

Ceylon Government Gazette

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SUPPLEMENTS.

Police Weekly Circular No. 985.

✓ PROCLAMATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR.

IN the Name of Her Majesty VICTORIA, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Queen, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir ARTHUR ELIBANK HAVELOCK, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

A. E. HAVELOCK.

WHEREAS certain residents of Mátara, in the Southern Province, exceeding thirty in number, have, in manner provided by section 2 of Ordinance No. 3 of 1861, intituled "An Ordinance to authorise the formation of Volunteer Corps in this Colony, and to provide for the good order and discipline thereof," by petition addressed to the Governor expressed their willingness to form themselves into a Corps, and to submit to the provisions of the said Ordinance, and to such rules and regulations as shall be made in pursuance of the said Ordinance and subsequent Ordinances amending the Ordinance No. 3 of 1861 aforesaid, and prayed the Governor to accept their services as Volunteers and to permit their enrolment:

Now therefore know Ye that We, the said Governor, do hereby grant the prayer of the petition aforesaid, and signify Our assent to the formation of such a Corps.

Given at Galle, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Eighth day of July, in the year of our Lord One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-two.

By His Excellency's command,
J. A. SWETTENHAM,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

APPOINTMENTS. &c.. BY THE GOVERNOR.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to issue the following Commissions to the under-mentioned Officers of the Ceylon Corps of Volunteers :—

- (1) Lieutenant WALTER RICHARD WALLER to be Captain, to complete Establishment.
- (2) Lieutenant HAWTREY THWAITES to be Captain, vice Captain and Honorary Major G. L. GWATKIN, resigned, dated 21st March, 1892.
- (3) Lieutenant JOHN PENRY LEWIS to be Captain, vice Captain R. D. ORMSBY, resigned, dated 25th April, 1892.

By His Excellency's command,
J. A. SWETTENHAM,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, July 7, 1892.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to issue the following Commissions under the Ordinance No. 3 of 1861, viz. :—

Mr. EVAN MABERLY DURAND BYRDE to be Second Lieutenant and Mr. PHILIP FRANCIS SOLOMONS to be Surgeon-Lieutenant in the Ceylon Corps of Volunteers.

By His Excellency's command,
J. A. SWETTENHAM,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, July 7, 1892.

HEADS of Departments are authorised to accept the signature of Mr. GERARD A. JOSEPH on behalf of the Director of the Colombo Museum until further notice.

By His Excellency's command,
J. A. SWETTENHAM,
Colonial Secretary's Office, Acting Col. Secretary,
Colombo, July 8, 1892.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint the under-mentioned persons to be Assessors for the town of Hatton for 1893, under the provisions of the 5th section of Ordinance No. 7 of 1866 :—

LOUIS DAUNDASEKARA.
C. PONNAMPALAM.
D. DON SIMON DE SILVA.

The notice of the 2nd ultimo, which appeared in the *Gazette* of the 3rd idem, is hereby withdrawn.

By His Excellency's command,
J. A. SWETTENHAM,
Acting Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, July 6, 1892.

WITH reference to the *Gazette* notice dated the 23rd May, 1892, it is hereby notified that the acting appointment of Mr. KUMARAVELU VALLIPURAM, as Registrar of Mannár Island, is cancelled.

By His Excellency the Governor's command,
J. A. SWETTENHAM,
Colonial Secretary's Office, Acting Col. Secretary.
Colombo, July 5, 1892.

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATIONS.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to direct that the following notification issued under resolution of the Government of Bombay, No. 2,119, dated 24th June, 1892, regarding the enforcement of Quarantine Rules at Aden, Perim, and the Somali Coast, against arrivals from Jibuti, be published for general information.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, July 5, 1892.

J. A. SWETTENHAM,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Notification.—General Department.

No. 2,119.—IN exercise of the power conferred by Act I. of 1870, the following rules for quarantine against cholera have been made by the Government of Bombay, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council: they have effect from the 20th instant in the Ports of Aden, Perim, and the Somali Coast as a temporary measure :—

- I.—The Commander of every vessel, including buggalows or other native craft, arriving from Jibuti shall, before entering the harbour, indicate by signal the port from which such vessel has come.
- II.—Such Commander shall not, except as hereinafter provided, allow any communication, either with the pilot boat, except orally, or with the shore, or with any other vessel or boat in the harbour.
- III.—Immediately on arrival the Commander shall cause the letter R of the Commercial Signal Code to be hoisted, and shall keep the said flag flying during his stay in port or until authorised by the Health Officer to haul it down. If communication with the shore is not desired, the vessel shall anchor at such place as may be pointed out by the Port authorities, having regard to the season of the year. If communication with the shore is desired, the Health Officer shall go alongside the vessel, and, after all necessary inquiries, shall direct the Commander to take the vessel to the quarantine anchorage, duly appointed and notified in that behalf by the Resident, there to remain for a period of seven days from the date of arrival, or for the shorter period prescribed in rule IV, and undergo disinfection, which should apply as well to crew, passengers, effects, and susceptible goods.

IV.—If the Health Officer of the Port has sufficient evidence that no cases of a suspicious nature have taken place on board during the voyage, and if the vessel is besides in good hygienic condition, the duration of the quarantine will be diminished according to the following scale :—

After eight days of voyage	...	...	six days of quarantine.
Do. nine do.	...	...	five do.
Do. ten do.	...	...	four do.
Do. eleven do.	...	...	three do.
Do. twelve do.	...	...	two do.
Do. thirteen do.	and upwards	...	twenty-four hours of quarantine.

V.—If during the period a vessel is at the quarantine anchorage aforesaid any case or cases of cholera should occur on board, the said vessel shall remain in quarantine for a period of seven days from the date of the last case occurring, and be subject to all the prohibitions provided for in rule III.

VI.—When any vessel has been placed in quarantine as aforesaid, the Health Officer may direct the removal of so many of the passengers and crew as may not be suffering from illness, and whose services may not be required on board the vessel, to such particular spots as may from time to time be selected by the Resident as places of quarantine, there to remain for a period of seven days. If a case of cholera occurs among such passengers and crew during any such period, they shall remain in a place of quarantine for a period of fifteen days from the date of the occurrence of the last case of such illness.

VII.—Any mails or cargo which may be brought by any vessel so arriving shall be landed under such precautions as the Health Officer may deem necessary to prevent the spread of the disease.

VIII.—It will be the duty of the Port Officer to facilitate the conveyance to all vessels in quarantine of such supplies of provisions, stores, and other articles as may be required by those on board. Such supplies will be placed on the boats of the vessels in quarantine to be subsequently removed by members of their crews.

IX.—All vessels arriving at Aden, Perim, and the Somali Coast which may have communicated with vessels coming from Jibuti shall be subjected to the same quarantine as vessels arriving at Aden, Perim, and the Somali Coast from Jibuti.

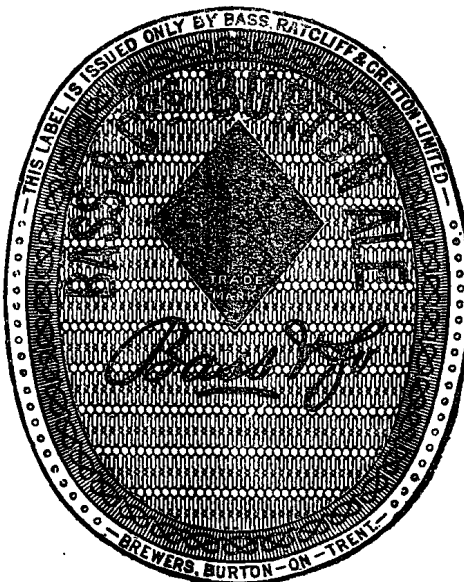
X.—All vessels which have undergone quarantine in the manner above prescribed should have the fact clearly stated on their Bills of Health.

By order of His Excellency the Right Hon. the Governor in Council,

T. D. MACKENZIE,
Chief Secretary to Government.

Bombay Castle, June 24, 1892.

IN compliance with the provisions of the "Trade Marks Ordinances, 1888 and 1890," and the regulations made on March 28, 1889, notice is hereby given that Messrs. JULIUS & CREASY have applied for the registration of the following Trade Mark in the name of Bass, Ratcliff, and Gretton, Limited, for Beer in class 43 in the Classification of Goods in the above-mentioned regulations :—

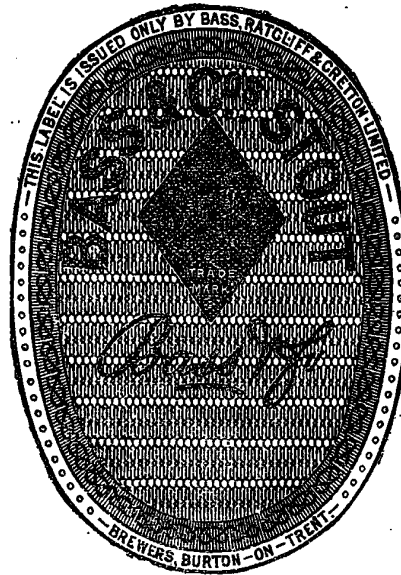


NOTE.—The essential particulars of the Trade Mark are the following : (1) The entire distinctive label ; (2) the distinctive device of a diamond ; and (3) the copy of the written signature "Bass & Co." The applicants disclaim any right to the exclusive use of the added matter except in so far as it consists of their name and address.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, July 2, 1892.

J. A. SWETTENHAM,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

IN compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinances, 1888 and 1890," and the regulations made on March 28, 1889, notice is hereby given that Messrs. JULIUS & CREASY have applied for the registration of the following Trade Mark in the name of Bass, Ratcliff, and Gretton, Limited, for Beer in class 43 in the Classification of Goods in the above-mentioned regulations :—



NOTE.—The essential particulars of the Trade Mark are the following : (1) The entire distinctive label ; (2) the distinctive device of a diamond ; and (3) the copy of the written signature "Bass & Co." The applicants disclaim any right to the exclusive use of the added matter except in so far as it consists of their name and address.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, July 2, 1892.

J. A. SWETTENHAM,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

IN compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinances, 1888 and 1890," and the regulations made on March 28, 1889, notice is hereby given that Messrs. JULIUS & CREASY have applied for the registration of the following Trade Mark in the name of Bass, Ratcliff, and Gretton, Limited, for Beer in class 43 in the Classification of Goods in the above-mentioned regulations :—



NOTE.—The essential particulars of the Trade Mark are the following : (1) The entire distinctive label ; (2) the distinctive device of a triangle ; and (3) the copy of the written signature "Bass & Co." The applicants disclaim any right to the exclusive use of the added matter except in so far as it consists of their name and address.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, July 2, 1892.

J. A. SWETTENHAM,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

THE following regulations under section 15 of the Cattle Disease Ordinance, 1891, have been approved by the Governor in Executive Council, and are published for general information.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, June 30, 1892.

By His Excellency's command,
J. A. SWETTENHAM,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Regulations relating to Cattle Disease.

1. (a) It shall be the duty of all persons in charge of cattle which may die of disease in an infected area to burn or bury, or cause to be buried, within six hours after death, the carcasses of the cattle so dying in a grave at least six feet deep from the surface, and such carcasses shall be covered with quicklime, when procurable, before the grave is filled in.

(b) Every person who within an infected area finds the carcass of any cattle lying dead and unburied shall report the same to the nearest Headman or Police Officer, who shall cause such carcass to be forthwith buried in manner aforesaid.

(c) The possessor or occupier of land within an infected area shall cause the fresh dung of all diseased cattle being upon such land, together with the litter (if any), to be burned, tar, when available, being sprinkled over them before the burning.

(d) It shall not be lawful for any person to preserve the hides, horns, hoofs, or other parts of the carcass of any cattle dying within an infected area without a permit in writing from the Government Agent of the Province or of the Assistant Government Agent of the district in which such area is situated, or from some person duly authorised by the Government Agent or Assistant Government Agent aforesaid to issue, such permit. Every such permit shall contain the conditions under which such hides, horns, and hoofs may be preserved.

2. It shall be the duty of every person who buries or assists to bury the carcass of any cattle within an infected area, or is employed in tending diseased or suspected cattle, either within or without an infected area, before he approaches healthy cattle, to thoroughly bathe his body, and cause his clothes to be boiled in water containing a wineglass full of "kregaline," or "phenol," or "Jeyes' disinfectant," or some similar preparation, or to be otherwise disinfected.

3. No person shall expose diseased or suspected cattle in any market, gála, garden, or other public or private place.

4. No person shall carry or cause to be carried along any line of railway, canal, or river, or in any truck, vessel, or boat, or otherwise, any diseased or suspected cattle, or the dung of such cattle.

5. No person shall carry, drive, or lead, or cause to be carried, driven, or led along any thoroughfare road, or highway, any diseased or suspected cattle.

6. (a) It shall not be lawful for any person to keep any diseased or suspected cattle in any chena or unenclosed land or field, or in any land or field immediately adjoining a thoroughfare or highway, without a permit from the Government Agent of the Province or the Assistant Government Agent of the District in which such person resides, or from some person duly authorised by the Government Agent or Assistant Government Agent aforesaid to issue such permit.

(b) It shall not be lawful for any person in charge of diseased or suspected cattle to allow such cattle to drink at any running stream or at any pond or reservoir.

7. It shall be lawful for the Government Agent within his Province, the Assistant Government Agent within his district, any officer appointed under the Ordinance, the Police Magistrate within his division, the President of the Village Tribunal within the limits of his jurisdiction, and any Headman or Police Officer, to seize diseased or suspected cattle being carried, kept, or otherwise dealt with in contravention of the Ordinance or of any regulations made thereunder: and the Government Agent of the Province or Assistant Government Agent of the district in which such cattle are seized may order such cattle to be forthwith destroyed and their carcasses burned or buried as he may direct; or he may direct such cattle to be detained and segregated in any place to be appointed by him; and the owner of such cattle shall be liable to pay to the Government Agent such expenses as may be incurred in the seizure, detention, destruction, or disposal of such cattle. Provided, however, that for every head of black cattle destroyed under this regulation the Government Agent or Assistant Government Agent shall pay to the owner the value thereof as estimated by him not exceeding Rs. 30, and for every buffalo or head of Mysore or Coast cattle destroyed under this regulation the Government Agent or Assistant Government Agent shall pay to the owner the value thereof as estimated by him not exceeding Rs. 60.

8. (a) Applications for permits under any of the foregoing regulations or under the Ordinance must be made to the Government Agent of the Province or Assistant Government Agent of the district in which the applicant resides, in writing, and signed by the applicant, and must set out clearly the number, age, sex, and brandmarks (if any) of the cattle to be included in the permit, the object for which such permit is required, and the line of road (if any) along which such cattle are to be moved or transported, and must contain an undertaking by the applicant to pay for the cost of disinfecting any cart, wagon, boat, vessel, truck, or other conveyance used for the transport of such cattle.

(b) Permits when issued must be retained in the custody of the applicant, who shall produce the same to the Government Agent of the Province or the Assistant Government Agent of the district, the Police Magistrate of the division, or the President of the Village Tribunal within whose jurisdiction the applicant resides, or to any officer appointed by the Government Agent or Assistant Government Agent for the purpose of issuing permits, or to any village headman within the limits of his local jurisdiction whenever called upon so to do.

9. Cattle detained under the authority of the provisions of the Ordinance or of the regulations framed thereunder shall be supplied with food and water by their owners or by the persons in charge of such cattle at the time of seizure. The officer appointed under the provisions of the Ordinance to enforce the detention of cattle shall, if the owners or persons in charge of the cattle neglected or decline to supply food and water in sufficient quantities, provide such cattle with such food and water as he may consider necessary, and the cost of food and water so provided shall be borne by the owner of such cattle, who shall pay the same to the officer before such cattle are released from detention; and if such cost be not paid within three days after demand made for the same, the officer may sell such cattle, or so many of them as may be necessary to cover the cost aforesaid and the detention of the cattle up to the day of sale.

10. The Government Agent or Assistant Government Agent may, subject to the approval of the Governor, appoint officers from time to time to carry out the provisions of the Ordinance and of regulations framed thereunder, and shall pay them such remuneration for their services as the Governor may be pleased to appoint.

11. (a) All regulations and general and special orders made under the Ordinance shall be published in the *Government Gazette* in the English, Sinhalese, and Tamil languages.

(b) Service or delivery of a notice or other document required by the provisions of the Ordinance, or of regulations made thereunder to be served or delivered, shall be served or delivered personally on the person to be affected by such notice or documents, or by posting the same to such person by registered letter.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to direct that the following Notices to Mariners be published for general information.

By His Excellency's command,
J. A. SWETTENHAM,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, July 5, 1892.

BENGAL.—No. 95.

Bay of Bengal—Burma Coast.—South Patch Buoy adrift.

The Port Officer, Chittagong, has given notice that South Patch buoy has got adrift.

EATON W. PETLEY,
Port Officer of Calcutta.
Calcutta, June 6, 1892.

BENGAL.—No. 96.

Japan—Seto Uchi or Island Sea—Bingo Nada.—Rock Southward of Tomo.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 191 of 1892) that a rock, which dries 3 ft. at low-water, has been found by the Japanese steam vessel *Kinsen Maru* lying about $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile in a S.S.W. direction from Tomo, on the northern shore of Bingo Nada, or in approximately lat. $34^{\circ} 21' 50''$ N., long. $133^{\circ} 22' 5''$ E. It is stated also that this rock is well known to the fishermen of the locality.

Variation 5° westerly in 1892.

EATON W. PETLEY,
Port Officer of Calcutta.
Calcutta, June 6, 1892.

BENGAL.—No. 97.

New Zealand.—Foveaux Strait—Awarua Harbour Approach.—Shoal North-east of Dog Island.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 194 of 1892) of the existence of a rocky shoal, with 17 ft. on it at low water spring tides, lying in the approach to Awarua or Bluff harbour from the south-eastward, with Dog Island lighthouse bearing about S.W. $\frac{1}{2}$ S., distant $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile.

Approximate position: lat. $46^{\circ} 39'$ S., long. $168^{\circ} 27\frac{1}{2}'$ E. Further notice as to the exact position of this rock will be given in due course.

Variation 16° easterly in 1892.

EATON W. PETLEY,
Port Officer of Calcutta.
Calcutta, June 6, 1892.

BENGAL.—No. 98.

Eastern Archipelago—Surabaya Strait.—East Gat Inner Gas Buoy—Alteration in character.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 197 of 1892) that on April 1, 1892, the light shown from the Inner Gas buoy (marking the northern edge of the tongue) of the East Gat, Surabaya Strait, would be altered to an occulting white light, visible five seconds and eclipsed five seconds.

EATON W. PETLEY,
Port Officer of Calcutta.
Calcutta, June 6, 1892.

BENGAL No. 99.

Australia—South Coast—Port Phillip.—Regarding the Buoyage of that Port.

The British Admiralty publishes (No. 198 of 1892) the following information relating to Port Phillip received from the Government of Victoria, dated March 11, 1892:—

1. Nicholson knoll, on the southern side of the South channel and north-east of the Quarantine station, has been removed by dredging, and the two buoys (black and white chequered) previously marking it have been withdrawn.

2. A 26-ft. patch has grown up north-east of the former position of Nicholson knoll, which is marked by a conical buoy, painted black and white in horizontal stripes, and lying with Portsea Pier head bearing S. $\frac{1}{2}$ W., distant $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile, and Observatory Point flagstaff W. by S. $\frac{1}{2}$ S.

3. A narrow ship channel, with a depth of 20 ft. at low water, the northern edge of which is marked by beacons, has been dredged between Geelong outer and inner harbours.

Variation 8° easterly in 1892.

EATON W. PETLEY,
Port Officer of Calcutta.
Calcutta, June 6, 1892.

BENGAL.—No. 100.

Bay of Bengal—Chittagong Coast—South Patch Buoy recovered.

With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 95, dated 6th instant, issued by this office, the Port Officer, Chittagong, has given further notice that South Patch buoy has been recovered, and will be replaced on the first opportunity.

EATON W. PETLEY,
Port Officer of Calcutta.
Calcutta, June 13, 1892.

BENGAL.—No. 101.

Bay of Bengal—Chittagong Coast.—A Fifth Class Buoy laid.

The Port Officer, Chittagong, has given notice that a fifth class buoy (red) has been laid in 9 ft. reduced off Leaning Tree, Track No. 3, to mark the extension of the sand.

EATON W. PETLEY,
Port Officer of Calcutta.
Calcutta, June 13, 1892.

BENGAL.—No. 102.

Australia—South.—St. Vincent Gulf.—Port Noarlunga Moorings removed.

The Secretary, Marine Board, Port Adelaide, has given notice that all moorings have been removed from Port Noarlunga (formerly Port Onkaparinga).

EATON W. PETLEY,
Port Officer of Calcutta.
Calcutta, June 13, 1892.

BENGAL.—No. 103.

China—East Coast.—Hongkong Harbour—Eastern Approach.—Shoal Northward of Quarry Point, &c.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 209 of 1892) of the existence of a shoal lying northward of Quarry point, in the fairway of approach to Hongkong harbour from the eastward. This shoal, extending $2\frac{1}{2}$ cables in a N. by W. and S. by E. direction, with a breadth of three-quarters of a cable, has 5 fathoms on it at low water of lowest spring tides, over sand and shells, with 6 to 8 fathoms around. Its northern end lies with Quarry point bearing S. by E., distant 5 cables, and Quarry S.W. by W.

Also, that the depths of water are found to be generally reduced between Lyemun Pass and Kaulung Peninsula.

Variation 1° easterly in 1892.

EATON W. PETLEY,
Port Officer of Calcutta.
Calcutta, June 13, 1892.

BENGAL.—No. 104.

Australia—Keppel Bay—Additional Red Sector from Sea Hill Light.

The Port Master, Brisbane, has given notice (No. 4 of 1892) that on and after June 15 next a beam of red light will be shown from the Sea Hill light between the bearings of S. 6° W. and S. 25° W.

If the entrance leading lights on Balaklava Island at any time are obscured, a vessel entering from the north should keep on the western edge of the red sector until the Cape Capricorn lights are in line bearing S. 70° E., or, if from the south, should run down that lead until on the western edge of the above-mentioned red sector, from which point she should steer S. by W. $\frac{1}{2}$ W. through the white light. When the Capricorn light is obscured by the high land of Cape Keppel, a vessel will be clear of the Timandra bank, and may either anchor or proceed as considered advisable.

EATON W. PETLEY,
Port Officer of Calcutta.
Calcutta, June 13, 1892.

✓
DRAFT ORDINANCES.

MINUTE.

The following Draft of a proposed Ordinance is published for general information :—

An Ordinance to make provision for the imposition of a Sanitary Rate in certain Localities.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make provision for the levying of a sanitary rate in certain localities: Be it therefore enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :—

Short title and commencement of Ordinance.

1 This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as "The Small Towns Sanitary Ordinance, 189 " and shall come into operation on such day as the Governor may, by Proclamation in the *Government Gazette*, appoint.

Governor may bring any town or village by proclamation under the operation of this Ordinance.

2 It shall be lawful for the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, by Proclamation to be for that purpose published in the *Government Gazette*, to bring any town or village under the operation of this Ordinance, and to define the limits of such town or village for the purposes of this Ordinance, and such Proclamation to amend, alter, or revoke as and whenever the Governor shall, with the like advice, determine.

Moneys levied under this Ordinance to form a fund and to be vested in the provincial board of health.

3 All moneys levied in any town or village for the purposes and under the authority of this Ordinance shall form a fund, and the members of the board of health of the province in which any such town or village is situated shall be the trustees of such fund, and shall apply the same to the sanitation and conservancy of such town or village and to the maintenance of the public health therein, and the payment of all expenses incurred in levying such fund and in and about the carrying out of the provisions of this Ordinance.

Annual accounts to be prepared and submitted to Government and an abstract published in the *Government Gazette*.

4 In the month of January in every year a true account of all moneys received and paid by virtue of this Ordinance during the preceding year ending the 31st day of December, and a statement of the sums levied and expended under this Ordinance, shall be made in writing by such board of health, and a copy or duplicate of such account and statement shall be forwarded to the colonial secretary to be laid before the Governor in Executive Council; and an abstract thereof shall be published in the *Government Gazette* for general information before the 1st of March following.

Government agent may assess rates on property.

5 It shall be lawful for the board of health of any province, and it is hereby authorised, subject to the provisions hereinafter contained, once a year, if it shall think necessary, to make and assess, with the sanction of the Governor and Executive Council, any rate or rates on the annual value of all houses and buildings of every description, and all lands and tenements whatsoever within any town or village brought under the operation of this Ordinance, and situated within the province for which such board of health is constituted. Such rate or rates to endure for any period not exceeding twelve months.

Such rate not to exceed 4 per cent. per annum.

Provided that such rate shall not exceed the sum of four per centum per annum on such annual value. Provided, also, that all buildings appropriated to religious or educational purposes or in charge of military sentries shall be exempted from the payment of such rates. Provided also that it shall be lawful for such board of health to exempt from payment, on the ground of poverty, the owner of any house, land, or building, rateable under this Ordinance.

Value of property for police assessment to be adopted in any town in which a police force is established.

Valuation of property to be made in manner provided in Ordinances No. 16 of 1865 and No. 7 of 1866, in any town in which no police force is established.

Assessment rate under this Ordinance to be paid and recovered in the same manner as police assessment tax.

