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-General: Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, and General Government Notifications. -Legal and Judicial.

PART III.--Provincial Administration. PART IV.—Land Settlement. PART V.—Morcantile, Marine, Municipal, Local, &c.

Separate paging is given to each Part in order that it may be filed separately.

Part V.-Mercantile, Marine, Municipal, Local, . and Miscellaneous.

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UNOFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE GOLINDA TEA AND RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED.

- The name of the Company is "THE GOLINDA TEA AND RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED." 1.
- The registered office of the Company is to be established in Colombo. 2.
- The objects for which the Company is to be established are-3.
 - (1) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any estate or estates, land or lands. in the Island of Ceylon, India, or the Federated Malay States, or elsewhere, upon the respective titles under which the same are held by the respective proprietors thereof, the consideration or considerations to be paid therefore to be payable in cash, or in shares of the Company, or partly in cash and partly in shares of the Company, and such shares to be fully paid up, or partly paid up, and to be issued to the vendors or vendor and (or) their or his nominees or nominee. And also to purchase or otherwise acquire any right of way, water rights, and other rights, privileges, and easements and concessions, and any factories, machinery, implements, tools, live and dead stock, stores, effects, and other property, real or personal, immovable or movable, of any kind.
 - (2) To hold, use, clear, open, plant, cultivate, work, manage, improve, carry on, and develop the undertaking lands, and real and personal, immovable and movable, estates or property, and assets of any kindoof the
 - Company, or any part thereof.
 (3) To plant, grow, and produce tea, rubber, coffee, coconuts, cinchona, cacao, cardamoms, rhea, ramie plants, trees, and other natural products or produce of any kind in the Island of Ceylon, India, the Federated Malay States, or elsewhere.
 - (4) To treat, cure, prepare, manipulate, submit to any process of manufacture, and render marketable (whether on account of the Company or others) tea, rubber, coffee, or any other such products or produce as aforesaid, or any articles or things whatsoever; to buy, sell, export, import, trade, and deal in tea, rubber, coffee, and other products, wares, merchandise, articles, and things of any kind whatsoever. ever, either in a prepared, manufactured, or raw state, and either by wholesale or retail. (5) To carry on in the said Island of Ceylon, India, the Federated Malay States, or elsewhere all or any of the
 - following businesses, that is to say, planters of tea, rubber, coffee, or any other such products or produce as aforesaid in all its branches; carriers of passengers and goods by land or by water; forwarding agents, merchants, exporters, importers, traders, engineers, tug owners and wharfingers; proprietors of docks, wharves, jetties, piers, warehouses, and boats; and any other business which can or may conveniently be carried on in connection with the above or any of them.

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(6) To acquire or establish and carry on any other business, manufacturing, shipping, or otherwise, which can be conveniently carried on in connection with any of the Company's general business; and to apply for, purchase, or otherwise acquire, any patents, brevets d'invention, concessions, and the like, conferring an exclusive of non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any information as to any invention which may \mathcal{O}

- seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the Company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the Company; and to use, exercise, develop, grant licenses in respect of or otherwiseturn to account the property, rights, and information so acquired. (7) To purchase tea leaf, rubber, coffee, and (or) other raw products or produce for manufacture, manipula-
- tion, and (or) sale.
- (8) To work mines or quarries, and to find, win, get, work, crush, smelt, manufacture, or otherwise deal with ores, metals, minerals, oils, precious and other stones, or deposits or products, and generally to carry on the business of mining in all its branches.
- (9) To purchase, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire and hold boats, barges, tugs, launches, and vessels of any description whatsoever; and to purchase, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire and hold vans, omnibuses, carriages, carts, and other vehicles of any description whatsoever; and to purchase, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire and hold all live and dead stock, chattels, and effects required for the maintenance and working of the business of carriers by land or by water; of proprietors of docks, wharves, jetties, piers, warehouses, and boats; of tug owners and wharfingers; or of any other business which can or may conveniently be carried on in connection with the above respectively.
- (10) To build, make, construct, equip, maintain, improve, alter, and work tea and rubber factories, coconut and coffee-curing mills, manufactories, buildings, erections, roads, water-courses, docks, wharves, jetties, and other works and conveniences which may be necessary or convenient for the purposes of the Company, or may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the Company's interests; and to contribute to, subsidize, or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out, or control thereof.
- (11) To cultivate, manage, and superintend estates and properties in the Island of Ceylon, India, the Federated Malay States, and elsewhere, and generally to undertake the business of estate agents in the said Island, India, the Federated Malay States, and elsewhere; to act as agents for the investment, loan, payment, transmission and collection of money, and for the purchase, sale, improvement, development, and management of property, including concerns and undertakings; and to transact any other agency business of any kind.
- (12) To engage, employ, maintain, and dismiss managers, superintendents, assistants, clerks, coolies, and other servants and labourers; and to remunerate any such at such rate as shall be thought fit, and to grant pensions or gratuities to any such or the widow or children of any such.
- (13) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, Government, municipal, local, or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the Company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges, and concessions which the Company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise, and comply with such arrangements, rights, privileges, and concessions.
- (14) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interest, reciprocal concession, amalgamation, or co-operation with any person or persons, corporation, or company carrying on or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this Company is authorized to carry on or engage in or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this Company; and to take or otherwise acquire and hold shares or stock in or securities of and to subsidize, or otherwise assist any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with such shares or securities; and to form, constitute, or promote any other company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property, rights, and liabilities of this Company, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit this Company.
- (15) To procure the Company to be registered or established or authorized to do business in the Island of Ceylon; in India, the Federated Malay States, or elsewhere.
- (16) To lend money on any terms and in any manner and on any security, and in particular on the security of plantations, factories, growing crops, produce, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bonds, bills of lading, warrants, stocks, shares, debentures, and book debts, or without any security at all, and generally to transact financial business of any kind.
- (17) To borrow or raise money for the purposes of the Company, or receive money on deposit at interest or borrow or raise money for the purposes of the company, or receive money on deposit at money of otherwise, and for the purpose of raising or securing money for the performance or discharge of any obligation or liability of the Company, or for any other purpose to create, execute, grant, or issue any mortgages, mortgage debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company either at par, premium, or discount, and either redeemable, irredeemable, or perpetual, secured upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, rights, and properties of the Company, present and future, including uncalled capital or the unpaid calls of the Company.
- (18) Generally to purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any real or personal property, and any rights, privileges, licenses, or easements which the Company may think necessary or convenient with reference to any of these objects, and capable of being profitably dealt with in connection with
- any of the Company's property or rights for the time being. (19) To cause or permit any debentures, debenture stock, bonds, mortgages, charges, incumbrances, liens, or securities of or belonging to or made or issued by the Company or affecting its property or rights or any of the terms thereof to be renewed, extended, varied, redeemed, exchanged, transferred, or satisfied, as
- shall be thought fit; also to pay off and re-borrow the moneys secured thereby, or any part or parts thersof. (20) To sell the undertaking of the Company or any part thereof for such consideration as the Company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this Company.
- (21) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined.
- (22) To make, accept, endorse, and execute promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, and other negotiable and transferable instruments.
- (23) To remunerate any parties for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place any shares in the Company's capital, or any debentures, debenture stock, or other securities of the Company, or in or about the formation or promotion of the Company or the conduct of its business.
- (24) To do all or any of the above things in any part of the world, and either as principals, agents, contractors, or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others, and either by or through agents, sub contractors, trustees, or otherwise, and generally to carry on any business or effectuate any object of the Company.

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- (25) To sell, let, lease, underlease, exchange, surrender, transfer, deliver, charge, mortgage, dispose of, turn to account, or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the Company, whether in consideration of rents, moneys, or securities for money, shares, debentures, or securities in any other
- company, or for any other consideration.
 (26) To pay for any lands and real or personal, immovable or movable, estate or property, or assets of any kind acquired or to be acquired by the Company, or for any services rendered or to be rendered to the kind acquired or to be acquired by the Company, or for any services rendered or to be rendered to the Company, and generally to pay or discharge any consideration to be paid or given by the Company, in money or in shares (whether fully paid up or partly paid up) or in debentures, debenture stock or obligations of the Company, or partly in one way and partly in another, or otherwise howsoever, with power to issue any shares either as fully paid up or partly paid up for such purpose.
 (27) To accept as consideration for the sale or disposal of any lands and real or personal, immovable or movable, estate, or property, or assets of the Company, or in discharge of any other consideration to be received by the Company, money or shares (whether fully paid up or partly paid up) of any company, or the debentures or debenture stock or obligations of any company or person or persons or partly one and partly other
 - and partly any other.
- (28) To distribute among the Shareholders in specie any property of the Company, whether by way of dividend or upon a return of capital, but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital be made, except with the sanction for the time being required by law.
- (29) To do all such other things as may be necessary, incidental, conducive, or convenient to the attainment of the above objects or any of them, it being hereby declared that in the foregoing clause (unless a contrary intention appears) the word "person" includes any number of persons and a corporation, and that the "other objects" specified in any one paragraph are not to be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other paragraph.
- The liability of the Shareholders is limited. 4.

4. The hability of the Shareholders is limited. 5. The nominal capital of the Company is Three million Rupees (Rs. 3,000,000), divided into Three hundred thousand (300,000) shares of Ten Rupees Rs. (10) each, with power to increase or reduce the capital. The shares forming the capital (original, increased, or reduced) of the Company may be subdivided, or consolidated, or divided into such classes, with any preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto, and be held upon such terms as may be prescribed by the Articles of Association and Regulations of the Company for the time being or otherwise Company for the time being or otherwise.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names :-

Names and Addresse	s of Subsci	ribers.			ber of Shares ta each Subscribe	
W. HENRY FIGG, Colombo	••		••		One	$\mathcal{C}_{\mathcal{C}}$
J. LOOHORE, Colombo			••• ,	••	One	*
P. A. BARLOW, Colombo		••	°	••	One	
W. E. DRURY, Colombo		••		••	One	•
G. Fellowes (by his attorn	ey W. He:	NRY FIGG), Col	omabo	·	One	
KENNETH J. HARPER (by his	s ettorney	W. HENRY FIG	G), Colombo	••	One	
E. R. WALDOOK, Colombo		••	••		One	
· · ·						

Witness to the signatures of the above-named W. HENRY FIGG, J. LOCHORE, P. A. BARLOW, W. E. DRURY, G. FELLOWES, KENNETH J. HARPER, and E. R. WALDOCK, at Colombo, this Eighth day of June, 1912:

> LESLIE W. F. DE SARAM, Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE GOLINDA TEA AND RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED.

It is agreed as follows :---

1. Table C not to apply; Company to be governed by these Articles.—The regulations contained in the Table C in the schedule annexed to "The Joint Stock Companies Ordinance, 1861," shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these Articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution. Power to alter the regulations.-The Company may, by special resolution, alter and make provisions instead of.

or in addition to, any of the regulations of the Company, whether contained and comprised in these Articles or not. 3. None of the funds of the Company shall be employed in the purchase of or be lent on shares of the Company.

INTERPRETATION. ,

4. Interpretation clause .- In the interpretation of these presents the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless such meanings be inconsistent with, or repugnant to, the subject or context, viz. :--Company.-The word "Company" means "The Golinda Tea and Rubber Company, Limited," incorporated or

Company.—Ine word "Company" means Ine Gonnae Tea and Rubber Company, Limited," incorporated or established by or under the Memorandum of Association to which these Articles are attached. The Ordinance.—The "Ordinance" means and includes "The Joint Stock Companies Ordinances, 1861 to 1909," and every other Ordinance from time to time in force concerning Joint Stock Companies which may apply to the Company. Special resolution.—"Special resolution " has the meaning assigned thereto by " the Ordinance." Extraordinary resolution.—Extraordinary resolution means a resolution passed by three-fourths in number and value of such Shareholders of the Company for the time entitled to vote as may be present at any meeting of the Company the bactice specifying an intention to propose such resolution has been duly given.

of which notice specifying an intention to propose such resolution has been duly given. *These presents.*—" These presents" means and includes the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association of the Company from time to time in force. *Capital.*—" Capital" means the capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purposes of the

Company.

-" Shares " means the shares from time to time into which the capital of the Company may be divided. Shares. Shareholder .-- " Shareholder " means a Shareholder of the Company.

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Presence or present.-"" Presence or present " at a meeting means presence or present personally or by proxy or by attorney duly authorized.

Directors.—" Directors " means the Directors for the time being of the Company or (as the case may be) the Directors

assembled at a Board. Board.—"Board" means a meeting of the Directors or (as the context may require) the Directors assembled at a Board Meeting, acting through at least a quorum of their body in the exercise of authority duly given to them.

Persons.-"" Persons " means partnerships, associations, corporations, companies, unincorporated or incorporated by Ordinance and registration, as well as individuals.

