

Government Gazette

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No. 6,454 — FRIDAY, JULY 28,

General: Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, and General Government Notifications.

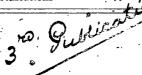
Legal and Judicial.

Part IV.—Land Settlement.
Part V.—Mercantile, Marine, Municipal, Local, &c.

Separate paging is given to each Part in order that it may be filed separately.

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UNOFFICIAL **ANNOUNCEMENTS**

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE RATNAPURA TEA COMPANY OF CEYLON, LIMITED.

- The name of the Company is "THE RATNAPURA TEA COMPANY OF CEYLON, LIMITED.
- The registered office of the Company is to be established in Colombo.
- The objects for which the Company is to be established are-
 - (a) To purchase from the proprietors thereof a block of land, about 500 acres in extent, situated in the District of Ratnapura, in the Island of Ceylon, known as Galkadua estate.
 - (b) To purchase, lease, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any other land or lands, or any share or shares thereof, and any buildings, mines, minerals, mining and mineral properties and rights, machinery, implements, tools, live and dead stock, stores, effects, and other property, real of personal, movable or immovable, of any kind, and any rights, easements, patents, licenses, or privileges in Ceylon of elsewhere (including the benefit of any trade mark or trade secret which may be thought necessary or convenient for the purpose of the Company's business), and to erect, construct, maintain, or alter any buildings, machinery, plant, roads, warre or other reads as not believed. buildings, machinery, plant, roads, ways, or other works or methods of communication.
 - (c) To appoint, engage, employ, maintain, provide for, and dismiss attorneys, agents, superintendents, managers, clerks, coolies, and other labourers and servants in Ceylon or elsewhere, and to remunerate any such at such rate as shall be thought fit, and to grant pensions or gratuities to any such or the widow or children of any such.
 - (d) To clear, open, plant, cultivate, improve, and develop the said property or any portion thereof, and any other land or lands that may be purchased, leased, or otherwise acquired by the Company in Ceyfon or elsewhere, or portions thereof, as a tea and rubber estate or estates, or with any other products, trees, plants, or crops that may be approved by the Company, and to plant, grow, and produce rubber, coconuts, tea, coffee, cinchona, cacao, cardamoms, rhea, ragnic plants, trees, and other natural products in Ceylon or elsewhere.
 - (e) To build, make, construct, equip, maintain, improve, alter, and work rubber and tea factories, coconut and coffee-curing mills, and other manufactories, buildings, erections, roads, tramways, or other works conducive to any of the Company's objects, or to contribute to or subsidize such.

(f) To enter into any arrangement or agreement with Government or any authorities, and obtain rights, con-

cessions, and privileges.

(g) To hire, lease, or purchase land either with any other person or company or otherwise, and to erect a factory and other buildings thereon or on any land already leased or owned by the Company at the cost of the Company and such other person or company or otherwise.

(h) To lease any factory or other buildings from any company or person.

To enter into any agreement with any company or person for the working of any factory erected or leased as provided in (g) or (h), or for the manufacture and preparation for market of tea, rubber, or any other produce in such or any other factory.

(i) To prepare, cure, manufacture, treat, and prepare for market rubber, plumbago, minerals, tea, and (or) other crops or produce, and to sell, ship, and dispose of such rubber, plumbago, minerals, tea, drops, and produce, either raw or manufactured, at such times and places and in such manner as shall be deemed expedient.

(k) To buy, sell, warehouse, transport, trade, and deal in rubber, coconuts, tea, coffee, and other plants and seed, and rice and other food required for coolies, labourers, and others employed on estates, and other

products, wares, merchandise, articles, and things of any kind whatever.

(1) To work mines or quarries, and to find, win, get, work, crush, smelt, manufacture, or otherwise deal with ores, metals, minerals, oils, precious and other stones, deposits and products, and generally to carry on the business of miners, manufacturers, growers, planters, and exporters of rubber and other products, or any such business on behalf of the Company or as agents for others and on commission or otherwise.

(m) To establish and carry on a dairy farm, and to buy and sell live stock, and to sell and deal in milk and dairy

produce, wholesale or retail.

(n) To establish and maintan in the United Kingdom, Ceylon, or elsewhere stores, shops, and places for the sale of rubber, tea, coffee, cacao, and articles of food, drink, or refreshment, wholesale or retail; and to establish in any part or parts of the world agencies for carrying on or developing the business of the Company or any branch thereof; and generally to carry on the business of merchants, exporters, importers, traders, engineers, or any other trade, business, or undertaking whatsoever.

(o) To cultivate, manage, and superintend estates and properties in Ceylon or elsewhere, and generally to undertake the business of estate agents in Ceylon and elsewhere to act as agents for the investment, loan, payment, transmission, and collection of money, and for the purchase, sale, improvement, development, and management of property, including concerns and undertakings, and to transact any other agency

business of any kind.

(p) To let, lease, sell, exchange, or mortgage the Company's estates, lands, buildings, or other property, or any part or parts thereof, whether in consideration of rents, money, or securities for money, shares, delentures, or securities in any other company, or for any other consideration, and otherwise to trade

in, dispose of, or deal with the same or any part thereof.

To borrow or receive on loan money for the purpose of the Company upon the security of cash, credit bonds, or of hypothecation or mortgages of the Company's property or any part or parts thereof, or otherwise, as shall be thought most expedient, and in particular by the issue of debentures, debenture stock, or bonds to bearer or otherwise, either charged upon all or any part of the Company's present or future property (including uncalled capital), or not so charged, as shall be thought best.

(r) To cause or permit any debenture stock, bonds, debentures, mortgages, charges, incumbrances, liens, or securities of or belonging to or made or issued by the Company or affecting its property or rights or any of the terms thereof to be renewed, extended, varied, redeemed, exchanged, transferred, or satisfied. as shall be thought fit, also to pay off and re-borrow the moneys secured thereby, or any part or parts

(s) To draw, make, accept, and endorse bills of lading, warrants, bills of exchange, promissory notes, and

other transferable or negotiable instruments for the purposes of the Company.

(t) To unite, co-operate, amalgamate, or enter into partnership or any arrangement for sharing profits of union of interests or any other arrangement with any person or company already engaged in or hereafter to be established for the purpose of carrying on any business having objects wholly or in part similar or analogous or subsidiary to those of the Company or to any of them, or capable of being conducted so as to benefit this Company, either directly or indirectly, and to subscribe for or otherwise acquire for the benefit and in the name of the Company or otherwise and pay for in any manner that may be agreed upon, either in money or in shares or bonds or otherwise, and to hold any shares, stock, or other interest in any such company, and to promote the formation of any such company.

(u) To amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to this Company.

(v) To acquire by purchase in money, shares, bonds, or otherwise, and undertake all or any part of the business, property, assets, and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business in Ceylon or elsewhere which this Company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this Company.

(w) To sell the property, business, or undertaking of the Company, or any part or parts thereof, for such consideration as the Company shall think fit, and in particular for shares, stocks, debentures, or securities

of any other company

(x) To procure the Company to be registered or incorporated in Ceylon, and, if and when necessary or thought advisable, elsewhere.

To lend money on any terms and in any manner and on any security, and in particular on the security of plantations, factories, growing crops, produce, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bonds, bills of lading, warrants, stocks, shares, debentures, and book debts, or without any security at all, and generally to transact financial business of any kind.

(2) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required upon such securities and in

such manner as may from time to time be determined.

(z 1) To promote and establish any other company whatsoever, and to subscribe to and hold the shares or

stock of any other company or any part thereof.

(22) To pay for any lands and real or personal, immovable or movable, estate or property or assets of any kind acquired or to be acquired by the Company, or for any services rendered or to be rendered to the Company, and generally to pay or discharge any consideration to be paid or given by the Company in money or in shares or debentures or debenture stock or obligations of the Company or partly in one way and partly in another, or otherwise howsoever with power to issue any shares either fully or partially paid up for such purpose.

(z 3) To accept consideration for any lands and real and personal, immovable and movable, estate, property, and assets of the Company of any kind sold or otherwise disposed of by the Company, and generally to accept any consideration to be received by the Company in money or in shares (the shares whether

Number of Shares taken

wholly or partially paid up) of any company, or in the mortgages, debentures, or obligations of any company or person or partly in one of these modes and partly in another or in any other kind or mode whatsoever.

To distribute among the Shareholders in specie any property of the Company, whether by way of dividend or upon a return of capital, but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital be made,

except with the sanction for the time being required by law.

(25) To do all such other things as shall be incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects abovementioned or any of them, or any one or more of the objects aforesaid, it being hereby declared that in the foregoing clauses (unless a contrary intention appears) the word "Company" includes companies or corporations, and the word "person" any number of persons, and that the other objects specified in any paragraph are not to be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other paragraph.

The liability of the Shareholders is limited.

5. The nominal capital of the Company is Five hundred thousand Rupees, divided into Ten thousand shares of Fifty Rupees each, with power to increase or reduce the capital. The shares forming the capital (original, increased, or reduced) of the Company may be subdivided or consolidated or divided into such classes with any preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto, and be held upon such terms as may be prescribed by the Articles of Association and Regulations of the Company for the time being, or otherwise.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names:-

	Names and Addresses of	Subscribers	s .		by each	Subscribe
\mathbf{F}	RED. WM. Bois, Colombo	• •		• •	•	`One
\cdot H	ERBERT BOIS (by his attorney	y Fred. Wi	a. Bois), Colombo		• •	. One
H	. G. Bors, Colombo		•	• • •	· • • • •	One
pe	er pro J. MATHIESON (by his a	ttorney J.	Anderson), Colom	bo .		One
$p\epsilon$	er pro J. SPICER (by his attor:	ney J. And	ERSON), Colombo	••		One •
J.	STEUART, Colombo				🐨	On e
\mathbf{R}	. F. S. HARDIE, Colombo				•	One

Witness to all the above signatures, at Colombo, this 28th day of June, 1911: O. P. Mount, Proctor and Notary Public, Colombo.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE RATNAPURA TEA COMPANY OF CEYLON, LIMITED.

THE regulations contained in the Table C in the schedule annexed to "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance. 1861," shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these Articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution.

The Company may, by special resolution, alter and make provisions instead of, or in addition to, any of the

regulations of the Company, whether contained or comprised in these Articles or not.

INTERPRETATION CLAUSE.

1. In the interpretation of these presents the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless such meanings be inconsistent with, or repugnant to, the subject or context :-

The word "Company" means "The Ratnapura Tea Company of Ceylon, Limited," incorporated or established by

or under the Memorandum of Association to which these Articles are attached.

The "Ordinance" means and includes "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," and every other Ordinance

- from time to time in force concerning Joint Stock Companies which may apply to the Company.

 "These presents" means and includes the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association of the Company from time to time in force.

 "Capital" means the capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purposes of the Company.

 "Shares" means the shares from time to time into which the capital of the Company may be divided.

"Shareholder" means every person who has accepted any share or who has accepted part of a share jointly with

another or others whose name is entered on the register of Shareholders as owner or joint-owner of such share.

"Presence or present" at a meeting means presence or present personally or by proxy or by attorney.

"Directors" means the Directors for the time being of the Company or (as the case may be) the Directors assembled

at a Board.
"Board" means a meeting of the Directors or (as the context may require) the Directors assembled at a Board Meeting, acting through at least a quorum of their body in the exercise of authority duly given to them.

"Persons" means partnerships, associations, corporations, companies, unincorporated or corporated by Ordinance

and registration, as well as individuals.

'Office" means the registered office for the time being of the Company.

"Seal" means the common seal for the time being of the Company.

"Month" means a calendar month.

"Writing" means printed matter or print as well as writing.

Words importing the singular number only include the plural, and vice versa.

Words importing the masculine gender only include the feminine, and vice versa.

" Holder" means a Shareholder.

BUSINESS.

2. The Company may proceed to carry out the objects for which it is established, and to employ and apply its. capital as soon after the registration of the Company as the Directors in their discretion shall think fit; and if the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed, applied for, or allotted as soon as, in the judgment of the Directors, a sufficient number of shares shall have been subscribed or applied for,

The business of the Company shall be carried on by or under the management or direction of the Directors,

and subject only to the control of General Meetings in accordance with these presents.

CAPITAL.

The original capital of the Company is Five hundred thousand Rupees (Rs. 500,000), divided into Ten

thousand shares of Fifty Rupees (Rs. 50) each.

The Directors may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company in General Meeting, increase the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares of such amounts per share and in the aggregate and with such special, preferential, deferred, qualified, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto as such resolution shall direct, and they shall have power to add to such new shares such an amount of premium as may be considered expedient.

Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the same provisions in all respects with reference to the payments of allotment money, calls, and instalments, transfer, transmission, forfeiture,

lien, surrender, and otherwise, as if it had formed part of the original capital.

The Directors may in like manner, and with like sanction, reduce the capital or subdivide or consolidate the shares of the Company.

SHARES.

8. The Company may call up the balance capital whenever the Directors shall think fit, and may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid and the time of payment of such calls.

9. If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount thereof shall be payable by

instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the holder of the shares.

10. The shares, except when otherwise provided, shall be allotted at the discretion of and by the Directors who may from time to time issue any unissued shares, and may add to such shares such an amount of premium as they consider proper. Provided that such unissued shares shall first be offered by the Directors to the Shareholders in propertion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Director may determine. Provided that the Directors may at their discretion allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estates or lands being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates or lands, or as remuneration for work done for or services rendered to the Company, and that without effering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders.

11. In case of the increase of the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares, such new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions, and with such preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights and privileges annexed thereto, as the General Meeting resolving on the creation thereof, or any other General Meeting of the Company, shall direct, and, if no direction be given, as the Directors shall determine, and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to the dividends, and in the distribution of assets of the Company and

with a special or without any right of voting.
Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the meeting that sanctions the increase of capital all new shares shall be offered to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may, at their discretion, allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estates or lands being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates or lands, and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders.

12. Every person taking any share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof by writing under his hand

in such form as the Company may from time to time direct.

Shares may be registered in the name of a firm, and any partner of the firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm shall be entitled to vote and to give proxies.

Shares may be registered in the name of two or more persons not in partnership.

Any one of the joint-holders of a share other than a firm may give effectual receipts for any dividends pay able in respect of such share; but only one of such Joint-Shareholders shall be entitled to the right of voting and of giving proxies and exercising the other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, and if the joint-holders cannot arrange amongst themselves as to who shall vote or give proxies and exercise such other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, the Shareholder whose name stands first on the register of shares shall vote or give proxies and exercise those rights and powers; provided, however, that in the event of such first registered Shareholder being absent from the Island, the first registered Shareholder then resident in Ceylon shall vote or give proxies and exercise all such

rights and powers as aforesaid.

16. In case of the death of any one or more of the joint-holders of any shares, the survivor or survivors shall be

the only person or persons recognized by the Company as having any title to, or interest in, such shares

The Company shall not be bound to recognize (even though having notice of) any contingent, future, partial, or equitable interest in the nature of a trust or otherwise in any share, or any other right in respect of any share, except any absolute right thereto in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof, and except also the right of any person under clause 36 to become a Shareholder in respect of any share.

The joint-holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all instalments and

calls.due in respect of such share.

19. Every Shareholder shall be entitled to a certificate or certificates under the common seal of the Company, specifying the share or shares held by him and the amount paid thereon.

20. If any certificate be worn out or defaced, then upon production thereof to the Directors, they may order the same to be cancelled, and may issue a new certificate in lieu thereof; and if any certificate be lost or destroyed, then, upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Directors and on such indemnity as the Directors deem adequate being given, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the person entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate. A sum of fifty cents shall be payable for such new certificate.

21. The certificate of shares registered in the name of two or more persons not a firm shall be delivered to the

person first-named on the register.

CALLS.

22. The Directors may from time to time make such calls, as they think fit, upon the Shareholders in respect of all moneys unpaid on their shares, and not by the conditions of allotment made payable at fixed times, and each Shareholder shall pay the amount of every call so made to the person and at the time and place appointed by the Directors.

23. If any Shareholder fail to pay the amount of any call due by him on or before the day appointed for payment thereof, he shall be liable to pay interest for the same at the rate of nine per centum per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment.

A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorizing the

call was passed.

The Directors shall have power in their absolute discretion to give time to any one or more Shareholder or Shareholders exclusive of the others, for payment of any call or part thereof on such terms as the Directors may determine. But no Shareholder shall be entitled to any such extension except as a matter of grace or favour.

26. The Directors may, at their discretion, receive from any of the Shareholders willing to advance the same, and upon such terms as they think fit, all or any part of the moneys due upon their respective shares beyond the sums actually called for; and upon the moneys so paid in advance or upon so much thereof and from time to time and at any time thereafter exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon, and due in respect of the shares in respect of which some advances have been made, the Board may pay or allow interest at such rate as the Shareholders paying such sums in advance and the Directors may agree upon, not exceeding however six per centum per annum.

TRANSFER OF SHARES.

Subject to the restriction of these Articles, any Shareholder may transfer all or any of his shares by instrument 27. in writing.

28.

No transfer of shares shall be made to an infant or person of unsound mind.

The Company shall keep a book or books, to be called "The Register of Transfers," in which shall be entered

the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share.

