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Part I.—General.

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PROCLAMATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR.

In the Name of His Majesty GEORGE THE FIFTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir WILLIAM HENRY MANNING, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Knight Commander of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire. Companion of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

W. H. MANNING.

WHEREAS by Chapter II., section 5, and sub-section (b), of "The Forest Ordinance, No. 16 of 1907," it is enacted that whenever the following event has occurred, viz., when lands have been declared the property of the Crown by an order passed under the Waste Lands Ordinances, 1897 to 1903, the Governor may, by Proclamation to be published in the *Government Gazette*, declare all or any of such lands or any part or parts thereof to be a reserved forest, and such Proclamation shall specify the limits of the forest which it is intended to reserve, and declare the same to be reserved from a date fixed by such Proclamation :

And whereas the lands hereinafter mentioned have been declared the property of the Crown by an order No. 1,911 passed under the Waste Lands Ordinances of 1897, 1899, 1900, and 1903, on March 19, 1915, and appearing in the *Government Gazette* No. 6,705 of March 19, 1915, and it is expedient to specify the limits of such forest :

Now know all Men that We, the said Governor, do by this Our Proclamation proclaim the forest, the limits of which are set forth in the schedule hereto subjoined, to be a reserved forest from and after June 1. 1921 ; and We do hereby further specify the limits of the said reserved forest to be those set forth in the said schedule.

Given at Nuwara Eliya, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twentieth day of May, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty-one.

By His Excellency's command,
GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

SCHEDULE

The land called or known as Bakinigahawela, proposed reserve, situated in the village of Bakinigahawela of the Medagampattu korale of the Wellassa division, in the Province of Uva, comprising lots 33, 34, 161, and 16A in final village plan 168, containing in extent 495 acres and 5 perches; and bounded as follows:—

Lot 33 containing 168 acres.

On the north by lot 1 in final village plan 168.

On the east, by lot 1, the Ratmalketiya-kandura, and lot 92 in final village plan 168.

On the south by the Ratmalketiya-kandura, lots 1 and 98 in final village plan 168.

On the west by lot 1 in final village plan 168.

Lot 34 containing 262 acres 3 roods and 10 perches.

On the north by the Gorokgahakandura, the village limit of Alawmulla, and lot 35 in final village plan 168.

On the east by lot 37 in final village plan 168.

On the south by lots 37 and 1 in final village plan 168.

On the west by lot 1 in final village plan 168.

Lots 161 and 16A containing 64 acres and 35 perches.

On the north by the Pimbura-kelakandura.

On the east and south by the Kumbukkan-oya.

On the west by lot 1 in final village plan 168.

In the Name of His Majesty GEORGE THE FIFTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION

By His Excellency Sir WILLIAM HENRY MANNING, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Knight Commander of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Companion of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

W. H. MANNING.

WHEREAS by a Proclamation dated July 1, 1897, as amended by a Proclamation dated June 24, 1899, the provisions of section 31 and the five following sections of "The Births and Deaths Registration Ordinance, 1895," came into operation within the town of Kegalla as set forth in the schedule hereto:

And whereas it is expedient to further amend and alter the limits of the said town of Kegalla in the manner specified in the schedule hereto:

Now know Ye that We, the said Governor, in exercise with the advice of the Executive Council, do by this Our Proclamation alter and amend the limits of the said town of Kegalla, specified in the first column of the annexed schedule in the second column thereof.

Given at Nuwara Eliya, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Nineteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty-one.

ended by a Proclamation dated June 24, 1899, the provisions of "The Births and Deaths Registration Ordinance, 1895," in the schedule hereto:

the limits of the said town of Kegalla in the manner

the power vested in Us by the said Ordinance, and this Proclamation alter and amend the limits of the said town with effect from June 1, 1921, in the manner specified

Nineteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord One

By His Excellency's command,

GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

SCHEDULE REFERRED TO.

Province of Sabaragamuwa — Kegalla District.

Division as defined in Proclamation dated June 24, 1899.

Division as defined by this Proclamation.

1.—Kegalla Town.

1.—Kegalla Town.

Boundaries.—North by a straight line from the 7th milestone on the road from Polgahawela to the Kandy road to a point 12 chains north-north-east of the 49th milestone on the Kandy road; north-east from the point 12 chains north-north-east of the 49th milestone on the Kandy road to a point on the bridle road leading from Meepitiya bridge on the Kandy high road to the bridle path leading to Rambukkaha, 12 chains along that path from the Meepitiya bridge; south along the bridle path to the Meepitiya bridge, thence along bridle path to the junction with the Circular road, thence along the Circular road to the junction with the Bulatkohupitiya road, thence across the bridge over the Anguruwella-oya, thence along the Cemetery road to the new cemetery, thence along the southern and western boundaries of the cemetery till it joins the Cemetery road again, thence along the Cemetery road to its junction with the Kandy road, thence along the Kandy road to the junction of the Polgahawela road; west from the junction of the Polgahawela and Kandy roads along the Polgahawela road to the 7th milestone.

Boundaries.—North by a straight line from the 7th milestone on the road from Polgahawela to Kandy to a point 18 chains north-north-east of the 49½ milepost on the Kandy road, and from that point to a point 23 chains north-north-east of 49th milepost on the Kandy road; north-east from a point 23 chains north-north-east of 49th milepost on the Kandy road to a point 3 chains north-north-east of District Judge's bungalow, thence from that point to a point 1 chain north of Price Walauwa, thence from that point to a point 30 chains north-north-east of Meepitiya bridge on the Kandy road; east from a point 30 chains north-north-east of Meepitiya bridge on the Kandy road to a point 6 chains east of Meepitiya bridge on the Kandy road, and thence from that point to the south-eastern corner of Rifle range; south from the south-eastern corner of Rifle range along the southern boundary of Rifle range, hence from the south-western corner of Rifle range to a point 25 chains south-south-west of the junction of Bulatkohupitiya and Circular roads, thence from that point to the southern corner of the new cemetery, thence along the western boundary of the cemetery till it joins the Cemetery road, thence along the Cemetery road to a point on Cemetery road 8 chains south of its junction with the Kandy road, thence from that point to a point 8 chains south of junction of Polgahawela and Kandy roads; west from a point 8 chains south of junction of Polgahawela and Kandy roads to the 7th milepost on the Polgahawela road.

IN the Name of His Majesty GEORGE THE FIFTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir WILLIAM HENRY MANNING, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Knight Commander of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Companion of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

W. H. MANNING.

WHEREAS by a Proclamation dated February 28, 1900, His Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, divided the Kandyan Provinces enumerated in Schedule B to the Ordinance No. 3 of 1870 into the districts set forth in the schedule thereto, and by Proclamation dated April 7, 1913, altered divisions 1 and 2 of Kegalla District, in the Province of Sabaragamuwa, into divisions 1, 1a, and 2 :

And whereas it is expedient to further amend the said divisions 1, 1a, and 2 :

Now know Ye that We, the said Governor, in exercise of the powers vested in Us by section 5 of the said Ordinance, and with the advice of the Executive Council, do by this Our Proclamation alter and amend, with effect from June 1, 1921, the said divisions 1, 1a, and 2 specified in the first column of the annexed schedule more fully described in the manner specified in the second column thereof.

Given at Nuwara Eliya, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Nineteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty-one.

By His Excellency's command,

GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

SCHEDULE REFERRED TO.

Province of Sabaragamuwa.—Kegalla District.

Divisions as defined by Proclamation of April 7, 1913.

1.—Paranakuru Korale Division.

Boundaries.—North by the boundaries of Beligal and Galboda korales, Kegalla Local Board, and Kinigoda korale; south by the boundary of Lower Bulatgama and Central Province (Udapalata); east by the boundary of Central Province (Udapalata); and west by the boundary of Beligal korale.

1a.—Kegalla Town within Local Board Limits.

Boundaries.—North by a straight line from the 7th milepost on the road from Polgahawela to the Kandy road to a point 12 chains north-north-east of the 49th milestone on the Kandy road; north-east from the point 12 chains north-north-east of the 49th milestone on the Kandy road to a point on the bridle road leading from Meepitiya bridge on the Kandy high road to the bridle path leading to Rambukana 12 chains along that path from the Meepitiya bridge; south along the bridle path to the Meepitiya bridge, thence along bridle path to the junction with the Circular road, thence along the Circular road to the junction with the Bulatkohupitiya road, thence across the bridge over the Anguruwella-oya, thence along the Cemetery road to the new cemetery, thence along the southern and western boundaries of the cemetery till it joins the Cemetery road again, thence along the Cemetery road to its junction with the Kandy road, thence along the Kandy road to the junction of the Polgahawela road; west from the junction of the Polgahawela and Kandy roads along the Polgahawela road to the 7th milestone.

2.—Galboda and Kinigoda Korales Division.

Boundaries.—North by the boundary of North-Western Province; south by the boundary of Paranakuru korale; east by the boundary of Central Province; and west by the boundary of Kegalla Local Board, Paranakuru and Beligal korales, and North-Western Province.

Divisions as defined by this Proclamation.

1.—Paranakuru Korale Division.

Boundaries.—North by the boundaries of Beligal and Galboda korales, Kegalla Local Board limits as defined by Notification in *Government Gazette* No. 7,141 of November 12, 1920, and Kinigoda korale; south by boundary of Lower Bulatgama and Central Province (Udapalata); east by the boundary of Central Province (Udapalata); and west by the boundary of Beligal korale.

1a.—Kegalla Town within Local Board Limits.

Boundaries.—North by a straight line from the 7th milepost on the road from Polgahawela to Kandy to a point 18 chains north-north-east of the 48½ milepost on the Kandy road, and from that point to a point 23 chains north-north-east of 49th milepost on the Kandy road; north-east from a point 23 chains north-north-east of 49th milepost on the Kandy road to a point 3 chains north-north-east of District Judge's bungalow, thence from that point to a point 1 chain north of Price Walauwa, thence from that point to a point 30 chains north-north-east of Meepitiya bridge on the Kandy road; east from a point 30 chains north-north-east of Meepitiya bridge on the Kandy road to a point 6 chains east of Meepitiya bridge on the Kandy road, and thence from that point to the south-eastern corner of Rifle range; south from the south-eastern corner of Rifle range along the southern boundary of Rifle range, thence from the south-western corner of Rifle range to a point 25 chains south-south-west of the junction of Bulatkohupitiya and Circular roads, thence from that point to the southern corner of the new cemetery, thence along the western boundary of the cemetery till it joins the Cemetery road, thence along the Cemetery road to a point on Cemetery road 8 chains south of its junction with the Kandy road, thence from that point to a point 8 chains south of junction of Polgahawela and Kandy roads; west from a point 8 chains south of junction of Polgahawela and Kandy roads to the 7th milepost on the Polgahawela road.

2.—Galboda and Kinigoda Korales Division.

Boundaries.—North by the boundary of North-Western Province; south by the boundary of Paranakuru korale; east by the boundary of Central Province; and west by Kegalla Local Board limits as defined by Notification in *Government Gazette* No. 7,141 of November 12, 1920, Paranakuru and Beligal korales, and North-Western Province.

APPOINTMENTS, &c., BY THE GOVERNOR.

No. 185 of 1921.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr. G. S. SCHNEIDER to act as Puisne Justice of the Supreme Court of the Island of Ceylon, with effect from May 24, 1921, until further orders.

Mr. F. G. TYRRELL to the office of Government Agent and Fiscal, North-Western Province; Additional District Judge, Kurunegala; Superintendent of the Prison at Kurunegala; Visitor of the Prison at Chilaw; Member of the Board of Health, North-Western Province; and Local Authority under the Petroleum Ordinance for the North-Western Province, with effect from May 23, 1921, until further orders.

Mr. A. W. SEYMOUR to act in the office of Government Agent and Fiscal, North-Central Province; Additional District Judge and Additional Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Anuradhapura; Superintendent of the Prison at Anuradhapura; Local Authority under the Petroleum Ordinance for the North-Central Province; and Member of the Board of Health, North-Central Province, with effect from May 21, 1921, until further orders.

Mr. A. DE ABREW to act as District Judge, Kalutara, *vice* Mr. W. H. B. CARBERRY, from May 31 to June 2, 1921, or until the resumption of duties by that officer.

Mr. C. A. LA BROOY to act as District Judge and Additional Commissioner of Requests, Kandy, *vice* Mr. M. S. SRESHTA, from May 24 to 26, 1921, or until the resumption of duties by that officer.

Mr. C. L. JOSEPH to act as Police Magistrate, Additional District Judge, and Additional Municipal Magistrate, Colombo, *vice* Mr. N. J. LUDDINGTON, from April 9 to 11, 1921, and on April 30 and May 1, 1921.

Mr. C. L. JOSEPH to act as Police Magistrate, Additional District Judge, and Additional Municipal Magistrate, Colombo, *vice* Mr. N. J. LUDDINGTON, on May 21 and 22, 1921, or until the resumption of duties by that officer.

Mr. W. S. STRONG to act as Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate and Additional District Judge, Puttalam, *vice* Mr. T. D. PERERA, from May 31 to June 4, 1921, or until the resumption of duties by that officer.

Mr. G. P. KEUNEMAN to act as Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate and Additional District Judge, Matara, *vice* Mr. C. E. JONES, on May 25, 1921, or until the resumption of duties by that officer.

Mr. S. A. MARTIN to act as Additional Police Magistrate, Chilaw, on May 27, 1921.

Mr. J. D. PHILLIPS to be a member of the Sanitary Board, Colombo District, *vice* Rev. W. A. STONE.

Mr. C. E. GOONETILLEKE to be a member of the Sanitary Board, Galle District, *vice* Mr. J. P. GUNATILLEKE.

Dr. A. T. KURIYAN to be an Official Member of the Local Board of Trincomalee, *vice* Dr. A. CHELLAPPAH.

Mr. W. DUNCAN, of the Ceylon Wharfage Company, Limited, as a Member of the Labour Advisory Committee, *vice* Mr. W. Y. FLEMING, who has left Ceylon.

Mr. A. CHELLAPPAH to be an Inquirer for the division of Tenmaradchi, in the District of Jaffna, *vice* Mr. M. MUTTUCUMARASWAMY, from May 19, 1921, until further orders.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, GRAEME THOMSON,
Colombo, May 26, 1921. Colonial Secretary.

No. 186 of 1921.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to accept the resignation tendered by Lieutenant J. N. COOPER, Royal Artillery, of his appointment as Adjutant of the Ceylon Garrison Artillery, with effect from April 19, 1921.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, GRAEME THOMSON,
Colombo, May 23, 1921. Colonial Secretary.

No. 187 of 1921.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to re-appoint Captain J. A. PYM, M.C., Royal Garrison Artillery, as Adjutant, Ceylon Garrison Artillery.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, GRAEME THOMSON,
Colombo, May 23, 1921. Colonial Secretary.

No. 188 of 1921.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint Captain G. B. TRAILL, M.C., Ceylon Garrison Artillery, to be Temporary Adjutant of the Ceylon Garrison Artillery, with effect from April 19, 1921, pending the assumption of duties by Captain J. A. PYM, M.C., Royal Garrison Artillery.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, GRAEME THOMSON,
Colombo, May 23, 1921. Colonial Secretary.

No. 189 of 1921.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to post the under-mentioned demobilized Officer of the Army to the General Reserve of the Unit stated against his name, with effect from March 18, 1921:—

Lieutenant KENNETH JOHN WITHAM-WIGNALL,
Ceylon Planters' Rifle Corps.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, GRAEME THOMSON,
Colombo, May 24, 1921. Colonial Secretary.

No. 190 of 1921.

IT is hereby notified that Mr. V. M. FERNANDO will cease to act as Second Additional District Judge, Colombo, with effect from May 26, 1921.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, GRAEME THOMSON,
Colombo, May 25, 1921. Colonial Secretary.

No. 191 of 1921.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint Mr. DAVID DE SILVA GUNASEKERA, of Nandana, Nedimale, to be a Notary Public at Colombo and throughout the judicial division of Colombo, and to practise as such in the English language.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 20, 1921.

GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 192 of 1921.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint Mr. TEVARATANTRIGE TERENCE FERNANDO, at present practising as a Notary Public in Colombo, to be a Notary Public at Panadure and throughout the judicial division of Panadure, and to practise as such in the English language.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 20, 1921.

GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 193 of 1921.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint Mr. ALEXANDER CHRISTOPHER DE ALWIS SENEVIRATNE, of Kapuwatta, Ja-ela, to be a Notary Public at Colombo and throughout the judicial division of Colombo, and to practise as such in the English language.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 25, 1921.

GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 194 of 1921.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint Mr. THOMAS QUENTIN FERNANDO, of "Coniston," Main street, Negombo, to be a Notary Public at Negombo and throughout the judicial division of Negombo, and to practise as such in the English language.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 24, 1921.

GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 195 of 1921.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint Mr. DAVID WILLIAM WEERASEKERA, of Matara, to be a Notary Public at Matara and throughout the judicial division of Matara, and to practise as such in the English language.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 25, 1921.

GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 196 of 1921.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint Mr. SOLOMON GERARD DE ZOYSA to be a Notary Public throughout Wellaboda pattu and Bentota-Walallawiti korale of Galle District, with residence and office at Balapitiya, and an additional office at Ambalangoda, and to practise as such in the English and Sinhalese languages.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 24, 1921.

GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

APPOINTMENTS, &c., OF REGISTRARS.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

HANDUGODA MUDIYANSELA APPUHAMY provisionally as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Pallesiya pattu No. 1 division, and of Marriages (Kandyan and General) of Matale East division, in the Matale District of the Central Province, with effect from June 1, 1921, *vice* T. N. URKU BANDA, dead. His offices will be at Egodagedarawatta in Bogambara and Bodikotuwegedarawatta in Bodikotuwa.

DIONYSIUS BARTHOLOMEW SENEVIRATNE to be Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar of Births and Deaths, and of Marriages (Kandyan and General) of the Batticaloa District of the Eastern Province, with effect from June 1, 1921, *vice* E. W. KANNANGARA, transferred. His office will be at the Kacheheri, Batticaloa.

RAJAKARUNA ABAYARATNA HERATH MUDIYANSELAGE RAN BANDA NAWAGATTEGAMA provisionally as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kirimetiya pattu division, and of Marriages (Kandyan and General) of Kirimetiya pattu division, in the Puttalam District of the North-Western Province, with effect from June 1, 1921, *vice* R. A. H. M. HERAT BANDA, retired. His office will be at Nawagattegama.

BEMINIHANNEDIGE WILMOT RICHARD FERNANDO to be Deputy Medical Registrar of Births and Deaths of Anuradhapura town division, in the Anuradhapura District

of the North-Central Province, with effect from June 1, 1921, *vice* S. A. LIPTON, transferred. His office will be at the Civil Hospital, Anuradhapura.

KANDIAH VAITHIYALINGAM to be Additional Deputy Medical Registrar of Births and Deaths of Badulla town division, in the Badulla District of the Province of Uva, with effect from June 1, 1921, *vice* J. W. ALMEIDA, deceased. His office will be at the Badulla Hospital.

AMUGODA KARIAWASAN SITTARA SIMON DE SILVA as Deputy Medical Registrar of Births and Deaths of Ratnapura town division, in the Ratnapura District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, with effect from May 23, 1921, *vice* R. D. DE SILVA, transferred. His office will be at the Civil Hospital, Ratnapura.

SAMARAKON MUDIYANSELAGE PUNCHI MAHATMAYA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Muttettupola division, and of Marriages (Kandyan and General) of Atakalan korale division, in the Ratnapura District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, for two months, with effect from June 1, 1921, *vice* Registrar, H. A. WEERASOORIYA, on leave. His office will be at the permanent Registrar's office at Pitawela.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 24, 1921.

GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to confirm VIDANA PATIRANAGE PICHORIS in his appointment as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Hinidum pattu division, and (Kandy) of Yakawala division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province. His office will be at Pellegodawatta in Halwitigala.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 18, 1921.

GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

THE following appointments under section 3 of Ordinance No. 23 of 1900 and section 7 of Ordinance No. 19 of 1907 are hereby notified:—

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Colombo, has appointed DON PODISINNO EKANAYAKA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Mabodale division, and of Marriages (General) of Dasiya pattu in Alutkuru korale north division, in the Colombo District of the Western Province, for thirty days from May 24, 1921, during the absence of the Registrar, DAMUNUPOLA APPUHAMILLEGE ARIYAPALA JAYAWARDANA, on leave. His office will be at Kosgahawatta in Watinapaha.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kalutara, has appointed Dr. SIMON OSWALD DHARMARATNE to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kalutara town division, in the Kalutara District of the Western Province, for three days from May 17, 1921, during the absence of the Registrar, Dr. F. R. ALLES, on other duty. His office will be at Civil Hospital, Kalutara.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kalutara, has appointed Dr. SIMON OSWALD DHARMARATNE to act as Medical Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kalutara town division, in the Kalutara District of the Western Province, for three days from May 24, 1921, during the absence of the Registrar, Dr. F. R. ALLES, on other duty. His office will be at Civil Hospital, Kalutara.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kalutara, has appointed PESTERUWELIYANARALLAGE SIMON COORAY to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kalutara North division, and of Marriages (General) of Kalutara totamune division, in the Kalutara District of the Western Province, for May 25, 1921, during the absence of the Registrar, D. A. WIJEMANNA, on leave. His office will be at Kurusiawatta in Desastra Kalutara.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kalutara, has appointed PETIKIRI ARACHCHIGE HENRY PETER GUNATILLEKA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kumbuke division, and of Marriages (General) of Kumbuke pattu division, in the Kalutara District of the Western Province, for four days from May 30, 1921, during the absence of the Registrar, D. P. DASSANAYAKA, on leave. His office will be at Kahatagahawatta in Kumbuke.

The Provincial Registrar, Galle, has appointed JAMES WICKRAMASEKERA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Lelwala division, and of Marriages (General) of Gangaboda pattuwa division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, for thirty days from May 23, 1921, *vice* D. T. WICKRAMASEKERA, deceased. His office will be at Kanattewatta at Ihala Lelwala.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Galle, has appointed ABRAHAM WIJESINGHE to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Divitur division, and of Marriages (General) of Gangaboda pattuwa division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, for two days from May 25, 1921, during the absence of the Registrar, A. H. WIJESINHA, on leave. His office will be at Pallegederawatta in Mimedura and Putuwegodawatta in Waduwelitiya.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Galle, has appointed PIERIS ABEYGUNAWARDENE to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Dellawa division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, for seven days from June 2, 1921, during the absence of the Registrar, D. S. ABEYGUNAWARDENE, on leave. His office will be at Ihinawalagodellewatta in Andadolegama.

The Provincial Registrar, Northern Province, has appointed KARALAR CHELLAPPAH to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Kara chchi division, in the Jaffna District of the Northern Province, for five days from May 19, 1921, during the absence of the Registrar, M. J. PILLAI-NAYAGAM, on leave. His office will be at Charati vilasam in Navatkokkaddiyan.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Jaffna District, has appointed KAYILAYAR CHANGARAPILLAI to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Karaichchi division, in the Jaffna District of the Northern Province, for one week from May 20, 1921, during the absence of the Registrar, T. KANAPATIPILLAI, on leave. His office will be at Karaiyantarai in Velikkandal; station: Elephant pass market in Navatkokkaddiyan.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Jaffna District, has appointed ANANTAR MATAPPAPILLAI to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Tunukkay division, and of Marriages (General) of Tunukkay division, in the Jaffna District of the Northern Province, for thirty days from June 14, 1921, during the absence of the Registrar, A. ANANTAR, on leave. His office will be at Puliyadivalavu in Alankulam.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Mannar, has appointed NAGAMUTTU DHARMALINGAM to act as Deputy Registrar of Births and Deaths of Mannar town division, in the Mannar District of the Northern Province, for thirty days from May 20, 1921, *vice* the Deputy Registrar, L. S. RAJARETNAM, transferred. His office will be at the Civil Hospital, Mannar town.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Mullaitivu, has appointed GOVETT ELANKANAYAKAM to act as Medical Registrar of Births and Deaths of Mullaitivu town division, in the Mullaitivu District of the Northern Province, for six days from April 22, 1921, during the absence, of the Registrar, Dr. J. R. JEREMIAH, on leave. His office will be at the Civil Hospital, Mullaitivu.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Mullaitivu, has appointed GOVETT ELANKANAYAKAM to act as Medical Registrar of Births and Deaths of Mullaitivu town division, in the Mullaitivu District of the Northern Province, for six days from April 28, 1921, during the absence of the Registrar, Dr. J. R. JEREMIAH, on leave. His office will be at the Civil Hospital, Mullaitivu.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Mullaitivu, has appointed ARUMUGAM VISUVARATNAM to act as Deputy Registrar of Births and Deaths of Vavuniya town division, in the Mullaitivu District of the Northern Province, for thirty days from May 1, 1921, during the absence of the Registrar, V. S. NAGARATNAM, transferred. His office will be at the Civil Hospital, Vavuniya.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Mullaitivu, has appointed M. M. CUTTYTAMBY to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Maritime pattu division, in the Mullaitivu District of the Northern Province, for thirty days from May 6, 1921, during the absence of the Registrar, K. U. THAMPIAH MUDALIYAR, deceased. His office will be at Mullaitivu.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Mullaitivu, has appointed T. U. CHELLIAH to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Vauniya South division, in the Mullaitivu District of the Northern Province, for six days from May 19, 1921, during the absence of the Registrar, C. AMBALAVANER, on leave. His office will be at the permanent Registrar's office, Vavuniya.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Mullaitivu, has appointed GNANIAR SELVANAYAKAM to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Melpattu South and Udayavur South division, in the Mullaitivu District of the Northern Province, for five days from June 2, 1921, during the absence of the Registrar, K. CHINNIAN, on leave. His office will be at Ananthar-Puliyankulam.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Batticaloa District, has appointed TAMBIMUTTU UDAYAR SATHASIVAM to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Koralai pattu south division, and of Marriages (General) of Koralai pattu

division, in the Batticaloa District of the Eastern Province, for twenty-one days from May 23, 1921, during the absence of Registrar, N. PETER, on leave. His office will be at Korakallimadu; stations: Santiveli and Murakkoddan-ohanai.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Trincomalee, has appointed Dr. AMPATU THOMAS KURIYAN to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Trincomalee town, within Local Board limits division, in the Trincomalee District of the Eastern Province, for thirty days from May 16, 1921, *vice* Registrar, Dr. A. CHELLAPPA, transferred. His office will be at the Civil Hospital, Trincomalee.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Trincomalee, has appointed N. U. CUNANAYAGAM to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Tampalakamam pattu division, in the Trincomalee District of the Eastern Province, for thirty days from May 20, 1921, *vice* Registrar, A. V. RAMANATHAN, transferred. His office will be at Kinyai.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kurunegala, has appointed DISSANAYAKA MUDIYANSELAGE APPUHAMI to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Magul Medagandahe korale division, and of Marriages (General) of Wannihatpattu division, in the Kurunegala District of the North-Western Province, for fourteen days from May 8, 1921, during the absence of the Registrar, W. T. D. B. TIMBIRIWEWA, on sick leave. His office will be at Wewapaulawatta in Udagirilla.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kurunegala, has appointed SAMARAKOON MUDIYANSELAGE TIKIRI BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Gandahe korale division, and of Marriages (General) of Weudawili hatpattu division, in the Kurunegala District of the North-Western Province, for thirty days from May 23, 1921, during the absence of the Registrar, D. B. WELIKANDA, on sick leave. His office will be at the permanent Registrar's residence at Welikanda.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Puttalam, has appointed KALUHAT WILMOT DE ABREW WIJESINGHA to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Pitigal korale north division, in the Chilaw District of the North-Western Province, for eleven days from May 14, 1921, during the absence of the Registrar, D. D. PIERIS, on leave. His office will be at the Land Registry, Chilaw.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Puttalam, has appointed JERONIMUS LEONARD LONGINUS DE ROSAIRO to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kalpitiya division, and of Marriages (General) of Kalpitiya division and town division, in the Puttalam District of the North-Western Province, for fifteen days from May 18, 1921, during the absence of the Registrar, S. ANTONIPPILLAI, on leave. His office will be at the Rose Bank, Kalpitiya.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Anuradhapura, has appointed BEMINHANNEDIGE WILMOT RICHARD FERNANDO to act as Deputy Medical Registrar of Births and Deaths of Anuradhapura town division, in the Anuradhapura District of the North-Central Province, for fifteen days from May 17, 1921, *vice* S. A. LIPTON, transferred. His office will be at the Civil Hospital, Anuradhapura.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Anuradhapura, has appointed EKANAYAKE MUDIYANSELAGE PUNCHI BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Negampaha korale division, and of Marriages (General) of Kalagam palata division, in the Anuradhapura District of the North-Central Province, for thirty days from June 1, 1921, during the absence of the Registrar, E. M. DINGIRI BANDA, on leave. His office will be at Kolongahawatta in Kandulegama.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kegalla, has appointed IDIRISURI MUDIYANSELAGE APPUHAMI to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Meddemedeliya pattuwa division, and of Marriages (General) of Galboda and Kinygoda korales division, in the Kegalla District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, for two days from May 23, 1921, during the absence of the Registrar, E. M. KIRI BANDA, on leave. His office will be at Handagamawatta in Handagama.

Registrar-General's Office, G. F. FORREST,
Colombo, May 25, 1921. Acting Registrar-General.

IT is hereby notified that M. S. DE SILVA WARNAKULASURIYA, Registrar of Marriages (Kandyan and General) of Gampola town division, in the Kandy District of the Central Province, will, with effect from July 1, 1921, hold his office at No. 2, Byrde street, Gampola, instead of at 23, Kadugannawa street, Gampola, as notified in the *Government Gazette* No. 6,850 of January 26, 1917.

Registrar-General's Office, G. F. FORREST,
Colombo, May 19, 1921. Acting Registrar-General.

IT is hereby notified that SAMARASINHA HERAT MUDIYANSELAGE TIKIRI BANDA, Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kiraweli pattu east division, and of Marriages (Kandyan and General) of Beligal korale division, in the Kegalla District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, will, with effect from May 25, 1921, hold his office at Dembatewatta in Othnapitiya, instead of at Kalukohuwitawatta in Othnapitiya, as notified in the *Government Gazette* No. 5,553 of June 3, 1898.

Registrar-General's Office, G. F. FORREST,
Colombo, May 24, 1921. Acting Registrar-General.

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATIONS.

“THE CEYLON (LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL) ORDER IN COUNCIL, 1920.”

IT is hereby notified that His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council has, under section 35 (2) of “The Ceylon (Legislative Council) Order in Council, 1920,” been pleased to appoint the Hon. Mr. Justice Ennis to be a Commissioner to inquire into and report on the grounds on which the validity of the elections of Mr. E. W. Perera as Member of the Legislative Council for the Constituency of the Western Province (Division B) and of Mr. A. C. G. Wijeyekoon as Member of the Legislative Council for the Constituency of the Central Province has been brought into question by Mr. J. S. Walter de Soysa and Mr. Arthur A. Perera, respectively, as set out in the election petitions presented by them.

By His Excellency's command,

GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 26, 1921.

"THE CEYLON (LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL) ORDER IN COUNCIL, 1920."

WITH reference to the Notification under clause 32 of the above Order dated March 15, 1921, published in the *Ceylon Government Gazette* of the same date, it is hereby notified that His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to cancel the appointment of Mr. F. Bartlett as Returning Officer of the Constituency of the European Electorate (Rural), and to appoint Mr. G. F. Forrest to be the Returning Officer of the said Constituency.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 24, 1921.

By His Excellency's command,
GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

"THE VEHICLES ORDINANCE, No. 4 OF 1916."

Special By-law made by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council, under Section 22 of "The Vehicles Ordinance, No. 4 of 1916."

THE special by-law made by the Governor in Executive Council, under section 22 of the said Ordinance, and published in the *Government Gazette* of May 31, 1918, is hereby repealed.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 19, 1921.

By His Excellency's command,
GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

"THE VEHICLES ORDINANCE, No. 4 OF 1916."

By-laws made by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council, under Section 18 of "The Vehicles Ordinance, No. 4 of 1916," for Mechanically Propelled Vehicles in Ceylon Plying for Hire.

FOR by-law 2 of the by-laws made under section 18 of "The Vehicles Ordinance, No. 4 of 1916," and published in the *Government Gazette* of November 16, 1917, the following by-law shall be substituted:—

The maximum number of passengers to be fixed by the proper authority.

2. (a) The maximum number of passengers that may be carried in a motor car licensed to carry passengers and the number of such passengers who may occupy the front seat with the driver shall be determined by the proper authority, whose decision shall be final. Such numbers shall be endorsed on the license, and the maximum number of passengers the car is licensed to carry shall be clearly and legibly painted on a conspicuous part of the body of the motor car or on a plate or board affixed to a conspicuous part of the motor car. (For the purpose of this by-law an infant in arms shall not be counted as a passenger, and two children each under twelve years shall be counted as one passenger.)

(b) If more than the authorized number is carried on the front seat, or more than the maximum number is carried in the car itself, the owner and the driver shall be guilty of an offence.

(c) If any person travel on the footboard or other part of the car except the inside of it, both the person so travelling and the driver shall be severally guilty of an offence.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 19, 1921.

By His Excellency's command,
GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased, in terms of the regulations dated June 2, 1903, to grant the Colonial Auxiliary Forces Long Service Medal to Regimental Quartermaster-Sergeant F. R. Smethurst of the Ceylon Planters' Rifle Corps.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 24, 1921.

By His Excellency's command,
GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

"THE SMALL TOWNS SANITARY ORDINANCE, 1892."

AMENDED table of fees determined by the Sanitary Board, Kurunegala District, with the sanction of His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council, to be charged for annual licenses in substitution for that given in Schedule A to the regulations made by the said Sanitary Board, and published in *Government Gazette* No. 7.142 of November 19, 1920:—

	Rs.	c.		Rs.	c.
Butcher's stalls	..	5 0	Public bathing places	..	6 0
Brick or tile manufactory	..	15 0	Plumbago store or curing yard	..	50 0
Lime kilns	..	12 0	Cattle galas	..	5 0
Aerated water manufactory	..	100 0			

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 12, 1921.

By His Excellency's command,
GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

" THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE (AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, No. 31 OF 1919."

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased, under section 326 A of " The Criminal Procedure Code, 1898," as amended by Ordinance No. 31 of 1919, to appoint Captain A. P. Stone to be a Probation Officer for the Judicial District of Avissawella for a period of ten months from June 1, 1921.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 27, 1921.

GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

" THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE (AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, No. 31 OF 1919."

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased, under section 326 A of " The Criminal Procedure Code, 1898," as amended by Ordinance No. 31 of 1919, to appoint Mr. G. J. Pickthell to be a Probation Officer for the Judicial District of Kalutara for a period of ten months from June 1, 1921, *vice* Mr. K. A. Burne.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 24, 1921.

GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

" THE CEMETERIES AND BURIALS ORDINANCE, 1899."

BY-LAWS made by the Sanitary Board of the Matara District, with the approval of His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council, under section 38 of Ordinance No. 9 of 1899.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 20, 1921.

GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

RULES *re* GENERAL CEMETERY.

1. No burials or cremation of any person dying within the Sanitary Board limits of Weligama shall take place except in a cemetery duly proclaimed under the Cemeteries Ordinance or on premises specially registered as a burial ground or cremation ground in the office of the Sanitary Board.

2. All burials in the General Cemetery shall be entered in a register to be kept in the form prescribed by the Sanitary Board.

3. All applications for graves are to be made to the keeper of the cemetery not less than six hours before the time fixed for the burial of the person for whom the grave is wanted.

4. The keeper or, in his absence, the sexton of the cemetery must intimate the line to be followed by the funeral party on arriving at the cemetery, and if more than one come at the same time the order in which they are respectively to move to the graves.

5. Should it be necessary for the purpose of preventing the disturbance of one funeral party by the other and not otherwise, the keeper of the cemetery may require that one burial service should be concluded before another can be commenced.

6. The keeper of the cemetery shall be entitled to keep order within the cemetery, and his lawful commands are to be obeyed.

7. No grave is to be less than 5 feet in depth or at a less distance than 4 feet from another. No grave shall be re-opened within three years, and no vault within six months, from the date of the last interment therein.

8. The keeper of the cemetery shall send to the Chairman of the Sanitary Board monthly a statement of all moneys recovered by him, together with such recoveries.

9. The following fees are to be paid by applicants for graves in respect of any portion of the General Cemetery, Weligama, in terms of section 23, sub-sections (1) and (2), of Ordinance No. 9 of 1899:—

	Rs.
For digging a large-sized grave ..	2
For digging a grave for a child under 10 years ..	1
The following fees are to be paid in respect of any portion of the General Cemetery not sold or set apart by deed for the special use of any religious denomination.	
For a tomb, the space of ground not exceeding 8 ft. by 4 ft. ..	15
For a tomb, the space of ground exceeding 8 ft. by 4 ft. but not exceeding 8 ft. by 8 ft. ..	30
For a family vault not exceeding 8 ft. by 8 ft. ..	60
For opening the same at the burial of a relation ..	5

The above fees are to be paid at the time of the application for land for a tomb or vault.

Provided, also, that on the production of a certificate signed by the Vidane Arachehi of Weligama that the relations of any deceased person are not able to pay the fees herein authorized for the digging of a grave, the keeper of the cemetery shall cause a grave to be dug and the corps to be buried therein free of charge.

IT is hereby notified that a license to import 300 rifle cartridges into Ceylon during the current year has been issued to Mr. F. T. Wright, of Galphele estate, Wattegama.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 25, 1921.

GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

"THE SMALL TOWNS SANITARY ORDINANCE, 1892."

THE following by-laws and table of fees made by the Sanitary Board of the Nuwara Eliya District, under sections 9 E (2) and 5 (A) of Ordinance No. 18 of 1892, as amended by Ordinance No. 30 of 1914, and approved by His Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, are published for general information. The by-laws framed by the Sanitary Board of the Nuwara Eliya District, and published in *Government Gazettes* Nos. 6,446 of June 9, 1911, and 7,100 of April 23, 1920, are hereby cancelled.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, March 24, 1921.

By His Excellency's command,
GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

BY-LAWS REFERRED TO.

CHAPTER I. [Section 9 E (2) (a).]

Time and Place of Meeting and Order to be observed thereat.

1. Ordinary meetings of the Board shall be held whenever there is business to be transacted at the Nuwara Eliya Kacheheri at 10 A.M., provided that it shall be lawful for the Board to adjourn any meeting to any other day or hour.
2. For all purposes connected with the Board the precedence and seniority of the members shall be as follows:—
 - (a) The *ex-officio* Chairman.
 - (b) The members nominated by the Governor in the order in which they have been gazetted.
3. The Chairman shall preserve order and decide on all disputed points of order.
4. As soon after the hour appointed for any meeting (whether ordinary or special) as a quorum shall assemble, the member entitled to preside shall take the chair, and the Board shall proceed to business. Should a quorum not be present at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, the meeting shall stand adjourned, if an ordinary meeting, to the day appointed for the next ordinary meeting, or if a special meeting *sine die*.
5. Any member desiring to ask a question or to make a motion, unless in the course of discussion or in case of emergency by special leave of the Board, shall give notice of such question or motion either at some previous meeting of the Board, or by notice in writing at least four days before the day on which he intends to ask such question or make such motion.
6. Every member in giving such notice shall deliver to the Chairman a copy of such question or motion.
7. All questions asked and motions made at a meeting shall be made in the order of the notices thereof, unless the Board shall decide otherwise.
8. A motion negatived at a meeting shall not again be brought forward until after the expiration of at least three months, and no motion in any way contrary to one passed by the Board at a meeting shall be entertained until after the expiration of the same period.
9. Any member presenting a petition or other communication will be held responsible for its contents being throughout respectful, and no document shall be laid before the Board unless the name and address of the drawer be legibly recorded on it.
10. When a petition or other communication is presented, the purport thereof shall be concisely stated, and on the motion of any member, duly seconded, the question shall be put whether or not the document shall be read.
11. The business of the ordinary meetings of the Board shall be conducted in the following order:—
 - (a) The minutes of the preceding meeting shall be read and confirmed after being, if necessary, corrected.
 - (b) Memorials, petitions, or other communications addressed to the Board shall be laid before the meeting and orders made thereon.
 - (c) The other business shall be considered in the order set down in the order book hereinafter mentioned.
12. An order book shall be kept, in which shall be entered and numbered in succession the subjects to be brought under discussion at each meeting. Another book to be called the minute book shall be kept, in which shall be minuted during each sitting in the order in which they occur the proceedings of the Board.
13. Each Inspector or Supervisor appointed by the Board shall also keep and submit to the Board at every meeting a complaint book, and he shall provide that this book shall be accessible to the public at his office within the hours of 11 A.M. and 4 P.M. on every week day, excepting Saturdays, holidays, and on any day on which the Board may sit and on the day before such sitting. Every inhabitant of the town shall have access to this book on his furnishing the Inspector or Supervisor with his name and address.