 Innere and registration, as well as intributals.
 Office.—" Office " means the registered office for the time being of the Company.
 Scal.—" Seal " means the common seal for the time being of the Company.
 Month.—" Month " means a calendar month.
 Writing.—" Writing " means printed matter or print as well as writing.
 Singular and plural number.—Words importing the singular number only include the plural, and vice versá.
 Macaultar and plural number.—Words importing the macaultar number only include the plural, and vice versá. Masculine and feminine gender.-Words importing the masculine gender only include the feminine, and vice versa.

BUSINESS.

Commencement of business.-The Company may proceed to carry out the objects for which it is established, 5. and to employ and apply its capital as soon after the registration of the Company as the Directors in their discretion shall think fit; and notwithstanding that the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed, applied for, or allotted, they shall do so as soon as, in the judgment of the Directors, a sufficient number of shares shall have been subscribed or applied for. 6. Business to be carried on by Directors.—The business of the Company shall be carried on by or under the

management or direction of the Directors, and subject only to the control of General Meetings, in accordance with these presents.

CAPITAL.

7. Nominal capital.-The nominal capital of the Company is Three million Rupees (Rs. 3,000,000), divided into Three hundred thousand (300,000) shares of Ten Rupees (Rs. 10) each.

8. Arrangement on issue of shares.—The Company may call up the balance capital whenever the Directors shall think fit, and may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid and the time of payment of such calls. 9. Payment of amount of shares by instalments.—If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part

of the amount thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the holder of the share.

10. Increase or reduction of capital.—The Company in General Meeting may, by special resolution from time to time, increase the capital by creation of new shares of such amount per share and in the aggregate, and with such special,

time, increase the capital by creation of new shares of such amount per share and in the aggregate, and with such special, preferential, deferred, qualified, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto as such resolution shall direct, and the Company in General Meeting may by special resolution reduce the capital as such special resolution shall direct, and may by special resolution subdivide or consolidate the shares of the Company or any of them. 11. New shares.—The new shares shall be \$\$sued upon such terms and conditions, and with such preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto, as the General Meeting resolving on the creation thereof or any other General Meeting of the Company shall direct; and if no direction be given, as the Directors shall determine, and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to the dividends and in the distribution of assets of the Company, and with a special or without any right of voting. 12. How carried into effect.—Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the meeting that sanctions the increase of capital, all new shares shall be offered to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them. and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled,

held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may, at their discretion, allot such new shares or any portion of them in payment for any estates or lands or other property purchased or acquired by the Company, without first offering such shares to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company.

13. Same as original capital.--Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the provisions herein contained with reference to the payments of calls and instalments, transfer and transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrender, and otherwise.

SHARES.

14. Issue .-- The shares, except where otherwise provided, shall be allotted at the discretion of and by the Directors, who may from time to time issue any unissued shares and may add to such shares such an amount of premium as they may consider proper; provided that such unissued shares shall first be offered by the Directors to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company as nearly as possible in proportion to the shares already held by them, and such shares as shall not be accepted by the Shareholder or Shareholders, to whom the share shall have been offered within the time specified in that behalf by the Directors, may be disposed of by the Directors in such nave been onered within the time specified in that benait by the Directors, may be disposed of by the Directors in such manner as they think most beneficial to the Company; provided also that the Directors may at their discretion allot any shares in payment for any estates or lands of other property purchased or acquired by the Company without first offering such shares to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company. 15. Acceptance.—Every person taking any share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof by writing under his hand in such form as the Company from time to time directs.

16. Payment.-Payment for shares shall be made in such manner as the Directors shall from time to time determine and direct.

17. Shares held by a firm .- Shares may be registered in the name of a firm, and any partner of the firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm or to sign for the firm per procurationem shall be entitled to vote and to give proxies.

18. Shares held by two or more persons not in partnership.-Shares may be registered in the name of two or more persons not in partnership.

persons not in partnership. 19. One of Joint-holders other than a firm may give receipts; only one of joint-holders resident in Ceylon entitled to vote.—Any one of the joint-holders of a share, other than a firm, may give effectual receipts for any dividends payable in respect of such share; but only one of such joint Shareholders shall be entitled to the right of voting and of giving proxies and exercising the other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, and if the joint-holders cannot arrange amongst themselves as to who shall vote or give proxies and exercise such other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, the Shareholder whose name stands first on the register of shares shall vote or give proxies and

exercise those rights and powers; provided, however, that in the event of such first registered Shareholder being absent from the Island, the first registered Shareholder then resident in Ceylon shall vote or give proxies and exercise all such rights and powers as aforesaid.

20. Survivor of joint-holders, other than a firm, only recognized .-- In case of the death of any one or more of the joint-holders, other than a firm, of any shares, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognized by the Company as having any title to or interest in such shares.

The joint-holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all instalments 21. and calls due in respect of such share.

22. Company not bound to recognize any interest in share other than that of registered holder or of any person under clause 38.—The Company shall not be bound to recognize (even though having notice of) any contingent, future, partial, or equitable interest in the nature of a trust or otherwise in any share, or any other right in respect of any share, except any absolute right thereto in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof, and except also the right of any person under clause 38 to become a Shareholder in respect of any share. 23. Certificates.—The certificates of shares shall be issued under the seal of the Company.

How issued.-Every Shareholder shall be entitled to one certificate for all the shares registered in his name. 24. Every certificate shall specify the numbers of the share in respect of which it is issued.

25. Renewal of certificate.--If any certificate be worn out or defaced, then, upon production thereof to the Directors, they may order the same to be cancelled and may issue a new certificate in lieu thereof; and if any certificate be lost or destroyed, then, upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Directors, and on such indemnity as the Directors may deem adequate being given, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the person entitled to such lost or destroyed A sum of fifty cents shall be payable for such new certificate. Certificate to be delivered to the first named of joint-holders not a firm.—The certificate of shares registered in certificate.

26 the name of two or more persons not a firm shall be delivered to the person first named on the register.

TRANSFER OF SHARES.

27. Exercise of rights.-No person shall exercise any rights of a member until his name shall have been entered in the Register of Members and he shall have paid all calls and other moneys for the time being payable on every share in the Company held by him.

28. Transfer of shares.-Subject to the restriction of these Articles, any Shareholder may transfer all or any of his shares by instrument in writing.

29. No transfer to infant or person of unsound mind .-- No transfer of shares shall be made to an infant or person of unsound mind.

30. Register of transfers .- The Company shall keep a book or books, to be called "The Register of Transfers," in which shall be entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share.

31. Instrument of transfer.-The instrument of transfer of any share shall be signed both by the transferor and transferee, and the transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of such share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register in respect thereof.

32. Board may decline to register transfers.—The Board may, at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion, decline to register any transfer of shares by a Shareholder who is indebted to the Company, or upon whose shares the Company have a lien or otherwise; or in case of shares not fully paid up, to any person not approved by them. 33. Not bound to state reason.—In no case shall a Shareholder or proposed transferee be entitled to require the

Directors to state the reason of their refusal to register, but their declinature shall be absolute.

34. Registration of transfer .-- Every instrument of transfer must be left at the office of the Company to be egistered, accompanied by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferor, and a fee of Rs. 2.50, or such other sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine, must be paid; and thereupon the Directors, subject to the powers vested in them by Articles 32, 33, and 35, shall register the transferee as Shareholder and retain the instrument of transfer.

35. Directors may authorize registration of transferees.—The Directors may, by such means, as they shall deem expedient, authorize the registration of transferees as Shareholders without the necessity of any meeting of the Directors

for that purpose. 36. Directors not bound to inquire as to validity of transfer.—In no case shall the Directors be bound to inquire into the validity, legal effect, or genuineness of any instrument of transfer produced by a person claiming a transfer of any share in accordance with these Articles; and whether they abstain from so inquiring, or do so inquire and are misled, the transferor shall have no claim whatsoever upon the Company in respect of the share, except for the dividends previously declared in respect thereof, but, if at all, upon the transferee only.

37. Transfer books when to be closed.—The transfer books may be closed during the fourteen days immediately preceding each Ordinary General Meeting, including the First General Meeting; also, when a dividend is declared, for the three days next ensuing the meeting ; also at such other times as the Directors may decide, not exceeding in the whole 🥪 twenty-one days in any one year.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

38. Title to shares of deceased holder.-The executors, or administrators, or the heirs of a deceased Shareholder shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to shares of such Shareholder.

39. Registration of persons entitled to shares otherwise than by transfer. -Any guardian of any infant Shareholder, or any committee of a lunatic Shareholder, or any person becoming entitled to shares in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or liquidation of any Shareholder, or the marriage of any female Shareholder, or in any other way than by transfer, shall, upon producing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this clause, or of his title, as the Company think sufficient, be forthwith entitled, subject to the provisions herein contained, to be registered as a Shareholder in respect of such shares on payment of a fee of Rs. 2.50; or may, subject to the regulations as to transfers hereinbefore contained, transfer the same to some other person.

40. Failing such registration, shares may be sold by the Company.—If any person who shall become entitled under clause 39 to be registered in respect of any share on which the Company has any lien shall not, from any cause whatever, within twelve calendar months after the event on the happening of which his title shall accrue, be registered in respect of such share, or if in the case of the death of any Shareholder no person shall, within twelve calendar months after such death, be registered as a Shareholder in respect of the shares of such deceased Shareholder, the Company may sell such shares, either by public auction or private contract, and give a receipt for the purchase money, and the purchaser shall be entitled to be registered in respect of such share, and shall not be bound to inquire whether the events have happened which entitled the Company to sell the same, the nett proceeds of such sale, after deducting all expenses and all moneys in respect of which the Company is entitled to a lien on the shares so sold, shall be paid to the person entitled therefor.

SHARES (SURRENDER AND FORFEITURE).

41. The Directors may accept surrender of shares.-The Directors may accept, in the name and for the benefit of the Company, and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon, a surrender of the shares of Shareholders who may be desirous of retiring from the Company. E 2

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42. If call or instalment be not paid, notice to be given to Shareholder.—If any Shareholder fails to pay any call or instalment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Directors may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on such Shareholder or his executors or administrators or the trustee or assignee in his bankruptcy requiring him to pay the same, together with any interest that may have accrued, and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

Terms of notice.-The notice shall name a day (not being less than one month from the date of the notice) on and a place or places at which such call or instalment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited. In default of payment, share to be forfeited.—If the requisition of such notice as aforesaid be not complied with, every

or any share or shares in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of calls or instalments, with interest and expenses due in respect thereof, be declared forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

Shareholder still liable to pay money owing at time of forfeiture.—Any Shareholder whose shares have been so declared forfeited shall, notwithstanding, be liable to pay, and shall forthwith pay, to the Company all calls, instalments, interest, and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of forfeiture until payment at 9 per cent. per annum, and the Directors may enforce the payment thereof if they think fit. 43. Surrendered or forfeited shares to be the property of the Company, and may be sold, do.—Every share surrendered or so declared forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed.

of upon such terms and in such manner as the Board shall think fit.

44. Effect of surrender or forfeiture.- The surrender or forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in, and also of all claims and demands against, the Company in respect of the share and the proceeds thereof, and all other rights incident to the share, except only such of those rights (if any) as by these presents are expressly saved.
 45. Certificate of surrender or forfeiture.—A certificate in writing under the hands of two of the Directors and of the Secretary or Secretaries that a share has been duly surrendered or forfeited, stating the time when it was surrendered or

forfeited, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons who would have been entitled to the share but for such surrender or forfeiture; such certificate and the receipt of the Company for the price of such share shall constitute a good title to such share, and a certificate of proprietorship shall be delivered to any person who may purchase the same from the Company, such purchaser shall thereupon be deemed the holder of such share, discharged

purchase the same from the Company, such purchaser shall thereupon be deemed the holder of such share, discharged from all calls due prior to such purchase; and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to such share be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture or sale. *Forfeiture may be remitted.*—The Directors may in their discretion remit or annul the forfeiture of any share within six months from the date thereof upon the payment of all moneys due to the Company from the late holder or holders of such share or shares, and all expenses incurred in relation to such forfeiture, together with such further sum of money by way of redemption money for the deficit, as they shall think fit, not being less than 9 per cent. on the amount of the sums wherein default in payment had been made, but no share bona fide sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of under Article 43 hereof shall be redeemable after sale or disposal.

46. Company's lien on shares.—The Company shall have a first charge or paramount lien upon all the shares of any holder or joint-holders for all moneys for the time being due to the Company by such holder or by all or any of such joint-holders respectively, either in respect of such shares or of other shares held by such holder or joint-holders or otherwise, and whether due from any such holder individuallor jointly with others, including all calls, resolutions for which shall have been passed by the Directors, although the times appointed for the payment thereof shall not have arrived; and where any share is held by more persons than one, the Company shall be entitled to the said charge or lien in respect of any money due to the Company from any of such persons. The Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares subject to such charge or lien.

