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DRAFT ORDINANCE.

MINUTE.

The following Draft of a proposed Ordinance is published for general information:—

An Ordinance to amend the Law relating to Explosives.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the law relating to the prevention of accidents by explosives: Be it therefore enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:

PART I.

Preliminary.

Short title and commencement.

1 This Ordinance may be cited as "The Explosives Ordinance, No. of 1920," and shall come into operation at such time as the Governor shall, by Proclamation in the "Government Gazette," appoint.

Definitions.

"Explosive."

- 2 In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires— "Explosive"—
- (1) Means gunpowder, nitro-glycerine, dynamite, guncotton, blasting powder, fulminate of mercury or of other metals, and every other substance or mixture, whether similar to those above mentioned or not, used or manufactured with a view to produce a practical effect by explosion or a pyrotechnic effect; and
- (2) Includes fog signals, fireworks, fuzes, rockets, percussion caps, detonators, cartridges, ammunition of all descriptions, and every adaptation or preparation of an explosive as above defined.

"Weight of an explosive."

The term "weight of an explosive" means not only the weight of the explosive matter contained therein, but the gross weight of the whole explosive; thus, the weight of a firework includes the weight of the whole article, paper, clay, &c., complete; and the weight of a detonator includes the copper capsule.

"Safety cartridges."

"Magazine."

"Government Agent.'

"Peace officer."

"Occupier."

"Wholesale dealer. "Retail dealer."

"Master."

" Vessel."

"Vehicle."

" Licensed premises.

" Permit."

"Certificate."

" Prescribed."

"This Ordinance."

Extension or restriction of provisions of Ordinance.

Persons carrying on certain processes to be deemed manufacturers.

Definition and classification of explosives.

"Safety cartridges" mean cartridges for small arms, of which the case can be extracted from the small arm after firing, and which are so closed as to prevent any explosion in one cartridge being communicated to other cartridges.

Magazine" means a magazine licensed or appointed under this Ordinance, and includes any vessel so licensed or

appointed as a magazine.

Government Agent" includes an Assistant Government Agent.

Peace officer" includes police officers and headmen appointed by a Government Agent in writing to perform police duties.

Occupier" means proprietor, licensee, or other person in

charge.

Wholesale dealer" and "retail dealer" mean, respectively, a licensed wholesale dealer and a licensed retail dealer.

Master" includes any person (except a pilot) having command or charge of a vessel, and in reference to any Master " boat belonging to a vessel, means the master of the vessel, and when used in reference to any other boat, includes every person having command or charge of such boat. Vessel" includes any ship, boat, and any other description

of vessel used in navigation, whether propelled by oars,

sails, steam, or by any other method. Vehicle "includes any wagon, cart, truck, barrow, tray, or other receptacle used or intended to be used for conveying goods or passengers by land in whatever manner the same may be propelled.

Licensed premises" mean premises in respect of which a license has been issued to a wholesale or retail dealer.

"Permit" means a permit granted under this Ordinance.
"Certificate" means a certificate granted under the means a certificate granted under this Ordinance.

" Prescribed" means prescribed by regulations made by the Governor in Executive Council.

This Ordinance" includes any regulation, rule, or order made thereunder.

3 (1) The Governor in Executive Council may, by Proclamation in the "Government Gazette," declare that any substance which appears to him to be specially dangerous to life or property by reason either of its explosive properties, or of any process in the manufacture thereof being liable to explosion, shall be deemed to be an explosive within the meaning of this Ordinance, and the provisions of this Ordinance (subject to such exceptions, limitations, and restrictions as may be specified in the order) shall accordingly extend to such substance in like manner as if it were included in the term explosive" in this Ordinance.

(2) The Governor in Executive Council may, by Proclamation in the "Government Gazette," declare that, subject to such exceptions, limitations, or restrictions as may be specified in the order, any kind of explosive to be named in such order shall be exempt from all or any of the provisions of this

Any person who carries on any of the following processes, namely, the process of dividing into its component parts, or otherwise breaking up or unmaking any explosive, or making fit for use any damaged explosive, or the process of re-making, altering, or repairing any explosive, shall be subject to the provisions of this Ordinance as if he manufactured an explosive, and the expression" manufacture" shall in this Ordinance be construed accordingly.

(1) It shall be lawful for the Governor in Executive Council from time to time, by Proclamation in the "Government Gazette," to define, for the purposes of this Ordinance, the composition, quality, and character of any explosive, and

to classify explosives.

(2) Where the composition, quality, or character of any explosive has been defined by Proclamation, any article alleged to be such explosive which differs from such definition in composition, quality, or character, whether by reason of deterioration or otherwise, shall not be deemed, for the purposes of this Ordinance, to be the explosive so defined.

PART II.

Manufacture of Explosives.

Manufacture of explosives.

- 6 (1) Subject to the express provisions of this part of this Ordinance, it shall not be lawful for any person to carry on the manufacture, or any part of the process of manufacturing explosives, except under a license from the Governor, under the hand of the Colonial Secretary.
- (2) Where explosives are manufactured or any process of manufacture is carried on in contravention of the provisions of this section—
 - (a) All or any part of the explosive, or the ingredients of such explosive, which may be found in any place or in the possession or under the control of any person convicted under this section may be forfeited; and
 - (b) The person so contravening the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a summary offence, and shall be liable on conviction to a penalty not exceeding one thousand rupees a day for every day during which he so manufactures or carries on any process of such manufacture.
 - (3) This section shall not apply—
 - (a) To the making of a small quantity of explosive for the purpose of chemical experiment and not for practical use or sale;
 - (b) To the filling, for private use and not for sale, of any safety cartridges to the amount allowed by this Ordinance to be kept for private use; or
 - (c) To the manufacture of fireworks in such quantities and subject to such conditions as the Governor, by Proclamation in the "Government Gazette," may from time to time permit.

Admittance,&c., of young persons into factories.

- 7 (1) No person under the age of sixteen years shall be admitted to or employed in any place licensed for the manufacture of explosives.
- (2) Any person acting in contravention of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a summary offence, and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

Regulations as to factories.

- 8 (1) The Governor in Executive Council may make regulations relative to the manufacture of explosives, and particularly, but without diminishing the general power hereinbefore conferred, relative to—
 - (a) The construction, maintenance, repair, alteration, capacity, materials, and fittings of factories;
 - (b) The manner in which, and the conditions subject to which, the process, or any part of the process, of manufacture is to be carried on;
 - (c) The buildings and works from which factories are to be separated, and the distances by which they are to be separated;
 - (d) The amount of explosive or the ingredients thereof which may be kept in the factory, and the manner of keeping the same;
 - (e) The safety of persons employed in such manufacture or resident or lawfully present near or on such factory.
- (2) In the event of any breach (by any act or default) of any such regulation—
 - (a) All or any part of the explosive in respect to which the offence was committed may be forfeited;
 - (b) The occupier shall be guilty of a summary offence, and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees, and in addition (in the case of a second or subsequent offence) two hundred rupees for every day during which such breach continues.

PART III.

- Gunpowder.

A.-Keeping of Gunpowder.

Gunpowder (except for private use) to be kept in magazine or licensed premises.

- 9 (1) Subject to the provisions of this Ordinance, gunpowder shall not be kept at any place except as follows, that is to sav
 - (a) Except in a magazine for gunpowder licensed by a Government Agent or appointed by the Governor in Executive Council under this Ordinance for keeping gunpowder; or

(b) Except in premises with respect to which any wholesale or retail dealer has obtained a license under this Ordinanco.

- (2) This section shall not apply-
- (a) To a person keeping for his private use and not for sale gunpowder to an amount not exceeding five pounds in

(b) To a person engaged in a prescribed industry or prescribed kind of work keeping in the prescribed manner the prescribed amount of gunpowder;

(c) Subject to the prescribed conditions, to a person licensed under Part II. of this Ordinance:

- (d) To the keeping of any gunpowder by a carrier or other person for the purpose of conveyance, when the same is being conveyed or kept in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance, with respect to the conveyance of gunpowder.
- (3) Where any gunpowder is kept in contravention of the provisions of this section—
 - All or any part of the gunpowder may be forfeited; and (b) The occupier of any place where such gunpowder is kept and also the owner of or other person guilty of keeping the gunpowder shall each be guilty of a summary offence, and shall each be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding two rupees for every pound or fraction of a pound of gunpowder so kept.

Appointment of Government magazines.

- 10 (1) The Governor in Executive Council may, from time to time, appoint any place or vessel to be a magazine for the reception of gunpowder, and notice of such appointment shall be given by Proclamation published in the "Government Gazette."
- (2) Such Proclamation and appointment must, unless the magazine be a floating magazine, define the land forming the site of such magazine; and the land so defined, with every building thereon, for whatever purpose used or intended, shall be deemed to constitute a magazine.
- (3) Production of a copy of the "Government Gazette" containing such Proclamation shall be primâ facie evidence of the issue of such Proclamation.
- (4) Each such magazine shall be under the charge of such person as the Governor may appoint for that purpose.

Regulations as to magazines.

- (1) The Governor in Executive Council may make regulations relative to magazines, and particularly, but without diminishing the general power hereinbefore conferred, relative to-
 - (a) The construction, maintenance, repair, alteration,
 - capacity, materials, and fittings of magazines;
 (b) The buildings and works from which magazines are to be separated, and the distance by which they are to be separated;
 - (c) The amount of gunpowder which may be kept in any magazine or class of magazine, and the manner of keeping
 - (d) The safety of persons employed in such magazines or resident or lawfully present near or in such magazines.
- (2) In the event of any breach (by any act or default) of any such regulation-
 - (a) All or any part of the gunpowder in respect to which the offence was committed may be forfeited;

General rules for magazines.

- (b) The occupier shall be guilty of a summary offence, and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees, and in addition (in the case of a second or subsequent offence) two hundred rupees for every day during which such breach continues.
- 12 (1) In every gunpowder magazine the following general rules shall be observed:
 - (a) Every building in which gunpowder is kept shall be used only for the keeping of gunpowder, and receptacles for or tools or implements for work connected with the keeping of such gunpowder;
 - (b) The interior of every such building, and all benches, shelves, and fittings in such building other than machinery shall be so constructed or so lined or covered as to prevent the exposure of any iron or steel, and the detaching of any grit, iron, steel, or similar substance in such manner as to come into contact with the gunpowder, and such interior benches, shelves, and fittings shall be kept free from grit and otherwise clean;
 - (c) Charcoal, whether ground or otherwise, and oiled cotton, oiled rags, and oiled waste, and any articles whatever liable to spontaneous ignition, shall not be taken into any such building;
 - (d) No repairs shall be done to or in any part of such building, except in accordance with the directions of the prescribed officer;
 - (e) All tools and implements used in any repairs to or in any such building shall be made only of wood or copper or brass or some soft metal or material, or shall be covered with some safe and suitable material;
 - (f) Every person entering into any such building shall wear clothes without pockets, and shoes (if any) without any iron or steel therein, and no person shall introduce into any such building any lucifer matches or any artificial light (except luminous surfaces incapable of producing ignition) or any substance or article likely to cause explosion or fire, or any iron, steel, or grit;
- (g) No person shall smoke in any part of a magazine, except in such part, if any, as may be allowed by the special rules:
- (h) Any vehicle, boat, or other receptacle in which gunpowder, or the wholly or partly mixed ingredients thereof, are conveyed from one building to another in a magazine, or from any such building to any place outside of such magazine, shall be constructed without any exposed iron or steel in the interior thereof, and shall contain only the gunpowder and ingredients, and shall be closed or otherwise properly covered over; and the gunpowder shall be so conveyed with all due diligence and with such precautions and in such manner as will sufficiently guard against any accidental ignition;
- (i) No person under the age of sixteen years shall be employed in or enter any building containing gunpowder, except in the presence and under the supervision of some competent grown-up person.
- (2) The Governor in Executive Council may, from time to time by regulations, make such modifications in the foregoing general rules as may appear to him to be necessary for adapting the same to any floating magazine, and such modifications shall have effect as if they were contained in this section.
- (3) In the event of any breach (by any act or default) of any of the general rules in any magazine—
 - (a) All or any part of the gunpowder in respect to which the offence was committed may be forfeited; and
 - (b) The occupier shall be guilty of a summary offence, and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees, and in addition (in the case of a second or subsequent offence) two hundred rupees for every day during which such breach continues.
- 18 (1) Every occupier of a gunpowder magazine shall with the sanction of the Governor in Executive Council, make special rules for the regulation of the persons managing or employed in or about such magazine with a view to secure

Special rules or regulation of workmen in magazines. therein the observance of this Ordinance and any regulations made thereunder, and the safety and proper discipline of the said persons and the safety of the public.

(2) In the case of a magazine appointed by Government, such special rules shall be made by the Governor in Executive

Council.

(3) There may be annexed to any breach or attempt to commit any breach of any special rule made in pursuance of this section such fine not exceeding fifty rupees for each offence as may be deemed just, and such fine may be recovered summarily.

(4) The occupier may, and if required by the Governor in Executive Council shall, with the sanction of the Governor in Executive Council, repeal, alter, or add to any special rules

made under this section.

(5) If an occupier is required by the Governor in Executive Council to make, repeal, alter, or add to any rules under this section, and fail within three months after such requisition to comply therewith to the satisfaction of the Governor in Executive Council, the license in connection with the magazine shall become void and of no effect.

B.—Importation of Gunpowder.

Importation of gunpowder.

- 14 (1) No person other than a wholesale dealer shall import gunpowder into the Colony, and such importation shall be either through the port of Colombo or the port of Talaimannar.
- (2) All gunpowder lawfully imported into this Colony shall

upon being landed be taken to a magazine.

- (3) The Governor in Executive Council may make regulations for the imposition and method of recovery of rent or other charges, whether by action at law or sale, for the storage of gunpowder in magazines appointed by Government.
- 15 In the event of any breach of any of the provisions of the last preceding section—

(a) All or any part of the gunpowder in respect to which the offence was committed may be forfeited;

(b) The importer shall be guilty of a summary offence, and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding one thousand rupees, or to imprisonment of either description for a period not exceeding six months, or to both.

C .- Sale of Gunpowder.

Dealer only may sell.

Penalty for

provisions of section 14.

breach of

16 (1) No person other than a wholesale or retail dealer shall sell gunpowder or offer or expose the same for sale.

(2) Such sale or offer or exposure for sale shall be restricted to the premises named in the license of such wholesale or retail

Licenses to sell by wholesale. 17 (1) It shall not be lawful for any person to sell gunpowder by wholesale, except under a license for that purpose issued by a Government Agent.

(2) No such license shall be issued unless such Government Agent is satisfied that there are on the premises in respect of which the application for the license is made a sufficient fireproof vault or other place which is capable of safely storing one thousand pounds of gunpowder, and a strong and suitable metal case lined with wood which is capable of containing two hundred pounds of gunpowder, and is furnished with a lock and key and with hardles for convenience of removal.

(3) Every such fireproof vault or other place and every such metal case shall have the word "gunpowder" in English, Sinhalese, and Tamil painted or otherwise legibly marked on

the door thereof.

(4) Every wholesale dealer shall keep all gunpowder on his premises in such vault or other place and in such metal case as aforesaid, provided that no more than one thousand pounds of gunpowder shall be kept in such vault or other place, and not more than two hundred pounds of gunpowder shall be kept in such metal case.

(5) Every person who contravenes this section shall be guilty of a summary offence, and shall on conviction be

liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees.

License to sell by retail.

- 18 (1) It shall be unlawful for any person, other than a wholesale dealer, to sell gunpowder by retail, except under a license for that purpose issued by a Government Agent.
- (2) No such license shall be issued unless such Government Agent is satisfied that the applicant for such license has provided himself with a strong and suitable metal case lined with wood which is capable of containing two hundred pounds of gunpowder, is furnished with a lock and key and with handles for convenience of removal, and has the word "gunpowder" in English, Sinhalese, and Tamil painted or otherwise legibly marked thereon.
- (3) Every such metal case shall be kept in such place as the Government Agent shall appoint.
- (4) Every retail dealer shall affix in some conspicuous place on the front of his licensed premises a board whereon shall be painted or otherwise legibly marked his name and the words "licensed retailer of explosives" in English, Sinhalese, and Tamil.
- (5) Every person who contravenes this section shall be guilty of an offence, and shall on summary conviction be liable to a penalty not exceeding two hundred and fifty rupees.

Occupier of unlicensed premises.

19 The occupier of any unlicensed premises on which gunpowder is sold or offered or exposed for sale, or if such premises are occupied by more than one person, every occupier thereof, shall be guilty of a summary offence, and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees.

Unlawful sale.

- 20 Every person who-
- (1) Not being a wholesale dealer or a retail dealer sells gunpowder or offers or exposes the same for sale; or
- (2) Being a wholesale dealer or a retail dealer sells gunpowder or offers or exposes the same for sale on any premises other than those mentioned in his license;

shall be guilty of a summary offence, and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees.

Books to be kept.

- 21 (1) Every wholesale dealer and every retail dealer shall keep on his licensed premises a book, to be called the Gunpowder Receipt Book, according to the Form A in Schedule I. of this Ordinance, and another book, to be called the Gunpowder Delivery Book, in the Form marked B in the said Schedule, and he shall immediately on the receipt or delivery of any gunpowder make the proper entries in the said books according to the said forms.
- (2) Every wholesale dealer or retail dealer who shall omit to make any such entry or shall make any entry which shall be false in any particular shall be guilty of a summary offence, and shall on summary conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees.

Prohibition of sale to young persons. 22 Gunpowder shall not be sold to any person apparently under the age of sixteen years, whether for his own use or the use of any other person. Any person who sells gunpowder contrary to this section shall be guilty of a summary offence, and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.

Package for sale.

- 28 (1) All gunpowder exceeding one pound in weight, when exposed for sale or sold, shall be in a substantial case, bag, canister, or other package, made and closed so as to prevent the gunpowder from escaping, and in every case the outermost package containing such gunpowder shall have affixed the word "gunpowder" in English, Sinhalese, and Tamil, in conspicuous characters, by means of a brand or securely attached label or other mark.
- (2) If any gunpowder is sold or exposed for sale in contravention of this section—
 - (a) The person selling or exposing for sale the same shall be guilty of a summary offence, and on conviction for a summary offence shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees; and
 - (b) All or any part of the gunpowder so sold or exposed for sale may be forfeited.

Amount which may be sold.

- 24 (1) No licensed wholesale dealer or retail dealer shall sell gunpowder in excess of five pounds of gunpowder for any purpose to any person. Provided, however, that gunpowder in excess of that quantity may be sold—
 - (a) By a wholesale dealer to a licensed manufacturer or to a retail dealer;
 - (b) By a wholesale or retail dealer to prescribed persons, subject to any prescribed conditions and limitations.
- (2) Any licensed wholesale dealer or retail dealer acting in contravention of this section shall be guilty of a summary offence, and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees, or imprisonment of either description for a period not exceeding three months, or both.

Application of rules for magazines to licensed premises.

25 The Governor in Executive Council may, by Proclamation to be published in the "Government Gazette," direct such provisions of this Ordinance as relate to magazines as may be named in such Proclamation to apply to licensed premises to the extent therein mentioned.

D.—Conveyance of Gunpowder.

Conveyance.

26 No gunpowder shall be conveyed, except according to this Ordinance or the regulations made thereunder.

Conditions of conveyance.

27 No quantity of gunpowder shall be conveyed, except under and according to a permit granted by a Government Agent or a certificate issued by a wholesale dealer or a retail dealer; provided that this section shall not apply to gunpowder in the course of conveyance according to regulations made under this Ordinance from or to a magazine, or from or to any vessel, wharf, landing place, shipping place, or railway, or for mining, blasting, agricultural, sporting, or other like purposes.

Penalty on illegal conveyance.

28 Any person conveying any gunpowder contrary to this Ordinance shall be guilty of a summary offence, and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees, and any gunpowder conveyed or being conveyed contrary to this Ordinance may be forfeited.

Application for a permit for conveyance.

- 29 (1) A permit for the conveyance of any gunpowder may be granted by a Government Agent to any person being apparently above the age of sixteen years upon an application in writing.
- (2) Such application shall state the quantity of gunpowder intended to be conveyed, the places to which and the persons to whom it is to be distributed, the quantities to be left at each destination, the hours within which and the route by which the conveyance is intended to be effected, and the place or places, if any, where such gunpowder or any part thereof is intended to be deposited until the conveyance and distribution is completed.

Grant of permit.

30 Subject to the provisions of this Ordinance, a Government Agent shall, after an application for a permit has been left at his office, grant a permit specifying the total quantity allowed to be conveyed, the places to which and the persons to whom the parcels making up such total quantity are to be distributed, the hours within which and the route by which the conveyance may be effected, and the place or places, if any, where the gunpowder or any part thereof may be deposited until the conveyance and distribution is completed.

Provided that a Government Agent, if upon application for a permit he is satisfied that a permit according to the application cannot consistently with public safety be granted, may postpone, or absolutely refuse the grant of such permit, or may grant the same with any variations from the application and subject to any conditions which he considers proper for the protection of the public.

Certificate for conveyance.

31 (1) A certificate for the conveyance of any quantity of gunpowder not exceeding twenty pounds from the licensed premises of any wholesale dealer or retail dealer may, subject to the provisions of this Ordinance, be granted by such wholesale dealer or retail dealer to any person apparently above the age of sixteen years.

