



Ceylon Government Gazette

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Part I.—General.

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PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR.

In the Name of His Majesty GEORGE THE FIFTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir WILLIAM HENRY MANNING, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Knight Commander of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Companion of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

W. H. MANNING.

K NOW Ye that We, the Governor of Ceylon, in pursuance of the powers in Us vested by “The Necessaries of War Exportation Ordinance, No. 19 of 1914,” and of all other powers Us enabling, do hereby revoke Our Proclamation published in the *Government Gazette* on August 8, 1919, on the subject of exportation of articles from Ceylon, and, in pursuance of the aforesaid Ordinance, do publish in the schedules hereto lists of articles the exportation of which from Ceylon is hereby prohibited to the extent therein specified.

Given at Colombo, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twenty-third day of September, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Nineteen.

By His Excellency’s command,

GOD SAVE THE KING.

A. S. PAGDEN,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE A.

Articles the exportation of which from Ceylon is prohibited to all destinations :—

Apparel, wearing, made up, cotton, linen, flannel, tweed, and woollen.
Chillies.
Cotton, manufactures of.
Flour, wheat.
Linen, manufactures of.
Manures, including ingredients of artificial manures.
1991

Oils, lubricating.
Rice.
Russian Rouble Notes.
Specie.
Sugar.
Thread, cotton and linen.
Tin receptacles, whether empty or full, made from tin plates, except receptacles made of tin, of a less capacity than one gallon.
Tweed, manufactures of.
Wool, manufactures of.

SCHEDULE B.

Articles the exportation of which from Ceylon is prohibited to destinations other than the United Kingdom, British Possessions and Protectorates :—

<p>Aircraft. Ammunition. Asbestos, except raw asbestos. Bitumen. Bauxite. Butter. Cheese. Coal. Cocaine. Coke. Cotton. Explosives.</p>	<p>Firearms of all kinds. Mica. Oils and fats, animal and vegetable, not otherwise specifically prohibited, except coconut oil and essential oils. Opium. Silver. Whalebone. Wheat. Wool.</p>
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SCHEDULE C.

Articles the exportation of which from Ceylon is prohibited to destinations other than the United Kingdom, British Possessions, France, and Italy :—

Oleaginous kernels, nuts, and seeds, and products thereof (except fresh coconuts, copra, poonac, desiccated coconut, coconut oil, and essential oils), not otherwise specifically prohibited.

SCHEDULE D.

Articles the exportation of which from Ceylon is prohibited to Turkey, Bulgaria, Ports on the Black Sea (not including Roumanian ports), and German-Austria, Jugo-Slavia, Montenegro, and Albania :—

Aircraft of all kinds, including aeroplanes, airships, balloons, and their component parts, together with accessories and articles suitable for use in connection with aircraft.

Apparatus which can be used for the storage or projection of compressed or liquefied gases, flame, acids, or other destructive agents, capable of use in warlike operations, and their component parts.

Armour plates.

Armoured motor cars.

Arms of all kinds, including arms for sporting purposes, and their component parts.

Barbed wire and implements for fixing and cutting same.

Camp equipment, articles of, and their component parts.

Clothing and equipment of a distinctively military character.

Electrical appliances adapted for use in war, and their component parts.

Explosives specially prepared for use in war.

Field glasses.

Gases for war purposes.

Gun mountings.

Guns and machine guns.

Harness or horse equipment of a military character.

Implements and apparatus designed exclusively for the manufacture of munitions of war or for the manufacture or repair of arms or of war material for use on land or sea.

Limbers, military wagons of all descriptions.

Mines, submarines, and their component parts.

Projectiles, charges, cartridges, and grenades of all kinds, and their component parts.

Range-finders and their component parts.

Searchlights and their component parts.

Submarine sound signalling apparatus.

Torpedoes.

Warships, including boats, and their component parts of such a nature that they can only be used on a vessel of war.

Wireless telegraphs, materials for.

SCHEDULE E.

In addition to the goods contained in list D the following goods are prohibited from export to Bulgaria :—

Articles for use in transportation on land.

Saddle or pack animals, vehicles, motor cars, bicycles, and their component parts.

Locomotives and rolling stock.

Telegraphs and telephones, and their component parts, and materials for use therewith.

With the above exceptions, a general license is given for export of goods to all neutral countries and to the following countries, to wit :—

Germany, *Austria, Hungary, Luxemburg, *Bosnia, *Herzegovina, *Dalmatia, Czecho-Slovakia, Jugo-Slavia, *Turkey, †Bulgaria, Arabia, *‡Russian Black Sea Ports, §Finland.

Note (a).—Tungsten and tungsten ores may not be shipped to the United Kingdom.

Note (b).—Consignments of goods to order is now permissible, and goods for neutral countries may now be consigned direct to importers.

Note (c).—Certificates of Origin are no longer required of importers from any country, and Declarations of Ultimate Destination are now unnecessary.

* With the exception of goods in list D.

† With the exception of goods in lists D and E.

‡ Goods consigned to inland destination are liable to detention.

§ Arrangements should be made with consignees for issue of import licenses where required by Finnish Government.

APPOINTMENTS, &c., BY THE GOVERNOR.

No. 257 of 1919.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased, by virtue of the powers vested in him by Clause XIII. of the Royal Instructions dated November 24, 1910, as amended by the Additional Instructions dated December 31, 1915, to appoint Dr. GEORGE THORNTON provisionally, subject to HIS MAJESTY THE KING'S confirmation or disallowance, to be an Official Member of the Legislative Council of this Island, with effect from September 21, 1919, during the absence from the Island of the Hon. Dr. GEORGE JAMES RUTHERFORD, or until further orders.

By His Excellency's command,

A. S. PAGDEN,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Acting Colonial Secretary.
Colombo, September 25, 1919.

No. 258 of 1919.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments :—

Dr. G. THORNTON to act as Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals, a Visitor of all the prisons in the Island, and a Justice of the Peace for the Island, with effect from September 21, 1919, during the absence of the Hon. Dr. G. J. RUTHERFORD, or until further orders.

Mr. A. H. M. MORGAN, Assistant Engineer, Harbour Engineer's Department, to act as Harbour Engineer, vice Mr. A. D. PROUSE, with effect from September 25, 1919, or until further orders.

Mr. F. J. SOERTSZ to be Additional District Judge, Galle, for October 4, 1919.

Mr. S. D. KRISTNARATNE to act as Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate and Additional District Judge, Anuradhapura, *vice* Mr. G. DE LIVERA, for four days from September 20, 1919, or until the resumption of duties by that officer.

Mr. F. MARKUS to act at Dandagamuwa as Additional Police Magistrate for the judicial division of Kurunegala, *vice* Mr. T. H. E. MOONEMALLE, on September 20, 1919.

Mr. B. L. DRIEBERG to act as Additional Police Magistrate, Avissawella, on September 26, 1919.

Mr. B. AMARASEKERA to act as Additional Police Magistrate, Balapitiya, on September 30, 1919.

Mr. G. W. DE FONSEKA to act as an Inquirer for Salpiti korale in the Colombo District during the period he acts as Mudaliyar of the korale.

By His Excellency's command,

A. S. PAGDEN,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Acting Colonial Secretary.
Colombo, September 26, 1919.

No. 259 of 1919.

WITH reference to Notification No. 244 of 1919, appearing in *Government Gazette* No. 7,051 of September 12, 1919, it is hereby notified that the appointment of Mr. W. L. KINDERSLEY as Government Agent, &c., Province of Uva, took effect from September 17, 1919, instead of from the 16th idem, as previously notified.

By His Excellency's command,

A. S. PAGDEN,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Acting Colonial Secretary.
Colombo, September 22, 1919.

No. 260 of 1919.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to post Major HECTOR RICHARD HENRY MORGAN VAN CUYLENBURG, V.D., to the Ceylon Light Infantry Reserve.

By His Excellency's command,

A. S. PAGDEN,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Acting Colonial Secretary.
Colombo, September 23, 1919.

No. 261 of 1919.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following promotion in the Colombo Town Guards, with effect from September 29, 1919:—

To be Lieutenant-Colonel to command the Colombo Town Guards, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel FREDRICK EVELYN ELLIOT HENDERSON, posted to the Reserve on retirement:—

Major (Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel) GEORGE LIONEL COX.

By His Excellency's command,

A. S. PAGDEN,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Acting Colonial Secretary.
Colombo, September 22, 1919.

No. 262 of 1919.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to post the following officer of the Colombo Town Guards on retirement to the Reserve of that unit, with

effect from September 29, 1919, with the rank of Honorary Colonel:—

Lieutenant-Colonel FREDRICK EVELYN ELLIOT HENDERSON, Commanding Colombo Town Guards.

By His Excellency's command,

A. S. PAGDEN,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Acting Colonial Secretary.
Colombo, September 22, 1919.

No. 263 of 1919.

IT is notified for information that HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint Lieutenant G. W. USHER, Royal Fusiliers, as temporary Adjutant of the Colombo Town Guards, the Ceylon Motor Cyclists' Corps, and the Ceylon Railway Battalion with the local rank of Captain, with effect from October 1, 1919.

By His Excellency's command,

A. S. PAGDEN,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Acting Colonial Secretary.
Colombo, September 22, 1919.

No. 264 of 1919.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to nominate Dr. C. ANANDAPPA to be an Official Member of the Sanitary Board, Puttalam, *vice* Dr. V. KADIRGAMATHAMBY, transferred.

By His Excellency's command,

A. S. PAGDEN,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Acting Colonial Secretary.
Colombo, September 20, 1919.

No. 265 of 1919.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint the under-mentioned persons to be Assessors for the following towns for the year 1920, under the provisions of section 5 of Ordinance No. 7 of 1866:—

Talawakele, Lindula, Tillicoultry Agrapatana, Dimbula, and Kotagala.

R. J. Rodrigo.

A. Dias.

M. A. Silva.

Pundaluoya.

P. Edwards.

R. J. Rodrigo.

M. C. W. Perera.

Ragalla.

A. Mortimer.

R. J. Rodrigo.

D. H. Appusingho.

Kandapola.

R. J. Rodrigo.

S. R. Sathaseven.

M. J. Carvalho.

Nanu-oya.

R. J. Rodrigo.

H. B. Pettiyagoda.
S. D. Dasan.

Padiyapelella and Hanguranketa.

D. B. Kulugammana.

R. J. Rodrigo.

F. Wijesooriya.

Kurunegala.

P. B. Herat.

A. Goonewardena.

S. P. Socklingam Pillai.

Puttalam.

A. M. Suntheram.

K. M. N. Mohammodu

Lebbe Marikar.

C. S. M. Mohammodu

Ismail.

Chilaw.

T. M. Carrim.

G. E. Fernando.

E. N. Abeyakoon.

By His Excellency's command,

A. S. PAGDEN,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Acting Colonial Secretary.
Colombo, September 20, 1919.

No. 266 of 1919.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint the under-mentioned persons to be Assessors for the Sanitary Board town of Udappu for the year 1920, under the provisions of section 5 of Ordinance No. 7 of 1866 :—

S. Sembalingam.
T. M. Carrim.

D. R. H. Colombage.

By His Excellency's command,

A. S. PAGDEN,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Acting Colonial Secretary.
Colombo, September 20, 1919.

No. 267 of 1919.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint Mr. KATHIRGAMAR VEERACATTY SINNATHURAI, of Vannarponnai, to be a Notary Public at Jaffna and throughout the judicial division of Jaffna, and to practise as such in the English language.

By His Excellency's command,

A. S. PAGDEN,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Acting Colonial Secretary.
Colombo, September 20, 1919.

APPOINTMENTS, &c., OF REGISTRARS.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

EDWARD JOSEPH RATNAYAKE provisionally to be Registrar of Births and Deaths of Dambagalla division, and of Marriages (Kandyan and General) of Wellassa division, in the Badulla District of the Province of Uva, with effect from October 1, 1919, *vice* Registrar, R. A. M. KIRI BANDA, resigned. His office will be at the school room, Dambagalla.

JOHN WILLIAM ARTHUR PERERA to be Registrar of Marriages (Kandyan and General) of Kuruwiti korale division, in the Ratnapura District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, with effect from October 1, 1919, *vice* Registrar, D. L. DHARMAWARDANA, transferred. His office will be at the Land Registry Office, Ratnapura.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, A. S. PAGDEN,
Colombo, September 20, 1919. Acting Colonial Secretary.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to confirm the appointment of WEERASURI MUHANDIRAMALAGE HINAPPUHAMI as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Muttettupola division, and of Marriages (Kandyan and General) of Atakalan korale division, in the Ratnapura District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, A. S. PAGDEN,
Colombo, September 22, 1919. Acting Colonial Secretary.

THE following appointments under section 3 of Ordinance No. 23 of 1900 and section 7 of Ordinance No. 19 of 1907 are hereby notified:—

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Colombo, has appointed DON CORNELIS WELIKALA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Padukka division, and of Marriages (General) of Meda pattu of Hewagam korale division, in the Colombo District of the Western Province, for September 19, 1919, during the absence of the Registrar, GAMALATGE DON DAVITH, on leave. His office will be at Divelewatta in Liyanwala.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Colombo, has appointed DEGURUNEHELAGE ABRAHAM PERERA ABEYSEKERE to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kelaniya division, and of Marriages (General) of Adikari pattu of Siyane korale west division, in the Colombo District of the Western Province, for three days from September 23, 1919,

during the absence of the Registrar, JULIUS PERERA SUNDERASEKERE SAMARASINGHE, on leave. His office will be at Nilakkagahawatta in Sinharamulla, and his station at Kongahawatta in Talawatuhenpita South.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kandy, has appointed NAWARAT MUDIYANSELAGE KIRI BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths and of Marriages (General) of Udapalata No. 3 division, in the Kandy District of the Central Province, for ten days from September 15, 1919, during the absence of the Registrar, A. R. D. S. S. TIKIRI BANDA, dismissed. His office will be at Amunuprewatta in Amunupura.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kandy, has appointed PANIKKI BANDARALAGE PUNCHI BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths and of Marriages (General) of Yatinuwara No. 1 (B) division, in the Kandy District of the Central Province, for twenty-six days from September 20, 1919, during the absence of the Registrar, ABEYERATNA BANDA, on leave. His office will be at Kiribathkumburewalawwa in Kiribathkumbura.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Nuwara Eliya, has appointed RANASINHA ARACHCHIGE DON PEERIS APPUHAMY to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Pallepene division, and of Marriages (General) of Kotmale division (excluding the portion included in Gravets division), in the Nuwara Eliya District of the Central Province, for twenty days from September 10, 1919, during the absence of the Registrar, U. B. SAMARATUNGA, on leave. His office will be at Maswela in Kotagepitiya.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Matale, has appointed DASANAYAKA MUDIYANSELA TIKIRI BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Wagapanaha Udasiya pattu division, and of Marriages (General) of Matale North division, in the Matale District of the Central Province, for three weeks from September 19, 1919, during the absence of the Registrar, D. M. KIRI BANDA, on leave. His office will be at Peragahamada Dambaghamulawatta in Nalanda; station: Dambaghamulawatta in Naula.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Galle, has appointed DON BASTIAN DE SILVA ABAYANAYAKA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Elpitiya division, and of Marriages (General) of Bentota-Walallawiti korale division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, for two days from September 17, 1919, during the absence of the Registrar, D. A. DE S. ABAYANAYAKA, on leave. His office will be at Paragahawatta in Elpitiya.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Hambantota, has appointed DON NICHOLAS WIJESINHA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kahaawatta Upper division,

and of Marriages (General) of West Giruwa pattu division, in the Hambantota District of the Southern Province, for ten days from September 25, 1919, during the absence of the Registrar, J. A. SINGAPPULLI, on leave. His office will be at Angahawatta in Mahahilla and Galhiressewatta in Waharaggoda.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Hambantota, has appointed KOTIKARAGE DON ALLIS to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Julampitiya division, and of Marriages (General) of West Giruwa pattu division, in the Hambantota District of the Southern Province, for eight days from October 3, 1919, during the absence of the Registrar, K. D. PENERIS, on leave. His office will be at Masmorugahawatta in Hillegeayina.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Jaffna District, has appointed KANAGARAYER NAGANATHER to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Point Pedro division, and of Marriages (General) of Vadamaradchi-West division in the Jaffna District of the Northern Province, for twelve days from September 16, 1919, during the absence of the Registrar, S. KANAGARAYER, on leave. His office will be at Thevaran in Puloly South; station: Pillaiyantoddam in Puloly East.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Mullaittivu, has appointed MAYILVAKANAM SANMUGAM to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Maritime pattu division, in the Mullaittivu District of the Northern Province, for six days from September 15, 1919, during the absence of the Registrar, S. I. WIJAYA RUTNAM, on leave. His office will be at the Kachcheri, Mullaittivu.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Puttalam, has appointed JAMES GREGORY KROON to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kalpitiya town division, in the Puttalam District of the North-Western Province, for four days from September 17, 1919, during the absence of the Registrar, Dr. CLEMENT AUGUSTINE ANANDAPPA, on other duty. His office will be at the Outdoor Dispensary, Kalpitiya.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Puttalam, has appointed RAJAKARUNA ABEYARATNA HERAT MUDIYANSELAGE RAN BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths, and of Marriages (General) of Kirimetiya pattu division, in the Puttalam District of the North-Western Province, for fifteen days from September 17, 1919, during the absence of the Registrar, R. A. H. M. HERAT BANDA, on sick leave. His office will be at the permanent Registrar's office at Nawagattagama.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Puttalam, has appointed ABEYASINHA HERAT MUDIYANSELAGE BAYIRALAGE APPUHAMI to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths and of Marriages (General) of Rajawanni pattu division, in the Puttalam District of the North-Western Province, for six days from September 20, 1919, during the absence of the Registrar, R. KIRI BANDA, on sick leave. His office will be at the permanent Registrar's residence in Murukwatawana.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Puttalam, has appointed ABEYASINGHE HERAT MUDIYANSELAGE MUDIYANSE to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths and of Marriages (General) of Pandita pattu division, in the Puttalam District of the North-Western Province, for three days from September 26, 1919, during the absence of the Registrar, T. B. WADIGAMANGAWA, on leave. His office will be at the permanent Registrar's residence in Wadigamangawa.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Anuradhapura, has appointed SUPPER MURUGAPPER PASUPATHY to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Nuwaragam palata division, in the Anuradhapura District of the North-Central Province, for three days from September 16, 1919, during the absence of the Registrar, S. N. SITTAMPALAM, on leave. His office will be at Sittampalam's road, Anuradhapura town.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Anuradhapura, has appointed TALAWINNE YAPA MAHAWIKUM MAHANTE WAHALA MUDIYANSE RALAHAMILLE TEBES SIRMEWAN SUBASINHA BANDARA to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Nuwaragam palata division, in the Anuradhapura District of the North-Central Province, for fifteen days from September 16, 1919, vice K. B. KULATUNGA, transferred. His office will be at the Land Registry, Anuradhapura.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Badulla District, has appointed DON HENDRICK GUNSEKERA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Sittarama division, and of Marriages (General) of Wellawaya division, in the Badulla District of the Province of Uva, for thirty days from September 16, 1919, during the absence of the Registrar, D. A. GUNSEKERA, on leave. His office will be at Mahagedarawatta in Evariyaepessa.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kegalla, has appointed SATURUSINHA ARACHOHILLAGE PUNCHIRALA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Uduwa palata division, and of Marriages (General) of Three Korales and Lower Bulatgama division, in the Kegalla District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, for thirty days from September 20, 1919, during the absence of the Registrar, A. CHARLES BANDA, on leave. His office will be at Degalassewatta in Dedugala.

Registrar-General's Office, N. W. MORGAPPAH,
Colombo, September 23, 1919. Acting Registrar-General.

IT is hereby notified that RATNAYAKA MUDIYANSELAGE PUNOHI APPUHAMY, Registrar of Births and Deaths of Mahapalata division, and of Marriages (General and Kandyan) of Paranakuru korale division, in the Kegalla District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, will, with effect from October 1, 1919, hold his office at Mohottallegawatta in Hakurugammans, instead of at Alutgedarawatta in Hakurugammans, as notified in the *Government Gazette* No. 5,567 of August 19, 1898.

Registrar-General's Office, N. W. MORGAPPAH,
Colombo, September 23, 1919. Acting Registrar-General.

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATIONS.

WHEREAS by the Notification dated April 26, 1919, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,009 of May 2, 1919, His Excellency the Governor set apart the lot of Crown land described in the schedule annexed thereto for a common purpose, to wit, that the inhabitants of the village of Munamalghahewewa, in the Pahala Kende tulana of the Kende korale of the Nuwaragam palata of the Anuradhapura District, in the North-Central Province, may practise chena cultivation within the said lot on free permits issued by the Government Agent of the North-Central Province, in accordance with rules made under the provisions of sections 6 and 16 of Ordinance No. 24 of 1889, and whereby His Excellency the Governor reserved to himself the right to resume the absolute possession on behalf of the Crown of the said lot whenever he thinks fit; and whereas the said village of Munamalghahewewa having since been abandoned by its inhabitants the common purpose mentioned in the said Notification of April 26, 1919,

can no longer be attained, it is hereby notified for general information that His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to resume the absolute possession on behalf of the Crown of the said lot of Crown land described in the schedule annexed hereto.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 19, 1919.

By His Excellency's command,
A. S. PAGDEN,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE REFERRED TO.

The following lot is situated in the village of Munamalgahawewa, in the Pahala Kende tulana of the Kende korale of the Nuwaragam palata of the Anuradhapura District, in the North-Central Province :—

Lot.	Name of Land.	Block survey preliminary plan 582.	Extent, A. B. P.
3D	Munamalgahawewalandekale		20 1 2

“ THE EXCISE ORDINANCE, No. 8 OF 1912.”

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased, under section 7, sub-section (c), of “ The Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912,” to appoint Mr. C. S. Peter to perform throughout the Island the acts and duties mentioned in sections 32, 34, and 45 (a) of the said Ordinance during the absence from the Island of Mr. R. McComas, or until further orders.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 19, 1919.

By His Excellency's command,
A. S. PAGDEN,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

PURSUANT to the 2nd section of the Pension Minute dated December 9, 1908, it is hereby notified that the holder of the office specified below is entitled to pension :—

Customs.
Locker.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 22, 1919.

By His Excellency's command,
A. S. PAGDEN,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

THE following copy of a despatch received from the Secretary of State for the Colonies regarding the congratulatory telegram sent by the Legislative Council on the occasion of the Peace Celebrations is published for general information.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 22, 1919.

By His Excellency's command,
A. S. PAGDEN,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Ceylon.—No. 686.

Downing street, August 19, 1919.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES to Governor Sir W. H. MANNING, K.C.M.G., K.B.E., C.B.

SIR,—I HAVE the honour to inform you that your telegram of July 19 was duly laid before His Majesty the King, who was graciously pleased to command that his thanks should be conveyed to the Members of the Legislative Council of Ceylon for their loyal message of congratulation on the occasion of the Peace Celebrations.

I have, &c.,
MILNER.

License by the Governor.

THE Governor, in pursuance of the powers reserved in the Trading with the Enemy Proclamations, and of all other powers thereunto him enabling, does hereby give and grant license to all persons and bodies of persons resident, carrying on business, or being in Ceylon, to trade and have commercial and financial transactions with persons or bodies of persons resident or carrying on business in Hungary, Czecho-Slovakia, Jugo-Slavia, Bosnia, Herzegovina, Dalmatia, and Turkey:

Provided always that any license necessary in respect of any transactions under any prohibition of export or prohibition of import for the time being enforced in Ceylon is first obtained.

Provided also that this license shall not permit any person or bodies of persons to pay to or for the benefit of any person or body of persons resident or carrying on business in the aforesaid countries any sum of money, which by the terms of "The Enemy Property Ordinance, No. 23 of 1916," and any Ordinance amending the same, is required to be paid to the Custodian of Enemy Property appointed under "The Enemy Firms Liquidation Ordinance, No. 20 of 1916," but such sum of money must be paid to the said Custodian.

Provided further that this license shall not permit any person or body of persons to pay or deliver any sum of money or property which is or but for the war would have been due or deliverable to any person or body of persons resident or carrying on business in the aforesaid countries in respect of transactions entered into before the outbreak of the war.

Given at Colombo, in the Island of Ceylon, this Twenty-third day of September, 1919.

By His Excellency's command,

A. S. PAGDEN,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

"THE VILLAGE COMMUNITIES ORDINANCE, 1889."

IT is hereby notified for general information (a) that His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to set apart the lot of land described in the schedule hereto annexed, which is the property of the Crown, for a common purpose, to wit, that the inhabitants of the village of Ittikulama, in the Wilachchiya tulana of the Wilachchiya korale of the Nuwaragam palata of the Anuradhapura District, in the North-Central Province, may practise chena cultivation within the said lot on free permits issued by the Government Agent of the North-Central Province, in accordance with rules made under the provisions of sections 6 and 16 of Ordinance No. 24 of 1889; and (b) that His Excellency the Governor reserves to himself the right to resume absolute possession on behalf of the Crown of the said lot or of any portion thereof whenever he thinks fit.

By His Excellency's command,

A. S. PAGDEN,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 23, 1919.

SCHEDULE REFERRED TO.

The following lot is situated in the village of Ittikulama, in the Wilachchiya tulana of the Wilachchiya korale of the Nuwaragam palata of the Anuradhapura District, in the North-Central Province:—

Preliminary plan 729.

Lot.	Name of Land.	Extent, A. R. P.
100	Nelugollewekatuwa, Keeriyagahayaya, Sudupitiyelanda, Demata-gahalanda, Mylagahahena, Weerawalalanda, Dunumehiyayalanda, and Palugahalanda	432 1 9

"THE VILLAGE COMMUNITIES ORDINANCE, 1889."

IT is hereby notified for general information (a) that His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to set apart the lots of land described in the schedule hereto annexed, which are the property of the Crown, for a common purpose, to wit, that the inhabitants of the village of Hunuwilagama, in the Moragolla Kadawat tulana of the Wilachchiya korale of the Nuwaragam palata of the Anuradhapura District, in the North-Central Province, may practise chena cultivation within the said lots on free permits issued by the Government Agent of the North-Central Province, in accordance with rules made under the provisions of sections 6 and 16 of Ordinance No. 24 of 1889; and (b) that His Excellency the Governor reserves to himself the right to resume absolute possession on behalf of the Crown of the said lots or of any portion thereof whenever he thinks fit.

By His Excellency's command,

A. S. PAGDEN,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 23, 1919.

SCHEDULE REFERRED TO.

The following lots are situated in the village of Hunuwilagama, in the Moragolla Kadawat tulana of the Wilachchiya korale of the Nuwaragam palata of the Anuradhapura District, in the North-Central Province:—

Preliminary plan 723.

Lot.	Name of Land.	Extent, A. R. P.
7B	Landukele	82 1 3
9A	Do.	61 1 18
11B	Do.	107 1 1
		<hr/> 250 3 22 <hr/>

"THE VILLAGE COMMUNITIES ORDINANCE, 1889."

IT is hereby notified for general information (a) that His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to set apart the lots of land described in the schedule hereto annexed, which are the property of the Crown, for a common purpose, to wit, that the inhabitants of the village of Kudawewa, in the Andarawe tulana of the Wilachchiya korale of the Nuwaragam palata of the Anuradhapura District, in the North-Central Province, may practise chena cultivation within the said lots on free permits issued by the Government Agent of the North-Central Province, in accordance with rules made under the provisions of sections 6 and 16 of Ordinance No. 24 of 1889; and (b) that His Excellency the Governor reserves to himself the right to resume absolute possession on behalf of the Crown of the said lots or of any portion thereof whenever he thinks fit.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 23, 1919.

By His Excellency's command,

A. S. PAGDEN,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE REFERRED TO.

The following lots are situated in the village of Kudawewa, in the Andarawe tulana of the Wilachchiya korale of the Nuwaragam palata of the Anuradhapura District, in the North-Central Province:—

Block survey preliminary plan 728.

Lot.	Name of Land.	Extent, A. R. P.
58c	Nugagahalanda, Wambotuyaya, Udugodagamalanda, Habawewe-kele, Kondigiliyewewukatuwa, Karawilayayalanda, and Rambaewewekele	133 3 8
65A	Kongahalanda and Godakirilagahalanda	116 3 16
		250 2 24

IT is hereby notified that the under-mentioned candidate has passed the Notaries' Final Examination with a view to practising in the Sinhalese language:—

Mr. K. E. W. Perera.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 25, 1919.

A. S. PAGDEN,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

"THE FIREARMS ORDINANCE, No. 33 OF 1916."

IT is hereby notified that His Excellency the Governor, in pursuance of the powers vested in him by the proviso to section 24 of "The Firearms Ordinance, No. 33 of 1916," has been pleased to authorize the issue, within the following divisions of the Province of Uva, of licenses for single-barrelled muzzle-loading guns at a reduced duty of 25 cents per annum during the year ending December 31, 1919:—

Bintenna, Wiyaluwa, Wellassa, Buttala, Sitteremapalata, Kongolle¹Bintenna, and Wellawaya.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, September 25, 1919.

A. S. PAGDEN,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Order No. 29 made by the Food Controller under regulation 1 of "The Defence of the Colony Regulations, 1919," restricting Transport of Paddy.

1. From and after the commencement of this order, it is forbidden to remove or transport, by any means, paddy and country rice from the Colombo District of the Western Province, except under permit to be issued by the Government Agent, Western Province.

2. This order shall commence and come into operation on September 26, 1919.

Colombo, September 23, 1919.

B. HORSBURGH,
Food Controller.

Comparative Monthly Return of Revenue from October, 1915, to May, 1919.

	1915-16.	1916-17.	1917-18.	1918-19.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
October	4,771,366	5,424,275	6,066,183	4,979,108
November	5,571,484	5,979,053	5,746,166	4,603,495
December	5,106,908	5,950,735	5,097,971	3,680,091
January	5,313,806	6,476,905	5,608,309	7,242,264
February	5,372,274	4,950,043	4,836,838	5,075,981
March	5,616,979	5,537,901	4,994,265	6,376,317
April	4,608,132	4,947,552	5,750,101	5,994,045
May	5,725,863	5,147,201	4,955,270	5,095,323
June	5,119,142	5,058,315	4,867,510	
July	7,020,687*	5,351,143	5,344,873	
August	5,930,822	5,838,302	4,997,198	
September	5,855,547	6,320,453	5,669,945	
Total	66,013,010	66,981,878	63,933,629	

* Includes Rs. 1,425,000 realized by sale of dredger "Sir William Matthews" to the Australian Government.

The General Treasury,
Colombo, September 18, 1919.

BERNARD SENIOR,
Colonial Treasurer.

NOTICES CALLING FOR TENDERS.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the work of repairing the quarters occupied by the officers of the Salt Department at Kombimunai, Tillaiyady, and Pachchakaadu Mundal.

2. The tender should be enclosed in a sealed envelope, on the left corner of which must be written the words "Tender for repairing the Quarters occupied by the Officers of the Salt Department at Kombimunai, Tillaiyady, and Pachchakaadu Mundal," and it should be sent to the Assistant Government Agent, Puttalam, so that he may receive it before 1 P.M. on October 4, 1919.

3. The intending tenderer should, before sending his tender to the Assistant Government Agent, deposit a sum of Rs. 10 at any Kachcheri under the head of "Tender Forms," and should annex to his tender the receipt obtained for the deposit of the sum.

4. This sum of Rs. 10 will be held by the Assistant Government Agent as a security for the tenderer's entering into a contract with him—in the event of his tender being accepted—for carrying out the work in a satisfactory manner, and it will be confiscated if he fail to enter into such a contract within a reasonable time after his tender was accepted.

5. The tenderer should name an address at Puttalam where letters for him may be left or delivered.

6. The work should be completed within four weeks after the contract was entered into.

7. Further particulars may be obtained from the Salt Inspector, Puttalam.

Description of the Work to be done.

All the decayed or otherwise worthless cadjan, timber, and other materials that are on the building now should be removed and replaced by new and sound materials.

The roof of all the houses, outhouses, and huts should be rethatched with new cadjan, and pootus should be placed thereon to serve as weights.

The floor of all the houses should be raised with clay, levelled, stamped, and cowdunged.

The walls, whether of mud or cadjan, should be repaired wherever necessary, and the mud walls should be white-washed.

All the fences enclosing the various premises should be rebuilt or repaired.

The doors and windows in the supervisor's and 2nd class constable's houses should be painted in blue.

Puttalam Kachcheri, S. M. P. VANDERKOEEN,
September 15, 1919. for Assistant Government Agent.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the work of repairing the quarters occupied by the Officers of the Salt Department at the Eastern Saltern.

2. The tender should be enclosed in a sealed envelope, on the left corner of which must be written the words "Tender for Repairing the Quarters occupied by the Officers of the Salt Department at the Eastern Saltern," and should

be sent to the Assistant Government Agent, Puttalam, so that he may receive it before 1 P.M. on October 11, 1919.

3. The intending tenderer should, before sending his tender to the Assistant Government Agent, deposit a sum of Rs. 10 at any Kachcheri under the Head of "Tender Forms," and should annex to his tender the receipt obtained for the deposit of the sum.

4. This sum of Rs. 10 will be held by the Assistant Government Agent as a security for tenderer's entering into the contract with him, in the event of his tender being accepted, for carrying out the work in a satisfactory manner, and will be confiscated, if he fails to enter into such a contract within a reasonable time after his tender was accepted.

5. The tenderer should name an address at Puttalam where letters for him may be left or delivered.

6. The work should be completed within four weeks after the contract was entered into.

7. Further particulars may be obtained from the Salt Inspector, Puttalam.

Description of the Work to be done.

All the decayed or otherwise worthless cadjan, timber, and other materials that are on the buildings now should be removed and replaced by new and sound materials.

The roof of the supervisor's bungalow should be repaired wherever necessary by removing unserviceable reepers and tiles and replacing new ones. The floor should be repaired and cemented.

The roofs of the supervisor's kitchen, first class constable's bungalow and kitchen, and six patrols' huts should all be repaired and rethatched with new cadjans. Pootus should be placed on the roofs to serve as weights.

The walls of the supervisor's and first class constable's bungalows and kitchen should be repaired; plastered, and whitewashed.

The floor of the first class constable's bungalow and kitchen and six patrols' huts should be repaired and cow-dunged.

The water-closets attached to the supervisor's and first class constable's bungalows should be repaired and rethatched with new cadjans.

All the doors, posts, windows, and wall plates of the supervisor's and first class constable's bungalows should be painted red.

One wall of the supervisor's kitchen 15 ft. by 7½ ft. should be pulled down, rebuilt, plastered, and whitewashed.

Two new door hooks and a tin guttering 7 ft. by 1½ ft. for the supervisor's bungalow, two new locks and two door hooks for first class constable's bungalow, and a new lock to patrol Hassim's hut should be supplied and fixed.

One door shutter 6 ft. by 3 ft. of durable plank, complete with hinges, &c., should be supplied and fixed to patrol Ibrahim's hut.

The compound fences of all the above-mentioned bungalows and huts should be fenced with new sticks and cadjans.

S. M. P. VANDERKOEEN,
for Assistant Government Agent.
Puttalam, September 22, 1919.

SALES OF UNSERVICEABLE ARTICLES, &c.

THE following unserviceable articles will be sold by public auction at the Master Attendant's Boathouse, Galle, on Monday, September 29, 1919, at 9 A.M. :—

1 pigeonhole and stand	5 yards	6 masts	4 outriggers	2 booms
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Colombo, September 23, 1919.

C. E. STAINER, Lt.-Commander, R.N.,
Master Attendant, Colombo and Galle.

VITAL STATISTICS.

Registrar-General's Health Report of the City of Colombo for the Week ended September 20, 1919.

Births.—The total births registered in the city of Colombo in the week were 110 (2 Europeans, 8 Burghers, 58 Sinhalese, 18 Tamils, 16 Moors, 6 Malays, and 2 Others). The birth-rate per 1,000 per annum (calculated on the estimated population on July 1, 1919, viz., 285,795) was 20.1, as against 19.7 in the preceding week, 16.8 in the corresponding week of last year, and 21.5 the weekly average for last year.

Deaths.—The total deaths registered were 130 (2 Europeans, 3 Burghers, 69 Sinhalese, 28 Tamils, 22 Moors, 4 Malays, and 2 Others). The death-rate per 1,000 per annum was 23.7, as against 23.0 in the previous week, 36.9 in the corresponding week of last year, and 26.7 the weekly average for last year.

Infantile Deaths.—Of the 130 total deaths, 27 were of infants under one year of age, as against 30 in the preceding week, 35 in the corresponding week of the previous year, and 30 the average for last year.

Stillbirths.—The number of stillbirths registered during the week was 7.

Principal Causes of Death.—1 (a) Sixteen deaths from *Pneumonia* were registered, 3 each in Pettah, Kotahena, Maradana (of non-residents in hospitals), and Slave Island, 2 in Wellawatta, and 1 each in New Bazaar and Kollupitiya, as against 10, 25, 12, and 13, respectively, in the four preceding weeks. The weekly average for last year was 27.

(b) Two deaths from *Influenza* were registered, 1 each in Pettah and Maradana, as against 5, 5, 5, and 4, respectively, in the four preceding weeks.

(c) Three deaths from *Bronchitis* were registered, as against 2 in the previous week.

2. (a) Twelve deaths from *Phthisis* were registered, 3 each in St. Paul's, Maradana (including 1 death of a non-resident in hospital), and Kollupitiya, 2 in Kotahena, and 1 in Slave Island, as against 18 in the previous week and 13 the weekly average for last year.

(b) Two deaths of residents of Colombo occurred at the Ragama Hospital from *Phthisis* during the week.

3. Two deaths from *Enteric Fever* were registered, 1 each in New Bazaar and Maradana, as against 12 in the previous week and 4 the weekly average for last year.

4. Two deaths from *Plague* (1 suspected) were registered in Pettah, same as in the previous week. Two cases of *Plague* were reported during the week, same as in the previous one.

5. Ten deaths were registered from *Debility*, 8 each from *Enteritis* and *Infantile Convulsions*, 5 from *Dysentery*, 4 from *Diarrhoea*, 2 from *Worms*, 1 from *Measles*, and 55 from *Other Causes*.

6. Eleven cases of *Chickenpox* and 7 of *Measles* were reported during the week, as against 3 and 14 respectively in the preceding week.

State of the Weather.—The mean temperature of air was 80.4°, against 79.9° in the preceding week and 81.5° in the corresponding week of the previous year. The mean atmospheric pressure was 29.900 in., against 29.929 in. in the preceding week and 29.958 in. in the corresponding week of the previous year. The total rainfall in the week was 1.64 in., against 6.12 in. in the preceding week and 0.16 in. in the corresponding week of the previous year.

Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, September 23, 1919.E. R. DE SILVA,
for Acting Registrar-General.

MISCELLANEOUS DEPARTMENTAL NOTICES.

Sale of Goods.

THE under-mentioned packages having been left in the Ceylon Wharfage Co., Ltd., beyond the time allowed by law, notice is hereby given that, unless the same be previously cleared, they will be sold by public auction on Tuesday, November 4, 1919, at 1 P.M. Goods must be cleared on or before November 7, 1919 :—

Entry No.	Date of Entry.	Steamers.	From	Marks and Numbers.	Number and Description of Packages.
1442	April 19/30	ss. Shadwell	London	A E M	1 case merchandise
B 2 WAREHOUSE.					
PARCELS WAREHOUSE.					
—	November 18/20	ss. Tain Maru	Bombay	N. C. S. Calcutta	1 case (empty)
—	April 19/30	ss. Chinkoa	London	Nil	1 cask white clay
R WAREHOUSE.					
—	April 19/23	ss. Clan Colquhoun	Liverpool	Nil	2 packages iron (machinery parts)

H. M. Customs,
Colombo, September 23, 1919.W. E. WAIT,
for Principal Collector.

Sale of Goods.

THE under-mentioned packages having been left in No. 16 Warehouse beyond the time allowed by law, notice is hereby given that, unless the same be previously cleared, they will be sold by public auction on Tuesday, October 28, 1919, at 1 P.M. Goods must be cleared on or before October 31, 1919 :—

No.	From which Warehouse.	Vessel and the Date of Landing.	Marks.	Number and Description of Packages.
733	Found in Warehouse No. 16	ss. Crew Hall, March 3, 1919	B B upon N T F	8 kegs paint
734	Delft	ss. Kirin Maru, June 16, 1919	S in a triangle and H 11 outside	1 case merchandise
734	Do.	do.	M. L. H.	2 cases merchandise
734	Do.	do.	178 in a triangle	1 case merchandise
734	Do.	do.	O. M.	1 cask wine
736	Indian Goods Shed	Waybill No. 67 of November 24, 1918	N. M. Kamu Chetty, V. P., Yatiyantota	1 package merchandise
736	Do.	do.	C. Abdul Cader	1 package beedies
736	Do.	do.	Nil	2 packages furniture
753	Delft	ss. Clan Apcar, July 17, 1919	S. S. V.	1 bag groundnut poonac
754	E 2	ss. Burma Maru, June 16, 1919	H. J. H.	2 cases merchandise
756	Do.	Unknown	9 in a circle	1 package furniture
757	11 and 12	ss. Crew Hall, March 3, 1919	Nil	30 kegs nail
758	Do.	Unknown	Nil	1 lot hoop iron
761	11 and 12	ss. Siam Maru, July 9, 1919	S in a triangle and V S outside	1 bundle tea shooks
765	E 1	ss. Kayuku Maru, June 2, 1919	Nil	1 bag grain
767	T 1 and 2	ss. Desnera, June 11, 1919	S. P. S. & Co.	4 cases empty
768	No. 6	ss. Holywell, July 26, 1919	C. A. C. or Nil	1 bag sulphur

H. M. Customs,
Colombo, September 23, 1919.

W. E. WATT,
for Principal Collector.

Importation of Rice into the several Ports of Ceylon during the Week ended September 20, 1919.

Ceylon Port.	Port of Origin.	Number of Bags.
Colombo	Rangoon	14,941
Do.	Singapore	40
	Total	14,981

(45 bags rice were shipped during the week.)

H. M. Customs,
Colombo, September 23, 1919.

W. E. WATT,
for Principal Collector.

Seville Oranges at Hakgala.

NOTICE is hereby given that the crop of Seville oranges will be sold at Hakgala Gardens, Nuwara Eliya, at Re. 1 per dozen.

Application should be made to the Curator, Hakgala Gardens, Nuwara Eliya.

Peradeniya, September 23, 1919.

F. A. STOCKDALE,
Director of Agriculture.

Closure of Area for Application Surveys in Eastern Province.

NOTICE is hereby given that surveys in connection with applications for the purchase or lease of Crown land

will in future be undertaken in the Eastern Province in rotation according to areas.

2. The Province is divided into—

Area No. 1, which includes Koralai, Eravur, Rukam, Bintenne, Mamunai, Eruvil, and Porativu pattus of Batticaloa District.

Area No. 2, which includes the whole of Trincomalee District.

Area No. 3, which includes Nadukadu, Chammanurai, Karaivaku, Nintavur, Akkarai, and Panawa pattus of Batticaloa District.

3. Area No. 1 will be closed on November 1, 1919, and no applications within this area will be forwarded to the Surveyor-General for survey after that date. This, however, will not preclude applicants from submitting to me for registration applications for land within this area with a view of ascertaining whether there are any objections to the sale or lease.

4. The next area to be closed for survey will be area No. 2, followed in due course by area No. 3. Applications for the purchase or lease of Crown land in these two areas should be forwarded to me as early as possible.

5. The date of closure of No. 2 area will be shortly published, and will represent the date of completion of all work in area No. 1.

September 19, 1919.

C. E. DE PINTO,
for Government Agent.

Registration of a Building for Solemnization of Marriages.

IN pursuance of the provisions of section 12 of the Ordinance No. 19 of 1907, intituled "An Ordinance to consolidate and amend the Laws relating to the Registration of Marriages, other than the Marriages of Kandyans or of Muhammadans," I, Nicholas Wilfred Morgappah, Acting Registrar-General of Ceylon, do hereby notify that the under-mentioned building, used as a place of public Christian worship, has been duly registered for the solemnization of marriages therein :—

No.	Date of Registration.	Description.	Situation.	Minister or Proprietor or Trustee.	Religious Denomination on whose behalf the Building is registered.
343	September 22, 1919	Tamil (C. M. S.) Schoolroom	North-brook, Yataderiya Group, Bogala, Parana-kuru korale, Kegalla District	Rev. S. M. Thomas, Minister	Tamil Cooiy Mission Section of the Church Missionary Society of the Church of England

Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, September 22, 1919.

N. W. MORGAPPAH,
Acting Registrar-General.

UNIVERSITY OF LONDON.—REGULATIONS FOR MATRICULATION.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

The attention of all students who matriculate is directed to the following extract from Statute No. 120 :—

“ No student shall be admitted to the Final Examination for a degree until the expiration of at least three years after Matriculation, unless the Senate in special cases or special classes of cases otherwise determine.”

MATRICULATION.

Candidates for any degree in this University, unless admitted under Statute 113,* or under the second clause of Statute 116,† must have passed the Matriculation Examination either in its ordinary form or in the form of the Senior or General School Examination at least three years‡ previously to the Final Examination for a First Degree.§

Students admitted under Statute 113, or under Statute 116, upon a qualification other than the Matriculation Examination, must pay a registration fee of £3. 3s. to the appropriate Registrar.

The Matriculation Examination and all other examinations of the University are open to men and women alike.

There shall be two examinations at Ceylon centres—Colombo and Jaffna—for matriculation in each year, one commencing on the second Monday in January, and the other on the second Monday in June.

