



Ceylon Government Gazette

REGISTERED AS A NEWSPAPER IN CEYLON.

Published by Authority.

No. 6,876 — FRIDAY, JUNE 1, 1917.

PART I.—General: Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, and General Government Notifications.
 PART II.—Legal and Judicial.
 PART III.—Provincial Administration.
 PART IV.—Land Settlement.
 PART V.—Mercantile, Marine, Municipal, Local, &c.
Separate paging is given to each Part, in order that it may be filed separately.

Part I.—Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, &c.

	PAGE		PAGE
Minutes by the Governor	—	Miscellaneous Departmental Notices	474
Proclamations by the Governor	453	Notices calling for Tenders	478
Appointments by the Governor	460	Contracts for Supplies of Stores	—
Appointments, &c., of Registrars	462	Sales of Unserviceable Articles	478
Government Notifications	464	Registrar-General's Vital Statistics	479
Revenue and Expenditure Returns	—	Meteorological Returns	—
Notices by the Currency Commissioners	—	Books registered under Ordinance No. 1 of 1885	—

PROCLAMATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR.

IN the Name of His Majesty GEORGE THE FIFTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir JOHN ANDERSON, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

JOHN ANDERSON.

KNOW Ye that We, the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, in exercise of the powers vested in Us by section 25 of "The Co-operative Credit Societies Ordinance, 1911," do hereby remit—

- (a) The stamp duty with which, under any law for the time being in force, instruments executed by or on behalf of "The Panadure and Talpitibadda Co-operative Credit Society" and "The Buttala Co-operative Credit Society," or by an officer or member, and relating to the business of such Societies or any class of such instruments, are respectively chargeable;
- (b) Any fee payable by such Societies under the law of registration for the time being in force.

Given at Nuwara Eliya, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twenty-ninth day of May, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seventeen.

By His Excellency's command,
 R. E. STUBBS,
 Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

In the Name of His Majesty GEORGE THE FIFTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir JOHN ANDERSON, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

JOHN ANDERSON.

WHEREAS by a Proclamation dated February 19, 1885, a police force was established under section 7 of "The Police Ordinance, 1865," in the town of Kegalla:

And whereas the limits of the said town were defined to be those appearing in the schedule annexed to the said Proclamation:

And whereas by section 13 of Ordinance No. 16 of 1865 it is enacted that it shall be lawful for the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, from time to time as occasion may require, by Proclamation, to alter or vary such limits:

And whereas it is expedient to alter the limits of the town of Kegalla as set forth in the schedule attached to the Proclamation dated February 19, 1885:

Now know Ye that We, the said Governor, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, do hereby vary the limits as set forth in the Proclamation dated February 19, 1885, and do define the limits of the said town to be those specified in the schedule hereto.

Given at Nuwara Eliya, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twenty-ninth day of May, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seventeen.

By His Excellency's command,
R. E. STUBBS,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

SCHEDULE REFERRED TO.

On the north by a straight line from the 7th milepost on the road from Polgahawela to the Kandy road to a point 12 chains north-north-east of the 49th milepost on the Kandy road.

On the north-east from the point 12 chains north-north-east of the 49th milepost on the Kandy road to a point on the bridle road leading from Meepitiya bridge on the Kandy high road to the bridle path leading to Rambukkana 12 chains along the path from the Meepitiya bridge.

On the south along the bridle path to the Meepitiya bridge, thence along the bridle path to the junction with the Circular road, thence along Circular road to the junction with the Bulathkohupitiya road, thence across the bridge over the Anguruwella-oya, thence along the cemetery road to the new cemetery, thence along the southern and western boundaries of the cemetery till it joins the cemetery road again, thence along the cemetery road to its junction with the Kandy road, and thence along the Kandy road to the junction of the Polgahawela road.

On the west from the junction of the Polgahawela and Kandy road along the Polgahawela road to the 7th milepost.

In the Name of His Majesty GEORGE THE FIFTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir JOHN ANDERSON, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

JOHN ANDERSON.

KNOW Ye that We, the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, in the exercise of the powers in Us vested by "The Police Ordinance, 1865," as amended by "The Police (Amendment) Ordinance, No. 39 of 1916," and in pursuance of the necessary determinations and appointments made under section 34 of the said Ordinance, do hereby declare that for the purpose of the tax payable under the said section in respect of the expenses of the police payable by the town of Kegalla (as defined by the Proclamation dated May 29, 1917), We do appoint the percentage of $3\frac{1}{2}$ per centum as the percentage payable as from and after July 1, 1917, on the *bona fide* annual value of the houses, buildings, lands, and tenements liable under the said section, subject to the exceptions in the said section contained.

Given at Nuwara Eliya, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twenty-ninth day of May, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seventeen.

By His Excellency's command,
R. E. STUBBS,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

IN the Name of His Majesty GEORGE THE FIFTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir JOHN ANDERSON, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

JOHN ANDERSON.

WHEREAS in pursuance of section 13 of the Volunteer Ordinance, No. 8 of 1910, We did by Our Proclamation dated March 7, 1917, published in the *Government Gazette* of March 9, 1917, call out for active service the following Corps of the Ceylon Volunteer Force, viz., the Motor Cyclists Corps :

Now know Ye that We, the Governor of Ceylon, in exercise of the powers vested in Us by section 13 (4) of the above Ordinance, do hereby proclaim that the period of such service of the said Corps shall end on the date hereof.

Given at Nuwara Eliya, in the said Island of Ceylon, this First day of June, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seventeen.

By His Excellency's command,

R. E. STUBBS,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

IN the Name of His Majesty GEORGE THE FIFTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir JOHN ANDERSON, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

JOHN ANDERSON.

WHEREAS in pursuance of "The Necessaries of War Exportation Ordinance, No. 19 of 1914," We did by Our Proclamation, published in the *Government Gazette* of July 4, 1916, prohibit the exportation from Ceylon of articles to the extent therein specified :

And whereas by Our Proclamations, published in the *Government Gazettes* of August 4, September 1, 15, and 29, October 20 and 27, November 10, and December 8, 1916, and January 12, February 9, March 9 and 16, and May 25, 1917, We did make certain amendments in and additions to the schedule thereto :

Now know Ye that We, the Governor of Ceylon, in pursuance of the aforesaid Ordinance, do hereby revoke Our said Proclamation published in the *Gazette* of May 25, 1917, and instead make the following amendments in and additions to the aforesaid schedule :—

(1) The following headings should be deleted :—

- (A) Copper wire and cables containing copper.
- (c) Cordite presses.
- (c) Dies for cartridge cases.
- (c) Gauges for cartridges or shells.
- (A) Gauze manufactured of copper or its alloys.
- (A) Horse shoes.

(c) Implements and apparatus designed exclusively for the manufacture of munitions of war, for the manufacture or repair of arms or of war material for use on land or sea, the following :—

- Cordite presses.
- Dies for cartridge cases.
- Gauges for cartridges or shells.
- Incorporators.
- Lapping machines.
- Rifling machines.
- Wire-winding machines.

(c) Incorporators.
(c) Lapping machines.
Metals and ores, the following :—

- (c) Copper ore.
- (A) Copper, unwrought and part wrought, all kinds, including alloys of copper (such as brass, gun metal, naval brass and delta metal, phosphor copper, phosphor bronze, and solder containing copper), copper and brass circles, slabs, bars, ingots, scrap, rods, and plates, and also wrought copper of the following descriptions :—Copper and brass pipes, sheets, condenser plates, brass wire, bronze wire, perforated brass sheets, perforated brass linings, and copper foil.
- (c) Copper manufactures; the following :—

All articles wholly or partly manufactured of copper or its alloys not otherwise specifically prohibited.

- (A) Yellow metal.
- (c) Rifling machines.

- (A) Telegraphs, instruments and material for, the following :—
- Wheatstone automatic apparatus :—
- Automatic transmitters.
Wheatstone transmitters.
- Parts of Creed apparatus :—
- Creed engines.
Creed relays with pneumatic valves.
- Auxiliaries to Creed apparatus :—
- High tension keys operated by pneumatic pressure.
High tension keys operated magnetically.
Dictaphones and dictaphone cylinders.
Einthoven galvanometers.
Paper tape photographically sensitized.
- (c) Telegraphs (except wireless), instruments and material for, not otherwise prohibited.
- (A) Telegraphs, wireless, instruments and material for.
- (A) Telephone sets and their component parts.
- (c) Telephones, material for (except telephone sets and their component parts).
- (A) Tubes, brass, brazed.
- (A) Tubes, brass, solid drawn.
- (A) Tubes, copper, solid drawn.
- (c) Wire-winding machines.
- (2) The following headings should be added :—
- (A) Horse, mule, and pony shoes.
- (A) Implements and apparatus designed exclusively for the manufacture of munitions of war, for the manufacture or repair of arms or of war material for use on land or sea, the following :—
- Cordite presses.
Dies for cartridge cases.
Gauges for cartridges or shells.
Incorporators.
Lapping machines.
Rifling machines.
Wire-winding machines.
- Metals and ores, the following :—
- (A) Copper ore ; regulus, matte, concentrate and precipitate.
- (A) Copper, whether refined or unrefined, unwrought, wrought or partly wrought of all kinds and descriptions, including brass, bronze, yellow metal, and all other alloys of copper.
- (A) Copper manufactures, the following :—
- All articles wholly or partly manufactured of copper or its alloys, except—
- (1) Articles partly manufactured of copper or its alloys exported before March 9, 1917, to all destinations not in foreign countries in Europe or on the Mediterranean or Black Seas, other than France and French Possessions, Russia, Italy and Italian Possessions, Spain, and Portugal, and to all ports not in any such foreign countries, except Russian Baltic ports ; and
- (2) Articles partly manufactured of copper or its alloys in which the total weight of copper and copper alloy does not exceed five per cent. of the total weight of the article, and does not exceed 56 lb.
- (A) Mustard seed.
- (A) Telegraphs (including wireless) and telephones, and instruments and material for.
- (3) The following headings should be deleted :—
- (A) Binder twine (except binder twine made of Manila hemp).
- Chemicals, drugs, &c. :—
- (c) Sodium cyanide and mixtures containing sodium cyanide.
- (c) Cotton, raw.
- (c) Furs, and manufactures thereof.
- (c) Grubbers.
- (c) Handles and helms for grubbers, pickaxes, spades, and shovels.
- (A) Machinery, agricultural, other than motor ploughs and motor tractors for agricultural use.
- (c) Machinery for ditching and trenching.
- (c) Pickaxes.
- (A) Seeds for root crops, the following :—
- Carrot.
Kohl rabi.
Mangold.
Onion.
Swede.
Turnip.

- (c) Shovels.
- (c) Spades.

Woods, the following :—

- (A) Ash.
- (A) Beefwood.
- (A) Birch.
- (A) Boxwood.
- (A) Cedar.
- (c) Cherry, wild.
- (c) Cotton.
- (A) Dogwood.
- (c) Ebony.
- (A) Greenheart.
- (c) Gum.
- (A) Hickory.
- (A) Lancewood.
- (A) Lignum vitæ.
- (A) Mahogany.
- (c) Maple.
- (A) Padouk.
- (c) Palm.
- (c) Poplar.
- (A) Quebracho.
- (A) Rock elm.
- (c) Rose.
- (A) Sabicu.
- (A) Spruce.
- (A) Teak.
- (A) Walnut.
- (A) Whitewood.

(4) The following headings should be added :—

- (A) Anvils.
- (A) Binder twine.
- (A) Castings, malleable, hæmatite iron.
- Chemicals, drugs, &c. :—
 - (A) Potassium prussiates and mixtures containing potassium prussiates.
 - (A) Sodium cyanide and mixtures containing sodium cyanide.
- (A) Cotton, raw.
- (A) Furs, and manufactures thereof.
- (A) Hammers.
- (A) Handles and helms for grubbers, pickaxes, spades, and shovels.
- (A) Machinery, agricultural, including hand tools which can be used for agricultural purposes.
- Metals and ores, the following :—
 - (A) Uranium, alloys of uranium and uranium ores.
 - (A) Oleaginous kernels, nuts, seeds, and products of all kinds.
 - (A) Pickaxes.
- Provisions and victuals which may be used as food for man, the following :—
 - (A) Baking powder.
 - (A) Confectionery manufactured wholly or partly of sugar.
 - (A) Malt extract.
 - (A) Raffia.
 - (A) Sealskins, untanned hair.
 - (A) Seeds, the following :—
 - Carrot.
 - Cauliflower.
 - Kohl rabi.
 - Mangold.
 - Onion.
 - Parsnip.
 - Swede.
 - Turnip.
 - (A) Vices.
 - (A) Wood and timber of all kinds, hewn, sawn or split, planed or dressed.

Given at Nuwara Eliya, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twenty-eighth day of May, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seventeen.

By His Excellency's command,
R. E. STUBBS,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

In the Name of His Majesty GEORGE THE FIFTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir JOHN ANDERSON, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

JOHN ANDERSON.

KNOW Ye that We, the Governor of Ceylon, do hereby proclaim that His Majesty has issued the Royal Proclamations published in the schedule hereto, and call upon His Majesty's subjects and all other persons being in the said Island to govern themselves accordingly.

Given at Nuwara Eliya, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twenty-eighth day of May, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seventeen.

By His Excellency's command,

R. E. STUBBS,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

SCHEDULE.

BY THE KING.

A PROCLAMATION for prohibiting the Importation into the United Kingdom, except under License, of all Foreign Coins other than Gold and Silver Coins.

GEORGE R.I.

