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Part I.—General.

Separate paging is given to each Part in order that it may be filed separately.

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PROCLAMATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR.

In the Name of His Majesty GEORGE THE FIFTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir WILLIAM HENRY MANNING, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Knight Commander of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Companion of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

W. H. MANNING.

KNOW Ye that We, the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, have, in pursuance of the powers in Us vested by section 6 of “The Masters Attendant’s Ordinance, 1865” modified the port rules framed and established for the Port of Trincomalee, and published in the *Government Gazette* No. 6,969 of September 27, 1918, as follows:—

(1) Instead of rule 11, there shall be substituted:

“No hawker, tout, dhoby, or bumboatman shall go on board or attempt to go on board any vessel within the port limits without a permit signed by the Master Attendant or Superintendent of Police”; and

(2) As rule 16 there shall be added:

“Tindals or persons in charge of boats shall not allow their boats to embark or disembark any class or description of cargo or passengers, or communicate with the shore, except at the Customs Jetty in the Inner Harbour, or on the foreshore within 25 yards on either side of the Customs House at Back Bay. Permission to land cargo at places other than those stated above will be granted on special application being made to the Master Attendant.”

And We do promulgate that the said port rules shall take effect as from and after April 1, 1922.

Given at Colombo, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Fourteenth day of February, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty-two.

By His Excellency’s command,
GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

In the Name of His Majesty GEORGE THE FIFTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir WILLIAM HENRY MANNING, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Knight Commander of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Companion of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

W. H. MANNING.

WHEREAS by section 28 of "The Courts Ordinance, 1889," it is amongst other things enacted that Criminal Sessions of the Supreme Court shall be holden by one of the Judges thereof, or by a Commissioner of Assize duly appointed under the provisions of the said Ordinance, for each of the Circuits into which the Island is divided, for the hearing, trying, and determining all prosecutions which shall be commenced against any person for or in respect of any crime or offence or alleged crime or offence—

For the Midland Circuit, three times at least at Kandy, and such other places in such Circuit as the Governor, after previous consultation with the Judges, shall appoint; such Sessions commencing at Kandy on March 10, August 1, and on December 1 in each year.

And whereas it is further enacted by the said Ordinance that it shall be competent for the Governor, for sufficient reasons appearing, after previous consultation with the Judges, to alter the dates above mentioned, and to fix any other date for the commencement of the Sessions at any place:

And whereas it appears to Us expedient to alter as hereinafter ordered the date fixed by the said Ordinance for holding the first Criminal Sessions of the Supreme Court at Kandy:

Now, therefore, know Ye that We, the said Governor, for sufficient reason to Us appearing, and after previous consultation with the Judges, do hereby order that Sessions of the Supreme Court appointed to be holden at Kandy on March 10, shall this year be holden on Monday, the 3rd day of April.

Given at Colombo, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Fifteenth day of February, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty-two.

By His Excellency's command,

GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

In the Name of His Majesty GEORGE THE FIFTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir WILLIAM HENRY MANNING, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Knight Commander of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Companion of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

W. H. MANNING.

WHEREAS by section 28 of "The Courts Ordinance, 1889," it is amongst other things enacted that Criminal Sessions of the Supreme Court shall be holden by one of the Judges thereof, or by a Commissioner of Assize duly appointed under the provisions of the said Ordinance, for each of the Circuits into which the Island is divided, for the hearing, trying, and determining all prosecutions which shall be commenced against any person for or in respect of any crime or offence or alleged crime or offence—

For the Western Circuit, four times at least at Colombo, and such other places in such Circuit as the Governor, after previous consultation with the Judges, shall appoint; such Sessions commencing at Colombo on January 10, March 20, July 10, and October 10 in each year:

And whereas it is further enacted by the said Ordinance that it shall be competent for the Governor, for sufficient reasons appearing, after previous consultation with the Judges, to alter the dates above mentioned, and to fix any other date for the commencement of the Sessions at any place:

And whereas it appears to Us expedient to alter as hereinafter ordered the date fixed by the said Ordinance for holding the second Criminal Sessions of the Supreme Court at Colombo:

Now, therefore, know Ye that We, the said Governor, for sufficient reason to Us appearing, and after previous consultation with the Judges, do hereby order that Sessions of the Supreme Court appointed to be holden at Colombo on March 20, shall this year be holden on Monday, the 27th day of March.

Given at Colombo, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Fifteenth day of February, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty-two.

By His Excellency's command,

GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

APPOINTMENTS, &c., BY THE GOVERNOR.

No. 67 of 1922.

IT is hereby notified that HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased, under clauses 4 (II.) and 6 and 9 of "The Ceylon (Legislative Council) Order in Council, 1920," to appoint provisionally, subject to confirmation or disallowance by HIS MAJESTY THE KING, Mr. THOMAS FORREST GARVIN, a person holding public office under the Crown in the Island, to be a Nominated Official Member of the Legislative Council of the Island.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, GRAEME THOMSON,
Colombo, February 14, 1922. Colonial Secretary.

No. 68 of 1922.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr. P. C. NICHOLAS to act, in addition to his own duties, as Additional Assistant Collector of Customs, Jaffna, with effect from February 6, 1922, during the absence on leave of Mr. H. P. KAUFMANN, or until further orders.

Mr. ÆLIAN ONDAATJE to act as District Judge, Commissioner of Requests, and Police Magistrate, Kegalla, from February 17 to 19, 1922, during the absence of Mr. V. P. REDLICH, or until the resumption of duties by that officer.

Mr. W. S. STRONG to act as Additional District Judge, Commissioner of Requests, and Police Magistrate, Puttalam, during the absence of Mr. C. E. ARNDT from February 17 to 26, 1922, or until the resumption of duties by that officer.

Mr. ÆLIAN ONDAATJE to be Additional Commissioner of Requests, Kegalla, for February 24, 1922.

Mr. C. J. A. MARSHALL to act as Commissioner of Requests, Avissawella, on February 15, 1922, during the absence of Mr. T. D. PERERA, or until the resumption of duties by that officer.

Mr. L. W. DE SARAM to act as Additional Police Magistrate, Colombo, Negombo, and Avissawella, and Additional Commissioner of Requests, Avissawella, during the absence of Mr. E. W. KANNANGARA on February 16 and 17, 1922, or until the resumption of duties by that officer.

Mr. SOLOMON FERNANDO to be Additional Police Magistrate, Panadura, for February 21, 1922.

Mr. GUY BOUSTEAD to be a Member of the Labour Advisory Committee, *vice* Mr. R. H. IRELAND.

Messrs. L. ST. G. CAREY and W. C. HAWKES to be Unofficial Visitors to the Deltota Hospital.

Mr. JOHN HARRY WIJESEKERA to be an Inquirer for Ravigam korale in Kalutara District, *vice* Mr. D. S. WIJEMANNE, deceased.

Mr. THEODORE FRANCIS WICKREMasinghe to act as Additional Inquirer for the Sanitary Board limits of Avissawella and Puwakpitiya, in Colombo District, from February 11 to April 10, 1922, during the absence of Mr. D. J. WETTASINGHE, or until further orders.

Mr. WIJESUNDERA WASALA MUDIYANSELAGE UKKU BANDA to be an Inquirer for the Bintenna division, in the Province of Uva.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, GRAEME THOMSON,
Colombo, February 17, 1922. Colonial Secretary.

No. 69 of 1922.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased, in terms of section 4 (4) of Ordinance No. 37 of 1921, to appoint Mr. R. ALUWIHARE to be Secretary to the Board of Agriculture, *vice* Mr. P. B. HERAT.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, GRAEME THOMSON,
Colombo, February 11, 1922. Colonial Secretary.

No. 70 of 1922.

IT is hereby notified for general information that Mr. C. B. COLLISON, having returned to the Island, has resumed duties as a Justice of the Peace and Unofficial Police Magistrate for the Matara District.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, GRAEME THOMSON,
Colombo, February 16, 1922. Colonial Secretary.

No. 71 of 1922.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased, under the provisions of Chapter XXVI. of "The Criminal Procedure Code, 1898," as amended by Ordinance No. 31 of 1919, to appoint Mr. WIJESUNDERA TENNAKON MUDIYANSELAGE HEENNILAME, Mohottala, to be a Probation Officer for the Judicial District of Ratnapura, for a period of two months from February 1, 1922.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, GRAEME THOMSON,
Colombo, February 14, 1922. Colonial Secretary.

No. 72 of 1922.

IT is hereby notified that Mr. W. Y. FLEMING has returned to the Island and resumed membership of the Labour Advisory Committee, *vice* Mr. W. DUNCAN, who acted during his absence.

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, GRAEME THOMSON,
Colombo, February 15, 1922. Colonial Secretary.

No. 73 of 1922.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint the under-mentioned gentlemen to be Unofficial Visitors to the hospitals noted against their names:—

Mr. F. N. DANIELS, J.P., U.P.M. } Kuruwagala
Mr. A. DE ZILVA } Hospital.

Mr. J. S. PATTERSON } Ridigama Hospital.
Mr. W. G. MACK }

By His Excellency's command,
Colonial Secretary's Office, GRAEME THOMSON,
Colombo, February 14, 1922. Colonial Secretary.

No. 74 of 1922.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, in pursuance of the powers in him vested by section 372 of "The Civil Procedure Code, 1889," has been pleased to appoint the under-mentioned officers, viz. :—

- (1) Mr. MICHAEL JOSEPH PILLAINAYAGAM, Maniagar, Karaichchi ;
- (2) Mr. VAITILINGAM CHELLIAH, Maniagar, Pachchilaippali ;
- (3) Mr. PONNIAH RAJAGOPAL, Maniagar, Pooneryn ; and
- (4) Mr. MUTTIAH SOMASUNDARAM, Maniagar, The Islands,

to administer the oaths or affirmations which are requisite to the making of the affidavits mentioned in section 371 of the said Code for the District of Jaffna.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, GRAEME THOMSON,
Colombo, February 12, 1922. Colonial Secretary.

No. 75 of 1922.

IT is hereby notified for general information that, on instructions received from the SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES, HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to recognize Mr. CHUSAKU HAYASHI as Consul for Japan at Colombo.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, GRAEME THOMSON,
Colombo, February 14, 1922. Colonial Secretary.

No. 76 of 1922.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint Mr. THIRUVELANKAR JACOB CHINNATAMBO, at present practising as a Notary Public at Chankuveli in Jaffna District, to be a Notary Public throughout Valikamam West division of Jaffna District, with residence and office at Chankanai, and to practise as such in the Tamil language.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, GRAEME THOMSON,
Colombo, February 14, 1922. Colonial Secretary.

APPOINTMENTS, &c., OF REGISTRARS.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments, under section 4 of Ordinance No. 14 of 1891, with effect from February 7, 1922 :—

- (1) AUDAWATTE KANKANANGE DANORIS JAYASENA, Head Clerk, Land Registry, Galle, to be Additional Registrar of Lands, Galle, *vice* S. DE SILVA, transferred.
- (2) KALUHAT WILMOT DE ABREW WIJESINGHE, Head Clerk, Land Registry, Negombo, to be Additional Registrar of Lands, Negombo, *vice* A. K. D. JAYASENA, transferred.
- (3) DUNSTAN MAURICE PEREIRA WEERARATNE to be Additional Registrar of Lands, Puttalam-Chilaw District, holding office at Chilaw, *vice* K. W. DE A. WIJESINGHE, transferred.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, GRAEME THOMSON,
Colombo, February 14, 1922. Colonial Secretary.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments :—

ANDRAYAS DE SILVA WICKRAMANAYAKA provisionally as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Tihawa division, and of Marriages (General) of Magam pattu division, in the Hambantota District of the Southern Province, with effect from February 15, 1922, *vice* Registrar, K. H. DON CAROLIS, resigned. His office will be at Inginiyangahawatta in Punchi Akurugoda (Tihawa).

KANDIAH SOMASUNTHARAM as an Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar of Births and Deaths, and of Marriages (General) of the Kurunegala District of the North-Western Province, with effect from February 7, 1922, *vice* P. O. FERNANDO, transferred. His office will be at the Kachcheri, Kurunegala.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, GRAEME THOMSON,
Colombo, February 10, 1922. Colonial Secretary.

THE following appointment made under section 2 of Ordinance No. 22 of 1921 is hereby notified :—

G. A. NANAYAKKARA to act as Registrar of Lands, Matale, for three days from February 9, 1922, during the absence of the Registrar, J. W. A. PERERA, on leave.

Registrar-General's Office, G. F. FORREST,
Colombo, February 9, 1922. Acting Registrar-General.

THE following appointments under section 3 of Ordinance No. 23 of 1900 and section 7 of Ordinance No. 19 of 1907 are hereby notified :—

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Colombo, has appointed ATTAPATTULIYANARALLAGE STEPHEN PERERA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Radawadunna division, and of Marriages (General) of Udugaha pattu of Siyane korale east division, in the Colombo District of the Western Province, for thirty days from February 4, 1922, *vice* DON JAMES WIJESINGHE, discontinued. His office will be at Liyangupitiyawatta in Radawadunna.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Colombo, has appointed LIYANAGE CLEMENT DE SILVA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Otara West division, and of Marriages (General) of Dunagaha pattu of Alutkuru korale north division, in the Colombo District of the Western Province, on February 8, 1922, during the absence of the Registrar, HENRY RICHARD DE SILVA, on leave. His office will be at Kurunduwatta in Daluwakotuwa.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Colombo, has appointed DON THOMAS RUFASINGHE to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Degamboda division, and of Marriages (General) of Gangaboda pattu of Siyane korale east division, in the Colombo District of the Western Province, for February 9, 1922, during the absence of the Registrar, JOSEPH PEIRIS WICKRAMARATNA, on leave. His office will be at Millagahawatta in Kospitiyana.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Colombo, has appointed SIMON EDWARD RANASINGHE GUNASEKERA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Uruwala division, and of Marriages (General) of Medapattu of Siyane korale west division, in the Colombo District of the Western Province, for thirty days from February 15, 1922, during the absence of the Registrar, RANASINGHE HETTIARATCHIGE DON ABRAHAM GUNASEKERA, on sick leave. His office will be at Batadombagahawatta in Kandumulla.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kalutara, has appointed DON JOHN AMARASEKERA PETIKIRI to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kalupahana division, and of Marriages (General) of Udugaha pattu division, in the Kalutara District of the Western Province, for three weeks from February 9, 1922, *vice* D. P. WEERAKOON, resigned. His office will be at Eduragalawatta in Maputugala.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kalutara, has appointed PETIKIRI ARACHCHIGE HENRY PETER GUNATILLEKA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kumbuke division, and of Marriages (General) of Kumbuke pattu division, in the Kalutara District of the Western Province, on February 18, 1922, during the absence of the Registrar, D. P. DASSANAYAKA, on leave. His office will be at Kahatagahawatta in Kumbuke.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Galle, has appointed MASAKORALLAGE LUWINIYES DE SILVA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Talpe division, and of Marriages (General) of Talpe pattu division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, for eighteen days from February 15, 1922, during the absence of the Registrar, D. W. D. MADANAYAKA, on leave. His office will be at Bamburugewatta in Unawatuna.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Matara, has appointed SIMON DE SILVA GUNATILAKA to act as Deputy Medical Registrar of Births and Deaths of Matara town division, in the Matara District of the Southern Province, for two days from February 8, 1922, during the absence of the Deputy Medical Registrar, B. G. C. KULASINHA, on leave. His office will be at the Civil Hospital, Matara.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Hambantota, has appointed DON NICHOLAS WIJESINHA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kahawatta Upper division, and of Marriages (General) of West Giruwa pattu division, in the Hambantota District of the Southern Province, for two days from February 10, 1922, during the absence of the Registrar, J. A. SINGAPPULLI, on leave. His office will be at the permanent Registrar's office.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Hambantota, has appointed DON MOWLIS WIJESSEKARA DISSANAYAKA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Parana-gampalata division, and of Marriages (General) of East Giruwa pattu division, in the Hambantota District of the Southern Province, for six days from February 13, 1922, during the absence of the Registrar, C. A. WIRASINGHE, on leave. His office will be at Bulugahawatta *alias* Walauwewatta in Welipitiya.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Jaffna District, has appointed ILAIYATAMBI TANMAVARATAR to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Valikamam North division, in the Jaffna District of the Northern Province, for three days from February 6, 1922, during the absence of the Registrar, R. R. B. KUMARAKULASINGHE, on leave. His office will be at Muddivalai in Tellipalai East.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Jaffna District, has appointed ANANTAR MATAPPILLAI to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Tunukkay division, and of Marriages (General) of Tunukkay division, in the Jaffna District of the Northern Province, for fifteen days from February 15, 1922, during the absence of the Registrar, A. ANANTAR, on leave. His office will be at Puliyaivalavu in Alankulam.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Jaffna District, has appointed KATRIPPILLAI TAMPIPPILLAI to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Mayiliddi division, and of Marriages (General) of Valikamam North division, in the Jaffna District of the Northern Province, for ten days from February 20, 1922, during the absence of the Registrar, M. SINNAYYA, on leave. His office will be at Kurumpachiddi in Mayiliddi South; station: Timikkan in Mayiliddi North.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Mullaittivu, has appointed W. PUNCHI BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kilakkumulai South (Sinhalese division), in the Mullaittivu District of the Northern Province, for sixteen days from January 31, 1922, during the absence of the Registrar, T. M. T. WANNIHAMY, on leave. His office will be at Mamaduwa.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Mullaittivu, has appointed V. MUTTUCUMARU to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Melpattu North division, and of Marriages (General) of Mulliavalai and Melpattu North division, in the Mullaittivu District of the Northern Province, for six days from February 23, 1922, during the absence of the Registrar, S. U. RASASEKARAR, on leave. His office will be at Oddusuddan.

The Provincial Registrar, Eastern Province, has appointed AHMEDLEVVAI SAIBOLEVVAI to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Panawa pattu east division, in the Batticaloa District of the Eastern Province, for fifteen days from January 13, 1922, during the absence of the Registrar, M. ISUMA LEVVAI, on leave. His office will be at Pottuvil.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kurunegala, has appointed MALWILA SRI BRAHMANA TENNAKOON UKKU BANDA TIMBIRIWEWA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Pahalawisideke korale division, and of Marriages (General) of Wannu hatpattu division, in the Kurunegala District of the North-Western Province, for thirty days from February 8, 1922, during the absence of the Registrar, W. T. K. TIMBIRIWEWA, resigned. His office will be at Digane.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Puttalam, has appointed DUNSTAN MAURICE PERERA WEERARATNE to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Pitigal korale north division, in the Chilaw District of the North-Western Province, for five days from February 7, 1922, during the absence of the Registrar, D. D. PIERIS, on leave. His office will be at the Land Registry, Chilaw.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Puttalam, has appointed DUNSTAN MAURICE PERERA WEERARATNE to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Pitigal korale north division, in the Chilaw District of the North-Western Province, for four days from February 3, 1922, during the absence of the Registrar, D. D. PIERIS, on leave. His office will be at the Land Registry, Chilaw.

The Provincial Registrar, Anuradhapura, has appointed SUPPER MURUGAPPAR PASUPATHY to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Nuwaragam palata division, in the Anuradhapura District of the North-Central Province, for fourteen days from February 6, 1922, during the absence of the Registrar, S. N. SITTAMPALAM, on leave. His office will be at Sittampalam road, Anuradhapura.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Anuradhapura, has appointed RAJAPAKSA APPURALAGAMARALAGE MUDALIHAM to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Matombuwa korale south division, and of Marriages (General) of Hurulu palata division, in the Anuradhapura District of the North-Central Province, for thirty days from March 1, 1922, during the absence of the Registrar, P. A. KUDARALA, on sick leave. His office will be at Dambagahawatta in Udakadawala.

The Provincial Registrar, Ratnapura, has appointed WIJERATNA BASNAYAKA MUDIYANSELAGE PUNCHI BANDARA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Ridiwita division, and of Marriages (General) of Atakalan korale division, in the Ratnapura District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, for two days from February 13, 1922, during the absence of the Registrar, J. B. EKANAYAKE, on leave. His office will be at the permanent Registrar's office at Maragala.

The Provincial Registrar, Ratnapura, has appointed HARANKAHA VIDANELAYE PUNCHI MAHATMAYA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Bulugahapitiya division, and of Marriages (General) of Kuruwiti korale division, in the Ratnapura District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, for thirty days from February 16, 1922, during the absence of the Registrar, H. V. PERIS APPUHAM, on leave. His office will be at the permanent Registrar's office at Kendan-gamuwa.

Registrar-General's Office, G. F. FORREST,
Colombo, February 14, 1922. Acting Registrar-General.

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATIONS.

IT is hereby notified that Mr. A. T. Reeve of the Agricultural Department has passed the departmental examination in Tamil, held in January, 1922. The Notification of the officers who have passed their departmental examinations, published in the *Gazette* dated February 3, 1922, is hereby cancelled in so far as it relates to Mr. N. Marshall.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, February 14, 1922.

By His Excellency's command,
GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

"THE FIREARMS ORDINANCE, NO. 33 OF 1916."

IT is hereby notified that His Excellency the Governor, in the exercise of the powers vested in him by the proviso to section 24 of "The Firearms Ordinance, No. 33 of 1916," has been pleased to authorize the issue, within the under-mentioned areas, of licenses for single-barrelled muzzle-loading guns at a reduced duty of 50 cents for the year ending December 31, 1922 :—

Province of Uva.

The divisions of Bintenna, Wiyaluwa, Wellassa, and Buttala and the korales of Sitteremapalata, Kongolla Bintenna, and Wellawaya.

Eastern Province.

1. Bintenna pattu : The whole pattu.
2. Eravur and Koralai pattu : Katchilaveli, Kanathanai, Perilaveli, Vettilaiipoddaimadu, Lavanai, Avaddiaveli, Meyangola, and Vaddipoddaimadu.
3. Manmunai North pattu : Ichantivu, Navetkadu, Mangikaddu, Chalambakerni, Karaiveddi, Vilavaddavan, Magilavaddavan, Naripultotam, Sinnatotam, Kalkudah, Illupadichenai, Kottiapulai, Kandian-aru, Thalankudah, Puthukudiyiruppu, Kirankulam, and Unichechai.
4. Karavaku pattu : The whole pattu.
5. Sammanturai pattu : All villages, except Sammanturai.
6. Akkarai pattu : Villages of Akkarai pattu Vanam.
7. Panawa pattu : Hulanuge, Buckmitiyawe, Mirahala, Morana, and Lahugala.
8. Koddar pattu : Illakandai, Madapukalai, Malaimuntal, Ilantaiturai, Upporal, and Valaitotam.
9. Kaddukulam West : Adampane, Bakkinakadawa, Panguragaswewa, Kimpulpityawe, and Haragawe.
10. Naducadu pattu : The whole pattu.

Northern Province.

The Karachchi and Punakari divisions of the Jaffna District.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, February 11, 1922.

By His Excellency's command,
GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

IT is hereby notified that licenses to import explosives into Ceylon during the current year have been issued to—

Messrs. M. L. M. Idroos & Bros., of Third Cross street, Pettah, Colombo.
Mr. Adamjee Lukmanjee, of 115, Bankshall street, Colombo.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, February 14, 1922.

By His Excellency's command,
GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

"THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ORDINANCE, NO. 11 OF 1920."

THE following by-law made by the Ratnapura Urban District Council, under section 164 (1) of Ordinance No. 11 of 1920, and approved by the Local Government Board, has been confirmed by the Governor in Executive Council, and is published for general information under section 166 (1).

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, February 15, 1922.

By His Excellency's command,
GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

BY-LAW REFERRED TO.

The meetings of the Ratnapura Urban District Council shall be held on the second Thursday in each month, at 9 A.M., at the Wace Memorial Hall.

"THE GAME PROTECTION ORDINANCE, 1909."

RULE made by the Ceylon Fishing Club, under the provisions of section 16 (2) of "The Game Protection Ordinance, 1909," and approved by the Governor in Executive Council:—

The open and close seasons for trout fishing in the waters leased to the Ceylon Fishing Club shall be as follows:—

- (a) The Nanu-oya from Ritnageria waterfall to its junction with the Kotmale-ganga and the Kotmale-ganga from the junction of streams at Henfold to Talawakele; the open season from January 1, 1922, to October 31, 1922, and the close season from November 1, 1922, to December 31, 1922.
- (b) All other waters, except Gorge Valley stream from Elgin Falls to Ouvakelle bridge which is to be fenced; the open season from May 1, 1922, to October 31, 1922, and the close season from November 1, 1922, to April 30, 1923.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, January 28, 1922.

GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

"THE CEMETERIES AND BURIALS ORDINANCE, 1899."

NOTICE is hereby given that His Excellency the Governor, in exercise of the powers vested in him by section 34 of "The Cemeteries and Burials Ordinance, No. 9 of 1899," and on the recommendation of the "proper authority," to wit, the Government Agent, Central Province, has approved of the allotment of land set out in the schedule hereto being provided and used as a burial ground from the date hereof.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, February 9, 1922.

GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

Lot No. 1 in preliminary plan 7,171.
Name of land: Dunoyatennehena.
Situation: Yatawara-Pannagama in Pallegampaha korale of Pata Dumbara, in the District of Kandy, Central Province.
Boundaries: North by Dunoyatennehena claimed by S. M. Marikar, east by reservation along the road from Ukuwela to Wattegama, south by Dunoyatennehena claimed by S. M. Marikar, west by Dun-oya.
Extent: 1 acre and 5 perches.
Community: Communal burial ground.

HIS Excellency the Governor in Executive Council, with the approval of the Secretary of State for the Colonies, has been pleased to sanction the following amendments to sections 2 and 7 of the Pension Minute of December 9, 1908:—

Section 2.

- (1) For sub-section (iv.) substitute—

"(iv.) Any person retiring on account of illness or age after completing ten years' gross service, but before completing ten years' service counting for pension in accordance with section 10, may receive an annuity calculated on sixtieths as in the preceding sub-sections but based on the actual number of years counting for service under that section with an addition of one year for each complete period of two years of such service."

- (2) Re-number present (iv.) as (v.) and insert "gross" between "years" and "service" in line 2.

Section 7.

- (3) For sub-section (1) (iv.) substitute "where the actual service counting for pension in accordance with section 10 is less than 10 years, but the gross service is not less than 10 years, a period of one year may be added for each complete period of two years counting for pension in accordance with section 10."
(4) Re-number present (iv.) as (v.) and insert "gross" between "of" and "service" in line 1.
(5) Re-number present (v.) as (vi.).

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, February 10, 1922.

GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

Rule made by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council, under Section 18 (2) of "The Ceylon Post Office Ordinance, 1908."

RULE 4 of the rules dated February 26, 1909, as amended by the Notification dated February 21, 1919, and published in *Government Gazette* No. 6,996 dated February 21, 1919, is hereby repealed, and the following rule is substituted therefor:—

4. Stamp booklets containing postage stamps shall be sold for 2 cents each in excess of the face value of the stamps contained in them.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, February 10, 1922.

By His Excellency's command,
GRAEME THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

MONTHLY STATEMENT issued by the Commissioners of Currency, under section 20 of Ordinance No. 32 of 1884, for the month of January, 1922:—

1.—Note Account.			
	Rs.	c.	
Total Stock on December 31, 1921	119,323,929	0	In vault on January 31, 1922
Add Notes received in January, 1922	950,000	0	In circulation on January 31, 1922
	120,273,929	0	
Deduct Notes destroyed in January, 1922	1,190,000	0	
	119,083,929	0	
			119,083,929 0

2.—Reserve Account.			
	Rs.	c.	
Coin received for Notes in circulation	45,738,069	0	Securities at cost
Excess of reserve over Notes in circulation	—	—	Coin in vault
	45,738,069	0	Excess of Notes in circulation over reserve
			2,203,990 43
			45,738,069 0

3.—Average amount of Notes in circulation during the month	45,736,649	0
Average amount of Coin in vault during the month	14,858,102	0

4.—Details of Investments and Securities.

	Face Value.		Face Value.		Purchase Value.		Market Value.	
	£	s. d.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.
Colonial Securities	736,731	8 10	7,367,314	42	6,850,029	22	7,921,513	26
War Loan, 5 per cent.	410,125	5 10	4,101,252	92	3,698,138	83	5,704,293	77
Exchequer Bonds, 5 per cent.	21,600	0 0	216,000	0	216,000	0	326,551	18
National War Bonds, 5 per cent.	175,316	9 6	1,753,164	75	1,742,105	87	2,669,243	71
Funding Loan, 4 per cent.	7,091	1 2	70,910	58	56,728	46	81,742	61
Indian 3½ per cent. Stock, Sterling	96,000	14 7	960,007	29	860,124	0	838,154	38
Indian 5 per cent. War Loan	—	—	15,838,700	0	14,880,329	89	13,581,685	25
Government of India 6 per cent. Bonds	—	—	371,100	0	371,100	0	368,316	75
Total	—	—	30,678,449	96	28,674,556	27	31,491,500	91

Currency Office,
Colombo, February 6, 1922.

B. HORSBURGH, Acting Colonial Secretary,
B. HORSBURGH, Controller of Revenue,
BERNARD SENIOR, Colonial Treasurer, } Commissioners of Currency.

NOTICES CALLING FOR TENDERS.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the privilege of keeping bookstalls at Railway Stations as well as for the sale of daily newspapers mentioned in paragraph 3, at stations between Kollupitiya and Panadure (both stations inclusive), and Nugegoda, and at any station other than where there are bookstalls, as may be desired, for a period of one, three, or five years from July 1, 1922.

2. Tenderers should state the station or stations at which they propose to have bookstalls, and the amount per annum they are prepared to pay as rent for same, and also for the privilege of selling newspapers at stations where it is not proposed to have bookstalls.

3. The tenderer shall undertake to offer equal facilities for the sale of the—

Ceylon Observer
Times of Ceylon
Ceylon Independent
Morning Leader
Daily News

and such other papers as the General Manager, Ceylon Government Railway, shall permit to be sold at the sale price printed on each paper respectively, and shall not offer for sale any publication that may be objected to by the Government.

4. He shall only offer books, magazines, and newspapers for sale on such parts of the respective station premises as may be agreed to by the General Manager.

5. He or his employees shall not enter or travel in the carriages of the Ceylon Government Railway for the purpose of selling books, magazines, and newspapers, or any other articles.

6. The stalls should be approved by the General Manager or person delegated by him, and the attendants in charge of them must be clean and tidy in their appearance.

7. The stalls must be stocked with the latest books issued with colonial editions and with current magazines.

8. The General Manager reserves the right to prohibit the sale of any book, magazine, or newspaper which he may consider unsuitable.

9. Advertisements other than of books, magazines, or newspapers may not be exhibited on the stalls.

10. The persons employed to sell books, magazines, and newspapers shall be limited to two at each station, each of whom shall wear a distinctive badge to be approved of by the General Manager.

11. Free pass on the Railway will be issued to an Inspector of the contractor for the purpose of inspection of the bookstalls.

12. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

13. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

14. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Bookstalls at Railway Stations" in the left hand corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, March 14, 1922.

15. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Office of the General Manager of the Railway, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form.

16. A deposit of Rs. 50 in favour of the Hon. the Treasurer of Ceylon will be required to be made at the General Treasury, Colombo, or at any Kachcheri, or Colombo Bank, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond, or fail to furnish approved security, within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Head of the Department, or his duly authorized representative, that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

17. Applications from outside Ceylon accompanied by a draft on a Colombo Bank in favour of the Hon. the Treasurer of Ceylon will be considered on intimation being received from the Bank that such a draft has been placed to the credit of Government.

18. The tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

19. The security required will be a month's rent in cash, and any further information required can be obtained on application at the office of the General Manager.

20. In the event of any breach by the successful tenderer of any of the conditions, the General Manager shall be at liberty to deduct from the amount deposited as aforesaid a sum not exceeding Rs. 10 for each such breach, and shall also be at liberty by notice in writing forthwith to determine the contract.

21. The amount due under this contract shall be paid in advance in equal monthly instalments on or before the fifth day of each month, the first instalment being payable on July 5, 1922.

22. The contract may not be assigned or sublet without the authority of the Tender Board.

23. The security should be furnished within ten days of acceptance of tender being notified.

24. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

25. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly

fulfilled. Any offers received containing conditions outside the specification will be rejected without question.

26. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

27. Before tender forms are supplied to persons wishing to tender, they will have to satisfy the General Manager or person delegated by him that they are in a position to execute the contract in a satisfactory manner, and for this purpose they must be prepared to produce documentary or other evidence if called for.

28. A Government contractor must not issue a power of attorney to a person whose name is in the defaulting contractors' list authorizing him to carry on the contract.

General Manager's Office,
Colombo, February 15, 1922.

G. P. GREENE,
General Manager.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the services named in the schedule hereunder for the period commencing from October 1, 1922, and terminating on September 30, 1923.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate, and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Diets, — Hospital," in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on March 14, 1922.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Office of the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals, Colombo, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form. Alterations must be initialled; otherwise the tenders may be treated as informal and rejected.

6. A cash deposit according to the schedule hereunder will be required to be made at any Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish the approved security, within ten days of receiving notice in writing of the acceptance of the tender, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon signature to the contract. No deposits for tender forms will be accepted at the Principal Civil Medical Officer's Office.

7. If required, samples must be deposited.

8. The successful tenderer will be required to furnish cash security according to the schedule hereunder, and to sign the bond given in the tender for the due fulfilment of the contract; also to furnish with each tender a letter in duplicate signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become an additional security for the due performance of the contract. The amount deposited for tender forms will form part of the security.

9. Contracts may not be assigned, sublet, or otherwise transferred without the previous written sanction of the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals. Sanction will not be given for any transfers, including powers of attorney, in favour of persons in the defaulting contractors' list. No defaulting contractor should be employed on any service connected with the contracts or the tenders.

10. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

11. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender or the whole of it for an year or any portion thereof.

12. Any further information can be obtained on application to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals, Colombo.

G. J. RUTHERFORD,
Principal Civil Medical Officer and
Inspector-General of Hospitals.

Colombo, February 15, 1922.

SCHEDULE REFERRED TO.

Services.	Tender	
	Deposit.	Security.
	Rs.	Rs.
(a) Supply of cooked provisions, with milk, to the following Institutions—		
Lunugala	200	400
Jaffna Hospital	200	400
Mannar Hospital	100	200
Mullaattiyu Hospital	100	200
Point Pedro Hospital	100	200
Vavuniya Hospital	100	200
Balapitiya Hospital	100	200
Deniyaya Hospital	200	400
Hambantota Hospital	100	200
Tangalla Hospital	100	200
Tissamaharama Hospital	100	200
(b) Supply of cooked provisions, without milk, to Passara Hospital	200	400

TENDERS are hereby invited for the lease of—

- (a) The Horton Plains Resthouse; or
 - (b) The Pattipola Resthouse, or both, for a period of three years from April 1, 1922, with option of termination at six months' notice on either side.
2. Tenders should be addressed to the Provincial Road Committee, Central Province, Kandy, and should reach the Kandy Kachcheri not later than 11 A.M., on Tuesday, February 28, 1922.
 3. Tenders should state the annual rent offered, and contain a tariff of the proposed charges. A copy of the present tariff and of the conditions of lease may be had on application to the Provincial Road Committee, Kandy Kachcheri.
 4. The Chairman reserves to himself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders.

Kandy, February 11, 1922.

C. S. VAUGHAN,
Chairman.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the supply of sleepers, to be completed as specified in the schedule annexed below. The area to be exploited for the supplies and further details are given in the schedule.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.
3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.
4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Sleepers, Southern Division," in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, March 7, 1922.
5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Forest Office, Matara, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form. Alterations must be initialled, otherwise the tenders may be treated as informal and rejected.
6. A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri for each service, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline or fail to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, within 10 days of receiving notice in writing from the Head of the Department, or his duly authorized representative, that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.
7. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

8. Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount of the bond and all other necessary information can be ascertained upon application at the office referred to in section 6. A further security in cash of 5 per cent. of the value of the contract will be required of the contractor when entering into the bond.

9. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

11. The contract may not be assigned or sublet without the authority of the Tender Board previously obtained, nor shall the contractor issue a power of attorney to a person whose name is in the list of defaulting contractors authorizing him to carry on the contract. Further, the contractor shall not employ any person whose name is in the list of defaulting contractors, nor any person whom the Deputy Conservator of Forests, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects to after giving due notice in writing.

12. Separate rates per sleeper, broad gauge and narrow gauge sleepers, must be quoted, written both in words and figures.

13. Persons desirous of tendering are advised to acquaint themselves carefully of the nature of the work and of the contract they will be required to sign.

14. For any further information and for inspection of the draft contract, application should be made to the Deputy Conservator of Forests, Southern Division, Matara.

General Conditions.

1. No enumerated trees may be felled until they have been stamped with the Forest Department hammer by a Forest Officer.

2. Trees are to be felled within 18 inches of the ground and where there is any avoidable waste in conversion of the trees double royalty will be charged for wasted material.

3. All suitable dead and hollow trees and branchwood within the forest, such as are marked by the Forest Officer, though below 4 ft. 6 in. in girth should, in addition to all matured sound trees marked by him, be utilized for conversion into sleepers as may be directed. Part of logs attacked by fungus or defective parts of logs are not to be sawn into sleepers. The sleepers should be sawn from sound matured wood, free from shakes, cracks, sapwood, and large or loose knots.

4. Broad gauge sleepers are to be of the following dimensions:—

9 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in.

Narrow gauge sleepers are to be of the following dimensions:—

5 ft. by 9 in. by 4½ in.

Sleepers should be rectangular in form, and sawn perfectly parallel on all sides. On no account will squaring of logs or sleepers with an adze or axe be allowed.

5. Sleepers should be covered with saw dust or immersed in water and be invariably placed under shade immediately they are sawn until they can be transported to delivery depôts, where they should be stacked and kept under shade. Sufficient space is to be left between each stack for the checking officers to inspect every side of each stack.

6. Rejected sleepers will not be paid for, and they will lapse to Government, as well as all refuse wood in the sleeper operations. The contractor shall have no claim in respect of any material sold as rejections.

7. Payment may be made for sleepers accepted by the Divisional Forest Officer at delivery depôts.

Schedule.

1. To fell and convert into 4,000 broad gauge and 1,000 narrow gauge sleepers more or less, 800 palu trees enumerated (or further trees to be enumerated if the Divisional Forest Officer deems it necessary) in Weerawilakele and Mattalakele forests of the Hambantota Range, Southern Division, and to deliver them stacked in the Matara Railway Station.

2. A list of the enumerated trees may be seen on application to the Divisional Forest Officer, Matara. The

boundaries of the forests in which the trees are enumerated are approximately :—

Weerawilakele.

North.—Improved footpath from 19th milepost on Tanamalwila road to Weerawila-ara.

South.—Weerawila tank.

East.—Hambantota-Tanamalwila road.

West.—Weerawila-ara.

Mattalakele.

North.—Una-atuwewa-ara and cut line from Una-atuwewa-ara to old Badulla road.

South.—Padewkema-ara and cut line from Padewkema-ara to old Badulla road.

East.—Una-atuwewa-ara.

West.—Old Badulla road.

The distance of transport to Matara from Weerawila forest is approximately 66 miles, and from Mattala forest 74 miles. Work to commence a week after signing the contract and to be completed on October 15, 1922.

J. D. SARGENT,

Acting Conservator of Forests.

Office of the Conservator of Forests,
Kandy, February 14, 1922.

TENDERS are hereby invited for services mentioned in the schedule annexed below for the supply of sleepers and scantlings during 1922-23. The areas to be exploited for the supplies and further details are given in the schedule.

2. A separate tender should be submitted for each service in the schedule.

3. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

4. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

5. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Sleeper and Scantlings Supply, Eastern Division North, 1922-23," for services (A), (B), and (C) as the case may be, in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, March 7, 1922.

6. Tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Forest Office, Trincomalee. No tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form; alterations must be initialled, otherwise the tender will be treated as informal and rejected.

7. A deposit of Rs. 20 for each service will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline or fail to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or to furnish approved security within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Head of the Department, or his duly authorized representative, that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

8. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

9. Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount of the bond, and all other necessary information, can be ascertained, and the draft contract inspected, upon application at the office referred to in section 6. A further security in cash of 5 per cent. of the value of the contract will be required of the contractor when entering into a bond.

10. Separate rates for sleeper, broad gauge and narrow gauge, and also rate per cubic foot for scantlings and rate per outside slab, must be quoted, written both in words and figures.

11. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

12. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders and of accepting any portion of a tender.

13. Contract may not be assigned or sublet without the authority of the Tender Board previously obtained.

14. The contractor must not issue a power of attorney to a person whose name is on the defaulting contractors' list authorizing him to carry on the contract. Further, the contractor shall not employ any person whose name is in the list of defaulting contractors, nor any person whom the Assistant Conservator of Forests, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, object to after due notice in writing.

15. For any further information application should be made to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Eastern Division North, Trincomalee.

GENERAL CONDITIONS.

(1) Trees are to be felled within 6 inches from the ground by saw or axe and saw combined.

(2) Only such trees as are stamped and marked by the Forest Ranger are to be felled, and no sound trees below 4 ft. 6 in. in girth will be marked or should be felled.

(3) All suitable dead and hollow trees and branchwood within the forest such as are marked by the Forest Officer, though below 4 ft. 6 in. in girth, should, in addition to all matured sound trees marked by him, be utilized for conversion into sleepers and scantlings, or scantlings alone as may be directed. Contractors should understand that only such portions of trees as cannot be converted into sleepers may be sawn into scantlings.

(4) Part of logs attacked by fungus or defective parts of logs are not to be sawn into sleepers or scantlings. The sleepers and scantlings should be sawn from sound matured wood free from shakes, cracks, sapwood, and large or loose knots.