Candidates must apply not less than five calendar months before the month of examination on forms which can be obtained from the Director of Education stating the optional subjects offered, and forward at the same time (a) a certificate showing that the candidate will have completed his sixteenth year on or before January 14 for the January examination, or on or before July 31 for the June examination; (b) a certificate of good conduct; and (c) a bank receipt for the fee,|| which should be credited to the account of the Director of Education in the Mercantile Bank of India, Limited, Colombo. Those offering a special language or Geology or Zoology must apply seven calendar months before the month of examination.

Those who enter for the examination as private candidates should forward with their notifications for admission to the examination a certificate from their private tutors, stating their qualifications and whether they have a reasonable chance of passing the examination.

Every candidate entering for the Matriculation Examination must pay a fee of Rs. 33. If a candidate withdraws his name before the last day assigned for the closing of entries the fee shall be returned to him. If he fails to present himself at a January examination he shall be permitted to enter at the next following June examination, if he fails to present himself at a June examination he shall be permitted to enter for the next following January examination on payment of a fee of Rs. 20 in each case. If he retires after the commencement of the examination, or fails to pass it, the full fee shall be payable upon every re-entry.¶

Candidates who have matriculated in the University by examination, whether it be by the Matriculation Examination or by the Senior or General School Examination, will not be admitted to any subsequent Matriculation Examination as a whole; but they can enter at any subsequent Matriculation Examination with a view to passing in one or more additional subjects** on payment of a fee of Rs. 20 for a single subject and of Rs. 33 for two or more subjects. Every such candidate must apply to the Director of Education at the appropriate date for a special form of entry for the “Matriculation Supplementary Certificate.”

Matriculated students of the University who have been registered under Statute 116 and members of the University who have proceeded to any Intermediate Examination in any Faculty or to the First Examination for Medical Degrees will not be admitted to any subsequent Matriculation Examination in whole or in part, except to the paper in Latin for the purpose of qualifying for entry to the Intermediate Examination in Arts as internal students, for which paper the fee will be Rs. 20 and entry must be completed by the dates required for the Matriculation Examination. Nevertheless, candidates who have passed the Matriculation

Examination and who have proceeded to the next higher examination in any Faculty may, for the special purpose (which must be declared) of satisfying the requirements of a Public Authority, enter for one or more subjects of the Matriculation Examination on payment of a fee of Rs. 20 for a single subject and of Rs. 33 for two or more subjects, and must complete their entry by the date required for the Matriculation Examination. The names of candidates successful in either of the above-mentioned classes will not appear on the pass list, nor will they receive certificates; but the University will on behalf of those of the latter class notify their success to the Public Authority concerned.

The examination shall be conducted by means of printed papers; but the Examiners shall not be precluded from putting, for the purpose of ascertaining the competence of the candidates to pass, *visu voce* questions to any candidate in the subjects in which they are appointed to examine.

Candidates shall not be approved by the Examiners unless they have shown at one and the same examination a competent knowledge in each of the following five subjects, according to the details specified under the several heads :—

- (1) English. Two papers covering three hours.
- (2) Elementary Mathematics. Two papers of three hours each.
- (3) Latin or Greek, or Elementary Mechanics, or Elementary Physics—Heat, Light, and Sound or Electricity and Magnetism—or Elementary Chemistry, or Elementary Botany. One paper of three hours in each subject.
- (4) and (5) Two of the following subjects, neither of which has already been taken under section (3). One paper of three hours in each subject. If neither Latin nor Greek has been taken under section (3), one of the other subjects selected must be a language other than English :—

Latin.††

Greek.††

French.

German.

Italian.

Russian.

Spanish.

Either Ancient History or English History or Modern European History.

Physical and General Geography.

Logic.

Geometrical and Mechanical Drawing.‡‡

Mathematics (more advanced).

Elementary Mechanics.

Elementary Chemistry.

Elementary Physics—Heat, Light, and Sound.

Elementary Physics—Electricity and Magnetism.

Elementary Biology—Botany.§§

Elementary Biology—Zoology.¶¶

Elementary Geology.¶¶¶

A candidate who so desires may offer under (4) or (5) some one language other than those named above. Such proposal must be submitted for the consideration of the Matriculation Board. The normal notice of such proposal is seven months before the beginning of the Matriculation Examination for which the application is made. Candidates giving less than seven months' notice are advised that it may not be possible to make arrangements for papers to be set at the next Matriculation Examination, even though the language be approved.¶¶¶

Every candidate proposing to take a particular language, other than one of those mentioned above, must accompany such proposal by a special fee, additional to the regular matriculation fee. This fee will be returned should the proposed language not be accepted by the Matriculation Board, but in no other case. The amount of this additional fee varies with the language selected, and can be ascertained on application to the External Registrar.¶¶¶

* See Appendices to these Regulations, No. I.

† See Appendices to these Regulations, No. II.

‡ Nevertheless, candidates who matriculate at, or whose registration under Statute 116 as exempt from the Matriculation Examination dates from, the January examination in any year will be admissible to the First Degree Examination except in Medicine or in Veterinary Science of the year next but one ensuing, provided that in each case the interval specified by the Regulations between the Intermediate and Final Examination is observed.

§ The Medical and Surgical Degrees of this University are registrable qualifications, and it is not necessary for students to register as Medical Students in order to qualify for the examinations for these degrees. Compliance with the University Regulations is sufficient. For the diplomas of certain other licensing bodies, however, registration as a Medical Student by the General Medical Council is a necessary preliminary, and under the present regulations of the Council, those desiring to use the Matriculation Examination of this University as a qualification for registration must show that they have passed in English, Mathematics, and at least two other subjects named in the following list :— Latin, Greek, Arabic, Persian, French, German, Spanish, Italian, Russian, or any approved modern language, History, Geography, Natural Philosophy or Physics, Chemistry, Biology, Physical Geography, and Geology.

¶ The fee should not under any circumstances be remitted direct to this office or to the University; only bank receipts will be accepted.

¶¶ Candidates who entered for the Matriculation Examination in or before

January, 1902, will for the present be admitted to subsequent Matriculation Examinations upon payment at every such entry of a fee of Rs. 20, provided that they comply with the above Regulations.

¶¶¶ Candidates, as a rule, can only be examined for supplementary certificates in the subjects set out in the Regulations. For information whether a supplementary examination in any optional language can be held or not, application should be made to the Director of Education.

†† Inasmuch as Latin or Greek is compulsory at the Intermediate Examination in Arts, candidates proposing to enter for that examination are advised to take Latin or Greek at the Matriculation Examination.

‡‡ This subject cannot be taken in the Colonies.

§§ In this examination special stress is laid on competence in Drawing.

¶¶ Candidates for examination in these subjects must give notice and pay their fee at least two months before the date fixed for sending in entries for ordinary subjects.

¶¶¶ The special languages accepted by the University are Portuguese, Modern Dutch, Arabic, Sanskrit, Hebrew, Chinese, Burmese, Gaelic (Irish, Scotch, or Welsh), Hindustani, Persian, Tamil, Urdu, Siamese, Yoraba, and Sinhalese. No extra fee is charged for Tamil.

Siamese and Yoraba will be accepted provided that the expense be borne by the candidate or dividing between the candidates offering them.

The extra fee per candidate is Rs. 15 in the case of Hebrew and Rs. 27 in the case of any other of the special languages above mentioned.

The following are the particulars of the foregoing subjects of examination:—

I.—ENGLISH.

The Examination in English will consist of two papers covering three hours, and will include—

- (a) A subject for an essay to be chosen by each candidate from several subjects set. Those proposed may include some having reference to Geography and History, and some involving an acquaintance with English Authors, as well as more abstract subjects, the main object being to test power of expression, thought, and arrangement, general reading, and knowledge.
- (b) Questions testing knowledge and command of English. These may include questions on précis writing, paraphrase, and analysis of sentences.
- (c) Questions testing general reading and knowledge of English books.

Candidates will be expected to devote to the essay at least one hour, after the expiry of which the second paper will be given out.

II.—ELEMENTARY MATHEMATICS.*

Arithmetic.—The principles and processes of Arithmetic applied to whole numbers and vulgar and decimal fractions. The Metric System.

Approximations to a specified degree of accuracy. Contracted methods of multiplication and division of decimals. Ratio and proportion; percentage. Averages.

Practical applications of Arithmetic.

Algebra.—Symbolical expression of general results in Arithmetic. Algebraic laws and their applications.

Factors of simple binominal or quadratic expressions.

Equations of the first or second degree, and problems leading thereto.

Square root. Graphs of simple rational integral algebraic functions.

Arithmetic and harmonic progression.

Geometric progression.

Geometry.—The subjects of Euclid I.—IV., with simple deductions, including easy loci and the areas of triangles, and parallelograms, of which the bases and altitudes are given commensurable lengths. (All proofs of Geometrical Theorems must be geometrical. Euclid's proofs will not be insisted upon.)

III.—OPTIONAL LANGUAGES.

Latin.—The paper shall contain passages to be translated into English from Latin books not previously prescribed, together with questions on Grammar and simple and easy sentences of English to be translated into Latin.†

Candidates who take Latin may also take an additional paper on Latin prose, if they give notice on their entry forms. This paper will not be a part of the Matriculation Examination, and marks gained on it will not be credited to the candidate. Two hours will be allowed for this paper, which will be of about the same difficulty as the corresponding paper in Responsions at Oxford.‡

Greek.—The paper shall contain passages to be translated into English from Greek books not previously prescribed, together with questions on Grammar and simple and easy sentences of English to be translated into Greek.§

French or German.—The paper shall contain (1) passages for translation from the language, (2) a fairly easy and a more difficult passage for translation into, and a fairly easy and a more difficult subject for free composition in, the language, candidates being allowed the option of doing either the more easy translation and the more difficult free composition, or the more difficult translation and the more easy free composition.

Other Modern European Languages.—The paper in any other Modern European Language approved for the Matriculation Examination shall be drawn up as nearly as may be practicable in conformity with the following syllabus¶:—

The paper shall contain (1) an easy passage or easy passages for translation from the language in question, (2) a fairly easy and a more difficult passage for translation into, and a fairly easy and a more difficult subject for free composition in, the language in question, candidates being allowed the option of doing either the more easy translation and the more difficult free composition, or the more difficult translation and the more easy free composition.

Oriental Languages (including Hebrew).—The paper in any Oriental Language, including Hebrew, approved for the Matriculation Examination, shall be drawn up as nearly as may be practicable in conformity with the following syllabus¶:—

The paper (except in Chinese, for which see syllabus below) shall contain (1) an easy passage or easy passages for translation from the language in question, (2) an easy piece for

translation into the language in question, or as an alternative an essay of a simple character to be written in the language in question, (3) questions on Grammar, limited to Accidence and Elementary Syntax.

Syllabus in Chinese.

(1) Translation into English of passages selected from the following works:—

(a) The Works of Mencius.

(b) The Discourses (of Confucius).

(2) Questions on Chinese Grammar.

(3) Translation of an unseen easy passage from Chinese into English.

(4) Translation of an unseen easy passage from English into Chinese.

IV.—HISTORY.

The questions will be framed to test the general conceptions of history and historical development rather than technical detail.

Ancient.—The general course of Greek and Roman History, and an outline of the earlier monarchies.

English.—The general course of English history from 1485 to the death of Queen Victoria, with some reference to the contemporary history of Europe and Colonial developments.

Modern European.—The period from 1789 to 1910.

V.—PHYSICAL AND GENERAL GEOGRAPHY.

The following regions in decreasing detail:—(a) England and Wales, (b) Scotland and Ireland, (c) Europe, the Mediterranean, the North Atlantic, North America, and Greenland, (d) the remaining Continents. Recapitulation from the point of view of the British Empire.

Attention should be directed to the following aspects of the several regions:—The broad contrasts and chief features of the land relief. The chief features of the coastal outline as related to those of the relief. The disposition of the water partings and of the chief river basins. The winds and sea currents, distribution of rainfall, the climatic contrasts, and the resulting agricultural contrasts. The district of exceptionally dense or rare population considered in relation to their position, natural resources, and industrial activities. The arrangement of the political divisions upon the land relief and with reference to the drainage system. The analysis of the positions of the great towns.

Candidates will be expected to understand the main physical causes of the phenomena they describe, such as variations of atmospheric temperature and pressure, their seasonal and regional distribution; the causes of precipitation, winds—their cause and prevalence in different regions, the interpretation of weather charts, and the meaning of the network and other conventional symbols employed in maps. Time need not be spent in elaborate map drawing. The answers in the examination should be illustrated, where necessary, by simple diagrams, correct in general proportion, but without detail. Candidates may be expected to identify maps without names, to insert upon such maps the position of geographical features, and to work problems as to local time.

VI.—LOGIC.

The Term: classification of terms, denotation and connotation. Division, definition, the Predicables.

The Proposition: classification of propositions, reduction of sentences to logical form.

Laws of thought, opposition of propositions, immediate inference.

The Syllogism: moods and figures, the expression of arguments in syllogistic form.

Hypothetical and disjunctive propositions and arguments.

Inductive reasoning in its various forms.

Observation and experiment: canons

of scientific induction.

Combination of induction and deduction: hypothesis and explanation.

Fallacies.

These three subjects will be treated in a specially elementary manner.

VIII.—MATHEMATICS (MORE ADVANCED).

Algebra.—Theory of Indices; logarithms and the use of the logarithmic tables.**

Binomial Theorem for a positive integral index.

Geometry.—Similar figures. Mensuration of the circle.

Elementary Co-ordinate Geometry of the straight line and circle.

Trigonometry.—Up to and including the solution of triangles, together with the practical solutions of triangles and applications, and numerical examples involving the use of logarithmic and other tables.

* The use of logarithms will not be allowed.

† Candidates in order to pass must satisfy the Examiners in translation at sight from English into Latin, from Latin into English, and in Grammar.

‡ Candidates who desire to avail themselves of this examination for the purpose of procuring exemption from Responsions at Oxford must have taken this paper either at the time of their matriculation or at some subsequent Matriculation Examination.

§ Special stress is laid on accuracy in the answers to the Grammar questions and on the correct rendering of English into Greek.

¶ See last two paragraphs on page 2002.

** Candidates in order to pass must satisfy the Examiners in translation at sight from English into the selected language and from the selected language into English.

*** Logarithmic tables will be supplied by the University.

IX.—OPTIONAL SCIENCES.

The Examinations in Science shall aim at ascertaining whether candidates possess a knowledge of fundamental scientific methods acquired by observation of nature or by a simple course of experiments in physical measurement, or by the investigation of simple problems and commonly occurring phenomena illustrating natural laws.

Elementary Mechanics.

Elementary notions of Displacement, Velocity, and Acceleration. Motion of a body with constant Acceleration. Resolution and Composition of Velocities, Accelerations, &c. Elementary notions of Mass and Momentum. Elementary notions of Force as measured by rate of change of momentum.

Newton's Laws of Motion. Kinetic Energy and Work. Units of Force and Measurement. Balancing of Forces. Torques or Moments. Conditions for the equilibrium of Three Parallel Forces. Resolution and Composition of Parallel Forces in one plane. Centre of Parallel Forces. Centre of Gravity. Stable, Unstable, and Neutral Equilibrium. Conditions for the equilibrium of Three Forces not parallel. Triangle and Parallelogram of Forces. Moments, Simple illustrations of Conditions of Equilibrium and of the Principle of Work, as in levers, pulleys, the inclined plane, &c. Pressure in Liquids; variations with depth. Transmission of Liquid Pressure; Hydraulic Press. Pressures on immersed and floating bodies. Density; methods of determining Relative Densities. Relation between volume and pressure in Gases. Atmospheric Pressure.

Elementary Chemistry.

Combination and Decomposition. Elements and compounds. Elementary experimental study of air, water, and calcium carbonate. Solvent power of water. Natural waters, solution, crystallization, and distillation.

Elementary experimental study of oxygen, hydrogen, carbon, sulphur, nitrogen, phosphorus, chlorine, and their common compounds, together with bromine and iodine so far as is required to show their relationships to chlorine.

Composition and properties of silica, action of silica upon bases, nature of glass.

General characteristics of the metals, including an elementary study of sodium, calcium, and iron, and their common compounds.

The oxidation of the metals, magnesium, zinc, iron, copper, lead, and the properties of their oxides. The interaction of these metals and their oxides with the common acids.

Action of water on sodium, magnesium, and iron. The reversible character of the action of water on iron.

Elementary experiments illustrating the quantitative nature of chemical combination.

Quantitative interaction of acids with metals and bases. Equivalents—Atomic Theory, Symbols, and Formulae. Boyle's and Charles' Laws. Diffusion.

The more obvious phenomena of Electrolysis. Development of heat in chemical reaction. Combustion. Flame and Incandescence.

Candidates will be required to give evidence by their answers that they have seen experiments illustrative of all the subjects included in the syllabus, and that they have themselves performed a variety of simple qualitative and quantitative experiments.

The questions set will have regard to the conditions under which the subject may best be experimentally taught in schools.

Elementary Physics—Heat, Light, and Sound.

Heat.—Temperature. Construction and use of the mercury thermometer.

Expansion of Solids and Liquids, with rise of Temperature. Effect of change of Temperature on the Volume and Pressure of Gases.

Quantity of Heat. Specific Heat. Change of State. Latent Heat. Elementary notions of the transfer of Heat. Heat considered as a form of Energy.

Light.—Propagation of Light. Laws of Reflection and Refraction.

Reflexion at Plane and concave Spherical Surfaces, and the formation of Images.

Refraction of Plane Surfaces and by Prisms. The Spectrum. The formation of Images by single convex Lenses. The simple magnifying glass. Photometry.

Sound.—The production and propagation of Sound. Nature of Wave-motion. Amplitude, Wave-length, and Frequency.

Experimental determination of the Velocity of Sound in Air. Determination of Frequency by simple methods.

Experiments on the modes of Vibration of Strings. The question set will have regard to the conditions under which these subjects may best be experimentally taught in schools.

Elementary Physics—Electricity and Magnetism.

Simple Phenomena of Magnetism. Properties of Magnets. The Law of Magnetic Force.

Lines of force. Magnetic moment. The Simpler Phenomena of Electrified Bodies. Conduction and Insulation. Electrification by Friction and by Induction (Influence).

Quantity of Electricity. The Law of Electric Force. Lines of Electric Force. Electric Currents.

The Simple Voltaic Cell. The Daniel Cell. Magnetic Field of Current. Galvanometers. Simple Electromagnets.

Electromotive Force: Resistance. Ohm's Law. Heating Effects of Currents.

Elementary Phenomena of Electrolysis. The Simple Phenomena of Induced Currents. Induction Coil.

The questions set will have regard to the conditions under which these subjects may best be experimentally taught in schools.

*Elementary Biology—Botany.**

1. The appearance and structure of the organs of a flowering plant so far as these can be observed with the naked eye or with the aid of a hand lens.

The functions of these organs so far as they can be ascertained by observation and simple experiment.

2. The main phenomena of the life-history of common flowering plants (excluding the microscopic processes of maturation and union of the sexual elements and of the development of the seed). The mechanisms of pollination; fruit and seed dispersal. Germination, particularly as illustrated by seedlings easily grown in the garden or in pots or boxes. The structure of garden soil. Different types of soil and their water and air contents. Rough methods of mechanical analysis of soils.

3. The nature and structure (excluding microscopic details) of the vegetable materials met with in every day life, such as wood, cork, &c. (excluding manufactured substances); also of the common edible fruits and vegetables.

4. The description of a flowering plant (not necessarily belonging to one of the Natural Orders enumerated below) and a knowledge of the following Natural Orders, as illustrated by wild or commonly cultivated plants:—Dilleniaceæ, Malvaceæ, Leguminosæ, Compositæ, Convolvulaceæ, Scrophulariaceæ, Palmaceæ or Commelinaceæ, Orchidaceæ.

5. An elementary knowledge of the nutrition, growth, irritability of plants, particularly of such facts as can be demonstrated by simple qualitative and quantitative experiments. Candidates will be expected to show evidence that they have performed such experiments themselves.

The questions set will have regard to the conditions under which these subjects may best be experimentally taught in schools.

(An elementary knowledge will be assumed of the chemical and physical properties of the atmosphere and of water, together with some acquaintance with the use of the barometer and thermometer.)

6. The main features of the more easily accessible types of Vegetation, and of the different habitats in which they are found. Common weeds of cultivated soil, and the causes of their prevalence.

An elementary knowledge of the adaptations shown by native plants to their environment.

7. The outlines of the cellular structure of the living plant as shown for example in simple fresh-water algae and in the mesophyll of a foliage leaf.

Elementary Biology—Zoology.†

(1) The general principles of animal life treated in an elementary fashion and illustrated by the types specified in paragraph (4). Growth and Metamorphosis as illustrated by the frog and butterfly. Conditions under which life can exist. Differences between animals and plants.

(2) The gross structure of the skin; the skeleton; the alimentary tract and its glands; the respiratory mechanism; the vascular system; the central nervous system; and the functions of these organs in a typical mammal.

(3) The structure and mode of life of Amoeba and Hydra treated in an elementary manner.

(4) The chief external characters and mode of life of a jelly fish (Aurelia), an anemone, and a coral, an earth worm, a crayfish or lobster, a blow-fly, a bee, a butterfly, a spider (the structure of the mouth parts of the foregoing arthropods not to be studied in detail), a starfish, a freshwater mussel, and a snail, a fish, a frog, a lizard, a tortoise, and a snake, and a typical bird and mammal.

Candidates must possess a practical acquaintance with the external characters of the types specified in section (4).

(5) The distinguishing features of the following groups:—Protozoa, Coelenterata, Echinodermata, Annelida, Arthropoda (Crustacea, Insecta, Arachnida), Mollusca, Vertebrata (Fishes, Amphibians, Reptiles, Birds, and Mammals).

* Candidates should bring a hand lens, a sharp knife, drawing pencil, and India rubber. In this examination special stress is laid on competence in drawing.
† See note III on page 2002.

*Elementary Geology.**

- (1) The Crust of the Earth. Nature of Common Rocks and Rock-forming Minerals.
- (2) The Ocean. Nature of ocean floors and sea margins and comparison of them with sedimentary Rocks. Action of the sea in Denudation and Deposition.
- (3) Circulation of Atmospheric waters. Formation of springs, rivers, and lakes. Geological action of wind, rain, rivers, and ice. Materials formed by these agencies and comparison of them with sedimentary Rocks. Origin of valleys, estuaries and deltas.
- (4) Internal movements acting in the Earth's crust. Bending, Folding, and Fractures of different kinds, Induration, Jointing, and Cleavage. Earthquakes and Volcanic phenomena.
- (5) Forms of the Earth's Surface resulting from the action of internal and external forces. Escarpments, Outliers, Inliers, Unconformities, Igneous Intrusions. Production of different types of Scenery.
- (6) Fossils, their nature and uses to the geologist and biologist. General succession of the Fossiliferous Strata.

The examination shall be conducted in the following order†:—

First day—

Afternoon, 2.30 to 5.30 .. Essay and English (1).
(The paper in English will be given out at 3.30.)

Second day—

Morning, 10 to 1 .. } Elementary Mathematics (2).
Afternoon, 2.30 to 5.30 .. }

Third day—

Morning, 10 to 1 .. } Latin (3).
.. } Greek (4).
.. } Greek (4).
.. } Botany (6).
.. } Chemistry (7).
Afternoon, 2.30 to 5.30 .. } Heat, Light, and Sound (8).
.. } Mechanics (9).
.. } Electricity and Magnetism (10).

Fourth day—

Morning, 10 to 1 .. } Botany (6).
.. } Chemistry (7).
.. } Heat, Light, and Sound (8).
.. } Mechanics (9).
.. } Electricity and Magnetism (10).
.. } Ancient History (11).
.. } Modern European History (12).
.. } English History (13).
.. } French (14).
.. } German (15).
.. } Geography (16).
.. } Logic (17).
Afternoon, 2.30 to 5.30 .. } French (14).
.. } German (15).
.. } Geography (16).
.. } Logic (17).
.. } Mathematics, more advanced (18).

Except in the case of English and Elementary Mathematics candidates will only be allowed to take one paper in each subject. Two papers will be set in many other subjects in order to compress the examination into as short a period as possible, but no candidate will be allowed to take more than one of these papers. No option is allowed as to the order in which they are taken, and if the candidate does not present himself for examination in a given subject at the right time, he will on no account whatever be allowed to take a paper which may be set later on the same subject. It is, therefore, of the greatest importance that candidates should attend to the following rule:—

Candidates, having selected their subjects in accordance with the Regulations, will be examined in these subjects in the numerical order in which they occur in the above list, and must take each subject on the first possible occasion accordingly.

Thus, a candidate who offers, in addition to English and Mathematics (Elementary), Botany, Mechanics, and French, must take Botany (No. 6) on the afternoon of the third day, Mechanics (No. 9) on the morning of the fourth day, and French (No. 14) on the afternoon of the fourth day. Again, a candidate who offers Latin, French (14), and German (15), must take French in the morning and German in the afternoon of the fourth day.

Candidates who take any of the subjects for which two additional months' notice or more is required will be informed when the examinations in these subjects will take place.

A pass certificate, signed by the principal and setting forth the subjects of examination taken by the candidate, shall be delivered to each successful candidate after the report of the Examiners shall have been approved by the Senate.‡

Education Office, EDWIN EVANS,
Colombo, September 4, 1919. Acting Director of Education.

* See note ||| on page 2002.

† Changes in the details of this order may be found necessary from time to time, but in all such cases due notice will be given to candidates.

‡ Certificates are generally ready for issue about a month after the publication of the pass list, and, in the absence of any request to the contrary, will be posted to the addresses given by the candidates on their forms of entry.

APPENDICES.

I.

Statute 113:—

113. Provided also that the Senate may admit as internal students and as candidates for any of the higher degrees (except in medicine and surgery) without their having previously taken any lower degree the following persons (that is to say):—

- (1) Graduates of Universities approved by the Senate for this purpose;
- (2) Persons who have passed the examinations required for a degree in some University approved as aforesaid;
- (3) Persons who have obtained from the University of Cambridge a certificate stating that they have satisfied the Examiners in a Tripos Examination qualifying as a final examination for a first degree;
- (4) Persons who have passed or obtained Honours at the Second Public Examination of the University of Oxford, provided that they have also either passed or obtained Honours at the First Public Examination, or have passed such other examination or examinations as under the provisions of the University of Oxford are accepted as statutorily equivalent thereto.

II.

REGULATIONS FOR REGISTRATION AS TO EXEMPT FROM THE MATRICULATION EXAMINATION.

Statute 116 is as follows:—Every candidate for admission as a student of the University shall pass such Entrance or Matriculation Examination or fulfil such other tests of fitness to be admitted as a student as may be from time to time prescribed.

No person who has been registered under Statute 116 is permitted to enter for the Matriculation Examination.

Students proposing to be registered under Statute 116 as exempt from the Matriculation Examination should carefully observe that while such registration secures to them within the University all the privileges of matriculated students, except that of entry for the matriculation supplementary certificate, it does not follow that other Public Authorities or Bodies outside the University will accord to students thus registered the facilities or exemptions which they may have undertaken to accord to students who have passed the Matriculation Examination of the University of London. All inquiries as to the conditions under which such facilities or exemptions are given must be directed not to the University of London nor to the Director of Education, Ceylon, but to the bodies from whom such privileges are sought.

Students registered under Statute 116 receive an official notification that they have been exempted from the Matriculation Examination and admitted as matriculated students of the University; no certificate or diploma is sent, nor is there any mention of the examination in virtue of which the exemption has been granted.

No person can be registered as a matriculated student of the University until after the last day upon which the Matriculation Examination immediately following the completion of his sixteenth year can commence, but students who attain the age of sixteen years between June 14 and July 31 will be registrable as from the June Matriculation Examination of the year in which they attain that age.

The standing of students registered under Statute 116 shall date, for the purposes of External Examinations, from the Matriculation Examination immediately preceding the date of registration. To secure that a registration under Statute 116 shall date from any Matriculation Examination, such registration must be completed before the commencement of the next Matriculation Examination, as defined above.

Persons who register as from the January Matriculation Examination in any year, completing their registration at any time between January 14 and May 1 in the same year, will (as regards any faculty other than Medicine or Veterinary Science) be admissible to the Intermediate Examination of the year in which they so register and to the Final Degree Examination of the year next but one ensuing. Thus, a registration completed between January 14 and May 1 of the year (1900 + x) admits, at the earliest, to the Degree Examination of any faculty other than Medicine or Veterinary Science of the year (1900 + x + 2).

Persons who register as from the June or September Matriculation Examination—i.e., at any time between June 14 and the end of December in the same year—will not be admissible to the Intermediate Examination of the year in which they so register nor to the Final Degree Examination till the third year next ensuing. Thus, a registration completed between June 15 and December 31 of the year (1900 + x) admits, at the earliest, to the Degree Examination of any faculty other than Medicine or Veterinary Science of the year (1900 + x + 3).

Nevertheless Oxford and Cambridge Graduates in First or Second Class Honours can be admitted to their Degree Examination in any faculty other than Medicine or Veterinary Science after two years from any September Matriculation Examination provided that their registration be completed before January 14 of the year succeeding such September Matriculation Examination; and further provided that in each case the interval specified by the Regulations between the Intermediate and Final Examination is observed. Oxford or Cambridge Graduates in First or Second Class Honours who register as from the September Matriculation Examination of the year (1900 + x) are admissible to the Degree Examination of any faculty other than Medicine or Veterinary Science in the year (1900 + x + 2). Such registration must be completed before January 14 of the year (1900 + x + 1).

No further exemptions from the examinations of this University are granted to persons registering under Statute 116, save those provided for in the current Regulations.

Persons presenting any of the approved certificates with a view to registration under Statute 116 are informed that departure from the conditions laid down can under no circumstances be allowed. The subjects in which the applicant has attained the necessary standard must be specifically those set forth in the Regulations relating to the several certificates so approved, and further, the subjects must all have been taken on *one and the same occasion*.

It should be carefully observed that the certificates herein described are registrable under present Regulations and until further notice; but the Senate reserves the right to withdraw any certificate from the list of those upon the basis whereof exemption can be claimed, or to alter the terms upon which it is recognized. Students proposing to claim exemption in virtue of such certificates are therefore advised to register without undue delay after obtaining them.

There are no *partial* exemptions from the Matriculation Examination. If the qualifications of which a candidate can produce evidence are not sufficient to exempt him altogether, the examination for matriculation must be taken in its entirety, according to the Regulations.

Applications for registration must be accompanied by a registration fee of three guineas, together with official certification of qualification in accordance with the conditions set forth below. Cheques must be made payable to the "University of London" and crossed "London County Westminster and Parr's Bank, Brompton Square, S.W., University of London Account." The fee and evidence must be forwarded together by registered post and addressed to "The External Registrar, University of London, S.W. 7." Should the certificate be found insufficient for registration purposes the fee will be at once returned, as will the certificate in any case.

There is no special form for these applications.

Unless the certificate shows the names in full and that the applicant is at least sixteen years of age, evidence of age must be produced.

No candidate will be admitted to any examination, nor registered as an internal student in this University who has not furnished to the University his full name in accordance with the above paragraph.

Such registered student will then come under the Regulations of the University with respect to every examination above the matriculation, all of which he will proceed to take in accordance with the said Regulations, which may be obtained post free on application to the University, his standing in the University dating, for the purposes of External Examinations, from the Matriculation Examination immediately preceding the date of his registration. No student registered under Statute 116 will be permitted to enter for the Intermediate Examination in Arts for internal students, with Latin as one of his subjects at that examination, unless he has, not later than the January preceding the Intermediate Examination in question, either passed with Latin an examination accepted by the University as exempting from the Matriculation Examination, or satisfied the Examiners in Latin at an examination accepted by the University as exempting from the Matriculation Examination subsequently to having passed such examination as a whole, or satisfied the Examiners in Latin at a Matriculation Examination or at any examination conducted by the University in lieu thereof.

No foreign certificates are recognized as giving exemption from the Matriculation Examination.

The following certificates of qualifications obtained in Great Britain or Ireland are severally recognized under Statute 116 as giving exemption from the Matriculation Examination of the University of London:—

GRADUATES OF, AND PERSONS WHO HAVE PASSED ALL THE EXAMINATIONS REQUIRED FOR A DEGREE IN, UNIVERSITIES RECOGNIZED.

Graduates of such British, Colonial, and Indian Universities, as approved by the Senate for that purpose, and those who have passed all the examinations required for a degree in those Universities, also women who have obtained tripos certificates

granted by the University of Cambridge, and women who have obtained certificates showing that, under the conditions prescribed by the Delegacy for Women Students at Oxford, they have passed the Second Public Examination of that University or have obtained Honours in the Oxford University Examination for women in Modern Languages, may on application be registered as matriculated students on payment of the registration fee of £3. 3s. without passing the Matriculation Examination.

For conditions under which the following examinations will give exemption from the Matriculation Examination of the University of London, see separate Regulations obtainable on application to the External Registrar, University of London, South Kensington, London, S.W. 7:—

Oxford Senior Local Certificate.

Higher Certificate Examination of the Oxford and Cambridge Schools Examination Board.

School Certificate of the Oxford and Cambridge Schools Examination Board.

Previous Examination of the University of Cambridge.

Matriculation Certificate of the Joint Matriculation Board of the Universities of Manchester, Liverpool, Leeds, Sheffield, and Birmingham.

Scotch School-leaving Certificate Examination.

Senior School Certificate of the Joint Matriculation Board of the Universities of Manchester, Liverpool, Leeds, Sheffield, and Birmingham.

CONDITIONS UNDER WHICH THE CAMBRIDGE SENIOR LOCAL CERTIFICATE WILL GIVE EXEMPTION FROM THE MATRICULATION OF THE UNIVERSITY OF LONDON.

A.—The student must have "attained the standard of recognition," at one and the same examination, in the following subjects, and further, must have obtained or reached the standard of Honours in the First Class at that examination:—

- (1) English Literature, and English Composition.
- (2) Arithmetic, Algebra, and Geometry.
- (3) Latin, or Mechanics, or Heat, Sound, and Light, or Chemistry (Theoretical and Practical), or Botany.
- (4) and (5) Two of the following subjects or combinations of subjects, neither of which has been counted under section (3). If Latin has not been taken, one of the other subjects offered must be another language from the list, either ancient or modern:—

Latin.

Greek.

French.

German.

Spanish.

Roman History.

English History.

History of the British Empire.

Modern European History.

Geography, together with Physical Geography.

Mathematics [two subjects other than those mentioned above under section (2)].

Chemistry (Theoretical and Practical).

Mechanics.

Heat together with Sound and Light.

Electricity and Magnetism.

Botany.

B.—If First Class Honours have not been obtained the student must have taken at one and the same examination the subjects specified under (1) to (5) above; must have attained in each of them a required standard, to be shown by a special report supplied to the University by the Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate; and must have taken Unseen Translation and not Set Books in all languages.

The required standard is as follows:—

- (1) The mark "Good" in the three papers in English, taken together, and in the three papers in Mathematics, taken together, and in Greek.
- (2) The mark "Moderately Good" (M) in Latin and in modern languages.
- (3) The "Standard of Recognition" or "Pass with Credit" in the remaining subjects recognized.

Candidates who enter with the object of gaining exemption from the Matriculation of the University of London and desire to be informed immediately on the publication of the class lists whether they have satisfied the conditions for exemption should communicate with the General Secretary, Syndicate Buildings, Cambridge, in the course of the week of examination, stating the centre and index number, and remitting a fee of 6d.

PRIVILEGES AND EXEMPTIONS GRANTED BY OTHER BODIES.

For privileges and exemptions granted by other bodies to persons who have passed the Matriculation Examination (in its ordinary form or in the form of the School Examination Matriculation standard) of the University of London, see separate regulations obtainable on application to the External Registrar, University of London, South Kensington, London, S.W. 7.

area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by Siyambalagahawatta, east by a dewata road, south by Kelaniya road, and on the west by the land known as Telambugahawatta.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

The Kachcheri, G. S. WODEMAN,
Colombo, September 22, 1919. for Government Agent.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 104, situated at Modera street, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 13, 1919.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, September 17, 1919. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated August 25, 1919, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,048 of August 29, 1919, the premises bearing assessment No. 1B, situated at Prince's gate, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 12, 1919.

CHAS. W. PATE,
The Municipal Office, Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.
Colombo, September 17, 1919.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated August 27, 1919 published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,050 of August 5, 1919, the premises bearing assessment No. 24, situated at Driberg's lane, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 12, 1919.

CHAS. W. PATE,
The Municipal Office, Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.
Colombo, September 17, 1919.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated May 13, 1919, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,011 of May 16, 1919, the premises bearing assessment No. 16/18, situated at Piachaud's lane, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 12, 1919

CHAS. W. PATE,
The Municipal Office, Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.
Colombo, September 17, 1919.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated June 4, 1919, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,019 of June 13, 1919, the premises bearing assessment No. 39, situated at Silversmith street, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 11, 1919.

CHAS. W. PATE,
The Municipal Office, Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.
Colombo, September 17, 1919.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated June 4, 1919, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,019 of June 13, 1919, the premises bearing assessment No. 16,

situated at Silversmith lane, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 12, 1919.

CHAS. W. PATE,
The Municipal Office, Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.
Colombo, September 17, 1919.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 16, situated at Church road, Mattacolly, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 13, 1919.

CHAS. W. PATE,
The Municipal Office, Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.
Colombo, September 17, 1919.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 68, situated at Wasala road, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 16, 1919.

CHAS. W. PATE,
The Municipal Office, Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.
Colombo, September 17, 1919.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated June 13, 1919, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,022 of June 20, 1919, the premises bearing assessment No. 77, situated at Messenger street, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 15, 1919.

CHAS. W. PATE,
The Municipal Office, Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.
Colombo, September 18, 1919.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 121, situated at Demata-goda, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 14, 1919.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, September 19, 1919. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 34, situated at Skinner's road south, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 15, 1919.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, September 19, 1919. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated July 30, 1919, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,042 of August 8, 1919, the premises bearing assessment No. 32, situated at Armour street, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 17, 1919.

CHAS. W. PATE,
The Municipal Office, Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.
Colombo, September 19, 1919.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 28, situated at Wall street, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 10, 1919.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, September 19, 1919. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 47, situated at Layard's Broadway, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 13, 1919.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, September 19, 1919. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated July 4, 1919, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,036 of July 11, 1919, the premises bearing assessment No. 21, situated at Silversmith lane, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 17, 1919.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, September 19, 1919. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated July 26, 1919, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,041 of August 1, 1919, the premises bearing assessment No. 100, situated at Old Moor street, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 17, 1919.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, September 19, 1919. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated July 21, 1919, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,040 of July 25, 1919, the premises bearing assessment No. 195, situated at Grandpass, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 17, 1919.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, September 19, 1919. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated June 17, 1919, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,022 of June 20, 1919, the premises bearing assessment No. 162, situated at Dematagoda, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 17, 1919.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, September 19, 1919. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated August 2, 1919, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,042 of August 8, 1919, the premises bearing assessment No. 60, situated at Dean's road, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, and whereas rinderpest no

longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 17, 1919.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, September 19, 1919. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated August 16, 1919, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,045 of August 22, 1919, the premises bearing assessment No. 29, situated at Silversmith street, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 17, 1919.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, September 19, 1919. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated July 26, 1919, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,041 of August 1, 1919, the premises bearing assessment No. 33, situated at Ketawalammulla, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 17, 1919.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, September 19, 1919. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated August 20, 1919, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,048 of August 28, 1919, the premises bearing assessment No. 30, situated at Piachaud's lane, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 17, 1919.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, September 19, 1919. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated July 26, 1919, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,041 of August 1, 1919, the premises bearing assessment No. 89, situated at Layard's Broadway, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 17, 1919.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, September 19, 1919. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 55, situated at Kochchikadde, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 17, 1919.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, September 19, 1919. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated September 13, 1919, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,053 of September 19, 1919, the premises bearing assessment No. 28, situated at Totawatta, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 20, 1919.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, September 22, 1919. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in Bramley estate, in the Walapane division, Nuwara Eliya District: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-section (1) and (2), of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, viz. :—

The area of Bramley estate bounded on the north by Maturata group, east by Maturata group and Crown patanas, south by Lauriston and Crown patanas, west by High Forest estate.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

M. M. WEDDERBURN,
The Kachcheri, Assistant Government Agent.
Nuwara Eliya, September 18, 1919.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out at Malgomu palata, in Medapattu korale east in Katugampola hatpattu of the District of Kurunegala, North-Western Province: I do hereby declare, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909,

that the said area, the boundaries of which are specified below, is an infected area :—

Boundaries referred to.

North.—Dodanpotta palata and Dambadeni hatpattu.

East.—Dambadeni hatpattu.

South.—Dambadeni hatpattu and Ma-oya.

West.—Bopiti palata.

Kurunegala Kachcheri, N. E. ERNST,
September 20, 1919. for Government Agent.

Hoof-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS by notification dated May 27, 1919, and published in *Government Gazette* No. 7,017 of June 6, 1919, the District of Matara, in the Southern Province, was, under section 5 (1) of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, proclaimed an infected area; and whereas hoof-and-mouth disease no longer exists in the said district, it is hereby declared, under section 5 (5) of the said Ordinance, that the said district is free from disease, and no longer an infected area.

The Kachcheri, J. D. BROWN,
Matara, September 19, 1919. Assistant Government Agent.

NOTICES UNDER "THE EXCISE ORDINANCE, No. 8 OF 1912."**Notice under Excise Notification No. 87 of March 12, 1919.**

WITH reference to the notification dated September 16, 1919, it is hereby notified that the following villages are comprised in the respective areas of the toddy taverns specified therein :—

Pita Kotte Toddy Tavern Area : Pagoda, Nugegoda, Etul Kotte, Pita Kotte, Mirihana, Madiwala, Udamulla, Talapatpitiya, and Gangodawila.

Watumulla Toddy Tavern Area : Doranegoda, Watumulla, Baduwatugoda, Bemmulla, Mudagomuwa, Batepola, Daraluwa, Pitiyegedara, and Bandarabatawala.

Madawala Toddy Tavern Area : Unnarawa, Gamangedara, Kowinna, Madawala, Walanegoda, Arambe, Dewamottewa, Kalahapitiya, Pallewewa, Wettewa, and Tempola.

Nelunpitiya Toddy Tavern Area : Timbirigaskotuwa and Nelunpitiya.

The Kachcheri, J. G. FRASER,
Colombo, September 24, 1919. Government Agent.

Notice under Excise Notification No. 87 of March 12, 1919.

IT is hereby notified for public information that the Government Agent, Western Province, in exercise of the powers vested in him by rule 15 of the rules specified in Excise Notification No. 87 of March 12, 1919, has appointed the under-mentioned dates as convenient days and the Resthouse specified as a convenient place for recording votes for the purpose of ascertaining whether 75 per cent. of the road tax-paying inhabitants of the respective areas served by the toddy taverns specified are opposed to the existence of the said taverns, viz. :—

October 17, 1919 : Between 9 A.M. and 5 P.M. at the Buddhist Boys' Vernaculars School, in respect of the toddy tavern at Kirindiwita.

October 18, 1919 : Between 9 A.M. and 5 P.M. at the Henaratgoda Resthouse, in respect of the toddy tavern at Gampaha Medagama.

The under-mentioned villages are comprised in the respective areas of the said taverns :—

Kirindiwita Toddy Tavern Area : Katugastara, Tammita, Horagolla, Hambagama, Tibbotugoda, Welikada, Mabima, Ambanwita, Kotagedara, Kirindiwita, Kekulangoda, Makilangomuwa, and Ratmalwita.

Gampaha Medagama Toddy Tavern Area : Asgiriya, Akarawita, Gampaha Pahalagama, Gampaha Medagama, Gampaha Thalagama, and Bendiyamulla.

The Kachcheri, J. G. FRASER,
Colombo, September 24, 1919. Government Agent.

Delegation of Powers.

BY virtue of powers vested in me by Excise Notification No. 8, appearing in the *Government Gazette* No. 6,554 of March 28, 1913, I, Charles Stewart Vaughan, Government Agent of the Central Province, do hereby delegate my powers under section 14 of "The Excise Ordinance, No. 8

of 1912," to the Assistant Commissioner of Excise, North-Western division, Kandy, to issue licenses for the drawing of fermented toddy in Kandy District.

The Kachcheri, C. S. VAUGHAN,
Kandy, September 16, 1919. Government Agent.

Delegation of Powers.

BY virtue of powers vested in me by Excise Notification No. 8, appearing in the *Government Gazette* No. 6,554 of March 28, 1913, I, Charles Stewart Vaughan, Government Agent of the Central Province, do hereby delegate my powers under section 14 of "The Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912," to the Assistant Superintendent of Excise, Kandy, to issue licenses for the drawing of fermented toddy in the areas under his supervision in Kandy District.

The Kachcheri, C. S. VAUGHAN,
Kandy, September 16, 1919. Government Agent.

Delegation of Powers.

BY virtue of powers vested in me by Excise Notification No. 8, appearing in the *Government Gazette* No. 6,554 of March 28, 1913, I, Charles Stewart Vaughan, Government Agent of the Central Province, do hereby delegate my powers under section 14 of "The Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912," to the Assistant Superintendent of Excise, Gampola, to issue licenses for the drawing of fermented toddy in the areas under his supervision in Kandy District.

The Kachcheri, C. S. VAUGHAN,
Kandy, September 16, 1919. Government Agent.

Delegation of Powers.