WHEREAS by section 2 of the Customs Amendment Act, 1886, We are empowered from time to time to make, and when made to revoke, a Proclamation prohibiting the importation into Our United Kingdom of such coins coined in a foreign country as are in that behalf specified in such Proclamation :

And whereas by Our Proclamation made the Twenty-fifth day of March, 1887, We did prohibit the importation into Our United Kingdom of all coins coined in any foreign country other than gold or silver coins :

And whereas it is expedient that Our said Proclamation should be revoked, and that the importation into the United Kingdom of such coins coined in a foreign country as are hereinafter specified should be prohibited :

Now, therefore, We, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, in pursuance of the said Act and of all other powers enabling Us in that behalf, do hereby proclaim, direct, and ordain as follows :—

1. Subject as hereinafter provided, all coins coined in any foreign country other than gold or silver coins are prohibited to be imported into Our United Kingdom.

Provided always, and it is hereby declared, that the foregoing prohibition shall not extend to any coins which are imported under and in compliance with the terms of any special or general license issued by the Minister of Munitions.

2. Our said Proclamation of the Twenty-fifth day of March, 1887, is hereby revoked.

3. This Proclamation shall not affect the provisions of the Prohibition of Import (Consolidation and Amendment) Proclamation, 1917.

4. This Proclamation may be cited as "The Foreign Coins (Importation Prohibition) Proclamation, 1917," and shall come into operation on the Thirtieth day of March, 1917.

Given at Our Court at Buckingham Palace, this Thirtieth day of March, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seventeen, and in the Seventh Year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

BY THE KING.

A PROCLAMATION relating to the Importation of certain Articles into the United Kingdom.

GEORGE R.I.

WHEREAS by section 43 of the Customs Consolidation Act, 1876, it is provided that the importation of arms, ammunition, gunpowder, or any other goods may be prohibited by Proclamation :

And whereas by Proclamations dated the 30th November, 1915, and the 15th February and 10th March, 1916, and entitled the Machine Tools (Prohibition of Import) Proclamation, 1915, the Prohibition of Import (Paper, Tobacco, Furniture Woods, and Stones) Proclamation, 1916, and the Prohibition of Import (Canned, Bottled, Dried, and Preserved Fruits) Proclamation, 1916, respectively, and by Proclamations dated the 21st March, 30th March, 10th May, 1st June, 27th June, 28th July, 18th August, 3rd October, 16th November, 5th December, and 22nd December, 1916, and entitled Prohibition of Import Proclamations, 1916, and numbered 3 to 13 respectively, and by a Proclamation dated the 23rd February, 1917, and entitled the Prohibition of Import (No. 14) Proclamation, 1917, the importation of certain goods has been prohibited accordingly :

And whereas it is expedient that the said Proclamations should be revoked, and a Proclamation consolidating the same, with amendments and additions, substituted in their place :

Now, therefore, We have thought fit, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, in pursuance of the said Act and of all other powers enabling Us in that behalf, to issue this Our Royal Proclamation declaring, and it is hereby declared, that the above-mentioned Proclamations be and the same are hereby revoked.

And We have further thought fit, by and with the advice aforesaid, and in virtue and in exercise of the powers aforesaid, further to declare, and it is hereby declared, as follows :—

As from and after the date hereof the importation into the United Kingdom of the following goods is hereby prohibited, viz. :—

- Aerated, mineral and table waters.
- Aluminium, manufactures of.
- Aluminium powder.
- Antimony ware.
- Apparel, not waterproofed.
- Art, works of.
- Automatic machines for the retail sale of any article.
- Baskets and basketware.
- Baths of metal.
- Beer.
- Birds, live, including quail, but excluding other poultry and game.
- Bladders, casings and sausage skins.
- Bone, horn, ivory, and celluloid, manufactures of.
- Books, printed, and other printed matter, including printed posters and daily, weekly, and other periodical publications imported otherwise than in single copies through the post.
- Boots and shoes of leather.
- Brooms and brushes.
- Bulbs, flower roots, plants, trees, and shrubs.
- Carpet sweepers.
- Cash registers.
- Cement.
- Chinaware, earthenware, and pottery.
- Clocks and parts thereof.
- Cloisonné wares.
- Cocoa, preparations of.
- Cocoa, raw.
- Coffee.
- Cotton yarn, cotton piece goods, cotton hosiery, cotton lace, and cotton manufactures of all kinds.
- Curios.
- Cutlery.
- Diatomite or infusorial earth.
- Embroidery and needlework.
- Fancy goods, known as Paris goods.
- Fatty acids.
- Feathers, ornamental, and down.
- Fire extinguishers.
- Flowers, artificial.
- Flowers, fresh.
- Fruit (canned, bottled, dried, and preserved), except currants.
- Fruit, raw of all descriptions (except lemons and bitter oranges), and almonds and nuts used as fruit.
- Furniture, manufactured joinery, and other wood manufactures.
- Glass and manufactures of glass.
- Gloves.
- Gold, manufactured or unmanufactured, including gold coin and articles consisting partly of or containing gold (except gold consigned for delivery at, and sale to, the Bank of England).
- Guns, carbines, and rifles of all kinds.
- Hardware and hollowware.
- Hats and bonnets.
- Hides, wet and dry.
- Hops.
- Horns and hoofs.
- Ice.
- Incandescent gas mantles.
- Ivory, vegetable.
- Jewellery of all descriptions.
- Jute, raw.
- Lawn mowers.
- Lacquered wares.
- Leather, dressed and undressed, and manufactures of leather other than belting.
- Linen, yarns and manufactures of.
- Lobsters, canned.
- Machine tools and parts thereof, excluding small tools.
- Machinery, agricultural and dairy.
- Matches.
- Mats and matting.
- Mops.
- Moss litter.
- Motor cars, chassis, motor cycles, and parts and accessories of motor cars and motor cycles (other than tyres).
- Musical instruments (including gramophones and pianolas and other similar instruments), and accessories and component parts and records therefor.

Oilcloth.
 Painters' colours and pigments.
 Paper and cardboard (including strawboard, pasteboard, millboard, and woodpulp-board) and manufactures of paper and cardboard.
 Paper, materials for the manufacture of, including wood-pulp, esparto grass, and linen and cotton rags.
 Perfumery and toilet preparations.
 Photographic apparatus.
 Pictures, prints, engravings, photographs, and maps.
 Plated and gilt wares.
 Revolvers and pistols.
 Salmon, canned.
 Salt.
 Sewing machines.
 Silk and artificial silk, manufactures of, not including yarns.
 Silver, manufactures of, other than silver watches and silver watch cases.
 Skins and furs, manufactures of.
 Soap.
 Soya beans.
 Spirits and strong waters, of all kinds.
 Stereoscopes.
 Stones and slates.
 Stoves and ranges.
 Straw envelopes for bottles.
 Straw plaiting.
 Sugar, articles and preparations containing, used for food (except condensed milk).
 Tanning extracts, the following, viz. :—Chestnut, quebracho, hemlock, oak, and mangrove extracts.
 Tea.
 Tobacco, unmanufactured and manufactured (including cigars and cigarettes).
 Tomatoes.
 Toys, games, and playing cards.
 Typewriters.
 Vacuum cleaners.
 Vegetables, canned, bottled, dried, and preserved, and pickles.
 Wine.
 Wood and timber of all kinds, hewn, sawn, or split, planed or dressed.
 Woollen and worsted manufactures of all kinds except yarns.
 Wringers and mangles.
 Yeast.

Provided always, and it is hereby declared, that this prohibition shall not apply to any such goods which are imported under license given by or on behalf of the Board of Trade, and subject to the provisions and conditions of such license.

This Proclamation may be cited as the Prohibition of Import (Consolidation and Amendment) Proclamation, 1917.

Given at Our Court at Buckingham Palace, this Thirtieth day of March, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seventeen, and in the Seventh Year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

APPOINTMENTS, &c., BY THE GOVERNOR.

No. 161 of 1917.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments :—

Mr. REGINALD F. DIAS to act as an Additional Crown Counsel for the Island, with effect from June 1, 1917, until further orders.

Mr. J. H. VANNIASINKAM to act as District Judge, Additional Commissioner of Requests, and Police Magistrate, Jaffna, from June 1 to 4, 1917, inclusive, during the absence of Mr. P. E. PRIERIS from the station.

Mr. F. MARKUS to act at Dandagamuwa as Additional Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate for the judicial division of Kurunegala from June 2 to 5, 1917, inclusive, during the absence of Mr. D. E. GRENIER from the station.

Mr. S. B. SMITH to be an Unofficial Visitor to the Haputale Hospital, *vice* Mr. A. FELLOWS GORDON, who has left the Island.

By His Excellency's command,
 Colonial Secretary's Office,
 Colombo, May 31, 1917. R. E. STUBBS,
 Colonial Secretary.

No. 162 of 1917.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointment in the Ceylon Engineer Volunteers to complete establishment :—

To be Second Lieutenant.

Sergeant JOHN ROUSE STAPLETON.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, R. E. STUBBS,
Colombo, May 25, 1917. Colonial Secretary.

No. 163 of 1917.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased, under section 120 of "The Criminal Procedure Code, 1898," as amended by Ordinance No. 37 of 1908, to appoint Mr. C. C. DISSANAYAKA to act as Inquirer for Wellaboda pattu for three months from May 20, 1917, during the absence of Mr. T. J. DISSANAYAKE on leave, or until further orders.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, R. E. STUBBS,
Colombo, May 30, 1917. Colonial Secretary.

No. 164 of 1917.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, in pursuance of the powers in him vested by section 372 of "The Civil Procedure Code, 1889," has been pleased to appoint Mr. T. R. KANAKASUNDRA, Clerk to the Deputy Fiscal, Mullaittivu, to administer the oaths or affirmations which are requisite to the making of the affidavits mentioned in section 371 of the said Code for the District of Mullaittivu.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, R. E. STUBBS,
Colombo, May 29, 1917. Colonial Secretary.

No. 165 of 1917.

IT is hereby notified that HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to direct that the temporary appointments of the following persons as Commissioners for Oaths, to enable them to administer oaths under the Criminal Procedure Code, shall be terminated from and after the date of this notice :—

1. Mr. SOLOMON DIAS SAMARASINGHE, Deputy Fiscal, Kurunegala.
2. Mr. SOOSAPILLAI MUDALIYAR PHILIP VANDER-KOEN, Deputy Fiscal, Puttalam.
3. Mr. ALFRED VICTOR HERAT, Deputy Fiscal, Chilaw.
4. Mr. PING BANDAR BEDDEWELA, Head Clerk, Deputy Fiscal's Office, Puttalam.
5. Mr. CHRISTOFFEL EDWARD DRAYTON COREA, Fiscal's Marshal, Marawila.
6. Mr. PONWEERA ARACHIGE DON ELIAS, Fiscal's Marshal, Dandagamuwa.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, R. E. STUBBS,
Colombo, May 31, 1917. Colonial Secretary.

No. 166 of 1917.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint Mr. PETER DANIEL ANTHONISZ MACK (Jr.), of No. 93, Dam street, Colombo, to be a Notary Public at Colombo and throughout the judicial division of Colombo, and to practise as such in the English language.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, R. E. STUBBS,
Colombo, May 25, 1917. Colonial Secretary.

No. 167 of 1917.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint Mr. JOHN LOUIS PERERA (Jr.), of "Sparrows' Nest," Colpetty, to be a Notary Public at Colombo and throughout the judicial division of Colombo, and to practise as such in the English language.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, R. E. STUBBS,
Colombo, May 25, 1917. Colonial Secretary.

No. 168 of 1917.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint Mr. MICHAEL SEBASTIAN FERNANDO, of Colombo, to be a Notary Public at Colombo and throughout the judicial division of Colombo, and to practise as such in the English language.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, R. E. STUBBS,
Colombo, May 28, 1917. Colonial Secretary.

No. 169 of 1917.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint Mr. CHARLES FRANCIS WIJESINGHE, of Colombo, to be a Notary Public at Colombo and throughout the judicial division of Colombo, and to practise as such in the English language.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, R. E. STUBBS,
Colombo, May 28, 1917. Colonial Secretary.

No. 170 of 1917.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint Mr. GREGORY VALENTINE JAYASINHE, of No. 135, Old Moor street, Colombo, to be a Notary Public at Colombo and throughout the judicial division of Colombo, and to practise as such in the English language.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, R. E. STUBBS,
Colombo, May 28, 1917. Colonial Secretary.

No. 171 of 1917.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint Mr. RICHARD WILFRED FERNANDO JAYASINHE, of Wellampitiya, Colombo, to be a Notary Public at Colombo and throughout the judicial division of Colombo, and to practise as such in the English and Sinhalese languages.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, R. E. STUBBS,
Colombo, May 28, 1917. Colonial Secretary.

No. 172 of 1917.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint Mr. WILLIAM HENRY EDWIN LUDOVICI, of "The Pavilion," Galle, to be a Notary Public at Galle and throughout the judicial division of Galle, and to practise as such in the English language.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, R. E. STUBBS,
Colombo, May 25, 1917. Colonial Secretary.

APPOINTMENTS, &c., OF REGISTRARS.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr. A. L. M. NOOR MOHAMED to be Acting Registrar of Lands for the District of Hambantota, holding office at Tangalla, for five days from June 5, 1917, during the absence of the Registrar, Mr. P. D. RATNATUNGA, on leave, or until further orders.

Mr. ARTHUR MENDIS KARUNARATNE, Head Clerk, Land Registry, Chilaw, to be Additional Registrar of Lands, Chilaw, with effect from May 28, 1917, *vice* Mr. S. DUWEARATCHI, transferred.

GANEGALA EKANAYAKA MUDIYANSELEWALAWWE UKKU BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths and of Marriages (Kandyan and General) of Uda Dumbara No. 6 division, in the Kandy District of the Central Province, for thirty days, with effect from May 31, 1917, *vice* Registrar, G. E. M. APPUHAMI, on leave. His office will be at Talaguna and station at Mimure.

KANTAVANAM MUTTUKUMARU provisionally to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Tellippalai division, and of Marriages (General) of Valikamam North division, in the Jaffna District of the Northern Province, with effect from May 26, 1917, *vice* the Registrar, S. VISUVAPPAH, deceased. His office will be at Implichiddi in Tellippalai East.

