-Ula, on Friday, September 30, 1910, commencing at the first-named premises at 8 A.M. List K/2 .-- Properties in Huduhumpola and road between Peradeniya and Primrose Hill, on Saturday, October 1, 1910, commencing at the first-named premises at 8 A.M.

#### LIST F/2.

			Yatinuwara, T	alwatta,
, No.		Description of P.	roperty.	Reputed Owner.
1		Land	• •	A. S. Pinhamy, Arachchi
15	• .•	Field •		S. M. Ukku Amma and others
42 and 43	• •	Land and field	• •	A. C. V. Samaratunge
• 49		Land		M. Rankira
50a	••	Do.	••	Biah
63	• •	Land and field		Punchi Manika and others
66	••	Do,	• •	R. Don Dines Appuhamy
			Aruppe	ola.
10		Land and field		R. H. Kariya Korala and others
12 -		Do.	••	Atabagay Dingirala
20		Do.		Dingirala and others
46	••	Land	••	Pitiyagedera Panikkiya
51a	••	Do.		W. K. G. Punchirala and others
		. •	· List G	/2.
	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		Watapulu	wa.
<b>3</b> a		Garden	• •	S. T. Abdul Rahiman
4		Do.		M. Appuhamy
9		Land and field		M. Appuhamy
12	• •	Do.	• •	Kiri Banda
18		Garden		Kiri Banda
-19	••	Do.	• •	M. Dingiri Amma
21	••	Do.		Ukku Banda and others

. . .

		PART V. — UEILON	GOVERNM	LENT GAZETTE - SEPT. 9, 1910
No.		Description of Pro	operty.	Reputed Owner.
23 and 25		Gardens		M. Dingiri Amma
26		Garden	•••	V. Banda and others
29	• •	Do.		V. Ranhamy and others
37	• •	Do,	•••	Gohagoda Sumana Unnanse
38	••	Land		<sup>•</sup> D. Ukku Amma and others
39	• •	Land and field	••	J. Ukku Manika
41 44	· •	Do.	••	Malbamy and others
44 50	••	Do.	• •	Kiri Banda Arachchi
00	••	Do.	••	Ana Mohammado Thamby Lebbe
			LIST	<b>H</b> /2.
50		<b>T</b> 1 10.11	Watapu	
$52 \\ 57$	••	Land and field	••	A. Ukku Manika
58	••	Do, Do,	••	N. D. Pakir Thamby and others
60	••	Do.	* ''	Mohamado Ismail J. Ukku Manika
105	••	Do, Do,	••	Kiri Banda Arachchi
117		Do.		Lansuwa Henaya and others
126		Land		Ukku Manika
134	••	Garden	<i>.</i> .	.Kiri Banda and others
135	••	Do.		Ukku Banda and others
138	• •	House and land	• •	Mrs. E. S. Heighus
144 149 and 150	• •	Do.	••	Punchi Banda
140 and 150 151	••	Do. Do,	• •	Kiri Mutu Dingiri Ukku
162	• •	Land and field		P. Punchirala
163	•••	. Do,		Ukku Banda and others
165		Do,		Ukku Manika
169		Do.		Mutu Manika and others
			LIST	Ĩ/2.
			Dodana	
19	• •	Land and field	Dought	Dingiri Banda and others .
26	• •	Do.	·· ·	Punchi Banda and Ukkuwa
34		Do,		P. B. Elikawela and Ukku
.36	•••	Garden	• •	A. Perera and others
39	••	Do.	• •	Thapanis Perera and Bodia
58 60	••	Land and field	••	P. B. Elikawela and others
61	••	Do. Do.	••	Dingiri Banda and Punchi Banda O. S. M. T. Marikar and Punchi Banda
		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Bahirawa	
22		Land and house		Kalu Manika and others
28	••	Land and field	• •	S. V. Justina and others
			List J	J/2.
			Ley-U	Vla.
20 and 21		Garden	• •	Delange Kira
27	• •	Land	· •	Pallaygay Manika
43	• •	Garden	•••	Wadugodapitiya and ot <b>hers</b> Kalunda and Hawkande
45	••	Do. Do,	• •	Bodia
48 60		Land and house	• •	Mahaduraya and others
00	•••	Defici enter frottoo		
			LIST K	
0		x 1 1011	Huduhum	A. M. Mudanayaka and others
6 -7	• •	Land and field Do.	••	R. M. Appuhamy and others
8 and 12	••	Do,	• •	Natha Dewale and Poola
8 and 12		Garden	••	Babanis
23	••	Do.		Wadugodapitiya
25		Do,		Punchirala
27		Do.	• •	Punchi Manika
28	••	Do,	•* •	Appuhamy
29	••	House and land		Rev. Ganamuttu
-			en Peradeniya	and Primrose Hill.
6	••	Garden	•• ,	Miskin Abdin Dingiri Manika
9α 15 and 18	••	Do. Gardens	••	Miskin Abdiu
10 0110 10	•••	V LAND LAND	••	

# ROAD COMMITTEE NOTICES.

Ellearawa-Pinnawala Estate Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that under the provisions of the Estate Roads Ordinance, No. 12 of 1902, a meeting of the Local Committee in respect of the above road will be held at Detenagala Bungalow at 2 o'clock P.M. on Saturday, September 10, 1910.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, Ratnapura, August 29, 1910. A. L. CROSSMAN, for Chairman.

