



Ceylon Government Gazette

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PART II.—Legal and Judicial.

PART III.—Provincial Administration.

PART IV.—Land Settlement.

PART V.—Mercantile, Marine, Municipal, Local, &c.

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UNOFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE BADDEGAMA ESTATE COMPANY OF CEYLON, LIMITED.

1. The name of the Company is "THE BADDEGAMA ESTATE COMPANY OF CEYLON, LIMITED."
2. The registered office of the Company is to be established in Colombo.
3. The objects for which the Company is to be established are—
 - (a) To purchase from the proprietors thereof the property called and known as the Baddegama estate, situated in Gangaboda pattu, in the District of Galle, Southern Province, in the Island of Ceylon.
 - (b) To purchase, lease, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any other land or lands, or any share or shares thereof, and any buildings, mines, minerals, mining and mineral properties and rights, machinery, implements, tools, live and dead stock, stores, effects, and other property, real or personal, movable or immovable, of any kind, and any rights, easements, patents, licenses, or privileges in Ceylon or elsewhere (including the benefit of any trade mark or trade secret which may be thought necessary or convenient for the purpose of the Company's business), and to erect, construct, maintain, or alter any buildings, machinery, plant, roads, ways, or other works or methods of communication.
 - (c) To appoint, engage, employ, maintain, provide for, and dismiss attorneys, agents, superintendents, managers, clerks, coolies, and other labourers and servants in Ceylon or elsewhere, and to remunerate any such at such rate as shall be thought fit, and to grant pensions or gratuities to any such or the widow or children of any such.
 - (d) To clear, open, plant, cultivate, improve, and develop the said property or any portion thereof, and any other land or lands that may be purchased, leased, or otherwise acquired by the Company in Ceylon or elsewhere, or portions thereof, as a tea and rubber estate or estates, or with any other products, trees, plants, or crops that may be approved by the Company, and to plant, grow, and produce rubber, coconuts, tea, coffee, cinchona, cacao, cardamoms, rhea, ramie plants, trees, and other natural products in Ceylon or elsewhere.
 - (e) To build, make, construct, equip, maintain, improve, alter, and work rubber and tea factories, coconut and coffee-curing mills, and other manufactories, buildings, erections, roads, tramways, or other works conducive to any of the Company's objects, or to contribute to or subsidize such.
 - (f) To enter into any arrangement or agreement with Government or any authorities, and obtain rights, concessions, and privileges.
 - (g) To hire, lease, or purchase land either with any other person or company or otherwise, and to erect a factory and other buildings thereon or on any land already leased or owned by the Company at the cost of the Company and such other person or company or otherwise.

- (h) To lease any factory or other buildings from any company or person.
- (i) To enter into any agreement with any company or person for the working of any factory erected or leased as provided in (g) or (h), or for the manufacture and preparation for market of tea, rubber, or any other produce in such or any other factory.
- (j) To prepare, cure, manufacture, treat, and prepare for market rubber, plumbago, minerals, tea, and (or) other crops or produce, and to sell, ship, and dispose of such rubber, plumbago, minerals, tea, crops, and produce, either raw or manufactured, at such times and places and in such manner as shall be deemed expedient.
- (k) To buy, sell, warehouse, transport, trade, and deal in rubber, coconuts, tea, coffee, and other plants and seed, and rice and other food required for coolies, labourers, and others employed on estates, and other products, wares, merchandise, articles, and things of any kind whatever.
- (l) To work mines or quarries, and to find, win, get, work, crush, smelt, manufacture, or otherwise deal with ores, metals, minerals, oils, precious and other stones, deposits and products, and generally to carry on the business of miners, manufacturers, growers, planters, and exporters of rubber and other products, or any such business on behalf of the Company or as agents for others and on commission or otherwise.
- (m) To establish and carry on a dairy farm, and to buy and sell live stock, and to sell and deal in milk and dairy produce, wholesale or retail.
- (n) To establish and maintain in the United Kingdom, Ceylon, or elsewhere stores, shops, and places for the sale of rubber, tea, coffee, cacao, and articles of food, drink, or refreshment, wholesale or retail; and to establish in any part or parts of the world agencies for carrying on or developing the business of the Company or any branch thereof; and generally to carry on the business of merchants, exporters, importers, traders, engineers, or any other trade, business, or undertaking whatsoever.
- (o) To cultivate, manage, and superintend estates and properties in Ceylon or elsewhere, and generally to undertake the business of estate agents in Ceylon and elsewhere to act as agents for the investment, loan, payment, transmission, and collection of money, and for the purchase, sale, improvement, development, and management of property, including concerns and undertakings, and to transact any other agency business of any kind.
- (p) To let, lease, sell, exchange, or mortgage the Company's estates, lands, buildings, or other property, or any part or parts thereof, whether in consideration of rents, money, or securities for money, shares, debentures, or securities in any other company, or for any other consideration, and otherwise to trade in, dispose of, or deal with the same or any part thereof.
- (q) To borrow or receive on loan money for the purpose of the Company upon the security of cash, credit bonds, or of hypothecation or mortgages of the Company's property or any part or parts thereof, or otherwise, as shall be thought most expedient, and in particular by the issue of debentures, debenture stock, or bonds to bearer or otherwise, either charged upon all or any part of the Company's present or future property (including uncalled capital), or not so charged, as shall be thought best.
- (r) To cause or permit any debenture stock, bonds, debentures, mortgages, charges, incumbrances, liens, or securities of or belonging to or made or issued by the Company or affecting its property or rights or any of the terms thereof to be renewed, extended, varied, redeemed, exchanged, transferred, or satisfied, as shall be thought fit, also to pay off and re-borrow the moneys secured thereby, or any part or parts thereof.
- (s) To draw, make, accept, and endorse bills of lading, warrants, bills of exchange, promissory notes, and other transferable or negotiable instruments for the purposes of the Company.
- (t) To unite, co-operate, amalgamate, or enter into partnership or any arrangement for sharing profits of union of interests of any other arrangement with any person or company already engaged in or hereafter to be established for the purpose of carrying on any business having objects wholly or in part similar or analogous or subsidiary to those of the Company or to any of them, or capable of being conducted so as to benefit this Company, either directly or indirectly, and to subscribe for or otherwise acquire for the benefit and in the name of the company or otherwise and pay for in any manner that may be agreed upon, either in money or in shares or bonds or otherwise, and to hold any shares, stock, or other interest in any such company, and to promote the formation of any such company.
- (u) To amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to this Company.
- (v) To acquire by purchase in money, shares, bonds, or otherwise, and undertake all or any part of the business, property, assets, and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business in Ceylon or elsewhere which the Company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this Company.
- (w) To sell the property, business, or undertaking of the Company, or any part or parts thereof, for such consideration as the Company shall think fit, and in particular for shares, stocks, debentures, or securities of any other company.
- (x) To procure the Company to be registered or incorporated in Ceylon, and, if and when necessary or thought advisable, elsewhere.
- (y) To lend money on any terms and in any manner and on any security, and in particular on the security of plantations, factories, growing crops, produce, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bonds, bills of lading, warrants, stocks, shares, debentures, and book debts, or without any security at all, and generally to transact financial business of any kind.
- (z) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined.
- (z 1) To promote and establish any other company whatsoever, and to subscribe to and hold the shares or stock of any other company or any part thereof.
- (z 2) To pay for any lands and real or personal, immovable or movable, estate or property or assets of any kind acquired or to be acquired by the Company, or for any services rendered or to be rendered to the Company, and generally to pay or discharge any consideration to be paid or given by the Company in money or in shares or debentures or debenture stock or obligations of the Company or partly in one way and partly in another, or otherwise howsoever with power to issue any share either fully or partially paid up for such purpose.
- (z 3) To accept consideration for any lands and real and personal, immovable and movable, estate, property, and assets of the Company of any kind sold or otherwise disposed of by the Company, and generally to accept any consideration to be received by the Company in money or in shares (the shares whether wholly or partially paid up) of any company, or in the mortgages, debentures, or obligations of any company or person or partly in one of these modes and partly in another or in any other kind or mode whatsoever.
- (z 4) To distribute among the Shareholders in specie any property of the Company, whether by way of dividend or upon a return of capital, but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital be made, except with the sanction for the time being required by law.

4. To do all such other things as shall be incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects above-mentioned or any of them, or which may be conveniently carried on and done in connection therewith, or which may be calculated directly to enhance the value of or render profitable any business or property of the Company, it being hereby declared that in the foregoing clauses (unless a contrary intention appears) the word "Company" includes companies or corporation and the word "person" any number of persons, and that the other objects specified in any paragraph are not to be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other paragraph.

5. The liability of the Shareholders is limited.

6. The nominal capital of the Company is Three hundred and fifty thousand Rupees (Rs. 350,000), divided into Thirty-five thousand shares of Ten Rupees (Rs. 10) each, with power to increase or reduce the capital. The shares forming the capital (original, increased, or reduced) of the Company may be subdivided or consolidated or divided into such classes with any preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto, and be held upon such terms as may be prescribed by the Articles of Association and Regulations of the company for the time being, or otherwise.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names:—

Names and Addresses of Subscribers.	Number of Shares taken by each Shareholder.
(1) A. HOPFENGÄRTNER, Colombo	One
Dated the 27th day of October, 1911.	
Witness to the above signature:	
W. A. S. DE VOS, Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo.	
(2) A. W. WINTER, Baddegama	One
Dated the 30th October, 1911.	
Witness to the above signature:	
D. E. PERERA.	
(3) EDWARD D. BOWMAN, Baddegama	One
(4) WILLIAM ELPHINSTONE UNDERWOOD, Bloemfontein, South Africa	One
(5) ETHEL HARRIETT SHORTLAND, Newport, Isle of Wight	One
(6) PERCY GIBSON DESLANDES WINTER, Southsea	One
(By their attorney EDWARD D. BOWMAN.)	
Witness to the above signatures:	
D. E. PERERA.	
Baddegama, 30th October, 1911.	
(7) E. M. LEY, West Down, Alfred place, Colombo	One
Witness to the above signature:	
D. RANKEN.	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE BADDEGAMA ESTATE COMPANY OF CEYLON, LIMITED.

It is agreed as follows:—

1. *Table C not to apply; Company to be governed by these Articles.*—The regulations contained in the Table C in the schedule annexed to "The Joint Stock Companies Ordinance, 1861," shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these Articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution.

2. *Power to alter the regulations.*—The Company may, by special resolution, alter and make provisions instead of, or in addition to, any of the regulations of the Company, whether contained and comprised in these Articles or not.

3. None of the funds of the Company shall be employed in the purchase of or be lent on shares of the Company.

INTERPRETATION.

4. *Interpretation clause.*—In the interpretation of these presents the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless such meanings be inconsistent with, or repugnant to, the subject or context:—

Company.—The word "Company" means "The Baddegama Estate Company of Ceylon, Limited," incorporated or established by or under the Memorandum of Association to which these Articles are attached.

The Ordinance.—The "Ordinance" means and includes "The Joint Stock Companies Ordinances, 1861 to 1909, and every other Ordinance from time to time in force concerning Joint Stock Companies which may apply to the Company.

Special resolution.—"Special resolution" has the meaning assigned thereto by "the Ordinance."

These presents.—"These presents" means and includes the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association of the Company from time to time in force.

Capital.—"Capital" means the capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purpose of the Company.

Shares.—"Shares" means the shares from time to time into which the capital of the Company may be divided.

Shareholder.—"Shareholder" means a Shareholder of the Company.