(2) Such certificate shall state the quantity of gunpowder intended to be conveyed, the places to which and the persons to whom it is to be delivered, and the hours within which and the route by which the conveyance is intended to be effected.

Certificate book

32 Every wholesale dealer or retail dealer shall provide himself with a certificate book containing the prescribed forms of certificate and counterfoils.

Use and return of certificates.

- 33 (1) Every wholesale or retail dealer shall correctly enter in one of such certificates and in its counterfoil the prescribed particulars before sending out, delivering, or permitting the conveyance from his premises of any gunpowder, and shall deliver the certificate with the gunpowder to the person named in the certificate.
- (2) He shall use the certificates in the order in which they are numbered in the certificate book.
- (3) He shall keep the certificate book in his licensed premises open to inspection by any Inspector of Explosives or peace officer, and shall allow any such Inspector or peace officer to examine the same and take any extract therefrom.
- (4) He shall return the certificate book when it is exhausted or on request to the Government Agent, who shall give a receipt for it.

Absence of certificate, &c.

34 Any wholesale or retail dealer who acts in contravention of the provisions of the last preceding section, or molests or obstructs any Inspector of Explosives or peace officer as aforesaid in the performance or execution of any of the duties or powers imposed or conferred upon him by the last preceding section shall be guilty of a summary offence, and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

Illegal use of certificate.

35 Any wholesale dealer or retail dealer who uses or suffers to be used any certificate taken from his certificate book except for the removal of gunpowder from his own licensed premises, or delivers or parts with any form of certificate without filling it up as required by this Ordinance, shall be guilty of a summary offence, and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

Noncompliance with terms of certificate. 86 Any person to whom a certificate for the removal of gunpowder is granted who fails to comply with the terms prescribed on such certificate shall be guilty of a summary offence, and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

General rules as to conveyance within the Colony.

- 37 (1) When any gunpowder is conveyed from place to place in this Colony, either wholly by land or partly by land and partly by water, the following general rules as to packing and other things shall be observed:
 - (1) The gunpowder, if not exceeding five pounds in quantity, shall be contained in a substantial case, bag, canister, or other package made and closed so as to prevent the gunpowder from escaping; and
 - (2) The gunpowder, if exceeding five pounds in quantity, shall be contained either in a single package or a double package. A single package shall be a box, barrel, or case of such strength, construction, and character as may be for the time being approved by the Inspector of Explosives as being of such strength, construction, and character that it will not be broken or accidentally opened, or become defective or insecure whilst being conveyed, and will not allow the gunpowder to escape. If the gunpowder is packed in a double package, the inner package shall be a substantial case, bag, canister, or other receptacle made and closed so as to prevent the gunpowder from escaping, and the outer package shall be a box, barrel, or case of wood or metal or other solid material, and shall be of such strength, construction, and character that it will not be broken or accidentally opened, or become defective or insecure whilst being conveyed, and will not allow the gunpowder to escape; and

(3) The interior of every package shall be kept free from

grit and otherwise clean; and

(4) Every package when actually used for the package of gunpowder shall not be used for any other purpose; and (5) There shall not be any iron or steel in the construction of any package, unless the same is effectively covered with tin, zinc, or other material; and

(6) On the outside of every package there shall be affixed the word "gunpowder" in English, Sinhalese, and Tamil, in conspicuous characters, by means of a brand or securely

attached label or other mark; and

(7) The gunpowder shall be in the charge and under the custody of some male person above the age of sixteen years, who shall have the permit or certificate for its removal in his possession, and shall produce and show such permit to any one who demands to see it.

(2) In the event of any breach, by any act or default, of any general rule in this section, the gunpowder in respect of which the breach is committed may be forfeited, and the person committing such breach shall be guilty of a summary offence, and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees.

(3) The Governor in Executive Council may make rules reseinding, altering, or adding to the general rules contained in this section, and the rules so made by the Governor in Executive Council shall have the same effect as if they were

enacted in this section.

Rules as to conveyance, loading, &c., of gunpowder in colonial waters or from or on to wharves and docks.

- (1) The Governor in Executive Council may make regulations relative to the conveyance, loading, and unloading of gunpowder within the waters of this Colony, or from or on to any wharf or dock, and in particular regulations declaring or regulating all or any of the following matters, that is to say:
 - (a) The notice or warning to be given by vessels conveying, loading, or unloading gunpowder as merchandise;
 (b) The navigation and place of mooring of such vessels;
 - (c) Subject to the general rules with respect to packing in this Ordinance contained, the mode of stowing and keeping gunpowder on board any such vessel, and of giving notice by brands, labels, or otherwise of the nature of the package containing the gunpowder;

(d) The description, construction, fitting up, and licensing of the vessels or vehicles to be used for the conveyance of gunpowder, and the licensing and dress of the persons

having charge thereof;

(e) Prohibiting or subjecting to conditions and restrictions the keeping or conveyance of gunpowder with any explosive or any articles or substances, or in passenger vessels, trains, or vehicles ;

(f) The places and times at which gunpowder is to be loaded or unloaded, and the quantity to be loaded or unloaded or conveyed at one time or in one vessel or vehicle;

(g) The mode of and the precautions to be observed in conveying any gunpowder, and the loading or unloading any vessel or vehicle conveying gunpowder, and the time during which gunpowder may be kept during such conveyance, loading, or unloading;

(h) The times at which lights or fires are to be allowed or not allowed on board such vessels as before mentioned, or at which a police officer or other officer is to be on

board them;

The publication and supply of copies of the regulations;

Enforcing the observance of this Ordinance; and (k) Generally for protecting, whether by means similar to those above mentioned or not, persons and property from danger.

(2) The penalties which shall be recoverable on summary conviction to be annexed to any breach or attempt to commit any breach of any such regulations may be all or any of the following penalties, and may be imposed on such persons and graduated in such manner as may be deemed just, according to the gravity of the offence, and according as it may be a first or second or other subsequent offence, that is to say, fines not exceeding three hundred rupees for each offence, and one

hundred and fifty rupees for each day during which the offence continues, and forfeiture of all or any part of the gunpowder in respect of which, or found in the vessel or vehicle in respect of which, the breach of regulation has taken place.

- (3) In the event of any breach of a regulation under this section in the case of any vessel, vehicle, or gunpowder, whether there has or has not been any conviction for such breach, it shall be lawful for any Collector of Customs, officer, or person named in the regulations, or any person acting under the orders of such Collector of Customs, officer, or person, to cause such vessel, vehicle, or gunpowder, at the expense of the owner thereof, to be removed to such place, or otherwise dealt with in such manner as may be in conformity with the regulations, and all expenses incurred in such removal may be recovered in the same manner as a fine under this section.
- (4) Any person resisting such Collector of Customs, officer, or person in such removal shall be liable to the same penalties as a person is liable to for obstructing a public servant in the execution of his duty.

Rules as to conveyance, loading, &c., on railway.

- 39 (1) The Governor in Executive Council may make regulations relating to the conveyance, loading, and unloading of gunpowder on the Ceylon Government Railway, or any other railway, and in particular for declaring and regulating all or any of the following matters on such railway:
 - (a) Determining the notice to be given of the intention to send gunpowder for conveyance as merchandise on the railway; and
 - (b) Regulating, subject to the general rules with respect to packing in this Ordinance contained, the mode of stowing and keeping gunpowder for conveyance, and of giving notice by brands, labels, or otherwise of the nature of the package containing the gunpowder; and
 - (c) Regulating the description and construction of vehicles or vessels to be used in the conveyance of gunpowder; and
 - (d) Prohibiting or subjecting to conditions and restrictions the conveyance of gunpowder with any explosive, or with any articles or substances, or in passenger trains, vehicles, or vessels; and
 - (e) Fixing the places and time at which the gunpowder is to be loaded or unloaded, and the quantity to be loaded or unloaded or conveyed at one time, or in one vehicle, or vessel; and
- (f) Determining the precautions to be observed in conveying gunpowder, and in loading and unloading the vehicles and vessels used in such conveyance, and the time during which the gunpowder may be kept during such conveyance, loading, and unloading; and
- (g) Providing for the publication and supply of copies of the regulations; and
- (h) Enforcing the observance of this Ordinance both by the servants and agents of the Ceylon Government Railway, and also by other persons when on the railway; and
- (i) Generally for protecting, whether by means similar to those above mentioned or not, persons and property from danger.
- (2) The penalties which shall be recoverable on summary conviction to be annexed to any breach or attempt to commit any breach of any such regulation may be all or any of the following penalties, and may be imposed on such persons and graduated in such manner as may be deemed just, according to the gravity of the offence, and according as it may be a first, second, or other subsequent offence, that is to say, fines not exceeding three hundred rupees for each offence, and one hundred and fifty rupees for each day during which the offence continues, and forfeiture of all or any part of the gunpowder in respect of which, or found in the vehicle or vessel in respect of which, the breach of regulation has taken place.

PART IV.

Law relating to other Explosives.

Part relating to gunpowder applied to other explosives. 40 Subject to the provisions in this Part of this Ordinance contained, the provisions of Part III. of this Ordinance relating to gunpowder shall apply to every other description of explosive in the same manner as if those provisions were herein re-enacted with the substitution of that description of explosive for gunpowder.

Modifications of Part III. in applying it to explosives other than gunpowder.

- 41 The following modifications and additions shall be made in and to Part III. of this Ordinance as applied to explosives other than gunpowder:
 - (1) The Governor in Executive Council may from time to time alter the general rules relating to packing contained in Part III. of this Ordinance for the purpose of adapting the same to the packing of any explosive other than gunpowder; and
 - (2) For the maximum amount limited by Part III. of this Ordinance to be kept for private use and not for sale or in licensed premises or to be sold, and for the minimum amount limited by Part III. of this Ordinance to be exposed for sale or sold otherwise than in a substantial case, bag, canister, or other package as therein mentioned, there shall be substituted in the case of explosives other than gunpowder the following amounts, namely:
 - (a) Where such explosive consists of safety cartridges made with gunpowder, an amount containing not more than five times the maximum or minimum amount of gunpowder, as the case may be, above mentioned: Provided that five pounds in weight of safety cartridges shall, for the purposes of this provision, be taken as being equal to one pound of gunpowder; and

(b) In the case of any other explosive, the prescribed amount; and

(3) Explosives other than gunpowder or safety cartridge shall not be sold to any person who does not produce a certificate from a Government Agent that he is a fit and proper person to buy explosives; and

(4) Two or more descriptions of explosives shall not be kept in the same licensed premises, except such descriptions as may be prescribed in that behalf, and when so kept, shall be kept subject to the prescribed conditions and restrictions; and

(5) Where any explosive, other than gunpowder, is allowed to be kept in the same licensed premises with gunpowder, the maximum amount of gunpowder to be kept therein shall be the prescribed amount in lieu of the amount fixed by Part III. of this Ordinance; and

(6) Where any explosive other than gunpowder is allowed to be kept in the same magazine, or licensed premises with gunpowder, the prescribed general rules shall be observed instead of the general rules in Part III. of this Ordinance;

(7) There shall be on the outermost package containing the explosive in lieu of the word "gunpowder" the name of the explosive, with the addition of the word "explosive," and if such name is materially false, the person selling or exposing for sale such explosive, and also the owner of the explosive, shall be guilty of a summary offence, and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding one thousand rupees; and

(8) With respect to the importation from any place out of the Colony or transhipment of any explosive (other than gunpowder, cartridges made with gunpowder, percussion caps, fireworks, and any prescribed explosive), the following provisions shall have effect, that is to say:

(a) The owner and master of any vessel having on board any such explosive shall not permit the same to be unloaded and delivered to any person who does not hold a license to import explosives (in this Ordinance called an importation license) from the Controller of Revenue; and (b) The Controller of Revenue may grant an importation license for any such explosive, and may annex thereto any prohibitions and restrictions with respect to the composition and quality of the explosive, and the unloading, landing, delivery, and conveyance thereof, and such further provisions and restrictions as he may think fit for the protection of the public from danger; and

(c) The license shall be available only for the person

named in the license; and

(d) In the event of any breach by any act or default of the provisions of this section with respect to the importation or transhipment of an explosive, or of the provisions of any importation license, all or any part of the explosive with respect to which such breach is committed, or being in any vessel in connection with which such breach is committed, may be forfeited, and the owner and master of such vessel, and the licensee or person to whom the explosive is delivered, shall each be guilty of a summary offence, and be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding one thousand five hundred rupees, and to a further fine not exceeding two rupees for every pound of such explosive; and

rupees for every pound of such explosive; and
(e) The Principal Collector of Customs and his officers
shall have the same power with respect to any such
explosive and the vessel containing the same as they
have for the time being with respect to any article on
the importation of which restrictions are for the time
being imposed by the law relating to the Customs, and
the vessel containing the same and the enactments for
the time being in force relating to the Customs or any

such article or vessel shall apply accordingly.

Prohibition of importation, sale, &c.

42 (1) The Governor in Executive Council may from time to time, by order published in the "Government Gazette," prohibit absolutely or subject to conditions or restrictions the manufacture, keeping, importation, transhipment, conveyance and sale or any of them of any explosive which is of so dangerous a character that in the judgment of the Governor in Executive Council it is expedient for the public ssafety to make such order.

Contravening of order.

- (2) If any explosive is manufactured, imported, transhipped, kept, conveyed, or sold in contravention of any such order—
 - (a) All or any part of such explosive may be forfeited; and
 (b) Any person who manufactures or carries on any process in the manufacture of, keeps, or conveys, any such explosive shall be guilty of a summary offence, and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding one thousand rupees a day for every day during which he manufactures, or carries on any process of such manufacture, or to imprisonment of either description for a period not

exceeding one year, or to both; and

(c) The owner or master of the vessel in which it was imported, or from or to which it was transhipped, shall be guilty of a summary offence, and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding five rupees for every pound of such explosive brought in the ship or transhipped to or from such ship, or to imprisonment of either description for a period not exceeding one year, or to both; and

(d) The person to whom it was delivered and the person selling the same shall be guilty of a summary offence, and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding five-rupees for every pound of such explosive delivered or sold or found in his possession, or to imprisonment of either description for a period not exceeding one year,

or to both; and

(e) The Principal Collector of Customs and his officers shall have the same power with respect to any such explosive and the vessel containing the same as they have for the time being with respect to any article prohibited to be imported by the law relating to the Customs and the ship containing the same, and the enactments for the time being in force relating to the Customs and any such article or vessel shall apply accordingly.

PART V.

General Provisions.

A.-Licenses.

Expiry of licenses issued under Ordinance No. 8 of 1902.

Regulations as to applications for licenses. 43 All licenses issued under "The Explosives Ordinance, 1902," shall come to an end, and cease to have effect on and after the Thirty-first day of December, 1920.

44 The Governor in Executive Council may make regulations as to the form of licenses and as to the time and manner in which applications for licenses under this Ordinance are to be made to the licensing authority, and as to the particulars to be furnished by persons making such applications.

Expiry of licenses, &c.

45 All licenses issued under this Ordinance shall expire on the Thirty-first day of December of the year for which they are issued.

Fees for licenses.

46 The fees mentioned in Schedule II. to this Ordinance shall be taken in respect of any license issued under this Ordinance.

Power of licensing authority.

- 47 (1) The power given to a licensing authority under the Ordinance to grant a license includes the power to refuse, cancel, or withdraw a license, or to impose such conditions, prohibitions, limitations, and restrictions as the licensing authority shall think fit for the preservation of the public peace or for the protection of the public from danger.
- (2) The licensing authority may also refuse to grant a license for a magazine, if within a distance of three miles from the site mentioned in the application there is, at the time of such application being made, a magazine appointed by the Governor in Executive Council.

Appeal against refusal or cancellation of license.

- 48 (1) Where the licensing authority being a Government Agent makes order refusing to issue a license or cancelling or withdrawing a license, or imposing conditions, prohibitions, limitations, and restrictions, an appeal shall lie from such order to the Controller of Revenue if taken within fourteen days from the making of such order.
- (2) The decision of the Controller of Revenue shall in all cases be final.
- (3) In cases where the licensing authority is the Controller of Revenue, an appeal shall similarly lie from his order to the Governor in Executive Council.

License not transferable.

49 A license issued under this Ordinance shall be valid only for the person named in it.

Provision in ease of death, &c., of occupier of licensed premises.

50 If the occupier of licensed premises dies or becomes insolvent, or has his affairs liquidated by arrangement, or becomes mentally incapable or otherwise disabled, the person carrying on the business of such occupier shall not be liable to any penalty or forfeiture under this Ordinance for carrying on the business and acting under the license during such reasonable time as may be necessary to allow him to obtain a license from the licensing authority, so that he otherwise conform with the provisions of this Ordinance.

Surrender of expired licenses and of explosives held on such licenses.

- 51 (1) Where any person has been entitled by virtue of a license granted under this Ordinance to import, possess, store, use, buy, sell, or manufacture explosives, but such license expires, and such person does not take out a fresh license in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance, or where the license of any person to import, possess, store, use, buy, sell, or manufacture explosives has been cancelled or suspended, such person shall, within seven days from the expiration, cancellation, or suspension of such license, deposit at the nearest magazine appointed by Government all the explosives in his possession, as also the license so expired. cancelled, or suspended.
- (2) Any person acting in contravention of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a summary offence, and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees for every day during which such contravention continues.

(3) Such explosives if and when deposited as aforesaid may, unless disposed of by the owner with the consent of the licensing authority, and after payment of the prescribed storage fees within a year from the date of the deposit, be confiscated by the licensing authority to the use of His Majesty the King, or otherwise disposed of at the discretion of the authority.

B.—Prevention of Accidents.

Prevention of accidents.

52 (1) The occupier of every factory, magazine, and licensed premises under this Ordinance, and every person employed in or about the same, shall take all due precautions for the prevention of accidents by fire or explosion in the same, and for preventing unauthorized persons having access to the factory, magazine, or to the explosives therein or in the licensed premises, and shall abstain from any act whatever which tends to cause fire or explosion and is not reasonably necessary for the purpose of the work in such factory, magazine, or premises.

(2) Any breach (by any act or default) of this section in any factory, magazine, or licensed premises shall be deemed to be

a breach of the general rules applying thereto.

C .- Inspectors of Explosives.

Appointment of Inspectors.

53 (1) The Governor may from time to time appoint any fit and competent persons to be Inspectors of Explosives for the purposes of this Ordinance and assign them their duties, and rules may be prescribed for their guidance.

and rules may be prescribed for their guidance.

(2) Every order appointing an Inspector or Assistant Inspector shall be published in the "Government Gazette."

Powers of Inspectors.

- 54 (1) An Inspector of Explosives shall have power to make such examination and inquiry as may be necessary to ascertain whether this Ordinance is complied with, and for that purpose—
 - (a) He may enter, inspect, and examine any factory or magazine, and every part thereof, at all times by day and night, but so as not unnecessarily to impede or obstruct the work in such factory or magazine, and may make inquiries as to the observance of this Ordinance and all matters and things relating to the safety of the public or of the persons employed in or about such factory or magazine; and

(b) He may enter, inspect, and examine any licensed premises, and every part thereof, in which any explosive is kept, or is reasonably supposed by him to be kept, at

all reasonable times by day; and

(c) He may require the occupier of any factory, magazine, or premises which he is entitled, under this section, to enter, or a person employed by such occupier therein, to give him samples of any explosive or ingredients of an explosive therein, or of any substance therein, the keeping of which is restricted or regulated by this Ordinance, or of any substance therein which the Inspector believes to be an explosive or such ingredients or substance.

(2) The occupier of every such factory, magazine, and licensed premises, his agents and servants, shall furnish the means required by the Inspector as necessary for every such

entry, inspection, examination, and inquiry.

(3) Any person who fails to permit an Inspector of Explosives to enter, inspect, examine, or make inquiries in pursuance of this section, or to comply with any requisition of such Inspector in pursuance of this section, or who in any manner obstructs such Inspector in the execution of his duties under this Ordinance, shall be guilty of a summary offence, and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding one thousand rupees for each offence.

Notice to remedy dangerous practice.

55 (1) If in any matter (which is not provided for by any express provision of this Ordinance) an Inspector of Explosives finds any factory, magazine, or licensed premises, or any part thereof, or any thing or practice therein or connected therewith, to be unnecessarily dangerous or defective, so as in his opinion to tend to endanger the public safety or the bodily safety of any person, such Inspector may require the occupier of such factory, magazine, or premises to remedy the same.

(2) Where the occupier objects to comply with the requisition, he may within seven days of such requisition being served upon him appeal to the Governor in Executive Council, who may make such order on such appeal as to him may seem

(3) No person shall be precluded by any contract from doing such acts as may be necessary to comply with a requisition or order under this section; and no person shall be liable under any contract to any penalty or forfeiture for doing those acts if he gave notice of such contract to the Inspector at or before the time at which the Inspector made the requisition or to the Governor in Executive Council before the order was made.

(4) If the occupier fail to comply with the requisition or order within twenty days after the expiration of the time for appealing, if there is no appeal, or if there is such an appeal, after the date of the order, he shall be guilty of a summary offence, and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding three hundred rupees for every day during which he so fails

to comply.

(5) Provided that the court, if satisfied that the occupier has taken active measures for complying with the requisition or order, but has not, with reasonable diligence, been able to complete the works, may adjourn any proceedings taken before them for punishing such failure, and if the works are completed within a reasonable time in the opinion of the court, no fine shall be inflicted.

Keeping and carriage of samples by Inspectors, &c.