EDWARD TURNER MILLINGTON, Assistant Government Agent of the Matale District, by virtue of the powers vested in me by Excise Notification No. 8, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 6,554 of March 28, 1913, do hereby delegate my authority under section 14 of "The Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912," to the Assistant Superintendent of Excise, Kandy Circle, to issue licenses for the drawing of fermented toddy within the Matale District.

Matale Kachcheri, E. T. MILLINGTON,
September 22, 1919. Assistant Government Agent.

Delegation of Powers.

IN virtue of the powers vested in me by Excise Notification No. 8 (read with section 7 (b) of the Ordinance), I, Charles Russell Cumberland, Government Agent, North-Western Province, hereby delegate my powers under section 14 of "The Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912," to issue licenses for drawing fermented and unfermented toddy within the District of Kurunegala to the Assistant Superintendent of Excise, Kurunegala.

Kurunegala Kachcheri, C. R. CUMBERLAND,
September 15, 1919. Government Agent.

ABSTRACTS OF SEASON REPORTS.

SEASON REPORTS FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST, 1919.

WESTERN PROVINCE.

COLOMBO DISTRICT.

Maha season : in almost all the korales the fields are being sown.

Yala season : in some districts the crop is being harvested, and elsewhere the crop is ripening.

Other products : prospect of coconuts are fairly good. The estimated crop for the month is 17,261,176 nuts. Fruits and vegetables are to be had in fair quantity.

Prices of staple products : (a) imported rice is sold according to controlled prices ; (b) coconuts are sold at Rs. 65 to Rs. 85 per 1,000 nuts.

Harvest prospects : generally good.

Health of inhabitants : good, except for a few cases of dysentery and malarial fever.

Health of cattle : unsatisfactory. Outbreak of rinderpest have occurred at Butgamuwa, Meetotamulla, Egoda Kolonnawa, Nawala, Boralesgomuwa, Nugegoda, and Bellantara in Colombo Mudaliyar's division, at Pamunuwila in Siyane korale west, Telengapatha and Peliyagodapattiya in Alutkuru korale south, few cases in Hapitigam korale, Atigala and Ranala in Hewagam korale, and Dagonna in Alutkuru korale north. In all these cases the necessary precautionary measures have been adopted to check the spread of the disease.

KALUTARA DISTRICT.

Paddy : the reaping of the yala harvest commenced during the month. The harvest is generally good, in spite of a certain amount of damage due to unseasonable rain.

Dry grain : Kurakkan at Galtude in the Panadure totamune mentioned in previous reports is ripe; and will be reaped in a short time.

Other products : dessert fruits are scarce. There was a fair supply of vegetables in the Rayigam korale and the totamunes. There is nothing special to mention with regard to the flowering of the coconuts. The crop of the month is estimated at 3,551,000 nuts.

Prices of staple produce : imported rice was sold at controlled prices. Country paddy was available in the villages towards the end of the month at prices varying from Rs. 3 to Rs. 4 per bushel. Coconuts were sold at Rs. 40 to Rs. 90 per 1,000 nuts.

Remarks on harvest prospects : the harvest prospects are generally good.

Rainfall : average, 19 in. ; total, 5.98 in.

Health of people : generally good. Some cases of fever, influenza, and dysentery existed in the Totamune Mudaliyar's division.

Health of cattle is good. There was a few cases of hoof-and-mouth disease in the Pasdun korale west.

CENTRAL PROVINCE.

KANDY DISTRICT.

[Report not received.]

MATALE DISTRICT.

Rainfall : 3.48 in.

Paddy : ripening.

Dry grain : harvesting.

Coconuts : (a) flowering, fair ; (b) 124,100 nuts approximate crop.

Tanks in Matale North do not contain sufficient water.

Health of people : good.

Health of cattle : good.

Prices of most commodities have risen above pre-war prices.

NUWARA ELLYA DISTRICT.

Rainfall : Nuwara Eliya town, 5.24 in.

Paddy : some fields in the district are being sown, others have young plants.

Dry grains : kurakkan chenas in Uda Hewaheta and Welapane are being cleared.

Health of population : influenza is prevalent in the Welapane and Kotmale divisions.

Health of cattle : there were 9 cases of rinderpest at Udagama in Kotmale; 12 at Maha Uva estate, Halagran-oya; and 18 at Glenlock estate, Pussellawa; out of these, 35 died, 3 recovered, and 1 is still sick.

Prices of staple articles : paddy, Rs. 3.50 per bushel ; kurakkan, Rs. 6.50 per bushel ; Indian corn, Rs. 5 to Rs. 6 per bushel ; rice (Coast), 37 cents a measure ; rice (country), 32 cents a measure ; coconuts, Rs. 10 to Rs. 13 per 100 nuts.

SOUTHERN PROVINCE.

GALLE DISTRICT.

The yala crop has been reaped, and cultivation for maha has begun.

Dry grain is cultivated in the district only on a small scale.

Coconut, tea, rubber, cinnamon, citronella, and vegetables are the principal products. The estimated coconut crop for the month was 11,770,000 nuts.

Coast rice varied from Rs. 8.96 to Rs. 11.20 per bushel ; paddy (controlled price), Rs. 4 per bushel ; dry grain, Rs. 2.50 to Rs. 4 per bushel ; coconut, Rs. 60 to Rs. 80 per 1,000 nuts.

The weather was wet during the early part of the month, and dry during the latter part.

The health of the people was on the whole satisfactory.

MATARA DISTRICT.

Weather : generally wet.

Agriculture : yala crop harvested. Preparations for maha in progress.

Health of people : satisfactory.

Health of cattle : good.

Food supply : rice, Rs. 9 to Rs. 10 per bushel ; paddy, Rs. 4 per bushel ; coconuts, Rs. 80 per 1,000 nuts.

HAMBANTOTA DISTRICT.

Paddy cultivation : yala crop being reaped.

Fine grain : chenas are being cleared for the ensuing maha.

Weather : maximum temperature, 93.5° ; minimum temperature, 73.5° ; rainfall, 51 in.

Prices of foodstuffs : country rice, Rs. 9.52 per bushel ; Ambalantota milled rice, Rs. 10.08 per bushel ; Coast rice, not available ; paddy, Rs. 3.60 per bushel ; coconuts, Rs. 60 to Rs. 80 per 1,000 ; plantain, bunches ; Rs. 75 per 100 ; Indian corn, Rs. 2 per 100 ; pumpkins, Rs. 30 per 100 ; sweet potatoes, Rs. 2.24 per cwt.

About 227,880 coconuts were picked during the month.

Health of people : satisfactory, except in Magam pattu, where the outbreak of cholera continued up to August 20.

Health of cattle : good.

NORTHERN PROVINCE.

JAFFNA DISTRICT.

Paddy : fields are being manured.

Dry grains : kurakkan and panichamy have been reaped. The outturns are good.

Palmyras : ripe fruits are being collected, and juice dried and preserved.

Coconuts : condition of flowers and nuts moderate. Price, Rs. 9 per 100 nuts.

Prices of staple articles : paddy, Rs. 3.55 per bushel ; rice, Rs. 7.50 per bushel ; pairu, Rs. 10 per bushel ; varaku, Rs. 2.50 per bushel ; salt, 4 cents per pound and 10 cents per measure.

Health of people : good.

Health of cattle : rinderpest prevail in Kayts and Karampon, otherwise good.

MANNAR DISTRICT.

Rainfall : 0.00 in.

Wind : south-west.

Paddy : sirupokam paddy is being reaped and threshed. Crops satisfactory.

Coconuts : condition normal for the time of the year. Trees are somewhat affected by the drought.

Palmyras : in fruit.

Health of people : fever is prevailing in some places.

Health of cattle : there have been some cases of anthrax in Nanaddan East; otherwise satisfactory.

Price of foodstuffs : rice, Rs. 6.40 to Rs. 7.04 per bushel ; paddy, Rs. 2.25 to Rs. 2.50 per bushel ; coconut, Rs. 10 to Rs. 14 per 100 nuts.

MULLAITTIVU DISTRICT.

Paddy harvests : kalapokam and idaipokam crops have been threshed. Sirupokam crop is being harvested. Preparations are going on for the next kalapokam cultivation.

Dry grains : chenas for kurakkan are being cleared.

Other products—coconuts : prospects and bearing satisfactory. Tobacco : the crop is being sold. Prices moderate. Vegetables : not many grown owing to the dry weather.

Prices of staple products : paddy, Rs. 2.50 to Rs. 2.80 per bushel ; rice, Rs. 6 to Rs. 7 per bushel ; kurakkan, Rs. 3 to Rs. 7 per bushel ; coconuts, Rs. 8 to Rs. 10 per 100 nuts.

Rainfall : some good showers of rain fell in some parts of the district.

Harvest prospects generally : satisfactory.

Health of inhabitants : fair. Cases of malarial fever, chest cold, and pneumonia prevailed in some places.

Health of cattle : good. Pasture good. No disease.

EASTERN PROVINCE.

BATTICALOA DISTRICT.

Paddy : threshing of mummari crops is over. Kalavellamai crops are being threshed in some divisions. Out-turn satisfactory, although there had been damages caused by caterpillar pest in some parts in the south. A second kalavellamai cultivation carried on in Sammanturai and Karavaku pattus is in plants now.

Dry grain and other chena crops : nil.

Coconuts : prospects not satisfactory, as the trees have not yet recovered from the effects of the continued drought and in some estates from the damage caused by caterpillar pest.

Prices of staple products : paddy, from Re. 1.60 to Rs. 2 per bushel ; kurakkan, from Re. 1.50 to Rs. 5 per bushel ; Indian corn, from Re. 1.50 to Rs. 5 per bushel.

Rainfall : 0.35 in. in 1918 ; 0.21 in. in 1919.

Health of inhabitants : satisfactory. There were a very few cases of influenzal fever and acute diarrhoea in some divisions.

Health of cattle : satisfactory.

TRINCOMALEE DISTRICT.

Rainfall : defective.

Paddy : threshing at Andankulam in town gravets is going on. Harvesting is going on in Koddiyar, Tamblegam, and Kaddukkulam pattu west. Preparations for mummari cultivation are being made in Kaddukkulam East.

Tobacco : tobacco is ready for sale.

Coconuts : condition of crop is medium. Price per 1,000 nuts ranges from Rs. 70 to Rs. 80.

Fishery : medium. Dried and salted fish is transported by cart to inland stations.

Health of people : satisfactory.

Health of cattle : satisfactory.

Prices of staple articles : paddy, Rs. 2 to Rs. 2.35 per bushel ; rice (country), Rs. 4.50 to Rs. 5.88 per bushel ; rice (imported), nil.

NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCE.

KURUNEGALA DISTRICT.

Paddy crops : yala crops are being reaped (in some parts maturing). Maha plants young.

Prospects : good.

Dry grain : yala crops are being gathered, and the soil is being prepared for the maha crops.

Flowering and prospects of coconut : fair.

Rainfall : there have been a few good showers, except towards Wann and Hiriyala.

Health of people : good, except for ordinary cases of fever and parangi.

Health of cattle : good.

State of tanks : not full.

Prices of foodstuffs : paddy, Rs. 3.50 to Rs. 5 per bushel ; kurakkan, Rs. 4 to Rs. 5 per bushel ; country rice, Rs. 6.20 to Rs. 7 per bushel (controlled) ; coconuts, Rs. 45 to Rs. 55 per 1,000 nuts ; salt, 16 cents a measure.

PUTTALAM AND CHILAW DISTRICTS.

Paddy : yala plants are being reaped in some places, and in others they are thriving well. In certain portions of Pitigal korale north the plants are withering for want of water. On the whole a fairly good harvest can be expected.

Dry grain and other products, including coconuts : chenas are being prepared for maha cultivation. In Pitigal korale south a satisfactory harvest of mun was gathered. Coconut trees have blossomed well. Prospects of coconuts are very satisfactory. The estimated crop for the month in the two districts is 18,539,330 coconuts. Tobacco cultivation for maha in Puttalam pattu harvested. Yala cultivation in Pitigal korale north is in good condition. Supply of fruits and vegetables is not satisfactory.

Prices of staple products : rice, 29 to 35 cents a measure country rice, Rs. 6.50 to Rs. 7.50 per bushel ; kurakkan, Rs. 3 to Rs. 6.50 per bushel ; green peas, Rs. 8 to Rs. 8.50 per bushel ; gingelly, Rs. 8.50 to Rs. 9 per bushel ; cassava, Rs. 5.60 per cwt. ; coconuts, 6 cents to 8 cents per nut ; salt, 4 cents to 6 cents per pound.

Rainfall : Puttalam, 0.27 in. ; Chilaw, 0.57 in.

Harvest prospects generally : fair on the whole.

Health of inhabitants : good.

Health of animals : no disease.

NORTH-CENTRAL PROVINCE.

ANURADHAPURA DISTRICT.

Weather : dry and hot.

Rainfall : 0.02 in.

Cultivation—paddy : yala fields being reaped. Kurakkan : chenas being cleared. Gingelly : crops reaped and threshed.

Coconuts : flowering and prospects fair.

Health of people : satisfactory.

Health of cattle : satisfactory.

Tanks : some tanks have a little water ; others almost dry.

PROVINCE OF UVA.

BADULLA DISTRICT.

Weather : dry.

Paddy : paddy fields are being ploughed for yala cultivation.

Chenas : chenas are being cleared.

Fruits and vegetables : fruit is scarce. A moderate supply of vegetables is available.

Other products : the flowering and prospects of the coconut are fair.

Health of people : satisfactory, except for a few cases of fever and sore-eyes.

Health of cattle : good.

Total rainfall : 1.42 in. as registered at the observatory.

PROVINCE OF SABARAGAMUWA.

RATNAPURA DISTRICT.

Paddy : crops on yala fields are being gathered. Maha fields have been sown. Paddy crops on chenas are ripening and in some parts they are being gathered.

Dry grain : kurakkan crops in some parts are being reaped, and in some the lands are being prepared for sowing.

Other products : flowering and prospects of coconuts are good.

Health of people : satisfactory.

Health of cattle : good, except in some villages of Kuruwiti korale, where hoof-and-mouth disease is prevalent.

Rainfall : there has been plenty of rain during the month.

Prices of foodstuffs : rice (country), Rs. 8 to Rs. 12 per bushel ; rice (imported), controlled prices ; kurakkan, Rs. 4 to Rs. 7.50 per bushel ; salt, 6 cents to 8 cents per pound ; chillies, 30 cents to 70 cents per pound ; coconuts, Rs. 5 to Rs. 15 per 100 nuts.

KEGALLA DISTRICT.

Paddy : yala fields are being reaped. The crops are satisfactory. Maha fields are about one month old.

Dry grains : a large extent of chena land has been cultivated this season. Prospects are good.

Vegetable and cury stuffs : some of the vegetable gardens started in April last are still kept up.

Prices : paddy, Rs. 4 per bushel ; kurakkan, Rs. 2 per bushel ; country rice, Rs. 9 per bushel ; imported rice, Rs. 11.20 per bushel.

Rainfall : 5.70 in.

Health of people : satisfactory.

Health of cattle : satisfactory.

Other products : flowering and prospect of coconut are good. Approximate crop for the month was about 165,000 nuts.

ROAD COMMITTEE NOTICES.

Alloowihara-Dullewa Gap Estate Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that, in terms of the Estates Roads Ordinance, No. 12 of 1902, a meeting of the Local Committee of the above road will be held at the Beredewela office at 9.30 A.M. on Friday, October 3, 1919.

Business.

1. To read the notice confirming the meeting.
2. To confirm minutes of the previous meeting.
3. To draw up an estimate for the maintenance of the road for the year commencing October 1, 1919.
4. To prepare a list of estates to be assessed for the private contribution on the above estimate.
5. To consider any other matter duly brought before the meeting.

Nikakotua estate, HAROLD VICKERS,
September 8, 1919. Chairman, Local Committee.

Lantern Hill-Somerset Estate Cart Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for maintenance of the above road for the year ending September 30, 1919, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of the Estate Roads Ordinance, No. 12 of 1902, have assessed the under-mentioned estates to make up the private contributions, as follows:—

Government moiety .. Rs. 1,300
Private contributions .. Rs. 2,249

1st to 2nd section, 1 mile.

Total acreage, 1,810—Moiety of cost, Rs. 562.25—
Sectional rate, .3106c.—Total rate, .3106c.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs.	c.
E. L. F. de Soysa (J. D. Mendis)	.. Lantern Hill	.. 357	.. 110	90
W. S. Blackett (R. S. Northway)	.. Jak Tree Hill	.. 345	.. 107	17
Do.	.. Kendagolla	.. 25	.. 7	77

1st to 4th section, 2 miles.

Total acreage, 1,083—Moiety of cost, Rs. 562.25—
Sectional rate, .5191c.—Total rate, .8297c.

E. G. Jonklaas	.. Gertiville	.. 28	.. 23	24
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1st to 6th section, 3 miles.

Total acreage 1,055—Moiety of cost, Rs. 562.25—
Sectional rate, .5329c.—Total rate, Re. 1.3626c.

Heirs of Mrs. A. J. Stephens, R. Smerdon	.. Cooroondowatta	486	.. 662	28
A. Stephens	.. Hapugahawatta	87	.. 118	56
Heirs of Martin Kotala- wala (M. H. Reeves)	.. Roywatta	.. 50	.. 68	14

1st to 8th section, 4 miles.

Total acreage, 432—Moiety of cost, Rs. 562.25—
Sectional rate, Re. 1.3015c.—Total rate, Rs. 2.6641c.

G. C. S. Hodgson, R. Smerdon	.. Somerset	.. 432	.. 1,150	94
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Total .. 2,249 0

Which sums the proprietors, managers, or agents of the several estates are hereby required to pay to Mr. Rolf Smerdon (Chairman, Local Committee), Somerset estate, Gampola, on or before September 30, 1919.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, C. S. VAUGHAN,
Kandy, September 15, 1919. Chairman.

Ulapane-Riverside Branch Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sums for the maintenance of the above road for the year ending September 30, 1919, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, 1896," have assessed the proportion due by each estate in the district interested in the repair of the said road, as follows:—

(Estimate No. D 118 of 1918-19.)

Government moiety .. Rs. 1,200
Private contributions .. Rs. 1,212

1st to 2nd section, 1 mile.

Total acreage, 1,816—Moiety of cost, Rs. 280.56—
Sectional rate, .1544c.—Total rate, .1544c.

Amount.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs.	c.
The English and Scottish Co-operative Wholesale Societies and Geo. Benzie Mahavilla	..	321	..	49 60
Do. and T. A. Griffiths Weliganga and Halgolla	..	204	..	31 51
Vailoo Cangany	.. Mahugahena	.. 65	..	10 4
Messrs. Lee, Hedges & Co. and S. P. Robertson	.. Kanapediwatta	393	..	60 72
Korale Estates Co., Messrs. Cumberbatch & Co., and R. Wynell Mayo	.. Riverside	.. 390	..	60 26
The English and Scottish Co-operative Wholesale Societies and R. C. Wiggin	.. Dambagalla	.. 98	..	15 14
Do.	.. Nugawella	.. 195	..	30 12
Do. and T. A. Griffiths Denmark	..	150	..	23 17
				280 56

3rd section, ½ mile.

Total acreage, 1,816—Moiety of cost, Rs. 140.28—
Sectional rate, .0772c.—Total rate, .0772c.

The English and Scottish Co-operative Wholesale Societies and Geo. Benzie Mahavilla	..	321	..	24 80
Do. and T. A. Griffiths Weliganga and Halgolla	..	204	..	15 75
Messrs. Lee, Hedges & Co. and S. P. Robertson	.. Kanapediwatta	393	..	30 36
Vailoo Cangany	.. Mahugahena	.. 65	..	5 2
Korale Estates Co., Messrs. Cumberbatch & Co., and R. Wynell Mayo	.. Riverside	.. 390	..	30 13
The English and Scottish Co-operative Wholesale Societies and R. C. Wiggin	.. Dambagalla	.. 98	..	7 57
Do.	.. Nugawella	.. 195	..	15 6
Do. and T. A. Griffiths Denmark	..	150	..	11 59
				140 28

4th, 5th, and 6th sections, 1½ mile.

Total acreage, 1,141—Moiety of cost, Rs. 420.84—
Sectional rate, .3688c.—Total rate, .3688c.

Messrs. Lee, Hedges & Co. and S. P. Robertson	.. Kanapediwatta	393	..	144 96
Vailoo Cangany	.. Mahugahena	.. 65	..	23 97
Korale Estates Co., Messrs. Cumberbatch & Co., and R. Wynell Mayo	.. Riverside	.. 390	..	143 85

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Amount. Rs. c.
The English and Scottish Co-operative Wholesale Societies and R. C. Wiggins	Dambagalla	98	36 14
Do.	Nugawella	195	71 92
			420 84

7th, 8th, and 9th sections, 1.32 mile.

Total acreage, 683—Moiety of cost, Rs. 370.32—
Sectional rate, 5421c.—Total rate, 5421c.

Korale Estates Co., Messrs. Cumberbatch & Co., and R. Wynell Mayo	Riverside	390	211 46
The English and Scottish Co-operative Wholesale Societies and R. C. Wiggins	Dambagalla	98	53 13
Do.	Nugawella	195	105 73
			370 32

Abstract.

	Rs. c.		Rs. c.
Mahavilla estate	74 40	Nugawella	222 83
Weliganga and Halgolla	47 26	Mahugahena	39 3
Kanapediwatta	236 4	Denmark	34 76
Riverside	445 70	1,212 0	
Dambagalla	111 98		

Which sums the proprietors, managers, or agents of the several estates are hereby required to pay into the Colonial Treasury, Colombo, on or before September 30, 1919.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, C. S. VAUGHAN,
Kandy, September 16, 1919. Chairman.

Ulapane-Riverside Branch Road.

(Ulapane Bridge)

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for the maintenance of the above bridge, situated on 2nd section of the road, for the year ending September 30, 1919, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, 1896," have assessed the under-mentioned estates to make up the private contributions as follows:—

(Estimate No. D 486 of 1918-19.)

Government moiety	Rs. 150 50
Private contributions	Rs. 152 00

Total acreage, 1,816—Rate per acre, 0837c.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Amount. Rs. c.
The English and Scottish Co-operative Wholesale Societies and Geo. Benzie	Mahavilla	321	26 87
Do. (T. F. Griffiths)	Weliganga and Halgolla	204	17 7
Do.	Denmark	150	12 55
Messrs. Lee, Hedges & Co. and S. P. Robertson	Kanapediwatta	393	32 90
Vailoo Cangany	Mahugahena	65	5 44
Korale Estates Co., Messrs. Cumberbatch & Co., and R. Wynell Mayo	Riverside	390	32 65
The English and Scottish Co-operative Wholesale Societies and R. C. Wiggins	Dambagalla	98	8 20
Do.	Nugawella	195	16 32
			152 0

Which sums the proprietors, managers, or agents of the several estates are hereby required to pay into the Colonial Treasury, Colombo, on or before September 30, 1919.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, C. S. VAUGHAN,
Kandy, September 16, 1919. Chairman.

The Branch Roads Ordinance, No. 14 of 1896.

WHEREAS an application has been made to the Provincial Road Committee of the Southern Province that the provisions of the Branch Roads Ordinance, No. 14 of 1896, be extended to that portion of the Bentota-Walallawiti korale of the District of Galle, Southern Province, lying between the Bentota river, the Opata District Road Committee road, and the Elpitiya-Pitigala District Road, Committee road, for the construction, repair, and maintenance of the Ketapola-Omatta Village Committee road, the said Provincial Road Committee will on Saturday, October 18, 1919, at 2 P.M., at the Kachcheri at Galle, proceed to define the limits of the district the estates in which will, if the said branch road be assented to by the proprietors of two-thirds of the acreage in such district, be assessed for the construction and maintenance of the said road. And at the same time and place the Committee will take evidence, if necessary, and receive and consider objections and suggestions.

Provincial Road Committee, R. B. HELLINGS,
Galle, September 22, 1919. Chairman.

Ellearawa-Pinnawala Road.

Extension under the Branch Roads Ordinance, No. 14 of 1896, from the 6½ milepost to 9 23.32 lines, a distance of 3 miles.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for the construction of 3 miles from the 6½ milepost to 9 23.32 lines of the Ellearawa-Pinnawala road, the Provincial Road Committee of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, acting under the provisions of section 19 of the Branch Roads Ordinance, No. 14 of 1896, have assessed the proportion due by each estate in the district interested, as follows:—

(Estimate No. 93 of February 5, 1919.)

Government moiety	Rs. 81,350 00
Private contributions	Rs. 84,197 25

Total acreage, 2,814—Rate per acre, Rs. 29.92.0842c.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Assessment. Rs. c.
The Ceylon Tea Company, Ltd. (Messrs. Whittall and Company, Agents)	Balangoda Group Maratenna Detanagala Pambagolla Pinnawala Cecilton	2,488	74,443 7
The Waleboda Tea and Rubber Co., Ltd. (The Galaha Ceylon Tea Estates Co., Ltd., Agents)	Waleboda	256*	7,659 73
S. T. de Silva, Pine Hill Estate, Pelpola, Kalutara	Ferndale and Sherwood	70*	2,094 45
			Total .. 84,197 25

* Cultivated.

Which sums the proprietors, managers, or agents of the several estates are hereby required to pay into the Colonial Treasury on or before November 5, 1919.

Provincial Road Committee, E. RODRIGO,
Ratnapura, September 22, 1919. for Chairman.

Publication

UNOFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE KATIAPOLA RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED.

1. The name of the Company is "THE KATIAPOLA RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED."
2. The registered office of the Company is to be established in Colombo.
3. The objects for which the Company is to be established are—
 - (a) To take an assignment of lease from the First day of January, 1910, for the remainder of a term of Fifty years from the First day of January, 1910, the land called Katiapola consisting of 556A Cr. 6P. situate in the village of Dumbara in the District of Ratnapura.
 - (b) To purchase, lease, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any other land or lands, or any share or shares thereof, and any buildings, mines, minerals, mining and mineral properties and rights, machinery, implements, tools, live and dead stock, stores, effects, and other property, real or personal, movable or immovable, of any kind, and any rights, easements, patents, licenses, or privileges in Ceylon or elsewhere (including the benefit of any trade mark or trade secret which may be thought necessary or convenient for the purpose of the Company's business), and to erect, construct, maintain, or alter any buildings, machinery, plant, roads, ways, or other works, or methods of communication.
 - (c) To appoint, engage, employ, maintain, provide for, and dismiss attorneys, agents, superintendents, managers, clerks, coolies, and other labourers and servants in Ceylon, or elsewhere, and to remunerate any such at such rate as shall be thought fit, and to grant pensions or gratuities to any such or the widow or children of any such.
 - (d) To clear, open, plant, cultivate, improve, and develop the said property or any portion thereof, and any other land or lands that may be purchased, leased, or otherwise acquired by the Company in Ceylon or elsewhere, or portions thereof, as a tea and rubber estate or estates, or with any other products, trees, plants, or crops that may be approved by the Company, and to plant, grow, and produce rubber, coconuts, tea, coffee, cinchona, cacao, cardamoms, rhea, ramie plants, trees, and other natural products in Ceylon or elsewhere.
 - (e) To build, make, construct, equip, maintain, improve, alter, and work rubber and tea factories, coconut and coffee curing mills, and other manufactories, buildings, erections, roads, tramways, or other works conducive to any of the Company's objects, or to contribute to or subsidize such.
 - (f) To enter into any arrangement or agreement with Government or any authorities and obtain rights, concessions, and privileges.
 - (g) To hire, lease, or purchase land either with any other person or company or otherwise, and to erect a factory and other buildings thereon or on any land already leased or owned by the Company at the cost of the Company and such other person or company or otherwise.
 - (h) To lease any factory or other buildings from any company or person.
 - (i) To enter into any agreement with any company or person for the working of any factory erected or leased as provided in (g) or (h), or for the manufacture and preparation for market of tea, rubber, or any other produce in such or any other factory.
 - (j) To prepare, cure, manufacture, treat, and prepare for market rubber, plumbago, minerals, tea, and (or) other crops or produce, and to sell, ship, and dispose of such rubber, plumbago, minerals, tea, crops, and produce, either raw or manufactured, at such times and places and in such manner as shall be deemed expedient.
 - (k) To buy, sell, warehouse, transport, trade, and deal in rubber, coconuts, tea, coffee, and other plants and seed, and rice and other food required for coolies, labourers and others employed on estates, and other products, wares, merchandise, articles, and things of any kind whatsoever.
 - (l) To work mines or quarries, and to find, win, get, work, crush, smelt, manufacture, or otherwise deal with ores, metals, minerals, oils, precious and other stones, deposits, and products, and generally to carry on the business of miners, manufacturers, growers, planters, and exporters of rubber and other products, or any such business on behalf of the Company or as agents for others and on commission or otherwise.
 - (m) To establish and carry on a dairy farm, and to buy and sell live stock, and to sell and deal in milk and dairy produce, wholesale or retail.
 - (n) To establish and maintain in the United Kingdom, Ceylon, or elsewhere stores, shops, and places for the sale of rubber, tea, coffee, cacao, and articles of food, drink, or refreshment, wholesale or retail; and to establish in any part or parts of the world agencies for carrying on or developing the business of the Company or any branch thereof; and generally to carry on the business of merchants, exporters, importers, traders, engineers, or any other trade, business, or undertaking whatsoever.
 - (o) To cultivate, manage, and superintend estates and properties in Ceylon or elsewhere, and generally to undertake the business of estate agents in Ceylon and elsewhere, to act as agents for the investment, loan, payment, transmission, and collection of money, and for the purchase, sale, improvement, development, and management of property, including concerns and undertakings, and to transact any other agency business of any kind.
 - (p) To let, lease, sell, exchange, or mortgage the Company's estates, lands, buildings, or other property or any part or parts thereof, whether in consideration of rents, money, or securities for money, shares, debentures, or securities in any other company or for any other consideration, and otherwise to trade in, dispose of, or deal with the same or any part thereof.
 - (q) To borrow or receive on loan money for the purposes of the Company upon the security of cash, credit bonds, or hypothecation or mortgages of the Company's property or any part or parts thereof or otherwise, as shall be thought most expedient, and in particular by the issue of debentures, debenture stock, or bonds to bearer or otherwise, either charged upon all or any part of the Company's present or future property (including uncalled capital) or not so charged, as shall be thought best.
 - (r) To cause or permit any debenture stock, bonds, debentures, mortgages, charges, incumbrances, liens, or securities of or belonging to or made or issued by the Company or affecting its property or rights or any of the terms thereof to be renewed, extended, varied, redeemed, exchanged, transferred, or satisfied, as shall be thought fit, also to pay off and re-borrow the moneys secured thereby or any part or parts thereof.
 - (s) To draw, make, accept, and endorse bills of lading, warrants, bills of exchange, promissory notes, and other transferable or negotiable instruments for the purposes of the Company.

- (t) To unite, co-operate, amalgamate, or enter into partnership or any arrangement for sharing profits of union of interests or any other arrangement with any person or company already engaged in or hereafter to be established for the purpose of carrying on any business having objects wholly or in part similar or analogous or subsidiary to those of the Company or to any of them, or capable of being conducted so as to benefit this Company, either directly or indirectly, and to subscribe for or otherwise acquire for the benefit and in the name of the Company or otherwise and pay for in any manner that may be agreed upon, either in money or in shares or bonds or otherwise, and to hold any shares, stock, or other interest in any such company, and to promote the formation of any such company.
- (u) To amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to this Company.
- (v) To acquire by purchase in money shares, bonds, or otherwise, and undertake all or any part of the business, property, assets, and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business in Ceylon or elsewhere which this Company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this Company.
- (w) To sell the property, business, or undertaking of the Company, or any part or parts thereof, for such consideration as the Company shall think fit, and in particular for shares, stocks, debentures, or securities of any other company.
- (x) To procure the Company to be registered or incorporated in Ceylon, and, if and when necessary or thought advisable, elsewhere.
- (y) To lend money on any terms and in any manner and on any security, and in particular on the security of plantations, factories, growing crops, produce, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bonds, bills of lading, warrants, stocks, shares, debentures, and book debts, or without any security at all, and generally to transact financial business of any kind.
- (z) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined.
- (z 1) To promote and establish any other company whatsoever, and to subscribe to and hold the shares or stock of any other company or any part thereof.
- (z 2) To pay for any lands and real or personal, immovable or movable, estate or property or assets of any kind acquired or to be acquired by the Company, or for any services rendered or to be rendered to the Company, and generally to pay or discharge any consideration to be paid or given by the Company in money or in shares or debentures or debenture stock or obligations of the Company, or partly in one way and partly in another, or otherwise howsoever, with power to issue any shares either fully or partially paid up for such purpose.
- (z 3) To accept as consideration for the sale or disposal of any lands and real and personal, immovable and movable, estate, property, and assets of the Company of any kind sold or otherwise disposed of by the Company, or in discharge of any other consideration to be received by the Company in money or in shares, the shares (whether wholly or partially paid up) of any company, or the mortgages, debentures, or obligations of any company or person, or partly one and partly other.
- (z 4) To distribute among the Shareholders in specie any property of the Company, whether by way of dividend or upon a return of capital, but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital be made, except with the sanction for the time being required by law.
- (z 5) To do all such other things as shall be incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects above mentioned or any of them or any one or more of the objects aforesaid, it being hereby declared that in the foregoing clauses (unless a contrary intention appears) the word "Company" includes companies or corporations, and the word "person" any number of persons, and that the other objects specified in any paragraph are not to be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other paragraph.

4. The liability of the Shareholders is limited.

5. The nominal capital of the Company is Five hundred thousand Rupees, divided into Fifty thousand shares of Ten Rupees each, with power to increase or reduce the capital. The shares forming the capital (original, increased, or reduced), of the Company may be subdivided or consolidated or divided into such classes, with any preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto, and be held upon such terms as may be prescribed by the Articles of Association and Regulations of the Company for the time being, or otherwise.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in accordance with this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names:—

Names and Addresses of Subscribers.	Number of Shares taken by each Subscriber.
G. C. SLATER, Colombo	One
E. JOHN, Colombo	One
H. CREASY, Colombo	One
Witness to the three above signatures, at Colombo, this 23rd day of August, 1919 :	
V. A. JULIUS, Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo.	
R. ERRIDGE, Padukka	One
Witness to the above signature, at Hewagam Estate, Padukka, this 25th day of August, 1919 :	
THAJD. RAHIM, Clerk, Hewagama Estate, Padukka.	
MARGARET HAWKINS, Ingiriya	One
EDW. C. HAWKINS, Ingiriya	One
Witness to the two above signatures, at Dumbara, Ingiriya, this 27th day of August, 1919 :	
G. BOIS, Planter, Dumbara Estate, Ingiriya.	
Geo. HAWKINS, Pelmadulla	One
Total Shares taken	
Seven	
Witness to the above signature, at Rilhena, Pelmadulla, this 29th day of August, 1919 :	
M. NARAYANASAMY JAMES, Clerk, Rilhena Estate, Pelmadulla.	

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE KATIAPOLA RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE regulations contained in the Table C in the schedule annexed to "The Joint Stock Companies Ordinance, 1861," shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these Articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution.

The Company may, by special resolution, alter and make provisions instead of, or in addition to, any of the regulations of the Company, whether contained or comprised in these Articles or not.

INTERPRETATION CLAUSE.

1. In the interpretation of these presents the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless such meanings be inconsistent with, or repugnant to, the subject or context, viz. :—

The word "Company" means "The Katiapola Rubber Company, Limited," incorporated or established by or under the Memorandum of Association to which the Articles are attached.

"The Ordinance" means and includes "The Joint Stock Companies Ordinance, 1861," and every other Ordinance from time to time in force concerning Joint Stock Companies which may apply to the Company.

"These presents" means and includes the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association of the Company from time to time in force.

"Capital" means the capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purposes of the Company.

"Shares" means the shares from time to time into which the capital of the Company may be divided.

"Shareholder" means every person who has accepted any share or who has accepted part of a share jointly with another or others whose name is entered on the register of Shareholders as owner or joint-owner of such share.

"Presence or present" at a meeting means presence or present personally or by proxy or by attorney.

"Directors" means the Directors for the time being of the Company or (as the case may be) the Directors assembled at a Board.

"Board" means a meeting of the Directors or (as the context may require) the Directors assembled at a Board Meeting, acting through at least a quorum of their body in the exercise of authority duly given to them.

"Persons" means partnerships, associations, corporations, companies, unincorporated or incorporated by Ordinance and registration, as well as individuals.

"Office" means the registered office for the time being of the Company.

"Seal" means the common seal for the time being of the Company.

"Month" means a calendar month.

"Writing" means printed matter or print as well as writing.

Words importing the singular number only include the plural, and *vice versa*.

Words importing the masculine gender only include the feminine, and *vice versa*.

"Holder" means a Shareholder.

BUSINESS.

2. The Company may proceed to carry out the objects for which it is established, and to employ and apply its capital as soon after the registration of the Company as the Directors in their discretion shall think fit; and if the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed, applied for, or allotted as soon as, in the judgment of the Directors, a sufficient number of shares shall have been subscribed or applied for.

3. The business of the Company shall be carried on by, or under the management or direction of, the Directors, and subject only to the control of General Meetings in accordance with these presents.

CAPITAL.

4. The original capital of the Company is Five hundred thousand Rupees (Rs. 500,000), divided into Fifty thousand shares of Rupees Ten (Rs. 10) each.

5. The Directors may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company in General Meeting, increase the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares of such amounts per share and in the aggregate and with such special, preferential, deferred, qualified, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto, as such resolution shall direct, and they shall have power to add to such new shares such an amount of premium as may be considered expedient.

6. Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the same provisions in all respects with reference to the payments of allotment money, calls, and instalments, transfer, transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrender, and otherwise, as if it had formed part of the original capital.

7. The Directors may in like manner, and with like sanction, reduce the capital or subdivide or consolidate the shares of the Company.

SHARES.

8. The Company may call up the balance capital whenever the Directors shall think fit and may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid, and the time of payment of such calls.

9. If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the holder of the shares.

10. The shares, except when otherwise provided, shall be allotted at the discretion of and by the Directors, who may from time to time issue any unissued shares, and may add to such shares such an amount of premium as they consider proper. Provided that such unissued shares shall first be offered by the Directors to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may, at their discretion, allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estates or lands, being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates or lands, or as remuneration for work done for or services rendered to the Company, and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders.

11. In case of the increase of the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares, such new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions, and with such preferential, deferred, qualified, special or other rights and privileges annexed thereto, as the General Meeting resolving on the creation thereof, or any other General Meeting of the Company, shall direct, and, if no direction be given, as the Directors shall determine, and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to the dividends, and in the distribution of assets of the Company, and with a special or without any right of voting.

Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the meeting that sanctions the increase of capital, all new shares shall be offered to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled and limiting a time within which the

offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed off in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may, at their discretion, allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estates or lands being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates or lands and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders.

12. Every person taking any share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof by writing under his hand in such form as the Company may from time to time direct.

13. Shares may be registered in the name of a firm, and any partner of the firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm shall be entitled to vote and to give proxies.

14. Shares may be registered in the names of two or more persons not in partnership.

15. Any one of the joint-holders of a share other than a firm may give effectual receipts for any dividends payable in respect of such share; but only one of such joint-shareholders shall be entitled to the right of voting and of giving proxies and exercising the other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, and if the joint-holders cannot arrange amongst themselves as to who shall vote or give proxies and exercise such other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, the Shareholder whose name stands first on the register of shares shall vote or give proxies and exercise those rights and powers; provided, however, that in the event of such first registered Shareholder being absent from the Island, the first registered Shareholder then resident in Ceylon shall vote or give proxies and exercise all such rights and powers as aforesaid.

16. In case of the death of any one or more of the joint-holders of any shares, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognized by the Company as having any title to, or interest in, such shares.

17. The Company shall not be bound to recognize (even though having notice of) any contingent, future, partial, or equitable interest in the nature of a trust or otherwise in any share, or any other right in respect of any share, except any absolute right thereto in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof, and except also the right of any person under clause 36 to become a Shareholder in respect of any share.

18. The joint-holders of a share shall be severally, as well as jointly, liable for the payment of all instalments and calls due in respect of such share.

19. Every Shareholder shall be entitled to a certificate or certificates under the common seal of the Company, specifying the share or shares held by him and the amount paid thereon.

20. If any certificate be worn out or defaced, then, upon production thereof to the Directors, they may order the same to be cancelled and may issue a new certificate in lieu thereof; and if any certificate be lost or destroyed, then, upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Directors, and on such indemnity as the Directors deem adequate being given, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the person entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate.

21. The certificate of shares registered in the names of two or more persons not a firm shall be delivered to the person first named on the register.

CALLS.

22. The Directors may, from time to time, make such calls as they think fit upon the Shareholders in respect of all moneys unpaid on their shares, and not by the conditions of allotment made payable at fixed times; provided that two months' notice at least shall be given to the Shareholders of the time and place appointed for payment of each call; and each Shareholder shall pay the amount of every call so made to the person and at the time and place appointed by the Directors.

23. If any Shareholder fail to pay the amount of any call due by him on or before the day appointed for payment thereof, he shall be liable to pay interest for the same at the rate of nine per centum per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment.

24. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorizing the call was passed.

25. The Directors shall have power in their absolute discretion to give time to any one or more Shareholder or Shareholders, exclusive of the others, for payment of any call or part thereof on such terms as the Directors may determine. But no Shareholder shall be entitled to any such extension, except as a matter of grace or favour.

26. The Directors may at their discretion receive from any of the Shareholders willing to advance the same, and upon such terms as they think fit, all or any part of the moneys due upon their respective shares beyond the sums actually called for; and upon the moneys so paid in advance, or upon so much thereof as from time to time and at any time thereafter exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon, and due in respect of, the shares in respect of which some advances have been made, the Board may pay or allow interest at such rate as the Shareholders paying such sums in advance, and the Directors may agree upon not exceeding, however, six per centum per annum.

TRANSFER OF SHARES.

27. Subject to the restriction of these Articles, any Shareholder may transfer all or any of his shares by instrument in writing.

28. No transfer of shares shall be made to an infant or person of unsound mind.

29. The Company shall keep a book or books to be called "The Register of Transfers," in which shall be entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share.

30. The Board may, at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion, decline to register any transfer of shares by a Shareholder who is indebted to the Company, or upon whose shares the Company have a lien or otherwise; or in case of shares not fully paid up to any person not approved by them; and in no case shall a Shareholder or proposed transferee be entitled to require the Directors to state the reason of their refusal to register, but their declinature shall be absolute.

31. Every instrument of transfer must be left at the office of the Company to be registered, accompanied by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferor, and a fee of Two Rupees and Cents Fifty, or such other sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine, must be paid to the Company for the registration of every such transfer; upon payment whereof the Directors, subject to the powers vested in them by Article 30, shall register the transferee as a Shareholder, and retain the instrument of transfer.

32. The Directors may, by such means as they shall deem expedient, authorize the registration of transferees as Shareholders, without the necessity of any meeting of the Directors for that purpose.

33. In no case shall the Directors be bound to inquire into the validity, legal effect, or genuineness of any instrument of transfer produced by a person claiming a transfer of any share in accordance with these Articles; and whether they abstain from so inquiring, or do so inquire and are misled, the transferor shall have no claim whatsoever upon the Company in respect of the share, except for the dividends previously declared in respect thereof, but only, if at all, upon the transferee only.

34. The Register of Transfers may be closed during the fourteen days immediately preceding each Ordinary General Meeting; and when a dividend is declared, for the three days next ensuing after the meeting; also at such other times (if any) and for such periods as the Directors may from time to time determine, provided always that it shall not be closed for more than twenty-one days in any year.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

35. The executors, or administrators, or the heirs of a deceased Shareholder shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to the shares of such Shareholder.

36. Any guardian of any infant Shareholder, or any committee of a lunatic Shareholder, or any person becoming entitled to shares in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or liquidation of any Shareholder, or the marriage of any female Shareholder, or in any other way than by transfer shall, upon securing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this clause, or of his title, as the Directors think sufficient, be forthwith entitled, subject to the provisions herein contained, to be registered as a Shareholder in respect of such shares; or may, subject to the regulations as to transfers hereinbefore contained, transfer the same to some other person.

37. If any person who shall become entitled to be registered in respect of any share under clause 35 shall not, from any cause whatever, within twelve calendar months after the event on the happening of which his title shall accrue, be registered in respect of such share, or if in the case of any Shareholder no person shall, within twelve calendar months after such death, be registered as a Shareholder in respect of the shares of such deceased Shareholder, the Company may sell such shares, either by public auction or private contract, and give a receipt for the purchase money, and the purchaser shall be entitled to be registered in respect of such share, and shall not be bound to inquire whether the events have happened which entitled the Company to sell the same, and the nett proceeds of such sale, after deducting all expenses and all moneys in respect of which the Company is entitled to a lien on the shares so sold, shall be paid to the person entitled thereto.

SURRENDER AND FORFEITURE OF SHARES.

38. The Directors may accept, in the name and for the benefit of the Company, and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed, a surrender of the shares of Shareholders who may be desirous of retiring from the Company.

39. If any Shareholder fails to pay any call or instalment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Directors may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on such Shareholder requiring him to pay the same, together with any interest that may have accrued, and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

The notice shall name a day (not being less than one month from the date of the notice) on, and a place or places at, which such call or instalment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state that in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

If the requisition of such notice as aforesaid be not complied with, every or any share or shares in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of calls or instalments with interest and expenses due in respect thereof, be declared forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

40. Any Shareholder whose shares have been so declared forfeited shall, notwithstanding, be liable to pay, and shall forthwith pay to the Company, all calls, instalments, interest, and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of forfeiture until payment at nine per centum per annum, and the Directors may enforce the payment thereof if they think fit.