CHAPTER II. [Section 9 E (2) (b).]

Execution of Works, Streets, Roads, and Bridges.

1. All votes of money for public works shall be made on estimates previously prepared and approved by the Board.
2. It shall be lawful for any person or persons thereunto authorized in writing by the Chairman, between the hours of 7 A.M. and 5 P.M., with all necessary and proper servants,

labourers, workmen, carriages, and animals, and other means, to enter upon any land adjacent or near to any existing or intended street within the limits of the Board, and there severally to do and perform all acts, matters, and things necessary for the purpose of tracing, measuring, making, working, opening, altering, turning, repairing, clearing, improving, or fencing any street, or for building, excavating, repairing, clearing, or improving any bridge, fence, drain, dam, or ditch thereupon, or in any way connected therewith, or for performing any act, matter, or thing under the provisions of this Ordinance.

3. In the tracing, measuring, making, working, opening, altering, turning, repairing, clearing, or improving any existing or intended street, or building, excavating, repairing, or improving any bridge, fence, drain, dam, or ditch thereupon, or in any way connected therewith, it shall and may be lawful for the person or persons authorized as aforesaid to throw upon any land adjacent or near thereto such earth, rubbish, or materials, as it shall or may be necessary to remove from the place of any such work; provided that such earth, rubbish, and material shall be removed within a reasonable time.

4. It shall be lawful for any person thereunto authorized in writing by the Chairman to make any temporary road through the ground near to any existing or intended thoroughfare during the execution of any work in any way connected therewith; provided such road shall not run over any ground whereon any building stands, nor over an enclosed garden or yard.

5. It shall be lawful for any person thereunto specially authorized in writing by the Chairman to cut and remove and place upon any ground near thereto all trees, bushes, or shrubs, and all leaves or branches or roots of trees that shall grow in or overhang any thoroughfare or cause any obstruction or harm thereto, and for that purpose to enter upon any land or premises with such persons, animals, and instruments as may be necessary for the removing of such trees, bushes, shrubs, leaves, branches, or roots.

6. It shall be lawful for any person thereunto authorized in writing by the Chairman to put up or make fences, hedges, ditches, drains, or banks by the side of any thoroughfare whenever to him it shall appear necessary.

7. Any person thereunto specially authorized in writing by the Chairman shall have power to make and cleanse all drains or water-courses, and also to make such bridges as he shall deem necessary for the preservation, improvement, repair, or construction of any road or canal in and through any lands or grounds lying near to such road or canal or intended road or canal.

8. Any officer of the Board thereunto specially authorized in writing by the Chairman shall have power to lay any matter or thing whatsoever upon any road, and to allow the same to remain there during the time such road is under repair, and for such time before the repairs are commenced and after the repairs are completed as may be necessary for facilitating the making of such repairs, or for preventing damage to such recently repaired road; but he shall take due and reasonable precaution for preventing danger or injury to persons passing along such road.

9. It shall be lawful for any such person or persons authorized as aforesaid, with the servants, workmen, and labourers employed by or under him, between the hours of 7 A.M. and 5 P.M., and with all necessary and proper carriages, animals, and other means, to search for, dig, cut, take, and carry away any water, timber, brushwood, stone, gravel, clay, or any other material whatsoever for the purpose of tracing, measuring, making, working, opening, altering, turning, repairing, clearing, improving, or fencing, or in any way assisting in the tracing, measuring, making, working, opening, altering, turning, repairing, clearing, or improving, or fencing any existing or intended street, or of building, excavating, repairing, clearing, or improving any bridge, fence, drain, dam, or ditch thereupon, or repairing any lines or any buildings whatsoever required on or near any such thoroughfare for the use of any officer of the Board employed on any work connected with such street, or any workmen, or any persons, or things employed in his service in and from any land adjacent or near to any such street, and to carry away the same through the ground of any person without being deemed a trespasser; provided that no such material shall be dug for, cut, or taken away upon or from any yard, avenue to a house or lawn, or any enclosed garden, plantation, field, or wood without the consent of the owner thereof, unless sufficient materials cannot conveniently be obtained from the neighbouring

waste lands or common or abandoned grounds, in which case the person or persons authorized as aforesaid may take any of such materials where these can be conveniently procured; provided also that reasonable compensation for all materials so taken, and for the damages done by the getting and carrying away the same, shall be made to the owner thereof; and provided further, that such person or persons shall rail or fence off any quarries or pits from which any such materials shall be taken, so that the same shall not be dangerous to any person or animal.

10. Any officer of the Board authorized in writing by the Chairman shall have power to make, scour, cleanse, and keep open all ditches, gutters, and drains, or water-courses, and also to make and lay such trunks, tunnels, plats, or bridges as he shall deem necessary for the protection, preservation, improvement, repair, or construction of any street or road in and through any lands or grounds adjoining or lying near to such street or road or intended street or road.

11. It shall be lawful for the Chairman, should he deem it necessary, to require, by notice in writing, the owner of any yard or ground adjoining a dwelling-house, or the owner of any alley, to have such yard, ground, or alley paved or levelled in such manner as the Chairman shall direct, and to lay sufficient drains or pipes to the nearest town sewer or drain for the purpose of draining such yard, ground, or alley. Such drains or pipes shall be of such material, of such size, of such level, and with such fall, and shall be carried to such point of junction with the said sewer or drain as the Chairman shall appoint; provided that the Board shall supply to such owner on application at cost price, the materials necessary for the drains or pipes which he is required to lay. If such owner shall fail to comply with the requirements of such notice within the time appointed, the Chairman and any officer or workmen authorized by him may enter upon the premises and cause the required work to be done, and the cost thereof shall be paid by the owner.

CHAPTER III. [Section 9 F (2) (c).]

1. The flour, water, and other materials used in the manufacture of bread shall be good and wholesome, and it shall be lawful for any person thereto authorized in writing by the Chairman from time to time to den and and obtain samples thereof.

2. Each loaf of bread shall bear on its upper surface a mark distinctly indicating its weight, and any person selling bread that falls short of the full weight so indicated shall be guilty of an offence.

CHAPTER IV. A.—MARKETS.

Establishment and Regulation of Public Markets and Regulations dealing with Unwholesome Food.

1. Whenever it shall be determined by the Board to establish a public market, the Chairman shall give not less than ten days' notice of the time when the same will be opened, and such notice shall be published by beat of tom-tom.

2. All public markets shall be open daily from 6 A.M. to 9 P.M., and it shall be the duty of the Board or its lessee to make provision for the proper lighting of the market.

3. A table of rents and fees leviable at each market by the servants of the Board or by its lessee shall be printed in English, Sinhalese, and Tamil and placed in a conspicuous place at each market, and it shall be unlawful for any person to demand or receive higher sums than those authorized by such notice.

The rents and fees leviable at the markets established by the Board shall be as follows:—

Meat Market.

For every carcase other than a goat or sheep exposed for sale, 50 cents a day.

For every carcase of a goat or sheep exposed for sale, 25 cents a day.

Fish Market.

For each square yard of floor space occupied, 10 cents a day.

Fruit and Vegetable Market.

For each square yard of floor space occupied, 3 cents a day.

4. The several rents and fees payable in respect of a public market shall be paid in advance from time to time on demand to the Chairman of the Board or the lessee, or other persons authorized by the Board or their lessees to receive the same.

5. If any person liable to the payment of any rent or fee authorized as aforesaid does not pay the same when demanded, the Board or any person authorized by the Chairman of the Board to collect the same may levy the same by seizure and sale of all or any of the articles in the market belonging to, or in the possession or custody of the person liable to pay such rent or fee.

6. No person shall hold, use, or occupy any portion of a public market without a license, which license shall be in the form in Schedule A annexed, nor shall he contravene any of the conditions of such license, and no person shall keep or expose for sale in any stall any article the keeping or sale of which therein shall have been prohibited by the Board by notice posted in the market.

7. No person shall sell or expose for sale in any fish market or stall any provisions or things other than fresh or salt fish.

8. No person shall sell or expose for sale in any vegetable or fruit market or stall any meat or fish, whether fresh or salted, or any cooked food, or any articles of food other than fresh fruit and vegetables.

9. No occupant of a stall shall enclose in any way any portion of a market, or erect any awning or screen or fixture of any kind, nor shall he leave any goods in any market between the hours of 9 P.M. and 6 A.M. without having first obtained the sanction of the Chairman.

10. Every occupant of a stall, space, or seat in any market shall keep such stall, space, or seat clean and free from filth or rubbish. No person suffering, or who to the knowledge of any person in charge of a public market has recently suffered from any contagious or infectious disease, or has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall occupy any stall, seat, or place in such public market or expose for sale thereat any provisions whatsoever.

11. No person using or occupying any portion of a public market shall—

(a) Behave in a disorderly manner or commit any nuisance in or about such market.

(b) Carry on any cooking in any such market.

(c) Remain in or loiter about such market after the place is closed for business at 9 P.M. without being able to give a satisfactory account of himself.

(d) Damage or in anywise deface any portion of the buildings, stalls, lamps, or any property of the Board in or about such market, or defile or pollute in any way the water provided for use in such market.

12. It shall be lawful for the Inspector or Supervisor of the Board, upon the seizure by him as unwholesome or unfit for human food of any meat, poultry, fish, game, flesh, vegetable, fruit, or other article of food introduced into or exposed for sale within the limits of the Sanitary Board, to convey the same to the Medical Officer of the station, or in his absence, or if there is no such officer, to the Magistrate, or in case where there is no Police Court, to the President of a Village Tribunal; and if it appear to such Medical Officer, Magistrate, or President that such meat, poultry, fish, vegetable, fruit, or other provisions are unfit for human food, he shall order the same to be destroyed or to be disposed of so as to prevent their being exposed for sale or used as food.

13. It shall be the duty of the market-keeper or of the lessee of a market to maintain order within the limits of the market, and every person who shall obstruct or resist any person appointed by the Board to superintend any public market, or to collect the rents or fees, or to enforce order or cleanliness therein whilst in the execution of his duty, shall be guilty of an offence.

14. Whenever it shall appear to the Board that the use or consumption by the public of any particular kind of fish is injurious, or that during the prevalence of any epidemic the use or consumption of any particular kind of fruit or vegetable is hurtful, it shall be lawful for the Board, on the recommendation of the Medical Officer, by beat of tom-tom or other sufficient notice, to prohibit for such time as to the Board shall appear necessary the sale of any such fish, fruit, or vegetable in any market or other place within the limits of the Board, and after such notice to cause the same, whether exposed for sale or not, to be seized and destroyed in such manner as the Board or Chairman may direct.

15. No cart or vehicle shall remain within any market premises for a longer period than is necessary for loading or unloading.

16. No rubbish, refuse, bones, skins of animals, or other articles likely to be offensive or injurious to the public health shall be deposited in or upon any public market or its premises otherwise than within a covered receptacle provided for such purpose by the Board.

17. When a slaughter-house has been provided by the Board, no carcase of any animal (or any portion thereof) which has not been slaughtered at the public slaughter-house provided by the Board shall be brought into a public or private market or sold or exposed for sale in any public or private market. The provisions of this by-law shall not apply to frozen meat, game, or fish imported into the Island.

18. If any person having a license to hold or occupy a stall in any public market shall wilfully neglect or refuse to serve the public without being able to assign a satisfactory reason during two consecutive days, it shall be lawful for the Chairman to suspend or revoke any such license.

B.—GENERAL.

(a) No person shall within the limits of any Sanitary Board town keep any bakery, eating-house, tea or coffee boutique, butcher's stall, fish stall, cattle gala, dairy, laundry, or common lodging house without an annual license from the Chairman of the Sanitary Board, which license the Chairman is hereby empowered to refuse to any person failing to comply with any of the following rules or any existing Sanitary Board rule providing for the regulation and control of the places aforesaid. Every such license shall remain in force until December 31 of the year in respect of which such license is issued or until such license is cancelled.

Such license shall further be subject to such fees as the Sanitary Board shall from time to time determine with the sanction of the Governor in Council.

(b) If any person shall have been convicted twice or oftener by any court of the breach of any of the following rules or any existing Sanitary Board rule providing for the control of the places aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the court recording such second or subsequent conviction to cancel the license issued to such person under this chapter by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board. Upon such cancellation of a license by a court the Chairman of the Sanitary Board is empowered in his discretion to refuse to issue any fresh license to such person.

Provided that these rules shall not apply to stalls in markets established by or vested in any public body.

C.—BAKERIES.

1. Bakery shall mean any premises on which bread, biscuits, or confectionery are baked for sale as food for man, and also includes any premises on which such food is prepared for baking or on which the materials for the preparation of such food are stored.
2. The room in which kneading takes place shall have a minimum superficial area of 12 feet by 15 feet. There shall be a free external air space on at least two sides not less than 7 feet wide to permit of through ventilation. The door of the oven shall not open directly into the kneading room. Every kneading room shall be provided with a ceiling.
3. Every bakery shall be well ventilated and well lighted, and the walls in every part shall not be less than 7 feet in height and be built of brick, stone, or cabook, the inside thereof to be lime plastered and whitewashed every six months. The roof shall be of some permanent material. The ceiling shall be plastered and limewashed four times yearly, or may be made of closely fitting boards varnished or painted. The floor shall be cemented throughout and adequate drainage provided. Every room shall be provided with windows capable of being opened and having a superficial area of not less than one-sixteenth of the superficial floor space.
4. The troughs and all the utensils used in the making of bread and pastry shall be kept scrupulously clean, and must be capable of being moved about for the purpose of cleaning the floor.
5. The floor shall be carefully scraped and swept at least once every twenty-four hours, and the sweepings shall be immediately placed in an impervious, covered receptacle and removed from the bakery daily.
6. Every bakery shall be kept in a cleanly state and free from effluvia arising from any drain, privy, cesspit, or other nuisance.
7. No bakery shall be within 50 feet of any cesspit, manure heap, open sewer, or privy.
8. No furniture or other articles are to be stored in the bakery other than those used in the manufacture of bread and pastry.
9. The tops of the tables are to be made of well seasoned closely fitting planks, or some non-harmful impervious material, and are to be scraped and cleaned daily.
10. No animal shall be kept in the bakery on any pretence whatever.
11. No person suffering, or who to the knowledge of any person in charge of the bakery has recently suffered, from any contagious or infectious disease, or has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall be permitted by any such person in charge of the bakery to enter the bakery or take part in the manufacture or sale of bread, biscuits, or confectionery.
12. All persons employed in the preparation and baking of bread shall wash their hands before engaging in the process of breadmaking, and shall wear clean white aprons covering the chest and body, and also a white cap or turban.
13. Clean water and soap shall be provided for the use of those engaged in the manufacture of bread, biscuits, and confectionery.
14. All bread, biscuits, confectionery, and sweetmeats exposed for sale shall be kept in properly constructed glass cases free from flies. The cases shall be kept scrupulously clean.
15. The flour, water, and other materials used in the manufacture of bread shall be good and wholesome, and the flour shall be kept on a platform raised 3 feet above the ground.
16. All refuse around the premises of a bakery shall be removed daily and drains well flushed.
17. No place on the same level with the bakery and forming part of the same building shall be used as a sleeping place, unless it is effectually separated from the bakery by a partition extending from the floor to the ceiling; no water-closet, earth-closet, privy, or ashpit shall be within, or communicate directly with, the bakery.
18. It shall be lawful for a Sanitary Board Inspector or other person authorized in writing by the Chairman at all reasonable times and at any time when the process of baking is being carried on to enter and inspect any bakery or place used for the sale of bread.
19. A copy of these by-laws shall be framed and hung up in a prominent place in every bakery

D.—EATING-HOUSES AND TEA AND COFFEE BOUTIQUES.

1. All eating-houses and tea and coffee boutiques shall be kept clean and sanitary to the satisfaction of the Chairman.
 2. All utensils, furniture, and other requisites used in or belonging to any eating-house or tea or coffee boutique shall always be kept clean.
 3. The walls of all eating-houses and tea or coffee boutiques shall be plastered and limewashed at least twice a year or as directed by the Chairman or Senior Sanitary Officer, and the rooms shall be well ventilated and lighted.
 4. All refuse and dirt in or about the premises of any eating-house or tea or coffee boutique shall be removed twice daily.
 5. No person suffering, or who to the knowledge of any person in charge of an eating-house or tea or coffee boutique has recently suffered, from any contagious or infectious disease, or has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall be permitted by any such person in charge of the eating-house or tea or coffee boutique to be employed in or about any such eating-house or tea or coffee boutique.
 6. The sugar used in such place shall be kept in glass-stoppered wide-mouthed bottles.
 7. All cakes, sweetmeats, &c., exposed for sale shall be kept in properly constructed glass cases free from flies. No food stuffs shall be exposed to the contamination of flies. The glass cases used shall be kept scrupulously clean.
 8. No waste tea, coffee, or milk, or remnants of food or cooking waste, shall be thrown on the ground, but shall be collected in a proper receptacle and removed daily.
 9. No adulterated milk shall be sold or offered or exposed for sale or kept on the premises of any eating-house or tea or coffee boutique.
- For the purposes of this rule adulterated milk shall mean milk to which water or any other foreign liquid or substance has been added for the purpose of augmenting its quantity or enhancing its apparent quality and not for the purpose of preparing tea or coffee or any other beverage for the immediate consumption of customers.
10. These by-laws shall be framed and hung up in a prominent place in every such eating-house or tea or coffee boutique.

E.—BUTCHERS' STALLS.

1. Every butcher's stall shall be well ventilated and well lighted, the walls thereof shall be plastered and whitewashed at least four times a year, and the floor cemented and sufficient drainage provided.
2. Every room in which meat is kept shall be scrupulously clean.
3. Every table used in a butcher's stall shall be covered with zinc or other impermeable substance approved by the Chairman. Such tables and the chopping block and all implements shall be kept scrupulously clean. They shall be washed with water and scrubbed with a hard clean brush immediately after use. All hooks for hanging meat shall be polished and free from rust.
4. Refuse and unsaleable material, offal, &c., if not immediately removed, shall be kept in a zinc lined box, with a perforated zinc cover, the perforation to be of such size as to prevent flies entering.
5. All refuse and dirt in and about the premises of a butcher's stall shall be removed at least once a day and the drains well flushed.
6. No person suffering, or who to the knowledge of any person in charge of a butcher's stall has recently suffered, from any contagious or infectious disease, or has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall be permitted by any such person in charge of the butcher's stall to be employed in such butcher's stall.
7. Every butcher shall provide himself with a movable bin or receptacle of metal for waste material.
8. Every butcher's stall and the management and conduct of the business shall be at all times open and subject to inspection by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board or by any person duly authorized by the Chairman.
9. These by-laws shall be framed and hung up in a prominent place in every butcher's stall.

F.—FISH STALLS.

1. Every fish stall shall be well ventilated and well lighted, and the walls thereof shall be plastered and whitewashed at least twice a year or as directed by the Chairman or Senior Sanitary Officer. The floor shall be of smooth cement, having a proper fall leading to a masonry drain built in cement and cement rendered, emptying into a bucket. The drain and bucket shall be washed with disinfectant at least twice a day, and the bucket shall not be allowed to overflow. The stall shall always be kept clean and free from stains of blood and dust, and the walls and floor kept in a state of repair.
2. Instead of the drain referred to in the last preceding rule, a fishmonger may use a large zinc sheet or concrete counter having a fall towards its centre and so arranged that the washing shall fall into the bucket.

3. Every table used in a fish stall shall be covered with zinc or other impermeable substance approved by the Chairman. Such tables and the chopping block and all implements shall be kept scrupulously clean. They shall be washed with water and scrubbed with a hard clean brush immediately after use. All hooks for hanging fish shall be polished and free from rust.

4. Fish baskets shall be washed daily and kept exposed to sun and air on a shelf and not to be kept inside the fish shop.

5. Every fish stall holder shall provide himself with a movable receptacle of metal for waste material.

6. All refuse and dirt in or about the premises of a fish stall shall be removed at least once a day and the drains well flushed.

7. No person suffering, or who to the knowledge of any person in charge of a fish stall has recently suffered, from any contagious or infectious disease, or has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall be permitted by any such person in charge of the fish stall to be employed in such fish stall.

8. Every fish stall and the management and conduct of the business shall at all reasonable times be open and subject to inspection by the Chairman or by any person duly authorized by the Chairman.

9. These by-laws shall be framed and hung up in a prominent place in every fish stall.

G.—GALAS.

1. Every licensed gala shall be registered by the Chairman, and a notice board shall be hung up by the licensee at the entrance to every such gala with the words "Registered Gala No.—" and the name of the owner painted thereon.

2. Every gala or halting place for carts or cattle shall be properly levelled and drained to the satisfaction of the Chairman, and the ground shall either be paved or properly consolidated with broken metal, so that it keeps a hard and level surface. All buildings in such gala or halting place used for keeping the bulls or other animals must be so constructed and kept as to comply with rule 3. Such gala or halting place shall be kept in a clean and sanitary state, being thoroughly cleansed daily, and all dung and refuse removed daily to such place at a distance from any dwelling houses as the Chairman shall approve. No goods, materials, or substance of any kind shall be deposited upon such gala or halting place in such a manner as to obstruct such daily cleansing.

3. The owner, tenant, or occupier of every building or shed used as a stable, cattle stall, or cattle halting place shall provide the same to the satisfaction of the Chairman with suitable cemented drains to carry off washings, urine, or rain water. Provided that the Chairman, if he considers it necessary, may require such drains to be so constructed as to convey the urine or washings into one or more covered receptacles constructed in such a manner as the Chairman shall direct, the contents of which shall be daily removed at the expense of such owner, tenant, or occupier and disposed of so that no nuisance is caused thereby. The floor of such building or shed shall be paved with brick rendered in cement, stone, cement concrete, asphalt, or other hard material which can readily be kept clean, and shall be kept even and in good repair. If such building or shed is so constructed that it can be whitewashed, this shall be done at least once in six months or oftener if the Chairman shall so direct. (Provided that the Chairman may relax any of the above regulations if, owing to the distance of the building or shed from human dwellings or for any other reason, he shall consider the same unnecessary.) Provided also that the Chairman may, if he considers it necessary, require any building to be used as a stable, cattle stall, or cattle halting place to be constructed of stone, brick, or other permanent materials, and to have a tiled or iron roof.

4. Every stable, cattle stall, or cattle halting place shall be kept in a clean and sanitary state, being thoroughly cleansed daily, and dung and refuse removed daily to such a place at a distance from any dwelling houses as the Chairman shall approve.

5. Every gala shall be open for inspection at all reasonable times by the officers of the Board or by any other person thereto authorized in writing by the Chairman. All orders which the Chairman is empowered to make under these by-laws shall be in writing.

H.—DAIRIES.

1. For the purpose of rules under section 9 E (2) (d) a dairy shall mean and include any farm, farmhouse, cow shed, milk store, milk shop, or other place from which milk is supplied or in which milk is stored or kept for the purposes of sale.

"Dairyman" shall include any cow keeper, purveyor of milk, or occupier of a dairy, and in cases where a dairy is owned by more than one person, the manager or other person actually managing such dairy.

2. No dairy shall be located in any compound within 100 feet of an open cesspit or surface latrine or in a position where bad odours will reach it, and no open cesspit or surface latrine shall be erected within 100 feet of any dairy.

3. Every dairy compound shall be sufficiently provided with proper drainage to the satisfaction of the Chairman, and the drains shall be kept flushed. No foul water shall be allowed to stagnate in any dairy compound.

4. All refuse and dirt in and around the dairy premises shall be removed without delay. Cowdung shall be removed daily.

5. A pure and protected supply of water must be provided at convenient distance for the use of every dairy. No bathing or washing of clothes shall take place at or near this water supply.

6. The milch cows and buffaloes shall be free from disease, and no person suffering from, or who to the knowledge of any person in charge of a dairy has recently suffered from, any contagious or infectious disease, or has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall be permitted by any such person in charge of the dairy to be employed in such dairy.

7. All dairymen shall see that their cattle are washed as to udders and teats before milking, and the milker is to wash his hands thoroughly with soap and water before milking. Every precaution shall be taken to prevent contamination of milk by dung or urine.

8. No dairyman or owner of a dairy shall adulterate milk by the addition of any water or any other foreign liquid or substance thereto, nor shall he sell or offer or expose for sale milk so adulterated.

9. All utensils, furniture, and other requisites used in or belonging to a dairy shall be kept clean.

10. All vessels sent out containing milk shall be scrupulously clean, and shall be properly covered, stoppered, or corked with clean materials, and shall not be carried under the armpit, nor shall the mouths of the bottles be fingered.

11. The sheds and yards where cattle are kept shall be subject to and satisfy the requirements of the rule 3 of the Sanitary Board regulations regarding galas.

12. Every licensee of a dairy shall have a milk room, erected in such a position and at such a distance from the cow sheds as the Chairman of the Sanitary Board shall approve, for the storing and preparation of milk, and in which all vessels used in his trade are to be stored after cleansing. The floor shall be cemented with rounded corners at its junction with the walls, the walls shall be of plastered masonry, smooth boards or ironwork, to be limewashed or painted periodically as directed by the Chairman or the Senior Sanitary Officer. At least two opposite walls of the milk room shall abut on the open air. The roofs shall be ceiled with grooved boards to prevent the ingress of dust. There shall be at least one window and one door. The window shall be 3 feet by 2 feet without glass or shutters and be fitted with flyproof netting. The door shall be opposite the window, be close fitting and fitted with flyproof netting, and shall be kept closed. A table with a covering of marble, slate, or zinc or other approved impermeable substance shall be placed in the milk room. This room shall be used for no other purpose than that of storing and preparing milk, and one for storing after cleansing of all vessels used in the trade.

13. Every licensee of a dairy shall keep a list of his customers, which shall be open at all reasonable times for inspection by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board, the Senior Sanitary Officer, or his assistants.

14. The number of cows for which each dairy is licensed shall be stated in such license.

15. No licensee of a dairy shall change the location of his dairy without having first obtained the permission of the Chairman, nor shall milking take place at any place other than at the licensed premises.

16. Every licensee of a dairy shall keep a report book in his milk room, in which Inspecting Officers may make their report each time they visit the dairy.

17. Every dairy situated within the limits of a Sanitary Board town shall be registered by the Chairman, who shall issue to each applicant a card of registration bearing his name and number. These cards are to be shown to authorized officers of the Board or to Sanitary Inspectors when required by them to do so.

18. The Chairman of the Sanitary Board, the Senior Sanitary Officer, or his assistants, the Chief Headman of the district, or any Sanitary Inspector appointed by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board, or the Senior Sanitary Officer to do sanitary inspection in any Sanitary Board town, shall be at all times empowered to take a sample of milk for analysis from any licensed dairy or from any person selling milk or exposing milk for sale within Sanitary Board limits.

19. No person shall sell or expose for sale milk within the limits of a Sanitary Board town without the Chairman's license, which he shall carry with him when engaged in the sale of milk and produce for inspection by authorized officers of the Board or Sanitary Inspectors when required by them to do so.

20. A copy of these by-laws shall be hung in the milk room of every dairy.

I.—LAUNDRIES.

1. For the purpose of rules under section 9 E (2) (d) "laundry" means the premises occupied by any person carrying on the trade of washing other peoples' clothes for hire and used for such purpose, and "laundryman" signifies any such person or an employee or assistant of such person in such work.

2. Every laundryman shall, when so required by the Chairman, provide a separate room for soiled linen, which must be well ventilated and clean at all times and whitewashed twice annually.

3. A laundryman shall not store soiled linen in any room used as a living apartment.

4. The Chairman shall when he considers it necessary in the interests and for the good of the public health allocate special sites for the washing of clothes; such sites will be indicated by a notice board.

5. When any laundryman or any member of his family or household shall contract any infectious or contagious disease, he shall within 24 hours report the same to the Chairman of the Sanitary Board, either through the Sanitary Inspector or the Police Headman.

6. When any laundryman or any member of his family or household shall contract any infectious or contagious disease, all work in the laundry shall immediately cease, nor shall any clothes be taken into the laundry or sent out of it after the outbreak and during the prevalence of such disease, save by special permission of the Chairman.

7. No laundryman shall, without the permission of the Chairman of the Sanitary Board or the Senior Sanitary Officer, receive soiled linen from any house in which there is reason to believe that a member thereof is suffering from any infectious disease.

8. Every laundryman shall, when called upon by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board or the Senior Sanitary Officer or his assistant, give a list of the persons for whom he washes.

J.—COMMON LODGING HOUSES.

1. For the purpose of rules under section 9 E (2) (d) common lodging houses shall mean any house or any part of a house in which four or more persons not being members of the same family are housed for hire.

2. A common lodging house shall be substantially built and kept in a good state of repair, and the sleeping rooms shall be well ventilated and lighted to the satisfaction of the Chairman, and the walls thereof whitewashed thrice annually.

3. The keeper of a common lodging house shall at all times keep the place clean and in a sanitary condition. He shall cause all filth and offensive matter to be removed from the premises.

4. When any person in a common lodging house becomes ill with any infectious or contagious disease, the keeper shall immediately inform the proper authority either through the Sanitary Inspector or the Police Headman, and shall obey the directions of the proper authority with regard to the vacation of the lodging house, disinfection or destruction of bedding, clothing, and other articles, and fumigation, disinfection, and limewashing of the house.

5. The keeper of a common lodging house shall be responsible for the provision of sufficient latrine accommodation for the inmates and for the keeping of the same in a sanitary condition.

6. The Chairman of the Sanitary Board is hereby empowered to decide the maximum number of persons that may be accommodated in any common lodging house, and such number shall be endorsed upon the license. Any common lodging house-keeper allowing the number to be exceeded shall be guilty of an offence. For the purposes of this rule two children under twelve years of age shall count as one person.

7. The premises of any common lodging house shall at all reasonable times be open to inspection by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board, the Senior Sanitary Officer or his assistant, the Chief Headman of the District, and any Sanitary Inspector appointed by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board or the Senior Sanitary Officer to do sanitary inspection in the Sanitary Board town in which such common lodging house is situated.

K.—WASHING PLACES.

1. It shall be lawful for the Board by resolution from time to time to set apart for washing of horses and cattle, clothes, and mats such places as it may deem proper, and the hours during which they may be used.

2. A list of the places so set apart shall be published in the *Government Gazette* in English, Sinhalese, and Tamil, and proclaimed within the limits of the Board by beat of tom-tom, and copies of the list in the said three languages shall be kept affixed at the office.

3. No person shall wash horses, cattle, clothes, or mats at any public place within the town, except at such places so set apart by the Board.

4. No person suffering, or who to the knowledge of any person in charge of a washing place set apart as hereinbefore provided has recently suffered, from any contagious or infectious disease, or has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall be permitted by any such person in charge of the washing place to wash clothes or any other article in such washing place.

5. No horses and cattle suffering from any contagious or infectious disease shall be washed in any such washing places.

CHAPTER V. [Section 9 E (2) (i).]

Care of Waste or Public Lands.

1. No person shall remove any sand, earth, stone, or growing plants or trees from, or in any way alter or deface the surface of, any waste or public land without the authority of the Chairman.

2. No horse, cattle, sheep, goats, or swine shall be tethered or grazed upon any public ground vested in the Board without a license from the Chairman. Such license may be granted for a year or any shorter period at the discretion of the Chairman, and shall be subject to such fee as the Board shall from time to time by resolution determine.

3. Any person thereto authorized in writing by the Chairman may seize any horse, sheep, goat, or other animal which he may find tethered or grazing without such license as aforesaid on any public ground within the town.

4. The Board may farm or let out the public grazing grounds or any part thereof for any period not exceeding twelve months on such conditions as to the Board may seem fit.

CHAPTER VI. [Section 9 E (2) (j).]

For the putting up and preservation of Boundaries.

1. Every owner or occupier of any house, garden, building, or land within the town shall keep such house, garden, building, or land surrounded with a wall or good fence of not less than 4 feet in height from the level of the ground.

2. No live fence shall in future be erected within 3 feet from any public masonry drain.

CHAPTER VII. [Section 9 E (2) (k).]

Public Bathing Places.

1. For the purpose of rules under section 9 E (2) (k) a public bathing place shall mean any place where the public or any particular class of persons bathe, whether on payment of money or not, or any place thereto specially set apart by order of the Sanitary Board under rule 2.

2. The Sanitary Board may by resolution set apart any public place over which it has control or any portion thereof for the purpose of being used as a public bathing place, and may define the meets and bounds of such public bathing place.

3. In every case in which a charge is made by the owner or occupier of any public bathing place for the use thereof, such owner or occupier shall not keep such bathing place without a license from the Chairman of the Sanitary Board, which license the Chairman is hereby empowered to refuse to any persons failing to comply with any of these rules or any existing Sanitary Board rule.

Such license shall further be subject to such fees as the Sanitary Board shall from time to time determine with the sanction of the Governor in Council.

4. If any person shall have been convicted twice or oftener by any court of the breach of any of these rules, it shall be lawful for the court recording such second or subsequent conviction to cancel the license issued to such person under this chapter by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board. Upon such cancellation of a license by a court the Chairman of the Sanitary Board is empowered in his discretion to refuse to issue any fresh license to such person.

5. The owner or occupier of any public bathing place shall be bound to see that the requirements of these rules are carried out.

6. Wherever a public bathing place is served by a well, such well shall have a protecting wall at least 2 feet high all round or, if there is no wall, must be constructed on a plan approved by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board, and in such a way that none of the water drawn for washing can find its way back into the well, and the ground immediately surrounding such well shall be sloped, paved, or concreted so as to allow the water to run into a leadaway drain of sufficient length to prevent, to the satisfaction of the Chairman, any percolation of dirty water into the well.

7. If tubs are used they shall be cleaned daily and painted twice annually. If a large tank or bath is used the water thereof shall be changed daily, so that it does not become stagnant or offensive or unfit for use for human bathing.

8. No person suffering, or who to the knowledge of any person in charge of a public bathing place has recently suffered from any contagious or infectious disease, or has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall bathe, wash in, or in any way use the water of any such public bathing place, unless such water shall be drawn for such person by some healthy person and carried for use to a safe distance from such bathing place.

9. Whenever a public bathing place is served by a well, no person shall use such well for washing cattle or any other animals, or mats, or any other things, or any clothes except those he is wearing, and if such clothes be slapped upon a stone or otherwise beaten, this shall be done at such distance from the well that the splash therefrom cannot fall into the well.

The provision of rule 9 shall also *mutatis mutandis* apply to tanks or baths, the water of which is artificially changed at intervals, and to public bathing places specially set apart by order of the Sanitary Board or the Chairman.

10. No person shall commit a nuisance by obeying a call of nature at or near any public bathing place.

CHAPTER VIII. [Section 9 E (2) (m) and (n).]

Charges for occupation of Pounds, &c.

1. All cattle, sheep, and goats straying on the public roads or paths within the town shall when seized be placed in the pound established by the Board for the purpose where such have been provided, and the following charges shall be paid before the removal of any animal so impounded:—

For occupation, 25 cents per head for a day or part of a day.
For food, if supplied, 15 cents per head for a day or part of a day.

Dogs.

2. All stray dogs shall be seized, and if diseased, or suspected of disease, destroyed; otherwise they shall be impounded in a pound provided by the Board, and a sum of 40 cents for the first day of detention and 15 cents for each succeeding day to meet the expenses incurred by the Sanitary Board shall be levied from the owner of the dog if he claims it and desires to remove it. Impounded dogs if not claimed within three days shall be destroyed.

CHAPTER IX. [Section 9 E (2) (o).]

1. It shall not be lawful for any person or persons to erect, re-erect, repair, add to, or enlarge any building, whether permanent or temporary, or to renew or repair or alter or add to the frontage of any such building in any way, or to build any drain or bridge, platform, or structure over a drain, or any privy or cesspool, without twenty-one days' previous notice in writing to the Chairman accompanied by details and plans of the work sufficient to show the arrangements proposed in respect of ventilation, drainage, and sanitation. No such building operations shall be commenced without the written permission of the Chairman, or until after the expiry of the twenty-one days' notice.

2. It shall not be lawful for any person to erect a house or hut for the purposes of a dwelling place, or permit the same to be occupied as a dwelling-place, within the limits of the Board, except after twenty-one days' previous notice in writing to the Chairman, and under the following conditions:—

(a) The walls shall in no case be built of cadjan, but of stone, brick, cabook, mud and wattle, or other suitable material which allows of its being properly plastered and white-washed.

(b) Every such house or hut or any room therein to be used for human habitation shall not be less than 120 superficial feet in area, and not less than 10 feet in height, and with eaves at least 6 feet from the ground. All houses or huts are to have tiled roofs, except where the Chairman may see fit to relax the operation of this rule by written permit setting out the period for which such exemption is to hold good.

(c) Every room to be used for human habitation shall have at least one door not less than 6 feet by 3 feet, and at least one window not less than 3 feet by 2 feet.

(d) The floor shall always be higher than 1 foot from the ground, provided the Chairman shall be at liberty to require a higher level according to situation.

(e) It shall be lawful for the Chairman to cause any house or hut erected contrary to the provisions of this by-law to be taken down at the expense of the owner, if within one month after written notice to him to alter or take down the same he shall fail or neglect to do so.

3. It shall not be lawful for any person to erect, re-erect, or add to any hut or house within the limits of any Sanitary Board town, except under the following conditions:—

The following clear air space shall be left around any hut or house which is erected or re-erected, or around any hut or house which is added to with respect to such addition, and no portion of the walls of such building, and not more than 2 feet 6 inches of the projecting eaves of such building, shall come within such space:—

(1) On the side of any road or street 25 feet to the centre of such road or street.

(2) Behind such space up to 50 feet to any other hut or house, except a kitchen, bathing place, or latrine as the Chairman may require, of which prescribed space at least half shall be land belonging to the same owner as the land upon which the house stands, which is erected, re-erected, or added to.

(3) To the side such space up to 15 feet to the nearest building as the Chairman may require, of which prescribed space at least half shall be land belonging to the same owner as the land upon which the house stands, which is erected, re-erected, or added to.

Provided that the Chairman may in his discretion relax the operation of this rule in any special case, but he shall not do so unless he is satisfied that (1) no detriment is caused thereby to the sanitary condition or amenities of the house or hut to be erected, re-erected, or added to, or of any other neighbouring house or hut used or intended to be used as a human dwelling

place; and (2) that the future alignment, widening, or development of any road or street, or the convenience of the public using such road or street, will not be interfered with by such relaxation of the rule.

Provided further, that the Chairman may allow the erection of a kitchen, bathing place, or latrine upon the portion thus reserved for air space on the side of any house furthest from the road or street in such place as the Chairman shall approve.

Provided further, that where a conservancy lane shall have been provided, or laid out, or projected by the Board, such latrine shall adjoin such lane or projected lane.

CHAPTER X. [Section 9 E (2) (s).]

Kraals in Lakes and Rivers for soaking of Husks.

1. No person shall within the limits of any Sanitary Board erect or use any kraal in any lake or river for the purposes of soaking coir husks without a license from the Chairman of the Sanitary Board, which license the Chairman is hereby empowered to refuse to any person failing to comply with these rules.

Such license shall further be subject to such fees as the Sanitary Board shall from time to time determine with the sanction of the Governor in Council.

2. If any person shall have been convicted twice or oftener by any court of a breach of these rules, it shall be lawful for the court recording such second or subsequent conviction to cancel the license issued to such person under this chapter by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board. Upon such cancellation of a license by a court, the Chairman of the Sanitary Board is empowered in his discretion to refuse to issue any fresh license to such person.