An Inspector of Explosives, and any other person authorized by him for the purpose, may keep and convey anys ample taken for the purposes of this Ordinance by or by authority of such Inspector, so that the amount of it do not exceed what is reasonably necessary for the purpose of enabling such Inspector to perform his duties under this Ordinance, and be kept and carried with all due precautions to prevent accidents; and such Inspector or person shall not be liable to any penalty, punishment, or forfeiture under this or any other Ordinance for keeping or conveying such sample.

D.—General Power of Search.

Power to search for explosive.

- 57 (1) If any of the following officers, namely:
 - (a) Any officer of Police not below the rank of Assistant Superintendent, Inspector of Explosives; or

(b) Any peace officer specially authorized-

(i.) By a warrant of a Justice of the Peace (which warrant such Justice may grant upon reasonable ground being assigned on oath); or

(ii.) (Where it appears to an officer of Police not below the rank of Assistant Superintendent or to an Inspector of Explosives that the case is one of emergency, and that delay in obtaining a warrant would be likely to endanger life) by a written order from such Assistant Superintendent or Inspector;

has reasonable cause to believe that any offence has been or is being committed with respect to an explosive in any place (whether a building or not, or a vessel or vehicle), or that any explosive is in any such place in contravention of this Ordinance, or that the provisions of this Ordinance are not duly observed in any such place, such officer may enter at any time, and, if needs be, by force, and as well on Sundays as on other days, the said place and every part thereof, and examine the same and search for explosives therein, and take samples of any explosive and ingredient of an explosive therein, and any substance reasonably supposed to be an explosive, or such ingredient which may be found therein.

(2) Any person who, by himself or by any other person fails to admit into any place occupied by or under the control of such person any officer demanding to enter in pursuance of this section, or in any way obstructs such officer in the execution of his duty under this section, shall be guilty of a summary offence, and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees, and shall also be liable to forfeit all explosives or ingredients thereof which are at the time of the offence in his possession or under his control

at the said place.

Seizure and detention of explosive liable to forfeiture.

- Where any of the following officers, namely, any 58 Inspector of Explosives or peace officer has reasonable cause to believe that any explosive, or ingredient of an explosive, or substance found by him is liable to be forfeited under this Ordinance, he may seize and detain the same until a Police Magistrate has determined whether the same is or is not so liable to be forfeited, and, with respect thereto, the following provisions shall have effect:
 - (1) The officer seizing may either require the occupier of the place in which it was seized (whether a building or not, or a vessel or vehicle) to detain the same in such place or in any place under the control of such occupier, or may remove it in such manner and to such place as will, in his opinion, least endanger the public safety, and there detain it, and may, where the matter appears to him to be urgent and fraught with serious public danger, and he is an Inspector of Explosives, or is authorized by an order from a Police Magistrate, Government Agent, or an Inspector of Explosives, cause the same to be destroyed or otherwise rendered harmless;

(2) Before destroying or rendering harmless the same, he shall take and keep a sample thereof, and shall, if required, give a portion of the same to the person owning the explosive or having the same under his control at the time of the seizure;

(3) Any such occupier who, by himself or by any other person, fails to keep the same when he is required in pursuance of this section to detain it, and any such occupies or other person who, except with the authority of the officer seizing the same, or of the Government Agent, or of an Inspector of Explosives, or, in case of emergency, for the purpose of preventing explosion or fire, removes, alters, or in any way tampers or deals with the same while so detained shall be guilty of a summary offence, and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees, and shall also be liable to forfeit all explosives and ingredients thereof which are at the time of the offence in his possession or under his control at the said place

(4) The proceedings before the Police Magistrate for determining whether the same is or is not liable to forfeiture shall be commenced as soon as practicable after the seizuce;

(5) The receptacles containing the same may be seized, detained, and removed in like manner as the contents

(6) The officer seizing the same may use, for the purposes of the removal and detention thereof, any vessel or vehicle in which the same was seized, and any tug, tender, engine, tackle, beasts, and accoutrements belonging to or drawing, or provided for drawing, such vessel or vehicle, and shall pay to the owner a reasonable compensation for such use, to be determined, in case of dispute, by the Police Magistrate, and to be recovered in like manner as any fine under this Ordinance;

(7) The same shall, so far as practicable, be kept and conveyed in accordance with this Ordinance, and with all due precaution to prevent accidents, but the person seizing, removing, detaining, keeping, or conveying the same shall not be liable to any penalty, punishment, or forfeiture under this or any other Ordinance, or to any damages for keeping or conveying the same, so that he uses all such due precautions as aforesaid;

(8) The officer seizing or dealing with the same in pursuance of this section shall not be liable to damages or otherwise in respect of such seizure or dealing or any act incidental to or consequential thereon, unless it is proved that he made such seizure without reasonable cause, or that he caused damage to the article seized by some wilful neglect

or default.

59 (1) The Principal Collector of Customs and any officer of Customs authorized by him, any officer of Police not below the rank of Assistant Superintendent, or any Inspector of Explosives may, for the purpose of ascertaining whether the provisions of this Ordinance with respect to the conveyance,

Inspection of wharf, vehicle, loading, unloading, transhipment, and importation of an explosive, are complied with, enter, inspect, and examine at any time, and as well on Sundays as on other days, the wharf, vehicle, or vessel of any carrier or other person who conveys goods for hire, or of the occupier of any factory, magazine, or licensed premises, or of the importer of any explosive, on or in which wharf, vehicle, or vessel he has reasonable cause to suppose an explosive to be for the purpose or in course of conveyance, but so as not to unnecessarily obstruct the work or business of any such carrier, person, occupier, or importer.

(2) The Principal Collector of Customs or any such officer of Customs or Police or any such Inspector, if he finds any offence being committed under this Ordinance on or in any such wharf, vehicle, or vessel, or on any public wharf, may seize and detain or remove the said vehicle or vessel, or the explosive, in such manner and with such precautions as may appear to him to be necessary to prevent any danger to the public, and may seize and detain the said explosive as if it

were liable to forfeiture.

(3) The Principal Collector of Customs or any such officer of Customs or Police or any such Inspector, who has reasonable cause to believe that any offence against this Ordinance is being committed in respect of any vehicle or any vessel conveying, loading, or unloading any explosive, and that the case is one of emergency, and that the delay in obtaining a warrant will be likely to endanger life, may stop and enter, inspect, and examine such vehicle or vessel, and, by detention or removal thereof or otherwise, take such precautions as may be reason ably necessary for preventing such danger, in like manner as if such explosive was liable to forfeiture.

(4) The Principal Collector of Customs and every such officer of Customs or Police and every such Inspector shall, for all the purposes of this section, have the same powers and be in the same position as if he were authorized by a search warrant granted under this Ordinance, and every person who fails to admit or obstructs the Principal Collector of Customs or such officer of Customs or Police or such Inspector shall be guilty of a summary offence, and shall on conviction be liable to the same fine as a person who fails to admit or obstructs an

officer so authorized as aforesaid.

Payment for sample.

a sample of any explosive, ingredient, or substance, he shall pay for or tender payment for the same to such an amount as he considers to be the market value thereof, and the occupier of the place in which, or the owner of the bulk from which, the sample was taken may recover any excess of the real value over the amount so paid or tendered from such person taking the sample as a debt in the Court of Requests within the jurisdiction of which the sample was taken.

E.-Legal Proceedings.

Penalty and removal of trespassers.

61 (1) Any person who enters without permission, or otherwise trespasses upon, any factory, magazine, or licensed premises, or the land immediately adjoining thereto, which is occupied by the occupier of such factory, magazine, or licensed premises, shall be guilty of a summary offence, and, if not otherwise punishable, be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and may be forthwith removed from such factory, magazine, licensed premises, or land by any peace officer or by the occupier of such factory, magazine, licensed premises, or land, or any agent or servant or other person authorized by such occupier.

(2) Any person other than the occupier of, or person employed in or about, any such factory, magazine, licensed premises, or land found committing an act which tends to cause explosion or fire in or about such factory, magazine, licensed premises, or land, shall be guilty of a summary offence, and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding one

thousand rupees.

(3) The occupier of any such factory, magazine, licensed premises, or land shall post in some conspicuous place or places a notice or notices warning all persons of their liability to penalties under this section; but the absence of any such notice or notices shall not exempt a person from punishment under this section.

Power to arrest offenders.

Any person who is found committing any act for which he is liable to punishment under this Ordinance, and which tends to cause explosion or fire in or about any factory, magazine, licensed premises, railway, harbour, canal, or wharf, or in or about any vehicle or vessel, may be apprehended without a warrant by any peace officer, or by the occupier of, or the agent or servant of, or other person authorized by the occupier of, such factory, magazine, licensed premises, or wharf, or by any person employed on the railway, harbour, or canal, or by any officer of Customs or by any person authorized by the Principal Collector of Customs, and be removed from the place at which he was arrested and conveyed as soon as conveniently may be before a Police Magistrate to be dealt with according to law.

Exemption of occupier from penalty upon proof of another being real offender.

- 63 (1) Where any offence under this Ordinance for which the occupier of any factory, magazine, or licensed premises is liable to a fine or forfeiture has in fact been committed by some other person, such other person shall be liable to a fine not exceeding three hundred rupees.
- (2) Where such occupier is charged with an offence so committed by some other person, the occupier shall be exempt from any fine or forfeiture upon proving that he had supplied proper means and issued proper orders for the observance and used due diligence to enforce the observance of this Ordinance, and that the offence in question was actually committed by some other person without his connivance, and if the actual offender be alive, that he has taken all practicable means in his power to prosecute such offender to conviction.
- (3) Where an Inspector of Explosives is satisfied, before instituting a proceeding for any offence under this Ordinance against an occupier, that such occupier, if such proceeding were instituted against him, would, under the foregoing provisions of this section, upon taking all practicable means in his power to prosecute the actual offender to conviction, be exempt from any fine and forfeiture, and the occupier gives all facilities in his power for proceeding against and convicting the person whom the Inspector believes actually to have committed the offence, the Inspector shall proceed against that person in the first instance, without first proceeding against the occupier.
- (4) Where any offence under this Ordinance for which any warehouseman, carrier, occupier of a wharf or dock, or owner or master of any vessel or vehicle is liable to a fine or forfeiture has in fact been committed by some other person, this section shall apply in like manner as if the warehouseman, carrier, occupier of a wharf or dock, owner, or master were such an occupier as above in this section mentioned.

Exemption in certain cases of carriers and owners and masters of ships. 64 When a carrier or owner or master of a vessel is prevented from complying with this Ordinance by the wilful act, neglect, or default of the consignor or consignee of the explosives or other person, or by the improper refusal of the consignee or other person to accept delivery of the explosive, such consignor, consignee, or other person who is guilty of such wilful act, neglect, default, or refusal shall be liable to the same punishment to which the carrier, owner, or master is liable for a breach of this Ordinance, and his conviction shall exempt the carrier, owner, or master from any fine or forfeiture under this Ordinance.

Power in certain cases to award imprisonment unconditionally 65 Where any person is guilty of an offence under this Ordinance, which, in the opinion of the Police Magistrate who tries the case, was reasonably calculated to endanger the safety of, or cause serious personal injury to, any person or to cause a dangerous accident, and was committed wilfully by the personal act, personal default, or personal negligence of the person accused, such person shall be liable, if the Police Magistrate is of opinion that a fine will not meet the circumstances of the case, to imprisonment of either description for any term not exceeding six months.

Forfeiture of explosives.

68 (1) Where a court before whom a person is convicted of an offence against this Ordinance has power to forfeit any explosive or ingredient of an explosive owned by or found in the possession or under the control of such person, the court may, if it think it just and expedient, in lieu of forfeiting such explosive, impose upon such person, in addition to any other

fine or punishment, a fine not exceeding such sum as appears to the court to be the value of the explosive so liable to be forfeited.

(2) Where any explosive, or ingredient of an explosive, is alleged to be liable under this Ordinance to be forfeited, any information or complaint may be laid against the owner of such explosive or ingredient, for the purpose only of enforcing such forfeiture, and where the owner is unknown or cannot be found, a court may cause a notice to be advertised, stating that, unless cause is shown to the contrary at the time and place named in the notice, such explosive will be forfeited, and at such time and place the court, after hearing the owner or any person on his behalf (who may be present), may order all or any part of such explosive or ingredient to be forfeited.

Disposal of forfeitures.

- 67. (1) Any explosive or ingredient forfeited in pursuance of this Ordinance may be sold, destroyed, or otherwise disposed of in such manner as the court declaring the forfeiture or the Governor may direct, and the proceeds of any such sale or disposal shall be paid, applied, and accounted for in like manner as fine under this Ordinance.
- (2) The receptacle containing any such explosive or ingredient may be forfeited, sold, destroyed, or otherwise disposed of in like manner as the contents thereof.
- (3) The provisions of this Ordinance with respect to an explosive, or ingredient of an explosive, soized in pursuance of this Ordinance, and to the officers seizing, removing, detaining, keeping, or conveying, or otherwise dealing with the same, shall apply to any explosive and ingredient declared by any court to be forfeited, and to the officer removing, detaining, keeping, conveying, selling, destroying, or otherwise disposing of the same.
- (4) (a) The court declaring the forfeiture or the Governor directing the sale or other disposal of any forfeited explosive or ingredient and the receptacle thereof may require the owner of such explosive or ingredient to permit the use of any vessel or vehicle containing such explosive or ingredient for the purpose of such sale or disposal, upon payment of a reasonable compensation for the same to be determined, in case of dispute, by a Police Magistrate; and where the explosive or ingredient is directed to be destroyed, the owner and the person having possession of such explosive or ingredient, and the owner and master of the vessel or vehicle containing the same, or some or one of them, shall destroy the same accordingly, and if the court or Governor so order the vessel or vehicle may be detained until the same is so destroyed.
- (b) If the Governor is satisfied that default has been made in complying with any such direction by him or by a court and that the detention of the vessel or vehicle will not secure the safety of the public, and that it is impracticable, having regard to the safety of the public or of the persons employed in such destruction, to effect the same without using such vessel or vehicle, or otherwise dealing with such vessel or vehicle in like manner as if it were a receptacle for an explosive forfeited under this Ordinance, the Governor may direct such vessel and vehicle, or any of them, to be, and the same may accordingly be, so used or dealt with.

Distress of ships.

68 Where the owner or master of a vessel is adjudged to pay a fine for an offence committed with or in relation to such vessel, the court may, in addition to any other power they may have for the purpose of compelling payment of such penelty, direct the same to be levied by distress or arrestment and sale of the said vessel and her tackle.

Limitation of actions.

69 All actions or other proceedings for anything done under this Ordinance shall be commenced within six months after the matter complained of was done and not later.

F .- General.

Governor may make regulations. 70 The Governor in Executive Council may make regulations, generally, for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Ordinance.

Rules, &c., to be published in "Government Gazette.

Exemptions.

All rules, general rules, and regulations made under this Ordinance shall be published in the "Government Gazette," and shall thereupon become as legal and valid as if the same had been inserted therein.

(1) Nothing contained in this Ordinance shall apply to any factory, magazine, premises, wharf, place, vessel, vehicle, or explosive the property of His Majesty held for the purposes of any of His Majesty's Naval or Military Forces, or to the manufacture, keeping, importation, or conveyance of such explosive.

(2) Provided that every person who enters without permission or otherwise trespasses upon any factory, magazine, or premises, or the land adjoining thereto in the occupation of the Crown or of the Naval or Military authorities, and any person found committing any act tending to cause explosion or fire in or about such factory, magazine, or premises, shall be liable to the like punishment and may be removed and arrested in like manner as if this section had not been enacted, and this Ordinance applied to such factory, magazine, or storehouse as above in this section mentioned.

G.—Proclamation of Districts.

Governor to Proclamation.

Power of

suspend

or cancel

licenses by

- (1) The Governor in Executive Council, when it appears necessary for the security of the public peace in any district that the possession of explosives by any person or persons should be prohibited, may, by Proclamation published in the "Government Gazette," prohibit the possession of explosives within such district and require all persons possessing explosives to deliver them to the keeper of the nearest magazine appointed by Government, or to such other officer as may be named in the Proclamation, within such period as may be intimated in such Proclamation.
- (2) The Governor in Executive Council may, by order given under his hand, exempt any person by name or in virtue of his office or any class of persons from the operation of such Proclamation.
- (3) After the publication of any such Proclamation, the Government Agent of such district shall cause notice thereof in the language or languages of the district to be posted in the several courts of such district and in such other places, if any, as he may think fit, but the absence of any such notices shall not exempt a person from a penalty under this section.

(4) For the purpose of this section the word "district" means any area the limits of which are defined by the Proclamation issued under this section.

(5) All persons failing to comply with the terms of such Proclamation shall be guilty of a summary offence, and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding one thousand rupees.

Repeal.

74 The Ordinance No. 8 of 1902 is hereby repealed.

SCHEDULE I. Form A. The Gunpowder Receipt Book.

Date of Receipt.	Name of Person or Firm from whom received; or if imported, Name of Person or Firm from whom, and of Ship by which, imported.	Number and Description of Packages.	Quantity			

Form B The Gunpowder Delivery Book.

Date of Delivery.	Name and Address of Person or Firm to whom sold or to whom delivery is to be made.	Name and Address of Carrier or Person to whom delivered	Number and Description of Packages.	Quantity.

SCHEDULE II.

License Fees.			
License to manufacture explosives other than fireworks	• .•	250	
License to manufacture fireworks		50	
License to have a private magazine		50	
License for a wholesale dealer in explosives		20	
License for a retail dealer in explosives		10	
License for a retail dealer in fireworks		5	
License to import explosives		100	

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, January 21, 1920. Graeme Thomson, Colonial Secretary.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

"The Explosives Ordinance, 1902," contains the law dealing with the manufacture, importation, sale, and possession of explosives, and its provisions are mainly taken from Explosives Act, 1875, of the Imperial Parliament. As is essential in legislation of this kind, much must be left to be worked out by means of regulations and orders under the particular enactment, and this is the principle which has been followed in the Explosives Act, 1875. But "The Explosives Ordinance, 1902," has carried the principle somewhat far, and in consequence difficulty has been experienced in carrying out its provisions owing to the mass of regulations and orders which have been framed under that measure. In this Bill the framework is set down, while the details are left to be worked out by regulations and orders. At the same time opportunity has been taken to amend the law in certain important respects, to which attention will be called.

Part I.—Preliminary.

This Part (sections 1 to 5) deals mainly with definitions, and the only provision to which attention need be called is that contained in section 3. Under that section power is taken to bring within the provisions of the law relating to explosives any substance which is specially dangerous to life or property by reason either of its explosive properties, or of any process in the manufacture thereof being liable to explosion.

Part II.—Manufacture of Explosives.

The manufacture of explosives is forbidden under severe penalties, except under license (section 6); but from this general prohibition are excepted—

- (a) The making of small quantities of explosives for chemical experiment;
- (b) The filling for private use of safety cartridges:
- (c) The manufacture of fireworks, subject to conditions laid down by Proclamation by the Governor.

Young persons under 16 must not be employed in the manufacture of explosives (section 7); and power is given to the Governor in Executive Council to make regulations as to the construction, repair, &c., of factories, as to the manner of carrying on the processes of manufacture, and as to the precautions to be taken to secure the security of life and limb.

Part III.—Gunpowder.

(a) Magazines.

The mothod adopted in the Explosives Act, 1875, is to take a single explosive—gunpowder—and make specific provision for dealing with it all through the various stages of handling it; and then in a subsequent part of the Act to lay down conditions with respect to other explosives and to allow of all or any of the provisions relating to gunpowder being applied to them. The great advantage of this in thod, which has been followed in this Bill, is that the subject of explosives dealt with in a more concrete manner than would otherwise have been possible.

In section 9 of the Bill it is laid down that gunpowder must be kept in a licensed or Government magazine, or on licensed premises, with the following exceptions:—

(1) A person may keep 5 lb. for his private use;

(2) A person engaged in a prescribed industry or work may keep such amount of gunpowder as is laid down by regulation;

(3) Manufacturers;

(4) Carriers conveying gunpowder, subject to the statutory requirements.

Magazines are intended to be of two kinds: private magazines for which a license must be obtained under Part V. of the Bill and Government magazines (section 10).

Power is given to the Governor in Executive Council to make regulations with regard to magazines (section 11), but certain matters are of such general importance in connection with magazines that they are laid down in the Bill itself (section 12). Occupiers of magazines are also, subject to the sanction of the Governor in Executive Council, empowered to make rules for their workmen (section 13).

(b) Importation.

Only wholesale dealers are allowed to import gunpowder, and importation must take place either through the port of Colombo or of Talaimannar. All such gunpowder must be stored in a magazine (sections 14 and 15).

(c) Sale of Gunpowder.

Only licensed dealers may sell gunpowder, and the sale must be made on the licensed premises (sections 16 and 20). Provision is also made that on licensed premises there should be safe storage accommodation for gunpowder (sections 17 and 18); and, in addition, the rules applicable to magazines may be applied to licenses to the extent to which they are suitable (section 25).

Occupiers of premises on which gunpowder is unlawfully sold are made punishable (section 19); and there are penalties attached to unlawful sale generally (section 20), and to the

sale to young persons under 16 (section 22).

Dealers are required to keep receipt and delivery books, in which entries must be promptly made, and there are further provisions relative to the packages in which gunpowder is to be put up for sale (section 23) and to the quantities in which it may be sold (section 24).

