

# Ceylon Government Gazette

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## Part I. — General.

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## PROCLAMATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR.

IN the Name of His Majesty GEORGE THE FIFTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

### PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir WILLIAM HENRY MANNING, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Knight Commander of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Companion of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

W. H. MANNING.

WHEREAS under and by virtue of the provisions of Article IV. of "The Ceylon (Legislative Council) Order in Council, 1923," power is given to the Governor in Executive Council to fix the date on which the present Legislative Council shall cease to exist:

And whereas the necessary measures have been taken to provide for the constitution of a Legislative Council as in the said Order in Council provided:

Know, therefore, that We, Sir William Henry Manning, Governor as aforesaid, do hereby order that the present Legislative Council shall cease to exist as and from the Twenty-ninth day of August, 1924.

Given in Executive Council, in the said Island of Ceylon, the Twenty-ninth day of August, 1924.

By His Excellency's command,

CECIL CLEMENTE,  
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

IN the Name of His Majesty GEORGE THE FIFTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir WILLIAM HENRY MANNING, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Knight Commander of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Companion of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

W. H. MANNING.

**K** NOW Ye that We, the Governor of Ceylon, by virtue of the powers in Us vested by section 55 of "The Courts Ordinance, No. 1 of 1889," have been pleased to appoint that an Additional District Court for the District of Kalutara shall be holden at the Town Hall, Kalutara, on September 4 and 5, 1924.

Given at Colombo, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twenty-fifth day of August, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty-four.

By His Excellency's command,

CECIL CLEMENTI,  
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

APPOINTMENTS, &c., BY THE GOVERNOR.

No. 349 of 1924.

**H**IS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr. M. K. T. SANDYS, Assistant Government Agent, Mullaitivu, to act, in addition to his own duties, as Additional Police Magistrate, Mannar, on September 1, 1924.

Mr. A. DE ABBREW to act as District Judge and Additional Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Kalutara, from August 25, 1924, until the resumption of duties by Mr. W. H. B. CARBERY.

Mr. A. H. E. MOLAMURE to act as District Judge, Commissioner of Requests, and Police Magistrate, Ratnapura, during the absence of Mr. H. J. V. EKANAYAKE, from August 27 to 31, 1924, inclusive, or until the resumption of duties by that officer.

Mr. R. G. SAUNDERS, Police Magistrate, Negombo, to be, in addition to his own duties, Additional District Judge, Negombo, with effect from September 1, 1924.

Mr. SOLOMON FERNANDO to act as Additional Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Panadure, and as Additional District Judge, Kalutara, on September 4 and 5, 1924.

Mr. W. HOLMES to be, in addition to his own duties, Additional Police Magistrate, Nuwara Eliya and Hatton, with effect from August 21, 1924.

Mr. H. E. MUTTETTUWEGAMA, Inquirer for Meda pattu of Kuruwiti korale, to be, in addition to his own duties, Inquirer for Palle pattu of Kukul korale, in the District of Ratnapura, from August 19 to 31, 1924, during the absence on leave of the Inquirer of that division.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, CECIL CLEMENTI,  
Colombo, August 28, 1924. Colonial Secretary.

No. 350 of 1924.

**M**R. W. HOLMES to be attached to the Nuwara Eliya Kachcheri, with effect from August 21, 1924, until further orders.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, CECIL CLEMENTI,  
Colombo, August 9, 1924. Colonial Secretary.

No. 351 of 1924.

**M**R. W. D. GODSALL to be attached to the Badulla Kachcheri, with effect from August 23, 1924, until further orders.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, CECIL CLEMENTI,  
Colombo, August 9, 1924. Colonial Secretary.

No. 352 of 1924.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments, under section 120 of "The Criminal Procedure Code, 1898," as amended by Ordinance No. 37 of 1908:—

(1) Mr. SOOSAIPIILLAI DAVID, Udayar, Mantai South, to be an Inquirer for the Udayar's division of Mantai South in place of Mr. J. S. CLEMENT, deceased.

(2) Mr. MEERAMOHAIDEN KAPPUDAYAR, Udayar, Mantai North, to be an Inquirer for the Udayar's division of Mantai North in place of Mr. P. M. RASIAH, resigned.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, August 23, 1924.CECIL CLEMENTI,  
Colonial Secretary

### APPOINTMENTS, &c., OF REGISTRARS.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint Mr. CHINNAPPAR SARAVANAMUTTU to be Registrar of Lands of the Jaffna District, with effect from September 1, 1924, *vice* Mr. S. VELUPILLAI, transferred.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, CECIL CLEMENTI,  
Colombo, August 23, 1924. Colonial Secretary.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to sanction the following appointments, with effect from September 22, 1924:—

Mr. JOHN WILLIAM ARTHUR PERERA, Registrar of Lands, Matara, to be Additional Registrar of Lands of the Colombo District, *vice* Mr. J. P. SILVA transferred.

Mr. SELLAPPULIGE ALFRED WILLIAM ROSA, Registrar of Lands, Kegalla, to be Registrar of Lands of the Matara District, *vice* Mr. J. W. A. PERERA transferred.

Mr. ANDRAVAS PATABENDI THEYONIS DE VAS GOONEWARDENA, Registrar of Lands, Badulla, to be Registrar of Lands of the Kegalla District, *vice* Mr. S. A. W. ROSA transferred.

Mr. ALBERT SAMARATUNGA to be Registrar of Lands of the Badulla District, *vice* Mr. T. DE V. GOONEWARDENA transferred.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, CECIL CLEMENTI,  
Colombo, August 25, 1924. Colonial Secretary.

THE following appointment made under section 2 of Ordinance No. 22 of 1921 is hereby notified:—

Mr. LOKU BANDA WERRELAGAMA to act as Registrar of Lands, Kegalla, for four days from August 27, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, Mr. S. A. W. ROSA, on leave.

Registrar-General's Office, H. W. CODRINGTON,  
Colombo, August 25, 1924. Registrar-General.

IT is hereby notified that I have appointed HERAT WASALA MUDIYANSELAGE PAL EWALAWWE KUDA BANDA RANAWANA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths and of Marriages (Kandyan and General) of Harispattu

No. 2 division, in the Kandy District of the Central Province, for twelve days, with effect from August 20, 1924, *vice* ALFRED DUNUWILA retired. His office will be at Ranawana Walawwa in Arambepola.

Registrar-General's Office, H. W. CODRINGTON,  
Colombo, August 25, 1924. Registrar-General.

THE following appointments, under section 3 of Ordinance No. 23 of 1900 and section 7 of Ordinance No. 19 of 1907, are hereby notified:—

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Colombo, has appointed DON JOSEPH MARTINUS PERERA SENANAYAKE to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Pita Kotte division, and of Marriages (General) of Palle pattu of Salpiti korale division, in the Colombo District of the Western Province, for thirty days from August 31, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, WAHALATANTRIGE DON WILLIAM PERERA SENANAYAKA, on sick leave. His office will be at Kahatagahawatta in Pita Kotte; station at Migahawatta in Boralesgomuwa.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Colombo, has appointed HETTIYAKANDAGE LIVINIS FERNANDO JAYAWARDANA to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Palle pattu of Salpiti korale division, in the Colombo District of the Western Province, for seven days from September 2, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, EMANUEL ABRAHAM SALGADO, on leave. His office will be at Bulugahawatta in Rawatawatta; station: Buddhist Schoolroom at Egoda Uyana; additional station: Munbuntuduwewatta in Indibedda.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kalutara, has appointed DON CHARLES EDIRIMANNA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Uduwara division and of Marriages (General) of Munwattebage pattu division, in the Kalutara District of the Western Province, on August 23, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, CECIL TILLEKARATNA, on leave. His office will be at Ampitigalawalauwa at Ampitigala.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kandy, has appointed WIRADDE WIRAKOON MUDIYANSELAGE PALAMAKUMBURE UKKU BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths and of Marriages (General) of Pata Dumbara No. 1 division, in the Kandy District of the Central Province, for thirteen days from August 25, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, W. M. P. KIRI BANDA, on leave. His office will be at Maragastennewatta in Hurikaduwa.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kandy, has appointed UDAGAMA KORALLAGE DON STEPHEN PATRICK to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths and of Marriages (General) of Uda Bulatgama No. 3 division, in the Kandy District of the Central Province, for fifteen days from September 1, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, T. B. HERATH, on leave. His office will be at No. 60, Dikoya.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Matale, has appointed IHALAWALAWWE TKIRI BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Gangala Pallesiya pattu division, and of Marriages (General) of Matale East division, in the Matale District of the Central Province, for eight days from August 22, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, L. B. SENEVIRATNE, on leave. His office will be at Ihalawalawwewatta in Galboda.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Galle, has appointed DON CAROLIS WIJESURIYA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Dodanduwa division, and of Marriages (General) of Wellaboda pattu division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, for August 22, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, G. H. B. ARTHUR DE SILVA, on leave. His office will be at Assalawatta at Moderapatuwata in Dodanduwa.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Galle, has appointed SARUKKALIGE PENTIS DE SILVA to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Four Gravets of Galle and Akmimana division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, for ten days from August 24, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, M. DE S. WIJEKULASURIYA, on leave. His office will be at No. 328 A in Udu-malewatta in Magalla.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Galle, has appointed ISAAC CHARLES DIAS GURUSINHA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Weragoda division, and of Marriages (General) of Wellaboda pattu division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, for August 25, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, H. W. D. A. A. WICKRAMASINHA, on leave. His office will be at Pingahawatta in Godagama.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Galle, has appointed ELGIN WEERASURIYA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kataluwa division, and of Marriages (General) of Talpe pattu division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, for four days from August 30, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, W. W. WARNASURIYA, on leave. His office will be at Nala-arambewatta in Kataluwa.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Hambantota, has appointed DON CAROLIS MUTUMALA WAIDYASURIYA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Tihawa division, and of Marriages (General) of Magam pattu division, in the Hambantota District of the Southern Province, for two days from August 19, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, A. DE S. WICKRAMANAYAKA, on leave. His office will be at Inginiyangahawatta in Punchiakurugoda (Tihawa).

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Hambantota, has appointed ARUKATTI PATABENDIGE MENDIAS to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Moderagampalata division, and of Marriages (General) of East Giruwa pattu division, in the Hambantota District of the Southern Province, for three days from August 21, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, D. J. EDIRIWICKRAMASURIYA, on leave. His office will be at Siyambalagahawatta in Tawaluwila.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Hambantota, has appointed TUPPAHIGE DON ANDRIS to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of West Giruwa pattu division, in the Hambantota District of the Southern Province, for seven days from September 1, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, U. A. DON DINES, on leave. His office will be at Tantiriyaekadawatta at Pattiapola.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Jaffna, has appointed JOACHIMPILLAI ANDRESUPILLAI to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Pandattarippu division, and of Marriages (General) of Valikamam West division, in the Jaffna District of the Northern Province, for seven days from August 25, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, J. CHRISTOPHER, on sick leave. His office will be at Kottiansima in Chillalai.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Batticaloa, has appointed SEBASTIAN MICHAEL JOSHUA to act as

Registrar of Births and Deaths of Koralai pattu south division, and of Marriages (General) of Koralai pattu division, in the Batticaloa District of the Eastern Province, for seven days from August 20, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, N. PETER, on leave. His office will be at Hilda estate in Korakallimadu; stations: Santiveli and Murakkodanchenai.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Batticaloa, has appointed PALIPODY VYRAMUTTU to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Karavaku pattu north No. 2 division, and of Marriages (General) of Karavaku pattu division, in the Batticaloa District of the Eastern Province, for thirty days from September 15, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, S. POOPALAPILLAI, on leave. His office will be at Puladiyalavu in Pandiruppu; station: Naippodimunai.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Trincomalee, has appointed KASINATHAR AMPALAVANAPILLAI to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Tanglegam East division, and of Marriages (General) of Tanglegam pattu division, in the Trincomalee District of the Eastern Province, for thirty days from August 26, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, K. S. KANDIAH, on leave. His office will be at Kalivalavu in Sinnakinniyai.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Puttalam-Chilaw, has appointed W. M. G. WANASUNDERA to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Puttalam pattu and Gravets division, in the Puttalam District of the North-Western Province, for two days from August 19, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, K. V. SUBRAMANIAM, on leave. His office will be at the Assistant Provincial Registrar's Office, Puttalam.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Puttalam-Chilaw, has appointed W. M. G. WANASUNDERA to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Puttalam pattu and Gravets division, in the Puttalam District of the North-Western Province, for eighteen days from August 28, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, K. V. SUBRAMANIAM, on leave. His office will be at the Assistant Provincial Registrar's Office, Puttalam.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Anuradhapura, has appointed KADIRA VELATEGE KUMARASEKARA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kunchuttu korale north division, and of Marriages (General) of Hurulu palata division, in the Anuradhapura District of the North-Central Province, for thirty days from August 22, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, S. APPUHAMY, on sick leave. His office will be at Viharahammillewa.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kegalla, has appointed SENEVIRATNA WASALA TENNAKON MUDIYANSE-RAHAHAMILAGE PUNCI BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Walgam pattuwa division, and of Marriages (General) of Galboda and Kinigoda Korales division, in the Kegalla District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa; on August 19, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, MEDDUMA BANDA, on leave. His office will be at Nagahagodawatta in Miduma.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kegalla, has appointed KURUWITA ARACHCHIGE MARTIN APPUHAMI to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Dehigampal korale Egodapota pattuwa division, and of Marriages (General) of Three Korales and Lower Bulatgama division, in the Kegalla District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, on August 21, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, K. A. APPUSINNO, on leave. His office will be at Hitinawatta in Imbulana.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kegalla, has appointed SENANAYAKA MUDIYANSELAGE CHARLES HENRY SENANAYAKA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kitulgal palata division, and of Marriages (General) of Three Korales and Lower Bulatgama division, in the Kegalla District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, for three days from August 22, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, D. B. PERERA, on leave. His office will be at Ilagotuellewatta in Urugala.

Registrar-General's Office,  
Colomb, August 26, 1924.

H. W. CODRINGTON,  
Registrar-General.



## GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATIONS.

### Passport Information.

**W**ITH reference to the Notification in the *Government Gazette*s dated April 4, 1924, and June 27, 1924, respectively, the following additional information in connection with the visa of passports is hereby published.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, August 22, 1924.

CECIL CLEMENTI,  
Colonial Secretary.

#### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REFERRED TO.

1. (a) All British-born subjects in possession of valid passports may travel to Denmark or Iceland and to Danish Colonies and Protectorates, as from July 1, 1924, without obtaining a visa from the Danish Consul.

(b) All nationals of Denmark or Iceland may similarly travel to the United Kingdom and to British Dominions, Colonies (except Gibraltar and Malta), and Protectorates without a British visa on their passports.

2. (a) All British-born subjects in possession of valid passports may travel to Norway and Norwegian Colonies and Protectorates, as from July 1, 1924, without obtaining a visa from the Norwegian Consul.

(b) All nationals of Norway may similarly travel to the United Kingdom and to British Colonies (except Gibraltar and Malta) and Protectorates without obtaining a British visa on their passports.