3. The Chairman of the Sanitary Board is hereby empowered to regulate the dimensions and position of such kraals and to indicate the same upon the license issued. Any person erecting or using any kraal of different dimensions or in a different position to that indicated in his license shall be guilty of an offence.

CHAPTER XI. [Section 9 E (2) (t).]

Prevention of Malaria.

1. Hollow places in compounds or close to dwelling-houses shall be filled up or drained so that water may not stagnate in them, and all unnecessary vessels or receptacles of any description lying about the said premises and which are liable to hold or contain water likely to become stagnant shall be removed.

2. The owner or occupant of any garden or compound in which it is desired to cut down a bamboo clump or any portion thereof shall dig and remove the roots thereof, or cause the roots thereof to be dug and removed, or shall cut down or cause the same to be cut down to a point below the level of the surrounding ground in such a manner, and so cover or cause to be covered the roots as to prevent any water collecting in the hollow of the severed portions of bamboos still left in the earth.

CHAPTER XII. [Section 9 E (2) (t).]

General Conservancy.

1. All owners, tenants, or occupiers of lands within the limits of the Sanitary Board shall keep the same clean and free from all weeds or rank and noisome vegetation, as well as from all refuse and rubbish.

2. All or any part of any house, dwelling, church, place of business, or other building shall be provided with sufficient light or ventilation, and shall, whenever so ordered by the Chairman or any officer acting under his authority, be forthwith externally or internally limewashed, disinfected, or otherwise cleaned.

3. Privies shall be constructed where in the opinion of the Chairman it is desirable that they should exist.

4. Every owner or occupier of any place within the limits of the Sanitary Board used for a tannery, brick factory, lime kiln, and every owner or occupier of a cart stand, cattle yard, bakery, coach building yard, or manufactory, shall remove or cause to be removed daily from such premises all filth, dirt, and rubbish, and deposit it in such places as the Chairman may approve.

5. Every cart stand, cattle yard, and sheep pen shall be paved and drained to the satisfaction of the Chairman.

6. All householders or other persons who are desirous that the dust, ashes, sweepings, rubbish, and other refuse from their premises should be removed by the scavengers of the Board shall deposit the same in proper boxes or other receptacles with covers on the edge of the road outside their respective dwellings or shops daily between the hours of 6 A.M. and 8 A.M., and it shall not be lawful for any person to place or cause to be placed such dust, ashes, sweepings, rubbish, or refuse in any street unless the same shall be contained in boxes or other receptacles as aforesaid, nor after the hours specified; and every such person shall remove such boxes or other like receptacles within the space of half an hour after the same shall have been emptied by the scavengers.

7. It shall be lawful for the Chairman at any time to require the owner or occupier of any house, building, enclosure, or premises within the limits of the Sanitary Board, by notice in writing, to remove or cause to be removed the contents of any privy, pit, or water-closet in or belonging to such house, building, enclosure, or premises to such place or places, and within such time as shall be set forth in the said notice. Should such owner

or occupier fail to comply with the requirements of such notice within seven days from the time when such notice shall have been served on him, the Chairman may cause the necessary work to be done, and for that purpose shall have power to enter into and upon any such house, out-house, building, enclosure, or premises with such labourers, implements, and things as may be required, and the expenses incurred shall be recoverable as a debt due by the owner to the Board.

8. Any person who shall bury or cause to be buried, or deposit or cause to be deposited, the contents of any latrine, privy, pit, or water-closet within any house, building, or premises, or in or on any land within 100 feet of any dwelling house, well, stream, or water-course, shall be guilty of an offence. Upon receiving notice he shall at once remove the same to such place and within such time as the Chairman shall direct. In default of compliance with such notice within the time appointed, the Chairman and any officers or workmen authorized by him may enter upon such house, building, or premises and cause the necessary work to be done, and the expenses incurred thereby shall be paid by the person in default, and shall be ascertained and determined and recoverable as a debt due by the owner to the Board.

9. The occupier of any house or premises within or upon which any cattle, horse, sheep, goat, or pig may die shall within four hours after its death, or if death occurs at night within four hours after daylight, either remove the carcass at his own expense to such place as may be appointed by the Chairman for that purpose, or report its death to the Supervisor or Inspector of the Board, and in such latter case shall pay to the Board the expense of removing or burying the carcass at such rate as the Chairman shall determine.

10. Whenever any tree or branch or fruit of a tree within the limits of the Sanitary Board shall be deemed by the Chairman, after inspection by himself or some person authorized by him, to be likely to fall upon any house or building and injure the occupier thereof, or whenever the same shall overhang any street, it shall be lawful for the Chairman to cause notice in writing to be given to the owner or to the occupier of the ground upon which such tree stands to cut down or remove the said tree or branch or fruit; and if such owner or occupier shall not cut down or remove the same within twenty-four hours after such notice, the Chairman and any officers or workmen authorized by him in writing may enter upon such ground and cause the work to be done, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by such owner or occupier, and shall be ascertained and determined and recoverable as a debt due by the owner to the Board.

11. It shall be lawful for any Inspector or any officer authorized in writing by the Chairman, between the hours of 7 A.M. and 5 P.M., to enter upon any building or premises within the limits of the Board and do all things necessary for the purpose of ascertaining whether such building or premises are kept in a sanitary condition.

12. No person shall deposit any dirt, manure, filth, sweepings, or rubbish of any kind, nor any old bottles, tins, chatties, coconut shells, or other receptacles of any kind capable of holding rain water, on any street, road, or public place, or in any drain of such street, road, or public place, or on any land or premises in proximity to any dwelling-house. Such dirt, manure, filth, sweepings, rubbish of any kind, and any old bottles, tins, chatties, coconut shells, or receptacles of any kind capable of holding rain water shall be burnt or buried or carried away to a suitable place approved of by the Chairman.

13. Whenever it shall appear to the Chairman that any ground or premises in the vicinity of dwelling houses is in an insanitary condition by reason of the growth of weeds or rank or noisome vegetation upon it, or by reason of accumulations of manure, filth, or rubbish, or of stagnant water or of receptacles likely to contain rain water and stagnate lying about, the Chairman may require the owner or occupier of such ground, by a notice in writing, to do, within a reasonable time to be specified in such notice, such work as is necessary to put the said ground into a sanitary condition. If the owner or occupier shall fail to carry out the said work within the time specified, or if at any subsequent time he shall again allow the said land to get into such insanitary condition as aforesaid, the Chairman may cause the necessary work to be done, and for that purpose shall have power to enter into and upon such land, with such labourers, implements, and things as may be required, and the expenses incurred shall be recoverable as a debt due by the owner to the Board. Provided that nothing in this rule contained shall prevent the Chairman from at any time entering any prosecution under these rules should he consider such prosecution advisable.

14. It shall be the duty of the owner of every house or hut used for human habitation to keep the same in a state of good repair, unless he proves to the satisfaction of the Chairman that a tenant or occupier has agreed to undertake this duty, in which case the said duty shall fall on such tenant or occupier, as the case may be.

15. Whenever it shall appear to the Chairman that any such house or hut is in such a state of repair that it is in an insanitary condition and prejudicial to the health of the inmates or the neighbours, he may cause a notice in writing to be served upon the owner, tenant, or occupier, as the case may be, whose duty

it is to keep such house in good repair, requiring him, within a reasonable time to be fixed in such notice, to do such work as may be necessary to put the said house or hut into a sanitary state. If such owner, tenant, or occupier shall neglect to do the necessary work within the time fixed, the Chairman may cause the work to be done, and the expenses incurred shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Board by such owner, tenant, or occupier. Provided that no action taken by the Chairman under this rule shall prevent such owner, tenant, or occupier being at any time punished for a breach of rule 14 of this chapter.

CHAPTER XIII. [Section 9 B (2) (f).]

Dangerous and Offensive Trades.

1. *Dangerous and offensive trades shall for the purpose of these rules mean and include any of the following:—*

Storage or manufacture of artificial manure, boiling of blood or offal, drying blood or offal, tanning, fat melting, fat extracting, soap making, soaking of coconut husks, fibre dyeing, coconut oil manufacture (where machinery is employed), manufacture or storing of fibre, storing of hides, bones, artificial manures, or any materials for the manufacture of artificial manure, storing of Maldiva fish in quantity over 5 cwt. in weight, quarrying for metal, cabook, or gravel, the manufacture of bricks and tiles, the burning of lime, the manufacture of aerated waters, storing or curing of plumbago.

2. No owner or occupier of any land or premises within the limits of any Sanitary Board or other person shall carry on or suffer to be carried on upon such land or premises any offensive or dangerous trade or manufacture without a license from the Chairman of the Sanitary Board who is further empowered to refuse such license to any person failing to comply with any of these or other already existing Sanitary Board rules.

Such license shall be subject to such fees as the Sanitary Board from time to time may determine with the sanction of the Governor in Council.

3. If any person shall have been convicted twice or oftener by any court of the breach of any of these rules, it shall be lawful for the court recording such second or subsequent conviction to cancel the license issued to such person under this chapter by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board. Upon such cancellation of a license by a court, the Chairman of the Sanitary Board is empowered in his discretion to refuse to issue any fresh license to such person.

4. All materials required for the purpose of carrying on any of the aforesaid trades, businesses, or manufactures shall be stored so as to prevent effluvia or nuisance, and all such materials which have to be brought along any public thoroughfare, and which are likely to be offensive and give off effluvia shall be transported in non-absorbent covered receptacles or in such other manner as the Chairman shall direct, so as to obviate the creation of any nuisance.

5. Effective means shall be adopted for rendering innocuous any offensive vapours or gases emitted during any process or manufacture. Such vapours and gases shall either be discharged into the external air in such manner and as such a height as to admit of their diffusion without injurious or offensive effects or they shall be passed directly through a fire or into a condensing apparatus. All premises shall be adequately drained, and the drains kept in efficient order and washed daily.

6. Floors shall be maintained in a proper state of repair and cleansed daily, and when so ordered by the Chairman shall be constructed of such impermeable material as he may direct.

7. Walls shall be kept in good order so as to prevent the absorption of filth, and whitewashed twice annually or oftener if so ordered by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board or the Senior Sanitary Officer.

8. All apparatus, including implements and vessels, shall be kept clean and where possible they shall be cleaned daily. All refuse, sweepings, scrapings, together with waste and dye products, shall be removed daily from the premises in covered receptacles, unless intended to be forthwith subjected to further trade purposes on the premises.

9. Tanks used for washing or soaking skins or any other materials must be emptied and cleansed as often as may be necessary to prevent effluvia.

10. No person carrying on any offensive trade or manufacture, nor any owner or occupier of any land or premises upon which such offensive trade or manufacture is carried on, shall pollute any river, stream, canal, channel, well, tank, or open piece of water by discharging thereto or suffering to flow thereto any foul, ill-smelling, or offensive water or other fluid, or by throwing thereto or suffering to be washed thereto any offensive substance, nor shall he in any other way pollute or contaminate such river, stream, canal, channel, well, tank, or open piece of water.

11. The premises of all the afore-mentioned trades shall be open for inspection at all reasonable hours by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board or by any person duly authorized by the Chairman.

12. The owner or occupier of any land from which clay, earth, stone, gravel, cabook, or other material is cut for the manufacture of bricks or tiles, or for building, or for any other

purpose shall be responsible for seeing that proper drainage is provided, and that the pits or trenches cut are afterwards filled, so that water cannot stagnate therein.

CHAPTER XIV. [Section 9 E (f).]

Manufacture of Aerated Waters.

1. No person shall commence the manufacture of aerated waters within the limits of the Sanitary Board for the purposes of sale without giving one month's previous notice in writing to the Chairman of the Board.
2. No aerated water factory shall be situated within less than 100 feet from any gala, stable, or other building used for keeping animals by day and night, or of any latrine or cesspit. No part of the factory shall be used as a dwelling house.
3. All premises used for manufacture of aerated waters must be well lighted and ventilated, must have cemented floors, must be provided with suitably built drains to carry off waste material, and must be kept clean and free from dirt and dust. The preparation of the syrups must be carried out in a separate by-proof room. All chemicals and other materials used in the manufacture of the waters must be of good quality. All utensils and machinery employed in the manufacture must be kept scrupulously clean.
4. The water used in the manufacture shall be obtained from a source adequately protected from contamination and approved by the Chairman of the Board. It shall be transported to the factory by means which shall ensure that no pollution occurs in transit. It shall be stored at the factory in properly constructed tanks or reservoirs connecting with the aerating apparatus.
5. All water used in the manufacture of aerated waters shall be passed through a Jewell or other filter approved by the Chairman and connected with the plant, provided that the Chairman shall have power to exempt from the operation of this rule water derived from an approved public supply.
6. All bottles used in the manufacture of aerated waters shall be washed with filtered water and shall be kept scrupulously clean.
7. Every bottle containing aerated water shall bear a label setting out the description of the water and the place of manufacture, the name of the person or firm owning the factory, and the number assigned to the factory by the Chairman of the Board.
8. No person under twelve years of age shall be employed in any aerated water factory, nor any person suffering from any tuberculous or contagious disease.
9. All persons engaged in the filling of bottles with gas shall wear fine-meshed wire face- and neck-shields and leather gloves.
10. Wells from which water for the manufacture of aerated waters is drawn shall be set apart solely for this purpose, and shall not be used for bathing.

CHAPTER XV. [Section 9 E (2) (i).]

Wells.

1. No person shall sink a well or cause a well to be sunk within the limits of any Sanitary Board town, unless he shall have given to the Chairman one month's notice of such his intention, or shall have obtained a permit from the Chairman to sink such well or cause it to be sunk.
2. No well shall be sunk less than 50 feet from any cesspit, cesspool, pigsty, gala, cattle shed, manure heap, leaking drain, neglected privy, heap of decaying vegetable or animal matter, or any manured land.
3. No cesspit, cesspool, privy, pigsty, gala, or cattle shed shall be constructed within a distance of 50 feet from any well used for drinking or domestic purposes, nor shall any manure or decaying animal or vegetable matter be deposited, nor any land be cultivated with manure, nor any drain suffered to remain in leaking condition within such distance.
4. All wells shall be lined as far as water level either with bricks set in cement with a backing of puddled clay or with cylinders of iron, cement, or clay, or shall be otherwise so constructed as to prevent the entrance of water except from the bottom.
5. A platform upon which to stand and draw water may be constructed over the top of a portion of the mouth of the well. This platform shall be so constructed as to be absolutely water-tight, so that no water therefrom can trickle back into the well, but all flow on to the apron or pavement referred to in rule 6. The said platform shall have a slope downwards from the centre of the mouth of the well outwards so as to throw off water and a water-tight ledge at least 6 inches high along its inner edge connected at both ends with the parapet wall. The remainder of the well mouth shall be surrounded by a parapet wall at least 2 feet 6 inches high.
6. The well shall be surrounded for a distance of 5 feet by a cement apron or pavement of stone or brick set in cement sloping away from the well.
7. The outer edge of such apron or pavement shall be surrounded by a cement gutter emptying into a leadaway drain not less than 10 feet long, so as to prevent the stagnation of water in the vicinity of the well.

8. No planks shall be placed across the mouth of the well to stand on when drawing water or for any other purpose.

9. Water from wells shall be drawn in clean receptacles.

10. No one shall wash clothes within 20 feet of the mouth of a well used for drinking or domestic purposes.

11. Every owner or lessee of a well used as a public bathing place shall supply bathing tubs, and shall not allow persons who bathe to draw water, and no person shall draw water from such well while bathing.

12. Whenever any tree or branch of any tree overhangs a well, and is deemed after inspection by the Chairman or any Sanitary Officer of the Board to be injurious to the water, owing to the dropping of the leaves or fruit into the water or by otherwise rendering the water unfit for use, it shall be lawful for the Chairman of the Sanitary Board to cause notice in writing to be given to the owner, lessee, or occupier of the ground on which such tree stands to cut down or remove such tree or branch, and if such notice is not complied with within 14 days, such person shall be guilty of an offence.

13. The Chairman may, whenever he deems such a course to be necessary, cause notice to be given in writing to the owner or lessee or occupant of any compound in which there is a well used for drinking or domestic purposes to bale out the water and clean the well and execute such repairs as the Chairman may consider to be necessary, and if such notice is not complied with within fourteen days, such person shall be guilty of an offence.

14. Whenever it shall be decided by a resolution of the Sanitary Board that such a course is expedient in the interests of health, it may give notice to the owner, lessee, or occupant of any land to fill up or disinfect any well on such land, and the owner, lessee, or occupier shall thereupon be bound to comply with such order within eight days' time. Should such owner, lessee, or occupier fail within such time to comply with such order, such person shall be guilty of an offence.

15. It shall be lawful for the Supervisor or Inspector of the Board or other person empowered in writing by the Chairman of the Board to inspect wells, or enter upon any land or premises for the purpose of inspecting proposed sites or wells or existing wells and their surroundings.

SCHEDULE A.

Market Licences.

Fees Rs. —.

The bearer —, of —, has permission to hold the stall — No. —, in the — market, for — subject to the by-laws.

Chairman, Sanitary Board.

Table of fees chargeable for annual licenses under the foregoing by-laws:—

	Annual Fee.
	Rs. c.
Bakeries	10 0
Eating houses	2 0
Tea and coffee boutiques	2 0
Fish stalls	10 0
Cattle galas, 5 stalls or under	10 0
Each additional 5 stalls, Rs. 10 up to	100 0
Dairies up to 3 cows or under	3 0
Dairies over 3 cows	5 0
Laundries	2 50
Common lodging houses combined with eating houses	3 0
Tea and coffee boutiques combined with eating houses	2 50
Manure manufactory	100 0
Boiling or drying blood or offal	100 0
Tannery	100 0
Storing of Maldive fish over 5 cwt.	5 0
Storing of hides, bones, artificial manures, or materials for manufacture of artificial manure in quantity over:	
one gunny bag	10 0
Metal or cabbok quarry	20 0
Gravel quarry	10 0
Brick or tile manufactory	15 0
Lime kilns	10 0
Aerated water manufactory	100 0
Public bathing places	5 0
Plumbago store or curing yard	50 0

Note.—The fees in respect of eating houses, tea and coffee boutiques, common lodging houses, and public bathing places may be paid half-yearly in advance.

" THE IRRIGATION ORDINANCE, NO. 45 OF 1917."

RULES made by the proprietors within the irrigation districts of Udunuwara, Yatinuwara, Tumpane, Harispattu, Pata Dumbara, Uda Dumbara, Pata Hewaheta, Udapalata, and Uda Bulatgama of the Kandy District, in the Central Province, under section 11 of " The Irrigation Ordinance, No. 45 of 1917," and approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 25, 1921.

By His Excellency's command,
GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

Rules referred to.

1. *Irrigation Headman.*—In the rules the words "Irrigation Headman" shall mean the Irrigation Headman elected under the provisions of Chapter IV. of " The Irrigation Ordinance, No. 45 of 1917."
2. *Commencement of Work in the Cultivation of Paddy Lands.*—When the season for cultivation has arrived, the Irrigation Headman shall give notice to the owners or cultivators of the day appointed by him for the commencement of work on the ela, tank, or amuna (dam) by which the tract is irrigated, and the owners or cultivators shall on the day so appointed, and on as many subsequent days as may be required for the full and proper execution of all necessary works, assemble together and contribute their labour in the manner and proportion due by each.
3. *The repairs of Water-courses.*—The elas or channels immediately adjoining a field shall be repaired and kept in order by the owner or cultivator of that field, and every portion of the principal ela above the tract of paddy land and not immediately adjoining any field shall be repaired and kept in order by the labour of all rendered in proportion to the extent of land each holds or cultivates in the tract as apportioned or fixed by the Irrigation Headmen.
4. *The repairs of Amunas, Potawas, or Tanks.*—The amuna, potawa (spill water), or tank shall be repaired and kept in order by the joint labour of all rendered in proportion to the extent of land each holds or cultivates in the tract as apportioned or fixed by the Irrigation Headmen.
5. On the day appointed by the Irrigation Headman for the construction or repair of the amuna, potawa, or tank, the owners or cultivators shall proceed to the spot with all necessary tools for the commencement of work. They shall carry on work together, and no person shall leave off work before the rest without good and sufficient cause, or unless the proportion of labour due from him has been duly and properly rendered. The owners or cultivators shall in like manner attend to any subsequent repairs that may be required till harvest time.
6. *Where no new Amunas or Elas can be made.*—No new amunas on the feeding stream nor new elas from any existing ela shall be constructed for the cultivation of fresh lands, or for other purpose, where the interest of persons having an acquired or prior right to the water shall become thereby in any way affected, except with the written consent of persons whose interests are so affected.
7. *Taking of Water to Fields.*—Water shall be obtained for the use of each particular field only through its proper wakkadas or gaps, and at and for such time as may be prescribed by custom, or has been fixed by the Irrigation Headman. No enlargement or alteration whatever in the size, position, or number of the gaps shall be made without the consent of the other proprietors or cultivators. After a sufficient quantity of water has been obtained for a field, it shall be allowed to run into, and be taken for, the use of the adjoining field.
8. *The using of Water in respect to the Yala and Maha Seasons.*—The custom relative to the taking of water to one field or tract of fields during the yala and to another field or tract of fields during the maha season shall in nowise be infringed.
9. *Division of Water among several Tracts of Fields.*—The cultivators of several tracts of fields irrigated by the same principal water-course shall convene an assembly to determine the proportion of water to be allowed to each tract. Stones on the same level with each other to regulate the supply shall be placed in the presence of the several Irrigation Headmen at the entrance of each gap through which the water is turned off to the respective tracts, and the quantity of water thus determined upon shall on no account be increased at the will or pleasure of any individual cultivator; provided, however, that in case any difference of opinion shall arise in such assembly as to the just and proper division of the water, the matter of such difference shall be determined by the Government Agent on personal inspection or other sufficient evidence.
10. *Clearing of Jungle, &c., in the vicinity of Streams and the throwing in of Rubbish.*—The jungle or trees growing on the borders and the immediate vicinity of any stream, water-course, or spring, and required for its preservation and protection, shall in nowise be cleared or cut down, nor shall any stones, rubbish, or other matter be thrown in the channel whereby the passage of the water may be impeded.
11. *Cultivation of Goda Cumburas.*—The cultivators or proprietors of fields cultivated by rain, and not by means of water-courses, amunas, or tanks, shall at the proper season and at the summons of the Irrigation Headmen make and repair the pits, dams, and ridges required to retain the water, and shall repair the mala elas in such manner that the influx of water in them shall not carry away the dams, in accordance with the instructions of Irrigation Headmen who should fix the proportion of work to be done by each owner on cultivation.
12. *All Cultivators to contribute their Quota of Labour towards repair of the Ela, Amuna, or Tank, whether they are specially benefited by them or not.*—If the work or repair of an ela or amuna or tank should happen in any particular season to be attended with more difficulty than in ordinary years, and if some of the fields in the tract be left in consequence uncultivated, the owners of the fields so left uncultivated shall, notwithstanding, contribute their usual quota of labour towards the repair of the ela or amuna or tank, as fixed or apportioned by the Irrigation Headmen, although they may fail to be thereby benefited by the work for that season.
13. *Division of Water in Seasons of Drought.*—If owing to drought or other unexpected cause the quantity of water supplied by a water-course or tank be found insufficient for the ordinary purposes of cultivation, the Irrigation Headman shall make a division of the water among the several proprietors or cultivators of a tract of paddy fields according to the extent of land each holds or cultivates in the tract; and such division, subject to appeal to the Government Agent, shall be binding on all parties.
14. *Injuries to Ridges and Channels.*—No ridge, dam, bank, or amuna of any field shall be effaced, destroyed, or injured, nor shall any ela or channel be blocked up, narrowed, or otherwise injured.
15. *The putting up of Fences.*—The fences necessary for the protection of a tract of paddy land shall be made and kept in a state of good repair and order by the joint labour of all concerned in proportion to the extent of fields owned by them and fixed by the Irrigation Headmen.
16. *Taking or tethering of Cattle within Fences.*—No cattle shall be taken into or tethered within the fence of any tract of paddy land which is under cultivation without the consent of all the joint proprietors or cultivators thereof.
17. *Sowing.*—Within the time appointed by the Irrigation Headman for sowing a tract of paddy land all the joint owners or cultivators shall sow their respective fields with the description of seed paddy previously agreed upon by them, and if any of the cultivators or proprietors shall be unable to procure the necessary description of seed paddy, or having such seed paddy, to sow it within the proper time, they shall be allowed to sow their fields with

such description of bala-wi as shall ripen at the same time with the paddy which has been sown in the rest of the tract, but bala-wi shall on no other account be sown where paddy of a superior quality has been agreed upon by the proprietors or cultivators to be used in the tract.

18. *Erection and Maintenance of Pelas.*—In such parts and places where it has been customary to erect pelas (watch huts) for the protection of the crops of a tract of paddy fields, and they are required for that purpose, pelas shall be erected, maintained, and kept in order by every proprietor or cultivator in his own field.

19. *Reaping of Corn which has ripened before the rest sown in a Tract.*—Should a portion of the corn sown in a tract ripen before the rest, either by the cultivation of bala-wi or other cause, the cultivator of that portion shall, with the consent of the other joint owners or cultivators, be allowed to reap and store the same, but the cultivator whose crops have been so reaped and stored shall continue to contribute his usual amount of assistance towards the protection of the unreaped portion of the tract.

20. *The preparation of the Threshing-floor.*—The threshing-floor shall be cleared, prepared, and fenced by the joint labour of all concerned. In proportion to the extent of land owned by them except those who have separate threshing-floors for their respective fields.

21. *Kamata.*—Where a kamata is used by several shareholders, it shall not be asweddumized or otherwise rendered unfit for use as such by any one or more of the shareholders or by any other person without the consent in writing of the other shareholders who use such kamata for threshing.

22. *Huwandiram.*—As Irrigation Headman in the due discharge of his duties shall be allowed one laha of paddy for each pela extent of field from the mulgoda, and this fee shall be paid by the goviyo before the paddy is removed from the threshing-floor on a report from the Ratamahamaya that his duties have been satisfactorily performed. If there be more than one Irrigation Headman for a tract of paddy fields, this fee must be equally divided among such headmen.

“THE MARRIAGE REGISTRATION ORDINANCE, 1907.”

WHEREAS by a Notification dated July 1, 1899, His Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, divided the Province of Sabaragamuwa of the Island for the purpose of the registration of marriages into the divisions specified in Part IX. of the schedule to the said Notification relating to the Revenue District of Kegalla, and by Notification dated April 7, 1913, altered divisions 1 and 2 into 1, 1a, and 2:

And whereas it is expedient to further amend the said divisions 1, 1a, and 2:

It is hereby notified that His Excellency the Governor, in exercise of the powers vested in him by section 6 of “The Marriage Registration Ordinance, 1907,” and with the advice of the Executive Council, has been pleased to amend and alter, with effect from June 1, 1921, the said divisions 1, 1a, and 2 in the first column of the annexed schedule more fully described in the manner specified in the second column of the said schedule.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 19, 1921.

By His Excellency's command,
GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE REFERRED TO.

Province of Sabaragamuwa—Kegalla District.

Divisions as defined by Notification of April 7, 1913.

1.—Paranakuru Korale Division.

Boundaries.—North by the boundaries of Beligal and Galboda korales, Kegalla Local Board, and Kinigoda korale; south by the boundary of Lower Bulatgama and Central Province (Udapalata); east by the boundary of Central Province (Udapalata); and west by the boundary of Beligal korale.

1a.—Kegalla Town within Local Board Limits.

Boundaries.—North by a straight line from the 7th milepost on the road from Polgahawela to the Kandy road to a point 12 chains north-north-east of the 49th milestone on the Kandy road; north-east from the point 12 chains north-north-east of the 49th milestone on the Kandy road to a point on the bridle road leading from Meepitiya bridge on the Kandy high road to the bridle path leading to Rambukkana, 12 chains along that path from the Meepitiya bridge; south along the bridle path to the Meepitiya bridge, thence along bridle path to the junction with the Circular road, thence along the Circular road to the junction with the Bulatkohupitiya road, thence across the bridge over the Anguruwella-oya, thence along the Cemetery road to the new cemetery, thence along the southern and western boundaries of the cemetery till it joins the Cemetery road again, thence along the Cemetery road to its junction with the Kandy road, thence along the Kandy road to the junction of the Polgahawela road; west from the junction of the Polgahawela and Kandy roads along the Polgahawela road to the 7th milestone.

2.—Galboda and Kinigoda Korales Division.

Boundaries.—North by the boundary of North-Western Province; south by the boundary of Paranakuru korale; east by the boundary of Central Province; and west by the boundary of Kegalla Local Board, Paranakuru and Beligal korales, and North-Western Province.

Divisions as defined by this Notification.

1.—Paranakuru Korale Division.

Boundaries.—North by the boundaries of Beligal and Galboda korales, Kegalla Local Board limits as defined by Notification in *Government Gazette* No. 7,141 of November 12, 1920, and Kinigoda korale; south by the boundary of Lower Bulatgama and Central Province (Udapalata); east by the boundary of Central Province (Udapalata); and west by the boundary of Beligal korale.

1a.—Kegalla Town within Local Board Limits.

Boundaries.—North by a straight line from the 7th milepost on the road from Polgahawela to Kandy to a point 18 chains north-north-east of the 48½ milepost on the Kandy road and from that point to a point 23 chains north-north-east of 49th milepost on the Kandy road; north-east from a point 23 chains north-north-east of 49th milepost on the Kandy road to a point 3 chains north-north-east of District Judge's bungalow, thence from that point to a point 1 chain north of Price Walauwa, thence from that point to a point 30 chains north-north-east of Meepitiya bridge on the Kandy road; east from a point 30 chains north-north-east of Meepitiya bridge on the Kandy road to a point 6 chains east of Meepitiya bridge on the Kandy road, and thence from that point to the south-eastern corner of Rifle range; south from the south-eastern corner of Rifle range along the southern boundary of Rifle range, thence from the south-western corner of Rifle range to a point 25 chains south-south-west of the junction of Bulatkohupitiya and Circular roads, thence from that point to the southern corner of the new cemetery, thence along the western boundary of the cemetery till it joins the Cemetery road, thence along the Cemetery road to a point on Cemetery road 8 chains south of its junction with the Kandy road, thence from that point to a point 8 chains south of junction of Polgahawela and Kandy roads; west from a point 8 chains south of junction of Polgahawela and Kandy roads to the 7th milepost on the Polgahawela road.

2.—Galboda and Kinigoda Korales Division.

Boundaries.—North by the boundary of North-Western Province; south by the boundary of Paranakuru korale; east by the boundary of Central Province; and west by Kegalla Local Board limits as defined by Notification in *Government Gazette* No. 7,141 of November 12, 1920, Paranakuru and Beligal korales, and North-Western Province.

"THE BIRTHS AND DEATHS REGISTRATION ORDINANCE, 1895."

WHEREAS by Notification dated July 1, 1899, His Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, divided the Province of Sabaragamuwa of the Island for the purposes of the registration of births and deaths into the divisions specified in Part IX. of the schedule to the said Notification relating to the Revenue District of Kegalla, and by Notification dated July 7, 1919, altered division No. 2 into 2a and 2b :

And whereas it is expedient to further amend the division 2a as well as divisions 1 and 11 :

It is hereby notified that His Excellency the Governor, in exercise of the powers vested in him by section 6 of "The Births and Deaths Registration Ordinance, 1895," as amended by "The Births and Deaths Registration (Amendment) Ordinance, 1900," and with the advice of the Executive Council, has been pleased to amend and alter, with effect from June 1, 1921, the said divisions 1, 2a, and 11 in the first column of the annexed schedule more fully described in the manner specified in the second column of the said schedule.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 19, 1921.

GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE REFERRED TO.

Province of Sabaragamuwa—Kegalla District.

Division as defined by the Notification of July 1, 1899.

1.—Kegalla Town.

Boundaries.—North by a straight line from the 7th milestone on the road from Polgahawela to the Kandy road to a point 12 chains north-north-east of the 49th milestone on the Kandy road; north-east from the point 12 chains north-north-east of the 49th milestone on the Kandy road to a point on the bridle road leading from Meepitiya bridge on the Kandy high road to the bridle path leading to Rambukkana, 12 chains along that path from the Meepitiya bridge; south along the bridle path to the Meepitiya bridge, thence along bridle path to the junction with the Circular road, thence along the Circular road to the junction with the Bulatkohupitiya road, thence across the bridge over the Anguruwella-oya, thence along the Cemetery road to the new cemetery, thence along the southern and western boundaries of the cemetery till it joins the Cemetery road again, thence along the Cemetery road to its junction with the Kandy road, thence along the Kandy road to the junction of the Polgahawela road; west from the junction of the Polgahawela and Kandy roads along the Polgahawela road to the 7th milestone.

Division as defined by Notification dated July 7, 1919.

2a.—Mawata Pattu North.

Boundaries.—North by the southern boundary of Gandolaha pattuwa in Beligal korale and western boundary of Deyaladahamuna pattuwa in Kinigoda korale; east by the western boundary of Deyaladahamuna pattuwa in Kinigoda korale, northern, western, and southern boundaries of Kegalla town, and the western boundary of Deewala village in Galboda korale; south by the northern village boundaries of Eunu-galla, Minuwangomuwa, and Hettimulla and northern and eastern boundaries of Talewala in Mawata pattu south; and west by the eastern boundary of Kandupita pattu north and of Gandolaha pattuwa in Beligal korale.

Division as defined by Notification of July 1, 1899.

11.—Deyaladahamuna Pattuwa.

Boundaries.—North by Maha-oya; south by the boundary of Galboda korale; east by the boundary of Galboda and by Maha-oya; and west by the boundary of Paranakuru and Beligal korales.

Division as defined by this Notification.

1.—Kegalla Town.

Boundaries.—North by a straight line from the 7th milestone on the road from Polgahawela to Kandy to a point 18 chains north-north-east of the 48½ milestone on the Kandy road, and from that point to a point 23 chains north-north-east of 49th milestone on the Kandy road; north-east from a point 23 chains north-north-east of 49th milestone on the Kandy road to a point 3 chains north-north-east of District Judge's bungalow, thence from that point to a point 1 chain north of Price Walauwa, thence from that point to a point 30 chains north-north-east of Meepitiya bridge on the Kandy road; east from a point 30 chains north-north-east of Meepitiya bridge on the Kandy road to a point 6 chains east of Meepitiya bridge on the Kandy road, and thence from that point to the south-eastern corner of Rifle range; south from the south-eastern corner of Rifle range along the southern boundary of Rifle range, thence from the south-western corner of Rifle range to a point 25 chains south-south-west of the junction of Bulatkohupitiya and Circular roads, thence from that point to the southern corner of the new cemetery, thence along the western boundary of the cemetery till it joins the Cemetery road, thence along the Cemetery road to a point on Cemetery road 8 chains south of its junction with the Kandy road, thence from that point to a point 8 chains south of junction of Polgahawela and Kandy roads; west from a point 8 chains south of junction of Polgahawela and Kandy roads to the 7th milestone on the Polgahawela road.

Division as defined by this Notification.

2a.—Mawata Pattu North.

Boundaries.—North by the southern boundary of Gandolaha pattuwa of Beligal korale and western boundary of Deyaladahamuna pattuwa in Kinigoda korale; east by the western boundary of Deyaladahamuna pattuwa in Kinigoda korale, northern, western, and southern boundaries of Kegalla Local Board town as defined by notification appearing in *Government Gazette* No. 7,141 of November 12, 1920, and the western boundary of Deewala village in Galboda korale; south by the northern village boundaries of Eunu-galla, Minuwangomuwa, and Hettimulla and northern and eastern boundaries of Talewala in Mawata pattuwa south; and west by the eastern boundary of Kandupita pattu north and of Gandolaha pattuwa in Beligal korale.

Division as defined by this Notification.

11.—Deyaladahamuna Pattuwa.

Boundaries.—North by Maha-oya; south by the boundary of Galboda korale; east by the boundary of Galboda and by Maha-oya; west by the boundary of Paranakuru and Beligal korales and the eastern boundary of Kegalla town.

"THE QUARANTINE AND PREVENTION OF DISEASES ORDINANCE, 1897."

THE following regulations defining the conditions under which grain may be stored within the Municipal limits of the town of Kandy have been made by His Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, under the provisions of section 4 of the above-named Ordinance, and are published under section 13 of the said Ordinance for general information.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 13, 1921.

By His Excellency's command,
GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

REGULATIONS REFERRED TO.

1. The word "owner," as used in these regulations, includes the person in possession of any premises or claiming to be entitled thereto or any person receiving the rent of the premises in connection with which the word is used, whether on his own account, or as agent or trustee for any other person, or who would receive the same if such premises were let to a tenant, or is the lessee or person in charge of such premises in any capacity whatsoever.
2. The word "grain," as used in these regulations, shall mean foreign or imported grain only; and the words "grain store" shall mean any building in which foreign or imported grain is stored.
3. No person shall at any one time store, keep, or have in his possession (for private consumption only, and not for sale) in any one place or building within the Municipality of Kandy other than a ratproof store duly licensed as a grain store by the Chairman of Municipal Council of Kandy, grain in excess of 5 bushels; and any person acting in contravention of this rule shall be guilty of an offence against the provisions of the Ordinance No. 3 of 1897, and shall, on conviction, be liable to the punishment therein provided.
4. No person who stores, keeps, or possesses grain not exceeding 5 bushels in a place within the Municipality of Kandy, not being a grain store duly licensed by the Chairman shall sell or offer such grain for sale at any place other than at such a duly licensed store; and any person acting in contravention of this by-law shall be guilty of an offence against the provisions of the Ordinance No. 3 of 1897, and shall, on conviction, be liable to the punishment therein provided.
5. If any grain exceeding 5 bushels shall be found within the Municipality of Kandy in any place other than a licensed grain store, it shall be lawful for the Chairman of the Municipal Council of Kandy to cause the same to be removed to such ratproof grain store as he shall think proper, and all expenses of such removal and the charge for storage in such store shall, if not paid by the owner, be recovered as a debt due from him to the Municipality.
6. Anyone, who being the owner, lessee, tenant, or other person in charge, possession, or occupation of any building within the Municipality of Kandy, which is not a licensed grain store, suffers or allows grain in excess of 5 bushels to be stored or kept in such building at any one time shall be guilty of an offence against the provisions of the Ordinance No. 3 of 1897, and shall, on conviction, be liable to the punishment therein provided.
7. Any person desirous of storing, keeping, or having in his possession at any one time in any place within the Municipality of Kandy grain in excess of 5 bushels shall apply to the Chairman of the Municipal Council that the premises where it is proposed or intended that such grain shall be kept or stored may be used as a grain store; and on a license being granted under the hand of the Chairman of the Municipal Council, such person shall be entitled to keep or store at such place such quantity of grain as the license may permit, and any person keeping, storing, or having in such building grain in excess of the quantity mentioned, specified, and permitted by such license shall be guilty of an offence under the provisions of the Ordinance No. 3 of 1897, and shall, on conviction, be liable to the punishment therein provided, and may, in addition, be liable to have his license cancelled or suspended as the Chairman may, in the exercise of his discretion, decide.
8. No building within the Municipality of Kandy, which, in the opinion of the Chairman of the Municipal Council, is situated in a crowded or unhealthy locality, or which, owing to its surroundings or by reason of its being in a quarter which in the Chairman's opinion is primarily residential, is unsuitable for the purpose shall be licensed as a grain store.
9. Any person desirous of erecting a building within the Municipality of Kandy to be kept or used as a grain store shall apply in writing to the Chairman of the Municipal Council of Kandy for permission to erect such building, and shall, along with such application, submit plans and specifications of the proposed building. It shall be lawful for the said Chairman of the Municipal Council to refuse such applications altogether, or to allow the same on such terms in respect of the alteration and modification of plans and specifications, or on such other terms whatsoever as the Chairman of the Municipal Council may think fit to impose.
10. It shall be lawful for the Chairman of the Municipal Council, or for such Officer or Officers of the Council duly authorized by the Chairman, to enter any grain store and cause the grain in it to be measured; and any person refusing to allow such grain to be measured, or resisting, obstructing, or preventing the measuring of such grain, shall be guilty of an offence against the provisions of the Ordinance No. 3 of 1897, and shall, on conviction, be liable to the punishment therein provided.
11. It shall be lawful for the Chairman of the Municipal Council, or for any Officer or Officers authorized by the Chairman, from time to time, to inspect and report upon the condition of all grain stores within the Municipality of Kandy, and, if on such inspection by the Chairman, or on the report of any Officer authorized by the Chairman to make such inspection, it appears to the Chairman that any such store requires repairs, the Chairman shall forthwith by a notice under his hand call upon the owner or person in charge of the said grain store to effect such repairs as the Chairman shall in such notice specify and within such time as he may in the said notice fix. If the said repairs be not so effected within the time mentioned in such notice, it shall be lawful for the Chairman to cause the grain in such store to be removed to such other store as he may think fit, and the expenses of such removal and the charge of storage in such other store shall, if not paid by the owner, be recovered as a debt due from the owner to the Municipality. The Chairman may, in addition to removing the said grain to another store, cancel or suspend the license for such premises, and may, on such repairs being effected to his satisfaction, restore the said license on such terms as he may think fit.
12. Any person refusing to allow a grain store to be fully and properly inspected, or resisting, obstructing, or preventing such inspection, shall be guilty of an offence under the provisions of the Ordinance No. 3 of 1897, and shall, on conviction, be liable to the punishment therein provided.

