

REGISTERED AS A NEWSPAPER IN CEYLON.

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Part II.—Legal and Judicial.

PART III.—Provincial Administration.

PART IV.—Land Settlement.

Part V.—Mercantile, Marine, Municipal, Local, &c.

Separate paging is given to each Part in order that it may be filed separately.

Part I.—Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, &c.

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PROCLAMATIONS.

In the Name of His Majesty GEORGE THE FIFTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency REGINALD EDWARD STUBBS, Esquire, Officer Administering the Government of the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

R. E. STUBBS.

NOW Ye that We, the Officer Administering the Government of Ceylon, in exercise of the power in Us vested by section 26 of the Village Communities Ordinance, No. 24 of 1889, and with the advice of the Executive Council, do hereby establish Village Tribunals, as from and after July 1, 1913, in the Chief Headman's division of Kalutara and Panadure totamunes, in the District of Kalutara, Western Province, at the places set out in the schedule hereto.

Given at Colombo, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Fourteenth day of February, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Thirteen.

By His Excellency's command,

GOD SAVE THEKING.

L. W. Booth, Acting Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

At Paiyagala and Pinwatta, in the Chief Headman's division of the Kalutara and Panadure totamunes.

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In the Name of His Majesty GEORGE THE FIFTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency REGINALD EDWARD STUBBS, Esquire, Officer Administering the Government of the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

R. E. STUBBS.

WHEREAS by Proclamation, dated June 14, 1877, and July 31, 1895, the Panadure totamune, with so much of the Kalutara totamune as lies outside the police limits of the Kalutara town, in the District of Kalutara, Western Province, was brought under the operation of "The Village Communities Ordinance, 1889," and was subdivided into certain villages and convenient groups of villages for the purposes of the said Ordinance:

And whereas it is expedient to alter and amend the subdivision of the said totamune, and to subdivide the said totamune into other villages or convenient groups of villages for the purpose of the said Ordinance:

Now know Ye that We, the Officer Administering the Government of Ceylon, in exercise of the power in Us vested by section 5 of the said Ordinance, and with the advice of the Executive Council, do hereby declare and appoint that from and after July 1, 1913, the subdivisions comprising the said totamune shall be those set out in the schedule hereto.

Given at Colombo, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Fourteenth day of February, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Thirteen.

By His Excellency's command,

ь L. W. Воотн, Acting Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

SCHEDULE.

- 1. Panadure-Talpitiya subdivision, consisting of the villages Ambalanduwa, Bekkegama, Galtude, Gorakana, Gorakapola, Horetuduwa, Henemulla, Hirana, Kaduruduwa, Kehelwatta, Kuda Aruggoda, Koppala, Kuruppumulla, Maha Aruggoda, Malamulla, Minuwanpitiya, Pallimulla, Pattiya North, Pattiya South, Paratta, Sarikkamulla, Tantirimulla, Totawatta, Udahamulupattiya, Wadumulla, Walana, Walapolapattiya, Wattalpola, Werewatta, Alubomulla, Dibbedda, Imbulhia, Kaludewala, Maha Bellana, Mahawila, Madupitiya, Morawinna, Nalluruwa, Naranpitiyawa, Pamunugama, Pinwala, Pinwatta, Talpitiya, Urakaduwa, Wandurumulla, and Wekada, in the Panadure and Talpiti baddas.
- 2. Wadduwa-Waskaduwa subdivision, consisting of the villages Kuda Wadduwa, Kuda Gonaduwa, Maha Gonaduwa, Maha Wadduwa East, Maha Wadduwa West, Mawala, Mestiya, Melagama, Molligoda, Morontuduwa, Nanduwa, Weragama, Delduwa, Diyagama, Gallegoda, Koboduwa, Kuda Waskaduwa, Korosduwa, Kalugoda, Kalapugama, Nugegoda, Paraduwa, Panapitiya, Pohaddaramulla, Potupitiya, Rannungala, and Waddagoda, in the Waddu and Waskudu baddas.
- 3. Kalutara-Paiyagala subdivision, consisting of the villages Bombuwala, Bolossa, that portion of Desastara Kalutara which is outside the limits of the Local Board, Duwegama, Dediyawala, Diyagama, Etagama, Etanamada, Gamagoda, Gankandagoda, Gattara-Remunagoda, Handuru-Remunagoda, Jawatta, Kuda Heenatiyangala, Katukurunda, Koholana, Kalamulla, Mahakele, Maha Waskaduwa, Maha Heenatiyangala, Nagoda, Palatota, Serupita, Uggalboda, Ukwatta, Undupitigoda, Wilegoda, Welhena, Welikanda, Angangoda, Badalgoda, Gomarakanda, Gabadagoda, Hettividiya, Induruwegoda, Kachchagoda, Maduruduwa, Malegoda, Madinakanda, Maha Gammedda, Metiyalamulla, Nagahaduwa, Pahalagoda, Kuda Paiyagala, Maha Paiyagala, Potuwila, Panikkigoda, Pambe, Pinidiyamulla, Palayangoda, Suwandachchimulla, Weragala, Wadugoda, Badahelagoda, Diyalagoda, Duwegoda, Halkandawila, Hunugoda, Irindiligoda, Karandagoda, Kuda Magalkanda, Kapugoda, Maha Magalkanda, Marrakkalahawatta, Maggona West, Maggona East, Munhena, Munasingoda, Wawulugallana, and Yaggahamulla, in the Kalutara, Paiyagal, and Maggon baddas.
- 4. Beruwala-Alutgama subdivision, consisting of the villages Alutkadetunmanhandiya, Ambepitiya, Andigoda, Beruwalgoda, Bogalla, Bandarawatta, Badanagoda, Dinagoda, Dondigoda, Elandagoda, Ganearambe, Halawegoda, Hettimulla, Henewatta, Heralatuduwa, Hettiyakanda, Hunumulla, Kandagoda, Katukurunda, Kankanangoda, Manhandiya, Munewatta, Molliyamale, Massalgoda, Maligahena, Mahagoda, Maradana, Nallahena, Polkotuwa, Pokunegoda, Paranakade, Pannila, Periyagoda, Tantirigoda, Wellawatta, Walatara, Wanahingoda, Alutgama West, Alutgama East, Alutgamwidiya, Alakandupitiya, Avariwatta, Ganegama, Galhena, Kaluwamodera, Moragalla, Mullepitiya, Pinhena, Welipitiya, Adikarigoda, Bappugoda, Danwattegoda, Hinimulla, Hettiwatta, Kotapitiya, Koswattegoda, Kuttiweligoda, Kalawila, Kadiyawatta, Malewana, Miripenna, Nakandalagoda, Pattagoda, Padagoda, Ulagahagoda, and Warapitiya, in the Beruwal, Alutgam, and Malewan baddas.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 79 of 1913.

Colony, resigns his appointment as Honorary Colonel of the Ceylon Artillery Volunteers, with effect from January 23, 1913.

By His Excellency's command,

L. W. BOOTH,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Acting Colonial Secretary. Colombo, February 15, 1913.

No. 80 of 1913.

of February 17, 1911, HIS EXCELLENCY THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT has been pleased to appoint the following officer to officiate in the class named, with effect from February 2, 1913:—

Class I., Grade I.

The Hon. Mr. A. S. PAGDEN.

By His Excellency's command,

L. W. Booth,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Acting Colonial Secretary. Colombo, February 15, 1913.

No. 81 of 1913.

- I IS EXCELLENCY THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT has been pleased to make the following appointments:—
- Mr. G. W. WOODHOUSE to be, in addition to his own duties, Additional Police Magistrate, Tangalla, for February 20, 1913.
- Mr. Solomon Fernando to act as Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Panadure, for February 24, 1913, in the absence of Mr. F. D. Peries from the station or until further orders.
- Mr. V. Casipillai to act as Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Jaffna and Kayts, for ten days, with effect from February 19, 1913, during the illness of Mr. W. K. H. Campbell or until further orders.
- Mr. P. VYTIALINGAM to act as Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Point Pedro and Chavakachcheri, for two days from March 1, 1913, inclusive, during the absence of Mr. P. B. HERAT on leave or until further orders.
- Mr. H. J. M. Wickramaratne to act as Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Balapitiya, for three days from February 22, 1913, inclusive, during the absence of Mr. H. J. V. Ekanayaka on leave or until further orders.
- Dr. G. J. RUTHERFORD to act, in addition to his own duties, as Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals from February 26, 1913, during the absence of Sir Allan Perry on leave or until turther orders.

- Mr. J. Harris to act as Master Attendant, Colombo, and Joint Police Magistrate, Colombo, with effect from February 27, 1913, during the absence of Mr. J. A. Legge on other duty or until further orders.
- Mr. E. R. E. Geddes, of Madampe estate, Rakwana, to be a Justice of the Peace for the District of Ratnapura, and an Unofficial Police Magistrate for the Judicial District of Ratnapura.
- Mr. W. Shakspeare to be a Member of the Colombo Harbour Board, vice Mr. H. C. Bibby, resigned.
- Mr. WILLIAM SINCLAIR to be a Visitor to the Teldeniya Hospital for the year 1913.

By His Excellency's command,

L. W. Booth,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Acting Colonial Secretary. Colombo, February 21, 1913.

No. 82 of 1913.

GOVERNMENT has been pleased to make the following appointment in the Ceylon Engineer Volunteers to complete establishment:—

To be Second Lieutenant.

Sergeant Edward Marlborough Ley.

By His Excellency's command,

L. W. Booth,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Acting Colonial Secretary. Colombo, February 14, 1913.

No. 83 of 1913.

To is notified for information that Captain William Vaughan's resignation of his Commission in the Ceylon Light Infantry has been accepted by His Excellency the Officer Administrating the Government.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Acting Colonial Secretary.
Colombo, February 13, 1913.

No. 84 of 1913.

GOVERNMENT has been pleased, under instructions from the Secretary of State for the Colonies, to recognize M. Boris Kadomtseff as Russian Consular Agent at Colombo.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Acting Colonial Secretary. Colombo, February 14, 1913. No. 85 of 1913.

GOVERNMENT has been pleased to appoint Dos Stephen Jayasundara, Vidane Arachchi, to be an Inspector of Wells and Pits, under the provisions of section 8 of Ordinance No. 27 of 1884, for the Welgama division of Pasdun Korale East.

By His Excellency's command,

L. W. Booth,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Acting Colonial Secretary. Colombo, February 14, 1913.

No. 86 of 1913.

THE GOVERNMENT has been pleased to appoint Mr. Earle Modder to be a Notary Public at Kurunegala and throughout the Judicial Division of Kurunegala, and to practise as such in the English language.

By His Excellency's command,

L. W. BOOTH,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Acting Colonial Secretary. Colombo, February 14, 1913.

APPOINTMENTS, &c., OF REGISTRARS.

GOVERNMENT has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr. S. Bastiampillai, Secretary, District Court, Trincomalee, to act as Registrar of Lands, Trincomalee, for three weeks from February 15, 1913, during the absence of Mr. V. R. Arulampalam on leave or until further orders.

Mr. Sinnattampiyar Veerakattiyar to be Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kudattanai division, and of Marriages (General) of Vadamaradchi East division, in the Jaffna District of the Northern Province, with effect from March 9, 1913, vice Registrar, M. Veerakattiyar, deceased. His office will be at Kumilady in Nagarkovil; station: Kuriyanpanai in Kudattanai.

Mr. Murari Prasad to be Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar of Births and Deaths and of Marriages (General) of Galle District of the Southern Province, with effect from February 11, 1913. His office will be at the Galle Kachcheri.

Wickrema-aratchice Don Lewis, of Deiyandara, to be Registrar of Births and Deaths of Deiyandara division, and of Marriages (General) of Kandaboda pattu division, in the Matara District of the Southern Province, with effect from February 21, 1913, vice A. A. Jayawardena, Registrar, resigned. His office will be at Dodangasarekoratuwa at Maduwala.

MUKAMMATUTAMPI MARICAR MUKAIYATIN ABDUL CARIM MARICAR to act temporarily as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Manmunai East North-Central Division, in the Batticaloa District of the Eastern Province, with effect from March 1, 1913, vice U. M. Yoosoof, resigned. His office will be at Kattankudi 1st Division.

SIRIWARDENEGE PIYARATNE HAMI to act provisionally as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kongala Bintenna division, and of Marriages (Kandyan and General) of Wellawaya division, in the Badulla District of the Province of Uva, with effect from February 25, 1913, vice Registrar, D. C. KOTALAWALA, resigned. His office will be at Welegederawatta at Alutwewa.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,

Colombo, February 17, 1913. Acting Colonial Secretary.

HE following appointments under section 3 of Ordinance No. 23 of 1900 and section 7 of Ordinance No. 19 of 1907 are hereby notified:—

The Registrar-General has appointed Dr. D. P. Banajee to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Division No. 2A of the Colombo Municipality, in the Colombo District of

the Western Province, for one day, viz., February 15, 1913, during the absence of Mrs. (Dr.) L. DE LA HARPE, on leave. His office will be at No. 1, Jefferson street, Slave Island.

The Provincial Registrar, Central Province, has appointed Ekanayaka Mudiyanselage Puhulpanawe Walawwe Hin Banda Ekanayaka to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths and of Marriages (General) of Pata Dumbara No. 6 Division, in the Kandy District of the Central Province, for fifteen days from February 6, 1913, during the absence of R. B. Ekanayaka, Registrar, on leave. His office will be at Megastennewatta in Arattana, and station at Medapanguwekumbura in Naranpanawa.

The Provincial Registrar, Northern Province, has appointed Mr. Sinnattampiyar Veerakattiyar to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kudattanai division, and of Marriages (General) of Vadamaradchi East division, in the Jaffna District of the Northern Province, for thirty days from February 7, 1913, vice Registrar, M. Veerakattiyar, deceased. His office will be at Kumilady in Nakarcovil; station: Uriyanpanai in Kudattanai.

The Provincial Registrar, Northern Province, has appointed Mr. Arunasalam Kanagasapai to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Uduvil division, and of Marriages (General) of Valigamam North division, in the Jaffna District of the Northern Province, for fifteen days from February 8, 1913, during the absence of the Registrar, G. H. Lawrence, on leave. His office will be at the residing garden of Registrar at Uduvil.

The Provincial Registrar, Eastern Province, has appointed Mukammatutampi Maricar Mukaiyatin Abdul Carim Maricar to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Manmunai East North-Central Division, in the Batticaloa District of the Eastern Province, for twenty-five days from February 4, 1913, during the absence of the Registrar U. M. Yoosoof, resigned. His office will be at Kalvidduvalavu in Kattankudi 1st Division.

The Provincial Registrar, Eastern Province, has appointed Mohammed Haniffa Lebbe Mohammed Abdul Hanid to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Karavaku Pattu Central division, in the Batticaloa District of the Eastern Province, for thirty days from February 4, 1913, during the absence of the Registrar, M. V. M. Usuppulevvalppodi, resigned. His office will be at Kalmunaikkudi 2nd Division.

The Provincial Registrar, Badulla, has appointed Lollegamagedera Ganetirala to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Buttala Wedirata division, and of Marriages (General) of Buttala division, in the Badulla District of the Province of Uva, for thirteen days from February 16, 1913, during the absence of the Registrar, H. M. Mudalihami, on other duty. His office will be at Lollegama; station: Magandanamulla in Muppane.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Nuwara Eliya, has appointed Maduwage Abraham Silva to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths and General Marriages in the Dimbula division, of the Nuwara Eliya District of the Central Province, for thirty days from February 6, 1913, during the absence of the Registrar, B. D. C. de Silva, on leave. His office will be at the permanent Registrar's Office, Talawakele.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Mannar, has appointed Mr. Varittampy Murukar to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Iluppaikkadavai division, in the Mannar District of the Northern Province, for two weeks from February 7, 1913, during the absence of the Registrar, S. Kanlaiya, on leave. His office will be at Vitanaivalavu in Vellankulam.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Galle, has appointed Charles de Silva Wickramanayaka Jayawardana to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Ambalangoda division, and of Marriages (General) of Wellaboda pattu division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, for four weeks from February 1, 1913, during the absence of the Registrar, I. de S. W. Jayawardana, on leave. His office will be at Madangahawatta in Ambalangoda.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Galle, has appointed Siyadoris Dias Abayawickrama Gunasekara to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Hinatigala division, and of Marriages (General) of Talpe pattu division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, for three days from February 7, 1913, during the absence of the Registrar, T. D. A. Gunasekara, on leave. His office will be at Peellegewatta in Habaraduwa.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Galle, has appointed Andawattege Jeremias de Silva to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of the Galle Municipality division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, for four weeks from February 8, 1913, during the absence of the Registrar, D. P. Wijetilaka, on leave. His office will be at house No. 175, in Bomsiyawatta in Minuwangoda.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Galle, has appointed Bartholomeus Wirasinha Dahanayaka to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Katukurunda division, and of Marriages (General) of Talpe pattu division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, for fifteen days from February 9, 1913, during the absence of the Registrar, I. W. Dahanayaka, on sick leave. His office will be at Pahalaweligodawatta in Katukurunda.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Galle, has appointed Don Abraham De Silva Abaynayaka to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Elpitiya division, and of Marriages (General) of Bentota-Walallawiti korale division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, for two weeks from February 12, 1913, during the absence of the Registrar, D. B. DE S. Abaynayaka, on leave. His office will be at Ambalanduwewatta in Elpitiya.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Trincomalee, has appointed Mr. Vallipuram Retnasabapathy to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Trincomalee town division, in the Trincomalee District of the Eastern Province, for thirty days from January 31, 1913, during the absence of the Registrar, V. Ponniah, Udaiyar, on sick leave. His office will be at Division No. 1, Trincomalee.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kegalla, has appointed Mr. Henry William Boyagoda, Ratemahatmaya, to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Three Korales and Lower Bulatgama division, in the Kegalla District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, for twenty-eight days from February 1, 1913, during the absence of the Registrar, Mr. J. H. Meedeniya, on leave on other duties. His office will be at Alutwalauwewatta in Mudugama.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kegalla, has appointed Mr. Rankotdiwala Diwakara Wijekoon Mudivanseralahamillage Punchibanda, Ratemahatmaya, to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Galboda and Kinigoda korales division, in the Kegalla District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, for twenty-eight days from February 1, 1913, during the absence of the Registrar, Mr. H. W. Boyagoda, transferred. His office will be at Rankotdiwala in Mawanella.

