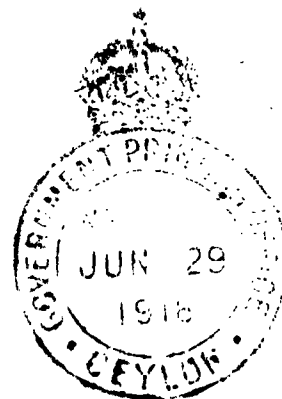
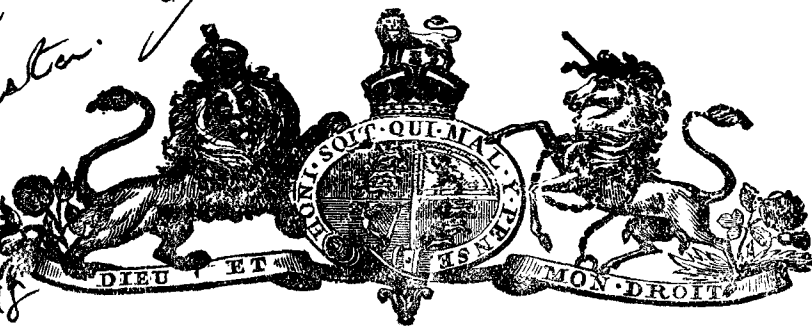


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Part I.—General.

Separate paging is given to each Part in order that it may be filed separately.

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PROCLAMATIONS.

In the Name of His Majesty GEORGE THE FIFTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency REGINALD EDWARD STUBBS, Esquire, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer Administering the Government of the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

R. E. STUBBS.

KNOW Ye that We, the Officer Administering the Government, in exercise of the powers in Us vested by section 32 of the Pawnbrokers Ordinance, No. 8 of 1893, do by this Our Proclamation appoint that the said Ordinance shall, as from and after August 1, 1918, have effect within the limits of the Board of Health town of Haputale, in the District of Badulla, Province of Uva, as defined and set out in the schedule hereto.

Given at Colombo, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twenty-fifth day of June, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Eighteen.

By His Excellency's command,
 A. S. PAGDEN,
 Acting Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

SCHEDULE.

West.—The western boundary of lot No. 2085 in preliminary plan No. 620 prolonged southwards to a distance of 1 chain to the south of the main Badulla-Haldummulla road, and prolonged northwards across the railway to the boundary of the Haputale estate.

South.—Commencing at the southern extremity of the western boundary, as described above, a line running eastward along the south side and 1 chain distant from the edge of the said road up to the plateau on which carts are halted, where the Lemastota minor road diverges, thence a line skirting the said halting place at the same distance back to the main road, thence a line at the same distance from the road as far as the Crown reserve lot No. 612 in

preliminary plan No. 239, thence along the boundary of the said lot to a distance of 20 chains from the road, thence a line in an easterly direction at the last named distance from the road to a point where it will intersect a line drawn north and south through the 24th milepost.

East.—A line running north and south through the 24th milepost.

North.—The northern edge of Badulla-Haldummulla road from the 24th milepost to a distance of 150 yards short of the railway crossing, thence at a distance of 2 chains from the road as far as the railway crossing, thence the boundary of the Haputale estate to where the above described western limit intersects it.

IN the Name of His Majesty GEORGE THE FIFTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency REGINALD EDWARD STUBBS, Esquire, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer Administering the Government of the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

R. E. STUBBS.

WHEREAS by section 34 (1) of "The Ceylon Railways Ordinance, 1902," it is enacted that it shall be lawful for the Governor from time to time to declare by Proclamation any road or path which the railway may cross to be a "minor crossing," and whether such "minor crossing" shall be closed by gates or not:

And whereas it is expedient to declare the path which the railway crosses between the stations of Cheddikulam and Madu road, in the Northern Province, and set forth in the schedule hereto, to be a "minor crossing" for the purpose of the said Ordinance:

Now know Ye that We, the Officer Administering the Government, in exercise of the powers in Us vested as aforesaid, do hereby declare the said path to be a "minor crossing" for the purpose of the said Ordinance, as from and after May 7, 1918, and that such "minor crossing" shall not be closed by gates.

Given at Colombo, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twenty-fifth day of June, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Eighteen.

By His Excellency's command,

A. S. PAGDEN,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

SCHEDULE.

Chainage.			Description.	Class.
M.	C.	L.		
167	20	28	Footpath	3

APPOINTMENTS, &c.

No. 192 of 1918.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr. O. E. DE ZOYSA to act, in addition to his own duties, as Office Assistant to the Government Agent, Southern Province, *vice* Mr. W. O. STEVENS, from June 25 to 29, 1918, or until the resumption of duties by that officer.

Mr. T. A. PIERIS, Chief Clerk, Badulla Kachcheri, to be, in addition to his own duties, Extra Office Assistant to the Government Agent, Province of Uva, from July 5 to 23, 1918, inclusive, or until further orders.

Mr. W. H. B. CARBERRY, District Judge, Chilaw, to be, in addition to his own duties, Additional Assistant Government Agent, Puttalam and Chilaw, from July 1, 1918, or until further orders.

Mr. G. F. ROBERTS to be, in addition to his own duties, Additional District Judge, Ratnapura, for June 29, 1918.

Mr. J. E. R. PEREIRA to act as Police Magistrate, Colombo, *vice* Mr. G. F. ROBERTS, for June 29 and 30 and July 1, 1918, or until the resumption of duties by that officer.

Mr. SOLOMON FERNANDO to act as Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Panadure, *vice* Mr. C. J. S. PRITCHETT, for July 4, 1918.

Mr. W. D. NILES to act as Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Jaffna, Kayts, and Mallakam, *vice* Mr. A. E. CHRISTOFFELSZ, for three days from June 29, 1918, or until the resumption of duties by that officer.

Mr. H. J. M. WICKRAMARATNA to act as Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Balapitiya, *vice* Mr. V. P. REDLICH, from June 28 to 30, 1918, inclusive, or until the resumption of duties by that officer.

Dr. C. S. RUTNAM to be an Official Member of the Local Board of Negombo, *vice* Dr. L. A. EKANAYAKA, deceased.

Dr. C. F. NUGARA to be an Official Member of the Local Board of Puttalam, *vice* Dr. C. S. RUTNAM, transferred.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, A. S. PAGDEN,
Colombo, June 28, 1918. Acting Colonial Secretary.

No. 193 of 1918.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT has been pleased to make the following appointments, with effect from July 1, 1918:—

Mr. W. E. GRENIER to act as Second Assistant Accountant at the General Treasury.

Mr. B. BELLETH to act as Office Assistant to the Assistant Government Agent, Kalutara.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, A. S. PAGDEN,
Colombo, June 28, 1918. Acting Colonial Secretary.

No. 194 of 1918.

IT is hereby notified that Mr. C. MUTTUKUMARU, Chief Clerk of the Mannar Kachcheri, is authorized to sign cheques and drafts on behalf of the Assistant Government Agent, Mannar, from June 24, 1918, until further orders.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, A. S. PAGDEN,
Colombo, June 26, 1918. Acting Colonial Secretary.

No. 195 of 1918.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT has been pleased to confirm Mr. W. A. WILLIAMS in his appointment as Justice of the Peace and Unofficial Police Magistrate for the judicial district of Badulla, *vice* Mr. H. D. SANER.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, A. S. PAGDEN,
Colombo, June 24, 1918. Acting Colonial Secretary.

No. 196 of 1918.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT has been pleased to recognize **Mr. L. VAN DER SPOEL** provisionally as Consul for the Netherlands at Colombo, with effect from July 1, 1918.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, A. S. PAGDEN,
Colombo, June 24, 1918. Acting Colonial Secretary.

No. 197 of 1918.

IT is hereby notified that **HIS EXCELLENCY THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT** has accepted the resignation tendered by **Mr. W. A. DEP** of his appointment as Inquirer for Siyane korale east.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, A. S. PAGDEN,
Colombo, June 21, 1918. Acting Colonial Secretary.

No. 198 of 1918.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT has been pleased to appoint **Mr. JOHN EDMUND DE SARAM**, at present practising as a

Notary Public at Tudella, in Colombo District, to be a Notary Public at Colombo and throughout the town of Colombo, and to practise as such in the Sinhalese language.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, A. S. PAGDEN,
Colombo, June 19, 1918. Acting Colonial Secretary.

No. 199 of 1918.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT has been pleased to appoint **Mr. NAMBUKARA HELAMBAGE LAVANERIS MARTELL SENARATNE**, at present practising as a Notary Public at Attanagalla in Colombo District, to be a Notary Public throughout Uda Bulatgama division of Kandy District and Pallepene korale in Kotmale division of Nuwara Eliya District, with residence and office at Nawalapitiya, and an additional office at Navangama, and to practise as such in the Sinhalese language.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, A. S. PAGDEN,
Colombo, June 25, 1918. Acting Colonial Secretary.

APPOINTMENTS, &c., OF REGISTRARS.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

KANAGARAYAR NAGANATHAR to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Point Pedro division, and of Marriages (General) of Vadamaradchi West division, in the Jaffna District of the Northern Province, for four months, with effect from June 25, 1918, *vice* Registrar, **S. KANAGARAYAR**, on leave. His office will be at Tevaran in Puloh South; station: Pillaiyantoddam in Puloh East.

Dr. DON VALENTINE WALPOLA to be Medical Registrar of Births and Deaths of Lunugala town division, in the Badulla District of the Province of Uva, with effect from July 15, 1918, *vice* Dr. **W. S. RATNAVALE**, transferred. His office will be at the Civil Hospital, Lunugala.

PATIRAGE PUNCHI APFUHAMI to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Madampe division, and of Marriages (Kandyan and General) of Atakalan korale division, in the Ratnapura District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, for twelve days, with effect from June 27, 1918, *vice* Registrar, **W. M. JAYASUNDERA**, on leave. His office will be at the permanent Registrar's Office in Madampe.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, A. S. PAGDEN,
Colombo, June 25, 1918. Acting Colonial Secretary.

WITH reference to the Notification in *Government Gazette* No. 6,828 of October 6, 1916, **HIS EXCELLENCY THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT** has been pleased to confirm the appointment of **MARAMBE WEERASINGHE MUDIYANSELAGE PUNCHI BANDARA** as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Marambe division, and of Marriages (Kandyan and General) of Kuruwiti korale division, in the Ratnapura District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, A. S. PAGDEN,
Colombo, June 21, 1918. Acting Colonial Secretary.

THE following appointments under section 3 of Ordinance No. 23 of 1900 and section 7 of Ordinance No. 19 of 1907 are hereby notified:—

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Colombo, has appointed **PALIHENAGE DON ARON** to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Ranale division, and of Marriages (General) of Palle pattu of Hewagam korale division, in the Colombo District of the Western Province, for sixteen days from June 15, 1918, during the absence of the Registrar, **HENADIRAGE DON LOUIS GUNASEKARA**, on sick leave. His

office will be at Madatiyagahawatta in Bomiriyapahala, and his station at Pelangahawatta in Talangama.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Colombo, has appointed **DON PAULUS RANASINHA WEERASEKERA** to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Mahara division, and of Marriages (General) of Adikari pattu of Siyane korale west division, in the Colombo District of the Western Province, for three days from June 18, 1918, during the absence of the Registrar, **DON PAULU NANAYAKKARA**, on leave. His office will be at Pamburugahawatta in Kurukulawa.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Colombo, has appointed **DON RICHARD RAMANAYAKE** to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Peliyagoda division, and of Marriages (General) of Ragam pattu of Alutkuru korale south division, in the Colombo District of the Western Province, for nine days from June 22, 1918, *vice* **DON FRANCIS GUNATILLEKE**, deceased. His office will be at Ambagahawatta in Wattala.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Colombo, has appointed **GURUNANSELAGE PAULU DE SILVA** to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Dalugama division, and of Marriages (General) of Adikari pattu of Siyane korale west division, in the Colombo District of the Western Province, for June 24, 1918, during the absence of the Registrar, **DON SIMON JAYATILLEKE**, on leave. His office will be at Hikgahawatta in Wedamulla.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Colombo, has appointed **DEGURUNHELAGA ABRAHAM PERERA ABEYSEKERE** to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kelaniya division, and of Marriages (General) of Adikari pattu of Siyane korale west division, in the Colombo District of the Western Province, for three days from June 27, 1918, during the absence of the Registrar, **JULIUS PERERA SUNDERESEKERE SAMARASINHE**, on leave. His office will be at Nilakkagahawatta in Sinharamulla, and his station at Madugahawatta in Talawatuhenpita South.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kalutara, has appointed **ALBERT SILVA RANASINHA SENARATNA** to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Panadure totamune division, in the Kalutara District of the Western Province, for twenty-one days from June 18, 1918, during the absence of the Registrar, **H. S. P. SAMARASEKERA**, on leave. His office will be at Kiripellagahawatta in Talpitiya.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kalutara, has appointed **HETTARACHCHIGE BRAMPI JAYASEKERA** to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Horawala division, and of Marriages (General) of Iddagoda pattu of Pasdun korale west division, in the Kalutara District of the Western Province, for June 20, 1918, during the absence of the

Registrar, H. D. D. JAYASEKERA, on leave. His office will be at Appuhamiakanattewatta in Nauttuduwa.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Nuwara Eliya, has appointed M. W. W. VIDURUPOLA to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Nuwara Eliya town division, in the Nuwara Eliya District of the Central Province, for seven days from June 20, 1918, during the absence of the Registrar, D. A. DE SILVA, on leave. His office will be at the Nuwara Eliya Kachcheri.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Matale, has appointed ADIEKARI NAYAKA MUDIYANSELAYE RICHARD COSWATTE to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Asgiri Pallesiya pattu division, and of Marriages (General) of Matale South division, in the Matale District of the Central Province, for seven days from June 18, 1918, during the absence of the Registrar, L. B. RATNAYAKA, on leave. His office will be at Ratnayaka Mudiyansele Wawalwa in Urulewatta.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Matale, has appointed HERAT MUDIYANSELEGERA TIKIRI BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Pallesiya pattu, No. 1 division, and of Marriages (General) of Matale East division, in the Matale District of the Central Province, for thirteen days from June 19, 1918, during the absence of the Registrar, W. M. APPUHAMY, on leave. His office will be at Andeniyawatta in Weragama; station: Galkandegederawatta in Pallegama.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Galle, has appointed KARIYAWASAN MAJUWANEGAMAGE CHARLES DIAS to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Telikada division, and of Marriages (General) of Gangaboda pattu division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, for two days from June 17, 1918, during the absence of the Registrar, F. D. J. GUNAWARDANA, on leave. His offices will be at Ambagahawatta in Keradewala and Ambagahaowita Totupalawatta in Majuwana.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Galle, has appointed RICHARD PHILIP DE LANEROLLE to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kataluwa division, and of Marriages (General) of Talpe pattu division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, for eleven days from June 19, 1918, during the absence of the Registrar, WILLIAM WARNASURIYA, on leave. His office will be at Naluarambewatta in Kataluwa.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Galle, has appointed SRYADORIS DIAS ABAYAWICKRAMA GUNASEKARA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Hinatigala division, and of Marriages (General) of Talpe pattu division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, for two days from June 20, 1918, during the absence of the Registrar, T. D. A. GUNASEKARA, on leave. His office will be at Pillegewatta in Habaraduwa.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Matara, has appointed DON HENDERICK SEPARAMADU PINIDIYA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Four Gravets No. 2 division, and of Marriages (General) of Matara town and gravets division, in the Matara District of the Southern Province, for thirteen days from June 17, 1918, during the absence of the Registrar, A. D. S. WIRASINHA, on leave. His office will be at Gasyatawatta *alias* Gabadagewatta in Tudawa and Dissawagewatta in Weliwariya.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Matara, has appointed DON ANDREAS SIRIWARDENA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Bengamuwa division, and of Marriages (General) of Morawak korale division, in the Matara District of the Southern Province, for five days from June 18, 1918, during the absence of the Registrar, D. H. DE S. SIRIWARDENA, on leave. His office will be at Liyanagegedarawatta in Bengamuwa.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Matara, has appointed NANAYAKKARA HADDAGODAGE DON ARNOLIS GUNARATNA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Tihagoda division, and of Marriages (General) of Gangaboda pattu division, in the Matara District of the Southern Province, for three days from June 19, 1918, during the absence of the Registrar, F. W. SIRIWARDENA, on leave. His office will be at Godayangodayawatta in Tihagoda.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Matara, has appointed PATHIRANAGE DON CORNELIS DE SILVA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Akuressa division, and of Marriages (General) of Weligam korale division, in the Matara District of the Southern Province, for two days from June 20, 1918, during the absence of the Registrar,

P. DON ALLIS, on leave. His office will be at Ladduwamahaowitawatta in Akuressa.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Hambantota, has appointed WICKRAMA ARACHCHIGE CHARLIS to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Tangalla outside the town division, and of Marriages (General) of West Giruwa pattu division, in the Hambantota District of the Southern Province, for seven days from June 20, 1918, during the absence of the Registrar, D. P. DISSANAYAKA, on leave. His office will be at Lunuweraniyagahawatta in Polommaruwa.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Jaffna District, has appointed VICTOR BENJAMINE MUTTUVELU to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Koppay division, and of Marriages (General) of Valikamam East division, in the Jaffna District of the Northern Province, for nineteen days from June 12, 1918, during the absence of the Registrar, J. ARUPPIRACASAM, on leave. His office will be at Valaiwalavu in Koppay South.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Jaffna District, has appointed SUSAIPIILLAI MARIYAMPILLAI to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Pandattarippu division, and of Marriages (General) of Valikamam West division, in the Jaffna District of the Northern Province, for two weeks from June 24, 1918, during the absence of the Registrar, P. SUSAIPIILLAI, on leave. His office will be at Untuvattai in Chillalai.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Jaffna District, has appointed SANTIAPPILLAI ANTONIPILLAI to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Vadamaradchi West division, in the Jaffna District of the Northern Province, for two weeks from June 24, 1918, during the absence of the Registrar, S. D. TAMPU, on leave. His office will be at Karampaiyakkandi in Karaveddi West; stations: Anaiwiluntan in Valluvedditurai, and Tillamiuraseni in Point Pedro.

The Provincial Registrar, Eastern Province, has appointed PONNAMPALAM AMBALAWANER to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Mammunai pattu north division, in the Batticaloa District of the Eastern Province, for thirty days from June 22, 1918, during the absence of the Registrar, S. R. ELIYATAMBY, on leave. His office will be at the Batticaloa Kachcheri.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Batticaloa District, has appointed TAMPIPODI KATIRKAMAPODI to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Mammunai West (Southern) division, and of Marriages (General) of Mammunai North division, in the Batticaloa District of the Eastern Province, for twenty-nine days from July 3, 1918, during the absence of the Registrar, T. CHINNATAMPIPODI, on leave. His office will be at Kannankudah.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Trincomalee, has appointed SUBRAMANIAM SATASIVAMPILLAI to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kaddukkulam North division, and of Marriages (General) of Kaddukkulam pattu east division, in the Trincomalee District of the Eastern Province, for fourteen days from June 19, 1918, *viz* A. VISUVALINGAM, deceased. His office will be at Navaladivalavu in Tiriyai.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Trincomalee, has appointed KATIRKAMAR VYRAMUTTU to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Koddipattu division, in the Trincomalee District of the Eastern Province, for fourteen days from June 20, 1918, during the absence of the Registrar, T. DURAIAPPAN, Mudaliyar, on leave. His office will be at Mutur and Mallikaittivu.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kurunegala, has appointed LANSAKARA JAYASUNDEPA MUDIYANSELAGE DINGIRI BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Katuwanna korale division, and of Marriages (General) of Wann hatpattu division, in the Kurunegala District of the North-Western Province, for four days from June 18, 1918, during the absence of the Registrar, R. M. DINGIRI BANDA, on leave. His office will be at the permanent Registrar's residence at Hangilipola.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Puttalam, has appointed JOSEPH STEPHEN PIERIS to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Puttalam pattu and gravets division, in the Puttalam District of the North-Western Province, for twelve days from June 14, 1918, during the absence of the Registrar, R. M. THEVATHASAN, on leave. His office will be at the Puttalam Kachcheri.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Anuradhapura, has appointed BALA CHANDRA HERAT MUDIYANSELAGE WANNIAMI to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kiralowa korale east division, and of Marriages (General) of Kalagam palata division, in the Anuradhapura District of the North-Central Province, for thirty days from June 23, 1918, during the absence of the Registrar, J. H. M. KAPURALA, on other duty. His office will be at Hitinagedarawatta in Barawila.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar of Kegalla has appointed WAHALKADAWALAWWE RATNAYEKE MUDIYANSELAGE PUNCHINLAME RATNAYEKE to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Meda pattu division, and of Marriages (General) of Galboda and Kinigoda korales division, in the Kegalla District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, for

thirty days from July 1, 1918, during the absence of the Registrar, W. KIRI BANDA, on leave. His office will be at Walliwelewatta in Mederigama.

Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, June 25, 1918.

W. L. KINDERSLEY,
Registrar-General.

It is hereby notified that K. NALLATAMPI, Registrar of Marriages (General) of Sammanturai pattu division in the Batticaloa District of the Eastern Province, has, with effect from May 20, 1918, removed his office to Illupaiadivalavu in Sammanturai from Kalvidduvalavu in Sammanturai. (*Vide Government Gazette No. 6,707 of April 1, 1915.*)

Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, June 20, 1918.

W. L. KINDERSLEY,
Registrar-General.

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATIONS.

A MEETING of the Legislative Council will be held at the Council Chamber on Wednesday, July 10, 1918, at 2.30 P.M.

The Council Chamber,
Colombo, June 27, 1918.

By order,
C. H. COLLINS,
Clerk to the Council.

"THE EXCISE ORDINANCE, No. 8 OF 1912."

Excise Notification No. 74.

It is hereby notified that His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government in Executive Council, in exercise of the powers vested in him by section 31 (1) of "The Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912," has been pleased to repeal Chapter V., headed "Strength of Foreign Liquor," of Excise Notification No. 9, dated May 16, 1913, under the said Ordinance, and to substitute therefor the rule appearing in the schedule hereto, and to declare that the rule so substituted shall be in force as from October 1, 1918.

The brands of spirit exempted from the provision regarding minimum strength for the sale of foreign liquor appearing in Excise Notifications Nos. 13 and 16 shall be deemed to be exempted from the operation of the rule made hereby.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, June 15, 1918.

By His Excellency's command,
A. S. PAGDEN,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

No foreign spirit shall be sold or kept for sale of a less strength than 25 degrees under London proof.

"THE EXCISE ORDINANCE, No. 8 OF 1912."

Excise Notification No. 75.

It is hereby notified that His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government in Executive Council, in exercise of the powers vested in him by section 31 (1) of "The Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912," has been pleased to make the rules referred to below, and to declare that the same shall be in force as from the date hereof.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, June 15, 1918.

By His Excellency's command,
A. S. PAGDEN,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

RULES REFERRED TO.

1. Applications for the renewal of foreign liquor licenses or for new foreign liquor licenses, other than resthouse licenses, occasional licenses, and special licenses, shall be made annually to the Government Agent of the Province in which the premises to be licensed are situated not less than two months before the licenses are to begin to operate.

2. Any person desirous of carrying on any trade in foreign liquor under either of the licenses aforesaid, other than resthouse licenses, occasional licenses, and special licenses, shall publish in English, in the form prescribed in rule 4 below, a notice regarding such application in the *Government Gazette* and once in at least one local newspaper, and shall produce proof of such publication to the Government Agent concerned not less than two months before the license or licenses are to begin to operate.

3. In proof of such publication the applicant shall (not less than two months before the license is to begin to operate), (a) in regard to the notice in the *Government Gazette*, intimate to the Government Agent by letter the number and date of the *Gazette* in which the notice is

published; (b) as regards the publication in a local newspaper, forward to the Government Agent a copy of the paper in which such notice is published.

4. Notices of applications shall be published in the following form:—

"I hereby give notice that I have on —, 191—, applied to the Government Agent, —, for the licenses shown in the schedule hereto annexed, for the licensing period ending September 30, 191—:—

Schedule referred to.

Name and address of applicant: —.
Description of license or licenses applied for: —.
State whether application is for renewal of existing license or for a new license: —.
Situation of premises to be licensed: —.

Date: —.

Signature of Applicant.

"THE EXCISE ORDINANCE, No. 8 OF 1912."

Excise Notification No. 76.

IT is hereby notified that His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government has, under the provisions of section 24 of "The Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912," been pleased to direct that on and after October 1, 1918, all persons carrying on any trade in foreign liquor shall do so under cover of one or more of the following licenses.

Excise Notification No. 60 published in the *Government Gazette* No. 6,894 of August 24, 1917, and Excise Notification No. 34 published in the *Government Gazette* No. 6,633 of July 10, 1914, excluding only the final paragraph thereof marked 2, are hereby cancelled, with effect from October 1, 1918.

General Description of the Licenses.

(1) *License to Manufacture Beer.*—This license may be granted, subject to the approval of the Excise Commissioner, by the Government Agent on payment of an annual fee of Rs. 50. The privilege includes the right to bottle beer for sale.

(2) *Bottling License.*—This license may be issued to distillers and holders of wholesale licenses for the sale of foreign liquor. The annual fee will be Rs. 50. This license does not authorize flavouring and/or colouring, but does authorize reducing and blending.

(3) *Wholesale License* (for the sale to licensed dealers only of foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) not to be consumed on the premises).—This class of license will have to be taken out by those commission agents and others who import liquor largely; and sales by them under this license will be permitted to licensed dealers only. The annual fee for this license will be Rs. 150.

(4) *Retail License* (for the sale of foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) not to be consumed on the premises).—This license may be issued on payment of an annual fee of Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,000, determined by the Government Agent on a basis of gallonage or business done. The opening hour shall be the same as, and the closing hour shall be not later than, the corresponding hours fixed for foreign liquor taverns in the same towns or areas.

(5) *Tavern License* (that is, retail license for the sale of foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) to be consumed on the premises).—The amount to be paid for this privilege will be determined ultimately by public auction or by tender, but shall, until further notice, be assessed by the Government Agent on a basis of gallonage or business done. Under these licenses the sale of liquor in one transaction for removal from the premises in a quantity exceeding one reputed quart will be prohibited.

(6) *Beer and Porter License* (for the sale of beer and porter only).—These licenses may be issued for the sale of beer and porter only, for consumption on or off the premises, at an annual fixed fee of Rs. 30. This license shall be subject to the same restrictions as to hours as may be enforced for other taverns in the same town or area.

(7) *Hotel License* (for the supply of liquor in hotels and boarding houses).—No liquor shall be sold under this license otherwise than to residents in hotels and boarding houses for their own use or that of their guests, or to casual visitors requiring liquor with meals supplied to them. A fee of Rs. 100 to Rs. 500 may be charged at the discretion of the Government Agent. No liquor shall be consumed after the closing hour except in the private rooms of residents in the hotel.

(8) *Bar License (Hotel).*—This license will be issued to approved hotel-keepers to cover the sale of foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) at a bar in the hotel under the same conditions and to the same extent as a tavern license. This license will be issued on payment of a fee for each bar, assessed by the Government Agent on a basis of gallonage or business done. No liquor shall be sold under this license to persons other than residents in the hotel except for cash payment. No liquor shall be consumed after the closing hour except in the private rooms of residents in the hotel. The hours of sale under this license to residents and to the general public are within the discretion of the Government Agent and his Advisory Committee, but the closing hour shall not be later than 11 P.M. in the case of sales to residents and *bona fide* travellers and 10 P.M. in other cases.

(9) *Bar License for Place of Public Entertainment.*—This license shall be issued to managers of approved places of public entertainment to cover the sale of foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) at a bar in the place of entertainment under the same conditions and to the same extent as a tavern license. This license will be issued on payment of a fee for each bar, assessed by the Government Agent on a basis of gallonage or business done. No liquor shall be sold under this license except for cash payment and except to persons attending the entertainment. No liquor shall be sold after the time when the entertainment ends or after 11 P.M., whichever is the earlier hour; and no liquor shall be consumed on the premises after such hour.

(10) *Railway Refreshment Room or Dining Car License* (issued to the contractor or contractors who have secured the privilege of opening refreshment rooms at railway stations or running the dining cars attached to trains).—These will cover the supply of foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) to *bona fide* travellers by railway only, and will be issued by the Government Agent, after consultation with the General Manager, on payment of an assessed fee for each refreshment room or car. When one contractor has secured combined privileges, a consolidated fee may be charged, payable by instalments.

(11) *Refreshment Room or Restaurant License* (issued only to respectable applicants to cover the sale of foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) when combined with the sale of meals).—This license may be issued on a fee of Rs. 200 to Rs. 400 assessed at the discretion of the Government Agent according to locality and business done. No liquor shall be sold to any person except for cash, and unless such person orders and pays for a meal costing at least 30 cents, in addition to the liquor supplied. The opening hour shall be 8 A.M., and the closing hour shall be fixed from time to time by the Government Agent and his Advisory Committee, and shall not be later than 10 P.M. No liquor shall be consumed on the premises after the closing hour.

(12) *Resthouse License* (to resthouses maintained under the supervision and control of the Chairman of the Provincial Road Committee).—Under this license liquor may be sold only to persons staying at the resthouse or to *bona fide* travellers for consumption on the premises; and no liquor shall be sold for removal from the resthouse. The fee will be assessed by the Government Agent. The ordinary hours of sale will be from 8 A.M. to 11 P.M.

(13) *Proprietary Club License.*—This license may be issued on payment of a fee assessed by the Government Agent, and will cover the sale of foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) for consumption on the premises to members only and to friends in their company.

(14) *Occasional License.*—This may be granted for the sale of foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) at refreshment stalls or bars in connection with race meetings, public entertainments, or other gatherings approved by the Government Agent, for periods not exceeding ten days at one time, and at fees assessed by the Government Agent not exceeding Rs. 100 on each occasion. No sale of liquor for removal from the premises will be allowed under this license. The hours for this license shall be limited to the period during which the race meeting, public entertainment, or other gathering is in progress. No sale shall take place after 11 P.M., provided that the Government Agent shall have discretion to extend the closing hour where circumstances justify it. No liquor shall be sold or consumed on the premises after the closing hour.

(15) *Auctioneer's License* (for the sale by recognized auctioneers of consignments of foreign liquor (including locally-made beer).—The annual fee will be Rs. 10. The licensee may give sample bottles, and may hold the auction at places other than those specified in the license. Liquor sold under this license must be the property of *bona fide* residents in the Island.

(16) *License for the Sale of Rectified Spirit.*—This may be issued, on payment of an annual fee of Rs. 10, to such chemists and druggists and other firms or persons as are specially approved by the Government Agent. Under this license the possession of rectified spirit in excess of forty imperial gallons (or such larger quantity as the Excise Commissioner may specially authorize) is prohibited. Rectified spirit must not be sold under these licenses for other than *bona fide* medical, industrial, and scientific purposes, and the maximum limit of sale at one time to the same person is restricted to one reputed pint in the case of sale to a private individual; one imperial gallon in the case of sale for industrial purposes, or to a chemist, medical practitioner, or scientific body; and ten imperial gallons to any Government, Local Board, or Municipal hospital.

(17) *License for the sale of Medicated Wines and similar Preparations containing 20 per cent. and upwards, but not more than 42 per cent., of Proof Spirit.*—The annual fee for the license will be Rs. 10. The licensee may sell the medicated wines and similar preparations only as tonic or medicine.

(18) *Special License.*—This may be granted under the orders of the Excise Commissioner on such terms and conditions as may in each case be determined, when the circumstances are such as not to allow of the issue of licenses of any of the above descriptions.

The following shall be the forms and conditions of the licenses granted for the bottling and sale of foreign liquor:—

Serial No. and Machine No. —. Fee : Rs. 50.

Excise F.L. 1

LICENSE TO BREW AND BOTTLE THE SAME FOR SALE IN THE — BREWERY, SITUATED AT —.

I, —, Government Agent of the —, under the provisions of the Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912, in consideration of the payment of a fee of Rupees Fifty, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, hereby license you —, trading as —, to brew beer in the — Brewery, situated at —, and to bottle and to sell therefrom the beer made in your Brewery during the official year ending September 30, 191—, subject to the following conditions to be observed by you, the said —, viz., the general conditions applicable to all Excise licenses, and the following special conditions applicable to this license:—

1. You shall observe and keep all the rules applicable to breweries generally that shall have been or may be from time to time made under the authority of the Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912.
2. You shall not manufacture, bottle, or sell any liquor of any description other than beer brewed by you under this license, unless a separate license be granted to you.
3. Liquor sold under this license may not be consumed on the premises.
4. All vessels in the Brewery shall be numbered, and their capacities clearly marked on them in oil paint in English. The name or an abbreviation thereof of each room or vessel shall also be conspicuously painted in oil paint in English thereon, and where more than one room or vessel is used for the same purpose they shall be distinguished by progressive numbers.
5. All receptacles in which beer has been bottled shall be labelled or branded with the words "Manufactured in Ceylon."
6. You shall keep true and correct accounts in ink always up to date in form A annexed. Such accounts shall be kept in the Brewery, and always be open there to inspection and verification by all officers of the Excise Department not below the rank of Inspector.
7. You shall allow samples of all beer brewed by you in your Brewery to be taken free of cost for analytical or testing purposes by any officer of the Excise Department not below the rank of Inspector.
8. You shall be bound by such departmental rules as may be issued from time to time by the Excise Commissioner.
9. All notices shall be deemed to have been duly given to you if delivered at the Brewery or affixed to the gate thereof.

Dated the — day of —, 191—. — Kachcheri.

— Government Agent.

Serial No. and Machine No. —. Fee : Rs. 50.

LICENSE TO BREW BEER AND BOTTLE THE SAME FOR SALE IN THE — BREWERY, SITUATED AT —.

Name of Licensee : —. Description of Licensed Premises : —. Date of Issue : —. Date of Expiry : —.
Stamp of 50 cents. — Kachcheri. — Government Agent.

Counterpart Agreement.

I, —, the afore-mentioned licensee, for myself, my heirs, my legal representatives and assigns, hereby agree with the Government Agent that I will well and truly observe and perform the terms and conditions contained in the license (of which this is a counterfoil), to brew beer in the — Brewery, situated at —, and to bottle and to sell therefrom the beer made in the Brewery during the official year ending September 30, 191—, subject to the following conditions to be observed by me, the said —, viz., the general conditions applicable to all Excise licenses, and the following special conditions applicable to this license:—

1. The licensee shall observe and keep all the rules applicable to breweries generally that shall have been or may be from time to time made under the authority of the Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912.
2. The licensee shall not manufacture, bottle, or sell any liquor of any description other than beer brewed by him under this license, unless a separate license be granted to him.
3. Liquor sold under this license may not be consumed on the premises.
4. All vessels in the Brewery shall be numbered, and their capacities clearly marked on them in oil paint in English. The name or an abbreviation thereof of each room or vessel shall also be conspicuously painted in oil paint in English thereon, and where more than one room or vessel is used for the same purpose they shall be distinguished by progressive numbers.
5. All receptacles in which beer has been bottled shall be labelled or branded with the words "Manufactured in Ceylon."
6. The licensee shall keep true and correct accounts in ink always up to date in form A annexed. Such accounts shall be kept in the Brewery, and always be open there to inspection and verification by all officers of the Excise Department not below the rank of Inspector.
7. The licensee shall allow samples of all beer brewed by him in his Brewery to be taken free of cost for analytical or testing purposes by any officer of the Excise Department not below the rank of Inspector.
8. The licensee shall be bound by such departmental rules as may be issued from time to time by the Excise Commissioner.
9. All notices shall be deemed to have been duly given to the licensee if delivered at the Brewery or affixed to the gate thereof.

Dated the — day of —, 191—.

Signature : —. Witnesses : —.

Serial No. and Machine No. —. Fee: Rs. 50.

Excise F.L. 2

LICENSE FOR BOTTLING FOREIGN LIQUOR (INCLUDING LOCALLY-MADE BEER).

I, —, Government Agent of the —, under the provisions of the Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912, in consideration of the payment of a fee of Rupees Fifty, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, hereby license — to bottle potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) at the premises more fully described below, in the —, during the official year ending September 30, 191—, subject to the following conditions to be observed by the said —, viz., the general conditions applicable to all Excise licenses, the bottling rules (foreign liquor) published in Excise Notification No. 9, III, and the following special conditions applicable to this license:—

1. The privilege extends to the bottling of all potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) imported in bulk or locally manufactured, and includes reduction and blending of such liquor, but Government reserves to itself the right to require that all such bottling of potable foreign spirit imported in bulk or locally manufactured, as also the reduction and blending of such spirit, shall be done in bond.
2. Every receptacle containing foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) transported in bulk from the Customs or from a distillery or bonded warehouse must bear a printed label showing clearly the name and the strength of the liquor, the country of manufacture, and the date of removal from the Custom-house, distillery, or bonded warehouse, as the case may be.
3. All operations connected with bottling must be done in the presence of an Excise Officer. Timely intimation of all bottling operations must be given to the officer appointed to supervise such work.
4. This license does not authorize flavouring or colouring.
5. The liquor must be "proved" on each occasion of bottling or re-casking on the premises.
6. Every bottle or other receptacle filled on the premises and passed out for sale must bear a printed label showing clearly the country or countries of manufacture of the liquor, the name of the bottler as entered in the license, and the place of bottling. If the liquor has been flavoured and/or coloured locally, the printed label shall show in addition the fact that the liquor was flavoured and/or coloured in Ceylon. Every bottle or other receptacle must be sealed, wired, or secured by capsules, or the cork and the top of the neck covered by metallic foil.
7. No spirits shall be bottled at a lower strength than 25° under London proof.
8. An account showing the different kinds of liquor received, bottled, and issued daily must be maintained, and produced on demand of an Excise Officer not below the rank of Inspector.
9. If the Excise Commissioner has published by notification in the *Government Gazette* that only certain brands of spirits have been approved by him, the licensee shall bottle no other brands after a date which will be notified in this behalf.

Dated the — day of —, 191—. — Kachcheri.

— Government Agent.

Serial No. and Machine No. —. Fee: Rs. 50.

LICENSE FOR BOTTLING FOREIGN LIQUOR (INCLUDING LOCALLY-MADE BEER).

Name of Licensee: —. Description of Licensed Premises: —. Date of Issue: —. Date of Expiry: —.
Stamp of 50 cents. — Kachcheri. — Government Agent.

Counterpart Agreement.

I, —, the afore-mentioned licensee, for myself, my heirs, my legal representatives and assigns, hereby agree with the Government Agent that I will well and truly observe and perform the terms and conditions contained in the license (of which this is a counterfoil) to bottle potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) at the premises more fully described above, in the —, during the official year ending September 30, 191—, subject to the following conditions to be observed by me, the said —, viz., the general conditions applicable to all Excise licenses, the bottling rules (foreign liquor) published in Excise Notification No. 9, III, and the following special conditions applicable to this license:—

1. The privilege extends to the bottling of all potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) imported in bulk or locally manufactured, and includes reduction and blending of such liquor, but Government reserves to itself the right to require that all such bottling of potable foreign spirit imported in bulk or locally manufactured, as also the reduction and blending of such spirit, shall be done in bond.
2. Every receptacle containing foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) transported in bulk from the Customs or from a distillery or bonded warehouse must bear a printed label showing clearly the name and the strength of the liquor, the country of manufacture, and the date of removal from the Custom-house, distillery, or bonded warehouse, as the case may be.
3. All operations connected with bottling must be done in the presence of an Excise Officer. Timely intimation of all bottling operations must be given to the officer appointed to supervise such work.
4. This license does not authorize flavouring or colouring.
5. The liquor must be "proved" on each occasion of bottling or re-casking on the premises.
6. Every bottle or other receptacle filled on the premises and passed out of sale must bear a printed label showing clearly the country or countries of manufacture of the liquor, the name of the bottler as entered in the license, and the place of bottling. If the liquor has been flavoured and/or coloured locally, the printed label shall show in addition the fact that the liquor was flavoured and/or coloured in Ceylon. Every bottle or other receptacle must be sealed, wired, or secured by capsules, or the cork and the top of the neck covered by metallic foil.
7. No spirits shall be bottled at a lower strength than 25° under London proof.
8. An account showing the different kinds of liquor received, bottled, and issued daily must be maintained, and produced on demand of an Excise Officer not below the rank of Inspector.
9. If the Excise Commissioner has published by notification in the *Government Gazette* that only certain brands of spirits have been approved by him, the licensee shall bottle no other brands after a date which will be notified in this behalf.

Dated the — day of —, 191—.

Signature: —. Witnesses: —.

Serial No. and Machine No. —. Fee: Rs. 150.

Excise F.L. 3

WHOLESALE LICENSE FOR THE SALE TO LICENSED DEALERS ONLY OF FOREIGN LIQUOR (INCLUDING LOCALLY-MADE BEER) NOT TO BE CONSUMED ON THE PREMISES.

I, —, Government Agent of the —, under the provisions of the Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912, in consideration of the payment of a fee of Rupees One hundred and Fifty, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, hereby license — to sell potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) at the premises more fully described below during the official year ending September 30, 191—, subject to the following conditions to be observed by the said —, viz., the general conditions applicable to all Excise licenses, and the following special conditions applicable to this license:—

1. The privilege extends only to the sale of potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) to licensed dealers.

2. The licensee is prohibited from rectifying spirits by purifying, colouring, or flavouring, or mixing any material therewith.

3. All liquor imported in bulk and bottled in the Island, received or kept for sale, must bear a printed label showing clearly the country or countries of manufacture of the liquor, the name of the bottler as entered in his license, and the place of bottling. If the liquor has been flavoured and/or coloured locally, the printed label shall show in addition the fact that the liquor was flavoured and/or coloured in Ceylon. All receptacles containing beer manufactured in Ceylon shall be labelled or branded with the words "Beer manufactured in Ceylon."

4. If the licensee holds any other license for the sale of foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) on the same premises, he must keep his accounts of transactions under it separate from those under this license.

5. Liquor sold under this license may not be consumed on the premises.

6. No spirits shall be sold or kept for sale of a lower strength than 25° under London proof.

7. If the Excise Commissioner has published by notification in the *Government Gazette* that only certain brands of spirits have been approved by him, the licensee shall sell no other brands after a date which will be notified in this behalf.

Dated the — day of —, 191—. — Kachcheri.

— Government Agent.

Serial No. and Machine No. —. Fee : Rs. 150.

WHOLESALE LICENSE FOR THE SALE TO LICENSED DEALERS ONLY OF FOREIGN LIQUOR (INCLUDING LOCALLY-MADE BEER) NOT TO BE CONSUMED ON THE PREMISES.

Name of Licensee : —. Description of Licensed Premises : —. Date of Issue : —. Date of Expiry : —.
Stamp of 50 cents. — Kachcheri. — Government Agent.

Counterpart Agreement.

I, —, the afore-mentioned licensee, for myself, my heirs, my legal representatives and assigns, hereby agree with the Government Agent that I will well and truly observe and perform the terms and conditions contained in the license (of which this is a counterfoil) to sell potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) at the premises more fully described above during the official year ending September 30, 191—, subject to the following conditions to be observed by me, the said —, viz., the general conditions applicable to all Excise licenses, and the following special conditions applicable to this license :—

1. The privilege extends only to the sale of potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) to licensed dealers.

2. The licensee is prohibited from rectifying spirits by purifying, colouring, or flavouring, or mixing any material therewith.

3. All liquor imported in bulk and bottled in the Island, received or kept for sale, must bear a printed label showing clearly the country or countries of manufacture of the liquor, the name of the bottler as entered in his license, and the place of bottling. If the liquor has been flavoured and/or coloured locally, the printed label shall show in addition the fact that the liquor was flavoured and/or coloured in Ceylon. All receptacles containing beer manufactured in Ceylon shall be labelled or branded with the words "Beer manufactured in Ceylon."

4. If the licensee holds any other license for the sale of foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) on the same premises, he must keep his accounts of transactions under it separate from those under this license.

5. Liquor sold under this license may not be consumed on the premises.

6. No spirits shall be sold or kept for sale of a lower strength than 25° under London proof.

7. If the Excise Commissioner has published by notification in the *Government Gazette* that only certain brands of spirits have been approved by him, the licensee shall sell no other brands after a date which will be notified in this behalf.

Dated the — day of —, 191—.

Signature : — Witnesses : —.

Serial No. and Machine No. —. Fee : Rs. —. Hour of Opening : 8 A.M. Hour of Closing : —. Excise F.L. 4

RETAIL LICENSE FOR THE SALE OF FOREIGN LIQUOR (INCLUDING LOCALLY-MADE BEER) NOT TO BE CONSUMED ON THE PREMISES.

I, —, Government Agent of the —, under the provisions of the Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912, in consideration of the payment of a fee of Rupees —, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, hereby license — to sell potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) at the premises more fully described below, in the —, during the official year ending September 30, 191—, subject to the following conditions to be observed by the said —, viz., the general conditions applicable to all Excise licenses, and the following special conditions applicable to this license :—

1. The privilege extends only to the sale of potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) in sealed receptacles in quantities not less than one-fourteenth part of a gallon of each kind at a time.

2. The licensee is prohibited from rectifying spirits by purifying, colouring, flavouring, or mixing any material therewith.

3. All liquor imported in bulk and bottled in the Island, received or kept for sale, must bear a printed label showing clearly the country or countries of manufacture of the liquor, the name of the bottler as entered in his license, and the place of bottling. If the liquor has been flavoured and/or coloured locally, the printed label shall show in addition the fact that the liquor was flavoured and/or coloured in Ceylon. All bottles must be sealed, wired, or secured by capsules, or the cork and the top of the neck covered by metallic foil.

4. If the licensee holds any other license for the sale of foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) on the same premises, he must keep his accounts of transactions under it separate from those under this license.

5. Liquor sold under this license may not be consumed on the premises.

6. No spirits shall be sold or kept for sale of a lower strength than 25° under London proof.

7. If the Excise Commissioner has published by notification in the *Government Gazette* that only certain brands of spirits have been approved by him, the licensee shall sell no other brands after a date which will be notified in this behalf.

8. The licensee shall sell foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) between the hours of 8 A.M. and — P.M. and at no other time.

9. No foreign spirit shall be sold at a lower price than at the rate of Rs. 15.50 per gallon when sold by the bottle, or Rs. 17.76 per gallon when sold by the dram or glass.

Dated the — day of —, 191—. — Kachcheri.

— Government Agent.

Serial No. and Machine No. —. Fee : Rs. —.

RETAIL LICENSE FOR THE SALE OF FOREIGN LIQUOR (INCLUDING LOCALLY-MADE BEER)
NOT TO BE CONSUMED ON THE PREMISES.

Name of Licensee : —. Description of Licensed Premises : —. Date of Issue : —. Date of Expiry : —.
Stamp of 50 cents. — Kachcheri. — Government Agent.

Counterpart Agreement.

I, —, the afore-mentioned licensee, for myself, my heirs, my legal representatives and assigns, hereby agree with the Government Agent that I will well and truly observe and perform the terms and conditions contained in the license (of which this is a counterfoil) to sell potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) at the premises more fully described above, in the —, during the official year ending September 30, 191—, subject to the following conditions to be observed by me, the said —, viz., the general conditions applicable to all Excise licenses, and the following special conditions applicable to this license :—

1. The privilege extends only to the sale of potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) in sealed receptacles in quantities not less than one-fourteenth part of a gallon of each kind at a time.

2. The licensee is prohibited from rectifying spirits by purifying, colouring, flavouring, or mixing any material therewith.

3. All liquor imported in bulk and bottled in the Island, received or kept for sale, must bear a printed label showing clearly the country or countries of manufacture of the liquor, the name of the bottler as entered in his license, and the place of bottling. If the liquor has been flavoured and/or coloured locally, the printed label shall show in addition the fact that the liquor was flavoured and/or coloured in Ceylon. All bottles must be sealed, wired, or secured by capsules, or the cork and the top of the neck covered by metallic foil.

4. If the licensee holds any other license for the sale of foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) on the same premises, he must keep his accounts of transactions under it separate from those under this license.

5. Liquor sold under this license may not be consumed on the premises.

6. No spirits shall be sold or kept for sale of a lower strength than 25° under London proof.

7. If the Excise Commissioner has published by notification in the *Government Gazette* that only certain brands of spirits have been approved by him, the licensee shall sell no other brands after a date which will be notified in this behalf.

8. The licensee shall sell foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) between the hours of 8 A.M. and — P.M. and at no other time.

9. No foreign spirit shall be sold at a lower price than at the rate of Rs. 15·50 per gallon when sold by the bottle, or Rs. 17·76 per gallon when sold by the dram or glass.

Dated the — day of —, 191—.

Signature : —. Witnesses : —.

Serial No. and Machine No. —. Fee : Rs. —. Hour of Opening : 8 A.M. Hour of Closing : —. Excise F.L. 5

TAVERN LICENSE FOR THE SALE OF FOREIGN LIQUOR (INCLUDING LOCALLY-MADE BEER)
TO BE CONSUMED ON THE PREMISES.

I, —, Government Agent of the —, under the provisions of the Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912, in consideration of the payment of a fee of Rupees —, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, hereby license — to sell potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) in the tavern situated and described as follows :—

during the official year ending September 30, 191—, subject to the following conditions to be observed by the said —, viz., the general conditions applicable to all Excise licenses, and the following special conditions applicable to this license :—

1. The privilege extends only to the sale of potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) to be consumed on the premises, and to sale to any person at a time up to one reputed quart for removal from the premises.

2. The licensee is prohibited from rectifying spirits by purifying, colouring, flavouring, or mixing any material therewith.

3. All liquor imported in bulk and bottled in the Island, received into or kept for sale at the tavern, shall bear a printed label showing clearly the country or countries of manufacture of the liquor, the name of the bottler as entered in his license, and the place of bottling. If the liquor has been flavoured and/or coloured locally, the printed label shall show in addition the fact that the liquor was flavoured and/or coloured in Ceylon. All receptacles containing beer manufactured in Ceylon shall be labelled or branded with the words "Beer manufactured in Ceylon."

4. No spirits shall be sold or kept for sale of a lower strength than 25° under London proof.

5. If the Excise Commissioner has published by notification in the *Government Gazette* that only certain brands of spirits have been approved by him, the licensee shall sell no other brands after a date which will be notified in this behalf.

6. The licensee shall sell potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) between the hours of 8 A.M. and — P.M. and at no other time.

7. No foreign spirit shall be sold at a lower price than at the rate of Rs. 15·50 per gallon when sold by the bottle, or Rs. 17·76 per gallon when sold by the dram or glass.

Dated the — day of —, 191—. — Kachcheri.

— Government Agent.

Names of Salesmen :—

Serial No. and Machine No. —. Fee : Rs. —.

TAVERN LICENSE FOR THE SALE OF FOREIGN LIQUOR (INCLUDING LOCALLY-MADE BEER)
TO BE CONSUMED ON THE PREMISES.

Name of Licensee : —. Description of Licensed Premises : —. Date of Issue : —. Date of Expiry : —.
Stamp of 50 cents. — Kachcheri. — Government Agent.

Counterpart Agreement.

I, —, the afore-mentioned licensee, for myself, my heirs, my legal representatives and assigns, hereby agree with the Government Agent that I will well and truly observe and perform the terms and conditions contained in the license (of which this is a counterfoil) to sell potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) in the tavern situated and described as above during the official year ending September 30, 191—, subject to the following conditions to be observed by me, the said —, viz., the general conditions applicable to all Excise licenses, and the following special conditions applicable to this license :—

1. The privilege extends only to the sale of potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) to be consumed on the premises, and to sale to any person at a time up to one reputed quart for removal from the premises.

2. The licensee is prohibited from rectifying spirits by purifying, colouring, flavouring, or mixing any material therewith.

3. All liquor imported in bulk and bottled in the Island, received into or kept for sale at the tavern, shall bear a printed label showing clearly the country or countries of manufacture of the liquor, the name of the bottler as entered in his license, and the place of bottling. If the liquor has been flavoured and/or coloured locally, the printed label shall show in addition the fact that the liquor was flavoured and/or coloured in Ceylon. All receptacles containing beer manufactured in Ceylon shall be labelled or branded with the words "Beer manufactured in Ceylon."

4. No spirits shall be sold or kept for sale of a lower strength than 25° under London proof.

5. If the Excise Commissioner has published by notification in the *Government Gazette* that only certain brands of spirits have been approved by him, the licensee shall sell no other brands after a date which will be notified in this behalf.

6. The licensee shall sell potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) between the hours of 8 A.M. and — P.M. and at no other time.

7. No foreign spirit shall be sold at a lower price than at the rate of Rs. 15·50 per gallon when sold by the bottle, or Rs. 17·76 per gallon when sold by the dram or glass.

Dated the — day of —, 191—.

Signature : —. Witnesses : —.

Serial No. and Machine No. —. Fee : Rs. 30. Hour of Opening : 8 A.M. Hour of Closing : —. Excise F.L. 6

LICENSE FOR THE SALE OF BEER AND PORTER ONLY (INCLUDING LOCALLY-MADE BEER).

I, —, Government Agent of the —, under the provisions of the Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912, in consideration of the payment of a fee of Rupees Thirty, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, hereby license — to sell beer and porter (including locally-made beer) only at the premises more fully described below during the official year ending September 30, 191—, subject to the following conditions to be observed by the said —, viz., the general conditions applicable to all Excise licenses, and the following special conditions applicable to this license :—

1. The privilege extends only to the sale of beer and porter (including locally-made beer) for consumption on or off the premises.

2. All beer imported in bulk and bottled in the Island, received or kept for sale, must bear a printed label showing clearly the country of manufacture, the name of the bottler as entered in his license, and the place of bottling. All receptacles containing beer manufactured in Ceylon shall be labelled or branded with the words "Beer manufactured in Ceylon."

3. The licensee shall sell beer and porter between the hours of 8 A.M. and — P.M. and at no other time.

Dated the — day of —, 191—.

— Kachcheri.

— Government Agent.

Serial No. and Machine No. —. Fee : Rs. 30.

LICENSE FOR THE SALE OF BEER AND PORTER ONLY (INCLUDING LOCALLY-MADE BEER).

Name of Licensee : —. Description of Licensed Premises : —. Date of Issue : —. Date of Expiry : —.
Stamp of 50 cents. — Kachcheri. — Government Agent.

Counterpart Agreement.

I, —, the afore-mentioned licensee, for myself, my heirs, my legal representatives and assigns, hereby agree with the Government Agent that I will well and truly observe and perform the terms and conditions contained in the license (of which this is a counterfoil) to sell beer and porter (including locally-made beer) only at the premises more fully described above during the official year ending September 30, 191—, subject to the following conditions to be observed by me, the said —, viz., the general conditions applicable to all Excise licenses, and the following special conditions applicable to this license :—

1. The privilege extends only to the sale of beer and porter (including locally-made beer) for consumption on or off the premises.

2. All beer imported in bulk and bottled in the Island, received or kept for sale, must bear a printed label showing clearly the country of manufacture, the name of the bottler as entered in his license, and the place of bottling. All receptacles containing beer manufactured in Ceylon shall be labelled or branded with the words "Beer manufactured in Ceylon."

3. The licensee shall sell beer and porter between the hours of 8 A.M. and — P.M. and at no other time.

Dated the — day of —, 191—.

Signature : —. Witnesses : —.

