

Ceylon Government Gazette

Published by Authonity.

No. 5,949-FRIDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1903.

PART I.—General: Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, and General Government Notifications.

PART II.—Legal and Judicial.

PART III.—Provincial Administration. PART IV.—Marine and Mercantile. PART V.—Municipal and Local.

Separate paging is given to each Part in order that it may be filed separately.

Part V. — Municipal, Local, and Miscellaneous.

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MUNICIPAL COUNCIL NOTICES.

MUNICIPALITY OF COLOMBO.

OTICE is hereby given that the sale of opium licenses within the limits of the Municipality of Colombo for 1904 has been postponed to Tuesday, the 3rd proximo, at noon, owing to want of bidders.

Premises

No.

Municipal Office, Colombo, October 26, 1903. CHAS. D. VIGORS, Acting Chairman, Municipal Council, and Mayor of Colombo.

MUNICIPALITY OF COLOMBO.

NOTICE is hereby given that in the absence of movable property liable to seizure, the undermentioned property seized in virtue of a warrant issued by the Chairman of the Municipal Council of Colombo, in terms of the 149th clause of the Ordinance No. 7 of 1887, for arrears of consolidated rate due on the premises and for the period mentioned in the subjoined schedule, will be sold by public auction on the spot at the time therein mentioned, unless in the meantime the amount of the consolidated rate and costs be duly paid.

R. R. DUNUWILLE, Secretary.

The Municipal Office, Colombo, October 24, 1903.

Date of Sale: Saturday, January 23, 1904. Wall street. ... 1st to 4th quarter, 1902 ... 4th quarter, 1902 62 ... 1st to 4th quarter, 1902 ... 7.15 Cemetery street. ... 3rd and 4th quarters, 1902 67A ... 1st to 4th quarter, 1902 83 ... Do. ... 7.30 Do. 7.37 73 ... 7.45 Wall street. 49A ... 3rd and 4th quarters, 1902 ... 7.52 а.м.

SCHEDULE.

Quarter and Year.

Time of Sale.

	'9'			
Premises	0 1 7 7		Pemises.	
No.	Quarter and Year.	Time of Sale.	No. Quarter and Year.	Time of Sale.
72	Kotahena. 1st to 4th quarter, 1902	0	43 1st and 2nd quarters, 1903	9.15 а.м.
73	Do.	8 A.M.	44 Do.	0 99
		8. 7 ,,	45 Do.	9 20 "
234	College street. 1st to 4th quarter, 1902	0.15	46 Do.	9.37 ,,
20A		8.15. ам.	47 Do.	9.45 ,,
47.	Cemetery street.		48 Do.	9.52 ,
66	1st to 4th quarter, 1902	8.30 а.м.	49 Do.	10 ,,
00	Do.	8.37 ,,	Date of Sale: Tuesday, January	26. 1904
2 5	College street.		Malay street.	,, 1001.
49	1st to 4th quarter, 1902	8.45 а.м.	50 1st and 2nd quarter, 1903	7 а.м.
9	Bonjean road.		51 Do.	7 7
3	1st to 4th quarter, 1902	8.52 а.м.	56 Do.	715 "
	St. Lucia's street.		57 Do.	7.22 ,,
3A	1st to 4th quarter, 1902	9 а.м.	58 Do.	7.3 0 ,,
20	Kotahena.		59 Do.	7.37 ,,
39	4th quarter, 1902	9. 7 а.м.		7.45 ,,
	Hedges court.		61 Do. 63 Do.	7.52 ,,
3	2nd to 4th quarter, 1902	2 р.м.	64 Do.	8 , ,,
	Rudd's lane.		65 Do.	8. 7 " 8.15 "
2	2nd to 4th quarter, 1902	2. 7 р.м.	71 Do.	8 29
•	Pichaud's lane.	2. 7 1.111.	72 Do.	8.30 ,,
59в	1st to 4th quarter, 1902	2.15 р.м.	73 Do.	8.37 ,,
76	Do.	9.00	74 Do.	8.45 ,,
77 F	2nd to 4th quarter, 1902	0.90 "	Church street.	••
	Skinner's road south.	2.50 ,,		2.50
12	4th quarter, 1902	2.37 р.м.	1 1st and 2nd quarters, 1903 5 Do.	8.52 а.м.
13	1st to 4th quarter, 1902	9.45	6 Do.	9 ,,
24	Do.	2.52 ,,	7 Do.	9. 7 ,, 9.15 ,,
	Maligawatta road.	,,,	B Do.	0 99
$2 \dots$	1st to 4th quarter 1902	3 р.м.	9 Do.	9.80 "
J4	4th quarter, 1902	27.	10 Do.	9.37 ,,
5	1st to 4th quarter, 1902	3.15 ,,	11 Do.	9.45 ,,
6	Do.	3.22 ,,	12 Do.	9.52 ,,
	2nd to 4th quarter, 1902	3 30 ,,	Date of Sale: Wednesday, January	97 1904
10	Do. Do.	3.37 ,,	Church street.	21, 1004.
49	Do.	345 ,	13 1st and 2nd quarters, 1903	7
51	Do.	3.52 ,, 4	14 Do.	7 A.M.
77	Do.	17"	16 Do.	7 99 "
78	Do.	4.15 ,,	17 Do.	. 730 "
100	Do.	4.22 ,,	18 <u>D</u> o.	7.37 ,,
	Forbes road.	,,	18_{00} \mathbf{D}_{0} .	7.45 ,,
13в	4th quarter, 1902	4.30 р.м.	20 Do. 21 Do	7.52 ,,
	Arab place.		90	8 _ "
14a	4th quarter, 1902	4.37 р.м.	22 Do. Do.	8. 7 ,,
•	Skinners road south.	110 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	24 Do.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
13в	4th quarter, 1902	4.45 р.м.	26 Do.	. 8.30 "
	Symons road.	T.TO T.M.	28 Do.	8 37 "
1	2nd to 4th quarter, 1902	4.52 р.м.	29 Do.	8.45 ,,
5	3rd and 4th quarters, 1902	5	30 Do	8.52 ,,
6	4th quarter, 1902	5. 7 р.м.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	9 ,,
2A	2nd to 4th quarter, 1902	5 1 K	34 Do. 35 Do.	9. 7 ,
	Maligawatta road.	5.15 ,,	37 Do.	9.15 ",
84a	2nd to 4th quarter, 1902	5.22 ,,	39A Do.	9.22 ,, 9.30
		,,	40 Do.	9.37 "
Dave	of Sale: Monday, January 25 Malay street.	, 1904.	41 Do.	9.45
13	1st and 2nd quarters, 1903	7	42 2nd quarter, 1903	9.52 ,,
4	Do. 1005	7 A.M.	43 1st and 2nd quarters, 1903	10 ,,
, <u>5</u>	Do.	715 "	Date of Sale: Thursday, January	
7	Do.	7 99 '		20, 1904.
8	Do.	7.30 ",	Church street. 50—51 1st and 2nd quarter, 1903	7
10 11	Do.	7.37 ,,	52 Do.	7 A.M.
12	Do.	··· 7.45 ,,	53 Do.	7. 7 ,, 7.15
13	Do. Do.	7.52 ,,	54 Do.	7 99 ''
14	Do.	8 , ,	55 Do.	7.20 "
15	Do.	8. 7 ,, 8.15 ,,	59 Do.	7.37 ,,
16	Do.	899 "	63 2nd quarter, 1903	7.45 ",
19 21	Do.	830 "	68 Do. 72 1st and 2nd quarters 1903	7.52 ,,
- 92	Do.	8.37 ,,	72	8 _ "
26	Do.	8.45 ",	76 Do.	8. 7 ,
35	Do. Do.	8.52 ,,	78 Do.	8.15 ,, 8.22 ,,
42	Do.	9 ,	79 Do.	8 an "
•		9. 7 "	80 Do.	9 27 ''
				0.51 ,,

\mathbf{Prem}	ises							, Pr.	emis	Αg				•		
No.		Quarte	r and Year		Tin	e of	Sale.		No.	Co	Quai	ter and Y	ear.	Tir	ne of	Sale.
		Stat	ion passage	3.				119-	12		nd quarter				3. 7	P.M.
1		1st and 2nd				8.45	A. M,		.21	•••	1st and 2n	d quarters,	1903		3.15	•••
$\frac{2}{3}$	•••		Do. Do.		•••	8.52 9	"		24 25	•••	2nd quarte	r, 1903 Do.			3.22 3.30	11
4 _A			Do.		•••	9. 7	"	F .	26		1st and 2n		. 1903	•••	3.37	"
5	•••		Do.		•••	9.15	,,		27	•••		Do.	,	•••	0 17	"
8 9	•••		Do.		•••	9.22	"		130	•••	2nd quan	ter, 1903	1000	•••	3.52	
J	•••		Do.		•••	9.30	71		13 1 13 5	•••	1st and 2n	d quarters Do.	, 1903	•••	4 4. 7	"
		Ch	apel lane.			0.05			36		•	Do.		•••	4.15	. 37 . 37
1 4	•••	1st and 2nd	quarters, 15 Do.		•••	9.37 9.45			37	•••		Do.		•••	4.22	"
$\hat{5}$			Do.		•••	9.52	"		.39 .39a	•••		Do. Do.		•••	4.30	"
6	•••		Do.		•••	10	"		40	•••	• •	Do.		•••	4.37 4.45))
	Dat	e of Sale : F	riday, Janu napel lane.	ary 29,	19 0	4.		1	42	•••		Do.		•••	4.52	"
6A		1st and 2nd		903		7	A.M.		П	ate	of sale: W	ednesday	January 2	7, 19) 04.	
6в			Do.			7. 7	"	ļ	45			Dam stree			•	
7	•••		$\mathbf{D_0}$.		•••	7.15	"		45 49	•••	1st and 2n	a quarters Do.	, 1903	•••	~ `-	P.M.
		Mo	osque lane.						50A			Do.			0 1 5	77 33
1		1st and 2nd		903	•••	7.22	A.M.	1	51	•••		Do.		•••	2.22	"
	•••		Do. Do.			7.30	"		52 53	•••		Do.			2.30	33
	•••		Do. Do.		•••	7.37 7.45	"		54		2nd quarte	Do. er. 1903			$\frac{2.37}{2.45}$	11
23	•••		Do.		•••	7.52	"		$5\overline{5}$	***		Do.		•••	2.52	· ••
. 4	•••		Do.		•••	8	"	-	56	•••		Do.		•••	3 .	"
56	•••		Do.	•	•••	8. 7	"	58-	-59 61		1st and 2n		, 1903	•••	3. 7	"
			amat lane.					ŀ	O1	•••	2nd quarte	•		•••	3.15	**
2	•••	1st and 2nd				8.15	A.M.	ŀ				Moor str				
3 4	•••		Do. Do.		•••	8.22 8.30	"	1 .1	43	•••	1st and 2n	d quarters,	, 1903	•••	3.22	P.M.
5	•••		Do.			8.37	"					Dam stree	ŧ.			
7	•••		Do.			8.45	"		29		1st and 2n				3.30	'D M
8	•••		Do.			8.52	"		37	•••	ist and 2n	Do.	, 1000	••••		
10	•••		Do.		•••	9	"	1	38	•••	,	Do.		•••	9 15))))
			wart street						39	•••		Do.		•••	3.52	"
1	•••	1st and 2nd			•••		A.M.		62 63	•••		Do. Do.		•••	4 4. 7	",
2 2a			Do. Do.		•••	9.15 9.22	11		87	•••		Do.		•••	4.15	1)
6	•••		Do.		•••	9.30	"		88	•••	2.2	Do:		•••	4.22	"
	Dat	e of Sale: M	onder Jor				"		90 96	•••	2nd quart			•••	4.30	, ,,
	Dai		Moer stree		, 10	U=			99	•••	1st and 2n	Do. d quarters	. 1903	•••	4.37 4.45	"
74		1st and 2nd			•••	2.	P.M.		••	•••				•••	X.IU	".
. 75	•••		Do.		• • •	2. 7	**		•			d Moor str	eet.			
76 77	•••		Do. Do.		•••	2.15 2.22	"		3 5		2nd quart		1009	•••	_	P.M.
78	•••		Do.		···	2.30	"				1st and 2n			•••	5	"
78A			Do.		• • •	2.37	"		Ι)ate	of Sale:			8, 19)0 4 .	
80	•••		Do.		•••	2.45	"	Ì			Ol	d Moor str	eet.			
81 83	•••		Do. Do.		• • •	2.52 3	"		6 7		1st and 2n		, 1903	•••	2	
84			Do.		•••	3. 7	· >>	'	9	••••		Do. Do.	,	•••	2. 7 2.15	
85	•••		Do.		•••	3.15	"		10			Do.		•••	0.00) "
90 91	•••		Do.		•••	3.22	"		11	•••		Do.		•••	2.3 0	,,
91 92	•••		Do. Do.		•••	3.30 3.37	"		12 13	•••	2nd quart	Do. 2r 1902		•••	2.37	,,,
93	•••		Do.		•••	3.45	";] .	14.	•••	1st and 2n	d quarters	s. 1903	•••	2.45 2.52). "
94	•••		Do.		•••	3.52	11		15	•••		$\mathbf{\tilde{D}_{0}}.$,,	•••	3	"
95	••:		Do.		•••	4 7	12	İ	17	•••		Do.	•	•••	3.15	
97 99	•••		Do. Do.		•••	4. 7	"		18	•••		Do.		٠.	3.22	2 .,,
101	•••	2nd quarter,			•••	$\frac{4.15}{4.22}$	•		19 2 3	•••		Do. Do.	. *	•••	3.30	ο,,
103	•••	1st and 2nd		903		4.30	//		26	,		Do.		•••	3.3' 3.4	
104	•••		Ďο.		•••	4.45	,,,		27	· • • •		1)0.		•••	3.5	າ ິ
105 106	•••		Do. Do.		•••	4.52 5	"		28	• •••		Do.		***	4	_ "
	•••				•••	5.	"		$\begin{array}{c} 31 \\ 32 \end{array}$	•••		Do. Do.	•	•••	. 4.	7 .,,
	Date	of Sale: Tu			190)4.			34	•••		Do.		••	4.1	າງ ′′
107	• • • •	New 1st and 2nd	Moor stree	ะ เ. 9กร		2	D M		35	,	•	Do.		••	• 4.2 • 4.3	≀∧ ′′
108	•••		Quarters, 1: Do.	UUU	•••	2. 7	P.M.	90	36	•••		Do.		••	. 4.3	
109	•••	2nd quarter,	1903			$\tilde{2}.15$		38-	-39 40	ŕ.,		Do.			. 4.4	15 ,,
111	•••	1st and 2nd	quarters, 1	903	•••	2.22	"		41	•••	2nd quart	Do. er. 1902		••	. 4.5	52 "
$\begin{array}{c} 114 \\ 112 \end{array}$	•••	2nd quarter,	1903	ดบส	•••	2.30	.,	.					on 00	 مد	. 5.	
113	•••	1st and 2nd	quarters, 1 Do.	ับบ	•••	2.37 2.45	"	.		ar cirl	e of Sale:	LIMAY, J	anuary 29	, 19	U 4.	
116	•••		Do.		•••	2.52			42		1st and 2r	ld Moor s	reet.		o	77 M
117	•••	•	Do.		•••	3	ر. الرس	l	46	•••	2nd quart	er, 1903	e, rano	•	. 2 . 2. '	7 ,,
							•	,			-			• • •		- "

Premises. No. Quarter and Year.	Time of Sale.	MUNICIPALITY OF KANDY.
- 48 1st and 2nd quarters, 1903	2.15 р.м.	TARACITE CALL ALL CALLS
" 49 D o.	2.22 ,,	ACH of the properties, of which particulars are
56 Do.	9.80 "	given in the under-mentioned lists, seized in virtue
77 Do.	9 27 ''	of warrants issued by the Chairman, will be sold in the
57—58 Do.	9.47 "	order stated, under authority of section 21 of the Muni-
#*A		cipal Councils' Amendment Ordinance, No. 1 of 1896.
	2.52 ,,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
60 <u>Do</u> .	3 ,,	List S, on Monday, November 23, 1903, commencing at
62 Do.	3. 7 ,,	8 o'clock A.M.
63 Do.	3.15 ,,	List T, on Tuesday, November 24, 1903, commencing
64—65 Do.	3.22 ,	at 8 o'clock A.M.
66 Do.	ี 3.30 ′	List U, on Wednesday, November 25, 1903, commencing
68 Do.	2 27 ''	at 1 o'clock P.M.
CO	551 ,,.	
	3.45 ,,	unless in the meantime the amount of rates and taxes
71 Do.	3.52 ,,	and of costs due on each property respectively be paid.
72 Do.	4 ,,	The order and course prescribed by Ordinance No. 6
73 Do.	4.7 ,,	of 1873 will be followed.
74 Do.	4.15 ,,	<u></u>
75 Do.	1 99	By order,
75A Do.	4 2n "	H. BYRDE,
,	••• 4.50 ,,	The Municipal Office, Secretary.
Date of Sale: Saturday, January	30 , 19 04.	Kandy, October 27, 1903.
Kollupitiya road.		
	7	
26 3rd and 4th quarters, 1902	7 д.м.	List S.
26A Do.	7. 7 ,,	
26B Do.	7.15 ,,	$Trincomalee \ Street.$
26c Do.	7.22 ,,	No. Description of Reputed Owner.
27 1st to 4th quarter, 1902	7.30 ,,	l
28 Do.	7.37 ,,	Property. 58A House and land Mrs. Girihagama
30 Do.	7 45 "	1
31 2nd to 4th quarter, 1902	7 59 "	95 Do M. Ameer
32 1st to 4th quarter, 1902	ο "	117 Do M. L. Marikar
	0 ~ ''	137A Do H. M. N. Haniffa
	8. 7 ,,	151 Do D. C. Gunasekera
34B Do.	8.15 "	168 Do Joseph Wijesinhe's
35A 4th quarter, 1902	8.22 ,,	estate
38 1st to 4th quarter, 1902	8.30 ,,	173 Do Hazer Umma
39 Do.	8.37 ,,	900 The 35 or 17 of an do
40 3rd and 4th quarters, 1902	8.45 ,,	206n D. Mar Bibile
44 1st to 4th quarter, 1902	Q 59 "	
44A 4th quarter, 1901, to 4th qu		306c Do Mrs. Girihagama
	Λ	336 Do Mrs. James Perera
1902 48 4th quarter, 1902	o = ''	399 Do Tina Heneyah
48A Do.	9.15 ,,	$oldsymbol{B}$ rownrigg Street.
49 1st to 4th quarter, 1902	9.22 ,,	21 House and land Mrs. Girihagama
50A Do.	9.30 ,,	89 Do C. B. Nugawela
52—52A Do.	9.37 ,,	00
53 4th quarter, 1902	9.45 ,,	90A-F Do do.
58 1st to 4th quarter, 1902	9.52 ,,	Castle Hill Street.
59 Do.	10	
59A Do.	10 ,, 1 P.M.	104 House and land Casim Ismail
59B Do.	1 7	77. 0
0.0	1.15 ,,	King Street.
		20A-N House and land M. L. Idroos Lebbe
60E Do.	1.22 ,,	Marikar
60c 2nd to 4th quarter, 1902	1.30 ,,	00 5 35 35 35
60н Do.	1.37 ,,	25 Do M. Noor Deen
601 3rd and 4th quarters, 1902	1.45 "	Hill Street.
70 1st to 4th quarter, 1902	1.52 ,,	ł
`` 71 Do.	2 ,	18A House and land Mrs. Brodie
71A 3rd and 4th quarters, 1902	2. 7 ,,	19 Do do.
71B Do.	9.15	38 Do M. Ameer
74 4th quarter, 1902	9 99 ′′	
74B 2nd to 4th quarter, 1902	0.20	$Palace\ Square.$
7K 200 00 100 qual 001, 1002	9 27	22 House and land Church of England
75 Do.	2.37 ,,	
225A 1st to 4th quarter, 1902	2.45 ,,	property
225B Do.	2.52 ,,	List T.
77A Do	3 _ ,,	Katugastota Road.
79 Do.	3. 7 "	1
79A 4th quarter, 1902	3.15 ,,	21 House and land Segu Meedin
225c 1st to 4th quarter, 1902	3.22 ,,	30 Do Isa Umma
225p Do.	3.30 ; ,,	84 Do Ratu Vedarala
84c 4th quarter, 1902	2 27	231 to 234 Do Kolanda Umma
86 1st to 4th quarter, 1902	2 15	236 to 238 Do S. Casie Lebbe
	2 59 "	Marikar.
	4 . "	
98 55	4 ,,	277 Do Casie Lebbe
, 00	4. 7 ,,	Asgiriya Road.
99' Dor	4.15 ,,	
99A Do.	\dots 4.22 $,$	14 and 15 House and land Daniel Fonseka
99B Do.	4.30 ,,	_
101 3rd and 4th quarters, 1902	4.37 ,,	Cemetery Road.
200 2nd to 4th quarter 1909	4.45 ,,	3 Waste land Martin Ambrose's
104 1st to 4th quarter, 1902	4.52 ,,	estate
•		I Country

No.	Description of Property.	Réputed Owner.	No. Descripti Proper	
17 .	Udamadapa House and land Do Do.	ota J. C. Perera Charles Appu C. Heydekera	24 House and l 29 Do. 32A-C Do.	Abdul Kaffor
	Old Matale I	Road.	List U	.— Movables.
	Lady Torrington			l sewing olite case J. Trowell
18а-е.		A. D. J. Wijegoone- wardena do. Singho Appu	7 silver bangles, 1 s ornament 1 bed sheet 1 iron safe	S. Meedin Natchiya M. L. Marikar Cramer

ROAD COMMITTEE NOTICES.

of the Ordinance No. 10 of 1861, all persons intending to offer themselves as candidates for the office of European, Burgher, or Native Member of the District Committee of Kurunegala for the years 1904, 1905, and 1906, are hereby required to signify their intention in writing to the Chairman of the Provincial Road Committee for the North-Western Province at least ten days before the day of election. The election will be held on Friday, December 4, 1903.