47. Lien how made available.—Such charge or lien may be made available by a sale of all or any of the shares subject to it, provided that no such sale shall be made except under a resolution of the Directors, and until notice in writing shall have been given to the indebted Shareholder or his executors or administrators, or the assignee or trustee in his bankruptcy, requiring him or them to pay the amount for the time being due to the Company, and default shall have been made for twenty-eight days from such notice in paying the sum thereby required to be paid. Should the Shareholder over whose share the lien exists be in England or elsewhere abroad, sixty days' notice shall be allowed him.

48. Proceeds how applied.—The nett proceeds of any such sale as aforesaid under the provisions of Articles 43 and 47 hereof shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of such debts, liabilities, or engagements, and the residue (if any) paid to such Shareholder or his representatives.

49. Certificate of sale.—A certificate in writing under the hands of two of the Directors and of the Secretary or Secretaries that the power of sale given by clause 47 has arisen, and is exercisable by the Company under these presents, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated.

50. Transfer on sale how executed .-- Upon any such sale two of the Directors may execute a transfer of such share to a the purchaser thereof, and such transfer, with the certificate last aforesaid, shall confer on the purchaser a complete title to such shares.

PREFERENCE SHARES.

51. Preference and deferred shares.-Any shares from time to time to be issued or created may from time to time be issued with any such right of preference, whether in respect of dividend or of payment of capital, or both, or any such other special privilege or advantage over any shares previously issued or then about to be issued (other than shares issued with a preference), or at such a premium, or with such deferred rights as compared with any shares previously issued or then about to be issued, or subject to any such conditions or provisions, and with any such right or without any right of voting, and generally on such terms as the Company may from time to time by special resolution determine.

Modification of rights and consent thereto.-If at any time by the issue of preference shares or otherwise the capital is divided into shares of different classes

- (1) The holders of any class of shares by an extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of such holders may consent, on behalf of all the holders of shares of the class, to the issue or creation of any shares ranking equally therewith, or having any priority thereto, or to the abandonment of any preference or priority, or of any accrued dividend, or the reduction for any time or permanently of the dividends payable thereon, or to any scheme for the reduction of the Company's capital affecting the class of shares ;
- (2) All or any of the rights, privileges, and conditions attached to each class may be commuted, abrogated, abandoned, added to or otherwise modified by a special resolution of the Company in General Meeting, provided the holders of any class of shares, affected by any such commutation, abrogation, abandonment, addition or other modification of such rights, privileges, and conditions, consent thereto, on behalf of all the holders of shares of the class, by an Extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of such holders.

Any Extraordinary resolution passed under the provisions of this Article shall be binding upon all the holders of shares of the class, provided that this Article shall not be read as implying the necessity for such consent as aforesaid in any case in which but for this Article the object of the resolutions could have been effected without it.

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53. Meeting affecting a particular class of shares.—Any meeting for the purpose of the last preceding clause shall be convened and conducted in all respects as nearly as possible in the same way as an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, provided that no member, not being a Director, shall be entitled to notice thereof or to attend thereat, unless he be a holder of shares of the class intended to be affected by the resolution, and that no vote shall be given except in respect of a share of that class, and that at any such meeting a poll may be demanded in writing by any members personally present and entitled to vote at the meeting.

CALLS.

54. Directors may make calls.—The Directors may from time to time make such calls as they think fit upon the registered holders of shares, in respect of moneys unpaid thereon, and not by the conditions of allotment made payable at fixed times; and each Shareholder shall pay the amount of every call so made on him to the persons and at the times and places appointed by the Directors, provided that two months' notice at least shall be given to the Shareholders of the time and place appointed for payment of each call.

Calls, time when made.-A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution authorizing the call was passed at a Board Meeting of the Directors.

Extension of time for payment of call.-The Directors shall have power in their absolute discretion to give time to any one or more Shareholder or Shareholders, exclusive of the others, for payment of any call or part thereof on such terms as the Directors may determine. But no Shareholder shall be entitled to any such extension except as a matter of grace. or favour.

55. Interest on unpaid call.—If the sum payable in respect of any call or instalment is not paid on or before the day appointed for the payment thereof, the holder for the time being of the share in respect of which the call shall have been made, or the instalments shall have been due, shall pay interest for the same at the rate of 9 per centum per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of the actual payment, but the Directors may, when they think fit, remit altogether, or in part any sum becoming payable for interest under this clause. 56. Payments in anticipation of calls at interest.—The Directors may at their discretion receive from any Share-

holder willing to advance the same, and upon such terms as they think fit all or any part of the amount of his shares beyond the sum actually called up; and upon the moneys so paid in advance, or upon so much thereof as from time to time and at any time thereafter exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon, and due in respect of the shares in respect of which some advances have been made, the Board may pay or allow interest at such rate as the Shareholders paying such sums in advance and the Directors may agree upon, not exceeding, however, 6 per centum per annum.

BORROWING POWERS.

57. Power to borrow.—The Directors shall have power to procure from time to time, in the usual course of business, such temporary advances on the produce in hand, or in the future to be obtained from the Company's estates, as they may find necessary or expedient for the purpose of defraying the expenses of working the Company's estates, or of erecting, maintaining, improving, or extending buildings, machinery or plantations, or otherwise. Also from time to time at their discretion to borrow or raise from the Directors or other persons any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company, but so that the amount at any one time owing in respect of moneys so borrowed or raised shall not, without the sanction of a General Meeting, exceed the sum of Two hundred thousand Rupees (Rs. 200,000). With the sanction of a General Meeting the Directors shall be entitled to borrow such further sum or sums, and at such rate of interest, as such meeting shall determine. The Directors may, for the purpose of securing the repayment of any such sum or sums of money so borrowed or raised, create and issue any mortgages, debentures, mortgage debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company, charged upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, property, and rights or assets of the Company (both present and future), including uncalled capital or unpaid calls, or give, accept, or endorse on behalf of the Company any promissory notes or bills of exchange. Provided also that before the Directors execute any mortgage or issue any debentures they shall obtain the sanction thereto of the Company in General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary. Any such securities may be issued either at par or at a premium or discount, and may from Ordinary or Extraordinary. Any such securities may be issued either at par or at a premium or discount, and may from time to time be cancelled or discharged, varied or exchanged as the Directors may think fit, and may contain any special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, or otherwise. Every debenture or other instrument issued by the Company for securing the payment of money may be so framed that the moneys thereby secured shall be assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued. A declaration under the Company's seal contained in or endorsed upon any of the documents mentioned in this Article and subscribed by two or more of the Directors, or by one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries, to the effect that the Directors have power to horrow the amount which such document may represent shall be conclusive environment thereof in all outertimes power to borrow the amount which such document may represent, shall be conclusive evidence thereof in all questions between the Company and its creditors, and no such document containing such declaration shall, as regards the creditor, be void on the ground of its being granted in excess of the aforesaid borrowing power unless it shall be proved that such creditor was aware that it was so granted.

MEETINGS.

58. First General Meeting.-The First General Meeting of the Company shall be held at such time, not being more than twelve months after the registration of the Company, and at such place as the Directors may determine.

59. Subsequent General Meetings.—Subsequent General Meetings shall be held once in every year at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if no time or place is prescribed, at such time and place as may be determined by the Directors.

60. Ordinary and Extraordinary General Meetings.-The General Meetings mentioned in the last preceding clause shall be called Ordinary General Meetings; all other meetings of the Company shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.

61. Extraordinary General Meetings .- The Directors may, whenever they think fit, call an Extraordinary General Meeting, and the Directors shall do so upon a requisition made in writing by not less than one-seventh of the number of Shareholders holding not less than one-seventh of the issued capital and entitled to vote.

62. Requisition of Shareholders to state object of meeting; on receipt of requisition, Directors to call meetings and in default Shareholders may do so.—Any requisition so made shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called, shall be addressed to the Directors, and shall be sent to the registered office of the Company. Upon the receipt of such requisition the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such time and place as they shall determine. If they do not proceed to convene the same within twenty-one days from the delivery and place as they shall determine. In they do not proceed to convene the same wream twenty-one days from the denvery of the requisition, the requisitionists may themselves convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such place and at such time as the Shareholders convening the meeting may themselves fix. 63. Notice of resolution.—Any Shareholder may, on giving not less than fourteen days' previous notice of any resolution, submit the same to a meeting. Such notice shall be given by leaving a copy of the resolution at the registered

office of the Company. 64. Seven days' notice of meeting to be given.—Seven days' notice at least of every General Meeting, Ordinary or

Extraordinary, and by whomsoever convened, specifying the place, date, hour of meeting, and the objects and business of the meeting, shall be given either by advertisement in the Ceylon Government Gazette, or by notice sent by post, or otherwise served as hereinafter provided, but an accidental omission to give such notice to any Shareholder shall not invalidate the proceedings at any General Meeting.

65. Business requiring and not requiring notification .- Every Ordinary General Meeting shall be competent, without special notice having been given of the purposes for which it is convened, or of the business to be transacted thereat, to receive and discuss any report and any accounts presented thereto by the Directors, and to pass resolutions in approval or disapproval thereof, and to declare dividends, and to elect Directors and Auditors retiring in rotation, and to fix the remuneration of the Auditors, and shall also be competent to enter upon, discuss, and transact any business whatever of which special mention shall have been made in the notice or notices upon which the meeting was convened.

66. Notice of other business to be given.—With the exceptions mentioned in the foregoing Articles as to the business which may be transacted at Ordinary General Meetings without notice, no General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, 13 shall be competent to enter upon, discuss, or transact any business which has not been specially mentioned in the notice or notices upon which it was convened.

67. Quorum to be present.—No business shall be transacted at a General Meeting, except the declaration of a dividend recommended by a report of the Directors or the election of a Chairman, unless there shall be present in person at the commencement of the business three or more persons, being either Shareholders entitled to vote, or persons holding proxies from Shareholders.

63. If a quorum not present, meeting to be dissolved or adjourned; adjourned meeting to transact business.—If at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting the required number of Shareholders shall not be present at the meeting, the meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of Shareholders, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, those Shareholders who are present shall be a quorum, and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.

69. Chairman of Directors or a Director to be Chairman of General Meeting; in case of their absence or refusal a Share-holder may act.—The Chairman (if any) of the Directors shall be entitled to take the chair at every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary; or if there be no Chairman, or if at any meeting he shall not be present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for holding such meeting, or if he shall refuse to take the chair, the Shareholders shall choose another Director as Chairman ; and if no Directors be present, or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair, then the Shareholders present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman.

70. Business confined to election of Chairman while chair vacant.—No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting except the election of a Chairman whilst the chair is vacant.

71. Chairman with consent may adjourn meeting.—The Chairman, with the consent of the meeting, may adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place, unless due notice shall be given. 72. Minutes of General Meetings.—Minutes of the proceedings of every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extra-

ordinary, shall be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall when so entered be signed as soon as practicable by the Chairman of the same meeting or by the Chairman of the succeeding meeting, and the same when so entered and signed shall be evidence of all such proceedings and of the proper election of the Chairman.

VOTING AT MEETINGS.

73. Votes.-At any meeting every resolution shall be decided by the votes of the Shareholders present in person or by proxy, duly appointed, and in case there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman at such meeting shall be entitled to give a casting vote in addition to the vote to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder and proxy; and unless a poll be immediately demanded in writing by some Shareholder present at the meeting and entitled to vote, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the Minute Book of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact without proof of the number of votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

74. Poll.-If a poll be duly demanded, the same shall be taken in such manner and at such time and place as the Chairman shall direct, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. The demand of a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other

than the question on which a poll shall her prevent the demanded. 75. Poll how taken.—If at any meeting a poll be demanded by notice in writing signed by some Shareholder present at the meeting and entitled to vote, which notice shall be delivered during the meeting to the Chairman, the meeting shall, if necessary, be adjourned, and the poll shall be taken at such time and in such a manner as the Chairman shall direct, and in such case every Shareholder shall have the number of votes to which he may be entitled as hereinafter provided, and in case at any such poll there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting at which such poll shall have been demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder and proxy and attorney, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in such meeting.

