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Part II.-Legal.

Separate paging is given to each Part in order that it may be filed separately.

• • • • • • • • • • •	PAGE	PAGE	PAGE
Draft Ordinances	883	Notices from District and Minor Notices in Testamentary Actions .	. 919
Passed Ordinances	—	Courts Lists of Jurors and Assessors .	
Notifications of Criminal Session	s of	Notices in Insolvency Cases 909 Supreme Court Registry Notices .	• • · · ·
the Supreme Court	. 909	Notices of Fiscals' Sales 910 Council of Legal Education Notice	/s
-	·		

DRAFT ORDINANCES.

MINUTE.

The following Draft of a proposed Ordinance is published for general information :--

An Ordinance to make provision for giving effect to certain provisions of the Treaty of Peace lately signed at St. Germain-en-Laye.

Preamble.

WHEREAS a Treaty of Peace (hereinafter referred to as "The Treaty") was signed at St. Germain-en-Laye on the Tenth day of September, 1919, on behalf of His Majesty:

And whereas His Majesty has been pleased, under and by virtue of the powers conferred on him by the Treaties of Peace (Austria and Bulgaria) Act, 1920, to make the Order in Council set out in the schedule hereto, dealing with the enforcement of certain provisions of the said Treaty in certain parts of His Dominions, including Ceylon:

And whereas provision is made in the said Order in Council for the Legislature of any such part of His Majesty's Dominions making such modifications in the said Order as are necessary to adapt it to the circumstances thereof :

And whereas it is expedient to make certain modifications in the said Order in Council for the purpose of adapting certain of its provisions to the circumstances of this Colony :

Be it therefore enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:

1 This Ordinance may be cited as "The Treaty of Peace (Austria) Enforcement Ordinance, No. of 1921."

Short title.

Clearing office for Austrian debts. 2 The clearing office established under the provisions of section 2 of "The Treaty of Peace (Enforcement) Ordinance, No. 7 of 1920," shall be the clearing office for the purposes of this Ordinance and of the Order in Council set forth in the

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schedule thereto, and shall be under the control and management of the Custodian of Enemy Property appointed under the provisions of "The Enemy Firms Liquidation Ordinance, No. 20 of 1916" (hereinafter referred to as "the Custodian").

3 In applying the said Order in Council to the Colony, the following modifications shall be made :

(1) In article 1 (ii.) the reference to section 1 of the Trading with the Enemy Act, 1914, shall be taken to be to section 2 of "The Trading with the Enemy Ordinance, No. 20 of 1914";

- (2) In article 1 (iv.) the reference to the Supreme Court shall be taken to be to the District Court of Colombo ;
- (3) Offences which are directed to be prosecuted summarily may be so prosecuted before a Police Magistrate, and the provisions of section 8 A of "The Interpretation Ordinance, 1901," shall apply to such offences as if the same had been contained in an Ordinance;
- (4) Wherever reference is made to the amount of any fine which may be imposed in terms of pounds, it shall be deemed, for the purpose of any proceedings taken in the Colony, that fifteen rupees are the equivalent of one pound;
- (5) References to the administrator, except in article 1 (xxii.), shall be taken to be to the Custodian;
- (6) In article 1 (ix., x., xiv., xv., xvi.), references to the Board of Trade, the President of the Board of Trade, or the Treasury shall be taken to be to the Governor in Executive Council;
- (7) In paragraph (c) of article 1 (x.) the furnishing, before this Ordinance comes into operation, of particulars to the Custodian in accordance with "The Enemy Property Ordinance, No. 23 of 1916," "The Enemy Property (Amendment) Ordinance, No. 5 of 1917," and "The Enemy Property (Amendment) Ordinance, No. 41 of 1917," shall be deemed to have been a compliance with the obligation to furnish particulars in the said article set forth;

(8) In article 1 (x.) (c) the reference to the making of the said Order shall be taken to be to the coming into operation of this Ordinance;

(9) In article 1 (x.) (f) the reference to sub-sections (1) to
(4) of section 4 of the Trading with the Enemy (Amendment) Act, 1916, shall be taken to be to sub-sections (1) to (4) of section 8 A of "The Enemy Property Ordinance, No. 23 of 1916," as the same is set out in section 3 of Ordinance No. 5 of 1917;

(10) In article 1 (x.) (g) references to the court shall be taken to be to the District Court of Colombo ;

(11) In article 1 (xii.) the reference to a trustee in bank ruptcy shall be taken to be to a trustee in bankruptcy appointed under the Bankruptcy Act, 1914, of the Imperial Parliament, and of any Act amending the same ;

(12) In article 1 (xxiii.) the reference to a court shall be taken to be to a District Court ;

(13) In article 1 (xxiv.) the references to the coming into force of the Treaty shall be taken to be to the coming into operation of this Ordinance;

(14) In article 1 (xxvii.) there shall be substituted for the reference to the Patents, Designs, and Trade Marks (Temporary Rules) Act, 1914, and the Patents, Designs, and Trade Marks (Temporary Rules) (Amendment) Act, 1914, a reference to "The Patents, Designs, and Trade Marks (Temporary Rules) Ordinance, No. 10 of 1915," other than sub-section (3) of section 2 thereof;

(15) In article 1 (xxviii.) the reference to the Comptroller-General of Patents and Trade Marks shall, in respect of proceedings relating to patents, be taken to be to the Registrar as defined in "The Patents Ordinance, 1906," and in proceedings relating to other matters referred to in article 262 of the Treaty be taken to be to the Registrar-General.

884

Application of Order in Council to Colony,

SCHEDULE.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 13th day of a August, 1920.

Present :

THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL.

Whereas at Saint Germain-en-Laye, on the Tenth day of September, Nineteen hundred and Nineteen, a. Treaty of Peace (hereinafter referred to as "The Treaty") was signed on behalf of His Majesty:

And whereas by the Treaties of Peace (Austria and Bulgaria) Act, 1920, it was provided that His Majesty might make such ' appointments, establish such offices; make such Orders in Council, and do such things as appeared to him to be necessary for carrying out the Treaty, and for giving effect to any of the provisions of the Treaty, and that any Order in Council made under that Act might provide for the imposition by summary process or otherwise of penalties in respect of breaches of the provisions thereof:

And whereas the Treaty contained the sections set out in the Schedule to this Order, and it is expedient that for giving effect thereto the provisions hereinafter contained should have effect :

And whereas by Treaty, grant, usage, sufferance, or other lawful means His Majesty has power and jurisdiction in British Protectorates, and is pleased by virtue and in exercise of the powers vested in him by the Foreign Jurisdiction Act, 1890, or otherwise to extend the provisions of this Order to such Protectorates :

Now, therefore, His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. The sections of the Treaty set out in the schedule to this Order shall have full force and effect as law, and for the purpose of carrying out the said sections the following provisions shall have effect:

(i.) There shall be established in the United Kingdom a Clearing Office under the control and management of such person (hereinafter referred to as the Administrator) as the Board of Trade may appoint for the purpose.

In the event of a local office being established in any part of His Majesty's Dominions or in any Protectorate, the provisions relating to the Clearing Office hereinafter contained shall apply thereto for the purpose of the functions authorized to be performed by a local clearing office under paragraph 1 of the Annex to Section III. of Part X. of the Treaty.

(ii.) It shall not be lawful for any person to pay or accept payment of any enemy debt, except in cases where recovery thereof in a court of law is allowed as hereinafter provided, otherwise than through or by leave of the Clearing Office (which leave may be granted subject to such conditions, including conditions as to the payment of fees, as the Clearing Office may think fit to impose), and no person interested in any such debt as debtor or creditor shall have any communications with any other person interested therein as creditor or debtor except through or by leave of the Clearing Office, and if any person contravenes this provision, he shall be guilty of an offence, and liable to be proceeded against and punished as if he had been guilty of the offence of trading with the enemy, and section one of the Trading with the Enemy Act, 1914, shall apply accordingly.

(iii.) It shall not be lawful for any person to take proceedings in any court for the recovery of any enemy debt except in the circumstances provided under paragraphs 16, 23, and 25 of the Annex to the said Section III.

(iv.) The Clearing Office shall have power to enforce the payment of any enemy debt against the person by whom the debt is due, together with such interest as is payable under paragraph 22 of the Annex to the said Section III., and for that purpose shall have all such rights and powers as if they were the creditor ; and if the debt has been admitted by the debtor or the debt or amount thereof has been found by arbitration or by the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal or by a court of law in manner provided by paragraph 16 of the Annex to the said Section III., the Clearing Office may certify the amount so admitted or found due, together with such interest as aforesaid, and on production to the proper officer of the Supreme Court of the part of His Majesty's Dominions or the Protectorate in which the debtor resides of such certificate, the certificate shall be registered by that officer, and shall from the date of such registration be of the same force and effect, and all proceedings may be taken thereon, as if the certificate were a judgment obtained in that court for the recovery of a debt of the amount specified in the certificate and entered upon the date of such registration, and all reasonable costs and charges attendant upon the registration of such certificate shall be recoverable in like manner as if they were part of such judgment.

(v.) It shall be lawful for the Clearing Office to recover from any person by whom a fine is payable under paragraph 10 of the Annex to the said Section III. the amount of such fine.

(vi.) If any creditor refuses or fails to give such notice or to furnish such documents or information as are mentioned in paragraph 5 of the Annex to the said Section III. he shall, on summary conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding ten pounds (vii.) If any person collusively gives notice of or admits any debt which is not due or furnishes any false information with respect to any debt, he shall, on summary conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months, or to both such imprisonment and fine:

(viii,) If His Majesty so agrees with any of the other Allied or Associated Powers, the provisions of this Order, so far as they relate to enemy debts, shall apply to debts due to or from the nationals of that Power resident in any part of His Majesty's Dominions or Protectorates in like manner as they apply to debts due to or from British nationals so resident.

(ix.) All property, rights, and interests within His Majesty's Dominions or Protectorates belonging to nationals of the former Austrian Empire at the date when the Treaty came into force (not being property, rights, or interests acquired under any general license issued by or or on behalf of His Majesty), and the nett proceeds of their sale, liquidation, or other dealings therewith, are hereby charged—

(a) In the first place, with payment of the amounts due in respect of claims by British nationals (other than British nationals ordinarily resident in the self-governing Dominions, India, and Egypt) with regard to their property, rights, and interests (including companies and associations in which they are interested) in the territories of the former Austrian Empire, or debts owing to them by Austrian nationals, and with payment of any compensation awarded by the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal, or by an arbitrator appointed by that Tribunal in pursuance of paragraph (e) of Article 249 of the Treaty, and with payment of claims growing out of acts committed by the former Austro-Hungarian Government or by any Austrian authorities since the Twenty-eighth day of July, and before the Twefth day of August, Nineteen hundred and Fourteen ; and

(b) Secondly, with payment of the amounts due in respect of claims by British nationals (other than British nationals ordinarily resident in the self-governing Dominions, India, and Egypt) with regard to their property, rights, and interests in the territories of Germany, Hungary, Bulgaria, and

Turkey, in so far as those claims are not otherwise satisfied Provided that any particular property, rights, or interests so charged may at any time be released by the Administrator, acting under the general direction of the Board of Trade, from the charge so created.

(x.) With a view to making effective and enforcing such charge as aforesaid—

(a) The Administrator shall have such powers and duties as are hereinafter provided;

(b) No person shall, without the consent of the Administrator acting under the general direction of the Board of Trade, transfer, part with, or otherwise deal in any property, right, or interest subject to the charge, and if he does so he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months, or to both such imprisonment and fine.

(c) Every person owning or having the control or management of any property, right, or interest, subject to the charge (including where the property, right, or interest consists of shares, stocks, or other securities issued by a company, municipal authority, or other body, or any right or interest therein, such company, authority, or body) shall, unless particulars thereof have already been furnished to the Custodian in accordance with the Trading with the Enemy Acts, 1914 to 1918, within one month from the date of the making of this Order, by notice in writing communicate the fact to the Administrator, and shall furnish the Administrator with such particulars in relation thereto as the Administrator may require, and if any person fails to do so or furnishes any false information, he shall on summary conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds;

(d) Where the property charged consists of inscribed or registered stock, shares, or other securities, any company, municipal authority, or other body by whom the securities were issued or are managed shall on application being made by the Administrator, notwithstanding any regulation or stipulation of the company or other body, and notwithstanding that the Administrator is not in possession of the certificate; scrip, or other document of title relating to the shares, stock, or securities to which the application relates, enter the Administrator in the books in which the securities are inscribed or registered, as the proprietor of the securities subject to the charge, and the Administrator shall have power to sell or otherwise deal with the securities as proprietor of which he is so registered or inscribed.

(e) Where the property charged consists of property transferable on delivery, any person having the possession, control, or management of the property shall, on being so required by the Administrator, deliver the property to him, and the Administrator shall have power to sell or otherwise deal with the property so delivered to him.

(f) The Board of Trade may by order vest in the Administrator any property, right, or interest subject to the charge, or the right to transfer the same, and for that purpose sub-sections (1) to (4) of section 4 of the Trading with the Enemy (Amendment) Act, 1916, shall apply as if property, rights, and interests subject to the charge were property belonging to an enemy or enemy subject, and as if for references to the Custodian therein there were substituted references to the Administrator;

(g) The court may on the application of the Administrator require any person known or suspected to have in his possession or under his control any property, right, or interest subject to the charge, including any person known or suspected to owe a debt to a national of the former Austrian Empire or any person whom the court may consider capable of giving information with respect to the same, subject to payment or tender of reasonable expenses of his attendance, to attend as a witness and to give evidence or produce documents before the court or before such officer as the court may appoint for the purpose of examining into the matter, who shall have power to take evidence and administer oaths, and if any person fails without reasonable excuse to comply with any of the provisions of the order, or wilfully gives false evidence, he shall on summary conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months, or to both such imprisonment and fine. For the purposes of this paragraph. "the court" means the High Court or a Judge thereof or a County Court, or in Scotland the Court of Session or a Sheriff Court. (h) If any person called upon to pay any money or to transfer or otherwise to deal with any property, rights, or interests has

reason to suspect that the same are subject to such charge as aforesaid, he shall, before paying, transferring, or dealing with the same, report the matter to the Administrator, and shall comply with any directions that the Administrator may give with respect thereto.

(xi.) There shall be paid to the Administrator such surplus proceeds of property, rights, and interests charged under Section 1 (xvi.) of the Treaty of Peace Order, 1919, as may be allocated in accordance with Article 1 (xvi.) (b) of that Order to the payment of amounts due in respect of claims by British nationals with regard to their property, rights, and interests in the territories of the former Austrian Empire.

(xii.) The Administrator shall, as respects property vested in or transferred to him under this Order, have all the rights and powers conferred upon or exercisable, as respects property vested in him, by a trustee in bankruptcy, whether with or without the permission of a committee of inspection or the leave of the court.

(xiii.) The Administrator shall apply the sums received by him in satisfaction of the claims, debts, and compensation mentioned in sub-section (ix.) of this article.

(xiv.) The Clearing Office and the Administrator may, subject to the approval of the President of the Board of Trade, from time to time make, revoke, or vary general rules, and may by such rules prescribe forms for carrying into effect the provisions of this Order, and prescribe the time (not being less than six months after the coming into force of the Treaty) within which proof of claims in order to rank must be made and the manner of making and proving the same.

(xv.) There shall be attached to the Clearing Office, and the Administrator shall be assisted by, such officers and servants as the Board of Trade, subject to the consent of the Treasury, may determine, and there shall be paid to the Administrator and to such officers and servants such salaries cr other remuneration as the Treasury may determine.

(xvi.) The Clearing Office, out of the money collected by them, and the Administrator, out of the property, rights, and interests or proceeds thereof vested in or collected or received by him under

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this Order, shall retain such sums as, subject to the consent of the Treasury, the Clearing Office, or Administrator, may consider necessary to cover risks, expenses, and commissions.

(xvii.) Proceedings by and on behalf of the Clearing Office and proceedings by the Administrator may be taken by and in the name of the Administrator, who may by the name of the Administrator of Austrian property sue and be sued, and costs may be awarded to or against the Administrator.

(xviii.) Every document purporting to be an order or other instrument issued by the Clearing Office and to be signed by the Administrator or by the Secretary of the Clearing Office or by any other person authorized by the Administrator, and every document purporting to be an order or other instrument issued by the Administrator and to be signed by him or by any other person authorized by him shall be received in evidence, and shall be deemed to be such order or instrument without further proof unless the contrary is shown, and in any proceeding by the Clearing Office, or by the Administrator to recover a debt or fine, a report purporting to be signed by the Administrator or any other person authorized by him shall be evidence of the facts therein stated.

(xix.) A certificate signed by the Administrator that an order or other instrument purporting to be made or issued by the Clearing Office or by the Administrator is so made or issued shall be conclusive evidence of the facts so certified.

(xx.) The Documentary Evidence Act, 1868, as amended by any subsequent enactment, shall apply to the Clearing Office and to the Administrator in like manner as if they were respectively mentioned in the first column of the First Schedule to that Act, and as if the Administrator or any person authorized by him to act on his behalf were in relation both to the Clearing Office and the Administrator mentioned in the second column of that schedule, and as if the regulations referred to in that Act included any documents issued by or on behalf of the Clearing Office or the Administrator.

(xxi.) All decisions of the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal constituted under Section VI. of Part X. of the Treaty, if within the jurisdiction of that tribunal, shall be final and conclusive and binding on all courts.

(xxii.) The Administrator may undertake on behalf of a British national the presentation to and conduct before the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal of any claim, difference, or dispute referable to the tribunal under the provisions of Sections IV., V., and VII. of Part X. of the Treaty, and may make regulations with the consent of the Treasury in respect of the fees to be charged in respect of such services.

(xxiii.) For the purpose of enforcing the attendance of witnesses before the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal wherever sitting, whether within or without His Majesty's Dominions, and compelling the production before the tribunal of documents, **a** Secretary of State shall have power to issue orders which shall have the like effect as if the proceedings before the tribunal were in action in a court and the order were a formal process issued by that court in the due exercise of its jurisdiction, and shall be enforceable by that court accordingly, and disobedience to any such order shall be punishable as contempt of court.

(xxiv.) The time at which the period of prescription or limitation of right of action referred to in Article 252 of the Treaty shall begin again to run shall be at the expiration of six months after the coming into force of the Treaty, and the period to be allowed within which presentation of negotiable instruments for acceptance or payment and notice of non-acceptance or non-payment or protest may be made under Article 253 shall be ten months from the coming into force of the Treaty.

(xxv.) Rules made during the war by any recognized Exchange or Commercial Association providing for the closure of contracts entered into before the war by an enemy and any action taken thereunder are hereby confirmed, subject to the provisos contained in paragraph 4 (α) of the Annex to Section V. of Part X. of the Treaty.

(xxvi.) There shall be imposed on rights of industrial, literary, or artistic property (with the exception of trade marks) acquired before or during the war, or which may be acquired hereafter, by or on behalf of Austrian nationals, such limitations, conditions, or restrictions as the Board of Trade may prescribe for the purpose, in the manner, in the circumstances, and subject to the limitations, contained in Article 258 of the Treaty, and any transfer in whole or in part or other dealing with any rights so acquired as aforesaid effected since the Twenty-eighth day of July, Nineteen hundred and Fourteen, shall if and so far as it is inconsistent with any limitations, conditions, or restrictions so imposed be void and of no effect. (xxvii.) So far as may be necessary for the purpose of Article 259 of the Treaty, the Patents, Designs, and Trade Marks (Temporary Rules) Act, 1914 (except paragraph (b) of Section 1 of the Patents, Designs, and Trade Marks (Temporary Rules) (Amendment) Act, 1914), shall in relation to Austrian nationals continue in force, and shall be deemed as from the date when the Treaty came into force to have continued in force, as if references therein to subjects of a State at war with His Mafesty included references to Austrian nationals.

(xxviii.) The duly qualified tribunal for the purposes of Article 262 of the Treaty shall be the Comptroller-General of Patents. Designs, and Trade Marks.

2. For the purposes of the foregoing provisions of this Order-. The expression "enemy debt" has the meaning assigned to it

by paragraph 2 of the Annex to Section III. of Part X. of the Treaty, and includes any sum which under the Treaty is

to be treated or dealt with in like manner as an enemy debt... The expression "nationals" in relation to any State includes the Sovereign or former Sovereign and the subjects or

citizens of that State and any company or corporation incorporated therein according to the law of that State, and in the case of a Protectorate the natives thereof. The expression "nationals of the former Austrian Empire"

he expression "nationals of the former Austrian Empire" does not include persons who, within six months of the coming into force of the Treaty, show to the satisfaction of the Administrator that they have acquired *ipso facto*, in accordance with its provisions, nationality of an Allied or Associated Power, including those who under Articles 72 or 76 of the Treaty obtained such nationality with the consent of the competent authorities, or who under Articles 74 or 77 thereof acquired such nationality by virtue of previous rights of citizenship.

The Interpretation Act, 1889, applies for the interpretation of this Order in like manner as it applies for the interpretation of an Act of Parliament, and as if this Order were an Act of Parliament.