G. F. PLANT, Secretary, Provincial Road Committee.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, Kurunegala, October 20, 1903.

මේ 1801කේ දහවෙනි ඉලක්කමෙ ආසුපණිතෙන් විසිහසවෙනි වගන්තියේ පුකාර විෂි 1904, 1905, 1906ට කුරුනෑගල දිසාවේ කොම්ටියට එරෝපාකාර බර්ගර් සහ සවදේසක්කාර සභා කාර තනතුරට පැමිනීමට කැමතිව සිටින අස තමුන් එසේ කල්පනාකර තිබෙන බව තෝරා ගැනීමේ දවසට දසදවසක් පුථමයෙන් වයඔ පලාතේ කොම්ටියේ පුධානතැනට ලියවිල්ලකින් දනුම්දෙන්නට ඕනෑ බව මෙසින් දන්වනවාය විෂි 1903 ක්වු දෙසැම්බු මස 4 වෙනි සිකුරාද තෝරාගන්ට යෙදෙනවා ඇත.

> ජී. ඇජ්. පලෑන්ව්, සෙකුතාරිස් වම්**හ**.

විෂී 1903 ක්වූ මක්තෝම්බු මස 20 වෙනි දින කුරුනෑගල පලාතේ කොම්ට්යේදීය.

OTICE is hereby given that under the 26th clause of the Ordinance No. 10 of 1861, all person intending to offer themselves as candidates for the office of European, Burgher, or Native Member of the District Committee of Puttalam are hereby required to signify their intention in writing to the Chairman of the Provincial Road Committee for the North-Western Province at least ten days before the day of election. The election will be held on December 3, 1903.

G. F. PLANT, Secretary, Provincial Road Committee.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, Kurunegala, October 19, 1903.

ට මී 1861 කෝ දහවෙනි ඉලක්කමේ ආසුපණතේ විසිහයවෙනි වහන්තියේ පුකාර පූතතලමේ දිසාවේ කොම්ටියට එරෝපාකාර බර්ශර් සහ සාමදේසක්කාර සහාකාර තනතුරව පැමිනිමට කැමතිව සිවින අය තමුන් එසේ කල්පනාකර තිබෙන බව තෝරාගැනීමේ දවසට දසදවසක් පුථමයන් වයඹ පලාමන් පොවින්සියල් රෝඩ් කොම්ටියේ . පුධානතැනට ලියවිල්ලකින් දනුම් දෙන්නට ඕනෑ බව .මෙයින් දන්වනවාය. චිෂි 1903 ක්වු දෙසැම්බර් මස 3 වෙනි දිනදී පස්වරු දෙකකුත් විනාසි 30ට තෝරාගන්ට යෙදෙනවා ඇත.

ජී. ඇප්. පලෑග්ව, සෙකුතාරිස් වම්භ.

වෂ් 1903 ක්වූ මක්තෝබර් මස 19 වෙනි දින කුරුණෑගල පොවින් සියල් රෝඞ් කොම්ටියේදීය.

TOTICE is hereby given that under the 26th clause of the Ordinance No. 10 of 1861, all persons intending to offer themselves as candidates for the office of European, Burgher, or Native Member of the District Committee of Chilaw for the years 1904, 1905, and 1906, are hereby required to signify their intention in writing to the Chairman of the Provincial Boad Committee for the North-Western Province at least ten days before the day of election. The election will be held on December 14, 1903.

G. F. PLANT, Secretary, Provincial Road Committee.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, Kurunegala, October 20, 1903.

මේ 1861කෝ දකවෙනි ඉලක්කමේ ආඤුපණිතේ විසිනයවෙනි වගන්තීයේ පුකාර චිම් 1904 1905, 1906ට හලාවන දිසාවේ කොම්ටියට එරෝප කාර බර්ගර් සහ සවදේසක්කාර සභාකාර නන තුරට පැමිනීමට කැමතිව සිටින අය තමුන් එසේ කල්පනාකර තිබෙන බව තෝරාගැනීමේ දවසට දසදවසක් පුථමයෙන් වයඹ දිසාවේ පොවින්සි කල් රෝඞ් කොම්ටියේ පුධානනැනට ලියවිල්ල කින් දනුම්දෙන්ට ඕනෑ බව මෙයින් දනවනවාය. 1903 ක්වූ දෙසැම්බු මස 14 වෙනි දිනදී නෝරාගත්ට යෙදෙනවා ඇත.

ජී. ඇජ. ජලැන්වී. සෙකුතාරිස් විම්**ත**.

වෂී 1903 ක්වූ මක්තෝම්බු මස 20 වෙනි දින කුරුනුෑගල පලාතේ කොම්ටියේදිය. இத்தா லறிவிக்கிறதாவது 1861 ம் ஆண்டின் 10 ம் இலக் கைக்கட்டுளச்சட்டத்தின் 26 ம் பிரிவீன்படி ஐரோட் பியர், பர்கர்மார், உள் ஆரவர்கள் டிஸைதிறிக் ேறேட் கொ மிறீறியின் கூட்டத்தார்களாக இந்த வுத்தியோகத்தைக் கேட்சு நி?னத்திருக்கிற யாவருந்தங்களெண்ணத்தைத் தெ ரிந்துகொள்ளுதேஅக்குக் கடுகியாகப் பத்து நா?ளக்கு மூன் னே மேற்கு நாட்டிக்குச்சேர்ந்த பிறவீன்கியல் ேறேட்கொ ம்மிட்டியின் சங்கத்துவவதுக்கு எழுத்திஞல் பயன்படும் படி இத்தால் கேட்கப்படுகிறது. தெரிந்துகொள்ளுதல் 1903 ம் து மார்கழிமு 14 ந் தேதி சாயந்தரம் 2½ மணிக்கு புத்தளம் கச்சேரியில் நியமித்திருக்கிறது.

ஜி. எவ். பிலெண்ட், சக்கிறீத்தார்.

கு அகுகல் பிறவீன் சியல் றேட்கொம்மிற்றி, 1903 ம் இல் ஐப்பசிலு 20 ந் உ.

Norton-Carolina Road.

OTICE is hereby given that in terms of the Branch Roads Ordinance, No. 14 of 1896, the following gentlemen have been elected to form the Local Committee to perform the duties imposed by the Ordinance in respect of the above road for the term ending August 26, 1905:—

Messrs. R. A. Galton (Chairman), M. Portman, W. C. Lloyd, H. C. Bryett, and H. R. Wiggin.

S. HAUGHTON, Chairman.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, Kandy, October 28, 1903.

Darrawela-Annfield Road.

OTICE is hereby given that in terms of the Branch Roads Ordinance, No. 14 of 1896, the following gentlemen have been elected to form the Local Committee to perform the duties imposed by the Ordinance in respect of the above road for the term ending September 15,

Messrs. R. H. S. Scott (Chairman), C. A. Hartley, A. Craib, R. M. Knight, and D. Kerr.

> S. HAUGHTON. Chairman.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, Kandy, October 28, 1903.

OTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for the maintenance of the under-mentioned road for 1903, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, 1896," have assessed the proportion due by each estate in the district interested in the repair of the said road, as follows:

KANDAPOLA-UDA PUSSELLAWA ROAD (between Kandapola and St. Margaret's).

... Rs. 4,000 Government moiety ... Rs. 4,000 Private contributions

1st section, 1 mile. Total acreage, 13,712—Moiety of cost, Rs. 245·27—Sectional rate, ·0178c.—Total rate, ·0178c.

Acreage. Rs. c. Proprietors or Agents. Estates. ... Kenmare ... 167 ... 3 11 Leechman & Co. 0 67 ... Dovedale ... 30 ...

1st to 2nd section, 2 miles. Total Acreage, 13,515—Moiety of cost, Rs. 245·27 —
Sectional rate, ·0181c.—Total rate, ·0359c.
eechman & Co. ... The Park ... 237 ... 8

Leechman & Co.

1st to 4th section, 4 miles.
Total acreage, 13,278—Moiety of cost, Rs. 490·54—
Sectional rate, ·0369c.—Total rate, ·0728c.

Megginson ... St. John's ... 274 ... 20 W. Megginson Finlay, Muir & Co. ... Dukenfield ... 274 ... Cumberbatch & Co. ... Brookside ... 280 ... 20 52

1st to 6th section, 6 miles. Total acreage, 12,450—Moiety of cost, Rs. 490·54—Sectional rate, ·0394c.—Total rate, ·1122c.

Anglo-Ceylon and General

Estates Co., Limited ... Glen Devon... 482 ... 54 22

	*
	- Amount.
Proprietors or Agents.	Estates. Acreage. Rs. c.
Maturata Tea Estates Co.	
Limited	. Mahakudagalla 304 34 24
C. C. Wilson	Gonakele 206 23 25
	section, 8 miles.
Total acreage 11 458	Moiety of cost, Rs. 490.54—
Sectional rate :04	28c.—Total rate, 1550c.
Standard to G	·
Standard tea Co Do	Conygar 176 27 42 Eskdale 238 37 3
Do	Eskdale 238 37 3
Do	. Liddesdale 810 125 69 . St. Leonard's 725 112 51
The Galaha Ceylon Tea	. St. Lieonard's 725 112 51
Estates and Agency Co.	
Limited	'Ragalla 999 154 98
1st to 9th se	ection, 9 miles.
Total acreage, 8,510—	Moiety of cost, Rs. 245.27—
Sectional rate, '02	88c.—Total rate, ·1838c.
Bois Brothers & Co	Stafford 183 33 77
The Galaha Ceylon Tea	
Estates and Agency Co.,	-2.40
Limited	Halgran-oya 392 72 18
1st to 12th	section, 12 miles.
Total acreage, 7,935-	Moiety of cost, Rs. 735.81—
Sectional rate, ·09:	26c.—Total rate, ·2764c.
·	Gordon 378 104 61
Anglo-Ceylon and Genera	
Estates Co. Limited	Delmar 1,322 365 54
Ist to 13th	section, 13 miles.
Total acreage, 6,235—	Moiety of cost, Rs. 245.27—
	93c.—Total rate, ·3157c.
North C. Davidson .	Amherst and
	Stockhill 426 134 62
Do. ,	Gracelyn 137 43 39
Do.	Kadawatta 81 25 71
P. L. Muttu Carpen Chett	y Mousa No. 2 125 39 60
1st to 14th	section, 14 miles.
	Moiety of cost, Rs. 245.27—
Sectional rate, ·04	48c.—Total rate, ·3605c.
J. Anstruther and C. Bago	t Waldemar 627 226 17
Do	Gomalie 190 68 63
	Oulton 156 56 37
1st to 16th s	ection, 15·16 miles.
Total acreage, 4.493—	Moiety of cost, Rs. 287·43—
Sectional rate, 063	9c.—Total rate, ·4244c.
	Alagalla 331 140 61
Whittall & Co.	Gampaha 865 367 24
Do.	Kirklees 717 304 43
	Beckington 25 10 75
Colombo Commercial Co	
	Galaboda 180 76 53
	Aluwick 938 398 22
	St. Margaret's
	and Mousa
	No. 1 343 145 70
Standard Tea Co	Tulloes 419 177 96
Lanka Co., Limited .	Rappahannock 473 200 88
F. J. Whittall and Presto	n Lucky Land 202 85 86
	3,721 22
3771 1.3	
Which sums the propi	rietors, managers, or agents of

the several estates are hereby required to pay into the Colonial Treasury, Colombo, on or before November 13,

1903.	Rs.	ċ.	Rs.	c.
N.B.—Private contributions		_	4,000	0
Deduct bank interest	99	31	,	
Unexpended balance, 1902		68		
Contribution paid by High		••		
Forest estate	176	80	278	70
			210	
			3,721	21

S. HAUGHTON, Chairman.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, Kandy, October 23, 1903.

UNOFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE GOLCONDA ESTATE RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED.

- 1. The name of the Company is "THE GOLCONDA ESTATE RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED."
- 2. The registered office of the Company is to be established in Nuwara Eliya.
- 3. The objects for which the Company is established are-
 - (a) To purchase the following property, to wit, Golconda estate, consisting of the following pieces of land:—
 - (1) A piece of land situate in the Mukim of Kapar, in the District of Klang, Selangor, in the Malay Peninsula, containing by admeasurement two hundred and eighty-nine (289) acres, and comprised in Selangor Laud Grant No. 1,614 dated the 27th day of February, 1897;

(2) A piece of land situate in the Mukim of Kapar aforesaid, containing by admeasurement three-hundred and sixty-one (361) acres, and comprised in Selangor Land Grant

No. 1,840 dated the 27th day of September, 1897;

(3) A piece of land situate in the Mukim of Kapar aforesaid, containing by admeasurement three hundred and twenty (320) acres, and comprised in Selangor Land Grant No. 1,841 dated the 27th day of September, 1897—

for Ninety thousand Rupees (Rs. 90,000) as from the First day of January, 1903, upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon between the Company and the proprietor or proprietors of the said estate. The purchase money of the said estate shall be paid either wholly in cash, or wholly in fully paid up shares of the Company, or partly in cash and partly in fully paid up shares of the Company.

- (b) To purchase, take on lease, take in exchange, or otherwise acquire any other estate or estates, land or lands, in the Malay Peninsula or elsewhere, and any right of way, water right, and other rights, privileges, and easements and concessions, and any machinery, implements, tools, live and dead stock, stores, effects, and other property, real or personal, immovable or movable of any kind.
- (c) To hold, use, clear, open, plant, cultivate, work, manage, improve, carry on, and develop the said Golconda estate, and any other estates or lands that may be purchased, leased, or otherwise acquired, with rubber, or any other products, or in any other ways.
- (d) To purchase or take on lease any other estates or lands, either adjacent to the said Golconda estate or to any other estates or lands that may be purchased, leased, or acquired, or elsewhere, for the purpose of water supply and (or) providing fuel or timber for the business of the Company, or for any other purpose necessary for the working of the Company.
- (e) To plant, grow, and produce rubber, tea, coffee, cinchona, cacao, cardamoms, rhea, ramie, plants, trees, and other natural products or produce of any kind in the Malay Peninsula or elsewhere.
- (1) To carry on in the said Malay Peninsula or elsewhere all or any of the following businesses; that is to say, planters of rubber, tea, coffee, or any other such products or produce as aforesaid in all its branches; carriers of passengers and goods by land or by water; forwarding agents, merchants, exporters, importers, traders, engineers; proprietors of docks, wharves, jetties, piers, warehouses, and boats; and of tug owners and wharfingers; and any other business which can or may conveniently be carried on in connection with the above or any of them.
- (g) To acquire or establish and carry on any other business, manufacturing, shipping, or otherwise, which can be conveniently carried on in connection with any of the Company's general business; and to apply for, purchase, or otherwise acquire any patents, brevets d'invention, concessions, and the like conferring an exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any information as to, any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the Company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit this Company; and to use, exercise, develop, grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights, and information so acquired.
- (h) To treat, cure, submit to any process or manufacture, and prepare for market (whether on account of the Company or others) rubber, tea, coffee, or any other such products or produce as aforesaid, or any articles or things whatsoever; to buy, sell, trade, and deal in rubber, tea, coffee, and other plants and seed, and rice and other food and requisites for coolies, labourers, and others employed on estates; and to buy, sell, warehouse, transport by land or water, trade, and deal in rubber, tea, coffee, and other products, wares, merchandise, articles, and things of any kind whatsoever.

- (i) To purchase rubber, tea leaf, coffee, and (or) other raw products or produce for manufacture, manipulation, and (or) sale.
- (j) To work mines or quarries, and to find, win, get, work, crush, smelt, manufacture, or otherwise deal with ores, metals, minerals, oils, precious and other stones, or deposits or products, and generally to carry on the business of mining in all branches.
- (h) To purchase, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire and hold boats, barges, tugs, launches, and vessels of any description whatsoever; and to purchase, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire and hold vans, omnibuses, carriages and carts, and other vehicles of any description whatsoever; and to purchase, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire and hold all live and dead stock, chattels, and effects required for the maintenance and working of the business of carriers by land or by water; of proprietors of docks, wharves, jetties, piers, warehouses; of tug owners and wharfingers; or of any other business which can or may conveniently be carried on in connection with the above respectively.
- (1) To build, make, construct, equip, maintain, improve, alter, and work tea factories, coffee-curing mills, manufactories, buildings, erections, roads, water-courses, docks, wharves, jetties, and other works and conveniences which may be necessary or convenient for the purposes of the Company, or may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the Company's interests; and to contribute to, subsidize, or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out, or control thereof.
- (m) To cultivate, manage, and superintend estates and properties in the Malay Peninsula and elsewhere, and generally to undertake the business of estate agents in the Malay Peninsula and elsewhere; to act as agents for the investment, loan, payment, transmission, and collection of money, and for the purchase, sale, improvement, development, and management of property including concerns and undertakings; and to transact any other agency business of any kind.
- (n) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, Government, Municipal, local, or otherwise that may seem conducive to the Company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges, and concessions which the Company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise, and comply with such arrangements, rights, privileges, and concessions.
- (o) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interest, reciprocal concession or co-operation with any person or persons, corporation, or company carrying on or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this Company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted, so as directly or indirectly to benefit this Company, and to take or otherwise acquire and hold shares or stock in or securities of and to subsidize or otherwise assist any such Company, and to sell, hold, re-issue with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with such shares or securities; and to form, constitute, or promote any other Company or Companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property, rights, and liabilities of this Company, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit this Company.
- (p) To procure the Company to be registered or established or authorized to do business in Ceylon and in the Malay Peninsula, or in Ceylon or the Malay Peninsula, or elsewhere.
- (q) To lend money on any terms and in any manner and on any security, and in particular on the security of plantations, factories, growing crops, produce, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bonds, bills of lading, warrants, stocks, shares, debentures, and book debts, or without any security at all, and generally to transact financial business of any kind.
- (r) To borrow or raise money for the purposes of the Company, or receive money on deposit at interest or otherwise, and for the purpose of raising or securing money or the performance or discharge of any obligation or liability of the Company or for any other purpose to create, execute, grant, or issue any mortgages, mortgage debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company either at par, premium, or discount, and either redeemable or irredeemable or perpetual, secured upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, rights, and properties of the Company, present and future, including uncalled capital or the unpaid calls of the Company, and to change or vary from time to time such securities.
- (s) Generally to purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any real or personal property, and any rights, privileges, licenses, or easements which the Company may think necessary or convenient with reference to any of these objects, and capable of being profitably dealt with in connection with any of the Company's property or rights for the time being.
- (t) To sell the undertaking of the Company or any part thereof for such consideration as the Company may think fit, and in particular shares, debentures, or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this Company.
- (u) To sell, improve, manage, develop, lease, underlease, exchange, surrender, mortgage, dispose of turn to account, or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the Company.
- (v) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined.
- (w) To make, accept, endorse, and execute promissory notes, bills of exchange, and other negotiable instruments.