Presence or present.—"Presence or present" at a meeting means presence or present personally or by proxy or by attorney duly authorized.

Directors.—"Directors" means the Directors for the time being of the Company or (as the case may be) the Directors assembled at a Board.

Board.—"Board" means a meeting of the Directors or (as the context may require) the Directors assembled at a Board Meeting, acting through at least a quorum of their body in the exercise of authority duly given to them.

Persons.—"Persons" means partnerships, associations, corporations, companies, unincorporated or incorporated by Ordinance and registration, as well as individuals.

Office.—"Office" means the registered office for the time being of the Company.

Seal.—"Seal" means the common seal for the time being of the Company.

Month.—"Month" means a calendar month.

Writing.—"Writing" means printed matter or print as well as writing.

Singular and plural number.—Words importing the singular number only include the plural, and *vice versa*.

Masculine and feminine gender.—Words importing the masculine gender only include the feminine, and *vice versa*.

BUSINESS.

5. *Commencement of business.*—The Company may proceed to carry out the objects for which it is established, and to employ and apply its capital as soon after the registration of the Company as the Directors in their discretion shall think fit; and notwithstanding that the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed, applied for, or allotted, they shall do so as soon as, in the judgment of the Directors, a sufficient number of shares shall have been subscribed or applied for.

6. *Business to be carried on by Directors.*—The business of the Company shall be carried on by or under the management or direction of the Directors, and subject only to the control of General Meetings, in accordance with these presents.

CAPITAL.

7. *Nominal capital.*—The nominal capital of the Company is Three hundred and Fifty thousand rupees (Rs. 350,000), divided into Thirty-five thousand shares of Ten Rupees (Rs. 10) each.

8. *Arrangement on issue of shares.*—The Company may call up the balance capital whenever the Directors shall think fit, and may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid and the time of payment of such calls.

9. *Payment of amount of shares by instalments.*—If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the holder of the share.

10. *Increase or reduction of capital.*—The Company in General Meeting may, by special resolution from time to time, increase the capital by creation of new shares of such amount per share and in the aggregate, and with such special, preferential, deferred, qualified, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto as such resolution shall direct, and the Company in General Meeting may by special resolution reduce the capital as such special resolution shall direct, and may by special resolution subdivide or consolidate the shares of the Company or any of them.

11. *New shares.*—The new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions, and with such preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto as the General Meeting resolving on the creation thereof or any other General Meeting of the Company shall direct; and if no direction be given, as the Directors shall determine, and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to the dividends and in the distribution of assets of the Company, and with a special or without any right of voting.

12. *How carried into effect.*—Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the meeting that sanctions the increase of capital, all new shares shall be offered to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may, at their discretion, allot such new shares or any portion of them in payment for any estates or lands or other property purchased or acquired by the Company, without first offering such shares to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company.

13. *Same as original capital.*—Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the provisions herein contained with reference to the payments of calls and instalments, transfer, transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrender, and otherwise.

SHARES.

14. *Issue.*—The shares, except where otherwise provided, shall be allotted at the discretion of and by the Directors, who may from time to time issue any unissued shares and may add to such shares such an amount of premium as they may consider proper; provided that such unissued shares shall first be offered by the Directors to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company as nearly as possible in proportion to the shares already held by them, and such shares as shall not be accepted by the Shareholder or Shareholders to whom the share shall have been offered within the time specified in that behalf by the Directors may be disposed of by the Directors in such manner as they think most beneficial to the Company; provided also that the Directors may at their discretion allot any shares in payment for any estates or lands or other property purchased or acquired by the Company, without first offering such shares to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company.

15. *Acceptance.*—Every person taking any share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof by writing under his hand in such form as the Company from time to time directs.

16. *Payment.*—Payment for shares shall be made in such manner as the Directors shall from time to time determine and direct.

17. *Shares held by a firm.*—Shares may be registered in the name of a firm, and any partner of the firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm shall be entitled to vote and to give proxies.

18. *Shares held by two or more persons not in partnership.*—Shares may be registered in the name of two or more persons not in partnership.

19. *One of joint-holders other than a firm may give receipts; only one of joint-holders resident in Ceylon entitled to vote.*—Any one of the joint-holders of a share, other than a firm, may give effectual receipts for any dividends payable in respect of such share; but only one of such joint Shareholders shall be entitled to the right of voting and of giving proxies and exercising the other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, and if the joint-holders cannot arrange amongst themselves as to who shall vote or give proxies and exercise such other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, the Shareholder whose name stands first on the register of shares shall vote or give proxies and exercise those rights and powers; provided, however, that in the event of such first registered Shareholder being absent from the Island, the first registered Shareholder then resident in Ceylon shall vote or give proxies and exercise all such rights and powers as aforesaid.

20. *Survivor of joint-holder, other than a firm, only recognized.*—In case of the death of any one or more of the joint-holders, other than a firm, of any shares, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognized by the Company as having any title to, or interest in, such shares.

21. The joint-holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all instalments and calls due in respect of such share.

22. *Company not bound to recognize any interest in share other than that of registered holder or of any person under clause 38.*—The Company shall not be bound to recognize (even though having notice of) any contingent, future, partial, or equitable interest in the nature of a trust or otherwise in any share, or any other right in respect of any share, except any absolute right thereto in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof, and except also the right of any person under clause 38 to become a Shareholder in respect of any share.

23. *Certificates.*—The certificates of shares shall be issued under the seal of the Company.

24. *How issued.*—Every Shareholder shall be entitled to one certificate for all the shares registered in his name, or to several certificates, each for one or more of such shares. Every certificate shall specify the number of the share in respect of which it is issued.

25. *Renewal of Certificate.*—If any certificate be worn out or defaced, then, upon production thereof to the Directors, they may order the same to be cancelled, and may issue a new certificate in lieu thereof; and if any certificate be lost or destroyed, then, upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Directors, and on such indemnity as the Directors may deem adequate being given, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the person entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate. A sum of fifty cents shall be payable for such new certificate.

26. *Certificate to be delivered to the first named of joint-holders not a firm.*—The certificate of shares registered in the name of two or more persons not a firm shall be delivered to the person first-named on the register.

TRANSFER OF SHARES.

27. *Exercise of rights.*—No person shall exercise any rights of a member until his name shall have been entered in the Register of Members and he shall have paid all calls and other moneys for the time being payable on every share in the Company held by him.

28. *Transfer of shares.*—Subject to the restriction of these Articles, any Shareholder may transfer all or any of his shares by instrument in writing.

29. *No transfer to infant or person of unsound mind.*—No transfer of shares shall be made to an infant or person of unsound mind.

30. *Register of transfers.*—The Company shall keep a book or books, to be called "The Register of Transfers," in which shall be entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share.

31. *Instrument of transfer.*—The instrument of transfer of any share shall be signed both by the transferor and transferee, and the transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of such share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register in respect thereof.

32. *Board may decline to register transfers.*—The Board may, at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion, decline to register any transfer of shares by a Shareholder who is indebted to the Company, or upon whose shares the Company have a lien or otherwise; or in case of shares not fully paid up, to any person not approved by them.

33. *Not bound to state reason.*—In no case shall a Shareholder or proposed transferee be entitled to require the Directors to state the reason of their refusal to register, but their declinature shall be absolute.

34. *Registration of transfer.*—Every instrument of transfer must be left at the office of the Company to be registered, accompanied by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferor, and a fee of Rs. 2, or such other sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine, must be paid; and thereupon the Directors, subject to the powers vested in them by Articles 31, 32, and 34, shall register the transferee as Shareholder and retain the instrument of transfer.

35. *Directors may authorize registration of transferees.*—The Directors may, by such means, as they shall deem expedient, authorize the registration of transferees as Shareholders without the necessity of any meeting of the Directors for that purpose.

36. *Directors not bound to inquire as to validity of transfer.*—In no case shall the Directors be bound to inquire into the validity, legal effect, or genuineness of any instrument of transfer produced by a person claiming a transfer of any share in accordance with these Articles; and whether they abstain from so inquiring, or do so inquire and are misled, the transferor shall have no claim whatsoever upon the Company in respect of the share, except for the dividends previously declared in respect thereof, but, if at all, upon the transferee only.

37. *Transfer books when to be closed.*—The transfer books may be closed during the fourteen days immediately preceding each Ordinary General Meeting, including the First General Meeting; also, when a dividend is declared, for the three days next ensuing the meeting; also at such other times as the Directors may decide, not exceeding in the whole twenty-one days in any one year.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

38. *Title to shares of deceased holder.*—The executors, or administrators, or the heirs of a deceased Shareholder shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to shares of such Shareholder.

39. *Registration of persons entitled to shares otherwise than by transfer.*—Any guardian of any infant Shareholder, any committee of a lunatic Shareholder, or any person becoming entitled to shares in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or liquidation of any Shareholder, or the marriage of any female Shareholder, or in any other way than by transfer, shall, upon producing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this clause, or of his title, as the Company think sufficient, be forthwith entitled, subject to the provisions herein contained, to be registered as a Shareholder in respect of such shares on payment of a fee of Rs. 2; or may, subject to the regulations as to transfers hereinbefore contained, transfer the same to some other person.

40. *Failing such registration, shares may be sold by the Company.*—If any person who shall become entitled to be registered in respect of any share under clause 38 shall not, from any cause whatever, within twelve calendar months after the event on the happening of which his title shall accrue, be registered in respect of such share, or if in the case of the death of any Shareholder no person shall, within twelve calendar months after such death, be registered as a Shareholder in respect of the shares of such deceased Shareholder, the Company may sell such shares, either by public auction or private contract, and give a receipt for the purchase money, and the purchaser shall be entitled to be registered in respect of such share, and shall not be bound to inquire whether the events have happened which entitled the Company to sell the same, the nett proceeds of such sale, after deducting all expenses and all moneys in respect of which the Company is entitled to a lien on the shares so sold, shall be paid to the person entitled thereto.

SHARES (SURRENDER AND FORFEITURE).

41. *The Directors may accept surrender of shares.*—The Directors may accept, in the name and for the benefit of the Company, and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon, a surrender of the shares of Shareholders who may be desirous of retiring from the Company.

42. *If call or instalment be not paid, notice to be given to Shareholder.*—If any Shareholder fails to pay any call or instalment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Directors may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on such Shareholder or his executors or administrators or the trustee or assignee in his bankruptcy requiring him to pay the same, together with any interest that may have accrued, and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

Terms of notice.—The notice shall name a day (not being less than one month from the date of the notice) on and a place or places at which such call or instalment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid; the notice shall also state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

In default of payment, share to be forfeited.—If the requisition of such notice as aforesaid be not complied with, every or any share or shares in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of calls or instalment, with interest and expenses due in respect thereof, be declared forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

Shareholder still liable to pay money owing at time of forfeiture.—Any Shareholder whose shares have been so declared forfeited shall notwithstanding be liable to pay and shall forthwith pay to the Company all calls, instalments, interest,

and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of forfeiture until payment at 9 per cent. per annum, and the Directors may enforce the payment thereof if they think fit.

43. *Surrendered or forfeited shares to be property of Company, and may be sold, &c.*—Every share surrendered or so declared forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of upon such terms and in such manner as the Board shall think fit.

44. *Effect of surrender or forfeiture.*—The surrender or forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in, and also of all claims and demands against, the Company in respect of the share and the proceeds thereof, and all other rights incident to the share, except only such of those rights (if any) as by these presents are expressly saved.