(5) Broad gauge sleepers are to be 9 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in., and narrow gauge sleepers 5 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in. or 5 ft. by 9 in. by 4½ in., and the sizes of scantlings to be sawn are lengths 10 ft., 14 ft., 18 ft., 19 ft., and over.

Sizes, i.e., cross section :—

In.	In.	In.	In.	In.	In.
4½	by 2	7	by 2½		9 by 4
4½	by 3	7	by 3		10 by 2½
5	by 4	8	by 4		10 by 3
6	by 3	9	by 2½		11 by 2½
6	by 4	9	by 3		11 by 3

(6) Sleepers and scantlings should be rectangular in form and sawn perfectly parallel on all sides. On no account, will squaring of logs, sleepers, or scantlings with an adze or axe will be allowed.

(7) Sleepers and scantlings should be covered with saw dust or immersed in water and be invariably placed under shade immediately they are sawn until they can be transported to delivery depôts, where they should be stacked and kept under shade in the manner to be pointed out by the Forest Ranger.

(8) Rejected sleepers or scantlings will not be paid for, and they will lapse to Government as well as all refuse wood in the sleeper operations. The contractor shall have no claim in respect of any materials sold as rejections.

(9) The contractor may be paid a proportionate rate for sleepers and scantlings sawn, but not removed to delivery depôts in cases when it shall be deemed expedient to do so by the Conservator of Forests.

(10) Payment may be made for sleepers and scantlings accepted by the Assistant Conservator of Forests at delivery depôts.

SCHEDULE REFERRED TO.

Service (A).

To fell a sufficient number of palu, milla, and ranai trees standing in Amarivyal forest: bounded on the north by Andankulam, east and south by Kokulai-ara, and on the west by the new demarcation line; to convert the trees felled into 1,000 broad gauge and 350 narrow gauge sleepers (more or less) and as many scantlings as possible,

to transport the sleepers, scantlings, and any outside slabs required by the Forest Department, stack and deliver them at Kokulai Bay, a distance of 6 miles, as instructed by the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Eastern Division (North).

Service (B).

To fell a sufficient number of palu, milla, and ranai trees standing in Pulmoddai forest: bounded on the north and east by sea, on the south by the Yan-arū, and on the west by Andankulam and new demarcation line, to convert the trees felled into 1,000 broad gauge and 350 narrow gauge sleepers (more or less) and as many scantlings as possible, to transport the sleepers, scantlings, and any outside slabs required by the Forest Department, stack and deliver them at Pulmoddai, a distance of 5 miles, as instructed by the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Eastern Division (North).

Service (C).

To fell a sufficient number of palu, milla, and ranai trees standing in Kollankulam forest: bounded on the north by the old Batticaloa road and the cart track to Malamundal,

east by the sea, south by the Verugal river, and west by the Allai tank and Trincomalee-Batticaloa road; to convert the trees into 1,500 broad gauge sleepers and 300 narrow gauge sleepers (more or less) and as many scantlings as possible, to transport the sleepers, scantlings, and any outside slabs required by the Forest Department, stack and deliver them at Muthur Outbay Depôt, a distance of 16 to 20 miles, as instructed by the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Eastern Division (North).

NOTE.—The felling operations are to be completed practically by June 15, 1922. Not less than 30 per cent. of sleepers shall have been sawn by end of July, 1922; 70 per cent. by end of August, 1922; and the full number by end of October, 1922. By end of July, 1922, not less than 25 per cent. of the sleepers shall have been transported and stacked at the delivery depôts; by the end of August, 1922, not less than 50 per cent.; by end of October, 1922, the full number due on each contract.

J. D. SARGENT,

Acting Conservator of Forests.

Office of the Conservator of Forests.

Kandy, February 14, 1922.

VITAL STATISTICS.

Registrar-General's Health Report of the City of Colombo for the Week ended February 11, 1922.

Births.—The total births registered in the city of Colombo in the week were 154 (3 Europeans, 10 Burghers, 97 Sinhalese, 15 Tamils, 22 Moors, 5 Malays, and 2 Others). The birth-rate per 1,000 per annum (calculated on the estimated population on January 1, 1922, viz., 246,410) was 32·6, as against 30·9 in the preceding week, 22·8 in the corresponding week of last year, and 32·8 the weekly average for last year.

Deaths.—The total deaths registered were 180 (1 European, 10 Burghers, 95 Sinhalese, 32 Tamils, 31 Moors, 7 Malays, and 4 Others). The death-rate per 1,000 per annum was 38·1, as against 31·9 in the previous week, 33·9 in the corresponding week of last year, and 30·5 the weekly average for last year.

Infantile Deaths.—Of the 180 total deaths, 42 were of infants under one year of age, as against 30 in the preceding week, 49 in the corresponding week of the previous year, and 40 the average for last year.

Stillbirths.—The number of stillbirths registered during the week was 6.

Principal Causes of Death.—1. (a) Nineteen deaths from *Pneumonia* were registered, 9 in the hospitals (including 1 death of a non-resident), 2 each in St. Paul's, Kotahena South, and Wellawatta North, and 1 each in San Sebastian, Maradana South, Slave Island, and Wellawatta South, as against 24 in the previous week and 17 the weekly average for last year.

(b) Thirteen deaths from *Influenza* were registered, 3 each in Pettah and St. Paul's, 2 in Kollupitiya, and 1 each in Kotahena North, the hospital, Maradana North, Slave Island, and Wellawatta North, as against 5 in the previous week and 5 the weekly average for last year.

(c) Nine deaths from *Bronchitis* were registered, 3 in St. Paul's, 2 each in Kotahena South, and New Bazaar and 1 each in Pettah and the hospital, as against 2 in the previous week.

2. Fifteen deaths from *Phthisis* were registered, 11 in the hospitals (including 5 deaths of non-residents), and 1 each in St. Paul's, Kotahena South, Maradana North, and Wellawatta North, as against 13 in the previous week and 14 the weekly average for last year.

3. Four deaths from *Enteric Fever* were registered, 1 each in New Bazaar, the hospital, Wellawatta North, and Wellawatta South, as against 7 in the previous week and 4 the weekly average for last year.

4. Two deaths from *Plague* were registered, 1 each in St. Paul's and Maradana North, as against 3 in the previous week and 3 the weekly average for last year.

5. Twenty-one deaths were registered from *Infantile Convulsions*, 15 from *Debility*, 13 from *Enteritis*, 5 each from *Diarrhœa*, and *Dysentery* 2 from *Tetanus*, and 57 from *Other Causes*.

6. Nineteen cases of *Chickenvpox*, 3 of *Enteric Fever*, 4 of *Plague*, and 1 of *Measles* were reported during the week, as against 35, 7, 2, and 2, respectively, of the preceding week.

State of the Weather.—The mean temperature of air was 80·4°, against 80·3° in the preceding week and 79·6° in the corresponding week of the previous year. The mean atmospheric pressure was 29·896 in., against 29·933 in. in the preceding week and 29·964 in. in the corresponding week of the previous year. The total rainfall in the week was nil, against 1·60 in the preceding week and 0·19 in. in the corresponding week of the previous year.

Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, February 14, 1922.

E. R. DE SILVA,
for Acting Registrar-General.

UNOFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE MOOLGAMA ESTATE COMPANY, LIMITED.

1. The name of the Company is "THE MOOLGAMA ESTATE COMPANY, LIMITED."
2. The registered office of the Company is to be established in Colombo.
3. The objects for which the Company is to be established are—
 - (a) To purchase from the proprietors thereof the Moolgama estate, situate in the District of Nilambe, Ceylon.
 - (b) To carry on in Ceylon or elsewhere the business of growers and manufacturers of and dealers in tea, rubber, and other Ceylon produce.
 - (c) To purchase, lease, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any other land or lands, or any share or shares thereof, and any buildings, mines, minerals, mining and mineral properties and rights, machinery, implements, tools, live and dead stock, stores, effects, and other property, real or personal, movable or immovable, of any kind, and any contracts, rights, easements, patents, licenses, or privileges in Ceylon or elsewhere (including the benefit of any trade mark, or trade secret) which may be thought necessary or convenient for the purpose of the Company's business, and to erect, construct, maintain, or alter any buildings, machinery, plant, roads, ways, or other works or methods of communication.
 - (d) To appoint, engage, employ, maintain, provide for, and dismiss attorneys, agents, superintendents, managers, clerks, coolies, and other labourers and servants in Ceylon or elsewhere, and to remunerate any such at such rate as shall be thought fit, and to grant pensions or gratuities to any such or the widow or children of any such.
 - (e) To clear, open, plant, cultivate, improve, and develop the said property or any portion thereof, and any other land or lands that may be purchased, leased, or otherwise acquired by the Company in Ceylon or elsewhere, or portions thereof, as a tea and rubber estate or estates, or with any other products, trees, plants, or crops that may be approved by the Company, and to plant, grow, and produce tea, rubber, coconuts, coffee, cinchona, cacao, cardamoms, rhea, ramie plants, trees, and other natural products in Ceylon or elsewhere.
 - (f) To build, make, construct, equip, maintain, improve, alter, and work tea and rubber factories, cacao, coconut and coffee curing mills, and other manufactories, buildings, erections, roads, tramways, or other works conducive to any of the Company's objects, or to contribute to or subsidize such.
 - (g) To enter into any arrangement or agreement with Government or any authorities and obtain rights, concessions, and privileges.
 - (h) To hire, lease, or purchase land either with any other person or company, or otherwise, and to erect a factory and other buildings thereon, or on any land already leased or owned by the Company at the cost of the Company, and such other person or company or otherwise, and to lease any factory or other buildings from any company or person.
 - (i) To enter into any agreement with any company or person for the working of any factory, erected or leased, as provided in (h), or for the manufacture and preparation for market of tea, rubber, or any other produce in such or any other factory.
 - (j) To prepare, cure, manufacture, treat, and prepare for market tea, rubber, cacao, coconuts, plumbago, minerals, and (or) other crops or produce, and to sell, ship, and dispose of such tea, rubber, cacao, coconuts, plumbago, minerals, crops, and produce, either raw or manufactured, at such times and places and in such manner as shall be deemed expedient.
 - (k) To buy, sell, warehouse, transport, trade, and deal in tea, rubber, coconuts, cacao, coffee, and other plants and seed, and rice, and other food required for coolies, labourers, and others employed on estates, and other products, wares, merchandise, articles, and things of any kind whatever.
 - (l) To work mines or quarries, and to find, win, get, work, crush, smelt, manufacture, or otherwise deal with ores, metals, minerals, oils, precious and other stones, deposits, and products, and generally to carry on the business of miners, manufacturers, growers, planters, and exporters of tea, rubber, cacao, chocolate, coconuts, and other products, or any such business on behalf of the Company, or as Agents for others, and on commission or otherwise.
 - (m) To establish and carry on a dairy farm, and to buy and sell livestock, and to sell and deal in milk and dairy produce, wholesale or retail.
 - (n) To establish and maintain in Ceylon, the United Kingdom, or elsewhere, stores, shops, and places for the sale of tea, rubber, coconuts, cacao, chocolate, coffee, and articles of food, drink, or refreshment, wholesale or retail; and to establish in any part or parts of the world agencies for carrying on or developing the business of the Company or any branch thereof; and generally to carry on the business of merchants, exporters, importers, traders, engineers, or any other trade, business, or undertaking whatsoever.
 - (o) To cultivate, manage, and superintend estates and properties in Ceylon or elsewhere, and generally to undertake the business of estate agents in Ceylon and elsewhere, to act as agents for the investment, loan, payment, transmission, and collection of money, and for the purchase, sale, improvement, development, and management of property, including concerns and undertakings, and to transact any other agency business of any kind.
 - (p) To let, lease, sell, exchange, or mortgage the Company's estates, lands, buildings, or other property, or any part or parts thereof, whether in consideration of rents, money, or securities for money, shares, debentures, or securities in any other company, or for any other consideration, and otherwise to trade in, dispose of, or deal with the same or any part thereof.
 - (q) To borrow or receive on loan money for the purpose of the Company upon the security of cash credit bonds, or of hypothecation or mortgages of the Company's property or any part or parts thereof, or otherwise as shall be thought most expedient, and in particular by the issue of debentures, debenture stock, or bonds to bearer or otherwise, either charged upon all or any part of the Company's present or future property (including uncalled capital), or not so charged, as shall be thought best.
 - (r) To cause or permit any debenture stock, bonds, debentures, mortgages, charges, incumbrances, liens, or securities of or belonging to or made or issued by the Company or affecting its property or rights, or any of the terms thereof to be renewed, extended, varied, redeemed, exchanged, transferred, or satisfied as shall be thought fit, also to pay off and re-borrow the moneys secured thereby or any part or parts thereof.

- (s) To draw, make, accept, and endorse bills of lading, warrants, bills of exchange, promissory notes, and other transferable or negotiable instruments for the purposes of the Company.
- (t) To unite, co-operate, amalgamate, or enter into partnership or any arrangement for sharing profits of union of interests or any other arrangement with any person or company already engaged in or hereafter to be established for the purpose of carrying on any business having objects, wholly or in part, similar or analogous or subsidiary to those of the Company or to any of them, or capable of being conducted so as to benefit this Company, either directly or indirectly, and to subscribe for or otherwise acquire for the benefit and in the name of the Company or otherwise, and pay for in any manner that may be agreed upon either in money or in shares or bonds or otherwise, and to hold any shares, stock, or other interest in any such company, and to promote the formation of any such company.
- (u) To amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to this Company.
- (v) To acquire by purchase in money, shares, bonds, or otherwise, and undertake all or any of the business, property, assets, and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business in Ceylon or elsewhere which this Company is authorized to carry on or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this Company.
- (w) To sell the property, business, or undertaking of the Company, or any part or parts thereof, for such consideration as the Company shall think fit, and in particular for shares, stocks, debentures, or securities of any other company.
- (x) To procure the Company to be registered or incorporated in Ceylon and, if and when necessary or thought advisable, elsewhere.
- (y) To lend money on any terms and in any manner and on any security, and in particular on the security of plantations, factories, growing crops, produce, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bonds, bills of lading, warrants, stocks, shares, debentures, and book debts, or without any security at all.
- (z) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined.
- (z 1) To promote and establish any other company whatsoever, and to subscribe to and hold the shares or stock of any other company or any part thereof.
- (z 2) To pay for any lands and real or personal, immovable or movable, estate or property, or assets of any kind acquired or to be acquired by the Company, or for any services rendered or to be rendered to the Company, and generally to pay or discharge any consideration to be paid or given by the Company in money or in shares or debentures or debenture stock or obligations of the Company, or partly in one way and partly in another, or otherwise howsoever, with power to issue any shares either fully or partly paid up for such purpose.
- (z 3) To accept as consideration for the sale or disposal of any lands and real or personal, immovable and movable, estate, property, and assets of the Company of any kind sold or otherwise disposed of by the Company, or in discharge of any other consideration to be received by the Company in money or in shares (the shares whether wholly or partially paid up) of any company, or the mortgages, debentures, or obligations of any company or person, or partly one and partly other.
- (z 4) To distribute among the Shareholders in specie any property of the Company, whether by way of dividend or upon a return of capital, but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital be made, except with the sanction for the time being required by law.
- (z 5) To do all such other things as shall be incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects above-mentioned, or any of them or any one or more of the objects aforesaid, it being hereby declared that in the foregoing clauses (unless a contrary intention appears) the word "Company" includes companies or corporations, and the word "person" any number of persons, and that the other objects specified in any paragraph are not to be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other paragraph.
4. The liability of the Shareholders is limited.
5. The nominal capital of the Company is Five hundred thousand Rupees (Rs. 500,000), divided into Fifty thousand (50,000) shares of Ten Rupees (Rs. 10) each, with power to increase or reduce the capital. The shares forming the capital (original, increased, or reduced) of the Company may be subdivided or consolidated or divided into such classes with any preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto, and be held upon such terms as may be prescribed by the Articles of Association and regulations of the Company for the time being, or otherwise.
- We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names:—

Names and Addresses of Subscribers.	Number of Shares taken by each Subscriber.
TOM VILLIERS, Colombo	One
JAMES J. PARK, Colombo	One
G. P. MADDEN, Colombo	One
J. M. GLASSE, Colombo	One
W. H. MILES, Colombo	One
T. A. THORNTON, Colombo	One
W. LAING HAY, Colombo	One
Total shares taken ..	Seven

Witness to the above seven signatures at Colombo, this 9th day of January, 1922:

E. R. WILLIAMS,
Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE MOOLGAMA ESTATE COMPANY, LIMITED.

The regulations contained in the Table C in the schedule annexed to "The Joint Stock Companies Ordinance, 1861," shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these Articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution.

The Company may, by special resolution, alter and make provisions instead of, or in addition to, any of the regulations of the Company, whether contained and comprised in these Articles or not.

INTERPRETATION CLAUSE.

1. In the interpretation of these presents the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless such meanings be inconsistent with, or repugnant to, the subject or context, viz. :—

The word "Company" means "The Moolgama Estate Company, Limited," incorporated or established by or under the Memorandum of Association to which these Articles are attached.

The "Ordinance" means and includes "Joint Stock Companies Ordinance, 1861," and every other Ordinance from time to time in force concerning Joint Stock Companies which may apply to the Company.

"These presents" means and includes the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association of the Company from time to time in force.

"Capital" means the capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purposes of the Company.

"Shares" means the shares from time to time into which the capital of the Company may be divided.

"Shareholder" means any person whose name is entered in the Register of Shareholders as owner or joint-owner of any share in the Company.

"Presence or present" at a meeting means presence or present personally or by proxy or by attorney.

"Directors" means the Directors for the time being of the Company or (as the case may be) the Directors assembled at a Board.

"Board" means a meeting of the Directors or (as the context may require) the Directors assembled at a Board meeting, acting through at least a quorum of their body in the exercise of authority duly given to them.

"Persons" means partnerships, associations, corporations, companies, incorporated or unincorporated by Ordinance and registration, as well as individuals.

"Office" means the registered office for the time being of the Company.

"Seal" means the common seal for the time being of the Company.

"Month" means a calendar month.

"Writing" means printed matter or print as well as writing.

Words importing the singular number only include the plural, and *vice versa*.

Words importing only the masculine gender include the feminine, and *vice versa*.

"Holder" means a Shareholder.

"Extraordinary resolution" means a resolution passed by three-fourths in number and value of such Shareholders of the Company for the time being entitled to vote as may be present in person or by proxy (in cases where by these Articles proxies are allowed) at any meeting of which notice specifying the intention to propose such resolution has been duly given.

BUSINESS.

2. The Company may proceed to carry out the objects for which it is established, and to employ and apply its capital as soon after the registration of the Company as the Directors in their discretion shall think fit; and if the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed, applied for, or allotted as soon as, in the judgment of the Directors, a sufficient number of shares shall have been subscribed or applied for.

3. The business of the Company shall be carried on by, or under the management or direction of, the Directors, and subject only to the control of General Meetings, in accordance with these presents. The Company being established on the basis that it shall acquire the Moolgama estate, it shall be no objection that the vendors are in a fiduciary position to the Company or that there is no independent Board of Directors, nor shall any claim be made on any of the vendors on any such ground. Every member of the Company, present or future, shall be deemed to have joined the Company on this basis.

CAPITAL.

4. The nominal capital of the Company is Five hundred thousand (Rs. 500,000) divided into 50,000 shares of Ten Rupees (Rs. 10) each.

5. The Directors may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company in General Meeting, increase the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares of such amounts per share and in the aggregate and with such special, preferential, deferred, qualified, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto as such resolution shall direct: Provided, however, that no new shares shall be issued with any right or preference or other special privilege or advantage over any shares previously issued or then about to be issued, unless the resolution sanctioning the creation of such shares shall have been passed by a majority comprising the holders of not less than one half of the shares for the time being issued by the Company.

6. Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the same provisions in all respects with reference to the payments of allotment money, calls and instalments, transfer, transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrender, and otherwise, as if it had formed part of the original capital.

7. The Directors may also with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company, reduce the capital or subdivide or consolidate the shares of the Company.

SHARES.

8. The Company may issue the balance capital whenever the Directors shall think fit, and may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid and the time of payment of such calls.

9. If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the *Holder* of the shares.

10. The shares, except when otherwise provided, shall be allotted at the discretion of and by the Directors, who may from time to time issue any unissued shares, and may add to such shares such an amount of premium as they consider proper. Provided that such unissued shares, except when otherwise provided, shall first be offered by the Directors to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may, at their discretion, allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estates or lands being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates or lands, or as remuneration for work done for or services rendered to the Company, and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders.

11. In case of the increase of the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares, such new shares shall (subject to the provisions of Article 5) be issued upon such terms and conditions, and with such preferential, deferred, qualified, special or other rights and privileges annexed thereto, as the General Meeting resolving on the creation thereof, or any other General Meeting of the Company shall direct, and, if no direction be given, as the Directors shall determine, and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to the dividends, and in the distribution of the assets of the Company, and with a special or without any right of voting.

Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the meeting that sanctions the increase of capital, all new shares shall be offered to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the

offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may, at their discretion, allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estates or lands being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates or lands, and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders.

12. Every person taking any share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof by writing under his hand in such form as the Company may from time to time direct.

13. Shares may be registered in the name of a firm or partnership, and any partner of the firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm shall be entitled to vote and to give proxies in respect of shares registered in the name of the firm.

14. Shares may be registered in the names of two or more persons jointly.

15. Any one of the joint holders of a share, other than a firm, may give effectual receipts for any dividends payable in respect of such share; but only one of such joint Shareholders shall be entitled to the right of voting and of giving proxies and exercising the other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, and if the joint holders cannot arrange amongst themselves as to who shall vote or give proxies and exercise such other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, the Shareholder whose name stands first on the register of shares shall vote or give proxies and exercise those rights and powers; provided, however, that in the event of such first registered Shareholder being absent from the Island, the first registered Shareholder then resident in Ceylon shall vote or give proxies and exercise all such rights and powers as aforesaid.

16. In case of the death of any one or more of the joint holders of any shares, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognized by the Company as having any title to, or interest in, such shares.

17. The Company shall not be bound to recognize (even though having notice of) any contingent, future, partial, or equitable interest in the nature of a trust or otherwise in any share, or any other right in respect of any share, except any absolute right thereto in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof, and except also the right of any person under clause 36 to become a Shareholder in respect of any share.

18. The joint holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all instalments and calls due in respect of such share.

19. Every Shareholder shall be entitled to a certificate or certificates under the common seal of the Company, specifying the share or shares held by him and the amount paid thereon.

20. If any certificate be worn out or defaced, then, upon production thereof to the Directors they may order the same to be cancelled, and may issue a new certificate in lieu thereof; and if any certificate be lost or destroyed, then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Directors, and on such indemnity as the Directors deem adequate being given, a new certificate in lieu thereof may be given to the person entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate. A sum of fifty cents shall be payable for such new certificate.

21. The certificate of shares registered in the names of two or more persons not a firm shall be delivered to the person first named on the register.

CALLS.

22. The Directors may from time to time make such calls as they think fit upon the Shareholders in respect of all moneys unpaid on their shares, and not by the conditions of allotment made payable at fixed times, provided that two months notice at least shall be given to the Shareholders of the time and place appointed for payment of each call; and each Shareholder shall pay the amount of every call so made to the persons and at the time and place appointed by the Directors.

23. If any Shareholder fail to pay the amount of any call due by him on or before the day appointed for payment thereof, he shall be liable to pay interest on the same at the rate of nine per centum per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment.

24. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorizing the call was passed.

25. The Directors shall have power in their absolute discretion to give time to any one or more Shareholder or Shareholders, exclusive of the others, for payment of any call or part thereof on such terms as the Directors may determine. But no Shareholder shall be entitled to any such extension except as a matter of grace or favour.

26. The Directors may at their discretion receive from any of the Shareholders willing to advance the same, and upon such terms as they think fit, all or any part of the moneys uncalled upon their respective shares beyond the sums actually called up; and upon the moneys so paid in advance, or upon so much thereof as from time to time and at any time thereafter exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon, and due in respect of the shares in respect of which such advances have been made, the Board may pay or allow interest at such rate as the Shareholders paying such sums in advance and the Directors may agree upon, not exceeding, however, eight per centum per annum.

TRANSFER OF SHARES.

27. Subject to the restrictions contained in these Articles, any Shareholder may transfer all or any of his shares by instrument in writing.

28. No transfer of shares shall be made to an infant or person of unsound mind.

29. The Company shall keep a book or books to be called "The Register of Transfers," in which shall be entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share.

30. The Board may, at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion, decline to register any transfer of shares by a Shareholder who is indebted to the Company, or upon whose shares the Company have a lien, or otherwise; or in case of shares not fully paid up, to any person not approved of by them; and in no case shall a Shareholder or proposed transferee be entitled to require the Directors to state the reason of their refusal to register, but their declinature shall be absolute.

31. Every instrument of transfer must be left at the office of the Company to be registered, accompanied by the certificate for the shares to be transferred and by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferor, and a fee of Two Rupees and Fifty Cents, or such other sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine, must be paid to the Company for the registration of every such transfer; upon payment thereof the Directors, subject to the powers vested in them by Article 30, shall register the transferee as a Shareholder and retain the instrument of transfer.

32. The Directors may, by such means as they shall deem expedient, authorize the registration of transferees as Shareholders, without the necessity of any meeting of the Directors for that purpose.

33. In no case shall the Directors be bound to inquire into the validity, legal effect, or genuineness of any instrument of transfer produced by a person claiming a transfer of any share in accordance with these Articles; and whether they abstain from so inquiring, or do so inquire and are misled, the transferor shall have no claim whatsoever upon the Company in respect of the share, except for the dividends previously declared in respect thereof, but only if at all, upon the transferee.

34. The Register of Transfers may be closed at such times and for such periods as the Directors may from time to time determine, provided always that it shall not be closed for more than twenty-one days in any year.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

35. The executors, or administrators, or the heirs of a deceased Shareholder shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to the shares of such Shareholder.

36. Any guardian of any infant Shareholder, or any committee of a lunatic Shareholder, or any person becoming entitled to shares in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or liquidation of any Shareholder, or in any other way than by transfer, shall, upon producing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this clause, or of his title, as the Directors think sufficient, be forthwith entitled, subject to the provisions herein contained, to be registered as a Shareholder in respect of such shares; or may, subject to the regulations as to transfers hereinbefore contained, transfer the same to some other person.

37. If any person who shall become entitled to be registered in respect of any share under clause 36 shall not, from any cause whatever, within twelve calendar months after the event on the happening of which his title shall accrue, be registered in respect of such share, or if in the case of the death of any Shareholder, no person shall within twelve calendar months after such death be registered as a Shareholder in respect of the shares of such deceased Shareholder, the Company may sell such shares, either by public auction or private contract, and give a receipt for the purchase money; and the purchaser shall be entitled to be registered in respect of such shares, and shall not be bound to inquire whether the events have happened which entitled the Company to sell the same, and the nett proceeds of such sale, after deducting all expenses and all moneys in respect of which the Company is entitled to a lien on the shares so sold, shall be paid to the person entitled thereto.

SURRENDER AND FORFEITURE OF SHARES.

38. The Directors may accept in the name and for the benefit of the Company, and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed, a surrender of the shares of Shareholders who may be desirous of retiring from the Company.

39. If any Shareholder fails to pay any call or instalment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Directors may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on such Shareholder requiring him to pay the same, together with any interest that may have accrued, and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

The notice shall name a day (not being less than one month from the date of the notice) on, and a place or places at, which such call or instalment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

If the requisition of such notice as aforesaid be not complied with, every or any share or shares in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of calls or instalments, with interest and expenses due in respect thereof, be declared forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

40. Any Shareholder whose shares have been so declared forfeited shall notwithstanding be liable to pay and shall forthwith pay to the Company all calls, instalments, premia, interest, and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of forfeiture, until payment at nine per centum per annum, and the Directors may enforce the payment thereof if they think fit.

41. Every share surrendered or so declared forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of upon such terms and in such manner as the Board shall think fit.

42. The surrender or forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in and also of all claims and demands against the Company in respect of the share and the proceeds thereof, and all other rights incident to the share, except only such of those rights (if any) as by these presents are expressly saved.

43. A certificate in writing under the hands of one of the Directors and of the Secretary that a share has been duly surrendered or forfeited, stating the time when it was surrendered or forfeited, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons who would have been entitled to the share but for such surrender or forfeiture, and such certificate and the receipt of the Company for the price of such share shall constitute a good title to such share, and a certificate of proprietorship shall be delivered to any person who may purchase the same from the Company, and thereupon such purchaser shall be deemed the holder of such share, discharged from all calls due prior to such purchase; and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to such shares be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture or sale.

44. The Directors may in their discretion remit or annul the forfeiture of any share within six months from the date thereof upon the payment of all moneys due to the Company from the late holder or holders of such share or shares, and all expenses incurred in relation to such forfeiture, together with such further sum of money by way of redemption money for the deficit as they shall think fit, not being less than nine per centum per annum on the amount of the sums wherein default in payment had been made, but no share *bona fide* sold or re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of under Article 41 hereof, shall be redeemable after sale or disposal.

45. The Company shall have a first charge or paramount lien upon all the shares of any holder or joint holders for all moneys for the time being due to the Company by such holder or by all or any of such joint holders respectively, either in respect of such shares or of other shares held by such holder or joint holders or in respect of any other debt, liability, or engagement whatsoever, and whether due from any such holder individually or jointly with others, including all calls which the Directors shall have resolved to make, although the times appointed for the payment thereof shall not have arrived; and where any share is held by more persons than one, the Company shall be entitled to the said charge or lien in respect of any money due to the Company from any of such persons. And the Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares subject to such charge or lien.

46. Such charge or lien may be made available by a sale of all or any of the shares subject to it, provided that no such sale shall be made except under a resolution of the Directors, and until notice in writing shall have been given to the indebted Shareholder or his executors or administrators, or the assignee or trustee in his bankruptcy, requiring him or them to pay the amount for the time being due to the Company, and default shall have been made for twenty-eight days from such notice in paying the sum thereby required to be paid. Should the Shareholder over whose share the lien exists be in England or elsewhere abroad, sixty days' notice shall be allowed him.

47. The nett proceeds of any such sale shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of such debts, liabilities, or engagements, and the residue (if any) paid to such Shareholder or his representatives.

48. A certificate in writing under the hands of one of the Directors and of the Secretary, that the power of sale given by clause 46 has arisen and is exercisable by the Company under these presents, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated.

49. Upon any such sale two of the Directors may execute a transfer of such share to the purchaser thereof, and such transfer, with the certificate last aforesaid, shall confer on the purchaser a complete title to such share.

PREFERENCE SHARES.

50. Any shares from time to time to be issued or created may from time to time, with the sanction of a resolution passed at a General Meeting by a majority comprising the holders of not less than one half of the shares for the time being issued by the Company, be issued with any such right or preference, whether in respect of dividend or of repayment of capital, or both, or any such other special privilege or advantage over any shares previously issued or then about to be issued (other than shares issued with a preference), or at such a premium, or with such deferred rights as compared

with any shares previously issued or then about to be issued, or subject to any such conditions or provisions, and with any such right or without any right of voting, and generally on such terms as the Company may from time to time by special resolution determine.

51. If at any time by the issue of preference shares or otherwise the capital is divided into shares of different classes, then the holders of any class of shares may by an extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of such holders consent, on behalf of all the holders of shares of the class, to the issue or creation of any shares ranking equally therewith, or having any priority thereto, or to the abandonment of any preference or priority, or of any accrued dividend, or the reduction for any time or permanently of the dividends payable thereon, or to any scheme for the reduction of the Company's capital affecting the class of shares; and such resolution shall be binding upon all the holders of shares of the class, provided that this Article shall not be read as implying the necessity for such consent in any case in which but for this Article the object of the resolutions could have been effected without it.

52. Any meeting for the purpose of the last preceding clause shall be convened and conducted in all respects as nearly as possible in the same way as an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, provided that no member not being a Director shall be entitled to notice thereof or to attend thereat, unless he be a holder of shares of the class intended to be affected by the resolution, and that no vote shall be given except in respect of a share of that class, and that at any such meeting a poll may be demanded in writing by any members personally present and entitled to vote at the meeting.

BORROWING POWERS.

53. The Directors shall have power to procure from time to time, in the usual course of business, such temporary advances on the produce in hand, or in the future to be obtained from the Company's estates, as they may find necessary or expedient for the purpose of defraying the expenses of working the Company's estates, or of erecting, maintaining, improving, or extending buildings, machinery, or plantations, or otherwise. Also from time to time at their discretion to borrow or raise from the Directors or other persons any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company, provided that the money so borrowed or raised and owing at any one time shall not, without the sanction of a resolution passed at a General Meeting by a majority comprising the holders of no less than one half of the shares for the time being issued by the Company exceed Rupees Twenty-five thousand (Rs. 25,000).

54. With the sanction of a resolution passed at a General Meeting, in the manner provided in Article 53, the Board shall be entitled to borrow such further sum or sums and at such rate of interest as such meeting shall determine. A certificate under the hands of one Director and the Secretary, or of two Directors, to the effect that in taking any loan the Directors are not exceeding their borrowing powers, shall be sufficient and binding on the Company and all concerned, and shall be conclusive evidence thereof in all questions between the Company and its creditors.

55. For the purpose of securing the repayment of any such money so borrowed or raised, or for any other purposes, the Directors may, with the sanction of a resolution passed at a General Meeting in the manner provided in Article 53, grant, create, execute, and issue any mortgages, cash credit, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company, charged upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, lands, property, rights, and assets of the Company, both present and future, including uncalled capital or unpaid calls, or may make, accept, or endorse on behalf of the Company any promissory notes or bills of exchange.

56. Any such securities may be issued, either at par or at a premium or discount, and may from time to time be cancelled, discharged, varied, or exchanged as the Directors may think fit, and may contain special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, or otherwise.

57. Every debenture or other instrument issued by the Company for securing the payment of money may be so framed that the moneys thereby secured shall be assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

GENERAL MEETINGS.

58. The First General Meeting shall be held at such time not being more than twelve months after the incorporation of the Company and at such place as the Directors may determine.

59. Subsequent General Meetings shall be held once in every year, at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if no time or place is so prescribed then at such place and at such time as soon after the first day in each year as may be determined by the Directors.

60. The General Meetings mentioned in the last preceding clause shall be called Ordinary General Meetings; all other Meetings of the Company shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.

61. The Directors may, whenever they think fit, call an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, and the Directors shall do so upon a requisition made in writing by not less than one-eighth of the number of Shareholders of the Company for the time being, or by any Shareholder or Shareholders holding in the aggregate one-eighth part of the shares of the Company for the time being subscribed for.

62. Any requisition so made shall express the object of the Meeting proposed to be called, shall be addressed to the Directors, and shall be sent to the registered office of the Company.

Upon the receipt of such requisition the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting to be held at such time and place as they shall determine. If they do not proceed to convene the same within seven days from the delivery of the requisition, the requisitionists may themselves convene an Extraordinary General Meeting to be held at such place and such time as the Shareholders convening the meeting may themselves fix.

63. Any Shareholder may, on giving not less than ten days' previous notice of any resolution, submit the same to a meeting.

64. Such notice shall be given by leaving a copy of the resolution at the registered office of the Company.

65. Seven days' notice at least of every General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, and by whomsoever convened, specifying the place, date, hour of meeting, and the object and business of the meeting, shall be given by advertisement in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*, or in such other manner (if any) as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting. Where it is proposed to pass a special resolution the two meetings may be convened by one and the same notice, and it is to be no objection to such notice that it only convenes the 2nd meeting contingently upon the resolution being passed by the requisite majority at the 1st meeting.

66. Every Ordinary General Meeting shall be competent, without special notice having been given of the purposes for which it is convened, or of the business to be transacted thereat, to receive and discuss any report and any accounts presented thereto by the Directors, and to pass resolutions in approval or disapproval thereof, and to declare dividends, and to elect Directors and Auditors in place of those retiring by rotation, and to fix the remuneration of the Auditors; and shall also be competent to enter upon, discuss, and transact any business whatsoever of which special mention shall have been given in the notice or notices upon which the meeting was convened.

67. With the exceptions mentioned in the foregoing Articles as to the business which may be transacted at Ordinary General Meetings without notice, no General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss, or transact any business which has not been specially mentioned in the notice or notices upon which it was convened.

68. No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting, except the declaration of a dividend recommended by a report of the Directors or election of a Chairman, unless there shall be present or represented at the commencement of the business three or more Shareholders entitled to vote.

69. If at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting the required number of Shareholders shall not be present at the meeting, the meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of Shareholders, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, those Shareholders who are present shall be a quorum, and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.

70. The Chairman (if any) of the Directors shall be entitled to take the Chair at every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary; or if there be no Chairman, or if at any meeting he shall not be present at the time appointed for holding such meeting, or if he shall refuse to take the Chair, the Shareholders shall choose another Director as Chairman; and if no Directors be present, or if all the Directors present decline to take the Chair, then the Shareholders present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman.

71. No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting, except the election of a Chairman, whilst the Chair is vacant.

72. The Chairman may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place, unless due notice thereof shall be given.

73. Minutes of the proceedings of every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall when so entered be signed as soon as practicable by the Chairman of the same meeting, or by the Chairman of the succeeding meeting, and the same when so entered and signed shall be evidence of all such proceedings and of the proper election of the Chairman.

VOTING AT MEETINGS.

74. At any meeting every resolution shall be decided by a show of hands, and in case there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman at such meeting shall be entitled to give a casting vote in addition to the vote to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder; and unless a poll be immediately demanded by some Shareholder present and entitled to vote, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the Minute Book of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution. The power of demanding a poll conferred by this clause may be exercised by the proxy or attorney of any Shareholder duly appointed in that behalf.

75. If at any meeting a poll be demanded by some Shareholder present, his proxy or attorney, at the meeting and entitled to vote, the meeting shall, if necessary, be adjourned, and the poll shall be taken at such time and place and in such manner as the Chairman shall direct, and in such case every Shareholder shall have the number of votes to which he may be entitled as hereinafter provided; and in case at any such poll there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting at which such poll shall have been demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder or proxy or attorney, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in such meeting.

76. The demand of a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.

77. No poll shall be demanded on the election of a Chairman of the meeting or on any question of adjournment.

78. On a show of hands every Shareholder present in person shall have one vote. Where a Shareholder is present by an attorney who is not a Shareholder, such attorney shall be entitled to vote for such Shareholder on a show of hands. In case of a poll every Shareholder shall have one vote for every share held by him up to ten, an additional vote for every ten shares held by him beyond the first ten up to one hundred and an additional vote for every twenty-five shares held by him beyond the first hundred.

79. The parent or guardian or curator of an infant Shareholder, the committee or other legal guardian or curator of any lunatic Shareholder, the husband of any female Shareholder not entitled to her shares as separate estate, and the executor or administrator of any deceased Shareholder, or any one of such persons as aforesaid, if more than one, shall not be entitled to vote in the place of such infant, lunatic, female, or deceased person, unless such person shall have been registered as a Shareholder.

80. Votes may be given either personally or by proxy or by attorney.

81. No Shareholder shall be entitled to be present or to vote either personally or by proxy or attorney at any meeting unless all calls due from him on his shares have been paid, and no Shareholder other than the trustee or assignee of a bankrupt or representative of a deceased Shareholder shall be entitled to be present or to vote at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company in respect of any share which he has acquired by transfer, unless he has been registered as the holder of the share in respect of which he claims to vote at least one month previous to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote.

82. No person shall be entitled to hold a proxy who is not a Shareholder in the Company, but this rule shall not apply to a power of attorney.

83. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be printed or written and shall be signed by the appointor (whether a Shareholder or his attorney), or if such appointor be a company or corporation, it shall be under the common seal of such company or corporation.

84. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than twenty-four hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote.

The instrument appointing a proxy may be in the following form:—

The Moolgama Estate Company, Limited.

I, _____, of _____, appoint _____, of _____, as my proxy to represent me and to vote for me and on my behalf at the Ordinary (or Extraordinary, as the case may be) General Meeting of the Company to be held on the _____ day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and _____, and at any adjournment thereof, and at every poll which may be taken in consequence thereof.

As witness my hand this _____ day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and _____.

85. No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) except at the meeting or poll at which such votes shall be tendered, and every vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) to which no objection shall be made at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.

86. No Shareholder shall be prevented from voting by reason of his being personally interested in the result of the voting.

DIRECTORS.

87. The number of Directors shall never be less than two or more than five; but this clause shall be construed as being directory only, and the continuing Directors or Director may act notwithstanding any number of vacancies.

The qualification of a Director shall be his holding in his own right at least one hundred fully or partly paid shares in the Company upon which all calls for the time being have been paid, and this qualification shall apply as well to the first Directors as to all future Directors.

88. As remuneration for their services the Directors shall be entitled to appropriate a sum not exceeding Five hundred rupees annually to be divided between them in such manner as they may determine, but the Company in General Meeting may at any time alter the amount of such remuneration for the future, and such remuneration shall not be considered as including any remuneration granted for special or extra services hereinafter referred to, nor any extra remuneration to the Managing Directors of the Company.

89. The first Directors shall be Edgar Turner, Thomas Lister Villiers, and John Boyd Coles. The first Directors shall hold office till the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company, when they shall all retire, but shall be eligible for re-election.

90. One or more of the Directors may be appointed by the Directors to act as Secretary, Managing Director, or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Agents of the Company, or Superintendents of any of the estates, for such time and on such terms as the Directors may determine or may fix by agreement with the person or persons appointed to the office, and they may from time to time revoke such appointment and appoint another or other Secretary, Managing Director, or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Agents, or Superintendents.

The Directors may confer on the Managing Director or Managing Directors all or any duties and powers that might be conferred on any Manager of the Company.