"THE SMALL TOWNS SANITARY ORDINANCE, 1892."

REGULATION made by the Sanitary Board of the Matara District, under section 9 E (2) of Ordinance No. 18 of 1892, and confirmed by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 12, 1921.

By His Excellency's command,
GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

REGULATION REFERRED TO.

No person shall beach any fishing boat on the portion of the shore opposite the Resthouse, and situated between the lands called Samaraweera Patabendige-watta *alias* Rendapolawatta and Dispensariyewatta *alias* Thanayanwattakebella.

" THE VILLAGE COMMUNITIES ORDINANCE, 1889."

IT is hereby notified for general information (a) that His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to set apart the lot of land described in the schedule hereto annexed, which is the property of the Crown, for a common purpose, to wit, that the inhabitants of the village of Kunu Uragama, in the Elimeda tulana of the Kanadara korale of the Nuwaragam palata of the Anuradhapura District, in the North-Central Province, may practice chena cultivation within the said lot on free permits issued by the Government Agent of the North-Central Province, in accordance with rules made under the provisions of sections 6 and 16 of Ordinance No. 24 of 1889; and (b) that His Excellency the Governor reserves to himself the right to resume absolute possession on behalf of the Crown of the said lot or of any portion thereof whenever he thinks fit.

By His Excellency's command,

GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, May 13, 1921.

SCHEDULE REFERRED TO.

The following lot situated in the village of Kunu Uragama, in the Elimeda tulana of the Kanadara korale of the Nuwaragam palata of the Anuradhapura District, in the North-Central Province :—

Lot.	Name of Land.	Block survey preliminary plan 771.				Extent, A.	R. P.
9	Pinparalanda ..	..	..	..	..	149	2 21

MONTHLY STATEMENT issued by the Commissioners of Currency, under section 20 of Ordinance No. 32 of 1884, for the month of April, 1921 :—

1.—Note Account.

	Rs.	c.		Rs.	c.		
Total Stock on March 31, 1921	..	127,486,304	0	In vault on April 30, 1921	..	80,447,580	0
Add Notes received in April, 1921	..	800,000	0	In circulation on April 30, 1921	..	45,723,729	0
		128,286,304	0				
Deduct Notes destroyed in April, 1921	Rs.	2,115,000	c.				
	..		0				
Deduct value of a presumed forged 5-rupee currency note erroneously included in the above	..	5	0				
		2,114,995	0				
		126,171,309	0			126,171,309	0

2.—Reserve Account.

	Rs.	c.		Rs.	c.		
Coin received for Notes in circulation	..	45,723,729	0	Securities at cost	..	27,910,702	18
Excess of reserve over Notes in circulation	..	—	—	Coin in vault	..	14,829,492	30
				Cash at call at Madras, pending shipment of rupees ..	..	45,351	84
				Excess of Notes in circulation over reserve	..	2,938,182	68
		45,723,729	0			45,723,729	0

3.—Average amount of Notes in circulation during the month	..	..	..	46,050,942	0
Average amount of Coin in vault during the month	..	..	..	14,827,823	0

4.—Details of Investments and Securities.

	Face Value.			Face Value.			Purchase Value.			Market Value.			
	£	s.	d.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.		
Colonial Securities	..	668,568	17	2	..	6,685,688	58	..	6,217,573	84	..	4,379,183	67
War Loan, 5 per cent.	..	395,274	8	10	..	3,952,744	42	..	3,566,740	12	..	3,433,946	71
Exchequer Bonds, 5 per cent.	..	21,600	0	0	..	216,000	0	..	216,000	0	..	212,220	0
National War Bonds, 5 per cent.	..	175,316	9	6	..	1,753,164	75	..	1,742,105	87	..	1,671,389	42
Funding Loan, 4 per cent.	..	7,091	1	2	..	70,910	58	..	56,728	46	..	49,460	12
Indian 3½ per cent. Stock, Sterling	..	96,000	14	7	..	960,007	29	..	860,124	0	..	535,204	8
Indian 5 per cent. War Loan	..	—	—	—	..	15,838,700	0	..	14,880,329	89	..	12,789,750	25
Government of India 6 per cent. Bonds	..	—	—	—	..	371,100	0	..	371,100	0	..	372,027	75
Total	..	—	—	—	..	29,848,315	62	..	27,910,702	18	..	23,443,182	0

Currency Office,
Colombo, May 10, 1921.

GRAEME THOMSON, Colonial Secretary,
E. B. ALEXANDER, Acting Controller of Revenue,
BERNARD SENIOR, Colonial Treasurer, } Commissioners of Currency

NOTICES CALLING FOR TENDERS.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the supply of provisions to the jail named in the schedule hereunder for the period of one year commencing from October 1, 1921, and terminating on September 30, 1922.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for the supply of provisions to the Negombo Jail" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on June 21, 1921.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Office of the Inspector-General of Prisons, Colombo, or to the Superintendent of the Prison, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form. Alterations must be initialled, otherwise the tenders may be treated as informal and rejected.

6. A cash deposit of Rs. 100 will be required to be made either at the Treasury or at any Kacheheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. No deposits for tender forms will be accepted by the Prison Department. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish the approved security, within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Head of the Department, or his duly authorized representative, that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon completion of the contract.

7. If required, samples must be deposited.

8. The successful tenderer will be required to furnish cash security according to the schedule hereunder, and to sign the bond given in the tender for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount deposited for tender forms will form part of the security.

9. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

10. Contracts may not be assigned, sublet, or otherwise transferred without the previous written authority of the Tender Board.

11. The contractor must not issue a power of attorney to a person whose name is on the defaulting contractors' list authorizing him to carry on the contract.

12. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender or the whole of it.

13. Any further information can be obtained on application to the Inspector-General of Prisons, Colombo, or to the Superintendent of the jail concerned.

A. DE WILTON, Major,
Inspector-General of Prisons.

Colombo, May 20, 1921.

SCHEDULE REFERRED TO.

Name of Jail.	Amount of	
	Tender Deposit.	Security.
	Rs.	Rs.
Negombo ..	100 ..	500

TENDERS are hereby invited for the privilege of selling refreshments, &c., on the platforms to third class passengers at Ragama, Veyangoda, Wattagama, Gampola, Nawalapitiya, Talawakele, Galgamuwa, Madawachchi, and Pallai from October 1, 1921, to September 30, 1922, from persons willing to tender for the same.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the General Manager of the Railway, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the Office of the General Manager of the Railway, or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for the privilege of selling Refreshments, &c., on the Platform to Third Class Passengers" in the left hand corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the General Manager of the Railway not later than midday on Tuesday, June 14, 1921.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Office of the General Manager of the Railway, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form.

6. A deposit of Rs. 10 will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kacheheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond, or fail to furnish approved security, within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Head of the Department, or his duly authorized representative, that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

7. The amount of security required will be a month's rent in cash. All other necessary information can be ascertained upon application at the office referred to in section 5.

8. The security should be furnished within ten days of acceptance of each tender being notified.

9. Sales will not be allowed for the Night Mail Trains.

10. Only four salesmen will be allowed on the platform in attendance on any one train.

11. The contract is on no account to be assigned or sublet without the authority of the General Manager.

12. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

13. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled, and any offers received containing conditions not mentioned herein will be rejected without question.

14. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

15. Before tender forms are supplied to persons wishing to tender, they will have to satisfy the General Manager or person delegated by him that they are in a position to execute the contract in a satisfactory manner, and for this purpose they must be prepared to produce documentary or other evidence, if called for.

16. No structure of any kind will be allowed to be erected on the platform.

17. A Government contractor must not issue a power of attorney to a person whose name is in the defaulting contractors' list authorizing him to carry on the contract.

18. No passes on Railway will be issued in connection with this service.

General Manager's Office,
Colombo, May 18, 1921.

G. P. GREENE,
General Manager.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the purchase of the following old material from persons willing to buy same, viz. :—

	Tons.
Old wheel centres ..	7
Old wrought iron and mild steel scrap ..	220
Old wheel tyres (engine, carriage, and wagon) ..	150
Old spring plates ..	80
Old spring steel (various) ..	10
Old steel wheel turnings ..	20
Old cast steel ..	20

The above quantities are approximate.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for the purchase of Old Material" in the left hand corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on July 26, 1921.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Office of the General Manager of the Railway, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form.

6. A deposit of Rs. 100 will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kacheheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued; and should the person whose tender has been accepted decline to make payment and take delivery of the articles in question, or fail to remove them within the time specified by the General Manager, such deposit shall be forfeited to the Crown. Should, however, he pay the charges due and remove the material in the specified time, the deposit of Rs. 100 will

be refunded. The deposit of all other tenderers whose tender has not been accepted will be refunded to them.

7. Tenderers are requested to inspect the old material before tendering, which can be seen on application at the Office of the Locomotive, Carriage, and Wagon Superintendent; and once a tender has been accepted, no excuse whatever as regards the quality, &c., of the material will be accepted by the General Manager.

8. Payment must be made within fourteen days after notification of acceptance of tender, and the material must be removed within two months from date of payment.

9. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

10. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled. Any offers received containing conditions outside the specification will be rejected without question.

11. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

General Manager's Office,
Colombo, May 23, 1921.

G. P. GREENE,
General Manager.

SALES OF UNSERVICEABLE ARTICLES, &c.

THE following private property of prisoners sentenced to over one year will be sold by public auction at the Jail Gate, Tangalla, on June 4, 1921, at 12 noon, viz. :—

6 sarongs	2 Cannanore cloths	4 white banians	4 coloured handkerchiefs	4 belts
3 white cloths	1 chintz cloth	1 white coat	1 towel	

Tangalla Prison,
May 17, 1921.

V. S. WICKREMANAYAKE,
Superintendent.

VITAL STATISTICS.

Registrar-General's Health Report of the City of Colombo for the Week ended May 21, 1921.

Births.—The total births registered in the city of Colombo in the week were 171 (12 Burghers, 106 Sinhalese, 17 Tamils, 27 Moors, 5 Malays, and 4 Others). The birth-rate per 1,000 per annum (calculated on the estimated population on January 1, 1921, viz., 300,171) was 29·7, as against 29·2 in the preceding week, 26·0 in the corresponding week of last year, and 24·5 the weekly average for last year.

Deaths.—The total deaths registered were 169 (1 European, 10 Burghers, 90 Sinhalese, 28 Tamils, 28 Moors, 6 Malays, and 6 Others). The death-rate per 1,000 per annum was 29·4, as against 31·6 in the previous week, 27·6 in the corresponding week of last year, and 27·5 the weekly average for last year.

Infantile Deaths.—Of the 169 total deaths, 44 were of infants under one year of age, as against 48 in the preceding week, 24 in the corresponding week of the previous year, and 31 the average for last year.

Stillbirths.—The number of stillbirths registered during the week was 15.

Principal Causes of Death.—1. (a) Twenty-eight deaths from *Pneumonia* were registered, 12 in Maradana, 8 in Kotahena, 4 in Wellawatta, and 1 each in Pettah, St. Paul's, New Bazaar, and Slave Island, as against 34 in the previous week, and 20 the weekly average for last year.

(b) Seven deaths from *Influenza* were registered, 2 each in St. Paul's, Maradana (including 1 death of a non-resident in hospital) and Slave Island, and 1 in Kotahena, as against 11 in the previous week, and 6 the weekly average for last year.

(c) Four deaths from *Bronchitis* were registered, 1 each in San Sebastian, St. Paul's, Maradana, and Slave Island, same as in the previous week.

2. (a) Twenty deaths from *Phthisis* were registered, 10 in Maradana (including 5 deaths of non-residents in hospitals), 3 each in Kotahena and New Bazaar, and 1 each in San Sebastian, St. Paul's, Slave Island, and Wellawatta, as against 22 in the previous week, and 14 the weekly average for last year.

(b) One death of a resident of Colombo town occurred at the Ragama hospital from *Phthisis* during the week.

3. Five deaths from *Enteric Fever* were registered, 2 in New Bazaar and 1 each in St. Paul's, Kotahena, and Wellawatta, as against 8 in the previous week, and 6 the weekly average for last year.

4. One death of a resident of Maradana was registered from *Plague*, as against 2 in the previous week, and 3 the weekly average for last year.

5. Twenty-five deaths were registered from *Infantile Convulsions*, 10 from *Debility*, 10 from *Enteritis*, 4 from *Dysentery*, 2 from *Worms*, 1 from *Tetanus*, and 52 from *Other Causes*.

6. Eleven cases of *Enteric Fever*, 6 of *Chickenpox*, and 2 of *Measles* were reported during the week, as against 10, 15, and 4, respectively, of the preceding week. No case of plague was reported this week, 1 was reported in the previous week.

State of the Weather.—The mean temperature of air was 84·1°, against 85·3° in the preceding week and 82·5° in the corresponding week of the previous year. The mean atmospheric pressure was 29·907 in., against 29·848 in. in the preceding week, and 29·948 in. in the corresponding week of the previous year. The total rainfall in the week was 0·26 in., against 0·13 in. in the preceding week, and 0·18 in. in the corresponding week of the previous year.

Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, May 24, 1921.

E. R. DE SILVA,
for Registrar-General.

UNOFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE CEYLON THEATRE AND FILM PRODUCTIONS COMPANY, LIMITED.

1. The name of the Company is "THE CEYLON THEATRE AND FILM PRODUCTIONS COMPANY, LIMITED."
2. The registered office of the Company will be situate in Colombo, Ceylon.
3. The objects for which the Company is established are—
- To institute enter into, carry on, assist or participate in any business or operations connected with the business of film producers, providers of entertainments and cinematograph theatres and shows, and to provide, carry on, produce, and show theatrical and other plays, concerts, recitals, musical entertainments, bands, and otherwise act as caterers for public amusements and entertainments, to produce, buy, sell, hire, alter, improve, treat, and deal in scenarios, films, photographic apparatus, machines, materials, and articles of all kinds which are capable of being used for any such purpose as aforesaid.
 - To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the Company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the above.
 - To carry on the business of proprietors or managers of theatres, palaces and halls, cinematograph shows and exhibitions, and to permit the Company's premises to be used for such other purposes as may seem expedient.
 - To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and liabilities of this Company, or taking any license from this Company, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit this Company.
 - Generally to purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any real or personal property of any kind or any interest therein, and any rights or privileges which the Company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business, and in particular any lands, buildings, easements, machinery, plant, and stock-in-trade.
 - To pay for any property or rights acquired by the Company, or for any service rendered by any person or persons to the Company, either in cash or in fully or partly paid-up shares of the Company, or otherwise as the Company may determine.
 - To borrow, raise, or secure any sum or sums of money on such security and upon such terms as to interest or otherwise as may be deemed fit, and for the purpose of securing the same and interest, or for any other purpose create, issue, make, and give respectively any perpetual or redeemable debentures or debenture stock, or any mortgage or charge on the undertaking or the whole or any part of the property, present or future, or uncalled capital of the Company, and to redeem any debentures, debenture stock, and other securities of the Company. To draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants, debentures, and other negotiable and transferable instruments.
 - To procure the Company to be registered or recognized in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in any colony or dependency, or in any foreign country or place. To establish and maintain agencies in all parts of the world. To enter into any arrangement with any Government or authority, supreme, Municipal, local or otherwise, or any corporation, company or person, and to obtain from any such Government or authority, corporation, company or person, any rights, contracts, charters, concessions, and privileges as may seem conducive to the Company's objects or any of them.
 - To purchase or otherwise acquire and obtain exclusive and other interests in copyrights and rights of representation and any other rights of or in any plays, novels, scenarios, pictures, films, music, songs, words, operas, musical comedies, comedies, burlesques, and compositions.
4. The liability of the members is limited.
5. The nominal capital of the Company is Rs. 250,000, divided into 25,000 shares of Rs. 10 each, with power to increase, and with power from time to time to issue any shares of the original or new capital with any preference, priority, or advantage in the payment of dividends or the distribution of assets.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite to our respective names :—

Name, Address, and Description of Subscribers.	Number of Shares taken by each Subscriber.
1. JOHN BONIFACIO MISSO KELAART, Ekela, Ja-ela, Planter	One
2. FELIX PUVINAYEGEM CANDAPPA, Broker, Fort, Colombo	One
3. KORALAGAMAGEY STEPHEN BALON FERNANDO, 144, Bambalapitiya, Merchant	One
4. GEO. W. PASK, 5, Baillie street, Fort, Engineer	One
5. GEORGE E. DE SILVA, Proctor, Kandy	One
6. THEODORE OSMUND DANIEL JANSEN, Motor Engineer, Colombo	One
7. SANGARAPILLAI PARARAJASINGAM, Broker, Volkart Bros., Flower road, Colombo	One

Witness to the above signatures :

Dated this 24th day of February, 1921.

TIMOTHY DE SILVA,
Proctor and Notary.

THE CEYLON THEATRE AND FILM PRODUCTIONS COMPANY, LIMITED.

It is agreed as follows :—

That the Articles of Association shall be as laid down in "The Ceylon Joint Stock Companies' Ordinances, 1861 to 1909."

Names, Addresses, and Descriptions of Subscribers.

- JOHN BONIFACIO MISSO KELAART, Planter, Ekela, Ja-ela.
- FELIX PUVINAYEGEM CANDAPPA, Broker, Fort, Colombo.
- KORALAGAMAGEY STEPHEN BALON FERNANDO, 144, Bambalapitiya, Merchant.
- GEORGE WILLIAM PASK, 5, Baillie street, Colombo, Engineer.
- GEORGE E. DE SILVA, Kandy.
- T. O. D. JANSEN, Colombo.
- SANGARAPILLAI PARARAJASINGAM, Flower road, Colombo.

Witness to the above signatures :

Dated this 24th day of February, 1921.

TIMOTHY DE SILVA,
Proctor and Notary.

[Third Publication.]

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF MACKWOODS RUBBER TRADING COMPANY, LIMITED.

1. The name of the Company is "MACKWOODS RUBBER TRADING COMPANY, LIMITED."
2. The registered office of the Company will be situate in Colombo.
3. The objects for which the Company is established are :—
 - (1) To carry on the business of buyers, sellers, exporters, and importers of, and dealers in, rubber of all grades, balata, jelutong, resin and other gums sugar, tea coffee, coconuts, rice, tapioca, indigo, vegetable and mineral oils, copper, tin, and other minerals, timber, trees, plants, bark, nuts, woods of all kinds and other produce.
 - (2) To carry on either directly or indirectly the business of planters, producers, manufacturers, and refiners of any such produce as aforesaid, and to grow, cut win refine, work, prepare for market, and otherwise manipulate the same, and to manufacture and prepare for market any preparation, product, or extract therefrom.
 - (3) To purchase or otherwise acquire and turn to account any concessions, lands, rights in or easements over lands, grants, or authorizations for agricultural, mining, trading, and other purposes in the Island of Ceylon and elsewhere.
 - (4) To carry on business as produce brokers, buyers, and sellers of, and dealers in, stocks, shares, and investments of all kinds, insurance brokers, and general merchants.
 - (5) To apply for, purchase, or otherwise acquire any patents, *brevets d'invention*, licenses, concessions, and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the Company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the Company, and to use, exercise, develop, grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise turn to account or profit the property, rights, or information so acquired, and to expend money in experimenting upon, and testing and improving, or seeking to improve, any patents, inventions, secret processes, or rights which the Company may acquire or propose to acquire.
 - (6) To purchase or otherwise acquire all or any part of the business or property of any person, firm, association, or company carrying on or (in the case of a company) formed to carry on any business which this Company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable to the purposes of this Company, and as the consideration for the same to pay cash or to issue any shares, stocks, or obligations of this Company, and in connection with any such transaction to undertake any liabilities relating to the business or property acquired.
 - (7) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement, whether perpetual or terminable, for sharing profits, union of interests, joint-adventure, reciprocal concession, or co-operation with any person, firm, association or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this Company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction, or course of action, which may seem to the Company capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this Company, or to prevent or minimize apprehended loss or damage or cost to this Company or to any such company as aforesaid, and to purchase, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire and hold shares (fully or partly paid up) or stock in, or securities of, or to lend money, to guarantee the contracts of, subsidize or otherwise assist any such person, firm, association, or company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with shares, stock, or securities.
 - (8) Generally to purchase, take on lease or license, or in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any real or personal property or any interest therein, and any rights, easements, or privileges which the Company may think necessary or convenient with reference to any of the objects of the Company, or capable of being properly dealt with in connection with any of the Company's property or rights for the time being, and to erect and construct and equip, re-construct, and alter buildings and works of all kinds.
 - (9) To establish, maintain, develop, extend, subscribe to, or subsidize any association, institution or fund which may seem directly or indirectly conducive to the interests of the Company, and in particular with a view to experiments, or to the protection of the interests of masters, owners, or employers against strikes, workmen's combinations, or otherwise.
 - (10) To establish and support, or to aid in the establishment and support of, associations, institutions, or conveniences calculated to benefit employees or *ex-employees* of the Company or its predecessors in business, or the relatives or dependents of such persons, to grant pensions or allowances, and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition, or for any purpose which may seem likely, whether directly or indirectly, to promote the development of the business of the Company, or to prevent its contraction, or for any public, general, or useful object.
 - (11) To sell, exchange, let, develop, dispose of or otherwise deal with the undertaking of the Company or any part thereof upon such terms and for such consideration as the Company may think fit.
 - (12) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, mortgage, let on rent, or in consideration of a share of profits (either in money or kind), or otherwise grant licenses, easements, and other rights of and over, and in any manner dispose of, turn to profit, or deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the Company.
 - (13) To accept in consideration for the undertaking of the Company, or for any property or rights sold, let, or disposed of, or any service rendered, or to purchase, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire, and to hold the perpetual or redeemable debentures or debenture stock, or obligations, or the shares (fully or partly paid up), or stock of any company in the Island of Ceylon or elsewhere.
 - (14) To promote any other company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property, rights, and liabilities of this Company, or in which this Company is interested, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit this Company, and to pay the costs, charges, and expenses preliminary or incidental to the promotion, formation, establishment, registration, and advertising of any such company, and the issue of its capital or securities, and to guarantee the payment of any debentures, debenture stock, or other securities issued by any such company, and the interest thereon, and the payment of interest or dividends upon the stock or shares of any such company.
 - (15) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required upon such investments, and in such manner as may from time to time be determined.
 - (16) To receive money on deposit or otherwise, to lend money with or without security to such persons, and generally on such terms as may seem expedient, and in particular to tenants and customers of and other persons having dealings with the Company, and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons.
 - (17) To apply for and promote any Ordinance or order for extending the powers of the Company, or for enabling the Company to carry any of its objects into effect, or for effecting any modification of the Company's constitution, and to oppose and resist and to contribute to the costs of opposing any proceedings, applications, agitations or movements which may seem directly or indirectly adverse to the Company's interests.

- (18) To enter into any arrangements with any government or authority, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise, or with railway companies, canal companies, shipping companies, dock companies, commissioners, carriers, and other persons, corporations, or companies in any part of the world which may seem conducive to the Company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority, or any such railway or other company, person, or corporation any rights, privileges, and concessions which may seem conducive to the Company's objects or any of them, and to carry out, exercise, and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges, and concessions.
- (19) To register the Company or constitute or incorporate it as an anonymous or other society, or to procure it to be recognized in any foreign country or place.
- (20) To raise or borrow money or to secure the payment of money and the interest thereon in such manner and on such terms as may seem expedient, and in particular by the issue of debentures or debenture stock, whether perpetual or otherwise, and charged or not charged upon the whole or any part of the undertaking, property, and rights of the Company, both present and future, including its uncalled capital.
- (21) To draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, execute, and issue bills of exchange, promissory notes, debentures, bills of lading, charter parties, warrants, policies, and other negotiable or transferable instruments or securities, and to buy, sell, or otherwise deal in the same.
- (22) To remunerate (by cash or other assets or by the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or in any other manner) any persons, firms, associations, or companies for services rendered or to be rendered in acting as trustees for debenture holders or debenture stock holders of the Company, or for subscribing or agreeing to subscribe, whether absolutely or conditionally, or for procuring or agreeing to procure subscriptions, whether absolute or conditional for any shares, debentures, debenture stock, or other securities of the Company or of any company promoted by this Company, or for services rendered in or about the formation or promotion of the Company or any company promoted by this Company, or in introducing any property or business to the Company, or in or about the conduct of its business, or for guaranteeing payment of such debentures, debenture stock, or other securities, and any interest thereon.
- (23) To distribute any of the property of the Company among the members in specie, and either by way of dividends or upon any return of capital.
- (24) To pay out of the funds of the Company all costs, charges, and expenses preliminary and incidental to the promotion, formation, establishment, registration, and advertising of the Company and the issue of its capital.
- (25) To remunerate the servants of the Company and others by donations, pensions, annuities, or bonuses out of or in proportion to the returns or profits of the Company or otherwise as the Company may think fit.
- (26) To do all or any of the above things in any part of the world, and either as principals, agents, trustees, contractors, or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others, and either by or through agents, sub-contractors, trustees, or otherwise.
- (27) To do all such things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.

And it is hereby declared that the word "Company" in this clause, except where used in reference to this Company, shall be deemed to include any partnership or other body of persons, whether incorporated or not incorporated, and whether domiciled in the Island of Ceylon or elsewhere, and that the objects specified in the different paragraphs of this clause shall, except where otherwise expressed in such paragraphs, be in nowise limited by reference to, or inference from, any other paragraph or the name of the Company.

4. The liability of the members is limited.

5. The capital of the Company is 200,000 Rupees, divided into 20,000 shares of Ten Rupees each, with power to increase or reduce and with power to divide the original or any new capital into shares of different classes which may from time to time be issued or held with any preferences or priorities or special, qualified, or restricted rights in the payment of dividends, or in the distribution of assets or otherwise as compared with any other shares, whether preference, ordinary, or deferred, and whether then already issued or not, or as shares ranking equally with any other shares, or as deferred shares, or with a special right of or restriction, whether absolute or partial, against voting, and to vary the regulations of the Company from time to time so far as necessary to give effect to any such preference or priority or special, qualified, or restricted right, as well as in any other particulars, and upon the subdivision of a share to apportion the right to participate in profits or in the distribution of assets or the right to vote in any manner as between the shares resulting from any such subdivision, and to give to any one or more of such shares any preferences, priorities, or advantages with regard to dividends in the distribution of assets as to rights of voting or in any other respect over the other or others of them.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names:—

Names and Addresses of Subscribers.	Number of Shares taken by each Subscriber.
F. E. MACKWOOD, Colombo	One
F. O. MACKWOOD, Colombo	One
H. F. PARFITT, Colombo	One
J. C. KELLY, Colombo	One
JAMES TALBOT, Colombo	One
E. H. F. LAYARD, Colombo	One
EDWARD H. COLE, Colombo	One
Total Shares taken ..	Seven

Witness to all the above signatures, at Colombo, this 2nd day of May, 1921:

E. R. WILLIAMS,
Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF MACKWOODS RUBBER TRADING COMPANY, LIMITED.

I.—PRELIMINARY.

1. The regulations contained in "Table C," in the schedule to "The Joint Stock Companies Ordinance, 1861," shall not apply to this Company, but the following shall be the regulations of the Company.

2. In these Articles, unless there be something in the subject or the context inconsistent therewith:—

"These Articles" means the Regulations of the Company for the time being in force.

"Month" means calendar month.

"Year" means the year from the 1st day of January to the 31st day of December, both inclusive.

"In Writing" means written or printed or partly written and partly printed.

"Extraordinary resolution" means, in the case of a meeting of the holders of any class of shares, a resolution passed by a majority consisting of not less than three-fourths of the votes given on the resolution.

Words importing only the singular number include the plural number, and *vice versa*.

Words importing only the masculine gender include the feminine gender.

Words importing persons include corporations.

3. The business of the Company may be commenced as soon after the incorporation of the Company as the Directors shall think fit, and notwithstanding that part only of the shares may have been allotted any branch of kind of business which by the Memorandum of Association is either expressly or by implication authorized to be undertaken by the Company may be undertaken by the Directors at such time or times as they shall think fit, either alone or with any one or more of the other branches or kinds of business thereby authorized, and any such branch or kind of business may be suffered by them to be in abeyance, whether actually commenced or not, so long as the Directors may deem it expedient not to commence or proceed with such branch or kind of business.

II.—CAPITAL.

1.—SHARES.

4. No part of the funds of the Company shall be employed in the purchase of or lent or advanced upon the security of the shares of the Company.

5. The shares shall be subject to the control of the Directors, who may issue and allot the same to such persons on such terms and conditions as to payment by way of deposit, instalment, or calls or as the amount or time of payment of calls and at such times as the Directors may think fit, subject, however, in the case of any new shares of the Company, to the consent in writing of the holders of two-thirds of the shares of the Company for the time being issued.

6. The Company may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid and time for the payment of such calls.

7. If by the conditions of the allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount or issue price thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment shall when due be paid to the Company by the person who for the time being shall be the registered holder of the share, but this provision shall not affect the liability of any allottee who may have agreed to pay the same.

8. The Company shall be entitled to treat the registered holder of any share as the absolute owner thereof, and consequently shall not be bound by or compelled to recognize, even when having notice thereof, any trust, charge, incumbrance, lien or other claim to or interest in such share on the part of any person other than an absolute right thereto in the registered holder thereof for the time being, and such rights upon transmission as are hereinafter mentioned.

9. If two or more persons are registered as joint-holders of any share, any one of such persons may give effectual receipts for any dividends, bonus, return of capital, or other money payable in respect of such share, but all the joint-holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all instalments and calls payable in respect thereof.

10. The Company may with the consent in writing of the holders of two-thirds of the shares of the Company for the time being issued pay to any person in consideration of his subscribing or agreeing to subscribe, whether absolutely or conditionally, for any shares, debentures or debenture stock in the Company, or procuring or agreeing to procure subscriptions, whether absolute or conditional, for any shares, debentures or debenture stock in the Company, such commission as the Directors may from time to time determine, but so that the commission payable in respect of shares (if paid out of capital moneys or satisfied by means of shares of the Company) shall not exceed the rate of 20 per cent. of the nominal amount of the shares in each case subscribed or to be subscribed, and that the rate per cent. paid or agreed to be paid shall be disclosed in any circular or notice (not being a prospectus) inviting subscriptions for the shares. Such commission may be satisfied by the allotment of fully or partly paid shares. The total amount of the sum paid by way of commission in respect of any shares, debentures, or debenture stock, or allowed by way of discount in respect of any debentures or debenture stock, or so much thereof as shall not have been written off, shall be stated in every balance sheet of the Company, until the whole amount thereof has been written off. The Company may also on the issue of shares pay such brokerage as may be lawful.

2.—SHARE CERTIFICATE.

11. The certificates of title to shares shall be issued under the seal of the Company, signed by one Director and countersigned by the Secretary or some other person appointed by the Directors. Every certificate shall specify the name or names of the holder or holders, the number and denoting numbers of the shares in respect of which it is issued, and the amount paid up or credited as paid up thereon.

12. Every member shall be entitled, without payment, to receive within two months after allotment or registration of transfer (unless the conditions of issue provide for a longer period) one certificate for the shares allotted to or acquired by him, but so that two or more persons entitled jointly to a share shall be entitled only to one certificate in respect thereof.

13. If any certificate is worn out or defaced, then, upon delivery thereof to the Directors, they may order the same to be cancelled, and may issue a new certificate in lieu thereof, and if any certificate is lost or destroyed, then, upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Directors, and on such indemnity, whether with or without security, as the Directors may deem adequate being given, and on payment to the Company of any expenses incurred by the Company in connection with the proof of such loss, or in investigating the title to the shares, or in connection with such indemnity, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be issued to the person entitled to the shares represented by such lost or destroyed certificate.

14. There shall be paid to the Company for every certificate issued under the last preceding article the sum of one rupee or such smaller sum as the Directors may from time to time determine.

15. The certificate of shares registered in the joint names of two or more persons shall be delivered to the person first named on the register in respect thereof, unless such joint-holders otherwise direct.

3.—CALLS ON SHARES.

16. The Directors may from time to time, subject to the terms on which shares have been issued, make such calls as they shall think fit upon the members in respect of all moneys unpaid on the shares held by them respectively, and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times, and each member shall be liable to pay the amounts

of calls so made to the persons, and at the times and places appointed by the Directors. A call may be made payable by instalments, a date fixed for payment may be postponed, and a call may be wholly or in part revoked.

17. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorizing such call is passed.

18. Six weeks' notice of any call shall be given, specifying the time and place of payment and the persons to whom such call is payable.

19. If any instalment payable on a share under the terms of allotment, or any call or instalment of a call payable in respect of any share, be not paid on or before the day appointed for payment thereof, the registered holder for the time being or allottee of the share shall pay interest for the same from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum, or at such less rate as the Directors may determine.

20. The Directors may, if they think fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same all or any part of the money unpaid upon the shares held by him beyond the sums actually called up thereon, either as a loan repayable or as a payment in advance of calls, but such advance, whether repayable or not, shall, until actually repaid, extinguish, so far as the same shall extend, the liability upon the shares in respect of which it is advanced, and upon the money so received, or so much thereof as from time to time exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon the shares in respect of which it has been received, the Company may pay interest at such rate as the member paying such sum and the Directors agree upon.

4.—FORFEITURE AND LIEN.

21. If any member fails to pay the whole or any part of any instalment payable under the terms of allotment of a share or of any call on or before the day appointed for the payment thereof, the Directors may at any time thereafter, while the said instalment or call or any part thereof remains unpaid, serve a notice on such member requiring him to pay the same, with any interest which may have accrued, and all expenses which may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

22. The notice shall name a day (not being less than six weeks from the date of the notice) and a place (being either the registered office of the Company or some place at which calls of the Company are usually made payable) on and at which such instalment or call or such part thereof as shall remain unpaid and such interest and expenses are to be paid. The notice shall also state that in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the share in respect of which such payment is due will be liable to be forfeited.

23. If the requisitions of such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any shares in respect of which such notice shall have been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of all instalments, calls, interest, and expenses due in respect thereof, be forfeited by a resolution of the Directors to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends declared and interest payable in respect of the forfeited shares, and not actually paid before the forfeiture.

24. Any share so forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of in such manner as the Directors shall with the consent in writing of the holders of two-thirds of the shares of the Company for the time being issued (exclusive of the shares so forfeited) think fit, and in the case of re-allotment with or without any moneys paid thereon by any former holder credited as paid up thereon.

25. The Directors may at any time before any share so forfeited shall have been sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of annul the forfeiture upon such conditions as they think fit.

26. The holder at the time of forfeiture of any share which has been forfeited shall, notwithstanding the same, be liable to pay to the Company all instalments, calls, interest, and expenses owing upon or in respect of such share at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest on such instalments, calls, and expenses from the time of forfeiture, until payment at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum, or such less rate as may be fixed by the Directors.

27. The Company shall have a first and paramount lien on all the shares registered in the name of any member (whether solely or jointly with other persons), and on the dividends or interest declared or payable in respect thereof for the debts, liabilities, or engagements of that member either alone or jointly with any other person to or with the Company, although the period for the payment, fulfilment, or discharge thereof may not have arrived, and whether the same may have been incurred before or after notice of any equitable interest subsisting in any person other than the registered holder. For the purpose of enforcing such lien the Directors may sell the shares subject thereto in such manner as they shall with the consent in writing of the holders of two-thirds of the shares of the Company for the time being issued think fit, but no sale shall be made until such period as aforesaid shall have arrived, and until notice in writing of the intention to sell shall have been served on such member, his executors, or administrators, and default shall have been made by him or them in the payment, fulfilment, or discharge of such debts, liabilities, or engagements for seven days after service of such notice. The net proceeds of any such sale shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of such debts, liabilities, or engagements, and the residue (if any) paid to such member, his executors, administrators, or assigns. Unless otherwise agreed, the registration of a transfer of shares shall operate as a waiver of the Company's lien (if any) on such shares.

28. Upon the sale or re-allotment of a forfeited share, or the sale of any share to enforce a lien of the Company in purported exercise of the powers hereinbefore contained, the Directors may cause the name of the purchaser or allottee to be entered in the register as the holder of the share, and deliver to him a certificate thereof, and thereupon he shall be deemed the holder of such share discharged from all instalments, calls, or other money due prior to such purchase or allotment. The purchaser or allottee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money or consideration, and after his name has been entered in the register, his title to such share shall not be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture or sale, but the remedy of any person aggrieved thereby shall be in damages only and against the Company exclusively.

5.—TRANSFER AND TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

29. The instrument of transfer of any share in the Company shall be in writing in the usual common form, but need not be under seal, and shall be signed both by the transferor and the transferee. Shares of different classes shall not be transferred by the same instrument of transfer without the consent of the Directors. Until a transfer is duly registered the transferor shall be deemed the holder of the share transferred.

30. There shall be paid to the Company in respect of the registration of every transfer or transmission of a share or shares such fee not exceeding one rupee as the Directors deem fit.

31. No share in the Company shall be transferred without the previous consent in writing of the holders of two-thirds of the shares of the Company for the time being issued.

32. The executors or administrators of a deceased member (not being one of several joint-holders) shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to or interest in the shares registered in the name of such member, and in the case of the death of any one or more of the joint-holders of any registered shares, the survivors or survivor shall be the only persons or person recognized by the Company as having any title to or interest in such shares, but this Article shall not be deemed to release the estate of a deceased joint-holder from any liability in respect of any shares held by him jointly with any other person or persons.

33. Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member or otherwise than by transfer, upon producing the share certificate and such evidence of title as the Directors think sufficient, may, with the consent of the Directors or of the holders of two-thirds of the shares of the Company for the time being issued (which

they shall be under no obligation to give), be himself registered as the holder of the shares, or may, subject to the regulations of these Articles as to transfers, transfer such shares to any other person. There shall be paid to the Company in respect of any such registration such fee not exceeding one rupee as the Directors deem fit.

34. Every instrument of transfer shall be left at the registered office of the Company for registration, together with the certificate of the shares proposed to be transferred, and the Company shall be furnished with such evidence as the Directors may require of the title of the transferor or his right to transfer the shares, and thereupon, and upon payment of the proper fee, the transferee shall, subject to the foregoing regulations, be registered as a member in respect of such shares. The Directors may waive the production of a certificate upon evidence satisfactory to them of its loss or destruction, and on such indemnity, whether with or without security, as the Directors may deem adequate being given, but the transferor shall pay to the Company any expenses incurred in investigating the title to the shares, or in connection with such indemnity.

35. All instruments of transfer which shall be registered and the certificates of the shares to which they refer shall be retained by the Company, but any instrument of transfer which the Directors may decline to register and the certificates of the shares to which it refers shall be returned to the person depositing the same. If a certificate lodged and retained comprises more shares than the transfer, a new certificate for the residue shall be issued to the transferor.

36. The transfer books may be closed during such time or times as the Directors may think fit, not exceeding in the whole twenty-one days in each year.