Serial No. and Machine No. —. Fee : Rs. —. Hour of Opening : 8 A.M. Hour of Closing : —. Excise F.L. 7

LICENSE FOR THE SUPPLY OF FOREIGN LIQUOR (INCLUDING LOCALLY-MADE BEER) TO RESIDENTS IN HOTELS AND BOARDING HOUSES.

I, —, Government Agent of the —, under the provisions of the Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912, in consideration of the payment of a fee of Rupees —, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, hereby license — to sell potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) at the Hotel/Boarding House, situated in the House No. — of — street in the town of —, in the district of —, during the official year ending September 30, 191—, subject to the following conditions to be observed by the said —, viz., the general conditions applicable to all Excise licenses, and the following special conditions applicable to this license :—

1. The privilege extends only to the sale of potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) to residents in the licensee's Hotel/Boarding House for their own use and that of their guests, or to casual visitors requiring liquor with the meal or meals supplied to them. No liquor shall be sold under this license for removal from the premises.

2. No bar for the sale or service of foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) shall be set up and maintained within the Hotel or Boarding House without a separate bar license.

3. The licensee is prohibited from rectifying spirits by purifying, colouring, flavouring, or mixing any material therewith.

4. All liquor imported in bulk and bottled in the Island, received or kept for sale, must bear a printed label showing clearly the country or countries of manufacture of the liquor, the name of the bottler as entered in his license, and the place of bottling. If the liquor has been flavoured and/or coloured locally, the printed label shall show in addition the fact that the liquor was flavoured and/or coloured in Ceylon. All receptacles containing beer manufactured in Ceylon shall be labelled or branded with the words "Beer manufactured in Ceylon."

5. No spirits shall be sold or kept for sale of a lower strength than 25° under London proof.

6. The licensee shall not sell potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) under this license except between the hours of 8 A.M. and — P.M.

7. No liquor shall be consumed on the hotel premises between — P.M. and 8 A.M. except in the private rooms of residents in the Hotel.

8. If the Excise Commissioner has published by notification in the *Government Gazette* that only certain brands of spirits have been approved by him, the licensee shall sell no other brands after a date which will be notified in this behalf.

9. No foreign spirit shall be sold at a lower price than at the rate of Rs. 15·50 per gallon when sold by the bottle, or Rs. 17·76 per gallon when sold by the dram or glass.

Dated the — day of —, 191—.

— Kachcheri.

— Government Agent.

Serial No. and Machine No. —, Fee: Rs. —.

LICENSE FOR THE SUPPLY OF FOREIGN LIQUOR (INCLUDING LOCALLY-MADE BEER) TO RESIDENTS
IN HOTELS AND BOARDING HOUSES.

Name of Licensee: —, Description of Licensed Premises: —, Date of Issue: —, Date of Expiry: —,
Stamp of 50 cents. — Kachcheri. — Government Agent.

Counterpart Agreement.

I, —, the afore-mentioned licensee, for myself, my heirs, my legal representatives and assigns, hereby agree with the Government Agent that I will well and truly observe and perform the terms and conditions contained in the license (of which this is a counterfoil) to sell potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) at the Hotel/Boarding House, situated in the House No. — of — street in the town of —, in the district of —, during the official year ending September 30, 191—, subject to the following conditions to be observed by me, the said —, viz., the general conditions applicable to all Excise licenses, and the following special conditions applicable to this license:—

1. The privilege extends only to the sale of potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) to residents in the licensee's Hotel/Boarding House for their own use and that of their guests, or to casual visitors requiring liquor with the meal or meals supplied to them. No liquor shall be sold under this license for removal from the premises.

2. No bar for the sale or service of foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) shall be set up and maintained within the Hotel or Boarding House without a separate bar license.

3. The licensee is prohibited from rectifying spirits by purifying, colouring, flavouring, or mixing any material therewith.

4. All liquor imported in bulk and bottled in the Island, received or kept for sale, must bear a printed label showing clearly the country or countries of manufacture of the liquor, the name of the bottler as entered in his license, and the place of bottling. If the liquor has been flavoured and/or coloured locally, the printed label shall show in addition the fact that the liquor was flavoured and/or coloured in Ceylon. All receptacles containing beer manufactured in Ceylon shall be labelled or branded with the words "Beer manufactured in Ceylon."

5. No spirits shall be sold or kept for sale of a lower strength than 25° under London proof.

6. The licensee shall not sell potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) under this license except between the hours of 8 A.M. and — P.M.

7. No liquor shall be consumed on the Hotel premises between — P.M. and 8 A.M. except in the private rooms of residents in the Hotel.

8. If the Excise Commissioner has published by notification in the *Government Gazette* that only certain brands of spirits have been approved by him, the licensee shall sell no other brands after a date which will be notified in this behalf.

9. No foreign spirit shall be sold at a lower price than at the rate of Rs. 15·50 per gallon when sold by the bottle, or Rs. 17·76 per gallon when sold by the dram or glass.

Dated the — day of —, 191—.

Signature: —. Witnesses: —.

Serial No. and Machine No. —, Fee: Rs. —.

Excise F.L. 8

Hour of Opening: 8 A.M. Hour of Closing: (a) General: —. (b) For residents and travellers: —.

BAR LICENSE (HOTEL) FOR THE SALE OF FOREIGN LIQUOR (INCLUDING LOCALLY-MADE BEER) TO BE
CONSUMED ON THE PREMISES.

I, —, Government Agent of the —, under the provisions of the Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912, in consideration of the payment of a fee of Rupees —, to be paid quarterly in advance, do hereby license — to sell potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) at a bar, more fully described below, in the Hotel known as —, situated in No. — of — street, — during the official year ending September 30, 191—, subject to the following conditions to be observed by the said —, viz., the general conditions applicable to all Excise licenses, and the following special conditions applicable to this license:—

1. The privilege extends only to the sale of potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) to be consumed on the premises, and to the sale of any quantity up to one reputed quart to any person at a time for removal from the premises.

2. The licensee is prohibited from rectifying spirits by purifying, colouring, flavouring, or mixing any material therewith.

3. All liquor imported in bulk and bottled in the Island, received or kept for sale, must bear a printed label showing clearly the country or countries of manufacture of the liquor, the name of the bottler as entered in his license, and the place of bottling. If the liquor has been flavoured and/or coloured locally, the printed label shall show in addition the fact that the liquor was flavoured and/or coloured in Ceylon. All receptacles containing beer manufactured in Ceylon shall be labelled or branded with the words "Beer manufactured in Ceylon."

4. No spirits shall be sold or kept for sale of a lower strength than 25° under London proof.

5. If the licensee holds any other license for the sale of foreign liquor (including locally-made beer), he must keep his accounts of transactions under it separate from those under this license.

6. No liquor shall be sold under this license to persons other than residents in the Hotel except for cash payment.

7. No liquor shall be sold under this license after — P.M., provided that liquor may be sold until — P.M. only to residents in the Hotel for the use of themselves and their guests or to *bona fide* travellers, which term will include passengers landing from ships at the port where the Hotel is situated.

8. No liquor shall be consumed between — P.M. and 8 A.M. except in the private rooms of residents in the Hotel.

9. If the Excise Commissioner has published by notification in the *Government Gazette* that only certain brands of spirits have been approved by him, the licensee shall sell no other brands after a date which will be notified in this behalf.

10. No foreign spirit shall be sold at a lower price than at the rate of Rs. 15·50 per gallon when sold by the bottle, or Rs. 17·76 per gallon when sold by the dram or glass.

Dated the — day of —, 191—.

— Kachcheri. — Government Agent.

Serial No. and Machine No. —, Fee: Rs. —.

BAR LICENSE (HOTEL) FOR THE SALE OF FOREIGN LIQUOR (INCLUDING LOCALLY-MADE BEER) TO BE
CONSUMED ON THE PREMISES.

Name of Licensee: —, Description of Licensed Premises: —, Date of Issue: —, Date of Expiry: —,
Stamp of 50 cents. — Kachcheri. — Government Agent.

Counterpart Agreement.

I, —, the afore-mentioned licensee, for myself, my heirs, my legal representatives and assigns, hereby agree with the Government Agent that I will well and truly observe and perform the terms and conditions contained in the license (of which this is a counterfoil) to sell potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) at a bar, more fully described above, in the Hotel known as —, situated in No. — of — street, — during the official year ending September

30, 191—, subject to the following conditions to be observed by me, the said —, viz., the general conditions applicable to all Excise licenses, and the following special conditions applicable to this license :—

1. The privilege extends only to the sale of potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) to be consumed on the premises, and to the sale of any quantity up to one reputed quart to any person at a time for removal from the premises.

2. The licensee is prohibited from rectifying spirits by purifying, colouring, flavouring, or mixing any material therewith.

3. All liquor imported in bulk and bottled in the Island, received or kept for sale, must bear a printed label showing clearly the country or countries of manufacture of the liquor, the name of the bottler as entered in his license, and the place of bottling. If the liquor has been flavoured and/or coloured locally the printed label shall show in addition the fact that the liquor was flavoured and/or coloured in Ceylon. All receptacles containing beer manufactured in Ceylon shall be labelled or branded with the words "Beer manufactured in Ceylon."

4. No spirits shall be sold or kept for sale of a lower strength than 25° under London proof.

5. If the licensee holds any other license for the sale of foreign liquor (including locally-made beer), he must keep his accounts of transactions under it separate from those under this license.

6. No liquor shall be sold under this license to persons other than residents in the Hotel except for cash payment.

7. No liquor shall be sold under this license after — P.M., provided that liquor may be sold until — P.M. only to residents in the Hotel for the use of themselves and their guests or to *bona fide* travellers, which term will include passengers landing from ships at the port where the Hotel is situated.

8. No liquor shall be consumed between — P.M. and 8 A.M. except in the private rooms of residents in the Hotel.

9. If the Excise Commissioner has published by notification in the *Government Gazette* that only certain brands of spirits have been approved by him, the licensee shall sell no other brands after a date which will be notified in this behalf.

10. No foreign spirit shall be sold at a lower price than at the rate of Rs. 15·50 per gallon when sold by the bottle, or Rs. 17·76 per gallon when sold by the dram or glass.

Dated the — day of —, 191—.

Signature : —. Witnesses : —.

Serial No. and Machine No. —. Fee : Rs. —.

Excise F.L. 9

BAR LICENSE FOR A PLACE OF PUBLIC ENTERTAINMENT FOR THE SALE OF FOREIGN LIQUOR (INCLUDING LOCALLY-MADE BEER) TO BE CONSUMED ON THE PREMISES.

I, —, Government Agent of the —, under the provisions of the Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912, in consideration of the payment of a fee of Rupees —, to be paid quarterly in advance, do hereby license — to sell potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) at a bar, more fully described below, in the Place of Public Entertainment, known as —, situated in No. — of — street, —, during the official year ending September 30, 191—, subject to the following conditions to be observed by me, the said —, viz., the general conditions applicable to all Excise licenses, and the following special conditions applicable to this license :—

1. The privilege extends only to the sale of potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) to be consumed on the premises, and to the sale of any quantity up to one reputed quart to any person at a time for removal from the premises.

2. The licensee is prohibited from rectifying spirits by purifying, colouring, flavouring, or mixing any material therewith.

3. All liquor imported in bulk and bottled in the Island, received or kept for sale, must bear a printed label showing clearly the country or countries of manufacture of the liquor, the name of the bottler as entered in his license, and the place of bottling. If the liquor has been flavoured and/or coloured locally, the printed label shall show in addition the fact that the liquor was flavoured and/or coloured in Ceylon. All receptacles containing beer manufactured in Ceylon shall be labelled or branded with the words "Beer manufactured in Ceylon."

4. No spirits shall be sold or kept for sale of a lower strength than 25° under London proof.

5. If the licensee holds any other license for the sale of foreign liquor (including locally-made beer), he must keep his accounts of transactions under it separate from these under this license.

6. No liquor shall be sold under this license (a) except to persons attending the entertainment, and (b) except for cash payment.

7. No liquor shall be sold before — or after the time when the entertainment ends, or after 11 P.M., whichever is the earlier hour; and no liquor shall be consumed on the premises after such hour.

8. If the Excise Commissioner has published by notification in the *Government Gazette* that only certain brands of spirits have been approved by him, the licensee shall sell no other brands after a date which will be notified in this behalf.

9. No foreign spirit shall be sold at a lower price than at the rate of Rs. 15·50 per gallon when sold by the bottle, or Rs. 17·76 per gallon when sold by the dram or glass.

Dated the — day of —, 191—. — Kachcheri.

— Government Agent.

Serial No. and Machine No. —. Fee : Rs. —.

BAR LICENSE FOR A PLACE OF PUBLIC ENTERTAINMENT FOR THE SALE OF FOREIGN LIQUOR (INCLUDING LOCALLY-MADE BEER) TO BE CONSUMED ON THE PREMISES.

Name of Licensee : —. Description of Licensed Premises : —. Date of Issue : —. Date of Expiry : —.
Stamp of 50 cents. — Kachcheri. — Government Agent.

Counterpart Agreement.

I, —, the afore-mentioned licensee, for myself, my heirs, my legal representatives and assigns, hereby agree with the Government Agent that I will well and truly observe and perform the terms and conditions contained in the license (of which this is a counterfoil) to sell potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) at a bar more fully described above, in the Place of Public Entertainment, known as —, situated in No. — of — street, —, during the official year ending September 30, 191—, subject to the following conditions to be observed by me, the said —, viz., the general conditions applicable to all Excise licenses, and the following special conditions applicable to this license :—

1. The privilege extends only to the sale of potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) to be consumed on the premises, and to the sale of any quantity up to one reputed quart to any person at a time for removal from the premises.

2. The licensee is prohibited from rectifying spirits by purifying, colouring, flavouring, or mixing any material therewith.

3. All liquor imported in bulk and bottled in the Island, received or kept for sale, must bear a printed label showing clearly the country or countries of manufacture of the liquor, the name of the bottler as entered in his license, and the place of bottling. If the liquor has been flavoured and/or coloured locally, the printed label shall show in addition the fact that the liquor was flavoured and/or coloured in Ceylon. All receptacles containing beer manufactured in Ceylon shall be labelled or branded with the words "Beer manufactured in Ceylon."

4. No spirits shall be sold or kept for sale of a lower strength than 25° under London proof.
5. If the licensee holds any other license for the sale of foreign liquor (including locally-made beer), he must keep his accounts of transactions under it separate from those under this license.
6. No liquor shall be sold under this license (a) except to persons attending the entertainment, and (b) except for cash payment.
7. No liquor shall be sold before — or after the time when the entertainment ends, or after 11 P.M., whichever is the earlier hour; and no liquor shall be consumed on the premises after such hour.
8. If the Excise Commissioner has published by notification in the *Government Gazette* that only certain brands of spirits have been approved by him, the licensee shall sell no other brands after a date which will be notified in this behalf.
9. No foreign spirit shall be sold at a lower price than at the rate of Rs. 15·50 per gallon when sold by the bottle, or Rs. 17·76 per gallon when sold by the dram or glass.

Dated the — day of —, 191—.

Signature : —. Witnesses : —.

Serial No. and Machine No. —. Fee : Rs. —.

Excise F.L. 10

LICENSE FOR THE SALE OF FOREIGN LIQUOR (INCLUDING LOCALLY-MADE BEER) IN A RAILWAY REFRESHMENT ROOM OR IN A DINING CAR ATTACHED TO A RAILWAY TRAIN.

I, —, Government Agent of the —, under the provisions of the Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912, in consideration of the payment of a fee of Rupees —, do hereby license — to sell potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) in the Refreshment Room/Dining Car —, during the official year ending September 30, 191—, subject to the following conditions to be observed by the said —, viz., the general conditions applicable to all Excise licenses, and the following special conditions applicable to this license :—

1. The privilege extends only to the sale to *bona fide* Railway Passengers of potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) to be consumed in the Refreshment Room/Dining Car —, and to the sale at one time of any quantity up to one reputed quart of each kind of liquor for removal from the same to any passenger actually travelling in the train.
2. The licensee is prohibited from rectifying spirits by purifying, colouring, flavouring, or mixing any material therewith.
3. All liquor imported in bulk and bottled in the Island, received or kept for sale, must bear a printed label showing clearly the country or countries of manufacture of the liquor, the name of the bottler as entered in his license, and the place of bottling. If the liquor has been flavoured and/or coloured locally, the printed label shall show in addition the fact that the liquor was flavoured and/or coloured in Ceylon. All receptacles containing beer manufactured in Ceylon shall be labelled or branded with the words "Beer manufactured in Ceylon."
4. No spirits shall be sold or kept for sale of a lower strength than 25° under London proof.
5. If the Excise Commissioner has published by notification in the *Government Gazette* that only certain brands of spirits have been approved by him, the licensee shall sell no other brands after a date which will be notified in this behalf.
6. No foreign spirit shall be sold at a lower price than at the rate of Rs. 15·50 per gallon when sold by the bottle, or Rs. 17·76 per gallon when sold by the dram or glass.

Dated the — day of —, 191—. — Kachcheri.

— Government Agent.

Serial No. and Machine No. —. Fee : Rs. —.

LICENSE FOR THE SALE OF FOREIGN LIQUOR (INCLUDING LOCALLY-MADE BEER) IN A RAILWAY REFRESHMENT ROOM OR IN A DINING CAR ATTACHED TO A RAILWAY TRAIN.

Name of Licensee : —. Description of Licensed Premises : —. Date of Issue : —. Date of Expiry : —
Stamp of 50 cents. — Kachcheri. — Government Agent.

Counterpart Agreement.

I, —, the afore-mentioned licensee, for myself, my heirs, my legal representatives and assigns, hereby agree with the Government Agent that I will well and truly observe and perform the terms and conditions contained in the license (of which this is a counterfoil), to sell potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) in the Refreshment Room/Dining Car —, during the official year ending September 30, 191—, subject to the following conditions to be observed by me, the said —, viz., the general conditions applicable to all Excise licenses, and the following special conditions applicable to this license :—

1. The privilege extends only to the sale to *bona fide* Railway Passengers of potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) to be consumed in the Refreshment Room/Dining Car —, and to the sale at one time of any quantity up to one reputed quart of each kind of liquor for removal from the same to any passenger actually travelling in the train.
2. The licensee is prohibited from rectifying spirits by purifying, colouring, flavouring, or mixing any material therewith.
3. All liquor imported in bulk and bottled in the Island, received or kept for sale, must bear a printed label showing clearly the country or countries of manufacture of the liquor, the name of the bottler as entered in his license, and the place of bottling. If the liquor has been flavoured and/or coloured locally, the printed label shall show in addition the fact that the liquor was flavoured and/or coloured in Ceylon. All receptacles containing beer manufactured in Ceylon shall be labelled or branded with the words "Beer manufactured in Ceylon."
4. No spirits shall be sold or kept for sale of a lower strength than 25° under London proof.
5. If the Excise Commissioner has published by notification in the *Government Gazette* that only certain brands of spirits have been approved by him, the licensee shall sell no other brands after a date which will be notified in this behalf.
6. No foreign spirit shall be sold at a lower price than at the rate of Rs. 15·50 per gallon when sold by the bottle, or Rs. 17·76 per gallon when sold by the dram or glass.

Dated the — day of —, 191—.

Signature : —. Witnesses : —.

Serial No. and Machine No. —. Fee : Rs. —. Hour of Opening : 8 A.M. Hour of Closing : —. Excise F.L. 11

LICENSE FOR THE SALE OF FOREIGN LIQUOR (INCLUDING LOCALLY-MADE BEER) IN A REFRESHMENT ROOM OR RESTAURANT IN WHICH THE SALE OF LIQUOR IS COMBINED WITH THE SUPPLY OF MEALS.

I, —, Government Agent of the —, under the provisions of the Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912, in consideration of the payment of a fee of Rupees —, the receipt of the whole one-half of which is hereby acknowledged, hereby license — to sell foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) at the Refreshment Room/Restaurant, more fully described below, situated in house No. — of — street, in the town of —, in the district of —, during the official year ending September 30, 191—, subject to the following conditions to be observed by the said —, viz., the general conditions applicable to all Excise licenses, and the following special conditions applicable to this license :—

1. The privilege extends only to the sale for consumption on the premises of potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) in the Refreshment Room/Restaurant maintained by the licensee to persons supplied with meals.

2. The licensee is prohibited from rectifying spirits by purifying, colouring, flavouring, or mixing any material therewith.

3. All liquor imported in bulk and bottled in the Island, received or kept for sale, must bear a printed label showing clearly the country or countries of manufacture of the liquor, the name of the bottler as entered in his license, and the place of bottling. If the liquor has been flavoured and/or coloured locally, the printed label shall show in addition the fact that the liquor was flavoured and/or coloured in Ceylon. All receptacles containing beer manufactured in Ceylon shall be labelled or branded with the words "Beer manufactured in Ceylon."

4. No spirits shall be sold or kept for sale of a lower strength than 25° under London proof.

5. If the licensee holds any other license for the sale of foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) on the same premises, he must keep his accounts of transactions under it separate from those under this license.

6. This license shall be revocable by the Government Agent forthwith if he shall be of opinion that the licensee permits the sale of liquor to persons who have not partaken of meals or refreshments on his premises to such an extent or so habitually that the Refreshment Room/Restaurant may fairly be classed as a tavern.

7. No liquor shall be sold to any person except for cash, and unless such person orders and pays for a meal costing at least 30 cents, in addition to the liquor supplied.

8. No liquor shall be sold under this license except between the hours of 8 A.M. and — P.M., and no liquor shall be consumed on the premises after the latter hour.

9. If the Excise Commissioner has published by notification in the *Government Gazette* that only certain brands of spirits have been approved by him, the licensee shall sell no other brands after a date which will be notified in this behalf.

10. No foreign spirit shall be sold at a lower price than at the rate of Rs. 15·50 per gallon when sold by the bottle, or Rs. 17·76 per gallon when sold by the dram or glass.

Dated the — day of —, 191—, — Kachcheri.

— Government Agent.

Serial No. and Machine No. —. Fee : Rs. —.

LICENSE FOR THE SALE OF FOREIGN LIQUOR (INCLUDING LOCALLY-MADE BEER) IN A REFRESHMENT ROOM OR RESTAURANT IN WHICH THE SALE OF LIQUOR IS COMBINED WITH THE SUPPLY OF MEALS.

Name of Licensee : —. Description of Licensed Premises : —. Date of Issue : —. Date of Expiry : —.
Stamp of 50 cents. — Kachcheri. — Government Agent.

Counterpart Agreement.

I, —, the afore-mentioned licensee, for myself, my heirs, my legal representatives and assigns, hereby agree with the Government Agent that I will well and truly observe and perform the terms and conditions contained in the license (of which this is a counterfoil), to sell foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) at the Refreshment Room/Restaurant more fully described above, situated in house No. — of — street, in the town of —, in the district of —, during the official year ending September 30, 191—, subject to the following conditions to be observed by me, the said —, viz., the general conditions applicable to all Excise licenses, and the following special conditions applicable to this license :—

1. The privilege extends only to the sale for consumption on the premises of potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) in the Refreshment Room/Restaurant maintained by the licensee to persons supplied with meals.

2. The licensee is prohibited from rectifying spirits by purifying, colouring, flavouring, or mixing any material therewith.

3. All liquor imported in bulk and bottled in the Island, received or kept for sale, must bear a printed label showing clearly the country or countries of manufacture of the liquor, the name of the bottler as entered in his license, and the place of bottling. If the liquor has been flavoured and/or coloured locally, the printed label shall show in addition the fact that the liquor was flavoured and/or coloured in Ceylon. All receptacles containing beer manufactured in Ceylon shall be labelled or branded with the words "Beer manufactured in Ceylon."

4. No spirits shall be sold or kept for sale of a lower strength than 25° under London proof.

5. If the licensee holds any other license for the sale of foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) on the same premises, he must keep his accounts of transactions under it separate from those under this license.

6. This license shall be revocable by the Government Agent forthwith if he shall be of opinion that the licensee permits the sale of liquor to persons who have not partaken of meals or refreshments on his premises to such an extent or so habitually that the Refreshment Room/Restaurant may fairly be classed as a tavern.

7. No liquor shall be sold to any person except for cash, and unless such person orders and pays for a meal costing at least 30 cents, in addition to the liquor supplied.

8. No liquor shall be sold under this license except between the hours of 8 A.M. and — P.M., and no liquor shall be consumed on the premises after the latter hour.

9. If the Excise Commissioner has published by notification in the *Government Gazette* that only certain brands of spirits have been approved by him, the licensee shall sell no other brands after a date which will be notified in this behalf.

10. No foreign spirit shall be sold at a lower price than at the rate of Rs. 15·50 per gallon when sold by the bottle, or Rs. 17·76 per gallon when sold by the dram or glass.

Dated the — day of —, 191—.

Signature : —. Witnesses : —.

Serial No. and Machine No. —. Fee : Rs. —.

Excise F.L. 12

LICENSE FOR THE SALE OF FOREIGN LIQUOR (INCLUDING LOCALLY-MADE BEER) IN A RESTHOUSE.

I, —, Government Agent of the —, under the provisions of the Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912, in consideration of the payment of a fee of Rupees —, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, hereby license — to sell foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) at the Resthouse, situated at —, in the district of —, during the official year ending September 30, 191—, subject to the following conditions to be observed by the said —, viz., the general conditions applicable to all Excise licenses, and the following special conditions applicable to this license :—

1. The privilege extends only to the sale of potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) to persons staying at the Resthouse and to *bona fide* travellers for consumption on the premises. Liquor sold under this license may not be removed from the premises.

2. The licensee is prohibited from rectifying spirits by purifying, colouring, flavouring, or mixing any material therewith.

3. All liquor imported in bulk and bottled in the Island, received or kept for sale, must bear a printed label showing clearly the country or countries of manufacture of the liquor, the name of the bottler as entered in his license, and the place of bottling. If the liquor has been flavoured and/or coloured locally, the printed label shall show in addition the fact that the liquor was flavoured and/or coloured in Ceylon. All receptacles containing beer manufactured in Ceylon shall be labelled or branded with the words "Beer manufactured in Ceylon."

4. No spirits shall be sold or kept for sale of a lower strength than 25° under London proof.

5. There shall be no sale of liquor under this license between the hours of 11 P.M. and 8 A.M. except to *bona fide* travellers who actually arrive at the Resthouse between those hours. In such cases sale shall be restricted to a period of half an hour subsequent to their arrival.

6. If the Excise Commissioner has published by notification in the *Government Gazette* that only certain brands of spirits have been approved by him, the licensee shall sell no other brands after a date which will be notified in this behalf.

7. No foreign spirit shall be sold at a lower price than at the rate of Rs. 15.50 per gallon when sold by the bottle, or Rs. 17.76 per gallon when sold by the dram or glass.

Dated the — day of —, 191—. — Kachcheri. — Government Agent.

Serial No. and Machine No. —. Fee : Rs. —.

LICENSE FOR THE SALE OF FOREIGN LIQUOR (INCLUDING LOCALLY-MADE BEER) IN A RESTHOUSE.

Name of Licensee : —. Description of Licensed Premises : —. Date of Issue : —. Date of Expiry : —.
Stamp of 50 cents. — Kachcheri. — Government Agent.

Counterpart Agreement.

I, —, the afore-mentioned licensee, for myself, my heirs, my legal representatives and assigns, hereby agree with the Government Agent that I will well and truly observe and perform the terms and conditions contained in the license (of which this is a counterfoil), to sell foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) at the Resthouse, situated at —, in the district of —, during the official year ending September 30, 191—, subject to the following conditions to be observed by me, the said —, viz., the general conditions applicable to all Excise licenses, and the following special conditions applicable to this license :—

1. The privilege extends only to the sale of potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) to persons staying at the Resthouse and to *bona fide* travellers for consumption on the premises. Liquor sold under this license may not be removed from the premises.

2. The licensee is prohibited from rectifying spirits by purifying, colouring, flavouring, or mixing any material therewith.

3. All liquor imported in bulk and bottled in the Island, received or kept for sale, must bear a printed label showing clearly the country or countries of manufacture of the liquor, the name of the bottler as entered in his license, and the place of bottling. If the liquor has been flavoured and/or coloured locally, the printed label shall show in addition the fact that the liquor was flavoured and/or coloured in Ceylon. All receptacles containing beer manufactured in Ceylon shall be labelled or branded with the words "Beer manufactured in Ceylon."

4. No spirits shall be sold or kept for sale of a lower strength than 25° under London proof.

5. There shall be no sale of liquor under this license between the hours of 11 P.M. and 8 A.M. except to *bona fide* travellers who actually arrive at the Resthouse between those hours. In such cases sale shall be restricted to a period of half an hour subsequent to their arrival.

6. If the Excise Commissioner has published by notification in the *Government Gazette* that only certain brands of spirits have been approved by him, the licensee shall sell no other brands after a date which will be notified in this behalf.

7. No foreign spirit shall be sold at a lower price than at the rate of Rs. 15.50 per gallon when sold by the bottle, or Rs. 17.76 per gallon when sold by the dram or glass.

Dated the — day of —, 191—. — Signature : —. Witnesses : —.

Serial No. and Machine No. —. Fee : Rs. —.

Excise F.L. 13

LICENSE FOR THE SALE OF FOREIGN LIQUOR (INCLUDING LOCALLY-MADE BEER) IN A PROPRIETARY CLUB.

I, —, Government Agent of the —, under the provisions of the Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912, in consideration of the payment of a fee of Rupees —, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, hereby license — to sell potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) in the Proprietary Club, known as —, situated at —, during the official year ending September 30, 191—, subject to the following conditions to be observed by the said —, viz., the general conditions applicable to all Excise licenses, and the following special conditions applicable to this license :—

1. The privilege extends only to the sale of potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) to members of the Club and their friends for consumption on the premises, and not for removal therefrom.

2. The licensee is prohibited from rectifying spirits by purifying, colouring, flavouring, or mixing any material therewith.

3. All liquor imported in bulk and bottled in the Island, received or kept for sale, must bear a printed label showing clearly the country or countries of manufacture of the liquor, the name of the bottler as entered in his license, and the place of bottling. If the liquor has been flavoured and/or coloured locally, the printed label shall show in addition the fact that the liquor was flavoured and/or coloured in Ceylon. All receptacles containing beer manufactured in Ceylon shall be labelled or branded with the words "Beer manufactured in Ceylon."

4. No spirits shall be sold or kept for sale of a lower strength than 25° under London proof.

5. If the Excise Commissioner has published by notification in the *Government Gazette* that only certain brands of spirits have been approved by him, the licensee shall sell no other brands after a date which will be notified in this behalf.

6. No foreign spirit shall be sold at a lower price than at the rate of Rs. 15.50 per gallon when sold by the bottle, or Rs. 17.76 per gallon when sold by the dram or glass.

Dated the — day of —, 191—. — Kachcheri. — Government Agent.

Serial No. and Machine No. —. Fee : Rs. —.

LICENSE FOR THE SALE OF FOREIGN LIQUOR (INCLUDING LOCALLY-MADE BEER) IN A PROPRIETARY CLUB.

Name of Licensee : —. Description of Licensed Premises : —. Date of Issue : —. Date of Expiry : —.
Stamp of 50 cents. — Kachcheri. — Government Agent.

Counterpart Agreement.

I, —, the afore-mentioned licensee, for myself, my heirs, my legal representatives and assigns, hereby agree with the Government Agent that I will well and truly observe and perform the terms and conditions contained in the license (of which this is a counterfoil), to sell potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) in the Proprietary Club, known as —, situated at —, during the official year ending September 30, 191—, subject to the following conditions to be observed by me, the said —, viz., the general conditions applicable to all Excise licenses, and the following special conditions applicable to this license :—

1. The privilege extends only to the sale of potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) to members of the Club and their friends for consumption on the premises, and not for removal therefrom.

2. The licensee is prohibited from rectifying spirits by purifying, colouring, flavouring, or mixing any material therewith.

3. All liquor imported in bulk and bottled in the Island, received or kept for sale, must bear a printed label showing clearly the country or countries of manufacture of the liquor, the name of the bottler as entered in his license, and the place of bottling. If the liquor has been flavoured and/or coloured locally, the printed label shall show in addition the fact that the liquor was flavoured and/or coloured in Ceylon. All receptacles containing beer manufactured in Ceylon shall be labelled or branded with the words "Beer manufactured in Ceylon."

4. No spirits shall be sold or kept for sale of a lower strength than 25° under London proof.

5. If the Excise Commissioner has published by notification in the *Government Gazette* that only certain brands of spirits have been approved by him, the licensee shall sell no other brands after a date which will be notified in this behalf.

6. No foreign spirit shall be sold at a lower price than at the rate of Rs. 15·50 per gallon when sold by the bottle, or Rs. 17·76 per gallon when sold by the dram or glass.

Dated the — day of —, 191—.

Signature : —. Witnesses : —.

Serial No. and Machine No. —. Fee : Rs. —. Hour of Opening : —. Hour of Closing : —. Excise F.L. 14

OCCASIONAL LICENSE FOR THE SALE OF FOREIGN LIQUOR (INCLUDING LOCALLY-MADE BEER) TO BE CONSUMED ON THE PREMISES.

I, —, Government Agent of the —, under the provisions of the Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912, in consideration of the payment of a fee of Rupees —, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, hereby license — to sell potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) at —, from the — day of —, 191—, to the — day of —, 191—, both days inclusive, subject to the following conditions to be observed by the said —, viz., the general conditions applicable to all Excise licenses, and the following special conditions applicable to this license :—

1. The privilege extends only to the sale of foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) at the refreshment bars in connection with race meetings, public entertainments, or other gatherings approved by the Government Agent, for consumption on the premises.

2. The licensee is prohibited from rectifying spirits by purifying, colouring, flavouring, or mixing any material therewith.

3. All liquor imported in bulk and bottled in the Island, received or kept for sale, must bear a printed label showing clearly the country or countries of manufacture of the liquor, the name of the bottler as entered in his license, and the place of bottling. If the liquor has been flavoured and/or coloured locally, the printed label shall show in addition the fact that the liquor was flavoured and/or coloured in Ceylon. All receptacles containing beer manufactured in Ceylon shall be labelled or branded with the words "Beer manufactured in Ceylon."

4. If the licensee holds any other license for the sale of foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) he must keep his accounts of transactions under it separate from those under this license.

5. Liquor sold under this license may not be removed from the premises.

6. No spirits shall be sold or kept for sale of a lower strength than 25° under London proof.

7. No liquor shall be sold under this license except between the hours of — and —, and no liquor shall be consumed on the premises after the latter hour.

8. If the Excise Commissioner has published by notification in the *Government Gazette* that only certain brands of spirits have been approved by him, the licensee shall sell no other brands after the date which will be notified in this behalf.

9. No foreign spirit shall be sold at a lower price than at the rate of Rs. 15·50 per gallon when sold by the bottle, or Rs. 17·76 per gallon when sold by the dram or glass.

Dated the — day of —, 191—. — Kachcheri.

— Government Agent.

Serial No. and Machine No. —. Fee : Rs. —.

OCCASIONAL LICENSE FOR THE SALE OF FOREIGN LIQUOR (INCLUDING LOCALLY-MADE BEER) TO BE CONSUMED ON THE PREMISES.

Name of Licensee : —. Description of Licensed Premises : —. Date of Issue : —. Date of Expiry : —.
Stamp of 50 cents. — Kachcheri. — Government Agent.

Counterpart Agreement.

I, —, the afore-mentioned licensee, for myself, my heirs, my legal representatives and assigns, hereby agree with the Government Agent that I will well and truly observe and perform the terms and conditions contained in the license (of which this is a counterfoil) to sell potable foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) at —, from the — day of —, 191—, to the — day of —, 191—, both days inclusive, subject to the following conditions to be observed by me, the said —, viz., the general conditions applicable to all Excise licenses, and the following special conditions applicable to this license :—

1. The privilege extends only to the sale of foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) at refreshment bars in connection with race meetings, public entertainments, or other gatherings approved by the Government Agent, for consumption on the premises.

2. The licensee is prohibited from rectifying spirits by purifying, colouring, flavouring, or mixing any material therewith.

3. All liquor imported in bulk and bottled in the Island, received or kept for sale, must bear a printed label showing clearly the country or countries of manufacture of the liquor, the name of the bottler as entered in his license, and the place of bottling. If the liquor has been flavoured and/or coloured locally, the printed label shall show in addition the fact that the liquor was flavoured and/or coloured in Ceylon. All receptacles containing beer manufactured in Ceylon shall be labelled or branded with the words "Beer manufactured in Ceylon."

4. If the licensee holds any other license for the sale of foreign liquor (including locally-made beer), he must keep his accounts of transactions under it separate from those under this license.

5. Liquor sold under this license may not be removed from the premises.

6. No spirits shall be sold or kept for sale of a lower strength than 25° under London proof.

7. No liquor shall be sold under this license except between the hours of — and —, and no liquor shall be consumed on the premises after the latter hour.

8. If the Excise Commissioner has published by notification in the *Government Gazette* that only certain brands of spirits have been approved by him, the licensee shall sell no other brands after a date which will be notified in this behalf.

9. No foreign spirit shall be sold at a lower price than at the rate of Rs. 15·50 per gallon when sold by the bottle, or Rs. 17·76 per gallon when sold by the dram or glass.

Dated the — day of —, 191—.

Signature : —. Witnesses : —.

Serial No. and Machine No. —. Fee : Rs. 10.

Excise F.L. 15

LICENSE GRANTED TO AUCTIONEER FOR THE SALE OF FOREIGN LIQUOR (INCLUDING LOCALLY-MADE BEER).

I, —, Government Agent of the —, under the provisions of the Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912, in consideration of the payment of a fee of Rupees Ten, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, hereby license — to sell foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) by auction at the premises —, and at any private residences in the town of —, at which the said — may hold auction sales, during the official year ending September 30, 191—, subject to the following conditions to be observed by the said —, viz. :—

1. The licensee shall be bound by the general conditions applicable to all Excise licenses so far as they concern him, and by the following conditions.

2. The privilege extends to the sale of foreign liquor (including locally-made beer), the property of *bona fide* residents in the Island, by auction in quantities not less than two imperial gallons of each kind of liquor sold at any one time, but the restriction does not apply to the sale of portions of trade consignments which are ullaged or otherwise unmerchandise, or to the case of auction sales of the property of private persons and estates. *Bona fide* samples in quantities not exceeding one reputed quart of liquor about to be put up to auction may also be issued.

3. The consumption of liquor sold under this license on the premises, except that contained in *bona fide* sample bottles opened at the time of auction for intending purchasers to taste, is prohibited.

Dated the — day of —, 191—. — Kachcheri.

— Government Agent.

Serial No. and Machine No. —. Fee : Rs. 10.

LICENSE GRANTED TO AUCTIONEER FOR THE SALE OF FOREIGN LIQUOR (INCLUDING LOCALLY-MADE BEER).

Name of Licensee : —. Description of Licensed Premises : —. Date of Issue : —. Date of Expiry : —.
Stamp of 50 cents. — Kachcheri. — Government Agent.

Counterpart Agreement.

I, —, the afore-mentioned licensee, for myself, my heirs, my legal representatives and assigns, hereby agree with the Government Agent that I will well and truly observe and perform the terms and conditions contained in the license (of which this is a counterfoil) to sell foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) by auction at the premises, —, and at any private residences in the town of —, at which the said — may hold auction sales, during the official year ending September 30, 191—, subject to the following conditions to be observed by me, the said —, viz. :—

1. The licensee shall be bound by the general conditions applicable to all Excise licenses so far as they concern him, and by the following conditions.

2. The privilege extends to the sale of foreign liquor (including locally-made beer), the property of *bona fide* residents in the Island, by auction in quantities not less than two imperial gallons of each kind of liquor sold at any one time, but the restriction does not apply to the sale of portions of trade consignments which are ullaged or otherwise unmerchandise, or to the case of auction sales of the property of private persons and estates. *Bona fide* samples in quantities not exceeding one reputed quart of liquor about to be put up to auction may also be issued.

3. The consumption of liquor sold under this license on the premises, except that contained in *bona fide* sample bottles opened at the time of auction for intending purchasers to taste, is prohibited.

Dated the — day of —, 191—.

Signature : —. Witnesses : —.

Serial No. and Machine No. —. Fee : Rs. 10.

Excise F.L. 15a

LICENSE FOR THE SALE OF RECTIFIED SPIRIT ONLY BY CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS AND OTHER FIRMS OR PERSONS DULY AUTHORIZED IN THAT BEHALF.

I, —, Government Agent of the —, under the provisions of the Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912, in consideration of the payment of a sum of Rupees Ten, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, hereby license — to sell rectified spirit in the shop at —, during the official year ending September 30, 191—, subject to the following conditions to be observed by the said —, viz., the general conditions applicable to all Excise licenses, and the following special conditions applicable to this license :—

1. The privilege extends only to the sale of rectified spirit, which means rectified spirit imported from outside the limits of the Island of Ceylon, or manufactured in this Colony and excised at the tariff rate of duty.

2. No more than forty imperial gallons (or such larger quantity as the Excise Commissioner may specially authorize) of rectified spirit shall be possessed at a time.

3. The sale of rectified spirit otherwise than for *bona fide* medical, industrial, and scientific purposes is prohibited.

4. No more than one reputed pint of rectified spirit shall be sold in one transaction to any private individual; nor more than one imperial gallon for industrial purposes, or to any chemist, medical practitioner, or scientific body; nor more than ten imperial gallons to any Government, Local Board, or Municipal hospital.

5. All spirit imported in bulk and bottled in the Island, received or kept for sale, must bear a printed label showing clearly the country or countries of manufacture of the liquor, the name of the bottler as entered in his license, and the place of bottling. Every receptacle containing spirit manufactured in Ceylon, and received or kept for sale, must be conspicuously labelled or branded with the words "Spirit manufactured in Ceylon."

6. If the licensee holds any other license for the sale of foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) on the same premises, he must keep his accounts of transactions under it separate from those under this license.

Dated the — day of —, 191—. — Kachcheri.

— Government Agent.

Serial No. and Machine No. —. Fee : Rs. 10.

LICENSE FOR THE SALE OF RECTIFIED SPIRIT ONLY BY CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS AND OTHER FIRMS OR PERSONS DULY AUTHORIZED IN THAT BEHALF.

Name of Licensee : —. Description of Licensed Premises : —. Date of Issue : —. Date of Expiry : —.
Stamp 50 of cents. — Kachcheri. — Government Agent.

Counterpart Agreement.

I, —, the afore-mentioned licensee, for myself, my heirs, my legal representatives and assigns, hereby agree with the Government Agent that I will well and truly observe and perform the terms and conditions contained in the license (of which this is a counterfoil) to sell rectified spirit in the shop at —, during the official year ending September 30, 191—, subject to the following conditions to be observed by me, the said —, viz., the general conditions applicable to all Excise licenses, and the following special conditions applicable to this license :—

1. The privilege extends only to the sale of rectified spirit, which means rectified spirit imported from outside the limits of the Island of Ceylon, or manufactured in this Colony and excised at the tariff rate of duty.

2. No more than forty imperial gallons (or such larger quantity as the Excise Commissioner may specially authorize) of rectified spirit shall be possessed at a time.

3. The sale of rectified spirit otherwise than for *bona fide* medical, industrial, and scientific purposes is prohibited.

4. No more than one reputed pint of rectified spirit shall be sold in one transaction to any private individual; nor more than one imperial gallon for industrial purposes, or to any chemist, medical practitioner, or scientific body; nor more than ten imperial gallons to any Government, Local Board, or Municipal hospital.

5. All spirit imported in bulk and bottled in the Island, received or kept for sale, must bear a printed label showing clearly the country or countries of manufacture of the liquor, the name of the bottler as entered in his license, and the place of bottling. Every receptacle containing spirit manufactured in Ceylon and received or kept for sale must be conspicuously labelled or branded with the words "Spirit manufactured in Ceylon."

6. If the licensee holds any other license for the sale of foreign liquor (including locally-made beer) on the same premises, he must keep his accounts of transactions under it separate from those under this license.

Dated the — day of —, 191—.

Signature : —. Witnesses : —.

Serial No. and Machine No. —. Fee : Rs. 10.

Excise F.L. 156

LICENSE FOR THE SALE OF MEDICATED WINES AND SIMILAR PREPARATIONS CONTAINING 20 PER CENT. AND UPWARDS, BUT NOT MORE THAN 42 PER CENT., OF PROOF SPIRIT.

I, —, Government Agent of the —, under the provisions of the Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912, in consideration of the payment of a sum of Rupees Ten, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, hereby license — to sell medicated wines and similar preparations in the shop at —, during the official year ending September 30, 191—, subject to the following conditions to be observed by the said —, viz., the general conditions applicable to all Excise licenses, and the following special conditions applicable to this license :—

1. The privilege extends only to the sale as tonic or medicine of medicated wines and similar preparations containing 20 per cent. and upwards, but not more than 42 per cent., of proof spirit.

2. The licensee shall, when called on to do so by officers authorized to inspect shops, furnish proof that the preparations kept for sale do not contain more than 42 per cent. of proof spirit. The proof shall be either (1) a certificate of the Principal Collector of Customs, (2) a certificate of purchase from the importer, together with a copy of the certificate of the Principal Collector of Customs, or (3) a certificate of the Government Analyst.

3. Samples of medicated wines or similar preparations manufactured locally shall be submitted by the maker to the Government Analyst for determination of the percentage of proof spirit in them.

4. Special exemptions from maintaining accounts may be granted by the Excise Commissioner to licensees on the licensee showing good grounds for the exemption.

Dated the — day of —, 191—. — Kachcheri.

— Government Agent.

Serial No. and Machine No. —. Fee : Rs. 10.

LICENSE FOR THE SALE OF MEDICATED WINES AND SIMILAR PREPARATIONS CONTAINING 20 PER CENT. AND UPWARDS, BUT NOT MORE THAN 42 PER CENT., OF PROOF SPIRIT.

Name of Licensee : —. Description of Licensed Premises : —. Date of Issue : —. Date of Expiry : —.
Stamp of 50 cents. — Kachcheri. — Government Agent.

Counterpart Agreement.

I, —, the afore-mentioned licensee, for myself, my heirs, my legal representatives and assigns, hereby agree with the Government Agent that I will well and truly observe and perform the terms and conditions contained in the license (of which this is a counterfoil) to sell medicated wines and similar preparations in the shop at —, during the official year ending September 30, 191—, subject to the following conditions to be observed by me, the said —, viz., the general conditions applicable to all Excise licenses, and the following special conditions applicable to this license :—

1. The privilege extends only to the sale as tonic or medicine of medicated wines and similar preparations containing 20 per cent. and upwards, but not more than 42 per cent., of proof spirit.

2. The licensee shall, when called on to do so by officers authorized to inspect shops, furnish proof that the preparations kept for sale do not contain more than 42 per cent. of proof spirit. The proof shall be either (1) a certificate of the Principal Collector of Customs; (2) a certificate of purchase from the importer, together with a copy of the certificate of the Principal Collector of Customs; or (3) a certificate of the Government Analyst.

3. Samples of medicated wines or similar preparations manufactured locally shall be submitted by the maker to the Government Analyst for determination of the percentage of proof spirit in them.

4. Special exemptions from maintaining accounts may be granted by the Excise Commissioner to licensees on the licensee showing good grounds for the exemption.

Dated the — day of —, 191—.

Signature : —. Witnesses : —.

(Form A referred to in Condition 6 of License Form F.L. Excise 1.)

Daily Account showing the Quantity of Beer manufactured, sold, and kept in Store in the Brewery of —, situated at —.

1. Date, year, month, and day : —.
2. Balance of previous day (gallons) : —.
3. Manufactured this day (gallons) : —.
4. Total of columns 2 and 3 (gallons) : —.

Sold to—

5. Licensed dealers (gallons) : —.
6. Military and Naval canteens (gallons) : —.
7. Private consumers (gallons) : —.
8. Total of columns 5, 6, and 7 (gallons) : —.
9. Balance (gallons) : —.
10. Remarks : —.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, June 15, 1918.

By His Excellency's command,

A. S. PAGDEN,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

PURSUANT to the second section of the Pension Minute dated December 9, 1903, it is hereby notified that the holder of office specified below is entitled to pension :—

LEGAL.

District Courts.

Colombo.

Second Additional District Judge.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, June 21, 1918.

A. S. PAGDEN,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

“THE QUARANTINE AND PREVENTION OF DISEASES ORDINANCE, 1897.”

IT is hereby notified that His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government in Executive Council has declared each of the several localities described in the schedule hereto to be a “diseased locality” until further notification, in terms of the regulations dated July 25, 1914, made under the above-mentioned Ordinance, and published in *Government Gazette* No. 6,636 of July 31, 1914.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, June 28, 1918.

A. S. PAGDEN,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

Sanitary Board town of Mannar, Sanitary Board town of Erukkilampiddi, village limits of Konarpannai, and village limits of Putukkudiyiruppu.

“THE VILLAGE COMMUNITIES ORDINANCE, 1889.”

IT is hereby notified for general information (a) that His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government has been pleased to set apart the lot of land described in the schedule hereto annexed, which is the property of the Crown, for a common purpose, to wit, that the inhabitants of the village Sivalapitiya, in the Wilachchiya tulana of the Wilachchiya korale of the Nuwaragam palata of the Anuradhapura District, in the North-Central Province, may practise chena cultivation within the said lot on free permits issued by the Government Agent of the North-Central Province, in accordance with rules made under the provisions of sections 6 and 16 of Ordinance No. 24 of 1889; and (b) that His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government reserves to himself the right to resume absolute possession on behalf of the Crown of the said lot or of any portion thereof whenever he thinks fit.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, June 22, 1918.

A. S. PAGDEN,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE REFERRED TO.

The following lot situated in the village of Sivalapitiya, in the Wilachchiya tulana of the Wilachchiya korale of the Nuwaragam palata of the Anuradhapura District, in the North-Central Province :—

Lot.	Name of Land.	Preliminary plan 733.		
		Extent.		
		A.	R.	P.
24A	Kohombagahawalawembuwa	50	2	30

“THE VILLAGE COMMUNITIES ORDINANCE, 1889.”

IT is hereby notified for general information (a) that His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government has been pleased to set apart the lot of land described in the schedule hereto annexed, which is the property of the Crown, for a common purpose, to wit, that the inhabitants of the village Damunnegama, in the Kandu tulana of the Kadawat korale of the Nuwaragam palata of the Anuradhapura District, in the North-Central Province, may practise chena cultivation within the said lot on free permits issued by the Government Agent of the North-Central Province, in accordance with rules made under the provisions of sections 6 and 16 of Ordinance No. 24 of 1889; and (b) that His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government reserves to himself the right to resume absolute possession on behalf of the Crown of the said lot or of any portion thereof whenever he thinks fit.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, June 22, 1918.

A. S. PAGDEN,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE REFERRED TO.

The following lot situated in the village of Damunnegama, in the Kandu tulana of the Kadawat korale of the Nuwaragam palata of the Anuradhapura District, in the North-Central Province :—

Lot.	Name of Land.	Preliminary plan 575.		
		Extent.		
		A.	R.	P.
1A	Tsgalalandukele	51	0	37

THE following circular despatch received from the Secretary of State for the Colonies regarding the certification of life in the case of Government annuitants residing in British Colonies and Protectorates is published for general information.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, June 14, 1918.

By His Excellency's command,

A. S. PAGDEN,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

The SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES to the OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT OF CEYLON.
Circular.

Downing street, April 8, 1918.

SIR,—I HAVE the honour to inform you that the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury have had under consideration the question of the certification of life in the case of Government annuitants residing in British Colonies and Protectorates, and that they are prepared, in order to increase the existing facilities for this purpose, to allow such certificates to be given (1) by a Justice of the Peace whose signature shall be verified by a Colonial Authority; (2) or by a Government Police Magistrate; (3) or by the Agent or Manager of a Bank having an Office in London, who shall affix his office stamp after his signature.

2. The arrangements for such certification at present in force are those laid down in the Earl of Kimberley's circular despatch of January 6, 1881, a copy of which is enclosed, and the facilities now offered by the Treasury are made under the provisions of section 18 (1) of the Revenue Act, 1898 (61 and 62 Vict. Ch. 46).

3. The Colonial Authority who should verify the signature of a Justice of the Peace or of a Government Police Magistrate, if the latter has no official seal, should be the Colonial Secretary or Chief Secretary of the Colony or Protectorate in which the annuitant resides, or, in the absence of such officer, the Acting Colonial Secretary or Acting Chief Secretary.

4. I enclose copies of the new form of certificate which has received the approval of the Treasury.

I have, &c.,
WALTER H. LONG.

Enclosure in Circular Despatch of April 8, 1918.

The SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES to the OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT OF CEYLON.
Downing street, January 6, 1881.

SIR,—I HAVE the honour to transmit to you a copy of a letter from the Commissioners for the reduction of the National Debt, calling attention to the requirements of the 24th section of the Imperial Act 10 George IV. with reference to the proof to be given of the existence of life annuitants residing in British Colonies.

I also enclose a copy of the further correspondence on the subject, showing the course which it is proposed should be followed, and I shall be glad to learn that your Government will undertake to carry out the arrangements proposed in the correspondence.

I have, &c.,
KIMBERLEY.

Sub-enclosure No. 1 in Circular Despatch of April 8, 1918.

The National Debt Office to the Colonial Office.

National Debt Office, December, 1880.

SIR,—I AM directed by the Commissioners for the reduction of the National Debt to request that you will call the attention of the Secretary of State to the requirements of the Act, 10 Geo. IV., c. 24, with reference to the proof of existence of life annuitants residing in British Colonies, as set forth in the 24th section of that Act.

At the time the Act was passed, British Colonies were comparatively thinly populated, and the case of an annuitant living in a Colony was rare, and there was no difficulty in carrying out the requirement of the Act literally with regard to the clause in question.

Of late years, however, difficulties have arisen, owing partly to the increased amount of territory colonized, and partly to the increased number of annuitants who have emigrated, and it has been felt impossible for the Commissioners to require annuitants to appear before the Governor or Chief Magistrate of a settlement when the annuitant resides many miles away from the seat of Government.

The Commissioners have power under the 45th section of the Act to accept evidence not strictly conformable to the requirements of the Act when they consider it satisfactory, and they have felt it necessary to exercise this power by accepting the certificates of Local Magistrates in the Colonies, when they have been satisfied as to the authority of the persons so certifying.

Difficulties are constantly arising, however, in this respect, and the Commissioners propose to lay down a rule that when the annuitant resides in a British Colony at a distance from the seat of Government, the certificate of existence may be given by a Resident Magistrate of the locality where the annuitant resides, but that such certificate shall be transmitted by the party interested to the Governor or Chief Magistrate of the Colony or settlement in order that the Local Magistrate's signature may be verified.

The Commissioners would further propose, subject to the concurrence of the Secretary of State, that the certificate should be forwarded to them by the Governor or Chief Colonial Authority, either through the Colonial Office, or direct to the Commissioners.

The Commissioners will be glad to be informed if the Secretary of State has any objection to the course proposed, and especially as to the transmission of the certificates through the Colonial Authorities.

I am, &c.,
C. RIVERS WILSON.

Sub-enclosure No. 2 in Circular Despatch of April 8, 1918.

Colonial Office to the National Debt Office.

Downing street, December 23, 1880.

SIR,—I AM directed by the Earl of Kimberley to acknowledge the receipt of your letter without date, but received in this Department on the 16th instant, calling attention to the requirements of the 24th section of the Act, 10 Geo. IV., with reference to the proof to be given of the existence of life annuitants residing in British Colonies.

