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DRAFT ORDINANCES.

MINUTE.

The following Draft of a proposed Ordinance is published for general information:—

An Ordinance to consolidate and amend the Laws relating to the Identification and Supervision of Habitual Criminals.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the laws relating to the identification and supervision of habitual criminals and their more effective punishment and for their prolonged detention, and also to provide for enlarging convicts upon licenses and controlling them when at large: Be it therefore enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:

Short title.

1 This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as "The Habitual Criminals and Licensed Convicts Ordinance, No. of 191 ."

Repeal.

2 (1) The Ordinances No. 7 of 1899, No. 7 of 1908, and section 13 of Ordinance No. 14 of 1907 are hereby repealed.

(2) All rules made under Ordinance No. 7 of 1899, as amended by section 13 of Ordinance No. 14 of 1907 and by Ordinance No. 7 of 1908, which were in force at the commencement of this Ordinance, shall continue to be in force until they are rescinded or superseded by rules made under this Ordinance.

Definitions.

3 For the purposes of this Ordinance—
"Crime" shall mean a breach of any one of the sections of the Penal Code included in the schedule A hereto.

“Habitual criminal” shall mean a person convicted of a crime against whom a previous conviction of a crime is proved, or a person liable under section 83 of “The Criminal Procedure Code, 1898,” to be ordered to execute a bond with sureties for his good behaviour.

“Measurement” includes every method of identification sanctioned by the Governor in terms of section 4 hereof.

“Superintendent of Police” shall include Additional Superintendent of Police, Assistant Superintendent of Police, and the chief headman of the district.

Rules to be made by the Governor.

4 The Governor in Executive Council may from time to time make rules—

- (1) Prescribing the methods of identifying habitual criminals or persons suspected of having been previously convicted ;
- (2) Regulating the supervision of habitual criminals ;
- (3) Prescribing the conditions under which convicts may be at large and under the supervision of the police ;
- (4) Providing for the appointment by the Inspector-General of Police of officers to superintend the registration of habitual criminals and to carry out the rules hereunder ; and
- (5) Regulating the treatment of habitual criminals undergoing sentences of preventive detention ;

and may revoke, annul, or alter or amend such rules as the occasion may require. All rules so made, revoked, annulled, altered, or amended as hereinafter provided shall be published in the *Government Gazette*, and shall have the force of law.

Provided, however, that all such rules shall be laid before the Legislative Council if in session within one month of such publication, and if not in session within one month of the commencement of the session next ensuing, and in either case shall lie on the table during four sittings at least of the Council, and any rule which has been disapproved by resolution of the Council shall cease to have any force or effect.

Power to remand persons charged for purposes of identification.

5 When a person charged with a crime, upon *prima facie* evidence led, is suspected of having been previously convicted of a crime, it shall be lawful for the complainant or a police officer to apply to the Police Magistrate before whom such person stands charged for an order of remand to cause inquiries to be made, and to have the measurement of such person taken for purposes of identification ; and the Police Magistrate, if satisfied that it is a proper case, shall remand such person from time to time for such period as to the Police Magistrate shall seem necessary, provided that no person shall be remanded at any one time for a longer period than three weeks or more often than three times for such purpose.

Criminals previously convicted to be dealt with non-summarily ordinarily.

6 If any person is charged with a crime which is triable summarily by a Police Magistrate, and it appears to the Police Magistrate that he has been previously twice or oftener convicted of a crime and to have been sentenced to undergo terms of rigorous imprisonment exceeding in the aggregate six months, the Police Magistrate shall take non-summary proceedings, unless for reasons to be recorded by him in writing he is of opinion that he can himself pass an adequate sentence if such person is convicted,

Sentence to be passed on criminals previously convicted.

7 If any person who has previously twice or oftener been convicted of a crime is again convicted of a crime before the court of a District Judge, or of a Police Magistrate who is also a District Judge acting under section 152 (3) of “The Criminal Procedure Code, 1898,” such court shall have jurisdiction, anything in “The Criminal Procedure Code, 1898,” or any other Ordinance to the contrary notwithstanding, to sentence him to rigorous imprisonment for a period not exceeding four years, in addition to any punishment other than imprisonment to which he may be liable.

Preventive detention in certain cases.

8 (1) In the case of a habitual criminal who is convicted of a crime, and has since attaining the age of sixteen years been at least three times previously convicted of a crime, the court, if of opinion that it is expedient for the protection of the public that the offender should be kept in detention for a lengthened

Evidence of character and repute.	<p>period, may pass a further sentence ordering that on the determination of the sentence of imprisonment he be detained for such period not exceeding five nor less than three years as the court may determine, and such detention is herein referred to as preventive detention.</p> <p>(2) For the purposes of this section, when an accused person has been convicted, the court may before passing such sentence admit evidence as to the character and repute of the accused, and the accused may tender similar evidence; and for this purpose the court may postpone the case from time to time, and remand the accused or admit him to bail.</p>
Meaning of "court."	<p>(3) For the purposes of this section "the court" shall mean the Supreme Court or the District Court or the court of a Police Magistrate who is also a District Judge acting under the provisions of section 152 (3) of "The Criminal Procedure Code, 1898."</p>
Appeal.	<p>(4) A person sentenced to preventive detention by a District Court, or a Police Magistrate acting under section 152 (3) of "The Criminal Procedure Code, 1898," may appeal to the Supreme Court against such sentence.</p>
Governor may commute rigorous imprisonment to a sentence of preventive detention.	<p>9 Where a person has been sentenced, whether before or after the passing of this Ordinance, to rigorous imprisonment for a term of five years or upwards, and he appears to have been a habitual criminal who has since attaining the age of sixteen years been three times previously convicted of a crime, the Governor may, if he thinks fit, at any time after three years of the term of rigorous imprisonment have expired, commute the whole or part of the residue of the sentence to a sentence of preventive detention, so, however, that the total term of sentence when so commuted shall not exceed the term of rigorous imprisonment originally awarded.</p>
Preventive detention to commence after rigorous imprisonment.	<p>10 Every sentence of preventive detention shall take effect immediately on the determination of the sentence of rigorous imprisonment.</p>
Governor may set apart prison for preventive detention.	<p>11 Persons undergoing preventive detention shall be confined in any prison or part of a prison which the Governor may set apart for the purpose, and shall be subject to the law for the time being in force with respect to rigorous imprisonment as if they were undergoing rigorous imprisonment, subject to such modifications as may be prescribed by rules framed under section 4 of this Ordinance.</p>
Power of court to direct supervision of habitual criminals after discharge from jail.	<p>12 When a person is convicted of a crime and a previous conviction of a crime is proved against him, the court of trial may, in addition to any other punishment which it may award to him, direct that he shall be subject to the supervision of the police for a period not exceeding seven years, commencing immediately after his discharge from jail.</p>
Duty of habitual criminal to report himself.	<p>13 Every person made subject as aforesaid to the supervision of the police shall, before his discharge from jail, notify to the superintendent of the prison in which he is detained the place where he intends to reside, and shall thereafter, as long as he remains subject to such supervision, notify his residence and report himself at such times and places and in such manner as may be prescribed by rules made under section 4 of this Ordinance.</p>
Punishment for neglect of such duty.	<p>14 Any person who fails to notify his residence, or to report himself as required by the last preceding section, or by any rule made under section 4, shall in every case, unless he satisfies the court that he did his best to act in conformity with the said section or rules, be guilty of an offence under this Ordinance, and be liable on conviction to imprisonment of either description for any period not exceeding six months.</p>
Mode of proving previous conviction.	<p>15 A previous conviction may be proved against any person by the production of a true extract of the substance and effect only of the charge and conviction under the hand of the chief clerk, secretary, or registrar of the court in which such person was convicted, and by proof of identity of the person against whom the conviction is sought to be proved with the person named in the true extract; and such extract shall be admissible in evidence without proof of the signature or official character of the person who appears to have signed the same.</p>

Grant of licenses to convicts at large.

16 It shall be lawful for the Governor, by an order in writing, to grant to any convict undergoing sentence of imprisonment or preventive detention in any prison in this Colony a license, in the form set forth in schedule B or schedule C hereto respectively, to be at large in the Colony or in any part thereof during such portion of his period of imprisonment or preventive detention, and upon such conditions, as to the Governor shall seem fit. The Governor may, if he thinks fit, revoke or alter such license or vary the conditions thereof. Every such license may be granted and every revocation or alteration of a license or variation of the conditions thereof may be made by an order in writing under the hand of the Colonial Secretary or the Assistant Colonial Secretary.

Reasons involving forfeiture of licenses.

17 If any holder of a license granted as aforesaid is convicted of any crime, his license shall be forthwith forfeited by virtue of such conviction.

Non-production of license or breach of any conditions of license declared an offence.

18 If any holder of a license granted as aforesaid—

- (1) Fails to produce his license when required to do so by any Judge or Police Magistrate before whom he may be brought charged with any offence, or by any constable or officer of the police in whose custody he may be, and fails to make any reasonable excuse for not producing the same; or
- (2) Breaks any of the other conditions of his license that are not of themselves punishable either upon indictment or upon summary conviction—

he shall be guilty of an offence, and be liable on conviction to imprisonment, either rigorous or simple, for any period not exceeding six months.

Arrest of license holder on suspicion.

19 Any peace officer may without warrant take into custody any holder of a license granted as aforesaid whom he may reasonably suspect of having committed any offence, or having broken any of the conditions of his license, and may detain him in custody until he can be taken before a competent Magistrate and dealt with according to law.

Duty of Magistrate to report conviction to Governor.

20 When any holder of a license granted as aforesaid is convicted of an offence punishable under section 18, the Magistrate convicting the prisoner shall report such conviction to the Governor, whereupon it shall be competent to the Governor to revoke the license of such prisoner.

Consequences of forfeiture or revocation.

21 When any license granted as aforesaid is forfeited in terms of section 17, or is revoked in pursuance of a conviction under section 18, a person whose license is so forfeited or revoked shall, after undergoing any other punishment to which he may be sentenced for the offence in consequence of which his license is forfeited or revoked, further undergo a term of imprisonment or preventive detention equal to the portion of his term of imprisonment or preventive detention that remained unexpired at the time of the grant of the license.

SCHEDULE A. (Section 3.)

Section of Penal Code.	Nature of Offence.
From 226 to 256 (inclusive)	.. Offences relating to coin and Government stamps.
296, 297, 300, 301	.. Culpable homicide, &c.
From 315 to 324 (inclusive)	.. Voluntarily causing hurt by dangerous weapons, &c.
From 367 to 371 (inclusive)	.. Theft, theft of cattle, &c.
From 373 to 378 (inclusive)	.. Extortion, &c.
From 380 to 385 (inclusive)	.. Robbery, &c.
387	.. Criminal misappropriation.
From 389 to 392 (inclusive)	.. Criminal breach of trust.
From 394 to 397 (inclusive)	.. Dishonestly receiving stolen property.
From 400 to 403 (inclusive)	.. Cheating.
From 411 to 426 (inclusive)	.. Mischief, &c.
From 433 to 451 (inclusive)	.. Lurking house-trespass, house-breaking, &c.
From 452 to 466 (inclusive)	.. Forgery, &c.
101 and 490	.. Abetting or attempting the breach of any of the sections above specified in this schedule.

SCHEDULE B. (Section 16.)

Order of License to a Convict.

We, _____, Governor of Ceylon, hereby grant to _____, who was convicted of the offence of _____ in the _____ Court of _____, on the _____ day of _____, 19—, and was then and there sentenced to _____ imprisonment for the term of _____, and is now confined in _____, a License to be at large from the _____ day of _____, 19—, during the remaining portion of his said term of imprisonment, unless the said _____ shall, before the expiration of the said term, be convicted of any crime set forth in the Schedule A to the Ordinance No. — of 191—, in which event this License shall be forthwith forfeited, or unless it shall please Us sooner to revoke or alter this License.

This License is given subject to the conditions endorsed upon the same, upon the breach of any of which it shall be liable to be revoked, whether such breach is followed by conviction or not.

Given this _____ day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and _____.

(Signed) _____,

Colonial Secretary
(or Assistant Colonial Secretary).

SCHEDULE C. (Section 16.)

We, _____, Governor of Ceylon, hereby grant to _____, who was convicted of the offence of _____ in the _____ Court of _____, on the _____ day of _____, 19—, and was then and there sentenced to _____ imprisonment for the term of _____, and also to preventive detention for the term of _____, and is now detained in _____, a License to be at large from the _____ day of _____, 19—, during the remaining portion of his said term of _____, unless the said _____ shall, before the expiration of the said term, be convicted of any crime set forth in the Schedule A to the Ordinance No. — of 191—, in which event this License shall be forthwith forfeited, or unless it shall please Us to revoke or alter this License.

This License is given subject to the conditions endorsed upon the same, upon the breach of any of which it shall be liable to be revoked, whether such breach is followed by conviction or not.

Given this _____ day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and _____.

(Signed) _____,

Colonial Secretary
(or Assistant Colonial Secretary)

By His Excellency's command.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, December 16, 1913.

R. E. STUBBS,
Colonial Secretary.

Statement of Objects and Reasons.

THE Draft Ordinance consolidates Ordinances No. 7 of 1899 and No. 7 of 1908 and section 13 of Ordinance No. 14 of 1907.

2. It also provides that if a habitual offender is convicted of a "crime," and has since attaining the age of 16 years been at least three times previously convicted of a "crime," the court may order that on the determination of the sentence of imprisonment passed on him he may be further detained for a period not exceeding five years nor less than three years. This provision has been suggested by the Prevention of Crime Act, 1908 (8 Edward VII., c. 59). The detention will be governed by rules to be made by the Governor in Executive Council.

Attorney-General's Chambers,
Colombo, December 11, 1913.

J. VAN LANGENBERG,
Acting Attorney-General.

MINUTE.

The following Draft of a proposed Ordinance is published for general information:—

An Ordinance to provide for the Registration of Chemists, Druggists, and Apothecaries, and to amend the Law with regard to the Sale of Poisons.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient for the safety of the public that provision should be made for the registration of chemists, druggists, and apothecaries, and that the law relating to the sale of poisons should be amended: Be it therefore enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:

Short title.