KIRIGIGANA ARACHCHI PATABENDIGE DON EDORIS provisionally as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Tihawa division, and of Marriages (General) of Magam pattu division, in the Hambantota District of the Southern Province, with effect from May 28, 1917, *vice* DISNERIS JAYASINHA, deceased. His office will be at Iniginigahawatta in Tihawa.

DON BASTIAN SIRIWARDANA provisionally as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Mattalawalakada division, and of Marriages (General) of Magam pattu division, in the Hambantota District of the Southern Province, with effect from May 28, 1917, *vice* D. M. S. DISANAYAKA, resigned. His office will be at Malasagalawewa.

SAMUEL MUTTIAH MOSES to be Deputy Registrar of Births and Deaths of Trincomalee town division, in the Trincomalee District of the Eastern Province, with effect from June 7, 1917, *vice* M. E. THIYAGA RAJAH, transferred. His office will be at the Civil Hospital, Trincomalee.

SENNAYAKE RATWATTE BANDARA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kalagam korale north division, and of Marriages (Kandyan and General) of Kalagam palata division, in the Anuradhapura District of the North-Central Province, for three months, with effect from June 10, 1917, *vice* Registrar, S. B. MOLAGODA, on leave. His office will be at Kalawewawalawwa in Kalawewa.

DISSANAYAKA MUDIYANSELAGE KIRI BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Pattipola division, and of Marriages (Kandyan and General) of Yatikinda division, in the Badulla District of the Province of Uva, for six weeks and five days from June 6, 1917, during the absence of the Registrar, D. M. SUDU BANDA, on leave. His office will be at Wediwelawalawwa in Pattipola.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 29, 1917.

R. E. STUBBS,
Colonial Secretary.

THE following appointments under section 3 of Ordinance No. 23 of 1900 and section 7 of Ordinance No. 19 of 1907 are hereby notified:—

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Colombo, has appointed BETHMAGE DON LOUIS to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Mampe division, and of Marriages (General) of Palle pattu of Salpiti korale division, in the Colombo District of the Western Province, for seven days from May 27, 1917, during the absence of the Registrar, DON REMANIS WANTIGESOOPIYA, on leave. His office will be at Alubogahawatta in Tumbowila.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kandy, has appointed DON CORNELIUS DE SILVA to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Kandy Municipality division, in the Kandy District of the Central Province, for three days from April 17, 1917, during the absence of the Registrar, T. J. M. FERNANDO, on leave. His office will be at the Kachcheri, Kandy.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kandy, has appointed GAMAWALAWWE MUTU BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths and of Marriages (General) of Tumpane No. 3 division, in the Kandy District of the Central Province, for twenty-eight days from April 17, 1917, during the absence of the Registrar, D. B. WEERASEKARA, on leave. His office will be at Mulgedara in Kituldora.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kandy has appointed CHARLES DIAS JAYASINHA to act as Deputy Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kandy Municipality division, in the Kandy District of the Central Province, for ten days from April 21, 1917. His office will be at No. 65, Trincomalee street, Kandy.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kandy, has appointed GANEGALA EKANAYAKA MUDIYANSELAGE WALAWWE UKKU BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths and of Marriages (General) of Uda Dumbara No. 6 division, in the Kandy District of the Central Province, for thirty days from May 1, 1917, during the absence of the Registrar, G. E. M. APPUHAMI, on leave. His office will be at Talaguna and station at Mimure.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kandy, has appointed DON CORNELIUS DE SILVA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths and of Marriages (General) of Kandy Municipality division, in the Kandy District of the Central Province, for one day, May 8, 1917, during the absence of the Registrar, T. J. M. FERNANDO, on leave. His office will be at the Kacheheri, Kandy.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kandy, has appointed HALANGODA RAJAKARUNA WIJEKON WASALA MUDIYANSELAGE PUNCHI BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths and of Marriages (General) of Harispattu No. 1 division, in the Kandy District of the Central Province, for four days from May 8, 1917, during the absence of the Registrar, T. B. SENEVIRATNA, on leave. His office will be at Alutwalawwa in Doranegama.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kandy, has appointed JAYASINHA MUDIYANSELAGE UDAWALAWWE RAN BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths and of Marriages (General) of Uda Dumbara No. 3 division, in the Kandy District of the Central Province, for fourteen days from May 10, 1917, during the absence of the Registrar, L. B. ABEYSEKARA, on leave. His office will be at Tawalampola in Gurulupota, and station at Pihille-ewattegedara in Udattawa.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kandy, has appointed PANDITARATNA WASALA MUDIYANSELAGE MUTU BANDA ANGUNAWALA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths and of Marriages (General) of Uduuwara No. 2 division, in the Kandy District of the Central Province, for thirty days from May 15, 1917, during the absence of the Registrar, L. B. ANGUNAWALA, on leave. His office will be at Diddeniyegedarawatta in Angunawala.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kandy, has appointed EKANAYAKA MUDIYANSELAGE PUHULPANAWE WALAWWE HEEN BANDA EKANAYAKA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths and of Marriages (General) of Pata Dumbara No. 6 division, in the Kandy District of the Central Province, for thirty days from May 25, 1917, during the absence of the Registrar, R. B. EKANAYAKA, on leave. His office will be at Meegastenneawatta in Arattana, and station at Medapanguwekumbura in Naranpanawa.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Galle District, has appointed HETTIACHCHI BAPTIST WICKRAMARATNA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Hikkaduwa division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, for nineteen days from May 28, 1917, during the absence of the Registrar, B. GUNAWARDENA, on leave. His office will be at Arak-mullebandarawatta in Hikkaduwa.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Matara, has appointed PATHIRANAGEI DON CORNELIS DE SILVA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Akuresa division, and of Marriages (General) of Weligam korale division, in the Matara District of the Southern Province, for five days from May 17, 1917, during the absence of the Registrar, P. DON ALLIS, on leave. His office will be at Ladduwamabowitawatta in Akuresa.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Matara, has appointed M. L. SALGADO to act as Deputy Medical Registrar of Births and Deaths of Matara town division, in the Matara District of the Southern Province, for twenty days from May 17, 1917, during the absence of the Deputy Medical Registrar, B. G. C. KULASINGHE, on leave. His office will be at the Government Civil Hospital, Matara.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Matara, has appointed H. M. L. DON DEONIS to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Parawahera division, and of Marriages (General) of Wellaboda pattu division, in the Matara District of the Southern Province, on May 18, 1917, during the absence of the Registrar, H. M. L. DON MENDIAS, on leave. His office will be at Degamagewatta in Parawahera.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Matara, has appointed NAMBUKARAWASAN KOTADURA ACHOHIGE DON JOHANNES DE SILVA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Pelana division, and of Marriages (General) of Weligam korale division, in the Matara District of the Southern Province, for four days from May 21, 1917, during the absence of the Registrar, D. S. SAMARASINGHE, on leave. His offices will be at Gamagewatta *alias* Orutotawatta and Pelabandarawatta in Pelana.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Matara, has appointed P. L. DON HENDRICK to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Morawaka division, and of Marriages (General) of Morawak korale division, in the Matara District of the Southern Province, for nineteen days from May 28, 1917, during the absence of the Registrar, M. DON LEWIS, on leave. His office will be at Paranawalauwewatta in Waralla.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Matara, has appointed DON SAMEL SEDARA SENARAT to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kebaliyapola division, and of Marriages (General) of Kandaboda pattu division, in the Matara District of the Southern Province, for four days from May 29, 1917, during the absence of the Registrar, D. W. SEDARA SENARAT, on leave. His office will be at Gorakawatta in Kebaliyapola.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Matara, has appointed DON DIAS KURUPPU NANAYAKKARA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Pategama division, and of Marriages (General) of Wellaboda pattu division, in the Matara District of the Southern Province, for ten days from May 30, 1917, during the absence of the Registrar, D. C. K. NANAYAKKARA, on leave. His offices will be at Dangahawatta *alias* Godakadurugahawatta in Pategama and Nanangewatta in Kottagoda.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Hambantota, has appointed DON BASTIAN SIRIWARDANA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Mattalawalakada division, and of Marriages (General) of Magam pattu division, in the Hambantota District of the Southern Province, for fourteen days from May 14, 1917, during the absence of the Registrar, D. M. S. DISANAYAKA, resigned. His office will be at Malasnagalwewa.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Hambantota, has appointed KIRIGIGANA ARACHCHI PATABENDIGE DON EDORIS to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Tihawa division, and of Marriages (General) of Magam pattu division, in the Hambantota District of the Southern Province, for eight days from May 20, 1917, during the absence of the Registrar, DISNERIS JAYASINHA, deceased. His office will be at Inginigahawatta in Tihawa.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Hambantota, has appointed DON MOWLIS WIJESSEKARA DISSANAYAKA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Paranagampalata division, and of Marriages (General) of East Giruwa pattu division, in the Hambantota District of the Southern Province, for thirteen days from May 28, 1917, during the absence of the Registrar, C. A. WIRASINGHA, on leave. His office will be at Bolugahawatta *alias* Walawwewatta in Welipitiya.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Jaffna District, has appointed SANTIYAPILLAI ANTONIPILLAI to act as

Registrar of Marriages (General) of Vadamaradchi West division, in the Jaffna District of the Northern Province, for two weeks from May 19, 1917, during the absence of the Registrar, S. D. TAMPU, on leave. His office will be at Karampaiykkandi in Karaveddi West; stations: Anaiviluntan in Valluvedditturai on Thursdays, and at Almeida-manal in Alway North on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Jaffna District, has appointed KANAGARAYAR NAGANATAR to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Point Pedro division, and of Marriages (General) of Vadamaradchi West division, in the Jaffna District of the Northern Province, for three weeks from May 21, 1917, during the absence of the Registrar, S. KANAGARAYAR, on leave. His office will be at Tevaran in Puloli South; station: Pillaiyantoddam in Puloli East.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kurunegala District, has appointed BALALLE LANSAKARA JAYASUNDERAMUDIYANSELAGE DINGIRI BANDA, of Hangilipola, to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Katuwanna korale division, and of Marriages (General) of Wannī hatpattu division, in the Kurunegala District of the North-Western Province, for six days from May 21, 1917, during the absence of the Registrar, R. M. DINGIRI BANDA, on leave. His office will be at Walawwewatta in Hangilipola.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kurunegala District, has appointed CHANDRASEKARA MUDIYANSELAGE LOKU BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Madure korale division, and of Marriages (General) of Weudawili hatpattuwa division, in the Kurunegala District of the North-Western Province, for fourteen days from May 24, 1917, during the absence of the Registrar, R. B. BOYAGODA, on leave. His office will be at the permanent Registrar's Office at Paragoda.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Puttalam-Chilaw, has appointed WIJESINHA ABHEYAKOON SUNDARA-APPUHAMY, Police Headman of Nattandiya, to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Medapalata East division, in the Chilaw District of the North-Western Province, for three days from May 14, 1917, during the absence of the Registrar, M. W. PUNCHAPPUHAMY, on leave. His office will be at his residence at Nattandiya.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Puttalam, has appointed SOOSAPILLAI ANTHONIPILLAI to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kalpitiya division, and of Marriages (General) of Kalpitiya division and town, in the Puttalam District of the North-Western Province, for thirty days from May 16, 1917, during the absence of the Registrar, S. F. LAWRENCEPILLAI, on leave. His office will be at Chempankudatoddam in Chempankuda, and station at Vitanaitoddam in Sammattiyawadi.

The Provincial Registrar, Anuradhapura, has appointed NAIDURALAGE UKKURALA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kalpe korale east division, and of Marriages (General) of Hurulu palata division, in the Anuradhapura District of the North-Central Province, for thirty days from May 25, 1917, *vice* Registrar, H. B. PUNCHI APPU, deceased. His office will be at Kosgahawatta in Mekichchawa.

The Provincial Registrar, Badulla, has appointed WIJESUNDERA MUDIYANSELAGE SUDU BANDA, of Godewatte-idade, to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Mahapalata korale division, in the Badulla District of the Province of Uva, for seven days from June 2, 1917, during the absence of the Registrar, RATNAYAKE MUDIYANSELAGE SUDU BANDA, on leave. His office will be at Kirimadupola.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Ratnapura, has appointed GEORGE ALFRED PINTO JAYAWARDENE to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Kuruwiti korale division, in the Ratnapura District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, for four days from May 16, 1917, during the absence of the Registrar, D. L. DHARMAWARDHANA, on leave. His office will be at the Land Registry Office, Ratnapura.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Ratnapura, has appointed WEERASINGHA MUDIYANSELAGE LOKU BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Marambe division, and of Marriages (General) of Kuruwiti korale division, in the Ratnapura District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, for seven days from May 28, 1917, during the absence of the Registrar, P. B. MARAMBE, on leave. His office will be at Walawwewatta in Minnana.

Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, May 29, 1917.

W. L. KINDERSLEY,
Registrar-General.

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATIONS.

THE next meeting of the Legislative Council will be held on Wednesday, June 6, 1917, at 2.30 P.M.

The Council Chamber,
Colombo, May 28, 1917.

By order,
A. G. CLAYTON,
Clerk to the Council.

“ THE VOLUNTEER ORDINANCE, 1910.”

WITH reference to the Notification dated May 31, 1916, published in the *Government Gazette* of June 9, 1916, the following amendments to the standards of efficiency for Town Guards made by the General Officer Commanding the Troops, under the provisions of section 9 of Ordinance No. 8 of 1910, and approved by His Excellency the Governor, are published for general information :—

Alter standard of efficiency for the—

*No. 2 Battalion, Colombo Town Guard,
Kandy Town Guard,
Galle Town Guard,
Provincial Town Guards,*

so as to read as follows :—

- A.—Attendance at 16 drills per annum (30 drills in the case of No. 2 Battalion, Colombo Town Guard).
- B.—Attendance at Commandant's inspection.
- C.—Qualify in musketry, if required (course as detailed in Notification dated May 31, 1916).