Registrar-General's Office, P. ARUNACHALAM, Colombo, February 17, 1913. Registrar-General.

To is hereby notified that Harmana Disanayake Wasale Bandara Amunugama Wijeratne Goonetileke Rajanayake Walawwe Mutu Banda Dorakumbure, Registrar of Births and Deaths of Gampahasiya pattu and Registrar of Marriages (Kandyan and General) of Matale South division, in the Matale District of the Central Province, who held office at Bangalawawatta, notified in the Gazette dated November 18, 1910, has, with effect from February 5, 1913, moved to Alutwalawwewatta in Dorakumbura; station: Mudiyanselagewatta in Madawala.

Registrar-General's Office, P. ARUNACHALAM, Colombo, February 15, 1913. Registrar-General.

I'I is hereby notified that H. V. APPUHAMY, Registrar of Births and Deaths of Eratne division, and of Marriages (Kandyan and General) of Kuruwiti korale division, in the Ratnapura District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, will, with effect from March 20, 1913, hold his office at Skolegawawatta in Eratne, instead of at Parabodawatta in Eratne as notified in the Gazette No. 5,484 of July 1, 1897, and No. 6,179 of April 12, 1907.

Registrar-General's Office, P. ARUNACHALAM, Colombo, February 12, 1913. Registrar-General

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATIONS.

OTICE is hereby given that a Board appointed by His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government will sit on the following days at the Council Chamber for the purpose of opening and considering tenders for the purchase of the following Arrack Rents for a period of fifteen months from July 1, 1913, to September 30, 1914:—

		March 12, 1913.
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	Western Province Do Province of Sabaragamuwa Do Do	Colombo District Kalutara District Panadure District Ratnapura District Three Korales and Lower Bulatgama Four Korales in the District of Kegalla
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	Western Province Do Central Province Southern Province Do Northern Province Do	March 13, 1913. Siyane and Hewagam Korales Negombo District The whole Province Galle District Matara and Hambantota Districts Jaffna District Mannar District Mullaittivu District
		March 14, 1913.
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	North-Western Province Do. Do. Province of Uva North-Central Province Eastern Province Do.	The Seven Korales (Kurunegala District) Chilaw District Puttalam District Badulla District Anuradhapura District Batticaloa District Trincomalee District

No tender will be received after 12.30 p.m. on the appointed day.

Each tenderer should state in his tender the price that he is prepared to pay.

Separate tenders should be made for the several rents as shown above, both the name and number of the cent being inserted in the tender.

Tenders properly sealed may either be posted, addressed to the Hon. Mr. L. W. Booth, Acting Colonial Secretary, marked "Arrack Rent Tender," or delivered personally by the tenderer to the Board.

The conditions of sale have been amended since the rents were last sold. Forms of amended conditions of sale with amended list of taverns can be obtained on or shortly after February 10 next at any Kachcheri in the Island. Attention is drawn to the fact that the privilege which will be sold under the conditions is the right to sell only arrack by retail, and does not include the right to sell toddy.

Tenderers who cannot speak English and wish to communicate with the Board must bring their own interpreters.

No tender will be considered unless the tenderer is present in person or by his authorized agent at the Council Chamber, and is prepared to deposit forthwith the amount of one month's rent as tendered by him.

In the event of two or more tenders being for an equal amount, the Board shall have the option of forthwith offering the rent for sale by public auction—the bidding to be restricted to the tenderers in question—or of calling for fresh tenders.

The Board do not bind themselves to accept the highest or any tender.

And notice is hereby further given that Ordinance No. 9 of 1892 having been repealed, the stamp duty hitherto levied thereunder on all arrack taverns situated within the limits of the Municipalities of Colombo, Kandy, and Galle will not be payable.

Forms of tender can be obtained free of charge on application personally or by letter to the Hon. the Controller of Revenue.

Any further information required will be supplied by the Hon. the Controller of Revenue on application made to him either personally or by letter.

By His Excellency's command,

L. W. BOOTH, Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, January 27, 1913. "THE EXCISE ORDINANCE, No. 8 of 1912."

Excise Notification No. 6.

T is hereby notified that His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government has, under the provisions of section 29 of "The Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912," been pleased to prescribe the following measures to be used for the sale of arrack:—

The imperial gallon and its multiples.

The half gallon.

The quart.

The pint.

The dram or 1/48 part of a gallon. The half dram or 1/96 part of a gallon. The quarter dram or 1/192 part of a gallon.

The dram, half dram, and quarter dram measures above prescribed shall be of such pattern only as may be approved from time to time by the Governor.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, February 13, 1913. L. W. Booth,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

"THE EXCISE ORDINANCE, No. 8 of 1912."

Excise Notification No. 7.

IT is hereby notified that His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government, by virtue of the powers in him vested by section 12 of "The Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912," has been pleased to prescribe for the whole Island that the quantity in excess of which passes for transport shall be required shall be in respect of arrack one-third of an imperial gallon and in respect of toddy one imperial gallon.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, February 14, 1913. L. W. BOOTH, Acting Colonial Secretary.

URSUANT to the 2nd section of the Pension Minute dated December 9, 1908, it is hereby notified that the holder of the office specified below is entitled to pension:—

Medical Department.

Hospital Assistant, Borella Convict Hospital.

By His Excellency's command,

Colombo, February 19, 1913.

 C_{i}

L. W. Booth, Acting Colonial Secretary.

T is hereby notified that licenses to import explosives into Ceylon during the current year have been issued to the under-mentioned persons:—

Mr. O. L. M. Ahamado Lebbe Marikar Alim, of Colombo. Messrs. Adamjee Lukmanjee, of No. 115, Bankshall street, Colombo.

By His Excellency's command.

Golonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, February 13, 1913. L. W. Booth, Acting Colonial Secretary.

"THE LOCAL BOARDS ORDINANCE, 1898."

IT is hereby notified that the following by-laws made by the Local Board of Bandarawela, in pursuance of section 56, sub-section (21), of Ordinance No. 13 of 1898, have been submitted to and confirmed by His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government, acting with the advice of the Executive Council.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, February 18, 1913.

L. W. BOOTH, Acting Colonial Secretary.

BY-LAWS REFERRED TO.

- 1. It shall be the duty of all persons who have cattle or other manure, refuse, or sweepings in or upon their premises to deposit such cattle or other manure, refuse, or sweepings in trenches at least 18 inches broad by at least 18 inches deep made for the purpose, and to cover it or them over with earth to a depth of not less than 4 inches.
- 2. Whenever it shall appear to the Board to be necessary or expedient for the benefit of the health of the town that cattle or other manure, refuse, or sweepings should not be allowed to remain in or upon any premises as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Board, by notice in writing, to require the owner or occupant of such premises to remove such cattle or other manure, refuse, or sweepings from such premises within such time and for such period and to such place as shall be specified in such notice and dispose of the same by burial in trenches or in such other manner as may be prescribed by such notice; and it shall be the duty of such owner or occupier of such premises to dispose of such cattle or other manure, refuse, or sweepings as directed in such notice.

"THE LOCAL BOARDS ORDINANCE, 1898."

T is hereby notified that the following by-laws made by the Local Board of Badulla, in pursuance of section 56, sub-section (21), of Ordinance No. 13 of 1898, have been submitted to and confirmed by His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government, acting with the advice of the Executive Council.

By His Excellency's command,

Colombo, February 18, 1913.

L. W. BOOTH, Acting Colonial Secretary.

BY-LAWS REFERRED TO.

- It shall be the duty of all persons who have cattle or other manure, refuse or sweepings in or upon their premises to deposit such cattle or other manure, refuse or sweepings in tronches at least 18 inches broad by at least 18 inches deep made for the purpose, and to cover it or them over with earth to a depth of not less than 4 inches.
- 2. Whenever it shall appear to the Board to be necessary or expedient for the benefit of the health of the town that cattle or other manure, refuse, or sweepings should not be allowed to remain in or upon any premises as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Board, by notice in writing, to require the owner or occupant of such premises to remove such cattle or other manure, refuse, or sweepings from such premises within such time and for such period and to such place as shall be specified in such notice and dispose of the same by burial in trenches or in such other manner as may be prescribed by such notice; and it shall be the duty of such owner or occupier of such premises to dispose of such cattle or other manure, refuse, or sweepings as directed in such notice.

"THE STAMP ORDINANCE, 1909."

To is hereby notified that His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government, with the advice of the Executive Council, has, by virtue of the powers by section 5, sub-section (1) (c), of "The Stamp Ordinance, 1909," on him conferred, authorized the following Soint Stock Company, incorporated under "The Joint Stock Companies Ordinances, 1861 to 1907," to compound for the payment of stamp duty on share certificates specified in Schedule B to the said Stamp Ordinance on the conditions set out in section 5 aforesaid, sub-sections (1) (c) (i.), (ii.), (iii.), and (iv.).

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, February 17, 1913. L. W. Booth, Acting Colonial Secretary.

COMPANY REFERRED TO.

The Clifton Rubber Company, Limited.

Messrs. Gordon Frazer & Co., Ltd., Agents and Secretaries.

"The Mines and Machinery Protection Ordinance, 1896."

IT is hereby notified for general information that special licenses, under the provisions of rule 39, made by His Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, under section 4 of Ordinance No. 2 of 1896, and published in the Government Gazette of March 24, 1910, have been granted to the under-mentioned gentlemen for the purpose of issuing "boiler certificates (Form D) for any boiler or boilers used in any factory and certificates of competency (Form A) to any person or persons having control of any boiler or boilers used in any factory":—

Mr. H. M. Fulton, of Messrs. Walker, Sons & Co., Ltd., Mr. J. A. Rennie, of Messrs. Walker, Sons & Co., Ltd., Kandy. Mr. R. McG. McMurrick, of Hapugastenne Group, Ratnapura.

Colombo, February 14, 1913.

By His Excellency's command,

L. W. Воотн,

Acting Colonial Secretary.

"THE VOLUNTEER ORDINANCE, 1910."

HE following amendment to the rules and regulations relating to the Ceylon Volunteer Force made by the General Officer Commanding the Troops, under the provisions of sections 9 and 12 of "The Volunteer general information:—" The Volunteer general information is published for general information:—" The Volunteer general information is published for general information:—" The Volunteer general information is published for general information in the Volunteer general information is published for general information in the Volunteer general information is published for general information in the Volunteer general information is published for general information in the Volunteer general information is published for general information in the Volunteer general information is general information in the Volunteer general information in the Volunteer general information is general information in the Volunteer general i

In Appendix B, Establishments, under C. E.V., add Lieutenants and Second Lieutenants 1 and Privates 18.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, February 17, 1913. By His Excellency's command,

L. W. Воотн,

Acting Colonial Secretary.

THE following list of persons licensed to sell poisons under Ordinance No. 11 of 1901 for 1913 are published for general information.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, February 19, 1913.

NORTHERN PROVINCE.