3. This Order shall apply to the whole of His Majesty's Dominions and Protectorates, except India and Egypt and the self-governing Dominions, that is to say, the Dominion of Canada, the Commonwealth of Australia (which for this purpose shall be deemed to include Papua and Norfolk Island), the Union of South Africa, the Dominion of New Zealand, and Newfoundland, but in its application to the parts of His Majesty's Dominions outside the United Kingdom and to British Protectorates shall be subject to such modifications as may be made by the Legislatures of those parts or those Protectorates for adapting to the circumstances thereof the provisions of this Order. Provided that if a local clearing office is established in India or

Provided that if a local clearing office is established in India or in any self-governing Dominion, the provisions of this Order relating to the Clearing Office shall apply with respect to the relations between the Central Clearing Office and the local clearing office, and to transactions on behalf of the local clearing office or which must be effected through the Central Clearing Office or which may be effected by the Central Clearing Office at the request of the local clearing office.

4. This Order shall be deemed to have come into operation as from the date when the Treaty of Peace came into force, that is to say, the Sixteenth day of July, Nineteen hundred and Twenty. 5. This Order may be cited as the Treaty of Peace (Austria) Order, 1920.

ALMERIC FITZROY

SCHEDULE.

SECTION III,-DEBTS.

ARTICLE 248.

There shall be settled, through the intervention of Clearing Offices to be established by each of the High Contracting Parties within three months of the notification referred to in paragraph (e) hereafter, the following classes of pecuniary obligations:

 Debts payable before the war and due by a national of one of the Contracting Powers, residing within its territory, to a national of an Opposing Power, residing within its territory;
 Debts which became payable during the war to nationals of

(2) Debts which became payable during the war to nationals of one Contracting Power residing within its territory and arose out of transactions or contracts with the nationals of an Opposing Power, resident within its territory, of which the total or partial execution was suspended on account of the existence of a state of war;

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890

(3) Interest which has accrued due before and during the war to a national of one of the Contracting Powers in respect of securities issued or taken over by an Opposing Power, provided that the payment of interest on such securities to the nationals of that Power or to neutrals has not been suspended during the war;

(4) Capital sums which have become payable before and during the war to nationals of one of the Contracting Powers in respect of securities issued by one of the Opposing Powers, provided that the payment of such capital sums to nationals of that Power or to neutrals has not been suspended during the war.

In the case of interest or capital sums payable in respect of securities issued or taken over by the former Austro-Hungarian Government, the amount to be credited and paid by Austria will be the interest or capital in respect only of the debt for which Austria is liable in accordance with Part IX. (Financial Clauses) of the present Treaty, and the principles laid down by the Reparation Commission.

The proceeds of liquidation of enemy property, rights, and interests mentioned in Section IV. and in the Annex thereto will be accounted for through the Clearing Offices, in the currency and at the rate of exchange hereinafter provided for in paragraph (d), and disposed of by them under the conditions provided by the said Section and Annex.

The settlements provided for in this Article shall be effected according to the following principles and in accordance with the Annex to this section :

(a) Each of the High Contracting Parties shall prohibit as from the coming into force of the present Treaty, both the payment and the acceptance of payment of such debts, and also all communications between the interested parties with regard to the settlement of the said debts otherwise than through the Clearing Offices;

Clearing Offices ; (b) Each of the High Contracting Parties shall be respectively responsible for the payment of such debts due by its nationals, except in the cases where before the war the debtor was in a state of bankruptcy or failure, or had given formal indication of insolvency, or where the debt was due by a company whose business has been liquidated under emergency legislation during the war.

(c) The sums due to the nationals of one of the High Contracting Parties by the nationals of an Opposing State will be debited to the Clearing Office of the country of the debtor, and paid to the creditor by the Clearing Office of the country of the creditor ;

(d) Debts shall be paid or credited in the currency of such one of the Allied and Associated Pewers, their colonies or protectorates or the British Dominions or India, as may be concerned. If the debts are payable in some other currency, they shall be paid or credited in the currency of the country concerned, whether an Allied or Associated Power, Colony, Protectorate, British Dominion, or India, at the pre-war rate of exchange.

11.5

For the purpose of this provision, the pre-war rate of exchange shall be defined as the average cable transfer rate prevailing in the Allied or Associated country concerned during the month immediately preceding the outbreak of war between the said country concerned and Austria-Hungary.

If a contract provides for a fixed rate of exchange governing the conversion of the currency in which the debt is stated into the currency of the Allied or Associated country concerned, then the above provisions concerning the rate of exchange shall not apply.

In the case of the new States of Poland and the Czecho-Slovak State, the currency in which and the rate of exchange at which debts shall be paid or credited shall be determined by the Reparation Commission provided for in Part VIII. unless they shall have been previously settled by agreement between the States interested;

(e) The provisions of this Article and of the Annex hereto shall not apply as between Austria, on the one hand, and any one of the Allied and Associated Powers, their colories or protectorates, or any one of the British Dominions or India, on the other hand, unless within a period of one month from the deposit of the ratification of the present Treaty by the Power in question, or cf the ratification on behalf of such Dominion or of India, notice to that effect is given to Austria by the Government of such Allied or Associated Power or of such Dominion or of India as the case may be :

(f) The Allied and Associated Powers which have adopted this Article and the Annex hereto may agree between themselves to apply them to their respective nationals established in their territory so far as regards matters between their nationals and Austrian nationals. In this case the payments made by application of this provision will be subject to arrangements between the Allied and Associated Clearing Offices concerned.

ANNEX.

1. Each of the High Contracting Parties will, within three months from the notification provided for in Article 248, paragraph (e), establish a Clearing Office for the collection and payment of enemy debts.

Local Clearing Offices may be established for any particular portion of the territories of the High Contracting Parties. Such local Clearing Offices may perform all the functions of a central Clearing Office in their respective districts, except that all transactions with the Clearing Office in the Opposing State must be effected through the central Clearing Office.

2. In this Annex the pecuniary obligations referred to in the first paragraph of Article 248 are described as "enemy debts," the persons from whom the same are due as "enemy debtors," the persons to whom they are due as "enemy creditors," the Clearing Office in the country of the creditor is called the "Creditor Clearing Office," and the Clearing Office in the country of the debtor is called the "Debtor Clearing Office." 3. The High Contracting Parties will subject contractions

3. The High Contracting Parties will subject contraventions of paragraph (a) of Article 248 to the same penalties as are at present provided by their legislation for trading with the enemy. They will similarly prohibit within their territory all legal process relating to payment of enemy debts, except in accordance with the provisions of this Annex.

4. The Government guarantee specified in paragraph (b) of , Article 248 shall take effect whenever, for any reason, a debt shall not be recoverable, except in a case where at the date of the outbreak of war the debt was barred by the laws of prescription in force in the country of the debtor or where the debtor was at that time in a state of bankruptcy or failure or had given formal indication of insolvency, or where the debt was due by a company whose business has been liquidated under emergency legislation during the war. In such case the procedure specified by this Annex shall apply to payment of the dividends. The terms "bankruptcy" and "failure" refer to the applica-

The terms "bankruptcy" and "failure" refer to the application of legislation providing for such juridical conditions. The expression "formal indication of insolvency" bears the same meaning as it has in English law.

5. Creditors shall give notice to the Creditor Clearing Office within six months of its establishment of debts due to them, and shall furnish the Clearing Office with any documents and information required of them.

The High Contracting Partles will take all suitable measures to trace and punish collusion between enemy creditors and debtors. The Clearing Offices will communicate to one another any evidence and information which might help the discovery and punishment of such collusion.

The High Contracting Parties will facilitate as much as possible postal and telegraph communication at the expense of the parties concerned and through the intervention of the Clearing Offices between debtors and creditors desirous of coming to an agreement as to the amount of their debt.

The Creditor Clearing Office will notify the Debtor Clearing Office of all debts declared to it. The Debtor Clearing Office will, in due course, inform the Creditor Clearing Office which debts are admitted and which debts are contested. In the latter case, the Debtor Clearing Office will give the grounds for the non admission of debt.

6 When a debt has been admitted, in whole or in part, the Debtor Clearing Office will at once credit the Creditor Clearing Office with the amount admitted, and at the same time notify it of such credit.

7. The debt shall be deemed to be admitted in full and shall be credited forthwith to the Creditor Clearing Office unless within three months from the receipt of the notification, or such longer time as may be agreed to by the Creditor Clearing Office, notice has been given by the Debtor Clearing Office that it is not admitted.

8. When the whole or part of a debt is not admitted the two Clearing Offices will examine into the matter jointly and will endeavour to bring the parties to an agreement.

9. The Creditor Clearing Office will pay to the individual creditor the sums credited to it out of the funds placed at its disposal by the Government of its country and in accordance with the conditions fixed by the said Government, retaining any sums considered necessary to cover risks, expenses, or commissions.

10. Any person having claimed payment of an enemy debt which is not admitted in whole or in part shall pay to the Clearing Office, by way of fine, interest at 5 per cent on the part not admitted. Any person having unduly refused to admit the whole or part of a debt claimed from him shall pay, by way of fine, interest at 5 per cent. on the amount with regard to which his refusal shall be disallowed.

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Such interest shall run from the date of expiration of the period provided for in paragraph 7 until the date on which the claim shall have been disallowed or the debt paid.

Each Clearing Office shall, in so far as it is concerned, take steps to collect the fines above provided for, and will be responsible if such fines cannot be collected.

The fines will be credited to the other Clearing Office, which shall retain them as a contribution towards the cost of carrying out the present provisions.

11. The balance between the Clearing Offices shall be struck monthly, and the credit balance paid in cash by the debtor State within a week.

Nevertheless, any credit balances which may be due by one or more of the Allied and Associated Powers shall be retained until complete payment shall have been effected of the sums due to the Allied or Associated Powers or their nationals on account of the war.

12. To facilitate discussion between the Clearing Offices each of them shall have a representative at the place where the other is established.

13. Except for special reasons all discussions in regard to claims will, so far as possible, take place at the Debtor Clearing Office.

14. In conformity with Article 248, paragraph (b), the High Contracting Parties are responsible for the payment of the enemy debts owing by their nationals.

The Debtor Clearing Office will therefore credit the Creditor Clearing Office with all debts admitted, even in case of inability to collect them from the individual debtor. The Governments concerned will, nevertheless, invest their respective Clearing Offices with all necessary powers for the recovery of debts which have been admitted.

15. Each Government will defray the expenses of the Clearing Office set up in its territory, including the salaries of the staff.

16. Where the two Clearing Offices are unable to agree whether a debt claimed is due, or in case of a difference between an enemy debtor and an enemy creditor or between the Clearing Offices, the dispute shall either be referred to arbitration, if the parties so agree under conditions fixed by agreement between them, or referred to the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal provided for in Section VI. hereafter.

At the request of the Creditor Clearing Office the dispute may, however, be submitted to the jurisdiction of the Courts of the place of domicile of the debtor.

17. Recovery of sums found by the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal, the Court; or the Arbitration Tribunal to be due shall be effected through the Clearing Offices as if these sums were debts admitted by the Debtor Clearing Office.

18. Each of the Governments concerned shall appoint an agent who will be responsible for the presentation to the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal of the cases conducted on behalf of its Clearing Office. This agent will exercise a general control over the representatives or counsel employed by its nationals.

Decisions will be arrived at on documentary evidence, but it will be open to the Tribunal to hear the parties in person, or according to their preference by their representatives approved by the two Governments, or by the agent referred to above, who shall be competent to intervene along with the party or to reopen and maintain a claim abandoned by the same.

19. The Clearing Offices concerned will lay before the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal all information and documents in their possession, so as to enable the Tribunal to decide rapidly on the cases which ' are brought before it.

are brought before it. 20. Where one of the parties concerned appeals against the joint decision of the two Clearing Offices he shall make a deposit against the costs, which deposit shall only be refunded when the first judgment is modified in favour of the appellant and in proportion to the success he may attain, his opponent in case of such a refund being required to pay an equivalent proportion of the costs and expenses. Security accepted by the Tribunal may be substituted for a deposit.

A fee of 5 per cent. of the amount in dispute shall be charged in respect of all cases brought before the Tribunal. This fee shall, unless the Tribunal directs otherwise, be borne by the unsuccessful party. Such fee shall be added to the deposit referred to. It is also independent of the security.

The Tribunal may award to one of the parties a sum in respect of the expenses of the proceedings.

Any sum payable under this paragraph shall be credited to the Clearing Office of the successful party as a separate item. 21. With a view to the rapid settlement of claims, due regard

21. With a view to the rapid settlement of claims, due regard shall be paid in the appointment of all persons connected with the Clearing Offices or with the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal to their knowledge of the language of the other country concerned.

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Each of the Clearing Offices will be at liberty to correspond with the other and to forward documents in its own language.

22. Subject to any special agreement to the contrary between the Governments concerned debts shall carry interest in accordance with the following provisions:

Interest shall not be payable on sums of money due by way of dividend, interest, or other periodical payments which themselves represent interest on capital.

The rate of interest shall be 5 per cent. per annum, except in cases where, by contract law or custom, the creditor is entitled to payment of interest at a different rate. In such cases the rate to which he is entitled shall prevail.

Interest shall run from the date of commencement of hostilities (or, if the sum of money to be recovered fell due during the war, from the date at which it fell due) until the sum is credited to the Clearing Office of the creditor.

Sums due by way of interest shall be treated as debts admitted by the Clearing Offices and shall be credited to the Creditor Clearing Office in the same way as such debts.

23. Where by decision of the Clearing Offices or the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal a claim is held not to fall within Article 248, the creditor shall be at liberty to prosecute the claim before the Courts or to take such other proceedings as may be open to him. The presentation of a claim to the Clearing Office suspends the

operation of any period of prescription.

24. The High Contracting Parties agree to regard the decisions of the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal as final and consclusive, and to render them binding upon their nationals.

25. In any case where a Creditor Clearing Office declines to notify a claim to the Debtor Clearing Office, or to take any step provided for in this Annex intended to make effective in whole or in part a request of which it has received due notice, the enemy creditor shall be entitled to receive from the Clearing Office a certificate setting out the amount of the claim, and shall then be entitled to prosecute the claim before the Courts or to take such other proceedings as may be open to him.

SECTION IV.-PROPERTY, RIGHTS, AND INTERESTS.

ARTICLE 249.

The question of private property, rights, and interests in an enemy country shall be settled according to the principles laid down in this Section and to the provisions of the Annex hereto.

(a) The exceptional war measures and measures of transfer (defined in paragraph 3 of the Annex hereto) taken in the territory of the former Austrian Empire with respect to the property, rights, and interest of nationals of Allied or Associated Powers, including companies and associations in which they are interested, when liquidation has not been completed, shall be immediately discontinued or stayed and the property, rights, and interests concerned restored to their owners.

(b) Subject to any contrary stipulations which may be provided for in the present Treaty, the Allied and Associated Powers reserve the right to retain and liquidate all property, rights, and interests which belong at the date of the coming into force of the present Treaty to nationals of the former Austrian Empire, or companies controlled by them, and are within the territories, colonies, possessions and protectorates of such Powers (including territories ceded to them by the present Treaty) or are under the control of those Powers.

The liquidation shall be carried out in accordance with the laws of the Allied or Associated State concerned, and the owner shall, not be able to dispose of such property, rights. or interests nor to subject them to any charge without the consent of that State.

Persons who within six months of the coming into force of the present Treaty show that they have acquired *ipso facto* in accordance with its provisions the nationality of an Allied or Associated Power, including those who under Articles 72 or 76 obtain such nationality with the consent of the competent authorities, or who under Articles 74 or 77 acquire such nationality in virtue of previous rights of citizenship (*pertinenza*) will not be considered as nationals of the former Austrian Empire within the meaning of this paragraph.

(c) The price or the amount of compensation in respect of the exercise of the right efferred to in paragraph (b) will be fixed in accordance with the methods of sale or valuation adopted by the laws of the country in which the property has been retained or liquidated.

(d) As between the Allied and Associated Powers and their nationals on the one hand and nationals of the former Austrian Empire on the other hand, as also between Austria on the one hand and the Allied and Associated Powers and their nationals on the

other hand, all the exceptional war measures, or measures of transfer, or acts done or to be done in execution of such measures as defined in paragraphs 1 and 3 of the Annex hereto, shall be considered as final and binding upon all persons except as regards the reservations laid down in the present Treaty.

(e) The nationals of Allied and Associated Powers shall be entitled to compensation in respect of damage or injury inflicted upon their property, rights, or interests, including any company or association in which they are interested, in the territory of the former Austrian Empire, by the application either of the exceptional war measures or measures of transfer mentioned in paragraphs 1 and 3 of the Annex hereto. The claims made in this respect by such n tionals shall be investigated, and the total of the compensation shall be determined by the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal provided for in Section VI. or by an arbitrator appointed by that Tribunal. This compensation shall be borne by Austria, and may be charged upon the property of nationals in the former Austrian Empire, or companies controlled by them, as defined in paragraph (b), within the territory or under the control of the claimant's State. This property may be constituted as a pledge for enemy liabilities under the conditions fixed by paragraph 4 of the Annex hereto. The payment of this compensation may be made by the Allied or Associated State, and the amount will be debited to Austria.

(f) Whenever a national of an Allied or Associated Power is entitled to property which has been subjected to a measure of transfer in the territory of the former Austrian Empire and express s a desire for its restitution, his claim for compensation in accordance with paragraph (e) shall be satisfied by the restitution of the said property if it still exists in specie.

In such case Austria shall take all necessary steps to restore the evicted owner to the possession of his property, free from all encumbrances or burdens with which it may have been charged after the liquidation, and to indemnify all third parties injured

by the restitution. If the restitution provided for in this paragraph cannot be effected, private agreements arranged by the intermediation of the Powers concerned or the Clearing Offices provided for in the Annex to Section III. may be made, in order to secure that the national of the Allied or Associated Power may secure compen-

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sation for the injury referred to in paragraph (e) by the grant of advantages or equivalents which he agrees to accept in place of the property, rights; or interests of which he was deprived. Through restitution in accordance with this Article the price or

. . . . the amount of compensation fixed by the application of paragraph (e) will be reduced by the actual value of the property restored, account being taken of compensation in respect of loss of use or deterioration.

(g) The rights conferred by paragraph (f) are reserved to owners who are nationals of Allied or Associated Powers within whose territory legislative measures prescribing the general liquidation of enemy property, rights, or interests were not applied before the signature of the Armistice.

(h) Except in cases where, by application of paragraph (f), restitutions in specie have been made, the nett proceeds of sales of enemy property, rights, or interests wherever situated carried out either by virtue of war legislation, or by application of this Article, and in general all cash assets of enemies, other than proceeds of sales of property or cash assets in Allied or Associated countries belonging to persons covered by the last sentence of paragraph (b) above shall be dealt with as follows:

(1) As regards Powers adopting Section III. and the Annex thereto, the said proceeds and cash assets shall be credited to the Power of which the owner is a national, through the Clearing Office established thereunder; any credit balance in favour of Austria resulting therefrom shall be dealt with as provided in Article 189, Part VIII. (Reparation), of the present Treaty.

(2) As regards Powers not adopting Section III. and the Annex thereto, the proceeds of the property, rights, and interests, and the cash assets, of the nationals of Allied or Associated Powers held by Austria shall be paid immediately to the person entitled thereto or to his Government; the proceeds of the property, rights and interests, and the cash assets of nationals of the former rights and interests, and the cash assets of nationals of the former Austrian Empire, or companies controlled by them, as defined in paragraph (b), received by an Allied or Associated Power shall be subject to dis osal by such Power in accordance with its laws and regulations and may be applied in payment of the claims and debts defined by this Article or paragraph 4 of the Annex hereto. Any such property, rights and interests or proceeds thereof or cash assets not used as above provided may be retained by the thereof shall be dealt with as provided in Article 189. Part VIII. thereof shall be dealt with as provided in Article 189, Part VIII. (Reparation), of the present Treaty.

(i) Subject to the provisions of Article 267, in the case of liquidations effected in new States which are signatories of the present Treaty as Allied and Associated Powers, or in States which are not entitled to share in the reparation payments to be made by Austria, the proceeds of liquidations effected by such States shall, subject to the Rights of the Reparation Commission under the present Treaty, particularly under Articles 181. Part

which are not entitled to share in the reparation payments to be made by Austria, the proceeds of liquidations effected by such States shall, subject to the Rights of the Reparation Commission under the present Treat/, particularly under Articles 181, Part VIII. (Reparation), and 211, Part IX. (Financial Clauses), be paid direct to the owner. If on the application of that owner, the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal provided for by Section VI. of this Part, or an arbitrator appointed by that Tribunal, is satisfied that the conditions of the sale or measures taken by the Government of the State in question outside its general legislation were unfairly prejudicial to the price obtained, they shall have discretion to award to the owner equitable compensation to be paid by that State.

(j) Austria undertakes to compensate her nationals in respect of the sale or retention of their property, rights, or interests in Allied or capital levied or to be levied by Austria on the Associated States.

(k) The amount of all taxes or imposts on property, rights, and interests of the nationals of the Allied or Associated Powers from November 3, 1918, until three months from the coming into force of the present Treaty, or, in the case of property, rights, or interests which have been subjected to exceptional measures of war, until restitution in accordance with the present Treaty, shall be restored to the owners.

ARTICLE 250.

Austria undertakes, with regard to the property, rights, and interests, including companies and associations in which they were interested, restored to nationals of Allied and Associated Powers in accordance with the provisions of Article 249, paragraph (a) or (f):

(a) To restore and maintain, except as expressly provided in the present Treaty, the property, rights, and interests of the nationals of Allied or Associated Powers in the legal position of obtaining in respect of the property, rights, and interests of nationals of the former Austrian Empire under the laws in force before the war;

(b) Not to subject the property, rights, or interests of the nationals of the Allied or Associated Powers to any measures in derogation of property rights which are not applied equally to the property, rights and interests of Austrian nationals, and to pay adequate compensation in the event of the application of these measures.