- (x) To remunerate any parties for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place any shares in the Company's capital, or any debentures, debenture stock, or other securities of the Company, or in or about the formation or promotion of the Company or the conduct of its business.
- (y) To do all or any of the above things, and either as principals, agents, contractors, or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others, and either by or through agents, subcontractors, trustees, or otherwise, and generally to carry on any business or effectuate any object of the Company.
- (2) To do all such other things as may be necessary, incidental, conducive, or convenient to the attainment of the above objects or any of them. It being hereby declared that in the foregoing clause (unless a contrary intention appears) the word "person" includes any number of persons and a corporation, and that the "other objects" specified in any one paragraph are not to be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other paragraph.
- 4. The liability of the members is limited.
- 5. The nominal capital of the Company is Three hundred thousand Rupees (Rs. 300,000), divided into three thousand (3,000) shares of One hundred Rupees (Rs. 100) each, with power to increase or reduce the capital. In case the Company shall increase its capital by the issue of new shares, such shares may be issued upon the terms specified in the Articles of Association for the time being of the Company.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names:—

Names and Addresses of Subscribers.			of Shares taken ch Subscriber.
J. N. CAMPBELL, Nuwara Eliya	***	•••	One
WM. D. BOSANQUET, Agrapatana	•••	•••	One
ELINOR BOSANQUET, Agrapatana	•••	•••	One
John Inch, Galaha	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· • • •	One
F. J. HEALING, Lindula	•••	···•	One
J. E. B. BAILLIE HAMILTON, Lindula	•••	•••	One
MARGARET A. INCH, Galaha	••••		One

Witness to the signature of John Norman Campbell:

J. Wickwar, Nuwara Eliya.

Witness to the signatures of William David Bosanquet and Elinor Bosanquet:
P. Gabriel, Agrapatana.

Witness to the signature of John Inch:

A. F. Howie, Galaha.

Witness to the signature of Francis John Healing:

J. WICKWAR, Nuwara Eliya.

Witness to the signature of John Edmondstone Buchanan Baillie Hamilton:

J. WICKWAR, Nuwara Eliya.

Witness to the signature of Margaret Annie Inch:

A. F. Howie, Galaha.

Dated this Twenty-fourth day of September, One thousand Nine hundred and Three.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE GOLCONDA ESTATE RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED.

IT is agreed as follows :-

11. Table C not to apply; Company to be governed by these Articles.—The regulations contained in the Table C in the schedule annexed to "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these Articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution.

2. Power to alter the Regulations.—The Company may, by special resolution, alter and make provisions

instead of, or in addition to, any of the regulations of the Company, whether contained and comprised in these

Articles or not.

3. None of the funds of the Company shall be employed in the purchase of or be lent on shares of the Company.

Interpretation.

4. Interpretation Clause.—In the interpretation of these presents the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless such meanings be inconsistent with, or repugnant to, the subject or context, viz:--

Company,—The word "Company" means "The Golconda Estate Rubber Company, Limited," incorporated or established by or under the Memorandum of Association to which these Articles are attached. The Ordinance. "The Ordinance" means and includes "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinances, 1861, 1888, and 1893," and every other Ordinance from time to time in force concerning Joint Stock Companies which the discourse of the may apply to the Company.

Special Resolution and Extraordinary Resolution.—" Special resolution" and "extraordinary resolu-

tion" have the meanings assigned thereto respectively by "the Ordinance."

These Presents. "These presents" means and includes the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association of the Company from time to time in force.

Capital.—"Capital" means the capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the

purposes of the Company.

Shares, "Shares" means the shares from time to time into which the capital of the Company may be divided.

Shareholder.—" Shareholder" means a Shareholder of the Company.

Presence or Present.—"Presence or present" at a meeting means presence or present personally or by proxy or by attorney duly authorized.

Directors.—"Directors" means the Directors for the time being of the Company or (as the case may be)

the Directors assembled at a Board.

Board. Board " means a meeting of the Directors or (as the context may require) the Directors assembled at a Board meeting, acting through at least a quorum of their body in the exercise of authority duly

Persons.—" Persons" means partnerships, associations, corporations, companies, unincorporated or

incorporated by Ordinance and registration, as well as individuals.

Office. "Office" means the registered office for the time being of the Company.

Seal.—"Seal" means the common seal for the time being of the Company.

Month.—" Month" means a calendar month.

Writing.—"Writing" means printed matter or print as well as writing.

Singular and Plural Number.—Words importing the singular number only include the plural, and

Masculine and Feminine Gender.—Words importing the masculine gender only include the feminine, and vice versa.

PRELIMINARY.

The Company shall, forthwith after its incorporation purchase the Golconda estate, situate in the Mukim of Kapar, Selangor, in the Malay Peninsula, containing by admeasurement nine hundred and seventy (970) acres for Ninety thousand Rupees (Rs. 90,000) Ceylon currency, as from the First day of January, 1903, upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon between the Company and the proprietors of the said estate.

6. Commencement of Business:—The Company may proceed to carry on business and to employ and

apply its capital as soon after the registration of the Company as the Directors in their discretion shall think fit, and notwithstanding that the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed or applied for or allotted, they shall do so as soon as in the judgment of the Directors a sufficient number of shares shall have been subscribed or applied for.

7. Business to be carried on by Directors.—The business of the Company shall be carried on by or under the management or direction of the Directors, and subject only to the control of General Meetings, in

accordance with these presents.

CAPITAL.

8. Nominal Capital.—The nominal capital of the Company is Three hundred thousand Rupees (Rs. 300,000), divided into Three thousand (3,000) shares of One hundred Rupees each.

9. Arrangement on Issue of Shares.—The Company may call up the balance capital whenever the Directors shall think fit, and may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid, and the time of payment of such calls.

10. Payment of Amount of Shares by Instalments .- If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the holder of the share.

11. Increase or Reduction of Capital.—The Company in General Meeting may, by special resolution. from time to time, increase the capital by creation of new shares of such amount per share and in the aggregate, and with such special, preferential, deferred, qualified, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto as such resolution shall direct, and the Company in General Meeting may by special resolution reduce

the capital as such special resolution shall direct.

12. New Shares.—The new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions, and with such perferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto, as the General Meeting resolving on the creation thereof or any other General Meeting of the Company shall direct; and if no direction be given, as the Directors shall determine, and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to the dividends and in the distribution of assets of the Company, and with a special or without any right to voting.

13. How carried into effect. Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the meeting that sanctions the increase of capital, all new shares shall be offered to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined; and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine.

14. Same as Original Capital.—Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the provisions herein contained with reference to the payments of calls and instalments,

transfer and transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrender, and otherwise.

SHARES.

15! Issue.—The shares, except where otherwise provided, shall be allotted at the discretion of and by the Directors, who may from time to time issue any unissued shares, and may add to such shares such an amount of premium as they may consider proper. Provided that such unissued shares shall first be offered by the Directors to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company as nearly as possible in proportion to the shares already held by them, and such shares as shall not be accepted by the Shareholder or Shareholders to whom the shares shall have been offered, within the time specified in that behalf by the Directors, may be disposed of by the Directors in such manner as they think most beneficial to the Company, Provided also that the Directors may at their discretion allot any shares in payment for any estates or lands or other property purchased or acquired by the Company without first offering such shares to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company.

16. Acceptance.—Every person taking any share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof

by writing under his hand in such form as the Company from time to time directs.

17. Payment — Payment for shares shall be made in such manner as the Directors shall from time to time determine and direct.

18. Shares held by a Firm.—Shares may be registered in the name of a firm, and any partner of the firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm shall be entitled to vote and to give proxies.

19. Shares held by two or more Persons not in Partnership. Shares may be registered in the name

of two or more persons not in partnership.

- 20. One of Joint-holders other than a Firm may give Receipts: only one of Joint-holders resident. in Ceylon entitled to Vote.—Any one of the joint-holders of a share other than a firm may give effectual receipts for any dividends payable in respect of such share; but only one of such joint Shareholders shall be entitled to the right of voting and of giving proxies and exercising the other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, and if the joint-holders cannot arrange amongst themselves as to who shall vote or give proxies and exercise such other rights and powers conferred on sole Shareholder, the Shareholder whose name stands first on the register of shares shall vote or give proxies and exercise those rights and powers; provided, however, that in the event of such first registered Shareholder being absent from the Island, the first registered Shareholder then resident in Ceylon shall vote or give proxies and exercise all such rights and powers as aforesaid.
- Survivor of Joint-holder, other than a Firm, only recognized. In case of the death of any one or more of the joint-holders of any shares, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognized by the Company as having any title to, or interest in, such shares.

22. The joint-holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all

instalments and calls due in respect of such share.

23. Company not bound to recognize any Interest in Share other than that of Registered Holder or of any Person under Clause 39.—The Company shall not be bound to recognize (even though having notice of) any contingent, future, partial, or equitable interest in the nature of a trust or otherwise in any share, or any other right in respect of any share, except any absolute right thereto in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof, and except also the right of any person under clause 39 to become a Shareholder in respect of any share.

24. Certificates.—The certificates of shares shall be issued under the seal of the Company, and signed

by two Directors or by one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries of the Company.

- 25. How issued.—Every Shareholder shall be entitled to one certificate for, all the shares registered in his name, or to several certificates, each for one or more of such shares. Every certificate of shares shall specify the number and denoting numbers of the shares in respect of which it is issued and the amount paid up thereon.
- Renewal of Certificate.—If any certificate be worn out or lost, it may be renewed or replaced after due advertisement by the owner in the Gazette and local papers, and on proof of the fact to the satisfaction of the Directors, and on such indemnity as they shall require being given, and on payment of Rs. 2.50 for every new certificate in addition to the necessary stamp duty.

27. Certificate to be delivered to the first-named of Joint-holders, not a Firm.—The certificate of shares registered in the names of two or more persons not a firm shall be delivered to the person first-named on the register.

TRANSFER OF SHARES.

28. Exercise of Rights.—No person shall exercise any rights of a member until his name shall have been entered in the Register of Members, and he shall have paid all calls and other moneys for the time being payable on every share in the Company held by him.

29. Transfer of Shares. - Subject to the restriction of these Articles, any Shareholder may transfer

all or any of his shares by instrument in writing.

30. No Transfer to Infant or Person of Unsound Mind.—No transfer of shares shall be made to an infant or person of unsound mind.

31. Register of Transfers.—The Company shall keep a book or books to be called "The Register of

Transfers," in which shall be entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share.

32. Instrument of Transfer.—The instrument of transfer of any share shall be signed both by the transferor and transferee, and the transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of such share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register in respect thereof.

33. Board may decline to Register Transfers.—The Board may, at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion, decline to register any transfer of shares by a Shareholder who is indebted to the Company, or upon whose shares the Company have a lien or otherwise; or in case of shares not fully paid up, to any person not approved by them.

34. Not bound to state Reason.—In no case shall a Shareholder or proposed transferee be entitled to require the Directors to state the reason of their refusal to register, but their declinature shall be absolute.

35. Registration of Transfer.—Every instrument of transfer must be left at the office of the Company to be registered, accompanied by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferor, and a fee of Rs. 2.50, or such other sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine, must be paid; and thereupon the Directors, subject to the powers vested in them by Articles 33, 34, and 36, shall register the transferee as a Shareholder and retain the instrument of transfer.

36. The Directors may, by such means as they shall deem expedient, authorize the registration

of transferees as Shareholders without the necessity of any meeting of the Directors for that purpose.

37. Directors not bound to inquire as to validity of Transfer.—In no case shall the Directors be bound to inquire into the validity, legal effect, or genuineness of any instrument of transfer produced by a person claiming a transfer of any share in accordance with these Articles; and whether they abstain from so inquiring, or do so inquire and are misled, the transferor shall have no claim whatsoever upon the Company in respect of the share, except for the dividends previously declared in respect thereof, but, if at all, upon the transferee only.

38. Transfer Books when to be closed.—The transfer books shall be closed during the fourteen days immediately preceding each Ordinary General Meeting, including the First General Meeting; also, when a dividend is declared, for the three days next ensuing the meeting; also at such other times as the Directors

may decide, not exceeding further ten days in any one year.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

Shareholder shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to the shares of such Shareholder.

40. Registration of Persons entitled to Shares otherwise than by Transfer.—Any guardian of any infant Shareholder, or any committee of a lunatic Shareholder, or any person becoming entitled to shares in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or liquidation of any Shareholder, or the marriage of any female Shareholder, or in any other way than by transfer, shall, upon securing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this clause, or of his title, as the Company think sufficient, be forthwith entitled, subject to the provisions herein contained, to be registered as a Shareholder in respect of such shares on payment of a fee of Rs. 2.50; or may, subject to the regulations as to transfers hereinbefore

contained, transfer the same to some other person.

41. Failing such Regist ation, Shares may be sold by the Company.—If any person who shall become entitled to be registered in respect of any share under clause 40 shall not, from any cause whatever, within twelve calendar months after the event on the happening of which his title shall accrue, be registered in respect of such share, or if in the case of the death of any Shareholder no person shall, within twelve calendar months after such death, be registered as a Shareholder in respect of the shares of such deceased Shareholder, the Company may sell such shares, either by public auction or private contract, and give a receipt for the purchase money, and the purchaser shall be entitled to be registered in respect of such share, and shall not be bound to inquire whether the events have happened which entitled the Company to sell the same, and the net proceeds of such sale, after deducting all expenses and all moneys in respect of which the Company is entitled to a lien on the shares so sold, shall be paid to the person entitled thereto.

SHARES (SURRENDER AND FORFEITURE).

42. The Directors may accept Surrender of Shares.—The Directors may accept, in the name and for the benefit of the Company, and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed, a surrender of the

shares of Shareholders who may be desirous of retiring from the Company.

43. If Call or Instalment be not paid, Notice to be given to Shareholder.—If any Shareholder fail to pay any call or instalment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Directors may, at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on such Shareholder or his executors or administrators or the trustee or assignee in his bankruptey, requiring him to pay the same, together with any interest that may have accrued, and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

Terms of Notice.—The notice shall name a day (not being less than one month from the date of the notice) and a place or places at which such call or instalment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

In default of Payment, Shares to be forfeited .- If the requisition of such notice as aforesaid be not complied with, every or any share or shares in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of calls or instalments, interest, and expenses due in respect thereof, be declared

forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

Shareholder still liable to pay Money owing at time of Forfeiture.—Any Shareholder whose shares have been so declared forfeited shall, notwithstanding, be liable to pay, and shall forthwith pay to the Company all calls, instalments, interest, and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of forfeiture until payment, at fifteen per ceut. per annum; and the Directors may enforce the payment thereof if they think fit.

44. Surrendered or forfeited Shares to be Property of Company and may be sold, &c.-Every share surrendered or so declared forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and subject and without prejudice to the provisions of Article 46 hereof, may at any time not less than six months after such surrender or forfeiture be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of upon such terms and in such manner as the

Board shall think fit.

45. Effect of Surrender or Forfeiture.—The surrender or forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in, and also of all claims and demands against, the Company in respect of the share and the proceeds thereof, and all other rights incident to the share, except only such of those rights (if any)

as by these presents are expressly saved.

46. Certificate of Surrender or Forfeiture.—A certificate in writing under the hands of two of the Directors and of the Secretary or Secretaries that a share has been duly surrendered or forfeited, stating the time when it was surrendered or forfeited, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons who would have been entitled to the share but for such surrender or forfeiture, and such certificate and the receipt of the Company for the price of such share shall constitute a good title to such share, and a certificate of proprietorship shall be delivered to any person who may purchase the same from the Company, and thereupon such purchaser shall be deemed the holder of such share, discharged from all calls due prior to such purchase; and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title o such share be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture or sale.

Forfeiture may be remitted.—The Directors shall remit or annul the forfeiture of any share within six months from the date thereof upon the payment of all moneys due to the Company from the late holder or holders of such share or shares, and all expenses incurred in relation to such forfeiture, together with such further sum of money by way of redemption money for the deficit, as they shall think fit, not being less than at the rate of nine per cent. per annum on the amount of the sums wherein default in payment had been made, but no share bona fide sold or re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of under Article 44 hereof, shall be redeemable

after sale or disposal.

- 47. Company's Lien on Shares.—The Company shall have a first charge or paramount lien upon all the shares of any holder or joint-holders for all moneys for the time being due to the Company by such holder, or by all or any of such joint-holders respectively, either in respect of such shares or of other shares held by such holder or joint-holders, or otherwise, and whether due from any such holder individually or jointly with others, including all calls resolutions for which shall have been passed by the Directors, although the times appointed for the payment thereof shall not have arrived; and where any share is held by more persons than one, the Company shall be entitled to the said charge or lien in respect of any money due to the Company from any of such persons; and the Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares subject to such charge or lien.
- 48. Lien how made available.—Such charge or lien may be made available by a sale of all or any of the shares subject to it, provided that no such sale shall be made except under a resolution of the Directors, and until notice in writing shall have been given to the indebted Shareholder or his executors or administrators, or the assignce or trustee in his bankruptcy, requiring him or them to pay the amount for the time being due to the Company, and default shall have been made for six months from such notice in paying the sum thereby required to be paid.

Proceeds how applied.—The net proceeds of any such sale as aforesaid under the provisions of Articles 44 and 48 hereof shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of such debts, liabilities, or engagements, and the residue (if any) paid to such Shareholder or his representatives.

50. Certificate of Sale .- A certificate in writing under the hands of two of the Directors and of the Secretary or Secretaries that the power of sale given by clause 48 has arisen, and is exercisable by the Company under these presents, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated.

51. Transfer on Sale how executed.—Upon any such sale two of the Directors may execute a transfer of such share to the purchaser thereof, and such transfer, with the certificate last aforesaid, shall confer on the purchaser a complete title to such shares.

PREFERENCE SHARES.

52. Preference and deferred Shares.—Any shares from time to time to be issued or created may from time to time be issued with any such right of preference, whether in respect of dividend or of repayment of capital, or both, or any such other special privilege or advantage over any shares previously issued or then about to be issued (other than shares issued with a preference), or at such a premium, or with such deferred rights as compared with any shares previously issued or then about to be issued, or subject to any such conditions or provisions, and with any such right or without any right of voting, and generally on such terms as the Company may from time to time by special resolution determine.

53. Resolutions affecting a particular Class of Shares.—If at any time by the issue of preference shares or otherwise the capital is divided into shares of different classes, then the holders of any class of shares

may, by an extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of such holders, consent, on behalf of all the holders of shares of the class, to the issue or creation of any shares ranking equally therewith, or having any priority thereto, or to the abandonment of any preference or priority, or of any accrued dividend, or the reduction for any time or permanently of the dividends payable thereon, or to any scheme for the reduction of the Company's capital affecting the class of shares; and such resolution shall be binding upon all the holders of shares of the class, provided that this Article shall not be read as implying the necessity for such consent in any case in which but for this Article the object of the resolutions could have been effected without it.

54. Meeting affecting a particular Class of Shares.—Any meeting for the purpose of the last preceding clause shall be convened and conducted in all respects as nearly as possible in the same way as an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, provided that no member, not being a Director, shall be entitled to notice thereof or to attend thereat, unless he be a holder of shares of the class intended to be affected by the resolution, and that no vote shall be given except in respect of a share of that class, and that at any such meeting a poll may be demanded in writing by any members personally present and entitled to vote at the meeting.

CALLS.

55. Directors may make Calls.—The Directors may from time to time make such calls as they think fit upon the holders of registered shares in respect of moneys unpaid thereon, and not by the conditions of allotment made payable at fixed times; and each Shareholder shall pay the amount of every call so made on him to the persons and at the times and places appointed by the Directors, provided that two months' notice at least shall be given to the Shareholder of the time and place appointed for payment of each call.

Calls, time when made. —A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution

authorizing the call was passed at a Board Meeting of the Directors.

Extension of Time for Payment of Call. The Directors shall have power in their absolute discretion to give time to any one or more Shareholder or Shareholders, exclusive of the others, for payment of any call or part thereof, on such terms as the Directors may determine. But no Shareholder shall be entitled to any such extension, except as a matter of grace or favour.

- 56. Interest on unpaid Call.—If the sum payable in respect of any call or instalment is not paid on or before the day appointed for the payment thereof, the holder for the time being of the share in respect of which the call shall have been made, or the instalments due, shall pay interest for the same at the rate of fifteen per centum per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of the actual payment, but the Directors may, when they think fit, remit altogether or in part any sum becoming payable for interest under this clause.
- 57. Payments in anticipation of Calls at Interest.—The Directors may at their discretion receive from any Shareholder willing to advance the same, and upon such terms as they think fit, all or any part of the amount of his shares beyond the sum actually called up.