- 30. The Board may, at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion, decline to register any transfer of shares by a Shareholder who is indebted to the Company, or upon whose shares the Company have a lien or otherwise, or in case of shares not fully paid up, to any person not approved by them; and in no case shall a Shareholder or proposed transferee be entitled to require the Directors to state the reason of their refusal to register, but their declinature shall be absolute.
- Every instrument of transfer must be left at the office of the Company to be registered, accompanied by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferor, and a fee of two rupees and cents fifty, or such other sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine, must be paid to the Company for the registration of every such transfer, upon payment whereof the Directors, subject to the powers vested in them by Article 30, shall register the transferee as a Shareholder and retain the instrument of transfer.

The Directors may, by such means, as they shall deem expedient, authorize the registration of transferees as

- Shareholders without the necessity of any meeting of the Directors for that purpose.

 33. In no case shall the Directors be bound to inquire into the validity, legal effect, or genuineness of any instrument or transfer produced by a person claiming a transfer of any share in accordance with these Articles; and whether they abstain from so inquiring, or do so inquire and are misled, the transferor shall have no claim whatsoever upon the Company in respect of the share, except for the dividends previously declared in respect thereof, but only, if at all, upon the transferee.
- 34. The register of transfers may be closed during the fourteen days immediately preceding each Ordinary General Meeting; and when a dividend is declared, for the three days next ensuing after the meeting; also at such other times (if any) and for such periods as the Directors may from time to time determine, provided always that it shall not be closed for more than twenty-one days in any year.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

35. The executors or administrators or the heirs of a deceased Shareholder shall be the only persons recognized

by the Company as having any title to the shares of such Shareholder.

Any guardian of any infant Shareholder, or any committee of a lunatic Shareholder, or any person becoming entitled to shares in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or liquidation of any Shareholder, or the marriage of any female Shareholder, or in any other way than by transfer shall, upon securing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this clause, or of his title as the Directors think sufficient, be forthwith entitled, subject to the provisions herein contained, to be registered as a Shareholder in respect of such shares, or may, subject to the regulations as to transfers hereinbefore contained, transfer the same to some other person.

37. If any person who shall become entitled to be registered in respect of any share under clause 35 shall not, from any cause whatever, within twelve calendar months after the event on the happening of which his title shall accrue, be registered in respect of such share; or if in the case of the death of any Shareholder no person shall, within twelve cale adar months after such death, be registered as a Shareholder in respect of the shares of such deceased Shareholder, the Company may sell such shares either by public auction or private contract, and give a receipt for the purchase money, and the purchaser shall be entitled to be registered in respect of such share, and shall not be bound to inquire whether the events have happened which entitled the Company to sell the same, and the nett proceeds of such sale, after deducting all expenses and all moneys in respect of which the Company is entitled to a lien on the shares so sold, shall be paid to the person entitled thereto.

SURRENDER AND FORFEITURE OF SHARES.

38. The Directors may accept in the name and for the benefit of the Company, and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed, a surrender of the shares of Shareholders who may be desirous of retiring from the Company.

39. If any Shareholder fails to pay any call or instalment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Directors may at any time thereafter during such time as the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on such Shareholder requiring him to pay the same, together with any interest that may have accrued, and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

The notice shall name a day (not being less than one month from the date of the notice) on, and a place or places at, which such call or instalment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the call

was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

If the requisition of such notice as aforesaid be not complied with, every or any share or shares in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of calls or instalments, with interest and expenses due in respect thereof, be declared forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

Any Shareholder whose shares have been so declared forfeited shall, notwithstanding, be liable to pay, and shall forthwith pay to the Company all calls, instalments, interest, and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of forfeiture until payment at nine per centum per annum, and the Directors may enforce the payment thereof if they think fit.

41. Every share surrendered or so declared forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of upon such terms and in such manner as the Board shall think fit.

The surrender or forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in, and also of all claims and demands against, the Company in respect of the share and the proceeds thereof, and all other rights incident to the

share, except only such of those rights (if any) as by these presents are expressly saved.

A certificate in writing under the hands of one of the Directors and of the Secretary that a share has been duly surrendered or forfeited, stating the time when it was surrendered or forfeited, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons who would have been entitled to the share but for such surrender or forfeiture, and such certificate and the receipt of the Company for the price of such share shall constitute a good title to such share, and a certificate of proprietorship shall be delivered to any person who may purchase the same from the Company, and thereupon such purchaser shall be deemed the holder of such share, discharged from all calls due prior to such purchase; and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to such share be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture or sale.

The Directors may in their discretion remit or annul the forfeiture of any share within six months from the date

thereof upon the payment of all moneys due to the Company from the late holder or holders of such share or shares, and all expenses incurred in relation to such forfeiture, together with such further sum of money by way of redemption money for the deficit, as they shall think fit, not being less than nine per centum per annum on the amount of the sums wherein default in payment had been made, but no share bona fide sold or re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of under Article 41

hereof, shall be redeemable after sale or disposal.

The Company shall have a first charge or paramount lien upon all the shares of any holder or joint-holders for all moneys for the time being due to the Company by such holder, or by all or any of such joint-holders respectively, either in respect of such shares or of other shares held by such holder or joint-holders or otherwise, and whether due from any such holder individually or jointly with others, including all calls, which the Directors shall have resolved to make, although the times appointed for the payment thereof shall not have arrived; and where any share is held by more persons than one the Company shall be entitled to the said charge or lien in respect of any money due to the Company from any of And the Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares subject to such charge or lien.

45. Such charge or lien may be made available by a sale of all or any of the shares subject to it, provided that no such sale shall be made except under a resolution of the Directors, and until notice in writing shall have been given to the indebted Shareholder or his executors or administrators, or the assignee or trustee in his bankruptcy, requiring him or them to pay the amount for the time being due to the Company, and default shall have been made for twenty-eight days from such notice in paying the sum thereby required to be paid. Should the Shareholder over whose share the lien exists be in England or elsewhere abroad, sixty days' notice shall be allowed him.

The nett proceeds of any such sale shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of such debts, liabilities, or

engagements, and the residue (if any) paid to such Shareholder or his representatives.

47. A certificate in writing under the hands of one of the Directors and of the Secretary that the power of sale given by clause 45 has arisen, and is exercisable by the Company under these presents, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated.

Upon any such sale two of the Directors may execute a transfer of such share to the purchaser thereof, and such transfer, with the certificate last aforesaid, shall confer on the purchaser a complete title to such shares.

PREFERENCE SHARES.

49. Any shares from time to time to be issued or created may from time to time be issued with any such right of preference, whether in respect of dividend or of payment of capital, or both, or any such other special privilege or advantage over any shares previously issued or then about to be issued (other than shares issued with a preference), or at such a premium, or with such deferred rights as compared with any shares previously issued or then about to be issued, or subject to any such conditions or provisions, and with any such right or without any right of voting, and generally on such terms as the Company may from time to time by special resolution determine.

50. If at any time by the issue of preference shares or otherwise the capital is divided into shares of different classes, then the holders of any class of shares may, by an extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of such holders, consent, on behalf of all the holders of shares of the class, to the issue or creation of any shares ranking equally therewith, or having any priority thereto, or to the abandonment of any preference or priority, or of any accrued dividend, or the reduction for any time or permanently of the dividends payable thereon, or to any scheme for the reduction of the Company's capital affecting the class of shares, and such resolution shall be binding upon all the holders of shares of the class, provided that this Article shall not be read as implying the necessity for such consent in any case in which but for this Article the object of the resolutions could have been effected without it.

Any meeting for the purpose of the last preceding clause shall be convened and conducted in all respects as nearly as possible in the same way as an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, provided that no member, not being a Director, shall be entitled to notice thereof or to attend thereat, unless he be a holder of shares of the class intended to be affected by the resolution, and that no vote shall be given except in respect of a share of that class, and that at any such meeting a poll may be demanded in writing by any members personally present and entitled to vote at the meeting.

Borrowing Powers.

The Directors shall have power to procure from time to time, in the usual course of business, such temporary advances on the produce in hand, or in the future to be obtained from the Company's estates, as they may find necessary or expedient for the purpose of defraying the expenses of working the Company's estates, or of erecting, maintaining, improving, or extending buildings, machinery, or plantations, or otherwise. Also from time to time at their discretion Also from time to time at their discretion to borrow or raise from the Directors or other persons any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company, provided that the money so borrowed or raised and owing at any one time shall not, without the sanction of a General Meeting, exceed Seventy-five thousand Rupees (Rs. 75,000).

53. With the sanction of a General Meeting, the Board shall be entitled to borrow such further sum or sums, and at such rate of interest as such meeting shall determine. A certificate under the hands of one Director and the Secretary, or of two Directors, to the effect that in taking any loan the Directors are not exceeding their borrowing powers, shall be sufficient and binding on the Company and all concerned, and shall be conclusive evidence thereof in all questions between

the Company and its creditors.

54. For the purpose of securing the repayment of any such moneys so borrowed or raised, or for any other purposes, bonds, or for the purpose of securing the repayment of any such moneys so borrowed or raised, or for any other purposes, cash credits, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or the Directors may grant, create, execute, and issue any mortgages, cash credits, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company, charged upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, lands, property, rights, and assets of the Company, both present and future, including uncalled capital or unpaid calls, or may make, accept, or endorse on behalf of the Company. behalf of the Company any promissory notes or bills of exchange.

55. Any such securities may be issued, either at par or at a premium or discount, and may from time to time be dischard social privileges as to redemp-

cancelled, discharged, varied, or exchanged, as the Directors may think fit, and may contain special privileges as to redemp-

tion, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, or otherwise.

Every debenture or other instrument issued by the Company for securing the payment of money may be so framed that the moneys thereby secured shall be assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

GENERAL MEETINGS.

57. The First General Meeting shall be held at such time, not being more than twelve months after the incorporation

of the Company, and at such place as the Directors may determine.

58. Subsequent General Meetings shall be held once in every year at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if no time or place is so prescribed, then at such place and at such time as soon after the first day in each year as may be determined by the Directors.

The General Meetings mentioned in the last preceding clause shall be called Ordinary General Meetings; all

other meetings of the Company shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.

60. The Directors may, whenever they think fit, call an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, and the Directors shall do so upon a requisition made in writing by not less than one-eighth of the number of Shareholders of the Company for the time being, or by any Shareholder or Shareholders holding in the aggregate one-eighth part of the shares of the Company for the time being subscribed for.

61. Any requisition so made shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called, shall be addressed to the

Directors, and shall be sent to the registered office of the Company.

Upon the receipt of such requisition the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such time and place as they shall determine. If they do not proceed to convene the same within seven days from the delivery of the requisition, the requisitionists may themselves convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such place and at such time as the Shareholders convening the meeting may themselves fix.

62. Any Shareholder may, on giving not less than ten days' previous notice of any resolution, submit the same

to a meeting.

Such notice shall be given by leaving a copy of the resolution at the registered office of the Company.

Seven days' notice at least of every General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, and by whomsoever convened, specifying the place, date, hour of meeting, and the object and business of the meeting, shall be given by advertisement in the Ceylon Government Gazette, or in such other manner (if any) as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting.

Every Ordinary General Meeting shall be competent, without special notice having been given of the purposes for which it is convened, or of the business to be transacted thereat, to receive and discuss any report and any accounts presented thereto by the Directors and to pass resolutions in approval or disapproval thereof, and to declare dividends, and to elect Directors and Auditors in the place of those retiring by rotation, and to fix the remuneration of the Auditors; and shall also be competent to enter upon, discuss, and transact any business whatsoever of which special mention shall have been given in the notice or notices upon which the meeting was convened.

With the exceptions mentioned in the foregoing Articles as to the business which may be transacted at Ordinary General Meetings without notice, no General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss, or transact any business which has not been specially mentioned in the notice or notices upon which it was

convened.

67. No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting, except the declaration of a dividend recommended by a report of the Directors or election of a Chairman, unless there shall be present or represented at the commencement

of the business three or more Shareholders entitled to vote.

68. If at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, the required number of Shareholders shall not be present at the meeting, the meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of Shareholders, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, those Shareholders who are present shall be a quorum, and may transact the business for wnich the meeting was called.

69. The Chairman (if any) of the Directors shall be entitled to take the Chair at every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary; or if there be no Chairman, or if at any meeting he shall not be present at the time appointed for holding such meeting, or if he shall refuse to take the Chair, the Shareholders shall choose another Director as Chairman; and if no Directors be present, or if all the Directors present decline to take the Chair, then the Shareholders present shall

choose one of their number to be Chairman.

No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting, except the election of a Chairman whilst the Chair is

The Chairman may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting

from which the adjournment took place, unless due notice thereof shall be given.

72. Minutes of the proceedings of every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall when so entered be signed as soon as practicable by the Chairman of the same meeting or by the Chairman of the succeeding meeting, and the same when so entered and signed shall be evidence of all such proceedings and of the proper election of the Chairman.

· VOTING AT MEETINGS.

At any meeting every resolution shall be decided by the votes of the Shareholders present in person or by proxy, or by attorney, and in case there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman at such meeting shall be entitled to give a casting vote in addition to the vote to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder; and unless a poll be immediately demanded by some member present and entitled to vote, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the Minute Book of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact without proof of the

number or proportion of votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

74. If at any meeting a poll be demanded by some Shareholder present at the meeting and entitled to vote, the meeting shall, if necessary, be adjourned, and the poll shall be taken at such time and place, and in such manner as the Chairman shall direct, and in such case every Shareholder shall have the number of votes to which he may be entitled as hereinafter provided; and in case at any such poll, there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting at which such poll shall have been demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder and proxy, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in such meeting.

75. The demand of a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of business other than

the question on which a poll has been demanded.

76. No poll shall be demanded on the election of a Chairman of the meeting or on any question of adjournment. On a show of hands every member shall have one vote only. In case of a poll every Shareholder shall have

one vote for every share held by him.

78. The parent or guardian of an infant Shareholder, the committee or other legal guardian of any lunatic Shareholder, the husband of any female Shareholder not entitled to her shares as separate estate, and the executor or Shareholder. administrator of any deceased Shareholder, or any one of such persons as aforesaid, if more than one, shall not be entitled to vote in the place of such infant, lunatic, female, or deceased person, unless such person shall have been registered as a Shareholder.

Votes may be given either personally or by proxy or by attorney duly authorized.

No Shareholder shall be entitled to vote at any meeting, unless all calls due from him on his shares have been 80. paid, and no Shareholder other than the trustee or assignee of a bankrupt or representative of a deceased Shareholder, or person acquiring by marriage, shall be entitled to vote at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company, in respect of any share which he has acquired by transfer, unless he has been possessed of the share in respect of which he claims to vote at least three months previously to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote.

81. No Shareholder who has not been duly registered as such for three months previous to the General Meeting

shall be entitled to be present and to speak and vote at any meeting held after the expiry of three months from the incor-

poration of the Company.

82. No person shall be entitled to hold a proxy who is not a Shareholder in, or the liquidator of, the Company, but this rule does not apply to a power of attorney.

The instrument appointing a proxy shall be printed or written, and shall be signed by the appointor, or if such appointor be a company or corporation, it shall be under the common seal of such company or corporation.

84. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company, not less than twenty-four hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote.

The instrument appointing a proxy may be in the following form :-

The Ratnapura Tea Company of Ceylon, Limited.

-, of -- (a Shareholder in the Company), . of --, appoint as my proxy, to represent me and to vote for me and on my behalf at the Ordinary (or Extraordinary, as the case may be) General Meeting of the Company to be held on the One thousand Nine hundred and --, and at any adjournment thereof, and at every poll which may be taken in consequence thereof. As witness my hand, this day of --. One thousand Nine hundred and

No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) except at the meeting or poll at which such votes shall be tendered, and every vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) to which no objection shall be made at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such

meeting or poll whatsoever.

86. No Shareholder shall be prevented from voting by reason of his being personally interested in the result of

the voting.

DIRECTORS.

87. The number of Directors shall never be less than two or more than five, but this clause shall be construed as being directory only, and the continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any number of vacancies.

The qualification of a Director shall be his holding in his own right at least fifty fully or partly paid shares in the Company, upon which all calls for the time being have been paid, and this qualification shall apply as well to the first

Directors as to all future Directors. As a remuneration for their services, the Directors shall be entitled to appropriate a sum not exceeding Two thousand Rupees annually, to be divided between them in such manner as they may determine, but the Company in General Meeting may at any time alter the amount of such remuneration for the future, and such remuneration shall not be considered as including any remuneration granted for special extra services hereinafter referred to, nor any extra

remuneration to the Managing Directors of the Company.

The first Directors shall be Harry Gordon Bois, Francis John Poynts Roberts, and Herbert William Crabbe, who shall hold office till the First Ordinary General Meeting of the Company, when they shall all retire, but shall be eligible for re-election.

One or more of the Directors may be appointed by the Directors to act as Secretary, Managing Director, or Managing Directors and (or) Visiting Agent or Agents of the Company, or Superintendents of any of the estates, for such time and on such terms as the Directors may determine or may fix by agreement with the person or persons appointed to the office, and they may from time to time revoke such appointment and appoint another or other Secretary, Managing Director or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Agents or Superintendents.

The Directors may confer on the Managing Director or Managing Directors all or any duties and powers that might

be conferred on any Manager of the Company.

If any Director shall be called upon to perform any extra services, the Directors may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such services, either by way of salary, commission, or the payment of a lump sum of money, as they shall think fit.

· ROTATION OF DIRECTORS.

90. At the First Ordinary General Meeting of the Company all the Directors shall retire from office, and at the First Ordinary General Meeting in every subsequent year one of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office, as provided in clause 91.