ANNEX.

1. In accordance with the provisions of Article 249, paragraph (d), the validity of vesting orders and of orders for winding up of business or companies, and of any other orders, directions, or instructions of any court or any department of the Government of any of the High Contracting Parties made or given, or purporting to be made or given, in pursuance of war legislation with regard to enemy property, rights and interests is confirmed. The interests of all persons shall be regarded as having been effectively dealt with by any order, direction, decision, or instruction dealing with property in which they may be interested, whether or not such interests are specially mentioned in the order, direction, decision, or instruction. No question shall be raised as to the regularity of a transfer of any property, rights, or interests dealt with in pursuance of any such order, direction, decision, or instruction. Every action taken with regard to any property, business, or company, whether as regards its investigation, sequestration, compulsory administration, use, requisition, supervision, or wind-ing-up, the sale or management of property, rights, or interests, the collection or discharge of debts, the payment of costs, charges. or expenses, or any other matter whatsoever, in pursuance of orders, directions, decisions, or instructions of any court or of any department of the Government of any of the High Contracting Parties, made or given, or purporting to be made or given, in pursuance of war legislation with regard to enemy property, rights, or interests, is confirmed. Provided that the provisions of this paragraph shall not be held to prejudice the titles to property heretofore acquired in good faith and for value and in accordance with the laws of the country in which the property is situated by nationals of the Allied and Associated Powers.

The provisions of this paragraph do not apply to such of the above-mentioned measures as have been taken by the former Austro-Hungarian Government in invaded or occupied territory, nor to such of the above-mentioned measures as have been taken by Austria or the Austrian authorities since November 3, 1918, all of which measures shall be void. 1.

2. No claim or action shall be made or brought against any Allied or Associated Power or against any person acting on behalf of or under the direction of any legal authority or department of the Government of such a Power by Austria or by any Austrian national or by or on behalf of any national of the former Austrian Empire wherever resident in respect of any act or omission with regard to his property, rights. or interests during the war or in preparation for the war. Similarly no claim or action shall be made or brought against any person in respect of any act or omission under or in accordance with the exceptional war measures, law, or regulations of any Allied or Associated Power.

3. In Article 249 and this Annex the expression "exceptional war measures" includes measures of all kinds, legislative, administrative, judicial, or others, that have been taken or will be taken hereafter with regard to enemy property, and which have had or will have the effect of removing from the proprietors the power of disposition over their property, though without affecting the ownership, such as measures of supervision, of compulsory administration, and of sequestration ; or measures which have had or will have as an object the seizure of, the use of, or the interference with enemy assets, for whatsoever motive, under whatsoever form, or in whatsoever place. Acts in the execution of these measures include all detentions, instructions, orders, or decrees of Government departments or courts applying these measures to enemy property, as well as acts performed by any person connected with the administration or the supervision of enemy property, such as the payment of debts, the collecting of credits, the payment of any costs, charges, or expenses, or the collecting of fees.

Measures of transfer are those which have affected or will affect the ownership of enemy property by transferring it in whole or in part to a person other than the enemy owner, and without his consent, such measures directing the sale, liquidation, or devolution of ownership in enemy property, or the cancelling of titles or securities.

4. All property, rights, and interests of nationals of the former Austrian Empire within the territory of any Allied or Associated Power and the nett proceeds of their sale, liquidation, or other dealing therewith may be charged by that Allied or Associated Power in the first place with payment of amounts due in respect of claims by the nationals of the Allied or Associated Power with regard to their property, rights. and interests, including companies. and associations in which they are interested, in territory of the former Austrian Empire, or debts owing to them by Austrian nationals, and with payment of claims growing out of acts committed by the former Austro-Hungarian Government or by any Austrian authorities since July 28, 1914, and before that Allied or Associated Power entered into the war. The amount of such claims may be assessed by an arbitrator appointed by M. Gustave Ador, if he is willing, or if no such appointment is made by him, by an arbitrator appointed by the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal They may be charged in the second provided for in Section VI. place with payment of the amounts due in respect of claims by the nationals of such Allied or Associated Power with regard to their property, rights, and interests in the territory of other enemy Powers, in so far as those claims are otherwise unsatisfied.

5. Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 249, where immediately before the outbreak of war a company incorporated in an Allied or Associated State had rights in common with a company controlled by it and incorporated in Austria to the use of trade marks in third countries, or enjoy the use in common with such company of unique means of reproduction of goods or articles for sale in third countries, the former company shall alone have the right to use these trade marks in third countries to the exclusion of the Austrian company, and these unique means of reproduction shall be handed over to the former company notwithstanding any action taken under war legislation in force in the Austro-Hungarian Monarchy with regard to the latter company or its business, industrial property, or shares. Nevertheless, the former company, if requested, shall deliver to the latter company derivative copies permitting the continuation of reproduction of articles for use within Austrian territory.

6. Up to the time when restitution is carried out in accordance with Article 249, Austria is responsible for the conservation of property, rights, and interests of the nationals of Allied or Associated Powers, including companies and associations in which they are interested, that have been subjected by her to exceptional war measures.

7. Within one year from the coming into force of the present Treaty the Allied or Associated Powers will specify the property, rights, and interests over which they intend to exercise the right provided in Article 249, paragraph (f).

8. The restitution provided in Article 249 will be carried out by order of the Austrian Government or of the authorities which have been substituted for it. Detailed accounts of the action of administrators shall be furnished to the interested persons by the Austrian authorities upon request, which may be made at any time after the coming into force of the present Treaty.

9. Until completion of the liquidation provided for by Article 249, paragraph (b), the property, rights, and interests of the persons referred to in that paragraph will continue to be subject to exceptional war measures that have been or will be taken with regard to them.

10. Austria will, within six months from the coming into force of the present Treaty, deliver to each Allied or Associated Power all securities, certificates, deeds, or other documents of title held by its nationals and relating to property, rights, or interests situated in the torritory of that Allied or Associated Power, including any shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stock, or other obligations of any company incorporated in accordance with the laws of that Power.

Austria will at any time on demand of any Allied or Associated Power furnish such information as may be required with regard to the property, rights, and interests of Austrian nationals within the territory of such Allied or Associated Power, or with regard to any transactions concerning such property, rights, or interests effected since July 1, 1914. 11. The expression "cash assets" includes all deposits or

11. The expression "cash assets" includes all deposits or funds established before or after the existence of a state of war, as well as all assets coming from deposits, revenues, or profits collected by administrators, sequestrators or others from funds placed on deposit or otherwise, but does not include sums belonging to the Allied or Associated Powers or to their component States, Provinces, or Municipalities.

12. All investments wheresoever effected with the cash assets of nationals of the High Contracting Parties, including companies and associations in which such nationals were interested, by persons responsible for the administration of enemy properties or having control over such administration, or by order of such persons or of any authority whatsoever, shall be annulled. These cash assets shall be accounted for irrespective of any such investment.

13. Within one month from the coming into force of the present Treaty, or on demand at any time, Austria will deliver to the Allied and Associated Powers all accounts, vouchers, records, documents, and information of any kind which may be within Austrian territory, and which concern the property, rights, and interests of the nationals of those Powers, including companies and associations in which they are interested, that have been subjected to an exceptional war measure, or to a measure of transfer either in the territory of the former Austrian Empire or in territory occupied by that Empire or its allies.

The controllers, supervisors, managers, administrators, sequestrators, liquidators, and receivers shall be personally responsible under guarantee of the Austrian Government for the immediate delivery in full of these accounts and documents, and for their accuracy.

14. The provisions of Article 249 and this Annex relating to property, rights, and interests in an enemy country, and the proceeds of the liquidation thereof, apply to debts, credits, and accounts, Section III. regulating only the method of payment.

In the settlement of matters provided for in Article 249 between Austria and the Allied or Associated Powers, their colonies or protectorates, or any one of the British Dominions or India, in respect of any of which a declaration shall not have been made that they adopt Section III., and between their respective nationals, the provisions of Section III. respecting the currency in which payment is to be made and the rate of exchange and of interest shall apply unless the Government of the Allied or Associated Power concerned shall within six months of the coming into force of the present Treaty notify Austria that one or more of the said provisions are not to be applied.

15. The provisions of Article 240 and this Annex apply to industrial, literary, and artistic property which has been or will be dealt with in the liquidation of property, rights, interests, companies of businesses under war legislation by the Allied or Associated Powers, or in accordance with the stipulations of Article 249, paragraph (b).

SECTION V.--CONTRACTS, PRESCRIPTIONS, JUDGMENTS.

ARTICLE 251.

(a) Any contract concluded between enemies shall be regarded as having been dissolved as from the time when any two of the parties became enemies, except in respect of any debt or other pecuniary obligation arising out of any act done or money paid thereunder, and subject to the exceptions and special rules with regard to particular contracts or classes of contracts contained herein or in the Annex hereto.

(b) Any contract of which the execution shall be required in the general interest, within six months from the date of the coming into force of the present Treaty, by the Government of the Allied or Associated Power of which one of the parties is a national, shall be excepted from dissolution under this Article.

When the execution of the contract thus kept alive would, owing to the alteration of trade conditions, cause one of the parties substantial prejudice, the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal provided for by Section VI. shall be empowered to grant to the prejudiced party equitable compensation.

(c) Having regard to the provisions of the constitution and law of the United States of America, of Brazil, and of Japan, neither the present Article, nor Article 252, nor the Annex hereto shall apply to contracts made between nationals of these States and nationals of the former Austrian Empire ; nor shall Article 257 apply to the United States of America or its nationals. (d) The present Article and the Annex hereto shall not apply

to contracts the parties to which became enemies by reason of one of them being an inhabitant of territory of which the sovereignty has been transferred, if such party shall acquire, under the present Treaty, the nationality of an Allied or Associated Power, nor shall they apply to contracts between nationals of the Allied and Associated Powers between whom trading has been prohibited by reason of one of the parties being in Allied or Associated territory in the occupation of the enemy.

(e) Nothing in the present Article or the Annex hereto shall be deemed to invalidate a transaction lawfully carried out in accordance with a contract between enemies if it has been carried out with the authority of one of the belligerent Powers.

ARTICLE 252.

(a) All periods of prescription, or limitation of right of action, whether they began to run before or after the outbreak of war, shall be treated in the territory of the High Contracting Parties, so far as regards relations between enemies, as having been suspended for the duration of the war. They shall begin to run again at earliest three months after the coming into force of the present Treaty. This provision shall apply to the period prescribed for the presentation of interest or dividend coupons or for the presentation for repayment of securities drawn for repayment or repayable on any other ground.

(b) Where, on account of failure to perform any act or comply with any formality during the war, measures of execution have been taken in the territory of the former Austrian Empire to the prejudice of a national of an Allied or Associated Power, the claim of such national shall, if the matter does not fall within the competence of the Courts of an Allied or Associated Power, be heard by the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal provided for by Section VI.

(c) Upon the application of any interested person who is a national of an Allied or Associated Power, the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal shall order the restoration of the rights which have been prejudiced by the measures of execution referred to in paragraph (b), wherever, having regard to the particular circumstances of the case, such restoration is equitable and possible.

If such restoration is inequitable or impossible, the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal may grant compensation to the prejudiced party, to be paid by the Austrian Government. (d) Where a contract between enemies has been dissolved by

reason either of failure on the part of either party to carry out its provisions or of the exercise of a right stipulated in the contract itself, the party prejudiced may apply to the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal for relief. The Tribunal will have the powers provided for in paragraph (c).

(e) The provisions of the preceding paragraphs of this Article shall apply to the nationals of Allied and Associated Powers who have been prejudiced by reason of measures referred to above taken by the authorities of the former Austrian Government in invaded or occupied territory, if they have not been otherwise compensated.

(f) Austria shall compensate any third party who may be rejudiced by any restitution or restoration ordered by the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal under the provisions of the preceding paragraphs of this Article.

(g) As regards negotiable instruments, the period of three months provided under paragraph (a) shall commence as from the date on which any exceptional regulations applied in the territories of the interested Power with regard to negotiable instruments shall have definitely ceased to have force.

ARTICLE 253.

As between enemies no negotiable instrument made before the war shall be deemed to have become invalid by reason only of failure within the required time to present the instrument for acceptance or payment or to give notice of non-acceptance or non-payment to drawers or indorsers or to protest the instrument, nor by reason of failure to complete any formality during the war.

Where the period within which a negotiable instrument should have been presented for acceptance or for payment, or within which notice of non-acceptance or non-payment should have been given to the drawer or indorser, or within which the instrument should have been protested, has elapsed during the war, and the party who should have presented or protested the instrument or have given notice of non-acceptance or non-payment has failed to do so during the war, a period of not less than three months from the coming into force of the present Treaty shall be allowed within which presentation, notice of non-acceptance, or nonpayment or protest may be made.

ARTICLE 254.

Judgments given by the Courts of an Allied or Associated Power in all cases which, under the present Treaty, they are competent to deciae, shall be recognized in Austria as final, and shall be enforced without it being necessary to have them declared executory.

If a judgment or measure of execution in respect of any dispute which may have arisen has been given during the war by a judicial authority of the former Austrian Empire against a national of an Allied or Associated Power, or a company or association in which one of such nationals was interested, in a case in which either such national or such company or association was not able to make their defence, the Allied and Associated national who has suffered prejudice thereby shall be entitled to recover compensation to be fixed by the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal provided for in Section VI.

At the instance of the national of the Allied or Associated Power the compensation above mentioned may, upon order to that effect of the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal, be effected where it is possible by replacing the parties in the situation which they occupied before the judgment was given by the Austrian Court.

The above compensation may likewise be obtained before the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal by the nationals of Allied or Associated Powers who have suffered prejudice by judicial measures taken in invaded or occupied territories, if they have not been otherwise compensated.

ARTICLE 255.

For the purpose of Sections III., IV., V., and VII., the expression "during the war" means for each Allied or Associated Power the period between the commencement of the state of war between that Power and the former Austro-Hungarian Monarchy and the coming into force of the present Treaty.

ANNEX.

I.-GENERAL PROVISIONS.

1. Within the meaning of Articles 251, 252, and 253, the parties to a contract shall be regarded as enemies when trading between them shall have been prohibited by or otherwise became unlawful under laws, orders, or regulations to which one of those parties was subject. They shall be deemed to have become enemies from the date when such trading was prohibited or otherwise became unlawful.

2. The following classes of contracts are excepted from dissolution by Article 251, and, without prejudice to the rights contained in Article 249 (b) of Section IV., remain in force subject to the application of domestic laws, orders, or regulations made during the war by the Allied and Associated Powers and subject to the terms of the contracts:

(a) Contracts having for their object the transfer of estates or of real or personal property where the property therein had passed or the object had been delivered before the parties became enemies;

(b) Leases and agreements for leases of land and houses ;

(c) Contracts of mortgage, pledge, or lien;

(d) Concessions concerning mines, quarries, or deposits

(e) Contracts between individuals or companies and States, provinces, municipalities, or other similar juridical persons charged with administrative functions, and concessions

granted by States, provinces, municipalities, or other similar juridical persons charged with administrative functions. 3. If the provisions of a contract are in part dissolved under Article 251, the remaining provisions of that contract shall, subject to the same application of domestic laws as is provided for in paragraph 2, continue in force if they are severable, but where they are not severable the contract shall be deemed to have been dissolved in its entirety.

II.--PROVISIONS RELATING TO CERTAIN CLASSES OF CONTRACTS.

Stock Exchange and Commercial Exchange Contracts.

4. (a) Rules made during the war by any recognized Exchange or Commercial Association providing for the closure of contracts entered into before the war by an enemy are confirmed by the High Contracting Parties, as also any action taken thereunder, provided—

(1) That the contract was expressed to be made subject to the rules of the Exchange or Association in question ;

(2) That the rules applied to all persons concerned;

(3) That the conditions attaching to the closure were fair and reasonable.

(b) The preceding paragraph shall not apply to rules made during the occupation by Exchanges or Commercial Associations in the districts occupied by the enemy.

(c) The closure of contracts relating to cotton "futures," which, were closed as on July 31, 1914, under the decision of the Liverpool Cotton Association, is also confirmed.

Security.

5. The sale of a security held for an unpaid debt owing by an enemy shall be deemed to have been valid irrespective of notice to the owner if the creditor acted in good faith and with reasonable care and prudence, and no claim by the debtor on the ground of such sale shall be admitted.

This stipulation shall not apply to any sale of securities effected by an enemy during the occupation in regions invaded or occupied by the enemy.

Negotiable Instruments.

6. As regards Powers which adopt Section III. and the Annex thereto the pecuniary obligations existing between enemies and resulting from the issue of negotiable instruments shall be adjusted in conformity with the said Annex by the instrumentality of the Clearing Offices, which shall assume the rights of the holder as regards the various remedies open to him.

7. If a person has either before or during the war become liable upon a negotiable instrument in accordance with an undertaking given to him by a person who has subsequently become an enemy, the latter shall remain liable to indemnify the former in respect of his liability notwithstanding the outbreak of war.

III.-CONTRACTS OF INSURANCE.

8. Contracts of insurance entered into by any person with another person who subsequently became an enemy will be dealt with in accordance with the following paragraphs.

Fire Insurance.

9. Contracts for the insurance of property against fire entered into by a person interested in such property with another person who subsequently became an enemy shall not be deemed to have been dissolved by the outbreak of war, or by the fact of the person becoming an enemy, or on account of the failure during the war and for a period of three months thereafter to perform his obligations under the contract, but they shall be dissolved at the date when the annual premium becomes payable for the first time after the expiration of a period of three months after the coming into force of the present Treaty.

A settlement shall be effected of unpaid premiums which became due during the war or of claims for losses which occurred during the war.

10. Where by administrative or legislative action an insurance against fire effected before the war has been transferred during the war from the original to another insurer, the transfer will be recognized and the liability of the original insurer will be deemed to have ceased as from the date of the transfer. The original insurer will, however, be entitled to receive on demand full information as to the terms of the transfer, and if it should appear that these terms were not equitable they shall be amended so far as may be necessary to render them equitable.

Furthermore, the insured shall, subject to the concurrence of the original insurer, be entitled to retransfer the contract to the original insurer as from the date of the demand.

Life Insurance.

11. Contracts of life insurance entered into between an insurer and a person who subsequently became an enemy shall not be deemed to have been dissolved by the outbreak of war, or by the fact of the person becoming an enemy.

Any sum which during the war became due upon a contract deemed not to have been dissolved under the preceding provision shall be recoverable after the war with the addition of interest at 5 per cent. per annum from the date of its becoming due up to the day of payment.

Where the contract has lapsed during the war owing to nonpayment of premiums, or has become void from breach of the conditions of the contract, the assured or his representatives or the persons entitled shall have the ri ht at any time within twelve months of the coming into force of the present Treaty to claim from the insurer the surrender value of the policy at the date of its lapse or avoidance.

Where the contract has lapsed during the war owing to nonpayment of premiums, the payment of which has been prevented by the enforcement of measures of war, the assured or his representative or the persons entitled shall have the right to restore the contract on payment of the premiums with interest at 5 per cent. per annum within three months from the coming into force of the present Treaty.

12. Where contracts of life insurance have been entered into by a local branch of an insurance company established in a country which subsequently became an enemy country, the contract shall, in the absence of any stipulation to the contrary in the contract itself, be governed by the local law, but the insurer shall be entitled to demand from the insured or his representatives the refund of sums paid on claims made or enforced under measures taken during the war, if the making or enforcement of such claims was not in accordance with the terms of the contract itself or was not consistent with the laws or treaties existing at the time when it was entered into.

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13. In any case where by the law applicable to the contract the insurer remains bound by the contract notwithstanding the non-payment of premiums until notice is given to the insured of the termination of the contract, he shall be entitled, where the giving of such notice was prevented by the war, to recover the unpaid premiums with interest at 5 per cent. per annum from the insured.

14. Insurance contracts shall be considered as contracts of life assurance for the purpose of paragraphs 11 to 13 when they depend on the probabilities of human life combined with the rate of interest for the calculation of the reciprocal engagements between the two parties.

Marine Insurance.

15. Contracts of marine insurance, including time policies and voyage policies entered into between an insurer and a person who subsequently became an enemy, shall be deemed to have been dissolved on his becoming an enemy, except in cases where the risk undertaken in the contract had attached before he became an enemy.

Where the risk had not attached, money paid by way of premium or otherwise shall be recoverable from the insurer.

Where the risk had attached effect shall be given to the contract notwithstanding, the party becoming an enemy, and sums due under the contract either by way of premiums or in respect of losses shall be recoverable after the coming into force of the present Treaty.

In the event of any agreement being come to for the payment of interest on sums due before the war to or by the nationals of States which have been at war, and recovered after the war, such interest shall in the case of losses recoverable under contracts of marine insurance run from the expiration of a period of one year from the date of the loss.

16. No contract of marine insurance with an insured person who subsequently became an enemy shall be deemed to cover losses due to belligerent action by the Power of which the insurer was a national or by the allies or associates of such Power.

17. Where it is shown that a person who had before the war entered into a contract of marine insurance with an insurer who subsequently became an enemy, entered after the outbreak of war into a new contract covering the same risk with an insurer who was not an enemy, the new contract shall be deemed to be substituted for the original contract as from the date when it was entered into, and the premiums payable shall be adjusted on the basis of the original insurer having remained liable on the contract only up till the time when the new contract was entered into.