41. Every share surrendered or so declared forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of upon such terms and in such manner as the Board shall think fit.

42. The surrender or forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in, and also of all claims and demands against the Company in respect of the share and the proceeds thereof, and all other rights incident to the share, except only such of those rights (if any) as by these presents are expressly saved.

43. A certificate in writing under the hands of one of the Directors and of the Secretary that a share has been duly surrendered or forfeited, stating the time when it was surrendered or forfeited, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons who would have been entitled to the share but for such surrender or forfeiture, and such certificate and the receipt of the Company for the price of such share shall constitute a good title to such share, and a certificate of proprietorship shall be delivered to any person who may purchase the same from the Company, and thereupon such purchaser shall be deemed the holder of such share, discharged from all calls due prior to such purchase; and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to such share be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture or sale.

The Directors may in their discretion remit or annul the forfeiture of any share within six months from the date thereof upon the payment of all moneys due to the Company from the late holder or holders of such share or shares, and all expenses incurred in relation to such forfeiture, together with such further sum of money, by way of redemption money for the deficit, as they shall think fit, not being less than nine per centum per annum on the amount of the sums wherein default in payment had been made, but no share *bona fide* sold or re-allotted or otherwise disposed of under Article 41 hereof shall be redeemable after sale or disposal.

44. The Company shall have a first charge or paramount lien upon all the shares of any holder or joint-holders for all moneys for the time being due to the Company by such holder or by all or any of such joint-holders respectively, either in respect of such shares or of other shares held by such holder or joint-holders or otherwise, and whether due from any such holder individually or jointly with others, including all calls which the Directors shall have resolved to make, although the times appointed for the payment thereof shall not have arrived; and where any share is held by more persons than one, the Company shall be entitled to the said charge or lien in respect of any money due to the Company from any of such persons, and the Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares, subject to such charge or lien.

45. Such charge or lien may be made available by a sale of all or any of the shares subject to it, provided that no such sale shall be made except under a resolution of the Directors, and until notice in writing shall have been given to the indebted Shareholder or his executors or administrators, or the assignee or trustee in his bankruptcy, requiring him or them to pay the amount for the time being due to the Company, and default shall have been made for twenty-eight days from such notice in paying the sum thereby required to be paid. Should the Shareholder over whose share the lien exists be in England or elsewhere abroad, sixty days' notice shall be allowed him.

46. The nett proceeds of any such sale shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of such debts, liabilities, or engagements, and the residue (if any) paid to such Shareholder or his representatives.

47. A certificate in writing under the hands of one of the Directors and of the Secretary that the power of sale given by clause 45 has arisen, and is exercisable by the Company under these presents, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated.

48. Upon any such sale two of the Directors may execute a transfer of such share to the purchaser thereof, and such transfer, with the certificate last aforesaid, shall confer on the purchaser a complete title to such shares.

PREFERENCE SHARES.

49. Any shares from time to time to be issued or created may from time to time be issued with any such right of preference, whether in respect of dividend or of payment of capital, or both, or any such other special privilege or advantage over any shares previously issued, or then about to be issued (other than shares issued with a preference), or at such a premium, or with such deferred rights as compared with any shares previously issued, or then about to be issued, or subject to any such conditions or provisions, and with any such right, or without any right of voting, and generally on such terms as the Company may from time to time by special resolution determine.

50. If at any time, by the issue of preference shares or otherwise, the capital is divided into shares of different classes, then the holders of any class of shares may, by an extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of such holders consent on behalf of all the holders of shares of the class, to the issue or creation of any shares ranking equally therewith, or having any priority thereto, or to the abandonment of any preference or priority, or of any accrued dividend, or the reduction for any time or permanently of the dividends payable thereon, or to any scheme for the reduction of the Company's capital affecting the class of shares, and such resolution shall be binding upon all the holders of shares of the class, provided that this Article shall not be read as implying the necessity for such consent in any case in which, but for this Article, the object of the resolutions could have been effected without it.

51. Any meeting for the purpose of the last preceding clause shall be convened and conducted in all respects as nearly as possible in the same way as an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, provided that no member, not being a Director, shall be entitled to notice thereof, or to attend thereat, unless he be a holder of shares of the class intended to be affected by the resolution, and that no vote shall be given except in respect of a share of that class, and that at any such meeting a poll may be demanded in writing by any members personally present and entitled to vote at the meeting.

BORROWING POWERS.

52. The Directors shall have power to procure from time to time, in the usual course of business, such temporary advances on the produce in hand, or in the future to be obtained from the Company's estates, as they may find necessary or expedient for the purpose of defraying the expenses of working the Company's estates, or of erecting, maintaining, improving, or extending buildings, machinery, or plantations, or otherwise. Also from time to time at their discretion to borrow or raise from the Directors or other persons any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company, provided that the money so borrowed or raised and owing at any one time shall not, without the sanction of a General Meeting, exceed One hundred thousand Rupees (Rs. 100,000).

53. With the sanction of a General Meeting the Board shall be entitled to borrow such further sum or sums and at such rate of interest as such meeting shall determine. A certificate under the hands of one Director and the Secretary, or of two Directors, to the effect that in taking any loan the Directors are not exceeding their borrowing powers, shall be sufficient and binding on the Company and all concerned, and shall be conclusive evidence thereof in all questions between the Company and its creditors.

54. For the purpose of securing the repayment of any such moneys so borrowed or raised, or for any other purposes, the Directors may grant, create, execute, and issue any mortgages, cash credits, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company, charged upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, lands, property, rights, and assets of the Company, both present and future, including uncalled capital or unpaid calls, or may make, accept, or endorse on behalf of the Company any promissory notes or bills of exchange.

55. Any such securities may be issued, either at par or at a premium or discount, and may from time to time be cancelled, discharged, varied, or exchanged, as the Directors may think fit, and may contain special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, or otherwise.

56. Every debenture or other instrument issued by the Company for securing the payment of money may be so framed that the moneys thereby secured shall be assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

GENERAL MEETINGS.

57. The First General Meeting shall be held at such time, not being more than twelve months after the incorporation of the Company, and at such place as the Directors may determine.

58. Subsequent General Meetings shall be held once in every year at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if no time or place is so prescribed, then at such place and at such time as soon after the first day in each year as may be determined by the Directors.

59. The General Meetings mentioned in the last preceding clause shall be called Ordinary General Meetings; all other meetings of the Company shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.

60. The Directors may, whenever they think fit, call an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, and the Directors shall do so upon a requisition made in writing by not less than one-eighth of the number of Shareholders of the Company for the time being, or by any Shareholder or Shareholders holding in the aggregate one-eighth part of the shares of the Company for the time being subscribed for.

61. Any requisition so made shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called, shall be addressed to the Directors, and shall be sent to the registered office of the Company.

Upon the receipt of such requisition the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such time and place as they shall determine. If they do not proceed to convene the same within seven days from the delivery of the requisition, the requisitionists may themselves convene an Extraordinary General Meeting to be held at such place and at such time as the Shareholders convening the meeting may themselves fix.

62. Any Shareholder may, on giving not less than ten days' previous notice of any resolution, submit the same to a meeting.

63. Such notice shall be given by leaving a copy of the resolution at the registered office of the Company.

64. Seven days' notice at least of every General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, and by whomsoever convened, specifying the place, date, hour of meeting, and the object and business of the meeting, shall be given by advertisement in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*, or in such other manner (if any) as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting.

65. Every Ordinary General Meeting shall be competent, without special notice having been given for the purposes for which it is convened, or of the business to be transacted thereat, to receive and discuss any report and any accounts presented thereto by the Directors and to pass resolutions in approval or disapproval thereof, and to declare dividends, and to elect Directors and Auditors in the place of those retiring by rotation, and to fix the remuneration of the Auditors, and shall also be competent to enter upon, discuss, and transact any business whatsoever, of which special mention shall have been given in the notice or notices upon which the meeting was convened.

66. With the exceptions mentioned in the foregoing Articles as to the business which may be transacted at Ordinary General Meetings without notice, no General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss, or transact any business which has not been specially mentioned in the notice or notices upon which it was convened.

67. No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting except the declaration of a dividend recommended by a report of the Directors or election of a Chairman, unless there shall be present or represented at the commencement of the business three or more Shareholders entitled to vote.

68. If at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting the required number of Shareholders shall not be present at the meeting, the meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of Shareholders, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, those Shareholders who are present shall be a quorum, and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.

69. The Chairman (if any) of the Directors shall be entitled to take the Chair at every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary; or if there be no Chairman, or if at any meeting he shall not be present at the time appointed

for holding such meeting, or if he shall refuse to take the Chair, the Shareholders shall choose another Director as Chairman; and if no Directors be present, or if all the Directors present decline to take the Chair, then the Shareholders present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman.

70. No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting except the election of a Chairman whilst the Chair is vacant.

71. The Chairman may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place, unless due notice thereof shall be given.

72. Minutes of the proceedings of every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall when so entered be signed as soon as practicable by the Chairman of the same meeting or by the Chairman of the succeeding meeting, and the same when so entered and signed shall be evidence of all such proceedings and of the proper election of the Chairman.

VOTING AT MEETINGS.

73. At any meeting every resolution shall be decided by the votes of the Shareholders present in person or by proxy, or by attorney, and in case there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman at such meeting shall be entitled to give a casting vote in addition to the vote to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder; and unless a poll be immediately demanded by some member present and entitled to vote, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the Minute Book of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

74. If at any meeting a poll be demanded by some Shareholder present at the meeting and entitled to vote, the meeting shall, if necessary, be adjourned, and the poll shall be taken at such time and place and in such manner as the Chairman shall direct, and in such case every Shareholder shall have the number of votes to which he may be entitled as hereinafter provided, and in case at any such poll there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting at which such poll shall have been demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder or proxy or attorney, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in such meeting.

75. The demand of a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.

76. No poll shall be demanded on the election of a Chairman of the meeting or on any question of adjournment.

77. On a show of hands every member shall have one vote only. In case of a poll every Shareholder shall have one vote for every share held by him up to ten, and an additional vote for every ten shares beyond the first ten up to one hundred, and an additional vote for every twenty-five shares held by him beyond the first hundred.

78. The parent or guardian of an infant Shareholder, the committee or other legal guardian of any lunatic Shareholder, the husband of any female Shareholder not entitled to her shares as separate estate, and the executor or administrator of any deceased Shareholder, or any one of such persons as aforesaid, if more than one, shall not be entitled to vote in the place of such infant, lunatic, female, or deceased person, unless such person shall have been registered as a Shareholder.

79. Votes may be given either personally or by proxy or by attorney duly authorized.

80. No Shareholder shall be entitled to vote at any meeting unless all calls due from him on his shares have been paid, and no Shareholder other than the trustee or assignee of a bankrupt or representative of a deceased Shareholder, or person acquiring by marriage, shall be entitled to vote at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company, in respect of any share which he has acquired by transfer, unless he has been possessed of the share in respect of which he claims to vote at least three months previously to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote.

81. No Shareholder who has not been duly registered as such for three months previous to the General Meeting shall be entitled to be present and to speak and vote at any meeting held after the expiry of three months from the incorporation of the Company.

82. No person shall be entitled to hold a proxy who is not a Shareholder in or the liquidator of the Company, but this rule does not apply to a power of attorney.

83. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be printed or written and shall be signed by the appointor, or if such appointor be a company or corporation, it shall be under the common seal of such company or corporation.

84. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than twenty-four hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote.

The instrument appointing a proxy may be in the following form:—

The Katiapola Rubber Company, Limited.

I, _____, of _____, appoint _____, of _____ (a Shareholder in the Company), as my proxy to represent me and to vote for me and on my behalf at the Ordinary (or Extraordinary, as the case may be) General Meeting of the Company to be held on the _____ day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and _____, and at any adjournment thereof, and at every poll which may be taken in consequence thereof.

As witness my hand, this _____ day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and _____.

85. No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney), except at the meeting or poll at which such vote shall be tendered, and every vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) to which no objection shall be made at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.

86. No Shareholder shall be prevented from voting by reason of his being personally interested in the result of the voting.

DIRECTORS.

87. The number of Directors shall never be less than two nor more than five, but this clause shall be construed as being directory only, and the continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any number of vacancies.

The qualification of a Director shall be his holding in his own right at least fifty fully or partly paid shares in the Company upon which all calls for the time being have been paid, and this qualification shall apply as well to the first Directors as to all future Directors.

As a remuneration for their services, the Directors shall be entitled to appropriate a sum not exceeding Three thousand Rupees annually, to be divided between them in such manner as they may determine, but the Company in General Meeting may at any time alter the amount of such remuneration for the future, and such remuneration shall not be considered as including any remuneration for special extra services hereinafter referred to, nor any extra remuneration to the Managing Directors of the Company.

88. The first Directors shall be G. C. Slater, R. K. C. Erridge, and E. C. Hawkins, who shall hold office till the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company, when they shall all retire, but shall be eligible for re-election.

89. One or more of the Directors may be appointed by the Directors to act as Secretary, Managing Director, or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Agents of the Company, or Superintendents of any of the estates for such time and on such terms as the Directors may determine or may fix by agreement with the person or persons appointed to the office, and they may from time to time revoke such appointment and appoint another or other Secretary, Managing Director, or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Agents or Superintendents.

The Directors may confer on the Managing Director or Managing Directors all or any duties and powers that might be conferred on any Manager of the Company.

If any Director shall be called upon to perform any extra services, the Directors may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such services, either by way of salary, commission, or the payment of a lump sum of money, as they shall think fit.

ROTATION OF DIRECTORS.

90. At the First Ordinary General Meeting of the Company all the Directors shall retire from office, and at the first Ordinary General Meeting in every subsequent year one of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office as provided in clause 91.

91. The Directors to retire from office at the Second and Third Ordinary General Meetings shall, unless the Directors otherwise arrange among themselves, be determined by ballot, in every subsequent year the Directors to retire shall be those who have been longest in office.

92. In case any question shall arise as to which of the Directors who have been the same time in office shall retire, the same shall be decided by the Directors by ballot.

93. Retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.

94. The Ordinary General Meeting at which Directors retire or ought to retire by rotation shall appoint successors to them, and in default thereof, such successors may be appointed at a subsequent Ordinary General Meeting.

95. Any casual vacancy occurring in the number of Directors or provisional Directors arising from death, resignation, or otherwise, may be filled up by the Directors, but any person appointed to fill such vacancy shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Directors would have retained the same if no vacancy had occurred.

96. A General Meeting may from time to time at any time increase or reduce the number of Directors, and may also determine in what rotation such increased or reduced number is to go out of office.

97. If at any meeting at which an election of a Director ought to take place the place of a retiring Director is not filled up, the retiring Director may continue in office until the first Ordinary General Meeting in the next year, and so on from meeting to meeting until his place is filled up, unless it shall be determined at such meeting to reduce the number of Directors.

98. A Director may at any time give notice in writing of his intention to resign by delivering such notice to the Secretary, or by leaving the same at the registered office of the Company, or by tendering his written resignation at a meeting of the Directors, and on the acceptance of his resignation by the Directors, but not before, his office shall become vacant.

99. The Company may, by a special resolution, remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and may, by an ordinary resolution, appoint another person in his stead. The Director so appointed shall hold office only during such time as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.

100. Every Director or officer of the Company, and his heirs, executors, and administrators shall be indemnified by the Company from all losses and expenses incurred by him in or about the discharge of his duties, except such as happen from his wilful acts or defaults; and no Director or officer shall, nor shall the heirs, executors, or administrators of any Director or officer, be liable for the acts or defaults of any other Director or officer, or for any loss or expense happening to the Company by the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired for, or on behalf of the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested, or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency, or tortious act of any person with whom any moneys, securities, or effects shall be deposited, or for any other loss, damage, or misfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, unless the same happen through his own wilful act or default.

101. No contribution shall be required from any present or past Director or Manager exceeding the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares in respect of which he is liable as a present or past Shareholder.

DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS.

102. The office of the Director shall be vacated—

- (a) If he accepts or holds any office or place of profit other than Managing Director, Visiting Agent, Superintendent, or Secretary under the Company.
- (b) If he becomes bankrupt or insolvent, or suspends payment, or files a petition for the liquidation of his affairs, or compounds with his creditors.
- (c) If by reason of mental or bodily infirmity he becomes incapable of acting.
- (d) If he ceases to hold the required number of shares to qualify him for the office.
- (e) If he is concerned or participates in the profits of any contract with, or work done for, the Company.

Provided that no Director shall vacate his office by reason of his being a member of any corporation, company, or firm which has entered into any contract with, or done any work for, the Company of which he is a Director, or by his being Agent, or Secretary, or Solicitor, or by his being a member of a firm who are Agents, or Secretaries, or Solicitors of the Company; nevertheless, he shall not vote in respect of any contract work or business in which he may be personally interested.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS.

103. The Directors shall have power to carry into effect the assignment of lease of Katiapola, and the lease, purchase, or acquisition of any other lands, estates, or property they may think fit, or any share or shares thereof.

104. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors either by themselves or through a Managing Director, or with the assistance of an agent or agents and secretary or secretaries of the Company to be appointed by the Directors for such a period and on such terms as they shall determine, and the Directors shall pay out of the funds of the Company all costs and expenses, as well preliminary as otherwise, paid or incurred in and about the formation and the registration of the Company, and in and about the valuation, purchase, lease, or acquisition of the said estates and lands, and the opening, clearing, planting, and cultivation thereof, and otherwise in or about the working and business of the Company.

105. The Directors shall have power to make, and may make, such rules or regulations for the management of the business and property of the Company as they may from time to time think proper, and shall carry on the business

of the Company in such manner as they may think most expedient; and, in addition to the powers and authorities by any Ordinance or by these presents expressly conferred on them, they may exercise all such powers, give all such consents, make all such arrangements, appoint all such agents, managers, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, superintendents, assistants, clerks, artisans, labourers, and other servants for such period or periods, and with such remuneration, and at such salaries, and upon such terms and conditions as they may consider advisable, and may pay the expenses occasioned thereby out of the funds of the Company, and may from time to time remove or suspend all or any of the managers, agents, treasurers, accountants, officers, clerks, or servants of the Company for such reasons as they may think proper and advisable, and without assigning any cause for so doing.

106. The Directors shall exercise, in the name and on behalf of the Company, all such powers of the Company as are not expressly required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, and shall generally do all such acts and things as are or shall be by any Ordinance and by these presents directed and authorized to be exercised, given, made, or done by the Company and are not by any Ordinance or by these presents required to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting, subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of any such Ordinances and of these presents and to such regulations and provisions (if any) as may from time to time be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting; but no regulations made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made.

The generality of the powers conferred by any clause in these presents on the Directors shall not be taken to be limited by any clause conferring any special or expressed power.

107. The Directors shall have power to appoint a proctor or proctors, solicitor or solicitors, attorney or attorneys, to assist in carrying on or protecting the business of the Company on such terms as they may consider proper, and from time to time to revoke such appointment.

108. The Directors shall have power to open from time to time on behalf of the Company any account or accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint, and also by such signatures as they may appoint to draw, accept, make, endorse, sign, and execute cheques, bills of exchange and promissory notes, bills of lading, receipts, contracts, agreements, bonds, mortgages, proxies to any proctor or proctors, and other documents on behalf of and to further the interests of the Company.

109. The seal of the Company shall not be affixed to any instrument except in the presence of two or more of the Directors, or of one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries, who shall attest the sealing thereof; such attestation on the part of Secretaries, in the event of a firm being the Secretaries, being signified by a partner of the said firm signing for and on behalf of the said firm as such Secretaries.

110. In furtherance and not in limitation of, and without prejudice to, the general powers conferred or implied in the last preceding clause, and of the other powers conferred by these presents, it is hereby expressly declared that the Directors shall have the powers following (that is to say) :—

- (a) To institute, conduct, defend, compromise, settle, or abandon any action, suit, prosecution, or other legal proceedings on behalf of the Company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due to or from the Company, and any claims or demands made by or against the Company.
- (b) To refer any claims or demands by or against the Company to arbitration and observe and perform or enforce the award.
- (c) To make and give receipts, releases, and other discharges for money payable to the Company, and for claims and demands by the Company.
- (d) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents, with power to accept the office of trustee, assignee, liquidator, or inspector, or any similar office.
- (e) To invest any of the moneys of the Company which the Directors may consider not to be immediately required for the purposes thereof upon such securities and in such manner as they may think fit, and so that they shall not be restricted to such securities as are permissible to trustees without special powers, and from time to time to vary or release such investments.
- (f) To delegate to any one or more of the Directors of the Company for the time being, or any other person or company for the time being, residing or carrying on business in Ceylon or elsewhere, all or any of the powers or functions given to or exercisable by the Directors; and to confer such powers for such time and to be exercised for such objects and purposes, and upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as the Directors may think expedient, and to confer such powers either collaterally with or to the exclusion of, and in the substitution for, all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf, and from time to time to revoke, withdraw, alter, or vary all or any such powers. The Directors may allow to any person or company to whom any powers may be so delegated such remuneration as in their absolute discretion shall think fit.
- (g) Before recommending any dividend, to set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as they think proper as a reserve fund to meet contingencies, or for special dividends, or for equalizing dividends, or for repairing, improving, and maintaining any of the property of the Company, and for other purposes as the Directors shall in their absolute discretion think conducive to the interests of the Company, and to invest the several sums so set aside upon such investments as they may think fit, and from time to time deal with and vary such investments and dispose of all or any part thereof for the benefit of the Company, and to divide the reserve fund into such special funds as they think fit, and to employ the reserve fund or any part thereof in the business of the Company and that without being bound to keep the same separate from their other assets.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

111. The Directors may meet for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings at such places and times and in such manner as they may think fit, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Until otherwise determined, two Directors shall be a quorum.

112. A Director may at any time summon a meeting of Directors.

113. The Board may elect a Chairman of their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office, and all meetings of the Directors shall be presided over by the Chairman, if one has been elected and if present, but if there be a vacancy in the office of Chairman, or if at any meeting of Directors the Chairman be not present at the time appointed for holding the same, then and in that case the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.

114. Any questions which shall arise at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman thereof shall have a casting vote in addition to his vote as a Director.

115. The Board may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as the Board think fit, and they may from time to time revoke and discharge any such committee, either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee so formed shall, in exercise of the powers delegated to

it, conform to all such regulations as may be prescribed by the Board. All acts done by any such committee, in conformity with such regulations and in the fulfilment of the purposes of their appointment, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.

116. The meetings and proceedings of such committees shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto, and are not superseded by the express terms of the appointment of such committee respectively, or any regulation imposed by the Board.

117. The acts of the Board or of any committees appointed by the Board shall, notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board or committee, or defect in the appointment or qualification of any Director or of any member of the committee be as valid as if no such vacancy or defect had existed, and as if such person had been duly appointed or qualified, provided the same be done before the discovery of the vacancy or defect.

118. A resolution in writing, signed by all the Directors for the time being in Ceylon, shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted.

119. The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in a book or books to be provided for the purpose—

- (1) Of all appointments of (a) officers and (b) committees made by the Directors.
- (2) Of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors.
- (3) Of the names of the members of the committee appointed by the Board present at each meeting of the committee.
- (4) Of all orders made by the Directors.
- (5) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all General Meetings of the Company.
- (6) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of the Directors.
- (7) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of committees appointed by the Board.

120. All such minutes shall be signed by the person who shall have presided as Chairman at the General Meeting, the Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting at which the business minuted shall have been transacted, or by the person who shall preside as Chairman at the next ensuing General Meeting, or Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, as the case may be; and all minutes purporting to have been signed by any Chairman of any General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively, shall, for all purposes whatsoever, be *prima facie* evidence of the actual and regular passing of the resolutions, and the actual and regular transaction or occurrence of the proceedings and other matters purporting to be so recorded, and of the regularity of the meeting at which the same shall appear to have taken place, and of the Chairmanship and signature of the person appearing to have signed as Chairman, and of the date on which such meeting was held.

ACCOUNTS.

121. The Agent or Secretary or the Agents or Secretaries for the time being, or if there be no Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries, the Directors shall cause true accounts to be kept of the paid up capital for the time being of the Company, and of all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and of the matters in respect of which such sums were received and expended, and of the assets, credits, and liabilities of the Company, and generally of all its commercial, financial, and other affairs, transactions, and engagements, and of all other matters necessary for showing the true financial state and condition of the Company. The accounts shall be kept in such books and in such a manner at the registered office of the Company as the Directors think fit.

122. The Directors shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent, and at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the Company or of any of them shall be open to the inspection of the Shareholders, and no Shareholder shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company, except as conferred by statute or authorized by the Directors, or by a resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

123. At the Ordinary General Meeting in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company a statement of the income and expenditure of the Company for the previous financial year, and a balance sheet containing a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company made up to the end of the same period.

124. The statement so made shall show, arranged under the most convenient heads, the amount of gross income, distinguishing the several sources from which it has been derived, and the amount of gross expenditure, distinguishing the expense of the establishment, salaries, and other heads of expenditure. Every item of expenditure fairly chargeable against the year's income shall be brought into account, so that a just balance of profit and loss may be laid before the meeting, and in case where any item of expenditure which may in fairness be distributed over several years has been incurred in any one year, the whole amount of such item shall be stated, with the addition of the reasons why only a portion of such expenditure is charged against the income of the year.

125. The balance sheet shall contain a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company arranged under the heads appearing in the form annexed to the table referred to in Schedule C to "The Joint Stock Companies Ordinance, 1861," or as near thereto as circumstances admit.

126. Every such statement shall be accompanied by a report as to the state and condition of the Company, and as to the amount which the Directors recommend should be paid out of the profits by way of dividend or bonus to the Shareholders, and the statement, report, and balance sheet shall be signed by the Directors.

127. A printed copy of such balance sheet shall, at least seven days previous to such meeting, be delivered at or posted to the registered address of every Shareholder.

128. The accounts of the Company shall from time to time be examined, and the correctness of the balance sheet ascertained by one or more Auditor or Auditors.

AUDIT.

129. No person shall be eligible as an Auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Shareholder in any transaction of the Company, but it shall not be a necessary qualification for an Auditor that he be a Shareholder of the Company, and no Director or officer of the Company shall, during his continuance in office, be eligible as an Auditor.

130. The Directors shall appoint the first Auditor of the Company and fix his remuneration. He shall hold office till the second General Meeting of the Company. All subsequent appointments shall, except as is hereinafter mentioned, be made at the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company in each year by the Shareholders present thereat, and the Auditor or Auditors appointed at such meeting shall hold office only until the first Ordinary General Meeting after his or their appointments, or until otherwise ordered by a General Meeting.

131. The remuneration of the Auditors other than the first shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting, and this remuneration may from time to time be varied by a General Meeting.

132. Retiring Auditors shall be eligible for re-election.

133. If any vacancy that may occur in the office of Auditor is not supplied at the next Ordinary General Meeting, or if any casual vacancy shall occur in the office of Auditor, the Directors shall fill up the vacancy by the appointment of a person who shall hold office until the next Ordinary General Meeting after his appointment.

134. Every Auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet intended to be laid before the next Ordinary General Meeting after his appointment, and it shall be his duty to examine the same with the accounts and vouchers relating thereto and to report thereon to the meeting, generally or specially, as he may think fit.

135. The Auditor or Auditors for the time being shall have a list delivered to him or them of all books kept by the Company, and he or they shall at all reasonable hours in the day time have access to all accounts, books, and documents whatsoever of the Company for the purpose of audit.

DIVIDENDS, BONUS, AND RESERVE FUND.

136. The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting from time to time, declare a dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders in proportion to the amount paid on their shares, but no dividend shall be payable except out of nett profits.

137. The Directors may, if they think fit, determine on and declare an interim dividend to be paid, or pay a bonus to the Shareholders on account and in anticipation of the dividend for the then current year.

138. The Directors may, before recommending any dividend or bonus, set aside out of the profits of the Company such a sum as they think proper as a reserve fund, and shall invest the same in such securities as they may with the sanction of the Company select, or shall place the same in fixed deposit in any bank or banks.

139. The Directors may from time to time apply such portions as they think fit of the reserve fund to meet contingencies, or for equalizing dividends, or for working the business of the Company, or for repairing or maintaining or extending the buildings and premises of the Company, or for the repair or renewal or extensions of the property or plant of the Company or any part thereof, or for any other purposes connected with the interest of the Company that they may from time to time deem expedient.

140. No unpaid dividend or bonus shall ever bear interest against the Company.

141. No Shareholder shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividend or bonus in respect of his share or shares whilst any moneys may be due or owing from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company in respect of such share or shares, or otherwise howsoever.

142. The Directors may deduct from the dividend or bonus payable to any Shareholder all such sums of money as may be due from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company, and notwithstanding the fact that such sums or any of them are not payable until after the date when such dividend or bonus is payable.

143. Notice of any dividend that has been declared or of any bonus to be paid shall be given to each Shareholder entitled thereto, and any dividend or bonus unclaimed by any Shareholder for three years after notice thereof is given may be forfeited by the Directors for the benefit of the Company, and, if the Directors think fit, may be applied in augmentation of the reserve fund.

144. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any partner of such firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm.

145. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by several persons jointly other than a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any one of such persons.

146. Any General Meeting declaring a dividend may direct payment of such dividend, wholly or in part, by the distribution of specific assets, and in particular of paid up shares, debentures or debenture stock of the Company, or of any other company, or in any one or more of such ways, and the Directors shall give effect to such direction, and when any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution they may settle the same as they think expedient, and in particular may issue fractional certificates and may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof, and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any Shareholders upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties, and may vest any such specific assets in trustees upon such trusts for the persons entitled to the dividend as may seem expedient to the Directors. Where requisite a proper contract shall be filed and the Directors may appoint any person to sign such contract on behalf of the persons entitled to the dividend, and such appointment shall be effective.

NOTICES.

147. Notices from the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed or written) of the Agent or Secretary, Agents or Secretaries, or persons appointed by the Board to authenticate the same.

148. Every Shareholder shall give an address in Ceylon, which shall be deemed to be his place of abode, and shall be registered as such in the books of the Company.

149. A notice may be served by the Company upon any Shareholder, either personally or by being sent through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to such Shareholder, at his registered address or place of abode, and any notice so served shall be deemed to be well served, notwithstanding that the Shareholder to whom such notice is addressed be dead, unless his executors or administrators shall have given to the Directors, or to the Agent or Secretary, or Agents or Secretaries of the Company, their own or some other address to which notices may be sent.

150. All notices directed to be given to Shareholders shall, with respect to any share to which persons are jointly entitled other than a firm, be given to whichever of such persons is named first in the Register of Shareholders, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares.

151. Any notice if served by post shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the letter containing the same would in ordinary course of post have been delivered at its address, and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and put into a post office or post box, and the entry in the Company's books of the leaving or sending by post of any notice at or to such address shall be sufficient evidence thereof and no further evidence shall be necessary.

152. Every Shareholder residing out of Ceylon shall name and register in the books of the Company an address within Ceylon at which all notices shall be served upon him, and all notices served at such address shall be deemed to be well served. If he shall not have named and registered such an address, he shall not be entitled to any notices.

All notices required to be given by advertisement shall be published in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*.

ARBITRATION.

153. Whenever any question or other matter whatsoever arises in dispute between the Company and any other company or person, the same may be referred by the Directors to arbitration.

EVIDENCE.

154. On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought or instituted by the Company against any Shareholder or his representatives to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is or was, when the claim arose, on the Register of Shareholders of the Company as a holder of the number of shares in respect of which such claim is made, and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company; and it shall not be necessary to prove the registration of the Company, nor the appointment of the Directors who made any call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made, nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

PROVISION RELATIVE TO WINDING UP OR DISSOLUTION OF THE COMPANY.

155. Any Shareholder, whether a Director or not, and whether alone or jointly with any other Shareholder or Director, and any person not a Shareholder, may become the purchaser of the property of the Company or any part thereof in the event of a winding up or a dissolution or at any other time when a sale of the Company's property or effects or any part thereof shall be made by the Directors under the powers hereby or under the Ordinance conferred upon them.

In witness whereof the Subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereto set and subscribed their names at the places and on the dates hereafter written.

G. C. SLATER.
E. JOHN.
H. CREASY.

Witness to the three above signatures, at Colombo, this 23rd day of August, 1919 :

V. A. JULIUS,
Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo.

R. ERRIDGE.

Witness to the above signature, at Hewagam Estate, Padukka, this 25th day of August, 1919 :

THAJD. RAHIM,
Clerk, Hewagama Estate, Padukka.

MARGARET HAWKINS.
EDW. C. HAWKINS.

Witness to the two above signatures, at Dumbara, Ingiriya, this 27th day of August, 1919 :

G. Bois,
Planter, Dumbara Estate, Ingiriya.

GEO. HAWKINS.

Witness to the above signature, at Rilhena, Pelmadulla, this 29th day of August, 1919 :

M. NARAYANASAMY JAMES,
Clerk, Rilhena Estate, Pelmadulla.

[Second Publication.]

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE CEYLON EXPORTS, LIMITED.

1. The name of the Company is "THE CEYLON EXPORTS, LIMITED."
2. The registered office will be situate in Colombo.
3. The objects for which the Company is established are—
 - (1) To carry on the business of desiccated coconut, oil, soap, margerine, fibre, yarn, and manure manufacturers, and to prepare, refine, buy, sell, and deal in desiccated coconut, oil, both vegetable and mineral, fibre, yarn, and all coconut products and manufactures, and also manures and chemical substances of every description, and the products obtained in the manufacture of oil, and to buy, sell, cultivate, and deal in oleaginous seeds and plants of every description.
 - (2) To carry on the trade or business of miners, refiners, smelters, and manufacturers of petroleum and coconut oil and of all liquid and solid hydro-carbons, and of all products thereof respectively, and also the trade or business of coal miners in all their respective branches.
 - (3) To search for, get, work, raise, make merchantable, sell, and deal in petroleum and coconut oil and all liquid and solid hydro-carbons, coal, and other produce of any lands for the time being belonging to or in occupation by the Company, and also to utilize for manufacturing, refining, or other purposes, or to sell or deal in all products of the said oils and other hydro-carbons and coal.
 - (4) To carry on the business of general merchants and dealers of and in foreign and colonial produce, either in a prepared, manufactured, or raw state, and either by wholesale or retail, and of commission and general agents and brokers.
 - (5) To carry on all or any of the business of importers, exporters, refrigerators, shipowners, shipbuilders, charterers of ships and other vessels, warehousemen, ship and insurance brokers, carriers, forwarding agents, wharfingers, dockowners, manufacturers of extract of meat, and preservers and packers of provisions of all kinds; proprietors of docks, wharves, jetties, piers, warehouses, and boats; and any other business which can or may conveniently be carried on in connection with any of them.
 - (6) To carry on business as farmers, graziers, cultivators, storekeepers, cattle-breeders, stockmen, dealers in hides, skins, fats, and other animal products, mechanical engineers, builders and contractors, timber growers, timber merchants, lumbermen, and sawmill proprietors.
 - (7) To purchase tea leaf, rubber, coconuts, coffee and (or) other raw products or produce for manufacture, manipulation, and (or) sale.
 - (8) To make, build, construct, provide, maintain, improve, carry on, use, and work in any parts of the world, roads, ways, railways, tramways, electric light, canals, reservoirs, waterworks, wells, aqueducts, water-courses, furnaces, gasworks, piers, wharves, docks, saw and other mills, hydraulic works, factories, warehouses and other works and buildings which may be deemed expedient for the purposes of the Company, and to contribute to the cost of making, building, constructing, providing, carrying on, using, and working the same.
 - (9) To purchase, charter, hire, build; or otherwise acquire steam or other ship, ships or vessels, steam launches, flats, barges, cargo boats, with all equipments and furniture, and to employ the same in the conveyance of passengers, mails, livestock, grain, and other produce and treasure, and also of goods and merchandise of every description and species, on the rivers or canals of the Island of Ceylon, and also to run vessels to sea to any port or ports whatsoever, whether inland, seaboard, or foreign, and to take vessels, flats, barges, and other craft in tow of its vessels as the Company may from time to time determine, and to acquire postal subsidies, and enter into mail or other contracts.
 - (10) To manufacture, import, export, buy, sell, exchange, alter, improve, manipulate, prepare for market, and otherwise deal in all kinds of plant, machinery, apparatus, tools, utensils, substances, materials, and things necessary or convenient for carrying on any of the above-mentioned business or proceedings, or usually dealt in by persons engaged in the like business.
 - (11) To carry on the business of underwriters or insurers of ships, goods, merchandise, or other property:

- (12) To apply for or acquire by purchase or lease or otherwise for the business of the Company in any parts of the world, sell, work, develop, and deal in any lands, estates, plantations, or any rights, or interests therein, factories, buildings, mills, plant, engines, machinery, patents, patent rights, secret processes, *brevets d' invention* or other things, British, Indian, Colonial, or foreign licenses, concessions, and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the Company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the Company, and to use, exercise, develop, or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property, rights, or information so acquired, and to make, assist, or subsidize experiments, researches, investigations, expeditions, or voyages of discovery that may appear to be likely to benefit the Company.
- (13) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, mortgage, dispose of, turn to account, or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the Company.
- (14) To acquire and hold shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, obligations, and securities issued or guaranteed by any company constituted or carrying on business in the Island of Ceylon or elsewhere, and debentures, debenture stock, bonds, obligations, and securities, issued or guaranteed by any Government, public body, or authority supreme, Municipal, local, or otherwise, and whether in Ceylon or elsewhere.
- (15) To acquire any such shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, obligations, or securities, by original subscription, tender, purchase, exchange, or otherwise, and to subscribe for the same either conditionally or otherwise, and to guarantee the subscription thereof and to exercise and enforce all rights and powers conferred by or incident to the ownership thereof.
- (16) To issue debentures, debenture stock, bonds, obligations, and securities of all kinds, and to frame, constitute, and secure the same as may seem expedient, with full power to make the same transferable by delivery or by instrument of transfer or otherwise, and either perpetual or terminable, and either redeemable or otherwise, and to charge and secure the same by trust deed, or otherwise on the undertaking of the Company, or on any specific property or rights, present or future, of the Company (including, if thought fit, uncalled capital) or otherwise howsoever.
- (17) To facilitate and encourage the creation, issue, or conversion of shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, obligations, and securities, and to act as trustees in connection therewith, and to take part in the conversion of business concerns and undertakings into companies, and the amalgamation, reconstruction, and promotion of companies.
- (18) To take part in the management, supervision, or control of the business or operations of any company or undertaking, and for that purpose to appoint and remunerate any directors, accountants, or other experts or agents, and to act as the managing agents or managers of any company or undertaking.
- (19) To carry on the business of borrowing, raising, or taking up money, the lending or advancing money on securities and property, the discounting, buying, selling, and dealing in bills of exchange, promissory notes, coupons, drafts, bills of lading, warrants, debentures, certificates, scrip, and other instruments, and securities, whether transferable or negotiable or not, the granting and issuing of letters of credit and circular notes, the buying, selling, and dealing in bullion and specie, the acquiring, holding, issuing on commission, underwriting, and dealing with stocks, funds, shares, debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, obligations, and other securities.
- (20) To carry on any other business which may seem to the Company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with any of the above or calculated, directly or indirectly, to enhance the value of, or render profitable, any of the Company's property or rights.
- (21) To lend money either with or without security, and generally to such persons and upon such terms and conditions as the Company may think fit.
- (22) To engage, employ, maintain, and dismiss managers, superintendents, assistants, clerks, coolies, and other servants and labourers, and to remunerate any such at such rate as shall be thought fit, and to grant pensions or gratuities to any such or the widow or children of any such.
- (23) To employ experts to investigate and examine into the condition, prospects, value, character, and circumstances of any business concerns and undertakings, and generally of any assets, property, or rights.
- (24) To constitute any trusts with a view to the issue of preferred, deferred, or other stocks and securities based on or representing any shares, stocks, or other assets specifically appropriated for the purposes of any such trust, and to settle and regulate and, if thought fit, to undertake and execute any such trusts, and to issue, dispose of, or hold any such preferred, deferred, or other stocks or securities.
- (25) To act as agents for the investment, loan, payment, transmission, and collection of money, and for the purchase, sale, and improvement, development, and management of property, including business concerns and undertakings, and generally to transact all kinds of agency business, whether in respect of agricultural, commercial or financial matters.
- (26) To give any guarantee in relation to the payment of any debentures, debenture stock, bonds, obligations, or securities.
- (27) Generally to carry on business as financiers, and to undertake and carry out all such operations and transactions (except the issuing of policies of assurance on human life), as an individual capitalist may lawfully undertake and carry out.
- (28) To adopt such means of making known the products of the Company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals, and by granting prizes, rewards, and donations.
- (29) To establish and support, or aid in the establishment and support, of associations, institutions, funds, trusts, and conveniences calculated to benefit employes or ex-employes of the Company or its predecessors in business or the dependents or connections of such persons and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public, general, or useful objects.
- (30) To acquire and undertake all or any part of the business, property, and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which this Company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the Company.
- (31) To enter into any arrangement with any Government, or authority supreme, municipal, local, or otherwise that may seem conducive to the Company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such Government or authority all rights, concessions, and privileges which the Company may think it desirable to obtain and to carry out, exercise, and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges, and concessions.
- (32) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits or losses, or into any union of interests, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or corporation with any person or persons, or company or companies carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in, or being authorized to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this Company is authorized to carry on or engaged in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this Company.
- (33) To procure the Company to be registered or established or authorized to do business in the Island of Ceylon, the Federated Malay States, India, or elsewhere.

- (34) Generally to purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any immovable or movable property, and any rights, privileges, licenses or easements which the Company may think necessary or convenient with reference to any of these objects and capable of being profitably dealt with in connection with any of the Company's property or rights for the time being.
- (35) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the Company or any part thereof for such consideration as the Company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this Company.
- (36) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property rights and liabilities of this Company or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit this Company.
- (37) To invest and deal with moneys of the Company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined; to purchase or acquire any shares or debentures in any registered limited liability company or syndicate.
- (38) To borrow or raise or secure the payment of money in such manner as the Company shall think fit, and in particular by the issue of debentures or debenture stock, perpetual or otherwise, charged upon all or any of the Company's property (both present and future), including its uncalled capital, and to purchase, redeem, and pay off any such securities.
- (39) To take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this Company, or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this Company.
- (40) To undertake and execute any trusts the undertaking of which may seem to the Company desirable and either gratuitously or otherwise.
- (41) To draw, make, accept, discount, execute, and issue bills of exchange, promissory notes, bills of lading, warrants, debentures, and other negotiable or transferable instruments or securities.
- (42) To remunerate any persons or company for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any shares in the Company's capital, or any debentures, debenture stock, or other securities of the Company or in or about the formation or promotion of the Company or the acquisition of property by the Company or the conduct of its business.
- (43) To do all or any of the above things either as principals, agents, trustees, contractors, or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others, and either by or through agents, sub-contractors, trustees, or otherwise.
- (44) To pay for any lands and real or personal, immovable or movable, estate, property, or assets of any kind acquired or to be acquired by the Company, or for any services rendered or to be rendered to the Company, and generally to pay or discharge any consideration to be paid or given by the Company, in money or in shares (whether fully paid up or partly paid up) or in debentures, debenture stock, or obligations of the Company, or partly in one way and partly in another, or otherwise howsoever, with power to issue any shares either as fully paid up or partly paid up for such purpose.
- (45) To accept as consideration for the sale or disposal of any lands and real or personal, immovable and movable, estate, property, or assets of the Company, or in discharge of any other consideration to be received by the Company, money or shares (whether fully paid up or partly paid up) of any company, or debentures or debenture stock, or obligations of any company or person, or partly one and partly another.
- (46) To distribute among the shareholders in specie any property of the Company, whether by way of dividend or upon a return of capital, but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital be made, except with the sanction for the time being required by law.
- (47) To do all such other things as may be necessary, incidental, conducive, or convenient to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.

And it is hereby declared that the word "Company," save when used in reference to this Company, in this clause shall be deemed to include any partnership or other body of persons, whether incorporated or not incorporated, and the intention is that the objects specified in any paragraph of this clause shall, except when otherwise expressed in such paragraph, and except as provided in the next succeeding declaration, be in nowise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph.

And it is also declared that no transfer of shares in the Company shall be made to a "prohibited person" or "foreigner" or "corporation under foreign control" within the meaning of Chapter VI, of the Enemy Firms Liquidation (Amendment) Ordinance, No. 4 of 1917, or to any person acting for or on behalf of or in trust for such "prohibited person" or "foreigner" or "corporation under foreign control," and it is further declared that the carrying on of the business of the Company subject to the said restriction as to transfers is one of the objects of the Company.

4. The liability of the members is limited.

5. The nominal capital of the Company is Five hundred thousand Rupees (Rs. 500,000), divided into Five thousand 5,000 shares of One hundred Rupee (Rs. 100) each, with power to increase or reduce the capital. The shares forming the capital (original, increased, or reduced) of the Company may be subdivided, consolidated, or divided into such classes with any preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto, and be held upon such terms as may be prescribed by the Articles of Association and regulations of the Company for the time being, or otherwise.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names.