76. No poll on election of Chairman or on question of adjournment.-No poll shall be demanded on the election of a Chairman of the meeting or on any question of adjournment. 77. Number of votes to which Shareholder entitled.—On a show of hands every Shareholder present in person or by

proxy shall have one vote only. In case of a poll every Shareholder present in person or by proxy shall have one vote for any number of shares held by him up to fifty shares; he shall have an additional vote for every fifty shares held by him beyond the first fifty shares up to three hundred shares; he shall have an additional vote for every hundred shares held by him beyond the first three hundred shares up to one thousand shares; and he shall have an additional vote for every two hundred and fifty shares held by him beyond the first one thousand shares. When voting on a resolution involving the sale of the Company's estates or any portion thereof or the winding up of the Company, every Shareholder shall have one vote for every one share held by him; but no such resolution shall be deemed to be carried unless passed by three-fourths in number and value of such hard by him, but he such resolution shall be deemed to be called theses passed present in person or by proxy or attorney at any meeting, of which notice specifying the intention to propose such resolution has been duly given. 78. Guardian of injant, &c., when not entitled to vote.—The parent or guardian of an infant Shareholder, the Committee or other legal guardian of any lunatic Shareholder, the husband of any female Shareholder not entitled to be sharehouse as senants or the resolution of the committee of the committee or other legal guardian of any lunatic Shareholder, the husband of any female Shareholder not entitled to

her shares as separate estate, and the executor or administrator of any deceased Shareholder, or any one of such persons as aforesaid, if more than one, shall not be entitled to vote in the place of such infant, lunatic, female, or deceased person,

unless such person shall have been registered as a Shareholder. 79. Voting in person or by proxy.—Votes may be given either personally or by proxy. 80. Non-Shareholder not to be appointed proxy.—No person shall be appointed a proxy who is not a Shareholder of the Company.

81. Shareholder in arrear or not registered at least three months previous to the meeting not to vote.—No Shareholder shall be entitled to vote or speak at any General Meeting unless all calls due from him on his shares or any of them shall? have been paid ; and no Shareholder other than the trustee or assignee of a bankrupt or representative of a deceased Share-holder, or person acquiring by marriage, shall be entitled to vote or speak at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company, in respect of or as the holder of any share which he has acquired by transfer, unless he has been at least three months previously to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote or speak duly registered as the holder of the share in respect of which he claims to vote or speak.

Proxy to be printed or in writing .-- The instrument appointing a proxy shall be printed or written, and shall be 82. signed by the appointor, or if such appointor be a corporation it shall be by the common seal of such corporation.

When proxy to be deposited .- The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the registered office 83. of the Company not less than twenty-four hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote.

84. Form of proxy.-Any instrument appointing a proxy may be in the following form :-

The Golinda Tea and Rubber Company, Limited.

- of -- (a Shareholder in the Company), as my proxy, to -, appoint --I. --. of – represent me and to vote for me and on my behalf at the Ordinary (or Extraordinary, as the case may be) General Meeting of the Company to be held on the ______ day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and _____, and at any adjournment thereof, and at every poll which may be taken in consequence thereof. -, One thousand Nine hundred and As witness my hand this -– day of -

85. Objection to validity of vote to be made at the meeting or poll.—No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote (whether given personally or by proxy) except at the meeting or poll at which such votes shall be tendered, and every vote (whether given personally or by proxy) to which no objection shall be made at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.

86. No Shareholder to be prevented from voting by being personally interested in result.—No Shareholder shall be prevented from voting by reason of his being personally interested in the result of the voting.

DIRECTORS.

87. Number of Directors.-The number of Directors shall never be less than two nor more than five; but this clause shall be construed as being directory only, and the remaining Directors or Director may act notwithstanding any number of vacancies.

88. Their qualification and remuneration.—The qualification of a Director shall be his holding shares in the Company, whether fully paid up or partly paid up, of the total nominal value of at least Five thousand Rupees (Rs. 5,000), and upon which, in the case of partly paid up shares, all calls for the time being shall have been paid, and this qualification shall, apply as well to the first Directors as to all future Directors. As a remuneration for their services the Directors shall be entitled to appropriate annually a sum not exceeding Five thousand Rupees (Rs. 5,000), to be divided between them in such manner as they may determine, but the Company in General Meeting may at any time alter the amount of such remuneration for the future, and such remuneration shall not be considered as including any remuneration for special or extra services hereinafter referred to nor any extra remuneration to the Managing Directors of the Company.

Special or extra services hereinatter referred to nor any extra remuneration to the Managing Directors of the Company.
89. Appointment of first Directors and duration of their office.—The first Directors shall be the Hon. Mr. Edward Rosling, Mr. William Coombe, Mr. Lancelot Bayly, and the Hon. Mr. William Henry Figg, who shall hold office till the First Ordinary General Meeting of the Company, when they shall all retire, but shall be eligible for re-election.
90. Directors may appoint Managing Director or Directors; his or their remuneration.—One or more of the Directors may be appointed by the Directors to act as Secretary, Managing Director, or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agents of the Company, or Superintendent or Superintendents of any of the Company's estates for such time and on such terms as the Directors may determine or Superintendent o Agent of visiting Agents of the Company, of Superintendent of Superintendents of any of the Company's estates for such time and on such terms as the Directors may determine or fix by agreement with the person or persons appointed to the office, and they may from time to time revoke such appointment and appoint another or other Secretary, Managing Director or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Agents, Superintendent or Superintendents, and the Directors may impose and confer on the Managing Director or Managing Directors all or any duties and powers that might be imposed or conferred on any Manager of the Company. If any Director shall be called upon to perform any extra services, the Directors may avenue on the such a period. services, the Directors may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such services either by way of

salary, commission, or the payment of a lump sum of money, as they shall think fit.
91. Appointment of successors to Directors.—The General Meeting at which Directors retire or ought to retire by rotation shall appoint successors to them, and in default thereof such successors may be appointed at a subsequent General Meeting.

92. Board may fill up vacancies.—The Board shall have power at any time and from time to time before the First Ordinary General Meeting to supply any vacancies in their number arising from death, resignation, or otherwise.

• 93. Duration of office of Director appointed to vacancy.--Any casual vacancy occurring in the number of Directors subsequent to the First Ordinary General Meeting may be filled up by the Directors, but any person so chosen shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Director would have retained the same if no vacancy had occurred.

94. To retire annually .-- At the Second Ordinary General Meeting and at the Ordinary General Meeting in every subsequent year one of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office as provided in clause 95. 95. Retiring Directors how determined.—The Directors to retire from office at the Second, Third, and Fourth Ordi-

nary General Meetings shall, unless the Directors otherwise arrange among themselves, be determined by ballot; in every subsequent year the Directors to retire shall be those who have been longest in office.

Retiring Directors eligible for re-election.-Retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.

97. Decision of guestion as to retirement.—In case any question shall arise as to which of the Directors who have been the same time in office shall retire, the same shall be decided by the Directors by ballot.

98. Number of Directors how increased or reduced.-The Directors, subject to the approval of a General Meeting, may from time to time, at any time subsequent to the Second Ordinary General Meeting, increase or reduce the number of Directors, and may also, subject to the like approval, determine in what rotation such increased or reduced number is to go out of office.

99. If election not made, retiring Directors to continue until next meeting.-If at any meeting at which an election of a Director ought to take place the place of a retiring Director is not filled up, the retiring Director may continue in office until the First Ordinary General Meeting in the next year, and so on from meeting to meeting until his place is filled up,

unless it shall be determined at such meeting to reduce the number of Directors. 100. Resignation of Directors.—A Director may at any time give notice in writing of his intention to resign by delivering such notice to the Secretary, or by leaving the same at the office, or by tendering his written resignation at a meeting of the Directors, and on the acceptance of his resignation by the Directors, but not before his office shall become vacant

101. When office of Director to be vacated .- The office of the Director shall be vacated --

- (a) If he accepts or holds any office or place of profit other than Managing Director, Visiting Agent, Superin-(a) If he becomes bankrupt or insolvent, or suspends payment, or files a petition for the liquidation of his
- affairs, or compounds with his creditors.
- (c) If by reason of mental or bodily infirmity he becomes incapable of acting.
- (d) If he ceases to hold the required number of shares to qualify him for the office.
- (e) If he is concerned or participates in the profits of any contract with, or work done for, the Company.

Exceptions.—But the above rule shall be subject to the following exceptions:—That no Director shall vacate his office by reason of his being a member of any corporation, company, or firm which has entered into any contract with, or done any work for, the Company of which he is a Director, or by his being agent, or secretary, or proctor, or by his being a member of a firm who are agents, or secretaries, or proctors of the Company; nevertheless, he shall not vote in respect of any contract work or business in which he may be personally interested. 102. How Directors removed and successors appointed.—The Company may, by a special resolution, remove any

102. How Directors removed and successors appointed.—The Company may, by a special resolution, remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and may, by an ordinary resolution, appoint another person in his stead, and the Director so appointed shall hold office only during such time as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.

103. Indemnity to Directors and others for their own acts and for the acts of others.—Every Director or officer, and his beirs, executors, and administrators shall be indemnified by the Company from all losses and expenses incurred by him respectively in or about the discharge of his respective duties, except such as happen from his respective wilful acts or defaults; and no Director or officer, nor the heirs, executors, or administrators of any Director or officer, shall be liable for any other Director or officer, or for joining in any receipt or other acts of conformity, or for any loss or expense happening to the Company by the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired for or on behalf of the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested, or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency, or tortious act of any person with whom any moneys, securities, or effects shall be deposited, or for any other loss, damage, or misfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, unless the same otherwise happen through his own wilful act or default.

104. No contribution to be required from Directors beyond amount, if any, unpaid on their shares.—No contribution shall be required from any present or past Director exceeding the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares in respect of which he is liable as a present or past Shareholder.

Powers of Directors.

105. The Directors shall have power to carry into effect the purchase and acquisition of any estates, lands, or plantations in Ceylon or elsewhere.

106. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors, either by themselves or through a Managing Director, or with the assistance of an agent or agents and secretary or secretaries of the Company, to be appointed by the Director for such period and on such terms as they shall determine, and the Directors may pay out of the funds of the Company all costs and expenses, as well preliminary as otherwise, paid or incurred in and about the formation and registration of the Company, and in connection with the placing of the shares of the Company, and in and about the valuation, purchase, lease, or acquisition of any lands, estates, or plantations, and the opening, clearing, planting, and cultivation thereof, and in or about the working and business of the Company.

107. The Directors shall have power to purchase, take on lease or in exchange, or otherwise acquire for the Company, any estate or estates, land or lands, property, rights, options, or privileges which the Company is authorized to acquire at such price, and for such consideration, and upon such title, and generally on such terms and conditions as they may think fit; and to make and they may make such regulations for the management of the business and property of the Company as they may from time to time think proper, and for that purpose may appoint such managers, agents, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, visiting agents, inspectors, superintendents, clerks, artizans, labourers, and other servants for such period or periods, and with such remuneration, and at such salaries, and upon such terms and conditions as they may consider advisable, and may pay the expenses occasioned thereby out of the funds of the Company, and may from time to time remove or suspend all or any of the managers, agents, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other servants, high gents, inspectors, superintendents, clerks, artizans, labourers, accountants, and other way from time to time remove or suspend all or any of the managers, agents, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other way think proper and advisable, and without assigning any cause.

108. The Directors shall have power to appoint a proctor or proctors, solicitor or solicitors, attorney or attorneys, to assist in carrying on or protecting the business of the Company, on such terms as they may consider proper, and from time to time to revoke such appointment. 109. The Directors shall have power to open on behalf of the Company any account or accounts with such bank

109. The Directors shall have power to open on behalf of the Company any account or accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint, and also by such signatures as they may appoint to draw, accept, make, endorse, sign, and execute cheques, bills of exchange, and promissory notes, bills of lading, receipts, contracts, and agreements, bonds, mortgages, proxies to any proctor or proctors, and other documents on behalf of and to further the interests of the Company.

110. It shall be lawful for the Directors, if authorized so to do by a resolution by the Shareholders in General Meeting, to arrange terms for the amalgamation of the Company with any other company or companies, or individual or individuals, or for the sale or disposal of the business, estates, and effects of the Company, or any part or parts, share or shares thereof, respectively, to any company or companies, or person or persons, upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit; and the Directors shall have power to do all such things as may be necessary for carrying such amalgamation, sale, or other disposition into effect so far as a resolution or a special resolution of the Company is not by law necessary for such purpose; and in case any terms so arranged by the Directors include or make necessary the dissolution of the Company, the Company shall be dissolved to that end.

111. The Directors shall carry on the business of the Company in such manner as they may think most expedient; and in addition to the powers and authorities by any Ordinance or by these presents expressly conferred on them, they may exercise all such powers, give all such consents, make all such arrangements, appoint all such agents, managers, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, clerks, assistants, artizans, and workers, and generally do all such acts and things as are or shall be by any Ordinance and by these presents directed and authorized to be exercised, given, made, or done by the Company, and are not by any Ordinance or by these presents required to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting, subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of any such Ordinance and of these presents and to such regulations and provisions (if any) as may from time to time be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting; but no regulation made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made. The generality of the powers conferred by any clause in these presents on the Directors shall not be taken to be limited by any clause conferring any special or expressed power.

