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Part I.—Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, &c.

Separate paging is given to each Part in order that it may be filed separately.

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATIONS.

“THE PILGRIMAGES ORDINANCE, NO. 13 OF 1896.”

Kataragama Pilgrimage.

IN terms of rule No. 12 of regulations framed under Ordinance No. 13 of 1896 for the conduct of the Kataragama pilgrimage, it is hereby notified for general information that any person proceeding to Ruhunu Maha Kataragama Dewale at Kataragama during Ehela and Ilmaha Kachchi Festivals without first obtaining a permit from the Government Agents or Assistant Government Agents of the respective districts will be liable, under section 2 of the aforesaid Ordinance, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 1,000, or to rigorous or simple imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year.

By His Excellency's command,

R. E. STUBBS,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, October 24, 1914.

“THE PILGRIMAGES ORDINANCE, NO. 13 OF 1896.”

THE following rules and orders made by His Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, under Ordinance No. 13 of 1896, entitled “An Ordinance relating to Pilgrimages,” for the conduct of the Kataragama pilgrimage and festival, where special precautions have been and are necessary, are published for general information, in lieu of the rules promulgated annually for several years.

By His Excellency's command,

R. E. STUBBS,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, October 24, 1914.

Rules.

1. For sanitary reasons the duration of the Kataragama festival and of the stay of pilgrims at Kataragama shall be and it is hereby limited to 2 days, namely, from November 1 to 2, 1914, inclusive. Pilgrims arriving before the day first named or staying beyond the period here prescribed shall be guilty of an offence.

2. It shall be lawful for the Police authorities or any Police Magistrate at any place on the line of march to prohibit from proceeding all persons who, by reason of disease, infirmity, weakness, advanced age, youth, want of supplies, or other sufficient cause, are considered unfit to undertake the journey, or who appear likely to fall ill and endanger the health of others; and to require such persons to find security to ensure their obedience to the orders so given. In default of such security being found, it shall be lawful for the said Police authorities or Police Magistrate to detain such persons in custody for a period not exceeding three days.

3. In the event of an epidemic breaking out at Kataragama during the festival, it shall be lawful for the officers appointed to enforce the observance of orders to declare the festival at an end, and to direct pilgrims at once to leave the village and proceed to their homes, and to prescribe the roads they have to travel.

4. The officers appointed to enforce the observance of orders shall have power on the line of march to and from Kataragama and at Kataragama—

- (a) To appoint particular places to be exclusively used by the pilgrims for washing and bathing, for drawing water and drinking, and for natural offices.
- (b) To appoint places for the occupation of each class of pilgrims.
- (c) To prescribe routes for the journey of any body of pilgrims.
- (d) To regulate the distribution of all food given to pilgrims.
- (e) To fix separate places of abode for pilgrims who fall ill, to prohibit communication with them, and to detain them if unfit to travel.

Any person disobeying an order given by the appointed officers shall be guilty of an offence.

5. The Police are empowered and required to seize and destroy all food condemned as unwholesome on the march or in camp by the Medical Officer, or, if there be none, by the Chief Officer of Police; and any person resisting or obstructing the Police in the discharge of this or of any other duty prescribed by these rules shall be deemed guilty of an offence.

6. Any person bringing any cattle or cart bulls within three miles of the camp shall be deemed guilty of an offence.

7. Any person selling meat in camp in any other place than that assigned for the purpose by the officer in charge of the camp, and any other person selling food condemned as unwholesome by the Medical Officer, or in his absence by the Chief Officer of Police, shall be deemed guilty of an offence.

8. Any person who shall, during the occupation of the camp, use any other place for offices of nature than that provided for the purpose by Government, or failing to cover the deposit with earth or sand, and any person who shall during the same period bathe in or enter the river above the spot appointed by the officer in charge of the camp, shall be deemed guilty of an offence.

9. Any person suffering from an infectious or a contagious disease, and not reporting the same to the Medical Officer, or in his absence to the Chief Officer of Police, and any person abetting or assisting in the concealment of such disease, shall be deemed guilty of an offence.

10. All persons shall take up the quarters assigned to them by the Chief Officer of Police at the halting places and in the camp, and any person declining or neglecting to do so shall be deemed guilty of an offence.