Government agent to be ex-officio chairman and treasurer.

When ex-officio chairman absent members to appoint their own chairman.

Powers of board to be vested in the majority.

Quorum.

Chairman to have a casting vote.

Erection of new huts to be under the control of the board.

6 (1) In any town or village in which a police force shall be established, the valuation of lands, houses, and tenements which shall have been made, and shall hereafter from time to time be made for the purposes of police assessment tax under the Ordinances No. 16 of 1865 and No. 7 of 1866, shall be taken as the valuation for the purposes of assessment under this Ordinance.

(2) In any town or village in which a police force is not established, the valuation of houses, buildings, lands, and tenements in which such assessment rate shall be levied shall be made in manner provided in the Ordinances No. 16 of 1865 and No. 7 of 1866, for the purpose of creating a fund for the maintenance of a police force in any town.

7 The assessment rate imposed under this Ordinance shall be paid and recovered in the same manner and at such times as the police tax is directed to be paid and recovered under the Ordinances No. 16 of 1865, No. 7 of 1866, and No. 6 of 1873, and shall be subject in all respects to the provisions of the said last mentioned Ordinances relating to the payment and recovery of such police tax. The government agent shall collect and recover the assessment rate payable under this Ordinance, and shall pay such rate over to the board of health of the province.

8 For the purposes of this Ordinance the government agent of the province shall be ex-officio chairman and treasurer of the board of health of his province, and shall, when present, preside at any meeting thereof. In his absence any person appointed in writing by the government agent shall preside at the meeting as ex-officio chairman. If the ex-officio chairman is absent at any meeting, the members present shall appoint their own chairman to preside at such meeting.

9 All acts whatsoever authorised or required by virtue of this Ordinance to be done by any board of health of the province may and shall be decided upon and done by the majority of members present at any duly convened meeting thereof, such members being not less than three in number when such board consists of more than four members, and not less than two in number when such board consists of less than four members: Provided that when the votes of the members present in regard to any question shall be equally divided, the chairman shall, besides his vote as a member, have a casting vote.

10 It shall not be lawful for any person to erect any range or block of huts, or sheds, or buildings, whether to be used as dwellings, or stables, or for any other purposes, on any plot or parcel of ground not previously built upon, or on which no buildings are standing, or to add any hut, shed, or building to any range or block of huts, sheds, or buildings already existing when this Ordinance comes into operation, without previous notice to the board; and the board of health of the province may require such huts, sheds, or buildings to be built so that they may stand in regular lines with a free passage or way in front of each line of such width as the board may think proper for salutary ventilation and for facilitating scavenging, and at such a level as will admit of sufficient drainage, and may require such huts, sheds, or buildings to be provided with latrine or latrines, which must be maintained in proper order. And if any such huts, sheds, or buildings be built without giving such notice to the board, or otherwise than as required by the board, the board may give notice to the builder or builders thereof to take down and remove the same within one month; and if such huts or buildings be not taken down or removed according to such notice, the board may cause the same to be taken down and removed, and the expenses incurred in doing so shall be paid by the said builder or builders, and shall be recoverable from him or them.

Power of the board as to existing huts.

11 Whenever the board of health of the province is satisfied that any huts, sheds, or buildings, whether used as dwellings, or stables, or for any other purposes, and whether existing at the time when this Ordinance comes into operation or subsequently erected, are by reason of the manner in which they are crowded together, or of the want of drainage and the impracticability of scavenging attended with risk of disease to the inhabitants or the neighbourhood, it shall cause a notice to be affixed to some conspicuous part of such huts, sheds, or buildings requiring the owners or occupiers thereof, or at its option, the owner of the land on which such huts, sheds, or buildings are constructed, within such reasonable time as may be fixed by the board for that purpose, to execute such operations as the board may deem necessary for the avoidance of such risk. And in case such owners or occupiers shall refuse or neglect to execute such operations within the time appointed, any person appointed by the board in that behalf may cause the said huts, sheds, or buildings to be taken down, or such operations to be performed in respect thereof as the board may deem necessary to prevent such risk. If such huts, sheds, or buildings be pulled down, the said person shall cause the materials of each hut, shed, or building to be sold separately, if such sale can be effected, and the proceeds shall be paid to the owner of the hut, shed, or building, or if the owner be unknown, or the title disputed, shall be held in deposit by the board until the person interested therein shall obtain the order of a competent court for the payment of the same.

Proviso.

Provided always that in case any huts, sheds, or buildings existing at the time when this Ordinance comes into operation should be pulled down under this section by order of the board, or in pursuance of its notice, compensation shall further be made to the owner thereof.

Houses in a ruinous and dangerous state.

12 If in any street any house, building, or wall, or any thing affixed thereon, be deemed by the board of health of the province to be in a ruinous state, or likely to fall, or in any way dangerous to the inhabitants of such house or building or to the neighbouring houses or buildings, or to the occupiers thereof, or to passengers, it shall immediately, if it appears to be necessary, cause a proper board or fence to be put up for the protection of passengers, and shall cause notice in writing to be given to the owner or occupier forthwith to take down, secure, or repair such house, building, wall, or thing affixed thereon, as the case shall require; and if such owner or occupier do not begin to repair, take down, or secure the same within three days after such notice and complete such work with due diligence, the board shall cause all or so much of such house, building, wall, or thing as it shall think necessary to be taken down, repaired, or otherwise secured; and all the expenses incurred by the board shall be paid by the owner or occupier of the premises, and shall be recoverable from such owner or occupier.

Sale of materials of ruinous houses.

13 If any such house, building, or wall, or any part of the same be pulled down by virtue of the powers aforesaid, the board of health of the province may sell the materials thereof, or so much of the same as shall be taken down, and apply the proceeds of such sale in payment of the expenses incurred, and shall, on demand, restore any overplus arising from such sale to the owner of such house, building, or wall.

Proviso.

Provided always that in case no demand for such overplus as aforesaid shall within twelve months be made by any person entitled to call for the same, the board shall be at liberty to pay the amount of such overplus to the credit of the fund created by section 3 of the Ordinance, and shall be freed from any liability to pay or answer for or in respect of such unclaimed overplus. The board, although it sells such materials for the purposes aforesaid, shall have a right to recover so much of the said expenses as may remain due after the application of the proceeds of such sale.

Overcrowding of houses.

14 Whenever it shall appear to the board of health of the Province that any house is so overcrowded as to be dangerous or prejudicial to the health of the inhabitants thereof or of the neighbourhood, and the inhabitants shall consist of more than one family, the board shall cause proceedings to be taken before the police court to abate such overcrowding, and the said court shall thereupon make such order as it may think fit, and each of the persons permitting such overcrowding shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten rupees for each day after the date of such order during which such overcrowding shall continue.

Power of board to inspect and limewash houses.

15 It shall be lawful for the board of health of the province at any time between sunrise and sunset by any person appointed by the same (on giving six hours' notice) to enter into and inspect all houses and buildings, and by an order in writing to direct all or any part thereof to be forthwith internally and externally limewashed or otherwise cleaned for sanitary reasons; and if the owner or occupier of such house or building neglect to comply with such direction within two days from the time when the order shall have been served upon him, the board may cause the same to be done, and the expenses incurred shall be paid by the owner or occupier, and shall be recoverable from the owner or occupier.

Penalty for making unauthorised drains into public sewers.

16 Whoever, without the written consent of the board of health of the province thus obtained, makes or causes to be made any drain into any of the public sewers or drains, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty rupees, and the board may cause such drain to be demolished, altered, remade, or otherwise dealt with as it may think fit; and all the expense incurred thereby shall be paid by the person making such drain, and shall be recoverable from such person.

Building over sewers, &c., not to be erected without consent of board.

17 No building shall be newly erected over any public sewer, drain, culvert, gutter, or water-course without the written consent of the board of health of the province; and if any building be so erected, the board may cause the same to be pulled down or otherwise dealt with as it may think fit; and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the person offending, and be recoverable from such person.

Board may order or cause additional latrines to be constructed.

18 In case the board of health of the province shall be of opinion that any latrine or latrines or additional latrine or latrines shall be necessary to be attached to or provided for any house, or building, or land, the owner of such house, or building, or land shall, within fourteen days after notice in this behalf by the board, cause such latrine or latrines to be constructed in accordance with the requisition of such notice; and in case the requisitions of such notice shall not have been complied with to the satisfaction of the board by such owner within the period aforesaid, the board shall be at liberty to cause such latrine or latrines to be constructed; and the expense incurred in such construction shall be payable by such owner, and shall be recoverable from such owner.

Board may cause persons employing large numbers of men to provide and maintain latrine or latrines, &c.

19 It shall be lawful for the board of health of the province to compel any person employing large bodies of workmen or labourers to provide and maintain such latrine or latrines as may to it seem fit, and to cause the same to be kept in proper order and to be daily cleaned. And should such person neglect to provide and maintain such latrine or latrines, or to keep the same clean and in proper order, the board may construct and cause such latrine or latrines to be kept in good order and cleaned; and the expense incurred by the board in respect thereof shall be paid by the person aforesaid, and shall be recoverable from such person.

Neglect to enclose private latrine.

20 The owner or occupier of any house, or building, or land having a latrine on his premises, shall have such latrine shut out by a sufficient roof and wall or fence from the view of persons passing by or residing in the neighbourhood, and

it shall not be lawful for any owner or occupier to keep any latrine open with a door or trap-door opening on to any street. Every owner or occupier who shall omit to comply with, or shall commit any breach of, any of the provisions of this section, shall be liable to a fine of five rupees a day for each day of default or breach: Provided that the board may in its discretion permit the continuance for such time as it may think fit of any such latrine open with a door or trap-door opening on to any street, where such latrine already exists and does not create a nuisance.

If owners neglect to keep drains, &c., in good order, board may cause the same to be done and charge the owner with the expenses.

21 All drains, latrines, and cesspools within the town or village shall be under the survey and the control of the board of health of the province, and shall be altered, repaired, and kept in proper order at the cost and charges of the owners of the land and buildings to which the same belong, or for the use of which they are constructed or continued; and if the owner of any land or buildings to which any such drain, latrine, or cesspool belongs neglect, during eight days after notice in writing for that purpose, to alter, repair, and put the same in good order in the manner required by the board, the board may cause such drain, or latrine, or cesspool to be altered, repaired, and put in good order in the manner required; and the expense incurred by the board in respect thereof shall be paid by the owner, and shall be recoverable from him.

Penalty for making or altering drains, &c., contrary to the orders of the board.

22 If any such drain, or latrine, or cesspool be constructed after this Ordinance comes into operation, contrary to the direction and regulations of the board of health of the province, or contrary to the provisions of this Ordinance, or if any person, without the consent of the board, construct any new drain, or latrine, or cesspool, or construct, rebuild, or unstop any drain, or latrine, or cesspool, which has been ordered by the board to be demolished or stopped up, or not to be made, every person so doing shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees; and the board may cause such amendment or alteration to be made in any such drain, or latrine, or cesspool as it may think fit, and the expenses thereof shall be paid by the person by whom such drain, or latrine, or cesspool was improperly constructed, rebuilt, or unstopped, and shall be recoverable from him.

Inspection of drains and latrines.

23 The board of health of the province or any person appointed by it for that purpose may, subject to the restrictions of this Ordinance, inspect any such drain, or latrine, or cesspool, and for that purpose at any time may enter upon any lands and buildings with such assistants and workmen as are necessary, and cause the ground to be opened, where such board or person may think fit, doing as little damage as may be; and if upon such inspection it appears that the drain, or latrine, or cesspool is not in good order and condition, or that it has been constructed after this Ordinance comes into operation contrary to the provisions thereof, the expenses of such inspection shall be paid by the person to whom such drain, or latrine, or cesspool may belong, and shall be recoverable from such person; if such drain or latrine, or cesspool be found to be in proper order and condition, and not to have been constructed in violation of the provisions of this Ordinance, the board or person as aforesaid shall cause the ground to be closed and made good, as soon as may be, and the expenses of the opening, closing, and making good such drain, or latrine, or cesspool shall in that case be defrayed by the board.

Power to fill up unwholesome tanks on private premises.

24 When any private tank or low marshy ground or any waste or stagnant water, being within any private land, appears to the board of health of the province to be injurious to health or to be offensive to the neighbourhood, the board shall, by notice in writing, require the owner of the said premises to cleanse or fill up such tank or marshy ground, or to drain off or remove such stagnant water; and if the said owner shall refuse or neglect to comply with such requisition during seven days from the service thereof, the board or any

person appointed by it and its workmen may enter into the said premises and do all necessary acts for all or any of the purposes aforesaid, and the expense incurred thereby shall be paid by the owner of such premises, and shall be recoverable from him.

Place of deposit for filth.

25 The board of health of the province from time to time shall provide places convenient for the deposit of the night soil, dung, and other filth, and for dust, dirt, ashes, and rubbish.

Proviso.

Provided that no such dust, dirt, ashes, rubbish, night soil, dung, and other filth shall be deposited in the neighbourhood of populous localities, nor within the limits of the town or village.

All rubbish, &c., collected to be the property of board.

26 All dirt, dust, ashes, rubbish, sewage, soil, dung, and filth collected from streets, houses, latrines, sewers, and cesspools shall be the property of the board of health of the province, and the board shall have power to sell or dispose of the same as it may think proper; and the money arising from the sale thereof shall be paid to the credit of the fund created by section 3 of this Ordinance.

By His Excellency's command,

J. A. SWETTENHAM, Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, July 5, 1892.

REVENUE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Monday, July 11, 1892, at 2 P.M., will be put up for resale at the Colombo Kachcheri, at the risk of the original purchasers, any of the under-mentioned Toll Rents of the Western Province from August 1 to December 31, 1892, the original purchasers of which may have failed on or before that date to pay the instalment for the month of June, 1892.

The purchasers at the resale should deposit one-tenth of the purchase amount on the day of sale.

Bridges.—Dandugama, Andiambalam, Kotugoda, Sitawaka, Toppu.

Canals.—Negombo, Kalutara, and Kittanpahuwa.

Ferries.—Hanwella, Digala, Kitulgahawatta, Munamalwatta, Henamulla, Pugoda, Siduwa, Angurustota, Kepu-ela, Mutuwadiya, and Kaymal.

Roads.—Ja-ela to Henaratgoda, Pasyala to Hanwella, Colombo to Avisawella, Mirihana to Mattegoda, Kelaniya to Henaratgoda, Hanwella to Nambapana, Negombo to Dunagaha, Minuwangoda to Kotadeniya, Selathandiya to Alutapala, Veyangoda to Attanagalla, Kotadeniya to Mirigama, Negombo to Giriulla between the 16th and 18th mileposts, Colombo to Kesbewa, Kotte to Kaduwela, Panadure to Nambapana, Colombo to Galle between 29th and 30th mileposts, Colombo to Galle between 14th and 16th mileposts, Negombo to Giriulla between 4th and 6th mileposts, Colombo to Kandy between 10th and 12th mileposts.

The Kachcheri, Colombo, July 1, 1892.

A. R. DAWSON, Government Agent.

විෂි 1892 ක්වූ අගොස්තු මස 1 වෙනි දින පටන් දෙසැම්බර් මස 31 වෙනි දින දක්වා මෙහි පහත සඳහන් වෙත බස්තාහිර දිසාවේ පාලම් රේඛා පලවූ ගැනුම්කාරයින් විසින් වෂි 1892 ක්වූ ජූලි මාසේ මාස මුදල වෂි 1892 ක්වූ ජූලි මස 11 වෙනි දිනදී නොගොස් ඊට ප්‍රථම දිනකදී නොගෙවුවොත් ඔහුන්ගේ අලාඛිට වෙනුව එහි රේඛා වෂි 1892 ක්වූ ජූලි මස

11 වෙනි සඳුදා දවල් 2කේ කතිසමට කොළඹ කවිචේ රිදේදි නැවත විකුණන බව මෙයින් දන්වනුය.

නැවත විකිණීමේදී ගැනුම්කාරයින් විසින් ගත් මුදලෙන් දහසෙන් කොටසක් විකිණීම දවසේදී මෙහි කඩිනමට ඕනෑය.

දඹුගමද, ආභිඅම්බලමේද, කොටුගොඩද, සිතාවක සහ තෝරපුවේ පාලම් රේඛාද.

මිගමුවේද, කළුතර සහ කිත්තන්පහුවේ ඇලරේඛාද.

ගන්වැල්ලේද, දිගලද, කිතුල්ගහවත්තේද, මුනමල් වත්තේද, හේනේමුල්ලේද, පුගොඩද, සිදුවේද, අගුරු වානොවේද, කැපුණුලේද, මුතුචාචියේ සහ කම්මල් තොටෙන් කොටුපල් රේඛාද.

ජූලි මස සිට හෙතරත්ගොඩවද, පස්සාලේ සිට ගන්වැල්ලටද, කොළඹ සිට අවිස්සාවේල්ලටද, මිරිගානේ සිට මත්තේගොඩවද, කැලනියේ සිට හෙතරත්ගොඩවද, ගන්වැල්ලේ සිට නඹාපානවද, මිගමුවේ සිට දුනාගහවද, මිනුවන්ගොඩ සිට කොටදෙනියාවටද, සෙල්ලකහන්දියේ සිට අළුතාපොලටද, වේගන්ගොඩ සිට අනනානලේටද, කොටදෙනියාවේ සිට මිරිගමටද, මිගමුවේ සිට ගිරිල්ලට සහ පාරේ ගැහැක්ම 16යේ සහ 18වේ කනුඅතරේද, කොළඹ සිට කැස්බෑවටද, කෝච්චේ සිට කඩුවෙලටද, පානදුරේ සිට නඹාපානවද, කොළඹ සහ ගාල්ලට සහ පාරේ ගැහැක්ම 29 සහ 30 කනුඅතරේද, කොළඹ හිට ගාල්ලට සහ පාරේ ගැහැක්ම 14 සහ 15කේ කනුඅතරේද, මිගමුවේ හිට ගිරිල්ලට සහ පාරේ ගැහැක්ම 4 සහ 6යේ කනුඅතරේ සහ කොළඹ හිට මහනුවරට සහ පාරේ ගැහැක්ම 10යේ සහ 12කේ කනුඅතරෙන් පාරේ රේඛාය.

ඒ. ආර්. ඩෝසන්, ආණ්ඩුවේ ඒජන්ත වම්ස.

වෂි 1892 ක්වූ ජූලි මස 1 වෙනි දින කොළඹ කවිචේරිදේදිය.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following Toll Rents of the Central Province from August 1 to December 31, 1892, will be exposed for sale by public auction at the Kandy Kachcheri on Monday, the 25th July, 1892, at 2 P.M., upon the conditions specified below:—

At Kadugannawa in Yatinuwara within quarter of a mile of the junction of the Paranapattiya road with the Colombo road, the place of collection being at Danduniyagerawatta.

At Gampola in Udapalata, about 10 chains west of the junction of Malabar street with the Kadugannawa-Paranapattiya road, the place of collection being at Ganetennawatta, bearing assessment No. 19 on the road from Kadugannawa to Gampola.

Conditions of Sale.

Ten per cent. of the amount bid must be deposited in cash.

The ten per cent. will be forfeited if the necessary securities are not completed as soon as His Excellency the Governor's sanction has been communicated.

Further conditions will be made known on the day of sale.

Kandy Kachcheri,
July 2, 1892.

P. A. TEMPLE,
Government Agent.

විෂය 1892 ක්වු අගෝස්තු මස 1 වෙනි දින පවත් දෙසැම්බර් මස 31 වෙනි දින දක්වා පහත සඳහන්වන මධ්‍යම දිසාවේ පාලමරේතු පහත දක්වන කොන්දේසිවලට එකඟව, වර්ෂ 1892 ක්වු ජූලි මස 25 වෙනි සඳු දින පස්වරු දෙකට මහනුවර කවිවේරියේදී ප්‍රසිඛ වෙන්දේසිකර විකුනනව යෙදෙනවා ඇත.

මහනුවර කවුගන්නාවේ කොළඹ පාරට, පරන පව් විසට යන පාර සන්තිවු නැන හිට ගැනැත්ම කාලක් ඇතුලතදී—රේන්දකාසි අයකරණ ස්ථානය දැමූදෙකි යේ ගෙදරවත්තේදීය.

උඩපලාත ගම්පල මැලබාර් විවිස, පරනපව්විසහරන කවුගන්නාවට යන පාර සන්තිවු නැන හිට දන්වැල් 10ක් පමණ ඛස්නාඉරිත්—රේන්දකාසි අයකරන ස්ථානය කවුගන්නාවේහිට ගම්පලට යන පාරේ නොමි මර 19යේ වරිපනම් නොවිමරය දරන ගණන්කැත්තේ වසන කිසන ඉඩමේදීය.

විකිනීමේ කොන්දේසි.

ඉල්ලා ගන්නාලද ගනනෙන් සියයට 10ය බැගින් ගනනක් මුදලෙන් බැඳගනවට මිනැය.

ගරුකර ආණ්ඩුකාර උතුමානන් වහන්සේගේ ඒත්තුගැනීම දැන්වු වහාම මිනැකරන ඇප සම්පූර්ණ කරදෙන්නට නොයෙදුනේවිනම්, ඉහතකී බැඳගනවට යෙදුන 10යෙන් එක දහිට වෙනුව ඇලාගන්නටයෙදේ. වැඩිදුර කොන්දේසි විකුනන දවසේදී කියවා තේ රුමිකර දෙනුලැබේ.

පී. ඒ. වැම්පල්ලර්,
ආණ්ඩුවේ ඒත්තන උන්නාන්සේ.

1892 ක්වු ජූලි මස 2 වෙනි දින
මහනුවර කවිවේරියේදීය.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Tuesday, July 26, 1892, at 2 P.M., will be put up for resale at the Puttalam Kachcheri, at the risk of the original purchaser; the under-mentioned Toll Rent of the Puttalam District from August 1 to December 31, 1892, the original purchaser of which may have failed on or before that date to pay the instalments due for the months of May and June, 1892, or to complete his security bond.

The purchaser at the resale should deposit one-tenth of the purchase amount on the day of sale.

Bridge rent.—Kottukachchai.

W. E. THORPE,
for Acting Government Agent.

Kurunégala Kachcheri,
June 29, 1892.

මෙහි පහත සඳහන්වෙන පුත්තලම් දිස්ත්‍රික්කයේ නොවුපල් රේන්දය පළමු ගැනුම්කාරයාගේ ඇලාබිට වර්ෂ 1892කේ අගෝස්තු මස 1 වෙනි දින පවත් දෙසැම්බර් මස 31 වෙනි දිනට වනතුරු වර්ෂ 1892 ක්වු ජූලි මස 26 වෙනි දින අගතරුවාද දෙකේ කනිසමට මෙකී දිනට ප්‍රථමත් පළමු රේන්දකාරයා වර්ෂ 1892 ක්වු මැයි සහ ජූනි මාසවල මාස මුදල නෙ ගෙව්වොත්ද ඇප පවුය සම්පූර්ණ නොකලොත්ද විකුනනව යෙදෙනබව මෙයින් දැනුම්දෙමි.

දෙවෙනි විකිනීමේ ගැනුම්කාරයා ගත් මුදලින් දහ යෙන් පංඟක් මුදලින් එදම ඇප බඳින්නට මිනැය.

කොට්ටුකච්චියේ පාලම රේන්දය.

ඩබ්ල්සු. ඊ. කෝර්ප්,
උපඒත්තන විමිත.

වර්ෂ 1892 ක්වු ජූනි මස 29 වෙනි දින කුරුනැගල කවිවේරියේදීය.

LAND SALES IN THE WESTERN PROVINCE.

No. 1,341, w. p.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, June 28, 1892.

At noon on Tuesday, August 16, 1892, the Hon. the Government Agent for the Western Province will put up to auction, at his office in Colombo, the under-mentioned portions of Crown Lands, on the terms authorised by Government.

Six allotments of land situated in the Kalutara District of the Western Province.
Preliminary plan 6,665. Situation—Kumbuke pattu of Rayigam koralé.

Lot.	Village.	Name of Land.	Name of Applicant.	Extent.		
				A.	R.	P.
10429	Talagala	Bulugahalandawelaluhena or Waradewilahena or Diyakadittehena	M. Nicholas Perera	48	3	28
Preliminary plan 8,086. Situation—Udugaha pattu of Rayigam koralé.						
5339	Millewa and Kotigankanda	Midenpennakanda	Mr. Bailey, of Talagala estate	208	1	0
Preliminary plan 8,862. Situation—Iddagoda and Gangaboda pattu of Pasdun koralé.						
7425	Pelapitiyagoda, Nebo-da, and Warakagoda	Diyaberikanda	—	458	3	16
Preliminary plan 7,467. Situation—Iddagoda pattu of Pasdun koralé.						
3245	Henegama	Orutotalanda	S. Levvai Mira Levvai	58	0	0
3255	Do.	do.	do.	51	3	38
Preliminary plan 5,711. Situation—Kumbuke pattu of Rayigam koralé.						
6884	Talagala	Ankuttawalakanda	—	29	3	37

Upset price,—Rs. 10 per acre.

Further information respecting these lands may be obtained from the Hon. the Surveyor-General, and respecting the conditions of sale from the Hon. the Government Agent, Western Province.

By His Excellency the Governor's command,
J. A. SWETTENHAM,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

No. 1,341, w. p.