NOTE.—The arrangements in 1 (a) and 2 (a) excuse the bearer of the passport from obtaining a visa from the respective Foreign Consuls, but it is still necessary to obtain a visa from the British Passport Authorities for the foreign countries mentioned.

#### “THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ORDINANCE, No. 11 OF 1920.”

**B**Y-LAW made by the Negombo Urban District Council, under sections 31 (3) and 164 (1) of “The Local Government Ordinance, No. 11 of 1920,” approved by the Local Government Board, confirmed by the Governor in Executive Council, and published as required by section 166 (1).

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, August 27, 1924.

CECIL CLEMENTI,  
Colonial Secretary.

#### BY-LAW REFERRED TO.

The following regulation shall be added to Schedule I. of Ordinance No. 11 of 1920, and shall be numbered 14 :—

14. At any time before the time appointed for the poll, any duly nominated candidate may withdraw his candidature by appearing before the Government Agent and delivering to him a writing to that effect subscribed by him. In such case no poll shall be held in respect of such candidate; and if there remain only one duly qualified and duly nominated candidate for that electoral division, the Government Agent shall by public notice declare such candidate to be elected.

#### “THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ORDINANCE, No. 11 OF 1920.”

**B**Y-LAW made by the Matale Urban District Council, under sections 31 (3) and 164 (1) of “The Local Government Ordinance, No. 11 of 1920,” approved by the Local Government Board, confirmed by the Governor in Executive Council, and published as required by section 166 (1).

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, August 27, 1924.

CECIL CLEMENTI,  
Colonial Secretary.

#### BY-LAW REFERRED TO.

The following regulation shall be added to Schedule I. of Ordinance No. 11 of 1920, and shall be numbered 14 :—

14. At any time before the time appointed for the poll, any duly nominated candidate may withdraw his candidature by appearing before the Government Agent and delivering to him a writing to that effect subscribed by him. In such case no poll shall be held in respect of such candidate; and if there remain only one duly qualified and duly nominated candidate for that electoral division, the Government Agent shall by public notice declare such candidate to be elected.

## "THE SMALL TOWNS SANITARY ORDINANCE, 1892."

REGULATIONS and table of fees made by the Sanitary Board of the Galle District, under sections 9 E (2) and 5 (A) of "The Small Towns Sanitary Ordinance, 1892," and approved by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council.

The regulations framed by the Sanitary Board of the Galle District, and published in *Government Gazettes* Nos. 6,442 of May 19, 1911, and 6,605 of February 6, 1914, are hereby repealed.

By His Excellency's command,

CECIL CLEMENTI,  
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, July 25, 1924.

## BY-LAWS REFERRE TO.

## CHAPTER I. [Section 9 E (2) (a).]

*Time and Place of Meeting and Order to be observed thereat.*

1. Ordinary meetings of the Board shall be held whenever there is business to be transacted at the Galle Kachcheri, provided that it shall be lawful for the Board to adjourn any meeting to any other day.

2. For all purposes connected with the Board the precedence and seniority of the members shall be as follows:—

(a) The *ex-officio* Chairman.

(b) The members nominated by the Governor in the order in which they have been gazetted.

3. The Chairman shall preserve order and decide on all disputed points of order.

4. As soon after the hour appointed for any meeting (whether ordinary or special) as a quorum shall assemble, the member entitled to preside shall take the chair, and the Board shall proceed to business. Should a quorum not be present at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, the meeting shall stand adjourned. If an ordinary meeting, to the day appointed for the next ordinary meeting, or if a special meeting *sine die*.

5. Any member desiring to ask a question or to make a motion, unless in the course of discussion or in case of emergency by special leave of the Board, shall give notice of such question or motion either at some previous meeting of the Board, or by notice in writing at least four days before the day on which he intends to ask such question or make such motion.

6. Every member in giving such notice shall deliver to the Chairman a copy of such question or motion.

7. All questions asked and motions made at a meeting shall be made in the order of the notices thereof, unless the Board shall decide otherwise.

8. A motion negated at a meeting shall not again be brought forward until after the expiration of at least three months, and no motion in any way contrary to one passed by the Board at a meeting shall be entertained until after the expiration of the same period.

9. Any member presenting a petition or other communication will be held responsible for its contents being throughout respectful, and no document shall be laid before the Board unless the name and address of the drawer be legibly recorded on it.

10. When a petition or other communication is presented, the purport thereof shall be concisely stated, and on the motion of any member, duly seconded, the question shall be put whether or not the document shall be read.

11. The business of the ordinary meetings of the Board shall be conducted in the following order:—

(a) The minutes of the preceding meeting shall be read and confirmed after being, if necessary, corrected.

(b) Memorials, petitions, or other communications addressed to the Board shall be laid before the meeting and orders made thereon.

(c) The other business shall be considered in the order set down in the order book hereinafter mentioned.

12. An order book shall be kept, in which shall be entered and numbered in succession the subjects to be brought under discussion at each meeting. Another book to be called the minute book shall be kept, in which shall be minuted during each sitting in the order in which they occur the proceedings of the Board.

13. Each Inspector or Supervisor appointed by the Board shall also keep and submit to the Board at every meeting a complaint book, and he shall provide that this book shall be accessible to the public at his office within the hours of 11 A.M. and 4 P.M. on every week day, excepting Saturdays, holidays, and on any day on which the Board may sit and on the day before such sitting. Every inhabitant of the town shall have access to this book on his furnishing the Inspector or Supervisor with his name and address.

## CHAPTER II. [Section 9 E (2) (b).]

*Execution of Works, Streets, Roads, and Bridges.*

1. All votes of money for public works shall be made on estimates previously prepared and approved by the Board.

2. It shall be lawful for any person or persons thereunto authorized in writing by the Chairman, between the hours of 7 A.M. and 5 P.M., with all necessary and proper servants, labourers, workmen, carriages, and animals, and other means,

to enter upon any land adjacent or near to any existing or intended street within the limits of the Board, and there severally to do and perform all acts, matters, and things necessary for the purpose of tracing, measuring, making, working, opening, altering, turning, repairing, clearing, improving, or fencing any street, or for building, excavating, repairing, clearing, or improving any bridge, fence, drain, dam, or ditch thereupon, or in any way connected therewith, or for performing any act, matter, or thing under the provisions of this Ordinance.

3. In the tracing, measuring, making, working, opening, altering, turning, repairing, clearing, or improving any existing or intended street, or building, excavating, repairing, or improving any bridge, fence, drain, dam, or ditch thereupon, or in any way connected therewith, it shall and may be lawful for the person or persons authorized as aforesaid to throw upon any land adjacent or near thereto such earth, rubbish, or materials, as it shall or may be necessary to remove from the place of any such work; provided that such earth, rubbish, and material shall be removed within a reasonable time.

4. It shall be lawful for any person thereunto authorized in writing by the Chairman to make any temporary road through the ground near to any existing or intended thoroughfare during the execution of any work in any way connected therewith; provided such road shall not run over any ground whereon any building stands, nor over an enclosed garden or yard.

5. It shall be lawful for any person thereunto specially authorized in writing by the Chairman to cut and remove and place upon any ground near thereto all trees, bushes, or shrubs, and all leaves or branches or roots of trees that shall grow in or overhang any thoroughfare or cause any obstruction or harm thereto, and for that purpose to enter upon any land or premises with such persons, animals, and instruments as may be necessary for the removing of such trees, bushes, shrubs, leaves, branches, or roots.

6. It shall be lawful for any person thereunto authorized in writing by the Chairman to put up or make fences, hedges, ditches, drains, or banks by the side of any thoroughfare whenever to him it shall appear necessary.

7. Any person thereunto specially authorized in writing by the Chairman shall have power to make and cleanse all drains or water-courses, and also to make such bridges as he shall deem necessary for the preservation, improvement, repair, or construction of any road or canal in and through any lands or grounds lying near to such road or canal or intended road or canal.

8. Any officer of the Board thereunto specially authorized in writing by the Chairman shall have power to lay any matter or thing whatsoever upon any road, and to allow the same to remain there during the time such road is under repair, and for such time before the repairs are commenced and after the repairs are completed as may be necessary for facilitating the making of such repairs, or for preventing damage to such recently repaired road; but he shall take due and reasonable precaution for preventing danger or injury to persons passing along such road.

9. It shall be lawful for any such person or persons authorized as aforesaid, with the servants, workmen, and labourers employed by or under him, between the hours of 7 A.M. and 5 P.M., and with all necessary and proper carriages, animals, and other means, to search for, dig, cut, take, and carry away any water, timber, brushwood, stone, gravel, clay, or any other material whatsoever for the purpose of tracing, measuring, making, working, opening, altering, turning, repairing, clearing, improving, or fencing, or in any way assisting in the tracing, measuring, making, working, opening, altering, turning, repairing, clearing, improving, or fencing any existing or intended street, or of building, excavating, repairing, clearing, or improving any bridge, fence, drain, dam, or ditch thereupon, or repairing any lines or any buildings whatsoever required on or near any such thoroughfare for the use of any officer of the Board employed on any work connected with such street, or any workmen, carriages, persons, or things employed in his service in and from any land adjacent or near to any such street, and to carry away the same through the ground of any person without being deemed a trespasser; provided that no such material shall be dug for, cut, or taken away upon or from any yard, avenue, to a house or lawn, or any enclosed garden, plantation, field, or wood without the consent of the owner thereof, unless sufficient materials cannot conveniently be obtained from the neighbouring

waste lands or common or abandoned grounds, in which case the person or persons authorized as aforesaid may take any of such materials where these can be conveniently procured; provided also that reasonable compensation for all materials so taken, and for the damages done by the getting and carrying away the same, shall be made to the owner thereof; and provided further, that such person or persons shall rail or fence off any quarries or pits from which any such materials shall be taken, so that the same shall not be dangerous to any person or animal.

10. Any officer of the Board authorized in writing by the Chairman shall have power to make, scour, cleanse, and keep open all ditches, gutters, and drains, or water-courses, and also to make and lay such trunks, tunnels, plats, or bridges as he shall deem necessary for the protection, preservation, improvement, repair, or construction of any street or road in and through any lands or grounds adjoining or lying near to such street or road or intended street or road.

11. It shall be lawful for the Chairman, should he deem it necessary, to require, by notice in writing, the owner of any yard or ground adjoining a dwelling-house, or the owner of any alley, to have such yard, ground, or alley paved or levelled in such manner as the Chairman shall direct, and to lay sufficient drains or pipes to the nearest town sewer or drain for the purpose of draining such yard, ground, or alley. Such drains or pipes shall be of such material, of such size, of such level, and with such fall, and shall be carried to such point of junction with the said sewer or drain as the Chairman shall appoint; provided that the Board shall supply to such owner on application at cost price, the materials necessary for the drains or pipes which he is required to lay. If such owner shall fail to comply with the requirements of such notice within the time appointed, the Chairman and any officer or workmen authorized by him may enter upon the premises and cause the required work to be done, and the cost thereof shall be paid by the owner.

#### CHAPTER III. [Section 9 E (2) (c).]

1. The flour, water, and other materials used in the manufacture of bread shall be good and wholesome, and it shall be lawful for any person thereto authorized in writing by the Chairman from time to time to demand and obtain samples thereof.

2. Each loaf of bread shall bear on its upper surface a mark distinctly indicating its weight, and any person selling bread that falls short of the full weight so indicated shall be guilty of an offence.

#### CHAPTER IV. A.—MARKETS.

##### *Establishment and Regulation of Public Markets and Regulations dealing with Unwholesome Food.*

1. Whenever it shall be determined by the Board to establish a public market, the Chairman shall give not less than ten days notice of the time when the same will be opened, and such notice shall be published by beat of tom-tom.

2. All public markets shall be open daily from 6 A.M. to 9 P.M., and it shall be the duty of the Board or its lessee to make provision for the proper lighting of the market.

3. A table of rents and fees leviable at each market by the servants of the Board or by its lessee shall be printed in English, Sinhalese, and Tamil and placed in a conspicuous place at each market, and it shall be unlawful for any person to demand or receive higher sums than those authorized by such notice.

The rents and fees leviable at the markets established by the Board shall be as follows:—

##### *Meat Market.*

For every carcase other than a goat or sheep exposed for sale, 50 cents a day.

For every carcase of a goat or sheep exposed for sale, 25 cents a day.

##### *Fish Market.*

For each square yard of floor space occupied, 10 cents a day.

##### *Fruit and Vegetable Market.*

For each square yard of floor space occupied, 3 cents a day.

4. The several rents and fees payable in respect of a public market shall be paid in advance from time to time on demand to the Chairman of the Board or the lessee, or other persons authorized by the Board or their lessees to receive the same.

5. If any person liable to the payment of any rent or fee authorized as aforesaid does not pay the same when demanded, the Board or any person authorized by the Chairman of the Board to collect the same may levy the same by seizure and sale of all or any of the articles in the market belonging to, or in the possession or custody of, the person liable to pay such rent or fee.

6. No person shall hold, use, or occupy any portion of a public market without a license, which license shall be in the form in Schedule A annexed, nor shall he contravene any of the conditions of such license, and no person shall keep or expose for sale in any stall any article the keeping or sale of which therein shall have been prohibited by the Board by notice posted in the market.

7. No person shall sell or expose for sale in any fish market or stall any provisions or things other than fresh or salt fish.

8. No person shall sell or expose for sale in any vegetable or fruit market or stall any meat or fish, whether fresh or salted, or any cooked food, or any articles of food other than fresh fruit and vegetables.

9. No occupant of a stall shall enclose in any way any portion of a market, or erect any awning or screen or fixture of any kind, nor shall he leave any goods in any market between the hours of 9 P.M. and 6 A.M. without having first obtained the sanction of the Chairman.

10. Every occupant of a stall, space, or seat in any market shall keep such stall, space, or seat clean and free from filth or rubbish. No person suffering, or who to the knowledge of any person in charge of a public market has recently suffered, from any contagious or infectious disease, or has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall occupy any stall, seat, or place in such public market or expose for sale thereat any provisions whatsoever.

11. No person using or occupying any portion of a public market shall—

- (a) Behave in a disorderly manner or commit any nuisance in or about such market.
- (b) Carry on any cooking in any such market.
- (c) Remain in or loiter about such market after the place is closed for business at 9 P.M. without being able to give a satisfactory account of himself.
- (d) Damage or in anywise deface any portion of the buildings, stalls, lamps, or any property of the Board in or about such market, or defile or pollute in any way the water provided for use in such market.

12. It shall be lawful for the Inspector or Supervisor of the Board, upon the seizure by him as unwholesome or unfit for human food of any meat, poultry, fish, game, flesh, vegetable, fruit, or other article of food introduced into or exposed for sale within the limits of the Sanitary Board, to convey the same to the Medical Officer of the station, or in his absence, or if there is no such officer, to the Magistrate, or in case where there is no Police Court, to the President of a Village Tribunal; and if it appear to such Medical Officer, Magistrate, or President that such meat, poultry, fish, vegetable, fruit, or other provisions are unfit for human food, he shall order the same to be destroyed or to be disposed of so as to prevent their being exposed for sale or used as food.

