



Ceylon Government Gazette

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PART I.—General : Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments,
and General Government Notifications.

PART II.—Legal and Judicial.

PART III.—Provincial Administration.

PART IV.—Marine and Mercantile.

PART V.—Municipal and Local.

Separate paging is given to each Part in order that it may be filed separately.

Part I. — Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, &c.

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PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR.

IN the Name of His Majesty EDWARD THE SEVENTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency the Right Honourable Sir J. WEST RIDGEWAY, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Knight Commander of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

WEST RIDGEWAY.

WHEREAS by a Proclamation dated the 23rd August, 1888, issued under the provisions of "The Police Ordinance, 1865," a police force was duly established in the town of Hatton, in the Central Province, for the effectual protection of person and property within the limits in the said Proclamation mentioned and described :

And whereas the said limits were altered by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, by a Proclamation dated the 5th day of May, 1903 :

And whereas by the 34th section of the said Ordinance it is enacted that for the purposes of creating a fund from which the expenses of the police payable by each town not created a Municipality are to be defrayed, a tax shall be payable on the 31st day of March, on the 30th day of

June, on the 30th day of September, and on the 31st day of December in every year for the quarter ending on the said days, respectively, on all houses and buildings of every description and on all lands and tenements whatsoever within every such town to an amount equal to such percentage on the *bonâ fide* annual value of such houses, buildings, lands, and tenements, as the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, shall, by Proclamation, from time to time appoint, except in cases where such amount shall fall below the sum of 24 cents per quarter, in all which excepted cases 24 cents per quarter shall be assessed and payable; provided that such tax shall not in the aggregate exceed the sum necessary for the maintenance of the force in such town as aforesaid, and which sum it shall be lawful for the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, from time to time to determine and appoint:

And whereas the town of Hatton aforesaid has not been created a Municipality:

And whereas the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, has determined and appointed that the sum necessary for the maintenance of the said police force in the said town of Hatton is Rs. 3,354.12:

Now, therefore, We, the said Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, do hereby proclaim and appoint that for the purposes aforesaid the tax payable on all houses and buildings of every description and on all lands and tenements whatsoever in the town of Hatton aforesaid within the limits specified in the schedule to the Proclamation dated 5th May, 1903, aforesaid, shall from and after the 1st day of July, 1903, be at the rate of four per cent. on the *bonâ fide* annual value of such houses, buildings, lands, and tenements aforesaid.

Given at Colombo, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twenty-second day of June, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Three.

By His Excellency's command,

GOD SAVE THE KING. EVERARD IM THURN,
Colonial Secretary.

APPOINTMENTS. &c., BY THE GOVERNOR.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased by Letters Patent under the Public Seal of this Colony, dated June 20, 1903, to appoint Mr. THOMAS EDWARD DE SAMPAYO, K.C., to be a Commissioner of Assize under section 24 of Ordinance No. 1 of 1889 for the Second Criminal Sessions of the Supreme Court for the Northern Circuit to be held at Jaffna on July 1, 1903, and the Third Criminal Sessions for the Western Circuit to be held at Colombo on July 10, 1903.

By His Excellency's command,

EVERARD IM THURN,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, June 22, 1903.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to sanction the following appointments with effect from July 1, 1903, consequent on the retirement of MR. E. SWAN from the Public Service:—

Mr. WILLIAM J. STORK to be 1st Deputy Registrar of the Supreme Court of this Island.

Mr. LLOYD DANIELS to be 2nd Deputy Registrar of the Supreme Court of this Island.

Mr. HORATIO W. NELSON to be 3rd Deputy Registrar of the Supreme Court of this Island.

By His Excellency's command,

EVERARD IM THURN,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, June 26, 1903.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr. R. A. G. FESTING to be Additional District Judge and Police Magistrate, Mannar, in addition to his own duties, from July 20 to 23, 1903.

Mr. EDWIN JOSEPH to act as a Deputy Registrar of the Supreme Court of this Island, with effect from July 1, 1903, until further orders.

Mr. MAGDON ISMAIL to be a Justice of the Peace for the District of Galle.

Mr. W. VAUGHAN to be a Visitor to the Ramboda Hospital, *vice* Mr. J. H. MARCEL.

By His Excellency's command,

EVERARD IM THURN,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, June 26, 1903.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to direct that Mr. J. M. DAVIES, Cadet, attached to the Galle Kachcheri, be attached to the Colombo Kachcheri, with effect from the 29th instant, until further orders.

By His Excellency's command,

EVERARD IM THURN,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, June 25, 1903.

WITH reference to the notice dated June 18, 1903, published in the *Gazette* of June 19, 1903, it is hereby notified that the appointments therein referred to, consequent on the retirement from the Public Service of Mr. E. M. D. BYRDE, will take effect from June 23, 1903, instead of from June 22, 1903.

By His Excellency's command,

EVERARD IM THURN,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, June 26, 1903.

IT is hereby notified that consequent on the return to the Island from leave of absence of Mr. J. H. LEAK the following officers will cease to officiate in the classes named with effect from June 11, 1903 :—

Class III. of the Civil Service.

Mr. T. R. E. LOFTUS.

Class IV. of the Civil Service.

Mr. R. A. G. FESTING.

Class V. of the Civil Service.

Mr. J. M. DAVIES.

By His Excellency's command,

EVERARD IM THURN,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, June 26, 1903.

HEADS of Departments are hereby authorized to accept the signature of Mr. H. C. COTTLE on behalf of the Government Printer, during the absence of Mr. G. J. A. SKEEN at the Volunteer Camp of Exercise, Diyatalawa.

By His Excellency's command,

EVERARD IM THURN,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, June 26, 1903.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased, under the provisions of section 120 of "The Criminal Procedure Code, 1898," to appoint Mr. VAITIANATHER KANAPATHIPILLAI, Udaiyar, to be an Inquirer for the island of Delft.

By His Excellency's command,

EVERARD IM THURN,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, June 19, 1903.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint Mr. HARRY CREASY of Colombo to be a Notary Public at Colombo and throughout the District of Colombo, and to practise as such in the English language.

By His Excellency's command,

EVERARD IM THURN,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, June 25, 1903.

IT is hereby notified that HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to accept MUTTUKUMARU ARUMUKAM'S resignation of his appointment as Notary Public of The Islands division of the Jaffna District.

By His Excellency's command,

EVERARD IM THURN,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, June 24, 1903.

APPOINTMENTS, &c., OF REGISTRARS.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments :—

Mr. P. PEIRIS, Head Clerk of the Galle Land Registry, to act as Registrar of Lands for the District of Hambantota, holding office at Tangalla, with effect from June 22, 1903, during the absence from the station of the Registrar, Mr. A. A. KODIPPILY.

Mr. C. C. PERERA to be Additional Registrar of Lands, Colombo, holding office at Negombo, *vice* Mr. K. D. PERERA, transferred, with effect from the 1st proximo.

Mr. N. PARANAVITANE, Secretary of the District Court, Chilaw, to be Registrar of Lands, Badulla, *vice* Mr. C. GUNATILAKA, retired, with effect from the 1st proximo.

D. C. PALIHAKKARA to be Registrar of Births and Deaths of the Morawaka division, and Registrar of Marriages of the Morawak korale division of the Matara District of the Southern Province, with effect from June 11, 1903, *vice* J. J. ABEYWARDANA, resigned. His office to be at Walawwewatta in Waralla.

By His Excellency's command,

EVERARD IM THURN,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, June 25, 1903.

THE following appointments under sections 2 and 3 of the Ordinances Nos. 19 and 23 of 1900, respectively, are hereby notified :—

The Provincial Registrar, Colombo, has appointed Mr. FREDERICK RICHARD DE ZILVA to act as Registrar of Marriages of the town within the Gravets of Colombo division, in the Colombo District of the Western Province, for June 23, 1903, during the absence of the Registrar, Mr. H. W. KANNANGARA, Mudaliyar, on leave. His office will be at the Colombo Kacheheri.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kurunegala, has appointed HERAT MUDIYANSELAGE UKKU BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of the Madure korale division, and as Registrar of General Marriages of the Weudawili hatpattu division, in the Kurunegala District

of the North-Western Province, for two weeks from June 22, 1903, during the absence of the Registrar, T. B. DELWITA, on leave. His office will be at Maligawatta in Malmiwala.

The Provincial Registrar, Badulla, has appointed FREDERICK CHARLES DAMBAWINNA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of the Mahapalata division, and as Registrar of General Marriages of the Udukinda division, in the Badulla District of the Province of Uva, for six days from June 25, 1903, during the absence of the Registrar, RAJAPAKSE MUDIYANSELAGE SUDU BANDA, on leave. His office will be at Kirimadupolawatta.

The Provincial Registrar, Jaffna, has appointed SWAMPILLAI SAVERY to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of the Pandatteruppu division, and as Registrar of Marriages of the Valikamam west division, in the Jaffna District of the Northern Province, for fourteen days from June 25, 1903, during the absence of the Registrar, P. SOOSAIPIILLAI, on leave. His office will be at Alanollai-Aluindaollai in Pandatteruppu.

The Provincial Registrar, Ratnapura, has appointed E. K. B. W. SENEVIRATNE to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of the Gilimale division, and as Registrar of General Marriages of Kuruwiti korale division, in the Ratnapura District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, for thirty days from June 30, 1903, during the absence of the Registrar, L. M. P. PUNCHI BANDARA, on leave. His office will be at Gilimale Walawwa.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kalutara, has appointed DON DISINERIS PERERA GUNATILAKA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of the Pelpola division, and as Registrar of Marriages of the Munwatebage pattu, in the Kalutara District of the Western Province, for nineteen days from June 13, 1903, *vice* MATOTA ARACHCHIGE DON SAMIEL, suspended. His office will be at Pelawatta in Panagoda.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Galle, has appointed DON HENDRICK WIJEWICKRAMA GUNAWARDANE to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of the Telikada division, and as Registrar of Marriages of the Gangaboda pattu

division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, for three days from June 22, 1903, during the absence of the Registrar, J. A. WICKRAMASINHA, on leave. His office will be at Ratnalkalawatta in Lelkada.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Galle, has appointed ALBERT WIMALASURIYA to act as Registrar of Marriages of the Talpe pattu division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, for five days from July 8, 1903, during the absence of the Registrar, D. T. DE S. WIMALASURIYA, on leave. His office will be at Muanwelle Kapugewatta in Kataluwa.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Hambantota, has appointed DON DEONIS DISANAYAKA DHANAPALA RAJAPAKSE to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of the Wewugampalata division, and as Registrar of Marriages of the East (Giruwa pattu division, in the Hambantota District of the Southern Province, for two weeks from June 22, 1903, during the absence of the Registrar, DON CAROLIS JAYASUNDARA DISANAYAKA, on leave. His office will be at Medawatta in Dabarella.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Chilaw, has appointed HERAT MUDIYANSELAGE APPUHAMY, Velvidane, to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of the Yagam pattuwa northern division, and as Registrar of General Marriages of the Pitigal korale central division, in the Chilaw District of the North-Western Province, for four weeks from June 22, 1903, during the absence of the Registrar, GABRIEL HERAT RANDENI, on leave. His office will be at Palubingiriya.

H. WHITE,
Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, June 25, 1903.

WITH reference to the *Gazette* notice dated June 11, 1903, and published in the *Government Gazette* No. 5,926 of June 12, 1903, it is hereby notified that the acting appointment of Dr. J. J. DE ROSAIRO as Registrar of Births and Deaths of the Puttalam town division, of the Puttalam District of the North-Western Province, is cancelled with effect from June 9, 1903.

H. WHITE,
Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, June 22, 1903.

WITH reference to the *Gazette* notice dated June 11, 1903, and published in the *Government Gazette*

No. 5,926 of June 12, 1903, it is hereby notified that the acting appointment of DON DIMITIUS WAIDDIYASEKARA as Registrar of Marriages of the Munwattebage pattu division, and as Registrar of Births and Deaths of the Pelpola division, in the Kalutara District of the Western Province, is cancelled with effect from June 13, 1903.

H. WHITE,
Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, June 20, 1903.

IT is hereby notified that DON SIYADORIS JAYASUNDARA, Registrar of Births and Deaths of the Poddala division, and Registrar of Marriages of the Four Gravets of Galle and Akmimana division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, will, with effect from June 16, 1903, hold his office at Gudamewatta *alias* Hingagodawatta in Mipawela, instead of at Bibilegodawatta in Kapuhenpola, as notified in the *Government Gazette* of June 14, 1901.

H. WHITE,
Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, June 19, 1903.

IT is hereby notified that Mr. JAMES ALEXANDER RAMBUKPOTA, Batemahatmaya, Registrar of General Marriages of Paranakuru korale division, of the Kegalla District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, will, with effect from July 1, 1903, hold his office at Batapandurehena in Uduwagama, instead of at Walawwewatta in Mideniya, as notified in the *Government Gazette* of June 15, 1900.

H. WHITE,
Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, June 22, 1903.

IT is hereby notified that W. A. K. BANDA, Registrar of Births and Deaths of the Udukaha korale east division, and Registrar of Marriages (Kandyan and General) of the Dambadeni hatpattu division, in the Kurunegala District of the North-Western Province, will, with effect from July 10, 1903, hold his office at Ganimewatta in Imbulgoda, instead of at Ketakelagahawatta in Keppitiwalana, as notified in the *Government Gazette* Nos. 5,597 and 5,598 of January 20 and 27, 1899, respectively.

H. WHITE,
Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, June 19, 1903.

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATIONS.

IT is hereby notified that it has been decided that May 24 in each year shall be observed as a holiday, to be called "Empire Day," in all schools under the Director of Public Instruction.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, June 26, 1903.

EVERARD IM THURN,
Colonial Secretary.

IT is hereby notified that an examination under the regulations of August 26, 1891, for gentlemen in the Civil Service, will be held in the Council Chamber on Monday, July 20, 1903, at 10.30 A.M., and following days, namely:—

Monday, July 20	... Sinhalese	Thursday, July 23	... Law
Tuesday, July 21	... Law	Friday, July 24	... Accounts
Wednesday, July 22	... Law	Saturday, July 25	... Tamil

The examination under the Minute of December 12, 1898, and the *vivâ voce* examination in the native languages for officers in the Public Works Department and the Forest Department will be held at the same time and place.

Only the Police Magistrates who are not members of the Bar or of the Civil Service and those candidates who have been specially nominated by the Governor will be admitted to the examination under the Minute of December 12, 1898.

The examination in the Criminal Procedure Code prescribed under the Minute of March 26, 1900, for officers in the Fourth and Fifth Classes of the Civil Service will also be held on July 20, 1903, as well as at the Kandy Kachcheri.

It is also hereby notified that candidates will be given the option of using Codes in the examinations in the Criminal Procedure Code and the Penal Code; they must, however, state when sending in their names what their option is, as the character of the papers set for those who use Codes and those who do not will be different.

Candidates are required to send in their names not later than July 4, 1903.

Gentlemen in the Civil Service should state in their applications whether they are presenting themselves for the first or second examination, and whether they intend taking up Sinhalese or Tamil.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, June 24, 1903.

EVERARD IM THURN,
Colonial Secretary.

THE following by-laws framed by the Municipal Council of Kandy, under section 4 of Ordinance No. 8 of 1901, and confirmed by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, are published for general information.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 14, 1903.

EVERARD IM THURN,
Colonial Secretary.

BY-LAWS REFERRED TO.

CHAPTER XII.

Municipal Water Service.

- | | |
|--|---|
| Water-rate how recoverable. | 1. The water-rate which the Municipality is authorized and empowered by "The Kandy Waterworks Loan Ordinances, 1884 and 1895," to impose and enforce, and any other sums which may become due under the provisions of this chapter, shall be leviable as if the same were a tax imposed under "The Municipal Councils' Ordinance, 1887." |
| Appointment of officers. | 2. It shall be lawful for the Council to appoint such officers as may be necessary to execute the works and to carry out the duties hereinafter mentioned, and pay them such salaries or allowances as the Council shall deem right. |
| Expenses of collection, &c., to be paid from water-rate. | 3. All expenses incurred in or about the supply of water and in the collection of the water-rate shall be defrayed from the proceeds of such water-rate. |
| Waterworks vested in Council. | 4. All public tanks, reservoirs, cisterns, standpipes, fountains, sluices, wells, conduits, pipes, pumps, and other waterworks existing within the Municipality at the time of the coming into operation of these by-laws, or afterwards made, laid, or erected, and all buildings, works, materials, and things connected with or appertaining to such waterworks shall be vested in the Council. |
| Council may provide filtering tanks, &c. | 5. The Council may cause such filtering tanks, reservoirs, aqueducts, or other works to be constructed, and such fountains and standpipes to be erected, and such pipes to be laid as it may from time to time consider necessary for the use of the inhabitants of the Municipality. |
| Power to break up streets, &c., and enter private land. | 6. In laying down any such pipes, the Council may, if it consider it necessary, carry such pipes through, across, or under any street or place laid out or intended for a street, or under any building or through any cellar or vault, or into, through, or under any enclosed or other land whatsoever. Provided that the Council shall in every case in which it deals with private property under this by-law give notice of its intention to do so to the owner of such property, and shall on completion of the work pay to him reasonable compensation. If any dispute shall arise as to the amount or apportionment of such compensation, such amount and apportionment shall be summarily ascertained and determined by the Magistrate, whose decision shall be subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court. |
| No person to foul water | 7. No person shall do anything whereby the water in any reservoir, fountain, cistern, standpipe, pipes, or other waterworks belonging to the Council shall be in any degree polluted, fouled, or corrupted, and no person shall in any way damage or tamper with any such waterworks. |
| or to wash at any standpost, &c. | 8. No person shall bathe or wash any part of his body, or wash any cattle, horse, dog, or other animal whatsoever, or any vehicle, clothes, utensils, or other article whatsoever, at or near any reservoir, standpost, fountain, cistern, pipe, or other waterworks vested in the Council, whether now existing or to be hereafter erected or built in the streets, thoroughfares, or other public places within the Municipality. |
| Persons paying rate entitled to free use of water for domestic purposes. | 9. Every person paying the water-rate mentioned in by-law 1 of this chapter shall be entitled to have, free of further charge in respect thereof, a supply of water from the public Municipal fountains or standpipes for the domestic use of himself and his household. |
| Water to be removed in buckets. | 10. Water shall only be taken from the public standpipes in buckets or other suitable receptacles, and in such a manner as to prevent its flow into any drain, side channel, or on to the surface of any road, footpath, or area. |
| No hose is to be attached to any standpost. | 11. No hose-pipe, pipe, tube, shoot, or other contrivance of any nature whatsoever shall be attached either temporarily or permanently to any public standpost, except at the instance of the Municipal Council for public purposes. |

"Domestic purposes," what not included in.

Council may allow private service.

Inlet to bath, lavatory, &c.

Water pipes not liable to be seized for debt.

Pipes not to be laid from mains to the house without sanction of Council.

Council not liable to damage.

Communication pipes for groups of houses

Council may order removal of pipes laid without leave and recover expenses.

Communication of pipes.

Cistern to have ball valve.

Inlet pipe.

Overflow pipe.

Outlet pipe.

Cisterns in the ground cannot be used for storage of water.

Receptacle for storage of water.

Waste of water.

Leakage to be reported.

12. A supply of water for domestic purposes shall not include a supply of water for horses or cattle or for washing vehicles, where such horses, cattle, or vehicles are kept for sale or hire, or a supply for any trade, manufacture, or business, or for fountains or swimming baths, or for any ornamental or mechanical purpose, or for purposes of irrigation.

13. The Council may at its discretion, on application by the owner or occupier of any house, allow a private service of water to such house for domestic purposes in such quantities and under such conditions as the Council shall deem reasonable. When a private service is allowed, the connection between the Municipal main and the premises to be served, as well as the necessary service pipes and fittings shall be made, laid, and affixed by Municipal workmen under the supervision of the Superintendent of Works at the expense of the person applying for such private service. The Council may require the estimated cost of such private service to be paid into the Municipal Fund before the work in connection therewith is commenced.

14. The inlet of every bath, lavatory, basin, or sink must be separated and distinct from the outlet, and the inlet must be situated at the top or above such bath, lavatory, basin, or sink.

15. No communication pipe or service pipes or fittings shall be liable to be seized for any debt.

16. No person shall lay or have any communication or service pipe or pipes for the conveyance of water from any of the Municipal mains into any house, land, or premises, or alter, extend, or disconnect any existing service pipes without the sanction or consent, in writing, of the Council; nor shall any such pipes be laid except by the employés of the Council, nor until the Council shall have approved of the point or place at or through which the same shall be laid.

17. The Municipal Council, notwithstanding that its requirements have been complied with as regards services, does not hold itself liable for any damage that may arise in premises by bursting or overflowing of any pipe, meter, tap, or connection, nor will the Municipal Council, by any permission or act, extend its responsibility beyond the main pipes in the public thoroughfares.

18. Unless the Council shall otherwise permit every house or premises to which water has been or may hereafter be laid on shall have its own separate communication pipe, and no house shall have more than one communication pipe, or have its service pipes connected with any service pipe, cistern, or other water fittings of any other house.

19. If any person shall, contrary to the provisions of the preceding by-laws, lay, or alter, or extend any communication or service pipe or pipes, it shall be lawful for the Council to direct and order the said pipe or pipes to be removed; and if the same be not removed within three days of the service of notice upon such person requiring him to do so, the Council may cause the same to be removed, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be ascertained and determined and recovered from such person in the manner provided by sections 281 and 282 of "The Municipal Councils' Ordinance, 1887," as if the same were expenses directed to be paid by the said Ordinance.

20. No pipes for the conveyance of, or in connection with, the water supplied by the Council shall communicate with any cistern, butt, or other receptacle used or intended to be used for rain water.