If any Director shall be called upon to perform any extra services, the Directors may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such services, either by way of salary, commission, or the payment of a lump sum of money, as they shall think fit.

ROTATION OF DIRECTORS.

91. At the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company all the Directors shall retire from office, and at the first Ordinary General Meeting in every subsequent year one of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office as provided in clause 92.

92. The Director to retire from office at the second Ordinary General Meeting shall, unless the Directors otherwise arrange among themselves, be determined by ballot; in every subsequent year the Directors to retire shall be those who have been longest in office.

93. In case any question shall arise as to which of the Directors who have been the same time in office shall retire, the same shall be decided by the Directors by ballot.

94. Retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.

95. The Ordinary General Meeting at which Directors retire or ought to retire by rotation shall appoint successors to them, and in default thereof such successors may be appointed at a subsequent Ordinary General Meeting.

96. Any casual vacancy occurring in the number of Directors or provisional Directors arising from death, resignation, or otherwise, may be filled up by the Directors, but any person appointed to fill such vacancy shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Director would have retained the same if no vacancy had occurred.

97. A General Meeting may from time to time increase or reduce the number of Directors, and may also determine in what rotation such increase or reduced number is to go out of office.

98. If at any meeting at which an election of a Director ought to take place the place of a retiring Director is not filled up, the retiring Director may continue in office until the first Ordinary General Meeting in the next year, and so on from meeting to meeting until his place is filled up, unless it shall be determined at such meeting to reduce the number of Directors.

99. A Director may at any time give notice in writing of his intention to resign by delivering such notice to the Secretary, or by leaving the same at the registered office of the Company, or by tendering his written resignation at a meeting of the Directors, and on the acceptance of his resignation by the Directors, but not before, his office shall become vacant.

100. The Company may, by a special resolution, remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and may, by an ordinary resolution, appoint another person in his stead. The Director so appointed shall hold office only during such time as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.

101. Every Director or officer of the Company, and his heirs, executors, and administrators shall be indemnified by the Company from all losses and expenses incurred by him in or about the discharge of his duties, except such as happen from his respective wilful acts or defaults; and no Director or officer shall, nor shall the heirs, executors, or administrators of any Director or officer, be liable for the acts or defaults of any other Director or officer, or for any loss or expenses happening to the Company by the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired for or on behalf of the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested, or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency, or tortious act of any person with whom any moneys, securities, or effects shall be deposited, or for any other loss, damage, or misfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, unless the same happen through his own wilful act or default.

102. No contribution shall be required from any present or past Director or Manager exceeding the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares in respect of which he is liable as a present or past Shareholder.

DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS.

103. The office of Director shall be vacated—

- (a) If he accepts or holds any office or place of profit under the Company other than Managing Director, Visiting Agent, Superintendent, Secretary, Agent, or Trustee for Debenture Holders.
- (b) If he becomes bankrupt or insolvent, or suspends payment, or files a petition for the liquidation of his affairs, or compounds with his creditors.
- (c) If by reason of mental or bodily infirmity he becomes incapable of acting.
- (d) If he ceases to hold the required number of shares to qualify him for the office.
- (e) If he resigns his office under the provisions of clause 99.
- (f) If he ceases to ordinarily reside in Ceylon.

No Director shall be disqualified from holding office by reason of entering into any contract with or doing any work for the Company or by reason of his being a member of any corporation, company, or firm which has entered into any contract with, or done any work for, the Company, or by reason of his being agent, or secretary, or solicitor, or being a member of a firm who are agents, or secretaries, or solicitors of the Company; nevertheless, he shall disclose to the Directors his interest in any contract work or business in which he may be personally interested, and shall not vote in respect of any matters connected with any such contract, work, or business.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS.

104. The Directors shall have power to carry into effect the acquisition of the said Moolgama Estates and the lease, purchase, or acquisition of any other lands, estates, or property they may think fit, or any share or shares thereof.

105. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors either by themselves or through a Managing Director, or with the assistance of an agent or agents, and secretary or secretaries of the Company to be appointed by the Directors for such a period and on such terms as they shall determine, and the Directors shall pay out of the funds of the

Company all costs and expenses, as well preliminary as otherwise, paid or incurred in and about the formation and the registration of the Company, and in and about the valuation, purchase, lease, or acquisition of the said estates and lands and the opening, clearing, planting, and cultivation thereof, and otherwise in or about the working and business of the Company.

106. The Directors shall have power to make, and may make such rules or regulation for the management of the business and property of the Company as they may from time to time think proper, and shall carry on the business of the Company in such manner as they may think most expedient; and, in addition to the powers and authorities by any Ordinance or by these presents expressly conferred on them, they may exercise all such powers, give all such consents, make all such arrangements, appoint all such agents, managers, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, superintendents, assistants, clerks, artizans, labourers, and other servants for such period or periods and with such remuneration and at such salaries, and upon such terms and conditions as they may consider advisable, and may pay the expenses occasioned thereby out of the funds of the Company, and may from time to time remove or suspend all or any of the managers, agents, treasurers, accountants, officers, clerks, or servants of the Company for such reasons as they may think proper and advisable and without assigning any cause for so doing.

107. The Directors shall exercise in the name and on behalf of the Company all such powers of the Company as are not expressly required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, and shall generally do all such acts and things as are or shall be by any Ordinance and by these presents directed and authorized to be exercised, given, made, or done by the Company, and are not by any Ordinance or by these presents required to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting, subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of any such Ordinances and of these presents and to such regulations and provisions (if any) as may from time to time be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting; but no regulations made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made.

The generality of the powers conferred by any clause in these presents on the Directors shall not be taken to be limited by any clause conferring any special or expressed power.

108. The Directors shall have power to appoint a proctor or proctors, solicitor or solicitors, attorney or attorneys to assist in carrying on or protecting the business of the Company, on such terms as they may consider proper, and from time to time to revoke such appointment.

109. The Directors shall have power to open from time to time on behalf of the Company any account or accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint, and also by such signatures as they may appoint to draw, accept, make, endorse, sign, and execute cheques, bills of exchange, and promissory notes, bills of lading, receipts, contracts, and agreements, bonds, mortgages, proxies to any proctor or proctors, and other documents on behalf of and to further the interests of the Company.

110. The seal of the Company shall not be affixed to any instrument except in the presence of two or more of the Directors, or of one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries, who shall attest the sealing thereof; such attestation on the part of the Secretaries, in the event of a firm or registered company being the Secretaries, being signified by a partner or duly authorized manager, director, secretary, attorney, or agent of the said firm or company signing for and on behalf of the said firm or company as such Secretaries.

111. It shall be lawful for the Directors, if authorized so to do by a special resolution of the Shareholders of the Company in General Meeting, to arrange terms for the amalgamation of the Company with any other company or companies or individual or individuals, or for the sale or disposal of the business, estates, and effects of the Company, or any part or parts, share or shares thereof, respectively, to any company or companies, or person or persons, upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit, and the Directors shall have power to do all such things as may be necessary for carrying such amalgamation, sale, or other disposition into effect so far as a resolution or special resolution of the Company is not by law necessary for such purpose; and in case any terms so arranged by the Directors include or make necessary the dissolution of the Company, the Company shall be dissolved to that end.

112. In furtherance and not in limitation of, and without prejudice to, the general powers conferred or implied in the last preceding clause, and of the other powers conferred by these presents, it is hereby expressly declared that the Directors shall have the powers following (that is to say):—

- (a) To institute, conduct, defend, compromise, settle, or abandon any action, suit, prosecution, or other legal proceedings on behalf of the Company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due to or from the Company, and any claims or demands made by or against the Company.
- (b) To refer any claims or demands by or against the Company to arbitration, and observe and perform or enforce the awards.
- (c) To make and give receipts, releases, and other discharges for money payable to the Company and for claims and demands by the Company.
- (b) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents, with power to accept the office of trustee, assignee, liquidator, or inspector, or any similar office.
- (e) To invest any of the moneys of the Company which the Directors may consider not to be immediately required for the purposes thereof, upon such securities and in such manner as they may think fit, and so that they shall not be restricted to such securities as are permissible to trustees, without special powers, and from time to time to vary or release such investments.
- (f) To delegate any one or more of the Directors of the Company for the time being, or any other person or Company for the time being, residing or carrying on business in Ceylon, or elsewhere, all or any of the powers or functions given to or exercisable by the Directors; and to confer such powers for such time and to be exercised for such objects and purposes, and upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as the Directors may think expedient, and to confer such powers either collaterally with or to the exclusion of, and in the substitution for, all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf, and from time to time to revoke, withdraw, alter, or vary all or any of such powers. The Directors may allow to any person or company to whom any powers may be so delegated such remuneration as they in their absolute discretion shall think fit.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

113. The Directors may meet for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings at such places and times and in such manner as they may think fit, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Until otherwise determined, two Directors shall be a quorum.

114. A Director may at any time summon a meeting of Directors.

115. The Board may elect a Chairman of their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office, and all meetings of the Directors shall be presided over by the Chairman, if one has been elected and if present, but if there be a vacancy in the office of Chairman, or if at any meeting of Directors the Chairman be not present at the time appointed for holding the same, then and in that case the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.

116. Any question which shall arise at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes, the Chairman thereof shall have a casting vote in addition to his vote as a Director.

117. The Board may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as the Board think fit, and they may from time to time revoke and discharge any such committee, either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee so formed shall, in exercise of the powers delegated to it, conform to all such regulations as may be prescribed by the Board. All acts done by any such committee, in conformity with such regulations and in the fulfilment of the purposes of their appointment, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effects as if done by the Board.

118. The meetings and proceedings of such committees shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto, and are not superseded by the express terms of the appointment of such committee respectively, or any regulation imposed by the Board.

119. The acts of the Board or of any committees appointed by the Board shall, notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board or committee, or defect in the appointment or qualification of any Director or of any member of the committee, be as valid as if no such vacancy or defect had existed, and as if such person had been duly appointed or qualified, provided the same be done before the discovery of the vacancy or defect.

120. A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors for the time being in Ceylon shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted.

121. The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in a book or books to be provided for the purpose:—

- (1) Of all appointments of (a) officers and (b) committees made by the Directors.
- (2) Of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors.
- (3) Of the names of the members of the committee appointed by the Board present at each meeting of the committee.
- (4) Of all orders made by the Directors.
- (5) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all General Meetings of the Company.
- (6) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of the Directors.
- (7) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of committees appointed by the Board.

122. All such minutes shall be signed by the person who shall have presided as Chairman at the General Meeting, the Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting at which the business minuted shall have been transacted, or by the person who shall preside as Chairman at the next ensuing General Meeting, or Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, as the case may be; and all minutes purporting to have been signed by any Chairman of any General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively, shall, for all purposes whatsoever, be *prima facie* evidence of the actual and regular passing of the resolutions, and the actual and regular transaction or occurrence of the proceedings and other matters purporting to be so recorded, and of the regularity of the meeting at which the same shall appear to have taken place, and of the Chairmanship and signature of the person appearing to have signed as Chairman, and of the date on which such meeting was held.

ACCOUNTS.

123. The Agent or Secretary or the Agents or Secretaries for the time being, or, if there be no Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries, the Directors shall cause true accounts to be kept of the paid-up capital for the time being of the Company, and of all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and of the matters in respect of which such sums were received and expended, and of the assets, credits, and liabilities of the Company, and generally of all its commercial, financial, and other affairs, transactions, and engagements, and of all other matters necessary for showing the true financial state and condition of the Company. The accounts shall be kept in such books and in such a manner at the registered office of the Company as the Directors think fit.

124. The Directors shall from time to time determine whether, and to what extent, and at what times and places, and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the Company or of any of them shall be open to the inspection of the Shareholders, and no Shareholder shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by Ordinance or authorized by the Directors or by a resolution of the Company in General Meeting. Provided, however, that any Shareholder who holds not less than 2,000 shares in the Capital of the Company shall on application to the Secretary or Secretaries be furnished with a copy of the Estate Superintendent's account or accounts for the last month of the preceding financial year.

125. At the Ordinary General Meeting in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company a statement of the income and expenditure of the Company for the previous financial year, and a balance sheet containing a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company made up to the end of the same period.

126. The statement so made shall show, arranged under the most convenient heads, the amount of gross income, distinguishing the several sources from which it has been derived, and the amount of gross expenditure, distinguishing the expense of the establishment, salaries, and other heads of expenditure. Every item of expenditure fairly chargeable against the year's income shall be brought into account, so that a just balance of profit and loss may be laid before the meeting, and in case where any item of expenditure which may in fairness be distributed over several years has been incurred in any one year, the whole amount of such item shall be stated, with the addition of the reasons why only a portion of such expenditure is charged against the income of the year.

127. The balance sheet shall contain a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company, arranged under the heads appearing in the form annexed to the table referred to in Schedule C to "The Joint Stock Companies Ordinance, 1861," or as near thereto as circumstances admit.

128. Every such statement shall be accompanied by a report as to the state and condition of the Company and as to the amount which the Directors recommend should be paid out of the profits by way of dividend or bonus to the Shareholders, and the statement, report, and balance sheet shall be signed by the Directors.

129. A printed copy of such balance sheet shall, at least seven days previous to such meeting, be delivered at, or posted to, the registered address of every Shareholder.

130. The accounts of the Company shall from time to time be examined, and the correctness of the balance sheet ascertained, by one or more Auditor or Auditors.

AUDIT.

131. No person shall be eligible as an Auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Shareholder in any transaction of the Company, but it shall not be a necessary qualification for an Auditor that he be a Shareholder of the Company, and no Director or officer of the Company shall, during the continuance in office, be eligible as an Auditor.

132. The Directors shall appoint the first Auditor or Auditors of the Company and fix his or their remuneration. He or they shall hold office till the first General Meeting of the Company. All subsequent appointments shall, except as is hereinafter mentioned, be made at the Ordinary General Meeting of the Company in each year by the Shareholders present thereat, and the Auditor or Auditors appointed at such Meeting shall hold office only until the first Ordinary General Meeting after his or their appointment or until otherwise ordered by a General Meeting.

133. The remuneration of the Auditors other than the first shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting, and this remuneration may from time to time be varied by a General Meeting.

134. Retiring Auditors shall be eligible for re-election.

135. If any vacancy that may occur in the office of Auditor is not supplied at the Ordinary General Meeting, or if any casual vacancy shall occur in the office of Auditor, the Directors shall fill up the vacancy by the appointment of a person or persons who shall hold office until the next Ordinary General Meeting after his or their appointment.

136. Every Auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet intended to be laid before the next Ordinary General Meeting after his appointment, and it shall be his duty to examine the same with the accounts and vouchers relating thereto and to report thereon to the meeting, generally or specially, as he may think fit.

137. The Auditor or Auditors for the time being shall have a list delivered to him or them of all books kept by the Company, and he or they shall at all reasonable hours in the daytime have access to all accounts, books, and documents whatsoever of the Company for the purpose of audit.

DIVIDENDS, BONUS, AND RESERVE FUND.

138. The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, from time to time, declare a dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders in proportion to the amount paid on their shares, but no dividend or bonus shall be payable except out of nett profits.

139. The Directors may, if they think fit, determine on and declare an interim dividend to be paid, or pay a bonus to the Shareholders on account and in anticipation of the dividend for the then current year.

140. The Directors may, before recommending any dividend or bonus, set aside out of the profits of the Company such a sum as they think proper as a reserve fund and may invest the same in such securities as they may select, or place the same in fixed deposit in any bank or banks, and may from time to time deal with and vary such investment and apply such reserve fund or such portion thereof as they think fit, to meet contingencies or for special dividends or for equalizing dividends, or for working the business of the Company, or for repairing or maintaining or extending the buildings and premises of the Company, or for the repair or renewal or extension of the property or plant of the Company or any part thereof, or for any other purposes connected with the interest of the Company that they may from time to time deem expedient without being bound to keep the same separate from the other assets.

141. Any General Meeting may direct payment of any dividend or bonus declared at such meeting or of any interim dividends or bonuses which may subsequently be declared by the Directors, wholly or in part by means of drafts or cheques on London, or by the distribution of specific assets and in particular of paid-up shares, debentures, or debenture stock of the Company or of any other company or in any other form of specie, or in any one or more of such ways, and the Directors shall give effect to such direction, and when any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution they may settle the same as they think expedient and in particular may issue fractional certificates and may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof, and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any Shareholder upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties and may vest any such specific assets in trustees upon such trusts for the persons entitled to the dividend or bonus as may seem expedient to the Directors.

142. No unpaid dividend or bonus shall ever bear interest against the Company.

143. No Shareholder shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividend or bonus in respect of his share or shares whilst any moneys may be due or owing from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company in respect of such share or shares, or otherwise howsoever.

144. The Directors may deduct from the dividend or bonus payable to any Shareholder all such sums of money as may be due from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company, and notwithstanding the fact that such sums or any of them are not payable until after the date when such dividend or bonus is payable.

145. Notice of any dividend that has been declared, or of any bonus to be paid, shall be given to each Shareholder entitled thereto, and any dividend or bonus unclaimed by any Shareholder for three years after notice thereof is given may be forfeited by the Directors for the benefit of the Company, and, if the Directors think fit, may be applied in augmentation of the reserve fund.

146. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any partner of such firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm.

147. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by several persons jointly, other than a firm, may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any one of such persons.

NOTICES.

148. Notices from the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed or written) of the Agent or Secretary, Agents or Secretaries, or persons appointed by the Board to authenticate the same.

149. Every Shareholder shall give an address in Ceylon which shall be deemed to be his place of abode, and shall be registered as such in the books of the Company.

150. A notice may be served by the Company upon any Shareholder, either personally or by being sent through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to such Shareholder at his registered address or place of abode, and any notice so served shall be deemed to be well served notwithstanding that the Shareholder to whom such notice is addressed be dead, unless his executors or administrators shall have given to the Directors, or to the Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries, of the Company their own or some other address in Ceylon to which notices may be sent.

151. All notices directed to be given to Shareholders shall, with respect to any share to which persons are jointly entitled, other than a firm, be given to whichever of such persons is named first in the Register of Shareholders, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares.

152. Any notice if served by post shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the letter containing the same would in ordinary course of post have been delivered at its address, and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and put into a post office or post box, and the entry in the Company's books of the leaving or sending by post of any notice at or to such address shall be sufficient evidence thereof, and no further evidence shall be necessary.

153. Any Shareholder who fails to give and register an address in Ceylon as provided in Article No. 149 shall not be entitled to be given any notices.

All notices required to be given by advertisement shall be published in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*.

ARBITRATION.

154. Whenever any question or other matter whatsoever arises in dispute between the Company and any other company or person, the same may be referred by the Directors to arbitration.

EVIDENCE.

155. On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought or instituted by the Company against any Shareholder or his representatives to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is or was, when the claim arose, on the Register of Shareholders of the Company as a holder of the number of shares in respect of which such claim is made, and that the amount claimed is not

entered as paid in the books of the Company; and it shall not be necessary to prove the registration of the Company, nor the appointment of the Directors who made any call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made, nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

PROVISIONS RELATIVE TO WINDING UP OR DISSOLUTION OF THE COMPANY.

156. Any Shareholder, whether a Director or not, and whether alone or jointly with any other Shareholder or Director, and any person not a Shareholder, may become the purchaser of the property of the Company or any part thereof in the event of a winding up or a dissolution, or at any other time when a sale of the Company's property or effects or any part thereof shall be made by the Directors under the powers hereby or under the Ordinance conferred upon them.

157. If the Company shall be wound up, whether voluntarily or otherwise, the liquidator or liquidators may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company, divide among the contributories in specie any part of the assets of the Company, and may with the like sanction vest any part of the assets of the Company in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories as the liquidator or liquidators with the like sanction shall think fit, and if thought expedient any such division may be otherwise than in accordance with the legal rights of the members of the Company, and in particular any class may be given preferential or special rights or may be excluded altogether or in part, and the liquidator or liquidators shall be entitled to sell all or any of the assets of the Company in consideration of or in exchange for shares, ordinary, fully paid, part paid, or preference in the purchasing company, but in case any division otherwise than in accordance with the legal rights of the contributories shall be determined on or any sale made of any or all of the assets of the Company in exchange for shares in the purchasing company, either ordinary, fully paid, or part paid, or preference, any contributory who would be prejudiced thereby shall have a right to dissent as if such determination were a special resolution passed pursuant to the section 192 of the Companies (Consolidation) Act of 1908 in England, but for the purposes of an arbitration, as in the sub-section 6 of the said section provided, the provisions of the Ceylon Arbitration Ordinance, 1866, and of the Ceylon Ordinance No. 2 of 1889 shall apply in place of the English and Scotch Acts referred to in the said sub-section 6 of section 192 of the aforesaid Companies (Consolidation) Act and the said section 192 save as herein excepted shall be deemed to be part and parcel of these present articles.

In witness whereof the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereto set and subscribed their names at the places and on the dates hereafter written.

TOM VILLIERS.
JAMES J. PARK.
G. P. MADDEN.
J. M. GLASSE.
W. H. MILES.
T. A. THORNTON.
W. LAING HAY.

Witness to the above seven signatures at Colombo, this 9th day of January, 1922:

E. R. WILLIAMS,
Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo.

[Third Publication.]

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE CEYLON HEMP AND PRODUCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

1. The name of the Company is "THE CEYLON HEMP AND PRODUCE COMPANY, LIMITED."
2. The registered office of the Company is to be established in Colombo.
3. The objects for which the Company is to be established are—
- (1) To acquire from Messrs. Robert Gorton Coombe, William Coombe, Charles Peter Anderson, Herbert Douglas Garrick, George Lionel Cox, James Lochore, Alfred Warden, Horace Melton, Cecil Fairburn Hutchinson, and Frank Leonard Monk, all their leasehold interests in 2,049 acres, more or less, of an allotment of land, situated in the District of Anuradhapura, in the Island of Ceylon.
 - (2) To purchase, take on lease, or in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any lands, concessions, estates, plantations, and properties in the Island of Ceylon, the Federated Malay States, India, or elsewhere, and any right of way, water rights, and other rights, privileges, easements, and concessions, and any factories, machinery, implements, tools, live and dead stock, stores, effects, and other property, real or personal, immovable or movable, of any kind.
 - (3) To hold, use, clear, open, plant, cultivate, work, manage, improve, carry on, and develop the undertaking lands and real and personal, immovable and movable, estate or property, and assets of any kind of the Company, or any part thereof.
 - (4) To plant, grow, and produce sisal hemp, hemp, fibre, tea, rubber, coconuts, coffee, cinchona, cacao, cardamoms, rhea, ramie, paddy, and other natural products or produce of any kind in the Island of Ceylon, the Federated Malay States, India, or elsewhere.
 - (5) To treat, cure, prepare, manipulate, submit to any process of manufacture, and render marketable (whether on account of the Company or others) sisal hemp, hemp, fibre, ropes, binder twines, and other fibrous substances, tea, rubber, coconuts, coffee, or any other such products or produce as aforesaid, or any articles or things whatsoever; to buy, comb, prepare, spin, dye, sell, export, import, trade, and deal in sisal hemp, hemp, fibre, ropes, binder twines, and other fibrous substances, tea, rubber, coconut produce, coconuts, coffee, and other products, wares, merchandise, articles, and things of any kind whatsoever, either in a prepared, manufactured, or raw state, and either by wholesale or retail.
 - (6) To carry on in the Island of Ceylon, the Federated Malay States, India, or elsewhere, all or any of the following businesses, that is to say: planters, manufacturers, and spinners of sisal hemp, hemp, fibre, ropes, binder twines, and other fibrous substances, tea, rubber, coconuts, coffee, or any other such products or produce as aforesaid in all its branches; carriers of passengers and goods by land or by water; forwarding agents, merchants, exporters, importers, traders, engineers, tug owners, and wharfingers; proprietors of docks, wharves, jetties, piers, warehouses, and boats; and any other business which can or may conveniently be carried on in connection with any of them.
 - (7) To acquire or establish and carry on any other business, manufacturing, shipping, or otherwise, which can be conveniently carried on in connection with any of the Company's general business; to apply for, purchase, or otherwise acquire, any patents, *brevets d'invention*, concessions and the like conferring an exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the Company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the Company; and to use, exercise, develop, grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property, rights, and information so acquired.

- (8) To purchase sisal hemp, hemp, fibre, ropes, binder twines, and other fibrous substances, tea leaf, rubber, coconuts, coffee, and (or) other raw products or produce for manufacture, manipulation, and (or) sale.
- (9) To work mines or quarries and to find, win, get, work, crush, smelt, manufacture, or otherwise deal with ores, metals, minerals, oils, precious and other stones, deposits or products, and generally to carry on the business of mining in all its branches.
- (10) To purchase, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire and hold boats, barges, tugs, launches, and vessels of any description whatsoever; to purchase, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire and hold vans, omnibuses, carriages, carts, and other vehicles of any description whatsoever; and to purchase, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire and hold all live and dead stock, chattels, and effects required for the maintenance and working of the business of carriers by land or by water; of proprietors of docks, wharves, jetties, piers, warehouses, and boats; of tug-owners and wharfingers or of any other business which can or may conveniently be carried on in connection with the above respectively.
- (11) To build, make, construct, equip, maintain, improve, alter, and work tea and rubber factories, coconut and coffee curing mills, manufactories, buildings, erections, roads, water-courses, docks, wharves, jetties, and other works, and conveniences which may be necessary or convenient for the purpose of the Company, or may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the Company's interests; and to contribute to, subsidize, or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out, or control thereof.
- (12) To cultivate, manage, and superintend estates and properties in the Island of Ceylon, the Federated Malay States, India, and elsewhere, and generally to undertake the business of estate agents in the Island of Ceylon, the Federated Malay States, India and elsewhere; to act as agents for the investment, loan, payment, transmission, and collection of money, and for the purchase, sale, improvement, development, and management of property, including concerns and undertakings; and to transact any other agency business of any kind.
- (13) To engage, employ, maintain, and dismiss managers, superintendents, assistants, clerks, coolies, and other servants and labourers; and to remunerate any such at such rate as shall be thought fit, and to grant pensions or gratuities to any such or the widow or children of any such.
- (14) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, Government, Municipal, local, or otherwise that may seem conducive to the Company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges, rebates, and concessions which the Company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise, and comply with such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions.
- (15) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interest, reciprocal concession, amalgamation, or co-operation with any person, corporation, or company carrying on or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this Company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this Company; to take or otherwise acquire and hold shares or stock in or securities of, and to subsidize or otherwise assist any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with such shares or securities; and to form, constitute, or promote any other company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property, rights, and liabilities of this Company, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit this Company.
- (16) To procure the Company to be registered or established or authorized to do business in the Island of Ceylon, the Federated Malay States, India, or elsewhere.
- (17) To lend money on any terms and in any manner and on any security, and in particular on the security of plantations factories, growing crops, produce, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bonds, bills of lading, warrants, stocks, shares, debentures or book debts, or without any security at all.
- (18) To borrow or raise money for the purposes of the Company or receive money on deposit at interest or otherwise, and for the purpose of raising or securing money for the performance or discharge of any obligation or liability of the Company or for any other purpose to create, execute, grant, or issue any mortgages, mortgage debentures, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company either at par, premium, or discount, and either redeemable, irredeemable or perpetual, secured upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, rights, and property of the Company, present and future, including uncalled capital or the unpaid calls of the Company.
- (19) Generally to purchase, take on lease, or in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any real or personal property, and any rights, privileges, licenses, or easements which the Company may think necessary or convenient with reference to any of these objects and capable of being profitably dealt with in connection with any of the Company's property or rights for the time being.
- (20) To cause or permit any debentures, debenture stock, bonds, mortgages, charges, incumbrances, liens, or securities of or belonging to or made or issued by the Company or affecting its property or rights or any of the terms thereof to be renewed, extended, varied, redeemed, exchanged, transferred or satisfied, as shall be thought fit; also to pay off and re-borrow the moneys secured thereby or any part or parts thereof.
- (21) To sell the undertaking of the Company or any part thereof for such consideration as the Company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this Company.
- (22) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined.
- (23) To make, accept, endorse, and execute promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, and other negotiable and transferable instruments.
- (24) To remunerate any parties for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place any shares in the Company's capital, or any debentures, debenture stock, or other securities of the Company, or in or about the formation or promotion of the Company or the conduct of its business.
- (25) To do all or any of the above things in any part of the world as principals, agents, contractors, or otherwise, or alone or in conjunction with others, or by or through agents, sub-contractors, trustees, or otherwise, and generally to carry on any business or effectuate any object of the Company.
- (26) To sell, let, lease, underlease, exchange, surrender, transfer, deliver, charge, mortgage, dispose of, turn to account, or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the Company, whether in consideration of rents, moneys, or securities for money, shares, debentures, or securities in any other company, or for any other consideration.
- (27) To pay for any lands and real or personal, immovable or movable, estate, property, or assets of any kind acquired or to be acquired by the Company, or for any services rendered or to be rendered to the Company; and generally to pay or discharge any consideration to be paid or given by the Company in money or in share (whether fully paid up or partly paid up) or in debentures, debenture stock, or obligations of the Company, or partly in one way and partly in another, or otherwise howsoever, with power to issue any shares either as fully paid up or partly paid up for such purpose.

- (28) To accept as consideration for the sale or disposal of any lands and real or personal, immovable or movable, estate, property, or assets of the Company, or in discharge of any other consideration to be received by the Company, money or shares (whether fully paid up or partly paid up) of any company, or debentures or debenture stock or obligations of any company or person, or partly one and partly any other.
- (29) To distribute among the Shareholders in specie any property of the Company, whether by way of dividend or upon a return of capital, but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital be made, except with the sanction for the time being required by law.
- (30) To do all such other things as may be necessary, incidental, conducive, or convenient to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.

4. The liability of the Shareholders is limited.

5. The nominal capital of the Company is One million Rupees (Rs. 1,000,000), divided into One hundred thousand (100,000) shares of Ten Rupees (Rs. 10) each, with power to increase or reduce the capital. The shares forming the capital (original, increased, or reduced) of the Company may be subdivided, consolidated, or divided into such classes, with any preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto, and be held upon such terms as may be prescribed by the Articles of Association and regulations of the Company for the time being, or otherwise.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company, in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names:—

Names and Addresses of Subscribers.	Number of Shares taken by each Subscriber.
J. LOCHORE, Colombo	One
W. COOMBE, Colombo	One
A. WARDEN, Colombo	One
H. C. BIBBY, Colombo	One
M. L. HOPKINS, Colombo	One
E. L. FRASER, Colombo	One
R. A. SHARROCKS, Colombo	One
Total number of shares taken ..	Seven

Witness to the above signatures, at Colombo, this 9th day of January, 1922:

STANLEY F. DE SARAM,
Proctor, Supreme Court.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE CEYLON HEMP AND PRODUCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

It is agreed as follows:—

1. *Table C not to apply; Company to be governed by these Articles.*—The regulations contained in Table C in the Schedule annexed to “The Joint Stock Companies’ Ordinance, 1861,” shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these Articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution.

2. *Power to alter the Regulations.*—The Company may, by special resolution, alter and make provisions instead of, or in addition to, any of the regulations of the Company, whether contained and comprised in these Articles or not.

3. None of the funds of the Company shall be employed in the purchase of or be lent on shares of the Company.

INTERPRETATION.

4. *Interpretation Clause.*—In the interpretation of these presents the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless such meanings be inconsistent with, or repugnant to, the subject or context:—

Company.—The word “Company” means “The Ceylon Hemp and Produce Company, Limited,” incorporated or established by or under the Memorandum of Association to which these Articles are attached.

The Ordinance.—“The Ordinance” means and includes “The Joint Stock Companies’ Ordinances, 1861 to 1918,” and every other Ordinance from time to time in force concerning Joint Stock Companies which may apply to the Company.

Special Resolution.—“Special resolution” has the meaning assigned thereto by the Ordinance.

Extraordinary Resolution.—“Extraordinary resolution” means a resolution passed by three-fourths in number and value of such Shareholders of the Company for the time being entitled to vote as may be present at any meeting of the Company of which notice specifying an intention to propose such resolution as an extraordinary resolution has been duly given.

These Presents.—“These presents” means and includes the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association of the Company from time to time in force.

Capital.—“Capital” means the capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purposes of the Company.

Shares.—“Shares” means the shares from time to time into which the capital of the Company may be divided.

Shareholder.—“Shareholder” means a Shareholder of the Company.

Presence or Present.—With regard to a Shareholder “presence or present” at a meeting means presence or present personally or by proxy or by attorney duly authorized.

Directors.—“Directors” means the Directors for the time being of the Company or (as the case may be) the Directors assembled at a Board.

Board.—“Board” means a meeting of the Directors or (as the context may require) the Directors assembled at a Board meeting, acting through at least a quorum of their body in the exercise of authority duly given to them.

Persons.—“Persons” means partnerships, associations, corporations, companies, unincorporated or incorporated by Ordinance and registration, as well as individuals.

Office.—“Office” means the registered office for the time being of the Company.

Seal.—“Seal” means the common seal for the time being of the Company.

Month.—“Month” means a calendar month.

Writing.—“Writing” means printed matter or print as well as writing.

Singular and Plural Number.—Words importing the singular number only include the plural, and *vice versa*.

Masculine and Feminine Gender.—Words importing the masculine gender only include the feminine, and *vice versa*.

BUSINESS.

5. *Commencement of Business.*—The Company may proceed to carry out the objects for which it is established, and to employ and apply its capital as soon after the registration of the Company as the Directors in their discretion shall think fit; and notwithstanding that the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed, applied for, or allotted, they shall do so as soon as, in the judgment of the Directors, a sufficient number of shares shall have been subscribed or applied for.

6. *Business to be carried on by Directors.*—The business of the Company shall be carried on by, or under the management or direction of, the Directors, and subject only to the control of General Meetings, in accordance with these presents.

CAPITAL.

7. *Nominal Capital.*—The nominal capital of the Company is One million Rupees (Rs. 1,000,000), divided into One hundred thousand (100,000) shares of Rupees 10 each.

SHARES.

8. *Allotment and Issue.*—The shares, except where otherwise provided, shall be allotted at the discretion of and by the Directors, who may from time to time issue any unissued shares, and may add to such shares such an amount of premium as they may consider proper; provided that such unissued shares shall be first offered by the Directors to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company as nearly as possible in proportion to the shares already held by them, and such shares as shall not be accepted by the Shareholder or Shareholders to whom the shares shall have been offered within the time specified in that behalf by the Directors may be disposed of by the Directors in such manner as they think most beneficial to the Company; provided also that the Directors may at their discretion allot any unissued shares in payment for any estates or lands or other property purchased or acquired by the Company, without first offering such shares to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company, and may make arrangements on an issue of shares for a difference between the holders of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid, and the time of payment of such calls.

9. *Payment of Amount of Shares by Instalments.*—If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the holder of the share.

10. *Acceptance.*—Every person taking any share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof by writing under his hand in such form as the Company from time to time directs.

11. *Payment.*—Payment for shares shall be made in such manner as the Directors shall from time to time determine and direct.

12. *Shares held by a Firm.*—Shares may be registered in the name of a firm, and any partner of the firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm shall be entitled to vote and to give proxies, but not more than one partner may vote at a time.

13. *Shares held by two or more Persons not in Partnership.*—Shares may be registered in the names of two or more persons not in partnership.

14. *One of Joint Holders other than a Firm may give Receipts; only one of Joint Holders resident in Ceylon entitled to Vote.*—Any one of the joint holders of a share, other than a firm, may give effectual receipts for any dividends payable in respect of such share; but only one of such joint shareholders shall be entitled to the right of voting and of giving proxies and exercising the other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, and if the joint holders cannot arrange amongst themselves as to who shall vote or give proxies and exercise such other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, the Shareholder whose name stands first on the register of shares shall vote or give proxies and exercise those rights and powers; provided, however, that in the event of such first registered Shareholder being absent from the Island, the first registered Shareholder then resident in Ceylon shall vote or give proxies and exercise all such rights and powers as aforesaid.

15. *Survivor of Joint Holders, other than a Firm, only recognized.*—In case of the death of any one or more of the joint holders, other than a firm, of any shares, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognized by the Company as having any title to or interest in such shares.

16. *Liability of Joint Holders.*—The joint holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all instalments and calls due in respect of such share.

17. *Trusts or any Interest in Share other than that of registered Holder or of any Person under Clause 38 not recognized.*—The Company shall not be bound to recognize (even though having notice of) any contingent, future, partial, or equitable interest in the nature of a trust or otherwise in any share or any other right in respect of any share, except any absolute right thereto in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof, and except also the right of any person under clause 38 to become a Shareholder in respect of any share.

INCREASE OF CAPITAL.

18. *Increase of Capital by a creation of new Shares.*—The Company in General Meeting may, by special resolution, from time to time increase the capital by creation of new shares of such amount per share and in the aggregate, and with such special, preferential, deferred, qualified, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto as such resolution shall direct.

19. *Issue of new Shares.*—The new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions and with such preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto, as the General Meeting resolving on the creation thereof, or any other General Meeting of the Company, shall direct; and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to the dividends and in the distribution of assets of the Company, and with a special or without any right of voting. The Directors shall have power to add to such new shares such an amount of premium as they may consider proper.

20. *How carried into Effect.*—Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the meeting that sanctions the increase of capital, all new shares shall be offered to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them. Such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may, at their discretion, allot such new shares or any portion of them in payment for any estates or lands or other property purchased or acquired by the Company without first offering such shares to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company.

21. *Same as Original Capital.*—Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the provisions herein contained with reference to the payments of calls and instalments, transfer, transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrender, and otherwise.

REDUCTION OF CAPITAL AND SUBDIVISION OR CONSOLIDATION OF SHARES.

22. *Reduction of Capital and Subdivision or Consolidation of Shares.*—The Company in General Meeting may by special resolution reduce the capital in such manner as such special resolution shall direct, and may by special resolution subdivide or consolidate the shares of the Company or any of them.

SHARE CERTIFICATES.

23. *Certificates how issued.*—Every Shareholder shall be entitled to one certificate for all the shares registered in his name, or to several certificates, each for one or more of such shares. Every certificate shall specify the number of the share in respect of which it is issued.

24. *Certificates to be under Seal of Company.*—The certificates of shares shall be issued under the seal of the Company.

25. *Renewal of Certificate.*—If any certificate be worn out or defaced, then upon production thereof to the Directors they may order the same to be cancelled and may issue a new certificate in lieu thereof; and if any certificate be lost or destroyed, then, upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Directors and on such indemnity as the Directors may deem adequate being given, a new certificate in lieu thereof may be given to the person entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate. A sum of fifty cents shall be payable for such new certificate.

26. *Certificate to be delivered to the First-named of Joint-holders not a Firm.*—The certificate of shares registered in the names of two or more persons not a firm shall be delivered to the person first named on the register.

TRANSFER OF SHARES.

27. *Exercise of Rights.*—No person shall exercise any rights of a Shareholder until his name shall have been entered in the Register of Shareholders and he shall have paid all calls and other moneys for the time being payable on every share in the Company held by him.

28. *Transfer of Shares.*—Subject to the restriction of these Articles, any Shareholder may transfer all or any of his shares by instrument in writing.

29. *No Transfer to Minor or Person of Unsound Mind.*—No transfer of shares shall be made to a minor or person of unsound mind.

30. *Register of Transfers.*—The Company shall keep a book or books to be called "The Register of Transfers," in which shall be entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share.

31. *Instrument of Transfer.*—The instrument of transfer of any share shall be signed both by the transferor and transferee, and the transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of such share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register in respect thereof.

32. *Board may decline to register Transfers.*—The Board may, at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion, decline to register any transfer of shares by a Shareholder who is indebted to the Company, or upon whose shares the Company have a lien or otherwise; or to any person not approved of by them.

33. *Not bound to state Reason.*—In no case shall a Shareholder or proposed transferee be entitled to require the Directors to state the reason of their refusal to register, but their declinature shall be absolute.

34. *Registration of Transfer.*—Every instrument of transfer must be left at the office of the Company to be registered, accompanied by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferor, and a fee of Re. 1, or such other sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine, must be paid; and thereupon the Directors, subject to the powers vested in them by Articles 32, 33, and 35, shall register the transferee as Shareholder and retain the instrument of transfer.

35. *Directors may authorize Registration of Transferees.*—The Directors may, by such means as they shall deem expedient, authorize the registration of transferees as Shareholders without the necessity of any meeting of the Directors for that purpose.

36. *Directors not bound to inquire as to Validity of Transfer.*—In no case shall the Directors be bound to inquire into the validity, legal effect, or genuineness of any instrument of transfer produced by a person claiming a transfer of any share in accordance with these Articles, and, whether they abstain from so inquiring or do so inquire and are misled, the transferor shall have no claim whatsoever upon the Company in respect of the share, except for the dividends previously declared in respect thereof, but if at all upon the transferee only.

37. *Transfer Books when to be closed.*—The Transfer Books may be closed during the fourteen days immediately preceding each Ordinary General Meeting, including the First General Meeting; also, when a dividend is declared, for the three days next ensuing the meeting; also at such other times as the Directors may decide, not exceeding in the whole twenty-one days in any one year.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

38. *Title to Shares of deceased Holder.*—The executors, or administrators, or the heirs of a deceased Shareholder shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to shares of such Shareholder.

39. *Registration of Persons entitled to Shares otherwise than by Transfer.*—Any curator of any minor Shareholder, any committee of a lunatic Shareholder, or any person becoming entitled to shares in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or liquidation of any Shareholder, or the marriage of any female Shareholder, or in any other way than by transfer, shall, upon producing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this clause or of his title as the Company think sufficient, be forthwith entitled, subject to the provisions herein contained, to be registered as a Shareholder in respect of such shares on payment of a fee of Rs. 2.50; or may, subject to the regulations as to transfers hereinbefore contained, transfer the same to some other person.