13. It shall be the duty of the market-keeper or of the lessee of a market to maintain order within the limits of the market, and every person who shall obstruct or resist any person appointed by the Board to superintend any public market, or to collect the rents or fees, or to enforce order or cleanliness therein whilst in the execution of his duty, shall be guilty of an offence.

14. Whenever it shall appear to the Board that the use or consumption by the public of any particular kind of fish is injurious, or that during the prevalence of any epidemic the use or consumption of any particular kind of fruit or vegetable is hurtful, it shall be lawful for the Board, on the recommendation of the Medical Officer, by beat of tom-tom or other sufficient notice, to prohibit for such time as to the Board shall appear necessary the sale of any such fish, fruit, or vegetable in any market or other place within the limits of the Board, and after such notice to cause the same, whether exposed for sale or not, to be seized and destroyed in such manner as the Board or Chairman may direct.

15. No cart or vehicle shall remain within any market premises for a longer period than is necessary for loading or unloading.

16. No rubbish, refuse, bones, skins of animals or other articles likely to be offensive or injurious to the public health shall be deposited in or upon any public market or its premises otherwise than within a covered receptacle provided for such purpose by the Board.

17. When a slaughter-house has been provided by the Board, no carcase of any animal (or any portion thereof) which has not been slaughtered at the public slaughter-house provided by the Board shall be brought into a public or private market or sold or exposed for sale in any public or private market. The provisions of this by-law shall not apply to frozen meat, game, or fish imported into the Island.

18. If any person having a license to hold or occupy a stall in any public market shall wilfully neglect or refuse to serve the public without being able to assign a satisfactory reason during two consecutive days, it shall be lawful for the Chairman to suspend or revoke any such license.

#### B.—GENERAL.

(a) No person shall within the limits of any Sanitary Board town keep any bakery, eating-house, tea or coffee boutique, butcher's stall, fish stall, cattle gala, dairy, laundry, or common lodging house without an annual license from the Chairman of the Sanitary Board, which license the Chairman is hereby empowered to refuse to any person failing to comply with any of the following rules or any existing Sanitary Board rule providing for the regulation and control of the places aforesaid. Every such license shall remain in force until December 31 of the year in respect of which such license is issued or until such license is cancelled.

Such license shall further be subject to such fees as the Sanitary Board shall from time to time determine with the sanction of the Governor in Council.

(b) If any person shall have been convicted twice or oftener by any court of the breach of any of the following rules or any existing Sanitary Board rule providing for the control of the places aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the court recording such second or subsequent conviction to cancel the license issued to such person under this chapter by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board. Upon such cancellation of a license by a court the Chairman of the Sanitary Board is empowered in his discretion to refuse to issue any fresh license to such person.

Provided that these rules shall not apply to stalls in markets established by or vested in any public body.

#### C.—BAKERIES.

1. Bakery shall mean any premises on which bread, biscuits, or confectionery are baked for sale as food for man, and also includes any premises on which such food is prepared for baking or on which the materials for the preparation of such food are stored.

2. The room in which kneading takes place shall have a minimum superficial area of 12 feet by 15 feet. There shall be a free external air space on at least two sides not less than 7 feet wide to permit of through ventilation. The door of the oven shall not open directly into the kneading room. Every kneading room shall be provided with a ceiling.

3. Every bakery shall be well ventilated and well lighted, and the walls in every part shall not be less than 7 feet in height and be built of brick, stone, or cabook, the inside thereof to be lime plastered and whitewashed every six months. The roof shall be of some permanent material. The ceiling shall be plastered and limewashed four times yearly, or may be made of closely fitting boards varnished or painted. The floor shall be cemented throughout and adequate drainage provided. Every room shall be provided with windows capable of being opened and having a superficial area of not less than one-sixteenth of the superficial floor space.

4. The troughs and all the utensils used in the making of bread and pastry shall be kept scrupulously clean, and must be capable of being moved about for the purpose of cleaning the floor.

5. The floor shall be carefully scraped and swept at least once every twenty-four hours, and the sweepings shall be immediately placed in an impervious, covered receptacle and removed from the bakery daily.

6. Every bakery shall be kept in a cleanly state and free from effluvia arising from any drain, privy, cesspit, or other nuisance.

7. No bakery shall be within 50 feet of any cesspit, manure, heap, open sewer, or privy.

8. No furniture or other articles are to be stored in the bakery other than those used in the manufacture of bread and pastry.

9. The tops of the tables are to be made of well-seasoned closely fitting planks, or some non-harmful impervious materials, and are to be scraped and cleaned daily.

10. No animal shall be kept in the bakery on any pretence whatever.

11. No person suffering, or who to the knowledge of any person in charge of the bakery has recently suffered, from any contagious or infectious disease, or has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall be permitted by any such person in charge of the bakery to enter the bakery or take part in the manufacture or sale of bread, biscuits, or confectionery.

12. All persons employed in the preparation and baking of bread shall wash their hands before engaging in the process of breadmaking, and shall wear clean white aprons covering the chest and body, and also a white cap or turban.

13. Clean water and soap shall be provided for the use of those engaged in the manufacture of bread, biscuits, and confectionery.

14. All bread, biscuits, confectionery, and sweetmeats exposed for sale shall be kept in properly constructed glass cases free from flies. The cases shall be kept scrupulously clean.

15. The flour, water, and other materials used in the manufacture of bread shall be good and wholesome, and the flour shall be kept on a platform raised 3 feet above the ground.

16. All refuse around the premises of a bakery shall be removed daily and drains well flushed.

17. No place on the same level with the bakery and forming part of the same building shall be used as a sleeping place, unless it is effectually separated from the bakery by a partition extending from the floor to the ceiling; no water-closet, earth-closet, privy, or ashpit shall be within, or communicate directly with the bakery.

18. It shall be lawful for a Sanitary Board Inspector or other person authorized in writing by the Chairman at all reasonable times and at any time when the process of baking is being carried on to enter and inspect any bakery or place used for the sale of bread.

19. A copy of these by-laws shall be framed and hung up in a prominent place in every bakery.

#### D.—EATING-HOUSES AND TEA AND COFFEE BOUTIQUES.

1. All eating-houses and tea and coffee boutiques shall be kept clean and sanitary to the satisfaction of the Chairman.

2. All utensils, furniture, and other requisites used in or belonging to any eating-house or tea or coffee boutique shall always be kept clean.

3. The walls of all eating-houses and tea or coffee boutiques shall be plastered and limewashed at least twice a year or as directed by the Chairman or Senior Sanitary Officer, and the rooms shall be well ventilated and lighted.

4. All refuse and dirt in or about the premises of any eating-house or tea or coffee boutique shall be removed twice daily.

5. No person suffering, or who to the knowledge of any person in charge of an eating-house or tea or coffee boutique has recently suffered from any contagious or infectious disease, or has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall be permitted by any such person in charge of the eating-house or tea or coffee boutique to be employed in or about any such eating-house or tea or coffee boutique.

6. The sugar used in such place shall be kept in glass stoppered wide-mouthed bottles.

7. All cakes, sweetmeats, &c., exposed for sale shall be kept in properly constructed glass cases free from flies. No food stuffs shall be exposed to the contamination of flies. The glass cases used shall be kept scrupulously clean.

8. No waste tea, coffee, or milk, or remnants of food or cooking waste, shall be thrown on the ground, but shall be collected in a proper receptacle and removed daily.

9. No adulterated milk shall be sold or offered or exposed for sale or kept on the premises of any eating-house or tea or coffee boutique.

For the purpose of this rule adulterated milk shall mean milk to which water or any other foreign liquid or substance has been added for the purpose of augmenting its quantity or enhancing its apparent quality and not for the purpose of preparing tea or coffee or any other beverage for the immediate consumption of customers.

10. These by-laws shall be framed and hung up in a prominent place in every such eating-house or tea or coffee boutique.

#### E.—BUTCHERS' STALLS.

1. Every butcher's stall shall be well ventilated and well lighted, the walls thereof shall be plastered and whitewashed at least four times a year, and the floor cemented and sufficient drainage provided.

2. Every room in which meat is kept shall be scrupulously clean.

3. Every table used in a butcher's stall shall be covered with zinc or other impermeable substance approved by the Chairman. Such tables and the chopping block and all implements shall be kept scrupulously clean. They shall be washed with water and scrubbed with a hard clean brush immediately after use. All hooks for hanging meat shall be polished and free from rust.

4. Refuse and unsaleable material, offal, &c., if not immediately removed, shall be kept in a zinc lined box, with a perforated zinc cover, the perforation to be of such size as to prevent flies entering.

5. All refuse and dirt in and about the premises of a butcher's stall shall be removed at least once a day and the drains well flushed.

6. No person suffering, or who to the knowledge of any person in charge of a butcher's stall has recently suffered, from any contagious or infectious disease, or has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall be permitted by any such person in charge of the butcher's stall to be employed in such butcher's stall.

7. Every butcher shall provide himself with a movable bin or receptacle of metal for waste material.

8. Every butcher's stall and the management and conduct of the business shall be at all times open and subject to inspection by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board or by any person duly authorized by the Chairman.

9. These by-laws shall be framed and hung up in a prominent place in every butcher's stall.

#### F.—FISH STALLS.

1. Every fish stall shall be well ventilated and well lighted, and the walls thereof shall be plastered and whitewashed at least twice a year or as directed by the Chairman or Senior Sanitary Officer. The floor shall be of smooth cement, having a proper fall leading to a masonry drain built in cement and cement rendered, emptying into a bucket. The drain and bucket shall be washed with disinfectant at least twice a day, and the bucket shall not be allowed to overflow. The stall shall always be kept clean and free from stains of blood and dust, and the walls and floor kept in a state of repair.

2. Instead of the drain referred to in the last preceding rule, a fishmonger may use a large zinc sheet or concrete counter having a fall towards its centre and so arranged that the washing shall fall into the bucket.

3. Every table used in a fish stall shall be covered with zinc or other impermeable substance approved by the Chairman. Such tables and the chopping block and all implements shall be kept scrupulously clean. They shall be washed with water and scrubbed with a hard clean brush immediately after use. All hooks for hanging fish shall be polished and free from rust.

4. Fish baskets shall be washed daily and kept exposed to sun and air on a shelf and not to be kept inside the fish shop.

5. Every fish stall holder shall provide himself with a movable receptacle of metal for waste-material.

6. All refuse and dirt in or about the premises of a fish stall shall be removed at least once a day and the drains well flushed.

7. No person suffering, or who to the knowledge of any person in charge of a fish stall has recently suffered, from any contagious or infectious disease, or has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall be permitted by any such person in charge of the fish stall to be employed in such fish stall.

8. Every fish stall and the management and conduct of the business shall at all reasonable times be open and subject to inspection by the Chairman or by any person duly authorized by the Chairman.

9. These by-laws shall be framed and hung up in a prominent place in every fish stall.

#### G.—GALAS.

1. Every licensed gala shall be registered by the Chairman, and a notice board shall be hung up by the licensee at the entrance of every such gala with the words "Registered Gala No. ——" and the name of the owner painted thereon.

2. Every gala or halting place for carts or cattle shall be properly levelled and drained to the satisfaction of the Chairman, and the ground shall either be paved or properly consolidated with broken metal, so that it keeps a hard and level surface. All buildings in such gala or halting place used for keeping the bulls or other animals must be so constructed and kept as to comply with rule 3. Such gala or halting place shall be kept in a clean and sanitary state, being thoroughly cleansed daily, and all dung and refuse removed daily to such place at a distance from any dwelling houses as the Chairman shall approve. No goods, materials, or substance of any kind shall be deposited upon such gala or halting place in such a manner as to obstruct such daily cleansing.

3. The owner, tenant, or occupier of every building or shed used as a stable, cattle stall, or cattle halting place shall provide the same to the satisfaction of the Chairman with suitable cemented drains to carry off washings, urine, or rain water. Provided that the Chairman, if he considers it necessary, may require such drains to be so constructed as to convey the urine or washings into one or more covered receptacles constructed in such a manner as the Chairman shall direct, the contents of which shall be daily removed at the expense of such owner, tenant, or occupier and disposed of so that no nuisance is caused thereby. The floor of such building or shed shall be paved with brick rendered in cement, stone, cement concrete, asphalt, or other hard material which can readily be kept clean, and shall be kept even and in good repair. If such building or shed is so constructed that it can be whitewashed, this shall be done at least once in six months or oftener if the Chairman shall so direct. (Provided that the Chairman may relax any of the above regulations if, owing to the distance of the building or shed from human dwellings or for any other reason, he shall consider the same unnecessary.) Provided also that the Chairman may, if he considers it necessary, require any building to be used as a stable, cattle stall, or cattle halting place to be constructed of stone, brick, or other permanent materials, and to have a tiled or iron roof.

4. Every stable, cattle stall, or cattle halting place shall be kept in a clean and sanitary state, being thoroughly cleansed daily, and dung and refuse removed daily to such a place at a distance from any dwelling houses as the Chairman shall approve.

5. Every gala shall be open for inspection at all reasonable times by the officers of the Board or by any other person thereto authorized in writing by the Chairman. All orders which the Chairman is empowered to make under these by-laws shall be in writing.

#### H.—DAIRIES.

1. For the purpose of rules under section 9 E (2) (d) a dairy shall mean and include any farm, farmhouse, cow shed, milk store, milk shop, or other place from which milk is supplied or in which milk is stored or kept for the purposes of sale.

"Dairyman" shall include any cow keeper, purveyor of milk, or occupier of a dairy, and in cases where a dairy is owned by more than one person, the manager or other person actually managing such dairy.

2. No dairy shall be located in any compound within 100 feet of an open cesspit or surface latrine or in a position where bad odours will reach it, and no open cesspit or surface latrine shall be erected within 100 feet of any dairy.

3. Every dairy compound shall be sufficiently provided with proper drainage to the satisfaction of the Chairman, and the drains shall be kept flushed. No foul water shall be allowed to stagnate in any dairy compound.

4. All refuse and dirt in and around the dairy premises shall be removed without delay. Cowdung shall be removed daily.

5. A pure and protected supply of water must be provided at convenient distance for the use of every dairy. No bathing or washing of clothes shall take place at or near this water supply.

6. The milch cows and buffaloes shall be free from disease, and no person suffering from, or who to the knowledge of any person in charge of a dairy has recently suffered from, any contagious or infectious disease, or has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall be permitted by any such person in charge of the dairy to be employed in such dairy.

7. All dairymen shall see that their cattle are washed as to udders and teats before milking, and the milker is to wash his hands thoroughly with soap and water before milking. Every precaution shall be taken to prevent contamination of milk by dung or urine.

8. No dairyman or owner of a dairy shall adulterate milk by the addition of any water or any other foreign liquid or substance thereto, nor shall he sell or offer or expose for sale milk so adulterated.

9. All utensils, furniture, and other requisites used in or belonging to a dairy shall be kept clean.

10. All vessels sent out containing milk shall be scrupulously clean, and shall be properly covered, stoppered, or corked with clean materials, and shall not be carried under the armpit, nor shall the mouths of the bottles be fingered.