වම් 1892 ක්වු ජුනි මස 28 වෙනි දින කොළඹ මහසෙක්කාරියේ උත්තාන්තේසේ කන්තෝරුවේදී.

සන්නාහිර දිසාවේ වංශාධිපති ආණ්ඩුවේ ඒජන්ත උත්තාන්තේසේ විසින් මෙහි පහත සඳහන්වන ආණ්ඩුව සන්නක ඉඩම් ආණ්ඩුවේ නියෝගවල ප්‍රකාරයට වම් 1892 ක්වු අගෝස්තු මස 16 වෙනි දිනවූ අගත රුවාදු දවල් කොළඹ කම්මේරියේදී වෙන්දේසිකර විකුණන්නට යෙදෙනවා ඇත.

කළුතර කොට්ඨාසයේ පිහිටා තිබෙන බිම්කැබලි.

නො.	ගම.	සිතියම 6,665. ඉඩමේ නම.	ඉල්ලුම්කාරයා.	මහත. අ. රු. ප.
10429	තලගල	බුළුගහලඳු, වැලුළු හේන නොහොත් වරදෙවිල හේන නොහොත් දිය කඩිතන හේන	ඇම්. නිකුලස් ප්‍රේර්	48 3 28
මෙම බිම් කොටස තිබෙන්නේ රයිගම්කෝරලේ කුඹුකේ පත්තුවේය.				
5339	මිල්ලාව සහ කොට්ඨකන්ද	සිතියම 8,086. මිදෙන් පැත්තකන්ද	තලගලවත්තේ බේලි උත්තාන්තේ	208 1 0
මෙම බිම් කොටස තිබෙන්නේ රයිගම්කෝරලේ උඩුගහපත්තුවේය.				
7425	පැලපිටියගොඩ, නැබොඩ සහ වරකාගොඩ	සිතියම 8,862. දියබේරිකන්ද	—	458 3 16
මෙම බිම් කොටස තිබෙන්නේ පස්දන්කෝරලේ ගගබොඩපත්තුවේය.				
3245	හේනේගම	සිතියම 7,467. බරුකොටලඳු	ඇස්. ලිවසි මිරු ලිවසි	58 0 0
3255	එම	එම	එම	51 3 38
මෙම බිම්කොට්ඨාස තිබෙන්නේ පස්දන්කෝරලේ ඉද්දගොඩපත්තුවේය.				
6884	තලගල	සිතියම 5,711. අත්කුවිටිලකන්ද	—	29 3 37
මෙම බිම්කොටස තිබෙන්නේ රයිගම්කෝරලේ කුඹුක පත්තුවේය.				
මිලකර තිබෙන්නේ අක්කරයක් රුපියල් 10 බැගින්.				

මෙම ඉඩම් ගැණ වැඩිදුර කාරණා වංශාධිපති සර්වේසර්ජන්තු උත්තාන්තේසේගෙන්ද, පිකිනිමේ කොන් දේසිය ගැණ කාරණා බස්නාහිරදිසාවේ වංශාධිපති ආණ්ඩුවේ ඒජන්ත උත්තාන්තේසේගෙන්ද දැනගන්නට පුළුවන.

ආණ්ඩුකාර උතුමානන්වහන්සේගේ ආඥාවලස,
ජේ. ඒ. ස්විට්නම්,
වැඩබලන මහසෙක්කාරියේ වම්.

No. 1,342, w. p.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, July 6, 1892.

ON Tuesday, August 16, 1892, at noon, the Hon. the Government Agent for the Western Province will put up to auction, at his office in the Colombo Kachcheri, the under-mentioned portions of Crown Land, on the terms authorised by Government.

Two allotments of land situated in the Kalutara District of the Western Province.
Preliminary plan 1,917. Situation—Munwattabage pattuwa of Rayigam koralé.

Lot.	Name of Land.	Name of Village.	Extent. A. R. P.
C & D 545	Batahena	Morontuduwa	3 0 39
5248	Preliminary plan 5,266. Situation—Munwattabage pattuwa of Rayigam koralé. Nekatigewatta	Melegama	11 3 37

A portion of the garden called Dombagahawatta, situated at Molligoda in Munwattabage Pattuwa of Rayigam koralé containing in extent about 0 0 20

Further particulars and conditions of sale can be ascertained on application to the Hon. the Government Agent, Colombo.

By His Excellency the Governor's command,
J. A. SWETTENHAM,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

No. 1,342, w. P.

විෂි 1892 ක්වු ජුලි මස 6 වෙනි දින කොළඹ

මහසෙක්‍රයාරිස් උත්තාන්තේසේ කන්තෝරුවේදී.

සේනාතිර දිසාවේ වංශාධිපති ආණ්ඩුවේ ඒජන්ත උත්තාන්තේසේ විසින් මෙහි පහත සඳහන්වන ආණ්ඩුව සන්තක ඉඩම් ආණ්ඩුවේ නියෝගවල ප්‍රකාරයට විෂි 1892 ක්වු අගෝස්තු මස 16 වෙනි දිනවූ අගනරු වාදු දවැලට කොළඹ කම්මේරියේදී වෙන්දේසිකර විකුණන්නට යෙදෙනවා ඇත.

බස්නාහිර දිසාවේ කරවර පලාතේ පිහිටා තිබෙන බිම් කැබලි.

සිතියම 1,917. පිහිටා තිබෙන්නේ—රසිකම්කෝරලේ මුත්තේසේවෙහෙයේ පත්තුවේ.

නො.	ඉඩමේ නම.	ගම.	මහස.
C සහ D 545	බටහේන.	මොරොන්තුවුව	අ. රු. ප. 3 0 39
5248	නැකතියේ වත්ත	මැලිගම	11 3 37

රසිකම්කෝරලේ මුත්තේසේවෙහෙයේ මොල්ලියොඩ පිහිටා තිබෙන පර්වස් විස්සක් පමණ මහත ඇති දෙබහනවකන කිසිවක් වන.

මෙම ඉඩම් ගැණ වැඩිදුර කාරණ වංශාධිපති සර්වේසර්ජන් උත්තාන්තේසේගෙන්, විකිණීමේ කොන් දේසිය ගැණ කාරණ බස්නාහිර දිසාවේ වංශාධිපති ආණ්ඩුවේ ඒජන්ත උත්තාන්තේසේගෙන් දැනගන්නට පුළුවන.

ආණ්ඩුකාර උතුමානන්තේසේගේ ආඥාවලට,

ජේ. ඒ. ස්විට්නම්,

වැඩබලන මහසෙක්‍රයාරිස් මමිහ.

No. 1,343, w. p.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, July 6, 1892.

AT noon on Tuesday, August 16, 1892, the Hon. the Government Agent for the Western Province will put up for sale or settlement, at his Office in Colombo, the under-mentioned portions of Crown Land, on the terms authorised by Government.

Preliminary plan 9,559. Situation—Adikari pattu, Siyané koralé.

Lot.	Name of Land.	Village.	Extent. A. R. P.
N 605	Kongahawatta	Delgoda	6 2 20
O 605	Do.	do.	0 3 27
P 605	Do.	do.	0 0 2
Q 605	Kongahawattahena	do.	1 0 30
R 605	Do.	do.	0 0 24
S 605	Kongahakele	do.	0 3 26
T 605	Do.	do.	0 0 21

Preliminary plan 4,020. Situation—Ambatalenpabala.

B 2	Ambagahawatta	Weragoda	0 1 2
P 2	Do.	do.	0 1 12
B 3	Ellabodawatta	do.	0 1 4
E 3	Weragodakumbura	do.	3 1 24
W 4	Ambagahawatta	do.	0 2 12
F 5	Ambagahawatta or Madi- tiyagahawatta	do.	0 3 37

Lot.	Name of Land.	Village.	Extent. A. R. P.
F 5½	Maditiyagahawatta	Kotuwila	0 1 38
G 5	Ambagahawatta	do.	2 0 0
H 5	Piskawatta	do.	4 0 36
H 5½	Do.	do.	2 3 16
H 5½	Do.	do.	6 2 10
I 5	Kongahawatta or Amba- watta	do.	0 3 28
P 5	Halmulla or Bogahawatta	do.	1 1 12
S 5	Bogahawatta	do.	1 1 33
U 5	Halmullewatta	do.	1 2 6
V 5	Do.	do.	2 0 16
C 6	Ambagahawatta	do.	0 1 6
L 10	Bogahawatta	do.	1 0 25
O 10	Do.	Kotuwila and Kittanpahuwa	1 3 17

Upset price,—Rs. 10 per acre.

Further information respecting these lands may be obtained from the Hon. the Surveyor-General, and respecting the conditions of sale from the Hon. the Government Agent, Western Province.

By His Excellency the Governor's command,
J. A. SWETTENHAM,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

වර්ෂ 1892 ක්වු ජූලි මස 6 වෙනි දින
 No. 1,343, W. P. කොළඹ මහසෙනෙවරියාණන්ගේ කන්තෝරුවේදී.

සේනාපතිවරයා විසින් මෙහි පහත සඳහන්වෙන ආණ්ඩුව සන්තක ඉඩම් ආණ්ඩුවේ නියෝගවල ප්‍රකාරයට වර්ෂ 1892 ක්වු අගෝස්තු මස 16 වෙනි දිනදී අහසර වාද දවල් කොළඹ කවිවේරියේදී වෙන්දේසිකර විකුණනට නොහොත් කෙරුණකරනට යෙදෙනවා ඇත.

සිතියම 9,559.

පිහිටා තිබෙන්නේ—සිනාකෝරලේ අදිකාරිපත්තුවේ

නො.	ඉඩමේ නම.	ගමේ නම.	අ. රු. ප
N 605	කෝන්ගහවත්ත	දෙල්ගොඩ	6 2 20
O 605	එම	එම	0 3 27
P 605	එම	එම	0 0 2
Q 605	එම හේන	එම	1 0 30
R 605	එම	එම	0 0 24
S 605	කෝන්ගහකැලේ	එම	0 3 26
T 605	එම	එම	0 0 21

සිතියම 4,020. අඹකලෙන් පහල වේරගොඩ.

නො.	ඉඩමේ නම.	ගමේ නම.	අ. රු. ප
B 2	අඹකලවත්ත	වේරගොඩ	0 1 2
P 2	එම	එම	0 1 12
B 3	ඇලබොඩවත්ත	එම	0 1 4
E 3	වේරගොඩකුඹුර	එම	3 1 24
W 4	අඹකලවත්ත	එම	0 2 12
F 5	එම නොහොත් මද විශකවත්ත	එම	0 3 37

නො.	ඉඩමේ නම.	ගමේ නම.	අ. රු. ප.
F 5½	මදවිගහවත්ත	කොටුපිල	0 1 38
G 5	අඹකලවත්ත	එම	2 0 0
H 5	පිස්කල්වත්ත	එම	4 0 36
H 5½	එම	එම	2 3 16
H 5½	එම	එම	6 2 10
I 5	කෝන්ගහවත්ත නොහොත් අඹකලවත්ත	එම	0 3 28
P 5	හල්වුල්ල නොහොත් බෝගහවත්ත	එම	1 1 12
S 5	බෝගහවත්ත	එම	1 1 33
U 5	හල්වුල්ලේවත්ත	එම	1 2 6
V 5	එම	එම	2 0 16
C 6	අඹකලවත්ත	එම	0 1 6
L 10	බෝගහවත්ත	එම	1 0 25.
O 10	එම	කොටුපිල සහ කීන්තන්පහුව	1 3 17

මිලකර තිබෙන්නේ අක්කරයක් රුපියල් 10 බැගින්

මෙම බිම් කොට්ඨාස ගැණ වැඩිදුර කාරණා වංශාභිපති සර්වේසර් ජනරාල් උත්තාන්තේශෙඤ, විකිනීමේ කොන්දේසිය ගැණ කරණ වංශාභිපති ආණ්ඩුවේ ඒජන්ත උත්තාන්තේශෙඤ දැනගන්නට පුළුවන.

ආණ්ඩුකාර උතුමානන්වහන්සේගේ ආඥාවලෙස,

ජේ. ඒ. ස්විටන්හැම්,
 වැඩබලන මහසෙනෙවරිය වමක.

LAND SALES IN THE CENTRAL PROVINCE

No. 1,314, C. P.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
 Colombo, June 30, 1892.

ON Wednesday, August 31, 1892, at 12 o'clock noon, the Hon. the Government Agent for the Central Province will put up to auction, at his office in Kandy, the under-mentioned portion of Crown Land, on the terms authorised by Government.

An allotment of land situated in the Kotmale division of the Nuwara Eliya District of the Central Province and lying between Preston and Iona estates, also adjoining Wishford estate to the north.

Preliminary plan 2,208.

Lot.	Village.	Name of Land.	Name of Applicant.	Description.	Extent. A. R. P.
7179 and 7179½	Dimbula	Elbedda east	Major E. F. Tranchell	Forest	244 0 0

Upset price,—Rs. 150 per acre.

Further information respecting this land may be obtained from the Hon. the Surveyor-General, and respecting the conditions of sale from the Hon. the Government Agent, Kandy.

By His Excellency the Governor's command,
 J. A. SWETTENHAM,
 Acting Colonial Secretary.

No. 1,314, C. P.

වර්ෂ 1892 ක්වු ජූනි මස 30 වෙනි දින කොළඹ

මහසෙනෙවරියාණන්ගේ කන්තෝරුවේදී.

මධ්‍යම දිසාවේ ගෞරවනීයවූ ඒජන්ත උත්තාන්තේශෙඤ විසින් මෙහි පහත සඳහන්වෙන ආණ්ඩුව සන්තක ඉඩම් ආණ්ඩුවේ නියෝගවල ප්‍රකාරයට වර්ෂ 1892 ක්වු අගෝස්තු මස 31 වෙනි දින දවල් 12ව මහනුවර කවිවේරියේදී වෙන්දේසිකර විකුණනට යෙදෙනවා ඇත.

මධ්‍යම දිසාවේ නුවරඑළියේ කොන්මලේ ප්‍රිස්ටන් සහ අයොනා වතු වලට මධ්‍යමේ සහ උතුරු පැත්තට විස්විටේරි වනතටත් යාව පිහිටා තිබෙන බිම්කැබලි ලක්.

සිතියම 2,208. ඉල්ළුමකාරයා—මෙජර් ජ. ඇප්. වුන්කල් උත්තාන්තේ.

නො.	ගම.	ඉඩමේ නම.	අන්දම.	මහස.
7179 සහ 7179½	දිමුල	නැගෙනහිර ඇලබැද්ද	මුකලාන	අ. රු. ප. 244 0 0

අක්කරයක් රුපියල් 150ගේ හිට විකුණන පවත්නාවකි.

මෙම ඉඩම ගැණ වැඩිදුර කාරණා වංශාභිපති සර්වේසර් ජනරාල් උත්තාන්තේශෙඤ, විකිනීමේ කොන්දේසිය ගැණ කරණ මධ්‍යම දිසාවේ ගෞරවනීයවූ ඒජන්ත උත්තාන්තේශෙඤ දැනගන්නට පුළුවන.

ආණ්ඩුකාර උතුමානන්වහන්සේගේ ආඥාවලෙස,

ජේ. ඒ. ස්විටන්හැම්,
 වැඩබලන මහසෙනෙවරිය වමක.

I DO hereby give public notice that I have been duly directed by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, acting under the provisions of "The Land Acquisition Ordinance of 1876," section sixth, to take order for the acquisition of the following lands, to wit:—

Preliminary plan 9,958.

Situation—Kotahena, Ward No. 5, within the Municipality of Colombo, Korteboom street.

Lot.	Description.	Name of Claimant.	Extent.		
			A.	R.	P.
B 635	House and ground, Engineering works	George Armitage	0	3	15.50
C 635	Houses and old cocoanut trees	Anthony Fernando Pasqual Pillai and others	2	3	23.75
Situation—Kotahena, Ward No. 5, within the Municipality of Colombo, Tanque Salgado.					
D 635	House and ground	S. Moraes	0	0	13.62
E 635	Do.	Don Carolis and others	0	0	12.50
F 635	House and cocoanut trees, 6 years old	Witamullegamage Don Hendrick de Silva	0	0	4.56
G 635	House and ground	Don Carolis and others	0	0	10.25
H 635	House and cocoanut trees	W. E. Alvis	0	0	20.50
I 635	Do.	Porokara Arachchige Don Arnolis de Silva	0	1	2
J 635	Do.	Nugegodage Martelis Silva	0	0	3.62
K 635	Do.	Nugegodage Louisa Silva	0	0	3

All persons interested in the aforesaid lands are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before me at the Colombo Kachcheri on August 3, 1892, at noon, and to state the nature of their respective interests in the lands, and the amount and particulars of their claims to compensation for such interests.

The Kachcheri,
Colombo, July 5, 1892.

A. R. DAWSON,
Government Agent.

විෂි 1876 ක්වූ අවුරුද්දේ නොමමර 3නේ ආඥාපත්‍රයේ හත්වෙනි වගන්තියේ ප්‍රකාරයට මෙහි පහත සඳහන් වෙන ඉඩම් ලබාගැනීම සඳහා ක්‍රියාකරණ පිණිස වෂි 1876යේ ඉඩම් ලබාගැනීමේ ආඥාපත්‍රයේ හත්වෙනි කාන්තේ කරතිබෙන පහර්තු වල ප්‍රකාර ආණ්ඩුකාරක මත්තන සභාවේ මත්තන සභා ඇතුළු උතුරු මහත්වහන්සේ විසින් මට අහකරන්ට සෙදනව්ව මෙයින් දැනුම් දන්වා ඇත. එනම්:—

සිතියම 9,958. පිහිටා තිබෙන්නේ—කොළඹ නගරයතුල නොමමර 5 කොටසේ පලාත එනුපොකුන (වැත්කිසල්ගාදු) කොර්ට්ටෝවත්විසියේ.

නො.	අඥාව.	අයිතිවාසිකම් කියන අයගේ නම.	මහත.
			අ. රු. ප.
B 635	ගේ සහ බිම ඉපිතේරුවාව	ජෝර්ජ් ආර්මිටේජ්	0 3 15.50
C 635	ගේ සහ පරණ පොල්	අන්තෝනි ප්‍රසාද පස්කුවල්පුලො සහ තව අය	2 3 23.75
D 635	ගේ සහ බිම	ඇස්. මොරයිස්	0 0 13.62
E 635	එම	දොන් කරොලිස් සහ තවත් අය	0 0 12.50
F 635	ගේ සහ 6 අවුරුදු පොල්	විතානමුල්ලේගමගේ දොන් හෙන්රික් ද සිල්වා	0 0 4.56
G 635	ගේ සහ බිම	දොන් කරොලිස් සහ තවත් අය	0 0 10.25
H 635	ගේ සහ පොල්	බිබ්ලි වි. ජී. අල්විස්	0 0 20.50
I 635	එම	පොරෝකාර ආර්මිටේගේ දොන් අර්නෝලිස් ද සිල්වා	0 1 2
J 635	එම	නුගේගොඩගේ මර්නේලිස් සිල්වා	0 0 3.62
K 635	එම	නුගේගොඩගේ එවිසා සිල්වා	0 0 3

ඉහත කී ඉඩම්වලට තමනමුත් ඇත්තා වූ අයිතිවාසිකම් තමන්ට නොහොත් තමන් වෙනුවට ක්‍රියාකරන අය විසින් වෂි 1892 ක්වූ අගෝස්තු මස 3 වෙනි දින දවල් කොළඹ කවිචේරියේදී මාඉදිරිපිට පැමිණ කියා සිටින්නට ඕනෑවා සහ මෙම ඉඩම් වෙනුවට ලැබෙන මුදල ගැන ඇත්තා වූ අයිතිවාසිකම් අඥාව සහ තොරතුරුත් කියා සිටින්නට ඕනෑවට මෙම ඉඩම් අයිතිවාසිකම් ඇති සියළුදෙනාගෙන්ම මෙයින් ඕනෑකලා ඇත.

එ. ආර්. ඩෝසන්,
ආණ්ඩුවේ ඒජන්ත උත්තාන්සේ.

වෂි 1892 ක්වූ ජූලි මස 5 වෙනි දින
කොළඹ කවිචේරියේදී.

இதன் கீழ் சொல்லப்படுகிற காணிக்கை பெற்றுக்கொள்ளும்பொருட்டு, 1876 ம ஆண்டின் காணிக்கை பெற்றுக்கொள்ளும்படியான கட்டளைசட்டத்தின் 6 ம பிரிவின பிரகாரம் தேசாதிபதியவர்கள் பிரமாணத்திசு சங்கததாரருடைய ஆலோசனை அனுமதியுடன், எனக்குள் கட்டளைசெய்திருப்பதை இத்தரவு ஆழியப்பண்ணுகிறேன். அதாகிறது:—

பி. பிள்ளை இலககம் 9,958.

இருககுமிடம்.—கொழும்பு நகரசசங்கத துகஞ்ச்சேர்ந்த கொட்டாஞ்சேனை வாட இலககம் 5, கொட்ட போம தெருவு.

இல.	விவரம்.	உரித்துப்பேசுவோரின பெயர்.	விசரம.
			அ. ரூ. ப.
B 635	இஞ்சினீயர் வேலைச்செய்யப்பட்டும் வீடும நிலமும்	ஜோர்ஜ் ஆர்மிதேச்	0 3 15.50
C 625	வீடும பனாய தென்ன மாறும்	அந்தோனி பறுணந்து பஸ்க்ரவா ல்பிள்ளையு மறுபேரும்	2 3 23.75
இருககுமிடம்—தங்குசலகாடு.			
D 635	வீடும நிலமும்	எஸ். மொறயிஸ்	0 0 13.62
E 635	சேடி	டொன கரோலிசு மறுபேரும்	0 0 12.50

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J. A. SWETTENHAM,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, April 22, 1892.

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H. L. CRAWFORD,
 Record Keeper.

BY virtue of a Mandate to me directed by the Hon. the Supreme Court of the Island of Ceylon, I do hereby proclaim that a Criminal Session of the said Court for the District of Kandy will be holden at the Audience Hall at Kandy on Monday, August 1, 1892, at 12 o'clock of the morning of the said day.

And I do hereby require and inform all persons concerned therein to attend at the time and place above-mentioned, and not to depart without leave asked and granted.

M. S. CRAWFORD,
 Fiscal's Office,
 Kandy, July 5, 1892..

ලංකාවේ රජයේ ගරුකටයුතු උතුම් ප්‍රතිමා උසාවි
 යෙන් මව ලැබී තිබෙන ආඥාවක බලය කරණ
 කොටගෙන මෙයින් ප්‍රකාශකරන්නේ නම් මඩම
 දිසාවේ ක්‍රිමනෙල් නඩුවහය වම් 1892 ක්‍රිම අගෝස්තු
 මස 1 වෙනි දින පෙරවරු 12 පැය පවත් මහනුවර
 මඟුල් මඩුව කීසන නඩුසාලාවේ පවත්වනව යෙදෙන
 වාදන. — එහි යම් කාරණය ආතුට සිටින සැමදෙනාම
 යටකී සාහසයට යටකී වෙලාවට ඇවිත් පෙනී සිටිනව
 ඕනෑවත් ඇර අවසර ඉල්ලා ලබාගෙන මිස එයින් පිටතට
 යනව යුදුවත් බවත් මෙයින් සැමදෙනාටම දන්වනෙමි.

ඇම්. ඇස්. ක්‍රොපෝර්ඩ්,
 පිස්කල් වම්ක.

වම් 1892 ක්‍රිම ප්‍රතිමා මස 5 වෙනි දින
 මහනුවර පිස්කල් කන්කෝරුවේදිස.

இலங்கைத் தீவிற்கு சங்கைபோந்த சுப்பிரீம் கோட்டா
 ரது கட்டளையின்படி நாம் பிரசுத்தப்படுத்துவதாவது :
 ஆடியன்ஸ் ஆள் நியாய ஸ்தலத்திலே மேற்சொல்லிய
 சுப்பிரீம் கோட்டாரால் கண்டி. டிஸ்திரிக்டைச் சேர்ந்த
 கிரிமினல் வழக்கு விசாரணை, கடிக்கை ம் ஆண்டு ஆவ
 ணிமாதம் க ந் திகதியாகிய திங்கட்கிழமை காலமே கஉ
 மணி தொடங்கி அன்றும் அதற்கடுத்த நாட்களிலும் நட
 த்தப்படும். ஆதலால் அவ்விசாரணையிற் காரியகருமமு
 ளளவர்க ளெல்லோரும் சொல்லப்பட்ட நேரத்திலே
 சொல்லப்பட்ட இடத்திலே வெளிப்பட்டு அவ்விடத்தி
 னின்றும் உத்தரவின் தி நீங்கா திருக்கக்கடவர்கள்.

இங்ஙனம்,
 எம். எஸ். கிறவோட்
 கண்டி. பிஸ்கால் கந்தோர், பிஸ்கால்.
 கடிக்கை ம் (ஸ்ர) ஆடிமீ ௫ ௫ ௨.

BY virtue of a Mandate to me directed by the Hon. the Supreme Court of the Island of Ceylon, I do hereby proclaim that a Criminal Session of the said Court for the Districts of Jaffna, Mannár, Mullaittivu, and Vavuniya will be holden at the Court-house at Jaffna on Monday, July 18, 1892, at 10 o'clock of the morning of the said day.