40. *Failing such Registration, Shares may be sold by the Company.*—If any person who shall become entitled to be registered in respect of any share under clause 39 shall not, from any cause whatever, within twelve calendar months after the event on the happening of which his title shall accrue, be registered in respect of such share, or if, in the case of the death of any Shareholder, no person shall, within twelve calendar months after such death, be registered as a Shareholder in respect of the shares of such deceased Shareholder, the Company may sell such shares either by public auction or private contract, and give a receipt for the purchase money; and the purchaser shall be entitled to be registered in respect of such share, and shall not be bound to inquire whether the events have happened which entitled the Company to sell the same; the nett proceeds of such sale, after deducting all expenses and all moneys in respect of which the Company is entitled to a lien on the shares so sold, shall be paid to the person entitled thereto.

SURRENDER AND FORFEITURE OF SHARES.

41. *The Directors may accept Surrender of Shares.*—The Directors may accept, in the name and for the benefit of the Company and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon, a surrender of the shares of Shareholders who may be desirous of retiring from the Company.

42. (a) *If Call or Instalment be not paid, Notice to be given to Shareholder.*—If any Shareholder fails to pay any call or instalment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Directors may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on such Shareholder or his executors or administrators, or the trustee or assignee in his bankruptcy, requiring him to pay the same, together with any interest that may have accrued, at the rate of 9 per centum per annum, and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

(b) *Terms of Notice.*—The notice shall name a day (not being less than one month from the date of the notice) on and a place or places at which such call or instalment and such interests and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid; the notice shall also state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

(c) *In Default of Payment, Shares to be forfeited.*—If the requisition of such notice as aforesaid be not complied with, every or any share or shares in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of calls or instalments, with interest and expenses due in respect thereof, be declared forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

(d) *Shareholder still liable to pay Money owing at Time of Forfeiture.*—Any Shareholder whose shares have been so declared forfeited shall, notwithstanding, be liable to pay, and shall forthwith pay to the Company all calls, instalments, interest, and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of forfeiture until payment at 9 per centum per annum, and the Directors may enforce the payment thereof if they think fit.

43. *Surrendered or forfeited Shares to be the Property of the Company, and may be sold, &c.*—Every share surrendered or so declared forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of upon such terms and in such manner as the Board shall think fit.

44. *Effect of Surrender or Forfeiture.*—The surrender or forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in, and also of all claims and demands against, the Company in respect of the share and the proceeds thereof, and all other rights incident to the share, except only such of those rights (if any) as by these presents are expressly saved.

45. (a) *Certificates of Surrender or Forfeiture.*—A certificate in writing under the hands of two of the Directors and of the Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries that a share has been duly surrendered or forfeited, stating the time when it was surrendered or forfeited, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated, as against all persons who would have been entitled to the share, but for such surrender or forfeiture; and such certificate and the receipt of the Company for the price of such share shall constitute a good title to such share, and a certificate of proprietorship shall be delivered to any person who may purchase the same from the Company; such purchaser thereupon shall be deemed the holder of such share discharged from all calls due prior to such purchase, and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to such share be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture or sale.

(b) *Forfeiture may be remitted.*—The Directors may, in their discretion, remit or annul the forfeiture of any share within six months from the date thereof upon the payment of all moneys due to the Company from the late holder or holders of such share or shares; and all expenses incurred in relation to such forfeiture, together with such further sum of money by way of redemption money for the deficit, as they shall think fit, not being less than 9 per centum per annum on the amount of the sums wherein default in payment had been made, but no share *bona fide* sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of under Article 43 hereof shall be redeemable after sale or disposal.

46. *Company's Lien on Shares.*—The Company shall have a first charge or paramount lien upon all the shares of any holder or joint-holders for all moneys for the time being due to the Company by such holder, or by all or any of such joint-holders respectively, either in respect of such shares or of other shares held by such holder or joint-holders or otherwise, and whether due from any such holder individually or jointly with others, including all calls, resolutions for which shall have been passed by the Directors, although the times appointed for the payment thereof shall not have arrived; and where any share is held by more persons than one, the Company shall be entitled to the said charge or lien in respect of any money due to the Company from any of such persons. The Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares subject to such charge or lien.

47. *Lien how made Available.*—Such charge or lien may be made available by a sale of all or any of the shares subject to it, provided that no such sale shall be made except under a resolution of the Directors, and until notice in writing shall have been given to the indebted Shareholder or his executors or administrators, or the assignee or trustee in his bankruptcy, requiring him or them to pay the amount for the time being due to the Company, and default shall have been made for twenty-eight days from such notice in paying the sum thereby required to be paid. Should the Shareholder over whose share the lien exists be in England or elsewhere abroad, sixty days' notice shall be allowed him.

48. *Proceeds how applied.*—The nett proceeds of any such sale as aforesaid under the provisions of Articles 43 and 47 hereof shall be applied in or towards the satisfaction of such debts, liabilities, or engagements, and the residue (if any) shall be paid to such Shareholder or his representatives.

49. *Certificate of Sale.*—A certificate in writing under the hands of two of the Directors and of the Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries that the power of sale given by clause 47 has arisen, and is exercisable by the Company under these presents, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated.

50. *Transfer on Sale how executed.*—Upon any such sale two of the Directors may execute a transfer of such share to the purchaser thereof, and such transfer, with the certificate last aforesaid, shall confer on the purchaser a complete title to such shares.

PREFERENCE SHARES.

51. *Preference and deferred Shares.*—Any shares from time to time to be issued or created may from time to time be issued with any such right of preference, whether in respect of dividend or of payment of capital, or both, or any such other special privilege or advantage over any shares previously issued or then about to be issued (other than shares issued with a preference), or with such deferred rights as compared with any shares previously issued or then about to be issued, or subject to any such conditions or provisions, and with any such right or without any right of voting, and generally on such terms as the Company may, from time to time, by special resolution determine.

52. *Modification of Rights and Consent thereto.*—If at any time by the issue of preference shares or otherwise the capital is divided into shares of different classes—

- (1) The holders of any class of shares, by an extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of such holders, may consent, on behalf of all the holders of shares of the class, to the issue or creation of any shares ranking equally therewith, or having any priority thereto, or the abandonment of any preference or priority, or of any accrued dividend, or the reduction for any time or permanently of the dividends payable thereon, or to any scheme for the reduction of the Company's capital affecting the class of shares;
- (2) All or any of the rights, privileges, and conditions attached to each class may be commuted, abrogated, abandoned, added to, or otherwise modified by a special resolution of the Company in General Meeting, provided the holders of any class of shares affected by any such communication, abrogation, abandonment, addition, or other modification of such rights, privileges, and conditions consent thereto, on behalf of all the holders of shares of the class, by an extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of such holders.

Any extraordinary resolution passed under the provisions of this Article shall be binding upon all the holders of shares of the class, provided that this Article shall not be read as implying the necessity for such consent as aforesaid in any case in which but for this Article the object of the resolution could have been effected without it.

53. *Meeting affecting a particular Class of Shares.*—Any meeting for the purpose of the last preceding clause shall be convened and conducted in all respects as nearly as possible in the same way as an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, provided that no Shareholder, not being a Director, shall be entitled to notice thereof or to attend thereat, unless

he be a holder of shares of the class intended to be affected by the resolution, and that no vote shall be given except in respect of a share of that class, and that at any such meeting a poll may be demanded in writing by any Shareholder personally present and entitled to vote at the meeting.

CALLS.

54. (a) *Directors may make Calls.*—The Directors may from time to time make such calls as they think fit upon the registered holders of shares in respect of moneys unpaid thereon, and not by the conditions of allotment made payable at fixed times; and each Shareholder shall pay the amount of every call so made on him to the persons and at the times and places appointed by the Directors, provided that two months' notice at least shall be given to the Shareholders of the time and place appointed for payment of each call.

(b) *Calls, Time when made.*—A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution authorizing the call was passed at a Board Meeting of the Directors or by resolution in writing in terms of Article 121.

(c) *Extension of Time for Payment of Call.*—The Directors shall have power, in their absolute discretion, to give time to any one or more Shareholder or Shareholders, exclusive of the others, for payment of any call or part thereof on such terms as the Directors may determine. But no Shareholder shall be entitled to any such extension, except as a matter of grace or favour.

55. *Interest on unpaid Call.*—If the sum payable in respect of any call or instalment is not paid on or before the day appointed for the payment thereof, the holder for the time being of the share in respect of which the call shall have been made, or the instalments shall have been due, shall pay interest for the same at the rate of 9 per centum per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of the actual payment, but the Directors may, when they think fit, remit altogether or in part any sum becoming payable for interest under this clause.

56. *Payments in Anticipation of Calls.*—The Directors may at their discretion receive from any Shareholder willing to advance the same, and upon such terms as they think fit, all or any part of the amount of his shares beyond the sum actually called up.

BORROWING POWERS.

57. *Power to Borrow.*—The Directors shall have power to procure from time to time, in the usual course of business, such temporary advances on the produce in hand, or in the future to be obtained from the Company's estates, as they may find necessary or expedient for the purpose of defraying the expenses of working the Company's estates, or of erecting, maintaining, improving, or extending buildings, machinery, or plantations, or otherwise. Also from time to time, at their discretion, to borrow or raise from the Directors or other persons any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company, but so that the amount at any one time owing in respect of moneys so borrowed or raised shall not, without the sanction of a General Meeting, exceed the sum of One hundred and Fifty thousand Rupees (Rs. 150,000). With the sanction of a General Meeting, the Directors shall be entitled to borrow such further sum or sums and at such rate of interest as such meeting shall determine. The Directors may, for the purpose of securing the repayment of any such sum or sums of money so borrowed or raised, create and issue any mortgages, debentures, mortgage debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company, charged upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, property, and rights or assets of the Company (both present and future), including uncalled capital or unpaid calls, or give, accept, or endorse on behalf of the Company any promissory notes or bills of exchange. Provided also that before the Directors execute any mortgage, issue any debentures, or create any debenture stock, they shall obtain the sanction thereto of the Company in General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, notice of the intention to obtain such sanction at such meeting having been duly given. Any such securities may be issued either at par or at a premium or discount, and may from time to time be cancelled or discharged, varied or exchanged, as the Directors may think fit, and may contain any special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, or otherwise. Every debenture or other instrument issued by the Company for securing the payment of money may be so framed that the moneys thereby secured shall be assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued. A declaration under the Company's seal contained in or endorsed upon any of the documents mentioned in this Article, and subscribed by two or more of the Directors or by one Director and the Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries, to the effect that the Directors have power to borrow the amount which such document may represent, shall be conclusive evidence thereof in all questions between the Company and its creditors, and no such document containing such declaration shall, as regards the creditor, be void on the ground of its being granted in excess of the aforesaid borrowing power, unless it shall be proved that such creditor was aware that it was so granted.

MEETINGS.

58. *First General Meeting.*—The First General Meeting of the Company shall be held at such time, not being more than twelve months after the registration of the Company, and at such place as the Directors may determine.

59. *Subsequent General Meeting.*—Subsequent General Meetings shall be held once in every year at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if no time or place is so prescribed, at such time and place as may be determined by the Directors.

60. *Ordinary and Extraordinary General Meetings.*—The General Meetings mentioned in the two last preceding clauses shall be called Ordinary General Meetings; all other meetings of the Company shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.

61. *Extraordinary General Meetings.*—The Directors may, whenever they think fit, call an Extraordinary General Meeting, and the Directors shall do so upon a requisition made in writing by not less than one-seventh of the number of Shareholders holding not less than one-seventh of the issued capital and entitled to vote.

62. *Requisition of Shareholders to state Object of Meeting; on Receipt of Requisition, Directors to call Meeting, and in Default, Shareholders may do so.*—Any requisition so made shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called, shall be addressed to the Directors, and shall be sent to the registered office of the Company. Upon the receipt of such requisition, the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting to be held at such time and place as they shall determine. If they do not proceed to convene the same within seven days from the delivery of the requisition, the requisitionists may themselves convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such place and at such time as the Shareholders convening the meeting may themselves fix.

63. *Notice of Resolution.*—Any Shareholder may, on giving not less than ten days' previous notice of any resolution, submit the same to a meeting. Such notice shall be given by leaving a copy of the resolution at the registered office of the Company.

64. *Seven Days' Notice of Meeting to be given.*—Seven days' notice at least of every General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, and by whomsoever convened, specifying the place, date, hour of meeting, and the objects and business of the meeting, shall be given either by advertisement in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*, or by notice sent by post, or otherwise served as hereinafter provided, but an accidental omission to give such notice to any Shareholder shall not invalidate the proceedings at any General Meeting.

65. *Business requiring and not requiring Notification.*—Every Ordinary General Meeting shall be competent, without special notice having been given of the purposes for which it is convened or of the business to be transacted thereat, to receive and discuss any report and any accounts presented thereto by the Directors, and to pass resolutions in approval

or disapproval thereof, and to declare dividends, and to elect Directors and Auditors retiring in rotation, and to fix the remuneration of the Auditors; and shall also be competent to enter upon, discuss, and transact any business whatever of which special mention shall have been made in the notice or notices upon which the meeting was convened.

66. *Notice of other Business to be given.*—With the exceptions mentioned in the foregoing Articles as to the business which may be transacted at Ordinary General Meetings without notice, no General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss, or transact any business which has not been specially mentioned in the notice or notices upon which it was convened.

67. *Quorum to be Present.*—No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting, except the declaration of a dividend recommended by a report of the Directors or the election of a Chairman, unless there shall be present in person at the commencement of the business three or more persons being Shareholders entitled to vote or persons holding proxies or powers of attorney from Shareholders entitled to vote.

68. *If a Quorum not present, Meeting to be dissolved or adjourned; adjourned Meeting to transact Business.*—If at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting the required number of persons shall not be present at the meeting, the meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of Shareholders, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, those Shareholders who are present shall be a quorum and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.

69. *Chairman of Directors or a Director to be Chairman of General Meeting; in case of their Absence or Refusal, a Shareholder may act.*—The Chairman (if any) of the Directors shall be entitled to take the chair at every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary; but if there be no Chairman, or if at any meeting he shall not be present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for holding such meeting, or if he shall refuse to take the chair, the Shareholders shall choose another Director as Chairman; and if no Directors be present, or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair, then the Shareholders present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman.

70. *Business confined to Election of Chairman while Chair vacant.*—No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting, except the election of a Chairman, whilst the chair is vacant.

71. *Chairman with consent may adjourn Meeting.*—The Chairman, with the consent of the meeting, may adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place, unless due notice shall be given.

72. *Minutes of General Meeting.*—Minutes of the proceedings of every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall when so entered be signed as soon as practicable by the Chairman of the same meeting, or by the Chairman of the succeeding meeting, and the same when so entered and signed shall be evidence of all such proceedings and of the proper election of the Chairman.

VOTING AT MEETINGS.

73. *Votes.*—At any meeting every resolution shall be decided by the votes of the Shareholders present. In case there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman at such meeting shall be entitled to give a casting vote in addition to the votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder and proxy and attorney; and unless a poll be immediately demanded in writing by some Shareholder present at the meeting and entitled to vote, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the Minute Book of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact without proof of the number of votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

74. *Poll.*—If a poll be duly demanded, the same shall be taken in such manner and at such time and place as the Chairman shall direct, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. The demand of a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.

75. *Poll how taken.*—If at any meeting a poll be demanded by notice in writing signed by some Shareholder present at the meeting and entitled to vote, which notice shall be delivered during the meeting to the Chairman, the meeting shall, if necessary, be adjourned, and the poll shall be taken at such time and in such a manner as the Chairman shall direct, and in such case every Shareholder shall have the number of votes to which he may be entitled as hereinafter provided, and in case at any such poll there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting at which such poll shall have been demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder and proxy and attorney, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in such meeting.

76. *No Poll on Election of Chairman or on Question of Adjournment.*—No poll shall be demanded on the election of a Chairman of the meeting or on any question of adjournment.

77. *Number of Votes to which Shareholder entitled.*—On a show of hands every Shareholder present in person shall have one vote only. In case of a poll every Shareholder present in person or by proxy or attorney shall have one vote for every one share held by him. When voting on a resolution in relation to the winding up of the Company, every Shareholder shall have one vote for every share held by him.

78. *Curator of Minor, &c., when not entitled to vote.*—The parent or curator of a minor Shareholder, the committee or other legal guardian of any lunatic Shareholder, the husband of any female Shareholder not entitled to her shares as separate estate, and the executor or administrator of any deceased Shareholder, or any one of such persons as aforesaid, if more than one, shall not be entitled to vote in the place of such minor, lunatic, female, or deceased person, unless such person shall have been registered as a Shareholder.

79. *Voting in Person or by Proxy or Attorney.*—Votes may be given either personally or by proxy or by attorney duly authorized.

80. *Non-Shareholder not to be appointed Proxy; but Attorney, though not Shareholder, may vote.*—No person shall be appointed a proxy who is not a Shareholder of the Company, but the attorney of a Shareholder, even though not himself a Shareholder of the Company, may represent and vote for his principal at any meeting of the Company.

81. *Shareholder in Arrear or not registered at least Three Months previous to the Meeting not to vote.*—No Shareholder shall be entitled to vote or speak at any General Meeting unless all calls due from him on his shares, or any of them, shall have been paid; and no Shareholder other than the trustee or assignee of a bankrupt or representative of a deceased Shareholder, or person acquiring by marriage, shall be entitled to vote or speak at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company, in respect of or as the holder of any share which he has acquired by transfer, unless he has been at least three months previously to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote or speak, duly registered as the holder of the share in respect of which he claims to vote or speak.

82. *Proxy to be printed or in writing.*—The instrument appointing a proxy shall be printed or written, and shall be signed by the appointor, or if such appointor be a corporation, it shall be under the common seal of such corporation.

83. *When Proxy to be deposited.*—The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than twenty-four hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote.

84. *Form of Proxy.*—Any instrument appointing a proxy may be in the following form:—

The Ceylon Hemp and Produce Co., Limited.

I, _____, of _____, appoint _____, of _____ (a Shareholder in the Company), as my proxy, to represent me and to vote for me and on my behalf at the Ordinary (or Extraordinary, as the case may be) General Meeting of the Company to be held on the _____ day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and _____, and at any adjournment thereof, and at every poll which may be taken in consequence thereof.

As witness my hand this _____ day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and _____.

85. *Objection to Validity of Vote to be made at the Meeting or Poll.*—No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney), except at the meeting or poll at which such vote shall be tendered; and every vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) to which no objection shall be made at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.

86. *No Shareholder to be prevented from voting by being personally interested in Result.*—No Shareholder shall be prevented from voting by reason of his being personally interested in the result of the voting.

DIRECTORS.

87. *Number of Directors.*—The number of Directors shall never be less than two nor more than seven. In the event of the number of Directors in Ceylon ever being reduced to one, such remaining Director shall immediately cause to be convened an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders for the purpose of filling up one or more of the vacancies; but, in the event of a quorum of Shareholders not attending such meeting, the remaining Director shall himself appoint a Director to fill one of the vacancies. Any Director so appointed shall hold office until the next Ordinary General Meeting of the Company. Until such appointment the remaining Director shall not act except for the purpose of appointing another, and if necessary enabling him to be placed on the Register of Shareholders.

88. *Their Qualification and Remuneration.*—The qualification of a Director shall be his holding shares in the Company, whether fully paid up or partly paid up, of the total nominal value of at least One thousand Rupees (Rs. 1,000) and upon which, in the case of partly paid up shares, all calls for the time being shall have been paid, and this qualification shall apply as well to the first Directors as to all future Directors. As remuneration for their services the Directors shall be entitled to appropriate a sum not exceeding Five thousand Rupees (Rs. 5,000) annually, to be divided between them in such manner as they may determine, but the Company in General Meeting may at any time alter the amount of such remuneration for the future, and such remuneration shall not be considered as including any remuneration for special or extra services hereinafter referred to nor any extra remuneration to the Managing Directors of the Company.

89. *Appointment of First Directors and Duration of their Office.*—The first Directors shall be Col. Edwin James Hayward of Colombo; Herbert Douglas Garrick, Esq., of Ukuwella estate, Ukuwella; The Hon. Mr. James Lochore of Colombo; John Farley Elford, Esq., of Avr estate; Padukka; and Cecil Fair Cairn Hutchinson, Esq., of Mapiitigama estate, Avisawella, who shall hold office till the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company, when they shall all retire, but shall be eligible for re-election.

90. *Directors may appoint Managing Director or Directors; his or their Remuneration.*—One or more of the Directors may be appointed by the Directors to act as Secretary, Managing Director or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Visiting Agents of the Company, or Superintendent or Superintendents of any of the Company's estates, for such time and on such terms as the Directors may determine or fix by agreement with the person or persons appointed to the office; and they may from time to time revoke such appointment and appoint another or other Secretary, Managing Director or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Agents, Superintendent or Superintendents; and the Directors may impose and confer on the Managing Director or Managing Directors all or any duties and powers that might be imposed or conferred on any Manager of the Company. If any Director shall be called upon to perform any extra services, the Directors may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such services, either by way of salary, commission, or the payment of a lump sum of money, as they shall think fit.

91. *Appointment of Successors to Directors.*—The General Meeting at which Directors retire or ought to retire by rotation shall appoint successors to them, and in default thereof such successors may be appointed at a subsequent General Meeting. No person, not being a retiring Director, shall, unless recommended by the Directors for election, be eligible for election to the office of Director at any General Meeting, unless he or some other Shareholder intending to propose him has, at least seven clear days before the meeting, left at the office a notice in writing under his hand signifying his candidature for the appointment or the intention of such Shareholder to propose him.

92. *Board may fill up Vacancies.*—The Board shall have power at any time and from time to time before the First Ordinary General Meeting to supply any vacancies in their number arising from death, resignation, or otherwise.

93. *Duration of Office of Director appointed to Vacancy.*—Any casual vacancy occurring in the number of the Directors subsequently to the First Ordinary General Meeting may be filled up by the Directors, but any person so chosen shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Director would have retained the same if no vacancy had occurred.

94. *To retire annually.*—At the Second Ordinary General Meeting and at the Ordinary General Meeting in every subsequent year one of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office as provided in clause 95.

95. *Retiring Directors how determined.*—The Directors to retire from office at the Second, Third, Fourth, and Fifth General Meetings shall, unless the Directors otherwise arrange among themselves, be determined by ballot; in every subsequent year the Directors to retire shall be those who have been longest in office.

96. *Retiring Directors eligible for Re-election.*—Retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.

97. *Decision of Question as to Retirement.*—In case any question shall arise as to which of the Directors who have been the same time in office shall retire, the same shall be decided by the Directors by ballot.

98. *Number of Directors how increased or reduced.*—The Directors, subject to the approval of a General Meeting, may from time to time at any time subsequent to the Second Ordinary General Meeting increase or reduce the number of Directors, and may also, subject to the like approval, determine in what rotation such increased or reduced number is to go out of office.

99. *If Election not made, Retiring Directors to continue until next Meeting.*—If at any meeting at which an election of a Director ought to take place, the place of a retiring Director is not filled up, the retiring Director may continue in office until the First Ordinary General Meeting in the next year, and so on from meeting to meeting until his place is filled up, unless it shall be determined at such meeting to reduce the number of Directors.

100. *Resignation of Directors.*—A Director may at any time give notice in writing of his intention to resign by delivering such notice to the Secretary, or by leaving the same at the office, or by tendering his written resignation at a meeting of the Directors.

101. No contract, arrangement, or transaction entered into by or on behalf of the Company with any Director, or with any company or co-partnership of which a Director is a partner, or of which he is a Director, Managing Director, or Manager shall be void or voidable, nor shall such Director be liable to account to the Company for any profit realized by such contract, arrangement, or transaction, by reason only of such Director holding that office, or of the fiduciary relation thereby established, provided that the fact of his interest or connection therewith be fully disclosed to the Company or its Directors.

102. *When Office of Directors to be vacated.*—The office of Director shall be vacated—

- (a) If he accepts or holds any office or place of profit other than Managing Director, Visiting Agent, Superintendent, or Secretary under the Company.
- (b) If he becomes bankrupt or insolvent, or suspends payment, or files a petition for the liquidation of his affairs, or compounds with his creditors.
- (c) If by reason of mental or bodily infirmity he becomes incapable of acting.
- (d) If he ceases to hold the required number of shares to qualify him for the office.
- (e) If he is concerned or participates in the profits of any contract with or work done for the Company.

Exceptions.—But the above rule shall be subject to the following exceptions:—That no Director shall vacate his office by reason of his being a member of any corporation, company, or firm which has entered into any contract with or done any work for the Company of which he is a Director, or by his being agent, or secretary, or proctor, or by his being a member of a firm who are agents, or secretaries, or proctors of the Company; nevertheless, he shall not vote in respect of any contract work or business in which he may be personally interested.

103. *How Directors removed and Successors appointed.*—The Company may, by an extraordinary resolution, remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and may, by an ordinary resolution, appoint another person in his stead. The Director so appointed shall hold office only during such time as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.

104. *Indemnity to Directors and Others for their own Acts and for the Acts of Others.*—Every Director or officer, and his heirs, executors, and administrators, shall be indemnified by the Company from all losses and expenses incurred by him respectively in or about the discharge of his respective duties, except such as happen from his respective wilful acts or defaults; and no Director or officer, nor the heirs, executors, or administrators of any Director or officer shall be liable for any other Director or officer, or for joining in any receipt or other acts of conformity, or for any loss or expense happening to the Company by the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired for or on behalf of the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested, or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency, or tortious act of any person with whom any moneys, securities, or effects shall be deposited, or for any other loss, damage, or misfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, unless the same happen through his own wilful act or default.

105. *No Contribution to be required from Directors beyond Amount, if any, unpaid on their Shares.*—No contribution shall be required from any present or past Director or Manager exceeding the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares in respect of which he is liable as a present or past Shareholder.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS.

106. The Directors shall have power to purchase or otherwise acquire the leasehold interest in the said allotment of land in extent 2,049 acres more or less situated in the District of Anuradhapura.

107. *To manage Business of Company and pay Preliminary Expenses, &c.*—The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors either by themselves or through a Managing Director or with the assistance of an Agent or Agents and Secretary or Secretaries of the Company to be appointed by the Directors for such a period and on such terms as they shall determine, and the Directors may pay out of the funds of the Company all costs and expenses, as well preliminary as otherwise, paid or incurred in and about the formation and the registration of the Company, and in connection with the placing of the shares of the Company and in and about the valuation, purchase, or acquisition of the said leasehold interests in the said allotment of land in extent 2,049 acres more or less situated in the District of Anuradhapura, and the purchase, lease or acquisition of any other lands, estates, or property, and the opening, clearing, planting, and cultivation thereof, and in or about the working and business of the Company.

108. *To acquire Property, to appoint Officers, and pay Expenses.*—The Directors shall have power to purchase, take on lease, or in exchange, or otherwise acquire for the Company any estate or estates, land or lands, property, rights, options, or privileges which the Company is authorized to acquire at such price and for such consideration and upon such title and generally on such terms and conditions as they may think fit; and to make, and they may make, such regulations for the management of the business and property of the Company as they may from time to time think proper, and for that purpose may appoint such managers, agents, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, visiting agents, inspectors, superintendents, clerks, artisans, labourers, and other servants for such period or periods and with such remuneration and at such salaries and upon such terms and conditions as they may consider advisable, and may pay the expenses occasioned thereby out of the funds of the Company, and may from time to time remove or suspend all or any of the managers, agents, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, visiting agents, inspectors, superintendents, clerks, artisans, labourers, and other servants, for such reasons as they may think proper and advisable and without assigning any cause.

109. *To appoint Proctors and Attorneys.*—The Directors shall have power to appoint a proctor or proctors, solicitor or solicitors, attorney or attorneys to assist in carrying on or protecting the business of the Company, on such terms as they may consider proper, and from time to time to revoke such appointment.

110. *To open Banking Accounts and operate thereon, &c.*—The Directors shall have power to open on behalf of the Company any account or accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint, and also by such signatures as they may appoint to draw, accept, make, endorse, sign, and execute cheques, bills of exchange, and promissory notes, bills of lading, receipts, contracts, and agreements, bonds, mortgages, proxies to any proctor or proctors, and other documents on behalf of and to further the interests of the Company.

111. *To sell and dispose of Company's Property, &c.*—It shall be lawful for the Directors, if authorized so to do by a special resolution of the Shareholders in General Meeting, to arrange terms for the amalgamation of the Company with any other company or companies, or individual or individuals, or for the sale or disposal of the business, estates, lands, and effects of the Company, or any part or parts, share or shares thereof, respectively, or the assignment of the whole or any part or parts thereof, to any company or companies, or person or persons, upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit, and the Directors shall have power to do all such things as may be necessary for carrying such amalgamation, sale, assignment, sub-lease or other disposition into effect so far as a resolution or special resolution of the Company is not by law necessary for such purpose; and in case any terms so arranged by the Directors include or make necessary the dissolution of the Company, the Company shall be dissolved to that end.

112. *General Powers.*—The Directors shall carry on the business of the Company in such manner as they may think most expedient; and in addition to the powers and authorities by the Ordinance or by these presents expressly conferred on them, they may exercise all such powers, give all such consents, make all such arrangements, appoint all such agents, managers, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, clerks, assistants, artisans, and workers, and generally do all such acts and things as are or shall be by the Ordinance and by these presents directed and authorized to be exercised, given, made, or done by the Company, and are not by the Ordinance or by these presents required to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting, subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of the Ordinance and of these presents and to such regulations and provisions (if any) as may from time to time be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting:

but no regulation made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made. The generality of the powers conferred by any clause in these presents on the Directors shall not be taken to be limited by any clause conferring any special or expressed power.

113. *Special Powers.*—In furtherance and not in limitation of, and without prejudice to, the general powers conferred or implied in the last preceding clause, and of the other powers conferred by these presents, it is hereby expressly declared that the Directors shall have the powers following (that is to say) :—

- (1) To institute, conduct, defend, compound, or abandon any action, suit, prosecution, or legal proceedings by and against the Company or its officers, or otherwise concerning the affairs of the Company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due and of any claims and demands by and against the Company.
- (2) To refer any claims or demands by or against the Company to arbitration, and observe and perform the awards.
- (3) To make and give receipts, releases, and other discharges for money payable to the Company and for claims and demands of the Company.
- (4) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents, with power to accept the office of trustee, assignee, liquidator, inspector, or any similar office.
- (5) To invest any of the moneys of the Company, which the Directors may consider not immediately required for the purposes thereof, upon such securities and in such manner as they may think fit, and so that they shall not be restricted to such securities as are permissible to trustees, without special powers, and from time to time to vary or release such investments.
- (6) From time to time to provide for the management of the affairs of the Company abroad in such manner as they think fit, and to establish any local boards or agencies for managing any of the affairs of the Company abroad and to appoint any person to be members of such local board or any managers or agents and to fix their remuneration.
- (7) From time to time and at any time to delegate to any one or more of the Directors of the Company for the time being or any other person or company for the time being, residing or carrying on business in Ceylon or elsewhere, all or any of the powers hereby made exercisable by the Directors, except those relating to shares and any others as to which special provisions inconsistent with such delegation are herein contained; and they shall have power to fix the remuneration of and at any time to remove such Director or other person or Company and to annul or vary any such delegation. They shall not, however, be entitled to delegate any powers of borrowing or charging the property of the Company to any Agent of the Company or other person, except by instrument in writing, which shall specifically state the extent to which such powers may be used by the person or persons to whom they are so delegated, and compliance therewith shall be a condition precedent to the exercise of these powers.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

114. *Meetings of Directors.*—The Directors may meet for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings as they may think fit, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business; until otherwise determined, two Directors shall be a quorum.

115. *A Director may summon Meetings of Directors.*—A Director may at any time summon a meeting of Directors.

116. *Who is to preside at Meetings of Board.*—The Board may elect a Chairman of their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office, and all meetings of the Directors shall be presided over by the Chairman, if one has been elected and if present, but if there be a vacancy in the office of Chairman, or if at any meeting of Directors the Chairman be not present at the time appointed for holding the same, then and in that case the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.

117. *Questions at Meetings how decided.*—Any question which shall arise at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman thereof shall have a casting vote in addition to his vote as a Director.

118. *Board may appoint Committees.*—The Board may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as the Board think fit, and they may from time to time revoke and discharge any such committee, either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee so formed shall, in exercise of the powers delegated to it, conform to all such regulations as may be prescribed by the Board. All acts done by any such committee, in conformity with such regulations and in the fulfilment of the purposes of their appointment, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.

119. *Acts of Board or Committee valid notwithstanding informal Appointment.*—The acts of the Board or of any committee appointed by the Board shall, notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board or committee, or defect in the appointment of any Director or of any member of the committee, be as valid as if no such vacancy or defect had existed and as if every person had been duly appointed, provided the same be done before the discovery of the defect.

120. *Regulations of Proceedings of Committees.*—The meetings and proceedings of such committees shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto and are not superseded by the express terms of the appointment of such committee respectively, or any regulation imposed by the Board.

121. *Resolution in writing by all the Directors as valid as if passed at a Meeting of Directors.*—A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors for the time being resident in Ceylon shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted, provided that not fewer than two Directors shall sign it.

122. *Minutes of Proceedings of the Company and the Directors to be recorded.*—The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in books to be provided for the purpose of the following matters, *videlicet* :—

- (a) Of all appointments of officers and committees made by the Directors.
- (b) Of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors and of the members of the committee appointed by the Board present at each meeting of the committee.
- (c) Of the resolutions and proceedings of all General Meetings.
- (d) Of the resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of the Directors and of the committees appointed by the Board.
- (e) Of all orders made by the Directors.
- (f) Of the use of the Company's seal.

123. *Signature of Minutes of Proceedings and Effect thereof.*—All such minutes shall be signed by the person or one of the persons who shall have presided as Chairman at the General Meeting, the Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting at which the business minuted shall have been transacted, or by the person or one of the persons who shall preside as Chairman at the next ensuing General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively; and all minutes purporting to have been signed by any Chairman of any General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively, shall, for all purposes whatsoever, be *prima facie* evidence of the actual and regular passing of the resolutions, and the actual and regular transaction or occurrence of the proceedings and other matters purporting to be so recorded, and of the regularity of the meeting at which the same shall appear to have taken place, and of the Chairmanship and signature of the person appearing to have signed as Chairman, and of the date on which such meeting was held.

COMPANY'S SEAL.

124. *The Use of the Seal.*—The Seal of the Company shall not be used or affixed to any deed, certificate of shares, or other instrument, except in the presence of two or more of the Directors or of one Director and the Agents and Secretaries of the Company, who shall attest the sealing thereof; such attestation on the part of the Agents and Secretaries, in the event of a firm being the Agents and Secretaries, being signified by a partner or duly authorized manager, attorney, or agent of the said firm signing the firm name or the firm *per procuratorem* or signing for and on behalf of the said firm as such Agents and Secretaries, and in the event of a company registered under the Ordinance being the Agents and Secretaries, being signified by a Director or the Secretary or the duly authorized Attorney of such company signing for and on behalf of such company as Agents and Secretaries. The sealing shall not be attested by one person in the dual capacity of Director and representative of the Agents and Secretaries.

ACCOUNTS.

125. *What Accounts to be kept.*—The Agent or Secretary or the Agents or Secretaries for the time being, or, if there be no Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries, the Directors, shall cause true accounts to be kept of the paid-up capital for the time being of the Company, and of all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and of the matters in respect of which such receipts and expenditure take place, and of the assets, credits, and liabilities of the Company, and generally of all its commercial, financial, and other affairs, transactions, and engagements, and of all other matters necessary for showing the true financial state and condition of the Company; and the accounts shall be kept in such books and in such a manner at the registered office of the Company as the Directors think fit.

126. *Accounts how and when open to Inspection.*—The Directors shall from time to time determine whether, and to what extent, and at what times and places, and under what conditions or regulations, the accounts and books of the Company or of any of them shall be open to the inspection of the Shareholders; and no Shareholder shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company, except as conferred by the Ordinance or authorized by the Directors or by a resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

127. *Statement of Accounts and Balance Sheet to be furnished to General Meeting.*—At the Ordinary General Meeting in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company a statement of the profit and loss account for the preceding financial year, and a balance sheet containing a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company made up to the end of the same period.

128. *Report to accompany Statement.*—Every such statement shall be accompanied by a report as to the state and condition of the Company, and as to the amount which they recommend to be paid out of the profits by way of dividend or bonus to the Shareholders, and the statement, report, and balance sheet shall be signed by the Directors.

129. *Copy of Balance Sheet to be sent to the Shareholders.*—A printed copy of such balance sheet shall, at least seven days previous to such meeting, be delivered at or posted to the registered address of every Shareholder.

DIVIDENDS, BONUS, AND RESERVE FUND.

130. *Declaration of Dividend.*—The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, from time to time, declare a dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders in proportion to the amounts paid on their shares, but no dividend or bonus shall be payable except out of nett profits.

(a) Any General Meeting may direct payment of any dividend declared at such meeting or of any interim dividends which may subsequently be declared by the Directors, wholly or in part in sterling by means of drafts or cheques on London, or by the distribution of specific assets and in particular of paid up shares, debentures, or debenture stock of the Company, or of any other Company, or in any other form of specie, or in any one or more of such ways, and the Directors shall give effect to such direction; and where any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution, they may settle the same as they think expedient, and in particular may issue fractional certificates, and may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets, or any part thereof, and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any Shareholder upon the footing of the value so fixed, in order to adjust the rights of all parties.

131. *Interim Dividend.*—The Directors may also, if they think fit, from time to time and at any time, without the sanction of a General Meeting, determine on and declare an interim dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders on account and in anticipation of the dividend for the then current year.

132. *Reserve Fund.*—Previously to the Directors paying or recommending any dividend on preference or ordinary shares, they may set aside out of the profits of the Company such a sum as they think proper as a reserve fund, and may invest the same in such securities as they shall think fit, or place the same on fixed deposit in any bank or bank.

133. *Application thereof.*—The Directors may from time to time apply such portions as they think fit of the reserve fund to meet contingencies, or for the payment of accumulated dividends due on preference shares or for equalizing dividends, or for working the business of the Company, or for repairing or maintaining or extending the buildings and premises, or for the repair or renewal or extensions of the property or plant connected with the business of the Company, or any part thereof, or for any other purpose of the Company which they may from time to time deem expedient.

134. *Unpaid Interest or Dividend not to bear Interest.*—No unpaid interest or dividend or bonus shall ever bear interest against the Company.

135. *No Shareholder to receive Dividend while Debt due to Company.*—No Shareholder shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividend or bonus in respect of his share or shares whilst any moneys may be due or owing from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company in respect of such share or shares, or otherwise howsoever.

136. *Directors may deduct Debt from the Dividends.*—The Directors may deduct from the dividend or bonus payable to any Shareholder all sums of money due from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company, and notwithstanding such sums shall not be payable until after the date when such dividend is payable.

137. *Dividends may be paid by Cheque or Warrant and sent through the Post.*—Unless otherwise directed any dividend may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post to the registered address of the Shareholder entitled, or, in the case of joint-holders, to the registered address of that one whose name stands first on the register in respect of the joint-holding; but the Company shall not be liable or responsible for the loss of any such cheque or dividend warrant sent through the post.

138. *Notice of Dividend; Forfeiture of unclaimed Dividend.*—Notice of all dividends or bonuses to become payable shall be given to each Shareholder entitled thereto; and all dividends or bonuses unclaimed by any Shareholder for three years after notice thereof is given may be forfeited by a resolution of the Board of Directors for the benefit of the Company, and, if the Directors think fit, may be applied in augmentation of the reserve fund. For the purposes of this clause any cheques or warrants which may be issued for dividends or bonuses and may not be presented at the Company's Bankers for payment within three years shall rank as unclaimed dividends.

139. *Shares held by a Firm.*—Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any partner of such firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm.

140. *Joint-holders other than a Firm.*—Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by several persons jointly, other than a firm, may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any one of such persons.

AUDIT.

141. *Accounts to be Audited.*—The accounts of the Company shall from time to time be examined, and the correctness of the balance sheet and profit and loss account ascertained by one or more auditor or auditors.

142. *Qualification of Auditors.*—No person shall be eligible as an auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Shareholder in any transaction of the Company, but an auditor shall not be debarred from acting as a professional accountant in doing any special work for the Company which the Directors may deem necessary. It shall not be a necessary qualification for an auditor that he be a Shareholder of the Company, and no Director or officer of the Company shall, during his continuance in office, be eligible as an auditor.

143. *Appointment and Retirement of Auditors.*—The Directors shall appoint the first auditor or auditors of the Company and fix his or their remuneration; all future auditors, except as is hereinafter mentioned, shall be appointed at the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company in each year by the Shareholders present thereat, and shall hold their office only until the first Ordinary General Meeting after their respective appointments, or until otherwise ordered by a General Meeting.

144. *Retiring Auditors eligible for Re-election.*—Retiring Auditors shall be eligible for re-election.

145. *Remuneration of Auditors.*—The remuneration of the auditors other than the first shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting, and this remuneration may from time to time be varied by a General Meeting.

146. *Casual Vacancy in Number of Auditors how filled up.*—If any vacancy that may occur in the office of auditor shall not be supplied at any Ordinary General Meeting, or if any casual vacancy shall occur, the Directors shall (subject to the approval of the next Ordinary General Meeting) fill up the vacancy by the appointment of a person who shall hold the office until such meeting.

147. *Duty of Auditor.*—Every Auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet and profit and loss account intended to be laid before the next Ordinary General Meeting, and it shall be his duty to examine the same with the accounts and vouchers relating thereto, and to report thereon to the meeting, generally or specially, as he may think fit.