S. Ponnusamy

Joseph Machado

S. Sabaratnam on behalf of Mr.

Main street, Jaffina

Main street. Jaffna

L. W. BOOTH,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

		•	
•	List re	eferred to.	•
Western	PROVINCE.	Name.	Residence.
$\mathbf{Name}.$	Residence.	V. Kanapathypillai and M. Sive	•
Abdul Cariem, B. S.	Maradana	gunather	. Grand Bazaar, Jaffna
Bastamiar, S. U.	Maradana	V. Kumarasamy Chettiyar .	. Grand Bazaar, Jaffna
Banajee, D. B.	Slave Island		i de la companya de La companya de la companya de l
Bohringer, C. H. & A.	Fort		D
Davidson, R.	Baillie street, Fort	SOUTHERN	PROVINCE.
Dorman, J	Fort Alutgama	A. R. Ephraums	. Galle .
De Silva, A. H. D. S.	Alutgama	•	. Uragaha
De Silva, L. A.	Kollupitiya	Don Louis Wielmometungs	. Ambalangoda
De Silva, R	Bambalapitiya	Henry William Samaraweera.	. Hettetiya . Weligama
Dorman, J	Fort		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Fernando, S. C. Fernando, M. J.	Wellawatta Moratuwella		•
Fernando, F. N.	Negombo	EASTERN P	ROVINCE.
Fernando, M	Palipane	·	•
Fernando, P. J.	\dots Negombo	Battice	tloa.
Fernando, B. S.	Potupitiya	De La Zilwa, James Adrian	. Coronation Dispensary,
Fernando, J.	Rawatawatta		Puliyantivu
Gomes, C. Hetticrachchie, D. W.	Main street, Pettah Maliban street, Pettah	Hadjiar, Mukamadutamby Par	
Idroos Lebbe, T. S.	2, Gabo's lane	kari Mukamadaliva Parikari Spence, Sister Elizabeth	kudi Tanan in Diana an manana Bali
Muhammadu, P.	Wolfendahl street	Spence, Sister Enzabeth .	. Jevon's Dispensary, Puli- yantivu
Mendis, J	Mutwal	Vanderhoven, Richard George	
Martin, A. J.	Fort		
Martin, A. J.	Fort		•
Martin, A. J. Nugara, J. V.	Fort Bambalapitiya	Trincon	ralee.
Pinto, C. X	Chatham street, Fort	Kathiramatamby, Elaganatar	Division No. 5, Trin-
Pinto, C. X	Chatham street, Fort		comalee
Pintu, D. W.	Slave Island		<u> </u>
Perera, K. A	Kaduwela	`\T \TYP	, The second of
Perera, K. A Passe, W	Kaduwela Grandpass road	NORTH-WESTER	N PROVINCIS.
Pronk, P. P.	Paddawala	Alwis, K. A. W.	Wennappuwa
Wijesekera, N. A.	Bankshall street, Pettah	Daniels, W. O.	Kurunegala
	•	Dias, C Fonseka, H. A	Polgahawela Kurunegala
CENTRAL	PROVINCE.	Gooneratne, B. C. P.	Alawwa
		1	Polgahawela
Antony Pillai, W. S. Apothecaries' Co.	· Tennecombra, Kandy Nuwara Eliya		Kurunegala
Brown & Co., Limited	Hatton	Jayman, C. Z.	
Cargills, Limited	Nuwara Eliya	Jayasuriya, H. P. John, V. R.	3D
Cash Medical Co.	Kandy	Koelmeyer, G.	Chilaw
Dissanayake, L. D. S.	Ward street, Kandy	Perera, J. B	Polgahawela
Erulasamy Pandither, S. Hay, Dr. G. P.	Castle Hill street, Kandy Pavilion street, Kandy	Van Langenberg, R.	77
John, Joseph	Nuwara Eliya		
Jordan & Co.	Talawakele :		•
Krelszheim, D. J.	Trintomalee street.	NORTH-CENTRAL	PROVINCE
TC" ' 3	Kandy Peradeniya road, Kandy	C. Mooniyaiah	House No. 55, Kurune-
Krishnapillai & Son, A.	Kandy		gala road
Miller & Co Moss, A. Dan	Matale		
Mayadunna, Don Hendrick	King street, Kandy		•
Perera, H. M. Thomis	Peradeniya Junction.	PROVINCE C	F Uva.
~~~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	Kandy Danadaniya rood Kandy	Messrs. Walker & Greig	Store, Badulla
Ratnayake Pandit, D. D.	Peradeniya road, Kandy Trincomalee street,		The second secon
Rowlands & Co.	Kandy		•
Sabar Sha, T. S.	King street, Kandy	PROVINCE OF SAI	BARAGAMUWA.
Tillakaratna, J.	Matale	Kellow & Co.	Shop at Vativantota
Walker & Greig	Dikoya Davilian atnost Kander	J. H. Gomis	House No. 10, on the
Wijesekera, C. D. S.	Pavilion street, Kandy		land called Muttettu-
	<b>T</b>	J M Olivrosser	landa at Anguruwella

J. M. Oliveux

A. F. Gunatilaka

wala road, Ratnapura

A 2

ferry at

situated

Ratnapura House No. 23, on Mal-

Demuwata

House

near

### "THE MEDICAL WANTS ORDINANCE, No. 9 of 1912."

To is hereby notified that His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government, with the advice of the Executive Council, has, under and by virtue of the powers in him vested by section 32 (1) of "The Medical Wants Ordinance, No. 9 of 1912," been pleased to make the following rules.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, February 20, 1913. L. W. Booth, Acting Colonial Secretary.

### Rules under Section 32 (1) of the Medical Wants Ordinance, No. 9 of 1912.

### A.—Fees payable to District Medical Officers.

- 1. By Superintendents and persons other than labourers engaged upon estates for medical attendance and for medicines dispensed at dispensaries:—
  - (a) Visit and medical attendance at patient's own place of residence for themselves, their wives, and children: Rs. 10·50 for first visit, and Rs. 7·50 for subsequent visits (in same illness).

(b) For midwifery: Rs. 125, to include three subsequent visits.

(c) Vaccination: Rs. 15.

- (d) Medical attendance at doctor's house or dispensity, or for prescription by letter: Rs. 3.75.
- 2. By Assistant Superintendents*:--
  - (a) Visit and medical attendance at patient's own place of residence for themselves, wives, and children: First visit, Rs. 7.50; subsequent visits, Rs. 5.25 (in same illness).

(b) For midwifery: Rs. 75, to include three subsequent visits.

(c) Vaccination: Rs. 10.

- (d) Medical attendance at doctor's house or dispensary, or for prescription by letter: Rs. 2.50.
- 3. By clerks, conductors, teamakers, carpenters, masons, kanakapillais, storekeepers, chauffeurs, domestic servants, and employés of similar status:—
  - (a) Visit and medical attendance at patient's own place of residence for themselves, wives, and children: Rs. 3 for each visit.

(b) For midwifery: Rs. 15.

(c) Vaccination: Rs. 3, or free at the dispensary.

(d) Medical attendance at doctor's house or dispensary, or for prescription by letter: Re. 1.

Note.—The scale of fees for Medical Officers includes transport. The fee for vaccination includes the lymph.

4. In the absence of an efficient private dispensary or drug store, prescriptions for the above 1, 2, and 3 may be dispensed at a Government dispensary at the same rate as for Government servants, viz.:—

•				Cents.
Mixtures and draughts, per ounce				5
Lotions, injections, gargles, per ounce				2
Pills and powders, each				<b>2</b>
Ointment, per ounce	 `•		• •	10
Liniment, per ounce				10
Blisters, per square inch		, .		<b>2</b>
Suppositories, each				15
"Drops," per drachm				10

Concentrated mixtures and expensive drugs are to be charged for at cost price.

### C.—The Supply of Drugs to Superintendents from Dispensaries and from the Medical Department.

- 5. Superintendents may obtain such drugs as those prescribed in Appendix A at cost price from Government dispensaries to the total value of Rs. 5 for cash with order, provided that no quantity of any one drug of the value of more than Re. 1 shall be supplied at any one time; and from the Civil Medical Stores, Colombo, to any amount on application to the Superintendent on Medical Form 159 accompanied by a remittance.
- 6. Superintendents of estates having a dispensary with a qualified apothecary may have such prescribed drugs free of payment to the extent of 50 cents worth per head of the estate labour population per annum.

7. The free drugs supplied to estate dispensaries by Government are for the use of estate labourers exclusively, and shall not be put to any other use whatever.

8. In requisitioning for free drugs for an estate dispensary, Superintendents of estates must confine themselves to the list of drugs published in Appendix A.

9. The half-yearly requisitions for free drugs, to be despatched within a month, must reach the Office of the Principal Civil Medical Officer on or before the dates given below:—

For estates in the Central Province on January 10 and June 10.

For estates in the Uva and Southern Provinces on March 1 and August 1.

For estates in the Sabaragamuwa and North-Western Provinces on April 1 and October 1.

For estates in the Western Province on May 1 and November 1.

Drugs required between the half-yearly requisitions shall be applied for by an intermediate requisition (Medical Form 166).

10. Quinine and tincture of opium shall be applied for separately from other drugs, on Medical Form 166 for quinine, and on Opium Form No. 1 for tincture of opium

11. All columns of requisition forms must be accurately filled up. The "Remaining" column must show the actual amount in stock at date of requisition. Requisitions shall be signed by the Superintendent of the estate and be accompanied by a certificate as in Appendix B.

^{*} This includes European employés, such as governesses, &c.

### D.—The Powers and Duties of Hospital Visitors.

12. Hospitals will be open daily at any time between the hours of 6 A.M. and 6 P.M. for the visits of Official and Unofficial Hospital Visitors.

13. The Medical Officer in charge of the hospital or, in his absence, the next senior officer of the hospital

staff shall accompany the Visitor on his inspection.

14. It is desirable that Unofficial Visitors should ascertain whether the patients have any complaints, and if so, that they should inquire into them and record particulars in the Visitors' Book.

15. The quality and quantity of the food supplied to the patients and the cleanliness and tidiness

of the hospital and its surroundings are important subjects for inspection.

16. The perusal of the official records does not necessarily come within the scope of the Unofficial Visitor's inspection.

17. Visitors are not competent to give orders, and shall avoid offering criticism, except in the form of remarks and observations recorded in the Visitors' Inspection Book, which will be submitted to them, containing questions, to which it is desirable that full answers should be recorded.

# E.—Rules framed under Section 32 (1) (e) for the Guidance of Estate Proprietors desirous of qualifying for Rebate under Section 27.

18. New estate hospitals shall be erected in open clearings as far removed as possible from jungle and swamps. Where possible a space of not less than 100 feet all round shall be kept clear of jungle, and only ornamental cultivation should be permitted within that area.

19. The accommodation required for the number of patients shall be in a proportion of not less than two beds for every 100 labourers employed, exclusive of wards for bowel diseases, which shall be to the extent of one per cent. at least of the labour force, male and female. In the event of serious overcrowding occurring in an estate hospital, the erection of temporary accommodation may be permitted.

20. Separate accommodation shall be provided for males and females.

- 21. Estate hospitals, dispensaries, and latrines constructed subsequent to these rules coming into force shall be in accordance with type plans approved by the Medical Wants Committee. Copies of such plans can be obtained on application to the Secretary, Medical Wants Committee, Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo.
- 22. A bed shall be provided for each patient, and the minimum superficial area allowed for each bed in ordinary wards shall be 60 square feet, and 90 square feet in wards for infectious or dirty cases. The cubic space shall not be less than 900 and 1,200 feet respectively per bed.

23. Kitchen, mortuary, earth-closet, and bathrooms shall be erected for each estate hospital at a

suitable distance from the wards.

24. A dispensary and quarters for the medical staff and servants shall be provided at each estate hospital.

25. The beds for the patients shall consist of three separate hard wood planks each 10 inches wide, and of uniform thickness, resting on iron trestles.

26. Efficient mosquito curtains or gnat-proofing in malarious districts shall be provided.

27. Two suits of estate hospital clothing and one pillow shall be provided per bed, and cumblies or blankets in the proportion of three for every two beds.

28. Bed pans and other utensils shall be provided for patients unable to leave the wards. Enamelled iron chamber pots with covers shall be provided for all diarrhoea and dysentery cases. The excreta of all infectious bowel diseases shall be disinfected before being disposed of.

29. All articles of equipment shall be cleansed as often as may be necessary.

30. The scales of diets and the quality shall be those set out in Appendix C, but extra articles of diet and medical comforts shall be provided as ordered by the Medical Officer in charge of the estate hospital.

31. The medicines specified in Appendix A shall be kept in stock in each estate hospital with the

necessary apparatus for compounding and dispensing.

32. The instruments and appliances provided shall be in accordance with modern requirements, subject to the approval of the Principal Civil Medical Officer.

33. The number of male and female attendants shall not be in a less proportion than one for every

ward of twelve beds, and dhobies and scavengers shall be employed in sufficient numbers.

34. The officer in charge of an estate hospital shall live in the immediate vicinity of the building; subject to supervision, he shall have the immediate care of all estate hospital patients, and shall see that all treatment ordered is carried out.

35. The officer in charge shall see that the estate hospital is kept clean and in good order. Each ward shall be swept twice a day, and the floor washed once a week at least. Latrines shall be cleansed twice

daily, and their contents buried or otherwise disposed of in a satisfactory manner.

36. The officer in charge shall see that the supply of medicines is sufficient, that poisons are kept under lock and key in a separate place, and that the instruments and general equipment of the hospital are in order. He shall be responsible for the keeping up to date of all hospital documents. He shall indent on the Superintendent for the estate hospital food supplies and all extras.

37. An Attendance Register of the staff shall be kept in every estate hospital.

38. The Admission and Discharge Book, Temperature Charts, and Bed-head Tickets shall be in the forms used in hospitals. Separate records shall be kept of outpatients treated, giving date, name, and disease.

39. Monthly and annual returns shall be furnished to the Provincial Surgeon on the prescribed forms. The returns for each month shall reach the Provincial Surgeon not later than the 10th of the following month, and the annual returns not later than January 20.

40. Every estate hospital must be inspected from time to time by the Principal Civil Medical Officer, Provincial Surgeon, or some other duly qualified Inspecting Officer not below the rank of District Medical Officer.

41. There must be kept in every estate hospital a Visitors' Book, in which the Inspecting Officers must record their visits with any remarks regarding the hospital.

42. The Superintendent of the estate to which the estate hospital belongs shall be responsible that any recommendation, criticism, or complaint of any of the Inspecting Officers mentioned in rule 40 shall receive prompt attention.

43. A sufficient supply of potable water shall be provided for the estate hospital, and the Médical Officer or dispenser shall see that there is no chance of contamination of the supply.

# F and G.—The Form in which and the Time within which Applications for Rebate should be made; the manner in which such Rebates shall be made; and generally on all Matters connected with the Allowance thereof.

44. Applications for rebates shall be made in writing on the prescribed form (see Appendix D) within six weeks of the close of the financial year and be addressed to the Secretary, Medical Wants Committee, Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo. Any claim made after the prescribed time shall be considered to have lapsed, and will not be entertained.

45. The Medical Wants Committee on receipt of such application shall refer the application to the Principal Civil Medical Officer, who shall direct that the estate hospital in respect of which a rebate is claimed

be specially inspected for report to the Committee.

46. At the meeting of the Committee at which such application is brought up for consideration the Principal Civil Medical Officer shall lay before the Committee the report above called for and any available returns relating to estate hospitals in respect of which a rebate is claimed.

# H.—Any other Matters necessary for the Administration of this Ordinance that cannot be provided for by Departmental Rules and Orders.

47. It shall be the duty of the Superintendent of every estate to provide a sufficient supply of potable water for his labour force. Such supply shall be free from contamination; and if in the opinion of the Principal Civil Medical Officer the supply is deficient, inferior, or open to contamination, it shall be the duty of the Superintendent to provide a proper supply to the satisfaction of the Principal Civil Medical Officer. Where wells are used, they must be covered and supplied with a pump, and be surrounded by a cement platform. All water pipes must be made of iron. Bathing places, where possible, shall be paved,

48. It shall be the duty of every Superintendent to provide proper dwelling accommodation for his labour force and sufficient clearing around the lines and proper drainage to the satisfaction of the Principal

Civil Medical Officer.

49. An estate dispenser shall request the Superintendent to send for the District Medical Officer in

serious cases, and for women in unduly prolonged labour.

50. An estate dispenser shall keep a register of patients treated, and a book in which he shall record all prescriptions compounded by him. He shall submit a monthly return to the Provincial Surgeon of the Province on Medical Form 5A.

51. In the event of any Superintendent feeling aggrieved at any order or direction issued under the foregoing rules, he shall have the right to appeal to the Governor in Executive Council.

### APPENDIX A. (Rules 5, 8 and 31.)

Iodoform c-Acid Boric (1-8)

Acid, Acetic Boric Carbolic Hydrochloric Nitric Sulphuric Alum Pulv. Ammoni Carbon. Argenti Nitras Borax Pulv. Bismuthi Subnitras Camphora Chlorodyne Cholera Mist. c-Opio Cinchonæ Cortex Condy's Fluid Copaiba Creasotum Creta ppt. Cupri Sulphas Emp. Cantharid. Resinæ Ext. Ergotæ Liquid Fillicis Liquid Ferri Carb. Sacch Tablets, 5 grains " Sulphas Hydrar c-Creta Subcholoridum

Ipecac. Jalap Liniment Saponis Liq. Ammon. Fort. Ammon. Acct. Fort. Arsenicalis Potass. Magn. Carb. Sulph. Naphthol Beta Tableta, 5 grains Oleum Menth. Pip. Ricini Terebinth Pil. Colocynth. ., Hydrargyri "Rhei Comp. Plumbi Acetas Potass Bicarb. Pulv. Bromidum Iodidum Nitras Tart. Acid Pulv. Pulv. Cret. Aromat. Doveri Rhei Pulv. Quinine Sulph. Santoninum

Sennæ Fol. Sodii Bicarb. " Salicylas Spirit Ætheris Nitrosi Ammonii Aromat. Sulphur Sublimat. Tinct. Benzoin Co. Camphor Co. Catechu Digitalis Ferri Perchlor Hyoscyami Iodin Scillæ Zingiber Ung. Calaminæ Parafin Hydrarg. Nitras Resinæ Sulphuris Co. Vin. Ipecac. Zinci Oxid. " Sulphas Zingiberg Pulv. Bandages, Cotton Lint, Hospital Tow

### APPENDIX B. (Rule 11.)

I hereby certify that the above statement, to the best of my knowledge and belief, is correct, and that the medicines stated to have been expended were used for the resident estate labourers only.

Chicken (dressed)

سندومك فنعديك فيعطون

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32	Green Chillies		010101010101	33333
31	Limes		-+3-+3-+3-+3-+3-+3-+4-+4-+414-	
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27	Potatoes	0Z. 999		
26	Butter	20		.
25	Jam or Marmalade	ž HHH		
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22	Sugar	,		. ————————————————————————————————————
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20	Plantains	. 44 44 1		
19	Corndour	· i		1
17	Arrowroot	8		
16	Sag			
15	Rusks	8	]]]]]]]]]	
13a	Rice (Muttusamba)			
13	(Vrainary)	20	999999999999999999999999999999999999999	99999
12	Bread	16 16 16 8		
10	Milk (Fresh, Cows')	9 70 70 70 68	1 1 1 8 4 4 4 4 4 4	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
8	Vegetable	0.000		99999
	Egga Turk (Danse)	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~		999999
9	Fish (S. Hed)	8		
2	Fish (Prosh) (Yad) dai4	++		
3 4	<del></del>	\		
62	Mutton Chicken (Dressed)	20 02. 0 1.3 0.2.		
	Beef	25 97     1   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0		
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### APPENDIX D. (Rule 44.)

# Claim for Rebate of Export Duties imposed under Section 28 of the Medical Wants Ordinance, No. 9 of 1912, in respect of the Government Financial Year ended June 30, 191—.

(N.B.—To be filled in by the Superintendent of the estate.)

l. Name of Estate	ð:		<del></del>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<del></del>				<del></del>
2. Area:	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<del></del>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
3. District:	<u></u>	<u>,,</u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					······································
4. Owner:				<u> </u>	· · · · · ·	- <u>-</u>	· · ·	<del></del>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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Amount of Duty payable on Export and Sales	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Note.—The certification of the figures stated.	ate of t	he Proprie	tor or of	the Age	nts and S	ecretaries	will be	required i	n suppor
7. Total amount of	of duty p	paid on all	produce		• •	• •	Rs.		

### MISCELLANEOUS DEPARTMENTAL NOTICES.

### THE UNIVERSITY SCHOLARSHIPS (1913-14).

105. Two scholarships of the annual value of £200 tenable for three years, together with an outfit allowance of £50, passage money Rs. 500 to proceed to the British Isles, and £50 for return passage to Ceylon after completion of a course of study in the British Isles, will be awarded annually, one on the results of the Intermediate Examination in Arts of the University of London and the other on the results of the Intermediate Examination in Science of the University of London, to the candidates recommended by the authorities of the University of London.

No candidate will be eligible for one of these scholarships who has not been resident in the Island for the five years next before the examination, or who has completed his twentieth year before the first day of the month fixed for the examination, or who has not been registered as a matriculated student

of the University of London.

A scholar will be permitted to postpone his return for three years after the expiration of the scholarship without special permission to do so, and with permission of His Excellency the Governor or the Right Hon. the Secretary of State for the Colonies to remain in Europe for a further period not exceeding four years, on the distinct understanding that such permission will be given only to enable the scholar to pursue a course of study or to acquire professional qualifications likely to be of benefit to the Colony on his eventual return.

The duration of the Government University Scholarship may be extended to four years in cases where a scholarship-holder engages in a course of study which lasts more than three years, provided that he has shown marked promise and ability during the first three years that he has held the scholarship.