And I do hereby require and inform all persons concerned therein to attend at the time and place above-mentioned, and not to depart without leave asked and granted.

G. A. VAN HOUTEN,
 Fiscal's Office,
 Jaffna, July 2, 1892.

இலங்கைத்தீவிற்கு சங்கைபோந்த சுப்பிரீம் கோட்டா
 ரது கட்டளையின்படி நாம் பிரசுத்தப்படுத்துவதாவது :
 யாழ்ப்பாணம் நியாயஸ்தலத்திலே மேற்சொல்லிய சுப்
 பிரீம் கோட்டாரால் யாழ்ப்பாணம், மன்னார், முல்லைத்
 தீவு, வவுனிய டிஸ்திரிக்டைச் சேர்ந்த கிரிமினல் வழ
 க்கு விசாரணை, கடிக்கை ம் ஆண்டு ஆடிமாதம் கடி ந்
 திகதியாகிய திங்கட்கிழமை காலமே ௧0 மணி தொட
 ங்கி அன்றும் அதற்கடுத்த நாட்களிலும் நடத்தப்படும்.
 ஆதலால் அவ்விசாரணையிற் காரியகருமமுள்ளவர்களை
 ல்லோரும் சொல்லப்பட்ட நேரத்திலே சொல்லப்பட்ட
 இடத்திலே வெளிப்பட்டு அவ்விடத்தினின்றும் உத்தர
 வின் தி நீங்கா திருக்கக்கடவர்கள்.

இங்ஙனம்,
 ஜி. ஏ. வென் ஓட்டன்,
 பிஸ்காலுக்காக,
 யாழ்ப்பாணம், பிஸ்கால் கந்தோர்,
 கடிக்கை ம் (ஸ்ர) ஆடிமீ ௨ ௫ ௨.

BY virtue of a Mandate to me directed by the Hon. the Supreme Court of the Island of Ceylon, I do hereby proclaim that a Criminal Session of the said Court for the Midland Circuit at Kandy will be holden at the Court-house at Kandy on Monday, August 1, 1892, at 12 o'clock of the morning of the said day.

And I do hereby require and inform all persons concerned therein to attend at the time and place above-mentioned, and not to depart without leave asked and granted.

A. M. ASHMORE,
 Acting Fiscal.
 Fiscal's Office,
 Ratnapura, July 5, 1892.

ලංකාවේ රජයේ ගරුකටයුතු උතුම් ප්‍රතිමා උසාවි
 යෙන් මව ලැබී තිබෙන ආඥාවක බලය කරණ
 කොටගෙන මෙයින් ප්‍රකාශකරන්නේ නම් මඩම දිසාවේ
 ක්‍රිමනෙල් නඩුවහය වම් 1892 ක්‍රිම අගෝස්තු
 මස 1 වෙනි දින පෙරවරු 12 පැය පවත් මහනුවර
 තිබෙන නඩුසාලාවේ පවත්වනව යෙදෙනවා ඇත.
 එහි යම් කාරණය ආතුට සිටින සැමදෙනාම යටකී
 සාහසයට යටකී වෙලාවට ඇවිත් පෙනී සිටිනව ඕනෑ
 වත් ඇර අවසර ඉල්ලා ලබාගෙන මිස එයින් පිටතට
 යනව යුදුවත් බවත් මෙයින් සැමදෙනාටම දන්වන
 නෙමි.

ඒ. ඇම්. ඇස්මෝර්,
 පිස්කල් වම්ක.

වම් 1892 ක්‍රිම ප්‍රතිමා මස 5 වෙනි දින
 රත්නපුරේ පිස්කල් කන්කෝරුවේදිස.

இலங்கைத்தீவிற்கு சங்கைபோந்த சுப்பிரீம் கோட்டா
 ரது கட்டளையின்படி நாம் பிரசுத்தப்படுத்துவதாவது :
 மத்திசை நியாயஸ்தலத்திலே மேற்சொல்லிய சுப்பிரீம்
 கோட்டாரால் கண்டி. டிஸ்திரிக்டைச் சேர்ந்த கிரிமி
 னல் வழக்கு விசாரணை, கடிக்கை ம் ஆண்டு ஆவணி
 மாதம் க ந் திகதியாகிய திங்கட்கிழமை காலமே ௧௨
 மணி தொடங்கி அன்றும் அதற்கடுத்த நாட்களிலும்
 நடத்தப்படும். ஆதலால் அவ்விசாரணையிற் காரியகரும
 முள்ளவர்களை ல்லோரும் சொல்லப்பட்ட நேரத்திலே
 சொல்லப்பட்ட இடத்திலே வெளிப்பட்டு அவ்விடத்தி
 னின்றும் உத்தரவின் தி நீங்கா திருக்கக்கடவர்கள்.

இங்ஙனம்,
 ஏ. எம். எஸ்மோர்,
 வதில் பிஸ்கால்.

றெட்டின்புரி பிஸ்கால் கந்தோர்,
 கடிக்கை ம் (ஸ்ர) ஆடிமீ ௫ ௫ ௨.

Ceylon Government Railways.—Comparative Statement of Traffic for the Week ended June 19, 1892

EARNINGS FROM	Seven days ended June 22, 1890.			Seven days ended June 21, 1891.			Seven days ended June 19, 1892.			Increase— 1892 over 1891.			Decrease— 1892 below 1891.		
	No.	Rs.	c.	No.	Rs.	c.	No.	Rs.	c.	No.	Rs.	c.	No.	Rs.	
Passengers, Ordinary	49,391	19,083	94	72,127	30,916	20	61,338	24,325	98	—	—	—	10,789	659	22
Coolies	1,608	740	41	1,389	865	47	2,198	1,873	30	859	1,007	83	—	—	—
Season Tickets	1	1	32	—	—	—	2	9	40	2	9	40	—	—	—
Total Passengers	51,000	19,825	67	73,466	31,781	67	63,538	26,208	68	—	—	—	9,928	5572	99
Parcels	3,381	960	15	3,610	1,162	23	4,153	1,090	79	543	—	—	—	71	44
Horses	27	224	4	36	257	98	33	255	11	—	—	—	3	2	87
Carriages	6	90	40	15	190	78	6	87	95	—	—	—	9	102	83
Dogs	59	43	50	77	64	25	72	50	75	—	—	—	5	13	50
Other small Animals	25	19	0	38	33	50	8	4	50	—	—	—	30	29	0
Neat Cattle	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mails	—	439	75	—	439	68	—	454	33	—	14	65	—	—	—
Miscellaneous Coaching	—	10	50	—	18	80	—	25	39	—	6	59	—	—	—
Goods (Tons)	4,143	48,386	20	6,175	56,934	57	5,178	65,406	17	—	8,471	60	997	—	—
Miscellaneous Goods	—	65	55	—	181	8	—	65	54	—	—	—	—	65	54
Live Stock	274	122	75	310	88	75	423	126	50	113	37	75	—	—	—
General Miscellaneous	—	0	88	—	507	25	—	3,777	93	—	3,270	68	—	—	—
Total for the Week	—	70,188	89	—	91,610	54	—	97,553	64	—	5,943	10	—	—	—
Total, Jan. 1 to June 19	—	1778694	92	—	2090797	53	—	2218781	14	—	127983	61	—	—	—
Increase compared with previous year	—	95,919	25	—	312,102	61	—	127,983	61	—	—	—	—	—	—
Decrease do. do.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Traffic Train Mileage this week	12,551	—	—	13,446	—	—	15,081	—	—	1,635	—	—	—	—	—
Total, Jan. 1 to June 19	297044	—	—	322650	—	—	346146	—	—	23,496	—	—	—	—	—
Increase compared with previous year	22,170	—	—	25,606	—	—	23,496	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Decrease do. do.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

PARTICULARS OF GOODS CONVEYED.	Seven days ended June 19, 1892.			January 1 to June 19, 1892.			January 1 to June 21, 1891.			Increase in 1892.			Decrease in 1892.		
	Tons	cwt.	qr.	Tons	cwt.	qr.	Tons	cwt.	qr.	Tons	cwt.	qr.	Tons	cwt.	qr.
First class Goods	5	13	2.17	129	15	1.24	2,851	19	3.19	371	0	0.27	—	—	—
Second class Goods	147	3	0.17	3,093	4	2.22	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Rice	1,344	5	2.17	31,947	5	3.8	32,472	0	3.16	—	—	—	524	15	0.8
Tea	878	9	2.26	17,100	1	0.3	15,878	17	2.19	1,221	3	1.12	—	—	—
Tea Leaf	27	10	2.12	798	12	1.18	816	10	0.14	—	—	—	17	17	2.24
Arrack	41	10	0	673	19	2.5	495	18	1.21	178	1	0.12	—	—	—
Salt	73	8	0.21	2,012	3	3.25	1,252	19	3	759	4	0.25	—	—	—
Cinnamon	0	1	0.27	21	3	1.9	18	8	1.18	2	14	3.10	—	—	—
Cacao	23	18	1.26	487	4	0.18	450	13	3.27	36	10	0.19	—	—	—
Cardamoms	2	8	3.16	106	17	2.20	78	7	2.27	28	9	3.21	—	—	—
Tobacco	22	12	3	312	13	3.11	277	5	0.1	35	8	3.10	—	—	—
Beer, 2nd class	6	9	2.12	91	9	3.6	25	8	3.27	66	0	3.7	—	—	—
Tea Lead and Shooks, 2nd class	16	17	3.7	770	13	0.10	1,151	19	2.19	—	—	—	381	6	2.9
Manure, 2nd class	—	—	—	74	14	3.18	7	14	2.21	67	0	0.25	—	—	—
Plumbago, 2nd class	1	2	3.14	28	16	1.9	26	10	2.27	2	5	2.10	—	—	—
Other 3rd class Goods	561	4	1.1	13,001	8	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other 4th class Goods	130	12	1.3	3,590	17	0.6	16,792	17	1	1,798	11	1.24	—	—	—
Other 5th class Goods	96	7	3.14	1,999	3	0.18	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cinchona	35	1	3.21	809	15	0.1	856	17	1	—	—	—	47	2	0.27
Coffee	50	12	1.26	1,036	5	1.18	1,750	0	0.24	—	—	—	713	14	3.6
Cotton	2	8	3.7	11	0	0.21	121	13	0.10	—	—	—	110	12	3.17
Cocoanuts	114	12	0.6	2,499	14	2.13	2,078	5	3.14	421	8	2.27	—	—	—
Cocoanut Oil	32	0	2.21	829	17	2.9	683	16	0.19	146	1	1.18	—	—	—
Copperah	79	3	0.18	741	19	0.6	629	9	0.24	112	9	3.10	—	—	—
Poonac	79	2	1.15	2,303	5	0.23	2,131	4	1.2	172	0	3.21	—	—	—
Staves	2	0	0	168	3	3.19	164	8	3.2	3	15	0.16	—	—	—
Timber, wrought	19	8	0.26	531	8	0.8	659	2	0	—	—	—	127	13	3.20
Timber at 5th class	22	3	1	568	11	3.16	229	3	2.7	339	8	1.9	—	—	—
Timber at 6th class	—	—	—	134	16	0.25	263	4	0.19	—	—	—	128	7	3.21
Tea Lead and Shooks, 6th class	92	18	2.2	2,986	9	0.1	2,584	4	3.6	402	4	0.23	—	—	—
Manure, 6th class	33	2	1.10	819	14	0.5	1,154	12	2.12	—	—	—	334	18	2.7
Plumbago, 6th class	251	9	1	5,272	12	2.13	5,576	16	3.20	—	—	—	304	4	1.7
Beer, 6th class	—	—	—	—	—	—	58	17	0.17	—	—	—	58	17	0.17
Staves, 6th class	—	—	—	1	6	0.4	7	12	0	—	—	—	6	5	3.24
Barley, 3rd class	—	—	—	—	—	—	36	16	0	—	—	—	36	16	0
Bulky articles	10	16	0	44	1	1	—	—	—	44	1	1	—	—	—
Other 6th class Goods	248	4	2.8	5,072	13	2.18	6,413	16	3.10	—	—	—	1,341	3	0.20
Railway Material	724	10	2.17	17,255	8	2.16	11,104	11	0.9	6,150	17	2.7	—	—	—
Public Works Material	—	—	—	971	14	0	10,673	14	0	—	—	—	9,702	0	0
Prison Dept. Material	—	—	—	5,296	13	0	10,877	11	0	—	—	—	5,580	18	0
Breakwater Material	—	—	—	1,665	16	0	—	—	—	1,656	16	0	—	—	—
Royal Engineer Material	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,031	5	0	—	—	—	1,031	5	0
Total	5,177	11	1.15	125,261	10	0.16	131,684	15	1.2	14,024	14	0.25	20,447	19	1.11

Total Quantities of the following Articles Exported from the Ports of Colombo and Galle during the under-mentioned Periods.

Vessels.	Date of Clearing	For what Port.	Plantation Coffee.	Native Coffee.	Tea.	Cacao.	Trunk, Branch, Cinchona.	Cinchona Chips.	Cocanuts.	Copperash.	Cocanutt Oil.	Cocanutt Poonec.	Cinnamon.	Cinnamon Oil.	Citronella Oil.	Cardamoms.	Ebony.	Pinnango.	Coir Rope.	Coir Junk.	Coir Yarn.	Coir Fibre.	Sapan wood.	Orehilla.	Kitool Fibre.	Deer Horns.	
COLOMBO.																											
ss. Asia	1892.	London	26	98	212094																	100					
ss. City of London	29/6	do.		486921	88607																57						
ss. Clan Sinclair	29/6	Calcutta			5																						
ss. Ellora	29/6	Bombay			240																						
ss. Kahandalla	29/6	Suez and																									
ss. Fort Adelaide	29/6	New York				422		30000																			
ss. Fort Albert	29/6	London	111		216099	129	88629	233166					221*			1384		3861			208	791					
ss. Orizaba	29/6	Australia	268	30	137675			125100													396	105					
ss. Oruba	29/6	London			419905																14						
ss. Asaka	30/6	Negapatam			30																						
ss. Niemen	30/6	Calcutta									2085																
ss. Manora	30/6	London	385		571742	316	179471																				
GALLE.																											
ss. Clan Macdonald	1/7	London			45845																						
sq. Nesech IV.	2/7	New York, U. S. A.									2424																

* Chips.

Importation of Rice from Indian Ports during the Week.

TO GALLE:—

From Calcutta ... Bags 22,218
 Rangoon ... " 1,100
 Bombay ... " 25
 Southern India ... " 12,828

Total ... Bags 35,871

From Calcutta ... Bags 2,232.

Customs, Colombo, July 6, 1892.

R. REID,
 Acting Principal Collector.

New Classification of Customs Imports and Exports.

ALL entries of Goods specified in the Lists given below must contain full particulars of quantity, quality, &c., in the manner indicated in the accompanying lists, on and after the 1st September, 1892.

2. The Importers will be required to have opened for examination, under the 33rd section of Ordinance No. 17 of 1869, each case or package for which the required information is not given in the entry with sufficient accuracy and fullness.

3. This new Classification is required in order to bring the Annual Returns of the Ceylon Trade into conformity with the Return issued by the Board of Trade.

Customs, Colombo,
June 28, 1892.

R. REID,
Principal Collector.

Revised List of Imported Articles.

1.—ANIMALS, LIVING, FOR FOOD.			Quantity.	Value.	Duty.
				Rs. c.	Rs. c.
Calves	number	...	...	...	...
Cows	"	...	...	...	...
Oxen and bulls	"	...	...	...	...
Rabbits	"	...	...	...	...
Sheep and lambs	"	...	...	...	...
Swine	"	...	...	...	...
2.—ARTICLES OF FOOD AND DRINK.					
Arrowroot	lb.	...	...	...	...
Bacon	cwt.	...	...	...	...
Beef, salted	"	...	...	...	...
Beef, fresh	"	...	...	...	...
Beer and ale	gallons	...	...	...	...
Biscuits and bread	cwt.	...	...	...	...
Butter	"	...	...	...	...
Cheese	"	...	...	...	...
Cider	gallons	...	...	...	...
Cacao	lb.	...	...	...	...
Chocolate	"	...	...	...	...
Coffee	cwt.	...	...	...	...
Confectionery	"	...	...	...	...
Currants	"	...	...	...	...
Curry stuffs	cwt.	...	...	...	...
Cocanuts	number	...	...	...	...
Eggs	"	...	...	...	...
Figs and fig cake	cwt.	...	...	...	...
Fish, cured and salted	"	...	...	...	...
Sardines	"	...	...	...	...
Herrings	"	...	...	...	...
Flour, corn	"	...	...	...	...
Flour, wheat	"	...	...	...	...
Fruits, viz.:					
Almonds	"	...	...	...	...
Apples, raw	value	...	...	...	...
Grapes	lb.	...	...	...	...
Nuts used as fruit	value	...	...	...	...
Pears	number	...	...	...	...
Oranges and lemons	"	...	...	...	...
Fruits preserved without sugar	lb.	...	...	...	...
Fruits, dried	cwt.	...	...	...	...
Ghee	"	...	...	...	...
Sodawater and lemonade	dozens	...	...	...	...
Succades, including all fruits and vegetables preserved in sugar	cwt.	...	...	...	...
Grain:					
Barley	bushels	...	...	...	...
Beans	"	...	...	...	...
Gram	"	...	...	...	...
Indian corn or maize	"	...	...	...	...
Oats	"	...	...	...	...
Paddy	"	...	...	...	...
Peas	"	...	...	...	...
Rice	"	...	...	...	...
Wheat	"	...	...	...	...
Groundnuts	cwt.	...	...	...	...
Hams	"	...	...	...	...
Honey	"	...	...	...	...
Hops	"	...	...	...	...
Ice	tons	...	...	...	...
Isinglass	cwt.	...	...	...	...
Lard	cwt.	...	...	...	...
Milk, condensed or preserved	"	...	...	...	...
Mutton, fresh	"	...	...	...	...
Oilmanstores	value	...	...	...	...
Onions, raw	cwt.	...	...	...	...
Oatmeal and groats	"	...	...	...	...
Pork, salted (not hams)	"	...	...	...	...
Pickles and vegetables preserved in salt or vinegar	value	...	...	...	...
Plums, French, and prunelloses	cwt.	...	...	...	...
Plums, dried or preserved	"	...	...	...	...
Potatoes	"	...	...	...	...
Poultry and game, alive or dead	value	...	...	...	...
Provisions	"	...	...	...	...
Spices:					
Cardamoms	lb.	...	...	...	...
Cinnamon	"	...	...	...	...
Cloves	"	...	...	...	...
Ginger	cwt.	...	...	...	...
Mace	lb.	...	...	...	...
Nutmegs	"	...	...	...	...
Pepper	cwt.	...	...	...	...
Raisins	"	...	...	...	...
Sago	"	...	...	...	...
Sauces or condiments	value	...	...	...	...
Salt, refined	cwt.	...	...	...	...
Salt, common	"	...	...	...	...
Sugar:					
Refined and candy	"	...	...	...	...
Unrefined	"	...	...	...	...
Palm or jaggery	"	...	...	...	...
Molasses	"	...	...	...	...
Tea	lb.	...	...	...	...
Vegetable, dried	value	...	...	...	...
Vegetable, raw yams	"	...	...	...	...
Vinegar	gallons	...	...	...	...
Yeast	cwt.	...	...	...	...
Spirits:					
Brandy	gallons	...	...	...	...
Gin	"	...	...	...	...
Liqueurs	"	...	...	...	...
Rum	"	...	...	...	...
Whiskey	"	...	...	...	...
Wines:					
Imported in cask—					
Red	"	...	...	...	...
White	"	...	...	...	...
Imported in bottles—					
Still, viz.:					
Red	"	...	...	...	...
White	"	...	...	...	...
Sparkling red, viz.:					
Burgundy	"	...	...	...	...
Other sorts	"	...	...	...	...
White:					
Champagne	"	...	...	...	...
Saumur	"	...	...	...	...
Burgundy	"	...	...	...	...
Hock	"	...	...	...	...
Moselle	"	...	...	...	...
Other sorts	"	...	...	...	...

	Quantity.	Value. Rs. c.	Duty. Rs. c.		Quantity.	Value. Rs. c.	Duty. Rs. c.
Toys ...	value	...	...	Farinaceous substances and manufactures thereof ...	value	...	...
Watches and parts thereof	"	...	...	Feather in beds, for beds or otherwise	cwt.	...	...
<i>Yarns and Textile Fabrics.</i>				Feathers, ornamental	oz. & lb.	...	...
Cotton yarn and twist, gray	lb.	...	...	Asphalt	tons	...	...
Cotton yarn and twist, bleached	"	...	...	Blacking	value	...	...
Cotton yarn, and dyed	"	...	...	Carts and carriages	"	...	...
<i>Cotton Manufactures.</i>				Casks and shooks	"	...	...
Piece goods, gray, unbleached	yards	...	...	Cards, playing	doz. packs	...	...
Piece goods, bleached	"	...	...	Cork, manufactured	lb.	...	...
Piece goods, printed	"	...	...	Fancy articles	value	...	...
Piece goods, dyed	"	...	...	Fibres :			
Piece goods of mixed materials	"	...	...	Coir	cwt.	...	...
Piece goods, muslins	"	...	...	Kitool	"	...	...
Piece goods, other than muslin	"	...	...	Palmyrah	"	...	...
Lace and patent net	"	...	...	Gunny cloths and bags	value	...	...
<i>Hosiery.</i>				Poonac	cwt.	...	...
Stockings and socks	doz. pairs	...	...	Specimens illustrative of Natural History	value	...	...
Other kinds	value	...	...	Sponge	lb.	...	...
Linen yarn	lb.	...	...	Stones, marble and slate, rough hewn or manufactured, other than work of art	tons	...	...
Linen manufactures	yards	...	...	Shells of all kinds	value	...	...
Threads for sewing and stitching	lb.	...	...	Varnish	gallons	...	...
Threads for other manufactures	"	...	...	Whalebone	cwt.	...	...
<i>Silks.</i>				<i>Chemicals, Chemical and Medicinal Preparations.</i>			
Broad stuffs, viz. :				Alkali	cwt.	...	...
Silk and satin	value	...	...	Acids :			
Velvet, plain or figured, wholly of silk	"	...	...	Asetic	value	...	...
Handkerchiefs, scarfs, and shawls	"	...	...	Muriatic	"	...	...
Lace and other materials	"	...	...	Oxalic	"	...	...
Ribbons, silk and satin	"	...	...	Powdered chronic Sulphuric	"	...	...
Ribbons, other kinds	"	...	...	Bleaching materials	"	...	...
<i>Woollen Manufactures.</i>				Cinchona	lb.	...	...
Blankets	pairs	...	...	Chloroform	"	...	...
Carpets, not being rugs	yards.	...	...	Gas oxygen	value	...	...
Flannel	"	...	...	Liquorice	cwt.	...	...
Hosiery of wool	value	...	...	Manures (chemical)	tons	...	...
<i>Metals.</i>				Soda	value	...	...
Brass, bronze, and metal, bronzed or lacquered	cwt.	...	...	Narcotic	"	...	...
Brassware	"	...	...	Opium	lb.	...	...
Copperware	"	...	...	Senna leaves	cwt.	...	...
Coin :				<i>Arms and Ammunitions.</i>			
Of silver, British	oz. troy	...	...	Guns, single-barrelled	number	...	...
" Foreign	"	...	...	Guns, double-barrelled	"	...	...
Of gold, British	"	...	...	Pistols, single-barrelled	"	...	...
" Foreign	"	...	...	Pistols, double-barrelled and revolvers	"	...	...
Electric lighting apparatus or parts thereof	value	...	...	Rifles, single-barrelled	"	...	...
Girder, beam and pillar	tons	...	...	Rifles, double-barrelled and revolvers	"	...	...
Hardware	cwt.	...	...	Bullets	value	...	...
Leadware	"	...	...	Cartridges	"	...	...
Leaf of gold	value	...	...	Fuze	"	...	...
Leaf not of gold	"	...	...	Gun flints	"	...	...
Pewterware	"	...	...	Gun locks	"	...	...
Printing materials	"	...	...	Gun waddings	"	...	...
Soldering fluid	"	...	...	Gunpowder	lb.	...	...
Sewing machine	number	...	...	Blasting powder	"	...	...
Tea lead	tons	...	...	Dynamite detonators	value	...	...
Tea solder	"	...	...	Percussion caps	"	...	...
Tinware	value	...	...	Shots	cwt.	...	...
Tanks, iron	number	...	...	Stores, Government	value	...	...
Wire of iron and steel (except telegraph wire)	cwt.	...	...	Bags and sacks, empty	number	...	...
Zincware	"	...	...	Books, printed	cwt.	...	...
Plate, viz. :				Candles of all description	"	...	...
Of gold	oz. troy	...	...	Caoutchouc, manufactures of	value	...	...
Of silver gilt or ungilt	"	...	...	Carriages, railway and parts thereof	"	...	...
Plated and giltware	value	...	...	Cement	tons	...	...
<i>Machinery and Millwork.</i>				Cordages, cables, and twine	cwt.	...	...
Agricultural	value	...	...	Earthen and chinaware and red pottery	"	...	...
Locomotive	"	...	...		
Other descriptions	"	...	...		