1 This Ordinance may be cited as "The Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance, 1914," and shall come into operation at such date, not being less than six months after the passing of this Ordinance, as the Governor, by Proclamation in the *Government Gazette*, shall appoint.

Provided that, immediately after the passing of this Ordinance and before the said date, it shall be lawful to register persons as chemists and druggists in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance, and to do all things which are prescribed by this Ordinance for such purpose.

Repeal.

2 "The Poisons Ordinance, 1901," is hereby repealed.

Interpretation.

3 In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires—
"Drug" includes medicine, compound medicine, and medicinal preparation.

"Council" means the Council of "The Ceylon Medical College," as incorporated by "The Ceylon Medical College Ordinance, 1905."

"Poison" includes the articles named or described in schedule I. to this Ordinance, and any other articles which the Governor, on the recommendation of the Council, or on being otherwise satisfied of the expediency of so doing, may, by notification in the *Government Gazette*, declare to be included in either part of the said schedule.

"Rules" means rules made by the Council under this Ordinance and under "The Ceylon Medical College Ordinance, 1905."

"Registrar" means the Registrar of the Ceylon Medical College.

"Registered person" means a person registered as a chemist and druggist under this Ordinance whose name has not been removed from the register of chemists and druggists, or any person whose name has been replaced thereon under the provisions of this Ordinance.

Examining Board.

4 (1) For the purpose of this Ordinance the Council shall appoint a Board of Examiners consisting of five legally qualified medical practitioners, of whom at least three shall be members of the Council.

(2) The Council shall from time to time, when any vacancy by death, resignation, or otherwise occurs, appoint some other legally qualified medical practitioner to fill the vacancy.

Its duties.

5 The Board of Examiners appointed under this Ordinance shall examine all such persons as tender themselves for examination in compliance with this Ordinance and any rules affecting examinations which may be made by the Council.

Examinations.

6 The examination to be passed by persons desiring to be registered as chemists and druggists under this Ordinance shall be such as is from time to time required by the rules of the Council.

Registration.

Right of successful candidate to be registered.

7 (1) The Board of Examiners shall, on the application of any person who has successfully passed the examination hereinbefore mentioned, give to him a certificate in the form A in schedule II. hereto.

(2) Every person to whom such certificate is given shall, on payment of the prescribed fee, be entitled to be registered as a chemist and druggist under this Ordinance.

Persons entitled to be registered without examination.

8 The following persons shall be exempted from the obligation of passing the examination hereinbefore mentioned, and shall be entitled on paying the prescribed fee to be registered as chemists and druggists under this Ordinance, namely :

- (a) Any person holding a certificate of proficiency as an apothecary granted by the Council under the provisions of "The Ceylon Medical College Ordinance, 1905."
- (b) Any person entitled to practise in Great Britain as an apothecary, chemist, or druggist, or pharmaceutical chemist.
- (c) Any person who satisfies the Council that during the twelve months immediately preceding the date of the passing of this Ordinance he has kept a chemist's shop or drug store, and has during such period held a license under "The Poisons Ordinance, 1901," to sell poison by retail, and has had training in pharmacy and in the nature of drugs and poisons.

Provided always that any person of the class named in clause (c) who desires to register under this section shall apply to the Council for registration not later than one year from the date of the coming into operation of this Ordinance.

Registrar's duties.

9 The Registrar shall make and keep a correct register as nearly as may be in accordance with form B set forth in schedule II. to this Ordinance of all persons registered under this Ordinance, and from time to time erase the names of any registered persons who have died, and make all necessary alterations in the addresses of the persons registered. If a registered letter is sent by post to any registered person according to his address on the register to inquire whether he has changed his address, and no answer is returned within three months, and a second letter of similar purport is sent in like manner and no answer is given thereto within one month from date thereof, the name of such person may be removed from the register. Provided always that the same may be replaced thereon by direction of the Council should they think fit to make such order.

Removal of name from register.

10 If any registered person is convicted of any offence which, in the opinion of the Council, renders him unfit to be a chemist and druggist, or shows such gross negligence or incapacity in the performance of his duties that, in the opinion of the Council, he cannot safely be allowed to continue to practise as a chemist and druggist, the Governor in Executive Council may, on the application of the Council, order the name of such person to be removed from the register, and the Registrar shall give effect to such order.

Publication of register.

11 The Registrar shall, in the month of January in every year, or as soon as may be thereafter, cause to be printed and published in the *Government Gazette* a correct register of all registered persons registered on the thirty-first day of December preceding, and in such register the names shall be in alphabetical order according to the surnames, and it shall be in accordance with the form B set forth in schedule II. to this Ordinance; such printed register shall be called "The Register of Chemists and Druggists," and a copy of the *Government Gazette* containing such register shall be evidence in all courts of law that the persons therein specified are registered persons, and the absence of the name of any person from such printed register shall be *prima facie* evidence that such person is not a registered person.

Offences.

12 Any person who wilfully makes or causes to be made any falsification of the register, and any person who wilfully procures or attempts to procure himself to be registered under this Ordinance by making or producing or causing to be made or produced any false or fraudulent representation or declaration either verbally or in writing, and any person aiding or

assisting him therein, shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable on conviction thereof to a fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, or to simple or rigorous imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years, or to both.

Persons not to be registered.

13 No legally qualified medical practitioner shall be entitled to be registered under this Ordinance, and if any registered person obtains a diploma or license entitling him to be registered under Ordinance No. 2 of 1905, or is registered under the said Ordinance, his name shall be removed from "The Register of Chemists and Druggists" during the time that he remains a member of such profession or is engaged in such practice.

Limit of effect of registration.

14 Registration under this Ordinance shall not entitle any person to practise medicine or surgery or any branch of medicine or surgery, or to hold himself out as being so entitled.

Exemption.

15 All registered persons shall be exempt from serving on any jury.

Fees.

16 Upon every examination and upon registration such fees as are from time to time fixed and determined by the rules of the Council shall be paid by the candidate to the registrar.

Provided always that all persons who at the date when this Ordinance is passed are entitled to be registered under section 8 shall pay a fee of five rupees only for being registered.

Sale of Drugs and Poisons.

Prohibition of sale of drugs, &c., by unregistered persons.

17 (1) No person shall sell or expose or offer for sale or keep open shop for retailing, dispensing, or compounding drugs or poisons, unless he holds a license issued under this Ordinance and unless he is a registered person, or employs a registered person personally to superintend and manage the sale, dispensing, and compounding of drugs and poisons.

(2) The registered person by whom or under whose supervision any drug or poison is dispensed or compounded shall write on a label on the bottle or other package containing such drug or poison his name or initials, and any label attached to any such bottle or package, and having the name or initials of any registered person written thereon shall be *prima facie* evidence in any case that such drug or poison was dispensed or compounded by him or under his supervision.

(3) The person who keeps any such open shop or in whose name any such open shop is kept shall, if any of the provisions of the preceding sub-section are not complied with in respect of all drugs or poisons sent from his shop, be deemed to be guilty of a breach of such sub-section.

Sale of poison to person under 12.

18 Any person who sells or causes to be sold any poison to any person under twelve years of age, except on a prescription by a legally qualified medical practitioner, shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

Restrictions on sale of poisons.

19 (1) No person shall sell any poison either by wholesale or retail unless the box, bottle, vessel, wrapper, or cover in which such poison is contained is distinctly labelled with the name of the article and the word "poison" in English, Sinhalese, and Tamil, and with the name and address of the seller of the poison; and no person shall sell any poison named in part I. of schedule I. of this Ordinance, or hereafter added thereto by the Governor, to any person unknown to the seller introduced by some person known to the seller; and on every sale of any such article the seller shall, before delivery, make or cause to be made an entry in a book (hereinafter called "The Sale of Poisons Book") to be kept for that purpose, stating in the form C in schedule II. the date of sale, the name and address of purchaser, the quantity of the article sold, and the purpose for which it is stated by the purchaser to be required, to which entry the signature of the purchaser and of the introducer, if any, shall be affixed.

(2) Any person selling poisons otherwise than as herein provided shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees for the first offence, and two hundred rupees for any subsequent offence.

(3) For the purposes of this section the person on whose behalf any sale is made by any one employed by him shall be deemed to be the seller.

(4) This section shall not apply to sales by wholesale to retail dealers in the ordinary course of wholesale dealing, nor to any article when forming part of the ingredients of any medicine dispensed by or under the supervision of a person registered under this Ordinance; provided such medicine be labelled in the manner aforesaid with name and address of the seller, and the ingredients thereof be entered with the name and address of the person to or for whom it is sold or delivered in a book to be kept for that purpose.

Inspection of
"The Sale of
Poisons Book."

20 (1) Any police officer not below the rank of an inspector or any headman authorized in writing by the Government Agent may between the hours of 8 A.M. and 4 P.M. of any day inspect "The Sale of Poisons Book" in the presence of the person responsible for the keeping of the said book, and any person refusing or failing within a reasonable time to produce for inspection "The Sale of Poisons Book" kept by him under this Ordinance shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

(2) Any such authority in writing shall, if required, be produced by the person to whom it has been granted before such person shall be entitled to inspect "The Sale of Poisons Book."

Issue and
withdrawal of
licenses.

21 (1) Any person who may be desirous to sell or keep open shop for retailing, dispensing, and compounding drugs and poisons shall apply in writing for a license to the Registrar. The application shall contain a true and full description of the name and residence of the person making the same, and of the place at which such sale is intended to be carried on or such shop is to be kept.

(2) It shall be lawful for the Registrar to refuse or issue such license. In case of a refusal it shall be open to the applicant to apply to the Governor in Executive Council, who shall confirm or reverse such refusal, and the order made by the Governor in Executive Council shall be final and conclusive; and if such order is in the applicant's favour, the applicant shall be entitled to the issue of such license on his complying with the requirements of this Ordinance.

(3) The license when issued shall specify the name and residence of the person to whom it is granted, and the place where such sale is to be carried on or such shop is to be kept, and the date on which it shall come into force. The license issued under this section shall be in force on and from the date specified in the license as the date on which it shall come into force until the thirty-first day of December next thereafter inclusive, and shall be subject to a stamp duty of ten rupees.

(4) The Registrar may, if he shall see fit to do so for sufficient reason, withdraw any license issued under this Ordinance. Such withdrawal shall be published in the *Government Gazette*, and such license shall thereupon be deemed and taken to have been withdrawn, and shall be of no further force and effect. It shall be open to any person whose license shall be withdrawn to appeal to the Governor, who may confirm or reverse such withdrawal as to him, with the advice of the Executive Council, shall seem fit.

(5) Any person holding a license who shall sell or expose or offer for sale or keep open shop for retailing, dispensing, and compounding drugs or poisons at any place other than the one specified in such license shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding a sum of five hundred rupees.

Sign on shop
for the sale of
drugs, &c.

Penalty.

22 Every person having or keeping open shop for the sale of drugs and poisons shall have over the principal entrance of such shop painted in legible characters, at least one inch in length, the name of the person licensed and the words "Licensed to sell drugs and poisons." Any person acting in contravention of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

Cases to which
Ordinance does
not apply.

23 (1) Nothing in this Ordinance contained shall extend or apply to—

- (i.) The sale or supply of medicines or poisons by any duly qualified medical practitioner or duly qualified dentist to his patients. Provided that such drugs or poisons are dispensed or sold by him or some person under his supervision.
- (ii.) The sale or supply of medicines by any duly qualified veterinary surgeon in the course of his practice.
- (iii.) The sale of any drug not being a poison by wholesale to retail dealers other than registered persons or persons licensed under this Ordinance in the ordinary course of wholesale dealing.
- (iv.) The sale of any drug or poison to any registered person.
- (v.) The sale by any person of the following articles, namely :
 - (a) Patent, proprietary, or homeopathic medicines (subject to the provisions hereinafter contained) if sold in any box, bottle, vessel, or parcel and under wrapper or cover as imported into this Colony, or as prepared by any registered person. Provided that such box, bottle, vessel, or parcel is properly secured, and bears the seal, name, or trade mark of the proprietor, inventor, or manufacturer thereof, and directions for its use.
 - (b) Mineral or artificial waters or the salts or other material employed in their preparation.
 - (c) Simple medicinal substances mentioned in schedule III., or any other substance which the Governor may add to the said schedule by notification in the *Government Gazette*.
 - (d) Any herb, vegetable, gum, oil, or seed, not being a poison, in its natural state, or not specially prepared so as to be fitted for medical use only, though the same may be used in medicine.
 - (e) Articles not being poisons which are to be used for flavouring foods or drinks, or for perfumery, painting, tanning, dyeing, soap-making, or any other industrial art or manufacture.
- (vi.) The sale or supply of drugs to an estate hospital or the dispensing of drugs and medicines at any estate dispensary by a dispenser duly appointed under "The Medical Wants Ordinance, 1912."
- (vii.) The sale of opium or cocaine under and in accordance with any Ordinance or Ordinances for the time being in force with regard to the sale of opium or cocaine.
- (viii.) The dispensing of drugs and poisons by vedaralas or native practitioners to their patients in the ordinary course of practice. Provided that nothing herein contained shall be deemed to authorize the sale of any poison in any form in which it is unfitted for use as a medicine, or in larger quantities than is necessary or proper for the treatment of the patient to whom it is supplied.

(2) Any person not being a registered person to whom a license under this Ordinance shall have been issued shall not be entitled to sell drugs or poisons, except in the cases and to the extent mentioned in this section, unless such person employs a person so registered to superintend and manage his business as provided by section 17 of this Ordinance.

Prohibition of
unregistered
persons
assuming title
of chemist, &c.

24 From and after the coming into operation of this Ordinance no person shall assume or use the title of chemist and druggist, or chemist or druggist, or dispensing chemist, or apothecary, or any name, title, or sign implying that he is registered under this Ordinance, or is entitled to practise as a chemist and druggist or apothecary, unless he has been duly registered under this Ordinance. Provided always that the use of any such title or sign on any shop kept by any person in conformity with section 22 of this Ordinance shall not be deemed a breach of this section.