(d) Conveyance of Gunpowder.

The important subject of the conveyance of gunpowder is dealt with in sections 26 to 39 of the Bill, and attention is directed to those sections for detail.

Generally it may be said that no gunpowder may be conveyed, except under a permit granted by a Government Agent; or, if the amount of gunpowder does not exceed 20 lb., then a certificate for the purpose may be issued by the dealer (section 27). The conditions under which a permit may be granted are set out in sections 29 and 30, and certificates in sections 31 to 33.

Important provisions dealing with packing for conveyance (section 37), conveyance, loading, &c., in colonial waters or from or on to wharves and docks (section 38), and conveyance and loading on the railway (section 39) are also contained in the Bill.

Part IV .- Other Explosives.

As has already been pointed out, the scheme of the Bill is to deal concretely with gunpowder, and to provide that the provisions in Part III. should apply to other explosives (see section 40), subject to modifications set out in Part IV.

These modifications appear in section 41, and deal with the weight of explosives other than gunpowder which may be kept (section 41 (2)), the method of keeping explosives (section 41 (3) to (5)), their importation (section 41 (7)); while by section 42 power is given to the Governor in Executive Council to prohibit absolutely or subject to conditions the manufacture, keeping, importation, conveyance, or sale of any specially dangerous explosive.

Part V.—General Provisions.

This Part contains sections which are grouped under different heads so as to bring all provisions relating to a particular matter under one head as much as possible.

A. -Licenses.

Sections 43 to 51 deal with licenses, the method of applying for them (section 44), their duration (section 45), the fees payable (section 46), the power to refuse or cancel licenses and the right of appeal against its exercise (sections 47 and 48), their non-transferability (section 49), the opportunity given to the representative of a deceased or insolvent licensee to carry on business (section 50), and their surrender (section 51).

B.—Prevention of Accidents.

Section 52 deals with this subject.

C .- Inspectors of Explosives.

Sections 53 to 56 deal with the power of the Governor to appoint Inspectors (section 53), their power to enter and make examination with a view to seeing that the provisions of the Ordinance are complied with (section 54), to give notice to remedy dangerous practices (section 55), and to keep and convey samples of explosives (section 56).

D .- General Power of Search.

By section 57 Inspectors and other officers are, subject to the limitations therein contained, empowered to enter and search places where offences against the Ordinances are reasonably believed to have been committed; and in section 58 are set forth the measures to be taken when infractions of the law are discovered on a search or examination. Section 59 deals with the inspection of wharves, vehicles, &c., and section 60 provides for payment for any samples taken.

E.-Legal Proceedings.

Sections 61 to 71 deal with certain offences and with legal procedure.

By section 61 trespassers on factories, &c., are made liable to penalties, and may be removed; and section 62 deals with the arrest of persons found committing offences under the Ordinance. The policy of the Ordinance is to render the occupier responsible for the proper performance of the duties imposed by the Ordinance; but under section 63 the occupier is exempted from punishment if he proves that he has done everything to carry out the provisions of the Ordinance, that the offence was committed by some other person, and that he has taken all practicable means to prosecute the offender.

Similar exemption is provided for innocent carriers or owners or masters of vessels by section 64.

Section 65 allows of imprisonment being awarded where the court is of opinion that the act in question is reasonably calculated to endanger public or private safety and was committed wilfully by the accused, and the Police Magistrate thinks a pecuniary penalty insufficient.

Sections 67 and 68 deal with the disposal of forfeitures and the arrest of vessels in default; while sections 69, 70, 71, and 72, respectively, provide for the limitation of proceedings, publications of rules, &c., in the *Gazette*, and the exemption of the Crown from the provisions of the Ordinance.

G.—Proclamation of Districts.

Section 73 contains very important powers for securing the public peace. It enables the Governor in Executive Council, for that purpose, to proclaim any district in the Colony as one in which the possession of explosives shall be prohibited, and to require all persons within the district to deliver all explosives in their possession to a Government magazine, or to some officer named in the Proclamation, within a specified time; but by sub-section (2) the Governor in Executive Council may by order exempt persons from the requirements of the Proclamation.

The Proclamation is to be published in the district, and the breach of any of its requirements is penalized.

Attorney-General's Chambers, Colombo, August 18, 1919. H. C. GOLLAN, Attorney-General.

DISTRICT AND MINOR COURTS NOTICES.

Return of Uncertificated Insolvents for the Half-Year ended December 31, 1919.

In the District Court of Batticaloa.

District Court, Batticaloa, January 24, 1920.

C. COOMARASWAMY, District Judge.

In the District Court of Chilaw.

Case No. 19—Date of institution: May 25, 1916—Name of insolvent: Charles Munasinha of Chilaw—No steps taken by insolvent or his assignee to collect assets.

Case No. 22-Date of institution: December 12, 1917-Name of insolvent: Nawanna Chena Chetty Appa Chetty of Chilaw-Further time allowed to assignee to recover amounts due on decrees in favour of insolvent.

Case No. 23—Date of institution: May 20, 1919—Name of insolvent: Meeyanna Mana Mohideen Abdul Cader of Madampe—Notice re-issued on creditors for February 11, 1920, to prove their claims.

Case No. 24—Date of institution: June 20, 1919—Name of insolvent: Xavier Pitche Fernando of Chilaw—Notice re-

issued on creditors for February 11, 1920, to prove their claims.

District Court, Chilaw, February 3, 1920.

N. J. MARTIN, Acting District Judge.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Case No. 2,849—Name of insolvent: Wickremeratne Vidanelagey John Richard Fernando of Mattakkuliya, Colombo— Date of refusal of certificate: December 19, 1919—Appeal filed.

District Court, Colombo, January 12, 1920.

W. WADSWORTH, District Judge.

In the District Court of Galle.

Case No. 436—Name of insolvent: Don Nonis Ranasinghe—Date of order: June 30, 1919.

Case No. 451 - Name of insolvent: Arthur Edmund Wijesiri Goonewardene - Date of order: December 1, 1919-The insolvent has appealed against the order of this court.

District Court, Gaile, January 30, 1920.

L. W. C. SCHRADER. District Judge.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

Case No. 79—Date of institution: December 11, 1918—Name of insolvent: N. Muhammadu Sultan of Vannarponnai

West—Consideration of certificate put by pending appeal.

Case No. 80—Date of institution: December 16, 1918—Name of insolvent: Naganather Ramupillai of Kokkuvil— Consideration of certificate for January 28, 1920.

Case No. 81—Date of institution: February 10, 1919—Name of insolvent: Pichchepillai M. Sinnatamby Marikar of Vannarponnai West—Consideration of certificate for January 9, 1920.

Case No. 82—Date of institution: May 2, 1919—Name of insolvents: (1) Kanapathipillai Ambalavanar, (2) Ambalavanar Ponnambalam of Vannarponnai—Case put by. Protection on July 11, 1919.

Case No. 83—Date of institution: June 23, 1919—Name of insolvent: S. Sego Sultan of Vannarponnai West—Consideration of certificate on January 6, 1920.

District Court, Jaffna, January 26, 1920.

A. Kanagasabai, District Judge.

In the District Court of Kegalla.

Nil.

District Court, Kegalla, January 16, 1920.

V P. REDLICH, District Judge.

In the District Court of Kurunegala.

Case No. 77-Date of institution: January 31, 1919-Name of insolvent: John William Samaraweera of Wewagedarswatta—Second sittings adjourned to March 19, 1920.

Case No. 78—Date of institution: February 7, 1919—Name of insolvent: Samuel Hugh Alexander Jayawickreme of

Kurunegala—Adjournec to April 19, 1920, to compound with creditors.

District Court, Kurunegala, January 22, 1920.

G. W. Woodhouse, District Judge.

In the District Court of Mannar.

Nil.

District Court, Mannar, January 10, 1920.

B. G. DE GLANVILLE, District Judge.

In the District Court of Mullaittivu.

Nil.

District Court, Mullaittivu, January 20, 1920.

R. M. M. Worsley, District Judge.

In the District Court of Negombo.

Nil.

District Court, Negombo, January 19, 1920.

W. S. DE SARAM, District Judge.

In the District Court of Nuwara Eliya. Nil. C. W. BICKMORE, District Judge District Court, Nuwara Eliya, January 12, 1920. In the District Court of Puttalam. Nil. W. A. WEERAKOON, Additional District Judge. District Court, Puttalam, January 10, 1920. In the District Court of Ratnapura. Nil. H. J. V. EKANAYAKE, District Judge, District Court, Ratnapura, January 7, 1920. In the District Court Tangalla. Nil. C. HARRISON JONES, District Judge. District Court, Tangalla, January 9, 1920. In the District Court of Trincomalee. District Court, Trincomalee, January 5, 1920. N. IZAT, District Judg. Return of Testamentary Cases under Official Administration for the Half-Year ended December 31, 1919. In the District Court of Batticaloa. Nil. District Court, Batticaloa, January 24, 1920. C. COOMARASWAMY, District Judge. In the District Court of Galle. Case No. 4,346—Estate of Sultan Marikar Mohamado—Value of estate: Rs. 4,000—Name of administrator: V. R. Moldrich—Estate closed. Case No. 4,492—Estate of Mohamed Bhoy Abdulali—Value of estate: Rs. 50,000—Name of administrator: Secretary, District Court—Pending. Case No. 4,612—Estate of Kirahandi Eeslin de Silva—Value of estate: Rs. 2,100—Name of administrator: Secretary. District Court-Estate closed. Case No. 4,651—Estate of Hendrick Suriya Aratchy—Value of estate: Rs. 1,093 93—Name of administrator: Secretary. District Court-Pending. Case No. 4,882—Estate of Packir Miskin-Value of estate: Rs. 2,000—Name of administrator: Secretary, District Court-Estate closed. Case No. 5,008-Estate of Halwatura Acharige Nonehamy-Value of estate: Rs. 1,250-Name of administrator: Secretary, District Court—Estate closed.

Case No. 5,078—Estate of Henry Gooneratne—Value of estate: Rs. 2,253 63—Name of administrator: Secretary. District Court-Pending. Case No. 5,050—Estate of Witanage Laura Waidyasekera Weerasinghe—Value of estate: Rs. 3,200—Name of adminis trator: Secretary, District Court-Pending. District Court, Galle, January 26, 1920. L. W. C. Schrader, District Judge. In the District Court of Jaffna. Case No. 3,485—Estate of Valambikai, wife of Kartigeso of Velanai West-Value of estate: Rs. 1,300-Final account filed on September 4, 1919. Case No. 3,575—Estate of Meyappapillai Muttiahpillai of Vannarponnai West-Value of estate: Rs. 557 50-Final account filed on November 17, 1919. Case No. 3,595-Estate of Vaity Kanapathy of Mailitty-Value of estate: Rs. 1,700-Final account filed on November 4, 1919. Case No. 3,664-Estate of Saraspathy, wife of Arunasalam Vaitilingam of Navaly-Value of estate: Rs. 1,500-Final account filed on August 26, 1919. Case No. 3,674—Estate of Valliapper Supper of Tellipalai East—Value of estate: Rs. 1,245—Pending. Case No. 3,688—Estate of Kantar Sivaguru of Anaicottai—Value of estate: Rs. 10,000—Pending. Case No. 3,692—Estate of Kandamuttu Tambiah of Butterworth, Federated Malay States—Value of estate: Rs. 1,674:44 Pending. Case No. 3,821—Estate of Vaitilingam Kumarasamy of Vannarponnai West-Value of estate: Rs. 16,590—Pending, Case No. 3,877—Estate of Veerappa Chetty Kumarasamy Chetty of Vannarponnai East—Value of estate: Rs. 4,000-Pending. Case No. 3,967—Estate of Sinnatangam, wife of Tambiaiyah of Nallur—Value of estate: Rs. 1,600—Pending. Case No. 4,022—Estate of Sangarapillai Kantapper of Vaddukkoddai East—Value of estate: Rs. 2,410—Pending. District Court, Jaffna, January 26, 1920. A. KANAGASABAI, District Judge. In the District Court of Kegalla, Jase No. 569-Estate of Suduhakuruge Sadorisa of Mangedara-Date of letters: April 12, 1918-Value of estate Rs. 2,318—Letters issued to Secretary, District Court, Kegalla—September 26, 1919—The lands in the inventory which were mortgaged by the deceased have been sold in execution of the decree in D. C. No. 4,947 of this court —No further steps necessary in this case—The above is a copy of the order made on September 26, 1919.

asse No. 642—Estate of Kalantunga Wijekoon Mudianselage Bandara Menike of Mapitigama—Date of letters: October 7, 1919—Value of estate: Rs. 2,660 20—Letters issued to Secretary, District Court, Kegalla. District Court, Kegalla, January 10, 1920. V. P. REDLICH, District Judge.

In the District Court of Kurunegala.

Case No. 1,448-Date of institution: October 10, 1916-Estate of Deyamuni David de Soysa of Colombo-Value of estate: Rs. 3,425—Letters issued on January 30, 1919—Pending.

Case No. 1,663—Date of institution: January 26, 1919—Estate of Kaderawail of Diulgaspitiya—Value of estate: Rs. 964— Letters issued on March 5, 1919-Estate closed.

Case No. 1,630—Date of institution: November 14, 1918—Estate of Namasiwayam Hiralane of Widiyawala—Value of estate: Rs. 1,175—Letters issued on May 7, 1919—Pending.

Case No. 1,584—Date of institution: April 19, 1918—Estate of Horatalage Ukkuwa of Udagama—Value of estate: Rs. 1,399—Letters issued on June 5, 1919—Estate closed.

Case No. 1,299—Date of institution: July 21, 1915—Estate of Sobitha Unnanse of Ingunewala Pansala:—Value of estate: Rs. 3,900—Letters issued on August 1, 1919—Pending.

Case No. 1,669—Date of institution: March 12, 1919—Estate of Wijesinghe Mudiyanselage Dingiri Banda Vedarala— Value of estate: Rs. 1,123—Letters issued on August 14, 1919—Estate closed.

Case No. 1,720—Date of institution: July 3, 1919—Estate of Alwis de Carolis Appuhamy of Polgahawela—Value of estate: Rs. 2,550—Letters issued on October 9, 1919—Pending.

Case No. 1,717—Date of institution: July 1, 1919—Estate of Ranchamora Dureyalage Balaya—Value of estate:
Rs. 1,455—Letters issued on November 3, 1919—Pending.
Case No. 1,687—Date of institution: May 16, 1919—Estate of Vedalage Pincha Vel-Duraya of Ipalawa—Value of estate:

Rs. 1,100—Letters issued on December 11, 1919—Pending.

District Court, Kurunegala, January 22, 1920.

G. W. WOODHOUSE, District Judge.

In the District Court of Mannar.

Date of institution: June 13, 1919—Case No. 225—Value of estate: Rs. 3,293·37—Estate of Vraspillai Henrypillai, late of Mannar—Date of filing inventory: December 18, 1919—Date of filing final account: June 30, 1920—

Value of stamps: Rs. 93—Stamp duty recovered on the schedule.

Date of institution: December 12, 1919—Case No. 235—Value of estate: Rs. 5,147.97—Estate of Monica Victoria, widow of Henrypillai, late of Mannar-Date of filing inventory: December 18, 1919-Date of filing final account: June 30, 1920—Value of stamps: Rs. 93—Order Nisi entered for January 9, 1920, for appointment of a guardian ad litem.

District Court, Mannar, January 10, 1920.

B. G. DE GLANVILLE, District Judge.

In the District Court of Mullaittivu.

Nil.

District Court, Mullaittivu, January 20, 1920.

R. M. M. WORSLEY, District Judge.

In the District Court of Negombo.

Case No., 1,708-Estate of Isabel Hatwaik of Godigomuwa-Pending.

Case No. 1,735—Estate of Amarasinrallage Sardiel Appu of Kaleliya—Closed.

District Court, Negombo, January 12, 1920.

W. S. DE SARAM, District Judge.

In the District Court of Nuwara Eliya.

Nil.

District Court, Nuwara Eliya, January 12, 1920.

C. W. BICKMORE, District Judge.

In the District Court of Puttalam ..

District Court, Puttalam, January 10, 1920.

W. A. WEERAKOON, Additional District Judge.

In the District Court of Ratnapura.

Case No. 617—Estate of Godagama Kattadige Bandulahamy.
Case No. 646—Estate of Dela Wanigasinhe Mudiyanse Ralahamillaye Madduma Bandara.
Case No. 673—Estate of Ambegodage Peris.

Case No. 704—Estate of Dayalage Don Sarnelis Appuhamy.

District Court, Ratnapura, February 2, 1920.

H. J. V. ERANAYAKE, District Judge.

In the District Court of Tangalla.

Case No. 635-Date of institution: July 25, 1916-Date of last order: November 14, 1919-Nature of last order, with so much of any previous orders as may be necessary to make the same intelligible: Letters received duty stamped according to official valuation of additional lands. Final account on February 15, 1920.

District Court, Tangalla, January 26, 1920.

C. HARRISON JONES, District Judge.

In the District Court of Trincomalee.

District Court, Trincomalee, January 5, 1920.

N. IZAT. District Judge.

Return of Moneys paid on account of Extates under Official Administration for the Hall-Year ended December 81, 1919.

In the District Court of Mullaittive.

Nil.

District Court, Mullaittive, January 20, 1920.

B. M. M. Worsley, District Judge.

In the District Court of Negombo.

Case No. 1,708—Estate of Isabel Hatwaik of Godigomuwa—Rs. 29 37.

District Court, Negombo, January 12, 1920.

W. S. DE SARAM, District Judge.

In the District Court of Puttalam.

Nil.

District Court, Puttalam, January 10, 1920.

W. A. WEERAROON, Additional District Judge.

In the District Court of Trincomalee.

Nil.

District Court, Trincomales, January 5, 1920.

N. IZAT, District Judge.

Destruction of Village Tribunal Records.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Gansabhawa records in connection with the Village Tribunal cases of the Galle District from January 1, 1918, to December 31, 1918, will be destroyed on April 12, 1920, at the Galle Kachcheri, in terms of the Government Notification published in Ceylon Government Gazette of December 11, 1908.

The Kachcheri, Galle, January 29, 1920. R. S. V. Poulier, for Government Agent.

NOTICES OF INSOLVENCY.

In the District Court of Colombo.

No. 2,976. In the matter of the insolvency of Claude Pereira of Timbirigasyaya road, Colombo.

WHEREAS the above-named Claude Pereira has filed a declaration of insolvency, and a petition for the sequestration of his estate has also been filed by D. J. Weerakkody, under the Ordinance No. 7 of 1863: Notice is hereby given that the said court has adjudged the said Claude Pereira insolvent accordingly, and that two public sittings of the court, to wit, on March 2, 1920, and on March 16, 1920, will take place for the said insolvent to surrender and conform to, agreeably to the provisions of the said Ordinance and for the taking of the other steps set forth in the said Ordinance, of which creditors are hereby required to take notice.

By order of court, V. R. MOLDRICH, Colombo, January 31, 1930. Secretary.

In the District Court of Kalutara.

No. 161.— In the matter of the insolvency of Looihaddawaduge Nadoris de Silva of Kalutara.

NOTICE is hereby given that the above named insolvent has been allowed a certificate as of the second class.

By order of court, R. Malalgoda, Kalutera, January 29, 1920. Secretary.

In the District Court of Negombo.

No. 139. In the matter of the insolvency of Wijesuriya Arachchige Don Maththes Appuhamy of Kandawala.

WHEREAS Wijesuriya Arachehige Don Maththes Appuhany has filed a declaration of insolvency, and a potition for the sequestration of the estate of Wijesuriya Arachehige Don Maththes Appuhany, under the Ordinance No. 7 of 1853: Notice is hereby given that the said court has adjudged the said Wijesuriya Arachehige Don Maththes adjudged the said Wijesuriya Arachehige Don Maththes Appahany insolvent accordingly, and that two public attings of the court to wit, on March 1, 1920, and on April

30, 1920, will take place for the said insolvent to surrendsr, and conform to, agreeably to the provisions of the said Ordinance, and for the taking of the other steps set forth in the said Ordinance, of which creditors are hereby required to take notice.

By order of court, T. B. CLAASZ, January 30, 1920.

In the District Court of Kandy.

No. 1,624. In the matter of the insolvency of Doz Theodore Pelpola of Gampola.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the creditors of the above-named insolvent will take place at the sitting of this court on February 27, 1920, to appoint an assigned

By order of court, P. MORTMER, Secretary.

In the District Court of Galle.

No. 437. In the matter of the insolvency of Hewardsan Gurukandege Jandris de Silva of Dalawella

NOTICE is horeby given that a meeting of the creditors of the above-named insolvent will take place at the sitting of this court on March 3, 1920, to consider the granting of certificate of conformity to the insolvent.

By order of court, RICHARD L, PERENA Galle, January 30, 1920. Scientific

In the District Court of Kurunegula.

No. 77. In the matter of the insolvency of J. W. Samer, weers of Wewagedorawatts.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the creditors of the above-named insolvent will take place at the situal of this court on March 19, 1920, being adjournment of the second sitting.

By order of court, GERALDE, DE ALWIS, Kurunegala, January 31, 1920. Socrotary

NOTICES OF FISCALS' SALES.

Western Province.

the District Court of Colombo,

(1) Dona Regina Wijeyasundara Goonetileke, husband (2) M. A. Don Lewis Silva of New Urugodawatte. Plaintiffs.

No. 49,535.

Va.