91. The Directors to retire from office at the Second and Third Ordinary General Meeting shall, unless the Directors otherwise arrange among themselves, be determined by ballot; in every subsequent year the Directors to retire shall be

those who have been longest in office. In case any question shall arise as to which of the Directors who have been the same time in office shall retire,

the same shall be decided by the Directors by ballot.

93. Retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.
94. The Ordinary General Meeting at which Directors retire or ought to retire by rotation shall appoint successors to them, and in default thereof such successors may be appointed at a subsequent Ordinary General Meeting.

95. Any casual vacancy occurring in the number of Directors or provisional Directors arising from death, resignation, or otherwise, may be filled up by the Directors, but any person appointed to fill such vacancy shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Director would have retained the same if no vacancy had occurred.

96. A General Meeting may from time to time at any time increase or reduce the number of Directors, and may

also determine in what rotation such increased or reduced number is to go out of office.

97. If at any meeting at which an election of a Director ought to take place the place of a retiring Director is not filled up, the retiring Director may continue in office until the First Ordinary General Meeting in the next year, and so on from meeting to meeting, until his place is filled up, unless it shall be determined at such meeting to reduce the number of

98. A Director may at any time give notice in writing of his intention to resign by delivering such notice to the Secretary, or by leaving the same at the registered office of the Company, or by tendering his written resignation at a meeting of the Directors, and on the acceptance of his resignation by the Directors, but not before, his office shall become

vacant.

99. The Company may, by a special resolution, remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and may, by an ordinary resolution, appoint another person in his stead. The Director so appointed shall hold office only during such time as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.

Every Director or officer of the Company, and his heirs, executors, and administrators shall be indemnified 100. by the Company from all losses and expenses incurred by him in or about the discharge of his duties, except such as happen from his wilful acts or defaults; and no Director or officer shall, nor shall the heirs, executors, or administrators of any Director or officer, be liable for the acts or defaults of any other Director or officer, or for any loss or expense happening to the Company by the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired for or on behalf of the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested, or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency, or tortious act of any person with whom any moneys, securities, or effects shall be deposited, or for any other loss, damage, or misfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, unless the same happen through his own wilful act or default.

No contribution shall be required from any present or past Director or Manager exceeding the amount, if 101. any, unpaid on the shares in respect of which he is liable as a present or past Shareholder.

DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS.

102. The office of the Director shall be vacated-

(a) If he accepts or holds any office or place of profit other than Managing Director, Visiting Agent, Superintendent, or Secretary under the Company.

(b) If he becomes bankrupt or insolvent, or suspends payment, or files a petition for the liquidation of his affairs, or compounds with his creditors.

by reason of mental or bodily infirmity he becomes incapable of acting. (d) If he ceases to hold the required number of shares to qualify him for the office.

(e) If he is concerned or participates in the profits of any contract with, or work done for, the Company.

Provided that no Director shall vacate his office by reason of his being a member of any corporation, company, or firm which has entered into any contract with, or done any work for, the Company of which he is a Director, or by his being agent, or secretary, or solicitor, or by his being a member of a firm who are agents, or secretaries, or solicitors of the Company; nevertheless, he shall not vote in respect of any contract work or business in which he may be personally interested.

Powers of Directors.

The Directors shall have power to carry into effect the acquisition of the block of land at Ratnapura known as Galkadua estate, and the lease, purchase, or acquisition of any other lands, estates, or property they may think

fit, or any share or shares thereof.

The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors either by themselves or through a Managing Director or with the assistance of an agent or agents and secretary or secretaries of the Company to be appointed by the Directors, for such a period and on such terms as they shall determine, and the Directors shall pay out of the funds of the Company all costs and expenses, as well preliminary as otherwise, paid or incurred in and about the formation and the registration of the Company, and in and about the valuation, purchase, lease, or acquisition of the said estates and lands, and the opening, clearing, planting, and cultivation thereof and otherwise in or about the working and business of

the Company.

105. The Directors shall have power to make, and may make, such rules or regulations for the management of the business and property of the Company as they may from time to time think proper, and shall carry on the business of the Company in such manner as they may think most expedient; and, in addition to the powers and authorities by any Ordinance or by these presents expressly conferred on them, they may exercise all such powers, give all such consents, make all such arrangements, appoint all such agents, managers, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, superintendents, assistants, clerks, artizans, labourers, and other servants for such period or periods, and with such remuneration, and at such salaries, and upon such terms and conditions as they may consider advisable, and may pay the expenses occasioned thereby out of the funds of the Company, and may from time to time remove or suspend all or any of the managers, agents, treasurers, accountants, officers, clerks, or servants of the Company for such reasons as they may think proper and advisable, and without assigning any cause for so doing.

106. The Directors shall exercise, in the name and on behalf of the Company, all such powers of the Company as are not expressly required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, and shall generally do all such acts and things as are or shall be by any Ordinance and by these presents detected and authorized to be exercised, given, made, or done by the Company, and are not by any Ordinance or by these presents required to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting, subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of any such Ordinances and of these presents, and to such regulations and provisions (if any) as may from time to time be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting; but no regulations made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been

valid if such regulation had not been made.

The generality of the powers conferred by any clause in these presents on the Directors shall not be taken to be

limited by any clause conferring any special or expressed power.

107. The Directors shall have power to appoint a proctor or proctors, solicitor or solicitors, attorney or attorneys to assist in carrying on, or protecting, the business of the Company on such terms as they may consider proper, and from time to time to revoke such appointment.

The Directors shall have power to open from time to time on behalf of the Company any account or accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint, and also by such signatures as they may appoint to draw, accept, make, endorse, sign, and execute cheques, bills of exchange, and promissory notes, bills of lading, receipts, contracts, and agreements, bonds, mortgages, proxies to any proctor or proctors, and other documents on behalf of and to further the interests of the Company.

109. The seal of the Company shall not be affixed to any instrument except in the presence of two or more Directors or of one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries of the Company other than the Director so signing, who shall attest the sealing thereof; such attestation on the part of Secretaries in the event of a firm becoming Secretaries being signified by a partner or the Manager of the firm signing for and on behalf of the said firm as such Secretaries.

110. It shall be lawful for the Directors, if authorized so to do by the Shareholders in General Meeting, to

arrange terms for the amalgamation of the Company with any other company or companies, or individual or individuals, or for the sale or disposal of the business, estates, and effects of the Company, or any part or parts, share or shares thereof, respectively, to any company or companies, or person or persons, upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit, and the Directors shall have power to do all such things as may be necessary for carrying such

amalgamations, sale, or other disposition into effect so far as a resolution or special resolution of the Company is not by law necessary for such purpose; and in case any terms so arranged by the Directors include or make necessary the dissolution of the Company, the Company shall be dissolved to that end.

111. In furtherance, and not in limitation of, and without prejudice to, the general powers conferred or implied in the last preceding clause, and of the other powers conferred by these presents, it is hereby expressly declared that the

Directors shall have the powers following (that is to say) :-

(a) To institute, conduct, defend, compromise, settle, or abandon any action, suit, prosecution, or other legal proceedings on behalf of the Company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction. of any debts due to or from the Company, and any claims or demands made by or against the Company.

(b) To refer any claims or demands by or against the Company to arbitration, and observe and perform or

enforce the award.

(c) To make and give receipts, releases, and other discharges for money payable to the Company, and for claims and demands by the Company.

(d) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents, with power to accept

the office of trustee, assignee, liquidator, or inspector, or any similar office.

(e) To invest any of the moneys of the Company which the Directors may consider not to be immediately required for the purposes thereof upon such securities and in such manner as they may think fit, and so that they shall not be restricted to such securities as are permissible to trustees without special powers.

and from time to time to vary or release such investments.

(f) To delegate to any one or more of the Directors of the Company for the time being, or any other person or company for the time being residing or carrying on business in Ceylon or elsewhere, all or any of the powers or functions given to or exercisable by the Directors; and to confer such powers for such time and to be exercised for such objects and purposes, and upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as the Directors may think expedient, and to confer such powers either collaterally with or to the exclusion of, and in the substitution for, all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf, and from time to time to revoke, withdraw, alter, or vary all or any of such powers. The Directors may allow to any person or company to whom any powers may be so delegated such remuneration as they in their absolute discretion shall think fit.

(g) Before recommending any dividend to set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as they think proper as a reserve fund to meet contingencies or for special dividends or for equalizing dividends or for repairing, improving, and maintaining any of the property of the Company, and for other purposes as the Directors shall in their absolute discretion think conducive to the interests of the Company, and to invest the several sums so set aside upon such investments as they may think fit, and from time to time deal with and vary such investments and dispose of all or any part thereof for the benefit of the Company, and to divide the reserve fund into such special funds as they think fit, and to employ the reserve fund or any part thereof in the business of the Company, and that without being bound to

keep the same separate from their other assets.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

The Directors may meet for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings at such places and times and in such manner as they may think fit, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of Until otherwise determined two Directors shall be a quorum.

A Director may at any time summon a meeting of Directors.

114. The Board may elect a Chairman of their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office, and all meetings of the Directors shall be presided over by the Chairman, if one has been elected and is present, but if there be a vacancy in the office of Chairman, or if at any meeting of Directors the Chairman be not present at the time appointed for holding the same, then and in that case the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting

Any question which shall arise at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman thereat shall have a casting vote in addition to his vote as a Director.

116. The Board may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as the Board think fit, and they may from time to time revoke and discharge any such committee, either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee so formed shall, in exercise of the powers delegated to it, conform to all such regulations as may be prescribed by the Board. All acts done by any such committee, in conformity with such regulations and in the fulfilment of the purposes of their appointment, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.

117. The meetings and proceedings of such committees shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto, and are not superseded by

the express terms of the appointment of such committee respectively, or any regulation imposed by the Board.

118. The acts of the Board and of any committees appointed by the Board shall, notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board or committee, or defect in the appointment or qualification of any Director or of any member of the committee. be as valid as if no such vacancy or defect had existed, and as if such person had been duly appointed or qualified, provided the same be done before the discovery of the vacancy or defect.

A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors for the time being in Ceylon shall be as valid and effectual

as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted

The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in a book or books to be provided for the purpose :-

(1) Of all appointments of (a) officers and (b) committees made by the Directors.

(2) Of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors

(3) Of the names of the members of the committee appointed by the Board present at each meeting of the

Of all resolutions and proceedings of all General Meetings of the Company.

Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of the Directors.

(6) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of committees appointed by the Board.

All such minutes shall be signed by the person who shall have presided as Chairman at the General Meeting, the Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting at which the business minuted shall have been transacted, or by the person who shall preside as Chairman at the next ensuing General Meeting, or Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, as the case may be; and all minutes purporting to have been signed by any Chairman of any General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively, shall, for all purposes whatsoever, be prima facie evidence of the actual and regular passing of the resolutions, and the actual and regular transaction or occurrence of the proceedings and other matters purporting to be so recorded and of the regularity of the meeting at which the same shall expense to have taken place and of the Chairmanship recorded, and of the regularity of the meeting at which the same shall appear to have taken place, and of the Chairmanship and signature of the person appearing to have signed as Chairman, and of the date on which such meeting was held.

ACCOUNTS.

The Agent or Secretary, or Agents or Secretaries, for the time being, or if there be no Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries, the Directors shall cause true accounts to be kept of the paid-up capital for the time being of the Company, and of all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and of the matters in respect of which such sums were received and expended, and of the assets, credits, and liabilities of the Company, and generally of all its commercial, financial, and other affairs, transactions, and engagements, and of all other matters necessary for showing the true financial state and condition of the Company. The accounts shall be kept in such books and in such a manner at the registered office of the Company as the Directors think fit.

123. The Directors shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent, and at what times and places, and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the Company or of any of them shall be open to the inspection of the Shareholders, and no Shareholder shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company, except as conferred by statute or authorized by the Directors, or by a resolution of the Company in General

Meeting. 124. At the Ordinary General Meeting in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company a statement of the income and expenditure of the Company for the previous financial year, and a balance sheet containing a summary

of the property and liabilities of the Company made up to the end of the same period.

125. The statement so made shall show, arranged under the most convenient heads, the amount of gross income, distinguishing the several sources from which it has been derived and the amount of gross expenditure, distinguishing the expense of the establishment, salaries, and other heads of expenditure. Every item of expenditure fairly charge-she against the world income shall be brought into except the world income shall be brought into except and below a fairly charge-she against the world income shall be brought into except and below a fairly charge. able against the year's income shall be brought into account, so that a just balance of profit and loss may be laid before the meeting, and in case where any item of expenditure which may in fairness be distributed over several years has been incurred in any one year; the whole amount of such item shall be stated, with the addition of the reasons why only a portion of such expenditure is charged against the income of the year.

126. The balance sheet shall contain a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company arranged under the heads appearing in the form annexed to the table referred to in Schedule C to "The Joint Stock Companies"

Ordinance, 1861," or as near thereto as circumstances admit.

Every such statement shall be accompanied by a report as to the state and condition of the Company, and as to the amount which the Directors recommend should be paid out of the profits by way of dividend or bonus to the Shareholders, and the statement, report, and balance sheet shall be signed by the Directors.

A printed copy of such balance sheet shall, at least seven days previous to such meeting, be delivered at,

or posted to, the registered address of every Shareholder.

The accounts of the Company shall from time to time be examined, and the correctness of the balance sheet ascertained by one or more Auditor or Auditors.

AUDIT.

130. No person shall be eligible as an Auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Shareholder in any transaction of the Company, but it shall not be a necessary qualification for an Auditor that he be a Shareholder of the Company, and no Director or officer of the Company shall, during his continuance in office, be eligible as an Auditor.

The Directors shall appoint the first Auditor of the Company and fix his remuneration. He shall hold office till the Second General Meeting of the Company. All subsequent appointments shall, except as is hereinafter mentioned, be made at the First Ordinary General Meeting of the Company in each year by the Shareholders present thereat, and the Auditor or Auditors appointed at such meeting shall hold office only until the First Ordinary General Meeting after his or their appointments, or until otherwise ordered by a General Meeting.

132. The remuneration of the Auditors other than the first shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting,

and this remuneration may from time to time be varied by a General Meeting.

Retiring Auditors shall be eligible for re-election.

134. If any vacancy that may occur in the office of Auditor is not supplied at the next Ordinary General Meeting, or if any casual vacancy shall occur in the office of Auditor, the Directors shall fill up the vacancy by the appointment

of a person who shall hold office until the next Ordinary General Meeting after his appointment.

135. Every Auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet intended to be laid before the next Ordinary General Meeting after his appointment, and it shall be his duty to examine the same with the accounts and vouchers

relating thereto, and to report thereon to the meeting generally or specially, as he may think fit.

136. The Auditor or Auditors for the time being shall have a list delivered to him or them of all books kept by the Company, and he or they shall at all reasonable hours in the daytime have access to all accounts, books, and documents whatsoever of the Company for the purpose of audit.

DIVIDENDS, BONUS, AND RESERVE FUND.

137. The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, from time to time declare a dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders in proportion to the amount paid on their shares, but no dividend shall be payable except out of nett profits.

138. The Directors may, if they think fit, determine on and declare an interim dividend to be paid, or pay a

bonus to the Shareholders on account and in anticipation of the dividend for the then currrent year.

The Directors may, before recommending any dividend or bonus, set aside out of the profits of the Company such a sum as they think proper as a reserve fund, and shall invest the same in such securities as they may with the

sanction of the Company select, or shall place the same in fixed deposit in any bank or banks.

The Directors may from time to time apply such portions as they think fit of the reserve fund to meet contingencies, or for equalizing dividends, or for working the business of the Company, or for repairing or maintaining or extending the buildings and premises of the Company, or for the repair or renewal or extensions of the property or plant of the Company or any part thereof, or for any other purposes connected with the interest of the Company that they may from time to time deem expedient.

No unpaid dividend or bonus shall ever bear interest against the Company.

No Shareholder shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividend or bonus in respect of his share or shares whilst any moneys may be due or owing from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company in respect of such share or shares, or otherwise howsoever.

The Directors may deduct from the dividend or bonus payable to any Shareholder all such sums of money as may be due from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company, and notwithstanding the fact

that such sums or any of them are not payable until after the date when such dividend or bonus is payable.

144. Notice of any dividend that has been declared, or of any bonus to be paid, shall be given to each Shareholder entitled thereto, and any dividend or bonus unclaimed by any Shareholder for three years after notice thereof is given may be forfeited by the Directors for the benefit of the Company, and, if the Directors think fit, may be applied in augmentation of the reserve fund.

145. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any partner of such firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm.

146. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by several persons jointly other than a firm

may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any one of such persons.

147. Any General Meeting declaring a dividend may direct payment of such dividend wholly or in part by the distribution of specific assets and in particular of paid-up shares debentures or debenture stock of the Company or of any other company or in any one or more or such ways, and the Directors shall give effect to such direction and when any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution they may settle the same as they think expedient, and in particular may issue fractional certificates and may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof, and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any Shareholders upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties, and may vest any such specific assets in trustees upon such trusts for the persons entitled to the dividend as may seem expedient to the Directors, where requisite a proper contract shall be filed, and the Directors may appoint any person to sign such contract on behalf of the persons entitled to the dividend, and such appointment shall be effective.

NOTICES.

148. Notices from the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed or written) of the Agent or Secretary, Agents or Secretaries, or persons appointed by the Board to authenticate the same.

149. Every Shareholder shall give an address in Ceylon, which shall be deemed to be his place of abode, and shall

be registered as such in the books of the Company.