Borrowing Powers.

58. Power to Borrow.—The Directors shall have power to procure from time to time, in the usual course of business, such temporary advances on the produce in hand, or in the future to be obtained from the Company's estates, as they may find necessary or expedient for the purpose of defraying the expenses of working the Company's estates, or of erecting, maintaining, improving, or extending buildings, machinery, or plantations, or otherwise. Also from time to time at their discretion to borrow or raise from the Directors. or other persons any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company, provided that the money so borrowed or raised and owing at any one time shall not, without the sanction of a General Meeting, exceed Twenty thousand Rupees (Rs. 20,000). But with the sanction of a General Meeting the Directors shall be entitled to borrow such further sum or sums at such rates of interest and upon such terms as such meeting shall determine. The Directors may, for the purpose of securing the repayment of any such sum or sums of money so borrowed or raised, create and issue any bonds, mortgages, debentures, debenture stock bonds, or obligations of the Company charged upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, property, and rights of the Company (both present and future), including uncalled capital or unpaid calls, or by giving, accepting, or endorsing on behalf of the Company any promissory notes or bills of exchange. Any such securities may be issued either at par or at a premium or discount, and may from time to time be varied or exchanged as the Directors may think fit, and may contain any special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, or otherwise. Every debenture or other instrument issued by the Company for securing the payment of money may be so framed that the moneys thereby secured shall be assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued. A declaration under the Company's seal contained in or endorsed upon any of the documents mentioned in this Article and subscribed by two or more of the Directors or by one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries, to the effect that the Directors have power to borrow the amount which such document may represent, shall be conclusive evidence thereof in all questions between the Company and its creditors, and no such document containing such declaration shall, as regards the creditor, be void on the ground of its being granted in excess of the aforesaid borrowing power, unless it shall be proved that such creditor was aware that it was so granted.

MEETINGS.

59. Ordinary General Meeting.—The First General Meeting of the Company shall be held at such time, not being more than twelve months after the registration of the Company, and at such place as the Directors may determine.

60. Subsequent General Meetings.—Subsequent General Meetings shall be held once in every year at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if no time or place is prescribed, at such time and place as may be determined by the Directors.

61. Ordinary and Extraordinary General Meetings.—The General Meetings mentioned in the last preceding clause shall be called Ordinary General Meetings; all other meetings of the Company shall be called

Extraordinary General Meetings.

62. Extraordinary General Meeting.—The Directors may, whenever they think fit, call an Extraordinary General Meeting, and the Directors shall do so upon a requisition made in writing by not less than onetenth of the number of Shareholders holding not less than one-twentieth of the issued capital and entitled to vote.

63. Requisition of Shareholders to state object of Meeting; on Receipt of Requisition Directors to call Meeting, and in default Shareholders may do so.—Any requisition so made shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called, shall be addressed to the Directors, and shall be sent to the registered office of the Company. Upon the receipt of such requisition the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such time and place as they shall determine. If they do not proceed to convene the same within seven days from the delivery of the requisition, the requisitionists may themselves convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such place and at such time as the Shareholders convening the meeting may themselves fix.

64. Seven Days' Notice of Meeting to be given .- Seven days' notice at least of every General Meeting, Or dinary or Extraordinary, and by whomsoever convened, specifying the place, day, hour of meeting, andthe objects and business of the meeting, shall be given to the Shareholders entitled to be present at such meeting in manner hereinafter mentioned, but an accidental omission to give such notice to any

Shareholder shall not invalidate the proceedings at any General Meeting.

. 65. Business requiring and not requiring Notification .- Every Ordinary General Meeting shall be competent, without special notice having been given of the purposes for which it is convened, or of the business to be transacted thereat, to receive and discuss any report and any accounts presented thereto by the Directors, and to pass resolutions in approval or disapproval thereof, and to declare dividends, and to elect Directors and Auditors retiring in rotation, and to fix the remuneration of the Auditors, and shall also be competent to enter upon, discuss, and transact any business whatever, of which special mention shall have been given in the notice or notices upon which the meeting was convened.

66. Notice of other Business to be given .- With the exceptions mentioned in the foregoing Article as to the business which may be transacted at Ordinary General Meetings without notice, no General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss, or transact any business which has not

been specially mentioned in the notice or notices upon which it was convened.

67. Quorum to be present.—No business shall be transacted at a General Meeting unless there shall at the commencement of the business be present in person three or more Shareholders entitled to vote, or unless there shall be present in person two or more and by proxy or by attorney one or more Shareholders entitled to vote.

68. If the Quorum not present, Meeting to be dissolved or adjourned; adjourned Meeting to transact Business.—If at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting the required number of Shareholders shall not be present at the meeting, the meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of Shareholders, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, those Shareholders who are present shall be a quorum, and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.

69. Chairman of Directors or a Director to be Chair man of General Meeting; in case of their absence or refusal a Shareholder may act.—The Chairman (if any) of the Directors shall be entitled to take the chair at every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary; or if there be no Chairman, or if at any meeting he shall not be present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding such meeting, or if he shall refuse to take the chair, the Shareholders shall choose another Director as Chairman; and if no Directors be present, or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair, then the Shareholders present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman.

70. Business confined to Election of Chairman while Chair Vacant.—No business shall be discussed

at any General Meeting except the election of a Chairman whilst the chair is vacant.

71. Chairman with consent may adjourn Meeting .- The Chairman, with the consent of the meeting. may adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took

place, unless due notice shall be given.

72. Minutes of General Meeting. - Minutes of the proceedings of every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall when so entered be signed as soon as practicable by the Chairman of the same meeting; or by the Chairman of the succeeding meeting, and the same when so entered and signed shall be evidence of all such proceedings and of the proper election of the Chairman.

VOTING AT MEETINGS.

73. Votes.—At any meeting every resolution shall be decided by the votes of the Shareholders present in person or by proxy or by attorney duly authorized, and in case there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman at such meeting shall be entitled to give a casting vote in addition to the vote to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder; and unless a poll be immediately demanded in writing by at least two members present in person and not by proxy or by attorney at the meeting and entitled to vote, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the Minute Book of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact without proof of the number of votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

74. Poll.-If a poll be duly demanded, the same shall be taken in such manner and at such time and place as the Chairman shall direct, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. The demand of a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting

for the transaction of any business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.

75. Poll how taken.—If at any meeting a poll be demanded by notice in writing signed by two Shareholders present in person and not by proxy or by attorney at the meeting and entitled to yote, which notice shall be delivered during the meeting to the Chairman, the meeting shall, if necessary, be adjourned, and the poll shall be taken at such time and in such manner as the Chairman shall direct, and in such case every Shareholder shall have the number of votes to which he may be entitled as hereinafter provided; and in case at any such poll there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting at which such poll shall have been demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder and proxy and attorney, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in such meeting.

76. No Poll on Election of Chairman or on Question of Adjournment.—No poll shall be demanded

on the election of a Chairman of the meeting or on any question of adjournment.

77. Number of Votes to which Shareholder entitled.—On a show of hands every Shareholder shall have one vote. In case of a poll every Shareholder shall (except as provided for in the Article immediately following) have one vote for every one share held by him up to three. He shall have an additional vote for every ten shares held by him. When voting on a resolution involving the winding up of the Company, every Shareholder shall have one vote for every share held by him.

78. Guardian of Infant, &c., when not entitled to Vote.—The parent or guardian of an infant Shareholder, the committee or other legal guardian of any lunatic Shareholder, the husband of any female Shareholder not entitled to her shares as separate estate, and the executor or administrator of any deceased Shareholder, or any one of such persons as aforesaid, if more than one, shall not be entitled to vote in the place of such infant, lunatic, female, or deceased person, unless such person shall have been registered as a Shareholder.

79. Voting in Person or by Proxy.—Votes may be given either personally or by proxy or by attorney

duly authorized.

80. Non-shareholder not to be appointed Proxy.—No person shall be appointed a proxy who is not a Shareholder of the Company; but a person, even though not a Shareholder of the Company, may be

appointed an attorney.

- to Vote.—No Shareholder in Arrear or not registered at least Three Months previous to the Meeting not to Vote.—No Shareholder shall be entitled to vote or speak at any General Meeting unless all calls due from him on his shares, or any of them, shall have been paid; and no Shareholder other than the trustee or assignee of a bankrupt or representative of a deceased Shareholder, or person acquiring by marriage, shall be entitled to vote or speak at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company in respect of or as the holder of any share which he has acquired by transfer, unless he has been at least three months previously to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote or speak, duly registered as the holder of the share in respect of which he claims to vote or speak.
- 82. Proxy to be Printed or in Writing.—The instrument appointing a proxy shall be printed or written, and shall be signed by the appointor, or if such appointor be a corporation, it shall be by the common seal of such corporation.
- 83. When Proxy to be deposited.—The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than twenty-four hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote.

84. Form of Proxy.—Any instrument appointing a proxy may be in the following form:—

The Golconda Estate Rubber Company, Limited.

I, _____, of _____, appoint _____, of _____ (a Shareholder in the Company), as my proxy to represent me and to vote for me and on my behalf at the Ordinary (or Extraordinary, as the case may be) General Meeting of the Company to be held on the _____ day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and _____, and at any adjournment thereof, and at every poll which may be taken in consequence thereof.

85. Objection to validity of Vote to be made at the Meeting or Poll.—No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) except at the meeting or poll at which such vote shall be tendered, and every vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) to which no objection shall be made at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.

86. No Shareholder to be prevented from Voting by being personally interested in Result.—No Shareholder shall be prevented from voting by reason of his being personally interested in the result of the voting.

DIRECTORS.

87. Number of Directors.—The number of Directors shall never be less than two nor more than five. 88. Their Qualification and Remuneration.—The qualification of a Director shall be his holding in his own right at least fifteen fully paid shares in the Company of Rs. 100 each, or his having paid up at least One thousand Five hundred Rupees (Rs. 1,500) in respect of the shares in the Company which he shall hold in his own right, and this qualification shall apply as well to the first Directors as to all future Directors. As a remuneration for their services, the Directors shall be entitled to appropriate from and after the 1st January, 1906, a sum not exceeding Four thousand Five hundred Rupees (Rs. 4,500) annually, to be divided between them in such manner as they may determine, but the Company in General Meeting may at any time alter the amount of such remuneration for the future; and such remuneration shall not be considered as including any remuneration for special or extra services hereinafter referred to, nor any extra remuneration to the Managing Directors of the Company.

89. Appointment of First Directors and Duration of their Office.—The first Directors shall be William David Bosanquet of Holmwood, Agrapatana, John Inch of Bellwood, Galaha, and the Hon. Mr. John Norman Campbell of Nuwara Eliya, who shall hold office till the First Ordinary General Meeting, when they shall all

retire, but shall be eligible for re-election.

90. Directors may appoint Managing Director or Directors; his or their Remuneration.—One or more of the Directors may be appointed by the Directors to act as Managing Director or Managing Directors of the Company for such time and on such terms as the Directors may determine or fix by agreement with the person or persons appointed to the office, and they may from time to time revoke such appointment and appoint another or other Managing Director or Managing Directors, and the Directors may impose and confer on the Managing Director or Managing Directors all or any duties and powers that might be imposed or conferred on any Manager of the Company. If any Director shall be called upon to perform any extra

services, the Directors may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such services, either by way of salary, commission, or the payment of a lump sum of money as they shall think fit.

91. Appointment of Successors to Directors .- The General Meeting at which Directors retire or ought to retire by rotation shall appoint successors to them, and in default thereof such successors may be appointed

at a subsequent General Meeting.

92. Board may fill up Vacancies and add to their Number.—The Board shall have power at any time and from time to lime before the First Ordinary General Meeting to supply any vacancies in their number

arising from death, resignation, or otherwise.

- Duration of Office of Director appointed to Vacancy.—Any casual vacancy occurring in the number of Directors subsequent to First Ordinary General Meeting may be filled up by the Directors, but any person so chosen shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Director would have retained the same if no vacancy had occurred.
- 94. One to retire Annually.—At the Second Ordinary General Meeting and at the Ordinary General Meeting in every subsequent year one of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office as provided.
- Retiring Directors how determined.—The Directors to retire from office at the Second and Third. Ordinary General Meeting'shall, unless the Directors otherwise arrange among themselves, be determined by ballot; in every subsequent year the Directors to retire shall be those who have been longest in office.
 - 96. Retiring Directors eligible for Re-election.—Retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.
- 97. Decision of Question as to retirement .- In case any question shall arise as to which of the Directors who have been the same time in office shall retire, the same shall be decided by the Directors by ballot.
- 98. Number of Directors how increased or reduced.—The Directors, subject to the approval of a General Meeting, may from time to time, at any time subsequent to the Second Ordinary General Meeting, increase or reduce the number of Directors, and may also, subject to the like approval, determine in what rotation such increased or reduced number is to go out of office.
- 99. If Election not made, retiring Director to continue until next Meeting.—If at any meeting at which an election of a Director ought to take place the place of the retiring Director is not filled up, the retiring Director may continue in office until the first Ordinary Meeting in the next year, and so on from meeting to meeting until his place is filled up, unless it shall be determined at such meeting to reduce the number of Directors.
- 100. Resignation of Directors.—A Director may at any time give notice in writing of his intention to resign by delivering such notice to the Secretary or Secretaries, or by leaving the same at the office, or by tendering his written resignation at a meeting of the Directors, and on the acceptance of his resignation by the Directors, but not before, his office shall become vacant.
 - When Office of Director to be vacated.—The office of Director shall be vacated— 101.
 - (a) If he accepts or holds any office or place of profit other than Managing Director, Visiting Agent, or Secretary under the Company.
 - (b) If he becomes bankrupt or insolvent, or suspends payment, or files a petition for the liquidation of his affairs, or compounds with his creditors.

(c) If by reason of mental or bodily infirmity he becomes incapable of acting.

- (d) If he ceases to hold the required number of shares to qualify him for the office.
- (e) If he be absent from Ceylon for a period exceeding twelve months at any one time.

(f) If he is concerned or participates in the profits of any contract or work done for the Company.

Exceptions.—But the above rule shall be subject to the following exceptions:—That no Director shall vacate his office by reason of his being a member of any corporation, company, or firm which has entered into any contract with, or done any work for, the Company of which he is a Director, or by his being agent, or secretary, or proctor, or by his being a member of a firm who are agents, or secretaries, or proctors of the Company; nevertheless he shall not vote in respect of any contract, work, or business in which he may be personally interested.

102. How Directors removed and Successors appointed.—The Company may, by a special resolution, remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and may, by an ordinary resolution, appoint another person in his stead, and the Director so appointed shall hold office only during such time as the Director

in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.

103. Indemnity to Directors and others for their own Acts and for the Acts of others.—Every Director or officer, and his heirs, executors, and administrators, shall be indemnified by the Company from all losses and expenses incurred by him respectively in or about the discharge of his respective duties, except such as happen from his respective wilful acts or defaults; and no Director or officer, nor the heirs, executors, or administrators of any Director or officer, shall be liable for any other Director or officer, or for joining in any receipt or other acts of conformity, or for any loss or expense happening to the Company by the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired for or on behalf of the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested, or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency, or tortious act of any person with whom any moneys. securities, or effects shall be deposited, or for any other loss, damage, or misfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his respective office or in relation thereto, unless the same happen through his own wilful act or default.

104. No Contribution to be required from Directors beyond Amount, if any, unpaid on their Shares,-No contribution shall be required from any present or past Director or Manager exceeding the amount,

if any, unpaid on the shares in respect of which he is liable as a present or past Shareholder.

Powers of Directors.

105. Powers of Directors.—The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors either by themselves or through the Managing Director, or by an agent or agents, secretary or secretaries of the Company, in such manner as the Directors shall determine; and the Directors shall pay out of the funds of the Company

all costs and expenses, as well preliminary as otherwise, paid or incurred in and about the formation and the registration of the Company, and in connection with the placing of the shares of the Company, and in and about the valuation, purchase, lease, or acquisition of estatesand lands, and the opening, clearing, planting, cultivation, inspection, and supervision thereof, and otherwise in or about the working and business of the Company.

106. The Directors shall carry on the business of the Company in such manner as they may think most expedient; and in addition to the powers and authorities by any Ordinance or by these presents expressly conferred on them, they may exercise all such powers, give all such consents, make all such arrangements, appoint all such agents, managers, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, clerks, assistants, artisans, and workers, and generally do all such acts and things as are or shall be by any Ordinance and by these presents directed and authorized to be exercised, given, made, or done by the Company, and are not by any Ordinance or by these presents required to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting, subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of any such Ordinance and of these presents, and to such regulations and provisions (if any) as may from time to time be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting; but no regulation made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made. The generality of the powers conferred by any clause in these presents on the Directors shall not be taken to be limited by any clause conferring any special or expressed power.

The Directors shall have power to purchase, take on lease, take in exchange, or otherwise acquire for the Company any estate or estates, land or lands, property, rights, or privileges which the Company is authorized to acquire, at such price and generally on such terms and conditions as they may think fit; and to make, and they may make, such regulations for the management of the business and property of the Company as they may from time to time think proper, and for that purpose may appoint such managers, agents, secretaries, officers, visiting agents, inspectors, clerks, and servants for such period or periods, and with such remuneration, and at such salaries, and upon such terms and conditions as they may consider advisable, and may pay the expenses occasioned thereby out of the funds of the Company, and may from time to time remove or suspend all or any of the managers, agents, officers, visiting agents, inspectors, clerks, or servants for such reasons as they may think proper and adviceable, and without assigning any cause.

108. The Directors shall have power to open from time to time, on behalf of the Company, any account, or accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint; and also by such signatures as they may appoint to draw, accept, make, endorse, and sign cheques, bills of exchange, and promissory notes, bills of lading, receipts, contracts, and agreements, and other documents on behalf and for the purposes of the Company,

also proxy or proxies, appointment or appointments, to any proctor or proctors.

109. The Directors shall also have power to appoint an agent or secretary or agents or secretaries, and to enter into agreements in connection therewith; also to appoint a proctor or proctors, attorney or attorneys, and whatever other officers they may consider necessary to assist in carrying on the business of the Company, and from time to time to revoke such appointments. They shall from time to time determine as they shall see fit the duties of the agent or secretary or agents or secretaries and of the Managing Director and other officers; and may delegate to him or them all or any of the powers hereby made exercisable by the Directors, except those relating to shares and any others as to which special provisions, inconsistent with such delegation, are herein contained; and they shall have power to fix the remuneration of such agent or secretary or agents or secretaries and Managing Director and other officers. They shall not, however, be entitled to delegate any powers of borrowing or charging the property of the Company to any agent of the Company or other person except by instrument in writing, which shall specifically state the extent to which such powers may be used by the person or persons to whom they are so delegated, and the conditions under which they may be so used; and such limitations and conditions shall be an essential part of the powers so delegated, and compliance therewith shall be a condition precedent to the exercise of these powers. The Directors shall also have the power to bring or defend any action, suit, prosecution, or other legal proceedings in the name of the Company.

110. It shall be lawful for the Directors, if authorized so to do by the Shareholders in General Meeting, to arrange terms for the amalgamation of the Company with any other company or individual or individuals, or for the sale or disposal of the business, property, estate, and effects of the Company or any part thereof, respectively, to any company or person, upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit; and the Directors shall have power to do all such things as may be necessary for carrying such amalgamation, sale, or other disposition into effect so far as a resolution or special resolution of the Company is not by law necessary for such purpose; and in case any terms so arranged by the Directors include or make necessary the

dissolution of the Company, the Company shall thereupon be dissolved.

111. The Directors shall exercise in the name and on behalf of the Company all such powers of the Company as are not expressly required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

112. Meeting of Directors.—The Directors may meet for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings as they may think fit, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Until otherwise determined, two Directors shall be a quorum.

113. A Director may summon Meetings of Directors.—A Director may at any time summon a meeting of Directors.

114. Who is to preside at Meetings of Board.—The Board may elect a Chairman of their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office, and all meetings of the Directors shall be presided over by the Chairman, if one has been elected and if present, but if there be a vacancy in the office of Chairman, or if at any meeting of Directors the Chairman be not present at the time appointed for holding the same, then and in that case the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.

115. Questions at Meetings how decided.—Any question which shall arise at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman thereat shall

have a casting vote in addition to his vote as a Director.

116. Board may appoint Committees .- The Board may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as the Board think fit, and they may from time to time revoke and discharge any such committee, either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee so formed shall, in exercise of the powers delegated to it, conform to all such regulations as may be prescribed by the Board; all acts done by any such committee, in conformity with such regulations and in the fulfilment of the purposes of their appointment, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.