For extra efficiency which entitles to wearing of special badge :—

- A.—Attendance at 32 drills per annum (45 drills in the case of No. 2 Battalion, Colombo Town Guard).
- B. } Same as for efficiency.
- C. }

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 28, 1917.

By His Excellency's command,
R. E. STUBBS,
Colonial Secretary.

“ THE VOLUNTEER ORDINANCE, 1910.”

THE following amendment to the rules and regulations relating to the Ceylon Volunteer Force made by the General Officer Commanding the Troops, under the provisions of sections 9 and 12 of “ The Volunteer Ordinance, 1910,” and approved by His Excellency the Governor, is published for general information :—

In Appendix B, Establishments, under C. E. V., delete the present establishment and substitute the following :—

Major	1	Corporals	9
Captain	1	Second Corporals	9
Lieutenant and Second Lieutenants	6	Buglers	2
Company Sergeant-Major	1	Sappers	109
Company Quartermaster-Sergeant	1	Sergeant Instructor	1
Sergeants	6		

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 28, 1917.

By His Excellency's command,
R. E. STUBBS,
Colonial Secretary.

“ THE SMALL TOWNS SANITARY ORDINANCE, 1892.”

IT is hereby notified that the Sanitary Board of the Colombo District has, with the sanction of His Excellency the Governor, acting with the advice of the Executive Council, in terms of section 9 B (1) of Ordinance No. 18 of 1892, as amended by section 3 of Ordinance No. 11 of 1900 and section 6 (1) of Ordinance No. 26 of 1908, levied a water-rate of 5 per centum on the annual value of all houses, buildings, lands, and tenements within the limits of the town of Avissawella from July 1, 1917, for the cost and maintenance of the waterworks of the said town of Avissawella.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 29, 1917.

By His Excellency's command,
R. E. STUBBS,
Colonial Secretary.

" THE VILLAGE COMMUNITIES ORDINANCE, 1889."

IT is hereby notified for general information (a) that His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to set apart the lots of land described in the schedule hereto annexed, which are the property of the Crown, for a common purpose, to wit, that the inhabitants of the village Muwa Etagama, in the Kandu tulana of the Kadawat korale of the Nuwaragam palata of the Anuradhapura District, in the North-Central Province, may practise chena cultivation within the said lots on free permits issued by the Government Agent of the North-Central Province, in accordance with rules made under the provisions of sections 6 and 16 of Ordinance No. 24 of 1889; and (b) that His Excellency the Governor reserves to himself the right to resume absolute possession on behalf of the Crown of the said lots or of any portion thereof whenever he thinks fit.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 31, 1917.

By His Excellency's command,
R. E. STUBBS,
Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE REFERRED TO.

The following lots situated in the village Muwa Etagama, in the Kandu tulana of the Kadawat korale of the Nuwaragam palata of the Anuradhapura District, in the North-Central Province:—

Preliminary plan 578.

Lot.	Name of Land.	Extent.		
		A.	R.	P.
1D ..	Landukele	60	0	12
1G ..	Do	69	1	16
21C ..	Mukalana	37	2	15
21D ..	Do	12	1	26
		179	1	29

" THE VILLAGE COMMUNITIES ORDINANCE, 1889."

IT is hereby notified for general information (a) that His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to set apart the lot of land described in the schedule hereto annexed, which is the property of the Crown, for a common purpose, to wit, that the inhabitants of the village Alut Hammillewa, in the Alut Kadawat tulana of the Kadawat korale of the Nuwaragam palata of the Anuradhapura District, in the North-Central Province, may practise chena cultivation within the said lot on free permits issued by the Government Agent of the North-Central Province, in accordance with rules made under the provisions of sections 6 and 16 of Ordinance No. 24 of 1889; and (b) that His Excellency the Governor reserves to himself the right to resume absolute possession on behalf of the Crown of the said lot or of any portion thereof whenever he thinks fit.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 31, 1917.

By His Excellency's command,
R. E. STUBBS,
Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE REFERRED TO.

The following lot situated in the village Alut Hammillewa, in the Alut Kadawat tulana of the Kadawat korale of the Nuwaragam palata of the Anuradhapura District, in the North-Central Province:—

Preliminary plan 620.

Lot.	Name of Land.	Extent.		
		A.	R.	P.
2A ..	Aluthammillewelandukele ..	143	0	16

" THE VILLAGE COMMUNITIES ORDINANCE, 1889."

IT is hereby notified for general information (a) that His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to set apart the lot of land described in the schedule hereto annexed, which is the property of the Crown, for a common purpose, to wit, that the inhabitants of the village Gonapetiya, in the Ihala Kende tulana of the Kende korale of the Nuwaragam palata of the Anuradhapura District, in the North-Central Province, may practise chena cultivation within the said lot on free permits issued by the Government Agent of the North-Central Province, in accordance with rules made under the provisions of sections 6 and 16 of Ordinance No. 24 of 1889; and (b) that His Excellency the Governor reserves to himself the right to resume absolute possession on behalf of the Crown of the said lot or of any portion thereof whenever he thinks fit.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 31, 1917.

By His Excellency's command,
R. E. STUBBS,
Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE REFERRED TO.

The following lot situated in the village Gonapetiya, in the Ihala Kende tulana of the Kende korale of the Nuwaragam palata of the Anuradhapura District, in the North-Central Province:—

Preliminary plan 608.

Lot.	Name of Land.	Extent.		
		A.	R.	P.
1C ..	Gonapetiya mukalana ..	25	0	30

"THE VILLAGE COMMUNITIES ORDINANCE, 1889."

IT is hereby notified for general information (a) that His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to set apart the lots of land described in the schedule hereto annexed, which are the property of the Crown, for a common purpose, to wit, that the inhabitants of the village Massalewa, in the Ihala Kende tulana of the Kende korale of the Nuwaragam palata of the Anuradhapura District, in the North-Central Province, may practise chena cultivation within the said lots on free permits issued by the Government Agent of the North-Central Province, in accordance with rules made under the provisions of sections 6 and 16 of Ordinance No. 24 of 1889; and (b) that His Excellency the Governor reserves to himself the right to resume absolute possession on behalf of the Crown of the said lots or of any portion thereof whenever he thinks fit.

2. The Notification referring to the village Manalawa dated January 24, 1917, appearing on page 79 of Part I. of *Ceylon Government Gazette* No. 6,850 of January 26, 1917, is hereby repealed.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 31, 1917.

By His Excellency's command,
R. E. STUBBS,
Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE REFERRED TO.

The following lots situated in the village Massalewa, in the Ihala Kende tulana of the Kende korale of the Nuwaragam palata of the Anuradhapura District, in the North-Central Province:—

Preliminary plan 595.

Lot.	Name of Land.	Extent.		
		A.	R.	P.
1A	Landukele	15	2	15
2	Mukalana	5	2	30
14	Massalewemukalana	6	1	38
15	Weehena	58	2	26
		86	1	29

"THE VILLAGE COMMUNITIES ORDINANCE, 1889."

IT is hereby notified for general information (a) that His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to set apart the lot of land described in the schedule hereto annexed, which is the property of the Crown, for a common purpose, to wit, that the inhabitants of the village Pahala Tammanewa, in the Alut Kadawat tulana of the Kadawat korale of the Nuwaragam palata of the Anuradhapura District, in the North-Central Province, may practise chena cultivation within the said lot on free permits issued by the Government Agent of the North-Central Province, in accordance with rules made under the provisions of sections 6 and 16 of Ordinance No. 24 of 1889; and (b) that His Excellency the Governor reserves to himself the right to resume absolute possession on behalf of the Crown of the said lot or of any portion thereof whenever he thinks fit.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 26, 1917.

By His Excellency's command,
R. E. STUBBS,
Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE REFERRED TO.

The following lot situated in the village Pahala Tammanewa, in the Alut Kadawat tulana of the Kadawat korale of the Nuwaragam palata of the Anuradhapura District, in the North-Central Province:—

Preliminary plan 630.

Lot.	Name of Land.	Extent.		
		A.	R.	P.
1A	Tammanewalanda	139	1	11

"THE VILLAGE COMMUNITIES ORDINANCE, 1889."

THE following rule made under section 10 of the above-mentioned Ordinance by the Committees elected by the inhabitants of the Talpe and Koggala subdivisions of the Chief Headman's division of Talpe pattu, in the District of Galle, Southern Province, under section 16 of the said Ordinance, has been approved by His Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, and is published for general information under section 7 of the said Ordinance.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 29, 1917.

By His Excellency's command,
R. E. STUBBS,
Colonial Secretary.

RULE REFERRED TO.

An officer shall be appointed for the Vidane Arachchia' divisions of Talpe and Habaraduwa to carry into effect the following rules regarding sanitation framed by the Village Committees of the Galle District dated October 29, 1903, and published in *Gazette* No. 5,958 of December 4, 1903, viz., Rules Nos. 11, 65, 66, 73, 74, and 94.

WITH reference to the Notifications dated February 6, 1914, and January 8, 1906, published in the *Government Gazettes* of February 20, 1914, and January 19, 1906, respectively, the following copy of a further circular despatch, with its enclosures, received from the Secretary of State for the Colonies, relative to (1) the special entry of Naval Cadets and (2) physical requirements for candidates for Commissions in the Royal Navy, is published for general information.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 23, 1917.

R. E. STUBBS,
Colonial Secretary.

The Right Hon. WALTER H. LONG, M.P., to Governor Sir JOHN ANDERSON, G.C.M.G., K.C.B., LL.D.

Circular.

Downing street, April 5, 1917.

SIR,—WITH reference to Mr. (now Viscount) Harcourt's circular despatch of January 6, 1914, I have the honour to transmit to you copies of revised regulations for the special entry of Naval Cadets.*

2. I also enclose copies of a paper indicating the physical requirements for candidates for commissions in the Royal Navy. This paper supersedes the memorandum on the same subject which formed one of the enclosures to Mr. Lyttleton's circular despatch of November 30, 1905.

I have, &c.,

WALTER H. LONG.

REGULATIONS FOR THE SPECIAL ENTRY OF NAVAL CADETS.

Note.—The regulations for the entry and training of Naval Cadets at the Royal Naval Colleges at Osborne and Dartmouth are contained in a separate document which can be obtained on application to the Secretary of the Admiralty, Whitehall, S.W. The scheme of entry through Osborne and Dartmouth is the main method by which Officers are admitted to the Royal Navy. A supplementary scheme of special admission, which is called the "Special Entry" Scheme, was instituted in 1913 for a period of four years. This scheme will be continued in the year 1917 and thereafter until further notice. The regulations regarding this "Special Entry" Scheme are contained in the present pamphlet.

1. The number of Naval Cadets to be admitted under the following regulations in June, 1917, will depend upon the requirements of the service.

2. Candidates for admission must be not more than 18½ nor less than 17½ years of age on June 1 of the year in which the examination is held. No nomination is required. Applications should be made to the Secretary of the Admiralty, Whitehall, S.W., not later than April 1. A form of application to be filled in by the parent or guardian of the candidate may be obtained from the Admiralty.

3. Candidates must be of pure European descent and the sons either of natural-born or naturalized British subjects. In doubtful cases the burden of clear proof will rest upon the candidate. Candidates must be unmarried.

4. Applicants who satisfy these conditions will be invited to appear before a Committee at the Admiralty. This Committee will interview each candidate and examine credentials furnished by the headmaster of the school he is attending or last attended. A report will be obtained beforehand from the headmaster for the information of the Committee as to the candidate's conduct, abilities, past training, and general promise of suitability. On the report of this Committee it will be determined whether the candidate shall be admitted to compete. Candidates will be required to pass at the same time a Medical Examination, according to the prescribed regulations, as to their physical fitness for the Navy.

5. Every candidate must be in good health and free from any physical defect of body, impediment of speech, defect of sight or hearing, and also from any predisposition to constitutional or hereditary disease or weakness of any kind, and be in all respects well developed and active in proportion to his age.

It should be particularly noted that full normal vision—as determined by Snellen's tests—is required for candidates for Naval Cadetships. A memorandum is issued by the Admiralty which gives details of the physical requirements of candidates.

6. Candidates admitted to compete will present themselves for examination in June by the Civil Service Commissioners. The subjects of examination and a syllabus of the subjects are shown in Appendix I. Any further particulars of the examination can be obtained from the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, Burlington Gardens, W.

By arrangement between the Admiralty and the War Office a candidate who is admitted to compete in the examination for special entry as a Naval Cadet may, if he so desires, and provided he fulfils all the necessary conditions, present himself at the same time for admission to the Royal Military Academy, Woolwich, or Royal Military College, Sandhurst, or to supplementary first appointments in the Royal Marines, in which case he must express definitely his order of preference before the examination has begun. For particulars of the conditions of entry to the Royal Military Academy and Royal Military College, application should be made to the Secretary, Civil Service Commission.

Regulations for supplementary first appointments in the Royal Marines may be obtained from the Secretary of the Admiralty.

7. A list of successful candidates in order of merit will be published by the Civil Service Commission.

8. Successful candidates who are the sons of Officers of the Royal Navy, Royal Marines or Army, who have been killed in action, or have died of wounds received in action, whether afloat or ashore, or have died through the destruction of their ship, or have been drowned or have suffered other violent death due directly and wholly to war service, or have died of disease attributable to active service, may be appointed as King's Cadets.

King's Cadets will be entitled to the following privileges in cases where the Admiralty are of opinion that substantial help is needed towards the expenses of Naval training :—

- (1) The grant of an outfit allowance of £40 on first entry.
- (2) The remission of private allowance and tuition allowance.

* October, 1916.

† Following the Army Regulations, a candidate may say that if he is not among the first (so many) successful competitors for the Royal Military Academy or the Royal Military College (as the case may be) he will elect for a Naval Cadetship.