21. Every cistern to which water is supplied from the waterworks shall be provided with an "equilibrium" ball-valve of approved pattern, and the ball-valve shall be so adjusted as to close the supply when the water-level in the cistern is two inches below the edge or overflow, if there be one.

The inlet or supply pipe to every cistern shall be situated above the water-level of such cistern.

The overflow pipes of all cisterns shall be brought out to the outside of the building and shall terminate in a conspicuous position, so that any leakage may be easily detected. No overflow from any cistern shall on any account be connected with any drain or sewer or with the waste pipe of any bath, sink, or any other sanitary appliance, or with the overflow from any other cistern. Each cistern shall have a separate overflow pipe.

22. The outlet of every draw-off tap shall be in some open and conspicuous place so that leakage may be easily detected, and in no case shall the outlet be below the top water-level in any cistern, tank, or other vessel into which the tap delivers.

23. No cistern buried or excavated in the ground shall be used for the storage of water supplied by the Council, unless the use of such cistern shall be allowed in writing by the Council.

24. No wooden receptacle without a proper metallic lining shall be used for the storage of water supplied by the Council.

25. No owner or occupier of a house shall allow water from any cistern, pipe, or tap on his premises to run to waste. Should any leakage occur in any communication or service pipe or in any cistern,

tap, or other water fittings in any house or premises, the owner or occupier shall, within twenty-four hours, give notice of the same to the Secretary.

When water improperly used, &c., meter to be affixed.

26. Should the Council have reason to believe that in any house or premises water from the Municipal Waterworks is used by others than the members of the household, or for other than domestic purposes, or is wasted or unduly consumed, it shall be lawful for the Council to fix a meter on the pipe supplying such house or premises, and the owner or occupier shall pay for all water shown by the meter to have been consumed in excess of two thousand gallons for every rupee of water-rate assessed in respect of such house or premises, the sum of one rupee for every thousand gallons of such excess.

Supply on agreement.

It shall be lawful for the Council to agree with any person to supply water for other than domestic purposes, provided an agreement in the Form A in the schedule hereto annexed shall have been entered into with the Chairman of the Municipal Council.

Council to provide meters.

27. The Council shall provide and fix all meters, and may charge for the use of any such meter such rent as the Council may deem reasonable.

How sums due to be recovered.

28. The sums recoverable under either of the two next preceding by-laws shall be recovered in the manner provided by sections 281 and 282 of "The Municipal Councils' Ordinance, 1887," as if the same were expenses directed to be paid by the said Ordinance.

Rent for use of meters.

29. The following rents shall be paid to the Municipal Council quarterly and in advance for the use of meters for one quarter or any part of a quarter; such quarters shall be considered to commence on the First day of January, the First day of April, the First day of July, and the First day of October:—

3	inch meter	Rs. 35-00	per quarter or part of a quarter.		
2	Do.	" 20-00	do	do.	
1½	Do.	" 15-00	do.	do.	
1	Do.	" 7-00	do.	do.	
¾	Do.	" 5-75	do.	do.	
½	Do.	" 4-40	do.	do.	
¼	Do.	" 3-00	do.	do.	

Meter readings monthly.

30. Meters shall be read once in every month. Whenever a meter is read, a memorandum in the Form B of the reading shall be left at the premises supplied through it addressed "The Occupier."

If meter out of order.

31. If a meter be found to be out of order, or if it be removed for repair or alteration, the fact shall be noted on the memorandum mentioned in rule No. 30. On fixing a new meter or re-fixing the old one, a second memorandum shall be left at the premises supplied through such meter.

If meter out of order, average to be taken.

The consumption for the time that the meter was out of order, or that the service was without a meter, shall be calculated according to the average rate of daily consumption that obtained during the period between any two successive readings whilst the meter was in good order immediately preceding the removal of the meter.

Value of water consumed.

32. The value of the amount of water consumed during the quarter shall be ascertained and calculated in accordance with the foregoing rules.

Accounts quarterly of water consumed.

33. An account shall be rendered quarterly of the amount to be paid for the water consumed in the preceding quarter.

The accounts for sums due on account of water shall be rendered in the Form C in the schedule, and the amount shall be paid to the Municipality in cash in full within fifteen days of the rendering of such account.

Payment within fifteen days.

34. In all cases in which a meter is fixed an account shall be rendered quarterly for the rent of such meter in advance. The account shall be in Form C in the schedule, and the amount thereof shall be paid to the Council in cash in full within fifteen days of the rendering of such account.

Council may remove meter for testing, &c.

35. The Council may from time to time remove any meter for the purpose of testing the accuracy thereof, or for examination or repair, or for the purpose of substituting another, or upon discontinuance of any private service.

Meter to be repaired only by employés of Council.

36. No meter shall be altered or repaired, except under the direction of or by persons employed by the Council. All repairs, except those caused wilfully or negligently, shall be made by the Council free of cost to the consumer; but in the event of damage being wilfully or negligently caused, the owner or occupier of the premises to which the water service is laid shall pay the cost of repair or renewal thereof as the Council may direct.

Council may shut off water.

37. It shall be lawful for the Council to stop or cut off the supply of water between such hours as it shall deem necessary.

Council not liable for failure of water caused by unavoidable circumstances.

38. The Council shall not be liable to any penalty or damages for not supplying water to the Municipality, if the want of such supply arises from any accident or from unusual drought or other unavoidable cause.

Owner, &c., of house having a private service not to supply water to others.

Misuse of water an offence.

Council may authorize entering and examination of premises having a private service.

Water may be cut off for contravention of by-laws, &c.

Persons authorized by Council may enter and cut off pipes, &c.

Interpretation clause.

39. No owner or occupier of any premises having a private water service shall supply to any other person, or wilfully permit him to take, any water from any cistern or pipe in such premises, unless for the purpose of extinguishing a fire, or unless such other person shall also be an occupier having a private service, and the pipes supplying him shall be, without his default, out of repair.

40. No person who has not been allowed a supply of water from the Municipal Waterworks for other than domestic purposes shall use for any other than domestic purposes any water supplied to or obtained by him from such waterworks.

41. Any person authorized by the Council may at any time between eight of the clock in the morning and five of the clock in the evening, after giving one hour's notice to the owner or occupier, enter any building or premises in order to examine the condition of the pipes, works, and fittings therein, and to ascertain if there be any waste or misuse of water. If such person is without reasonable cause refused admittance for the purpose aforesaid, or is prevented without reasonable cause from making such examination, or if necessary preventing waste of water, the Council may stop the supply of water to such building or premises.

42. The Council may also stop the supply of water to any building or premises having a private supply should the owner or occupier be in default of payment of the water-rate fifteen days after the same has become due, or if such owner or occupier does, or causes or permits to be done, anything in contravention of any of the provisions of the by-laws in this chapter, or wrongfully fails to do anything which ought to be done for the prevention of the waste, misuse, undue consumption, or contamination of the water belonging to the Municipal Waterworks.

43. In all cases in which the Council is by these by-laws authorized to cut off or stop the supply of water to any building or premises or to remove any pipe or pipes, and in all cases in which any building or premises having a private service shall have become unoccupied, any person thereto authorized by the Council and his workmen may, after giving six hours' notice to the occupier, if any, or the owner, enter such building or premises between the hours of eight of the clock in the morning and five of the clock in the evening, and cut off any pipes by which water shall be conveyed from the Municipal main to such premises, and remove any pipe, meter, or fittings which the Council may be entitled to remove.

44. Whenever used in this chapter, the words "main" shall mean the pipe and all its branches by which water is conveyed from the Municipal reservoir to the town of Kandy;

"Communication pipe" shall mean the pipe which extends from the main up to the stop valve placed at or near the point of entrance into any building or premises; and

"Service pipe" shall mean the pipe and all its branches laid from the said stop valve into any building or premises.

SCHEDULE.

Form A.

1. Agreement for a supply of water by meter for other than domestic purposes to premises No. —, — street, between — (hereinafter styled "the owner") on the one part, and —, Chairman of the Municipal Council (hereinafter styled "The Chairman") on behalf of the Municipal Council of Kandy on the other part.

2. In consideration of being allowed a supply of water for other than domestic purposes to the aforesaid premises, the owner hereby agrees to abide by the conditions hereinafter set forth:—

(a) That the water shall be supplied by a — inch meter.

(b) That the owner shall pay or cause to be paid the sum of rupees — a quarter or any part thereof in advance to the Municipal Council of Kandy for the rent of the meter.

(c) That the owner shall pay or cause to be paid to the Municipal Council of Kandy at the rate of rupees — per thousand gallons for the quantity of water supplied during each month. The first payment to be made on the First day of —, 19—.

3. If the rent of the meter or charge for meter are not paid to the Municipal Council within fifteen days from the due date, the right to the separate service shall be forfeited, and the Municipal Council may discontinue the supply.

4. The regulations of chapter XII. attached to No. 19 of 1896, or of by-laws which take their place, shall be taken as part of this agreement, and shall be binding on the parties thereto.

5. The agreement may be determined by either party giving to the other party seven days notice of his intention to determine the same. In the event of its being so determined, neither the owner nor the occupier of the premises shall be entitled to the use of the separate service until a fresh agreement shall have been made.

Form B.

No. —, KANDY MUNICIPALITY.
To the occupier, Premises No. —.

Reference No.	Water Account.	
	Reading on ———	...
	Reading on ———	...
	Gallons consumed	..
	During ———.	
	Date: ———.	
		Signature ———.

Form C.

KANDY MUNICIPALITY.

No. —, Municipal Office, —, 190 —.
Statement of Water consumed on Premises No —, — Street,
during —, as per Meter No. —, Size —.

Meter reading on ———	...	...	Gallons.
Meter reading on ———	...	...
Quantity of water consumed	...	...
Quantity of water allowed	...	...
	Excess Gallons	...	
			Rs.
Charge for use of meter	...	...
Amount due for excess @ per 2,000 gallons	...	...
To account previously rendered	...	...

Received payment.

——, 190—.

Accountant, M. C. K.

Secretary, M. C. K.

වෛ 1901 ක් 8 වෙනි ආඥාවෙන් 4 වෙනි වගන්තියේ ප්‍රකාර මහනුවර නාගරිකසභාව විසින් සම්පාදනය කරනු ලැබූ මෙහි පහත දක්වනු ලබන උපවිධානවල මහජනයාගේ දැනගැනීම සඳහා ප්‍රසිද්ධ කරනු ලැබේ.

ගරුතර ආඥාකාර උතුමානන්වහන්සේගේ අණපරිද්දෙන්,
එවරුහි ඉමි තරුන්,
මහසෙනෙවාරිස් වමිහ.

වෛ 1903 ක් 12 වැනි මස 14 වෙනි දින මහසෙනෙවාරිස් උත්තරාගේ කන්තෝරුවේදී.

12 වෙනි පරිච්ඡේදය.

නාගරිකසභාව විසින් වතුර සැපයීම.

වතුරබද්ද කෙසේ අත් කළයුතුද යන වග.

1. වෛ 1887 නාගරිකසභා ආඥාව යටතේ අගකරන්ට නියම වූ වෙනම බද්දක් මෙන්ම වෛ 1884 ට සහ 1895 නේ මහනුවර ජලකම්පන සම්බන්ධ වූ මුදල් නියම ගැනීමේ ආඥාවන් නිමකරනවිට අගකරන්ට බලයද ආඥා ලැබූවූ නාගරිකසභාව විසින් වතුර බද්ද සහ මේ පරිච්ඡේදයේ වගන්තිවලට යටත්ව අගකළයුතු වන්නාවූ වෙනම මුදල් ගණන්ද අගකළ යුතු වන්නේය.

හිලධාරීන් පත්කෙරීම.

බදු එකතුකෙරීමේ විෂයදම ආදිය වතුර බදුදෙන් ගෙවිය යුතුයි.

ජලකමාන සභාවට අයිති වන්නේය.

වතුර පෙරෙණ වැව් ආදිය සභාව විසින් සැදිය යුතුයි.

විදි ආදිය ක්ෂේත්‍රවලට හෙවත් හැරවීමට පුද්ගලික ඉඩම් වලට ඇතුළත්වන්නට බලය.

කවරෙක් විසින් වතුර අපිරිසිදු කටයුතු නොවේ.

නොහොත් සිටවා තිබෙන ජලාශ්‍රිතයකින් නොසේදිය යුතුයි.

වතුර බදු ගෙවන අයට ගෙදර පාර්ච්චි සිසි පිණිස ඉන් වැඩි ගෙවීමක් නැතුව බලය තිබේ.

බාල්විල පමණක් වතුර ගෙණිය යුතුයි.

කිසිම ජලාශ්‍රිතයකට හම් නලයක් ගැන යුතු නොවේ.

“ගෙදර පාර්ච්චි සිසි” යන්නට ඇතුළත් නොවන දේවල්.

පුද්ගලික ප්‍රයෝජනයට සභාව විසින් දීම.

නෘත කාමර සේදීමේ කාමර ආදියට වතුර ගැණීම.

නග වෙනුවට වතුර නල අල්ලාගත නොහැකි.

සභාවේ අවසරය නැතුව ප්‍රධාන නල හෙවත් නලය පටන් ගෙවලට නල නොතැබිය යුතුයි.

අලාභය ගැණ සභාව වගකිව යුතු බව.

2. කමාන ඉස්කොර්මටන් මෙහි පහත සඳහන් වූ වැඩ කරගණු සැමටන් ඔනුකරණ පමණ හිලධාරීන් පත්කෙරීම හා සභාවට පුද්ගලික පෙරෙණ පරිද්දෙන් ඔවුන්ට පරිදි විෂයදම ගෙවීම සභාවට යුතු වන්නේය.

3. වතුර සැපයීමේ නොහොත් වතුර සැපයීම ගැණද වතුරබදද එකතුකෙරීම ගැණද වෙනත් සියලුම විෂයදම් වතුර බද්දට ලැබෙන ආදායමෙන් ගෙවිය යුතුයි.

4. මේ නාගරික නීති වලාංගවල කාලයේ නාගරික සභාව ඇතුළත ඊට අයිතිව තිබෙන නොහොත් පසුව සාදනලද නව නලද නොහොත් ගොඩනගන ලද සියලුම ප්‍රසිද්ධ වැව්ද, ජලාසයද පොකුණුද ජලාශ්‍රිතයද උල්පත්ද දියදැරවල්ද ලික්ද දියනලද වතුරපාරවල්ද, වතුර ඉහල නගන පොම්පද වෙනත් ජලකමාන සම්බන්ධව නොහොත් ඊට අයිතිවූ සියලුම ගොඩනැගිලිද සමානාදි ව්‍යායන්ද සභාවට අත්පත්වන්නේය.

5. නගරයේ වැසියන්ගේ ප්‍රයෝජනයට ඔනුයෙහි කලින් කල හැකෙන වතුර පෙරෙණ වැව්ද ජලාසයන්ද කානු නොහොත් වෙන කමාන සභාවට සාදනලද උල්පත් හා ජලාශ්‍රිතය පිහිටුවන්නට දිරනල නඩබවන්ටත් නාගරික සභාවට බලය ඇති වන්නේය.

6. යම් යම් දිනකල පිහිටීමේදී හෙවත් වැලලීමේදී උවමනාසි කල්පනාවේනම් දිනකල යම් විදිගත් නොහොත් ඉඩමක් නොහොත් විදිගත් දෙපසකට තිබෙන නැතත් මැදින් හෝ හර හට හෝ යටින් හෝ නොහොත් යම් ගොඩනැගිල්ලක් බිම්ගෙයක් හෙවත් පොළවක් සාදන බිමක කාමරයක් යටින් හෝ කොටුකරණලද ඉඩමකට හෝ එබදු ඉඩමක් මැදින් හෝ පිහිටුවාගණු ගාමට බලය තිබේ. එසේවනුයුත් මේ ආකාරයට ගොඩනැගිලි පුද්ගලික ඉඩම් ආදිය සම්බන්ධව එසේකරණ සෑම කල්පිම එසේකරන්නට යන බව ඒ ඉඩම් ආදිය අයිතිකාරයන්ට දැන්විය යුතුයි වැඩිය සම්පූර්ණව ඒවා අයිතිකාරයන්ගේ අලාබ්‍ය වෙනුවට සෑහේගි කල්පනාවෙන මුදල් ගණනක් ගෙවිය යුතුයි එබදු ගෙවීමේ ගණන හෝ බෙදීම ගැන යම් ආරවුලක් හටගත් නොත් ඒ ගෙවිය යුතු ගණනද බෙදීමද මගෙසඟාත් නොසේත් විසින් තීරණ කටයුතුයි. මගෙසඟාත් නැතහොත් කීදු වට විරැබව ග්‍රෙඩාරි කරණ සභාවට ඇපැල් ගැණීමට බලය තිබේ.

7. සභාවට අයිති ජලාසයක උල්පතක පොකුණක ජලාශ්‍රිතයක නොහොත් වෙනම ජලකමාන නගරික ජලය කිසියම් ප්‍රමාණයක කීවුවෙන නරක්වෙන නොහොත් දූෂණවන අපිරි සිදු වන අන්දමේ කිසියම් දෙයක් නොකට යුතුයි.

8. යම් කිසි කෙණක් විසින් නාගරික සභාව තුළ විදිවලවත් පාරවලවත් වෙන යම් නැතන වත් දැනට තිබෙන නොහොත් මින් පසු පිහිටුවන නොහොත් සාදන ජලාසයක් හෝ ජලාශ්‍රිතයක් හෝ උල්පතක් හෝ පොකුණක් හෝ දියනලයක් හෝ වෙන යම් ජලය නවත්වා තිබෙන නැතත් ලක හෝ ඒවායින් හෝ නෑත්වත් නම් ගෙය යටින් යම් කොටසක් සේදන්නට යම් හරකෙක්වත් අලෙවියෙන්වත් බල්ලුන්වත් වෙන කොසියම් සහෙක්වත් නොහොත් යම් වාහන යන්ත්‍රයක් ඇඳීමට බවට වෙන මොනගම් දෙයක්වත් නොසේදිය යුතුයි.

9. මේ පරිච්ඡේදයේ පළමුවෙනි නාගරික නියෝගයේ ප්‍රකාරයට බදු ගෙවන සෑම දෙනාටම තමනම සහ පවුලට ඉන් වැඩි ගෙවීමක් නැතුව ගෙදර පාර්ච්චි පිණිස නාගරික සභාවේ ප්‍රසිද්ධ උල්පතකින් හෝ ජලාශ්‍රිතයකින් හෝ වතුර ගැණීමට බලය තිබේ.

10. වතුර යම් කානුවකටවත් පාර අයිත ඇලකටවත් මාවතක හෝ අභිපාරක හෝ වෙන යම් ඉඩමක හෝ ගලායාම වලක්වන ආකාර බාල්දියක හෝ වෙනගම් පුද්ගලික භාජනයක හෝ ගෙණගත යුතුවේ.

11. ප්‍රසිද්ධ වැඩකට ඔනුයුත් නාගරික සභාවේ අවසර ඇතුව යොදන මිස අන්‍ය කවර කාරණයකටවත් හම් නලයක්, දියනලයක්, නලයක් වෙනගම් දෙයක් හෝ කලකටවත් පවතින්නට වත් යම් ජලාශ්‍රිතයකට යා නොකට යුතුයි.

12. “ගෙදර පාර්ච්චි සිසි” යන්නට වතුර සැපයීම යන්නෙන්” අන්වයක් හෝ හරකුන් හෝ වාහන හෝ විකිණීමටවත් කුලියට දීමටවත් තබා තිබෙන නැත්නම් ඒ අන්වයන්ටවත් හරකුන්ටවත් දීමට හෝ වාහන සේදීමට හෝ නොහොත් වෙලදාමට හසනකමානකයකට වැඩකට නොහොත් උල්පතකට පීනා නැමට නොහොත් යම් අලාභකර කෙරීමකට යම් යන්ත්‍රකමයකට නොහොත් ගොසිනැත් ආදියට ගැණීම ඇතුළත් නොවේ.

13. ගෙයක පදිඳු විකාරයා හෝ අයිතිකාරයා හෝ විසින් අසේමක් කලවිට සභාවේ කල්පනාවේ ප්‍රකාර සභාවට සෑහේගි හැකෙන ගෙවලට සෑහේගි නිතර ප්‍රමාණයකට පුද්ගලික පොකුණක්ද ඇතුළු පුද්ගලික ප්‍රයෝජනයට වතුර දීම සභාව විසින් කටහැකිවේ. පුද්ගලික ප්‍රයෝජනයට වතුර දුන් විට නාගරික සභාවේ ප්‍රධාන ජලාශ්‍රිතයේ සිට ඒ වතුර දෙපස ලබන ඉඩමට සම්බන්ධ කරණ එසේම ඔනුකරණ ජලනල සැදීම පිහිටීමට සම්බන්ධව පුද්ගලික ප්‍රයෝජනයට වතුර ඉල්ලන්නාගේ විෂයදමක් ජලකමාන බලන පුපර්ච්චි වැත්වැත්වැනි ගාමටත් නාගරික සභාවේ වැඩකරුවන් විසින් කරනු ලැබේ. එබදු පුද්ගලික වැඩක් ගැණ ගණන් බලනලද විෂයදම ඒ වැඩ සටන්ගන්ට ප්‍රථම නාගරික සභාවට ගෙවීම ඉල්ලන්නට සභාවට බලය තිබේ.

14. සෑම නාගරික සේදීමේ කාමර කුණු වතුර බාල්දි ආදියට වතුර ඇතුළුවන සිදුරු ඒවායින් වතුර පිටකරණ මාසියට සම්පූර්ණයෙන් වෙන්කොට සාදා වෙනස්ව තැබිය යුතුයි. ඒවාට වතුර ඇතුළුවෙන නල හෝ සිදුරු එබදු නාගරික සේදීමේ කාමර ආදියට ඉහලින් තැබිය යුතුයි.