# LOCAL BOARD NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned property seized in virtue of a warrant issued by the Chairman, Local Board, Chilaw, in terms of Ordinance No. 13 of 1898, for arrears of assessment tax due on the premises and for the period mentioned in the annexed schedule, will be sold by public auction at this office on September 21, 1910, at 11 A.M., unless in the meantime the amount and cost be duly paid.

Local Board Office, T. W. ROBERTS, Chilaw, August 29, 1910. Chairman.

	Schedu		٠
Premises No.	Quarter and Yes	ar.	Property seized.
110	1st quarter, 1910	)	Hut .
278	· Do.	•••	House
349	Do.	• •	Garden
363	Do.		House and garden
379	Do.		Ferry
485	Do.	• • •	House
752	Do.		do.
-946	Do.	••	House and premises"

T is hereby notified that the under-mentioned properties within the Local Board limits of the town of Ratnapura will be sold by public auction in default of payment of Local Board rates for the 2nd quarter, 1910, on September 24, 1910, at 1 P.M., at the Ratnapura Kachcheri, unless in the meantime the amount owing in respect of the rate, together with the lawful cost of seizure and sale, is duly paid.

G. Cookson,

Government Agent.

Ratnapura Kachcheri.

.September 1, 1910.

		Ratnapura Church roa	Description of
No.		Owner.	Property.
6	••	Estate of J. Bolonna, &c	Garden
		Batugedara Main stree	st.
42		P. V. Appuhami	Annakkaliadda
147	••	Ismail Lebbe Kanakapulle	Tiled house
		Angammana road.	
15		S. K. Punchimahatmaya	Kumarigewela
	•	Batugedara Old road.	· •
52		D. Mudianse, &c.	Ratambaleowita
56	• •	Estate of Dingirihami	Kudaowita

# TRADE MARKS NOTICES.

#### Application No. 458.

IN compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinances, 1888 to 1904," as amended by the Ordinances Nos. 9 of 1906 and 15 of 1908, and the Regulations made on June 1, 1906, notice is hereby given that Messrs. Julius & Creasy of Colombo, Solicitors, have applied for the registration of the following Trade Mark in the name of Messrs. Eley Brothers, Limited, of 254, Gray's Inn road, London, England, ammunition manufacturers, who claim to be the proprietors thereof in respect of cartridge cases and cartridges and percussion caps in classes 19 and 20, respectively, in the Classification of Goods in the above-mentioned Regulations :--



The Trade Mark is declared to have been in use by the applicants since August 13, 1874.

Registrar-General's Office,<br/>Colombo, August 31, 1910.P. ARUNACHALAM,<br/>Registrar-General.

# NOTICES TO MARINERS.

CEYLON-WEST COAST-NORTHERN APPROACH TO THE COLOMBO HARBOUR.

THE occulting 2-second light exhibited on the buoy on the Onagalla Reef (referred to in the Notices to Mariners dated April 7, 1910, and August 4, 1910) has been temporarily discontinued, but will be reexhibited at the first opportunity, when a notice to that effect will be published. The buoy remains in position.

Master Attendant's Office, Colombo, September 5,\*1910. JOHN A. LEGGE, Master Attendant.



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Total Quantities of the following Articles exported from the Ports of Colombo and Galle during the under-mentioned Periods.

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# PART V. -- CEYLON GOVERNMENT GAZETTE -- SEPT. 9, 1910

THE under-mentioned goods having been left in the Kochenikade Warehouses beyond the timer allowed by law, notice is hereby given that unless the same be previously cleared or bonded, they will be sold by public auction on Friday. September 16, 1910, at 12 noon

Date.	V <b>es</b> sel.	From		Marks.		Quantity and Description.
1910			•			of Goods.
March	17 ss. Nadir	Bombay		S. P. Mel		2 cases
April	16 ss. Nawab	do.		Nil	• • •	1 bag medicine
April	26 . ss. Lawada	do.	• •	SM .	~.	1 bag saltpetre
				K P	••	I bag grain
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		V K in a diamo	nd and	
				M V outside	• •	1 bag grain
		• <u></u>	• •	Nil		2 bags grain
·		P/4	• •	Nil	•••	6 bags manure
April	26 ss. Neidenfels	Calcutta	• •	Nil	• •	14 bags rice
May	2 ss. Nizam	do. /		SM ·	• •	1 bag grain
. 🖻 🛄		· · · · · ·	•	Nil		1 bag moong
May	17 ss. Nairung	do.		Nil	· .	1 bag mixed grain
May 🕳 *	17 ss. Warora	do.	· • •	Nil	• •	I bag poonae manure
June	7 ss. Nuenfels	do.	~	I O P in a squar	θ	2 bags manure
	Unknown	· · · ····	· · ·			l lot fish manure (loose)
1. A.						
્રે	E. M. S. Customs,					F. J. SMITH,

Colombo, September 8, 1910.

for Principal Collector.