- Duty of chemist where excessive dose of poison is prescribed.** 25 Every chemist and druggist who receives a prescription in which the maximum dose of any drug, poison, opium, or cocaine as laid down in the British Pharmacopœia has been exceeded shall not dispense the same, unless such dose is specially initialled by the prescriber, and if the same be not specially initialled, he shall without delay refer the prescription to him to be so initialled if correct before proceeding to dispense the same.
- Evidence.** 26 Any copy of the *Government Gazette* containing what purports to be a declaration of the Governor that any article is a poison or any article is a simple medicinal substance shall be sufficient evidence that such article has been duly added to the schedule of poisons to this Ordinance, or is a simple medicinal substance for the purposes of this Ordinance.
- General penalty.** 27 Every person who infringes any of the provisions of this Ordinance for the breach of which no penalty is provided in this Ordinance shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees, or to imprisonment, rigorous or simple, for a period not exceeding one year, and such offence shall be triable summarily by a Police Court.
- Prohibition as to sale, unwholesome, or adulterated drugs, &c.** 28 (1) No person having or keeping open shop for the sale of drugs or poisons shall sell or offer for sale any drug or poison in a stale or unwholesome state, or in a state unfit for use.
(2) Any person acting in contravention of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.
- Power of Council to make rules.** 29 The Council may from time to time make, and when made, revoke, vary, or amend, rules consistent with this Ordinance for—
- (a) Regulating the subjects, time, method, and conduct of examinations held under this Ordinance.
 - (b) Prescribing the fees payable by candidates tendering themselves for examination.
 - (c) Prescribing in cases not specially provided for by this Ordinance the fees payable on the registration of persons as chemists and druggists.
 - (d) Prescribing the evidence which the Council will require for the right of any person to be registered without examination.
 - (e) Prescribing with respect to any fees payable under this Ordinance or any rule thereunder the payment of such fees by means of stamps and the documents to which such stamps shall be affixed.
- Certificate of Government Analyst.** 30 In any proceedings under this Ordinance the production of a certificate signed by the Government Analyst with regard to any substance alleged to be any of the articles named in any of the schedules to this Ordinance shall be *prima facie* evidence of the facts therein stated, and no proof need be given of the signature or official character of the person signing the certificate.
- Fees to be paid into the general revenue of the Colony.** 31 All fees payable under this Ordinance, if paid otherwise than by means of stamps, shall be paid into the general revenue of the Colony.

SCHEDULE I.

Part I.

Poisons.

Acid, hydrocyanic, and its preparations.
 Aconite and its preparations.
 Amyl nitrate.
 Antimony tartrated.
 Antipyrin, antifebrin.
 Arsenic, its compounds and preparations.
 Atropine and its preparations and all poisonous alkaloids and their salts.
 Belladonna and its preparations, except the plaster.
 Bichloride of methylene.

Brucia.
 Butyl chloral hydrate.
 Calabar bean and its preparations.
 Cantharides and its preparations.
 Chloral hydrate.
 Corrosive sublimate.
 Croton oil.
 Curare.
 Cyanide of potassium and all cyanides and sulpho-cyanides.
 Elaterium and its preparations.
 Ergot and its preparations.
 Jaborandi and its preparations.
 Nicotine.
 Nitroglycerine.
 Nux vomica, its active principles and preparations.
 Paraldehyde.
 Phosphorus.
 Resosin.
 Savin and its preparations.
 Strychnine and its preparations.
 Vermin killers containing any poison in this part of this schedule, and all other poisonous vegetable alkaloids and their salts.

Part II.

Acid, acetic, glacial.
 Acid, carbolic.
 Acid, chromic, and its salts.
 Acid, hydrochloric, fort.
 Acid, nitric, fort.
 Acid, oxalic.
 Acid, pyrogallic.
 Acid, sulphuric.
 Alcohol, absolute.
 Almonds, essential oil of, unless deprived of its prussic acid.
 Barium, salts of.
 Bromine.
 Caffeine.
 Cherry-laurel water.
 Chloroform.
 Cocculus indicus.
 Conium and its preparations.
 Copper, salts of.
 Creosote.
 Caustic potash and all caustic alkaloids.
 Digitalin.
 Ether, anæsthetic.
 Filix mas.
 Gelsemium.
 Henbane and its preparations.
 Iodine.
 Lead, salts of.
 Lobelia and its preparations.
 Mercury, salts of, except corrosive sublimate in Part I. of this Schedule.
 Silver, salts of.
 Zinc, salts of.
 Vermin killers containing any poison not mentioned in Part I. of this Schedule.

SCHEDULE II.

Form A (Section 7).

No. ———.

Ceylon.

The Board of Examiners of Chemists and Druggists hereby certify that ———, of ———, has been duly examined and is duly qualified to be registered as a Chemist and Druggist under "The Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance, 191 —."

Given at Colombo, this ——— day of ———, 191—.

A. B.,
President of the Board of Examiners.

C. D.,
Member of the Board of Examiners.

Form B (Sections 9 and 11).
Register of Chemists and Druggists.

Name.	Residence.	Qualification.	Date of Registration.	Remarks.

Form C (Section 19).

Date.	Name and Address of Purchaser.	Name and Quantity of Poison sold.	Purposes for which it is required.	Signature of Purchaser.	Signature of Person introducing Purchaser.	Signature of Seller.

SCHEDULE III.

Asafetida.	Glauber salts.
Bark, Peruvian.	Nitre.
Camphor.	Quinine.
Carbonate of magnesia.	Rhubarb.
Castor oil.	Senna.
Epsom salts.	

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, December 3, 1913.

R. E. STUBBS,
Colonial Secretary.

Statement of Objects and Reasons.

1. *General Object.*—The general object of the Draft Ordinance is to require persons who keep a chemist's and druggist's shop to be licensed, to introduce a system of registering chemists and druggists similar to that which is in force in the United Kingdom and in many Colonies, and to prohibit the sale of poisons by any other than persons licensed under this Ordinance.

2. The Bill provides that no person shall sell or keep open shop for retailing, dispensing, or compounding drugs or poisons unless he holds a license, and unless he is a registered chemist and druggist or employs a registered chemist and druggist personally to superintend and manage the sale, dispensing, and compounding of drugs and poisons.

3. *Qualifications for Registration.*—Persons entitled to be registered as chemists and druggists under the Ordinance are the following:—

Persons holding certificates as apothecaries under "The Ceylon Medical College Ordinance, 1905";
Persons entitled to practise in Great Britain as apothecaries, chemists, and druggists, or pharmaceutical chemists;

Persons who satisfy the Council of the Ceylon Medical College that they have twelve months previous to the date of the passing of this Ordinance kept a chemist's shop and held a license under "The Poisons Ordinance, 1901," and had a training in pharmacy and in the nature of drugs and poisons; and

Persons who hold certificates issued by a Board of Examiners to be appointed by the Council that they have passed an examination to be prescribed by the Council.

4. *Exemptions.*—The Ordinance will not affect—

- (a) The sale or supply of medicines by duly qualified medical practitioners or dentists to their patients or by duly qualified veterinary surgeons ;
- (b) The sale of drugs not being poisons by wholesale to retail dealers ;
- (c) The sale of patent, proprietary, or homeopathic medicines ;
- (d) The sale of what are called in the Ordinance “ simple medicinal substances,” like camphor, castor oil, quinine, &c. ;
- (e) The sale of herbs, vegetables, gums, oils, seeds, not being poisons, in their natural state, or articles not being poisons which are used for flavouring foods or drinks or perfumery, &c. ;
- (f) The sale or supply of drugs to an estate hospital, or the dispensing of medicines at any estate dispensary ; and
- (g) The dispensing of drugs and poisons by vedaralas in the ordinary course of practice.

5. *Register.*—A register of persons registered under this Ordinance will be kept by the Registrar of the Ceylon Medical College, and provision is made for keeping it up to date.

6. *Disciplinary Provisions.*—Provision is made for His Excellency the Governor in Council to direct the removal from the register of the name of any person who is convicted of an offence which, in the opinion of the Council, renders him unfit to be a chemist or druggist, or shows gross negligence or incapacity in the performance of his duties.

7. *Licenses.*—A license expires on December 31 in the year in which it is issued. The Registrar is given power to withdraw a license, but his order is subject to an appeal to His Excellency the Governor in Council.

8. *Poisons.*—“ The Poisons Ordinance, 1901,” has been repealed. The Draft Ordinance regulates the sale of poisons, and provides—

- (a) That the wrapper round the box or bottle in which the poison is sold shall be labelled with the name of the article and the word “ poison ” in English, Sinhalese, and Tamil, and with the name and address of the seller ;
- (b) That the seller can only sell to a person known to him or introduced to him by some person known to the seller ;
- (c) That every sale shall be entered in a book called “ The Sale of Poisons Book,” and shall be signed by the purchaser and the introducer, if any ; and
- (d) That “ The Sale of Poisons Book ” will be open to inspection by the Police.

Attorney-General's Chambers,
Colombo, October 31, 1913.

J. VAN LANGENBERG,
Acting Attorney-General.

MINUTE.

The following Draft of a proposed Ordinance is published for general information :—

An Ordinance to amend “ The Ceylon Telegraph Ordinance, 1908.”

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend “ The Ceylon Telegraph Ordinance, 1908 ”: Be it therefore enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :

Short title.

1 (1) This Ordinance may be cited as “ The Ceylon Telegraph (Amendment) Ordinance, No. of 191 .”

Commencement.

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the Governor, by Notification in the *Government Gazette*, shall appoint.

Repeal.

2 “ The Wireless Telegraph Ordinance, 1903,” is hereby repealed.

Amendment of section 3.

3 (1) For sub-section (1) of section 3 of the principal Ordinance the following sub-section shall be substituted :

- (1) “ Telegraph ” means an electric, galvanic, magnetic, or mechanical telegraph, and includes appliances, wires, and apparatus or any combination thereof for making and transmitting or receiving telegraphic, telephonic, or other communications by means of electricity, galvanism, magnetism, or mechanism with or without wires, and includes a telephone.

(2) Immediately after sub-section (1) of section 3 of the principal Ordinance the following definitions shall be added, and shall be numbered respectively (1) A and (1) B :

(1) A "Telegraphy" means the working or use of a telegraph ;

(1) B "Wireless telegraphy" means any system of communication by wireless telegraph or telephone, that is to say, by telegraph or telephone, without the aid of any wire connecting the points from and at which the messages or other communications are sent or received.

Substitution of new section 4.

License for telegraph.

4 For section 4 of the principal Ordinance the following section shall be substituted :

4 (1) No person shall instal, establish, maintain, or work any telegraph in any place in Ceylon, or on board any British ship registered in Ceylon, except under and in accordance with a license granted in that behalf by the Governor as hereinafter provided.

Provided that nothing in this section shall preclude any person from establishing telephonic communication by wire between separate portions of any ship or of any building, or between any two or more buildings within the limits of any property belonging to the same owner.

(2) The Governor, whenever he shall deem it expedient to do so, may grant to any person a license to instal, establish, maintain, or work any telegraph in any place in Ceylon or on board any British ship registered in Ceylon.

(3) Every such license shall be in such form, and for such period, and in consideration of such payments as the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, may determine, and shall contain such terms, conditions, and restrictions on and subject to which the license is granted, as the Governor shall consider desirable in the public interest.

Provided that when an applicant for a license proves to the satisfaction of the Governor that the sole object of obtaining the license is to enable him to conduct experiments in telegraphy, a license for that purpose shall be granted, subject to such special terms, conditions, and restrictions as the Governor may think proper, but shall not be subject to any rent or royalty.

Amendment of section 7.

5 Immediately after paragraph (d) of sub-section (2) of section 7 of the principal Ordinance the following paragraphs shall be added, and shall be numbered respectively (e), (f), (g), (h), and (i) :

(e) For prescribing the form and the manner in which applications for licenses under this Ordinance are to be made ;

(f) For prescribing fees payable on the grant of any license ;

(g) For regulating the manner in which an apparatus for wireless telegraphy on board a merchant ship, whether British or foreign, in the waters of Ceylon, shall be worked so as to prevent interference with naval signalling, or the working of any wireless telegraph or telephone station, lawfully established, installed, or worked in Ceylon or the waters thereof, and so as not to interrupt or interfere with the transmission of any messages between wireless telegraph or telephone stations established as aforesaid on land and wireless telegraph or telephone stations established on ships at sea ;

(h) For prohibiting, except with the special or general permission of the Postmaster-General of Ceylon, the working or using of any apparatus for wireless telegraphy on board a merchant ship, whether British or foreign, while such ship is in any of the harbours of Ceylon ;

(i) For prohibiting or regulating, in case at any time, in the opinion of the Governor, an emergency has arisen in which it is expedient for the public service that His Majesty's Government should have control over the transmission of messages by wireless telegraphy on board merchant ships, whether British or foreign, in the waters of Ceylon, the use of wireless telegraphy on board such ships while in such waters by such further rules as the Governor may deem fit to make from time to time, either in all cases, or in such cases as may be deemed desirable.

Addition of a new sub-section (2) A after sub-section (2) of section 7.

6 Immediately after sub-section (2) of section 7 of the principal Ordinance the following sub-section shall be added, and shall be numbered (2) A :

(2) A Provided that no regulations made in respect of the matters described in paragraphs (g), (h), and (i) of sub-section (2) of this section shall apply to the use of wireless telegraphy for the purpose of making or answering signals of distress.

Substitution of new section 20.

7 For section 20 of the principal Ordinance the following section shall be substituted :

Penalty for establishing a station or working an apparatus without a license.

20 (1) If any person instals, establishes, maintains, or works a telegraph in contravention of this Ordinance, or without a license as required by this Ordinance, or otherwise than as permitted by a license granted under this Ordinance, or breaks any condition contained in such license, he shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be punished with a fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, and with a further fine which may extend to five hundred rupees for every week during which the telegraph is maintained or worked, or the breach of the condition continues ; and in default of payment of any fine imposed under this section with imprisonment of either description for a term not exceeding six months, and the apparatus or installation in respect of which any such offence is committed shall be liable to confiscation.