15. වතුර ගැණීමට හෝ වතුරෙන් ප්‍රයෝජන ගැණීමට හෝ යොදනලද නලයක් හෝ නල නොහොත් ඒ ගැණ සවිකර තිබෙන දෙයක් කොසියම් නගරයකටවත් අල්ලාගත නොහැකි.

16. සභාවේ අවසර ලියවිල්ලක් නොලබා නාගරික සභාවේ ප්‍රධාන නල නොහොත් නලයක පටන් ගෙයකට ඉඩමකට නොහොත් වත්කමට යම් සම්බන්ධ කරණ නලයක් නොහොත් වතුර ගන්නා නලයක් තැබීම හෝ වෙනස් කිරීම හෝ දැනට තිබෙන වතුර ගන්නා නලයක් වෙන්කෙරීම හෝ නොකටයුතුයි. නොහොත් සභාවේ වැඩකරුවන්ලවා මිස වෙන අය ලවා එබදු දිය නල නොපිහිටවිය යුතුයි. ඒ නල තැබිය යුතු තැන යොදනද කියා සභාව විසින් ඒත්තුගන්නාතුරුත් එසේ නොතැබිය යුතුයි.

17. පුද්ගලික ප්‍රයෝජනය ගැණ නාගරික සභාවේ ඉල්ලීම් ඉස්කොර්මලා ක්‍රමක් පුද්ගලික ඉඩමේදී යම් නලයක මිණුමක නොහොත් ඇබයක පිපිරියෙන් හෝ ඉතිරියාමෙන් හෝ සිඳිවෙන අලාභයක් ගෙවීමට සභාව බාල්දි නැත්ගන්ය. ප්‍රසිද්ධ පාරක තිබෙන ප්‍රධාන නලයෙන් පිට සිබවෙන කාරණා ගැණ වගකීමට නාගරික සභාව යම් අවසරයකින් හෝ ක්‍රියාවකින් හෝ නොබැඳෙන්නේය.

ගෙවල් ගණකකට වතුරගන්නා නල.

18. නාගරික සභාවෙන් අවසර තිබෙනම් මිස නැත්නම් දුනට වතුර දී තිබෙන නොහොත් මිත්පසු වතුර දෙන ලබන සෑම ගෙවල්ට නොහොත් ඉඩම්වලට වෙන වෙනම වතුර ගන්නා නල තබාගත යුතුයි. කිසි ගෙයකට වතුර ගන්නා නල එකකට වැඩිම නොතිබිය යුතුයි. නොහොත් එක ගෙයකට වතුරගන්නා නල වෙන ගෙයකට වතුරගන්නා වෙන ගම් නලයකට හෝ භාජනයකට හෝ වෙනගම් ගෙදීමකට හෝ සම්බන්ධ කටයුතු නොවේ.

අවසරනැතුව තබනලද නල අහස්කරන්ට හිසමකර විසදීම අයකරගන්ට සභාවට හැකිවේ.

19. ඉහත දක්වනලද නාගරික නියෝගවල වගන්තිවලට විරුධව ගම් කෙණෙක් ගම් සම්බන්ධ නලයක් හෝ වතුරගන්නා නලයක් හෝ නල පිහිටවීමට නොහොත් වෙනස්කලොත් තිබෙන නලයක් දිශිකලොත් එකී නලය නොහොත් නල අහස්කරන්ට අහස්කරීම සභාවට යුතු වන්නේය ඒ ආකාර කරන්ට කිසි එබඳු කෙණකට දුන්විමක් දිලා තුන්දවසක් ඇතුළත එය අහස් නොකලොත් එය අහස්කරවා ඊට ගන්නාට විසදීම දුනගණ නිසමකරගණ වම් 1887න් නාගරික සභා ආඥාවේ 281 වෙනි 282 වෙනි වගන්තිවල කියා තිබෙන ආකාර එම ආඥාවෙන් නිසමකරණලද විසදීමක් මෙන් එබඳු අයගෙන් අයකරණු ලැබේ.

සම්බන්ධ නල.

20. සභාව විසින් සපයනලද වතුර ගෙණඑන නොහොත් වතුර ආකරණ නල වෙනගම් පොකුණකට පිස්පයකට නොහොත් වෙන ගම් වැහිවතුර පාවිච්චියට යොදනලද වතුර දරසිවන භාජනයකට සම්බන්ධකරණු නොලබන්නේය.

ජලය හෙවත් බාල්දි ආදියට නාලි මුඩවාර හැකිවේ.

21. ජලකම්භයෙන් වතුර සපයනලද සෑම ජලය ආදියට හොඳම පිළිගන්නාලද රූපාකාරව සමාන බර ඇති නාලි මුඩවාරයක් ඇතිවිය යුතුයි. ජලය ආදියේ ජලමට්ටම ගැටියට නොහොත් වතුර ඉතිරිකන නැතත් තිබෙනම් වතුර ඒ මාරයට අනල් දෙකක් පාවිච්චි තිබෙන විට වැසිය හැකි ආකාරයට සවිකර තැබිය යුතුයි.

වතුර ඇතුල්වෙන නල.

සෑම ජලයවලටම වතුර ඇතුල්වෙන නොහොත් වතුරගන්නා නල එබඳු ජලය ආදියේ ජල මට්ටමට ඉහලින් තැබිය යුතුයි.

වතුර පිටවෙන නල.

සියලුම ජලය ආදියේ වතුර ඉතිරි ගත නල ගොඩනැගිල්ලෙන් පිටතට ගෙණ දිය වැස්සියාමක්වුවොත් දුනගත හැකිවෙන පිණිස පහසුවෙන් පෙණෙන තැනකදී කෙළවර කටයුතුයි.

වතුර පිටවෙන නල.

ගම් ජලයකින් ඉතිරි ගත වතුර ගම් කානුවකට නොහොත් අගලකට නාන කාමරයක හෝ කුණුවතුර බාල්දියක හෝ වෙන ගම් සන්පාරයක දෙසක කුණුවතුර ගත නලයකට නොහොත් වෙනගම් ජලයක ඉතිරිගත ජලයට මොන කාරණාවක් නිසාවත් යානොකට යුතුයි. එය එක ජලයකට වෙන වෙනම වතුර ඉතිරි ගත නල තැබිය යුතුයි.

වතුර රැස්කර තැබීමට පොළවේ ජලය ව්‍යවහාර නොකට යුතුයි.

22. වතුර පිටවෙන නල හෙවත් සීදුරුවල වතුර පිට ගත පැත්ත වතුර වැස්සීම හොඳකාර පොහොසත්ව පිණිස ලේස්සෙන් පෙණෙන තැනක තබනු ලබන්නේය. ඒ නලයක් වතුර වැටෙන ගම් ජලයකින් හෙවත් භාජනයක් ඇද්ද ඒකේ මුදුනක් ජලමට්ටමට පහතින් වතුර පිටවෙන කෙළවර නොතැබිය යුත්තේය.

වතුර රැස්කර තබන භාජන.

23. සභාව විසින් ලියවිල්ලකින් අවසරදී තිබෙනම් මිස නැත්නම් පොළව ගට නොහොත් පොළවේ භාරණලද ජලය සභාව විසින් සපයනලද ජලය රැස්කර තැබීමට ව්‍යවහාර නොකට යුතුයි.

වතුර අපහේ ඇරීම.

24. සුදුසු ලොහ තහඩුවක් ඇතුළේ අලවා තිබෙනම් මිස නැත්නම් සභාව විසින් සපයනලද වතුර රැස්කර තැබීමට ලී භාජන ව්‍යවහාර නොකටයුතුයි.

වතුර වැස්සී යෑම දැක්විය යුතුයි.

25. ගම් ගෙදරක පදිනවිකාරයක් පිසින් තමාගේ ඉඩමේ තිබෙන ජලයකින් හෝ ජල නලයකින් හෝ සීදුරකින් හෝ වතුර අපහේ තැරවිය යුතුයි.

වතුර අයුතුලෙස පාවිච්චිකෙරීම ආදිය කලවිට මිමි භාවිතකෙරීම.

ගම් ගෙයක නොහොත් ඉඩමක තිබෙන භාකරණලද දෙයකින් හෝ ජලයකින් හෝ නලයකින් හෝ වෙනගම් සවිකරණලද දෙයකින් හෝ වතුර වැස්සියන්ට වූනොත් ඒ ගෙයි හෝ ඉඩමේ අසිනියාරය නොහොත් පදිනවිකාරය විසින් විසිහතරපැයක් ඇතුළතදී ඒ ගැණ ලේකම් තැනට දන්විය යුතුයි.

පොරොන්දු පිට වතුර සැපයීම.

26. ගම් ගෙයක නොහොත් ඉඩමක පදිකවිකාරයක් පිසින් ඇර වෙන අය විසින් නාගරික සභාවේ ජලකම්භයන්ට ලීන් ලැබෙන වතුර පාවිච්චිකරණබව නොහොත් ගෙදර වැඩට ඇර වෙන ගම් දෙසකට පාවිච්චිකරණබව නොහොත් නැතිකරණබව නොහොත් ඕනෑම වැඩට වඩා විනාශකරණබව නාගරික සභාවට විශ්වාස ලෙස දුනගන්ට ලැබුනොත් එබඳු ගෙයකට නොහොත් ඉඩමකට වතුර සපයන නලයට මිමිමක් සවිකෙරීම සභාවට යුතුවන්නේය එබඳු ගෙයක් වෙනුවට වතුරබදු වෙනුවෙන් ගෙවන එක එක රුපියලට ගැලපා මි දෙදහකට (2,000) වැඩිගෙත් ගත බව මිමිමෙන් දුනගන්ට ලැබුනොත් ඒ වැඩි ගණනෙන් එක එක ගැලපා මි දහකට රුපියල ගණනෙන් එබඳු ගෙය නොහොත් ඉඩම අසිනියාරය විසින් නාගරික සභාවට ගෙවිය යුතුවන්නේය.

සභාව මිමි සපයන්නේය.

මීට ආකර තිබෙන "ඒ" අක්ෂරය දරණ උප ලෙබකයේ ප්‍රකාර නාගරික සභාවේ ප්‍රධානතැන සමග පොරොන්දුවකට බැඳුණොත් ගෙදර ප්‍රයෝජනයට ඇර වෙන කාරණාවලට වතුර සපයාදීමට පොරොන්දුවෙන්ට සභාවට යුතුවන්නේය.

ලැබියයුතු මුදල් අයකරණ විධිය.

27. සභාව සියලු මිමි සපයා සවිකරන්නේය. සභාවට සැපයියේ කලාපයවන මුදල් ගණනක් ඒවායේ පාවිච්චිය උදෙසා අයකරණු ලබන්නේය.

මිමි පාවිච්චියට බදු.

28. මෙලක ඉහල දුක්වූ නාගරික නියෝග දෙක ගටනේ අගකල යුතු මුදල් ගණන් වම් 1887න් නාගරික සභා ආඥාව ගටනේ ගෙවන්ට නිසමකරණලද විසදීමක් මෙන්ම ඒ ආඥාවේ 281 වෙනි 282 වෙනි වගන්තිවල නිසමකර තිබෙන අන්දමටම අයකරණු ලැබේ.

29. මෙහි පහත දක්වන බදුගණන් අවරුද්දෙන් හතරෙන් කොටසකට හෙවත් තුන්මාසකට නොහොත් එකින් කොටසකට තුන්තුන් මාසේට කලින් නාගරික සභාවට ගෙවිය යුතුයි. ඒ හතරෙන් කොටස හෙවත් තුන්මාසේ පහවැර මාසේ පලමුවෙනිදද අනුප්‍රේ මාසේ පලමුවෙනිදද ජිලි මාසේ පලමුවෙනිදද ඔක්තෝබර මාසේ පලමුවෙනිදද පටන්ගණු ලැබේ.

අකල් 3ගේ මිමිමට මාස තුනට හෝ ඉන් කොටසට	රු. ග.
2 එම	35 0
" 1 1/2 එම	20 0
" 1 එම	15 0
" 1/2 එම	7 0
" 1/4 එම	5 75
" 1/8 එම	4 40
" 1/16 එම	3 0

මාසපතා මිමි කියවීම හෙවත් පරික්ෂා කෙරීම.

30. සෑම මාසවලටම වරක් මිමි කියවනු ලැබේ හෙවත් පරික්ෂාකරණු ලැබේ. මිමි කියවීමට කියවීම ගැන කී අක්ෂරය දරණ උප ලෙබකයේ සඳහන් කරණු අඩංගුකර සිහිවීම පත්‍රයක් පදිකවිකාරයගේ නම පිට ලියා ඒ මිමිමෙන් වතුර ලැබෙන ඉඩමේ තබනු ලැබේ.

මේ රටකි තබා
නොය.

31. මිමිමක් කරන්නී කිසිවකින් නොහොත් අලුත්වැඩියාකෙරීමට හෝ වෙනස් කෙරීමට හෝ ගෙණගනු ලැබුවොත් නිසිවේ නිසියෙන් සඳහන්ව සිටීම පත්‍රයේ එවක සඳහන්කරණු ලැබේ අප්‍රත් මිමිමක් සවිකලාම නොහොත් පරණ එකම නැවත සවිකලාම ඒ මිමිමෙහි වතුර මණිනු ලබන ඉඩමේ දෙවනුව සිහිවීම පත්‍රයක් තබනු ලැබේ.

මිමි කරන්නී නම්
සාමාන්‍යගණන
ගතයුතුයි.

මිමි කරන්නී කිසිවකින් නොහොත් මිමිමක් නැතුව වතුර ලැබුන කාලයේ පාවිච්චිකරණු ලබන වතුරේ ප්‍රමාණය මිමිම අනන්තකරීමට පලමුවෙන් එය හොඳව තිබේදද ඒ ලකම දෙවනුවකද කිසියම්කල නිකුත ගණන්වල සාමාන්‍ය ගණන ගනු ලැබේ.

විශදම්වූන වතුරට
මිලගණන.

32. තුන්මසක් විශදම්වූ වතුරට බදුමිල ගණන ඉහල සඳහන්වූ නියෝගවලට එ හව දුක ගණ ගණන්ගනු ලැබේ.

පසලොස්දවයක්
ඇතුළත ගෙවීම.

33. තුන්මසකට වරක් රට ඉහත තුන්මසකදී විශදම්වූ වතුරට ගෙවිය යුතු බදුමුදල් ගණන සාදා දෙනු ලැබේ. උප ලෙඩකයෙ සි අසරයෙන් ලකුණු කරණලද ගණන් පත්‍රයෙන් පෙණෙන වතුර ගැන අවසර සුදුසු මුදල් ගණන සාදා දෙනු ලැබේ එබදු ගණනක් දී පසලොස් දවසක් ඇතුළත නාගරික සභාවට ඒ මුදල් ගණන ගෙවිය යුතුයි.

පරිණායකර්මාදී
යට සභාව විසින්
මිමි අනක ගණන
ගැම.

34. මිමි පිහිටුවනලද සැමකැන්හිම ඒ මිමි ගැන කලින් ගෙවීමට තුන්මසකට වරක් ගණන් පත්‍රයක් දෙනු ලැබේ ඒ ගණන පත්‍රය උප ලෙඩකයේ "සි" අසරයෙන් ලකුණුකර තිබෙන ප්‍රකාරයට ගේ. එබදු ගණන් පත්‍රයක්ද පසලොස් දවසක් ඇතුළත ඒ ගණන සම්පූර්ණයෙන් සභාවට මුදලෙන් ගෙවිය යුතුයි.

සභාව ගණනේ
වැඩකරන්නන්
ලවා පමණක් මිමි
අලුත්කරවිය යුතුයි.

35. මිමි හරි වැරදි බැලීමට හෝ පෙණිසිකෙරීමට හෝ අලුත්වැඩියා කෙරීමට හෝ ඒ වෙනුවට වෙන එකක් තැබීමට හෝ යම් පුද්ගලික පාවිච්චිකක් නැවැත්වීමට හෝ යම් මිමිමක් කලින්කල අනන්තරත්ට සභාවට හැකිවන්නේය.

සභාවට වතුර
නවත්වා තිබිය
හැකියි.

36. සභාවේ ගුරුකම්පිට හෝ සභාව ගණනේ වැඩකරණ අය ලවා හෝ මිස වෙන විධියකින් මිමි බවකස්කරන්නන් අවත්වන්නා කරන්නන්ට සුදුසුය. හිතුවක්කාර ක්‍රියාවකින් හෝ නොසැලකීමෙන් හෝ කරන්නන්ට ඒවා ඇර අනික් සියලුම ප්‍රකාරයන් කෙරීම හෙවත් අලුත්වැඩියා කෙරීම එය පාවිච්චි කරන්නන්ගේ විශදමක් නැතුව සභාව විසින් කරණු ලැබේ. නුමුත් හිතුවක් කරන්නන් හෝ අප්‍රාණිකවන්නන් හෝ අප්‍රාණිකවන්නන් සිදුවූයොත් වතුර දීමක ඉඩමේ අයිතිකාරයා හෝ පදිංචිකාරයා විසින් සභාවේ නියමය ලෙස එය ප්‍රකාරයන්කෙරීම ගැන වෙන විශදම ගෙවිය යුතුයි.

වැලැක්විය
නොහැකි කාරණා
වලින් වතුර
සැපයීම නැවතුනාට
සභාව වගකියුතු
නොවේ.

37. භනුකසි කල්පනාවෙන් පැවැත් අනෙර් වතුර නවත්වා තැබීම සභාවට සුදුසු වන්නේය.

පුද්ගලික
ප්‍රයෝජනයට
වතුර ලබාසිටින
ඉඩම් ආදිය
අයිතිකාරයන්
විසින් අනුත්ට වතුර
සැපයියුතු
නොවේ.

38. යම් අදිස්සි අනන්තරයකින් හෝ අව්‍යවහාර හද නියමයකින් හෝ වෙන යම් වැලැක්විය නොහැකි කාරණයකින් හෝ නගරයට වතුර සැපයීම නැවතුනාට යම් දඩයකටවත් වැඩිගෙවීමකටවත් සභාවට යටත් නොවේ.

අසුතුලෙස වතුර
පාවිච්චිකෙරීම
අපරාධයකි.

39. පුද්ගලික ප්‍රයෝජනයට වතුර ලබා සිටින ඉඩම් ආදිය අයිතිකාරයන් විසින් හෝ එහි පදිංචිකාරයන් විසින් හෝ යම් නිවීමට නොහොත් පුද්ගලික ප්‍රයෝජනයට වතුර ලබා සිටිනුමුත් ඔහුට වතුර ලැබෙන නල ආදිය ඔහුගේ වරදක් නැතුව කරන්න ප්‍රකාරයකින් කරනැති කෙනෙකුට හෝ මිස වෙන කෙනෙකුට එබදු ඉඩමක තිබෙන ජලාසනයක් නොහොත් නලආදිය කින් වතුර සපයාදීම හෝ ගන්ට කැමැත්තෙන් ඉඩඇරීම හෝ නොකටයුතුයි.

පුද්ගලික
ප්‍රයෝජනයට වතුර
ලැබී තිබෙන
ඉඩමකට
ඇතුල්වෙන පිණිස
බලගදෙන්නට
සභාවට බලය තිබේ.

40. ගෙදර ව්‍යවහාරයට හැර වෙනගම් කාරණයකට නාගරිකසභාවේ ජලකම්භාණයකින් වතුර නොලබා සිටින යම් කිසි කෙනෙකුක් විසින් ඔහුට එබදු ජලකම්භාණයකින් සපයනලද වතුර ගෙදර වැඩට මිස වෙනගම් වැඩකට පාවිච්චි නොකට යුත්තේය.

වතුර සපයාදීම
ආදිය සම්බන්ධවූ
නාගරික නියෝග
කඩකෙරීම නිසා
වතුර නැවැත්විය
හැකියි.

41. සභාව විසින් බලය දෙනුලැබූ යමෙකුට යම් ඉඩමක දියනල වැඩ සවිකිරීමආදිය බැලීමටත් වතුර අපතේ ඇරීමක් හෝ අසුතුලෙස ව්‍යවහාර කෙරීමක් ඇත්දැයි හොඳකාර දැනගැණීමටත් එහි අයිතිකාරයාට නොහොත් පදිංචිකාරයාට පැයක් කල්ඇතුළු දුකුම්පුන්කාසි පසු ලදේ අටටත් සවස පහටත් අනෙර් ඒ ඉඩමේ යම් ගෙයකට හෝ සාමාන්‍යකට ඇතුල්වෙන්නට පුළුවනි. එබදු කෙනෙක් සැලකෙන කාරණාවක් නැතුව ඉහත කියනලද ආකාර ඒ වැඩට ඇතුළුවීමට ඉඩ තුළුන් නොත් එබදු විභාගයක් කෙරීමෙන් වැලැක්වුණවොත් නොහොත් වතුර අපතේ ඇරීම නොවැලැක්වූ හොත් එබදු ගෙයකට නොහොත් ඉඩමකට වතුර දීම නවත්වන්නට සභාවට පුළුවන්වේ.

සභාවෙන් බලය
ලත් අයට ඉඩම්
වලට ඇතුල්ව දිය
නල කපා හැරිය
හැකියි.

42. යම් ගෙයක හෝ ඉඩමක අයිතිකාරයා හෝ පදිංචිකාරයා වතුර බද්ද ගෙවන්නට නියම දිනෙන් පසු පහලොස් දවසක් නොගෙවා සිටියොත් නොහොත් එබදු අයිතිකාරයන් හෝ පදිංචිකාරයන් මේ පරිච්ඡේදයේ සඳහන්වූ නාගරික නියෝගවලට විරුධව යම් දෙයක් කෙරෙව්වොත් නොහොත් කරන්නට ඉඩඇරියොත් නොහොත් නාගරිකසභාවේ වතුර අපතේ ඇරීම වරද ලෙස පාවිච්චිකෙරීම අයිති පාවිච්චි අයිතිසිදුකෙරීම ආදිය වැලැක්වීම පිණිස කරන්නට ඔහුට යම් දෙයක් වරද ලෙස නොකර ඇරියොත් එබදු ගෙයකට හෝ ඉඩමකට ලැබෙන වතුර නවත්වන්නට සභාවට බලය තිබේ.