11. The sheds and yards where cattle are kept shall be subject to and satisfy the requirements of the rule 3 of the Sanitary Board regulations regarding galas.

12. Every licensee of a dairy shall have a milk room erected in such a position and at such a distance from the cow sheds as the Chairman of the Sanitary Board shall approve, for the storing and preparation of milk, and in which all vessels used in his trade are to be stored after cleansing. The floor shall be cemented with rounded corners at its junction with the walls, the walls shall be of plastered masonry, smooth boards or ironwork, to be limewashed or painted periodically as directed by the Chairman or the Senior Sanitary Officer. At least two opposite walls of the milk room shall abut on the open air. The roofs shall be ceiled with grooved boards to prevent the ingress of dust. There shall be at least one window and one door. The window shall be 3 feet by 2 feet without glass or shutters and be fitted with flyproof netting. The door shall be opposite the window, be close fitting and fitted with flyproof netting, and shall be kept closed. A table with a covering of marble, slate, or zinc or other approved impermeable substance shall be placed in the milk room. This room shall be used for no other purpose than that of storing and preparing milk, and one for storing after cleansing of all vessels used in the trade.

13. Every licensee of a dairy shall keep a list of his customers, which shall be open at all reasonable times for inspection by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board, the Senior Sanitary Officer, or his assistants.

14. The number of cows for which each dairy is licensed shall be stated in such license.

15. No licensee of a dairy shall change the location of his dairy without having first obtained the permission of the Chairman, nor shall milking take place at any place other than at the licensed premises.

16. Every licensee of a dairy shall keep a report book in his milk room, in which Inspecting Officers may make their report each time they visit the dairy.

17. Every dairy situated within the limits of a Sanitary Board town shall be registered by the Chairman, who shall issue to each applicant a card of registration bearing his name and number. These cards are to be shown to authorized officers of the Board or to Sanitary Inspectors when required by them to do so.

18. The Chairman of the Sanitary Board, the Senior Sanitary Officer, or his assistants, the Chief Headman of the district, or any Sanitary Inspector appointed by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board, or the Senior Sanitary Officer to do sanitary inspection in any Sanitary Board town, shall be at all times empowered to take a sample of milk for analysis from any licensed dairy or from any person selling milk or exposing milk for sale within Sanitary Board limits.

19. No person shall sell or expose for sale milk within the limits of a Sanitary Board town without the Chairman's license, which he shall carry with him when engaged in the sale of milk and produce for inspection by authorized officers of the Board or Sanitary Inspectors when required by them to do so.

20. A copy of these by-laws shall be hung in the milk room of every dairy.

#### I.—LAUNDRIES.

1. For the purpose of rules under section 9 E (2) (d) "laundry" means the premises occupied by any person carrying on the trade of washing other peoples' clothes for hire and used for such purpose, and "laundryman" signifies any such person or an employee or assistant of such person in such work.



2. Every laundryman shall, when so required by the Chairman, provided a separate room for soiled linen, which must be well ventilated and clean at all times and whitewashed twice annually.

3. A laundryman shall not store soiled linen in any room used as a living apartment.

4. The Chairman shall when he considers it necessary in the interests and for the good of the public health allocate special sites for the washing of clothes; such sites will be indicated by a notice board.

5. When any laundryman or any member of his family or household shall contract any infectious or contagious disease, he shall within 24 hours report the same to the Chairman of the Sanitary Board, either through the Sanitary Inspector or the Police Headman.

6. When any laundryman or any member of his family or household shall contract any infectious or contagious disease, all work in the laundry shall immediately cease, nor shall any clothes be taken into the laundry or sent out of it after the outbreak and during the prevalence of such disease, save by special permission of the Chairman.

7. No laundryman shall, without the permission of the Chairman of the Sanitary Board or the Senior Sanitary Officer, receive soiled linen from any house in which there is reason to believe that a member thereof is suffering from any infectious disease.

8. Every laundryman shall when called upon by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board or the Senior Sanitary Officer or his assistant, give a list of the persons for whom he washes.

#### J.—COMMON LODGING HOUSES.

1. For the purpose of rules under section 9 E (2) (d) common lodging houses shall mean any house or any part of a house in which four or more persons not being members of the same family are housed for hire.

2. A common lodging house shall be substantially built and kept in a good state of repair, and the sleeping rooms shall be well ventilated and lighted to the satisfaction of the Chairman, and the walls thereof whitewashed thrice annually.

3. The keeper of a common lodging house shall at all times keep the place clean and in a sanitary condition. He shall cause all filth and offensive matter to be removed from the premises.

4. When any person in a common lodging house becomes ill with any infectious or contagious disease, the keeper shall immediately inform the proper authority either through the Sanitary Inspector or the Police Headman, and shall obey the directions of the proper authority with regard to the vacation of the lodging house, disinfection or destruction of bedding clothing, and other articles, and fumigation, disinfection, and limewashing of the house.

5. The keeper of a common lodging house shall be responsible for the provision of sufficient latrine accommodation for the inmates and for the keeping of the same in a sanitary condition.

6. The Chairman of the Sanitary Board is hereby empowered to decide the maximum number of persons that may be accommodated in any common lodging house, and such number shall be endorsed upon the license. Any common lodging house-keeper allowing the number to be exceeded shall be guilty of an offence. For the purpose of this rule two children under twelve years of age shall count as one person.

7. The premises of any common lodging house shall at all reasonable times be open to inspection by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board, the Senior Sanitary Officer or his assistant, the Chief Headman of the District, and any Sanitary Inspector appointed by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board or the Senior Sanitary Officer to do sanitary inspection in the Sanitary Board town in which such common lodging house is situated.

#### K.—WASHING PLACES.

1. It shall be lawful for the Board by resolution from time to time to set apart for washing of horses and cattle, clothes, and mats such places as it may deem proper, and the hours during which they may be used.

2. A list of the places so set apart shall be published in the *Government Gazette* in English, Sinhalese, and Tamil, and proclaimed within the limits of the Board by beat of tom-tom, and copies of the list in the said three languages shall be kept affixed at the office.

3. No person shall wash horses, cattle, clothes, or mats at any public place within the town, except at such places so set apart by the Board.

4. No person suffering, or who to the knowledge of any person in charge of a washing place set apart as hereinbefore provided has recently suffered, from any contagious or infectious disease, or has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall be permitted by any such person in charge of the washing place to wash clothes or any other article in such washing place.

5. No horses and cattle suffering from any contagious or infectious disease shall be washed in any such washing places.

#### CHAPTER V. [Section 9 E (2) (i).]

##### Care of Waste or Public Lands.

1. No person shall remove any sand, earth, stone, or growing plants or trees from, or in any way alter or deface the surface of, any waste or public land without the authority of the Chairman.

2. No horse, cattle, sheep, goats, or swine shall be tethered or grazed upon any public ground vested in the Board without a license from the Chairman. Such license may be granted for a year or any shorter period at the discretion of the Chairman, and shall be subject to such fee as the Board shall from time to time by resolution determine.

3. Any person thereto authorized in writing by the Chairman may seize any horse, sheep, goat, or other animal which he may find tethered or grazing without such license as aforesaid on any public ground within the town.

4. The Board may farm or let out the public grazing grounds or any part thereof for any period not exceeding twelve months on such conditions as to the Board may seem fit.

#### CHAPTER VI. [Section 9 E (2) (j).]

##### For the putting up and preservation of Boundaries.

1. Every owner or occupier of any house, garden, building, or land within the town shall keep such house, garden, building, or land surrounded with a wall or good fence of not less than 4 feet in height from the level of the ground.

2. No live fence shall in future be erected within 3 feet of any public masonry drain.

#### CHAPTER VII. [Section 9 E (2) (k).]

##### Public Bathing Places.

1. For the purpose of rules under section 9 E (2) (k) a public bathing place shall mean any place where the public or any particular class of persons bathe, whether on payment of money or not, or any place thereto specially set apart by order of the Sanitary Board under rule 2.

2. The Sanitary Board may by resolution set apart any public place over which it has control or any portion thereof for the purpose of being used as a public bathing place, and may define the meets and bounds of such public bathing place.

3. In every case in which a charge is made by the owner or occupier of any public bathing place for the use thereof, such owner or occupier shall not keep such bathing place without a license from the Chairman of the Sanitary Board, which license the Chairman is hereby empowered to refuse to any persons failing to comply with any of these rules or any existing Sanitary Board rule.

Such license shall further be subject to such fees as the Sanitary Board shall from time to time determine with the sanction of the Governor in Council.

4. If any person shall have been convicted twice or oftener by any court of the breach of any of these rules, it shall be lawful for the court recording such second or subsequent conviction to cancel the license issued to such person under this chapter by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board. Upon such cancellation of a license by a court the Chairman of the Sanitary Board is empowered in his discretion to refuse to issue any fresh license to such person.

5. The owner or occupier of any public bathing place shall be bound to see that the requirements of these rules are carried out.

6. Wherever a public bathing place is served by a well, such well shall have a protecting wall at least 2 feet high all round or, if there is no wall, must be constructed on a plan approved by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board, and in such a way that none of the water drawn for washing can find its way back into the well, and the ground immediately surrounding such well shall be sloped, paved, or concreted so as to allow the water to run into a leadaway drain of a sufficient length to prevent, to the satisfaction of the Chairman, any percolation of dirty water into the well.

7. If tubs are used they shall be cleaned daily and painted twice annually. If a large tank or bath is used the water thereof shall be changed daily, so that it does not become stagnant or offensive or unfit for use for human bathing.

8. No person suffering, or who to the knowledge of any person in charge of a public bathing place has recently suffered from any contagious or infectious disease, or has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall bathe, wash in, or in any way use the water of any such public bathing place, unless such water shall be drawn for such person by some healthy person and carried for use to a safe distance from such bathing place.

9. Whenever a public bathing place is served by a well, no person shall use such well for washing cattle or any other animals, or mats or any other things, or any clothes except those he is wearing, and if such clothes be slapped upon a stone or otherwise beaten, this shall be done at such distance from the well that the splash therefrom cannot fall into the well.

The provisions of rule 9 shall also *mutatis mutandis* apply to tanks or baths, the water of which is artificially changed at intervals, and to public bathing places specially set apart by order of the Sanitary Board or the Chairman.

10. No person shall commit a nuisance by obeying a call of nature at or near any public bathing place.

CHAPTER VIII. [Section 9 E (2) (m) and (n).]

*Charges for occupation of Pounds, &c.*

1. All cattle, sheep, and goats straying on the public roads or paths within the town shall when seized be placed in the pound established by the Board for the purpose where such have been provided, and the following charges shall be paid before the removal of any animal so impounded:—

For occupation, 25 per cent head for a day or part of a day.  
For food, if supplied, 15 cents per head for a day or part of a day.

*Dogs.*

2. All stray dogs shall be seized, and if diseased, or suspected of disease, destroyed; otherwise they shall be impounded in a pound provided by the Board, and a sum of 40 cents for the first day of detention and 15 cents for each succeeding day to meet the expenses incurred by the Sanitary Board shall be levied from the owner of the dog if he claims it and desires to remove it, impounded dogs if not claimed within three days shall be destroyed.

CHAPTER IX. [Section 9 E (2) (o).]

1. It shall not be lawful for any person or persons to erect, re-erect, repair, add to, or enlarge any building, whether permanent or temporary, or to renew or repair or alter or add to the frontage of any such building in any way, or to build any drain or bridge, platform, or structure over a drain, or any privy or cesspool, without twenty-one days' previous notice in writing to the Chairman accompanied by details and plans of the work sufficient to show the arrangements proposed in respect of ventilation, drainage, and sanitation. No such building operations shall be commenced without the written permission of the Chairman, or until after the expiry of the twenty-one days' notice.

2. It shall not be lawful for any person to erect a house or hut for the purposes of a dwelling place, or permit the same to be occupied as a dwelling place, within the limits of the Board, except after twenty-one days' previous notice in writing to the Chairman, and under the following conditions:—

- (a) The walls shall in no case be built of cadjan, but of stone, brick, cabook, mud and wattle, or other suitable material which allows of its being properly plastered and white-washed.
- (b) Every such house or hut or any room therein to be used for human habitation shall not be less than 120 superficial feet in area, and not less than 10 feet in height, and with eaves at least 6 feet from the ground. All houses or huts are to have tiled roofs, except where the Chairman may see fit to relax the operation of this rule by written permit setting out the period of which such exemption is to hold good.
- (c) Every room to be used for human habitation shall have at least one door not less than 6 feet by 3 feet, and at least one window not less than 3 feet by 2 feet.
- (d) The floor shall always be higher than 1 foot from the ground, provided the Chairman shall be at liberty to require a higher level according to situation.
- (e) It shall be lawful for the Chairman to cause any house or hut erected contrary to the provisions of this by-law to be taken down at the expense of the owner, if within one month after written notice to him to alter or take down the same he shall fail or neglect to do so.

3. It shall not be lawful for any person to erect, re-erect, or add to any hut or house within the limits of any Sanitary Board town, except under the following conditions:—

The following clear air space shall be left around any hut or house which is erected or re-erected, or around any hut or house which is added to with respect to such addition, and no portion of the walls of such building, and not more than 2 feet 6 inches of the projecting eaves of such buildings, shall come within such space:—

- (1) On the side of any road or street 25 feet to the centre of such road or street.
- (2) Behind such space up to 50 feet to any other hut or house, except a kitchen, bathing place, or latrine as the Chairman may require, of which prescribed space at least half shall be land belonging to the same owner as the land upon which the house stands, which is erected, re-erected, or added to.
- (3) To the side such space up to 15 feet to the nearest building as the Chairman may require, of which prescribed space at least half shall be land belonging to the same owner as the land upon which the house stands, which is erected, re-erected, or added to.

Provided that the Chairman may in his discretion relax the operation of this rule in any special case, but he shall not do so unless he is satisfied that (1) no detriment is caused thereby to

the sanitary condition or amenities of the house or hut to be erected, re-erected, or added to, or of any other neighbouring house or hut used or intended to be used as a human dwelling place; and (2) that the future alignment, widening, or development of any road or street, or the convenience of the public using such road or street, will not be interfered with by such relaxation of the rule.

Provided further, that the Chairman may allow the erection of a kitchen, bathing place, or latrine upon the portion thus reserved for air space on the side any house furthest from the road or street in such place as the Chairman shall approve.

Provided further, that where a conservancy lane shall have been provided, or laid out, or projected by the Board, such latrine shall adjoin such lane or projected land.

CHAPTER X. [Section 9 E (2) (s).]

*For regulating the dimensions and use of Kraals in Lakes and Rivers for soaking Coir Husks and for charging Fees for the use of the same.*

1. No kraals for soaking coir husks shall be made in any lake, river, or stream within or adjoining a Sanitary Board town without the permission of the Chairman.

2. A fee of 10 cents per annum shall be recoverable for every husk kraal covering a space of 6 feet by 6 feet or under. This applies to existing kraals also.