(1) Emily Johana Boteju Jayatilika, and her husband (2) John Henry Wijesekare Karunaratne, and (3) Charlotte Caroline Wijesekare Karunaratne, all of Dehiwala Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Thursday, March 4, 1920, will be sold by public auction at the respective premises the following property declared bound and executable under the decree entered in the above action and ordered to be sold by the order of court dated August 5, 1918, for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 3,000, with interest at the rate of 16 per cent, per annum from July 10, 1917, to January 10, 1918, and thereafter further interest on the aggregate amount at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum till payment in full, and costs of suit Rs. 213 90, viz.:—

At 9.30 A.M.

(1) All that allotment of land called Kajugahawatta, marked lot No. 50, with the trees and plantations standing thereon, situated at Dehiwala, in the Palle pattu of Salpiti korale, in the District of Colombo, Western Province; and bounded on the north by lot No. 58. on the seat by the high road, on the south by lots Nos. 52 and 53, and on the west by lot No. 58; containing in extent 1 rood.

At 10 A.M.

(2) An allotment of land called Apothagakarayawatta, (2) An allotment of land called Apothagakarayawatta, with the plantations standing thereon, being lot No. 58A in plan dated December 10, 1890, made by F. H. Krickenbeck, Licensed Surveyor, the same being a portion of lot No. 58 in registration plan No. 1, situated at Dahiwala aforesaid; the said allotment of land being bounded on the north by lot No. 58, on the east by lot No. 59, on the south by lots No. 59, on the south by lots No. 59, and on the west by lot No. Nos. 60, 61, and 62, and on the west by lot No. 58; containing in extent 1 rood and 27 perches.

Fiscal's Office. Colombo, February 2, 1920.

W. DE LIVER. Deputy Fiscal, W. P.

in the District Court of Colombo. Brito, a minor, by his next friend Harriet T/F. G. Brito, a minor Brito of Colombo

No. 50.789.

Va.

C. M. Brito of Ferry street, Colombo.......Defendant.
NOTICE is hereby given that on Friday, February 27, ...Defendant. 1920, at 5 P.M., will be sold by public auction at No. 398, Ferry street, Colombo, the following movable property for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 881.50, viz. :-

Seven lounges, 1 piano, 1 pair elephant tusks, 2 ebony ladies' chairs, 2 teakwood ladies' chairs, 2 bookcases, 1 office table, 3 teapoys, 2 tables, 1 settee fixed with mirror.

Fiscal's Office, Colombo, February 2, 1920.

W. DE LIVERA, Deputy Fiscal, W. P.

N. M. R. M. Muttu Palaniappa Chetty of Sea street,
Plair Plaintiff.

No. 61,751.

(1) Abdul Hamid of Victoria Arcade, Fort, Colombo, and (2) Assanali Nagoor Meera of Nizaz Villa, Dematagoda, Colombo Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Saturday, February 28, 1920, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, will be sold by public

auction at the premises the following property of the lat defendant declared bound and executable under the decree entered in the above action, for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 2,300 on account of principal and interest at 18 percent. per annum from January 10, 1920, till payment, and costs viz. :--

At 10 a.m.

All that divided southern part or portion of the garden, with the buildings and plantations standing thereon, bearing assessment No. 22, situated at Wekanda, in Slave Island. within the Municipality and District of Colombo, Westurn Province; bounded or reputed to be bounded on the north by the part or portion allotted to Habaragodago Wellon Fernando, on the east by the road, on the south by the property of Subadar Sadoe, and on the west by the lake; containing or reputed to contain in extent 16 87/100 square perches, which said premises are according to a recent survey thereof described as follows:—

All that divided southern part or portion of the garden. with the buildings and plantations standing thereon, now bearing assessment No. 22, situated at Wekanda, in Slave Island, within the Municipality and District of Colombo, Western Province; and bounded on the north by the portion allotted to Habaragodage William Fernando, on the east by Wekanda road, on the south by the property of Subbadura Saddo, and on the west by the lake; containing in extent 26 44/100 perches.

At 11 a.m., at Colombo Harbour.

One cargo boat No. 716 of 17.66 tons burthen, bearing license No. A 11,205 of 1917.

One cargo boat bearing No. 717 of 12 tons burthen, bearing license No. A 11,206 of 1917.

One cargo boat No. 720 of 14.36 tons burthen, bearing license No. A 11,368 of 1917.

Fiscal's Office, Colombo, February 3, 1920.

W. DE LIVERA Deputy Fiscal V. P.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Edirisin Achebige Peter Perera of Indolamulla, in t

No. 52,265.

Balasoori Appuhamillage James Perera, Police Head-man of Wanaluwawa, in the Gangaboda pattu of

NOTICE is hereby given that on Friday, March 5, 1920, at 1 P.M., will be sold by public auction at the premises the following property mortgaged with the plaintiff by bond No. 1,254 dated September 28, 1914, and decreed to be sold by the decree entered in the above action for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 1,200, with interest thereon at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum from January 31, 1919, till payment in full, and costs of suit and poundage, viz.:—

The eastern undivided | share of the southern undivided 11/20 share of the land called Etambagahawatta and the thatched house thereon, situated at Lungama, in the Gangaboda pattu of Siyane korale, in the District of Colombo, Western Province; bounded on the north by the live fence and ditch separating the land of the late Balasoorige Juan Appu, on the south by the live fence of the garden of Kodicare Achehige Cornelis Appu and others, and on the west by the ditch separating the land of Kodicaro Achenige Appu Singho Appu and others; containing in extent about 6 bushels of paddy sowing with all the appurtenances thereto belonging, and all the estate right title interest, claim, and demand whatsoever of the defendant in and to the said land.

Fiscal's Office, Colombo, February 2, 1920.

W DE LIVERA Deputy Fiscal, W. P. B 5

In the District Court of Colombo. Seera Sheyna Ana Cheyna Arunasalem Chetty, administrator of the estate of Seena Sheyna Ana Cheyna

And

Seena Sayna Ana Sayna Arunasalem Chetty of Sea street, ColomboSubstituted Plaintiff. Vs.

Ana Muna Mohamed Salihu alias Ana Mohamed Salihu of Idrampatnam, South India......Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Monday, March 1, 1920, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at seashore, Kochchikade, Customs, Colombo, the following movable property mortgaged with the plaintiff by bond No. 536 dated July 27, 1915, and decreed to be sold by the decree entered in the above action for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 69,160, with interest on Rs. 57,000 at 6 per cent. per annum from March 13, 1919, to September 1, 1919, and thereafter on the aggregate amount at $\bar{9}\,\mathrm{per}$ cent. per annum till payment in full, viz. :-

1 cargo boat bearing No. 544, 1 cargo boat bearing No. 568, 1 cargo boat bearing No. 561, 1 cargo boat bearing No. 543, 1 cargo boat bearing No. 550, 1 crane, 3 iron chains, 1 iron wire, I anchor, 3 iron wires, I jin crow.

Fiscal's Office, Colombo, February 4, 1920.

W. DE LIVERA Deputy Fiscal, W. P.

· In the District Court of Colombo. Seeha Sheyna Ana Cheyna Arunasalam Chetty, administrator of the estate of Seena Sheyna Ana Seena Sheyna Ana Sayna Arunasalam Chetty of Sea street, ColomboSubstituted Plaintiff.

Ana Muna Mohamed Salihu alias Ana Mohamed Salihu of Idrampatnam, India......Defendant

Vs.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Monday, March 1, 1920, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at seashore, Mutwal, Colombo, the following movable property mortgaged with the plaintiff by bond No. 536 dated July 27, 1915, and decreed to be sold by the decree entered in the above action for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 69,160. with interest on Rs. 57,000 at 6 per cent. per annum from March 13, 1919, to September 1, 1919, and thereafter on the aggregate amount at 9 per cent. per annum till payment

1 cargo boat bearing No. 541, 3 padda boats.

Fiscal's Office. Colombo, February 4, 1920.

W. DE LIVERA, Deputy Fiscal, W. P.

In the District Court of Colombo. Seena Sheyna Ana Sheyna Arunasalem Chetty, administrator of the estate of Seena Sheyna Ana Sheyna Adikappa Chetty......Plaintiff.

Seena Sheyna Ana Sayna Arunasalem Chetty of Sea street, ColomboSubstituted Plaintiff.

 $v_{s.}$

Ana Muna Mohamed Salihu alias Ana Mohamed Salihu

NOTICE is hereby given that on Monday, March 1, 1920, at 2 P.M., will be sold by public auction at H. M. Customs, Fort, Colombo, the following movable property mortgaged with the plaintiff by bond No. 536 dated July 27, 1915, and decreed to be sold by the decree entered in the above action for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 69,160, with interest on Rs. 57,000 at 6 per cents per annum from March 13, 1919, to September 1, 1919, and thereafter on the aggregate

amount at 9 per cent. per annum till payment in full, viz.:—
1 cargo boat bearing No. 545, 1 dargo boat bearing No. 559,
1 cargo boat bearing No. 551, 1 cargo boat bearing No. 532.

Fiscal's Office, Colombo, February 4, 1920.

W. DE LIVERA, Deputy Fiscal, W. P.

In the District Court of Colombo. Seena Sheyna Ana Cheyna Aruhasalam Ch administrator of the estate of Seene Sheyna Chetty. Ana Sheyna Adsikappa Chetty..... Plaintifi:

Seena Sayna Ana Sayna Arunasalam Chetty of Sea street, ColomboSubstituted: Plaintiff

Ana Muna Mohamed Salihu alias Ana Mohamed Salihu alias Ana Mohamed Salihu of Idrampatnam, South -India Defendant

NOTICE is hereby given that on Tuesday, March 2, 1920, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, will be sold by public auction at the respective premises the following property mortgaged with the plaintiff by bond No. 535 dated July 27, 1915, and decreed to be sold by the decree entered in the above action for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 30,335, with interest on Rs. 25,000 at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum from March 13, 1919, to the date of decree, September 1, 1919, and thereafter at 9 per cent. per annum till payment in full, viz. :-

1. An undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ of all that house and ground or bankshall bearing assessment Nos. 125 and 126, situated at Bankshall street (formerly called Sea street), Pettah, within the Municipality of Colombo, in the District of Colombo, Western Province; bounded on the north-east by the bankshall of Samsi Lebbe, now the property bearing assessment No. 124 said to belong to Sana Muna Mohamado Pitche Marikar, on the east by the Sea street, now called Bankshall street, on the south-west by the bankshall of Mohamado Uduman Kanee, now the property bearing assessment No. 127 said to belong to the mosque, and on the north-west by the Government reservation along the new Seabeach road; said to contain in extent 9 31/100 perches more or less.

An allotment of land situated at Foreshore street in Ward No. 2, within the Municipality of Colombo aforesaid; bounded on the north by Crown land, east by land described in plan No. 167,489 and the property of S. M. Mohideen Pitche, south by lands described in plans Nos. 15,751 and 14,551, west by land described in plan No. 167,488; con-

taining in extent 3.50 perches.

3. An allotment of land situated in Foreshore street in Ward No. 2, within the said Municipality; bounded on the north by reservation along Foreshore street, east by land described in plan No. 170,627, south by land described in plan No. 167,493, and west by land described in plan No. 170,608; containing in extent 2 37/100 perches according to the survey and description thereof dated April 23, 1896, authenticated by D. J. Mantell, Esq., Surveyor-General, which said house and ground and the above allotments adjoin each other and now form one property, and all the right, title, interest, and claim whatsoever of the defendant, in, to, upon, or out of the said premises, now described as follows: bounded on the north by Reclamation road, on the east by premises bearing assessment No. 124, on the south by Bankshall street, and on the west by premises bearing No. 127.

Fiscal's Office, Colombo, February 4, 1920.

W. DE LIVERA, Deputy Fiscal, W. P.

In the District Court of Colombo.

P. R. K. R. Caruppen Chetty of No. 188, Sea street, Colombo.....

 $\mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{s}}$. John Harry Perera of Harridale, Regent street, ...: Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Friday, February 27, 1920, at 3.30 p.m., will be sold by public auction of No. 22, Harridale, Regent street, Colombo, in the following flow with property for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 4,066, with interest thereon at 18 per cent. per annum from March 18, 1919, to June 17, 1919, and thereafter on the aggregate amount at 9 per cent. per annum till payment in full, and costs of suit Rs. 259.07, and less Rs. 1,600:-

One piano, 1 ebony couch, 1 lounge, 3 ebony armchairs, 1 ebony lounge, 1 chiffonier, 6 ebony chairs, 1 ditto round

table, I nadun table, 3 rattan chairs, 1 ebony teapoy, 1 calamandar almirah, 3 nadun armchairs, 1 ditto lounge, I jak armchair, 1 hadun round table, 1 satinwood armchair, 2 almirahs, 2 glass almirahs, 3 pairs antlers, 3 coirmattings, 8 pictures, 1 dining table, 6 chairs, 1 whatnot, 1 side table, 25 flower pots.

Fiscal's Office, clombo February 2, 1920. W. DE LIVERA, Deputy Fiscal, W. P.

In the District Court of Colombo.

No. 53,969.

Vs.

(1) H. F. Brohier of Alutmawata, Colombo, (2) C. L. M. Mohammado of Siripina lane, Colombo Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Wednesday, March 3, 1920, will be sold by public auction at the respective premises the life interest of the said 1st defendant in the following property for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 716 45, with interest on Rs. 700 at 18 per cent. per annum from September 29, 1919, to October 20, 1919, and thereafter on the aggregate amount of the claim at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum till payment in full, and costs of suit Rs. 211 05, viz.:—

At 3 P.M.

I. All that allotment of land with the buildings standing thereon bearing assessment No. 2,291/20C, situated at Cemetery road, Kotahena, within the Municipality of Colombo; bounded on the north-west by the passage, on the south-west by premises No. 2,292/20Cl of Theodoris Perera, on the south-east by the property of William Dias, and on the north-east by the Cemetery road, now called Mayfield road; containing in extent 10 perches.

At 4.30 P.M.

2. An undivided ½ of all that premises No. 17, situated at St. John's road, Pettah, Colombo; bounded on the north by No. 18, St. John's road, belonging to Morayes, east by the property belonging to A. V. R. Adaikappa Chetty, on the south by No. 16, St. John's road, belonging to O. L. M. Alim, and on the west by St. John's road; containing in extent 5 perches more or less.

Fiscal's Office, Colombo, February 2, 1920.

W. DE LIVERA, Deputy Fiscal, W. P.

In the Court of Requests of Negombo.

K. S. J. S. Suppramanian Chetty of Negombo....Plaintiff, No. 27,925. Vs.

 Iianage Francisco Fernando of Katuapitiya and
 Mihidukulasuria Emmanuel Fernando, Notary Public, of Tammita, presently of Gampola...Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that on March 1, 1920, commencing at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendants in the following property, viz.:—

All those several contiguous portions of lands called Madangahawatta, eastern portion of Madangahawatta, Lansiyawatta, I portion and I portion of Lansiyawatta, situate at 4th Division, Tammita, within the gravets of Negombo; and counded on the north by high road to Katuapitiya, east by land of Demuni Juanis de Silva, native doctor, and others, south by land of the heirs of Mutukuda Aratchige Girigoris Appu and others, and on the west by land of Tuppahige Saviel Fernando and others; containing in extent about 3 acres, now forming one land called Madangahawatta according to plan No. 172 dated August 28, 1917, made by W. R. S. Fernando, Licensed Surveyor; and bounded on the north by high road, east by lands of Juanis Silva Vedarala, Pediris de Silva, and Mihidukulasuria Abuge Philip Fernando, Polic Vidane, south by lands of Mutukuda Arachige Girigoris Dias Appuhamy and Manamudalige Don Elaris Appuhamy, and west by land of Tuppahige Saviel Fernando and dewata road; containing in extent 2 acres 2 roods and 25 5 perches, with the buildings and plantations standing thereon.

Amount recoverable Rs. 169. 60, with interest on Rs. 100 at 30 per cent. pr annum from July 13, 1919, till August 22, 1919, and thereafter at 9 per cent. per annum till payment.

Deputy Fiscal's Office, FRED. G. HEPPONSTALL.

Negombo, February 3, 1920.

Deputy Fiscal.

Central Province.

In the District Court of Kandy.

Vana Ena Vana Vyrawen Chetty of Kandy..... Plaintiff, No. 26.856. Vs.

(1) T. M. Dissanayake of Kahale, Lower Dumbara, (2) Don David Appuhamy of Katugastota, Kandy, (3)

P. H. Menika of Barigama, Harispettu..... Defendants. NOTICE is hereby given that on Wednesday, March 3, 1920, commencing at 12 noon, will be sold by public auction at the respective premises the right, title, and interest of the said third defendant in the following property for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 618 only, with legal interest thereon at 9 per cent. per annum from January 11, 1919, till payment in full, and costs Rs. 143 25, together making

(1) All those two undivided 5th parts or shares of and in all that field called Welaihalakumbura, containing in extent 1 pela of paddy sowing or 2 roods 27 perches, situate at Hiriyalagammana in Kulugammanasiya pattu of Harispattu; bounded on the east by the limit of Asweddumagedera Kira's field, on the south by the limit of Radapela, on the west by the fence of Babanchi's garden, and on the north by the high road,

(2) All those two undivided 5th parts or shares of and in all that allotment of land called Mudunehena of 15 lahas in paddy sowing extent, situate at Hiriyalagammana aforesaid; and bounded on the east by the limit of Udagederahena and the limit of Dewategedera, on the south by the ditch of Asweddumegederahena, on the west by the limit of Ansiarambegederahena, and on the north by the limit of Neketgederahena.

(3) All those two undivided 15 parts or shares of and in all that allotment of land called Delgasmuduna alias Yakambehena of 2 pelas in paddy sowing extent, stuate at Hiriyalagammana aforesaid; and bounded on the east by the fence of Kandegederahena, on the south by the fence of Menika's chena, on the west by Kira's garden, and on the

north by the fence of Kandegederawatta.

the sum of Rs. 761 25, viz. :-

(4) All those two undivided 5th parts or shares of and in that allotment of land called Hadiramewatta of 3 pelas in paddy sowing extent, situate at Hiriyalagammana aforesaid; and bounded on the east by the high road and by the fence of Inalagederawatta, on the south by the fence of Assweddumagederawatta and by the fence of Ansarambegederawatta, on the west by the imbul tree on Dewatagederawatta, and by the fence of Ambagasangegederawatta, and on the north by the road leading to Kurunegala.

(5) All that field called Wakumbura of 5 lahas in paddy sowing extent, situate at Hiriyalagammana aforesaid; and bounded on the east by Kandegedera Ukkuwa's field, on the south by the fence of Kandegedera Ukkuwa's chena, on the west by the imanaiyara of Nekatge Ukkuwa's field,

and on the north by the high road.

Fiscal's Office, Kandy, February 3, 1920. D. J. PERUSINGHE, Deputy Fiscal.

In the District Court of Kandy.

No. 27,389. $V_{\rm S}$.

Meeyapulle's son Abdul Cader of MataleDefendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on March 2, 1920, commencing at 12 noon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendant in the following property, viz.:—

All that land called Wellekumbura, now a garden of about 1 pela and 5 lahas of paddy sowing extent, situate at Harasgama in Kohonsiya pattuwa, now Gongawala of

Plaintiff

Matale 8 nuth; and bounded on the east by the limit of Marikker's field, south by high road, west by the limit of Ukku Banda's field, and on the north by Dewalewatta and eura, with buildings and plantations standing thereon, mortgaged with the plaintiff by bonds Nos. 6,676 and 6,911 dated May 19, 1917, and August 18, 1917, and both attested by H. D. Weerasekera, Notary Public, of Matale.
Amount of writ Rs. 720 40, with interest on Rs. 607 50

at 9 per cent. per annum from August 27, 1919, till payment

in full.

Deputy Fiscal's Office. Matele, February 3, 1920. · E T MILLINGTON. Deputy Fiscal.

Southern Province.

In the Additional Court of Requests of Galle.

M. B. Carolis de Silva of Galle Plaintiff. No. 11,194.

Madduma Vellalage Allis Appu of Kataluwa .. Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Saturday, March 6, 1920, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendant in the following property, viz. :-

A portion of the land called Mataragewatta, in extent about 1 of an acre, together with 11 cubits tiled house facing towards the south and 5 cubits thatched house facing towards the east and the stone chekku standing thereon, situate at Kataluwa; bounded on the north by Bandarawatta, east by Moonamalgahawatta, south by Kotawane-

pelawatta, and west by a portion of Mataragewatta.

2. An undivided 1/10 of 1 part of a defined portion marked lot No. 7 of the land called Munamalgahawatta, situate at Kataluwa; bounded on the north by Bandarawatta, east by a portion of Munamalgahawatta, south by a portion of Munamalgahawatta, and west by Mataragewatta.

Amount of writ Rs. 330.21, with legal interest on Rs. 300

from November 19, 1919, till payment.

Fiscal's Office, Gall, January 28, 1920. J. A. LOURENSZ, Deputy Fiscal.

In the District Court of Colombo.

W. Mondis Appuhamy of Colombo, carrying on business under the name and style and firm of W. Mendis Appuhamy & Co......Plaintiff,

No. 52,636. Vs.