Names and Addresses of Subscribers.	Number of Shares taken by each Subscriber.
DON PHILIP A. WIJEWARDENE, Colombo	One
D. L. WIJEWARDENE, Colombo	One
FELIX F. MARTINUS, Colombo	One
D. C. WIJEWARDENE, Colombo	One
D. WALTER WIJEWARDENE, Colombo	One
D. A. T. WIJEWARDENE, Colombo	One
N. RICHARD SILVA, Colombo	One
Total number of shares taken	Seven

Witness to the above signatures this 26th day of August, 1919:

STANLEY F. DE SARAM,
Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE CEYLON EXPORTS, LIMITED.

It is agreed as follows :—

1. *Table C not to apply; Company to be governed by these Articles.*—The regulations contained in Table C in the schedule annexed to “The Joint Stock Companies Ordinance, 1861,” shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these Articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution.
2. *Power to alter the Regulations.*—The Company may, by special resolution, alter and make provisions instead of, or in addition to, any of the regulations of the Company, whether contained and comprised in these Articles or not.
3. None of the funds of the Company shall be employed in the purchase of or be lent on shares of the Company.

INTERPRETATION.

4. *Interpretation clause.*—In the interpretation of these presents the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless such meanings be inconsistent with, or repugnant to, the subject or context :—

Company.—The word “Company” means “The Ceylon Exports, Limited,” incorporated or established by or under the Memorandum of Association to which these Articles are attached.

The Ordinance.—The “Ordinance” means and includes “The Joint Stock Companies Ordinances, 1861 to 1909,” and every other Ordinance from time to time in force concerning Joint Stock Companies which may apply to the Company.

Special resolution.—“Special resolution” has the meaning assigned thereto by the Ordinance.

Extraordinary resolution.—“Extraordinary resolution” means a resolution passed by three-fourths in number and value of such Shareholders of the Company for the time being entitled to vote as may be present at any meeting of the Company of which notice specifying an intention to propose such resolution as an extraordinary resolution has been duly given.

These presents.—“These presents” means and includes the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association of the Company from time to time in force.

Capital.—“Capital” means the capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purposes of the Company.

Shares.—“Shares” means the shares from time to time into which the capital of the Company may be divided.

Shareholder.—“Shareholder” means a Shareholder of the Company.

Presence or present.—With regard to a Shareholder “presence or present” at a meeting means presence or present personally or by proxy or by attorney duly authorized.

Directors.—“Directors” means the Directors for the time being of the Company or (as the case may be) the Directors assembled at a Board.

Board.—“Board” means a meeting of the Directors or (as the context may require) the Directors assembled at a Board meeting, acting through at least a quorum of their body in the exercise of authority duly given to them.

Persons.—“Persons” means partnerships, associations, corporations, companies, unincorporated or incorporated by Ordinance and registration, as well as individuals.

Office.—“Office” means the registered office for the time being of the Company.

Seal.—“Seal” means the common seal for the time being of the Company.

Month.—“Month” means a calendar month.

Writing.—“Writing” means printed matter or print as well as writing.

Singular and plural number.—Words importing the singular number only include the plural, and *vice versa*.

Masculine and feminine gender.—Words importing the masculine gender only include the feminine, and *vice versa*.

BUSINESS.

5. *Commencement of business.*—The Company may proceed to carry out the objects for which it is established, and to employ and apply its capital as soon after the registration of the Company as the Directors in their discretion shall think fit; and notwithstanding that the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed, applied for, or allotted, they shall do so as soon as, in the judgment of the Directors, a sufficient number of shares shall have been subscribed or applied for.

6. *Business to be carried on by Directors.*—The business of the Company shall be carried on by, or under the management or direction of, the Directors, as hereinafter provided, and subject only to the control of General Meetings, in accordance with these presents.

CAPITAL.

7. *Nominal capital.*—The nominal capital of the Company is Five hundred thousand Rupees (Rs. 500,000), divided into Five thousand (5,000) shares of One hundred Rupees (Rs. 100) each.

SHARES.

8. *Allotment and issue.*—The shares, except when otherwise provided, shall be allotted at the discretion of and by the Directors, who may from time to time issue any unissued shares, and may add to such shares such an amount of premium as they may consider proper; provided that such unissued shares shall be first offered by the Directors to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company as nearly as possible in proportion to the shares already held by them, and such shares as shall not be accepted by the Shareholder or Shareholders to whom the shares shall have been offered within the time specified in that behalf by the Directors, may be disposed of by the Directors in such manner as they think most beneficial to the Company; provided also that the Directors may at their discretion allot any unissued shares in payment for any estates or lands or other property purchased or acquired by the Company without first offering such shares to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company, and may make arrangements on an issue of shares for a difference between the holders of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid, and the time of payment of such calls.

9. *Payment of amount of shares by instalments.*—If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the holder of the share.

10. *Acceptance.*—Every person taking any share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof by writing under his hand in such form as the Company from time to time directs.

11. *Payment.*—Payment for shares shall be made in such manner as the Directors shall from time to time determine and direct.

12. *Shares held by a firm.*—Shares may be registered in the name of a firm, and any partner of the firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm shall be entitled to vote and to give proxies but not more than one partner may vote at a time.

13. *Shares held by two or more persons not in partnership.*—Shares may be registered in the names of two or more persons not in partnership.

14. *One of joint-holders other than a firm may give receipts; only one of joint-holders resident in Ceylon entitled to vote.*—Any one of the joint-holders of a share, other than a firm, may give effectual receipts for any dividends payable in respect of such share; but only one of such joint-Shareholders shall be entitled to the right of voting and of giving proxies and exercising the other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, and if the joint-holders cannot arrange amongst themselves as to who shall vote or give proxies and exercise such other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, the Shareholder whose name stands first on the register of shares shall vote or give proxies and exercise those rights and powers; provided, however, that in the event of such first registered Shareholder being absent from the Island, the first registered Shareholder then resident in Ceylon shall vote or give proxies and exercise all such rights and powers as aforesaid.

15. *Survivor of joint-holders, other than a firm, only recognized.*—In case of the death of any one or more of the joint-holders, other than a firm, of any shares, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognized by the Company as having any title to, or interest in, such shares.

16. *Liability of joint-holders.*—The joint-holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all instalments and calls due in respect of such share.

17. *Trusts or any interest in share other than that of registered holder or of any person under clause 38 not recognized.*—The Company shall not be bound to recognize (even though having notice of) any contingent, future, partial, or equitable interest in the nature of a trust or otherwise in any share, or any other right in respect of any share, except any absolute right thereto in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof, and except also the right of any person under clause 38 to become a Shareholder in respect of any share.

INCREASE OF CAPITAL.

18. *Increase of capital by creation of new shares.*—The Company in General Meeting may by special resolution from time to time, increase the capital by creation of new shares of such amount per share and in the aggregate, and with such special, preferential, deferred, qualified, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto as such resolution shall direct.

19. *Issue of new shares.*—The new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions and with such preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto, as the General Meeting resolving on the creation thereof or any other General Meeting of the Company shall direct; and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to the dividends and in the distribution of assets of the Company, and with a special or without any right of voting. The Directors shall have power to add to such new shares such an amount of premium as they may consider proper.

20. *How carried into effect.*—Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the meeting that sanctions the increase of capital, all new shares shall be offered to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them. Such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may, at their discretion, allot such new shares or any portion of them in payment for any estates or lands or other property purchased or acquired by the Company, without first offering such shares to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company.

21. *Same as original capital.*—Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the provisions herein contained with reference to the payments of calls and instalments, transfer, transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrender, and otherwise.

REDUCTION OF CAPITAL AND SUBDIVISION OR CONSOLIDATION OF SHARES.

22. *Reduction of capital and subdivision or consolidation of shares.*—The Company in General Meeting may by special resolution reduce the capital in such manner as such special resolution shall direct, and may by special resolution subdivide or consolidate the shares of the Company or any of them.

SHARE CERTIFICATES.

23. *Certificates how issued.*—Every Shareholder shall be entitled to one certificate for all the shares registered in his name, or to several certificates, each for one or more of such shares. Every certificate shall specify the number of the share in respect of which it is issued.

24. *Certificates to be under Seal of Company.*—The certificates of shares shall be issued under the seal of the Company and signed by two Directors and countersigned by the secretary or some other person appointed by the Directors.

25. *Renewal of certificate.*—If any certificate be worn out or defaced, then upon production thereof to the Directors they may order the same to be cancelled and may issue a new certificate in lieu thereof; and if any certificate be lost or destroyed, then, upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Directors, and on such indemnity as the Directors deem adequate being given, a new certificate in lieu thereof may be given to the person entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate. A sum of fifty cents shall be payable for such new certificate.

26. *Certificate to be delivered to the first-named of joint-holders not a firm.*—The certificate of shares registered in the names of two or more persons not a firm shall be delivered to the person first-named on the register.

TRANSFER OF SHARES.

27. *Exercise of rights.*—No person shall exercise any right of a Shareholder until his name shall have been entered in the Register of Shareholders and he shall have paid all calls and other moneys for the time being payable on every share in the Company held by him.

28. *Transfer of shares.*—(a) Subject to the restrictions of these Articles, any Shareholder may transfer all or any of his shares by instrument in writing.

(b) A share may be transferred by a shareholder or other person entitled to transfer to any person; but the name of such proposed transferee should be first submitted to the Directors for their approval.

29. *No transfer to minor or person of unsound mind.*—No transfer of shares shall be made to a minor or person of unsound mind, or to a "prohibited person" or "foreigner" or "corporation under foreign control" within the meaning of Chapter VI. of the Enemy Firms Liquidation (Amendment) Ordinance, No. 4 of 1917, or to any person acting for and on behalf of or in trust for such "prohibited person" or "foreigner" or "corporation under foreign control."

30. *Register of transfers.*—The Company shall keep a book or books, to be called "The Register of Transfers," in which shall be entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share.

31. *Instrument of transfer.*—The instrument of transfer of any share shall be signed both by the transferor and transferee, and the transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of such share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register in respect thereof.

32. *Board may decline to register transfers.*—The Board may, at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion, decline to register any transfer of shares by a Shareholder who is indebted to the Company, or upon whose shares the Company have a lien or otherwise, or to any person not approved by them.

33. *Not bound to state reason.*—In no case shall a Shareholder or proposed transferee be entitled to require the Directors to state the reason of their refusal to register, but their declinature shall be absolute.

34. *Registration of transfer.*—Every instrument of transfer must be left at the office of the Company to be registered, accompanied by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferor, and a fee of Rs. 2 50, or such other sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine, must be paid; and thereupon the Directors subject to the powers vested in them by Articles 32, 33, and 35, shall register the transferee as Shareholder and retain the instrument of transfer.

35. *Directors may authorize registration of transferees.*—The Directors may, by such means as they shall deem expedient, authorize the registration of transferees as Shareholders without the necessity of any meeting of the Directors for that purpose.

36. *Directors not bound to inquire as to validity of transfer.*—In no case shall the Directors be bound to inquire into the validity, legal effect, or genuineness of any instrument of transfer produced by a person claiming a transfer of any share in accordance with these Articles; and whether they abstain from so inquiring or do so inquire and are misled, the transferor shall have no claim whatsoever upon the Company in respect of the share, except for the dividends previously declared in respect thereof, but, if at all upon the transferee only.

37. *Transfer books when to be closed.*—The Transfer Books may be closed during the fourteen days immediately preceding each Ordinary General Meeting, including the First General Meeting; also, when a dividend is declared, for the three days next ensuing the meeting; also at such other times as the Directors may decide, not exceeding in the whole twenty-one days in any one year.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

38. *Title to shares of deceased holder.*—The executors, or administrators, or the heirs of a deceased Shareholder shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to shares of such Shareholder.

39. *Registration of persons entitled to shares otherwise than by transfer.*—Any curator of any minor Shareholder, any committee of a lunatic Shareholder, or any person becoming entitled to shares in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or liquidation of any Shareholder, or the marriage of any female Shareholder, or in any other way than by transfer, shall, upon producing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this clause, or of his title, as the Company think sufficient, be forthwith entitled, subject to the provisions herein contained, to be registered as a Shareholder in respect of such shares on payment of a fee of Rs. 2 50; or may, subject to the regulations as to transfers hereinbefore contained, transfer the same to some other person.

40. *Failing such registration, shares may be sold by the Company.*—If any person who shall become entitled to be registered in respect of any share under clause 39 shall not, from any cause whatever, within twelve calendar months after the event on the happening of which his title shall accrue, be registered in respect of such share, or if in the case of the death of any Shareholder, no person shall, within twelve calendar months after such death, be registered as a Shareholder in respect of the shares of such deceased Shareholder; the Company may sell such shares by public auction or private contract, and give a receipt for the purchase money; and the purchaser shall be entitled to be registered in respect of such share, and shall not be bound to inquire whether the events have happened which entitled the Company to sell the same; the nett proceeds of such sale, after deducting all expenses and all moneys in respect of which the Company is entitled to a lien on the shares so sold, shall be paid to the person entitled thereto.

SURRENDER AND FORFEITURE OF SHARES.

41. *The Directors may accept surrender of shares.*—The Directors may accept, in the name and for the benefit of the Company, and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon, a surrender of the shares of Shareholders who may be desirous of retiring from the Company.

42. (a) *If call or instalment be not paid, notice to be given to Shareholder.*—If any Shareholder fails to pay any call or instalment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Directors may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on such Shareholder or his executors or administrators, or the trustee or assignee in his bankruptcy, requiring him to pay the same, together with any interest that may have accrued, at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum, and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

(b) *Terms of notice.*—The notice shall name a day (not being less than one month from the date of the notice) on and a place or places at which such call or instalment and such interests and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid; the notice shall also state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

(c) *In default of payment, shares to be forfeited.*—If the requisition of such notice as aforesaid be not complied with, every or any share or shares in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of calls or instalments, with interest, and expenses due in respect thereof, be declared forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

(d) *Shareholder still liable to pay money owing at time of forfeiture.*—Any Shareholder whose shares have been so declared forfeited shall, notwithstanding be liable to pay and shall forthwith pay to the Company all calls, instalments, interest, and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of forfeiture until payment at 9 per cent. per annum, and the Directors may enforce the payment thereof if they think fit.

43. *Surrendered or forfeited shares to be the property of the Company, and may be sold, &c.*—Every share surrendered or so declared forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of upon such terms and in such manner as the Board shall think fit.

44. *Effect of surrender or forfeiture.*—The surrender or forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in, and also of all claims and demands against, the Company in respect of the share and the proceeds thereof, and all other rights incident to the share, except only such of those rights (if any) as by these presents are expressly saved.

45. (a) *Certificates of surrender or forfeiture.*—A certificate in writing under the hands of two of the Directors and of the Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries that a share has been duly surrendered or forfeited, stating the time when it was surrendered or forfeited, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons who would have been entitled to the share but for such surrender or forfeiture; such certificate and the receipt of the Company for the price of such share shall constitute a good title to such share, and a certificate of proprietorship shall be delivered to any person who may purchase the same from the Company; such purchaser thereupon shall be deemed the holder of such share, discharged from all calls due prior to such purchase, and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor shall his title to such share be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture or sale.

(b) *Forfeiture may be remitted.*—The Directors may in their discretion remit or annul the forfeiture of any share within six months from the date thereof upon the payment of all moneys due to the Company from the late holder or holders of such share or shares, and all expenses incurred in relation to such forfeiture, together with such further sum of money by way of redemption money for the deficit, as they shall think fit, not being less than 9 per cent. per annum on the amount of the sums wherein default in payment had been made, but no share *bona fide* sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of under Article 43 hereof, shall be redeemable after sale or disposal.

46. *Company's lien on shares.*—The Company shall have a first charge or paramount lien upon all the shares of any holder or joint-holders for all moneys for the time being due to the Company by such holder, or by all or any of such joint-holders respectively, either in respect of such shares or of other shares held by such holder or joint-holders or otherwise, and whether due from any such holder individually or jointly with others, including all calls, resolutions for which shall have been passed by the Directors, although the times appointed for the payment thereof shall not have arrived; and where any share is held by more persons than one the Company shall be entitled to the said charge or lien in respect of any money due to the Company from any of such persons. The Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares subject to such charge or lien.

47. *Lien how made available.*—Such charge or lien may be made available by a sale of all or any of the shares subject to it, provided that no such sale shall be made except under a resolution of the Directors, and until notice in writing shall have been given to the indebted Shareholder or his executors or administrators, or the assignee or trustee in his bankruptcy, requiring him or them to pay the amount for the time being due to the Company, and default shall have been made for twenty-eight days from such notice in paying the sum thereby required to be paid. Should the Shareholder over whose share the lien exists be in England or elsewhere abroad, sixty days' notice shall be allowed him.

48. *Proceeds how applied.*—The nett proceeds of any such sale as aforesaid under the provisions of Articles 43 and 47 hereof shall be applied in or towards the satisfaction of such debts, liabilities, or engagements, and the residue (if any) shall be paid to such Shareholder or his representatives.

49. *Certificate of sale.*—A certificate in writing under the hands of two of the Directors and of the Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries that the power of sale given by clause 47 has arisen, and is exercisable by the Company under these presents, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated.

50. *Transfer on sale how executed.*—Upon any such sale two of the Directors may execute a transfer of such share to the purchaser thereof, and such transfer, with the certificate last aforesaid, shall confer on the purchaser a complete title to such shares.

PREFERENCE SHARES.

51. *Preference and deferred shares.*—Any shares from time to time to be issued or created may from time to time be issued with any such right of preference, whether in respect of dividend or of payment of capital, or both, or any such other special privilege or advantage over any shares previously issued or then about to be issued (other than shares issued with a preference), or with such deferred rights as compared with any shares previously issued or then about to be issued, or subject to any such conditions or provisions, and with any such right or without any right of voting, and generally on such terms as the Company may from time to time by special resolution determine.

52. *Modification of rights and consent thereto.*—If at any time by the issue of preference shares or otherwise the capital is divided into shares of different classes—

- (1) The holders of any class of shares by an extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of such holders may consent, on behalf of all the holders of shares of the class, to the issue or creation of any shares ranking equally therewith, or having any priority thereto, or the abandonment of any preference or priority, or of any accrued dividend, or the reduction for any time or permanently of the dividends payable thereon, or to any scheme for the reduction of the Company's capital affecting the class of shares;
- (2) All or any of the rights, privileges, and conditions attached to each class may be commuted, abrogated, abandoned, added to, or otherwise modified by a special resolution of the Company in General Meeting, provided the holders of any class of shares, affected by any such communication, abrogation, abandonment, addition, or other modification of such rights, privileges, and conditions, consent thereto, on behalf of all the holders or shares of the class, by an extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of such holders.

Any extraordinary resolution passed under the provisions of this Article shall be binding upon all the holders of shares of the class, provided that this Article shall not be read as implying the necessity for such consent as aforesaid in any case in which but for this Article the object of the resolution could have been effected without it.

53. *Meeting affecting a particular class of shares.*—Any meeting for the purpose of the last preceding clause shall be convened and conducted in all respects as nearly as possible in the same way as an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, provided that no Shareholder, not being a Director, shall be entitled to notice thereof or to attend thereat, unless he be a holder of shares of the class intended to be affected by the resolution, and that no vote shall be given except in respect of a share of that class, and that at any such meeting a poll may be demanded in writing by any Shareholder personally present and entitled to vote at the meeting.

CALLS.

54. (a) *Directors may make calls.*—The Directors may from time to time make such calls as they think fit upon the registered holders of shares, in respect of moneys unpaid thereon, and not by the conditions of allotment made payable at fixed times; and each Shareholder shall pay the amount of every call so made on him to the persons and at the times and places appointed by the Directors, provided that two months' notice at least shall be given to the Shareholders of the time and place appointed for payment of each call.

(b) *Calls, time when made.*—A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorizing the call was passed.

(c) *Extension of time for payment of call.*—The Directors shall have power in their absolute discretion to give time to any one or more Shareholder or Shareholders, exclusive of the others, for payment of any call or part thereof on such terms as the Directors may determine. But no Shareholder shall be entitled to any such extension except as a matter of grace or favour.

55. *Interest on unpaid call.*—If the sum payable in respect of any call or instalment is not paid on or before the day appointed for the payment thereof, the holder for the time being of the share in respect of which the call shall have been made, or the instalments shall have been due, shall pay interest for the same at the rate of 9 per centum per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of the actual payment, but the Directors may, when they think fit, remit altogether or in part any sum becoming payable for interest under this clause.

56. *Payments in anticipation of calls.*—The Directors may at their discretion receive from any Shareholder willing to advance the same, and upon such terms as they think fit, all or any part of the amount of his shares beyond the sum actually called up.

BORROWING POWERS.

57. *Power to borrow.*—The Directors shall have power to procure from time to time, in the usual course of business, such temporary advances on the produce in hand, or in the future to be obtained, as they may find necessary or expedient for the purposes of the Company. Also from time to time, at their discretion to borrow or raise from the Directors or other persons any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company, at such rate of interest and upon such terms and conditions as the Directors shall in their absolute discretion think fit. The Directors may, for the purpose of securing the repayment of any such sum or sums of money so borrowed or raised, create and issue any mortgages, debentures, mortgage debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company, charged upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, property, and rights or assets of the Company (both present and future), including uncalled capital or unpaid calls, or give, accept, or endorse on behalf of the Company any promissory notes or bills of exchange.

MEETINGS.

58. *First General Meeting.*—The First General Meeting of the Company shall be held at such time, not being more than twelve months after the registration of the Company, and at such place as the Directors may determine.

59. *Subsequent General Meeting.*—Subsequent General Meetings shall be held once in every year at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if no time or place is so prescribed, at such time and place as may be determined by the Directors.

60. *Ordinary and Extraordinary General Meetings.*—The General Meetings mentioned in the two last preceding clauses shall be called Ordinary General Meetings; all other meetings of the Company shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.

61. *Extraordinary General Meetings.*—The Directors may, whenever they think fit, call an Extraordinary General Meeting, and the Directors shall do so upon a requisition made in writing by not less than one-seventh of the number of Shareholders holding not less than one-seventh of the issued capital and entitled to vote.

62. *Requisition of Shareholders to state object of meeting; on receipt of requisition, Directors to call meeting, and in default Shareholders may do so.*—Any requisition so made shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called, shall be addressed to the Directors, and shall be sent to the registered office of the Company. Upon the receipt of such requisition the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such time and place as they shall determine. If they do not proceed to convene the same within seven days from the delivery of the requisition, the requisitionists may themselves convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such place and at such time as the Shareholders convening the meeting may themselves fix.

63. *Notice of resolution.*—Any Shareholder may, on giving not less than ten days' previous notice of any resolution, submit the same to a meeting. Such notice shall be given by leaving a copy of the resolution at the registered office of the Company.

64. *Seven days' notice of meeting to be given.*—Seven days' notice at least of every General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, and by whomsoever convened, specifying the place, date, hour of meeting, and the objects and business of the meeting, shall be given either by advertisement in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*, or by notice sent by post, or otherwise served as hereinafter provided, but an accidental omission to give such notice to any Shareholder shall not invalidate the proceedings at any General Meeting.

65. *Business requiring and not requiring notification.*—Every Ordinary General Meeting shall be competent, without special notice having been given of the purposes for which it is convened, or of the business to be transacted thereat, to receive and discuss any report and any accounts presented thereto by the Directors, and to pass resolutions in approval or disapproval thereof, and to declare dividends, and to elect Auditors retiring in rotation, and to fix the remuneration of the Auditors; and shall also be competent to enter upon, discuss, and transact any business whatever of which special mention shall have been made in the notice or notices upon which the meeting was convened.

66. *Notice of other business to be given.*—With the exceptions mentioned in the foregoing Articles as to the business which may be transacted at Ordinary General Meetings without notice, no General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss, or transact any business which has not been specially mentioned in the notice or notices upon which it was convened.

67. *Quorum to be present.*—No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting, except the declaration of a dividend recommended by a report of the Directors or the election of a Chairman, unless there shall be present in person at the commencement of the business three or more persons being Shareholders entitled to vote or persons holding proxies or powers of attorney from Shareholders entitled to vote.

68. *If a quorum not present, meeting to be dissolved or adjourned; adjourned meeting to transact business.*—If at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting the required number of persons shall not be present at the meeting, the meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of Shareholders, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, those Shareholders who are present shall be a quorum, and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.

69. *Chairman of Directors or a Director to be Chairman of General Meeting; in case of their absence or refusal, a Shareholder may act.*—The Governing Director, or, if there be none, the Chairman (if any) of the Directors shall be entitled to take the chair at every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary; but if there be no Chairman, or if at any meeting he shall not be present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for holding such meeting, or if he shall refuse to take the chair, the Shareholders shall choose another Director as Chairman; and if no Directors be present, or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair, then the Shareholders present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman.

70. *Business confined to election of Chairman while chair vacant.*—No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting except the election of a Chairman whilst the chair is vacant.

71. *Chairman with consent may adjourn meeting.*—The Chairman, with the consent of the meeting, may adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place, unless due notice shall be given.

72. *Minutes of General Meetings.*—Minutes of the proceedings of every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall when so entered be signed as soon as practicable by the Chairman of the same meeting, or by the Chairman of the succeeding meeting, and the same when so entered and signed shall be evidence of all such proceedings and of the proper election of the Chairman.

VOTING AT MEETINGS.

73. *Votes.*—At any meeting every resolution shall be decided by the votes of the Shareholders present. In case there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman at such meeting shall be entitled to give a casting vote in addition to the votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder and proxy and attorney; and unless a poll be immediately demanded by the Chairman, or in writing by some Shareholder present at the meeting and entitled to vote, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the minute book of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact without proof of the number of votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

74. *Poll.*—If a poll be duly demanded, the same shall be taken in such manner and at such time and place as the Chairman shall direct, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. The demand of a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.

75. *Poll how taken.*—If at any meeting a poll be demanded by the Chairman or by notice in writing signed by some Shareholder present at the meeting and entitled to vote, which notice shall be delivered during the meeting to the Chairman, the meeting shall if necessary be adjourned and the poll shall be taken at such time and in such a manner as the Chairman shall direct; and in such case every Shareholder shall have the number of votes to which he may be entitled as hereinafter provided, and in case at any such poll there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting at which such poll shall have been demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder and proxy and attorney; and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in such meeting.

76. *No poll in election of Chairman or on question of adjournment.*—No poll shall be demanded on the election of a Chairman of the meeting or on any question of adjournment.

77. *Number of votes to which Shareholder entitled.*—On a show of hands every Shareholder present in person shall have one vote only. In case of a poll every Shareholder present in person or by proxy or attorney and entitled to vote shall have one vote for every share held by him.

78. *Curator of minor, &c., when not entitled to vote.*—The parent or curator of a minor Shareholder, the committee or other legal guardian of any lunatic Shareholder, the husband of any female Shareholder not entitled to her shares as separate estate, and the executor or administrator of any deceased Shareholder, or any one of such persons as aforesaid, if more than one, shall not be entitled to vote in the place of such minor, lunatic, female, or deceased person, unless such person shall have been registered as a Shareholder.

79. *Voting in person or by proxy or attorney.*—Votes may be given either personally or by proxy or by attorney duly authorized.

80. *Non-Shareholder not to be appointed proxy; but attorney though not Shareholder may vote.*—No person shall be appointed a proxy who is not a Shareholder of the Company, but the attorney of a Shareholder, even though not himself a Shareholder of the Company, may represent and vote for his principal at any meeting of the Company.

81. *Shareholder in arrear or not registered at least three months previous to the meeting not to vote.*—No Shareholder shall be entitled to vote or speak at any General Meeting unless all calls due from him on his shares, or any of them, shall have been paid; and no Shareholder other than the trustee or assignee of a bankrupt or representative of a deceased Shareholder or person acquiring by marriage, shall be entitled to vote or speak at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company, in respect of or as the holder of any share which he has acquired by transfer, unless he has been at least three months previously to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote or speak, duly registered as the holder of the share in respect of which he claims to vote or speak.

82. *Proxy to be printed or in writing.*—The instrument appointing a proxy shall be printed or written and shall be signed by the appointor, or if such appointor be a corporation, it shall be under the common seal of such corporation.

83. *When proxy to be deposited.*—The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than twenty-four hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote.

84. *Form of Proxy.*—Any instrument appointing a proxy may be in the following form:—

The Ceylon Exports, Limited.

I, _____, of _____, appoint _____, of _____, (a Shareholder in the Company) as my proxy, to represent me and to vote for me and on my behalf at the Ordinary (or Extraordinary, as the case may be) General Meeting of the Company to be held on the _____ day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and _____, and at any adjournment thereof, and at every poll which may be taken in consequence thereof.

As witness my hand, this _____ day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and _____.

85. *Objection to validity of vote to be made at the meeting or poll.*—No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) except at the meeting or poll at which such vote shall be tendered; and every vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) to which no objection shall be made at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.

86. *No Shareholder to be prevented from voting by being personally interested in result.*—No Shareholder shall be prevented from voting by reason of his being personally interested in the result of the voting.

DIRECTORS.

87. *Number of Directors.*—Until otherwise determined by a General Meeting, the number of Directors shall not be less than two nor more than five.

88. *Governing Director.*—Don Philip Alexander Wijewardene shall be the Governing Director and (subject as hereinafter mentioned) shall hold the office during his life, and whilst he holds that office the government and control of the Company shall be vested in him, and he may exercise all the powers, authorities, and discretions hereby expressed to be vested in the Directors and all the other Directors (if any) for the time being of the Company shall be under his control and shall be bound to conform to his directions in regard to the Company's business and whilst holding the office of Governing Director he may from time to time and at any time appoint any other persons (not exceeding four in number to be the Directors of the Company) and may from time to time define, limit, and restrict their powers, and may at any time remove any Director howsoever appointed, and may at any time convene a General Meeting of the Company. Every such appointment and removal of a Director must be in writing under the hand of the Governing Director.

The said Don Philip Alexander Wijewardene may at any time, by notice in writing to the Company, resign his office of Governing Director, and shall, *ipso facto*, vacate the same if he be found lunatic or become of unsound mind; and if he shall resign his said office, he shall, if willing to act, become an ordinary Director.

89. *Remuneration to Governing Director.*—The said Don Philip Alexander Wijewardene whilst holding the office of Governing Director shall be entitled to remuneration for his services as may from time to time be arranged by the Directors and shall give such time and attention to the affairs of the Company as he shall think fit.

ORDINARY DIRECTORS.

90. Whilst the said Don Philip Alexander Wijewardene holds the office of Governing Director the ordinary Directors shall be such persons, if any (not exceeding four in number), as he shall from time to time appoint under the power in that behalf hereinbefore given to him; and upon the said Don Philip Alexander Wijewardene ceasing to be the Governing Director, a General Meeting of the Company shall forthwith be convened for the purpose of appointing Directors and determining all matters not herein expressly provided for relating to the future management of the Company by Directors. Such meeting shall be convened by the said Don Philip Alexander Wijewardene if living and capable of acting, or if he be dead, or does not convene the same within seven days after he ceases to be Governing Director, then by the Directors (if any) in office; and if there are none, or if they do not convene the meeting within seven days after the power to do so arises, then by the holders of at least one-half of the issued capital of the Company for the time being; and for the purposes of this provision the executors or administrators of a deceased shareholder shall be deemed to be the holders of any shares standing in his name. The Directors (if any) in office at the time of the said Don Philip Alexander Wijewardene ceasing to be the Governing Director may act until the holding of the said meeting, but shall (with the exception of the said Don Philip Alexander Wijewardene, if living and capable of acting and willing to act as an ordinary Director) retire at the said meeting, and shall be eligible for election thereat. The qualification of every Director shall be the holding of shares in the Company of the nominal value of Rs. 1,500. As remuneration for their services the ordinary Directors shall be such manner as they may determine, but the Company in General Meeting may at any time alter the amount of such remuneration for the future.

91. The following provisions shall, after the said Don Philip Alexander Wijewardene shall have ceased to hold the office of Governing Director, apply, that is to say :—

- (1) The number of Directors shall not be less than two nor more than five.
- (2) The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body.
- (3) A Director shall have the power to nominate, in writing, any person, who is not disapproved of by a majority of the Directors of the Company, to act as alternate Director for a period (not to exceed six months) in his place, and at his discretion to remove such alternate Director; and on the appointment being made, the alternate Director shall be subject in all respects to the terms and conditions existing with reference to the other Directors of the Company, and each alternate Director, whilst acting in the place of an absent Director, shall exercise and discharge all the duties of the Director he represents, but shall look to such Director solely for his remuneration, and shall not be entitled to claim remuneration from the Company. The instrument appointing or removing an alternate Director shall be deposited at the office before it is acted upon.
- (4) The office of a Director shall be, *ipso facto*, vacated :—
 - (a) If he accepts or holds any other office under the Company except that of Managing Director, Secretary, Agent or Manager of the Company's business.
 - (b) If he becomes bankrupt, or suspends payment, or compounds with his creditors.
 - (c) If he is found lunatic, or becomes of unsound mind.
 - (d) If not already holding, he fails within two months of his appointment to acquire or subsequently ceases to hold the required amount of shares to qualify him for office.
 - (e) If he absents himself from the meetings of the Directors during a period of three calendar months without special leave of absence from the Directors. Provided that this provision shall not apply to any Director who shall for the time being be employed or engaged in serving the Company in the United Kingdom or elsewhere outside Ceylon.
 - (f) If by notice in writing to the Company he resigns his office.
 - (g) If the holder or holders of a majority of the shares of the Company request him in writing to resign, or if at a General Meeting of the Company of which due notice shall have been given, shareholders representing a majority of the issued capital of the Company pass a resolution calling on him to resign; and the office shall become vacant immediately on such resolution being passed.

CONTRACTS BY DIRECTORS.

92. No Director shall be disqualified by his office from contracting with the Company either as vendor, purchaser, or otherwise, nor shall any such contract, or any contract or arrangement entered into by or on behalf of the Company in which any Director shall be in any way interested be avoided, nor shall any Director so contracting or being so interested be liable to account to the Company for any profit realized by any such contract or arrangement by reason of such Director holding that office, or of the fiduciary relation thereby established, but (except in those cases in which his co-Directors shall have knowledge of his interest, and except also in the case of the said Don Philip Alexander Wijewardene, whilst acting as Governing Director) it is declared that the nature of his interest must be disclosed by him at the meeting of Directors at which the contract or arrangement is determined on, if his interest then exists, or in any other case at the first meeting of the Director after the acquisition of his interest, and that except as aforesaid, no Director shall as a Director vote in regard to any contract or arrangement in which he is so interested as aforesaid, and if he do so vote his vote shall not be counted, nor shall he be reckoned in estimating a quorum when any such contract or arrangement is under consideration.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

93. The Directors may meet together for the dispatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings and proceedings, as they may think fit, and may determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Until otherwise determined two Directors shall be a quorum.

94. The said Don Philip Alexander Wijewardene, whilst holding the office of Governing Director, and after he shall have ceased to hold the same, any Director may at any time convene a meeting of the Directors. Questions arising at any meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes, and a Director shall have one vote for every share held by him. Votes may be given either personally or by proxy, but a proxy must be one of the Directors, and must be appointed in writing under the hand of the appointer.

95. The said Don Philip Alexander Wijewardene shall, so long as he remains a Director and is willing to act, be the chairman of the Directors. Subject as aforesaid, the Directors may elect a chairman of their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office; but if no such chairman is elected, or if at any meeting the chairman is not present at the time appointed for holding the same, the Directors present shall choose some one of their number to be chairman of such meeting.

96. A meeting of the Directors for the time being at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all or any of the authorities, powers, and discretions by or under the regulations of the Company for the time being vested in or exercisable by the Directors generally.

97. The Directors may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as they think fit. Any committee so formed shall, in the exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any regulations that may from time to time be imposed upon it by the Directors.

98. The meetings and proceedings of any such committee, consisting of two or more shareholders, shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto and are not superseded by any regulations made by the Directors under the last preceding clause.

99. All acts done by any meeting of the Directors, or by a committee of Directors, or by any person acting as a Director, shall, notwithstanding that it shall afterwards be discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of such Directors or persons acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a Director.

100. In the absence of the Governing Director, and until he shall otherwise direct, a resolution in writing signed by all the Directors shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted.

101. If any Director, being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra services or to make any special exertions in going to or residing in any particular locality, or otherwise, for any of the purposes of the Company, the Company shall remunerate the Director so doing either by a fixed sum or by a percentage of profits, or otherwise, as may be determined by the Directors, and such remuneration may be either in addition to or in substitution for his or their ordinary remuneration.

MINUTES.

102. The Directors shall cause minutes to be duly entered in books provided for the purpose :—

- (1) Of all appointments of officers.
- (2) Of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors, and of any committee of Directors.

(3) Of all orders made by the Directors and committees of Directors.

(4) Of all resolutions and proceedings of General Meetings and of Meetings of the Directors and committees.

And any such minutes of any meeting of the Directors or of any committee or of the Company, if purporting to be signed by the chairman of such meeting or by the chairman of the next succeeding meeting, shall be receivable as *prima facie* evidence of the matters stated in such minutes.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS.

103. Subject and without prejudice to the provisions of clause 88 hereof, the management of the business of the Company shall be vested in the Directors, who in addition to the powers and authorities by these presents or otherwise expressly conferred upon them, may exercise all such powers and do all such acts and things as may be exercised or done by the Company, and are not hereby or by the Ordinance expressly directed or required to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting, but subject nevertheless to the provisions of the Ordinance and of these presents and to any regulations from time to time made by the Company in General Meeting; provided that no regulations so made shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made.

104. Without prejudice to the general powers conferred by the last preceding clause and the other powers conferred by these presents, it is hereby expressly declared that the Directors shall have the following powers, that is to say, power:—

- (1) To pay the costs, charges, and expenses, preliminary and incidental, to the promotion, formation, establishment, and registration of the Company.
- (2) To purchase or otherwise acquire for the Company any property, rights, or privileges which the Company is authorized to acquire, at such price, and generally on such terms and conditions as they think fit.
- (3) At their discretion to pay for any property, rights, or privileges acquired by, or service rendered to the Company, either wholly or partially in cash or in shares, bonds, debentures, or other securities of the Company, and any such shares may be issued as either fully paid up or with such amount credited as paid up thereon, as may be agreed upon; and any such bonds, debentures, or other securities may be either specifically charged upon all or any part of the property of the Company and its uncalled capital or not so charged.
- (4) To secure the fulfilment of any contracts or engagements entered into by the Company by mortgage or charge of all or any of the property of the Company and its unpaid capital for the time being, or in such other manner as they think fit.
- (5) To appoint, and at their discretion, remove or suspend such managers, secretaries, officers, clerks, agents, or servants for permanent, temporary, or special services, as they may from time to time think fit, and to determine their powers and duties, and fix their salaries or emoluments, and to require security in such instances and to such amount as they think fit.
- (6) To appoint any person or persons (whether incorporated or not) to accept and hold in trust for the Company any property belonging to the Company or in which it is interested, or for any other purposes, and to execute and do all such deeds and things as may be requisite in relation to any such trust, and to provide for the remuneration of such trustee or trustees.
- (7) To institute, conduct, defend, compound, or abandon any legal proceedings by and against the Company or its officers or otherwise concerning the affairs of the Company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due, and of any claims or demands by or against the Company.
- (8) To refer any claims or demands by or against the Company to arbitration, and observe and perform the awards.
- (9) To make and give receipts, releases, and other discharges for money payable to the Company and for the claims and demands of the Company.
- (10) To determine who shall be entitled to sign on the Company's behalf, bills, notes, receipts, acceptances, indorsements, cheques, releases, contracts, and documents.
- (11) To invest and deal with any of the moneys of the Company not immediately required for the purposes thereof upon such securities and in such manner as they may think fit, and from time to time to vary or realize such investments.
- (12) To execute in the name and on behalf of the Company in favour of any Director or other person who may incur or be about to incur any personal liability for the benefit of the Company, such mortgages of the Company's property (present and future) as they think fit, and any such mortgage may contain a power of sale and such other powers, covenants, and provisions as shall be agreed upon.
- (13) To give to any officer or other person employed by the Company a commission on the profits of any particular business or transaction, or a share in the general profits of the Company, and any such commission, or share of profits, shall be treated as part of the working expenses of the Company.
- (14) Before recommending any dividend, to set aside out of the profits of the Company in any year—
 - (a) Such sums as they think proper as a reserve fund, to meet contingencies, or for equalizing dividends, or for repairing, improving, or maintaining any of the property of the Company, and for such other purposes as the Directors shall in their absolute discretion think conducive to the interests of the Company, and to invest the several sums so set aside upon such investments (other than shares of the Company) as they may think fit, and from time to time to deal with and vary such investments, and dispose of all or any part thereof, for the benefit of the Company, and to divide the reserve fund into such special funds as they think fit, with full power to employ the assets constituting the reserve fund in the business of the Company, and that without being bound to keep the same separate from the other assets, and
 - (b) Such sums (hereinafter referred to as the "Special Distribution Fund") as they think proper for distribution amongst those shareholders of the Company who, in the opinion of the Directors, have at any time, whether during such year or previously, by introducing customers or otherwise supporting or bringing or influencing to be brought business to the Company, contributed to the profits of the Company in that year, and to distribute such sums amongst those shareholders in such shares and proportions as the Directors shall (regard being had to the benefit derived by the Company during that year from the customers, support or business so introduced, brought or influenced to be brought by them respectively) deem fair and proper.
- (15) From time to time to make, vary, and repeal bye-laws for the regulation of the business of the Company, its officers, and servants, or any section thereof.
- (16) To enter into all such negotiations and contracts, and rescind and vary all such contracts, and execute and do all such acts, deeds, and things in the name and on behalf of the Company as they consider expedient for or in relation to any of the matters aforesaid, or otherwise for the purposes of the Company.

105. The Directors may from time to time provide for the management of the affairs of the Company abroad in such manner as they shall think fit, and the provisions contained in the six next following paragraphs shall be without prejudice to the general powers conferred by this paragraph:—

- (1) The Directors from time to time, and at any time, may establish any local boards or agencies for managing any of the affairs of the Company abroad, and may appoint any persons to be members of such local board or any managers or agents, and may fix their remuneration.

- (2) The Directors from time to time, and at any time, may delegate to any person so appointed any of the powers, authorities, and discretions for the time being vested in the Directors, and may authorize the members for the time being of any such local board, or any of them, to fill up any vacancies therein, and to act notwithstanding vacancies; and any such appointment or delegation may be made on such terms and subject to such conditions as the Directors may think fit; and the Directors may at any time remove any person so appointed, and may annul or vary any such delegation.
- (3) The Directors may at any time and from time to time, by power of attorney under the Seal, appoint any persons to be the attorneys of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities, and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Directors under these presents), and for such period and subject to such conditions as the Directors may from time to time think fit, and any such appointment may (if the Directors think fit) be made in favour of the members or any of the members of any local board established as aforesaid, or in favour of any Company, or of the members, directors, nominees, or managers of any Company or firm, or otherwise in favour of any fluctuating body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Directors; and any such power of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection or convenience of persons dealing with such attorneys as the Directors think fit.
- (4) Any such delegates or attorneys as aforesaid may be authorized by the Directors to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities, and discretions for the time being vested in them.
- (5) The Company may cause to be kept in any place in which it transacts business a branch register of shareholders resident in such place, and the Directors may from time to time make such provisions as they may think fit respecting the keeping of any such branch register.
- (6) The Directors may comply with the requirements of any local law which in their opinion it shall in the interests of the Company be necessary or expedient to comply with.

THE SEAL.

106. The Directors shall provide for the safe custody of the Seal, and the Seal shall never be used except by the authority of the Directors or a committee of the Directors previously given, and in the presence of two Directors at least, who shall sign every instrument to which the Seal is affixed.

ACCOUNTS.

107. *What accounts to be kept.*—The Agent or Secretary or the Agents or Secretaries for the time being, or, if there be no Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries, the Directors shall cause true accounts to be kept of the paid-up capital for the time being of the Company, and of all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and of the matters in respect of which such receipts and expenditure take place, and of the assets, credits, and liabilities of the Company, and generally of all its commercial, financial, and other affairs, transactions, and engagements, and of all other matters necessary for showing the true financial state and condition of the Company; and the accounts shall be kept in such books and in such a manner at the registered office of the Company as the Directors think fit.

108. *Accounts how and when open to inspection.*—The Directors shall from time to time determine whether, and to what extent, and at what times and places, and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the Company or of any of them shall be open to the inspection of the Shareholders; and no Shareholder shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company, except as conferred by the Ordinance or authorized by the Directors or by a resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

109. *Statement of accounts and balance sheet to be furnished to General Meeting.*—At the Ordinary General Meeting in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company a statement of the profit and loss account for the preceding financial year, and a balance sheet containing a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company made up as at the end of the same period.

110. *Report to accompany statement.*—Every such statement shall be accompanied by a report as to the state and condition of the Company, and as to the amount which they recommend to be paid out of the profits by way of dividend or bonus to the Shareholders, and the amount (if any) which they propose to carry to the Reserve Fund or Special Distribution Fund according to the provisions in that behalf hereinbefore contained, and the statement, report, and balance sheet shall be signed by the Directors.

111. *Copy of balance sheet to be sent to the Shareholders.*—A printed copy of such balance sheet shall, at least seven days previous to such meeting, be delivered at, or posted to, the registered address of every Shareholder.

DIVIDENDS, BONUS, AND RESERVE FUND.

112. *Declaration of dividend.*—The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting from time to time, declare a dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders in proportion to the amounts paid on their shares, but no dividend or bonus shall be payable except out of nett profits.