	Quantity.	Value.	Duty.		Quantity.	Value.	Duty.
		Rs. c.	Rs. c.			Rs. c.	Rs. c.
Furniture, cabinet and upholsterywares	value	...	...	Flowers, artificial	value	...	...
Glass of all descriptions	cwt.	...	...	Haberdashery	"	...	...
Leather, unwrought	lb.	...	...	Hats or bonnets :			
Leather, wrought (except boots and shoes)	"	...	...	Of straw	dozens	...	...
Oil and floor cloth (including indiarubber cloth)	sq. yds.	...	...	Of felt	"	...	...
Painter's colours	value	...	...	Of other materials	"	...	...
Paper of all description	cwt.	...	...	Jewellery	value	...	...
Rags and other materials for making paper	tons	...	...	Umbrellas and parasols	"	...	...
Saddlery and harness	value	...	...		
Skins and furs	number	...	...	9.—MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES.			
Soap	cwt.	...	...	Animals :			
Stationery other than paper	value	...	...	Asses	number	...	...
<i>Apparel and Articles of Personal use.</i>				Dogs	"	...	...
Apparel	value	...	...	Horses, ponies, stallions, geldings, and mares	"	...	...
Apparel, regimental	"	...	...	Monkeys	"	...	...
Beads of all sorts	lb.	...	...	Plants, sbrubs, trees, and flower root	value	...	...
Buttons and studs not of metal	gross	...	...	Seeds :			
Embroidery and needle-work	value	...	...	Clover and grass	cwt.	...	...
				Cotton	tons	...	...
				Coffee	cwt.	...	...
				Garden	lb.	...	...
				Flax or linseed	quarter	...	...
				Rape	"	...	...
				Tea	lb.	...	...

Revised List of Exported Articles.

	Quantity.	Value.	Duty.		Quantity.	Value.	Duty.
		Rs. c.	Rs. c.			Rs. c.	Rs. c.
1.—ANIMALS, LIVING.							
Bears	number	...	...	Hops	cwt.	...	...
Cheetahs	"	...	...	Ice	tons	...	...
Elephants	"	...	...	Malt liquor in bottles	gallons	...	...
Horses	"	...	...	Malt liquor in wood	"	...	...
<i>Animals, living, for Food.</i>				Oilmanstores	value	...	...
Bulls	number	...	...	Provisions	"	...	...
Calves	"	...	...	Salt	cwt.	...	...
Cows	"	...	...	Sodawater and lemonade	dozens	...	...
Deer	"	...	...	Spirits :			
Goats	"	...	...	Arrack	gallons	...	...
Oxen	"	...	...	Brandy	"	...	...
Sheep and lambs	"	...	...	Whiskey	"	...	...
Swine	"	...	...	Sugarcandy, refined	cwt.	...	...
2.—ARTICLES OF FOOD AND DRINK.				Sugarcandy, unrefined	"	...	...
Bechê-de-mer	cwt.	...	...	Sugarcandy, palm and jag-gery	"	...	...
Birds' nests	value	...	...	Tea	lb.	...	...
Beer and ale	gallons	...	...	Tobacco :			
Biscuits and bread	cwt.	...	...	Cigars	"	...	...
Cacao	lb.	...	...	Manufactured	"	...	...
Coffee, viz.:				Unmanufactured	"	...	...
Liberian	lb.	...	...	Vinegar	gallons	...	...
Native	"	...	...	Wine, French, in bottles	"	...	...
Plantation	"	...	...	Wine, French, in wood	"	...	...
Confectionery and preserves	cwt.	...	...	Wine, Spanish, in bottles	"	...	...
Curry stuffs	"	...	...	Wine, Spanish, in wood	"	...	...
Fish, cured and salted	"	...	...	3.—RAW MATERIALS.			
Flour, wheat	"	...	...	Coal, coke, and patent fuels	tons	...	...
Fruits, fresh :				For textile manufactures :			
Mangoes	value	...	...	Cotton wool	cwt.	...	...
Pineapples	"	...	...	Flax	"	...	...
Cocoanuts	number	...	...	Hemp	"	...	...
Fruits preserved :				Jute	"	...	...
Dried	cwt.	...	...	4.—ARTICLES MANUFACTURED AND PARTLY MANUFACTURED.			
Preserved without sugar	lb.	...	...	(a) Yarns and Textile Fabrics.			
Succades including all fruits and vegetable preserved in sugar	cwt.	...	...	Cotton yarn and twist, gray	lb.	...	...
Ghee	"	...	...	Cotton twist, bleached and dyed	"	...	...
Grain :				Cotton Manufactures :			
Fine grain	bushels	...	...	Piece goods, including unbleached gray	yards	...	...
Gram	"	...	...	Piece goods, bleached, white	"	...	...
Indian corn	"	...	...	Piece goods, printed	"	...	...
Paddy	"	...	...	Piece goods, dyed	"	...	...
Peas	"	...	...		
Rice	"	...	...		
Wheat	"	...	...		
Honey	cwt.	...	...		

	Quantity.	Value. Rs. c.	Duty. Rs. c.		Quantity.	Value. Rs. c.	Duty. Rs. c.
Piece goods, mixed materials	yards	...	...	Gallnuts	...	cwt.	...
Piece goods, muslins	"	...	...	Medicine	...	"	...
Piece goods, other muslins...	"	...	...	Nux vomica	...	"	...
Piece goods, lace and patent net,,	...	...	...	Dyes :			
<i>Hosiery, Cotton, or of Cotton mixed with other Materials.</i>				Annatto seed	...	cwt.	...
Linen yarn	lb.	...	...	Bixi, dye	...	"	...
Linen manufactures	yards	...	...	Cutch or terrajaponica	...	tons	...
Linen stockings and socks...	doz. pairs	...	...	Dye wood and root	...	cwt.	...
Linen, other kinds	value	...	...	Divi	...	"	...
Silks :				Orchilla weeds	...	"	...
Broad stuffs	value	...	...	Saltpetre	...	"	...
Handkerchiefs, scarfs, and shawls	"	...	...	Sapanwood	...	"	...
Lace and other materials...	"	...	...	Tanners' bark	...	"	...
Ribbons, silk and satin	"	...	...		
Ribbons, other kinds	"	...	...	(f) All other Articles.			
Silk and satin	"	...	...	Arms and ammunitions	...	No. and value	...
Woollen manufactures :				Beeswax	...	lb.	...
Blankets	pairs	...	...	Blacking	...	value	...
Carpets, not rugs	yards	...	...	Boats and canoes	...	number	...
Flannel	"	...	...	Books and maps, printed	...	"	...
Hosiery of wool	value	...	...	Cacao leaves	...	cwt.	...
(b) Metals and Articles Manufactured therefrom, except Machinery.				Cadjans	...	value	...
Brassware	cwt.	...	...	Carts and carriages	...	"	...
Copper or sheathing	"	...	...	Casks and shooks	...	"	...
Cutlery and hardware	value	...	...	Cement	...	cwt.	...
Leadware	cwt.	...	...	Chanks	...	number	...
Net	"	...	...	Clocks and watches	...	value	...
Plated and giltwares	value	...	...	Cocconut shells	...	"	...
Tinware	"	...	...	Cocconut husks	...	cwt.	...
Zincware	cwt.	...	...	Coir fibre	...	"	...
Bar, flat, iron	tons	...	...	Coir manufactures	...	"	...
Cast iron	"	...	...	Coir rope	...	"	...
Galvanised iron	"	...	...	Coir yarn	...	"	...
Hoop iron	"	...	...	Copperah	...	"	...
Irons	cwt.	...	...	Coral stones	...	tons	...
Lead sheet, pipe, and pig	tons	...	...	Corks	...	lb.	...
Steel, cast	"	...	...	Cotton waste	...	cwt.	...
Tank iron	number	...	...	Cowries and shells	...	"	...
Tea lead	tons	...	...	Crackers	...	value	...
Tea solder	"	...	...	Curiosities	...	"	...
Tea soldering fluid	value	...	...	Dammar	...	cwt.	...
Plumbago	cwt.	...	...	Drawing materials	...	value	...
Talc	"	...	...	Earthenware	...	cwt.	...
Bullion :				Fancy articles	...	value	...
Of gold	oz. troy	...	...	Furniture	...	"	...
Of silver	"	...	...	Guns, single-baralled	...	number	...
Coin :				Glassware and glass	...	cwt.	...
Gold, British	"	...	...	Grass, mana	...	lb.	...
Silver "	"	...	...	Gum	...	cwt.	...
(c) Machinery and Millwork.				Gunnies and twine	...	No. & cwt.	...
Agricultural	value	...	...	Hemp	...	cwt.	...
Locomotive	"	...	...	Horns of sorts	...	"	...
Other descriptions	"	...	...	Instruments, viz. :			
(d) Apparel and Articles of Personal use.				Musical	...	value	...
Apparel, wearing	value	...	...	Scientific	...	"	...
Haberdashery and millinery, including embroidery and needlework	"	...	...	Ivory	...	cwt.	...
Hats or bonnets :				Kitul fibre	...	"	...
Of felt	dozens	...	...	Kitul rope	...	"	...
Other materials	"	...	...	Lime and clay	...	"	...
Of straw	"	...	...	Marine stores	...	"	...
Jewellery and personal ornaments	value	...	...	Marmel waters	...	"	...
Leather, boots and shoes	doz. pairs	...	...	Matches	...	value	...
Umbrellas and parasols	value	...	...	Mats, bags, and baskets	...	number	...
Farinaceous substances and manufactures thereof	value	...	...	Merchandise	...	value	...
Birds' feathers for beds or otherwise	cwt.	...	...	Oils :			
Birds' feathers, ornamental	oz. & lb.	...	...	Cinnamon	...	oz.	...
(e) Chemical and Medicinal Preparations.				Cinnamon leaf	...	"	...
Arrapo	cwt.	...	...	Citronella	...	"	...
Cinchona bark	lb.	...	...	Cocconut	...	cwt.	...
Croton seed	cwt.	...	...	Essential	...	value	...
				Fish	...	cwt.	...
				Kerosine	...	gallons	...
				Lemon grass	...	oz.	...
				Vegetable	...	cwt.	...
				Painters' materials	...	value	...
				Paper	...	cwt.	...
				Pearls and precious stones...	...	value	...
				Perfumery	...	"	...
				Plants, shrubs, trees, and flower-root	...	"	...

	Quantity.	Value.	Duty.		Quantity.	Value.	Duty.
		Rs. c.	Rs. c.			Rs. c.	Rs. c.
Poonac	... cwt.	...	...	Ginger	... cwt.	...	...
Punnai or domba nuts	... "	...	...	Nutmeg	... lb.	...	...
Prints, engravings, and photographs	... value	...	...	Pepper	... cwt.	...	...
Railway materials	... "	...	...	Vanilla	... lb.	...	...
Rattan and rattan mats, bags, and baskets	... number	...	...	Pitch	... cwt.	...	...
Rugs	... value	...	...	Rosin	... "	...	...
Seeds, viz. :				Stationery other than paper	value	...	...
Coffee	... cwt.	...	...	Statues	... number	...	...
Gingelly	... "	...	...	Skins of sorts	... value	...	...
Tea	... "	...	...	Stores, Government	... "	...	...
Skins, viz. :				Tallow and grease	... cwt.	...	...
Dressed	... cwt.	...	...	Tar	... barrels	...	...
Undressed	... "	...	...	Wood and timber :			
Saddlery and harness	... value	...	...	Ebony	... cwt.	...	...
Seeds for extracting oil therefrom	... cwt.	...	...	Halmilla	... logs	...	...
Shark fins	... "	...	...	Ironwood	... "	...	...
Soap	... "	...	...	Sandalwood	... cwt.	...	...
Specimens illustrative of Natural History	... value	...	...	Satinwood	... "	...	...
Spices :				Teakwood	... logs	...	...
Cinnamon	... lb.	...	...	Woods of sorts :			
Cinnamon leaves	... value	...	...	Coconut laths and rafters	number	...	...
Cardamoms	... lb.	...	...	Kitul laths and rafters	... "	...	...
Clove and mace	... "	...	...	Laths and rafters	... "	...	...
				Palmyrah laths and rafters	... "	...	...
				Tortoise-shell	... lb.	...	...
				Toys	... value	...	...

Reduction in Telegraph Rates.

ON and after the 1st of July Deferred Messages will be abolished, and the following rates will be charged for the transmission of Urgent and Ordinary Telegrams :—

Urgent.—80 cents for eight words, exclusive of address, and 10 cents for each additional word.
Ordinary.—40 cents for eight words, and 5 cents for each additional word.

Press TELEGRAMS will be charged as heretofore :—

Urgent.

For a group of 30 words or less Re. 1.
 For every additional group of 10 words or less 50 cents.

A single press telegram must not exceed 100 words.

Ordinary.

Between 6 A.M. and 6 P.M.
 For a group of 80 words or less Re. 1.
 For every additional group of 40 words or less 50 cents.

Between 6 P.M. and 6 A.M.
 For a group of 120 words or less Re. 1.
 For every additional 60 words or less 50 cents.

General Post Office,
 Colombo, June 20, 1892.

T. SKINNER,
 Postmaster-General.

THE Rakpahawatta Bridge on the 11th mile, Biyagama road, will be closed to traffic for six days from the 11th to 16th July, 1892 (both days inclusive), in order that the necessary repairs may be carried out.

Public Works Department,
 Colombo, July 6, 1892.

R. D. ORMSBY,
 for Director of Public Works.

NOTICES CALLING FOR TENDERS.

IT is hereby notified that the notice of the 27th ultimo, calling for tenders for the supply of Lime during 1892 to the Colonial Store, which appeared in the *Gazette* of the 1st instant, has been withdrawn.

H. L. CRAWFORD,
Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, July 6, 1892.
for Colonial Secretary.

SEALED Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for provisioning Hospitals," will be received by the Hon. the Colonial Secretary, at his office up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, August 1, 1892, from persons willing to contract for supplies for the use of the under-mentioned Government District Hospital for one year from date of acceptance of the tender :—

	Security if in Landed Property.	Security if in Cash.
	Rs.	Rs.
District Hospital, Neboda ...	250	200

2. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals, or to the Medical Officer in charge of the Hospital, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognised form, and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

3. Every tenderer will be required to make a deposit (on applying for forms) of Rs. 25; and should any person

decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned after the contract has been signed. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form as his authority for making the issue. In stations where there are no kachcheries, the deposit must be made to the Medical Officer in charge of the Hospital.

4. When required, samples must be deposited.
5. Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount of security is given opposite the name of the station. When required, title deeds or cash must be deposited. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be subject to the approval of the Attorney-General, but may be drawn by the tenderer's own lawyers.

6. Any further information can be obtained on application to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals.

7. All alterations, erasures, &c., in the tender must bear the initials of the tenderer, otherwise the tender will be treated as informal.

8. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

H. L. CRAWFORD,
Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, July 6, 1892.
for Colonial Secretary.

SALES OF UNSERVICEABLE ARTICLES.

NOTICE is hereby given that at 2.30 P.M. on Saturday, August 20, 1892, will be sold by public auction the following articles lying at the Public Works Department Store, Badulla :—

- | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 5 augers of sorts | 27 hammers, miners' |
| 1 axe | 1 iron padlock |
| 1 axe, felling | 3 lanterns, hand |
| 8 barrels, tar, empty | 434 mamoties |
| 20 bill-hooks and coytas | 6 masons' spirit levels |
| 1 bucket, water (wooden) | 2 oilstones |
| 95 buckets, water, galvanised iron | 29 packing cases |
| 1 bucket, pail | 579 pickaxes |
| 33 brushes, whitewashing | 6 planes of sorts |
| 9 brushes, tar | 35 planes, iron, bits |
| 9 brushes, paint | 6 powder canisters, tin |
| 95 cans, tin | 8 porowas |
| 20 cans, iron | 25 rakes |
| 5 cases, tin, check-roll | 14 rammers, copper-tipped |
| 3 casks (wooden) | 1 rasp |
| 34 chisels of sorts | 1 saw, set |
| 2 crucibles | 6 sieves |
| 59 files of sorts | 4 shovels and spades |
| 10 files, red | 1 tape of 50 ft. |
| 1 glazier's diamond | 4 tongs, smiths' |
| 3 grinding stones | 2 tubs, water |
| 1 gauge, metal piping | 1 tub, feeding |
| 1 hammer, claw | 3 trowels, masons' |
| 1 hammer, screw | 1 turnerscrew |
| 213 hammers, hand | 1 turning tool, set, pieces |
| 23 hammers, sledge, iron | 1 vice, hand |
| 17 hammers, sledge, steel | 12 wedges, iron |
| | 1 square iron, figured |

A. W. TAFFS,
for Director of Public Works.
Public Works Department,
Colombo, July 6, 1892.

at the Welikada Jail premises the following un-serviceable articles belonging to the Welikada Jail :—

- | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 2 axes, felling | 1 ink pad |
| 1 barrel, tar | 1 kettle, tin |
| 74 batons | 46 kegs, latrine |
| 6 boxes, dry-earth | 6 knives, kitchen, of sorts |
| 1 boiler, iron | 22 latrine pans |
| 8 buckets of sorts | 1 lime squeezer |
| 6 boxes, latrine | 2 ladles, rice |
| 1 bill-hook | 1 lamp, Caves' duplex |
| 7 capes | 2 lamps, hurricane |
| 2 casks, water | 2 measures, ounce |
| 2 cat-o'-nine tails | 1 measure, bushel |
| 41 chains, prisoners' | 4 measures, rice, soft congee |
| 2 carts, iron, hand | 5 measures, rice, galvanised |
| 2 chairs, arm | 7 measures, rice, of sorts |
| 16 chisels of sorts | 2 measures, quart |
| 6 chisels, turners' | 3 measures, tea |
| 2 cots, wooden | 20 padlocks of sorts |
| 11 chamber pots, zinc | 58 pints, tin |
| 20 combs, iron | 20 planes, iron, of sorts |
| 2 crowbars | 52 plates, tin |
| 4 cattles | 2 scales with beams |
| 2 closet seats | 5 spectacles, glass |
| 2 crutches | 3 spoons, tin, latrine |
| 1 cauldron | 4 pairs scissors, ordinary |
| 5 carbolic acid sprinklers | 1 spoon, tin, kitchen |
| 1 digester, meat | 51 ticket-holders, cells |
| 10 filter stands | 1 trowel, mason's |
| 21 files of sorts | 4 tubs, iron, urinal |
| 3 funnels, oil | 4 triangular gauges, metal |
| 11 funnels, urinal | 5 trays, dinner |
| 760 hammer handles | 4 tubs, wooden, urinal |
| 3 hammers, sledge | 10 thimbles |
| 36 hammers, stone-breaking | 2 tubs, hand |
| 4 handcuffs, cap | |
| 8 handcuffs, swivel | |

Convict Establishment,
Colombo, June 24, 1892. H. LLOYD,
Assistant Superintendent.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Monday, August 1, 1892, at 12 o'clock noon, will be sold by public

ROAD COMMITTEE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for the construction of the under-mentioned road, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, 1874," have assessed the proportion due by each estate interested in the construction of the said road, as follows:—

NORWOOD-UPCOT ROAD.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs. c.
Government moiety ... Rs. 47,232			
Private contribution ... ,, 47,232			
1st section from Norwood to Stockholm boundary, 4.23 lines.			
Acreage, 5,321—Moiety of cost, Rs. 18,054.50—			
Rate, 3.3931c.—Total rate, 3.3931c.			
Amount.			
Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs. c.
R. Cotesworth	... Stockholm	... 284	... 963 64
2nd section from Stockholm boundary to Mahagalla, 5.15 lines.			
Acreage, 5,037—Moiety of cost, Rs. 5,184—			
Rate, 1.0291c.—Total rate, 4.4222c.			
W. Agar	... Mahagalla	... 290	... 1,282 44
3rd section from Mahagalla boundary to Mahanillu, 6.08 lines.			
Acreage, 4,747—Moiety of cost, Rs. 7,100—			
Rate, 1.4957c.—Total rate, 5.9179c.			
C. P. Hayes	... Mahanillu	... 290	... 1,716 26
4th section from Mahanillu boundary to Kahagalla, 6.14 lines.			
Acreage, 4,457—Moiety of cost, Rs. 1,106.50—			
Rate, 0.2482c.—Total rate, 6.1661c.			
C. Mortimer	... Kahagalla	... 245	... 1,510 80
5th section from Kahagalla boundary to Gauravella, 7.0 lines.			
Acreage, 4,212—Moiety of cost, Rs. 4,972.50—			
Rate, 1.1806c.—Total rate, 7.3467c.			
C. S. Agar	... Gauravella	... 506	... 3,717 48
6th section from Gauravella boundary to the end of bridge, 7.07 lines.			
Acreage, 3,706—Moiety of cost, Rs. 3,737.50—			
Rate, 1.0085c.—Total rate, 8.3562c.			
C. E. Weldon	... Alton	... 225	... 1,879 92
Do.	... Beaconsfield	... 168	... 1,403 70
W. D. Blair Brown	... Blairavon	... 177	... 1,478 90
T. P. Williams	... Minna	... 268	... 2,239 20
7th section from the end of the bridge to Upcot boundary, 7.49 lines.			
Acreage, 2,868—Moiety of cost, Rs. 5,430—			
Rate, 1.8933c.—Total rate, 10.2485c.			
Captain Toller	... Scarborough	... 276	... 2,828 60
J. G. Macfarlane	... Ormidale	... 350	... 3,586 97

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs. c.
D. J. Macgregor	... Ladbrooke	... 208	... 2,131 69
E. Mortimer	... Cleveland	... 184	... 1,885 75
Captain Toller	... Anandale	... 285	... 2,920 82
8th section from Upcot boundary to the end of the road, 8.07 lines.			
Acreage, 1,565—Moiety of cost, Rs. 1,645—			
Rate, 1.0511c.—Total rate, 11.2996c.			
R. Collinson	... Caledonia & Mariacotta	... 409	... 4,621 54
Do.	... Suriakanda	... 221	... 2,497 21
F. G. A. Lane	... Fairlawn	... 297	... 3,355 98
J. Clarke	... Glencoe	... 208	... 2,350 32
D. G. Macgregor	... Mincinglane	... 198	... 2,237 32
C. E. Weldon	... Upcot	... 232	... 2,621 51
			47,230 0

Which sums the proprietors, managers, or agents of the several estates are hereby required to pay into the Colonial Treasury, Colombo, on or before July 30, 1892.

J. J. THORBURN,
for Chairman.

Provincial Road Committee's Office,
Kandy, June 17, 1892.

NOTICE is hereby given that in terms of the 18th clause of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, 1874," a meeting of the proprietors or resident managers of estates in the districts of Dolosbage and Yakdessa will be held at Hillside Factory on Saturday, July 16, 1892, at 2 o'clock P.M., to determine the assessment of estates to meet the estimate for the upkeep of the Dolosbage road for 1892, and at the same time and place the Committee will take evidence, if necessary, and receive and consider objections and suggestions.

J. GORDON WHITE,
Chairman, Local Committee, Dolosbage.
Hillside, Nāwalapitiya,
June 16, 1892.

APPLICATIONS will be received till the 20th instant by the Chairman, Provincial Road Committee, North-Western Province, for the post of Head Clerk of the District Road Committee of Puttalam.

Salary Rs. 720 per annum.
Candidates must possess a thorough knowledge of Sinhalese in addition to other qualifications.

W. E. THORPE,
Provincial Road Committee's Office, for Secretary.
Kurunégala, July 5, 1892.

NOTICES IN TESTAMENTARY ACTIONS.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Order Nisi.

No. C/227. In the Matter of the Goods and Chattels of Pana Lana Muttappa Chetty, of Oligampatti in Southern India, and some time of Weweldeniya in Ceylon, deceased.

Kuna Puna Mena Walathappa Chetty, of Sea street in Colombo Petitioner.
Supramanian, alias Mukappa Chetty, of Oligampatti in Southern India Respondent.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before Dodwell F. Browne, Esq., Acting District Judge of Colombo, on the 16th day of June, 1892, in the presence of T. D.

Mack, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Kuna Puna Mena Walathappa Chetty, of Sea street in Colombo; and the affidavit of the said Kuna Puna Mena Walathappa Chetty, dated 6th June, 1892, and of Payna Peria Carpen Chetty, dated 3rd June, 1892, having been read: It is ordered that the said Kuna Puna Mena Walathappa Chetty be and he is hereby declared entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of Pana Lana Muttappa Chetty, deceased, issued to him as creditor, unless the respondent above-named shall, on or before the 28th day of July, 1892, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

D. F. BROWNE,
Acting District Judge.

The 16th day of June, 1892.

NOTICES OF INSOLVENCY.

In the District Court of Colombo.

No. 1,763. In the matter of the insolvency of M. L. Saraye Lebbe, of Colombo.

NOTICE is hereby given that an assignee will be appointed in the above matter at the first sitting of this court which will be held on July 21, 1892.

By order of court,
J. B. MISSEO,
Secretary.

Colombo, June 21, 1892.

No. 1,763. In the matter of the insolvency of M. L. Saraye Lebbe, of Colombo.

NOTICE is hereby given that the first and second sittings of this court in the above matter will be held on July 21 and August 11, 1892.

By order of court,
J. B. MISSEO,
Secretary.

Colombo, June 21, 1892.

No. 1,769. In the matter of the insolvency of Pana Uduma Lebbe, of Colombo.

NOTICE is hereby given that the second sitting of this court in the above matter will be held on July 21, 1892.