In reply, I am to request that you will state to the Commissioners for the reduction of the National Debt that his Lordship is inclined to think that the simplest routine, and that which would give the least trouble, would be for the annuitant or Local Magistrate to transmit the certificate of existence to the Colonial Secretary or Chief Secretary of the Colony, with a request that he will submit it for the Governor's verification, and, when verified, forward it direct to the National Debt Office, using, if he should so desire, the mail bags of this Department.

I am to add that, if the Commissioners concur in the proposed course, Lord Kimberley will be happy to address a circular despatch to the Governors of Colonies and to Her Majesty's High Commissioner in Cyprus, requesting the Colonial Governments to undertake this duty on behalf of annuitants in their respective Colonies.

I am, &c.,
R. H. MEADE.

Sub-enclosure No. 3 in Circular Despatch of April 8, 1918.

The National Debt Office to the Colonial Office.

No. 5,009.

National Debt Office, January 1, 1881.

SIR,—I AM desired by the Commissioners for the reduction of the National Debt to acknowledge the receipt of Mr. Meade's letter of the 23rd ultimo, and to express their thanks to the Secretary of State for his offer to address a circular despatch to the Governors of Colonies and to the High Commissioner in Cyprus, requesting them to undertake the duty of verifying the signatures of Magistrates giving certificates of the existence of life annuitants, and transmitting them direct to the National Debt Office.

I am desired to state that the course proposed by His Lordship will be most satisfactory to the Commissioners.

I am, &c.,
C. RIVERS WILSON.

Form for Certifying the Life of Government Annuitants residing in British Colonies and Protectorates and in India.

The certificate must be granted on the day, or some day after, the date when the annuity becomes due by one of the following authorities, viz. :—

In Colonies and Protectorates.

The Governor or Acting Governor.

* A Justice of the Peace, whose signature must be verified by the Colonial or Chief Secretary, or person acting as such.

* A Government Police Magistrate, who must affix his official seal, or his signature must be verified as above.

The Agent or Manager of a Bank having an office in London, who must impress his office stamp after his signature.

In India.

A District Magistrate.

(In Presidency Towns) a Commissioner of Police.

Any erasure or alteration in the certificate must bear the initials of the Certifying Authority.

CERTIFICATE.

No. of Annuity —.

I, (1) —, of —, (2) —, do hereby certify that (3) A. B. — is living at —, and appeared personally before me at — on this (*in words*) — day of —, 191—.

Witness my hand : —.

(State qualification) : —.

Signature of Justice of the Peace or Magistrate verified :—

* See above.

(Signature) —.

(Qualification) —.

The following declaration is to be made and signed by the proprietor of the life annuity after the above certificate has been granted. When the declaration is not made by the nominee, the nominee must endorse the certificate :—

DECLARATION.

I, —, of —, formerly of (4) —, do hereby declare that I, (5) —, the person named and described in the above certificate, am (*or is*) the nominee upon whose life the annuity of £ — s. — d. — doth depend, a quarterly payment of which became due on the 5th (6) —, 191—.

Witness my hand this — day of —, 191—.

(Signature) —.

Extract from Act 2 and 3 Will. IV. c. 59 : "If any such declaration shall be untrue in any particular, the person making the same shall, over and above every other penalty to which such person may become subject, forfeit the sum of one hundred pounds."

When the annuity depends on two joint lives and the life of the longer liver of them, the declaration on the back hereof must be signed instead of that above.

The following declaration is to be made and signed by the proprietor of the life annuity after the above certificate has been granted. When the declaration is not made by the nominee whose life is certified, such nominee must endorse the certificate :—

DECLARATION.

I, —, of —, formerly of (4) —, do hereby declare that I, (5) —, the person named and described in the above certificate, am (*or is*) one of the two nominees upon the continuance of whose lives, and the life of the longer liver of them, the annuity of £ — s. — d. — doth depend, a quarterly payment of which became due the 5th (6) —, 191—, and that —, of —, the other nominee upon whose life the said annuity also depends, is living at —, (*or is dead*) (7) .

Witness my hand this — day of —, 191—.

(Signature) —.

Extract from Act 2 and 3 Will. IV. c. 59 : "If any such declaration shall be untrue in any particular, the person making the same shall, over and above every other penalty to which such person may become subject, forfeit the sum of one hundred pounds."

(1) Name in full.

(2) State qualification.

(3) State Christian and surname of the nominee in full.

(4) The residence and description as stated in the original contract must never be omitted.

(5) Or "A. B." as above, of —.

(6) January, April, July, or October.

(7) If the person making this declaration shall be totally ignorant whether such nominee shall be living or dead, or, if living, of the usual place of his or her abode, then the same must be stated in such declaration.

CODE FOR AIDED SCHOOLS, 1916.

IT is hereby notified that His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government in Executive Council has been pleased to sanction the following amendments to the Code for Aided Schools, 1916, with effect from June 1, 1918.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, June 26, 1918.

By His Excellency's command,
A. S. PAGDEN,
Acting Colonial Secretary

Amendments referred to.

1. *Clause 27 A.*—Add "A floor space of 10 square feet for each pupil on the register will be considered satisfactory."

2. *Clause 68.*—Amend as follows:—In schools in which provision is made in the time table for systematic instruction in drill and physical exercises, drill bonuses will be paid according to the following scale to the teacher or teachers responsible for such instruction on the Inspector's report that the teaching is efficient:—

(1) A sum of Rs. 10 when the number of pupils under instruction does not exceed 75 and one drill instructor is employed.

(2) A sum of Rs. 20 when the number is between 75 and 150 and two drill instructors are employed.

(3) A sum of Rs. 30 when the number is between 150 and 200 and three drill instructors are employed.

(4) A sum of Rs. 40 when the number exceeds 200 and not less than four drill instructors are employed.

This does not apply to holders of the Cammack certificate.

3. *Footnote to Clause 76.*—Amend as follows:—No year in which the teacher shall have obtained less than the percentage of passes given under clause 92 of the Code will be considered satisfactory.

4. *Clause 118.*—Introduce "under 19" after "candidate" in the first line, and "under 20" after "candidate" in the third line.

5. Delete Schedule K.

6. *Note on page 56.*—Introduce "and log book" after "attendance" in the second line of note on page 56. Delete "before the teacher leaves the school" in line 25 and insert instead "immediately after the attendance has been marked."

7. *Schedule L.*—Amend first year syllabus as follows:—

Literature.—(1) Ummagga Jataka, pages 4 to 100; Subhasita, the whole book.

(2) Each candidate is required to learn the first 50 consecutive stanzas from the Subhasita, and will be called upon to recite a few of them at the examination.

(3) Each candidate is expected to read with expression and fluency any passage from the portion set in the Ummagga Jataka.

Writing.—(1) To write a specimen of the penmanship used in setting copies (ordinary ruled paper to be used).

(2) To reproduce a short story read out twice, with due regard to grammar, orthography, and expression.

(3) To write a passage from dictation.

Arithmetic.—(1) The four simple and compound rules and decimal and vulgar fractions, with problems on the above rules.

(2) Mental exercises on the foregoing.

Grammar.—Pada, sandhi, nama, vibhakti, and kriya, in detail.

Geography.—Ceylon in detail, and Asia. Map drawing.

History.—Ceylon until the arrival of the Portuguese.

School Management.—To teach a class of infants (or Standard I. where there is no Infant Department) in the presence of the Inspector, either in oral arithmetic or reading; the ground to be covered in the lesson must be new to the children.

Sanitation.—"Life, light, and cleanliness."

Needlework (for girls only).—To show a finished under-jacket with tucks (run) and buttons and buttonholes; also tucking, patching in calico, buttonhole making, setting in a gusset so as to strengthen a seam, marking in a cross-stitch, fine back-stitching.

Drawing (for boys only).—Drawing from nature leaves, flowers, fruits, and from common objects of everyday use. Drawing from copies of Sinhalese designs.

"THE CEMETERIES AND BURIALS ORDINANCE, No. 9 OF 1899."

NOTICE is hereby given that His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government, in exercise of the powers vested in him by section 34 of the Cemeteries and Burials Ordinance, No. 9 of 1899, and on the recommendation of the "proper authority," to wit, the Government Agent of the Eastern Province, made under the said section 34, has approved of the allotment of land set out in the schedule hereto being provided and used as a burial ground for only the Moors of Nilaveli, Trincomalee District, Eastern Province, from the date hereof.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, June 27, 1918.

By His Excellency's command,
A. S. PAGDEN,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE REFERRED TO.

An allotment of land called Adampanmalai, situated at Nilaveli, in Kaddukulam pattu east of the Trincomalee District, Eastern Province, described as lot 1 in preliminary plan 5,271, dated November 8, 1917, in extent 2 acres and 29 perches, and bounded as follows:—East by lot 3706 in preliminary plan 4,889, and on all other sides by Adambe-daimalaikoda claimed by the Crown.

NOTICES CALLING FOR TENDERS.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the privilege of selling refreshments inside Railway premises at the Colombo Goods Shed and at the Kelani Valley Goods Shed from October 1, 1918, to September 30, 1919, from persons willing to tender for same.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Controller of Revenue.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for the privilege of selling Refreshments at Goods Sheds" in the left hand corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, July 16, 1918.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Office of the General Manager of the Railway, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form.

6. A deposit of Rs. 25 will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for

the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond, or fail to furnish approved security, within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Head of the Department, or his duly authorized representative, that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

7. The successful tenderer will be allowed the sole and exclusive right to sell fruits, bread, cakes, and other refreshments, exclusive of intoxicating liquors, within the Railway premises at the Colombo Goods Shed and at Maradana Kelani Valley Goods Shed during such hours as the said premises are opened to traffic work.

8. The successful tenderer should provide at his own expense portable huts of design approved by the General Manager, not exceeding 14 ft. by 7 ft., which will be permitted to be placed at spots to be pointed out by the Goods Agent, Colombo, and the Chief Goods Clerk, Maradana,

Kelani Valley Goods Shed, on the understanding that they may at any time be called upon to remove the same should the sites on which they are placed be required for other purposes.

9. The Government will accept no responsibility for the safe custody of the contents of the huts.

10. The successful tenderers shall agree to subject himself and his servants to all reasonable orders of the General Manager, Traffic Manager, or the Goods Agent, or the Chief Goods Clerk, Kelani Valley Goods Shed.

11. The number of salesmen or other servants admitted to the Railway premises will be limited to four.

12. The successful tenderer will be required to keep his huts and surroundings in a clean and tidy condition, and remove all the refuse matter from the Railway premises each day.

13. The successful tenderer will be required to deposit as security for the good behaviour of himself and his servants and for ensuring compliance with all the conditions of the contract the sum of Rs. 150.

14. The tenderers should state the amounts they are prepared to pay in advance on the first day of each calendar month for the privilege. All other necessary information can be ascertained upon application at the office referred to in section 5.

15. The security should be furnished within ten days of acceptance of tenders being notified.

16. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders may be treated as informal and rejected.

17. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled, and any offers received containing conditions not mentioned herein will be rejected without question.

18. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

19. Before tender forms are supplied to persons wishing to tender, they will have to satisfy the General Manager or person delegated by him that they are in a position to execute the contract in a satisfactory manner, and for this purpose they must be prepared to produce documentary or other evidence if called for.

20. Contracts may not be assigned or sublet without the authority of the Tender Board.

21. A Government contractor must not issue a power of attorney to a person whose name is in the defaulting contractors' list authorizing him to carry on the contract.

General Manager's Office,
Colombo, June 25, 1918.

G. P. GREENE,
General Manager.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the supply of native half-round tiles delivered at Dematagoda Railway Store or elsewhere within the gravets of Colombo, as may be required for the use of the Railway Department, from persons willing to contract from October 1, 1918, to September 30, 1919.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Half-round Tiles to the Railway Department" in the left hand corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, July 16, 1918.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Office of the General Manager of the Railway, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form.

6. A deposit of Rs. 25 will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond, or fail to furnish approved security, within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Head of the Department, or his duly authorized representative, that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in a list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any further Government contracts. All other deposits will be applied upon signature of a contract.

7. Tenderers are not required to submit samples, but must inspect the standard sample at the Office of the Railway Storekeeper, and no tenders will be considered unless such standard sample has been inspected and an undertaking inserted on tender that tiles to the standard of sample inspected will be supplied.

8. The amount of security required will be Rs. 100. All other necessary information can be ascertained upon application at the office referred to in section 5.

9. The security should be furnished within ten days of acceptance of tender being notified.

10. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders may be treated as informal and rejected.

11. Any offers received containing conditions outside the specification will be rejected without question.

12. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

13. Fines will be inflicted for delays in complying with orders.

14. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

15. Before tender forms are supplied to persons wishing to tender, they will have to satisfy the General Manager or person delegated by him that they are in a position to execute the contract in a satisfactory manner, and for this purpose they must be prepared to produce documentary or other evidence if called for.

16. Contracts may not be assigned or sublet without the authority of the Tender Board.

17. A Government contractor must not issue a power of attorney to a person whose name is in the defaulting contractors' list authorizing him to carry on the contract.

General Manager's Office,
Colombo, June 22, 1918.

G. P. GREENE,
General Manager.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the supply of the under-mentioned materials from October 1, 1918, to September 30, 1919, for the following districts:—

COLOMBO DISTRICT.

To be delivered within the district.

Firewood, per cwt.

PANADURE DISTRICT

To be delivered at the Public Works Department Yard, Panadure.

Cabook, 18 in. by 9 in. by 6 in., per 1,000.

Bricks, local, 9 in. by 4 in. by 2½ in., per 1,000.

Lime, boiled, best quality, per bushel.

Lime, slaked, best quality, per bushel.

Seasoned jak scantlings, per cubic foot.

Seasoned jak planks, 1½ in. to 1¼ in. thick, per square foot.

Seasoned na or milla bridge planks, 6 in. by 4 in. in lengths not exceeding 13 ft., 6 in., per cubic foot.

NEGOMBO DISTRICT.

To be delivered at the Public Works Department Yard, Negombo.

Bags, gunny, second quality, per 100.

Bricks, local, 9 in. by 4 in. by 2½ in., per 1,000.

Coconut slabs, 6 in. wide, per lineal foot.

Coconut rafters, 4 in. by 2½ in., per lineal foot.

2. All tenders must be in duplicate, both copies being sealed in the same envelope, and addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders must be marked "Tender for Supply of Materials, Public Works Department, Western Province, 1918-19," in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on July 23, 1918.

4. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent to him through the post.

5. Samples of the following articles tendered for are to be deposited at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Western Province, Colombo, not later than midday on July 23, 1918:—

Bricks, local, 9 in. by 4 in. by 2½ in.
Cabook, 18 in. by 9 in. by 6 in.

6. To each sample must be firmly attached a label on which is stated the name of the tenderer, the *Gazette* number of the notice calling for the tender, and the description of the article adopted in his tender.

7. Persons tendering for local timber should note that it will only be obtained from the successful contractor on such occasions when it is found impracticable to obtain it through the Forest Department.

8. Tenders must be on forms which may be obtained at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Western Province, Colombo, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized forms thus obtained. Any alterations made in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all tenders containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

9. A deposit of Rs. 50 will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond, or fail to furnish approved security, within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Provincial Engineer, Western Province, Colombo, that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

10. Further information may be obtained on application at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Western Province, Colombo.

11. Before any tender is accepted the contractor will be required to sign a contract to execute and perform the works in accordance with the specification and the general conditions therein set forth, and to deposit a sum of Rs. 100 in respect of each district for the due and faithful performance of the contract.

12. Contracts shall not be assigned or sublet without the authority of the Tender Board.

13. A Government contractor must not issue a power of attorney to a person whose name is on the defaulting contractors' list authorizing him to carry on the contract.

14. The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender, and reserves to itself the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Public Works Office, G. N. LOGGIN,
Colombo, June 26, 1918. for Director of Public Works.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the supply of the under-mentioned materials from October 1, 1918, to September 30, 1919, to be delivered at the Public Works Department Yards at Katugastota, Matale, and Nalanda:—

List of Materials.

Bricks, 9 in. by 4½ in. by 3 in., per 1,000.

Tiles, Kandyan, flat, 10 in. by 6 in., per 1,000.

Tiles, half-round, 15 in. long, per 1,000.

Lime, slaked, well burnt, and free from particles of stone, per bushel.

Lime, boiled, best, per bushel.

2. All tenders must be in duplicate, both copies being sealed in the same envelope, and addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent to him through the post.

4. Tenders must be marked "Tender for Supply of Materials, Public Works Department, Central Province North, 1918-19," in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on July 23, 1918.

5. Samples of the articles to be tendered for are to be deposited in sealed packets at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Central Province North, Kandy, not later than midday on July 23, 1918.

6. To each sample must be firmly attached a label on which is stated the name of the tenderer, the *Gazette* number of the notice calling for the tender, and the description of the article adopted in his tender.

7. Tenders must be on forms which may be obtained at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Central Province

North, Kandy, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained. Any alterations made in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all tenders containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

8. A deposit of Rs. 50 will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond, or fail to furnish approved security, within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Provincial Engineer, Central Province, North, Kandy, that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

9. Further information may be obtained on application at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Central Province North, Kandy.

10. Before any tender is accepted the contractor will be required to sign a contract to execute and perform the works in accordance with the specification and the general conditions therein set forth, and to deposit a sum of Rs. 100 for each district for the due and faithful performance of the contract.

11. Contracts may not be assigned or sublet without the authority of the Tender Board.

12. A Government contractor must not issue a power of attorney to a person whose name is on the defaulting contractors' list authorizing him to carry on the contract.

13. The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender, and reserves to itself the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Public Works Office, G. N. LOGGIN,
Colombo, June 26, 1918. for Director of Public Works.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the work of repairing three patrols' quarters at Kalpitiya.

2. The tender should be enclosed in a sealed envelope on the left corner of which must be written the words, "Tender for repairing three Patrols' Quarters at Kalpitiya," and it should be sent to the Assistant Government Agent, Puttalam, so that he may receive it before 1 P.M. on July 9, 1918.

3. The intending tenderer should, before sending his tender to the Assistant Government Agent, deposit a sum of Rs. 10 at any Kacheheri under the Head of "Tender Forms," and should annex to his tender the receipt obtained for the deposit of the sum.

4. This sum of Rs. 10 will be held by the Assistant Government Agent as a security for the tenderer's entering into the contract with him—in the event of his tender being accepted—for carrying out the work in a satisfactory manner, and will be confiscated if he fails to enter into such a contract within a reasonable time after his tender was accepted.

5. The tenderer should name an address at Puttalam where letters for him may be left or delivered.

6. The work should be completed within three weeks after the contract was entered into.

7. Further particulars may be obtained from the Salt Inspector, Puttalam.

Description of the Work to be Done.

All the decayed or otherwise worthless cadjan, timber, and other materials that are on the building now should be removed and replaced by new and sound materials.

The roof of the huts should be rethatched with new cadjan; and pootus should be placed thereon to serve as weights.

The floor of the houses should be raised with clay, levelled, stamped, and cowdunged.

All the fences enclosing the premises should be rebuilt or repaired.

The two decayed pillars in patrol Soosaippillai's hut should be replaced with new ones.

In patrol Abucasim's compound the ground level should be raised to prevent it from being inundated during the rainy season.

Puttalam Kacheheri, S. M. P. VANDERKOEN,
June 22, 1918. for Assistant Government Agent.

TENDERS are hereby invited for transporting 3,000 cwt. of salt from the Batticaloa Salt Stores to the Salt Store at Kalmunai.

2. The tenderers must state the rate of hire for each cwt. including the cost of weighing and storing.

3. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Transporting Salt to Kalmunai" on the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Government Agent, Eastern Province, not later than midday on Saturday, July 13, 1918.

4. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied on application at the Batticaloa Kachcheri, and no tender will be accepted unless it is on the recognized form.

5. A deposit of Rs. 25 will be required to be made at the Batticaloa Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond, or fail to furnish approved security, within seven days of receiving notice in writing from the Government Agent, Eastern Province, or his duly authorized representative, that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract.

6. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

7. Cash security for Rs. 500 from the successful tenderer will be required. If, however, landed property is to be hypothecated, the tenderer must produce with the title deeds a certificate from the Crown Proctor as to the validity of the title of the property and a certificate from the Registrar of Lands that the property is unencumbered, also a report from the Vanniya as to the value of the property.

8. A copy of each tender should be forwarded by the tenderer to the Hon. the Controller of Revenue by post at the same time the original tender is forwarded to the Government Agent, Eastern Province, Batticaloa.

9. The contractor has to pay for any excess wastage in transport at Rs. 4.50 per cwt.

10. All other necessary information can be ascertained at the Batticaloa Kachcheri.

11. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled. The Government Agent reserves to himself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Batticaloa Kachcheri,
June 18, 1918.

C. E. DE PINTO,
for Government Agent.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the under-mentioned supplies of firewood to the Railway Department from the Anuradhapura division. The work is to commence not later than August 15, 1918, and to be completed by July 15, 1919. Details of the work and areas to be exploited are given in the schedule below.

2. A separate tender should be submitted for each service in the schedule.

3. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

4. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

5. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Railway Firewood, Anuradhapura Division, 1918-19," for service A, B, C, D, E, F, G, or H, as the case may be, in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, July 23, 1918.

6. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Forest Office, Anuradhapura. No tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form. Alterations must be initialled, otherwise the tenders may be treated as informal and rejected.

7. A deposit of Rs. 20 for each service will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline or fail to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or to furnish

approved security, within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Head of the Department, or his duly authorized representative, that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

8. Contract may not be assigned or sublet without the authority of the Tender Board previously obtained.

9. The contractor must not issue a power of attorney to a person whose name is on the list of defaulting contractors authorizing him to carry on the contract.

10. Further, the contractor shall not employ any person whose name is on the list of defaulting contractors, nor any person whom the Assistant Conservator of Forests, for reasons which appear to him sufficient objects to after giving due notice in writing.

11. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

12. Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount of the bond and all other necessary information can be obtained upon application at the office referred to in section 6. A further security in cash of 5 per cent. of the value of contract will be required of the contractor when entering into the bond.

13. Tenderers should read and note a draft contract in respect of each service, which is available in the Forest Office, Anuradhapura, before they obtain tender forms.

14. A penalty of 25 cents for every cubic yard of firewood not felled or stacked or delivered at the monthly rates specified in the schedule below will be exacted from the contractor.

15. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

16. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and of accepting any portion of a tender.

17. A rate per cubic yard delivered must be quoted, written both in words and figures.

18. Each piece of wood to be 3 feet in length and of 2 inches minimum diameter. Billets over 9 inches diameter should be split. All wood over 12 inches girth to be billeted into 3 feet lengths by handsaw or crosscut saw only.

19. All felling and splitting of logs to be completed by June 15, 1919.

20. All firewood immediately after conversion is to be transported and stacked at the respective delivery depôts, at the minimum rate of 1,000 cubic yards per month. This work to be completed by June 30, 1919.

21. For any further information application should be made to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Anuradhapura Division, Anuradhapura.

SCHEDULE.

Mihintale Proposed Reserve.

Service A.—To fell, transport, and deliver stacked along the Northern Railway line (according to special conditions) 10,000 cubic yards of firewood more or less from an area 50 acres in extent, cut out from the forest called the Mihintale Proposed Reserve, in Nuwaragam korale, between the 50th and 51st mileposts to the north of the Anuradhapura-Trincomalee road. Distance of transport about 2 miles.

Palugama Proposed Reserve.

Service B.—To fell, transport, and deliver stacked at the Anuradhapura station yard (according to special conditions) 10,000 cubic yards of firewood more or less from an area 50 acres in extent, cut out from the forest known as Palugama, adjacent to the teak plantation and to the north of the Puttalam-Anuradhapura road. Distance of transport about 4 miles.

Tambuttegama Proposed Reserve.

Service C.—To fell, transport, and deliver stacked on the Northern line near Tambuttegama Station (according to special conditions) 10,000 cubic yards of firewood more

or less from an area 50 acres in extent, adjoining the Eppawala road and close to the station. Distance of transport about 1 mile.

Madawachchi Proposed Reserve.

Service D.—To fell, transport, and deliver stacked along the Northern line at Madawachchi (according to special conditions) 10,000 cubic yards of firewood more or less from an area 50 acres in extent, within the Madawachchi Proposed Reserve, adjoining and to the south of the main road to Mannar. Distance of transport about 1 mile.

Bellankadawala Released Area.

Service E.—To fell, transport, and deliver stacked at Tambuttegama 10,000 cubic yards of firewood more or less from a block of forest known as Bellankadawala, adjoining the road from Talawa to Tambuttegama. Distance of transport 3 miles.

Kopakulam Released Area.

Service F.—To fell, transport, and deliver stacked along the Northern Railway line between 131st and 132nd mileposts 10,000 cubic yards of firewood more or less to be felled from a block of forest known as Kopakulam, adjoining and to the west of the railway line. Distance of transport about 1 mile.

Maha Ratmale Irrigable Area.

Service G.—To fell, transport, and deliver stacked along the Northern Railway line between the 122nd and 125th mileposts 10,000 cubic yards of firewood to be cut from the Nachchaduwa irrigable area to the east of the railway line. Distance of transport 1 to 4 miles.

Irambukkulam Released Area.

Service H.—To fell, transport, and deliver stacked along the Mannar Railway line near the 147th milepost 10,000 cubic yards of firewood to be cut from an area within the village limits of Irambukkulam, to the south of the railway line from Madawachchi to Mannar. Distance of transport approximately from 1 to 2 miles.

Services A, B, C, and D.

Special conditions :—

The blocks enumerated in the schedule have all been demarcated and subdivided into five-acre strips.

2. Felling is not to be done in more than two strips simultaneously, and until the trees in any two strips being felled have been wholly converted into firewood, no felling in two further strips is to commence.

3. Excepting enumerated trees, all felled trees, together with every other fallen tree whatsoever, to be split and converted into firewood.

4. All grass, shrubs, undergrowth, and refuse remaining over in each strip after the fuel has been removed, is to be heaped together in continuous lines three chains in breadth and separated from adjoining reservations by properly cleared lines one chain in breadth. Refuse thus heaped to be burnt off by June 30, 1919.

5. The entire area must be in a complete state of fitness throughout for planting, and must contain no stumps of green growth of any nature by July 15, 1919.

Office of the Conservator of Forests, H. F. TOMALIN,
Kandy, June 25, 1918. Conservator of Forests.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the under-mentioned supplies of firewood to the Railway Department from the Jaffna Division during 1918-19. The work is to commence by not later than August 15, 1918, and to be completed by September 5, 1919. Details of the work and the areas to be exploited are given in the schedule below.

2. A separate tender should be submitted for each service in the schedule.

3. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

4. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box, in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

5. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Jaffna Division, Railway Firewood, 1918-19," for service A or B, as

the case may be, in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, July 23, 1918.

6. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Forest Office of the Jaffna Division. No tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form. Alterations must be initialled, otherwise the tenders may be treated as informal and rejected.

7. A deposit of Rs. 20 for each service will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline or fail to enter into a contract and bond after he has tendered, or to furnish approved security, within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Head of the Department, or his duly authorized representative, that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

8. Contract may not be assigned or sublet without the authority of the Tender Board previously obtained, nor shall the contractor issue a power of attorney to a person whose name is on the list of defaulting contractors authorizing him to carry on the work under the contract. Further, the contractor shall not employ any person whose name is on the list of defaulting contractors, nor any person whom the Assistant Conservator of Forests, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects to after giving due notice in writing.

9. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

10. Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount of the bond, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained upon application at the office referred to in section 6. A further security in cash of 5 per cent. of the value of contract will be required to the contractor when entering into the bond.

11. Tenderers should read and note a draft contract in respect of each service which is available in the Forest Office, Jaffna, before they obtain tender forms.

12. Rates should be quoted as follows, written both in words and figures :—

Firewood, per cubic yard.	Satinwood, in the log, per cubic foot.
Sleepers, per broad gauge.	
Sleepers, per narrow gauge.	Ebony, per ton.
Scantlings, per cubic foot.	Outside slabs, per ton.

Rejections will not be paid for and the contractor shall have no claim in respect of any material sold as rejections.

13. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

14. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and of accepting any portion of a tender.

15. For any further information and for inspection of draft contracts application should be made to the Assistant Conservator of Forests of the Jaffna Division.

DESCRIPTION OF WORK, &c., ON SERVICES A AND B.

Firewood.

(a) Trees must be cut 6 in. from the ground.

(b) The firewood shall be in lengths of 3 ft. and not less than 2 in. in diameter. Billets over 9 in. in diameter shall be split. Wood over 12 inches in girth to be billeted in 3 feet lengths by hand saw or cross-cut saw only.

(c) Stacks must be in rows convenient for loading the firewood into Railway trucks, to economize ground space and to allow of space between the stacks for inspection. Stacks shall be either 3 feet or 4½ or 6 feet in height as the Forest Officer in charge may from time to time direct.

(d) Any tree pointed by a Forest Officer as one to be felled for firewood shall, without question, be felled, and any tree pointed out or marked by a Forest Officer as not to be felled shall not be felled or injured.

(e) The contractor will be responsible for the safety of firewood stacked on the Railway line.

(f) The contractor may be required at times to increase supplies, should the Railway requirements necessitate, and at times also to decrease supplies, but the average output will be as described in the schedule.

(g) It must be clearly understood that for failure to have full weekly supplies ready as required a penalty of Rs. 10, plus 25 cents for every yard short will be levied.

Sleepers, Scantlings, and Logs, &c.

(a) All trees must be felled with saw or axe, and saw combined, six inches from the ground and are to be logged by the saw into logs of the longest available lengths, and both ends squared by the saw with the least amount of wastage, satinwood logs should be barked.

(b) All sound trees over 3 ft. 6 in. in girth of palaimilla, satinwood, and other species which may be accepted for sleepers sufficiently large for conversion are to be sawn into sleepers or scantlings, or scantlings alone as may be directed. Broad gauge sleepers should be sown in preference to narrow gauge sleepers. Contractor should understand only such portions of trees as cannot be converted into sleepers may be sawn into scantlings.

(c) Parts of logs attached by fungus or defective parts of logs are not to be sawn into sleepers or scantlings. The sleepers and scantlings should be sawn from sound, matured wood, free from shakes, sapwood, and large or loose knots.

(d) Broad gauge sleepers are to be 9 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in., and narrow gauge sleepers 5 ft. by 9 in., 4½ in. or 5 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in. The sizes of scantlings to be sawn are:—

Lengths: 10 ft., 15 ft., and 20 ft.

Sizes, i.e., cross section:—

4½ in. by 2 in.	7 in. by 2½ in.	9 in. by 4 in.
4½ in. by 3 in.	7 in. by 3 in.	10 in. by 2½ in.
5 in. by 4 in.	8 in. by 4 in.	10 in. by 3 in.
6 in. by 3 in.	9 in. by 2½ in.	11 in. by 2½ in.
6 in. by 4 in.	9 in. by 3 in.	11 in. by 3 in.

or of such dimensions as may be directed.

(e) Sleepers and scantlings should be perfectly rectangular in form, and sown perfectly parallel on all sides. On no account will squaring of logs, sleepers, or scantlings with an adze or axe be allowed.

(f) Sleepers and scantlings should be covered with saw dust or immersed in water, and be invariably placed under shade immediately they are sawn, until they can be transported to delivery depôts where they should be stacked and kept under shade in the manner to be pointed out by the Forest Ranger.

(g) No ebony trees of small size, which are not likely to have any black heart wood, in the opinion of the Forest Officer, and are not marked by a Forest Officer, are to be felled.

SCHEDULE.

Service A, near Irrambakulam.

(a) To fell every tree above 6 in. in girth, (excepting balmilla, ranai, margosa, and other trees marked for the purpose) standing in a block of forest near Irrambakulam, which will be demarcated by 3 feet lines, to a maximum depth of one and a half mile commencing from the boundary of a 5-chain reservation to the west of the Northern Railway on a frontage of not more than 20 chains along the railway line side. The work will be required to commence at the further end from the Railway line, the nearer end of the block being reserved for supplies in the wet season.

To cut and split into firewood every tree so felled (excepting those required for sleepers, scantlings, and logs), and every other fallen tree whatsoever in this area with the least amount of wastage, so as to yield 35,000 cubic yards of firewood. All firewood immediately after conversion to be delivered stacked at the Northern Railway line, at the minimum rate of 3,500 cubic yards per month, distance of transport being 2 miles. Final delivery to be made on or before September 5, 1919, when the balance, if any, out of the total quantity, should be delivered stacked.

(b) To supply sleepers and scantlings from palai, milla, satinwood, and other suitable species, at Vavuniya Railway Station from the same area.

(c) To supply all satinwood logs found to be flowered at Vavuniya Railway Station from the same area.

(d) To supply cleaned ebony at Vavuniya Station from the same area.

(e) If required, to supply the outside slabs resulting from the conversion of sleepers and scantlings at Vavuniya Station from that forest and to weigh and deliver the same.

(f) Supplies of sleepers, scantlings, logs, and outside slabs to be completed by September 5, 1919. Distance of transport from the working area to the Vavuniya Railway Station is not exceeding 12 miles.

(g) All straight, sound, palai, milla, and satinwood trees below 3 ft. 6 in. in girth and marked by a Forest Officer shall not be felled.

Service B, near Vavuniya.

(a) To clear, fell, all trees (excepting ebony or other species marked by a Forest Officer), standing in a block of forest, 175 acres in extent, more or less, situated in Tomigala Reserve. Area selected is situated within 1½ miles from the Northern Railway line.

To cut and split into firewood every tree so felled (excepting those required for sleepers, scantlings, and logs), and every other fallen tree whatsoever in the area so as to yield 15,000 cubic yards of firewood with the least amount of wastage. All firewood immediately after conversion to be delivered stacked along Northern Railway line at the minimum rate of 1,500 cubic yards per month. Final delivery to be made on or before July 15, 1919, when the balance remaining, out of the total quantity, should be delivered stacked. All felling and splitting of logs should be completed by June 30, 1919.

To cut all thorns and undergrowth in the area, to heap the same, together with all wood refuse in the centre of the area separated from the reservation on either sides by properly cleared lines, half a chain in breadth. This work to be completed by July 31, 1919.

To complete the burning of the refuse thus heaped by August 15, 1918. To root out and completely clear of green growth, all patches not burnt over, and to leave the whole area in a state of complete fitness throughout for planting by September 5, 1919, and if so ordered to complete and hand over 15 acres on or before September 5, 1918.

(b) To supply sleepers and scantlings from palai, milla, satinwood, and other suitable species at Vavuniya Railway Station from the same area.

(c) To supply all satinwood logs found to be flowered at Vavuniya Railway Station from the same area.

(d) To supply cleaned ebony at Vavuniya Station from the same area.

(e) If required, to supply the outside slabs resulting from the conversion of sleepers and scantlings at Vavuniya Station from the same area and weigh and deliver the same.

(f) To supply all satinwood logs over 2 feet in girth and below the sleeper size at Vavuniya Station from the same area.

(g) Supplies of sleepers, scantlings, logs, and outside slabs to be completed by September 5, 1919. Distance of transport from the forest to the Vavuniya Railway Station is not exceeding 4 miles.

H. F. TOMALIS,
Conservator of Forests.

Office of the Conservator of Forests,
Kandy, June 25, 1918.

Sale of Minor Forest Produce.

THE right to collect honey and wax during the period commencing on October 1, 1918, and ending on September 30, 1919, from the Crown lands situated in the Northern Province, will be sold by public auction by the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Jaffna Division, at the Forest Office, Jaffna, at 2 p.m. on Wednesday, July 31, 1918, subject, however, to the condition that the purchaser does not interfere with the existing rights of the villagers, provided for rule 4 (1) (c) under section 21 (g) of the Forest Ordinance.

2. The highest bidder will be declared the purchaser, subject to the approval of the Conservator of Forests, and shall, immediately on his being so declared, deposit the necessary amounts as hereunder and sign his name in the register of sale in admission of such purchase :—

Bids up to Rs. 100.

The amount of the bid in full and security Rs. 20 to be deposited immediately on conclusion of the sale pending the approval of the Conservator of Forests.

Bids over Rs. 100 and up to Rs. 500.

50 per cent. of the bid and security Rs. 50 to be deposited immediately on conclusion of the sale pending the approval of the Conservator of Forests. Balance to be paid within 14 days of the approval of sale by the Conservator of Forests.

Bids over Rs. 500 and up to Rs. 1,000.

50 per cent. of the bid and security of Rs. 75 to be deposited immediately on conclusion of the sale pending the approval of the Conservator of Forests. Balance to be paid regularly in two monthly instalments within two months of the date of approval of the sale by the Conservator of Forests.

Bids over Rs. 1,000.

50 per cent. of the bid and security Rs. 150 to be deposited immediately on conclusion of the sale pending the approval of the Conservator of Forests. Balance to be paid regularly in three monthly instalments within three months of the date of approval of the sale by the Conservator of Forests.

3. Should the required deposit not be made immediately on conclusion of the sale, the right to collect the produce will be at once offered again to public competition, and the person who failed in the first instance to make the required deposit will not be allowed to bid unless he deposits in

advance a sum of Rs. 50, which will be forfeited if he again refuses to make the required deposit on acceptance of his bid.

4. The balance of the purchase amount, if any, shall be paid as specified in condition 2.

5. Should the person decline or fail to enter into an agreement within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Assistant Conservator of Forests of the Jaffna Division to the effect that his bid has been accepted by the Conservator of Forests or to pay the balance of the purchase amount when due, the deposits already made on account of the purchase and the security shall be forfeited, and the right to collect the produce in question re-sold at the risk of the original purchaser, who shall be held liable to make good any deficiency in the price realized at such re-sale, but on the other hand he shall not be entitled to participate in any profit which may accrue to Government by any re-sale.

6. The right to collect the produce in question shall not be assigned, re-sold, or sublet by the purchaser without the consent of the Conservator of Forests first obtained in writing.

7. Should the purchaser or his employes cause any damage to trees in the forests or commit any forest offence, the purchaser shall be held liable to pay compensation for all such damage or loss, and on failure to pay he shall be liable to prosecution.

8. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting the purchaser's employes and of rescinding the agreement if the above conditions are not adhered to.

9. Any further information can be obtained on application to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Jaffna Division.

Office of the Conservator of Forests, H. F. TOMALIN,
Kandy, June 26, 1918. Conservator of Forests.

VITAL STATISTICS.

Registrar-General's Weekly Health Report of the City of Colombo for the Week ended June 22, 1918.

Births.—The total births registered in the city of Colombo in the week were 99 (8 Burghera, 50 Sinhalese, 20 Tamils, 17 Moors, 3 Malays, and 1 Other). The birth-rate per 1,000 per annum (calculated on the estimated population on January 1, 1918, viz., 272,234) was 19·0, as against 13·6 in the preceding week, 20·4 in the corresponding week of last year, and 22·1 the weekly average for last year.

Deaths.—The total deaths registered were 96 (4 Burghers, 54 Sinhalese, 19 Tamils, 12 Moors, 5 Malays, and 2 Others). The death-rate per 1,000 per annum was 18·4, as against 22·4 in the previous week, 22·2 in the corresponding week of last year, and 23·7 the weekly average for last year.

Infantile Deaths.—Of the 96 total deaths, 24 were of infants under one year of age, as against 33 in the preceding week, 44 in the corresponding week of the previous year, and 28 the average for last year.

Stillbirths.—The number of stillbirths registered during the week was 8.

Principal Causes of Death.—Sixteen deaths from *Pneumonia* were registered, 5 in Maradana (including 1 death of a non-resident in hospital), 3 in Kotahena, 3 in Wellawatta, 2 in San Sebastian, 1 in Fort, 1 in New Bazaar, and 1 in Kollupitiya, as against 21 in the previous week and 13 the weekly average for last year. Three deaths from *Bronchitis* were registered.

2. Six deaths from *Phthisis* were registered, 4 in Kotahena and 2 in Slave Island, as against 13 in the previous week and 13 the weekly average for last year.

3. One death from *Enteric Fever* was registered in Kotahena, as against 4 in the previous week and 3 the weekly average for last year.

4. No deaths from *Plague* were registered during the week; 3 deaths were registered in the previous week, as against 3 the weekly average for last year. There was 1 death from *Smallpox*, same as in the previous week.

5. Seven deaths from *Debility* were registered, 6 from *Infantile Convulsions*, 5 from *Enteritis*, 3 from *Worms*, 3 from *Tetanus*, and 45 from *Other Causes*.

6. One case of *Plague*, 2 cases of *Smallpox*, 32 of *Chickenpox*, and 5 of *Measles* were reported during the week, as against 4, 16, 13, and 1, respectively, during the previous week.

State of the Weather.—The mean temperature of air was 81·1°, against 81·8° in the preceding week and 80·4° in the corresponding week of the previous year. The mean atmospheric pressure was 29·893 in., against 29·862 in. in the preceding week and 29·878 in. in the corresponding week of the previous year. The total rainfall in the week was 2·83 in., against 1·13 in. in the preceding week and 1·47 in. in the corresponding week of the previous year.

MISCELLANEOUS DEPARTMENTAL NOTICES.

Sale of Goods.

THE under-mentioned packages having been left in No. 14 Warehouse beyond the time allowed by law, notice is hereby given that, unless the same be previously cleared, they will be sold by public auction on July 23, 1918, at 1 P.M. Goods must be cleared on or before July 26, 1918 :—

No.	Date of Landing.	Vessel.	Marks.	Number and Description of Goods.
440	April 2, 1918	ss. Tenshin Maru	Various or nil	2 barrels cement
443	March 28, 1918	ss. Saigon Maru	Nil	7 packages tea shooks

H. M. Customs,
Colombo, June 20, 1918.

R. N. THAINE,
for Principal Collector.

Importations of Rice into the Ports of Ceylon during the Week ended June 22, 1918.

Ceylon Port.	Port of Origin.	Number of Bags.
Colombo	Calcutta	61,740
Do.	Rangoon	5,796
Do.	Tuticorin	3,134
Do.	Dhanushkodi	21,705
Batticaloa	Negapatam	330
Trincomalee	do.	261
Jaffna	Topputhurai	348
Kayts	Coconada	250
Point Pedro	Negapatam	19

215 bags of rice have been shipped from the Port of Colombo during the week ended June 22, 1918.

H. M. Customs,
Colombo, June 26, 1918.

R. O. DE SARAM,
for Principal Collector.

Closure of Area for Application Surveys in Western Province.

NOTICE is hereby given that surveys in connection with applications for the purchase or lease of Crown land will in future be undertaken in the Western Province in rotation according to areas.

2. The Province is divided into—

- Area No. 1, which includes Negombo District.
- Area No. 2, which includes Colombo District.
- Area No. 3, which includes Kalutara District.

3. Area No. 3 will be closed on July 15, 1918, and no applications within this area will be forwarded to the Surveyor-General for survey after that date. This, however, will not preclude applicants from submitting to me for registration applications for land within this area with a view of ascertaining whether there are any objections to the sale or lease.

4. The next areas to be closed for survey will be areas Nos. 1 and 2. Applications for the purchase or lease of Crown land in these two areas should be forwarded to me as early as possible.

5. The date of closure of Nos. 1 and 2 areas will be shortly published, and will represent the date of completion of all work in area No. 3.

June 18, 1918.

J. G. FRASER,
Government Agent.

Closure of Area for Application Surveys in Northern Province.

NOTICE is hereby given that surveys in connection with applications for the purchase or lease of Crown land will in future be undertaken in the Northern Province in rotation according to areas.

2. The Province is divided into three areas :—

- Area No. 1, which includes Jaffna District.
- Area No. 2, which includes Mannar District.
- Area No. 3, which includes Mullaitivu District.

3. Area No. 3 will be closed on July 31, 1918, and no applications within this area will be forwarded to the Surveyor-General for survey after that date. This, however, will not preclude applicants from submitting to me for registration applications for land within this area with a view of ascertaining whether there are any objections to the sale or lease.

4. The next area to be closed for survey will be area No. 1 followed in due course by area No. 2. Applications for the purchase or lease of Crown land in these two areas should be forwarded to me as early as possible.

5. The date of closure of No. 1 area will be shortly published, and will represent the date of completion of all work in area No. 3.

June 18, 1918.

H. E. JANSZ,
for Government Agent.

Closure of Area for Application Surveys in North-Central Province.

NOTICE is hereby given that surveys in connection with applications for the purchase or lease of Crown land will in future be undertaken in the North-Central Province in rotation according to areas.

2. The Province is divided into 3 areas :—

- Area No. 1, which includes Kunchuttu, Kalpe, Mahapotana, Kanadara, and Uddiyankulam korales.
- Area No. 2, which includes Ulagalla, Kalagam, Negampaha, Unduruwa, Kiralawa, Mamuniya, and Matombuwa korales, and Tamankaduwa and Egoda pattuwa.
- Area No. 3, which includes Willachchiya, Nuwaragam, Kadawat, Eppawela, and Kende korales.

3. Area No. 2 will be closed on August 1, 1918, and no applications within this area will be forwarded to the Surveyor-General for survey after that date. This, however, will not preclude applicants from submitting to me for registration applications for land within this area with a view of ascertaining whether there are any objections to the sale or lease.

4. The next area to be closed for survey will be area No. 3 followed in due course by area No. 1. Applications for the purchase or lease of Crown land in these two areas should be forwarded to me as early as possible.

5. The date of closure of No. 3 area will be shortly published, and will represent the date of completion of all work in area No. 2.

June 20, 1918.

H. R. FREEMAN,
Government Agent.

Summary of Accounts of the District School Committee, Jaffna, for the Year 1917.

(Vide Section 12 of the Rural Schools Ordinance, No. 8 of 1907.)

Receipts.	Rs.	c.	Payments.	Rs.	c.
Government contributions	22,550	50	Salaries	225	0
School fines	135	0	Miscellaneous	245	17
			Balance on December 31, 1917.	22,215	35
Total	22,685	50	Total	22,685	50

Jaffna Kacheheri,
May 4, 1918.

B. HORSBURGH,
Chairman.

Summary of Accounts of the District School Committee, Puttalam, for the Year 1917.

(Section 12 of the Rural Schools Ordinance, No. 8 of 1907.)

Receipts.	Rs.	c.	Expenditure.	Rs.	c.
Balance on January 1, 1917	972	11	Salaries	120	0
Government contribution	1,279	50	Repairs to buildings	1,154	71
Village Committee contribution	100	0	Making and repairing fences, school gardens, wells, and playgrounds	132	35
School fines	195	50	Miscellaneous	82	0
Miscellaneous	3	0	Balance on December 31, 1917.	1,062	35
Total	2,551	41	Total	2,551	41

Puttalam Kacheheri,
June 20, 1918.

W. E. WAIT,
Chairman.

**Summary of Accounts of the District School Committee, Chilaw,
for the Year 1917.**

(Section 12 of the Rural Schools Ordinance, No. 8 of 1907.)

Receipts.		Expenditure.	
	Rs. c.		Rs. c.
Balance on January 1, 1917 ..	7,124 3	Salaries ..	300 0
Government contribution ..	8,469 00	Repairs to buildings ..	1,164 32
Village Committee contribution ..	1,500 0	Making and repairing fences, school gardens, wells, and playgrounds ..	529 83
School fines ..	756 75	Erection of new building and extension of existing buildings ..	1,167 65
Miscellaneous ..	200 0	Miscellaneous ..	225 97
		Balance on December 31, 1917 ..	9,662 61
Total ..	18,050 38	Total ..	18,050 38

Puttalam Kachoheri,
June 20, 1918.

W. E. WATT,
Chairman.

Vannarponnai Moor Street Boys' School.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application has been received from Mr. A. M. M. Maraikar for the conversion of his Vannarponnai Moor Street Boys' School, which is situated in Vannarponnai, Jaffna District, of the Northern Province, into a mixed school.

Observations will be received not later than July 20, 1918.

Education Office,
Colombo, June 19, 1918.

E. B. DENHAM,
Director of Education.

"The Insect Pest and Quarantine Ordinance, No. 5 of 1901."

WHEREAS the insect pest named Fluted Scale (*Icerya purchasi*) is present on the following estate:—

Central Province.—Dimbula district: Kelliewatte estate. Under regulations published in the *Ceylon Government Gazette* No. 6,888 of July 20, 1917, the said estate is hereby declared to be an infested area.

Department of Agriculture, F. A. STOCKDALE,
Peradeniya, June 19, 1918. Director of Agriculture.

**Auction Sale of Produce of the Experiment Station,
Peradeniya.**

THE produce of the Experiment Station, Peradeniya, including coconuts, paddy, vanilla, pepper, coffee, &c., will be sold by public auction on Wednesday, July 10, 1918, at 10 A.M., on the spot.

2. A deposit of Rs. 50 in the case of coconuts and Rs. 10 for other produce will be required to be made with the Acting Manager of the Experiment Station by the purchasers for each of the articles purchased. Should any person fail to remove the coconuts on or before July 31, 1918, and other produce within seven days, inclusive of the date of purchase, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned when the articles purchased have been removed.

3. Payment must be made before delivery.

4. The produce will be delivered at the store of the Experiment Station, Peradeniya, where it can be seen by intending purchasers.

5. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of accepting or rejecting the highest offer.

Experiment Station,
Peradeniya, June 24, 1918.

H. A. DEUTROM,
Acting Manager.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated June 8, 1918, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 6,949 of June 14, 1918, the premises known as the Public Works Department Store (Government Factory), Colombo, were proclaimed an infested area, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, and whereas foot-and-mouth disease no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from foot-and-mouth disease, and to be no longer an infested area.

This declaration shall take effect from June 19, 1918.

A. M. FERNANDO,
Acting Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

The Municipal Office,
Colombo, June 20, 1918.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 14, situated at Timbirigasyaya road, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infested area.

This declaration shall take effect from June 12, 1918.

A. M. FERNANDO,
Acting Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

The Municipal Office,
Colombo, June 20, 1918.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 85, situated at 2nd Division, Maradana, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infested area.

This declaration shall take effect from June 15, 1918.

A. M. FERNANDO,
Acting Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

The Municipal Office,
Colombo, June 21, 1918.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated June 13, 1918, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 6,950 of June 21, 1918, the premises known as Storkwatta, 2nd Division, Maradana, Colombo, were proclaimed an infested area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, and whereas foot-and-mouth disease no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from foot-and-mouth disease and to be no longer an infested area.

This declaration shall take effect from June 18, 1918.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, June 24, 1918. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated June 13, 1918, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 6,950 of June 21, 1918, the premises bearing assessment No. 49, situated at St. Joseph's street, Colombo, were proclaimed an infested area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, and whereas foot-and-mouth disease no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from foot-and-mouth disease and to be no longer an infested area.

This declaration shall take effect from June 24, 1918.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, June 25, 1918. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated June 19, 1918, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 6,950 of June 21, 1918, the premises bearing assessment No. 1, situated at New Urugodawatta, Colombo, were proclaimed an infested area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, and whereas foot-and-mouth disease no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from foot-and-mouth disease and to be no longer an infested area.

This declaration shall take effect from June 24, 1918.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, June 25, 1918. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 3, situated at Castle street, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infested area.

This declaration shall take effect from June 20, 1918.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, June 25, 1918. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 51, situated at Silversmith street, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from June 10, 1918.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, June 25, 1918. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 10, situated at Timbirigasyaya, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from June 14, 1918.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, June 25, 1918. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Sale of Minor Forest Produce.

WITH reference to the notice appearing in *Government Gazette* No. 6,950 of June 21, 1918, pages 994 and 995, relative to the sale of monopoly rights to collect minor forest produce during 1918-19, the following memorandum issued by the Collector of Customs, Madras, is published for the information of intending purchasers of the monopoly right to collect avaram bark (ranawara) during the above period:—

Memorandum.

No. R. O. C. 952 of June 5, 1918.

The Inspectors of Customs circles are informed that import duty may be remitted, during the period of the war, on avaram bark imported from Ceylon and consigned to the Controller of Tanning Stuffs, Madras. Instructions should accordingly be issued to the Customs Collectors concerned under their control.

Office of the Conservator of Forests. H. F. TOMALIN,
Kandy, June 26, 1918. Conservator of Forests.

NOTICE UNDER "THE EXCISE ORDINANCE, No. 8 OF 1912."**Notice under Excise Notification No. 70 of May 23, 1918.**

WHEREAS objections have been received by me from 25 per cent. of the tax-paying inhabitants of the areas of (1) Ratnapura town, (2) Pelmadulla town, (3) Balangoda town against the existence of foreign liquor taverns within such areas: I, B. Constantine, Government Agent of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, do fix the following dates, times, and places at which votes will be recorded for the purpose of ascertaining whether 75 per cent. of such tax-paying inhabitants are opposed to the existence of such taverns:—

Time: 2 to 4 P.M.

Town.	Date.	Place.
Ratnapura	July 20, 1918.	The Kacheheri, Ratnapura
Balangoda	July 15, 1918.	The Court-house, Balangoda
Pelmadulla	July 24, 1918.	The Gansabhiwa Court-house, Pelmadulla

The Kacheheri, B. CONSTANTINE,
Ratnapura, June 20, 1918. Government Agent

Notice regarding Local Option re Foreign Liquor Taverns.

IT is hereby notified for public information that the Assistant Government Agent of the Matara District, in exercise of the powers vested in him by rule 1 of the

rules specified in Excise Notification No. 70 of May 23, 1918, has appointed the under-mentioned dates and places for recording votes for the purpose of ascertaining whether 75 per cent. of the road tax paying inhabitants of the respective areas are opposed to the existence of the foreign liquor taverns within such areas, viz:—

August 23, 1918: Between 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. at the Hackmana Resthouse, in respect of the tavern in the area of Hackmana.

August 27, 1918: Between 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. at the Matara Kacheheri, for recording of votes of the Northern Ward, in respect of the taverns in the Local Board area of Matara.

August 28, 1918: Between 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. at the Matara Kacheheri, for recording of votes of the Southern Ward, in respect of the taverns in the Local Board area of Matara.

August 29, 1918: Between 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. at the Matara Kacheheri, for recording of votes of the Western Ward, in respect of taverns in the Local Board area of Matara.

Matara Kacheheri, T. REID,
June 24, 1918. Assistant Government Agent.

SALES OF TOLL AND OTHER RENTS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Assistant Government Agent, Puttalam and Chilaw, will receive sealed tenders for the purchase of the under-mentioned Toll Rents for twelve months from October 1, 1918, to September 30, 1919. Tenders, which must be in sealed envelopes superscribed "Tenders for Toll Rents," must be handed in personally at the Puttalam Kacheheri at 2 P.M. on Thursday, July 18, 1918, and no tender received by post will be accepted, nor will any tender received after the day and hour above mentioned be considered.

2. Separate tenders should be made for the several rents as shown below.

3. The successful tenderer will be required to deposit at once one-tenth of the purchase amount in cash; and should the offer be accepted by His Excellency the Governor, to furnish approved security for one-half of the purchase amount, or in cash for one-third of the purchase amount, within thirty days of the date of the receipt by him of the notification of the Governor's acceptance of his offer.

4. He will be required to deposit money to pay the Crown Proctor for examining and giving his opinion on the

title deeds of properties tendered by him as security, and for examining and settling the security bond, and the fees charged by the Crown Proctor for examining documents and drawing the security bond, the expenses of appraising the properties and of registering the security bond, and the stamp duty on the bonds under the Ordinance No. 22 of 1909.