3. The Chairman shall have power to remove any husk kraal even if the fee has been paid at any time, should he think that such removal is necessary for the purposes of sanitation or facility of river or lake transport, the flow of water, or for the better regulation of kraals in the river or lake.

4. Every husk kraal shall be built of suitable timber.

5. The fee due on every husk kraal shall be paid before 30th June each year.

CHAPTER XI. [Section 9 E (2) (t).]

*Prevention of Malaria.*

1. Hollow places in compounds or close to dwelling-houses shall be filled up or drained so that the water may not stagnate in them, and all unnecessary vessels or receptacles of any description lying about the said premises and which are liable to hold or contain water likely to become stagnant shall be removed.

2. The owner or occupant of any garden or compound in which it is desired to cut down a bamboo clump or any portion thereof shall dig and remove the roots thereof, or cause the roots thereof to be dug and removed, or shall cut down or cause the same to be cut down to a point below the level of the surrounding ground in such a manner, and so cover or cause to be covered the roots as to prevent any water collecting in the hollow of the severed portions of bamboos still left in the earth.

CHAPTER XII. [Section 9 E (2) (u).]

*General Conservancy.*

1. All owners, tenants, or occupiers of lands within the limits of the Sanitary Board shall keep the same clean and free from all refuse, rubbish, or noisome vegetation likely to prove prejudicial or injurious to health.

2. All or any part of any house, dwelling, church, place of business, or other building shall be provided with sufficient light or ventilation, and shall, whenever so ordered by the Chairman or any officer acting under his authority, be forthwith externally or internally limewashed, disinfected, or otherwise cleaned.

3. Privies shall be constructed where in the opinion of the Chairman it is desirable that they should exist.

4. Every owner or occupier of any place within the limits of the Sanitary Board used for a tannery, brick factory, lime kiln, and every owner or occupier of a cart stand, cattle yard, bakery, coach building yard, or manufactory, shall remove or cause to be removed daily from such premises all filth, dirt, and rubbish, and deposit it in such places as the Chairman may approve.

5. Every cart stand, cattle yard, and sheep pen shall be paved and drained to the satisfaction of the Chairman.

6. All householders or other persons who are desirous that the dust, ashes, sweepings, rubbish, and other refuse from their premises should be removed by the scavengers of the Board shall deposit the same in proper boxes or other receptacles with covers on the edge of the road outside their respective dwellings or shops daily between the hours of 6 A.M. and 8 A.M., and it shall not be lawful for any person to place or cause to be placed such dust, ashes, sweepings, rubbish, or refuse in any street unless the same shall be contained in boxes or other receptacles as aforesaid, nor after the hours specified; and every such person shall remove such boxes or other like receptacles within the space of half an hour after the same shall have been emptied by the scavengers.



7. It shall be lawful for the Chairman at any time to require the owner or occupier of any house, building, enclosure, or premises within the limits of the Sanitary Board, by notice in writing, to remove or cause to be removed the contents of any privy, pit, or water-closet in or belonging to such house, building, enclosure, or premises to such place or places, and within such time as shall be set forth in the said notice. Should such owner or occupier fail to comply with the requirements of such notice within seven days from the time when such notice shall have been served on him, the Chairman may cause the necessary work to be done, and for that purpose shall have power to enter into and upon any such house, outhouse, building, enclosure, or premises with such labourers, implements, and things as may be required, and the expenses incurred shall be recoverable as a debt due by the owner to the Board.

8. Any person who shall bury or cause to be buried, or deposit or cause to be deposited, the contents of any latrine, privy, pit, or water-closet within any house, building, or premises, or in or any land within 100 feet of any dwelling house, well, stream, or water-course, shall be guilty of an offence. Upon receiving notice he shall at once remove the same to such place and within such time as the Chairman shall direct. In default of compliance with such notice within the time appointed, the Chairman and any officers or workmen authorized by him may enter upon such house, building, or premises and cause the necessary work to be done, and the expenses incurred thereby shall be paid by the person in default, and shall be ascertained and determined and recoverable as a debt due by the owner to the Board.

9. The occupier of any house or premises within or upon which any cattle, horse, sheep, goat, or pig may die shall within four hours after its death, or if death occurs at night within four hours after daylight, either remove the carcass at his own expense to such place as may be appointed by the Chairman for that purpose, or report its death to the Supervisor or Inspector of the Board, and in such latter case shall pay to the Board the expense of removing or burying the carcass at such rate as the Chairman shall determine.

10. Whenever any tree or branch or fruit of a tree within the limits of the Sanitary Board shall be deemed by the Chairman, after inspection by himself or some person authorized by him, to be likely to fall upon any house or building and injure the occupier thereof, or whenever the same shall overhang any street, it shall be lawful for the Chairman to cause notice in writing to be given to the owner or to the occupier of the ground upon which such tree stands to cut down or remove the said tree or branch or fruit; and if such owner or occupier shall not cut down or remove the same within twenty-four hours after such notice, the Chairman and any officers or workmen authorized by him in writing may enter upon such ground and cause the work to be done, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by such owner or occupier, and shall be ascertained and determined and recoverable as a debt due by the owner to the Board.

11. It shall be lawful for any Inspector or any officer authorized in writing by the Chairman, between the hours of 7 A.M. and 5 P.M., to enter upon any building or premises within the limits of the Board and do all things necessary for the purpose of ascertaining whether such building or premises are kept in a sanitary condition.

12. No person shall deposit any dirt, manure, filth, sweepings, or rubbish of any kind, nor any old bottles, tins, chatties, coconut shells, or other receptacles of any kind capable of holding rain water, on any street, road, or public place, or in any drain of such street, road, or public place, or on any land or premises in proximity to any dwelling-house. Such dirt, manure, filth, sweepings, rubbish of any kind, and any old bottles, tins, chatties, coconut shells, or receptacles of any kind capable of holding rain water shall be burnt or buried or carried away to a suitable place approved of by the Chairman.

13. Whenever it shall appear to the Chairman that any ground or premises in the vicinity of dwelling houses is in an insanitary condition by reason of the growth of weeds or rank or noisome vegetation upon it, or by reason of accumulations of manure, filth, or rubbish, or of stagnant water, or of receptacles likely to contain rain water and stagnate lying about, the Chairman may require the owner or occupier of such ground, by a notice in writing, to do, within a reasonable time to be specified in such notice, such work as is necessary to put the said ground into a sanitary condition. If the owner or occupier shall fail to carry out the said work within the time specified, or if at any subsequent time he shall again allow the said land to get into such insanitary condition as aforesaid, the Chairman may cause the necessary work to be done, and for that purpose shall have power to enter into and upon such land, with such labourers, implements, and things as may be required, and the expenses incurred shall be recoverable as a debt due by the owner to the Board. Provided that nothing in this rule contained shall prevent the Chairman from at any time entering any prosecution under these rules should he consider such prosecution advisable.

14. It shall be the duty of the owner of every house or hut used for human habitation to keep the same in a state of good repair, unless he proves to the satisfaction of the Chairman that

a tenant or occupier has agreed to undertake this duty, in which case the said duty shall fall on such tenant or occupier, as the case may be.

15. Whenever it shall appear to the Chairman that any such house or hut is in such a state of repair that it is in an insanitary condition and prejudicial to the health of the inmates or the neighbours, he may cause a notice in writing to be served upon the owner, tenant, or occupier, as the case may be, whose duty it is to keep such house in good repair, requiring him, within a reasonable time to be fixed in such notice, to do such work as may be necessary to put the said house or hut into a sanitary state. If such owner, tenant, or occupier shall neglect to do the necessary work within the time fixed, the Chairman may cause the work to be done, and the expenses incurred shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Board by such owner, tenant, or occupier. Provided that no action taken by the Chairman under this rule shall prevent such owner, tenant, or occupier being at any time punished for a breach of rule 14 of this chapter.

#### CHAPTER XIII. [Section 9 B (2) (f).]

##### *Dangerous and Offensive Trades.*

1. Dangerous and offensive trades shall for the purpose of these rules mean and include any of the following:—

Storage or manufacture of artificial manure; boiling of blood or offal, drying blood or offal, tanning, fat melting, fat extracting, soap making, soaking of coconut husks, fibre dyeing, coconut oil manufacture (where machinery is employed) manufacture or storing of fibre, storing of hides, bones, artificial manures or any materials for the manufacture of artificial manure, storing of Maldiv fish in quantity over 5 cwt. in weight, quarrying for metal, cabock, or gravel, the manufacture of bricks and tiles, the burning of lime, the manufacture of aerated waters, storing or curing of plumbago, and storing of salt fish.

2. No owner or occupier of any land or premises within the limits of any Sanitary Board or other person shall carry on or suffer to be carried on upon such land or premises any offensive or dangerous trade or manufacture without a license from the Chairman of the Sanitary Board who is further empowered to refuse such license to any person failing to comply with any of these or other already existing Sanitary Board rules.

Such license shall be subject to such fees as the Sanitary Board from time to time may determine with the sanction of the Governor in Council.

3. If any person shall have been convicted twice or oftener by any court of the breach of any of these rules it shall be lawful for the court recording such second or subsequent conviction to cancel the license issued to such person under the chapter by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board. Upon such cancellation of a license by a court, the Chairman of the Sanitary Board is empowered in his discretion to refuse to issue any fresh license to such person.

4. All materials required for the purpose of carrying on any of the aforesaid trades, businesses, or manufactures shall be stored so as to prevent effluvia or nuisance, and all such materials which have to be brought along any public thoroughfare, and which are likely to be offensive and give off effluvia shall be transported in non-absorbent covered receptacles or in such other manner as the Chairman shall direct, so as to obviate the creation of any nuisance.

5. Effective means shall be adopted for rendering innocuous any offensive vapours or gases emitted during any process or manufacture. Such vapours and gases shall either be discharged into the external air in such manner and at such a height as to admit of their diffusion without injurious or offensive effects or they shall be passed directly through a fire or into a condensing apparatus. All premises shall be adequately drained, and the drains kept in efficient order and washed daily.

6. Floors shall be maintained in a proper state of repair and cleansed daily, and when so ordered by the Chairman shall be constructed of such impermeable material as he may direct.

7. Walls shall be kept in good order so as to prevent the absorption of filth, and whitewashed twice annually or oftener if so ordered by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board or the Senior Sanitary Officer.

8. All apparatus, including implements and vessels, shall be kept clean and where possible they shall be cleaned daily. All refuse, sweepings, scrapings, together with waste and dye products, shall be removed daily from the premises in covered receptacles, unless intended to be forthwith subjected to further trade purposes on the premises.

9. Tanks used for washing or soaking skins or any other materials must be emptied and cleansed as often as may be necessary to prevent effluvia.

10. No person carrying on any offensive trade or manufacture, nor any owner or occupier of any land or premises upon which such offensive trade or manufacture is carried on shall pollute any river, stream, canal, channel, well, tank, or open piece of water by discharging thereinto or suffering to flow thereinto any foul, ill-smelling, or offensive water or other fluid, or by throwing thereinto or suffering to be washed thereinto any offensive substance, nor shall he in any other way pollute or contaminate such river, stream, canal, channel, well, tank, or open piece of water.

11. The premises of all the afore-mentioned trades shall be open for inspection at all reasonable hours by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board or by any person duly authorized by the Chairman.

12. The owner or occupier of any land from which clay, earth, stone, gravel, cabook, or other material is cut for the manufacture of bricks or tiles, or for building, or for any other purpose shall be responsible for seeing that proper drainage is provided, and that the pits or trenches cut are afterwards filled, so that water cannot stagnate therein.

#### CHAPTER XIV. [Section 9 E (f).]

##### *Manufacture of Aerated Waters.*

1. No person shall commence the manufacture of aerated waters within the limits of the Sanitary Board for the purposes of sale without giving one month's previous notice in writing to the Chairman of the Board.

2. No aerated water factory shall be situated within less than 150 feet from any gala, stable, or other building used for keeping animals by day and night, or of any latrine or cesspit. No part of the factory shall be used as a dwelling house.

3. All premises used for manufacture of aerated waters must be well lighted and ventilated, must have cemented floors, must be provided with suitably built drains to carry off waste material, and must be kept clean and free from dirt and dust. The preparation of the syrups must be carried out in a separate fly-proof room. All chemicals and other materials used in the manufacture of the waters must be of good quality. All utensils and machinery employed in the manufacture must be kept scrupulously clean.

4. The water used in the manufacture shall be obtained from a source adequately protected from contamination and approved of by the Chairman of the Board. It shall be transported to the factory by means which shall ensure that no pollution occurs in transit. It shall be stored at the factory in properly constructed tanks or reservoirs connecting with the aerating apparatus.

5. All water used in the manufacture of aerated waters shall be passed through a Jewell or other filter approved by the Chairman and connected with the plant, provided that the Chairman shall have power to exempt from the operation of this rule water derived from an approved public supply.

6. All bottles used in the manufacture of aerated waters shall be washed with filtered water and shall be kept scrupulously clean.

7. Every bottle containing aerated water shall bear a label setting out the description of the water and the place of manufacture, the name of the person or firm owning the factory, and the number assigned to the factory by the Chairman of the Board.

8. No person under twelve years of age shall be employed in any aerated water factory, nor any person suffering from any cutaneous or contagious disease.

9. All persons engaged in the filling of bottles with gas shall wear fine-meshed wire face-and neck-shields and leather gloves.

10. Wells from which water for the manufacture of aerated waters is drawn shall be set apart solely for this purpose, and shall not be used for bathing.

#### CHAPTER XV. [Section 9 E (2) (t).]

##### *Wells.*

1. No person shall sink a well or cause a well to be sunk within the limits of any Sanitary Board town, unless he shall have given to the Chairman one month's notice of such his intention, or shall have obtained a permit from the Chairman to sink such well or cause it to be sunk.

2. No well shall be sunk less than 50 feet from any cesspit, cesspool, pigsty, gala, cattle shed, manure heap, leaking drain, neglected privy, heap of decaying vegetable or animal matter, or any manured land.

3. No cesspit, cesspool, privy, pigsty, gala, or cattle shed shall be constructed within a distance of 50 feet from any well used for drinking or domestic purposes, nor shall any manure or decaying animal or vegetable matter be deposited, nor any land be cultivated with manure, nor any drain suffered to remain in a leaking condition within such distance.

4. All wells shall be lined as far as water level either with bricks set in cement with a backing of puddled clay or with cylinders of iron, cement, or clay, or shall be otherwise so constructed as to prevent the entrance of water except from the bottom.

5. A platform upon which to stand and draw water may be constructed over the top of a portion of the mouth of the well. This platform shall be so constructed as to be absolutely water-tight, so that no water therefrom can trickle back into the well, but all flow on to the apron or pavement referred to in rule 6. The said platform shall have a slope downwards from the centre of the mouth of the well outwards so as to throw off water and

a water-tight ledge at least 6 inches high along its inner edge connected at both ends with the parapet wall. The remainder of the well mouth shall be surrounded by a parapet wall at least 2 feet 6 inches high.

6. The well shall be surrounded for a distance of 5 feet by a cement apron or pavement of stone or brick set in cement sloping away from the well.