Ahangama Vithanage Dona Flora Karunaratna of Ahangama, administratrix of the estate of late K. G. Appuhamy alias Kudagamage Arnolis Appuhamy, deceased Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Saturday, February 28, 1920, commencing at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendant in the following property, viz. :-

An undivided 47/120 part of the soil and trees, excluding the planter's share of the 2nd and 3rd plantation, of the land called Jambugahawatta alias Ihalawatta, situate at Ahangama: bounded on the north by hena and Jambugahawatta, east by Kahamirisdiwela and Bakmigahawatta, south by Rewlannemalapalawa, Gederawatta, and Kahatagahawatta, west by Arachchigewatta.

Following lands, situate at Udumalagala, to be sold on Thursday, March 4, 1920, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at

the premises:

. 2. An undivided 1 part Muttettuwa, about 4 bags of paddy sowing extent, situate at Udumalagala; bounded on the north and east by Indurupataliyadda, south by Kiri-

lomana-ela, and west by Bibuleliyadda.
3. The field called Gederakumbura about 1 bag of paddy sowing extent, situate at Udumalagala; bounded on the north by Kajjugahakanatta, east by Horakanateliyeowita,

south by Wadukanatta, west by Kalugalgediyewila.

Amount of writ Rs. 5,2 13, with interest thereon at 9 per cent. per annum from March 19, 1919, till payment

in full.

Fiscal's Office, Galle, January 28, 1920.

J. A. LOURENSZ. Deputy Fiscal.

In the District Court of Matage (1) Puwakdandawe Guruge Podiham Wewahaman-duwa and others

No. 5,242.

Vs. (6) Hewawellalage Babun Appu and another, both of Walgama..... Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Saturday, March 1920, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, will be sold by public auction at the spot the right, title, and interest of the said defendants in the following property for the recovery Rs. 81 · 53, and Fiscal's charges, viz. :-

1. The divided lot A of the land called Hamanduwagamagegedarawatta, in extent about 2 acres 1 rood and 22.80 perches, situate at Wewahamanduwa, in the Four Gravets of Matara; and bounded on the north by kanatta, east by Kadiratta, south by lots marked B, D, and E of the same land, and on the west by Kurunduwatta. Valuation Rs. 1,250.

2. The divided lot B of the same land, in extent about 7 acres 2 roods and 13.87 perches, situate at ditto; and bounded on the north by lot marked A of the same land. east by lot marked D of the same land, south by lot marked C of the same land and Appuhamygewatta, and on the west by Kahatagahawatta. Valuation Rs. 4,000. Total Rs. 5,250.

Deputy Fiscal's Office, Matara, February 2, 1920. E. T. GOONEWARDENE, Deputy Fiscal.

In the District Court of Matara.

Cornelia alias Sarnelia Serasinghe Kapine o Pelena

No. 8,322, $\mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{s}}$ Plaintiff.

Thalibu Lebbe Mahammadu Abd Cader of Mnnamalpe and others. Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Thursday, March 4, 1920. at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, will be sold by public auction at the respective premises the following mortgaged property,

(I) All that undivided 1 part or share of the field called Mahamuttettuwa, situated at Munamalpe; and bounded on the north by Hali-ela, east by Hapugahamulla, south by Kudamuttettuwa, and west by Kudaparagowwawa; containing in extent about 5 pelas of paddy sowing. Valuation Rs. 400.

(2) All that undivided 6 kurunies of pady sowing extent of the field called Kudamuttettuwa, situated at Moonamalpe; and bounded on the north by Mahamuttettuwa, east by Hettigewatta, south by Ihalakorakkawa and Vidanamuttettuwa, and west by Mahaowita; containing in extent 1 amunam of paddy sowing. Valuation Rs. 150.

(3) All that divided ½ portion of the land called Senatottam, situated at Watagederamulla; which said divided continuis is haveded as the nearly by particle of the continuis is haveded.

portion is bounded on the north by portion of the same land, east by high road, south by Bakmimslekiyanaidama, and west by Musnakkatottamkiyanawatta; extent ½ an acre. Valuation Rs. 500. contuining

Writ amount Rs. 1,463.21, and Fiscal's charges.

Deputy Fiscal's Office. E. T. GOONEWARDENE. Matara, January 27, 1920. Deputy Fiscal.

In the District Court of Matera. Don Davith de Silva Nagahawatte Appuhai if Hapugala

No. 8,400.

Don Adirian Abeywardene Wickramasingha of Kongala Defendant

NOTICE is hereby given that on Saturday, March 13, 1920, at the hours specified below, will be sold by public auction at the respective premises the following mortgaged property, viz. :-

At 9.30 A.M.

(1) All the fruit trees and soil of Wewekoratuwa, containing in extent about 1½ kurunies of kurakkan, situated at Kongala; and bounded on the north by Heenpotuden yeatmaga, east by old high road, south by Kodikaragewatta, and west by Wewadeniya. Valuation Rs. 750.

(2) An undivided 4/5 of Murutagahakumbura, in extent 10 p)las of paddy sowing, situated at Talanwela; and bounded on the north by Medekoratuwa, east by Appuwaduwakumbura and Kajugahaliadda, south by Dodangahakumbura, and on the west by Nadawadugeirikonda and Kebellagahaira. Valuation Rs. 1,600.

(4) All the fruit trees and soil of Uluwagahahena, in extent 3 acres and 17 perches, situated at Udupillegoda; and bounded on the north by lots 79, 79D, and 82 in preliminary plan 497, east by lot No. 79F in preliminary plan 497, south by land mentioned in title plan 278,823 and lot No. 94 in preliminary plan 497, and west by lot 79 in preliminary plan 497. Valuation Rs. 300.

At 4.30 P.M.

(3) All the fruit trees and soil of Oruwakepuhena, in extent 9 acres 2 roods and 12 perches, situated at Pallawela; and bounded on the north by lands mentioned in plans Nos. 251,953 and 251,952, east by the land mentioned in title plan 253,195, south by lot No. 25 mentioned in preliminary. nary plan 166, west by land mentioned in title plan 253,377 and lot No. 64A and preliminary plan 166. **Valuation**

Writ amount Rs. 3,572 29, with legal interest on Rs. 3.359 66 from May 13, 1919, till payment in full, and Fiscal's charges.

Deputy Fiscal's Office.

E. T. GOONEWARDENÉ.

Deputy Fiscal Contents of Requests of Matara.

Lie Silva of Matara.

Plaintiff. 0.8,573. $\mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{s}}$.

b. C. Siriwardena of Kirinda Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Monday, March 1, 1920, at 9 o'clock in the morning, will be sold, subject to a mortgage, by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the defendant in the following property for the recovery of Rs. 483.45, with legal interest from February 5, 1920, till payment, and Fiscal's charges, viz. :-

The undivided ½ part of the lands Muttettuwa, Andunwaruwawa, Katukole, Etorawa, and Giruwamulla, all adjoining one another and forming one land, in extent 16 acres and 35.90 perches, situate at Hallamba in Kirinda, in the Gangaboda pattu of Matara District, Southern Province; and bounded on the north by Beruwalamaharapalla, Waduwawa, Tanthige Etorawa, and Atalaha, east by Andigekumbura and Gonsaluwakumbura, south by Kirimennehegedeniya, Giruwamullegoda, and Andunwaruwawa, and on the west by Otuketiya and Mahakirilla. Valuation Rs. 7,680.

Deputy Fiscal's Office, Matara, January 29, 1920.

E. T. GOONEWARDENE, Deputy Fiscal.

In the Additions Court of Requests of Matara.

W. A. Kodippily And Care Plaintiff. V4 No. 9.873.

Don Johanis de Silva, Police Officer of Kamburugamuwa......Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Tuesday, March 9, 1920, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, will be sold by public auction at the respective premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendant in the following property, viz. :-

First six lands to be sold subject to mortgage No. 502, in favour of Gardiye Punchihewage Abraham Silva.

(1) All tha land called Pelangahahena, situated at Kotawila; and bounded on the north by Banweltote-kurunduwatta, east by Crown lands called Pelangahakoratuwa or Dawatagahakoratuwa and Pelangahahena, south by Godorawatta claimed by H. Tetuwa and others and Cown land called Goderawattepitakoratuwa, and west by Cown land called Heenessabedda; in extent 4 acres 1 road and 21 perches. Valuation Rs. 3,000.

(2) All that land called Heenessabedda, situated at

Kamburugamuwa; and bounded on the north by Benwalatotekurun huwatta claimed by Mudaliyar of Weligam korale, east by land described in plan No. 162,682, south by reservation along the footpath, west by reservation along the road; containing in extent 4 acres and 37 perches.

Valuation Rs. 2,000

(3) All that land called Welabodawatta alias Ulugederawatta, in extent I rood and 27 perches, at ditto; and bounded on the north by Wela-addarawatta and Tembiligahakoratuwa, east by Wagagewatta, south by high road, and west by Wella-addarawatta. Valuation Rs. 1,500.

(4) The land called Pelangahakoratuwa or Dawatagahakoratuwa, situated at Kamburugamuwa; and bounded on the north by land claimed by natives, east by lot 884 in preliminary plan 1,567 and title plan 163,397, south by Crown land, and west by title plan 162,682; and in extent 1 acre 3 roods and 7 perches. Valuation Rs. 1,000.

(5) The land called Mulkadah the sast has Crown land.

burugamuwa; and bounded on the north by Crown land, east by Liyanamahatmayagewila, south by Godellewatta and Pelengahakoratuwa, and west by Pelengahakoratuwa in title plan 216,922; and in extent about 6 bags of paddy sowing. Valuation Rs. 720.

(6) The land called Liyanamahatmayagewila of 10 bushels of paddy against the same of the land called Liyanamahatmayagewila of 10 bushels of paddy against the same of the land called Liyanamahatmayagewila of 10 bushels of paddy against the same of the land called Liyanamahatmayagewila of 10 bushels of paddy against the land called Liyanamahatmayagewila of 10 bushels of paddy against the land called Liyanamahatmayagewila of 10 bushels of paddy against the land called Liyanamahatmayagewila of 10 bushels of paddy against the land called Liyanamahatmayagewila of 10 bushels of paddy against the land called Liyanamahatmayagewila of 10 bushels of paddy against the land called Liyanamahatmayagewila of 10 bushels of paddy against the land called Liyanamahatmayagewila of 10 bushels of paddy against the land called Liyanamahatmayagewila of 10 bushels of paddy against the land called Liyanamahatmayagewila of 10 bushels of paddy against the land called Liyanamahatmayagewila of 10 bushels of paddy against the land called Liyanamahatmayagewila of 10 bushels of paddy against the land called Liyanamahatmayagewila of 10 bushels of paddy against the land called Liyanamahatmayagewila of 10 bushels of paddy against the land called Liyanamahatmayagewila of 10 bushels of paddy against the land called Liyanamahatmayagewila of paddy against the land called by the land called by the land called by the land called

bushels of paddy sowing (present correct extent of same is 10 bags of paddy sowing), at Kamburugamuwa; and bounded on the north by Mulkadadeniya, east by Kottagewatta, south by Bibulekumbura, and west by Alahena also Mul-

kadaheenessa. Valuation Rs. 1,200.

(7) Undivided ³/₄ parts of Galwetawatta, situated at Kamburugamuwa; and bounded on the north by Rumbigewatta, east by Tarawatta and Gambeeragewatta south by seashore, and west by Galwetakoratuwa; in extent 2 acres.

Valuation Rs. 500.

Writ amount Rs. 178 23, with legal interest from August 12, 1918, till payment in full, and Fiscal's charges.

Deputy Fiscal's Office, Matara, February 3, 1920. E. T. GOONEWARDENE, Deputy Fiscal.

In the Additional Court of Requests of Mataya. Jessie Johana Balasuriya of Nupe.....

No. 10,760.

(1) Nikulas Rasaputram, Vidane Arachchi of Kirinda and another Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Friday, February 27, 1920, the following property will be sold by public auction at the respective premises, at the hours specified below, for the recovery of Rs. 240 · 42, and Fiscal's charges, viz.:—

At 9 A.M., at Owitigamuwa.

1. The right, title, and interest of the said defendants in the land called Tennapitahena, at Owitigamuwa, in the Gangaboda pattu of Matara District, Southern Province; and bounded on the north by land in T. P. 288,383 and lots 329 and 334 in P. P. 572, east by lot 329 in F. F. 572, some by lots 336, 327, 335, in P. P. 572, and west by lot 327 in P. P. 570 in extent 1 acre 1 rood and 30 perches. Valuation 329 and 334 in P. P. 572, east by lot 329 in P. P. 572, south Rs. 150.

At 4 P.M., at Uduwe Bajjama.

2. The right, title, and interest of the said defendants in all the soil and fruit trees and buildings of the land Kanatiyagoda, at Uduwe Bajjama, in the said pattu; and bounded on the north by Leanagekumbura, east by Ekkaweliadda alias Higgahaliadda, south by Kobailiadda alias Indurukuna, and west by Beliattakumbura, in extent 2 roods and 10 perches. Valuation Rs. 850.

Deputy Fiscal's Office, Matara, February 2, 1920. E. T. GOONEWARDENE, Deputy Fiscal.

Northern Province.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

Alision Rajasingham of Jaffna town, presently of

 $v_{s.}$

(1) Jacob Samuelpillai and wife (2) Rebecca, both of

1920, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, will be sold by public auction at the spot the right, title, and interest of the said 1st defendant in the following property for the recovery of

Rs. 838, with interest thereon at 8 per cent. per annum from August 25, 1919, till payment in full, poundage and charges, viz.:—

In a piece of land situated at Chundikuly, in Jaffna, called Parukukkadditkunchumaniantharai, containing or reputed to contain in extent 63 lachams varagu culture, with stone built house called the Mansion, well, and other appurtenances; bounded or reputed to be bounded on the east by the property of Johnpillai, Illarianpillai and brothers, north by the property of Mary, wife of Edward Browning Saththurukulasinghe, west and south by road.

Fiscal's Office, Jaffna, February 3, 1920.

A. ARIACUTTY, Deputy Fiscal.

Eastern Province.

In the District Court of Batticaloa.

P. H. Mohaideen Levvai Paikeer Mohaideen of Kattankudy Plaintiff. No. 4,792. Vs.

Mohamado Meera Saibo Levvai Marakayar Uthuma Levvai Matatankudy Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Monday, February 23, 1920, commencing at 9 o'clock in the morning, will be sold by public auction at the spot the right, title, and interest of the said defendant in the following property, viz.:—

The contiguous allotments of land lots Nos. 3216/88916, 3216/88917, 5111, and 5113 forming into one land known as Palayadimadu, in Manmunai pattu, in the District of Batticaloa, Eastern Province; bounded on the north by Katpakakenivaikal, south by Crown land, east by land of M. M. Isma Levvai Marakayar, and west by Katpakakerniveikal and Crown land; containing in extent 24 acres 2 roods and 24 perches, with all rights.

(2) The southern portion of three shares formed into one known as Kalayadimadu, in Manmunai pattu, Batticaloa, Eestern Province; bounded on the north by boundary dam of the land belonging to A Karuthu Levvai, south by the boundary dam of the land belonging to P. Meera Saibo Levvai, east by Othiankuda-aru, and west by Vaikal and Crown land; containing in extent 20 acres, out of this an undivided $\frac{1}{3}$ share with all rights.

Judgment Rs. 1,419.20.

Fiscal's Office, Batticaloa, January 30, 1920.

S. O. CANAGARATNAM, Deputy Fiscal.

W. Harminis de Silva of Kataluwa, in the Galle
District......Defendant

NOTICE is hereby given that on Saturday, February 21, 1920, commencing at 9 o'clock in the morning, will be sold by public auction at the spot the right, title, and interest of the said defendant in the following property, viz.:—

The estate called Summittra estate (in Murakoddanchenai Koralai pattu, in the Listrict of Batticalca), comprising

he following allotments.

(a) A land lot No. 11,867 described in plan No. 143,716, nated at Murakoddanchenai aforesaid; and bounded on morth-east by Kottattiarachcholai, Crown land, and road, the south-west by the Crown land called Kottattiarachcholai, south-east by road, and on the north-west by land alled Kottattiarachcholai; containing in extent 23 acres and rood, together with the coconut trees standing thereon, all the rights, title, and interest thereto belonging, out of hich an undivided \(\frac{1}{2} \) share.

(b) A land consisting of two allotments Nos. 11,869 and 1,870 forming into one block, situated at Murakottanienai aforesaid; and bounded on the east by the property longing to Nellinather and others, on the west by reservation for a road, and on the south by the property belonging Somar Mylvaganam and others; containing in extent 8 acres 3 roods and 32 perches, together with the coconut rees standing thereon, and all the rights, title, and interest increto belonging, out of which an undivided \(\frac{1}{3}\) share.

(c) An allotment of land called Marungaiadicheholai in Murakoddanchenai aforesaid; and bounded on the north by Crown land and T. P. 175,112, east by lot 94,385 in P. P. 3,963, south by T. P. 167,835, west by Crown land reservation along the road; containing in extent 8 acres 2 roods and 10 perches, out of which an undivided \(\frac{1}{2}\) share.

(d) An allotment of land called Kolluttiarachcholaipoomi or Vempupoomi, in Murukoddanchenai aforesaid; and bounded on the north and east by Crown land, south by T. P. 143,716, and west by the land of villagers; containing in extent 1 rood and 24 perches, together with all the rights, title, and interest thereto belonging, out of which an

undivided 1 share.

(e) An allotment of land called Kottutharachcholai or Vempupoomi, in Murukoddanchenai aforesaid; and bounded on the north and east by Crown land, south by T. P. 143,716, west by T. P. 317,462 and lot No. 2,013 in P. P. 4,581; containing in extent 10 acres 2 roods and 10 perches, together with all rights, title, and interest thereto belonging, out of which an undivided \(\frac{1}{3}\) share.

(f) An allotment of land called Kattottiaracheholaipoomi or Vempupoomi, in Murukoddanchenai aforesaid; and bounded on the north by Crown lands, east by T. P. 169,660 and 143,717, south by lot 2,017 in P. P. 4,581, and west by T.P. 143,716; and containing in extent 2 roods and 8 perches. together with all the rights, title, and interest thereto belonging, out of which an undivided \frac{1}{2} share.

(j) A coconut garden situated at Murakoddanchenai aforesaid; and bounded on the north by road and land of Kannapper Marimuttu, south and east by land of Shahul-hameedu, and west by land of David Silva; containing in

extent 4 acres and 30 perches.

Judgment Rs. 5,159·10, with interest on Rs. 3,780 at 18 per cent. from November 13, 1917, to September 23, 1918, and thereafter at 9 per cent. on the aggregate amount.

Fiscal's Office, Batticaloa, January 27, 1920. S. O. Canagaratnam, Deputy Fiscal.

North-Western Province.

In the District Court of Kurmigala.

Koswatte Vidane Arachchige Juwan ppu of Millewa Plaintiff,

No. 5,561. Vs.

(1) Bastian Korallage Victoria Weerasingha Jayawardana of Bopitiya, (2) Don Gabriel Appuhamy of Bopitiya, (3) Don Hendrick Senanayaka of Hewapola Defendants,

Ánd

P. James Perera of Kandy, presently of the godown, Negombo Substituted Defendant,

NOTICE is hereby given that on Saturday, March 6, 1920, commencing at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said substituted defendant P. James Perera, in the following property, viz.:—

- 1. The lot marked A2 of 1 acre 2 roods and 23 2/6 perches of the land called Dangollehena, now a garden, situate at Messagammana, in Tiragandahaye korale; bounded on the north by the garden of John Alwis, Fiscal's Arachehi, east by Muduna and garden of Hewapola Officer, south and west by lot A of the said land belonging to James Perera.
- 2. The lot marked A of 6 acres and 27 3/6 perches of the land called Dangollehena, now a garden, situate at Messagammana aforesaid; bounded on the north by the said lot A2 of the said land, east by Muduna and garden of Hewapola Officer, south by lot A1 of the said land belonging to Hewapola, Peace Officer, and garden of James Perera.

 Amount to be levied Rs. 151 and poundage.

Fiscal's Office, Kurunegala, February 2, 1920. S. D. Samarasinha, Deputy Fiscal, In the District Court of Colombo.

No. 53,543.

Vs.

(1) Kana Ena Ibrahim Saibo of Mutugala, (2) Ana Ana Ahamado Lebbe of Kaleliya Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Saturday, March 13, 1920, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendants in the following property mortgaged by bond No. 19,935 dated May 1, 1916, viz.:—

All that lot 'marked B, together with the plantations thereon, of the land called Siambalagahamulawatta, situated at Mutugala, in Dambadeni Udukaha korale west in Dambadeni hatpattu, in the District of Kurunegala, North-Western Province; bounded on the north by the field of Benchi Appu and Ukku Banda, on the east by lot marked D, on the south by the high road, and on the west by lot marked A; in extent 5 acres 1 rood and 25 perches.

Amount to be levied Rs. 3,140, with interest on Rs. 2,000

Amount to be levied Rs. 3,140, with interest on Rs. 2,000 at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum from July 16, 1919, to September 22, 1919, and thereafter further interest on the aggregate amount at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum till

payment in full, and costs of suit.

Fiscal's Office, Kurunegala, February 2, 1920. S. D. SAMARASINHA, Deputy Fiscal.

In the District Court of Puttalam.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Friday, March 5, 1920, at the time mentioned below, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendants in the following property, viz.:—

At 12.15 P.M.

1. The coconut garden known as Perukkuwattankany, situate at the village Perukkuwattan, in Akkarai pattu, in the Puttalam District, containing in extent 24 acres and 3 roods. Of this a divided portion on the centre, containing in extent 2 acres and 2 roods, and all things contained therein; boundaries; on the north by the adjoining portion of the land belonging to Marimuttu Saverimuttu, east by land mentioned in title plan No. 16,073, south by the adjoining portion of the land belonging to Mohamado Rawther and others, and west by road. Out of the contents within these boundaries an undivided half share.