150. A notice may be served by the Company upon any Shareholder, either personally or by being sent through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to such Shareholder at his registered address or place of abode, and any notice so served shall be deemed to be well served, notwithstanding that the Shareholder to whom such notice is addressed be dead, unless his executors or administrators shall have given to the Directors, or to the Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries of the Company, their own or some other address to which notices may be sent.

151. All notices directed to be given to Shareholders shall, with respect to any share to which persons are jointly entitled other than a firm, be given to whichever of such persons is named first in the register of Shareholders, and notice

so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares.

152. Any notice if served by post shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the letter containing the same would in ordinary course of post have been delivered at its address, and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and put into a post office or post box, and the entry in the Company's books of the leaving or sending by post of any notice at or to such address shall be sufficient evidence thereof, and no further evidence shall be necessary.

153. Every Shareholder residing out of Ceylon shall name and register in the books of the Company an address within Ceylon at which all notices shall be served upon him, and all notices served at such address shall be deemed to be well served. If he shall not have named and registered such an address, he shall not be entitled to any notices.

All notices required to be given by advertisement shall be published in the Ceylon Government Gazette.

ARBITRATION.

154. Whenever any question or other matter whatsoever arises in dispute between the Company and any other Company or person, the same may be referred by the Directors to arbitration.

EVIDENCE.

155. On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought or instituted by the Company against any Shareholder or his representatives to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is or was, when the claim arose, on the Register of Shareholders of the Company as a holder of the number of shares in respect of which such claim is made, and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company; and it shall not be necessary to prove the registration of the Company, nor the appointment of the Directors who made any call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made, nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

PROVISION RELATIVE TO WINDING UP OR DISSOLUTION OF THE COMPANY.

156. Any Shareholder, whether a Director or not, and whether alone or jointly with any other Shareholder or Director, and any person not a Shareholder, may become the purchaser of the property of the Company or any part thereof in the event of a winding up or a dissolution, or at any other time when a sale of the Company's property or effects or any part thereof shall be made by the Directors under the powers hereby or under the Ordinance conferred upon them.

In witness whereof the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereto set and subscribed their names, at Colombo, this 28th day of June, 1911.

FRED. WM. Bois.

HERBERT Bois (by his attorney Fred. WM. Bois).

H. G. Bois.

- J. MATHIESON (by his attorney J. Anderson).
- J. Spicer (by his attorney J. Anderson).
- J. Steuart.
- R. F. S. HARDIE.

Witness to all the above signatures:

O. P. MOUNT.

[Third Publication.]

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE ENSELWATTE TEA COMPANY, LIMITED

- 1. The name of the Company is "THE ENSELWATTE TEA COMPANY, LIMITED."
- 2. The registered office of the Company is to be established in Colombo.
- 3. The objects for which the Company is to be established are
 - e. (a) To purchase from the proprietors thereof the Enselwatte and Silvakande estates, situated in the Morawak korale district, in the Island of Ceylon.
 - (b) To purchase, lease, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any other land or lands, or any share or shares thereof, and any buildings, mines, minerals, mining and mineral properties and rights, machinery, implements, tools, live and dead stock, stores, effects, and other property, real or personal, movable or immovable, of any kind, and any rights, easements, patents, licenses, or privileges in Ceylon or elsewhere (including the benefit of any trade mark or trade secret which may be thought necessary or convenient for the purpose of the Company's business), and to erect, construct, maintain, or alter any buildings, machinery, plant, roads, ways, or other works or methods of communication.
 - (c) To appoint, engage, employ, maintain, provide for; and dismiss attorneys, agents, superintendents, managers, clerks, coolies, and other labourers and servants in Coylon or elsewhere, and to remunerate any such at such rate as shall be thought fit, and to grant pensions or gratuities to any such or the widow or children of any such.
 - (d) To clear, open, plant, cultivate, improve, and develop the said property or any portions thereof and any other land or lands that may be purchased, leased, or otherwise acquired by the Company in Ceylon or elsewhere, or portions thereof, as a tea and rubber estate or estates, or with any other products, trees, plants, or, crops that may be approved by the Company, and to plant, grow, and produce rubber, coconuts, tea, coffee, cinchona, cacao, cardamoms, rhea, ramie plants, trees, and other natural products in Ceylon or elsewhere.
 - (e) To build, make, construct, equip, maintain, improve, alter, and work rubber and tea factories, coconut and coffee-curing mills, and other manufactories, buildings, erections, roads, tramways, or other works conducive to any of the Company's objects, or to contribute to or subsidize such.
 - (f) To enter into any arrangement or agreement with Government or any authorities, and obtain rights, concessions, and privileges.
 - (g) To hire, lease, or purchase land either with any other person or company or otherwise, and to erect a factory and other buildings thereon or on any land already leased or owned by the Company at the cost of the Company and such other person or company or otherwise.
 - (h) To lease any factory or other buildings from any company or person.
 - (i) To enter into any agreement with any company or person for the working of any factory erected or leased as provided in (g) or (h), or for the manufacture and preparation for market of tea, rubber, or any other produce in such or any other factory.
 - (j) To prepare, cure, manufacture, treat, and prepare for market rubber, plumbago, minerals, tea, and (or) other crops or produce, and to sell, ship, and dispose of such rubber, plumbago, minerals, tea, crops, and produce, either raw or manufactured, at such times and places and in such manner as shall be deemed expedient.
 - (k) To buy, sell, warehouse, transport, trade, and deal in rubber, coconuts, tea, coffee, and other plants and seed, and rice and other food required for coolies, labourers, and others employed on estates, and other products, wares, merchandise, articles, and things of any kind whatever.
 - (l) To work mines or quarries, and to find, win, get, work, crush, smelt, manufacture, or otherwise deal with ores, metals, minerals, oils, precious and other stones, deposits, and products, and generally to carry on the business of miners, manufacturers, growers, planters, and exporters of rubber and other products, or any such business on behalf of the Company or as agents for others and on commission or otherwise.
 - (m) To establish and carry on a dairy farm, and to buy and sell live stock, and to sell and deal in milk and dairy produce, wholesale or retail.
 - (n) To establish and maintain in the United Kingdom, Ceylon, or elsewhere stores, shops, and places for the sale of rubber, tea, coffee, cacao, and articles of food, drink, or refreshment, wholesale or retail; and to establish in any part or parts of the world agencies for carrying on or developing the business of the Company or any branch thereof; and generally to carry on the business of merchants, exporters, importers, traders, engineers, or any other trade, business, or undertaking whatsoever.
 - (o) To cultivate, manage, and superintend estates and properties in Ceylon or elsewhere, and generally to undertake the business of estate agents in Ceylon and elsewhere to act as agents for the investment, loan, payment, transmission, and collection of money, and for the purchase, sale, improvement, development, and management of property, including concerns and undertakings, and to transact any other agency business of any kind.
 - (p) To let, lease, sell, exchange, or mortgage the Company's estates, lands, buildings, or other property, or any part or parts thereof, whether in consideration of rents, money, or securities for money, shares, debentures, or securities in any other company, or for any other consideration, and otherwise to trade in, dispose of, or deal with the same or any part thereof.
 - (q) To borrow or receive on loan money for the purpose of the Company upon the security of cash, credit bonds, or of hypothecation or mortgages of the Company's property or any part or parts thereof, or otherwise, as shall be thought most expedient, and in particular by the issue of debentures, debenture stock, or bonds to bearer or otherwise, either charged upon all or any part of the Company's present or future property (including uncalled capital), or not so charged, as shall be thought best.
 - (r) To cause or permit any debenture stock, bonds, debentures, mortgages, charges, incumbrances, liens, or securities of or belonging to or made or issued by the Company or affecting its preporty or rights or any of the terms thereof to be renewed, extended, varied, redeemed, exchanged, transferred, or satisfied, as shall be thought fit; also to pay off and re-borrow the moneys secured thereby or any part or parts thereof.

- (s) To draw, make, accept, and endorse bills of lading, warrants, bills of exchange, promissory notes, and other transferable or negotiable instruments for the purposes of the Company.
- (t) To unite, co-operate, amalgamate, or enter into partnership or any arrangement for sharing profits of union of interests or any other arrangement with any person or company already engaged in or hereafter to be established for the purpose of carrying on any business having objects wholly or in part similar or analogous or subsidiary to those of the Company or to any of them, or capable of being conducted so as to benefit this Company, either directly or indirectly, and to subscribe for or otherwise acquire for the benefit and in the name of the Company or otherwise and pay for in any manner that may be agreed upon, either in money or in shares or bonds or otherwise, and to hold any shares, stock, or other interest in any such company, and to promote the formation of any such company.
- (u) To amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to this Company.
- (v) To acquire by purchase in money, shares, bonds, or otherwise, and undertake all or any part of the business, property, assets, and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business in Ceylon or elsewhere which this Company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this Company.
- (w) To sell the property, business, or undertaking of the Company, or any part or parts thereof, for such consideration as the Company shall think fit, and in particular for shares, stocks debentures, or securities of any other company.
- (x) To procure the Company to be registered or incorporated in Ceylon, and, if and when necessary or thought advisable, elsewhere.
- (y) To lend money on any terms and in any manner and on any security, and in particular on the security of plantations, factories, growing crops, produce, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bonds, bills of lading, warrants, stocks, shares, debentures, and book debts, or without any security at all, and generally to transact financial business of any kind.
- (z) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined.
- (z 1) To promote and establish any other company whatsoever, and to subscribe to and hold the shares or stock of any other company or any part thereof.
- (22) To pay for any lands and real or personal, immovable or movable, estate or property or assets of any kind acquired or to be acquired by the Company, or for any services rendered or to be rendered to the Company, and generally to pay or discharge any consideration to be paid or given by the Company in money or in shares or debentures or debenture stock or obligations of the Company or partly in one way and partly in another, or otherwise howsoever with power to issue any shares either fully or partially paid up for such purpose.
- (z 3) To accept consideration for any lands and real and personal, immovable and movable, estate, property, and assets of the Company of any kind sold or otherwise disposed of by the Company, and generally to accept any consideration to be received by the Company in money or in shares (the shares whether wholly or partially paid up) of any company, or in the mortgages, debentures, or obligations of any company or person or partly in one of these modes and partly in another or in any other kind or mode whatsoever.
- (z 4) To distribute among the Shareholders in specie any property of the Company, whether by way of dividend or upon a return of capital, but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital be made, except with the sanction for the time being required by law.
- (z 5) To do all such other things as shall be incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects abovementioned or any of them or any one or more of the objects aforesaid, it being hereby declared that in the foregoing clauses (unless a contrary intention appears) the word "Company" includes companies or corporations, and the word "person" any number of persons, and that the other objects specified in any paragraph are not to be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other paragraph.
- 4. The liability of the Shareholders is limited.
- 5. The nominal capital of the Company is Three hundred thousans Rupees, divided into Twenty thousand shares of Fifteen Rupees each, with power to increase or reduce the capital. The shares forming the capital (original, increased, or reduced) of the Company may be subdivided or consolidated or divided into such classes, with any preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto, and be held upon such terms as may be prescribed by the Articles of Association and Regulations of the Company for the time being, or otherwise.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the captal of the Company set opposite our respective names :—

Name and Addr	esses of Sub	oscribers.			aber of Shares taken y each Subscriber.
F. STEPHENS, Colombo	• •	••	• •	• • •	One
J. M. BOUSTEAD (by his attorne	у F. S терн	ENS), Wimbledor	i	• •	One .
LEILA E. BOUSTEAD (by her att	orney F. St	EPHENS), Wimbl	edom		One
E. G. MONEY (by his attorney I	F. Stephens	s), Colombo	•• ,	••	One
GUY BOUSTEAD, Colombo	••	• •	•		One
CAMERON WALKER, Colombo	• •	***	•		One
H. L. PERGY, Colombo	••	:			One
Witness to the above signature	man of Cal-				•

A triess to the above signatures, at Colombo, this 24th day of June, 1911:

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE ENSELWATTE TEA COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE regulations contained in the Table C in the schedule annexed to "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these Articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution.

The Company may, by special resolution, alter and make provisions instead of, or in addition to, any of the regulations

of the Company, whether contained or comprised in these Articles or not.

INTERPRETATION CLAUSE.

1. In the interpretation of these presents the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless such meanings be inconsistent with, or repugnant to, the subject or context :-

The word "Company" means "The Enselwatte Tea Company, Limited," incorporated or established by or under the Memorandum of Association to which these Articles are attached.

The "Ordinance" means and includes "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance 1861," and every other Ordinance

- from time to time in force concerning Joint Stock Companies which may apply to the Company.

 "These presents" means and includes the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association of the Company from time to time in force.
 - Capital" means the capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purposes of the Company.

"Shares" means the shares from time to time into which the capital of the Company may be divided.

"Shareholder" means every person who has accepted any share or who has accepted part of a share jointly with another or others whose name is entered on the Register of Shareholders as owner or joint-owner of such share.

Presence or present" at a meeting means presence or present personally or by proxy or by attorney.

"Directors" means the Directors for the time being of the Company or (as the case may be) the Directors assembled

"Board" means a meeting of the Directors or (as the context may require) the Directors assembled at a Board meeting, acting through at least a quorum of their body in the exercise of authority duly given to them.

Persons "means partnerships, associations, corporations, companies, unincorporated or corporated by Ordinance

and registration, as well as individuals.
"Office" means the registered office for the time being of the Company.

"Seal" means the common seal for the time being of the Company.

"Month" means a calendar month.
"Writing" means printed matter or print as well as writing.

Words importing the singular number only include the plural, and vice versa. Words importing the masculine gender only include the feminine, and vice versa.

" Holder" means a Shareholder.

BUSINESS.

2. The Company may proceed to carry out the objects for which it is established, and to employ and apply its capital as soon after the registration of the Company as the Directors in their discretion shall think fit; and if the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed, applied for, or allotted as soon as, in the judgment of the Directors, a sufficient number of shares shall have been subscribed or applied for.

3. The business of the Company shall be carried on by, or under the management or direction of, the Directors.

and subject only to the control of General Meetings, in accordance with these presents.

CAPITAL.

4. The original capital of the Company is Three hundred thousand Rupees (Rs. 300,000), divided into Twenty

thousand shares of Fifteen Rupees (Rs. 15) each.

The Directors may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company in General Meeting, increase the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares of such amounts per share and in the aggregate and with such special, preferential, deferred, qualified or other rights privileges or conditions attached thereto as such resolution shall direct, and they shall have power to add to such new shares such an amount of premium as may be considered expedient.

6. Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the same provisions in all respects with reference to the payments of allotment money, calls, and instalments, transfer, transmission, forfeiture,

ien, surrender, and otherwise, as if it had formed part of the original capital.

The Directors may in like manner, and with like sanction, reduce the capital or subdivide or consolidate the shares of the Company.

SHARES.

8. The Company may call up the balance capital whenever the Directors shall think fit, and may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid and the time of payment of such calls.

If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount thereof shall be payable by

instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the holder of the shares.

The shares, except when otherwise provided, shall be allotted at the discretion of and by the Directors, who may from time to time issue any unissued shares, and may add to such shares such an amount of premium as they consider proper. Provided that such unissued shares shall first be offered by the Directors to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may at their discretion allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estates or lands being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates or lands, or as remuneration for work done for or services rendered to the Company, and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders.

11. In case of the increase of the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares, such new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions, and with such preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights and privileges annexed thereto, as the General Meeting resolving on the creation thereof, or any other General Meeting of the Company, shall direct, and, if no direction be given, as the Directors shall determine, and in particular such shares may be insued with a preferential or qualified right to the dividends, and in the distribution of assets of the Company, and with a special

or without any right of voting.

Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the meeting that sanctions the increase of capital, all new shares shall be offered to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may, at their discretion, allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estates or lands being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates or lands, and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders.

12. Every person taking any share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof by writing under his hand

in such form as the Company may from time to time direct.

13. Shares may be registered in the name of a firm, and any partner of the firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm shall be entitled to vote and to give proxies.

14. Shares may be registered in the name of two or more persons not in partnership.

Any one of the joint-holders of a share other than a firm may give effectual receipts for any dividends payable in respect of such share; but only one of such joint-Shareholders shall be entitled to the right of voting and of giving proxies and exercising the other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder; and if the joint-holders cannot arrange amongst themselves as to who shall vote or give proxies and exercise such other rights and powe s conferred on a sole Shareholder, the Shareholder whose name stands first on the Register of Shares shall vote or give proxies and exercise those rights and powers; provided, however, that in the event of such first registered Shareholder being absent from the Island, the first registered Shareholder then resident in Ceylon shall vote or give proxies and exercise all such rights and powers as aforesaid.

16. In case of the death of any one or more of the joint-holders of any shares, the survivor or survivors shall be

the only person or persons recognized by the Company as having any title to, or interest in, such shares 17. The Company shall not be bound to recognize (even though having notice of) any contingent, future, partial, or equitable interest in the nature of a trust or otherwise in any share, or any other right in respect of any share, except any absolute right thereto in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof, and except also the right of any person under clause 36 to become a Shareholder in respect of any share

18. The joint-holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all instalments and

calls due in respect of such share.

Every Shareholder shall be entitled to a certificate or certificates under the common seal of the Company,

specifying the share or shares held by him and the amount paid thereon.

If any certificate be worn out or defaced, then, upon production thereof to the Directors, they may order the same to be cancelled, and may issue a new certificate in lieu thereof; and if any certificate be lost or destroyed, then, upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Directors, and on such indemnity as the Directors deem adequate being given a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the person entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate. A sum of fifty cents shall be payable for such new certificate.