37. The holders for the time being of two-thirds of the shares of the Company for the time being issued may at any time serve the Company with a requisition to enforce the transfer of any particular shares not held by the requisitionists. The Company shall forthwith give to the holder of such shares notice in writing (with a copy of this Article subjoined), and upon the service of such notice the holder of such shares shall be deemed to have authorized the Company to sell his shares to any other member of the Company in accordance with the provisions herein contained at the fair value to be fixed by the Auditor in accordance with these Articles. If the Company shall within the space of twenty-eight days after the service of such notice find a member of the Company willing to purchase the shares (hereinafter called "the purchasing member"), and shall give notice thereof to the holders of such shares, the latter shall be bound upon payment of the fair value to transfer the shares to the purchasing member. In case any difference arises between such holder and the purchasing member as to the fair value of the shares, the Auditor shall on the application of either party certify in writing the sum which in his opinion is the fair value, and such sum shall be deemed to be the fair value, and in so certifying the Auditor shall be deemed to be acting as an expert and not as an arbitrator. If the holder of such shares after having become bound as aforesaid makes default in transferring the shares, the Company may receive the purchase money and shall thereafter cause the name of the purchasing member to be entered in the register as the holder of the shares, and shall hold the purchase money in trust for the holder of such shares. The receipt of the Company for the purchase money shall be a good discharge to the purchasing member, and after his name has been entered in the register in the purported exercise of the aforesaid power, the validity of the proceedings shall not be questioned by any person. Until otherwise determined by the Company in general meeting any shares in respect of which any such requisition shall be served on the Company shall be offered in succession to the holders of the shares of the Company in accordance with the number of shares held by them respectively, the holder of a larger holding being always preferred to the holder of a smaller holding, and as between holdings of equal amount in such order as may be determined by lots drawn in regard thereto, and the lots shall be drawn in such manner as the Directors think fit.

6.—INCREASE AND REDUCTION OF CAPITAL.

38. The Company in General Meeting may with the consent in writing of the holders of two-thirds of the shares of the Company for the time being issued from time to time increase the capital by the creation of new shares of such aggregate amount as may be deemed expedient.

39. The new shares shall be of such nominal amounts and shall be issued upon such terms and conditions as the Company in General Meeting may with the consent in writing of the holder of two-thirds of the shares of the Company for the time being issued direct, and in particular such shares and also any shares of the original capital for the time being unissued may (subject to the provisions hereinafter contained as to the consent of the holders of any class of shares where such consent is necessary) be issued with any preference or priorities, or special or qualified, or restricted rights in the payment of dividends, or in the distribution of assets or otherwise over as compared with any other shares, whether preference, ordinary, or deferred, and whether then already issued or not, or as shares ranking equally with any other shares, or as deferred shares, or with any special rights or restrictions (whether absolute or partial) against voting.

40. Subject to or in default of any such directions, the provisions of these Articles shall apply to the new capital in the same manner in all respects as to the original ordinary capital of the Company.

41. The Company may from time to time by special resolution reduce its capital in any way, and in particular (without prejudice to the generality of this power) may (a) extinguish or reduce the liability on any of its shares in respect of capital not paid up, (b) either with or without extinguishing or reducing liability on any of its shares cancel any paid up capital which is lost or is unrepresented by available assets, or (c) either with or without extinguishing or reducing liability on any of its shares pay off any paid up capital which is in excess of the wants of the Company. The Company may also cancel shares which at the date of the passing of the resolution in that behalf have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person, and diminish the amount of its capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled. Capital may be paid off upon the footing that it may be called up again or otherwise.

7.—CONSOLIDATION AND SUBDIVISION OF SHARES.

42. The Company in General Meeting may consolidate, and by special resolution may subdivide, its shares or any of them into shares of a larger or smaller denomination. The special resolution whereby any share is subdivided may provide that as between the holders of the shares resulting from such subdivision any one or more of such shares shall have any preference, priority, or advantage with regard to dividends, in the distribution of assets, as to right of voting, or in any other respect over the other or others of them.

III.—BORROWING POWERS.

43. The Directors may from time to time at their discretion raise or borrow in any manner, and upon any terms, any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company.

44. The Directors may for the purpose of securing borrowed money and the interest thereon, or for any other purpose, create any mortgage, charge, or lien upon, or may pledge the undertaking of the Company and the whole or any part of its property, present and future, including its uncalled capital for the time being, by way either of specific or of floating security, and may also, for any purpose and for any consideration, create and issue bonds or perpetual or redeemable debentures or debenture stock or other obligation, and secure the principal represented thereby and the interest thereon by any such mortgage, charge, or lien as aforesaid.

45. The Directors may also issue or deposit any such debentures or debenture stock by way of collateral or contingent security for the payment of any debt or the discharge of any liability of the Company.

IV.—MEETINGS OF MEMBERS.

I.—CONVENING OF GENERAL MEETINGS.

46. The Statutory Meeting of the Company shall be held at such time, not being less than one month nor more than twelve months after the date at which the Company is entitled to commence business, and at such place as the Directors shall determine.

47. General Meetings, not being Extraordinary General Meetings, shall be held once in every year after the year of the incorporation of the Company, at such time and place as may be prescribed by the holders of two-thirds of the Company for the time being issued, or if no time or place is so prescribed as may (subject as aforesaid) be determined by the Directors.

48. The General Meetings mentioned in the last preceding Article shall be called Ordinary General Meetings, and all other General Meetings shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.

49. The Directors may, whenever they shall think fit, convene an Extraordinary General Meeting and they shall, upon a requisition made in writing by Members of the Company holding together not less than one-tenth of the issued capital upon which all calls or other sums then due shall have been paid, forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting. An Extraordinary General Meeting if convened by the Directors shall be held at such place as the Directors may determine.

50. Any requisition made by members shall state the objects of the meeting to be called, and must be signed by the requisitionists and deposited at the registered office of the Company. It may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by one or more requisitionists.

51. If the Directors do not proceed to cause an Extraordinary General Meeting to be held within twenty-one days from the date of the deposit, the requisitionists, or a majority of them in value, may themselves convene the meeting, but any meeting so convened shall not be held after three months from the date of such deposit. If at any such meeting convened under this Article a resolution requiring confirmation at another meeting shall be passed, the Directors shall forthwith convene a further Extraordinary General Meeting for the purpose of considering the resolution, and, if thought fit, of confirming it as a special resolution, and if the Directors do not convene the meeting within seven days from the date of the passing of the first resolution, the requisitionists, or a majority of them in value, may themselves convene the meeting. Any meeting convened under this Article by the requisitionists shall be convened in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which meetings are to be convened by the Directors.

52. Twenty-eight days' notice of any General Meeting (inclusive of the day of service, but exclusive of the day appointed for holding the meeting) specifying the place, day, and hour of such meeting, and in case of special business the general nature of such business, shall (except in the case of meetings convened solely for the purpose of confirming a special resolution or special resolutions, and meetings convened in pursuance of a requisition made by members) be given to the members entitled to attend and vote thereat in manner hereinafter mentioned, or in such other manner (if any) as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting. In the case of General Meetings convened solely for the purpose of confirming a special resolution or resolutions, or a General Meeting convened in pursuance of a requisition made by members, the length of notice shall be seven days calculated as above mentioned to be given in manner above provided.

53. The accidental omission to give any such notice to any member, or the non-receipt of the same by any member, shall not invalidate any resolution passed at any such meeting.

2.—PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS.

54. The business of an Ordinary Meeting shall be to receive and consider the accounts presented by the Directors, and the reports of the Directors and of the Auditors, to declare dividends, to elect Auditors, and to vote their remuneration. All other business transacted at an Ordinary Meeting, and all business transacted at an Extraordinary Meeting, shall be deemed special.

55. Two members present in person or by proxy shall be a quorum at a General Meeting. No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting unless the quorum requisite be present at the commencement of the business.

56. If within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of members, shall be dissolved. In any other case it shall be adjourned to such day and place as the meeting shall by resolution determine, or, in default of such resolution, to the same day in the next week (or if that day be a holiday to the next working day thereafter), and at the time and place as the original meeting. At an adjourned meeting the members present and entitled to vote, whatever their number, shall have power to decide upon all matters which could properly have been disposed of at the meeting from which such adjournment took place.

57. The Chairman of the Directors shall be entitled to preside at every General Meeting, or if there be no Chairman, or if at any meeting he shall not be present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding such meeting, and willing to preside, the Deputy-Chairman (if any) of the Directors shall be entitled to preside, or if there be no such Chairman or Deputy-Chairman, or if neither of them shall be present within such fifteen minutes, and willing to preside, the members present shall choose another Director as Chairman, or if one Director only be present, he shall preside, if willing so to do. If no Director is present, or if all the Directors present decline to preside, then the members present shall choose one of their number to act as Chairman.

58. The Chairman of a General Meeting may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn the same from time to time, and place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.

59. At every General Meeting every resolution (including a special resolution) submitted shall, subject to the right to demand a poll, be determined by a show of hands, and unless a poll is demanded by the Chairman or by at least two members personally present, or by a member or members holding or representing by proxy, and entitled to vote in respect of at least one-tenth of the issued capital, or in the case of a special resolution by at least five Shareholders, a minute signed as hereinafter mentioned, or a declaration of the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, or in the case of a resolution requiring any particular majority that it was passed by the requisite majority, and an entry to that effect in the Book of Proceedings of the Company shall be conclusive evidence of the facts, without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

60. If a poll is demanded as aforesaid, it shall be taken in such manner and at such time (within twenty-eight days next after the meeting), and at such place as the Chairman of the meeting before the conclusion of the meeting directs, and either immediately or after an interval or adjournment or otherwise, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. Any poll duly demanded on the election of a Chairman of a meeting, or any question of adjournment, shall be taken at the meeting and without adjournment. The fact that a poll has been demanded shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded. A demand of a poll may be withdrawn, and no notice need be given of a poll not taken immediately.

61. In the case of an equality of votes, the Chairman shall, both on a show of hands and at a poll, have a casting vote in addition to the vote or votes to which he may be entitled as a member.

62. Minutes shall be made in books provided for the purpose of all resolutions and proceedings of general meetings, and any such minutes, if signed by the Chairman of the meeting to which they refer, or by any person present thereat and appointed by the Directors to sign the same in his place, or by the Chairman of the next succeeding meeting, shall be received as conclusive evidence of the facts stated therein.

3.—MEETINGS OF SPECIAL CLASSES OF SHAREHOLDERS.

63. The holders of any class of shares shall have power at any time and from time to time, and whether before or during liquidation, by an extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of such holders, of which notice specifying the intention to propose such resolution shall have been duly given, to consent on behalf of all the holders of shares of the class—

- (a) To the issue or creation of any shares ranking equally with the shares of the class or having any priority thereto, which could not be issued under the powers hereinbefore contained without the consent of all the holders of shares of the class; or
- (b) To the abandonment or alteration of any preference, privilege, priority, or special right, whether as regards capital or dividends, or of any right of voting affecting the class of shares, or to the abandonment of any accrued dividend, or the reduction for any time or permanently of the dividends payable thereon, or to the amalgamation into one class of the shares of any two or more classes, or to the division of shares into shares of different classes, or to any alteration in these Articles, varying or abrogating, or putting an end to any rights or privileges attached to shares of the class; or
- (c) To any scheme for the reduction of capital prejudicially affecting the class of shares as compared with any other class, and not otherwise authorized by these Articles; or
- (d) To any scheme for the distribution of assets in money or kind in or before liquidation (though such scheme may not be in accordance with legal rights), or to any contract for the sale of the whole or any part of the Company's undertaking or property determining the manner in which, as between the several classes of Shareholders, the purchase consideration shall be distributed (though such distribution may not be in accordance with legal rights); and
- (e) Generally to any alteration, contract, compromise, or arrangement which the persons voting thereon could, if *sui juris* and holding all the shares of the class, consent to or enter into;

and a resolution so passed shall be binding upon all the holders of shares of the class, provided that this Article shall not be read as implying the necessity for such consent in any case in which, but for this Article, the object of the resolution could have been effected without it under the provisions contained in these Articles. The consent in writing of the holders of two-thirds of the shares of the class for the time being issued shall have the same effect as an extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of holders of shares of the class.

64. Any meeting for the purpose of the last preceding Article shall be convened and conducted in all respects as nearly as possible in the same way as an extraordinary general meeting of the Company, but no member not being a Director shall be entitled to notice thereof, or not being a Director or the duly appointed proxy of a corporation entitled to shares of the class shall be entitled to attend thereat, unless he holds shares of the class intended to be affected by the resolution, and (except that a Chairman, if a Director, may give a casting vote, whether a holder of shares of the class or not) votes shall only be given in respect of shares of that class; and at any such meeting or any adjournment thereof, the quorum shall be members holding or representing by proxy at least one half of the issued shares of the class, and a poll may be demanded at any such meeting by any member of the class present in person or by proxy, and entitled to vote at the meeting.

4.—VOTES OF MEMBERS.

65. Subject to any special terms as to voting upon which any shares may be issued or may for the time being be held, on a show of hands every member present in person shall have one vote, and on a poll every member present in person or by proxy shall have one vote for every share held by him. Any company holding shares conferring the right to vote may by resolution of its Directors authorize any of its officials or any other person to act as its representative at any General Meeting of the Company, and the person so authorized shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the Company which he represents as if he had been an individual Shareholder of the Company.

66. If any registered holder of shares conferring the right to vote is a lunatic or idiot, his committee, *curator bonis*, or other legal curator may vote at any General Meeting or upon a poll in respect thereof as if he were the registered holder of such shares, provided that forty-eight hours at least before the time of holding the meeting or adjourned meeting (as the case may be) at which such committee, *curator bonis*, or other legal curator proposes to vote, he shall satisfy the Directors that he sustains that character, unless the Directors shall have previously admitted his right to vote in respect of such shares.

67. If there be joint registered holders of any share or shares conferring the right to vote, any one of them may vote at any meeting either in person or by proxy in respect thereof as if he were the sole registered holder thereof; but in case more than one of several joint-holders be present at a meeting, either in person or by proxy, that one of the holders so present whose name stands first on the register in respect of such shares shall alone be entitled to vote in respect thereof.

68. No member shall be entitled to be present or be reckoned in a quorum, or be entitled to vote, either personally or by proxy or otherwise, at any General Meeting or upon a poll, or to exercise any privileges as a member whilst any call or other sum which shall be due and payable by him in respect of any share of which he is the registered holder remains unpaid.

69. Votes may be given personally or by proxy.

70. The instrument appointing a proxy shall (except in the case of a form of proxy sent by cable) be in writing under the hand of the appointer or his attorney, or if such appointer is a corporation, under its common seal or under the hand or seal of its attorney, and, whether given for a specified meeting or otherwise, shall, as nearly as circumstances will admit, be in the form or to the effect following:—

Mackwoods Rubber Trading Company, Limited.

I, _____, of _____ being a member of Mackwoods Rubber Trading Company, Limited, hereby appoint _____ of _____ or failing him _____ of _____ as my proxy at the (Ordinary or Extraordinary as the case may be) General Meeting to be held on the _____ and at any adjournment thereof.

As witness my hand this _____ day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and _____.

A form of proxy sent by cable shall be in shortened form (modelled on the foregoing form) as the appointer shall select.

71. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of Attorney (if any) under which it is signed (which may take the form of a cablegram or telegram) shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than forty-eight hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting (as the case may be) at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote, the donee of any such power of Attorney may appoint himself proxy thereunder.

72. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument appointing a proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death of the principal or revocation of the proxy, or transfer of the shares in respect of which it is given, unless

previous intimation in writing of the death, revocation, or transfer shall have been received at the registered office of the Company.

73. The Directors shall be at liberty, at the expense of the Company, to prepare and issue stamped instruments for the appointment of proxies, and to stamp instruments of proxy at the like expense, and to send stamped envelopes to the Members of the Company for the return thereof to the Company at the like expense.

V.—DIRECTORS.

1.—NUMBER AND APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS.

74. The number of Directors shall not be less than three or more than seven.

75. The first Directors shall be Francis Oswald Mackwood, Frank Edward Mackwood, and Edward Oswald Mackwood.

76. The holders of two-thirds of the shares of the Company for the time being issued shall have power at any time and from time to time to appoint any other person as a Director, but so that the total number of Directors shall not at any time exceed the prescribed maximum number fixed as above. No casual vacancy shall be filled by the Directors. On any such nomination (which may take the form of a cablegram or telegram) being left at the registered office of the Company the person thereby nominated shall at once become a Director of the Company.

77. The continuing Directors, or the continuing Director if only one, may act notwithstanding any vacancies on the Board and notwithstanding that the number of Directors is less than the prescribed minimum number.

2.—REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS.

78. The remuneration (if any) of the Directors shall be fixed by the holders of two-thirds of the shares of the Company for the time being issued.

3.—DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS.

79. The office of a Director shall *ipso facto* be vacated—

(a) If without the sanction of the holders of two-thirds of the shares of the Company for the time being issued, he accepts or holds any other office or place of profit under the Company, except that of manager, secretary, trustee for the debenture holders or debenture stock holders of the Company, or any other office or place of profit herein authorized.

(b) If he becomes bankrupt or suspends payment or compounds with his creditors.

(c) If he is found lunatic or becomes of unsound mind.

(d) If he is absent from the meetings of the Directors continuously during a period of six months without special leave of absence from the Directors, expressed by a duly recorded resolution.

(e) If he sends in a written resignation to the Directors, and the same is accepted, or not being accepted is not withdrawn within seven days.

(f) If a notice by the holders of two-thirds of the shares of the Company for the time being issued calling upon him to resign (which may take the form of a cablegram or telegram) is left or delivered at the registered office of the Company.

80. No Director shall be disqualified by his office from contracting with the Company either as vendor, purchaser, or otherwise, nor shall any such contract or any contract or arrangement entered into by or on behalf of the Company in which any Director shall be in any way interested be avoided, nor shall any Director so contracting, or being so interested, be liable to account to the Company for any profit realized by any such contract or arrangement by reason only of such Director holding that office, or of the fiduciary relation thereby established, but the nature of his interest must be disclosed by him at the meeting of the Directors at which the contract or arrangement is determined on, if his interest then exists, or in any other case at the first meeting of the Directors after the acquisition of his interest.

4.—PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

81. The Directors may meet together for the dispatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit, and may determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Until otherwise determined two Directors shall be a quorum. A Director may at any time, and the Secretary, upon the request of a Director, shall convene a meeting of the Directors. Questions arising at any meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes of the Directors present. It shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting of Directors to any Director who is out of the Island of Ceylon, unless he has supplied to the Company an address within the Island of Ceylon, or an address outside the Island of Ceylon ordinarily within forty-eight hours postal delivery from Colombo, in which case notice shall be sent to such address.

82. The Directors may elect a Chairman of their meetings, and determine the periods for which he or they is or are to hold office. The Chairman shall preside at all meetings of the Directors, but if at any time there is no Chairman or if at any meeting the Chairman be not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, and willing to preside, the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting. The said Frank Edward Mackwood shall be the first Chairman of the Directors.

83. A meeting of the Directors for the time being properly summoned at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all or any of the powers, authorities, and discretions by or under these Articles vested in or exercisable by the Directors generally, but the provisions of this Article shall be without prejudice to the powers of a sole continuing Director.

84. The Directors may delegate any of their powers (other than the powers to borrow and make calls) to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as they think fit. Any committee so formed shall in the exercise of the power so delegated conform to any regulations which may from time to time be imposed on them by the Directors.

85. A committee of two or more Directors may elect a Chairman of their meetings. If there be no such Chairman, or if he is not present at the time appointed for holding a meeting, and willing to preside, the members present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting. A committee may meet and adjourn as they think proper. Questions arising at any meeting shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members present.

86. All acts done at any meeting of the Directors, or of a Committee of Directors, or by any persons acting as Directors, shall, notwithstanding that it shall be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any such Directors or persons acting as aforesaid, or any of them, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a Director.

87. The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in books provided for the purpose of all resolutions and proceedings of meetings of the Directors, or Committees of Directors, and any such minutes, if signed by any person purporting to be the Chairman of the meeting to which they relate or by the Chairman of the next succeeding meeting, shall be received as conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated.

5.—POWERS OF DIRECTORS.

88. The management of the business and control of the Company shall be vested in the Directors, who, in addition to the powers and authorities by these Articles expressly conferred upon them, may exercise all such powers and do all such acts and things as may be exercised, or done by the Company, and are not hereby or by Ordinance expressly directed or required to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting, subject nevertheless to any regulations from time to time made in writing by the holders of two-thirds of the shares of the Company for the time being issued, but so that no such regulation shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if no such regulation had been made.

89. Without prejudice to the general powers conferred by the last preceding Article and to the other powers conferred by these Articles (but subject as mentioned in the last preceding Article), the Directors shall have the following powers, that is to say, power—

- (a) To pay the costs, charges, and expenses preliminary and incidental to the promotion, formation, establishment, and registration of the Company, and of any other Company promoted by the Company under the powers contained in the Memorandum of Association of the Company.
- (b) To purchase or otherwise acquire for the Company any property, rights, or privileges which the Company is authorized to acquire at such price, and generally on such terms and conditions as they think fit.
- (c) At their discretion to pay for any property, rights, or privileges acquired by or services rendered to the Company, either wholly or partially in cash or in shares, bonds, debentures, debenture stock, or other obligations or securities of the Company, and any such shares may be issued either as fully paid up, or with such amount credited as paid up thereon as may be agreed upon, and any such bonds, debentures, or debenture stock may be either charged upon all or any part of the undertaking and property of the Company, and its uncalled capital or not so charged.
- (d) To secure the fulfilment of any contracts or engagements entered into by the Company, by mortgage or charge of all or any part of the undertaking and property of the Company and its uncalled capital, or in such other manner as they may think fit.
- (e) To appoint and at their discretion remove or suspend such managers, secretaries, officers, clerks, agents, and servants for permanent or temporary or special services as they may from time to time think fit, and to determine their duties and fix their salaries or emoluments, and to require security in such instances and to such amount as they think fit.
- (f) To accept from any member a surrender of his shares or any of them by way of compromise of any question as to the holder being properly registered in respect thereof, or any gratuitous surrender of a fully paid share, and to dispose of any surrendered share in the same manner as a forfeited share.
- (g) To appoint any person or persons, whether incorporated or not, to accept and hold in trust for the Company any property belonging to the Company, or in which it is interested, and to execute and do all such deeds and things as may be requisite in relation to any such trust, and to provide for the remuneration of such trustee or trustees.
- (h) To exercise all the powers of sale mentioned in or to be implied from the Memorandum of Association of the Company, whether for shares or otherwise, including the power to sell the Company's undertaking for shares or otherwise.
- (i) To make, draw, accept, and endorse promissory notes, bills of exchange, cheques, and other mercantile and negotiable instruments, provided that every promissory note, bill of exchange, cheque, or other mercantile or negotiable instrument made, drawn, accepted, or endorsed shall be signed by such person or persons as the Directors may appoint for such purpose.
- (j) To institute, conduct, defend, compound, and abandon any legal proceedings by and against the Company or its officers, or otherwise concerning the affairs of the Company, and also to allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts and of any claims or demands by or against the Company.
- (k) To refer any claims and demands by or against the Company to arbitration, and observe and perform or resist the awards.
- (l) To make and give receipts, releases, and other discharges for money payable to the Company, and for the claims and demands of the Company.
- (m) To invest and deal with any of the moneys of the Company not immediately required for the purposes thereof, upon such investments and in such manner as they may think fit, and from time to time deal with, vary, or realize such investments, provided that the funds of the Company shall not be expended in the purchase, or lent upon the security, of its own shares.
- (n) To appoint any persons to be the attorneys or agents of the Company with such powers (including power to sub-delegate and to appear before all proper authorities, and make all necessary declarations to enable the Company's operations to be validly carried on abroad) and upon such terms as may be thought fit.
- (o) To give to any Director who shall be called upon to perform extra services or to make any special exertions in going or residing abroad (either in addition to or substitution for the remuneration above provided for), such special remuneration either by way of a fixed sum or percentage on profits or otherwise as may be thought fit.
- (p) To execute in the name and on behalf of the Company in favour of any person who may incur or be about to incur any personal liability for the benefit of the Company such mortgages of all or any part of the undertaking and property of the Company and its uncalled capital as they may think fit, and any such mortgage may contain a power of sale and such other powers, provisions, and covenants as may be agreed upon.
- (q) To appoint such persons as they may think fit (who may be Directors or members of the Company or not) to act as a local board, or as a local managing or consulting committee, in any place where the Company carries on or proposes to carry on business, and to delegate to any board or committee so appointed such of their own powers and authorities as they may deem fit, and to regulate the proceedings and determine the remuneration and the term of office of the members of such local board or committee.
- (r) To give to any officer or other person employed by the Company a bonus or commission on the profits of any particular business or transaction, or a share in the general profits of the Company, such commission or share of profits to be treated as part of the working expenses of the Company.
- (s) From time to time to make, vary, and repeal by-laws for the regulation of the business of the Company, its officers and servants.
- (t) To enter into all such negotiations and contracts, and rescind and vary all such contracts, and execute and do all such acts, deeds, and things in the name and on behalf of the Company as they may consider expedient for or in relation to any of the matters aforesaid or otherwise for the purposes of the Company.

90. A Director who is at a place or is about to go to a place outside the Island of Ceylon, which is in the ordinary course of post outside a 48 hours postal delivery from Colombo, may with the consent in writing of the holders of two-thirds of the shares of the Company for the time being issued, appoint any person to be an alternate Director during his absence, and such appointment shall have effect, and such appointee whilst he holds office as an alternate Director shall be entitled to notice of meetings of the Directors, and to attend and vote thereat accordingly, and he shall *ipso facto* vacate office if and

when the appointer returns to the Island of Ceylon, or vacates office as a Director, or removes the appointee from office, and any appointment and removal under this clause shall be effected by notice in writing under the hand of the Director making the same left at the registered office for the time being of the Company.

91. The Directors may from time to time by resolution appoint a temporary substitute for the Secretary, and any person so appointed shall, for the purpose of these Articles, be deemed during the term of his appointment to be the Secretary.

6.—THE SEAL.

92. The Directors shall provide for the safe custody of the Seal of the Company, and it shall not be affixed to any instrument except in the presence of two or more Directors, or of one Director, and the Secretary, who shall attest the sealing thereof.

VI.—ACCOUNTS AND DIVIDENDS.

1.—ACCOUNTS.

93. Directors shall cause accounts to be kept in the English language in books provided for the purpose of the sums received and expended by the Company, and the matters in respect of which such receipt and expenditure takes place, and of the assets, credits, and liabilities of the Company. The books of account shall be kept at the registered office of the Company, or at any such other place or places as the Directors think fit.

94. Except by the authority of the Directors or of the holders of two-thirds of the shares of the Company for the time being issued, no member shall be entitled as such to inspect any books or papers of the Company, other than the balance sheet and the register of members or mortgages.

95. At the Ordinary General Meeting in each year the Directors shall lay before the Company a balance sheet and a profit and loss account, containing a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company made up to as recent a date as practicable from the date to which the last preceding balance sheet and account were made up, or in the case of the first balance sheet and account, from the incorporation of the Company.

96. Every balance sheet and account shall be accompanied by a report of the Directors as to the state and condition of the Company and as to the amount (if any) which they propose to carry to the reserve fund, and the amount they recommend to be distributed by way of dividend or bonus to the members in accordance with the provisions in that behalf hereinafter contained, and the balance sheet, account, and report shall be signed on behalf of the Board by two of the Directors of the Company, or if there is only one by that Director.

2.—AUDIT.

97. The Company shall at each Ordinary General Meeting appoint an Auditor or Auditors to hold office until the next Ordinary General Meeting.

98. The first Auditors of the Company may be appointed by the Directors before the statutory meeting, and if so appointed shall hold office until the First Ordinary General Meeting, unless previously removed by a resolution of the Shareholders in General Meeting, in which case the Shareholders at such meeting may appoint Auditors. Any Auditor quitting office shall be eligible for immediate re-election. The remuneration of the Auditors shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting, except that the remuneration of any Auditors appointed before the statutory meeting, or to fill any casual vacancy, may be fixed by the Directors.

99. A Director or Officer of the Company, or a partner in any business with, or a person employed by a Director or Officer of the Company, shall not be capable of being appointed or of acting as Auditor of the Company.

100. If a casual vacancy occurs in the office of Auditor, it may be filled by the Directors, or the Directors may forthwith convene an Extraordinary General Meeting for the purpose of supplying the same. Whilst any vacancy continues the surviving or continuing Auditor or Auditors (if any) may act.

101. If no election of Auditors be made at an Ordinary General Meeting, the Directors may appoint an Auditor for the current year, and fix the remuneration to be paid to him by the Company for his services.

102. The Auditors shall have a right of access at all times to the books and accounts and vouchers of the Company, and shall be entitled to require from the Directors and Officers of the Company such information and explanation as may be necessary for the performance of the duties of the Auditors. The Auditors shall make a report to the Shareholders on the accounts examined by them, and on every balance sheet laid before the Company in General Meeting during their tenure of office, and in every such report shall state whether or not they have obtained all the information and explanations they have required, and whether in their opinion the balance sheet referred to in the report is properly drawn up, so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of the Company's affairs according to the best of their information, and the explanations given to them, and as shown by the books of the Company, and such report shall be attached to the balance sheet, or there shall be inserted at the foot of the balance sheet a reference to such report, and such report shall be read before the Company in General Meeting, and shall be open to the inspection of any member who shall be entitled to be furnished with a copy thereof, at a charge not exceeding twenty-five cents for every hundred words.

103. A person other than a retiring Auditor shall not be capable of being appointed Auditor at an Ordinary General Meeting, unless notice of an intention to nominate that person to the office of Auditor has been given by a member to the Company not less than fourteen days before the Ordinary General Meeting, and the Company shall send a copy of any such notice to the retiring Auditor, and shall give notice thereof to the member either by advertisement or in any other mode allowed by these Articles not less than seven days before the Ordinary General Meeting. Provided that, if after a notice of the intention to nominate an Auditor has been so given, an Ordinary General Meeting is called for a date fourteen days or less after the notice has been given, the notice, though not given within the time required by this Article, shall be deemed to have been properly given for the purposes hereof, and the notices to be sent or given by the Company may, instead of being sent or given within the time required by this Article, be sent or given at the same time as the notice of the Ordinary General Meeting.

—RESERVE FUND.

104. The Directors may, before recommending any dividends, set aside out of the profits of the Company such sum as they think proper as a reserve fund, to meet depreciation or contingencies or for special dividends, or for equalizing dividends, or for repairing, improving, or maintaining any of the property of the Company, or for any other purposes which the Directors may think conducive to the objects of the Company, and the same may be applied accordingly from time to time in such manner as the Directors shall determine. The Directors may divide the reserve fund into special funds as they think fit, and may consolidate any special funds or any parts of any special funds into which the reserve fund may have been divided as they think fit, with full power to employ the whole or any part of the assets constituting the reserve fund in the business of the Company without being under any obligation to keep the same separate from the other assets of the Company. The Directors may also, without placing the same to reserve, carry forward any profits which they may think it not prudent to divide.

4.—DIVIDENDS.

105. The Company may in General Meeting, subject to any preference or priority for the time being subsisting, and subject to the provisions hereinafter contained, declare a dividend to be paid to the members in proportion to the amounts for the time being paid up or credited as paid up on their shares otherwise than in advance of calls, but no larger dividend shall be declared than is recommended by the Directors.

106. The Directors may from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends on account of the dividends for the current year as in their judgment are justified by the position of the Company.

107. Any premium received upon the issue of shares, and any profits realized upon the sale or shown by a valuation of assets, may be treated as revenue of the Company for the year in which the issue is made or the profits realized are ascertained.

108. The Directors may retain any dividends or instalments of interest on which the Company has a lien, and may apply the same in or towards satisfaction of the debts, liabilities, or engagements in respect of which the lien exists.

109. The Directors may retain the dividends or instalments of interest payable upon shares in respect of which any person is under the provisions as to the transmission of shares hereinbefore contained entitled to become a member, or which any person under those provisions is entitled to transfer, until such person shall become a member in respect of such shares, or shall duly transfer the same.

110. Every dividend and instalment of interest shall belong and be paid subject to the Company's lien (if any) to those members who shall be the registered holders of the shares at the date of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which such dividend shall be declared, or at the date at which such interest shall be made payable respectively, notwithstanding any subsequent transfer or transmission of the shares.

111. No dividend or bonus shall, except with the consent of a General Meeting, bear interest against the Company.

112. Notice of any dividend which may have been declared shall be given to the members entitled to participate therein in manner hereinafter prescribed.

113. Until otherwise directed, any dividend, bonus, or interest payable in cash to the holders of registered shares shall be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post directed to the holder at his registered address, or in the case of joint-holders directed to the holder whose name stands first in the register in respect of the shares at his registered address. Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the registered holder, and in the case of joint-holders to the order of the holder whose name stands first on the register in respect of such shares, unless such joint-holders otherwise direct, and shall be sent at his or their risk.

114. A General Meeting declaring a dividend may direct payment of such dividend wholly or in part by the distribution of specific assets, and in particular of paid up shares, debentures, or debenture stock of the Company, or paid up on the shares, debentures, or debenture stock of any other company, or in any one or more of such ways, and the Directors shall give effect to such resolution, and where any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution they may settle the same as they think expedient, and in particular may issue fractional certificates, and may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof, and may determine that cash payments may be made to any member upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of the members, and may vest any specific assets in trustees upon trust for the persons entitled to the dividend as may seem expedient to the Directors.

VII.—NOTICES.

115. A notice may be served by the Company upon any member, either personally or by sending it through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to such member at his registered address in the Island of Ceylon, or at any place outside the Island of Ceylon which is in the ordinary course of post, within a forty-eight hours' postal delivery from Colombo. In the event of a meeting being convened to consider a resolution requiring, if passed, confirmation as a special resolution, the notice convening the meeting to confirm the same may be served with or at the same time as or at any time after the notice convening the first meeting, and it shall be no objection to the notice convening the second meeting that it only convenes the same contingently on the resolution being passed by the requisite majority at the first meeting.

116. Any member residing out of the Island of Ceylon at a place which is in the ordinary course of post outside a forty-eight hours' postal delivery from Colombo may from time to time notify to the Company an address in the Island of Ceylon, or an address out of the Island of Ceylon, which is in the ordinary course of post within a forty-eight hours' postal delivery from Colombo at which all notices may be served upon him, and all notices served at such address shall be deemed delivered. If he shall not have named such address, he shall not be entitled to any notices. But in the case of Heilbut & Co., Limited, or any person, firm, or company for the time being carrying on the business now carried on by Symons & Co., Limited, or any person, firm, or company for the time being carrying on the business now carried on by them, an intimation of the Company's intention to hold a meeting shall forthwith at the expense of the Company be given by cablegram addressed to them in London, England.

117. All notices directed to be given to the members shall, with respect to any share held by joint registered holders, be given to the person first named in the register of members in respect of those shares, and notice so given shall be deemed to be notice to all the holders by post shall be deemed to have been served at the expiration of forty-eight hours after the letter containing the same was properly addressed and put into the post office.

118. Any notice if served by post shall be deemed to have been served at the expiration of forty-eight hours after the letter containing the same was properly addressed and put into the post office.

119. Every executor, administrator, trustee in bankruptcy of any member, and every person who by or through the operation of law, or other means whatsoever, shall become entitled to any share shall be bound by every notice in respect of such share, which previously to his name being entered in the register shall have been duly given to the person from whom he derives his title, and if such person was not entered in the register shall be so bound without any notice whatsoever.

120. Any notice or document given, delivered, or sent by post to or left at the registered address of any member in pursuance of these Articles shall, notwithstanding such member be deceased, and whether or not the Company has notice of his decease, be deemed duly served in respect of any shares held by such member, whether solely or jointly with other persons, until some other person shall be registered in his stead as the holder or joint-holder thereof, and such service shall for all purposes of these articles be deemed a sufficient service of such notice or document on his heirs, executors, or administrators, and all persons (if any) jointly entitled with him to any such shares.

VIII.—WINDING UP

121. If the Company shall be wound up and the assets available for distribution among the members shall be insufficient to pay the whole of the paid up capital, such assets shall be distributed so that as nearly as may be the losses shall be borne by the members in proportion to the capital paid up, or which ought to have been paid up at the commencement of the winding up on the shares held by them respectively, and if in the winding up the assets available for distribution among the members shall be more than sufficient to repay the whole of the capital paid up at the commencement of the winding up, the excess shall be distributed amongst the members in proportion to the capital paid up, or which ought to have been paid up at the commencement of the winding up, on the shares held by them respectively, but in no case shall a member be entitled to have any call made upon other members holding shares of the same class for the purpose of adjusting their rights. This Article shall be without prejudice to the rights of the holders of any shares issued upon special conditions and to the provisions hereinafter contained.

122. If the Company shall be wound up (whether the liquidation is altogether voluntary, under supervision, or by the Court), the liquidator may with the authority of an extraordinary resolution divide among the members in specie or kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company, and whether or not the assets shall consist of property of one kind or shall consist of properties of different kinds and may for such purpose set such value as he deems fair upon any one or more class or classes of property, and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members, and the liquidator may with the like authority, vest any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of members as the liquidator with the like authority shall think fit, and the liquidation of the Company may be closed and the Company dissolved, but so that no contributory shall be compelled to accept any shares in respect of which there is a liability.

123. The power of sale of a liquidator shall include a power with the sanction of the holders of two-thirds of the shares of the Company for the time being issued to sell wholly or partly for the debentures, debentures stock, or other obligations of another company, either then already constituted or about to be constituted for the purpose of carrying out the sale.

124. In any case in which these Articles provide that any powers may be exercised by the holders of two-thirds of the shares for the time being issued, or the consent of such holders is made necessary to the exercise of any power or any other transaction hereunder, such power may be exercised or consent given by cablegram or telegram addressed to the registered office of the Company, or by their Attorney duly appointed in that behalf, and the Company may act upon a consent so given.

IX.—INDEMNITY.

125. Every Director, Manager, Secretary, and other officer, or servant of the Company shall be indemnified by the Company against, and it shall be the duty of the Directors out of the funds of the Company to pay all costs, losses, and expenses which any officer or servant may incur or become liable to by reason of any contract entered into, or act or deed done by him as such officer or servant, or in any way in the discharge of his duties, and the amount for which such indemnity is provided shall immediately attach as a lien on the property and uncalled capital of the Company, and have priority as between the members over all other claims.

126. No Director or other officer of the Company shall be liable for any loss or expense happening to the Company, through the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired by order of the Directors for or on behalf of the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested, or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency, or tortious act of any person with whom any of the moneys, securities, or effects of the Company shall be deposited, or for any loss occasioned by any error of judgment or oversight on his part, or for any other loss, damage, or misfortune whatever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office, or in relation thereto, unless the same shall happen through his own dishonesty.

127. No Director or other Officer of the Company shall be liable for the acts, receipts, neglects, or defaults of any other Director or Officer, or for joining in any receipt or other acts for conformity.

In witness whereof the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereto set and subscribed their names at the places and on the dates hereafter written.

F. E. MACKWOOD.
F. O. MACKWOOD.
H. F. PARFITT.
J. C. KELLY.
JAMES TALBOT.
E. H. F. LAYARD.
EDWARD H. COLE.

Witness to all the above signatures at Colombo, this 2nd day of May, 1921:

E. R. WILLIAMS,
Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo.

[Second Publication.]

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE NATIONAL PUBLISHING COMPANY, LIMITED.

1. The name of the Company is "THE NATIONAL PUBLISHING COMPANY, LIMITED."
2. The registered office of the Company is to situate in Colombo.
3. The objects for which the Company is established are—
 - (a) To acquire, establish, conduct, and maintain printing presses for printing and publishing work of every description.
 - (b) To establish, operate, and maintain depôts and agencies for the sale of paper and general stationery, printing and office requisition and printers' sundries.
 - (c) For any of the purposes above named, to buy, sell, acquire, lease, or rent any buildings or property; to erect buildings, machinery, and plant; and otherwise to take all due and proper steps, and do all acts, matters, and things as shall be deemed needful or expedient.
4. The liability of the Shareholders is limited.
5. The nominal capital of the Company is One hundred thousand Rupees (Rs. 100,000), divided into Ten thousand shares (10,000) of Ten Rupees (Rs. 10) each, with power to increase or reduce the capital.

The shares forming the capital (original, increased, or reduced) of the Company may be subdivided or consolidated or divided into such classes with any preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto, and be held upon such terms as may be provided by the Articles of Association and Regulations of the Company for the time being or otherwise.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite to our respective names.