Note.—Candidates who have served with His Majesty's Naval or Military Forces during the war will be allowed a deduction from actual age in respect of such service. To secure this concession candidates must furnish an official certificate as to the period of their service.

In cases where the above conditions are fulfilled by Cadets, Midshipmen, or Acting Sub-Lieutenants already in the Service, the Admiralty may, at their discretion, authorize the remission of all future payments in respect of private allowance and tuition allowance.

King's Cadets will be eligible for compassionate allowances as prescribed by the regulations, but will not receive the educational allowance authorized by the Order in Council of February 29, 1916.

9. Successful candidates will be appointed as Cadets to undergo a course of training for a period of 1½ years. During this period they will be accommodated on board a cruiser, part of the instruction being given on board and part on shore.

On completing this course, and passing out satisfactorily, they will join the Fleet as Midshipmen. They will become Midshipmen later in age than Cadets who enter through Osborne, but their services in that rank will be shorter, with the general result that except for the effect of the accelerated promotion which they may obtain by doing well in their final examinations, their age will usually be about a year more on attaining the rank of Lieutenant. This will be no bar to their advancement according to merit. The same subsequent career will be open to them as to Officers who have entered the Navy through Osborne and Dartmouth.

10. Naval Cadets under training will be subject to the regulations for the time being in force respecting such Cadets.

11. Parents or guardians are required to make a private allowance of £50 per annum to Cadets from the time they join the Naval Service until they reach the rank of Acting Sub-Lieutenant (namely, for a period of about 3 years and 4 months) and thereafter a private allowance at the rate of £20 a year for the period (usually not exceeding 2 months) that they remain Acting Sub-Lieutenants with pay at the rate of 3s. 6d. a day before becoming Sub-Lieutenants. On reaching the rank of Sub-Lieutenant an Officer is required to provide himself with the uniform of a Commissioned Officer.

12. Cadets will be paid 1s. a day from the time of entry until they become Midshipmen, when their pay will become 1s. 9d. a day. On reaching the rank of Sub-Lieutenant an Officer will be paid 7s. 6d. a day. The commencing rate of pay of a Lieutenant, reached after at most 2 years as Sub-Lieutenant, is 10s. a day.

A Sub-Lieutenant can meet his mess and other necessary expenditure on the pay of 7s. 6d. a day.

13. The parent or guardian of every Cadet is required to provide outfit under the regulations in force. A list of the outfit required under present regulations is attached. The outfit, together with a sextant, costs about £60.

14. All travelling expenses for Cadets are advanced by the Paymaster of the Ship to which they are attached, but will be charged to the Cadet.

Such money as may be required by Cadets for any special circumstance will be advanced by the Paymaster under the authority of their Commanding Officer.

15. Parents or guardians of Cadets must, in all cases of permanent change of residence, inform the Admiralty and the Commanding Officer of the Ship in which their sons are serving.

16. Cadets may be required to withdraw at any time, if in the opinion of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty—

- (1) They fail to obtain a satisfactory standard, or
- (2) Their conduct is unsatisfactory, or
- (3) They are considered unsuitable for the Naval Service.

17. It will be open to Officers, after reaching Commissioned rank, to volunteer for service in any one of the special branches, undertaking either Navigation, Gunnery, Torpedo, or Engineering duty.

Admiralty, October, 1916.

By command of Their Lordships,

W. GRAHAM GREENE.

LIST OF ARTICLES REQUIRED ON JOINING.

				Remarks.
Sheets	..	..	6 ..	
Pillow cases	..	..	3 ..	
Uniform jackets*	} superfine	..	1 ..	
Uniform trousers*		..	1 ..	
Uniform waistcoat*		..	1 ..	
Uniform caps, peak half turned down*, superfine	..	..	2 ..	
Working summer suit, blue tweed, with two pairs trousers*	..	..	1 ..	
Working winter suit, of special material*	..	..	1 ..	The material of pattern jacket is to be strictly adhered to.
Cloth uniform monkey jacket	..	..	1 ..	
Uniform greatcoat*	..	..	1 ..	
White flannel trousers (well shrunk)	..	..	6 ..	
White flannel shirts (with collars to turn down)	..	..	6 ..	
White day shirts	..	..	8 ..	
Collars*	..	..	12 ..	
Pyjama suits	..	..	4 ..	
Socks	.. { Merino .. } .. { Thick woollen } ..	..	8 in all	
Drawers	.. { Thin merino (short) } { Thick for winter (long) } ..	..	6 in all	
Vests	.. { Thin merino } { Thick for winter } ..	..	6 in all	
Bath towel	..	..	4 ..	
Face towel	..	..	4 ..	
Sweaters (high neck)	..	..	3 ..	
Neckties (black silk of uniform pattern)	..	..	2 ..	
Pocket handkerchiefs	..	..	12 ..	
White woollen gloves	..	..	2 ..	
Braces	..	..	2 ..	
Boots, strong laced, soles at least ¾ in. thick	..	..	2 ..	} .. Plain fronts, no toecaps.
Shoes, Oxford patent leather, with strong soles	..	..	1 ..	

* A pattern can be seen at the Admiralty Pattern Rooms, Broadway, Westminster.

			Remarks.
Uniform gaiters	..	1	
Hair brush, comb, clothes brush, tooth brush, nail brush, sponge	..	1	
Soiled linen bag, with name	..	2	
Rug, of uniform pattern*	..	1	
Portmanteau, with name	..	1	To be of following dimensions: 2 ft. 4 in. by 1 ft. 5 in. by 1 ft. 1 in.
Travelling bag, with initials	..	1	To be of such a size that it can be stowed inside portman- teau when latter is empty.
Key ring	..	1	
Overall suits	..	1	Supplied by Admiralty.
Waterproof coat	..	1	
Football knickers, jersey, boots, and stockings	..	1	
Gymnastic belt	..	1	
Linen cricket hat	..	1	
Straw hat	..	1	
Brown canvas shoes, with thick rubber soles	..	1	
Sea chest covers	..	2	
Cap covers	..	3	
Duck trousers	..	3	
Comforter	..	1	
Shoes, thick, for engine room	..	1	
Gloves, for engine room	..	1	
Midshipman's sea chest, complete	..	1	Length, 3 ft. 6 in.; breadth, 1 ft. 8½ in.; height, 3 ft. 7½ in. Name in full on plain brass plate to be attached.

It is particularly requested that the sea chest may be delivered at least 4 days previous to the Cadets joining the cruiser in which they are to be accommodated during their training.

NOTE.—(1) Clothing to be distinctly marked with the Cadet's name in full.

(2) Trousers to be made without pockets, and the two working suits to have only one pocket on left outside breast, and one pocket inside right breast.

(3) There is no special pattern for underclothing.

(4) Government bedding will be supplied, for which a charge of 1s. a month will be made. (This does not include sheets or pillowcases.)

REGULATIONS RESPECTING SEXTANTS.

Cadets before joining are required to procure a sextant in a box; a leather case is not necessary.

Any new sextant must be approved by the Captain of the Establishment, and must have the following qualifications:—

- (1) Strong frame and well finished in all respects; all loose fittings to be stamped with the number.
- (2) Radius not to be less than 6½ inches to middle of the graduation.
- (3) Arc distinctly cut, and to read to 10 seconds up to at least 125° on, and 5° off, the arc, the vernier being divided three divisions to the right of the index.
- (4) Shades to be of neutral tint and of satisfactory densities.
- (5) A star telescope (not inverting images) to be provided, and an inverting telescope with two eyepieces, one of which to have a magnifying power of at least 7 diameters. The telescopes and collar to be fitted with interrupted thread.
- (6) Adjusting screws to mirrors to be placed in positions as little exposed as possible, preferably at the base of the mirrors, to be recessed so as to be moved by a squared key or screwdriver and fitted with covers.
- (7) Two shades for eyepieces of different intensities to be ground conical, to slip on, not screw.
- (8) Handle to be of good size.
- (9) Each sextant must be accompanied by a Kew Certificate, Class A.
- (10) A button over the handle besides the usual chocks for keeping the instrument in place when the lid is closed. Box to have recessed hooks for securing the lid, and a recessed handle.
- (11) No sextants will be accepted in which the unsilvered portion of the horizon glass is absent, or the telescope so fitted as not to be entirely removable in one piece, and the horizon glass should have a minimum width of 1½ inch.
- (12) The name of the owner to be on both sextant and box.

Sextants possessing the necessary qualifications can be obtained from various makers.

A good 6½-in. instrument can be obtained for £7. 10s.

Sextants presented to Cadets which have belonged to parents or others are not required to conform rigidly to the standard, provided they are of radius not less than that prescribed and are considered suitable by the Captain of the Establishment; but no sextant can be accepted unless accompanied by a Kew Certificate, Class A.

APPENDIX I.

SUBJECTS OF EXAMINATION.		Marks.
English	..	2,000
English History and Geography	..	2,000
French or German or Latin	..	2,000
Mathematics:—		
Elementary	..	2,000
Intermediate	..	2,000
Higher (optional)	..	2,000
Science (Physics and Chemistry)	..	2,000
Elementary Engineering (optional)	..	2,000

* A pattern can be seen at the Admiralty Pattern Rooms, Broadway, Westminster.

Both papers marked optional may be taken. Candidates will not be excluded who do not take the papers marked optional, but no candidate will be accepted who does not show a competent knowledge of Mathematics as well as obtain a satisfactory aggregate in the examination.

Certificate A obtained in the "Officers' Training Corps" will entitle the holder to an addition of 400 marks.

The question papers (except in Elementary Engineering) will be the same as those taken in corresponding subjects in the military entrance examinations. A syllabus of the subjects is given below.

In the paper on Elementary Engineering the questions will be of a very elementary character, and knowledge of workshop practice will not be required.

Syllabus of Subjects.

ENGLISH.—Dictation. Essay :—Three alternative subjects to be given for an essay or letter, of which candidates may choose one. Précis. Reproduction of a passage read out. General Paper (to test general knowledge and intelligence).

Limits may be prescribed for the number of words that the Précis and the Reproduction should contain. Considerable latitude being allowed, the candidate can with sufficient accuracy estimate the number of words he has written by counting the number in five or six lines and making a proportional calculation. It is also useful for the candidate to have some idea of the number of words he is accustomed to write on a foolscap page. Failure to keep within the prescribed limits will entail loss of marks.

In each other subject, as well as in English, deductions for handwriting which is at all difficult to read will be made up to 10 per cent. of the maximum mark.

In English and in each other subject deductions for bad English spelling are made up to 10 per cent. of the maximum mark. A spelling recognized by any standard English dictionary is accepted as correct; recognition by an American dictionary is no guarantee of acceptance.

English composition is taken into account in all subjects.

HISTORY.—The subject carries 1,400 marks. The History of England from 1558 to the end of the reign of Queen Victoria. Special attention should be paid to the growth of the British Empire. Questions will be set which will give the candidate an opportunity of showing his knowledge of European History as affecting English History during this period; such questions will deal only with the broad outlines of European History, and knowledge of detail will not be expected.

Questions may be set in the History Paper to test the candidates' knowledge of History and Geography (within the limits of the syllabus) in relation to each other.

The following headings indicate the European subjects on which questions may be set. Some choice of questions will be allowed :—

- Decline of the power of Spain.
- Decline of the power of Holland.
- The ambitions of Louis XIV.
- The rivalry of England and France for colonial empire in India and America.
- Frederick the Great and the rise of Prussia.
- The influence of the French Revolution.
- The influence of Napoleon.
- Bismarck and the Union of Germany; the wars with Denmark, Austria, France.
- The movement of Russia in the Near East, Middle East, and Far East.

GEOGRAPHY.—The subject carries 600 marks.—The main physical features of the world with special reference to the British Empire. General political geography of the world, with special reference to British possessions and Egypt, and the foreign frontier territories adjacent to them. Questions may be set in the Geography Paper to test the candidates' knowledge of History and Geography (within the limits of the syllabus) in relation to each other.

FRENCH.—Translation from French. The translation must be expressed in good English; merely to show that the French has been understood is not enough. Translation into French. An essay or letter on one of two or more alternative subjects. Colloquial—(i.) to talk in French, and (ii.) to write a short dictated passage in French.

The colloquial test will carry 500 marks.

GERMAN.—As for French. German should be written in German characters.

LATIN.—Translation and Prose Composition. The translation must be expressed in good English; merely to show that the Latin has been understood is not enough.

* **ELEMENTARY MATHEMATICS.**—*Arithmetic and Mensuration.*—The ordinary rules of arithmetic. The metric system. Use of decimals in approximative calculation (contracted methods of calculation are not expected). Measurement of length; scale, vernier, calipers. Measurement of area by dimensions (rectilinear figures and circle), by squared paper, by weighing; area of cross-section of a tube. Measurement of volume by dimensions, by displacement (overflow, graduated jar, burette), by use of the principle of Archimedes. Measurement of weight, use of balance. Measurement of density or specific gravity.

Algebraic formulæ and symbols may be used. Questions will not be set on present value or "true" discount. The extraction of the cube root and the use and theory of recurring decimals are not required.

Geometry.—The elements of geometrical drawing and practical geometry. Measurement of angles, use of protractor. The substance of Books I. to III. of Euclid's Geometry, including application to the measurement of area. A working knowledge of as much of the properties of similar figures and solid figures as is necessary for plan-making and simple problems in mensuration.

Algebra.—To easy quadratic equations. The elementary use of graphs.

The solutions of equations should be worked out to a few significant figures; the candidates should be accustomed to test the accuracy of solutions by substitution. Skill in elaborate analysis, such as the simplification of complicated fractions, will not be looked for.

The questions in Elementary Mathematics will test knowledge of fundamental principles and readiness in application to simple practical problems. Neatness and accuracy of working are expected; and the methods of solution employed must be clearly indicated. In the absence of special instructions that a question is to be answered by a particular method, candidates are at liberty to choose their own method from any branch of Mathematics.