Note.—The Medical attendance of University scholars will be paid by Government in cases recommended by the Secretary of State; but the total sum which will be paid for any one scholar on this account is limited to £50, and if the student is placed in a Nursing Institution not more than three guineas a week will be paid by Government towards the charges of the Institution.

### SUBJECTS FOR THE INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATION IN ARTS.

Candidates shall not be approved by the Examiners unless they have shown a cometent know-ledge in the following subjects:—

(1) Latin with Roman History, or Greek with Greek History.

(2) One of the following subjects:—Latin, with Roman History, if not already taken under (1); Greek, with Greek History, if not already taken under (1); French; German.

(3) One of the following subjects:—Pure Mathematics; Applied Mathematics; Logic;

Physics; Chemistry; Botany; Geology; History of Architecture.

(4) Any one of the previous subjects not already taken or History or Geography.

(5) English Literature and Essay (this subject may be taken at the Intermediate Examination for which the candidate first presents himself, at a subsequent Intermediate Examination for a Pass only, or for the Pass only at the final examination).

In the Physics, Chemistry, and Botany papers questions will be set involving (1) the translation of passages in French or German, and (2) answers with regard to the subject matter thereof. These

questions will be optional in the examinations as held in the Colonies.

Note.—At any examination of the University in which there is a Practical Examination in an Experimental Science subject, no external candidate will be allowed to pass who fails to satisfy the examiners in the practical part as well as the written part of the examination.

### Latin with Roman History (Two Papers).

(1) Prepared prose book* with questions on Roman History (including Historical Geography) from 280 B.C. to 14 A.D. Translation of English sentences into Latin.

(2) Prepared verse book.* Questions on Grammar. Translation into English of easy passages not prescribed.

Greek with Greek History (Two Papers).

(1) Prepared books or portions of books, prose and verse,† with Questions on Greek History (including Historical Geography) from 660 B.C. to 323 B.C.

(2) Simple Unseen Translation. Easy sentences for translation into Greek. Grammatical questions dealing with common words, forms, and constructions. (Candidates are required to satisfy the examiners in both (1) and (2)).

French (One Paper).

Grammar; Translation; Composition.

Composition to be either (i.) translation from English, or (ii.) some form of free composition, such as reproduction of a narrative read in English.

Note.—Books will not be prescribed.

The examination will include a test in writing from dictation, in correct reading, and in simple conversation.

* In 1913—Cicero: Select Letters
(Jeans's selection)

Virgil: Eclogues I., IV.—X.

Æneid Book II.

In 1914—Tacitus: Agricola
Virgil: Æneid Books IV. and VI.

† In 1913—Plato: Apology.

Homer: Iliad, Book I.
In 1914—Plato: Crito

Euripedes: Iphigencia in Tauris.

### German (One Paper).

Grammar; Translation; Composition;

Composition to be either (i.) translation from English, or (ii.) some form of free composition, such as reproduction of a narrative read in English.

Note.—Books will not be prescribed.

The examination will include a test in writing from dictation, in correct reading, and in simple conversation.

Pure Mathematics (Two Papers).

Algebra.—The Arithmetic and the Algebra of the Matriculation Examination, and further Algebra including the theory of Quadratic Equations, the Convergency of Geometric Series, Permutations and Combinations, the Binomial Theorem for Positive Integral Indices, the Graphs of Simple Algebraic Functions, the Theory of Indices, the Nature and Use of Logarithms and of Logarithmic Tables, Interest, and Annuities.

Geometry.—The Geometry of the Matriculation Examination, together with the Geometry of Similar Rectilineal Figures, Mensuration of Plane Rectilineal Figures and of the Circle, the Elementary Properties of the Plane, including those of the angles made by planes with straight lines and with one another, the Elementary Properties of the Sphere and Plane Sections thereof, Mensuration of Simple Solid Figures, including the Cylinder, Cone, and Sphere.

Trigonometry.—The meaning of and elementary exercises in the use of Rectangular and Polar Co-ordinates, Measurements of Angles, Trigonometrical Functions and their Graphs, Approximate Values of the Trigonometrical Functions of Small Angles, Elementary Trigonometrical Formulæ and their Applications, Properties of Triangles, and easy properties of the Circles circumscribed to, and touching the sides of, a Triangle, Practical Solutions of Triangles and Applications, with numerical examples involving the use of Logarithmic and other Tables.

Applied Mathematics (Two Papers and a Practical Examination).

Equilibrium of one or more bodies under the action of Forces in one Plane or of Parallel Forces. Properties of the Centre of Mass and its determination in simple cases.

Statics of Simple Mechanisms. The Simpler Linkages.

Velocities and Accelerations, including their Resolution and Composition. Mass, Momentum,

Force, Work, Energy, Power. Change of Units. Dimensions.

Motion under the Action of a Force which is constant in magnitude and direction, and Simple Problems on the Motion of Projectiles.

Circular Motion. Simple Harmonic Oscillations. Simple Pendulum.

Simple Cases of Direct and Oblique Impact. Simple applications of the foregoing subjects.

Logic (Two Papers).

This Syllabus is intended to indicate the general scope and character of the curriculum, without being exhaustive of all parts of the subject.

Note.—Candidates who enter for the Pass Degree in Philosophy will be exempted at that examination from the paper in Logic if they have passed in Logic either as one of their alternative subjects at the time of passing the Intermediate Examination in Arts or at some subsequent Intermediate Examination in Arts.

1. Scope of Logic. Laws of Thought.

2. Terms. Formal Division and Definition. Predicables.

3. Propositions and their Import. Forms of Immediate Inference.

4. Syllogism and other varieties of Deductive Reasoning. Trains of Reasoning. Functions of Syllogism.

5. Inductive Inference. Postulates of Induction. Induction and Analogy. The Relation of Induction to Deduction.

6. Theory of Scientific Method. Observation and Experiment. Hypothesis. Empirical and Causal Laws. Methods of Scientific Explanation. Elimination of Chance.

7. Scientific Definition and Classification. Nomenclature and Terminology.

8. Fallacies.

Experimental Physics (Two Papers and a Practical Examination).

The following Syllabus is intended to indicate the general scope and character of the examination without being exhaustive of all parts of the subject. Candidates are expected to show a general acquaintance with the apparatus by which the elementary principles of Physics are illustrated and applied:—

General Properties of Solids, Liquids, and Gases.

Relation between Volume and Pressure in Gases. Viscosity and Diffusion in Liquids and Gases.

Surface Tension. Osmosis. Stretching of Wires.

Heat.—Temperature. Instruments for the measurement of Temperature. Expansion of Solids, Liquids, and Gases with rise of Temperature. Isothermal and Adiabatic Expansion.

Quantity of Heat. Specific Heat.

Change of State. Latent Heat. Vapour Pressure. Boiling-point.

Dew-point. Formation of Cloud, Fog, and Dew.

Conduction. Definition of Thermal Conductivity.

Convection. Radiation.

The Mechanical Equivalent of Heat and Modes of Determination. The Conservation of Energy.

Sound.—The Production and Propagation of Sound.

Nature of Wave-motion. Amplitudes. Wave-length. Frequency.

Experimental determination of the Velocity of Sound in Air. Effect of change of Temperature on the Velocity.

Reflexion.

Determination of Frequency by simple methods.

Experimental investigation of the modes of Vibration of Strings by means of the Sonometer. Experimental investigation of the Vibrations of Air in Pipes by Resonance to Tuning Forks.

Organ Pipes. Position of Nodes and Antinodes.

Optics.—Propagation of Light. Laws of Reflexion and Refraction. Photometry.

Reflexion at Plane and Spherical Surfaces, and the formation of Images.

Refraction at Plane Surfaces and by Prisms. Minimum Deviation. Chromatic Dispersion.

The General Laws of Radiation: Visible, Ultra-violet, Infra-red.

Emission and Absorption.

Heating Effects of Radiation.

Phosphorescence and Fluorescence.

The Formation of Images by Single Lenses. Long and Short Sight and their correction by Lenses.

The Combination of Two Lenses to form a simple Telescope or Microscope.

Measurement of Velocity.

Magnetism and Electricity.

Properties of Magnets. Simple Phenomena of Magnetism and of Magnetic Induction (Influence),

The Magnetic Field. Lines of Force. The Law of Magnetic Force. Magnetic Moment.

Intensity of Magnetisation.

The Earth as a Magnet.

The Magnetic Properties of Iron and the Elementary Laws of the Magnetic Circuit.

The Simpler Phenomena of Electrified Bodies. Conduction and Insulation. Electrification by Friction and by Induction (Influence).

Distribution of Electrification on Conductors.

Electric Field. Strength of Field.

The Law of Electric Force.

Potential. Capacity. Energy of Charge.

Electrometers.

Electric Discharge and Electric Current.

Primary and Secondary Batteries.

Magnetic Field of Current. Magnetic Measurement of Current. Galvanometers.

Work done by an Electric Current.

Electromotive Force. Difference of Potential. Resistance.

Ohm's Law: Wheatstone's Bridge; Potentiometer; Resistance of Cells; Volt; Ohm; Ampere; Ammeters.; Voltmeters.

Heating Effects of Currents.

Elementary Phenomena of Electrolysis. Faraday's Law.

Voltameters.

Action on Current Circuits in a Magnetic Field.

Electro-magnetic Induction. Faraday's Law. Lenz's Law. Induction Coil.

A Thermo-electric Couple.

Practical Examination.

The following scheme is not exhaustive, and is intended merely to show the general nature of the exercises at the Practical Examination. The Examiners are not precluded from setting other exercises and practical problems illustrative of the principles set forth in the Syllabus:—

Length Measurements by Millimetre Rule.

Eye-estimation of tenths of a Division.

Use of Vernier, Linear and Angular.

Determination of Areas and Volumes by Measurement of Linear Dimensions.

Use of the Balance, weighing to one centigramme. Determination of Volumes by weighing in Water.

Specific Gravities of Solids, Powders, and Liquids.

Use of the Hydrometer.

Verification of Boyle's Law.

Reading the Barometric Height.

Determination of the Centre of Gravity of a Plate.

Determination of q by Simple Pendulum.

Determination of Velocity of Sound in a Tube by Resonance with a Fork.

Use of the Sonometer.

Use of Thermometers, and Determination of Fixed Points.

Simple Methods of determining Specific Heat and Latent Heat of Fusion and Evaporation.

Determination of Dew-point.

Use of Simple Photometers.

Focal Lengths of Mirrors.

Focal Lengths of Lenses.

Arrangement of two Lenses to make simple forms of Telescope, Microscope, and Magic Lantern. Arrangement of a Slit, Lens, and Prism to get a pure Spectrum.

Tracing the path of a Ray of Light through a block of glass and Deduction of Refractive Index.

Refractive Index by Method of Apparent Thickness.

Tracing the lines of force in the neighbourhood of a Magnet.

Comparison of Magnetic Moments and Fields. Measurement of Resistance of Wires and Cells. Comparison of E. M. F.'s with Potentiometer. Measurement of Electro-chemical Equivalent.

Candidates are required to bring to the practical examination their original Laboratory notebooks for inspection, should the examiners so desire. These note-books must be taken away by the candidates at the close of the examination.

### Chemistry (Two Papers and a Practical Examination).

The following outline is given for the general guidance of candidates as indicating the range of the Written Part (I.) and Experimental Part (II.) of the Examination in Chemistry:—

The methods which lead to the discovery of the composition of common materials occurring in nature.

The determination of molecular weights, equivalents, and of atomic weights. Valency and structural formulæ.

Classification of the elements, including the Periodic Scheme.

General characters of the chief types of compounds, including acids, bases, and salts.

History, production, and properties of the more important and typical elements and their most familiar compounds.

The character of chemical changes, including combustion, thermal dissociation, and electrolysis: the conditions which determine and influence them, and the attendant phenomena.

The whole of the above to be treated in an elementary manner.

Candidates will be required to show that they have seen and practised a great variety of experiments, and are familiar with the appearance of common laboratory materials.

### II.—Practical Examination.

[Candidates will be allowed to bring into the examination laboratory any one book on quantitative analysis, provided it do not contain any reference to qualitative analysis.]

Candidates will be required to show that they are familiar with easy quantitative operations, gravimetric and volumetric, with the rudiments of qualitative analysis, and that they have prepared a number of elements or compounds by processes involving the manipulation of gases and the purification of substances by crystallization, distillation, &c. Candidates are required to bring to the practical examination their original Laboratory note-books for inspection, should the examiners so desire. These note-books must be taken away by the candidates at the close of the examination. Specimens made by the candidate, duly attested by the teacher, if any, may be submitted to the Examiners.

### Botany (Two Papers and a Practical Examination).

Morphology.—The structure and properties of the cell and of the various kinds of tissue; cellformation and the development of the tissues. The plant body; its structure, development and various modifications.

### Special Morphology, Reproduction, and Taxonomy.

The morphological and physiological characteristics of Angiosperms as exemplified by plants belonging to the following natural orders:—Dilleniaceæ, Malvaceæ, Portulacaceæ, Myrtaceæ, Leguminosæ, Cucurbitaceæ, Compositæ, Convolvulaceæ, Acanthaceæ, Scrophulariaceæ, Euphorbiaceæ, Palmaceæ or Commelinaceæ, Örchidacæ Gramineæ.

The morphological and physiological characteristics of Gymnosperms as exemplified by Cycas. The morphological and physiological characteristics of Pteridophyta as exemplified by Selaginella, Aspidium, Asplenium, or Adiantum.

The morphological and physiological characteristics of Bryophyta as exemplified by Polytrichum (or Funaria) and by Marchantia (or Lunularia).

The morphological and physiological characteristics of Algæ as exemplified by Fucus, Ophiocytium, Coleochæte, and Spirogyra.

The morphological and physiological characteristics of Fungi, as exemplified by Agaricus, Eurotium, Pythium, Saccharomyces, and Bacillus.

### Elementary Physiology.

The Chemical nature of the food elements of plants. Their sources, the modes in which they are respectively absorbed by the organism.

The absorption of water—turgescence, transpiration, root-pressure.

Movements of water in plants.

Aëration and respiration.

Photosynthesis. Outlines of metabolic changes within the plant.

Growth.

Irritability, Geotropism, Heliotropism.

### Practical Examination.

The practical work will include the dissection and examination of plants or parts of plants, and the reference to their systematic position of plants or parts of plants comprised in the foregoing syllabus.* Simple experiments in Practical Physiology may be set.

Candidates are required to bring to the practical examination their original Laboratory note-books for inspection, should the examiners so desire. These note-books must be taken away by the candidates ta the close of the examination.

^{*} The list of plants may be changed from time to time, but two years' notice of any change will always be given.

### Geology (Two Papers and a Practical Examination).

(I.) Physical Geology.—The Earth as a Planet. Its larger surface features.

Atmospheric Agents and their Effects. Action of surface and underground water and of ice.

The Ocean, its Movements and Work.

Distribution of Temperature and Pressure in the Earth, and its Density. The Internal Forces

and their Effects. Subsidence and Elevation. Volcanoes and Earthquakes.

Characters and Relations of Rock Masses. The nature of Aqueous and Igneous Rocks and their Modes of Occurrence (Strike, Dip, Jointing, Folding, Faulting, Cleavage, Foliation; Interbedding, and Intrusion of Igneous Rocks). Features produced by Denudation (Outcrop Escarpments, Outliers, Inliers, Unconformity, Overlap).

(II.) Mineralogy relating to the important rock-forming Minerals.—The common crystal forms and

combinations, with the principles of crystallographic notation.

Minerals, their Physical Properties and Chemical Composition. Silica in its different forms. The chief minerals of the following groups:—Pyroxenes, Amphiboles, Felspars, Micas, Garnets, Zeolites, Chlorites. Also Olivine, Zircon, Beryl, Epidote, Zoisite, Cordierite, Leucite, Nepheline, Sodalite, Nosean, Haüyne, Tourmaline, Andalusite, Fibrolite, Kyanite, Staurolite, Sphene, Serpentine, Talc, Kaolin, Native Elements [Carbon, Sulphur]. Oxides [Iron Oxides, Spinels, Corundum, Rutile]. Rock Salt. Fluor Spar. Apatite. The Rock-forming Carbonates, Sulphides, and Sulphates.

Practical Examination.

Interpretation of Weather Charts. Physical Maps with contour lines and the method of drawing sections across them.

Drawing sections across some simple Geological Map.

Identification and Description of simple crystal forms and combinations by means of models or from actual specimens. Determination of the important Rock-forming Minerals in hand-specimens, and in thin slices under the microscope.

Candidates are required to bring to the practical examination their original Laboratory note-books for inspection, should the examiners so desire. These note-books must be taken away by the candidates at the close of the examination.

History of Architecture.

1. Greek and Roman Architecture.

2. History of Greek and Roman Art.

3. Drawings of Greek and Roman Orders done during the session to be submitted and marked. Candidates must take section 1 and either section 2 or 3.

History (Two Papers).

English History treated generally, with a special study of a standard work to be prescribed two years previously.*

Geography (Two Papers).

I.—General Geography.—The distribution of land and water.

The leading facts of wind and water circulation.

The objects and relative value of Mercator's, the orthographic, and the conic projections.

II.—Regional Geography.—The great divisions of the world considered under the following heads:—Superficial configuration together with the leading facts of the distribution of soils and rocks and minerals of economic importance.

The reaction of configuration upon air and water circulation and the resulting local climates.

The river systems as related to configuration and climate.

The influence of the foregoing physical factors on agricultural production and the supply of animal and vegetable products independently of agriculture.

The sources of mechanical power.

The distribution of population as related to the foregoing physical factors and as influencing labour supply and the value of land.

The localization of industries as determined by all the foregoing factors.

Transport. Trade centres and trade routes.

States as conditioned by geographical circumstances—physical, economic, and strategic.

English Literature and Essay (Two Papers).

Composition; History of Literature; Texts.

History of Literature; to include, at the selection of the Senate, either (1) the outlines of literary history from 1500 to 1800 with selected works, or (2) one or more great authors and the literary history of their time, with certain of their works to be studied particularly.

Selected works to be studied from a literary and linguistic point of view.

A certain amount of 14th century literature, † e.g., some of the Canterbury Tales or some of Piers Plowman.

Note.—Anglo-Saxon will not be required.

Shakespeare: Twelfth Night; Macbeth. Palgrave: Golden Treasury, Book II.

Goldsmith: Essays (Cambridge University Press).

In 1914—Outlines of Literary History, 1500 to 1800 inclusive, with special study of—Chaucer: Prologue to the Canterbury Tale; Knight's Tale.

Shakespeare: Julius Cæsar; Tempest. Milton: Comus.

Burke: Speeches on America (Ed. Payne, Clarendon Press).

^{*} In 1913--Froissart: Chronicles (Globe Edition).

In 1914—John Stow: Survey of London (a good edition by C. L. Kingsford, 2 vols., price 30s., Clarendon Press—a cheap edition is published by Routledge at 2s. 6d.).

[†] In 1913—Outlines of Literary History, 1500 to 1800 inclusive, with special study of—Chaucer: Prologue to the Canterbury Tales; Nun's Priest's Tale.

### ALTERNATIVE SUBJECTS.

One of the following subjects may be taken in place of one of the languages, French or German:-

(a) Advanced modern English Literature (two papers).

(b) Sanskrit (two papers).

(c) The existing British Constitution as defined in the Syllabus for the Intermediate Examination in Economics, but with special reference to the Government of the Colonies and Dependencies (two papers).

The Syllabus for each of the above is as follows:-

(a) Advanced Modern English Literature.

I.—History of English Literature from 1660 to 1900, the special study of prescribed books.*

II.—Shakespeare, with selected plays to be specially studied.

The special subjects in each year will be those assigned to Sections (a) and (c) of the B.A. Examination for Honours in English. See regulations for Degrees in Arts for External Students and the appendix of special subjects.

(b) Sanskrit.

I.—(a) Passages for translation from Sanskrit into English from the following books: Story of Nala, Books I.-VII. Hitopadesa, Books I. and II. (Peterson's Edition—Bombay Sanskrit Series with annotations).

(b) Questions on Sanskrit Grammar.

II.—(a) Passages of easy Sanskrit (unseen) for translation into English.

(b) A passage of English Prose to be translated into Sanskrit.

(c) The Existing British Constitution.

Outlines of the Constitution and the Public Administration of the United Kingdom at the present day, including the Organization and Working of Parliament, the Executive (Crown, Ministers, and Civil Service), and the Judiciary; the constitution and powers of the Local Authorities in England; the relation between the United Kingdom and its Colonies and Dependencies.

Candidates will be expected to have some acquaintance with the chief events in the developments

of British political institutions since 1832.