Name and Address of Subscribers.	Number of Shares taken by each.
E. V. RATNAM, Regent street, Colombo	One
M. A. ARULANANDAN, Hill street, Colombo	One
J. H. RASIAH JOSEPH, Hill street, Colombo	One
K. C. NATHAN, 1, Ferry street, Colombo. . . .	One
D. M. ANANDAPPA, New Chetty street, Colombo	One
R. M. P. SENTHILARUMUGAM PILLAI, 4th Cross street, Colombo	One
K. M. S. AHAMADO MEERA SAIBO, 3rd Cross street, Colombo	One
LAURIE MUTHUKRISHNA, San Sebastian, Colombo	One
P. M. A. ARUNACHALAM CHETTY, 158, Sea street	One

Witness to the above signatures, at Colombo, this 16th day of May, 1921:

F. RUSTOMJEE,
Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE NATIONAL PUBLISHING COMPANY, LIMITED.

The Articles of Association of "The National Publishing Company, Limited," shall be the Articles contained in Table C in the Schedule annexed to the Joint Stock Companies Ordinance, 1861, with the following special provisions which shall be observed where they differ from Table C:—

- (a) The Directorate shall consist of not less than seven members (with power to add to their number), four of whom shall form a quorum.
- (b) The qualification for a Director shall be the holding of not less than fifty shares.
- (c) Cheques shall be signed both by the Chief Officer and a Director of the Company nominated for the purpose.
- (d) The Directors shall be entitled to a bonus of five per cent. out of the net profits for the year.
- (e) Every Shareholder having not less than five shares shall have one vote and shall have an additional one vote for every ten shares beyond the first five shares up to fifty shares. In any case no Shareholder shall be entitled to have more than five votes.
- (f) The accounts shall be prepared yearly.
- (g) Any Shareholder, whether a Director or not, and whether alone or jointly with any other Shareholder or Director, and any person not a Shareholder, may become the purchaser of the property of the Company or any part thereof in the event of a winding up or a dissolution, or at any other time when a sale of the Company's property or effects or any part thereof shall be made by the Directors under the powers by or under the Ordinance conferred upon them.
- (g) If the Company shall be wound up, whether voluntarily or otherwise, the liquidator or the liquidators may with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company, divide among the contributories in specie any part of the assets of the Company, and may with the like sanction vest any part of the assets of the Company in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories as the liquidator or liquidators with the like sanction shall think fit, and if thought expedient any such division may be otherwise than in accordance with the legal rights of the members of the Company, and in particular any class may be given preferential or special rights or may be excluded altogether or in part, and the liquidator or liquidators shall be entitled to sell all or any of the assets of the Company in consideration of or in exchange for shares, ordinary, fully paid, part paid or preference, in the purchasing Company, but in case any division otherwise than in accordance with the legal rights of the contributories shall be determined on or any sale made of any or all of the assets of the Company in exchange for shares in the purchasing Company either ordinary, fully paid, or part paid, or preference, any contributory who would be prejudiced thereby shall have a right to dissent as if such determination were a special resolution passed pursuant to the section 192 of the Companies (Consolidation) Act of 1908 in England; but for the purposes of an arbitration as in the sub-section 6 of the said section provided, the provisions of the Ceylon Arbitration Ordinance, 1866, and of the Ceylon Ordinance, No. 2 of 1889, shall apply in place of the English and Scotch Acts referred to in the said sub-section 6, of the section 192 of the aforewritten Companies (Consolidation) Act, and the said section 192, save as herein excepted, shall be deemed to be part and parcel of these present Articles.

In witness whereof the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereunto set and subscribed their names at the places and on the days and dates hereafter written.

E. V. RATNAM.
M. A. ARULANANDAN.
J. H. RASIAH JOSEPH.
K. C. NATHAN.
D. M. ANANDAPPA.
R. M. P. SENTHILARUMUGAM PILLAI.
K. M. S. AHAMADO MEERA SAIBO.
LAURIE MUTHUKRISHNA.
P. M. A. ARUNACHALAM CHETTY.

Witness to the the above signatures, at Colombo, this 16th day of May, 1921:

[First Publication.]

F. RUSTOMJEE,
Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo.

The Beverlac (Selangor) Rubber Company, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fifteenth Annual Ordinary General Meeting of this Company will be held at the registered office of the Company, the National Mutual building, Chatham street, Fort, Colombo, on Saturday, June 4, 1921, at 12 noon.

Business.

1. To receive the report of the Directors and the accounts to December 31, 1920.
2. To elect a Director.
3. To appoint an Auditor for the current year.
4. To transact any other business that may be duly brought before the Meeting.

(The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 29th instant to June 4, both days inclusive.)

By order of the Directors,

LEECHMAN & Co.,
Agents and Secretaries.
Colombo, May 23, 1921.

The Lellopitiya Tea and Rubber Estates Company, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of the Company

will be held at 3 P.M., on Saturday, June 18, 1921, at No. 57, Wall street, Colombo.

Business.

1. To receive the report of the Directors and accounts for the year ended December 31, 1920.
2. To elect two Directors.
3. To appoint Auditors, and transact any other business that may be duly brought before the meeting.

By order of the Board,

L. L. P. A. SAMARASINGHE,
57, Wall street,
Colombo, May 19, 1921. Secretary.

The Moheyedeen Company, Wellawaya, Limited.

AT a meeting of the above Company held on May 14, 1921, the following final resolution has been passed:—

Final Resolution referred to.

The affairs of the Moheyedeen Company, Wellawaya, Limited, have been fairly wound up, and the accounts prepared and submitted by the liquidators be and the same is accepted and passed as right and correct.

K. ABDUL LATIFF,
S. E. ABDUL HAMID,
Directors.
Dikwella, May 17, 1921.

Auction Sale of a Valuable Bungalow known as "Harrydale,"
situated in Regent Street, and Garden, in extent
One Acre and Fourteen Perches.

Under Mortgage Decree. In the District Court of Colombo,
No. 2,476/1920.

BY virtue of the commission issued to me and order to sell in the above case for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 9,093.75, with interest thereon at the rate of 9 per centum per annum from November 10, 1920, till payment in full (all and except the following since paid (1) Rs. 9,675 on account of principal, (2) all the interest due to the end of January 24, 1921, (3) Rs. 200 paid on account of costs), I shall sell by public auction on Saturday, June 11, 1921, at 4.30 P.M., at the said premises, the following property, to wit:—

All that allotment of land marked "B" in the plan 756 dated December 3 and 14, 1901, made by C. H. J. Leembrugden, Licensed Surveyor, with the buildings thereon, now called and known as "Harrydale," bearing Municipal assessment No. 220 and Ward No. 2,650, situated in Regent street, Second Division, Maradana, within the Municipality of Colombo.

D. P. TAMPOE,
Phone 1074. of Messrs. CHARLES DE SILVA & Co.,
20, Upper Chatham street. Auctioneer, &c.

Auction Sale of a Fine Seaside Building Site, in extent Two Roods, in Frankfort Place, Bambalapitiya.

Testamentary Case, D. C., Colombo, No. 123.

UNDER instructions from the District Court of Colombo in above case, I shall put up for sale by auction on Thursday, June 9, 1921, at 5 P.M., at the spot, all that allotment of land bearing assessment No. 41 and marked lot 8 in Frankfort Place of Bambalapitiya opposite the Milagiriya Church premises.

The block has an excellent reservation road frontage, and is in a row with many fine bungalows that are popular residences and yielding good rents.

D. P. TAMPOE,
Phone 1074, of Messrs. CHARLES DE SILVA & Co.,
20, Upper Chatham street. Auctioneers, &c.

Auction Sale of a Valuable Property in the Pettah.

UNDER instructions received and with the leave of Court in special D. C. No. 954, I shall offer for sale on Tuesday, June 21, 1921, at 5 P.M., at the spot—

All that allotment of land, with the buildings, godowns, and outhouses standing thereon bearing assessment Nos. 7 and 8, Wolfendahl street and No. 112, Chekku street, situate and lying between the Wolfendahl and Chekku streets, within the Municipality and District of Colombo, Western Province, in extent 30 and 75/100 perches.

The above is generally known as the arrack godown and gives a big rent and income, while the situation is one of the finest and most prominent in the Pettah.

D. P. TAMPOE,
Phone No. 1074, of Messrs. CHAS. DE SILVA & Co.
20, Upper Chatham street.

Sale under Mortgage Decree.

UNDER and by virtue of the commission issued to me in case No. 1,245 of 1921 in the District Court of Colombo, I shall sell by public auction at No. 19, Upper Chatham street, Fort, Colombo, on Saturday, June 18, 1921, at 10.30 A.M., the tea estate called Huluganga estate containing in extent 120 acres 3 roods and 35 perches, according to the figure of survey No. 2,734 dated August 21, 1919, authenticated by V. S. A. Dias, Special Licensed Surveyor and Leveller.

Further particulars from—

T. A. DE MEL,
of T. A. DE MEL & Co.,
Commissioner.

Phone 978.
19, Upper Chatham street, Fort, Colombo.

Auction Sale.

In the District Court of Colombo.

UNDER decree entered and by virtue of the commission issued to me in case No. 354/1920 of the District Court of Colombo, I shall sell by public auction on Wednesday, June 22, 1921, at 4 P.M., at the office of Messrs. D. L. & F. de Saram, Proctors and Notaries, Gaffoor's Buildings, Fort, Colombo, the under-mentioned properties specially bound and executable for the recovery of the amount therein stated, less a sum of Rs. 20,000 paid to the second plaintiff by the first defendant as follows:—(a) On September 8, 1920, Rs. 5,000 (b) on October 8, 1920, Rs. 5,000 (c) on November 8, 1920, Rs. 5,000; (d) on February 4, 1921, Rs. 5,000.

The properties referred to.

All that and those the estate plantation and premises called and known as Gulanegoda, situated in the District of Kalutara, Western Province, of the Island of Ceylon, comprising the following allotments of land, which from their situation as respects each other can be included in one survey, to wit:—

(1) All that allotment of land called Gulanegoda, situated in the village Welagedera in the Iddagoda pattuwa of the Pasdun korale in the District of Kalutara, Western Province; bounded on the north by lands claimed by natives, on the east by lands claimed by natives and T. P.'s 133,420, 133,619, 131,618, 131,730, 165,678, 191,731, 191,735, and 191,736, on the south by the land allotted to Adeline Gertrude Perera and Crown land, and on the west by Crown land and land claimed by natives and property of J. C. de Silva; containing in extent 256 acres 3 roods and 24 perches as per survey plan No. 694 dated December 18, 1901, and made by C. P. de Silva of Moratuwa, Licensed Surveyor.

(2) All that allotment of land called Kandehena alias Nawahaulhenalanda, situated in the village Indigastuduwa, in Iddagoda pattuwa aforesaid; bounded on the north by land claimed by natives and Crown land, east by Crown land, a path, and lot 797 in P. P. 6,853, south by T. P. 213,863 and lot 799 in P. P. 6,853, west by lots 799, 807, 817, 816, and 815 in P. P. 6,853, a path, and land claimed by natives, containing in extent 102 acres 3 roods and 22 perches according to the survey and description thereof No. 213,854 dated April 30, 1904, authenticated by P. D. Warren, Esq., Acting Surveyor-General, registered C 24/225 and 230 in the Kalutara District Land Registry Office.

(3) All that divided $\frac{1}{2}$ part or portion of Gulanegoda estate, being a divided portion of the lands described in title plans Nos. 134,916 and 133,423, and the entire of the land described in title plan No. 146,050, situated in the village Walagedera in the Iddagoda pattu of Pasdun korale west, in the District of Kalutara, Western Province; which said divided $\frac{1}{2}$ part or portion is bounded on the north by the other part of this estate sold to J. C. de Silva, on the east by lands described in title plans Nos. 191,741, 191,742, 191,743, and 191,748 and lands claimed by villagers, on the south by the road leading from Altugama to Horawella, and on the west by Crown land and lands purchased by Mr. Harrison and korale boundary, containing in extent 64 acres and 36 square perches according to the survey and description thereof No. 665 dated November 27, 1903, made by Chas. P. de Silva, Licensed Surveyor, registered C 19/270 in the Kalutara District Land Registry Office.

No. 1, Baillie street,
Phone 576.

L. A. WICKREMESINGHE,
Auctioneer.

Auction Sale under Mortgage Decree.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Kankanigamage Thoronis Perera and another... Plaintiffs.
No. 2,027/1920. Against

Digoorunehalage Maria Albina Perera Abeyesekera (1)
Hamine and her husband..... Defendants.

BY virtue of the commission issued to me in the above case, I shall sell by public auction on Friday, June 24, 1921, at their respective spots, the following premises, mortgaged with the plaintiffs and ordered to be sold for the realization of the sum of Rs. 1,167, with interest and costs of suit, to wit:—At 4.30 P.M.: undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ of Kandebodawatta of the extent of about 10 bushels of paddy

sowing and of the plantations thereon; and at 5 P.M.: the defined land called Galabodawatta of the extent of 2 acres 3 roods and 14 perches, with the buildings, &c., thereon, both situated at Makola in the Adikari pattu of Siyane korale.

Further particulars can be had from S. R. Amerasekera, Esq., the plaintiff's Proctor, or from—

No. 83, Dam street.

G. EMMANUEL DABERA,
Auctioneer and Broker.

Auction Sale under Mortgage Decree.

BY virtue of a commission issued to me by the District Court of Colombo in case No. 2,652 of 1921, I shall sell by public auction on Monday, June 20, 1921, at 5 P.M., at the spot, at Wattala in the Ragam pattu of Alutkuru korale, in the Colombo District, the following land, to wit:—

All that divided $\frac{2}{3}$ part or portion of the land called Pattiyamullacumbura *alias* Gonacowitacumbura (now high land), with the house and other buildings thereon, in extent 1 rood and 37 perches (this property adjoins the Colombo-Negombo high road).

For further particulars apply to Mr. F. Rustomjee, Proctor and Notary Public, No. 35, Hulftsdorp.

2, Ferry street,
May 24, 1921.

S. H. SELVAM JOSEPH,
Auctioneer.

Auction Sale under Mortgage Decree.

BY virtue of a commission issued to me by the District Court of Colombo in case No. 1,256 of 1921, I shall sell the following two properties, situated at their respective spots, on Wednesday, June 22, 1921, commencing from 5 P.M.:—

(1) One undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ part or share of and in all that portion of land called Siriwardene Walauwawatta, with the buildings thereon bearing No. 35, and situated at Green street, within the Municipality of Colombo, in extent about 22 perches.

(2) An undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ part or share of and in all that portion of that piece of garden, with the buildings thereon bearing assessment Nos. 13A and 14, situated at Armour street, within the Municipality of Colombo, in extent 10 perches, excluding therefrom a portion $7 \frac{87}{100}$ perches purchased by Government.

If the amount of the decree is not realized, the following property, situated at Battaramulla, in the Palle pattu of Hewagam korale, within the Colombo District, and known as Congahawatta *alias* Ambegahawatta, of which an undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ part or share, with the buildings and plantations thereon, in extent about 5 acres and 10 perches, subject to a lease in favour of W. Frederick Perera, will be sold on Saturday, June 25, 1921, at 1 P.M.

For further particulars apply to Mr. F. Rustomjee, Proctor, Supreme Court, and Notary Public, No. 35, Hulftsdorp, Colombo.

2, Ferry street,
Colombo, May 24, 1921.

S. H. SELVAM JOSEPH,
Auctioneer.

Auction Sale of Valuable House Property in Petiyagoda, Five Miles from the Town on the Road to Kelaniya Temple.

BY virtue of a commission issued to me by the District Court in case No. 53,270, I shall sell on Saturday, June 11, 1921, at 3 P.M., the land called Kongahaowitawatta, Kellagahakumbura *alias* Pukalonagahawanalewatta, and owita, with the tiled house, plantations, &c., thereon, in extent 2 acres and 2 roods.

This property adjoins the high road, 2 acres fully planted with coconuts.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. Joseph & Rustomjee, Proctors and Notaries, or to—

2, Ferry street, May 21, 1921.
Telephone No. 248.

S. H. SELVAM JOSEPH,
Auctioneer and Broker.

Auction Sale of the Property belonging to the Intestate Estate of Kaluhat Asaneris de Abrew, late of Kosgoda, deceased.

UPON the order issued to me from the District Court of Galle in testamentary case No. 4,939 of the said court, I shall sell by public auction at Beligahawatta, situated at Kosgoda, on Thursday, June 16, 1921, commencing from 2 P.M., the following property, to wit:—

1. $\frac{1}{2}$ part of the soil and soil share trees, the planter's share of the 1st plantation, and $\frac{1}{2}$ part of the planter's share of 3rd plantation of the land called Bensalkankanamagewatta, situated at Galbokka.

2. $\frac{4}{5}$ parts of the soil and soil share trees and the planter's share of all the plantations of the portion of Beligahawatta to the south of the road leading to temple at Hiddaruwa.

3. $\frac{9}{30}$ parts of the soil and soil share trees, $\frac{1}{2}$ part of the planter's share of all the plantations, except the young plantation, and the planter's share of 5 coconut trees of Agampodigedarawatta at Hegalla.

4. $\frac{1}{2}$ part of the soil and soil share trees of Ranahinga Jandapadinchiwaunvelewatta, at ditto.

5. $\frac{1}{2}$ part of the soil and soil share trees of Amhandiyewatta, at ditto.

6. $\frac{1}{2}$ part of the soil and soil share trees of Pettagewatta, at ditto.

7. $\frac{1}{2}$ of Punchageliyadda, at ditto.

8. $\frac{1}{2}$ of Dehingageliyadda, at ditto.

9. $\frac{1}{2}$ part of the soil and soil share trees and the adjoining field of the land whereon Hiddadura Oranoris Soysa resided, at Welangoda.

10. $\frac{1}{24}$ part of the soil and soil share trees and $\frac{1}{2}$ part of the planter's share of the land called Pokunewatta at Nugutia.

For further particulars please apply to W. de Zoysa, Esq., Proctor, Supreme Court, or to me:

J. D. S. MUNASINGHA,
Licensed Auctioneer.

Auction Sale.

In the District Court of Galle.

Kottigoda Kankanage Juwanis Appu Mudalali of Gintota Plaintiff.

No. 18,421.

Vs.

Muthewa Sarukkalige Odri Hamy of Gintota. Defendant.

UNDER and by virtue of the decree and order in the above case, I shall sell by public auction at the spot on June 18, 1921, commencing at 2.30 P.M., the following property bound and executable for the recovery of the amount due on the said decree, viz.:—

1. An undivided $\frac{10}{24}$ part of the planter's $\frac{1}{2}$ share of the plantation made by Hikkaduwe Liyana Bandige Siyadoris, $\frac{1}{2}$ of the planter's $\frac{1}{2}$ share of the 3rd plantation, and $\frac{1}{2}$ of the entire soil and soil share trees) of the land Ambagahawatta, situate at Gintota Welipitimodera, within the Four Gravets of Galle, in extent about 3 acres.

2. An undivided $\frac{1}{10}$ part of all the trees and soil of the portion whereon Delpagodage Pilippu resided of the land Katukurundugewatta *alias* Welgangoi Mahawatta, situate at Gintota Welipitimodera aforesaid, in extent about 2 acres.

3. An undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ part of all the trees and soil of the portion depicted in plan No. 16,440 of the land Sommettowatta, situate at Gintota Welipitimodera aforesaid, in extent 1 rood 1.99 perches.

Galle, May 24, 1921.

CHAS. M. GOONASEKERA,
Auctioneer.

Auction Sale.

BY virtue of a commission issued to me in the partition case No. 16,535 of the District Court of Galle, I will sell by public auction on Saturday, June 25, 1921, at 3 P.M. at the spot, the unallotted lot No. 18 of Pelawatta *alias* Jandadderawatta *alias* Jansagewatta, situate at Kumbawella.

within the Four Gravets of Galle; and which lot is bounded on the north by lots Nos. 17 and 11 and Keppu-ela, on the east by lots 8 and 9, on the south by lot 10 and Kaluwella-watta, and west by lots 12 and 13; containing in extent 3 roods 20·88 perches.

J. H. D. ABEYGOONAWARDENA,
Galle, May 25, 1921. Licensed Auctioneer.

Auction Sale.

In the Court of Requests of Matara.

Bodaragamage William Gunasekera of Kadeweediya Plaintiff.
No. 11,450. Vs.

(1) Muhammadlebbe Markar Rahimuttu Natchiya,
(2) Vappu Markar Meera Lebbe Markar, (3) Muhammadlebbe Markar Ahamadlebbe Markar, (4) ditto Kadiri Natchiya, all of Kadeweediya, (5) Slemalebbe Mohamadu Ibrahim of Denipitiya Defendants.

BY virtue of commission re issued to me in the above case to recover the sum of Rs. 269·95, with interest on Rs. 225·95 at 18 per cent. per annum from October 5, 1920, till November 29, 1920, and thereafter with legal interest on the aggregate amount till payment in full, and costs of this action Rs. 28·45, I shall sell by public auction at the office of Mr. E. Y. D. Abeygunawardana, Proctor, in the Fort of Matara, on Saturday, June 18, 1921, at 2 P.M., the following property, to wit:—The field called Dissage-wila of five amunams of paddy sowing at Kitalagama, in the Gangaboda pattu of Matara District; and bounded north, Dalugoda-ela; east and south, Ratmalgahawila; and west, Dalugoda.

For further particulars apply to the above-named Proctor, or to me:

A. P. KARUNARATNA,
Matara, June 23, 1921. Commissioner.

Auction Sale under Mortgage Decree.

In the District Court of Chilaw.

UNDER decree entered and by virtue of an order issued to me in case No. 6,512, D. C., Chilaw, I shall sell by public auction the following property on Saturday, June 18, 1921, commencing at 10 A.M.:—

(1) The land now called Kongahayaya, but composed of Telembugahawatta bearing 2821 and Telembugahawatta bearing 1821 and several other lots, situate at Mawile in Meda palata of Pitigal korale, in the District of Chilaw, North-Western Province; is bounded on the north by high road, east by Paragahawatta, south by land in figure of survey No. 202,959, and west by Gansabhawa road, in extent about 15 acres; of this land, an undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share, with the buildings standing thereon.

(2) The Mahakumburuyaya, situate at Mawile aforesaid; bounded on the north by road, east by Dewatagahayaya and Nebodagaha-aswedduma, south by Gin-oya, and west by the garden of Manuel Naide and others, in extent about 90 parrahs of paddy sowing ground, excluding the vile of about undivided extent 10 acres; from this land, the undivided $\frac{2}{3}$ share from the remaining portion and all the appurtenances.

(3) The Dewatagahayaya, situate at Mawile aforesaid; is bounded on the north by Gansabhawa road and the above-mentioned Kongahayaya, east by field of Singappu and Kadurugahaowitawatta, south and west field of Arthanayake Mudiyansele Jango Nona and others, in extent about 13 acres, excluding the undivided 1 acre's extent of Ungurale Vel-Vidane; from this land, the undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share from the remaining portion, and with the buildings standing thereon.

Commencing at 2·30 P.M.

(4) The Nugahawatta, situate at Nathandiya aforesaid; and bounded on the north by the land of Pitche Thamby, east by high road, south by road for going to school, and west by a narrow canal (punchi-ela), in extent 21 perches, excluding from this land the portion 180 feet in length and 30 feet in breadth on the side of southern boundary and the plantations thereof, the remaining land and with the buildings.

(5) The Bakmigahacumbura and the adjoining high ground, situate at Narawila in the said Meda palata; and bounded on the north by oya, east by liminary dam of the

field of Hendappu and others, south by oya and road, and west by high road, in extent about 6 acres; of this high and low land, the undivided $\frac{1}{9}$ share, with the buildings and plantations.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. Amerasinghe & Ranasinghe, Proctors, Chilaw, or—

S. P. ABEYAKOON,
Chilaw, May 24, 1921. Auctioneer.

Auction Sale of Forty-two Valuable Properties at Tumbage, Panavitiya, Welatuduwa, and Punahela, in the Kegalla District.

(Many of the Lands inserted below contain Plumbago.

Under Mortgage Decree.

In the District Court of Kegalla.

Koddora Achchige Don Carolis Appuhamy of Panadure Plaintiff.
No. 5,186. Vs.

Muna Muna Ramanathan Chetty of Panavitiya. Defendant.
S. R. M. M. A. Ramen Chetty of Colombo Applicant.

BY virtue of the commission issued to me in the above case from the District Judge of Kegalla, I shall sell by public auction at the spot the following properties mentioned in the schedule attached on the following days, to wit, on Friday, June 17, 1921, commencing at 2 P.M., at Tumbage; and on Saturday, June 18, 1921, at 9 A.M., at Panavitiya:—

Schedule referred to.

June 17, 1921, at 2 P.M., at Tumbage.

1. An undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share of an undivided $\frac{1}{20}$ share of the land called Katulagalahena, Hambangalahena, Wellehena, and Pubudelanullahena, and now forming one block of land, containing in extent 5 amunams paddy sowing, situated at Tumbage in Lower Bulatgama in Kegalla District.

2. An undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share of an undivided $\frac{1}{24}$ share of the land called Polkotuwehena of 6 pelas, Kurundugahawalahena of 5 amunams, and Kendagollahena of 3 amunams, and now forming one block of land, containing in extent 13 amunams and 2 pelas paddy sowing, situated at Tumbage.

3. An undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share of an undivided $\frac{2}{3}$ share of the land called Ruppegalapallehena, containing in extent 2 pelas and 5 lahas paddy sowing, situated at Tumbage.

4. An undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share of an undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share of the land called Batalahena, containing in extent 12 lahas paddy sowing, situated at Tumbage.

5. An undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share of an undivided $\frac{13}{80}$ shares of the lands Lelwelahena and Mahawitahena, now forming one block of land, and containing in extent 4 amunams of paddy sowing, situated at Tumbage.

6. An undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share of an undivided $\frac{7}{45}$ shares of the land called Muguwamulahena, containing in extent 15 lahas paddy sowing, situated at Tumbage.

7. An undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share of an undivided $\frac{37}{60}$ shares of the land called Kitulgammanahena, containing in extent 1 amunam paddy sowing, situated at Tumbage.

8. An undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share of an undivided extent of 7 lahas from and out of the land called Muguwalamulahena, containing in extent 2 pelas and 5 lahas paddy sowing, situated at Tumbage.

9. An undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share of an undivided $\frac{13}{126}$ shares of the lands called and known as Kitulgalahena of 2 pelas and 5 lahas, Hambangalahena of 5 pelas, Ussalagenahena of 12 lahas, Wellehena of 2 pelas, Puhudole-mulahena of 12 lahas, Kumburamulahena of 8 lahas, Batalahena, Kammaldolahena, Kendagollehena, Polkotuwehena, and Gonatillamulahena of 10 pelas, and now forming one property, situated at Tumbage.

10. An undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share of an undivided $\frac{7}{8}$ shares of the land called Medahena, containing in extent 12 lahas paddy sowing, situated at Tumbage.

11. An undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share of an undivided $\frac{1}{12}$ share of the land called Polkotuwahena, containing in extent 1 amunam paddy sowing, situated at Tumbage.

Saturday, June 18, 1921, commencing at 9 A.M., at Panavitiya.

12. An undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share from and out of an undivided extent of 21 yards in length and $13\frac{1}{2}$ yards in breadth from the eastern portion of the land called Boraluwalagawaowita,

containing in extent 3 seers of kurakkan, situated at Panavitiya in Dehigampal korale.

13. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share of 5 lahas from and out of the land called Badalgemankunda, containing in extent about 12 lahas of paddy sowing, situated at Panavitiya.

14. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share of an undivided $\frac{1}{6}$ of the land called Delgahanulahena, containing in extent 3 pelas paddy sowing, situated at Panavitiya.

15. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share of the land called Diyadewatta, containing in extent 2 nellies kurakkan, situated at Panavitiya.

16. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share of Polwattagemahawatta, containing in extent 12 lahas paddy sowing, situated at Panavitiya.

17. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share of an undivided $\frac{2}{3}$ shares of the land called Pahalamullekumbura, in extent 1 pela paddy sowing, situated at Panavitiya.

18. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share from and out of an undivided extent of 12 lahas and 2 seers of paddy sowing from the field called and known as Mahakumbura, containing in extent 2 pelas paddy sowing, situated at Panavitiya.

19. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share of an undivided $11/12$ th share of the land called Udahitterapelakumbura, containing in extent 12 lahas paddy sowing, situated at Panavitiya.

20. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share of the land called Kanatiyakumbura, containing in extent one timba paddy sowing, situated at Panavitiya.

21. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share of the land called Medagodella, containing in extent 5 lahas paddy sowing, situated at Panavitiya.

22. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share of the land called Mahakumburekotuwa, containing in extent 5 lahas paddy sowing, situated at Panavitiya.

23. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share of the undivided $5/144$ th shares of the land called Gamwasamehenyaya, containing in extent 30 amunams paddy sowing, situated at Panavitiya.

24. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share of an undivided $\frac{1}{3}$ of Kapuhena, Muttetuhena, and Gonakadullehena, now forming one property, and containing in extent 15 acres 18 parahas paddy sowing, situated at Panavitiya.

25. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share of the land called Gurugal-godawatteudahirawella, containing in extent 4 seers of kurakkan sowing, situated at Panavitiya.

26. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share of the land called Gurugal-godawattepahalairawella, containing in extent 4 seers of kurakkan sowing, situated at Panavitiya.

27. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share of the land called Gurugal-godawatta, containing in extent 4 seers of kurakkan sowing, situated at Panavitiya.

28. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share out of an undivided $\frac{1}{6}$ share of the land called Gamwasamehenyaya, containing in

extent 15 amunams of paddy sowing, situated at Panavitiya.

29. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share out of an undivided $19/144$ th shares of the land called Gamwasamehenyaya, containing in extent 10 amunams paddy sowing, situated at Panavitiya.

30. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share out of an undivided $\frac{1}{6}$ share of the land called Gonakadullehena, containing in extent 4 amunams paddy sowing, situated at Panavitiya.

31. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share from the land called Hiddamullehena, containing in extent 6 amunams paddy sowing, situated at Panavitiya.

32. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share out of an undivided $\frac{1}{3}$ of the land called Hitinawatta, containing in extent 4 lahas paddy sowing, situated at Panavitiya.

33. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share out of an undivided $\frac{2}{3}$ share of the land called Hitinawatta, containing in extent 8 seers of kurakkan sowing, situated at Panavitiya.

34. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share of the land called Kanatiya, containing in extent 2 kurunies paddy sowing, situated at Panavitiya.

35. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share out of an undivided $\frac{1}{3}$ share of the land called Mahakumbura, containing in extent 2 pelas paddy sowing, situated at Panavitiya.

36. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share of the land called Pahalamullekumbura, containing in extent 1 pela paddy sowing, situated at Panavitiya.

37. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share out of an undivided $\frac{1}{3}$ of the land called Pahalaliyadda, containing in extent 5 lahas paddy sowing, situated at Panavitiya.

Walatuduwa.

38. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share of land called Liyiniya-kelehena, containing in extent 1 amunam paddy sowing, situated at Walatuduwa in Lower Bulatgama.

39. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share of the land called Ambagahamulahena, containing in extent 1 pela paddy sowing, situated at Welatuduwa.

Punahela.

40. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share of the land called Galagawakumbura, containing in extent 8 lahas paddy sowing, situated at Punahela.

41. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share of the land called Kumburagawa alias Kowilagawahena, containing in extent 5 lahas paddy sowing, situated at Punahela.

42. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share of the land called Pattinipitiyehenyaya, Kumburabodawatta, containing in extent 8 lahas paddy sowing, situated at Punahela.

For further particulars apply to A. A. Wickramasinghe, Esq., Proctor, Supreme Court, or to me :

D. S. WICKRAMASINGHE,

Auctioneer.

Kegalla, May 27, 1921.

Ceylon Government Railway.—Comparative Statement of Goods Traffic for the Month of March, 1921.

Particulars of Goods conveyed.	Month ended	Month ended	Increase in	Decrease in	Nett Increase or Decrease from October 1, 1919, to March 31, 1921.	
	March 31, 1920.	March 31, 1921.			Increase in 1920 to 1921.	Decrease in 1920 to 1921.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Kerosine oil ..	408	299	—	109	—	710
Rubber ..	1,976	1,797	—	179	—	1,199
Rice ..	15,339	19,826	4,487	—	—	3,716
Tea ..	9,803	6,921	—	2,882	—	15,347
Cacao ..	274	400	126	—	—	411
Coconut produce ..	6,340	6,692	352	—	709	—
Fruit and vegetables ..	1,587	1,386	—	201	—	1,620
Tea and rubber packing ..	1,963	1,385	—	578	—	4,587
Plumbago ..	369	250	—	149	—	814
Bulk petroleum ..	625	598	—	27	44	—
Liquid fuel ..	1,354	790	—	564	—	2,193
Manure ..	22,046	1,574	—	20,472	—	95,687
Other goods ..	31,378	23,677	—	7,701	—	36,896
Railway material (open line)	10,933	10,052	—	881	6,526	—
Railway material (extensions)	159	614	485	—	5,340	—
Breakwater material ..	620	927	307	—	2,935	—
Foreign traffic ..	3,661	4,053	392	—	—	9,807
Total ..	108,835	81,241	6,149	33,743	15,554	172,987

Colombo, May 18, 1921.

G. P. GREENE,
General Manager.

MISCELLANEOUS DEPARTMENTAL NOTICES.

Sale of Goods.

THE under-mentioned packages having been left in the Baggage Office beyond the time allowed by-law, notice is hereby given that, unless the same be previously cleared, they will be sold by public auction on June 28, 1921, at 1 P.M. Goods must be cleared on or before July 1, 1921:—

Date.	S. R. No.	Names.	Vessel.	Number and Description of Packages.
1919.				
February 25 ..	2548	.. Jas. Finlay & Co.	.. ss. Clan Chattan	.. 1 package merchandise
June 13 ..	1356	.. August Morriger	.. ss. Kaga Maru	.. 1 do.
July 1 ..	2427	.. W. Maclean ..	.. ss. War Clause	.. 1 do.
October 21 ..	5428	.. (Found on Jetty)	.. (Unknown)	.. 1 do.
October 28 ..	5482	.. do. ..	.. do.	.. 1 do.
November 1 ..	5745	.. Edward Hillan..	.. ss. Kashgar	.. 1 do.
1920.				
January 3 ..	96	.. Clayton ..	.. (Unknown)	.. 1 do.
August 16 ..	5251	.. Thomas ..	.. ss. Lancashire	.. 1 do.
August 28 ..	5421	.. Harby ..	.. ss. Bilford	.. 1 do.

H. M. Customs,
Colombo, May 20, 1921.

A. N. STRONG,
for Principal Collector.

Sale of Goods.

THE under-mentioned packages having been left in the Baggage Office beyond the time allowed by-law, notice is hereby given that, unless the same be previously cleared they will be sold by public auction on June 28, 1921, at 1 P.M. Goods must be cleared on or before July 1, 1921:—

Date.	S. R. No.	Names.	Vessel.	Number and Description of Packages.
1920.				
June 2 ..	4024	.. Mr. Howarth ..	.. ss. Catherine Aparc	.. 1 revolver
October 1 ..	6007	.. W. J. Watt ..	.. ss. Nyanza	.. 1 do.
November 18 ..	7166	.. Tarrant ..	.. ss. Lancashire	.. 1 do.
November 30 ..	7437	.. Philips ..	.. ss. Dilwara	.. 1 do.
December 2 ..	7519	.. Bambara ..	.. ss. Andre Lebon	.. 1 gun and revolver
December 23 ..	8316	.. Rayan ..	.. ss. Sardinia	.. 1 revolver
December 27 ..	8430	.. Freeman ..	.. ss. Yokohama Maru	.. 1 do.
December 30 ..	8578	.. Nil ..	.. ss. Lancashire	.. 1 chair
— ..	8579	.. H. J. H. Jan Mohamed	.. ss. Gurua	.. 1 case
1921.				
January 3 ..	28	.. A. C. Wellis ..	.. ss. Orontes	.. 1 box
January 11 ..	283	.. Stewart ..	.. ss. Ormonde	.. 1 case
— ..	286	.. Nil ..	.. do.	.. 1 chair
January 22 ..	876/77	.. Nil ..	.. ss. Yorkshire	.. 2 chairs
February 2 ..	1065	.. A. T. Cook ..	.. ss. Narkunda	.. 1 chair
February 16 ..	1446	.. Cassie ..	.. ss. Warwickshire	.. 1 do.
February 19 ..	1516	.. A. W. Dennes ..	.. Train	.. 1 revolver
February 22 ..	1586	.. (Found on launch)	.. (Unknown)	.. 1 parcel
— ..	1587	.. Mr. Hans ..	.. ss. Orsova	.. 1 (two tins)
March 29 ..	2430A	.. (W. B. 2/48 of 19-11-20)	.. (Pallawaram to Matale)	1 bag leather

H. M. Customs,
Colombo, May 20, 1921.

A. N. STRONG,
for Principal Collector.

Statement showing the Importation of Rice into the several Ports of Ceylon for the Week ended May 21, 1921.

Ceylon Port.	Port of Origin.	Number of Bags.
Colombo	.. Calcutta	.. 25
Do.	.. Tuticorin	.. 6
Do.	.. Dhanushkodi	.. 1,548
Batticaloa	.. Negapatam	.. 270
Kayts	.. do.	.. 651
Kankasanturai	.. Rangoon	.. 1,080

2,931 bags of rice were shipped during the week.

H. M. Customs,
Colombo, May 24, 1921.

H. A. BURDEN,
for Principal Collector.

Government Technical Schools.

PASS LIST OF THE MACHINE CONSTRUCTION AND DRAWING EXAMINATION HELD ON MARCH 22, 1921.

First Class Pass.

Mr. E. H. Bay
.. R. C. Direkze
.. A. J. E. G. Caspersz
.. M. R. Dhamasiriwardhane

Second Class Pass.

Mr. V. C. Aldons
.. C. J. de Silva
.. H. Samarawickrame
.. H. L. P. Wimalasiri

EDWIN EVANS,
Acting Director of Education.

Colombo, May 18, 1921.

Applied Mechanics Examination.

Mr. D. S. Fernando .. 1st Class Pass
.. P. Pussegoda .. 2nd Class Pass
.. M. A. Smith .. do.
.. C. J. de Silva .. do.
.. S. W. Silva .. do.

EDWIN EVANS,

Colombo, May 20, 1921. Acting Director of Education.

Government Technical Schools.

PASS LIST OF THE BUILDING CONSTRUCTION EXAMINATION HELD ON MARCH 19 AND 21, 1921.

Stage I.— Draughtsmanship.

Messrs. T. S. Mohammed, W. W. Perera, M. A. Don Gabriel, D. N. van Dort, D. Samuel Fernando, K. Sivakadamsam, J. D. Croos, Thomas Caldera, H. M. E. Gunasekera, M. Jayasinghe, B. Amerasena, S. Sivagurunathan, P. G. de Silva, T. J. G. Almeida, V. E. Nanayakkara, Alfred de Mel, J. H. M. Wickremaratne, C. Nadarajah, and M. Sinnadurai.

Building Construction.

Messrs. D. F. Wijeyesinghe, D. N. van Dort, S. W. Silva, H. Gomes Silva, K. Sivakadamsam, R. Cecil Direkze,

Change of Management.

NOTICE is hereby given that Miss J. Oakley has been appointed Manager of the school mentioned below, in place of Rev. A. E. Dibben :—

School referred to.

G/Baddegama Girls' English School.

Education Office, E. EVANS,
Colombo, May 18, 1921. Acting Director of Education.

Change of Management.

NOTICE is hereby given that His Lordship the Bishop of Colombo has been appointed Manager of the school mentioned below, in place of Rev. G. A. Guy :—

School referred to.

C/St. Margaret's, Polwatte.

Education Office, E. EVANS,
Colombo, May 18, 1921. Acting Director of Education.

Change of Management.

NOTICE is hereby given that I. Amarasuriya, Esq., has been appointed Manager of the schools mentioned below, in place of Mr. F. A. Wickramasinghe :—

Schools referred to.

Mahinda College.