The examination in Elementary Mathematics will include a laboratory test. The laboratory test will carry 400 marks.

* *Mathematics.*—Credit will be given for the clearness and aptness of the language of the answers; deductions will be made for obscurity or slovenliness and especially for bad grammar and the incorrect use of words or phrases. The use of mathematical symbols and of well-established abbreviations like lb. and cm. is permissible; a calculation can often be exhibited quite clearly without the use of words; and a tabular form is often appropriate; but incomplete sentences such as are customary in telegrams will be punished.

* **INTERMEDIATE MATHEMATICS.**—Includes Elementary Mathematics, together with :—

Arithmetic.—Use of four-figure logarithms will be required, use of side-rule permitted.

Geometry.—Geometrical drawing and practical geometry of plane figures. The substance of Books I. to IV. and VI. of Euclid's Geometry. The elements of theoretical solid geometry with application to mensuration of solids.

Proportion may be treated algebraically, and the complications of Euclid's definitions and nomenclature avoided. The special treatment of incommensurables will not be required.

Algebra.—The meaning and the simplest properties of fractional and negative indices ; graphs of the simpler algebraic functions ; quadratic equations ; use of graphs in solving equations, and in illustrating and solving practical problems ; practical applications of gradients and of areas of graphs.

Grasp of elementary principles and readiness in practical application will be looked for, but great skill in analytical transformations will not be demanded.

Trigonometry.—Solution of plane triangles ; graphs of trigonometrical functions ; use of four-figure tables ; formulæ for the trigonometrical ratios of the sum and difference of two angles and for the product forms of the sum and difference of sines and cosines of two angles.

Readiness in straightforward practical applications will be looked for, but no great analytical skill will be demanded. A knowledge of the general expression for all angles which have a given sine or other trigonometrical ratio will not be required.

Statics.—Graphical and analytical methods ; simple machines ; centre of gravity ; friction.

Dynamics.—Accelerated motion in a straight line treated graphically ; uniformly accelerated motion in a straight line ; composition of velocities and accelerations ; uniform circular motion ; motion under gravity ; elementary illustrations and applications of dynamical principles.

In Intermediate Mathematics, in the absence of special instructions that a question is to be answered by a particular method, candidates are at liberty to choose their method from any branch of Mathematics.

The examination in Intermediate Mathematics will include a laboratory test. The laboratory test will carry 400 marks.

* **HIGHER MATHEMATICS.**—Includes Elementary and Intermediate Mathematics, together with :—

Geometry.—Elements of solid geometrical drawing.

Algebra.—Elementary knowledge of the use of indeterminate co-efficients, especially with partial fractions.

Co-ordinate Geometry and Infinitesimal Calculus.—Equations to straight line, circle, ellipse, parabola, hyperbola, and other simple curves, in rectangular co-ordinates. The curves referred to will provide illustrations and applications of co-ordinate geometry and infinitesimal calculus, but acquaintance is expected only with the simplest theorems about the curves.

Differentiation and integration of simple standard forms and other forms depending on them ; application to easy geometrical properties of plane curves, to easy mechanical and physical problems, to turning values, and to the expansion of simple algebraic and trigonometrical functions. A working knowledge (without rigorous fundamental demonstrations) of the elementary infinite series for $(1+x)^m$, e^x , $\log(1+x)$, and their use in approximative calculations.

Co-ordinate geometry of three dimensions up to the equations to the plane and the straight line.

Polar co-ordinates :—Deduction of the equation of a curve from simple data ; drawing a curve from its equation.

Mechanics.—Elementary statics of liquids and gases. Further mechanics of solid bodies, e.g., pendulum and easy questions on moment of inertia.

In Higher Mathematics more analytical skill will be expected than in the earlier stages. In the absence of special instructions that a question is to be answered by a particular method, candidates are at liberty to choose their method from any branch of Mathematics.

The examination in Higher Mathematics will include a laboratory test. The laboratory test will carry 400 marks.

* **PHYSICS.**—The subject will carry about 1,200 marks.—The questions set will be such as may be answered by candidates who have acquired their knowledge by an experimental treatment of the subject.

Heat.—Construction and use of thermometers. Expansion of solids, liquids, and gases. Specific heat ; phenomena of change of state ; vapour pressure ; latent heat. Simple phenomena of conduction, convection, and radiation of heat. Heat as a form of energy.

Light.—Rectilinear propagation. Reflection and refraction ; formation of images by plane and spherical mirrors, and by concave and convex lenses. Telescope and microscope. The dispersion of light by a prism.

Magnetism.—Simple phenomena of magnetism ; induction. Lines of force in a magnetic field ; terrestrial magnetism. Elementary quantitative notions of strength of pole, magnetic force due to a pole, strength of field.

Static Electricity.—Electrification ; induction. The electroscope ; electrophorus. Elementary notions of potential and capacity. Distribution of charge on conductors.

Current Electricity.—Meaning of the units volt, ampère, and ohm. The simple voltaic cell ; Daniell cell ; Leclanché cell ; accumulator. Ohm's law with simple applications ; arrangement of cells in series and parallel. Magnetic field due to a current ; astatic galvanometer, tangent galvanometer, moving coil galvanometer. Laws of electrolysis ; electro-chemical equivalent. Fundamental experiments of electro-magnetic induction.

Practical Work.—The laboratory test will carry about 400 marks.—Simple experiments on the subject-matter of the preceding syllabus, for example :—

Verification of Boyle's law. Testing the standard points of thermometers. Determination of specific and latent heat by the method of mixtures. Determination of melting and boiling points. Verification of the laws of reflection and refraction. Determination of the positions of images formed by plane and spherical mirrors and by convex lenses. Mapping lines of force in magnetic fields. Comparison of intensities of magnetic fields by the method of oscillations. Comparison of electric currents by the tangent galvanometer and by ammeters. Comparison of potential differences by high resistance galvanometers and by voltmeters. Comparison of resistances by substitution and by the sliding bridge.

† **CHEMISTRY.**—The subject will carry about 800 marks.—The questions set will be such as may be answered by candidates who have acquired their knowledge by an experimental treatment of the subject.

* See footnote on preceding page.

† *Science.*—Credit will be given for lucidity, orderly development, and aptness of language ; deductions will be made for incoherence, irrelevance, obscurity, slovenliness of expression, and especially for bad grammar and the incorrect use of words and phrases. Chemical symbols must be restricted to their proper function and not used as a shorthand symbol for the name of the substance.

Classification of matter into single substances and mixtures, elements and compounds. Quantitative laws of chemical combination, outlines of the explanation of these laws by the atomic theory; Avogadro's law; general methods of determining chemical equivalents. The chemistry of water and its constituent elements; water as a solvent; natural waters. The atmosphere; combustion; oxidation, the various classes of oxides. Acids, bases and salts. Chlorine and hydrogen chloride; nitrogen, ammonia, and nitric acid; sulphur, sulphur dioxide, and sulphuric acid. Carbon; the oxides of carbon; carbonates. The hydrocarbons, marsh gas and acetylene; flame. The metals; general methods of preparation of the metals and their commoner salts.

Questions will not be set on metallurgy or on technical processes of manufacture.

Practical Work.—The laboratory test will carry about 200 marks.—Simple exercises, which may include weighing and the measurement of volume of liquids and gases, will be set on the subjects of the preceding syllabus, for example:—

Estimation of soluble matter in a mixture; determination of a change of weight in a simple re-action; measurement of the gas evolved during solution of a metal. Observation of the behaviour of substances under the influence of heat and in simple chemical re-actions. Preparation of the gases enumerated above; preparation of salts from metals and oxides by general methods. Volumetric determination of acids and alkalis.

Importance will be attached to accurate observation and to clear description of the work done. Where necessary sufficient instructions will be given to enable candidates to apply their general knowledge of practical chemistry to the problem set.

ELEMENTARY ENGINEERING.—Applications in mechanism of elementary mechanical principles. Machines considered as means of (a) converting motion, (b) transmitting power. Simple examples. Velocity ratio. Mechanical advantage. Efficiency. Horse-power, how measured. Dynamometers. The Indicator and Indicator diagrams. Crank-effort in relation to piston thrust. Function of flywheel.

Elementary treatment of strength of materials. Tensile, compressive, and shearing stress. Elastic and non-elastic strain; elastic limit. Hooke's law. Young's Modulus of Elasticity. Behaviour of iron and steel in a testing machine. Stress-strain diagrams. Simple examples of calculation of dimensions in relation to strength. Stresses in the members of frames where the members are jointed and loaded at the joints; graphic method.

Principle of the conservation of energy as applied in the steam engine and other heat engines. Conversion of energy of fuel into heat, and heat into mechanical effect. Boiler and engine efficiency. Common forms of engines and boilers, and general features of action. Properties of steam. Expansion of steam in the cylinder. Compound expansion. The slide valve. Governing of engines. Types of steam turbines. Internal combustion engines using gas or oil. The four-stroke cycle.

NOTE.—Copies of the Question Papers set at the examination in June-July, 1916, and other particulars are contained in the "Reprint of the Papers set at the Army Entrance Examinations, &c., June and July, 1916." This publication (price 1s.) can be purchased either directly or through any bookseller from Wyman & Sons, Ltd., Fetter lane, E.C., and 54, St. Mary street, Cardiff; or H. M. Stationery Office, 23, Forth street, Edinburgh; or E. Ponsoby, Ltd., 116, Grafton street, Dublin.

PHYSICAL REQUIREMENTS FOR CANDIDATES FOR COMMISSIONS IN THE ROYAL NAVY.

With a view to preventing candidates who may be physically unfit for His Majesty's Service from incurring the inconvenience and expense of preparing for commissions in the Royal Navy, it is suggested that they undergo examination by the medical adviser of the family, or any other qualified medical practitioner, to whom the following list of defects which cause rejection may be submitted for guidance.

It is to be understood that this private examination is merely suggested as a guide for intending candidates and to lessen the chances of disappointment, and that it is by no means intended to take the place of, or to influence in any way, the regular Official Physical Examination.

1. A weak constitution, imperfect development, physical weakness, either hereditary or from chronic disease, wounds, or injuries.
2. Skin disease, unless temporary or trivial.
3. Malformation of the head, deformity from fracture or depression of the bones of the skull, impaired intellect, epilepsy, paralysis, or impediment of speech.
4. Blindness or defective vision, imperfect perception of colours, fistula, lachrymalis, or any chronic disease of the eyes or eyelids. Candidates for Naval Cadetships must possess full normal vision as determined by Snellen's tests, each eye being separately examined. For candidates for other branches of the Royal Navy full normal vision is not required, but any defect of vision must be due to errors of refraction which can be corrected to normal by glasses, and vision without glasses must in any case be not less than $\frac{6}{6}$ with each eye, and the candidate must also be able to read D = 0, 6 of Snellen's test types.
5. Impaired hearing, or discharge from one or both ears, or any disease of the external, middle, or internal ear.
6. Disease of the bones of the nose, or of its cartilages, nasal polypus, or disease of the naso-pharynx.
7. Disease of the throat, tongue, palate, or tonsils; many unsound teeth,* unhealthy gums, disease of the glands of the throat or neck, external cicatrices, if at all extensive, and especially if adherent.
8. Functional or organic disease of the heart or blood vessels, deformity or contraction of the chest, or any symptom of lung disease or tendency thereto.
9. Undue swelling or distension of the abdomen, obesity, disease of enlargement of the abdominal organs. Rupture, weakness or distension of the abdominal rings; any disease of the bladder or incontinence of urine.
10. The existence of any defect of the genital organs, or of varicocele, when it clearly forms or is likely to form a serious impediment to the efficient performance of duty, e.g., when it is associated with varicose veins or piles.
11. Paralysis, weakness, impaired motion, or deformity of the upper or lower extremities, from whatever cause; a varicose state of the veins, especially of the leg. Bunions, distortion or malformation of the hands, feet, fingers, or toes.
12. Distortion of the spine, of the bones of the chest, or pelvis, from injury or constitutional defect.

No person will be admitted into His Majesty's Service unless he has been vaccinated. Re-vaccination will also be required if considered necessary.

Admiralty, July, 1911.

* I.e., Seven teeth defective or deficient in persons under 17 years of age on the date of entry, ten defective or deficient teeth in person above the age of 17, a tooth being considered as defective when it cannot be made permanently serviceable by dental repair. Credit is also given for teeth which have not erupted. Candidates must, however, possess some sound opposing molars and incisors. The numbers given above are intended as a general guide, and are not necessarily strictly adhered to, provided the general condition of the teeth is good.

“THE CEYLON POST OFFICE ORDINANCE, 1908.”

IT is hereby notified for general information that His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council, in exercise of the powers vested in him by sections 53 (2) and 93 of the Ceylon Post Office Ordinance, No. 11 of 1908, has been pleased to make the following addition to rule 14 framed under section 83 of Ordinance No. 13 of 1892, and published in the *Ceylon Government Gazette* No. 5,264 of December 29, 1893.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 30, 1917.

R. E. STUBBS,
Colonial Secretary.

WITHDRAWALS OF SMALL SUMS ON DEMAND.

14 A. (1) A depositor wishing to withdraw on demand any sum not exceeding Rs. 10 may do so by presenting his pass book at any Post Office with a special “Withdrawal on demand” form duly signed and witnessed. Provided that not more than one withdrawal on demand may be made by any one depositor in any one week.

(2) In the case of such withdrawals the pass book will be detained by the Postmaster for transmission to the Head Office with the withdrawal form, and will be returned to the depositor by post after entry of the item in the Head Office accounts.

(3) This method of withdrawal does not apply to the accounts of societies or of minors under 15 years of age.

(4) Applications for withdrawals on demand must be made in the following form, a printed copy of which may be obtained at any Post Office Savings Bank:—

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Post Office A 6
(1E4)

WITHDRAWAL ON DEMAND.