113. Any General Meeting may direct payment of any dividend declared at such meeting or of any interim dividends which may subsequently be declared by the Directors, wholly or in part in sterling by means of drafts or cheques on London, or by the distribution of specific assets, and in particular of paid up shares, debentures, or debenture stock of the Company or of any other Company, or in any other form of specie, or in any one or more of such ways, and the Directors shall give effect to such direction; and where any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution, they may settle the same as they think expedient, and in particular may issue fractional certificates, and may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof, and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any Shareholder upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the right of all parties.

114. *Interim dividend.*—The Directors may also if they think fit, from time to time and at any time, without the sanction of a General Meeting, determine on and declare an interim dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders on account and in anticipation of the dividend for the then current year.

115. *Unpaid interest or dividend not to bear interest.*—No unpaid interest or dividend or bonus shall ever bear interest against the Company.

116. *No Shareholder to receive dividend while debt due to Company.*—No Shareholder shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividend or bonus in respect of his share or shares whilst any moneys may be due or owing from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company in respect of such share or shares, or otherwise howsoever.

117. *Directors may deduct debt from the dividends.*—The Directors may deduct from the dividend or bonus payable to any Shareholder all sums of money due from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company, and notwithstanding such sums shall not be payable until after the date when such dividend is payable.

118. *Dividends may be paid by cheque or warrant and sent through the post.*—Unless otherwise directed any dividend may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post to the registered address of the Shareholder entitled, or, in the case of joint-holders, to the registered address of that one whose name stands first on the register in respect of the joint-holding; but the Company shall not be liable or responsible for the loss of any such cheque or dividend warrant sent through the post.

119. *Notice of dividend: forfeiture of unclaimed dividend.*—Notice of all dividends or bonuses to become payable shall be given to each Shareholder entitled thereto; and all dividends or bonuses unclaimed by any Shareholder for three years after notice thereof is given may be forfeited by a resolution of the Board of Directors for the benefit of the Company.

and, if the Directors think fit, may be applied in augmentation of the reserve fund. For the purposes of this clause any cheques or warrants which may be issued for dividends or bonuses and may not be presented at the Company's bankers for payment within three years shall rank as unclaimed dividends.

120. *Shares held by a firm.*—Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any partner of such firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm.

121. *Joint-holders other than a firm.*—Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by several persons jointly, other than a firm, may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any one of such persons.

AUDIT.

122. *Accounts to be audited.*—The accounts of the Company shall from time to time be examined, and the correctness of the balance sheet and profit and loss account ascertained by one or more Auditor or Auditors.

123. *Qualification of Auditors.*—No person shall be eligible as an Auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Shareholder in any transaction of the Company, but an Auditor shall not be debarred from acting as a professional accountant in doing any special work for the Company which the Directors may deem necessary. It shall not be a necessary qualification for an Auditor that he be a Shareholder of the Company, and no Director or officer of the Company shall, during his continuance in office, be eligible as an Auditor.

124. *Appointment and retirement of Auditors.*—The Directors shall appoint the first Auditor or Auditors of the Company and fix his or their remuneration; all future Auditors, except as is hereinafter mentioned, shall be appointed at the First Ordinary General Meeting of the Company in each year by the Shareholders present thereat, and shall hold their office only until the First Ordinary General Meeting after their respective appointments, or until otherwise ordered by a General Meeting.

125. *Retiring Auditors eligible for re-election.*—Retiring Auditors shall be eligible for re-election.

126. *Remuneration of Auditors.*—The remuneration of the Auditors other than the first shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting, and this remuneration may from time to time be varied by a General Meeting.

127. *Casual vacancy in number of Auditors how filled up.*—If any vacancy that may occur in the office of Auditor shall not be supplied at any Ordinary General Meeting, or if any casual vacancy shall occur, the Directors shall (subject to the approval of the next Ordinary General Meeting) fill up the vacancy by the appointment of a person who shall hold the office until such meeting.

128. *Duty of Auditor.*—Every Auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet and profit and loss account intended to be laid before the next Ordinary General Meeting, and it shall be his duty to examine the same with the accounts and vouchers relating thereto and to report thereon to the meeting generally or specially as he may think fit.

129. *Company's accounts to be open to Auditors for audit.*—All accounts, books, and documents whatsoever of the Company shall at all times be open to the Auditors for the purpose of audit.

NOTICES.

130. *Notice how authenticated.*—Notices from the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed or written) of the Agent or Secretary, Agents or Secretaries, or other persons appointed by the Board to do so.

131. *Shareholders to register address.*—Every Shareholder shall furnish the Company with an address in Ceylon which shall be deemed to be his place of abode, and shall be registered as such in the books of the Company.

132. *Service of notices.*—A notice may be served by the Company upon any Shareholder, either personally or by sending it through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to such Shareholder at his registered address or place of abode; and any notice so served shall be deemed to be well served for all purposes, notwithstanding that the Shareholder to whom such notice is addressed be dead, unless his executors or administrators shall have given to the Directors, or to the Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries of the Company, their own or some other address in Ceylon.

133. *Notice to joint-holders of shares other than a firm.*—All notices directed to be given to Shareholders shall, with respect to any share to which persons other than a firm are jointly entitled, be sufficient if given to any one of such persons, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares.

134. *Date and proof of service.*—Any notice if served by post shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the letter containing the same would in ordinary course of post have been delivered at its address, and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and put into a post box or posted at a post office and the entry in the Company's books of the leaving or sending by post of any notice at or to such address shall be sufficient evidence thereof, and no further evidence shall be necessary.

135. *Non-resident Shareholders must register addresses in Ceylon.*—Every Shareholder resident out of Ceylon shall name and register in the books of the Company an address within Ceylon at which all notices shall be served upon him, and all notices served at such address shall be deemed to be well served. If he shall not have named and registered such an address, he shall not be entitled to any notice.

All notices required to be given by advertisement shall be published in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*.

ARBITRATION.

136. *Directors may refer disputes to arbitration.*—Whenever any question or other matter whatsoever arises in dispute between the Company and any other company or person, the same may be referred by the Directors to arbitration.

EVIDENCE.

137. *Evidence in action by Company against Shareholders.*—On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought or instituted by the Company against any Shareholder or his representatives to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is or was when the claim arose on the Register of Shareholders of the Company as a holder of the number of shares in respect of which such claim is made, and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company; and it shall not be necessary to prove the registration of the Company, nor the appointment of the Directors who made any call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made, nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

PROVISIONS RELATIVE TO WINDING UP OR DISSOLUTION OF THE COMPANY.

138. *Purchase of Company's property by Shareholders.*—Any Shareholder, whether a Director or not, or whether alone or jointly with any other Shareholder or Director, and any person not a Shareholder, may become the purchaser of the property of the Company or any part thereof, in the event of a winding up or a dissolution, or at any other time when a sale of the Company's property or effects or any part thereof shall be made by the Directors under the powers hereby or under the Ordinance conferred upon them.

139. *Distribution.*—If the Company shall be wound up and there shall be any surplus assets after payment of all debts and satisfaction of all liabilities of the Company, such surplus assets shall be applied, first, in repaying to the holders of the preference shares (if any) the amounts that may be due to them, whether by way of capital only or by way of capital and dividend or arrears of dividend or otherwise in accordance with the rights, privileges, and conditions attached thereto, and the balance in repaying to the holders of the ordinary shares the amounts paid up or reckoned as paid up on such

ordinary shares. If after such payments there shall remain any surplus assets, such surplus assets shall be divided among the ordinary Shareholders in proportion to the capital paid up, or reckoned as paid up, on the shares which are held by them respectively at the commencement of the winding up, unless the conditions attached to the preference shares expressly entitle such shares to participate in such surplus assets.

140. *Payment in specie, and vesting in trustees.*—If the Company shall be wound up, the liquidator, whether voluntary or official, may, with the sanction of an extraordinary resolution, divide among the contributories in specie any part of the assets of the Company, and may, with their sanction, vest any part of the assets of the Company in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories as the liquidator, with like sanction, shall think fit.

In witness whereof the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereunto set and subscribed their names, at Colombo, this 26th day of August, 1919.

DON PHILIP A. WIJEWARDENE.
D. L. WIJEWARDENE.
FELIX F. MARTINUS.
D. C. WIJEWARDENE.
D. WALTER WIJEWARDENE.
D. A. T. WIJEWARDENE.
N. RICHARD SILVA.

Witness to the above signatures :

STANLEY F. DE SARAM,
Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo.

[Second Publication.]

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE FOREIGN TRADES, LIMITED.

1. The name of the Company is "THE FOREIGN TRADES, LIMITED."
2. The registered office will be situate in Colombo.

The objects for which the Company is established are—

- (1) To carry on the business of oil, soap, margarine, desiccated coconut, fibre, yarn, and manure manufacturers, and to prepare, refine, buy, sell, and deal in oil, both vegetable and mineral, desiccated coconut, fibre, yarn, and all coconut products and manufactures, and also manures and chemical substances of every description, and the products obtained in the manufacture of oil, and to buy, sell, cultivate, and deal in oleaginous seeds and plants of every description.
- (2) To carry on the trade or business of miners, refiners, smelters, and manufacturers of petroleum and coconut oil and of all liquid and solid hydro-carbons, and of all products thereof respectively, and also the trade or business of coal miners in all their respective branches.
- (3) To search for, get, work, raise, make merchantable, sell, and deal in petroleum and coconut oil and all liquid and solid hydro-carbons, coal, and other produce of any lands for the time being belonging to or in occupation by the Company, and also to utilize for manufacturing, refining, or other purposes, or to sell or deal in all products of the said oils and other hydro-carbons and coal.
- (4) To carry on the business of general merchants and dealers of and in foreign and colonial produce, either in a prepared, manufactured, or raw state, and either by wholesale or retail, and of commission and general agents and brokers.
- (5) To carry on all or any of the business of importers, exporters, refrigerators, shipowners, shipbuilders, charterers of ships and other vessels, warehousemen, ship and insurance brokers, carriers, forwarding agents, wharfingers, dockowners, manufacturers of extract of meat, and preservers and packers of provisions of all kinds; proprietors of docks, wharves, jetties, piers, warehouses, and boats; and any other business which can or may conveniently be carried on in connection with any of them.
- (6) To carry on business as farmers, graziers, cultivators, storekeepers, cattle breeders, stockmen, dealers in hides, skins, fats, and other animal products, mechanical engineers, builders and contractors, timber growers, timber merchants, lumbermen, and saw mill proprietors.
- (7) To purchase tea leaf, rubber, coconuts, coffee, and (or) other raw products or produce for manufacture, manipulation, and (or) sale.
- (8) To make, build, construct, provide, maintain, improve, carry on, use, and work in any parts of the world, roads, ways, railways, tramways, electric light, canals, reservoirs, waterworks, wells, aqueducts, water-courses, furnaces, gasworks, piers, wharves, docks, saw and other mills, hydraulic works, factories, warehouses and other works and buildings which may be deemed expedient for the purposes of the Company, and to contribute to the cost of making, building, constructing, providing, carrying on, using, and working the same.
- (9) To purchase, charter, hire, build, or otherwise acquire steam or other ship, ships or vessels, steam launches, flats, barges, cargo boats, with all equipments and furniture, and to employ the same in the conveyance of passengers, mails, live stock, grain, and other produce and treasure, and also of goods and merchandise of every description and species, on the rivers or canals of the Island of Ceylon, and also to run vessel to sea to any port or ports whatsoever, whether inland, seaboard, or foreign, and to take vessels, flats, barges, and other craft in tow of its vessels as the Company may from time to time determine, and to acquire postal subsidies, and enter into mail or other contracts.
- (10) To manufacture, import, export, buy, sell, exchange, alter, improve, manipulate, prepare for market, and otherwise deal in all kinds of plant, machinery, apparatus, tools, utensils, substances, materials, and things necessary or convenient for carrying on any of the above-mentioned business or proceedings, or usually dealt in by persons engaged in the like business.
- (11) To carry on the business of underwriters or insurers of ships, goods, merchandise, or other property.
- (12) To apply for or acquire, by purchase or lease or otherwise for the business of the Company in any parts of the world, sell, work, develop, and deal in any lands, estates, plantations, or any rights or interests therein, factories, buildings, mills, plant, engines, machinery, patents, patent rights, secret processes, *brevets d'invention*, or other things, British, Indian, Colonial, or foreign licenses, concessions, and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive, or limited right to use any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the Company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the Company, and to use, exercise, develop, or grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property, rights, or information so acquired, and to make, assist, or subsidize experiments, researches, investigations, expeditions, or voyages of discovery that may appear to be likely to benefit the Company.

- (13) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, mortgage, dispose of, turn to account, or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the Company.
- (14) To acquire and hold shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, obligations, and securities issued or guaranteed by any company constituted or carrying on business in the Island of Ceylon or elsewhere, and debentures, debenture stock, bonds, obligations, and securities, issued or guaranteed by any Government, public body, or authority supreme, municipal, local, or otherwise, and whether in Ceylon or elsewhere.
- (15) To acquire any such shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, obligations, or securities by original subscription, tender, purchase, exchange, or otherwise, and to subscribe for the same either conditionally or otherwise, and to guarantee the subscription thereof, and to exercise and enforce all rights and powers conferred by or incident to the ownership thereof.
- (16) To issue debentures, debenture stock, bonds, obligations, and securities of all kinds, and to frame, constitute, and secure the same as may seem expedient, with full power to make the same transferable by delivery or by instrument of transfer or otherwise, and either perpetual or terminable, and either redeemable or otherwise, and to charge and secure the same by trust deed or otherwise on the undertaking of the Company, or on any specific property or rights, present or future, of the Company (including, if thought fit, uncalled capital) or otherwise howsoever.
- (17) To facilitate and encourage the creation, issue, or conversion of shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, obligations, and securities, and to act as trustees in connection therewith, and to take part in the conversion of business concerns and undertakings into companies, and the amalgamation, reconstruction, and promotion of companies.
- (18) To take part in the management, supervision, or control of the business or operations of any company or undertaking, and for that purpose to appoint and remunerate any directors, accountants, or other experts or agents, and to act as the managing agents or managers of any company or undertaking.
- (19) To carry on the business of borrowing, raising, or taking up money, the lending or advancing money on securities and property, the discounting, buying, selling, and dealing in bills of exchange, promissory notes, coupons, drafts, bills of lading, warrants, debentures, certificates, scrip, and other instruments, and securities, whether transferable or negotiable or not, the granting and issuing of letters of credit and circular notes, the buying, selling, and dealing in bullion and specie, the acquiring, holding, issuing on commission, underwriting, and dealing with stocks, funds, shares, debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, obligations, and other securities.
- (20) To carry on other business, which may seem to the Company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with any of the above or calculated, directly or indirectly, to enhance the value of, or render profitable, any of the Company's property or rights.
- (21) To lend money either with or without security, and generally to such persons and upon such terms and conditions as the Company may think fit.
- (22) To engage, employ, maintain and dismiss managers, superintendents, assistants, clerks, coolies, and other servants and labourers; and to remunerate any such at such rate as shall be thought fit, and to grant pensions or gratuities to any such or the widow or children of any such.
- (23) To employ experts to investigate and examine into the condition, prospects, value, character, and circumstances of any business concerns and undertakings, and generally of any assets, property, or rights.
- (24) To constitute any trusts with a view to the issue of preferred, deferred, or other stocks and securities based on or representing any shares, stocks, or other assets specifically appropriated for the purposes of any such trust, and to settle and regulate and, if thought fit, to undertake and execute any such trusts, and to issue, dispose of, or hold any such preferred, deferred, or other stocks or securities.
- (25) To act as agents for the investment, loan, payment, transmission, and collection of money, and for the purchase, sale, and improvement, development, and management of property, including business concerns and undertakings, and generally to transact all kinds of agency business, whether in respect of agricultural, commercial, or financial matters.
- (26) To give any guarantee in relation to the payment of any debentures, debenture stock, bonds, obligations, or securities.
- (27) Generally to carry on business as financiers, and to undertake and carry out all such operations and transactions (except the issuing of policies of assurance on human life), as an individual capitalist may lawfully undertake and carry out.
- (28) To adopt such means of making known the products of the Company as may seem expedient, and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals, and by granting prizes, rewards, and donations.
- (29) To establish and support, or aid in the establishment and support, of associations, institutions, funds, trusts, and conveniences calculated to benefit employes or ex-employes of the Company or its predecessors in business or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition, or for any public, general, or useful object.
- (30) To acquire and undertake all or any part of the business, property, and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business, which this Company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the Company.
- (31) To enter into any arrangement with any Government, or authority supreme, municipal, local, or otherwise that may seem conducive to the Company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such Government or authority all rights, concessions, and privileges which the Company may think it desirable to obtain and to carry out, exercise, and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges, and concessions.
- (32) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits or losses, or into any union of interests, joint adventure, reciprocal concession, or corporation with any person or persons or company or companies carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in, or being authorized to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this Company is authorized to carry on or engaged in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this Company.
- (33) To procure the Company to be registered or established or authorized to do business in the Island of Ceylon, the Federated Malay States, India, or elsewhere.
- (34) Generally to purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any immovable or movable property, and any rights, privileges, licenses, or easements which the Company may think necessary or convenient with reference to any of these objects and capable of being profitably dealt with in connection with any of the Company's property or rights for the time being.
- (35) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the Company or any part thereof for such consideration as the Company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this Company.
- (36) To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property, rights, and liabilities of this Company or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit this Company.

- (37) To invest and deal with moneys of the Company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined; to purchase or acquire any shares or debentures in any registered limited liability company or syndicate.
- (38) To borrow or raise or secure the payment of money in such manner as the Company shall think fit, and in particular by the issue of debentures or debenture stock, perpetual or otherwise, charged upon all or any of the Company's property (both present and future), including its uncalled capital, and to purchase, redeem, and pay off any such securities.
- (39) To take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this Company, or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so, as directly or indirectly to benefit this Company.
- (40) To undertake and execute any trusts the undertaking of which may seem to the Company desirable and either gratuitously or otherwise.
- (41) To draw, make, accept, discount, execute, and issue bills of exchange, promissory notes, bills of lading, warrants, debentures, and other negotiable or transferable instruments or securities.
- (42) To remunerate any persons or company for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any shares in the Company's capital, or any debentures, debenture stock, or other securities of the Company or in or about the formation or promotion of the Company or the acquisition of property by the Company or the conduct of its business.
- (43) To do all or any of the above things either as principals, agents, trustees, contractors, or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others, and either by or through agents, sub-contractors, trustees, or otherwise.
- (44) To pay for any lands and real or personal, immovable or movable, estate, property, or assets of any kind acquired or to be acquired by the Company, or for any services rendered or to be rendered to the Company, and generally to pay or discharge any consideration to be paid or given by the Company, in money or in shares (whether fully paid up or partly paid up), or in debentures, debenture stock, or obligations of the Company or partly in one way and partly in another, or otherwise howsoever, with power to issue any shares either as fully paid up or partly paid up for such purpose.
- (45) To accept as consideration for the sale or disposal of any lands and real or personal, immovable and movable, estate, property, or assets of the Company, or in discharge of any other consideration to be received by the Company, money or shares (whether fully paid up or partly paid up) of any company, or debentures or debenture stock or obligations of any company or person, or partly one and partly another.
- (46) To distribute among the Shareholders in specie any property of the Company, whether by way of dividend or upon a return of capital, but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital be made, except with the sanction for the time being required by law.
- (47) To do all such other things as may be necessary, incidental, conducive, or convenient to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.

And it is hereby declared that the word "Company," save when used in reference to this Company, in this clause shall be deemed to include any partnership or other body of persons, whether incorporated or not incorporated, and the intention is that the objects specified in any paragraph of this clause shall, except when otherwise expressed in such paragraph, and except as provided in the next succeeding declaration, be in nowise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph.

And it is also declared that no transfer of shares in the Company shall be made to a "prohibited person" or "foreigner" or "corporation under foreign control" within the meaning of Chapter VI. of "The Enemy Firms Liquidation (Amendment) Ordinance, No. 4 of 1917," or to any person acting for or on behalf of or in trust for such "prohibited person" or "foreigner" or "corporation under foreign control," and it is further declared that the carrying on of the business of the Company subject to the said restriction as to transfers is one of the objects of the Company.

4. The liability of the members is limited.

5. The nominal capital of the Company is Two million Rupees (Rs.-2,000,000), divided into Twenty thousand (20,000) shares of One hundred Rupees (Rs. 100) each, with power to increase or reduce the capital. The shares forming the capital (original, increased, or reduced) of the Company may be subdivided, consolidated, or divided into such classes with any preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto, and be held upon such terms as may be prescribed by the Articles of Association and regulations of the Company for the time being, or otherwise.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names:—

Names and Addresses of Subscribers.	Number of Shares taken by each Subscriber.
DON PHILIP A. WIJEWARDENE, Colombo	One
D. L. WIJEWARDENE, Colombo	One
FELIX F. MARTINUS, Colombo	One
D. C. WIJEWARDENE, Colombo	One
D. WALTER WIJEWARDENE, Colombo	One
D. A. T. WIJEWARDENE, Colombo	One
N. RICHARD SILVA, Colombo	One
Total number of Shares taken	Seven

Witness to the above signatures, this 26th day of August, 1919:

STANLEY F. DE SARAM.
Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE FOREIGN TRADES, LIMITED.

It is agreed as follows :—

1. *Table C not to apply; Company to be governed by these Articles.*—The regulations contained in Table C in the schedule annexed to "The Joint Stock Companies Ordinance, 1861," shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these Articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution.
2. *Power to alter the regulations.*—The Company may, by special resolution, alter and make provisions instead of, or in addition to, any of the regulations of the Company, whether contained and comprised in these Articles or not.
3. None of the funds of the Company shall be employed in the purchase of or be lent on shares of the Company.

INTERPRETATION.

4. *Interpretation clause.*—In the interpretation of these presents the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless such meanings be inconsistent with, or repugnant to, the subject or context :—

Company.—The word "Company" means "The Foreign Trades, Limited," incorporated or established by or under the Memorandum of Association to which these Articles are attached.

The Ordinance.—The "Ordinance" means and includes "The Joint Stock Companies Ordinances, 1861 to 1909," and every other Ordinance from time to time in force concerning Joint Stock Companies which may apply to the Company.

Special resolution.—"Special resolution" has the meaning assigned thereto by the Ordinance.

Extraordinary resolution.—"Extraordinary resolution" means a resolution passed by three-fourths in number and value of such Shareholders of the Company for the time being entitled to vote as may be present at any meeting of the Company of which notice specifying an intention to propose such resolution as an extraordinary resolution has been duly given.

These presents.—"These presents" means and includes the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association of the Company from time to time in force.

Capital.—"Capital" means the capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purposes of the Company.

Shares.—"Shares" means the shares from time to time into which the capital of the Company may be divided.

Shareholder.—"Shareholder" means a Shareholder of the Company.

Presence or present.—With regard to a Shareholder "presence or present" at a meeting means presence or present personally or by proxy or by attorney duly authorized.

Directors.—"Directors" means the Directors for the time being of the Company or (as the case may be) the Directors assembled at a Board.

Board.—"Board" means a meeting of the Directors or (as the context may require) the Directors assembled at a Board meeting, acting through at least a quorum of their body in the exercise of authority duly given to them.

Persons.—"Persons" means partnerships, associations, corporations, companies, unincorporated or incorporated by Ordinance and registration, as well as individuals.

Office.—"Office" means the registered office for the time being of the Company.

Seal.—"Seal" means the common seal for the time being of the Company.

Month.—"Month" means a calendar month.

Writing.—"Writing" means printed matter or print as well as writing.

Singular and plural number.—Words importing the singular number only include the plural, and *vice versa*.

Masculine and feminine gender.—Words importing the masculine gender only include the feminine, and *vice versa*.

BUSINESS.

5. *Commencement of business.*—The Company may proceed to carry out the objects for which it is established and to employ and apply its capital as soon after the registration of the Company as the Directors in their discretion shall think fit; and notwithstanding that the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed, applied for, or allotted, they shall do so as soon as, in the judgment of the Directors, a sufficient number of shares shall have been subscribed or applied for.

6. *Business to be carried on by Directors.*—The business of the Company shall be carried on by, or under the management or direction of, the Directors, as hereinafter provided, and subject only to the control of General Meetings, in accordance with these presents.

CAPITAL.

7. *Nominal capital.*—The nominal capital of the Company is Two million Rupees (Rs. 2,000,000), divided into Twenty thousand (20,000) shares of One hundred Rupees (Rs. 100) each.

SHARES.

8. *Allotment and issue.*—The shares, except when otherwise provided, shall be allotted at the discretion of and by the Directors, who may from time to time issue any unissued shares, and may add to such shares such an amount of premium as they may consider proper; provided that such unissued shares shall be first offered by the Directors to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company as nearly as possible in proportion to the shares already held by them, and such shares as shall not be accepted by the Shareholder or Shareholders to whom the shares shall have been offered within the time specified in that behalf by the Directors, may be disposed of by the Directors in such manner as they think most beneficial to the Company; provided also that the Directors may at their discretion allot any unissued shares in payment for any estates or lands or other property purchased or acquired by the Company without first offering such shares to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company, and may make arrangements on an issue of shares for the difference between the holders of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid, and the time of payment of such calls.

9. *Payment of amount of shares by instalments.*—If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the holder of the share.

10. *Acceptance.*—Every person taking any share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof by writing under his hand in such form as the Company from time to time directs.

11. *Payment.*—Payment for shares shall be made in such manner as the Directors shall from time to time determine and direct.

12. *Shares held by a firm.*—Shares may be registered in the name of a firm, and any partner of the firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm shall be entitled to vote and to give proxies, but not more than one partner may vote at a time.

13. *Shares held by two or more persons not in partnership.*—Shares may be registered in the names of two or more persons not in partnership.

14. *One of joint-holders other than a firm may give receipts; only one of joint-holders resident in Ceylon entitled to vote.*—Any one of the joint-holders of a share, other than a firm, may give effectual receipts for any dividends payable in respect of such share; but only one of such joint Shareholders shall be entitled to the right of voting and of giving proxies and exercising the other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, and if the joint-holders cannot arrange amongst themselves as to who shall vote or give proxies and exercise such other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, the Shareholder whose name stands first on the register of shares shall vote or give proxies and exercise those rights and powers; provided, however, that in the event of such first registered Shareholder being absent from the Island, the first registered Shareholder then resident in Ceylon shall vote or give proxies and exercise all such rights and powers as aforesaid.

15. *Survivor of joint-holders, other than a firm, only recognized.*—In case of the death of any one or more of the joint-holders, other than a firm, of any shares, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognized by the Company as having any title to, or interest in, such shares.

16. *Liability of joint-holders.*—The joint-holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all instalments and calls due in respect of such share.

17. *Trusts or any interest in share other than that of registered holder or of any person under clause 38 not recognized.*—The Company shall not be bound to recognize (even though having notice of) any contingent, future, partial, or equitable interest in the nature of a trust or otherwise in any share, or any other right in respect of any share, except any absolute right thereto in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof, and except also the right of any person under clause 38 to become a Shareholder in respect of any share.

INCREASE OF CAPITAL.

18. *Increase of capital by creation of new shares.*—The Company in General Meeting may, by special resolution from time to time, increase the capital by creation of new shares of such amount per share and in the aggregate, and with such special, preferential, deferred, qualified, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto, as such resolution shall direct.

19. *Issue of new shares.*—The new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions and with such preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto, as the General Meeting resolving on the creation thereof or any other General Meeting of the Company shall direct; and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to the dividends and in the distribution of assets of the Company, and with a special or without any right of voting. The Directors shall have power to add to such new shares such an amount of premium as they may consider proper.

20. *How carried into effect.*—Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the meeting that sanctions the increase of capital, all new shares shall be offered to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them. Such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may, at their discretion, allot such new shares or any portion of them in payment for any estates or lands or other property purchased or acquired by the Company, without first offering such shares to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company.

21. *Same as original capital.*—Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the provisions herein contained with reference to the payments of calls and instalments, transfer, transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrender, and otherwise.

REDUCTION OF CAPITAL AND SUBDIVISION OR CONSOLIDATION OF SHARES.

22. *Reduction of capital and subdivision or consolidation of shares.*—The Company in General Meeting may by special resolution reduce the capital in such manner as such special resolution shall direct, and may by special resolution subdivide or consolidate the shares of the Company or any of them.

SHARE CERTIFICATES.

23. *Certificates how issued.*—Every Shareholder shall be entitled to one certificate for all the shares registered in his name, or to several certificates, each for one or more of such shares. Every certificate shall specify the number of the share in respect of which it is issued.

24. *Certificates to be under Seal of Company.*—The certificates of shares shall be issued under the seal of the Company and signed by two Directors and countersigned by the Secretary or some other person appointed by the Directors.

25. *Renewal of certificate.*—If any certificate be worn out or defaced, then, upon production thereof to the Directors, they may order the same to be cancelled and may issue a new certificate in lieu thereof; and if any certificate be lost or destroyed, then, upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Directors, and on such indemnity as the Directors deem adequate being given, a new certificate in lieu thereof may be given to the person entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate. A sum of fifty cents shall be payable for such new certificate.

26. *Certificate to be delivered to the first-named of joint-holders not a firm.*—The certificate of shares registered in the names of two or more persons not a firm shall be delivered to the person first-named on the register.

TRANSFER OF SHARES.

27. *Exercise of rights.*—No person shall exercise any right of a Shareholder until his name shall have been entered in the Register of Shareholders, and he shall have paid all calls and other moneys for the time being payable on every share in the Company held by him.

28. *Transfer of shares.*—(a) Subject to the restriction of these Articles, any Shareholder may transfer all or any of his shares by instrument in writing.

(b) A share may be transferred by a Shareholder or other person entitled to transfer to any person; but the name of such proposed transferee should be first submitted to the Directors for their approval.

29. *No transfer to minor or person of unsound mind.*—No transfer of shares shall be made to a minor or person of unsound mind or to a "prohibited person" or "foreigner" or "corporation under foreign control" within the meaning of Chapter VI. of "The Enemy Firms Liquidation (Amendment) Ordinance, No. 4 of 1917," or to any person acting for and on behalf of or in trust for such "prohibited person" or "foreigner" or "corporation under foreign control."

30. *Register of transfer.*—The Company shall keep a book or books, to be called "The Register of Transfers," in which shall be entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share.

31. *Instrument of transfer.*—The instrument of transfer of any share shall be signed both by the transferor and transferee, and the transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of such share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register in respect thereof.

32. *Board may decline to register transfers.*—The Board may, at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion, decline to register any transfer of shares by a Shareholder who is indebted to the Company, or upon whose shares the Company have a lien or otherwise; or to any person not approved by them.

33. *Not bound to state reason.*—In no case shall a Shareholder or proposed transferee be entitled to require the Directors to state the reason of their refusal to register, but their declination shall be absolute.

34. *Registration of transfer.*—Every instrument of transfer must be left at the office of the Company to be registered, accompanied by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferor, and a fee of Rs. 2·50, or such other sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine, must be paid; and thereupon the Directors, subject to the powers vested in them by Articles 32, 33, and 35, shall register the transferee as Shareholder and retain the instrument of transfer.

35. *Directors may authorize registration of transferees.*—The Directors may, by such means as they shall deem expedient, authorize the registration of transferees as Shareholders without the necessity of any meeting of the Directors for that purpose.

36. *Directors not bound to inquire as to validity of transfer.*—In no case shall the Directors be bound to inquire into the validity, legal effect, or genuineness of any instrument of transfer produced by a person claiming a transfer of any share in accordance with these Articles; and whether they abstain from so inquiring or do so inquire and are misled, the transferor shall have no claim whatsoever upon the Company in respect of the share, except for the dividends previously declared in respect thereof, but, if at all, upon the transferee only.

37. *Transfer Books when to be closed.*—The Transfer Books may be closed during the fourteen days immediately preceding each Ordinary General Meeting, including the First General Meeting; also, when a dividend is declared, for the three days next ensuing the meeting; also at such other times as the Directors may decide, not exceeding in the whole twenty-one days in any one year.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

38. *Title to shares of deceased holder.*—The executors, or administrators, or the heirs of a deceased Shareholder shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to shares of such Shareholder.

39. *Registration of persons entitled to shares otherwise than by transfer.*—Any curator of any minor Shareholder, any committee of a lunatic Shareholder, or any person becoming entitled to shares in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or liquidation of any Shareholder, or the marriage of any female Shareholder, or in any other way than by transfer, shall, upon producing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this clause, or of his title, as the Company think sufficient, be forthwith entitled, subject to the provisions herein contained, to be registered as a Shareholder in respect of such shares on payment of a fee of Rs. 2·50; or may, subject to the regulations as to transfers hereinbefore contained, transfer the same to some other person.

40. *Failing such registration, shares may be sold by the Company.*—If any person who shall become entitled to be registered in respect of any share under clause 39 shall not, from any cause whatever, within twelve calendar months after the event on the happening of which his title shall accrue, be registered in respect of such share, or if in the case of the death of any Shareholder, no person shall, within twelve calendar months after such death, be registered as a Shareholder in respect of the shares of such deceased Shareholder, the Company may sell such shares, by public auction or private contract, and give a receipt for the purchase money; and the purchaser shall be entitled to be registered in respect of such share; and shall not be bound to inquire whether the events have happened which entitled the Company to sell the same; the net proceeds of such sale, after deducting all expenses and all moneys in respect of which the Company is entitled to a lien on the shares so sold, shall be paid to the person entitled thereto.

SURRENDER AND FORFEITURE OF SHARES.

41. *The Directors may accept surrender of shares.*—The Directors may accept, in the name and for the benefit of the Company, and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon, a surrender of the shares of Shareholders who may be desirous of retiring from the Company.

42. (a) *If call or instalment be not paid, notice to be given to Shareholder.*—If any Shareholder fails to pay any call or instalment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Directors may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on such Shareholder or his executors or administrators, or the trustee or assignee in his bankruptcy, requiring him to pay the same, together with any interest that may have accrued, at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum, and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

(b) *Terms of notice.*—The notice shall name a day (not being less than one month from the date of the notice) on and a place or places at which such call or instalment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid; the notice shall also state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

(c) *In default of payment, shares to be forfeited.*—If the requisition of such notice as aforesaid be not complied with, every or any share or shares in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of calls or instalments, with interest, and expenses due in respect thereof, be declared forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

(d) *Shareholder still liable to pay money owing at time of forfeiture.*—Any Shareholder whose shares have been so declared forfeited shall notwithstanding be liable to pay and shall forthwith pay to the Company all calls, instalments, interest, and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of forfeiture until payment at 9 per cent. per annum, and the Directors may enforce the payment thereof if they think fit.

43. *Surrendered or forfeited shares to be the property of the Company, and may be sold, &c.*—Every share surrendered or so declared forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of upon such terms and in such manner as the Board shall think fit.

44. *Effect of surrender or forfeiture.*—The surrender or forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in, and also of all claims and demands against, the Company in respect of the share and the proceeds thereof, and all other rights incident to the share, except only such of those rights (if any) as by these presents are expressly saved.

45. (a) *Certificates of surrender or forfeiture.*—A certificate in writing under the hands of two of the Directors and of the Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries that a share has been duly surrendered or forfeited, stating the time when it was surrendered or forfeited, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons who would have been entitled to the share but for such surrender or forfeiture; such certificate and the receipt of the Company for the price of such share shall constitute a good title to such share, and a certificate of proprietorship shall be delivered to any person who may purchase the same from the Company; such purchaser thereupon shall be deemed the holder of such share, discharged from all calls due prior to such purchase, and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor shall his title to such share be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture or sale.

(b) *Forfeiture may be remitted.*—The Directors may in their discretion remit or annul the forfeiture of any share within six months from the date thereof upon the payment of all moneys due to the Company from the late holder or holders of such share or shares, and all expenses incurred in relation to such forfeiture, together with such further sum of money by way of redemption money for the deficit, as they shall think fit, not being less than 9 per cent. per annum on the amount of the sums wherein default in payment had been made; but no share *bona fide* sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of under Article 43 hereof, shall be redeemable after sale or disposal.

46. *Company's lien on shares.*—The Company shall have a first charge or paramount lien upon all the shares of any holder or joint-holders for all moneys for the time being due to the Company by such holder, or by all or any of such joint-holders respectively, either in respect of such shares or of other shares held by such holder or joint-holders or otherwise, and whether due from any such holder individually or jointly with others, including all calls, resolutions for which shall have been passed by the Directors, although the times appointed for the payment thereof shall not have arrived; and where any share is held by more persons than one the Company shall be entitled to the said charge or lien in respect of any money due to the Company from any of such persons. The Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares subject to such charge or lien.

47. *Lien how made available.*—Such charge or lien may be made available by a sale of all or any of the shares subject to it, provided that no such sale shall be made except under a resolution of the Directors, and until notice in writing shall have been given to the indebted Shareholder or his executors or administrators, or the assignee or trustee in his bankruptcy, requiring him or them to pay the amount for the time being due to the Company, and default shall have been made for twenty-eight days from such notice in paying the sum thereby required to be paid. Should the Shareholder over whose share the lien exists be in England or elsewhere abroad, sixty days' notice shall be allowed him.

48. *Proceeds how applied.*—The net proceeds of any such sale as aforesaid under the provisions of Articles 43 and 47 hereof shall be applied in or towards the satisfaction of such debts, liabilities, or engagements, and the residue (if any) shall be made to such Shareholder or his representatives.

49. *Certificate of sale.*—A certificate in writing under the hands of two of the Directors and of the Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries that the power of sale given by clause 47 has arisen, and is exercisable by the Company under these presents, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated.

50. *Transfer on sale how executed.*—Upon any such sale two of the Directors may execute a transfer of such share to the purchaser thereof, and such transfer, with the certificate last aforesaid, shall confer on the purchaser a complete title to such shares.

PREFERENCE SHARES.

51. *Preference and deferred shares.*—Any shares from time to time to be issued or created may from time to time be issued with any such right of preference, whether in respect of dividend or of payment of capital, or both, or any such other special privilege or advantage over any shares previously issued or then about to be issued (other than shares issued with a preference), or with such deferred rights as compared with any shares previously issued or then about to be issued, or subject to any such conditions or provisions, and with any such right or without any right of voting, and generally on such terms as the Company may, from time to time, by special resolution, determine.

52. *Modification of rights and consent thereto.*—If at any time by the issue of preference shares or otherwise the capital is divided into shares of different classes—

- (1) The holders of any class of shares by an extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of such holders may consent, on behalf of all the holders of shares of the class, to the issue or creation of any shares ranking equally therewith, or having any priority thereto, or the abandonment of any preference or priority, or of any accrued dividend, or the reduction for any time or permanently of the dividends payable thereon, or to any scheme for the reduction of the Company's capital affecting the class of shares;
- (2) All or any of the rights, privileges, and conditions attached to each class may be commuted, abrogated, abandoned, added to or otherwise modified by a special resolution of the Company in General Meeting, provided the holders of any class of shares, affected by any such commutation, abrogation, abandonment, addition, or other modification of such rights, privileges, and conditions, consent thereto, on behalf of all the holders of shares of the class, by an extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of such holders.

Any extraordinary resolution passed under the provisions of this Article shall be binding upon all the holders of shares of the class, provided that this Article shall not be read as implying the necessity for such consent as aforesaid in any case in which but for this Article the object of the resolutions could have been effected without it.

53. *Meeting affecting a particular class of shares.*—Any meeting for the purpose of the last preceding clause shall be convened and conducted in all respects, as nearly as possible, in the same way as an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, provided that no Shareholder, not being a Director, shall be entitled to notice thereof or to attend thereat, unless he be a holder of shares of the class intended to be affected by the resolution, and that no vote shall be given except in respect of a share of that class, and that at any such meeting a poll may be demanded in writing by any Shareholder personally present and entitled to vote at the meeting.

CALLS.

54. (a) *Directors may make calls.*—The Directors may from time to time make such calls as they think fit upon the registered holders of shares, in respect of moneys unpaid thereon, and not by the conditions of allotment made payable at fixed times; and each Shareholder shall pay the amount of every call so made on him to the persons and at the times and places appointed by the Directors, provided that two months' notice at least shall be given to the Shareholders of the time and place appointed for payment of each call.

(b) *Calls, time when made.*—A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorizing such call was passed.

(c) *Extension of time for payment of call.*—The Directors shall have power in their absolute discretion to give time to any one or more Shareholder or Shareholders, exclusive of the others, for payment of any call or part thereof on such terms as the Directors may determine. But no Shareholder shall be entitled to any such extension except as a matter of grace or favour.

55. *Interest on unpaid call.*—If the sum payable in respect of any call or instalment is not paid on or before the day appointed for the payment thereof, the holder for the time being of the share in respect of which the call shall have been made, or the instalments shall have been due, shall pay interest for the same at the rate of 9 per centum per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of the actual payment, but the Directors may, when they think fit, remit altogether or in part any sum becoming payable for interest under this clause.

56. *Payments in anticipation of calls.*—The Directors may at their discretion receive from any Shareholder willing to advance the same, and upon such terms as they think fit, all or any part of the amount of his shares beyond the sum actually called up.

BORROWING POWERS.

57. *Power to borrow.*—The Directors shall have power from time to time, in the usual course of business such temporary advances on the produce in hand, or in the future to be obtained, as they may find necessary or expedient for the purposes of the Company. Also from time to time, at their discretion, as they may find necessary or expedient other persons any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company, at such rate of interest and upon such terms and conditions as the Directors shall in their absolute discretion think fit. The Directors may, for the purpose of securing the repayment of any such sum or sums of money so borrowed or raised, create and issue any mortgages, debentures,

mortgage debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company, charged upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, property, and rights, or assets of the Company (both present and future), including uncalled capital or unpaid calls, or give, accept, or endorse on behalf of the Company any promissory notes or bills of exchange.

MEETINGS.

58. *First General Meeting.*—The First General Meeting of the Company shall be held at such time, not being more than twelve months after the registration of the Company, and at such place as the Directors may determine.

59. *Subsequent General Meetings.*—Subsequent General Meetings shall be held once in every year at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if no time or place is so prescribed, at such time and place as may be determined by the Directors.

60. *Ordinary and Extraordinary General Meetings.*—The General Meetings mentioned in the two last preceding clauses shall be called Ordinary General Meetings; all other meetings of the Company shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.

61. *Extraordinary General Meetings.*—The Directors may, whenever they think fit, call an Extraordinary General Meeting, and the Directors shall do so upon a requisition made in writing by not less than one-seventh of the number of Shareholders holding not less than one-seventh of the issued capital and entitled to vote.

62. *Requisition of Shareholders to state object of meeting; on receipt of requisition Directors to call meeting, and in default Shareholders may do so.*—Any requisition so made shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called, shall be addressed to the Directors, and shall be sent to the registered office of the Company. Upon the receipt of such requisition the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such time and place as they shall determine. If they do not proceed to convene the same within seven days from the delivery of the requisition, the requisitionists may themselves convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such place and at such time as the Shareholders convening the meeting may themselves fix.

63. *Notice of resolution.*—Any Shareholder may, on giving not less than ten days' previous notice of any resolution, submit the same to a meeting. Such notice shall be given by leaving a copy of the resolution at the registered office of the Company.

64. *Seven days' notice of meeting to be given.*—Seven days' notice at least of every General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, and by whomsoever convened, specifying the place, date, hour of meeting, and the objects and business of the meeting, shall be given either by advertisement in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*, or by notice sent by post, or otherwise served as hereinafter provided, but an accidental omission to give such notice to any Shareholder shall not invalidate the proceedings at any General Meeting.

65. *Business requiring and not requiring notification.*—Every Ordinary General Meeting shall be competent, without special notice having been given of the purposes for which it is convened, or of the business to be transacted thereat, to receive and discuss any report and any accounts presented thereto by the Directors, and to pass resolutions in approval or disapproval thereof, and to declare dividends; and to elect Auditors retiring in rotation, and to fix the remuneration of the Auditors; and shall also be competent to enter upon, discuss, and transact any business whatever of which special mention shall have been made in the notice or notices upon which the meeting was convened.

66. *Notice of other business to be given.*—With the exceptions mentioned in the foregoing Articles as to the business which may be transacted at Ordinary General Meetings without notice, no General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss, or transact any business which has not been specially mentioned in the notice or notices upon which it was convened.

67. *Quorum to be present.*—No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting, except the declaration of a dividend recommended by a report of the Directors or the election of a Chairman, unless there shall be present in person at the commencement of the business three or more persons being Shareholders entitled to vote or persons holding proxies or powers of attorney from Shareholders entitled to vote.

68. *If a quorum not present, meeting to be dissolved or adjourned; adjourned meeting to transact business.*—If at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting the required number of persons shall not be present at the meeting, the meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of Shareholders, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, those Shareholders who are present shall be a quorum, and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.

69. *Chairman of Directors or a Director to be Chairman of General Meeting; in case of their absence or refusal, a Shareholder may act.*—The Governing Director, or, if there be none, the Chairman (if any) of the Directors shall be entitled to take the chair at every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary; but if there be no Chairman, or if at any meeting he shall not be present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for holding such meeting, or if he shall refuse to take the chair, the Shareholders shall choose another Director as Chairman; and if no Directors be present, or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair, then the Shareholders present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman.

70. *Business confined to election of Chairman while chair vacant.*—No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting except the election of a Chairman whilst the chair is vacant.

71. *Chairman with consent may adjourn meeting.*—The Chairman, with the consent of the meeting, may adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place, unless due notice shall be given.