The certificate of shares registered in the name of two or more persons not a firm shall be delivered to the

person first named on the register.

Calls.

22. The Directors may from time to time make such calls as they think fit upon the Shareholders in respect of all moneys unpaid on their shares, and not by the conditions of allotment made payable at fixed times, and each Shareholder shall pay the amount of every call so made to the person and at the time and place appointed by the Directors.

23. If any Shareholder fail to pay the amount of any call due by him on or before the day appointed for payment thereof, he shall be liable to pay interest for the same at the rate of nine per centum per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment.

24. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorizing the

call was passed.

25. The Directors shall have power in their absolute discretion to give time to any one or more Shareholder or Shareholders, exclusive of the others, for payment of any call or part thereof on such terms as the Directors may determine.

But no Shareholder shall be entitled to any such extension except as a matter of grace or favour.

The Directors may, at their discretion, receive from any of the Shareholders willing to advance the same, and upon such terms as they think fit, all or any part of the moneys due upon their respective shares beyond the sums actually called for; and upon the moneys so paid in advance or upon so much thereof and from time to time and at any time thereafter exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon, and due in respect of the shares in respect of which some advances have been made, the Board may pay or allow interest at such rate as the Shareholders paying such sums in advance and the Directors may agree upon, not exceeding however six per centum per annum.

TRANSFER OF SHARES:

27. Subject to the restriction of these Articles, any Shareholder may transfer all or any of his shares by instrument in writing.

28.

No transfer of shares shall be made to an infant or person of unsound mind.

The Company shall keep a book or books, to be called "The Register of Transfers," in which shall be entered

the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share.

- 30. The Board may, at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion, decline to register any transfer of shares by a Shareholder who is indebted to the Company, or upon whose shares the Company have a lien or otherwise, or in case of shares not fully paid up, to any person not approved by them; and in no case shall a Shareholder or proposed transferee be entitled to require the Directors to state the reason of their refusal to register, but their declinature shall be absolute.
- Every instrument of transfer must be left at the office of the Company to be registered, accompanied by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferor, and a fee of two rupees and cents fifty, or such other sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine, must be paid to the Company for the registration of every such transfer, upon payment whereof the Directors, subject to the powers vested in them by Article 30, shall register the transferee as a Shareholder and retain the instrument of transfer.

The Directors may, by such means, as they shall deem expedient, authorize the registration of transferees as

Shareholders without the necessity of any meeting of the Directors for that purpose.

33. In no case shall the Directors be bound to inquire into the validity, legal effect, or genuineness of any instrument or transfer produced by a person claiming a transfer of any share in accordance with these Articles; and whether they abstain from so inquiring, or do so inquire and are misled, the transferor shall have no claim whatsoever upon the Company in respect of the share, except for the dividends previously declared in respect thereof, but only, if at all, upon

The Register of Transfers may be closed during the fourteen days immediately preceding each Ordinary General Meeting; and when a dividend is declared, for the three days next ensuing after the meeting; also at such other times (if any) and for such periods as the Directors may from time to time determine, provided always that it shall not be closed for more than twenty-one days in any year.

Transmission of Shares.

35. The executors or administrators or the heirs of a deceased Shareholder shall be the only persons recognized

by the Company as having any title to the shares of such Shareholder.

36. Any guardian of any infant Shareholder, or any committee of a lunatic Shareholder, or any person becoming entitled to shares in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or liquidation of any Shareholder, or the marriage of any female Shareholder, or in any other way than by transfer, shall, upon securing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this clause, or of his title, as the Directors think sufficient, be forthwith entitled, subject to the provisions herein contained, to be registered as a Shareholder in respect of such shares, or may, subject to the regulations as to transfers hereinbefore contained, transfer the same to some other person.

37. If any person who shall become entitled to be registered in respect of any share under clause 35 shall not, from any cause whatever, within twelve calendar months after the event on the happening of which his title shall accrue, be registered in respect of such share; or if in the case of the death of any Shareholder no person shall, within twelve calendar months after such death, be registered as a Shareholder in respect of the shares of such deceased Shareholder, the Company may sell such shares, either by public auction or private contract, and give a receipt for the purchase money, and the purchaser shall be entitled to be registered in respect of such share, and shall not be bound to inquire whether the events have happened which entitled the Company to sell the same, and the nett proceeds of such sale, after deducting all expenses and all moneys in respect of which the Company is entitled to a lien on the shares so sold, shall be paid to the person entitled thereto.

SURRENDER AND FORFEITURE OF SHARES.

38. The Directors may accept in the name and for the benefit of the Company, and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed, a surrender of the shares of Shareholders who may be desirous of retiring from the Company

If any Shareholder fails to pay any call or instalment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Directors may at any time thereafter during such time as the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on such Shareholder requiring him to pay the same, together with any interest that may have accrued, and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

The notice shall name a day (not being less than one month from the date of the notice) on, and a place or places at, which such call or instalment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

If the requisition of such notice as aforesaid be not complied with, every or any share or shares in respect of which

such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of calls or instalment, with interest and expenses due in respect thereof, be declared forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

40. Any Shareholder whose shares have been so declared forfeited shall, notwithstanding, be liable to pay, and shall forthwith pay to the Company all calls, instalments, interest, and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of forfeiture until payment at nine per centum per annum, and the Directors may enforce the payment thereof if they think fit.

Every share surrendered or so declared forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may

be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of upon such terms and in such manner as the Board shall think fit.

42. The surrender or forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in, and also of all claims and demands against, the Company in respect of the share and the proceeds thereof, and all other rights incident to the share, except only such of those rights (if any) as by these presents are expressly saved.

43. A certificate in writing under the hands of one of the Directors and of the Secretary that a share has been duly surrendered or forfeited, stating the time when it was surrendered or forfeited, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons who would have been entitled to the share but for such surrender or forfeiture, and such certificate and the receipt of the Company for the price of such share shall constitute a good title to such share, and a certificate of proprietorship shall be delivered to any person who may purchase the same from the Company, and thereupon such purchaser shall be deemed the holder of such share, discharged from all calls due prior to such purchase; and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to such share be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture or sale.

The Directors may in their discretion remit or annul the forfeiture of any share within six months from the date thereof upon the payment of all moneys due to the Company from the late holder or holders of such share or shares, and all expenses incurred in relation to such forfeiture, together with such further sum of money by way of redemption money for the deficit, as they shall think fit, not being less than nine per centum per annum on the amount of the sums wherein default in payment had been made, but no share bona fide sold or re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of under Article

41 hereof, shall be redeemable after sale or disposal.

44. The Company shall have a first charge or paramount lien upon all the shares of any holder or joint-holders for all moneys for the time being due to the Company by such holder, or by all or any of such joint-holders respectively, either in respect of such shares or of other shares held by such holder or joint-holders or otherwise, and whether due from any such holder individually or jointly with others, including all calls which the Directors shall have resolved to make, although the times appointed for the payment thereof shall not have arrived; and where any share is held by more persons than one, the Company shall be entitled to the said charge or lien in respect of any money due to the Company from any of And the Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares subject to such charge or lien.

45. Such charge or lien may be made available by a sale of all or any of the shares subject to it, provided that no such sale shall be made except under a resolution of the Directors, and until notice in writing shall have been given to the indebted Shareholder or his executors or administrators, or the assignee or trustee in his bankruptcy, requiring him or them to pay the amount for the time being due to the Company, and default shall have been made for twenty-eight days from such notice in paying the sum thereby required to be paid. Should the Shareholder over whose share the lien exists be in England or elsewhere abroad, sixty days' notice shall be allowed him.

The nett proceeds of any such sale shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of such debts, liabilities, or engage-

ments, and the residue (if any) paid to such Shareholder or his representatives.

- 47. A certificate in writing under the hands of one of the Directors and of the Secretary that the power of sale given by clause 45 has arisen, and is exercisable by the Company under these presents, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated.
- Upon any such sale two of the Directors may execute a transfer of such share to the purchaser thereof, and such transfer, with the certificate last aforesaid, shall confer on the purchaser a complete title to such shares.

PREFERENCE SHARES.

49. Any shares from time to time to be issued or created may from time to time be issued with any such right of preference, whether in respect of dividend or of payment of capital, or both, or any such other special privilege or advantage over any shares previously issued or then about to be issued (other than shares issued with a preference), or at such a premium, or with such deferred rights as compared with any shares previously issued or then about to be issued, or subject to any such conditions or provisions, and with any such right or without any right of voting, and generally on such terms as the Company may from time to time by special resolution determine.

If at any time by the issue of preference shares or otherwise the capital is divided into shares of different classes, then the holders of any class of shares may, by an extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of such holders, consent, on behalf of all the holders of shares of the class, to the issue or creation of any shares ranking equally therewith, or having any priority thereto, or to the abandonment of any preference or priority, or of any accrued dividend, or the reduction for any time or permanently of the dividends payable thereon, or to any scheme for the reduction of the Company's capital affecting the class of shares, and such resolution shall be binding upon all the holders of shares of the class, provided hatt this Article shall not be read as implying the necessity for such consent in any case in which but for this Article the

object of the resolutions could have been effected without it.

51. Any meeting for the purpose of the last preceding clause shall be convened and conducted in all respects as nearly as possible in the same way as an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, provided that no member, not being a Director, shall be entitled to notice thereof or to attend thereat, unless he be a holder of shares of the class intended to be affected by the resolution, and that no vote shall be given except in respect of a share of that class. and that at any such meeting a poll may be demanded in writing by any members personally present and entitled to vote at the meeting.

Borrowing Powers.

52. The Directors shall have power to procure from time to time, in the usual course of business, such temporary advances on the produce in hand, or in the future to be obtained from the Company's estates, as they may find necessary or expedient for the purpose of deraying the expenses of working the Company's estates or of erecting, maintaining, improving, or extending buildings, machinery, or plantations, or otherwise. Also from time to time at their discretion to borrow or raise from the Directors or other persons any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company, provided that the money so borrowed or raised and owing at any one time shall not, without the sanction of a General Meeting, exceed Fifty thousand Rupees (Rs. 50,000).

With the sanction of a General Meeting, the Board shall be entitled to borrow such further sum or sums, and at such rate of interest as such meeting shall determine. A certificate under the hands of one Director and the Secretary, or of two Directors to the effect that in taking any loan the Directors are not exceeding their borrowing powers, shall be sufficient and binding on the Company and all concerned, and shall be conclusive evidence thereof in all questions

between the Company and its creditors.

54. For the purpose of securing the repayment of any such moneys so borrowed or raised, or for any other purposes. the Directors may grant, create, execute, and issue any mortgages, cash credits, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company charged upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, lands, property, rights, and assets of the Company, both present and future, including uncalled capital or unpaid calls, or may make, accept, or endorse on behalf of the Company any promissory nots or bills of exchange.

55. Any such securities may be issued either at par or at a permium or discount, and may from time to time be cancelled, discharged, varied, or exchanged as the Directors may think fit, any may contain special privileges as to

redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, or otherwise.

56. Every debunture or other instrument issued by the Company for securing the payment of money may be so framed that the moneys thereby secured shall be assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

GENERAL MEETINGS.

57. The First General Meeting shall be held at such time, not being more than twelve months after the incorpora-

tion of the Company, and at such place as the Directors may determine.

58. Subsequent General Meetings shall be held once in every year at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if no time or place is so prescribed, then at such place and as such time as soon after the first day in each year as may be determined by the Directors.

59. The General Meetings mentioned in the last preceding clause shall be called Ordinary General Meetings; all

other meetings of the Company shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.

60. The Directors may, whenever they think fit, call an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, and the Directors shall do so upon a requisition made in writing by not less than one-eighth of the number of Shareholders of the Company for the time being, or by any Shareholder or Shareholders holding in the aggregate one-eighth part of the shares of the Company for the time being subscribed for.

61. Any requisition so made shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called, shall be addressed to the

Directors, and shall be sent to the registered office of the Company

Upon the receipt of such requisition the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such time and place as they shall determine. If they do not proceed to convene the same within seven days from the delivery of the requisition, the requisitionists may themselves convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such place and at such time as the Shareholders convening the meeting may themselves fix

62. Any Shareholder may, on giving not less than ten days' previous notice of any resolution, submit the same

to a meeting.

Such notice shall be given by leaving a copy of the resolution at the registered office of the Company. 63.

Seven days' notice at least of every General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, and by whomsoever convened, specifying the place, date, hour of meeting, and the object and business of the meeting, shall be given by advertisement in the Ceylon Government Gazette, or in such other manner (if any) as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting.

65. Every Oridnary General Meeting shall be competent, without special notice having been given of the purposes for which it is convened, or of the business to be transacted thereat, to receive and discuss any report and any accounts presented thereto by the Directors, and to pass resolutions in approval or disapproval thereof, and to declare dividends, and to elect Directors and Auditors in the place of those retiring by rotation, and to fix the remuneration of the Auditors and shall also be competent to enter upon, discuss, and transact any business whatsoever of which special mention shall have been given in the notice or notices upon which the meeting was convened.

With the exceptions mentioned in the foregoing Articles as to the business which may be transacted at Ordinary General Meetings without notice, no General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss, or transact any business which has not been specially mentioned in the notice or notices upon which it was convened.

67. No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting, except the declaration of a dividend recommended by a report of the Directors or election of a Chairman, unless there shall be present or represented at the commencement of the business three or more Shareholders entitled to vote.

68. If at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting the required number of Shareholders shall not be present at the meeting, the meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of Shareholders, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place: and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, those Shareholders who are present shall be a quorum, and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.

The Chairman (if any) of the Directors shall be entitled to take the Chair at every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary; or if there be no Chairman, or if at any meeting he shall not be present at the time appointed for holding such meeting, or if he shall refuse to take the Chair, the Shareholders shall choose another Director as Chairman; and if no Directors be present, or if all the Directors present decline to take the Chair, then the Shareholders present shall

choose one of their number to be Chairman.

No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting, except the election of a Chairman whilst the Chair

The Chairman may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting

from which the adjournment took place, unless due notice thereof shall be given.

72. Minutes of the proceedings of every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall when so entered be signed as soon as practicable by the Chairman of the same meeting or by the Chairman of the succeeding meeting, and the same when so entered and signed shall be evidence of all such proceedings and of the proper election of the Chairman.

VOTING AT MEETINGS.

73. At any meeting every resolution shall be decided by the votes of the Shareholders present in person or by proxy, or by attorney, and in case there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman at such meeting shall be entitled to give a casting vote in addition to the vote to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder; and unless a poll be immediately demanded by some member present and entitled to vote, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the Minute Book of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact

without proof of the number or proportion of votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

74. If at any meeting a poll be demanded by some Shareholder present at the meeting and entitled to vote, the meeting shall, if necessary, be adjourned, and the poll shall be taken at such time and place and in such manner as the Chairman shall direct, and in such case every Shareholder shall have the number of votes to which he may be entitled as hereinafter provided; and in case at any such poll there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting at which such poll shall have been demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder and proxy, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in such meeting.

The demand of a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of business other

than the question on which a poll has been demanded.

No poll shall be demanded on the election of a Chairman of the meeting or on any question of adjournment.

On a show of hands every number shall have one vote only. In case of a poll every Shareholder shall have

one vote for share held by him.

The parent or guardian of an infant Shareholder, the committee or other legal guardian of any lunatic Shareholder, the husband of any female Shareholder not entitled to her shares as separate estate, and the executor or administrator of any deceased Shareholder, or any one of such persons as aforesaid, if more than one, shall not be entitled to vote in the place of such infant, lunatic, female, or deceased person, unless such person shall have been registered as a Shareholder.

79. Votes may be given either personally or by proxy or by attorney duly authorized.

80. No Shareholder shall be entitled to vote at any meeting unless all calls due from him on his shares have been paid, and no Shareholder other than the trustee or assignee of a bankrupt or representative of a deceased Shareholder, or person acquiring by marriage, shall be entitled to vote at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company, in respect of any share which he has acquired by transfer, unless he has been possessed of the share in respect of which he claims to vote at last three months previously to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote.

81. No Shareholder who has not been duly registered as such for three months previous to the General Meeting shall be entitled to be present and to speak and vote at any meeting held after the expiry of three months from the incor-

poration of the Company.

82. No person shall be entitled to hold a proxy who is not a Shareholder in, or liquidator of, the Company, but this

rule does not apply to a power of attorney.

The instrument appointing a proxy shall be printed or written, and shall be signed by the appointor, or if

such appointor be a company or corporation, it shall be under the common seal of such company or corporation.

84. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than twenty-four hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote.

The instrument appointing a proxy may be in the following form :-

The Enselwatte Tea Company, Limited.

-, of --- (a Shareholder in the Company), as my proxy, . -, appoint to represent me and to vote for me and on my behalf at the Ordinary (or Extraordinary, as the case may be) ing of the Company to be held on the ——————————————————, One thousand Nine hundred .

-, and at any adjournment thereof, and at every poll which may be taken in consequence thereof. General Meeting of the Company to be held on the As witness my hand, this day of --, One thousand Nine hundred and

85. No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) except at the meeting or poll at which such votes shall be tendered, and every vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) to which no objection shall be made at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.

86. No Shareholder shall be prevented from voting by reason of his being personally interested in the result of the

voting.

DIRECTORS.

87. The number of Directors shall never be less than two or more than five, but this clause shall be construed as being directory only, and the continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any number of vacancies.