පදිවිසර.

43. යම් නාගරික නියෝගවලින් බලයලත් සෑම කාරණවලදීම නොහොත් නලයක් හෝ නල අනන්තරත්ට බලය ලත් සෑම කල්හිම සහ වතුර ලැබී තිබෙන යම් ගෙයක ගොඩනැගිල්ලක නොහොත් ඉඩමක පදිංචිකාරයන්ගේ නැතිවීමට සහ ගෙයක් බලයෙන් කෙනෙකුටත් ඔහුගේ කම්මා භාණකාරයන්ටත් එහි යම් පදිංචිකාරයන් සිටිනම් ඔහුට නොහොත් අයිතිකාරයාට මිරිලෝසු පැයෙන් හපැයක් කල් ඇතුළු දුකුම්පු ලද අටටත් සවස පහටත් අනෙර් කාලෙදී නාගරික සභාවට ගෙණගැනීමට අයිතිවැසියම් ඇති නාගරිකසභාවේ ප්‍රධාන නලය හෝ නලවල සිට එබදු ඉඩමකට වතුර ගෙණගන්නට බලය තිබේ.

44. මේ පරිච්ඡේදයේ "ප්‍රධාන නල" යන කීමෙන් දක්වන්නේ මහනුවර නාගරිකසභාවට අයිති මහ ජලාසයේ පටන් මහනුවරට වතුර ගෙණගන්න නලය සහ ඒකේ සියලුම අනු නලයන් බවයි.

සම්බන්ධ කෙරීමේ නලය කියන්නේ ප්‍රධාන නලය පටන් ගොඩනැගිල්ල හෝ ඉඩම ඇතුළේ තබා තිබෙන නවත්වන නැත පිහිටුවනලද නැලිමුඩවාර දක්වා තිබෙන දිය නලයයි.

උසලේඛනය.
'ඒ' අක්ෂරය.

1. ——— විදිගේ නොමිමර ——— දරණ ඉඩමට ගෙදර ප්‍රයෝජනයට ඇර වෙන වැඩට මිම මත් ඇතුළු වතුර සැපයීම පිණිස මින් පහත අයිතිකාරයාගේ කිසිවු ලබන ——— එක් පක්ෂය කට්ටු මහනුවර නාගරිකසභාව වෙනුවෙන් ඒ සභාවේ ප්‍රධානතැනට මින් පහත ප්‍රධානතැනගේ කිසිවු ලබන ——— අතින් පක්ෂයටද බැඳී ඒ දෙපක්ෂය අතරේ පොරොන්දුවෙන් නිවැසීමයි.

2. ඉහත නම සඳහන්වූ ඉඩමට ගෙදර ප්‍රයෝජනයට ඇර අතර වැඩට වතුර ලබාගන්නා පිණිස මෙහි පහත සඳහන්වෙන පොරොන්දු පිළිපදින්නට ඒ ඉඩමේ අයිතිකාරයා මෙහි පොරොන් දුව බැඳෙන්නේය.

- (ක) වතුර අහල් ——— ක මිමකින් සපයනු ලැබේ.
- (ආ) ඒ ඉඩමේ අයිතිකාරයා ඒ මිම මේ බද්ද පිණිස මහනුවර නාගරිකසභාවට මාස තුනකට නොහොත් ඉන් කොටසකට කලින් රුපියල් ——— ගෙවිය යුතුයි නොහොත් ගෙවන්නට සැලැස්විය යුතුයි.
- (ඇ) අයිතිකාරයා විසින් එක එක මාසේ තමාට සපයනලද වතුර ගැලපාම් දැකට රුපියල් ——— ගණනේ මහනුවර නාගරිකසභාවට ගෙවිය යුතුයි. පළමුවෙනි ගෙවීම වස 19 ——— ක් වූ ——— මස ——— දිනදී ගෙවිය යුතුයි නොහොත් ගෙවන්නට සැලැස් විය යුතුයි.

3. මිම ගැන බද්ද නොහොත් මිම ගැන ගාස්තුව ගෙවියයුතු දිනෙන් පසු පසලොස් දවසක් ඇතුළත නොගෙවීමෙන් වෙනම වතුර ලැබීමේ ප්‍රයෝජනය නැතිවන්නේය. නාගරිකසභාව වතුර සැපයීම තවත්වන්නේය.

4. වස 1896 දී 19 වෙනි ආඥාව සම්බන්ධවූ 12 වෙනි පරිච්ඡේදයේ නියෝග නොහොත් ඒ වෙනුවට යොදනලද නාගරික නියෝග මේ පොරොන්දුවල කොටසක් මෙන් ගණන්ගනු ලැබේ. මේ පොරොන්දුවට බැඳෙන දෙපක්ෂය ඊට බැඳී සිටියි.

5. එක් පක්ෂයක් විසින් අතින් පක්ෂයට හත්දවසක් කල් ඇතුළු මේ පොරොන්දු අවලංගු කරන්නට අදහසක් ඇති බව දැනම්දීමෙන් මේ පොරොන්දු අවලංගුකරන්නට හැකිවන්නේය. එසේ අවලංගුකළ කල්හි ඉඩමේ අයිතිකාරයාටවත් පදිංචිකාරයාටවත් අවුතු පොරොන්දුවකට බැඳෙන වතුර වෙනම වතුර ලබාගැනීමට බලය නැත්තේය.

බී.

මහනුවර නාගරිකසභාව.

නොමිමරය ——— නොමිමර ——— දරණ ඉඩමේ පදිංචිකාරයා කමටයි.

සලකා බැලීමේ නොමිමරය.	වතුර ගණන.		ගැලපාම්.
	වස 19 ——— දින කිසිවම	... ..
	දින කිසිවම	... ..
	විසදම්වූ ගැලපාම් ගණන	... ..
	අනෙකුත් ගණන	... ..
	දින	... ..	අත්සන

සී.

මහනුවර නාගරිකසභාව.

නොමිමරය ——— වස 19 ——— නාගරිකසභා කන්තෝරුවේදීය.

විදිගේ නොමිමර ——— දරණ ඉඩමේ ——— මහනුවර මිම මේ ප්‍රකාර ——— මාසේ ඇතුළත විසදම්වූ වතුර ගණන් ලෙඛනයයි.

වස	දින	මිම කිසිවම	... ..	ගැලපාම්.
වස	දින	මිම කිසිවම	... ..
		මිම කිසිවම	... ..
		විසදම්වූ වතුර ගණන	... ..
		විසදම්කරන්නට දිනිබෙන ගණන	... ..
		වැඩි විසදම්වූ ගණන	... ..
		වැඩිවූ ඒවා දෙදහට	... ..
		ඉහත දුන් ගණනට	... ..
		මිම ප්‍රවේණිකට ගෙවියයුතු ගාස්තුව	... ..
		වැඩිවූ ඒවා දෙදහට	... ..
		ඉහත දුන් ගණනට	... ..

ගෙවීම ලැබුවේ මි, වස 190 ——— ක් වූ ——— මස ——— දිනදීය. මහනුවර නාගරිකසභාවේ ගණන් බාරකාරයා.

සභාවේ ලේකම්වරයා.

1901 ம் ஆண்டின் 8 ம் இலக்கச்சட்டத்தின் 4 ம் பிரிவுக்கமைய நண்டி நகரசங்கத்தால் செய்யப்பட்ட சனவரிய பின்வரும் துணைபிரமாணங்கள் எவரும் அறிதற்பொருட்டுப் பிரசித்தம்செய்யப்படுகின்றன.

மகோத்தமரவர்களின் கட்டளைப்படி,

எவெறட்டும் தூர்ன்,
இராசாங்க விதிதர்.

கொழும்பு, இராசாங்க விதிதர் கந்தோர்,
1903 (வந) வைகாசிமீ 14 ந் உ.

12 ம் அதிகாரம்.

நகராதிக்கார சங்கத்தார் தண்ணீர் கொடுப்பதல்.

தண்ணீர் அறவிடு முறை.

உத்தியோகத்தரை நியமித்தல்.

வரி அறவிடுதல் முதலியவற்றால் வரும் செலவுகள் தண்ணீர் வரியில் இருந்து இறுக்கப்பட்ட வேண்டியது.

தண்ணீர் கொடுப்பதற்காகிய சகல வேலைகளும் சங்கத்தின் பொறுப்பில் இருக்கவேண்டியது.

வழிகேணி முதலியவற்றைச் சங்கத்தார் கட்டி கொடுக்கலாம்.

தெருக்களை வெட்டவும் ஊரவர்களது காணிக்ருட்ட பிரவேசிக்கவும் அதிகாரம்.

ஒருவரும் தண்ணீரை அழுக்குப்படுத்தப்படாது.

நிலக்குழாய் முதலியவற்றில் குளிக்க முழுக்கக் கூடாது.

வரி கொடுப்பவர்கள் வீட்டுப் பாலிப்புக்குத் தண்ணீரைச் செலவுகொடாமல் பாலிக்கலாம்.

தண்ணீர் வானிகளில் மாத்திரம் எடுத்துக்கொண்டுபோகவேண்டியது.

நீர் நிலக்குழாய்களில் யாதொரு சய்குழாய் முதலியவைகள் தொடுக்கப்படாது.

1. கண்டி தண்ணீர்கொடுத்தலின் வேலைக்காகக் கடன்வாங்குதலைப்பற்றிய 1881 ம், 1895 ம் ஆண்டுகளின் கட்டளைச்சட்டத்தின்படி நகராதிக்கார சங்கத்தார் விதிக்கவும் அறவிடவும் அதிகாரம் காட்டுக்கப்பட்ட தண்ணீர் வரியும், இந்த அதிகாரத்தின்படி இறுக்கவேண்டிய வேறெந்தப்பணமும் 1887 ம் ஆண்டின் நகராதிக்காரசங்கக் கட்டளைச்சட்டத்தின்படி விதிக்கப்பட்ட வரியைப்போல அறவிடப்படவேண்டியது.

2. இந்த வேலைகளைச் செய்வதற்கும் இதன்பின் சொல்லப்படும் கடமைகளை நடத்துவதற்கும் வேண்டிய உத்தியோகத்தர்களை நியமிப்பதும், அவர்களுக்குத் தகுதியான சம்பளம் கொடுப்பதும் சங்கத்தார்களுக்கு நீதியாகும்.

3. தண்ணீர் கொடுப்பதால் அல்லது அதைப்பற்றி வரும் சகல செலவுகளும் தண்ணீர் வரி அறவிடுவதால் வரும் செலவுகளும் தண்ணீர் வரிக்காக அறவிட்ட தொகையிலிருந்தே கொடுப்ப வேண்டியது.

4. இந்தப் பிரமாணங்கள் எடுத்தாளப்படத் தொடங்குகாலத்தில் இருக்கிற அல்லது அதன்பின் உண்டாக்கப்படுகிற அல்லது அமைக்கப்படுகிற அல்லது கட்டப்படுகிற சகல பிரசித்த கேணிகள், நீர் நிலைகள், தொட்டிகள், நிலக்குழாய்கள், செய்நீர்ச்சுணைகள், மதகுகள், கிணறுகள், வாய்க்கால்கள், துருத்திகள், குழாய்கள், மற்றும் வேலைகளும் அந்த வேலைகளோடு சேர்ந்த சகல கட்டடங்கள், வேலைகள், தளபாடங்களும் நகராதிக்கார சங்கத்திலே பொறுப்பிக்கப்படும்.

5. நகராதிக்கார எல்லைக்குள் இருக்கும் சாங்களுக்குக் காலத்துக்குக்காலம் அவசியம் என்று சங்கத்தால் காணப்படும் வழிகேணிகள், நீர் நிலைகள், மேல்வாய்க்கால்கள், அல்லது மற்றும் வேலைகளை அந்தச் சங்கத்தார்தானே செய்வீக்கவும், செய்நீர்ச்சுணைகள், நிலக்குழாய்களை நிறுத்துவிக்கவும், குளாய்களைப் பதிக்கவும்பண்ணலாம்.

6. அப்படிப்பட்ட யாதொரு குழாய் வைக்குமிடத்து சங்கத்தார் அவசிய மென்று கண்டால், அதை யாதொரு தெரு அல்லது தெருக்காக விடப்பட்ட இடம், யாதொரு கட்டடம் அல்லது ஒரு கல்லறை அல்லது மூசுசீந்தறை ஆகிய இவற்றுக்கு ஊடாக, அல்லது குறுக்காக அல்லது குழாய்க்கவும்; இன்னமும் எவ்வகைப்பட்ட அடைபட்ட காணி மற்றும் காணிகளுக்கு மீட்டாகவும், குழாய்க்கவும் வைத்துக்கொண்டு போகலாம். ஆனால் இப்படிப்பட்ட வேலையை இந்தப் பிரமாணத்தின்படி யாதொரு கூடியானவர்களுடைய ஆதனத்தில் செய்யும்போது, அந்த ஆதனத்தின் சொந்தக்காரனுக்கு நொத்திச் சொடுத்து வேலை முடிந்தவுடன் அவனுக்கு நியாயமான தட்டம் கொடுக்கவேண்டியது சங்கத்தாருடைய கடமையாகும். அப்படிப்பட்ட நடத்தின் தொகையைப் பற்றி அல்லது அதைப் பிரிவிடுகிறதைப்பற்றி யாதொரு வாக்குவாதம் உண்டெட்டால் அது பொலிசு நீதவாணல் பொதுப்பட விசாரித்து முடிவுகட்டப்படவேண்டியது. அவருடைய தீர்வைக்கு வீரோதமாக சுப்பிரீங்கோட்டுக்கு அப்பால் கேட்கலாம்.

7. யாதொரு நீர் நிலை, தொட்டி, செய்நீர்நூறு, நிலக்குழாய், அல்லது குழாய்கள், அல்லது நீர்கொடுத்தற்காகச் செய்யப்பட்ட மற்றும் வேலைகளிலுள்ள சலத்த யாதொரு வகையாகப் பழுதுபடுத்த கேட்க அல்லது அழுக்குப்படுத்தக் கூடியதாக யாதொரு செய்கையையும் செய்யப்படாது. இன்னமும் எவர் ஒருவரும் அந்த வேலைகளை எந்த விதமாகவேனும் பழுதுபடுத்தவாவது சருவவாவது கூடாது.

8. நகராதிக்கார எல்லைக்குள் உள்ள தெருக்கள், வீதிகள், அல்லது மற்றும் பிரசித்த கட்டடங்களில் சங்கத்தார் பொறுப்பில் இப்போதுள்ள அல்லது இனிமேற் கட்டப்படும் யாதொரு நீர் நிலை, நிலக்குழாய், செய்நீர்நூறு, தொட்டி, குழாய் அல்லது மற்றும் தண்ணீர் வேலைக்குரிய இடங்களில், அல்லது அவைகளுக்குச் சமீபமாக ஒருவரும் முழுகவாவது, தங்கள் உடம்பின் யாதொரு பகுதியைக் கழுவுவாவது யாதொரு ஆடுமாரும் மிருகங்கையாயினும் யாதொரு வண்டில், சவாரிப்பொருள், புடவை, தட்டுமுட்டு அல்லது மற்றும் பொருள்களையாயினும் கழுவுவாவது கூடாது.

9. இந்த அதிகாரத்தில் 1 ம் பிரமாணத்திற் சொல்லிய வரியைக் கொடுப்பவர் எவரும் தனக்கும் தன் குடும்பத்துக்கும் வீட்டுப் பாலிப்புக்காக நகராதிக்கார சங்கத்தின் பிரசித்த நிலக்குழாய் அல்லது செய்நீர்நூற்றிலிருந்து அதுக்காக வேறு செலவுகொடாமல் தண்ணீர் பெற்றுக்கொள்ள உரித்துள்ளவர்கள் ஆவார்கள்.

10. யாதொரு காண் அல்லது பக்கவாய்க்கால் அல்லது யாதொரு வழி, அடிப்பாதை, அல்லது விசாலமான இடத்தின்மேல் விளாவண்ணமாக வானிகளில் அல்லது வேறு தகுந்த ஏளங்களில் மாத்திரம் பிரசித்த நிலக்குழாய்களிலிருந்து தண்ணீர் எடுத்துக்கொண்டுபோக வேண்டியது.

11. யாதொரு சயக்குழாய், குழாய், குழல், அல்லது வேறெவ்வீதமான யாதொரு குத்திரங்களைச் சொற்ப காலத்திற்கு அல்லது நீடிய காலத்திற்கு பிரசித்த காரணங்களுக்கு நகராதிக்கார சங்கத்தாருடைய உத்தரவில்லாமல் தொடுக்கப்படாது.

“ வீட்டுப் பாலிப் பூக்காக ” என்பது எது எதை அடக்க மாட்டா தென்பது.

குடியானவர்களுடைய சொந்தப் பாலிப்பூக்காக தண்ணீர் வைக்கும்படி நகரசங்கத்தார் உத்தரவுபண்ணலாம்.

வீட்டுக்குள் குளிக்க அல்லது கழுவுச் செய்யப்பட்ட நீர் கட்டடங்கள்.

நீர்க்குழாய்களைக் கட்டுகக்கூடாது.

சங்கத்தாருடைய உத்தரவின்றித் தாய்க் குழாயோடு தொடுத்த யாதொரு குழாயை வீடுகளுக்குள் வைக்கப்படாது.

நகரசங்கத்தார் நஷ்டத்துக்கு உத்தரவாதிகளல்ல.

கட்டமான வீடுகளுக்கு குழாய்கள் எவ்வதிறக்க வேண்டும்.

உத்தரவின்றி வைக்கப்பட்ட குழாய்களை எடுத்துப் போடும்படி கட்டளைபண்ணவும் செலவுகளை அறவிடவும் சங்கத்தாருக்கு அதிகாரமுண்டு.

குழாய்களைத் தொடுத்தல்.

கேணிகளுக்கு உருண்டையான மூடிகளை நுக்கவேண்டும்.

உட்கட்டக் குழாய்.

தண்ணீர் வடிவம் மட்டத்திருந்து செல்லுங் குழாய்.

வெளிக்கட்டடக் குழாய்.

நிலத்திற் செய்யப்படும் தொட்டிகள் தண்ணீரைவிட்டு வைக்கப் பாவிக்கப்படாது.

12. வீட்டுப்பாலிப்பூக்காகக் கொடுக்கப்படும் தண்ணீர் என்பது விநயவுக்காக அல்லது கூலிக்காக வைத்திருக்கும் குளிரை ஆடுமாடுகளுக்கும், கரத்தைகள் வண்டிமேலேக் கருவுத்தரும் பாலிக் கப்பட்டுத் தண்ணீரையும், யாதொரு வியாபாரம், கைத்தொழில் அல்லது முயற்சிகளை நடத்துவதற்காகப் பாவிக்கப்பட்டுத் தண்ணீரையும், சேய்நீர்நுந்துகள், நீர்தொட்டிகளுக்குப் பாவிக்கப்பட்டுத் தண்ணீரையும் வடிவுக்காக அல்லது யந்திரங்களுக்காகப் பாவிக்கப்பட்டுத் தண்ணீரையும், நீர்ப் பாய்ச்சலுக்காகப் பாவிக்கப்பட்டுத் தண்ணீரையும் அடக்கமாட்டாது.

13. யாதொரு வீட்டுச் சொந்தக்காரன் அல்லது குடியிருப்பவன் கேட்டால், அந்த வீட்டுப் பாலிப்பூக்கு சங்கத்தார் நீதியென்று காணுகிற அவ்வளவு தண்ணீரை அவர்கள் விதிக்கும் பொருத்தினையின்படி வைத்துக்கொடுக்க சங்கத்தார் தங்கள் யுக்தப்பிரகாரம் உத்தரவுபண்ணலாம். இப்படி உத்தரவுபண்ணுங் காலத்து நகராதிக்கார சங்கத்தாருடைய தாய்க்குழாயிலிருந்து தண்ணீர் கொடுக்கவேண்டிய இடத்துக்குப் பொருத்தவேண்டிய குழாயும், தண்ணீர் சுரத்தற்காக வைக்க வேண்டிய சிறுகுழாயும். அதற்கடுத்து தளபாடங்களும் நகராதிக்கார பகிரங்கவேலைத் தலைவருடைய பார்வையின்கீழ் நகரசங்க வேலையாட்களால் செய்துவைத்துக் கொடுக்கப்படவேண்டியது மல்லாமல். அதற்காக வரும் செலவுகள் எல்லாம் அப்படித் தண்ணீர் தரும்படி கேட்பவரால் இறுக்கப்படவேண்டியது. இப்படித் தண்ணீர் கொடுப்பதற்காக மதிக்கப்படும் செலவுகளை அந்த வேலைகள் தொடங்குமுன் முற்பணமாகக் கொடுக்கும்படி சங்கத்தார் கேட்கலாம்.

14. வீட்டுக்குள் குளிக்கிறதற்காக, கழுவுகிறதற்காக, அல்லது தண்ணீர் ஏந்துகிறதற்காக, அல்லது தண்ணீர் விழும்படிக்காகச் செய்யப்பட்ட உட்கட்டடங்கள். வெளிக் கட்டடங்களுக்குப் பிறநீங்கலாகவும் தனிமையாகவுமிருக்கவேண்டும். இன்னும் அக்கட்டடங்கள் முழுக்கிறதற்காக கழுவுகிறதற்காக, தண்ணீர் ஏந்துகிறதற்காக அல்லது தண்ணீர் விழும்படிக்காகச் செய்யப்படும் உட்கட்டடங்கள் அவ்வித இடங்களுக்கு மேலாக அல்லது உயரமாக விருக்கவேண்டும்.