No prosecution without sanction of Postmaster-General.

(2) No court shall take cognizance of any offence punishable under this section unless upon complaint made with the previous written sanction of the Postmaster-General.

Addition of new section 41 A.

8 Immediately after section 41 of the principal Ordinance the following section shall be added, and shall be numbered 41 A :

Police Magistrate to grant search warrants in certain cases.

41 A If a Police Magistrate is satisfied by information on oath that there is reasonable ground for believing that a telegraph has been installed, established, maintained, or worked in contravention of the provisions of this Ordinance in any place or on board any ship within his jurisdiction, he may grant a search warrant to any police officer to enter and inspect the station, place, or ship, and to seize any apparatus which appears to him to be used or intended to be used therein for telegraphy in contravention of the provisions of this Ordinance.

Repeal of section 42.

9 Section 42 of the principal Ordinance is hereby repealed.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, December 12, 1913.

R. E. STUBBS,
Colonial Secretary.

Statement of Objects and Reasons.

THE main object of the Draft Bill is to make proper provision for governing the use of wireless telegraph apparatus on merchant ships while in the territorial waters of the Colony.

2. The following are among the more important alterations in the law introduced :—

(a) Persons are prohibited from working any wireless telegraph apparatus on board any British ship registered in Ceylon, except under and in accordance with a license granted in that behalf by the Governor.

(b) The Governor in Executive Council may make rules—

- (i.) For regulating the manner in which a wireless telegraph apparatus on board a merchant ship, whether British or foreign, in the waters of Ceylon, shall be worked so as to prevent interference with naval signalling, or with the transmission of messages between stations established on land and stations established on ships at sea ;
- (ii.) For prohibiting, except with the permission of the Postmaster-General, the working of any wireless telegraph apparatus on board a merchant ship, whether British or foreign, while such ship is in harbour ; and
- (iii.) For prohibiting or regulating, when an emergency has arisen in the opinion of the Governor, the use of wireless telegraphy on board merchant ships, whether British or foreign, when in the waters of Ceylon.

These rules are, however, not to apply when wireless telegraphy is used for the purpose of making or answering signals of distress.

(c) When there is reason for believing that a telegraph has been installed or worked in a place or a ship in contravention of the provisions of the Ordinance, power is given to a Police Magistrate to issue a search warrant to any police officer authorizing him to enter and inspect such place or ship, and to seize any apparatus which appears to him to be used or intended to be used in contravention of the provisions of the Ordinance.

3. The Ordinance No. 8 of 1903 is repealed.

Attorney-General's Chambers,
Colombo, December 11, 1913.

J. VAN LANGENBERG,
Acting Attorney-General.

MINUTE.

The following Draft of a proposed Ordinance is published for general information :—

An Ordinance to amend "The General Loan and Inscribed Stock Ordinance, 1907."

Preamble.	W HEREAS it is expedient to amend "The General Loan and Inscribed Stock Ordinance, 1907," in certain particulars : Be it therefore enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :
Short title.	1 This Ordinance may be cited as "The General Loan and Inscribed Stock (Amendment) Ordinance, No. of 191 ."
Amendment of section 3.	2 In line 4 of section 3 of the principal Ordinance the word "revenues" shall be substituted for the word "revenue."
Amendment of section 6.	3 In line 6 of section 6 of the principal Ordinance the words "sixty years" shall be substituted for the words "fifty years."
Amendment of section 18.	4 In lines 5 and 6 of section 18 of the principal Ordinance the words "and the nominal amount of the debentures at that drawing" are hereby repealed.
Amendment of section 25.	5 In line 4 of section 25 of the principal Ordinance the words "sixty years" shall be substituted for the words "fifty years."
Amendment of section 26.	6 In line 4 of section 26 of the principal Ordinance for the word "revenue" there shall be substituted the word "revenues."
Amendment of section 27.	7 In line 4 of section 27 of the principal Ordinance the word "revenues" shall be substituted for the word "revenue."

- Substitution of new sub-section (d) of section 31. Creation and sale of inscribed stock or debentures to raise loans and for other purposes.
- 8 For sub-section (d) of section 31 of the principal Ordinance the following sub-section shall be substituted :
- (d) He may authorize the creation and sale of any such inscribed stock or debentures for the purpose of raising money for redeeming any outstanding loans, for paying any expense in the creation of inscribed stock, and otherwise for carrying out the provisions of this Ordinance.
- Amendment of sub-section (a) of section 32.
- 9 In lines 1 and 2 of sub-section (a) of section 32 of the principal Ordinance the words "a rate of interest not less than" shall be substituted for the words "a higher rate of interest than."
- Addition of new sub-section (c) to section 32.
- 10 Immediately after sub-section (b) of section 32 of the principal Ordinance the following sub-section shall be added and shall be numbered (c) :
- (c) In accordance with such terms and conditions as may be prescribed under section 31 (a) of this Ordinance.
- Amendment of sub-section (2) of section 36.
- 11 In sub-section (2) of section 36 of the principal Ordinance for the word "stock" there shall be substituted the word "stocks."
- Substitution of a new sub-section for sub-section (5) of section 36.
- 12 For sub-section (5) of section 36 of the principal Ordinance the following sub-section shall be substituted :
- (5) For issuing inscribed stock certificates to bearer and as often as occasion shall require re-inscribing them.
- Re-numbering of sections 38 and 39.
- 13 The numbering of sections 38 and 39 of the principal Ordinance is hereby re-arranged as follows :
- (1) Section 39 of the principal Ordinance shall be re-numbered section 38, and shall be read as having been inserted immediately after section 37 of the said Ordinance.
- (2) Section 38 of the principal Ordinance shall be re-numbered section 40, and shall be read as having been inserted immediately after the section which by this Ordinance is added and numbered section 39 of the principal Ordinance.
- Addition of new section 39.
- 14 After section 38 of the principal Ordinance as re-numbered by this Ordinance the following section shall be added and shall be numbered 39 :
- Saving clause.
- 39 Nothing in this Ordinance or in the repeal of Ordinance No. 19 of 1884 shall affect the rights of any person who holds stock or bonds under the authority of Ordinance No. 19 of 1884.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, R. E. STUBBS,
Colombo, December 30, 1913. Colonial Secretary.

Statement of Objects and Reasons.

THE object of the Draft Bill is to amend Ordinance No. 22 of 1907 in certain particulars in order to bring it into line with a model Ordinance received from the Secretary of State.

2. In sections 6 and 25 of Ordinance No. 22 of 1907 the redeemable period has been altered from fifty to sixty years.

3. Sub-section (d) of section 31 of the principal Ordinance has been amended empowering the Governor to authorize the creation and sale of debentures for the purposes mentioned in the sub-section.

4. Section 32 which relates to the exchange of securities for inscribed stock has been amended in two respects : sub-section (a) has been altered, and a new sub-section (c) has been added.

5. The other amendments do not require special mention.

Attorney-General's Chambers,
Colombo, December 24, 1913.

J. VAN LANGENBERG,
Acting Attorney-General.

PASSED ORDINANCES.

Ordinance enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof.

No. 8 of 1913.

An Ordinance to amend "The Criminal Procedure Code, 1898."

ROBERT CHALMERS.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend "The Criminal Procedure Code, 1898": Be it therefore enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:

Short title.

1 This Ordinance may be cited as "The Criminal Procedure Code (Amendment) Ordinance, No. 8 of 1913."

Addition of sub-section to section 256.

2 The following sub-section shall be added to section 256 of the principal Ordinance and shall be numbered (g), and shall be inserted immediately after sub-section (f) of the said section:

(g) Persons for the time being holding any office or offices in the Public Service to which His Excellency the Governor, by Proclamation in the *Government Gazette*, may extend the privileges of this section.

Passed in Council the Third day of December, One thousand Nine hundred and Thirteen

A. N. GALBRAITH,
Clerk to the Council.

Assented to by His Excellency the Governor the Twenty-seventh day of December, One thousand Nine hundred and Thirteen.

R. E. STUBBS,
Colonial Secretary

Ordinance enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof.

No. 9 of 1913.

An Ordinance to amend "The Powers of Attorney Ordinance, 1902."

ROBERT CHALMERS.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend "The Powers of Attorney Ordinance, 1902": Be it therefore enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:

Short title.

1 This Ordinance may be cited as "The Powers of Attorney (Amendment) Ordinance, No. 9 of 1913."

Amendment of section 2.

2 For the definition of the term "Registrar-General" in section 2 of the principal Ordinance, the following definition shall be substituted, namely:

"Registrar-General" shall include the Assistant Registrar-General and any person for the time being lawfully discharging the duties of the Registrar-General or of the Assistant Registrar-General.

Passed in Council the Third day of December, One thousand Nine hundred and Thirteen.

A. N. GALBRAITH,
Clerk to the Council.

Assented to by His Excellency the Governor the Twenty-seventh day of December, One thousand Nine hundred and Thirteen.

R. E. STUBBS,
Colonial Secretary

Ordinance enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof.

No. 10 of 1913.

An Ordinance to repeal "The Courts Ordinance, 1889," so far as it relates to the Rank and Precedence of the Chief Justice and Puisne Judges of the Supreme Court.

ROBERT CHALMERS.

- Preamble. **W**HEREAS it is expedient to repeal "The Courts Ordinance, 1889," so far as it relates to the rank and precedence of the Chief Justice and Puisne Judges of the Supreme Court: Be it therefore enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:
- Short title. 1 This Ordinance may be cited as "The Courts (Amendment) Ordinance, No. 10 of 1913."
- Repeal. 2 The Ordinances specified in the schedule hereto are hereby repealed to the extent specified in the third column thereof.

SCHEDULE.

No. and Year.	Ordinances repealed.		Extent of Repeal.
	Short Title.		
3 of 1909..	"The Courts (Amendment) Ordinance, 1909"		The whole.
1 of 1889..	"The Courts Ordinance, 1889"		Sections 12 and 12 A.

Passed in Council the Third day of December, One thousand Nine hundred and Thirteen.

A. N. GALBRAITH,
Clerk to the Council.

Assented to by His Excellency the Governor the Twenty-seventh day of December, One thousand Nine hundred and Thirteen.

R. E. STUBBS,
Colonial Secretary.

Ordinance enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof.

No. 11 of 1913.

An Ordinance to amend "The Local Boards Ordinance, 1898."

ROBERT CHALMERS.

- Preamble. **W**HEREAS it is expedient to amend "The Local Boards Ordinance, 1898": Be it therefore enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:
- Short title. 1 This Ordinance may be cited as "The Local Boards (Amendment) Ordinance, No. 11 of 1913."
- Addition of proviso to section 47. 2 At the end of section 47 of the principal Ordinance there shall be added the following proviso:
- Provided further that in prescribing conditions for the repayment of the said loan the Governor in Executive Council may dispense with the requirements provided for in section 50.

Addition of proviso to section 50.

3 At the end of section 50 of the principal Ordinance there shall be added the following proviso :

Provided, however, that the provisions of this section shall not apply where an order has been made by the Governor in Executive Council under the last proviso to section 47 dispensing with the requirements provided for in this section.

Passed in Council the Third day of December, One thousand Nine hundred and Thirteen.

A. N. GALBRAITH,
Clerk to the Council.

Assented to by His Excellency the Governor the Twenty-seventh day of December, One thousand Nine hundred and Thirteen.

R. E. STUBBS,
Colonial Secretary.

Ordinance enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof.

No. 12 of 1913.

An Ordinance further to amend "The Small Towns Sanitary Ordinance, 1892."

ROBERT CHALMERS.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend "The Small Towns Sanitary Ordinance, 1892": Be it therefore enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :

Short title.

1 This Ordinance may be cited as "The Small Towns Sanitary (Amendment) Ordinance, No. 12 of 1913."

Amendment of sub-section (2) (b) of section 5.

2 In paragraph (b) of the sub-section which by Ordinance No. 11 of 1900 was enacted as sub-section (2) of section 5 of the principal Ordinance, after the words "The Explosives Ordinances, 1894 and 1895," and before the words "or under any of the above enactments" occurring in the last two lines thereof, there shall be inserted the following: "and under "The Dog Registration Ordinance, 1901."

Amendment of section 7.

3 In the proviso to section 7 of the principal Ordinance the words "six per centum per annum" shall be substituted for the words "four per centum per annum."

Substitution of new sub-section 9 E (1).

4 For sub-section (1) of the section which by Ordinance No. 11 of 1900 was enacted as section 9 E of the principal Ordinance the following sub-section shall be substituted :

Sanitary Board may undertake public works.

9 E (1) It shall be lawful for the Sanitary Board, with the sanction of the Governor, acting with the advice of the Executive Council, to do any of the things following :

(a) To carry out or cause to be carried out any public work likely to improve the sanitary condition of any town or village or to add to the comfort of the inhabitants thereof, and to do and execute or cause to be done and executed all such works, matters, and things as shall be necessary therefor ;

Sanitary Board may lease, purchase, and sell lands.

(b) To purchase or take on lease land or buildings for the purposes of this Ordinance and pay for the same out of the funds of the Sanitary Board, and sell or lease the same or any other property vested in the Sanitary Board.

Addition of new section 9 L.

5 After the section which by Ordinance No. 11 of 1900 was enacted as section 9 K of the principal Ordinance the following section shall be added and shall be numbered 9 L :

If necessary land may be acquired under the law for the acquisition of land for public purposes.

9 L When there is any hindrance to the acquisition by purchase of any land or building required for the purpose of this Ordinance, the Governor, upon the application of the Sanitary Board, and after such inquiry as may be thought proper, may declare that the land or building is needed for a public purpose, and may order proceedings for

obtaining possession of the same for Government, and for determining the compensation to be paid to the parties interested according to any laws now or hereafter to be in force for the acquisition of private land for public purposes, and the Governor may vest such land or building in the Sanitary Board on its paying the compensation awarded.

Passed in Council the Third day of December, One thousand Nine hundred and Thirteen.