5. All title deeds tendered as security should be accompanied by a certificate obtained from the Registrar of Lands that the land to which they relate are unencumbered. The certificates must be obtained at the cost of the party offering the security.

6. Further information can be obtained on application to the Assistant Government Agent, Puttalam.

Ferries

1. Etalau
Puttalam Kacheheri,
June 20, 1918

2. Puttalam-Kalpitiya
S. M. P. VANDERKOEK,
for Assistant Government Agent.

NOTIFICATIONS UNDER "THE PATENTS ORDINANCE, 1906."

THE following Specifications have been accepted:—

No. 1,545 of August 2, 1917.

The General Rubber Company.

"Improvements in processes of treating latex and the products obtained thereby."

Abstract :—The invention consists in confining latex adapted to expand upon coagulation in a chamber, substantially preventing the flow thereof in the chamber upon the movement of the latter, and coagulating the latex while subjecting the same to pressure developed through the resistance of the walls of the chamber to the expansive force of coagulation.

The apparatus for carrying out the invention consists: first, of a container, used as a collecting can, and having a removable cover having a smooth pyramid-shaped dome and made to slide up and down within the can. The position of that dome-shaped slidable cover is adjustable by means of upright rods fixed at the diagonal corners of cover and can, and which can be clamped together. When latex has been collected and poured into the can the slidable cover is clamped, so as to rest and press on the surface of the latex, and all the air evacuated through a vent in the dome; secondly, of a container, used as a coagulating vessel, having a cover which can be securely clamped to the top of the container, so as to make an air-tight joint. The underside of the cover is provided with a downwardly projecting pyramid-shaped dome, so that, the container being nearly filled with latex, that pyramid-shaped projection will displace air and latex when the cover is clamped down and the volume of latex enclosed will be the same as the volume of the sealed container.

The object of the collecting can made in the way described is to prevent contact of air with the surface of latex and the consequent introduction of bacteria, and to prevent shaking of the latex and the consequent formation of lumps, during transportation of the latex collected from the rubber trees.

The object of the closed air-tight coagulating can is to subject the latex to pressure, without the presence of air or other gases, due to its expansion in volume during coagulation. During the last part of the process one or more stabilizing agents, such as beta naphthol 0·2 per cent., sodium fluoride 0·1 per cent., &c., may be added to the latex to prevent the action of bacteria. It is said that the expansion of unstabilized latex may vary from 40 per cent. to 100 per cent. of its original volume.

The claims are:—

1. In a process of the kind described, confining rubber-producing or similar latex adapted to expand upon coagulation in an inclosed space having the same volume substantially as the latex, and coagulating the latex under the pressure of its coagulation-expansion.
2. In a process of the kind described, partially filling a receptacle with a mass of rubber-producing or similar latex and confining the latex to prevent substantially the flow of the mass back and forth upon movement of the receptacle.
3. In a process of the kind described, partially filling a chamber with rubber-producing or similar latex, adjusting the volume of the chamber to equal substantially that of the latex, and coagulating the latex.
4. In a process of the kind described, partially filling a chamber with rubber-producing or similar latex, disposing an adjusting member in said chamber, thereby adjusting the volume of the chamber to equal substantially that of the latex, and coagulating the latex.
5. In a process of the kind described, confining a quantity of rubber-producing or similar latex in a chamber, disposing an adjusting cover thereon having a portion projecting into said chamber, thereby adjusting the volume of the chamber to equal substantially that of the latex, and coagulating the latex.
6. In a process of the kind described, confining a quantity of rubber-producing or similar latex in a chamber, disposing a substantially pyramid-shaped adjusting cover in said chamber, thereby adjusting the volume of the chamber to equal substantially that of the latex, and coagulating the latex.
7. In a process of the kind described, confining a quantity of rubber-producing or similar latex in a chamber, inserting an inverted substantially pyramid-shaped adjusting closure in said chamber, thereby adjusting the volume of the chamber to equal substantially that of the latex, and causing the latex to rise on the sides of the pyramid-shaped closure, and coagulating the latex.
8. In a process of the kind described, confining a mass of rubber-producing or similar latex in a container, substantially preventing the flow of the mass back and forth upon movement of the container, and coagulating the latex.
9. In a process of the kind described, confining a quantity of rubber-producing or similar latex adapted to expand upon coagulation in a container, substantially preventing the flow thereof in said container upon movement of the same, and coagulating the latex while subjecting the latex to pressure developed through the resistance of the walls of the container to the expansive force of coagulation.
10. In a process of the kind described, partially filling a chamber with rubber-producing or similar latex adapted to expand upon coagulation, adjusting the volume of said chamber to equal substantially that of the latex, and rigidly maintaining the volume of the chamber fixed while coagulating the latex, thereby subjecting the latex to pressure of its own coagulation-expansion.
11. In a process of the kind described, partially filling a chamber with rubber-producing or similar latex, adjusting the volume of the chamber to equal substantially that of the latex, adding a stabilizing agent to said latex, and coagulating said latex.
12. In a process of the kind described, partially filling a chamber with rubber-producing or similar latex adapted to expand upon coagulation, adjusting the volume of said chamber to equal substantially that of said latex, adding a stabilizing agent to said latex, and rigidly maintaining the volume of the chamber fixed while coagulating the latex, thereby subjecting the latex to the pressure of its own coagulation-expansion.
13. In a process of the kind described, partially filling a chamber with rubber-producing or similar latex adapted to expand upon coagulation, disposing a substantially pyramid-shaped adjusting cover in said chamber, thereby adjusting the volume of the chamber to equal substantially that of said latex, and rigidly maintaining the volume of the chamber fixed while coagulating said latex, thereby subjecting said latex to the pressure of its own coagulation-expansion.
14. A close-grained rubber-coagulum coagulated under the pressure of its coagulated-expansion.
15. A stabilized, substantially homogeneous, close-grained rubber-coagulum coagulated under the pressure of its coagulation-expansion.

One sheet of drawings.

No. 1,550 of August 2, 1917.

The General Rubber Company.

"Improvements in the processes for separating rubber from rubber-containing material."

Abstract :—This invention has for its object the separation of the naturally coagulated rubber from the strips of bark shaved off the rubber tree in the process of tapping.

The process consists in drying the strips of bark, which may be done in a perforated drum in which hot air is circulated by a fan, until the moisture content of the strips of bark is reduced to approximately 5 per cent. Those strips are put into a ball mill and ground, so that the woody portion is reduced to the form of sawdust and the rubber appears in strips like rubber bands. The wood and the rubber are easily separable by adding water to the comminuted mass when the rubber floats away from the wood.

The claims are :—

1. A process for obtaining rubber from a rubber-producing tree by cutting from it the bark bearing the exuded latex in the form of lace, rendering the woody matter of the bark brittle by drying, reducing the dried woody matter of the bark to a dry comminuted form by repeated blows without destroying the structural identity of the rubber lace, and finally separating the comminuted woody matter from the lace.

2. A process for obtaining rubber from a rubber-producing tree by cutting from it the bark bearing the exuded latex in the form of lace, rendering the woody matter of the bark brittle by drying, reducing the dried woody matter of the bark to a dry comminuted form by repeated blows without destroying the structural identity of the rubber lace, and finally separating a desired percentage of the comminuted woody matter from the lace.

3. A process for obtaining rubber from a rubber-producing tree by cutting from it a strip bearing exuded latex in the form of rubber lace and drying the strip to approximately 5 per cent. moisture content, reducing the dried woody matter of the bark to a dry comminuted form by repeated blows without destroying the structural identity of the rubber lace, and finally separating the comminuted woody matter from the lace.

4. A process for obtaining rubber from a rubber-producing tree by cutting from it a strip bearing exuded latex in the form of rubber lace, and drying the strip to approximately 5 per cent. moisture content, reducing the dried woody matter of the bark to a dry comminuted form by repeated blows without destroying the structural identity of the rubber lace, and finally separating a desired percentage of the comminuted woody matter from the lace.

5. A process for separating the rubber lace externally deposited on bark-curl from the woody matter of the bark, which comprises rendering the woody matter of a plurality of strips of the bark brittle by drying, reducing the dried woody matter of the strips to a dry comminuted form without agglomerating the rubber laces of the respective strips, and finally separating the comminuted woody matter from the rubber laces.

6. A process for separating the rubber lace externally deposited on bark-curl from the woody matter of the bark, which comprises rendering the woody matter of a plurality of strips of the bark brittle by drying, reducing the dried woody matter of the strips to a dry comminuted form without agglomerating the rubber laces of the respective strips, and finally separating a desired percentage of the comminuted woody matter from the rubber laces.

7. A process for separating the rubber lace externally deposited on bark-curl from the woody matter of the bark, which comprises rendering the woody matter of a plurality of strips of the bark brittle by drying, reducing the dried woody matter of the strips to a dry comminuted form by repeated blows without agglomerating the rubber laces of the respective strips, and finally separating the comminuted woody matter from the rubber laces.

8. A process for separating the rubber lace externally deposited on bark-curl from the woody matter of the bark, which comprises rendering the woody matter of a plurality of strips of the bark brittle by drying, reducing the dried woody matter of the strips to a dry comminuted form by repeated blows without agglomerating the rubber laces of the respective strips, and finally separating a desired percentage of the comminuted woody matter from the rubber laces.

9. A process for separating the rubber lace externally deposited on bark-curl from the woody matter of the bark, which comprises drying a plurality of strips of the bark to approximately 5 per cent. moisture content, reducing the dried woody matter of the bark to a dry comminuted form without agglomerating the laces of the respective strips, and finally separating the comminuted woody matter from the rubber laces.

10. A process for separating the rubber lace externally deposited on bark-curl from the woody matter of the bark, which comprises drying a plurality of strips of the bark to approximately 5 per cent. moisture content, reducing the dried woody matter of the bark to a dry comminuted form without agglomerating the laces of the respective strips, and finally separating a desired percentage of the comminuted woody matter from the rubber laces.

11. A process for separating the rubber lace externally deposited on bark-curl from the woody matter of the bark, which comprises drying a plurality of strips of the bark to approximately 5 per cent. moisture content, reducing the dried woody matter of the bark to a dry comminuted form by repeated blows without agglomerating the laces of the respective strips, and finally separating the comminuted woody matter from the rubber laces.

12. A process for separating the rubber lace externally deposited on bark-curl from the woody matter of the bark, which comprises drying a plurality of strips of the bark to approximately 5 per cent. moisture content, reducing the dried woody matter of the bark to a dry comminuted form by repeated blows without agglomerating the laces of the respective strips, and finally separating a desired percentage of the comminuted woody matter from the rubber laces.

No drawings.

No. 1,651 of August 2, 1917.

The General Rubber Company.

"Improvements in processes for treating latex and products obtained thereby."

Abstract :—One of the objects of the invention is to provide an inexpensive process of the kind described, in which the speed of coagulation may be materially increased while obviating the use of chemicals and agents foreign to rubber-producing latexes and similar materials. Another object of the invention is to provide a process of the kind described, in which the speed of coagulation may be controlled, and in which the formation of clots of non-uniform character throughout the mass shall be avoided. Another object of the invention is to provide a coagulum having the desirable characteristics obtainable through the use of a process of the kind described.

In carrying out the process in its preferred form, 100 parts by weight of Hevea latex or similar material are mixed with approximately 4 per cent. of a suspension containing the enzyme coagulase derived from the seeds, growing shoots, leaves, or other parts of Hevea Brasiliensis. The suspension is stirred into the mass by suitable stirring devices. A reaction ensues, and a firm coagulum is formed in twenty-five minutes. Prior to or during coagulation, or at any desired time before vulcanization, sulphur or other desired vulcanizing agent may be added to the mass.

The claims are :—

1. A process for treating a mass containing rubber or similar material, which comprises combining with the mass an agent derived from a rubber-producing plant or similar organism adapted to react with said mass, and causing a reaction to take place between said mass and said agent in the absence of chemicals and reagents foreign to rubber-producing latex.

2. A process for treating a mass containing rubber or similar material, which comprises combining with the mass an enzyme adapted to react with said mass, and causing a reaction to take place between said mass and said enzyme in the absence of chemicals and reagents foreign to rubber-producing latex.

3. A process for treating latex or similar material, which comprises combining with a mass of latex an agent derived from a rubber-producing plant or organism adapted to coagulate said latex, and coagulating said latex without the aid of chemicals and reagents foreign to rubber-producing latex.

4. A process for treating latex or similar material, which comprises adding to the latex an enzyme derived from a rubber-producing plant or organism adapted to react with said latex, and causing a reaction to take place between said latex and said enzyme in the absence of chemicals and reagents foreign to rubber-producing latex.

5. A process for treating latex or similar material, which comprises combining with a mass of latex an enzyme adapted to coagulate said latex, and coagulating said latex without the aid of chemicals and reagents foreign to rubber-producing latex.

6. A process for treating latex or similar material, which comprises combining with a mass of latex an enzyme derived from a rubber-producing plant, and coagulating said latex without the aid of chemicals and reagents foreign to rubber-producing latex.

7. A process for treating latex or similar material, which comprises adding to the latex an agent adapted to increase the proportion of natural coagulant normally present in the latex, and coagulating said latex.

8. A process for treating latex or similar material, which comprises adding coagulase to latex, and coagulating said latex without the aid of chemicals and reagents foreign to rubber-producing latex.

9. A mass containing rubber or similar material reacted upon by an agent derived from a rubber-producing plant or similar organism and combined with the mass, said agent being in excess of the normal content of a similar agent in the latex.

10. A mass containing rubber or similar material derived from latex reacted upon by an enzyme combined with the mass in excess of the normal enzyme content of the latex.

11. A mass containing rubber coagulated by an agent derived from a rubber-producing plant or similar organism and combined with the mass, said agent being in excess of the normal enzyme content of the latex.

12. A mass containing rubber or similar material derived from latex reacted upon by an enzyme derived from a rubber-producing plant or similar organism and combined with the mass, said enzyme being in excess of the normal enzyme content of the latex.

13. A mass containing rubber coagulated by an enzyme derived from a rubber-producing plant and combined with the mass, said enzyme being in excess of the normal enzyme content of the latex.

14. A mass containing rubber derived from latex to which coagulase has been added, said coagulase being in excess of the normal coagulase content of the latex.

No drawings.

E. HUMAN,
Registrar of Patents.

Ceylon Government Railway.—Comparative Statement of Traffic for the Month ended April 30, 1918.

Particulars of Goods conveyed.	Month ended	Month ended	Increase in		Nett Increase or Decrease	
	April 30, 1917.	April 30, 1918.	1918.	1918.	from October 1, 1917, to April 30, 1918.	
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Increase in 1917-1918.	Decrease in 1917-1918.
Kerosine oil ...	400	266	—	134	—	1,134
Rubber ...	1,882	1,621	—	261	1,161	—
Rice ...	14,824	13,777	—	1,047	—	25,101
Tea ...	12,063	10,745	—	1,318	—	8,829
Cacao ...	236	276	40	—	—	1,226
Coconut produce ...	3,738	6,074	2,336	—	11,796	—
Fruit and vegetable ...	1,540	1,777	237	—	1,546	—
Tea and rubber packing ...	1,906	1,092	—	814	—	5,976
Plumbago ...	1,444	1,237	—	207	—	6,377
Bulk petroleum ...	557	650	93	—	1,118	—
Liquid fuel ...	1,315	1,273	—	42	—	284
Manure ...	5,456	9,294	3,838	—	—	9,856
Other goods ...	21,935	25,648	3,713	—	—	4,689
Railway material (open line)	11,691	3,914	—	7,777	—	38,539
Railway material (extensions)	420	32	—	388	—	4,457
Breakwater material ...	948	409	—	539	—	2,043
Foreign traffic ...	11,138	9,895	—	1,243	14,839	—
Total	91,493	87,980	10,257	13,770	30,460	108,491

Colombo, June 18, 1918.

G. P. GREENE,
General Manager.

LOCAL BOARD NOTICES.

Notice of Sale, Local Board, Kalutara.

IN terms of section 34 (1) of Ordinance No. 13 of 1898, notice is hereby given that the under-mentioned properties which have been seized under section 34 of Ordinance No. 13 of 1898, and section 41 of the Ordinance No. 16 of 1865, for default of the payment of assessment tax due for the 1st quarter, 1918, will be sold by public auction at the premises on Saturday, July 6, 1918, and following days commencing at 10 A.M.

The Kachcheri, W. E. GRENIER,
Kalutara, June 19, 1918. for Assistant Government Agent.

A List of Properties which have been seized for Non-payment of Assessment Tax for 1st Quarter, 1918, at Welapura Kalutara.

No.	Name of Owner.	Name of Land.
		Main street.
45	Meralebbe Kumister	Mawathabodawatta
119A	Estate of S. M. Wapusa Marikkar	Dodangodaparangi-yawatta
112	J. Loransu Sawarimuttu	do.
139, 160,		
573	C. M. C. Abdul Carim, N. P.	Madangahawatta
211	W. P. Kaithan Perera	do.
220	C. S. P. Martin Silva	Siyambalagahawatta
273	J. Fernando	Pelawatha
294	Estate of A. Silva, Muhuppu	Parangiyawatta
313	Estate of B. S. Fernando	Oruppuwawatta
322A	V. Johannes de Mel	Daladawatta
356	G. Visenta Perera	Katukurundugahawatta
388	Cadar Pilippu Iyasamy	Jasentuawawatta

No.	Name of Owner.	Name of Land.
339½	Estate of A. R. M. Abdul Kaffour	Badullagahawatta
431	I. L. M. Abdul Carim Lebbe	Kantharuparangi-yawatta
445	M. J. M. S. Abduram Lebbe	do.
	Marikkar	Janthajothiyawatta
456, 458	A. L. Mohammodu Lebbe	Dodangahawatta
466	D. J. J. Fernando	Janthajothiyawatta
482, 483	W. Suwaris Silva	do.
		Old road.
55½	L. B. L. Dharmabandu	Kuduwalagemewatta
115	Estate of Cornelis Jansz	Lumugudemewatta
157, 158	Mrs. P. B. de Silva	Kanhaluradagewatta
166	Estate of R. Abesekara	Sakaligewatta
201A	C. Juwan Naide and others	Andrangewatta
208	D. Cornelis Hamy	Mariyagewatta
280	S. N. Abdul Wahid	Palliyawatta
318	A. L. M. Arisi Marikkar Lebbe	Mullewatta
321½	Estate of M. L. M. Marikkar	do.
408A	I. L. Mira Lebbe Marikkar	Delgahawatta
498	L. W. Tapanis Hamy	Botuparangiawatta
513	B. D. Siyadoris Appuhamy	do.
575½	Joronis Fernando	Aluwawatta
		Adam street.
17½	Estate of Jayasinghe	Medawatta
		Hill street.
1	Widow of Vesenti	Godellawatta
12, 13, 14	S. N. Abdul Wahid	Pahalawatta
		Katukurunda.
92	B. Silvestiri Fernando	Parugahawatta

Notice of Sale, Local Board, Chilaw.

NOTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned property seized in virtue of a warrant issued by the Chairman, Local Board, Chilaw, in terms of Ordinance No. 13 of 1898, for arrears of assessment tax due on the premises for the 4th quarter, 1917, will be sold by public auction at this office on Friday, July 12, 1918, at 2 P.M.

Office of the Local Board,
Chilaw, June 21, 1918.

W. H. B. CARBERRY,
Chairman.

Premises

No.	Property seized.	Name of Owner.
240	Waste land	F. Malleappah
279	House	S. S. Alisandri Fernando
386	Garden	R. M. Fernando
389	Waste land	Abraham Fernando
242	Do.	T. Don Gabriel
967	Gala	L. M. Meera Saibo
099	Do.	S. Gabriel Fernando

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL NOTICES.

MUNICIPALITY OF COLOMBO.

Minutes of Proceedings of a General Meeting of the Municipal Council of Colombo held in the Town Hall on Friday, May 10, 1918.

The Council met this day at 3 P.M., pursuant to notice dated May 3, 1918.

Present:—Mr. R. W. Byrde, Chairman; Mr. C. P. Dias; Mr. L. B. Fernando; the Hon. Mr. N. H. M. Abdul Cader; Mr. Arthur Alwis; Mr. H. L. de Mel; Dr. E. V. Ratnam; Dr. W. P. Rodrigo; Mr. F. R. Sumanayake; Mr. W. C. S. Ingles; Mr. Harold Creasy; Mr. J. K. Hormusjee; Mr. M. Cassim Ismail; Mr. W. Sutherland Ross; and Mr. W. Philips.

1. The Minutes of the General Meeting of April 19, 1918, having been previously printed, and copies thereof having been sent to each Member of Council, were taken as read.

Resolved that the Minutes of the General Meeting of April 19, 1918, be confirmed.

2. The Chairman read the following:—“Our further cases of human plague and 3 of rat plague have been recorded since our last meeting, making the total for the year up to date of 53 human and 36 rat cases, as against 163 human and 46 rat cases during the same period last year, while in the preceding year there were 66 human and 16 rat cases. Of the 4 human cases, 3 were bubonic and 1 septicæmic in character. All proved fatal. Three of the cases were in the Sea street area and 1 in Maradana.

3. Pursuant to notice, Mr. H. L. de Mel asked the Chairman whether this Council proposes to take any steps to regulate or control the prices of food stuffs within the city.

The Chairman replied as follows:—“It is not within the scope of the Council's powers to either regulate or control the price of food stuffs. Under the Municipal Councils Ordinance the powers of a Municipal Council are strictly limited to the preparation and publication of a list of current prices. Such a list is prepared in the Financial Assistant's Office, and is published in the *Gazette* and put up in the respective markets. It is now being prepared in Sinhalese and Tamil, and, in addition to being posted up in the public markets, will also be put up in conspicuous places in the bazaars. I may mention that recently on a representation made to me by the Member for the Maradana Ward with regard to the inconvenience caused by the quarantine regulations at Tuticorin in the case of the exportation of sheep and goats from that port, I communicated with the Principal Collector of Customs, and as a result the regulations at Tuticorin have been withdrawn, and the importation of sheep and goats into Ceylon has thereby been facilitated. The power to make regulations prescribing prices lies with the Government. I take it that such regulations would only be enforced in those cases where exceptional circumstances had arisen which interfered with the ordinary working of the economic law of supply and demand. If any such circumstances were to arise, it will be open to the Council to represent them to Government.

4. Dr. W. P. Rodrigo had given notice that he would move “that a return be furnished showing the number of civil cases the Council was involved in during the last three years, giving the names of the parties, number of case, cause of action, result, costs, &c., in a form similar to the one annexed, and that members of this Council be furnished with a similar return annually.”

The mover, with the leave of the Council, amended the motion to read thus: “That a return be furnished showing the number of civil cases the Council was involved in during the last three years, including actions for the recovery of rents and/or for the ejectments of the Council's tenants, giving the names of the parties, number of case, cause of action, result, costs, &c., in a form similar to the one annexed, and that members of this Council be furnished with a similar return annually:—

Date:—	Plaintiff:—	Council's cost:—
No. of case:—	Defendant:—	Opponent's cost where payable by Council:—
Cause of action:—	Final result:—	Remarks:—

Dr. E. V. Ratnam seconded.—Carried.

Mr. C. P. Dias moved that the Council do go into Committee to consider items Nos. 5 to 8 (inclusive) of the agenda.

5-8. The following extracts from the Minutes of the Special and the Standing Committees named were then laid before the Council in Committee:—

Extract from the Minutes of the Special Committee on Drainage Works of April 22, 1918.

(5) To consider a letter dated March 21, 1918, from Messrs. The Colombo Commercial Co., Ltd., re lake reclamation Slave Island Mills.—Recommended that the conditions laid down in agreement dated March 29, 1911, be adopted, namely:—

- (1) That a clearance of not less than three feet shall be left between any part of the structure of the sewers or man holes and any other structure which may be hereafter made;
- (2) That a clear passage not less than six feet wide by nine feet high leading directly from the open air to the manhole cover shall be maintained with free and unobstructed access to every manhole;
- (3) That free access to the manhole shall at all reasonable times be given to the Colombo Municipal Council or its agents or nominees.

Mr. Arthur Alwis moved that the recommendation of the Special Committee be adopted. Mr. L. B. Fernando seconded.—Carried.

Extract from the Minutes of the Standing Committee on Sanitation and Markets of April 29, 1918.

(9) To consider letter No. 1,009 of April 22, 1918, from the Hon. the Attorney-General regarding the proposed by-laws re markets.—Recommended that the following by-law be adopted:—It shall not be lawful for any person to keep or use or occupy or hold any stall, shop, or other place in a public market unless he is a person or the agent of a person having the permission of the Chairman, or of any Municipal officer authorized to exercise the powers of the Chairman under section 242 of Ordinance No. 6 of 1910, to sell or expose for sale any article at such stall, shop, or place under section 202 of Ordinance No. 6 of 1910.

With regard to the above item (corresponding to item No. 7 of the extracts from the Minutes of the Standing Committee on Law and General Subjects of May 1, and item No. 22 of the extracts from the Minutes of the Standing Committee on Finance of May 3, 1918, respectively), the Chairman moved that the recommendation of the Standing Committees on Law and General Subjects and Finance be adopted. Mr. L. B. Fernando seconded.—Carried.

Extracts from the Minutes of the Standing Committee on Law and General Subjects of May 1, 1918.

(7) To consider letter No. 1,009 of April 22, 1918, from the Hon. the Attorney-General regarding the proposed by-laws *re* markets.—Recommended that the following by-law be passed:—No person shall keep or use or occupy or hold any stall, shop, or other place in a public market unless he is a person or the agent of a person having the permission of the Chairman, or of any Municipal officer authorized to exercise the powers of the Chairman under section 242 of Ordinance No. 6 of 1910, to sell or expose for sale any article at such stall, shop, or place under section 202 of Ordinance No. 6 of 1910.

(8) To consider an amendment to by-law *re* privilege leave during the period of the war.—Recommended that the following by-laws be passed:—(1) During the period of the war vacation leave may be accumulated for a period four years, and, subject to the requirements of the service, in view of this accumulation, an officer may be allowed vacation leave for six months in respect of the leave due to him for the three years preceding and the year in which he takes the leave; (2) an officer who has taken accumulated vacation leave of six months in any year may, nevertheless, be granted six weeks vacation leave in the following year as provided by the regulations.

With regard to item No. 8 (corresponding to item No. 23 of the extracts from the Minutes of the Standing Committee on Finance of May 3, 1918), the Chairman moved that that the proposed amendment be adopted with the addition of the words "out of the Island" after the words "During the period of the war vacation leave" in by-law No. 1. Mr. C. P. Dias seconded.—Carried.

Resolved that the recommendation of the Standing Committee with regard to the remaining item be adopted.

Extracts from the Minutes of the Standing Committee on Finance of May 3, 1918.

(8) To consider the correspondence with Messrs. Boustead Bros. *re* electric lighting of streets in the Fort. The Committee is of opinion that the change may be permitted, as a temporary measure, owing to war conditions.

(9) (a) To recommend, in terms of section 24 of the Municipal Pension Minute, the grant of a gratuity of Rs. 51, being three months' salary to Babahamy, widow of late cooly Manis of the Dean's road market.—Recommended.

(b) To consider the question as to whether a gratuity of one month's salary should be granted to the following minor children of Manis, in the absence of birth certificates:—(1) Gamage Elisabethy, female, born August, 1901; (2) Gamage Reginahamy, female, born March, 1903; (3) Gamage Hendrick Singho, male, born April 5, 1911.—Recommended that a gratuity of one month's salary be paid to each of the three minor children of late cooly Manis.

(12) To recommend the re-transfer of premises No. 492-498, 48, Piachaud's lane, vested in the Council, to Sadah, Jenet, Ethel, and Neeta Dassanayake, on payment of all taxes and costs which would have been due had the properties not been vested in the Council. (A sum of Rs. 2,137.81 has been paid on account of taxes and costs up to and including the 3rd quarter of 1917.)—Recommended on payment in full of all dues up to date of transfer.

(17) To recommend the sanction of Council for the payment of Rs. 1,000, being half the estimated cost of reconstruction of the bridge over the canal at Kirillapone.—Recommended.

(19) To recommend the sanction of Council for the purchase for the Works Department of 400 tons of coal at Rs. 70 per ton from Messrs. Delmege, Reid & Co.—Recommended.

(20) To recommend the sanction of Council for the repair of a branch sewer at junction of Saunders place at an estimated cost of Rs. 500. The cost to be met from the vote of Rs. 12,420 sanctioned by Council on March 1, 1918, for the repair and reconstruction of the old 6-feet rainwater drain in Kacheheri road.—Recommended.

(22) To consider letter No. 1,009 of April 22, 1918, from the Hon. the Attorney-General regarding the proposed by-laws *re* markets.—Recommended that the by-law No. 15, Chapter XIII., be repealed, and that the following by-law be passed:—No person shall keep or use or occupy or hold any stall, shop, or other place, in a public market unless he is a person or the agent of a person having the permission of the Chairman, or of any Municipal officer authorized to exercise the powers of the Chairman under section 242 of Ordinance No. 6 of 1910, to sell or expose for sale any article at such stall, shop, or place under section 202 of Ordinance No. 6 of 1910.

(23) To consider an amendment to by-law *re* privilege leave during the period of the war.—Recommended that the following by-laws be passed:—(1) During the period of the war vacation leave may be accumulated for a period of four years, and, subject to the requirements of the service, in view of this accumulation, an officer may be allowed vacation leave for six months in respect of the leave due to him for the three years preceding and the year in which he takes the leave; (2) an officer who has taken accumulated vacation leave of six months in any year may, nevertheless, be granted six weeks' vacation leave in the following year as provided by the regulations.

(27) To sanction the purchase of general stores, to the value of about Rs. 30,000, as per list attached to Works Engineer's letter to the Financial Assistant No. 258 of March 18, 1918, for replenishment of stock at Suduwella Stores.—Recommended.

(28) To recommend the expenditure of a sum of Rs. 500, to defray the cost of a casket and illuminated copy of the address of welcome to Sir William Henry Manning, K.C.M.G., C.B., on his arrival as Governor of Ceylon.—Recommended that an illuminated address be prepared at a cost not exceeding Rs. 150.

Mr. L. B. Fernando moved that the above recommendations of the Standing Committee, as amended, be adopted. Dr. W. P. Rodrigo seconded.—Carried.

Mr. C. P. Dias moved that the Council do resume, and that the resolutions of Council in Committee, as amended, be adopted. Mr. Arthur Alvis seconded.—Carried.

The Chairman formally moved in Council that the resolutions of Council in Committee, as amended, be adopted. Mr. C. P. Dias seconded.—Carried.

9. Mr. H. L. de Mel moved that permission of Council be granted to him to move the following motion:—"That in the opinion of this Council the time has arrived for regulating and controlling the prices of food stuffs within the city, and that the Chairman be authorized to request Government to take action." Mr. C. P. Dias seconded.—Carried.

The permission having been granted Mr. H. L. de Mel submitted the motion to the Council. Mr. C. P. Dias seconded.

The Chairman stated that the question was whether the Council had sufficient data to approach Government with a view to asking Government to bring into force the regulations under the law. He indicated that the matter was one for consideration.

Dr. W. P. Rodrigo spoke on the motion.

The mover, with the permission of the Council, added the words "and that the matter be referred to the Standing Committee on Sanitation and Markets for such action as they may deem fit."

The Chairman put the motion, as amended, which was as follows, to the meeting, and it was declared carried:—"That in the opinion of this Council the time has arrived for regulating and controlling the prices of food stuffs within the city, and that the matter be referred to the Standing Committee on Sanitation and Markets for such action as they may deem fit."

Mr. L. B. Fernando moved that the leave referred to in items Nos. 9 and 10 on the agenda (re-numbered 10 and 11 in the Minutes) be sanctioned. Mr. C. P. Dias seconded.—Carried.

Colombo Municipality, Riot Account.—Statement of Receipts and Disbursements to April 30, 1918.

Head of Revenue.	Receipts to April 30, 1918.		Head of Expenditure.	Expenditure to April 30, 1918.	
	Rs.	c.		Rs.	c.
Advance by Government ..	850,000	0	Repaid to Government ..	850,000	0
Fines ..	10,000	0	Awards account ..	914,091	33
Riot Compensation :—			Loss by theft ..	7,500	0
Commutation tax ..	676,530	0	Office expenses ..	6,636	14
Assessment tax ..	421,611	61	Commission on commutation tax ..	16,615	18
Bank interest ..	2,283	48	Commission on assessment tax ..	3,251	29
Miscellaneous receipts ..	1,279	95	Interest to Government ..	60,772	66
	1,961,705	4		1,858,866	60
Deposit Account ..	346	35	Suspense Account ..	144	92
			Cash :—		
			At Bank .. Rs.	2,939	87
			In hand .. Rs.	100	00
				3,039	87
			Transferred to No. 1 Account to pay off arrears of Sinking Fund on Drainage and Waterworks Loans ..	100,000	0
Total ..	1,962,051	39	Total ..	1,962,051	39

May 11, 1918.

S. H. WADIA,
Financial Assistant to the Chairman,
Municipal Council.

Balance Sheet.—Riot Account, April 30, 1918.

Liabilities.		Rs.	c.	Assets.		Rs.	c.
Awards unpaid ..	..	2,705	50	Cash ..	..	3,039	87
Deposit Account ..	..	346	35	Deficit ..	..	11	98
Total ..	..	3,051	85	Total ..	..	3,051	85

May 11, 1918.

S. H. WADIA,
Financial Assistant to the Chairman,
Municipal Council.

NOTICE is hereby given that in the absence of movable property liable to seizure, (1) rents and profits from 1 to 10 years, (2) timber and produce, (3) materials of house, and (4) the under-mentioned properties themselves, seized in virtue of a warrant issued by the Chairman of the Municipal Council of Colombo, in terms of the 140th clause of the Ordinance No. 6 of 1910, for arrears of consolidated rate due on the premises, and for the period mentioned in the subjoined schedule, will be sold by public auction on the spot at the time therein mentioned, unless in the meantime the amount of the consolidated rate and costs be duly paid.

S. H. WADIA,
Financial Assistant to the Chairman,
Municipal Council.
The Municipal Office,
Colombo, June 20, 1918.

SCHEDULE.

Date of Sale : Thursday, July 18, 1918.

Wall street.

Premises No.	Quarter and Year.	Time of Sale A.M.
1907.36	..3rd quarter, 1916, to 4th quarter, 1917	7
1908.36	.. Do.	7.5
1909.36	.. Do.	7.10
1910.36	.. Do.	7.15
1911.36	.. Do.	7.20
1912.36	.. Do.	7.25
1914.36	.. Do.	7.30
1915.36	.. Do.	7.35
1916.36	.. Do.	7.40
1917.36	.. Do.	7.45
1918.37	.. Do.	7.50
1927A.41	..1st quarter, 1916, to 4th quarter, 1917	7.55
1928.42	.. Do.	8

Premises No.	Quarter and Year.	Time of Sale A.M.
1929/1930.42	1st quarter, 1916, to 4th quarter, 1917	8.5
1931.43	.. Do.	8.10
	<i>Mayfield road.</i>	
2151.5	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1917	8.15
	<i>Wall street.</i>	
1890.24A	..2nd and 3rd quarters, 1917	8.20
	<i>Wasala road.</i>	
1989.68	..1st quarter, 1916, to 4th quarter, 1917	8.25
	<i>Santiago road.</i>	
2577.75	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1917	8.30
2578.75	.. Do.	8.35
	<i>Skinner's road north.</i>	
2713A.33	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1917	8.40
2707.1	.. Do.	8.45
	<i>Mayfield road.</i>	
2264.100	..4th quarter, 1917	8.50
2265.102	.. Do.	8.55
	<i>Wall street.</i>	
1947.47	..4th quarter, 1917	9
1948.48	.. Do.	9.5
1949.48	.. Do.	9.10
1950.48A	.. Do.	9.15
1951.4C	.. Do.	9.20
1952.49A	.. Do.	9.25
1953.49B	.. Do.	9.30
1954.49	.. Do.	9.35
1955.49	.. Do.	9.40
1977.61	.. Do.	9.45
	<i>Kotahena street.</i>	
2103.34	..4th quarter, 1917	9.50
2106.32	.. Do.	9.55
2138.39	.. Do.	10

Date of Sale : Friday, July 19, 1918.

Date of Sale : Friday, July 19, 1918.			Date of Sale : Monday, July 22, 1918.		
Premises No.	Quarter and Year.	Time of Sale. A.M.	Premises No.	Quarter and Year.	Time of Sale. A.M.
<i>Pansala road.</i>			<i>Kotahena street.</i>		
2191.82M	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1917	.. 7	2271.90	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1917	.. 8.55
2192.82	..4th quarter, 1917	.. 7.5	2272.90A	.. Do.	.. 9
2198.82	.. Do.	.. 7.10	2273.90B	.. Do.	.. 9.5
2201.82C	.. Do.	.. 7.15	2285.9A	.. Do.	.. 9.10
2208.76	.. Do.	.. 7.20	<i>Mayfield road.</i>		
2208A.76A	.. Do.	.. 7.25	2290.20B	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1917	.. 9.15
<i>Wasala road.</i>			2292.20C	..3rd quarter, 1916, to 4th quarter, 1917	9.20
1995.56	..4th quarter, 1917	.. 7.30	2315.48	..1st to 4th quarter, 1917	.. 9.25
2009.65	.. Do.	.. 7.35	<i>Kotahena street.</i>		
2014.67C	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1917	.. 7.40	2318.49A	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1917	.. 9.30
<i>Wall street.</i>			2327.2	.. Do.	.. 9.35
2018.70	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1917	.. 7.45	2335.94	.. Do.	.. 9.40
2019.70A	..4th quarter, 1917	.. 7.50	2336.94	.. Do.	.. 9.45
2020.71	.. Do.	.. 7.55	2340.99A	.. Do.	.. 9.50
2021.72	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1917	.. 8	2341.100	.. Do.	.. 9.55
2022.73	..4th quarter, 1917	.. 8.5	2342.97	.. Do.	..10
2023.76	..1st to 4th quarter, 1917	.. 8.10	Date of Sale : Monday, July 22, 1918.		
2024.75	..4th quarter, 1917	.. 8.15	<i>Kotahena street.</i>		
2026.77A	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1917	.. 8.20	2343.97	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1917	.. 7
2035.84	..2nd to 4th quarter, 1917	.. 8.25	2357.117	.. Do.	.. 7.5
2036.85	.. Do.	.. 8.30	2358.118	.. Do.	.. 7.10
2037.86	.. Do.	.. 8.35	2359.118	.. Do.	.. 7.15
2038.87	.. Do.	.. 8.40	<i>Pickering's road.</i>		
2039.88	.. Do.	.. 8.45	2383.3	..4th quarter, 1917	.. 7.20
2040.89	.. Do.	.. 8.50	2384.4	.. Do.	.. 7.25
2041.90	.. Do.	.. 8.55	2390.4	.. Do.	.. 7.30
2042.91	.. Do.	.. 9	2391.5	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1917	.. 7.35
<i>Kotahena street.</i>			2392.5A	.. Do.	.. 7.40
2070.3	..4th quarter, 1917	.. 9.5	2393.5	.. Do.	.. 7.45
<i>Bonjean road.</i>			2395.7	.. Do.	.. 7.50
2072.6A	..4th quarter, 1917	.. 9.10	2396.7	.. Do.	.. 7.55
2073.43	.. Do.	.. 9.15	2397.8	.. Do.	.. 8
<i>Kotahena street.</i>			2398.8A	.. Do.	.. 8.5
2084.9	..3rd and 4th quarters 1917	.. 9.20	2403.13	..4th quarter, 1917	.. 8.10
<i>Kotahena road.</i>			2404.14	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1917	.. 8.15
2090.2091.15	3rd and 4th quarters, 1917	.. 9.25	2405.15	.. Do.	.. 8.20
<i>Mayfield road.</i>			<i>Santiago road.</i>		
2152.6	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1917	.. 9.30	2441.65	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1917	.. 8.25
2130.34	.. Do.	.. 9.35	<i>Pansala road.</i>		
2153.7	.. Do.	.. 9.40	2209.76A	..4th quarter, 1917	.. 8.30
2154.8	.. Do.	.. 9.45	<i>Wasala road.</i>		
2157.13-15	..1st to 4th quarter, 1917	.. 9.50	2224.4C	..4th quarter, 1916, to 4th quarter, 1917	8.35
2158.15A	.. Do.	.. 9.55	2239.17	..4th quarter, 1917	.. 8.40
<i>Wasala road.</i>			<i>Santiago street.</i>		
2159.15	..1st to 4th quarter, 1917	..10	2410.91	..4th quarter, 1917	.. 8.45
Date of Sale : Saturday, July 20, 1918.			2413.65	..3rd and 4th quarter, 1917	.. 8.50
<i>Wasala road.</i>			2456.59	.. Do.	.. 8.55
2160.45	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1917	.. 7	<i>Kotahena street</i>		
2161.45A	.. Do.	.. 7.5	2473A.60	..4th quarter, 1917	.. 9
2163.46A	..2nd to 4th quarter, 1917	.. 7.10	2473B.30	.. Do.	.. 9.5
2164.46B	..1st to 4th quarter, 1917	.. 7.15	2473C.30	.. Do.	.. 9.10
2165.46C	.. Do.	.. 7.20	2513A.17	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1917	.. 9.15
2166.46D	.. Do.	.. 7.25	<i>Santiago street</i>		
2167.46E	..4th quarter, 1917	.. 7.3	2578A.75	..4th quarter, 1917	.. 9.20
<i>Pansala road.</i>			2582.72	.. Do.	.. 9.25
2173.73	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1917	.. 7.35	2583.72	.. Do.	.. 9.30
2178.80A	.. Do.	.. 7.4	2585.78	.. Do.	.. 9.35
2179.80B	.. Do.	.. 7.45	2589.259M	.. Do.	.. 9.40
2186.81B	..1st quarter, 1916, to 4th quarter, 1917	.. 7.50	2590A.83	.. Do.	.. 9.45
2210A.75	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1917	.. 7.55	2592.83	.. Do.	.. 9.50
2211.75	.. Do.	.. 8	2593.83	.. Do.	.. 9.55
2214.77	..2nd to 4th quarter, 1917	.. 8.5	<i>Pickering's road.</i>		
2215.77	.. Do.	.. 8.10	2639.264E	..1st to 4th quarter, 1917	..10
2217.78	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1917	.. 8.15	Date of Sale : Tuesday, July 23, 1918.		
2232.16B	.. Do.	.. 8.20	<i>Santiago street</i>		
<i>Mayfield road.</i>			2457.58	..1st quarter, 1915, to 4th quarter, 1917	7
2243.19	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1917	.. 8.25	2461.58	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1917	.. 7.5
2244.19	.. Do.	.. 8.30	2460.58	.. Do.	.. 7.10
2245.19	.. Do.	.. 8.35	2445.62	.. Do.	.. 7.15
2246.19	.. Do.	.. 8.40	2471.56	.. Do.	.. 7.20
2247.19	.. Do.	.. 8.45			
2248.19	.. Do.	.. 8.50			

Premises No.	College street. Quarter and Year.	Time of Sale. A.M.	Premises No.	Quarter and Year.	Time of Sale. A.M.
2490.1	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1917	.. 7.25	2544.26C	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1917	.. 7.55
2491.2	.. Do.	.. 7.30	2551.69A	.. Do.	.. 8
2502.10A	.. Do.	.. 7.35	<i>Pickering's road.</i>		
2517.17	.. Do.	.. 7.40	2638.38	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1917	.. 8. 5
2524.17B	.. Do.	.. 7.45	<i>Kotahena road.</i>		
2543.26B	.. Do.	.. 7.50	2673.59	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1917	.. 8.10
			2688.133A	..2nd to 4th quarters, 1917	.. 8.15

**Prices of Food Stuffs, &c., in Colombo
on June 26, 1918.**

	Rs. c.
Muttusamba, No. 1 quality.. Per bushel	.. 6 12
Rice, Kara .. do.	.. 5 75
Kallunda, No. 1 quality.. Per bag (2½ bushels)	13 75
Sulai, No. 1 do. .. do.	.. 13 75
Kora (Mill) No. 1 do. .. do.	.. 13 50
Raw Rice, Rangoon .. Per bushel	.. 4 80
Do, Singapore .. do.	.. —
Mysore Dhol .. do.	.. 5 25
Green Peas (Gram) .. do.	.. 5 75
Thovarem Dhol .. do.	.. 5 50
Chillies, No. 1 quality .. Per thulan (26½ lb.)	9 25
Do, Rangoon do. .. do.	.. —
Red Onions .. do.	.. 1 50
Bombay Onions .. Per cwt.	.. 14 50
Potatoes, Indian .. do.	.. —
Do, Bangalore .. do.	.. 10 50
Maldivo Fish, No. 1 quality .. do.	.. 45 0
Sugar, Crystal .. Per bag (2 cwt.)	.. 34 50
Soft Sugar .. Per cwt.	.. 23 50
Matches, "Three Stars" .. Per case of 50 gross boxes	..145 0

	Rs. c.
Kerosine Oil "Monkey Brand" Per tin	.. 4 55
Do. "Daylight" .. do.	.. 4 70
Coriander .. Per lb.	.. 0 14
Beef .. do.	.. 0 30*
Mutton .. do.	.. 0 60*
Chicken .. Each	.. 0 62*
Fish, Fresh .. Per lb. 50cents to Re. 1	0*
Dry Fish (Kumbalawas) No. 1 quality .. Per 1,000	.. 10 0
Dry Fish (Halmessan), No. 1 quality .. Per cwt.	.. 21 0
Eggs .. Each	.. 0 6*
Milk, Fresh, Cow .. Per pint	.. 0 24*
Bread .. Per lb.	.. 0 16*
Plantains .. Each	.. 0 1*
Limes .. Per 100	.. 0 75
Salt .. Per bushel	.. 2 68
Coconuts .. Per 100	.. 4 0
Firewood .. Per cwt.	.. 0 90

* Retail prices.

S. H. WADIA,
Financial Assistant to the Chairman,
Municipal Council.

June 16, 1918.

MUNICIPALITY OF KANDY.

**Minutes of Proceedings of a Meeting of the Municipal Council of Kandy held in the Town Hall, Kandy,
on May 18, 1918, at 8.30 a.m., in accordance with Notice dated May 14, 1918.**

Present :—The Hon. Mr. C. S. Vaughan, Chairman; Mr. E. L. Wijegoonewardene; Mr. C. A. LaBrooy; Mr. H. F. Tomalin; Mr. J. C. Ratwatte, Esq.; and Dr. J. W. S. Attygalle.

1. The Minutes of Proceedings of the Meeting held on April 20, 1918, having been previously submitted to the Chairman for his approval, and a copy thereof furnished to each Member, were taken as read and confirmed by the Chairman.

2. The following documents were submitted :—

- (a) Statement of receipts and disbursements from close of 1917 to April 30, 1918, on account of the Municipal Fund.
- (b) Progress report of works brought up to the same date.
- (c) Health Officer's report for April.
- (d) Statement of cases instituted by the several Inspectors and of work done by the Municipal Magistrate during the month of April.
- (e) The reservoir readings for April.

Resolved that the statement (a), together with the Minutes of Proceedings of this Meeting, as required by section 83 of the Municipal Councils Ordinance, No. 6 of 1910, be forwarded to the Colonial Secretary for publication in the *Government Gazette*.

3. The following papers were laid on the table :—Reports by the several Inspectors on laundries, bakeries, dairies, standpipes, and house service taps inspected during April.

4. Correspondence :—

(1) Letter No. 7 of April 19, 1918, from the Hon. the Colonial Secretary acknowledging receipt of letter forwarding copy of resolution passed regarding the death of Sir John Anderson, and intimating that the message of sympathy will be duly communicated to the Members of His Excellency's family and to the Secretary of State for the Colonies.—Read.

(2) Letter No. 8 of April 20, 1918, from the Hon. the Colonial Secretary *re* prices of food stuffs.

Resolved that printed lists be put up in two places in the public market and in the Katugastota dispensary verandah.

(3) Letter No. 9 of May 14, 1918, from the Hon. the Colonial Secretary sanctioning the payment of a pension of Rs. 536.66 per annum to Mr. A. S. A. Goonewardene, with effect from April 1, 1918.—Read.

(4) Letter of May 15, 1918, from Mr. C. A. Wicks applying for the use of the Town Hall during the week August 19 to 24 for the purpose of holding a teachers' conference and vacation course of lectures.

Resolved that inquiry be made as to the hours the hall will be required each day.

5. Pursuant to notice, Dr. Attygalle asked—(1) How many registered dairies are there within the Kandy Municipal limits for the sale of cow milk and buffalo milk respectively? (2) How many cases there were of samples of milk taken for analysis in terms of by-law 268c in the years 1916, 1917, and the four months January to April, 1918, respectively? (3) In how many of these cases were the milk reported as adulterated by the Analyst? (4) What fines were recovered by prosecutions in such cases, and what fees were paid to the Analyst for 1916, 1917, and the four months of 1918, respectively?

The Chairman replied as follows :—(1) Number of registered dairies for cow milk, 56, for buffalo milk, nil. (2) Number of milk samples sent to Analyst in 1916, 29, in 1917, 48, in 1918 up to April 30, 1918, nil. (Two sent in May. Cases for trial on May 18, 1918.) (3) Number of milk samples found adulterated in 1916, 20, in 1917, 30. (4) Amount of fines recovered in 1916, Rs. 355, in 1917, Rs. 487.50; amount paid to Analyst in 1916, Rs. 290, in 1917, Rs. 480.

6. Pursuant to notice, Mr. LaBrooy moved—"In view of the outbreak of plague in the neighbouring districts and of the danger of its spreading to Kandy that immediate steps be taken to secure the demolition of the alleys condemned as insanitary by the Health Officer." Dr. Attygalle seconded.

On the Chairman's suggestion the following amendment was agreed to and carried unanimously:—"In view of the outbreak of plague in the neighbouring districts and of the danger of its spreading to Kandy that steps be taken under Chapter IV. of the Ordinance No. 19 of 1915 in respect of the alleys reported as insanitary by the Medical Officer of Health, and that they be dealt with in order."

7. To obtain a vote of Rs. 225 for repairs to segregation camp. Resolved that the expenditure be sanctioned.

8. Papers re the proposed revision of the assessment of properties within the Kandy Municipality.

The Chairman moved—"That Mr. Herft be appointed to revise the assessment of properties in terms of his letter of April 23, 1918." Mr. Wijegoonewardene seconded.—Carried.

9. To sanction leave in excess of 30 days taken by the following officers during 1917:—(1) The Secretary (Mr. J. R. Jayatileke) 10 days; (2) the Binder (P. D. Fredrick) 11 days.—Resolved that the leave be sanctioned.

10. Recommendations of Standing Committees:—

Finance and Assessment.

(1) That the Assistant to the Assessment Clerk (Mr. L. D. Lewis) be paid an allowance of Re. 1 for each day he has to attend sales, with effect from May 1, 1918.

(2) That the Dharama line watcher be put in charge of the slaughter-house for pigs as well, and paid Rs. 3 extra per mensem, with effect from January 1, 1918.

Municipal Works.

(3) That the following applications for water service be allowed on usual terms:—(i.) No. 12, Victoria Drive, Mrs. Orchard; (ii.) No. 44, Peradeniya road, G. Missier.—Resolved that the recommendations be adopted.

Confirmed this 15th day of June, 1918:

C. S. VAUGHAN,
Chairman.

Statement of Receipts and Disbursements, January 1 to May 31, 1918.

No. 1.—GENERAL REVENUE AND ASSESSMENT RATE ACCOUNT.

RECEIPTS.	Estimated Revenue for 1918.		Actual Receipts, Jan. 1 to May 31, 1918.		DISBURSEMENTS.	Estimated Expenditure for 1918.		Actual Disbursements, Jan. 1 to May 31, 1918.	
	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.		Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.
Assessment rate	66,900	0	27,681	48	Secretariat	19,364	55	8,467	14
Taxes	20,207	0	19,868	0	Health Department	76,075	10	24,177	73
Tolls	27,096	0	1,361	49	Works Department	54,929	33	15,262	9
Licenses and stamp duties—					Public market	4,614	0	1,872	45
(a) Licenses	3,050	0	1,469	75	Slaughter-house	2,584	0	966	57
(b) Stamp duties	14,113	0	4,250	0	Cemetery	1,360	0	602	16
Public market	26,150	0	10,119	7	Municipal Court	1,058	0	236	50
Slaughter-house	8,000	0	3,481	25	Municipal school	1,578	0	647	14
Conservancy	20,900	0	9,659	83	Government loans	907	7	453	54
Judicial fines	3,500	0	1,201	48	Pensions	851	50	345	25
Miscellaneous receipts	13,175	0	3,888	96	Miscellaneous services				
					(a) Police	30,000	0	15,000	0
					(b) Street lighting	28,245	0	11,487	87
					(c) Miscellaneous	6,110	0	1,931	42
Revenue No. 1 Account	203,091	0	82,981	31	Expenditure No. 1 Account	227,676	55	81,449	86
No. 2.—WATER-RATE ACCOUNT.					No. 2.—WATER-RATE ACCOUNT.				
REVENUE.					EXPENDITURE.				
Water-rate	35,400	0	13,795	6	Establishment	24,253	55	10,083	96
Water service	9,850	0	3,121	95	Waterworks	4,190	0	3,065	93
Miscellaneous receipts	6,600	0	3,130	43	Water service	3,750	0	2,119	82
					Government loans	18,154	43	2,827	21
Revenue No. 2 Account	51,850	0	20,047	44	Miscellaneous services	666	0	240	19
Total Revenue	254,941	0	103,028	75	Expenditure No. 2 Account	51,013	98	18,337	11
					Total Expenditure	278,690	53	99,786	97
Deposits	—		468	47	Deposits	—		534	44
Advances	—		—		Advances	—		—	
Fines awards account	—		795	75	Fines awards account	—		870	0
Lettering vehicles account	—		138	50	Lettering vehicles account	—		135	50
Sundry securities account	—		500	0	Stall rent securities account	—		300	0
Cheques returned by bank account	—		917	30	Cheques returned by bank account	—		917	30
Municipal stores account	—		5,045	70	Municipal stores account	—		6,769	38
Loans to Municipal officers for purchase of war loan account	—		712	50	Petty cash imprest account	—		300	0
Riot fund—					Riot damages loan account	—		3,500	0
Personal tax	—		951	0	Riot fund—				
Property tax	—		2,777	97	Personal tax—refunds	—		5	0
Total Receipts	—		115,335	94	Property tax—refunds	—		1	59
					Cost of collection of rates	—		419	32
Cash balance on January 1, 1918—					Interest on loans	—		129	38
No. 1 Account	73,088	66			Total Disbursements	—		113,668	88
No. 2 Account	130,923	54			Cash balance on May 31, 1918—				
			194,012	20	No. 1 Account	73,045	39		
Grand Total	309,348	14			No. 2 Account	122,633	87		
								195,679	26
					Grand Total			309,348	14

Kandy, June 10, 1918.

E. B. PEREIRA, Accountant.

7. Papers relating to the making of building plans by the Council's Officers, Mr. J. E. Perera's motion of November 13, 1917—"That the employes of the Council be prohibited from making plans for private parties, for the erection of buildings or additions thereto, and such that plans be not entertained by the Council"—which had been duly seconded, was put to the meeting and carried.