By order of court,
J. B. MISSEO,
Secretary.

Colombo, June 21, 1892.

No. 1,762. In the matter of the insolvency of Hector Cross Buchanan and Frederic William Bois, as partners in the firm of Alstons, Scott & Company, and as individuals.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of creditors in above matter will be held at the sitting of this court on July 14, 1892, to consider and give directions to the assignee regarding an application made to him by Messrs. G. A. Dick and William Hudson to join in a deed to be executed by them in favour of Bois Brothers & Company (hypothecating the crops and produce of the Ragalla and Halgran-oya estates for obtaining advances for carrying on the cultivation of the said estates for a further period of one year from August 1, 1892), and to postpone in favour of the said Bois Brothers & Company the hypothecation of the crops and produce of the said Ragalla and Halgran-oya estates effected by the said G. A. Dick and William Hudson in favour of the insolvents.

By order of court,
H. E. DE SILVA,
for Secretary.

Colombo, June 27, 1892.

No. 1,762. In the matter of the insolvency of Hector Cross Buchanan and Frederic William Bois, as partners in the firm of Alstons, Scott & Company, and as individuals.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of creditors in above matter will be held at the sitting of this court on July 21, 1892, for the purpose of considering the terms and conditions of sale of the following property, to wit, $\frac{1}{2}$ shares of and in the Harrington estate in Dimbulla.

By order of court,
H. E. DE SILVA,
for Secretary.

Colombo, June 27, 1892.

No. 1,762.

In the matter of the insolvency of Hector Cross Buchanan and Frederic William Bois, as partners in the firm of Alstons, Scott & Company, and as individuals.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of creditors in above matter will be held at the sitting of this court on August 11, 1892, for the purpose of considering the terms and conditions of sale of the following property :—

First.—All those the lands, houses, buildings, stores, and premises called and known as the Hunupitiya Mills and Muirburn Lodge, comprising the following allotments of land, to wit :—

1. All that allotment of land with the buildings thereon, situated at Maradana Cinnamon Gardens, containing in extent 6 acres 3 roods and 15 perches, Government title plan No. 50,155.

2. All that allotment of land with the buildings thereon, situated in Maradana aforesaid, containing in extent 1 acre 2 roods and 33 perches, Government title plan No. 51,408.

3. All that allotment of land with the buildings thereon, situated in Maradana aforesaid, containing in extent 1 acre 2 roods and 27 perches, Government title plan No. 51,409.

Second.—All that allotment of land with the buildings thereon, called and known as Lynn Bank, situated at Polwatta in Maradana aforesaid, containing in extent 1 acre and 25 perches, Government title plan No. 51,411.

By order of court,
J. B. MISSEO,
Secretary.

Colombo, July 7, 1892.

No. 1,762. In the matter of the insolvency of Hector Cross Buchanan and Frederic William Bois, as partners in the firm of Alstons, Scott & Company, and as individuals.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the creditors in above matter will be held at the sitting of this court on August 11, 1892, for the purpose of considering and giving directions to the assignee respecting the following offers to purchase received by him from Messrs. Bois Brothers and Company of Colombo, viz. :—

1. An offer of Rs. 4,181.62 for the whole of the household furniture and other effects, &c., of every description lying at Muirburn House, Cinnamon Gardens, Colombo;

2. An offer of Rs. 1,432 for the whole of the office furniture and fittings, &c., of every description lying at the offices in Queen street, Fort, Colombo.

3. An offer of Rs. 250 for the whole stock of stationery belonging to the insolvent estate.

And also for giving directions respecting the sale of the whole of the plant, furniture, and fittings lying at the Hunupitiya Mills in the Cinnamon Gardens.

By order of court,
J. B. MISSEO,
Secretary.

Colombo, July 7, 1892.

No. 1,762. In the matter of the insolvency of Hector Cross Buchanan and Frederic William Bois, as partners in the firm of Alstons, Scott & Company, and as individuals.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of creditors in above matter will be held at the sitting of this court on August 11, 1892, for the purpose of considering the terms and conditions of sale of all those offices, buildings and tenements No. 11, situated in King street, now Queen street, in the Fort of Colombo.

By order of court,
J. B. MISSEO,
Secretary.

Colombo, July 7, 1892.

No. 1,767. In the matter of the insolvency of Collin Henry Toussaint, of Colombo.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the creditors of the above-named insolvent will take place at the sitting of this court on July 14, 1892, to prove further claims.

By order of court,

H. E. DE SILVA,

for Secretary.

Colombo, July 5, 1892.

In the District Court of Kandy.

No. 1,318. In the matter of the insolvency of Reginald M. Knight, of Annfield, Dikoya.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the creditors of the above-named insolvent will take place at the

sitting of this court on July 22, 1892, to file the assignee's account and to declare a dividend.

By order of court,

A. SANTIAGO,

Secretary.

Colombo, July 1, 1892.

In the District Court of Galle.

No. 241. In the matter of the insolvency of Mira Lebbe Markar Hadji Mahomed Ibrahim, of Kumbalwella.

NOTICE is hereby given that the second sitting of this court has this day been adjourned to July 29, 1892, of which creditors are hereby required to take notice.

By order of court,

E. M. D' COSTA,

Acting Secretary.

Galle, July 1, 1892.

NOTICES OF FISCALS' SALES.

Western Province.

In the District Court of Colombo.

John Fernando, of Kochchikade, Colombo..... Plaintiff.
No. 403/C. Vs.

1, Archibald Campbell; 2, Theresa Campbell, his wife; 3, Mahamet Rumlie Mutaliph; 4, Casim; and 5, Abdul Mutaliph, son of third defendant..... Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Monday, August 1, 1892, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said second defendant in the following property, viz.:-

All that house and ground bearing assessment No. 61, situated at Second Cross street in the Pettah of Colombo; bounded on the east by the house bearing assessment No. 60, on the north by road called Second Cross street, on the south by the property of Mr. Godlich, and on the west by the house bearing assessment No. 62, containing in extent 5 square perches more or less.

J. S. DRIEBERG,
Deputy Fiscal.

Fiscal's Office,
Colombo, July 6, 1892.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Samuel Tappan Muttiah, of Colombo..... Plaintiff.
No. C/2,312. Vs.

Mahamarakkalage Abraham Fernando, of Colombo..... Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Tuesday, August 2, 1892, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the following property, viz.:-

All that piece or portion of land with the buildings standing thereon, bearing assessment No. 40, situated in the Government Cinnamon Gardens in Maradana, within the gravets of Colombo, Western Province; and bounded on the north by the remaining portion of the same land, on the south by M. Rudd's property, on the east by the high road, and on the north-west by the lake, containing in extent 1 rood and 6.94 square perches, specially mortgaged by the defendant with the plaintiff by deed No. 1,176 dated May 12, 1891.

Fiscal's Office,
Colombo, July 6, 1892.

J. S. DRIEBERG,
Deputy Fiscal.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Avena Vana Kana Runa Carpen Chetty..... Plaintiff.
No. 1,344. Vs.

C. S. C. Vanderstraatan, of Kalutara Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Saturday, July 30, 1892, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises, for the recovery of Rs. 3,102.50, with interest at 18 per cent. per annum on Rs. 2,102.50 from April 13, 1890, and on Rs. 1,000 from May 18, 1891, and costs of this action Rs. 171.12½, less Rs. 232.50 paid by defendant on account of interest, and Rs. 477.75 recovered by sale, viz.:-

An allotment of land called Kalugahabena, situated at Tudugala in the Iddagoda pattu of Pasdum korale; bounded on the north-east by reservation along the path, south-east by Kahatagahabena watta claimed by H. Sanchi and Gonadillakanda, south-west by Gonadillakanda and north-west by Gonadillekanda and land described in plan 11,918, and containing in extent 28 acres 2 roods and 14 perches; mortgaged and hypothecated with the plaintiff by bond dated September 13, 1889, as a primary mortgage, and by bond dated March 19, 1890, as a secondary mortgage, and the same is hereby declared specially bound and executable for the said decree on the footing of the said primary and secondary mortgages; and the right, title, and interest of the defendant in and to the same at the date of the aforesaid mortgage.

H. W. BRODHURST,
Deputy Fiscal.

Deputy Fiscal's Office,
Kalutara, July 5, 1892.

Northern Province.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

Eliza Speldewinde, of Jaffna..... Plaintiff.
No. 22,666. Vs.

Vayitiyampillai Yanamuttu, of Jaffna..... Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Tuesday, August 2, 1892, commencing at about 10 o'clock in the forenoon, will be sold by public auction on the land hereinafter described the right, title, and interest of the said defendant in the following property, for the recovery of the sum of rupees one thousand three hundred and two (Rs. 1,302), with interest on Rs. 1,200 at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum from October 15, 1891, until payment

in full, and costs of suit, being Rs. 126-12 and charges, viz.:-

In an undivided 15½ lachams varaku culture, with its appurtenances of a piece of land situated at Karaiyur, called Manutunka Modaliar Valavu, Ariyathuraiyantharai, and Chivanadiyankudiyiruppu, containing or reputed to contain in extent 17½ lachams varaku culture; bounded or reputed to be bounded on the east, north, and west by road, and on the south by a road and by the property of S. Manavatpillai and others.

Fiscal's Office,
Jaffna, June 29, 1892.

G. A. VAN HOUTEN,
for Fiscal.

Southern Province.

In the District Court of Galle.

Caroline de Zoysa Siriwardena, Lama Etena,
executrix of the estate of Sampson de Abrew
Rajapaksa, Gate Mudaliyar Plaintiff.
No. 54,570. Vs.
Sarah de Silva Weerasekara Hamine, widow
of Kaludura Siman Tabrew Appu, and
others, of Kosgoda Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Saturday, July 30, 1892, commencing at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the following property, viz.:-

1. All the fruit trees and soil of 3 acres 1 rood and 7 perches of the tract of land situated at Galwehara in Kosgoda; and bounded on the north-east by Kohilawelakumbura and the land of Gan Acharige Siman, south-east and south by the land appearing in survey figure 53,152 and Crown land, south-west and north-west by Crown lands and Kohilawelakumbura—Rs. 350.

2. One-half part of all the fruit trees and soil of 9 acres 2 roods and 29.36 perches of Kadiragonnewatta, together with ¼ part of the soil of the said land situated at Galwehara; bounded on the north by Paragodaowita, on the east by Badalgewela, Hiddaduragewela, and Kerewewela, south by Kadiragonnekumbura, and west by Galwehara Maradanekurunduwatta, being properties specially mortgaged with the plaintiff in and upon the footing of the bond marked "A" filed with the libel in this case, and dated May 7, 1886, and decreed by the judgment entered in this case specially bound and executable under the said judgment; and the right, title, and interest of the said defendants in and to the said properties at the date of the said mortgage—Rs. 750.

This writ is issued to recover the sum of Rs. 1,188-50, with interest on Rs. 1,000 at 12 per cent. per annum from May 7, 1886.

Deputy Fiscal's Office,
Balapitiya, July 5, 1892.

JOHN T. BLAZÉ,
Deputy Fiscal.

North-Western Province.

In the District Court of Chilaw.

Katpagam, of Pulichchakulam, widow and administratrix of the estate of Muttusamy Marimuttu Pulle, of Pulichchakulam Plaintiff.
No. 251. Vs.
Alie Oeduman Mohammodu Noorden Lebbe,
of Pulichchakulam Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Monday, August 1, 1892, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold

by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendant in the following property, viz.:-

1. Three-fourths share from the garden called Meera Lebbe and Idampulletottam, situated at Pudukudiyiruppu; bounded on the north by the land of Seyanna Moona Segu Waruse and others, on the east by the garden of Asen Meera Lebbe Vidana and by the field, on the south by the land belonging to Meera Lebbe and others, and on the west by the land of Marimuttu Pulle and others.

2. Three-fourths share from the soil and cocoanut trees from the land planted by Ravuthar Pinnatu, situated at do.; bounded on the north by the land of Kawuthar Wawa, on the east by the garden of Alla Pichche and by the fence and garden of the petitioners, on the south by the garden planted by Wawa, and on the west by the garden of Kórala Kadar and others.

On Tuesday, August 2, 1892, commencing at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

3. Three-fourths share from the house and its premises and cocoanut trees standing thereon, situated at Pulichchakulam; bounded on the north and east by Sawalattottam, on the south by the land of Sellamuttu, and on the west by the garden of Anthochchi.

4. Half share from the garden called Puliaditottam, situated at do.; bounded on the north by the tank Pulichchakulam, on the east by the land of Tamby Markkar and Assan Naina Markkar and others, on the south by the half share belonging to Hamidumma, and on the west by the garden of Murrukkai.

5. The garden called Penpulai Nachchia alias Sawalattottam, situated at do.; bounded on the north by the garden of Hamidumma, on the east by the garden in which defendant and others reside, on the south by the garden of Assan Naina Markkar and others, and on the west by the house and premises of the defendant.

6. Three-fourths share from the garden called Palliwasaladi, situated at do.; bounded on north by the path called Serukadelkaraweli, on the east by the fence of the land belonging to the mosque, on the south by the land belonging to the mosque, and on the west by the old mosque and by footpath.

7. One-fourth share from the garden planted by Gaspar, situated at do.; bounded on the north by the garden and fence belonging to Marimuttu and others, on the east by the garden and fence belonging to Marimuttu and others, on the south by the dam of the field of Kadar Saibo Marakar and others, and on the west by the dam of the field of Tamby Marakar.

8. The field called Adayawelendan Senawayal, situated at do.; bounded on the north by the river of Udappu, on the east by waikkal and by the land of Awaram Pitti, on the south by the dam of the field of Wawa Vidane and others, and on the west by Udappu and by the dam of the field of Periya Tamby Marakar.

9. Three-fourths share from the garden called Kusawaditottam, situated at do.; bounded on the north by the fence of the garden of Ladamuttu, on the east by the dam of the field of Tamby Marakar, on the south by the stream of Pudusene, and on the west by the fence of the garden of Omar Tamby and others.

Amount to be levied Rs. 1,537-87, together with interest on Rs. 1,420 at 18 per cent. per annum from December 2, 1890, till payment in full.

Deputy Fiscal's Office,
Chilaw, June 29, 1892.

G. D. THOMSON,
Deputy Fiscal.

UNOFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF BROWN AND COMPANY, LIMITED.

1. THE name of the Company is "Brown & Company, Limited."
2. The registered office of the Company is to be established in Ceylon.
3. The objects for which the Company is established are—

(a) To take over, acquire, and carry on the business now carried on by James Brown, trading under the name of Brown, Rae & Company, Engineer, Merchant, and Storekeeper in Hatton, Dikoya, and Maskeliya, in the Island of Ceylon, together with the goodwill of such business, and the whole or any part of the real and personal, movable and immovable property, and rights held and enjoyed in connection with such business or any of them, and to undertake all or any of the burdens and obligations of the said businesses or any of them.

(b) To carry on in the Island of Ceylon or elsewhere the business of mechanical engineers, moulders, machine and engineering, tool-makers, boiler-makers, mill-wrights, and metal-workers, and also to import, buy, sell, retail, manufacture, and deal in machinery, rolling stock, iron, steel, and metal implements, tools, utensils, fittings, and conveniences of all kinds which can be conveniently dealt in by the Company.

(c) To carry on in the Island of Ceylon or elsewhere the business of merchants, provision dealers, storekeepers, and wine and spirit merchants, and also to import, buy, sell, retail, and deal in provisions, oilmanstores, general goods fancy articles, wines, spirits, and other goods and articles.

(d) To act as and carry on the business of commission and general agents, either in continuation or extension of the businesses carried on by the said Brown, Rae & Company.

(e) To acquire or establish and carry on any other business, manufacturing, shipping, or otherwise, which can be conveniently carried on in connection with any of the Company's general business.

(f) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any real or personal property, and any rights or privileges which the Company may think necessary or convenient with reference to any of these objects and capable of being profitably dealt with in connection with any of the Company's property or rights for the time being, and in particular any land, buildings, easements, concessions, patents, patent rights, or rights of an analogous character, whether British or foreign licenses, secret processes, trademarks, copyrights, engines, machinery, tramways, railways, docks, ships, boats, barges, rolling stock, plant, implements, tools, patterns of all kinds, and stock-in-trade.

(g) To acquire by lease, purchase, or otherwise fields of coal, iron, manganese, lime, fireclay, and other metals, minerals, and substances, including sandstone, and to search for, get, work, raise, make merchantable, sell, and deal in coal, iron, ironstone, brickearth, bricks, and other metals, minerals, and substances.

(h) To manufacture into marketable commodities all residual or bi-products resulting from any manufactures in which the Company may be engaged.

(i) To purchase or otherwise acquire, and undertake all or any part of the business, property, and liabilities of any Corporation or Company, person or persons carrying on any business which this Company is authorised to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the Company.

(j) To amalgamate, unite, or co-operate, either generally or to or for any limited extent or period determinable, continuous, or otherwise with any Corporation, Company, person or persons already or hereafter to be established for or engaged in objects all of which are or shall be within the scope of, or connected with, any of the objects of this Company; and to purchase or acquire the business, or any interest in the business, or in any branch of the business, carried on by any such Corporation, Company, person or persons, and being a business which this Company is authorised to carry on, and for any such purpose to make and enter into any contracts, agreements, or arrangements, and to undertake any liabilities.

(k) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interests, reciprocal concession, or co-operation with any Corporation, Company, person or persons carrying on, or about to carry on, any business which this Company is authorised to carry on, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this Company, and to take or otherwise acquire and hold shares or stock in, or securities of, and to subsidise or otherwise assist any such Company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with such shares or securities.

(l) To pay for any property or business, or services rendered or to be rendered, in shares (to be treated as either wholly or partly paid up) or debentures or debenture stock of the Company, or in money, or partly in shares or debentures or debenture stock, and partly in money.

(m) To sell, lease, let on hire, improve, work, manage, develop, mortgage, dispose of, turn to account, or otherwise deal with all or any of the property and rights of the Company, and to construct, maintain, and alter any buildings, tramways, railways, docks, or works necessary or convenient for the purposes of the Company, and grant licenses to use any inventions belonging to the Company.

(n) To sell the undertaking of the Company or any part thereof for such consideration as the Company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, or securities of any other Company, either formed to acquire the same, or having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this Company.

(o) To promote any other Company for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property, rights and liabilities of the Company, or of advancing, directly or indirectly, the objects or interests thereof, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit this Company, and to take or otherwise acquire and hold shares, stocks, or obligations of any such Company, or any other Company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this Company, and also to purchase, acquire, and hold any interest in, or shares, or stocks of railway companies, dock companies, tramway companies, electric light companies, and any other companies in the United Kingdom, Ceylon, or elsewhere, carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this Company, and to guarantee the payment of any debentures or other securities issued by any such companies, and upon a distribution of assets or division of profits to distribute any such shares, stocks, or obligations amongst the Members of this Company in specie.

(p) To invest, lend, or otherwise deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required, upon such security, or without security, and in such manner as may from time to time be determined, and in particular to lend money to customers and other parties dealing with the Company, and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons.

(g) To borrow or raise money for the purposes of the Company, or receive money on deposit at interest or otherwise, and for the purpose of raising or securing money, or any other purpose, to issue any mortgages, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company, either at par, premium, or discount, and either redeemable or irredeemable, or perpetual, secured upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, rights, and property of the Company, present and future, including uncalled capital or the unpaid calls of the Company, and to exchange or vary from time to time any such securities.

(r) To make, accept, endorse, and execute promissory notes, bills of exchange, and other negotiable instruments,

(s) To apply for and promote any Ordinance, Act of Parliament, order, or other Legislative or legal sanction, either in Ceylon or elsewhere, for enabling the Company to carry any of its objects into effect, or for effecting any modification of the Company's constitution, and to enter into arrangements with any Government or authorities, Supreme, Municipal, local, or otherwise, and to obtain from any such Government or authority all rights, concessions, and privileges that may seem conducive to the Company's objects or any of them.

(t) To procure the Company to be registered, domiciled, or recognised in any foreign country, colony, or place, and to establish and regulate in the United Kingdom, Ceylon, or in the Colonies, or elsewhere abroad, agencies for any of the purposes of the Company.

(u) To provide for the welfare of persons in the employment of the Company, or formerly in their employment, and the widows and children of such persons, and others dependent upon them, by granting money or pensions, providing schools, reading rooms, places of recreation, subscribing to sick or benefit clubs or societies, or otherwise as the Company shall think fit.

(v) To establish and support, or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, or conveniences calculated to benefit persons employed by the Company, or having dealings with the Company, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or any public, general, or useful object.

(w) To do all or any of the above things in the United Kingdom, Ceylon, or elsewhere, either as principals, agents, contractors, or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others, and either by or through agents, sub-contractors, trustees, corporations, or otherwise.

(x) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them, or which may be conveniently carried on and done in connection therewith, or which may be calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of, or render profitable any business or property of the Company.

4. The liability of the Members is limited.

5. The capital of the Company is Rupees five hundred thousand, divided into five hundred shares of rupees one thousand each, with power to increase or reduce. The shares forming the capital (original increased or reduced) of the Company may be divided into such classes, with such preferences and other special incidents, and be held on such terms as may be prescribed by the Articles of Association and Regulations of the Company for the time being or otherwise.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company, in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names:—

Names and Addresses of Subscribers.	Number of Shares taken by each Subscriber.
THOMAS WALKER, Colombo	One
WALTER HAMILTON, Colombo	One
J. A. MANN, Colombo	One
WILLIAM JACKSON, Aberdeen, by his Attorney EDMUND WALKER	One
F. WAY, Colombo	One
JOHN SPICER, Colombo, by his Attorney F. WAY	One
Witness to the above signatures : V. A. JULIUS, Solicitor, Colombo.	
HANNAH H. WALKER, Colombo	One
Witness to the signature of HANNAH H. WALKER : W. JENKINS, Colombo.	

Dated the 27th day of June, 1892.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF BROWN AND COMPANY, LIMITED.

It is agreed as follows:—

1. *Table C not to apply*; *Company to be governed by these Articles*.—The regulations contained in the table C in the schedule annexed to "The Joint Stock Companies Ordinance, 1861," shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these Articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution.

2. *Power to alter the Regulations*.—The Company may, by special resolution, alter and make provisions instead of, or in addition to, any of the regulations of the Company, whether contained and comprised in these Articles or not.

INTERPRETATION.

3. *Interpretation Clause*.—In the interpretation of these presents the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless such meanings be inconsistent with, or repugnant to, the subject or context, viz.:—

Company.—The word "Company" means "Brown and Company, Limited," incorporated, or established by or under the Memorandum of Association to which these Articles are attached.

The Ordinance.—"The Ordinance" means and includes "The Joint Stock Companies Ordinance, 1861," and every other Ordinance from time to time in force concerning Joint Stock Companies which may apply to the Company.

These Presents.—"These Presents" means and includes the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association of the Company from time to time in force.

Capital.—"Capital" means the capital for the time being raised or authorised to be raised for the purposes of the Company.

Shares.—"Shares" means the shares from time to time into which the capital of the Company may be divided.

Shareholder.—"Shareholder" means a Shareholder of the Company.

Presence or Present.—"Presence or Present" at a meeting means presence or present personally or by proxy.

Directors.—"Directors" means the Directors for the time being of the Company or (as the case may be) the Directors assembled at a Board.

Board.—“Board” means a meeting of the Directors or (as the context may require) the Directors assembled at a Board Meeting, acting through at least a quorum of their body in the exercise of authority duly given to them.

Office.—“Office” means the registered office for the time being of the Company.

Seal.—“Seal” means the common seal for the time being of the Company.

Month.—“Month” means a calendar month.

Writing.—“Writing” means lithographed or printed matter or print as well as writing.

Singular and Plural Number.—Words importing the singular number only include the plural, and *vice versa*.

Masculine and Feminine Gender.—Words importing the masculine gender only include the feminine, and *vice versa*.

PRELIMINARY.

Preliminary.—The Company shall forthwith purchase and acquire from James Brown the business now carried on by him in Hatton, Dikoya and Maskeliya, in the Island of Ceylon, together with the goodwill and book debts of such business, the freehold of the store at Hatton, and the leases of the stores at Dikoya and Maskeliya, and the machinery and stock-in-trade thereof, for the sum of rupees three hundred and fifty thousand (Rs. 350,000), of which rupees one hundred and twenty-five thousand (Rs. 125,000) shall be paid by the issue to the said James Brown or his nominee or nominees of one hundred and twenty-five fully paid up shares of the Company.

BUSINESS.

4. **Commencement of Business.**—The Company may proceed to carry on business and to employ and apply its capital as soon after the registration of the Company as the Directors in their discretion shall think fit, and notwithstanding that the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed or applied for or allotted, they shall do so as soon as in the judgment of the Directors a sufficient number of shares shall have been subscribed or applied for.

5. **Business to be carried on by Directors.**—The business of the Company shall be carried on by or under the management or direction of the Directors, and subject only to the control of General Meetings in accordance with these presents.

CAPITAL AND SHARES.

6. **Share Capital.**—The original capital of the Company is rupees five hundred thousand (Rs. 500,000), divided into five hundred shares of rupees one thousand (Rs. 1,000) each.

7. **Shares.**—The shares shall be under the control of the Directors, who may allot or otherwise dispose of the same to such persons on such terms and conditions and at such times as the Directors think fit.