A. N. GALBRAITH,
Clerk to the Council.

Assented to by His Excellency the Governor the Twenty-seventh day of December, One thousand Nine hundred and Thirteen.

R. E. STUBBS,
Colonial Secretary

Ordinance enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof.

No. 13 of 1913.

An Ordinance to empower the Trustees of Saint Thomas's College, Colombo, to sell the same.

ROBERT CHALMERS.

Preamble.

WHEREAS by a grant No. 2,103 dated the second day of September, One thousand Eight hundred and Fifty-four, and attested by Frederick John de Saram of Colombo, in the Island of Ceylon, Notary Public, James Chapman by Divine Permission the Lord Bishop of Colombo, being seized and possessed of certain land and premises forming the College of Saint Thomas the Apostle, fully described in the aforesaid grant, being desirous that the same should be set apart for ever as the College and Collegiate School of Saint Thomas the Apostle, for the education of youth in sound learning and religious instruction according to the principles of the United Church of England and Ireland, transferred, assigned, and set over unto the Incorporated Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts and the Bishop of Colombo and his successors for the time being all that garden with all the buildings thereon constructed and erected, and forming the College and Collegiate School of Saint Thomas the Apostle, situated on the south-east of the road leading to Vuystwyk between Tankisalgado and Cotanchina, within the Municipality of Colombo, to the end and effect that the said Incorporated Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts and the said Bishop of Colombo and his successors for the time being should and might hold the same in trust for ever for the purposes mentioned in the said grant:

And whereas the said land and buildings have become unsuited for the purposes for which the same were granted as aforesaid, and it is necessary and expedient to sell the same, and to apply the proceeds of such sales in the purchase of other land and in the erection of a new Chapel, College, and Collegiate School, and other necessary buildings thereon:

And whereas presently the Right Reverend Ernest Arthur Copleston is the Bishop of Colombo, in succession to the previous Bishops of Colombo, and they the Incorporated Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts and the said Ernest Arthur Copleston, Bishop of Colombo hold the said land and College and Collegiate School, known as Saint Thomas's College, and the other buildings thereon, in trust as aforesaid, under and by virtue of the said grant:

Be it therefore enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:

1 This Ordinance may be cited as "The Saint Thomas's College Ordinance, No. 13 of 1913."

Power of trustees to sell and application of proceeds of sale.

2 It shall be lawful for, and the power is hereby granted to, the said Incorporated Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts and the said Ernest Arthur Copleston, Bishop of Colombo, as trustees aforesaid, to sell the said land conveyed by the said grant, together with the buildings thereon or any portion of such land, together with the buildings on such portion, either by public auction or private contract, and by writing under their hands to convey and transfer the same to the purchaser or purchasers thereof absolutely freed and discharged of and from all and every the trusts, terms, and conditions in the said grant contained concerning the same, and to apply the proceeds of such sale in the purchase of other suitable land and in the erection thereon of new buildings to serve as a Chapel, College, Collegiate School, Divinity School, and Orphan Asylum, to be called and known as "The College and Collegiate School of Saint Thomas the Apostle."

Vesting of property purchased with proceeds of sale.

3 The land to be purchased and the new buildings to be erected as aforesaid shall be held by the said Incorporated Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts and the said Ernest Arthur Copleston, Bishop of Colombo, and his successors for the time being in trust, for the purposes and objects and subject to the terms and conditions in the said grant contained.

Passed in Council the Third day of December, One thousand Nine hundred and Thirteen.

A. N. GALBRAITH,
Clerk to the Council.

Assented to by His Excellency the Governor the Twenty-seventh day of December, One thousand Nine hundred and Thirteen.

R. E. STUBBS,
Colonial Secretary.

Ordinance enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof.

No. 14 of 1913.

An Ordinance to amend "The Rural Schools Ordinance, 1907."

ROBERT CHALMERS.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend "The Rural Schools Ordinance, 1907," in certain particulars: Be it therefore enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:

Short title.

1 This Ordinance may be cited as "The Rural Schools (Amendment) Ordinance, No. 14 of 1913."

Moneys invalidly expended to be deemed validly expended.

2 All moneys expended before the passing of this Ordinance on any work done or purporting to have been done under the principal Ordinance by any District School Committee shall be deemed to have been properly and validly expended, notwithstanding that such expenditure shall not have been in accordance with the provisions of the principal Ordinance.

Substitution of new section 17.

3 For section 17 of the principal Ordinance the following section shall be substituted:

Provision of fund and labour.

17. Whenever any scheme has been thus approved, the village committees in the school district shall annually place at the disposal of the District School Committee, for the purpose of carrying out any work under this Ordinance, the money or labour which can be made available under section 6 of "The Village Communities Ordinance, 1889," for the purposes mentioned in sub-section (2) of the said section.

Substitution of new sub-section for sub-section (1) (c) of section 20.

4 For paragraph (c) of sub-section (1) of section 20 of the principal Ordinance the following paragraph shall be substituted :

(c) Determining the penalty not exceeding a fine of twenty rupees, or, in default of payment, imprisonment, rigorous or simple, for a period not exceeding fourteen days, and in the case of a continuing penalty an additional fine not exceeding ten rupees per day, to be attached for the breach of any by-law.

Substitution of new sub-section for sub-section (3) of section 24 of the principal Ordinance.

5 For sub-section (3) of section 24 the following sub-section shall be substituted :

(3) Every Village School Committee shall annually place at the disposal of the District School Committee for the purposes of this Ordinance such money or labour as can be made available for constructing and repairing school rooms.

Substitution of new section 37.

6 For section 37 of the principal Ordinance the following section shall be substituted :

37. All fines under this Ordinance shall be paid into the funds of the District School Committee of the district in which the school in relation to which the offence was committed is situated.

Passed in Council the Third day of December, One thousand Nine hundred and Thirteen.

A. N. GALBRAITH,
Clerk to the Council.

Assented to by His Excellency the Governor the Twenty-seventh day of December, One thousand Nine hundred and Thirteen.

R. E. STUBBS,
Colonial Secretary.

Ordinance enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof.

No. 15 of 1913.

An Ordinance to amend "The Youthful Offenders Ordinance, 1886."

ROBERT CHALMERS.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend "The Youthful Offenders Ordinance, 1886": Be it therefore enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :

Short title.

1 This Ordinance may be cited as "The Youthful Offenders (Amendment) Ordinance, No. 15 of 1913."

Addition of new section 20 A.

2 Immediately after section 20 of the principal Ordinance the following section shall be added and shall be numbered 20 A :

Removal of sick youthful offenders to a public hospital.

20 A (1) It shall be lawful for the manager of a reformatory or certified industrial school, by writing under his hand, to direct the removal of any sick youthful offender from a reformatory or certified industrial school to any public hospital, and such writing shall be sufficient warrant for the medical officer of such hospital to receive and detain therein such youthful offender, subject to the lawful orders of the said manager.

(2) Every youthful offender so received into such hospital as aforesaid, so long as he shall not be entitled to his discharge from such reformatory or certified industrial school in due course of law, shall continue to be subject to the provisions of this Ordinance and to any rules made thereunder in the same manner and in every respect as if he were within a reformatory or certified industrial school.

(3) The medical officer of such hospital shall in respect of such youthful offender have all such powers and be liable to all such duties as by law the manager of a reformatory or certified industrial school has and is liable to.

Re-transfer to reformatory or certified industrial school

(4) If at any time before the youthful offender shall be entitled to his discharge from such reformatory or certified industrial school in due course of law, it appears advisable to the medical officer in charge of the hospital that the youthful offender should be re-transferred to the reformatory or certified industrial school from which he was removed, he shall apply to the manager of the said reformatory or certified industrial school for a warrant of re-transfer, and such warrant signed by such manager shall be sufficient authority for the re-transfer of such youthful offender.

(5) The manager of the reformatory or certified industrial school shall forthwith report to the Director of Education the removal of a youthful offender to a hospital or the re-transfer of such youthful offender to the reformatory or certified industrial school from such hospital.

Passed in Council the Third day of December, One thousand Nine hundred and Thirteen.

A. N. GALBRAITH,
Clerk to the Council.

Assented to by His Excellency the Governor the Twenty-seventh day of December, One thousand Nine hundred and Thirteen.

R. E. STUBBS,
Colonial Secretary.

NOTICES IN TESTAMENTARY ACTIONS.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Intestate Estate of Jurisdiction. Henricus Richmond Abeyewardene of No. 4,739. Mount Lavinia, deceased.

Henricus Abraham Abeyewardene of Mount Lavinia Petitioner,

And

(1) Theadosia Louisa Matilda Perera nee Abeyewardene, wife of (2) Henry Jacob Perera of Cottara, (3) Letitia Grace Abeyewardene, (4) Lilian Beatrice Abeyewardene, (5) Arthur Edwin Abeyewardene, (6) James Percival Abeyewardene, all of Mount Lavinia..... Respondents.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before Lewis Matthew Maartensz, Esq., Additional District Judge of Colombo, on November 18, 1913, in the presence of Mr. A. C. Abeyewardene, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner above named; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated November 17, 1913, having been read:

It is ordered that the petitioner be and he is hereby declared entitled, as a son of the above-named deceased, to have letters of administration to his estate issued to him, unless the respondents above named or any other person or persons interested shall, on or before January 22, 1914, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

L. M. MAARTENSZ,
Additional District Judge.
November 18, 1913.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Intestate Estate of the late Ernest William Dunstan, late of Jurisdiction. No. 4,751. Colombo, in the Island of Ceylon, deceased.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before Lewis Matthew Maartensz, Esq., District Judge of Colombo, on December 2, 1913, in the presence of Messrs Julius & Creasy, Proctors, on the part of the petitioner Frederick Norman

Mackie; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated November 29, 1913, and the certificate of death and power of attorney in favour of the petitioner having been read: It is declared that the said Frederick Norman Mackie is the attorney of William Dunstan, the father of the deceased, and that he is entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the said deceased issued to him accordingly, unless any person or persons interested shall, on or before January 22, 1914, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

L. M. MAARTENSZ,
District Judge.
December 2, 1913.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Last Will and Testament of the late George Jerment Jameson, late of 109, Maida Vale, in the County of Middlesex and of Eversfield, 37, Kent road, Harrogate, in the County of York, England, deceased.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before Lewis Matthew Maartensz, Esq., District Judge of Colombo, on December 23, 1913, in the presence of Mr. Sydney Julius, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Villiers Alexander Julius of Colombo; and the affidavit of the said petitioner, dated December 17, 1913, and the exemplification of probate of the will of the said deceased, and power of attorney in favour of the petitioner having been read: It is ordered that the will of the said George Jerment Jameson, deceased, dated June 10, 1913, of which an exemplification of probate has been produced, and is now deposited in this court, be and the same is hereby declared proved; and it is further declared that the said petitioner is one of the attorneys of the executrix named in the said will, and that he is entitled to have letters of administration, with copy of the said will annexed, issued to him accordingly, unless any person or persons interested shall, on or before January 22, 1914, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

L. M. MAARTENSZ,
District Judge.
December 23, 1913.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Order.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Last Will and Testa-
Jurisdiction. ment of the late Caroline Sophia Bostock,
No. C 4,761. late of the Birches Gong Hill near Farn-
ham, in the County of Surrey, England,
deceased.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before Lewis Matthew Maartensz, Esq., District Judge of Colombo, on December 19, 1913, in the presence of Messrs Julius & Creasy, Proctors, on the part of the petitioner Norman Sandeman Bostock; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated December 10, 1913, and the exemplification of probate of the will of the said deceased having been read: It is ordered that the will of the said Caroline Sophia Bostock, deceased, dated June 14, 1913, of which an exemplification of probate has been produced, and is now deposited in this court, be and the same is hereby declared proved; and it is further declared that the said Norman Sandeman Bostock is one of the executors named in the said will, and that he is entitled to have probate thereof issued to him accordingly on his taking oath of office.

December 19, 1913.

L. M. MAARTENSZ,
District Judge.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Intestate Estate of the
Jurisdiction. late Walpita Mudalnayake Mudiyanse-
No. 4,766. lage Simeon Perera of Kotahena in
Colombo, deceased.

Madawala Liyana Hettiarachchige Maria Perera
of Wall street, Kotahena, in Colombo..... Petitioner.

And

(1) Walpita Mudalnayake Mudiyanse-
Perera, (2) Walpita Mudalnayake Mudiyanse-
lage Harry Perera, both of 43, Kollupitiya, in
Colombo, (3) Walpita Mudalnayake Mudiyanse-
lage Philip Perera, (4) Walpita Mudalnayake
Mudiyanse-
lage Martha Perera, both of Wall
street, Kotahena, in Colombo..... Respondents.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before Lewis Matthew Maartensz, Esq., Additional District Judge of Colombo, on January 6, 1914, in the presence of Mr. Weerakoon, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner above named; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated December 8, 1913, having been read:

It is ordered that the petitioner be and she is hereby declared entitled, as the widow of the above-named deceased, to have letters of administration to his estate issued to her, unless the respondents above named or any other person or persons interested shall, on or before February 12 1914, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

January 6, 1914.

L. M. MAARTENSZ,
Additional District Judge.

In the District Court of Negombo.

Order Nisi declaring Will proved.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Last Will and Testa-
Jurisdiction. ment of the late Kekulawalaralalage
No. 1,415. Bempi Sinno, deceased, of Delwala.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before H. E. Beven, Esq., District Judge of Negombo, on December 1, 1913, in the presence of Mr. D. L. E. Amarasingha, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Kumarasingha Hettiarachchige Duliachi Nona of Delwala; and the affidavits of the petitioner and of the witnesses—(1) M. Joran Appu, (2) K. Gregoris Appu, (3) K. Harmanis Sinno, (4) H. Haramanis Appu—dated October 24, 1913, respectively, having been read:

It is ordered that the will of Kekulawalaralalage Bempi Sinno, deceased, dated September 21, 1913, of which the original has been produced, and is now deposited in this court, be and the same is hereby declared proved, unless

the respondents—(1) K. James Sinno, (2) K. Mary Nona, (3) K. Abilin Nona, (4) K. Julis Sinno, all of Delwala, minors, by their guardian *ad litem* K. Gregoris Appu of Kandangomuwa—shall, on or before January 22, 1914, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

It is further declared that the said K. H. Duliachi Nona is the executrix named in the said will, and that she is entitled to have probate of the same issued to her accordingly, unless the respondents above named shall, on or before January 22, 1914, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

And it is further ordered that the said K. Gregoris Appu be appointed guardian *ad litem* over the said minors for the purpose of this action.