8. Application from H. M. Weerasinghe for the re-transfer to him of premises No. 252, Dadalla, on payment of taxes due on it, with costs.

Resolved that where there were two or more co-owners to a land, it should not be re-transferred unless all the co-owners agreed thereto. The application was refused, as it was made by only one of the co-owners of the land.

9. and 10.—*Extracts from the Minutes of Proceedings of the Standing Committees on Municipal Works and Finance and Assessment.*

9. Standing Committee on Municipal Works, and Finance and Assessment (meeting together) of April 27, 1918:—

(1) Estimate for repairing the cistern of the latrine near the coal shed, Rs. 7.50.—Recommended.

(2) Estimate for repairing wheels of 4 scavenging carts, Rs. 4.—Recommended.

(3) Estimate for altering and improving side drain and culvert opposite the aerated water factory on Wakwella road, Rs. 150.—Recommended.

(4) Estimate for repairing curbs of 12 manholes round the Y. M. C. A. rooms, Rs. 100.—Recommended.

(5) Estimate for repairing the staircase and floor of the pavilion on the esplanade, Rs. 60.—Recommended.

(6) Estimates for repairing doors in Kaluwella Market, Rs. 30.—Recommended.

(7) Estimate for repairing gate and boundary wall of pauper burial ground, Dadalla, Rs. 22.50.—Recommended.

(8) Estimate for repairing and re-thatching sheds at the Infectious Diseases Hospital, Dadalla, Rs. 325.—Recommended.

(9) Estimate for erecting a jungle stick fence round the Infectious Diseases Hospital, Dadalla, Rs. 60.—Recommended.

(10) Special estimate for repairing Hirimbure road, Rs. 4,600.—Recommended.

(11) Special estimate for repairing Wakwella road, Rs. 2,400.—Recommended.

(12) Tender from A. D. Seneris Appu for building drains at Templar's road, Rs. 1,003.75.—Recommended.

(13) Applications for water service to No. 3, Kong Tree road, and No. 2, Wakwella road.—Recommended.

(14) Estimate for two trap doors to the public latrine at New Cross street, Rs. 7.50.—Recommended.

(15) Estimate for repairs of a wheel of a scavenging cart, Rs. 10.—Recommended.

(16) Estimate for repairs to two urine tubs, Rs. 12.50.—Recommended.

(17) Estimate for building a drain on the western side of the fish market, Rs. 300.—Recommended.

10. Standing Committee on Finance and Assessment of April 27, 1918:—

(18) Appointment of an overseer at Rs. 17.50 and 2 coolies at Rs. 12.50 each, for the night soil depôt, to carry out an improved method of trenching for the burial of night soil. Wages of overseer and coolies for 8 months Rs. 340, less unexpended balance of vote for trenching, Rs. 294, Rs. 46.—Recommended.

(19) Appointment of 3 disinfecting coolies at Rs. 12 each, for 8 months, Rs. 288.—Recommended.

(20) Appointment of a guardian for Bikke reservoir at Rs. 15 per mensem, with quarters, and the produce of the fruit trees (after June, 1918), Rs. 120.—Recommended.

(21) Wages of a Municipal midwife and for incidental expenses, Rs. 403.—Recommended.

(22) Increase of wages to cemetery coolies to Rs. 12 per mensem, rising to Rs. 15 by triennial increments of 50 cents per mensem.—Recommended.

(23) Renting of the old powder magazine at the end of Hospital street, at Rs. 3 per mensem, to be used as a bucket store.—Recommended.

(24) Application from Sanitary Inspectors for increase of salary and house allowance. Recommended that house allowance be increased as follows: To Inspector, Fort Ward, Rs. 20 per mensem; To Inspector, Nos. 2 and 3 Wards, Rs. 15 per mensem; To Inspector, Nos. 4 and 5 Wards, Rs. 12.50 per mensem, as from May 1, 1918.

(25) Application from the clerical staff for a "War Allowance," or an increase of salary. Recommended that the rates of allowance made to Government Servants, to meet the increase in the cost of living owing to the war, be given to the clerical staff as from May 1, 1918, subject to the condition of their contributing one day's pay monthly to any War Fund.

26. Widening of Hirimbure road, where Mr. Ephraums met with an accident last year.—Recommended that it stand over, at any rate till the end of the war.

Resolution.

In reference to items Nos. 1 to 24 and No. 26, Council resolved that the recommendations of the Standing Committees be adopted.

Item No. 25.—Dr. C. B. Lourensz moved—That the words "subject to the condition of their contributing one day's pay monthly to any War Fund," be deleted. Mr. D. W. Subesinghe seconded.—The motion on being put was lost by the Chairman's casting vote.

The Chairman moved—That the Standing Committee's recommendation be adopted *in toto*. Mr. D. G. Goonewardena seconded.—Carried.

11. The following documents were tabled:—(1) Petition from V. P. Pransappu and others of Fort, Galle; (2) statement of receipts and disbursements to end of March, 1918; (3) Progress report of works done on estimate to end of March, 1918; (4) Report of Inspector of vehicles and animals on carriages plying for hire during the month of March, 1918; (5) Diaries of Medical Officer of Health, Superintendent of Works, and Manager of the Health Department; (6) Bacteriological Report on town water.

Confirmed:

The Municipal Office,
Galle, June 15, 1918.

R. B. HELINGS,
Chairman.

A.—Statement showing the Total Receipts and Disbursements to end of April, 1918.

REVENUE.	Amount		Actual		EXPENDITURE.	Amount		Actual Dis-	
	Estimated.	Rs. c.	Receipts.	Rs. c.		Estimated.	Rs. c.	bursements.	Rs. c.
Taxes ..	29,870	0	26,209	40	Non-effective charges ..	53,844	1	2,243	44
Assessment ..	76,600	0	17,461	87	Chairman ..	500	0	166	72
Licenses ..	11,415	50	989	50	Secretariat ..	18,962	35	6,023	20
Judicial fines ..	3,000	0	715	0	Vehicle and Animal Department ..	1,333	0	1,530	36
Tolls ..	17,945	0	—	—	Judicial ..	1,110	0	218	50
Slaughter-houses ..	1,735	0	645	79	Markets ..	668	0	232	0
Health Department ..	9,015	0	2,561	54	Fish auction shed ..	2,064	0	688	0
Markets ..	18,955	0	7,482	70	Slaughter-houses ..	1,177	50	370	59
Rents ..	1,208	0	384	75	Fire Brigade ..	50	0	—	—
Miscellaneous ..	3,414	0	1,468	74	Town clock ..	170	0	30	0
Cemeteries ..	300	0	109	0	Lighting ..	8,340	0	2,926	23
Waterworks ..	2,480	0	748	45	Cemetery ..	740	0	233	14
					Public Health Department :—				
					Sanitation Branch ..	9,253	0	3,243	69
					Scavenging Branch ..	14,654	0	4,480	27
					Conservancy ..	15,742	0	5,326	51
					Waterworks ..	6,642	0	1,888	42
					Public Works Department :—				
					Annually recurrent ..	23,050	0	9,114	92
					Extraordinary ..	12,910	0	609	23
					Town survey, &c., for new drainage scheme ..	3,500	0	108	36
					Town schools ..	900	0	—	—
					Total Expenditure ..	175,609	86	39,433	58
Total Revenue ..	175,737	50	58,776	74	Deposits repaid ..	—	—	3,897	17
Deposits ..	—	—	4,496	55	Total Disbursements ..	—	—	43,330	75
Total Receipts ..	—	—	63,273	29	Cash balance on April 30, 1918 ..	—	—	94,762	20
Cash balance on January 1, 1918 ..	—	—	74,819	66	Total ..	—	—	138,092	95
Total ..	—	—	138,092	95					

B.—Surplus and Deficit Account.

	Amount.			Amount.	
	Rs.	c.		Rs.	c.
Expenditure from Jan. 1 to April 30, 1918 ..	39,433	58	Surplus on January 1, 1918 ..	50,816	96
Surplus on April 30, 1918 ..	70,160	12	Revenue from January to April, 1918 ..	58,776	74
Total ..	109,593	70	Total ..	109,593	70

C.—Balance Sheet as at April 30, 1918.

LIABILITIES.		Amount.		ASSETS.		Amount.	
		Rs.	c.			Rs.	c.
Deposits ..	..	24,602	8	Cash in Bank :—			
Surplus ..	..	70,160	12	Fixed deposits ..	..	31,785	0
				Current account in Bank ..	Rs. 63,399-91		
				Uncashed cheques ..	1,300-67		
						62,099	24
				Cash in hand of Shroff ..	..	877	96
Total ..	..	94,762	20	Total ..	..	94,762	20

D.—Riot Account to April 30, 1918.

HEAD OF REVENUE.		Amount.		HEAD OF EXPENDITURE.		Amount.	
		Rs.	c.			Rs.	c.
Advance by Government ..	..	70,000	0	Compensation for losses ..	..	69,996	0
Voluntary contribution ..	..	12,710	35	Refund of voluntary contribution ..	..	10,429	41
Riot tax ..	..	85,910	78	Repaid to Government ..	..	72,789	91
				Printing, stationery, &c. ..	..	841	20
				Commission for collection, &c. ..	..	2,448	18
				Refunds ..	..	53	0
						156,557	70
				Balance ..	..	12,063	43
Total ..	..	168,621	13	Total ..	..	168,621	13

A.—Statement showing the Total Receipts and Disbursements to end of May, 1918.

REVENUE.	Amount Estimated.		Actual Receipts.		EXPENDITURE.	Amount Estimated.		Actual Disbursements.	
	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.		Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.
Taxes ..	29,670	0	27,510	40	Non-effective charges ..	53,844	1	8,352	27
Assessment ..	76,600	0	23,063	92	Chairman ..	500	0	208	38
Licenses ..	11,415	50	1,077	50	Secretariat ..	18,962	35	7,172	85
Judicial fines ..	3,000	0	907	75	Vehicle and Animal Department ..	1,333	0	1,740	48
Tolls ..	17,945	0	—	—	Judicial ..	1,110	0	223	50
Slaughter-houses ..	1,735	0	840	76	Markets ..	668	0	284	0
Health Department ..	9,015	0	3,504	80	Fish auction shed ..	2,064	0	857	40
Markets ..	18,955	0	8,863	41	Slaughter-houses ..	1,177	50	463	17
Rents ..	1,208	0	517	0	Fire Brigade ..	50	0	—	—
Miscellaneous ..	3,414	0	1,719	30	Town clock ..	170	0	90	0
Cemeteries ..	300	0	131	50	Lighting ..	8,340	0	3,608	46
Waterworks ..	2,480	0	797	79	Cemetery ..	740	0	281	94
					Public Health Department :—				
					Sanitation Branch ..	9,253	0	4,066	62
					Scavenging Branch ..	14,654	0	5,589	45
					Conservancy ..	15,742	0	6,433	53
					Waterworks ..	6,642	0	2,186	90
					Public Works Department :—				
					Annually recurrent ..	23,050	0	11,826	0
					Extraordinary ..	12,910	0	657	99
					Town survey, &c., for new drainage scheme ..	3,500	0	199	1
					Town schools ..	900	0	50	0
					War allowance ..	—	—	56	91
					Municipal midwife ..	—	—	33	55
Total Revenue ..	175,737	50	68,934	13	Total Expenditure ..	175,609	86	54,382	41
Deposits ..	—	—	5,152	94	Deposits repaid ..	—	—	4,682	92
Total Receipts ..	—	—	74,087	7	Total Disbursements ..	—	—	59,065	33
Cash balance on January 1, 1918 ..	—	—	74,819	66	Cash balance on May 31, 1918 ..	—	—	89,841	40
Total ..	—	—	148,906	73	Total ..	—	—	148,906	73

B.—Surplus and Deficit Account.

	Amount.			Amount.	
	Rs.	c.		Rs.	c.
Expenditure from Jan. 1 to May 31, 1918 ..	54,382	41	Surplus on January 1, 1918 ..	50,816	96
Surplus on May 31, 1918] ..	65,368	68	Revenue from January to May, 1918 ..	68,934	13
Total ..	119,751	9	Total ..	119,751	9

C.—Balance Sheet as at May 31, 1918.

LIABILITIES.	Amount.		ASSETS.	Amount.	
	Rs.	c.		Rs.	c.
Deposits ..	24,472	72	Cash in Bank :—		
Surplus ..	65,368	68	Fixed deposits ..	31,785	0
			Current account in Bank Rs. 57,592·75		
			Uncashed cheques ..	333·98	
				57,258	77
			Cash in hand of Shroff ..	797	63
Total ..	89,841	40	Total ..	89,841	40

D.—Riot Account to May 31, 1918.

HEAD OF REVENUE.	Amount.		HEAD OF EXPENDITURE.	Amount.	
	Rs.	c.		Rs.	c.
Advance by Government ..	70,000	0	Compensation for losses ..	69,996	0
Voluntary contribution ..	12,710	35	Refund of voluntary contribution ..	10,463	41
Riot tax ..	85,943	78	Repaid to Government ..	72,789	91
			Printing, stationery, &c. ..	841	20
			Commission for collection, &c. ..	3,096	18
			Refunds ..	53	0
				157,239	70
			Balance ..	11,414	43
Total ..	168,654	13	Total ..	168,654	13

ROAD COMMITTEE NOTICES.

Nugatenna-Deanstone Branch Road.

(Latrines for Cooly Lines.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for building two cooly latrines on the above road, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, 1896," have assessed the under-mentioned estates to make up the private contributions, as follows:—

Total acreage, 4,057½—Rate per acre, '0126c.

(Estimate No. D 11 of 1917-18.)

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs. c.
Government moiety			Rs. 50'00
Private contributions			Rs. 51'25
			Amount.
Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs. c.
Burke Estate Co., Ltd. (R. Burke)	Nugagalla	222	2 80
M. E. Waddilove (R. Burke)	Nowanagalla	295	3 73
Whittall & Co. (E. M. Wright)	Meemunagalla	535	6 76
Do.	Deanstone	576	7 28
Burke Estate Co., Ltd. (G. Johnstone)	Hare Park	454	5 74
Whittall & Co. (W. Sinclair)	Kobonella	718	9 7
Kena Luna Meeya Pulle	Fincham's Land No. 1	96	1 21
Puncha Vidane Duraya	Fincham's Land No. 2	31½	0 39
Whittall & Co. (W. Sinclair)	Ensalwatta	264	3 33
Burke Estate Co., Ltd. (G. Johnstone)	Dehigolla	475	6 0
Do.	Loolooowatta	309	4 67
S. P. Santhiveeran and M. Aiyasamy	Seecacumbura	22	0 27
			51 25

Which sums the proprietors, managers, or agents of the several estates are hereby required to pay into the Colonial Treasury, Colombo, on or before June 29, 1918.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, C. S. VAUGHAN,
Kandy, June 13, 1918. Chairman.

Vellaioya-Shannon Estate Cart Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for the maintenance of the Vellaioya-Shannon road for the year ending September 30, 1918, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Estate Roads Ordinance, 1902," have assessed the proportion due by each estate in the district interested in the said road, as follows:—

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs. c.
Government moiety			Rs. 418
Private contributions			Rs. 969
			Amount.
Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs. c.
Eastern Produce and Estates Co., Ltd. (C. W. Jones)	Vellai-oya	965	666 50
Mrs. C. Shipton and D. A. Robertson	Agra-oya	438	302 50
			969 0

Which sums the proprietors, managers, or agents of the several estates are hereby required to pay to the Chairman of the Local Committee (Mr. C. W. Jones, Vellai-oya estate, Hatton), on or before June 29, 1918.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, C. S. VAUGHAN,
Kandy, June 18, 1918. Chairman.

Madulkele-Kabaragalla Branch Road.

(Latrines for Cooly Lines.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for erecting a latrine at cooly lines on the above road, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, 1896," have assessed the under-mentioned estates to make up the private contributions, as follows:—

Total acreage, 6,394—Rate per acre, '0040c.

(Estimate No. D 11 of 1917-18.)

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs. c.
Government moiety			Rs. 25'00
Private contributions			Rs. 25'62
			Amount.
Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs. c.
H. F. Dalton	Ellerton	72	0 28
Do.	Nilomally	1,005	4 3
C. W. Wood	Kelebokka	690	2 77
R. W. Nott	Galheria	600	2 41
Carson & Co.	Bras and Dell, Hatanwalla, Marnagala	1,694	6 78
H. W. Kennedy	Deyanella	460	1 85
Gordon Fraser & Co.	Relugas	378	1 51
H. W. Kennedy	Kabaragalla	386	1 55
G. W. Hunter Blair	Poengalla, Hoolankanda, and Kirigalpotta	1,109	4 44
			25 62

Which sums the proprietors, managers, or agents of the several estates are hereby required to pay into the Colonial Treasury, Colombo, on or before June 29, 1918.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, C. S. VAUGHAN,
Kandy, June 13, 1918. Chairman.

Kandenewera-Wariapola Estate Cart Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Provincial Road Committee, in accordance with notice dated May 28, 1918, and acting under section 19 of the Estate Roads Ordinance, No. 12 of 1902, have assessed the under-mentioned estates to make up the contribution of Rs. 8,500 on account of the cost of maintenance of the above road for the year ending September 30, 1918:—

Government contribution	Rs. 399
Private contributions	Rs. 2,261

1st and 2nd sections, 1 mile 66 chains.

Total acreage, 4,222—Rate per acre, '5355c.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs. c.
Warriapola Estates Co., Ltd. (R. H. Coombs)	Warriapola	960	514 10
Warriapola Estates Co., Ltd. (T. G. Harrison)	Kandenewera	1,000	535 53
E. O. Felsing	Watagoda	344	184 22
Ceylon Land and Produce Co., Ltd. (A. Dyson Rooke)	Strathisla	456	244 20
Pitakanda Tea Company of Ceylon (F. H. Fraser)	Pitakanda	1,462	782 95
			Total 2,261 0
Government contribution	Rs. 121'50		
Private contributions	Rs. 688'50		

3rd section, 46 chains.

Total acreage, 3,262—Rate per acre, '2110c.

Warriapola Estates Co., Ltd. (R. H. Coombs)	Kandenewera	1,000	211 7
E. O. Felsing	Watagoda	344	72 61

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Amount. Rs. c.
Ceylon Land and Produce Co., Ltd. (A. Dyson Rooke) ...	Strathisla ..	456 ..	96 25
Pitakanda Tea Company of Ceylon (F. H. Fraser) ..	Pitakanda ..	1,462 ..	308 57
Total ..			688 50

Government contribution .. Rs. 426
Private contributions .. Rs. 2,414

4th and 5th sections, 2 miles.

Total acreage, 3,828—Rate per acre, 6306c.

Warriapola Estates Co., Ltd. (T. G. Harrison)	Kandenewera ..	1,000 ..	630 61
E. O. Felsingher ..	Watagoda ..	344 ..	216 93
Ceylon Land and Produce Co., Ltd. (A. Dyson Rooke) ...	Strathisla ..	456 ..	287 56
Pitakanda Tea Company of Ceylon (F. H. Fraser) ..	Pitakanda ..	1,462 ..	921 96
The Bandarapola Ceylon Company, Ltd. (heirs of J. Anderson) ..	Godapola ..	460 ..	290 9
Do. ..	Karagahalanda ..	106 ..	66 85
Total ..			2,414 0

Government contribution .. Rs. 75·75
Private contributions .. Rs. 429·25

6th section, 28 chains.

Total acreage, 2,912—Rate per acre, 1474c.

Warriapola Estates Co., Ltd. (R. H. Coombs)	Kandenewera ..	1,000 ..	147 41
E. O. Felsingher ..	Watagoda ..	344 ..	50 71
Pitakanda Tea Company of Ceylon (F. H. Fraser) ..	Pitakanda ..	1,462 ..	215 50
The Bandarapola Ceylon Company, Ltd. (heirs of J. Anderson) ..	Karagahalanda ..	106 ..	15 63
Total ..			429 25

Government contribution .. Rs. 106·50
Private contributions .. Rs. 603·50

7th section, 40 chains.

Total acreage, 2,568—Rate per acre, 2350c.

Warriapola Estates Co., Ltd. (R. H. Coombs)	Kandenewera ..	1,000 ..	235 2
Pitakanda Tea Company of Ceylon (F. H. Fraser) ..	Pitakanda ..	1,462 ..	343 57

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Amount. Rs. c.
The Bandarapola Ceylon Company, Ltd. (heirs of J. Anderson) ..	Karagahalanda ..	106 ..	24 91
Total ..			603 50

Government contribution .. Rs. 371·25
Private contributions .. Rs. 2,103·75

8th and 9th sections, 1 mile 60 chains.

Total acreage, 2,462—Rate per acre, 8544c.

Warriapola Estates Co., Ltd. (R. H. Coombs)	Kandenewera ..	1,000 ..	854 50
Pitakanda Tea Company of Ceylon (F. H. Fraser) ..	Pitakanda ..	1,462 ..	1,249 25
Total ..			2,103 75
Grand Total ..			8,500 0

Abstract.

	Rs.	c.
Warriapola estate ..	514	10
Kandenewera estate ..	2,614	14
Watagoda estate ..	524	47
Strathisla estate ..	628	1
Pitakanda estate ..	3,821	80
Godapola estate ..	290	9
Karagahalanda estate ..	107	39
Total ..		8,500 0

Which sums the proprietors, managers, or agents of the several estates are hereby required to pay to C. P. Anderson, Esq. (Bandarapola estate, Matale), Chairman of the Local Committee, on or before June 29, 1918.

Provincial Road Committee's Office. C. S. VAUGHAN,
Kandy, June 18, 1918. Chairman.

Burgher Member, District Road Committee, Kegalla.

REFERRING to the notice dated February 16, 1918, and published in the *Government Gazette* No. 6,926 of February 22, 1918, notice is hereby given that Mr. E. O. C. Vandergert has been appointed to serve as Burgher Member on the District Road Committee, Kegalla, for the remainder of the triennial period ending December 31, 1918, in place of Mr. C. B. Ferdinands, deceased.

Provincial Road Committee, E. A. ELAPATA,
Ratnapura, June 19, 1918. Secretary.

TRADE MARKS NOTICES.

Application No. 1,375.

IN compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinances, 1888 to 1904," as amended by the Ordinances Nos. 9 of 1906 and 15 of 1908, and the Regulations made on June 1, 1906, notice is hereby given that Messrs. Henderson & Co., Colombo, Ceylon, Merchants, who claim to be the proprietors of the following Trade Mark, have, through Messrs. Julius & Creasy, of Colombo, applied for the

registration of the same in their name in respect of substances used as food or as ingredients in food, in Class 42 in the Classification of Goods in the above-mentioned Regulations:—

AVINCA

Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, June 25, 1918.

W. L. KINDERSLEY,
Registrar-General.

See 11-

UNOFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE JAFFNA CO-OPERATIVE STORES, LIMITED.

The name of the Company is "JAFFNA CO-OPERATIVE STORES, LIMITED."

The registered office of the Company is to be established in Vannarponnai West, Jaffna.

3. The object for which the Company is established is to carry on trade in rice, paddy, cotton goods, dry grains, and all other articles of trade in Ceylon and abroad and any other business.

4. The liability of the Shareholder is limited.

5. The nominal capital of the Company is One hundred thousand Rupees (Rs. 100,000), divided into One thousand shares of One hundred rupees each.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names.

Names and Addresses of Subscribers.	Number of Shares taken by each Subscriber.
A. SAPAPATHY of Jaffna	Three
W. WIJLABATNAM of Jaffna	Five
ස. පාසුපතී of Jaffna	Twenty
M. ASAPILLAI of Jaffna	Ten
u. ඉසුරුපිටිය of Vaddukkoddai	Ten
WILLIAM ADAMS CLOUGH of Tellipallai	Ten
ස. පා. පාසුපතී of Karativu.. .. .	Ten
W. DURAISWAMY of Jaffna	Two
N. SELVADURAI of Jaffna	Two
ස. පාසුපතී of Jaffna	Ten
දී. පී. පී. පාසුපතී of Jaffna	Ten
Total number of Shares taken	Ninety-two

Dated the 8th day of May, 1918.

Witness to the above signatures :

V. PASUPATHY PILLAI, of Grand Bazaar, Jaffna.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE JAFFNA CO-OPERATIVE STORES, LIMITED.

REGULATIONS.

1. The Regulations contained in Table C in the schedule annexed to "The Joint Stock Companies Ordinance, 1861," shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these Articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution.

BUSINESS.

2. The Company shall proceed to carry on business as soon after the registration thereof as the Directors shall think fit; and notwithstanding that the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed, or applied for, or allotted, they shall do so as soon as, in the judgment of the Directors, a sufficient number of shares shall have been subscribed, or applied for, or allotted.

3. The business of the Company shall be carried on by the Directors, subject to the control of General Meetings in accordance with these regulations. All or any of the employés of the Company may be required to give security for the faithful discharge of their duties.

SHARES.

4. The shares shall be under the control of the Directors, who may allot or otherwise dispose of the same to such persons, on such terms and conditions, and at such times, as the Directors think fit.

5. Every person taking any share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof by writing under his hand in such form as the Directors may from time to time specify.

6. Of the full amount of Rs. 100 per share, a sum of Rs. 25 shall be paid on application, a further sum of Rs. 25 shall be paid on allotment, and the remaining sum of Rs. 50 shall be paid at such times, and in such instalments, as the Directors may from time to time regulate.

7. The Company shall, before making any calls upon the Shareholders in respect of moneys due from them on their shares, give one month's notice at least of each such call, by publication in one or more of the local newspapers, and by serving written notice thereof in manner hereinafter prescribed.

8. If on or before the day appointed for payment, any Shareholder does not pay the amount due from him, then such Shareholder shall be liable to pay interest for the same at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum from the date of default till the time of payment in full of such amount.

9. The Company may, if they think fit, receive from any of the Shareholders willing to advance the same, all or any part of the moneys due upon their respective shares, beyond the sums actually called for, and upon the moneys so paid in advance or so much thereof as from time to time exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon the shares in respect of which such advance has been made, the Company may pay interest to such Shareholders at such rate as may be agreed upon between them and the Company.

10. The shares shall be allotted at the discretion of and by the Directors, who may from time to time issue any unissued shares and may add to such shares such an amount of premium as they may consider proper.

11. Each Shareholder shall be liable to pay the amount of calls made on him to the person, and at the time and at the place appointed by the Directors.

12. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorizing such call was passed.

13. If several persons are joint-holders of any share, any one of such persons may give effectual receipt for any dividend payable in respect of such shares.

14. The certificate of title to shares shall be issued under the seal of the Company and signed by two Directors and the Secretary, or in such other manner as the Directors shall prescribe.

15. Every Shareholder shall be entitled on payment of 50 cents to one certificate for all shares registered in his name, specifying the share or shares held by him and the amount paid up thereon.

16. If such certificate is worn out or lost it may be renewed on payment of 50 cents.

17. No person shall exercise any rights of a Shareholder until his name shall have been entered in the Register of Shareholders, and he shall have paid all moneys payable for the time being on every share held by him.

TRANSFER OF SHARES.

18. The Company may decline to register any transfer of shares made by a Shareholder indebted to them.

19. Any Shareholder may, with the consent of the Directors previously obtained, transfer all or any of his shares. The instrument of such transfer shall be in writing, signed both by the transferor and the transferee. And the transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register.

20. The instrument of transfer shall be presented to the Company accompanied by such evidence as they may require to prove the title of the transferor, and thereupon the Company shall register the transferee as a Shareholder.

21. The Transfer Books shall be closed during the fourteen days immediately preceding the Ordinary General Meeting in each year.

22. The executors, administrators, or heirs of a deceased Shareholder shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to his share. Provided, however, that the heirs of a deceased Shareholder shall not be recognized as Shareholders, unless letters of administration be taken out to the estate of the said deceased Shareholder if the law so requires it.

23. Any person becoming entitled a share in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or insolvency of any Shareholder, or in consequence of the marriage of any female Shareholder, or in any way other than by transfer, may be registered as a Shareholder upon such evidence being produced, as may from time to time be required by the Company.

24. Any person who has become entitled to a share in any way other than by transfer may, instead of being registered himself, elect to have some person to be named by him registered as a holder of such share. The person so becoming entitled shall testify such election by executing to his nominee a transfer of such share.

CALLS.

25. If any Shareholder fails to pay any call or instalments due, from him on the appointed day, the Company may, at any time thereafter, during such time as the amount remains unpaid, serve a notice on him, requiring him to pay such amount together with any interest that may have accrued by reason of such non-payment.

26. The notice shall name a further day and a place or places on and at which such money is to be paid. It shall further state that in the event of non-payment, at the time and place appointed, the share in respect of which such money is due is liable to be forfeited.

27. If the requisitions of any such notice are not complied with, any share in respect of which such notice has been given, may, at any time thereafter, be forfeited by a resolution of the Directors to that effect.

28. Any shares so forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company and may be disposed of in such manner as the Company thinks fit.

29. Any Shareholder whose share has been forfeited shall, notwithstanding, be liable to pay to the Company all moneys owing upon such shares at the time of forfeiture.

CAPITAL.

30. The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company previously given in General Meeting, increase its capital by the creation of new shares.

31. Any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the original, and shall be subject to the same provisions in all respects, whether with reference to the payment of calls or otherwise, as if it had been part of the original capital.

MEETINGS.

32. The first General Meeting shall be held at such time, not being more than twelve months after the incorporation of the Company, and at such place as the Directors may determine.

33. Subsequent General Meetings may be held at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if not so prescribed, then at such place and at such time in the month of May in each year as the Directors shall determine.

34. The above-mentioned General Meetings shall be called Ordinary Meetings. All other General Meetings shall be called Extraordinary.

35. The Directors may, whenever they think fit, and they shall, upon a requisition made in writing by any number of Shareholders, holding in the aggregate not less than one-fifth part of the shares of the Company, convene an Extraordinary General Meeting.

36. Any requisition so made by the Shareholders shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called, and shall be left at the registered office of the Company.

37. Upon the receipt of such requisition, the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene a General Meeting; if they do not proceed to convene the same within twenty-one days from the date of the requisition, the requisitionists or any other Shareholders holding the required number of shares may themselves convene a meeting.

38. Twenty-one days' notice at least, specifying the place and the hour of meeting, and the purpose for which any General Meeting is to be held, shall be given by advertisement or in such other manner, if any, as may be prescribed by the Company.

39. Any Shareholder may, on giving not less than seven days' previous notice of any resolution, submit the same to a meeting.

40. Such notice shall be given by leaving a copy of the resolution at the registered office of the Company.

41. No business shall be transacted at any meeting, except the declaration of dividend, unless a quorum of Shareholders is present at the commencement of such business, and such quorum shall be ascertained as follows, that is to say, if the Shareholders belonging to the Company at the time of the meeting do not exceed twenty in number, the quorum shall be ten; if they exceed twenty, there shall be added to the above quorum one for every additional ten Shareholders, with this limitation that no quorum shall in any case exceed forty.

42. If within one hour from the time appointed for the meeting the required number of Shareholders is not present, the meeting, if convened upon the requisition of Shareholders, shall be dissolved. In any other case it shall stand adjourned to the following day at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting the required number of Shareholders is not present, it shall be adjourned *sine die*.

43. The Chairman, if any, of the Board of Directors shall preside as Chairman at every meeting of the Company. If there be no such Chairman, or if at any meeting he is not present, the Shareholders present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of the meeting.

44. The Chairman may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.

45. At any General Meeting, unless a poll is demanded by at least five Shareholders, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the Book of Proceedings of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact, without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded for or against such resolution.

46. If a poll is demanded in manner aforesaid, the same shall be taken in such manner as the Chairman directs, and the results of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

47. Every Shareholder shall have one vote for every share held by him.

48. If any Shareholder is a minor, lunatic, idiot, or prodigal, he may vote by the person legally appointed to the charge and administration of his property.

49. If two or more persons are jointly entitled to a share or shares, the person whose name stands first in the Register of the Shareholders as one of the holders of such share or shares, and no other, shall be entitled to vote in respect of the same.

50. No Shareholder shall be entitled to vote at any meeting, unless all moneys due from him to the Company are paid.

51. Votes may be given either personally or by proxy. A proxy shall be appointed in writing under the hand of the appointer, or if such appointer is a corporation under their common seal, and shall have affixed thereto a stamp of such value as shall in law be requisite.

52. No person shall be appointed proxy who is not a Shareholder, and the instrument appointing him shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company, not less than twenty-four hours before the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote; but no such instrument shall be valid after the expiration of three months from the date of its execution.

DIRECTORS.

53. Until otherwise determined by a General Meeting, the number of Directors shall not be less than seven or exceed fifteen.

54. The qualification of a Director shall be the holding of ten shares, or the obtaining of the votes of a person or persons holding twenty-five shares in the aggregate.

55. The first Directors shall be Hon. Mr. A. Sapapathy, M.L.C.; Messrs. W. Duraiswamy, Advocate; V. Arumugampillai, Merchant; M. Asaipillai, Proctor; P. Muttiah, Merchant; W. A. Clough, Pensioner; S. V. Arumugam, Merchant; W. Wijaratnam, Pensioner; N. Selvadurai, Principal; K. Arumugam, Jeweller; and P. K. N. Nagappa Chetty, Merchant; and they shall hold office, except in the event of their becoming respectively disqualified, until the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company.

56. Any casual vacancy in the Board may be filled up by the Board, but any person so chosen shall hold office only until the next Annual General Meeting.

57. As remuneration for their services the Directors shall be entitled to receive out of the funds of Company such annual sum as may be voted by the Shareholders in General Meeting. Such remuneration shall be exclusive of any sum paid by way of salary or remuneration to any Managing Director or Directors, and shall be divided among the Directors as they may determine.

58. The office of a Director shall be vacated—

- (1) If he ceases to hold the number of shares qualifying him for the office.
- (2) If by notice in writing to the Company he resigns office.
- (3) If he becomes insolvent.
- (4) If he is found lunatic, or become of unsound mind.

59. The Company may, by special resolution, remove any Director, before the expiration of his term of office, and appoint another Shareholder in his stead.

60. At every Ordinary Meeting of the Company, the whole of the Directors shall retire from office, but they shall be eligible for re-election.

61. The Directors may from time to time appoint one or more of their body to be Managing Director or Directors of the Company, with such powers as the Directors may think fit to confer on him or them, either for any fixed term or without any limitation as to the period for which he is to hold such office and may, subject to any contract between him and the Company, from time to time remove or dismiss him from office and appoint another in his place. The remuneration of the Managing Director shall be fixed by the Directors and may be by way of salary, commission, percentage, or participation in profits, or by any or all of these modes.

62. The Directors may meet together for despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit, and may determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business; and until otherwise determined, five shall form a quorum.

63. A Director may, and the Secretary at the request of any Director shall, at any time convene a meeting of the Directors. Questions arising at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes of the Directors present, and in case of equality of votes the Chairman shall have a casting vote.

64. The Directors may elect a Chairman of their meetings, and may determine the period for which he shall hold office. If such Chairman has not been appointed, or if he is not present at the time appointed for a meeting, the Directors present shall choose some one of those present to be Chairman of such meeting.

65. The Directors shall cause Minutes to be made in a book or books, provided for and solely used for that purpose—

- (1) Of all appointments of officers made by the Directors.
- (2) Of the names of Directors present at each meeting of Directors.
- (3) Of all orders made by the Directors.
- (4) Of all resolutions and proceedings of meetings of the Company and of the Directors, and any such minute as aforesaid, if signed by any person purporting to be the Chairman of any meeting of Directors, shall be receivable in evidence without any further proof.

66. A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors shall be as valid and effectual, as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted.

67. The Directors may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such Shareholder or Shareholders of their body as they think fit and may revoke the appointment of any such committee. Any committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any regulations that may from time to time be imposed on it by the Directors.

68. The meetings and proceedings of any such committee consisting of two or more Shareholders shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings of Directors so far as the same are applicable thereto and are not superseded by the express terms of the appointment of the committee or by any such regulations as aforesaid.

DIVIDEND.

69. The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, declare a dividend to be paid to the Shareholders in proportion to their shares.

70. No dividend shall be payable except out of the profits arising from the business of the Company and with the sanction of the Directors.

71. The Directors may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the Company such sum as they think proper as a reserve fund to meet contingencies or for equalizing dividends, or for repairing or maintaining the works connected with the business of the Company or any part thereof, and the Directors may invest the sum so set apart as a reserve fund, upon such security as they may, with the sanction of the Company, select.

72. The Directors may deduct from the dividends payable to any Shareholder all such sums of money as may be due from him to the Company on account of calls or otherwise.

73. No dividend shall bear interest as against the Company.

74. Notice of any dividend that may have been declared shall be given to each Shareholder, or sent by post or otherwise to his registered place of abode; and all dividends unclaimed for three years, after having been declared, may be forfeited by the Directors for the benefit of the Company.

75. The Directors shall cause true accounts to be kept of the moneys, received and expended by the Company and all matters in respect of which such receipts and expenditure take place and of the property, assets, credits and liabilities of the Company. But no Shareholder shall have any right to insist on the inspection of any account book or document of the Company except as conferred by the Ordinance, or authorized by the Directors, or by a resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

ACCOUNTS.

76. Once at least in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company in General Meeting a statement of the income and expenditure of the Company for the past year made up to a date not more than three months before each meeting.

77. The statement so made shall show, arranged under the most convenient heads, the amount of gross income distinguishing the several sources from which it had been derived and the amount of gross expenditure distinguishing the expense of the establishment, salaries, and other matters.

78. Every item of expenditure fairly chargeable against the year's income shall be brought into account, so that a just balance of the profit and loss may be laid up before the meeting; and in cases where any item of expenditure which may in fairness be distributed over several years has been incurred in any one year; the whole amount of such item shall be stated with the addition of the reasons why only a portion of such expenditure is charged against the year.

79. At the Ordinary Meeting in each year the Directors shall lay before the Company a balance sheet containing a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company.

80. A printed copy of such balance sheet shall, twenty-one days previously to such meeting, be delivered or sent by post to the address of every Shareholder.

AUDIT.

81. The accounts of the Company shall be examined and the correctness of the balance sheet ascertained by one or more Auditors to be elected by the Company in General Meeting.

82. The remuneration of the Auditors shall be fixed by the Company at the time of their election.

83. If any casual vacancy occurs in the office of Auditors, the Directors shall forthwith call an Extraordinary General Meeting for the purpose of supplying the same.

84. The Directors shall appoint the first Auditors to audit the accounts of the Company until the first Ordinary General Meeting and fix the remuneration payable to them.

85. Every Auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet, and it shall be his duty to examine the same with the accounts and vouchers relating thereto.

86. Every Auditor shall have a list delivered to him of all the books kept by the Company, and he shall at all reasonable times have access to the books and accounts of the Company. He may at the expense of the Company employ accountants or other persons to assist him in investigating such accounts and he may in relation to such accounts examine the Directors or any other officer of the Company.

87. The Auditors shall make a report to the Shareholders upon the balance sheet and accounts, and in every such report they shall state, whether in their opinion, the balance sheet is full and fair containing the particulars required by these regulations and properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of the Company's affairs; and in case they have called for explanations or information from the Directors, whether such explanations or information have been given by the Directors, and whether they have been satisfactory; and such reports shall be read, together with the report of the Directors at the Ordinary Meeting.

NOTICES.

88. Notices requiring to be served by the Company upon the Shareholders may be served either personally, or by leaving the same, or sending them through the post at their registered places of abode.

89. Every Shareholder shall give an address which shall be deemed his place of abode and shall be registered as such in the Books of the Company.

90. Any notice sent by post shall be deemed to have been served at the time when the letter concerning same is posted, and in proving such service, it should be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and put in a Post Office box or handed in at a Post Office.

A. SAPAPATHY.
W. DURASWAMY.
ස. ආපාඨපති
M. ASAFILLAI.
ආ. අසාපිලායි
W. A. CLOUGH.
ඊ. ආ. ක්ලවුග්
W. WIJARATNAM.
N. SELVADURAI.
ඊ. ආ. සෙල්වදුරායි
ද. ඊ. ඊ. සෙල්වදුරායි

Attesting witness :

V. PASUPATHY FILLAI.

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE MOHEYEEDEN COMPANY, WELLAWAYA, LIMITED.

1. The name of the Company is "THE MOHEYEEDEN COMPANY, WELLAWAYA, LIMITED."
2. The registered office of the Company is to be established in Wellawaya.
3. The objects for which the Company is to be established are—
- (a) To purchase, lease, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any estate or estates, land or lands, or any share or shares thereof, and any buildings, mines, minerals, mining and mineral properties and rights, machinery, implements, tools, live and dead stock, stores, effects, and other property, real or personal, or movable or immovable of any kind, and any rights, easements, patents, licenses, or privileges in Ceylon or elsewhere (including the benefit of any trade mark or trade secret, which may be thought necessary or convenient for the purpose of the Company's business), and to erect, construct, maintain, or alter any buildings, machinery, plant, roads, ways, or other works or methods of communication.
 - (b) To appoint, engage, employ, maintain, provide for, and dismiss attorneys, agents, superintendents, managers, clerks, coolies, and other labourers and servants in Ceylon or elsewhere, and to remunerate any such at such rate as shall be thought fit, and to grant pensions or gratuities to any such or the widow or children of any such.
 - (c) To clear, open, plant, cultivate, improve, and develop any land or lands that may be purchased, leased, or otherwise acquired by the Company in Ceylon or elsewhere, or portions thereof, with any products, trees, plants, or crops that may be approved by the Company.
 - (d) To build, make, construct, equip, maintain, improve, alter buildings, erections, roads, tramways, or other works conducive to any of the Company's objects, or to contribute to or subsidize such.
 - (e) To enter into any agreement or agreement with Government or any authorities, and obtain rights, concessions, and privileges.
 - (f) To hire, lease, or purchase land either with any person or company or otherwise, and to erect a factory and other buildings thereon, or on any land already leased or owned by the Company, at the cost of the Company, and such other person or company or otherwise.
 - (g) To lease any factory or other buildings from any company or person.
 - (h) To establish and maintain in Ceylon or elsewhere, stores, shops, and places for sale of tea, rubber, coffee, cacao, and articles of food, drink, or refreshment, wholesale or retail, and to establish in any part or parts of the world agencies for carrying on or developing the business of the Company or any branch thereof, and generally to carry on the business of merchants, exporters, importers, traders, engineers, or any other trade, business, or undertaking whatsoever.
 - (i) To let, lease, sell, exchange, or mortgage the Company's estate, lands, buildings, or any part or parts thereof, whether in consideration of rents, money, or securities for money, shares, debentures, or securities in any other company, or for any other consideration, and otherwise to trade in, dispose of, or deal with the same or any part thereof.
 - (j) To borrow or receive on loan money for the purpose of the Company upon the security of cash, credit bonds, or of hypothecation or mortgages of the Company's property or any part or parts thereof, or otherwise, as shall be thought most expedient, and in particular by the issues of debentures, debenture stock, or bonds to bearer or otherwise, either charged upon all or any part of the Company's present or future property (including uncalled capital), or not so charged, as shall be thought best.
 - (k) To cause or permit any debenture stock, bonds, debentures, mortgages, charges, incumbrances, liens, or securities of or belonging to or made or issued by the Company or affecting its property or rights of any of the terms thereof to be renewed, extended, varied, redeemed, exchanged, transferred, or satisfied, as shall be thought fit, also to pay off and re-borrow the moneys secured thereby or any part or parts thereof.
 - (l) To draw, make, accept, and endorse bills of lading, warrants, bills of exchange, promissory notes, and other transferable or negotiable instruments for the purposes of the Company.
 - (m) To unite, co-operate, amalgamate, or enter into partnership of any arrangement for sharing profits of union of interest or any other arrangement with any person or company already engaged in or hereafter to be established for the purpose of carrying on any business having objects wholly or in part similar or analogous or subsidiary to those of the Company or to any of them, or capable of being conducted so as to benefit this Company, either directly or indirectly, and to subscribe for or otherwise acquire for the benefits and in the name of the Company or otherwise, and pay for in otherwise, and to hold any shares, stock, or other interest in any such company, and to promote the formation of any such company.
 - (n) To amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to this Company, among the Muhammadan community in Ceylon.
 - (o) To acquire by purchase in money, shares, bonds, or otherwise, and undertake all or any part of the business, property, assets, and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business in Ceylon or elsewhere which this Company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this Company.
 - (p) To sell the property, business, or undertaking of the Company, or any part or parts thereof, for such consideration as the Company shall think fit, and in particular for shares, stocks, debentures, or securities of any other company.
 - (q) To procure the Company to be registered or incorporated in Ceylon, and, if and when necessary or thought advisable, elsewhere, among the Muhammadan community.
 - (r) To lend money on any terms and in any manner and on any security and in particular on the security of plantations, factories, growing crops, produce, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bonds, bills of lading, warrants, stocks, shares, debentures, and book debts, or without any security at all, and generally to transact financial business of any kind.
 - (s) To invest and deal with the money of the Company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined.
 - (t) To promote and establish any other company whatsoever and to subscribe to and hold the shares of stock of any other company or any part thereof.
 - (u) To pay for any lands and real or personal, immovable or movable estate or property or assets of any kind acquired or to be acquired by the Company, or for any services rendered or to be rendered to the Company, and generally to pay or discharge any consideration to be paid or given by the Company in money or in shares or debentures or debenture stock or obligations of the Company, or partly in one way and partly in another, or otherwise howsoever with power to issue any shares either fully or partially paid up for such purpose.

- (v) To accept as consideration for the sale or disposal of any lands and real or personal, immovable and movable estate, property, and assets of the Company of any kind sold or otherwise disposed of by the Company or in discharge of any other consideration to be received by the Company in money or in shares, the shares (whether wholly or partially paid up) of any company, or the mortgages, debentures, or obligations of any company or person or partly one or partly other.
- (w) To distribute among the shareholders in specie any property of the Company, whether by way of dividend or upon a return of capital, but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital be made, except with the sanction for the time being required by law.
- (x) To do all such other things as shall be incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects above mentioned or any of them or any one or more of the objects aforesaid, it being hereby declared that in the foregoing clause (unless a contrary intention appears) the word "Company" includes Companies or Corporations, and the word "persons" any number of persons, and that the other objects specified in any paragraph are not to be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other paragraph.

4. The liability of the Shareholders is limited.

5. The nominal capital of the Company is Fifty thousand Rupees (Rs. 50,000), divided into Two hundred shares of Two hundred and Fifty Rupees (Rs. 250) each, with power to increase or reduce the capital.

The shares forming the capital (original, increased, or reduced) of the Company may be subdivided or consolidated or divided into such classes, with any preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto, and be held upon such terms as may be prescribed by the Articles of Association and regulations of the Company for the time being, or otherwise.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are being formed into a Company in accordance with this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names :—

Names and Addresses of Subscribers.	Number of Shares taken by each Shareholder.
This is the signature of AHAMADU HADJIAR MOHAMADU ABDULLA ALIM SAIBO, of Moneragala :— සුසු.අ.ස, අසග ආර්ථික ප්‍රසංග අර්ථකර්ම අධිකාරිය.	Two
This is the signature of MERA LEBBE MARIKAR MATHECHAM MOHAMADU ISMAIL, of Passara :— A. M. ප්‍රසංග විකාරික විද්වතුන්.	Two
This is the signature of UDAMA LEBBE MARIKAR MOHAMADU ABBIBAKER, of Wellawaya :— A. U. අගුණේ මහලක්ෂ්මි විකාරික විද්වතුන්.	Two
This is the signature of ISMAIL LEBBE MARIKAR ABDUL HAMEEDU, of Tissamaharama :— විකාරික විද්වතුන් අර්ථකර්ම.	Two
This is the signature of AHAMADU HADJIAR NOOR MOHAMMEDO, of Moneragala :— A. H. NOOR MOHAMMEDO ..	Two

Witness to the above signatures, at Badulla, this 3rd day of May, 1918 :

ALFRED BARTHOLOMEUSZ.
Proctor, Badulla.

This is the signature of KUNJI BAWA ABDUL LATIFF, of Wellawaya :—
K. අර්ථකර්ම, මහලක්ෂ්මි අර්ථකර්ම.

Two

This is the signature of AHAMADU HADJIAR MOHAMADU SALIHU, of Moneragala :—
A. H. M. SALIHU ..

Two

Witness to the above signatures, at Buttala, this 7th day of May, 1918 :

C. F. DEUTROM,
District Medical Officer.

Total .. Fourteen

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE MOHEYEEDEN COMPANY, WELLAWAYA, LIMITED.

The regulations contained in the Table C in the schedule annexed to "The Joint Stock Companies Ordinance, 1861," shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these Articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution.

The Company may, by special resolution, alter and make provisions instead of, or in addition to, any of the regulations of the Company, whether contained and comprised in these Articles or not. None of the funds of the Company shall be employed in the purchase of or be lent on the shares of the Company.

INTERPRETATION CLAUSE.

1. In the interpretation of these presents the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless such meanings be inconsistent with, or repugnant to, the subject or context :—

The word "Company" means "The Moheyedeen Company, Wellawaya, Limited," incorporated or established by or under the Memorandum of Association to which these Articles are attached.

"The Ordinance" means and includes "The Joint Stock Companies Ordinance, 1861," and every other Ordinance from time to time in force concerning Joint Stock Companies which may apply to the Company.

"These presents" means and includes the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association of the Company from time to time in force.

"Capital" means the capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purposes of the Company.

"Shares" means the shares from time to time into which the capital of the Company may be divided.

"Shareholder" means a Shareholder of the Company, who shall be a Muhammadan.

"Presence or present" at a meeting means presence or present personally or by proxy.

"Directors" means the Directors for the time being of the Company or (as the case may be) the Directors assembled at a Board.

"Board" means a meeting of the Directors or (as the context may require) the Directors assembled at a Board

Meeting, acting through at least a quorum of their body in the exercise of authority duly given to them.

"Persons" means partnerships, associations, corporations, companies, unincorporated or incorporated by Ordinance and registration, as well as individuals.

“Office” means the registered office for the time being of the Company.

“Seal” means the common seal for the time being of the Company.

“Month” means a calendar month.

“Writing” means printed matter or print as well as writing.

“Muhammadan” means and includes all persons resident in Ceylon who are of the Muhammadan faith and religion.

Words importing the singular number only include the plural, and *vice versa*.

Words importing the masculine gender only include the feminine, and *vice versa*.

BUSINESS.

2. The Company may proceed to carry out the objects for which it is established, and to employ and apply its capital as soon after the registration of the Company as the Directors in their discretion shall think fit; and if the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed, applied for, or allotted, they shall do so as soon as, in the judgment of the Directors, a sufficient number of shares shall have been subscribed or applied for.

3. The business of the Company shall be carried on by, or under the management or direction of, the Directors, and subject only to the control of General Meetings in accordance with these presents, who shall be Muhammadans.

4. The original capital of the Company is Fifty thousand Rupees (Rs. 50,000), divided into Two hundred (200) shares of Two hundred and Fifty Rupees (Rs. 250) each.

5. The Directors may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company in General Meeting, increase the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares of such amounts per share and in the aggregate and with such special, preferential, deferred, qualified, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto as such resolution shall direct, and they shall have power to add to such new shares such an amount of premium as may be considered expedient.

6. Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the same provisions in all respects with reference to the payments of allotment money, calls, and instalments, transfer, transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrender, and otherwise, as if it had formed part of the original capital.

7. The Directors may in like manner, and with like sanction, reduce the capital of the Company.

SHARES.

8. The Company may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid and the time of payment of such calls.

9. If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the holder of the share.

10. The shares, except when otherwise provided, shall be allotted at the discretion of and by the Directors, who may from time to time issue any unissued shares, and may add to such shares such an amount of premium as they consider proper. Provided that such unissued shares shall first be offered by the Directors to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined; and after the expiration of such time or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may at their discretion allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estates or lands being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates or lands, and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders.

11. In case of the increase of the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares, such new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions, and with such rights and privileges annexed thereto, as the General Meeting resolving on the creation thereof, or any other General Meeting of the Company shall direct, and if no direction be given, as the Directors shall determine, and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to the dividends and in the distribution of assets of the Company, and with a special or without any right of voting.

Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the meeting that sanctions the increase of capital, all new shares shall be offered to the Shareholders in proportion to existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may, at their discretion, allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estates or lands being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates or lands, and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders.

12. Every person taking any share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof by writing under his hand in such form as the Company may from time to time direct. Payment for shares shall be made in such manner as the Directors shall from time to time determine and direct.

13. Shares may be registered in the name of a firm, and any partner of the firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm shall be entitled to vote and to give proxies.

14. Shares may be registered in the name of two or more persons not in partnership.

15. Any one of the joint-holders of a share other than a firm may give effectual receipts for any dividends payable in respect of such share; but the Shareholder whose name stands first on the register, and no other, shall be entitled to the right of voting and of giving proxies and all other advantages conferred on a sole Shareholder.

16. In case of the death of any one or more of the joint-holders of any shares, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognized by the Company as having any title to or interest in such shares.

17. The Company shall not be bound to recognize (even though having notice of) any contingent, future, partial, or equitable interest in the nature of a trust or otherwise in any share, or any other right in respect of any share, except any absolute right thereto in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof, and except also the right of any person under clause 36 to become a Shareholder in respect of any share.

18. The joint-holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all instalments and calls due in respect of such share.

19. Every Shareholder shall be entitled to a certificate under the common seal of the Company specifying the shares held by him and the amount paid thereon.

20. If any certificate be worn out or defaced, then, upon production thereof to the Directors, they may order the same to be cancelled, and may issue a new certificate in lieu thereof; and if any certificate be lost or destroyed then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Directors, and on such indemnity as the Directors deem adequate being given, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the person entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate. A sum of fifty cents shall be payable for such new certificate.

21. The certificate of shares registered in the name of two or more persons not a firm shall be delivered to the person first named on the register.

CALLS.

22. The Directors may from time to time make such calls as they think fit upon the Shareholders in respect of all moneys unpaid on their shares, and not by the conditions of allotment made payable at fixed times, provided that two months' notice at least shall be given to the Shareholders of the time and place appointed for payment of each call; and each Shareholder shall pay the amount of every call so made to the person and at the time and place appointed by the Directors.

23. If any Shareholder fail to pay the amount of any call due by him on or before the day appointed for payment thereof, he shall be liable to forfeit all dividends and profits till actual payment is made.

24. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorizing the call was passed.

25. The Directors shall have power in their absolute discretion to give time to any one or more Shareholder or Shareholders, exclusive of the others, for payment of any call or part thereof on such terms as the Directors may determine. But no Shareholder shall be entitled to any such extension, except as a matter of grace or favour.

26. The Directors may at their discretion receive from any of the Shareholders willing to advance the same and upon such terms as they think fit all or any part of the moneys due upon their respective shares beyond the sums actually called for.

TRANSFER OF SHARES.

27. Subject to the restriction of these Articles, any Shareholder may transfer all or any of his shares by instrument in writing.

28. No transfer of shares shall be made to an infant or person of unsound mind, or to any person other than a Muhammadan.

29. The Company shall keep a book or books to be called "The Register of Transfers," in which shall be entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share.

30. The Board may, at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion, decline to register any transfer or shares by a Shareholder who is indebted to the Company or upon whose shares the Company have a lien or otherwise, or in case of shares not fully paid up, to any person not approved by them; and in no case shall a Shareholder or proposed transferee be entitled to require the Directors to state the reason of their refusal to register, but their declinature shall be absolute.