7. The outer edge of such apron or pavement shall be surrounded by a cement gutter emptying into a leadaway drain not less than 10 feet long, so as to prevent the stagnation of water in the vicinity of the well.

8. No planks shall be placed across the mouth of the well to stand on when drawing water of for any other purpose.

9. Water from wells shall be drawn in clean receptacles.

10. No one shall wash clothes within 20 feet of the mouth of a well used for drinking or domestic purposes.

11. Every owner or lessee of a well used as a public bathing place shall supply bathing tubs, and shall not allow persons who bathe to draw water, and no person shall draw water from such well while bathing.

12. Whenever any tree or branch of any tree overhangs a well, and is deemed after inspection by the Chairman or any Sanitary Officer of the Board to be injurious to the water, owing to the dropping of the leaves or fruit into the water or by otherwise rendering the water unfit for use, it shall be lawful for the Chairman of the Sanitary Board to cause notice in writing to be given to the owner, lessee, or occupier of the ground on which such tree stands to cut down or remove such tree or branch, and if such notice is not complied with within fourteen days, such person shall be guilty of an offence.

13. The Chairman may, whenever he deems such a course to be necessary, cause notice to be given in writing to the owner or lessee or occupant of any compound in which there is a well used for drinking or domestic purposes to bale out the water and clean the well and execute such repairs as the Chairman may consider to be necessary, and if such notice is not complied with within fourteen days, such person shall be guilty of an offence.

14. Whenever it shall be decided by a resolution of the Sanitary Board that such a course is expedient in the interests of health, it may give notice to the owner, lessee, or occupant of any land to fill up or disinfect any well on such land, and the owner, lessee, or occupier shall thereupon be bound to comply with such order within eight days' time. Should such owner, lessee, or occupier fail within such time to comply with such order, such person shall be guilty of an offence.

15. It shall be lawful for the Supervisor or Inspector of the Board or other person empowered in writing by the Chairman of the Board to inspect wells, or enter upon any land or premises for the purpose of inspecting proposed sites or wells or existing wells and their surroundings.

#### CHAPTER XVI. [Section 9 E (2) (h).]

##### *For regulating the time and manner of Fishing and for securing the preservation of Fish within the Limits of the Town or Village.*

1. The ma-del net fishing season begins on October 1 and ends on May 31 in each year.

2. All ma-del boats and ma-del nets which are in use or are intended to be used at any fishing port, inlet or waraya in the sea adjoining the town and are seaworthy shall be registered on application to the Chairman before September 15 in each year, in a book to be kept for the purpose by an officer authorized by the Chairman. A boat and net belonging to it shall be registered under one number to be marked on the boat.

2a. The Chairman shall have power, for special reasons to be given by the applicant, to register such ma-del boats and ma-del nets after September 15.

3. The registration shall be annual after inspection of the boats as to their seaworthiness by the Chairman or an officer deputed by him for the purpose.

4. The particulars to be registered are the dimensions of the boats, the length of the nets, and the name or names of the owners.

5. In case of any dispute as regards the description and number of the boats and nets to be registered, the parties entitled to register them, or the boundaries of the warayas or ports, the decision of the Board shall be final.

6. The board shall have power to limit the number of boats and nets to be used in each waraya or port.

7. Every registered boat and net shall be used in the waraya for fishing by turns in rotation calculated from October 1 in the order of the register (of which order each owner should keep himself informed). The turn of each net and boat shall begin at sunrise and terminate at sunrise of the following day.

8. The Chairman or any member of the Board shall have power to inspect the boats and nets at any time, and recommend to the Board the striking off the register of any boat the owner of which shall have been convicted of a breach of any rule in this chapter.

9. When a boat has been taken off the register the turns are calculated from the date according to the number of boats on the register existing thereafter.

10. All sea-fishing boats other than ma-del boats shall also be registered annually.

10a. The use of any unregistered ma-del boat and ma-del net or of any other unregistered sea-fishing boat is prohibited.

11. Whenever koralababbu, bolla, ehalamuruwa, koramuruwa and such other fish come into the warayas or inlets, the existing customs in catching them should be observed.

12. So long as these fish swarm in the inlets or waraya they should be caught by line and rod and nothing else, but when they are leaving the inlets altogether, the Patabendi Arachchi or any other officer authorized by the Chairman, in consultation with at least six of the fishers, shall appoint a date from which boru-del or visi-del nets may be used. No ma-del shall on any account be used.

13. Fishing by rod and line in lakes, rivers, and streams is permitted throughout the year.

14. Fishing by kraals in such waters is prohibited during February, March, and April.

15. The use of ma-del, ko-del, kundaliya-del, and such other nets which destroy ova or make a clean sweep, of fry in rivers streams, or lakes are prohibited.

16. No kraals for fishing will be allowed within a distance of 50 yards of one from the other.

17. The open space to be left for the waterway between kraal ends on either bank of a lake, river, or stream to be not less than 16 yards.

#### CHAPTER XVII. [Section 9 E (2).]

##### *By-law re Cesspits.*

1. No occupier or owner shall build, or cause to be built on his land or premises any privy, cesspit, or latrine without having first obtained the permission of the Chairman in writing.

2. (a) Upon any application for such permission under by-law 1, it shall be competent to the Chairman of the Board to require that any particular type of privy, cesspit, or latrine approved by the Board and no other shall be constructed.

(b) The Chairman or the Board may further describe the position in which such privy, cesspit, or latrine shall be constructed, and refuse permission to construct any privy, cesspit, or latrine in any other position.

(c) It shall further be competent to the Chairman or the Board to refuse permission to construct any privy, cesspit, or latrine at all upon any premises should the Chairman or the Board be of opinion that such constructions should not be permitted on sanitary grounds.

3. (a) It shall be competent to the Board to order in writing the owner or occupier of any premises in which a privy, cesspit, or latrine has been constructed without permission or in any way contrary to the terms of any permission issued by the Chairman or the Board to demolish and fill up the said privy, cesspit, or latrine within such reasonable time as may be prescribed by the Chairman or the Board.

(b) Any person failing to comply with an order made under sub-section (a) shall be guilty of an offence.

4. (a) The Board may order in writing the owner or occupier of any premises to construct within the time prescribed by such order a privy or latrine of such a type and size and in such a position and with such connecting drains as the Board may prescribe.

(b) Any person failing to comply with an order made under sub-section (a) shall be guilty of an offence.

5. (a) The Board may order in writing the owner or occupier of the premises upon which any privy, cesspit, or latrine exists either to repair, alter, or reconstruct the same in such a manner and within such time as the Board may prescribe, or to demolish and fill up the same within such prescribed time; if in the opinion of the Board such privy, cesspit, or latrine is structurally defective or is unsuitable for the purpose to which it is put, or is liable to give rise to a nuisance, or if it does not abut upon and cannot be conveniently conserved from a sanitary lane established by the Board under by-law 8, or otherwise the Board may require the owner or occupier of the premises upon which the privy, cesspit, or latrine exists either to repair, alter, or re-construct the same in such manner and within such reasonable time as the Board may prescribe or within such prescribed time to demolish and fill up the same.

(b) Any person failing to comply with an order made under sub-section (a) shall be guilty of an offence.

6. *Definition.*—For the purposes of the following by-laws:—

“Cesspit” shall mean and include all forms of closets or latrines other than those on the dry-earth system.

“Specified area” shall mean and include such area or areas within the limits of the Board as the Board may from time to time specify; such area may comprise the whole of such limits or a portion or portions thereof.

7. The Board may by resolution prohibit within any specified area or portion of a specified area the use of any particular kind of cesspit of whatever kind, and direct that all latrines and closets be conducted on the dry-earth system.

8. Whenever such a resolution shall have been passed, and notice in writing shall have been given to the owner or occupier of any house or building or land in or on which such cesspit or cesspits are situated to close such cesspit or cesspits and substitute a dry-earth closet or closets therefor, it shall be incumbent on such person or persons to comply with such notice within such time as the Board may determine from the service of such notice. Any owner or occupier failing within a reasonable time to comply with such notice shall be guilty of an offence. Provided that for the erection of any closet or latrine under this by-law the permission of the Chairman under by-law 1 shall be necessary, so that the Chairman may give necessary instructions as to type, situation, &c.

9. It shall be the duty of the owner or occupier of any premises upon which any privy or latrine stands to keep the said privy or latrine in good repair and in a clean and sanitary state and to see that no nuisance is caused thereby. Any owner or occupier failing so to do shall be guilty of an offence.

10. In order to secure the efficient removal of night soil it shall be lawful for the Board by resolution to require the owner or occupier of any houses, buildings, or lands in any specified area to provide and maintain at their own expenses a conservancy lane not exceeding 8 feet wide at the back of or running through their premises in such position as may be determined by the Chairman.

11. Within any specified area all conservancy shall be carried out by the Board, and it shall not be lawful for any person either to carry out such work himself or by means of an agent or servant or to employ any person to do such work for him without the written permission of the Chairman, which permission the Chairman is empowered at his discretion to refuse, if he is of opinion that all such services within the area can be adequately carried out by the Board.

12. All owners or occupiers of premises furnished with closets or latrines within any specified area shall pay monthly to the Board such conservancy fees as shall be fixed by the Board for the removal of their night soil. All such fees shall be paid before the 10th day of the month following that during which the service was rendered. Any person neglecting to pay such fees within the time prescribed shall be guilty of an offence.

13. Any person requiring the services of day coolies may apply to the Board therefor in writing, and such coolies will be supplied upon such terms as the Board shall decide.

14. Any person outside a specified area who desires that the conservancy of his closet or latrine be undertaken by the Board or that he be given the services of a day cooly shall notify the Chairman in writing to that effect, and the Board may thereupon undertake such conservancy upon such terms as the Board may decide.

15. Whenever the Board shall consider the construction of a new catchpit or the alteration, repair, or reconstruction or filling up an existing catchpit to be necessary, it may require any owner or occupier of any land or premises by notice in writing signed by the Chairman either to construct a new catchpit or to alter, repair, or reconstruct or fill up any existing catchpit, and may further give directions as to the position, level, and size of such catchpit, the materials to be used, the manner in which the work is to be carried out, and any other details in connection with such works. Any such owner or occupier who shall after receipt of such notice fail within such time as the Board shall determine to carry out such requirements of the Board shall be guilty of an offence.

16. It shall be lawful for the Chairman to notify the owner or occupier of any land or premises upon which there is any catchpit into which filthy water flows and collects that the Board will henceforth undertake the daily removal of such water, and thereafter such owner or occupier shall be bound to pay such reasonable fees for the removal of such dirty water as the Board shall determine.

17. The owner or occupier of any land or premises upon which there is any catchpit into which dirty water flows and collects and who shall not have been notified by the Chairman under by-law 16 shall be responsible for the daily removal of such water to such place as the Chairman shall approve so that no nuisance is caused thereby. Any such owner or occupier failing to carry out such removal as above required shall be guilty of an offence.

## SCHEDULE A.

## Market License.

Fees Rs. ———		Annual	Annual
The bearer ———, of ———, has permission to hold the stall ———		Fee.	Fee.
No. ———, in the ——— market, for ———, subject to the by-laws.		Rs. c.	Rs. c.
Chairman, Sanitary Board.			
Table of fees chargeable for annual licenses under the foregoing by-laws :—			
Bakeries .. .. .	10 0	Manure manufactory .. .. .	100 0
Eating-houses .. .. .	2 0	Boiling or drying blood or offal .. .. .	100 0
Tea and coffee boutiques .. .. .	2 0	Tannery .. .. .	100 0
Fish stalls .. .. .	10 0	Storing of Maldive fish over 5 cwt. .. .. .	5 0
Cattle galas, 5 stalls or under .. .. .	10 0	Storing of hides, bones, artificial manures or materials for manufacture of artificial manure in quantity over one gunny bag .. .. .	10 0
Each additional 5 stalls, Rs. 10 up to .. .. .	100 0	Metal or cabook quarry .. .. .	20 0
Dairies up to 3 cows or under .. .. .	3 0	Gravel quarry .. .. .	10 0
Dairies over 3 cows .. .. .	5 0	Brick or tile manufactory .. .. .	15 0
Laundries .. .. .	2 50	Lime kilns .. .. .	10 0
Common lodging houses combined with eating-houses .. .. .	3 0	Asrated water manufactory .. .. .	100 0
Tea and coffee boutiques combined with eating-houses .. .. .	2 50	Public bathing places .. .. .	5 0
		Plumbago store or curing yard .. .. .	50 0
		Storing of salt fish over 5 cwt. .. .. .	5 0

NOTE.—The fees in respect of eating-houses, tea and coffee boutiques, common lodging houses, and public bathing places may be paid half-yearly in advance.

## "THE CEYLON (LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL) ORDER IN COUNCIL, 1923."

NOTICE is hereby given, under the powers conferred upon the Governor by Article XXXV. of the said Order, that a General Election of Members of the Legislative Council will be held on September 12, 1924.

The places of election shall be as follows :—

(i.) For the European Electorate (Urban) .. .. .	Office of the Director of Statistics, Colombo
(ii.) For the European Electorate (Rural) .. .. .	Office of the Registrar-General, Colombo
(iii.) For the Commercial Electorate .. .. .	Office of the Director of Statistics, Colombo
(iv.) For the Burgher Electorate .. .. .	Office of the Registrar-General, Colombo
(v.) For the Colombo Town (North) .. .. .	Office of the Director of Statistics, Colombo
(vi.) For the Colombo Town (South) .. .. .	do.
(vii.) For Colombo District .. .. .	The Kachcheri, Colombo
(viii.) For Negombo District .. .. .	do.
(ix.) For Kalutara Revenue District .. .. .	The Kachcheri, Kalutara
(x.) For Western Province (Ceylon Tamil) .. .. .	Office of the Registrar-General
(xi.) For Central Province (Urban Division) .. .. .	The Kachcheri, Kandy
(xii.) For Central Province (Rural Division) .. .. .	do.
(xiii.) For Northern Province (Northern Division) .. .. .	The Kachcheri, Jaffna
(xiv.) For Northern Province (Southern Division) .. .. .	do.
(xv.) For Northern Province (Eastern Division) .. .. .	do.
(xvi.) For Northern Province (Western Division) .. .. .	do.
(xvii.) For Northern Province (Central Division) .. .. .	do.
(xviii.) For Southern Province (Eastern Division) .. .. .	The Kachcheri, Hambantota
(xix.) For Southern Province (Central Division) .. .. .	The Kachcheri, Matara
(xx.) For Southern Province (Western Division) .. .. .	The Kachcheri, Galle
(xxi.) Trincomalee Revenue District .. .. .	The Kachcheri, Trincomalee
(xxii.) Batticaloa Revenue District .. .. .	The Kachcheri, Batticaloa
(xxiii.) North-Western Province (Western Division) .. .. .	The Kachcheri, Puttalam
(xxiv.) North-Western Province (Eastern Division) .. .. .	The Kachcheri, Kurunegala
(xxv.) North-Central Province .. .. .	The Kachcheri, Anuradhapura
(xxvi.) Province of Uva .. .. .	The Kachcheri, Badulla
(xxvii.) Kegalla Revenue District .. .. .	The Kachcheri, Kegalla
(xxviii.) Ratnapura Revenue District .. .. .	The Kachcheri, Ratnapura
(xxix.) For Indian Electorate .. .. .	Office of the Settlement Officer, Colombo
(xxx.) For Muhammadan Electorate .. .. .	Office of the Settlement Officer, Colombo

By order,

CECIL CLEMENTI,  
Colonial Secretary.