11. The number of pilgrims for the pilgrimage of the year 1914 is restricted to 500.

12. No person shall proceed on the pilgrimage in the year 1914 without having first obtained ticket from the Government Agent of the Western Province for the Colombo band, or from the Government Agent of the North-Central Province for the Anuradhapura band, or from the Government Agent of the Southern Province for the Galle band, or from the Government Agent of the North-Western Province for the Kurungala band, or from the Government Agent of the Eastern Province for the Batticaloa Band, or from the Government Agent of the Northern Province for the Jaffna band, or from the Government Agent of the Province of Uva for the Badulla band, or from the Government Agent of the Province of Sabaragamuwa for the Ratnapura band, or from the Government Agent of the Central Province for the Kandy band.

13. Every person proceeding on the pilgrimage shall show his ticket when required to do so by any officer of Police, or by any officer appointed to enforce the observance of orders under the Ordinance aforesaid.

14. The transfer of a ticket by the person named in it and the use of it by any other person are forbidden.

කොටසම ව්‍යුද්‍යාව.

වෙත 1896දෙසේ කොටසම 13 දරන ආයාපක්‍රම යටතේ පනවනලද නියෝග අනුරූප 12වෙනි නියෝගය ප්‍රකාර පෙ, දි ජනකාලී දැනගැනීම පිණිස මෙමින් ප්‍රසිඩ්හිලෙස දිනුවිදෙනු බෙක්ඟන්හම් කකුරගම පිසිව, තිබෙන රුහුණු මහක්කරණම් එද්වාලයට ව්‍යුද්‍යාව නාමාදිය පිණිස ඇශ්‍යාලමේ මැගලුසයට ලෝ ඉල්ලය කාවිච් මැගලුසයට පැමිණන සියලුදෙනාම කම කමුන පදි. චිව සිරින පලුන්වල ආක්‍ර්‍යාවේ ඒෂන් තුරුප්‍රස්ථානයේ හෝ උප ඒෂන් තුරුන්නා, න්ස්සෙන් ප්‍රවේශපාතු කළින

ලබාගත පැමිණිය යුතු තිවය. එසේ ප්‍රෙමිභාෂු නොලබා ඇම්මෙන්න සිහුපු දෙනාටම මත්කී ආස්ථාන්ත්‍රී දෙවෙනි වගන් තිය යෙන් රුපියල 1,000කට වැඩිනොවන දඩියක්ව. හෝ බිරුපතාල වැඩි ඇතුව හෝ නැතුව අවුරුද්දකට වැඩිනොවන කාලයක් සිරුත්වා යෙන්වා වෙන් බව වැඩිදුරටත් දිනගැනු යුතුයි.

ଫୁଲିଙ୍କ

ଓঁ 1914 জ্যৈষ্ঠ তিহারে মিলি মিশ 24 লেখন দিন কোলাহল
কোল্পোচিল সেতু বুং রিচ লক্ষ বুং জেসেগে কহে বেহুর লেই দিয়

ଅର୍ଟ. ଡା. ଜେଠିଙ୍କ,
କୋଲେଜ୍‌ନିଯାଳ୍ ଜେତୁ ଶ୍ରୀଚର୍ଚ ମତିଙ୍କ.

[Rules for the Kataragama Pilgrimage, 1914.]

1914-ல் ഫ്രാൻസ് ദേശീയ സംഘത്തിൽ വച്ചനാക്കാലൈ ഒഴിവിലെ മന്ത്രിയാണ്.

கதிர்காம திருவிழா.

இந்தால் வைட்பரப்படுத்துவது சன்னவாகில், 1896 ம் ஆண்டு 13 ம் கட்டளைச்சட்டத்தின்படி அற்புதித்தப்பட்ட வீதிகளின் 12 ம் வீதிப்பிரகரம் பார்த்தும் தம் நங்கள் டின்திற்கிணிவுக்கும் ஏச்சிறு அல்லது உத்தை ஏச்சிறுத்தகர அவர்களிடை உத்தைவுப்பிரதிகம் பெறுத கதிர்மாத்தினின்கும் தூய்யாக நேராய்வத்தகு என்க ஏன்றும் இல்லார்க்க செய்திருப்பது திருவிழா நாட்காலை போகில் அவர்கள் மேற்காலிக்கப்பட்டது கட்டளைச்சட்டத்தின் 2 ம் பிரிவின் பிரகாரம் ரூ. 1,000 ரூபாய்களுக்கெடு அல்லது ஒரு வருஷம் கடின அல்லது கடின சமயில்லாத ரூபாய்ம் செய்ய ஏதாவது இருக்கும்.

உத்தம தேசாகிப்பியவர்களின் கட்டளைப்பம்

தெ. எ. குற்றப்ள்,
விரசாங்க விதிதர்.