45. *Certificate or surrender or forfeiture.*—A certificate in writing under the hands of two of the Directors and of the Secretary or Secretaries that a share has been duly surrendered or forfeited, stating the time when it was surrendered or forfeited, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons who would have been entitled to the share but for such surrender or forfeiture; such certificate and the receipt of the Company for the price of such share shall constitute a good title to such share, and a certificate of proprietorship shall be delivered to any person who may purchase the same from the Company, such purchaser shall thereupon be deemed the holder of such share, discharged from all calls due prior to such purchase; and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to such share be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture or sale.

Forfeiture may be remitted.—The Directors may in their discretion remit or annul the forfeiture of any share within six months from the date thereof upon the payment of all moneys due to the Company from the late holder or holders of such share or shares, and all expenses incurred in relation to such forfeiture, together with such further sum of money by way of redemption money for the deficit, as they shall think fit, not being less than 9 per cent. on the amount of the sums wherein default in payment had been made, but no share *bona fide* sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of under Article 42 hereof shall be redeemable after sale or disposal.

46. *Company's lien on shares.*—The Company shall have a first charge or paramount lien upon all the shares of any holder or joint-holders for all moneys for the time being due to the Company by such holder or by all or any of such joint-holders respectively, either in respect of such shares or of other shares held by such holder or joint-holders or otherwise, and whether due from any such holder individually or jointly with others, including all calls, resolutions for which shall have been passed by the Directors, although the times appointed for the payment thereof shall not have arrived; and where any share is held by more persons than one, the Company shall be entitled to the said charge or lien in respect of any money due to the Company from any of such persons. The Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares subject to such charge or lien.

47. *Lien how made available.*—Such charge or lien may be made available by a sale of all or any of the shares subject to it, provided that no such sale shall be made except under a resolution of the Directors, and until notice in writing shall have been given to the indebted Shareholder or his executors or administrators, or the assignee or trustee in his bankruptcy, requiring him or them to pay the amount for the time being due the Company, and default shall have been made for twenty-eight days from such notice in paying the sum thereby required to be paid. Should the Shareholder over whose share the lien exists be in England or elsewhere abroad, sixty days' notice shall be allowed him.

48. *Proceeds how applied.*—The nett proceeds of any such sale as aforesaid under the provision of Articles 42 and 46 hereof shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of such debts, liabilities, or engagements, and the residue (if any) paid to such Shareholder or his representatives.

49. *Certificate of sale.*—A certificate in writing under the hand of one of the Directors and of the Secretary or Secretaries that the power of sale given by clause 46 has arisen, and is exercisable by the Company under these presents, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated.

50. *Transfer on sale how executed.*—Upon any such sale two of the Directors may execute a transfer of such share to the purchaser thereof, and such transfer, with the certificate last aforesaid, shall confer on the purchaser a complete title to such shares.

PREFERENCE SHARES.

51. *Preference and deferred shares.*—Any shares from time to time to be issued or created may from time to time be issued with any such right of preference, whether in respect of dividend or of payment of capital, or both, or any such other special privilege or advantage over any shares previously issued or then about to be issued (other than shares issued with a preference), or at such a premium, or with such deferred rights as compared with any shares previously issued or then about to be issued, or subject to any such conditions or provisions, and with any such right or without any right of voting, and generally on such terms as the Company may from time to time by special resolution determine.

52. *Resolution affecting a particular class of shares.*—If at any time by the issue of preference shares or otherwise the capital is divided into shares of different classes, then the holders of any class of shares may, by an extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of such holders, consent, on behalf of all the holders of shares of the class, to the issue or creation of any shares ranking equally therewith, or having any priority thereto, or to the abandonment of any preference or priority or of any accrued dividend, or the reduction for any time or permanently of the dividends payable thereon, or to any scheme for the reduction of the Company's capital affecting the class of shares; and such resolution shall be binding upon all the holders of shares of the class, provided that this Article shall not be read as implying the necessity for such consent in any case in which but for this Article the object of the resolutions could have been effected without it.

53. *Meeting affecting a particular class of shares.*—Any meeting for the purpose of the last preceding clause shall be convened and conducted in all respects as nearly as possible in the same way as an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, provided that no member, not being a Director, shall be entitled to notice thereof or to attend thereat, unless he be a holder of shares of the class intended to be affected by the resolution, and that no vote shall be given except in respect of a share of that class, and that at any such meeting a poll may be demanded in writing by any members personally present and entitled to vote at such meeting.

CALLS.

54. *Directors may make calls.*—The Directors may from time to time make such calls as they think fit upon the registered holders of shares, in respect of moneys unpaid thereon, and not by the conditions of allotment made payable at fixed times; and each Shareholder shall pay the amount of each call so made on him to the persons and at the times and places appointed by the Directors, provided that two months' notice at least shall be given to the Shareholders of the time and place appointed for payment of each call.

Calls, time when made.—A call shall be deemed to be made at the time when the resolution authorizing the call was passed at a Board Meeting of the Directors.

Extension of time for payment of call.—The Directors shall have power in their absolute discretion to give time to any one or more Shareholder or Shareholders, exclusive of others, for payment of any call or part thereof on such terms as the Directors may determine; but no Shareholder shall be entitled to any such extension except as a matter of favour.

55. *Interest on unpaid call.*—If the sum payable in respect of any call or instalment is not paid on or before the day appointed for the payment thereof, the holder for the time being of the share in respect of which the call shall have been made, or the instalments shall have been due, shall pay interest for the same at the rate of 9 per centum per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of the actual payment, but the Directors may, when they think fit, remit altogether or in part any sum becoming payable for interest under this clause.

56. *Payments in anticipation of calls.*—The Directors may at their discretion and upon such terms as they think fit receive from any Shareholders willing to advance the same, all or any part of the amount of the shares beyond the sum actually called up.

BORROWING POWERS.

57. *Power to borrow.*—The Directors shall have power to procure from time to time, in the usual course of business, such temporary advances on the produce in hand, or in the future to be obtained from the Company's estates, as they may find necessary or expedient for the purpose of defraying the expenses of working the Company's estates, or of erecting, maintaining, improving, or extending buildings, machinery, plantations, or otherwise. Also from time to time at their discretion to borrow or raise from the Directors or other persons any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company, but so that the amount at any one time owing in respect of moneys so borrowed or raised shall not, without the sanction of a General Meeting, exceed the sum of Ten Thousand Rupees (Rs. 10,000). With the sanction of a General Meeting the Directors shall be entitled to borrow such further sum or sums, and at such rate of interest as such meeting shall determine. The Directors may, for the purpose of securing the repayment of any such sum or sums of money so borrowed or raised, create and issue any mortgages, debentures, mortgage debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company, charged upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, property, and rights or assets of the Company (both present and future), including uncalled capital or unpaid calls, or give, accept, or endorse on behalf of the Company any promissory notes or bills of exchange. Provided also that before the Directors execute any mortgage or issue any debentures they shall obtain the sanction thereto of the Company in General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary. Any such securities may be issued either at par or at a premium or discount, and may from time to time be cancelled or discharged, varied, or exchanged as the Directors may think fit, and may contain any special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, or otherwise. Every debenture or other instrument issued by the Company for securing the payment of money may be so framed that the moneys thereby secured shall be assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued. A declaration under the Company's seal contained in or endorsed upon any of the documents mentioned in this Article and subscribed by two or more of the Directors, or by one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries, to the effect that the Directors have power to borrow the amount which such document may represent, shall be conclusive evidence thereof in all questions between the Company and its creditors, and no such document containing such declaration shall, as regards the creditor, be void on the ground of its being granted in excess of the aforesaid borrowing power unless it shall be proved that such creditor was aware that it was so granted.

MEETINGS.

58. *First General Meeting.*—The First General Meeting of the Company shall be held at such time, not being more than twelve months after the registration of the Company, and at the place as the Directors may determine.

59. *Subsequent General Meetings.*—Subsequent General Meetings shall be held once in every year at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if no time or place is prescribed, at such time and place as may be determined by the Directors.

60. *Ordinary and Extraordinary General Meeting.*—The General Meetings mentioned in the last preceding clause shall be called Ordinary General Meeting; all other Meetings of the Company shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.

61. *Extraordinary General Meetings.*—The Directors may, whenever they think fit, call an Extraordinary General Meeting, and the Directors shall do so upon a requisition made in writing by not less than one-seventh of the number of Shareholders holding not less than one-seventh of the issued capital and entitled to vote.

62. *Requisition of Shareholders to state object of meeting; on receipt of requisition, Directors to call meeting and in default Shareholders may do so.*—Any requisition so made shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called, shall be addressed to the Directors, and shall be sent to the registered office of the Company. Upon the receipt of such requisition the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such time and place as they shall determine. If they do not proceed to convene the same within seven days from the delivery of the requisition, the requisitionists may themselves convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such place and at such time as the Shareholders convening the meeting may themselves fix.

63. *Notice of resolution.*—Any Shareholder may, in giving not less than ten days' previous notice of any resolution, submit the same to a meeting. Such notice shall be given by leaving a copy of the resolution at the registered office of the Company.

64. *Seven days' notice of meeting to be given.*—Seven days' notice at least of every General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, and by whomsoever convened, specifying the place, date, hour of meeting, and the objects and business of the meeting, shall be given either by advertisement in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*, or by notice sent by post, or otherwise served as hereinafter provided, but an accidental omission to give such notice to any Shareholder shall not invalidate the proceedings of any General Meeting.

65. *Business requiring and not requiring notification.*—Every Ordinary General Meeting shall be competent, without special notice having been given of the purposes for which it is convened, or of the business to be transacted thereat, to receive and discuss any report and any account presented thereto by the Directors, to pass resolutions in approval or disapproval thereof, to declare dividends, to elect Directors and Auditors retiring in rotation, and to fix the remuneration of the Auditors, and shall also be competent to be entered upon, discuss, and transact any business whatever, of which special mention shall have been given in the notice or notices upon which the meeting was convened.

66. *Notice of other business to be given.*—With the exceptions mentioned in the foregoing Articles as to the business which may be transacted at Ordinary General Meetings without notice, no General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss, or transact any business which has not been specially mentioned in the notice or notices upon which it was convened.

67. *Quorum to be present.*—No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting, except the declaration of a dividend recommended by a report of the Directors or the election of a Chairman, unless there shall be present in person at the commencement of the business three or more Shareholders entitled to vote or persons holding proxies from Shareholders.

68. *If a quorum not present, meeting to be dissolved or adjourned; adjourned meeting to transact business.*—If at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting the required number of Shareholders shall not be present at the meeting, the meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of Shareholders, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, those Shareholders who are present shall be a quorum, and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.

69. *Chairman of Directors or a Director to be Chairman of General Meeting; in case of their absence or refusal a Shareholder may act.*—The Chairman (if any) of the Directors shall be entitled to take the chair at every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary; but if there be no Chairman, or if at any meeting he shall not be present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for holding such meeting, or if he shall refuse to take the chair, the Shareholders shall choose another Director as Chairman; and if no Directors be present, or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair, then the Shareholders present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman.

70. *Business confined to election of Chairman while chair vacant.*—No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting except the election of a Chairman whilst the chair is vacant.

71. *Chairman with consent may adjourn meeting.*—The Chairman, with the consent of the meeting, may adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place, unless due notice shall be given.

72. *Minutes of General Meetings.*—Minutes of the proceedings of every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall when so entered be signed as soon as practicable by the Chairman of the same meeting or by the Chairman of the succeeding meeting, and the same when so entered and signed shall be evidence of all such proceedings and of the proper election of the Chairman.

VOTING AT MEETINGS.