The qualification of a Director shall be his holding in his own right at least ten fully or partly paid shares in the Company upon which all calls for the time being have been paid, and the qualification shall apply as well to the first Directors as to all future Directors.

As a remuneration for their services, the Directors shall be entitled to appropriate a sum not exceeding One thousand Rupees annually, to be divided between them in such manner as they may determine, but the Company in General Meeting may at any time alter the amount of such remuneration for the future, and such remuneration shall not be considered as including any remuneration granted for special extra services hereinafter referred to, nor any extra remuneration to the Managing Directors of the Company.

88. The first Directors shall be Frederic Stephens, Guy Melvill Boustead, Frederic Faithfull Turner, and William Reginald Davies, who shall hold office till the First Ordinary General Meeting of the Company, when they shall all retire,

but shall be eligible for re-election.

89. One or more of the Directors may be appointed by the Directors to act as Secretary, Managing Director or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Agents of the Company, or Superintendents of any of the estates, for such time and on such terms as the Directors may determine or may fix by agreement with the person or persons appointed to the office, and they may from time to time revoke such appointment and appoint another or other Secretary, Managing Director or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Agents or Superintendents.

The Directors may confer on the Managing Director or Managing Directors all or any duties and powers that might

be conferred on any Manager of the Company.

If any Director shall be called upon to perform any extra services, the Directors may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such services, either by way of salary, commission, or the payment of a lump sum of money as they shall think fit.

ROTATION OF DIRECTORS.

90. At the First Ordinary General Meeting of the Company all the Directors shall retire from office, and at the First Ordinary General Meeting in every subsequent year one of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office, as provided in clause 91.

The Directors to retire from office at the Second and Third Ordinary General Meeting shall, unless the Directors otherwise arrange among themselves, be determined by ballot; in every subsequent year the Directors to retire shall be

those who have been longest in office.

92. In case any question shall arise as to which of the Directors who have been the same time in office shall retire, the same shall be decided by the Directors by ballot.

93. Retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.
94. The Ordinary General Meeting at which Directors retire or ought to retire by rotation shall appoint successors

to them, and in default thereof such successors may be appointed at a subsequent Ordinary General Meeting.

95. Any casual vacancy occurring in the number of Directors or provisional Directors arising from death, resignation, or otherwise, may be filled up by the Directors, any Director may appoint any other person to act in his place as Director during his absence from Ceylon or inability to act as a Director, but any person appointed to fill such vacancy or substituted as aforesaid shall retain his office so long only as the vacating or substituting Director would have retained the same if no vacancy had occurred or substitute has been appointed.

96. A General Meeting may from time to time at any time increase or reduce the number of Directors, and may also

determine in what rotation such increased or reduced number is to go out of office.

- 97. If at any meeting at which an election of a Director ought to take place the place of a retiring Director is not filled up, the retiring Director may continue in office until the First Ordinary General Meeting in the next year, and so on from meeting to meeting until his place is filled up, unless it shall be determined at such meeting to reduce the number of Directors.
- A Director may at any time give notice in writing of his intention to resign by delivering such notice to the Socretary, or by leaving the same at the registered office of the Company, or by tendering his written resignation at a meeting of the Directors, and on the acceptance of his resignation by the Directors, but not before his office shall become

The Company may, by a special resolution, remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and may, by an ordinary resolution, appoint another person in his stead. The Director so appointed shall hold office only during such time as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same as if he had not been removed.

100. Every Director or officer of the Company, and his heirs, executors, and administrators shall be indemnified by the Company from all losses and expenses incurred by him in or about the discharge of his duties, except such as happen from his wilful acts or defaults; and no Director or officer shall, nor shall the heirs, executors, or administrators of any Director or officer, be liable for the acts or defaults of any other Director or officer, or for any loss or expense happening to the Company by the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired for or on behalf of the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency, or tortious act of any person with whole any moneys, securities, or effects shall be deposited, or for any other loss. damage, or misfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, unless the same happen through his own wilful act or default.

101. No contribution shall be required from any present or past Director or Manager exceeding the amount, if

any, unpaid on the shares in respect of which he is liable as a present or past Shareholder.

DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS.

102. The office of the Director shall be vacated-

(a) If he accepts or holds any office or place of profit other than Managing Director, Visiting Agent, Superintendent, or Secretary under the Company.

(b) If he becomes bankrupt or insolvent, or suspends payment, or files a petition for the liquidation of his

affairs, or compounds with his creditors.

(c) If by reason of mental or bodily infirmity he becomes incapable of acting.

(d) If he ceases to hold the required number of shares to qualify him for the office.

(e) If he is concerned or participates in the profits of any contract with, or work done for, the Company.

Provided that no Director shall vacate his office by reason of his being a member of any corporation, company, or firm which has entered into any contract with, or done any work for, the Company of which he is a Director, or by his being agent, or secretary, or solicitor, or by his being a member of a firm who are agents, or secretaries, or solicitors of the Company; nevertheless, he shall not vote in respect of any contract work or business in which he may be personally interested.

Powers of Directors.

103. The Directors shall have power to carry into effect the acquisition of the Enselwatte and Silvakande estates, and the lease purchase, or acquisition of any other lands, estates, or property they may think fit. or any share or shares thereof.

104. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors either by themselves or through a Managing Director, or with the assistance of an agent or agents and secretary or secretaries of the Company, to be appointed by the Directors for such a period and on such terms as they shall determine, and the Directors shall pay out of the funds of the Company all costs and expenses, as well preliminary as etherwise, paid or incurred in and about the formation and the registration of the Company, and in and about the valuation, purchase, lease, or acquisition of the said estates and lands, and the opening, clearing, planting, and cultivation thereof, and otherwise in or about the working and business of the Company

105. The Directors shall have power to make, and may make, such rules or regulations for the management of the business and property of the Company as they may from time to time think proper, and shall carry on the business of the Company in such manner as they may think most expedient; and, in addition to the powers and authorities by any Ordinance or by these presents expressly conferred on them, they may exercise all such powers, give all such consents, make all such arrangements, appoint all such agents, managers, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, superintendents, assistants, clerks, artizans, labourers, and other servants for such period or periods, and with such remuneration, and at such salaries, and upon such terms and conditions as they may consider advisable, and may pay the expenses occasioned thereby out of the funds of the Company, and may from time to time remove or suspend all or any of the managers, agents, treasurers, accountants, officers, clerks, or servants of the Company for such reasons as they may think proper and advisable, and without assigning any cause for so doing.

106. The Directors shall exercise in the name and on behalf of the Company all such powers of the Company as are not expressly required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, and shall generally do all such acts and things as are or shall be by any Ordinance and by these presents directed and authorized to be exercised, given, made, or done by the Company, and are not by any Ordinance or by these presents required to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting, subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of any such Ordinances and of these presents and to such regulations and provisions (if any) as may from time to time be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting; but no regulations made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such

regulation had not been made.

The generality of the powers conferred by any clause in these presents on the Directors shall not be taken to be

limited by any clause conferring any special or expressed power.

107. The Directors shall have power to appoint a proctor or proctors, solicitor or solicitors, attorney or attorneys to assist in carrying on or protecting the business of the Company on such terms as they may consider proper, and from time to time to revoke such appointment.

108. The Directors shall have power to open from time to time on behalf of the Company any account or accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint, and also by such signatures as they may appoint to draw, accept, make, endorse, sign, and execute cheques, bills of exchange, and promissory notes, bills of lading, receipts, contracts, and agreements, bonds, mortgages, proxies to any proctor or proctors, and other documents on behalf of and to further the interest of the Company.

109. The seal of the Company shall not be affixed to any instrument except in the presence of two or more Directors or of one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries of the Company other than the Directors so signing, who shall attest the sealing thereof, such attestation on the part of the Secretaries, in the event of a firm being the Secretaries, being signified by a partner or duly authorized manager, attorney, or agent of the firm signing for and on behalf of the

said firm as such Secretaries.

110. It shall be lawful for the Directors, if authorized so to do by the Sharholders in General Meeting, to arrange terms for the amalgamation of the Company with any other company or companies, or individual or individuals, or for the sale or disposal of the business, estates, and effects of the Company, or any part or parts, share or shares thereof, respectively, to any company or companies, or persons or persons, upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit, and the Directors shall have power to do all such things as may be necessary for carrying such amalgamations, sale, or other disposition into effect so far as a resolution or special resolution of the Company is not by law necessary for such purpose; and in case any terms so arranged by the Directors include or make necessary the dissolution of the Company, the Company shall be dissolved to that end.

III. In furtherance, and not in limitation of, and without prejudice to, the general powers conferred or implied in the last preceding clause, and of the other powers conferred by these presents, it is hereby expressly declared that the

Directors shall have the powers following (that is to say):-

(a) To institute, conduct, defend, compromise, settle, or abandon any action, suit, prosecution, or other legal proceedings on behalf of the Company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due to or from the Company, and any claims or demands made by or against the Company.

(b) To refer any claims or demands by or against the Company to arbitration, and observe and perform or

enforce the award.

(c) To make and give receipts, releases, and other discharges for money payable to the Company and for claims and demands by the Company.

(d) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents with power to accept the

office of trustee, assignee, liquidator, or inspector, or any similar office.

(e) To invest any of the moneys of the Company which the Directors may consider not to be immediately required for the purposes thereof, upon such securities and in such manner as them may think fit, and so that they shall not be restricted to such securities as are permissible to trustees without special powers,

and from time to time to vary or release such investments.

(f) To delegate to any one or more of the Directors of the Company for the time being, or any other person or company for the time being, residing or carrying on business in Ceylon or elsewhere, all or any of the powers or functions given to or exercisable by the Directors; and to confer such powers for such time and to be exercised for such objects and purposes, and upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as the Directors may think expedient, and to confer such powers either collaterally with or to the exclusion of, and in the substitution for, all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf, and from time to time to revoke, withdraw, alter. or vary all or any such powers. The Directors may allow to any person or company to whom any powers may be so delegated such remuneration as they in their absolute discretion shall think fit.

(g) Before recommending any dividend to set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as they think proper as a reserve fund to meet contingencies or for special dividends or for equalizing dividends or for repairing, improving, and maintaining any of the property of the Company and for other purposes as the Directors shall in their absolute discretion think conducive to the interests of the Company, and to invest the several sums so set aside upon such investments as they may think fit, and from time to time deal with and vary such investments and dispose of all or any part thereof for the benefit of the Company, and to divide the reserve fund into such special funds, as they think fit, and to employ the

reserve fund or any part thereof in the business of the Company, and that without being bound to keep the same separate from their other assets.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

112. The Directors may meet for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings at such places and times and in such manner as they may think fit, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Until otherwise determined one Director shall be a quorum.

113. A Director may at any time summon a meeting of Directors.

114. The Board may elect a Chairman of their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office, and all meetings of the Directors shall be presided over by the Chairman, if one has been elected and is present, but if there be a vacancy in the office of Chairman, or if at any meeting of Directors the Chairman be not present at the time appointed for holding the same, then and in that case the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.

115. Any question which shall arise at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes, and

in case of an equality of votes the Chairman thereat shall have a casting vote in addition to his vote as a Director.

116. The Board may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as the Board think fit, and they may from time to time revoke and discharge any such committee, either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee so formed shall, in exercise of the powers delegated to it, conform to all such regulations as may be prescribed by the Board. All acts done by any such committee, in conformity with such regulations and in the fulfilment of the purposes of their appointment, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.

and effect as if done by the Board.

117. The meetings and proceedings of such committees shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto, and are not superseded by

the express terms of the appointment of such committee respectively, or any regulation imposed by the Board.

118. The acts of the Board and of any committees appointed by the Board shall, notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board or committee, or defect in the appointment or qualification of any Director or of any member of the committee, be as valid as if no such vacancy or defect had existed, and as if such person had been duly appointed or qualified, provided the same be done before the discovery of the vacancy or defect.

119. A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors for the time being in Ceylon shall be as valid and effectual

as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted.

20. The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in a book or books to be provided for the purpose—

(1) Of all appointments of (a) officers and (b) committees made by the Directors.

(2) Of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors.

(3) Of the names of the members of the committee appointed by the Board present at each meeting of the committee.

(4) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all General Meetings of the Company.

(5) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of the Directors.

(6) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of committees appointed by the Board.

121. All such minutes shall be signed by the person who shall have presided as Chairman at the General Meeting, the Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting at which the business minuted shall have been transacted, or by the person who shall preside as Chairman at the next ensuing General Meeting, or Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, as the case may be; and all minutes purporting to have been signed by any Chairman of any General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively, shall, for all purposes whatsoever, be prima facie evidence of the actual and regular passing of the resolutions, and the actual and regular transaction or occurrence of the proceedings and other matters purporting to be so recorded, and of the regularity of the meeting at which the same shall appear to have taken place, and of the Chairmanship and signature of the person appearing to have signed as Chairman, and of the date on which such meeting was held.

ACCOUNTS.

122. The Agent or Secretary, or Agents or Secretaries, for the time being, or if there be no Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries, the Directors, shall cause true accounts to be kept of the paid-up capital for the time being of the Company, and of all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and of the matters in respect of which such sums were received and expended, and of the assets, credits, and liabilities of the Company, and generally of all its commercial, financial, and other affairs, transactions, and engagements, and of all other matters necessary for showing the true financial state and condition of the Company. The accounts shall be kept in such books and in such a manner at the registered office of the Company as the Directors think fit.

123. The Directors shall from time to time determine whether, and to what extent, and at what times and places, and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the Company or of any of them shall be open to the inspection of the Shareholders, and no Shareholder shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company, except as conferred by statute or authorized by the Directors, or by a resolution of the Company in General

Meeting.

124. At the Ordinary General Meeting in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company a statement of the income and expenditure of the Company for the previous financial year, and a balance sheet containing a summary of the

property and liabilities of the Company made up to the end of the same period.

125. The statement so made shall show, arranged under the most convenient heads, the amount of gross income, distinguishing the several sources from which it has been derived and the amount of gross expenditure, distinguishing the expense of the establishment, salaries, and other heads of expenditure. Every item of expenditure fairly chargeable against the year's income shall be brought into account, so that a just balance of profit and loss may be laid before the meeting, and in case where any item of expenditure which may in fairness be distributed over several years has been incurred in any one year the whole amount of such item shall be stated, with the addition of the reasons why only a portion of such expenditure is charged against the income of the year.

126. The balance sheet shall contain a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company, arranged under the heads appearing in the form annexed to the table referred to in Schedule C to "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance,

861," or as near thereto as circumstances admit.

127. Every such statement shall be accompanied by a report as to the state and condition of the Company, and as to the amount which the Directors recommend should be paid out of the profits by way of dividend or bonus to the Shareholders, and the statement, report, and balance sheet shall be signed by the Directors.

128. A printed copy of such balance sheet shall, at least seven days previous to such meeting, be delivered at, or

posted to, the registered address of every Shareholder.

129. The accounts of the Company shall from time to time be examined, and the correctness of the balance sheet ascertained by one or more Auditor or Auditors.

AUDIT.

130. No person shall be eligible as an Auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Shareholder in any transaction of the Company, but it shall not be a necessary qualification for an Auditor that he be a Shareholder of the Company, and no Director or officer of the Company shall, during his continuance in office, be eligible as an Auditor.

131. The Directors shall appoint the first Auditor of the Company and fix his remuneration. He shall hold office till the Second General Meeting of the Company. All subsequent appointments shall, except as is hereinafter mentioned, be made at the First Ordinary General Meeting of the Company in each year by the Shareholders present thereat, and the Auditor or Auditors appointed at such meeting shall hold office ony until the First Ordinary General Meeting after his or their appointments, or until otherwise ordered by a General Meeting.

The remuneration of the Auditors other than the first shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting, and

this remuneration may from time to time be varied by a General Meeting.

Retiring Auditors shall be eligible for re-election.

If any vacancy that may occur in the office of Auditor is not supplied at the next Ordinary General Meeting, or if any casual vacancy shall occur in the office of Auditor, the Directors shall fill up the vacancy by the appointment of a person who shall hold the office until the next Ordinary General Meeting after his appointment.

135. Every Auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet intended to be laid before the next Ordinary

General Meeting after his appointment, and it shall be his duty to examine the same with the accounts and vouchers relating

thereto and to report thereon to the meeting, generally or specially, as he may think fit.

The Auditor or Auditors for the time being shall have a list delivered to him or them of all books kept by the Company, and he or they shall at all reasonable hours in the daytime have access to all accounts, books, and documents whatsoever of the Company for the purpose of audit.

DIVIDENDS, BONUS, AND RESERVE FUND.

137. The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, from time to time declare a dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders in proportions to the amount paid on their shares, but no dividend shall be payable except out of nett profits.

The Directors may, if they think fit, determine on and declare an interim dividend to be paid, or pay a bonus

to the Shareholders on account and in anticipation of the dividend for the then current year.

. 139. The Directors may, before recommending any dividend or bonus, set aside out of the profits of the Company such a sum as they think proper as a reserve fund, and shall invest the same in such securities as they may with the sanction

of the Company select, or shall place the same in fixed deposit in any bank or banks.

The Directors may from time to time apply such portions as they think fit of the reserve fund to meet contingencies, or for equalizing dividends, or for working the business of the Company, or for repairing or maintaining or extending gencies, or for equalizing dividends, or for working the business of the Company, or for the repair or renewal or extensions of the property or plant of the Company, that they may from time to or any part thereof, or for any other purposes connected with the interest of the Company that they may from time time deem expedient.