கிராசாங்க ஸ்திதர் கட்டோர்,
கொழும்பு, 1914 ம் ஆண்டு அச்சூபர்மா 24 டி. எ.

[Rules for the Kataragama Pilgrimage, 1914.]

எச்சரிக்கைகளாவன்.

1. காதார்களையக் குற்ற கதிர்காம திருவிளைக்கடத்தில் யாத்திரிகள் கதிர்காமத்தில், நங்கக்கூடிய தவணை 2 ரூப். அதாவத் 1914 ம் ஆண்டு காத்திரகமே 1 ரூபத்தில் தொடர்க்கம் 2 ந் தீவிர விலைக்கும்பகுதி திட்டங்கள் சியிக்கப்பட்டன. மேற்போன்ற தேதிக்குழந்தே போகப்பட்டவர்களும் சொல்லப்பட்ட தேதிக்குழப்பின் நகல்பட்ட யாத்திரிகளைவரும் அன்றாய்க்காரரென்று காணப்படும்.

2. କେଣ୍ଯାଳ, ଅଲ୍ଲତୁ ମେଲିଲୁହଁ, ଅଲ୍ଲତୁ ପାଲିନ୍ତିକିଲୁହଁ, ଅଲ୍ଲତୁ ଭୁରିନ୍ତିକିଲୁହଁ, ଅଲ୍ଲତୁ ଶିଳ୍ପର୍ଯ୍ୟନ୍ତିକିଲୁହଁ, ଅଲ୍ଲତୁ କାରମାଙ୍କିଲୁହଁ, ଅଲ୍ଲତୁ କେବୁ ପୋତୁମାନିକା କରାଇନ୍ତିଲୁହଁ, ଅଲ୍ଲତୁ ପ୍ରୟାଣମୁଦ୍ରାକଟ୍ଟାତାବଲେଣିଟାଲୁହଁ, ନେମ୍ବିଲୁହଁ କିମ୍ବାଲେନ୍ଦ୍ରୁଷୁତ୍ତୀତ୍ୟ କରୁଥିଲୁହଁ ପରୁ ତୁମଣ୍ଟାକୁ କୁଠାରୁ କାଣସପ୍ତଟ୍ୟ କାନ୍ଧିକିଳାପ୍ ପ୍ରୋକଲ୍ପ କେତ୍ତାଵାଣି ଅଲ୍ଲତୁ ପୋଲିସ ଅତିକାରମୁକ୍ତୀଯରୁକୁ ଯାଇଁଛନ୍ତିଲି ଏବିତ୍ତିତିକାରୁ ଅମ୍ଭ ଅପ୍ରଦିପିପ୍ତଟ୍ୟାକିନ୍ତିକିଳାପ୍ ଅତିକାରମୋକାଟାମାଟା ତାକିକିତ ତତ୍ତ୍ଵବ୍ୟକ୍ତିକିରୁ ମେନ୍ଦରାଶର୍ମପଟ୍ଟା ଯାତିକିରୁକୁରୁପଣୀରୁମ୍ କଟ୍ଟାଇକରୁକୁ ଅର୍ଥାତ୍ ପିଲାନ୍ ଏକିକୁମ୍ପଦ୍ଧାମ୍ ଅତିକାରରୁଣ୍ଡି. ଅଲ୍ଲତୁ ମୁଖ୍ୟ ପିଲାକାରିକିରୁକଟ୍ଟାତ ପେରକଣେ ମୁହଁନ୍ତି ନୌହାରୁ ମେନ୍ଦରାପାତା ମନ୍ତ୍ରିଯାଲିଲ୍ ଲୁହୁରୁ କାହାରୁ କାହାରୁ ଏବିତ୍ତିକିରୁକାଣ୍ଟ ପରାଲିଲ୍ କିମ୍ବା ଲାଲାତ ପୋଲିଲ୍ ଅତିକାରମୁଖ୍ୟ ବର୍ଗକାରୀତ ତତ୍ତ୍ଵବ୍ୟକ୍ତିକିରୁଣ୍ଡି.

3. கதிர்காமத்தில் திருவினா டெக்குந் காத்தில் தொற்று வியாதி (பேசி) உண்மெடின் சுகாதாரரைத் தலைமைக்காரனுக்கு திருவினாவை திருத்தவும் யாத்திரிக்கொண்டுவரயும் தங்களிட்டுபோய்யிச்சேரவும் தின்கு பாதையால் போகவன்கிடுமின்றும் கட்டட்சியிடத் தந்துவுமண்டு.