73. *Votes.*—At any meeting every resolution shall be decided by the votes of the Shareholders present in person or by proxy, or by attorney, duly appointed. In case there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman at such meeting shall be entitled to give a casting vote in addition to the vote to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder and proxy and attorney; and unless a poll be immediately demanded in writing by some shareholder present at the meeting and entitled to vote, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the Minute Book of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact without proof of the number of votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

74. *Poll.*—If a poll be duly demanded, the same shall be taken in such manner and at such time and place as the Chairman shall direct, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. The demand of a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.

75. *Poll how taken.*—If a poll be duly demanded, the same shall be taken in such manner and at such time and place as the Chairman shall direct, and in such case every Shareholder shall have the number of votes to which he may be entitled as hereinafter provided, and in case at any such poll there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting at which such poll shall have been demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder and proxy and attorney, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in such meeting.

76. *No poll on election of Chairman or on question of adjournment.*—No poll shall be demanded on the election of a Chairman of the meeting or on any question of adjournment.

77. *Number of votes to which Shareholder entitled.*—On a show of hands every Shareholder present in person or by proxy or attorney shall have one vote only. In case of a poll every Shareholder present in person or by proxy or attorney shall (except as provided for in the Article immediately following) have one vote for every one share held by him.

78. *Guardians of infants, when not entitled to vote.*—The parent or guardian of an infant Shareholder, the committee or other legal guardian of any lunatic Shareholder, the husband of any female Shareholder not entitled to her shares as separate estate, and the executor or administrator of any deceased Shareholder, or any one of such persons as aforesaid, if more than one, shall not be entitled to vote in the place of such infant, lunatic, female, or deceased person, unless such person shall have been registered as a Shareholder.

79. *Voting in person or by proxy.*—Votes may be given either personally or by proxy or attorney duly authorized.

80. *Non-Shareholder not to be appointed proxy.*—No person shall be appointed a proxy who is not a Shareholder of the Company, but the attorney of a Shareholder, even though not himself a Shareholder of the Company, may represent and vote for his principal at any meeting of the Company.

81. *Shareholder in arrear or not registered at least three months previous to the meeting not to vote.*—No Shareholder shall be entitled to vote or speak at a General Meeting unless all calls due from him on his shares or any of them shall have been paid; and no Shareholder other than the trustee or assignee of a bankrupt or representative of a deceased Shareholder, or person acquiring by marriage, shall be entitled to vote or speak at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company, in respect of or as the holder of any share which he has acquired by transfer, unless he has been at least three months previously to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote or speak duly registered as the holder of the share in respect of which he claims to vote or speak.

82. *Proxy to be printed or in writing.*—The instrument appointing a proxy shall be printed or written, and shall be signed by the appointor, or if such appointor be a corporation, it shall be under the common seal of such corporation.

83. *When proxy to be deposited.*—The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than twenty-four hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote.

84. *Form of proxy.*—The instrument appointing a proxy may be in the following form:—

The Baddegama Estate Company of Ceylon, Limited.

I, _____, of _____, appoint _____ of _____ (a Shareholder in the Company), as my proxy, to represent me and to vote for me and on my behalf at the Ordinary (or Extraordinary, as the case may be) General Meeting of the Company to be held on the _____ day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and _____, and at any adjournment thereof, and at every poll which may be taken in consequence thereof.

As witness my hand this _____ day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and _____.

85. *Objection of validity of vote to be made at the meeting or poll.*—No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) except at the meeting or poll at which such votes shall be tendered, and every vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) to which no objection shall be made at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.

86. *No Shareholder to be prevented from voting by being personally interested in result.*—No Shareholder shall be prevented from voting by reason of his being personally interested in the result of the voting.

DIRECTORS.

87. *Number of Directors.*—The number of Directors shall never be less than three nor more than five; but this clause shall be construed as being directory only, and the continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any number of vacancies.

88. *Their qualification and remuneration.*—The qualification of a Director shall be his holding shares in the Company, whether fully paid up or partly paid up, of the total nominal value of at least One thousand Rupees (Rs. 1,000), and upon which, in the case of partly paid up shares, all calls for the time being shall have been paid, and this qualification shall apply as well to the first Directors as to all future Directors. As a remuneration for their services the Directors shall be entitled to appropriate a sum not exceeding One thousand Five hundred Rupees (Rs. 1,500) annually, to be divided among them in such manner as they may determine, but the Company in General Meeting may at any time alter the amount of such remuneration for the future, and such remuneration shall not be considered as including any remuneration for special or extra services hereinafter referred to nor any extra remuneration to the Managing Directors of the Company.

89. *Appointment of first Directors and duration of their office.*—The first Directors shall be Edward Deslandes Bowman, Alfred William Winter, and Annie Hopfengärtner, who shall hold office till the First Ordinary General Meeting of the Company, when they shall all retire, but shall be eligible for re-election.

90. *Directors may appoint Managing Director or Directors; his or their remuneration.*—One or more of the Directors may be appointed by the Directors to act as Secretary, Managing Director, or Managing Directors, for such time and on such terms as the Directors may determine or fix by agreement with the person or persons appointed to the office, and they may from time to time revoke such appointment and appoint another or other Secretary, Managing Director or Managing Directors, and the Directors may impose and confer on the Managing Director or Managing Directors all or any duties and powers that might be imposed or conferred on any Manager of the Company. If any Director shall be called upon to perform any extra services, the Directors may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such services either by way of salary, commission, or the payment of a lump sum of money, as they shall think fit.

91. *Appointment of successors to Directors.*—The General Meeting at which Directors retire or ought to retire by rotation shall appoint successors to them, and in default thereof such successors may be appointed at a subsequent General Meeting.

92. *Board may fill up vacancies.*—The Board shall have power at any time and from time to time before the First Ordinary General Meeting to supply any vacancies in their number arising from death, resignation, or otherwise.

93. *Duration of office of Director appointed to vacancy.*—Any casual vacancy occurring in the number of Directors subsequent to the First Ordinary General Meeting may be filled up by the Directors, but any person so chosen shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Director would have retained the same if no vacancy had occurred.

94. *To retire annually.*—At the Second Ordinary General Meeting and the Ordinary General Meeting in every subsequent year one of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office as provided in clause 95.

95. *Retiring Directors how determined.*—The Directors to retire from office at the Second, Third, Fourth, and Fifth General Meetings shall, unless the Directors otherwise arrange among themselves, be determined by ballot; in every subsequent year the Directors to retire shall be those who have been longest in office.

96. *Retiring Directors eligible for re-election.*—Retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.

97. *Decision of question as to retirement.*—In case any question shall arise as to which of the Directors who have been the same time in office shall retire, the same shall be decided by the Directors by ballot.

98. *Number of Directors how increased or reduced.*—The Directors, subject to the approval of a General Meeting, may from time to time, at any time subsequent to the Second Ordinary General Meeting, increase or reduce the number of Directors, and may also, subject to the like approval, determine in what rotation such increased or reduced number is to go out of office.

99. *If election not made, retiring Directors to continue until next meeting.*—If at any meeting at which an election of a Director ought to take place the place of a retiring Director is not filled up, the retiring Director may continue in office until the First Ordinary General Meeting in the next year, and so on from meeting to meeting until his place is filled up, unless it shall be determined at such meeting to reduce the number of Directors.

100. *Resignation of Directors.*—A Director may at any time give notice in writing of his intention to resign by delivering such notice to the Secretary, or by leaving the same at the office, or by tendering his written resignation at a meeting of the Directors, and on the acceptance of his resignation by the Directors, but not before his office shall become vacant.

101. *When office of Director to be vacated.*—The office of the Director shall be vacated—

- (a) If he accepts or holds any office or place of profit other than Managing Director, Superintendent, or Secretary under the Company.
- (b) If he becomes bankrupt or insolvent, suspends payment, files a petition for the liquidation of his affairs, or compounds with his creditors.
- (c) If by reason of mental or bodily infirmity he becomes incapable of acting.
- (d) If he ceases to hold the required number of shares to qualify him for the office.
- (e) If he is concerned or participates in the profits of any contract with, or work done for, the Company.

Exceptions.—But the above rule shall be subject to the following exceptions:—That no Director shall vacate his office by reason of his being a member of any corporation, company, or firm which has entered into any contract with, or done any work for, the Company of which he is a Director, or by his being agent, or secretary, or proctor, or by his being a member of a firm who are agents, or secretaries, or proctors of the Company; nevertheless, he shall not vote in respect of any contract work or business in which he may be personally interested.

102. *How Directors removed and successors appointed.*—The Company may, by a special resolution, remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and may, by an ordinary resolution, appoint another person in his stead. The Director so appointed shall hold office only during such time as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.

103. *Indemnity to Directors and others for their own acts and for the acts of others.*—Every Director or officer, and his heirs, executors, and administrators shall be indemnified by the Company from all losses and expenses incurred by him respectively in or about the discharge of his respective duties, except such as happen from his respective wilful acts or defaults; and no Director or officer, nor the heirs, executors, or administrators of any Director or officer, shall be liable for any other Director or officer, or for joining in any receipt or other acts of conformity, or for any loss or expense happening to the Company by the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired for or on behalf of the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested, or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency, or tortious act of any person with whom any moneys, securities, or effects shall be deposited, or for any other loss, damage, or misfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, unless the same otherwise happen through his own wilful act or default.

104. *No contribution to be required from Directors beyond amount, if any, unpaid on their shares.*—No contribution shall be required from any present or past Director or Manager exceeding the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares in respect of which he is liable as a present or past Shareholder.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS.

105. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors, either by themselves or through a Managing Director, or with the assistance of an agent or agents and secretary or secretaries of the Company, to be appointed by the Directors for such a period and on such terms as they shall determine, and the Directors may pay out of the funds of the Company all costs and expenses, as well preliminary as otherwise, paid or incurred in and about the formation and registration of the Company, and in connection with the placing of the shares of the Company, and in and about the valuation, purchase, lease, or acquisition of any lands, estates, or property, and the opening, clearing, planting, and cultivation thereof, and in or about the working and business of the Company.

106. The Directors shall have power to purchase, take on lease or in exchange, or otherwise acquire for the Company, any estate or estates, land or lands, property, rights, options or privileges which the Company is authorized to acquire at such price, and for such consideration, and upon such title, and generally on such terms and conditions as they may think fit; and to make and they may make such regulations for the management of the business and property of the Company as they may from time to time think proper; and for that purpose may appoint such managers, agents, secretaries,

treasurers, accountants, and other officers, visiting agents, inspectors, superintendents, clerks, artisans, labourers, and other servants for such period or periods, and with such remuneration, and at such salaries, and upon such terms and conditions as they may consider advisable, and may pay the expenses occasioned thereby out of the funds of the Company, and may from time to time remove or suspend all or any of the managers, agents, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, visiting agents, inspectors, superintendents, clerks, artisans, labourers, and other servants, for such reasons as they may think proper and advisable, and without assigning any cause.

107. The Directors shall have power to appoint a proctor or proctors, solicitor or solicitors, attorney or attorneys, to assist in carrying on or protecting the business of the Company, on such terms as they may consider proper, and from time to time to revoke such appointment.

108. The Directors shall have power to open on behalf of the Company any account or accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint, and also by such signatures as they may appoint, to draw, accept, make, endorse, sign, and execute cheques, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bills of lading, receipts, contracts, agreements, bonds, mortgages, proxies to any proctor or proctors, and other documents on behalf of and to further the interests of the Company.

