



Ceylon Government Gazette

EXTRAORDINARY.

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Part I.—Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, &c.

Separate paging is given to each Part in order that it may be filed separately.

PROCLAMATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR.

IN the Name of His Majesty GEORGE THE FIFTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir ROBERT CHALMERS, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

ROBERT CHALMERS.

KNOW Ye that We, the Governor of Ceylon, do hereby proclaim that, by Order in Council passed October 29, 1914, to be cited as "The Declaration of London Order in Council No. 2," His Majesty the King has repealed the Order in Council of August 20, 1914, the substance of which was proclaimed by Our Proclamation of September 5, 1914, published in the *Government Gazette Extraordinary* No. 6,658 of the same date, and has by the said Order in Council adopted during hostilities the Declaration of London, subject to the exclusion of the lists of Contraband of War contained in Articles 22 and 24 thereof to the following modifications:—

- (1) A neutral vessel with papers indicating a neutral destination which, notwithstanding the destination shown on the papers, proceeds to an enemy port shall be liable to capture and condemnation if encountered before the end of her next voyage.
- (2) The destination referred to in Article 33 of the Declaration shall, in addition to the presumptions laid down in Article 34, be presumed to exist if the goods are consigned to or for an agent of an enemy State.
- (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 35 of the Declaration, Conditional Contraband shall be liable to capture on board a vessel bound for a neutral port if consigned to order, or if ship's papers do not show who is the consignee, or if they show a consignee in territory belonging to or occupied by the enemy.
- (4) In cases covered by the preceding paragraph, it shall lie upon owners of goods to prove that their destination is innocent. Where it is shown to the satisfaction of the Secretary of State that an enemy Government is drawing supplies for armed forces from or through a neutral country, he may direct that in respect of ships bound for a port in that country Article 35 of the Declaration shall not apply. Such direction shall be notified in the *London Gazette*, and shall operate until withdrawn. So long as such direction is in force a vessel carrying Conditional Contraband to a port in that country shall not be immune from capture.

Given at Colombo, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twelfth day of November, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Fourteen.

By His Excellency's command,

R. E. STUBBS,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

In the Name of His Majesty GEORGE THE FIFTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir ROBERT CHALMERS, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

ROBERT CHALMERS.

KNOW Ye that We, the Governor of Ceylon, do hereby proclaim that by a Proclamation issued the 29th day of October, 1914, His Majesty the King has substituted the following revised lists of Contraband of War for those contained in Our Proclamation of the 5th day of September, 1914, published in the *Government Gazette Extraordinary* No. 6,658 of the same date :—

Absolute Contraband.

- (1) Arms of all kinds, including arms for sporting purposes, and their distinctive component parts.
- (2) Projectiles, charges, and cartridges of all kinds, and their distinctive component parts.
- (3) Powder and explosives specially prepared for use in war.
- (4) Sulphuric acid.
- (5) Gun-mountings, limber boxes, limbers, military wagons, field targets of all kinds, and their distinctive component parts.
- (6) Range finders, and their distinctive component parts.
- (7) Clothing and equipment of a distinctively military character.
- (8) Saddle, draught, and pack animals suitable for use in war.
- (9) All kinds of harness of a distinctively military character.
- (10) Articles of camp equipment, and their distinctive component parts.
- (11) Armour plates.
- (12) Hæmatite iron ore and hæmatite pig iron.
- (13) Iron pyrites.
- (14) Nickel ore and nickel.
- (15) Ferrochrome and chrome ore.
- (16) Copper, unwrought.
- (17) Lead, pig, sheet, or pipe.
- (18) Aluminium.
- (19) Ferrosilica.
- (20) Barbed wire and implements for fixing and cutting the same.
- (21) Warships, including boats, and their distinctive component parts, of such a nature that they can only be used on a vessel of war.
- (22) Aeroplanes, airships, balloons, and aircraft of all kinds, and their component parts, together with accessories and articles recognizable as intended for use in connection with balloons and aircraft.
- (23) Motor vehicles of all kinds, and their component parts.
- (24) Motor tyres, rubber.
- (25) Mineral oils and motor spirit, except lubricating oils.
- (26) Implements and apparatus designed exclusively for the manufacture of munitions of war, for the manufacture of and repair of arms or war material for use on land and sea.

Conditional Contraband.

- (1) Food stuffs.
- (2) Forage and feeding stuffs for animals.
- (3) Clothing, fabrics for clothing, and boots and shoes, suitable for use in war.
- (4) Gold and silver in coin or bullion; paper money.
- (5) Vehicles of all kinds other than motor vehicles available for use in war, and their component parts.
- (6) Vessels, craft, and boats of all kinds; floating docks, parts of docks, and their component parts.
- (7) Railway materials, both fixed and rolling stock, and materials for telegraphs, wireless telegraphs, and telephones.
- (8) Fuel other than mineral oils, lubricants.
- (9) Powder and explosives not specially prepared for use in war.
- (10) Sulphur.
- (11) Glycerine.
- (12) Horseshoes and shoeing materials.
- (13) Harness and saddlery.
- (14) Hides of all kinds, dry and wet pigskins, raw or dressed, leather undressed or dressed suitable for saddlery, harness, or military boots.
- (15) Field glasses, telescopes, chronometers, and all kinds of nautical instruments.

Given at Colombo, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twelfth day of November, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Fourteen.

By His Excellency's command,

R. E. STUBBS,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.