148. *Company's Accounts to be open to Auditors for Audit.*—All accounts, books, and documents whatsoever of the Company shall at all times be open to the Auditors for the purpose of audit.

NOTICES.

149. *Notice how Authenticated.*—Notices from the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed or written) of the Agent or Secretary, Agents or Secretaries, or other persons appointed by the Board to do so.

150. *Shareholders to register Address.*—Every Shareholder shall furnish the Company with an address in Ceylon, which shall be deemed to be his place of abode, and shall be registered as such in the books of the Company.

151. *Service of Notices.*—A notice may be served by the Company upon any Shareholder, either personally or by sending it through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to such Shareholder at his registered address or place of abode. and any notice so served shall be deemed to be well served for all purposes, notwithstanding that the Shareholder to whom such notice is addressed be dead, unless his executors or administrators shall have given to the Directors, or to the Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries of the Company, their own or some other address in Ceylon.

152. *Notice to Joint-holders of Shares other than a Firm.*—All notices directed to be given to Shareholders shall, with respect to any share to which persons other than a firm are jointly entitled, be sufficient if given to any one of such persons, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares.

153. *Date and Proof of Service.*—Any notice if served by post shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the letter containing the same would in ordinary course of post have been delivered at its address, and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and put into a post box or posted at a post office, and the entry in the Company's books of the leaving or sending by post of any notice at or to such address shall be sufficient evidence thereof, and no further evidence shall be necessary.

154. *Non-resident Shareholders must register Addresses in Ceylon.*—Every Shareholder resident out of Ceylon shall name and register in the books of the Company an address within Ceylon at which all notices shall be served upon him, and all notices served at such address shall be deemed to be well served. If he shall not have named and registered such an address, he shall not be entitled to any notice.

All notices required to be given by advertisement shall be published in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*.

ARBITRATION.

155. *Directors may refer Disputes to Arbitration.*—Whenever any question or other matter whatsoever arises in dispute between the Company and any other company or person, the same may be referred by the Directors to arbitration.

EVIDENCE.

156. *Evidence in Action by Company against Shareholders.*—On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought or instituted by the Company against any Shareholder or his representatives to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is or was, when the claim arose, on the Register of Shareholders of the Company as a holder of the number of shares in respect of which such claim is made, and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company; and it shall not be necessary to prove the registration of the Company, nor the appointment of the Directors who made any call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made, nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

PROVISIONS RELATIVE TO WINDING UP OR DISSOLUTION OF THE COMPANY.

157. *Purchase of Company's Property by Shareholders.*—Any Shareholder, whether a Director or not, or whether alone or jointly with any other Shareholder or Director, and any person not a Shareholder, may become the purchaser of the property of the Company or any part thereof in the event of a winding up or a dissolution, or at any other time when a sale of the Company's property or effects or any part thereof shall be made by the Directors, under the powers hereby or under the Ordinance conferred upon them.

158. *Distribution.*—If the Company shall be wound up and there shall be any surplus assets after payment of all debts and satisfaction of all liabilities of the Company, such surplus assets shall be applied first in repaying to the holders of the preference shares (if any) the amounts that may be due to them, whether by way of capital only or by way of capital and dividend or arrears of dividend or otherwise, in accordance with the rights, privileges, and conditions attached thereto, and the balance in repaying to the holders of the ordinary shares the amounts paid up or reckoned as paid up on such ordinary shares. If after such payments there shall remain any surplus assets, such surplus assets shall be divided among the ordinary Shareholders in proportion to the capital paid up, or reckoned as paid up on the shares which are held by them respectively at the commencement of the winding up, unless the conditions attached to the preference shares expressly entitle such shares to participate in such surplus assets.

159. *Payment in Specie, and vesting in Trustees.*—If the Company shall be wound up, the liquidator, whether voluntary or official, may, with the sanction of an extraordinary resolution, divide among the contributories in specie any part of the assets of the Company, and may, with their sanction, vest any part of the assets of the Company in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories as the liquidator, with like sanction, shall think fit.

In witness whereof the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereunto set and subscribed their names at Colombo, this 9th day of January, 1922.

J. LOCHORE.
W. COOMBE.
A. WARDEN.
H. C. BIBBY.
M. L. HOPKINS.
E. L. FRASER.
R. A. SHARROCKS.

Witness to the above signatures :
STANLEY F. DE SARAM,
Proctor, Supreme Court.

[Third Publication.]

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE MAYOW RUBBER SOLE FACTORY COMPANY, LIMITED.

1. The name of the Company is "THE MAYOW RUBBER SOLE FACTORY COMPANY, LIMITED."
2. The registered office of the Company is to be established in Colombo.
3. The objects for which the Company is to be established are—
 - (a) To take on lease the Oaklands factory erected on the Oaklands estate, situated in Yatiyantota, and to purchase from the present owners thereof the plant, machinery, and tools, including a Suction gas engine required, for the manufacture of rubber soles, heels, and sandals, and rubber goods generally, and to acquire the patent rights of J. H. Wynell Mayow under his patent for a process for the manufacture of soles, heels, plates, and the like for boots, shoes, slippers, and footwear generally, from scrap or crude or waste rubber in India and Ceylon. To carry on in Ceylon and elsewhere the business of making rubber soles and heels and sandals and other goods, articles, and things which can be made wholly or in part of rubber, and to purchase and acquire from the proprietors thereof any business now carried on for the manufacture of rubber soles and heels and sandals and other goods made wholly or in part of rubber, and for the purchase and curing and preparation of leather or other things used in conjunction with rubber in the manufacture of goods partly or wholly made of rubber.
 - (b) To purchase, lease, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any other land or lands, or any share or shares thereof, and any buildings, mines, minerals, mining and mineral properties and rights, machinery, implements, tools, live and dead stock, stores, effects, and other property, real or personal, movable or immovable, of any kind, and any contracts, rights, easements, patents, licenses, or privileges in Ceylon or elsewhere (including the benefit of any trade mark or trade secret) which may be thought necessary or convenient for the purpose of the Company's business, and to erect, construct, maintain, or alter any buildings, machinery, plant, roads, ways, or other works or methods of communication.
 - (c) To appoint, engage, employ, maintain, provide for, and dismiss attorneys, agents, superintendents, managers, clerks, coolies, and other labourers and servants in Ceylon or elsewhere, and to remunerate any such at such rate as shall be thought fit, and to grant pensions or gratuities to any such or the widow or children of any such.
 - (d) To clear, open, plant, cultivate, improve, and develop land or lands that may be purchased, leased, or otherwise acquired by the Company in Ceylon or elsewhere, or portions thereof with rubber or any other products, trees, plants, or crops that may be approved by the Company, and to plant, grow, and produce coconuts, tea, coffee, rubber, cinchona, cacao, cardamoms, rhea, ramie plants, trees, and other natural products in Ceylon or elsewhere.
 - (e) To build, make, construct, equip, maintain, improve, alter, and work rubber and tea factories, coconut and coffee curing mills, and other manufactories, buildings, erections, roads, tramways, or other works conducive to any of the Company's objects, or to contribute to or subsidize such.
 - (f) To enter into any arrangement or agreement with Government, or any authorities and obtain rights, concessions, and privileges.
 - (g) To hire, lease, or purchase land either with any other person or company or otherwise, and to erect a factory and other buildings thereon or on any land already leased or owned by the Company at the cost of the Company and such other person or company or otherwise, and to lease any factory or other buildings from any company or persons.
 - (h) To enter into any agreement with any company or person for the working of any factory erected or leased as provided in (g), or for the manufacture and preparation for market of rubber, tea, or any other produce in such or any other factory.
 - (i) To prepare, cure, manufacture, treat, and prepare for market rubber, coconuts, plumbago, minerals, tea, and (or) other crops or produce, and to sell, ship, and dispose of such rubber, coconuts, plumbago, minerals, tea, crops, and produce, either raw or manufactured, at such times and places, and in such manner as shall be deemed expedient.
 - (j) To buy, sell, warehouse, transport, trade, and deal in rubber, coconuts, tea, coffee, and other plants and seed, and rice and other food required for coolies, labourers, and others employed on estates, and other products, wares, merchandise, articles, and things of any kind whatever.
 - (k) To establish and maintain in Ceylon, the United Kingdom, or elsewhere stores, shops, and places for the sale of rubber, chocolate, cocoa, coconuts, tea, coffee, and articles of food, drink, or refreshment, wholesale or retail; and to establish in any part or parts of the world agencies for carrying on or developing the business of the Company or any branch thereof; and generally to carry on the business of merchants, exporters, importers, traders, engineers, or any other trade, business, or undertaking whatsoever.
 - (l) To let, lease, sell, exchange, or mortgage the Company's estates, lands, buildings, or other property, or any part or parts thereof, whether in consideration of rents, money, or securities for money, shares, debentures, or securities in any other company, or for any other consideration, and otherwise to trade in, dispose of, or deal with the same or any part thereof.
 - (m) To borrow or receive on loan money for the purpose of the Company upon the security of cash credit bonds, or of hypothecation or mortgages of the Company's property or any part or parts thereof, or otherwise, as shall be thought most expedient, and in particular by the issue of debentures, debenture stock or bonds to bearer or otherwise, either charged upon all or any part of the Company's present or future property (including uncalled capital), or not so charged, as shall be thought best.

- (o) To cause or permit any debenture stock, bonds, debentures, mortgages, charges, incumbrances, liens, or securities of or belonging to or made or issued by the Company or affecting its property or rights or any of the terms thereof to be renewed, extended, varied, redeemed, exchanged, transferred, or satisfied, as shall be thought fit, also to pay off and re-borrow the moneys secured thereby or any part or parts thereof.
- (p) To draw, make, accept, and endorse bills of lading, warrants, bills of exchange, promissory notes, and other transferable or negotiable instruments for the purposes of the Company.
- (q) To unite, co-operate, amalgamate, or enter into partnership or any arrangement for sharing profits of union of interests, or any other arrangement with any person or company already engaged in or hereafter to be established for the purpose of carrying on any business having objects wholly or in part similar or analogous or subsidiary to those of the Company or to any of them, or capable of being conducted so as to benefit this Company, either directly or indirectly, and to subscribe for or otherwise acquire for the benefit and in the name of the Company or otherwise, and pay for in any manner that may be agreed upon either in money or in shares or bonds or otherwise, and to hold any shares, stock, or other interest in any such company, and to promote the formation of any such company.
- (r) To amalgamate with any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to this Company.
- (s) To acquire by purchase in money, shares, bonds, or otherwise, and undertake all or any part of the business, property, assets, and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business in Ceylon or elsewhere, which this Company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this Company.
- (t) To sell the property, business, or undertaking of the Company or any part or parts thereof, for such consideration as the Company shall think fit, and in particular for shares, stocks, debentures, or securities of any other company.
- (u) To procure the Company to be registered or incorporated in Ceylon, and, if and when necessary or thought advisable, elsewhere.
- (v) To lend money on any terms and in any manner and on any security, and in particular on the security of plantations, factories, growing crops, produce, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bonds, bills of lading, warrants, stocks, shares, debentures, and book debts, or without any security at all.
- (w) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined.
- (x) To promote and establish any other company whatsoever, and to subscribe to and hold the shares or stock of any other company or any part thereof.
- (y) To pay for any lands and real or personal, immovable or movable, estate or property, or assets of any kind acquired or to be acquired by the Company, or for any services rendered or to be rendered to the Company, and generally to pay or discharge any consideration to be paid or given by the Company in money or in shares, or debentures or debenture stock, or obligations of the Company, or partly in one way and partly in another, or otherwise howsoever with power to issue any shares either fully or partly paid up for such purpose.
- (z) To accept as consideration for the sale or disposal of any lands and real or personal, immovable and moveable, estate, property, and assets of the Company of any kind sold or otherwise disposed of by the Company, or in discharge of any other consideration to be received by the Company in money or in shares, the shares (whether wholly or partially paid up) of any company, or the mortgages, debentures, or obligations of any company or person or partly one and partly other.
- (z 1) To distribute among the Shareholders in specie any property of the Company, whether by way of dividend or upon a return of capital, but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital be made, except with the sanction for the time being required by law.
- (z 2) To do all such other things as shall be incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects above mentioned or any of them or any one or more of the objects aforesaid, it being hereby declared that in the foregoing clauses (unless a contrary intention appears) the word "Company" includes companies or corporations, and the word "person" any number of persons, and that the other objects specified in any paragraph are not to be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other paragraph.

4. The liability of the Shareholders is limited.

5. The nominal capital of the Company is Four hundred thousand Rupees (Rs. 400,000), divided into Forty thousand (40,000) shares of Ten Rupees (Rs. 10) each, with power to increase or reduce the capital. The shares forming the capital (original, increased, or reduced) of the Company may be subdivided or consolidated or divided into such classes with any preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto and be held upon such terms as may be prescribed by the Articles of Association and regulations of the Company for the time being, or otherwise.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names:—

Names and Addresses of Subscribers.	Number of Shares taken by each Subscriber.
W. SUTHERLAND ROSS, Colombo	One
G. C. SLATER, Colombo	One
PERCY W. WEEKES, Colombo	One
G. P. KELLY, Colombo	One
C. L. CARSON PARKER, Colombo	One
H. CREASY, Colombo	One
E. R. WILLIAMS, Colombo	One
Total shares taken	Seven

Witness to the above signatures, at Colombo, this Nineteenth day of January, 1922:

A. R. NELSON,
Clerk to Messrs. Julius & Creasy, Notaries, Colombo.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE MAYOW RUBBER SOLE FACTORY COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE regulations contained in the Table C in the schedule annexed to "The Joint Stock Companies Ordinance, 1861," shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these Articles; but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution.

The Company may, by special resolution, alter and make provisions instead of, or in addition to, any of the regulations of the Company, whether contained and comprised in these Articles or not.

INTERPRETATION CLAUSE.

1. In the interpretation of these presents the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless such meanings be inconsistent with, or repugnant to, the subject or context, viz. :—

The word "Company" means "The Mayow Rubber Sole Factory Company, Limited," incorporated or established by or under the Memorandum of Association to which these Articles are attached.

The "Ordinance" means and includes "Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," and every other Ordinance from time to time in force concerning Joint Stock Companies which may apply to the Company.

"These presents" means and includes the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association of the Company from time to time in force.

"Capital" means the capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purposes of the Company.

"Shares" means the shares from time to time into which the capital of the Company may be divided.

"Shareholder" means any person whose name is entered in the Register of Shareholders as owner or joint owner of any share in the Company.

"Presence or present" at a meeting means presence or present personally or by proxy or by attorney.

"Directors" means the Directors for the time being of the Company or (as the case may be) the Directors assembled at a Board.

"Board" means a meeting of the Directors or (as the context may require) the Directors assembled at a Board meeting, acting through at least a quorum of their body in the exercise of authority duly given to them.

"Persons" means partnerships, associations, corporations, companies, unincorporated or incorporated by Ordinance and registration, as well as individuals.

"Office" means the registered office for the time being of the Company.

"Seal" means the common seal for the time being of the Company.

"Month" means a calendar month.

"Writing" means printed matter or print as well as writing.

Words importing the singular number only include the plural, and *vice versa*.

Words importing only the masculine gender include the feminine, and *vice versa*.

"Holder" means a Shareholder.

"Extraordinary resolution" means a resolution passed by three-fourths in number and value of such Shareholders of the Company for the time being entitled to vote as may be present in person or by proxy (in cases where by these Articles proxies are allowed) at any meeting of which notice specifying the intention to propose such resolution has been duly given.

BUSINESS.

2. The Company may proceed to carry out the objects for which it is established, and to employ and apply its capital as soon after the registration of the Company as the Directors in their discretion shall think fit; and if the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed, applied for, or allotted as soon as, in the judgment of the Directors, a sufficient number of shares shall have been subscribed or applied for.

3. The business of the Company shall be carried on by, or under the management or direction of, the Directors, and subject only to the control of General Meetings, in accordance with these presents. The Company being established on the basis that it shall acquire the Oaklands Factory, it shall be no objection that the vendors are in a fiduciary position to the Company or that there is no independent Board of Directors, nor shall any claim be made on any of the vendors on any such ground. Every member of the Company present or future shall be deemed to have joined the Company on this basis.

CAPITAL.

4. The nominal capital of the Company is Four hundred thousand Rupees (Rs. 400,000) divided into Forty thousand shares of Ten Rupees (Rs. 10) each.

5. The Directors may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company in General Meeting, increase the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares of such amounts per share and in the aggregate and with such special, preferential, deferred, qualified, or other rights, privileges or conditions attached thereto as such resolution shall direct; and they shall have power to add to such new shares such an amount of premium as may be considered expedient.

6. Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the same provisions in all respects with reference to the payments of allotment money, calls, and instalments, transfer, transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrender, and otherwise, as if it had formed part of the original capital.

7. The Directors may also with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company reduce the capital or subdivide or consolidate the shares of the Company.

SHARES.

8. The Company may call up the balance capital whenever the Directors shall think fit and may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid, and the time of payment of such calls.

9. If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the *Holder* of the shares.

10. The shares, except when otherwise provided, shall be allotted at the discretion of and by the Directors, who may from time to time issue any unissued shares, and may add to such shares such an amount of premium as they consider proper. Provided that such unissued shares, except when otherwise provided, shall first be offered by the Directors to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may at their discretion allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estates or lands being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates or lands, or as remuneration for work done for or services rendered to the Company and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders.

11. In case of the increase of the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares, such new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions, and with such preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights and privileges annexed thereto, as the General Meeting resolving on the creation thereof, or any other General Meeting of the Company, shall direct, and, if no direction be given, as the Directors shall determine, and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to the dividends, and in the distribution of assets of the Company, and with a special or without any right of voting.

Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the meeting that sanctions the increase of capital, all new shares shall be offered to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the

offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may, at their discretion, allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estates or lands being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates or lands, and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders.

12. Every person taking any share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof by writing under his hand in such form as the Company may from time to time direct.

13. Shares may be registered in the name of a firm or partnership and any partner of the firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm shall be entitled to vote and to give proxies in respect of shares registered in the name of the firm.

14. Shares may be registered in the names of two or more persons jointly.

15. Any one of the joint holders of a share, other than a firm, may give effectual receipts for any dividends payable in respect of such share; but only one of such joint Shareholders shall be entitled to the right of voting and of giving proxies and exercising the other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, and if the joint holders cannot arrange amongst themselves as to who shall vote or give proxies and exercise such other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, the Shareholder whose name stands first on the register of shares shall vote or give proxies and exercise those rights and powers; provided, however, that in the event of such first registered Shareholder being absent from the Island, the first registered Shareholder then resident in Ceylon shall vote or give proxies and exercise all such rights and powers as aforesaid.

16. In case of the death of any one or more of the joint holders of any shares, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognized by the Company as having any title to, or interest in, such shares.

17. The Company shall not be bound to recognize (even though having notice of) any contingent, future, partial, or equitable interest in the nature of a trust or otherwise in any share, or any other right in respect of any share, except any absolute right thereto in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof, and except also the right of any person under clause 36 to become a Shareholder in respect of any share.

18. The joint holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for a payment of all instalments and calls due in respect of such share.

19. Every Shareholder shall be entitled to a certificate or certificates under the common seal of the Company, specifying the share or shares held by him and the amount paid thereon.

20. If any certificate be worn out or defaced, then, upon production thereof to the Directors, they may order the same to be cancelled, and may issue a new certificate in lieu thereof; and if any certificate be lost or destroyed, then, upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Directors, and on such indemnity as the Directors deem adequate being given, a new certificate in lieu thereof may be given to the person entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate. A sum of fifty cents shall be payable for such new certificate.

21. The certificate of shares registered in the names of two or more persons not a firm shall be delivered to the person first named on the register.

CALLS.

22. The Directors may from time to time make such calls as they think fit upon the Shareholders in respect of all moneys unpaid on their shares, and not by the conditions of allotment made payable at fixed times, provided that two months' notice at least shall be given to the Shareholders of the time and place appointed for payment of each call; and each Shareholder shall pay the amount of every call so made to the persons and at the time and place appointed by the Directors.

23. If any Shareholder fail to pay the amount of any call due by him on or before the day appointed for payment thereof, he shall be liable to pay interest for the same at the rate of nine per centum per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment.

24. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorizing the call was passed.

25. The Directors shall have power in their absolute discretion to give time to any one or more Shareholder or Shareholders, exclusive of the others, for payment of any call or part thereof on such terms as the Directors may determine. But no Shareholder shall be entitled to any such extension except as a matter of grace or favour.

26. The Directors may at their discretion receive from any of the Shareholders willing to advance the same, and upon such terms as they think fit, all or any part of the moneys due upon their respective shares beyond the sums actually called for; and upon the moneys so paid in advance, or upon so much thereof as from time to time and at any time thereafter exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon and due in respect of the shares in respect of which such advances have been made, the Board may pay or allow interest at such rate as the Shareholders paying such sums in advance and the Directors may agree upon, not exceeding, however, eight per centum per annum.

TRANSFER OF SHARES.

27. Subject to the restriction of these Articles, any Shareholder may transfer all or any of his shares by instrument in writing.

28. No transfer of shares shall be made to an infant or person of unsound mind.

29. The Company shall keep a book or books, to be called "The Register of Transfers," in which shall be entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share.

30. The Board may, at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion, decline to register any transfer of shares by a Shareholder who is indebted to the Company, or upon whose shares the Company have a lien or otherwise; or in case of shares not fully paid up, to any person not approved of by them; and in no case shall a Shareholder or proposed transferee be entitled to require the Directors to state the reason of their refusal to register, but their declinature shall be absolute.

31. Every instrument of transfer must be left at the office of the Company to be registered, accompanied by the certificate for the shares to be transferred and by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferor, and a fee of Two Rupees and Fifty cents, or such other sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine, must be paid to the Company for the registration of every such transfer; upon payment thereof the Directors, subject to the powers vested in them by Article 30, shall register the transferee as a Shareholder and retain the instrument of transfer.

32. The Directors may, by such means as they shall deem expedient, authorize the registration of transferees as Shareholders without the necessity of any meeting of the Directors for that purpose.

33. In no case shall the Directors be bound to inquire into the validity, legal effect, or genuineness of any instrument of transfer produced by a person claiming a transfer of any share in accordance with these Articles; and whether they abstain from so inquiring, or do so inquire and are misled, the transferor shall have no claim whatsoever upon the Company in respect of the share, except for the dividends previously declared in respect thereof, but only if at all, upon the transferee.

34. The Register of Transfers may be closed at such times and for such periods as the Directors may from time to time determine, provided always that it shall not be closed for more than twenty-one days in any year.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

35. The executors, or administrators, or the heirs of a deceased Shareholder shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to the shares of such Shareholder.

36. Any guardian of any infant Shareholder, or any committee of a Lunatic Shareholder, or any person becoming entitled to shares in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or liquidation of any Shareholder, or in any other way than by transfer, shall, upon producing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this clause, or of his title as the Directors think sufficient, be forthwith entitled, subject to the provisions herein contained, to be registered as a Shareholder in respect of such shares; or may, subject to the regulations as to transfers hereinbefore contained, transfer the same to some other person.

37. If any person who shall become entitled to be registered in respect of any share under clause 36 shall not, from any cause whatever, within twelve calendar months after the event on the happening of which his title shall accrue, be registered in respect of such share, or if in the case of the death of any Shareholder, no person shall within twelve calendar months after such death be registered as a Shareholder in respect of the shares of such deceased Shareholder, the Company may sell such shares, either by public auction or private contract, and give a receipt for the purchase money; and the purchaser shall be entitled to be registered in respect of such share, and shall not be bound to inquire whether the events have happened which entitled the Company to sell the same, and the nett proceeds of such sale, after deducting all expenses and all moneys in respect of which the Company is entitled to a lien on the shares so sold, shall be paid to the person entitled thereto.

SURRENDER AND FORFEITURE OF SHARES.

38. The Directors may accept, in the name and for the benefit of the Company, and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed, a surrender of the shares of Shareholders who may be desirous of retiring from the Company.

39. If any Shareholder fails to pay any call or instalment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Directors may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on such Shareholder requiring him to pay the same, together with any interest that may have accrued, and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

The notice shall name a day (not being less than one month from the date of the notice) on, and a place or places at, which such call or instalment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

If the requisition of such notice as aforesaid be not complied with, every or any share or shares in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of calls or instalments, with interest and expenses due in respect thereof, be declared forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

40. Any Shareholder whose shares have been so declared forfeited shall notwithstanding be liable to pay and shall forthwith pay to the Company all calls, instalments, interest, and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of forfeiture until payment at nine per centum per annum, and the Directors may enforce the payment thereof if they think fit.

41. Every share surrendered or so declared forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of upon such terms and in such manner as the Board shall think fit.

42. The surrender or forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in, and also of all claims and demands against, the Company in respect of the share and the proceeds thereof, and all other rights incident to the share, except only such of those rights (if any) as by these presents are expressly saved.

43. A certificate in writing under the hands of one of the Directors and of the Secretary that a share has been duly surrendered or forfeited, stating the time when it was surrendered or forfeited, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons who would have been entitled to the share but for such surrender or forfeiture, and such certificate and the receipt of the Company for the price of such share shall constitute a good title to such share, and a certificate of proprietorship shall be delivered to any person who may purchase the same from the Company, and thereupon such purchaser shall be deemed the holder of such share, discharged from all calls due prior to such purchase; and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to such share be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture or sale.

44. The Directors may in their discretion remit or annul the forfeiture of any share within six months from the date thereof upon the payment of all moneys due to the Company from the late holder or holders of such share or shares, and all expenses incurred in relation to such forfeiture, together with such further sum of money by way of redemption money for the deficit as they shall think fit, not being less than nine per centum per annum on the amount of the sums wherein default in payment had been made, but no share *bona fide* sold or re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of under Article 41 hereof, shall be redeemable after sale or disposal.

45. The Company shall have a first charge or paramount lien upon all the shares of any holder or joint holders for all moneys for the time being due to the Company by such holder or by all or any of such joint holders respectively, either in respect of such shares or of other shares held by such holder or joint holders or in respect of any other debt, liability, or engagement whatsoever, and whether due from any such holder individually or jointly with others, including all calls which the Directors shall have resolved to make, although the times appointed for the payment thereof shall not have arrived; and where any share is held by more persons than one, the Company shall be entitled to the said charge or lien in respect of any money due to the Company from any such persons. And the Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares subject to such charge or lien.

46. Such charge or lien may be made available by a sale of all or any of the shares subject to it, provided that no such sale shall be made except under a resolution of the Directors, and until notice in writing shall have been given to the indebted Shareholder or his executors or administrators, or the assignee or trustee in his bankruptcy, requiring him or them to pay the amount for the time being due to the Company, and default shall have been made for twenty-eight days from such notice in paying the sum thereby required to be paid. Should the Shareholder over whose share the lien exists be in England or elsewhere abroad, sixty days' notice shall be allowed him.

47. The nett proceeds of any such sale shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of such debts, liabilities, or engagements, and the residue (if any) paid to such Shareholder or his representatives.

48. A certificate in writing under the hands of one of the Directors and of the Secretary, that the power of sale, given by clause 46 has arisen and is exercisable by the Company under these presents, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated.

49. Upon any such sale two of the Directors may execute a transfer of such share to the purchaser thereof and such transfer, with the certificate last aforesaid, shall confer on the purchaser a complete title to such share.

PREFERENCE SHARES.

50. Any shares from time to time to be issued or created may from time to time be issued with any such right or preference, whether in respect of dividend or of payment of capital, or both, or any such other special privilege or advantage over any shares previously issued or then about to be issued (other than shares issued with a preference); or at such a premium, or with such deferred rights as compared with any shares previously issued or then about to be issued, or subject

to any such conditions or provisions, and with any such right or without any right of voting, and generally on such terms as the Company may from time to time by special resolution determine.

51. If at any time by the issue of preference shares or otherwise the capital is divided into shares of different classes, then the holders of any class of shares may by an extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of such holders consent, on behalf of all the holders of shares of the class, to the issue or creation of any shares ranking equally therewith, or having any priority thereto, or to the abandonment of any preference or priority, or of any accrued dividend, or the reduction for any time or permanently of the dividends payable thereon, or to any scheme for the reduction of the Company's capital affecting the class of shares; and such resolution shall be binding upon all the holders of shares of the class, provided that this Article shall not be read as implying the necessity for such consent in any case in which but for this Article the object of the resolutions could have been effected without it.

52. Any meeting for the purpose of the last preceding clause shall be convened and conducted in all respects as nearly as possible in the same way as an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, provided that no member not being a Director shall be entitled to notice thereof or to attend thereat, unless he be a holder of shares of the class intended to be affected by the resolution, and that no vote shall be given, except in respect of a share of that class, and that at any such meeting a poll may be demanded in writing by any members personally present and entitled to vote at the meeting.

BORROWING POWERS.

53. The Directors shall have power to procure from time to time, in the usual course of business, such temporary advances on the produce in hand, or in the future to be obtained from the Company's estates, as they may find necessary or expedient for the purpose of defraying the expenses of working the Company's estates, or of erecting, maintaining, improving, or extending buildings, machinery, or plantations, or otherwise. Also from time to time at their discretion to borrow or raise from the Directors or other persons any sums or sums of money for the purpose of the Company, provided that the money so borrowed or raised and owing at any one time shall not, without the sanction of a General Meeting, exceed Rupees One hundred and Fifty thousand (Rs. 150,000).

54. With the sanction of a General Meeting, the Board shall be entitled to borrow such further sum or sums and at such rate of interest as such meeting shall determine. A certificate under the hands of one Director and the Secretary, or of two Directors, to the effect that in taking any loan the Directors are not exceeding their borrowing powers, shall be sufficient and binding on the Company and all concerned, and shall be conclusive evidence thereof in all questions between the Company and its creditors.

55. For the purpose of securing the repayment of any such money so borrowed or raised, or for any other purposes, the Directors may grant, create, execute, and issue any mortgages, cash credits, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company, charged upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, lands, property, rights, and assets of the Company, both present and future, including uncalled capital or unpaid calls, or may make, accept, or endorse on behalf of the Company any promissory notes or bills of exchange.

56. Any such securities may be issued, either at par or at a premium or discount, and may from time to time be cancelled, discharged, varied, or exchanged as the Directors may think fit, and may contain special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, or otherwise.

57. Every debenture or other instrument issued by the Company for securing the payment of money may be so framed that the moneys thereby secured shall be assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

GENERAL MEETINGS.

58. The First General Meeting shall be held at such time not being more than twelve months after the incorporation of the Company and at such place as the Directors may determine.

59. Subsequent General Meetings shall be held once in every year, at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if no time or place is so prescribed, then at such place and at such time as soon after the first day in each year as may be determined by the Directors.

60. The General Meetings mentioned in the last preceding clause shall be called Ordinary General Meetings; all other meetings of the Company shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.

61. The Directors may, whenever they think fit, call an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, and the Directors shall do so upon a requisition made in writing by not less than one-eighth of the number of Shareholders of the Company for the time being, or by any Shareholder or Shareholders holding in the aggregate one-eighth part of the shares of the Company for the time being subscribed for.

62. Any requisition so made shall express the object of the Meeting proposed to be called, shall be addressed to the Directors, and shall be sent to the registered office of the Company.

Upon the receipt of such requisition the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting to be held at such time and place as they shall determine. If they do not proceed to convene the same within seven days from the delivery of the requisition, the requisitionists may themselves convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such place and such time as the Shareholders convening the meeting may themselves fix.

63. Any Shareholder may, on giving not less than ten days' previous notice of any resolution, submit the same a meeting.

64. Such notice shall be given by leaving a copy of the resolution at the registered office of the Company.

65. Seven days' notice at least of every General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, and by whomsoever convened, specifying the place, date, hour of meeting, and the object and business of the meeting, shall be given by advertisement in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*, or in such other manner and (if any) as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting. Where it is proposed to pass a special resolution the two meetings may be convened by one and the same notice, and it is to be no objection to such notice that it only convenes the second meeting contingently upon the resolution being passed by the requisite majority at the first meeting.

66. Every Ordinary General Meeting shall be competent, without special notice having been given of the purposes for which it is convened, or of the business to be transacted thereat, to receive and discuss any report and any accounts presented thereto by the Directors, and to pass resolutions in approval or disapproval thereof, and to declare dividends, and to elect Directors and Auditors in place of those retiring by rotation, and to fix the remuneration of the Auditors; and shall also be competent to enter upon, discuss, and transact any business whatsoever of which special mention shall have been given in the notice or notices upon which the meeting was convened.

67. With the exceptions mentioned in the foregoing Articles as to the business which may be transacted at Ordinary General Meetings without notice, no General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss, or transact any business which has not been specially mentioned in the notice or notices upon which it was convened.

68. No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting, except the declaration of a dividend recommended by a report of the Directors or election of a Chairman, unless there shall be present or represented at the commencement of the business two or more Shareholders entitled to vote.

69. If at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting the required number of Shareholders shall not be present at the meeting, the meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of Shareholders, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place; and if at such

adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, those Shareholders who are present shall be a quorum, and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.

70. The Chairman (if any) of the Directors shall be entitled to take the Chair at every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary; or if there be no Chairman, or if at any meeting he shall not be present at the time appointed for holding such meeting, or if he shall refuse to take the Chair, the Shareholders shall choose another Director as Chairman, and if no Directors be present, or if all the Directors present decline to take the Chair, then the Shareholders present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman.

71. No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting, except the election of a Chairman whilst the Chair is vacant.

72. The Chairman may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place, unless due notice thereof shall be given.

73. Minutes of the proceedings of every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall when so entered be signed as soon as practicable by the Chairman of the same meeting, or by the Chairman of the succeeding meeting, and the same when so entered and signed shall be evidence of all such proceedings and of the proper election of the Chairman.

VOTING AT MEETINGS.

74. At any meeting every resolution shall be decided by a show of hands, and in case there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman at such meeting shall be entitled to give a casting vote in addition to the vote to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder; and unless a poll be immediately demanded by some Shareholder, or in the case of a special resolution by three Shareholders present and entitled to vote, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the Minute Book of the Company shall be sufficient evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proposition of votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution. The power of demanding a poll conferred by this clause may be exercised by the proxy or attorney of any Shareholder duly appointed in that behalf.

75. If at any meeting a poll be demanded by some Shareholder present, his proxy or attorney or in the case of a special resolution, by three Shareholders their proxies or attorneys at the meeting and entitled to vote, the meeting shall, if necessary, be adjourned, and the poll shall be taken at such time and place and in such manner as the Chairman shall direct, and in such case every Shareholder shall have the number of votes to which he may be entitled as hereinafter provided; and in case at any such poll there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting at which such poll shall have been demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder or proxy or attorney, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in such meeting.

76. The demand of a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.

77. No poll shall be demanded on the election of a Chairman of the meeting or on any question of adjournment.

78. On a show of hands every Shareholder present in person shall have one vote. Where a Shareholder is present by an attorney who is not a Shareholder, such attorney shall be entitled to vote for such Shareholder on a show of hands. In case of a poll every Shareholder shall have one vote for every share held by him.

79. The parent or guardian or curator of an infant Shareholder, the committee or other legal guardian or curator of any lunatic Shareholder, the husband of any female Shareholder not entitled to her shares as separate estate, and the executor or administrator of any deceased Shareholder, or any one of such persons as aforesaid, if more than one, shall not be entitled to vote in the place of such infant, lunatic, female, or deceased person, unless such person shall have been registered as a Shareholder.

80. Votes may be given either personally or by proxy or by attorney.

81. No Shareholder shall be entitled to be present or to vote, either personally or by proxy or attorney, at any meeting unless all calls due from him on his shares have been paid, and no Shareholder, other than the trustee or assignee of a bankrupt or representative of a deceased Shareholder, shall be entitled to be present or to vote at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company in respect of any share which he has acquired by transfer, unless he has been registered as the holder of the share in respect of which he claims to vote at least one month previous to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote.

82. No person shall be entitled to hold a proxy who is not a Shareholder in the Company, but this rule shall not apply to a power of attorney.

83. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be printed or written and shall be signed by the appointor (whether a Shareholder or his attorney), or if such appointor be a company or corporation, it shall be under the common seal of such company or corporation.

84. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than twenty-four hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote.

The instrument appointing a proxy may be in the following form:—

The Mayow Rubber Sole Factory Company, Limited.

I, _____ of _____, appoint _____, of _____ as my proxy, to represent me and to vote for me and on my behalf at the Ordinary (or Extraordinary, as the case may be) General Meeting of the Company to be held on the _____ day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and _____, and at any adjournment thereof, and at every poll which may be taken in consequence thereof.

As witness my hand this _____ day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and _____.

85. No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) except at the meeting or poll at which such votes shall be tendered, and every vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) to which no objection shall be made at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.

86. No Shareholder shall be prevented from voting by reason of his being personally interested in the result of the voting.

DIRECTORS.

87. The number of Directors shall never be less than two or more than six; but this clause shall be construed as being directory only, and the continuing Directors or Director may act notwithstanding any number of vacancies.

The qualification of a Director shall be his holding in his own right at least fifty fully or partly paid shares in the Company upon which all calls for the time being have been paid, and this qualification shall apply as well to the first Directors as to all future Directors.

88. As remuneration for their services the Directors shall be entitled to appropriate a sum not exceeding Three thousand Rupees (Rs. 3,000) annually to be divided between them in such manner as they may determine, but the Company in General Meeting may at any time alter the amount of such remuneration for the future, and such remuneration shall

not be considered as including any remuneration granted for special or extra services hereinafter referred to, nor any extra remuneration to the Managing Directors of the Company.

89. The first Directors shall be J. E. B. Baillie Hamilton, F. J. Poyntz Roberts, W. Sutherland Ross, R. C. Scott, and J. H. Wynell Mayow (of whom Messrs. Baillie Hamilton, Poyntz Roberts, and Wynell Mayow will join the Board after allotment) who shall hold office till the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company, when they shall all retire, but shall be eligible for re-election.

90. One or more of the Directors may be appointed by the Directors to act as Secretary, Managing Director or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Agents of the Company, or Superintendents of any of the estates, for such time and on such terms as the Directors may determine or may fix by agreement with the person or persons appointed to the office, and they may from time to time revoke such appointment and appoint another or other Secretary, Managing Director or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Agents, or Superintendents.

The Directors may confer on the Managing Director or Managing Directors all or any duties and powers that might be conferred on any Manager of the Company.

If any Director shall be called upon to perform any extra services, the Directors may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such services, either by way of salary, commission, or the payment of a lump sum of money, as they shall think fit.

ROTATION OF DIRECTORS.

91. At the First Ordinary General Meeting of the Company all the Directors shall retire from office, and at the first Ordinary General Meeting in every subsequent year one of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office as provided in clause 92.

92. The Director to retire from office at the second, third, and fourth Ordinary General Meeting shall, unless the Directors otherwise arrange among themselves, be determined by ballot; in every subsequent year the Directors to retire shall be those who have been longest in office.

93. In case any question shall arise as to which of the Directors who have been the same time in office shall retire, the same shall be decided by the Directors by ballot.

94. Retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.

95. The Ordinary General Meeting at which Directors retire or ought to retire by rotation shall appoint successors to them, and in default thereof such successors may be appointed at a subsequent Ordinary General Meeting.

96. Any casual vacancy occurring in the number of Directors or provisional Directors arising from death, resignation, or otherwise may be filled up by the Directors, but any person appointed to fill such vacancy shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Director would have retained the same if no vacancy had occurred.

97. A General Meeting may from time to time increase or reduce the number of Directors, and may also determine in what rotation such increased or reduced number is to go out of office.

98. If at any meeting at which an election of a Director ought to take place the place of a retiring Director is not filled up, the retiring Director may continue in office until the first Ordinary General Meeting in the next year, and so on from meeting to meeting until his place is filled up, unless it shall be determined at such meeting to reduce the number of Directors.

99. A Director may at any time give notice in writing of his intention to resign by delivering such notice to the Secretary, or by leaving the same at the registered office of the Company, or by tendering his written resignation at a meeting of the Directors, and on the acceptance of his resignation by the Directors, but not before, his office shall become vacant.

100. The Company may, by a special resolution, remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and may, by an ordinary resolution, appoint another person in his stead. The Directors so appointed shall hold office only during such time as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.

101. Every Director or officer of the Company, and his heirs, executors, and administrators shall be indemnified by the Company from all losses and expenses incurred by him in or about the discharge of his duties, except such as happen from his respective wilful acts or defaults; and no Director or officer shall, nor shall the heirs, executors, or administrators of any Director or officer, be liable for the acts or defaults of any other Director or officer, or for any loss or expense happening to the Company by the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired for or on behalf of the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested, or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency, or tortious act of any person with whom any moneys, securities, or effects shall be deposited, or for any other loss, damage, or misfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, unless the same happen through his own wilful act or default.

102. No contribution shall be required from any present or past Director or Manager exceeding the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares in respect of which he is liable as a present or past Shareholder.

DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS.

103. The office of Director shall be vacated—

- (a) If he accepts or holds any office or place of profit other than Managing Director, Visiting Agent, Superintendent, or Secretary under the Company.
- (b) If he becomes bankrupt or insolvent, or suspends payment, or files a petition for the liquidation of his affairs, or compounds with his creditors.
- (c) If by reason of mental or bodily infirmity he becomes incapable of acting.
- (d) If he ceases to hold the required number of shares to qualify him for the office.
- (e) If he resigns his office under the provisions of clause 99.
- (f) If he ceases to reside in Ceylon.