31. Every instrument of transfer must be left at the office of the Company to be registered, accompanied by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferor, and a fee of two rupees and fifty cents, or such other sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine, must be paid to the Company for the registration of every such transfer, upon payment whereof the Directors, subject to the powers vested in them by Article 30, shall register the transferee as a Shareholder and retain the instrument of transfer.

32. The Directors may, by such means as they shall deem expedient, authorize the registration of transferees as Shareholders without the necessity of any meeting of the Directors for that purpose.

33. In no case shall the Directors be bound to inquire into the validity, legal effect, or genuineness of any instrument or transfer produced by a person claiming a transfer of any share in accordance with these Articles; and whether they abstain from so inquiring or do so inquire and are misled, the transferor shall have no claim whatsoever upon the Company in respect of the share, except for the dividends previously declared in respect thereof, but only, if at all, upon the transferee.

34. The Register of Transfers may be closed during the fourteen days immediately preceding each Ordinary General Meeting; and when a dividend is declared for the three days next ensuing the meeting; also at such other times (if any) and for such periods as the Directors may from time to time determine, provided always that it shall not be closed for more than thirty days in any year.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

35. The executors, or administrators, or the heirs of a deceased Shareholder shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to the shares of such Shareholder.

36. Any guardian of any infant Shareholder, or any committee of a lunatic Shareholder, or any person becoming entitled to shares in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or liquidation of any Shareholder, or the marriage of any female Shareholder, or in any other way than by transfer, shall, upon securing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this clause, or of his title, as the Directors think sufficient, be forthwith entitled, subject to the provisions herein contained, to be registered as a Shareholder in respect of such shares; or may, subject to the regulations as to transfers hereinbefore contained, transfer the same to some other person.

37. If any person who shall become entitled to be registered in respect of any share under clause 35 on which the Company has any lien shall not, from any cause whatever, within twelve calendar months after the event on the happening of which his title shall accrue, be registered in respect of such share; or if in the case of the death of any Shareholder, no person shall, within twelve calendar months after such death be registered as a Shareholder in respect of the shares of such deceased Shareholder, the Company may sell such shares either by public auction or private contract, and give a receipt for the purchase money, and the purchaser shall be entitled to be registered in respect of such share, and shall not be bound to inquire whether the events have happened which entitled the Company to sell the same, and the nett proceeds of such sale, after deducting all expenses and all moneys in respect of which the Company is entitled to a lien on the shares so sold shall be paid to the person entitled thereto.

SURRENDER AND FORFEITURE OF SHARES.

38. The Directors may accept, in the name and for the benefit of the Company, and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed, a surrender of the shares of Shareholders who may be desirous of retiring from the Company.

39. If any Shareholder fails to pay any call or instalment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Directors may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on such Shareholder requiring him to pay the same, together with and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

The notice shall name a day (not being less than one month from the date of the notice) on, and a place or places at, which such call or instalment and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid.

The notice shall also state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

If the requisition of such notice as aforesaid be not complied with, every or any share or shares in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of calls or instalment and expenses due in respect thereof be declared forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

40. Any Shareholder whose shares have been so declared forfeited shall notwithstanding be liable to pay and shall forthwith pay to the Company all calls, instalments, and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture and the Directors may enforce the payment thereof if they think fit.

41. Every share surrendered or so declared forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of upon such terms and in such manner as the Board shall think fit.

42. The surrender or forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in, and also of all claims and demands against, the Company in respect of the share and the proceeds thereof, and all other rights incident to the share, except only such of those rights (if any) as by these presents are expressly saved.

43. A certificate in writing under the hands of one of the Directors and of the Secretary or Secretaries that a share has been duly surrendered or forfeited, stating the time when it was surrendered or forfeited, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons who would have been entitled to the share but for such surrender or forfeiture, and such certificate and the receipt of the Company for the price of such share shall constitute a good title to such share and a certificate of proprietorship shall be delivered to any person who may purchase the same from the Company, and thereupon such purchaser shall be deemed the holder of such share, discharged from all calls due prior to such purchase, and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to such share be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture or sale.

The Directors may in their discretion remit or annul the forfeiture of any share within six months from the date thereof upon the payment of all moneys due to the Company from the late holder or holders of such share or shares and all expenses incurred in relation to such forfeiture, together with such further sum of money by way of redemption money for the deficit, as they shall think fit, not being less than nine per centum per annum on the amount of the sums wherein default in payment had been made, but no share *bona fide* sold or re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of, under Article 41 hereof, shall be redeemable after sale or disposal.

44. The Company shall have a first charge or paramount lien upon all the shares of any holder or joint-holders for all moneys for the time being due to the Company by such holder, or by all or any of such joint-holders respectively, either in respect of such shares or of other shares held by such holder or joint-holders or otherwise, and whether due from any such holder individually or jointly with others, including all calls which the Directors shall have resolved to make, although the times appointed for the payment thereof shall not have arrived; and where any share is held by more persons than one, the Company shall be entitled to the said charge or lien in respect of any money due to the Company from any of such person. And the Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares subject to such charge or lien.

45. Such charge or lien may be made available by a sale of all or any of the shares subject to it, provided that no such sale shall be made except under a resolution of the Directors, and until notice in writing shall have been given to the indebted Shareholder or his executors or administrators, or the assignee or trustee in his bankruptcy, requiring him or them to pay the amount for the time being due to the Company, and in default shall have been made for twenty-eight days from such notice in paying the sum thereby required to be paid. Should the Shareholder, over whose share the lien exists, be in England or elsewhere abroad, sixty days notice shall be allowed him.

46. The nett proceeds of any such sale shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of such debts, liabilities, or engagements and the residue (if any) paid to such Shareholder or his representatives.

47. A certificate in writing under the hands of one of the Directors and of the Secretary or Secretaries, that the power of sale given by clause 45 has arisen, and is exercisable by the Company under these presents, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated.

48. Upon any such sale two of the Directors may execute a transfer of such share to the purchaser thereof, and such transfer, with the certificate last aforesaid, shall confer on the purchaser or complete title to such shares.

PREFERENCE SHARES.

49. Any shares from time to time to be issued or created may from time to time be issued with any such right of preference, whether in respect of dividend or of payment of capital, or both, or any such other special privilege or advantage over any shares previously issued or then about to be issued (other than shares issued with a preference), or at such a premium, or with such deferred rights as compared with any shares previously issued or then about to be issued, or subject to any such conditions or provisions, and with any such right or without any right of voting, and generally on such terms as the Company may, from time to time, by special resolution determine.

50. If at any time by the issue of preference shares or otherwise the capital is divided into shares of different classes then the holders of any class of shares may, by an extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of such holders, consent, on behalf of all the holders of shares of the class, to the issue or creation of any shares ranking equally therewith, or having any priority thereto, or to the abandonment of any preference or priority, or of any accrued dividend, or the reduction for any time or permanently of the dividends payable thereon, or to any scheme for the reduction of the Company's capital affecting the class of shares, and such resolution shall be binding upon all the holders of shares of the class, provided that this Article shall not be read as implying the necessity for such consent in any case in which but for this Article the object of the resolution could have been affected without it.

51. Any meeting for the purpose of the last preceding clause shall be convened and conducted in all respect as nearly as possible in the same way as an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, provided that no Member, not being a Director, shall be entitled to notice thereof or to attend thereat, unless he be a holder of shares of the class intended to be affected by the resolution, and that no vote shall be given except in respect of a share of that class, and that at any such meeting a poll may be demanded in writing by any members personally present and entitled to vote at the meeting.

BORROWING POWERS.

52. The Directors shall have power to procure from time to time, in the usual course of business, such temporary advances on the Company's property, as they may find necessary or expedient for the purpose of defraying the expenses of working the Company's estates, or of erecting, maintaining, improving, or extending buildings, machinery, or plantations, or otherwise. Also from time to time, at their discretion to borrow or raise from the Directors or other persons any sum or sums of money for the purpose of the Company, provided that the money so borrowed or raised and owing at any one time shall not, without the sanction of a General Meeting, exceed Three thousand Rupees.

53. With the sanction of a General Meeting the Board shall be entitled to borrow such further sum or sums, and at such rate of interest as such meeting shall determine. A certificate under the hands of one Director and Secretary or Secretaries or of two Directors to the effect that in taking any loan the Directors are not exceeding their borrowing powers shall be sufficient and binding on the Company and all concerned, and shall be conclusive evidence thereof in all questions between the Company and its creditors.

54. For the purpose of securing the repayment of any such moneys so borrowed or raised, or of any other purposes, the Directors may grant, create, execute, and issue any mortgages, cash credits, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company, charged upon all or any of the undertaking, revenue, lands, property, rights, and assets of the Company, both present and future, including uncalled capital or unpaid calls, or may make, accept, or endorse on behalf of the Company, any promissory notes or bills of exchange.

55. Any such securities may be issued either at par or at a premium or discount, and may from time to time be cancelled or discharged, varied, or exchanged as the Directors may think fit, and may contain special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, or otherwise.

56. Every debenture or other instrument issued by the Company for securing the payment of money may be so framed that the moneys thereby secured shall be assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

GENERAL MEETINGS.

57. The First General Meeting shall be held at such time, not being more than twelve months after the incorporation of the Company, and at such place as the Directors may determine.

58. Subsequent General Meetings shall be held once in every year at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if no time or place is so prescribed, then at such place and at such time as soon after the first day in each year as may be determined by the Directors.

59. The General Meetings mentioned in the last preceding clause shall be called Ordinary General Meetings; all other meetings of the Company shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.

60. The Directors may, whenever they think fit, call an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, and the Directors shall do so upon a requisition made in writing by not less than one-eighth of the number of Shareholders of the Company for the time being, or by any Shareholder or Shareholders holding in the aggregate one-eighth part of the shares of the Company for the time being subscribed for.

61. Any requisition so made shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called, shall be addressed to the Directors, and shall be sent to the registered office of the Company. Upon the receipt of such requisition the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such time and place as they shall determine. If they do not proceed to convene the same within twenty-one days from the delivery of the requisition, the requisitionists may themselves convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such place and at such time as the Shareholders convening the meeting may themselves fix.

62. Any Shareholder may, on giving not less than fourteen days' previous notice of any resolution, submit the same to a meeting.

63. Such notice shall be given by leaving a copy of the resolution at the registered office of the Company.

64. Seven days' notice at least of every General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, and by whomsoever convened, specifying the place, date, hour of meeting, and objects and business of the meeting, shall be given by advertisement in the *Ceylon Government Gazette* or in such other manner (if any) as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting.

65. Every Ordinary General Meeting shall be competent, without special notice having been given of the purposes for which it is convened, or of the business to be transacted thereat, to receive and discuss any report and any account presented thereto by the Directors, and to pass resolutions in approval or disapproval thereof, and to declare dividends, and to elect Directors and Auditors in the place of those retiring by rotation, and to fix the remuneration of the Auditors; and shall also be competent to enter upon, discuss, and transact any business whatsoever of which special mention shall have been given in the notice or notices upon which the meeting was convened.

66. With the exceptions mentioned in the foregoing Articles as to the business which may be transacted at Ordinary General Meetings without notice, no General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss, or transact any business which has not been specially mentioned in the notice or notices upon which it was convened.

67. No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting, except the declarations of a dividend recommended by a report of the Director or election of a Chairman, unless there shall be present or represented at the commencement of the business three or more Shareholders entitled to vote.

68. If at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting the required number of Shareholders shall not be present at the meeting, the meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of Shareholders, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, those Shareholders who are present shall be a quorum, and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.

69. The Chairman (if any) of the Directors shall be entitled to take the Chair at every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary; or if there be no Chairman, or if at any meeting he shall not be present at the time appointed for holding such meeting, or if he shall refuse to take the Chair, the Shareholders shall choose another Director as Chairman; and if no Directors be present, or if all the Directors present decline to take the Chair, then the Shareholders present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman.

70. No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting except the election of a Chairman whilst the Chair is vacant.

71. The Chairman may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place, unless due notice thereof shall be given.

72. Minutes of the proceedings of every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall when so entered be signed as soon as practicable by the Chairman of the same meeting or by the Chairman of the succeeding meeting, and the same when so entered and signed shall be evidence of all such proceedings and of the proper election of the Chairman.

VOTING AT MEETINGS.

73. At any meeting every resolution shall be decided by the votes of the Shareholders present in person or by proxy; and in case there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman at such meetings shall be entitled to give a casting vote in addition to the vote to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder; and unless a poll be immediately demanded by some member present and entitled to vote, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the Minute Book of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

74. If at any meeting a poll be demanded by some Shareholder present at the meeting and entitled to vote, the meeting shall, if necessary, be adjourned, and the poll shall be taken at such time and place and in such manner as the Chairman shall direct, and in such case every Shareholder shall have the number of votes to which he may be entitled as hereinafter provided; and in case at any such poll there shall be an equality of votes the Chairman of the meeting at which such poll shall have been demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any vote to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder and proxy, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in such meeting.

75. The demand of a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.

76. No poll shall be demanded on the election of a Chairman of the meeting or on any question of adjournment.

77. On a show of hands every member shall have one vote only. In case of a poll every shareholder shall have one vote for every share held by him up to ten, and an additional vote for every five shares beyond the first ten up to thirty.

78. The parent or guardian of an infant Shareholder, the committee or other legal guardian of any lunatic Shareholder, the husband of any female Shareholder not entitled to her shares as separate estate, and the executor or administrator of any deceased Shareholder, or any one of such persons as aforesaid, if more than one, shall not be entitled to vote in the place of such infant, lunatic, female, or deceased person, unless such person shall have been registered as a Shareholder.

79. Votes may be given either personally or by proxy.

80. No Shareholder shall be entitled to vote or speak at any meeting unless all calls due from him on his shares have been paid, and no Shareholder other than the trustee or assignee of a bankrupt or representative of a deceased Shareholder or person acquiring by marriage shall be entitled to vote at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company, in respect of any share which he has acquired by transfer, unless he has been possessed of the share in respect of which he claims to vote at least three months previously to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote or speak.

81. No Shareholder who has not been duly registered as such for three months previous to the General Meeting shall be entitled to be present and to speak and vote at any meeting held after the expiry of three months from the incorporation of the Company.

82. No person shall be entitled to hold a proxy who is not a Shareholder of the Company.

83. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be printed or written, and shall be signed by the appointor, or if such appointor be a company or corporation, it shall be under the common seal of such company or corporation.

84. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than twenty-four hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting at which the person named in such instrument propose to vote. The instrument appointing a proxy may be in the following form :—

The Moheydeen Company, Wellewaya, Limited.

I, _____, of _____, appoint _____, of _____ (a Shareholder in the Company), as my proxy to represent me and to vote for me and on my behalf at the Ordinary (or Extraordinary, as the case may be) General Meeting of the Company to be held on the _____ day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and _____, and at any adjournment thereof, and at every poll which may be taken in consequence thereof.

As witness my hand, this _____ day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and _____.

85. No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote (whether given personally or by proxy) except at the meeting or poll at which such votes shall be tendered; and every vote (whether given personally or by proxy) to which no objection shall be made at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.

86. No Shareholder shall be prevented from voting by reason of his being personally interested in the result of the voting.

DIRECTORS.

87. The number of Directors shall never be less than four or more than seven, but this clause shall be construed as being directory only, and the continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any number of vacancies.

The qualification of a Director shall be his holding in his own right at least five shares in the Company upon which all calls for the time being have been paid, and this qualification shall apply as well to the first Directors as to all future Directors.

As remuneration for their services the Directors shall be entitled to a sum that may be determined in General Meeting, and may at any time alter the amount of such remuneration for the future, and such remuneration shall not be considered as including any remuneration granted for special extra services hereinafter referred to, nor any extra remuneration to the Managing Directors of the Company.

88. The first Directors shall be Ahamadu Hadgiar Mohamadu Abdulla Alim Saibo, &c., the subscribers hereto, who shall hold office till the First Ordinary General Meeting of the Company, when they shall all retire, but shall be eligible for re-election.

89. One or more of the Directors may be appointed by the Directors to act as Secretary, Managing Director, or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Agents of the Company or Superintendents of any of the estates for such time and on such terms as the Directors may determine, or may fix by agreement with the person or persons appointed to the office, and they may from time to time revoke such appointment and appoint another or other Secretary, Managing Director, or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Agents or Superintendents.

The Directors may confer on the Managing Director or Managing Directors all or any duties and powers that might be conferred on any Manager of the Company.

If any Director shall be called upon to perform any extra services, the Directors may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such services, either by way of salary, commission, or the payment of a lump sum of money, as they shall think fit.

ROTATION OF DIRECTORS.

90. At the First Ordinary General Meeting of the Company all the Directors shall retire from office, and at the first Ordinary General Meeting in every subsequent year one of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office as provided in clause 91.

91. The Directors to retire from office at the second and third Ordinary General Meetings shall, unless the Directors otherwise arrange among themselves, be determined by ballot; in every subsequent year the Directors to retire shall be those who have been longest in office.

92. In case any question shall arise as to which of the Directors who have been the same time in office shall retire, the same shall be decided by the Directors by ballot.

93. Retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.

94. The Ordinary General Meeting at which Directors retire or ought to retire by rotation shall appoint successors to them, and in default thereof, such successors may be appointed at a subsequent Ordinary General Meeting.

95. Any casual vacancy occurring in the number of Directors or provisional Directors arising from death, resignation, or otherwise, may be filled up by the Directors, but any person appointed to fill such vacancy shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Director would have retained the same if no vacancy had occurred.

96. The Directors, subject to the approval of a General Meeting, may from time to time at any time subsequent to the second Ordinary General Meeting increase or reduce the number of Directors, and may also, subject to the like approval, determine in what rotation such increased or reduced number is to go out of office.

97. If at any meeting at which an election of a Director ought to take place, the place of a retiring Director is not filled up, the retiring Director may continue in office until the first Ordinary General Meeting in the next year, and so on from meeting to meeting until his place is filled up, unless it shall be determined at such meeting to reduce the number of Directors.

98. A Director may at any time give notice in writing of his intention to resign by delivering such notice to the Secretary, or by leaving the same at the registered office of the Company, or by tendering his written resignation at a meeting of the Directors, and on the acceptance of his resignation by the Directors, but not before, his office shall become vacant.

99. The Company may, by a special resolution, remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and may, by an ordinary resolution, appoint another person in his stead. The Director so appointed shall hold office only during such time as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same as if he had not been removed.

100. Every Director or officer of the Company, and his heirs, executors, and administrators shall be indemnified by the Company from all losses and expenses incurred by him in or about the discharge of his duties, except such as happen from his respective wilful acts, or defaults; and no Director or officer shall, nor shall the heirs, executors, or administrators of any Director or officer, be liable for the acts or defaults of any other Director or officer, or for any loss or expense happening to the Company by the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired for or on behalf of the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested, or for any loss or or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency, or tortious act of any person with whom any moneys, securities, or effects shall be deposited, or for any other loss, damage, or misfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, unless the same happen through his own wilful act or default.

101. No contribution shall be required from any present or past Director or Manager exceeding the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares in respect of which he is liable as a present or past Shareholder.

DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS.

102. The office of the Director shall be vacated—

- (a) If he accepts or holds any office or place of profit other than Managing Director, Visiting Agent, Superintendent or Secretary under the Company, or Solicitor.
- (b) If he becomes bankrupt or insolvent, or suspends payment, or files a petition for the liquidation of his affairs, or compounds with his creditors.
- (c) If by reason of mental or bodily infirmity he becomes incapable of acting.
- (d) If he ceases to hold the required number of shares to qualify him for the office.
- (e) If he is concerned or participates in the profits of any contract with, or work done for, the Company.

Provided that no Director shall vacate his office by reason of his being a member of any corporation, company or firm which has entered into any contract with, or done any work for, the company of which he is a Director, or by his being Agent, or Secretary, or Solicitor, or by his being a member of a firm who are Agents or Secretaries, or Solicitors of the Company; nevertheless, he shall not vote in respect of any contract work or business in which he may be personally interested.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS.

103. The Directors shall have power to carry into effect the lease, purchase, or acquisition of any lands, estates, or property they may think fit, or any share or shares thereof.

104. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors either by themselves or through a Managing Director, or with the assistance of an Agent or Agents and Secretary or Secretaries of the Company, to be appointed by the Directors, for such a period and on such terms as they shall determine, and the Directors shall pay out of the funds of the Company all costs and expenses as well preliminary as otherwise, paid or incurred in and about the formation and the registration of the Company, and in and about the valuation, purchase, lease, or acquisition of the said estates and lands, and the opening, clearing, planting, and cultivation thereof and otherwise in or about the working and business of the Company.

105. The Directors shall have power to make, and may make, such rules or regulations for the management of the business and property of the Company as they may from time to time think proper, and shall carry on the business of the Company in such manner as they may think most expedient; and, in addition to the powers and authorities by any Ordinance or by these presents expressly conferred on them, they may exercise all such powers, give all such consents, make all such arrangements, appoint all such agents, managers, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, superintendents, assistants, clerks, artisans, labourers, and other servants for such period or periods, and with such remuneration, and at such salaries, and upon such terms and conditions as they may consider advisable, and may pay the expenses occasioned thereby out of the funds of the Company, and may from time to time remove or suspend all or any of the managers, agents, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, clerks, or servants of the Company for such reasons as they may think proper and advisable, and without assigning any cause for so doing.

106. The Directors shall exercise, in the name and on behalf of the Company, all such powers of the Company as are not expressly required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, and shall generally do all such acts and things as are or shall be by any Ordinance and by these presents directed and authorized to be exercised, given, made, or done by the Company and are not by any Ordinance or by these presents required to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting, subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of any such Ordinances and these presents, and to such regulations and provisions (if any) as may from time to time be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting; but no regulations made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made.

The generality of the powers conferred by any clause in these presents on the Directors shall not be taken to be limited by any clause conferring any special or expressed power.

107. The Directors shall have power to appoint a proctor or proctors, solicitor or solicitors, attorney or attorneys to assist in carrying on or protecting the business of the Company on such terms as they may consider proper, and from time to time to revoke such appointment.

108. The Directors shall have power to open from time to time on behalf of the Company any account or accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint, and also by such signatures as they may appoint to draw, accept, make, endorse, sign, and execute cheques, bills of exchange, and promissory notes, bills of lading, receipts, contracts, and agreements, bonds, mortgages, proxies to any proctor or proctors, and other documents on behalf of and to further the interests of the Company.

109. The seal of the Company shall not be used or affixed to any deed or instrument except in the presence of two or more of the Directors, or of one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries of the Company, who shall attest the sealing thereof; such attestation on the part of the Secretaries, in the event of a firm being the Secretaries, being signified by a partner or duly authorized manager, attorney, or agent of the said firm, signing for and on behalf of the said firm as such Secretaries.

110. It shall be lawful for the Directors, if authorized so to do by the Shareholders in General Meeting, to arrange terms for the amalgamation of the Company with any other company or companies, or individual or individuals, or for the sale or disposal of the business, estates, and effects of the Company, or any part or parts, share or shares thereof respectively, to any company or companies, or person or persons, upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit; and the Directors shall have power to do all such things as may be necessary for carrying such amalgamations, sale, or other disposition into effect so far as a resolution or special resolution of the Company is not by law necessary for such purpose; and in case any terms so arranged by the Directors include or make necessary the dissolution of the Company, the Company shall be dissolved to that end.

111. In furtherance, and not in limitation of, and without prejudice to, the general powers conferred or implied in the last preceding clause, and of the other powers conferred by these presents, it is hereby expressly declared that the Directors shall have the powers following (that is to say):—

- (a) To institute, conduct, defend, compromise, settle, or abandon any action, suit, prosecution, or other legal proceedings on behalf of the Company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due to or from the Company, and of any claims or demands made by or against the Company.
- (b) To refer any claims or demands by or against the Company to arbitration and observe and perform or enforce the awards.
- (c) To make and give receipts, releases, and other discharges for money payable to the Company, and for claims and demands by the Company.
- (d) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents, with power to accept the office of the trustee, assignee, liquidator, or inspector or similar office.
- (e) To invest any of the moneys of the Company which the Directors may consider not to be immediately required for the purposes thereof, upon such securities and in such manner as they may think fit, and so that they shall not be restricted to such securities as are permissible to trustee without special powers, and from time to time to vary or release such investments.

- (f) To delegate to any one or more of the Directors of the Company for the time being, or any other person or company for the time being, residing or carrying on business in Ceylon or elsewhere, all or any of the powers or functions given to or exercisable by the Directors; and to confer such powers for such time and to be exercised for such objects and purposes, and upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as the Directors may think expedient, and to confer such powers either collaterally with or to the exclusion of, and in the substitution for, all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf and from time to time to revoke, withdraw, alter, or vary all or any such powers. The Directors may allow to any person or company to whom any powers may be so delegated such remuneration as they in their absolute discretion shall think fit.
- (g) Before recommending any dividend to set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as they think proper as a reserve fund to meet contingencies or for special dividends or for equalizing dividends or for repairing, improving, and maintaining any of the property of the Company, and for other purposes as the Directors in their absolute discretion think conducive to the interests of the Company, and to invest the several sums so set aside upon such investments as they may think fit, and from time to time deal with and vary such investments and dispose of all or any part thereof for the benefit of the Company, and to divide the reserve fund into such special funds as they think fit, and to employ the reserve fund or any part thereof to the business of the Company, and that without being bound to keep the same separate from their other assets.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

112. The Directors may meet for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings at such places and times and in such manner as they may think fit, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Until otherwise determined, two Directors shall be a quorum.

113. A Director may at any time summon a meeting of Directors.

114. The Board may elect a Chairman of their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office, and all meetings of the Directors shall be presided over by a Chairman, if one has been elected and is present, but if there be a vacancy in the office of Chairman, or if at any meeting of Directors the Chairman be not present at the time appointed for holding the same, then and in that case the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.

115. Any question which shall arise at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman thereof shall have a casting vote in addition to his vote as a Director.

116. The Board may delegate any of their powers to committee consisting of such member or members of their body as the Board think fit, and they may from time to time revoke and discharge any such committee, either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee so formed shall, in exercise of the powers delegated to it, conform to all such regulations as may be prescribed by the Board. All acts done by any such Committee in conformity with such regulations and in the fulfilment of the purposes of their appointment, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.

117. The meetings and proceedings of such committee shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto, and are not superseded by the express terms of the appointment of such committee respectively, or any regulation imposed by the Board.

118. The acts of the Board and of any committee appointed by the Board shall, notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board or Committee, or defect in the appointment or qualification of any Director or of any member of the committee, be as valid as if no such vacancy or defect had existed, and as if such person had been duly appointed or qualified, provided the same be done before the discovery of the vacancy or defect.

119. A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors for the time being in Ceylon shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted.

120. The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in a book or books to be provided for the purpose—

- (1) Of all appointments of (a) officers and (b) committees made by the Directors.
- (2) Of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors.
- (3) Of the names of the members of the committee appointed by the Board present at each meeting of the Committee.
- (4) Of all orders made by the Directors.
- (5) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all General Meetings of the Company.
- (6) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of the Directors.
- (7) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of committees appointed by the Board.

121. All such minutes shall be signed by the person who shall have presided as Chairman at the General Meeting, the Board Meeting or Committee Meeting at which the business minuted shall have been transacted, or by the person who shall preside as Chairman at the next ensuing General Meeting, or Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, as the case may be; and all minutes purporting to have been signed by any Chairman of any General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively, shall for all purposes whatsoever be *prima facie* evidence of the actual and regular passing of the resolutions, and the actual and regular transaction or occurrence of the proceedings and other matters purporting to be so recorded, and of the regularity of the meeting at which the same shall appear to have taken place, and of the Chairmanship and signature of the person appearing to have signed as Chairman, and of the date on which such meeting was held.

ACCOUNTS.

122. The Agent or Secretary or the Agents or Secretaries for the time being, or if there be no Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries, the Directors shall cause true accounts to be kept of the paid up capital for the time being of the Company, and of all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and of the matters in respect of which such sums were received and expended, and of the assets, credits, and liabilities of the Company, and generally of all its commercial, financial, and other affairs, transactions, and engagements, and of all other matters necessary for showing the true financial state and condition of the Company. The accounts shall be kept in such books and in such a manner at the registered office of the Company as the Directors think fit.

123. The Directors shall from time to time determine whether, and to what extent, and at what times and places, and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the Company or of any of them shall be open to the inspection of the Shareholders, and no Shareholder shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company, except as conferred by statute or authorized by the Directors or by a resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

124. At the Ordinary General Meeting in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company a statement of the income and expenditure of the Company for the previous financial year, and a balance sheet containing a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company made up to the end of the same period.

125. The statement so made shall show, arranged under the most convenient heads, the amount of gross income, distinguishing the several sources from which it has been derived, and the amount of gross expenditure, distinguishing the expense of the establishment, salaries, and other heads of expenditure. Every item of expenditure fairly chargeable against the year's income shall be brought into account, so that a just balance of profit and loss may be laid before the

meeting, and in case where any item of expenditure which may in fairness be distributed over several years has been incurred in any one year, the whole amount of such item shall be stated with the addition of the reasons why only a portion of such expenditure is charged against the income of the year.

126. The balance sheet shall contain a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company arranged under the heads appearing in the form annexed to the table referred to in Schedule C to "The Joint Stock Companies Ordinance, 1861," or as near thereto as circumstances admit.

127. Every such statement shall be accompanied by a report as to the state and condition of the Company, and as to the amount which the Directors recommend should be paid out of the profits by way of dividend or bonus to the Shareholders, and the statement, report, and balance sheet shall be signed by the Directors.

128. A printed copy of such balance sheet shall, at least seven days previous to such meeting, be delivered at or posted to the registered address of every Shareholder.

AUDIT.

129. The accounts of the Company shall from time to time be examined, and the correctness of the balance sheet ascertained by one or more Auditor or Auditors.

130. No person shall be eligible as an Auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Shareholder in any transaction of the Company, but it shall not be a necessary qualification for an Auditor that he be a Shareholder of the Company, and no Director or officer of the Company shall during his continuance in office, be eligible as an Auditor.

131. The Directors shall appoint the first Auditor of the Company and fix his remuneration. He shall hold office till the Second General Meeting of the Company. All subsequent appointments shall, except as is hereinafter mentioned, be made at the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company in each year by the Shareholders present thereat, and the Auditor or Auditors appointed at such meeting shall hold office only until the first Ordinary General Meeting after his or their appointments, or until otherwise ordered by a General Meeting.

132. The remuneration of the Auditors other than the first shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting, and this remuneration may from time to time be varied by a General Meeting.

133. Retiring Auditors shall be eligible for re-election.

134. If any vacancy that may occur in the office of Auditor is not supplied at the next Ordinary General Meeting, or if any casual vacancy shall occur in the office of Auditor, the Directors shall fill up the vacancy by the appointment of a person who shall hold the office until the next Ordinary General Meeting after his appointment.

135. Every Auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet intended to be laid before the next Ordinary General Meeting after his appointment, and it shall be his duty to examine the same with the accounts and vouchers relating thereto, and to report thereon to the meeting generally or specially, as he may think fit.

136. The Auditor or Auditors for the time being shall have a list delivered to him or them of all books kept by the Company, and he or they shall at all reasonable hours in the day time have access to all accounts, books, and documents whatsoever of the Company for the purpose of audit.

DIVIDENDS, BONUS, AND RESERVE FUND.

137. The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting from time to time, declare a dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders in proportion to the amount paid on their shares, but no dividend shall be payable except out of nett profits.

138. The Directors may, if they think fit, determine on and declare an interim dividend to be paid, or pay a bonus to the Shareholders on account and in anticipation of the dividend for the then current year.

139. The Directors may, before recommending any dividend or bonus, set aside out of the profits of the Company such a sum as they think proper as a reserve fund, and shall invest the same in such securities as they may with the sanction of the Company select, or shall place the same in fixed deposit in any bank or banks.

140. The Directors may from time to time apply such portions as they think fit of the reserve fund to meet contingencies, or for equalizing dividends, or for working the business of the Company, or for repairing, or maintaining, or extending the buildings and premises of the Company, or for the repair or renewal or extension of the property or plant of the Company or any part thereof, or for any other purpose connected with the interest of the Company that they may from time to time deem expedient.

141. No unpaid dividend or bonus shall ever bear interest against the Company.

142. No Shareholder shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividend or bonus in respect of his share or shares whilst any moneys may be due or owing from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company in respect of such share or shares, or otherwise howsoever.

143. The Directors may deduct from the dividend or bonus payable to any Shareholder all such sums of money as may be due from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company, and notwithstanding the fact that such sums or any of them are not payable until after the date when such dividend or bonus is payable.

144. Notice of any dividend that has been declared, or of any bonus to be paid, shall be given to each Shareholder entitled thereto, and any dividend or bonus unclaimed by any Shareholder for three years after notice thereof is given may be forfeited by Directors for the benefit of the Company, and, if the Directors think fit, may be applied in augmentation of the reserve fund.

145. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any partner of such firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm.

146. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by several persons jointly other than a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any one of such persons.

147. Any General Meeting declaring a dividend may direct payment of such dividend wholly or in part by the distribution of specific assets and in particular of paid up shares, debentures or debenture stock of the Company or of any other company or in any one or more of such ways, and the Directors shall give effect to such direction; and when any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution they may settle the same as they think expedient, and in particular may issue fractional certificates and may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof, and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any Shareholders upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties, and may vest any such specific assets in trustees upon such trusts for the persons entitled to the dividend as may seem expedient to the Directors where requisite a proper contract shall be filed, and the Directors may appoint any person to sign such contract on behalf of the persons entitled to the dividend, and such appointment shall be effectual.

NOTICES.

148. Notices from the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed or written) of the Agent or Secretary, Agents or Secretaries, or persons appointed by the Board to authenticate the same.

149. Every Shareholder shall give an address in Ceylon, which shall be deemed to be his place of abode, and shall be registered as such in the books of the Company.

150. A notice may be served by the Company upon any Shareholder, either personally or by being sent through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to such Shareholder, at his registered address or place of abode, and any notice so

served shall be deemed to be well served, notwithstanding that the Shareholder to whom such notice is addressed be dead, unless his executors or administrators shall have given to the Directors, or to the Agent or Secretary, or Agents or Secretaries of the Company, their own or some other address to which notices may be sent.

151. All notices directed to be given to Shareholders shall, with respect to any share to which persons are jointly entitled other than a firm, be given to whichever of such persons is named first in the Register of Shareholders, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares.

152. Any notice if served by post shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the letter containing the same would in ordinary course of post have been delivered at its address, and in proving such service, it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and put into a post office or post box, and the entry in the Company's books of the leaving or sending by post of any notice at or to such address shall be sufficient evidence thereof, and no further evidence shall be necessary.

153. Every Shareholder residing out of Ceylon shall name and register in the books of the Company an address within Ceylon at which all notices shall be served upon him, and all notices served at such address shall be deemed to be well served. If he shall not have named and registered such an address, he shall not be entitled to any notice.

All notices required to be given by advertisement shall be published in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*.

ARBITRATION.

154. Whenever any question or other matter whatsoever arises in dispute between the Company and any other company or person, the same may be referred by the Directors to arbitration.

EVIDENCE.

155. On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought or instituted by the Company against any Shareholder or his representatives to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is or was, when the claim arose, on the Register of Shareholders of the Company as a holder of the number of shares in respect of which such claim is made, and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company; and it shall not be necessary to prove the registration of the Company, nor the appointment of the Directors who made any call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made, nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debts.

PROVISION RELATIVE TO WINDING UP OR DISSOLUTION OF THE COMPANY.

156. Any Shareholder, whether a Director or not, and whether alone or jointly with any other Shareholder or Director, and any person not a Shareholder, may become the purchaser of the property of the Company, or any part thereof in the event of a winding up or a dissolution or at any other time, when a sale of the Company's property or effect or any part thereof shall be made by the Directors under the powers hereby under the Ordinance conferred on them.

In witness thereof the subscribers to the Articles of Association have hereto set and subscribed their names at Badulla on the dates hereinafter mentioned.

This is the signature of AHAMADU HADJIAR MOHAMADU ABDULLA ALIM SAIBO, of Moneragala :—
 ආහමදු හද්‍යාර් මොහමදු අබ්දුල්ලා අලිම් සායිබු.

This is the signature of MERA LEBBE MARIKAR MATHECHAM MOHAMADU ISMAIL, of Passara :—
 ම. ල. මොහමදු මරිකර් මත්චෙච්ඡාම මොහමදු ඔස්මායිල්.

This is the signature of UDUMA LEBBE MARIKAR MOHAMADU ABBUBAKER, of Wellawaya :—
 ඊ. ඉ. අබ්බුකර් ඊ. ලෙබ්බෙ මරිකර් මොහමදු අබ්බුබාකර්.

This is the signature of ISMAIL LEBBE MARIKAR ABDUL HAMEEDU, of Tissamaharama :—
 ඔස්මායිල් ලෙබ්බෙ මරිකර් අබ්දුල් හමීදු.

This is the signature of AHAMADU HADJIAR NOOR MOHAMMEDO, of Moneragala :—
 A. H. NOOR MOHAMMEDO

Witness to the above signatures, at Badulla, this 3rd day of May, 1918 :

ALFRED BARTHOLOMEUSZ,
 Proctor, Badulla.

This is the signature of KUNJI BAWA ABDUL LATIFF, of Wellawaya :—
 ඊ. අබ්දුල් ලාතිෆ්, ඉන්ජිනියර් අබ්දුල් ලාතිෆ්.

This is the signature of AHAMADU HADJIAR MOHAMADU SALIHU, of Moneragala :—
 A. H. M. SALIHU

Witness to the above signatures, at Buttala, this 7th day of May, 1918 :

C. F. DEUTROM,
 District Medical Officer.

2nd Publication
 2

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF DARTONFIELD ESTATE, LIMITED.

1. The name of the Company is "DARTONFIELD ESTATE, LIMITED."
2. The registered office of the Company is to be established in Colombo.
3. The objects for which the Company is to be established are—
 - (a) To purchase from the proprietors thereof the Dartonfield estate, situated in Matugama, in the District of Kalutara, Western Province.
 - (b) To purchase, lease, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any of the land or lands, or any share or shares thereof, and any buildings, mines, minerals, mining and mineral properties and rights, machinery, implements, tools, live and dead stock, stores, effects, and other property, real or personal, movable or immovable, of any kind, and any rights, easements, patents, licenses, or privileges in Ceylon or elsewhere (including the benefit of any trade mark or trade secret which may be thought necessary or convenient for the purpose of the Company's business), and to erect, construct, maintain, or alter any buildings, machinery, plant, roads, ways, or other works, or methods of communication.
 - (c) To appoint, engage, employ, maintain, provide for, and dismiss attorneys, agents, superintendents, managers, clerks, coolies, and other labourers and servants in Ceylon or elsewhere, and to remunerate any such at such rate as shall be thought fit, and to grant pensions or gratuities to any such or the widow or children of any such.

- (d) To clear, open, plant, cultivate, improve, and develop the said property or any portion thereof, and any other land or lands that may be purchased, leased, or otherwise acquired by the Company in Ceylon or elsewhere, or portions thereof, as a rubber estate or estates, or with any other products, trees, plants, or crops that may be approved by the Company, and to plant, grow, and produce rubber, coconuts, tea, coffee, cinchona, cacao, cardamoms, rhea, ramie plants, trees, and other natural products in Ceylon or elsewhere.
- (e) To build, make, construct, equip, maintain, improve, alter, and work rubber and tea factories, coconut and coffee curing mills and other manufactories, buildings, erections, roads, tramways, or other works conducive to any of the Company's objects, or to contribute to or subsidize such.
- (f) To enter into any arrangement or agreement with Government or any authorities and obtain rights, concessions, and privileges.
- (g) To hire, lease, or purchase land either with any other person or company or otherwise, and to erect a factory and other buildings thereon or on any land already leased or owned by the Company at the cost of the Company and such other person or company or otherwise.
- (h) To lease any factory or other buildings from any company or person.
- (i) To enter into any agreement with any company or person for the working of any factory erected or leased as provided in (g) or (h), or for the manufacture and preparation for market of tea, or any other produce in such or any other factory.
- (j) To prepare, cure, manufacture, treat, and prepare for market rubber, coconuts, plumbago, minerals, tea, and (or) other crops or produce, and to sell, ship, and dispose of such rubber, coconuts, plumbago, minerals, tea, crops, and produce, either raw or manufactured, at such times and places and in such manner as shall be deemed expedient.
- (k) To buy, sell, warehouse, transport, trade, and deal in rubber, coconuts, tea, coffee, and other plants and seed, and rice and other food required for coolies, labourers, and others employed on estates, and other products, wares, merchandise, articles, and things of any kind whatever.
- (l) To work mines or quarries, and to find, win, get, work, crush, smelt, manufacture, or otherwise deal with ores, metals, minerals, oils, precious and other stones, deposits, and products, and generally to carry on the business of miners, manufacturers, growers, planters, and exporters of rubber, coconuts, and other products, or any such business on behalf of the Company or as agents for others and on commission or otherwise.
- (m) To establish and carry on a dairy farm, and to buy and sell live stock, and to sell and deal in milk and dairy produce, wholesale or retail.
- (n) To establish and maintain in the United Kingdom, Ceylon, or elsewhere stores, shops, and places for the sale of rubber, coconuts, tea, coffee, cacao, and articles of food, drink, or refreshment, wholesale or retail; and to establish in any part or parts of the world agencies for carrying on or developing the business of the Company or any branch thereof; and generally to carry on the business of merchants, exporters, importers, traders, engineers, or any other trade, business, or undertaking whatsoever.
- (o) To cultivate, manage, and superintend estates and properties in Ceylon or elsewhere, and generally to undertake the business of estate agents in Ceylon and elsewhere, to act as agents for the investment, loan, payment, transmission, and collection of money, and for the purchase, sale, improvement, development, and management of property, including concerns and undertakings, and to transact any other agency business of any kind.
- (p) To let, lease, sell, exchange, or mortgage the Company's estates, lands, buildings, or other property or any part or parts thereof, whether in consideration of rents, money, or securities for money, shares, debentures, or securities in any other company or for any other consideration, and otherwise to trade in, dispose of, or deal with the same or any part thereof.
- (q) To borrow or receive on loan money for the purpose of the Company upon the security of cash, credit bonds, or of hypothecation or mortgages of the Company's property or any part or parts thereof or otherwise, as shall be thought most expedient, and in particular by the issue of debentures, debenture stock, or bonds to bearer or otherwise, either charged upon all or any part of the Company's present or future property (including uncalled capital) or not so charged, as shall be thought best.
- (r) To cause or permit any debenture stock, bonds, debentures, mortgages, charges, incumbrances, liens, or securities of or belonging to or made or issued by the Company or affecting its property or rights or any of the terms thereof to be renewed, extended, varied, redeemed, exchanged, transferred, or satisfied, as shall be thought fit, also to pay off and re-borrow the moneys secured thereby or any part or parts thereof.
- (s) To draw, make, accept, and endorse bills of lading, warrants, bills of exchange, promissory notes, and other transferable or negotiable instruments for the purposes of the Company.
- (t) To unite, co-operate, amalgamate, or enter into partnership or any arrangement for sharing profits of union of interests or any other arrangement with any person or company already engaged in or hereafter to be established for the purpose of carrying on any business having objects wholly or in part similar or analogous or subsidiary to those of the Company or to any of them, or capable of being conducted so as to benefit this Company either directly or indirectly, and to subscribe for or otherwise acquire for the benefit and in the name of the Company or otherwise and pay for in any manner that may be agreed upon, either in money or in shares or bonds or otherwise, and to hold any shares, stock, or other interest in any such company, and to promote the formation of any such company.
- (u) To amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to this Company.
- (v) To acquire by purchase in money, shares, bonds, or otherwise, and undertake all or any part of the business, property, assets, and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business in Ceylon or elsewhere which this Company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this Company.
- (w) To sell the property, business, or undertaking of the Company, or any part or parts thereof, for such consideration as the Company shall think fit, and in particular for shares, stocks, debentures, or securities of any other company.
- (x) To procure the Company to be registered or incorporated in Ceylon, and, if and when necessary or thought advisable, elsewhere.
- (y) To lend money on any terms and in any manner and on any security, and in particular on the security of plantations, factories, growing crops, produce, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bonds, bills of lading, warrants, stocks, shares, debentures, and book debts, or without any security at all, and generally to transact financial business of any kind.
- (z) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined.

- (z 1) To promote and establish any other company whatsoever, and to subscribe to and hold the shares or stock of any other company or any part thereof.
- (z 2) To pay for any lands and real or personal, immovable or movable, estate or property or assets of any kind acquired or to be acquired by the Company, or for any services rendered or to be rendered to the Company, and generally to pay or discharge any consideration to be paid or given by the Company in money or in shares or debentures or debenture stock or obligations of the Company, or partly in one way and partly in another, or otherwise howsoever with power to issue any shares either fully or partly paid up for such purpose.
- (z 3) To accept as consideration for the sale or disposal of any lands and real and personal, immovable and movable, estate, property, and assets of the Company of any kind sold or otherwise disposed of by the Company or in discharge of any other consideration to be received by the Company in money or in shares, the shares (whether wholly or partially paid up) of any company, or the mortgages, debentures, or obligations of any company or person or partly one and partly other.
- (z 4) To distribute among the Shareholders in specie any property of the Company, whether by way of dividend or upon a return of capital, but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital be made, except with the sanction for the time being required by law.
- (z 5) To do all such other things as shall be incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects above mentioned or any of them or any one or more of the objects aforesaid, it being hereby declared that in the foregoing clauses (unless a contrary intention appears) the word "Company" includes companies or corporations, and the word "person" any number of persons, and that the other objects specified in any paragraph are not to be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other paragraph.

4. The liability of the Shareholders is limited.

5. The nominal capital of the Company is One hundred thousand Rupees (Rs. 100,000), divided into Ten thousand (10,000) shares of Ten Rupees (Rs. 10) each, with power to increase or reduce the capital. The shares forming the capital (original, increased, or reduced) of the Company may be subdivided or consolidated or divided into such classes with any preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto, and be held upon such terms as may be prescribed by the Articles of Association and Regulations of the Company for the time being, or otherwise.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names:—

Name and Address of Subscribers.	Number of Shares taken by each Subscriber.
F. JAS. HAWKES, Colombo	One
J. W. OLDFIELD, Kalutara South (by his attorney F. JAS. HAWKES)	One
J. G. MOORE, Colombo	One
E. E. POWELL (by his attorney W. E. KEELL, Colombo)	One
W. E. KEELL, Colombo	One
F. W. TRELOAR, Colombo	One

Witness to the above six signatures, this 5th day of June, 1918:

V. A. JULIUS,
Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo.

F. W. CHALK, Colombo	One
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Witness to the above signature, this 6th day of June, 1918:

V. A. JULIUS,
Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo.

Total number of Shares taken .. Seven

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF DARTONFIELD ESTATE, LIMITED.

THE regulations contained in the Table C in the schedule annexed to "The Joint Stock Companies Ordinance 1861," shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these Articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution.

The Company may, by special resolution, alter and make provisions instead of, or in addition to, any of the regulations of the Company, whether contained and comprised in these Articles or not.

INTERPRETATION CLAUSE.

1. In the interpretation of these presents the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless such meanings be inconsistent with, or repugnant to, the subject or context, viz. :—

The word "Company" means "Dartonfield Estate, Limited," incorporated or established by or under the Memorandum of Association to which these Articles are attached.

"The Ordinance" means and includes "The Joint Stock Companies Ordinance, 1861," and every other Ordinance from time to time in force concerning Joint Stock Companies which may apply to the Company.

"These presents" means and includes the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association of the Company from time to time in force.

"Capital" means the capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purposes of the Company.

"Shares" means the shares from time to time into which the capital of the Company may be divided.

"Shareholder" means any person whose name is entered in the Register of Shareholders as owner or joint owner of any share in the Company.

"Presence or present" at a meeting means presence or present personally or by proxy or by attorney.

"Directors" means the Directors for the time being of the Company or (as the case may be) the Directors assembled at a Board.

"Board" means a meeting of the Directors or (as the context may require) the Directors assembled at a Board Meeting, acting through at least a quorum of their body in the exercise of authority duly given to them.

"Persons" means partnerships, associations, corporations, companies, unincorporated or incorporated by Ordinance and registration, as well as individuals.

- "Office" means the registered office for the time being of the Company.
 "Seal" means the common seal for the time being of the Company.
 "Month" means a calendar month.
 "Writing" means printed matter or print as well as writing.
 Words importing the singular number only include the plural, and *vice versa*.
 Words importing the masculine gender only include the feminine, and *vice versa*.
 "Holder" means a Shareholder.

BUSINESS.

2. The Company may proceed to carry out the objects for which it is established, and to employ and apply its capital as soon after the registration of the Company as the Directors in their discretion shall think fit; and if the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed, applied for, or allotted as soon as, in the judgment of the Directors, a sufficient number of shares shall have been subscribed or applied for.
 3. The business of the Company shall be carried on by, or under the management or direction of, the Directors, and subject only to the control of General Meetings in accordance with these presents.

CAPITAL.

4. The nominal capital of the Company is One hundred thousand Rupees (Rs. 100,000), divided into 10,000 shares of Ten Rupees (Rs. 10) each.
 5. The Directors may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company in General Meeting, increase the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares of such amounts per share and in the aggregate and with such special, preferential, deferred, qualified, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto, as such resolution shall direct, and they shall have power to add to such new shares such an amount of premium as may be considered expedient.
 6. Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the same provisions in all respects with reference to the payments of allotment money, calls, and instalments, transfer, transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrender, and otherwise, as if it had formed part of the original capital.
 7. The Directors may in like manner, and with like sanction, reduce the capital or subdivide or consolidate the shares of the Company.

SHARES.

8. The Company may call up the balance capital whenever the Directors shall think fit, and may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid and the time of payment of such calls.
 9. If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the holder of the shares.
 10. The shares, except when otherwise provided, shall be allotted at the discretion of and by the Directors, who may from time to time issue any unissued shares, and may add to such shares such an amount of premium as they consider proper. Provided that such unissued shares shall first be offered by the Directors to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may, at their discretion, allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estates or lands, being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates or lands, or as remuneration for work done for or services rendered to the Company and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders.
 11. In case of the increase of the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares, such new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions, and with such preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights and privileges annexed thereto, as the General Meeting resolving on the creation thereof, or any other General Meeting of the Company, shall direct; and if no direction be given, as the Directors shall determine, and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to the dividends, and in the distribution of assets of the Company and with a special or without any right of voting.
 Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the meeting that sanctions the increase of capital, all new shares shall be offered to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them; and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined; and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may, at their discretion, allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estates or lands being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates or lands, and that without offering the share so allotted to the Shareholders.
 12. Every person taking any share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof by writing under his hand in such form as the Company may from time to time direct.
 13. Shares may be registered in the name of a firm or partnership, and any partner of the firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm shall be entitled to vote and to give proxies in respect of shares registered in the name of the firm.
 14. Shares may be registered in the names of two or more persons jointly.
 15. Any one of the joint-holders of a share other than a firm may give effectual receipts for any dividends payable in respect of such share; but only one of such joint-shareholders shall be entitled to the right of voting and of giving proxies and exercising the other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, and if the joint-holders cannot arrange amongst themselves as to who shall vote or give proxies and exercise such other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, the Shareholder whose name stands first on the register of shares shall vote or give proxies and exercise those rights and powers; provided, however, that in the event of such first registered Shareholder being absent from the Island, the first registered Shareholder then resident in Ceylon shall vote or give proxies and exercise all such rights and powers as aforesaid.
 16. In case of the death of any one or more of the joint-holders of any shares, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognized by the Company as having any title to, or interest in, such shares.
 17. The Company shall not be bound to recognize (even though having notice of) any contingent, future, partial, or equitable interest in the nature of a trust or otherwise in any share, or any other right in respect of any share, except any absolute right thereto in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof, and except also the right of any person under clause 36 to become a Shareholder in respect of any share.
 18. The joint-holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all instalments and calls due in respect of such share.

19. Every Shareholder shall be entitled to a certificate or certificates under the common seal of the Company, specifying the share or shares held by him and the amount paid thereon.

20. If any certificate be worn out or defaced, then, upon production thereof to the Directors, they may order the same to be cancelled and may issue a new certificate in lieu thereof; and if any certificate be lost or destroyed, then, upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Directors, and on such indemnity as the Directors deem adequate being given, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the person entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate. A sum of fifty cents shall be payable for such new certificate.

21. The certificate of shares registered in the names of two or more persons not a firm shall be delivered to the person first named on the register.

CALLS.

22. The Directors may, from time to time, make such calls as they think fit upon the Shareholders in respect of all moneys unpaid on their shares, and not by the conditions of allotment made payable at fixed times; provided that six months' notice at least shall be given to the Shareholders of the time and place appointed for payment of each call; and each Shareholder shall pay the amount of every call so made to the persons and at the time and place appointed by the Directors.

23. If any Shareholder fail to pay the amount of any call due by him on or before the day appointed for payment thereof, he shall be liable to pay interest for the same at the rate of nine per centum per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment.

24. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorizing the call was passed.

25. The Directors shall have power in their absolute discretion to give time to any one or more Shareholder or Shareholders, exclusive of the others, for payment of any call or part thereof on such terms as the Directors may determine. But no Shareholder shall be entitled to any such extension, except as a matter of grace or favour.

26. The Directors may at their discretion receive from any of the Shareholders willing to advance the same, and upon such terms as they think fit, all or any part of the moneys due upon their respective shares beyond the sums actually called for; and upon the moneys so paid in advance, or upon so much thereof as from time to time and at any time thereafter exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon, and due in respect of, the shares in respect of which some advances have been made, the Board may pay or allow interest at such rate as the Shareholders paying such sums in advance, and the Directors may agree upon not exceeding, however, six per centum per annum.

TRANSFER OF SHARES.

27. Subject to the restriction of these Articles any Shareholder may transfer all or any of his shares by instrument in writing.

28. No transfer of shares shall be made to an infant or person of unsound mind.

29. The Company shall keep a book or books to be called "The Register of Transfers," in which shall be entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share.

30. The Board may, at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion, decline to register any transfer of shares by a Shareholder who is indebted to the Company, or upon whose shares the Company have a lien or otherwise; or in case of shares not fully paid up to any person not approved by them; and in no case shall a Shareholder or proposed transferee be entitled to require the Directors to state the reason of their refusal to register, but their declinature shall be absolute.

31. Every instrument of transfer must be left at the office of the Company to be registered, accompanied by the certificate for the shares to be transferred and by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferor, and a fee of one rupee and fifty cents, or such other sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine, must be paid to the Company for the registration of every such transfer; upon payment whereof the Directors, subject to the powers vested in them by Article 30, shall register the transferee as a Shareholder, and retain the instrument of transfer.

32. The Directors may, by such means as they shall deem expedient, authorize the registration of transferees as Shareholders, without the necessity of any meeting of the Directors for that purpose.

33. In no case shall the Directors be bound to inquire into the validity, legal effect, or genuineness of any instrument of transfer produced by a person claiming a transfer of any share in accordance with these Articles; and whether they abstain from so inquiring, or do so inquire and are misled, the transferor shall have no claim whatsoever upon the Company in respect of the share, except for the dividends previously declared in respect thereof, but only, if at all, upon the transferee.