109. It shall be lawful for the Directors, if authorized so to do by a special resolution of the Shareholders in General Meeting, to arrange terms for the amalgamation of the Company with any other company or companies, or individual or individuals, or for the sale or disposal of the business, estates, and effects of the Company or any part or parts, share or shares thereof, respectively, to any company or companies, or person or persons, upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit; and the Directors shall have power to do all such things as may be necessary for carrying such amalgamation, sale, or other disposition into effect so far as a resolution or a special resolution of the Company is not by law necessary for such purpose; and in case any terms so arranged by the Directors include or make necessary the dissolution of the Company, the Company shall be dissolved to that end.

110. The Directors shall carry on the business of the Company in such manner as they may think most expedient; and in addition to the powers and authorities by any Ordinance or by these presents expressly conferred on them, they may exercise all such powers, give all such consents, make all such arrangements, appoint all such agents, managers, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, clerks, assistants, artisans, and workers, and generally do all such acts and things as are or shall be by any Ordinance and by these presents directed and authorized to be exercised, given, made, or done by the Company, and are not by any Ordinance or by these presents required to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting, subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of any such Ordinance and of these presents and to such regulations and provisions (if any) as may from time to time be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting; but no regulation made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made. The generality of the powers conferred by any clause in these presents on the Directors shall not be taken to be limited by any clause conferring any special or expressed power.

111. In furtherance, and not in limitation of, and without prejudice to, the general powers conferred or implied in the last preceding clause, and of the other powers conferred by these presents, it is hereby expressly declared that the Directors shall have the powers following (that is to say):—

- (1) To institute, conduct, defend, compound, or abandon any action, suit, prosecution, or legal proceedings by and against the Company, or its officers, or otherwise concerning the affairs of the Company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due, and of any claims and demands by and against the Company.
- (2) To refer any claims or demands by or against the Company to arbitration, and observe and perform the awards.
- (3) To make and give receipts, releases, and other discharges for money payable to the Company and for claims and demands of the Company.
- (4) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents, with power to accept the office of trustee, assignee, liquidator, inspector, or any similar office.
- (5) To invest any of the moneys of the Company, which the Directors may consider not immediately required for the purposes thereof, upon such securities and in such manner as they may think fit, and so that they shall not be restricted to such securities as are permissible to trustees without special powers, and from time to time to vary or release such investments.
- (6) From time to time to provide for the management of the affairs of the Company abroad in such manner as they think fit, to establish any local boards or agencies for managing any of the affairs of the Company abroad, and to appoint any persons to be members of such local board, or any manager or agents, and to fix their remuneration.
- (7) From time to time and at any time to delegate to any one or more of the Directors of the Company for the time being, or any other person or Company for the time being, residing or carrying on business in Ceylon or elsewhere, all or any of the powers hereby made exercisable by the Directors, except those relating to shares and any others as to which special provisions inconsistent with such delegation are herein contained; and they shall have power to fix the remuneration of and at any time to remove such Director or other person or Company, and to annul or vary any such delegation. They shall not, however, be entitled to delegate any powers of borrowing or charging the property of the Company to any Agent of the Company or other person, except by instrument in writing, which shall specifically state the extent to which such powers may be used by the person or persons to whom they are so delegated, and compliance therewith shall be a condition precedent to the exercise of these powers.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

112. *Meeting of Directors.*—The Directors may meet for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings as they may think fit, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business; until otherwise determined, two Directors shall be a quorum.

113. *A Director may summon meetings of Directors.*—A Director may at any time summon a meeting of Directors.

114. *Who is to preside at meetings of Board.*—The Board may elect a Chairman of their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office, and all meetings of the Directors shall be presided over by the Chairman, if one has been elected and if present, but if there be a vacancy in the office of Chairman, or if at any meeting of Directors the Chairman be not present at the time appointed for holding the same, then, and in that case the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.

115. *Questions at meetings how decided.*—Any question which shall arise at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman thereof shall have a casting vote in addition to his vote as a Director.

116. *Board may appoint committees.*—The Board may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as the Board think fit, and they may from time to time revoke and discharge any such committee, either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee so formed shall, in exercise of the powers delegated to it, conform to all such regulations as may be prescribed by the Board. All acts done by any such committee, in conformity with such regulations and in the fulfilment of the purposes of their appointment, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.

117. *Acts of Board or committee valid notwithstanding informal appointment.*—The acts of the Board or of any committees appointed by the Board shall, notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board or Committee or defect in the appointment of any Director or of any member of the committee, be as valid as if no such vacancy or defect had existed and as if every person had been duly appointed, provided the same be done before the discovery of the defect.

118. *Regulation of proceedings of committees.*—The meetings and proceedings of such committees shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto, and are not superseded by the express terms of the appointment of such committee respectively, or any regulation imposed by the Board.

119. *Resolution in writing by all the Directors as valid as if passed at a meeting of Directors.*—A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted.

120. *Minutes of proceedings of the Company and the Directors to be recorded.*—The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in books to be provided for the purpose of the following matters, *videlicet*.—

- (a) Of all appointments of officers and committees made by the Directors.
- (b) Of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors and of the members of the committee appointed by the Board present at each meeting of the committee,
- (c) Of the resolutions and proceedings of all General Meetings.
- (d) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of the Directors and of the committees appointed by the Board.
- (e) Of all orders made by the Directors.

121. *Signature of minutes of proceedings and effect thereof.*—All such minutes shall be signed by the person or one of the persons who shall have presided as Chairman at the General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, at which the business minuted shall have been transacted, or by the person or one of the persons who shall preside as Chairman at the next ensuing General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively; and all minutes purporting to have been signed by any Chairman of any General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively, shall, for all purposes whatsoever, be *prima facie* evidence of the actual and regular passing of the resolutions, the actual and regular transaction or occurrence of the proceedings and other matters purporting to be so recorded, the regularity of the meeting at which the same shall appear to have taken place, the Chairmanship and signature of the person appearing to have signed as Chairman, and the date on which such meeting was held.

122. *The use of the seal.*—The seal of the Company shall not be used or affixed to any deed, certificate of shares, or other instrument except in the presence of two or more of the Directors, or of one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries, of the Company, who shall attest the sealing thereof; such attestation on the part of the Secretaries, in the event of a firm being the Secretaries, being signified by a partner or duly authorized manager, attorney, or agent of the said firm signing for and on behalf of the said firm as such Secretaries.

ACCOUNTS.

123. *What accounts to be kept.*—The Agent or Secretary or the Agents or Secretaries for the time being, or, if there be no Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries, the Directors shall cause true accounts to be kept of the paid up capital for the time being of the Company, and of all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and of the matters in respect of which such receipt and expenditure take place, and of the assets, credits, and liabilities of the Company, and generally of all its commercial, financial, and other affairs, transactions, and engagements, and of all other matters necessary for showing the true financial state and condition of the Company; and the accounts shall be kept in such books and in such a manner at the registered office of the Company as the Directors think fit.

124. *Accounts how and when open to inspection.*—The Directors shall from time to time determine whether, and to what extent, and at what times and places, and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the Company or of any of them shall be open to the inspection of the Shareholders, and no Shareholder shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company, except as conferred by statute or authorized by the Directors or by a resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

125. *Statement of account and balance sheet to be furnished to General Meeting.*—At the Ordinary General Meeting in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company a statement of the profit and loss account for the preceding financial year, and a balance sheet containing a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company, made up to the end of the same period.

126. *Report to accompany statement.*—Every such statement shall be accompanied by a report as to the state and condition of the Company and as to the amount which they recommend to be paid out of the profits by way of dividend or bonus to the Shareholders, and the statement, report, and balance sheet shall be signed by the Directors.

127. *Copy of balance sheet to be sent to shareholders.*—A printed copy of such balance sheet shall, at least seven days previous to such meeting, be delivered at, or posted to, the registered address of every Shareholder.

DIVIDENDS, BONUS, AND RESERVE FUND.

128. *Declaration of dividend.*—The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, from time to time declare a dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders in proportion to the amount paid on their shares, but no dividend or bonus shall be payable except out of nett profits.

129. *Interim dividend.*—The Directors may also, if they think fit, from time to time and at any time, without the sanction of a General Meeting, determine on and declare an interim dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders on account and in anticipation of the dividend on the then current year.

130. *Reserve Fund.*—Previously to the Directors recommending any dividend they may set aside, out of the profits of the Company, such a sum as they think proper as a reserve fund, and shall invest the same in such securities as they shall think fit, or place the same in fixed deposit in any bank or banks.

131. *Application thereof.*—The Directors may from time to time apply such portions as they think fit of the reserve fund to meet contingencies, or for equalizing dividends, working the business of the Company, or repairing, maintaining, or extending the buildings and premises of the Company, or for the repair, renewal, or extension of the property or plant connected with the business of the Company or any part thereof, or for any other purpose of the Company which they may from time to time deem expedient.

132. *Unpaid interest or dividend not to bear interest.*—No unpaid interest or dividend or bonus shall ever bear interest against the Company.

133. *No shareholder to receive dividend while debt due to Company.*—No Shareholder shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividend or bonus in respect of his share or shares whilst any moneys may be due or owing from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company in respect of such share or shares or otherwise howsoever.

134. *Directors may deduct debt from the dividends.*—The Directors may deduct from the dividend or bonus payable to any Shareholder all sums of money due from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company, and notwithstanding such sums shall not be payable until after the date when such dividend is payable.

135. *Notice of dividend; forfeiture of unclaimed dividend.*—Notice of all interest or dividends or bonuses to become payable shall be given to each Shareholder entitled thereto; and all interest or dividend or bonuses unclaimed by any Shareholder for three years after notice thereof is given may be forfeited by a resolution of the Board of Directors for the benefit of the Company, and, if the Directors think fit, may be applied in augmentation of the reserve fund.

136. *Shares held by a firm.*—Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any partner of such firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm.

137. *Joint-holders other than a firm.*—Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by several persons jointly, other than a firm, may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any one of such persons.

AUDIT.

138. *Accounts to be audited.*—The accounts of the Company shall from time to time be examined, and the correctness of the balance sheet ascertained by one or more Auditor or Auditors.

139. *Qualification of Auditors.*—No person shall be eligible as an Auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Shareholder in any transaction of the Company, but it shall not be a necessary qualification for an Auditor that he be a Shareholder of the Company, and no Director or officer of the Company shall, during his continuance in office, be eligible as an Auditor.

140. *Appointment and retirement of Auditors.*—The Directors shall appoint the first Auditor or Auditors of the Company and fix his or their remuneration; and all future Auditors, except as is hereinafter mentioned, shall be appointed at the First Ordinary General Meeting of the Company in each year by the Shareholders present thereat, and shall hold their office only until the First Ordinary General Meeting after their respective appointments, or until otherwise ordered by a General Meeting.

141. *Retiring Auditors eligible for re-election.*—Retiring Auditors shall be eligible for re-election.

142. *Remuneration of Auditors.*—The remuneration of the Auditors other than the first shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting, and this remuneration may from time to time be varied by a General Meeting.

143. *Casual vacancy in number of Auditors how filled up.*—If any vacancy that may occur in the office of Auditor shall not be supplied at any Ordinary General Meeting, or if any casual vacancy shall occur, the Director shall (subject to the approval of the next Ordinary General Meeting) fill up the vacancy by the appointment of a person who shall hold the office until such Meeting.

144. *Duty of Auditor.*—Every Auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet intended to be laid before the next Ordinary General Meeting, and it shall be his duty to examine the same with the accounts and vouchers relating thereto, and to report thereon to the meeting, generally or specially, as he may think fit.