No Director shall be disqualified from holding office by reason of entering into any contract with or doing any work for the Company or by reason of his being a member of any corporation, company, or firm which has entered into any contract with, or done any work for, the Company, or from being agent, or secretary, or solicitor, or by his being a member of a firm who are agents, or secretaries, or solicitors of the Company; nevertheless, he shall disclose to the Directors his interest in any contract work or business in which he may be personally interested, and shall not vote in respect of any matters connected with any such contract, work, or business.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS.

104. The Directors shall have power to carry into effect the acquisition of the said Oaklands Factory, land, and business, and the lease, purchase, or acquisition of any other lands, estates, or property they may think fit, or any share or shares thereof.

105. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors either by themselves or through a Managing Director, or with the assistance of an agent or agents, and secretary or secretaries of the Company to be appointed by the Directors for such a period and on such terms as they shall determine, and the Directors shall pay out of the funds of the

Company all costs and expenses, as well preliminary as otherwise, paid or incurred in and about the formation and the registration of the Company, and in and about the valuation, purchase, lease, or acquisition of the said estates and lands, and the opening, clearing, planting, and cultivation thereof, and otherwise in or about the working and business of the Company.

106. The Directors shall have power to make, and may make such rules or regulations for the management of the business and property of the Company as they may from time to time think proper, and shall carry on the business of the Company in such manner as they may think most expedient; and, in addition to the powers and authorities by any Ordinance or by these presents expressly conferred on them, they may exercise all such powers, give all such consents, make all such arrangements, appoint all such agents, managers, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, superintendents, assistants, clerks, artisans, labourers, and other servants for such period or periods and with such remuneration and at such salaries, and upon such terms and conditions as they may consider advisable, and may pay the expenses occasioned thereby out of the funds of the Company, and may from time to time remove or suspend all or any of the managers, agents, treasurers, accountants, officers, clerks, or servants of the Company for such reasons as they may think proper and advisable and without assigning any cause for so doing.

107. The Directors shall exercise in the name and on behalf of the Company all such powers of the Company as are not expressly required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, and shall generally do all such acts and things as are or shall be by any Ordinance and by these presents directed and authorized to be exercised, given, made, or done, by the Company, and are not by any Ordinance or by these presents required to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of any such Ordinances and of these presents and to such regulations and provisions (if any) as may from time to time be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting; but no regulations made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made.

The generality of the powers conferred by any clause in these presents on the Directors shall not be taken to be limited by any clause conferring any special or expressed power.

108. The Directors shall have power to appoint a proctor or proctors, solicitor or solicitors, attorney or attorneys to assist in carrying on or protecting the business of the Company, on such terms as they may consider proper, and from time to time to revoke such appointment.

109. The Directors shall have power to open from time to time on behalf of the Company any account or accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint, and also by such signatures as they may appoint to draw, accept, make, endorse, sign, and execute cheques, bills of exchange, and promissory notes, bills of lading, receipts, contracts, and agreements, bonds, mortgages, proxies to any proctor or proctors, and other documents, on behalf of and to further the interests of the Company.

110. The seal of the Company shall not be affixed to any instrument except in the presence of two or more of the Directors, or of one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries, who shall attest the sealing thereof; such attestation on the part of the Secretaries, in the event of a firm or registered company being the Secretaries, being signified by a partner or duly authorized manager, director, secretary, attorney, or agent of the said firm or company signing for and on behalf of the said firm or company as such Secretaries.

111. It shall be lawful for the Directors, if authorized so to do by a special resolution of the Shareholders of the Company in General Meeting, to arrange terms for the amalgamation of the Company with any other company or companies, or individual or individuals, or for the sale or disposal of the business, estates, and effects, of the Company, or any part or parts, share or shares thereof, respectively, to any company or companies, or person or persons, upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit, and the Directors shall have power to do all such things as may be necessary for carrying such amalgamation, sale, or other disposition into effect so far as a resolution or special resolution of the Company is not by law necessary for such purpose; and in case any terms so arranged by the Directors include or make necessary the dissolution of the Company, the Company shall be dissolved to that end.

112. In furtherance and not in limitation of, and without prejudice to, the general powers conferred or implied in the last preceding clause, and of the other powers conferred by these presents, it is hereby expressly declared that the Directors shall have the powers following (that is to say):—

- (a) To institute, conduct, defend, compromise, settle, or abandon any action, suit, prosecution, or other legal proceedings on behalf of the Company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due to or from the Company, and any claims or demands made by or against the Company.
- (b) To refer any claims or demands by or against the Company to arbitration, and observe and perform or enforce the awards.
- (c) To make and give receipts, releases, and other discharges for money payable to the Company and for claims and demands by the Company.
- (d) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents, with power to accept the office of trustee, assignee, liquidator, or inspector, or any similar office.
- (e) To invest any of the moneys of the Company which the Directors may consider not to be immediately required for the purposes thereof, upon such securities and in such manner as they may think fit, and so that they shall not be restricted to such securities as are permissible to trustees, without special powers, and from time to time to vary or release such investments.
- (f) To delegate to any one or more of the Directors of the Company for the time being, or any other person or company for the time being, residing or carrying on business in Ceylon or elsewhere, all or any of the powers or functions given to or exercisable by the Directors; and to confer such powers for such time and to be exercised for such objects and purposes, and upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as the Directors may think expedient, and to confer such powers either collaterally with or to the exclusion of, and in the substitution for, all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf, and from time to time to revoke, withdraw, alter, or vary all or any of such powers. The Directors may allow to any person or company to whom any powers may be so delegated such remuneration as they in their absolute discretion shall think fit.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

113. The Directors may meet for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings at such places and times and in such manner as they may think fit, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Until otherwise determined, two Directors shall be a quorum.

114. A Director may at any time summon a meeting of Directors.

115. The Board may elect a Chairman of their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office, and all meetings of the Directors shall be presided over by the Chairman, if one has been elected and if present, but if there be a vacancy in the office of Chairman, or if at any meeting of Directors the Chairman be not present at the time appointed for holding the same, then and in that case the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.

116. Any question which shall arise at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman thereat shall have a casting vote in addition to his vote as a Director.

117. The Board may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as the Board think fit, and they may from time to time revoke and discharge any such committee, either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee so formed shall, in exercise of the powers delegated to it, conform to all such regulations as may be prescribed by the Board. All acts done by any such committee, in conformity with such regulations and in the fulfilment of the purposes of their appointment, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.

118. The Meetings and proceedings of such committees shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto, and are not superseded by the express terms of the appointment of such committee respectively, or any regulation imposed by the Board.

119. The acts of the Board or of any committees appointed by the Board shall, notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board or committee, or defect in the appointment or qualification of any Director or of any member of the committee be as valid as if no such vacancy or defect had existed, and as if such person had been duly appointed or qualified, provided the same be done before the discovery of the vacancy or defect.

120. A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors for the time being in Ceylon shall be as valid and effected as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted.

121. The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in a book or books to be provided for the purpose :—

- (1) Of all appointments of (a) officers and (b) committees made by the Directors.
- (2) Of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors.
- (3) Of the names of the members of the committee appointed by the Board present at each meeting of the committee.
- (4) Of all orders made by the Directors.
- (5) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all General Meetings of the Company.
- (6) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of the Directors.
- (7) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of committees appointed by the Board.

122. All such minutes shall be signed by the person who shall have presided as Chairman at the General Meeting, the Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting at which the business minuted shall have been transacted, or by the person who shall preside as Chairman at the next ensuing General Meeting, or Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, as the case may be; and all minutes purporting to have been signed by any Chairman of any General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively, shall, for all purposes whatsoever, be *prima facie* evidence of the actual and regular passing of the resolutions, and the actual and regular transaction or occurrence of the proceedings and other matters purporting to be so recorded, and of the regularity of the meeting at which the same shall appear to have taken place, and of the Chairmanship and signature of the person appearing to have signed as Chairman, and of the date on which such meeting was held.

ACCOUNTS.

123. The Agent or Secretary or the Agents or Secretaries, for the time being, or, if there be no Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries, the Directors shall cause true accounts to be kept of the paid-up capital for the time being of the Company, and of all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and of the matters in respect of which such sums were received and expended, and of the assets, credits, and liabilities of the Company, and generally of all its commercial, financial, and other affairs, transactions, and engagements, and of all other matters necessary for showing the true financial state and condition of the Company. The accounts shall be kept in such books and in such a manner at the registered office of the Company as the Directors think fit.

124. The Directors shall from time to time determine whether, and to what extent, and at what times and places, and under what conditions or regulations, the accounts and books of the Company or of any of them shall be open to the inspection of the Shareholders, and no Shareholders shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company, except as conferred by Ordinance or authorized by the Directors or by a resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

125. At the Ordinary General Meeting in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company a statement of the income and expenditure of the Company for the previous financial year, and a balance sheet containing a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company made up to the end of the same period.

126. The statement so made shall show, arranged under the most convenient heads, the amount of gross income, distinguishing the several sources from which it has been derived, and the amount of gross expenditure, distinguishing the expense of the establishment, salaries, and other heads of expenditure. Every item of expenditure fairly chargeable against the year's income shall be brought into account, so that a just balance of profit and loss may be laid before the meeting, and in case where any item of expenditure which may in fairness be distributed over several years has been incurred in any one year, the whole amount of such item shall be stated, with the addition of the reasons why only a portion of such expenditure is charged against the income of the year.

127. The balance sheet shall contain a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company, arranged under the heads appearing in the form annexed to the table referred to in Schedule C to "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," or as near thereto as circumstances admit.

128. Every such statement shall be accompanied by a report as to the state and condition of the Company, and as to the amount which the Directors recommend should be paid out of the profits by way of dividend or bonus to the Shareholders, and the statement, report, and balance sheet shall be signed by the Directors.

129. A printed copy of such balance sheet shall, at least seven days previous to such meeting, be delivered at, or posted to, the registered address of every Shareholder.

130. The accounts of the Company shall from time to time be examined, and the correctness of the balance sheet ascertained, by one or more Auditor or Auditors.

AUDIT.

131. No person shall be eligible as an Auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Shareholder in any transaction of the Company, but it shall not be a necessary qualification for an Auditor that he be a Shareholder of the Company, and no Director or officer of the Company shall, during the continuance in office, be eligible as an Auditor.

132. The Directors shall appoint the first Auditor or Auditors of the Company and fix his or their remuneration. He or they shall hold office till the second General Meeting of the Company. All subsequent appointments shall, except as is hereinafter mentioned, be made at the Ordinary General Meeting of the Company in each year by the Shareholders present thereat, and the Auditor or Auditors appointed at such Meeting shall hold office only until the first Ordinary General Meeting after his or their appointment or until otherwise ordered by a General Meeting.

133. The remuneration of the Auditors other than the first shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting, and this remuneration may from time to time be varied by a General Meeting.

134. Retiring Auditors shall be eligible for re-election.

135. If any vacancy that may occur in the office of Auditor is not supplied at the Ordinary General Meeting, or if any casual vacancy shall occur in the office of Auditor, the Directors shall fill up the vacancy by the appointment of a person or persons who shall hold office until the next Ordinary General Meeting after his or their appointment.

136. Every Auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet intended to be laid before the next Ordinary General Meeting, after his appointment, and it shall be his duty to examine the same with the accounts and vouchers relating thereto and to report thereon to the meeting, generally, or specially, as he may think fit.

137. The Auditor or Auditors for the time being shall have a list delivered to him or them of all books kept by the Company, and he or they shall at all reasonable hours in the daytime have access to all accounts, books, and documents whatsoever of the Company for the purpose of audit.

DIVIDENDS, BONUS, AND RESERVE FUND.

138. The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, from time to time, declare a dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders in proportion to the amount paid on their shares, but no dividend shall be payable except out of nett profits.

139. The Directors may, if they think fit, determine on and declare an interim dividend to be paid, or pay a bonus to the Shareholders on account and in anticipation of the dividend for the then current year.

140. The Directors may, before recommending any dividend or bonus, set aside out of the profits of the Company such a sum as they think proper as a reserve fund and may invest the same in such securities as they may select, or place the same in fixed deposit in any bank or banks, and may from time to time deal with and vary such investment and apply such reserve fund or such portion thereof as they think fit, to meet contingencies or for special dividends or for equalizing dividends, or for working the business of the Company, or for repairing or maintaining or extending the buildings and premises of the Company or for the repair or renewal or extension of the property or plant of the Company or any part thereof, or for any other purposes connected with the interest of the Company that they may from time to time deem expedient without being bound to keep the same separate from the other assets.

141. Any General Meeting may direct payment of any dividend or bonus declared at such meeting or of any interim dividends or bonuses which may subsequently be declared by the Directors, wholly or in part by means of drafts or cheques on London, or by the distribution of specific assets and in particular of paid-up shares, debentures, or debenture stock of the Company or of any other company or in any other form of specie, or in any one or more of such ways, and the Directors shall give effect to such direction and when any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution they may settle the same as they think expedient, and in particular may issue fractional certificates and may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof, and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any Shareholder upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties, and may vest any such specific assets in trustees upon such trusts for the persons entitled to the dividend or bonus as may seem expedient to the Directors.

142. No unpaid dividend or bonus shall ever bear interest against the Company.

143. No Shareholder shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividend or bonus in respect of his share or shares whilst any moneys may be due or owing from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company in respect of such share or shares, or otherwise howsoever.

144. The Directors may deduct from the dividend or bonus payable to any Shareholder all such sums of money as may be due from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company, and notwithstanding the fact that such sums or any of them are not payable until after the date when such dividend or bonus is payable.

145. Notice of any dividend that has been declared, or of any bonus to be paid, shall be given to each Shareholder entitled thereto, and any dividend or bonus unclaimed by any Shareholder for three years after notice thereof is given may be forfeited by the Directors for the benefit of the Company, and, if the Directors think fit, may be applied in augmentation of the reserve fund.

146. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any partner of such firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm.

147. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by several persons jointly, other than a firm, may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any one of such persons.

NOTICES.

148. Notices from the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed or written) of the Agent or Secretary, Agents or Secretaries, or persons appointed by the Board to authenticate the same.

149. Every Shareholder shall give an address in Ceylon which shall be deemed to be his place of abode, and shall be registered as such in the books of the Company.

150. A notice may be served by the Company upon any Shareholder, either personally or by being sent through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to such Shareholder at his registered address or place of abode, and any notice so served shall be deemed to be well served notwithstanding that the Shareholder to whom such notice is addressed be dead, unless his executors or administrators shall have given to the Directors, or to the Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries of the Company their own or some other address in Ceylon to which notices may be sent.

151. All notices directed to be given to Shareholders shall, with respect to any share to which persons are jointly entitled, other than a firm, be given to whichever of such persons is named first in the Register of Shareholders, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares.

152. Any notice if served by post shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the letter containing the same would in ordinary course of post have been delivered at its address, and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and put into a Post Office or post box, and the entry in the Company's books of the leaving or sending by post of any notice at or to such address shall be sufficient evidence thereof, and no further evidence shall be necessary.

153. Any Shareholder who fails to give and register an address in Ceylon as provided in Article No. 149 shall not be entitled to be given any notices.

All notices required to be given by advertisement shall be published in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*.

ARBITRATION.

154. Whenever any question or other matter whatsoever arises in dispute between the Company and any other company or person, the same may be referred by the Directors to arbitration.

EVIDENCE.

155. On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought or instituted by the Company against any Shareholder or his representatives to recover and debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is or was, when the claim arose, on the Register of Shareholders of the Company as a holder of the number of shares in respect of which such claim is made, and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company; and it shall not be necessary to prove the registration of the Company, nor the appointment of the Directors who made any call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the board at which any call was made, nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

PROVISIONS RELATIVE TO WINDING UP OR DISSOLUTION OF THE COMPANY.

156. Any Shareholder, whether a Director or not, and whether alone or jointly with any other Shareholder or Director, and any person not a Shareholder, may become the purchaser of the property of the Company or any part thereof in the event of a winding up or a dissolution, or at any other time when a sale of the Company's property or effects or any part thereof shall be made by the Directors under the powers hereby or under the Ordinance conferred upon them.

157. If the Company shall be wound up whether voluntarily or otherwise the liquidator or liquidators may with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company divide among the contributories in specie any part of the assets of the Company, and may with the like sanction vest any part of the assets of the Company in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories as the liquidator or liquidators with the like sanction shall think fit, and if thought expedient any such division may be otherwise than in accordance with the legal rights of the members of the Company and in particular any class may be given preferential or special rights or may be excluded altogether or in part and the liquidator or liquidators shall be entitled to sell all or any of the assets of the Company in consideration of or in exchange for shares, ordinary, fully paid, part paid, or preference in the purchasing company, but in case any division otherwise than in accordance with the legal rights of the contributories shall be determined on or any sale made of any or all of the assets of the Company in exchange for shares in the purchasing company either ordinary, fully paid, or part paid, or preference, any contributory who would be prejudiced thereby shall have a right to dissent as if such determination were a special resolution passed pursuant to the section 192 of the Companies (Consolidation) Act of 1908 in England, but for the purposes of an arbitration as in the sub-section (6) of the said section provided the provisions of the Ceylon Arbitration Ordinance, 1866, and of the Ceylon Ordinance, No. 2 of 1889, shall apply in place of the English and Scotch Acts referred to in the said sub-section (6) of section 192 of the aforewritten Companies (Consolidation) Act, and the said section 192 save as herein excepted shall be deemed to be part and parcel of these present Articles.

In witness whereof the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereto set and subscribed their names at the places and on the dates hereafter written.

W. SUTHERLAND ROSS.

G. C. SLATER.

PERCY W. WEEKES.

G. P. KELLY.

C. L. CARSON PARKER.

H. CREASY.

E. R. WILLIAMS.

Witness to the above signatures at Colombo, this Nineteenth day of January, 1922 :

A. R. NELSON,

Clerk to Messrs. Julius & Creasy, Notaries, Colombo.

[First Publication.]

The Kudaganga Rubber Company (of Ceylon), Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fifteenth Annual Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the registered office, No. 19, Queen street, Fort, Colombo, on Monday, February 27, 1922, at 1 P.M.

Business.

1. To receive the report of the Directors and statement of accounts for the year ended December 31, 1921.
2. To declare a dividend.
3. To elect a Director.
4. To appoint Auditors for the current year, and to transact any other business that may be duly brought before the Meeting.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from February 21 to 27, 1922, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,

HENDERSON & Co.,

Colombo, February 15, 1922. Agents and Secretaries.

The Hangranoya Tea Estates, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Sixth Annual Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the registered office, No. 19, Queen street, Fort, Colombo, on Monday, February 27, 1922, at 3 P.M.

Business.

1. To receive the report of the Directors and statement of accounts for the year ended December 31, 1921.
2. To elect a Director.
3. To appoint Auditors for the current year, and to transact any other business that may be duly brought before the Meeting.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from February 21 to 27, 1922, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,

HENDERSON & Co.,

Colombo, February 15, 1922. Agents and Secretaries.

The Walagama Rubber Company Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Twelfth Annual Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of this Company will be held at the registered office, No. 19, Queen street, Fort, Colombo, on Thursday, March 2, 1922, at 1 P.M.

Business.

1. To receive the report of the Directors and statement of accounts for the year ended December 31, 1921.
2. To elect a Director.
3. To appoint Auditors for the current year, and to transact any other business that may be duly brought before the Meeting.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from February 24 to March 2, 1922, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,

HENDERSON & Co.,

Colombo, February 15, 1922. Agents and Secretaries.

The Gavatenne Estate, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fourth Annual Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of this Company will be held at the registered office, No. 19, Queen street, Fort, Colombo, on Thursday, March 2, 1922, at 3 P.M.

Business.

1. To receive the report of the Directors and statement of accounts for the year ended December 31, 1921.
2. To elect a Director.
3. To appoint Auditors for the current year, and to transact any other business that may be duly brought before the Meeting.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from February 24 to March 2, 1922, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,

HENDERSON & Co.,

Colombo, February 15, 1922. Agents and Secretaries.

The Sinagama Rubber Company, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Eleventh Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the registered office of the Company, Gaffoor building, Main street, Colombo, on Tuesday, February 28, 1922, at 12 noon.

Business.

1. To receive the report of the Directors and statement of accounts to December 31, 1921.
2. To elect a Director.
3. To appoint an Auditor, and to transact any other business that may be duly brought before the Meeting.

By order of the Directors,
GORDON FRAZEE & Co., LTD.,
Colombo, February 17, 1922. Agents and Secretaries.

The Moneragalla Rubber Company, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Seventeenth Annual Ordinary General Meeting of this Company will be held at the registered offices of the Company, Gaffoor building, Main street, Colombo, on Thursday, March 2, 1922, at 12 noon.

Business.

1. To receive the report of the Directors and accounts for the year ended December 31, 1921.
2. To elect a Director.
3. To appoint an Auditor, and to transact any other business that may be duly brought before the Meeting.

By order of the Directors,
GORDON FRAZEE & Co., LTD.,
Colombo, February 17, 1922. Agents and Secretaries.

The Clifton Rubber Company, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Tenth Annual Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the registered office of the Company, Gaffoor building, Main street, Colombo, on Monday, March 6, 1922, at 12 noon.

Business.

1. To receive the report of the Directors and statement of accounts to December 31, 1921.
2. To elect a Director.
3. To appoint an Auditor, and to transact any other business that may be duly brought before the Meeting.

By order of the Directors,
GORDON FRAZEE & Co., LTD.,
Colombo, February 17, 1922. Agents and Secretaries.

The Niriwatte Company, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Second Ordinary General Meeting of the Company will be held at the registered office of the Company, No. 2, Queen street, Fort, Colombo, on Saturday, February 25, 1922, at 11 A.M.

Business.

1. To receive the report of the Directors and the accounts for the period ended December 31, 1921.
2. To elect a Director.
3. To appoint Auditors.
4. To transact any other business that may be duly brought before the Meeting.

By order of the Directors,
WHITTALL & Co.,
Colombo, February 15, 1922. Agents and Secretaries.

The Sunderland (Ceylon) Rubber Company, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fifteenth Annual Ordinary General Meeting of the Company will be held at the registered office of the Company, No. 2, Queen street, Fort, Colombo, on Saturday, February 25, 1922, at 11.15 A.M.

Business.

1. To receive the report of the Directors and the accounts for the twelve months ended December 31, 1921.
2. To declare a dividend.

3. To elect a Director.
 4. To appoint Auditors for the current year.
 5. To transact any other business that may be duly brought before the Meeting.
- The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from February 18 to 25, 1922, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,
WHITTALL & Co.,
Colombo, February 15, 1922. Agents and Secretaries.

The Ruanwella Tea Company, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Twenty-seventh Annual Ordinary General Meeting of the Company will be held at the registered office of the Company, No. 2, Queen street, Fort, Colombo, on Saturday, February 25, 1922, at 11.30 A.M.

Business.

1. To receive the report of the Directors and the accounts for the twelve months ended December 31, 1921.
 2. To declare a dividend.
 3. To elect a Director.
 4. To appoint Auditors for the current year.
 5. To transact any other business that may be duly brought before the Meeting.
- The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from February 18 to 25, 1922, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,
WHITTALL & Co.,
Colombo, February 15, 1922. Agents and Secretaries.

The Nyanza Tea Company of Ceylon, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Third Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of this Company will be held at its registered office, Prince building, Prince street, Fort, Colombo, on Monday, March 6, 1922, at 11 A.M.

Business.

1. To receive the report of the Directors and accounts for the year ended December 31, 1921.
 2. To declare a dividend.
 3. To elect a Director.
 4. To appoint Auditors for 1922.
 5. To transact such other business as may properly come before the Meeting.
- The Share Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from February 20 to March 9, 1922, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,
LEWIS BROWN & Co., LTD.,
Colombo, February 14, 1922. Agents and Secretaries.

The Uva Rubber Company of Ceylon, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Seventeenth Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of this Company will be held at its registered office, Prince building, Prince street, Fort, Colombo, on Monday, March 6, 1922, at 3 P.M.

Business.

1. To receive the report of the Directors and accounts for the year ended December 31, 1921.
 2. To elect a Director.
 3. To appoint Auditors for 1922.
 4. To transact such other business as may properly come before the Meeting.
- The Share Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from February 20 to March 6, 1922, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,
LEWIS BROWN & Co., LTD.,
Colombo, February 15, 1922. Agents and Secretaries.

The Ceylon Provincial Estates Company, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above-named Company will be held at No. 14, Queen street, Fort, Colombo, the registered office of the Company, on Monday, February 27, 1922, at noon, for the purpose of confirming as special resolutions the subjoined resolutions which were du

passed by the requisite majority at the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on February 10, 1922.

1. That each of the existing 2,000 ordinary shares of Rs. 500 each in the capital of the Company be divided into 5 shares of Rs. 100 each.

2. That the shares resulting from such division of each ordinary share of Rs. 500 each be re-numbered so that the shares representing those now numbered 1 to 2,000 be re-numbered 2,001 to 12,000.

By order of the Directors,
GEORGE STEUART & Co.,

Colombo, February 13, 1922. Agents and Secretaries.

The Logie Tea and Rubber Company, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Third Annual Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the registered office of the Company, No. 6, Prince street, Fort, Colombo, on Saturday, February 25, 1922, at 12 noon.

Business.

1. To receive the report of the Directors and statement of accounts to December 31, 1921.

2. To declare a dividend.

3. To elect a Director.

To appoint an Auditor for the current year, and to transact such other business as may duly be brought before the Meeting.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from February 10 to 25, 1922, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,
J. M. ROBERTSON & Co.,

Colombo, February 15, 1922. Agents and Secretaries.

The Vogan Tea Company of Ceylon, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Twenty-Sixth Annual General Meeting of Shareholders of the Company will be held at the registered office of the Company, No. 12, Queen street, Colombo, on Monday, March 6, 1922, at 11 A.M.

Business.

1. To receive the report of the Directors and accounts for the year 1921.

2. To consider the following motion, of which due notice has been given:—

“That the Company contribute a sum of Rs. 500 to the Planters' Benevolent Fund out of the profits from the season ended December 31, 1921.”

3. To declare a dividend.

4. To elect a Director.

5. To appoint Auditors.

6. To transact any other business that may be duly brought before the Meeting.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from February 23 to March 8, 1922, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,
LEE, HEDGES & Co., LTD.,

Colombo, February 2, 1922. Agents and Secretaries.

The Kanapediwattie Tea Company, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the registered office of the Company, No. 12, Queen street, Fort, Colombo, on Monday, March 6, 1922, at 3 P.M.

Business.

1. To receive the report of the Directors and the accounts for the year 1921.

2. To declare a dividend.

3. To elect a Director.

4. To appoint Auditors, and transact any other business that may be duly brought before the Meeting.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from February 23 to March 8, 1922, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,
LEE, HEDGES & Co., LTD.,

Colombo, February 6, 1922. Agents and Secretaries.

The Mirishena (Kalutara) Rubber Company, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Sixteenth Annual Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the registered office of the Company, No. 12, Queen street, Fort, Colombo, on Monday, March 6, 1922, at 3.15 P.M.

Business.

1. To receive the Directors' report and accounts for the year ended December 31, 1921.

2. To declare a dividend.

3. To elect a Director.

4. To appoint Auditors for the current year, and transact any other business that may be duly brought before the Meeting.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from March 2 to 8, 1922, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,
LEE, HEDGES & Co., LTD.,

Colombo, February 13, 1922. Agents and Secretaries.

The Fairlawn Estates, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Eleventh Annual Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held within the registered office of the Company, No. 4, Prince street, Fort, Colombo, on Saturday, February 25, 1922, at 11 A.M.

Business.

1. To receive and consider the annual statement of accounts and balance sheet, and the report of the Directors for the past year.

2. To elect a Director in the place of the one retiring, who offers himself for re-election.

3. To elect Auditors for 1922.

4. To transact any other ordinary business that may arise.

(In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, the Transfer Books will be closed from February 18 to 25, both days inclusive.)

By order of the Directors,
HARRISONS & CROSFIELD, LIMITED,

Colombo, February 14, 1922. Agents and Secretaries.

The Hunugalla Tea and Rubber Company, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above-named Company will be held at the National Mutual Building, Fort, Colombo, the registered office of the Company, on Saturday, March 4, 1922, at 11 o'clock for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing the subjoined resolutions:—

(1) That each of the existing 12,750 ordinary shares of Rs. 100 each in the capital of the Company be divided into 10 shares of Rs. 10 each.

(2) That the shares resulting from such division of each ordinary share of Rs. 100 be re-numbered, so that the shares representing those now numbered 1 to 12,750 be re-numbered 12,751 to 140,250.

(3) That each of the existing 2,250 preference shares of Rs. 100 each in the capital of the Company be divided into 10 shares of Rs. 10 each.

(4) That the shares resulting from such division of each preference share of Rs. 100 be re-numbered, so that the shares representing those now numbered 1 to 2,250 be re-numbered 2,251 to 24,750.

Should the above resolutions be passed by the requisite majority, they will be submitted for confirmation to a further Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, which will be convened for the purpose.

By order of the Board,
SKERNE & Co.,

Colombo, February 10, 1922. Agents and Secretaries.

The Straetman Company, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Eighth Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at 12.15 P.M. on Tuesday, February 28, 1922, at the registered office of the Company, Australia buildings, York street, Colombo.

Business.

- (1) To receive the report of the Directors and accounts to December 31, 1921.
 - (2) To elect a Director.
 - (3) To appoint Auditors.
- To transact any other business that may be duly brought before the Meeting.

By order of the Directors,

CARSON & CO., LTD.,

Colombo, February 15, 1922.

Agents and Secretaries.

Galle Face Hotel Company, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Twenty-sixth Annual Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of this Company will be held at the registered office of the Company, on Monday, February 27, 1922, at 12.30 P.M.

Business.

To receive the report of the Directors and statement of accounts for the year ended December 31, 1921.

To declare a dividend, elect Directors, and appoint Auditors.

Any Shareholder unable to attend this Meeting will please appoint some Shareholder to act as his or her proxy; in which case a legal form duly executed must be deposited at this office before 12 noon on February 25, 1922.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from February 22 to 27, 1922, inclusive.

By order of the Board,

A. C. BERNARD,

Galle Face Hotel,
Colombo, February 10, 1922.

Secretary.

Motor Omnibus Company, Limited (in Liquidation).

NOTICE is hereby given that the Final General Meeting of Shareholders of the above-named Company will be held at the offices of Messrs. Harrisons & Crosfield, Ltd., No. 4, Prince street, Fort, Colombo, on Monday, March 20, 1922, at 11 A.M., for the following purposes:—

To receive and consider the report of the Liquidator and the accounts of the liquidation, and to pass a resolution adopting them.

To pass a resolution that the affairs of the Company are fairly wound up.

R. N. WATKINS,

Liquidator.

Colombo, February 15, 1922.

Auction Sale of Valuable House Property at Pitakotte.*Under Mortgage Decree.*

BY virtue of the commission issued to me in case No. 3,776 of the District Court of Colombo, I shall sell by public auction on Friday, March 10, 1922, at 5 P.M. at the spot—

All that divided 7/8 part or portion of Kongahawatta, with the buildings, trees, and plantations standing thereon, situated at Pitakotte, in the Palle pattu of Salpiti korale, in the District of Colombo, Western Province; bounded on the north by the live fence separating this land from the land of Mahalata Prige Juwanis Perera, on the east by the high road, on the south by the live fence separating this land from the other portion of this land belonging to Kuruvitige Pelis Silva, and on the west by the land presently owned by Philip Francis Jayasinghe and formerly of Davith Jayasinghe, Catechist, containing in extent 1 rood and 12 perches, which said premises are according to the recent figure of survey thereof No. 1,642 dated November 6, 1919, and made by Jos. Rodrigo, Specially Licensed Surveyor and Levellor, described as follows: An allotment of land called Kongahawatta (bearing assessment No. 109), with the buildings, trees, and plantations thereon, situated in the village Pitakotte aforesaid; bounded on the north by land bearing assessment No. 28 belonging to Baalasooriya Arachchige Peeris Appuhamy and land bearing assessment

No. 110, formerly of P. F. Jayasinghe, now belonging to Atalage Don Joseph, on the east by road to Colombo, on the south by land bearing assessment No. 108 belonging to Kuruvitige Pelis Silva, and on the west by property of Mr. Gabriel Perera, containing in extent 39 40/100 square perches.

Further particulars from J. Tambyah-Bartlett, Esq., Proctor, Supreme Court, and Notary, or—

No. 119, Hulftsdorp street. FRANCIS F. KRISHNAPILLAI,
Auctioneer and Broker.
Phone No. 1441.

Auction Sale of Valuable Properties at Narahenpita within the Municipal Limits and in the District of Colombo.*Under Mortgage Decree.*

UNDER and by virtue of the commission issued to me in case No. 1,863/1921 of the District Court of Colombo, I shall sell by public auction on Saturday, March 11, 1922, at the spot—

At 4 P.M.

(1) All that allotment of land called Davichchiyawatta and the buildings, plantations, and trees standing thereon, situated at Narahenpita, in the Palle pattu of Salpiti korale, now within the Municipal limits and in the District of Colombo, Western Province; and bounded on the north by T.Ps. 228,164, 228,203, and 228,205, on the east by lot S 326 in P. P. 3,348, and on the south and west by lot R 326 in P. P. 3,348; containing in extent 12 square perches, excluding a portion of land in extent 4 perches sold to E. C. de Fonseka.

At 4.30 P.M.

(2) All that lot marked E from and out of an allotment of land called Madangahawatta, bearing assessment No. 524/92, situated at Narahenpita, in the Palle pattu of Salpiti korale, now within the Municipal limits and in the District of Colombo, Western Province; which said lot marked E is bounded on the north by land claimed by the heirs of the late K. A. Dona Johanna Hamine, on the east by lot F, on the south by Thimbirigasyaya road, and on the west by lot D; containing in extent 3 88/100 perches.

Further particulars from J. Tambyah-Bartlett, Esq., Proctor, Supreme Court, and Notary, or—

FRANCIS F. KRISHNAPILLAI,
Auctioneer and Broker.
No. 119, Hulftsdorp street.
Phone No. 1441.
Colombo, February 10, 1922.

Auction Sale.

In the District Court of Colombo.

UNDER partition decree in case No. 2,228 of 1911 D. N. Colombo, under decree entered and by virtue of the commission issued to me in the above case, I put up for sale by auction on April 8, 1922, at 5 P.M. at the spot, all that land called Kongahawatta, situated at Mirihana, in the Palle pattu of Salpiti korale, in extent 2 roods and 32 40/100 perches.

The said property will be put up for sale first among the co-owners at the price at which the same has been valued, and if there will be no bidders among the co-owners, the same will immediately thereafter be put up for sale to the highest bidder among the public.

54, Belmont street, H. M. PEIRIS,
Colombo, February 15, 1922. Auctioneer and Broker.

Auction Sale.

UNDER instructions from the assignee and with the leave of court in insolvency case No. 3,033, D. N. Colombo, I shall put up for sale by public auction on February 25, 1922, commencing at 8 A.M., at No. 39, First Cross street, Pettah, Colombo, the shop goods and fittings consisting of almirahs, tables, chairs, embroideries, ladies' underwears, stockings, belts, &c., belonging to the insolvent.

54, Belmont street, H. M. PEIRIS,
Colombo, February 10, 1922. Auctioneer and Broker.

Auction Sale of the Leasehold Rights for the unexpired portion of 50 Years, of which 28 Years have yet to run.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Under Mortgage Decree, D. C., Colombo, No. 1,253/1921.

UNDER and by virtue of decree entered in this case and commission issued to me, I shall put up for sale by public auction on Saturday, March 11, 1922, at 4 P.M., at the spot—

All that and those the leasehold rights for the unexpired portion of 50 years from November 1, 1899, to October 30, 1949, vested in and by virtue of the assignment of lease bearing No. 2,847 dated November 27, 1899, attested by W. G. F. Seneviratne, Notary Public, in and over all that half part of premises and buildings bearing assessment No. 33, situated at Smallpass, Colombo, containing in extent 24 square perches more or less.

For the particulars from J. M. Perera, Esq., Proctor and Notary, Fort, Colombo.

R. C. HEYZER,
Auctioneer and Broker.

Auction rooms : 41, Darley road.
Phone 1681.

Auction Sale of Valuable Property in the District of Kalutara.

Under Mortgage Decree, D. C., Colombo, Case No. 54,494.

(1) Dora Lititia Weerasinghe Abeyaratna, wife of Walter of Wellawatta in Colombo Plaintiff.

Vs.

ahamarakkalage Edith Sarah Engeltina Fernando of lama in Moratuwa, widow of the late Telge Simon Peiris Defendant.

UNDER and by virtue of the decree entered in this case and commission issued to me, I shall put up for sale by public auction on Wednesday, March 15, 1922, commencing at 4 P.M., at the respective spots—

1. All that land called Delgahawatta *alias* Godapora-gahawatta, with the trees and buildings standing thereon, situated at Kehelwatta under Panadurebadda, in Panadure totamune, in the District of Kalutara, Western Province, containing in extent about 12 acres 2 roods and 8 perches.

2. All these five contiguous lands of Weliwatta *alias* Pusselgala, Dolewattaowita, Pusselgalanda, Hunyakkale-gawatta *alias* Pusselgalawatta, situated at Kehelwatta aforesaid, containing in extent about 7 acres and 2 roods, together with the defendant's right, title, and interest in and to the aforesaid several premises.

R. C. HEYZER,
Auctioneer and Broker.

Auction rooms : 41, Darley road.
Phone 1681.

Auction Sale of Valuable Property at Madulawa, in the Meda Pattu of Hewagam Korale, in the Colombo District.

UNDER mortgage decree, D. C., Colombo, 1,990/20, under and by virtue of the decree entered in the above case and commission issued to me, I shall sell by public auction on Friday, March 17, 1922, at 3 P.M., at the spot—

1. An allotment of land called Millagahawatta, with the rubber and other plantations standing thereon, situated at Madulawa, in the Meda pattu of Hewagam korale, in the Colombo District, containing in extent 5 acres.

2. A divided $\frac{1}{4}$ of an allotment of land called Morakettawewakumbura, situated at Madulawa aforesaid, containing about 1 bushel of paddy sowing areas.

3. An undivided $\frac{5}{96}$ of a field called Halgahakumbura, situated at Madulawa aforesaid, containing in extent about 40 kurunies of paddy sowing area.

4. An undivided $\frac{5}{6}$ of an allotment of land called Ketakelagahawatta, situated at Madulawa aforesaid, containing in extent about 1 acre.

5. An allotment of land called Terenwalawatta, situated at Madulawa aforesaid, containing in extent 3 roods and 7 perches.

Further particulars from R. C. Perera, Esq., Proctor and Notary, Hulftsdorp, Colombo.

R. C. HEYZER,
Auctioneer and Broker.

Auction room : 41, Darley road.
Phone 1681.

Auction Sale of Valuable Properties in Kurunegala District.

UNDER instructions from the administratrix of the estate of S. M. Seeni Mohamado of India, deceased, and with the leave of court in testamentary proceedings No. 445 of the District Court of Colombo, I shall sell by public auction on Saturday, March 11, 1922, commencing at 1 P.M., at the respective spots—

1. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ share of the land called Watuyaya of about 2 pelas of kurakkan sowing in extent, situated at Udage, in Meddeketiya korale of Katugampola hatpattu, in the District of Kurunegala, North Western Province.

2. The field called Talawewa in extent about 1 amunam of paddy sowing and the adjoining Liniyalandakumbura 3 lahas of paddy sowing, situated at Potuhera aforesaid, with the buildings and plantations thereon.

3. Bakinigahamulahena, in extent about 8 lahas of paddy sowing, situated at Potuhera aforesaid; together with the plantations and buildings thereon.

4. The land called Kadurugahamulapillewa in Potuhera aforesaid; containing in extent 1 laha of paddy sowing or 2 acres and 13 perches.

5. The field called Wanekumbura of 6 amunams of paddy sowing and the adjoining field called Muttetuwa *alias* Paluwakumbura of 1 pela of paddy sowing extent, situated at Potuhera aforesaid.

6. Asweddimakumbura and the adjoining Galagawa-kumbura about 16 lahas of paddy sowing extent, situated at Potuhera aforesaid.

7. All that land called Panabawewawatta of about 2 acres in extent, situated at Potuhera aforesaid.

8. The land called Monarapatnagalagawahena and adjoining Agarehena of 2 pelas and 9 lahas of kurakkan sowing in extent, excluding the $\frac{1}{4}$ share lying towards the east, situated at Wanamulla aforesaid; with all the plantations thereon, containing in extent 63 acres and 8 perches.

And on the same day, at the spot, at 5 P.M.

9. The land called Kosgahawatta *alias* Kongahawatta, situated at Polgahawela, in Katugampola hatpattu of Yagampattu korale, and the adjoining Andipitiyakumbura now known as Kongahawatta, containing in extent about 3 acres.

For further particulars apply to John Leopold Perera, Esq., Proctor, Supreme Court, or to me :

115/15, Hulftsdorp, or Philipton, A. V. PERERA,
Maligawatta, Colombo Auctioneer and Broker.

Auction Sale.

In the District Court of Colombo.

UNDER decree entered against Telge Mary Isabella Peiris and J. S. Fernando, both of Uyanawa Moratuwa and by virtue of commission issued to me in case No. 1,629/1921 of the District Court of Colombo, I shall sell the following land, specially bound and executable for the recovery of the amount therein stated, on Monday, March 13, 1922, at 5 P.M., at the spot :—All that portion of land called Madangahawatta, situated at Uyanawa in Moratuwa, and containing in extent 3 roods and 28 $\frac{56}{100}$ perches.

C. P. AMERASINHE,
Auctioneer and Broker.

No. 1, Hulftsdorp.

Auction Sale.

In the District Court of Negombo:

Nana Vana Ananisthapulle, by his attorney Muna Kandaswampulle of Negombo Plaintiff.
 • No. 14,828. Vs.