PASS BOOK.

To the Postmaster at

Date :

Office :
No.

I WISH to withdraw without notice the sum of Rs. (in figures)
(in words) from my Account in the
Post Office Savings Bank bearing the above number.

If the Depositor cannot write in English, his signature mark must be witnessed and certified in the following form.

I certify that this is the signature mark of the Depositor, who is known to me, and who is, to the best of my belief, the owner of the above Pass Book, which is in his possession.

Signature:

Occupation:

Address:

Signature Mark of Depositor:

Address:

Occupation:

Received the above-named sum of
Rs.

Signature Mark of Depositor:

Payment certified.

Signature of }
Paying Officer }

Office Stamp.

Entered in Ledger

Date:

IT is hereby notified that the following candidates have passed the Notaries' Final Examination with a view to practising in the Sinhalese language :—

Mr. H. D. D. Gunasekera.
Mr. D. J. Amerasinghe.
Mr. C. W. Nilaweera.

Mr. K. Hendrick.
Mr. G. M. Mendias.
Mr. E. P. Banda.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 24, 1917.

By His Excellency's command,
R. E. STUBBS,
Colonial Secretary.

“THE ENEMY PROPERTY ORDINANCE, NO. 23 OF 1916.”

I, ARTHUR SAMPSON PAGDEN, Custodian of Enemy Property, in pursuance of the powers vested in me by section 8 B (1) of “The Enemy Property Ordinance, No. 23 of 1916,” as amended by “The Enemy Property (Amendment) Ordinance, No. 5 of 1917,” do by this order appoint Henri Frei of Colombo to act as trustee for the purpose of representing the interests of any enemy or enemy subject interested in the property described in Schedule A hereto annexed, which property has been vested in me under the said Ordinance, and with reference to which property proceedings have been instituted under “The Land Acquisition Ordinance, 1876.”

May 30, 1917.

A. S. PAGDEN,
Custodian of Enemy Property.

SCHEDULE A.

All that land situated at Edinburgh Crescent, Cinnamon Gardens, Colombo, with all buildings, erections, or structures thereon, known as the “Deutscher Verein” (German Club); bounded on the north by the Circular road, on the east by land described in plan 76,121, on the south by land described in plan 64,108, on the west by land described in plan 76,120; containing in extent 2 acres 2 roods and 19 perches according to the Government title plan 78,179 of June 18, 1870, authenticated by J. E. Jervois, Surveyor-General.

MISCELLANEOUS DEPARTMENTAL NOTICES.

EXAMINATIONS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF LONDON.

LOCAL REGULATIONS.

THE following examinations of the University of London will be held at Colombo in accordance with the time tables given in the regulations for each examination, viz. :—

Matriculation Examination (January and June).
Intermediate Examination in Arts : Pass Examination (July).
Examination for the Degree of Bachelor of Arts : Pass Examination (October).
Intermediate Examination in Science : Pass Examination (July).
Examination for the Degree of Bachelor of Science : Pass Examination (October).
Intermediate Examination in Science (Economics) : Pass Examination (July).
Examination for the Degree of Bachelor of Science (Economics) : Pass Examination (October).
Intermediate Examination in Laws : Pass Examination (September).
Examination for the Degree of Bachelor of Laws (September).
Intermediate Examination in Divinity (June).
Examination for the Degree of Bachelor of Divinity (June).
First and Second Examinations for Medical Degrees.

2. Candidates should notify to the Director of Education their intention to present themselves for any of these examinations of the University of London *five calendar months prior to the date of examination*, in order that application may be made in time for the question papers. Those offering special subjects must notify two months earlier. The application for the Matriculation Examination and the Intermediate Arts and Science Examinations must be made on the prescribed forms obtainable from the Education Office; for the rest of the examinations by letter.

3. The optional subjects for which a candidate desires to enter should be stated by him in his notification for admission to the examination, if optional subjects are prescribed for that examination.

4. The fee should be credited to the account of the Director of Education in the Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd., Colombo, and the receipt of the bank, together with a certificate of character, should be forwarded with the notification. *No cash or Bank draft or cheque or Money Order will be accepted.* The fee for Matriculation Examination is Rs. 35, for the Second Examination for Medical Degrees (Part I.), Rs. 50, and for any of the other examinations is Rs. 95.

N.B.—*The fee should not under any circumstances be remitted direct to the University of London.*

5. If a candidate withdraws his name, or fails to present himself at the examination, the fees shall not be returned to him. He should pay the usual fee for every subsequent entry for the examination.*

* Candidates who entered for the Matriculation Examination in or before January, 1902, will for the present be admitted to subsequent Matriculation Examinations upon payment at every such entry of a fee of Rs. 20, provided that they comply with the above Regulations. Colonial Candidates who withdraw their names after having entered for, or who fail to present themselves at, an examination, will be required to pay the full fee of Rs. 35 upon every re-entry.

6. Matriculation Examination—

- (a) Candidates who enter for the examination as private students should forward with their notifications for admission to the examinations certificates from their private tutors, stating their qualifications and whether they have a reasonable chance of passing the examinations.
- (b) Certificates of birth showing that the candidates will have completed their sixteenth year on or before January 14 for the January examination and July 31 for the June examination should be forwarded at the same time. A duly certified copy of the certificate of registration of birth or of the baptismal register is required in every case. Those who have already forwarded certificates of birth for a previous examination should mention the year and the examination for which they forwarded the certificates.
- (c) An Indian candidate who is not resident in the Island cannot be admitted to the examination unless he shows an attendance at the time of application of six months or more in one of the English High Schools or Colleges of the Island. He should forward, with his application, a certificate from the Manager or Principal of the High School or College which he has been attending, stating that he has been attending the School or College regularly for a period of six months.

7. Graduates of Indian Universities are exempted from the rule of passing the Matriculation Examination before taking up the higher examinations of the University, provided they have been registered as matriculated students under Statute 116 of the University of London. Candidates who are not resident in Ceylon will be admitted to any examination of the London University held in Ceylon only when there are candidates from Ceylon for the same examination.

APPENDICES.

I.

Statute 113 :—

113. Provided also that the Senate may admit as Internal Students and as candidates for any of the higher degrees (except in medicine and surgery) without their having previously taken any lower degree the following persons (that is to say) :—

- (1) Graduates of Universities approved by the Senate for this purpose ;
- (2) Persons who have passed the examinations required for a degree in some University approved as aforesaid ;
- (3) Persons who have obtained from the University of Cambridge a certificate stating that they have satisfied the Examiners in a Tripos Examination qualifying as a final examination for a first degree ;
- (4) Persons who have passed or obtained Honours at the Second Public Examination of the University of Oxford, provided that they have also either passed or obtained Honours at the First Public Examination, or have passed such other examination or examinations as under the provisions of the University of Oxford are accepted as statutorily equivalent thereto.

II.

Statute 116 :—

116. Every candidate for admission as a student of the University shall pass such Entrance or Matriculation Examination, or fulfil such other tests of fitness to be admitted as a student, as may be from time to time prescribed.

REGULATION AS TO EXEMPTION FROM THE MATRICULATION EXAMINATION.

Graduates of such British, Colonial, and Indian Universities as are approved by the Senate for that purpose, and those who have passed all the examinations required for a degree in those Universities, also women who have obtained Tripos Certificates granted by the University of Cambridge, and women who have obtained certificates showing that, under the conditions prescribed by the Delegacy for women students at Oxford, they have passed the Second Public Examination of that University or have obtained Honours in the Oxford University Examination for Women in Modern Languages, may on application be registered as Matriculated Students on payment of the registration fee of £2 without passing the Matriculation Examination.

For conditions under which the following examinations will give exemption from the Matriculation Examination of the University of London, see separate Regulations obtainable on application to the External Registrar, University of London, South Kensington, London, S.W. :—

Oxford Senior Local Examination.
 Higher Certificate Examination of the Oxford and Cambridge Schools Examination Board.
 School Certificate of the Oxford and Cambridge Schools Examination Board.
 Previous Examination of the University of Cambridge.
 Matriculation Examination of the Joint Board of the Northern Universities.
 Scotch School-leaving Certificate Examination.
 Senior School Certificate of the Joint Matriculation Board of the Northern Universities.

The Standing of Registered Students shall date, for the purposes of External Examinations, from the Matriculation Examination immediately preceding the date of registration. (See Extract from Statute 120 below.) To secure that a registration under Statute 116 shall date from any Matriculation Examination, such registration must be completed before the commencement of the next Matriculation Examination.

Oxford and Cambridge Graduates in First or Second Class Honours can be admitted to their Degree Examination in any Faculty other than Medicine after two years from their registration.

N.B.—Applications for registration must be accompanied by the proper fee and official documentary evidence of qualification in accordance with the above regulation. Drafts must be made payable to the "University of London," and crossed "London County and Westminster Bank, Brompton Square Branch." The fee and evidence must be forwarded together by registered post and addressed to the External Registrar, University of London, S.W.

EXTRACT FROM STATUTE 120.

"No student shall be admitted to the Final Examination for a degree until the expiration of at least three years after Matriculation, unless the Senate in special cases or special classes of cases otherwise determine."

EXTRACT FROM THE REGULATIONS FOR THE CAMBRIDGE LOCAL EXAMINATIONS.

The University of London.—The holder of a Senior Certificate is entitled to exemption from the Matriculation Examination of the University of London, if the candidate has at one and the same examination attained the standard of recognition (1) in English including English Composition, or History together with English Composition, or Geography

together with English Composition, (2) in Arithmetic, Geometry, and Algebra, and (3) in three of the following subjects or combinations of subjects not counted under (1) above:—Latin, Greek, French, German, Spanish, Greek or Roman History, English History or History of the British Empire, Physical Geography, two subjects in Mathematics other than those mentioned above, Chemistry (Theoretical and Practical), Experimental Mechanics, Heat together with Sound and Light, Electricity and Magnetism, Botany, provided that either Latin, or Mechanics, or Heat together with Sound and Light, or Chemistry, or Botany is included, and provided further that one language other than English is included.

Candidates who enter with the object of gaining exemption from the Matriculation of the University of London, and desire to be informed immediately on the publication of the Class Lists whether they have satisfied the conditions for exemption, should communicate with the General Secretary, Syndicate Buildings, Cambridge, in the course of the week of examination, stating the centre and index number, and remitting a fee of 6*d*.

PRIVILEGES AND EXEMPTIONS GRANTED BY OTHER BODIES.

For privileges and exemptions granted by other bodies to persons who have passed the Matriculation Examination (in its ordinary form or in the form of the Senior School Examination) of the University of London, see separate regulations obtainable on application to the External Registrar, University of London, South Kensington, London, S.W.

Education Office,
Colombo, May 1, 1917.

E. B. DENHAM,
Director of Education.

Regulations relating to Courses of Instruction and Examinations in Chemistry and Physics for Teachers at the Government Technical Schools.

I.—GENERAL CONDITIONS.

1. A number of scholarships are annually awarded in July tenable for two years at the Government Technical Schools. The holders go through courses of instructions in chemistry and physics with a view to qualifying as Science Teachers. The certificate is obtained as a result of passing two examinations.
2. The scholarship entitles the holder to free attendance at the necessary courses of instruction and to an allowance of Rs. 480 per annum, conditional on regular attendance and diligence.
3. Suitable candidates who do not obtain one of the scholarships may be admitted to the courses of instruction and examinations on payment of a fee of Rs. 72·50 payable in two instalments, one on October 1 of each year.
4. Such scholars and students will be required, before commencing the course of studies, to sign a bond to the effect that they will complete the two years' course of instruction and then follow the teaching profession for three years. Scholars will be required to find security to that effect to the amount of Rs. 960 and students for Rs. 300.
5. Scholarships will be cancelled in the event of unsatisfactory conduct or progress.
6. Scholars and students will be required to attend regularly according to the time table given to them, and they must not engage in any employment or take private pupils.

II.—ADMISSION OF STUDENTS.

7. Vacancies in the number of scholarships and free studentships will be duly notified. (In 1917 there will be five vacancies for which applications should be sent to the Professor of Chemistry, Government Technical Schools, before July 1.) Candidates must show in their applications that they—
 - (a) Are under 25 years of age;
 - (b) Have attained a standard of education equivalent to the requirements for matriculating at the University of London.
 - (c) Are either trained teachers or persons with teaching experience.
8. Candidates whose applications are approved will be summoned to an entrance examination which will be held in July, and they will be tested in all or any of the following ways:—
 - (a) Written paper in elementary mathematics.
 - (b) Written paper in English composition.
 - (c) An interview with the board of examiners at which candidates will be expected to show that they are suitable persons for a scholarship.

9. The selected candidates will commence their course of studies on or about October 1.

III.—FIRST EXAMINATION FOR CERTIFICATES.

10. The first examination will be held in July of each year. Before admission candidates must have satisfactorily attended the following at the Government Technical Schools:—
 - (a) The courses in chemistry and physics prescribed for First-year Medical Students.
 - (b) Mathematics.
 - (c) They must also for a part of their course have acted as a teaching assistant in the Chemical and Physics laboratories.
11. The examination will consist of—
 - A.—Chemistry: (a) One written paper for three hours;
 - (b) Practical and oral examination of three hours.
 - B.—Physics: (a) One written paper of three hours;
 - (b) Practical and oral examination of two hours.
 - C.—Mathematics: (a) One written paper of three hours;
 - (b) Oral examination on the slide rule and graphical work.

Candidates shall not be passed unless they satisfy the examiners in all three sections A, B, and C.

IV.—SECOND EXAMINATION FOR CERTIFICATES.

12. The second examination will be held in July of each year. Before admission candidates must have passed the first examination and satisfactorily attended the following at the Government Technical Schools:—
 - (a) An advanced course of instruction in general, physical, and organic chemistry, including practical work in each section.
 - (b) The intermediate course of lectures and practical work in physics.
 - (c) Mathematics or biology.
 - (d) They must also have acted for not less than six hours a week for not less than six months as a teaching assistant in the Chemical and Physics laboratories.