145. *Company's accounts to be open to Auditors for audit.*—All accounts, books, and documents whatsoever of the Company shall at all times be open to the Auditors for the purpose of audit.

NOTICES.

146. *Notices how authenticated.*—Notices from the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed or written) of the Agent or Secretary, Agents or Secretaries, or other persons appointed by the Board to do so.

147. *Shareholders to register address.*—Every Shareholder shall give an address in Ceylon, which shall be deemed to be his place of abode, and shall be registered as such in the books of the Company.

Service of notices.—A notice may be served by the Company upon any Shareholder, either personally or by sending through the post in a prepaid letter, addressed to such Shareholder at his registered address or place of abode; and any notice so served shall be deemed to be well served for all purposes, notwithstanding that the Shareholder to whom such notice is addressed be dead, unless his executors or administrators shall have given to the Directors, or to the Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries of the Company, their own or some other address in Ceylon.

148. *Notice to joint-holders of shares other than a firm.*—All notices directed to be given to Shareholders shall, with respect to any share to which persons, other than a firm, are jointly entitled, be sufficient if given to any one of such persons, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares.

149. *Date and proof of service.*—Any notice if served by post shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the letter containing the same would in ordinary course of post have been delivered at its address, and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and put into a post box or posted at a post office, and the entry in the Company's books of the leaving or sending by post of any notice at or to such address shall be sufficient evidence thereof, and no further evidence shall be necessary.

150. *Non-resident Shareholders must register addresses in Ceylon.*—Every Shareholder residing out of Ceylon shall name and register in the books of the Company an address within Ceylon at which all notices shall be served upon him, and all notices served at such address shall be deemed to be well served; if he shall not have named and registered such an address, he shall not be entitled to any notices.

All notices required to be given by advertisement shall be published in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*.

ARBITRATION.

151. *Directors may refer disputes to arbitration.*—Whenever any question or other matter whatsoever arises in dispute between the Company and any other company or person, the same may be referred by the Directors to arbitration.

EVIDENCE.

152. *Evidence in action by Company against Shareholders.*—On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought or instituted by the Company against any Shareholder or his representatives to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is or was, when the claim arose, on the Register of Shareholders of the Company as a holder of the number of shares in respect of which such claim is made, and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company; and it shall not be necessary to prove the registration of the Company, nor the appointment of the Directors who made any call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made, nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

PROVISION RELATIVE TO WINDING UP OR DISSOLUTION OF THE COMPANY.

153. *Purchase of Company's property by Shareholders.*—Any Shareholder, whether a Director or not, or whether alone or jointly with any other Shareholder or Director, and any person not a Shareholder, may become the purchaser of the property of the Company or any part thereof, in the event of a winding up or a dissolution, or at any other time when a sale of the Company's property or effects or any part thereof shall be made by the Directors under the powers hereby or under the Ordinance conferred upon them.

154. *Distribution.*—If the Company shall be wound up, and there shall be any surplus assets after payment of all debts and satisfaction of all liabilities of the Company, such surplus assets shall be applied, first, in repaying to the holders of the preference shares (if any) the amounts paid up or reckoned as paid up thereon, and the balance in repaying to the

holders of the ordinary shares the amounts paid up or reckoned as paid up on such ordinary shares. If there shall remain any surplus assets after repayment of the whole of the paid up capital, such surplus assets shall be divided among the members in proportion to the capital paid up, or reckoned as paid up, on the shares which are held by them respectively at the commencement of the winding up.

155. *Payment in specie, and vesting in trustees.*—If the Company shall be wound up, the liquidator, whether voluntary or official, may, with the sanction of an extraordinary resolution, divide among the contributors in specie any part of the assets of the Company, and may, with their sanction, vest any part of the assets of the Company in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributors as the liquidator, with like sanction, shall think fit.

In witness whereof the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereto set and subscribed their names at the places and on the dates specified below:—

(1) A. HOPFENGÄRTNER.

Signed, at Colombo, this 27th day of October, 1911:

W. A. S. DE VOS,

Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo.

(2) A. W. WINTER.

(3) EDWARD D. BOWMAN.

(4) WILLIAM ELPHINSTONE UNDERWOOD.

(5) ETHEL HARRIETT SHORTLAND.

(6) PERCY GIBSON DESLANDES WINTER.

(By their attorney EDWARD D. BOWMAN.)

Signed, at Baddegama, this 30th day of October, 1911.

Witness to above signatures:

D. E. PERERA.

(7) E. M. LEY.

Signed, at Colombo, this 3rd day of November, 1911:

Witness to above signature:

D. RANKEN.

[First Publication.]

~~The Weyganga Rubber Company, Limited (in Liquidation).~~

NOTICE is hereby given that the Final General Meeting of Shareholders of the above-named Company, which was called for Tuesday, December 19, 1911, has been postponed to Tuesday, January 23, 1912, at 11 A.M., when the following resolutions will be proposed:—

“That the report of the liquidator and the accounts of the liquidation, as printed and circulated, be adopted.

“That, in the opinion of this meeting, the affairs of the Company are fairly wound up.”

H. P. CHURCH,
Liquidator.

Colombo, December 13, 1911.

~~The Lunigala Tea and Rubber Company of Ceylon, Limited.~~

THE Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at their registered office, No. 6, Prince street, Fort, Colombo, on Friday, December 22, 1911, at 3 P.M.

Business.

To receive the Director's report and accounts for the season ending September 30, 1911.

To declare a dividend.

To elect a Director.

To appoint an Auditor for season 1911-1912, and transact any other business that may be duly brought before the Meeting.

The transfer books of the Company will be closed from December 13 to 22, 1911, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,
J. M. ROBERTSON & Co.,
Agents and Secretaries.

~~The Pambagolla Planters, Limited.~~

NOTICE is hereby given that the Second Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the office of Messrs. Julius & Creasy, Colombo, on Saturday, December 23, 1912, at 12 noon.

Business.

1. To receive the report of the Directors and the statement of accounts for the year ended June 30, 1911.
2. To elect Directors and to appoint an Auditor.
3. To transact any other business that may be duly brought before the Meeting.

By order of the Directors,
per pro BOUSTEAD BROS.,
F. STEPHENS,
Agents and Secretaries.

Walker and Greig, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the First Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of the above-named Company will be held at the registered office, Glencairn, Dikoya, on Saturday, December 23, 1911, at 2 o'clock, for the following purposes, viz.:—

- (a) To receive the Director's report and the accounts of the Company made up as at May 31, 1911.
- (b) To declare a dividend.
- (c) To appoint Auditors for the ensuing year.
- (d) To transact any other business that may be duly brought before the Meeting.

By order of the Board,
S. G. BASTIANPILLAI,
Dikoya, December 9, 1911. Secretary.

Walker and Greig, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of the above-named Company will be held at the registered office, Glencairn, Dikoya, on Saturday, December 23, 1911, at 2.30 P.M., for the purpose of considering, and, if thought fit, of passing the following resolution, viz.:—

“That the Directors be authorized to issue to the existing creditors of the Company debentures amounting to a total of Rs. 200,000, bearing interest at 6 per cent., and secured by a mortgage over the whole of the Company's movable and immovable property.”

By order of the Board,
S. G. BASTIANPILLAI,
Dikoya, December 12, 1911. Secretary.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Statutory Jurisdiction. In the Matter of the Last Will and Testament of Charles Lucius Glennie, late of Haldamulla, deceased. No. 4,829.

NOTICE is hereby given that a sum of Rs. 2,724.12 is available for distribution among the creditors of the estate of the late Mr. Charles Lucius Glennie (less costs of advertisements, &c.), and all creditors must prove their claims on or before March 14, 1912, in the District Court of Colombo. In default of any claims being made, the sum of Rs. 2,724.12 will be paid-out to the heirs of the said Charles Lucius Glennie.

By order of court,

D. M. JANSZ,
Secretary.

Colombo, December 7, 1911.

NOTICE is hereby given that the power of attorney bearing No. 3, dated October 26, 1910, attested by C. de Fonseka, Notary Public, granted by me in favour of Raman Chetty and of Nayna Nagalingampulle, generally known as Wayna Nagalingampulle, has been cancelled as from February 14, 1911, and I have discontinued the services of the said Nagalingampulle.

பெ. சி. க. ச. கு. நல்லகரப்பன் செட்டி,
P. R. N. K. R. NALLACARUPPAN CHETTY.

69, Sea Street, Colombo,
December 6, 1911.

UNDER and by virtue of the decree entered in case No. 32,705 of the District Court of Colombo, I am directed by the said court to put up for sale by public auction on Thursday, December 28, 1911, at the respective spots, commencing at 2 P.M., the following properties declared bound and executable under the said decree for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 3,710 and interest and costs of suit and ordered to be sold by me, to wit:—

1. All that defined portion of the garden called Rawatawatta and the trees and buildings standing thereon, situated at Rawatawatta in Moratuwa; in extent 26 64/100 square perches.
2. All that southern half part of the garden called Rawatawatta, with the trees standing thereon, situated at Rawatawatta aforesaid; in extent 28 1/2 of a perch.
3. All that defined portion of the garden called Rawatawatta, with the trees standing thereon, situated at Rawatawatta aforesaid; in extent 24 square perches.
4. All that defined portion being 2/3 of the garden called Indikadullewatta, with the trees standing thereon, situated at Rawatawatta aforesaid; in extent 10 55/100 square perches.
5. All that part of the garden called Rawatawatta, with the trees standing thereon, situated at Rawatawatta aforesaid; in extent 28 perches.

M. PERIS,
Auctioneer.

No. 86, Dam street.

UPON instructions from J. H. E. Ameresekere, Esq., the administrator of the estate of the late J. C. Amarasekere Mudakhyar, I will put up for public auction at 2 P.M. on Saturday, December 16, 1911, at the Gansabhawa bungalow at Kakkapallia, the following allotments of land:—

1. All that allotment of land called Kakkapalliwatta lot No. 79,293, on which the Gansabhawa bungalow stands, at Kakkapallia, about 3 miles from Chilaw, in extent about 10 acres and 12 perches, of which 8 acres are fully planted with coconut trees now in bearing, having the high road to Chilaw as the eastern, and the lake as the western, boundaries; an excellent land for a fibre mill.
2. The half share of the garden called Kadalkarawila, with all the plantations thereon, situate at Talawila; containing in extent 4 acres 3 roods and 23 perches, and described in title plan 203,307.
3. The half share of the garden adjoining land No. 2, also called Kadalkaravile, with all the plantations thereon, situate at Talawila; containing in extent 5 acres and 8 perches described in title plan 203,308.

For further particulars apply to J. H. E. Ameresekere, Esq., Nathandia Walawwa; Nathandia, or C. V. M. Panditsekere, Esq., Proctor, Chilaw, or to the undersigned.

Maravela Estate, Chilaw.

R. C. SENEWRATNE

SIX weeks hence I, Samuel Susew Weerasuriya, Proctor of the District Court of Galle, shall apply to the Hon. the Chief Justice and other Justices of the Supreme Court of the Island of Ceylon to be admitted and enrolled a Proctor of the said Court.

SAM. S. WEERASURIYA.

Holy Trinity Church, Colombo.

NOTICE is hereby given, in pursuance of section 10 of Ordinance No. 12 of 1846, that a Meeting of the Seatholders of the Church of Holy Trinity, Colombo, will be held in the vestry of the said Church on Sunday, December 31, 1911, at 6 P.M., to appoint Trustees for the year 1912.

A. MACLULICH MACLULICH,
Colombo, December 9, 1911. Vicar.

Christ Church, Tangalla.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Meeting of the Congregation of Christ Church, Tangalla, will be held at the vestry on Sunday, December 31, 1911, at 7 P.M., to elect three Trustees for the said Church for the year 1912.