Wattage Selestino Fernando of Dandugama.. Defendant.

UNDER and by virtue of the decree and order in the above case I shall sell the under-mentioned properties, declared bound and executable for the recovery of the principal, interest, and costs, by public auction, at their respective spots, on Saturday, March 4, 1922, to wit:—

1. The land of four contiguous lots called Ambagahawatta, Gorakagahawatta, Kongahawatta or Pansalwatta, and Delgahawatta, situated at Kudahakapola, in Ragam pattu of the Alutkuru korale, in the District of Colombo, containing in extent 6 acres and 74 perches; of this land and of the tiled house thereon, the undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share.
2. The two contiguous lots Madangahawatta, situated at Kudahakapola aforesaid, containing in extent about 1 acre and 2 roods; of the southern undivided half share of this land, the undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share.
3. The land called Attikkagahawatta and field, situated at Kudahakapola aforesaid, containing in extent about 2 acres; of this high and low land, the undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share.
4. The Bogahawatta, situated at Kudahakapola aforesaid, containing in extent about 1 acre; of the southern undivided half share of this land, the undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share.
5. The land called Kongahawatta, situated at Kudahakapola aforesaid, containing in extent about 2 acres; of the southern undivided half share of this land, the undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share.
6. The three lots marked B 1, B 2, and B 3 of the land Beligahawatta, situated at Kudahakapola aforesaid, containing in extent 2 roods and 7 perches; of this land, the undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share.

Further particulars from S. K. Wijyaratnam, Esq., Proctor and Notary, Negombo, or from—

Negombo, February 13, 1922. C. RAJARATNAM, Auctioneer.

Auction Sale

In the District Court of Negombo:

Kalinga Don Cornelis Silva of Kalanugodam Dasiya pattu Plaintiff.
 No. 14,504. Vs.

Jayasingha Arachinge Don Daniel Appuhamy of Boragodawatta in Dasiya pattu Defendant.

UNDER and by virtue of the commission issued to me in the above case, I shall sell the under-mentioned properties, declared bound and executable for the recovery of the principal, interest, and costs, by public auction, at their respective spots, on Friday, March 3, 1922, to wit:—

Commencing at 3 p.m.

1. The field called Makullagahakumbura, situated at Boragodawatta, in Dasiya pattu of the Alutkuru korale, in the District of Negombo, containing in extent about 5 parrahs of paddy sowing ground; of this field, the undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share.
2. The field called Kekunagahakumbura, situated at Boragodawatta aforesaid, containing in extent about 4 parrahs of paddy sowing ground; of this field, the undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share.
3. The field called Vagurekumbura, situated at Boragodawatta aforesaid, containing in extent about 5 parrahs of paddy sowing ground; of this field, the undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share.
4. The land called Higgahawatta, situated at Medamulla, in Dasiya pattu aforesaid, containing in extent about 20 acres, the undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share of the undivided $\frac{5}{7}$ shares of the undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share of the soil and all the plantations and buildings of this land.
5. The land called Gonnagahawatta, situated at Medamulla aforesaid, containing in extent about 10 acres, the undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share of the undivided $\frac{5}{7}$ shares of the undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share of the soil and all the plantations and buildings of this land.

Negombo, February 13, 1922. C. RAJARATNAM, Auctioneer.

Auction Sale of Valuable House Property.

UNDER instructions from Mr. K. Ramanathan, assignee of the estate of A. H. Ismail, insolvent, I will sell by public auction on Saturday, March 11, 1922, at the spot, at 1 p.m.

All that house and premises No. 44, presently No. 38, Leyn Baan street, Fort, Galle, in extent 6'55 perches.

Also on the same day, at the spot, at 2.30 p.m.

All that house and premises No. 158B, High street, Galle Bazaar, in extent 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ perches.

For further particulars apply to assignee or Mr. J. N. Goonetilleke, Proctor, Supreme Court, and Notary Public.

Galle, February 9, 1922. R. L. EPHRAUMS, Auctioneer.

Auction Sale of Valuable Properties at Kadugannawa.

UNDER mortgage decree in case No. 24,772 D. at Kandy, entered in favour of the plaintiff W. G. Gedara Gunadasa Veda of Amunupura, in Kandupalata of Yatinuwara against the defendant Mohamed Hanby Idroos Lebbe of Kadugannawa, and by virtue of the commission issued to me for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 9213 with interest and costs, I shall sell the under-mentioned property mortgaged by the defendant by book No. 649 dated August 22, 1914, and attested by Walter Beven of Kandy, Notary Public, by public auction, at the respective spots, on the following dates, viz.:—

On Tuesday, March 7, 1922, at 10 A.M.

1. All that lot of land of about 2 lahas paddy sowing in extent, situate at Kadugannawa in the Medapalata of Yatinuwara, with the buildings thereon.
2. All that land called Weraluwegodawatta of 6 pelas paddy sowing in extent, situate at Illukwatta in the Medapalata aforesaid.
3. All that field called Kadanmiwewekumbura, now converted into a high land called Anga, 20 feet in length and 14 feet in breadth, situate at Kadugannawa aforesaid.
4. 9/10 of and in all that allotment of land composed of the lands called Nadeniyahena and Pansalahena, situate at Kiriwawula in the Medapalata aforesaid.

On Wednesday, March 8, 1922, at 10 A.M.

5. All that land called Dambagodahena of two amunams in paddy sowing extent, situate at Walgowagoda in Kandupalata aforesaid.
6. All that southern 1 amunam paddy sowing in extent out of the eastern 3 amunams paddy sowing in extent out of and from all that land called Dambagodahena, situate at Walgowagoda aforesaid.
7. All that northern 2 amunams paddy sowing in extent out of the eastern 3 amunams paddy sowing in extent out of and from all that land called Dambagodahena, situate as aforesaid.

For further particulars apply to Walter Beven, Esq., Proctor and Notary, Rose Cottage, Kandy, or to the undersigned.

M. AHAMADU LEBBE, Auctioneer.

Application for Enrolment as a Proctor.

I, GERALD EITEL ERNST, of Matara, presently Harvard Settlement, Dam street, Colombo do hereby give notice that six weeks hence I shall apply to the Hon. the Chief Justice and the Hon. the other Judges of the Supreme Court to be enrolled a Proctor of the said Court.

February 13, 1922. G. E. ERNST.

Application for Enrolment as a Notary Public.

I, SAMUEL MENDIS WICKRAMASINGHE of Colombo, do hereby give notice, in terms of rule 1 of Schedule I B to the Ordinance No. 1 of 1907, that I shall, three months hence, apply to the Registrar-General to be admitted and enrolled a Notary Public to practice in the English language in the District of Colombo:

Colombo, October 20, 1921. S. M. WICKRAMASINGHE.

MISCELLANEOUS DEPARTMENTAL NOTICES.

Sale of Goods.

THE under-mentioned packages having been left at Messrs. The Ceylon Wharfage Company's premises beyond the time allowed by law, notice is hereby given that, unless the same be previously cleared, they will be sold by public auction on Tuesday, March 21, 1922. Goods must be cleared on or before Friday, March 24, 1922 :—

PARCELS WAREHOUSE.

Entry No.	Date of Entry.	Date of Steamer.	Steamer.	From	Marks and Numbers.	Number and Description of Packages.
—	—	December 13	ss. Osterly	Australia	H. M. Rice Mission Press, 41, Lower Circular road, Calcutta	1 case provisions
—	—	August 1	ss. Carnarvonshire	London	H C A C upon 704 in a diamond and \$ 5 Penang \$ 31 outside	1 case essence of chicken
—	—	September 4	ss. Chyebassa	do.	H W C upon S in a circle and \$ 1153 outside	1 case envelopes
—	—	November 14	ss. Roon	do.	C in a triangle and H E outside	1 case 12 bottles U. S. gin
—	—	December 12	Nil	Nil	Nil	28 loose banians
—	—	Nil	Nil	YARD. Nil	Nil	1 cask merchandise

H. M. Customs,
Colombo, February 9, 1922.

A. N. STRONG,
for Principal Collector.

Sale of Goods.

THE under-mentioned package having been left in Bonded Warehouse No. 1 beyond the time allowed by law, notice is hereby given that, unless the same be previously cleared, it will be sold by public auction on Tuesday, March 28, 1922, at 1 P.M. Goods must be cleared on or before Friday, March 31, 1922 :—

No. and Date of Entry.	Vessel.	Importer.	Marks and Numbers.	Number and Description of Package.
1,513, July 29, 1919	ss. City of Shanghai	C. W. Co.	150 in a square and S L M Z 2763 outside	1 case brushes

H. M. Customs,
Colombo, February 9, 1922.

A. N. STRONG,
for Principal Collector.

Paramesluwara College.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application has been received from Hon. Sir P. Ramanathan for a grant in aid of his Paramesluwara College, which is situated in Tiruvenelveli, in the Jaffna District of the Northern Province.

Observations will be received not later than March 20, 1922.

Education Office, Colombo, February 11, 1922. E. EVANS,
for Director of Education.

Bulupitiya Vernacular Girls' School.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application has been received from the Rev. Father J. Jamoays, Archbishop's House, Colombo, for a grant in aid of his Bulupitiya Vernacular Girls' School, which is situated in the Dambadeni hatpattu of the North-Western Province.

Observations will be received not later than March 17, 1922.

Education Office, Colombo, February 13, 1922. L. MACRAE,
Director of Education.

Change of Management.

NOTICE is hereby given that Rev. S. K. Ponniah has been appointed Manager of the school mentioned below in place of Sister Matilda :—

School referred to.

Matara St. Thomas's Girls' English School.

Education Office, Colombo, February 8, 1922. E. EVANS,
for Director of Education.

Change of Management.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. Basil Leefe has been appointed Manager of the school mentioned below in place of Rev. C. M. Ricketts.

School referred to.

C/Polwatte St. Michael's Mixed English School.

Education Office, Colombo, February 10, 1922. E. EVANS,
for Director of Education.

Statement of Revenue and Expenditure of the District School Committee, Hambantota, for 1920.

Receipts.	Amount. Rs. c.	Expenditure.	Amount. Rs. c.
Balance of last year	1,632 16	Salaries	979 60
Fines	3,145 50	Repairs to buildings	2,679 62
Village Committee contribution	700 0	Making and repairing fences, school gardens, walls, and play grounds	710 17
Government grant, 1920-21	2,292 91	Furniture and school apparatus	—
Special grant, 1919-20	10,000 0	Garden implements	50 0
Special grant, 1920-21	7,500 0	Erection of new buildings and extensions to existing buildings	5,641 10
Miscellaneous	8 82	Miscellaneous	393 84
		To balance	14,825 6
Total	25,279 39	Total	25,279 39

Hambantota Kachcheri,
February 8, 1922.

T. W. GOONEWARDENE,
for Chairman.

Back-Lane Scheme for the Scavenging of the Area of the Town of Kandy.

IN accordance with section 53 (3) of "The Housing and Town Improvement Ordinance, No. 19 of 1915," notice is hereby given that the Back-Lane Scheme for the scavenging of the area bounded on the north by Colombo street,

south by ward street, east by Castle Hill street, and west by Brownrigg street, as finally approved by the Board of Improvement Commissioners, Kandy, has been submitted for sanction to the Governor in Executive Council.

Particulars of this Scheme, as finally approved by the Board of Improvement Commissioners, Kandy, were published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,239 of January 27, 1922, and in "The Ceylon Morning Leader" of January 28, 1922, and "The Ceylon Daily News" of January 27, 1922.

C. S. VAUGHAN,
Town Hall, Chairman, Board of Improvement
Kandy, February 10, 1922. Commissioners.

Auction Sale of a Sailing Boat.

IT is hereby notified that a sailing boat described below, being the property confiscated in Police Court, Negombo, case No. 41,629, will be sold by public auction at the Negombo Customs Jetty, on March 10, 1922, at 10 A.M.

— M. H. KANTAWALA,
Police Magistrate.

Description of Boat.

Owner's name: Ponniah Machchado.
Length of boat: 62.8 feet.
Breadth of boat: 14.7 feet.
Depth of boat: 6.8 feet.
Tonnage: 63 tons.
No. of boat: 89.
Date of registry: February 28, 1911.
Place of registry: Tuticorin.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in the village Asgangula, in Panawal korale west of Three Korales, Kegalla District: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909.

Asgangula is bounded on the north by Kendangamuwa village boundary, east by Panawala village boundary, south by Annakkadeniya-ella, and on the west by Ehaliyagoda town.

This declaration is to take effect from February 6, 1922:

Kegalla Kachcheri, R. M. DAVIES,
February 6, 1922. for Assistant Government Agent.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out at Diyatalawa, in Mahapalata korale of Udukinda division of the Province of Uva: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected, in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909.

The area bounded on the north by Kodikelekandura, south by Haputale-oya, east by railway line, and west by Maha-oya.

The declaration is to take effect from February 4, 1922.

Badulla Kachcheri, G. L. DAVIDSON,
February 8, 1922. for Government Agent.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out at Haputale town, in Mahapalata korale of Udukinda division of the Province of Uva: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected, in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909.

The area bounded on the north by Haputale estate and Government reserved forest, south by Galcorde estate and Kelburne estate, east by Thotulagalla estate, and west by Wiharagalla estate and Glananoore estate.

The declaration is to take effect from February 4, 1922.

Badulla Kachcheri, G. L. DAVIDSON,
February 8, 1922. for Government Agent.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in the premises known as "Padmagiri," Regentstreet, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from February 7, 1922.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, February 9, 1922. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Hoof-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS hoof-and-mouth disease has broken out in the village Kelaniya, in Siyane korale west of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected, in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, viz.:

The area bounded on the north and west by the village Sinharamulla, south by Kelaniya river, and east by Kohalvila road.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

The Kachcheri, W. A. WEERAKOON,
Colombo, February 13, 1922. for Government Agent.

Hoof-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS hoof-and-mouth disease has broken out in the Garden No. 31, in the village Yakbedda, in Colombo Mudaliyar's division of the Western Province, it is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected, in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, viz.:

The area bounded on the north by ela, south by southern boundary of premises No. 35, east by footpath between boundaries of premises Nos. 35 and 19, and west by footpath between boundaries of premises Nos. 19 and 24.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

The Kachcheri, W. A. WEERAKOON,
Colombo, February 14, 1922. for Government Agent.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 60, situated at Wellawatta, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2), of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from February 9, 1922.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, February 14, 1922. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated January 5, 1922, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,237 of January 13, 1922, the premises bearing assessment No. 76, situated at Kollupitiya, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2), of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, and whereas foot-and-mouth disease no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from foot-and-mouth disease, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from February 11, 1922.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, February 15, 1922. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

NOTICES UNDER "THE EXCISE ORDINANCE No. 8 OF 1912."

Closing of Arrack and Toddy Taverns.

NOTICE is hereby given that it is proposed to close the following arrack and toddy taverns in the North-Western Province for 1922-23. The Government Agent of the North-Western Province, will be prepared to receive any representation up to Monday, April 3, 1922. He will also be prepared to hear any verbal representation regarding the proposals on that day between 12 noon and 2 P.M., at the Kurunegala Kachcheri.

Kurunegala Kachcheri,
February 14, 1922.

F. G. TYRRELL,
Government Agent.

No.	Name of Tavern.	Arrack or Toddy Tavern.	Division.
12	Kiriwaula	.. Arrack tavern ..	Weudawili hatpattu
23	Kiriwanapola	.. do. ..	Dambadeni hatpattu
6	Gallenamulla	.. Toddy tavern ..	do.

SALES OF TOLL AND OTHER RENTS.

Sale of Toll Rents, Western Province.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Monday, February 27, 1922, at 12 noon, will be put up for re-sale at the Colombo Kachcheri, at the risk of the original purchasers, for the period mentioned below, the under-mentioned Toll Rents of the Western Province, the original purchasers of which may have failed to pay on or before that date the instalment for the month of January, 1922, or any part thereof that may be due and owing on that date.

The purchaser or purchasers at the re-sale should deposit one-tenth of the purchase amount on the day of sale.

If the rents are not disposed of at the re-sale, action will be taken against defaulters in terms of the provisions of the Ordinance No. 21 of 1905.

From March 1, 1922, to September 30, 1922.

Ferry.—Mutwal.

Canal.—Negombo.

Colombo Kachcheri,
February 10, 1922.

E. B. ALEXANDER,
Government Agent.

TRADE MARKS NOTICES.

In compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinance, 1888," and the "Trade Marks Rules, 1906," the following application for registration of a Trade Mark is advertised:—

(1) Application No. 2,565.

(2) Date of Receipt : November 4, 1921.

(3) Applicant (Proprietor of the Trade Mark) : THE BURMAH OIL COMPANY, LIMITED (a Company duly incorporated in Scotland under the Companies Acts, 1862 to 1890), registered office at No. 175, West George street, Glasgow, Scotland ; Manufacturers and Merchants.

(4) Address for service in the Island : De Vos & Gratiaen, Gaffoor building, Main street, Fort, Colombo.

(5) Class : Forty-seven.

(6) Goods : Candles.

(7) Mark :



The translation of the Burmese characters appearing in the mark is "Lion Trade Mark."

Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, February 8, 1922.

G. F. FORREST,
Acting Registrar-General.

In compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinance, 1888," and the "Trade Marks Rules, 1906," the following application for registration of a Trade Mark is advertised :

(1) Application No. 2,612.

(2) Date of Receipt : January 17, 1922.

(3) Applicant (Proprietor of the Trade Mark) : THE GENERAL IMPORT AND EXPORT TRADING AGENCY, 15, Maliban street, Pettah, Colombo ; Manufacturers of Candles, Soap, Perfumery, and other articles.

(4) Address for service in the Island, if any :—

(5) Class : Forty-seven.

- (6) Goods : Candles in the preparation of which coconut oil predominates.
- (7) Mark :



The translation of the Sinhalese characters appearing in the mark is "Coconut Oil Candles."

Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, February 9, 1922.

G. F. FORREST,
Acting Registrar-General.

LOCAL BOARD NOTICES.

Notice of Sale, Local Board, Gampola.

NOTICE is hereby given that the houses, &c., at Gampola, mentioned in the annexed schedule, having been seized for non-payment of Local Board, water-rate and Police taxes, Gampola, for the 3rd quarter, 1921, will be sold by public auction on March 8, 9, and 10, 1922, at 8 A.M., on the spot, at Gampola, in conformity with "The Local Boards Ordinance, No. 19 of 1905; unless in the meantime the amounts owing in respect of rates, together with lawful costs of seizure and sale, are duly paid.

Further particulars can be obtained from the Local Board Office, Gampola.

Kandy Kachcheri,
February 9, 1922.

C. C. WOOLLEY,
for Government Agent.

SCHEDULE.

Ambagamuwa street : Nos. 32, 42, 43, 55, 61, 66, 67, 68, 82, 88, 102, 150, 134, 152, 154, 155, 156, 165, 185, 196, 198, 203, 214, 230, 231, 232, 233, 240, 241, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 253, 254, 258, 259 ; Kandy street : Nos. 6, 10, 11, 13, 29, 30, 31, 35, 65, 85, 107, 113, 130, 133, 134, 138, 154, 155, 156, 161, 165, 169, 181, 200, 202, 207; New Nuwara Eliya street : Nos. 4, 6, 11 and 12, 21, 23, 30, 42, 52, 74 ; Old Nuwara Eliya road : No. 41; Malabar street : Nos. 4-6, 17, 23, 33,

79, 101, 106, 111, 112, 113, 121; Molton street : Nos. 1, 2, 6, 7, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 26, 27, 28; Patrick street : Nos. 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 16, 20; Martyn's lane : Nos. 2, 3, 26, 27, 28, 28A; Byrde street; Nos. 4, 18, 20 and 21, 22, 53, 54, 55, 60, 73, 81, 89, 91, 92, 102, 104, 105, 108, 109, 110, 111; Hill street : Nos. 1, 10, 16 and 17A, 18, 23, 25, 28; Keerapane : Nos. 1, 9, 13, 14, 15, 16, 19, 20, 21, 22, 26, 27, 32, 38, 45, 46, 47, 47A, 48, 54, 55, 56, 61, 62, 63, 66, 69, 74, 76, 80, 89, 90, 91, 93, 100; Mahara; Nos. 13, 14, 21, 22, 23, 24, 27, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34, 42, 49, 50, 56, 57, 58, 60 and 61, 65, 70, 71-73, 76, 81, 95, 100, 104A, 105; Illawatura: Nos. 2, 3B, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12 and 13, 15, 27, 28, 29, 30, 35 and 36, 37, 44, 45, 48, 52, 55, 59, 60, 66, 67, 68 and 68A, 83, 84, 86, 89A, 90, 94, 95, 98, 101, 102, 111, 112, 117, 119, 121, 123, 129, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 140, 142, 143, 144, 148, 149, 150; Unamboowa : Nos. 3 and 4, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 20 and 21, 22, 28, 32, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 42, 44, 46, 48 and 49, 50, 51, 55, 56, 57, 59, 60; Kahatapitiya : Nos. 3, 4, 8, 9, 12, 13, 14, 24, 25, 28, 30, 32, 34, 39, 42, 43, 44, 47, 48, 51, 52, 53, 54, 56, 57, 58, 64, 65, 89, 95, 98, 101, 104, 105, 106, 107, 109, 115, 116, 117, 119, 120, 121, 122 and 123, 125, 130, 131, 132, 135, 137, 139, 144, 144A, 147, 148, 155, 156, 158, 160, 161, 162, 166, 172, 173, 174, 175, 178, 179, 180, 181, 181A, 182; Kadugannawa road : Nos. 2, 4, and 31; Illawatura road : Nos. 71, 76, 82, and 82A.

LOCAL BOARD, ANURADHAPURA.

Statement of Assets and Liabilities of the Local Board of Anuradhapura at December 31, 1921.

Liabilities.		Assets.	
Amount.	Rs. c.	Amount.	Rs. c.
Deposits—		Cash in Kachcheri	8,135 39
Amount due to cattle owners and cattle seizures fees, balance of fees on stray cattle sold	152 65	Cash in Bank	8,199 58
Balance, surplus	16,272 32	Advance due	90 0
Total	16,424 97	Total	16,424 97

Local Board Office,
Anuradhapura, February 11, 1922.

E. H. LUCETTE,
for Chairman.

SANITARY BOARD, AMBALANGODA.

Statement of Receipts and Expenditure for the Year 1921.

Revenue.		Expenditure.	
Amount.	Rs. c.	Amount.	Rs. c.
Balance brought forward	6,852 84	Personal emoluments	2,854 23
Assessment tax	2,439 2	Lighting	1,620 0
Fines	37 25	Scavenging	547 50
Stamp duty	712 0	Commission to assessors, &c.	337 19
Compensation on account of loss of revenue from opium	3,750 1	Repayment of loan from Government	375 0
Market rents	2,284 69	Maintenance of roads	890 0
Slaughter-house fees	32 0	Rent of dispensary building	84 0
Private latrine fees	438 0	Proctor's fees	100 0
Cemetery fees	2 50	Upkeep of water cart	251 25
Road tax	1,439 50	Upkeep of incinerator for disposal of night soil	1,424 89
Tax on motor car	30 0	Repairs to buildings	577 0
Dog registration fees	17 75	Cost of a night soil cart	360 0
Miscellaneous receipts	181 4	Cost of cart tinplates	468 55
		Miscellaneous payments	1,672 98
Total	18,316 60	Balance in hand	6,704 1

SANITARY BOARD, HIKKADUWA.

Statement of Receipts and Expenditure for the Year 1921.

Revenue.		Expenditure.	
Amount.	Rs. c.	Amount.	Rs. c.
Balance brought forward	1,769 29	Personal emoluments	740 6
Assessment tax	1,458 5	Scavenging	935 0
Stamp duty	175 50	Maintenance of roads	1,000 0
Road tax	1,123 50	Contribution to the District School Committee	50 0
Husk kraal fees	75 0	Contribution on drainage	522 50
Fines	16 0	Commission to assessors, &c.	268 39
Market rents	83 78	Miscellaneous payments	283 75
Dog registration fees	20 0		
Miscellaneous receipts	117 50	Balance in hand	1,188 92
Compensation for damage caused to a road paid by Public Works Department	150 0		
Total	4,988 62	Total	4,988 62

SANITARY BOARD, DODANDUWA.

Statement of Receipts and Expenditure for the Year 1921.

Revenue.		Expenditure.	
Amount.	Rs. c.	Amount.	Rs. c.
Balance brought forward	527 29	Personal emoluments	740 6
Assessment tax	1,718 43	Scavenging	1,500 0
Stamp duty on licenses	197 50	Commission to assessors and Headmen, &c.	259 42
Cemetery fees	87 0	Repayment of loan	520 0
Road tax	1,555 15	Maintenance of roads	400 0
Husk kraal fees	81 0	Repairs to buildings	50 0
Fines	104 75	Miscellaneous payments	559 24
Dog registration fees	21 50	Construction of a latrine	1,000 0
Miscellaneous receipts	408 60		
Cost of a latrine received from Sanitary Commissioner	1,000 0	Balance in hand	672 50
Total	5,701 22	Total	5,701 22

J. LIGHT,
for Chairman.

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL NOTICES.

MUNICIPALITY OF COLOMBO.

Prices of Foodstuffs, &c., in Colombo, on February 15, 1922.

	Per	Wholesale.		Retail.		Per	Wholesale.		Per	Retail.
		Rs. c.	Measure				Rs. c.	Rs. c.		
Paddy, Country	Bushel	5 50	Measure	—	Sugar, Brown	—	—	lb.	—	—
Paddy, Imported	do.	2 50	do.	—	Salt	—	—	Measure	0 12	—
Rice, Country	do.	—	do.	—	Salt	—	—	lb.	0 6	—
Rice, Kara	do.	6 0	do.	0 20	Dried Chillies	—	—	do.	0 40	—
Rice, Kallunda	do.	5 88	do.	0 19	Coriander	—	—	do.	0 24	—
Rice, Sulai	do.	6 75	do.	0 22	Pepper	—	—	Measure	0 46	—
Rice, Muttusamba	do.	8 25	do.	0 26	Garlic	—	—	lb.	0 25	—
Raw Rice (Rangoon)	do.	6 50	do.	—	Mustard	—	—	Measure	0 36	—
Raw Rice (Singapore)	do.	6 25	do.	—	Turmeric	—	—	lb.	0 24	—
Raw Rice (Batavia)	do.	—	do.	—	Fenugreek	—	—	do.	0 20	—
Dhall (Tuvarai)	do.	—	Seer	0 36	Cummin	—	—	do.	0 44	—
Dhall (Missouri)	do.	—	do.	0 26	Aniseed	—	—	do.	0 32	—
Green Peas	do.	—	do.	0 22	Tamarind	—	—	do.	0 11	—
Ulundu	do.	—	do.	0 28	Jaggery	—	—	Bundle	0 38	—
Gram	do.	—	do.	0 34	Gingelly	—	—	Seer	0 28	—
Wheat Flour	do.	—	lb.	0 16	Gingelly Oil	—	—	Bottle	1 25	—
American Flour	do.	—	do.	0 15	Coconut Oil	—	—	Measure	0 60	—
Ghee, Cow	do.	—	Seer	5 50	Kerosine Oil, Daylight	—	—	Bottle	0 26	—
Ghee, Buffalo	do.	—	do.	3 50	Kerosine Oil, Monkey Brand	—	—	do.	0 25	—
Milk	do.	—	Bottle	0 40	Matches, Three Stars	—	—	Packet of	12 boxes	0 24
Potatoes (Indian)	do.	—	lb.	0 10	Matches (Japanese)	—	—	do.	0 21	—
Potatoes (Bangalore)	do.	—	do.	0 14	Beef	—	—	lb.	0 32	—
Onions (Bombay)	do.	—	do.	0 8	Mutton	—	—	do.	0 80	—
Onions, Red	do.	—	do.	0 7	Pork	—	—	do.	0 60	—
Bread	do.	—	1-lb. loaf	0 18	Chickens	—	—	Each	0 75	—
Tea	do.	—	lb.	1 18	Eggs	—	—	do.	0 6	—
Coffee	do.	—	lb.	0 50	Dry Fish, Nettali (Hal-messan)	—	—	lb.	0 25	—
Limes	do.	—	Dozen	0 6	Dry Fish (Maldiva)	—	—	do.	0 60	—
Coconuts	do.	—	Each	0 10						
Sugar, Soft	do.	—	lb.	0 22						
Sugar, Crepe	do.	—	do.	0 20						
Sugar (Ceylon)	do.	—	do.	—						
Sugar Candy	do.	—	do.	0 32						

G. H. N. SAUNDERS,
The Municipal Office, Financial Assistant to the Chairman,
Colombo, February 15, 1922. Municipal Council.

NOTIFICATIONS UNDER "THE PATENTS ORDINANCE, 1906."

THE following Specifications have been accepted:—

No. 1,760 of August 20, 1920 (Post dated February 20, 1921).

Dr. med. Arthur Haebelin.

"An improved loin-cloth holder."

Abstract.—The applicant describes an improved loin-cloth holder consisting of two fastening devices for attaching to the cloth by means of a clip and connected to one another by a pair of flexible wire coils.

The claim is:—

1. An improved loin-cloth holder characterized by at least two fastening devices to be connected with and released from a loin-cloth and flexibly connected with one another.

One sheet of drawings.

No. 1,846 of July 20, 1921 (Date applied for under Section 50 of the Ordinance, August 11, 1920).

Samuel Edward Cockerton and Genatosan, Limited.

"Improvements in the manufacture of compressed tablets from aspirin and similar compounds."

Abstract.—The applicants state that aspirin has not sufficient binding property to allow of its compression into tablets without the addition of some binding material, and for this they use a farinaceous substance, such as arrowroot or cornflour. The aspirin and farina are mixed in the required proportions, and the mass is then given an initial compression sufficient to agglomerate it; the solidified mass is then ground to powder and the latter compressed into tablets, a film of farina being blown on to the punches in order to prevent adherence.

The claims are:—

1. In the manufacture of compressed tablets from aspirin and similar substances, the employment of a farinaceous substance as a binding agent, substantially as herein described.

2. A process for the manufacture of compressed tablets from aspirin and similar substances as herein specified, consisting of admixing a farinaceous substance in a requisite proportion with the powdered aspirin or the like, the application of a slight initial compression to solidify the mass, subsequent breaking down to powder form, and final compression to tablet form, substantially as herein described.

3. In a process according to claim 2, the application of a film of farina to the punches of the compressing machine during action, substantially as and for the purpose set forth herein.

4. The employment of arrowroot as a binding agent in the manufacture of compressed tablets according to claim 1.

5. Processes according to claims 2 and 3, characterized in that the binding agent and the filming substance are arrowroot.

6. Compressed tablets manufactured according to either of the processes claimed in claims 2 and 3.

No drawings.

No. 1,854 of August 25, 1921.

Frederick Kaye.

"Improvements relating to paper making."

Abstract.—The nature of the invention is described in the claims which are as follows :—

1. In making paper and the like, adding rubber-containing latex, gutta-containing latex, or balata-containing latex or latices to the ordinary materials during the process of manufacture, substantially as herein set forth.
2. The process of making paper and the like, consisting in adding to the ordinary materials used in making paper and the like, after such materials have been beaten, rubber, gutta, or balata-containing latex, mixing said materials and latex together, adding a coagulative agent to the mixture, and after suitable coagulation, passing the mixture through a paper-making machine, substantially as herein set forth.
3. In a process of making paper and the like, adding to the ordinary materials, after being beaten, rubber, gutta, or balata-containing latex diluted to contain only a small content of rubber, gutta, or balata relatively to the weight of paper to be produced, mixing said materials and diluted latex, adding a coagulative agent to the mixture, and after suitable coagulation passing the mixture through a paper-making machine, substantially as herein set forth.
4. In a process of making paper and the like, adding to the ordinary materials after being beaten, rubber, gutta, and balata-containing latices mixed with each other in any suitable proportions, mixing the beaten materials and latices together, adding a coagulative agent to the mixture, and after coagulation passing through a paper-making machine, substantially as herein set forth.
5. The process of making paper and the like, consisting in adding to the ordinary materials used in making paper and the like, after such materials have been beaten, rubber, gutta, or balata-containing latex, mixing said materials and latex together, adding a coagulative agent to the mixture, and after suitable coagulation, passing the mixture through a paper-making machine, and finally vulcanizing the paper by a suitable vulcanization process, such as the "peachey" cold vulcanization process, substantially as herein set forth.
6. As a new article of manufacture, paper- or paper-like material in which rubber, gutta, or/and balata-containing latex is incorporated, as set forth.

No drawings.

No. 1,856 of August 30, 1921.

John Coryton Roberts.

"Improvements in packing cases, boxes, drums, and the like."

Abstract.—The inventor describes a method of making boxes and the like in which the sides are made of a pulp of coconut fibre, wood, or similar fibrous substance mixed with an insoluble adhesive prepared by treating an albumenoid, such as casein or blood with lime or its equivalent, and spread between two layers of paper or cloth. The sides may be reinforced. The end pieces may be of sheet metal dished to fit the open ends of the body, and may be secured in various ways.

The claims are :—

1. A packing case, box, drum, or the like, the body of which is made of sheeting composed of two layers of paper cloth, or the like between which is spread a layer of a pulp composed of coconut fibre, wood, or similar fibrous substance admixed with an insoluble adhesive prepared by treating an albumenoid, such as casein or blood with lime or its equivalent substantially as described.
2. A packing case, box, drum, or the like, comprising a seamless or a collapsible body, formed from sheeting made in accordance with claim 1 in combination with two ends or head-pieces which are dished to enter the ends of the body and have overlapping portions which are bent down on to the box body and clinched or connected thereto, substantially as described.
3. In a packing case, box, chest, or the like as claimed in claims 1 and 2, the combination with the body of a metal reinforcement which projects beyond the ends of the body, and the projecting portions of which are turned over and interlocked with the overlapping ends of the head-pieces or ends, substantially as hereinbefore described.
4. In a packing case, box, chest, or the like as claimed in claims 1 and 2, the combination with the body of a lining which projects beyond the said body, the projecting portions being turned over and interlocked with the turned over portions of the head-pieces or box ends, substantially as hereinbefore described.
5. A packing case, box, chest, or the like as claimed in claims 1 and 2, wherein the head-pieces or ends are secured in position by means of wires passed around the turned over portions of the said head-pieces and tightened around the body, substantially as described.
6. A packing case, box, chest, or the like, comprising a seamless or a collapsible body formed from sheeting made in accordance with claim 1 in combination with two ends or head-pieces which are dished to enter the ends of the body and have extended portions which rest on the edges of the body, and are secured by overlapping extensions of the outer layer of the body, substantially as described.
7. In a packing case, box, chest, or the like, comprising a seamless or a collapsible body formed from sheeting made in accordance with claim 1 and having ends dished to enter the said body, the construction of the said ends with a reverse dishing, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.
8. Packing cases or chests made as herein described and illustrated respectively in the several figures of the accompanying drawing.

One sheet of drawings.

No. 1,859 of September 13, 1921.

Matthew Whitehead.

"An improved process and apparatus for extraction of oils from vegetable matter."

Abstract.—The nature of the invention is described in the claims which are as follows :—

1. An improved process for the extraction of oils from vegetable matter in the form of meal which consists in intimately mixing the meal and the spirit, and in moving said meal and spirit continuously and in opposite directions, the speed of movement of both meal and spirit being temporarily retarded at predetermined points, at which the meal moves freely through the spirit without the employment of any separate container for said meal, and between which points the meal is submitted to wringing action before passing on to the next point, whilst the mixture of spirit and oil is returned to the point from which the meal has been removed, the meal after leaving the last wringing point being submitted to the action of vapour for removal of spirit therefrom.

2. An improved process for the extraction of oils from vegetable matter, as claimed in claim 1, in which the meal is heated prior to its introduction into the spirit and is again heated during the final removal of the spirit therefrom.
 3. Apparatus for carrying out the process claimed in claim 1, or in claim 2, comprising a series of tanks, each of which is divided into two parts by a screen of foraminous material, means for conducting the meal and the spirit to one side of the screen, means for conveying the meal from each tank to wringing apparatus, means for conducting the mixture of spirit and oil expressed from the meal by said wringing apparatus back to said tank, means for conducting the mixture of spirit and oil from one tank to another in the opposite direction to the movement of the meal, and from the last tank (with respect to the movement of said mixture) to an evaporator, means for conveying the meal from the last tank (with respect to the movement of the said meal) to a chamber or the like, wherein it is submitted to the action of vapour, and means for conducting the spirit-laden vapour to the condenser.
 4. Apparatus as claimed in claim 3, wherein each screen is disposed obliquely in its tank, the meal and spirit inlets are arranged near the top of the tank above the screen, the meal and spirit outlets are arranged near the bottom of the tank, the former above and the latter below the screen, and the conduit for returning the expressed spirit and oil to the tank is arranged near the bottom of the tank and beneath the screen.
 5. Apparatus as claimed in claim 3, or in claim 4, wherein the meal is conveyed away from each tank by means of endless scraper or like conveyors over screens of foraminous material, through which part of the mixture of spirit and oil drains off from the meal into a conduit before the meal is delivered to the wringing apparatus, the mixture expressed from the meal by said wringing apparatus being returned to the tank by the same conduit.
 6. Apparatus as claimed in claim 3, 4, or 5, wherein the delivery pipe from the last wringing apparatus leads to a conduit through which the meal is fed and which is provided with means for the introduction and exhaustion of vapour thereto and therefrom, substantially as described.
 7. The improved process for the extraction of oils from vegetable matter, substantially as hereinbefore set forth.
 8. Improved apparatus for the extraction of oils from vegetable matter, constructed and arranged substantially as and for the purpose described with reference to the accompanying drawings.
- Two sheets of drawings.

No. 1,865 of September 16, 1921.

Henry Joseph Koch.

"Improvements in wirebound box machines."

Abstract.—The nature of the invention is described in the claims which are as follows :—

1. In a machine for use in the manufacture of wirebound boxes, mechanism to sever binding wire secured to a box section a distance from the edge of said box section, and mechanism for forming a fastener on the end of said wire, said fastener serving to inter-engage with a similar fastener on another box section to connect said sections.
 2. A machine according to claim 1, in which the materials to form the box sections are fed, in proper relative position to each other, past wire attaching mechanism, by which latter the binding wire is secured to and connects said sections before they are presented to said fastener forming mechanism.
 3. A machine according to claims 1 and 2, in which the binding wire severing mechanism severs the wire between two successive box sections, as they pass through the machine, so as to form free wire ends on said sections for the formation thereon of the fasteners by the fastener forming mechanism.
 4. A machine according to claims 1 and 2, in which means is provided for controlling the operation of the fastener forming mechanism to position the fastener in desired position relative to the edge of the box section.
 5. A machine according to claims 2 and 4, in which the binding wires are attached to the box sections by staples inserted by the wire attaching mechanism, means being provided for determining the position of a staple relative to the edge of a box section, together with means for positioning the fastener forming mechanism and the work relative to each other, in order that the fastener on the wire may be formed in a desired position with regard to said staple.
 6. A machine according to claim 1, comprising mechanism for locating the wire-severing means and box section, so that the wire may be severed at the point desired with regard to the box section, and the fastener formed in the desired relation to said box section.
 7. A machine according to claim 1, in which the fastener consists of a loop formed at the end of the binding wire and having its legs twisted together.
 8. A machine according to claim 7, in which the loops formed on the free ends of the wire of one box section are smaller than those formed on the free ends of the wire of the other box section, for the purpose described.
 9. A machine according to claim 2, in which the fastener forming mechanism travels with the work during the fastener forming operation.
 10. A machine according to claim 9, in which the fastener forming mechanism is returned to its initial position after each succeeding fastener forming operation.
 11. A machine according to claim 2, in which the fastener forming mechanism operates without interrupting the progress of the work through the machine.
 12. A machine according to claim 2, in which the binding wire attaching mechanism secures the binding wire to the box sections by means of staples driven into said sections, means being provided for preventing the driving of staples between the edges of two successive box sections.
 13. A machine according to claims 1 and 7, comprising a wire-severing knife, a wire-twister having jaws to seize the wire, means for closing the jaws and co-operative wire-engaging devices.
 14. A machine according to claim 2, in which the assembled box sections are fed through the machine on a conveyor, manually-operable mechanism being provided to enable the operator to move the conveyor independently of the mechanical feed thereof, for initially adjusting the work relative to the wire-fastening mechanism, or for any other purpose.
 15. A machine according to claims 1 and 2, having mechanism for automatically controlling the relative progression between the work and the stapling mechanism to position the staples where desired in the work.
 16. A machine of the class described, comprising fastener-forming mechanism, substantially as described with reference to the accompanying drawings.
 17. A machine of the class described, comprising feed varying mechanism, substantially as described with reference to the accompanying drawings.
 18. A machine of the class described, comprising staple positioning mechanism, substantially as described with reference to the accompanying drawings.
 19. A machine of the class described, constructed and operating, substantially as described with reference to the accompanying drawings.
- Fifteen sheets of drawings.

No. 1,879 of November 11, 1921.

Frederic A. Cox.

"Improved process of and apparatus for manufacturing veneers and splints from bamboo and like growths."

Abstract.—The inventor states that hitherto it has been impossible to cut veneers out of bamboo owing to the longitudinal splitting tendency of this material preventing it being flattened in order to plane off the veneers. He describes a machine in which the plane conforms as nearly as possible to the shape of the sections used, and in which suitably shaped flexible breasts are provided to hold the convex rounded segment of bamboo, and to press it against a rounded guide adapted to enter the concave cavity in the bamboo, and to move relatively along the section followed by the plane which cuts the veneer.

From veneers cut in this manner splints may be made.