15. தாய்க்குழாயோடு தொடுக்கும் குழாயாவது, தண்ணீர் சுரக்குங் குழாயாவது, அதற்குரிய தளபாடங்களாவது, எவர் ஒருவருடைய கட்டுக்காகவேனும் நடுப்படுத்தக்கூடியதாகாது.

16. சங்கத்தாருடைய தாய்க்குழாயிலிருந்து யாதொரு வீட்டுக்கு அல்லது இடத்துக்குத் தண்ணீர் கொண்டுபோவதற்காக யாதொரு குழாயைத் தொடுக்கவாவது தண்ணீர் சுரக்கும் குழாயைப்பதிக்கவாவது, அல்லது உள்ள தண்ணீர்க் குழாயை மாற்ற அல்லது மறுத்துவிடவாவது சங்கத்தாரிடம் எழுத்து மூலமாய்ப்பெற்ற சம்மதியின்றி ஒருவருக்கும் கூடாது. இன்னமும் இப்படிக்குழாய்வைக்கும்போது சங்கவேலைக்காரரால்லாமல், அந்தக் குழாய் போகவேண்டிய இடங்களைச் சங்கத்தார் அங்கீகரிப்பாறும் யாதொருவேலை நடக்கவும் கூடாது.

17. நகரசங்கத்தார் தண்ணீர் வேலைகளுக்கு வேண்டியவைகளைச் செய்திருந்தாலும், அவ்வித குழாய், அளவுயந்திரம். துவாரமடைக்கும் குயிள், அல்லது தொடுக்கப்பட்டவைகள் வெடித்தால் அல்லது அதன் மூலமாய் தண்ணீர் அதிகமாயோடினால் அந்தநஷ்டத்துக்கு சங்கத்தார் உத்தரவாதிகளல்ல. இன்னும் சம்மதியினால் அல்லது யாதொரு செய்கையினால் பிரசித்த தெருவுகளிலிருக்கும் பிரதான குழாய்களைவிட வேறு யாதொன்றுக்கும் அவர்கள் உத்தரவாதிகளல்ல.

18. சங்கத்தார் மற்ற்படி அனுமதிசெய்தாலன்றி, தண்ணீர் கொடுக்கப்பட்டிருக்கும் அல்லது இனிமேல் கொடுக்கப்படும் ஒவ்வொரு வீடு, அல்லது இடத்துக்கும் அது அதுக்குப் புறம் பாண கிணக்குழாயிருத்தல்வேண்டும். ஒரு வீட்டுக்கு ஒன்றுக்குமேற்பட்ட கிணக்குழாய்கள் இருக்கவுட்படாது. அல்லது ஒரு வீட்டுக்குழாய் மற்றொரு வீட்டுக்குழாயோடு தொடுத்திருக்கவும் படாது.

19. மேற்கண்ட பிரமாணங்களுக்குமாறாக யாதொரு கிணக்குழாயை அல்லது நீர்சுரக்கும் குழாயை எவரேனும் மாற்ற அல்லது நீட்ட அல்லது வைக்கச்சம்பலித்தால் அப்படிப்பட்ட குழாய்களை எடுத்துவிடும்படி கட்டளைபண்ண சங்கத்தாருக்கு அதிகாரமுண்டு. அப்படிச் செய்யும்படி கட்டளைபண்ணி மூன்று நாளைக்குள் அந்தக் கட்டளைபண்ணப்பட்டவர் அதை எடுக்கத் தவறியால், சங்கத்தார் அதை எடுப்பித்து அதனால்வந்த செலவுகளை 1887 ம் ஆண்டின் நகராதிக்காரக் கட்டளைச்சட்டத்தின் 281 ம், 282 ம் பிரிவுகளிற் சொல்லிய பிரகாரம் அக்கட்டளைச்சட்டத்தால் இறுக்கும்படி நியமிக்கப்பட்ட செலவுகளைப்போல அறிந்து தீர்மானித்து அந்தாளிடத்தில் அறவிடவேண்டியது.

20. சங்கத்தாரால் கொடுக்கப்படும் தண்ணீரைக் கொண்டுபோவதற்காகப் பாவிக்கப்படுகிற அல்லது அந்தத் தண்ணீரோடு சம்பந்தப்படுத்த வைத்திருக்கிற யாதொரு குழாய் மழைத் தண்ணீருக்காகப் பாவிக்கப்படும் யாதொரு தொட்டி வாளி அல்லது எவ்வகையான நீர்நிலையோடும் தொடுத்திருக்கப்படாது.

21. கட்டடங்களிலிருந்து வருகிற தண்ணீர் விழும் ஒவ்வொரு கேணிகளுக்கும் அங்கீகரிக்கப்பட்ட மாதிரியான சமநிறையுள்ள உருண்டையான மூடிகள் இருக்கவேண்டும். இன்னும் இவ்வருண்டையான மூடி கேணியின் நீர் மட்டம் ஒன்றிருந்தால், அதன் வாய் அல்லது நீர் வடியும் மட்டத்துக்கு கீழ் இரண்டங்குலமாக இருக்கச் சம்பலித்தால் தண்ணீர் வருதலை நிறுத்துமபடி ஒழுங்குபடுத்தவேண்டும்.

ஒவ்வொரு கேணிக் குத்த தண்ணீர் கொடுக்கிற உட்கட்டடக்குழாய் அல்லது நிரப்புக்குழாய் அவ்வித கேணிகளின் நீர்மட்டத்துக்கு உயரமாகக் கட்டப்படவேண்டும்.

சகல கேணிகளின் தண்ணீர் வடிவு மட்டக்குழாய்கள் கட்டடங்களுக்கு வெளியாகக்கொண்டு வரப்பட வேண்டியதுமல்லாமல், யாதொரு பொசித்தலை வெருவாகக் கண்டுபிடிக்கக்கூடிய தோற்றமான இடங்களில் முடியவேண்டியது.

யாதொரு கேணியிலிருந்து புறப்படுகிற தண்ணீர் வடிவு மட்டக்குழாய்கள் யாதொரு கான் அல்லது கட்டுக்கான் உடன் அல்லது குளிக்கிறதற்காக அல்லது தண்ணீர் விழுகிறதற்காக அல்லது சவுக்கியத்தின் நிமித்தம் செய்யப்பட்ட வேறு யாதொரு கட்டடங்களின் கழிவு குழாயுடன் அல்லது வேறு யாதொரு கேணியிலிருந்து புறப்படுகிற தண்ணீர் வடிவு மட்டக்குழாய் உடன்தொடுக்கப்படாது ஒவ்வொரு கேணிகளுக்கும் பிறநீங்கலான தண்ணீர் வடிவு மட்டக்குழாயிருக்க வேண்டும்.

22. தண்ணீர்க் குழாய்க் துவாரக்குமிழிருந்து வருகிற வெளி நீர்க்கட்டடம் ஒவ்வொன்றும் பொசித்தலை வெருவாகக் கண்டுபிடிக்கக்கூடிய வெளியான அல்லது தோற்றமான இடங்களில் இருக்கவேண்டும். யாதொரு காரணத்தின் நிமித்தம் வெளிக்கட்டடம் குமிழிலிருந்து வருகிற தண்ணீர் விழும் கேணிகள் அல்லது குழங்கள் அல்லது வேறு இடங்களின் உயர்ந்த தண்ணீர் மட்டத்துக்குக்கீழாக இருக்கக்கூடாது.

23. நிலத்திலே பதிக்கப்பட்ட அல்லது வெட்டப்பட்ட யாதொரு தொட்டி சங்கத்தாரால் எழுத்து மூலமாக அனுமதிசெய்யப்பட்டாலன்றி சங்கத்தார் கொடுக்கும் தண்ணீரை விட்டுவைத்தற்காகப் பாவிக்கப்படாது.

தண்ணீரை வீட்டு வைக்கும் ஏனங்கள். தண்ணீரை வீடு கள் செலவீடுதல்.

தண்ணீர் சரியான மாகப் பாவிக்கப்பட்டால் அளவுபற்றி ரம் வைக்கவேண்டியது.

தண்ணீர் பொருத்தனையுடன் கொடுக்கலாம்.

சங்கத்தார் அளவு யந்திரங்களைக் கொடுக்கவேண்டியது.

வருமதியான தொகைகளை எப்படி அறவிடவேண்டும்.

அளவுயந்திரத்தைப் பாவிக்கிறதற்கு வாடகை.

மாத்திற்கு ஒரு முறை அளவுயந்திரக் கணக்கெடுத்தல் வேண்டும்.

அளவுயந்திரம் பழுதுபட்டிருந்தால்.

அளவுயந்திரம் பழுதுபட்டிருந்தால் சகட்டுமேனி கணக்கெடுக்கவேண்டும்.

செலவழிந்த தண்ணீரின் பெறுமதி.

செலவழிந்த தண்ணீரின் மூன்று மாதச் சதுக்க கொருமுறை கணக்கு.

பதினாந்து நாளைக் குள் பணம் இறுக்கவேண்டும்.

சங்கத்தார் பரிசோதனை முதலிய வற்றிற்காக அளவு யந்திரத்தை எடுக்கலாம்.

சங்கவேலைக்கார ரே அளவுயந்திரங்களைப் பழுதுபார்க்க வேண்டியது.

24. மரத்தால் செய்யப்பட்ட யாதொரு தொட்டி லோகவகையால் மூடப்பட்டிருந்தால் வன்றி சங்கத்தார் கொடுக்குந் தண்ணீரை விடுவதற்காகப் பாவிக்கப்படாது.

25. ஒரு வீட்டில் குடியிருப்பவர் எவரும் அந்த வீட்டில் வைக்கப்பட்டிருக்கும் தொட்டி குழியில் அல்லது துவாரத்தின் வழியாகத் தண்ணீர் வீணாகப் போகவிடப்பட்டது. யாதொரு வீட்டில் அல்லது இடத்தில் உள்ள கிணக்குழாய் தண்ணீர் சரக்கும் குழாய், தொட்டி, துவாரம் அல்லது வேறு கருவியிலிருந்து தண்ணீர் ஓடுகிறபோது அந்த வீட்டின் அல்லது இடத்தின் சொந்தக்காரன் அல்லது குடியிருப்பவன் 24 மணித்தியாலத்துக்குள் அதைச் சீக்கிட்டுத் தரக்கு அறிவிக்கவேண்டியது.

26. யாதொரு வீட்டில் அல்லது இடத்தில் சங்கத்தாருடைய நீர்க்கட்டடங்களிலிருந்து வரும் தண்ணீர் அந்த வீட்டில் உள்ளவர்களால்வாத வேறுபேரால் பாவிக்கப்படுகிறதென்றவது, வீட்டுப் பாவினைக்கல்லாத மதுகாரணங்களுக்காகப்படுகிறதென்றவது, வீணாகப்போகப்படுகிறதென்றவது, அல்லது ஒழுங்கினைமாற் செலவிடப்படுகிறதென்றவது சங்கத்தார் நம்புவதற்கு இடம் இருந்தால், அந்த வீட்டில் அல்லது இடத்தில் வைக்கப்பட்டிருக்கும் குழாயில் ஒரு அளவுயந்திரத்தை வைப்பது சங்கத்தாருக்கு நியாயமாகும். அந்த வீட்டில் தண்ணீர்வரிக்கு ரூபாவுக்கு இரண்டாயிரம் கவனுக்கு மேற்படச் செலவானதென்று அந்த யந்திரத்தைக்கொண்டு அறியப்படுமாயின், அப்படி மேற்படச் செலவாகும் தண்ணீருக்கு அந்தவீட்டிச் சொந்தக்காரன் அல்லது குடியிருப்பவன் ஒவ்வொரு ஆயிரம் கவனுக்கும் ஒரு ரூபா வீதம் பணம் கொடுக்கவேண்டியது.

சங்கத்தார் சரியென்று காணுகிற பொருத்தம்படியும் வீட்டுப் பாவிப்பலாத வேறு தேன்வைக்கு எவர் ஒருவருக்கும் தண்ணீர் கொடுக்க இத்தோடு சேர்க்கப்பட்டிருக்கும் அட்டவணியில் A. அட்டசரிடப்பட்ட மாதிரியில் சங்கத்தலைவரோடு பொருத்தனைசெய்துகொள்வது சங்கத்தாருக்கு நீதியாகும்.

27. சங்கத்தார் அளவுயந்திரங்களைக் கொடுத்து அவைகளைப் பதிப்பிக்கவேண்டியது. சங்கத்தார் நீதியென்று காணுகிற வாடகையை அந்த அளவுயந்திரத்துக்காக அறவிட்டுக்கொள்ளலாம்.

28. முன் சொல்லிய இரண்டு துணைச்சட்டங்களுக்குக் கீழாக அறவிடப்பட்டவேண்டிய தொகைகள் 1881 ம் ஆண்டின் நகராதிக்கார சங்கத்தாரின் கட்டணச்சட்டத்தின் 281 ம் 282 ம் பிரிவுகளில் சொல்லிய பிரகாரம் அவ்வித கட்டணச்சட்டத்தினால் அவ்வித தொகை கொடுக்கப்படும்படி கற்பிக்கப்பட்டதாக அறவிடப்பட வேண்டும்.

29. மூன்று மாதத்துக்கு ஒருமுறை முற்பணமாக மூன்று மாதத்திற்கு அல்லது மூன்று மாதத்தின் யாதொரு பகுதிக்கு அளவுயந்திரத்தைப் பாவிக்கும்படி இதன் கீழ்க் கண்டிருக்கிற வாடகை நகரசங்கத்தாருக்குக் கொடுக்கப்பட வேண்டும். அவ்வித மூன்று மாதத்தின் கெடு தைமாதம் முதற் தேதியிலும், சித்திரைமாதம் முதற் தேதியிலும், ஆடிமாதம் முதற் தேதியிலும், ஐப்பசிமாதம் முதற் தேதியிலும் தொடங்குகிறதென்று எண்ணப்படல் வேண்டும். —

கெடு அல்லது பகுதி.	அளவுயந்திர அங்குலம்.	தொகை ரூ. ச.
3 மாதம் ...	3 ...	35 0
" ...	2 ...	20 0
" ...	1½ ...	15 0
" ...	1 ...	7 0
" ...	¾ ...	5 75
" ...	½ ...	4 40
" ...	¼ ...	3 0

30. ஒவ்வொரு மாதத்துக்கு ஒருமுறை அளவுயந்திரக் கணக்கெடுத்தல் வேண்டும். ஒரு அளவு யந்திரக் கணக்கெடுத்தபொழுது B. என்னும் அடையாளம் இடப்பட்ட மாதிரியில் குறிப்பெழுதி தண்ணீர்கொடுக்கிற இடங்களில் "வீட்டில் வாசம்பண்ணுபவன்" என்று மேல்விராசம் கொடுக்கவேண்டியது.

31. அளவுயந்திரம் பழுதுபட்டிருக்கிறதென்று கண்டால் அல்லது பழுதுபார்க்கும்படி அல்லது மாற்றும்படி எடுத்துக்கொண்டுபோனால், இதைப்பற்றிய ஒரு குறிப்பு 30 ம் பிரிவில் சொல்லப்பட்ட குறிப்பில் எழுதவேண்டும். ஒரு புது அளவுயந்திரம் வைக்கும்போது அல்லது பழைய அளவுயந்திரத்தைத் திரும்பவைக்கும்போது ஒரு இரண்டாயிர குறிப்பு எழுதித் தண்ணீர் கொடுக்கிற இடங்களில் கொடுக்கவேண்டும்.

அளவுயந்திரம் பழுதுபட்டிருக்கும்போது தற்காலத்திற்கு செலவழியும் கணக்கு அல்லது அளவு யந்திர மில்லாமல் தண்ணீர் கொடுப்பதும் கணக்கு அளவுயந்திரம் பழுதில்லாமலிருக்கும்போது இரண்டுமுறை கணக்கெடுத்த தவணியில் நாள் தோறும் செலவழிந்த சகட்டுமேனிப்படி கணக்கெடுக்க வேண்டியது.

32. முன் சொல்லிய சட்டங்களுக்கேற்றக் மூன்று மாதத்துக்குச் செலவழிந்த தண்ணீரின் பெறுமதியை அறிந்து கணக்கு இட்டுக்கொள்ளவேண்டும்.

33. சென்ற மூன்று மாதக்கெடுவில் செலவழிந்த தண்ணீருக்கு இறுக்கவேண்டிய தொகையின் கணக்கு மூன்று மாதத்திற்கு ஒருமுறை கொடுக்கவேண்டியது. அந்தக் கணக்கு அட்டவணியில் C. என்னும் அடையாளம் இடப்பட்ட மாதிரியில் இருக்கவேண்டியது மல்லாமல், அவ்வித கணக்குக்கொடுத்த பதினாந்து நாளைக்குள் சரவர அந்தத் தொகையைச் சங்கத்தாருக்கு இறுக்கவேண்டியது.

34. அளவுயந்திரம் வைத்த சகல சபையங்களிலும் மூன்று மாதத்திற்கு ஒருமுறை முற்பணமாக அவ்வித அளவுயந்திரத்தின் வாடகைக் கணக்கு கொடுப்பவேண்டியது. அக்கணக்கு அட்டவணியில் C. என்னும் அடையாளம் இடப்பட்ட மாதிரியில் இறுக்கவேண்டியது மல்லாமல் அதற்கு இறுக்கவேண்டிய தொகையை அவ்வித கணக்குக் கொடுத்த பதினாந்து நாளைக்குள் முழுதும் பணமாக நகரசங்கத்துக்கு இறுக்கவேண்டும்.

35. சங்கத்தார் அளவுயந்திரங்களைச் சரிபார்ப்பதற்காக அல்லது சோதிப்பதற்காக அல்லது பழுதுபார்க்க அல்லது பதல்வைக்க அல்லது வீடுகளுக்குத் தண்ணீர்கொடுப்பதை நிறுத்த யாதொரு அளவுயந்திரத்தை எடுத்துப்போடலாம்.

36. அளவுயந்திரங்கள் சங்கத்து வேலைக்காரரால் அல்லது அவர்களுடைய கட்டணியின் கீழ் வன்றி மாற்றவாவது பழுதுபார்க்கவாவது கூடாத வேறுமென்று அல்லது அசண்டையால் உண்பப்பட்டவைகளைத்தவிர மற்ற எல்லாப் பழுதுகளுக்கும் செலவில்லாமல் சங்கத்தாராலே பாதிக்கக்கொடுக்கப்படும். வேறுமென்று அல்லது அசண்டையினால் உண்பண்ணிய பழுதுகளைச் செவ்வையப்படுத்த அல்லது புதுப்பிக்க தண்ணீர் கொடுக்கப்படும் வீட்டுச்சொந்தக்காரன் அல்லது வீட்டில் இருப்பவன் சங்கத்தார் கட்டணப்பண்ணும் பிரகாரம் செலவுகொடுக்க வேண்டும்.

சங்கத்தார் தண்ணீர் வரவைத் தடுக்கலாம்.

தடுத்தற்குரிய காரணமாய் தண்ணீர் ஒழியுமாபின் சங்கத்தார் உத்தரவாதிகளால்.

தங்களுக்குள் புறம்பான தண்ணீர் க்குழாய் வைப்பித்திருக்கும் வீடுக்காரர் முதலியவர்கள் மற்றவர்களுக்குத் தண்ணீர் கொடுக்கப்படாது.

தண்ணீரை அபாவணைபண்ணுவது குற்றம்.

தண்ணீர்வைத்துக் கொடுக்கப்பட்டிருக்கும் வீடுகளுட்பு குந்து சொதனைசெய்யும்படி சங்கத்தார் அதிகாரம் கொடுக்கலாம்.

பிரமாணங்களை மீறும் குற்றத்துக்காகத் தண்ணீரைக்கொடாது நிறுத்திவிடலாம்.

சங்கத்தலைவரால் அதிகாரம்பண்ணப்பட்டவர்கள் உள்ளே புகுந்து தண்ணீர்க்குழாய் முதலியவற்றை வெட்டிவிடலாம்.

சொற்பொருள் விளக்கம்.

37. சங்கத்தார் அவசியமென்று காணுகிற மணித்தியாலங்களுக்கிடையில் தண்ணீர்வரவை நிறுத்த அல்லது வெட்டிவிடலாம்.

38. யாதொரு தற்செயல் காரணமாக அல்லது விசேஷ மழையின்மை காரணமாக ஆவது அல்லது தடுத்தற்குரிய பிறவதுக்க காரணமாக தண்ணீரில்லாமல்போனால், நகராதிக்கார எல்லைக்குள் தண்ணீர்கொடுக்கத் தவறியதற்காக யாதொரு குற்றத்துக்கு அல்லது நட்புத்துக்கு சங்கத்தார் உளராகமாட்டார்கள்.

39. தண்ணீர்வைத்துக் கொடுக்கப்பட்டிருக்கிற யாதொரு வீட்டின் அல்லது இடத்தின் சொந்தக்காரர் அல்லது குடியிருப்பவர் வேறு ஒருவருக்கும் தண்ணீர்கொடுக்கவும்படாது; அல்லது அந்த வீட்டின் உள்ள குழாய் அல்லது தொட்டியிலிருந்து மறுபேரைத் தண்ணீர் எடுக்க உடன்படவும்படாது. ஆனால் நெருப்புப்பற்றிய காலங்களில் அந்த நெருப்புபை அவிக்கவும் தண்ணீர் வைத்துக் கொடுக்கப்பட்டிருக்கிற பின்னொரு வீட்டுக்காரனுடைய குழாய்கள் அவனுடைய குற்றம் இல்லாமல் பழுதுபட்டிருந்தால் அவனுடைய பாலிப்புக்குத் தண்ணீர் கொடுக்கலாம்.