EUGENE G. AUWARDT,
Honorary Secretary of Trustees.

All Saints', Hulftsdorp.

A Meeting of the Seatholders of All Saints', Hulftsdorp, Colombo, will be held in the vestry of the church on Sunday, the 24th instant, at 5.15 P.M., in accordance with the provisions of section 10 of Ordinance No. 12 of 1846, for the purpose of electing three Trustees for the year 1912.

53, Silversmith street, H. B. GOONATILAKA,
Colombo, December 6, 1911. Vicar.

Holy Trinity Church, Nuwara Eliya.

NOTICE is hereby given that a General Meeting of the Seatholders of Holy Trinity Church, Nuwara Eliya, will be held at the vestry on Sunday, December 24, 1911, at 12 noon, for the election of new Trustees for the year commencing on January 1, 1912.

The Vicarage, E. V. FREEMAN,
Nuwara Eliya, December 2, 1911. Vicar of Holy Trinity.

St. John the Baptist Church, Kegalla.

A Meeting of the Seatholders of St. John the Baptist Church, Kegalla, will be held on Saturday, December 23, 1911, at 8 A.M., at the vestry of the church, to elect three Trustees for the year 1912 under the provisions of the Ordinance No. 12 of 1846.

Kegalla, WALTER O. HERAT,
November 29, 1911. Honorary Secretary of Trustees.

Christ Church, Matale.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Meeting of the Congregation of Christ Church, Matale, will (D.V.) be held at the vestry on Saturday, December 16, 1911, at 5 P.M., to elect three Trustees for the said Church for the year 1912.

Matale, December 1, 1911. A. S. AMARASEKARA,
Incumbent.

St. Clement's Church, Puttalam.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Meeting of the Congregation of St. Clement's Church, Puttalam, will be held in the porch of the church on Wednesday, December 27, 1911, at 10 o'clock in the morning, for the purpose of electing Trustees for the said church for the year 1912.

J. W. P. SENATHI RAJA,
LEOPOLD P. STORK, Trustees.
Puttalam, November 23, 1911.

St. James' Church, Chilaw.

NOTICE is hereby given that, in pursuance of clause of Ordinance No. 12 of 1846, a Meeting of the Congregation of St. James' Church, Chilaw, will be held in the vestry on Sunday, December 17, 1911, at 6.15 P.M., for the purpose of electing Trustees for the ensuing year.

St. James' Parsonage, ABUL R. VIRASINGHE,
Chilaw, November 28, 1911. Incumbent.

LOCAL BOARD NOTICES.

IT is hereby notified that the Local Board of Health and Improvement, Negombo, in terms of section 30 of Ordinance No. 13 of 1898, as amended by section 2 (2) of Ordinance No. 13 of 1905, has made and assessed for the year 1912 a rate of 5 per cent. on the annual value of all houses and buildings of any description, and of all lands and tenements whatsoever, within the limits of the Local Board of Negombo, subject to the provisions of the aforesaid section.

Local Board Office,
Negombo, November 27, 1911.

JOHN SCOTT,
Chairman.

Properties referred to.

Kotmale road, Nos. 31, 32, 38, 43, 47, 49, 53, 55, 112, 113 and 114, 115 and 116, 130, 131, 131a, 140; Ambagomuwa road, Nos. 14, 15, 20, 21, 22, 26, 30, 37, 54, 57, 58, 82, 110, 111, 113, 119, 122, 146, 149, 153; Gampola road, Nos. 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 29, 30, 33, 38, 39, 89; Market road, Nos. 1, 6; Dolosbage road, Nos. 10a, 13, 31, 32, 34, 35, 43, 57, 65, 66, 67, 68a, 68b, 69, 70, 70a, 77, 78, 79, 80, 82, 91, 92, 100; Hill road, Nos. 6, 8, 27; Bailey road, Nos. 1, 3, 5, 6, 17, 18, 19; Penitudumulla, Nos. 1, 4, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 25, 26, 27, 31, 33, 34, 37, 40, 41, 43.

IT is hereby notified that the following gentlemen have been elected Unofficial Members of the Local Board of Matale for the years 1912 and 1913, viz. :—

Mr. Daniel Joseph, J.P.
Mr. F. A. Prins, U.P.M.
Mr. J. Tillekeratna, Registered Medical Practitioner.

Kandy Kachcheri,
December 11, 1911.

C. S. VAUGHAN,
Chairman.

NOTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned properties at Nawalapitiya having been seized for default in payment of Police, Local Board, and Water-rates, Nawalapitiya for the first quarter, 1911, will be sold by public auction on December 29, 1911, on the spot at Nawalapitiya, at 8 A.M., in conformity with the Local Board Ordinance, No. 19 of 1905, unless in the meantime the amount owing in respect of the rates, together with lawful costs of seizure and sale, are duly paid. Further particulars can be obtained at the Local Board Office at Nawalapitiya.

Kandy Kachcheri,
December 8, 1911.

C. S. VAUGHAN,
Government Agent.

Properties referred to.

Kotmale road, Nos. 31, 40, 43, 55, 97, 112, 113 and 114, 115 and 116, 128, 136, 137a, 140, 145, 147; Ambagomuwa road, Nos. 54, 57, 58, 73, 80, 123, 124, 126, 149; Gampola road, Nos. 2, 28 (movable property only), 29 (movables or materials of house), 30, 84; Market road, No. 2; Dolosbage road, Nos. 6, 7, 8, 10, 10a, 14, 15, 34, 35, 37, 41, 42, 61, 65, 66, 68a, 69, 80; Hill road, Nos. 2, 5a, 6, 9, 14, 16, 20, 27; Bailey road, Nos. 3, 6, 19; Penitudumulla, Nos. 1, 4, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 25, 27, 36, 37, 41, 42.

NOTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned properties at Nawalapitiya having been seized for default in payment of Police, Local Board, and Water-rates for the second quarter, 1911, will be sold by public auction on December 30, 1911, at the spot at Nawalapitiya, at 8 A.M., in conformity with the Local Board Ordinance, No. 19 of 1905, unless in the meantime the amount owing in respect of the rates, together with the lawful costs of seizure and sale, are duly paid. Further particulars can be obtained at the Local Board Office at Nawalapitiya.

Kandy Kachcheri,
December 8, 1911.

C. S. VAUGHAN,
Government Agent.

IT is hereby notified that the Local Board of Health and Improvement of the town of Chilaw has, in terms of section 30 of the Local Board of Health and Improvement Ordinance, No. 13 of 1898, as amended by section 2 (2) of Ordinance No. 13 of 1905, made and assessed for the year 1912 a rate of 5 per centum on the annual value of all houses and buildings of every description, and of all lands and tenements whatsoever, within the limits of the Local Board of Chilaw, subject to the provisions of the aforesaid section.

Local Board Office,
Chilaw, December 5, 1911.

T. LOFTUS,
Chairman.

NOTICE is hereby given to persons residing within the limits of the Local Board of Chilaw that the Board, acting under the provisions of section 36 of "The Local Boards Ordinances, 1898, 1901, and 1905," has resolved that an annual tax be imposed for the year 1912 on all carriages, carts, hackeries, horses, ponies, mules, and asses kept or used within the town for which such Board is constituted, at the rates specified in the schedule hereto annexed.

SCHEDULE.

	Rs. c.
For every carriage	5 0
For every cart or hackery	2 0
For every horse, pony, or mule or ass	2 50
For every jinricksha	2 50

Local Board Office,
Chilaw, December 5, 1911.

T. LOFTUS,
Chairman.

NOTICE is hereby given that the rents and profits, timber and produce, the materials of houses, and the under-mentioned properties themselves seized for arrears of Police, Local Board, and Water-rate, Badulla, for the 3rd quarter, 1911, will be sold by public auction at the Badulla Kachcheri on December 20, 1911, at 1.30 P.M., unless in the meantime the taxes and costs are paid.

Badulla Kachcheri,
December 4, 1911.

H. E. NEWNHAM,
for Government Agent.

No. of Property.	Name of Owner.	Property seized.	Amount. Rs. c.
76 and 542	D. Cramer	One small teakwood table	2 0
101	Heirs of Amina Umma	One mango tree standing on the property	0 75
374	C. S. Ibrahim	Siyambalagaharawewatta	0 50
669	Sheikali	Boralugastennewatta	0 75
692	Estate of O. D. Perera	One bentwood chair	1 51
1071	Estate of B. K. Ganeti	Building lot	0 50
1150	A. Banda	Dehikotuwa	0 50
1328	Proprietor, Elmshurst estate	Galpottakumbura	0 50
1538 and 1583	Estate of O. D. Perera	Edandearawa, No. 1,538	1 6
1580	U. D. M. Appuhamy	Uda-otalawa	0 50
1582	W. Loku Menika	do.	0 50

Total Quantities of the Principal Products of the Island exported in Vessels, whose completed Manifests have been checked, during December 4 to December 9, 1911.

Steamship.	Date of Clearing.	For what Port.	Black Tea.		Green Tea.		Rubber.	Cacao.	Cardamoms.			Coffee.			Cinnamon Quills.	Cinnamon Chips.	Produce of Coconut Palm.				Plumbago.	Cair.		Citronella Oil.	Cinnamon Oil.	Cinchona.	Gingelly Ponnac.	Ebony.	Orchilla.	Kital Fibre.	Deer Horns.			
			lb.	lb.	lb.	lb.			lb.	lb.	lb.	lb.	lb.	Plantation.			Native.	Total.	Coconut Oil.	Copra.		Desiccated Coconuts.	Ponnac.									No.	cwt.	cwt.
COLOMBO.	1911																																	
Aymeric	14-10	New York	34337	13510	96085																													
Derbyshire	24-10	Liverpool	832126	41993	41993																													
Delhi	28-10	London	30148		14852				1368																									
Dupleix	26-10	Calcutta																																
Gneisenau	16-10	Hamburg	32204		11523				1674																									
Hitachi Maru	13-10	Japan	1024		1722			7																										
India	18-10	Australia	334057		4635																													
Knowsly Hall I.	19-10	London	437226		9551																													
Lady McCallum	25-10	Paumban																																
Maissen	18-10	Hamburg			2240																													
Nile	24-10	London	206394		10319																													
Palawan	20-10	China	53150		2970																													

Importation of Rice from Indian and other Ports during the Week.

TO COLOMBO		TO GALLE.—From South India	
From Bombay	Bags. 226	From Singapore	Bags. 3,407
Calcutta	8,561	Tuticorin	7,634
Rangoon	956		
		Total	20,784

H. M. Customs,
Colombo, December 12, 1911.

F. G. TYRELL,
for Principal Collector.

Ceylon Government Railway.—Comparative Statement of Traffic for the Month ended July 31, 1911.