The 29th day of August, 1924.

## "THE DISEASES (LABOURERS) ORDINANCE, No. 10 OF 1912."

**R**ULE made by the Principal Civil Medical Officer, with the approval of His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council, under section 12 of "The Diseases (Labourers) Ordinance, No. 10 of 1912," as amended by Ordinance No. 27 of 1921.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, August 23, 1924.

CECIL CLEMENTI,  
Colonial Secretary.

## RULE REFERRED TO.

Schedule A to the rules published by Notification dated July 24, 1923, in *Government Gazette* No. 7,341 of July 27, 1923, as amended by Notification dated October 3, 1923, in *Government Gazette* No. 7,358 of October 26, 1923, is amended by the addition of the following proviso to the second paragraph in the said schedule relating to Dimensions, Ventilation, and Drainage :—

"Provided, however, that in any case specially submitted to him, the Principal Civil Medical Officer may authorize the use of roofing material not falling within the foregoing description which he shall consider to be sufficient to meet the requirements of such case."

**I**T is hereby notified that an examination under the regulations of January 11, 1924, for gentlemen in the Civil Service will be held in the Council Chamber on Monday, October 13, 1924, at 10 A.M., and following days, namely :—

Monday, October 13	..	Sinhalese	Thursday, October 16..	Law, Accounts, and Riding
Tuesday, October 14	..	Law	Friday, October 17	.. Tamil
Wednesday, October 15	..	Law	Saturday, October 18..	Tamil

If necessary, the examination in Tamil will be extended to Monday, October 20, 1924.

The examination for officers in the Police Department and the Forest Department, and the *viva voce* examination in the native languages for officers in the Public Works Department, the Irrigation Department, the Railway Department, and the Harbour Engineer's Department will be held at the same time and place.

Candidates are required to send in their names so as to reach this office not later than September 20, 1924.

Gentlemen in the Civil Service should state in their applications whether they are presenting themselves for the first or second examination, and whether they intend taking up Sinhalese or Tamil.

The hours of examination will be from 10 A.M. to 1 P.M., and from 1.30 P.M. to 4.30 P.M., exclusive of the *viva voce* examination, which will be specially arranged for.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, August 1, 1924.

CECIL CLEMENTI,  
Colonial Secretary.

## "THE CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES ORDINANCE, No. 34 OF 1921."

**I**T is hereby notified for general information that the registration of the following Co-operative Society having been cancelled under section 33 of "The Co-operative Societies Ordinance, No. 34 of 1921," the privileges conferred on it by section 26 of the said Ordinance have lapsed.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office  
Colombo, August 21, 1924.

CECIL CLEMENTI,  
Colonial Secretary.

## CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY REFERRED TO.

Registered No.	Date of Registration.	Date of Cancellation.	Reasons for Cancellation.
81 ..	September 23, 1917..	August 14, 1924..	Dissolution by consent of members who desired to incorporate themselves in other societies

## "THE STAMP ORDINANCE, 1909."

**I**T is hereby notified that His Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, has, by virtue of the powers by section 5, sub-section (1) (c), of "The Stamp Ordinance, No. 22 of 1909," on him conferred, authorized the following Joint Stock Company, incorporated under the Joint Stock Companies Ordinances, to compound for the payment of stamp duty on share certificates, specified in Schedule B of "The Stamp Ordinance, 1909," as set forth in section 2 of "The Stamp (Amendment) Ordinance, No. 10 of 1919," on the conditions set out in section 5 aforesaid, sub-sections (1) (c) (ii.), (iii.), and (iv.).

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, August 16, 1924.

CECIL CLEMENTI,  
Colonial Secretary.

## COMPANY REFERRED TO.

The Danzil Estates Company, Limited.

## "THE CEYLON PASSPORT ORDINANCE, NO. 20 OF 1923."

It is hereby notified that the following rules made by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council, under section 3 of "The Ceylon Passport Ordinance, No. 20 of 1923," and duly laid before the Legislative Council for the prescribed period in terms of the said section were not disallowed or amended by resolution of the said Council, and are published for general information.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, August 22, 1924.

CECIL CLEMENTI,  
Colonial Secretary.

## PART I.—General.

1. No person shall depart from the Colony nor enter the Colony, unless such person is the bearer of a valid passport issued or renewed not more than two years previously by or on behalf of the country of which the person to whom it relates is a subject or citizen. Provided, however, that no passport shall be required of any British subject travelling between India and Ceylon nor of Asiatic residents of Ceylon or India travelling between the Federated Malay States or the Straits Settlements and Ceylon.
2. Every passport shall state the name and nationality of the person to whom it relates, and shall contain a description of the said person, together with such person's photograph permanently affixed to the passport. The photograph shall bear the seal or stamp of the office issuing the passport.
3. Whenever it may appear to a Passport Issuing Authority inadvisable that a passport should be granted, such Issuing Authority may at his discretion issue an Emergency Certificate in place of a passport. Such Emergency Certificate shall be valid only for a single specified journey to or from Ceylon, and shall be subject to any other conditions contained therein which the Issuing Authority may think fit to prescribe, and may, for the purpose of rule 1, be regarded as a passport for the specified journey.
4. A passport shall be available only for those countries for which it bears a sufficient visa.

## PART II.—Issue and Renewal of British Passports in Ceylon.

5. The authority for the issue or renewal of passports in Ceylon shall be His Excellency the Governor or the Officer Administering the Government for the time being.
6. Applications for passports or for the renewal of passports already in possession shall be made on forms prescribed by the Issuing Authority. All applications shall be addressed to the Hon. the Colonial Secretary, Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo.
7. The Passport Issuing Authority may require such evidence as is necessary, either in the form of a declaration or otherwise, to satisfy himself of the national status of any applicant for a passport.
8. (a) Married women travelling with their husbands may be included on the husband's passport, if application is made to be so included at the time of the issue of the passport.  
(b) Children under the age of sixteen years may be included on the passports of their parent or guardian.
9. Any Indian ordinarily resident in India leaving Ceylon for any destination other than India, and not exempted by the proviso to rule 1 shall possess a valid passport issued to him in India according to the regulations for the time being in force in India allowing him to leave India for the same destination, and no passport shall be issued to such person in Ceylon.
10. Passports shall not be available beyond two years from the date of issue. They may be renewed for four further periods of two years each, after which fresh passports must be obtained.
11. (a) The charge for a passport shall be Rs. 5.  
(b) The charge for renewal of a passport shall be Rs. 2 in respect of each period of two years.

## PART III.

12. Nothing contained in rule 1 shall apply to—
  - (a) Any members of His Majesty's Naval or Military Forces entering or leaving the Colony on duty;
  - (b) Any member of the crew of any vessel who has been lawfully engaged in the Colony, or lawfully engaged in India and sent to the Colony, for an oversea voyage;
  - (c) Any person landing under a special permit in writing issued by the Colonial Secretary, the Principal Collector of Customs, or the Inspector-General of Police, and acting in accordance with the conditions of such permit.
13. Any person acting contrary to the above rules or attempting so to do, and any person aiding or abetting such person to act contrary to the above rules, shall be guilty of an offence punishable on summary conviction before a Police Magistrate, with imprisonment, simple or rigorous, for a period not exceeding three months, or a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees, or both.



## "THE GAME PROTECTION ORDINANCE, 1909."

IT is hereby notified that His Excellency the Governor has been pleased, under the provisions of section 3 (2) of "The Game Protection Ordinance, 1909," and with the advice of the Executive Council, to direct that in the North-Central Province the period January 31 to April 30 be observed as the close season with regard to teal, and the period November 1 to March 31 as the close season with respect to pea-fowl.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, August 14, 1924.

By His Excellency's command,  
CECIL CLEMENTI,  
Colonial Secretary.

## "THE VEHICLES ORDINANCE, NO. 4 OF 1916."

IT is hereby notified that His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council has been pleased, in terms of by-law No. 18 (4) A of the by-laws relating to motor vehicles made under section 22 (e) of the above-named Ordinance, to amend the list of roads declared to be unsuitable for motor vehicles and set out in the schedule to Notification dated June 16, 1924, appearing in *Government Gazette* No. 7,041 of June 20, 1924, by substituting the words "Galewela-Kalawewa road" for the words "Kalawela-Kalawewa road" in the said schedule.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, August 12, 1924.

By His Excellency's command,  
CECIL CLEMENTI,  
Colonial Secretary.

## Notification under Sections 29 and 30 of "The Enemy Firms Liquidation Ordinance, No. 20 of 1916."

WHEREAS by a Notification published in *Gazette* No. 7,380 of March 7, 1924, it was notified that the liquidation of the enemy firm of Muller Luedecke & Co. had been completed, subject to one pending matter therein enumerated, as provided for by section 30 of Ordinance No. 20 of 1916, it is now hereby notified that, the pending matter having been disposed of, the liquidation of the said enemy firm has been completed.

Office of the Custodian of Enemy Property,  
Colombo, August 22, 1924.

F. MARSHALL,  
Custodian of Enemy Property, Ceylon.

## "THE CEYLON (LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL) ORDER IN COUNCIL, 1923."

IT is hereby notified for general information that the Hon. Mr. C. E. Corea of Chilaw and Mr. C. H. Z. Fernando of Colombo have registered as their Election Agents Mr. E. J. Stanley Amarasekera, Proctor, Puttalam road, Chilaw, and Mr. Joseph Fonseka Seneviratne, care of The Colombo Landing and Shipping Agency, Gaffoor building, Colombo, respectively, under rule 7 (2) of rules made by His Excellency the Governor under Article XXXVIII. of "The Ceylon (Legislative Council) Order in Council, 1923," for their candidature for the North-Western Province (Western Division) Electorate.

The Kachcheri,  
Puttalam, August 26, 1924.

W. K. H. CAMPBELL,  
Returning Officer.

## Comparative Monthly Return of Revenue from October, 1920, to May, 1924.

	1920-21. Rs.	1921-22. Rs.	1922-23. Rs.	1923-24. Rs.
October	6,012,849	6,586,591	7,729,712	8,639,057
November	5,843,278	5,506,782	7,402,884	8,001,201
December	4,664,469	5,042,049	6,421,984	6,386,145
January	6,454,004	7,704,744	9,389,694	11,434,452
February	5,199,181	6,373,032	7,166,303	8,209,361
March	5,838,231	6,817,153	7,737,585	8,659,906
April	5,517,872	6,722,770	7,710,087	8,088,372
May	5,841,141	7,107,238	8,440,781	7,766,440
June	6,295,851	6,736,841	7,692,952	
July	6,524,342	7,119,369	8,323,151	
August	5,933,850	6,806,823	7,499,727	
September	6,493,993	6,746,725	8,205,309	
Total	70,619,061	79,270,117	93,720,169	

General Treasury,  
Colombo, August 23, 1924.

W. W. WOODS,  
Colonial Treasurer.



## NOTICES CALLING FOR TENDERS.

**TENDERS** are hereby invited for the supply of 70,000 gallons of arrack at 27 degrees underproof. Tenderers may quote rates for any quantities not less than 500 gallons.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board at the Office of the Hon. the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box, in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for the Supply of Arrack" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than 12 noon on Tuesday, September 9, 1924.

5. Tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Excise Commissioner's Office, Victoria arcade, Colombo, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form. Alterations must be initialled, otherwise the tenders may be treated as informal and rejected.

6. The tenderer shall state clearly in words and in figures the quantity and the rate per gallon for delivery at the Government Warehouses at Kalutara North and South, month by month, beginning on October 1, 1924, and to be completed on April 30, 1925, in six instalments each of one-sixth of the total quantity tendered for.

7. Payment will be made on delivery.

8. A deposit of Rs. 15 will be required to be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri if the tender is for the supply of 500 gallons, and a further sum of Rs. 2.50 for every additional 1,000 gallons or less tendered for. Such deposit receipt should be produced at the Excise Commissioner's Office before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond or fail to furnish approved security within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Excise Commissioner, or his duly authorized representative that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned after the contract has been signed.

9. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract. An address for the delivery of letters or notices shall be given in each tender.

10. The successful tenderer or tenderers shall execute a bond or bonds for Rs. 50 each by hypothecation of approved title deeds with two sureties, each in a similar sum or shall deposit with the Hon. the Treasurer in the name of the Excise Commissioner a sum of Rs. 25 in cash and sign a bond binding himself to observe the terms of the contract if the tender is for the supply of 500 gallons. This security will be proportionately enhanced by a further amount of Rs. 50 in title deeds or Rs. 25 in cash for every additional 500 gallons or less contracted for. All other necessary information can be ascertained at the Excise Commissioner's Office.

11. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

12. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

13. Contracts may not be assigned or sublet without the authority of the Tender Board.

14. A Government contractor must not issue a power of attorney to a person whose name is on the defaulting contractors' list authorizing him to carry on the contract.

15. No contract shall be entered into with any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, or any other person to whom the Excise Commissioner, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

16. All tenders for imported articles will be accepted only on the conditions that the tenderer shall give the Government the benefit of any decrease in the Customs duties made after the signing of the tender and up to the expiry of the contract entered into hereafter, and the Government likewise undertakes to pay over and above the tendered rate such sum as shall adequately compensate the tenderer for any increase in the Customs duties during the period aforesaid.

Excise Office, J. C. W. Rock,  
Colombo, August 28, 1924. Acting Excise Commissioner.

**TENDERS** are hereby invited for the contract for the conveyance of mails from December 1 1924, for a period of three years, several trips daily each way between Nuwara Eliya Railway Station and Nuwara Eliya Post Office, and once daily each way between Nuwara Eliya and Welimada Post Offices and intermediate offices—

- (a) By motor van or bus or car; or
- (b) By motor lorry.

2. The hours of arrival and departure to be fixed from time to time by the Postmaster-General.

3. The contractor will be required to provide such number of motor conveyances as will, in the opinion of the Postmaster-General, be necessary for the service, and every such motor before being employed in the service will be subject to the approval of the Postmaster-General. The motor conveyances should also be provided at the contractor's cost with a separate locked receptacle for conveying mails. To some convenient part of every such motor shall be affixed at the cost of the contractor, and subject to the approval of the Postmaster-General, a suitable box provided with lock and key for the reception of any letters which may be posted on the road.

4. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent to him through the post.

5. Tenders should be marked "Tender for the Conveyance of Mails between Nuwara Eliya Railway Station, Post Office, and Welimada" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, September 30, 1924.

6. Tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application to the Postmaster-General, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form.

7. Any alteration in the tender must bear the initials of the tenderer, otherwise the tender may be treated as informal and rejected.