112. In furtherance, and not in limitation of, and without prejudice to, the general powers conferred or implied in the last preceding clause, and of the other powers conferred by these presents, it is hereby expressly declared that the Directors shall have the powers following, that is to say:—

- To institute, conduct, defend, compound, or abandon any action, suit, prosecution, or legal proceedings. by and against the Company, or its officers, or otherwise concerning the affairs of the Company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due, and of any claims and demands by and against the Company.
 To refer any claims or demands by and against the company.
- (2) To refer any claims or demands by or against the Company to arbitration, and observe and perform the awards.

- (3) To make and give receipts, releases, and other discharges for money payable to the Company and for claims and demands of the Company.
- (4) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents, with power to accept the office of trustee, assignee, liquidator, or inspector, or any similar office.
- (5) To invest any of the moneys of the Company which the Directors may consider not immediately required for the purposes thereof, upon such securities and in such manner as they may think fit, and so that they shall not be restricted to such securities as are permissible to trustees without special powers, and from time to time to vary or release such investments.
- (6) From time to time to provide for the management of the affairs of the Company abroad in such manner as they think fit, and to establish any local boards or agencies for managing any of the affairs of the Company abroad, and to appoint any persons to be members of such local board, or any managers or agents, and to fix their remuneration.
- (7) From time to time and at any time to delegate to any one or more of the Directors of the Company for the time being, or any other person or company for the time being, residing or carrying on business in Ceylon or elsewhere, all or any of the powers hereby made exercisable by the Directors, except those relating to shares and any others as to which special provisions inconsistent with such delegation are herein contained; and they shall have power to fix the remuneration of and at any time to remove such Director or other person or company, and to annul or vary any such delegation. They shall not, however, be entitled to delegate any powers of borrowing or charging the property of the Company to any Agent of the Company or other person, except by instrument in writing, which shall specifically state the extent to which such powers may be used by the person or persons to whom they are so delegated, and compliance therewith shall be a condition precedent to the exercise of these powers.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

113. Meeting of Directors.—The Directors may meet for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings as they may think fit, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Until otherwise determined, two Directors shall be a quorum.

114. A Director may summon meetings of Directors.—A Director may at any time summon a meeting of Directors. 115. Who is to preside at meetings of Board.—The Board may elect a Chairman of their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office, and all meetings of the Directors shall be presided over by the Chairman, if one has been elected and if present, but if there be a vacancy in the office of Chairman, or if at any meeting of Directors the Chairman be not present at the time appointed for holding the same, then and in that case the Directors present shall choose one of their meetings is a summary of the time appoint of the same, then and in that case the Directors present shall choose one of

the number to be Chairman of such meeting. 116. Questions at meetings how decided.—Any question which shall arise at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman thereat shall have a casting vote in addition to his vote as a Director.

to his vote as a Director. 117. Board may appoint committees.—The Board may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as the Board think fit, and they may from time to time revoke and discharge any⁴⁴ such committee, either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee so formed shall, in exercise of the powers delegated to it, conform to all such regulations as may be prescribed by the Board. All acts done by any such committee, in conformity with such regulations and in the fulfilment of the purposes of their appointment, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board. 118. Acts of Board or committee valid notwithstanding informal appointment.—The acts of the Board or of any

118. Acts of Board or committee valid notwithstanding informal appointment.—The acts of the Board or of any committees appointed by the Board shall, notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board or committee or defect in the appointment of any Director or of any member of the committee, be as valid as if no such vacancy or defect had existed and as if every person had been duly appointed, provided the same be done before the discovery of the defect. 119. Regulation of proceedings of committees.—The meetings and proceedings of such committees shall be governed.

119. Regulation of proceedings of commutees.—Ine meetings and proceedings of such committees shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto, and be not superseded by the express terms of the appointment of such committee respectively, or any regulation imposed by the Board.

120. Resolution in writing by all the Directors as valid as if passed at a meeting of Directors.—A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted.

121. Minutes of proceedings of the Company and the Directors to be recorded.—The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in books to be provided for the purpose of the following matters, videlicet :—

- (a) Of all appointments of officers and committees made by the Directors.
- (b) Of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors and of the members of the committee appointed by the Board present at each meeting of the committee.

27)

- (c) Of the resolutions and proceedings of all General Meetings.
- (d) Of the resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of the Directors and of the committees appointed by the Board.
- (e) Of all orders made by the Directors.

122. Signature of minutes of proceedings and effect thereof.—All such minutes shall be signed by the person or one of the persons who shall have presided as Chairman at the General Meeting, the Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, at which the business minuted shall have been transacted, or by the person or one of the persons who shall preside as Chairman at the next ensuing General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively; and all minutes purporting to have been signed by any Chairman of any General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively; and all minutes purporting to have been signed by any Chairman of any General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively, shall, for all purposes whatsoever, be prime facie evidence of the actual and regular passing of the resolutions, and the actual and regular transaction or occurrence of the proceedings and other matters purporting to be so recorded, and of the regularity of the meeting at which the same shall appear to have taken place, and of the Chairmanship and signature of the person appearing to have signed as Chairman, and of the date on which such meeting was held. 123. The use of the seat.—The seal of the Company shall not be used or affixed to any deed, certificate of shares,

123. The use of the seat. In the seat of the Company shall not be used or affixed to any deed, certificate of shares, or other instrument except in the presence of two or more of the Directors, or of one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries, of the Company, who shall attest the sealing thereof; such attestation on the part of the Secretaries, in the event of a firm being the Secretaries, being signified by a partner or duly authorized manager, attorney, or agent of the said firm signing for and on behalf of the said firm as such Secretaries.

ACCOUNTS.

124. What accounts to be kept.—The Agent or Secretary or the Agents or Secretaries for the time being, or, if there be no Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries, the Directors shall cause true accounts to be kept of the paid-up capital for the time being of the Company, and of all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and of the matters

in respect of which such expenditure take place, and of the assets, credits, and liabilities of the Company, and generally of all its commercial, financial, and other affairs, transactions, and engagements, and of all other matters necessary for showing the true financial state and condition of the Company; and the accounts shall be kept in such books and in such a manner at the registered office of the Company as the Directors think fit.

125. Accounts how and when open to inspection.-The Directors shall from time to time determine whether, and to what extent, and at what times and places, and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the Company or of any of them shall be open to the inspection of the Shareholders, and no Shareholder shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company, except as conferred by statute or authorized by the Directors or by a resolution of the Company in General Meeting. 126. Statement of account and balance sheet to be furnished to General Meetings.—At the Ordinary General Meeting

in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company a statement of the profit and loss account for the preceding financial year, and a balance sheet containing a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company made up to the end of the same period.

127. Report to accompany statement.-Every such statement shall be accompanied by a report as to the state and condition of the Company and as to the amount which they recommend to be paid out of the profits by way of dividend or bonus to the Shareholders, and the statement, report, and balance sheet shall be signed by the Directors.

128. Copy of balance sheet to be sent to Shareholders .- A printed copy of such balance sheet shall, at least seven days previous to such meeting, be delivered at, or posted to, the registered address of every Shareholder.

DIVIDENDS, BONUS, AND RESERVE FUND.

129. Declaration of dividend.-The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, from time to time declare a dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders in proportion to the amount paid on their shares, but no dividend or bonus shall be payable except out of nett profits. All profits (if any) earned on the properties of the Company prior to incorporation shall be available for distribution as dividends. 130. Interim dividend.—The Directors may also, if they think fit, from time to time and at any time, without

the sanction of a General Meeting, determine on and declare an interim dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders on account and in anticipation of the dividend on the then current year.

131. Reserve fund .- Proviously to the Directors recommending any dividend they may set aside, out of the profits of the Company, such a sum as they think proper as a reserve fund, and shall invest the same in such securities as they shall think fit, or place the same in fixed deposit in any bank or banks.

132. Application thereof.—The Directors may from time to time apply such portion as they think fit of the reserve fund to meet contingencies, or for equalizing dividends, or for working the business of the Company, or for repairing or maintaining or extending the buildings and premises, or for the repair or renewal or extension of the property or plant connected with the business of the Company or any part thereof, or for any other purpose of the Company which they may from time to time deem expedient.

133. Unpaid interest or dividend not to bear interest.--- No unpaid interest or dividend or bonus shall ever bear interest against the Company.

134. No Shareholder to receive dividend while debt due to Company .-- No Shareholder shall be entitled to receive ayment of any dividend or bonus in respect of his share or shares whilst any moneys may be due or owing from him

(whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company in respect of such share or shares or otherwise howsoever. 135. Directors may deduct debt from the dividends.—The Directors may deduct from the dividend or bonus payable to any Shareholder all sums of money due from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company, and notwithstanding such sums shall not be payable until after the date when such dividend is payable.

136. Notice of dividend : forfeiture of unclaimed dividend .-- Notice of all interest or dividends or bonuses to become payable shall be given to each Shareholder entitled thereto; and all interest or dividend or bonuses unclaimed by any Shareholder for three years after notice thereof is given may be forfeited by a resolution of the Board of Directors for the benefit of the Company, and, if the Directors think fit, may be applied in augmentation of the reserve fund. 137. Shares held by a firm.—Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by a firm may be paid to,

and an effectual receipt given by, any partner of such firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm. 138. Joint-holders other than a firm.—Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by several

persons jointly, other than a firm, may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any one of such persons.

AUDIT.

139. Accounts to be audited.-The accounts of the Company shall from time to time be examined, and the correctness

of the balance sheet ascertained by one or more Auditor or Auditors. 140. Qualification of Auditors.—No person shall be eligible as an Auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Shareholder in any transaction of the Company, but it shall not be a necessary qualification for an Auditor that he be a Shareholder of the Company, and no Director or officer of the Company shall, during his continuance in office, be eligible as an Auditor.

141. Appointment and retirement of Auditors.-The Directors shall appoint the first Auditor or Auditors of the Company and fix his or their remuneration; all future Auditors, except as is hereinafter mentioned, shall be appointed at the First Ordinary General Meeting of the Company in each year by the Shareholders present thereat, and shall hold their office only until the First Ordinary General Meeting after their respective appointments, or until otherwise ordered by a General Meeting.

142. Retiring Auditors eligible for re-election .--- Retiring Auditors shall be eligible for re-election.

143. Remuneration of Auditors.—The remuneration of the Auditors other than the first shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting, and this remuneration may from time to time be varied by a General Meeting.

144. Casual vacancy in number of Auditors how filled up.-If any vacancy that may occur in the office of Auditor shall not be supplied at any Ordinary General Meeting, or if any casual vacancy shall occur, the Directors shall (subject to the approval of the next Ordinary General Meeting) fill up the vacancy by the appointment of a person who shall hold the office until such meeting.

145. Duty of Auditor - Every Auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet intended to be laid before the next Ordinary General Meeting, and it shall be his duty to examine the same with the accounts and vouchers

relating thereto, and to report thereon to the meeting, generally or specially, as he may think fit. 146. Company's accounts to be opened to Auditors for audit.—All accounts, books, and documents whatsoever of the Company shell at all times he area to the the the total accounts. the Company shall at all times be open to the Auditors for the purpose of audit.

NOTICES.

147. Notices how authenticated.—Notices from the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed or written) of the Agent or Secretary, Agents or Secretaries, or other persons appointed by the Board to do so. 148. Shareholders to register address.—Every Shareholder shall give an address in Ceylon, which shall be deemed

to be his place of abode, and shall be registered as such in the books of the Company.

Service of notices.—A notice may be served by the Company upon any Shareholder, either personally or by sending through the post in a prepaid letter, addressed to such Shareholder at his registered address of place of abode; and any notice so served shall be deemed to be well served for all purposes, notwithstanding that the Shareholder to whom such notice is addressed be dead, unless his executors or administrators shall have given to the Directors, or to the Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries of the Company, their own or some other address in Ceylon. 149. Notice to joint-holders of shares other than a firm.—All notices directed to be given to Shareholder shall,

149. Notice to joint-holders of shares other than a firm.—All notices directed to be given to Shareholders shall, with respect to any share to which persons other than a firm are jointly entitled, be sufficient if given to any one of such persons, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares.

150. Date and proof of service.—Any notice if served by post shall be deemed to have been served on thé day on which the letter containing the same would in ordinary course of post have been delivered at its address, and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and posted at a post office, or put into a post box, and the entry in the Company's books of the leaving or sending by post of any notice at or to such address shall be sufficient evidence thereof, and no further evidence shall be necessary.