The above will be treated with special reference to the Government of Colonies and Dependencies.

### CERTIFICATES IN ENGLISH.

Any person who has obtained the English Certificate at a Matriculation Examination will be admitted to take the English papers at the Intermediate Examination in Arts (Pass) for External Students and a vivâ voce test, on payment of a fee of £3, and subject to the General Regulations affecting that examination.

A certificate will be issued to each successful candidate stating that he has shown an adequate knowledge of the English language, and of the period of English Literature and of the Texts prescribed for that examination.

SPECIAL REGULATIONS FOR THE UNIVERSITY SCHOLARSHIPS.

(a) In Arts.

No candidate will be eligible for the Scholarship awarded on the Intermediate Arts Examination

who does not take up the two subjects, Latin and Greek.

Candidates for the University Scholarship in Arts will be allowed to take, in addition to their other papers, either two higher Classical papers, or two higher Mathematical papers. The aggregate maximum of marks allowed for these papers will be the same in each case as the maximum allowed for each of the sections of the Intermediate Examination in Arts. But a candidate's marks for any of these higher papers will only be counted if he obtain at least one-third of the maximum of marks assigned to it.

(b) In Science.

Candidates for the University Scholarship in Science will be allowed to take, in addition to their other papers, the paper on Analytical Geometry which is set as a higher paper for the candidates in Arts, under similar conditions with regard to marking. The marks assigned to this paper in the Science Examination will bear the same proportion to the aggregate maximum of marks as in the Arts Examination.

N.B.—Candidates for the University Scholarship in Science will, in addition to the papers prescribed for the Intermediate Examination in Science, be required to take English Literature and Essay, which form the last section of the Intermediate Examination in Arts.

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* In 1913—(I.) Milton: Paradise Regained.
              Swift: Battle of the Books.
              Pope: Satires.
              Johnson: On Shakespeare (ed. Walter Raleigh, Oxford).
               Wordsworth: The Prelude.
               Byron: Childe Harold, IV.
              Keats: Lamia and the other poems published in 1820.
               Tennyson: Poems of 1842.
               Carlyle: Sartor Resartus.
           (II.)—Shakespeare: Midsummer Night's Dream; Merchant of Venice; I. Henry IV.; King Lear;
                       Antony and Cleopatra.
  In 1914—(I.) Milton: Paradise Regained:
               Pope: The Rape of the Lock.
               Burke: Reflections on the French Revolution.
               Wordsworth: The Prelude.
               Byron: Childe Harold IV.
               Keats: Lamia, and the other poems published in 1820.
               Hazlitt: The Spirit of the Age.
               William Morris: The Defence of Guenevere and other poems (Longman).
             (II.)—Shakespeare: Midsummer Night's Dream; I. and II. Henry IV.; Hamlet; Coriolanus.
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### Syllabus of Higher Classical and Mathematical Papers.

### 1.—Latin.

(a) One unprepared passage for translation into English of greater difficulty than those set for the Intermediate Pass Examination in Arts.

(b) A piece of continuous prose for translation from English into Latin of the standard of difficulty of that set for the Intermediate Honours Examination in Arts, but not quite so long.

(c) Two or three critical questions.

2.—Greek.

(a) Two short passages for translation into English, one prose and one verse, from authors of the period from Homer to Demosthenes, but excluding pure Doric writers.

(b) A short piece of continuous English prose for translation into Greek of an easier standard of difficulty than that set for the Intermediate Honours Examination in Arts.

(c) Two or three critical questions.

3.—Mathematics.

(1) Analytical Geometry.

(a) Equations in rectangular and polar co-ordinates of (1) the straight line, (2) the circle, (3) the parabola, (4) the ellipse, (5) the hyperbola and the properties of the same; (b) change of axes.

(2) Applied Mathematics.

Statics.—Composition, Resolution, and Equilibrium of Forces: (1) acting at a point; (2) acting in a plane; (3) acting in parallel lines. The properties of the Centre of Gravity; the Laws of Friction; the Mechanical Powers; and the principle of Virtual Work.

Dynamics.—Definition and Measurement of Mass, Force, Velocity, Acceleration, Momentum,

Work, and Energy. Composition and Resolution of Velocities and Accelerations.

Laws of Motion.—Uniform and uniformly accelerated motion in a straight line. Free motion of

projectiles under the action of gravity. Circular motion of particles. Simple cases of impact.

Hydrostatics.—Nature, intensity, and transmission of pressure in Liquids. Pressure of Liquids in equilibrium under the action of gravity. Equilibrium of Solids floating or immersed in gravitating Liquids. Specific gravities of substances, Solid and Liquid. The laws of Elastic Fluids and the principle of the barometer, thermometer, siphon, diving bell, manometer, and the various pumps.

SUBJECTS FOR THE INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATION IN SCIENCE.

Candidates shall be examined for a pass in any four subjects selected by themselves out of the following seven subjects of examination, viz., (1) Pure Mathematics, (2) Applied Mathematics, (3) Experimental Physics, (4) Chemistry, (5) Botany, (6) Zoology, and (7) Geology (one at least of the four subjects selected from the foregoing list must be taken from amongst the first three).

Questions will be set involving (1) the translation of passages in French or German, and (2)

answers with regard to the subject matter thereof.

The questions in French or German, which by the regulations are set for the home candidates,

will be made optional in the examinations as held in the Colonies.

N.B.—At any examination of the University in which there is a Practical Examination in an Experimental Science subject, no external candidate will be allowed to pass who fails to satisfy the examiners in the practical part as well as the written part of the examination.

Pure Mathematics (Two Papers).

Algebra.—The Arithmetic and the Algebra of the Matriculation Examination, and further Algebra, including the theory of Quadratic Equations, Convergency of Geometric Series, Permutations and Combinations, the Binomial Theorem for Positive Integral Indices, the Graphs of Simple Algebraic Functions, the Theory of Indices, the Nature and Use of Logarithms and of Logarithmic Tables, Interest and Annuities.

Geometry.—The Geometry of the Matriculation Examination, together with the Geometry of Similar Rectilineal Figures, Mensuration of Plane Rectilineal Figures and of the Circle, the Elementary Properties of the Plane, including those of the angles made by planes with straight lines and with one another, the Elementary Properties of the Sphere and Plane Sections thereof, Mensuration

of Simple Solid Figures, including the Cylinder, Cone, and Sphere.

Trigonometry.—The meaning of and elementary exercises in the use of Rectangular and Polar Co-ordinates, Measurements of Angles, Trigonometrical Functions and their Graphs, Approximate Values of the Trigonometrical Functions of Small Angles, Elementary Trigonometrical Formulæ and their Applications, Properties of Triangles, and easy properties of the Circles circumscribed to, and touching the sides of, a Triangle, Practical Solutions of Triangles and Applications, with numerical examples involving the use of Logarithmic and other Tables.

Applied Mathematics (Two Papers).

Statics.—Equilibrium of one or more bodies under the action of Uniplanar Forces or of Parallel Forces.

Properties of the Centre of Mass and its determination in simple cases.

Statics of Simple Mechanisms.

The Simpler Linkages.

The Elementary Laws of Friction.

Dynamics.—Velocities and Accelerations, including their Resolution and Composition.

Mass, Momentum, Force, Work, Energy, and Power.

Change of Units.—Dimensions.

Motion under the action of a Force which is constant in Magnitude and Direction.

Simple Problems on the Motion of Projectiles.

Circular Motion.

Simple Harmonic Oscillations. The Simple Pendulum.

Simple Cases of Direct and Oblique Impact.

Hydrostatics.—Pressures of Liquids on Plane Areas.

Pressures of Liquids on Solid Bodies, partially or wholly immersed, and Conditions of Equilibrium of such Bodies.

Specific Gravities and Densities of Substances, Solid and Liquid, and methods of determining them. Simple applications of the foregoing subjects.

Experimental Physics (Two Papers and a Practical Examination).

The following Syllabus is intended to indicate the general scope and character of the examination without being exhaustive of all parts of the subject. Candidates are expected to show a general acquaintance with the apparatus by which the elementary principles of Physics are illustrated and applied.

General Properties of Solids, Liquids, and Gases.

Relation between Volume and Pressure in Gases. Viscosity and Diffusion in Liquids and Gases.

Surface Tension. Osmosis. Stretching of Wires.

Heat.—Temperature. Instruments for the measurement of Temperature.

Expansion of Solids, Liquids, and Gases with rise of Temperature. Isothermal and Adiabatic Expansion.

Quantity of Heat. Specific Heat.

Change of State. Latent Heat. Vapour Pressure. Boiling-point.

Dew-point. Formation of Cloud, Fog, and Dew.

Conduction. Definition of Thermal Conductivity.

Convection. Radiation.

The Mechanical Equivalent of Heat and Modes of Determination. The Conservation of Energy. Sound.—The Production and Propagation of Sound.

Nature of Wave-motion. Amplitudes. Wave-length. Frequency.

Experimental determination of the Velocity of Sound in Air. Effect of change of Temperature on the Velocity.

Reflexion.

Determination of Frequency by simple methods.

Experimental investigation of the modes of Vibration of Strings by means of the Sonometer.

Experimental investigation of the Vibrations of Air in Pipes by Resonance to Tuning Forks.

Organ Pipes. Position of Nodes and Antinodes.

Optics.—Propagation of Light. Laws of Reflexion and Refraction. Photometry.

Reflexion at Plane and Spherical Surfaces, and the formation of Images.

Refraction at Plane Surfaces and by Prisms. Minimum deviation. Chromatic dispersion.

The General Laws of Radiation: Visible, Ultra-violet, Infra-red.

Emission and Absorption.

Heating Effects of Radiation.

Phosphorescence and Fluorescence.

The formation of Images by single Lenses. Long and Short Sight and their correction by Lenses. The Combination of Two Lenses to form a simple Telescope or Microscope.

Measurement of Velocity.

Magnetism and Electricity.

Properties of Magnets. Simple Phenomena of Magnetism and of Magnetic Induction (Influence). The Magnetic Field. Lines of Force. The Law of Magnetic Force. Magnetic Moment.

Intensity of Magnetisation.
The Earth as a Magnet.

The Magnetic Properties of Iron and the Elementary Laws of the Magnetic Circuit.

The Simpler Phenomena of Electrified Bodies. Conduction and Insulation. Electrification by Friction and by Induction (Influence).

Distribution of Electrification on Conductors.

Electric Field. Strength of Field.

The Law of Electric Force.

Potential. Capacity. Energy of Charge.

Electrometers.

Electric Discharge and Electric Current.

Primary and Secondary Batteries.

Magnetic Field of Current. Magnetic measurement of Current. Galvanometers.

Work done by an Electric Current.

Electromotive Force. Difference of Potential. Resistance.

Ohm's Law: Wheatstone's Bridge; Potentiometer; Resistance of Cells; Volt; Ohm; Ampere; Ammeters; Voltmeters.

Heating Effects of Currents.

Elementary Phenomena of Electrolysis. Faraday's Law.

Voltameters.

1:

Action on Current Circuits in a Magnetic Field.

Electro-magnetic Induction. Faraday's Law. Lenz's Law. Induction Coil.

A Thermo-electric Couple.

Practical Examination.

The following scheme is not exhaustive, and is intended merely to show the general nature of the exercises at the practical examination. The Examiners are not precluded from setting other exercises and practical problems illustrative of the principles set forth in the Syllabus:—

Length Measurements by Millimetre Rule.

Eye-estimation of tenths of a Division, Use of Vernier, Linear and Angular.

Determination of Areas and Volume by Measurement of Linear Dimensions.

Use of the Balance, weighing to one centigramme. Determination of Volumes by weighing in Water.

Specific Gravities of Solids, Powders, and Liquids.

Use of the Hydrometer.

Verification of Boyle's Law. Reading the Barometric Height.

Determination of the Centre of Gravity of a Plate.

Determination of g by Simple Pendulum.

Determination of Velocity of Sound in a Tube by Resonance with a Fork.

Use of the Sonometer.

Use of Thermometers, and Determination of fixed Points.

Simple Methods of determining Specific Heat and Latent Heat of Fusion and Evaporation.

Determination of Dew-point.
Use of Simple Photometers.
Focal Lengths of Mirrors

Focal Lengths of Mirrors. Focal Lengths of Lenses.

Arrangements of two Lenses to make simple forms of Telescope, Microscope, and Magic Lantern.

Arrangement of a Slit, Lens, and Prism to get a pure Spectrum.

Tracing the path of a Ray of Light through a block of glass and Deduction of Refractive Index.

Refractive Index by Method of Apparent Thickness.

Tracing the lines of force in the neighbourhood of a Magnet.

Comparison of Magnetic Moments and Fields. Measurement of Resistance of Wires and Cells. Comparison of E. M. F.'s with Potentiometer. Measurement of Electro-chemical Equivalent.

Candidates are required to bring to the practical examination their original Laboratory notebooks for inspection, should the examiners so desire. These note-books must be taken away by the candidates at the close of the examination.

Chemistry (Two Papers).

The following outline is given for the general guidance of candidates as indicating the range of the Written Part (I.) and Experimental Part (II.) of the Examination in Chemistry:—

I.

The methods which lead to the discovery of the composition of common materials occurring in nature.

The determination of molecular weights, equivalents, and of atomic weights. Valency and structural formulæ.

Classification of the elements including the Periodic Scheme.

General characters of the chief types of compounds, including acids, bases, and salts.

History, production, and properties of the more important and typical elements and their most familiar compounds.

The character of chemical changes, including combustion, thermal dissociation, and electrolysis; the conditions which determine and influence them, and the attendant phenomena.

The whole to be treated in an elementary manner.

Candidates will be required to show that they have seen and practised a great variety of experiments, and are familiar with the appearance of common laboratory materials.

### II.—Practical Examination.

[Candidates will be allowed to bring into the examination laboratory any one book on quantitative

analysis, provided it do not contain any reference to qualitative analysis.]

Candidates will be required to show that they are familiar with easy quantitative operations, gravimetric and volumetric, with the rudiments of qualitative analysis, and that they have prepared a number of elements or compounds by processes involving the manipulation of gases and the purification of substances by crystallization, distillation, &c. Candidates are required to bring to the practical examination their original Laboratory note-books for inspection, should the examiners so desire. These note-books must be taken away by the candidates at the close of the examination. Specimens made by the candidate, duly attested by the teacher, if any, may also be submitted to the examiners.

Botany (Two Papers, and a Practical Examination).

Morphology.—The structure and properties of the cell and of the various kinds of tissues; cell formation and the development of the tissues. The plant body; its structure, development, and various modifications.

Special Morphology, Reproduction, and Taxonomy.

The morphological and physiological characteristics of Angiosperms as exemplified by plants belonging to the following natural orders:—Dilliniaceæ, Malvaceæ, Portulacaceæ, Myrtaceæ, Leguminosæ, Cucurbitaceæ, Compositæ, Convolvulaceæ, Acanthaceæ, Scrophulariaceæ, Euphorbiaceæ Palmaceæ or Commelinaceæ, Orchidaceæ, Gramineæ.

The morphological and physiological characteristics of Gymnosperms, as exemplified by Cycas. The morphological and physiological characteristics of Pteridophyta, as exemplified by Selaginella, Aspidium, Asplenium, or Adiantum.

The morphological and physiological characteristics of Bryophyta, as exemplified by Polytrichum (or Funaria) and by Marchantia (or Lunularia).

The morphological and physiological characteristics of Algæ, as exemplified by Fucus, Ophiocy tium. Coleochæte, and Spirogyra.

The morphological and physiological characteristics of Fungi, as exemplified by Agaricus, Eurotium, Phythium, Saccharomyces, Bacillus.

### Elementary Physiology.

The chemical nature of the food elements of plants. Their sources, the modes in which they are respectively absorbed by the organism.

The absorption of water: turgescence, transpiration, root-pressure.

Movements of water in plants.

Aëration and respiration.

Photosynthesis. Outlines of metabolic changes within the plant.

Growth.

Trritability, Geotropism, Heliotropism.

### Practical Examination.

The practical work will include the dissection and examination of plants or parts of plants, and the reference to their systematic position of plants, or parts of plants comprised in the foregoing syllabus.* Simple experiments in Practical Physiology may be set.

Candidates are required to bring to the practical examination their original Laboratory notebooks for inspection, should the examiners so desire. These note-books must be taken away by the

candidates at the close of the examination.

Zoology (Two Papers).

1. The fundamental facts and laws of Zoology, as exhibited in the following types:—Amæba, Euglena, Paramecium, Monocystis, Hydra, Obelia, Lumbricus, Distomum, Astacus, Amphioxus, Scyllium, Rana, Lepus.

2. The student will be expected to acquire a practical knowledge of the general organization of

each of the types above specified and an elementary knowledge of-

(a) The chief biological laws which the structural phenomena illustrate.

(b) The structure and properties of the Cell, and the general characters of the Tissues, including Epithelia, Blood, Lymph; Nervous, Muscular, Connective, and Skeletal Tissues;

and the microscopic structure of the more important organs of the body.

(c) The phenomena of Sexual and Asexual Reproduction, including the general history and characters of the Germ Cells, the chief types of Segmentation of the fertilized Ovum, the Metamorphosis of the Frog, and an elementary knowledge of the Development of the Chick up to the third day of incubation, and the formation of the Fætal Membranes in the Bird and Mammal.

3. A knowledge of the diagnostic characters of the following groups:—Protozoa: Lobosa, Foraminfera, Radiolaria, Sporozoa, Flagellata, Ciliata; Cœlenterata: Hydrozoa, Anthozoa; Platyhelmia: Turbellaria, Trematoda, Cestoda; Annelida: Oligochæta, Polychæta; Articulata: Crustacea, Insecta, Arachnida; Chordata: Urochorda, Cephalochorda; Graniata: Pisces, Reptilia, Amphibia, Aves, Mammalia.

Practical Examination.

The candidate must be prepared to examine microscopically, to dissect, and to describe specimens or parts of the animals comprised in paragraphs 1 and 2 in the foregoing Syllabus (with the exception that for the skull of Lepus will be substituted that of Canis), and to determine the zoological position of specimens in accordance with paragraph 3 above.

Candidates are required to bring to the practical examination their original Laboratory notebooks for inspection, should the examiners so desire. These note-books must be taken away by the

candidates at the close of the examination.

Geology (two Papers and a Practical Examination).

(I.) Physical Geology.—The Earth as a Planet. Its larger surface features.

Atmospheric Agents and their Effects. Action of surface and underground waters and of ice.

The Ocean, its Movements and Work.

Distribution of Temperature and Pressure in the Earth, and its Density. The Internal Forces

and their Effects. Subsidence and Elevation. Volcanoes and Earthquakes.

Characters and Relations of Rock Masses. The nature of Aqueous and Igneous Rocks and their Modes of Occurrence (Strike, Dip, Jointing, Folding, Faulting, Cleavage, Foliation; Interbedding, and Intrusion of Igneous Rocks). Features produced by Denudation (Outcrop, Escarpments, Outliers, Inliers, Unconformity, Overlap).

(II.) Mineralogy relating to the important rock-forming Minerals.—The common crystal forms and

combinations, with the principles of crystallographic notation.

Minerals, their Physical Properties and Chemical Composition. Silica in its different forms. The chief minerals of the following groups:—Pyroxenes, Amphiboles, Felspars, Micas, Garnets, Zeolites, Chlorites. Also Olivine, Zircon, Beryl, Epidote, Zoisite, Cordierite, Leucite, Nepheline, Sodalite, Nosean, Haüyne, Tourmaline, Andalusite, Fibrolite, Kyanite, Staurolite, Sphene, Serpentine, Talc, Kaolin. Native Elements [Carbon, Sulphur]. Oxides [Iron Oxides, Spinels, Corundum, Rutile]. Rock Salt. Fluor Spar. Apatite. The Rock-forming Carbonates, Sulphides, and Sulphates.

Practical Examination.

Interpretation of Weather Charts. Physical Maps with contour lines and the method of drawing sections across them.

Drawing sections across some simple Geological Map.

Identification and Description of simple crystal forms and combinations by means of models or from actual specimens. Determination of the important Rock-forming Minerals in hand specimens and in thin slices under the microscope.

Candidates are required to bring to the practical examination their original Laboratory notebooks for inspection, should the examiners so desire. These note-books must be taken away by the candidates at the close of the examination

^{*} The list of plants may be changed from time to time, but two years' notice of any change will always be given.

Tr is hereby notified under Ordinance No. 26 of 1909 that the under-mentioned have been licensed as Surveyors and Levellers for the current year:—

Registration License Date of Address. Name. License. No. No. Nelson Place, Wellawatta 304Daniel, A. J. A 70 \ ... January 27, 1913 ... Ratna Gopal, W. F. Jaffna 🐪 February 12, 1913 ... 287 A 75 ... W. C. S. INGLES. Surveyor-General's Office,

Statement of Arrivals and Departures of Immigrant Coolies (a) during the Month of January, 1913, and (b) for the First Month of 1913, together with Figures for the corresponding Month and Period of the previous Year.