72. *Minutes of General Meetings.*—Minutes of the proceedings of every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall when so entered be signed as soon as practicable by the Chairman of the same meeting, or by the Chairman of the succeeding meeting, and the same when so entered and signed shall be evidence of all such proceedings and of the proper election of the Chairman.

VOTING AT MEETINGS.

73. *Votes.*—At any meeting every resolution shall be decided by the votes of the Shareholders present. In case there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman at such meeting shall be entitled to give a casting vote in addition to the votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder and proxy and attorney; and unless a poll be immediately demanded by the Chairman or in writing by some Shareholder present at the meeting and entitled to vote, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the minute book of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact without proof of the number of votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

74. *Poll.*—If a poll be duly demanded, the same shall be taken in such manner and at such time and place as the Chairman shall direct, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. The demand of a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.

75. *Poll how taken.*—If at any meeting a poll be demanded by the Chairman or by notice in writing signed by some Shareholder present at the meeting and entitled to vote, which notice shall be delivered during the meeting to the Chairman, the meeting shall, if necessary, be adjourned and the poll shall be taken at such time and in such a manner as the Chairman shall direct; and in such case every Shareholder shall have the number of votes to which he may be

entitled as hereinafter provided, and in case at any such poll there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting at which such poll shall have been demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder and proxy and attorney, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in such meeting.

76. *No poll in election of Chairman or on question of adjournment.*—No poll shall be demanded on the election of a Chairman of the meeting or on any question of adjournment.

77. *Number of votes to which Shareholder entitled.*—On a show of hands every Shareholder present in person shall have one vote only. In case of a poll every Shareholder present in person or by proxy or attorney and entitled to vote shall have one vote for every share held by him.

78. *Curator of minor, &c., when not entitled to vote.*—The parent or curator of a minor Shareholder, the committee or other legal guardian of any lunatic Shareholder, the husband of any female Shareholder not entitled to her shares as separate estate, and the executor or administrator of any deceased Shareholder, or any one of such persons as aforesaid, if more than one, shall not be entitled to vote in the place of such minor, lunatic, female, or deceased person, unless such person shall have been registered as a Shareholder.

79. *Voting in person or by proxy or attorney.*—Votes may be given either personally or by proxy or by attorney duly authorized.

80. *Non-Shareholder not to be appointed proxy; but attorney though not Shareholder may vote.*—No person shall be appointed a proxy who is not a Shareholder of the Company, but the attorney of a Shareholder, even though not himself a Shareholder of the Company, may represent and vote for his principal at any meeting of the Company.

81. *Shareholder in arrear or not registered at least three months previous to the meeting not to vote.*—No Shareholder shall be entitled to vote or speak at any General Meeting unless all calls due from him on his shares, or any of them, shall have been paid; and no Shareholder other than the trustee or assignee of a bankrupt or representative of a deceased Shareholder, or person acquiring by marriage, shall be entitled to vote or speak at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company, in respect of or as the holder of any share which he has acquired by transfer, unless he has been at least three months previously to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote or speak duly registered as the holder of the share in respect of which he claims to vote or speak.

82. *Proxy to be printed or in writing.*—The instrument appointing a proxy shall be printed or written and shall be signed by the appointor, or if such appointor be a corporation, it shall be under the common seal of such corporation.

83. *When proxy to be deposited.*—The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than twenty-four hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote.

84. *Form of Proxy.*—Any instrument appointing a proxy may be in the following form:—

The Foreign Trades, Limited.

I, _____, of _____, appoint _____, of _____, (a Shareholder in the Company) as my proxy, to represent me and to vote for me and on my behalf at the Ordinary (or Extraordinary, as the case may be) General Meeting of the Company to be held on the _____ day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and _____, and at any adjournment thereof, and at every poll which may be taken in consequence thereof.

As witness my hand, this _____ day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and _____.

85. *Objection to validity of vote to be made at the meeting or poll.*—No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) except at the meeting or poll at which such vote shall be tendered; and every vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) to which no objection shall be made at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.

86. *No Shareholder to be prevented from voting by being personally interested in result.*—No Shareholder shall be prevented from voting by reason of his being personally interested in the result of the voting.

DIRECTORS.

87. *Number of Directors.*—Until otherwise determined by a General Meeting, the number of Directors shall not be less than two nor more than five.

88. *Governing Director.*—Don Philip Alexander Wijewardene shall be the Governing Director and (subject as hereinafter mentioned) shall hold the office during his life, and whilst he holds that office the government and control of the Company shall be vested in him; and he may exercise all the powers, authorities, and discretions hereby expressed to be vested in the Directors and all the other Directors (if any) for the time being of the Company shall be under his control and shall be bound to conform to his directions in regard to the Company's business, and whilst holding the office of Governing Director he may from time to time and at any time appoint any other persons (not exceeding four in number to be the Directors of the Company), and may from time to time define, limit, and restrict their powers and may at any time remove any Director howsoever appointed, and may at any time convene a General Meeting of the Company. Every such appointment and removal of a Director must be in writing under the hand of the Governing Director.

The said Don Philip Alexander Wijewardene may at any time, by notice in writing to the Company, resign his office of Governing Director, and shall, *ipso facto*, vacate the same if he be found lunatic or become of unsound mind; and if he shall resign his said office, he shall, if willing to act, become an ordinary Director.

89. *Remuneration to Governing Director.*—The said Don Philip Alexander Wijewardene, whilst holding the office of Governing Director, shall be entitled to remuneration for his services as may from time to time be arranged by the Director, and shall give such time and attention to the affairs of the Company as he shall think fit.

ORDINARY DIRECTORS.

90. Whilst the said Don Philip Alexander Wijewardene holds the office of Governing Director the ordinary Directors shall be such persons, if any (not exceeding four in number), as he shall from time to time appoint under the power in that behalf hereinbefore given to him; and upon the said Don Philip Alexander Wijewardene ceasing to be the Governing Director, a General Meeting of the Company shall forthwith be convened for the purpose of appointing Directors and determining all matters not herein expressly provided for relating to the future management of the Company by Directors. Such meeting shall be convened by the said Don Philip Alexander Wijewardene, if living and capable of acting, or if he be dead, or does not convene the same within seven days after he ceases to be Governing Director, then by the Directors (if any) in office; and if there are none, or if they do not convene the meeting within seven days after the power to do so arises, then by the holders of at least one-half of the issued capital of the Company for the time being; and for the purposes of this provision the executors or administrators of a deceased shareholder shall be deemed to be the holders of any shares standing in his name. The Directors (if any) in office at the time of the said Don Philip Alexander Wijewardene ceasing to be the Governing Director may act until the holding of the said meeting, but shall (with the exception of the said Don Philip Alexander Wijewardene, if living and capable of acting and willing to act as an ordinary Director) retire at the said meeting, and shall be eligible for election thereat. The qualification of every Director shall be the holding of shares in the Company of the nominal value of Rs. 1,500. As remuneration for their services the ordinary Directors shall be entitled to appropriate a sum not exceeding Two thousand Rupees (Rs. 2,000) annually to be divided between them in such manner as they may determine, but the Company in General Meeting may at any time alter the amount of such remuneration for the future.

91. The following provisions shall, after the said Don Philip Alexander Wijewardene shall have ceased to hold the office of Governing Director, apply, that is to say :—

- (1) The number of Directors shall not be less than two nor more than five.
- (2) The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body.
- (3) A Director shall have the power to nominate, in writing, any person, who is not disapproved of by a majority of the other Directors of the Company, to act as alternate Director for a period (not to exceed six months) in his place, and at his discretion to remove such alternate Director; and on the appointment being made, the alternate Director shall be subject in all respects to the terms and conditions existing with reference to the other Directors of the Company, and each alternate Director, whilst acting in the place of an absent Director, shall exercise and discharge all the duties of the Director he represents, but shall look to such Director solely for his remuneration, and shall not be entitled to claim remuneration from the Company. The instrument appointing or removing an alternate Director shall be deposited at the office before it is acted upon.
- (4) The office of a Director shall be, *ipso facto*, vacated :—
 - (a) If he accepts or holds any other office under the Company, except that of Managing Director, Secretary, Agent, or Manager of the Company's business.
 - (b) If he becomes bankrupt or suspends payment or compounds with his creditors.
 - (c) If he is found lunatic or becomes of unsound mind.
 - (d) If not already holding, he fails within two months of his appointment to acquire or subsequently ceases to hold the required amount of shares to qualify him for office.
 - (e) If he absents himself from the meetings of the Directors during a period of three calendar months without special leave of absence from the Directors. Provided that this provision shall not apply to any Director who shall for the time being be employed or engaged in serving the Company in the United Kingdom or elsewhere outside Ceylon.
 - (f) If by notice in writing to the Company he resigns his office.
 - (g) If the holder or holders of a majority of the shares of the Company request him in writing to resign, or if at a General Meeting of the Company of which due notice shall have been given, Shareholders representing a majority of the issued capital of the Company pass a resolution calling on him to resign; and the office shall become vacant immediately on such resolution being passed.

CONTRACTS BY DIRECTORS.

92. No Director shall be disqualified by his office from contracting with the Company either as vendor, purchaser, or otherwise, nor shall any such contract, or any contract or arrangement entered into by or on behalf of the Company in which any Director shall be in any way interested be avoided, nor shall any Director so contracting or being so interested be liable to account to the Company for any profit realized by any such contract or arrangement by reason of such Director holding that office, or of the fiduciary relation thereby established, but (except in those cases in which his co-Directors shall have knowledge of his interest, and except also in the case of the said Don Philip Alexander Wijewardene, whilst acting as Governing Director) it is declared that the nature of his interest must be disclosed by him at the meeting of Directors at which the contract or arrangement is determined on, if his interest then exists, or in any other case at the first meeting of the Director after the acquisition of his interest, and that except as aforesaid, no Director shall as a Director vote in regard to any contract or arrangement in which he is so interested as aforesaid, and if he do so vote his vote shall not be counted, nor shall he be reckoned in estimating a quorum when any such contract or arrangement is under consideration.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

93. The Directors may meet together for the dispatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings and proceedings, as they may think fit, and may determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Until otherwise determined two Directors shall be a quorum.

94. The said Don Philip Alexander Wijewardene, whilst holding the office of Governing Director and, after he shall have ceased to hold the same, any Director may at any time convene a meeting of the Directors. Questions arising at any meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes, and a Director shall have one vote for every share held by him. Votes may be given either personally or by proxy, but a proxy must be one of the Directors, and must be appointed in writing under the hand of the appointer.

95. The said Don Philip Alexander Wijewardene shall, so long as he remains a Director and is willing to act, be the Chairman of the Directors. Subject as aforesaid, the Directors may elect a Chairman of their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office; but if no such Chairman is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairman is not present at the time appointed for holding the same, the Directors present shall choose some one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.

96. A meeting of the Directors for the time being at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all or any of the authorities, powers, and discretions by or under the regulations of the Company for the time being vested in or exercisable by the Directors generally.

97. The Directors may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as they think fit. Any committee so formed shall, in the exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any regulations that may from time to time be imposed upon it by the Directors.

98. The meetings and proceedings of any such committee, consisting of two or more Shareholders, shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto and are not superseded by any regulations made by the Directors under the last preceding clause.

99. All acts done by any meeting of the Directors, or by a committee of Directors, or by any person acting as a Director, shall, notwithstanding that it shall afterwards be discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of such Directors or persons acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a Director.

100. In the absence of the Governing Director and until he shall otherwise direct, a resolution in writing signed by all the Directors shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted.

101. If any Director, being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra services or to make any special exertions in going to or residing in any particular locality, or otherwise, for any of the purposes of the Company, the Company shall remunerate the Director so doing either by a fixed sum or by a percentage of profits, or otherwise, as may be determined by the Directors, and such remuneration may be either in addition to or in substitution for his or their ordinary remuneration.

MINUTES.

102. The Directors shall cause minutes to be duly entered in books provided for the purpose :—

- (1) Of all appointments of officers.
- (2) Of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors, and of any committee of Directors.

(3) Of all orders made by the Directors and committees of Directors.

(4) Of all resolutions and proceedings of General Meetings and of Meetings of the Directors and committees.

And any such minutes of any meeting of the Directors or of any committee or of the Company, if purporting to be signed by the Chairman of such meeting or by the Chairman of the next succeeding meeting, shall be receivable as *prima facie* evidence of the matters stated in such minutes.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS.

103. Subject and without prejudice to the provisions of clause 88 hereof, the management of the business of the Company shall be vested in the Directors, who, in addition to the powers and authorities by these presents or otherwise expressly conferred upon them, may exercise all such powers and do all such acts and things as may be exercised or done by the Company, and are not hereby or by the Ordinance expressly directed or required to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting, but subject nevertheless to the provisions of the Ordinance and of these presents and to any regulations from time to time made by the Company in General Meeting; provided that no regulations so made shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made.

104. Without prejudice to the general powers conferred by the last preceding clause and the other powers conferred by these presents, it is hereby expressly declared that the Directors shall have the following powers, that is to say, power:—

- (1) To pay the costs, charges, and expenses, preliminary and incidental, to the promotion, formation, establishment, and registration of the Company.
 - (2) To purchase or otherwise acquire for the Company any property, rights, or privileges which the Company is authorized to acquire at such price, and generally on such terms and conditions as they think fit.
 - (3) At their discretion to pay for any property, rights, or privileges acquired by, or service rendered to the Company, either wholly or partially in cash or in shares, bonds, debentures, or other securities of the Company, and any such shares may be issued as either fully paid up or with such amount credited as paid up thereon, as may be agreed upon; and any such bonds, debentures, or other securities may be either specifically charged upon all or any part of the property of the Company and its uncalled capital or not so charged.
 - (4) To secure the fulfilment of any contracts or engagements entered into by the Company by mortgage or charge of all or any of the property of the Company and its unpaid capital for the time being, or in such other manner as they think fit.
 - (5) To appoint, and at their discretion, remove or suspend such managers, secretaries, officers, clerks, agents, or servants for permanent, temporary, or special services, as they may from time to time think fit, and to determine their powers and duties, and fix their salaries or emoluments, and to require security in such instances and to such amount as they think fit.
 - (6) To appoint any person or persons (whether incorporated or not) to accept and hold in trust for the Company any property belonging to the Company or in which it is interested, or for any other purposes, and to execute and do all such deeds and things as may be requisite in relation to any such trust, and to provide for the remuneration of such trustee or trustees.
 - (7) To institute, conduct, defend, compound, or abandon any legal proceedings by and against the Company or its officers or otherwise concerning the affairs of the Company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due, and of any claims or demands by or against the Company.
 - (8) To refer any claims or demands by or against the Company to arbitration, and observe and perform the awards.
 - (9) To make and give receipts, releases, and other discharges for money payable to the Company and for the claims and demands of the Company.
 - (10) To determine who shall be entitled to sign on the Company's behalf bills, notes, receipts, acceptances, indorsements, cheques, releases, contracts, and documents.
 - (11) To invest and deal with any of the moneys of the Company not immediately required for the purposes thereof upon such securities and in such manner as they may think fit, and from time to time to vary or realize such investments.
 - (12) To execute in the name and on behalf of the Company in favour of any Director or other person who may incur or be about to incur any personal liability for the benefit of the Company, such mortgages of the Company's property (present and future), as they think fit, and any such mortgage may contain a power of sale and such other powers, covenants, and provisions as shall be agreed upon.
 - (13) To give to any officer or other person employed by the Company a commission on the profits of any particular business or transaction, or a share in the general profits of the Company, and any such commission or share of profits shall be treated as part of the working expenses of the Company.
 - (14) Before recommending any dividend, to set aside out of the profits of the Company in any year—
 - (a) Such sums as they think proper as a reserve fund to meet contingencies, or for equalising dividends, or for repairing, improving, or maintaining any of the property of the Company, and for such other purposes as the Directors shall in their absolute discretion think conducive to the interests of the Company, and to invest the several sums so set aside upon such investments (other than shares of the Company) as they may think fit, and from time to time to deal with and vary such investments, and dispose of all or any part thereof, for the benefit of the Company, and to divide the reserve fund into such special funds as they think fit, with full power to employ the assets constituting the reserve fund in the business of the Company, and that without being bound to keep the same separate from the other assets; and
 - (b) Such sums (hereinafter referred to as the "Special Distribution Fund") as they think proper for distribution amongst those Shareholders of the Company who, in the opinion of the Directors, have at any time, whether during such year or previously, by introducing customers or otherwise supporting or bringing or influencing to be brought business to the Company, contributed to the profits of the Company in that year, and to distribute such sums amongst those Shareholders in such shares and proportions as the Directors shall (regard being had to the benefit derived by the Company during that year from the customers, support or business so introduced, brought or influenced to be brought by them respectively) deem fair and proper.
 - (15) From time to time to make, vary, and repeal bye-laws for the regulation of the business of the Company, its officers, and servants, or any section thereof.
 - (16) To enter into all such negotiations and contracts, and rescind and vary all such contracts, and execute and do all such acts, deeds, and things in the name and on behalf of the Company as they consider expedient for or in relation to any of the matters aforesaid, or otherwise for the purposes of the Company.
105. The Directors may from time to time provide for the management of the affairs of the Company abroad in such manner as they shall think fit, and the provisions contained in the six next following paragraphs shall be without prejudice to the general powers conferred by this paragraph:—
- (1) The Directors from time to time, and at any time, may establish any local boards or agencies for managing any of the affairs of the Company abroad, and may appoint any persons to be members of such local board or any managers or agents, and may fix their remuneration.

- (2) The Directors from time to time, and at any time, may delegate to any person so appointed any of the powers, authorities, and discretions for the time being vested in the Directors, and may authorize the members for the time being of any such local board, or any of them, to fill up any vacancies therein, and to act notwithstanding vacancies; and any such appointment or delegation may be made on such terms and subject to such conditions as the Directors may think fit; and the Directors may at any time remove any person so appointed, and may annul or vary any such delegation.
- (3) The Directors may at any time and from time to time, by power of attorney under the seal, appoint any persons to be the attorneys of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities, and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Directors under these presents), and for such period and subject to such conditions as the Directors may from time to time think fit, and any such appointment may (if the Directors think fit) be made in favour of the members or any of the members of any local board established as aforesaid, or in favour of any company, or of the members, directors, nominees, or managers of any company or firm, or otherwise in favour of any fluctuating body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Directors; and any such power of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection or convenience of persons dealing with such attorneys as the Directors think fit.
- (4) Any such delegates or attorneys as aforesaid may be authorized by the Directors to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities, and discretions for the time being vested in them.
- (5) The Company may cause to be kept in any place in which it transacts business a branch Register of Shareholders resident in such place, and the Directors may from time to time make such provisions as they may think fit, respecting the keeping of any such branch register.
- (6) The Directors may comply with the requirements of any local law which in their opinion it shall in the interests of the Company be necessary or expedient to comply with.

THE SEAL.

106. The Directors shall provide for the safe custody of the seal, and the seal shall never be used except by the authority of the Directors or a committee of the Directors previously given, and in the presence of two Directors at least, who shall sign every instrument to which the seal is affixed.

ACCOUNTS.

107. *What accounts to be kept.*—The Agent or Secretary or the Agents or Secretaries for the time being, or, if there be no Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries, the Directors shall cause true accounts to be kept of the paid-up capital for the time being of the Company, and of all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and of the matters in respect of which such receipts and expenditure take place, and of the assets, credits, and liabilities of the Company, and generally of all its commercial, financial, and other affairs, transactions, and engagements, and of all other matters necessary for showing the true financial state and condition of the Company; and the accounts shall be kept in such books and in such a manner at the registered office of the Company as the Directors think fit.

108. *Accounts how and when open to inspection.*—The Directors shall from time to time determine whether, and to what extent, and at what times and places, and under what conditions or regulations, the accounts and books of the Company or of any of them shall be open to the inspection of the Shareholders, and no Shareholder shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company, except as conferred by the Ordinance or authorized by the Directors, or by a resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

109. *Statement of accounts and balance sheet to be furnished to General Meeting.*—At the Ordinary General Meeting in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company a statement of the profit and loss account for the preceding financial year, and a balance sheet containing a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company made up as at the end of the same period.

110. *Report to accompany statement.*—Every such statement shall be accompanied by a report as to the state and condition of the Company, and as to the amount which they recommend to be paid out of the profits by way of dividend or bonus to the Shareholders, and the amount (if any) which they propose to carry to the Reserve Fund or Special Distribution Fund according to the provisions in that behalf hereinbefore contained and the statement, report, and balance sheet shall be signed by the Directors.

111. *Copy of balance sheet to be sent to the Shareholders.*—A printed copy of such balance sheet shall, at least seven days previous to such meeting, be delivered at, or posted to, the registered address of every Shareholder.

DIVIDENDS, BONUS, AND RESERVE FUND.

112. *Declaration of dividend.*—The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, from time to time declare a dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders in proportion to the amounts paid on their shares, but no dividend or bonus shall be payable except out of nett profits.

113. Any General Meeting may direct payment of any dividend declared at such meeting or of any interim dividends which may subsequently be declared by the Directors, wholly or in part in sterling by means of drafts or cheques on London, or by the distribution of specific assets, and in particular of paid up shares, debentures, or debenture stock of the Company or of any other company, or in any other form of specie, or in any one or more of such ways, and the Directors shall give effect to such direction; and where any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution, they may settle the same as they think expedient, and in particular may issue fractional certificates, and may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof, and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any Shareholder upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties.

114. *Interim dividend.*—The Directors may also, if they think fit, from time to time and at any time, without the sanction of a General Meeting, determine on and declare an interim dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders on account and in anticipation of the dividend for the then current year.

115. *Unpaid interest or dividend not to bear interest.*—No unpaid interest, or dividend, or bonus shall ever bear interest against the Company.

116. *No Shareholder to receive dividend while debt due to Company.*—No Shareholder shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividend or bonus in respect of his share or shares whilst any moneys may be due or owing from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company in respect of such share or shares, or otherwise howsoever.

117. *Directors may deduct debt from the dividends.*—The Directors may deduct from the dividend or bonus payable to any Shareholder all sums of money due from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company, and notwithstanding such sums shall not be payable until after the date when such dividend is payable.

118. *Dividends may be paid by cheque or warrant and sent through the post.*—Unless otherwise directed any dividend may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post to the registered address of the Shareholder entitled, or, in the case of joint-holders, to the registered address of that one whose name stands first on the register in respect of the joint-holding; but the Company shall not be liable or responsible for the loss of any such cheque or dividend warrant sent through the post.

119. *Notice of dividend; forfeiture of unclaimed dividend.*—Notice of all dividends or bonuses to become payable shall be given to each Shareholder entitled thereto; and all dividends or bonuses unclaimed by any Shareholder for three years after notice thereof is given may be forfeited by a resolution of the Board of Directors for the benefit of the Company, and, if the Directors think fit, may be applied in augmentation of the reserve fund. For the purposes of this clause any cheques or warrants which may be issued for dividends or bonuses and may not be presented at the Company's bankers for payment within three years shall rank as unclaimed dividends.

120. *Shares held by a firm.*—Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any partner of such firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm.

121. *Joint-holders other than a firm.*—Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by several persons jointly, other than a firm, may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any one of such persons.

AUDIT.

122. *Accounts to be audited.*—The accounts of the Company shall from time to time be examined, and the correctness of the balance sheet and profit and loss account ascertained by one or more Auditor or Auditors.

123. *Qualification of Auditors.*—No person shall be eligible as an Auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Shareholder in any transaction of the Company, but an Auditor shall not be debarred from acting as a professional accountant in doing any special work for the Company which the Directors may deem necessary. It shall not be a necessary qualification for an Auditor that he be a Shareholder of the Company, and no Director or officer of the Company shall, during his continuance in office, be eligible as an Auditor.

124. *Appointment and retirement of Auditors.*—The Directors shall appoint the first Auditor or Auditors of the Company and fix his or their remuneration; all future Auditors, except as is hereinafter mentioned, shall be appointed at the First Ordinary General Meeting of the Company in each year by the Shareholders present thereat, and shall hold their office only until the First Ordinary General Meeting after their respective appointments, or until otherwise ordered by a General Meeting.

125. *Retiring Auditors eligible for re-election.*—Retiring Auditors shall be eligible for re-election.

126. *Remuneration of Auditors.*—The remuneration of the Auditors other than the first shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting, and this remuneration may from time to time be varied by a General Meeting.

127. *Casual vacancy in number of Auditors how filled up.*—If any vacancy that may occur in the office of Auditor shall not be supplied at any Ordinary General Meeting, or if any casual vacancy shall occur, the Directors shall (subject to the approval of the next Ordinary General Meeting) fill up the vacancy by the appointment of a person who shall hold the office until such meeting.

128. *Duty of Auditor.*—Every Auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet and profit and loss account intended to be laid before the next Ordinary General Meeting, and it shall be his duty to examine the same with the accounts and vouchers relating thereto, and to report thereon to the meeting, generally or specially, as he may think fit.

129. *Company's accounts to be opened to Auditors for audit.*—All accounts, books, and documents whatsoever of the Company shall at all times be open to the Auditors for the purpose of audit.

NOTICES.

130. *Notice how authenticated.*—Notices from the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed or written) of the Agent or Secretary, Agents or Secretaries, or other persons appointed by the Board to do so.

131. *Shareholders to register address.*—Every Shareholder shall furnish the Company with an address in Ceylon, which shall be deemed to be his place of abode, and shall be registered as such in the books of the Company.

132. *Service of notices.*—A notice may be served by the Company upon any Shareholder, either personally or by sending it through the post in a prepaid letter, addressed to such Shareholder at his registered address or place of abode; and any notice so served shall be deemed to be well served for all purposes, notwithstanding that the Shareholder to whom such notice is addressed be dead, unless his executors or administrators shall have given to the Directors, or to the Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries of the Company, their own or some other address in Ceylon.

133. *Notice to joint-holders of shares other than a firm.*—All notices directed to be given to shareholders shall, with respect to any share to which persons other than a firm are jointly entitled, be sufficient if given to any one of such persons, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares.

134. *Date and proof of service.*—Any notice if served by post shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the letter containing the same would in ordinary course of post have been delivered at its address, and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and put into a post box or posted at a post office and the entry in the Company's books of the leaving or sending by post of any notice at or to such address shall be sufficient evidence thereof, and no further evidence shall be necessary.

135. *Non-resident Shareholders must register addresses in Ceylon.*—Every shareholder resident out of Ceylon shall name and register in the books of the Company an address within Ceylon at which all notices shall be served upon him, and all notices served at such address shall be deemed to be well served. If he shall not have named and registered such an address, he shall not be entitled to any notice.

All notices required to be given by advertisement shall be published in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*.

ARBITRATION.

136. *Directors may refer disputes to arbitration.*—Whenever any question or other matter whatsoever arises in dispute between the Company and any other company or person, the same may be referred by the Directors to arbitration.

EVIDENCE.

137. *Evidence in action by Company against Shareholders.*—On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought or instituted by the Company against any Shareholder or his representatives to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is or was when the claim arose, on the register of Shareholders of the Company as a holder of the number of shares in respect of which such claim is made, and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company; and it shall not be necessary to prove the registration of the Company, nor the appointment of the Directors who made any call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made, nor that the meeting at which any call was made, was duly convened or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

PROVISIONS RELATIVE TO WINDING UP OR DISSOLUTION OF THE COMPANY.

138. *Purchase of Company's property by Shareholders.*—Any Shareholder, whether a Director or not, or whether alone or jointly with any other Shareholder or Director, and any person not a Shareholder, may become the purchaser of the property of the Company or any part thereof, in the event of a winding up or a dissolution, or at any other time when a sale of the Company's property or effects or any part thereof shall be made by the Directors under the powers hereby or under the Ordinance conferred upon them.

139. *Distribution.*—If the Company shall be wound up and there shall be any surplus assets after payment of all debts and satisfaction of all liabilities of the Company, such surplus assets shall be applied, first, in repaying to the holders of the preference shares (if any) the amounts that may be due to them, whether by way of capital only or by way of capital and dividend or arrears of dividend or otherwise in accordance with the rights, privileges, and conditions attached thereto and the balance in repaying to the holders of the ordinary shares the amounts paid up or reckoned as paid up on such ordinary shares. If after such payments there shall remain any surplus assets, such surplus assets shall be divided among the ordinary shareholders in proportion to the capital paid up, or reckoned as paid up, on the shares which are held by them respectively at the commencement of the winding up, unless the conditions attached to the preference shares expressly entitled such shares to participate in such surplus assets.

140. *Payment in specie, and vesting in trustees.*—If the Company shall be wound up, the liquidator, whether voluntary or official, may, with the sanction of an extraordinary resolution, divide among the contributories in specie any part of the assets of the Company, and may, with their sanction, vest any part of the assets of the Company in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories as the liquidator, with like sanction, shall think fit.

In witness whereof the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereunto set and subscribed their names, at Colombo, this Twenty-sixth day of August, 1919.

DON PHILIP A. WIJEWARDENE.
D. L. WIJEWARDENE.
FELIX F. MARTINUS.
D. C. WIJEWARDENE.
D. WALTER WIJEWARDENE.
D. A. T. WIJEWARDENE.
N. RICHARD SILVA.

Witness to the above signatures :

STANLEY F. DE SARAM,
Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo.

[Second Publication.]

The Hatton Estate Company of Ceylon, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the registered office of the Company, No. 2, Queen street, Colombo, on Tuesday, October 7, 1919, at noon.

Business.

To consider, and if approved, to pass the following resolution, namely:—

“That the Directors be, and they are hereby authorized to accept an offer of £29,500 sterling for Hatton estate, and other the assets of the Company as a going concern as at June 30, 1919, save and except cash in hand and at the Banks on June 30, 1919, and all debts (other than coast advances) due to the Company prior to or on June 30, 1919, and on acceptance of such offer and payment of the purchase money to execute all deeds and documents necessary or proper for completing the sale.”

By order of the Board,

WHITTALL & Co.,
Colombo, September 24, 1919. Agents and Secretaries.

Arcadia Coconut Estates, Limited:

In the District Court of Colombo.

No. 850
Special. In the matter of the Arcadia Coconut Estates, Limited (and reduced), and in the matter of “The Joint Stock Companies Ordinances, 1861, 1888, and 1893.”

NOTICE is hereby given that a petition presented to the District Court of Colombo on the 3rd day of September, 1919, for confirming a special resolution reducing the capital of the above-mentioned Company from Rs. 2,000,000 to Rs. 1,912,340 by cancellation of 8,766 shares issued to the vendors in part payment of the purchase price of Arcadia estate, which have been surrendered by the Vendors to or for the benefit of the Company, is directed to be heard before William Wadsworth, Esq., District Judge of Colombo, on the 29th day of September, 1919, at 11 A.M.

Any creditors or shareholders of the Company desiring to oppose the making of an order for the reduction of the capital of the said Company under the above acts should appear at the time of hearing by himself or his counsel for that purpose.

Dated at Colombo, this 9th day of September, 1919.

By order of Court,

V. R. MOLDRICH,
Secretary.

Purchase and Management of Business of Joseph & Co.

NOTICE is hereby given to the public that I, Soovanna Muttuswami Pillay, of No. 184, Sea street, Colombo, have purchased the business of Joseph & Co., as a going

concern, together with the stock-in-trade, goodwill, &c., upon deed No. 271 dated June 18, 1919, attested by Mr. D. E. Weerasooria of Colombo, Notary Public; and that I have appointed Messrs. Justinian Marshall Alvares and Thomas Baltaazar Alvares of Colombo, attorneys, for the management of the said business.

சு. முத்துசாமிப்பிள்ளை.
184, Sea street, SOOVANNA MUTTUSWAMI PILLAY.
Colombo, September 19, 1919.

Auction Sale.

FOR the recovery of Rs. 500, interest, and costs in D. C. case No. 51,931, Colombo, I shall sell on Saturday, October 18, at 10 A.M.; at the spot, all that defined portion of the land known as Kadurugahawatta, with all the plantations and buildings standing thereon, situated at Nagoda, in the Ragam pattu of Aitukuru korale, in the District of Colombo, Western Province, in extent about 1 rood more or less.

Further particulars can be had from Messrs. Joseph & Rustomjee, Proctors, Hulftsdorp, or from—

37, Hulftsdorp street,
September 25, 1919.

S. H. S. JOSEPH,
Auctioneer.

Auction Sale.

FOR the recovery of Rs. 870, interest and costs in case No. 51,646, D. C., Colombo, I shall sell on Saturday, October 18, at 9 A.M., at the spot, the land known as Kongahawatta, with the plantations, &c., situated at Welisara, in the Ragam pattu of Aitukuru korale, in the District of Colombo, Western Province, in extent about 4 bushels paddy sowing, (vide notice the local papers and posters).

For further particulars apply to Messrs. Joseph & Rustomjee, Proctors, Hulftsdorp, or to—

37, Hulftsdorp street,
September 25, 1919.

S. H. S. JOSEPH,
Auctioneer.

Auction Sale.

FOR the recovery of Rs. 660, interest, and costs in D. C., case No. 51,865, Colombo, I shall sell at the spot, on Saturday, October 18, at 11 A.M., the land known as Kadurugahawatta, with all the plantations and buildings, &c., exclusive of the house bordering the high road and grounds appertaining thereof, in extent about 1 acre and 1 rood.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. Joseph & Rustomjee, Proctors, or to—

37, Hulftsdorp street,
September 25, 1919.

S. H. S. JOSEPH,
Auctioneer.

Auction Sale.

IN execution of a decree entered against Hettiaratchige Romanis & Nera of Bollette, in the Ragam pattu of Alutkuru Korale, in the District of Colombo, Western Province, in case No. 51,935, for the recovery of Rs. 400, interest, and costs, I shall sell at their respective spots the following properties on Saturday, October 18, 1919:—

At 1.30 P.M.

(1) All those undivided $\frac{3}{32}$ part of the field known as Imbulgahakumbura, in extent 3 bushels paddy sowing.

At 2 P.M.

(2) All those undivided $\frac{9}{32}$ parts of the land known as Imbulgahawatta, with the buildings and plantation, in extent about 2 acres.

At 2.30 P.M.

(3) All those undivided $\frac{9}{32}$ parts of the land known as Makulagahawatta, with the plantation thereon, in extent about 2 acres.

At 3 P.M.

(4) All that undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ part of the land known as Millagahawatta, with the plantation thereon, in extent about 2 acres.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. Joseph & Rustomjee, Proctors, or to—

37, Hulftsdorp street,
September 25, 1919.

S. H. S. JOSEPH,
Auctioneer.

Auction Sale of Valuable Property Under Mortgage Decree.

UNDER and by virtue of a decree entered in case No. 51,705 of the District Court of Colombo, and a commission issued to me in the said case, I shall put up for sale by public auction on Tuesday, October 21, 1919—

At 1 P.M., at the spot.

All these three contiguous allotments of land, with the buildings standing thereon, situated at St Sebastian street, Colombo, bearing present assessment Nos. 47, 47/1-9, 48, 48/1-3, 55A/1-37, containing in extent 1 rood and 38 perches and $\frac{40}{100}$ of a square perch.

At 5.30 P.M. on the same day at the spot.

All that garden, with the building standing thereon, situated at Jampettah street, Colombo, bearing assessment Nos. 37 and 38, containing in extent 25 $\frac{89}{100}$ square perches.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. T. D. & E. L. Mack, Proctors, 121, Hulftsdorp, Colombo, or to me:

A. Y. DANIEL
(of A. Y. DANIEL & SON),
Auctioneer.
4, Baillie street, Fort.
Phone 289.

Auction Sale of Property at Belingwatta, in Kotahena.

UNDER decree in case No. 13,616, D. C., Negombo, entered in favour of the plaintiff S. T. K. N. S. R. M. Ramanaden Chetty of Negombo, against the defendants (1) John Adrian Casichitty and (2) Wilfred John Casichitty, both of Negombo, and by virtue of the order issued to me for the recovery of the amount therein stated, I shall sell the under-mentioned property, mortgaged by bonds No. 14,762 dated January 10, 1918, and No. 15,214 dated May 29, 1918, both attested by T. H. de Silva, Notary, by public auction, at the spot, at 11 A.M., on Saturday, October 18, 1919, to wit:—

The land of two contiguous lots, i.e., the land called Belingwatta of about 2 roods and the portion divided and separated for the $\frac{1}{4}$ share of the land called Belingwatta of about 1 acre and 2 roods, situated at Belingwatta, in Kotahena, within the gravets and in the District of Colombo, Western Province, in extent about 2 roods, as a primary and a secondary mortgage.

Further particulars from S. K. Wijayaratanam, Esq., Proctor, Supreme Court, and Notary, Negombo, or—

Negombo, September 23, 1919.

M. P. KURERA,
Auctioneer.

Auction Sale of Properties at Kudagammana and Pallegama, in the Districts of Negombo and Kurunegala.

UNDER decree in case No. 13,110, D. C., Negombo, entered in favour of the plaintiff Jayakodiatchige Don Migel Appuhamy of Balagalla, against the defendant Mutukuda-aratchige Herath Appuhamy of Kudagammana, presently residing at Etambe, and by virtue of the order issued to me for the recovery of the amount therein stated, I shall sell the under-mentioned properties mortgaged by bonds Nos. 15,705 and 16,229 dated January 11, 1915, and August 26, 1915, respectively, and attested by J. W. P. Samarasekera, Notary, by public auction, at the respective spots, on Monday, October 20, 1919, to wit:—

At 1 P.M.

1. The land called Kahatagahawatta, situate at Kudagammana, in Yatigaha pattu of the Hapitigam korale, in the District of Negombo, Western Province, in extent about 1 acre and 2 roods. Of this land, the undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share, with the buildings thereon.

At 2.30 P.M.

2. The portion A 2 divided and separated on the judgment in partition suit No. 4,418, D. C., Kurunegala, given on November 13, 1914, out of the land called Bogahawatta, situate at Pallegama, in Katugampola Medapattu korale in Katugampola hatpattu, in the District of Kurunegala, North-Western Province, in extent 1 acre and 2 perches. Of this portion, the undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share, with the buildings thereon.

At 2.45 P.M.

3. The portion B mentioned in the said decree of the land called Madawalahena, situate at Pallegama aforesaid, in extent 1 acre 1 rood and 39 perches. Of this portion of land, the undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share, with the buildings thereon.

At 3 P.M.

4. The portion bearing B from the land called Ketakelagamulawatta, situate at Pallegama aforesaid, in extent 1 acre 2 roods and 23 perches. Of this portion, the undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share, and the buildings thereon.

Further particulars from Messrs. Amerasinghe & Ranasinghe, Proctors and Notaries, Negombo, or—

Negombo, September 23, 1919.

M. P. KURERA,
Auctioneer.

Auction Sale of Valuable Properties at Welihinda, in the District of Negombo.

UNDER decree in case No. 13,619, D. C., Negombo, entered in favour of the plaintiff Jayakodiatchige Don Migel Appuhamy of Balagalla, against the defendants (1) Danansuriya Appuhamillage Sarichchi Nona and his band (2) Wanigasundra Appuhamillage Bempy Appuhamy, both of Welihinda, and by virtue of the order issued to me for the recovery of the amount therein stated, I shall sell the under-mentioned properties, mortgaged by bond No. 568 dated February 3, 1913, and attested by D. L. E. Amerasinghe, Notary, by public auction, at the respective spots, on Monday, October 20, 1919, commencing at 4.15 P.M., to wit:—

1. The undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share of the land called Balipitiyawatta, and of the buildings standing thereon, situate at Welihinda, in Yatigaha pattu of the Hapitigam korale, in the District of Negombo, Western Province, in extent 5 acres and 2 roods.

2. The undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share of the land called Nimmadawatta, situate at Welihinda aforesaid, in extent 3 acres and 38 perches.

3. The undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share of the field called Thoreliyadda, situate at Welihinda aforesaid, containing about 6 parras of paddy sowing extent.

Further particulars from Messrs. Amerasinghe and Ranasinghe, Proctors and Notaries, Negombo, or—

Negombo, September 23, 1919.

M. P. KURERA,
Auctioneer.

Auction Sale of Properties at Rangammulla and Naththandiya, in the District of Chilaw.

UNDER decree in case No. 13,633, D. C., Negombo, entered in favour of the plaintiff Mena China, Kana Thina Meiappa Chetty, by his attorney Mena China Kana Thina Narayanan Chetty of Negombo, against the defendants (1) Nanayakkara Warnakulapatabendige Amaris Perera and wife, (2) Amerasinghe Aratchige Barbera Perera, both of Nainamadama, and surety (3) Warnakulasuriya Gamage Santiago Geraldu Fernando of Rangammulla, and by virtue of the order issued to me for the recovery of the amount therein stated, I shall sell the under-mentioned properties, mortgaged by bond No. 22 dated April 14, 1917, and attested by E. C. F. J. Senanayake, Notary, by public auction, at the respective spots, on Tuesday, October 21, 1919, to wit:—

At 2.30 P.M.

1. All that $\frac{1}{2}$ share of the land formed of Kirikottan-gahawattakumbura and Ambagahawatta, situate at Rangammulla in Kammal pattu of Pitigal korale in the District of Chilaw, North-Western Province, in extent about 4 acres, as a primary mortgage.

At 4 P.M.

2. All that land described in deed No. 34,665 and attested by P. M. A. Fernando, Notary, and dated March 28, 1917, and appearing in title plan No. 72,601, and situated at Naththandiya in Meda palata of Pitigal korale aforesaid, in extent 1 acre and 10 perches, as a secondary mortgage.

Further particulars from P. D. F. de Croos, Esq., Proctor Supreme Court, and Notary, Negombo, or—

Negombo, September 23, 1919. M. P. KURERA,
Auctioneer.

Auction Sale of Property at Pahala Thalampola, in the District of Kurunegala.

UNDER decree in case No. 13,720, D. C., Negombo, entered in favour of the plaintiff Kawanna Suna Pana Sula Suppramaniam Chetty of Negombo, against the defendant Uswattalianage Elaris Perera Jayasinghe of Mahawewa, and by virtue of the order issued to me for the recovery of the amount therein stated, I shall sell the under-mentioned property, mortgaged by bond No. 391, dated July 6, 1917, and attested by Gregory de Zoysa, Notary, by public auction, at the spot, at 4 P.M., on Thursday, October 23, 1919, to wit:—

All that allotment of land called Othemukalana, being lot 5 in P. P. 1,392, situate at Pahala Thalampola, in Kinyama korale of Katugampola hatpattu, in the District of Kurunegala, North-Western Province, containing in extent, exclusive of Maha-ela passing through the land, 48 acres 1 rood and 2 perches according to plan No. 313,770, dated June 24, 1915, authenticated by R. S. Templeton, Surveyor-General, as a primary mortgage.

Further particulars from Messrs. de Zoysa & Perera, Proctors, Negombo, or—

Negombo, September 23, 1919. M. P. KURERA,
Auctioneer.

Auction Sale.

In the District Court of Galle.

E. A. Beralhamy Baas of Dangedera in Galle . . . Plaintiff.
No. 15,235. Vs.

Abdu Salam Hajjar Mohammedo Freda of Talapitiya, administrator of the estate of Meera Lebbe Markar, Abdu Salam Hajjar, deceased . . . Defendant.

UNDER and by virtue of the decree entered in the above case and the order issued therein, I shall sell by public auction, at the spot, on October 18, 1919, at 2.30 P.M., the following property specially bound and executable for the recovery of the amount of the said decree:—

All that and those the lands Kambarangahawatta and Daluwatta (exclusive of the planter's shares of the second plantations), situate at Galupiadda in Galle, in extent 1 rood and 31 perches.

CHAS. M. GOONASEKARA,
Auctioneer.

Auction Sale of a Valuable Rubber Estate called Uranwala-kele, situated in Igala Village, in Bentota-Walallawiti Korale, Galle District. Crown Title.

A Rare Opportunity for *Copyists*.

Under Mortgage Decree, D. C., Galle, No. 17141.

UNDER and by virtue of the decree entered in the above case in favour of Thomas Stanley Saywell, of 89, Pitt street, Sydney, New South Wales, against Kalumini James Silva of Madape and Kalumini James Silva of Igala village, Bentota-Walallawiti Korale, I will sell by public auction on Saturday, October 11, 1919, commencing at 2 P.M., at the spot, two allotments of land, which will be sold in one block, in extent 77 acres 2 roods and 18 perches:—

(1) All that defined northern portion of land called Uranwalakele, situated in Igala village, in Bentota-Walallawiti korale of the Galle District, together with the rubber plantation and everything on the said defined portion; which is bounded on the north by lots 281c and 344 in P. P. 561, on the east by lots 281A, P. P. 561, on the south by the defined southern portion of this land, and on the west by lots 342 in P. P. 561; containing in extent about 8 acres 2 roods and 18 perches.

(2) All that defined southern portion of the land Uranwelakele, situated in Igala village aforesaid; and which defined portion is bounded on the north by the defined northern portion of this land of the extent of 8 acres 2 roods and 18 perches, now planted with rubber and lot 280 in P. P. 561, on the east by lots 280 in P. P. 561, on the south by lots 267, 282, 281b, and 284 in P. P. 561, and on the west by lots 284, 283, and 281b in P. P. 561; containing in extent 69 acres.

About 45 acres of the land is planted with rubber 3 to 7 years old, the balance being in high jungle. The land is close to a number of Elpitiya estates, and is only about $\frac{1}{2}$ of a mile from the main road.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. F. J. & G. de Saram, Proctors, Supreme Court, Colombo, or R. A. H. de Vos, Proctor, Supreme Court, Galle.

Galle, September 15, 1919. R. L. EPHRAUMS,
Auctioneer.

Auction Sale.

In the District Court of Galle.