December 1, 1913.

H. E. BEVEN,
District Judge.

In the District Court of Kalutara.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Intestate Estate of the
Jurisdiction. late Wedamestrige Cornelis Fernando of
No. 857. Henemulla, in Panadura, deceased.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before T. B. Russell, Esq., District Judge of Kalutara, on December 22, 1913, in the presence of Mr. Solomon Fernando, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner; and the affidavit of the petitioner Embakonthage Nelo Fernando of Henemulla aforesaid, dated December 17, 1913, having been read:

It is ordered that the petitioner, as the widow of the deceased above named be and she is hereby declared entitled to administer his estate, and that letters of administration do issue to her accordingly, unless the respondents—(1) Kadawarage Charles Peter Fernando, presently of Nanu-o-ya, (2) ditto Muriel Maud Fernando, (3) Stanley Lionel Fernando, (4) ditto Bertram Ronald Fernando, (5) ditto Victor Donald Fernando, (6) ditto Violet Gertrude Fernando, (7) Wedamestrige Missie Fernando of Sungi Bisi, in F. M. S., and husband, (8) Tallalagardialawage Sarnelis of Sungi Bisi, in F. M. S., (9) Wedamestrige Paulis Fernando of Henemulla, (10) ditto Arnolis Fernando of ditto, (11) ditto Willie Fernando of Pria Railway Station, F. M. S., or any other person or persons interested—shall, on or before February 5, 1914, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

December 22, 1913.

T. B. RUSSELL,
District Judge.

In the District Court of Galle.

Order Absolute.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Last Will and Testa-
Jurisdiction. ment of Ratgamage Leinochamy,
No. 4,351.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before C. R. Cumberland, Esq., District Judge, Galle, on December 12, 1913, in the presence of Mr. S. S. Weerasuriya, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Denetti Carolis Silva; and the affidavits of the petitioner and of L. D. Edirisingha, K. and others, dated December 4, 1913, having been read:

It is ordered that the will of Ratgamage Leinochamy, deceased, dated November 20, 1913, be and the same is hereby declared proved.

It is further declared that the said Denetti Carolis Silva is the executor named in the said will, and that he is as such entitled to have probate of the same issued to him accordingly.

December 12, 1913.

C. R. CUMBERLAND,
District Judge.

In the District Court of Matara.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Estate of the deceased
Jurisdiction. Abigel Margaret do Zilwa of Fort Matara.
No. 2,061.

THIS action coming on for disposal before J. C. W. Rock, Esq., District Judge, Matara, on December 11, 1913, in the presence of Mr. E. Buultjens on the part of Jane Agnes

de Zilwa of Fort, Matara, the applicant; and the affidavit of the said petitioner having been read:

It is ordered that letters of administration to the estate of the said deceased be issued to the said Jane Agnes de Zilva, the applicant, unless the respondents—Mrs. Jane Margaret Trimane, Harriet de Zilva, Mary de Zilva, all of Fort, Matara, and Charles James Norton de Zilva of Maradana—shall, on or before January 27, 1914, show sufficient cause to the contrary to the satisfaction of this court.

December 11, 1913.

J. C. W. ROCK,
District Judge.

In the District Court of Tangalla.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Estate of the late
Jurisdiction. Vidanege Geeris Appu, deceased, of
No. 572. Beliatta.
Class 1.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before F. D. Peiris, Esq., District Judge, Tangalla, on December 11, 1913, in the presence of Mr. V. S. Wikramanayaka, Proctor, on the part of the petitioners; and the affidavit of the petitioners dated December 5, 1913, having been read:

It is ordered that letters of administration of the estate of Vidanege Geeris Appu late of Beliatta, deceased, be issued to Kuda Vidanege Maris Appu and Vidanege Simon Appu, the 2nd and 6th petitioners, unless any person or persons interested shall, on or before January 6, 1914, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

It is further declared that the said Kuda Vidanege Maris Appu, the 2nd petitioner, be and he is hereby appointed next friend over the minors Kuda Vidanege Arlina Hamy and ditto Lucy Hamy, the 3rd and 4th petitioners.

December 11, 1913.

F. D. PEIRIS,
District Judge.

The date of showing cause against the *Order Nisi* is extended to January 29, 1914.

January 6, 1914.

F. D. PEIRIS,
District Judge.

In the District Court of Tangalla.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Estate of the late
Jurisdiction. Gammacharige Garuhamy, deceased, of
No. 574. Getamanna.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before F. D. Peiris, Esq., District Judge, Tangalla, on December 30, 1913, in the presence of Katuwana Gammacharige Malhamy of Getamanna, the petitioner; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated December 19, 1913, having been read:

It is ordered that letters of administration to the estate of the deceased Gammacharige Garuhamy of Getamanna be issued to his widow, the petitioner aforesaid, unless the respondents—(1) Gammacharige Sauhamy, wife of (2) Nihiluwe Badalge Simanhmy, (3) Gammacharige Misihamy, wife of (4) Batigama Badalge Simanhmy, (5) Gammacharige Udenishamy, (6) ditto Tediashamy, all of Getamanna—shall, on or before January 29, 1914, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

It is further declared that the said 2nd respondent Nihiluwe Badalge Simanhmy be appointed guardian *ad litem* over the 5th and 6th respondents, who are minors, for the purposes of this case, unless the respondents shall, on or before January 29, 1914, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

December 30, 1913.

F. D. PEIRIS,
District Judge.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Estate of the late
Jurisdiction. Ariakutty Thuriappa of Uduvil, in Jaffna,
No. 2,774. lately of Madras, deceased.

Thangamma Thuriappa, widow of Ariakutty
Thuriappa of Uduvil..... Petitioner.

Vs.

(1) Rasamma Thuriappa of Uduvil, (2) Chellamma Thuriappa of ditto, (3) Samuel Dwight of ditto, the 1st and 2nd respondents, minors, by their guardian *ad litem* the 3rd respondent..... Respondents.

THIS matter of the petition of Thangamma Thuriappa, widow of Ariakutty Thuriappa of Uduvil, praying for letters of administration to the estate of the above-named deceased Ariakutty Thuriappa, coming on for disposal before M. S. Pinto, Esq., District Judge, on December 12, 1913, in the presence of Mr. V. Kathiravelu Pillai, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner; and the affidavit of the said petitioner, dated November 25, 1913, having been read: It is ordered that the petitioner be and she is hereby declared entitled, as the lawful widow of the said deceased, to administer the estate of the said deceased, and that letters of administration do issue to her accordingly, unless the respondents above named or any other person shall, on or before January 27, 1914, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

January 5, 1914.

M. S. PINTO,
District Judge.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Estate of the late
Jurisdiction. Theivanai, wife of Arumugam Aruna-
No. 2,785. salam of Kaitady, deceased.

Senathirayar Chellappah of Kaitady..... Petitioner.

Vs.

(1) Sithemparam, wife of Chellappah of Kaitady, (2) Sangarapillai Ramalingam of ditto and wife (3) Vallipillai of ditto, (4) Arumugam Vyramuttu and wife (5) Kantavanam of ditto, (6) Arumugam Sangarapillai and wife (7) Tangamuttu of ditto, and (8) Arumugam Arunasalam of ditto..... Respondents.

THIS matter of the petition of Senathirayar Chellappah of Kaitady, praying for letters of administration to the estate of the above-named deceased Theivanai, wife of Arumugam Arunasalam, coming on for disposal before M. S. Pinto, Esq., District Judge, on December 10, 1913, in the presence of Messrs. Tambiah, S. Cooke, and P. S. J. Chrysostom, Proctors, on the part of the petitioner; and affidavit of the petitioner dated December 8, 1913, having been read: It is declared that the petitioner is the next of kin of the said intestate and is entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the said intestate issued to him, unless the respondents or any other person shall, on or before January 22, 1914, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

December 10, 1913.

M. S. PINTO,
District Judge.

In the District Court of Chilaw.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Estate of the late
Jurisdiction. Wickremesinghemudalige Herath Hamy,
No. 1,020. Gamarala, deceased, of Narawila.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before Walter Hugh Bertram Carbery, Esq., District Judge of Chilaw, on December 12, 1913, in the presence of Mr. C. V. M.

Panditsekere, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Edirisinghe mudalige Dingiri Menik Hamy of Narawila; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated October 23, 1913, having been read: It is ordered that the said petitioner be and she is hereby appointed administratrix of the estate of the said deceased, and letters of administration do issue to her, unless the respondents (1) Wickramesinghe mudalige Mangonona Hamy and her husband, (2) Seetawakesarange Josappu Hamy, (3) Wickramesinghe Mudalige Baba Hamy, and her husband, (4) Wijetunge Mudalige Punchi Sinno Appuhamy, all of Narawila, or any other person or persons interested shall, on or before January 22, 1914, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

December 12, 1913.

W. H. B. CARBERY,
District Judge.

In the District Court of Chilaw.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Estate of the late Jurisdiction. Wickremesinghe Mudalige Appuhamy, No. 1,022. deceased, of Narawila.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before Walter Hugh Bertram Carbery, Esq., District Judge of Chilaw, on December 12, 1913, in the presence of Mr. C. V. M. Panditsekere, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Edirisinghe mudalige Dingiri Menik Hamy of Narawila; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated October 28, 1913, having been read: It is ordered that the said petitioner be and she is hereby appointed administratrix of the estate of the said deceased, and that letters of administration do issue to her, unless the respondents (1) Wickremesinghe mudalige Mango Nona, (2) Seetawaka Sarange Josappu Hamy, (3) Wickremesinghe mudalige Baba Hamy, and her husband (4) Wijetungemudalige Punchi Sinno Appuhamy,

all of Narawila, or any other person or persons interested shall, on or before January 22, 1914, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

December 12, 1913.

W. H. B. CARBERY,
District Judge.

In the District Court of Ratnapura.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Estate of the late Jurisdiction. Jayasundera Mudiyanseye Appuhamy, No. 631. Vedarala of Elapatha, deceased.

Jayasundera Mudiyanseye Mudiyanseye of Elapatha Plaintiff.

And

(1) Jayasundera Mudiyanseye Ratranahamy, (2) ditto Jothihamy, (3) ditto Ranmenike, all of Elapatha Respondents.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before Allan Beven, Esq., District Judge, Ratnapura, in the presence of Mr. A. Wijetilaka, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner on September 30, 1913; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated September 30, 1913, having been read:

It is ordered that the petitioner be and he is hereby declared entitled, as the eldest son of the deceased above named, to have letters of administration issued to him to administer the estate of the said deceased, and that letters of administration do issue to him accordingly, unless the respondents above named or any other person or persons interested shall, on or before January 31, 1914, show sufficient cause to the contrary to the satisfaction of this court.

January 3, 1914.

A. P. BOONE,
District Judge.

NOTICES OF INSOLVENCY.

In the District Court of Galle.

No. 407. In the matter of the insolvency of Peter Francis Mendis Abeysekera of Galle.

WHEREAS T. Owinis de Silva of Ratgama has filed a declaration of insolvency, and a petition for the sequestration of the estate of P. F. Mendis Abeysekera, under the Ordinance No. 7 of 1853: Notice is hereby given that the said court has adjudged the said P. F. Mendis Abeysekera insolvent accordingly, and that two public sittings of the

court, to wit, on February 12, 1914, and on February 26 1914, will take place for the said insolvent to surrender and conform to, agreeably to the provisions of the said Ordinance, and for the taking of the other steps set forth in the said Ordinance, of which creditors are hereby required to take notice.

By order of court,
V. R. MULDRECH,
Secretary.

January 8, 1914.

NOTICES OF FISCALS' SALES.

Western Province.

In the Court of Requests of Colombo.

Kuna Nema Mohideen Mastan of Symond's road, Maradana Plaintiff.

No. 33,199. Vs.

O. L. Mohamed of Dean's road, Maradana Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Thursday, February 12, 1914, at 3.30 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendant in the following property for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 300, with legal interest thereon from May 27, 1913, till payment in full, and costs taxed at Rs. 5.50, with poundage, viz.:—

All that part of a garden, with the buildings standing thereon, bearing assessment No. 20, situated at Maradana, now called Dean's road, Maradana, within the Municipality

of Colombo; bounded on the north by Dean's road, on the east by the other part of this garden, on the south by the garden of Sinnatchy Candoo, and on the west by the other part of this property of Sayboo Dooray; containing in extent 4 8/100 square perches more or less.

Fiscal's Office,
Colombo, January 12, 1914.

W. DE LIVERA,
Deputy Fiscal.

In the District Court of Colombo.

K. Sathasivam of Kynsey road, in Colombo Plaintiff.

No. 35,819. Vs.

(1) A. L. M. Abdul Lathief and (2) A. L. M. Abdul Cader, both of Main street, in the Pettah of Colombo Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Thursday, February 12, 1914, at 4.30 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the

said first defendant in the following property for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 715.25, with interest thereon at 9 per cent. per annum from February 12, 1913, till payment in full, and costs (not taxed as yet), with poundage, viz. :—

All that allotment of land called Kotte Lebbe Tuotam, situated at Maligawatta in Dematagoda, within the Municipality and District of Colombo, together with all the buildings and erections thereon, bearing assessment No. 75, Dematagoda aforesaid; and bounded on the north by the garden of Kadera Marikar Bastamiar of Umma Natchiya, now Haniffa Umma, garden of Pichea Natchiya, now of Assena Marikar, and garden of Assena Lobbe, on the east by cinnamon garden, south by the garden of Galkissa Appuhami, now belonging to the estate of Andris de Silva, and on the west by the owita, now gardens of Aniffa Umma, Ibrahim Lebbe, Abdul Rahiman Aru Lebbe Marikar, and Bey Mohideen Bawa Bey; containing in extent 6 acres 2 roods and 1 49/100 perch more or less.