Total for Total for Balance of Departures January, January, January, January, One Month, 1912. over Arrivals. One Month, 1913. Port. 1913. 1913. *1912*. *1912*. **1913**. 1912. Dep. Dep.  $\mathbf{Dep.}$ Dep.Arr. Arr. Arr. Arr. 5,419 Colombo... 4,136 3,758  $4,136 \dots 6,574 \dots$ *3,758* ... 2,438 .. 1,661 5,419 ... 6,574 ... F. G. TYRRELL, H. M. Customs, for Principal Collector. Colombo February 19, 1913.

TOTICE is hereby given that applications have been received for grants in aid of the following schools:—

Rev. R. P. Butterfield .. Halwatura Estate Vernacular Mixed School, which is situated in the Rayigam korale of the Kalutara District of the Western Province.

W. Pickering, Esq. .. Ellakande Estate Boys' Vernacular Night School, which is situated in the Rayigam korale of the Kalutara District of the Western Province.

Observations will be received not later than March 20, 1913.

Rev W. G. Shorten .. Dagawilla Boys' Vernacular School, which is situated in Upper Dumbara of the Kandy District of the Central Province.

Observations will be received not later than April 20, 1913.

Department of Public Instruction, Colombo, February 20, 1913.

Colombo, February 17, 1913.

J. HARWARD, Director.

for Surveyor-General.

received from the Colombo Buddhist Theosophical Society for permission to move their Malegoda Girls' Vernacular School, which is situated in the Kalutara totamune, to a new site on a land called Gorakagahawatta, about 80 fathoms to the south of the present site.

Observations will be received not later than March 20, 1913.

Department of Public Instruction, Colombo, February 20, 1913.

J. HARWARD, Director.

Examination of Government Clerks.

In terms of Minute of June 16, 1908, an examination in the vernacular languages, in the system of accounts employed in Government offices, and in higher book-keeping for clerks of Class III. of the Clerical Service will commence at the Royal College on Friday, April 4, 1913, at 10 A.M.

Candidates for admission should apply by letter to the Director of Public Instruction not later than March 15, 1913, specifying the subjects they are desirous of taking up.

Office of Public Instruction, Colombo, January 17, 1913. J HARWARD, Director.

### Examination of Forest Rangers in the Vernaculars.

The Government Gazette No. 6,324 of August 20, 1909, an examination in the vernacular languages for Forest Rangers in Grade II. will be held at the Royal College on April 4, 1913, commencing at 10 A.M.

Candidates for admission should apply by letter to reach the Director of Public Instruction, through the Conservator of Forests, not later than March 15, 1913, specifying the languages they are desirous of taking up.

inguages they are desirous or taking

Office of Public Instruction, Colombo, January 17, 1913. J. HARWARD, Director.

### NOTICES CALLING FOR TENDERS.

Cwt. of salt from the general stores, Karaiur, to the salt stores, Mannar. The successful tenderer will be required to transport 3,000 cwt. in April, 1913, and the balance in November next.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to (a) the Government Agent, Northern Province, Jaffna (original), (b) the Con-

troller of Revenue, Colombo (duplicate).

3. Tenders should be marked "Tender for transporting Salt, Mannar," in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Offices of the Government Agent, Northern Province, Jaffna, and the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Monday, March 3, 1913.

4. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Jaffna Kachcheri, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form. Alterations must be initialled, otherwise the tenders may be

treated as informal and rejected.

5. A deposit of Rs. 50 will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond, or fail to furnish approved security, within ten days of receiving

notice in writing from the Head of the Department, or his duly authorized representative, that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

6. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the

contract.

7. The tenderers must state the rate of freight per cwt. The rate of wastage allowed will be not exceeding 2 per cent.

8. Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of each contract. The amount of each bond, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained upon application at the Jaffna Kachcheri.

9. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Jaffna Kachcheri, January 29, 1913. D. H. Balfour, for Government Agent. TENDERS are hereby invited for the supply of ebony, satinwood, and ranai described in the schedule annexed.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Kurunegala Division, Kurunegala.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Assistant Conservator of Forests,

Kurunegala, or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for the Supply of Timber" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Kurunegala, not later than midday on Tuesday, February 25, 1913.

5. Separate tenders should be put in for each of the services marked (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), and (f), in the schedule quoting a rate per ton of ebony and a rate per cubic foot of

satinwood and ranai.

6. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Forest Office, Kurunegala, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form. Alterations must be initialled, otherwise the tenders

may be treated as informal and rejected.

- 7. A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline or fail to enter into the contract and bond, or to furnish approved security, within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Kurunegala Division, that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.
- 8. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the

contract.

- Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount of bond, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained upon application at the office referred to in section 6. A cash security of 5 per cent. of the value of contract will be required of the contractor when entering into the bond. The sureties will be required to produce a certificate of competency signed by a chief headman before signing the bond.
- 10. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.
- 11. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

A. B. LUSHINGTON, Assistant Conservator of Forests, Forest Office, Kurunegala Division. Kurunegala, February 4, 1913.

### SCHEDULE.

(a) To fell within 6 inches of the ground 25 ebony trees over 6 feet in girth duly stamped and marked in the forest known as Minuwangette, To clean the said ebony logs and transport to the Railway Station, Kurunegala.

The forest referred to above is situated in the Dewamedi Medagandahe korale of the Dewamedi hatpattu, and adjoining the Deduru-oya and main road running from Kurunegala to Anuradhapura. Distance from Minuwan. gette village to Kurunegala is approximately 20 miles.

(b) To fell within 6 inches of the ground 25 ebony trees over 6 feet in girth duly stamped and marked in the forest known as Nakelle. To clean and transport same to the

Kurunegala Railway Station.

The forest referred to above is situated near the Tala. henna village of Baladora korale of Dewamedi hatpattu. Distance from the forest to Kurunegala is approximately 30 miles, of this distance 22 miles consists of main road from Kurunegala to Vitikule.

(c) To fell within 6 inches of the ground 30 satin trees over 6 feet in girth duly stamped and marked in the forest known as Sawarangallawa. To clean and transport the said satin logs to Ambanpola Railway Station.

The forest referred to above is situated in the Gantihe korale of the Wanni hatpattu, and adjoins the Nikaweratiya-Ambanpola road. Distance from the forest to the Ambanpola Railway Station is approximately 12 miles.

(d) To fell within 6 inches of the ground 20 satin trees over 6 feet in girth duly stamped and marked in the forest known as Nelawa. To clean and transport the said satin

logs to Ambanpola Railway Station.

The forest referred to above is situated in the Gantihe korale of Wanni hatpattu, and adjoining the roads from Ambanpola to Nelumpatwawa and Ambanpola to Kasiyacotta. Distance from the forest to Ambanpola Railway Station is 6 miles approximately.

(e) To fell within 6 inches of the ground 25 ranai trees over 5 feet in girth duly stamped and marked in the forest known as Minuwangette. To clean and transport the

said ranai logs to Kurunegala Railway Station.

The forest referred to is situated in the Dewamedi hatpattu, and adjoining the Deduru-oya and main road running from Kurunegala to Anuradhapura via Padeniya. Distance from Minuwangette village to Kurunegala is approximately 20 miles.

(f) To fell within 6 inches of the ground 25 ranai trees over 5 feet in girth duly stamped and marked in the forest known as Demadde. To clean and transport the said ranai

logs to the Railway Station at Maho.

The forest referred to above is situated near the Kumbukwewa village of Magul Otota korale of Wanni hatpattu. Distance from the forest to Maho Railway Station is 15 miles approximately.

All the above services to be completed within 2½ months

from date of signing the agreement.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the supply of the under-mentioned materials from July 1, 1913, to September 30, 1914, for the use of the Public Works Department, Western Province, in the following districts:—-

### Negombo District.

To be delivered at the Public Works Department Yard, Negombo.

### List of Materials.

Baskets, Madampe, 18 in. by  $10\frac{1}{2}$  in. by 5 in., per 100. Bags, gunny, second quality, per 1,000. Bricks, local, 9 in. by 4 in. by  $2\frac{1}{2}$  in., per 1,000. Bricks, local, 9 in. by 4 in. by 2 in., per 1,000. Coconut slabs, per 100 lin. ft. Lime, boiled, per bushel. Lime, slaked, per bushel. Planks, halmilla, 2 in., per square foot. Planks, halmilla, 2½ in., per square foot. Planks, jak, 1 in., per square foot.

Planks, jak, 1½ in., per square foot.

Planks, milla, 2 in., per square foot. Planks, milla, 2½ in!, per square foot.

Tiles, half-round, per 1,000.

### Kalutara District.

To be delivered at the Public Works Department Yard, Kalutara.

### List of Materials.

Bricks, local, 9 in. by 4 in. by  $2\frac{1}{2}$  in., per 1,000. Lime, boiled, per bushel. Lime, slaked, per bushel.

Tiles, half-round, per 1,000.

- 2. All tenders must be in duplicate, both copies being sealed in the same envelope, and addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.
- 3. Tenders must be marked "Tender for supply of Materials, Public Works Department, Western Province, 1913-1914," in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on March 11, 1913.

4. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent to him

through the post.

5. Samples of the following articles tendered for are to be deposited in sealed packets at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Western Province, not later than midday on March 11, 1913:—

Bricks, local, 9 in. by 4 in. by  $2\frac{1}{2}$  in. Tiles, half-round.

6. To each sample must be firmly attached a label on which is stated the name of the tenderer, the Gazette number of the notice calling for the tender, and the description of the article adopted in his tender.

7. Tenders must be on forms which may be obtained at the office of the Provincial Engineer, Western Province, Colombo, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained. alterations made in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all tenders containing alterations not so

initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

Parties applying for form of tender will be required to deposit the sum of Rs. 50 either at the Treasury or the Kachcheri, and produce a receipt for the same. Should the party fail to submit in accordance with the terms of the specification a bona fide tender, or to enter into the necessary contract, the sum of Rs. 50 deposited will be forfeited by way of ascertained and liquidated damages, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. Upon a contract being entered into, the deposits of unsuccessful bona fide tenderers. will be returned.

9. Further information may be obtained on application at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Western Province,

Colombo.

10. Before any tender is accepted the contractor will be required to sign a contract to execute and perform the works in accordance with the specification and the general conditions therein set forth, and to deposit a sum of Rs. 50 for the due and faithful performance of the contract, within ten days of receiving notice in writing signed by the Provincial Engineer, Western Province, Colombo, that the Government is prepared to accept his tender.

11. The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender, and reserves to itself the right of

accepting any portion of a tender.

Public Works Office, HAROLD T. CREASY, Colombo, February 4, 1913. for Director of Public Works.

TENDERS are invited for the following services in the Galle District for a period of two years commencing from July 1, 1913, and ending on June 30, 1915:—

(a) To deliver rubble of approved quality at the Galle Jail premises at per cube.

(b) To transport metal from the Galle Jail premises and pile such metal at per cube as follows:—

> I.—On the Galle-Colombo road on the following miles:--

68-69 mile, including piling at per cube 69-70 do. 70-71 do. 71 - 72do. 72-73 do. 73 - 74do. 74-75 do.

II.—On road from Galle to Akuressa:—

2-3 mile, including piling at per cube 3-4 do.

III.—On road from Galle to Udugama:— 2-3 mile, including piling at per cube

do. 2. The rubble must be delivered in such quantities at required by the Provincial Engineer, Southern Province, and shall in no case be less than four cubes a day. The rubble is for the purpose of being broken by the prisoners in the Galle Jail into metal.

The metal so broken will be issued to the contractor by the Jailer, Galle, through the shoot in the western wall of the Jail, and the contractor shall remove the metal so issued and pile the same on the road or roads as ordered by the Provincial Engineer according to requirements.

4. The quantity of metal so transported and piled shall not be less than fifty cubes per month, and will be measured monthly, and payments made at the rates to be agreed upon for each cube piled, including transport.

5. The contractor shall furnish all tools, powder, fuze, baskets, and transport as shall be necessary for the due and proper performance of the contract, and shall be at liberty

to work in the Talbot town quarry.

6. All tenders must be in duplicate, both copies being sealed in the same envelope, and addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue. Colombo.

7. Tenders must be marked "Tender for Supply of Metal, Public Works Department, Southern Province, 1913-1915," in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on March 11, 1913.

Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent to him

through the post.

9. Tenders must be on forms which may be obtained at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Southern Province, Galle, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained. Any alterations made in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all tenders containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

10. Parties applying for form of tender will be required to deposit the sum of Rs. 50 either at the Treasury or the Kachcheri, and produce a receipt for the same. Should the party fail to submit in accordance with the terms of the specification a bona fide tender, or to enter into the necessary contract, the sum of Rs. 50 deposited will be forfeited by way of ascertained and liquidated damages, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. Upon a contract being entered into, the deposits of unsuccessful bona fide tenderers will be returned.

11. Further information may be obtained on application at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Southern Province,

Galle,

12. Before any tender is accepted the contractor will be required to sign a contract to execute and perform the works in accordance with the specification and the general conditions therein set forth, and to deposit a sum of Rs. 200 for the due and faithful performance of the contract, within ten days of receiving notice in writing signed by the Provincial Engineer, Southern Province, Galle, that the Government is prepared to accept his tender.

13. The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender, and reserves to itself the right of

accepting any portion of a tender.

T. H. CHAPMAN, Public Works Office, Colombo, January 31, 1913. for Director of Public Works.

TENDERS are hereby invited for supplying the undermentioned materials from July 1, 1913, to September 30, 1914, for the following districts:—Jaffna, Pallai, and Vavuniya, in the Northern Province:-

### List of Materials.

Coir string, per cwt.

Baskets, naar, not under 12 in. by 12 in. by 8 in., per 100. Baskets, ola, not under 12 in. by 12 in. by 8 in., per 100. Baskets, ola, water, each.

Lime made from coral chips, per bushel.

Lime, shell, per bushel.

Charcoal, per bushel. Mango planks, 1 in.,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  in., and  $1\frac{1}{2}$  in., finished thickness. Margosa planks, 1 in., 1½ in., and 1½ in., finished thickness. Jak planks, 1 in., 1½ in., and 1½ in., finished thickness. Palmyra rafters, 3 of a tree, dressed, per lineal foot. Palmyra reepers, 2 in. by 1 in., dressed, per 100 of 12 ft. Palmyra reepers, 2 in. by 1 in., undressed, per 100 of 12 ft. Palu reepers, 2 in. by 1 in., per 100 of 12 ft. Cadjans, not less than 8 ft. by 18 in., per 100.

Bags, gunny, each.

2. All tenders must be in duplicate, both copies being sealed in the same envelope, and addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders must be marked "Tender for supply of Materials, Northern Province, 1913-1914," in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on March 11, 1913.

4. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent to him

through the post.

5. Samples of the following articles tendered for are to be deposited in sealed packets at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Northern Province, not later than midday on March 11, 1913:—

Baskets, naar, not under 12 in. by 12 in. by 8 in. Baskets, ola, not under 12 in. by 12 in. by 8 in. Baskets, ola, water, each.

Lime made from coral chips.

Lime, shell. Coir string.

Bags, gunny.

6. To each sample must be firmly attached a label on which is stated the name of the tenderer, the Gazette number of the notice calling for the tender, and the description of the article adopted in his tender.

7. Tenders must be on forms which may be obtained at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Northern Province, Jaffna, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained. Any alterations made in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all tenders containing alterations not so initialled will be

treated as informal and rejected.

- 8. Parties applying for form of tender will be required to deposit the sum of Rs. 50 either at the Treasury or the Kachcheri, and produce a receipt for the same. Should the party fail to submit in accordance with the terms of the specification a bona fide tender, or to enter into the necessary contract, the sum of Rs. 50 deposited will be forfeited by way of ascertained and liquidated damages, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. Upon a contract being entered into, the deposits of unsuccessful bona fide tenderers will be returned.
- 9. Further information may be obtained on application at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Northern Province, Jaffna.
- 10. Before any tender is accepted the contractor will be required to sign a contract to execute and perform the works in accordance with the specification and the general conditions therein set forth, and to deposit a sum of Rs. 100 for the due and faithful performance of the contract, within ten days of receiving notice in writing signed by the Provincial Engineer, Northern Province, Jaffna, that the Government is prepared to accept his tender.

11. The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender, and reserves to itself the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Public Works Office, HAROLD T. CREASY, Colombo, February 10, 1913. for Director of Public Works.

TENDERS are hereby invited for supplying the undermentioned materials from July 1, 1913, to September 30, 1914, for Mannar District, in the Northern Province:—

List of Materials.

Baskets, naar, round, 12 in. by 12 in. by 8 in., each.

Baskets, ola, 12 in. by 12 in. by 8 in., each.

Baskets, ola, water, each.

Bricks, best, burnt, country,  $8\frac{3}{4}$  in. by  $4\frac{1}{4}$  in. by  $2\frac{1}{2}$  in., per 1,000.

Bricks, best, burnt, country, 9 in. by  $4\frac{1}{2}$  in. by 3 in., per 1,000.

Coral stones, rough, not less than 1 ft. by 1 ft. by 6 in., per cube.

Coral stones, dressed, not less than 9 in. by 1 ft. by 6 in., per cube.

Rubble stones, 1 ft. by 3 in. by 2 in. to 1 in. by 6 in. by 6 in., per cube.

Lime, slaked, burnt, from coral chips, per bushel. Lime, unslaked, burnt, from coral chips, per bushel. Lime, boiled, best, shell, per bushel. Sand pit, per bushel.

Palmyra rafters, 3 of a tree, dressed, per lineal foot, 12 ft. long.

Palmyra reepers, 2 in. by 1 in., dressed, per 100 of 12 ft. Palmyra reepers, 1 in. by 1 in., dressed, per 100 of 12 ft. Palmyra reepers, 2 in. by 1 in., undressed, per 100 of 12 ft. Palmyra reepers, 1 in. by 1 in., undressed, per 100 of 12 ft. Palmyra stalks or maddies, per 100. Palmyra olas with stalks, per 100.

Palmyra, dressed, bridge planks, 3 of a tree, not less than 14 ft., per lineal foot.

Palmyra, dressed, bridge planks, 2 of a tree, not less than

14 ft., per lineal foot.

Mango planks, ½ in. finished thickness, per superficial foot.

Mango planks, 1 in.

Mango planks, 1¼ in.

Mango planks, 1½ in.

Jak planks, ¼ in.

Jak planks, ¼ in.

do.

do.

do.

Jak planks, 1 in. do.

Jak planks,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  in.

do.

Jak planks,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  in.

do.

Jakwood scantlings, 2 in. by 2 in. up to 7 in. by 8 in., 15 ft. long, per cubic foot.

Palu or other hard wood, 2 in. by 2 in. up to 7 in. by 8 in., 15 ft. long, per cubic foot.

Palu or other hard wood bridge planks, 14 ft. 6 in. by 6 in. by 4 in.

Cadjans, not less than 8 ft. by 18 in., per 100.

Coir string, per cwt. Charcoal, per bushel.

Kerosine oil, per gallon.

Gunny bags, old, each.

Gunny bags, new, each.

Coconut oil, per gallon.

- 2. All tenders must be in duplicate, both copies being sealed in the same envelope, and addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.
- 3. Tenders must be marked "Tender for supply of Materials, Northern Province, 1913–1914," in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on March 11, 1913.

4. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent to him

through the post.

5. Samples of the following articles tendered for are to be deposited in sealed packets at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Northern Province, not later than midday on March 11, 1913:—

Baskets, naar, not under 12 in. by 12 in. by 8 in. Baskets, ola, not under 12 in. by 12 in. by 8 in. Lime made from coral chips.

Lime, shell.

6. To each sample must be firmly attached a label on which is stated the name of the tenderer, the *Gazette* number of the notice calling for the tender, and the description of the article adopted in his tender.

7. Tenders must be on forms which may be obtained at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Northern Province, Jaffna, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained. Any alterations made in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all tenders containing alterations not so initialled will

be treated as informal and rejected.

- 8. Parties applying for form of tender will be required to deposit the sum of Rs. 50 either at the Treasury or the Kachcheri, and produce a receipt for the same. Should the party fail to submit in accordance with the terms of the specification a bona fide tender, or to enter into the necessary contract, the sum of Rs. 50 deposited will be forfeited by way of ascertained and liquidated damages, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. Upon a contract being entered into, the deposits of unsuccessful bona fide tenderers will be returned.
- 9. Further information may be obtained on application at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Northern Province, Jaffna.
- 10. Before any tender is accepted the contractor will be required to sign a contract to execute and perform the works in accordance with the specification and the general conditions therein set forth, and to deposit a sum of Rs. 100 for the due and faithful performance of the contract, within

ten days of receiving notice in writing signed by the Provincial Engineer, Northern Province, Jaffna, that the Government is prepared to accept his tender.

11. The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender, and reserves to itself the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Public Works Office, HAROLD T. CREASY, Colombo, February 10, 1913. for Director of Public Works.

TENDERS are hereby invited for supply and delivery of road metal (broken stone to pass every way through a 2-inch ring) from July 1, 1913, to September 30, 1914, for the use of the Public Works Department at the following places in the Northern Province:—

- (a) At Mullaittivu beach, near the Customs, at ——per cube.
- (b) At Mannar beach, near the Customs, at —— per cube.
- (c) At Pesalai beach, near the Customs, at —— per cube.
- 2. All tenders must be in duplicate, both copies being sealed in the same envelope, and addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.
- 3. Tenders must be marked "Tender for supply of Road Metal in the Northern Province, 1913–1914," in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on March 11, 1913.

4. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent to him

through the post.

5. Samples of the metal tendered for are to be deposited in sealed packets or bottles at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Northern Province, Jaffna, not later than midday on March 11, 1913.

6. To each sample must be firmly attached a label on which is stated the name of the tenderer, the Gazette number of the notice calling for the tender, and the description of

the article adopted in his tender.

7. Tenders must be on forms which may be obtained at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Northern Province, Jaffna, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained. Any alterations made in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all tenders containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

- 8. Parties applying for form of tender will be required to deposit the sum of Rs. 50 either at the Treasury or the Kachcheri, and produce a receipt for the same. Should the party fail to submit in accordance with the terms of the specification a bona fide tender, or to enter into the necessary contract, the sum of Rs. 50 deposited will be forfeited by way of ascertained and liquidated damages, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. Upon a contract being entered into, the deposits of unsuccessful bona fide tenderers will be returned.
- 9. Further information may be obtained on application at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Northern Province, Jaffna.
- 10. Before any tender is accepted the contractor will be required to sign a contract to execute and perform the works in accordance with the specification and the general conditions therein set forth, and to deposit a sum of Rs. 350 in each district for the due and faithful performance of the contract, within ten days of receiving notice in writing signed by the Provincial Engineer, Northern Province, Jaffna, that the Government is prepared to accept his tender.
- 11. The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender, and reserves to itself the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Public Works Office, HAROLD T. CREASY, Colombo, February 10, 1913. for Director of Public Works.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the supply of the under-mentioned materials from July 1, 1913, to September 30, 1914, for the use of the Public Works Department in the Province of Uva.

Materials should be delivered at the following places, viz.:—

Badulla District.

Badulla, Taldena, Bandarawela, Welimada, and Namu-nukula.

Kosianda District.

Koslanda, Haldummulla, Wellawaya, and Muppane.

Passara District.

Passara, Namunukula, Bibile, Alutnuwara, and Medagama.

Diyatalawa District.

Diyatalawa, Haputale, and Bandarawela.

List of Materials.

Baskets, rattan, per 100.

Bricks, slop, 9 in. by  $4\frac{1}{2}$  in. by 3 in., per 1,000.

Glass panes, per square foot.

Lime, slaked, per bushel.

Lime, unslaked, per bushel.

Lime, boiled, per bushel.

Tiles, half-round, for roof, per 1,000.

Sheep skin, per pound.

2. All tenders must be in duplicate, both copies being sealed in the same envelope, and addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders must be marked "Tender for supply of Materials, Public Works Department, Province of Uva, 1913-1914," in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on March 11, 1913.

4. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent to him

through the post.

5. Samples of the following articles tendered for are to be deposited in sealed packets at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Province of Uva, Badulla, not later than midday on March 11, 1913:—

Basket, rattan.

Bricks, slop, 9 in. by  $4\frac{1}{2}$  in. by 3 in.

Tiles, half-round, for roof.

6. To each sample must be firmly attached a label on which is stated the name of the tenderer, the Gazette number of the notice calling for the tender, and the description of the article adopted in his tender.

7. Tenders must on forms which may be obtained at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Province of Uva, Badulla, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained. Any alterations made in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all tenders containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

- 8. Parties applying for form of tender will be required to deposit the sum of Rs. 50 either at the Treasury or the Kacheheri, and produce a receipt for the same. Should the party fail to submit in accordance with the terms of the specification a bona fide tender, or to enter into the necessary contract, the sum of Rs. 50 deposited will be forfeited by way of ascertained and liquidated damages, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. Upon a contract being entered into, the deposit of unsuccessful bona fide tenderers will be returned.
- 9. Further information may be obtained on application at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Province of Uva, Badulla.
- 10. Before any tender is accepted the contractor will be required to sign a contract to execute and perform the works in accordance with the specification and the general conditions therein set forth, and to deposit a sum of Rs. 100 in respect of each district for the due and faithful performance of the contract, within ten days of receiving notice in writing signed by the Provincial Engineer, Province of Uva, Badulla, that the Government is prepared to accept his tender.
- 11. The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender, and reserves to itself the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Public Work's Office, HAROLD T. CREASY, Colombo, February 17, 1913. for Director of Public Works.

ENDERS are hereby invited for the supply of the under-mentioned materials from July 1, 1913, to September 30, 1914, for the use of the Public Works Department in the following districts:—'

Delivered at the Public Works Department Store, Anuradhapura.

Delivered at the Public Works Department Store, Mihintale.

Delivered at the Public Works Department Store, Maradankadawala.

List of Materials.

Bricks, slop, 9 in. by  $4\frac{1}{2}$  in. by 3 in., per 1,000. Lime, slaked, per bushel of 42 lb. Lime, boiled, per bushel of 92 lb. Tiles, half-round, 10 in., per 1,000. Cadjans, double, 7 ft. long, per 100. Mats, ola, common, each.

- 2. All tenders must be in duplicate, both copies being sealed in the same envelope, and addressed to the Chairman; of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.
- 3. Tenders must be marked "Tender for supply of Materials, Public Works Department, North-Central Province, 1913-1914," in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on March 11, 1913.
- 4. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box: in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent to him through the post.
- 5. Samples of the following articles tendered for are to be deposited in sealed packets at the Office of the Provincial: Engineer, North-Central Province, not later than midday on March 11, 1913:—

Bricks, slop, 9 in. by 4½ in. by 3 in. Tiles, half-round, 10 in. Mats, ola, common.

- 6. To each sample must be firmly attached a label on which is stated the name of the tenderer, the Gazette number of the notice calling for the tender, and the description of the article adopted in his tender.
- Tenders must be on forms which may be obtained at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, North-Central Province, Anuradhapura, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized from thus obtained. Any alterations made in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all tenders containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.
- 8. Parties applying for form of tender will be required. o deposit the sum of Rs. 50 either at the Treasury or the Kachcheri, and produce a receipt for the same. Should the party fail to submit in accordance with the terms of the specification a bona fide tender, or to enter into the necessary contract, the sum of Rs. 50 deposited will be forfeited by way of ascertained and liquidated damages, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. Upon a contract being entered into, the deposits of unsuccessful bona fide tenderers will be returned.
- 9. Further information may be obtained on application at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, North-Central Province, Anuradhapura.
- 10. Before any tender is accepted the contractor will be required to sign a contract to execute and perform the works in accordance with the specification and the general conditions therein set forth, and to deposit a sum of Rs. 50 for each district for the due and faithful performance of the contract, within ten days of receiving notice in writing signed by the Provincial Engineer, North-Central Province, Anuradhapura, that the Government is prepared to accept his tender.
- 11. The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender, and reserves to itself the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

HAROLD T. CREASY, Public Works Office, for Director of Public Works. Colombo, February 15, 1913.

TENDERS are hereby invited for supplying the undermentioned materials to be delivered at the Public Works Department Yards, Batticaloa, Kalmunai, and Trincomalee, from July 1, 1913, to September 30, 1914:—

Baskets, ola, not under 12 in. by 12 in. by 8 in., each (for Trincomalee only).

Baskets, rattan, 15 in. diameter top, 4 in. diameter bottom, 8 in. deep, each (for Trincomalee only).

Bricks, slop, 9 in. by  $4\frac{1}{2}$  in. by 3 in., per 1,000.

Lime, boiled, per bushel.

Lime, slaked and screened, per bushel.

Tiles, half-round, 10 in., per 1,000.

2. All tenders must be in duplicate, both copies being sealed in the same envelope, and addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

Tenders must be marked "Tender for supply of Materials, Public Works Department, Eastern Province, 1913-1914," in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on March 11, 1913.

4. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent to him

through the post.

5. Samples of the following articles tendered for are to be deposited in sealed packets at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Eastern Province, not later than midday on March 11, 1913:—

Baskets, ola, not under 12 in. by 12 in. by 8 in. Baskets, rattan, 15 in. diameter top, 4 in. diameter bottom, 8 in. deep. Bricks, slop, 9 in. by 4½ in. by 3 in. Tiles, half-round, 10 in.

6. To each sample must be firmly attached a label on which is stated the name of the tenderer, the Gazette number of the notice calling for the tender, and the description of the article adopted in his tender.

7. Tenders must be on forms which may be obtained at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Eastern Province, Batticaloa, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained. Any alterations made in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all tenders containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

8. Parties applying for form of tender will be required to deposit the sum of Rs. 50 either at the Treasury or the Kachcheri, and produce a receipt for the same. Should the party fail to submit in accordance with the terms of the specification a bona fide tender, or to enter into the necessary contract, the sum of Rs. 50 deposited will be forfeited by way of ascertained and liquidated damages, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. Upon a contract being entered into, the deposits of unsuccessful bona fide tenderers will be returned.

9. Further information may be obtained on application at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Eastern Province, Batticaloa.

10. Before any tender is accepted the contractor will be required to sign a contract to execute and perform the works in accordance with the specification and the general conditions therein set forth, and to deposit a sum of Rs. 100 for each district for the due and faithful performance of the contract, within ten days of receiving notice in writing signed by the Provincial Engineer, Eastern Province, Batticaloa, that the Government is prepared to accept his tender.

11. The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender, and reserves to itself the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

HAROLD T. CREASY, for Director of Public Works. Public Works Office, Colombo, February 18, 1913.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the supply of the under-mentioned materials from July 1, 1913, to September 30, 1914, for the use of the Public Works Department in the following districts:

Kurunegala District. Within the town of Kurunegala. Within the Departmental District of Kurunegala. Puttalam District.

Within the town of Puttalam. Within the Departmental District of Puttalam.

Chilaw District.

Within the town of Chilaw. Within the Departmental District of Chilaw.

Dandugama District.

Within the town of Dandugama. Within the Departmental District of Dandugama.

List of Materials.

Bags, gunny, old, each.
Baskets, rattan, small, each.
Bricks, per 1,000.
Lime, boiled, per bushel.
Lime, slaked, per bushel.
Tiles, half-round, per 1,000.

2. All tenders must be in duplicate, both copies being sealed in the same envelope, and addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders must be marked "Tender for supply of Materials, Public Works Department, North-Western Province, 1913–1914," in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on March 11, 1913.

4. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue or be sent to him

through the post.

5. Samples of the following articles tendered for are to be deposited in sealed packets at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, North-Western Province, not later than midday on March 11, 1913:—

Baskets, rattan, small.

Bags, gunny, old.

Bricks.

Tiles, half-round.

6. To each sample must be firmly attached a label on which is stated the name of the tenderer, the *Gazette* number of the notice calling for the tender, and the description of the article adopted in his tender.

7. Tenders must be on forms which may be obtained at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, North-Western Province, Kurunegala, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained. Any alterations made in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all tenders containing alterations not so

initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

8. Parties applying for form of tender will be required to deposit the sum of Rs. 50 either at the Treasury or the Kachcheri, and produce a receipt for the same. Should the party fail to submit in accordance with the terms of the specification a bona fide tender, or to enter into the necessary contract, the sum of Rs. 50 deposited will be forfeited by way of ascertained and liquidated damages, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. Upon a contract being entered into, the deposits of unsuccessful bona fide tenderers will be returned.

9. Further information may be obtained on application at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, North-Western

Province, Kurunegala.

10. Before any tender is accepted the contractor will be required to sign a contract to execute and perform the works in accordance with the specification and the general conditions therein set forth, and to deposit a sum of Rs. 150 for the due and faithful performance of the contract, within ten days of receiving notice in writing signed by the Provincial Engineer, North-Western Province, Kurunegala, that the Government is prepared to accept his tender.

11. The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender, and reserves to itself the right of

accepting any portion of a tender.

HAROLD T. CREASY,
Public Works Office, for Director of Public Works.
Colombo, February 15, 1913.

Matale, Pussellawa, Muwara Eliya, Dimbula, and Dikoya, in the Central Province:—

List of Materials.

Bricks, 9 in. by  $4\frac{1}{2}$  in. by 3 in., per 1,000. Tiles, Kandyan, flat, 10 in. by 6 in., per 1,000.

Tiles, half-round, 15 in. long, per 1,000.

Lime, slaked, well burnt, and free from particles of stone, per bushel.

Lime, boiled, best, per bushel.

2. All tenders must be in duplicate, both copies being sealed in the same envelope, and addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders must be marked "Tender for supply of Materials, Public Works Department, Central Province, 1913–1914," in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on March 11, 1913.

4. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent to him

through the post.

5. Samples of the articles tendered for are to be deposited in sealed packets at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Central Province, Kandy, not later than midday on March 11, 1913.

6. To each sample must be firmly attached a label on which is stated the name of the tenderer, the Gazette number of the notice calling for the tender, and the descrip-

tion of the article adopted in his tender.

7. Tenders must be on forms which may be obtained at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Central Province, Kandy, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained. Any alterations made in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all tenders containing alterations not so

initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

8. Parties applying for form of tender will be required to deposit the sum of Rs. 50 either at the Treasury or the Kachcheri, and produce a receipt for the same. Should the party fail to submit in accordance with the terms of the specification a bona fide tender, or to enter into the necessary contract, the sum of Rs. 50 deposited will be forfeited by way of ascertained and liquidated damages, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. Upon a contract being entered into, the deposits of unsuccessful bona fide tenderers will be returned.

9. Further information may be obtained on application at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Central Province,

Kandy.

10. Before any tender is accepted the contractor will be required to sign a contract to execute and perform the works in accordance with the specification and the general conditions therein set forth, and to deposit a sum of Rs. 100 for the due and faithful performance of the contract, within ten days of receiving notice in writing signed by the Provincial Engineer, Central Province, Kandy, that the Government is prepared to accept his tender.

11. The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender, and reserves to itself the right of

accepting any portion of a tender.

HAROLD T. CREASY,
Public Works Office, for Director of Public Works.
Colombo, February 15, 1913.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the supply of firewood to the Welikada and Hulftsdorp Jails and the Borella Convict Hospital for the period of 15 months, commencing from July 1, 1913, and terminating on September 30, 1914.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Firewood for Colombo Jails" in the left hand top corner of the envelope,

and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on March 4, 1913.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Office of the Inspector-General of Prisons, Colombo, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form. Alterations must be initialled, otherwise the tenders may be treated as

informal and rejected.

6. A cash deposit of Rs. 50 will be required to be made at the Treasury or at any Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish the approved security, within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Head of the Department, or his duly authorized representative, that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon completion of the contract.