4. ஈகாதாரணீக்காக நியமனம்பண்ணப்பட்டிருக்கும் தலைமைக்காரருக்கு சிரிக்காமத்திலும் திரும்பிச்செல்லும் பயணத்திலும் இதன்கீழ் குறிக்கப்பட்டவைகளைச் செய்யவும் செய்விக்கவுமிக்காரமானால்:—

- (a) යාත්තිකිණුකුණු සිංහ තැවක්කවුම්, මුණාක්වම්, තන්සේරුයිඩික්කවුම්, තන්සේරු ගුදි-කක්වම් මධ්‍යාක්‍රත්කුප පොකවම් දෙවුතුවෙතු තන් කැඳී සියමික්කවුම්;

(b) අංත්තික රාජ්‍යීය තැකිවුරුණුමයි. වෙටෝ වෙටෝ තැක්කන් සියමික්කවුම්;

(c) යාත්තිකිණු කුට්ටමාක තිශ්‍රාපාකාන්තයා ඔසල්වෙනුයිම් තුම්;

(d) යාත්තිකිණුකුණු නොයිඩික්කප්පත් තීශ්‍රාප ප්‍රික්රියාකාශු තැකිවුරුණුමයි පරාර්ථ සියමික්කවුම් තොයුණු-කක්ප්පත් යාත්තිකිණුකුණු තැකිවුරුණුමයි. වෙටෝ තැත්තික තොයුණු-කිවිල්ක්කවුම් ඇඟ්-කළුතානු වෙබුලුරුවකෘත් පොෂාම්විරුණුකුණු ප්‍රික්රියාකාශු තැකිවුරුණුමයි. සිව්විතම සියමික්කප්පත් ගුරුණුම් අභිකාරීපන න්‍යාම ක්‍රියාත්මක යිහිපා ප්‍රික්රියාකාශු නැත්කියාපුවි.

6. ஆராகுதல் மாடிகள். வண்டிலமாடிகள் குடியிருக்கும் திட்டத்தின் 3 கட்டைக்குடிப்பட கொண்டிருப்பதாது. அப்படிக் கொண்டிவந்தால் குற்றவாளிகளைவாராக்க.

7. கதிர்காமத்தில் நக்கியிருக்குமீட்டத்தில் திருவினார்த்தையூர் சியபிக்கு மிட்டத்தைவிட வேற்றுத்தி விரைஞ்சி விற்கப்பட்டவர்கள் அல்லது கொத்தரைணார்த்தைவூர் போன்ற திருவூர் கொட்டா தேவை விற்கப்பட்ட சாமான் குற்றப்படா குற்றக்குற்றங்களுக்கு மற்றவர்கள்.

8. யாராயிதும் கதிர்காமத்தில் நக்கியிருக்குமீட்டத்தில் அரசாட்சியாளர் சியபிக்கும் தூத்துக்குடும் தெருத்தைவிட வேறே தலத்தில் மலங்களிக்கச் சம்பவித்தால், அல்லது மத்தை மன்றங்களில் மூடாகியிருப்பதால், அல்லது தலையூக்காரர் சியபிக்கும் தலத்துக்கு மேலே ஆற்றுக்கிறங்க அல்லது குளிக்கச் சம்பவித்தால் பைபடிச் செய்தவர்கள் குற்றவாளிகளாய்க் கானப்படவார்கள்.

9. தொற்றுவியாசமால் பிடிக்கப்பட்டவன் சுகாதாரரை அதிகாரிக்கு அல்லது அவளில்லாவிட்டால் பிரதான பொலிஸ் தலைமைக்கு அது விழ யாத்தை அறிவுக்கத் தவண்ண என்று வந்த கோயாளியை ஒழித்துவைக்க அல்லது அதற்கு உதவியிசெய்வார்கள் குற்றவைளிகளாவர்கள்.

10. சுகல பேர்களும் பயணத்திலும் கனிராதநிலும் வைத்துப் பொலிஸ் தலைமை சீமயிக்கு மிடத்தில் வடிதி சிற்குதல்லாமல், அப்படிச் செய்யக் கூடாதுதன்று மறுபவர்கள் குற்றவைகளைவார்கள்.

11. 1914 ම ප්‍රඟන මිලියන 500 පෝරසන් පොකුම්පති සියලික්කප්පටා.

18. எப்பேர்ப்பட்ட பொலிஸ் தலைமுறை அல்லது கனிகரம் மாத்திரமாகவையப்பற்றி சர்ப்பட்டிருக்கும் எந்த உத்தியோக்கள்தனும் கேட்டபோது உத்திரம் விடப்படும்.