117. Acts of Board or Committee valid notwithstanding informal Appointment.—The acts of the Board or of any committees appointed by the Board shall, notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board or committee, or defect in the appointment of any Director or of any member of the committee, be as valid as if no such vacancy or defect had existed, and as if every person had been duly appointed, provided the same be

done before the discovery of the defect.

118. Regulation of Proceedings of Committees.—The meetings and proceedings of such committees shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of Directors so far as the same are applicable thereto, and be not superseded by the express terms of the appointment of such committees respectively, or any regulation imposed by the Board.

119. Resolution in Writing by all the Directors as vulid as if passed at a Meeting of Directors.—
A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a

meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted.

120. Minutes of Proceedings of the Company and the Directors to be recorded.—The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in books to be provided for the purpose of the following matters, videlicet:—

(a) Of all appointments of officers and committees made by the Directors.

(b) Of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors and of the members of the committee appointed by the Board present at each meeting of the committee.

(c) Of the resolutions and proceedings of all General Meetings.

- (d) Of the resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of the Directors and of the committees appointed by the Board.
- (e) Of all orders made by the Directors.
- the person or one of the persons who shall have presided as Chairman at the General Meeting, the Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting at which the business minuted shall have been transacted, or by the person or one of the persons who shall preside as Chairman at the next ensuing General Meeting, or Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively; and all minutes purporting to have been signed by any Chairman of any General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively, shall, for all purposes whatsoever, be primá facie evidence of the actual and regular passing of the resolutions, and the actual and regular transaction or occurrence of the proceedings and other matters purporting to be so recorded, and of the regularity of the meeting at which the same shall appear to have taken place, and of the chairmanship and signature of the person appearing to have signed as Chairman.

122. When the Business of the Company shall commence.—The Directors shall be at liberty to carry on the business of the Company as soon as they shall think fit, notwithstanding the whole capital may not have

been subscribed for or taken.

123. The use of the Seal.—The seal of the Company shall not be used or affixed to any deed or instrument except in the presence of two or more of the Directors or of one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries of the Company, who shall attest the sealing thereof, such attestation on the part of the Secretaries, in the event of a firm being the Secretaries, being signified by a partner of the said firm signing for and on behalf of the said firm as such Secretaries.

ACCOUNTS.

- 124. What Accounts to be kept.—The Agent or Secretary or the Agents or Secretaries for the time being, or, if there be no Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries, the Directors shall cause true accounts to be kept of the paid up capital for the time being of the Company, and of all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and of the matters in respect of which such receipts and expenditure take place, and of the assets, credits, and liabilities of the Company, and generally of all its commercial, financial, and other affairs, transactions, and engagements, and of all other matters necessary for showing the true financial state and condition of the Company; and the accounts shall be kept in such books and in such a manner at the registered office of the Company as the Directors think fit.
- 125. Accounts how and when open to Inspection.—The Directors shall from time to time determine whether, and to what extent, and at what times and places, and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the Company or of any of them shall be open to the inspection of the Shareholders; and no Shareholder shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company, except as conferred by the statutes, or authorized by the Directors, or by resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

 126. Statement of Accounts and Balance Sheet to be furnished to General Meetings.—At the Ordi-

126. Statement of Accounts and Balance Sheet to be furnished to General Meetings.—At the Ordinary General Meeting in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company a statement of the profit and loss account of the preceding year, and a balance sheet containing a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company made up to the end of the previous year.

127. Report to accompany Statement.—Every such statement shall be accompanied by a report as to the state and condition of the Company, and as to the amount which they recommend to be paid out of the profits by way of dividend or bonus to the Shareholders, and the statement, report, and balance sheet shall be signed by the Directors.

128. Copy of Balance Sheet to be sent to Shareholders.—A printed copy of such balance sheet shall, at least seven days previous to such meeting, be delivered at, or posted to, the registered address of every Shareholder.

DIVIDENDS, BONUS, AND RESERVE FUND.

129. Declaration of Dividend.—The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, from time to time declare a dividend to be paid to the Shareholders in proportion to the amount paid

on their shares, but no dividend shall be payable except out of net profits. The fully paid up shares taken by the vendors in part payment of the purchase money shall rank for dividend upon the full amount of such shares.

130. Interim Dividend .- The Directors may, if they think fit, determine on and declare an interim dividend to be paid to the Shareholders on account and in anticipation of the dividend on the then current year.

131. Reserve Fund.—Previously to the Directors recommending any dividend, they may set aside, out of the profits of the Company, such a sum as they think proper as a reserve fund, and shall invest the same in such securities as they shall think fit, or place the same in fixed deposit in any bank or banks.

132. Application thereof.—The Directors may from time to time apply such portion as they think fit of the reserve fund to meet contingencies, or or equalizing dividends, or for working the business of the Company, or for repairing or maintaining or extending the buildings and premises, or for the repair or renewal or extension of the property or plant connected with the business of the Company or any part thereof, or for any other purpose of the Company which they from time to time deem expedient.

133. Unpaid Interest or Dividend not to bear Interest.—No unpaid interest or dividend shall ever

bear interest against the Company.

- 134. No Shareholder to receive Dividend while Debt due to Company .- No Shareholder shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividend in respect of his share or shares whilst any moneys may be due or owing from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company in respect of such share or shares, or otherwise howsoever.
- 135. Directors may deduct Debt from the Dividends.—The Directors may deduct from the dividend payable to any Shareholder all sums of money due from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person to the Company, and notwithstanding such sums shall not be payable until after the date when such dividend is payable.
- Notice of Dividend; Forfeiture of Unclaimed Dividend .-- Notice of all interest or dividends to become payable shall be given to each Shareholder entitled thereto; and all interest or dividends unclaimed by any Shareholder for three years after notice thereof is given may be forfeited by a resolution of the Board of Directors for the benefit of the Company, and if the Directors think fit may be applied in augmentation of the reserve fund.
- 137. Shares held by a Firm.—Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any partner of such firm, or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm.
- 138. Joint-holders other than a Firm.—Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by several persons jointly other than a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any one of such persons.

AUDIT.

139. Accounts to be audited .- The accounts of the Company shall from time to time be examined and the correctness of the balance sheet ascertained by one or more Auditor or Auditors.

140. Qualification of Auditors.-No person shall be eligible as an Auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Shareholder in any transaction of the Company, but it shall not be a necessary qualification for an Auditor that he be a Shareholder of the Company, and no Director or officer of the Company shall, during his continuance in office, be eligible as an Auditor.

141. Appointment and Retirement of Auditors.—The Directors shall appoint the first Auditors of the Company and fix their remuneration; and all future Auditors, except as is hereinafter mentioned, shall be appointed at the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company in each year by the Shareholders present thereat, and shall hold their office only until the first Ordinary General Meeting after their respective appointments or until otherwise ordered by a General Meeting.

142. Retiring Auditors eligible for Re-election.—Retiring Auditors shall be eligible for re-election.

143. Remuneration of Auditors.—The remuneration of the Auditors other than the first shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting, and this remuneration may from time to time be varied by a General Meeting.

Casual Vacancy in Number of Auditors how filled up .- If any vacancy that may occur in the office of Auditor shall not be supplied at any Ordinary General Meeting, or if any casual vacancy shall occur, the Directors shall (subject to the approval of the next Ordinary General Meeting) fill up the vacancy by the appointment of a person who shall hold the office until such meeting.

145. Duty of Auditors.—Every Auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet intended to be laid before the next Ordinary General Meeting, and it shall be his duty to examine the same with the accounts and vouchers relating thereto and to report thereon to the meeting generally or specially as he may think fit.

146. Company's Accounts to be open to Auditors for Audit.—All accounts, books, and documents whatsoever of the Company shall at all times be open to the Auditors for the purpose of audit.

NOTICES.

147. Notices how authenticated.—Notices from the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed or written) of the Agent or Secretary, Agents or Secretaries, or other persons appointed by the Board to do so.

Shareholders to register Address.—Every Shareholder shall give an address in Ceylon, which shall be deemed to be his place of abode, and shall be registered as such in the books of the Company.

Service of Notices .- A notice may be served by the Company upon any Shareholder, either personally or by sending through the post in a prepaid letter, addressed to such Shareholder at his registered address or place of abode; and any notice so served shall be deemed to be well served for all purposes, notwithstanding that the Shareholder to whom such notice is addressed be dead, unless and until his executors or administrators shall have given to the Directors or to the Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries of the Company their own or some other address in Ceylon.

- 149. Notice to Joint-holders of Shares other than a Firm.—All notices directed to be given to Shareholders shall, with respect to any share to which persons are jointly entitled other than a firm, be sufficient if given to any one of such persons; and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares.
- on the day on which the letter containing the same would in ordinary course of post have been delivered at its address; and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and put into a Post Office or post box, and the entry in the Company's books of the leaving or sending by post of any notice at or to such address shall be sufficient thereof, and no further evidence shall be necessary.
- 151. Non-resident Shareholders must register Addresses in Ceylon.—Every Shareholder residing out of Ceylon shall name and register in the books of the Company an address within Ceylon at which all notices shall be served upon him, and all notices served at such address shall be deemed to be well served. If he shall not have named and registered such an address, he shall not be entitled to any notices.

ARBITRATION.

152. Directors may refer Disputes to Arbitration.—Whenever any question or other matter whatsover arises in dispute between the Company and any other company or persons, the same may be referred by the Directors to arbitration.

EVIDENCE.

or suit brought or instituted by the Company against Shareholders.—On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought or instituted by the Company against any Shareholder or his representatives to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is or was when the claim arose on the Register of Shareholders of the Company as a holder of the number of shares in respect of which such claim is made, and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company; and it shall not be necessary to prove the registration of the Company, nor the appointment of the Directors who made any call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made, nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof of the matters aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

PROVISION RELATIVE TO WINDING UP OR DISSOLUTION OF THE COMPANY.

154. Purchase of Company's Property by Shareholders.—Any Shareholder, whether a Director or not, or whether alone or jointly with any other Shareholder or Director, and any person not a Shareholder, may become the purchaser of the property of the Company or any part thereof, in the event of a winding up or a dissolution, or at any other time when a sale of the Company's property or effects, or any part thereof, shall be made by the Directors under the powers hereby or under the Ordinance conferred upon them.

In witness whereof the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereto set and subscribed their names this Twenty-fourth day of September, 1903.

J. N. CAMPBELL, Nuwara Eliya.

WM. D. BOSANQUET, Agrapatana.

ELINOR BOSANQUET, Agrapatana.

JOHN INCH, Galaha.

F. J. HEALING, Lindula.

J. E. B. BAILLIE HAMILTON, Lindula.

MARGARET A. INCH, Galaha.

Witness to the signature of John Norman Campbell:

J. WICKWAR, Nuwara Eliya.

Witness to the signatures of William David Bosanquet and Elinor Bosanquet: W. Tranchell, Agrapatana.

Witness to the signature of John Inch:

A. F. Howie, Galaha.

Witness to the signature of Francis John Healing:

J. WICKWAR, Nuwara Eliya.

Witness to the signature of John Edmondstone Buchanan Baillie Hamilton:

J. Wickwar, Nuwara Eliya.

Witness to the signature of Margaret Annie Inch:

A. F. Howie, Galaha.

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE PANAGULA RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED.

- The name of the Company is "THE PANAGULA RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED."
- The registered office of the Company is to be established in the Town of Hatton, Ceylon.
- The objects for which the Company is established are-
 - (1) To purchase a block or blocks of land in the Kelani Valley in the Island of Ceylon from the Government of Ceylon.

(2) To complete the purchase of land already bought from the Government of Ceylon on behalf of the

Company.

(3) To purchase, lease, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any other land or lands, or any share or shares thereof, and any buildings, mines, minerals, mining and mineral properties and rights, machinery, implements, tools, live and dead stock, stores, effects, and other property, real or personal, movable or immovable, of any kind, and any rights, easements, patents, licenses, or privileges in Ceylon or elsewhere (including the benefit of any trade mark or trade secret which may be thought necessary or convenient for the purpose of the Company's business); and to erect, construct, maintain, or alter any buildings, machinery, plant, roads, ways, or other works or methods of

(4) To engage, employ, maintain, provide for, and dismiss superintendents, managers, clerks, coolies, and other labourers and servants, and to remunerate any such at such rate as shall be thought fit, and to

grant pensions or gratuities to any such, & the widow or children of any such.

(5) To clear, open, plant, cultivate, improve, and develop the said property or any portion thereof, and any other land or lands that may be purchased, leased, or otherwise acquired by the Company in Ceylon or elsewhere, or portions thereof, as a rubber estate or estates, or with any other products, trees, plants, or crops that may be approved by the Company, and to plant, grow, and producerubber, cocoanuts, tea, coffee, cinchona, cacao, cardamoms, rhea, ramie, plants, trees, and other natural products in Ceylon or elsewhere.

-(6) To build, make, construct, equip, maintain, improve, alter, and work rubber and tea factories, cocoanut and coffee-curing mills, and other manufactories, buildings, erections, roads, tramways, or other works.

conducive to any of the Company's objects, or to contribute to or subsidize such.

(7) To enter into any arrangement or agreement with Government or any authorities, and obtain rights

concessions, and privileges.

(8) To hire, lease, or purchase land either with any other person or company or otherwise; and to erect a factory and other buildings thereon, or on any land already leased or owned by the Company, at the cost of the Company and such other person or company or otherwise.

(9) To lease any factory or other buildings from any company or person.

(10) To enter into any agreement with any company or person for the working of any factory erected or leased as provided in (8) or (9), or for the manufacture and preparation for market of tea or any other produce in such or any other factory.

(11) To prepare, cure, manufacture, treat, and prepare for market rubber, plumbago, minerals, tea, and (or) other crops or produce, and to sell, ship, and dispose of such rubber, plumbago, minerals, tea, crops, and produce, either raw or manufactured, at such times and places, and in such manner as shall be deemed expedient.

(12) To buy, sell, warehouse, transport, trade, and deal in rubber, cocoanuts, tea, coffee, and other plants and seed, and rice and other food and requisites for coolies, labourers, and others employed on estates,

and other products, wares, merchandise, articles, and things of any kind whatsoever.

(13) To work mines or quarries, and to find, win, get, work, crush, smelt, manufacture, or otherwise deal with ores, metals, minerals, oils, precious and other stones, deposits and products, and generally to carry on the business of miners, manufacturers, growers, planters, and exporters of rubber and other products, or any such business, on behalf of the Company, or as agents for others, and on commission or otherwise.

(14) To establish and carry on a dairy farm, and to buy and sell live stock, and to sell and deal in milk and

dairy produce, wholesale or retail.

(15) To establish and maintain in the United Kingdom, Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, India, or elsewhere stores, shops, and places for the sale of rubber, tea, coffee, cacao, and articles of food, drink, or refreshment, wholesale or retail; and to establish in any part or parts of the world agencies for carrying on or developing the business of the Company or any branch thereof; and generally tocarry on the business of merchants, exporters, importers, traders, engineers, or any other trade, business, or undertaking whatsoever.

(16) To cultivate, manage, and superintend estates and properties in Ceylon or elsewhere, and generally to undertake the business of estate agents in Ceylon and elsewhere, to act as agents for the investment, loan, payment, transmission, and collection of money, and for the purchase, sale, improvement, development, and management of property, including concerns and undertakings, and to transact any other agency business of any kind.

(17) To let, lease, sell, exchange, or mortgage the Company's estates, lands, buildings, or other property or any part or parts thereof, whether in consideration of rents, money, or securities for money, shares, debentures, or securities in any other company, or for any other consideration, and otherwise to trade in, dispose of, or deal with the same or any part thereof.

(18) To borrow or receive on loan money for the purpose of the Company upon the security of cash credit bonds or of hypothecations or mortgages of the Company's property, or any part or parts thereof, or otherwise, as shall be thought most expedient, and in particular by the issue of debentures, debenture stock or bonds to bearer, or otherwise, either charged upon all or any part of the Company's present or future property (including uncalled capital), or not so charged as shall be thought best.

(19) To cause or permit any debenture stock bonds, debentures, mortgages, charges, incumbrances, liens, or securities of or belonging to, or made or issued by, the Company, or affecting its property or rights, or any of the terms thereof to be renewed, extended, varied, redeemed, exchanged, transferred, or satisfied, as shall be thought fit; also to pay off and re-borrow the moneys secured thereby.

or any part or parts thereof.

(20) To draw, make, accept, and endorse bills of lading, warrants, bills of exchange, promissory notes,

and other transferable or negotiable instruments for the purposes of the Company

(21) To unite, co-operate, amalgamate, or enter into partnership or any arrangement for sharing profits of union of interests, or any other arrangement, with any person or any company, already engaged in or hereafter to be established for the purpose of carrying on any business having objects wholly or in part similar or analogous or subsidiary to those of the Company or to any of them, or capable of being conducted so as to benefit this Company, either directly or indirectly, and to subscribe for or otherwise acquire for the benefit and in the name of the Company, or otherwise, and pay for in any manner that may be agreed upon, either in money or in shares or bonds or otherwise, and to hold, any shares, stock, or other interest in any such company, and to promote the formation of any

(22) To acquire by purchase in money, shares, bonds, or otherwise, and undertake, all or any part of the business, property, assets, and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business in Ceylon or elsewhere, which this Company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property

suitable for the purposes of this Company.

(23) To sell the property, business, or undertaking of the Company or any parts or part thereof for such consideration as the Company shall think fit, and in particular for shares, stocks, debentures, or securities of any other company.

(24) To procure the Company to be registered or incorporated in Ceylon, and if and when necessary

or thought advisable, elsewhere.

(25) To promote and establish any other company whatsoever, and to subscribe to and hold the shares or

stock of any other company or any part thereof.

(26) To pay for any lands and real or personal, immovable or movable estate or property, or assets of any kind acquired or to be acquired by the Company, or for any services rendered or to be rendered to the Company, and generally to pay or discharge any consideration to be paid or given by the Company, in money or in shares or debentures or debenture stock or obligations of the Company, or partly in one way and partly in another, or otherwise howsoever, with power to issue any. shares either fully or partially paid up for such purpose.

(27) To accept as consideration for the sale or disposal of any lands and real and personal, immovable and movable, estate, property, and assets of the Company of any kind sold or otherwise disposed of by the Company, or in discharge of any other consideration to be received by the Company, money or shares (whether wholly or partially paid up) of any Company, or the mortgages, debentures, or obligations of any Company or person, or partly one and partly other.

(28) To distribute among the Shareholders in specie any property of the Company, whether by way of dividend or upon a return of capital, but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital

be made, except with the sanction for the time being required by law.

- (29) To do all such other things as shall be incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects abovementioned or any of them, or any one or more of the objects aforesaid, it being hereby declared that in the foregoing clauses (unless a contrary intention appears) the word "company" includes companies or a corporation, and the word "person" any number of persons, and that the "other objects" specified in any paragraph are not to be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other paragraph.
- 4. The liability of the Shareholders is limited.
- 5. The nominal capital of the Company is Five hundred thousand Rupees, divided into Five thousand shares of One hundred Rupees each, with power to increase or reduce the capital.

In case the Company shall increase its capital by the issue of new shares, such shares may be issued upon the terms specified in the Articles of Association for the time being of the Company.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in accordance with this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names :-

Witness to each Subscriber's Signature, and Address of Witness.	Names and Addresses of Subscribers.		f Shares taker Subscriber.	Date of Signing.
F. G. Perera, Abergeldie, Watawala	DAVID KERR, Abergeldie, Watawa	ala	One	October 2, 1903
Geo. D. Barnston, Ritnageria, Talawakele	A. Mansf. Forbes, Coreen, Talawa	akele	One	October 10, 1903
Wm. H. Graham, Kowlahena, Lindula	A. D. Forbes, Lippakelle, Lindula	а	One	October 10, 1903
Y. M. Dawson, Glasgow, Agra- patna	ROB. WATT KERR, Glasgow, Agrap	patna	One	October 19, 1903
J. A. Joseph, East Holyrood, Talawakele	C. E. Welldon, East Holyrood, 7 wakele	Tala- 	One,	October 19, 1903
C. B. Prettijohn, Strathspey, Maskeliya	A. W. GORDON GRAHAM, Goat Kandapola	tfell,	One	October 21, 1903
A. C. W. Ferguson, Concordia, Kandapola	S. P. BLACKMORE, Concordia, Ka pola	anda- 	One	October 21, 1903

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE PANAGULA RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE regulations contained in the Table C in the schedule annexed to "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these Articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution.