No unpaid dividend or bonus shall ever bear interest against the Company.

No Shareholder shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividend or bonus in respect of his share or shares whilst any moneys may be due or owing from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company in respect of such share or shares or otherwise howsoever.

The Directors may deduct from the dividend or bonus payable to any Shareholder all such sums of money as may be due from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company, and notwithstanding the fact that

such sums or any of them are not payable until after the date when such dividend or bonus is payable.

Notice of any dividend that has been declared, or of any bonus to be paid, shall be given to each Shareholder entitled thereto, and any dividend or bonus unclaimed by any Shareholder for three years after notice thereof is given may be forfeited by the Directors for the benefit of the Company, and, if the Directors think fit, may be applied in augmentation of the reserve fund.

145. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by a firm may be paid to, and an effectual

receipt given by, any partner of such firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm.

146. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by several persons jointly other than a firm may

be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any one of such persons.

147. Any General Meeting declaring a dividend may direct payment of such dividend wholly or in part by the distribution of specific assets, and in particular of paid up shares, debentures, or debenture stock of the Company or of any other company, or in any one or more of such ways, and the Directors shall give effect to such direction, and when any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution they may settle the same as they think expedient, and in particuar may issue fractional certificates, and may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof, and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any Shareholders upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties, and may vest any such specific assets in trustees upon such trusts for the persons entitled to the dividend as may seem expedient to the Directors where requisite a proper contract shall be filed, and the Directors may appoint any person to sign such contract on behalf of the persons entitled to the dividend and such appointment shall be effective.

NOTICES.

Notices from the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed or written) of the Agent or Secretaries, or persons appointed by the Board to authenticate the same.

149. Every Shareholder shall give an address in Ceylon, which shall be deemed to be his place of abode, and shall

be registered as such in the books of the Company.

150. A notice may be served by the Company upon any Shareholder, either personally or by being sent through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to such Shareholder at his registered address or place of abode, and any notice so served shall be deemed to be well served, notwithstanding that the Shareholder to whom such notice is addressed be dead, unless his executors or administrators shall have given to the Directors, or to the Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries of the Company, their own or some other address to which notices may be sent.

151. All notices directed to be given to Shareholders shall, with respect to any share to which persons are jointly entitled other than a firm, be given to whichever of such persons is named first in the Register of Shareholders, and notice

so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares.

Any notice if served by post shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the letter containing the same would in ordinary course of post have been delivered at its address, and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and put into a post office or post box, and the entry in the Company's books of the leaving or sending by post of any notice at or to such address shall be sufficient evidence thereof, and no further evidence shall be necessary.

Every Shareholder residing out of Ceylon shall name and register in the books of the Company an address within Ceylon at which all notices shall be served upon him, and all notices served at such address shall be deemed to be will be served. If he shall not have named and registered such an address, he shall not be entitled to any notices.

All notices required to be given by advertisement shall be published in the Ceylon Government Gazette.

ARBITRATION.

154. Whenever any question or other matter whatsoever arises in dispute between the Company and any other company or person, the same may be referred by the Directors to arbitration,

EVIDENCE.

155. On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought or instituted by the Company against any Shareholder or his representatives to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is or was, when the claim arose, on the Register of Shareholders of the Company as a holder of the number of shares in respect of which such claim is made, and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company; and it shall not be necessary to prove the registration of the Company, nor the appointment of the Directors who made any call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made, nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

Provision relative to Winding up or Dissolution of the Company.

156. Any Shareholder, whether a Director or not, and whether alone or jointly with any other Shareholder or Director, and any person not a Shareholder, may become the purchaser of the property of the Company or any part thereof in the event of a winding up or a dissolution, or at any other time when a sale of the Company's property or effects or any part thereof shall be made by the Directors under the powers hereby or under the Ordinance conferred upon them.

In witness whereof the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereto set and subscribed their names, at Colombo, this 24th day of June, 1911.

F. STEPHENS.

J. M. BOUSTEAD (by his attorney F. STEPHENS).

LEILA E. BOUSTEAD (by her attorney F. STEPHENS).

E. G. MONEY (by his attorney F. STEPHENS).

GUY BOUSTEAD.

CAMERON WALKER.

H. L. PERCY.

Witness to all the above signatures:

V. A. Julius,

Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo.

[Third Publication.]

he Doolgalia Ceylon Rubber Company, Limited, in liquidation.

OTICE is hereby given that the Final General Meeting of Shareholders of the above-named Company will be held at the office of the Liquidator, No. 3, Queen street, Colombo, on Wednesday, August 30, 1911, at 11 A.M., for the following purposes, viz. :-

To receive and consider the report of the Liquidator and the accounts of the liquidation, and to pass a resolution

To pass a resolution that the affairs of the Company are

fairly wound up.

H. P. CHURCH.

Colombo, July 26, 1911.

Liquidator.

The Kelani Tea Garden Company, Limited.

First Notice.

OTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General .Meeting of the Shareholders of the Kelani Tea Garden Company, Limited, will be held at the Company's offices on August 7, 1911, at 11.45 A.M., to pass the following special resolutions:-

1. To amend Article 113 of the Articles of Association of the Company by adding after the words "two or more of the Directors" therein the following words, namely, "or of one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries," and by adding after the words "who shall attest the sealing thereof" therein the following words, namely, "such attestation on the state of the Secretary of the sealing thereof the sealing thereof the sealing the sealin the part of the Secretaries, in the event of a firm being the Secretaries, to be signified by a partner or duly authorized manager, attorney, or agent of the said firm, who shall sign for and on behalf of the said firm as Secretaries."

2. To amend Article 119 of the Articles of Association of the Company by adding after the words "Shareholders in proportion to" therein the following words, namely, "the control of the c

"the amount paid on."

By orders of the Directors,

CARSON & CO.

Colombo, July 26, 1911.

Agents and Secretaries.

The Kelani Tea Garden Company, Limited.

Second Notice.

OTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Kelani Tea Garden Company, Limited, will be held at the Company's

offices on August 23, 1911, at 11.45 A.M., to confirm the following special resolutions, if the same shall have been passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on-August 7, 1911:--

- (1) The resolution to amend Article 113 of the Articles.of Association of the Company by adding after the words "two or more of the Directors" therein the following words, namely, "or of one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries," and by adding after the words "who shall attest the sealing thereof" therein the following words, namely, "such attestation on the part of the Secretaries, in the event of a firm being the Secretaries, to be signified by a partner or duly authorized manager, attorney, or agent of the said firm, who shall sign for and on behalf of the said firm as Secretaries."
- (2) The resolution to amend Article 119 of the Articles of Association of the Company by adding after the words "Shareholders in proportion to" therein the following words, namely, "the amount paid on."

By orders of the Directors,

CARSON & Co., Agents and Secretaries.

Colombo, July 26, 1911.

The Avington Tea and Rubber Company, Limited.

OTICE is hereby given that the First Annuel Gentral Meeting of the Company will be held at Monday, August 7, 1911, at the registered office of the Company, Australia Buildings, York street, Colombo.

Business.

To receive the report of the Directors and accounts to June 30, 1911.

To elect Directors.

To appoint Auditors, and transact any other business that may be duly brought before the meeting.

By order of the Directors,

Colombo, July 27, 1911.

CARSON & Co., Agents and Secretaries.

Ceylon General Steam Navigation Company, Ltd. (in Liquidation).

TOTICE is hereby given that a General Meeting Shareholders of the above Company will be held in the office of the Colombo Commercial Co., Ltd., Slave Island, Colombo, on Saturday, September 2, 1911, at 8 A.M., for the purpose of considering the Liquidator's account and to pass a resolution that the affairs of the Company have been fairly wound up.

Colombo, July 25, 1911.

· Andrew Young, Liquidator.

The Company Company, Limited.

TICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the registered office of the Company, York street, Colombo, on Monday, August 7, 1911, at 1 P.M., for the following purpose:—

"To sanction the increase of borrowing powers to

Rs. 75,000.

By order of the Directors,

DODWELL & COMPANY, LIMITED, July 26, 1911. Agents and Secretaries.

Colombo, July 26, 1911.

No. 31,687.

 $\mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{s}}$.

Stephen Peter de Silva Gunasekera of Mukalangomuwa, and the said Stephen Peter de Silva Gunasekera as administrator of the estate of the late Hamuddere Seloma de Silva Gunasekera. Defendant.

BY virtue of the decree entered in this action and the order issued to me, I shall sell by public auction at the spot at 2.30 P.M. on Saturday, August 19, 1911:—

All that and those the estate, plantations, and premises called and known as Alutwatte (marked lot No. 1 in the plan), situate at Kadirana in Dunagaha pattu of the Alutkuru Korale North in the District of Negombo, in extent 64 acres 3 roods and 8 perches, with all the buildings, stores, machinery, fixtures, tools, implements, cattle, and other the dead and live stock thereon, declared specially bound and executable for the recovery of the sums of Rs. 4,500, Rs. 2,000, and Rs. 1,000, with interest at 8 per cent. from April 1, 1910, till February 15, 1911, and thereafter on the aggregate at 9 per cent. till payment in full and costs of suit.

No. 6, Hulftsdorp, July 20, 1911. C. E. KARUNARATNE, Auctioneer.

In the District Court of Negombo.

Saviel remando Attachchi of Udangawa..... Plaintiff.
No. 8,290. Vs.

BY virtue of the decree entered in this action and the order issued to us, we shall sell by public auction at

the respective spots on Saturday, August 12, 1911, the following property:--

At 10 A.M.

1. An undivided # of the land called Kopiwatta, situated at Udangawa, in extent about 2 acres.

At 10.30 A.M.

2. The unexpired term of the lease of 25 years of an undivided $\frac{2}{3}$ of the above land.

At 11 A.M

3. The unexpired term of the lease of 15 years of an undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share of the land aforesaid.

· At 11.30 A.

4. An undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share of the southern half share, in extent about 3 roods, of the land called Millagahawatta, at Udangawa.

At 12 noon.

5. The unexpired term of the lease of 25 years of an undivided $\frac{3}{4}$ of the said land.

Аt 12.30 р.м.

6. The unexpired term of the lease of 25 well-bearing coconut trees from and out of the western half share of the land called Kallittemarattadi tottam alias Ehatugahawatta, situated at Udangawa.

KARUNARATNE, Loos, & KURERA, Negombo, July 20, 1911. Auctioneers.

In the District Court of Colombo.

S. S. A. S. Sellappa Chetty of Sea street, Colombo. . Plaintiff No. 32,296. Vs.

 $Koswattegey\ William\ Perera\ of\ Wellawatta\dots. Defendant.$

NDER and by virtue of a decree entered in the abovestyled action, I am directed by the District Court of Colombo to sell by public auction at their respective spots:—

On Friday, August 18, 1911.

(1) At 5 P.M.—All that house together with the grounds attached thereto called Kelankaduwatta, bearing lot No. 105 in registered plan No. 2, situate at Wellawatta, in the Palle pattu of the Salpiti korale, in the District of Colom-

the Palle pattu of the Salpiti korale, in the District of Colombo, Western Province, containing in extent 2 roods and 9 perches, at present in the occupation of K. William Perera.

On Saturday, August 19, 1911.

(2) At 4 P.M.—All that allotment of land planted with rubber and coconuts, situated at Mokoldowe, in the Palle pattu of the Salpiti korale, in the District of Colombo, Western Province, containing in extent 23 acres and 30 55/100 of a perch.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. P. D. & T. D.

Mack, Proctors and Notaries, Colombo.

RICHARD DANIEL, Auctioneer.

LOCAL BOARD NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given that the lands mentioned in the annexed schedule having been seized for deafult of payment of Local Board assessment tax for third and fourth quarters, 1910, will be sold by public auction at the Batticaloa Kachcheri, on Friday, August 25 next, at 1 P.M., by the Government Agent, Eastern Province, in conformity with the Local Board Ordinance, No. 19 of 1905, unless in the meantime the amount owing in respect of the rate, together with the lawful costs of seizure and sale, is duly paid.

Batticaloa Kachcheri,

July 15, 1911.

E. T. Dyson, for Government Agent.

List of Lands seized for default of Payment of Police and Local Board Assessment Taxes for Third and Fourth Quarters 1910

					1 mra a	na rour	in Quarter	·s, 19	10.					•		\mathbf{Estim}	ated
No.	•	Street.		Na	me of Ov	vner.			Tax.		Cost			otals.		Value Prope	
					Third Q	uarter.	1910.		Rs. c.		Rs.	c.	2	Rs. c.		$\mathbf{Rs}.$	c.
3α	8.	1st Cross street		Eliyan	•	• •	,		0 55		0	8		0 63	444	. 75	0
*, ',					Fourth (zuarter,	1910.								• • •		•
26		Amen Corner		Jusai Ma	rian				0 50		.0	Æ		A 2.			
35a		Do.		Swakkir	Rasiah							4	•-•	0 54		75	0
46a		3rd Cross street		Arumuk	am Kana		Noi			• •	0	4	4 20	0 54	6.33	10	0
	• •	•	- •			-Laurithi	*TC17	676	0 55	0.0	0	8		0 63		10	0

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL NOTICES.

MUNICIPALITY OF GALLE.

Minutes of Proceedings of a General Meeting of the Municipal Council of Galle held in the Municipal Office on Saturday, June 10, 1911.

The Council met this day, pursuant to notice dated June 5, 1911.

Present .- Mr. C. M. Lushington, Chairman; Mr. D. G. Goonawardena; Mr. H. F. Tomalin; Dr. C. B. Lourensz; and Mr. S. H. Titley.

The Minutes of the General Meeting of Council held on May 13, 1911, and of the Special Meeting held on May 18, copies of which were sent to each Member, were taken as read.

Resolved that the Minutes of the General Meeting of Council held on May 13, 1911, and of the Special Meeting held on May 18, 1910, be confirmed.

(I) Extracts from Minutes of Meetings of Standing Committee on Finance and Assessment of May 13, 1911.

Extracts from Colonial Auditor's Annual Report for 1910.

(1) Paragraph 12 re excess of Expenditure over Revenue of Health Department.

The Standing Committee does not consider the difference between Revenue and Expenditure excessive considering the value and importance of the work done, especially in the scavenging of public latrines for which no recoveries can be a second or se

(2) Paragraph 13 re excess of Expenditure over Revenue in connection with lighting.

The increase was due to the lighting of public markets and the provision of better lamps. Considering the large to be lighted and small number of houses, many of them of small value, within the area, the cost is not excessive, and the Council cannot expect the lighting rate to pay the whole cost.

(3) Paragraph 15 re history sheets of all pensionable offices and the formal declaration of all pensionable posts,

as required by section 2 of the Pension Minute.

Resolved (a) that history sheets and character records of all pensionable posts be kept in the form in use in Givernment Departments; (b) that the question of formally declaring pensionable posts be deferred until certain inquiries are completed; (c) that rules appearing in General Orders (Government) Nos. 171, 172, and 173, re office hours and attendance book, be observed by the officers of the Municipality in future.

(4) Paragraph 17 re assessment tax within police limits only.

Read and approved Chairman's letter No. 1,162 of April 12 last to Colonial Auditor on the subject.

Extracts from Minutes of Meeting of Standing Committee on Finance and Assessment of June 10, 1911.

Extract from Colonial Auditor's Annual Report for 1910, paragraph 15, re pensionable posts.

Resolved that the following offices be made pensionable under rule 2 of the Council's Pension Minute of January 4, 1911, viz.:—Secretary, Superintendent of Works; Medical Officer of Health; Head Clerk; Second Clerk; Third Clerk; Fourth Clerk; Fifth Clerk; Sixth Clerk; Shroff; Inspector, Ward No. 1; Inspector, Ward No. 2; Inspector, Ward No. 3; Inspector, Ward No. 4; Inspector, Ward No. 5; Cemetery-keeper; Slaughterhouse-keeper; Market Master, Bazaars; Manager, Health Department; Head Overseer, Works Department; Overseer, Waterworks; Clerk and Storekeeper. Waterworks Department; Guardian or Overseer, Hiyare Reservoir.

2. Report of the Sub-Committee appointed to report on the Secretary's application for remuneration for work done in connection with objections to assessment of 1911.

Resolved that the Secretary be granted a remuneration of Rs. 135 on the distinct understanding that it is to be treated as a special case, and not as a recurring charge.

- 3. Application for gratuity from the widow of the late Mr. C. L. Bogaars, Waterworks Oversee Resolved that the Council be recommended to grant the widow a gratuity of Rs. 90, as Mr. Boxes pension.
- 2. With reference to the extracts from Minutes of Meeting of Standing Committee on Finance and Assessment of May 13, 1911, it was resolved that 4(1), (2), and (3) be approved, and that as regards 4(4) that inquiries be made from the Kandy Municipality whether rates and taxes are levied on all houses, lands, and tenements within that Municipality; and if so, whether police, lighting, and water are supplied to the whole of the taxed area, and also that inquiries be made as to the additional taxation that can be derived from the untaxed area.
- The extracts from the Minutes of the Meeting of Standing Committee on Finance and Assessment of June 10, 1911, were confirmed.
- Mr. C. E. de Vos was elected to serve on the Special Committee re-appointed on January 23, 1911, to inquire into, and deal with, all matters connected with the new Water Supply Scheme in the room of Dr. E. Ludovici, resigned.
- 5. The ballot taken for a member on the Standing Committee on Finance and Assessment and Municipal Works in the room of Dr. E. Ludovici, resigned, resulted in Mr. C. E. de Vos being elected to serve on both Committees.
- 6. Report of the Special Committee appointed on May 13, 1911, to report on the chetties' latrine at Kaluwella. Resolved that the Special Committee be thanked for their report, and that the report be adopted. The Superintendent of Works to submit an estimate of cost for converting one-half of the latrine into a dry-earth closet.
 - 7. The consideration of the question of acquiring the outer verandah of No. 3, Lighthouse street, was deferred.
- 8. Fourth interim report of the Special Committee re-appointed on January 23, 1911, to inquire into, and deal with, all matters connected with the new Water Supply Scheme.