Dangedera North Boys' Vernacular Mixed School.

Katururunda Dharmika Boys' Vernacular Mixed school.

Ganagama Boys' Vernacular Mixed School.

Maitipe Boys' Vernacular Mixed School.

Education Office, E. EVANS,
Colombo, May 18, 1921. Acting Director of Education.

Change of Management.

NOTICE is hereby given that Rev. D. Dhammananda has been appointed Manager of the school mentioned below, in place of Rev. H. Seelaratne :—

School referred to.

Ku/Nelawa Buddhist Vernacular Boys' School.

Education Office, E. EVANS,
Colombo, May 18, 1921. Acting Director of Education.

Change of Management.

NOTICE is hereby given that Rev. John de Silva has been appointed Manager of the school mentioned below, in place of Rev. W. O. Beven :—

School referred to.

C/Katunayake Boys' English School.

Education Office, E. EVANS,
Colombo, May 18, 1921. Acting Director of Education.

Change of Management.

NOTICE is hereby given that Rev. Father A. Guyomar, O.M.I., has been appointed Manager of the school mentioned below, in place of Rev. Father Chas. Mathews :—

School referred to.

St. Patrick's College, Jaffna.

Education Office, E. EVANS,
Colombo, May 24, 1921. Acting Director of Education.

Application for a Grant-in-Aid.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application has been received from Rev. Father A. Stache, S.J., for a grant-in-aid of his Morahela Mixed Tamil School, which is situated in Sabaragamuwa, Meda korale, Morahela district of the Province of Sabaragamuwa.

Observations will be received not later than June 22, 1921.

Education Office, E. EVANS,
Colombo, May 18, 1921. Acting Director of Education.

Application for a Grant-in-Aid.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application has been received from Rev. J. P. Ramenayake for a grant-in-aid of his Nugegoda C. M. S. Vernacular Mixed School, which is situated in Nugegoda, Colombo District of the Western Province.

Observations will be received not later than June 22, 1921.

Education Office, E. EVANS,
Colombo, May 18, 1921. Acting Director of Education.

Application for a Grant-in-Aid.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application has been received from Rev. Father J. Jamoays for a grant-in-aid of his KI/Molligoda Vernacular Girls' School, which is situated in Molligoda, Kalutara District, of the Western Province.

Observations will be received not later than June 22, 1921.

Education Office, E. EVANS,
Colombo, May 23, 1921. Acting Director of Education.

Sale of Sheep.

FORTY-FIVE sheep, suitable for breeding, will be sold by public auction at the Government Model Farm, Kanatta road, on Wednesday, June 1, 1921, at 4.30 P.M. The sheep may be inspected any morning or evening before the sale.

A. Y. DANIEL & SON,
Colombo, May 10, 1921. Auctioneers.

Conditions on which the hereinafter-mentioned Lands belonging to the Crown are put up for Sale by Tender on June 14, 1921.

1. The lands shall be sold to the highest tenderer, provided that the sum offered by him shall at the least amount to the upset price noted against the respective lands.

2. No tender shall be finally accepted unless the person making the same shall, on being declared the highest tenderer, immediately pay to the Government Agent a deposit of 10 per cent. on the purchase amount of the said lands.

3. The purchaser shall pay to the Government Agent, within one month from the day of sale, the balance of the purchase money, and in failure thereof the purchase shall be considered void, and the deposit of 10 per cent., together with any other sum paid on account of the said lands shall be forfeited.

4. On payment to the Government Agent, within the time specified of the whole of the purchase money, the purchaser shall receive a deed of transfer.

5. Should it appear at any time before the execution and issue of the deed of transfer that the actual extent of the said lands are in excess of the extent given in these conditions of sale, the purchaser will be liable to pay the value of the excess extent at the same rate per acre as that at which he purchased the land. In the event of the extent of the said lands being hereafter found to be less than the extent given in these conditions of sale, the purchaser will be entitled to claim a refund of a proportionate amount of the purchase price paid by him at the same rate per acre as that at which he purchased the lands. Provided, however, that he will not be entitled to claim any further amount as interest on the money paid by him or by way of compensation. In all questions affecting the description and admeasurement of the lands the decision of the Surveyor-General will be taken as final.

6. These lands are sold subject to the reservation to the Crown of all rights to mine for pumbago, save with the express sanction in writing of the Governor for the time being, and subject to such payment and regulations as he may approve from time to time.

7. Should these lands be or hereafter become benefited by any irrigation work already constructed (or which may be hereafter undertaken) at the expense of the public

revenue, and for which any payment may be levied by virtue of any Ordinance now in force or hereafter enacted, it shall be liable to payment of such rate per acre as may be recoverable under such Ordinance or Ordinances.

8. The Government Agent reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

The Kacheheri,
Colombo, May 18, 1921.

J. G. FRASER,
Government Agent.

Lands referred to.

Name of Land.	Situation.	Extent. A. R. P.	Upset Price. Rs.
Hunganwilakumbura	do.	9 0 15	275

Destruction of a Rogue Elephant.

NOTICE is hereby given that in terms of section 9 (1) of Ordinance No. 1 of 1909, the Assistant Government Agent, Hambantota, will issue a free license to any person desiring to shoot a rogue elephant roaming about Yakagala in East Giruwa pattu, circumference of feet is about 3 feet 4 inches.

The Police Officer of Angunukolapelessa will point out the animal.

The Kacheheri,
Hambantota, May 19, 1921. Assistant Government Agent.

A. P. BOONE,

Board of Improvement Commissioners, Kandy.

NOTICE is hereby given that, under section 49 (1) of "The Housing and Town Improvement Ordinance, No. 19 of 1915," the Board of Improvement Commissioners, Kandy, have, by a resolution passed at a meeting of the said Board held on March 15, 1921, adopted a Back-Lane Scheme for the proper conservancy of a specific area of the town of Kandy; bounded on the north by Colombo street, on the south by Ward street, on the east by Castle Hill street, and on the west by Brownrigg street.

Particulars of this scheme, which is estimated to cost Rs. 24,300, a map of the area comprised therein, and a statement specifying the properties proposed to be acquired

thereunder, may be seen at the Office of the Board of Improvement Commissioners, in the Town Hall, Kandy, between the hours of 2 P.M. and 4.30 P.M. daily, except on Saturdays, Sundays, and Government holidays.

Town Hall,
Kandy, April 22, 1921.

W. L. KINDERSLEY,
Chairman.

Withdrawal of a Butcher's Licenses.

NOTICE is hereby given that I, William Kenneth Hunter Campbell, Assistant Government Agent, Puttalam and Chilaw Districts, do, in exercise of the powers vested in me by section 7 of the Ordinance No. 9 of 1893, hereby withdraw the licenses Nos. 30/A438, 31/A439, and 9/A278 of February 5, 1921, granted to Ana Cader Saibo of Madampe to carry on the trade of a butcher within the Sanitary Board limits of Madampe in Pitigal korale north of Chilaw District.

Puttalam Kachcheri,
May 19, 1921.

T. D. PERERA,
for Assistant Government Agent.

Withdrawal of a Butcher's Licenses.

NOTICE is hereby given that I, William Kenneth Hunter Campbell, Assistant Government Agent, Puttalam and Chilaw Districts, do, in exercise of the powers vested in me by section 7 of the Ordinance No. 9 of 1893, hereby withdraw the licenses Nos. 28/A436 and 29/A437 of February 5, 1921, granted to Thana Habibu Marakar of Madampe to carry on the trade of a butcher within the Sanitary Board limits of Madampe in Pitigal korale north of Chilaw District.

Puttalam Kachcheri,
May 19, 1921.

T. D. PERERA,
for Assistant Government Agent.

Withdrawal of a Butcher's License.

NOTICE is hereby given that the license No. 22 of March 22, 1921, issued to A. R. Abusali of Dehiowita to slaughter cattle for sale at Dehiowita has been withdrawn by me, with effect from June 1, 1921, by virtue of the powers vested in me by section 7 of Ordinance No. 9 of 1893.

Kegalla Kachcheri,
May 24, 1921.

W. L. MURPHY,
Assistant Government Agent.

ABSTRACTS OF SEASON REPORTS.

**SEASON REPORTS FOR THE MONTH OF
APRIL, 1921.**

EASTERN PROVINCE.

TRINCOMALEE DISTRICT.

Rainfall: defective, and the weather is very hot.

Paddy: threshing is going on in the town division and ginmari cultivation is progressing in the other divisions, except Kaddukkulam West, where the crops are in ears here and there.

Tobacco: crop fair. Curing is going on in the town and Kaddukkulam East, and the plants are about one to one and

a half months old in Koddियar pattu. Cultivation is no done in the Tamblegam and Kaddukkulam West divisions
Coconut: condition medium. Price per 1,000 nuts ranges from Rs. 60 to Rs. 70.

Fishery: fair. Large quantities are exported to other places from the town and Koddiyar divisions.

Health of people: not satisfactory. Fever prevails in all the pattus.

Health of cattle: satisfactory. There are a few cases of hoof disease in the Koddiyar pattu.

Prices of staple articles: Paddy, Re. 1.75 to Rs. 2.38; rice (country) Rs. 5.04 to Rs. 5.88; rice (imported) Rs. 7.56.

NOTICES UNDER "THE EXCISE ORDINANCE, No. 8 OF 1912."

ARRACK RENT SALE CONDITIONS, 1921-22.

THE following conditions on which the arrack rents for the period from October 1, 1921, to September 30, 1922, in the Northern Province, will be sold, have been approved by His Excellency the Governor under section 18 of "The Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912," and are hereby published for general information:—

Arrack Rent Sale Conditions applicable to arrack taverns in respect of which "off" sales are not prohibited. The rent of each arrack tavern will be sold separately, as is now done in the case of toddy taverns.

The conditions on which the exclusive privilege of selling arrack by retail during the period from October 1, 1921, to September 30, 1922, is sold are, in addition to the general conditions applicable to all Excise Licenses published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,102 of May 7, 1920, as follows:—

1. The Government Agent shall have power, in his discretion, to refuse to accept any bid or tender, subject to which power the highest bidder or tenderer shall be the grantee of the privilege, and shall conform to and perform all the conditions under which the privilege is sold.

2. The privilege extends only to the sale of toddy arrack and molasses arrack of the prescribed strength, namely, 27° u.p.

3. The privilege will, subject to condition 1 above, be sold to the person who offers the highest price (exclusive of duty and cost price) for every gallon of arrack (whether toddy arrack or molasses arrack) removed from the warehouses for sale in the tavern.

4. Arrack shall be purchased only from the warehouses established by Government at the following places :—
(i.) Jaffna; (ii.) Mankulam; (iii.) Mannar.

5. The duty and cost price to be paid per gallon at 27° u.p. at the warehouses are given below :—

	Duty:		Cost Price.	
	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.
Toddy arrack	4	50	3	50
Molasses arrack	4	50	2	0

6. (a) The grantee shall, immediately on being declared the grantee, sign these conditions and pay to the Government Agent a sum equivalent to two months' rent of the privilege as a security deposit, which amount shall be liable to forfeiture in whole or in part, at the discretion of the Government Agent, for breach of any of the conditions, and such forfeiture shall be in addition to any other penalty prescribed by the conditions for such breach. The grantee shall hypothecate the said security deposit by a bond in form ——— within 14 days of the sale of the privilege above prescribed.

Note.—The rent will be calculated on the basis of the average consumption for two months during the period October, 1920, to March, 1921.

(b) The grantee shall at the same time execute, if so required by the Government Agent, in the form sanctioned by law, a power of attorney to confess judgment in any action which may be instituted against him for the recovery of any moneys due in respect of this privilege.

(c) The grantee shall, on signing the conditions of sale, elect, and under his hand signify, a post office to which all notices and processes whatever in connection with the above said privilege shall be addressed under registered post; and all such notices or processes as aforesaid so addressed to the post office so elected and posted in due course shall be considered as good and effectual to all intents and purposes as if the same were served personally.

7. The grantee shall, in addition to the duty and cost price referred to in condition 5 above, pay to Government the rent due on each consignment of arrack removed before the arrack is issued from the warehouse.

8. All sums on account of duty, cost price, and rent shall be paid into a Kachcheri and a receipt obtained therefor. On this receipt being delivered to the officer in charge of the warehouse he will deliver the quantity of arrack for which the duty, cost price, and rent have been paid.

9. The quantities purchased at any one time shall not fall below the following minima :—

From the warehouse at—	Molasses Arrack.		Toddy Arrack.	
	Gallons.		Gallons.	
Jaffna	10	10	10	10
Mankulam, Mannar	5	5	5	5

10. The grantee shall have no claim to a remission if the Government Agent or his Assistant shall find it necessary to order the taverns upon any road to be closed for a limited period during the march of troops, or upon the plea of losses arising from any cause whatever.

11. No payment of any sum due by the grantee to the Crown shall be considered as duly made unless the grantee shall produce a Kachcheri receipt therefor; and no money which, for his own convenience, the grantee may think fit to leave in the Shroff's hands shall be considered as money paid under this contract.

12. The grantee shall be bound to accept such arrack as is available at the warehouse whether molasses or toddy arrack. He shall also be bound to keep such minimum quantity of each kind, if available at the warehouse, as the Government Agent may prescribe.

No molasses arrack will be supplied if Government has toddy arrack available.

13. All arrack exposed or kept for sale shall be of a strength not weaker than 30° u.p. according to Sykes's hydrometer test. No water and no colouring, or flavouring or other matter shall be added thereto nor shall toddy arrack be mixed with molasses arrack.

All arrack kept or exposed for sale in taverns shall at all times be open to inspection and test by Excise Officers.

14. Should the grantee fail to perform any of the conditions of sale, the Government Agent shall be at liberty to order the amount paid by the grantee under clause 6 hereof or any portion thereof to be forfeited, and shall have power after 15 days' notice to the grantee of his intention to do so, without further process of law, to re-sell the privilege at the risk and loss of the grantee. The notice referred to may be given in such manner as the Government Agent may direct.

15. The Government Agent is not bound to find sites for taverns in the event of the grantee not being able to procure sites from private parties or otherwise.

16. The grantee shall have no power to interfere in any way, directly or indirectly, with the sale of arrack at the Military Canteens, which are altogether excluded from the privilege aforesaid.

17. The right of Government to manufacture and sell or to issue licenses for the manufacture or sale of methylated spirits, as also the right to grant licenses for the manufacture, sale, and use of spirits distilled in the Island for chemical and other purposes, but not for drinking purposes, is hereby expressly reserved from the privilege sold under these Conditions.

18. The Government Agent shall exercise his right, as he may think proper, of issuing licenses to any person to sell foreign liquor by the glass or the bottle.

19. The grantee shall have no concern or interest, direct or indirect, with the sale of fermented toddy, or with the purchase of any privilege for the sale of toddy within the area of his rent.

20. The grantee and the servants employed by him are prohibited from having and pecuniary dealings with Excise Officers. The grantee will be responsible for the acts of his servants.

21. The grantee shall, within 10 days from the date on which the privilege commences to run, or within such extended time as the Government Agent may grant, apply to the Government Agent and obtain a license for the sale by retail of arrack in respect of the privilege purchased by him.

22. No barrel, cask, keg, vat, or other large receptacle shall be used to store, keep, or transport arrack, unless it shall bear clearly marked on it its correct capacity in terms of gallons.

23. The grantee (a) shall not sell any arrack whether by the dram or by the "bottle" or gallon at a lower price than at the rate of Rs. 9.60 per gallon at 27° u.p.; and (b) shall not sell arrack in any one particular tavern at a cheaper rate by "bottle" or gallon than the rate by the dram at which he sells arrack in that tavern. Nor shall the grantee sell any arrack at a higher price than at the rate of Rs. 12 per gallon at 27° u.p. provided that the Government Agent may for special reasons and on the application of the grantee permit the sale of arrack at a rate higher than Rs. 12 per gallon at 27° u.p. as the Government Agent may determine.

24. Each kind of spirit shall be kept in separate vessels and must be separately accounted for, each in a separate tavern register prescribed for this purpose.

MEMORANDUM.

At the sale by _____ held this day of the privilege hereinbefore described, _____ of _____, _____ of _____, the highest _____ was (were) declared the grantee of the said privilege in consideration of the payment of Rupees _____ as a fee ther for; and the said grantee, having paid to the Government Agent, on behalf of the Crown, a sum of Rupees _____ by way of deposit under Clause 6 of these Conditions, hereby agree to complete the purchase according to the above Conditions; and the Government Agent hereby acknowledges the receipt of the said deposit.

Witnesses :

Grantees :

The Kacheheri,
Jaffna, _____, 191—.
Government Agent.

I (We), _____, the undersigned, do hereby signify that for the purposes specified in Condition 6 (c), I (we) have elected the under-mentioned place, viz., _____.

Witnesses :

Grantees :

Office of the Excise Commissioner,
Colombo, May 24, 1921.

T. W. ROBERTS,
Acting Excise Commissioner.

ARRACK TAVERNS, 1921-22.**Rent Area, Mannar District.**

The following are the lists of sanctioned Arrack Taverns of the Mannar and Mullaitivu Districts of the Northern Province, for the period October 1, 1921, to September 30, 1922.

T. W. ROBERTS,
Acting Excise Commissioner.
Colombo, May 24, 1921.

No.	Division.	Locality or Range.
1	Mannar Island	Within the division of— Periyakadai
2	Do.	Within the village of— Pesalai
3	Do.	Talaimannar
4	Mantai	Periyanaivatkulam
5	Do.	Uttavayankulam
6	Do.	Vidattaltivu

No.	Division.	Locality of Range.
7	Musalai	Within the village of— Arippu
8	Do.	Puliyadiyirakkam*

* This tavern will be closed for fourteen days during the Madhu Festival.

Rent Area, Mullaitivu District.

No.	Division.	Locality or Range.
1	Maritime pattus	Within the town of— Mullaitivu
2	Do.	Within the village of— Kokkilai*
3	Vavuniya North	Mankulam
4	Do.	Murikandy
5	Do.	Kallolunkanpuliyankulam
6	Vavuniya South	Within the town of— Vavuniya
7	Do.	Within the village of— Venkalachcheddikulam

* Open from March 1, 1921, to September 30, 1922.

ARRACK RENT SALE CONDITIONS, 1921-22.

THE following conditions on which the Arrack Rents for the period from October 1, 1921, to September 30, 1922, in the Northern Province will be sold, have been approved by His Excellency the Governor under section 18 of "The Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912," and are hereby published for general information:—

Arrack Rent Sale Conditions applicable to arrack taverns in respect of which "off" sales are prohibited. The rent of each arrack tavern will be sold separately as is now done in the case of toddy taverns.

The conditions on which the exclusive privilege of selling arrack by retail during the period from October 1, 1921, to September 30, 1922, is sold are, in addition to the general conditions applicable to all Excise Licenses published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,102 of May 7, 1920, as follows:—

1. The Government Agent shall have power, in his discretion, to refuse to accept any bid or tender, subject to which power the highest bidder or tenderer shall be the grantee of the privilege, and shall conform to and perform all the conditions under which the privilege is sold.

2. The privilege extends only to the sale of toddy arrack and molasses arrack of the prescribed strength, namely 27° u.p.

3. The privilege will, subject to condition 1 above, be sold to the person who offers the highest price (exclusive of duty and cost price) for every gallon of arrack (whether toddy arrack or molasses arrack) removed from the warehouses for sale in the tavern.

4. Arrack shall be purchased only from the warehouses established by Government at the following places:—

(i.) Jaffna; (ii.) Mankulam; (iii.) Mannar.

5. The duty and cost price to be paid per gallon at 27° u.p. at the warehouses are given below:—

	Duty.		Cost Price.	
	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.
Toddy arrack..	4	50	3	50
Molasses arrack	4	50	2	0

6. (a) The grantee shall, immediately on being declared the grantee, sign these conditions and pay to the Government Agent a sum equivalent to two months' rent of the privilege as a security deposit, which amount shall be liable to forfeiture, in whole or in part, at the discretion of the Government Agent, for breach of any of the conditions; and such forfeiture shall be in addition to any other penalty prescribed by the conditions for such breach. The grantee shall hypothecate the said security deposit by a bond in form _____ within 14 days of the sale of the privilege above prescribed.

Note.—The rent will be calculated on the basis of the average consumption for two months during the period October, 1920, to March, 1921.

(b) The grantee shall at the same time execute, if so required by the Government Agent, in the form sanctioned by law, a power of attorney to confess judgment in any action which may be instituted against him for the recovery of any moneys due in respect of this privilege.

(c) The grantee shall, on signing the conditions of sale, elect, and under his hand signify, a post office to which all notices and processes whatever in connection with the above said privilege shall be addressed under registered post; and all such notices or processes as aforesaid so addressed to the post office so elected and posted in due course shall be considered as good and effectual to all intents and purposes as if the same were served personally.

7. The grantee shall, in addition to the duty and cost price referred to in condition 5 above, pay to Government the rent due on each consignment of arrack removed before the arrack is issued from the warehouse.

8. All sums on account of duty, cost price, and rent shall be paid into a Kachcheri and a receipt obtained therefor. On this receipt being delivered to the officer in charge of the warehouse he will deliver the quantity of arrack for which the duty, cost price, and rent have been paid.

9. The quantities purchased at any one time shall not fall below the following minima :—

From the warehouse at—	Molasses Arrack. Toddy Arrack.	
	Gallons.	Gallons.
Jaffna	10	10
Mankulam, Mannar	5	5

10. The grantee shall have no claim to a remission if the Government Agent or his Assistant shall find it necessary to order the taverns upon any road to be closed for a limited period during the march of troops, or upon the plea of losses arising from any cause whatever.

11. No payment of any sum due by the grantee to the Crown shall be considered as duly made unless the grantee shall produce a Kachcheri receipt therefor; and no money which, for his own convenience, the grantee may think fit to leave in the Shroff's hands shall be considered as money paid under this contract.

12. The grantee shall be bound to accept such arrack as is available at the warehouse, whether molasses or toddy arrack. He shall also be bound to keep such minimum quantity of each kind, if available at the warehouse, as the Government Agent may prescribe.

No molasses arrack will be supplied if Government has toddy arrack available.

13. All arrack exposed or kept for sale shall be of a strength not weaker than 30° u.p. according to Sykes's hydrometer test. No water and no colouring or flavouring or other matter shall be added thereto, nor shall toddy arrack be mixed with molasses arrack.

All arrack kept or exposed for sale in taverns shall at all times be opened to inspection and test by Excise Officers.

14. Should the grantee fail to perform any of the conditions of sale, the Government Agent shall be at liberty to order the amount paid by the grantee under clause 6 hereof, or any portion thereof, to be forfeited, and shall have power after 15 days' notice to the grantee of his intention to do so, without further process of law, to re-sell the privilege at the risk and loss of the grantee. The notice referred to may be given in such manner as the Government Agent may direct.

15. The Government Agent is not bound to find sites for taverns in the event of the grantee not being able to procure sites from private parties or otherwise.

16. The grantee shall have no power to interfere in any way, directly or indirectly, with the sale of arrack at the Military Canteens, which are altogether excluded from the privilege aforesaid.

17. The right of Government to manufacture and sell or to issue licenses for the manufacture or sale of methylated spirits, as also the right to grant licenses for the manufacture, sale, and use of spirits distilled in the Island for chemical and other purposes, but not for drinking purposes, is hereby expressly reserved from the privilege sold under these Conditions.

18. The Government Agent shall exercise his right, as he may think proper, of issuing licenses to any person to sell foreign liquor by the glass or the bottle.

19. The grantee shall have no concern or interest, direct or indirect, with the sale of fermented toddy, or with the purchase of any privilege for the sale of toddy within the area of his rent.

20. The grantee and the servants employed by him are prohibited from having any pecuniary dealings with Excise Officers. The grantee will be responsible for the acts of his servants.

21. The grantee shall, within 10 days from the date on which the privilege commences to run, or within such extended time as the Government Agent may grant, apply to the Government Agent and obtain a license for the sale by retail of arrack in respect of the privilege purchased by him.

22. No barrel, cask, keg, vat, or other large receptacle shall be used to store, keep, or transport arrack, unless it shall bear clearly marked on it its correct capacity in terms of gallons.

23. The grantee shall not sell any arrack at a lower price than at the rate of Rs. 9.60 per gallon at 27° u.p. Nor shall the grantee sell any arrack at a higher price than at the rate of Rs. 12 per gallon at 27° u.p., provided that the Government Agent may for special reasons and on the application of the grantee permit the sale of arrack at a rate higher than Rs. 12 per gallon at 27° u.p., as the Government Agent may determine.

24. Each kind of spirit shall be kept in separate vessels and must be separately accounted for, each in a separate tavern register prescribed for this purpose.

25. No arrack shall, in the case of any arrack tavern in respect of which "off" sales (*i.e.*, sales of arrack intended not for consumption on the premises of such tavern but for removal therefrom) are prohibited, be sold under this exclusive privilege for the purpose of removal from such tavern, and no arrack sold at such tavern shall be removed from it, except under cover of a special permit granted by the Government Agent.

26. No arrack shall, in the case of any arrack tavern in respect of which "off" sales are prohibited, be stored or kept for sale except in casks or receptacles capable of containing at least three gallons each.

MEMORANDUM.

At the sale by _____ held this day of the privilege hereinbefore described _____ of _____, _____ of _____, the highest _____, was (were) declared the grantee of the said privilege in consideration of the payment of Rupees _____ as a fee therefor; and the said grantee, having paid to the Government Agent, on behalf of the Crown, a sum of Rupees _____ by way of deposit under Clause 6 of these Conditions, hereby agree to complete the purchase according to the above Conditions; and the Government Agent hereby acknowledges the receipt of the said deposit.

Witnesses :

Grantees :

The Kachcheri,
Jaffna, _____, 191____.
Government Agent.

I (We), _____, the undersigned, do hereby signify that for the purposes specified in Condition 6 (c), I (we) have elected the under-mentioned place, viz., _____.

Witnesses :

Grantees :

Office of the Excise Commissioner,
Colombo, May 24, 1921.

T. W. ROBERTS,
Acting Excise Commissioner.

ARRACK TAVERNS, 1921-22.

The following are the lists of sanctioned Arrack Taverns in respect of which (1) "off" sales are not prohibited, (2) "off" sales are prohibited in the Jaffna District of the Northern Province, for the period October 1, 1921, to September 30, 1922.

Colombo, May 24, 1921.

T. W. ROBERTS,
Acting Excise Commissioner.

Rent Area, Jaffna District.

List of Arrack Taverns in respect of which "off" sales are not prohibited :—

No.	Division.	Locality or Range.
1	Jaffna	Within the 1st Division— Jaffna town
2	Do.	Within the village of— Karaiur
3	Do.	Vannarponnai East
4	Do.	Vannarponnai North-west

No.	Division.	Locality or Range.
5	Jaffna	Nallur
11	Vadamaradchy West	Point Pedro
12	Do.	Valveddiarai
18	Islands	Kayts

List of Arrack Taverns in respect of which "off" sales are prohibited :—

No.	Division.	Locality or Range.
6	Valigamam East	Within the village of— Urumpirai
7	Do.	Aechchuveli North
8	Valigamam North	Kankasanturai
9	Valigamam West	Pandattarippu
10	Do.	Arali
13	Vadamaradchy West	Karaveddy (within the village limits of Karaveddy (West and North)
14	Tenmaradchi	Chavakachcheri
15	Do.	Kodigamam
16	Pachchilappali	Vannankeni
17	Punakari	Gnanimadan

ARRACK RENT SALE CONDITIONS, 1921-22.

THE following conditions on which the Arrack Rents for the period from October 1, 1921, to September 30, 1922, in the Province of Uva, will be sold, have been approved by His Excellency the Governor under section 18 of the Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912, and are hereby published for general information :—

The conditions on which the exclusive privilege of selling arrack by retail during the period from October 1, 1921, to September 30, 1922, is sold are, in addition to the general conditions applicable to all Excise Licenses published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,102 of May 7, 1920, as follows :—

- The Government Agent shall have power, in his discretion, to refuse to accept any bid or tender, subject to which power the highest bidder or tenderer shall be the grantee of the privilege, and shall conform to and perform all the conditions under which the privilege is sold.
- The privilege extends only to the sale of toddy arrack and molasses arrack of the prescribed strength, namely 27° u.p.
- The privilege will, subject to condition 1 above, be sold to the person who offers the highest price (exclusive of duty and cost price) for every gallon of arrack (whether toddy arrack or molasses arrack) removed from the warehouse for sale in the taverns.
- Arrack shall be purchased only from the warehouse to be established at Bandarawela :—
- The duty and cost price to be paid per gallon at 27° u.p. at the warehouse are given below :—

	Duty.	Cost Price.
	Rs. c.	Rs. c.
Toddy arrack	4 50	3 50
Molasses arrack	4 50	2 0

6. (a) The grantee shall, immediately on being declared the grantee, sign these conditions and pay to the Government Agent a sum equivalent to two months' rent of the privilege as a security deposit, which amount shall be liable to forfeiture, in whole or in part, at the discretion of the Government Agent for breach of any of the conditions; and such forfeiture shall be in addition to any other penalty prescribed by the conditions for such breach. The grantee shall hypothecate the said security deposit by a bond in form ——— within 14 days of the sale of the privilege above prescribed.

Note.—The rent will be calculated on the basis of the average consumption for two months during the period October, 1920, to March, 1921.

(b) The grantee shall at the same time execute, if so required by the Government Agent, in the form sanctioned by law, a power of attorney to confess judgment in any action which may be instituted against him for the recovery of any moneys due in respect of this privilege.

(c) The grantee shall, on signing the conditions of sale, elect, and under his hand signify, a post office to which all notices and processes whatever in connection with the above said privilege shall be addressed under registered post; and all such notices or processes as aforesaid so addressed to the post office so elected and posted in due course shall be considered as good and effectual to all intents and purposes as if the same were served personally.

7. The grantee shall in addition to the duty and cost price referred to in condition 5 above pay to Government the rent due on each consignment of arrack removed before the arrack is issued from the warehouse.

8. All sums on account of duty, cost price, and rent shall be paid into a Kachcheri and a receipt obtained therefor. On this receipt being delivered to the officer in charge of the warehouse he will deliver the quantity of arrack for which the duty, cost price, and rent have been paid.

9. The quantities purchased at any one time shall not fall below the following minima :—

From the warehouse at—	Molasses Arrack.		Toddy Arrack.	
	Gallons.		Gallons.	
Bandarawela	10	..	10	..

10. The grantee shall have no claim to a remission if the Government Agent or his Assistant shall find it necessary to order the taverns upon any road to be closed for a limited period during the march of troops, or upon the plea of losses arising from any cause whatever.

11. No payment of any sum due by the grantee to the Crown shall be considered as duly made unless the grantee shall produce a Kachcheri receipt therefor; and no money which, for his own convenience, the grantee may think fit to leave in the Shroff's hands shall be considered as money paid under this contract.

12. The grantee shall be bound to accept such arrack as is available at the warehouse, whether molasses or toddy arrack. He shall also be bound to keep such minimum quantity of each kind, if available at the warehouse, as the Government Agent may prescribe.

13. All arrack exposed or kept for sale shall be of a strength not weaker than 30° u.p. according to Sykes's hydro-meter test. No water and no colouring, or flavouring or other matter shall be added thereto, nor shall toddy arrack be mixed with molasses arrack.

All arrack kept or exposed for sale in taverns shall at all times be opened to inspection and test by Excise Officers.

14. Should the grantee fail to perform any of the conditions of sale, the Government Agent shall be at liberty to order the amount paid by the grantee under clause 6 hereof, or any portion thereof, to be forfeited and shall have power after 15 days' notice to the grantee of his intention to do so, without further process of law, to re-sell the privilege at the risk and loss of the grantee. The notice referred to may be given in such manner as the Government Agent may direct.

15. The Government Agent is not bound to find sites for taverns in the event of the grantee not being able to procure sites from private parties or otherwise.

16. The grantee shall have no power to interfere in any way, directly or indirectly, with the sale of arrack at the Military Canteens, which are altogether excluded from the privilege aforesaid.

17. The right of Government to manufacture and sell or to issue licenses for the manufacture or sale of methylated spirits, as also the right to grant licenses for the manufacture, sale, and use of spirits distilled in the Island for chemical and other purposes, but not for drinking purposes, is hereby expressly reserved from the privilege sold under these Conditions.

18. The Government Agent shall exercise his right, as he may think proper, of issuing licenses to any person to sell foreign liquor by the glass or the bottle.

19. The grantee shall have no concern or interest, direct or indirect, with the sale of fermented toddy, or with the purchase of any privilege for the sale of toddy within the area of his rent.

20. The grantee and the servants employed by him are prohibited from having any pecuniary dealings with Excise Officers. The grantee will be responsible for the acts of his servants.

21. The grantee shall, within 10 days from the date on which the privilege commences to run, or within such extended time as the Government Agent may grant, apply to the Government Agent and obtain a license for the sale by retail of arrack in respect of the privilege purchased by him.

22. No barrel, cask, keg, vat, or other large receptacle shall be used to store, keep, or transport arrack, unless it shall bear clearly marked on it its correct capacity in terms of gallons.

23. The grantee (a) shall not sell any arrack whether by the dram or by the "bottle" or gallon at a lower price than at the rate of Rs. 9.60 per gallon at 27° u.p.; and (b) shall not sell arrack in any one particular tavern at a cheaper rate by "bottle" or gallon than the rate by the dram at which he sells arrack in that tavern. Nor shall the grantee sell any molasses arrack at a higher rate than at the rate of Rs. 11.52 per gallon, and any toddy arrack at a higher rate than at the rate of Rs. 12.96 per gallon at 27° u.p., provided that the Government Agent may for special reasons and on the application of the grantee permit the sale of molasses arrack at a rate higher than Rs. 11.52 per gallon and toddy arrack at a rate higher than Rs. 12.96 per gallon, at 27° u.p. as the Government Agent may determine.

24. Each kind of spirit shall be kept in separate vessels and must be separately accounted for, each in a separate tavern register prescribed for this purpose.

MEMORANDUM.

At the sale by _____ held this day of the privilege hereinbefore described, _____ of _____ of _____, the highest _____, was (were) declared the grantee of the said privilege in consideration of the payment of Rupees _____ as a fee therefor; and the said grantee, having paid to the Government Agent, on behalf of the Crown, a sum of Rupees _____ by way of deposit under clause 6 of these conditions, hereby agree to complete the purchase according to the above conditions; and the Government Agent hereby acknowledges the receipt of the said deposit.

Witnesses :

Grantees :

The Kachcheri,
Badulla, _____, 1921.
_____ Government Agent.

I (We), _____ the undersigned, do hereby signify that for the purposes specified in Condition 6 (c), I (We) have elected the under-mentioned place, viz., _____.

Witnesses :

Grantees :

Office of the Excise Commissioner,
Colombo, May 24, 1921.

T. W. ROBERTS,
Acting Excise Commissioner.

ARRACK TAVERNS, 1921-22.

The following is the list of sanctioned Arrack Taverns of the Province of Uva, for the period October 1, 1921, to September 30, 1922.

T. W. ROBERTS,
Colombo, May 24, 1921. Acting Excise Commissioner.

Rent Area, Badulla District.

No.	Division.	Locality or Range.
1	Yatikinda	Within the town of— Badulla
2	Do.	Within the village of— Ballekatuwa
3	Do.	Within the village of— Kumbalwela

No.	Division.	Locality or Range.
4	Yatikinda	Within the town of— Lunugala
5	Do.	Madulsima
6	Udukinda	Haputale
7	Do.	Within the village of— Palugama
8	Do.	Within the town of— Welimada
9	Wellawaya	Haldummulla
10	Do.	Within the village of— Kalupahana
11	Wellawaya	Within the town of— Koslanda
12	Do.	Wellawaya
13	Wellassa	Within the village of— Bibile

OPENING AND CLOSING HOURS OF ARRACK TAVERNS IN THE NORTHERN PROVINCE AND THE PROVINCE OF UVA, 1921-22.

THE following is the list of opening and closing hours of arrack taverns in the Northern Province and the Province of Uva during the rent period October 1, 1921, to September 30, 1922, in terms of General Condition No. 6 of Excise Notification No. 112.

Colombo, May 24, 1921.

T. W. ROBERTS,
Acting Excise Commissioner.

Rent Area.	Arrack Taverns.	Hour of	Hour of
		Opening. A.M.	Closing. P.M.
Jaffna	.. All taverns ..	8	7
Mannar	.. Tavern No. 1, Periyakadai ..	8	7.30
	.. All other taverns ..	8	6.30
Mullaittivu	.. Tavern No. 1, Mullaittivu; and No. 2, Kokkilai ..	8	8
	.. All other taverns ..	8	6.30
Badulla	.. Tavern No. 1, Badulla ..	8	7.30
	.. Tavern No. 6, Haputale ..	8	8
	.. All other taverns ..	8	6.30

SALES OF TOLL AND OTHER RENTS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Government Agent for the Western Province will receive tenders at the Colombo Kachcheri at 12 noon on Tuesday, June 14, 1921, for the purchase of the under-mentioned Toll Rents of the Western Province from October 1, 1921, to September 30, 1922.

Separate tenders should be made for the several rents as shown below.

The successful tenderer will be required to deposit forthwith one-tenth of the purchase amount for twelve months in cash, and should the offer be accepted by His Excellency the Governor, to furnish approved security for one-half of the purchase amount for twelve months, or in cash for one-third of such amount, within thirty days of the date of the receipt by him of the notification of the Governor's acceptance of his offer.

He will also be required to deposit money to pay the fees of the Crown Proctors for examining and giving their opinion of the title deeds of properties tendered by him as security and for examining and settling the security bond, and the fees charged by the Crown Proctors for examining documents and drawing the security bond, the expenses of appraising the properties and of registering the security bond, and the stamp duty on the bonds under the Ordinance No. 22 of 1909.

All title deeds tendered as security should be accompanied by a certificate obtained from the Registrar of Lands that the lands to which they relate are unencumbered. This certificate must be obtained at the cost of the party offering the security.

Further information can be obtained on application to the Government Agent.

TOLLS ON TRUNK ROADS.

Municipal Tolls.

1. (a) Toll at the ferry at Pasbatal (Wattala).
(b) Toll at the canal at the drawbridge at Grandpass.
2. Toll at the ferry, Mutwal.

TOLLS OTHER THAN THOSE ON THE TRUNK ROADS.

A.—Colombo District.

1. Tolls on the Hendala canal at Hendala and at Pamunugama. Tolls on the Hendala canal at Gorakagahatotupola and at a point on the western bank of the old Negombo canal at Pamunugama, 642 yards north of the canal, called Joseph's canal.
2. Toll on the Kittanpahuwa canal.

B.—Negombo District.

Toll on the Negombo canal at Pallansena bridge; toll on the Negombo canal at the bridge of the entrance of the canal on the Custom-house road. Payment at one clears the other.

C.—Kalutara District.

(a) Tolls on the old Kalutara canal at Kepu-ela Modara and at Galtude. Payment at one clears the other.

(b) Tolls on the new Kalutara canal at Etanamada and at Hataramodara. Payment at one clears the other.

Government Agent's Office,
Colombo, May 11, 1921.

J. G. FRASER,
Government Agent.

Notice of Sale of Ferry Toll Rent.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Assistant Government Agent, Kegalla, will receive sealed tenders at the Kegalla Kachcheri, at 2 P.M., on Monday, June 27, 1921, for the purchase of the Alawwa ferry toll rent from November 1, 1921, to September 30, 1922.

Tenderers must be present on the said day or satisfy the Assistant Government Agent by some duly accredited agent that the tenders are *bona fide*.

Tenders should be marked "Tenders for Toll Rent" on the left hand top corner of the envelope, which should also bear the name of the rent for which tender is made.

The successful tenderer will be required to deposit forthwith one-tenth of the purchase amount in cash, and should the offer be accepted by His Excellency the Governor, to furnish approved security for one-half of the whole purchase amount or in cash for one-third of the whole purchase amount within thirty days of the date of the receipt by him of the notification of the Governor's acceptance of his offer.

He will also be required to deposit money to pay the fees of the Crown Counsel for examining and giving his opinion of the title deeds of properties tendered by him as security and for examining and settling the security bond, and the fees charged by the Crown Counsel for examining and drawing the security bond, and also the expense of appraising the properties and of registering the security bond.