Pandita Vidanage Mathes Goonawardana of Tirana-gama . . . Plaintiff.
No. 16,119. Vs.

(1) Welatantiri Gurunnanselage Don Charles Welaratna Appuhamy, (2) Allisandage P. Disinno Appu, (3) Wadduwa Palliyaguru Kelage Noris Sinno Appuhamy, all of Kaikawala in Indurugama. Defendants.

BY virtue of a commission issued to me in the above case to recover the sum of Rs. 868.74, with interest thereon at 9 per cent. per annum from August 19, 1918, till payment in full, and costs of suit, I will sell by public auction on Saturday, October 11, 1919, commencing at 3 P.M., at the spots:—

1. All those undivided $\frac{1}{450}$ part of the soil and of the soil share of the fruit trees of Kosgahawatta, in extent about 4 acres, situate at Kaikawala aforesaid; and bounded on the north by Galaganawatta and Bendigodawatta, east by wela, south by Medawatta, and west by the high road; together with an undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ part of the 9 cubits tiled house standing thereon, an undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ part of the planter's half share of the first plantation made on the western side, and $\frac{1}{2}$ part of the planter's half share of the plantation made by Welatantiri Gurunnanselage Panel de Silva.

2. All that undivided $\frac{1}{90}$ part of the soil and of the fruit trees of Pansalalangawatta alias Wellabodawatta, in extent about 3 acres 1 rood and 3 perches, situate at Kaikawala aforesaid; and bounded on the north by Bogahawatta alias Gederawatta, east by Godellewatta, south by Kanattawatta alias Wataladdagalpothwela, and west by wela.

3. All those undivided $\frac{2}{75}$ and $\frac{1}{111}$ parts of the soil and of the fruit trees of Kiripellagahawatta, in extent about 3 acres, situate at Kaikawala aforesaid; and bounded on the north by Pashaulwatta, east by Nawasigahawatta, south by Kahatagahawatta, and west by wela.

4. All that undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ part of Etawalakele, in extent about 4 acres and 8 perches, situate at Induruwa aforesaid; and bounded on the north by the Crown Etawalakele and Kalugalaudumulla claimed by Don Abraham and others, east by Kalugala Udumulla claimed by Don Abraham and others, south by the land described in plan No. 151,393, and west by the high road.

J. H. D. ABEYGOONEWARDENE,
Galle, September 17, 1919. Licensed Auctioneer.

Auction Sale.

UNDER commission issued to me in insolvency case No. 12, D. C., Matara, I shall offer for sale by public auction at the office of Mr. A. Gunaratne Proctor and Notary, at Weligama, on Saturday, October 4, 1919, at 1.30 P.M., the following lands:—

1. An undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ part of the soil and of the fruit trees of Gedarawatta *alias* Lindamulawatta, in extent about an acre, situate of Denepitiya, in Weligam korale, Matara District.

2. An undivided $\frac{2}{3}$ parts of the soil and of the fruit trees of the divided portion C of Tembiligahakoratuwa at ditto, in extent 18 perches and $\frac{2}{3}$ of 2 perches.

3. The entire soil and fruit trees of Kottadeniyaokandehena, in extent 3 acres 2 roods and 8 perches, situate at Ketanwila, in the said Weligam korale.

4. The entire soil and fruit trees of Habarakadahena, in extent 3 acres 1 rood and 30 perches, except the road.

Further particulars can be obtained from the above-named Proctor.

D. T. WEERASINGHE,
Matara, September 2, 1919. Commissioner.

Auction Sale.

In the District Court of Matara.

Charles Jayasuriya of Colombo, presently of Colombo Plaintiff.
No. 8,556. Vs.

Charles Thomas Weeraratna Jayasuriya of Batuwala Defendant.

UNDER decree in the above case and by virtue of the order to sell issued to me for the recovery of the amount therein stated, I shall sell by public auction, at the office of Mr. Wilmot Balasuriya, Proctor, Fort, Matara, on Saturday, October 11, 1919, at 2 P.M., all the following property, to wit:—

All that undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share of all the fruit trees, including the cinnamon plantation, of the soil, of all the buildings, of the boiler, and of its appurtenances, of the land called Batuwala Kurunduwatta *alias* Debegalahena, also known as Talbot estate, situate at Batuwala, in the Weligam korale, Matara District, and containing in extent 143 acres 3 roods and 16 perches.

For further particulars apply to Wilmot Balasuriya, Esq., Proctor, Supreme Court, Matara, or to me:

S. EDIRIWEERA,
Matara, September 23, 1919. Commissioner.

Auction Sale of Property at Vannarponnai East, in the District of Jaffna.

UNDER decree in case No. 13,710, D. C., Jaffna, entered in favour of the plaintiff Kanapathipillai Sinnatamby of Vannarponnai East, against the defendants (1) Appasamy Nadarasah and wife (2) Vethanayagam of Vannarponnai, and by virtue of the order issued to me for the recovery of the amount therein stated, I shall sell the under-mentioned property by public auction, on Friday, October 17, 1919, at 4.30 P.M.:—

Land situated at Vannarponnai East called Neelakuddimadam, in extent 2 lachams varagu culture, with stone-built house, well, palmyras, and cultivated plantations; bounded on the east by Martin road, north and west by Maria Thankachipillai, wife of Emerson, and south by Sittampalam Ponnasamy; the whole thereof.

S. THURAIYAPPA,
September 23, 1919. Commissioner.

Auction Sale.

UNDER a decree passed in case No. 13,579 of the District Court of Jaffna, and by virtue of a commission issued to me in the said case, I shall put up for sale by public auction at the spot, at 4.30 P.M., on Thursday, October 16, 1919, the following piece of land described to be sold in the above case for the recovery of the judgment amount and costs:—

Land situated at Vannarponnai East called Aluditwarai and Kidaviluntanpallam, in extent 5 lachams paddy culture, with house, cultivated, and spontaneous plantations, and palmyras, and share of well standing in the southern boundary limit; bounded on the east by the property of Theivanai, wife of Vaitilingam, north by the property of Vaitilingam Kandiah and wife Nagammah, west by by-lane, and south by the property of Valuppillai Ilakupilly and wife, Thialmuttu; the whole hereof.

C. CHELLIAH,
Jaffna, September 22, 1919. Commissioner.

Auction Sale of Valuable Property under Mortgage Decree.

In the District Court of Kurunegala.

Subesinghe Mudiasselage Appuhamy, Korala of Handalankawa Plaintiff.
No. 7,303. Vs.

(1) Wawanna Ismr a Lebbe, (2) Wawanna Hadjie Umma,
(3) Ana Kawanna Omeri Lebbe, all of Elabadagama, in Katugampola Medapattu korale Defendants.

BY virtue of the decree entered in the above case and the order issued to me therein, I shall put up for sale by public auction, on Saturday, October 25, 1919, at the spots, commencing at 1 P.M., the following property specially bound and executable for recovery of Rs. 4,606, with further interest on Rs. 800 at 12 per cent. per annum from February 28, 1919, and on Rs. 3,200 at 9 per cent. per annum, and costs Rs. 234.43, viz.:—

1. An undivided $\frac{2}{3}$ shares of the two contiguous portions of land called Horagahamulawatta and the buildings thereon, situate at Elabadagama, in extent of 2 acres 1 rood and 26 perches.

2. An undivided $\frac{2}{3}$ shares of the land called Kekunagahamulawatta, situate at the said village, in extent of 1 acre 3 roods and 31 perches.

3. An undivided $\frac{2}{3}$ shares of the undivided southern $\frac{1}{2}$ share of the land called Kekunagahamulawatta, situate at the said village, in extent 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ acres.

4. An undivided $\frac{2}{3}$ shares of the land called Kahatagahamulawatta *alias* Kosgahamulawatta and the cadjan thatched house thereon, situate at the said village, in extent 2 acres 1 rood and 38 perches.

5. The land called Bulugahamulawatta and Aga-arehinne *alias* Kahatagahamulawatta and buildings thereon, situate at the said village, in extent about 2 bushels kurakkan.

6. An undivided $\frac{2}{3}$ shares of the land called Verlugahamulawatta, situate at the said village, in extent about 6 acres.

For further particulars please apply to Messrs. C. P. & H. Markus, Proctors, Supreme Court, Kurunegala, or

D. M. PERERA,
September 23, 1919. Auctioneer.

Application for Foreign Liquor Licenses, &c.

I hereby give notice that I have this day applied to the Government Agent, Central Province, Kandy, for the license shown in the schedule hereto annexed, for the licensing period ending September 30, 1920:—

Schedule referred to.

Name and address of applicant: J. S. Fernando, King's Hotel, Kandy.

Descriptions of license applied for: Hotel license.
State whether application is for renewal of existing license or for a new license: Renewal of existing license.

Situation of premises to be licensed: 42, King's street, Kandy.
September 19, 1919. J. S. FERNANDO.

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL NOTICES.

MUNICIPALITY OF COLOMBO.

Prices of Foodstuffs, &c., in Colombo on September 24, 1919.

	Per	Wholesale.	Per	Retail.
		Rs. c.		Rs. c.
Paddy, Country ..	Bushel	.. —	.. Measure ..	—
Paddy, Imported ..	do.	.. —	.. do. ..	—
Rice, Country ..	do.	.. —	.. do. ..	—
Rice, Kara ..	do.	.. —	.. do. ..	—
Rice, Kallunda ..	do.	.. —	.. do. ..	—
Rice, Sulai ..	do.	.. —	.. do. ..	—
Rice, Muttusamba ..	do.	.. —	.. do. ..	—
Raw Rice (Rangoon) ..	do.	.. —	.. do. ..	—
Raw Rice (Singapore) ..	do.	.. —	.. do. ..	—
Raw Rice (Batavia) ..	do.	.. —	.. do. ..	—
Dholl (Thovaram) ..	—	.. —	.. Seer ..	—
Dholl (Mysore) ..	—	.. —	.. do. ..	0 25
Green Peas ..	—	.. —	.. do. ..	0 23
Ulundu ..	—	.. —	.. do. ..	—
Gram ..	—	.. —	.. do. ..	0 25
Wheat Flour ..	—	.. —	.. lb. ..	—
American Flour ..	—	.. —	.. do. ..	—
Ghee, Cow ..	—	.. —	.. Seer ..	—
Ghee, Buffalo ..	—	.. —	.. do. ..	2 50
Milk ..	—	.. —	.. Bottle ..	0 30
Potatoes (Indian) ..	—	.. —	.. lb. ..	0 14
Potatoes (Bangalore) ..	—	.. —	.. do. ..	0 12
Onions (Bombay) ..	—	.. —	.. do. ..	0 14
Onions, Red ..	—	.. —	.. do. ..	0 7
Bread ..	—	.. —	.. 1-lb. loaf ..	0 18
Tea ..	—	.. —	.. lb. ..	1 10
Coffee ..	—	.. —	.. do. ..	0 75
Limes ..	—	.. —	.. Dozen 6 to 9 cts. ..	—
Coconuts ..	—	.. —	.. Each ..	0 12
Sugar, Soft ..	—	.. —	.. lb. ..	0 26
Sugar, Crepe ..	—	.. —	.. do. ..	0 25
Sugar (Ceylon) ..	—	.. —	.. do. ..	—
Sugar Candy ..	—	.. —	.. do. ..	0 40
Sugar, Brown ..	—	.. —	.. do. ..	—
Salt ..	—	.. —	.. Measure ..	0 12
Do. ..	—	.. —	.. lb. ..	0 6
Dried Chillies ..	—	.. —	.. do. ..	0 34
Coriander ..	—	.. —	.. do. ..	0 20
Pepper ..	—	.. —	.. Measure ..	0 60
Garlic ..	—	.. —	.. lb. ..	0 40
Mustard ..	—	.. —	.. Measure ..	0 40
Turmeric ..	—	.. —	.. lb. ..	0 24
Fenugreek ..	—	.. —	.. do. ..	0 16
Cumin ..	—	.. —	.. do. ..	0 50
Aniseed ..	—	.. —	.. do. ..	0 24
Tamarind ..	—	.. —	.. do. ..	0 10
Jaggery ..	—	.. —	.. Bundle ..	—
Gingelly ..	—	.. —	.. Seer ..	—
Gingelly Oil ..	—	.. —	.. Bottle ..	0 90
Coconut Oil ..	—	.. —	.. Measure ..	0 90
Kerosine Oil, Day-light ..	—	.. —	.. Bottle ..	0 19
Kerosine Oil, Monkey Brand ..	—	.. —	.. do. ..	0 18
Matches, Three Stars ..	—	.. —	.. Packet of 12 boxes ..	0 22
Matches (Japanese) ..	—	.. —	.. do. ..	0 20
Beef ..	—	.. —	.. lb. ..	0 30
Mutton ..	—	.. —	.. do. ..	0 65
Pork ..	—	.. —	.. do. ..	0 40
Chicken ..	—	.. —	.. Each ..	0 87
Eggs ..	—	.. —	.. do. ..	0 6
Dry Fish, Nettali (Halmessan) ..	—	.. —	.. lb. ..	0 36
Dry Fish (Maldiva) ..	—	.. —	.. do. ..	0 56

S. H. WADIA,

Financial Assistant to the
Chairman, Municipal Council.

NOTICE is hereby given that in the absence of movable property liable to seizure, (1) rents and profits from 1 to 10 years, (2) timber and produce, (3) materials of house, and (4) the under-mentioned properties themselves, seized in virtue of a warrant issued by the Chairman of the Municipal Council of Colombo, in terms of the 140th clause of the Ordinance No. 6 of 1910, for arrears of consolidated rate due on the premises, and for the period mentioned in

the subjoined schedule, will be sold by public auction on the spot at the time therein mentioned, unless in the meantime the amount of the consolidated rate and costs be duly paid.

S. H. WADIA,

Financial Assistant to the Chairman,
The Municipal Office, Municipal Council.
Colombo, September 22, 1919.

SCHEDULE.

Date of Sale : Saturday, October 18, 1919.

Kayman's Gate.

Premises No.	Quarter and Year.	Time of Sale.
		A.M.
4/20	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	.. 7.30
	<i>Gabo's lane II.</i>	
43/13	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	.. 7.35
51/5	.. Do.	.. 7.40
	<i>Gabo's lane I.</i>	
73/23	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	.. 7.45
74/22	.. Do.	.. 7.50
75/21	.. Do.	.. 7.55
76/20	.. Do.	.. 8
77/19	.. Do.	.. 8.5
83/11	.. Do.	.. 8.10
85/9	.. Do.	.. 8.15

St. John's road.

146-147/44-45	3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	.. 8.20
148-149/46-47	Do.	.. 8.25

Sea street.

175/78	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	.. 8.30
186/121-123	.. Do.	.. 8.35
198/109	.. Do.	.. 8.40
204/102	..1st quarter, 1914, to 4th quarter, 1918	.. 8.45
229/73	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	.. 8.50
239/63	.. Do.	.. 8.55
243/58	.. Do.	.. 9
278/23	.. Do.	.. 9.5
282/1	.. Do.	.. 9.10
316/180	.. Do.	.. 9.15
352/142	.. Do.	.. 9.20

Chekku street.

389/46	..1st quarter, 1914, to 4th quarter, 1918, and riot damages, 1916 and 1917	.. 9.25
391/44	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	.. 9.30
420/2	..4th quarter, 1918	.. 9.35
445/89	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	.. 9.40
462/72	..1st to 4th quarter, 1918	.. 9.45

Mosque lane I.

1204/47	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	.. 9.50
1205/47	.. Do.	.. 9.55
1230/23	.. Do.	.. 10

Date of Sale : Monday, October 20, 1919.

Mosque lane I.

1251/4	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	.. 7.30
1254/1	..1st to 4th quarter, 1918	.. 7.35

Kuruwe street.

1259/13	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	.. 7.40
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New Moor street.

1268/69	..1st to 4th quarter, 1918, and riot damages, 1917	.. 7.45
1271/66	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	.. 7.50
1276/61	..4th quarter, 1918	.. 7.55
1279/58	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	.. 8
1283/54	..4th quarter, 1918	.. 8.5

Mosque lane II.

1295/26	..2nd to 4th quarter, 1918	.. 8.10
1301A/18	.. Do.	.. 8.15
1305/11-14	..1st quarter to 4th quarter, 1918, and riot damages, 1916 and 1917	.. 8.20

Premises No.	Quarter and Year.	Time of Sale. A.M.
1312/2-3	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1918, and riot damages, 1917	8.25
1313/1	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1918, and riot damages, 1917	8.30
<i>New Moor street.</i>		
1314/49	..1st quarter, 1913, to 4th quarter, 1918, and riot damages, 1916 and 1917	8.35
1324/39	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	8.40
1330/33	..Do.	8.45
1339/25	..Do.	8.50
1341/23	..1st quarter to 4th quarter, 1918	8.55
1360/10	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	9
<i>Dam street.</i>		
1379-1380/16-15	1st to 4th quarter, 1918	9.5
1381/11-14	..Riot damages, 1917	9.10
<i>Gintupitiya street.</i>		
572/44	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	9.15
573/42	..Do.	9.20
577/38	..Do.	9.25
583/33B	..Do.	9.30
585/33	..Do.	9.35
586/34	..Do.	9.40
602/25	..Do.	9.45
604/23	..Do.	9.50
613/18-19	..Do.	9.55
614/9-17..	..Do.	10

Date of Sale : Tuesday, October 21, 1919.

Premises No.	Quarter and Year.	Time of Sale. A.M.
<i>Gintupitiya street.</i>		
616/9/17	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	7.30
617/9/17	..Do.	7.35
618/9/17	..Do.	7.40
619/9/17	..Do.	7.45
620/7/8	..Do.	7.50
621/6	..Do.	7.55
628.630/1..	..Do.	8
<i>Kochchikade street.</i>		
639 & 640/87	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	8.5
737-738/110-111	..Do.	8.10
<i>Hill street.</i>		
750/39	..1st to 4th quarter, 1918	8.15
753/36	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	8.20
778/13	..Do.	8.25
779/12	..Do.	8.30
780/11	..Do.	8.35
793/3	..2nd to 4th quarter, 1918	8.40
784/9	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	8.45
792/3	..Do.	8.50
974/63	..Do.	8.55
976/61	..Do.	9
991/50-51..	..Do.	9.5
<i>New Chetty street.</i>		
1030/33A	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	9.10
1031/33	..Do.	9.15
1042/22	..Do.	9.20
1054-1055/12	..Do.	9.25
1066/2	..2nd to 4th quarter, 1918	9.30
1071/83	..1st to 4th quarter, 1918	9.35
1080/74	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	9.40
1087/67A	..1st to 4th quarter, 1918	9.45
1088/67A	..Do.	9.50
1102/56	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	9.55
1106/52	..Do.	10

Date of Sale : Wednesday, October 22, 1919.

Premises No.	Quarter and Year.	Time of Sale. A.M.
<i>New Chetty street.</i>		
1114/44	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	7.30
1117/41	..Do.	7.35
1118/40	..1st to 4th quarter, 1918	7.40
<i>Jampettah street.</i>		
1128/76	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	7.45
1129/75	..Do.	7.50
<i>Green street.</i>		
1130/30B	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	7.55
1131/30A	..Do.	8
1132/30	..Do.	8.5
1145/18	..Do.	8.10
1146/17	..Do.	8.15

Premises No.	Quarter and Year.	Time of Sale. A.M.
<i>Van Rooyen street.</i>		
1147/9.9A	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	8.20
1148/8	..Do.	8.25
1151/5	..1st quarter, 1917, to 4th quarter, 1918	8.30
1152/5	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	8.35
1156/1	..Do.	8.40
1158/12	..Do.	8.45
<i>Green street.</i>		
1169/4	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	8.50
1170/3	..Do.	8.55
<i>Barber street.</i>		
1175/25	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	9
1178/22	..2nd to 4th quarter, 1918	9.5
1192/8	..3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	9.10
1191/9	..2nd to 4th quarter, 1918	9.15

NOTICE is hereby given that in the absence of movable property liable to seizure, (1) rents and profits from 1 to 10 years, (2) timber and produce, (3) materials of house, and (4) the under-mentioned properties themselves, seized in virtue of a warrant issued by the Chairman of the Municipal Council of Colombo, in terms of the 140th clause of the Ordinance No. 6 of 1910, for arrears of consolidated rates due on the premises, and for the period mentioned in the subjoined schedule, will be sold by public auction on the spot at the time therein mentioned, unless in the meantime the amount of the consolidated rates and costs be duly paid.

S. H. WADIA,

Financial Assistant to the Chairman,
The Municipal Office, Municipal Council.
Colombo, September 22, 1919.

SCHEDULE.

Date of Sale : Monday, October 20, 1919.

Premises No.	Quarter and Year.	Time of Sale. A.M.
<i>St. Sebastian hill.</i>		
17.19-47A	..4th quarter, 1918	7
<i>Hulftsdorp street.</i>		
45.132	..4th quarter, 1918	7.5
50.127	..Do.	7.10
51.127	..Do.	7.15
52.126	..Do.	7.20
53.126	..Do.	7.25
<i>Belmont street.</i>		
91.27	..4th quarter, 1918	7.30
101.32	..Do.	7.35
<i>Oilman street.</i>		
105.14	..4th quarter, 1918	7.40
<i>Belmont street.</i>		
109.37A	..4th quarter, 1918	7.45
123.56	..Do.	7.50
<i>Wilson street.</i>		
137.5	..4th quarter, 1918	8
166.27	..Do.	8.5
179.34	..1st to 4th quarter, 1918	8.15
183.38/39	..4th quarter, 1918	8.20
190.50	..1st to 4th quarter, 1918	8.25
191.51	..Do.	8.30
195.55	..Do.	8.35
205.65	..4th quarter, 1918	8.40
208.70/71	..1st to 4th quarter, 1918	8.45
209.72/73	..4th quarter, 1918	8.50
210.74/75	..1st to 4th quarter, 1918	8.55
<i>Goat street.</i>		
211.16/17	..4th quarter, 1918	9
212.12/15	..Do.	9.5
212A.12/14	..Do.	9.10
<i>Wilson street.</i>		
218.83	..4th quarter, 1918	9.15
221.86/87	..1st quarter, 1917, to 4th quarter, 1918, and riot damages, 1917	9.20
<i>Smith street.</i>		
224.15	..4th quarter, 1918	9.25

Premises No.	Quarter and Year.	Time of Sale A.M.	Premises No.	Quarter and Year.	Time of Sale A.M.
<i>Wilson street.</i>			<i>Premises No.</i>		
225.88/89	1st quarter, 1917, to 4th quarter, 1918, and riot damages, 1917	9.30	697.46A	3rd and 4th quarters, 1918, and riot damages, 1917	8.55
<i>Ferry street.</i>			704.39	Do.	9
240.7	1st to 4th quarter, 1917, and riot damages, 1917	10	709.35	3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	9.5
Date of Sale : Tuesday, October 21, 1919.			710.34	4th quarter, 1918	9.10
<i>Ferry street.</i>			712.32	3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	9.15
249.21/22	4th quarter, 1918	7	720.23	4th quarter, 1918	9.20
250.23	Do.	7.5	725.18	Do.	9.25
251.21/22	Do.	7.10	729.14	Do.	9.30
253.24b	Do.	7.15	737.6	3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	9.35
254.25	Do.	7.20	740.3	3rd quarter, 1917, to 4th quarter, 1918, and riot damages, 1917	9.40
258.29	3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	7.25	741.2	Do.	9.45
259.30	1st to 4th quarter, 1918	7.30	Date of Sale : Thursday, October 23, 1919.		
260.31	Do.	7.35	<i>Barber street.</i>		
261.31	Do.	7.40	792.59	4th quarter, 1918	7
280.283			793.58/59	Do.	7.5
42A/42B	4th quarter, 1918	7.45	<i>Armour street.</i>		
290.44	Do.	7.50	820.32	4th quarter, 1918	7.15
<i>Vincent street.</i>			<i>Layard's Broadway.</i>		
316.3	3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	8	822.825.135.2nd	2nd to 4th quarter, 1918, and riot damages, 1917	7.20
370.1c/1e	4th quarter, 1918	8.5	847.120	4th quarter, 1918	7.25
371.1A	Do.	8.10	856A.113	Do.	7.30
373.1	4th quarter, 1917, to 4th quarter, 1918	8.15	<i>Grandpass road.</i>		
377.6/6A	3rd and 4th quarters, 1918, and riot damages, 1917	8.25	862.67	4th quarter, 1918	7.35
<i>Ferry street.</i>			873.54	3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	7.40
405.115	4th quarter, 1918	8.35	887.43	2nd to 4th quarter, 1918	7.45
406.109	Do.	8.40	904.25	Do.	7.55
407.108	Do.	8.45	906.23	4th quarter, 1918	8.5
<i>Silversmith lane.</i>			911.19	Do.	8.10
415.37	4th quarter, 1918	8.55	916.918.14/13	Do.	8.15
434.20	Do.	9	919.12	Do.	8.20
435.19	Do.	9.5	956.184	Do.	8.35
436.18	Do.	9.10	957.184	Do.	8.40
443.445.13/9	Do.	9.15	965.170	Do.	8.45
<i>Silversmith street.</i>			1008.124A/125	Do.	8.50
464.97	3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	9.20	<i>De Waas street.</i>		
480.82	4th quarter, 1918	9.25	1010A.24	4th quarter, 1918	8.55
536.45	Do.	9.30	1010B.24	Do.	9
542.543.36/37	Do.	9.35	<i>Grandpass road.</i>		
551.552.29	3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	9.40	1017.96	4th quarter, 1918	9.5
558.559			1019.100/102	Do.	9.15
24/25	4th quarter, 1918	9.45	<i>De Waas street.</i>		
560.23	Do.	9.50	1020.15A	4th quarter, 1918	9.20
Date of Sale : Wednesday, October 22, 1919.			1026.6	Do.	9.25
<i>Silversmith street.</i>			1029.3	3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	9.30
579.3	4th quarter, 1918	7	<i>Grandpass.</i>		
380.3A	Do.	7.5	1035.105	3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	9.35
<i>Hulftsdorp street.</i>			1041/1042.95	4th quarter, 1918	9.40
592.90	4th quarter, 1918	7.10	1050.80	3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	9.45
<i>Messenger street.</i>			1051.79	Do.	10
603B.96	4th quarter, 1918	7.15	Date of Sale : Friday, October 24, 1919.		
<i>Hulftsdorp street.</i>			<i>Grandpass road.</i>		
611.73	4th quarter, 1918	7.25	1052.78	4th quarter, 1918	7
<i>Messenger street.</i>			1053.77	Do.	7.5
616.120A	1st to 4th quarter, 1918, and riot damages, 1917	7.30	1054.76	3rd and 4th quarters, 1918, and riot damages, 1917	7.10
618.118	4th quarter, 1918	7.35	1055A.75	2nd to 4th quarter, 1918	7.15
622.114	1st to 4th quarter, 1918	7.40	1055B.76	Do.	7.20
626.110	4th quarter, 1918	7.45	<i>Galkapanawatta.</i>		
628.108	Do.	7.50	1056A.100	2nd to 4th quarter, 1918	7.25
636.100	Do.	7.55	1056B.100/101	Do.	7.30
641.96	Do.	8	1059.97	3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	7.35
647.89	Do.	8.5	1073.86	4th quarter, 1918	7.40
648.88	Do.	8.10	1075.85	Do.	7.45
651.86	Do.	8.15	1077.83	3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	7.50
652.85	3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	8.20	1082.79	4th quarter, 1918	7.55
653.84	Do.	8.25	1083.78A	2nd to 4th quarter, 1918	8
656.81	4th quarter, 1918	8.30	1087.76	4th quarter, 1918	8.10
672.69	Do.	8.40	1088.73	3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	8.15
683.62	3rd quarter, 1917, to 4th quarter, 1918	8.45	1090.71	2nd to 4th quarter, 1918	8.20
693.49	2nd to 4th quarter, 1918, and riot damages, 1917	8.50	1091.70	1st to 4th quarter, 1918	8.25
			1092.69	Do.	8.30
			1103.60/62	4th quarter, 1918	8.35
			1104A.63	Do.	8.40
			1106.57/58	Do.	8.40
			1108A.54 /	3rd and 4th quarters, 1918	8.55

Kandy Municipal Ferry Toll, 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Chairman of the Municipal Council of Kandy will receive sealed tenders for the purchase of the under-mentioned Ferry Toll Rent of the Kandy Municipality from January 1, 1920, to December 31, 1920. The tenders, which must be in sealed envelopes, superscribed "Tender for Toll Rents," will be received at the Municipal Office at 8 A.M. on Saturday, October 18, 1919, when they will be opened, and all persons making tenders will be required to be present, and tender must be delivered in person.

2. The person whose tender is selected by the Chairman for submission to the Municipal Council will be required to deposit at once one-tenth of the purchase amount in cash; and should the tender be accepted by the Council, to furnish approved security for one-half of the whole purchase amount, or in cash for one-third of the whole purchase amount, within thirty days of the date of the receipt by him of the notification of the Council's acceptance of his offer. If deeds are tendered as security, the one-tenth cash deposit will be retained till the rent is closed.

3. He will also be required to deposit money to pay the fees of Council for examining and giving his opinion on the title deeds of properties tendered by him as security, and for examining and settling the security bond, and the fees charged by the Council's proctor for examining documents and drawing the security bond, and also the expenses of appraising the properties and of registering the security bond.

4. All title deeds tendered as security should be accompanied by a certificate obtained from the Registrar of Lands that the lands to which they relate are unencumbered. This certificate must be obtained at the cost of the party offering the security.

5. The renter shall be bound to provide and maintain, at his own expense, sufficient boats and boats' crew at the said ferry, the seaworthiness of the boats and the number of the crew being subject to the approval of the Chairman, Municipal Council, exclusive of the pada boat provided and maintained by the Council, especially at Halloluwa.

6. Further information regarding conditions of sale can be obtained on application to the Secretary, Municipal Council.

Municipal Office,
Kandy, September 22, 1919.

Municipal Toll.—Halloluwa ferry.

C. S. VAUGHAN,
Chairman.

MUNICIPALITY OF GALLE.

Minutes of Proceedings of a General Meeting of the Municipal Council of Galle held in the Municipal Office on Saturday, August 9, 1919.

THE Council met this day at 2 P.M., pursuant to notice dated August 4, 1919.

Present: The Hon. Mr. R. B. Hellings, Chairman; Mr. D. W. Subasinghe; Dr. C. B. Lourensz; Mr. C. E. de Vos; Mr. G. E. Abeywardene; and Mr. A. C. Hayley.

1. The Minutes of the General Meeting of Council held on July 5, 1919, and of the Special General Meeting held on July 12, 1919, copies thereof having been sent to each Councillor, were taken as read and confirmed.

2. Pursuant to notice, Mr. D. W. Subasinghe asked: "Has the Chairman, as Assistant Food Controller, any intention of introducing a scheme of rationing the town as desired by a majority of the Council at the last meeting?" The Chairman replied: "A system of rationing has been introduced in a portion of the town. The answer as regards the rest of the town is, at present, in the negative."

3. Pursuant to notice, Mr. D. W. Subasinghe moved: "That a Special Committee, to be nominated by the Chairman, be appointed to consider and report to the Council an equitable mode of making up any loss the Council might sustain by the abolition of the fish tax." Mr. G. E. Abeywardene seconded.

The motion was negatived, two voting for, and four against it.

4. To consider the revival of the old custom of firing the time gun at noon.

Mr. A. C. Hayley proposed that the firing of the time gun be resumed. Mr. G. E. Abeywardene seconded.—Carried. The Chairman being authorized to make any necessary arrangements.

5. To consider Mr. F. A. Wickremasinghe's application to build a vagrants' shelter on the site, and in accordance with the plans, approved by the Council on September 29, 1914.

Resolved that further information be called for, and that consideration be postponed.

6. With the leave of Council, the Chairman presented a memorial from the employees of the Municipal Council, to be afforded some relief to meet the altered conditions of living.

Resolved to await the report of the Special Committee appointed to report on the Municipal Salaries Scheme.

7-9. The following extracts from the Minutes of the Standing Committee were laid before the Council:—

7.—*Extracts from the Minutes of the Standing Committee on the Municipal Works of August 9, 1919.*

(2) To consider applications for water service to No. 39, Lighthouse street; No. 212, Galle-Matara road; and No. 230, Jail road.

8.—*Extracts from the Minutes of the Standing Committees on Municipal Works and Finance and Assessment (meeting together) of August 9, 1919.*

(3) To consider estimate for repairing and regrading a drain in Kaluwella, Rs. 230.—Recommended.

(4) To consider estimate for re-cadjaning sheds in the segregation camp, Rs. 265.—Recommended.

(5) To consider quotation from Messrs. Clark, Spence & Co. for one brass hose union, Rs. 25.—Recommended.

(6) To consider estimate for supplying hammer handles, baskets, &c., for metal breaking at the Galle jail, Rs. 24.—Recommended.

(7) To consider estimate for repairing the latrines at Havelock place and Pettigalawatta, and the washing tank at the cart shed, Rs. 560.—Recommended.

(8) To consider estimate for deviation of the Esplanade road, between the new gate and the Custom's road, Rs. 11,000.—Recommended that the work be postponed for more prosperous times.

(9) To consider estimate for clearing flood outlet channels in Talapitiya, Rs. 300.—Recommended.

9.—*Extracts from the Minutes of the Standing Committee on Finance and Assessment of August 9, 1919.*

(9) To consider application from the widow of the late overseer Dionis de Silva for a gratuity under rule 24 of the Municipal Pension Minute.—Recommended, subject to proof of age of the minor children being furnished to the Chairman's satisfaction.

(10) To consider list of demolished buildings in Ward No. 2.—Recommended that they be struck off the Assessment Register.

Resolution.

Resolved that the above recommendations of the Standing Committees be adopted.

10. The following documents were laid on the table:—(1) Statement of receipts and disbursements to end of July, 1919; (2) progress report of works done on estimates during July, 1919; (3) report of the Inspector of vehicles on carriages plying for hire during July, 1919; (4) reports of (a) the Medical Officer of Health, (b) the Superintendent of Works, and (c) the Manager, Health Department.

The Municipal Office,
Galle, September 13, 1919.

Confirmed:

R. B. HELLINGS,
Chairman.

A.—Statement showing the Total Receipts and Disbursements to end of August, 1919.

REVENUE.	Amount		Actual		EXPENDITURE.	Amount		Actual Dis-	
	Estimated.	Rs. c.	Receipts.	Rs. c.		Estimated.	Rs. c.	bursements.	Rs. c.
Taxes	28,920	0	25,775	20	Non-effective charges	54,454	46	11,853	49
Assessment	79,500	0	40,993	10	Chairman	500	0	333	36
Licenses	13,777	0	4,470	75	Secretariat	20,435	33	13,348	73
Judicial fines	2,500	0	1,669	22	Vehicles and Animals Department	1,872	0	1,236	8
Tolls	17,945	0	—	—	Judicial	1,110	0	239	22
Slaughter-houses	2,150	0	1,619	56	Markets	588	0	417	50
Health Department	12,015	0	9,726	38	Fish auction shed	2,064	0	1,376	0
Markets	25,110	0	12,478	26	Slaughter-houses	1,212	0	807	42
Rents	1,408	0	1,765	92	Fire Brigade	50	0	—	—
Miscellaneous	4,441	0	4,239	79	Town clock	170	0	427	50
Cemeteries	275	0	203	50	Lighting	8,980	0	5,388	23
Waterworks	1,755	0	1,735	17	Cemetery	758	0	499	90
					Public Health Department :—				
					Sanitation Branch	11,117	5	7,122	60
					Scavenging Branch	13,760	0	9,142	99
					Conservancy	15,682	0	11,728	18
					Waterworks	6,162	66	3,393	67
					Public Works Department :—				
					Annually recurrent	37,870	16	28,610	30
					Extraordinary	6,250	0	1,027	65
					Town survey, &c., for new drainage scheme	1,500	0	1,771	3
					Town schools	600	0	400	0
					War allowance	735	1	484	71
					New slaughter-house	2,400	0	—	—
Total Revenue	189,795	0	104,676	85	Total Expenditure	188,270	67	99,608	56
Deposits	—	—	7,280	10	Deposits repaid	—	—	4,018	57
Advances repaid	—	—	—	—	Advances	—	—	1,132	50
Total Receipts	—	—	111,956	95	Total Disbursements	—	—	104,759	63
Cash balance on January 1, 1919	—	—	75,243	54	Cash balance on August 31, 1919	—	—	82,440	86
Total	—	—	187,200	49	Total	—	—	187,200	49

B.—Surplus and Deficit Account.

	Amount.			Amount.	
	Rs.	c.		Rs.	c.
Expenditure from January 1 to August 31, 1919	99,608	56	Surplus on January 1, 1919	53,928	67
Surplus on August 31, 1919	58,996	96	Revenue from January to August, 1919	104,676	85
Total	158,605	52	Total	158,605	52

C.—Balance Sheet as at August 31, 1919.

LIABILITIES.	Amount.		ASSETS.	Amount.	
	Rs.	c.		Rs.	c.
Deposits	23,443	90	Cash in Bank :—		
Surplus	58,996	96	Fixed deposits	31,475	0
			Current account in bank	Rs. 51,266	69
			Uncashed cheques	Rs. 450	83
				50,815	86
			Cash in hand of Shroff	150	0
Total	82,440	86	Total	82,440	86

D.—Riot Account to August 31, 1919.

HEAD OF REVENUE.	Amount.		HEAD OF EXPENDITURE.	Amount.	
	Rs.	c.		Rs.	c.
Advance by Government	70,000	0	Compensation for losses	69,996	0
Voluntary contributions	12,710	35	Refund of voluntary contributions	10,686	91
Riot tax	86,157	28	Repaid to Government	72,789	91
			Printing, stationery, &c.	841	20
			Commission for collection, &c.	5,285	70
			Refunds	65	0
				159,664	72
			Balance	9,202	91
Total	168,867	63	Total	168,867	63

LOCAL BOARD NOTICES.

Notice of Sale, Local Board, Kalutara.

IN terms of section 34 (1) of Ordinance No. 13 of 1898, notice is hereby given that the under-mentioned properties, situated at Welapura Kalutara, which have been seized under section 34 of Ordinance No. 13 of 1898 and section 41 of the Ordinance No. 16 of 1865 for default of the payment of assessment tax due for the 2nd quarter of 1919, will be sold by public auction at the premises on Monday, October 13, 1919, and following days, commencing at 10 A.M.

T. A. HODSON,
Assistant Government Agent.

The Kachcheri,
Kalutara, September 24, 1919.

No.	Name of Owner.	Name of Land.
Main street.		
30½	..N. D. Adiriyana	..Weediyawatta
85	..L. Pilippu Naide	..Bothuparangiawatta
148	..B. V. John Silva	..Madangahawatta
154½	..W. Carlina Fernando	..do.
249	..C. S. P. Jusey Silva	..do.
317	..B. Pilippu Fernando	..Oroppuwawatta
322A	..V. Johanes de Mel	..Daladawatta
356	..G. Vicenti Perera	..Katukurundugahawatta
388	..Kader Pilippu Iyasamy	..Jasentuawatta
390	..C. M. C. Mohammodu Casim	..Godewalawatta
393, 394	..Cader Pilippu Iyasamy	..Jasentuawatta
395	..T. Harmanis Fernando	..Madangahawatta
446	..M. I. M. S. S. Abdul Carim Marikkar	..Dodangahawatta
464	..S. L. M. Mohammodu Marikkar	..Janthajothiyawatta
588	..N. P. Fernando	..Siyambalagahawatta
Old road.		
6	..F. P. Scharenguivel	..Duwewatta.
39	..D. Nonno Weeraratne	..Mankothawatta
228	..D. D. H. Don Simon	..Kirillabadda
317	..A. M. Abdul Hamidu	..Mullawatta
361	..H. M. Ossan Lebbe	..Gorakagahawatta
420½	..A. L. Mohammodu Samsadeen	..Delgahawatta
538A	..I. L. Omer Lebbe	..do.
Hospital street.		
11	..G. D. Domingo Naide	..Laulagahawatta
Hill street.		
11	..K. L. Osen Lebbe	..Lindamulawatta
23	..M. B. Samsi Lebbe	..Madangahawatta
Mosque street.		
42	..D. Johana Jayasinghe	..do.
Katukurunda.		
10½	..Kovis Silva	..Gorakagahawatta
60½	..M. Mariyanu Silva	..Millagahawatta
86	..K. Siyadora Silva	..Mudillagahawatta
91	..W. Paulu Perera	..do.
Old road.		
553, 554	..A. L. Uduma Lebbe	..Madangahawatta
198	..D. G. Weeraratne	..Ukattagewatta
Main street.		
94A	..S. M. C. S. Mohammodu Ismail	..Kapperawatta
291	..C. S. Pedru Silva	..Vijaniyawatta

Notice of Sale, Local Board, Kalutara.

IN terms of section 34 (1) of Ordinance No. 13 of 1898, notice is hereby given that the under-mentioned properties, situated at Panadure (old area), which have been seized under section 34 of Ordinance No. 13 of 1898 and section 41 of the Ordinance No. 16 of 1865 for default of the payment of assessment tax due for the 2nd quarter of 1919, will be sold by public auction at the premises on Monday, October 13, 1919, and following days, commencing at 10 A.M.

T. A. HODSON,
Assistant Government Agent.
The Kachcheri,
Kalutara, September 24, 1919.

No.	Name of Land.	Name of Owner.
52	Portion of Kadtrugahawatta Nikagahawatta and houses	..D. A. Jayasundra and another
156	Portion of Kurudugahawatta and house	..Heirs of S. S. Fernando and others
235	One jakwood bed, 3 satinwood chairs, 1 nadun wood settee, and 1 tea boiler	..M. S. Cooray
341	Portion of Dombagahawatta Ditto. and house	..W. D. Charles Perera ..Heirs of B. T. Peiris and others
398	Portion of Rukathanagahawatta and boutiques	..H. S. Fonseka
595	Portion of Galawetimodara and house	..Heirs of M. H. Perera
597	Portion of Delgahawatta and house	..do.
599	Portion of Delgahawatta	..Heirs of H. S. Jayatilake and others
618	Portion of Jambugahawatta and house	..Heirs of C. Soysa Jayatilake
620	Portion of ditto.	..Heirs of S. S. Jayatilake
627	Portion of Pahanapalawatta and house	..P. H. Dias, Police Vidane

Election of Unofficial Members of the Local Board of Health and Improvement, Kurunegala.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given of my intention, in accordance with the provisions of the Local Boards Ordinance, No. 13 of 1898, as amended by section 9 of Ordinance No. 27 of 1916, to hold an election of three unofficial members of the Board of Health and Improvement of the town of Kurunegala on Thursday, December 18, 1919, at 1 P.M., at the Kurunegala Kachcheri.

No persons shall be entitled to be a candidate for the above election unless he shall have been nominated in writing, and unless his nomination shall have been subscribed by at least two persons whose names shall appear in the lists of persons entitled to vote, and shall have been delivered at the Office of the Local Board not less than ten days before the said election, viz., before December 8, 1919.

Kurunegala Kachcheri,
September 17, 1919.

C. R. CUMBERLAND,
Government Agent.

Lists of Persons to be Elected and to Vote for Local Board, Kurunegala.

NOTICE is hereby given that the lists of persons qualified to be elected and of the persons qualified to vote at the election of the Unofficial Members of the Local Board of Kurunegala to be held in December, 1919, are open to inspection during office hours at the Office of the Local

Board of Kurunegala, and that the Government Agent will attend the said office at 1.30 p.m. on November 18, 1919, for the purpose of hearing all claims for insertion of any name in the said lists and of all objections to any name inserted thereon.

Kurunegala Kachcheri,
September 17, 1919.

C. R. CUMBERLAND,
Government Agent.

Notice of Sale, Local Board, Bandarawela.

NOTICE is hereby given that the rents and profits, timber and produce, the materials of houses, and the under-mentioned properties themselves, seized for the arrears of the Police, Local Board, and Water-rate, Bandarawela, for the 2nd quarter, 1919, will be sold by public auction on the spot on October 15, 1919, at 10 A.M., unless in the meantime the taxes and the costs are paid.

Badulla Kachcheri,
September 23, 1919.

A. E. CHRISTOFFELSZ,
for Government Agent.

No. of Property.	Name of Owner.	Amount due. Rs. c.
34 ..	Dr. P. M. Muttukumar	33 75
34A ..	Ceylon Government (leased to Dr. P. M. Muttukumar)	0 75

No. of Property.	Name of Owner.	Amount due. Rs. c.
53 ..	Mudaliyar W. A. Amerasekera	18 75
46A ..	Ceylon Government (leased to C. A. de Mel)	1 50
54 ..	Mudaliyar W. A. Amerasekera	9 38
99 ..	A. Soris ..	16 56
133 ..	Pitche Bawa	3 75
134 ..	Do.	6 57
151 ..	Muhandiram D. H. Kotalawala	5 63
172 ..	K. Meera Mohideen	4 69
173 ..	Do.	4 69
175 ..	Do.	6 88
178 ..	A. V. Croning	1 15
179 ..	Do.	1 15
180 ..	Do.	4 69
181 ..	Do.	4 69
224 ..	B. H. Mendis	3 75
225 ..	Do.	3 75
226 ..	Do.	3 75
227 ..	H. F. Hamine	3 75
228 ..	Do.	3 75
329 ..	Kiri Banda Gamarala	6 25
349 ..	D. V. Hudu Menika	0 75
367 ..	A. Joseph Appu	1 88
369 ..	M. Silva	0 75
371 ..	Badderala	1 5
372 ..	Do.	0 75