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Other Insurances.

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18. Contracts of insurance entered into before the war between an insurer and a person who subsequently became an enemy, other than contracts dealt with in paragraphs 9 to 17, shall be treated in all respects on the same footing as contracts of fire insurance between the same persons would be dealt with under the said paragraphs.

Re-insurance.

19. All treaties of re-insurance with a person who became an enemy shall be regarded as having been abrogated by the person becoming an enemy, but without prejudice in the case of life or marine risks which had attached before the war to the right to recover payment after the war for sums due in respect of such risks.

Nevertheless if, owing to invasion, it has been impossible for the re-insured to find another re-insurer, the treaty shall remain in force until three months after the coming into force of the present Treaty.

Where a re-insurance treaty becomes void under this paragraph, there shall be an adjustment of accounts between the parties in respect both of premiums paid and payable and of liabilities for losses in respect of life or marine risks which had attached before the war. In the case of risks other than those mentioned in paragraphs 11 to 17 the adjustment of accounts shall be made as at the date of the parties becoming enemies without regard to claims for losses which may have occurred since that date.

20. The provisions of the preceding paragraph will extend equally to re-insurances, existing at the date of the parties becoming enemies, of particular risks undertaken by the insurer in a contract of insurance against any risks other than life or marine risks.

21. Re-insurance of life risks effected by particular contracts and not under any general treaty remain in force.

22. In case of a re-insurance effected before the war of a contract of marine insurance, the cession of a risk which had been ceded to the re-insurer shall, if it had attached before the outbreak of war, remain valid and effect be given to the contract notwith-standing the outbreak of war; sums due under the contract of re-insurance in respect either of premiums or of losses shall be recoverable after the war.

23. The provisions of paragraphs 16 and 17 and the last part of paragraph 15 shall apply to contracts for the re-insurance of marine risks.

SECTION VI.-MIXED ARBITRAL TRIBUNAL,

ARTICLE 256.

(a) Within three months from the coming into force of the present Treaty, a Mixed Arbitral Tribunal shall be established between each of the Allied and Associated Powers on the one hand and Austria on the other hand. Each such Tribunal shall consist of three members. Each of the Governments concerned shall appoint one of these members. The President shall be chosen by agreement between the two Governments concerned,

In case of failure to reach agreement, the President of the Tribunal and two other persons, either of whom may in case of need take his place, shall be chosen by the Council of the League of Nations, or, until this is set up, M. Gustave Ador, if he is willing. These persons shall be nationals of Powers that have remained neutral during the war.

If in case there is a vacancy a Government does not proceed within a period of one month to appoint as provided above, a member of the Tribunal, such member shall be chosen by the other Government from the two persons mentioned above other than the President.

The decision of the majority of the members of the Tribunal shall be the decision of the Tribunal.

(b) The Mixed Arbitral Tribunals established pursuant to paragraph (a) shall decide all questions within their competence under Sections III., IV., V., and VII.

In addition, all questions, whatsoever their nature, relating to contracts concluded before the coming into force of the present Treaty between nationals of the Allied and Associated Powers and Austrian nationals shall be decided by the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal, always excepting questions which, under the laws of the Allied Associated or Neutral Powers, are within the jurisdiction of the National Courts of those Powers. Such questions shall be decided by the National Courts in question, to the exclusion of the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal. The party who is a national of an Allied or Associated Power may nevertheless bring the case before the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal if this is not prohibited by the laws of his country.

PART II ..

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(c). If the number of cases justifies it, additional members shall be appointed and each Mixed Arbitral Tribunal shall sit in ° divisions. Each of these divisions will be constituted as above.

(d) Each Mixed Arbitral Tribunal will settle its own procedure except in so far as it is provided in the following Annex and is empowered to award the sums to be paid by the loser in respect of the costs and expenses of the proceedings.

(e) Each Government will pay the remuneration of the member of the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal appointed by it and of any agent whom it may appoint to represent it before the Tribunal. The remuneration of the President will be determined by special agreement between the Governments concerned; and this remuneration and the joint expenses of each Tribunal will be paid by the two Governments in equal moieties.

(f) The High Contracting Parties agree that their courts and authorities shall render to the Mixed Arbitral Tribunals direct all the assistance in their power, particularly as regards transmitting notices and collecting evidence.

(g) The High Contracting Parties agree to regard the decisions of the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal as final and conclusive, and to render them binding upon their nationals.

ANNEX.

1. Should one of the members of the Tribunal either die, retire, or be unable for any reason whatever to discharge his functions, the same procedure will be followed for filling the vacancy as was followed for appointing him.

2. The Tribunal may adopt such rules of procedure as shall be in accordance with justice and equity and decide the order and time at which each party must conclude its arguments, and may arrange all formalities required for dealing with the evidence.

3. The agent and counsel of the parties on each side are authorized to present orally and in writing to the Tribunal, arguments in support or in defence of each case.

4. The Tribunal shall keep record of the questions and cases submitted and the proceedings thereon, with the dates of such proceedings.

5. Each of the Powers concerned may appoint a secretary. These secretaries shall act together as joint secretaries of the Tribunal and shall be subject to its direction. The Tribunal may appoint and employ any other necessary officer or officers to assist in the performance of its duties. 6. The Tribunal shall decide all questions and matters sub-

 The Tribunal shall decide all questions and matters submitted upon such evidence and information as may be furnished by the parties concerned.
 The High Contracting Parties agree to give the Tribunal all

7. The High Contracting Parties agree to give the Tribunal all facilities and information required by it for the carrying out its investigations.

8. The language in which the proceedings shall be conducted shall, unless otherwise agreed, be English, French, Italian, or Japanese, as may be determined by the Allied or Associated Power concerned.

9. The place and time for the meetings of each Tribunal shall be determined by the President of the Tribunal.

ARTICLE 257.

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Whenever a competent court has given or gives a decision in a case covered by Sections III., IV., V., or VII., and such decision is inconsistent with the provisions of such Sections, the party who is prejudiced by the decision shall be entitled to obtain redress which shall be fixed by the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal. At the request of the national of an Allied or Associated Power, the redress may, whenever possible, be effected by the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal directing the replacement of the parties in the position occupied by them before the judgment was given by the court of the former Austrian Empire.

SECTION VII.-INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY.

ARTICLE 258.

Subject to the stipulations of the present Treaty, rights of industrial, literary, and artistic property, as such property is defined by the International Conventions of Paris and of Berne, mentioned in Articles 237 and 239, shall be re-established or restored, as from the coming into force of the present Treaty, in the territories of the High Contracting Parties, in favour of the persons entitled to the benefit of them at the moment when the state of war commenced, or their legal representatives. Equally, rights which, except for the war, would have been acquired during the war in consequence of an application made for the protection of industrial property, or the publication of a literary or artistic work, shall be recognized and established in favour of those persons who would have been entitled thereto, from the coming into force of the present Treaty. 1. 25.

Neverthless, all acts done by virtue of the special measures taken during the war under legislative executive; or administrative authority of any Allied of Associated Power in regard to the rights of nationals of the former Austrian Empire in industrial, literary, or artistic property shall remain in force and shall continue to maintain their full effect.

No claim shall be made or action brought by Austria or Austrian nationals or by or on behalf of nationals of the former Austrian Empire in respect of the use during the war by the Government of any Allied or Associated Power, or by any persons acting on behalf or with the assent of such Government of any rights in industrial, literary, or artistic property, nor in respect of the sale, offering for sale, or use of any products; articles, or apparatus whatsoever to which such rights applied.

Unless the legislation of any one of the Allied or Associated Powers in force at the moment of the signature of the present Treaty otherwise directs, sums due or paid in respect of the property of persons referred to in Article 249 (b) and in virtue of any act or operation resulting from the execution of the special measures mentioned in the second paragraph of this Article shall be dealt with in the same way as other sums due to such persons are directed to be dealt with by the present Treaty ; and sums produced by any special measures taken by the Government of the former Austrian Empire in respect of rights in industrial, literary, or artistic property belonging to the nationals of the Allied or Associated Powers shall be considered and treated in the same way as other debts due from Austrian nationals.

Each of the Allied and Associated Powers reserves to itself the right to impose such limitations, conditions, or restrictions on rights of industrial, literary, or artistic property (with the exception of trade marks) acquired before or during the war, or which may be subsequently acquired in accordance with its legislation, by Austrian nationals, whether by granting litenses, or by the working, or by preserving control over their exploitation, or in any other way, as may be considered necessary for national defence, or in the public interest, or for assuring the fair treatmentby Austria of the rights of industrial, literary, and artistic property held in Austrian territory by its nationals, or for securing the due fulfilment of all obligations undertaken by Austria in the present Treaty. As regards rights of industrial, literary, and artistic property acquired after the coming into force of the present Treaty, the right so reserved by the Allied and Associated Powers shall only be exercised in cases where the limitations, conditions, or restrictions may be considered necessary for national defence or in the public interest.

In the event of the application of the provisions of the preceding paragraph by an Allied or Associated Power, there shall be paid reasonable indemnities or royalties, which shall be dealt with in the same way as other sums due to Austrian hationals are directed to be dealt with by the present Treaty. Each of the Allied or Associated Powers reserves the right to

Each of the Allied or Associated Powers reserves the right to treat as void and of no effect any transfer in whole or in part of or other dealing with rights of or in respect of industrial, literary, or artistic property effected after July 28, 1914, or in the future, which would have the result of defeating the objects of the provisions of this Article.

The provisions of this Article shall not apply to rights in industrial, literary, or artistic property which have been dealt with in the liquidation of businesses or companies under war legislation by the Allied on Associated Powers, or which may be so dealt with by virtue of Article 249, paragraph (b).

ARTICLE 259

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A minimum of one year after the coming into force of the present Treaty shall be accorded to the nationals of the High Contracting Parties, without extension fees or other penalty, in order to enable such persons to accomplish any act, fulfil any formality, pay any fees, and generally satisfy any obligation prescribed by the laws or regulations of the respective States relating to the obtaining, preserving, or opposing rights, to, or in respect of, industrial property either acquired before July 28, 1914, or which, except for the war, might have been acquired since that date as a result of an application made before the war or during its continuance, but nothing in this Article shall give any right to reopen interference proceedings in the United States of America where a final hearing has taken place.

All rights in, or in respect of, such property which may have lapsed by reason of any failure to accomplish any act, fulfil any formality, or make any payment, shall revive, but subject in the case of patents and designs to the imposition of such conditions as each Allied or Associated Power may deem reasonably necessary for the protection of persons who have manufactured or made use of the subject-matter of such property while the rights had lapsed. Further, where rights to patents or designs belonging, to Austrian nationals are revived under this Article, they shall be subject in respect of the grant of licenses to the same provisions as would have been applicable to them during the war, as well as to all the provisions of the present Treaty.

The period from July 28, 1914, until the coming into force of the present Treaty, shall be excluded in considering the time within which a patent should be worked or a trade mark or design used, and it is further agreed that no patent, registered trade mark, or design in force on July 28, 1914, shall be subject to revocation or cancellation by reason only of the failure to work such patent or use such trade mark or design for two years after the coming into force of the present Treaty.

ARTICLE 260.

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The rights of priority provided by Article 4 of the International Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property of Paris of March 20, 1883, revised at Washington in 1911, or by any other Convention or Statute, for the filing or registration of applications for patents or models of utility, and for the registration of trademarks, designs, and models which had not expired on July 28, 1914, and those which have arisen during the war, or would have arisen but for the war, shall be extended by each of the High Contracting Parties in favour of all nations of the other High Contracting Parties for a period of six months after the coming into force of the present Treaty.

Nevertheless, such extension shall in no way affect the right of any of the High Contracting Parties or of any person who before the coming into force of the present Treaty was *bona fide* in possession of any rights of industrial property conflicting with rights applied for by another who claims rights of priority in respect of them, to exercise such rights by itself or himself personally, or by, such agents or licencees as derived their rights from it or himbefore the coming into force of the present Treaty; and such persons shall not be amenable to any action or other process of law in respect of infringement.

ARTICLE 261.

No action shall be brought and no claim made by nationals of the former Austrian Empire, or by persons residing or carrying on business within the territory of that Empire on the one part, and on the other part by persons residing or carrying on business in the territory of the Allied or Associated Powers, or persons who are nationals of such Powers respectively, or by any one deriving title during the war from such persons, by reason of any action which has taken place within the territory of the other party, between the date of the existence of a state of war and that of the coming into force of the present 'Treaty, which might constitute' an infringement of the rights of industrial property or rights of literary and artistic property, either existing at any time during' the war or revived under the provisions of Articles 259 and 260.

Equally, no action for infringement of industrial; literary, or artistic property rights by such persons shall at any time be, permissible in respect of the sale or offering for sale for a period, of one year after the signature of the present Treaty in the territories of the Allied or Associated Powers on the one hand or Austria on the other, of products or articles manufactured, or of literary or artistic works published, during the period between the existence of a state of war and the signature of the present Treaty, or against those who have acquired and continue to use them. It is understood, nevertheless, that this provision shall not apply when the possessor of the rights, was domiciled or shad an industrial or commercial establishment in the districts occupied by the Austro-Hungarian armies during the war.

¹¹ This₂Articlē shall, not apply as between the United States of America on the one hand and Austria on the other.

A LAR SOLUTION ARTICLE 262. STAR SARVED Y

Licenses in respect of industrial, literary, or artistic property concluded before the war between nationals of the Allied or Associated Powers or persons residing in their territory or carrying on business therein, on the other part, and nationals of the former Austrian Empire, con the other part, shall be considered as cancelled as from the date of the existence of a state of war between the former, Austro-Hungarian Monarchy, and the Allied or Associated Power. But, in any case, the former beneficiary of a contract of this kind shall have the right, within a period of six months after the coming into force of the grant of a new license, the conditions of which; in default of agreement between the parties, shall be fixed by the duly qualified tribunal in the country under whose legislation the rights had been acquired, except in the case of licenses held in respect of rights acquired under the law of the former Austrian Empire. In such cases the conditions shall be fixed by the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal referred to in Section VI. of this Part. The Tribunal may, if necessary, fix also the amount which it may deem just should be paid by reason of the use of the rights during the war. No license in respect of industrial, literary, or artistic property,

No license in respect of industrial, literary, or artistic property, granted under the special war legislation of any Allied or Associated Power, shall be affected by the continued existence of any license entered into before the war, but shall remain va'id and of full effect, and a license so granted to the former beneficiary of a license entered into before the war shall be considered as substituted for such license.

Where sums have been paid during the war in respect of the rights of persons referred to in Article 249 (b) by virtue of a license or agreement concluded before the war in respect of rights of industrial property or for the reproduction or the representation of literary, dramatic, or artistic works, these sums shall be dealt with in the same manner as other debts or credits of such persons as provided by the present Treaty.

as provided by the present Treaty. This Article shall not apply as between the United States of America on the one hand and Austria on the other.

By His Excellency's commard,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, November 26, 1920. GRAEME THOMSON, Colonial Secretary.

Statement of Objects and Reasons.

THE Treaty of Peace (Austria) Order, 1920, set forth in the Schedule of the Bill, has been made under the provisions of the Treaties of Peace (Austria and Bulgaria) Act, 1920, and is by virtue of Article 3 of the Order in Council applicable to Ceylon.

Power is, however, given to the Legislature of the Colony to make such modifications in the Order as are necessary to adapt its provisions to local circumstances, and this Bill has been prepared with that object.

In Article 1 (i.) of the Order provision is made for the establishment of a local Clearing Office to deal with debts owing by or due to Austrians so far as such indebtedness has arisen in the Colony. Under "The Treaty of Peace (Enforcement) Ordinance, No. 7 of 1920," provision was made for the establishment of a Clearing Office to deal with German debts. Under section 2 of the Bill provision is made that the Clearing Office for German enemy debts in Ceylon shall be utilized for the purpose of the Austrian enemy debts which are the subjectmatter of the Bill.

The other modifications in the Order will be found in section 3 of the Bill. It is not thought necessary to deal with these modifications in detail as they are similar to those which were made in the Treaty of Peace Order, 1919, which is scheduled to Ordinance No. 7 of 1920.

Attorney-General's Chambers,	H. C. GOLLAN,
Colombo, October 19, 1920.	Attorney-General.

MINUTE.

The following Draft of a proposed Ordinance is published for general information :---

An Ordinance to amend "The Treaty of Peace (Enforcement) Ordinance, No. 7 of 1920."

Preamble

WHEREAS His Majesty was pleased, under and by virtue of the powers conferred on him by the Treaty of Peace Act, 1919, to make the Treaty of Peace Order, 1919, which is set forth in the schedule to "The Treaty of Peace

which is set forth in the schedule to "The Treaty of Peace (Enforcement) Ordinance, No. 7 of 1920 ": And whereas His Majesty has in pursuance of the said

powers been pleased to amend the said Treaty of Peace Order, 1919, by the Treaty of Peace (Amendment) Order, 1920 (hereinafter referred to as the Amending Order), which is set forth in the schedule to this Ordinance :

And whereas it is expedient to make certain modifications in the Amending Order for the purpose of adapting its provisions to the circumstances of this Colony : Be it therefore enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :

Short title.

Application of Amending Order to the Colony. 1 This Ordinance may be cited as "The Treaty of Peace (Enforcement) (Amendment) Ordinance, No. of 1921."

2. In applying the Amending Order to the Colony the, following modifications shall be made:

(1) In article 1 (x.) of the Treaty of Peace Order, 1919, as amended by the Amending Order, the reference to the President of the Board of Trade shall be taken to be to the Governor in Executive Council;

(2) In article 1 (xvi.) of the Treaty of Peace Order, 1919, as amended by the Amending Order, the reference to the Board of Trade shall be taken to be to the Governor in Executive Council;

(3) In article 1 (xvii.), sub-paragraph (a), of the Treaty of Peace Order, 1919, as amended by the Amending Order, the reference to the Board of Trade shall be taken to be to the Governor in Executive Council;

(4) In article 1 (xvii.), sub-paragraph (aa), of the Treaty of Peace Order, 1919, as inserted therein by the Amending Order, the reference to the court, shall be taken to be to the District Court having jurisdiction in the place where the person summoned to attend resides;

(5) In article 1 (xvii.), sub-paragraph (cc), of the Treaty of Peace Order, 1919, as inserted therein by the Amending Order, the reference to the Board of Trade shall be taken to be to the Governor in Executive Council.

SCHEDULE.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 28th day of June, 1920.

Present :

THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL.

Whereas in pursuance of the powers conferred on him by the Treaty of Peace Act, 1919, His Majesty in Council was pleased to make the Treaty of Peace Order, 1919, and it is expedient that

the said Order should be amended in manner hereinafter appearing: Now, therefore, His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. The provisions of the Treaty of Peace Order, 1919, set out in the first column of the schedule to this Order shall be amended in the manner shown in the second column of that schedule.

2. Paragraph (xvi.) of article 1 of the Treaty of Peace Order, 1919, shall have effect, and shall be deemed always to have had effect, as if for the proviso to that paragraph the following proviso were contained therein:

Provided that any particular property, rights, or interests so charged may at any time be released by the Custodian acting under the general direction of the Board of Trade from the charge so created.

3. This Order may be cited as the Treaty of Peace (Amendment) Order, 1920.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

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SCHEDULE.

Article.

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Nature of Amendment.

For the words "this Act" there shall be substituted "this Order."

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At the end the following words shall be inserted: "The Clearing Office may make rules, subject to the approval of the President of the Board of Trade, for prescribing the manner in which the powers and duties conferred upon the Clearing Office by this Order shall be exercised."

1 (xi.)

At the end the following words shall be inserted : "In any proceeding by the Clearing Office to enforce payment of a debt or fine, a report purporting to be signed by the Controller or by the Secretary shall be evidence of the facts therein stated."

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Article. Nature of Amendment.

1 (xiv.). The following paragraph shall be inserted after paragraph (xiv.): "(xiv. a) The Board of Trade may undertake on behalf of a British national the presentation to and conduct before the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal of any claim, difference, or dispute referable to the Tribunal under the provisions of Sections IV., V., and VII., of Part X. of the Treaty, and may make regulations with the consent of the Treasury in respect of the fees to be charged in respect of such services."
1 (xvi.) The following words shall be inserted after the

The following words shall be inserted after the words. "the Fourth day of August, Nineteen hundred and Fourteen": "but so, nevertheless, that the claims of British nationals for the proceeds of the liquidation of their property, rights, and interests mentioned in Section IV. of Part X. of the Treaty and in the Annex thereto, and for the enemy debts owing to them referred to in Article 296 of the Treaty, shall rank in priority to any of the other claims above mentioned."

1 (xvii.) . .

In sub-paragraph (a), after the words "the Custodian," the following words shall be inserted : "acting under the general direction of the Board of Trade."

After sub-paragraph (a) the following paragraph shall be inserted : "(aa) The court may, on the application of the Clearing Office or the Custodian, require any person known or suspected to have in his possession or under his control or management any property, right, or interest subject to charge, including any person known or suspected to owe a debt to a German national, or any person whom the court may consider capable of giving information respecting the same, subject to payment or tender of reasonable expenses of his attendance, to attend as a witness and to give evidence or produce documents before the court or before such officer as the court may appoint for the purpose of examining into the matter, who shall have power to take evidence and administer oaths, and if any person fails without reasonable excuse to comply with any of the provisions of the order, or wilfully gives false evidence, he shall, on summary conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months, or to both such imprisonment and fine."