40. வீட்டுப்பாலிப்புக்காகவல்லாமல் வேறொரு நோக்கத்துக்காகவும் தண்ணீர் கொடுக்கப்படாத எவரும் சங்கத்தின் தண்ணீரை வீட்டுப்பாலிப்புக்கேயன்றி வேறொன்றுக்கும் பாலிக்கப்படாது.

41. சங்கத்தாரால் எழுத்து மூலமாக அதிகாரம் கொடுக்கப்பட்டவர் எவரும் காலமே எட்டு மணிக்கும் சாயந்தரம் ஐந்து மணிக்கும் இடையில் யாதொரு வீட்டில் அல்லது இடத்தில் வைக்கப்பட்டிருக்கும் தண்ணீர் குழாய்கள், வேலைகள், தளபாடங்களைச் சொதிப்பதற்கும், தண்ணீரை அபாவணைபண்ணப்படுகிறதோ அல்லது வினாசச் செலவிடப்படுகிறதோ என்பதை அறிவதற்காக, அந்த வீட்டுக்காரருக்கு அல்லது குடியிருப்பவருக்கு 1 மணித்தியாலம் அறிவித்தல் கொடுத்து அந்த வீட்டின் உள்ள பிரவேசிக்கலாம். அப்படிப் பிரவேசிப்பவரைப் போதிய நிபாயமின்றி உள்ளே விடாது தடுத்தால், அல்லது அவர் சொதனைசெய்வதற்கு அல்லது வீணாகச் செலவாகும் தண்ணீரைத் தடுப்பதற்குப் போதும்போது அவரை அப்படிச் செய்யவிடாது மறித்தால் அந்த வீட்டுக்கு அல்லது இடத்துக்குக் கொடுக்கப்பட்டிருக்கும் தண்ணீரைச் சங்கத்தார் நிறுத்திவிடலாம்.

42. தண்ணீர்வைத்துக் கொடுக்கப்பட்டிருக்கிற யாதொரு வீட்டையவர் அல்லது குடியிருப்பவர் தண்ணீர்வரியைக் கொடுப்பதில் அல்லது கொடுப்பவேண்டிய தேதி தொடக்கம் பதினாறு தினம் வரைக்கும் தவறினால், அல்லது அவர்கள் இந்த அதிகாரத்திற் சொல்லிய பிரமாணங்களுக்கு மாறாக யாதொன்றைச் செய்தால், அல்லது செய்வீத்தால், அல்லது செய்ய இடங்கொடுத்தால், அல்லது தண்ணீரை வண்போகாமல் அல்லது அபாவணைபண்ணாமல் அல்லது அளவுக்கு மீஞ்சுள்ளாமல் அல்லது அழுக்குப்பட்டவிடாமல் தடுப்பதற்கு வேண்டிய உபாயங்களை வேண்டுமென்று செய்யாமல் விட்டால் அந்த வீடு அல்லது கட்டடத்துக்குக் கொடுக்கப்பட்ட தண்ணீரைச் சங்கத்தார் நிறுத்திவிடலாம்.

43. யாதொரு கட்டடம் அல்லது இடத்திற்குக் கொடுக்கப்படும் தண்ணீரை நிறுத்துப்படியும், குழாய்களை எடுக்கும்படியும் இந்த அதிகாரத்தால் சங்கத்தாருக்கு அதிகாரம் கொடுக்கப்பட்டுள்ள சகல வேலைகளிலும் தண்ணீர் கொடுக்கப்பட்ட வீட்டில் குடி இல்லாமல்போகும் தருணங்களிலும் சங்கத்தாரால் அதிகாரம்பெற்றவர் எவரும் அவருடைய வேலைகாரும், சொந்தக்காரர் யானும்ருந்தால், அவருக்கு அல்லது குடி இருப்பவருக்கு 6 மணித்தியால அறிவித்தல் கொடுத்து காலமே 8 மணிக்கும் பின்னரம் 5 மணிக்கும் இடையில் அந்த இடங்களிற் புகுந்து சங்கத்தாருடைய தாய்க்குழாயில் தொடுத்து அந்த அந்த இடங்களுக்கு வைக்கப்பட்டிருக்கும் கிணக்குழாய்களை வெட்டவும், சங்கத்தார் எடுத்துக்கொண்டுபோக உரித்துள்ள குழாய் அளவுயந்திரம் அல்லது தளபாடங்களை எடுத்துக்கொண்டுபோகவும் உரித்துணை.

44. இந்த அதிகாரத்தில் பாலிக்கப்படும் இடங்களில் தாய்க்குழல் என்பது நகராதிக்காரத்தாரது நீர்க்கட்டமாகிய தடாகத்திலிருந்து கண்டிப்பட்டணத்துக்கு தண்ணீர் கொண்டுபோகும் குழாயையும் அதன் கிண்களையும் கருதும், "கிணக்குழாய்" என்பது தாய்க்குழாயில் இருந்து யாதொரு கட்டடம் அல்லது இடத்துக்கு தண்ணீர்போகும் வாசலில் அல்லது, அல்லது அதற்குச் சரியாக வைத்திருக்கும் தடைப்பெட்டிக்கு வைத்திருக்கும் குழாயைக் கருதும்.

"நீர்சரக்கும் குழாய்" என்பது தடைப்பெட்டியிலிருந்து யாதொரு கட்டடம் அல்லது இடத்துக்குப் போகும் குழாயையும் அதன் கிண்களையும் கருதும்.

அட்டவணை.

A.

1. வீட்டுப்பாலினைக்கல்லாமல் வேறுகாரணங்களின் நிமித்தம் அளவுயந்திரத்தின்பேரால் வீட்டுக்குத் தண்ணீர் கொடுப்பதற்கு ஒரு திறத்தவராகவும், கண்டி நகரசங்கத்தாருக்காக சங்கத்தலைவர் மற்றத் திறத்தவராகவும் செய்துகொண்ட பொருத்தனை.

2. வீட்டுப்பாலினைக்கல்லாமல் வேறு காரணங்களுக்கு முன்சொன்ன வீட்டுக்குத் தண்ணீர் பெற்றுக்கொள்வதற்கு உத்தரவுபெற்றதின் நிமித்தம் வீட்டுச்சொந்தக்காரன் இத்தால் இதன் கீழ் கண்டிருக்கிற பொருத்தனைகளுக்கு உடன்படுகிறான்:—

(a) அங்குல அளவு யந்திரத்தால் தண்ணீர் கொடுப்பவேண்டியது.

(b) அவ்வித அளவுயந்திரத்தின் வாடகைக்காக கண்டி நகரசங்கத்தாருக்கு முற்பணமாக மூன்று மாதத்திற்கு அல்லது அதன் ஒரு பகுதிக்கு ரூபாய் _____ சொந்தக்காரன் இறுக்க அல்லது இறுக்கும்படி ஒழுங்குபண்ணவேண்டும்.

(c) ஒவ்வொரு மாதமும் பெற்றுக்கொண்ட தண்ணீரின் தொகைக்கு ஆயிரங்கலனுக்கு ரூபாய் வீதம் கண்டி நகரசங்கத்தாருக்குச் சொந்தக்காரன் இறுக்க அல்லது இறுக்கும்படி ஒழுங்குபண்ணவேண்டும். ஆண்டு _____ மாதம் முதலாந் தேதி முதல ஐந்துபனவுசெய்யவேண்டும்.

3. இறுக்கவேண்டிய தேதிமுதல் பதினாறு நாளைக்குள் நகரசங்கத்தாருக்கு அளவுயந்திரத்தின் வாடகை அல்லது செலவு இறுக்காவிட்டால் பிறநீங்கலாகத் தண்ணீர் பெற்றுக்கொள்வதின் உரிக்கை இழந்துபோகவேண்டியது மல்லாமல், தண்ணீர் கொடுத்தலையுடீ சங்கத்தார் நிறுத்தலாம்.

4. 1896 ம் ஆண்டின் 19 ம் இலக்கச்சட்டத்துக்கு இணைக்கப்பட்ட 12 ம் அதிகாரத்தின் சட்டங்கள் அல்லாத அவைகளுக்குப்பதிவாக வைக்கப்பட்ட துணைச்சட்டங்கள் இந்தப் பொருத்தனையின் ஒரு பகுதியாக ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்படுவதமல்லாமல், அதன் திறத்தவரையும் கட்டுப்படுத்தும்.

5. திறத்தவர்கள் ஒரு பகுதியாரால் அதை அழிக்க அவர்களுக்கு நோக்கம் இருக்கு தென்று ஏழு நாளைக்குமுன் மற்றத்திறத்தவருக்கு அறிவித்தல் கொடுப்பதினால் அப்பொருத்தனையை அழித்துப்போடலாம். அவ்வதமாக அதை அழிக்கச் சம்பவீத்தால் வீட்டுச் சொந்தக்காரன் அல்லாத அதில் குடியிருப்பவன் புதுப் பொருத்தனைசெய்யப்படும்வரையில் பிறநீங்கலாகத் தண்ணீர் பெற்றுக்கொள்ளுகையின் பிரயோசனத்துக்கு உரித்துள்ளவனு யிருக்கமாட்டான்.

B.

தம்பர் _____.

கண்டி நகரசங்கம்.

_____ வீட்டில் குடியிருப்பவனுக்கு. வீட்டு தம்பர் _____.

குறிப்பு தம்பர்.	தண்ணீர்க் கணக்கு.
	கலன்,
	கணக்கெடுத்தது _____.
	கணக்கெடுத்தது _____.
	செலவழிந்த கலன் _____.
	வரையில் _____.
	கையொப்பம் _____.
	190— ம் ஆண்டு _____ மாதம் _____ ந்தேதி.

C.

கண்டி நகரசங்கம்.

தம்பர் _____.

நகரசங்கக்கந்தோர், 190— ம் ஆண்டு _____ ம் _____ ந்த உ.

_____ இலக்க — அங்குல அளவு யந்திரத்தின்பேரால் செலவழிந்த தண்ணீரின் கணக்கு.

_____ யில் அளவு யந்திரத்தில் கணக்கிட்ட கலன் _____ யில்

அளவு யந்திரத்தில் கணக்கிட்ட கலன்

செலவழிந்த தண்ணீர் கலன் பெற்றுக்கொள்ளக்கூடிய தண்ணீர்

மேலதிகமான கலன்

அளவு யந்திரத்தின் பாவிய்புக்கு ரூபா.

அதிகம் பெற்றுக்கொண்ட ஒவ்வொரு 2,000 ம் கலனுக்கு ரூபா.

முன் கொடுபட்ட கணக்கின்பேரால் ரூபா.

ரூபா.

பணம் பற்றிக்கொண்டது.

கண்டி நகரசங்கக் கணக்கன்.

கண்டி நகரசங்க காரியஸ்தன்.

THE following by-laws made under section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1901 for the village of Horana, in the Western Province, are published for general information.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, June 23, 1903.EVERARD IM THURN,
Colonial Secretary.

BY-LAWS REFERRED TO.

1. It shall be lawful for the proper authority from time to time to require every occupier of a house to furnish a return showing the number and description of dogs kept in such house or premises attached thereto, and the names of the persons to whom they belong, and the age of every dog that is less than six months old, and every such occupier shall be bound to furnish such return filled in with correct information within one week after being so required to furnish it.

2. The proper authority may refuse to issue a certificate of registration for any dog which in his opinion is so maimed or diseased as to be unfit to live, or which in his opinion is ill-treated or neglected by its owner or the person in possession of it.

3. It shall be lawful for the proper authority to require the production of any dog for which registration is applied for, and to decline to issue a certificate of registration until it is produced.

4. A fee of 25 cents shall be charged for each certificate issued, Provided that in the case of a dog which is under six months of age at the time of the issue of the certificate no fee shall be chargeable at the time of issue, but the owner or person in possession of it shall pay the fee as soon as the dog reaches the age of six months. Should any question at any time arise as to the age of any dog, the decision of the proper authority on the question of its age shall be final.

5. Certificates for dogs shall be issued subject to the following conditions. The certificate is liable to be cancelled by the proper authority after notice to be left at the address of the owner :—

- (a) Should the dog become so maimed or diseased as to be incurable and to be in the opinion of the proper authority or the medical officer unfit to live.
- (b) Should the proper authority be satisfied that the dog is habitually ill-treated or continually neglected by its owner.
- (c) Should the dog be permitted by its owner to associate with dogs belonging to others at a time when it is suffering from any infectious or contagious disease.

6. The owner of every dog for which a certificate has been refused or cancelled, because the conditions attached to the certificate have not been complied with, shall, on being noticed to do so, produce the dog at a time and place to be stated in the notice and deliver it over to the officer to be named in such notice.

FORM A.

Certificate of Registration of Dogs.

Registered No. —.
Name of village —.
Name of garden —.

This is to certify that —, residing in —, situated at —, has this day registered in this office one dog of the description given below, for which a registration fee of Rs. — has been paid.

Description of Dog.

Breed —.
Sex —.
Colour —.

This certificate is in force until March 31 next.

Proper Authority.

Office: —
Date: —, 190 —.

Certificate of Registration of Dogs.

Registered No. —.
Name of village —.
Name of garden —.

This is to certify that —, residing in —, situated at —, has this day registered in this office one dog of the description given below, for which a registration fee of Rs. — has been paid.

Description of Dog.

Breed —.
Sex —.
Colour —.

This certificate is in force until March 31 next.

Proper Authority.

Office: —
Date: —, 190 —.

FORM B.

No. —.

Name of village —.
Name of garden —.
Householder's name —.

No. —.

Return to be filled up immediately after January 1, 190 —, and returned to the — before January 15, 190 —.

Name of village —.
Name of garden —.
Householder's name —.

No. of Dogs.	No. of Dogs.	Description.			Remarks.	Owner's Name.	Date of Payment.
		Breed.	Sex.	Colour.			
1						On or before March 31 next.	
2							
3							
4							
5							

Date of Service: —, 190 —.

Signature of Householder.

Date of Service: —, 190 —.

The above-named householder is hereby required to fill up and return the above schedule within one week from this date. Any person neglecting to do so will become liable to a fine of Rs. 20.

Server.

Date: —, 190 —.

Proper Authority.

FORM C.

Division No. —

Name and Situation of Village, Garden, &c.	Owner's Name.	Description of Dogs.			Date of Payment.	Initials of Proper Authority.	Remarks.
		Breed.	Sex.	Colour.			

බස්නාහිර පලාතේ පිහිටි හොරන නම් ගම පිළිබඳව වර්ෂ 1901 කේ 25 වෙනි ආඥාපනතේ 5 වෙනි වගන්තියේ ප්‍රකාර සාදනලද මෙහි පහත සඳහන්වෙන අතුරුපනත් පොදුජනයාගේ දැන ගැනීම පිණිස ප්‍රසිද්ධ කරනලදී.

වර්ෂ 1903 ක්වු ජුනි මස 23 වෙනි දින
කොලඹ මහසෙනෙකාරීන් ජනතාන්
සේගේ කන්තෝරුවේදීය.

ගරුතර උතුමානන්වහන්සේගේ ආඥාවලෙස,

එවරුර්ඞි ඉම් තරුන්,
මහසෙනෙකාරීන් වහන්ස.

1. පලාතේ බලයලත් නිලධාරීන්හට විවිධව මිනුනු පරිද්දෙන් යම් ගේක පදිංචිකාර ගෙකුගෙන් එම ගෙයේ හෝ ඊට යාකර යිබෙන ගේක තබාසිටින බලයලත්ගේ ගණන සහ විසතර සඳහන්කොටද මුදල්ගේ අයිතිකාරයන්ගේ නාමයන්ද හසමාසයකට බාලවූ බලයලත්ගේ වයසද සඳහන්කොට ලේඛනයක් ඉල්ලාසිටින්නට බලය තිබේ. තවද එසේ ඉල්ලාසිටිය සතියක් ඇතුලතදී ඒ සමඟිනිව සැබෑවු කාරණා අඩංගුකර එබඳු ලේකනය භාරදීමටත් සියළු පදිනවිකාරයෝම බැඳී සිටිත්.

2. පලාතේ බලයලත් නිලධාරීන්හට කල්පනාවේ හැරියට යම් බලයලත් ජීවත්වීමට අයෝග්‍ය පරිද්දෙන් දුළුලව රෝගීව සිටිද එසේ නැතුවානම් ඔහුගේ කල්පනාවේ හැරියට අයිතිකාරයා විසින් හෝ භාරකාරයා විසින් නොසලකා අත්හැරදමා සිටිද එබඳු බලයලතුව ලියාපදිංචිකරීමේ සහතිකපත්‍රයක් නොදීසිටින්නට පුළුවනකම තිබේ.

3. බලයලත් ලියාපදිංචිකෙරීමට ඉල්ලුම්කල විට උභව ඉදිරියට ගෙනෙන්නට නියමකරන්නට පලාතේ බලයලත් නිලධාරීන්හට පුළුවනකම තිබෙනවාත් හැර එසේ ගෙනෙනතුරු ලියාපදිංචි නොකර සිටින්නට බලය තිබේ.

4. එක සහතිකපත්‍රයකට ගත 25 ක් අයකරනු ලැබේ. නමුත් සහතිකපත්‍රයක් දෙනවිට හසමාසයකට බාලවූ බලයලත්ව මුදල් අයනොකරනු ලැබේ. නමුත් අයිතිකාරයා හෝ භාරකාරයා විසින් බලයලත් හසමාසයක් සමපූර්ණව විට මුදල ගෙවන්නට මිනුණ. යම් විටක බලයලතුවගේ වයස ගැන පලාතේ බලයලත් නිලධාරීන්හට විසින් විභාගයක් වූනිනම් ඒ ගැණ කරණ නියමය සරිවේ.

5. බලයලත් ගැණ දෙන සහතිකපත්‍ර මෙහි පහත දක්වන කොන්දේසි හෙවත් පිළිපැදියකුකු කරුණු අඩංගුකර ඇත. අයිතිකාරයෙකු පදිංචි ස්ථානයේ ඔහුට ලැබෙන ලෙස නොනීසියක් නොහොත් දන්වීමපත්‍රයක් නැවුමාසින් පසු ඔහුට දෙනලද සහතිකපත්‍රය අවලංගුකෙරීමට පලාතේ බලයලත් නිලධාරීන්හට බලය තිබේ.

- (a) යම් බලයලත් සුවකරනව බැරි ආකාර දුළුලව රෝගීව සිටිද එම සතාව පලාතේ බලයලත් නිලධාරීන්හට හෝ ආණ්ඩුවේ වෛද්‍යවරුන්හට කල්පනාවේ හැරියට ජීවත්ව සිටීමට අයෝග්‍යනම්,
- (b) අයිතිකාරයා විසින් නිත්තෙමම නොසලකා අත්හැරදමා සිටින බව පලාතේ බලයලත් නිලධාරීන්හට ඒත්තුගියෙන්නම්,
- (c) බෝවෙන හෝ වසංගත රෝගයකින් පීඩිතව සිටිනකල වෙන අයට අයිති බලයලත් සමග එකතුවී සිටින්නට අයිතිකාරයා ඉඩදුනිනම්, සහතිකපත්‍රය අවලංගුකරනුලැබේ.

6. සහතිකපත්‍රයට අඩංගුකර තිබෙන ඉහතකී කොන්දේසි ඉටුනොකර සහතිකපත්‍රයක් නොදෙන්නට හෝ අවලංගුකරන්නට යෙදුනිනම් අයිතිකාරයා විසින් එබඳු බලයලතුව දන්වීමක් එවිට එහි නියමකරනලද සභානියටද මේලාවටද එහි සඳහන්වන මූල්‍යදායීතාව භාරදෙන්නට මිනුණ.

A.

රිජිස්තරකල නොමරය —
බලයලත් රිජිස්තරකිරීමේ සහතිකපත්‍රය.
ගමේ නම —
වත්තේ නම —
විසින්
පහත දක්වන විසතර ඇති එක බලයලතුව අද දවසේ මේ කන්තෝරුවේදී රිජිස්තර කරවාගෙන ඒ ගැණ ගාස්තුව රුපියල් — ගෙවූ බව මෙහි සහතික කරනුලැබේ.
බලයලත් විසතර.
වර්ෂ —
පිරිමිසතාද, ගැණුසතාද —
පාව —
මේ සහතික පත්‍රය 19 — මාර්තු මස 31 වෙනි දින දක්වා වලංගුවේ.
පලාතේ බලයලත් නිලධාරීන්හට.
වර්ෂ 19 —
කථනර ලෝකල්බෝඩ් කන්තෝරුවේදීය.

රිජිස්තරකල නොමරය —
බලයලත් රිජිස්තරකිරීමේ සහතික පත්‍රය.
ගමේ නම —
වත්තේ නම —
විසින්
පහත දක්වන විසතර ඇති එක බලයලතුව අද දවසේ මේ කන්තෝරුවේදී රිජිස්තර කරවාගෙන ඒ ගැන ගාස්තුව රුපියල් — ගෙවූ බව මෙහි සහතික කරනුලැබේ.
බලයලත් විසතර.
වර්ෂ —
පිරිමිසතාද, ගැණුසතාද —
පාව —
මේ සහතික පත්‍රය 19 — මාර්තු මස 31 වෙනි දින දක්වා වලංගුවේ.
පලාතේ බලයලත් නිලධාරීන්හට.
වර්ෂ 19 —
කථනර ලෝකල්බෝඩ් කන්තෝරුවේදීය.

IT is hereby notified for general information that 14,491A. 3B. 13P. of surveyed lands are available for sale or settlement in the Province of Sabaragamuwa.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, April 21, 1902.

By His Excellency's command,
EVERARD IM THURN,
Colonial Secretary.