Receipts from	Month ended July 31, 1910.			Month ended July 31, 1911.			Increase. 1911 over 1910.		Decrease. 1911 below 1910.			
	No.	Rs.	c.	No.	Rs.	c.	No.	Rs.	c.	No.	Rs.	c.
Passengers, Ordinary and Special	766,895	398,130	85	813,702	404,589	36	46,807	6,458	51	—	—	—
Coolies	19,545	21,007	60	5,167	3,804	29	—	—	—	14,378	17,203	31
Season Tickets	5,069	16,385	45	5,925	11,749	15	856	—	—	—	4,636	30
Parcels and Mails	65,335	29,925	52	69,385	32,889	69	4,050	2,964	17	—	—	—
Horses, Carriages, and other Coaching Traffic	3,264	5,578	68	3,491	5,099	20	227	—	—	—	479	48
Goods (tons)	73,311	630,456	73	70,298	623,750	76	—	—	—	3,013	6,705	97
Live Stock	3,200	2,281	0	4,082	3,466	28	882	1,185	28	—	—	—
Miscellaneous	—	17,969	15	—	18,152	27	—	183	12	—	—	—
Motor Service	—	—	—	—	532	0	—	532	0	—	—	—
Total for the Month	—	1,121,734	98	—	1,104,033	0	—	—	—	—	17,701	98
Brought forward from previous return	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total from July 1 to 31	—	1,121,734	98	—	1,104,033	0	—	—	—	—	17,701	98
Corresponding period of previous year	—	1,005,255	37	—	1,121,734	98	—	—	—	—	—	—
Increase	—	116,479	61	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Decrease	—	—	—	—	17,701	98	—	—	—	—	—	—
Traffic Train Mileage, July 1 to 31	193,987	—	—	194,703	—	—	716	—	—	—	—	—
Corresponding period of previous year	188,581	—	—	193,987	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Increase	5,406	—	—	716	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Decrease	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Particulars of Goods conveyed.	Month ended July 31, 1910.	Month ended July 31, 1911.	Increase in 1911.	Decrease in 1911.	Nett Increase or Decrease.	
					Increase in 1911.	Decrease in 1911.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
First Class Goods	66	80	14	—	—	—
Kerosine oil, 2nd class	250	236	—	14	—	—
Other, 2nd class	1,636	1,201	—	435	—	—
Rice, 3rd class	13,106	13,142	36	—	—	—
Arrack, 3rd class	387	452	65	—	—	—
Salt, 3rd class	95	75	—	20	—	—
Other, 3rd class	8,156	11,281	3,125	—	—	—
Rubber, 3rd class	109	230	121	—	—	—
Coffee, 4th class	11	—	—	11	—	—
Cacao, 4th class	129	71	—	58	—	—
Coconut produce, 4th class	3,994	4,478	484	—	—	—
Poonac, 4th class	690	569	—	121	—	—
Tea, 4th class	8,298	8,044	—	254	—	—
Timber, all classes	686	606	—	80	—	—
Other, 4th class	2,580	2,197	—	383	—	—
Cigars	53	42	—	11	—	—
Other, 5th class	1,495	1,060	—	435	—	—
Tea packing, 3rd and 6th classes	1,411	1,508	97	—	—	—
Manure, 3rd and 6th classes	6,102	7,082	980	—	—	—
Plumbago, 3rd and 6th classes	1,547	1,228	—	319	—	—
Other, 6th class	3,343	3,628	285	—	—	—
Copra, 6th class	141	134	—	7	—	—
Breakwater material	7,170	1,656	—	5,514	—	—
Railway material for extension	10,642	9,837	—	775	—	—
Railway material for existing line	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bulk petroleum	530	580	50	—	—	—
Liquid fuel	598	800	208	—	—	—
Free goods	36	45	9	—	—	—
	73,311	70,298	5,474	8,487	—	—

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL NOTICES.

IT is hereby notified that the following gentlemen have been elected, under the provisions of Ordinance No. 6 of 1910, as Councillors for the Wards of the Kandy Municipality against which their names appear for the three years commencing January 1, 1912:—

Ward No. 1 : Mr. E. Beven.
Ward No. 2 : Mr. L. H. S. Pieris.
Ward No. 3 : Mr. R. W. Jonklaas.

Ward No. 4 : Mr. D. E. Woerasooriya.
Ward No. 5 : Mr. E. L. Wijagoonewardene.

Municipal Office,
Kandy, December 12, 1911.

C. S. VAUGHAN,
Chairman.

ROAD COMMITTEE NOTICES.

Ulapane-Riverside Branch Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that in terms of the Branch Roads Ordinance, No. 14 of 1896, a meeting of the Local Committee for the above-mentioned road will be held at Mahavilla bungalow, on Wednesday, December 20, 1911, at 2 P.M., to consider and report to the Provincial Road Committee with regard to—

- (1) The names of the estates which use the road (with their acreages);
- (2) The sections used by these estates;
- (3) The names of the proprietors, resident managers, or superintendents, and of the agents of each of these estates—

for an assessment on the private contribution of Rs. 1,193.82 on the maintenance estimate for the year ending June 30, 1912, and to transact such other business as may come before it.

Mahavilla, Ulapane, R. G. R. BADCOCK,
November 29, 1911. Chairman, Local Committee.

Vellaloya-Shannon Estate Cart Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that in terms of the Estate Roads Ordinance, No. 12 of 1902, the following gentlemen have been elected to form the Local Committee to perform the duties imposed by the said Ordinance in respect of the Vellaloya-Shannon Estate Cart road for the term ending October 26, 1913:—

Messrs. A. Vanremen (Chairman), W. C. Lloyd, and R. T. Thornton.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, C. S. VAUGHAN,
Kandy, December 5, 1911. Chairman.

Vellai-oya-Shannon Estate Cart Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for maintenance of the above road for the year ending June 30, 1912, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of the Estate Roads Ordinance, No. 12 of 1902, will on Saturday, December 9, 1901, at 11.30 A.M., at their office in Kandy, proceed to assess the under-mentioned estates to make up the private contribution:—

Government moiety .. Rs. 365
Private contribution .. Rs. 365

1st to 4th section, 1.66 miles.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.
Eastern Produce & Estate Co., Ltd. (A. Vannernen) ..	Vellai Oya ..	1,881
Mrs. C. Shipton (W. C. Lloyd) ..	Agra Oya ..	438

And at the same time and place the Committee will take evidence, if necessary, and receive and consider objections and suggestions.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, C. S. VAUGHAN,
Kandy, November 29, 1911. Chairman.

Deniyaya-Hayes Factory Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for the maintenance of the under-mentioned road from July 1, 1911, to June 30, 1912, the Provincial Road Committee of the Southern Province, acting under the provisions of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, 1896," have assessed the proportion due by each estate in the district interested in the upkeep of the said road, as follows:—

DENIYAYA TO HAYES FACTORY ROAD.

(Estimate No. 291 of 1911-1912.)

Government moiety .. Rs. 3,600
Private contributions .. Rs. 3,654

1st section.

Total acreage, 5,205 $\frac{1}{2}$ —Moiety of cost, Rs. 332.18—
Sectional rate, 6.3807c.—Total rate, 6.3807c.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs.	c.
D. M. Rajapaksa ..	Deniyaya ..	275 ..	17	54

1st and 2nd sections.

Total acreage, 4,930 $\frac{1}{2}$ —Moiety of cost, Rs. 332.18—
Sectional rate, 6.7365c.—Total rate, 13.1172c.

W. Silva and others ..	Kekunahena ..	80 ..	10	50
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1st to 4th sections.

Total acreage, 4,850 $\frac{1}{2}$ —Moiety of cost, Rs. 664.36—
Sectional rate, 13.6953c.—Total rate, 26.8125c.

George Stuart & Co.	Handford ..	754 ..	202	16
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1st to 6th sections.

Total acreage, 4,096 $\frac{1}{2}$ —Moiety of cost, Rs. 664.36—
Sectional rate, 16.2157c.—Total rate, 43.0282c.

E. C. Anderson ..	Anningkanda ..	775 ..	333	46
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1st to 8th sections.

Total acreage, 3,321 $\frac{1}{2}$ —Moiety of cost, Rs. 664.36—
Sectional rate, 19.9987c.—Total rate, 63.0269c.

Lipton Limited ..	Panilkanda ..	852 ..	537	0
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1st to 11th sections.

Total acreage, 2,469 $\frac{1}{2}$ —Moiety of cost, Rs. 996.56—
Sectional rate, 40.3465c.—Total rate, 103.3734c.

Whittall & Co. ..	Hayes ..	1,638 $\frac{1}{2}$..	1,694	30
Do. ..	Gongalla ..	574 ..	593	38
Do. (lessees) ..	Longford ..	257 ..	265	66

3,654 0

Which sums the proprietors, managers, or agents of the several estates are hereby required to pay into the Colonial Treasury, Colombo, on or before January 15, 1912.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, W. T. STACE,
Galle, December 8, 1911. Secretary.

NOTIFICATIONS UNDER "THE PATENTS ORDINANCE, 1906."

THE following Specifications have been accepted:—

No. 1,192 of April 21, 1911.

Arthur Reginald Angus.—"Improvements in or relating to railway safe running devices."

Abstract.—The object of this invention is to protect railway trains on the same track against mutual collision.

This invention depends on electrical and mechanical devices intended to give visual and audible warning to the persons in charge of a train that a section of a line being approached is or is not clear; and to stop the train if those warnings are disregarded when that section is entered on, if it is still not clear. A miniature semaphore signal on the locomotive is the visual warning and a steam whistle is the audible warning. The inventor arranges a separately excited circuit, with ramp contacts on or near the railway track near the beginning and end of a section, and shoes on the train to make contact with those ramps. The train is provided with a generator in addition; and electric balance in the circuit is or is not made depending on whether a train is or is not in the section being approached; and so causing the warning signals to be or not to be operated. Devices are provided for the purpose of ensuring the safety of a train in a section in the event of a short circuit or breakage of conductors or failure of current. Steam is intended to be cut off automatically if the warning signals are disregarded and a section is entered on that is not clear.

Thirty-three claims: twenty-one sheets of drawings.

No. 1,226 of December 6, 1911.

William Jackson.—"Improvements in apparatus for drying tea leaf or other produce."

Abstract.—The invention consists of improvements to the arrangement of the travelling bands or reticulated webs in the drying chamber of apparatus for drying tea leaf or other produce, described in a previous Specification of a Patent granted to the same Inventor and numbered 1,216. The improvement consists in making each one of the series of superposed travelling bands longer than the one above it; and so that it projects at one end of the drying chamber beyond the one above it; and so that the operating rollers driving the bands are stepped instead of being vertically one above the other; with the object of ensuring that the produce, being dried and being carried on the bands towards that end of the drying chamber, shall fall with more certainty on to the band beneath it travelling in the opposite direction, and that less of that produce, delivered from a band at the end of its travel, shall fall to the bottom of the drying chamber without being caught by the returning band moving immediately below it. Deflecting plates are arranged at the end of the drying chamber to assist towards attaining the same object. The end of the drying chamber is also brought nearer, it is claimed, to the air heater by this stepped arrangement of the rollers operating the travelling bands at the end of the drying chamber; and it is claimed that the whole apparatus can be made shorter in consequence of projecting the lower series of travelling bands into a recess formed in the hot air duct or chamber.

Three claims: one sheet of drawings.

No. 1,227 of December 7, 1911.

Johann Secundus Kruse.—"Improvements in and relating to Enamel or like Compositions."

Abstract.—This invention relates to the production of compositions of the kind which are called in the Specification "enamels"; and the object is to produce an enamel without furnacing for fine art and like purposes. An enamel of the kind referred to is made as follows:—

Three parts by weight of calcined magnesium oxide: four parts by weight of a solution of magnesium chloride: and one part by weight of a gum solution, which may be a 25 per cent. solution of orange shellac dissolved in 90 per cent. alcohol, and a little lavender oil added to it. A mixture of the consistency of cream is obtained which is poured into moulds, and set at such a temperature that in a few days it forms a hard enamel. An enamel made according to this invention can be utilized, it is stated, for the formation of high class artistic tiles, panels or the like and decorated in patterns by staining or marbling.

Two claims: no drawings.

E. HUMAN,
*Registrar of Patents.