8. **Payment of amount of Shares by Instalments.**—If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company, or as they may direct, by the holder of the shares.

9. **Increase of Capital.**—The Company in General Meeting may from time to time increase the capital by the creation of new shares of such amount as may be deemed expedient.

10. **New Shares.**—The new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions, and with such rights and privileges annexed thereto, as the General Meeting resolving on the creation thereof, or any other General Meeting of the Company shall direct, and if no direction shall be given, as the Directors shall determine, and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to dividends, and to ranking in the distribution of the assets of the Company, and with a special or without any right of voting.

11. **How carried into effect.**—The Directors may, before the issue of any new shares, determine that the same or any of them shall be offered in the first instance to all the then Members or to the Members and holders of debentures or debenture stock of the Company in proportion to the amount of the capital held or advanced by them, or make any other provisions as to the issue and allotment of the new shares, but in default of any such determination, and as far as the same shall not extend, the new shares may be disposed of by the Directors as if they were part of the shares in the original capital.

12. **Same as Original Capital.**—Any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall, subject as aforesaid, be considered part of the original capital, and shall, accordingly, be subject to the provisions herein contained with reference to the payment of calls and instalments, transfer and transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrender, and otherwise.

13. **Reduction of Capital.**—The Company may from time to time, by special resolution, reduce its capital and may consolidate or sub-divide any of its shares which have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person. Paid-up capital may be returned upon the footing that the amount may be called up again or otherwise.

SHARE CERTIFICATES.

14. **Certificates.**—The certificates of title to shares shall be issued under the seal of the Company and signed by two Directors and the Secretary, or in such other manner as the Directors shall prescribe.

15. **How issued.**—Every Member shall be entitled to one certificate for all the shares registered in his name, or to several certificates each for a part of such shares, and every certificate of shares shall specify the number of shares in respect of which it is issued—the class and the amount paid up thereon or credited thereto.

16. **Renewal of Certificate.**—If any certificate be worn out or defaced, then, upon production thereof to the Directors, they may order the same to be cancelled, and may issue a new certificate in lieu thereof; and if any certificate be lost or destroyed, then, upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Directors, and on such indemnity as the Directors deem adequate being given, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the person entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate.

17. **Fee for same.**—Such sum (if any), not exceeding fifty cents as the Directors may determine, shall be paid to the Company for every certificate so issued in the place of a certificate lost or destroyed.

18. **Certificate to be delivered to the first-named of Joint-holders.**—The certificates of shares registered in the names of two or more persons shall be delivered to the person first-named in the register in respect thereof.

19. **One of the Joint-holders may give receipts; the first-named of Joint-holders only entitled to vote.**—Any one of the joint-holders of a share may give effectual receipts for any dividends payable in respect of such share; but the Shareholder whose name stands first on the register, and no other, shall be entitled to the right of voting and of giving proxies, and all other advantages conferred on a sole Shareholder.

20. **Survivor of Joint-holders only recognised.**—In case of the death of any one or more of the Joint-holders of any shares, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognised by the Company as having any title to, or interest in, such shares.

21. *Company not bound to recognise any Interest in Share other than that of Registered Holder, or of any person under clause 35.*—The Company shall not be bound to recognise (even though having notice of) any contingent, future, partial, or equitable interest in the nature of a trust or otherwise in any share or any other right in respect of any share except any absolute right thereto in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof, and except also the right of any person under clause 35 to become a Shareholder in respect of any share.

CALLS.

22. *Directors may make Calls.*—The Directors may from time to time make such calls as they think fit upon the Members in respect of all moneys unpaid on the shares held by them, and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times, and each Member shall pay the amount of every call so made upon him to the person, and at the time and at the place appointed by the Directors. A call may be made either in one sum or by two or more instalments.

23. *Calls, time when made.*—A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorising such call was passed.

24. *Notice of Call.*—Two months' notice at the least of any call shall be given, specifying the time and place of payment, and to whom such call shall be paid. No call shall exceed twenty-five per cent. of the nominal amount of the share, or be made payable within two months after the last preceding call was payable.

25. *Interest on Unpaid Call.*—If the sum payable in respect of any call or instalment is not paid on or before the day appointed for the payment thereof, the holder for the time being of the share in respect of which the call shall have been made, or the instalments shall be due, shall pay interest for the same at the rate of twelve per cent. per annum from the day appointed for payment thereof to the time of the actual payment, but the Directors may, when they think fit, remit altogether or in part any sum becoming payable for interest under this clause.

26. *Liability of Joint-holders.*—Joint-holders shall be severally as well as jointly liable for all instalments and calls in respect thereof.

27. *Payments in anticipation of Calls.*—The Directors may, at their discretion, receive from any Member willing to advance the same, and upon such terms as they think fit, including a condition that the same may be applied in extinction of future calls although not then made, all or any part of the moneys due upon the shares held by such Member beyond the sums paid up or payable thereon, and in particular such moneys may be received upon the terms that interest shall be paid thereon or on so much thereof as for the time being exceeds the amount called up.

TRANSFER AND TRANSMISSION.

28. *Transfer of Shares.*—Subject to the restrictions of these Articles, any Member may transfer all or any of his shares. The instrument of transfer of any share shall be in writing signed both by the transferor and the transferee, and the transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register in respect thereof.

29. *Method of Transfer.*—Every transfer of a share shall be conducted in the following manner:—

(a) The transferring member shall first, in writing, offer the share (hereinafter called the "offered share") to the Directors for purchase by the nominee or nominees of the Directors, either at a price specified in the said offer or, in the option of the Directors, at the price hereinafter defined as the standard price.

(b) If the Directors shall, within three weeks from the date of such offer in writing, accept the offered share on behalf of any nominee or nominees of the Directors, who may agree to accept the same at the price specified in the offer or at the standard price, the transferring Shareholder shall sell and transfer the offered share to such nominee or nominees, as the case may be, and the Directors shall have absolute discretion in selecting such nominee or nominees.

(c) If the Directors shall not accept the offer within three weeks, or shall refuse the offer within that period, the transferring Shareholder shall, if debentures have been issued by the Company charged on the Company's property or any part thereof, offer the offered share in writing to the trustees of the debenture holders or such of the trustees as shall be then resident in the Island of Ceylon in like manner as the same was offered to the Directors.

(d) If the trustees of the debenture holders or such of the trustees as shall be then resident in the Island of Ceylon shall, within three weeks from the date of such offer in writing, accept the offered share on behalf of any nominee or nominees of the trustees or such of the trustees as shall be then resident in the Island of Ceylon who may agree to accept the same at the price specified in the offer, or at the standard price, the transferring Shareholder shall sell and transfer the offered share to such nominee or nominees, as the case may be, and the trustees or such of the trustees as shall be then resident in the Island of Ceylon shall have absolute discretion in selecting such nominee or nominees.

(e) If the trustees or such of the trustees as shall be then resident in the Island of Ceylon or (if no debentures shall have been issued by the Company charged on the Company's property or any part thereof, or none of the trustees for the debenture holders are then resident in Ceylon) the Directors alone shall not accept the offer within three weeks, or shall refuse the offer within that period, the transferring Shareholder may transfer the share to any purchaser approved of by the Board.

30. *Standard Price of Shares.*—The standard price shall be held to be the sum fixed as such by the Company at the annual General Meeting in each year, and shall regulate the dealings of parties during the immediately succeeding year; and failing such price being so fixed, then the same shall be a price ascertained and fixed by the Auditor or Auditors of the Company for the time being, as the intrinsic value of the share on the last preceding balance sheet without taking into account anything for the value of goodwill, or prospective or unexecuted contracts, or other circumstances which might increase the market value, but taking into account actual loss or abnormal cause of depression which may have occurred since the last balance sheet; and the Auditor or Auditors for the time being shall, in regard to that matter, be, and he or they are hereby appointed, sole arbiter or arbiters between the parties interested, and his or their decision and certificate shall be final and binding upon all concerned.

31. *Form of Transfer.*—Shares when transferable may be transferred by any usual common form of instrument of transfer.

32. *Board may decline to register Transfers.*—The Board may decline to register any transfer of shares by a Shareholder who is indebted to the Company, or of any share on which the Company has a lien, or any transfer of shares made by any person in any case where they shall consider the proposed transferee to be an irresponsible person, or that the transfer will not be conducive to the interests of the Company, or in case of shares not fully paid up to any person not approved by them.

33. *Not bound to state Reason.*—In no case shall a Shareholder or proposed transferee be entitled to require the Directors to state the reason of their refusal to register, but their declination shall be absolute.

34. *Registration of Transfer.*—Every instrument of transfer must be left at the office of the Company to be registered, accompanied by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferor or his right to transfer his shares, and a fee of rupees two and cents fifty (Rs. 2-50), or such other sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine, must be paid, and thereupon the Directors, subject to the powers vested in them by Articles 29 and 32, shall register the transferee as a Shareholder and retain the instrument of transfer, but any instrument of transfer which the Directors may decline to register shall on demand be returned to the person depositing the same.

35. *Title to Shares of Deceased Holder.*—The executors or administrators of a deceased member shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to the registered shares or stock of such member, and such right or title shall be limited to the right to receive dividends and to transfer according to these Articles and the regulations of the Company.

36. *Rights of Persons entitled to a Share otherwise than by Transfer.*—Save as aforesaid, no person interested in a share in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or insolvency of any Shareholder, or by any lawful means other than by transfer in accordance with these regulations, shall have any right in respect of the said share other than the right to offer the same to the Directors for purchase in manner aforesaid, or to transfer the same in accordance with these Articles and regulations.

37. *Exercise of Rights.*—No person shall exercise any rights of a member until his name shall have been entered in the register of members, and he shall have paid all calls and other moneys for the time being payable on every share in the Company held by him.

SURRENDER OF SHARES.

38. The Directors may accept, in the name and for the benefit of the Company, upon such terms and conditions as may be arranged, the surrender of any shares in the capital of the Company, and any share so surrendered shall be dealt with in the same manner as is provided in these Articles with regard to forfeited shares.

FORFEITURE OF SHARES.

39. *If Call or Instalment be not paid, notice to be given to Member.*—If any Member fail to pay any call or instalment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Directors may, at any time thereafter during such time as the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on such member, requiring him to pay the same, together with any interest that may have accrued and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

40. *Terms of Notice.*—The notice shall name a day (not being less than twenty-eight days from the date of the notice) and a place or places on and at which such call or instalment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

41. *In default of payment Shares to be forfeited.*—If the requisitions of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any shares in respect of which such notice has been given may, at any time thereafter, before payment of all calls or instalments, interest, and expenses due in respect thereof, be forfeited by a resolution of the Directors to that effect.

42. *Forfeited Shares to be Property of Company, and may be sold, &c.*—Any shares so forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and the Directors may sell, re-allot, or otherwise dispose of the same in such manner as they think fit.

43. *Shareholder still liable to pay Money owing at time of Forfeiture.*—Any member whose shares have been forfeited shall, notwithstanding, be liable to pay, and shall forthwith pay to the Company all calls, instalments, interest, and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of forfeiture until payment, at the rate of seven per cent per annum; and the Directors may enforce the payment of such moneys or any part thereof if they think fit.

44. *Forfeiture may be annulled.*—The Directors may at any time before any share so forfeited shall have been sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of, annul the forfeiture thereof upon such conditions as they think fit.

LIEN ON SHARES.

45. *Company's Lien on Shares.*—The Company shall have a first and paramount lien upon all the shares not fully paid up registered in the name of any member (whether solely or jointly with others) for his debts, liabilities, and engagements, solely or jointly with any other person to or with the Company, whether the period for the payment or discharge thereof shall have actually arrived or not, and such lien shall extend to all dividends declared on such shares.

46. *Lien how made available.*—For the purposes of enforcing such lien the Directors may sell the shares subject thereto in such manner as they think fit, but no sale shall be made until such period as aforesaid shall have arrived and until notice in writing of the intention to sell shall have been served on such member, his executors, or administrators, and default shall have been made by him or them in the payment, fulfilment, or discharge of such debts, liabilities, or engagements for seven days after such notice.

47. *Proceeds how applied.*—The net proceeds of any such sale shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of the debts, liabilities, or engagements of such member, and the residue (if any) paid to such member, or his executors, administrators, or assigns.

48. *Transfer on Sale how executed.*—Upon any sale in purported exercise of the powers given by these Articles, the Directors may cause the purchaser's name to be entered in the register in respect of the shares sold, and the purchaser shall not be bound to see to the regularity of the proceedings or the application of the purchase money; and after his name has been entered in the register in respect of such shares, the sale shall not, as against him, be impeached by the former holder of the shares or any other person, and the remedy of any member or person aggrieved by such sale shall be in damages only, and against the Company exclusively.

BORROWING POWERS.

49. *Power to borrow.*—The Directors may from time to time, at their discretion, borrow or raise from the Directors or other persons any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company, provided that the moneys so borrowed or raised, and owing at any one time shall not, without the sanction of a General Meeting, exceed rupees One hundred thousand; only with the sanction of a General Meeting the Board shall be entitled to borrow such

further sum or sums, and at such rates of interest as such meeting shall determine. A certificate under the hands of one Director and the Secretary, or two Directors, to the effect that in taking any loan the Directors are not exceeding their borrowing powers, shall be sufficient and binding on the Company and all concerned.

50. *Security for repayment.*—For the purpose of securing the repayment of any such moneys so borrowed or raised, or for any other purpose, the Directors may create and issue any mortgages, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company charged upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, property, and rights of the Company (both present and future), including uncalled capital, or unpaid calls, or by giving, accepting, or endorsing on behalf of the Company any promissory notes or bills of exchange. Any such securities may be issued either at par or at a premium or discount, and may from time to time be varied or exchanged as the Directors may think fit, and may contain any special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, or otherwise.

51. *Assignment of Security.*—Every debenture or other instrument issued by the Company for securing the payment of money may be so framed that the moneys thereby secured shall be assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

GENERAL MEETINGS.

52. *First General Meeting.*—The first General Meeting shall be held at such time, not being more than twelve months after the registration of the Company, and at such place as the Directors may determine.

53. *Subsequent General Meetings.*—Subsequent General Meetings shall be held once in every year, at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if no time or place is prescribed, at such time and place as may be determined by the Directors.

54. *Ordinary and Extraordinary General Meetings.*—The General Meetings mentioned in the last preceding clause shall be called Ordinary General Meetings, all other meetings of the Company shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.

55. *Extraordinary General Meeting.*—The Directors may, whenever they think fit, and they shall upon a requisition made in writing by Members holding in the aggregate not less than one-fourth of the nominal amount of the issued capital, convene an Extraordinary Meeting.

56. *Requisition to state object of Meeting; if Directors fail to convene Meeting, Shareholders may do so.*—Any such requisition shall specify the object of the meeting required, and shall be signed by the Members making the same, and shall be deposited at the office. In case the Directors, for fourteen days after such deposit, fail to convene an Extraordinary Meeting to be held within twenty-one days after such deposit, the requisitionists or any other Members holding the like proportion of the capital may themselves convene a meeting to be held within six weeks after such deposit.

57. *Seven Days' Notice of Meeting to be given.*—Seven days' notice at the least of every General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, specifying the place, day, and hour of meeting, and in case of special business, the general nature of such business, shall be given to the Members by notice sent by post or otherwise served as hereinafter provided, and such notice may also, if the Directors so think fit, be advertised, but the accidental omission to give any such notice to any of the Members shall not invalidate any resolution passed at any such meeting.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS.

58. *Business of Ordinary Meeting.*—The business of an Ordinary Meeting shall be to receive and consider the balance sheets and accounts and reports of the Directors and Auditors; to elect Directors and other officers in the place of those, if any, retiring by rotation or otherwise; to declare dividends; and to transact any other business which under these presents ought to be transacted at any Ordinary Meeting. All other business transacted at an Ordinary Meeting and all business transacted at an Extraordinary Meeting shall be deemed special.

59. *Chairman of Meeting.*—The Chairman of the Directors, if any (and in his absence the Deputy Chairman, if any), shall be entitled to take the chair at every General Meeting. If such officers have not been appointed, or if neither of them be present at a meeting within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding such meeting, the Directors present, or, in default, the Members present, shall choose a Director as Chairman, and if no Director be present, or if all the Directors present decline to preside, then the Members present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman.

60. *Quorum.*—No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting except the declaration of a dividend recommended by a report of the Directors or election of a Chairman, unless there shall be present in person at the commencement of the business three or more Shareholders entitled to vote.

61. *If Quorum not present.*—If within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened upon such requisition as aforesaid, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place, and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, those Members who are present shall be a quorum; and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.

62. *Decision of questions submitted to Meetings.*—Every question submitted to a meeting shall, unless unanimously decided, be decided in the first instance by a show of hands, and in the case of an equality of votes, the Chairman shall both on a show of hands and at a poll have a casting vote in addition to any vote or votes to which he may be entitled as a Member.

63. *Declaration by Chairman that Resolution is carried or lost.*—At any General Meeting (unless a poll is demanded by at least three Members, or by a Member or Members holding or representing by proxy, or entitled to vote in respect of at least one-tenth of the nominal amount of the capital represented at such meeting) a declaration by the Chairman, that a resolution has been carried, or carried by a particular majority, or lost, or not carried by a particular majority, and an entry to that effect in the book of the proceedings of the Company, shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

64. *Poll.*—If a poll is demanded as aforesaid, it shall be taken in such manner and at such time and place, and either immediately or after an interval or adjournment not exceeding seven days, as the Chairman of the meeting directs, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.

65. *Adjournment of Meeting.*—The Chairman of a General Meeting may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn the same from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which adjournment took place.

66. *Continuance of Meeting if Poll demanded.*—The demand of a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.

67. *Poll on question of Adjournment or on Election of Chairman.*—Any poll demanded upon any question of adjournment, or as to the election of a Chairman, shall be taken at the meeting without adjournment.

68. *Objection to validity of vote.*—No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote, except at the meeting or poll at which such vote shall be tendered; and every vote not disallowed at such meeting or poll, and whether given personally or by proxy, shall be deemed valid for all purposes whatsoever.

VOTES OF MEMBERS.

69. *Number of Votes to which Shareholder entitled.*—On a show of hands every Member shall have one vote. In case of a poll, every Member shall have one vote for every share held by him.

70. *Voting in Person or by Proxy.*—Votes may be given personally or by proxy. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing, under the hand of the appointer, or if such appointer is a corporation, under its common seal. Except that a corporation being a Member may appoint as proxy a Member or officer of its own, no person shall be appointed a proxy who is not a member of the Company and qualified to vote. Any Shareholder residing in foreign parts may deposit in the office of the Company an instrument of proxy (properly stamped for this purpose) valid for all meetings whatever during such residence in foreign parts, and until revocation.

71. *When Proxy to be deposited.*—The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than twenty-four hours before the time for holding the meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote, but no instrument appointing a proxy shall be valid after the expiration of twelve months from the date of its execution, except that it may be used on the adjournment of the meeting for which it was originally intended to be given, and except that any Member absent abroad may deposit in the office an instrument of proxy (properly stamped for the purpose) valid for all meetings whatever during such absence and until revocation.

72. *Validity of Vote in event of Death of Principal.*—A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death of the principal or revocation of the appointment, unless notice in writing of the death or revocation shall have been received at the office of the Company twenty-four hours at least before the meeting.

73. *Member in arrear not to vote.*—No Member shall be entitled to be present or vote on any question either personally or by proxy, or as proxy for another Member, at any General Meeting, or upon a poll, or be reckoned in a quorum, whilst any call or other sum shall be due and payable to the Company in respect of any of the shares of such Member.

74. *Vote of Idiot, Lunatic, or Minor.*—Any Member being lunatic, idiot, or of unsound mind may vote by his judicial factor, *curator bonis*, or other legal curator; and if any Member be a minor he may vote by his legal guardian, tutor, or curator, or any one of his guardians, tutors, or curators if more than one who may be appointed by them as their proxy.

75. *Form of Proxy.*—Any instrument appointing a proxy shall, as nearly as circumstances will admit, be in the form, or to the effect following:—

I, _____, of _____, a Member of Brown & Company, Limited, hereby appoint _____, of _____, or failing him _____, of _____ (being Members of the Company), to vote for me and on my behalf at the Ordinary (or Extraordinary, as the case may be) General Meeting of the Company to be held on the _____ day of _____, one thousand eight hundred and ninety _____, and at every adjournment thereof, and at every poll which may be taken in consequence thereof.

As witness my hand the _____ day of _____, one thousand eight hundred and ninety _____
Signed in the presence of _____.

PREFERENCE SHARES AND MEETINGS OF CLASSES OF MEMBERS.

76. *Preference and deferred shares.*—Any shares from time to time to be issued or created may from time to time be issued with any such guarantee or any such right of preference, whether in respect of dividend or of repayment of capital, or both, or any such other special privilege or advantage over any shares previously issued, or then about to be issued (other than shares issued with a preference), or at such a premium or with such deferred rights as compared with any shares previously issued, or then about to be issued, or subject to any such conditions or provisions, and with any such right or without any right of voting, and generally on such terms as the Company may from time to time by special resolution determine.

77. *Resolutions affecting a particular class of Shares.*—If at any time by the issue of preference shares or otherwise the capital is divided into shares of different classes, then the holders of any class of shares may, by an extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of such holders, consent on behalf of all the holders of shares of the class to the issue or creation of any shares ranking equally therewith, or having any priority thereto, or to the abandonment of any preference or priority, or of any accrued dividend, or the reduction for any time, or permanently of the dividends payable thereon, or to any scheme for the reduction of the Company's capital affecting the class of shares, and such resolution shall be binding upon all the holders of shares of the class, provided that this Article shall not be read as implying the necessity for such consent in any case in which but for this Article the object of the resolution could have been effected without it.

78. *Meeting affecting a particular class of Shares.*—Any meeting for the purpose of the last preceding clause shall be convened and conducted in all respects as nearly as possible in the same way as an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, provided that no Member, not being a Director, shall be entitled to notice thereof or to attend thereat, unless he be a holder of shares of the class intended to be affected by the resolution, and that no votes shall be given except in respect of a share of that class, and that at any such meeting a poll may be demanded in writing by any five Members personally present and entitled to vote at the meeting.

DIRECTION AND MANAGEMENT.

79. *Number of Directors.*—Until otherwise determined by a General Meeting the number of Directors shall not be less than three nor exceed seven.

80. *Qualification of Directors.*—The qualification of a Director shall be the holding of shares or stock of the nominal amount of rupees five thousand (Rs. 5,000). A first Director may act before acquiring his qualification, but shall in any case acquire the same within one month from his appointment; and unless he shall do so he shall be deemed to have agreed to take the said shares or stock from the Company, and the same shall be forthwith allotted to him accordingly.

81. *Appointment of First Directors.*—The first Directors shall be (1) James Brown, (2) Walter Hamilton, (3) John Alexander Mann, (4) David Michie, (5) John Grieve, who shall hold office until the first Ordinary Meeting of the Company, subject always to the provisions herein contained relating to the disqualification of Directors and to the provisions in section 91. The first Directors above-named may, at any time prior to the first General Meeting of the Company, appoint any other persons to be additional Directors, but so that the total number of Directors shall not at any time exceed seven.

82. *Vacancy in the Board.*—Any casual vacancy in the Board may be filled up by the Board, but any person so chosen shall hold his office until the next annual General Meeting.

83. *If Directors suffice to form a Quorum.*—The powers or functions of a Board shall not cease or be suspended so long as the Board consists of a sufficient number of Directors to form a quorum, although the number of Directors should, from any cause whatever, have fallen below the prescribed lowest number of Directors.

84. *Resolution in writing as valid as if passed at a Meeting.*—A resolution in writing by all the Directors shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Board duly called and constituted.

85. *Resignation of Directors.*—A Director may at any time give notice in writing of his wish to retire by delivering such notice at the office of the Company, and on the acceptance by the Board of his resignation, but not before his office shall be vacant.

86. *When Office of Director to be vacated.*—The office of a Director shall be vacated—

If he becomes bankrupt or insolvent, or files a petition for the liquidation of his affairs, or compounds with his creditors.

If he is found lunatic, or becomes of unsound mind.

If by notice in writing to the Company he resigns his office.

If he ceases to hold the required number of shares to qualify him for the office.

87. *Removal of Director.*—The Company may, by an extraordinary resolution, remove any Director, including a Managing Director (other than the persons specified in Article 91), before the expiration of his period of office, and on such removal may, by an extraordinary resolution, appoint a qualified Member in his stead, and the Director so appointed shall in all respects stand in the place of his predecessor.

88. *Director interested in a Contract.*—No Director shall be disqualified by his office from contracting with the Company either as vendor, purchaser, or otherwise; nor shall any such contract or arrangement entered into by or on behalf of the Company with any Company or partnership of or in which any Director shall be a Member or otherwise interested be avoided; nor shall any Director so contracting, or being such a Member, or so interested, be liable to account to the Company for any profit realised by any such contract or arrangement by reason only of such Director holding that office or of the fiduciary relation thereby established; but no Director shall vote in respect of any such contract or arrangement; and the nature of his interest where it does not appear on the face of the contract shall be disclosed by him at the meeting of the Directors at which the contract or arrangement is determined on, if his interest then exists, or in any other case at the first meeting of the Directors after the acquisition of his interest.