IT is hereby notified for general information that 161,647 acres of surveyed lands are available for sale in the under-mentioned Provinces :—

In the Western Province, 18,909 acres, situated in Siyane, Hewagam, Salpiti, and Alutkuru korales of the Colombo District, consisting of forest, chena, and jungle lands.

In the Central Province, 2,841 acres, situated in the Kandy, Matale, and Nuwara Eliya Districts, composed chiefly of jungle, chena, and patana lands.

In the Southern Province, 28,278 acres, situated in the Hambantota District, consisting of paddy fields, chena, jungle, and garden land.

In the Eastern Province, 38,260 acres, situated in the Batticaloa and Trincomalee Districts, consisting of garden lands, paddy lands, and jungle.

In the North-Central Province, 10,270 acres, distributed throughout the Province.

In the Province of Uva, 13,936 acres, situated in the Yatikinda division, consisting of patana, chena, and paddy fields.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, August 5, 1901.

By His Excellency's command,
W. T. TAYLOR,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

STATEMENT of the Account of the Commissioners of Currency for the Month ended May 31, 1903, as required by Section 20 of Ordinance No. 32 of 1884 :—

CIRCULATION.		RESERVE.			Value.		
		In Gold.		In Silver.	In Securities.		
		Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.
Currency notes in circulation on May 31, 1903						12,244,090	0
By gold £227,500 in sovereigns at Rs. 15 a sovereign		3,412,500	0	—	—	—	—
By silver in the vault (10 cents copper)		—	—	2,888,309	90	—	—
By investments made by the Crown Agents according to the annexed statements (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), and (i)		—	—	—	—	2,567,486	2
By investments made in Indian Government paper, according to the annexed statement (j)		—	—	—	—	3,375,794	10
		3,412,500	0	2,888,309	90	5,943,280	12
Total						12,244,090	2

EVERARD IM THURN, Colonial Secretary,
 H. HAY CAMERON, Treasurer,
 FRAS. R. ELLIS, Auditor-General, } Currency Commissioners.

Value of the Securities calculated at the Market Prices of April, 1903.

Cost.	Face Value of Stock Held.	Description.	Original Rate at which purchased.	Market prices of April, 1903.	Net Value Deducting Brokerage.	Total.	
Rs. c.	£ s. d.				£ s. d.		
(a) 599,283 0	1,470 0 0	Cape 4 per cent. Consolidated Stock	95 $\frac{1}{4}$	105	1,539 16 6		
	1,820 4 7	Do. do. do.	109 $\frac{3}{8}$	105	1,906 13 9		
	5,500 0 0	Canada Dominion 5 per cent. Debentures	111	101	5,541 5 0		
	6,200 0 0	Do. do. do.	111	104	6,432 10 0		
	8,267 18 7	Do. do. Stock	93 $\frac{3}{8}$	103	8,495 5 11		
	2,918 11 10	South Australia 4 do. do.	103 $\frac{7}{8}$	103	2,998 17 0		
	1,019 1 8	Queensland 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ do. do.	97 $\frac{3}{8}$	100	1,016 10 8		
	4,313 7 5	New South Wales 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ do. do.	96 $\frac{3}{8}$	100	4,302 11 9		
	1,436 4 10	Do. do. Inscribed Stock	104 $\frac{1}{4}$	100	1,432 13 0		
	480 3 4	Do. do. do.	103 $\frac{3}{8}$	100	478 19 4		
	584 19 9	Do. do. do.	102 $\frac{1}{8}$	100	583 10 6		
	1,100 0 0	Do. do. do.	100	100	1,097 5 0		
	100 0 0	Do. do. do.	105	109	108 15 0		
	100 0 0	Do. do. Debentures	98	101	100 15 0		
(b) 292,708 50	8,600 0 0	Do. do. do.	109	100	8,578 10 0		
	8,000 0 0	Do. do. do.	104 $\frac{1}{8}$	101	8,060 0 0		
	103 6 3	Victoria 3 do. Stock	94 $\frac{1}{8}$	91	93 15 1		
	1,500 0 0	Do. do. do.	93 $\frac{3}{8}$	91	1,361 5 0		
	6,914 16 10	Do. do. do.	93 $\frac{3}{8}$	91	6,275 4 4		
	6,400 0 0	Canada Dominion 4 do. Debentures	100 $\frac{3}{4}$	104	6,640 0 0		
	5,000 0 0	Do. do. do.	106	104	5,187 10 0		
	5,000 0 0	South Australia 4 do. do.	101 $\frac{1}{2}$	101	5,037 10 0		
	4,600 0 0	New Zealand 4 do. Stock	117 $\frac{3}{8}$	108	4,956 10 0		
	5,000 0 0	Victoria 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ do. Debentures	107 $\frac{7}{8}$	102	5,087 10 0		
	5,653 12 2	Do. do. Inscribed Stock	109 $\frac{3}{8}$	101	5,696 0 2		
	11,732 17 2	Do. do. do.	92 $\frac{3}{8}$	100	11,703 10 6		
	8,000 0 0	South Australia 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ do. do.	94 $\frac{1}{4}$	102	8,140 0 0		
	5,277 0 5	Do. do. do.	94 $\frac{1}{2}$	102	5,369 7 4		
(c) 299,994 0	9,344 14 4	New South Wales 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ do. do.	96 $\frac{3}{8}$	100	9,321 7 1		
	5,605 18 10	Cape 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ do. do.	98 $\frac{3}{8}$	102	5,704 0 10		
	5,089 0 8	Do. do. do.	98	102	5,178 1 9		
	10,000 0 0	Canada Dominion 3 do. do.	92 $\frac{3}{8}$	103	10,275 0 0		
	4,854 10 11	New Zealand 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ do. do.	94 $\frac{1}{4}$	103	4,988 0 10		
	5,270 1 4	Do. do. do.	94 $\frac{1}{4}$	103	5,414 19 10		
	3,145 9 1	Do. do. do.	95 $\frac{1}{8}$	103	3,231 19 0		
	2,053 17 9	New South Wales 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ do. do.	97 $\frac{1}{8}$	100	2,048 15 0		
	5,167 18 8	Consols do. —	96 $\frac{3}{8}$	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	4,748 0 9		
	3,629 15 0	Local Loans 3 do. Stock	102 $\frac{1}{8}$	99 $\frac{1}{2}$	3,602 10 6		
	5,629 16 10	Queensland 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ do. do.	103 $\frac{3}{8}$	100	5,615 15 4		
	10,705 8 9	South Australia 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ do. do.	107	102	10,892 15 7		
	(d) 212,167 94	13,641 9 0	Local Loans 3 do. do.	103 $\frac{3}{8}$	99 $\frac{1}{2}$	13,539 2 9	
	5,242 8 3	South Australia 3 do. do.	95 $\frac{1}{4}$	92	4,809 18 3		
5,174 11 11	New Zealand 3 do. do.	96 $\frac{3}{8}$	92	4,747 13 10			
(e) 500,000 0	5,174 11 11	Natal 3 do. do.	96 $\frac{3}{8}$	94	4,851 3 8		
8,322 9 0	Victoria 3 do. do.	97 $\frac{1}{8}$	91	7,552 12 5			
5,089 4 2	Queensland 3 do. do.	98	92	4,669 6 11			
5,446 7 4	Consols ...	101	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	5,003 16 11			
3,507,486 2	235,679 18 7			234,417 2 1	at 1s. 4d. per rupee		
940,000 0	60,361 14 7	Amount realized by sale of portion of above securities		=	Rs. c. 3,516,256 56		
2,567,486 2	175,318 4 0			=	940,000 0		
2,567,486 2	—	Carried over		=	2,576,256 56		

Cost.	Face Value of Stock Held.	Description.	Original Rate at which purchased.	Market price of April, 1903.	Net Value Deducting Brokerage.	Total.
Rs. c.	Rs. c.					Rs. c.
2,567,486 2		Brought forward	—		—	2,576,256 56-
		Indian Securities	95			
	200,000 0	Do.	95 $\frac{1}{2}$			
	300,000 0	Do.	96 $\frac{1}{2}$			
	50,000 0	Do.	96 $\frac{1}{2}$			
	100,000 0	Do.	96 $\frac{1}{2}$			
	25,000 0	Do.	96 $\frac{1}{2}$			
	75,000 0	Do.	96 $\frac{1}{2}$			
	200,000 0	Do.	96 $\frac{1}{2}$			
	364,600 0	Do.	97			
	31,800 0	Do.	97 $\frac{1}{2}$			
	25,000 0	Do.	98			
	15,000 0	Do.	98 $\frac{1}{2}$			
(j) 3,375,794 10	66,200 0	Do.	98 $\frac{3}{4}$			
	89,700 0	Do.	98 $\frac{3}{4}$			
	80,000 0	Do.	98 $\frac{3}{4}$			
	50,000 0	Do.	98			
	375,000 0	Do.	99 $\frac{1}{2}$			
	100,000 0	Do.	100 $\frac{1}{2}$			
	300,000 0	Do.	100 $\frac{1}{2}$			
	88,700 0	Do.	100 $\frac{3}{4}$			
	200,000 0	Do.	101 $\frac{1}{2}$			
	444,000 0	Do.	105			
	50,000 0	Do.	108 $\frac{1}{2}$			
	175,000 0	Do.	108 $\frac{1}{2}$			
	3,405,000 0			Market Price of May 31, 1903.	98 $\frac{1}{2}$	Rs. c. 3,349,668 75
						3,349,668 75-
5,943,280 12		Present value of Securities				5,925,925 31
		Original cost of Securities				5,943,280 12

Depreciation Fund Investments.

Cost.	Face Value of Stock Held.	Description.	Original rate at which purchased.	Market price of April, 1903.	Net Value Deducting Brokerage.	Total.
Rs. c.	£ s. d.				£ s. d.	
13,390 55	837 16 9	Cape Consolidated Stock	109 $\frac{5}{8}$	105	877 12 7	
13,107 1	837 2 1	New South Wales 4 per cent. Inscribed Stock	110 $\frac{1}{4}$	109	910 7 0	
27,797 12	1,637 0 0	Do. 4 do. Stock	114 $\frac{1}{2}$	109	1,780 4 8	
35,336 50	2,259 13 7	Do. 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ do. do.	104	100	2,254 0 8	
12,737 15	957 1 2	Canada Dominion 3 do. do.	95 $\frac{3}{4}$	103	983 7 6	
32,206 36	1,878 3 1	Do. 3 do. do.	99 $\frac{3}{4}$	103	1,929 16 0	
12,246 0	914 8 6	Victoria 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ do. do.	100 $\frac{1}{2}$	100	912 2 9	
27,944 78	1,892 5 4	Do. 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ do. do.	90 $\frac{1}{2}$	100	1,887 10 8	
13,776 75	966 15 3	South Australia 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ do. do.	94 $\frac{1}{2}$	102	983 13 7	
28,676 96	1,763 0 1	New Zealand 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ do. do.	96 $\frac{3}{4}$	103	1,811 9 8	
32,605 7	1,747 18 2	Queensland 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ do. do.	97 $\frac{7}{8}$	100	1,743 10 9	
27,897 23	1,951 3 0	Natal 3 do. do.	95 $\frac{3}{4}$	94	1,829 4 0	
27,893 91	2,000 0 0	Trinidad 3 do. do.	93 $\frac{1}{2}$	92	1,835 0 0	
7,320 53	546 14 10	Gold Coast Govt. 3 do. do.	91	90	490 14 0	at 1s. 4d. per rupee
	20,189 1 10				20,228 13 10	Rs. c. 303,430 38
		Indian Securities	99 $\frac{3}{4}$			
59,998 62	60,000 0	Do.	98 $\frac{3}{4}$			
36,582 48	37,000 0	Do.	100			
48,000 0	48,000 0	Do.	104			
56,373 68	54,000 0	Do.	106 $\frac{1}{2}$			
52,659 73	49,500 0	Do.	101 $\frac{1}{2}$			
86,399 51	84,800 0	Do.	94 $\frac{3}{4}$			
64,430 0	68,000 0	Do.	98 $\frac{1}{2}$			
54,253 16	55,000 0	Do.	98 $\frac{1}{2}$			
	456,300 0	Do.		Market Price of May 31, 1903.	98 $\frac{1}{2}$	Rs. c. 448,885 12
						448,885 12
771,633 10		Present value of Securities				752,315 50
		Original cost of Securities				771,633 10

(N.B.—Amount in deposit as yet uninvested, Rs. 27,009-60.)

MISCELLANEOUS DEPARTMENTAL NOTICES.

THE ENGLISH UNIVERSITY SCHOLARSHIP, 1905.

ONE Scholarship of the value of £200 per annum, tenable for four years, and an outfit allowance of £50, will be awarded by the Government of Ceylon on the results of a special examination, to be conducted by the Oxford and Cambridge Schools Examination Board, which will be held at the Colombo Training College on the third Monday in March, 1905, and following days.

No candidate will be admitted to this examination who has not been resident in the Island for the five years next before the examination, or who was born on or before March 31, 1885, or who has not previously passed the "London Matriculation Examination," or the "Cambridge Senior Local Examination" with honours, or the "First in Arts Examination" of an Indian University. A certificate of birth must be furnished by candidates whose birth certificates are not already filed at the Office of Public Instruction.

N.B.—(1) Managers of Schools and Principals of Colleges should notify to the Director of Public Instruction on or before October 1, 1904, the number of candidates they intend to present for the examination, together with the particulars mentioned in the preceding paragraph.

(2) The certificate of a Medical Officer, appointed by Government, as to physical fitness to prosecute studies in the British Isles will be an essential condition of the English University Scholarship. For such a certificate the candidate should pay a fee of Rs. 10-50.

(3) The fee payable is Rs. 40 for each candidate, unless otherwise notified.

The subjects for the examination are as follows :—

1. English Essay.
2. The English Language.—Questions on English Grammar and Idiom, and such questions on the Philology and History of the Language as can be answered without a special knowledge of Anglo-Saxon.
3. English Literature.—The period will be 1760 to 1830. The subjects will be Shakespeare : the **Tempest*, *Macbeth*, *King John*. Byron : **Childe Harold*, cantos 3 and 4. **Burke* : Speeches on American Taxation ; On Conciliation with America ; Letters to the Sheriffs of Bristol. Lamb's Essays of *Elia*, First Series. Those marked with an asterisk will be repeated in 1906.
4. English History.—The special period will be 1689 to 1760 A.D.—Questions on the General History of England.
5. Latin.—Unprepared passages for translation into English, Latin Prose, Grammar (including questions on Syntax).
6. Greek.—Unprepared passages for translation into English ; Grammar (including questions on Syntax) ; translation of English sentences and an easy passage of English into Greek.
7. Questions on the General History of Greece down to 323 B.C., and of Rome down to 31 B.C.

Office of Public Instruction,
Colombo, June 18, 1903.

J. HARWARD,
Acting Director.

APPLICATIONS will be received by the undersigned for the post of Bungalow-keeper of the Queen's Cottage, Nuwara Eliya.

Applicants should be able to read and write English. Salary Rs. 240 a year up to December 31, 1903, and Rs. 250 thereafter.

F. W. VANE,
Controller of Government Stores.

Government Stores,
Colombo, June 18, 1903.

A TELEGRAPH OFFICE was opened at Dehiowita, in the Province of Sabaragamuwa, on the 22nd instant.

Telegraph business will be transacted at this office between the hours of 7 A.M. and 8 P.M.

W. MACREADY,
for Postmaster-General and
Director of Telegraphs.
Postmaster-General's Office,
Colombo, June 23, 1903.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ferries at Valaichenai and Panichenkeni between the 20th and 21st and 34th and 35th miles respectively of the North Coast road, Batticaloa District, will be closed for vehicular

traffic from August 1 to 3, 1903 (both days inclusive), to admit of the repair of the ferry boats at the above ferries.

F. J. PIGOTT,
Acting Provincial Engineer.
Batticaloa, June 17, 1903.

SIX vaccinated bull-calves and heifers, more or less, will be put up for sale by auction on Saturday, the 27th instant, at 2 P.M., at the Old Lunatic Asylum premises, Borella.

F. KEYS,
Colonial Surgeon, Western Province.
Colombo, June 20, 1903.

එනිසා කරන බව සඳහා එලවස්සන් සහ වැස්සියන් හසඳෙන (වැඩිස හෝ අඩුව හෝ) මෙම මස 27 වෙනි සෙනසුරුදු සවස 2 ව මොරුල්ලේ පරන පිස්සන්කොටුව තිබෙන සානේදී වෙන්දේසිකර විකුනනවා ඇත.

ඇප. කීට්,
වස්නාහිර දිසාවේ කොලනියල් සර්ජන්.
වසි 1903 ක්වු ජුනි මස 20 වෙන
දින කොලඹදීය.

NOTICES CALLING FOR TENDERS.

SEALED Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for Rangoon Teak or Moulmein Teak Logs," will be received up to 12 o'clock noon, Monday, July 27, 1903, from persons willing to contract for the supply of teak for the construction and repairs of public buildings during 1904.

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Controller of Government Stores and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

Intending tenderers will be furnished on application with the quantities actually supplied during the last three years.

2. The timber should be —

- (i.) Selected Rangoon or Moulmein teak in lots of 50 tons average specification of sizes delivered c.i.f., Colombo Harbour, and at any other place within the gravets of Colombo.
- (ii.) Best selected Rangoon or Moulmein teak in lots of 50 tons average specification of sizes delivered c.i.f., Colombo Harbour, and at any other place within the gravets of Colombo.
- (iii.) Best selected Bombay squares in lots of 50 tons average specification of sizes delivered c.i.f., Colombo Harbour, and at any other place within the gravets of Colombo.
- (iv.) Best selected Europe squares in lots of 50 tons average specification of sizes delivered c.i.f., Colombo Harbour, and at any other place within the gravets of Colombo.

Teak to be of the best quality of its class.

3. The specification of the consignment should be submitted if required, and the teak delivered at the Government Factory, or as may be directed.

4. The timber is to be sound throughout, free from sapwood, shakes, dead or loose knots, or any other defects, and of the full dimensions given, in logs averaging 15 to 25 ft. in length by 15 in. sidings to 24 in. sidings—30 per cent. to be not less than 18 in. sidings by 20 ft. in length.

Price to be stated at per ton of 50 cubic ft.

5. Deposit for tender forms, Rs. 500.

6. A deposit, as noted above, will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

7. The deposit must be made at the Bank of Madras to credit of the Controller of Government Stores, No. 3 Account, and the Bank receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

8. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Controller of Government Stores—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

9. Security to the extent of Rs. 3,000 will be required, and should be furnished within two weeks of acceptance of tender being notified. All other necessary information can be ascertained on application at the office of the Controller of Government Stores.

10. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds for the due performance of his contract prepared by the Attorney-General.

11. The price to include delivery.

12. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

13. The timber, before being accepted by the Controller of Government Stores, will be inspected and passed by the Factory Engineer.

14. Fines will be inflicted for delays in complying with orders.

15. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

F. W. VANE,
Controller of Government Stores.

Government Stores,
Colombo, June 24, 1903.

SEALED Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for Sawn Teak to the Government Stores," will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, July 27, 1903, from persons willing to contract for supply of the under-mentioned timber for the use of Government from January 1, 1904, to December 31, 1904, as may be required, viz. :—

For Sawn Teak.

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Controller of Government Stores and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

2. A deposit of Rs. 75 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

3. The deposit must be made in the Bank of Madras to the credit of the Controller of Government Stores, No. 3 Account, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

4. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Controller of Government Stores—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

5. The amount of security to be given will be Rs. 1,000. All other necessary information can be ascertained on application at the office of the Controller of Government Stores.

6. Persons tendering may quote rates for a contract for one or two years.

7. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract by Crown Counsel on a fee of Rs. 12-50.

8. The security should be furnished within two weeks of acceptance of tender being notified.

9. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

10. Fines will be inflicted for delays in complying with orders.

11. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

F. W. VANE,
Controller of Government Stores.

Government Stores,
Colombo, June 24, 1903.

SEALED Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for Tubs, Buckets, and Casks to the Government Stores," will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, July 27, 1903, from persons willing to contract for supply of the under-mentioned articles for the use of Government during the years 1904, 1905, and 1906. Tenders may be for one, two, or three years.

1. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Controller of Government Stores and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

To be of halmilla, mililla, or teak. No other wood will be accepted.	Bathing tubs, large, $3\frac{7}{8}$ by $2\frac{3}{4}$ ft.
	Do. small, $3\frac{1}{4}$ by $2\frac{1}{4}$ ft.
	Round tubs, large
	Eight-gallon tub
	Washing tub
	Foot-bath
	Hand bucket
	Pail do.
	Urine do.
	Spitting do.
	Closestool do.
	Breakers, 6 gallons and upwards
	Casks, 1 to 5 gallons, at per gallon
	6 to 15 do.
	16 to 25 do.
	26 to 35 do.
	36 to 45 do.
	46 to 55 do.
	56 to 65 do.
	66 to 75 do.
76 to 85 do.	
86 to 95 do.	
96 to 105 do.	
106 to 115 do.	
116 to 125 do.	
126 and upwards do.	

2. A deposit of Rs. 50 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

3. The deposit must be made at the Bank of Madras to No. 3 Account, and the bank receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

4. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Controller of Government Stores—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

5. Persons who tender must deposit samples with the Controller of Government Stores before the date on which the tenders are opened. No tender will be considered if the sample is not so deposited.

6. The tender must state thickness of all planks and width of hoop iron to be used in making each article.

7. The amount of security to be given will be Rs. 500. All other necessary information can be ascertained on application at the office of the Controller of Government Stores, where catalogue of articles required and dimensions thereof can be inspected.

8. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared by the Crown Counsel on a fee of Rs. 12-50.