. 151. Non-resident Shareholders must register addresses in Ceylon.—Every Shareholder residing out of Ceylon shall name and register in the books of the Company an address within Ceylon at which all notices shall be served upon him, and all notices served at such address shall be deemed to be well served. If he shall not have named and registered such an address, he shall not be entitled to any notices.

All notices required to be given by advertisement shall be published in the Ceylon Government Gazette.

ARBITRATION.

152. Directors may refer disputes to arbitration.—Whenever any question or other matter whatsoever arises in dispute between the Company and any other Company or person, the same may be referred by the Directors to arbitration.

EVIDENCE.

153. Evidence in action by Company against Shareholders.—On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought or instituted by the Company against any Shareholder or his representatives to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is or was when the claim arose on the Register of Shareholders of the Company as a holder of the number of shares in respect of which such claim is made, and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company; and it shall not be necessary to prove the registration of the Company, nor the appointment of the Directors who made any call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made, nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof of the matters aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

PROVISIONS RELATIVE TO WINDING UP OR DISSOLUTION OF THE COMPANY.

154. Purchase of Company's property by Shareholders.—Any Shareholder, whether a Director or not, or whether alone or jointly with any other Shareholder or Director, and any person not a Shareholder, may become the purchaser of the property of the Company or any part thereof, in the event of a winding up or a dissolution, or at any other time when a sale of the Company's property or effects or any part thereof shall be made by the Directors under the powers hereby or under the Ordinance conferred upon them.

155. Distribution.—If the Company shall be wound up, and there shall be any surplus assets after payment of all. debts and satisfaction of all liabilities of the Company, such surplus assets shall be applied, first, in repaying to the holders of the preference shares (if any) the amounts paid up or reckoned as paid up thereon and the balance in repaying to the holders of the ordinary shares the amounts paid up or reckoned as paid up on such ordinary shares. If there shall remain any surplus assets after repayment of the whole of the paid up capital, such surplus assets shall be divided among the shareholders in proportion to the capital paid up, or reckoned as paid up, on the shares which are held by them respectively at the commencement of the winding up.

156. Payment in specie, and vesting in trustees.—If the Company shall be wound up, the liquidator, whether voluntary or official, may, with the sanction of an extraordinary resolution, divide among the contributories in specie any part of the assets of the Company, and may, with their sanction, vest any part of the assets of the Company in trustees upon such trust for the benefit of the contributories as the liquidator, with like sanction, shall think fit.

In witness whereof the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereunto set and subscribed their names, at Colombo, this 8th day of June, 1912.

W. HENRY FIGG.

J. LOCHORE.

P. A. BARLOW.

W. E. DRURY.

E. R. WALDOCK.

G. FELLOWES (by his attorney W. HENRY FIGG).

KENNETH J. HARPER (by his attorney W. HENRY FIGG).

Witness to the signatures of the above-named W. HENRY FIGG, J. LOCHORE, P. A. BARLOW, W. E. DRURY, G. FELLOWES, KENNETH J. HARPER, and E. R. WALDOCK.

[Third Publication.]

LESLIE W. F. DE SARAM, Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo, E 3 624 CEYLON GOVERNMENT GAZETTE - JULY 5, 1912 V

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF "THE CEYLONESE UNION COMPANY, LIMITED,"

The name of the Company is "THE CEYLONESE UNION COMPANY, LIMITED." ۱.

The registered office of the Company is to be established in Colombo. 2.

3. The objects for which the Company is formed are to establish and work one or more newspapers, periodicals, and printing presses, and an association in support of the general interests of the Ceylonese.

²4. The liability of the Shareholders is limited.

0%

The nominal capital of the Company is Rupees Two hundred thousand (Rs. 200,000) divided into two hundred ã. shares of One thousand Rupees (Rs. 1,000) each.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names :-

				,	
Names and Addresses	of Subscribers.			Number	of Shares.
P. RAMANATHAN, Colombo	•••		•••		One
S. C. OBEYESEKERE, Colombo		•••	••		One
S. L. NAINA MARIKAB, Colombo	••	•••	• •		One
H. A. JAYEWARDENE, Colombo	••	••	•••	<i>.</i> .	One
E. W. JAYEWARDENE, Colombo	•••	•••			One
W. CHAPMAN DIAS, Colombo	•••	••	•••		One
FRANCIS DE ZOYSA, Colombo	• •	•••	••		One
D. C. SENANAYEKE, Colombo	•••	•••			One
W. SANGARAPULLY, Colombo		. 6.	••		One
N. RATNASABAPATHY, Colombo	•••				One
T. Sockanathan, Colombo	•••				One
A. M. WAPICHE MARIKAR, Color	nbo	••	••		One
A. H. GOONETILLEKE, Colombo	•••	••	••• •		One
HENRY A. PIERIS, Colombo .	•••				One ·
F. J. Alles, Colombo	••				One
W. DIAS, Colombo	••	• •		••	One
	 P. RAMANATHAN, Colombo S. C. OBEYESEKERE, Colombo S. L. NAINA MARIKAR, Colombo H. A. JAYEWARDENE, Colombo H. A. JAYEWARDENE, Colombo W. JAYEWARDENE, Colombo W. CHAPMAN DIAS, Colombo FRANCIS DE ZOYSA, Colombo D. C. SENANAYEKE, Colombo D. C. SENANAYEKE, Colombo W. SANGARAPULLY, Colombo N. RATNASABAPATHY, Colombo T. Sockanathan, Colombo A. M. WAPICHE MARIKAR, Color A. H. GOONETILLEKE, Colombo HENRY A. PIERIS, Colombo F. J. ALLES, Colombo 	 S. C. OBEYESEKEBE, Colombo S. L. NAINA MARIKAR, Colombo H. A. JAYEWARDENE, Colombo E. W. JAYEWARDENE, Colombo W. CHAPMAN DIAS, Colombo FRANCIS DE ZOYSA, Colombo D. C. SENANAYEKE, Colombo D. C. SENANAYEKE, Colombo W. SANGARAPULLY, Colombo N. RATNASABAPATHY, Colombo T. SOCKANATHAN, Colombo A. M. WAPICHE MARIKAB, Colombo A. H. GOONETILLEKE, Colombo HENRY A. PIERIS, Colombo F. J. ALLES, Colombo W. DIAS, Colombo 	P. RAMANATHAN, Colombo S. C. OBEYESEKERE, Colombo S. L. NAINA MARIKAR, Colombo H. A. JAYEWARDENE, Colombo H. A. JAYEWARDENE, Colombo E. W. JAYEWARDENE, Colombo W. CHAPMAN DIAS, Colombo FRANCIS DE ZOYSA, Colombo D. C. SENANAYEKE, Colombo W. SANGARAPULLY, Colombo N. RATNASABAPATHY, Colombo T. SOCKANATHAN, Colombo A. M. WAPICHE MARIKAB, Colombo HENRY A. PIERIS, Colombo F. J. ALLES, Colombo W. DIAS, Colombo	P. RAMANATHAN, Colombo S. C. OBEYESEKERE, Colombo S. L. NAINA MARIKAB, Colombo H. A. JAYEWARDENE, Colombo H. A. JAYEWARDENE, Colombo E. W. JAYEWARDENE, Colombo W. CHAPMAN DIAS, Colombo FRANCIS DE ZOYSA, Colombo D. C. SENANAYEKE, Colombo W. SANGARAPULLY, Colombo N. RATNASABAPATHY, Colombo A. M. WAPICHE MARIKAB, Colombo A. M. WAPICHE MARIKAB, Colombo HENRY A. PIERIS, Colombo F. J. ALLES, Colombo W. DIAS Colombo	P. RAMANATHAN, Colombo S. C. OBEYESEKERE, Colombo S. L. NAINA MARIKAR, Colombo H. A. JAYEWARDENE, Colombo H. A. JAYEWARDENE, Colombo E. W. JAYEWARDENE, Colombo W. CHAPMAN DIAS, Colombo FRANCIS DE ZOYSA, Colombo D. C. SENANAYEKE, Colombo W. SANGARAPULLY, Colombo N. RATNASABAPATHY, Colombo N. RATNASABAPATHY, Colombo A. M. WAPICHE MARIKAB, Colombo A. H. GOONETILLEKE, Colombo HENRY A. PIERIS, Colombo W. DIAS, Colombo

Colombo, April 13, 1912.

Witness to the above signatures, at Colombo, namely, the Hon. Mr. P. RAMANATHAN, the Hon. Sir S. C. OBEYE-SEKERE, and Mossis. S. L. NAINA MARIKAR HADJIAR, H. A. JAYEWARDENE, E. W. JAYEWARDENE, W. CHAPMAN DIAS. FRANCIS DE ZOYSA, D. C. SENANAYEKE, W. SANGARAPULLY, N. RATNASABAPATHY, T. SOCKANATHAN, A. M. WAPICHE MARIKAR, A. H. GOONETILLEKE, HENRY A. PIERIS, F. J. ALLES, and W. DIAS.

C. M. BRITO Proctor, Supreme Court, and Notary Public.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF "THE CEYLONESE UNION COMPANY, LIMITED."

It is agreed that the regulations contained in the Table C in the schedule annexed to "The Joint Stock Companies Ordinance, 1861," subject to the hereinafter mentioned modifications, shall be deemed to be the regulations of the Company The modifications are as follows :---

ISSUE AND TRANSFER OF SHARES.

The Directors may decline, without any reason being assigned by them, to issue or allot any share or shares to any applicant or to register the transfer of any share or shares held by a Shareholder which, in the interests of the Company, they deem it inexpedient to issue or allot or register.

Every instrument of transfer shall be left at the office of the Company for approval by the Directors, accompanied by such evidence as may be required by the Directors to prove the title of the transferor. If the transfer be approved, such approval shall be certified in writing under the hand of two of the Directors endorsed on such instrument of transfer, and the Company shall thereupon register the transferee as a Shareholder. If the transfer be not approved, the proposed transfor shall be absolutely void, and notice of non-approval shall be sent to the Shareholder intending to transfer such share. If no notice of non-approval shall be sent to the Shareholder within thirty days, the transfer shall be deemed to have been approved.

FORFEITURE OF SHARES.

Forfeited shares may be redeemed by the party whose shares have been declared forfeited at any time before they are disposed of on payment of the amount of calls due, interest, and all costs incurred, and on payment thereof such shares shall revest in the person entitled thereto before the forfeiture, and be held by him in the same manner as if the call in respect of which they were forfeited had been duly paid.

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QUORUM AT GENERAL[®]MEETING.

No business shall be transacted at any Meeting, except the declaration of a dividend, unless a quorum of Shareholders is present at the commencement of such business, and seven Shareholders shall form a quorum.

VOTE OF SHAREHOLDERS.

Each Shareholder shall be entitled to one vote for every share held by him. Shares may be registered in the joint names of two persons, but only one of them shall be entitled to vote in respect of such shares. Any representative, by power of attorney, of any absent Shareholder duly authorized and notified as hereinafter provided, shall be entitled not only to speak and vote at the Meetings of the Company, but shall also have power to appoint a proxy to represent his interests at such Meetings. Provided always that no person who is not a Shareholder in the Company can be appointed to act as proxy.

Powers of attorney or proxies to vote at Meetings of Shareholders need not be deposited at the registered office of the Company, but it shall be sufficient if they are produced to the Chairman at the Meeting by the parties holding the same.

DIRECTORS.

Until other or further provision is made at some General Meeting, the number of Directors shall be three, two of whom shall form a quorum, and the first Directors shall be those who have been provisionally appointed by the subscribers hereof.

Every Director shall hold not less than one share in the Company in his own name, and not jointly with another.

Powers of Directors.

Directors shall have the power to do the following things in the name and on behalf of the Company :----

From time to time to appoint and remove such Editors and Officers, Bankers and Proctors, or Solicitors, to the Company, as they may deem expedient ; and to appoint an attorney or attorneys under the seal of the Company as they may deem necessary to act specially on behalf of the Company out of the Island ; and to revoke such appointment and to appoint or remove one or more of their number as Managing Directors, and to fix the salaries of such persons.

To take on lease any land or other real or personal property that they think requisite or desirable for the purposes of the Company.

To erect any buildings for the purposes of the Company.

To execute all deeds, receipts, and other documents they may deem necessary, and for that purpose to use when required the seal of the Company.

To refer disputes to arbitration ; to compromise any debt or claim due to or by the Company ; to give time to any debtor for payment of his debt.

The make, accept, and endorse any bill of exchange or promissory note that may be considered necessary by a Meeting of the Board of Directors for the business of the Company. To borrow on behalf of the Company any sum of money they may deem expedient either for the purpose of extending the business of the Company or for any other purpose connected with the business of the Company ; to give security for money so borrowed or any part thereof, debentures or mortgage, or debentures secured by mortgages, such mortgages being on the whole or any part of the property of the Company, bonds, bills of exchange, promissory notes, or such other securities as they may think fit. Provided that the whole amount of the moneys due in respect of loans at any one time shall not exceed half of the nominal capital of the Company, unless by consent of the Company given at a General Meeting of the Shareholders after due notice of an intended resolution to increase the amount of loans, specifying the amount proposed to be borrowed and the amount of existing loans, debts, and liabilities.