7. If required, samples must be deposited.

8. The successful tenderer will be required to furnish cash security of Rs. 200, and to sign the bond given in the tender for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount deposited for tender forms will form part of the security.

9. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

11. Any further information can be obtained on application to the Inspector-General of Prisons, Colombo.

A. DE WILTON, Major, Colombo, February 12, 1913. Inspector-General of Prisons.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the supply of firewood to the Mahara Jail, for the period of 15 months, commencing from July 1, 1913, and terminating on September 30, 1914.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Inspector-General

of Prisons, Colombo.

3. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Firewood for Mahara Jail" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Inspector-General of Prisons not later than midday on March 11, 1913.

4. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Office of the Inspector-General of Prisons, Colombo, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form. Alterations must be initialled, otherwise the tenders may be treated

as informal and rejected.

5. A cash deposit of Rs. 50 will be required to be made at the Treasury or at any Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish the approved security, within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Head of the Department, or his duly authorized representative, that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon completion of the contract.

6. If required, samples must be deposited.

7. The successful tenderer will be required to furnish cash security of Rs. 100, and to sign the bond given in the tender for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount deposited for tender forms will form part of the security.

8. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

9. The Government reserves to itself the right, without

question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

10. Any further information can be obtained on application to the Inspector-General of Prisons, Colombo.

A. DE WILTON, Major, Colombo, February 12, 1913. Inspector-General of Prisons. TENDERS are hereby invited for the transport of metal from quarry at Anuradhapura to Railway Station at Anuradhapura (a distance of about 2 miles) and from Jail at Anuradhapura to Railway Station (a distance of about 1½ mile), also transport of rubble from the said quarry to jail (a distance of about ¾ mile), for the period of 15 months, commencing from July 1, 1913, and terminating on September 30, 1914.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through

the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for the transport of Metal and Rubble, Anuradhapura Jail," in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on March 4, 1913.

5. The tenders should state the rate per cube for trans-

port of metal and rubble separately.

6. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Office of the Inspector-General of Prisons, Colombo, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form. Alterations must be initialled, otherwise the tenders may be treated as

informal and rejected.

- 7. A cash deposit of Rs. 10 will be required to be made at the Treasury or at any Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish the approved security, within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Head of the Department, or his duly authorized representative, that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon completion of the contract.
- 8. The successful tenderer will be required to furnish cash security of Rs. 100, and to sign the bond given in the tender for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount deposited for tender forms will form part of the security.

9. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

11. Any further information can be obtained on application to the Inspector-General of Prisons, Colombo, or to the Superintendent of the Jail at Anuradhapura.

A. DE WILTON, Major, Colombo, February 12, 1913. Inspector-General of Prisons.

DENDERS are hereby invited for the removal from and burial of dead bodies of the Government Hospital at Kandy for the period commencing from July 1, 1913, and terminating on September 30, 1914.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Principal Civil

Medical Officer, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Principal Civil Medical Officer, or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for the burial of dead bodies of the Government Hospital at Kandy" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Principal Civil Medical Officer not later than midday on February 25, 1913.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Office of the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals, Colombo, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form. Alterations must be initialled, otherwise the tenders

may be treated as informal and rejected.

6. A cash deposit according to the schedule hereunder will be required to be made at any Kacheheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish the approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the

defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon signature to the contract. No deposits for tender forms will be accepted at the Principal Civil Medical Officer's Office.

7. The successful tenderer will be required to furnish eash security according to the schedule hereunder, and to sign the bond given in the tender for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount deposited for tender forms will form part of the security.

8. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

9. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

10. Any further information can be obtained on application to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals, Colombo.

G. J. RUTHERFORD, for Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals. Colombo, February 3, 1913.

### Schedule referred to.

Service.	Amount Tender De		Security.
Removal and burial of dead b	odies Rs.	<b>-</b>	Rs.
from the Government Horat Kandy	spital 25	• .	50

TENDERS are hereby invited for the transport of stores from Hambantota for the period commencing from July 1, 1913, and terminating on June 30, 1915.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Principal Civil Medical Officer, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Principal Civil Medical Officer, or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for the Transport of Stores from Hambantota" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Principal Civil Medical Officer not later than midday on February 25, 1913.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Office of the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals, Colombo, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form. Alterations must be initialled; otherwise the tenders may be treated as informal and rejected.

A cash deposit according to the schedule hereunder will be required to be made at any Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish the approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon signature to the contract. No deposits for tender forms will be accepted at the Principal Civil Medical Officer's Office.

7. The successful tenderer will be required to furnish cash security according to the schedule hereunder, and to sign the bond given in the tender for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount deposited for tender forms will' form part of the security.

8. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

9. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

10. Any further information can be obtained on application to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals, Colombo.

G. J. RUTHERFORD. for Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals. Colombo, January 29, 1913.

### Schedule referred to.

Service. Amount of Amount of Tender Deposit. Security. Rs. Rs. Transport of stores from Hambantota.. 50 100

TENDERS are hereby invited for the supply of provisions to the hospitals named in the schedule hereunder for the period of fifteen months commencing from July 1, 1913, and terminating on September 30, 1914.

- 2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.
- 3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.
- 4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for the supply of provisions to the ———— Hospital" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on March 4, 1913.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Office of the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals, Colombo, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form. Alterations must be initialled, otherwise the tenders may be treated as informal and rejected.

- 6. A cash deposit, according to the schedule hereunder, will be required to be made at any Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish the approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon signature to the contract. No deposits for tender forms will be accepted at the Principal Civil Medical Officer's Office.
  - 7. If required, samples must be deposited;
- The successful tenderer will be required to furnish cash security, according to the schedule hereunder, and to sign the bond given in the tender for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount deposited for tender forms will form part of the security.
  - 9. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.
- 10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender..
- 11. Any further information can be obtained on application to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals, Colombo.

G. J. RUTHERFORD, for Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals.

	Sc	HEDULE REFERRED	TO.				
Name of Institution.		Nature of Provision supplied.	ns to be	Amount. of Tender Deposit.	A		
•				$\mathbf{Rs}.$		Rs.	
Dambulla Hospital		Cooked with milk		200		400	
Deltota Hospital	. 4	do.		200		400	•
Dolosbage Hospital		do.		100		200	
Katugastota Hospital		do.		<b>50</b>		100	
Kelebokke Hospital		do.	• •	200		400	
Maskeliya Hospital		do.		200		<b>400</b>	
Matale Hospital	. 4	do.		300	• •	600	
Nawalapitiya Hospital	, .	do.		300		600	
Pussellawa Hospital	, .	<b>do.</b> .	. :	100		200	
Ramboda Hospital		$\mathbf{do}$ .		200	• •	400	
Teldeniya Hospital		do.		100		200	
Uda Pussellawa Hospital		do.	• •	100	• •	<b>2</b> 00	

TENDERS are hereby invited for the supply of provisions to the hospitals named in the schedule hereunder for the period of fifteen months commencing from July 1, 1913, and terminating on September 30, 1914.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the

Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for the supply of provisions to the ——— Hospital" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on March 11, 1913.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Office of the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals, Colombo, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form. Alterations must be initialled, otherwise the tenders may be treated as informal and rejected.

6. A cash deposit, according to the schedule hereunder, will be required to be made at any Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish the approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon signature to the contract. No deposits for tender forms will be accepted at the Principal Civil Medical Officer's Office.

7. If required, samples must be deposited.

8. The successful tenderer will be required to furnish cash security, according to the schedule hereunder, and to sign the bond given in the tender for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount deposited for tender forms will form part of the security.

9. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of

accepting any portion of a tender.

11. Any further information can be obtained on application to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals, Colombo.

Colombo, February 10, 1913.

G. J. RUTHERFORD, for Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals.

	Se	CHEDULE REFERRED TO.	•				
Name of Institution.		Nature of Provisions to be supplied.	Amount of Tender Deposit.	•	Amount of Security.		
•				$\mathbf{Rs}.$		$\mathbf{Rs.}$	
Dikoya Hospital		Cooked without milk		500	٠.	1,000	
Dimbula Hospital		$\mathbf{do}$ .		200		400	
Gampola Hospital		do.		200	· • •	400	
Kandy Hospital		do.		500		1,000	
Lindula Hospital		$^{\cdot}$ do.		<b>3</b> 00		600	
Maturata Hospital		do.		$200 \cdot$		400	
Nuwara Eliya Hospital		Uncooked without mill					
•	Paying Ward, and cooked						
		without milk for ren	aain-				
•		ing wards		250	• •	500	

TENDERS are hereby invited for the supply of fresh cow's milk to the hospitals named in the schedule hereunder for the period of fifteen months commencing from July 1, 1913, and terminating on September 30, 1914.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for the supply of fresh Cow's Milk to the — Hospital" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on March 11, 1913.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Office of the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals, Colombo, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form. Alterations must be initialled, otherwise the tenders may be treated as informal and rejected.

- 6. A cash deposit, according to the schedule hereunder, will be required to be made at any Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish the approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon signature to the contract. No deposits for tender forms will be accepted at the Principal Civil Medical Officer's Office.
- 7. The successful tenderer will be required to furnish cash security, according to the schedule hereunder, and to sign the bond given in the tender for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount deposited for tender forms will form part of the security.
  - 8. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled
- 9. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.
- 10. Any further information can be obtained on application to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals, Colombo.

Colombo, February 11, 1913.

G. J. RUTHERFORD, for Principal Cipil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals.

	8	SCHEDULE	REFERRED	TO.				
Name of Institution.		•		-		Amount of Tender Deposit. Rs.	•	Amount of Security. Rs.
Badulla Hospital			• •			50		100
Dikoya Hospital						<b>50</b>		100
Galle Hospital						50	• •	100
Gampola Hospital						<b>5</b> 0		100
Haputale Hospital						50		100
Kandy Hospital			• •			<b>50</b>		100
Lindula Hospital	• •					50		100
Nuwara Eliya Hospital	• •		• •		• •	50	• •	100

TENDERS are hereby invited for the supply of provisions to the hospitals named in the schedule hereunder for the period of fifteen months commencing from July 1, 1913, and terminating on September 30, 1914.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for the supply of provisions to the ———— Hospital" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on March 18, 1913.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Office of the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals, Colombo, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form. Alterations must be initialled, otherwise the tenders may be treated as informal and rejected.

6. A cash deposit according to the schedule hereunder will be required to be made at any Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish the approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon signature to the contract. No deposits for tender forms will be accepted at the Principal Civil Medical Officer's Office.

7. If required, samples must be deposited.

8. The successful tenderer will be required to furnish cash security according to the schedule hereunder, and to sign the bond given in the tender for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount deposited for tender forms will form part of the security.

9. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.
10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of

accepting any portion of a tender.

11. Any further information can be obtained on application to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals, Colombo.

Colombo, February 14, 1913.

F. G. Morley, for Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals.

### SCHEDULE REFERRED TO.

Name of Institution.	Nature of Provisions to be supplied.			Amount of Tender Deposit.		Amount of Security.
				$\mathbf{Rs.}$		$\mathbf{Rs.}$
Jaffna Hospital		Cooked with milk	٠.	200		400
Mannar Hospital		do.	٠.	100		200
Mantota Hospital		do.	٠.	100		200
Mullaittivu Hospital		do.	• •	100		200
Point Pedro Hospital		do.	٠.	100	• •	200
Vavuniya Hospital		do.	• •	100	• •	200
Balapitiya Hospital		do.		100		<b>2</b> 00
Deniyaya Hospital	٠.	$\mathbf{do}.$	• •	200	• •	400
Hambantota Hospital		do.		100	• •	200
Matara Hospital		do.		100	• •	200
Tangalla Hospital		, "do.	• •	100	• •	200

A SALE of salvage materials (empty oil tins, cans, &c.) will be held by public auction at the Railway Stores. Maradana, at 2 P.M., on Wednesday, March 19,4913.

> General Manager's Office, Colombo, February 18, 1913.

G. P. GREENE, General Manager.

THE under-mentioned unserviceable articles will be sold by auction at 2 p.m. on the 25th instant at the Postal Stores:—

1 basin 8 box stands 5 chairs 1 coconut oil lamp 1 filter I glass case 3 hanging lamps

6 hurricane lanterns 5 inkstands

2 letter trays 4 letter boxes 1 letter scale

1 pigeonhole stand 6 safe stands

3 signboards 2 sorting pigeonholes 6 spare burners

4 tables 1 table lamp 1 typewriter

1 lot zine

JOHN FOX, General Post Office, for Acting Postmaster-General. Colombo, February 13, 1913.

TOTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned articles will be sold by public auction on March 4, 1913, at Hulftsdorp Jail, at 12 noon:—

· 75 tatties, tin 4 trays, wooden, zinc-lined

6 buckets of sorts 1 lantern, hurricane

February 14, 1913.

Hulftsdorp Jail, WALTER H. ROBINSON, Major, Superintendent.

NTOTICE is hereby given that the following unserviceable stores of Bogambra Jail will be sold by public auction at the Bogambra Jail gate at 9 A.M. on April 1, 1913:—

4 metal measures

2 spring balances, 30 lb.

3 trays, diet, wooden

12 tin cans

2 tubs, water carrying

3 packing cases

A. WALKER, Superintendent, Prisons, Kandy. THE under-mentioned unserviceable articles will be sold at Galle Jail on Friday, March 7, 1913, at 11 A.M.:-

7 drums, iron

Galle Prison. February 15, 1913.

R. B. HELLINGS, Superintendent of Prison.

TOTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned unserviceable articles will be sold by public auction at the Office of the District Engineer, Colombo, on Tuesday, April 15, 1913, at 2 P.M.:—

35 empty tar barrels 16 cans, iron, and drums

14 cans, tin

2 screens, wooden

HAROLD T. CREASY,

for Director of Public Works. Public Works Office. Colombo, February 18, 1913.

TOTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned unserviceable articles will be sold by public auction at the Public Works Department Store, Batticaloa, on Saturday, March 8, 1913, at 2 P.M.:—

40 barrels, tar, empty, wooden

70 cans, iron

66 cans, tin

HAROLD T. CREASY.

for Director of Public Works. Public Works Office, Colombo, February 13, 1913.

THE following unserviceable articles will be sold by public auction at the Government Stores on March 8, 1913, at 12.noon, viz.:—

Queen's House. I stock pot 16 saucepanš –

1 scale

13 hot water cans

1 iron bedstead 2 Japanese screens

I jute matting

10 carpets

1 mosquito net

Government Stores, Colombo, February 14, 1913. Queen's House Garden.

i lawn mower.

1 rubber hose 1 garden fork

Hiring Stock. 6 small table knives

Temple Trees.

1 carpet

W. A. TAYLOR, Colonial Storekeeper.

### VITAL STATISTICS.

### Registrar-General's Weekly Health Report of the City of Colombo for the Week ended February 15, 1913.

Births.—The total births registered in the city of Colombo in the week were 132 (2 Europeans, 12 Burghers, 83 Sinhale 20 Tamils, 10 Moors, 5 Malays, and 0 Others). The birth-rate per 1,000 per annum (calculated on the estimated population on January 1, 1913, viz., 229,776) was 29.9, as against 27.2 in the preceding week, 23.9 in the corresponding week of last year, and 23.0 the weekly average for last year.

Deaths.—The total deaths registered were 124 (2 Europeans, 5 Burghers, 61 Sinhalese, 27 Tamils, 23 Moors, 2 Malays, and 4 Others). The death-rate per 1,000 per annum was 28.1, as against 32.0 in the previous week, 28.1 in the

corresponding week of last year, and 29.5 the weekly average of last year. Infantile Deaths.—Of the 124 total deaths, 38 were of infants under one year of age, as against 46 in the preceding week, 23 in the corresponding week of the previous year, and 30 the average of last year.

Stillbirths.—The number of stillbirths registered during the week was 5.

Sclected Causes of Death.—Thirteen deaths were registered from Pneumonia (against 15 in the previous week and 17 the weekly average for last year), of which 3 each were in Kotahena and New Bazaar, 2 each in Maradana hospitals and Maradana (exclusive of hospitals), and I each in Pettah, St. Paul's, and Kollupitiya. Five deaths were registered from Bronchitis.

2. Thirteen deaths were registered from Phthisis (against 12 in the previous week and 14 the weekly average for last year), of which 4 were in Kotahena, 3 in Maradana (exclusive of hospitals), 2 in Maradana hospitals, and 1 each in Pettah, St. Paul's, New Bazaar, and Wellawatta.

3. Three deaths were regist red from Enteric Fever (against 5 in the previous week and the weekly average for last year), of which I each was in New Bazaar, Maradana hospitals, and Maradana (exclusive of hospitals). 6 cases reported during the week, against 10 in the previous week.

4. Seventeen deaths were registered from Enteritis (6 infants), 14 from Infantile Convulsions, 10 from Senility, 9 from Debility (6 infants), 5 each from Dysentery and Worms, 3 each from Paralysis and Premature Birth, 1 each from Diarrhæa (infant), Tetanus (infant), and "plank falling on head, accident," and 21 from Other Causes.

5. Thirty-nine cases of Measles were reported, against 18 in the previous week; and 18 of Chickenpox, against 7

in the previous week.

State of the Weather.—The mean temperature of air was 79.7°, against 79.1° in the preceding week and 81.4° in the corresponding week of the previous year. The mean atmospheric pressure was 29.863 in., against 29.898 in. in the preceding week and 29.855 in. in the corresponding week of the previous year. The total rainfall in the week was 0.79 n., against nil in the preceding week and nil in the corresponding week of the previous year.

Registrar-General's Office, Colombo, February 18, 1913.

A. DE S. WICKRAMATILAKA, for Registrar-General.