The claims are:—

1. As a new process, the cutting of veneers or splints from veneers cut out of sections of bamboo or the like material.
2. A process for cutting veneers or splints out of sections of bamboo or the like material.
3. A process for cutting veneers or splints out of bamboos or the like plant growths which consists in pressing, by means of two or more suitably shaped flexible breasts or their equivalent, sections of the material to be operated upon against the rounded surface of a guide, and by giving the guide and a cutter attached thereto suitable movement planing a multiple of veneers from such material.
4. A process for cutting veneers or splints out of bamboos or the like plant growths which consists in the holding of the convex rounded surface of segments of the material to be operated on by means of two or more suitably shaped flexible breasts, and in pressing the same against a rounded guide and cutter adapted to enter the concave cavity in the material, and in planing off a succession of veneers from the same, the breasts having sufficient flexibility to follow up and to still hold the bamboo section or the like even after several thickness of veneer have been planed off the inside of the same.
5. Means for carrying out the processes claimed in any one of the preceding claims.
6. An apparatus for carrying out a process according to any one of the claims 1 to 4, substantially as described.
7. Veneers or articles manufactured from veneers cut from bamboos or like plant growths.
8. Veneers or splints or articles manufactured from veneers or splints cut by a process, means or apparatus according to any of the claims 1 to 6.

Two sheets of drawings.

W. N. RAE,
Registrar of Patents.

THE following Specifications have been accepted:—

No. 1,857 of September 9, 1921.

Harry Creasy (Communicatee of The Hume Pipe and Concrete Construction Company (India), Limited).

"An improved machine for manufacturing reinforcement for cement and concrete pipes."

Abstract.—The applicant describes an improved machine for manufacturing reinforcement for cement and concrete pipes. The invention consists in a machine for winding a cylindrical spiral of wire upon an expanding drum, longitudinal stays of wire or light rods are then fixed by hand on the drum over the spiral, and finally the mechanism is reversed and a second spiral of wire is wound back over the stays.

The claims are:—

1. In an improved machine for manufacturing reinforcement for cement and concrete pipes, a cylinder or drum mounted upon a rotatable shaft by means of an internal frame and having a single longitudinal opening or unjoined portion, as described and as illustrated.
2. In an improved machine for manufacturing reinforcement for cement and concrete pipes wherein an expanding drum is used, a series of bevelled projecting shoes mounted upon springs and a sliding cone correspondingly placed upon the shaft at each end of the cylinder for operating upon the shoes for expanding the drum.
3. In an improved machine for manufacturing reinforcement for cement and concrete pipes as in preceding claims 1 and 2, a toggle lever for operating upon the locking the cones and projecting pins arranged upon the shoes for the purposes set forth.
4. In an improved machine for manufacturing reinforcement for cement and concrete pipes, locking links secured to abutting (unattached) edges of the drum or cylinder, and a rod and nut for locking the cylinder in its expanded position.
5. In an improved machine for manufacturing reinforcement for cement and concrete pipes, an endless chain, a traversing standard or frame having a feed wheel or sheave thereon, together with a platform and link plates, and a double crank and lever for operating on the chain for controlling the backward and forward traverse of the feed, substantially as described and as illustrated.
6. In an improved machine for manufacturing reinforcement for cement and concrete pipes, a longitudinal connecting rod, a trip lever, and a vertical cranked rod having a projecting key or chunk formed thereon for operating together in combination with the main clutch lever of the driving mechanism for automatically stopping the machine at the completion of its working traverse or from any intermediate position.
7. In an improved machine for manufacturing reinforcement for cement and concrete pipes, a hinged joint or connection between the drum shaft and the driven shaft of the machine, and a standard having an open bearing thereon for the support of the free end of the drum shaft.
8. In an improved machine for manufacturing reinforcement for cement and concrete pipes, the combination of clutch mechanism stepped pulley and driving shaft, a pinion and toothed wheel, and a driven shaft having a stepped pulley thereon, such driven shaft being pivotally connected to the drum shaft.
9. In an improved machine for manufacturing reinforcement for cement and concrete pipes, wherein motion, as in preceding claim 8, is imparted to the driven shaft, an interchangeable gear shaft having a stepped pulley thereon corresponding with the stepped pulley of the driven shaft, interchangeable toothed gear wheels, and a lever and clutch mechanism for controlling such toothed wheels.
10. In an improved machine for manufacturing reinforcement for cement and concrete pipes containing the parts as set forth and claimed in preceding claim 9, a chain wheel shaft having a wheel mounted thereon for actuating an endless chain and toothed gear wheels, corresponding reversely with the gear wheels of the interchangeable gear shaft, for controlling the speed or traverse of the chain.
11. In an improved machine for manufacturing reinforcement for cement and concrete pipes, chain driving wheel, guide pulleys, and an endless chain and a tension wheel at the opposite end of the machine, round which the chain traverses, and a nut and screw device for adjusting the tension of the chain.
12. The herein described improved machine for manufacturing reinforcement for cement and concrete pipes, comprising the mechanical details set forth and claimed in preceding claims 1 to 11, mounted and operated as described and as illustrated as and for the purposes set forth as a combination of parts.

One sheet of drawings.

No. 1,858 of September 9, 1921.

Harry Creasy (Communicatee of The Hume Pipe and Concrete Construction Company (India), Limited).

“Concrete pipes, columns, girders, blocks, and other structural material, and method of and means for manufacturing the same.”

Abstract.—The applicant describes a method of and means for manufacturing concrete pipes, columns, girders, blocks, and other structural material in which a mould, in which a suitable reinforcement can be fixed if desired, is rotated at high speed while cement or concrete in a semi-liquid condition is admitted on the inside by an archimedean screw or other means arranged, so that the outlet for the cement traverses the length of the mould. By the action of centrifugal force the denser constituents are packed closely on the outside of the pipe and the superfluous moisture being less dense remains on the inside of the pipe and can be drained away. As the screw traverses the mould the inside of the pipe is finished off by spring trowels. The rotation of the casing is continued until the concrete is set sufficiently to enable it to be removed with safety.

The claims are :—

1. Concrete pipes, columns, girders, blocks, and other structural material, characterized by primarily being formed hollow or within a hollow a mould with or without reinforcement, and having their component parts graded, arranged, and densely packed according to specific gravity by centrifugal force.

2. In concrete pipes, columns, girders, blocks, and other structural material, in which the component parts are graded according to specific gravity as set forth and claimed in preceding claim 1, the process of forming or moulding the outer surface or contour within a suitable horizontally or vertically placed case or cover by applying centrifugal force to the component parts of the material to be so moulded within such case or cover, such component parts being fed into the interior of such case or cover by any convenient means.

3. In the manufacture of pipes, columns, girders, blocks, and other structural material as set forth and claimed in preceding claims 1 and 2, the application and use of cement in a semi-liquid condition and the subsequent mechanical extraction of superfluous moisture therefrom.

4. Structural material, such as pipes, columns, girders, blocks, and the like, made or formed within a mould by the action of centrifugal force acting upon their component parts, such parts primarily comprising solids and water as a new art and article of manufacture.

5. A machine for manufacturing concrete pipes, columns, girders, blocks, and other structural material as set forth and claimed in preceding claims 1 to 4 inclusive, such machine consisting of or comprising the operative parts, substantially as described in the preceding specification and illustrated in the accompanying drawings for manufacturing or demonstrating the manufacture of such pipes, columns, girders, blocks, and other structural material by the application of centrifugal force to the component parts of such materials.

Three sheets of drawings.

No. 1,870 of October 5, 1921.

Harry Creasy (Communicatee of The Hume Pipe and Concrete Construction Company (India), Limited).

“Plastic cement and method of and means for applying the same.”

Abstract.—The applicant describes a plastic cement and method of and means for applying the same so as to form between concrete pipes a watertight joint capable of withstanding great pressure. The ends of the pipes are recessed to take a ring of plastic material prepared by suitably heating pitch, resin, sulphur, and oil in stated proportions. Over the ring a collar of cement or concrete is fixed by ramming in semi-dry cement and sand. Means are described for accurately adjusting the positions of the pipes relatively to one another and to the collar.

The claims are :—

1. A plastic joint consisting of a ring of plastic material forced into a recess between abutting ends of cement or concrete pipes and surrounded by an outer collar of cement or concrete, substantially as described and as illustrated.

2. A water-proof plastic joint consisting of a composition formed of one hundred pounds of animal pitch melted to a temperature of approximately three hundred and fifty degrees fahrenheit and having forty pounds of resin incorporated therewith, together with ten pounds of sulphur incorporated at a temperature of approximately three hundred degrees, and rendered plastic by the addition of one and a half gallons of oil made and applied, substantially as described.

3. A metal supporting ring formed in two portions, the upper portion being provided with set screws for accurately adjusting its position relative to the lower portion when forming a plastic cement joint, and a lower portion attached to the upper portion by any convenient means to support an adjacent pipe length in its proper relative position.

4. A metal band divided with a binding-screw device and having an angled flange thereon and hinged gauges as more particularly described with reference to Figure 3 of the drawings for the purposes set forth in construction a plastic joint between abutting ends of cement or concrete pipes.

One sheet of drawings.

No. 1,871 of October 5, 1921.

Harry Creasy (Communicatee of The Hume Pipe and Concrete Construction Company (India), Limited).

“Improvements in and relating to hollow concrete blocks for building purposes and road construction.”

Abstract.—The applicant describes improvements in and relating to hollow concrete blocks. Such blocks may be made in a spinning mould of the required shape by throwing in the concrete at the ends; by the action of centrifugal force the concrete is packed tightly into the mould leaving a cylindrical hole in the middle from which superfluous moisture drains. Various forms are described, which may be given to the blocks in order to fit them for the uses mentioned in the title.

The claims are :—

1. A hollow concrete block for building and road construction purposes, manufactured by the centrifugal process.

2. Hollow concrete blocks for building purposes of the types herein described or illustrated, manufactured by the centrifugal process.

3. With hollow concrete blocks for use in floors or roofs, the provision of ribs or fins along the lower edges of the sides of the blocks and integral with the same, substantially as or for the purposes herein described or as illustrated.

4. With hollow concrete blocks for use in floors or roofs manufactured by the centrifugal process, the provision of ribs or fins along the lower edges of the sides of the blocks and integral with the same, substantially as or for the purposes herein described or as illustrated.

5. With hollow concrete blocks for use in floors or roofs or as described in claims 3 or 4, the provision of small projections or supports at convenient intervals integral with the blocks for the purpose of supporting and accurately positioning the reinforcements.

6. With hollow concrete blocks for building purposes and for road construction as claimed in claims 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 above, the use of indentations in the sides of the blocks for the purpose of providing a better key to the grout or mortar.
7. With hollow concrete blocks for building purposes and for road construction, the use of a tongue and groove joint, substantially as or for the purposes herein described or illustrated.
8. Hollow concrete blocks for building purposes, manufactured, shaped, or used, substantially as herein described or illustrated.

One sheet of drawings.

No. 1,872 of October 5, 1921.

Harry Creasy (Communicatee of The Hume Pipe and Concrete Construction Company (India), Limited).

"Improved method of constructing concrete floors and roofs for hot climates."

Abstract.—The applicant describes a method of constructing concrete floors and roofs for hot climates, in which hollow concrete blocks are used and are carried right over the walls so as to allow a free air passage. The upper walls or parapets are then built above and on top of the floors or roof, and in the latter case a means for drainage is described.

The claims are :—

1. In the formation of floors or roofs with hollow concrete blocks, the method herein described of carrying the floors or roofs over or through the main, partition or outer walls with the object of providing through ventilation, the open ends of the lines of hollow blocks show on the exterior walls being closed with suitable gratings if desired.

2. In the formation of roofs with hollow concrete blocks, the method provided for drainage, substantially as herein described or illustrated.

One sheet of drawings.

W. N. RAE,
Registrar of Patents.

THE following Specification has been accepted :—

No. 1,800 of January 10, 1921 (Date applied for under Section 50 of the Ordinance, January 12, 1920).

Herbert Edon-Brown.

"Improvements relating to moulds for casting hollow concrete and like structures, such as walls."

Abstract.—The inventor describes an improved mould for casting hollow concrete structures which is filled with comparatively dry concrete and when this has been tamped the mould is immediately withdrawn in a horizontal direction and the next length cast; with this object the mould has a collapsible core to facilitate withdrawal and rollers to move over the top of the casting.

The claims are :—

1. In a mould for casting hollow concrete and like structures adapted to be stripped in a horizontal direction, a core adapted to be collapsed, so as to have a cuneiform section to facilitate withdrawal.

2. In a mould for casting hollow concrete and like structures adapted to be stripped in a horizontal direction the provision upon clamping arms of a roller or rollers adapted to ride over the concrete previously cast in moving the mould to its next casting position.

3. In a mould for casting hollow concrete and like structures adapted to be stripped in a horizontal direction, the provision upon the back member of a roller or rollers adapted to ride over the bottom surface upon which concrete is being cast to facilitate movement of the mould to its next operative position.

4. In a mould for casting hollow concrete and like structures an end member having attached thereto, a collapsible core and side members, which, upon release of the clamping means, assume a position slightly inclined with reference to each other to facilitate withdrawal of the mould.

5. In a mould as claimed in claim 1, a core expanding means comprising a cam-plate, provided with slots engaging pins carried by core plates, and adapted to be operated by the clamping means of the mould.

6. In a mould as claimed in claim 4, clamping arms pivoted between supports carried by the side members and engaging cam-plates thereon, the construction being such that the side members are positively separated by the unclamping movement of the arms.

7. In a mould as claimed in claim 4, the provision of a hinged back portion on the lower surface of the side members, substantially as and for the purpose described.

8. A mould for casting hollow concrete and like structures, substantially as described.

Two sheets of drawings.

W. N. RAE,
Registrar of Patents.

ROAD COMMITTEE NOTICES.

St. Margarets-Kirklees Branch Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that, in terms of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, No. 14 of 1896," a meeting of the Local Committee for the above road will be held on Saturday, March 25, 1922, at Allagolla bungalow, at 3.30 P.M.

Business.

To consider and report to the Provincial Road Committee with regard to—

(a) The names of the estates (with their acreages) which are interested in and which use the road;

(b) The sections of the road used by these estates;

(c) The names of the proprietors, resident managers, or superintendents, and of the agents of these estates—

for the assessment of the moiety of cost of maintenance for the year ending September 30, 1922.

H. C. PATERSON,

Allagolla estate, Chairman, Local Committee.
Uda Pussellawa, January 16, 1922.

Glenlyon-Preston Branch Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that, in terms of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, No. 14 of 1896," a meeting of the Local Committee for the above road will be held on February 21 (Tuesday), 1922, at Glenlyon Club House, at 4 P.M.

Business.

To consider and report to the Provincial Road Committee with regard to—

(a) The names of the estates (with their acreages) which are interested in and which use the road;

(b) The sections of the road used by these estates;

(c) The names of the proprietors, resident managers, or superintendents, and of the agents of these estates—

for the assessment of the moiety of cost of maintenance for the year ending September 30, 1922.

A. J. HAMILTON HARDING,

Preston estate, Chairman, Local Committee.
Agrapatnas, January 20, 1922.

Dimbulla Branch Roads.

NOTICE is hereby given that, in terms of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, No. 14 of 1896," a meeting of the Local Committee of the above roads will be held on Tuesday, February 28, 1922, at the Agras Club, Glenlyon, at 4 P.M.

Business.

To consider and report to the Provincial Road Committee with regard to—

(a) The names of the estates (with their acreages) which are interested in and which use the roads and bridges, viz.: Preston-Agra, Wallaha and Railway Gorge roads, and Henfold, Kowlahena, and Waverley bridges;

(b) The sections of the above roads used by these estates;

(c) The names of the proprietors, resident managers, or superintendents, and of the agents of these estates.

The planters' moieties for the maintenance of the following roads and bridges for the year ending September 30, 1922, are stated below:—

	Rs.	c.
Preston-Agra road ..	3,691	55
Railway Gorge road ..	673	92
Wallaha road ..	412	8
Henfold bridge ..	42	42
Kowlahena bridge ..	37	37
Waverley bridge ..	38	38

Agra Ouvah estate, W. WILSON SMITH,
Agrapatnas, January 21, 1922. Chairman, Local Committee.

Madulkella-Kabaragala Branch Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that, in terms of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, No. 14 of 1896," a meeting of the Local Committee for the above road will be held on Wednesday, February 22, 1922, at Madulkella Tennis Club, at 4 P.M.

Business.

To consider and report to the Provincial Road Committee with regard to—

(a) The names of the estates (with their acreages) which are interested in and which use the road;

(b) The sections of the road used by these estates;

(c) The names of the proprietors, resident managers, or superintendents, and of the agents of these estates—

for the assessment of the moiety of cost of maintenance for the year ending September 30, 1922.

A. H. S. CLARKE,

Deyanila estate, Chairman, Local Committee.
Madulkella, January 25, 1922.

Bathford Valley Branch Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that, in terms of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, No. 14 of 1896," a meeting of the Local Committee for the above road will be held on February 21 (Tuesday), 1922, at Darrawella Club, at 5 P.M.

Business.

To consider and report to the Provincial Road Committee with regard to—

(a) The names of the estates (with their acreages) which are interested in and which use the road;

(b) The sections of the road used by these estates;

(c) The names of the proprietors, resident managers, or superintendents, and of the agents of these estates—

for the assessment of the moiety of cost of maintenance for the year ending September 30, 1922.

G. O. LE MOTTEE,

Battalgalla estate, Chairman, Local Committee.
Dikoya, February 1, 1922.

Darrawella-Annfield Branch Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that, in terms of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, No. 14 of 1896," a meeting of the Local Committee for the above road will be held on February 21 (Tuesday), 1922, at the Darrawella Club, at 5.30 P.M.

Business.

To consider and report to the Provincial Road Committee with regard to—

(a) The names of the estates (with their acreages) which are interested in and which use the road;

(b) The sections of the road used by these estates;

(c) The names of the proprietors, resident managers, or superintendents, and of the agents of these estates—

for the assessment of the moiety of cost of maintenance for the year ending September 30, 1922.

G. O. LE MOTTEE,

Battalgalla estate, Chairman, Local Committee.
Dikoya, February 1, 1922.

Padiyapellella-Ellamulla Branch Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that, in terms of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, No. 14 of 1896," a meeting of the Local Committee for the above road will be held on Wednesday, March 1, 1922, at Ellamulla bungalow, at 1.30 P.M.

Business.

To consider and report to the Provincial Road Committee with regard to—

(a) The names of the estates (with their acreages) which are interested in and which use the road;

(b) The sections of the road used by these estates;

(c) The names of the proprietors, resident managers, or superintendents, and of the agents of these estates—

for the assessment of the moiety of cost of maintenance for the year ending September 30, 1922.

Ellamulla, Kandapola,
February 5, 1922.

A. N. PAINE,
Chairman, Local Committee.

Talatuoya-Kirimetiya Estate Cart Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that, in terms of "The Estate Roads Ordinance, No. 12 of 1902," a meeting of the Local Committee of the above road will be held on Tuesday, February 28, 1922, at Bellwood factory, at 3 P.M.

Business.

To consider and frame an estimate for maintenance of road for the year commencing October 1, 1921.

2. To consider and report to the Provincial Road Committee with regard to—

(a) The names of the estates (with their acreages) which are interested in and which use the road;

(b) The sections of the road used by these estates;

(c) The names of the proprietors, resident managers, or superintendents, and of the agents of these estates.

Bellwood, Galaha,
February 6, 1922.

A. M. G. TROTTER,
Chairman, Local Committee.

Rattota-Gammaduwa Estate Cart Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for the maintenance of the above road for the year ending September 30, 1922, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Estate Roads Ordinance, No. 12 of 1902," will, on Saturday, March 11, 1922, at 11.30 A.M., at their office in Kandy, proceed to assess the under-mentioned estates to make up the private contribution:—

Government moiety ..	Rs. 1,600
Private contributions ..	Rs. 4,200

1st to 5th section, 5 miles.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.
Consolidated Estates Company.	Ellagalla	516
F. Liesching ..	Dawala	80

1st to 6th section, 6 miles.

Opalgalla Tea and Rubber Estates Co., Ltd.	Opalgalla Group	1,544
A. H. D. Bastian de Silva	Kuda-oya	331

1st to 7th section, 7 miles.

A. Dahampet and Henry Todd.	Altwood	102
Robert de Zoysa	Dromoland, Ewhurst, and Park.	503
Heirs of late James Westland	Dooromadella and Mousakanda	1,111

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.
Heirs of late James Westland ..	Forest Hill ..	121
Do. ..	Kensington ..	325
New Ceylon Plantation Co., Ltd.	Gammaduwa, Carton 1, 158	
F. R. C. Storey ..	Karagahatenna, Galbodde, Dryburgh, and Moncrieff ..	1,220
Nambena Estates, Ltd. ..	Nargalla ..	490
A. van Starrex ..	Sacombe ..	112
Do. ..	Broham-Bayntum ..	220
Heirs of late James Westland ..	Yalam Malai ..	461
Nambena Estates, Ltd. ..	Nambena ..	238

And at the same time and place the Committee will take evidence, if necessary, and receive and consider objections and suggestions.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, C. S. VAUGHAN,
Kandy, February 6, 1922. Chairman.

Brownlow-Luccombe Branch Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for the maintenance of the above road for the year ending September 30, 1921, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, 1896," have assessed the proportion due by each estate in the district interested in the repair of the said road, as follows:—

(Revised estimate No. D 169, sanctioned November 23, 1920.)

Government moiety ..	Rs. 1,104.00
Private contributions ..	Rs. 1,115.04

1st section, 35.20 lines.

Total acreage, 3,576—Moiety of cost, Rs. 182.73—
Sectional rate, .0510c.—Total rate, .0510c.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs. c.
Geo. Steuart & Co ..	Kintyre ..	288 ..	14 71

1st to 2nd section, 66.00 lines.

Total acreage, 3,288—Moiety of cost, Rs. 159.89—
Sectional rate, .0486c.—Total rate .0996c.

George Steuart & Co ..	Bitterne ..	169 ..	16 86
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1st to 3rd section, 86.40 lines.

Total acreage, 3,119—Moiety of cost, Rs. 105.90—
Sectional rate, .0339c.—Total rate, .1335c.

P. C. Adams ..	Ricarton and Leaston ..	596 ..	79 62
Geo. Steuart & Co. ..	Gangawatta ..	186 ..	24 86

1st to 4th section, 127.60 lines.

Total acreage, 2,337—Moiety of cost, Rs. 213.88—
Sectional rate, .0915c.—Total rate, .2250c.

Lewis Brown & Co. ..	Mousakele ..	278 ..	62 59
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1st to 5th section, 158.40 lines.

Total acreage, 2,059—Moiety of cost, Rs. 159.89—
Sectional rate, .0776c.—Total rate, .3026c.

Miss V. N. Hood ..	Ekolsund ..	305 ..	92 35
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1st to 6th section, 184.80 lines.

Total acreage, 1,754—Moiety of cost, Rs. 137.05—
Sectional rate, .0781c.—Total rate, .3807c.

Lewis Brown & Co. ..	Nyanza ..	394 ..	150 12
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1st to 7th section, 204.34 lines.

Total acreage, 1,360—Moiety of cost, Rs. 101.44—
Sectional rate, .0745c.—Total rate, .4552c.

Whittall & Co. ..	Rutherford ..	276 ..	125 76
Do. ..	Luccombe and Heathfield ..	478 ..	217 83
Lambert L. Pieris ..	Hapugastenne ..	606 ..	276 10

Total .. 1,060 80

Which sums the proprietors, managers, or agents of the several estates are hereby required to pay into the Colonial Treasury, Colombo, on or before February 22, 1922.

	Rs. c.
N.B.—Private contributions ..	1,115 4
Unexpended balance on September 30, 1920. ..	54 24

Amount to be recovered on account, 1920-21. .. 1,060 80

Provincial Road Committee's Office, C. S. VAUGHAN,
Kandy, February 7, 1922. Chairman.

Branch Road from Norwood Bridge to Maskeliya and Moray.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for the maintenance of the above road for the year ending September 30, 1921, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, 1896," have assessed the proportion due by each estate in the district interested in the repair of the said road, as follows:—

(Estimate No. D 167, sanctioned on November 23, 1920.)

Government moiety ..	Rs. 8,366.25
Private contributions ..	Rs. 8,449.91

1st section, 23.11 lines.

Total acreage, 16,241½—Moiety of cost, Rs. 362.16—
Sectional rate, .0222c.—Total rate, .222c.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs. c.
The Eastern Produce and Estates Co., Ltd. ..	Norwood ..	882 ..	19 65

1st to 3rd section, 99.14 lines.

Total acreage, 15,359½—Moiety of cost, Rs. 1,191.46—
Sectional rate, .0775c.—Total rate, .0997c.

Mackwood & Co. ..	New Valley ..	457 ..	45 53
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1st to 5th section, 190.83 lines.

Total acreage, 14,902½—Moiety of cost, Rs. 1,436.87—
Sectional rate, .0964c.—Total rate, .1961c.

R. Lamb ..	Rockwood ..	149 ..	29 24
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1st to 7th section, 270.86 lines.

Total acreage, 14,753½—Moiety of cost, Rs. 1,254.14—
Sectional rate, .0850c.—Total rate, .2311c.

Lee Hedges & Co. ..	Maskeliya ..	372 ..	104 64
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1st to 8th section, 323.66 lines.

Total acreage, 14,381½—Moiety of cost, Rs. 827.43—
Sectional rate, .0575c.—Total rate, .3386c.

J. M. Robertson & Co. ..	Glentilt ..	448 ..	151 79
Sir Thomas Lipton ..	Bunyan ..	298 ..	100 97
Do. ..	Ovoca ..	255 ..	86 40
J. M. Robertson & Co. ..	Mocha ..	588 ..	199 22
Bois Bros. & Co. ..	Queensland ..	281 ..	95 21
J. M. Robertson & Co. ..	Craighill and Lanka ..	204 ..	69 11
Whittall & Co. ..	Bloomfield ..	262 ..	88 77
Do. ..	Mottingham ..	258 ..	87 42
A. P. Jukes ..	Dunottar ..	187 ..	63 35
Colombo Commercial Company, Limited ..	Emelina ..	205 ..	69 45
Whittall & Co. ..	Brunswick ..	256 ..	86 74
Do. ..	Caskieben ..	206 ..	69 79
J. M. Robertson & Co. ..	Midlothian ..	244 ..	82 67
Do. ..	Deeside ..	441 ..	149 42
William Rollo (Geo. Steuart & Co.) ..	Glenugie ..	377 ..	127 73
Do. ..	Bargrove ..	205 ..	69 45
G. B. de Mowbray ..	Dotale ..	108 ..	36 59
C. H. Hood ..	Braemer ..	351½ ..	119 9
Do. ..	Kelaniya ..		

1st to 9th section, 363·26 lines.

Total acreage, 9,207—Moiety of cost, Rs. 620·57—
Sectional rate, ·0673c.—Total rate, ·4059c.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs. c.
Geo. Steuart & Co.	Brownlow and Tarf	583	236 84
Do.	Gangawatta	186	75 56
Lewis Brown & Co.	Mousakele	278	112 93
Miss V. N. Hood	Ekolsund	305	123 90
Lewis Brown & Co.	Nyanza	394	160 5
Whittall & Co.	Luccombe and Heathfield	478	194 18
Do.	Rutherford	276	112 12
Lambert L. Pieris	Hapugastenne	606	246 18

1st to 11th section, 402·86 lines.

Total acreage, 6,101—Moiety of cost, Rs. 620·57—
Sectional rate, ·1017c.—Total rate, ·5076c.

Geo. Steuart & Co.	Kintyre	288	146 30
Do.	Bitterne	169	85 84
P. C. Adams	Rikarton and Leas- ton	596	302 75

1st to 12th section, 420·28 lines.

Total acreage, 5,048—Moiety of cost, Rs. 272·99—
Sectional rate, ·0540c.—Total rate, ·5616c.

A. N. Greig	Laxapana, York, and John's Land	866	486 76
R. H. Price	Blantyre	239	134 33
Do.	St. Andrew's	321	180 42
G. Johnson	Dalhousie	289	162 44
Do.	Situlaganga	143	80 37
A. N. Greig	Suluganga	155	87 11

1st to 13th section, 473·08 lines.

Total acreage, 3,035—Moiety of cost, Rs. 827·43—
Sectional rate, ·2726c.—Total rate, ·8342c.

E. H. Etches	Forres	387	323 3
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1st to 14th section, 513·80 lines.

Total acreage, 2,648—Moiety of cost, Rs. 638·12—
Sectional rate, ·2409c.—Total rate, 1·0751c.

Uplands Tea Estates Co.	Moray and Valla- dolid	461	495 88
Do.	Geddes	198	212 98
Do.	Corfu	187	201 15
Do.	Rajamalle	212	228 4
L. Elwell	Gartmore Group, Larchfield, Gart- more, Bevys, and Frogmore	848	912 19
Shaw, Wallace & Co.	Adam's Peak	742	798 16
		Total	8,051 74

Which sums the proprietors, managers, or agents of the
several estates are hereby required to pay into the Colonial
Treasury, Colombo, on or before February 22, 1922.

	Rs. c.
N.B.—Private contributions on maintenance estimate	8,449 91
Deduct unexpended balance on September 30, 1920	398 17
Amount to be recovered on account 1920-21	8,051 74

C. S. VAUGHAN,
Chairman.Provincial Road Committee's Office,
Kandy, February 7, 1922.

Norwood-Upcot Branch Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the
advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having
agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for the mainte-
nance of the above road for the year ending September 30,
1921, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under theprovisions of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, 1896," have
assessed the proportion due by each estate in the district
interested in the repair of the said road, as follows:—

(Estimate No. D 171 of 1920-21.)

Government moiety	Rs. 4,772·50
Private contributions	Rs. 4,820·22

1st and 2nd sections, 1½ mile.

Total acreage, 6,565—Moiety of cost, Rs. 724·06—
Sectional rate, ·1102c.—Total rate, ·1102c.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs. c.
M. Elton Lane	Haloowella	244	26 88

1st to 5th section, 3¾ miles.

Total acreage, 6,321—Moiety of cost, Rs. 1,448·02
Sectional rate, ·2290c.—Total rate, ·3392c—

J. M. Robertson & Co.	Lanka and Craighill	204	69 19
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1st to 6th section, 4 miles.

Total acreage, 6,117—Moiety of cost, Rs. 144·80—
Sectional rate, ·0236c.—Total rate, ·3628c.

R. Cotesworth	Stockholm	283	102 67
Do.	Lower Cruden	194	70 38

1st to 7th section, 4¾ miles.

Total acreage, 5,640—Moiety of cost, Rs. 434·40—
Sectional rate, ·0770c.—Total rate, ·4398c.

Geo. Steuart & Co.	Mahagala	290	127 54
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1st to 8th section, 5½ miles.

Total acreage, 5,350—Moiety of cost, Rs. 434·40.
Sectional rate, ·0811c.—Total rate, ·5209c.

Geo. Steuart & Co.	Mahanilu	290	151 6
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1st to 9th section, 6 miles.

Total acreage, 5,060—Moiety of cost, Rs. 289·60—
Sectional rate, ·0572c.—Total rate, ·5781c.

Harrison & Crosfield	Kincora	245	141 63
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1st to 10th sections, 6¾ miles.

Total acreage, 4,815—Moiety of cost, Rs. 434·40—
Sectional rate, ·0902c.—Total rate, ·6683c.

R. B. Harvey	Gouravilla	706	471 81
Ceylon Tea Plantations Company	Alton	225	150 36
Do.	Beaconsfield	168	112 27
Scottish Ceylon Tea Co., Agents	Blairavon	177	118 28
Whittall & Co.	Minna	277	185 11

1st to 12th section, 79/10 miles.

Total acreage, 3,262—Moiety of cost, Rs. 666·10—
Sectional rate, ·2042c.—Total rate, ·8725c.

Mackwood & Co.	Scarborough	276	241 2
C. B. Prettijohn	Ormidale	350	305 65
Mackwood & Co.	Anandale	296	258 49
Whittall & Co.	Cleveland	340	296 91
Rosehaugh Tea Co.	Caledonia & Meeria- cotta	409	357 17
Fairlawn Estates Co.	Suriakanda	221	193 0
Do.	Fairlawn	297	259 36
Do.	Glencoe (Bargany)	208	181 63
Scottish Ceylon Tea Company	Mincinglane	194	169 41
A. J. Austin	Ladbrook	208	181 63
Ceylon Tea Plantations Company	Upcot	232	202 60
C. B. Prettijohn	Strathspey	231	201 73
		Total	4,575 78

Which sums the proprietors, managers, or agents of the several estates are hereby required to pay into the Colonial Treasury, Colombo, on or before February 22, 1922.

	Rs.	c.
N. B.—Private contribution ..	4,820	22
Unexpended balance on September 30, 1920 ..	244	44
Amount to be recovered on account 1920-21. ..	4,575	78

Provincial Road Committee's Office, C. S. VAUGHAN,
Kandy, February 7, 1922. Chairman.

Lantern Hill-Somerset Estate Cart Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that in terms of the Estates Roads Ordinance, No. 12 of 1902, a meeting of the Local Committee of the above road will be held on Saturday, February 25, 1922, at Cooroondoowatta estate bungalow, at 3.30 P.M.

Business.

1. To elect a Chairman for the remainder of the term ending July 11, 1923.
2. To draw up an estimate for the maintenance of the road for the year commencing October 1, 1921.
3. To consider and report the names of the estates (with their acreages) which are interested in and which use the road, the sections of the road which these estates use, and the names of the proprietors, resident managers or superintendents, and of the agents of these estates.
4. Any other business of which due notice is given.

Paragalla Estate, M. H. REEVES,
Nawalapitiya, February 8, 1922. for Chairman.

Election of Local Committee, Deniyaya.

HEREBY give notice, in terms of the 14th section of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, No. 14 of 1896," of my intention to hold a General Meeting of the proprietors or resident managers of estates interested in the branch road from Deniyaya to Hayes estate, within the Morawak korale of the Southern Province, for the purpose of electing a new Local Committee by the said Ordinance.

The Meeting will be held at Hayes estate bungalow, Deniyaya, on February 28, 1922, at 10 A.M.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, F. BARTLETT,
Galle, February 11, 1922. Chairman.

Branch Road from Kegalla-Polgahawela Road to Lowlands Estate.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having granted the under-mentioned sum for the maintenance of the road from Kegalla-Polgahawela road to Lowlands estate during 1921-1922, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, 1896," will on March 4, 1922, at 1 P.M., at the Kurunegala Kachcheri, proceed to assess the under-mentioned estates to make up the private contributions:—

	Rs.	c.
Government moiety ..	425	0
Private contributions .. Rs. 429.25		
Less unexpended balance of previous year .. Rs. 30.87		
	398	38

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.
Charles Peries ..	Serapis ..	60
Messrs. Lipton, Ltd. ..	Cairnhill ..	132
Do. ..	Lower Eadella ..	20
Do. ..	Lowlands ..	65
Do. ..	Upper Eadella ..	438
Do. ..	Lesmoir ..	114

And at the same time and place the Committee will take evidence, if necessary, and receive and consider objections and suggestions.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, C. F. INGLEDOW,
Kurunegala, February 6, 1922. Secretary.

Mallawapitiya-Rambadagalla Branch Road.

THE report of the Local Committee on the Mallawapitiya-Rambadagalla branch road having been received, notice is hereby given that, in accordance with the provisions of section 19 of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, 1896," the Provincial Road Committee will on March 4, 1922, at 1 P.M., at the Office of the Government Agent, Kurunegala, after hearing objections, if any, adopt, alter, modify, or confirm such report, and will proceed to assess in the manner prescribed by the said section, the proportion due by each estate on account of the moiety of the cost of maintenance during 1921-1922 of the said road. The Local Committee have recommended that the following estates should be assessed for the sections and on the acreage stated opposite to each:—

	Rs.	c.
Government moiety ..	6,800	0
Private contributions ..	6,868	0
Less unexpended balance .. Rs. 564.72		
Less amount paid by Bandara for motor bus service .. Rs. 40.00		
	604	72
	6,263	28

1st to 2nd section, 1 mile.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.
Mrs. J. A. Dona Thekala		
Hamine ..	Mallawapitiya ..	100
Mr. Simon Fernando ..	Uyandanawatta ..	100

1st to 3rd section, 1½ mile.

Mr. G. D. John Fernando ..	Uyandanawatta ..	60
Natchee Appa Chetty (attorney of K. M. P. R. Muttu Raman Chetty) ..	Dangahamulawatta ..	23
Mr. A. Tennekoon ..	(Estate sold by Mr. Modder) ..	70
Mr. C. P. Markus ..	Rhenil ..	165

1st to 4th section, 2 miles.

S. S. N. Ramaniathan Chetty ..	Galpottewatta ..	120
Mr. P. Gooneratne ..	Lizzidale alias Tarpotewatta ..	214

1st to 5th section, 2½ miles.

Ram Banda, K. B. Dissanayake, T. G. Dissanayake ..	Paragahamulawatta ..	40
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1st to 6th section, 3 miles.

Mrs. W. G. Rockwood ..	Galgodewatta ..	100
Dr. David Rockwood ..	Kotakanda ..	30

1st to 7th section, 3½ miles.

Mr. Mohamed Ali, J.P. ..	Kotakanda ..	100
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1st to 8th section, 4 miles.

Hon. Dr. H. M. Fernando ..	Aspokunawatta ..	321
Mrs. A. M. Abeysekera ..	Lindapitiyewatta ..	56
Tingole Suppiah ..	Tingolewatta ..	48
Migolle Arachchi ..	Leeniyagolla ..	30
H. D. Sasira ..	Attikkagahamulawatta ..	30

1st to 9th section, 4½ miles.

Mr. F. N. Daniels ..	Kospotuoyewatta ..	180
Mr. T. B. Delwita ..	Pitawelawatta ..	64
Mr. T. Y. Wright ..	Shakerley ..	1,250

1st to 11th section, 5½ miles.

Hon. Dr. H. M. Fernando ..	Meegastenna ..	164
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1st to 14th section, 7 miles.

Mr. L. St. G. Carey ..	Normandy ..	352
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1st to 16th section, 8 miles.

Messrs. Bosanquet & Co. ..	Pangalla ..	520
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1st to 18th section, 9 miles.

Messrs. H. Don Carolis & Sons ..	Ridi Uyanwatta ..	233
Dr. A. Kalenberg ..	Stratford ..	42

1st to 23rd section, 11½ miles.		
Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.
Mr. A. S. Long-Price	Ridigama	1,352
1st to 24th section, 12 miles.		
K. M. N. M. Ramarathan Chetty	Mary Land <i>alias</i> Kaliswara	140
1st to 25th section, 12½ miles.		
Egoris Appuhamy	Veyangoda	36
Sadiris Appuhamy	do.	38
Mr. T. B. Delwita	Delwitawalawwa	24
1st to 28th section, 14 miles.		
The Central Tea Co. of Ceylon, Ltd.	Delhena	504
Messrs. James Finlay & Co.	Delwita Group	2,568
Mr. R. E. S. de Soysa	Nella Oola	300
Messrs. Harrisons & Crosfield, Ltd.	Marlbe	586
Do.	Keppitigala	708
Mr. J. C. Kotelawala	Field View	129
Provincial Road Committee's Office, Kurunegala, February 14, 1922.		F. G. TYRRELL, Chairman.

Mallawapitiya-Rambadagalla Branch Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having granted the under-mentioned sum for the maintenance of the bridge on the Mallawapitiya-Rambadagalla Branch Road, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, 1896," will on March 4, 1922, at 1 p.m., at the Kurunegala Kachcheri, proceed to assess the under-mentioned estates to make up the private contributions:—

(Estimate No. D 524).

Government moiety	Rs. 56.00	
Private contributions	Rs. 56.56	
Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.
Mr. F. N. Daniels	Kospotuoyewatta	180
Mr. T. B. Delwita	Pitawelawatta	64

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.
Mr. T. Y. Wright	Shakerley	1,250
Hon. Dr. H. M. Fernando	Meegastenna	164
Mr. L. St. G. Carey	Normandy	352
Messrs. Bosanquet & Co.	Pangalla	520
Messrs. H. Don Carolis & Sons	Ridi Uyanwatta	233
Dr. A. Kalenberg	Stratford	42
Mr. A. S. Long-Price	Ridigama	1,352
K. M. N. M. Ramanathan Chetty	Mary Land <i>alias</i> Kaliswara	140
Egoris Appuhamy	Veyangoda	36
Sadiris Appuhamy	do.	38
Mr. T. B. Delwita	Delwita Walawwa	24
The Central Tea Company of Ceylon, Ltd.	Delhena	504
Messrs. James Finlay & Co.	Delwita Group	2,568
Mr. R. E. S. de Soysa	Nella Oola	300
Messrs. Harrisons & Crosfield, Ltd.	Marlbe	586
Do.	Keppitigala	708
Mr. J. C. Kotelawala	Field View	129
Provincial Road Committee's Office, Kurunegala, February 14, 1922.		F. G. TYRRELL, Chairman.

Yattattawala-Yattagoda Estate Cart Road.

REFERRING to the notice dated January 4, 1922, and published in the *Government Gazettes* Nos. 7,236 and 7,237 of January 6 and 13, 1922, respectively, notice is hereby given that, under the provisions of section 14 of the Estate Roads Ordinance, No. 12 of 1902, the under-mentioned gentlemen have been elected to form the Local Committee to perform the duties imposed upon such Committee by the said Ordinance, in respect of the above road for the term of two years, namely, from January 21, 1922, to January 21, 1924:—

Messrs. Charles Peiris (Chairman), (2) Joseph Balasooriya, (3) W. Nugawela, and (4) K. G. Fernando.

Provincial Road Committee, Ratnapura, February 7, 1922. H. L. HOPPER,
for Chairman