89. *Remuneration of Directors.*—As remuneration for their services the Directors shall be entitled to receive out of the funds of the Company an annual sum not exceeding rupees three thousand (Rs. 3,000), or such other sum as may be voted by the Shareholders in General Meeting. Such remuneration shall be exclusive of the sum paid to the Members of any Local Board or Committee, or of the sum paid by salary or remuneration to any Manager, Director, or Directors, and shall be divided among the Directors as they may determine.

90. *Remuneration for extra services.*—If any Director shall be called upon to go or reside abroad on the Company's business, or otherwise perform extra services at home or abroad, the Board may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such services, either by way of salary, commission, or the payment of a stated sum of money as they shall think fit.

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS.

91. *Election of Directors.*—The said James Brown shall be and continue to be a Director so long as the said James Brown holds one hundred shares of the Company. Other Directors shall be elected from year to year.

92. *Retiring Director eligible for re-election.*—A retiring Director shall, if qualified, be eligible for re-election.

93. *Decision of question as to Retirement.*—When any question arises as to retirement of any Director or Directors, it shall be decided by the Board, whose decision shall be final and binding on all concerned.

94. *Appointment of Successors to Directors.*—The Company at the annual General Meeting at which any Directors retire shall fill up the vacant offices by electing Directors in their stead.

95. *If Election not made Directors to continue until next Meeting.*—If at any meeting at which an election of Directors ought to take place, or at any adjournment thereof, the places of the retiring Directors are not filled up, the retiring Directors or such of them as have not had their places filled up shall continue in office until the Ordinary Meeting in next year, and so on from year to year until their places are filled up, unless it shall be determined at such meeting to reduce the number of Directors.

96. *Increase or reduction of number of Directors.*—The Company in General Meeting may from time to time increase or reduce the number of Directors and alter their qualifications, and upon the passing of a resolution for an increase may forthwith elect such additional Director or Directors, and may also determine in what manner or rotation such increased or reduced number is to go out of office.

MANAGING DIRECTOR.

97. *Directors may appoint Managing Director.*—The Directors may from time to time appoint one or more of their body to be Managing Director or Directors of the Company either for a fixed term or without any limitation as to the period for which he is to hold such office, and may, subject to any contract between him and the Company from time to time, remove or dismiss him from office and appoint another in his place.

98. *Retirement of Managing Director.*—A Managing Director shall not, while he continues to hold that office, be subject to retire by rotation, but (subject to the provisions of any contract between him and the Company and the provisions of clause 91) he shall be subject to the same provisions as to resignation and removal as the other Directors of the Company, and if he cease to hold the office of Director from any cause, he shall *ipso facto* and immediately cease to be a Managing Director.

99. *Vacancy in Office.*—In the case of any vacancy in the office of Managing Director, the Directors may either fill up the office by the appointment of some other of the Directors or may discontinue such office as they may think fit.

100. *Remuneration of Managing Director.*—The remuneration of a Managing Director shall, subject to any contract between him and the Company from time to time, be fixed by the Directors, and may be by way of salary, commission, percentage, or participation in profits, or by any or all of those modes.

101. *Powers of Managing Director.*—The Directors may from time to time entrust to and confer upon a Managing Director for the time being such of the powers exercisable under these presents by the Directors as they may think fit, and may confer such powers for such time, and to be exercised for such objects and purposes, and upon such terms and conditions, and with such restrictions as they think expedient, and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter, or vary all or any of such powers.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

102. *Meetings of Directors.*—The Directors may meet together for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit, and may determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. And until otherwise determined two Directors shall be a quorum.

103. *A Director may summon Meetings; Questions how decided.*—A Director may, and the Secretary at the request of any Director shall, at any time summon a meeting of the Directors. Questions arising at any meeting of Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes of the Directors present, and in case of equality of votes the Chairman shall have a casting vote.

104. *Who is to preside at Meetings of Board.*—The Directors may elect a Chairman and Deputy Chairman of their meetings, and may determine the period for which such officers shall respectively hold office. In the absence of the Chairman (if any) the Deputy Chairman (if any) shall preside. If such officers have not been appointed, or if neither be present at the time appointed for a meeting, the Directors present shall choose some one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.

105. *Powers of a Meeting of Directors.*—A meeting of Directors at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all or any of the authorities, powers, and discretions by or under these presents vested in or exercisable by the Directors generally.

106. *The Directors may appoint Committees.*—The Directors may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as they think fit, and may revoke the appointment of any such committee. Any committee so formed shall, in the exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any regulations that may from time to time be imposed on it by the Directors.

107. *Regulation of Proceedings of Committees.*—The meetings and proceedings of any such Committee consisting of two or more Members shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto, and are not superseded by the express terms of the appointment of the committee or by any such regulations as aforesaid.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS.

108. *Powers of Directors.*—The management of the business and the control of the Company shall be vested in the Directors, who, in addition to the powers and authorities by these presents expressly conferred upon them, may exercise all such powers, and do all such acts and things as may be exercised or done by the Company, and are not hereby or by statute expressly directed or required to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting, but subject, nevertheless, to such regulations not being inconsistent with these presents as may from time to time be made by extraordinary resolution of a General Meeting, but no regulation so made shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made.

109. *Special Powers.*—Without prejudice to the general powers conferred by the last preceding clause and to the other powers and authorities conferred by these Articles, it is hereby expressly declared that the Directors shall be entrusted with the following powers, viz. :—

- (1) To create and issue at par, or at a premium, or discount, first mortgage debentures for Rs. 100,000, constituting a charge upon all or any of the present and future undertaking, assets, property, and effects of the Company, including uncalled capital, and also secured by a trust deed; such first mortgage debentures may carry interest at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, or at such other rate as the Directors may determine, and may be permanent, or repayable, or redeemable by drawings or otherwise, with or without a bonus or premium, and may be issued generally upon such terms and conditions as the Directors may determine, and may confer upon the holders thereof or any trustees for them such powers of sale, carrying on the business, appointing receivers and managers, making and enforcing calls, using the name of the Company, and generally all such power, as the Directors think fit. The amount to be raised or borrowed by the issue of mortgage debentures, debenture stock, or other securities shall not at any time exceed the nominal amount of the share capital of the Company for the time being issued without the sanction of a General Meeting of the Company first obtained. So long as any of the said first mortgage debentures are outstanding the Directors shall not have power to create, and shall not create any charge upon any property or uncalled capital comprised in the said debentures in such manner as that such charge shall rank or purport to rank in priority to, or *pari passu* with, the principal money and interest secured by the said debentures.
- (2) To purchase or otherwise acquire for the Company any property, rights, or privileges which the Company is authorised to acquire, including the goodwill and connection of any business, which the Company can lawfully carry on at such price, and generally on such terms and conditions as they may think fit.
- (3) At their discretion to pay for any property or rights acquired by, or services rendered to, the Company, either wholly or partially in cash or in shares issued as fully or partly paid up shares, bonds, debentures, or other securities of the Company.
- (4) To secure the fulfilment of any contracts or engagements entered into by the Company by mortgage or charge of or upon all or any of the property and rights of the Company, including its uncalled capital for the time being, or in such other manner as they may think fit.
- (5) To appoint and, at their discretion, to remove or suspend such managers, secretaries, officers, clerks, agents, and servants for permanent, temporary, or special services as they may from time to time think fit, and invest them with such powers as they may deem expedient, and to determine their duties and fix their salaries or emoluments which may be by way of participation in profits, and to require security in such instances and to such amount as they may think fit.

- (6) To make temporary advances, deposits, or loans of any money not for the time being required for the purposes of the Company to such persons, and upon such security other than shares of the Company as they may think fit, and generally to direct, manage, and control the receipt, custody, employment, investment, and expenditure of the moneys and funds of the Company, and the keeping of the accounts of the Company.
- (7) To execute in the name and on behalf of the Company such mortgages, charges, and other securities on the Company's property (present and future), including its uncalled capital, as they think fit in favour of any Director or Directors of the Company, or other person who may incur or be about to incur any personal liability, whether as principal or surety for the benefit of the Company; and any such instrument may contain a power of sale, and such other powers, covenants, and provisions as may be agreed on.
- (8) To institute, conduct, defend, compound, or abandon any legal proceedings by and against the Company or other officers, or otherwise concerning the affairs of the Company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due, and of any claims or demands by or against the Company.
- (9) To refer any claims or demands by or against the Company to arbitration, and to perform, observe, and carry out the awards thereon.
- (10) To make, draw, accept, and endorse cheques, promissory notes, or bills of exchange on behalf of the Company.
- (11) To make and give receipts, releases, and other discharges for money payable to the Company, and for the claims and demands of the Company.
- (12) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters in relation to bankrupts and insolvents.
- (13) To give any officer or other person employed by the Company a commission on the profits of any particular business or transaction, and such interest or commission shall be treated as part of the working expenses of the Company, and to pay commissions and make allowances to any persons introducing business to the Company or otherwise assisting or promoting the interests thereof.
- (14) To establish any subsidiary Company in Ceylon or elsewhere to carry on any part of the business of the Company, and to acquire or hold shares or securities of any such Company.
- (15) To apply for, acquire by purchase or otherwise any concessions, privileges, or contracts, and to carry out the same.
- (16) To cause the Company to be registered, incorporated, or domiciled in any foreign country, colony, or elsewhere, and to establish such agencies for carrying on the business of the Company, either in the United Kingdom, Ceylon, or in the Colonies or elsewhere, as they may think fit.
- (17) To subscribe for or otherwise acquire, and hold or dispose of the whole or any part of the shares, debentures, or securities of any Company carrying on or formed, with a view of carrying on any business comprised, in the objects of the Company.
- (18) To negotiate for, and, subject to the approval of the Company in General Meeting, contract for the transfer of its undertaking or any part thereof, as a going concern, with or subject to the benefit of all or any part of its property or assets, and subject or not subject to all or any of its obligations and liabilities.

LOCAL MANAGERS, LOCAL BOARD, AND LOCAL AGENTS.

110. *How appointed.*—The Directors may from time to time provide for the administration and management of the affairs of the Company in the United Kingdom, India, or elsewhere abroad, where the Company may carry on business in such manner as they shall think fit, and in particular may appoint any Local Managers and establish any Local Boards, Boards, or Committees of administration or advice or agencies for managing the same, and may appoint any persons to be members of any such Board, and may delegate to them such of the powers, authorities, and discretions for the time being vested in the Directors as they may think fit, and may fix their remuneration, and authorise them to fill up vacancies, and to act notwithstanding vacancies, any such appointment being made on such terms and subject to such conditions as the Directors may think fit, and the Directors may at any time remove any person so appointed.

111. *Appointment of Attorney.*—The Directors may at any time and from time to time by deed under the seal of the Company appoint any person or persons to be the attorney or attorneys of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities, and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Directors under these presents, but including power to sub-delegate), and for such period, and subject to such conditions as the Directors may from time to time think fit.

112. *Who may be made Attorney.*—Any such appointment as referred to in the previous clause may, if the Directors think fit, be made in favour of the Members or any of the Members of any Local Board established in virtue of these presents, or in favour of any Company or of the Members, Directors, Nominees, or Managers of any Company or firm, or otherwise in favour of any fluctuating body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Directors. Any such power of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection or convenience of persons dealing with such attorney or attorneys as the Directors think fit, and any such delegates or attorneys may be authorised by the Directors to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities, or discretions for the time being vested in them.

TRUSTEES.

113. *Trustees.*—The Directors may, if they think fit, at any time appoint any corporation or any person or persons to act as trustees for any of the purposes of the Company, and in particular to accept and hold in trust for the Company any property belonging to the Company or in which it is interested, and may execute and do all such acts, deeds, and things as may be necessary to vest the same in any such corporation, person, or persons. Any trustee so appointed may be removed by the Directors, and shall have such remuneration, powers, and indemnities, and perform such duties, and be subject to such regulations as the Directors may determine.

COMMON SEAL.

114. *Common Seal.*—The Directors shall provide a common seal of the Company, and for the safe custody of the same, and it shall never be used except by the authority of the Directors previously given, and in the presence of two Directors at the least, who shall sign every instrument to which the seal is affixed; and every such instrument shall be countersigned by the Secretary or some other person appointed by the Directors.

GENERAL PROVISIONS AS TO DIRECTORS AND OTHER OFFICERS.

115. *Indemnity to Directors.*—The Directors and other officers shall be indemnified by the Company against all costs, losses, and expenses incurred by them in or about the discharge of their respective duties, except such as may happen from their own respective wilful or wrongful act or default.

116. *Acts valid notwithstanding informal Appointment.*—All acts *bona fide* done by any meeting of Directors, or by a Committee of Directors, or by any person acting as a Director, shall, notwithstanding it be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any such Director, or person acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed, and was qualified to be and act as a Director.

117. *Not liable as to acts of others.*—No Director, trustee, or officer, his heirs, executors, administrators, or assigns, shall be liable for any other Director, trustee, or officer, or for joining in any receipt or other act for conformity, or for any loss or expense happening to the Company through the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired for or on behalf of the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the Company's property or funds shall be invested, or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency, or tortuous act of any person with whom any moneys, securities, or effects shall be deposited, or for any loss, damage, or misfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his respective office, or in relation thereto, unless the same shall happen through his own wilful neglect or default.

DIVIDENDS.

118. *Profits belong to Shareholders.*—Subject to the provisions with reference to the dividends on the preference shares or stock which may from time to time be issued, and also to the other provisions of these presents, the profits of the Company shall belong to the holders of ordinary shares or stock in the capital of the Company in proportion to the amount of capital for the time being paid up or credited, as having been paid up in respect of such ordinary shares or stock. Provided, nevertheless, that where money is paid up in advance of calls upon the footing that the same shall carry interest, such money shall carry interest accordingly and shall not (whilst carrying interest) confer a right to participate in profits.

119. *Declaration of Dividend.*—The Company in General Meeting may declare a dividend to be paid to the Members according to their rights and interests in the profits, but no larger dividend shall be declared than is recommended by the Directors. The Company in General Meeting may, however, declare a smaller dividend.

120. *Dividend from Profits.*—No dividend shall be payable except out of the profits arising from the business of the Company, but whenever a profit shall have been derived from the Company's undertaking for and during the period covered by any balance sheet, then such profit or any part thereof may be distributed by way of dividend, notwithstanding that the undertaking may have theretofore been carried on at a loss, or that the Company's assets may not be estimated and considered equal in value to the amount of the paid-up capital, and notwithstanding that any part of the paid-up capital may, previously to such period, have been wholly or partially lost or unprofitably expended.

121. *Interim Dividend.*—The Directors may also at any time and from time to time without the sanction of a General Meeting distribute amongst and pay to the Members out of the estimated earnings or profits of the Company, having regard to their rights and interests therein, such sum or sums of money by way or in the name of interim dividend, bonus, or interest on capital as in their judgment the position of the Company may justify.

122. *Lien on Dividends.*—The Directors may retain dividends payable on any shares upon which the Company has a lien, and may apply the same in or towards satisfaction of the debts, liabilities or engagements in respect of which the lien exists, including all such sums of money as may be due and payable on account of calls or instalments unpaid.

123. *Joint-holders.*—In case several persons are registered as the joint-holders of any share or shares, any one of such persons may give effectual receipts for all dividends and payments on account of dividends in respect of such share or shares.

124. *Loss of Dividend Warrant, &c.*—The Company shall not be responsible for the loss of any cheque, dividend warrant, or post office order which shall be sent by post in respect of dividends, whether sent by request or otherwise.

125. *Unpaid Dividend not to bear Interest.*—No unpaid interest or dividend shall bear interest as against the Company.

RESERVE FUND.

126. *Reserve Fund.*—The Directors may, but shall not be obliged before recommending or declaring any dividend, or bonus, or interest on capital in respect of any class of shares out of or in respect of the earnings or profits of the Company for any yearly or other period, cause to be reserved or retained, and set aside out of such profits such sum as they may think proper to form a reserve fund to meet contingencies or depreciation in the value of the property of the Company, or for equalising dividends, or for repairing, improving, and maintaining any of the property of the Company, providing against losses, meeting claims on, or liabilities of the Company, or for such other purposes as the Directors shall in their absolute discretion think conducive to the interests of the Company.

127. *Investment of Reserve Fund.*—All moneys carried to the reserve fund, and all other moneys of the Company not immediately applicable or required for any payment to be made by the Company, may be either employed in the business of the Company or be invested by the Directors upon such securities (other than the purchase of a loan upon shares of the Company) as the Directors may from time to time think proper, with power for them from time to time to deal with and vary such investment, and to dispose of all or any part thereof for the benefit of the Company, and to divide the reserve fund into such special funds as they may think fit.

ACCOUNTS.

128. *Accounts.*—The Directors shall cause true accounts to be kept of the moneys received and expended by the Company, and all matters in respect of which such receipts and expenditure take place, and of the property, assets, credits, and liabilities of the Company.

129. *Inspection of Accounts by Members.*—The Directors shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent, and at what time and places, and under what conditions or regulations, the accounts and books of the Company, or any of them, shall be open to the inspection of the Members; and no Member shall have any right of inspecting any account, or book, or document of the Company except as conferred by statute or authorised by the Directors, or by a resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

130. *Balance Sheet.*—At the Ordinary Meeting in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company a balance sheet containing a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company, and if the Directors shall deem expedient a profit and loss account made up to a date to be therein mentioned, which shall be as near the day of meeting as can be conveniently fixed.

131. *To be accompanied by Report of Directors.*—Every such statement shall be accompanied by a report of the Directors as to the state and condition of the Company, and as to the amount which they recommend to be paid out of the profits by way of dividend or bonus to the Members, and the amount (if any) which they propose to carry to the reserve fund according to the provisions in that behalf hereinbefore contained.

132. *Capital Expenditure.*—The cost to the Company of and incident to the acquisition by purchase of any property of a wasting nature, or any extraordinary expenditure, may be treated as capital expenditure and spread over a series of years, or otherwise treated as the Board may determine, and the amount of such expenditure for the time being outstanding may, for the purpose of calculating the profits of the Company for the dividend, be reckoned as an asset.

133. *May be spread over a series of Years.*—Any costs attending the formation of the Company, or in connection with the purchase of any business or contract, or the establishing of any new branch of business, or any extraordinary expenditure may be spread over any series of years, and, for the purpose of calculating profits such costs or expenditure, or any part thereof for the time being not written off, may be reckoned as an asset.

AUDIT AND INSPECTION OF ACCOUNTS.

134. *Audit.*—The accounts of the Company shall, once at least in every year, be examined and audited by an Auditor or Auditors.

135. *Auditors.*—The number of Auditors, the person or persons to fill the office of Auditor or Auditors, and the remuneration of the Auditor or Auditors, and his or their term of office, may from time to time be determined and varied by the Company in General Meeting.

136. *Appointment of First Auditors.*—Subject to the last Article the Directors may appoint the first Auditor or Auditors to audit the accounts of the Company until the first Ordinary General Meeting to be held in the year One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-three, when he or they shall retire, but shall be re-eligible, and may fix his or their remuneration.

137. *Retirement of Auditors.*—The Auditor or Auditors for the time being shall retire at the first Ordinary General Meeting in every year, but shall be re-eligible. If on the retirement of an Auditor as aforesaid no person shall be appointed his successor by the General Meeting at which his retirement shall take place, he shall be considered as re-elected for another year, though no resolution to that effect shall be passed or proposed. If any casual vacancy shall occur in the office of Auditor, the Directors shall forthwith fill up the same.

138. *Accounts to be open to Auditor.*—All accounts of the Company shall at all times be open to the Auditor or Auditors for the purposes of audit.

139. *Accounts when conclusive.*—Every account of the Directors when audited and approved by a General Meeting shall be conclusive, except as regards any error discovered therein within three months next after approval thereof, and whenever any such error shall forthwith be corrected and thenceforth shall be conclusive.

NOTICES.

140. *Service of Notices.*—Any notice may be served by the Company upon any Member whose registered place of address is in Ceylon, either personally or by sending it through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to such Member at his registered place of address.

141. *Address for Service.*—A Member whose registered place of address is not in Ceylon may from time to time notify in writing to the Company some place in Ceylon to be called his address for service, which shall be deemed his registered place of address for the purpose of the last preceding clause hereof, and any notice may be served by the Company upon such Member by sending it through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to him at such address.

142. *Members with no registered Address.*—As regards Members (if any) who have no registered address, a notice posted up in the office shall be deemed to be duly served on them at the expiration of twenty-four hours after it is so posted up.

143. *Joint-holders.*—All notices with respect to shares standing in the names of joint-holders shall be given to whichever of such persons is named first in the register, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares.

144. *Notice by Post.*—Any notice sent by post shall be deemed to have been served at the time when the letter concerning the same is posted, and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and put in a Post Office box or handed in at a Post Office.

145. *Period for Notices.*—Where a given number of days' notice, or notice extending over any other period is required to be given, the day of service shall, but the day upon which such notice will expire shall not, be included in such number of days or other period.

DISTRIBUTION OF ASSETS ON WINDING UP.

146. *Distribution.*—If the Company shall be wound up, and there shall be any surplus assets after payment of all debts and satisfaction of all liabilities of the Company, such surplus assets shall be applied first in repaying to the holders of the preference shares (if any) the amounts paid up or reckoned as paid up thereon, and the balance in repaying to the holders of the ordinary shares the amounts paid up or reckoned as paid up on such ordinary shares. If there shall remain any surplus assets after repayment of the whole of the paid up capital, such surplus assets shall be divided among the Members in proportion to the capital paid up or reckoned as paid up on the shares which are held by them respectively at the commencement of the winding up.

147. *Payment in specie and vesting in Trustees.*—If the Company shall be wound up, the liquidator, whether voluntary or official, may, with the sanction of an extraordinary resolution, divide among the contributories in specie any part of the assets of the Company, and may, with the sanction, vest any part of the assets of the Company in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories as the liquidator with the like sanction shall think fit.

In witness whereof the Subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereto set and subscribed their names at Colombo this Twenty-seventh day of June, One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-two.

T. WALKER, Colombo.

WALTER HAMILTON, Colombo.

J. A. MANN, Colombo.

WILLIAM JACKSON, Aberdeen.

By his Attorney EDMUND WALKER.

F. WAY, Colombo.

JOHN SPIGER, Colombo.

By his Attorney F. WAY.

Witness to the above signatures :

V. A. JULIUS, Solicitor, Colombo.

HANNAH H. WALKER, Colombo.

Witness to the signature of HANNAH H. WALKER :

W. JENKINS, Colombo.

Dated the 27th day of June, 1892.

THE Power of Attorney granted by us to Mr. R. S. F. S. HARDIE has been cancelled.

FREUDENBERG & Co.

Colombo, July 6, 1892.

Ceylon Tea Company, Limited.

(Under the Patronage of the Planters' Association of Ceylon, Kandy.)

AN Ordinary General Meeting of the Company will be held on Monday, the 25th July, 1892, within the

registered office, No. 42, King street, Kandy, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

Business.

To receive a statement of the income and expenditure, and a balance sheet to 30th June, 1892, together with the Directors' report.

By order of the Board,

A. PHILIP,
Secretary.

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATIONS.

Continued from page 1539.

Return of Cooly Immigrants at the Port of Mannar during the under-mentioned period.

Week ended June 30, 1892	Arrivals.	Departures.
...	615	216

J. A. SWETTENHAM,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Return of Cooly Immigrants at the Ports of Colombo and Mannar during the Week ended July 7, 1892.

Colombo.		Arrivals.	Departures.
Men	...	1,377	555
Women	...	428	127
Children	...	220	28
Infants	...	193	—
<i>Mannar</i>		468	236
Total ...		2,681	946

J. A. SWETTENHAM,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

NOTICES CALLING FOR TENDERS.

Continued from page 1567.

SEALLED Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for the purchase of the Right to Salve Drift Timber on the ——— River," will be received at the Colonial Secretary's Office up to noon on Monday, July 18, 1892, from persons willing to purchase the right to salve drift timber on such portions of each of the following rivers as are specified below, up to December 31, 1892:—

The Kalani-ganga—below junction with the Sitawak-ganga.

The Kalu-ganga—below Nambapana.

The Ben'ota-ganga—below junction with the Pelawatta-ganga.

The Maha-oya—below Ambepussa railway bridge.

Separate tenders must be sent in for each river, and a lump sum be offered for the right to salve timber on each river.

The persons whose tenders are accepted will be entitled to all drift timber on their respective rivers, whether salvaged by themselves and their agents or by others. In the case of timber salvaged by others, salvage fees, as fixed by the Government Agent, Western Province, will have to be paid by the right-holders to the salvagers.

The salvage of all timber must be reported by the right-holder to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Western Province, who will give notice of its salvage as required by law. If it is not claimed within the prescribed time, it will become the property of the right-holder. If claimed,

and the claim be proved, the right-holder will be entitled to 50 per cent. of the value of the timber as estimated by the Assistant Conservator of Forests and to salvage fees to be paid by the owners of the timber.

The whole of the money tendered for the purchase of the right must be paid at once on notification of acceptance of tender.

A formal license to salve timber will be given to each right-holder.

The tenders must be made on forms which will be supplied upon application at the Colombo Kachcheri, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognised form.

A deposit of Rs. 50 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline or delay payment of the purchase money after notification of acceptance of tender, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Further information may be obtained on application at the Colombo Kachcheri.

H. L. CRAWFORD,
for Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, July 8, 1892.