Fiscal's Office,
Colombo, January 12, 1914.

W. DE LIVERA,
Deputy Fiscal.

In the District Court of Colombo.

(1) Reinhart Freudenberg, (2) Winifred Freudenberg, (3) Seigmund Freudenberg, carrying on business under the name, style, and firm of Freudenberg & Company..... Plaintiffs.

No. 36,186. Vs.

A.P. Karunaratne of Horekelly estate, Marawila. Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Saturday, February 14, 1914, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the under-mentioned first premises the leasehold interest of the said defendant in the following property for the recovery of the balance sum of Rs. 3,455.66, with further interest thereon at 9 per cent. per annum from September 17, 1913, till payment in full, and costs (not taxed) and poundage, viz. :—

All the estate, right, title, interest, possession, claim, and demand whatsoever of the defendant of and in the following properties :—

(1) All that allotment of land called Godaparagahalanda *alias* watta, with the plantations standing thereon, and the adjoining field called Godaparagahakumbura, situated in the village Heyantuduwa, in the Adikari pattu of Siyane korale; bounded on the north by the properties of Gabadage Aralis Perera and Gabadage Nonohamy, on the east by Unagahalanda *alias* watta, on the south by the property of William de Abrew, devised to Edmund de Abrew, and on the west by the fields belonging to Munasinghe Thomis Perera and Kuruppu Aratchige Thisera Gurunanse; containing in extent 18 acres 3 roods and 21 perches.

(2) All that allotment of land called Godaparagahawatta, with the plantations standing thereon, situated in the village Heyantuduwa aforesaid; and bounded on the north by the other portion of the said land called Godaparagahalanda *alias* watta, formerly belonging to Digoorage Charles Perera and Digoorage Carolis Perera, subsequently of William de Abrew, now devised to Edmund de Abrew, on the east by the paddy fields of Dinniage Weloon Appoo and others and by the garden of Maldeniya Tnepanis Appoo, on the south by the paddy field of the said Digoorage Charles Perera, and on the west by the paddy fields of Thoobina Appuhamy and others, by Koratottegewatta of Louis Appunamy, and by paddy fields of Joseph Perera; containing in extent 25 acres and 3 roods.

(3) All that allotment of land called Talgahakumbura, with the plantations and trees standing thereon, situated in the village Heyantuduwa aforesaid; and bounded on the north by the field of William Abrew, on the east by the land of Wijeratne Mudiyansele Don Deonis, on the south by the field of Imiyage Samuel Appu, and on the west by the land of William Abrew; containing about 4 bushels of paddy sowing extent.

(4) All that allotment of land called Millagahawatta, with the plantations and trees standing thereon, situated in the village Heyantuduwa aforesaid; and bounded on the north and east by limit of the garden of D. Simon Perera, Police Vidane, deceased, and on the south and west by wela; containing in extent about 6 bushels of paddy sowing.

(5) All that allotment of land called Nugagahakumbura, with the plantations and trees standing thereon, situated in the village Heyantuduwa aforesaid; and bounded on the north and west by land and field of Dr. W. P. Rodrigo, on the east by the land of Wijeratne Mudiyansele Don Deonis Appuhamy and others, and on the south by the field of Maldeniya Suwaris Appu; containing in extent 2 acres 1 rood and 28 perches, for the residue unexpired of the term of eight years from July 1, 1919, granted and created by the indenture of lease No. 435 of July 17, 1909, attested by C. F. Wijesinghe, Notary Public.

Fiscal's Office,
Colombo, January 12, 1914.

W. DE LIVERA,
Deputy Fiscal.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Richard A. Perera, Proctor, Negombo..... Plaintiff.
No. C 36,464. Vs.

Thomas James de Silva of Wall street, in Kotahena,
Colombo..... Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Tuesday, February 10, 1914, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendant in the following property, for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 369.50, being taxed costs, with poundage and Fiscal's charges, viz. :—

An undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ part of Delgahawatta and of the plantations and of the buildings standing thereon, situated at Keragepokuna, in Mabile, in the Ragam pattu of Alutkuru korale. The said entire land is bounded on the north by dewata path, on the east by the high road leading to and from Negombo, on the south by the land belonging to Bulathsinghalage Agalis Cooray and the lands belonging to others, and on the west by the field; containing in extent 8 acres more or less.

Fiscal's Office,
Colombo, January 12, 1914.

W. DE LIVERA,
Deputy Fiscal.

In the District Court of Colombo.

A. L. M. S. V. R. Vellamy Pulle of Sea street, in
Colombo..... Plaintiff.
No. 36,927. Vs.

Mohamado Miskine of Lunupokuna..... Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Monday, February 16, 1914, at 3.30 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the following property ordered to be sold by the order of court dated September 10, 1913, for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 1,663.12, with interest on Rs. 1,500 at 9 per cent. per annum from August 8, 1913, till payment in full, and costs of suit, viz. :—

An allotment of land called Uplands, situate at Tanque Salgado, in Ward No. 5, within the Municipality and in the District of Colombo, Western Province; bounded on the north by the land described in plan No. 170,292, on the east and south by Crown land called Upland, and on the west by land reserved for a road; containing in extent 2 64/100 square perches.

Fiscal's Office,
Colombo, January 12, 1914.

W. DE LIVERA,
Deputy Fiscal.

In the District Court of Negombo.

Alawaturage Andris Perera of Hapitigama..... Plaintiff.
No. 9,078. Vs.

Medagodage Marsal Perera of Udugampola..... Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on February 7, 1914, commencing at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendant in the following property, viz. :—

Three contiguous portions of land called Godaparagahawatta and the new tiled and cadjan-thatched house standing thereon, situate at Udugampola, in Dasiya pattu of Alutkuru korale; and bounded on the north by lands belonging to Medagodage Juanis Fernando, Paiyagala Kankanamalage Marthino Fernando and others, east by the ditch and live fence of the land belonging to Alawaturage Manuel Perera

and ditto Jane Perera, south by lands belonging to Kanda-baduge Siman Perera and others, and on the west by land belonging to Kandabaduge Nona and by lands belonging to Vithanage Poloris Perera and others; containing in extent about 3 acres.

Amount to be levied Rs. 1,225.82, with interest on Rs. 970.12 at 9 per cent. per annum from May 27, 1913, till payment.

Deputy Fiscal's Office, FRED. G. HEPPONSTALL,
Negombo, January 12, 1914. Deputy Fiscal.

Central Province.

In the Court of Requests of Gampola.

S. K. Karpenan Pulle of Gampola.....Plaintiff.
No. 1,063. Vs.

(1) H. P. B. Dawalagala, (2) R. W. Ranasinghe,
both of Gampola Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Tuesday, February 10, 1914, commencing at 12 noon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, interest of the said defendants in the following property, viz. :-

(1) The land called Madaoluwehena of 15 lahas in extent, and of everything thereon, situate at Kerinda, in Ganga-pahala korale of Udapalata; and bounded on the east, south, and west by the land of Panabokke Sabapathy and on the north by Heenihulaha.

(2) An undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share of the land called Ranketiya-hena (now tea garden) of about 6 amunams of paddy sowing extent, situate as aforesaid, and of everything thereon; and bounded on the east and west by demada, south by the field, and on the north by lands belonging to Kirinde Walawwa.

Amount of writ Rs. 325.25, interest and poundage.

Fiscal's Office, A. V. WOUTERSZ,
Kandy, January 12, 1914. Deputy Fiscal.

In the District Court of Kandy.

P. E. M. K. Sahu Hamidoo of Aluvihare, in
Matale Plaintiff.
No. 21,535. Vs.

(1) P. M. Mohammado and I. Mohammado Mohi-
deen, both of Trincomalee street, in Matale. Defendants.

And

N. E. Cader Samu Lebbe of Matale..... Added Party.

NOTICE is hereby given that on February 6, 1914, and on the following days at 12 o'clock noon, will be sold by public auction at the spot the right, title, and interest of the added party in the following property, viz. :-

(1) The house and premises bearing assessment No. 255, previous No. 274, of about 4 perches in extent, situate at Trincomalee street, in the town of Matale, in Kohonsiya pattu of Matale South; and bounded on the east by the land belonging to Pitchy Umma and Tanga Umma, south by the wall of the house and the land belonging to Kumaroo, west by the road to Trincomalee, and on the north by the wall of the house and the land belonging to Krishna Moorthi with the tiled house and everything thereon.

(2) The house and premises bearing assessment No. 149, previous No. 164, of 4.48 perches in extent, situate in Bazar street, Gongawala alias in Trincomalee street of the Matale town, in Kohonsiya pattu of Matale South; and bounded on the east by the fence of Seena Peena Omaru Kandu's land, south by the land belonging to M. T. Sinna Marikkar, west by the road leading to Trincomalee, and on the north by the land of Mohamadu with the tiled house and everything standing thereon.

(3) The houses and premises bearing assessment Nos. 18, 19, and 20, situate at Higgolla in Trincomalee street of the Matale town, in Kohonsiya pattu of Matale South of about 2 nellies kurakkan sowing in extent; and bounded on the east by Brahammana-ela, south by the wall of house No. 17 belonging to Mr. Endo Wijeyasingha, west by the road to

Trincomalee, and on the north by the wall of house No. 21 and the land belonging to Thana Mahamadu Cassim, together with the tiled houses and everything standing thereon.

(4) An undivided half share of Aluviharewatta alias Marikkaragawatta of about 12 soers kurakkan sowing in extent, situate at Aluvihare in Gampahasiya pattu of Matale South; and bounded on the east by the high road to Trincomalee, south by the fence of Muttusamy's garden, west by the fence of Juan Appu's garden, and on the north by the fence of Kohana Walawwa Banda's garden, with the tiled houses and everything standing thereon.

(5) An undivided half share out of the eastern half share of the garden called Muttettuweyayewatta and of the tiled houses and everything standing thereon; containing in extent 8 $\frac{12}{100}$ perches more or less, situate at Aluvihare, in Gampahasiya pattu of Matale South; and bounded on the east by Trincomalee road, south by the limit of the garden of Sema Lebbe (now the land belonging to mosque), west by the remaining portion of Muttettuweyayewatta (now the property of Meeyanna Mohamadu Neina Marikkar), and north by road leading to Beeridewala.

(6) The garden called Betmeeyayewatta alias Sema Lebwegawatta of about 2 acres in extent, situate at Aluvihare as aforesaid; and bounded on the east by Trincomalee road, south by the property of Pena Ena Mohamadu Ismail, west by the tea estate, and on the north by the limit of Muttettuweyayewatta, excluding therefrom the portion reserved to the mosque along the Trincomalee road of 50 feet in breadth.

Amount of writ, Rs. 882.29.

Deputy Fiscal's Office, W. T. SOUTHORN,
Matale, January 10, 1914. Deputy Fiscal.

Southern Province.

In the Additional Court of Requests of Galle.

V. K. V. M. Letchiman Chetty of Galle.....Plaintiff.
No. 7,704. Vs.

Kalupahana Liyanage Mendis Dias of Mahamodera
and another Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Saturday, February 14, 1914, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the spot the right, title, and interest of the said defendants in the following property, at the risk of the original purchaser, viz. :-

All that $\frac{1}{2}$ of lots Nos. 15, 16, and 17 of the land called Kaluwellewatta alias Warawatta, situate at Kaluwella alias Kumbalwella, and the 11 cubits whitewashed and tiled house bearing Municipal assessment No. 47, and the buildings adjoining thereto, containing in extent about 20 perches, and bounded on the north by the high road to Colombo, south-east by lot No. 14, south-west by seashore, north-west by lot No. 18.

Writ amount Rs. 326.62, with interest on Rs. 298.12 at 9 per cent. per annum from May 14, 1913, till payment in full, less Rs. 134.15 recovered.

Fiscal's Office, J. A. LOURENSZ,
Galle, January 10, 1914. Deputy Fiscal.

Eastern Province.

In the District Court of Batticaloa.

Kanthaperumal Kadramatampy of Kallady Up-
podai Plaintiff.
No. 3,720. Vs.

Satturukapody Vanniah Sinnatampy, Vanniah of
Naypaddimunai Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Saturday, February 7, 1914, commencing at 9 o'clock in the morning, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and

interest of the said defendant in the following properties, viz. :—

At 9 A.M.

1. The land lot No. 75,959 called Vavalodaikadde, appearing in plan No. 188,769, situated at Nindoor in Nindoor pattu, in the District of Batticaloa, Eastern Province; and bounded on the north by land described in plan No. 173,137 and Seashore road, east by Seashore road, south by land described in plan No. 162,248, and west by land described in plan No. 179,405; in extent 8 acres 3 roods and 19 perches, with coconut trees and all other plantations and produce.

At about 11 A.M.

2. The land lot No. 6,976 described in survey plan No. 173,137, situated at Nindoor in Nindoor pattu; and bounded on the north by Vavalodai, east by Vavalodai and Crown land, south by Crown land called Vavalodaicadde, and west by lands described in plans Nos. 118,251, 173,138, in extent 3 acres 3 roods and 38 perches.

Amount to be levied Rs. 906.07.

Fiscal's Office, T. SINNATAMBY,
Batticaloa, January 3, 1914. Deputy Fiscal.

North-Western Province.

In the District Court of Chilaw.

Mohideen Ibrahim Saibo of Wennappuwa Plaintiff.
No. 4,669. Vs.

Ana Kana Saul Hamidu of Chilaw and others. Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Saturday, February 14, 1914, commencing at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said plaintiff, in the following property, viz. :—

(1) The land called Diulgahawatta of about 1 acre in extent, with the plantations standing thereon, situated at Ulhitiyawa, in Kammal pattu, Pitigal Korale South in the District of Chilaw.

(2) An undivided 45 coconut trees plantable soil and the plantations appertaining thereto, from and out of the western side of the land called Madangahawatta of about 1 acre in extent, situate at Ulhitiyawa, in Wennappuwa, aforesaid.