The Company may, by special resolution, alter and make provisions instead of, or in addition to, any of the

regulations of the Company, whether contained and comprised in these Articles or not.

INTERPRETATION CLAUSE.

1. In the interpretation of these presents the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless such meanings be inconsistent with, or repugnant to, the subject or context:—

The word "Company" means "The Panagula Rubber Company, Limited," incorporated or established by

or under the Memorandum of Association to which these Articles are attached.

The "Ordinance" means and includes "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," and every other Ordinance from time to time in force concerning Joint Stock Companies which may apply to the Company.

"These presents" means and includes the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association of the Company from time to time in force.

"Capital" means the capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purposes of the

Company.
"Shares" means the shares from time to time into which the capital of the Company may be divided.

"Shareholder" means a Shareholder of the Company.

"Presence," or "present," at a meeting means presence, or present, personally or by proxy.

"Directors" means the Directors for the time being of the Company or (as the case may be) the Directors

assembled at a Board.

"Board" means a meeting of the Directors or (as the context may require) the Directors assembled at a Board meeting, acting through at least a quorum of their body in the exercise of authority duly given to them.

"Persons" means partnerships, associations, corporations, companies, unincorporated or corporated by Ordinance and registration, as well as individuals.

means the registered office for the time being of the Company. "Office" means the registered office for the time being of the Company "Seal" means the common seal for the time being of the Company

"Month" means a calendar month.

"Writing" means printed or type matter or print and type as well as writing. Words importing the singular number only include the plural, and vice versa. Words importing the masculine gender only include the feminine, and vice versu.

BUSINESS.

2. The Company may proceed to carry out the objects for which it is established, and to employ and apply its capital as soon after the incorporation of the Company as the Directors in their discretion shall think fit; and if the whole of the original issue of shares shall not have been subscribed, applied for, or allotted, as soon as, in the judgment of the Directors, a sufficient number of shares shall have been subscribed or applied for.

3. The business of the Company shall be carried on by, or under the management or direction of, the Directors, and subject only to the control of General Meetings, in accordance with these presents.

CAPITAL.

4. The nominal capital of the Company is Five hundred thousand Rupees (Rs. 500,000), divided into Five thousand shares of One hundred Rupees (Rs. 100) each; and the original issue of shares One hundred and Twenty-five thousand Rupees (Rs. 125,000).

The Directors may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company in General Meeting, increase the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares, of such amounts per share, and in the aggregate, as such resolution shall direct; and they shall have power to add to such new shares such an amount of premium as may be

considered expedient.

6. Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the same provisions in all respects with reference to the payments of allotment money, calls and instalments, transfer, transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrender, and otherwise, as if it had formed part of the original capital.

7. The Directors may in like manner, and with like sanction, reduce the capital of the Company.

SHARES.

8. The Company may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid and the time of payment of such calls. 9. If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount thereof shall be payable by

9. If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the holder of the shares.

10. The shares, except when otherwise provided, shall be allotted at the discretion of and by the Directors who may from time to time issue any unissued shares, and may add to such shares such an amount of premium as they consider proper. Provided that such unissued shares shall first be offered by the Directors to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may at their discretion allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estates or lands being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates or lands, and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders. Shareholders.

11. In case of the increase of the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares, such new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions, and with such rights and privileges annexed thereto, as the General Meeting resolving on the creation thereof, or any other General Meeting of the Company, shall direct, and if no direction be

given as the Directors shall determine, and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to the dividends, and in the distribution of assets of the Company, and with a special, or without any, right of voting.

Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the meeting that sanctions the increase of capital, all new shares shall be offered to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may, at their discretion, allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estates or lands being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates or lands, and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders.

12. Every person taking any share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof by writing under his hand in such form as the Company may from time to time direct.

13. Shares may be registered in the name of a firm, and any partner of the firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm shall be entitled to vote and to give proxies.

14. Shares may be registered in the name of two or more persons not in partnership.

15. Any one of the joint-holders of a share other than a firm may give effectual receipts for any dividends payable in respect of such share; but the Shareholder whose name stands first on the register, and no other, shall be entitled to the right of voting and of giving proxies, and all other advantages conferred on a sole Shareholder.

16. In case of the death of any one or more of the joint-holders of any shares, the survivor or survivors shall

be the only person or persons recognized by the Company as having any title to, or interest in, such shares.

17. The Company shall not be bound to recognize (even though having notice of) any contingent future, partial, or equitable interest in the nature of a trust or otherwise in any share, or any other right in respect of any share, except any absolute right thereto in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof, and except also the right of any person under clause 35 to become a Shareholder in respect of any share.

18. Every Shareholder shall be entitled to a certificate or certificates under the common seal of the Company,

specifying the share or shares held by him, and the amount paid thereon.

19. If any certificate be worn out or defaced, then, upon production thereof to the Directors, they may order the same to be cancelled and may issue a new certificate in lie in thereof; and if any certificate be lost or destroyed, then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Directors, and on such indemnity as the Directors deem adequate being given, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the person entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate. A sum of fifty cents shall be payable for such new certificate.

20. The certificate of shares registered in the name of two or more persons not a firm shall be delivered to the

person first-named on the register.

21. The Directors may from time to time make such calls as they think fit upon the Shareholders in respect of all moneys unpaid on their shares, and not by the conditions of allotment made payable at fixed times, provided that two months' notice at least shall be given to the Shareholders of the time and place appointed for payment of each call; and each Shareholder shall pay the amount of every call so made to the person and at the time and place appointed by the Directors.

If any Shareholder fail to pay the amount of any call due by him on or before the day appointed for payment thereof, he shall be liable to pay interest for the same at the rate of nine per centum per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment.

23. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorizing

the call was passed.

24. The Directors shall have power in their absolute discretion to give time to any one or more Shareholder or

Shareholders, exclusive of the others, for payment of any call or part thereof on such terms as the Directors may determine. But no Shareholder shall be entitled to any such extension except as a matter of grace or favour.

25. The Directors may at their discretion receive from any of the Shareholders willing to advance the same, and upon such terms as they think fit, all or any part of the moneys due upon their respective shares beyond the sums actually called for; and upon the moneys so paid in advance, or upon so much thereof as from time to time and at any time thereafter exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon, and due in respect of, the shares in respect of which some advances have been made, the Board may pay or allow interest at such rate as the Shareholders paying such sums in advance and the Directors may agree upon, not exceeding, however, six per centum per annum.

TRANSFER OF SHARES.

26. Subject to the restriction of these Articles, any Shareholder may transfer all or any of his shares by instrument in writing.

27. No transfer of shares shall be made to an infant or person of unsound mind.

28. The Company shall keep a book or books, to be called "The Register of Transfers," in which shall be

- entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share.

 29. The Board may, at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion, decline to register any transfer of shares by a Shareholder who is indebted to the Company, or upon whose shares the Company have a lien or otherwise, or in case of shares not fully paid up, to any person not approved by them; and in no case shall a Shareholder or proposed transferee be entitled to require the Directors to state the reason of their refusal to register, but their declinature shall be absolute.
- 30. Every instrument of transfer must be left at the office of the Company to be registered, accompanied by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferor, and a fee of two rupees and fifty cents, or such other sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine, must be paid to the Company for the registration of every such transfer, upon payment whereof the Directors, subject to the powers vested in them by Article 29, shall register the transfere as a Shareholder and retain the instrument of transfer.

 31. The Directors may, by such means as they shall deem expedient, authorize the registration of transferees

as Shareholders without the necessity of any meeting of the Directors for that purpose.

32. In no case shall the Directors be bound to inquire into the validity, legal effect, or genuineness of any instrument of transfer produced by a person claiming a transfer of any share in accordance with these Articles; and whether they abstain from so inquiring, or do so inquire and are misled, the transferor shall have no claim whatsoever upon the Company in respect of the share, except for the dividends previously declared in respect thereof, but only, if at all, upon the transferee.

The Register of Transfers may be closed during the fourteen days immediately preceding each Ordinary General Meeting; and when a dividend is declared, for the three next days ensuing the meeting; also at such other times (if any) and for such periods as the Directors may from time to time determine, provided always that it shall not be closed for more than thirty days in any year.

Transmission of Shares.

34. The executors or administrators or the heirs of a deceased Shareholder shall be the only persons recognized

by the Company as having any title to the shares of such Shareholder.

35. Any guardian of any infant Shareholder, or any committee of a lunatic Shareholder, or any person becoming entitled to shares in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or liquidation of any Shareholder, or the marriage of any female Shareholder, or in any other way than by transfer, shall, upon securing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this clause, or of his title, as the Directors think sufficient, be forthwith entitled, subject to the provisions herein contained, to be registered as a Shareholder in respect of such shares, or may, subject to the regulations as to transfers hereinbefore contained, transfer the same to some other

If any person who shall become entitled to be registered in respect of any share under clause 34 shall not, from any cause whatever, within twelve calendar months after the event on the happening of which his title shall accrue, be registered in respect of such share; or if in the case of the death of any Shareholder no person shall, within twelve calendar months after such death, be registered as a Shareholder in respect of the shares of such deceased Shareholder, the Company may sell such shares, either by public auction or private contract, and give a receipt for the purchase money, and the purchaser shall be entitled to be registered in respect of such share, and shall not be bound to inquire whether the events have happened which entitled the Company to sell the same, and the net proceeds of such sale, after deducting all expenses and all moneys in respect of which the Company is entitled to a lien on the shares so sold, shall be paid to the person entitled thereto.

SURRENDER AND FORFEITURE OF SHARES.

37. The Directors may accept, in the name and for the benefit of the Company, and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed, a surrender of the shares of Shareholders who may be desirous of retiring from the Company

If any Shareholder fails to pay any call or instalment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Directors may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on such Shareholder requiring him to pay the same, together with any interest that may have accrued, and all

expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

The notice shall name a day (not being less than one month from the date of the notice) on, and a place or places at, which such call or instalment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

If the requisition of such notice as aforesaid be not complied with, every or any share or shares in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of calls or instalment, with interest and expenses due in respect thereof, be declared forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

39. Any Shareholder whose shares have been so declared forfeited shall, notwithstanding, be liable to pay, and shall forthwith pay to the Company all calls, instalments, interest, and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of forfeiture until payment at nine per cent. per annum, and the Directors may enforce the payment thereof if they think fit.

40. Every share surrendered or so declared forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and

may be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of upon such terms and in such manner as the Board shall think fit.

41. The surrender or forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in, and also of all claims and demands against, the Company in respect of the share and the proceeds thereof, and all other rights incident to

the share, except only such of those rights (if any) as by these presents are expressly saved.

A certificate in writing under the hands of one of the Directors and of the Secretary that a share has been duly surrendered or forfeited, stating the time when it was surrendered or forfeited, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons who would have been entitled to the share but for such surrender or forfeiture, and such certificate and the receipt of the Company for the price of such share shall constitute a good title to such share, and a certificate of proprietorship shall be delivered to any person who may purchase the same from the Company, and thereupon such purchaser shall be deemed the holder of such share, discharged from all calls due prior to such purchase; and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to such share be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture or sale.

The Directors may in their discretion remit or annul the forfeiture of any share within six months from the date thereof upon the payment of all moneys due to the Company from the late holder or holders of such share or shares, and all expenses incurred in relation to such forfeiture, together with such further sum of money, by way of redemption money for the deficit, as they shall think fit, not being less than nine per cent. on the amount of the sums wherein default in payment had been made, but no share bond fide sold or re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of under Article 40 hereof shall be redeemable after sale or disposal.

43. The Company shall have a first charge or paramount lien upon all the shares of any holder or joint-holders for all moneys for the time being due to the Company by such holder, or by all or any of such joint-holders respectively, either in respect of such shares or of other shares held by such holder or joint-holders or otherwise, and whether due from any such holder individually or jointly with others, including all calls which the Directors shall have resolved to make, although the times appointed for the payment thereof shall not have arrived; and where any share is held by more persons than one, the Company shall be entitled to the said charge or lien in respect of any money due to the Company from any or such persons. And the Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares subject to such charge or lien.

44. Such charge or lien may be made available by a sale of all or any of the shares subject to it, provided that 44. Such charge or lien may be made available by a sale of all or any of the shares subject to it, provided that no such sale shall be made except under a resolution of the Directors, and until notice in writing shall have been given to the indebted Shareholder or his executors or administrators, or the assignee or trustee in his bankruptcy, requiring him or them to pay the amount for the time being due to the Company, and default shall have been made for twenty-eight days from such notice in paying the sum thereby required to be paid. Should the Shareholder over whose share the lien exists be in England or elsewhere abroad, sixty days' notice shall be allowed him.

45. The net proceeds of any such sale shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of such debts, liabilities, or engagements, and the residue (if any) paid to such Shareholder or his representatives.

46. A certificate in writing under the hands of one of the Directors and of the Secretary, that the power of sale given by clause 44 has arisen, and is exercisable by the Company under these presents, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated.

of the facts therein stated.

47. Upon any such sale two of the Directors may execute a transfer of such share to the purchaser thereof, and such transfer, with the certificate last aforesaid, shall confer on the purchaser a complete title to such shares.

BORROWING POWERS.

48. The Directors shall have power to procure from time to time, in the usual course of business, such temporary advances on the produce in hand, or in the future to be obtained, from the Company's estates as they may find necessary or expedient for the purpose of defraying the expenses of working the Company's estates, or of erecting, maintaining, improving, or extending buildings, machinery, or plantations, or otherwise. Also from time to time at their discretion to borrow or raise from the Directors or other persons any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company, provided that the money so borrowed or raised and owing at any one time shall not,

without the sanction of a General Meeting, exceed Ten thousand Rupees (Rs. 10,000).

49. With the sanction of a General Meeting the Board shall be entitled to borrow such further sum or sums and at such rate of interest as such meeting shall determine. A certificate under the hands of one Director and the Secretary, or of two Directors, to the effect that in taking any loan the Directors are not exceeding their borrowing powers shall be sufficient and binding on the Company and all concerned, and shall be conclusive evidence thereof in all questions between the Company and its creditors.

50. For the purpose of securing the repayment of any such moneys so borrowed or raised, or for any other purposes, the Directors may grant, create, execute, and issue any mortgages, cash credits, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company, charged upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, lands, property, rights, and assets of the Company, both present and future, including uncalled capital or unpaid calls, or may make, accept, or endorse on behalf of the Company any promissory notes or bills of exchange

51. Any such securities may be issued either at par or at a premium or discount, and may from time to time be cancelled, discharged, varied, or exchanged as the Directors may think fit, and may contain special privileges as to redemption surrender drawings, allotment of shares or otherwise

redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, or otherwise.

Every debenture or other instrument issued by the Company for securing the payment of money may be so framed that the moneys thereby secured shall be assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

GENERAL MEETINGS.

53. The first General Meeting shall be held at such time, not being more than twelve months after the

incorporation of the Company, and at such place as the Directors may determine

54. Subsequent General Meetings shall be held once in every year at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if no time or place is so prescribed, then at such place and at such time as soon after the first day in each year as may be determined by the Directors.

55. The General Meetings mentioned in the last preceding clause shall be called Ordinary General Meetings;

all other meetings of the Company shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.

56. The Directors may, whenever they think fit, call an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, and the Directors shall do so upon a requisition made in writing by not less than one-eighth of the number of Shareholders of the Company for the time being, or by any Shareholder or Shareholders holding in the aggregate one-eighth part of the shares of the Company for the time being subscribed for.

Any requisition so made shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called, shall be addressed to the

Directors, and shall be sent to the registered office of the Company.

57. Upon the receipt of such requisition the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such time and place as they shall determine. If they do not proceed to convene the same within seven days from the delivery of the requisition, the requisitionists may themselves convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such place and at such time as the Shareholders convening the meeting may themselves fix.

58. Any Shareholders may, on giving not less than ten days' previous notice of any resolution, submit the same

to a meeting.

59. Such notice shall be given by leaving a copy of the resolution at the registered office of the Company. 60. Seven days' notice at least of every General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, and by whomsoever convened, specifying the place, date, hour of meeting, and the object and business of the meeting, shall be given by advertisements in the Ceylon Government Gazette, or in such other manner (if any) as may be prescribed by the

Company in General Meeting.

61. Every Ordinary General Meeting shall be competent, without special notice having been given of the purposes for which it is convened, or of the business to be transacted thereat, to receive and discuss any report and any accounts presented thereto by the Directors, and to pass resolutions in approval or disapproval thereof, and to declare dividends, and to elect Directors and Auditors in the place of those retiring by rotation, and to fix the remuneration of the Auditors; and shall also be competent to enter upon, discuss, and transact any business whatso-

ever, of which special mention shall have been given in the notice or notices upon which the meeting was convened.

62. With the exceptions mentioned in the foregoing Articles as to the business which may be transacted at Ordinary General Meetings without notice, no General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss, or transact any business which has not been specially mentioned in the notice or notices upon

which it was convened.

63. No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting, except the declaration of a dividend recommended by a report of the Directors or election of a Chairman, unless there shall be present or represented at the commence-

ment of the business two or more Shareholders entitled to vote.

64. If at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting the required number of Shareholders shall not be present at the meeting, the meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of Shareholders, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, those Shareholders who are present shall be a quorum, and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.

65. The Chairman (if any) of the Directors shall be entitled to take the chair at every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary; or if there be no Chairman, or if at any meeting he shall not be present at the time appointed for holding such meeting, or if he shall refuse to take the chair, the hareholders shall choose another Director as Chairman; and if no Directors be present, or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair, then

the Shareholders present shall choose one of their number to be a Chairman.

66. No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting, except the election of a Chairman, whilst the chair is vacant.

67. The Chairman may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place, unless due notice thereof shall be given.

68. Minutes of the proceedings of every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall when so entered be signed as soon as practicable by the Chairman of the same meeting, or by the Chairman of the succeeding meeting, and the same when so entered and signed shall be evidence of all such proceedings, and of the proper election of the Chairman.

VOTING AT MEETINGS.

At any meeting every resolution shall be decided by the votes of the Shareholders present in person or by proxy, and in case there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman at such meeting shall be entitled to give a casting vote in addition to the vote to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder; and unless a poll be immediately demanded by some member present and entitled to vote, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the Minute Book of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

70. If at any meeting a poll be demanded by some Shareholder present at the meeting and entitled to vote, the meeting shall, if necessary, be adjourned, and the poll shall be taken at such time and place and in such manner as the Chairman shall direct, and in such case every Shareholder shall have the number of votes to which he may be entitled as hereinafter provided; and in case at any such poll there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting at which such poll shall have been demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder and proxy, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in such meeting.

The demand of a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of business other 71.

than the question on which a poll has been demanded.

72. No poll shall be demanded on the election of a Chairman of the meeting or on any question of adjournment.

73. On a show of hands every member shall have one vote only. In case of a poll every Shareholder shall have one vote for every share up to ten held by him, and an additional vote for every five shares beyond the first

ten up to one hundred, and an additional vote for every ten shares held by him beyond the first hundred.

74. The parent or guardian of an infant Shareholder, the committee or other legal guardian of any lunatic Shareholder, the husband of any female Shareholder not entitled to her shares as separate estate, and the executor or administrator of any deceased Shareholder, or any one of such persons as aforesaid, if more than one, shall not be entitled to vote in the place of such infant, lunatic, female, or deceased person, unless such person shall have been registered as a Shareholder.

Votes may be given either personally or by proxy or by attorney duly appointed.

No Shareholder shall be entitled to vote at any meeting unless all calls due from him on his shares have been paid, and no Shareholder other than the trustee or assignee of a bankrupt or representative of a deceased Shareholder, or person acquiring by marriage, shall be entitled to vote at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company, in respect of any share which he has acquired by transfer, unless he has been possessed of the share in respect of which he claims to vote at least three months previously to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote
77. No Shareholder who has not been duly registered as such for one month previous to the General Meeting

shall be entitled to be present and to speak and vote at any meeting held after the expiry of three months from the

incorporation of the Company.

78. No person shall be entitled to hold a proxy who is not a Shareholder of the Company.

79. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be printed or written, and shall be signed by the appointer, or if such appointer be a company or corporation, it shall be under the common seal of such company or corporation.

80. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than

twenty-four hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote.

The instrument appointing a proxy may be in the following form :-

The Panagulu Rubber Company, Limited.