"For the purposes of this paragraph 'the court' means the High Court or a Judge thereof, or the County Court, or in Scotland the Court of Session or the Sheriff Court."

In sub-paragraph (c), after the words "by the Custodian," the following words shall be inserted: "notwithstanding any regulation or stipulation of the company or other body, and notwithstanding that the Custodian is not in possession of the certificate, scrip, or other document of title relating to the shares, stock, or securities to which the application relates."

After sub-paragraph (c) the following paragraph shall be inserted: "(cc) Where the property charged consists of property transferable on delivery, any person having the possession, control, or management of the property shall, on being so required by the Custodian, deliver the property to him, and the Custodian shall, subject to the consent of the Board of Trade, have power to sell or otherwise deal with the property so delivered to him."

In sub-paragraph (d) for the words "section 4" there shall be substituted the words "subsections (1) to (4) of section 4."

For the words "Article 300" where those words secondly occur there shall be substituted the words "Article 301," and for the words "six months" where those words secondly occur there shall be substituted the words "ten months."

1 (xviii.)

Article.

3

Nature of Amendment.

For the words "except the Dominion of Canada " "and India" inclusive there shall be to substituted the words : "except India and the substituted the words: except inits and the self-governing Dominions, that is to say, the Dominion of Canada, the Commonwealth of Australia (which for this purpose shall be deemed to include Papua and Norfolk Island), the Union of South Africa the Dominist the Union of South Africa, the Dominion of New Zealand, and Newfoundland."

At the end of the same article the following proviso shall be added : "Provided also that if a Local Clearing Office is established in India or in any self-governing Dominion, the provisions of this Order relating to the Clearing Office shall apply with respect to the relations between the Central Clearing Office and the Local Clearing Office and to transactions on behalf of the Local Clearing Office which must be effected through the Central Clearing Office, or which may be effected by the Central Clearing Office at the request of the Local Clearing Office.'

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, November 26, 1920. GRAEME THOMSON, Colonial Secretary.

Statement of Objects and Reasons.

THE Treaty of Peace Order, 1919, of the King in Council, was locally enacted by Ordinance No. 7 of 1920, and the object of the present Bill is to apply to this country, with the necessary modifications, the King's Order of 1920 amending the said principal Order of 1919.

Attorney-General's Chambers, Colombo, November 23, 1920.

H. C. GOLLAN, Attorney-General.

NOTIFICATIONS OF CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

BY virtue of a Mandate to me directed by the Hon. the Supreme Court of the Island of Ceylon, I do hereby proclaim that a Criminal Session of the said Court for the Western Circuit will be holden at the Court-house at Hulftsdorp on Monday, January 10, 1921, at 11 o'clock of the morning of the said day.

And I do hereby require and inform all persons concerned therein to attend at the time and place above mentioned, and not to depart without leave asked and granted.

Eiscal's Office, Colombo, December 11, 1920.

W. DE LIVERA Deputy Fiscal, W. P. BY virtue of a Mandate to me directed by the Hon. the Supreme Court of the Island of Ceylon, I do hereby proclaim that a Criminal Session of the said Court for the District of Ratnapura will be holden at the Court-house at Colombo on Monday, January 10, 1921, at 11 o'clock of the morning of the said day.

And I do hereby require and inform all persons concerned therein to attend at the time and place above mentioned, and not to depart without leave asked and granted.

Fiscal's Office, G. F. R. BROWNING, Ratnapura, December 11, 1920.

Fiscal

NOTICES OF **INSOLVENCY.**

In the District Court of Colombo.

No. 3,009. In the matter of the insolvency of A. K. A. Suppramaniam Chetty of Sea street, Colombo.

WHEREAS the above-named A. K. A. Suppramaniam Chetty has filed a declaration of insolvency, and a petition for the sequestration of his estate has also been filed by S. D. H. Abdul Razak under the Ordinance No. 7 of 1853: Notice is hereby given that the said court has adjudged the said A. K. A. Suppramaniam Chetty insolvent accordingly; and that two public sittings of the court, to wit, on January 18, 1921, and on February 1, 1921, will take place for the said insolvent to surrender and conform to, agreeably to the provisions of the said Ordinance, and for the taking of the other steps set forth in the said Ordinance, of which creditors are hereby required to take notice.

By order of court, P. DE KRESTER, Colombo, December 9, 1920. Secretary.

In the District Court of Kandy. No. 1,624. In the matter of the insolvency of Don

Theodore Pelpola of Gampola. NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the creditors of the above-named insolvent will take place at the sitting of this court on January 18, 1921, to consider the granting

of a certificate of conformity to the above-named insolvent. By order of court, P. MORTIMER,

Kandy, December 14, 1920. Secretary.

NOTICES OF FISCALS' SALES.

Western Province.

. . .

In the District Court of Colombo.

S. S. V. Vyrawanatha Pulle of 5th Cross street, Pettah, in Colombo. Plaintiff.

No. 1,119 of 1920. Vs.

(1) B. S. Cooray and (2) Emaly Cooray, both of Dematagoda in Colombo Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Monday, January 17, 1921, at 4 in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said 1st defendant in the following property for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 761.25, with interest on Rs. 750 at 18 per cent. per annum from June 10, 1920, to August 19, 1920, and thereafter at 19 per cent. per annum till payment in full, and costs of suit, viz :-

An undivided 1/5 share of all that piece of ground, with the house thereof marked No. 26, situated at Keyzer street, Pettah, within the Municipality of Colombo ; and bounded on the north by Keyzer street, on the east by the property of the late Mrs. Fonesse, on the south by the house and ground of Packeer Tamby, and on the west by the house No. 27 of C. A. Jurgan Ondatjee ; and containing in extent 1 96/100 square perches.

Fiscal's Office, Colombo, December 15, 192	0	W. Deputy		ERA, W.P.
		Doputy	1.15001,	

In the District Court of Colombo.

P. L. Palaniappa' Chetty of Sea street,

E. Amarasekara of No. 25, Grandpass road, Л.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Friday, January 21, 1921, will be sold by public auction at the respective premises the right, title, and interest of the said 1st defendant in the following property for the recovery of the sum of Rs. $15,567 \cdot 10$, with interest thereon at 9 per cent. per annum from July 30, 1920, till payment in full, and costs, and less Rs. 1,000, viz

. At 1 P.M. -

(1) All that land called Amunudittekumbura, situated at Pepiliyawala in the Gangaboda pattu of Siyane korale; at reprivation in the Gangabota path of Siyane Korale; and bounded on the north by Gamagewatta and oya, on the east by Maya oya, on the south by Uda angulawa, and on the west by Urakumbura; containing in extent about 6 bushels and 3 pecks of paddy sowing.

At 1.30 P.M.

(2) All that land called Potupitiyekumbura, situated at Pepiliyawala aforesaid ; bounded on the north by Gamagewatta and ela, on the east by Amunudittekumbura, on the south by Uda angulawa, and on the west by Potupitiya; and containing in extent about 4 bushels and 2 pecks of paddy sowing.

At 2 P.M.

(3) All that land called Potupitiyekumbura, situated at Pepiliyawala as aforesaid; bounded on the north by Gamagewatta and ela, on the east by Urakumbura, on the south by Uda-angulawa, and on the west by Wijesinha-dewage Urakumbura; containing in extent about 3 bushels of paddy sowing of paddy sowing.

On Saturday, January 22, 1921, at 11 A.M.

(4) An undivided ξ part of the land called Koratuwa, situated at Hanwella in the Meda pattu of Hewagam korale; and bounded on the north and east by Imbulgaha-watta, on the south by Batalawatta, on the west by Appalawattaowita; containing in extent about ½ bushel of paddy sowing.

On the same day at 11.30 A.M.

(8) All that divided western portion of the land called Kottangahawatta, situated at Hanwella as aforesaid; and bounded on the north by ditch of Walawwewatta, on the east and south by ditch and live fence, and on the west by a live fence; containing in extent about 3 kurunies paddy sowing.

On the same day at 12.30 P.M.

(10) The divided western portion of the land Hikgahawatta, situated at Hanwella as aforesaid : bounded on the north and west by land of Amarasekara Mudaliyar, on the south and east by the land of Don Thomas Kannangara ; containing in extent about 2 kurunies paddy sowing.

On the same day at 1.30 P.M.

(11) All that land called Dunumadalagahawatta, situated at Diddeniya in the Udugaha pattu of Hewagam korale; and bounded on the north by Gamagewatta, on the east by Bopegewatta, on the south and west by Kumaragewatta; containing in extent 11 bushels paddy sowing.

On the same day at 2 P.M.

(12) All that land called Kelampitiyehena, situated at Diddeniya as aforesaid; and bounded on the north by land described in title plan No. 166,581, on the east by lot No. 13,729 described in preliminary plan No. 11,786, on the south by lot No. 1,690 in preliminary plan No. 4,775, on the west by land described in title plan No. 136,682; containing in extent 1 rood and 8 perches.

On the same day at 2 .30 P.M.

(13) All that land called Halgahakumbura, situated at Diddeniya as aforesaid; and bounded on the north-east and south by limitary dams, and on the west by ela; con-taining about $1\frac{1}{2}$ bushels paddy sowing in extent. Registered under title K 1/228 and 21/209.

On the same day at 3 P.M.

(14) All that land called Nugagahawatta, situated at Diddeniya as aforesaid ; bounded on the north and east by Kumaragewatta, on the south by Gamagewatta, and on the west by another portion of this land; containing in extent about $1\frac{1}{2}$ bushels paddy sowing.

Fiscal's Office, Colombo, December 15, 1920.	W. DE LIVERA, Deputy Fiscal, W. P.
5/ In the District Cou	rt of Colombo.
Hefee Aboobucher Hejee Noor street, Colombo	Mohamed of Keyzer
Wo. 2,299 of 1920. Vs	•

(1) B. S. Cooray, (2) Emily Cooray, both of Demata-

goda, Colombo Defendants. NOTICE is hereby given that on Thursday, January 20, 1921, will be sold by public auction at the respective premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendants in the following property for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 3,000, with legal interest thereon from October 22, 1920, till payment in full, and costs, viz. :--

At 2 P.M.

J

1. All the eastern portion marked B, coloured purple in plan of survey dated December 10, 1890, made by C. H. Lembrugen, Licensed Surveyor, situated at 5th Cross street in the Petteh of Colombo, together with the rooms bearing assessment Nos. 61, 62, 63, 64, 64A, and 65; which said entire portion is bounded on the north by the house No. 14 of the late Dr. J. E. Prins, now belonging to the estate of the late Madana Marikar, on the east by the 5th Cross street, on the south by the house No. 16 of Juan Gomis; now the property of Don Cornelis Appuhamy, and on the west by the house No. 15 or lot A, coloured pink in the said plan and ellotted to Mary Jurgen Ondatjee; and containing in extent 25 perches more or less.

At 3 p.m.

2. All that land and premises bearing assessment No. 29, situated at Keyzer street in the Pettah, within the Municipality and District of Colombo, Western Province; and bounded on the north by Keyzer street, on the east by No. 28, Keyzer street, on the south by the house and ground of Packeer Tamby, and on the west by house No. 30 of C. A. Jurgen Ondatjee; containing in extent 1 96/100 perches.

Fiscal's Office, Colombo, December 15, 192C. In the District Court of Colombo. Hadjee Aboobucker Hadjee Noor Mohamed of Keyzer street, Colombo. No. 2,300 of 1920. Vs.

B. S. Cooray, Demetagode, Colombo Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Thursday, January 20, 1921, will be sold by public suction at the respective premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendant in the following property for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 2,244, with fir ther interest on Rs. 2,200 at 12 per cent. from October 22, 1920, till this date (November 5, 1920), thereafter legal rate till payment in full, and costs, viz. :--

At 2.30 P.M.

1. All that eastern portion marked B, coloured purple in plan of survey dated December 10, 1890, made by C. H. Lembruggen, Licensed Surveyor, situated at 5th Cross street in the Pettah of Colombo, together with the rooms bearing assessment Nos. 61, 62, 63, 64, 64A, and 65; which said eastern portion is bounded on the north by the house No. 14 of the late Dr. J. E. Prins, now belonging to the estate of the late Madana Marikar, on the east by the 5th. Cross street, on the south by the house No. 16 of Juan Gomes, now the property of Don Cornelis Appuhamy, and on the west by the house No. 18 or lot A, coloured pink ir the said plan, allotted to Mary Jargen Ondatjee; containing in extent 25 perches more or less.

A,t 3.30 P.M.

2. All that land and premises beering assessment No. 29, situated at Keyzer street in the Pettah, within the Municipality and District of Colombo, Western Province; and bounded on the north by Keyzer street, east by No. 26, Keyzer street, on the south by the house and ground of Packeer Tamby, and on the west by the house No: 30 of C. A. Jurgen Ondatjee; containing in extent 1 96/100 perches.

W. DE LIVERA Fiscel's Office, Colombo, December 15, 1920. Deputy Fiscel, W. P. D In the District Court of Colombo. Assanali Nagoor Meera of Dematagoda, Colombo . . Plaintiff. No. 52,701. ٧s Abdul Hameed of No. 23, Victoria Arcade, Fort, /.....Defendant. Colombo..... NOTICE is hereby given that on Friday, January 7, 1921, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at H. M. Customs, Fort, Colombo, the following movable property for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 3,301.64, with interest thereon at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum from March 27, 1919, till payment in full, less a sum of Rs. 500, and costs of suit not taxed, yiz. :--1 cargo boat bearing No. 7.16. 1 cargo boat bearing No. 720. 1 cargo boat bearing No. 718.

1 cargo boat bearing No. 719.

Fiscal's Office, Colombo, December 13, 1920. W. DE LIVERA, Deputy Fiscal, W. P. In the District Court of Colombo.

No. 54,285.

K. G. Silva, timber merchant, of Dean's road, Maradana in Colombo, (2) A. C. M. Saheed, broker, of 34, 35, Chatham street, Fort, Colombo Defendants.

Vs.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Wednesday, January 19, 1921, at 2.30 P.M., will be sold by public auction at No. 6, Dean's road, Maradana, Colombo, the following movable property for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 680 87, with interest on Rs. 655 from November 20, 1919, to January 12, 1920, at 9 per cent. per annum, and thereafter on the aggregate amount of the decree till payment in full, and costs of suit, viz.

One timber sawing machine with its accessories, 1 boiler, 1 show case, 3 teakwood almirahs, 1 teakwood almirah fixed with mirror, 1 teakwood almirah, 5 easy chairs, 1 cashier's box, 36 ladies' chairs, 3 low chairs, 18 arm chairs, 2 tables with marble tops, 1 tank, 1 lot remaining unfinished goods, 4 toilet tables without mirrors, 1 lot sawn planks and timber, 1 almirah, 2 tables with drawers, 3 chairs, 1 witting desk.

Fiscal's Office, W. DE LIVERA Colombo, December 15, 1920. Deputy Fiscal, W. P. H In the District Court of Colombo. (1) Esufali Mohamedbhoy, (2) Gulan Haseen Mohamedbhoy (3) Adamalay Mohamedbhoy, earrying on business under the name, firm, and style of E. G. Adamalay & Co., of Pettah, in Colombo Plaintiffs. No. 54,286. • Vs.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Wednesday, January 12, 1921, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at Nos. 76 and 77; Bankshall street, Pettah, Colombo, the following movable property for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 1,521 49, with interest on Rs. 1,456 38 at 9 per cent. per annum from November 5, 1919, to May 12, 1920, and thereafter on the aggregate amount of the decree till payment in full, and costs, viz. :--

3 writing tables, 2 chairs, 5 bags sugar, 10 bags green peas, 8 bags dhal, about 10 cwt. of, potash, 2 partition cases with sundries, 1 lot medicine.

Ň W. DE LIVERA, Fiscal's Office, Colombo, December 13, 1920. Deputy Fiscal, W.P. ------In the District Court of Colombo. Fernando of Kinross, Bambalapitiya, Henry Plaintiff. Colombo No. 54.331 Vs.

Lawrie Muttukristna of San Sebastian Hill, Colombo Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Saturday, January 15, 1921, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at No. 18, San Sebastian, Colombo, the following movable property for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 540, with interest thereon at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum from November 20, 1919, until payment in full, and costs of suit taxed at Rs. 254 85, viz. :--

12 jak tables, 12 jak small tables, 12 long tables, 12 benches with high back, 12 small benches with high backs, 35 jack chairs, 2 wall clocks, 1 jak round table, 6 jak glass almirahs, 2 nadun writing tables with drawers, 1 small iron safe, 25 picture frames, 1 wall mirror, 12 typewriters.

Fiscal's Office, Colombo, December 13, 1920. W. DE LIVERA, Deputy Fiscal, W. R. B 5

8.38 In the Court of Requests of Colombo. R. N. K. R. Nalla Caruppen Chetty of No. 171, Sea street, Colombo Plaintiff. Vs. No. 64,056.

(1) W. A. E. de S. Wydiyaratne of Wall-street, (2) B.

912

Daniel Cooray of Dematagoda in Colombo . . Defendants. NOTICE is hereby given that on Monday, January 17, 1921, at 3. 30 P.M. in the efternoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said 2nd defendant in the following property for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 250, with legal interest thereon from September 14, 1917, till payment in full, and costs of suit Rs. 33.55, and poundage, viz. :-

An undivided 1/5 share of all that piece of ground, with the house thereon marked No. 26 situated at Keyzer street, Pettah, Colombo; bounded on the north by Keyzer street, on the east by the property of the late Mrs. Fonesse, on the south by the house and ground of Packeer Tamby, and on the west by the house No. 27 of C. A. Jurgen Ondaatje; containing in extent 1 96/100 perch.

Fiscal's Office, W. DE LIVERA Colombo; December 15, 1920. Deputy Fiscal, W. P.

In the Court of Requests of Colombo. P.R. N. K. R. Nalla Caruppen Chetty of No. 171, Sea street, Colombo, Plaintiff. _ Vs. No. 68,767. .

(1)/D. S. S. Gnanakan of the National Bank, 13 Colombo, and (2) B. S. Cooray of Dematagoda in 13 Colombo Defendants

NOTICE is hereby given that on Monday, January 17, 1921, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said 2nd defendant in the following property for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 260 at 20 per cent. per annum from May 31, 1919, to July 9, 1919, and legal interest from that date till payment in full, and costs of suit Rs. 38 65, and poundage, viz. :-

An undivided } share of all that piece of ground, with the house thereon marked No. 26, situated at Keyzer street, Pettah, within the Municipality of Colombo ; and bounded on the north by Keyzer street, on the east by the property of the late Mrs. Fonesse, on the south by the house and ground of Packeer Tamby, and on the west by the house No. 27 of C. A. Jurgen Ondeatje; containing in extent 1 96/100 square perch..

2 -Fiscal's Office, W. DE LIVERA Colombo, December 15, 1920. Deputy Fiscal, W. P.

In the District Court of Kalutara.

C. H. Dias of Panadure Plaintiff V. 0 997 Vs. Thenkutti Sanoris de Silva Gunasekara, Karuna-

ratne alias Thegis Silva Karunaratne, and (2) Thenkutti Gunasekera Karunaratne Peter Silva, both of Kaluwamodera Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that, on Tuesday, January 11, 1921, commencing at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, will be sold by public auction at the respective premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendants in the following property (mortgaged by the defendant with plaintiff and declared bound and executable for the decree entered in the said case) for the recovery of Rs. -2,145-22, with interest on Day 1992 The table and the said case of the recovery of the said case of the recovery of the said case of th Rs. 1,662 75 at 18 per cent per annum from March 1, 1918, till May 29, 1919, and thereafter legal interest on the aggregate amount till payment in full, viz.

All that lot marked 2 appearing in plan No. 3,441 1 dated November 27, 1916, and made by H. O. Scharenguivel, Licensed Surveyor, of the land called Wellabodawatta alias Licensed Surveyor, of the land called wellanddawatta *attas* Hewainnewatta, situated at Alutgama; and bounded on the north by Midellagahawatta, whereon Andiriya resides, east by lot No. 3, on the south by the road passing through the land, and west by the lot marked 1; and containing in extent 2 44/100 perches.

2. All that lot marked 4 appearing in the said plan No. 3,441 of the land called Wellabodawatta alias Hewainnewatta, situated at Alutgama ; and bounded on the north by the road passing through the land, east by the Colombo-Galle high road, south by lots 5 and 6, and west by lot 6; containing in extent 18 57/100 perches.
3. All those undivided 7/9 of 35/72 parts of the soil and

trees of Kahatagahawatta, and situated at Moragalla in Alutgambadda aforesaid; and bounded on the north by Gonigewatta, east by Tennagewatta, south by Daiyage-watta, and west by Talapatnatuwa; and containing in extent of about 11 acres.

4. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ part of the soil and trees of Heendi-ganaowita, and situated at Moragalla aforesaid; and bounded on the north by Ellugewatta, east by Mahally, dda, south by Assageowita, and west by Leregeowita and containing in extent of about $\frac{1}{2}$ acre. 5. All those undivided 8/9 shares of the planter's $\frac{1}{2}$ share

of the trees of the third plantation standing on Ehatugahawatta *alias* Elabodawatta, together with an undivided $\frac{1}{3}$ part of the ground share of the remaining trees and of the land, and situated at Kaluwamodera; and bounded on the north by Batupitiyewatta, Dehigahapelawatta, and Metigahapuwatta, east by the garden of Hembadura Sandiris Silva Kapurala, south by Elabodawatta alias Kuchchigawatta, and west by ela ; and containing in extent of about 2 acres

6. An undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ part of the soil and trees of Ponnapelawatta, and situated at Kaluwamodera aforesaid; and bounded on the north by Naminiwatta, east by the garden whereon Kammandiduiya resides, south by Madatiyagahawatta alias Pehitagewatta, and west by Digarollewatta;

and containing in extent of about 1 acre. 7. An undivided 1 part of the soil and trees of Badalgevatta, and situated at Kaluwamodera; and bounded on the north by the ela, east by Suduheengahawatta *alias* Timbirigahawatta, south by Atensugewatta, and west by Mahagederawatta; and containing in extent of about I acre.