All title deeds tendered as security should be accompanied by a certificate obtained from the Registrar of Lands that the lands to which they relate are unencumbered. This certificate must be obtained at the cost of the party offering the security. Undivided shares in lands will not be accepted.

Further information can be obtained on application to the Assistant Government Agent, Kegalla.

Kegalla Kachcheri,
May 24, 1921.

W. L. MURPHY,
for Assistant Government Agent.

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL NOTICES.

MUNICIPALITY OF COLOMBO.

Prices of Foodstuffs, &c., in Colombo, on May 25, 1921.

	Per	Wholesale. Rs. c.	Per	Retail. Rs. c.
Paddy, Country ..	Bushel	.. —	.. Measure	.. —
Paddy, Imported ..	do.	.. —	.. do.	.. —
Rice, Country ..	do.	.. —	.. do.	.. —
Rice, Kara ..	do.	.. —	.. do.	.. —
Rice, Kallunda ..	do.	.. —	.. do.	.. —
Rice, Sulai ..	do.	.. —	.. do.	.. —
Rice, Muttusamba ..	do.	.. —	.. do.	.. —
Raw Rice (Rangoon) ..	do.	.. —	.. do.	.. —
Raw Rice (Singapore) ..	do.	.. —	.. do.	.. —
Raw Rice (Batavia) ..	do.	.. —	.. do.	.. —
Dhall (Thovaram) ..	do.	.. —	.. Seer	.. 0 28
Dhall (Mysore) ..	do.	.. —	.. do.	.. 0 24
Green Peas ..	do.	.. —	.. do.	.. 0 22
Ulundu ..	do.	.. —	.. do.	.. 0 24
Gram ..	do.	.. —	.. do.	.. 0 22
Wheat Flour ..	—	.. —	.. lb.	.. 0 15
American Flour ..	—	.. —	.. do.	.. 0 14
Ghee, Cow ..	—	.. —	.. Seer	.. 5 50
Ghee, Buffalo ..	—	.. —	.. do.	.. 2 60
Milk ..	—	.. —	.. Bottle	.. 0 40
Potatoes (Indian) ..	—	.. —	.. lb.	.. 0 15
Potatoes (Bangalore) ..	—	.. —	.. do.	.. —
Onions (Bombay) ..	—	.. —	.. do.	.. 0 10
Onions, Red ..	—	.. —	.. do.	.. 0 8
Bread ..	—	.. —	.. 1-lb. loaf.	.. 0 18
Tea ..	—	.. —	.. lb.	.. 0 48
Coffee ..	—	.. —	.. lb.	.. 0 63
Limes ..	—	.. —	.. Dozen	.. 0 10
Coconuts ..	—	.. —	.. Each	.. 0 10
Sugar, Soft ..	—	.. —	.. lb.	.. 0 34
Sugar, Crepe ..	—	.. —	.. do.	.. 0 32
Sugar (Ceylon) ..	—	.. —	.. do.	.. —
Sugar Candy ..	—	.. —	.. do.	.. 0 52
Sugar Brown ..	—	.. —	.. do.	.. —
Salt ..	—	.. —	.. Measure	.. 0 11
Salt ..	—	.. —	.. lb.	.. 0 5½
Dried Chillies ..	—	.. —	.. do.	.. 0 28
Coriander ..	—	.. —	.. do.	.. 0 20

	Per	Wholesale. Rs. c.	Per	Retail. Rs. c.
Pepper ..	—	.. —	.. Measure	.. 0 50
Garlic ..	—	.. —	.. lb.	.. 0 34
Mustard ..	—	.. —	.. Measure	.. 0 36
Turmeric ..	—	.. —	.. lb.	.. 0 20
Fenugreek ..	—	.. —	.. do.	.. 0 20
Cumin ..	—	.. —	.. do.	.. 0 40
Aniseed ..	—	.. —	.. do.	.. 0 28
Tamarind ..	—	.. —	.. do.	.. 0 11
Jaggery ..	—	.. —	.. Bundle	.. 0 38
Gingelly ..	—	.. —	.. Seer	.. 0 28
Gingelly Oil ..	—	.. —	.. Bottle 70c. to	.. 1 25
Coconut Oil ..	—	.. —	.. Measure	.. 0 88
Kerosine Oil, Day-light ..	—	.. —	.. Bottle	.. 0 28
Kerosine Oil, Monkey Brand ..	—	.. —	.. do.	.. 0 27
Matches, Three Stars ..	—	.. —	.. Packet of 12 boxes	.. 0 32
Matches (Japanese) ..	—	.. —	.. do.	.. 0 26
Beef ..	—	.. —	.. lb.	.. 0 35
Mutton ..	—	.. —	.. do.	.. 0 80
Pork ..	—	.. —	.. do.	.. 0 60
Chickens ..	—	.. —	.. Each	.. 0 75
Eggs ..	—	.. —	.. do.	.. 0 7
Dry Fish, Nettali (Halmessan) ..	—	.. —	.. lb.	.. 0 30
Dry Fish (Maldive) ..	—	.. —	.. lb. 50c. to	.. 0 54

The Municipal Office,
Colombo, May 25, 1921.

S. F. DIXON,
for Financial Assistant to
the Chairman, Municipal Council.

Municipality of Galle.

NOTICE is hereby given that, in pursuance of the power vested in the Municipal Council by section 23 (1) of "The Cemeteries and Burials Ordinance, 1899," a fee of Rs. 10 will be charged for every cremation in the General Cemetery at Dadalla from and after the date of this notice.

The Municipal Office,
Galle, May 19, 1921.

F. BARTLETT,
Chairman.

NOTIFICATIONS UNDER "THE PATENTS ORDINANCE, 1906."

THE following Specifications have been accepted:—

No. 1,699 of March 11, 1920 (date applied for under Section 48 of the Ordinance, April 13, 1917).

Robert Summers Stronach and Frank Henry Dutton.

"Improvements in connection with light railways."

Abstract.—A locomotive for a light railway, provided with a four-wheel bogie, running on a rail track and with one or more pairs of rubber, &c., tyred driving wheels, running on the ground at each side of the rail track. The locomotive may be constructed to run only on the compound track, or it may be adapted to run either on the compound track or on an ordinary road. In one construction, a pair of front steering wheels controlled in the usual way is provided for use on an ordinary road. These wheels can be raised clear of the ground by rotating the screws through gearing driven by the engine when it is desired to connect the vehicle to the bogie by the ball and socket joint. In order to allow reversed movement on the track, the stub axles of the driving wheels are actuated from an auxiliary steering wheel through connexions. Steering of these wheels is prevented when the pivoted stops are brought into contact with stops on the hubs of the wheels by actuating the hand-lever and connexions. In a modification, designed for use only on the compound track, the driving wheels are arranged centrally of the locomotive and associated with a four-wheel bogie, which is connected at the front and rear to two-wheel bogies. In another modification two pairs of driving wheels, each associated with a four-wheel bogie, are used. The steering axles of each pair of driving wheels are connected by link work, and on each of the bogies is a disk provided with a slot which is engaged by a pin on one of the connecting-links. The slots are perpendicular to each other, and each disk is rotatable and connected to the other by chain gearing. The necessary rotation of the disks to render them alternately operative and inoperative may be effected by the reversing control of the locomotive. In a further modification two pairs of driving wheels and two four-wheel bogies are provided, the arrangement being such that only one pair of driving wheels is in contact with the ground at a time.

The claims are:—

1. A locomotive for a system of the kind described, comprising a four-wheel bogie running on the rail track and pivotally attached to the locomotive frame, and one or more pairs of driving wheels carried on a differential axle, said driving wheels having rubber or similar tyres and being arranged to run on the ground at each side of the rail track.

2. A convertible locomotive as claimed in claim 1, having first steering and rear driving wheels for road locomotion, said steering wheels being put out of operation and replaced by the four-wheel rail bogie for running on the railway track.

3. A convertible locomotive as claimed in claim 2, in which provision is made for steering the rear driving wheels for reverse movement and for locking the same for forward movement.

4. A locomotive as claimed in claim 1, comprising a single-driving axle positioned centrally of the locomotive and associated with the four-wheel bogie, so that the latter directly and solely steers the driving axle, whilst said axle and the bogie are independent for vertical movement and fore and aft stabilizing bogies.

5. A locomotive as claimed in claim 1, comprising two pairs of driving wheels and two four-wheel bogies, all the driving wheels being steerable and means whereby either bogie alternatively may be connected to the driving wheel to steer the same.

6. A locomotive as claimed in claim 1, having two pairs of driving wheels and two four-wheel bogies and means whereby the weight of the locomotive may be taken on either of the pairs of driving wheels, together with the bogie at the opposite end of the locomotive, the other pair of driving wheels being raised.

7. The convertible tractor substantially as described with reference to Figs 1 to 4.

8. The locomotive substantially as described with reference to Figs 5 and 6.

9. The locomotive substantially as described with reference to Figs 7 to 9.

10. The locomotive substantially as described with reference to Figs 10 and 11.

Three sheets of drawings.

No. 1,730 of June 12, 1920 (date applied for under Section 50 of the Ordinance, November 28, 1918).

David Joseph Smith.

"Improvements in and connected with gas producers."

Abstract.—In gas producers, steam generated in a boiler heated by the producer furnace is supplied to a steam engine, which provides the necessary power for operating the fuel feed, ash discharge, and pump for the water supply, for rocking the fire bars and, in some cases, for driving a fan for the air supply, the exhaust steam being led to an injector for delivering air and steam to the ash pan. The steam engine may also be used to drive dynamos for lighting a motor vehicle or to drive other machinery, and means may be provided to deliver live steam to the injector.

The claims are :—

1. In a gas producer, the method or process of operation wherein the steam for the furnace supply is produced under the necessary pressure in a jacket or annular casing surrounding the furnace and conveyed to a steam engine to provide the necessary power for effecting mechanically or positively the operations or functions of the producer, the exhaust steam from the said steam engine is then conveyed to an injector, by which the air supply is delivered, together with the exhaust steam to the closed ash pan.

2. In a gas producer, providing in combination a boiler heated by the producer furnace and a steam engine mounted upon or adjacent the producer supplied with steam by the said boiler having means or connections upon the said engine, whereby the essential producer operations or functions are effected mechanically or positively.

3. In a gas producer, providing in combination a boiler heated by the producer furnace, a steam engine mounted upon or adjacent the producer supplied with steam by the said boiler, the said steam engine having connecting means for operating continuously the rocking fire bars of the furnace, the fuel feed, and the ash discharge.

4. In a gas producer, a steam boiler constructed as a jacket or casing for the furnace, a steam engine mounted upon the producer, with means whereby the steam engine operates the fuel feed, the ash discharge, and the pump for the water supply mechanically and continuously.

5. In a gas producer having a boiler and steam engine as previously claimed, mounted a worm and wormwheel or like gear at each end of the engine shaft, whereby both shafts of the rocking fire bars are continuously operated.

6. In a gas producer as previously claimed, having a boiler and a steam engine for operating mechanically the necessary functions of the producer and wherein the fire bars are continuously and successively operated, providing an injector supplied with steam from the said boiler, whereby air and steam are injected direct into the ash pan of the producer.

7. In a gas producer operating according to the method in claim 1, providing controlling means upon the injector, whereby the steam supplied thereto may be controlled or shut off, substantially as described.

8. In a gas producer operating according to the method in claim 1, providing controlling means upon the injector, whereby the air supplied to the said injector may be controlled independently of or separately from the steam control.

9. In a gas producer as previously claimed, providing a worm or other gear on the crank shaft of the steam engine, for operating at the same speed and successively the fire bars from both sides of the ash pan and for simultaneously operating the fuel feed to the producer, the ash discharge therefrom, the water pump for the boiler supply, and a pulley, substantially as described.

10. In a gas producer as previously claimed, providing a branch with a two-way cock for the gas outlet for the purpose described.

11. In a gas producer having a steam engine and a boiler as previously claimed, providing a pulley mounted on the steam engine shaft, whereby a dynamo or the like may be operated, substantially as described.

12. Gas producers constructed and operating substantially as described herein with reference to the drawings. One sheet of drawings.

W. N. RAE,
Registrar of Patents.

ROAD COMMITTEE NOTICES.

Mallowapitiya-Rambodagalla Branch Road.

NOTICE is hereby given, in terms of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, No. 14 of 1896," section 18, that a meeting of the Local Committee of the above road will be held in the Kurunegala resthouse, on Saturday, May 28, 1921, at 3.30 P.M.

Business.

To consider and report to the Provincial Road Committee with regard to—

(1) Estimate No. 216 of March 31, 1921, amounting to Rs. 1,721.25, for repairing broken portion of wing wall of the Kospotu-oya bridge.

(2) Correspondence.

Marlbe estate,
Matale, May 16, 1921.

H. W. GORDON,
Chairman.

Rattota-Gammaduwa Estate Cart Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that, in terms of section 5 of the Estate Roads Ordinance, No. 12 of 1902, application having been made to include Altwood estate of 102 acres in the district in which the above road is situated, the Provincial Road Committee will on Saturday, June 11, 1921, at 11.30 A.M., at their office in Kandy, proceed to hear objections and to re-define the limits of the district to include the said estate for assessment.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, C. S. VAUGHAN,
Kandy, May 19, 1921. Chairman.

Rattota-Gammaduwa Estate Cart Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for the maintenance of the above road for the year ending September.

30, 1921, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of the Estate Roads Ordinance, No. 12 of 1902, will, on Saturday, June 11, 1921, at 11.30 A.M., at their office in Kandy, proceed to assess the under-mentioned estates to make up the private contribution:—

Government moiety	..	Rs. 1,600
Private contributions	..	Rs. 3,650

1st to 5th section, 5 miles.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.
Consolidated Estates Company.	Ellagalla	.. 516

1st to 6th section, 6 miles.

Opalgalla Tea and Rubber Es- tates Co., Ltd.	..	Opalgalla Group	..	1,506
A. H. D. Bastian de Silva	..	Kuda-oya	..	331

1st to 7th section, 7 miles.

A. Dahampet and Henry Todd	..	Altwood	..	102
Robert de Zoysa	..	Dromoland, Ew- hurst, and Park	..	503
Heirs of late James Westland	..	Dooromadella and Mousakanda	..	1,111
Do.	..	Forest Hill	..	121
Do.	..	Kensington	..	325
New Ceylon Plantation Co., Ltd.	..	Gammaduwa, Carton	..	1,158
F. R. C. Storey	..	Karagahatenna, Galbodde, Dry- burgh, and Mon- crieff	..	1,220
Nambena Estates, Ltd.	..	Nargalla	..	490
A. van Starrex	..	Sacombe	..	112
Do.	..	Broham-Bayntum	..	220
Heirs of late James Westland	..	Yalam Malai	..	461
Nambena Estates, Ltd.	..	Nambena	..	288

And at the same time and place the Committee will take evidence, if necessary, and receive and consider objections and suggestions.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, C. S. VAUGHAN,
Kandy, May 19, 1921. Chairman.

Kadugannawa-Alagalla Branch Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for the maintenance of the above road for the year ending September 30, 1921, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, 1896," will on Saturday, June 11, 1921, at 11.30 A.M., at their office at Kandy, proceed to assess the under-mentioned estates to make up the private contributions:—

Government moiety	..	Rs. 1,845.00
Private contributions	..	Rs. 1,863.45

1st section, 1 mile.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.
T. H. A. de Soysa	..	Mount Colville .. 21½
W. C. Dias	..	Maligatenna .. 51½

1st to 3rd section, 3 miles.

Felix Dias	..	Kumaragala	..	102
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1st to 4th section, 4 miles.

H. P. & L. P. Rudd (S. R. Hamer)	Beltoff	..	152
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1st to 5th section, 5 miles.

P. J. Benwell	..	Andiatenna	..	200
Colombo Commercial Co. (C. S. M. Bain)	..	Oolanakanda	..	365
Tismode Estates Co. (G. C. Price)	..	Tismode and Seafield	..	470
Cumberbatch & Co. (C. S. M. Bain)	..	Alagalla	..	900
Eastern Produce and Estates Co., Ltd. (C. H. Bradford)	..	Kirimittia & Peak	..	915

And at the same time and place the Committee will take evidence, if necessary, and receive and consider objections and suggestions.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, C. S. VAUGHAN,
Kandy, May 20, 1921. Chairman.

Padiapellella-Ellamulla Branch Road.

(Storm Damages.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for repairing storm damages and for erecting a small span bridge on the above road, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, 1896," have assessed the under-mentioned estates to make up the private contributions:—

Total acreage, 1,844—Rate per acre, .8754c.
(Estimate No. 209 of March 23, 1921.)

Government moiety	..	Rs. 1,575.00
Private contributions	..	Rs. 1,614.37

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Amount.
Central Tea Co. of Ceylon, Ltd. (R. A. Shaw)	..	Kabaragala	.. 635 .. 555 92
Colombo Commercial Co., Ltd. (A. N. Paine)	..	Gallella	.. 273 .. 239 0
The Anglo-American Danish Tea Trading Co., Ltd. (G. H. Baird)	..	Mandaranewera	.. 470 .. 411 48
Colombo Commercial Co., Ltd. (A. N. Paine)	..	Ellamulla Group	.. 466 .. 407 97
			<u>1,614 37</u>

Which sums the proprietors, managers, or agents of the several estates are hereby required to pay into the Colonial Treasury, Colombo, on or before June 6, 1921.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, C. S. VAUGHAN,
Kandy, May 23, 1921. Chairman.

St. Margarets-Kirklees Branch Road.

(Flood Damages.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for repairing flood damages on the above road, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, 1896," have assessed the proportion due by each estate in the district to make up the private contributions, as follows:—

(Estimate No. D 744, sanctioned March 18, 1921.)

Government moiety	..	Rs. 90.00
Private contributions	..	Rs. 92.25

Total acreage, 3,209—Rate per acre, .0287c.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Amount.
Lanka Plantations Com- pany (R. G. Congreve, J. M. Robertson & Co.)	..	Rappahannock	.. 474 .. 13 62
Estates Company of Uva (J. Sungray, Whittall & Co.)	..	Gampaha	.. 866 .. 24 89
Kirklees Estates Co. (George Steuart & Co., R. Lindsay White)	..	Kirklees	.. 1,077 .. 30 96
Mrs. Fanning Patterson (C. J. Patterson)	..	Alagolla	.. 420 .. 12 8
The Luckyland Tea Co., Ltd. (F. O. Charnand, George Steuart & Co.)	..	Lucky land	.. 372 .. 10 70
			<u>Total .. 92 25</u>

Which sums the proprietors, managers, or agents of the several estates are hereby required to pay into the Colonial Treasury, Colombo, on or before June 6, 1921.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, C. S. VAUGHAN,
Kandy, May 23, 1921. Chairman.

Duckwari-Ferndale Branch Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for the maintenance of the above road for the year ending September 30, 1921, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, 1896," will on Saturday, June 11, 1921, at 11.30 A.M., at their office in Kandy, proceed to assess the under-mentioned estates to make up the contributions :-

Government moiety	..	Rs. 1,640.00
Private contributions	..	Rs. 1,656.40

1st section, $\frac{3}{4}$ mile.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.
Heirs of C. J. Patterson	.. Peru	.. 138

1st and 2nd sections, $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile.

The Rangalla Tea Co., Ltd. (W. Sinclair); Agents, Whittall & Co.	Rangalla	.. 130
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1st to 3rd section, $2\frac{1}{4}$ miles.

The Rangalla Tea Co., Ltd. (W. Sinclair); Agents, Whittall & Co.	Poodelgodde	.. 331
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1st to 4th section, 3 miles.

The Rangalla Tea Co., Ltd. (W. Sinclair); Agents, Whittall & Co.	Madultenne	.. 202
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1st to 5th section, $3\frac{3}{4}$ miles.

The Rangalla Tea Co., Ltd. (W. Sinclair); Agents, Whittall & Co.	Kaladuriya	.. 216
A. H. Kerr & Beilby	.. Ferndale	.. 310
R. Ellis (Lessee)	.. Leangapella	.. 321
G. Nicol Thomson and others	.. Esperanza	.. 523
Do.	.. Mount Mar and Winchfield Park	500
R. H. Ellis	.. St. Martins	.. 594
H. J. Temple and D. S. Scott (Lewis Brown & Co.)	.. Burnside Group	.. 1,144

And at the same time and place the Committee will take evidence, if necessary, and receive and consider objections and suggestions.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, C. S. VAUGHAN,
Kandy, May 23, 1921. Chairman.

Madulkele-Kabragalla Branch Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for the maintenance of the above road for the year ending September 30, 1921, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, 1896," will on Saturday, June 11, 1921, at 11.30 A.M., at their office in Kandy, proceed to assess the under-mentioned estates to make up the private contributions :-

Government moiety	..	Rs. 1,755.00
Private contributions	..	Rs. 1,772.55

1st section, 1 mile.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.
Anglo-Ceylon & General Estates Co., Ltd. (E. H. Hitchcock)	.. Ellerton	.. 72
Do.	.. Nillomally	.. 1,005
H. A. Clarke, C. J. Scott, and C. W. Wood	.. Kallebokka	.. 668

1st and 2nd sections, 2 miles.

Skrine & Co. (H. Ford)	.. Galheria	.. 607
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1st to 4th section, $3\frac{1}{4}$ miles.

Thos. Barlow & Brother (J. Greig)	.. Bræ and Dell, Hatanwalla, Marnagala	.. 1,723
H. A. Clarke	.. Deyanilla	.. 460
Gordon Frazer & Co.	.. Relugas	.. 358

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.
H. A. Clarke and H. W. Kennedy	.. Cabaragalla	.. 386
The Earl of Glasgow (G. W. Hunter Blair)	.. Poengalla, Hoolankande, and Kirigalpottakande	1,170

And at the same time and place the Committee will take evidence, if necessary, and receive and consider objections and suggestions.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, C. S. VAUGHAN,
Kandy, May 23, 1921. Chairman.

Huluganga-Bambraela Branch Road.
(Huluganga Bridge.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for the reconstruction of the above bridge, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, 1896," have assessed the under-mentioned estates to make up the private contributions at the rate of Rs. 6419c. per acre. Total acreage 8,667 :-

(Estimate No. 85, sanctioned on February 11, 1921.)

Government moiety	..	Rs. 5,324.00
Private contributions	..	Rs. 5,563.58

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Amount.
			Rs. c.
S. K. Dawood Saibo	Tharnagala Group	.. 28	.. 17 98
J. C. de Silva	.. Hulugangawatta	.. 60	.. 38 52
C. B. Clay	.. Mahousa	.. 614	.. 394 14
C. Woods	.. Allacolla and Overdale	.. 648	.. 415 97
R. J. Layard (R. P. Hancock)	.. Ratnatenna	.. 456	.. 292 72
Mrs. Woods	.. Kandekattia	.. 600	.. 385 16
J. C. de Silva	.. Galgodawatta	.. 22	.. 14 13
G. Punchihamine	.. Wawakanattawatta	.. 22	.. 14 13
Veerappen Kangany.	Tallagoya	.. 28	.. 17 98
Marie Kangany	.. Marie's Land and Florence	.. 570	.. 365 90
General Ceylon Rubber & Tea Estates, Ltd. (M. Martin Smith, Agent; C. Boyd Moss, Manager)	.. Goomera Old and New	.. 844	.. 541 79
Pana Sidambaran Kangany	.. Galboda	.. 210	.. 134 81
E. R. Cox	.. Baddegama	.. 184	.. 118 12
Colombo Commercial Co., Ltd. (A. W. Upcher, Manager)	.. Old Tunisgalla	.. 435	.. 279 23
Mackwood & Co.	.. Halgalla and Medakelle	.. 652	.. 418 53
Heirs of Maria Kangany	.. Lebanon Group	.. 1,098	.. 704 82
Do.	.. Knuckles Group	.. 1,349	.. 865 95
C. Goldie Taubman	.. Katooloya	.. 584	.. 374 88
Do.	.. Gangamulla	.. 263	.. 168 82
			5,563 58

Which sums the proprietors, managers, or agents of the several estates are hereby required to pay into the Colonial Treasury, Colombo, on or before June 10, 1921.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, C. S. VAUGHAN,
Kandy, May 24, 1921. Chairman.

Vellaioya-Shannon Estate Cart Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for maintenance of the above road for the year ending September 30, 1921, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of the Estate Roads Ordinance, No. 12 of 1902, will on

Saturday, June 11, 1921, at 11.30 A.M., at their office in Kandy, proceed to assess the under-mentioned estates to make up the private contributions:—

Government moiety ..	Rs. 418
Private contributions ..	Rs. 969

1st to 4th section, 131 chains 20 lines.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.
Eastern Produce and Estates Co., Ltd. (C. G. Spiller) ..	Vellai Oya ..	965
Mrs. C. Shipton ..	Agra Oya ..	438

And at the same time and place the Committee will take evidence, if necessary, and receive and consider objections and suggestions.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, C. S. VAUGHAN,
Kandy, May 25, 1921. Chairman.

Talatuoya-Kirimetiya Estate Cart Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of the Estate Roads Ordinance, No. 12 of 1902, will on Saturday, June 11, 1921, at their office in Kandy, proceed to assess the under-mentioned estates to make up the contribution of Rs. 1,400 on the estimate amounting to Rs. 1,600 for the upkeep of the above road for the year ending September 30, 1921.

1st section, 1 mile.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.
A. Govindasampillai ..	Narankaduwa ..	50
Ramalingampillai ..	do. ..	44
A. P. S. T. Sellambranpillai ..	do. ..	43
A. Salumburum Kangany ..	do. ..	21

1st to 4th section, 3½ miles.

P. C. Briscoe ..	Kirimettiya ..	693
Do. ..	Old Meddagama ..	248
A. M. G. Trotter ..	Bellwood and Moragala ..	751
Andeappan ..	Agallawatta ..	93

And at the same time and place the Committee will take evidence, if necessary, and receive and consider objections and suggestions.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, C. S. VAUGHAN,
Kandy, May 25, 1921. Chairman.

Branch Road from Norwood Bridge to Maskeliya and Moray. (Laxapana Bridge.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for repairs to the Laxapana bridge on the 34th mile of the above road, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, 1896," will on Saturday, June 11, 1921, at 11.30 A.M., at their office in Kandy, proceed to assess the under-mentioned estates to make up the private contributions:—

Government moiety ..	Rs. 275.00
Private contributions ..	Rs. 287.37

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.
A. N. Greig ..	Laxapana, York, and John's land ..	866
R. H. Price ..	Blantyre ..	239
Do. ..	St. Andrews ..	321
G. Johnson ..	Dalhousie ..	289
Do. ..	Situlaganga ..	143
A. N. Greig ..	Suluganga ..	155
E. H. Etches ..	Forres ..	387
Uplands Tea Estates Co. ..	Moray and Vallodolid ..	461
Do. ..	Geddes ..	198
Do. ..	Corfu ..	187
Do. ..	Rajamalle ..	212

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.
L. Elwell ..	Gartmore Group, Larchfield, Gartmore, Bevys, Frogmore ..	848
Shaw Wallace & Co. ..	Adam's Peak ..	742

And at the same time and place the Committee will take evidence, if necessary, and receive and consider objections and suggestions.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, C. S. VAUGHAN,
Kandy, May 25, 1921. Chairman.

Norwood-Campion Branch Road. (Flood Damage.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for the cost of repairing flood damage to bridge No. 82, 4th mile of the above road, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, 1896," will on Saturday, June 11, 1921, at 11.30 A.M., at their office in Kandy, proceed to assess the under-mentioned estates to make up the private contributions:—

Government moiety ..	Rs. 365.00
Private contributions ..	Rs. 374.12

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.
J. M. Robertson & Co. (Capt. Guy Walker) ..	St. John Del Rey ..	725
Bogawantalawa Tea Company, Limited (G. H. Sparkes) ..	Kirkoswald ..	877
A. C. T. Meyer ..	Tientsin ..	385
George Stuart & Co. ..	Morar ..	497
H. A. Oliverson (T. Gidden) ..	Singarawatta ..	143
T. Gidden (J. W. Baillie) ..	Robgill ..	433
Colombo Commercial Co., Ltd. ..	Bogawantalawa ..	615
K. Rollo ..	Chapelton ..	685
Heirs of G. K. Maitland ..	Theresa ..	340
D. E. Kelly ..	Killarney ..	355
Bogawantalawa Tea Co., Ltd. ..	Bridwell ..	473
Do. (G. H. Sparkes) ..	Bogawana ..	436
Anglo-American Direct Tea Trading Co., Ltd. ..	Lynsted ..	405
Imperial Ceylon Tea Estates, Ltd. ..	Friedland ..	163
Major-General Sir C. Fr. Hadden, K.C.B., and Fred. Hadden ..	Kotiyagala ..	1,089
Kandapola Estates Co., Ltd. ..	Devonford ..	284
Kintyre Estates Company (Geo. Stewart & Co.) ..	Eltofts ..	290
Ceylon Land and Produce Co., Ltd. ..	Fetteresso ..	438
R. H. Cooper ..	Lynford ..	273
Chas. Strachan & Co. (T. Gidden) ..	Campion and Kobinoor ..	724
Ceylon Provincial Estates Co., Ltd. ..	Loinorn ..	239
Imperial Ceylon Tea Estates, Ltd. ..	St. Vigean's ..	185
T. Farr & A. VanCitters ..	Northcove ..	265
J. Sheriff ..	Dunlow & Aldie ..	477

And at the same time and place the Committee will take evidence, if necessary, and receive and consider objections and suggestions.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, C. S. VAUGHAN,
Kandy, May 25, 1921. Chairman.

Bevilla-Digowa Estate Cart Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Local Committee for the above road having reported to the Provincial Road Committee of the Province of Sabaragamuwa that the estates interested in the said road have been assessed for the expenditure incurred from January 1 to December 31, 1920, in the maintenance of the said road on the acreages and for the sections at Rs. 4,234.14 as shown in the sub-joined schedule, the Provincial Road Committee of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, acting under the provisions of sections 24 of "The Estate Roads Ordinance No. 12 of 1902," will on Saturday, June 4, 1921, at 2.30 P.M., at their office in Ratnapura, proceed to consider and confirm the assess-

ment made by the Local Committee, and at the same time and place the Committee will take evidence, if necessary, and receive and consider objections and suggestions.

SCHEDULE REFERRED TO.

Section A from Digowa to Tatuwalakanda boundary, a distance of $\frac{1}{2}$ mile.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Contri- bution. Rs. c.
Nagolla (Ceylon) Rubber and Tea Plantation, Ltd. (Messrs. Carson & Company, Agents) ..	Manikanda	440 ..	40 71
Messrs. L. Bayly and G. A. Talbot ..	Digowa	541 ..	50 6
Mrs. N. E. Wijesekera, care of D. D. Pedris ..	Donrill	130 ..	12 3
Total ..			102 80

Section B from Tatuwalakanda boundary to Ambalampitiya at the Sitawaka-ganga, a distance of $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile.

1st section, 1 mile.

Nagolla (Ceylon) Rubber and Tea Plantation, Ltd. (Messrs. Carson & Company, Agents) ..	Manikanda	440 ..	236 8
Messrs. L. Bayly and G. A. Talbot ..	Digowa	541 ..	290 26
Mrs. N. E. Wijesekera, care of D. D. Pedris ..	Donrill	130 ..	69 76
A. J. R. de Soysa ..	Tatuwala-kanda	446 ..	239 30

2nd section, $\frac{1}{2}$ mile.

Nagolla (Ceylon) Rubber and Tea Plantation, Ltd. (Messrs. Carson & Company, Agents) ..	Manikanda	440 ..	280 21
Messrs. L. Bayly and G. A. Talbot ..	Digowa	541 ..	319 95
Mrs. N. E. Wijesekera, care of D. D. Pedris ..	Donrill	130 ..	76 88
A. J. R. de Soysa ..	Tatuwala-kanda	446 ..	263 76
Total ..			1,756 20

Section C from Ambalampitiya at the Sitawaka-ganga to Bevilla cart road, a distance of $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles.

1st section, 1 mile.

Nagolla (Ceylon) Rubber and Tea Plantation, Ltd. (Messrs. Carson & Company, Agents) ..	Manikanda	440 ..	278 42
Messrs. L. Bayly and G. A. Talbot ..	Digowa	541 ..	342 34
Mrs. N. E. Wijesekera, care of D. D. Pedris ..	Donrill	130 ..	82 25
A. J. R. de Soysa ..	Tatuwala-kanda	446 ..	282 22
T. A. de S. Wijeratna ..	Pannila	210 ..	132 88
Dona Engeltina Welikala, Dona Charles Wijewardena, and Dona Caroline Wijewardena, care of D. L. Welikala, Avissawella ..	Patberiya	67 ..	42 50
C. C. Wijetunga, Union House, Bambalapitiya	Gangaturiya	30 ..	18 98
W. S. Kadigawa ..	Kirigalla	20 ..	12 65

2nd section, 1 mile.

Nagolla (Ceylon) Rubber and Tea Plantation, Ltd. (Messrs. Carson & Company, Agents) ..	Manikanda	440 ..	225 80
Messrs. L. Bayly and G. A. Talbot ..	Digowa	541 ..	277 38

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Contri- bution. Rs. c.
Mrs. N. E. Wijesekera, care of D. D. Pedris ..	Donrill	130 ..	66 86
A. J. R. de Soysa ..	Tatuwala-kanda	446 ..	228 68
T. A. de S. Wijeratna ..	Pannila	210 ..	107 68
Dona Engeltina Welikala, Don Charles Wijewardena, and Dona Caroline Wijewardena, care of D. L. Welikala, Avissawella ..	Patberiya	67 ..	34 36
C. C. Wijetunga, Union Place, Bambalapitiya	Gangaturiya	30 ..	15 38
W. S. Kadigawa ..	Kirigalla	20 ..	10 26

3rd section, $\frac{1}{2}$ mile.

Nagolla (Ceylon) Rubber and Tea Plantation, Ltd. (Messrs. Carson & Company, Agents) ..	Manikanda	440 ..	50 65
Messrs. L. Bayly and G. A. Talbot ..	Digowa	541 ..	62 28
Mrs. N. E. Wijesekera, care of D. D. Pedris ..	Donrill	130 ..	14 97
A. J. R. de Soysa ..	Tatuwala-kanda	446 ..	51 35
T. A. de S. Wijeratna ..	Pannila	210 ..	24 18
Dona Engeltina Welikala, Don Charles Wijewardena, and Dona Caroline Wijewardena, care of D. L. Welikala, Avissawella ..	Patberiya	67 ..	7 72
C. C. Wijetunga, Union House, Bambalapitiya	Gangaturiya	30 ..	3 45
W. S. Kadigawa ..	Kirigalla	20 ..	2 30

Total .. 2,375 14

Grand Total .. 4,234 14

Summary.

Estates.	Acres.	A.		B.		C.		Total. Rs. c.
		Section. Rs. c.	Section. Rs. c.	Section. Rs. c.	Section. Rs. c.			
Manikanda ..	440 ..	40 71	496 29	554 67	1091 67			
Digowa ..	541 ..	50 6	610 21	682 0	1342 27			
Donrill ..	130 ..	12 3	146 64	163 88	322 55			
Tatuwalakanda ..	446 ..	—	503 6	562 25	1065 31			
Pannila ..	210 ..	—	—	264 74	264 74			
Patberiya ..	67 ..	—	—	84 58	84 58			
Gangaturiya ..	30 ..	—	—	37 81	37 81			
Kirigalla ..	20 ..	—	—	25 21	25 21			
Total ..	102 80	1,756 20	2,375 14	4,234 14				

Provincial Road Committee,
Ratnapura, May 17, 1921.C. E. DE PINTO,
for Chairman.

European Member, District Committee, Ratnapura.

NOTICE is hereby given that under the 35th clause of the Ordinance No. 10 of 1861, all persons intending to offer themselves as candidates for the office of European Member of the District Committee of Ratnapura for the remainder of the term ending December 31, 1921, *vice* Mr. H. F. Pearson, resigned, are hereby required to signify their intention in writing to the Chairman of the Provincial Road Committee for the Province of Sabaragamuwa at least ten days before the day of election. The election will be held on June 4, 1921, at 1.30 P.M., at the Ratnapura Kachcheri.

Provincial Road Committee,
Ratnapura, May 23, 1921.C. E. DE PINTO,
Secretary.

TRADE MARKS NOTICES.

In compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinance, 1888," and the "Trade Marks Rules, 1906," the following application for registration of a Trade Mark is advertised:—

- (1) Application No. 1,817.
- (2) Date of Receipt: July 22, 1921.
- (3) Applicant (Proprietor of the Trade Mark): THE BEAVER COMPANY (a Corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of Ohio, United States of America), Beaver road, City of Buffalo, County of Erie, State of New York, United States of America; Manufacturers.
- (4) Address for service in the Island: Van Cuylenburg & de Witt, 18, Chatham street, Fort, Colombo.
- (5) Class: Forty-one.
- (6) Goods: Furniture and upholstery, particularly for wall boards and building paper.
- (7) Mark:



Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, May 18, 1921.

G. F. FORREST,
Acting Registrar-General.

In compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinance, 1888," and the "Trade Marks Rules, 1906," the following application for registration of a Trade Mark is advertised:—

- (1) Application No. 1,873.
- (2) Date of Receipt: September 21, 1920.
- (3) Applicant (Proprietor of the Trade Mark): NICHOLSON FILE COMPANY (a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of Rhode Island, United States of America), 23, Acorn street, City of Providence, County of Providence, State of Rhode Island, United States of America; Manufacturers of Files and Rasps.
- (4) Address for service in the Island: Julius & Creasy, Bristol buildings, Fort, Colombo.
- (5) Class: Twelve.
- (6) Goods: Files and rasps.
- (7) Mark:



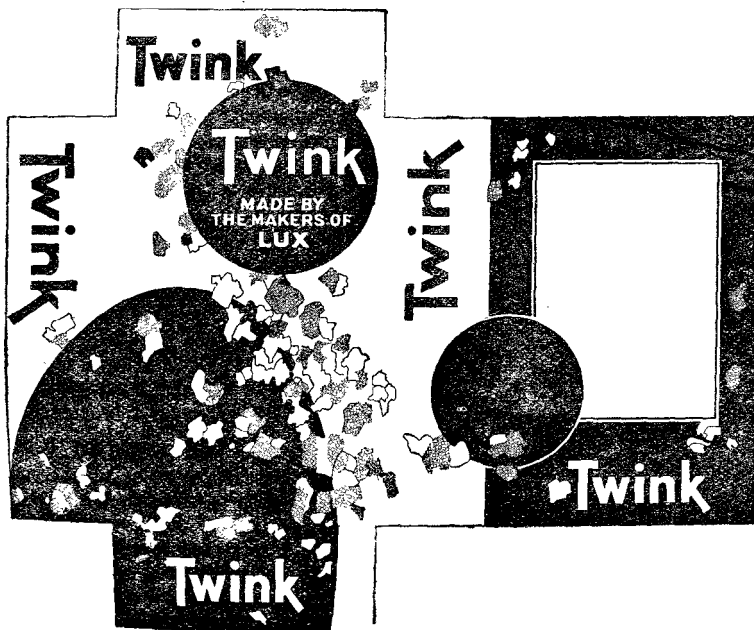
No claim is made to the exclusive use of the word "Nicholson" and the device of the two crossed files, except when associated in the above Trade Mark.

Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, May 25, 1921.

G. F. FORREST,
Acting Registrar-General.

In compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinance, 1888," and the "Trade Marks Rules, 1906," the following application for registration of a Trade Mark is advertised:—

- (1) Application No. 2,018.
- (2) Date of Receipt: May 5, 1921.
- (3) Applicant (Proprietor of the Trade Mark): LEVER BROTHERS, LIMITED (a Company duly incorporated under the laws of England), Port Sunlight, Cheshire, England; Soap Manufacturers.
- (4) Address for service in the Island: T. I. Edwards, Lever Bros. (India), Limited, Gaffoors buildings, Colombo.
- (5) Classes: (a) 4; and (b) 47.
- (6) Goods: (a) Dyes (not mineral and not for toilet purposes); and (b) candles, common soap, detergents, illuminating, heating, or lubricating oils, matches and starch, blue, and other preparations for laundry purposes.
- (7) Mark:



Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, May 11, 1921.

G. F. FORREST,
Acting Registrar-General.