13. The examination will consist of—

- A.—Chemistry : (a) One written paper of one hour on chemical facts.
 (b) One written paper of three hours on general, physical, and organic chemistry.
 (c) A practical and oral examination of four hours.

Candidates must be familiar with—

- (1) Ordinary qualitative and quantitative analysis ;
 (2) Use of physical chemical apparatus, such as thermostats, conductivity and viscosity apparatus, colorimetry, and any other exercise which the course may include for the time being.
 (3) Preparation and identification of carbon compounds and quantitative determination of nitrogen and fats in such compounds.

- B.—Physics : (a) One written paper of one hour on physical facts.
 (b) One written paper of three hours on the properties of matter, sound, light, heat, magnetism, and electricity.
 (c) A practical and oral examination of three hours.

Education Office,
Colombo, May 28, 1917.

E. B. DENHAM,
Director of Education.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application has been received from Mr. S. Ehamparam for the registration of his Tirunelvely Vernacular Mixed School, which is situated in Nallur, Kovil pattu, Jaffna District, of the Northern Province.

Observations will be received not later than June 25, 1917.

Education Office,
Colombo, May 23, 1917.

E. B. DENHAM,
Director of Education.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application has been received from Rev. C. S. Matthews for the conversion of his Cheruvelan Mixed Anglo-Vernacular School into an English School.

Observations will be received not later than June 25, 1917.

Education Office,
Colombo, May 23, 1917.

E. B. DENHAM,
Director of Education.

Closing of a Bridge in Negombo Town.

THE St. Joseph street bridge over the canal at Negombo will be closed to wheeled traffic from June 18 to July 5, 1917, both dates inclusive.

Motorists from Colombo wishing to proceed to the resthouse should proceed by the main road instead of turning off near 22nd milepost.

Public Works Office,
Colombo, May 29, 1917. for Director of Public Works.

G. N. LOGGIN,

"The Insect Pest and Quarantine Ordinance, No. 5 of 1901."

Declaration under Clause 3 of Regulations dated December 7, 1916, and published in the Government Gazette No. 6,839.

WHEREAS Shot-hole Borer (*Xyleborus fornicatus*, Eich.) is present on the plantations enumerated in the list following, that is to say :—

Province of Uva.

Deysbrook estate	..	..	Lunugala
Moragalla estate	..	..	Badulla
Unugalla estate	..	..	Badulla

Province of Sabaragamuwa.

Lanka estate	..	..	Mawanella, Kadu- gannawa
Wewelketiya estate	..	..	Ratnapura

Under clause 3 of the regulations published in the Ceylon Government Gazette No. 6,839 of December 8, 1916, the said plantations are hereby declared to be infected areas.

Department of Agriculture,
Peradeniya, May 28, 1917. Director of Agriculture.

F. A. STOCKDALE,

Interruption to Traffic on Main Roads.

THE 17th mile of the Badulla-Batticaloa road, between Passara and Lunugala, will be closed to traffic from 5 P.M. on June 7 until 8 A.M. on the 8th idem to permit of the execution of some work thereon.

Public Works Office,
Colombo, May 30, 1917. for Director of Public Works.

G. N. LOGGIN,

Prices of Food Stuffs, &c., in Colombo on May 30, 1917.

		Rs.	c.
Muttusamba, No. 1 quality	.. Per bushel	..	5 25
Kara Rice	.. do.	..	4 62
Kallunda, No. 1 quality	.. Per bag (2½ bushels)	11	25
Sulai, No. 1 do.	.. do.	..	11 25
Kora (Mill) No. 1 do.	.. do.	..	11 25
Raw Rice, Rangoon	.. Per bushel	..	4 88
Do. Singapore	.. do.	..	4 50
Mysore Dhol	.. do.	..	5 50
Green Peas (Gram)	.. do.	..	4 88
Thovarem Dhol	.. do.	..	4 75
Chillies, No. 1 quality	.. Per thulan (26½ lb.)	4	75
Do. Rangoon	.. do.	..	4 50
Red Onions	.. do.	..	1 87
Bombay Onions	.. Per cwt.	..	6 0
Potatoes, Indian	.. do.	..	8 0
Do. Bangalore	.. do.	..	—
Maldive Fish, No. 1 quality	.. do.	..	46 0
Sugar, Crystal	.. Per bag (2 cwt.)	..	42 50
Soft Sugar	.. Per cwt.	..	22 75
Matches, "Three Stars"	.. Per case of 50 gross boxes	..	145 0
Kerosine Oil, "Monkey Brand"	.. Per tin	..	4 45
Kerosine Oil "Daylight"	.. do.	..	4 65
Coriander	.. Per lb.	..	0 16
Beef	.. do.	..	0 30*
Mutton	.. do.	..	0 55*
Chicken	.. Each	..	0 56*
Fish, Fresh (Seer)	.. Per lb.	..	1 15*
Do. (Common)	.. do.	..	0 50
Dry Fish (Kumbalawas), No. 1 quality	.. Per 1,000	..	11 25
Do. (Halmessan), No. 1 quality	.. Per cwt.	..	18 0
Eggs	.. Each	..	0 5*
Milk, Fresh, Cow	.. Per pint	..	0 24*
Bread	.. Per lb.	..	0 16*
Plantains	.. Each	..	0 1*
Limes	.. Per 100	..	0 75
Salt	.. Per bushel	..	3 30
Coconuts	.. Per 100	..	5 0
Firewood	.. Per cwt.	..	1 0

* Retail prices.

May 30, 1917.

C. M. YOUNG,
Financial Assistant to the
Chairman, Municipal Council.

NOTICES CALLING FOR TENDERS.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the work of repairing the Salt Stores 23, 32, and 34 in the Southern Depôt, Puttalam.

2. The tender should be enclosed in a sealed envelope, on the left corner of which must be written the words, "Tender for repairing the Salt Stores 23, 32, and 34 in the Southern Depôt, Puttalam," and it should be sent to the Assistant Government Agent, Puttalam, so that he may receive it before 1 P.M. on June 11, 1917.

3. The intending tenderer should, before sending his tender to the Assistant Government Agent, deposit a sum of Rs. 10 at any Kachcheri under the head of "Tender Forms," and should annex to his tender the receipt obtained for the deposit of the sum.

4. This sum of Rs. 10 will be held by the Assistant Government Agent as a security for the tenderer's entering into the contract with him—in the event of his tender being accepted—for carrying out the work in a satisfactory manner; and it will be confiscated if he fail to enter into such a contract within a reasonable time after his tender was accepted.

5. The tenderer should name an address at Puttalam, where letters for him may be left or delivered.

6. The work should be completed within four weeks after the contract was entered into.

7. Further particulars may be obtained from the Salt Inspector, Puttalam.

Description of the Work to be done.

All the decayed or otherwise worthless cadjan, timber, and other materials, that are on the building now should be removed and replaced by new and sound materials.

The roof of the three stores should be rethatched with new cadjan, and pootus should be placed thereon to serve as weights. The interior of the stores should be lined with new cadjan.

The cadjan walls of the stores 23 and 34 should be rebuilt with new cadjan, and those of the store 32 should be repaired wherever necessary. They should be straightened wherever they are found bulging.

Puttalam Kachcheri, S. M. P. VANDERKOEN,
May 21, 1917. for Assistant Government Agent.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the work of repairing the quarters occupied by the officers of the Salt Department at Kombimunai, Tillaiyady, and Pachchakaadu Mundal.

2. The tender should be enclosed in a sealed envelope, on the left corner of which must be written the words, "Tender for repairing the Quarters occupied by the Officers of the Salt Department at Kombimunai, Tillaiyady, and Pachchakaadu Mundal," and it should be sent to the Assistant Government Agent, Puttalam, so that he may receive it before 1 P.M., on June 12, 1917.

3. The intending tenderer should, before sending his tender to the Assistant Government Agent, deposit a sum of Rs. 10 at any Kachcheri under the head of "Tender Forms," and should annex to his tender the receipt obtained for the deposit of the sum.

4. This sum of Rs. 10 will be held by the Assistant Government Agent as a security for the tenderer's entering into a contract with him—in the event of his tender being accepted—for carrying out the work in a satisfactory manner; and it will be confiscated if he fail to enter into such a contract within a reasonable time after his tender was accepted.

5. The tenderer should name an address at Puttalam, where letters for him may be left or delivered.

6. The work should be completed within four weeks after the contract was entered into.

7. Further particulars may be obtained from the Salt Inspector, Puttalam.

Description of the Work to be done.

All the decayed or otherwise worthless cadjan timber and other materials that are on the building now should be removed and replaced by new and sound materials.

The roof of all the houses, outhouses, and huts should be rethatched with new cadjan, and pootus should be placed thereon to serve as weights.

The floor of all the houses should be raised with clay, levelled, stamped, and cowdunged.

The walls whether of mud or cadjan, should be repaired wherever necessary, and the mud walls should be white-washed.

All the fences enclosing the various premises should be rebuilt or repaired.

The doors and windows in the supervisor's house should be painted in blue, and both the back-doors in the 1st class constable's house, as well as the other doors and windows, should also be repaired and painted.

A verandah post and a beam should be placed in the supervisor's house in place of the old ones; two verandah posts and three side-beams should be similarly placed in the 1st class constable's house.

The doors in the 1st class constable's house should be furnished with two bars, two hinges, and locks and keys.

Two side posts should be furnished to each of the huts occupied by the patrols Vellayan, Ibrahim, Arulappan, Govindaswamy, and five side posts should be furnished to the hut occupied by patrol Sinniah and four to Paulu's hut.

Three wall plates should be furnished to Sinniah's hut, two to Arulappah's, and two to Govindasamy's hut.

Two ridge beams should be furnished to patrol Ibrahim's hut, one to Arulappah's, one to Haasim's, two to Carolis', and two to Pavvilu's hut.

One side beam should be furnished to Haasim's hut and two to Paulu's hut.

Puttalam Kachcheri, S. M. P. VANDERKOEN,
May 25, 1917. for Assistant Government Agent.

WITH reference to paragraph 4 of the notice dated May 15, 1917, re dieting of students at the Government Training College, appearing in *Government Gazette* No. 6,872 of May 18, 1917, it is hereby notified that tenders should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, July 24.

Education Office,
Colombo, May 30, 1917.

E. B. DENHAM,
Director of Education.

SALES OF UNSERVICEABLE ARTICLES.

WILL be sold by public auction on Wednesday, June 6, 1917, at 12 noon, at the Government Stores, some tin lining, bale cloth, empty tar barrels, firewood, cement sweepings, &c.

Government Stores,
Colombo, May 29, 1917.

J. GIBB,
Acting Colonial Storekeeper.

VITAL STATISTICS.

Registrar-General's Weekly Health Report of the City of Colombo for the Week ended May 26, 1917.

Births.—The total births registered in the city of Colombo in the week were 111 (5 Europeans, 15 Burghers, 53 Sinhalese, 18 Tamils, 12 Moors, 3 Malays, and 5 Others). The birth-rate per 1,000 per annum (calculated on the estimated population on January 1, 1917, viz., 263,629) was 22·0, as against 18·8 in the preceding week, 17·6 in the corresponding week of last year, and 21·6 the weekly average for last year.

Deaths.—The total deaths registered were 121 (1 European, 10 Burghers, 59 Sinhalese, 27 Tamils, 16 Moors, 5 Malays, and 3 Others). The death-rate per 1,000 per annum was 23·9, as against 21·2 in the previous week, 28·3 in the corresponding week of last year, and 27·1 the weekly average for last year.

Infantile Deaths.—Of the 121 total deaths, 29 were of infants under one year of age, as against 23 in the preceding week, 27 in the corresponding week of the previous year, and 25 the average for last year.

Stillbirths.—The number of stillbirths registered during the week was 4.

Principal Causes of Death.—Seventeen deaths from *Pneumonia* were registered, as against 11 in the previous week and 15 the weekly average for last year. Of these, 5 were in Kotahena, 3 in San Sebastian, 3 in Maradana (including the death of a non-resident in hospital), 2 in Slave Island, 2 in Wellawatta, 1 in Pettah, and 1 in St. Paul's. Two deaths from *Bronchitis* were registered.

2. Twelve deaths from *Phthisis* were registered, as against 9 in the previous week and 16 the weekly average for last year. Of these, 5 were in Maradana (including 1 death of a non-resident in hospital), 3 in Kotahena, 2 in Kollupitiya, 1 in San Sebastian, and 1 in Wellawatta.

3. Four deaths from *Enteric Fever* were registered as in the previous week, against 3 the weekly average for last year. Of these, 2 were in New Bazaar, 1 in Kotahena, and 1 in Slave Island.

4. Two deaths from *Plague* were registered as in the previous week, against 4 the weekly average for last year. Of these, 1 was in St. Paul's and the other in Maradana. Five cases were reported as against 1 in the previous week.

5. Fifteen deaths from *Infantile Convulsions*, were registered, 7 from *Debility*, 3 from *Diarrhœa*, 3 from *Dysentery*, 2 from *Enteritis*, and 54 from *Other Causes*.

6. There were reported 8 cases of *Chickenpox* and 19 cases of *Measles*, as against 30 and 15 respectively in the previous week.

State of the Weather.—The mean temperature of air was 84·0°, against 81·8° in the preceding week, and 81·4° in the corresponding week of the previous year. The mean atmospheric pressure was 29·891 in., against 29·888 in. in the preceding week and 29·720 in. in the corresponding week of the previous year. The total rainfall in the week was 0·08 in., against 0·01 in. in the preceding week and 3·94 in. in the corresponding week of the previous year.

Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, May 29, 1917.

FRED. L. ANTHONISZ,
for Registrar-General.