34. The Register of Transfers may be closed at such times and for such periods as the Directors may from time to time determine, provided always that it shall not be closed for more than twenty-one days in any year.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

35. The executors, or administrators, or the heirs of a deceased Shareholder shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to the shares of such Shareholder.

36. Any guardian of any infant Shareholder, or any committee of a lunatic Shareholder, or any person becoming entitled to shares in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or liquidation of any Shareholder, or in any other way than by transfer shall, upon securing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this clause, or of his title, as the Directors think sufficient, be forthwith entitled, subject to the provisions herein contained, to be registered as a Shareholder in respect of such shares; or may, subject to the regulations as to transfers hereinbefore contained, transfer the same to some other person.

37. If any person who shall become entitled to be registered in respect of any share under clause 36 shall not, from any cause whatever, within twelve calendar months after the event on the happening of which his title shall accrue, be registered in respect of such share, or if in the case of the death of any Shareholder no person shall, within twelve calendar months after such death, be registered as a Shareholder in respect of the shares of such deceased Shareholder, the Company may sell such shares, either by public auction or private contract, and give a receipt for the purchase money, and the purchaser shall be entitled to be registered in respect of such share, and shall not be bound to inquire whether the events have happened which entitled the Company to sell the same, and the nett proceeds of such sale, after deducting all expenses and all moneys in respect of which the Company is entitled to a lien on the shares so sold, shall be paid to the person entitled thereto.

SURRENDER AND FORFEITURE OF SHARES.

38. The Directors may accept, in the name and for the benefit of the Company, and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed, a surrender of the shares of Shareholders who may be desirous of retiring from the Company.

39. If any Shareholder fails to pay any call or instalment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Directors may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on such Shareholder requiring him to pay the same, together with any interest that may have accrued, and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

The notice shall name a day (not being less than one month from the date of the notice) on, and a place or places at, which such call or instalment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state that in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

If the requisition of such notice as aforesaid be not complied with, every or any share or shares in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of calls or instalments with interest and expenses due in respect thereof, be declared forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

40. Any Shareholder whose shares have been so declared forfeited shall, notwithstanding, be liable to pay, and shall forthwith pay to the Company, all calls, instalments, interest, and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of forfeiture until payment at nine per centum per annum, and the Directors may enforce the payment thereof if they think fit.

41. Every share surrendered or so declared forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of upon such terms and in such manner as the Board shall think fit.

42. The surrender or forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in, and also of all claims and demands against the Company in respect of the share and the proceeds thereof, and all other rights incident to the share, except only such of those rights (if any) as by these presents are expressly saved.

43. A certificate in writing under the hands of one of the Directors and of the Secretary that a share has been duly surrendered or forfeited, stating the time when it was surrendered or forfeited, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons who would have been entitled to the share but for such surrender or forfeiture, and such certificate and the receipt of the Company for the price of such share shall constitute a good title to such share, and a certificate of proprietorship shall be delivered to any person who may purchase the same from the Company, and thereupon such purchaser shall be deemed the holder of such share, discharged from all calls due prior to such purchase; and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to such share be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture or sale.

44. The Directors may in their discretion remit or annul the forfeiture of any share within six months from the date thereof upon the payment of all moneys due to the Company from the late holder or holders of such share or shares, and all expenses incurred in relation to such forfeiture, together with such further sum of money, by way of redemption money for the deficit, as they shall think fit, not being less than nine per centum per annum on the amount of the sums wherein default in payment had been made, but no share *bona fide* sold or re-allotted or otherwise disposed of under Article 41 hereof shall be redeemable after sale or disposal.

45. The Company shall have a first charge or paramount lien upon all the shares of any holder or joint-holders for all moneys for the time being due to the Company by such holder or by all or any of such joint-holders respectively, either in respect of such shares or of other shares held by such holder or joint-holders or in respect of any other debt, liability, or engagement whatsoever and whether due from any such holder individually or jointly with others, including all calls which the Directors shall have resolved to make, although the times appointed for the payment thereof shall not have arrived; and where any share is held by more persons than one, the Company shall be entitled to the said charge or lien in respect of any money due to the Company from any of such persons; and the Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares subject to such charge or lien.

46. Such charge or lien may be made available by a sale of all or any of the shares subject to it, provided that no such sale shall be made except under a resolution of the Directors, and until notice in writing shall have been given to the indebted Shareholder or his executors or administrators, or the assignee or trustee in his bankruptcy, requiring him or them to pay the amount for the time being due to the Company, and default shall have been made for twenty-eight days from such notice in paying the sum thereby required to be paid. Should the Shareholder over whose share the lien exists be in England or elsewhere abroad, sixty days' notice shall be allowed him.

47. The net proceeds of any such sale shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of such debts, liabilities, or engagements, and the residue (if any) paid to such Shareholder or his representatives.

48. A certificate in writing under the hands of one of the Directors and of the Secretary, that the power of sale given by clause 46 has arisen, and is exercisable by the Company under these presents, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated.

49. Upon any such sale two of the Directors may execute a transfer of such share to the purchaser thereof, and such transfer, with the certificate last aforesaid, shall confer on the purchaser a complete title to such shares.

PREFERENCE SHARES.

50. Any shares from time to time to be issued or created may from time to time be issued with any such right of preference, whether in respect of dividend or of payment of capital, or both, or any such other special privilege or advantage over any shares previously issued, or then about to be issued (other than shares issued with a preference), or at such a premium, or with such deferred rights as compared with any shares previously issued, or then about to be issued, or subject to any such conditions or provisions, and with any such right, or without any right of voting, and generally on such terms as the Company may from time to time by special resolution determine.

51. If at any time, by the issue of preference shares or otherwise, the capital is divided into shares of different classes, then the holders of any class of shares may, by an extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of such holders consent, on behalf of all the holders of shares of the class, to the issue or creation of any shares ranking equally therewith, or having any priority thereto, or to the abandonment of any preference or priority, or of any accrued dividend, or the reduction for any time or permanently of the dividends payable thereon, or to any scheme for the reduction of the Company's capital affecting the class of shares, and such resolution shall be binding upon all the holders of shares of the class, provided that this Article shall not be read as implying the necessity for such consent in any case in which, but for this Article, the object of the resolutions could have been effected without it.

52. Any meeting for the purpose of the last preceding clause shall be convened and conducted in all respects as nearly as possible in the same way as an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, provided that no member, not being a Director, shall be entitled to notice thereof or to attend thereat, unless he be a holder of shares of the class intended to be affected by the resolution, and that no vote shall be given except in respect of a share of that class, and that at any such meeting a poll may be demanded in writing by any members personally present and entitled to vote at the meeting.

BORROWING POWERS.

53. The Directors shall have power to procure from time to time, in the usual course of business, such temporary advances on the produce in hand, or in the future to be obtained from the Company's estates, as they may find necessary or expedient for the purpose of defraying the expenses of working the Company's estates, or of erecting, maintaining, improving, or extending buildings, machinery, or plantations, or otherwise. Also from time to time at their discretion to borrow or raise from the Directors or other persons any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company, provided that the money so borrowed or raised and owing at any one time shall not, without the sanction of a General Meeting, exceed Rupees Forty thousand (Rs. 40,000), but the Directors shall not have power to mortgage or hypothecate any of the property of the Company as security for the repayment of such sum or sums of money without the sanction of a General Meeting.

54. With the sanction of a General Meeting the Board shall be entitled to borrow such further sum or sums and at such rate of interest as such meeting shall determine. A certificate under the hands of one Director and the Secretary, or of two Directors, to the effect that in taking any loan the Directors are not exceeding their borrowing powers, shall be sufficient and binding on the Company and all concerned, and shall be conclusive evidence thereof in all questions between the Company and its creditors.

55. For the purpose of securing the repayment of any such moneys so borrowed or raised, or for any other purposes, the Directors may with the sanction of a General Meeting grant, create, execute, and issue any mortgages, cash credits, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company, charged upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, lands, property, rights, and assets of the Company, both present and future, including uncalled capital or unpaid calls, or may make, accept, or endorse on behalf of the Company any promissory notes or bills of exchange.

56. Any such securities may be issued, either at par or at a premium or discount, and may from time to time be cancelled, discharged, varied, or exchanged, as the Directors may think fit, and may contain special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, or otherwise.

57. Every debenture or other instrument issued by the Company for securing the payment of money may be so framed that the moneys thereby secured shall be assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

GENERAL MEETINGS.

58. The First General Meeting shall be held at such time, not being more than twelve months after the incorporation of the Company, and at such place as the Directors may determine.

59. Subsequent General Meetings shall be held once in every year at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if no time or place is so prescribed, then at such place and at such time as soon after the first day in each year as may be determined by the Directors.

60. The General Meetings mentioned in the last preceding clause shall be called Ordinary General Meetings; all other meetings of the Company shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.

61. The Directors may, whenever they think fit, call an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, and the Directors shall do so upon a requisition made in writing by not less than one-eighth of the number of Shareholders of the Company for the time being, or by any Shareholder or Shareholders holding in the aggregate one-eighth part of the shares of the Company for the time being subscribed for.

62. Any requisition so made shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called, shall be addressed to the Directors, and shall be sent to the registered office of the Company.

Upon the receipt of such requisition the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such time and place as they shall determine. If they do not proceed to convene the same within seven days from the delivery of the requisition, the requisitionists may themselves convene an Extraordinary General Meeting to be held at such place and at such time as the Shareholders convening the meeting may themselves fix.

63. Any Shareholder may, on giving not less than ten days' previous notice of any resolution, submit the same to a meeting.

64. Such notice shall be given by leaving a copy of the resolution at the registered office of the Company.

65. Seven days' notice at least of every General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, and by whomsoever convened, specifying the place, date, hour of meeting, and the objects and business of the meeting, shall be given by advertisement in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*, or in such other manner (if any) as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting.

66. Every Ordinary General Meeting shall be competent, without special notice having been given of the purposes for which it is convened, or of the business to be transacted thereat, to receive and discuss any report and any accounts presented thereto by the Directors and to pass resolutions in approval or disapproval thereof, and to declare dividends, and to elect Directors and Auditors in the place of those retiring by rotation, and to fix the remuneration of the Auditors, and shall also be competent to enter upon, discuss, and transact any business whatsoever, of which special mention shall have been given in the notice or notices upon which the meeting was convened.

67. With the exceptions mentioned in the foregoing Articles as to the business which may be transacted at Ordinary General Meetings without notice, no General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss, or transact any business which has not been specially mentioned in the notice or notices upon which it was convened.

68. No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting except the declaration of a dividend recommended by a report of the Directors or election of a Chairman, unless there shall be present or represented at the commencement of the business two or more Shareholders entitled to vote.

69. If at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting the required number of Shareholders shall not be present at the meeting, the meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of Shareholders, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, those Shareholders who are present shall be a quorum, and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.

70. The Chairman (if any) of the Directors shall be entitled to take the Chair at every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary; or if there be no Chairman, or if at any meeting he shall not be present at the time appointed for holding such meeting, or if he shall refuse to take the Chair, the Shareholders shall choose another Director as Chairman; and if no Directors be present or if all the Directors present decline to take the Chair, then the Shareholders present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman.

71. No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting except the election of a Chairman whilst the Chair is vacant.

72. The Chairman may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place, unless due notice thereof shall be given.

73. Minutes of the proceedings of every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall when so entered be signed as soon as practicable by the Chairman of the same meeting or by the Chairman of the succeeding meeting, and the same when so entered and signed shall be evidence of all such proceedings and of the proper election of the Chairman.

VOTING AT MEETINGS.

74. At any meeting every resolution shall be decided by a show of hands, and in case there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman at such meeting shall be entitled to give a casting vote in addition to the vote to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder; and unless a poll be immediately demanded by some member present and entitled to vote or in the case of a special resolution by three members present and entitled to vote, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the Minute Book of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

75. If at any meeting a poll be demanded by some Shareholder present at the meeting and entitled to vote, the meeting shall, if necessary, be adjourned, and the poll shall be taken at such time and place and in such manner as the Chairman shall direct, and in such case every Shareholder shall have the number of votes to which he may be entitled as

hereinafter provided, and in case at any such poll there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting at which such poll shall have been demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder and proxy, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in such meeting.

76. The demand of a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.

77. No poll shall be demanded on the election of a Chairman of the meeting or on any question of adjournment.

78. On a show of hands every Shareholder present in person shall have one vote. Where a Shareholder is present by an attorney who is not a Shareholder, such attorney shall be entitled to vote for such Shareholder on a show of hands. In case of a poll every Shareholder shall have one vote for every share held by him.

79. The parent or guardian or curator of an infant Shareholder, the committee or other legal guardian or curator of any lunatic Shareholder, the husband of any female Shareholder not entitled to her shares as separate estate, and the executor or administrator of any deceased Shareholder, or any one of such persons as aforesaid, if more than one, shall not be entitled to vote in the place of such infant, lunatic, female, or deceased person, unless such person shall have been registered as a Shareholder.

80. Votes may be given either personally or by proxy or by attorney.

81. No Shareholder shall be entitled to be present or to vote either personally or by proxy or by attorney at any meeting unless all calls due from him on his shares have been paid, and no Shareholder other than the trustee or assignee of a bankrupt or representative of a deceased Shareholder, shall be entitled to be present or to vote at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company, in respect of any share which he has acquired by transfer, unless he has been registered as the holder of the share in respect of which he claims to vote at least three months previously to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote.

82. No person shall be entitled to hold a proxy who is not a Shareholder in the Company, but this rule shall not apply to a power of attorney.

83. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be printed or written and shall be signed by the appointor (whether a Shareholder or his attorney), or if such appointor be a company or corporation it shall be under the common seal of such company or corporation.

84. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than twenty-four hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote.

The instrument appointing a proxy may be in the following form:—

Dartonfield Estate, Limited.

I, _____, of _____, appoint _____, of _____, as my proxy to represent me and to vote for me and on my behalf at the Ordinary (or Extraordinary, as the case may be) General Meeting of the Company to be held on the _____ day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and _____, and at any adjournment thereof, and at every poll which may be taken in consequence thereof.

As witness my hand, this _____ day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and _____.

85. No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney), except at the meeting or poll at which such vote shall be tendered, and every vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) to which no objection shall be made at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.

86. No Shareholder shall be prevented from voting by reason of his being personally interested in the result of the voting.

DIRECTORS.

87. The number of Directors shall never be less than two nor more than five, but this clause shall be construed as being directory only, and the continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any number of vacancies.

The qualification of a Director shall be his holding in his own right at least one (and not fully or partly paid shares in the Company upon which all calls for the time being have been paid, and this qualification shall apply as well to the first Directors as to all future Directors.

88. As a remuneration for their services, the Directors shall be entitled to appropriate a sum, not exceeding Three thousand Rupees (Rs. 3,000) annually, to be divided between them in such manner as they may determine, but the Company in General Meeting may at any time alter the amount of such remuneration for the future, and such remuneration shall not be considered as including any remuneration granted for special extra services hereinafter referred to, nor any extra remuneration to the Managing Directors of the Company.

89. The first Directors shall be Frederick William Tielor, John Gage Moore, and Frederick James Hawkes, who shall hold office till the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company, when they shall all retire, but shall be eligible for re-election.

90. One or more of the Directors may be appointed by the Directors to act as Secretary, Managing Director, or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Agents of the Company or Superintendents of any of the estates for such time and on such terms as the Directors may determine or may fix by agreement with the person or persons appointed to the office, and they may from time to time revoke such appointment and appoint another or other Secretary, Managing Director, or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Agents or Superintendents.

The Directors may confer on the Managing Director or Managing Directors all or any duties and powers that might be conferred on any Manager of the Company.

If any Director shall be called upon to perform any extra services, the Directors may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such services, either by way of salary, commission, or the payment of a lump sum of money, as they shall think fit.

Gordon Frazier and Company, Limited, shall be the sole Agents and Secretaries of this Company for a period of ten years from the incorporation thereof, and shall be entitled to such remuneration as the Directors shall from time to time determine.

ROTATION OF DIRECTORS.

91. At the First Ordinary General Meeting of the Company all the Directors shall retire from office, and at the first Ordinary General Meeting in every subsequent year one of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office as provided in clause 92.

92. The Director to retire from office at the Second, Third, Fourth, and Fifth Ordinary General Meeting shall, unless the Directors otherwise arrange among themselves, be determined by ballot, in every subsequent year the Directors to retire shall be those who have been longest in office.

93. In case any question shall arise as to which of the Directors who have been the same time in office shall retire, the same shall be decided by the Directors by ballot.

94. Retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.

95. The Ordinary General Meeting at which Directors retire or ought to retire by rotation shall appoint successors to them, and in default thereof, such successors may be appointed at a subsequent Ordinary General Meeting.

96. Any casual vacancy occurring in the number of Directors or provisional Directors arising from death, resignation, or otherwise, may be filled up by the Directors, but any person appointed to fill such vacancy shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Director would have retained the same if no vacancy had occurred.

97. A General Meeting may from time to time increase or reduce the number of Directors, and may also determine in what rotation such increased or reduced number is to go out of office.

98. If at any meeting at which an election of a Director ought to take place the place of a retiring Director is not filled up, the retiring Director may continue in office until the first Ordinary General Meeting in the next year, and so on from meeting to meeting until his place is filled up, unless it shall be determined at such meeting to reduce the number of Directors.

99. A Director may at any time give notice in writing of his intention to resign by delivering such notice to the Secretary, or by leaving the same at the registered office of the Company, or by tendering his written resignation at a meeting of the Directors, and on the acceptance of his resignation by the Directors, but not before, his office shall become vacant.

100. The Company may, by a special resolution, remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and may, by an ordinary resolution, appoint another person in his stead. The Director so appointed shall hold office only during such time as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.

101. Every Director or officer of the Company, and his heirs, executors, and administrators shall be indemnified by the Company from all losses and expenses incurred by him in or about the discharge of his duties, except such as happen from his respective wilful acts or defaults; and no Director or officer shall, nor shall the heirs, executors, or administrators of any Director or officer, be liable for the acts or defaults of any other Director or officer, or for any loss or expense happening to the Company by the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired for, or on behalf of the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested, or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency, or tortious act of any person with whom any moneys, securities, or effects shall be deposited, or for any other loss, damage, or misfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, unless the same happen through his own wilful act or default.

102. No contribution shall be required from any present or past Director or Manager exceeding the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares in respect of which he is liable as a present or past Shareholder.

DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS.

103. The office of the Director shall be vacated—

- (a) If he accepts or holds any office or place of profit other than Managing Director, Visiting Agent, Superintendent, or Secretary under the Company.
- (b) If he becomes bankrupt or insolvent, or suspends payment, or files a petition for the liquidation of his affairs, or compounds with his creditors.
- (c) If by reason of mental or bodily infirmity he becomes incapable of acting.
- (d) If he ceases to hold the required number of shares to qualify him for the office.
- (e) If he is concerned or participates in the profits of any contract with, or work done for, the Company.

Provided that no Director shall vacate his office by reason of his being a member of any corporation, company, or firm which has entered into any contract with, or done any work for, the Company of which he is a Director or by his being Agent, or Secretary, or Solicitor, or by his being a member of a firm who are Agents, or Secretaries, or Solicitors of the Company; nevertheless, he shall not vote in respect of any contract work or business in which he may be personally interested.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS.

104. The Directors shall have power to carry into effect the acquisition of the said Dartonfield estate, and the lease, purchase, or acquisition of any other lands, estates, or property they may think fit, or any share or shares thereof.

105. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors either by themselves or through a Managing Director, or with the assistance of an Agent or Agents and Secretary or Secretaries of the Company to be appointed by the Directors, for such a period and on such terms as they shall determine, and the Directors shall pay out of the funds of the Company all costs and expenses as well preliminary as otherwise, paid or incurred in and about the formation and the registration of the Company, and in and about the valuation, purchase, lease, or acquisition of the said estates and lands, and the opening, clearing, planting, and cultivation thereof and otherwise in or about the working and business of the Company.

106. The Directors shall have power to make, and may make, such rules or regulations for the management of the business and property of the Company as they may from time to time think proper, and shall carry on the business of the Company in such manner as they may think most expedient; and, in addition to the powers and authorities by any Ordinance or by these presents expressly conferred on them, they may exercise all such powers, give all such consents, make all such arrangements, appoint all such agents, managers, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, superintendents, assistants, clerks, artisans, labourers, and other servants for such period or periods, and with such remuneration, and at such salaries, and upon such terms and conditions as they may consider advisable, and may pay the expenses occasioned thereby out of the funds of the Company, and may from time to time remove or suspend all or any of the managers, agents, treasurers, accountants, officers, clerks, or servants of the Company for such reasons as they may think proper and advisable, and without assigning any cause for so doing.

107. The Directors shall exercise, in the name and on behalf of the Company, all such powers of the Company as are not expressly required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, and shall generally do all such acts and things as are or shall be by any Ordinance and by these presents directed and authorized to be exercised, given, made, or done by the Company and are not by any Ordinance or by these presents required to be exercised or done by, the Company in General Meeting, subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of any such Ordinances and of these presents and to such regulations and provisions (if any) as may from time to time be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting; but no regulations made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made.

The generality of the powers conferred by any clause in these presents on the Directors shall not be taken to be limited by any clause conferring any special or expressed power.

108. The Directors shall have power to appoint a proctor or proctors, solicitor or solicitors, attorney or attorneys, to assist in carrying on or protecting the business of the Company on such terms as they may consider proper, and from time to time to revoke such appointment.

109. The Directors shall have power to open from time to time on behalf of the Company any account or accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint, and also by such signatures as they may appoint to draw, accept, make, endorse, sign, and execute cheques, bills of exchange and promissory notes, bills of lading, receipts, contracts and agreements, bonds, mortgages, proxies to any proctor or proctors, and other documents on behalf of and to further the interests of the Company.

110. The seal of the Company shall not be affixed to any instrument except in the presence of two or more of the Directors, or of one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries, who shall attest the sealing thereof; such attestation on the part of the Secretaries, in the event of a firm or registered company being the Secretaries, being signified by a partner or duly authorized manager, secretary, attorney, or agent of the said firm or company, signing for and on behalf of the said firm or company as such Secretaries.

111. It shall be lawful for the Directors, if authorized so to do by a special resolution of the Shareholders of the Company in General Meeting, to arrange terms for the amalgamation of the Company with any other company or companies, or individual or individuals, or for the sale or disposal of the business, estates, and effects of the Company, or any part or parts, share or shares, thereof, respectively, to any company or companies, or person or persons, upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit; and the Directors shall have power to do all such things as may be necessary for carrying such amalgamation, sale, or other disposition into effect so far as a resolution or special resolution of the Company is not by law necessary for such purpose; and in case any terms so arranged by the Directors include or make necessary the dissolution of the Company, the Company shall be dissolved to that end.

112. In furtherance and not in limitation of, and without prejudice to, the general powers conferred or implied in the last preceding clause, and of the other powers conferred by these presents, it is hereby expressly declared that the Directors shall have the powers following (that is to say):—

- (a) To institute, conduct, defend, compromise, settle, or abandon any action, suit, prosecution, or other legal proceedings on behalf of the Company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due to or from the Company, and any claims or demands made by or against the Company.
- (b) To refer any claims or demands by or against the Company to arbitration and observe and perform or enforce the award.
- (c) To make and give receipts, releases, and other discharges for money payable to the Company, and for claims and demands by the Company.
- (d) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents, with power to accept the office of trustee, assignee, liquidator, or inspector, or any similar office.
- (e) To invest any of the moneys of the Company which the Directors may consider not to be immediately required for the purposes thereof upon such securities and in such manner as they may think fit, and so that they shall not be restricted to such securities as are permissible to trustees without special powers, and from time to time to vary or release such investments.
- (f) To delegate to any one or more of the Directors of the Company for the time being, or any other person or company for the time being, residing or carrying on business in Ceylon or elsewhere, all or any of the powers or functions given to or exercisable by the Directors; and to confer such powers for such time and to be exercised for such objects and purposes, and upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as the Directors may think expedient, and to confer such powers either collaterally with or to the exclusion of, and in the substitution for, all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf, and from time to time to revoke, withdraw, alter, or vary all or any such powers. The Directors may allow to any person or company to whom any powers may be so delegated such remuneration as they in their absolute discretion shall think fit.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

113. The Directors may meet for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings at such places and times and in such manner as they may think fit, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Until otherwise determined, two Directors shall be a quorum.

114. A Director may at any time summon a meeting of Directors.

115. The Board may elect a Chairman of their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office, and all meetings of the Directors shall be presided over by the Chairman, if one has been elected and is present, but if there be a vacancy in the office of Chairman, or if at any meeting of Directors the Chairman be not present at the time appointed for holding the same, then and in that case the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.

116. Any question which shall arise at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman thereof shall have a casting vote in addition to his vote as a Director.

117. The Board may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as the Board think fit, and they may from time to time revoke and discharge any such committee, either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee so formed shall, in exercise of the powers delegated to it, conform to all such regulations as may be prescribed by the Board. All acts done by any such committee, in conformity with such regulations and in the fulfilment of the purposes of their appointment, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.

118. The meetings and proceedings of such committees shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto, and are not superseded by the express terms of the appointment of such committee respectively, or any regulation imposed by the Board.

119. The acts of the Board and of any committees appointed by the Board shall, notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board or Committee, or defect in the appointment or qualification of any Director or of any member of the committee be as valid as if no such vacancy or defect had existed, and as if such person had been duly appointed or qualified, provided the same be done before the discovery of the vacancy or defect.

120. A resolution in writing, signed by all the Directors shall be as valid and effectual if it had been passed at a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted.

121. The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in a book or books to be provided for the purpose—

- (1) Of all appointments of (a) officers and (b) committees made by the Directors.
- (2) Of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors.
- (3) Of the names of the members of the Committee appointed by the Board present at each meeting of the Committee.
- (4) Of all orders made by the Directors.
- (5) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all General Meetings of the Company.
- (6) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of the Directors.
- (7) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of committees appointed by the Board.

122. All such minutes shall be signed by the person who shall have presided as Chairman at the General Meeting, the Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting at which the business minuted shall have been transacted, or by the person who shall preside as Chairman at the next ensuing General Meeting, or Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, as the case may be; and all minutes purporting to have been signed by any Chairman of any General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively, shall, for all purposes whatsoever, be *prima facie* evidence of the actual and regular passing of the resolutions, and the actual and regular transaction or occurrence of the proceedings and other matters purporting to be so recorded, and of the regularity of the meeting at which the same shall appear to have taken place, and of the Chairmanship and signature of the person appearing to have signed as Chairman, and of the date on which such meeting was held.

ACCOUNTS.

123. The Agent or Secretary or the Agents or Secretaries for the time being, or if there be no Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries, the Directors shall cause true accounts to be kept of the paid up capital for the time being of the Company, and of all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and of the matters in respect of which such sums were received and expended, and of the assets, credits, and liabilities of the Company, and generally of all its commercial, financial, and other affairs, transactions, and engagements, and of all other matters necessary for showing the true financial state and condition of the Company. The accounts shall be kept in such books and in such a manner at the registered office of the Company as the Directors think fit.

124. The Directors shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent, and at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the Company or of any of them shall be open to the inspection of the Shareholders, and no Shareholder shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company, except as conferred by statute or authorized by the Directors, or by a resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

125. At the Ordinary General Meeting in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company a statement of the income and expenditure of the Company for the previous financial year, and a balance sheet containing a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company made up to the end of the same period.

126. The statement so made shall show, arranged under the most convenient heads, the amount of gross income, distinguishing the several sources from which it has been derived, and the amount of gross expenditure, distinguishing the expense of the establishment, salaries, and other heads of expenditure. Every item of expenditure fairly chargeable against the year's income shall be brought into account, so that a just balance of profit and loss may be laid before the meeting, and in case where any item of expenditure which may in fairness be distributed over several years has been incurred in any one year, the whole amount of such item shall be stated, with the addition of the reasons why only a portion of such expenditure is charged against the income of the year.

127. The balance sheet shall contain a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company arranged under the heads appearing in the form annexed to the table referred to in Schedule C to "The Joint Stock Companies Ordinance, 1861," or as near thereto as circumstances admit.

128. Every such statement shall be accompanied by a report as to the state and condition of the Company, and as to the amount which the Directors recommend should be paid out of the profits by way of dividend or bonus to the Shareholders, and the statement, report, and balance sheet shall be signed by the Directors.

129. A printed copy of such balance sheet shall, at least seven days previous to such meeting, be delivered at or posted to the registered address of every Shareholder.

130. The accounts of the Company shall from time to time be examined, and the correctness of the balance sheet ascertained by one or more Auditor or Auditors.

AUDIT.

131. No person shall be eligible as an Auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Shareholder in any transaction of the Company, but it shall not be a necessary qualification for an Auditor that he be a Shareholder of the Company, and no Director or officer of the Company shall, during his continuance in office, be eligible as an Auditor.

132. The Directors shall appoint the first Auditor or Auditors of the Company and fix his or their remuneration. He or they shall hold office till the second General Meeting of the Company. All subsequent appointments shall, except as is hereinafter mentioned, be made at the Ordinary General Meeting of the Company in each year by the Shareholders present thereat, and the Auditor or Auditors appointed at such meeting shall hold office only until the first Ordinary General Meeting after his or their appointments, or until otherwise ordered by a General Meeting.

133. The remuneration of the Auditors other than the first shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting, and this remuneration may from time to time be varied by a General Meeting.

134. Retiring Auditors shall be eligible for re-election.

135. If any vacancy that may occur in the office of Auditor is not supplied at the Ordinary General Meeting, or if any casual vacancy shall occur in the office of Auditor, the Directors shall fill up the vacancy by the appointment of a person or persons who shall hold office until the next Ordinary General Meeting after his or their appointment.

136. Every Auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet intended to be laid before the next Ordinary General Meeting after his appointment, and it shall be his duty to examine the same with the accounts and vouchers relating thereto and to report thereon to the meeting, generally or specially, as he may think fit.

137. The Auditor or Auditors for the time being shall have a list delivered to him or them of all books kept by the Company, and he or they shall at all reasonable hours in the day time have access to all accounts, books, and documents whatsoever of the Company for the purpose of audit.

DIVIDENDS, BONUS, AND RESERVE FUND.

138. The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting from time to time, declare a dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders in proportion to the amount paid on their shares, but no dividend shall be payable except out of nett profits.

139. The Directors may, if they think fit, determine on and declare an interim dividend to be paid, or pay a bonus to the Shareholders on account and in anticipation of the dividend for the then current year.

140. The Directors may, before recommending any dividend or bonus, set aside out of the profits of the Company such a sum as they think proper as a reserve fund, and may invest the same in such securities as they may select, or place the same in fixed deposit in any bank or banks, and may from time to time deal with and vary such investment and apply such reserve fund or such portion thereof as they think fit, to meet contingencies, or for special dividends, or for equalizing dividends, or for working the business of the Company, or for repairing or maintaining or extending the buildings and premises of the Company, or for the repair or renewal or extension of the property or plant of the Company or any part thereof, or for any other purposes connected with the interest of the Company that they may from time to time deem expedient without being bound to keep the same separate from the other assets.

141. Any General Meeting may direct payment of any dividend declared at such meeting, or of any interim dividends which may subsequently be declared by the Directors, wholly or in part by means of drafts or cheques on London, or by the distribution of specific assets, and in particular of paid-up shares, debentures, or debenture stock of the Company or of any other company, or in any other form of specie, or in any one or more of such ways, and the Directors shall give effect to such direction; and when any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution, they may settle the same as they think expedient, and in particular may issue fractional certificates, and may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof, and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any Shareholders upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties, and may vest any such specific assets in trustees upon such trusts for the persons entitled to the dividend as may seem expedient to the Directors.

142. No unpaid dividend or bonus shall ever bear interest against the Company.

143. No Shareholder shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividend or bonus in respect of his share or shares whilst any moneys may be due or owing from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company in respect of such share or shares, or otherwise howsoever.

144. The Directors may deduct from the dividend or bonus payable to any Shareholder all such sums of money as may be due from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company, and notwithstanding the fact that such sums or any of them are not payable until after the date when such dividend or bonus is payable.

145. Notice of any dividend that has been declared or of any bonus to be paid shall be given to each Shareholder entitled thereto, and any dividend or bonus unclaimed by any Shareholder for three years after notice thereof is given may be forfeited by the Directors for the benefit of the Company, and, if the Directors think fit, may be applied in augmentation of the reserve fund.

146. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any partner of such firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm.

147. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by several persons jointly other than a firm, may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any one of such persons.

NOTICES.

148. Notices from the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed or written) of the Agent or Secretary, Agents or Secretaries, or persons appointed by the Board to authenticate the same.

149. Every Shareholder shall give an address in Ceylon, which shall be deemed to be his place of abode, and shall be registered as such in the books of the Company.

150. A notice may be served by the Company upon any Shareholder, either personally or by being sent through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to such Shareholder, at his registered address or place of abode, and any notice so served shall be deemed to be well served, notwithstanding that the Shareholder to whom such notice is addressed be dead, unless his executors or administrators shall have given to the Directors, or to the Agent or Secretary, or Agents or Secretaries of the Company, their own or some other address in Ceylon to which notices may be sent.

151. All notices directed to be given to Shareholders shall, with respect to any share to which persons are jointly entitled other than a firm, be given to whichever of such persons is named first in the Register of Shareholders, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares.

152. Any notice if served by post shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the letter containing the same would in ordinary course of post have been delivered at its address, and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and put into a post office or post box, and the entry in the Company's books of the leaving or sending by post of any notice at or to such address shall be sufficient evidence thereof and no further evidence shall be necessary.

153. Any Shareholder who fails to give and register an address in Ceylon as provided in Article No. 149 shall not be entitled to be given any notices.

All notices required to be given by advertisement shall be published in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*.

ARBITRATION.

154. Whenever any question or other matter whatsoever arises in dispute between the Company and any other company or person, the same may be referred by the Directors to arbitration.

EVIDENCE.

155. On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought or instituted by the Company against any Shareholder or his representatives to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is or was, when the claim arose, on the Register of Shareholders of the Company as a holder of the number of shares in respect of which such claim is made, and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company; and it shall not be necessary to prove the registration of the Company, nor the appointment of the Directors who made any call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made, nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

PROVISION RELATIVE TO WINDING UP OR DISSOLUTION OF THE COMPANY.

156. Any Shareholder, whether a Director or not, and whether alone or jointly with any other Shareholder or Director, and any person not a Shareholder, may become the purchaser of the property of the Company or any part thereof in the event of a winding up or a dissolution or at any other time when a sale of the Company's property or effects or any part thereof shall be made by the Directors under the powers hereby or under the Ordinance conferred upon them.

157. If the Company shall be wound up, whether voluntarily or otherwise, the liquidator or liquidators may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company, divide among the contributories in specie any part of the assets of the Company, and may with the like sanction vest any part of the assets of the Company in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories as the liquidator or liquidators with the like sanction shall think fit, and if thought expedient any such division may be otherwise than in accordance with the legal rights of the members of the Company, and in particular any class may be given preferential or special rights or may be excluded altogether or in part, and the liquidator or liquidators shall be entitled to sell all or any of the assets of the Company in consideration of or in exchange for shares, ordinary, fully paid, part paid, or preference in the purchasing company, but in case any division otherwise than in accordance with the legal rights of the contributories shall be determined on or any sale made of any or all of the assets of the Company in exchange for shares in the purchasing company, either ordinary, fully paid or part paid or preference, any contributory who would be prejudiced thereby shall have a right to dissent as if such determination were a special resolution passed pursuant to the section 192 of the Companies (Consolidation) Act of 1908 in England, but for the purposes of an arbitration as in the sub-section 6 of the said section provided the provisions of the Ceylon Arbitration Ordinance, 1866 and of the Ceylon Ordinance, 2 of 1889, shall apply in place of the English and Scotch Acts referred to in the said sub-section 6 of section 192 of the aforesaid Companies (Consolidation) Act, and the said section 192 save as herein excepted shall be deemed to be part and parcel of these present Articles.

In witness whereof the Subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereto set and subscribed their names at the places and on the dates hereafter written.

F. JAS. HAWKES
 J. W. OLDFIELD (by his attorney F. JAS. HAWKES).
 J. G. MOORE.
 E. E. POWELL by his attorney W. E. KEELL.
 W. E. KEELL.
 F. W. TRELOAR.

Witness to the above six signatures, this 5th day of June, 1918, at Colombo:

V. A. JULIUS,
 Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo.

F. W. CHALK.

Witness to the above signature, this 6th day of June, 1918, at Colombo:

V. A. JULIUS,
 Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo.

Von Possner, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of Von Possner, Limited, will be held at the registered office of the Company, No. 35A, Glennie street, Slave Island, Colombo, on Monday, July 8, 1918, at 9.30 A.M.

Business.

To consider, and, if thought fit, to confirm the following resolution passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on June 24, 1918:—

“That the Company do change its name to The British Aerated and Mineral Water Company, Limited, and that such change in the name do take effect as from the date of the passing of this resolution.”

By order of the Directors,

PERCY POTGER,

Secretary.

Colombo, June 28, 1918.

The Colombo Brokers' Association.

UNDER instructions received from the Custodian of Enemy Property, The Colombo Brokers' Association will put up for sale by public auction at the public sale room at the Ceylon Chamber of Commerce, Fort, Colombo, on Monday, July 15, 1918, at 2.30 P.M., the following shares:—

- 550 shares in the Aranayake Rubber Estates Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 15.
- 9 shares in the Bristol Hotel Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 100.
- 55 shares in the Blackwater Estates (Klang) Rubber Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 10.
- 226 shares in the Baddegama Estates Co. of Ceylon, Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 10.
- 236 shares in the Colombo Hotels Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 100.
- 100 secondary mortgage debentures in the Colombo Hotels Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 100.
- 22 debentures in the Colombo Ladies' Golf Club, of the par value of Rs. 50.
- 5 shares in the Ceylon Ice and Cold Storage Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 100.
- 100 shares in the Cochin Rubber Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 15.
- 10 shares in the Ceylon Planters' Rubber Syndicate, Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 10.
- 15 shares in the Doomo Tea Co. of Ceylon, Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 100.
- 2,729 ordinary shares in the Estates Co. of Uva, Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 10.
- 570 preference shares in the Estates Co. of Uva, Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 10.
- 49 shares in the Galle Face Hotel Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 100.
- 200 shares in the Gollinda Tea and Rubber Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 10.
- 2,784 shares in the Honiton Rubber Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 10.
- 15 shares in the Hatbawe Rubber Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 10.
- 40 shares in the Indo-Malay Estates, Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 50.
- 15 shares in the Jebong (Perak) Rubber Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 50.
- 150 shares in the Kelani Tea Gardens Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 10.
- 1,900 shares in the Kandyan Hills Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 10.
- 20 shares in the Kanapeddiwatte Tea Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 100.
- 40 shares in the Knavesmire Estates Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 100.
- 1 share in the Kalkudah Coconut Estates Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 100.
- 2 debentures in the Lunugalla Tea and Rubber Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 500.
- 10 shares in the Langat River (Selangor) Rubber Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 50.
- 270 shares in the Lampong Sumatra Coconut Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 10.

200 shares in the Mentenne Rubber Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 10.

294 ordinary shares in the Nuwara Eliya Hotels Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 30.

30 preference shares in the Nuwara Eliya Hotels Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 100.

53 shares in the North-Western Rubber Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 100.

42 shares in the New Colombo Ice Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 100.

8 debentures in the Opalgalla Tea and Rubber Estates Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 100.

611 shares in the Periyar Rubber Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 10.

100 shares in the Palmerston Tea Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 10.

43 shares in the Penrhos Estates Co. of Ceylon, Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 100.

3 debentures in the Penrhos Estates Co. of Ceylon, Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 500.

45 shares in the Perak Kongsu Coconut Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 100.

650 shares in the Ruanwella Tea Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 10.

120 shares in the Rayigam Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 10.

100 shares in the Ribu Rubber Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 25.

30 shares in the Rubber Growers' Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 10.

11 shares in the Saffragam Rubber and Tea Co. of Ceylon, Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 50.

73 shares in the Selensing Rubber Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 50.

200 shares in the Sitagama Rubber Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 10.

500 shares in the Telok Bharu Coconut Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 10.

71 preference shares in the Upper Maskeliya Estates Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 10.

365 shares in the Uplands Tea Estates of Ceylon, Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 10.

7 shares in the Udabage Tea and Rubber Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 20.

10 shares in the Von Possner, Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 100.

10 shares in the Walker & Greig, Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 100.

835 shares in the Walagama Rubber Co., Ltd., of the par value of Rs. 10.

For catalogues and any further particulars apply to any of the following:—Messrs. Bartleet & Co., Messrs. Forbes & Walker, Messrs. R. Gordon & Co., Messrs. Gow, Somerville & Co., Messrs. E. John & Co., and Messrs. Keell & Waldoock.

THE COLOMBO BROKERS' ASSOCIATION.

Colombo, June 25, 1918.

Sale of Enemy Property.

Auction Sale of all that Valuable Estate called "Penihela," situated in the District of Kegalla.

UNDER instructions from the Liquidator of the firm of Adolph Wilhelm Karl Cuntze, Albert Cuntze, and the representatives of the late Eduard Cuntze, and of the firm of Adolph Wilhelm Karl Cuntze we, the undersigned, will offer for sale by public auction, at the sale room of the Chamber of Commerce, on Thursday, July 11, 1918, at 3 P.M., all that valuable estate called "Penihela," together with all buildings, plantations, furniture, tools, implements, and live and dead stock, &c.

The estate is situated about 9 miles from Veyangoda station, and is about 1 mile from the Colombo-Kandy road branching off near the 30th milestone.

The estate is about 203 acres 2 roods and 23 perches in extent, more or less:—

	A.	R.	P.
Coconut (abandoned)	.. 20	0	10
Coconut in bearing	.. 10	0	0
Coconut coming into bearing	.. 93	1	12
Rubber	.. 49	1	2
Coconut and rubber	.. 1	1	38
Forest	.. 26	2	21
Chena	.. 2	0	4
Swamp	.. 0	3	16
	203	2	23

Coconuts.—About 3,000 nuts per year.

Rubber.—Trees have not been tapped—about 1,250 trees tappable.

Coast advances.—Nil.

There is a good bungalow and a temporary set of cooly lines and a tool house, &c.

The estate has recently been surveyed by the Surveyor-General, and the boundaries demarcated by landmarks.

The purchaser will be required to pay the full purchase price in rupee currency.

The sale is subject to the right of the Maha Dewala, to certain customary services in lieu whereof the trustee of the said dewala has been receiving an annual payment of Rs. 160.

A clear title will be conveyed to the purchaser in accordance with section 45 of "The Enemy Firms Liquidation Ordinance, No. 20 of 1916," as amended by Ordinance No. 4 of 1917.

For permits to inspect the estate, copies of the conditions of sale, plan made by the Surveyor-General, and other particulars, please apply to Mr. M. J. Harding, Liquidator, No. 3, Queen street, Fort, Colombo, or to—

KEELL & WALDOCK,

Australia Buildings, Fort, Colombo. Auctioneers.

Auction Sale of a Coconut Estate in Kurunegala District.

Under Mortgage Decree.

In the District Court of Colombo.

S. S. N. Sinnan Chetty of Sea street, Colombo.... Plaintiff.
No. 47,858. Vs.

Vidanalage Peter de Mel Appuhamy and another of Moratuwa..... Defendants.

UNDER and by virtue of the decree entered in the above styled action and on an order issued to me in the said action, I shall put up for sale by public auction on Friday, July 19, 1918, at 4 P.M., at our rooms, No. 4, Baillie street, Fort, Colombo, the following property, to wit:—

All that coconut estate called "New de Mel Tenna," situate in the Gudagama village, in the Mahagilboda Megoda korale of Weudawili hatpattu, in the District of Kurunegala, containing in extent, exclusive of the Mala-ela and road passing through the land, 124 acres 2 roods and 10 perches, together with all and singular the bungalows, stores, fixtures, tools, &c., appertaining to the said estate.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. T. D. & E. L. Mack, Proctors and Notaries, or to the under-signed:

4, Baillie street, Fort.
Phone 289.

A. Y. DANIEL,
of A. Y. DANIEL & SON.

Auction Sale.

In the District Court of Colombo.

B. Pinto of Fort, Colombo..... Plaintiff.
No. 47,577. Vs.

(1) Ethel Mary de Zoysa, (2) Francis de Zoysa, both of 3rd Division, Maradana, Colombo..... Defendants.

UNDER decree entered and by virtue of the order to sell issued to me in the above case, I shall sell the following property specially bound and executable for the recovery of the amount therein stated, on Friday, July 19, at 5 P.M., at the spot, all that allotment of land marked letter A and shaded pink in the plan thereof with all the

buildings and plantations standing thereon, bearing assessment Nos. 95 and 96, situated at Madampitiya road in Colombo, containing in extent 1 acre 3 80/100 perches, excluding therefrom a portion in extent 11 63/100 perches acquired by Government for a road.

C. P. AMERASINGHE,
Auctioneer and Broker.

Auction Sale of Property at 3rd Division, Tammita, in the District of Negombo.

UNDER decree in case No. 12,502, D. C. Negombo, entered in favour of the plaintiff Frank David McLeod of Negombo against the defendants (1) Lotitia Selma Maud Abayasekera and (2) Don Charles William Abayasekera, both of Negombo, and by virtue of the order issued to me for the recovery of the amount therein stated, I shall sell the under-mentioned property mortgaged by bond No. 129 dated June 7, 1917, and attested by F. F. J. Ed-risinghe, Notary, by public auction, at the spot, at 4 P.M., on Monday, July 22, 1918, to wit:—

All that divided allotment of land called and known as Mutunaidalageowita and Katalagahaowita, and now forming one property, situated at 3rd Division, Tammita, within the gravets and in the District of Negombo, Western Province, in extent 1 acre 2 roods and 34 86 perches according to the survey and description thereof No. 131 dated May 31, 1917, and made by S. J. L. Vanderput, together with all the buildings and plantations thereon.

Further particulars from D. Jno. S. Goonewardene, Esq., Proctor, Negombo, or—

M. P. KURERA,
Auctioneer.

Auction Sale of Property at Murutena, in the District of Negombo.

UNDER decree in case No. 12,902, D. C. Negombo, entered in favour of the substituted plaintiff Kusa Pama Ana Kuma Rawanna Mana Somapala Ram Chetty of Kochchikade against the defendant Warnakulasinghe Theophilus Fernando of Murutena and by virtue of the order issued to me for the recovery of the amount therein stated, I shall sell the under-mentioned property mortgaged by bond No. 23,575 dated October 9, 1914, and attested by D. M. Karunaratne, Notary, by public auction, at the spot, at 4.30 P.M., on Thursday, July 25, 1918, to wit:—

The eastern 1/4 share of Bogahawatta and the buildings standing thereon, situate at Murutena, in Dunagaha pattu of the Alutkuru korale, in the District of Negombo, Western Province, which said eastern 1/4 share is in extent about 2 acres, subject to the bond whereby the aforesaid premises are given as security for the performance of the conditions of the existing lease, as a secondary mortgage.

Further particulars from J. C. E. Karunaratne, Esq., Proctor, Supreme Court, and Notary, Negombo, or—

M. P. KURERA,
Negombo, June 25, 1918. Auctioneer.

Auction Sale of Properties at Katuneriya and Talwila, in the District of Chilaw.

UNDER decree in case No. 12,002, D. C. Negombo, entered in favour of the plaintiff Seena Thana Kans Nana Sana Rawanna Mana Vella-amy Palle of Negombo against the defendants (1) Pitigalage Stephen Kurera and wife (2) Warnakula-aditha Sumbudige Robiana Janse, both of Horagalla in Wannarawala, and by virtue of the order issued to me for the recovery of the amount therein stated, I shall sell the under-mentioned properties mortgaged by bond No. 53 dated August 28, 1917, and attested by S. K. Wijeratnam, Notary, by public auction, at the respective spots, on Friday, July 26, 1918, to wit:—

At 10 A.M.

1. An undivided 1/4 share of the two contiguous portions of lands called Kadurugahawatta and Diwulgahawatta excluding an undivided 40 coconut trees only towards the eastern side without the soil, situate at Katuneriya, in Kammal pattu of Pitigal korale, in the District of Chilaw, North-Western Province, in extent 8 acres 2 roods and 13 perches, and of the buildings standing thereon.

5/11/18
No 298

1/25/18
No 253

At 11 A.M.

2. The land called Idamkotasa, situate at Talwila, in Yatakalan pattu of the Pitigal korale aforesaid, in extent about 2 roods.

At 11.15 A.M.

3. The land called Idamakotasa, situate at Talwila aforesaid, in extent 2 roods and 24 perches.

At 11.30 A.M.

4. The land called Idamkotasa appearing in plan No. 120,710, situate at Talwila aforesaid, in extent 2 roods and 30 perches.

Further particulars from D. L. E. Amerasinghe, Esq., Proctor, Supreme Court, and Notary, Negombo, or —

M. P. KURERA,
Auctioneer.

Negombo, June 25, 1918.

Auction Sale of Properties at Mavila, Veerahena, and Tabbowa in the District of Chilaw.

UNDER decree in case No. 12,391, D. C., Negombo, entered in favour of the plaintiff Suna Pana Rawanna Mana Ramana Chetty of Negombo against the defendants (1) Agostin Mestrijo Pelis Costa and (2) Isabela Moraes, both of Mavila, and by virtue of the order issued to me for the recovery of the amount therein stated, I shall sell the under-mentioned properties mortgaged by bond No. 4,487 dated November 18, 1912, and attested by W. D. M. Karunaratne, Notary, by public auction, at the respective spots, on Friday, July 26, 1918, to wit:—

At 2 P.M.

1. The undivided 5/288 shares of the land called Kahatagahawatta, situate at Mavila, in Meda palata of Pitigal korale central, in the District of Chilaw, North-Western Province, in extent 7 acres 3 roods and 30 perches, with the buildings standing thereon.

At 2.15 P.M.

2. The undivided 5/648 shares of the land called Nedungahawatta, situate at Mavila aforesaid, containing about 1 bushel of kurakkan sowing ground.

At 3 P.M.

3. The undivided 5/144 shares of the land called Kahatagahawatta, bearing F and No. 138, situate at Veerahena in Meda palata aforesaid, in extent about 8 acres.

At 4 P.M.

4. The undivided 5/144 shares of the land called Ambagahawatta, situate at Tabbowa in Meda palata aforesaid, in extent about 5 acres.

Further particulars from Tudor Ranasinghe, Esq., Proctor, Supreme Court, and Notary, Negombo, or—

M. P. KURERA,
Auctioneer.

Negombo, June 25, 1918.

Auction Sale of Properties at Motemulla and Etiyawala, in the District of Chilaw.

UNDER decree in case No. 12,635, D. C., Negombo, entered in favour of the plaintiff Theodore Koertz Carron of Negombo against the defendants (1) Senarat Dassanayake Appuhamillage Thomas Appuhamy, Police Headman, and (2) Senarat Dassanayake Appuhamillage Romel Appuhamy, Vel-Vidane, both of Etiyawala, and by virtue of the order issued to me for the recovery of the amount therein stated, I shall sell the under-mentioned properties mortgaged by bond No. 1,240 dated June 16, 1915, and attested by L. M. F. Wickramasekara, Notary, by public auction, at the respective spots, on Saturday, July 27, 1918, to wit:—

At 2 P.M.

1. The land formed of the two contiguous lots, i.e., the portion remaining after excluding 2 acres on the east from and out of the land called Kahatagahayaya, bearing No. 43 and letter F, and Kahatagahayaya, bearing No. 43 and letter G, forming one land, situated at Motemulla, in Otara palata of Pitigal korale, in the District of Chilaw, North-Western Province, in extent 11 acres 3 roods and 37 perches.

At 3 P.M.

2. The undivided portion of 15 acres 3 roods and 13½ perches on the east from and out of the land called Godekumbureihaththa or Godakumburuhatha *alias* Gamkadamina, situate at Etiyawala in Otara palata aforesaid, in extent 25 acres 3 roods and 11 perches.

Further particulars from Tudor Ranasinghe, Esq., Proctor, Supreme Court, and Notary, Negombo, or—

M. P. KURERA,
Auctioneer.

Negombo, June 25, 1918.

Auction Sale.

In the District Court of Galle.

Ignatius Martin Samuel Alles of Mahamodera in
Galle Plaintiff.

No. 13,462.

Vs.

Morapitiyedurage Issan, Malawenne Hewage Charles,
both of Kumbalwella in Galle Defendants.

BY virtue of commission issued to me from the District Court of Galle in the above case, I will sell by public auction on Saturday, July 6, 1919, at 3.30 P.M., at the spot, the following property, viz:—

(1) All the soil and trees of the divided portion of Ambagahakanattewatta-addaraowita, situated at Kumbalwella aforesaid; and bounded on the north by Babe's land, east by Mohidin Bawa's land, south by Babusa's land, and west by a portion of the said land belonging to Kristiyana, containing 5 kurunies paddy sowing extent.

(2) All that divided 6 seers of paddy sowing extent of the field called Udumullekumbura, with the buildings thereon, situated at Kumbalwella aforesaid; and bounded on the north by Paludeniya *alias* Ketakalagahawatta, east by Deniyawattapotukumbura and Bataganwilawatta, south by Bataganwilawatta and Dahanayakagewatta, and west by Berakanattewatta and Kankanangewatta, containing 6 pelas paddy sowing extent.

(3) All that undivided ¼ part of the soil and trees of the sub-divided ¼ portion of a divided lot of Ambagahakanattewatta, situated at Kumbalwella aforesaid; and bounded on the north by deniya, east by deniya and a portion of Ambagahakanattewatta belonging to Malawenne Hewahakuruge Allis and others, south by divided 1/24 portion of the said land belonging to M. H. H. Siman, and west by portions of the said land belonging to Panikki Arachchi, containing in extent 3 roods and 12.03 perches.

(4) (a) All that 2 plumbago sheds standing on and (b) all that undivided ½ part of the soil and trees of the subdivided southern portion (on the other side of the field) of the divided eastern ¼ portion of Bataganwila Ambagahawatta, situated at Kumbalwella aforesaid; and bounded on the north by the ditch of Bataganwila Ambagahakanattewatta, east by Udumullekumbura, south by the boundary of Kahatagahawatta, and west by Deniyakumbura and Mahagodaparagaha, containing in extent about ¼ of an acre.

To recover the sum of Rs. 1,834.58 and legal interest at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum on Rs. 1,516.19 from May 29, 1918, till payment in full, and costs of suit.

Conditions of sale will be read over before the sale at the spot. For further particulars please apply to me or to G. D. Jayasundere, Esq., Proctor, Galle.

57, Lighthouse street,
Galle, June 17, 1918.

U. B. WIJEKON,
Licensed Auctioneer.

Sale of Land at Vaddukkoddai.

UNDER decree in case No. 12,706, D. C., Jaffna, entered in favour of the plaintiff Sinnatampi Sellappa of Vaddukkoddai West, against the defendant Thaiyalnagam, widow of Arumugam Arulampalam of Vaddukkoddai East, and by virtue of the order issued to me for the recovery of the amount therein stated, I shall sell the under-mentioned property by public auction, at the spot, on July 13, 1918, at 4 P.M.:—

A piece of land situated at Vaddukkoddai East called Naniavattai, in extent 11 lachams varagu culture and 1½ kulies, with well cultivated and spontaneous plants; and bounded on the east by the property of Kathiresar Visuvalingam and another, on the north by bye-lane and the property of Sinnachchippillai, wife of Ponnampalam, and shareholders, on the west by the property of Velayutar Marimuttu and others, and on the south by the property of Vinasitampi Ampalavanar.