8. An undivided 1 part of the soil and trees of Bakinigahawatta, and situated at Kaluwamodera aforesaid ; and bounded on the north by Digane, east by Kodibende-kumbura, south by Digane alias Walalangaliyadda, and west by Kirindigodella ; and containing in extent of about 3 roods.

9. An undivided 19/60 part of the soil and trees of the northern portion of Wellagederawatta, and situated at Kaluwamodera aforesaid; and bounded on the north by Aweriwatta alias Mudiyansegewatta, east by the residing garden of Amis Wadurala, south and west by the portion of this land ; and containing in extent of about 1 acre.

• 10. An undivided $\frac{1}{6}$ share of the planter's $\frac{1}{2}$ share of the press of the 1st plantation standing on Tennagewatta *alias* Elabodawatta, together with undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ part of the land and of the remaining trees, and situated at Moragalla aforesaid; and bounded on the north by Diyaguwawatta, eact by the ale control by Dremingwarts. east by the ela, south by Ponnigewatta, west by Dasayagewatta; and containing in extent of about 1 acre.

11. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ part of the soil and trees of Dimbulagahaowita, and situated at Kaluwamodera aforesaid; and bounded on the north by the road, east by Timbulgahaowita, south by Punchiowita of Warapitiye people, and west by Godakumburawatta and Kanchappageowitzwatta;

and containing in extent about 1 acre. 12. An undivided 1 part of the soil and trees of Bogaha-owita, and situated at Kaluwamodera aforesaid; and bounded on the north by Munwapuraowita and Pavatiowita, east by Annaviralageowita, south by Bogahaowita, and west by Mahadiganowita ; and containing in extent of about 1 acre.

13. An undivided & part of the soil and trees of Dehi-gahawatta, and situated at Kaluwamodera aforesaid ; and bounded on the north by Pelawatta, east by Gorakaya-watta, south by Karandagahawatta, and west by Kuchchigewatta, and Digarollewatta; and containing in extent of about 1 acre.

14. An undivided $\frac{1}{8}$ part of the soil and trees of Bogahawatta, and situated at Kaluwamodera aforesaid; and bounded on the north by Bogahawatta, east by the residing land of Welipitiye Avis Silva, south by Dachchagederawatta, and west by Makonagewatta ; and containing in, extent of, about 2 acre.

15. An undivided 35/144 parts of the soil and trees of Suriyagahawatta *alias* Kotumullewatta, and situated at Kaluwamodera aforesaid ;, and bounded on the north by Mahawatta, east by river, south by Arachchilagewatta *alias* Suriyagahawatta, and west by Abiyapitiya; and containing in extent of about 1 acre.

16. The planter's $\frac{1}{2}$ share of the trees of the second plantation standing on Mawatewatta, together with an undivided 1/12 part and an undivided 1/48 part of the remaining trees and of the land, and situated at Kaluwamodera aforesaid; and bounded on the north by Attigahawatta, east by Jambugahawatta, Mahawelaboda, Muttettuwewatta, south by Muttettuwewatta, and west by the high road; and containing in extent of about 2 acres.

17. The undivided 3/10 shares of the planter's $\frac{1}{2}$ share of the 1st plantation, $\frac{3}{4}$ shares of the planter's $\frac{1}{2}$ share of the trees of the 3rd plantation standing on Rukattanagehawatta *alias* Mawatabodawatta, together with an undivided $\frac{3}{4}$ parts of two fruit-bearing coconut trees of the 2nd plantations standing on the southern portion and of 1 breadfruit tree and of all the remaining trees and of the land situated at Kaluwamodera aforesaid; and bounded on the north by Baddegewatta, east by Mawetawatta, south by Mawetawatta *alias* Elabodawatta, and west by Lindagawewatta and Korakaluwawatta; and containing in extent of about 1 acre.

Deputy Fiscal's Office, Kautara, December 14, 1920. H. SAMEBESINGHA, Deputy Fiscal.

In the District Court of Negombo. Wattage Selestino Appu of Kaluwarippuwa.....Plaintiff No. 14,495. Vs.

Waduge Graciano Livera of Kaluwarippuwa, executor of the estate of Waduge Siman Livera, deceased, of Kaluwarippuwa......Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on January 15, [192], commencing at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, will be said by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendant in the following property, viz.

1, An undivided 7/9 shares of the land called Horagahalanda and the buildings standing thereon, situate at Kaluwarippuwa, in Dunagaha pattu of Alutkuru korale; and bounded on the north by field belonging to Amaris Appu, east by lands belonging to Palenti Appu and others, south by lands belonging to Juse Appu and others, and on the west by cart road; containing in extent about 2 roads and 39 perches, subject to life interest of Waduge Bastian Livera.

2. An undivided 7/9 shares of the land called Horagahamukalana, situate at Kaluwarippuwa aforesaid; and bounded on the north by land called Horagahalanda belonging to the estate of the late Siman Livera, east by land belonging to Palenti Appu and others, south by land belonging to Bastian Livera, and on the west by land belonging to Juse Appu and others; containing in extent about 3 roods and 30 perches.

3. The unexpired term of 23 years' lease out of 25 years' lease in favour of the estate of the late Waduge Siman Livera from and out of $\frac{1}{2}$ share of the land called Mahahoremiriswatta, situate at Katana west in Dunagaha patti ; and bounded on the north by land belonging to Mr. L. S. J. Fernando Karunatilaka, east by live fence separating the eastern portion of this land, south by land belonging to Rasohami, and on the west by the western portion of this land belonging to Santiago Fernando; containing in extent about 3 acres and 3 roods.

Amount to be lexied Rs. 2,229.22, with interest on Rs. 2,030.42 at 9 per cent. per annum from September 24, 1920, till payment, and poundage.

Deputy Fiscal's Office, FRED. G. HEPPONSTALL, Negombo, December 14, 1920. Deputy Fiscal.

Nicholas Dabarera of 2nd Division, Bolawalana. Defendant. NOTICE is hereby given that on January 10, 1921, sommencing at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendants in the following property, viz. :---

1. The land called Beligahakumbura, bearing assessment No. 54, situate at 2nd Division, Bolawalana, Negombo; and bounded on the north by high road, east by land belonging to the heirs of the late Don Cornelis Wejesinghe, south by land belonging to Don Juse Appuhami, and west by land of Hettiarachehige Don Joranis Appuhami; containing in extent about 3 roads, and the buildings standing thereon.

2. An undivided 4 share of the boutique bearing assessment No. 41 and the plot of ground in which it stands, situate at Main street, Negombo; and bounded on the north by land belonging to K. S. Stephen Fernando, east by boutique belonging to the heirs of the late Thambaiah Fernando, south by Main street, and west by the buildings belonging to the estate of the late Mr. John Leo de Croos; containing in extent about 15 perches. Amount to be levied Rs. 296 65, with interest on Rs. 250

Amount to be levied Rs. 296 65, with interest on Rs. 250 at 9 per cent. per annum from July 1, 1920, till payment, and poundage.

Deputy Fiscal's Office, FRED. G. HEPPONSTALL, Negombo, December 10, 1920. Deputy Fiscal.

In the Court of Requests of Negombo. N. K. L. Letchimanen Chetty of Negombo Plaintiff.

No. 29,060.

Vs.

NOTICE is hereby given that on January 11, 1921, commencing at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendants in the following property, viz.

The land and the tiled house in which the defendants reside, situate at Dalupotha in Dunagaha pattu of Alutkura korale; and bounded on the north by lands belonging to the church and others, east by lands belonging to Siyagunakosgodage Mathias Fernando and others, south by land belonging to the heirs of Liyandurage Santi Fernando, and on the west by lands belonging to the heirs of Hathurusinghege Peloris Fernando and others; containing in extent about $\frac{1}{2}$ acre.

Amount to be levied Rs. 299 95, with interest on Rs. 250 at 18 per cent. per annum from October 12, 1920, to November 12, 1920, and thereafter at 9 per cent. per annum till payment, and poundage.

Deputy Fiscal's Office, FRED. G. HEPPONSTALL, Negombo, December 14, 1920. Deputy Fiscal.

Central Province.

In the District Court of Hatton.

Sena Abdul Careem of Gampola Plaintiff./ No. 865. Vs.

 R. H. Downall, (2) Packeer Mohideen Rahamat Umma, the administratrix of the estate of the late A. D. Miskin of Galagedara, (3) A. D. B. Miskin, (4)

D. D. M. Miskin of Gampela Defendants. NOTICE is hereby given that on Friday, January 14.

1921, at 12 noon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said 2nd, 3rd, and 4th defendants in the following property for, the recovery of the sum of Rs. 6,876 33, with interest on Rs. 5,000 at 2 per cent. per annum from July 25, 1919, until date of decree, and thereafter at 9 per cent. per annum on the aggregate till payment in full, costs of suit, and poundage, less Rs. 1,000, viz. :--

All that allotment of land on the upper side of the Galagedera road, situated in the village Yatiwawala, in the Kulugammanasiya pattu of Harispattu, in the District of Kandy of the Central Province; and bounded on the northeast by property belonging to Thomas Dickson and R. R. Jansz, on the south or south-east by the property of Singho Appu Bass, on the south-west by Galagedera road, and on the north-west by property of Baptist Mission; containing in extent 1 rood and $32\frac{1}{2}$ perches.

Fiscal's Office,	A. RANESINGHE,
Kandy, December 14, 1920.	Deputy Fiscal.

In the District Court of Kandy.

Polwatte Weeramange Jinadasa Ranasinghe WeeramanAppuhamy of Panwilatenna in UdapalataNo. 27,291.Vs.

(1) Hewahetagedera Rankira, (2) Hewahetagedera Appuwa, and (3) Hewahetagedera Pulunguwa, all of • Tumpelawake in Udapalata.....Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Wednesday, February 2, 1921, and the following days if necessary, commencing each day at 12 noon, will be sold by public auction at the respective premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendants in the following property mortgaged with the plaintiff by bond No. 13,756 dated February 28, 1916, and attested by Mr. Martin Kotalawala of Kandy, Notary Public, and decreed to be sold under the decree entered in the above case for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 2,870⁻³9, together with legal interest on the sum of Rs. 2,688 from December 12, 1919, until payment in full, and poundage, viz. :--

(1) An undivided $\frac{1}{3}$ share of Hewahetagederakumbura of 12 lahas in paddy sowing extent, situate at Tumpelawaka in Udapalata, in the District of Kandy of the Central Province; and which said entire land is bounded on the east by the limit of Rankira's field, on the south by a stream, and on the west and north by the limit of Kiri Hatana Vidana Dewaya's field.

(2) Pilipitiyekumbura of 2 pelas in paddy sowing extent, situate at Tumpelawaka aforesaid; and bounded on the east and south by an oya, on the west by the limitary ridge of Garu's field, and on the north by the limit of Nematu's field.

(3) Gederawatta alias Kottagahamulawatta of $\frac{3}{4}$ acre in extent; or 15 lahas in extent, situate at Tumpelawake aforesaid; and bounded on the east by the stone fence of Doluwegedera Sirimala's land, on the south by the stone fence of the land belonging to V. John, conductor, on the west by the stone fence of Doluwegedera Appuwa's land, and on the north by the dry stream of Doluwegedera Appuwa's land.

(4) An unvdivided 1 share of Etambagahamulahena of 5 pelos in paddy sowing extent, situate at Tumpelawaka storesaid; and which said entire land is bounded on the east by the dry stream of Bowlanegedera Rankira's chena, on the south by the ridge of the summit, on the west by milla tree and domba tree of Hewahetagedera Pulinguwa's chena, and on the north by the limit of Wedahitiyawatta.

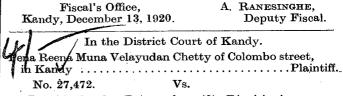
(5) The western 1 share of about 5 lahas in extent, out of Exambegahamulawatta of about 2 pelas in paddy sowing extent, situate at Tumpelawaka aforesaid; and which said western portion is bounded on the east by kahata tree and ketakala tree standing on the limit of the remaining portion of this land, on the south by the stone fence of the field belonging to Mulgama vihare, on the west by the milala tree of. Etambagahamulawatta belonging to Bowlanegedera Siriya, and on the north by a road.

(6) An undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share of an undivided 3/5 share out of Hewahetagederawatta of about 5 lahas in paddy sowing extent, situate at Tumpelawaka aforesaid; and which said entire land is bounded on the east by the tea garden of (langodagedora Kiri Hatana Vidane Duraya, on the south by the limit of the tea garden of Siriya, on the west by the Gansabhawa road, and on the north by the path leading to the village.

the village. (7) An undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share of an undivided 1/12 share out of Katukitulellahena of about 6 pelas in paddy sowing extont, situate at Tumpelawaka aforesaid; and which said entire land is bounded on the east by the ditch which separates the Crown land, on the south by the limit of Siriya's land, on the west by the limit of Sobana's land, and on the north by a water-course.

(8) Galgodahena of about 5 lahas in paddy sowing extent, situato at Tumpelawaka aforesaid; and bounded on the east by the limit of Pulunguwa's chena, on the south and north by a dry stream, and on the west by the limit of Saypala's garden.

(9) An undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share of Karawalagahapitiya of about 2 pelas in paddy sowing extent, situate at Tumpelawaka aforesaid; and which said entire land is bounded on the east and south by the Gansabhawa road, on the west by a field, and on the north by a dry stream.



(1) Punchi Banda Ratnayake, (2) Dingiri Amma Ratnayake, both of Kahalla in Katugastota. Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Friday, January 21, 1921, at 12 noon, will be sold by public auction at the Fiscal's Office, Kandy, the right, title, and interest of the said defendants in the following for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 2,204, with interest thereon at 9 per cent. per annum from September 9, 1919, till payment in full, and costs Rs. 134 40, together making the sum of Rs. 2,338 40, less Rs. 400, viz.:—

The deed of agreement bearing No. 2,035 dated June 20, 1919, and attested by F. L. Goonewardena of Kandy, Notary Public, and the interest of the judgment debtors. Punchi Banda Ratnayake and Dingiri Amma Ratnayake, in and to the lands mentioned in the aforesaid deed of agreement.

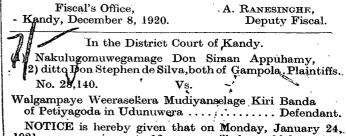
Fiscal's Office, Kandy, December 9, 1920.	A. RANESINGHE, Deputy Fiscal.
In the District Course	rt of Kandy. npole Plaintiff
No. 27,776. Vs.	

Francis Dias Bandaranayake of Peradeniya....Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Saturday, January 22, 1921, commencing at 12 noon, will be sold by public auction at the respective premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendant in the following property for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 400, with further maintenance of Rs. 100 a month from November 1; 1920, until the decision of this case and poundage due on the same, viz. :--

(1) The land called and known as Kebellaruppewatta, of about 7 bushels of paddy sowing in extent, situate at Yalagoda in Gangapalata of Udunuwara, in the District of Kandy of the Central Province; and bounded on the east by the Dunuwatta estate, on the north by the high road, on the south by the land belonging to Maligawa and Upasekaya's land, and on the west by the high road; with everything thereon.

(2) The land called Udagederawatta, situate at Yalagoda aforesaid, of about 15 lahas in paddy sowing in extent; and bounded on the east by Waralle and land belonging to Walawwa, on the south by Walawwa land, on the north by Rankira Panavidakaraya's land and fence; and on the west by the ella of Angunawela Arachchi's land; with everything thereon.



NOTICE is hereby given that on Monday, January 24, 1921, commencing at 12 noon, will be sold by public auction at the respective premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendant in the following property mortgaged with the plaintiff by bond No. 607 dated May 5, 1917, and attested by Mr. A. V. van Langenberg of

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Kandy District, Notary Public, and decreed to be sold under the decree entered in the above case for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 2,952, with interest at 9 per cent. per annum from August 18, 1920, till payment in full, with costs and poundage, viz. :-

(1) One undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ part or share of and in all those contiguous lands called Atalahawatta of 2 roods and 34perches in extent, Dewatagahagodahena of 1 amunam paddy sowing in extent, Talagahakotuwewatta and Panyayewatta, both of 3 pelas paddy sowing in extent, and Dewatagaha-godawatta of 1 amunam paddy sowing in extent, which said several lands adjoin each other and now form one property of the aggregate extent of 3 amunams and 9 lahas paddy sowing extent in the whole, situate in the village Meewaladeniya in Gangapalata of Udunuwara, in the District of Kandy of the Central Province; and the said contiguous lands being bounded on the east by Nikatenne Meewaladeniyawatta-attaalahekumbura and Gabo Naidelewatta, on the south by Dewatagahagodawatta, on the west by the ditch of Pinhena, and on the north by Lindemullekumbura and Meegasange.

(2) One undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ part or share of and in all those contiguous lands called the western portion of the field called Lindamulla in extent 1 pela of paddy sowing, Meegasangekumbura in extent 13 lahas of paddy sowing, the eastern portion of the field called Lindamulla in extent 2 pelas, which said several lands adjoin each other and now form one property, situate at Meewaladeniya aforesaid; and bounded on the east by the limit of Lindagawapela, on the south by the bank of Talagahakotuwewatta, on the west by the Kaluhamy Nachchiragekumbura, and on the north by the bank (ella) of Dombakotuwewatta; and containing in extent in the whole 4 pelas and 3 lahas paddy sowing.

(3) One undivided 1 share of and in the land called Yarthenadeniya, in extent 2 pelas of paddy sowing, situate at Meewaladeniya aforesaid; and bounded on the east by Kalootuwawehena, on the south by the limit of Kotuwe-gedera Rallagekumbura, on the west by Ratupihillawatta. and on the north by Pansalekumbura; together with all the buildings, plantations, and everything thereon.

A. RANESINGHE, Fiscal's Office, Kandy, December 8, 1920. ÷ . Deputy Fiscal. In the District Court of Colombo.

Louis Walker Nasa Joseph of 39, Chatham street, Fort, Colombo, now care of A. H. R. Joseph of Trinity College, Kandy Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Saturday, January 22, 1921, at 12 noon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendant in the following property for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 3,563 29, with interest on Rs. 3,500 at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum from October 24, 1919, to the date of decree, and thereafter further interest on the aggregate amount at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum till payment in full, and costs and poundage, less Rs. 1,500 realized by sale of mortgaged property, viz. :-

Land called Pussehena, now a garden 9 pelas in extent, with the houses and plantations standing thereon comprising the following allotments of land, situated at Alutgama in Pallegampaha of Lower Dumbara, in the District of in Pallegampaha of Lower Dumbara, in the District of Kandy of the Central Province, namely, (1) Pusséhèna of 1 amunam and 2 pelas with the house and plantation thereon, (2) the western 3 pelas being $\frac{1}{2}$ share of Pussehena of 3 amunams with everything thereon, and (3) the middle 3 pelas being $\frac{1}{2}$ share of Pussehena of 3 amunams, with the exception of 3 pelas sold to Packir Mohideen Kader Saibo; the entire land being bounded on the east by the ditch of Mohamado Tamby's garden, on the south by the village limit of Talawinne, on the west by endaru fence, and of the north by the road ; containing in extent 4 acres 2 roods and 3 perches.

Fiscal's Office, Kandy, December 8, 1920.

A. RANESINGHE. Deputy Fiscal. Southern Province.

No. 11,892 --- Additional Court of Requests, Galle. No. 18,186 .- District Court, Galle.

No. 16,658.-District Court Galle.

K. M. V. V. Alagappa Chetty of Galle, N. R. M. K. R. Karuppan Chetty of Galle, respectively Plaintiffs. Vs.

Y. H. Sadris of Kalahe, defendant in first two cases, Y. H. Sadris and another in the third" case Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Tuesday, January 11, 1921, at 12 noon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendant in the following property, viz. :-

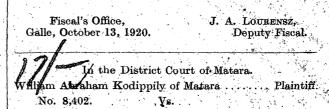
1. All the soil and trees of the two adjoining lots Nos. 3 and 4 of the land called Kalahegewatta alias Hikkaduwegewatta, situate at Kalahe ; bounded on the north by lot No. 1 of the same land, east by lot No. 5 of the same land, south by Urukoratuwewatta alias Upansawatta, and west by lot-No. 2 of the same land; extent 13 78/100 perches.

2. An undivided 25/52 parts or 121 kurunies of paddy sowing extent, planted with rubber out of 26 kurunies of paddy sowing extent of the land, situate at Meegoda; bounded on the north by Indibataowita, Weliketiyemülleowita ard Dola addaraowita, east by Naiduwewatta *alias* Kanatte watta and Bibulewatta, south by Paragahakumbura, and west by Kenderivewatta.

3. All the soil and trees of the land called Galagamaweowita, situate at Kalahe ; bounded on the north by a reservation for a road, east and south-east by land purchased by Mr. J. E. Bultjens, south-west and west by land claimed by Don Amadoris Amarasinhe.