Resolved that the report be adopted.

- The following documents were laid on the table:--
 - (1) Statement of Receipts and Disbursements to end of May, 1911.

(2) Progress Report of Works to end of May, 1911.

(3) Report of the Medical Officer of Health for May, 1911.

(4) Report of the Inspector of Vehicles and Animals on Carriages plying for hire during the month of May, 1911.
 (5) Diary of Medical Officer of Health.

(6) Diary of Manager of Health Department.

Confirmed.

C. M. LUSHINGTON, Chairman,

The Municipal Office, Galle, July 8, 1911.

A.—State	ment showing	the To	tal Receip	ts and Disbursements to end of	June, 1911.	•
	Amount		Actual	1	,	Actual
REVENUE.	estimated.		Receipts		f Amount	Disburse-
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	Rs. c.		Rs. c	EXPENDITURE.	estimated.	ments.
Taxes	. 21,105 0		22,194 8	7	$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{s}$. c.	Rs. c.
Assessment	. 34,800 0		16,528 1		. 25,594 23	10,559 95
Stamp duty	. 11,885 0	••	6,612 1	_	500 0	$250 ext{ 4}$
Judicial fines	. 2,000 0		1.841 8		. 17,587 0	7,296 54
Tolls	. 18,500 0			Vehicle and Animal Depart	, -	
Slaughter-house .	. 1,220 0.		811 9	2 ment	. 2,068 0	645 39
Health Department .	. 7,025 0		3,990 1		. 1,110 0	73 0
	. 20,203 60		12,622 4	Markets	. 912 0	327 0
Rents	. 811 50		274 4	l Slaughter-house .	. 940 0	469 12
Miscellaneous	. 15,897 50		12,295 1	$9 \mid \mathbf{F}$ ire brigade .	. 410 0	90 0
Cemeteries	. 300 0		145 5		. 410 0	$234 \hspace{0.1cm} 65$
		_			. 10,100 0	4,71388
	. 133,747 60		77,316 6	3 Cemetery	760 0	327 9
Deposits .	. —		2,879 2		. 10,638 0	3,858 11
<u> </u>		_		0.0	. 8,904 0	4,147 19
Total Receipts			80,195 9		. 14,950 0	6,540 44
Cash balance on January	71,1911	04 ,	30,513 9		. 7.000 0	3,088 19
				Public Works Department .	. 31,412 0	28,574 72
•				Matal Managhitana	100 005 00	71 107 07
					. 133,295 23	71,195 31
•	·			Deposits repaid .		5,970 81
				Total Disbursements .		77,166 12
			_	Cash balance on June 30), 1911	33,543 75
		_		_ Cash paramete on vane v	,, 1011 . · ·	
	Total ·	7	10,709 8	7	Total	110,709 87
	1.0001			_}		110,100 01
•			_			
		B.—8	Surplus ar	d Deficit Account.		
•	•		Amount			Amount.
		•	Rs. c		:	Rs. c.
170	1 · T ·		105.	•	•	
Expenditure from January	, I to June	30,	#1 10° 9	Surplus on January 1, 1911		. 22,258 62
1911 Samples on Taxas 20, 1011	• •		71,195 3		де 31, 1911 .	. 77,316 63
Surplus on June 30, 1911	• •	• • •	28,379 9	*]		
	Tota	. –	99,575 2	- 8	Total .	. 99,575 25
	1018		00,010 2		. LOUAL .	. 88,010 20
- ,				•		-
•		.—Bal	ance Shee	t as at June 30, 1911.		
			Amount			Amount
LIABILITIES.	•		Rs. c	1		Rs. c.
*					€ .	IVS. C.
Deposits	• •	• •	5,163 8		•	
Surplus	• •	• •	28,379 9		11.05 TO 50	. 3,152 50
^				Current account (Rs. 30,39		. 30,341 25
• •				Cash in hand of Shroff	***	. 50 0
	Tota	, –	33,543 7		Total .	22 540 77
•	TOTA		00,000 7	<u></u>	TOPH .	. 33,543 75
	`			- 1	n	
The Municipal Office,				•	D. M. Mor	
Galle, July 17, 1911.	• •			•		Secretary.
•	December Des		VIII anima da	no haquabt un to Tuno 90, 4044	•	

Progress Report of Works done brought up to June 30, 1911.

• •			•	Amount Vote.	of		penditu une, 19		Expenup June 30	to		Balan	ice.
		•		Rs.	C.		Rs. c		Rs.	c.	•	$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{s}.$	G.
Upkeep of roads .	• •	• •		12,000	0	1	,466 2	9	5,656	38a		6.343	62
Upkeep of bridges	• •	• •	•.•	600	0		414 6)		17b		137	-
Upkeep of Municipal		• •	• •	1,000	•0 `			٠	62	19c		937	81
Upkeep of drainage,		• •		500	0				· 231	4d		268	
Upkeep of drainage,	suburbs			1,000	0		113 88	5	973	39e			61
Minor works	• •	••	• •	500	0		10 ()	54	63 <i>f</i>		445	-
New carts	• •	• •		750	0			٠	261	50g			50
Repair of carts				500	0	• •			136	$0\check{h}$. 0
Repairs to buildings,	, &c., in Segre	gation Camp, Dad	alla	500	0				326	50i			50
New public latrines		• •	• •	1,500	0		600 (٠.,	757	77i		742	
. New buildings, fenc			p and	• :						,	• • •	1 120	. 20
Infectious Diseases	s Hospital, De	dalla		1,000	0		129 19		129	19k		870	- 81
•	. •										• •	010	O1

⁽a) Metalled 61 lines, gravelled $54\frac{3}{4}$ lines, cleared jungle and reduced sides $872\frac{1}{2}$ lines, cleared drains 802 lines, patched with metal 172 squares, patched with gravel 78 squares, procured 409 cubes of metal and 135 cubes of gravel, and built 2 culverts, Elliott road.

⁽b) Repair of bridges.

⁽c) Cost of tats for green market and repair of Talbot town latrines.

⁽d) Cost of baskets and earthenware pipes.

- (e) Repair of side drain, Kaluwella and High street bazaar.
- (f) Cost of painting notice boards, sea-bathing place, removing and re-fixing notice boards opposite Railway station, and repair to S. P. C. A. trough.
 - (g) Built I water cart, I wheelbarrow, and I iron handcart.
 - (h) Repairs of 10 scavenging carts, 4 latrine carts, and 2 iron handcarts.
 - (i) Re-thatching buildings, Segregation Camp and Infectious Diseases Hospital, Dadalla.
 - (j) Building 2 new latrines and cost of earthenware squatting plates.
 - (k) Water service to Segregation Camp and Infectious Diseases Hospital and cost of brass ferrules. &c.

D. M. Moreira, Secretary,

Report of the Medical Officer of Health for the month of June, 1911.

Scavenging was not properly attended to.

Drainage not satisfactory.

Water Supply.-Labuduwa water was good.

Alleys were kept clean.

Bakeries were kept in good order.

Markets were well kept.

Cattle 333 and goats 125 were passed during the month.

Slaughter-house and cattle shed were well kept.

Latrines were well kept.

Mosquito Brigade.—Gardens on either side of Talapitiya road and Hall's road were cleaned.

General Health.—Three cases of enteric fever, one of continued fever, and one of chickenpox were reported during the month. Eight deaths from phithisis were reported during the month out of a total of 93. This claims more victims every month than any other disease. I drew attention to the necessity of notifying this disease and of taking preventive measures in my reports for October, 1908, and quarterly report of December 31, 1897. Under section 205 of Ordinance No. 6 of 1910, phithisis is notifiable, but no cases have been reported hitherto. It occurs chiefly among the poor where there are no means of isolating the patients. In such cases it is necessary to provide a place for isolation as in other cases of infectious diseases to safeguard the healthy members who are bound to contract the disease and die one after another by living together.

Charles E. de Silva, M.B., M.R.C.S., &c., Medical Officer of Health.

TRADE MARKS NOTICES.

Application No. 574.

In compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinances, 1888 to 1904," as amended by the Ordinances Nos. 9 of 1906 and 15 of 1908, and the regulations made on June 1, 1906, notice is hereby given that Mr. Eustace F. de Saram of Colombo has applied for the registration of the following Trade Mark in the name of Messrs. James Watson & Co., Limited, of 97, Seagate, Dundee, Scotland, Scotch Whisky Distillers, who claim to be the proprietors thereof in respect of Whisky in Class 43 in the Classification of Goods in the above-mentioned Regulations:—



The essential particular of the Trade Mark is the device of an elephant, and the applicants disclaim all right to the exclusive use of the added matter.

Registrar-General's Office, Colombo, July 26, 1911.

Deer	GW!.	1111111111	-				11	1		
Kitul Fibre.	cwt. G	11111111		· ·		· .		-	· .	A. R. SLATER,
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Coir Yarn.	cwt.	141111111111			<u> </u>		501 1585		Bags. 600 800 Total	∢
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Ceylon Government Railway.—Comparative Statement of Traffle for the Month ended May 31, 1911.

Receipts from		th ended 31, 1910.	Mont May	h ended 31, 1911.		crease. over 1910.	Decrease. 1911 below1910.
Passengers, Ordinary and Special Coolies Season Tickets Parcels and Mails Horsos, Carriages, and other Coaching	No. 796,794 18,407 4,989 65,774	19,458 41 16,504 35	845,763 9,409 5,448	33 ,579 16	459 2,565	Rs. c. 7,687 11 1,443 55 2,295 17	
Traffic Goods (tons) Live Stock Miscellaneous Motor Service	3,373 71,699 2,431	627,371	67,082 3,781	6,869 96 658,637 92 4,017 25 50,810 68 1,161 25	1,350	609 13 31,266 91 1,961 50 40,411 42 1,161 25	4,617 —
Total for the Month	<u> </u>	1,149,765 74 10,188,037 8		1,226,336 85 11,185,533 62		76,571 11 997,496 53	
Total from July 1 to May 31 Corresponding period of previous year	_	11,337,802 83 10,255,989 64		12,411,870 47 11,337,802 83		1,074,06764	= =
Increase		1,081,813 19	9	1,074,067 64			
Traffic Train Mileage, July 1 to May 31. Corresponding period of previous year.	2,049.435 1,915,869		2,111,192 2,049,435		61,757		= =
Increase Decrease	133,573	3 _	61,757	= .	_	=	= =
Particulars of Goods conveyed		onth ended May 31, 1910.	onth ended May 31, 1911.	Increase in 1911.	Decrease in 1911.	from Ju	
		Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	. Tons.
First Class Goods Kerosine oil, 2nd class Other, 2nd class Rice, 3rd class Arrack, 3rd class Salt		92 251 1,292 12,451 172 729	106 277 1,178 12,380 323 226	14 26 — 151		210 459 198 12,67	
Other, 3rd class Rubber, 3rd class Coffee, 4th class Cacao, 4th class Coconut produce, 4th class		7,569 77 4 166 3,906	10,075 194 1 130 3,100	2,506 117 —	- 3 36 806	20,63 1,05 —	1 413a 2 - 25 244
Poonac, 4th class Tea, 4th class Timber, all classes Other, 4th class		549 11,257 475 2,200	671 11,151 536 2,359	122 61 159	106 	1,01 86 	4 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —
Other, 5th class Tea packing, 3rd and 6th classes Manure, 3rd and 6th classes Plumbage, 3rd and 6th classes Other, 6th class	• •	1,390 - 2,113 5,040 1,139 3,415	1,289 2,022 6,681 1,213 2,961	1,641	101 91 — — 454	23 6,96 14	774 2 65d 6 22e 2 1,607/
Copra, 6th class Breakwater material Railway material for extension Railway material for existing line	:: }	138 3,815 11,985	105 1,388 6,974		33 2,427 5,011	7 =	414 45,602 5 —
Bulk petroleum Liquid fuel Free goods	• •	585 795 55	644 1008 52	59 213		1,69	9 - 18

Increase in Tobacco, Beer, and other 3rd Class Goods.
Decrease in Cinnamon, Cardamoms, and Tea Leaf.
Increase in Coconuts.
Decrease in Coconut Oil and Copra, 4th Class
Increase in Cotton and other 4th Class Goods.
Decrease in Staves, 4th Class.
Increase in Tea Packing, 6th Class.
Decrease in Tea Packing, 3rd Class.

5,143

52 67,082

585 795 55

71,699

9,760

Free goods

56,569

60,217

Increase in Manure, 6th Class. Decrease in Manure, 3rd Class.

Increase in Riumbago, 3rd Class.
Increase in Plumbago, 6th Class.
Increase in Beer and Staves, 6th Class, and Bulky Articles.
Decrease in other 6th Clas Goods.

G. P. GREENE,

COMMITTEE NOTICES. ROAD

Malwala Ferry-Wewelwatta Factory Estate Road.

OTICE is hereby given that the Local Committee having estimated the cost of upkeep of the Malwala Ferry-Wewelwatta Factory Estate road at Rs. 18,625 25 during the year 1911, the Provincial Road Committee of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, acting under the provisions of sections 19 and 24 of the Estates Road Ordinance, No. 12 of 1902, will on Tuesday, August 1, 1911, at 1 P.M., at their office in Ratnapura, proceed to assess the under-mentioned estates, according to the under-mentioned sections into which the road is divided, to make up the amount above estimated:

Amount to be recovered from estates, Rs. 18,625.25.

lst	to 4th sections			•	
Total acreage, 6,080	Moiety of cos	st, Rs. 4,	170) • 25—	
	cional rate, 68.				
Proprietors.	Estates.	. Acreage.		$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{s}.$	c.
Messrs. N. D. P. Silva		•			
& Co	Silvaland estat	e 506	٠.	327	6
The Consolidated Tea	,				
& Lands Co	Hapugastenne				
· <u>-</u>	Group	4,296	٠.	2,946	61
Do	Alupolla Group	1,278	٠.	876	58
		6,080	•	4,170	25
W. D. Holland and A	A. H. Allenby, D	ikmukala	na	100	Ω

estate, anowance	••.	• •	190.0
Total cost of moiety for	the 1st to 4th sections	٠.,	4.35025

5th to 7th sections.

Total acreage, 5,574—Moiety of cost, Rs. 4,465-Sectional rate, 80.10c.

The	Consolidated	Tea	•
&	Lands Co.	٠	Hapugastenne

wii uo	00.	• •	TTOLICE			
			Group	4,296 .	. 3,441 2'	7
Do.		٠	Alupolla Group	1,278 .	. 1,023 7	3

5.574 4,465

0

W. D. Holland and	A. H.	Allenby, Dikn	nukalana,	
allowance		• •	• •	110

Total moiety of cost for 5th to 7th sections . 4,575 0

8th to 13th sections. Total acreage, 1,278—Moiety of cost, Rs. 9,240—

Sectional rate, Rs. 7.23. The Consolidated Tea & Lands Co. Alupolla Group . . 1,278 . . 9,240 0 The Consolidated Tea & Lands Co., Hapugastenne Group, allowance W. D. Holland and A. H. Allenby, Dikmukalana, allowance 210 0

Total moiety of cost for 8th to 13th sections 9,700

Total moiety of cost for all sections 18,625 25

And at the same time and place the Committee will take evidence, if necessary, and receive and consider objections and suggestions.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, G. COOKSON. Ratnapura, July 18, 1911. Chairman.

Lantern Hill-Somerset Estate Cart Road.

OTICE is hereby given that, in terms of the Estate Roads Ordinance, No. 12 of 1902, the following gentlemen have been elected to form the Local Committee to perform the duties imposed by the said Ordinance in respect of the above road for the term ending June 30, 1913 :-

Messrs. J. D. Mendis, F. R. Bisset, and R. A. Fraser. Mendis to be Chairman for one year ending June 30, 1912.

C. S. VAUGHAN. Provincial Road Committee's Office, Chairman. Kandy, July 25, 1911.

Bandarawela-Liyangahawela Road.

OTICE is hereby given that, in terms of section 18 of the Branch Roads Ordinance, No. 14 of 1896, a General Meeting of the proprietors or resident managers of the estates interested in the construction of the extension of Bandarawela-Liyangahawela road will be held at Lunugala estate bungalow (Poonagala Group) at 2 P.M. on July 31, 1911, for the purpose of electing a Local Committee to perform the duties imposed upon such said Committee by the Ordinance.

The General Meeting for the election of the Local Committee must consist of such number of proprietors or resident managers as shall represent not less than one-third of the acreage.

The Local Committee elected shall thereat or at any adjourned meeting, after hearing objections, if any, and taking evidence, if necessary, determine, and make report to the Provincial Committee on-

- (1) The sections into which the road is to be divided for construction assessments (each section for construction assessment must not exceed half a mile in length).
- (2) The estates which, in their opioin, are interested in and will use each section of the road or of any
- (3) The acreage or reputed acreage of the land belonging to each estate.
- (4) The names of the proprietors, resident managers, or superintendents, and of the agents.

Provincial Road Committee, C. R. CUMBERLAND, Badulla, July 18, 1911. Chairman.