Jaffna, June 25, 1918.

C. CHELTHAN,
Auctioneer.

Auction Sale.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

(1) Ramalingam Sivagurunathar and wife (2) Viyaladchiammah, both of Vannarponnai East ... Plaintiffs.
No. 12,424. Vs.
Athinarayana Kanesaiyer Sanmugaretna Aiyer and (3) Yokammah alias Yokampa, widow of Paramasamy Aiyer Aiyathurai Aiyer, both of Vannarponnai West ... Defendants.

UNDER mortgage decree entered in the above case, and by virtue of the order to sell issued to me by the District Court of Jaffna, I shall sell by public auction at 10 A.M. on Saturday, July 20, 1918, at the spot the following properties specially and primarily mortgaged with the plaintiffs and declared bound and executable under the said decree for the payment of the amount therein appearing, to wit:—

1. Land situated at Vannarponnai West called Pillaiyanvalavu, in extent 7½ lachams varagu culture, out of this, two boutiques called in Tamil Kamparai Kadayal, situated in the south of the doorway allowed to pass and re-pass from the house to the road which is the eastern boundary of the stone house built on the road side on the eastern side of the said land, the extent occupied by the boutiques being about 5½ kulies; the said extent of 5½ kulies is bounded on the east by road, north and west by the remaining property belonging to the 1st defendant, and on the south by the property of the 1st defendant and by the land described herein below; the whole of the land contained within these boundaries with the said two boutiques.

2. Land situated at Vannarponnai West called Pillaiyanvalavu, in extent 7½ lachams varagu culture, out of this, excluding an extent of about 2 kulies occupied by the boutiques called Kamparai Kadai built on the roadside, the remaining extent of 7 lachams varagu culture and 4½ kulies with stone built houses, wells, palmyras, and cultivated plants; the said extent of 7 lachams varagu culture and 4½ kulies is bounded on the east by the property of Athinarayana Kanesa Iyer Sabaretna Iyer and by the above said boutique belonging to the 1st defendant, north by the first land described above and by the property of the 1st defendant, west by the property belonging to the temple called Pillaiyar Kovil at Vidattativu, and on the south by the property of Athinarayana Kanesa Aiyer Sabaretna Aiyer, by lane, and by the property of Murugar Naganathar and Rajalingapattar Ponnusampattar; the whose hereof with its appurtenances.

For further particulars please apply to Mr. S. Kandyah, Proctor, Supreme Court, Jaffna, or to—

R. KANTAIYAH,
Commissioner.

Jaffna, June 20, 1918.

Auction Sale.

In the District Court of Kurunegala.

Subasinghe Mudiyansele Utku Banda of Handa-
ankawa Plaintiff.
No. 6,630. Vs.

(1) Senarat Dassanayake Appuhamilage Romel Appuhamy of Etiyawala, in Otara palata of Pitigal korale, in Chilaw District, (2) Dissanayake Mudiyansele Mudalihamy of Pallepitiya in Yatikaha korale, Katugampola hatpattu Defendants.

BY virtue of the decree entered in the above case and the order issued therein, I shall put up for sale by public auction, at the spot, on Saturday, July 20, 1918, commencing at 12 noon, the following property specially bound and executable for recovery of the sum of Rs. 2,916-66, interest, and costs.

(a) An undivided ½ share of Mahawatta and of Welihene-watta, both of about 1 pela kurakkan in extent, situate at Pallepitiya; and bounded north and west by Gansabhawa road, east by the lands belonging to K. B. Karunaratna, Notary, and others, south by the lands belonging to Kapuruhamy and others, with all plantations, &c., thereon.

(b) Innawatta alias Kongahumulawatta of about 2 lahas kurakkan, situate at the said village; and bounded north and west by the lands belonging to Arachchi and others, east by Welihene-watta belonging to the debtor Mudalihamy and others, south by the garden to Kapuruhamy and others, with all the plantations thereon.

(c) The field called Duwa of 1 amunam paddy in extent, situate at the said village; and bounded north by the village

limit of Embawa, east by the field belonging to Punchirala, Arachchi, and oya, south by stream, west by pinkumbura and stream, together with all plantations thereon.

(d) An undivided ½ shares of the field called Lolugahahena of 2 amunam paddy in extent, and of its adjoining pillewa of about 3 lahas kurakkan in extent, situate at Embawa; and bounded north by the field belonging to Mudalihamy, Vedarala, and others, east by the lands belonging to K. B. Karunaratna, Notary, and others, south by the fields and chenas belonging to Punchirala, Arachchi, and others, west by the garden and fields belonging to Appuhamy, Arachchi, and others, together with the plantations thereon.

For further particulars please apply to—

D. M. PERERA,
Auctioneer.

Auction Sale under Mortgage Decree

In the District Court of Kurunegala.

Kuna Mana Mutu Ramen Chetty, by his attorney Kuna Veeyanna Rana Arunasalam Chetty of Kurunegala, dead Plaintiff.
Sina Kana Runa Palaniappa Chetty of Kurunegala, administrator of the intestate estate of the late Kuna Mana Mutu Ramen Chetty, deceased Substituted plaintiff.
No. 6,183.

(1) Badugodahewa Abraham de Silva of Battagolla estate in Hewawisse korale, (2) Don David Appuhamy of Wattala, in Alutkuru korale, (3) A. T. de Silva of Colombo Defendants.

UNDER the decree entered in the above case and by virtue of the order issued to me for the recovery of the amount therein stated, I shall sell by public auction, at the respective spots, on Saturday, July 20, 1918, commencing at 11 A.M., the following property declared specially bound and executable under the said decree:—

1. An undivided ½ share of all that property called and known as Isleworth estate, with all the plantations and everything thereon, containing in extent about 40 acres more or less, in the whole, situate at the villages Marakada, Pallemarakada, and Akade in Weuda korale.

2. Naranghamulahena of about 3 seers kurakkan sowing extent, with all the plantations thereon, situate at Pallegama, in Weuda korale, both in Weudawili hatpattu of Kurunegala District, in the North-Western Province.

Further particulars from Messrs. F. N. & E. Daniels, Proctors and Notaries, Kurunegala, or—

S. P. SOCRALINGAM PILLAI,
Auctioneer.
Kurunegala, June 18, 1918.

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership between Sakoor Aboo, Ismail Aboo, and Ibrahim Aboo trading at 72, Main street, Colombo, under the name of Ibrahim Abdul Sakoor and Brothers, have been dissolved from May 31, 1918. The power of attorney granted by Sakoor Aboo to Ismail Aboo is hereby cancelled. Sakoor Aboo and Ibrahim Aboo now carry on the same business in partnership under the name of Ibrahim Abdul Sakoor & Company at 72, Main street, under deed No. 197, dated June 7, 1918, and attested by H. T. Ramachandra, Notary Public.

SAKOOR ABOO.
ISMAIL ABOO.
IBRAHIM ABOO.

Application for Enrolment as a Proctor.

SIX weeks hence, I, Henry Stewart de Livera, Proctor of the District Court of Colombo, shall apply to the Hon. the Chief Justice and the other Judges of the Supreme Court of the Island of Ceylon to be admitted and enrolled a Proctor of the said Court.

Colombo, June 27, 1918. H. S. DE LIVERA.

Application for Enrolment as a Proctor.

I, HECTOR CHARLES PERIES, of 'The Bower,' Galle, Proctor of the District Court of Galle, do hereby give notice that, six weeks hence, I shall apply to the Hon. the Judges of the Supreme Court of the Island of Ceylon to be admitted and enrolled a Proctor of the said Court.

Galle, June 24, 1918. HECTOR C. PERIES.

ABSTRACTS OF SEASON REPORTS.

SEASON REPORTS FOR THE MONTH OF MAY, 1918.

WESTERN PROVINCE.

COLOMBO DISTRICT.

Yala season : in most places plants are thriving.

Other products : prospects of coconuts are fairly good. The estimated crop for the month is 19,954,388 nuts. Fruits and vegetables are to be had in fair quantity.

Prices of staple products : (a) imported rice is sold at Rs. 5.50 to Rs. 6.50 per bushel ; (b) coconuts are sold at Rs. 20 to Rs. 30 per 1,000.

Harvest prospects : generally good.

Rainfall : there was heavy rain during the month, and as a result several of the low-lying portions in Ambatalen-pahala in the Colombo Mudaliyar's division have been submerged by floods.

Health of people : generally good, except for a few cases of chickenpox, dysentery, enteric fever, and measles.

Health of cattle : good, except for two cases of hoof-and-mouth disease in the villages of Ragama and Elapitiwela in Alutkuru korale south.

KALUTARA DISTRICT.

Paddy : the yala cultivation is thriving well, except in the totamunes, where, as a result of long drought followed by heavy rains, the young plants are beginning to rot.

Dry grain : there is no dry grain cultivation.

Other products : there was a fair supply of vegetables and fruit, except in Pasdun korale. In Rayigam korale there was a fair supply of jak. The flowering of coconuts is good. The month's crop of coconuts is estimated at 3,405,000.

Prices of staple products : rice, Rs. 5 to Rs. 7 per bushel ; coconuts, Rs. 25 to Rs. 50 per 1,000 nuts.

Remarks on harvest prospects generally : a fairly good harvest may be expected in the totamunes.

Rainfall at Kalutara : total, 14.35 in. ; average, .46 in.

Health of people : good, except in Pasdun korale west, where an epidemic of fever broke out in Neboda and the adjoining villages.

Health of cattle : good, except for a few cases of rinder-pest in Waddu badda and Waskadu badda.

CENTRAL PROVINCE.

KANDY DISTRICT.—[Report not received.]

NUWARA ELIYA DISTRICT.

Rainfall : Nuwara Eliya town, 11.21 in.

Paddy : maha cultivation fields in Walapane are being harvested ; Uda Hewaheta—some fields have young plants, others are being harvested ; Kotmale—fields are being ploughed.

Dry grains : no work in Uda Hewaheta and Walapane chenas. Kotmale chenas are being cleared and sown.

Health of population : good. There were a few cases of chickenpox in Uda Hewaheta.

Health of cattle : there were a few cases of hoof-and-mouth disease in Uda Hewaheta and Walapane.

Prices of staple articles : paddy, Rs. 2 to Rs. 2.50 per bushel ; kurakkan, Rs. 2 to Rs. 3 per bushel ; Indian corn, Re. 1.75 to Rs. 2.25 per bushel ; rice (country), Rs. 6 to Rs. 7 per bushel ; rice (Coast), Rs. 6 to Rs. 7.50 per bushel ; coconuts, Rs. 4.50 to Rs. 8 per 100 nuts.

MATALE DISTRICT.

Rainfall : 10.89 in.

Paddy : in plant. Fields in Matale North are being cultivated.

Dry grain : in plant.

Coconuts : (a) flowering fair ; (b) 136,100 nuts approximate crop.

Tanks in Matale North are fairly full.

Health of people : good. There were a few cases of chickenpox in Matale South.

Health of cattle : good.

Prices of most of the commodities have risen slightly above pre-war prices.

SOUTHERN PROVINCE.

GALLE DISTRICT.

The yala crop promises to be satisfactory.

Dry grain is cultivated in the district only on a small scale.

Coconut, tea, cinnamon, rubber, citronella, and vegetables are the general products. The estimated coconut crop for the month was 11,706,000.

Coast rice varied from Rs. 4 to Rs. 7 per bushel ; paddy, Re. 1.62 to Rs. 3.50 per bushel ; dry grain, Rs. 2 to Rs. 3 per bushel ; coconut, Rs. 20 to Rs. 40 per 1,000.

The weather was generally wet during the month.

The harvest prospects are fair.

The health of the people was on the whole satisfactory, but a few cases of chickenpox, measles, and fever occurred in some parts of the district ; and one case of plague, which proved fatal, was reported from a village in Talpe pattu, about 13 miles south of Galle.

MATARA DISTRICT.

Weather : generally wet.

Agriculture : sowing for yala over ; prospects fair.

Health of people : satisfactory.

Health of cattle : good.

Food supply : rice, Rs. 6.25 per bushel ; paddy, Rs. 2.50 per bushel ; coconuts, Rs. 25 per 1,000.

HAMBANTOTA DISTRICT.

Paddy cultivation : fields have been sown for yala.

Fine grain : prospects of the Indian corn crop for yala favourable.

Weather : maximum temperature, 91.5° ; minimum temperature, 73.3° ; rainfall, 3.53 in.

Prices of food stuffs : country rice, Rs. 5.28 to Rs. 6.44 per bushel ; Coast rice, Rs. 6.50 to Rs. 7.50 per bushel ; paddy, Rs. 2.24 per bushel ; kurakkan, Rs. 2 per bushel ; plantain bunches, Rs. 50 per 100 ; coconuts, Rs. 30 to Rs. 40 per 1,000 ; Indian corn, Re. 1 per 100 ; pumpkins, Rs. 20 per 100. About 403,753 coconuts were picked during the month.

Health of cattle : good.

Health of people : satisfactory.

NORTHERN PROVINCE.

JAFFNA DISTRICT.

Weather : there were a few showers of rain during the early part of the month ; wind : south-west.

Dry grains : ellu and pairu harvested ; moderate crop.

Coconuts : condition of flowers and nuts fair ; price, Rs. 3.50 per 100.

Palmyras : nuts tender ; prospects good.

Tobacco : leaves are being cut and cured.

Prices of staple articles : paddy, Rs. 2.37 per bushel ; rice, Rs. 5.75 per bushel ; varaku, Re. 1.75 per bushel ; pairu, Rs. 4.50 per bushel ; salt, 3½ cents per pound and 10 cents per measure.

MANNAR DISTRICT.

Rainfall : 1.41 in.

Wind : south-west.

Paddy : sowing is going on for sirupokam in tank beds under the Giant's tank and in certain tanks in the Wannu. There is no sirupokam in Musali.

Coconuts : condition normal.

Palmyras : in fruit ; crop satisfactory.

Tobacco : the yield and quality were both below normal, the leaves having been attacked by a kind of insect. Nevertheless, the market value of the crop was encouraging.

Health of people : fair. Fever, chickenpox, and measles still prevalent.

Health of cattle : goats were subject to disease and some died, otherwise normal.

Prices of food stuffs : rice, Rs. 6 per bushel ; paddy, Rs. 2 per bushel ; coconut, Rs. 3.50 to Rs. 4 per 100.

MULLAITIVU DISTRICT.

Paddy : a very fair kalapokam was secured, and a still better idaipokam is now ripening. A small extent has been sown for sirupokam.

Dry grain: a little gingelly was sown on lands newly purchased from the Crown, as at Kanakarayankulam.

Other products: tobacco crop was large, but not of the best quality. Vegetables are scarce at Mullaittivu, but are still available round Vavuniya. Chillies planted in quantity in Melpattu East.

Prices of staple products: paddy, Rs. 2 per bushel; rice, Rs. 4.50 per bushel; kurakkan, Re. 1.50 per bushel; gingelly, Rs. 5.50 per bushel; coconuts, Rs. 4.50 per 100 nuts.

Rainfall: Mullaittivu, 1.29 in.; Nedunkeni, 4.65 in.; Vavuniya, 5.04 in.

Harvest prospects: south-west monsoon rains rather deficient.

Health of inhabitants: good.

Health of cattle: good, except at Mullaittivu, where pasture is deficient.

EASTERN PROVINCE.

BATTICALOA DISTRICT.

Paddy: threshing of munmari crops is almost over. Outturn satisfactory, excepting in Akkarai and Panawa pattus, where crops badly suffered from want of rain. Kalavellamai plants in blossom and ear. Prospects not very satisfactory, especially in the south, owing to drought and consequent failure of tank water.

Dry grain and other chena crops: nil.

Coconuts: prospects fair.

Prices of staple products: paddy, from Re. 1.60 to Rs. 2 per bushel; kurakkan, Re. 1.44 to Rs. 2 per bushel; Indian corn, Re. 1 to Rs. 2.24 per bushel.

Rainfall: nil in 1917; 0.62 in. in 1918.

Health of inhabitants: satisfactory.

Health of cattle: some cases of foot-and-mouth disease in Sampanturai pattu. Steps have been taken to stamp out the disease.

TRINCOMALEE DISTRICT.

Rainfall: defective.

Paddy: paddy plants at Andankulam and Kaddukkulam West are in ear. Pinmari cultivation plants are growing in Koddiyar and Tanglegam pattu. Threshing is going on in Kaddukkulam east.

Tobacco: curing is going on. Crop is not satisfactory owing to unseasonable rains in January, when the crops were young.

Coconuts: condition of crop is medium. Price per 1,000 nuts ranges from Rs. 30 to Rs. 35.

Fishery: medium. As usual, fish is sold for drying and salting for transport to outstations.

Health of people: There are a few cases of measles and chickenpox in town and at Mutur, Koddiyar pattu, and numerous cases of sore-eyes in Kaddukkulam east and west pattus.

Health of cattle: satisfactory.

Prices of staple articles: paddy, Re. 1.50 to Rs. 2.10 per bushel; rice (country), Rs. 3.75 to Rs. 5.04 per bushel; rice (imported), Rs. 6.16 per bushel.

NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCE.

KURUNEGALA DISTRICT.

Paddy crops: sowing for the yala season is over, and plants are half grown; prospects fair.

Dry grain: chenas have been sown for the yala season, and plants are half grown.

Flowering and prospects of coconut: fair.

Rainfall: there have been some heavy showers during the month.

Health of people: good, except for the usual cases of parangi and fever and a few cases of chickenpox.

Health of cattle: good.

State of tanks: smaller tanks full, and the larger ones partly full.

Prices of food stuffs: paddy, Re. 1.75 to Rs. 2 per bushel; kurakkan, Re. 1.50 to Re. 1.90 per bushel; country rice, Rs. 4 to Rs. 5 per bushel; Coast rice (muttusamba), Rs. 6 to Rs. 6.50 per bushel; salt, 15 to 16 cents a measure; coconut, Rs. 20 to Rs. 25 per 1,000.

PUTTALAM AND CHILAW DISTRICTS.

Paddy: maha season, the crop is being threshed. Yala season, the cultivation is in plants.

Dry grain: yala season, the chenas have been sown. Plants are not in good condition in some places for want of rain.

Other products, including coconuts: flowering and prospects of coconuts are not very satisfactory in Puttalam District owing to drought. The estimated crop for the month is 20,625,564 nuts. Tobacco galas are being manured in some places. Supply of fruit and vegetables not satisfactory.

Prices of staple products: rice, Rs. 5 per bushel; paddy, Re. 1.68 to Rs. 2.75 per bushel; kurakkan, Re. 1.68 to Re. 1.75 per bushel; green gram, Rs. 4 to Rs. 5 per bushel; salt, 5 to 7 cents per pound; cassava, Rs. 2.50 per cwt.; coconut, 2 to 4 cents per nut.

Rainfall of the month: Puttalam, 2.81 in.; Chilaw, 6.87 in.

Harvest prospects generally: fair on the whole.

Health of inhabitants: good.

Health of animals: no disease.

NORTH-CENTRAL PROVINCE.

ANURADHAPURA DISTRICT.

Weather: dry and hot; a few showers.

Rainfall: 5.53 in.

Cultivation—Paddy: fields being sown for yala harvest. Gingelly: crop flowering. Coconuts: flowering, and prospects fair.

Health of people: satisfactory. A few cases of measles.

Health of cattle: satisfactory. Some cases of hoof-and-mouth disease.

Tanks: the tanks have sufficient water.

PROVINCE OF UVA.

BADULLA DISTRICT.

Weather: dry, with a few occasional showers.

Paddy: fields are being sown for maha cultivation.

Chenas: applications for Crown chenas for 1918 are being received.

Fruits and vegetables: fruit is scarce; a moderate supply of vegetables is available.

Other products: the flowering and prospects of the coconut are fair.

Health of people: satisfactory, except for a few cases of fever and measles.

Health of cattle: satisfactory.

Prices of staple products: rice varies from Rs. 6.50 to Rs. 7.50 per bushel; kurakkan, Re. 1.50 to Rs. 2.50 per bushel; coconuts, Rs. 5 to Rs. 8 per 100 nuts.

Total rainfall: 1.80 in. as registered at the observatory.

PROVINCE OF SABARAGAMUWA.

RATNAPURA DISTRICT.

Paddy: maha fields are in plants. Yala fields are being sown.

Dry grain: chena lands in some parts are in plants. In others they have been reaped.

Other products—coconuts: prospects good.

Health of people: satisfactory, except in parts of Atakalan korale, where chickenpox is prevalent.

Health of cattle: good.

Rainfall: there has been plenty of rain.

Prices of food stuffs: rice (imported), Rs. 5 to Rs. 8 per bushel; rice (country), Rs. 5 to Rs. 7 per bushel; kurakkan, Re. 1.50 to Rs. 2 per bushel; salt, 6 to 15 cents per measure; coconuts, Rs. 5 to Rs. 8 per 100.

KEGALLA DISTRICT.

Paddy: fields are being sown for yala cultivation.

Dry grain: dry grains are being sown.

Vegetable and curry stuffs: the vegetable cultivation has been started with some interest.

Prices: paddy, Rs. 2 per bushel; kurakkan, Re. 1.50 per bushel; country rice, Rs. 5.60 per bushel; imported rice, Rs. 5.75 to Rs. 7 per bushel.

Rainfall: Kegalla, 11.71 in.

Health of people: generally satisfactory.

Health of cattle: satisfactory.

Other products: (a) flowering and prospects of coconuts are good; (b) actual crop for the month was 763,296 nuts.

RESULTS OF METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS IN CEYLON DURING THE MONTH OF MAY, 1918.

STATION.	OBSERVER.	Height above Sea Level.	RAINFALL.					BAROMETER REDUCED TO 32°.					TEMPERATURE OF THE AIR AND OF EVAPORATION.										STATION.					
			Total No. of Inches.	Greatest Quantity in any 24 hours.			No. of Days on which Registered.	Mean Daily Horizontal Movement of Air.	Mean Reading.		Mean Reading for the Month.	Highest Reading.	Lowest Reading.	Mean Daily Maximum Temperature in Shade.	Mean Daily Minimum Temperature in Shade.	Adopted Mean Temperature of Air.	Adopted Mean Temperature of Evaporation.	Mean Elastic Force of Vapour.	Mean Degree of Humidity: Computed from the above.	Maximum Temperature of Air.	Minimum Temperature of Air.	Mean Daily Minimum Temperature on Grass.		Minimum Temperature on the Grass.	Mean Amount of Cloud, 0 to 10.			
				In.	In.	Date.			In.	In.																In.	In.	In.
1 Colombo	Mr. F. A. P. Pullenayegum	24	12.14	1.79	19th-20th	21	128	240	29.858	29.763	29.810	29.920	30th	29.665	9th	86.4	76.2	81.3	77.0	848	82	89.5-4th	71.2-18th	73.8	70.9	18th	7.8	Colombo
2 Puttalam	H. M. C. Muttukistna	27	2.81	0.73	8th-9th	14	236	215	29.824	29.737	29.780	29.891	30th	29.653	8th	86.9	78.0	82.4	77.2	837	79	94.2-2nd	74.8-9, 10 & 11	75.9	72.2	1st	6.7	Puttalam
3 Mannar	A. Chelliah	12	1.41	0.71	8th-9th	7	183	220	29.821	29.724	29.772	29.889	30th	29.678	7th	90.8	79.9	85.4	77.9	818	71	94.9-4th	75.8-13th	78.4	72.8	13th	7.2	Mannar
4 Jaffna	N. V. Kailasa Pillai	11	1.22	0.94	6th-7th	5	349	225	29.824	29.725	29.774	29.886	30th	29.682	3rd	89.5	80.8	85.2	79.0	868	75	93.7-4th	77.7-7th	79.8	77.3	7th	4.4	Jaffna
5 Trincomalee	N. Balasubramaniam	99	1.25	0.91	8th-9th	3	231	225	29.715	29.613	29.664	29.777	30th	29.556	19th	93.6	78.1	85.8	76.9	765	64	98.7-3rd	74.7-9th	75.7	73.1	10th	6.6	Trincomalee
6 Batticaloa	N. Eliyatambay	26	0.62	0.40	14th-15th	6	112	Variable	29.801	29.710	29.756	29.863	30th	29.670	19th	92.7	76.9	84.8	76.4	766	69	98.1-28th	74.6-28th	73.9	69.7	29th	5.2	Batticaloa
7 Hambantota	S. R. Andreas	64	3.53	0.55	19th-20th	18	327	230	29.808	29.699	29.754	29.857	30th	29.623	3rd	88.1	76.1	81.1	77.0	850	83	91.5-28th	73.3-10th	74.0	71.0	21st	4.3	Hambantota
8 Galle	W. S. de Silva	13	10.62	1.63	17th-18th	24	236	280	29.874	29.786	29.830	29.929	30th	29.715	3rd	84.1	77.3	80.7	76.8	848	84	86.5-3 & 4	73.7-21st	74.9	72.3	21st	7.3	Galle
9 Ratnapura	D. E. Weerasuria	89	18.93	2.24	17th-18th	25			29.808	29.709	29.758	29.859	30th	29.624	3rd	87.4	73.4	80.4	76.2	825	80	91.7-5th	71.1-31st	72.6	68.9	31st	7.3	Ratnapura
10 Anuradhapura	M. P. Gunsekere	295	5.53	3.00	5th-6th	11										89.6	75.1	82.4	76.4	798	74	95.4-4th	72.8-6th	73.3*	71.6	6th	6.8	Anuradhapura
11 Kurunegala	W. Chas. de Silva	381	11.65	1.73	19th-20th	21										87.2	74.7	81.0	75.4	779	74	92.9-5th	72.3-18	73.5	71.2	11th	8.1	Kurunegala
12 Kandy	S. M. D. W. Jayatileka	1654	10.97	1.90	20th-21st	18										83.4	69.7	75.6	70.2	639	72	89.6-3rd	65.1-30th	66.5	61.1	29th & 30th	7.9	Kandy
13 Badulla	R. V. Godawela	2225	1.80	0.62	30th-31st	15										84.9	68.9	75.4	69.4	628	74	87.8-30th	59.2-28th	62.8	54.8	29th	6.7	Badulla
14 Diyatalawa	C. Bandaranayake	4129	1.89	0.47	21st-22nd	14										77.5	62.6	70.0	62.8	478	64	82.4-16th	57.5-31st	55.6	46.7	28th	7.4	Diyatalawa
15 Hakgala, Nuwara Eliya	P. J. Christoffels	5581	9.43	1.23	20th-21st	21										67.7	57.3	62.5	58.8	448	79	77.5-4th	54.7-4th	54.7	50.1	31st	7.8	Hakgala, Nuwara Eliya
16 Nuwara Eliya	R. B. Kulugammana	6188	11.21	1.51	20th-21st	21										68.2	54.5	61.4	58.0	437	80	77.2-4th	46.8-31st	51.1	43.3	4th	8.7	Nuwara Eliya

STATION.	NAME OF SENDER.	Height above Sea Level.	RAINFALL.				STATION.	NAME OF SENDER.	Height above Sea Level.	RAINFALL.			
			Total No. of Inches.	No. of Days on which Registered.	Greatest Quantity in any 24 hours.					Total No. of Inches.	No. of Days on which Registered.	Greatest Quantity in any 24 hours.	
		Feet.	In.	In.	Date.			Feet.	In.	In.	Date.		
17 Alagalla Railway Station	Telegraph Master, C. G. R.	1062	16.36	13	2.20	6th-7th	62 Dunedin Estate, Yatiyantota	Mr. T. Clark Munro	400	22.66	24	3.02	19th-20th
18 Allai Tank, Toppur	Divisional Irrigation Engineer, Trincomalee	20	0.79	2	0.70	5th-6th	63 Dunsinane Estate, Pundaluooya	Mr. J. B. Adkins	5040	17.12	22	2.18	19th-20th
19 Alutnuwara Field Hospital	Medical Officer, Alutnuwara, Badulla	300	1.94	7	0.69	5th-6th	64 Dyraaba Estate, Bandarawela	Superintendent	4000	2.63	9	0.75	20th-21st
20 Ambanpitiya	District Engineer, Kegalla	729	7.38	20	1.21	20th-21st	65 Eheliyagoda Estate, Kendangamuwa	Mr. W. Carver	600	20.74	20	2.70	19th-20th
21 Ampere Tank	Irrigation Engineer, Kalmunai, S. D.	118	4.09	6	1.20	4th-5th	66 Elephant Pass	District Engineer, Pallai	8	0.30	1	0.30	6th-7th
22 Anamadua Dispensary	Apothecary, Anamadua		6.73	10	1.37	17th-18th	67 Elkaduwa District Dispensary	Apothecary	2800	12.85	20	1.65	20th-21st
23 Andankulam Tank, Trincomalee	Divisional Irrigation Engineer, Trincomalee	40	0.86	3	0.67	8th-9th	68 Ella Wella Tank	Subdivisional Officer, Matara Subdivision	262	9.05	21	1.37	18th-19th
24 Annfield Estate, Dikoya	Mr. H. B. Daniell	4300	14.89	22	2.03	18th-19th	69 Elpitiya Police Station	Sub-Inspector, Police		20.29	22	2.85	17th-18th
25 Anningkanda Estate, Deniyaya	Mr. E. C. Anderson	1400	11.18	20	1.91	20th-21st	70 Embilipitiya	Subdivisional Officer, Godakawela		3.49	12	0.95	20th-21st
26 Aranyaka Dispensary	Apothecary, Aranyaka	1000	13.63	17	2.61	23rd-24th	71 Etale Resthouse	Assistant Government Agent, Puttalam		1.81	6	0.70	9th-10th
27 Aturugiriya Estate, Homagama	Mr. George de Saram	100	13.29	17	1.81	17-18 & 18-19	72 Flensburg Estate, Ganewatta	Mr. Walter Fernando	324	8.65	12	2.10	16th-17th
28 Avisawella	District Engineer, Avisawella	105	17.77	19	3.96	19th-20th	73 Franklands Estate, Veyangoda	Mr. A. K. Beven		14.67	21	2.67	18th-19th
29 Avisawella Estate, Puwakpitiya	Superintendent	250	18.17	21	2.70	18th-19th	74 Gala-oya Anicut	Divisional Irrigation Engineer, C. D., Haldummulla	600	2.63	3	2.44	10th-11th
30 Baddegama Estate, Baddegama	Mr. E. D. Bowman	50	12.21	20	2.23	20th-21st	75 Galawella	District Engineer, Nalanda		5.44	14	1.62	18th-19th
31 Badulluwella Dispensary	Apothecary, Badulluwella, Monaragala	450	2.62	4	2.35	14th-15th	76 Galgamuwa Railway Station	Station Master, C. G. R.	282	1.46	3	0.65	8th-9th
32 Bandarawela	District Engineer, Badulla	4036	2.81	12	0.78	30th-31st	77 Galgamuwa Tank	Subdivisional Officer, Nikaweratiya Subdivision, Nika-		2.60	7	0.53	14th-15th
33 Batalagodawewa Tank	Subdivisional Officer, Deduru-oya Subdivision, Ibbagamuwa	422	9.11	20	1.20	19th-20th	78 Galphele or Gillardstown Estate, Watte-	Mr. Frank T. Wright	2300	13.36	15	3.06	8th-9th
34 Battulu-oya Resthouse	Assistant Government Agent, Puttalam		5.15	12	1.20	16th-17th	79 Gammaduwa Estate, Rattota	Mr. B. Westland	2400	7.76	17	2.35	7th-8th
35 Beausejour Estate, Nakiyadeniya R. O.	Mr. A. E. Robb	500	13.78	19	2.26	17th-18th	80 Geekianakanda Estate, Neboda	Mr. George H. Gollidge	200	18.57	26	3.55	17th-18th
36 Berna Estate, Narammulla, Kurunegala	Mr. C. H. Beven		11.15	15	2.04	19th-20th	81 Godakawela	Subdivisional Officer, Godakawela		8.73	17	1.06	24th-25th
37 Bibile Dispensary	Apothecary, Bibile	680	1.78	6	1.06	8th-9th	82 Gokarella Resthouse	Chairman, Provincial Road Committee, Kurunegala		8.02	15	1.53	7th-8th
38 Blair Athol Estate, Dikoya	Mr. R. D. Kershaw	3738	21.34	15	2.86	20th-21st	83 Gourakele Estate, Badulla	Mr. R. Gatehouse	4200	2.66	11	0.53	13th-14th
39 Bulugahapitiya	Divisional Irrigation Engineer, C. D., Haldummulla		4.43	16	0.62	20th-21st	84 Haldummulla	Divisional Irrigation Engineer, C. D., Haldummulla	3380	4.56	11	1.68	7th-8th
40 Buttala Hospital	Medical Officer, Buttala	500	1.10	5	0.49	5th-6th	85 Hali-ela Tank	Subdivisional Officer, Matara Subdivision	200	6.61	15	1.19	20th-21st
41 Caledonia Estate, Lindula	Mr. Geo. E. Hughes	4273					86 Hambegamuwa Tank	Divisional Irrigation Engineer, C. D., Haldummulla	500	1.41	7	0.35	17th-18th
42 Campion Estate, Bogawantalawa	Mr. J. Samuel	4500					87 Haputale Hospital	Medical Officer, Haputale	4800	1.96	10	0.45	1st-2nd
43 Carney Estate, Ratnapura	Mr. F. D. Milner		27.89	26	3.77	19th-20th	88 Hatton Police Station	Police Constable E. A. C. Perera	4143	22.90	24	3.36	24th-25th
44 Chadiyantawala	Irrigation Engineer, Kalmunai, S. D.	63	2.70	5	1.11	15th-16th	89 Helboda Estate, Pussellawa	Mr. H. C. Lankester	3490	18.97	22	2.85	23rd-24th
45 Chavakachheri	District Engineer, Pallai	16	2.05	2	1.93	6th-7th	90 Henaratgoda Botanical Gardens	Mr. D. F. de S. Gunarathne	33	17.79	18	2.72	18th-19th
46 Chilaw Public Works Department	District Engineer, Chilaw		6.87	16	2.16	7th-8th	91 Hendon Estate, Rangalla	Mr. John Ellis	3860	7.66	12	2.10	10th-11th
47 Coldstream Estate, Hatton	Mr. H. C. Bryett	3800	27.21	23	3.60	19th-20th	92 Hiniduma	Mudaliyar, Hinidum pattu		19.19	18	4.20	3rd-4th
48 Crystal Hill Estate, Matale	Mr. R. van Starrex	1400	8.69	19	1.17	19th-20th	93 Hiya	Chairman, Municipal Council, Galle	338	11.79	21	1.78	18-19 & 20-21
49 Dambulla Hospital	Medical Officer, Dambulla	400	4.09	11	1.60	7th-8th	94 Holmwood Estate, Agrapatana	Mr. D. A. Wilkinson	5240	11.88	18	1.76	18th-19th
50 Dandagamuwa	District Engineer, Dandagamuwa		9.79	17	2.34	19th-20th	95 Hope Estate, Hewaheta	Mr. H. S. Popham	5000	11.41	18	1.91	20th-21st
51 Dandenya Tank	Subdivisional Officer, Matara Subdivision	157	9.95	21	1.48	17th-18th	96 Horaborawewa	Divisional Irrigation Engineer, C. D., Haldummulla	350	1.92	5	0.82	5th-6th
52 Delft	Maniagar of Delft		0.81	4	0.35	7th-8th	97 Horakele Estate, Marawila	Mr. B. Parker	50	9.42	14	3.8	9th-10th
53 Delwita Estate, Kurunegala	Mr. J. S. Patterson	490	10.92	18	1.82	18th-19th	98 Horawaputana	District Engineer, Mihintale	214	5.71	4	2.68	8th-9th
54 Denagama Tank	Subdivisional Officer, Matara Subdivision	286	9.57	19	1.69	24th-25th	99 Horton Plains Resthouse	Resthouse-keeper, Horton Plains, Ohiya	7004	8.50	26	0.60	9th-10th
55 Dettanagalla Estate, Pinnawela R. O. via	Mr. E. E. Megget	3800	7.26	14	1.70	16th-17th	100 Iuppallama	Irrigation Engineer, Anuradhapura Subdivision	42	2.99	5	2.02	6th-7th
56 Devilana Tank	Irrigation Engineer, Kalmunai, S. D.	136	11.91	12	1.79	22nd-23rd	101 Irakkamam	Irrigation Engineer, Kalmunai, S. D.	42	2.87	4	1.25	5th-6th
57 Digala Estate, Dehiowita	Mr. A. H. Dixon Irving	400	23.98	22	2.89	5th-6th	102 Iranamadu	Irrigation Engineer, Karachchi, N. P., Iranamadu	92	3.04	4	2.00	9th-10th
58 Diwela Estate, Karandupona, Kegalla	Mr. J. G. Craib	800					103 Jaffna College, Vaddukoddai	Mr. C. H. Cooke	9	1.70	3	0.98	5th-6th
59 Dooramadella Estate, Gammaduwa	Mr. Robt. Oliver	2880											

Results of Meteorological Observations in Ceylon during the Month of May, 1918—contd.

STATION.	NAME OF SENDER.	RAINFALL.					STATION.	NAME OF SENDER.	RAINFALL.				
		Height above Sea Level.	Total No. of Inches.	No. of days on which Registered.	Greatest Quantity in any 24 hours.				Height above Sea Level.	Total No. of Inches.	No. of days on which Registered.	Greatest Quantity in any 24 hours.	
					Feet.	In.						Feet.	In.	Date.
alawewa Tank ..	Irrigation Engineer, Anuradhapura Subdivision ..	470	3.50	14	1.34	8th—9th	183 New Valley or Norwood ..	District Engineer, Dikoya, Norwood ..	3700	18.87	16	3.89	18th—19th.
almunai ..	District Engineer, Kalmunai ..	12	0.81	1	0.81	15th—16th	184 Oddichuddan ..	Deputy Conservator of Forests, J. D., Jaffna ..	—	2.73	1	2.73	6th—7th
alpitiya Resthouse ..	Assistant Government Agent, Puttalam ..	—	2.69	7	1.30	17th—18th	185 Ohiya Railway Station ..	Station Master, C. G. R. ..	5820	6.28	14	0.93	31st—1st June
alutara ..	District Engineer, Kalutara ..	35	14.35	21	1.80	14th—15th	186 Orange Hill Estate, Ragama ..	Mr. J. Gidlow ..	50	19.74	21	4.12	3rd—4th
anana Estate, Bentota ..	Mr. K. Arthur Burne ..	30	18.99	24	3.45	16th—17th	187 Orwell Estate, Gampola ..	Superintendent ..	1800	—	—	—	—
anangama Estate, Dehiowita ..	Mr. H. L. Murray ..	200	20.14	23	2.80	17th—18th	188 Padukka ..	Instructor, Survey Training School ..	50	20.75	21	3.10	18th—19th
anankodu ..	Irrigation Engineer, Kalmunai, S. D. ..	118	3.52	7	1.00	9-10 & 15-16	189 Padupola ..	District Engineer, Dikoya, Norwood ..	1600	28.32	17	3.22	18th—19th
ankesanturai ..	Medical Officer, Kankesanturai ..	15	0.37	3	0.24	6th—7th	190 Pallai ..	District Engineer, Pallai ..	24	0.49	3	0.25	6th—7th
anthalai Tank ..	Divisional Irrigation Engineer, Trincomalee ..	250	4.20	5	1.91	8th—9th	191 Palugaswewa Estate, Chilaw ..	Mr. N. Perera ..	—	8.42	16	1.78	7th—8th
o. 2 Karukkna Estate, Madampe ..	Mr. J. P. Fernando ..	—	8.68	13	1.80	17th—18th	192 Panama Tank ..	Irrigation Engineer, Kalmunai, S. D. ..	—	2.41	3	2.20	5th—6th
atugastota ..	District Engineer, Katugastota ..	1800	11.00	19	1.51	20th—21st	193 Panilkanda Estate, Deniyaya ..	Mr. C. F. Winthrop ..	1900	9.97	18	1.55	20th—21st
ayts ..	Mr. S. Paramanathan ..	8	1.25	2	0.70	8th—9th	194 Pannagamuwa ..	Irrigation Engineer, Hambantota Subdivision, Tissa ..	92	1.26	7	0.43	5th—6th
oenagahaella Estate, Balangoda ..	Mr. D. Kimber ..	1800	5.08	14	0.85	17th—18th	195 Paranthan Railway Station ..	Station Master, C. G. R. ..	—	—	—	—	—
ogalla Jail ..	Superintendent of Prison ..	—	11.71	20	1.68	20th—21st	196 Passara Hospital ..	Medical Officer, Passara ..	2800	4.54	11	1.00	29th—30th
okanadure ..	Subdivisional Officer, Matara Subdivision ..	157	5.27	17	1.48	18th—19th	197 Pathregalla Estate, Pothuhera ..	Mr. A. M. Wright ..	550	15.82	18	5.50	6th—7th
oragala Estate, Kuruwita ..	Mr. M. S. Davidson ..	400	20.08	21	2.66	18th—19th	198 Patiagama Estate, Deltota ..	Mr. L. A. Ewart ..	3600	17.20	15	3.00	19th—20th
orlinochohi ..	Irrigation Engineer, Karachohi, N. P., Iranamadu ..	77	2.48	5	1.12	9th—10th	199 Pattipola Railway Station ..	Station Master, C. G. R. ..	6201	6.80	13	1.18	17th—18th
orama, Matara ..	Subdivisional Officer, Tangalla, S. D., Weraketiya ..	260	8.10	21	2.42	20th—21st	200 Pelmadulla ..	District Engineer, Pelmadulla ..	480	20.35	21	3.16	17th—18th
otulgala Resthouse ..	Chairman, District Road Committee, Kegalla ..	—	23.36	22	2.35	23rd—24th	201 Peradeniya Gardens ..	Mr. H. F. Macmillan ..	1540	13.20	19	1.87	18th—19th
obonella Estate, Rangalla ..	Mr. W. S. de Waas [R. O. vidi Kurunegala ..	3300	13.62	18	1.95	21st—22nd	202 Periyakulam ..	Divisional Irrigation Engineer, Trincomalee ..	50	1.43	3	0.82	5th—6th
ocgolla ..	Subdivisional Officer, Deduru-oya Subdivision, Ibbagamuwa ..	358	6.67	18	1.08	4th—5th	203 Pont Pedro Civil Hospital ..	Medical Officer, Point Pedro ..	24	0.18	1	0.18	5th—6th
okoslanda ..	District Engineer, Koslanda ..	2258	3.29	10	1.70	6th—7th	204 Ponparippu Resthouse ..	Assistant Government Agent, Puttalam ..	—	2.72	6	0.68	6-7 & 10-11
okudawewa ..	Divisional Irrigation Engineer, C. D., Haldummulla ..	350	0	0	0	—	205 Pottuvil Dispensary ..	Apothecary, Pottuvil ..	10	1.16	2	1.00	5th—6th
okumbukkan Anicut ..	Do. do. do. ..	600	0.78	9	0.34	8th—9th	206 Pullukannawa ..	Irrigation Engineer, Kalmunai, S. D. ..	—	5.47	8	2.22	7th—8th
okurundu-oya Estate, Maturata ..	Mr. R. R. Jaques ..	5150	5.27	15	1.04	23rd—24th	207 Pussellawa ..	District Engineer, Pussellawa ..	3000	16.85	12	3.00	19th—20th
okurunegala ..	District Engineer, Kurunegala ..	400	11.41	19	1.63	17th—18th	208 Puvarasankulam ..	District Engineer, Vavuniya ..	—	6.82	6	4.65	7th—8th
oklabookelle Estate, Ramboda ..	Mr. N. C. Rolt ..	5000	18.51	20	2.19	24th—25th	209 Ragama Camp ..	Assistant Superintendent, Ragama Camp ..	9	17.36	21	3.53	18th—19th
oklabugama Tank ..	Engineer, Waterworks, Maligakanda, Colombo ..	369	23.22	24	3.68	18th—19th	210 Rajawella Estate, Teldeniya ..	Mr. G. J. Murray ..	1500	5.35	16	0.90	19th—20th
oklahugalla ..	Irrigation Engineer, Kalmunai, S. D. ..	—	1.87	6	0.74	4th—5th	211 Rayigam Estate, Padukka ..	Mr. Allen Coombe ..	300	24.44	21	3.10	17th—18th
okledgerwatta Estate, Badulla ..	Mr. J. W. Scott ..	4000	2.48	8	1.03	5th—6th	212 Ratawewa Tank ..	Irrigation Engineer, Kalmunai, S. D. ..	30	0	0	0	—
okliyanganhatota ..	Irrigation Engineer, Hambantota Subdivision, Tissa ..	86	3.10	10	0.44	13th—14th	213 Rugam Tank ..	Irrigation Engineer, Rugam, S. D., Uniohohai ..	77	2.70	8	1.08	14th—15th
oklower Spring Valley Estate, Badulla ..	Mr. R. B. Jamison ..	3650	2.73	14	0.72	30th—31st	214 Ruwanwella Resthouse ..	Chairman, District Road Committee, Kegalla ..	180	20.65	20	2.48	19th—20th
okluccombe Estate, Maskeliya ..	Mr. Ralph V. Grimwood ..	3600	22.70	18	3.00	10-20 & 24-25	215 Sacumbe Estate, Rattota ..	Mr. Henry de Silva ..	1200	6.76	11	2.31	7th—8th
oklunugala Estate, Bandarawela ..	Mr. R. G. Coombe ..	—	3.72	12	1.38	31st—1st June	216 Sakamam Tank ..	Irrigation Engineer, Kalmunai, S. D. ..	42	1.61	5	0.96	15th—16th
okmadawachhiya ..	District Engineer, Mihintale ..	280	4.80	4	2.25	6th—7th	217 Sandringham Estate, Agrapatana ..	Mr. P. Byrde ..	5250	9.31	15	1.50	17th—18th
okmadugoda Dispensary ..	Apothecary, Madugoda ..	—	4.75	19	0.75	6th—7th	218 Sanglikanadarawa ..	Irrigation Engineer, Anuradhapura Subdivision ..	277	5.73	7	2.62	6th—7th
okmedurankuly Resthouse ..	Assistant Government Agent, Puttalam ..	—	3.87	12	1.12	9th—10th	219 Sogama Estate, Pussellawa ..	Superintendent ..	3600	21.27	15	2.85	20th—21st
okmaduwanwala ..	Government Agent, Ratnapura [weratiya ..	750	3.55	11	1.13	24th—25th	220 S. Wanarajah Estate, Dikoya ..	Superintendent ..	3700	20.19	18	3.12	19th—20th
okmagalawewa ..	Subdivisional Officer, Nikaweratiya Subdivision, Nika- ..	176	6.48	13	1.72	6th—7th	221 St. Andrew's School, Nawalapitiya ..	Headmaster ..	1915	22.24	19	3.04	23rd—24th
okmahadova Estate, Madulsima ..	Mr. Guy C. Morris ..	4500	1.85	11	0.78	9th—10th	222 St. Martin's Estate, Rangalla ..	Mr. John Ellis ..	3600	8.33	16	1.10	5-6 & 23-24
okmaha-oya Hospital ..	Medical Officer, Maha-oya [weratiya ..	190	5.43	8	2.77	6th—7th	223 Stoek Gardens, Colombo ..	Principal, Training College, Colombo ..	—	—	—	—	—
okmahauswewa ..	Subdivisional Officer, Nikaweratiya Subdivision, Nika- ..	18	3.33	8	0.95	17th—18th	224 Stratheden Estate, Demodara ..	Superintendent ..	2800	2.89	12	0.88	29th—30th
okmahawalattenna ..	Government Agent, Ratnapura ..	—	2.61	10	0.80	20th—21st	225 Strathellie Estate, Midland Group, ..	Nawalapitiya ..	—	—	—	—	—
okmaliboda Estate, Dehiowita ..	Mr. R. Neville Rolfe ..	2000	27.69	21	3.00	23rd—24th	226 Sudupanawela ..	Mr. Wm. Greig ..	2500	27.70	21	3.32	18th—19th
okmaligakanda ..	Engineer, Waterworks, Maligakanda, Colombo ..	70	14.70	21	2.60	18th—19th	227 Tabbowa ..	Divisional Irrigation Engineer, C.D., Haldummulla [weratiya ..	608	0.76	11	0.20	8th—9th
okmamadola ..	Irrigation Engineer, Hambantota Subdivision, Tissa ..	56	2.68	10	0.55	9th—10th	228 Taldena Dispensary ..	Subdivisional Officer, Nikaweratiya Subdivision, Nika- ..	68	1.38	3	1.10	6th—7th
okmanalpitiya Anicut ..	Irrigation Engineer, Kalmunai, S. D. ..	21	0.43	2	0.29	14th—15th	229 Taldena Dispensary ..	Apothecary, Taldena ..	1100	1.72	8	0.70	9th—10th
okmankulam ..	District Engineer, Vavuniya ..	187	2.75	4	1.21	6th—7th	230 Talpitigala Estate, Badulla ..	Mr. H. W. Waters ..	2150	3.20	8	1.59	5th—6th
okmantota Hospital ..	Medical Officer, Mantota, Mannar ..	17	2.15	7	0.76	8th—9th	231 Tanamalwila Dispensary ..	Apothecary, Tanamalwila ..	550	1.90	9	0.68	14th—15th
okmaradankadawala ..	District Engineer, Maradankadawala ..	443	4.46	8	2.20	6th—7th	232 Tangalla ..	Divisional Irrigation Engineer, Tangalla, S. D. ..	70	5.55	18	1.12	13th—14th
okmarambekande Estate, Puwakpitiya ..	Mr. Chas. Bourchier ..	400	22.54	17	3.04	17th—18th	233 Thumpenkeni Tank ..	Irrigation Engineer, Kalmunai, S. D. [weratiya ..	—	6.53	5	2.09	16th—17th
okmarawatta Estate, Gampola ..	Mr. D. J. Blyth ..	1600	13.80	21	1.97	22nd—23rd	234 Thinnapitiyawa ..	Subdivisional Officer, Nikaweratiya Subdivision, Nika- ..	8	12.00	14	2.28	19th—20th
okmarichchukkaddi ..	Apothecary, Marichchukkaddi, Mannar ..	14	1.59	5	0.73	8th—9th	235 Tissamaharama ..	Irrigation Engineer, Hambantota Subdivision, Tissa ..	75	2.93	6	1.77	5th—6th
okmaskeliya Hospital ..	Medical Officer, Maskeliya ..	4200	18.93	15	2.73	20th—21st	236 Tonigala Resthouse ..	Assistant Government Agent, Puttalam ..	—	6.31	19	1.64	17th—18th
okmatale ..	District Engineer, Matale ..	1208	10.20	16	2.60	9th—10th	237 Topawewa, Habarana ..	Apothecary ..	200	5.60	9	3.25	7th—8th
okmatara ..	District Engineer, Matara ..	15	12.41	19	2.34	5th—6th	238 Trinity College, Kandy ..	Mr. J. N. Thomas ..	1750	—	—	—	—
okmaturata Hospital ..	Medical Officer, Maturata ..	3226	4.87	14	0.95	20th—21st	239 Udaheha Estate, Bandarawela ..	Mr. R. G. Coombe ..	4500	2.43	6	1.02	6th—7th
okmedagama Hospital ..	Medical Officer, Medagama [weratiya ..	800	1.97	6	0.52	5th—6th	240 Udukiriwila ..	Subdivisional Officer, Tangalla, S. D., Weraketiya ..	156	4.81	19	0.84	19th—20th
okmediyawa Tank ..	Subdivisional Officer, Nikaweratiya Subdivision, Nika- ..	—	5.38	15	1.42	5th—6th	241 Uniohohai Tank ..	Irrigation Engineer, Rugam, S. D., Uniohohai ..	120	4.93	9	1.92	9th—10th
okmeeriabedda Estate, Haputale ..	Mr. William Allan ..	3600	2.70	13	0.85	6th—7th	242 Urubokka ..	Subdivisional Officer, Tangalla, S. D., Weraketiya ..	890	5.25	16	0.59	15th—16th
okmeeriattenne Estate, Hanguranketa ..	Mr. E. van Schoonbeek ..	4450	5.77	14	1.10	22nd—23rd	243 Vakaneri ..	Irrigation Engineer, Rugam, S. D., Uniohohai ..	120	2.51	3	1.82	5th—6th
okmihintale ..	District Engineer, Mihintale ..	354	3.85	6	1.15	6th—7th	244 Vangalaochettikulam ..	District Engineer, Mannar ..	179	3.67	5	2.00	7th—8th
okmilapitiya ..	District Engineer, Kandy ..	1707	3.92	15	0.69	20th—21st	245 Vavuniya ..	District Engineer, Vavuniya ..	318	5.04	7	2.75	8th—9th
okminneriya ..	Irrigation Engineer, Anuradhapura Subdivision ..	309	3.73	6	1.84	8th—9th	246 Veeragoda ..	Irrigation Engineer, Kalmunai, S. D. ..	99	2.61	5	0.90	5th—6th
okmonaragala Hospital ..	Medical Officer, Monaragala ..	700	1.06	5	0.48	8th—9th	247 Vicartan Estate, Matale ..	Mr. M. Perera ..	3250	13.48	18	2.61	7th—8th
okmorawaka ..	Apothecary, Morawaka ..	—	12.86	21	1.70	18th—19th	248 Walton Estate, Monaragala ..	Mr. L. B. Gourlay ..	2000	1.72	8	0.78	4th—5th
okmoussagala Estate, Namunukula ..	Mr. F. W. Eardley Liesching ..	4500	4.11	14	0.60	14th—15th	249 Wannathivillu Resthouse ..	Assistant Government Agent, Puttalam ..	—	3.66	9	1.41	8th—9th
okmullaitivu ..	District Engineer, Vavuniya ..	12	0.32	3	0.26	5th—6th	250 Waragalanda Estate, Madulkele ..	Mr. J. T. Morshead ..	2000	14.08	18	2.08	21st—22nd
okmurungan ..	Irrigation Engineer, Giant's Tank Subdivision, Murungan ..	50	2.68	6	1.38	6th—7th	251 Watigoda Railway Station ..	Mr. R. H. Coombe ..	1200	9.79	18	1.76	10th—11th
oknachchaduwa ..	Irrigation Engineer, Anuradhapura Subdivision ..	336	1.93	6	0.60	8th—9th	252 Watwala Railway Station ..	Station Master, C. G. R. ..	4402	17.14	22	2.07	24th—25th
oknalanda Dispensary ..	Apothecary, Nalanda ..	900	6.09	15	0.98	6th—7th	253 Welimada ..	Do. do. ..	3259	35.82	19	4.65	23rd—24th
oknanu-oya ..	Resident Engineer, C. G. R., Nanu-oya ..	5342	15.87	21	2.05	20th—21st	254 Wewessa Estate, Badulla ..	District Engineer, Diyatalawa ..	3300	0.88	6	0.26	18th—19th
oknaula Tank ..	Irrigation Engineer, Kalmunai, S. D. ..	—	1.53	4	1.11	5th—6th	255 Woodside Estate, Urugalla ..	Mr. C. F. Way ..	3000	3.58	14	1.04	10th—11th
oknedunkerny ..	District Engineer, Vavuniya ..	122	4.65	6									