(1) Amount of writ Rsr 121.25, with legal interest on Rs. 100 from November 6, 1919 (in the 1st case). (2) Amount of writ Rs. 763 03, with legal interest on

Rs. 683.11 from September 15, 1920 (in 2nd case). (3) Amount of writ Rs. 783.81, with legal interest on Rs. 698.06 from February 3, 1919 (in 3rd case)."



Juwan Pedige Luwina alias Juwan Pedige Lorensu Silva Luwina and others Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Thursday, January 20, 1921, commencing at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, will be sold by public auction at the respective premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendants in the following property for the recovery of Rs. 2,531.92, with legal interest from

polpitiya, situated at Dondra; and bounded on the north by Jambugahawatta, east by Ihalapolpitiya, south by Pelawatta and Mahagahakoratuwa, and west by wela (paddy field); containing in extent 1 rood and 2 perches. aluation Rs. 100.

2. All that undivided 1 part of the land called Meegahakoratuwa, situated at Dondra ; and bounded on the north by Delgahakoratuwa, east by Mahawatta, south by Guligahawatta, and west by Joolgahakoratuwa ; containing in

extent 21 perches. Valuation Rs. 50. 3. All that undivided 1 part of the land called Waraka, and hounded on gahawatta, situated at Dondra aforesaid ; and bounded on the north by Pitakoratuwa, east by Pittennewatta, south by Paluwatta and Hinpitagewatta, and west by Jambugahawatta; containing in extent 3 roods and 27 perches Valuation Rs. 50.

4. All that undivided 1 part of the land called Ihala-polpitiya, at Dondra ; and bounded on the north by Jambugahawatta, east by Paluwatta, south by Mahagahakoratuwa and Badabadugahakoratuwa, and west by Pahalapolpitiya; containing in extent 30 perches. Valuation Rs. 50.

5. All that undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ part (save and except the planter's $\frac{1}{2}$ share of the 2nd and 3rd plantations) of the land called and known as Uswatta *alias* Alangawila-addarawatta, situated at Dondra; and bounded on the north by Alanga wilakoratuwa, east by Petiarewatta, south by Bandarawatta, and west by Bandarawattakoratuwa and Loonuwatta; containing in extent 3 roods. Valuation Rs. 100.

6. All that divided portion marked letter B, together with all the buildings standing thereon, of the land called and known as Ambagahawatta, situated at Dondra; and which said divided portion is bounded on the north by Pinwatta, east by portion A of the same land, south by road, and west by a portion of Imbulgahawatta; containing in extent 17.9 perches. Valuation Rs. 600.

All that divided portion marked letter B, of the land called Medawatta, at Dondra; and bounded north by other portion of the same land, east by Kandegewatta, south by Mahadelgahatiyanakebella, and west by Medakoratuwa; containing in extent 17.5 perches. Valuation Rs. 100.
 All that undivided 1/10 part or share of the western

8. All that undivided 1/10 part or share of the western portion of the field called Alangawatta, at Dondra; bounded on the north by Wasalawalauwegalwetawatta, east by Pinkella, south by Dissanayakawalauweloonuwatta, and west by Alangawela; containing in extent 2 pelas of paddy sowing. Valuation Rs. 100.

9. All that undivided $\frac{1}{5}$ part or share of the land called Alangawela, at Dondra aforesaid; and bounded on the north and east by portions of the same land, south by Uswatta, and west by Pettawatteloonuwatta; containing in extent 1 pela of paddy sowing. Valuation Rs. 30.

10. All that undivided 1/12 part or share of the paraweni fruit trees and soil and the planter's $\frac{1}{3}$ share of the coconut trees belonging to the 3rd plantation (save and except the planter's share of the 2nd plantation) of the land called Kalapumoderawatta, situated at Wellamadama in Wellaboda pattu, Matara District; bounded on the north by Edande-ela, east by kalapuwa, south by seashore, and west by Moodillagahawatta; containing in extent about 6 acres. Valuation Rs. 750.

11. All that undivided $\frac{3}{6}$ parts or shares of the land called and known as Paluwatta, situated at Dondra aforesaid; bounded on the north by Punchelayewatta, east by Gurupadinchiwatta and Peragahakoratuwewatta, south by Nadugalawatta, and west by Pinwatta *alias* Toppalayawatta; containing in extent about 1 acre. Valuation Rs. 75.

12. All that undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ part or share of the paraweni fruit trees and of soil of the land called and known as Dangeiwatta, situated at Dondra aforesaid; bounded on the north by Danweejjewatta *dias* Balagewatta, east by minor road, south by Sattambigewatta, and west by Goroggahawatta; containing in extent about 1 acre. Rs. 100.

13. All that undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ part or share of the paraweni fruit trees and of soil, and an undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share of the 2nd plantation (save and except the planter's $\frac{1}{4}$ share of the 1st plantation) of the land called Gastunewatta, at Dondra ; and bounded on the north by Medawatta, east by Mukadangewatta, south by Gommanewatta, and west by Delgahawatta and Singaragewatta ; containing in extent about 1 acre and 2 roods. Rs. 100.

14. All that undivided 3/5 parts or shares of the divided eastern portion marked letter A, with the buildings, of the land called and known as Imbulgahawatta, at Dondra aforesaid; and which said eastern portion is bounded on the north by Pinwatta, east by Ambagahawatta, south by high road, and west by lot marked letter B of the same land claimed by M. Karonise; containing in extent about 8 perches. Rs. 500.

15. All that undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ part or share of the divided portion marked letter B lying towards the northern side of the road of the land called and known as Kalapumoderawatta, at Dondra aforesaid; and which said divided portion is bounded on the north by Bintamburawatta, east by Walauwewatta *alias* Loonuwatta, south by the portion marked letter A lying to the north of the road of the same land, and west by high road; containing in extent 33 $\frac{1}{2}$

16. All that undivided ½ part or share of the divided portion marked letter A of the land called and known as Kombugewatta *alias* Potupitiyannewatta, situated at Dondra aforesaid; and bounded on the north by high road,

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east by portion marked letter B of the same land, south by Joolgahakoratuwa and Hettigewatta, and west by Hettigewatta *alias* Punchappupadinchiwatta; containing in extent about 23 perches. Rs. 150.

in extent about 23 perches. Rs. 150. 17. All that undivided 2/10 parts or shares of the paraweni fruit trees and of soil of the land called and known as Pelawatta, at Dondra aforesaid; and bounded on the north by Mirissegewatta, east by Anchiligeammalaiwatta, south by Kalderanwatta, and west by Manduwandegepelawatta; containing in extent about 1 acre. Rs. 50.

18. All that undivided 4/10 parts or shakes (save and except the planter's $\frac{1}{3}$ share of the 2nd plantation) of the land called and known as Bintamburawepelawatta *alias* Kapukoratuwa, situated at Dondra aforesaid ; and bounded on the north by a portion of the land called Bintamburawa, east by Weeramundagebintamburawa, south by a portion of the land called Bintamburawa, and west by Kalapumoderawatta *alias* Bintamburawe, and west by Kalapumoderawatta *alias* Bintamburawe, containing in extent about $\frac{1}{2}$ acre. Rs. 75.

19. All those undivided 23/160 parts or shares and an undivided 23/48 parts or shares of the 9 cubits thatched house standing thereon of the land called and known as Karagahakoratuwa, at Dondra aforesaid; and bounded on the north by Perakoratuwa and Badabadugahakoratuwa, east by Runagekoratuwa and Kospelawatta, south by Kurunduwatta, and west by Medakella; containing in extent about 2 acres. Rs. 50.

20. All those undivided 23/120 parts or shares of the land called Malgahakoratuwa, at Dondra aforesaid; and bounded on the north by wela, east by Serugaslanda, south by Kosgahakoratuwa, and west by Singaragewatta; containing in extent about 1 acre. Rs. 40.

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· D	eputy Fiscal's Off	ice, E.T.G	OONEWARDENE,
Mate	ara, December 10,	1920.	Deputy Fiscal.
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21	\int In the Dist	rict Court of 1	Matara.
Dogul	annedi Jayaweera	a Patabendige	Angohami alias
Cerli	inahami		Plaintiff.
Ne	o. 8,641.	Vs.	

(3) Patiranage Alexander Appuhami of Denepitiya Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Wednesday, January 12, 1921, commencing at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, will be sold public auction at the respective premises the right, title, and interest of the aforesaid 3rd defendant in the following property for the recovery of a sum of Rs. 136 31, and Fiscal's charges, viz. :--

(1) All that undivided $\frac{1}{3}$ part of the soil and of trees of the land Talgahamede at Denepitiya; and bounded on the north by Weliwagura, east by Ambalamagawawela, south by high road, west by Naigewattawagura; containing in extent 8 bags of paddy sowing extent.

(2) All that the soil and trees of the land Kandáwala at Denepitiya; and bounded on the north by high road, east by Hunnannekumbura, south by Hirigalwela, west by Hirigalwelemahakoratuwa; containing about 2 bags of paddy sowing extent.

(3) All that the soil and trees of the land Mahabakinigahaowita at Denepitiya; and bounded on the north by Weliwagura, east by Ambalamewagura, south by high road, west by Medekoratuwa; containing in extent about 3 bags of paddy sowing.

(4) All that the western portion of Pelagaskoratuwa at ditto; and bounded on the north by Lindakoratuwa, east by Pelagaskoratuwa, south by Pelawatta, west by Dewenigewatta *alias* Palallegewatta; containing in extent about 1 acre.

(5) All that undivided $\frac{1}{3}$ part of the land Kumbalunnekebella at ditto; and bounded on the north by Wekadaanduwekele, east by Wilegodapengiriwatta, south by Radagekumbura, west by Galatiyanehenekele; containing in extent about 7 bags of paddy sowing.

Deputy Fiscal's Office, E. T. GOONEWARDENE, Matara, December 13, 1920. Deputy Fiscal.

Liyanakankanange	District Court	of Matar	B.	
Liyanakankanange	Dingihamy and	another .		Plaintiffs
No. 8,802.	Vs.			

Don Allis Wakista of Pitadenia, administrator of the estate of D. C. R. Weerasekera Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Tuesday, January 18. 1921, commencing at 9 o'clock in the morning, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the defendant in the following mortgaged property for. the recovery of Rs. 327.87, and Fiscal's charges :

1. An undivided 16/18 parts of all the fruit trees and of soil of Mederikanatta and all the buildings standing thereon, situated at Urugamuwa in the Wellaboda pattu of the District of Matara, Southern Province ; and bounded on the north by Kotapattagahawatta, east by Pitawalagekongahawatta, south by Dorakumbura, and on the west by Kosgahakumbura ; in extent 5 acres.

2. All the fruit trees and soil of Landehena, in extent 6 acres 1 rood and 30 perches, at ditto; and bounded as in plan No. 213,792, north by land claimed by natives and lands mentioned in plans Nos. 213,818 and 213,819, east by lands mentioned in title plans Nos. 213,819 and 213,790, south by the lands appearing in title plans Nos. 160,437 and 160,470, west by the lands mentioned in title plan. No. 160,470 and the land claimed by the natives.

E. T. GOONEWARDENE, Deputy Fiscal's Office, Deputy Fiscal. Matara, December 10, 1920. In the District Court of Matara. Hewa Visent Don Bastian de Silva of Denepitiya. . Plaintiff.

No. 8,829. Vs. Aisi Lebbe Marikar Muhammadu Lebbe Marikar of the

Old street at Weligama and another Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Saturday, January 15, 1921, at 10.30 in the forenoon, will be sold by public auction at the respective premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendants in the following mortgaged

(1) The tiled boutique No. 2 of five carpenter's cubits which stands on the west of the corner boutique on the eastern direction adjoining it and facing the south of the land called Bandinaidegewatta alias Palliyewattekebella, about 1 acre in extent, situated at the Old street in Weligama; and bounded on the north by Palliyewatta, east by the minor road, south by high road, and west by Karayatottam.

(2) The undivided 9/14 share of the divided lot A of Udumanpulletottam alias Udumanpullegederawatta and 9/14 share of buildings thereon, situated at Paranaweediya in Weligama, in extent 1 rood and 32 · 6 perches; and bounded on the north by Hodihattigewatta, Paranawatta, and Kanattaditottam, east by Kappittawatta, south by Kappittawatta and high road, and on the west by Mandadigewattekoratuwa.

(3) The soil and plantations, exclusive of the planter's share of the 2nd and 3rd plantations of the land Hodihattigewatta, about 3 roods in extent, situated at ditto; and bounded on the north by Karawaduwawatta, east by Paranawatta, south by Mandadigekoratuwa, and on the west by Jaritottam wherein Mammadali resides.

(4) All that tiled boutique of five carpenter's cubits on the west of the adjoining boutiqe of five carpenter's cubits given to the mosque out of all the boutiques erected on the land Karayatottam, about 1 acre in extent, situated at Paranaweediya in Weligama; and bounded on the north,

east, and west by Palliyewatta, and south by high road. Writ amount Rs. 1,838 48, and with legal interest thereon from July 8, 1920, till payment in full, and Fiscal's. charges.

Deputn Fiscal's Office, E. T. GOONEWARDENE, Matara, December 13, 1920. Deputy Fiscal.

In the Additional Court of Requests of Matara. Mwprewe Hewa Ranasinghe Dissan of Wehelgode in Matara No 10,922. Vs.

Rendege Don Juwanis, Police Officer of Kumbalgama in Matara Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Monday, January 10, 1921, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the spot the right, title, and interest of the said defendant in the following property for the recovery of Rs. 118 20, with legal interest on Rs. 100, from November 20 1919, till payment in full, and the Fiscal's charges, viz. :--

An undivided 1/5 part of lot D of Lindawatta, situate at Kumbalgama in the Four Cravets of Matara District ; and bounded on the east by lot A of the same land and Korambagewatta, west by lot C of the same land, north by high road, south by Hatarenpanguwatta.

An undivided 9/10 parts of the tiled house of 9 cubits 2 and of the thatched house of 7 cubits standing on Oliduaraya watta alias Hayenpanguwatta, situate at ditto, and 17/24 parts of the soil and of the fruit trees of the said land, except the planter's 1 share; and bounded on the north by high road, east by Lindagawawatta and Hatarenpanguwatta, south by Kongahawatta, Kajugahawatta and Makawitagederawatta, west by Iriyagahawatta.

	Deputy Fisca tara, Decemi				ine, ty Fiscal.
ers.	In th Obeyeşekera	e District	t Court of 7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Plaintiff.
N	No. 1 % 90. Jayasuriya, I		Vs.	-	efendant

NOTICE is hereby given that on Monday, January 10, 1921, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendant in the following property for the recovery of Rs. 398.98, Fiscal's charges, and poundage :--

Situated at Kahandawa in Ranna Division, in West Giruwa Pattu of the Hambantota District.

Lot A of the land called Kahandawa alias Kahandawelebima, in extent 468 acres 3 roods and 20 perches; and bounded on the north by Panwilakumbura, on the east by Mekumburewattagawadeniya and Crown land called Kahandawa, on the south by lot B, and on the west by village limit of Netulpitiya. 1

Deputy Fiscal's Office, J. E. SENANAYAKE, • Tangalla, December 7, 1920. Deputy Fiscal.

Eastern Province.

In the Court of Request of Trincomflee.

Velayuther SinnatambyPlaintiff. Vs. No. 6.641 44. A

Katiramatamby Supramaniam, (2) Sittampalam (1)

Kantaiyah, (3) Sittampalam Ponnaiah.... Defendants. NOTICE is hereby given that on Saturday, January 15, 1921, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the spot the right, title, and interest of the said Katiramatamby Supramaniam, the 1st defendant, in the following property, to wit :---

An undivided half share of a piece of land situate at Division No. 7, Trincomalee, having a tiled house of three rooms, a tiled portico, and a kadjan kitchen thereon, share of well, sweep, and posts in the adjoining land, and all rights relating thereto.

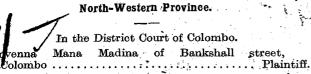
Boundaries : North by land belonging to K. Supramaniam, the first defendant; east by house and land belonging to S. Rasiah; south by road; west by land belonging to K. Supramaniam, the first defendant. Extent of the land is 45 cubits by 60 cubits. Writ amount Rs. 215.53.

Trincomalee, December 14, 1920.

1 and C. VELUPILLAI, Deputy Fiscal.

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No. 1,954 of 1920. Vs.

Thana Sena Nena Naina Mohamadu Lebbe of

1.00

Doroluwa in Kurunegala Defendant. NOTICE is hereby given that on Saturday, January 29, 1921, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendant in the following property, viz. :-

1. Maragahamula Idama of 3 acres and 3 roods in, extent, situate at Duliyadda in Medapattu korale west; and bounded on the east by the land of Kaluhamy, north by the land of Bandappu, south and west by Gansabhawa road.

2. Welipillewa of about 4 acres in extent with the plantations thereon, situate at Hunuwila in aforesaid. korale; and bounded on the east by the land of Kaluhamy and others, north by oya and field, south and west by the

village limit of Hunuwila and Duliyadda. 3. An undivided 17 acres in extent out of Koongaha and Kohombagahawatta of 32 acres in extent with the plantations thereon, situate at Hunuwila aforesaid; and bounded on the east by the field of Neina Mahammadu Lebbe and Aviliwatta, north by oya, west by the field of Warliyanu Officer and the garden of Hatana, and on the south by the land of Segu Mira Lebbe.

Maragahamulawatta of 1 acre and 3 roods in extens 4. with the plantations thereon, situate at Koongoda in aforesaid korale; and bounded on the east by Pinkumbura, north by the land of Koongoda Priest, west by the land of Romel Appu, and on the south by deniya of Punchirala and others.

5. Bogahaowitekumbura of 1 amunam of paddy sowing in extent, situate at Danpadiya in aforesaid korale; and bounded on the east by the field of Mammadu Mira Lebbe, north, west, and south by oya.

Lebbe, north, west, and south by oya. 6. Indurukumbura of about $1\frac{1}{2}$ amunams of paddy sowing in extent, situate at Walaliyadda in aforesaid korale; and bounded on the east by the field of Kona Mahammadu Lebbe and others, north by the garden of Kona Mahammadu Lebbe, west by the field of Menuhamy carpenter, and others, and on the south by the field of Nena Mahammadu Lebbe and others.

7. Unapandurawatta of 9 acres and 2 roods in extent, situate at Walaliyadda aforesaid; and bounded on the east by Migahamula and Ambagahamulawatta of Neina Mahammadu Lebbe and Mohammadu Mira Lebbe, east by the land of Sinnappu, west by the land of Saranelis Appu of Alutepala, and on the south by the field of Neina Mohammadu Lebbe and others.

Amount to be levied Rs. 5;587.50, with further interest on Rs. 5,000 at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum from September 7, 1920, till October 13, 1920, and thereafter legal interest on the aggregate amount till payment in full, and costs of suit, and poundage.

The above lands are under seizure under District Court of Colombo writ No. 1,954 of 1920.

-		Fiscal's Office, egala, December 13,		SAMARASINHA, Deputy Fiscal.
<u>.</u>	the second		· · · · ·	
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In the District Court of Colombo. Dr. M. Sinnetamby of Kynsey road, Colombo.... Plaintiff. Kovenha Mana Madina of Colombo. . Substituted Plaintiff.

No. 40,829. Vs.

T. S. N. Segu Meera Lebbe of Daraluwa......Defendant. Ana Mohomado Sekadiyar, and (2) Thana Sena Neyna Neina Mohomado Lebbe, both of Daraluwa, in the District of Kurunegala. Substituted Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Saturday, January 22, 1921, commencing at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendants in the following property declared bound and executable under the decree entered

in the above action and ordered to be sold by the order of court dated November 14, 1918 :---

1. An undivided one-third share of all that land called Halpanwattekumbura, situated at Hunuwilla in Katugampola Medapattu korale; bounded on the north by Kuda-oya, on the east by ridge of Diyrawella field, on the south by the ridge of the field of Dummalasooriyarala, and on the west by the field ; containing in extent 3 acres 1 rood and 39 perches.

2. An undivided one-fourth part or share of all that land called Pahalawela-amuna, situated at Hunuwilla aforesaid ; bounded on the north by the ridge of the field of Banda Vedarala, on the east by the field of Maiappu, on the south by the jungle, now chenas of Elias Sinno, and on the west by the ridge of the field of Maningomuwa Peace Officer ; containing in extent 4 acres 2 roods and 38½ perches. 3. All that land called Kolatunkumbura, situated at

Kongoda in aforesaid korale; bounded on the east by a water-course, on the south also by water-course, and on the west and north by the field belonging to the purchaser, Thana Seyna Neyna Segu Meera Lebbe; containing in extent 2 pelas of paddy sowing. 4. All that land called Minipitiyahena, situated at

Yayamulla in aforesaid korale; bounded on the north by the measured road between the land belonging to Appu Singho Naide and others, on the east by Timbirigahamulaowita belonging to Kombe Manamali, on the south by the land belonging to Kusal Naide and others, and on the west by the endaru fence of the land owned by Andi Naide; containing in extent 6 seers of kurakkan sowing.

5. All those contiguous allotments of lands called Meegahawatta and Rukgahakumbura, situated at Duliadda in aforesaid korale ; bounded on the east by Kiriyahenayagewatta and the Crown forest, on the south by the gardens belonging to Menikrala and others, on the west by the lands belonging to Kolawella Ratemahatmaya, and on the north by the field belonging to Kiriyahenaya; containing in extent (of the high land) 2 lahas of kurakkan sowing.