9. The security bond should be furnished within two weeks of date of acceptance of tender.

10. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tender will be treated as informal and rejected.

11. Fines will be inflicted for delays in complying with orders.

12. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

F. W. VANE,
Controller of Government Stores.

Government Stores,
Colombo, June 24, 1903.

SEALD Tenders (in duplicate) will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, July 27, 1903, from persons willing to contract for supply of the under-mentioned articles for the use of Government from January 1 to December 31, 1904.

Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Controller of Government Stores and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Basel Mission Tiles (Calicut), Government Stores."

Tiles, flat
Tiles, half
Tiles, ridge
Tiles, glass
Tiles, ventilation

To be delivered in such quantities as may be required from time to time.

2. A deposit of Rs. 100 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

3. The deposit must be made in the Bank of Madras to the credit of the Controller of Government Stores, No. 3 Account, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

4. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Controller of Government Stores—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

5. Persons who tender must deposit samples with the Controller of Government Stores before the date on which the tenders are due. No tender will be considered if the samples are not so deposited.

6. The amount of security to be given will be Rs. 1,000. All other necessary information can be ascertained on application at the office of the Controller of Government Stores.

7. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expense of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be drawn out by Crown Counsel on a fee of Rs. 12-50.

8. The security should be furnished within two weeks of acceptance of tender being notified.

9. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

10. Fines will be inflicted for delays in complying with orders.

11. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

F. W. VANE,
Controller of Government Stores.

Government Stores,
Colombo, June 24, 1903.

SEALD Tenders (in duplicate) from persons willing to contract for the supply of the under-mentioned articles for the use of Government from January 1, 1904, to December 31, 1904, will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, July 27, 1903.

To be marked on the envelopes "Tender for Candles, Government Stores."

Candles, table.
Candles, ozokerit.

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Controller of Government Stores and the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

3. A deposit of Rs. 30 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

4. The deposit must be made in the Bank of Madras to the credit of the Controller of Government Stores, No. 3 Account, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

5. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Controller of Government Stores—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

6. The tenderer must deposit samples with the Controller of Government Stores before the date on which the tenders are due. No tender will be considered if the sample is not deposited.

7. The amount of security to be given will be Rs. 60. All other necessary information can be ascertained on application at the office of the Controller of Government Stores.

8. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be drawn out by Crown Counsel on a fee of Rs. 12.50.

9. The security should be furnished within two weeks of acceptance of tender being notified.

10. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

11. Fines will be inflicted for delays in complying with orders.

12. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

F. W. VANE,
Controller of Government Stores.

Government Stores,
Colombo, June 24, 1903.

SEALD Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for Transport of Stores," will be received up to 12 noon on Monday, July 27, 1903, from persons willing to contract for the under-mentioned service from January 1, 1904, to December 31, 1905.

Tenderer should quote rates for one or two years.

Conveyance of stores by carts as required :—

- From Government Stores to Railway Store and *vice versa*, per cart.
- From Government Stores to Colombo Kachcheri and *vice versa*, per cart.
- From Government Stores to Wharf Station and *vice versa*, per cart.
- From Cement Store to Railway Store and *vice versa*, per cart.
- From Cement Store to Wharf Station and *vice versa*, per cart.
- From Government Stores to Maradana Railway Station and *vice versa*, per cart.
- From Beira Store to Maradana Railway Station and *vice versa*, per cart.
- From Beira Store to Railway Store and *vice versa*, per cart.
- From Beira Store to Government Stores and *vice versa*, per cart.
- From Factory Store to Railway Store and *vice versa*, per cart.
- From Factory Store to Government Stores and *vice versa*, per cart.
- From Coal ground at Leyden Bastion gate to Maradana Coal ground and *vice versa*, per cart.
- From Government Stores to any other place within the gravets and *vice versa*, per cart per mile.
- From Government Stores to H. Don Carolis & Sons, Pettah and Slave Island, and *vice versa*, per cart.
- From Government Stores to Kelani Valley Railway and *vice versa*, per cart.
- From Beira Stores to Wharf and *vice versa*, per cart.

From Factory Stores to Wharf and *vice versa*, per cart.

From Hunupitiya Stores to Victoria Arcade and *vice versa*, per cart.

From Hunupitiya Stores to Government Stores and *vice versa*, per cart.

From Terminus to Victoria Arcade and *vice versa*, per cart.

From Royal College to Government Stores and *vice versa*, per cart.

From Victoria Arcade to Government Store and *vice versa*, per cart.

From Government Stores to Walker, Sons & Co. and *vice versa*, per cart.

From Terminus to Hunupitiya Stores and *vice versa*, per cart.

From Victoria Arcade to Hunupitiya Store and *vice versa*, per cart.

From Government Stores to Fort Station and *vice versa*, per cart.

From Beira Stores to the Factory and *vice versa*, per cart.

From Welikada Jail to Government Stores and *vice versa*, per cart.

From Government Stores to Queen's House and *vice versa*, per cart.

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Controller of Government Stores, the duplicate to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

3. A deposit of Rs. 30 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract.

4. The deposit must be made in the Bank of Madras to the credit of the Controller of Government Stores, No. 3 Account, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form of tender as his authority for making the issue.

5. No tender will be considered unless it is on such printed forms—to be obtained at the office of the Controller of Government Stores—and unless accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

6. The amount of security to be given will be Rs. 300. All other necessary information can be ascertained on application at the office of the Controller of Government Stores.

7. The person whose tender has been accepted by Government will be required to bear the expenses of having security bonds prepared for the due performance of his contract, which bonds will be drawn out by Crown Counsel on a fee of Rs. 12.50.

8. The security should be furnished within two weeks of acceptance of tender being notified.

9. Fines will be inflicted for delays in complying with orders.

10. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

11. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

F. W. VANE,
Controller of Government Stores.

Government Stores,
Colombo, June 24, 1903.

SEALD Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for Supply of Rice, Western Province, 1903-1904," will be received at the office of the Provincial Engineer, Western Province, Colombo, Gunter House, Darley lane, Maradana, up to 12 o'clock on Saturday, August 1, 1903, from persons willing to contract for the under-mentioned service, viz., for supply of rice to the Colombo, Negombo, and Kalutara Districts, in

கேள்விக்காரர் இதன் பின்னால் சொல்லப்படும் ஏற் பாடுகளை கவனிக்கவேண்டியது:—

(a) கேள்விக்காரர் 1903 ம் ஆண்டு ஆடிமாதம் 16 ந்தேதிக்குமுன்னே புத்தளம் கச்சேரியில் ரூபாய் 20 கட்டவேண்டும். நியமிக்கும் ரூபாயமான நான்கு ரூபாய் பொருத்த உடன்படிக்கைகளைக் கொள்ளாத தவறானால், இந்த கட்டண பணம் கொவ்வணமேந்தக்கா காகப் பறிமுதலாக்கப்படும்.

(b) கேள்விப்பத்திரத்தின் இணைப்பிரதி யொன்று கொழும்பிலிருக்கும் சங்கைபோர்த்த கணக்குக் காரிய த்தலைவர் அவர்களுக்கும் அதின் மூலப்பிரதியைப் புத்தளம் உதவி ஏசுநுத்துரையவர்களுக்கும் அனுப்பும் சமயம் கேள்விக்காரர் தவால் வழியாக அனுப்ப வேண்டும்.

(c) கொந்திஸ் அல்லது கடிதங்களைப் பெற்றுக்கொள்வதற்காக கேள்விக்காரர் தன்னுடைய பெயரையும் தாணிருக்கும் இடத்தையும் புத்தளத்தில் மேல்வலா சத்தைக் கொடுக்கவேண்டியது.

இவைகளைப்பற்றிய இன்னும் மேலதிகமான விளம்பரங்களை உப்புத்துரையவர்களிடம் வினாவி அறிந்து கொள்ளலாம்.

ஜி. கூக்ஸன்,
உதவி ஏசுநுத்துரை.

புத்தளம் கச்சேரி,
1 03 ம் ஆண்டு ஆனிமீ 18 ந் உ.

SEALED Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for Repairs to Salt Store No. 21, Northern Depot, Puttalam, will be received by the Assistant Government Agent, Puttalam, up to 10 A.M. of July 16, 1903, from persons willing to contract for the service.

Specification.—All decayed and damaged wood to be replaced by good and sound timber; walls to be internally lined; bulges to be adjusted; floor to be repaired.

Tenderers to observe the following conditions:—

- (a) Money deposit of Rs. 20 to be made in the Puttalam Kachcheri before July 16, 1903, to be forfeited if the tenderer fails, on acceptance of his tender, to enter into a contract within a reasonable time.
- (b) Duplicate of tender to be forwarded by post to the Hon. the Auditor-General at the same time that the tenderer forwards the original to the Assistant Government Agent, Puttalam.
- (c) Tenderer to name an address in Puttalam for delivery of any notices.

For further particulars apply to the Salt Inspector, Puttalam.

G. COOKSON,
Assistant Government Agent.

Puttalam Kachcheri,
June 18, 1903.

புத்தளம் கச்சேரி அலுவலகம் 21 ந்தேதிக்கு முன்னே புத்தளம் கச்சேரியில் ரூபாய் 20 கட்டவேண்டும். நியமிக்கும் ரூபாயமான நான்கு ரூபாய் பொருத்த உடன்படிக்கைகளைக் கொள்ளாத தவறானால், இந்த கட்டண பணம் கொவ்வணமேந்தக்கா காகப் பறிமுதலாக்கப்படும்.

பிணைப்பு—உப்புத்துரையவர்களுக்கு 21 ம் இலக்க உப்புத்துரைக்கு உடன்படிக்கைகளைக் கொடுக்கவேண்டியது.

(a) கேள்விக்காரர் 1903 ம் ஆண்டு ஆடிமாதம் 16 ந்தேதிக்குமுன்னே புத்தளம் கச்சேரியில் ரூபாய் 20 கட்டவேண்டும். நியமிக்கும் ரூபாயமான நான்கு ரூபாய் பொருத்த உடன்படிக்கைகளைக் கொள்ளாத தவறானால், இந்த கட்டண பணம் கொவ்வணமேந்தக்கா காகப் பறிமுதலாக்கப்படும்.

(b) கேள்விப்பத்திரத்தின் இணைப்பிரதி யொன்று கொழும்பிலிருக்கும் சங்கைபோர்த்த கணக்குக் காரிய த்தலைவர் அவர்களுக்கும் அதின் மூலப்பிரதியைப் புத்தளம் உதவி ஏசுநுத்துரையவர்களுக்கும் அனுப்பும் சமயம் கேள்விக்காரர் தவால் வழியாக அனுப்ப வேண்டும்.

(c) கொந்திஸ் அல்லது கடிதங்களைப் பெற்றுக்கொள்வதற்காக கேள்விக்காரர் தன்னுடைய பெயரையும் தாணிருக்கும் இடத்தையும் புத்தளத்தில் மேல்வலா சத்தைக் கொடுக்கவேண்டியது.

ஜி. கூக்ஸன்,
உதவி ஏசுநுத்துரை.

1903 ம் ஆண்டு ஆனிமீ 18 ந்தேதி,
புத்தளம் கச்சேரி.

“புத்தளத்தில் வடபுறத்திலிருக்கும் 21 ம் இலக்க உப்புத்துரைக்கு உடன்படிக்கைகளைக் கொடுக்கவேண்டியது” மேல்வலா சத்தைக் கொடுக்கவேண்டியது.

விபரங்கள்.—செரித்த மரந்தகளை எடுத்துபோட்டு புதியவைகள் திரும்ப பாவிக்கப்படவேண்டும், சுவர்களின் உட்புறத்துக்கு ஏற் சமட்டைக் கட்டப்பட வேண்டும், சரிந்த கிடுகளை நியமித்திவைக்கவேண்டும், தரையை பழுதுபார்க்கப்படவேண்டும்.

கேள்விக்காரர் இதன் பின்னால் சொல்லப்படும் ஏற் பாடுகளைக் கவனிக்கவேண்டும்:—

(a) கேள்விக்காரர் 1903 ம் ஆண்டு ஆடிமாதம் 16 ந்தேதிக்குமுன்னே புத்தளம் கச்சேரியில் ரூபாய் 20 கட்டவேண்டும். நியமிக்கும் ரூபாயமான நான்கு ரூபாய் பொருத்த உடன்படிக்கைகளைக் கொள்ளாத தவறானால், இந்த கட்டண பணம் கொவ்வணமேந்தக்கா காகப் பறிமுதலாக்கப்படும்.

(b) கேள்விப்பத்திரத்தின் இணைப்பிரதி யொன்று கொழும்பிலிருக்கும் சங்கைபோர்த்த கணக்குக் காரிய த்தலைவர் அவர்களுக்கும் அதின் மூலப்பிரதியைப் புத்தளம் உதவி ஏசுநுத்துரையவர்களுக்கும் அனுப்பும் சமயம் கேள்விக்காரர் தவால் வழியாக அனுப்ப வேண்டும்.

(c) கொந்திஸ் அல்லது கடிதங்களைப் பெற்றுக்கொள்வதற்காக கேள்விக்காரர் தன்னுடைய பெயரையும், தாணிருக்கும் இடத்தையும் புத்தளத்தில் மேல்வலா சத்தைக் கொடுக்கவேண்டியது.

இவைகளைப்பற்றிய இன்னும் மேலதிக விளம்பரங்களை உப்புத்துரையவர்களிடம் வினாவி அறிந்து கொள்ளலாம்.

ஜி. கூக்ஸன்,
உதவி ஏசுநுத்துரை.

புத்தளம் கச்சேரி,
1903 ம் ஆண்டு ஆனிமீ 18 ந்தேதி.

SALES OF UNSERVICEABLE ARTICLES.

NOTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned unserviceable articles belonging to the Ceylon Medical College will be sold by public auction at the Ceylon Medical College, at 2 P.M. on Saturday, July 4, 1903:—

- 1 intra-uterine syringe
- 1 anatomical tube
- 1 steel stand on pelvis
- 2 pieces coir matting, 12 ft. by 5 ft. 5 in.
- 30 glass doors
- 1 bone forceps
- 1 stone, oil, turkey, in frame
- 1 spring balance with six weights
- 1 diagram rack
- 1 blackboard
- 1 set of small shelves
- 5 desks, wooden
- 3 pieces coir matting, 23 ft. by 4 ft.
- 1 lot plates, photographic
- 1 copy Chemistry, Public School (Anderson)
- 1 copy Chemistry, Inorganic (Wickons)
- 1 copy Diseases, Diagnosis of Skin
- 1 copy Diseases of Women
- 1 copy Diseases of Women (Galabin)
- 1 copy Diseases of Infancy (West)
- 1 copy Gazette, Medical Times
- 20 copies British Medical Journal
- 2 copies Medicine Retrospect
- 1 copy Medicine, Theory and Practice (Roberts)
- 1 copy Mechanics
- 1 copy Medical Annual
- 1 copy Organ of Mind (Charlton)
- 1 copy Pathology, Manual of (Pyne)
- 1 copy Photographers' Hapworth
- 1 copy Photography, Practical
- 1 copy Photography, Handbook
- 1 copy Photography, Nutshell
- 2 copies Surgery, Practice of (Bryant)
- 1 copy Surgery Index (Ketley)
- 1 copy Treatment, Practitioners'
- 1 copy Therapeutic Guide
- 2 batteries (Bunsen's)
- 1 conductor, three differential forms
- 1 battery, bicromate
- 3 cases for toxicological use
- 5 copper lids
- 1 gas bracket
- 1 retort stand
- 1 thermometer mounted on brass plate
- 1 wooden wheel
- 3 planks from broken instruments

Medical College,
June 11, 1903.

ALBERT J. CHALMERS
Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned unserviceable articles will be sold by public auction at the Public Works Department Store, Chilaw, on Saturday, August 8, 1903, at 2 P.M. :—

- | | |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 25 empty tar barrels 2 casks, wooden, 60-gallon 1 cask, wooden, 50-gallon 8 iron drums | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 11 kegs, iron 108.6.6 cub. ft. palu scant-
lings 16 cwt. 21 lb. scrap iron |
|---|--|

H. A. MARTIN,
for Director of Public Works.

Public Works Department,
Colombo, June 18, 1903.

WILL be sold by public auction at the Government Stores at 12.30 P.M. on Tuesday, June 30, 1903, the following articles returned from the Boer Camp at Diyatalawa:—

- | | |
|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 10 knives, dessert 5 knives, table, white bone 5 forks, dessert 11 spoons, dessert, E.P. 6 spoons, table 9 forks, table 10 plates, soup, white 9 plates, meat, white 5 plates, dessert 6 plates, part of dessert
set 5 saucers 5 cups 1 teapot 20 glasses, wine, of sorts 2 cruets, cream, china 6 cups, egg, china 3 bowls, finger 5 spoons, tea 6 lamps, hurricane 2 lamps, tea house, hurri-
cane 1 lantern, square 14 lanterns, bull's-eye 8 planes of sorts 3 awls, shoemakers', for
welts 1 brace and set of bits 16 chisels of sorts, carpen-
ters' 3 chisels, mortice 2 chisels, cold 3 compasses 4 screwdrivers 13 files of sorts 4 hammers, claw 4 rasps 1 hammer, heavy, carpen-
ters' 2 hammers, shoemakers' 1 knife, shoemaker's 2 lasts, shoemakers', pair 2 guage, mortice marking
screw | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2 nail pullers 1 punch, steel 1 punch, $\frac{3}{8}$, No. 0 to 9 sets 1 pincer, shoemaker's 10 saws of sorts 2 soldering irons 1 pair scissors, tinsmith's 3 pairs scissors, lamp 3 squares, 6 in. 71 cutters, tin 3 sets of weights from $\frac{1}{2}$
oz. to 14 lb. 1 wrench screw 5 glass reservoirs, with C
burners 9 blankets 10 bundle quarterings 300 enamelled plates 10 ratan cots 20 canvas cots 3 gallons lime juice cor-
dial 40 blankets 3 heating stoves 7 coffee grinders 6 shovels 50 camp kettles 50 cans, soup 50 covers for kettles, camp 89 ladles 23 gridirons 103 choppers 90 meat hooks 50 lifters 50 dishes, meat, tin 10 mamoties 6 pickaxes 1 stone, oil, "Charley
Fout" 1 stone, oil, "Washita" 2 arrows for marking
blankets 2 stamps, D.C., in wood 1 spoke shave |
|--|--|

F. W. VANE,
Controller of Government Stores.

Government Stores,
Colombo, June 18, 1903.

NOTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned unserviceable articles will be sold by public auction at the Public Works Department Store, Hambantota, on Friday, July 31, 1903, at 9 A.M. :—

- | | |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2 brushes, tar and paint 1 brush, whitewashing 1 sluice door, wooden 4 tubs, water | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2 drawing boards 1 gum bottle 1 bullock cart |
|---|--|

H. A. MARTIN,
for Director of Public Works.

Public Works Department,
Colombo, June 18, 1903.

NOTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned unserviceable articles will be sold by public auction at the Public Works Department Store, Dandagama, on Monday, August 3, 1903, at 1 P.M. :—

3 empty tar barrels	1 can, tin
2 carts, hand	1 can, iron

H. A. MARTIN,
for Director of Public Works.

Public Works Department,
Colombo, June 20, 1903.

LIST of unclaimed articles found in postal packets received at the Returned Letter Office during the 1st quarter ended March 31, 1903, and old telegraph stores to be sold by public auction at the General Post Office on Friday, July 3, 1903, at 2.30 P.M. :—

2 photos (views)	1 woollen comforter and
1 penholder	one collar
1 pipe	1 flannel blouse
1 dagger	3 banians

1 silk blouse	1 sash
1 China silk jacket	10 bundles cigars
1 camboy cloth	1 lot tobacco
2 pairs children's socks	1 lot tea
1 silk handkerchief	1 lot books
1 pair brown leather pump shoes	1 lot magazines
1 lot thimbles	1 lot illustrated papers
1 lot blueblack ink powder	1 lot sundries
1 lot pearls	1 lot samples
12 Ceylon view post cards	1 lot old paper
4 oz. quicksilver	1 lot scrap iron
1 banian	1 lot old iron arms
1 piece Ceylon flannel cloth	1 lot empty drums (paint)
1 piece Cannanore cloth	1 lot stone jars
1 pair Indian slippers	1 lot empty casks
1 pair wild boar teeth	1 lot tin cases
3 books	1 lot porous pots
1 pouch	1 lot copper deposit
1 table cloth	1 lot bichromate carbous
	1 lot G. I. wire
	1 lot empty bottles (glass)

W. MACREADY,
for Postmaster-General

Postmaster-General's Office,
Colombo, June 23, 1903.

THE under-mentioned private properties belonging to prisoners will be sold by public auction on Saturday, June 27, 1903, at 8.30 A.M., at the jail gate :—

Register No.	Name.	List of Property.
I 8843 ...	Punchimahatmaya	... 1 old sarong, 1 old singlet, and 2 old handkerchiefs.
I 8887 ...	Punchi Kangany	... 1 old vaitie and a piece of cloth.
I 8888 ...	Veeran	... A piece of rag and 1 old vaitie.
J 8820 ...	Neyna	... 1 old sarong.
J 8831 ...	Deonis Appuhamy	... 1 old sarong, 1 old banian, 1 old umbrella, 1 old leather belt, 1 old handkerchief, and 1 penknife.
J 8883 ...	B. Kiribanta	... 1 old handkerchief, 1 old leather belt, and 1 old sarong.
J 8884 ...	D. Rattranhamy	... 1 old chintz cloth, 1 old sarong, and 1 old leather belt.
J 8915 ...	Hatan Kira	... 1 old sarong and 1 old chintz cloth.
F E 5716 ...	Charles Appu	... 1 old cloth umbrella.

Ratnapura Prison,
June 17, 1903.

M. STEVENSON,
for Superintendent.