At 2,30 P.M.

2. Out of the land called Perukkuwattantotam, situate at Perukkuwattan aforesaid, a divided portion known as Anachykudyirunthatotam, measuring in extent from east to west 58 yards and from north to south 52 yards, and the coconut trees contained therein; boundaries: on the north by garden belonging to Mohamado Meera Lebbe Thakir Lebbe and others, east by land belonging to Seyna Moona Sella Tamby Marikar and others, south by garden belonging to Anthony Juan, and west by garden belonging to Nagoor Pitche Sego Meera Lebbe. The entirety within these boundaries.

At 2.15 P.M.

3. Land called Palayaweetadytotam, containing of 12 coconut trees, situate at Perukkuwattan aforesaid, and the land to the north of this called Perukkuwattantotam, consisting of 50 coconut trees, both forming one property, containing in extent 2 acres; boundaries; on the north by garden belonging to Mohamado Ali Marikar Mohamado Cassim Marikar, east by land belonging to Segolad Pitche Marikar and others, south by land belonging to Anthony Juan and Nagoor Pitche Sego Meera Lebbe and the garden belonging to Cassim Saibo Mohamado Serriff and the ridge of the field belonging to Neina Mohamado Sinnatamby and sister. Half share of the land, coconut trees, and all things contained within these boundaries.

At I P.M.

4. Boundaries of the portion of the land called Mathuratotam, situate at Perukkuwattan aforesaid, containing in extent about 1 acre; and bounded on the north and east by garden belonging to Peter Manuel David, south by garden belonging to Cader Mohiedeen Mohamado Cassim, and west by land belonging to Mohamado Cassim Casie Mohiedeen. Out of the land contained within these boundaries half of an undivided half share, out of the coconut trees half of 22, and the half of all things belonging thereto.

At 1.30 P.M.

5. The coconut garden called Muttutotam, situate at Perukkuwattan aforesaid, containing in extent 3 roods; boundaries: on the north by garden belonging to Mohamado Ali Marikar Mohamado Cassim Marikar, east by the ridge of the field belonging to Neina Mohamado Pitche, south by garden belonging to Segalado Pitche Marikar and the ridge of the field belonging to Sinne Tamby Nagoor, and west by path and the garden belonging to Nagoor Pitche Sego Meera Lebbe. The entire land, coconut trees, and all things contained within these boundaries.

Amount of writ Rs. 3,414.75, with legal interest.

Deputy Fiscal's Office, S. M. P. VANDSTOEN, Puttalam, January 27, 1920. Deputy Fisca

In the District Court of Puttalam.

Peter Manuel David of Puttalam

No. 2,993. Vs.

Nagoor Pitche Sego Meera Lebbe of Perukkerwattan......Defendant,

NOTICE is hereby given that on Friday, March 5, 1920, at the time mentioned below, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendant in the following property, viz.:—

At 12 noon.

1. One acre, which, out of two portions, containing in extent 3 acres, called Perukkuwattankany at the village Perukkuwattan, in Akkarai pattu, Puttalam District, the defendant has taken and possessed of in the middle in one place in mutual agreement with the shareholders; the boundaries of the said 1 acre portion are on the north the coconut garden belonging to Ponni Tamby Assen Cando, east the land belonging to Anthony Juan, south the land belonging to Santiago Saverimuttu, and west the land belonging to Periya Tamby Saveri and others. The land and all the rest contained within these boundaries.

At 12.30 P.M.

2. The land Perukkuwattankany at the above village, in extent 1 rood and 30 perches according to the plan made on survey under No. 58 on January 22, 1993, by surveyor J. C. Stewart; the boundaries are on the north by garden belonging to Mohamado Meera Natchia, east and west by reservation, and south the garden belonging to Santiago Christogo. The land, coconut trees, and the rest of all contained within these boundaries.

At 2 P.M.

3. The land called Palayaweetadytotam, containing 12 coconut trees, and the land Perukkuwattantotam, containing 50 coconut trees, situated on the north of this according to the unity into one, in extent about 2 acres; the boundaries are on the north the garden belonging to Momandai Ali Marikar Mohamado Cassim Marikar, east by land belonging to Segalado Pitche Marikar and others, south the garden belonging to Anthony Juan and to the defendant abovenamed, and west the garden belonging to Cassim Saibo Mohamado Saribo and the ridge of the field belonging to Neina Mohamado Sinnetamby and brother. The undivided half of the land, coconut trees, and the rest of all contained within these boundaries.

Amount of writ Rs. 1,093.75, with interest.

Deputy Fiscal's Office, S. M. P. VANDERKOEN, Puttalam, January 27, 1920. Deputy Fiscal.

M. A. M. W. S. L. Mohideen Ibrahim Neina Lebbe Marikar and two others of Tely Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that on February 28, 1920, at the time named, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendants in the following property, viz.:—

At 12 noon on February 28, 1920.

1. Undivided 1/9 share, together with the coconut plantation going with the said share, out of the allotment of land marked I 706 in preliminary plan 1,671, known as Ambalavellytotam, depicted in title plan 227,132, situated in the village of Ambalavelly, in Puttalam pattu, in the District of Puttalam, North-Western Province, containing in extent 1 acre 1 rood and 34 perches; and bounded on the north by land lot marked Z 700 in preliminary plan 1,652 and the land reserved by the roadside, south by land reserved by the roadside and land marked J 706 in preliminary plan 1,671, and west by land lot marked Z 700 in preliminary plan 1,671, and west by land lot marked Z 700 in preliminary plan 1,652.

At 12.15 P.M. on February 28, 1920.

2. Undivided 1/9 share, together with the coconut plantation going with the said share, out of the land lots marked G 706 and H 706 in preliminary plan 1,671, known as Ambalavellytotam, depicted in title plan 227,688, and situated in the village Ambalavelly aforesaid, containing in extent 12 acres 3 roods and 35 perches; and bounded on the north and east by land shown in title plan 227,690, south by land lot marked F 631 in preliminary plan 1,304, and west by land reserved by the roadside.

At 12.30 P.M. on February 28, 1920.

3. Undivided & share, together with the coconut plantation going with the said share, out of the land lots marked L 706, M 706, and N 706 in preliminary plan 1,671, known as Mangalavellisuttukulam and Mangalavelli, depicted in title plan No. 227,689, and situated in the village Mangalavelly in the aforesaid pattu, containing in extent 10 acres 2 roods and 32 perches; and bounded on the north and west by land lot marked G 701 in preliminary plan 1,652, east by land lot marked K 706 in preliminary plan 1,671, and south by reservation and land lot marked G 701 in the said preliminary plan 1,652.

At 12.45 P.M. on February 28, 1920.

4. Undivided 1/9 share, together with the coconut plantation going with the said share, out of the land marked Z 705, A 706, and F 706 in preliminary plan 1,670, known as Ambalavellikadu and Ambalavellywadyveetuwalawu, shown in title plan 227,690, and situate in the village Ambalavelli in the aforesaid pattu, and containing in extent 49 acres 3 roods; and bounded on the north by land lots marked P 700 and M 700½ in preliminary plan 1,652, east by land lot marked M 700½ and channel, south by land lots marked E 631 in preliminary plan 1,304, and west by land reserved by the roadside and lot marked letter D 702 in preliminary plan 1,652, and the tank bund.

🐪 At l P.M. on February 28, 1920.

5. Undivided 1/9 share, together with the coconut plantation going with the said share, out of the land lots marked D 631 and E 631 in prelimnary plan 1,304, known as Navundahmadukulam or Sembumadukadu, shown in title plan 230,868, and situate in Ambalavelly aforesaid, containing in extent 21 acres and 3 perches; and bounded on the north by land mentioned in title plan 227,620 and land reserved for road, east, south, and west by land shown in title plan 227,407.

I, CHARLES RUSSELL CUMBERLAND, Fiscal for the North-Western Province, do hereby appoint Mr. D. W. Wijetunge to be Marshal for the divisions of Dambadeni Udukaha North and West and Mairawati korales of Dambadeni hatpattu, Giratalana, Baladora, and Angomu korales of Dewamedi hatpattu, Karanda pattu, Meddeketia, Katugampola, Medapattu East and West, Yatikaha, Yagam pattu, Kiniama, Katugampola North and South, and Pitigal korales of Katugampola hatpattu, in the

At 1.30 P.M. on February 28, 1920.

Out of the paddy land merked R 700, S 700, Y 700. Z 700, D 702, A 701, C 701, D 701, E 701, and G 701, known as Ambalaweliwayal and Periyavelipalayadywayal situate in the village of Ambalaweli and Mangalavelli, and shown in title plan 228,719, containing in extent (excluding the water-course Ambalaveliodai known as Marichikaddiaru running through this, path, channel, road, reservation on both sides, and the land shown in title plan No. 227,131). 552 acres 1 rood and 17 perches; and bounded on the north by reservation, land reserved along the river Marichikaddiaru, and land shown in title plan No. 228,173, east by reservation, tank bund, lands mentioned in title plan No. 227,690, 227,768, and 227,689, and land reserved for road, and on the south and west by reservations; an undivided 1/9 share of 393 acres I rood and 34 perches lying to the north of Ambalavelicalim boundary, and undivided & share of 158 acres and 23 perches to the south of the said boundary.

Amount of the writ Rs. 10,364 42, with interest, cost of

action, and Fiscal's charges.

Deputy Fiscal's Office, S. M. P. VANDERKOEN, Puttalam, January 24, 1920. Deputy Fiscal.

Joseph Thomas Fernando of Chilaw.

No. 4,875.

Vs.

Plaintiff.

John Paulis Fernando, administrator of the estate of K. A. Juan Fernando of Chilaty Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Wednesday, March 3, 1920, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendant in the following property, viz.:—

The divided portion of the land called Kunjiadappenarwela, with the buildings standing thereon, situate at Chilaw town, in Munnessaram pattu of Pitigal korale north, in the District of Chilaw; and bounded on the north by Kurunegala road, east by portion of this land belonging to Dissanayeka Carolis and others, south by garden of Mr. J. A. Corea, and west by portion of this land marked D belonging to Muttu Kuna Pana Mecyappa Chetty; containing in extent 5 acres. Valuation Rs. 9,000.

Amount to be levied Rs. 152 and poundage.

Deputy Fiscal's Office, Chilaw, February 3, 1920. CHARLES DE SILVA, Deputy Fiscal.

Province of Sabaragamana.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Mary Malloth of Dalugama in Colombo.

No. 52,405.

Vs.

J. B. Cadiraman Pulle of Peliyagoda, in the District of Colombo Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on February 28, 1920, commencing at 12 noon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendant in the following property, viz.:—

All that undivided ½ share of Kandanwatte plumbago pit, in extent 3 pelas of paddy sowing, situated at Welatuduwa, in Uduwa palata of Lower Bulatgama, in the District of Kegalla, of the Province of Sabaragamuwa; and bounded on the east by the rubber estate, on the south by the boundary of the pit purchased from the Crown, on the north by the tea estate, and on the west also by the tea estate.

To levy Rs. 1,052-33, with legal interest on Rs. 876.56 from February 18, 1919, and poundage.

Deputy Fiscal's Office, Kegalla, January 31, 1920.

ceel's Office, R. G. WIJETUNGA, pary 31, 1920. Deputy Fiscal.

Kurunegala District, under the provisions of the Fiscals Ordinance, No. 4 of 1867, for three days from February 2 to 4, 1920, and authorize him to perform the duties and exercise the authority of Marshal, for which this shall be his warrant

Given under my hand at Kurunegala, this 31st day of January, 1920

C. R. CUMBERLAND, Fiscal.

NOTICES IN TESTAMENTARY ACTIONS.

In the Districe Court of Colombo.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Intestate Estate of the late Ramanayake Kankanama'age Welun Appu of Udugoda, in the Udugaha pattu of Siyane korale, deceased.

Uduwaka Achehige Leisahamy of Udugoda Petitioner.

(1) Ramanayake Kankanamalage Punchi Nona, wife of (2) Handugala Mudianselage Sarnelis, both of Madakotuwa, in pattu and korale aforesaid, (3) Ramanayake Kankanamalage Jane Nona, (4)

Ramanayake Kankanamalage Abraham Sinno, (5) Ramanayake Kankanamalage John Sinno, (6) Ramanayake Kankanamalage Podi Sinno, (7) Ramanayake Kankanamalage Allis Sinno, (8)

Ramanayake Kankanamalage Aron Sinno, (9) Ramanayake Kankanamalage Themis Sinno, (10) Ramanayake Kankanamalage Charles Sinno, (11) Ramanayake Kankanamalage Baron Sinno, and

THIS matter coming on for disposal before William Wadsworth. Esq., District Judge of Colombo, on November 15, 1919, in the presence of Mr. D. A. J. Goonewardena, Proctor, on the part of the petiticner above named; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated November 12, 1919, having been read:

It is ordered that the petitioner be and she is hereby declared entitled, as the widow of the above-named deceased, to have letters of administration to his estate issued to her, unless the respondents above named or any other person or persons interested shall, on or before December 18, 1919, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the

contrary.

November 15, 1919.

W. Wadsworth, District Judge.

The date for showing cause against this Order Nisi is extended for February 12, 1920.

W. Wadsworth, District Judge.

the District Court of Colombo.

Testamentary In the Marker of the Intestate Estate of Jurisdiction.

No. 24 / Appu of Pamunugama, in the Ragam pattu of Alutkuru korale, deceased.

(1) Kanugalawattage Pemianu Perera, (2) Hettiaratchige Dona Maria, both of Kandana, in the Ragam pattu of Alutkuru korale Petitioners.

And

THIS matter coming on for disposal before William Wadsworth, Esq., District Judge of Colombo, on December 10, 1919, in the presence of Messrs. Cornelius & Amaratunga, Proctors, on the part of the petitioner above named; and the affidavit of the said petitioners da ed December 9, 1919, having been read:

It is ordered that the petitioners be and they are hereby declared entitled, as the son-in-law and daughter of the above-named deceased, to have letters of administration to his estate issued to them, unless the respondents above named or any other person or persons interested shall, on or before February 19, 1920, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

W. Wattworth, District adge. In the District Court of Colombo.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary Jurisdiction. No. 48. In the Matter of the Last Will and Testament of Edirimanne Arachchige Don Cornelis Appuhamy of Kudayala, in Munwattebage pattu of Raigam karale, in the Kalutara District, deceased

(1) Alfred Valentine de Silva Wijesinghe of Pettiyagoda, Kelaniya, and (2) Kuruppumullege Don Cornelis Appuhamy of Kudayala aforesaid. Petitioners.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before William Wadsworth, Esq., District Judge of Colombo, on January 21, 1920, in the presence of Messrs de Vos & Gratiaen, Proctors, on the part of the petitioners above named; and the affidavits (1) of the 1st petitioner dated January 15, 1920, and (2) of the attesting notary dated February 16, 1920, having been read:

It is ordered that the last will of the late Edirimanne Arachchige Don Cornelis Appuhamy of Kudayala, deceased, of which the original has been produced and is now deposited in this court, be and the same is hereby declared proved; and it is further declared that the petitioners are the executors named in the said will, and that they are entitled to have probate thereof issued to them accordingly, unless any person or persons interested shall, on or before February 19, 1920, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

January 21, 1920.

W. Wadsworth, District Judge,

In the District Court of Colombo.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary
Jurisdiction.
No. 49.
In the Marter of the Intertation
late Kahanda Witagamage I
Hamine of Wattala, in the
of Alutkuru korale.

Cabandegamage Wilfred Perera, prescriptioner Petitoner

THIS matter coming on for disposal before William Wadsworth, Esq., District Judge of Colombo, on January 21, 1920, in the presence of Mr. A. M. Rupasinghe, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner above named; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated January 15, 1920, having been read: It is ordered that the petitioner be and he is hereby declared entitled, as the husband of the above-named deceased, to have letters of administration to her estate issued to him, unless any person or persons interested shall, on or before February 19, 1920, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

January 21, 1920.

W. Wadsworth, District Judge.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary
Jurisdiction.
No. 50.
Cabandegamage

In the Matter of the Intestate Estate of the Intestate of the Intestate Estate of the Intestate Esta

THIS matter coming on for disposal before William Wadsworth, Esq., District Judge of Colombo, on January 21, 1920, in the presence of Mr. A. M. Rupasinghe, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner above named; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated January 15, 1920, having been read: It is ordered that the petitioner be and he is hereby declared entitled, as the father of the above-named deceased, to have letters of administration to her estate issued to him, unless any person or persons interested shall, on or before February 19, 1920, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

W. WADSWORTE,
District Judge.

January 21, 1920.

December 10, 1919.

In the District Court of Colombo.

amentary In the Matter of the Last Will and Testament of Agnes Elizabeth Austin of irightetion. Colombo, deceased.

Daniel Colombo.....

Vanderstraaten of Bambalapitiya, Petitioner.

And

(1) Ada Elizabeth Vanderstraaten of Bambalapitiya, Colombo, (2) Cyril Thomas Austin of Bambalapitiya, Colombo, (3) Harold Stanley Austin of Veyangoda, (4) Mabel Iris Majorie Austin of Bambalapitiya,

THIS matter coming on for disposal before William Wadsworth, Esq., District Judge of Colombo, on January 26, 1920, in the presence of Mr. Arthur Alvis, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner above named; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated January 21, 1920, and original probate of the last will of the above-named deceased and her husband Nathaniel James Austin, deceased, having been

It is ordered that the petitioner be and he is hereby declared entitled, as the husband of the eldest child of the above-named deceased, to have letters of administration to her estate issued to him, unless the respondents above named or any other person or persons interested shall, on or before February 26, 1920, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

January 26, 1920.

W. WADSWORTH, District Judge.

In the District Court of Colombo. Order Nisi.

amentary urisdiction. No. 6,554.

the Matter of the Intestate Estate of the late Neina Marikar Jurie Umma, late No. 4, Vincent street, Colombo, leceased.

Umma of Vincent street, Asia

And

(1) Ismail Lebbe Marikar Ahamado Deen of Negombo, (2) Neina Marikar Samsudeen, (3) Neina Marikar Abdul Hamidu, (4) Neina Marikar Mohamado Sheriff,

(5) Neina Marikar Mohamed Kali, all of Vincent street, in Colombo......Respondents.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before William Wadsworth, Esq., District Judge of Colombo, on January 26, 1920, in the presence of Mr. S. R. Ameresekere, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner above named; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated January 26, 1920, having been read:

It is ordered that the petitioner be and she is hereby declared entitled, as the mother of the above-named deceased, to have letters of administration to her estate issued to her, unless the respondents above named or any other person or persons interested shall, on or before March 4, 1920, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

January 26, 1920.

W. WADSWORTH, District Judge.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Order Nisi.

the Matter of the Intestate Estate of Testamentary Jurisdiction the late Merennege Charles Fernando of Rawatawatta in Moratuwa, deceased. No. 6,733.

And

(1) Linton Charles Fernando, (2) Austin Wilbert Charles Fernando, (3) Emlin Fernando, (4) Perly Margaret Fernando, (5) Panagodage Roslin Engeltina Fernando, all of Rawatawatta in Moratuwa. Respondents.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before William Wadsworth, Esq., District Judge of Colombo, on August 14,

1919, in the presence of Mr. J. A. Perera, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner above named; and the affidevit of the said petitioner dated July 31, 1919, having been read:

It is ordered that the petitioner be and is hereby declared entitled, as the widow of the above named deceased,

to have letters of administration to his estate issued to her, unless the respondents above named quany other person or persons interested shall, on or before September 18, 1919, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

August 14, 1919.

W WADSWORTH. District Judge.

The time for showing cause against the above Order Nisi is extended to February 12, 1920.

W. WADSWORTH. District Judge.

In the District Court of Colombo

Order Misi

Last Will and Testa-Testamentary In the Matter of ment of the late Pathirage Charles Perera Weda Appuhanty of Talangama North, in the Palle pattu of Howagam korale, deceased. Jurisdiction. No. 6,921.

Pathirage Abraham Pereka Minutany of Talangama
North. Petitioner.
THIS matter coming on for disposal before William
Wadsworth, Esq., District Judge of Colombo, on November ····· Petitioner.

15, 1919, in the presence of Mr. D. A. J. Goonewardens, Proctor, on the part of the patitioner above named; and the affidavits (1) of the said petitioner dated October 23. 1919, and (2) of the attesting witnesses dated October 23. 1919, having been read:

It is ordered that the last will of Pathirage Charles Perera Weda Appuhamy of Talangama, deceased, of which the original has been produced and is now deposited in this court, be and the same is hereby declared proved; and it is further declared that the petitioner is the executor named in the said will, and that he is entitled to have probate thereof issued to him accordingly, unless any person or persons interested shall, on or before December 18, 1919, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

November 15, 1919.

W. WADSWORTH, Listrict Judge.

The date for showing cause against this Order Nisi is extended for February 12, 1920.

> W. Wadsworth, District Judge.