To carry into effect all or any of the objects of the Company as expressed in the Memorandum of Association, and to exercise all or any of the powers thereby given to the Company.

To bring or defend or abandon any action, suit or prosecution, or other legal proceedings, civil or criminal. To exercise, in the name and on behalf of the Company, all such powers of the Company as are not expressedly

required to be exercised by the Company in General Meetings. Provided, however, that the seal of the Company shall not be affixed to any instrument except in the presence of at least two Directors, who shall attest the sealing thereof. And provided further that all moneys, except the moneys required for current expenses, shall from time to time be deposited by the Directors with the Bankers of the Company to the account of the Ceylonese Union Company, Limited, and that cheques shall be signed and all bills drawn, accepted, and endorsed by at least one Director and the Secretary. And provided also that the Directors shall not have the power to purchase shares of the Company on behalf of the Company with its funds.

MEETINGS OF DIRECTORS AND GENERAL MEETINGS.

The Directors shall meet once in every month, or more frequently, if necessary. Ordinary Meetings of the Share-S holders shall be held as soon after the Thirtieth June and Thirty-first December in each year, as the books of the Company shall have been closed ; and of such Meetings not less than seven days' public notice shall be given.

The Directors shall, at least seven days prior to these Meetings, give or send to the registered address of every resident Shareholder, and also submit to these Meetings, a correct statement of the affairs of the Company and their earnings and expenses during the part half year, and their assets and liabilities reckoned up to the said Thirtieth June and Thirty-first expenses during the part han year, and their assets and aboutties reconcer up to the said infriend of the and intro-nist December respectively ; and shall submit for the consideration of the Meeting any information and suggestion likely to forward the general convenience and promote the welfare and interests of the Company. Besides the Half-Yearly General Meeting to be held as aforesaid, General Meetings shall be held at such other times

as business of importance may render necessary.

NOTICES.

When shares are registered in the joint names of two persons, notice may be duly served upon either of them by giving the same to either of them or by leaving such notices or sending them through the post in a letter addressed to either of them at his private residence or place of business.

It shall be imperative on every Shareholder resident abroad or absent from the Island to have an agent or attorney resident in Geylon lawfully authorized and duly notified to the Company as being authorized to receive, on behalf of the said Shareholder, all notices which the said Shareholder may be entitled to receive under these Articles or otherwise. And the Company shall not be bound to give notice to any Shareholder resident abroad otherwise than by giving the same to the Agent or Attorney so authorized and notified.

Any Shareholder who shall not have a resident agent or attorney so authorized and notified shall not be entitled to notice, and may be dealt with as having had notice or as having agreed to dispense with notice anything herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Every person, who, by operation of law, by transfer or other means, shall become entitled to any share shall be bound by any and every notices or other document which, previous to his name and address being entered on the register in respect of his share, shall already have been given to the person from whom he derives his title.

When any notice or document is delivered or sent in accordance with these presents to the registered place of abode of a Shareholder, then, notwithstanding his being then deceased and whether or not the Company shall have had notice of his decease, such service of the notice or other document shall for all purposes be deemed sufficient service thereof on his heirs, executors, and administrators.

In witness whereof the Subscribers of the Memorandum of Association have hereunto set and subscribed their names at Colombo.

> S. C. OBEYESEKERE. S. L. NAINA MARIKAR. H. A. JAYEWARDENÉ. E. W. JAYEWARDENE. W. CHAPMAN DIAS. FRANCIS DE ZOYSA. D. C. SENANAYERE.

P. RAMANATHAN.

- W. SANGARAPULLY.
- N. RATNASABA PATHY.

T. SOCKANATHAN.

A. M. WAPICHE MARIKAR.

A. H. GOONETILLERE.

- HENRY A. PIERIS.
- F. J. Alles.
- W. DIAS.

Witness to the above signatures: C. M. Brito,

Proctor, Supreme Court, and Notary Public.

Colombo, April 13, 1912. [Second Publication.]

Gulanegoda Products Company, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Gulanegoda Products Company, Limited, will be held at the registered office of the Company, No. 18, Baillie street, Fort, Colombo, on Saturday, July 13, 1912, at 12.30 P.M., for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing the subjoined resolution, viz. :--

"That the Directors be and they are hereby authorized to accept the offer, which they have received, of Rs. 400,000 cash for the whole of the Company's property."

Should the above resolution be duly passed, the subjoined resolution will be proposed at the same Meeting, and, if passed by the requisite majority, will be submitted for confirmation as a special resolution to an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, which will be subsequently convened, viz. :--

"That the Gulanegoda Products Company, Limited, be wound up voluntarily.

By order of the Board,

SKRINE & CO., Agents and Secretaries.

Application for Enrolment as a Proctor.

I, Aloysius Elias de Soyza, of Palm House, Mutwal, Colombo, Proctor of the District Court of Colombo, do hereby give notice that, six weeks hence, I shall apply to the Hon. the Chief Justice and the other Justices of the Supreme Court of the Island of Ceylon to be admitted and enrolled a Proctor of the said Court.

A. E. DE SOYZA Colombo, July 4, 1912. Proctor, District Court, Colombo.

Auction Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of the decree entered in case No. 33,228, D. C., Colombo, I am directed by the said court to put up for sale by public auction on Saturday, July 20, 1912, commencing at 3 P.M., at the respective spots the following properties, declared bound and execu-table under the said decree, for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 1,385 and interest and costs of suit, and ordered to be sold by me. to wit :-sold by me, to wit :-

1. An undivided half of the land called Talgahawatta, situated at Egoda Uyana, in the Palle pattu of Salpiti

korale, in extent 3 roods and 26 perches, and the plantations standing thereon. 2. The southern four-seventh parts from and out of the

seven-eighth parts of the five contiguous portions of Madangahawatta, situated at Egoda Uyana aforesaid, in extent to plant about 125 coconut trees, and the plantations standing thereon.

M. PEIRIS, Auctioneer.

Auction Sale.

In the District Court of Colombo.

(1) K. R. K. N. Arunasalam Chetty and (2) V. P. L. K. R. Ramasamy Chetty, both of Sea street, Colombo Vs. No. 34,129. (1) Eugene Elders of Borella, (2) Eleanor Margaret Elders of Borella, (3) Abdul Hassim Ibrahimjee

Jeevenjee of Maliban street, Colombo, (4) v R. S. Armugam Chetty of Sea street,

UNDER and by virtue of a decree entered in the abovestyled action, I am directed by the District Court of Colombo to sell by public auction at the respective spots the following properties, declared bound and executable, for the payment of the sum of Rs. 36,170, with interest on Rs. 35,000 at 9 per cent. per annum from March 26, 1912, to April 26, 1912, and thereafter further interest on the aggregate amount of the decree at 9 per cent. per annum till payment in full and costs of suit.

Such sale to take place on Wednesday, July 10, 1912.

At 3 P.M.

All that house, together with all the other buildings and the ground appertaining thereto, situated at Land street, in Pettah, within the Municipality and in the District of Colombo, Western Province, and now bearing assessment No. 16, Norris road, and No. 80, Maliban street; containing in extent 12 perches more or less.

At 4.30 P.M.

All that part of the garden called Gorakagahawatta, with the buildings standing thereon, situated at Welikada, in the Palle pattu of Salpiti korale, but now bearing assessment No. 24, Cotta road, Borella, within the Municipality and the District of Colombo, Western Province; containing in. extent 1 rood and 64/100 square perches.

15, Baillie street.

D. P. TAMPOE, Auctioneer.

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LOCAL BOARD NOTICES.

LOCAL BOARD OF NAWALAPITIYA.

Statement of Revenue and Expenditure of the Local Board of Nawalapitiya for the Year 1911.

	Amount.	Total.		Amount.	
Revenue.	Rs. c.	Rs. c.)		Rs. c.
Taxes.			Interest and sinking fund on loans	· , —	1,287 0
	1,142-40		Clast of Advisitions		
Property rates—arrears			Cost of Administration.	1 000 0	
Thoroughfares Ordinance collections	2,139 20		Secretary and Inspector Cattle pound and slaughter-house	1,080 0	
Water-rate Water-rate-arrears	638 92	• •		150 0	•
Animals and vehicles	26 0		Peon	180 0	
Animals and vehicles	41 20		Water-works watcher	180 0	
Government contribution in lieu of	., 11 20	•	Conservancy watcher		
local rates	717 86	6,920 71	Cemetery-keeper	240 0	
•	*. · · · · ·		Cemetery cooly	180 0)
Licenses.		•	Caretaker, Infectious Diseases hos-		
Refund of stamp duty	$244 \ 45$	1	pital	63 () .
Opium	2,166 46	i	Contribution towards salary of Clerk,		, · ·
		2,410 91	Local Board, Kachcheri	180 (
Rents.			Local Board Overseer	240 (
Meat market rent Fish market rent Vegetable market rent			Local Board Overseer Stationery Printed forms Cost of Audit Bemuneration to assessors	89 7,8	
Fish market rent			Printed forms	96 65	
Town Hall rent	96 0	-	Cost of Audit	. 82 83	
Town Hall rent					
fees				$\begin{array}{r} 320 & 70 \\ 47 & 25 \end{array}$	
Q	46 50		Batta to peon going to Kandy Value of tin plates	47 20	
	22 60		Allowance for writing out assessment	11 00	· .
		2,857 60	notices and receipts	48, 0	
Fines.					3,339 78
Police Magistrate	•	102 50	Sanitation.		0,000 ,0
•			Scavenging	1,332 64	
Miscelláneous.			Latrine conservancy, public	1,499 50	
Sale of dog collars.	1 48		Latrine conservancy, private	174,0	
Contribution for upkeep of private			Disinfectants	23 39	
latrine	424 0		Disinfectants Miscellaneous	95 7	
Contribution for upkeep of Govern-				ei	3,124 60
ment Railway latrine Hire of hearse	76 0		Lighting.	1 50 8	•
Hire of hearse Sundries			Lamp lighter		
Private water service			value of oil, repairs, &c.	1,224 0	
	417 90	2,001 12	Police.	-	1,374 0
		2,001 12	Dog collars	25 0	1
		14,292 84	Seizing and destroying stray dogs	65 32	
Balance on December 31, 1910		11,127 70			90 32
		_, • • •	Public Works.	•	
· ·			Tools and stores	58 0	
9			Water supply	388 22	t i star
			noaus	371 0	
•			Drains and culverts	250 0	1. A
•			Upkeep of cemetery	594 85	
			Market upkeep	783	3 000
			Miscellaneous.		1.66990
·		.	Postage	00.02	
	a.		Advertisements	26 35	
		1	Unforeseen charges	46 75	an a
•		. 1		1,252 84	1 205 04
• •					1,325 94
					12,211 54
· · ·			Balance on December 31, 1911		
	-			••	13,209 0
•	Total	25,420 54	•	Total	95 490 54
	-			Total.	25,420 54
I A H Pinder do hereby swee	w that the e	horro inte di	a head of such a list is a second	14 A	

I, A. H. Pinder, do hereby swear that the above is to the best of my knowledge and belief a true and correct account of all moneys received and paid on account of the Local Board of Nawalapitiya during the year 1911, and that the balance is in the hands of the Hon. the Government Agent, Kandy.

Sworn to before me on June 26, 1912:

M. S. MILNE, Justice of the Peace. A. H. PINDER, Deputy Chairman.

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F. J. FERNANDO, Member.