I, _____, of _____, appoint _____, of _____ (a Shareholder in the Company), as my production represent me and to vote for me and on my behalf at the Ordinary (or Extraordinary, as the case may be) General Meeting of the Company to be held on the _____ day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and _____, and at any adjournment thereof, and at every poll which may be taken in consequence thereof.

As witness my hand this _____ day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and _____.

No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote (whether given personally or by proxy or attorney) except at the meeting or poll at which such vote shall be tendered, and every vote (whether given personally or by proxy or attorney) to which no objection shall be made at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.

82. No Shareholder shall be prevented from voting by reason of his being personally interested in the result of

the voting.

DIRECTORS.

83. The number of Directors shall never be less than three or more than five, but this clause shall be construed

as being directory only, and the continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any number of vacancies.

The qualification of a Director shall be his holding in his own right at least ten shares in the Company upon which all calls payable for the time being have been paid, and this qualification shall apply as well to the first

Directors as to all future Directors.

As a remuneration for their services, the Directors shall be entitled to appropriate a sum not exceeding Two thousand Five hundred rupees annually, to be divided between them in such manner as they may determine, but the Company in General Meeting may at any time alter the amount of such remuneration for the future, and such remuneration shall not be considered as including any remuneration granted for special or extra services hereinafter referred to, nor any extra remuneration to the Managing Director of the Company.

84. The first Directors shall be Charles Edward Welldon, David Kerr, and Gordon Graham, who shall hold office

till the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company, when they shall all, retire, but shall be eligible for re-election.

85. One or more of the Directors may be appointed by the Directors to act as Secretary, Managing Director, and (or) Visiting Agent of the Company, or Superintendent of any of the estates of the Company for such time and on such terms as the Directors may determine or may fix by agreement with the person or persons appointed to the office, and they may, from time to time, revoke such appointment and appoint another or others Secretary, Managing Director, Visiting Agent, or Superintendent.

The Directors may impose and confer on the Managing Director all or any duties and powers that might be

conferred on any Manager of the Company.

If any Director shall be called upon to perform any extra services, the Directors may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such services, either by way of salary, commission, or the payment of a lump sum of money, as they shall think fit.

ROTATION OF DIRECTORS.

86. At the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company all the Directors shall retire from office, and at the first Ordinary General Meeting in every subsequent year one of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office as provided in clause 87.

87. The Directors to retire from office at the second and third Ordinary General Meeting shall, unless the Directors otherwise arrange among themselves, be determined by ballot; in every subsequent year the Directors to retire shall be those who have been longest in office.

88. In case any question shall arise as to which of the Directors who have been the same time in office shall

retire, the same shall be decided by the Directors by ballot.

89. Retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.

90. The Ordinary General Meeting at which Directors retire or ought to retire by rotation shall appoint successors to them, and in default thereof such successors may be appointed at a subsequent Ordinary General

Any casual vacancy occurring in the number of Directors or provisional Directors arising from death, resignation, or otherwise, may be filled up by the Directors, but any person appointed to fill such vacancy shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Director would have retained the same if no vacancy had occurred.

92. The Directors, subject to the approval of a General Meeting, may from time to time at any time subsequent to the second Ordinary General Meeting increase or reduce the number of Directors, and may also, subject

to the like approval, determine in what rotation such increased or reduced number is to go out of office. 93. If at any meeting at which an election of a Director ought to take place the place of the retiring Director is not filled up, the retiring Director may continue in office until the first Ordinary General Meeting in the next year, and so on from meeting to meeting until his place is filled up, unless it shall be determined at such meeting to reduce the number of Directors.

the number of Directors.

- 94. A Director may at any time give notice in writing of his intention to resign by delivering such notice to the Secretary, or by leaving the same at the registered office of the Company, or by tendering his written resignation at a meeting of the Directors, and on the acceptance of his resignation by the Directors, but not before, his office shall become vacant.
- 95. The Company may, by a special resolution, remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and may, by an ordinary resolution, appoint another person in his stead. The Director so appointed shall hold office only during such time as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.
- 96. Every Director or officer of the Company, and his heirs, executors, and administrators shall be indemnified by the Company from all losses and expenses incurred by him in or about the discharge of his duties, except such as happen from his respective wilful acts or defaults; and no Director or officer shall, nor shall the heirs, executors, or administrators of any Director or officer, be liable for the acts or defaults of any other Director or officer, or for any loss or expense happening to the Company by the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired for or on behalf of the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested, or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency, or tortuous act of any person with whom any moneys, securities, or effects shall be deposited, or for any other loss, damage, or misfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, unless the same happen through his page, wilful act or default. happen through his own wilful act or default.

97. No contribution shall be required from any present or past Director or Manager exceeding the amount, if

any, unpaid on the shares in respect of which he is liable as a present or past Shareholder.

DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS.

98. The office of the Director shall be vacated-

 (α) If he accepts or holds any office or place of profit other than Managing Director, Visiting Agent, Superintendent, or Secretary under the Company.

(b) If he becomes bankrupt or insolvent, or suspends payment, or files a petition for the liquidation of his

affairs, or compounds with his creditors.

(c) If by reason of mental or bodily infirmity he becomes incapable of acting. (d) If he ceases to hold the required number of shares to qualify him for the office.

(e) If he is concerned or participates in the profits of any contract with, or work done for, the Company.

Provided that no Director shall vacate his office by reason of his being a member of any corporation, company, or firm which has entered into any contract with, or done any work for, the Company of which he is a Director, or by his being agent, or secretary, or solicitor, or by his being a member of a firm who are agents or secretaries or solicitors of the Company; nevertheless he shall not vote in respect of any contract work or business in which he may be personally interested.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS.

The Directors shall have power to conclude the purchase from the Government of Ceylon of land in the 'Kelani Valley, Ceylon, and to lease, purchase, or acquire any other lands, estates, or property that the Company may

in General Meeting think fit, or any share or shares thereof.

100. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors, either by themselves, or through a Managing Director, or with the assistance of an agent and (or) secretary of the Company, to be appointed by the Directors for such a period and on such terms as they shall determine, and the Directors shall pay out of the funds of the Company all costs and expenses, as well preliminary as otherwise, paid or incurred in and about the formation and the registration of the Company, and in and about the valuation, purchase, lease, or acquisition of the said property and other lands (if any), and the opening, clearing, planting, and cultivation thereof, and otherwise in or about the working

and business of the Company.

101. The Directors shall have power to make, and may make, such rules or regulations for the management of the business and property of the Company as they may from time to time think proper, and shall carry on the business of the Company in such manner as they may think most expedient; and, in addition to the powers and authorities by any Ordinance or by these presents expressly conferred on them, they may exercise all such powers, give all such consents, make all such arrangements, appoint all such agents, managers, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, superintendents, assistants, clerks, artizans, labourers, and other servants, for such period or periods, and with such remuneration, and at such salaries, and upon such terms and conditions as they may consider advisable, and may pay the expenses occasioned thereby out of the funds of the Company, and may from time to time remove or suspend all or any of the managers, agents, treasurers, accountants, officers, clerks, or servants of the Company, for such reasons as they may think proper and advisable, and without assigning any cause for so doing.

102. The Directors shall exercise in the name and on behalf of the Company all such powers of the Company are not expensely required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, and shall exercise in the name and on behalf of the Company and shall exercise in the name and on

as are not expressly required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, and shall generally do all such acts as are not expressly required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, and shall generally do all such acts and things as are or shall be by any Ordinance and by these presents directed and authorized to be exercised, given, made, or done by the Company, and are not by any Ordinance or by these presents required to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting, subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of any such Ordinance and of these presents and to such regulations and provisions (if any) as may from time to time be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting; but no regulations made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made.

The generalty of the powers conferred by any clause in these presents on the Directors shall not be taken to be

limited by any clause conferring any special or expressed power

103. The Directors shall have power to appoint a proctor or proctors, solicitor or solicitors, attorney or attorneys, to assist in carrying on or protecting the business of the Company, on such terms as they may consider

proper, and from time to time to revoke such appointment.

104. The Directors shall have power to open from time to time on behalf of the Company any account or accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint, and also by such signatures as they may appoint to draw, accept, make, endorse, sign, and execute cheques, bills of exchange, and promissory notes, bills of lading, receipts, contracts, and agreements, bonds, mortgages, proxies to any proctor or proctors, and other documents on behalf of and to further the interests of the Company.

105. The seal of the Company shall not be affixed to any instrument except in the presence of two or more of

the Directors, or of one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries, who shall attest the sealing thereof; such

attestation on the part of the Secretaries, in the event of a firm being the Secretaries, being signified by a partner of the said firm signing for and on behalf of the said firm as such Secretaries.

106. It shall be lawful for the Directors, if authorized so to do by the Shareholders in General Meeting, to arrange terms for the amalgamation of the Company with any other company or companies, or individual or individuals, or for the sale or disposal of the business, estates, and effects of the Company, or any part or parts, share or shares thereof, respectively, to any company or companies, or person or persons, upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit; and the Directors shall have power to do all such things as may be necessary for carrying such amalgamation, sale, or other disposition into effect so far as a resolution or special resolution of the Company is not by law necessary for such purpose; and in case any terms so arranged by the Directors include or Company is not by law necessary tor such purpose; and in case any terms so arranged by the Directors include or make necessary the dissolution of the Company, the Company shall be dissolved to that end.

107. In furtherance and not in limitation of, and without prejudice to, the general powers conferred or implied in the last preceding clause, and of the other powers conferred by these presents, it is hereby expressly declared that

the Directors shall have the powers following (that is to say):-

(a) To institute, conduct, defend, compromise, settle, or abandon any action, suit, prosecution, or other legal proceedings on behalf of the Company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due to or from the Company, and any claims or demands made by or against

(b) To refer any claims or demands by or against the Company to arbitration, and observe and perform or

enforce the award.

(c) To make and give receipts, releases, and other discharges for money payable to the Company and for claims and demands by the Company.

(d) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents, with power to

accept the office of trustee, assignee, liquidator, or inspector, or any similar office.

(e) To invest any of the moneys of the Company which the Directors may consider not to be immediately required for the purposes thereof, upon such securities and in such manner as they may think fit, and so that they shall not be restricted to such securities as are permissible to trustees without special powers, and from time to time to vary or release such investments.

(f) To delegate to any one or more of the Directors of the Company for the time being, or any other

person or company for the time being residing or carrying on business in Ceylon or elsewhere, all or any of the powers or functions given to or exercisable by the Directors; and to confer such powers for such time and to be exercised for such objects and purposes, and upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as the Directors may think expedient, and to confer such powers either collaterally with or to the exclusion of, and in the substitution for, all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf, and from time to time to revoke, withdraw, alter, or vary all or any of such powers. The Directors may allow to any person or company to whom any powers may be so delegated such remuneration as they in their absolute discretion shall think fit.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

108. The Directors may meet for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings as they may think fit, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Until otherwise determined, two Directors shall be a quorum.

109. A Director may at any time summon a meeting of Directors.

110. The Board may elect a Chairman of their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office, and all meetings of the Directors shall be presided over by the Chairman, if one has been elected and if present, but if there be a vacancy in the office of Chairman, or if at any meeting of Directors the Chairman be not present at the time appointed for holding the same, then and in that case the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.

111. Any question which shall arise at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman thereat shall have a casting vote in addition to his vote as a Director.

112. The Board may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their

body as the Board think fit, and they may from time to time revoke and discharge any such committee, either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee so formed shall, in exercise of the powers delegated to it, conform to all such regulations as may be prescribed by the Board. All acts done by any such committee in conformity with such regulations and in the fulfilment of the purposes of their appointment, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.

113. The meetings and proceedings of such committees shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto, and are not superseded by the express terms of the appointment of such committee respectively, or any regulation imposed by the

Board.

The acts of the Board and of any committees appointed by the Board shall, notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board or Committee, or defect in the appointment or qualification of any Director or of any member of the Committee, be as valid as if no such vacancy or defect had existed, and as if such person had been duly appointed or qualified, provided the same be done before the discovery of the vacancy or defect.

115. A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed

at a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted.

116. The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in a book or books to be provided for the purpose:—

 Of all appointments of (a) officers and (b) Committees made by the Directors.
 Of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors.
 Of the names of the members of the Committee appointed by the Board present at each meeting of the Committee

the Committee.

(4) Of all orders made by the Directors.

(5) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all General Meetings of the Company.

(6) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of the Directors.

(7) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of Committees appointed by the Board.

All such minutes shall be signed by the person who shall have presided as Chairman at the General Meeting, the Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting at which the business minuted shall have been transacted, or by the person who shall preside as Chairman at the next ensuing General Meeting, or Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, as the case may be; and all minutes purporting to have been signed by any Chairman of any General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively, shall for all purposes whatsoever be prima facie evidence of the actual and regular passing of the resolutions and the actual and regular transaction or occurrence of the proceedings and other matters purporting to be so recorded, and of the regularity of the meeting at which the same shall appear to have taken place, and of the Chairmanship and signature of the person appearing to have signed as Chairman, and of the date on which such meeting was held.

ACCOUNTS.

118. The Agent or Secretary of the Company for the time being, or, if there be no Agent or Secretary the Directors, shall cause true accounts to be kept of the paid up capital for the time being of the Company, and of all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and of the matters in respect of which such sums were received and expended, and of the assets, credits, and liabilities of the Company, and generally of all its commercial, financial, and other affairs, transactions, and engagements, and of all other matters necessary for showing the true financial state and condition of the Company. The accounts shall be kept in such books and in such a manner and at such place as the Directors think fit.

119. The Directors shall from time to time determine whether, and to what extent, and at what times and places, and under what conditions or regulations, the accounts and books of the Company or of any of them shall be open to the inspection of the Shareholders, and no Shareholder shall have any right of inspecting any account, or book, or document of the Company, except as conferred by statute or authorized by the Directors, or by a resolution of the

Company in General Meeting.

120. At the Ordinary General Meeting in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company a statement of the income and expenditure of the Company for the previous financial year, and a balance sheet containing a summary of the property and liablities of the Company made up to the end of the same period.

121. The statement so made shall show, arranged under the most convenient heads, the amount of gross income,

121. In estatement so made snail snow, arranged under the most convenient heads, the amount of gross income, distinguishing the siveral sources from which it has been derived, and the amount of gross expenditure, distinguishing the expense of the establishment, salaries, and other heads of expenditure. Every item of expenditure fairly chargeable against the year's income shall be brought into account, so that a just balance of profit and loss may be laid before the meeting, and in case where any item of expenditure which may in fairness be distributed over several years has been incurred in any one year, the whole amount of such items shall be stated, with the addition of the reasons why only a portion of such expenditure is charged against the income of the year.

122. The balance sheet shall contain a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company, arranged under the heads appearing in the form annexed to the table referred to in Schedule C to "The Joint Stock Companies"

Ordinance, 1861," or as near thereto as circumstances admit.

123. Every such statement shall be accompanied by a report as to the state and condition of the Company, and as to the amount which the Directors recommend should be paid out of the profits by way of dividend or bonus to the Shareholders, and the statement, report, and balance sheet shall be signed by the Directors.

124. A printed copy of such balance sheet shall, at least seven days previous to such meeting, be delivered at

or posted to the registered address of every Shareholder.

125. The accounts of the Company shall from time to time be examined, and the correctness of the balance sheet ascertained by one or more Auditor or Auditors.

AUDIT.

126. No person shall be eligible as an Auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Shareholder in any transaction of the Company, but it shall not be a necessary qualification for an Auditor that he be a Shareholder of the Company, and no Director or officer of the Company shall, during his continuance in office, be eligible as an Auditor. 127. The Directors shall appoint the first Auditor of the Company and fix his remuneration. He shall hold office till the second General Meeting of the Company. All subsequent appointments shall, except as is hereinafter mentioned, be made at the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company in each year by the Shareholders present thereat, and the Auditor or Auditors appointed at such meeting shall hold office only until the first Ordinary General Meeting after his or their appointments, or until otherwise ordered by a General Meeting.

128. The remuneration of the Auditors other than the first shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting, and this remuneration may from time to time be varied by a General Meeting.

and this remuneration may from time to time be varied by a General Meeting.

Retiring Auditors shall be eligible for re-election.

130. If any vacancy that may occur in the office of Auditor is not supplied at the next Ordinary General Meeting, or if any casual vacancy shall occur in the office of Auditor, the Directors shall fill up the appointment of a person who shall hold office until the next Ordinary General Meeting after his appointment.

131. Every Auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet intended to be laid before the next Ordinary General Meeting after his appointment, and it shall be his duty to examine the same with the accounts and

vouchers relating thereto, and to report thereon to the meeting, generally or specially, as he may think fit.

132. The Auditor or Auditors for the time being shall have a list delivered to him or them of all books kept by the Company, and he or they shall at all reasonable hours in the day time have access to all accounts, books, and documents whatsoever of the Company for the purpose of audit.

DIVIDENDS, BONUS, AND RESERVE FUND.

133. The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, from time to time declare a dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders in proportion to their shares, but no dividend shall be payable except out of nett profits.

134. The Directors may, if they think fit, determine on and declare an interim dividend to be paid, or pay a

bonus to the Shareholders on account, and in anticipation of the dividend for the then current year.

135. The Directors may, before recommending any dividend or bonus, set aside out of the profits of the Company such a sum as they think proper as a reserve fund, and shall invest the same in such securities as they may, with the sanction of the Company, select, or shall place the same in fixed deposit in any bank or banks.

136. The Directors may from time to time apply such portion as they think fit of the reserve fund to meet contingencies, or for equalizing dividends, or for working the business of the Company, or for repairing or maintaining or extending the buildings and premises of the Company, or for the repair or renewal or extension of the property or plant of the Company or any part thereof, or for any other purposes connected with the interest of the Company that they may from time to time deem expedient.

137. No unpaid dividend or bonus shall ever bear interest against the Company.

138. No Shareholder shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividend or bonus in respect of his share or shares whilst any moneys may be due or owing from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company in respect of such share or shares, or otherwise howsoever.

139. The Directors may deduct from the dividend or bonus payable to any Shareholder all such sums of money

as may be due from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company, and notwithstanding the

fact that such sums or any of them are not payable until after the date when such dividend or bonus is payable.

140. Notice of any dividend that has been declared, or of any bonus to be paid, shall be given to each Shareholder entitled thereto, and any dividend or bonus unclaimed by any Shareh older for three years after notice thereof is given may be forfeited by the Directors for the benefit of the Company, and, if the Directors think fit, may be applied in augmentation of the reserve fund.

141. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by a firm may be paid to, and an effectual

receipt given by, any partner of such firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm.

142. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by several persons jointly other than a firm. may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any one of such persons.

Notices.

143. Notices from the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed or written) of the Agent or Secretary, Agents or Secretaries, or persons appointed by the Board to authenticate the same.

144. Every Shareholder shall give an address in Ceylon, which shall be deemed to be his place of abode, and shall be registered as such in the books of the Company.

145. A notice may be served by the Company upon any Shareholder, either personally or by being sent through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to such Shareholder at his registered address or place of abode, and any notice is served shall be deemed to be well served, notwithstanding that the Shareholder to whom such notice is addressed be dead, unless his executors or administrators shall have given to the Directors, or to the Agent or Secretary, or Agents or Secretaries of the Company, their own or some other address to which notices may be sent.

146. All notices directed to be given to Shareholders shall, with respect to any share to which persons are jointly entitled other than a firm, be given to whichever of such persons is named first in the register of Shareholders, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares.

147. Any notice if served by post shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the letter containing the same would in ordinary course of post have been delivered at its address, and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and put into a Post Office or post box, and the entry in the Company's books of the leaving or sending by post of any notice at or to such address shall be sufficient evidence thereof, and no further evidence shall be necessary.

148. Every Shareholder residing out of Ceylon shall name and register in the books of the Company an address within Ceylon at which all notices shall be served upon him, and all notices served at such address shall be deemed to be well served. If he shall not have named and registered such an address, he shall not be entitled to any notices

All notices required to be given by advertisement shall be published in the Ceylon Government Gazette.

ARBITRATION.

149. Whenever any question or other matter whatsoever arises in dispute between the Company and any other company or person, the same may be referred by the Directors to arbitration.

EVIDENCE.

150. On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought or instituted by the Company against any Shareholder or his representatives to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is or was when the claim arose on the register of Shareholders of the Company as a holder of the number of shares in respect of which such claim is made, and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company; and it shall not be necessary to prove the registration of the Company, nor the appointment of the Directors who made any call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made, nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

PROVISION RELATIVE TO WINDING UP OR DISSOLUTION OF THE COMPANY.