In the District Court of Coumbons

Order Nisi.

y In the Matter of the Intestate Estate of the

Testamentary

- (1) Kotte Muhandirange Bartholaman William Rodrigo of Wataraka, Padukka, (2) Wijesinghe Ara chige Dona Angohamy, (3) Kotte Muhandirange Argrete Rodrigo, (4) Kotte Muhandirange Jorsalin Rodrigo. (5) Kotte Muhandirange Elosiyas Rodrigo, (6) Kott Muhandirange Leedin Rodrigo, (7) Kotte Muhandirange Charles Peter Rodrigo, (8) Kotte Muhandirange Pedrick Rodrigo, all of Elapitiwala, (9) Kotte Muhandirange Maria Roslin Rodrigo of Rosponites Batagama.....Respondents.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before William Wadsworth, Esq., District Judge of Colombo, on December 11, 1919, in the presence of Messrs. Cornelius & Amaratunga. Proctors, on the part of the petitioners above named; and the affidavits of the said petitioners dated October 21, 1919,

having been read:

It is ordered that the petitioners be and they are hereby declared entitled, as the aunt and uncle of the above-named deceased to have letters of administration to his estate issued to them, unless the respondents above named or any other person or persons interested shall, on or before February 19, 1920, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

December 11 1919. U

W. WADSWORTH, District Judge.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Testamentery Jurisdiction. No. 6,949.

In the Matter of the Intestate Estate of the late Wickreme Achchi Appuhamillage Don Baronchi alias Baron Appuhamy of Yatawaka, deceased.

Don Philip Alexander Wijewardena of Horton place,

And

Don Salman Yatawaka of Yatawaka Respondent.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before William Wadsworth, Esq., District Judge of Colombo, on January 16, 1920, in the presence of Messrs. Rajanathan & Raju, Proctors, on the part of the petitioner above named; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated January 18, 1920, having been read:

It is ordered that Mr. Percy Hugh de Kretser as an officer of the District Court of Colombo, be and he is hereby declared entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the above-named deceased issued to him, unless the respondent above named or any other person or persons interested shall, on or before February 19, 1920, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the

January 16, 1920.

W. WADSWORTH, District Judge.

District Court of Colombo.

Order No.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Last Will and TestaJurisdiction. Matter of the Last Will and TestaJurisdiction. Matter of John Gorden of No. 1, Rubislaw
No. 6,953.

THIS matter common for the Last Will and TestaJurisdiction. Matter of the Last Will and TestaJur

THIS matter/coming on for disposal before William Wadsworth, Esq., District Judge of Colombo, on January 26, 1920, in the presence of Mr. Sydney Alexander Julius of Colombo, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Mr. Oscar Percy Mount of Clambo; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated January 22, 1920, exemplification of probate of the will of the above-named deceased, power of attorney in favour of the petitioner, and Supreme Court's order dated January 20, 1920, having been read: It is ordered that the will of the said deceased dated March 11, 1899, of which an exemplification of probate has been produced and is now deposited in this court, be and the same is hereby declared proved; and it is further declared that the said petitioner is the attorney of the executrix named in the said will, and that he is entitled to have letters of administration, with a copy of the said will annexed, issued to him accordingly, unless any person or persons interested shall, on or before February 12, 1920, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

January 26, 1920. 9

W. WADSWORTH, District Judge.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Ord r Nisi.

the Matter of the Intestate Estate of amentary Kirisdiction. Florence Elizabeth Longhrey of Rosslyn No. 6,960. Caw, Londonderry, Ireland, deceased.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before William Wadsworth, Esq., District Judge of Colombo, on January 29, 1920, in the presence of Mr. Sydney Alexander Julius of Colombo, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Mr. Oscar Percy Mount of Colombo; and the affidavit of the

said petitioner dated January 26, 1920, letters of administration of the above-named deceased, power of attorney in favour of the petitioner, and Supreme Court's order dated January 22, 1920, having been read: It is declared that the said petitioner is the attorney of the heirs and next of kin of the intestate, and that he is entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the intestate issued to him accordingly, unless any person or persons interested shall, on or before February 12, 1920, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

January 29, 1920.

W. Wadsworth, District Judge.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary Jurisdiction. No. 6,961.

In the Matter of the Last Will and Testament and Codicils of Frances Augusta Scott, late of the Teak House, Branksome, Chine, Bournemouth, Dorset England, widow, deceased.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before William Wadsworth, Esq., District Judge of Colombo on January 29, 1920, in the presence of Mr. Oscar Peru Mount of Colombo, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Mr. Harry Creasy of Colombo; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated January 27, 1920, exemplification of probate of the will and codicils of the above named deceased, power of attorney in favour of the petitioner, and Supreme Court's order dated January 22, 1920, having been read: It is ordered that the will of the said deceased dated April 5, 1917, and two codicils thereto dated respectively October 24, 1918, and March 9, 1919, of which an exemplification of probate has been produced and is now deposited in this court, be and the same are hereby declared proved; and it is further declared that the said petitioner is the attorney of the executor named in the said will, and that he is entitled to have letters of administration, with copies of the said will and codicils annexed, issued to him accordingly, unless any person or persons interested shall, on or before February 12, 1920, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

January 29, 1920.

. Wadsworth, District Judge.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Order Nisi.

In the Matter of the Last Will and Testa-Testamentary ment of Edward John Weatherall of Jurisdiction. Rothsay, St. Georges Hill, Weybridge, Surrey England, deceased. No. 6,963. Surrey, England, deceased.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before William Wadsworth, Esq., District Judge of Colombo, of February 2, 1920, in the presence of Mr. Oscar Percy Mount of Colombo, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Mr. Sydney Alexander Julius; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated January 30, 1920, exemplification of probate of the will of the above-named deceased, power of attorney in favour of the petitioner, and Supreme Court's order dated January 27, 1920, having been read: It is ordered that the will of the said deceased dated July 23, 1915, of which anexemplification of probate has been produced and is now deposited in this court, be and the same is hereby declared proved; and it is further declared that the said petitioner is the attorney of the executor named in the said will, and that he is entitled to have letters of administration, with copies of the said will annexed, issued to him accordingly, unless any person or persons interested shall, on or before February 12, 1920, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

February 2, 1920.

W. WADSWORTS District Judge.

he District Court of Kalutara.

In the Matter of the Estate of the late Kunbukage Punchi Nona Hamy, de-chased, of Wewita. Testamentary Jurisdiction. No. 1.257.

THIS havet oming on for disposal before Allan Beven, Esq., District Julge of Kalutara, on October 16, 1919, in the presence of Mr. B. O. Dias, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Busige Bastian Perera of Wewita, in Rayigam korale; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated

October 6, 1919, having been read:

It is ordered that the petitioner be and he is hereby declared entitled, as the son of above-named deceased, to have letters of administration to her estate, be issued to him, unless the respondents-(1) Ranawakage Pody Nona of Wewita, (2) Busige William Perera of ditto, (3) ditto Misiya Nona of Tumbowila, (4) Patirage Don Elaris of ditto, (5) Busige Nepo Nona of Wewita, (6) ditto Alice Nona of ditto, (7) ditto Allan Nona of ditto, (8) ditto Magilin Nona of ditto, by her guardian ad litem the 1st respondent—or any other person or persons interested shall, on or before December 17, 1919, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

It is jurther declared that the said 1st respondent be and

she is hereby appointed guardian ad litem over the 8th respondent, a minor, unless any person or persons interested shall, on or before December 17, 1919, show sufficient cause

to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

October 16, 1919.

ALLAN BEVEN, District Judge.

The date for showing cause against the above Order Nisi is extended till January 29, 1920.

December 17, 1919.

ALLAN BEVEN. District Judge.

The date for showing cause against the above Order Nisi is extended till February 12, 1920.

January 29, 1920.

ALLAN BEVEN. District Judge.

Inthe istrict Court of Negombo.

Order Nisi.

estamentary Jurisdiction, No. 1,837.

In the Matter of the Intestate Estate of Hapuaratchige Don Girigoris Appuhamy of Kongodamulla, deceased.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before W. S. de Saram, Esq., District Judge of Negombo, on January 19, 1920, in the presence of Messrs. de Zoysa and Perera, Proctors, on the part of the petitioner Hapuaratchige Don Lewis Appuhamy of Kadawala; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated December 17, 1919, having been read:

It is ordered that the petitioner be and he is hereby declared entitled, as brother of the above-named deceased, to administer the estate of the deceased, and that letters of addinistration do issue to him accordingly, unless the respondents—(1) Sirimannearatchige Ana Dariju of Murutena, (2) Hapuaratchige Dona Marihamy, assisted by her husband (3) Romel Appu, both of Kuliyapitiya, (4) Pathirajamudalige Daniel Appuhamy, (5) ditto Anohamy, assisted by her husband (6) Marthelis Appuhamy, all of Kongodamulla or any other person or persons interested shall, on or before February 19, 1920, show sufficient cause to the contrary to the satisfaction of this court.

uary 19, 192

W. S. DE SARAM. District Judge.

riet Court of Kandy.

Testamentary the Matter of the Estate of the late Jurisdiction. ande Pahala Alakola-ange Walauwe No. 3,611. Loku Banda, deceased, of Bokolawela.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before Felix Reginald Dias, Esq., District Judge of Kandy, on December 15, 1919, the presence of the petitioner Karunadipathi Wasale _diyanselage Medduma Kumarihamy of Bokolawela; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated December 15, 1919

and her petition having been read:

It is ordered that the said petitioner, as widow of the deceased above named, be and she is hereby declared entitled to letters of administration to the estate of the deceased, unless the respondents-(1) Pahala Alakola-ange Walauwe Punchi Banda, (2) ditto Kiri Banda, (3) ditto Tikiri Banda, (4) ditto Ram Banda, (5) ditto Jalaratne Banda, (6) ditto Tikiri Kumatihamy, (7) ditto Punchi Menika, and (8) Karunadipathi Wasale Mudiyanselage Heen Banda, the 5th, 6th, and 7th respondents by their guardian ad litem the 8th respondent—or any person or persons interested shall, on or before February 19, 1920, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

December 15, 1919.

FELIX R. DIAS, District Judge.

In the District Court of Nuwara Ekyaholden at Hatton.

Order Ni

the Matter of the threstate Estate and Effects of Ratnamina, wife of Murugaser In the Matter of Testamentary Jurisdiction. No. 70. Sellathurai, deceased, of lawakele.

Andrew's estate, Kathirgamapillai Palapillai of Talawakele Petitioner.

(1) Murugaser Sellathurai, (2) Marimuttu Vallipuram,

THIS matter coming on for disposal before Charles William Bickmore, Esq., District Judge of Hatton, on January 13, 1920, in the presence of Mr. Hudson Tambirajah, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner; and the affidavit of the petitioner dated November 24, 1919, and his petition having been read, and the court being satisfied

that the material allegations of the petition are proved:

It is ordered that the petitioner Kathirgamapillai Palapillai of St. Andrew's estate, Talawakele, is entitled to have letters of administration issued to him, as the tracle of the deceased intestate, unless the respondents—(1) Murugaser Sellathurai, (2) Marimuttu Vallipuram, and (3) Kathirgama-pillai Siwakamipillai—or any other person interested shall, on or before February 19, 1920, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

January 13, 1920.

C. W. BICKMORE, District Judge.

In the District Court of Galle. Order Nisi.

Testamentary Jurisdiction. No. 5,083.

In the Matter of the Estate of the late Wilhelmina Petronena Goon tilleke ayasokera nee deceased, of Galle. \mathcal{O}

THIS matter coming on for dispose to fore F. J. Soertsz, Esq., District Judge of Galle in August 21, 1919, in the presence of Mr. George E. Abertardine, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Thomas Gerald Amarasiriwardene Jayasekera; and the affidavit of the petitioner dated Avance 20, 1010, however that the August 20, 1919, having been read: It is ordered that the will of Wilhelmina Petronella Ja-asekera nee Abeyewickrama Goonetilleke, deceased, dated August 26, 1893, and now filed in case No. 3,273 of this court be and the same is hereby declared proved, unless the respondents—(1) Louisa hereby declared proved, unless the respondents—(1) Louisa Adriana Jayasekera, wife of (2) Samuel Albert de Livis, both of Talawakele, (3) Elisa Geraldine Layasekera, wife of (4) Edward Henikar de Silva both of Paranapattiya, (5) Clara Geraldine Jayasekera of Talawakele, (6) Unsita Dorothia Jayasekera of Hewaheta—or any others interested shall, on or before September 25, 1919 shows afficient cause. shall, on or before September 25, 1919, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

It is further declared that the said Thomas Gerald Amarasiriwardene Jayasekera is the executor named in the said will, and that he is entitled to have probate of the same

issued to him accordingly, unless the respondents above named or any others interested shall, on or before September 25, 1919, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

August 21, 1919.

F. J. Soertsz, District Judge.

This Order Nisihas been extended to March 4, 1920.

In the District Court of Galle. Order Nisi.

In the Matter of the Estate of the late Vithana Pathiana Robert, deceased, of Testamentary Jurisdiction. Colombo

No. 5,097 THIS matt THIS matter coming on for disposal before L. W. C. Schrader, Esq., District Judge of Galle, on October 2, 1919, in the presence of Mr. G. E. Abeyewardene, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Metiwala Gamage Baby Nona; and the affidavit of the petitioner dated October 1, 1918, having

It is ordered that the 3rd respondent be appointed guardian ad litem over the 1st and 2nd minor respondents, unless the respondents—(1) Vithana Pathirana Wickramadasa, (2) Vithana Pathirana Gajasena, (3) Weebadde Liyanage Marsean de Silva—or any others interested shall, on or before January 22, 1920, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

It is further declared that the said petitioner, Metiwala Gamage Baby Nona is, as widow of the deceased entitled, to administer his estate, and that letters of administration to the estate of the deceased be issued to her accordingly, unless the respondents above named or any others interested shall, on or before February 12, 1920, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

October 2, 1919.

L. W. C. SCHRADER, District Judge.

the District Court of Galle.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary In the Matter of the late Deen Jurisdiction. Umma, defased, of Galupiyadda.

No. 5,151.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before L. W. C. Schrader, Esq., District Judge of Galle, on January 3, 1920, in the presence of Mr. G. E. Abeyewardene, Proctor, (Senior), on the part of the petitioner Mohamed Ally Abda Rahiman; and the affidavit of the petitioner dated December 17, 1919, having been read:

It is ordered and declared that the said petitioner Mohamad Ally Abda Rahiman is, as a son of the deceased entitled to administer his estate, and that letters of administration of the same be issued to him accordingly, unless the respondent, Mohomed Ally Sawdiya Umma, or any others interested shall, on or before February 19, 1920, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

January 3, 1910.

L. W. C. SCHRADER, District Judge.

the District Card of Galle.

Orde Nisi.
In the instituter of the Estate of the late Feter Jayasekera, deceased, of Hik-Testamentary Peter kaduwa. Jurisdiction.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before L. W. C. Schrader, Esq., District Judge of Galle, on January 17, 1920, in the presence of Mr. G. E. Abeyewardene, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Alexander Amarasiriwardene Jayasekera; and the affidavit of the petitioner dated January 15, 1920, having been read:

It is declared that the said Alexander Amarasiriwardene Jayasekera is a brother of the deceased, and that he is entitled to administer his estate and to have letters of administration of the same issued to him accordingly, unless any persons interested shall, on or before February 12, 1920, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

January 17, 1920.

L. W. C. SCHRADER, District Judge. In the District Court of Tangalla. Order Nisi

In the Matter of the Estate of the late Yaddehige alias Maharamage Dingiri Appu, deceased, of Maharamila. Testamentary Jurisdiction. No. 739 M.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before C. Harron Jones, Esq., District Judge of Tangalla, or January 7, 1920, in the presence of Hewa ambepitiyage Pod hany, petitioner; C- INDAGO and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated December 22, 1919, having been read:

It is ordered that letters of administration to the estate of the late Yaddehige alias Mahagamage Dingi Appu be granted to the petitioner aforesaid, unless the respondents-(1) Yaddehige alias Mahagamage Hendrick, (2) ditto None, (3) ditto Aderahamy—and any person or persons interested shall, on or before February 9, 1920, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

It is further declared that the said Hewa-ambenitiyage Don Lewis be appointed guardian ad litem over the minors 1st, 2nd, and 3rd respondents, unless any person or persons interested shall, on or before February 9, 1920, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

January 7, 1920.

C. Harrison Jones, District Judge.

In the District Court of Jaffag

Order Nisi.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Estate and Effects Jurisdiction. Visalarchiamma, daughter of Aiyaduraikkurukkal, lace of Copay, deceased No. 4,128.

Ramasethukkurukkal Kaitady

Guruswami

 $\mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{s}}$

Sivakamiamma, widow of Vaithianathakkarukkal of Copay north Respondent.

THIS matter of the petition of Ramasethukkurukkal Guruswamikkurukkal of Kaitady, praying for letters of administration to the estate of Visalarchiamma, daughter of Aiyaduraikkurukkal, late of Copay, deceased, coming on for disposal before the Hon. Sir Ampalavanar Kanagasabai, Kt., District Judge of Jaffna, on January 16, 1920, in the presence of Messrs. Casippillai & Cathiravelu, Proctors, on the part of the petitioner above-named; and the affidavit of the above-named petitioner dated December 23, 1919, having been read: It is declared that the petitioner abovenamed is the son-in-law of Sivakamiamma, widow of Vaithianathakkurukkal, the only heir of the deceased, and is entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the deceased issued to him, unless the respondent, the said Sivakamiamma, appears before this court on February 24, 1920, and show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

January 16, 1920.

A. KANAGASABAI. District Judge.

In the District Court of Batticaloa. Order Nisi.

In the Matter of the Estate and Effects of Testamentary the late A. Arulemma Canagasabey of Jurisdiction. No. 16. Puliantivu, deceased.

William Cumaraveli Sinnatamby of Puliantivu...Pet bioner

(1) Chellaturai Walter Canagasabey; (2) Arthur Reginald Selvarajah Canagasabey; (3) Edwin Ariaretnam Canagasabey, (4) Albert Edward Turarajah Canagasabey, all of Puliantivu, minors, by their cuardian ad litem the 1st respondent...... Respondents.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before S. F. Nagapper, Esq., Acting District Judge of Batticaloa, on January 17, 1920, in the presence of Messrs. Canagasabey & Ponniah on the part of the petitioner; and the petition of the petitioner dated January 17, 1920, having been read:

It is ordered that the petitioner be and he is hereby declared entitled to administer the estate of the said

Vs.

intestate, and that letters of administration do issue to him accordingly, unless the respondents or any other person or persons interested shall, on or before February 10, 1920, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of the court to the contrary.

Batticatog January 7, 1920.

S. F. NAGAPPER, District Judge.

ntle District Court of Chilaw.

Order Nisi.

Jurisdiction.
No. 1,273.

In the Matter of the Intestate Estate of the Jurisdiction.
No. 1,273.

In the Matter of the Intestate Estate of the Jurisdiction.

Rate Peria Karuppen Muttiah of Uraliagara, Madampe.

Kuppaswamy Nagamma of Madampe Petitioner.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before Alfred Wallace Seymour, Esq., District Judge, Chilaw, on December 19, 1919, in the presence of Mr. Lionel Jayawardene, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner above named; and affidavit of the said petitioner dated November 30, 1919, having been read:

It is ordered that Mr. Christoeffher Emmanuel, Secretary, District Court, Chilaw, be and he is hereby appointed guardian ad litem of 1st, 2nd, and 3rd respondents; and it is further ordered that the petitioner be and she is hereby entitled, as widow of the deceased, to have letters of administration to the estate of the said deceased, unless the respondents above named or any other person or persons interested shall, on or before January 29, 1920, show cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

February 4, 1920.

A. W. SEYMOUR, District Judge.

The time for showing cause against the above Order Nisi is hereby extended to February 12, 1920.

February 4, 1920.

A. W. SEYMOUR, District Judge. Testamentary In the Matter of the lest Will and Testa.

Jurisdiction.
No. 268.

Anuradhapura, deceased.

(1) Sithampariar Vallipuram, his wife (2) Thewanai, and (3) Sana Kana Seethavipulat all of Puloly West in Point Pedro Petitionera

Vs.

(1) Kanthar Murugesu, his wife (2) Seethavioillai, (3) Sangariar Sinnathamby, (4) Velar Alwarpillai, his wife (5) Swagange, (6) Thewanai, widow of Sinnakuddy, (7) Thamar Sinnathamby, his wife (8) Ponnachchi, all of Thumpalai in Point Pedro, (9) Sinniah Ayathurai of Puloly East in Point Pedro, (10) Sandrasekaram Rasiah of Anuradhapura, (11) Sangariar Subramaniam, (12) Sangariar Gopalu, both of Pulloly West in Point Pedro Respondents.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before S. D. Krisnaratne, Esq., Additional District Judge of Anuradhapura, on Jananary 17, 1920, in the presence of Mr. V. Ramaswamy, Proctor, on the part of the petitioners; and the effidavit of the petitioners dated January 16, 1920, and also the affidavit of the Notary who attested the said last will dated January 16, 1920, having been read:

It is ordered that the will of Sabapathipillai Kanakasabai, deceased, dated January 4, 1918, and now deposited in this court be and the same is hereby declared proved, unless the respondents or any person interested therein shall, on or before February 27, 1920, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

It is further decared that the said Sithampariar Vallipuram, his wife Thewanai, and Sana Kana Seethavipillai are the executors named in the said will, and that they are entitled to have probate of the same issued to them accordingly, unless the respondents or any persons interested therein shall, on or before February 27, 1921, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

S. D. Krisnaratne, January 17, 1921. Additional Listingt Judge.