An undivided half part or share of the land called 6. Potukolapitiyakumbura, situated at Duliadd aforesaid; bounded on the east by the land belonging to Kolawella Walawwa and the garden of Andiyahenaya, on the south by the field of Kiriyahenaya, on the west by the garden of Kiriyahenaya, and on the north by Nawatakumbura and Hiriliyaddekumbura belonging to Kiriyahenaya; con-

taining in extent I pela of paddy sowing. 7. An undivided half part or share of the land called Potukolapitiyakumbura, situated at Duliadda aforesaid; bounded on the east by Meegahamulapillewa belonging to Kotuwella Ratemahatmaya, on the south by limitary dam separating a portion of this land, on the west by Para-gahawatta, and on the north by Nawathykumbura and Hiniliyaddekumbura; containing in extent 2 beras of

paddy sowing. Amount to be levied Rs. 4,109.35, and legal interest from July 21, 1919, till payment in full, and poundage.

2.

Fiscal's Office, S. D. SAMARASINHA, Kurunegala, December 13, 1920. Deputy Fiscal:
Kurunegala, December 13, 1929. Deputy riscal
1/ In the District Court of Colombos
D. M. Signetamby of ColomboPlaintiff.
Kovenna Mana Madina of Bankshall street in ColomboSubstituted Plaintiff
No. 42,387. Vs.
T. S. N. Naina Mohamado Lebbe of Daroluwa in KurunegalaDefendant.
NOTICE is hereby given that on Saturday, January 29.

1921, commencing at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right title, and interest of the said defendant in the following property, viz. :---

1. Maragahamula Idama of 3 acres and 3 roods in extent, situated at Duliyadda in Medapattu korale west; and bounded on the east by the land of Kaluhamy, north by by the land of Bandappu, south and west by Gansabhawa road.

2. Welipillewa of 4 acres in extent with the plantations thereon, situate at Hunuwila in aforesaid korale; and bounded on the east by the land of Kaluhamy and others, north by oya and field, south and west by the village limit of Hunuwila and Duliyadda.

3. 17 acres in extent out of Koongaha and Kohombagahawatta of 32 acres in extent with the plantations thereon, situate at Hunuwila aforesaid; and bounded on the east by the field and Awiliwatta, north by oya, west by the field of Warliyanu Officer and the garden of Hatanu, and on the south by the land of Segu Ibura Lebbe.

4. Maragahamulawatta of 1 acre and 3 roods in extent with the plantations thereon, situate at Kongoda in aforesaid korale; and bounded on the east by Pinkumbura, north by the land of Koongoda Priest, west by the land of Romel Appu, and on the south by the land of deniya of Punchirala and others.

5. Bogahaowitekumbura of I amunam-of paddy sowing in extent, situate at Danpadiya in aforestid korale; and bounded on the east by the field of Mammadu Mira Lebbe, north west and south by oya.

6. Walahiyadda Indurukumbura of 11 amunamis of paddy sowing in extent, situate at Dinpadiya, aforeshidi, and bounded on the east by the field of Ment Mahammada Lebbe and others, north by the gardens of Alena Maham-madu Lebbe, west by the field of Menuhamy earpenter and others, and on the south by the field of Nena Mahammadu Lebbe and others.

Unapandurewatta of 9 acres and 2 roods in extent. 7. situate at Danpadiya aforesaid; and bounded on the east by Migahamula and Ambagahamulawatta of Neina Mahammadu Lebbe and Mohammadu Mira Lebbe, north by the land of Sinnappu, west by the land of Seranelis Appu of Alutipala, and on the south by the field of Neina Mohammadu Lebbe and others.

Amount to be levied Rs. 1,854, with interest thereon. at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum from July 28, 1916, till payment in full, and costs of suit, and poundage.

The above lands are under seizure under District Court of Colombo writ No. 1,954 of 1920.

Fiscal's Office, S. D. SAMARASINHA; Kurunegala, December 13, 1920. Deputy Fiscal.

NOTICES IN TESTAMENTARY ACTIONS.

the District Court of Kandy. Order Nisi.

In the Matter of the Intestate Estate of Itary Testame Jurisdiction. Hettige Podi Nona, deceased, of Katukelle in Kandy. No. 3,714.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before Paulus Edward Pieris, Doctor of Letters, Acting District Judge of Kandy, on October 21, 1920, in the presence of Messrs. Weerasooria & Wijenaike, Proctors, on the part of petitioner Amarasinghe Arachchige Romanis Sinno of the Katukelle; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated September 16, 1920, and his petition having been read: It is ordered that the said petitioner, as the son-in-law of the above-named deceased, be and he is hereby declared entitled, to have letters of administration to the estate of the deceased issued to him, unless the respondents—Nanayak-kara Kudagamage Pedrick Sinno, (2) Cecilia Nona, and (3) Alice Nona, all of Katukelle—shallfon or before December 1920, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this could to the satisfaction of this could P.E. HERIS; Acting Dispict Judge. to the contrary.

November 8, 1920.

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No. 2

In the District Count of Matara. Jurisdiction. 683.

the later of the Estate of the late Diskwelle Vidanege Darlis Awrlias de Dickwelle Vidanege Darlis Silva, deceased, of Walgama.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before F. D. Peries, Esq., District Judge, Matara, on November 9, 1920, in the presence of Mr. Samson Dias, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Emalia Ferdinandes Abeywickreina of Walgama; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated October 15, 1920, having been read : It is ordered that the said petitioner, as an heir of the deceased above-named, is entitled to have letters of administration issued to her accordingly. unless the respondents, viz., (1) Dickwelle Widanege William Lambertinous de Silva of Colombo, (2) ditto Cornelis de Silva, (3) Alexander de Silva, (4) Pernolia Francina de Silva, (5) Armcuda de Silva, (6) Arton de Silva, (7) Kusumawathie de Silva, (8) Sudiliya Sugunawathie de Silva, (9) Emiariawathie de Silva, (10) Wilson de Silva, all of Walgama, (11) W. M. Ferdinandes Abeywickrema, Police Officer of Madiha East, shall, on or before December 2, 1920, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

It is further ordered that the said 11th respondent be appointed guardian *ad litem* over the minors, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, and 10th respondents, indess the said respondents shall, on or before December 2, 1920, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction so this courd to the courtery the contrary.

November 9, 1920 7. . 5

No. 4,159.

۰, ` *....*** F. D. PERIES District Judge.

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Extended to January 12, 1921.

F. D. PERIES, District Judge.

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the Distance Court of Jaffna. Order Nisi. In the Matter of the Estate of the late estamontary Jurisdiction.

Sarasuvatyammah, wife of Kandasamy of Vannarponnai East, deceased.

1.5

Sinniah Kandasamy of Vannarponnai East..... Petitioner. Charles and the Vs.

(1) Savunthara-ammah, daughter of Kandasamy of Vannarponnai East, a minor, by his guardian ad litem the 2nd respondent, (2) Somasundram Palanythural of ditto..... Respondents.

to the estate of the said intestate issued to him, unless the respondents or any other person shall, on or before December 2, 1920, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

November 10, 1920.

G. W. WOODHOUSE, District Judge.

The returneable date of Order Nisi is extended for December 20, 1920.

November 25, 1920

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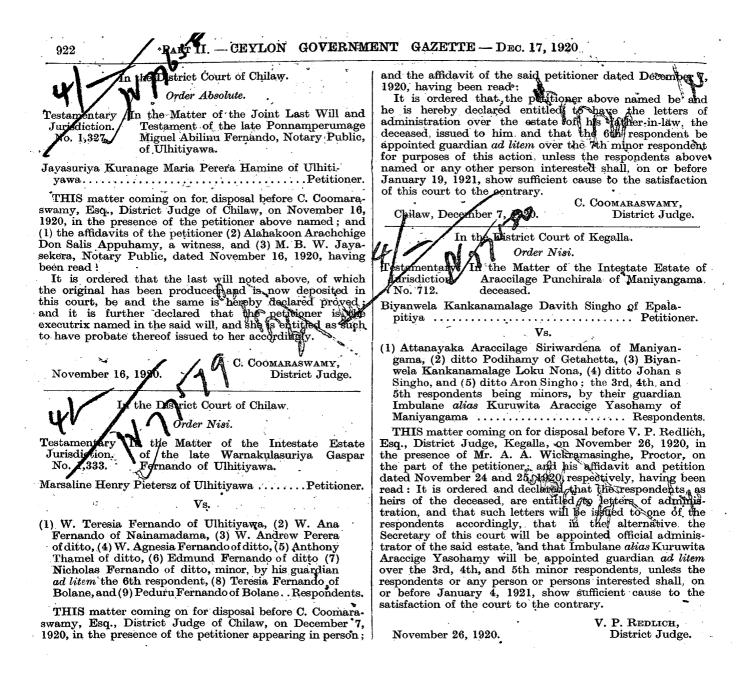


PARAII. - CEYLON GOVERNMENT GAZETTE - DEC. 17, 1920 920 before G. W. Woodhouse, Esq., District Judge, on Nov-ember I, 1920, in the presence of Mr. K. Sivapirakasan, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner; and the affidavit of the petitioner dated. October 4, 1920, having been read: It is declared that the petitioner is the lawful husband of the said intestate and is entitled to have letters of admirict Court of Jaffna. Order Nisi. n the Matter of the Estate of the late Rasamany, wife of Vairamuttu Soma-sundram of Vannarponnai East, deceased. Jurisdiction. No 4,243. Siyasampu Thiyagarajah of Vannarponnai East. . Petitioner. nistration to the estate of the said intestate issued to him, unless the respondents or any other person shall, on or Vs. . before December 21, 1920, show sufficient cause to the (1) Vairamuttu Somasundram of Vannarponnai East, satisfaction of this court to the contrary. (2) Sivaguru Sivasampu and wife (3) Valliyammai of ditto Respondents. G. W. WOODHOUSE, THIS matter of the petition of Sivasampu Thiyagarajah December 2, 1920 District Judge. of Vannarponnai East, praying for letters of administration to the estate of the above-named deceased Rasamany, wife of Vairamuttu Somasundram, coming on for disposal before In the District Gort of Jaffna. G. W. Woodhouse, Esq., District Judge, on June 16, 1920, in the presence of Mr. K. Somasundram, Proctor, on the Order Nisi. dated June 8, 1920, having been read : It is declared that h the Matter of the Estate and Effects of Seyna Muna Kana Muhammadutamby Testamentary Juristiction, the petitioner is the sole heir of the said intestate, and is entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of 6. 4,342. Jarakar of Jaffna town, deceased. N the said intestate issued to him, unless the respondents or any other person shall, on or before December 16, 1920, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the yna Muna Kana Muhamadu Meera Saibu Marakair of Jaffna townPetitioner. contrary. Vs. G. W. WOODHOUSE, (1) Muhammadutamby Marakair Seyadu Levvaitamby District Judge. November 30, 1920. Marakair and (2) Muna Keena Muna Muhammadu Meera Saibu Marakair of Jaffna town; the 1st respond-This Order Nisi is extended to December 22, 1920. ent is a minor and appears by his guardian ad litem the 2nd respondentRespondents. THIS matter of the petition of the above-named petitioner, G. W. WOODHOUSE. District Judge. THIS matter of the petition of the above-named petitioner, praying for letters of administration to the estate of the above-named deceased, coming on for dispessal before G. W. Woodhouse, Esq., District Judge, on November 18, 1920, in the presence of Messrs. Casippillai & Cathiravelu, Proctors, on the part of the petitioner; and the affidavit of the petitioner dated October 5, 1920, having been read: It is declared that the petitioner is one of the sons and heirs of the solid interstate and is entitled to have bottom of odminis strict Court of Jaffna. Order Nasi. In the Matter of the Estate of the late Atary ime Jurispiction. Kathirkamer Nagalingam of Puloly East, No. 4,284. & deceased. Thangam, widow of Kathirkamer Nagalingam of Puloly of the said intestate, and is entitled to have letters of adminis-.....Petitioner. tration to the estate of the said intestate issued to him, East unless the respondents or any other person shall, on or before December 21, 1920, show sufficient cause to the Vs. (1) Nagalingam Navaratnasamy of Puloly East, minor, by his guardian ad litem the 2nd respondent, (2) satisfaction of this court to the contrary. by his guardian ad litem the 2nd respondent, (2) Nagamuttu Vallipuram of dittoRespondents. THIS matter of the petition⁴ of Thangam, widow of Kathirkamer Nagalingam of Pulley East, praying for letters of administration to the estate of the above-named deccased Kathirkamer Nagalingam, coming on for disposal before G. W. Woodhouse, Esq., District Judge, on November 19, 1920, in the presence of Mr. N. Mudr. Kristnapillai, Proster on the petitioner, and the effidavit of G. W. WOODHOUSE, December 6, 1920.. District Judge. In the District Court of Jaffna. Örder Nisi. Proctor, on the part of the petitioner; and the affidavit of the petitioner dated July 19, 1920, having been read: It Annamma, wife cf Saravanamuttu Kumarasamy of Manippay, deceased. Festamenta Jurisdiction is declared that the petitioner is the widow of the said intestate, and is entitled to have letters of administration o. 4,353. to the estate of the said intestate issued to her, unless the respondents or any other person shall, on or before Decem-Murugasar Thellaygampalam of Manippay Petitioner. ber 21, 1920, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary. ٠. (1) Thellayampalam Ponniah of Manippay, (2) Muttusamy Kulaveerasingam of ditto, the 2nd re-spondent is a minor appearing by his guardian ad G. W. WOODHOUSE, November 20, 1920. District Judge. litem the 1st respondent, (3) Saravanamuttu Kumarathe District Court of Jaffna. samy of ditto Respondents. Örder Nisi. THIS matter of the petition of Murugasar' Thellayam-palam of Manippay,' praying for letters of administration Testamentary Matter of the Estate of the late Jurisdiction. No. 4,339. Maladchy, wife of Ponniah of Vannarto the estate of the above-named deceased Annamma, wife ponnai East, deceased. of Saravanamuttu Kumarasamy, coming on for disposal before G. W. Woodhouse, Esq., District Judge, on Novem-Eliathamby Ponniah of Vannarponnai East Petitione r ber 23, 1920, in the presence of Mr. E. Murugasampillai, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner; and the affidavit of Vs (1) Visaiyaledchumy, daughter of Ponniah, (2) Ponniah the petitioner dated October 14, 1920, having been read: It is declared that the petitioner is the grandfather of the Nadarajah, and (3) Sinnamma, widow of Eliathamby, all of Vannarponnai East; the 1st and 2nd respondents are minors, by their guardian ad litem the 3rd resaid intestate, and is entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the said intestate issued to him, unless THIS matter of the petition of Eliathamby Ponniah of the respondents or any other person shall, on or before Vannarponnai East, praying for letters of administration to the estate of the above-named deceased Visaladchy, wife of Ponniai f Vannarponnai East, coming on for disposal December 21, 1920, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary. G. W. WOODHOUSE.

December 2, 1920.

District Judge.

PART II. - CEYLON GOVERNMENT GAZETTE - DEC. 17, 2920 921 who are minors, to represent the said minors, in the testa District Court of Jaffna. mentary proceedings to be instituted by the peritioner for obtaining letters of administration to the estate of the Order Misi. the Master of the Estate of the Velippillai Vaitilingam of Vadduk-Testamentary Tn late Meenadchippillai, wife of Santhirasegaram Sinnathamby, coming on for disposal before G. W. Woodhouse, Esq., District Judge, on November 10, 1920, in the presence of Jurisdiction di East, late of Serendah in Kuala-4.354.lampur, deceased. Mr. S. Subramaniam, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner; Chellammah, widow of Veluppillai Vaitilingam of and the affidavit of the petitioner having been read : It is ordered that the 1st respondent be appointed Vaddukkoddai East.....Petitioner. guardian ad litem over the said minors to represent them (1) Vaitilingam Nagalingam of ditto, (2) Nagammah, in the testamentary proceedings to be instituted by the daughter of Vaitilingam of ditto, (3) Vaitilingam Karunananthar of ditto, (4) Weelathadchy, daughter of Vaitilingam of ditto, (5) Vethanayakam, daughter of Veluppillai of ditto, (6) Vaitilingam Kandsamy of ditto, (7) Sithamparam, widow of Sinnathamby; petitioner for obtaining letters of administration to the estate of the late Meenadchippillai, wife of Santhirasegaram Sinnathamby, unless the respondents shall show sufficient cause to the contrary on or before December 21, 1920. the 1st to 6th respondents are minors, by heir gues-dian ad litem the 7th respondent G. W. WOODHOUSE, District Judge. December 6, 1920. THIS matter of the petition of Chellammah, widow of Veluppillai Vaitilingam of Vaddukkoddai East, praying for letters of administration to the estate of the above-named deceased Veluppillai Vaitilingam, coming on for disposal before G. W. Woodhouse, Esq., District Judge, on November 23, 1920, in the presence of Mr. M. Canapathithe District Court of Jaffna. 10 Order Nisi. the Matter of the Estate of the late ñent pillal, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner; and the affidavit of the petitioner dated October 18, 1920, having been read : Jurisdictie No. 4,391 Thangamuttu, wife of Sangarappillai Suppiramaniam of Moolay, deceased. It is declared that the petitioner is the widow of the said Naranapillai Ampalavanar of Moolay . intestate, and is entitled to have letters of administrationPetitioner. to the estate of the said intestate issued to her, unless the respondents or any other person shall, on or before December (1) Ramasippillai, wife of Naradapillai Ampalavanar (1) of Moolay, (2) Sangarappillai Suppramaniam of 21, 1920, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary. G. W. WOODHOUSE, December 1, 1920. District Judge. THIS matter of the petition of Narahapillai Ampalavanar of Moolay, praying for letters of administration to the estate of the above-named deceased Thangamuttu, wife of Sangarappillai Suppiramaniam, coming ton for disposal before G. W. Woodhouse, Esq., District Judge, on Decem-ber 10, 1920, in the presence of Mr. S. Sittampalam, Broctor, on the part of the petitioner; and the affidavit of the peti-Court of Jaffna. the Di Order Nisi. Testamentary Thankamma, wife of N. Muttukumaru of Columbuthurai, Jaffna. deceased the Matter of the Estate of the late - **T** Jurisdiction. tioner dated December 8, 1920, having been read: It is No. 4.373. declared that the petitioner is one of the heirs of the said S. Cumaraswamy of Columbuthurai Petitioner. intestate, and is entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the said intestate issued to him, unless the Nagamuttu Mutukumaru of Chavakachcheri. . Respondent. respondents or any other person shall, on or before December 21, 1920, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this THIS matter of the petition of S. Cumaraswamy, the above-named petitioner, praying for letters of administracourt to the contrary. 4 tion to the estate of the above-named deceased, coming on for disposal before G. W. Woodhouse, Esq., District Judge, on November 8, 1920, in the presence of Mr. C. T. Kumarswamy, G. W. WOODHOUSE 1. 1. December 13, 1920. District Judge. Proctor, on the part of the petitioner ; and the affidavit of the petitioner dated October 25, 1920, having been read : the District Court of Chilaw. It is declared that the petitioner, as sole hair of the said intestate, entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the said intestate issued to him, unless the re-spondent or any other person shall, on or before December Order Nisi. Testamentary the Matter of the Intestate Estate 21, 1920, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this Jurisdiction of Warnakulasuriya John Dabarera, No. 1,325 deceased, of Kammala. · ¥ .× court to the contrary. Margret Mary Pietersz of Kammala:.....Petitioner. G. W. WOODHOUSE, District Judge. December 2, 1920. And (1) Warnakulasuria Niculan Dabarera, (2) Warnakulasuria Clotilda Rosaline, (3) Warnakulasuria Clement Joseph, (4) Warnakulasuria Ignatius Petrick, minors, by their guardian *ad litem* (5) Warnakulasuria Alexander Joseph Dabarera, all of Kammala, Respondents. In/the District Court of Jaffna. In the Matter of the Estate of the late Meenederippillai, wife of Santhirase-garam Sinnathamby of Achchuvely Noran, deceased. No. .377 THIS matter coming on for disposal before C. Coomararangemar, widow of Rasapillai of Achchswamy, Esq., District Judge of Chilew, on December 1, 1920, in the presence of Mr. E. C. S. Storer, Proctor, on Sithamp North Petitioner. uvely the part of the petitioner above named ; and the affidavit, Vs. of the said petitioner above named dated November 10, (1) Santhirasegaram Sinnathamby of Achchuvely 1920, having been read: It is ordered that the petitioner North, (2) Sinnathamby Ragunathar of ditto, (3) be and she is hereby declared entitled, as widow of the deceased above named, to administer the estate of the said Walliammaippillai, wife of Sinnathamby of ditto, (4) Sinnathamby Sinnathurai of ditto, (5) Puranapdeceased, and that letters of administration do issue to her pillai: daughter of Sinnathamby of ditto, (6) Sinnaaccordingly, unless the respondents above named or any thamby Nagamuttu of ditto, (7) S. Thuraiappah, Secretary of the District Court of Jaffna ... Respondents. other person or persons interested shall, on or before January 18, 1921, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction THIS matter of the petition of the above-named petiof this court to the contrary. tioner, praying that the above-named 1st respondent be C. COOMARASWAMY, appointed guardian ad litem over the 5th and 6th respondents, December 1, 1920. District Judge. - Ar



H. R. COTTLE, GOVERNMENT PRINTER. COLOMBO, CEYLON.

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