151. Any Shareholder, whether a Director or not, and whether alone or jointly with any other Shareholder or Director, and any person not a Shareholder, may become the purchaser of the property of the Company or any part thereof in the event of a winding up or a dissolution, or at any other time when a sale of the Company's property or effects or any part thereof shall be made by the Directors under the powers hereby or under the Ordinance conferred upon them.

In witness whereof the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereto respectively set and subscribed their names at the respective places and on the respective dates under-noted, and in the presence of the

respective witnesses undersigned:-

Subscriber's Signature.	٠	Place and Date of Signature.		Witness to Signature.
DAVID KERR	•••	Abergeldie, Watawala, October 2, 1903	•••	F. G. Perera
A. Mansf. Forbes		Coreen, Talawakele, October 10, 1903		Geo. D. Barnston
A. D. FORBES		Lippakelle, Lindula, October 10, 1903		Wm. H. Graham
ROB. WATT KERR		Glasgow, Agrapatna, October 12, 1903	•••	Y. M. Dawson
C. E. WELLDON	•••	East Holyrood, Talawakele, October 20, 1903	•••	J. A. Joseph
A. W. GORDON GRAHAM		Goatfell, Kandapola, October 21, 1903		C. B. Prettijohn
S. P. BLACKMORE	•••	Concordia, Kandapola, October 21, 1903	•••	A. C. W. Ferguson
				-

The New Colombo Ice Company, Limited.

OTICE is hereby given that the Half-yearly Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the office of Messrs. Julius & Creasy, Fort, Colombo, at 12 noon on Tuesday, 10th November, 1903, to receive the report of the Directors and the statement of accounts for the half-year ending 30th September, 1903.

Any Shareholder unable to attend this meeting will please to appoint some Shareholder to act as his proxy. A legal form duly executed (bearing a 5-cent revenue stamp) must be deposited at this office before noon on the 9th November, 1903.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from 6th to 15th November.

SYDNEY JULIUS, Secretary.

Colombo, October 29, 1903.

N Extraordinary General Meeting of the Petroleum Storage Company, Limited, in Liquidation, will be held at No. 3, Baillie street on Saturday, the 28th November, at 12 noon, to pass the final accounts of the Company prepared by the Liquidator.

W. RAE SANDS, Liquidator.

Colombo, October 27, 1903.

Notice under Section 8 of Ordinance No. 2 of 1877.

IN terms of the provisions of the 8th clause of Ordinance No. 2 of 1877, I, Veerakatty Samuel Suppiramaniam, residing at Veemankamam in the District of Jaffna, hereby give notice that it is my intention, three months hence, to apply to His Excellency the Governor to be admitted and enrolled a Notary Public, to practise in the Tamil language in the District of Mullaittivu.

V. S. SUPPIRAMANIAM.

October 5, 1903.

ජිවු ජනේ දිස්තික්කියට අයිති වීමන්කම පදින්වී ව්රකත්ති සාමුවෙල් සුප්පරමනියම් වන මම විමී 1877තත් 2 වෙනි අනාඥපණනේ 8 වෙනි වගන්තියේ පුකාර මෙවක් පටන් මාස තුනකට පසු මුල්ලදු දිස්තික්කියේ දෙමල භාෂා වෙන් නොතාරිස් වැඩබැලීම සඳහා උතුමානන්වනන්සේ ගෙන් අවසර ඉල්ලීමට අදහස්කරගන සිවින බව මෙයින් දැනුම්දෙමි.

වී. සා. සුප්පිරමනිසම්.

වණී 1903 ක්වූ ඔක්තෝම්බු මස 5 වෙනි දිනදීග.

பொழ்பாண டிஸ்திறிக்கைச்சேர்ந்த வீமன்காமத்தில் வதிக்கும் வீரகத்தி சாமுவேல் குப்பிரமணியம் ஆகிய நான் 1877 ம் ஆண்டின் 2 ம் இலக்கச்சட்டத்தின் 8 ம் பிரிவின் பிரகாசம் இதன்டுத்த மூன்ற மாசங்களின்பின் மூல்வேத் தீவு டிஸைதிறிக்கில் தமிழ்ப்பாணையில் நொத்தாரிஸ் உத் தியேர்கம் நடத்துவதற்காய் ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளும்படி உத்தம தேசாதிபுதியவர்களுக்கு வீண்ணப்பம்பண்ண எண்ணியிருக் கிரேமெனன்பதை இத்தால் கீஞ்ஞாபனஞ்செய்கின்றேன்.

வீ. சா. குப்பிரமணியம்.

1903 ம் இ ஜப்பசிமு 5 ந் உ.

Notice under Section 8 of Ordinance No. 2 of 1877.

NAGAMANYAR ARUMUGAM of Arippattai, in the District of Batticaloa, do hereby give notice that it is my intention to apply, three months hence, to His Excellency the Governor for admission as Notary Public, to practise in the District of Batticaloa in the Tamil language.

N. ARUMUGAM.

Arippattai, Batticaloa, October 12, 1903. වුම් 1877කත් නොම්මර 2කෝ රෙකුලාසියේ 8 වෙනි වගන්තීයේ පුකාර දුන්වීමයි.

ම ඩකලපු දිස්තික්කුවේ අරිප්පත්තෙ පදිංචි නාගමනියාර් ආරුමුගම් වන මම මෙවක් පටන් තුන්මාසයක් පසුඋතතැන මඩකලපු දිස් නික්කුවේ දෙමලෙන් පුසිඩ නොතාරිස් තනතුරට පත්වීමට ගරුකටයුතු උතුමාතන්වහන්සේගෙන් ඉල්ළුම්කරන්ට අදහස්කරගන සිටින බව මෙයින් දකුම්දෙම්.

නා. ආරුමුගම්.

වෂ් 1903 ක්වූ ඔක්ටෝබර් මස 12 වෙනි දින මඩකලපුවේ අරීප්පත්මෙනදීය.

1877 ம் ஞு 2 ம் இலக்கச்சட்டத்தின் 8 ம் பிரிவுக் கடக்க மான அறிவித்தல்.

பட்டுக்களப்பு ஆர்ப்பத்தை நாகமணியார் ஆறமுகமா இய நான் என்னே மட்டுக்களப்புப் பகுதியில் தமிழ்ப்பாணைடி யில் பிரசித்த தொத்தாரியாக வேண்பார்க்கும்படி இன்ற தொடக்கம் மூன்று மாசங்களுக்குப்பின் மகோத்தம தேசா திபதியவர்கள் என்னே ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளுமாறு கேட்க எண்ணியிருக்கிறேனென்பதை பித்தாலறிவிக்கிறேன்.

ஆர்ப்பத்தை, மட்டிக்களப்பு, 1903 ம் 🚱 ஐப்பகிமூ 12 ந் உ.

தா. ஆஅமுகம்.

KALAPUGEY DON ALEXANDER JAYA-TILLEKE of Molligoda in Panadure totamune of the Kalutara District, do hereby give notice, in terms of section 8 of Ordinance No. 2 of 1877, of my intention, three months hence, to apply to His Excellency the Governor to be admitted and enrolled a Notary Public for the District of Kandy, to practise in the Sinhalese language.

D. A. JAYATILLEKE.

Molligoda, October 22, 1903.

කා එතර දිස්තික්කේ පානදුර තොටමුනේ මොල්ලිගොඩ පදිංචි කලපුගේ දෙන් ඇලසුන්ඩර් ජයතිලක වන මම වීම 1877තේ අඩක 2කේ ආසුපනනේ 8 වෙනි වගංති යේ පුකාර මෙවක්පටං පංමාසයක් ඉකුත්වූතැන් මහනුවර පලානේ පුසිඩ නොතාරිස්කෙනෙක්මෙන් සිංහලභාෂාවෙන් වැඩකරණු පිනිස මා පත්කරනලෙස හරුතර ආණ්ඩුකාර උතුමාතන්වහන්මස්ගෙන් ඉල්ලන්ට අදහස්කරගන් සිටින බව මෙසින් දුනුන්දෙමි.

ඞී. ඒ. ජයතිලක.

கேளுத்துறை டிஸிதிரிக்கின் பாணந்துறை தொற்றமுளே பைச்சேர்ந்த பொல்லிகொட என்னும் குறிச்சியிலிருக்கும் களபுகே தொன் அலக்சண்டர் ஐயத்திலக்க ஆகிய நான் 1877 ம் ஆண்டின் 2 ம் இலக்கத்தின் சட்டத்தின் 8 ம் பிரி வீன்படி மூன்ற மாசக்தின்பின் கண்டிடிஸிதிக்கில் பிரிகித் த நொத்தாரிசுவாக கிங்கள பாலைஷயில் பணிவிடை நடத்தி வர பென்னே பேறிறுக்கொள்ளும்படி கனம்பொருந்திய தேசாதிபதியிடம் கேட் ±ப்போகிறே வெண்று இத்தால் வெளிப்படுத்துகிறேன்.

டி. அ. ஜயத்திலக்க.

1903 ம் இ ஐப்பசினு 22 ந் உ.

Notice under Section 8 of Ordinance No. 2 of 1877.

TOLIPPODY OMANATHAPPILLAI of Punkudavely, in the District of Batticaloa, do hereby give notice that it is my intention to apply, three months hence, to His Excellency the Governor for admission as Notary Public, to practise in the District of Batticaloa in the Tamil language.

T. OMANATHAPPILLAI.

Punkudavely, Batticaloa, October 15, 1903. වම් 1877කත් නොමමර 2කේ රෙගුලාසියේ 8 වෙනි වගන්තියේ පුකාර දුන්වීමයි.

ම භිකල්පු දිස්තික්කුවේ පන්කුඩාවේලි පදිංචි ටෝලිප්පෝඩ් ඕමනාදපුල්ලේ මෙවක් පටන් තුන්මාසයක් පසුඋනතැන මඩකලපු දිස්තික්කු වේ දෙමලෙන් පුසිඩ නොතාරිස් තනතුරට පත් වීමට ගරුකටයුතු උතුමානන්වහන්සේගෙන් ඉල් එමකරන්ට අදහස්කරගන සිටින බව මෙයින් දකුම්දෙම්.

ටී. ඕමනාදපුල් ලේ.

වුණි 1903 ක්වූ ඔක්ටෝබර් මස 15 දින මඩකලපුවේ පන්කුඩාවෙලිදීය. க்அஎஎ ம் ஹி உ ம் இலக்கச்சட்டத்தின் அம் பிரிவின் பிரகாரம் அறிவித்தல்.

LD ட்டுக்களப்பு பங்சிடாவெளி தோலிப்போடி ஒற நாதபின்ளோகிய நான் என்னே மட்டுக்களப்புப் பகு சியில் தமிழ்ப்பாகை ஷெமில் வேலேபார்க்கும் நொத் தாரிஸ்வாக வேற்றுக்கொள்ளும்பொருட்டு இன்று தொடக்கம் மூன்று மாசங்களுக்குப்பின் அதியுத்தம தோதபதியவர்களுக்கு விண்ணப்பஞ்செய்ய எண்ணி மிருக்கிறேனென்பதை இத்தால் வெளிப்படுத்து இ தேசன்.

தோ. ஓமராதபின்னே.

பங்கிடாவெளி, மட்டிக்களப்பு, கைலை ம் ்ஞை ஐப்பசி*மீ* க**டு க் உ**.

LOCAL BOARD NOTICES.

NDER the provisions of the 12th section of the Local Board of Health and Improvement Ordinance, No 13 of 1898, I hereby give notice of my intention to hold on Saturday, December 12, 1903, at 1 P.M., at the Local Board Office, Negombo, an election of Unofficial Members to serve on the Local Board of Health and Improvement of the town of Negombo for the space of two years from January 1, 1904, to December 31, 1905.

The Kachcheri, Colombo, October 28, 1903.

G. M. Fowler, Government Agent.

කිරීම සම්බනි ආඥපණිතේ 12 වෙනි වගන් කිරීම සම්බනි ආඥපණිතේ 12 වෙනි වගන් තියේ පුකාරගට මිගමු නගරයේ වැසියන්ගේ සනී පස දිවුනුකිරීම සඳහා පිහිටුවනලද සභාවට වෂී 1904 ක්වූ ජනවාරි මස 1 වෙනි දින පටත් වෂී 1905 ක්වූ දෙසැම්බු මස 31 වෙනි දින දක්වා පුර අවුරුදු දෙකකට ආණ්ඩුවේ නිල නොදරන්නාවූ සහකාරවරුන් තෝරාගැනීමට වෂී 1903 ක්වූ දෙසැම්බු මස 12 වෙනි සෙනසුරාද දවල් 1කේ කනිසමට මිගමුවේ ලෝකල්බෝඩ් කන්තෝරු වේදී සභාරැස්වීමක් පවත්වන්නට අදහස්කර ති

> ජී. ඇම්. පවුලර්, ආණ්ඩුවේ ඒජන්ත වම්**හ.**

විෂි 1903 ක්වූ ඔක්තෝම්බු මස 28 වෙනි දින කොලඹ කච් ඬෙරියේදීය.

1898 ம் வருஷைத்தின் 13 ம் கட்டிகோச்சட்டமாகிய சவுக்கிய சீர்திருத்தல் சங்கத்தைப்பற்றிய கட்டளேச் சட்டத்தின் 12 ம் பிரிவின் பிரகாரம் நீர்கொழும்பு சவுக்கிய சீர்திருத்தல் சங்கத்தில் 1904 ம் வருஷம் தைமாதம் 1 ந் தேதி அவங்கி 1905 ம் வருஷம் மார் கழிமாதம் 31 ந் தேதிவரைக்குழுள்ள இரண்டு வரு ஷக்காலத்துக்கு வேஃபொர்க்கும்படி அரசாட்சி உத் திகோகேயில்லாத அங்கத்தவர்களே தெரிக்துகொள் ளும்படி 1903 ம் வருஷைம் மார்கழி சூ 12 க் தேதி சணிக்கிழமை பிற்பகல் 1 மணிக்கு நீர்கொழும்பு சவுக் கிய சீர்திருத்தல் சங்கத்தின் கந்தோரில் ஓர் கூட்டத் கை கடைக்க எணணி பிருக்கிறேகொன்று இத்தால் வின ம்பாம்பண்ணுகிரேன்.

. ஜீ. எம். பவுல**ர்,** அரச**ாட்**சி சசேன்றை.

கொழும்பு கச்சேரி, 1903 ம் இல் அற்பசிமூ 28 க் உ.

NDER the provisions of the 12th section of the Local Board of Health and Improvement Ordinance, No. 13 of 1898, I hereby give notice of my intention to hold on December 5, 1903, at 1 P.M., at the Kalutara Kachcheri, an election of Unofficial Members to serve on the Board of Health and Improvement of the town of Kalutara for the space of two years from January 1, 1904, to December 31, 1905.

Colombo Kachcheri, October 28, 1903. G. M. Fowler, Government Agent.

කිරීම සම්බණි ආඥපනතෝ 12 වෙනි වගන් කිරීම සම්බණි ආඥපනතෝ 12 වෙනි වගන් තියේ පුකාරයට කළුතර නගරයේ වැසියන්ගේ සනීපය දිවුනුකිරීම සඳහා පිහිටුවනලද සභාවට වුම් 1904 ක්වූ ජනවාරි මස 1 වෙනි දින පටන් වුම් 1905 ක්වූ දෙසැම්බු මස 31 වෙනි දින දක්වා පුරා අවුරුදු දෙකකට ආණ්ඩුවේ නිල නොදරන් නාවූ සහකාරවරුන් තෝරාගැනීමට වුම් 1903 ක්වූ දෙසැම්බු මස 5 වෙනි දින දවල් 1කේ කනි සමට කළුතර කුම්වේරියේදී රැස්වීමක් පවත්වන් නට අදහස්කර තිබෙන බව මෙසින් දන්වනුය.

> ජ්. ඇම්. පවුලර්, ආණ්ඩුවේ ඒජන්තතැන.

වඹී 1903 ක්වූ ඔක්තෝම්බු මස 28 වෙනි දින කොලඹ කච් වේරියේදීය. 1898 ம் வருஷைத்தின் 13 ம் கட்டி இரச்சட்டமாகிய சவுக்கிய சீர்திருத்தல் சங்கத்தைப்பற்றிய கட்டளேச் சட்டத்தின் 12 ம் பிரிவின் பிரகாரம் களுத்திறை சவுக்கிய சீர்திருத்தல் சங்கத்தில் 1904 ம் வருஷும் தை மாதம் 1 ந தேதி தவக்கி 1905 ம் வருஷும் மாகழி மாதம் 31 க் தேதிவரைக்குமுள்ள இரண்டு வருஷக் காலத்துக்கு வே இவரர்க்கும்படி அரசாட்சி உத் பேரகமில்லாத அங்கத்தவர்களேத் தெரிர்து சொன்கு படி 1903 ம் வருஷம் மார்சழிமாதம் 5 ர் தேதி பிற்பகல் 1 மணிக்குக களுத்துறைக்கச்சேரியில் ஒரு கட்டத்தை வைக்க எண்ணியிருக்கிறேன் என்று இத்தால் விளம்பரமையன்னுக்றேன்.

ஜி. எம். பவுலர், அரசாட்சி ஏசன்று.

கொழும்புக் கச்சேரி, 1903 ம் இல் ஐப்பகின் 28 க் உ.

NDER the provisions of the 11th and 12th sections of the Local Board of Health and Improvement Ordinance, No. 13 of 1898, I hereby give notice of my intention to hold a meeting at the Matara Kachcheri on Thursday, December 10, 1903, at 1 o'clock P.M., for the election of three Unofficial Members to serve on the Board of Health and Improvement of the town of Matara for the space of two years from January 1, 1904, to December 31, 1905.

Galle Kachcheri, October 27, 1903. H. W. BRODHURST, Government Agent.

ට මී 1898 වේ අවුරුද්දේ නොම්මර 13 නේ සෞ කෘසභාරෙ ගුලාසියේ 11 වෙනි 12 වෙනි වගන්හිවලට එකතව මාතර නගරයේ වැඩිදියුනුව සහ සනිප ආරකෘක්රීමේ සෞඛාසභාවට ආණ්ඩුව යටතේ නිලනොදරන්නාවුන් අතුරෙන් සභාකාරයෝ තුන්දෙනෙක් අවුරුදු දෙකකට,එනම්:— වුණි 1904ගේ ජනවාරි මස 1 වෙනි දින පටන්, වුණි 1905 ක්වූ දෙසැම්බර් මස 31 වෙනි දින දක්වා තෝරාගැනීම සඳහා වණි 1903 ක්වූ දෙසැම් බර් මස 10 වෙනි බුහස්පතින්ද දවල් එකට (1) මානර කුච්චේරියේදී සම්මුතියක් පවත්වන්ට යෙ දෙන බව මෙසින් දුනුම් දෙන්ට යෙදුනා ඇත.

> එව්. ඩබ්ලියු. බෝඩ්හර්ස්ට්, ආණඩුවේ ඒජන්ත වම්හ.

වේෂ් 1903 ක්වූ ඔක්කෝම්බර් මස 27 වෙනි දින ගාල්ලේ කුම්මේරියේදීය. >

சூதேச சவுக்கிய தேர்ச்சி சங்கத்தைப்பற்றிய 1898 ம் ஆண்டின் 13 ம் கட்டளேச்சட்டத்தின் 11 ம் 12 ம் பிரிவின் மரைவுப்பாட்டின் பிரகாரம் மத்துறை பட்டணத்தின் சவுக்கிய தேர்ச்சிச் சங்கத்த அரசா ட்சியாரின் பணிவிடையில் இல்லாத அங்கத்தவர்க ளின் மூண்ற பெயர்களே தெரிர்து அவர்கள் 1904 ம் ஆண்டு ஜனவரிமாதம் 1 ர் தேதிதுவக்கம் 1905 ம் ஆ ண்டு டிசம்பர்மாதம் 31 ர் தேதிதுவக்கம் 1905 ம் ஆ ண்டு டிசம்பர்மாதம் 31 ர் தேதியாகிய இரண்டு வரு டக்காலத்துக்கு பணிவிடைசெய்ய ரியமனப்படுத் தும்பொருட்டு மாத்துறை கச்சேரியில் வருகிற டிச மபர்மாசம் 10 ர் தேதி வியாழக்கிழமை ஒரு மணி க்கு ஒர் சபை கடப்படுமென று இத்தாவரிவிக்கி றேனை.

> எச். டபின்பு. புரோடெர்ஸ், அதசாட்சி ஏசன்று.

காவி கச்சேரி, 1903 ம் ஹி ஒக்டோபர்மு 27 க் உ.