ASSETS.	Amount. Rs. c.	Tota Rs.	1	LIABILITIES.		Amou		Tot	
Taxes. Fovernment contribution in lieu of	ns. c.			Cost of Administration Batta to peon going to Kand		Rs.	с.	Rs. 4	. 7
local rates		717 1,5 3 9	86 4	Sanitation. Scavenging Latrine conservancy, public Latrine conservancy, private	•	. 210	80 8 80 9 0 8 50		
Miscellaneous.	•			Lighting				541	8
Contribution for upkeep of private latrine	6 0			Value of oil, repairs, &c.				95	ŏ
Contribution for upkeep of Railway latrine Sundries	8 0 163 75		1	Police. Seizing and destroying stray	dogs			` 1	1
		177	75	Public Works. Water supply	• •			.5	ŏ
Balance on December 31, 1911	•••	2,434 13,209		Miscellaneous. Postuge Advertisements			370 30	. 1	
•								16	3
· · ·		•		• •	•			664	
				, v		Balance		14,979	9
	Total		'	v		Total		15,643	3
I, A. H. Pinder, do hereby swea of the Assets and Liabilities of the Lo Sworn to before me on	ar that to t ocal Board June 26, 1	he best o on Dece 912 :	of m mbe	v knowledge and belief the abo r 31, 1911.		Total true and A. H. Pr Depu	corr INDE ty Cl	15,643 ect acco R, hairman	3
of the Assets and Liabilities of the Lo	ar that to t ocal Board June 26, 1 M. S	he best o on Decer 912 : . MILNE;	of m mbe	y knowledge and belief the abo r 31, 1911. Peace.		Total true and A. H. Pi	corr inde ty Cl rnai	15,643 ect acco R, hairman	3
of the Assets and Liabilities of the Lo	ar that to t boal Board June 26, 1 M. S J	he best o on Decer 912 : . MILNE; ustice of	of m mbe	r 31, 1911. Peace.	•	Total true and A. H. Pr Depu F. J. FE	COLL INDE ty Cl	15,643 ect acco R, hairman NDO, Membe	3
of the Assets and Liabilities of the Lo Sworn to before me on	ar that to ti beal Board June 26, 1 M. S J t of Water	he best o on Decer 912 : . MILNE; ustice of	of m mbe f the	r 31, 1911. Peace. ' /orks, Local Board, Nawalapiti	ya, du	Total true and A. H. Pr Depu F. J. FE ring the M	corr inde ty Ci rnar	15,643 ect acco R, hairman NDO, Membe	n.
of the Assets and Liabilities of the Lo Sworn to before me on Statement of Loans on account Date borrowed. February 10, 1899	ar that to ti beal Board June 26, 1 M. S J t of Water	he best of on Decer 912 : . MILNE; ustice of and Dra r what (of m mbe f the	r 31, 1911. Peace. ' /orks, Local Board, Nawalapiti ct. Amount.	y a, du Amour R	Total true and A. H. Pr Depu F. J. FE ring the M	corr inde ty Ci rnar	15,643 ect acco R, hairman NDO, Membe 1911. Bala	n.
of the Assets and Liabilities of the Lo Sworn to before me on Statement of Loans on account Date borrowed. February 10, 1899	ar that to ti ocal Board June 26, 1 M. S J t of Water Fo Waterwork Drain work ar that to t	he best o on Decer 912 : . MILNE, ustice of and Dra r what (s cs he best o	f the in W Obje	r 31, 1911. Peace. ' /orks, Local Board, Nawalapiti ct. Amount. Rs. c. 13,400 0 10,000 0 7 knowledge and belief the abo	y a, du Amour R } 11,9	Total true and A. H. Pr Depu F. J. FE ring the Y at repaid. s. c. 05 72	COTT INDE ty Cl RNAI	15,643 ect accor , , , , Mombe 1911. Bala Rs. 11,494	

Sworn to before me on June 26, 1912:		
M. S. MILNE, Justice of the Peace.	•	F. J. FERNANDO, Member.

NOTIFICATION UNDER "THE PATENTS ORDINANCE, 1906."

THE following Specifications have been accepted :--

No. 1,251 of May 15, 1912.

Alfred William Knight Schnarre.--" Improved cups and cup-holders for collecting latex from rubber trees."

Abstract.-The invention consists (1) of an adjustable wire frame to support at any height from the ground the cup in which the latex is collected; (2) of a cup cover or lid in which is arranged a duet or open spout to lead the latex to a hole or cavity through which the latex flows into the cup, such duct being made with a slope designed to ensure that rain water will be carried over the hole or cavity without falling into the cup. It is claimed also that dust and foreign matter will not enter that hole and fall into the cup.

Five claims : one sheet of drawings.

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No. 1,267 of June 13, 1912.

William Jackson .-. "Improvements in apparatus for drying tea leaf, or other produce."

Abstract .-- This invention relates to apparatus of the kind where the tea leaf or other produce to be dried is conveyed backward and forward in and through the drying chamber on endless reticulated webs or perforated bands. The object backward and forward in and through the drying chamber on endless reticulated webs or perforated bands. The object of the invention is to provide a device for feeding the tea leaf or other produce in even layers on to the endless webs or bands. • Accordingly, the uppermost run of the endless web or band is made to pass over a pulley, or along guides, ir such a way as to raise it towards one end of its run and so as to cause it to slope each way from that highest point of it and so that it emerges into a feeding and spreading chamber arranged at the top of the drying chamber at that highest point of it. In that feeding chamber is a rotary spreader which is caused to rotate by contact with the moving endless web or band and made adjustable so as to be operated in that way. 'That rotary adjustable spreader operated by that raised portion of the moving endless web or band is the feeding and spreading device claimed. Two claims : one sheet of drawings.

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PART V. - CEYLON GOVERNMENT GAZETTE - JULY 5, 1912 630 HE under-mentioned goods having been left in No. 14 Warehouse beyond the time allowed by law, notice is hereby given that the same will be sold by public auction (unless previously cleared or bonded) on Tuesday, July 30, 1912; at 1 P.M. :--Quantity and Description Date. Marks? Vessel. Port. of Goods. March 2 Nil ss. Barotse 1 bag rice sweeping March 12 F P A in a diamond ss. Malta Calcutta 1 empty case ss. Collegian March 13 Nik đo. 1 small bag rice . . C. M. S. T. ss. Nippon March 14 Trieste . . 1 demijohn acetic acid Nil ss. Marquis Bacqueham March 18 Calcutta 1 bag rice Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank March 26 ss. Okara i i • • • Java, L parcel sugar Mercantile Bank of India do. do. do. ss. Rabenfels March 26 S in a diamond and E G K Co outside Hamburg L case ss. Silesia March 28 W or nil Calcutta 3 bags manure March 30 Madura Coy or Joshua ss. Bharata Tuticorin 1 case provision H. M. Customs, D. W. ARNOTT, Colombo, June 28, 1912. for Principal Collector. **ROAD · COMMITTEE NOTICES.** Malwala Ferry-Wewelwatta Factory Estate Road. Amount. Proprietors or Agents. Estates. Acreage . Dikmukalana NOTICE is hereby given that the Local Committee 0 estate 64 65 having estimated the cost of upkeep of the Malwala Ferry Wewelwatta Factory Estate road at Rs. 16,812 during the 675 0 year 1912, the Provincial Road Committee of the Province 6th to 7th section, 18 mile. of Sabaragamuwa, acting under the provisions of section 18 of the Estate Roads Ordinance, No. 12 of 1902, have assessed Total acreage, 6,903-Cost of moiety, Rs. 275the proportion due by each estate in the district interested Sectional rate, 3.25c. 'é in the upkeep of the said road as follows : ÷ .. Hapugastenna MALWALA FERRY-WEWELWATTA FACTORY ESTATE ROAD. Group 4,642 ... 150 gr Alupolla Group . . 2.261 73 51 Amount to be recovered from estates, Rs. 16,812. 224 42 6.903 1st to 2nd section, $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile. Total acreage, 8,095-Cost of Moiety, Rs. 1,625-. Dikmukalana Sectional rate, 17.53c. 50 58 estate Assessment Acreage. Rs. c. Proprietors or Agents. Estates. 275 0 Lansdowne Rubber 8th to 13th section, 4 miles. 120 32 686 ... Co., Ltd. Lansdowne Consolidated Tea & Total acreage, 6,903-Cost of moiety, Rs. 5,250-.. Hapugastenna Lands Co. Sectional rate, 73.92c. 4,642814 18 Group . 2,261 . . . Hapugastenna Alupolla Group 396 57 Do 4,642 .. 3,431 46 Ĝroup Messrs. N. D. P. Silva Silvaland 50688 75 . Alupolla Group . . 2,261 . . 1,671 38 & Co. 8,095 1.419 82 6.903 5,102 84 150 .0 Dikmukalana Lansdowne estate 55 18 estate 147 16 Dikmukalana 1,625 0 5.250 0 3rd to 4th section, $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles. 14th to 15th section, 25 miles. Total acreage, 7,409—Cost of molety, Rs. 2,687.50— Total acreage, 2,261-Cost of moiety, Rs. 6,300-Sectional rate, 35.03c. Sectional rate, Rs. 2.74. 506 177 27 Silvaland Alupolla Group .. 2,261 .. 6,209 54 Hapugastenna 4,642 .. 1.626 16 Group 2,261 . . 792 10 Dikmukalana Alupolla Group estate 90 46 7,409 2,595 53 Dikmukalana 6.300 0 91 97 estate 2.687 50 The Provincial Road Committee of the Province of 5th to 6th section, 15 mile. Sabaragamuwa, acting under the provisions of section 19 of Total acreage, 6,903-Cost of moiety, Rs. 675-Ordinance No. 12 of 1902, will on Monday, July 15, 1912, Sectional rate, 8.84c. evidence, if necessary, and receive and consider objections to .. Hapugastenna Group 4.642 410 44 such assessment. Alupolla Group ...2,261. 199 91 Provincial Road Committee's Office, E. B. ALEXANDER, 6,903 610 35 Ratnapura, June 26, 1912. Chairman.

Malwala Ferry-Wewelwatta Factory Estate Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that, acting under the provisions of section 5 of the Estates Road Ordinance, No. 12 of 1902, the Provincial Road Committee of the Province of Sabaragamuwa will on Monday, July 15, 1912, at 1 P.M., at their office in Ratnapura, proceed to alter and vary the limits of the district already defined in respect of the above road by including Lansdowne estate among the estates to be assessed on account of the said road, and at the same time and place the committee will take evidence, if necessary, and receive and consider objections and suggestions.

Proprietor or Agents.	Estates. A	creage.
Lansdowne Rubber Co. Ltd.	Lansdowne	686
Consolidated Tea & Lands Co.	Hapugastenna Group	4,642
Do	Alupolla Group	2,261
Messrs. N. D. P. Silva Co	Silvaland .	506

Provincial Road Committee's Office, E. B. ALEXANDER, Ratnapura, June 26, 1912. Chairman.

Ratnapura-Malwala Ferry Branch Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that, acting under the provisions of section 6 of the Branch Roads Ordinance, No. 14 of 1896, the Provincial Road Committee of the Province of Sabaragamuwa will on Monday, July 15, 1912, at 1 P.M., at their office in Ratnapura, proceed to alter and vary the limits of the district already defined in respect of the above road by including Lansdowne estate and Carney estate among the estates to be assessed on account of the said road, and at the same time and place the Committee will take evidence, if necessary, and receive and consider objections and suggestions.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Ac	reage,
Lansdowne Rubber Co. Ltd.	Lansdowne		686
Consolidated Tea & Lands			
	Hapugastenna Gi	oup	4,642
Do. ·	Alupolla Group		2,261
Messrs. N. D. P. Silva & Co	Silvaland		506
Saffragam Rubber & Tea Co.			
Ltd	Carney	••	465
Provincial Road Committee's	Office, E. B. ALE	XAND	ER,

Ratnapura, June 26, 1912. Chairman.

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TRADE MARKS NOTICES.

Application No. 660.

IN compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinances, 1888 to 1904," as amended by the Ordinances Nos. 9 of 1906 and 15 of 1908, and the Regulations made on June 1, 1906, notice is hereby given that Nestle and Anglo Swiss Condensed Milk Co., of Cham and Vevey, Switzerland, and St. George's House, 6 and 8, Eastcheap, London, E. C., England, Manufacturers, who claim to be the proprietors of the following Trade Mark, have applied for the registration of the same in their name in respect of milk, whether fresh, sterilized, preserved or condensed, milk food or lacteous farina, coccoa, chocolate, chocolate bon-bons, and other food preparations, containing coccoa or milk in Class 42 in the Classification of Goods in the above-mentioned Regulations :---



The essential particulars of the Trade Mark are the device and the words "Cows Head," and the applicants disclaim any right to the exclusive use of the added matter.

Registrar-General's Office, Colombo, July 3, 1912.

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P. ARUNACHALAM, Registrar-General.

Application No. 669.

IN compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinances, 1888 to 1904," as amended by the Ordinances Nos. 9 of 1906 and 15 of 1908, and the Regulations made on June 1, 1906, notice is hereby given that Messrs. Van Cuylenburg and De Fry, of Colombo, have applied for the registration of the following Trade Mark in the name of the Chillington Tool Company, Limited, of Chillington Works, Wolverhampton, Staffordshire, England, Manufacturers, who claim to be the proprietors thereof in respect of Metal Goods not included in other classes (composed of iron and steel) such as hoes, spades, shovels, picks, grubbing picks, hammers, trowels, mining and plantation and road-making tools in Class 13 in the Classification of Goods in the above-mentioned Regulations :—



The essential particular of the Trade Mark is the distinctive device...

Registrar-General's Office, Colombo, July 3, 1912.

P. ARUNACHALAM, Registrar-General.

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