(3) Thirty coconut trees plantable soil at the distance of 25 feet from each other towards the north-eastern side, together with the plantations appertaining thereto from and out of the land called Kajugahawatta of about 42 coconut trees plantable extent, situated at Wennappuwa aforesaid.

(4) The land called Padinchiwatta *alias* Ambagahawatta of about 1½ acres in extent, with the plantations and all other buildings standing thereon, situate at Dummaladeniya aforesaid.

(5) An undivided ½ share of the southern side of the portion of land called Madangahawatukebella of about 20 coconut trees plantable soil, situated at Dummaladeniya aforesaid.

(6) The eastern ½ share of the land called Kosgahawatta of about 5 seers kurakkan sowing soil, and of the plantations thereon, situated at Dummaladeniya aforesaid.

(7) An undivided 9 coconut trees plantable soil and the 9 coconut trees standing on the land called Talgahawatta of about 5 acres in extent, situated at Dummaladeniya aforesaid.

(8) The land called Madangahawatta of about 1 acre and 2 roods in extent, with the plantations standing thereon, situated at Dummaladeniya aforesaid.

(9) An undivided 70 coconut trees plantable soil, and of the plantations standing thereon from and out of the land called Bogahawatta of about 1 acre 1 rood and 14/73 perches in extent, situated at Dummaladeniya aforesaid.

(10) An undivided ½ share of the land called Madangahawatta of about 120 coconut trees plantable soil, and of the plantations standing thereon, situated at Dummaladeniya aforesaid.

(11) An undivided 5/6 shares of the land called Madangahawatta of about 2 acres in extent and of the plantations standing thereon, situated at Nainamadama aforesaid.

(12) The land called Galmoragahahena of about 1 acre and 18 perches in extent, with the plantations standing thereon, situated at Nainamadama aforesaid.

On Tuesday, February 17, 1914, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the premises.

(13) The land called Bulugahawatta of about 5 acres and 1 rood in extent, with the plantations standing thereon, situated at Kottaramulla in Medapalata, Pitigal Korale Central, in the District of Chilaw.

Amount to be levied Rs. 3,746.49, and poundage.

Deputy Fiscal's Office, A. V. HERAT,
Chilaw, January 12, 1914. Deputy Fiscal.

In the District Court of Chilaw.

Mohammado Nagur Kani of Wennappuwa Plaintiff.
No. 4,670. Vs.

Ana Kana Saul Hamido of Chilaw and others. Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Monday, February 16, 1914, commencing at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said plaintiff, in the following property, viz. :—

(1) The land called Diulgahawatta of about 1 acre in extent, with the plantations standing thereon, situated at Ulhitiyawa, in Kammal pattu, Pitigal Korale South, in the District of Chilaw.

(2) An undivided 45 coconut trees plantable soil and the plantations appertaining thereto from and out of the western side of the land called Madangahawatta of about 1 acre in extent, situated at Ulhitiyawa, in Wennappuwa aforesaid.

(3) Thirty coconut trees plantable soil at the distance of 25 feet from each other towards the north-eastern side together, with the plantations appertaining thereto from and out of the land called Kajugahawatta of about 42 coconut trees plantable extent, situated at Wennappuwa aforesaid.

(4) The land called Padinchiwatta *alias* Ambagahawatta of about 1½ acre in extent, with the plantations and all other buildings standing thereon, situate at Dummaladeniya aforesaid.

(5) An undivided ½ share of the southern side of the portion of land called Madangahawatukebella of about 20 coconut trees plantable soil, situated at Dummaladeniya aforesaid.

(6) The eastern ½ share of the land called Kosgahawatta of about 5 seers kurakkan sowing soil, and of the plantations standing thereon, situated at Dummaladeniya aforesaid.

(7) An undivided 9 coconut trees plantable soil and the 9 coconut trees standing on the land called Talgahawatta of about 5 acres in extent, situated at Dummaladeniya aforesaid.

(8) The land called Madangahawatta of about 1 acre and 2 roods in extent, with the plantations standing thereon, situated at Dummaladeniya aforesaid.

(9) An undivided 70 coconut trees plantable soil and of the plantations standing thereon from and out of the land called Bogahawatta of about 1 acre 1 rood and 14/73 perches in extent, situated at Dummaladeniya aforesaid.

(10) An undivided ½ share of the land called Madangahawatta of about 120 coconut trees plantable soil and of the plantations standing thereon, situated at Dummaladeniya aforesaid.

(11) An undivided 5/6 shares of the land called Madangahawatta of about 2 acres in extent, and of the plantations standing thereon, situate at Nainamadama aforesaid.

(12) The land called Galmoragahahena of about 1 acre and 18 perches in extent, with the plantations standing thereon, situated at Nainamadama aforesaid.

On Wednesday, February 18, 1914, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the premises.

(13) The land called Bulugahawatta of about 5 acres and 1 rood in extent, with the plantations standing thereon, situated at Kottaramulla, in Medapalata, Pitigal Korale Central, in the District of Chilaw.

Amount to be levied Rs. 846.75, and poundage.

Deputy Fiscal's Office, A. V. HERAT,
Chilaw, January 12, 1914. Deputy Fiscal.

Province of Uva.

In the District Court of Colombo.

R. E. S. de Soysa of Colombo Plaintiff.
No. 33,795. Vs.
Baddeliyanegge Don Marthelis, Police Officer of
Bandarawatta, in Beruwala Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Monday, February 9, 1914, at 12 o'clock noon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendant in the following property, for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 2,687-50, with interest on Rs. 2,500 at 9 per cent. per annum from January 12, 1912, to February 23, 1912, and thereafter further interest on the aggregate amount at 9 per cent. per annum till payment in full and costs of suit, viz. :—

All that defined eastern half part of the land called Ellapittawatta with all the buildings standing thereon, situated at Bandarawela in Kebillewela in Udukinda Mahapelata; which said defined half part is bounded on the north by the live fence, on the east by the high road, south by the ditch of the garden of Meera Tamby, and on the west by the other half part of this land, containing in extent ground sufficient to sow one seer of kurakkan.

Fiscal's Office, M. EDIRIWEERA,
Badulla, January 9, 1914. Deputy Fiscal.

Province of Sabaragamuwa.

In the District Court of Kalutara.

Mahawattege James Mendis of Moratuwa Substituted Plaintiff.
No. 5,402. Vs.

Richand Peiris, Muhandiram of Gorakapola in
Panadura, presently of Ratnapura Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on February 7, 1914, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, will be sold by public auction at the Richmond Hotel, the following property specially mortgaged and decreed to be sold by the decree entered in the above case for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 4,026-77, with further interest on Rs. 3,500 at 2½ per cent. per annum from August 5, 1913, till October 31, 1913, and thereafter at 9 per cent. per annum on the aggregate till payment in full.

1. The right, title, and interest of the deed of lease No. 3,116, dated August 7, 1912, attested by D. H. Sura-weera, Notary, namely :—An undivided ½ part of Pelawatta and trees thereon together with the building thereon, called Richmond Hotel, which is 45 feet in length and 74 feet in breadth, covered with Bangalore tiles, during the unexpired term of the said lease together with the benefit of the said lease money already paid in terms of the said lease, situate in the town of Ratnapura, in the Uda pattu of Kuruwiti korale, in the District of Ratnapura of the Province of Sabaragamuwa; and bounded on the north by the road and property of Mr. Gavin de Silva, east also by the property of Mr. Gavin de Silva, south by Kaluganga, and west by the defined portion of the same land and containing in extent 6 seers of kurakkan, mortgaged with the plaintiff, Gampolage Arnolis Fonseka of Panadura, by deed No. 4,215, dated January 15, 1913, and attested by D. J. A. Wickramasinghe, Notary Public.

(1) 1 four-wheeled waggonette bearing No. 179, of the Ratnapura Local Board, and now bearing No. 163.

(2) 1 Indian horse.

(3) 1 billiard table, full sized, and bearing name John W. Roberts, and the balls, cues, and other things appertaining thereto.

(4) 1 dozen forks.

(5) 1 dozen spoons.

(6) 1 teaspoon.

(7) 1 pair of large knives.

(8) 2 German silver cruet stands.

(9) 1 writing table (jak).

(10) 3 spoons for salt.

(11) 2 flower vases (used on table).

(12) 2 hanging lamps.

(13) 7 coir matting.

(14) 14 dinner plates.

(15) 9 soup plates.

(16) 9 half plates.

(17) 3 cups and 1 saucer.

(18) 2 glass jugs.

(19) 1 plate jug.

(20) 4 small plates.

(21) 3 covering dishes.

(22) 2 finger glasses.

(23) 2 large dishes.

(24) 2 flat dishes.

(25) 2 large dishes.

(26) 1 mirror.

(27) 4 jakwood tables.

(28) 2 jugs.

(29) 1 whatnot (jak).

(30) 1 small square table (jak).

(31) 4 napkins.

(32) 4 table cloths.

(33) 3 whisky glasses.

(34) 2 tumblers.

(35) 1 teak tub.

(36) 1 commode.

(37) 3 easy chairs (jak).

(38) 13 ladies' chairs (jak).

(39) 1 almirah (jak).

(40) 1 small bed with tent (jak).

(41) 1 enamel tub.

(42) 1 teak easy chair (without cloth).

(43) 2 pieces of table.

(44) 1 whatnot.

(45) 2 beds of 3½ feet (jak).

(46) 1 chilly grinder.

(47) 1 cupboard.

(48) 4 pieces of table (jak).

(49) 1 vessel used for ginger.

(50) 1 hat stand (teak).

(51) 3 camp beds.

(52) 1 curtain.

(53) 1 coconut scraper.

(54) 2 buckets.

(55) 1 brass measure.

(56) 6 brackets with brass hooks.

(57) 4 sheets.

(58) 6 carpets.

(59) 5 brackets.

(60) 3 dusters.

(61) 1 large saucepan.

(62) 1 kettle.

(63) 2 frying pans.

(64) 1 corkscrew.

(65) 1 bread toast.

(66) 2 pairs of basins.

(67) 2 glass bottles.

(68) 6 flower vases.

(69) 6 egg cups.

(70) 1 butter jar.

(71) 1 teapoy.

(72) 2 chamber pots.

(73) 2 glass jars.

(74) 2 toilet tables with glass.

(75) 1 glass paned almirah.

(76) 6 rubber milk dishes.

(77) 1 kitchen knife.

(78) 6 small pieces of table.

(79) 1 clock.

(80) 4 beds of 3 feet long.

(81) 1 hat stand.

(82) 1 ebony easy chair.

(83) 1 table lamp.

(84) 4 mangowood packing cases.

(85) 1 door carpet.

Property pointed out.

(1) 3 jakwood glass paned almirahs.

(2) 2 jakwood bar tables.

(3) 1 jakwood side board.

(4) 1 jakwood whatnot to keep glass.

(5) 1 set of harness.

(6) 2 carriage lamps.

N.B.—The mortgaged property have also been seized under D. C., Kalutara, Mandate of sequestration No. 5,550, and some of the mortgaged property have been seized under D. C., Ratnapura, Mandate of sequestration No. 2,242, and C. R., Ratnapura and Avisawella writs Nos. 13,016 and 3,090 respectively.

Fiscal's Office,
Ratnapura, January 12, 1914.

R. E. D. ABEYRATNA,
Deputy Fiscal.

DISTRICT AND MINOR COURTS NOTICES.**List of Cases under Official Administration pending on December 31, 1913.**

No. of Case.	Date of Institution.	Date of Appointment of Secretary.	Whose Estate.	Value. Rs.	Remarks.
2785 ..	July 20, 1910..	Feb. 4, 1913..	A. Meera Tamby	2,400 ..	Estate property in dispute. The date of filing account has been extended to February 5, 1914.
2950 ..	Aug. 23, 1912..	July 24, 1913..	P. M. D. Isabela Hamine	5,050 ..	One small debt of Rs. 65 to be paid, the date for filing account is fixed for January 29, 1914. No property sold.
2967 ..	Nov. 13, 1912..	Dec. 10, 1913..	B. M. A. Punchi Nona	3,970 ..	Case is standing over for January 25 to enable heirs to raise money, pay debt, and meet expenses. No property sold.

District Court,
Kandy, January 8, 1914.

P. E. PIERIS,
Acting District Judge.

Return of Testamentary Cases under Official Administration in the District Court of Mannar for the Half-Year ended December 31, 1913.

Nil.

District Court,
Mannar, January 6, 1914.

C. H. JONES,
District Judge.

Return of Uncertified Insolvents in the District Court of Mannar for the Half-Year ended December 31, 1913.

Nil.

District Court,
Mannar, January 6, 1914.

C. H. JONES,
District Judge.

List of Uncertificated Insolvents in the District Court of Trincomalee for the Half-Year ended December 31, 1913.

Nil.

District Court,
Trincomalee, January 9, 1914.

G. F. FORREST,
District Judge.

Return of Testamentary Cases under Official Administration for the Half-Year ended December 31, 1913.

Nil.

District Court,
Trincomalee, January 9, 1914.

G. F. FORREST,
District Judge.

List of All Moneys Received and Paid on account of Estate under Official Administration in the District Court of Trincomalee for the Half-Year ended December 31, 1913.

Nil.

District Court,
Trincomalee, January 9, 1914.

G. F. FORREST,
District Judge.
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Return of Uncertificated Insolvents in the District Court, Chilaw, for the Year 1913.

Nil.

District Court,
Chilaw, January 12, 1914.W. H. B. CARBERY,
District Judge.

List of Testamentary Cases under Official Administration in the Chilaw District Court for 1913.

No. of Case.	Date of Institution.	Name of Petitioner.	Whose Estate.	Value of Estate. Rs.	Whether case is pending or closed.
D. C., Chilaw, No. 993 ..	June 5, 1913 ..	B. Maria Fernando .. of Kachirawa	Estate of P. Menik .. Etena of Kachirawa	1,800 ..	Pending

District Court,
Chilaw, January 12, 1914.W. H. B. CARBERY,
District Judge.