8. A deposit of Rs. 100 for the service tendered for must be made at the General Treasury or a Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before a tender form is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond, or fail to furnish approved security, within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Postmaster-General, or his duly authorized representative, that his tender has been accepted, such deposits will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature to the contract.

9. Security to the amount of one-tenth of the annual subsidy asked will be required in cash for the service.

10. Tenders for above service must be accompanied by a scale of the rates which it is intended to charge the public during the period of the service for the conveyance of passengers, luggage, and parcels, and the quantity of luggage per passenger allowed to be conveyed free. When such scale has been accepted by Government, the contractor shall not, without the express permission of Government, increase the rates charged for the conveyance of passengers, luggage, and parcels above the amount shown in the scale, or reduce the allowance of free luggage below the amount therein stated.

11. Further particulars regarding the terms of the contract will be found in the contract form Post Office N 10.

Further information about the terms of the contract and any other information can be obtained on application to the Postmaster-General.

12. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

13. No contract shall be entered into with any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors or any other person to whom the Postmaster-General, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

14. Contracts may not be assigned or sublet without the authority of the Tender Board.

15. A Government contractor must not issue a power of attorney to a person, whose name is on the defaulting contractors' list authorizing him to carry on the contract.

16. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all of the tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

General Post Office,  
Colombo, August 26, 1924.

M. S. SRESHTA,  
Postmaster-General.

**SCHEDULES** of rates are hereby invited for the installation of the complete Electric Light Plant and fairs for Puttalam town.

2. The whole of the work to be undertaken on agreements to be entered into monthly by the Electrical Engineer, Public Works Department, Colombo, and the contractor on the basis of his accepted tendered schedule of rates and finally subject to the approval of the Director of Public Works or his representative.

3. The drawings, specifications, bills of quantities and form of monthly agreement can be seen, and all other information obtained from the Office of the Electrical Engineer, Public Works Department, Colombo, any week day between the hours of 9.30 A.M. and 4.30 P.M. (Saturdays 9.30 A.M. and 2 P.M.).

4. A deposit of Rs. 50 will be required to be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for same before any form of schedule will be issued. Should any person decline to enter into the agreement within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Electrical Engineer, Public Works Department, Colombo, that his schedule of rates has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All deposits will be returned upon signature of an agreement.

5. Schedules of rates must be submitted in duplicate, duly signed and dated and forwarded in securely sealed envelopes, one addressed to the Second Assistant Director of Public Works, Colombo, and the duplicate addressed to the Electrical Engineer, Public Works Department, Colombo, endorsed on the outside "Schedule of Rates, Puttalam Electric Light Scheme" so as to reach the offices of the foregoing officers on or before 12 noon on Tuesday, September 30, 1924.

6. Any alterations made in the quotations should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all quotations containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

7. Government reserves to itself the right to supply the contractor with any materials, including any imported articles, which may be necessary in the execution of the work included in any agreement.

8. No contract shall be entered into with any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, or any other person to whom the Electrical Engineer, Public Works Department, Colombo, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

9. Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any of the schedules of rates submitted nor to give all the work included in the whole scheme or in any one item to any one contractor.

Public Works Office, E. W. BARTHOLOMEW,  
Colombo, August 27, 1924. for Director of Public Works.

**TENDERS** are hereby invited for the service named in the schedule hereunder for the period commencing from October 1, 1924, and terminating on September 30, 1925.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Diets, — Hospital" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on September 9, 1924.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Office of the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals, Colombo, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form. Alterations must be initialled, otherwise the tenders may be treated as informal and rejected.

6. A cash deposit according to the schedule hereunder will be required to be made at any Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish the approved security, within ten days of receiving notice in writing of the acceptance of the tender, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon signature to the contract. No deposits for tender forms will be accepted at the Principal Civil Medical Officer's Office.

7. If required, samples must be deposited.

8. The successful tenderer will be required to furnish cash security according to the schedule hereunder, and to sign the bond given in the tender for the due fulfilment of the contract; also to furnish with the tender a letter in duplicate signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become an additional security for the due performance of the contract. The amount deposited for tender forms will form part of the security.

9. Contracts may not be assigned, sublet, or otherwise transferred without the previous written sanction of the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals. Sanction will not be given for any transfers including powers of attorney in favour of persons in the defaulting contractors' list. No defaulting contractor should be employed on any service connected with the contracts or the tenders.

10. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

11. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender or the whole of it for an year or any portion thereof.

12. No contract shall be entered into with any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person, whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, or any other person to whom the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

13. Any further information can be obtained on application to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals, Colombo.

G. J. RUTHERFORD,  
Principal Civil Medical Officer and  
Inspector-General of Hospitals.

Colombo, August 27, 1924.

**SCHEDULE REFERRED TO.**

Service.	Tender Deposit. Rs.	Security. Rs.
Supply of cooked provisions, with milk, to the Marawila Hospital	200	400

**TENDERS** are hereby invited for the service described in the schedule annexed.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for the Supply of Sawn Timber to Government Departments, Central Division, 1924-25," in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, September 23, 1924.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application to the Forest Office, Nuwara Eliya, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form. All alterations must be initialled, otherwise the tenders may be treated as informal and rejected.

6. A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond, or fail to furnish approved security, within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Head of the Department, or his duly authorized representative, that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

7. Contract may not be assigned or sublet without the authority of the Tender Board previously obtained, nor shall the contractor issue a power of attorney to a person whose name is on the list of defaulting contractors authorizing him to carry on the work under this contract.

8. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

9. Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount of cash security required will be 5 per cent. of the value of the contract. All other necessary information can be ascertained, and the draft contract inspected, upon application at the office referred to in section 5.

10. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

11. Separate rates per cubic foot of sawn timber, per lineal foot of reapers, and per cubic foot of timber in the log should be quoted both in words and figures.

12. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

13. No contract shall be entered into with any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person, whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, or any other person to whom the Conservator of Forests, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

14. Tenderers should note a draft contract which is available in the Forest Office, Nuwara Eliya, before they obtain their forms and certify that they have inspected the area of operation.

15. Tenderers, who have not previously held Government contracts, when applying for tender forms, should furnish the officer issuing the forms with a written statement giving their full names and permanent addresses, stating in which district or districts they own landed property or other interests. The extent of landed property, and the nature and extent of other interests should also be given.

In the case of persons who have carried out contracts with the Forest Department, but not in the division or district concerned in the notice calling for tenders, they should state in which division or district or divisions or districts they held contracts.

In the case of persons who have carried out Government contracts with departments other than the Forest Department, the name of such department and the district in which the service was rendered should be stated.

#### GENERAL CONDITIONS.

Trees should be felled within 6 inches of the ground by saw or axe and saw combined and where there is any avoidable waste in conversion of the trees, double royalty will be charged for waste of material. No tree should be felled unless it is marked by a Forest Officer.

2. The timber should be sawn perfectly parallel on all sides according to the dimensions. On no account will squaring with an adze or axe be allowed.

3. Timber when sawn should be covered with saw dust or immersed in water and be invariably placed under shade immediately they are sawn until they can be transported to delivery depôt where they should be stacked and kept under shade.

4. Rejected timber, if any, will not be paid for and they will lapse to Government as well as all the refuse wood in the sawing operations. The contractor will have no claim in respect of any material sold as rejections.

5. Payment may be made for timber accepted by the Divisional Forest Officer at delivery depôt.

#### Schedule.

To fell a sufficient number of jak trees marked by a Forest Officer in the Crown forest called Welikanda Proposed Reserve, in the Matale Range of the Central Division and to convert into—

- |                                     |                             |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| (a) 20 baulks 13 in. by 13 in.      | } 20 feet and upwards long. |
| 20 do. 12 in. by 12 in.             |                             |
| 40 do. 12 in. by 6 in.              |                             |
| 50 rafters 12 ft. by 4 in. by 2 in. |                             |
| 30 planks 12 ft. by 8 in. by 1 in.  |                             |

5,000 lineal feet of reapers 18 ft. by 2 in. by  $\frac{1}{2}$  in.

(b) To supply from branches of trees felled for the above purpose as many logs as available of the following description: Length 8 feet, girth 3 feet having a curvature of 18 inches and over from the centre of the log. These logs will be selected and marked by a Forest Officer before transport to the delivery depôt is permitted.

2. All material should be transported and delivered at the Rambukkana Railway Station as directed by an officer of the Forest Department. Distance of transport is about 8 miles.

3. Work to commence within three weeks of intimation of acceptance of tender and to be completed on or before end of April, 1925.

J. D. SARGENT,  
Conservator of Forests.

Office of the Conservator of Forests,  
Kandy, August 26, 1924.

**TENDERS** are hereby invited for the service described in the annexed schedule.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Supply of Timber, Sabaragamuwa Division," in the left hand top corner of the envelope and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, September 23, 1924.

5. Tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Divisional Forest Office, Ratnapura, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form. Alterations must be initialled, otherwise the tenders may be treated as informal and rejected.

6. A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline or fail to enter into contract and bond or to furnish approved security, within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Head of the Department, or his duly authorized representative, that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

7. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

8. Separate rates per cubic foot of timber in the log, per broad gauge and narrow gauge sleeper and per cubic foot of scantlings should be quoted written both in words and figures.

9. Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount of cash security required will be 5 per cent. of the value of the contract. All other necessary information can be ascertained, upon application to the office referred to in section 5 above.

10. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

11. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

12. The contractor's rights and obligations under this contract shall not be assigned or otherwise transferred or sublet without the consent and authority of the Conservator of Forests previously obtained in writing.

13. The contractor must not issue a power of attorney to a person whose name is on the list of defaulting contractors authorizing him to carry on the contract.

14. No contract shall be entered into with any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person, whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, or any other person to whom the Conservator of Forests, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

15. Tenderers should read and note a draft contract which is available in the Forest Office, Ratnapura, before they obtain their forms and certify that they have inspected the areas to be exploited.

16. Tenderers who have not previously held Government contracts, when applying for tender forms, should furnish the officer issuing the forms with a written statement giving their full names and permanent addresses, stating in which district or districts they own landed property or other interests. The extent of landed property, and the nature and extent of other interests should also be given.

In the case of persons who have carried out contracts with the Forest Department, but not in the division or district concerned in the notice calling for tenders, they should state in which division or district or divisions or districts they held contracts.

In the case of persons who have carried out Government contracts with Departments other than the Forest Department, the name of such Department and the district in which the service was rendered should be stated.

#### GENERAL CONDITIONS.

(a) Trees are to be felled within 6 inches from the ground by saw or axe and saw combined.

(b) Only such trees as are stamped and marked by a Forest Officer are to be felled.

(c) All suitable dead and hollow trees and branchwood within the forests, such as are marked by a Forest Officer though below the specification given below, should in addition to all matured sound trees marked by him be utilized for conversion into sleepers or scantlings as may be directed.

(d) Parts of logs attacked by fungus or defective parts of logs are not to be sawn into sleepers or scantlings. The sleepers and scantlings should be sawn from sound matured wood free from shakes, cracks, sapwood, and large or loose knots.

(e) Broad gauge sleepers are to be 9 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in., and narrow gauge sleepers 5 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in. Scantlings 6 in. by 4 in. and in lengths of 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 17½, and 18 feet. The approximate number required in each class is as follows:—

50	planks	12 ft.	by 6 in.	by 4 in.
12	Do.	13 ft.	by 6 in.	by 4 in.
40	Do.	14 ft.	by 6 in.	by 4 in.
25	Do.	15 ft.	by 6 in.	by 4 in.

24	planks	16 ft.	by 6 in.	by 4 in.
145	Do.	17 ft.	by 6 in.	by 4 in.
75	Do.	17½ ft.	by 6 in.	by 4 in.
50	Do.	18 ft.	by 6 in.	by 4 in.

(f) Sleepers and scantlings should be rectangular in form and sawn perfectly parallel on all sides. On no account will squaring of logs or sleepers or scantlings with an adze or axe will be allowed.

(g) Sleepers and scantlings should be covered with saw dust or immersed in water and be invariably placed under shade immediately they are sawn, until they can be transported to Kuruwita Railway Station, where they should be stacked and kept under shade in the manner to be pointed out by a Forest Officer.

(h) Rejected sleepers or scantlings will not be paid for and they will lapse to Government as well as refuse wood in the areas under operation. The contractor shall have no claim in respect of any material sold as rejections.

(i) All trees after felling should be logged to the longest available lengths and transported to a way-side depôt, which will be selected by the Divisional Forest Officer, or an Officer of the Department deputed for the purpose, where they will be inspected by a Forest Officer and finally passed for transport to the delivery depôt. Sleepers and scantlings will also be required to be brought to the way-side depôt for inspection. Logs which are rejected as unsuitable for delivery in the log will be marked at the inspection depôt for conversion into sleepers or scantlings as may be directed by the inspecting officer.

(j) The contractor will be paid a proportionate rate for timber in the log, sleepers and scantlings transported to the way-side depôt but not removed to the delivery depôt in cases when it shall be deemed expedient to do so by the Divisional Forest Officer.

(k) The contractor will receive full payment for all logs and scantlings accepted by the Divisional Forest Officer at the delivery depôt and for sleepers accepted by the Railway Department.

(l) All logs should be straight and sound throughout free from shakes and large or loose knots. They should have both their ends neatly trimmed with saw alone.

(m) The logs supplied should be of the following specification:—

Fifty logs of 5 feet and upwards in girth and 15 feet and upwards in length. At least 10 logs should be 20 feet and 30 logs should be 15 feet and upwards, in length and the balance should be logs of not less than 10 feet in length and yielding a minimum cubic volume of 15 feet. The logs should not be under 4 feet mid girth.

(n) The work should commence as soon the tenders are settled and should be completed before March 31, 1925.

(o) For further information and inspection of draft contract application should be made to the Divisional Forest Officer, Sabaragamuwa Division, Ratnapura.

#### Schedule.

To fell a sufficient number of milla trees of the above specification to yield 150 logs (more or less) from Boraluwa Mukalana, in Ratnapura Range, and log, bark, trim, and transport to Kuruwita Railway Station, and deliver stacked in the manner to be pointed out by the Range Forest Officer. Distance of transport is about 12 miles.

J. D. SARGENT,  
Conservator of Forests.

Office of the Conservator of Forests,  
Kandy, August 26, 1924.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the supply of jak log from private sources for Government Departments during 1924-25. The work to commence as soon as the tenders are settled and to be completed on or before July 31, 1925.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Supply of Jak Timber from Private Sources, 1924-25" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, September 23, 1924.

5. Tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Forest Offices, Colombo, Nuwara Eliya, and Kurunegala. No tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form. Alterations must be initialled, otherwise the tenders may be treated as informal and rejected.

6. A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required to be made either at the Treasury or a Kachcheri, and a receipt for same produced or forwarded before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline or fail to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or to furnish approved security within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Head of the Department; or his duly authorized representative, that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract.

7. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

8. Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount of the bond and all other necessary information can be ascertained upon application at the offices referred to in section 5. A further security in cash of 5 per cent. of the value of the contract will be required of the contractor when entering into the bond.

9. A rate per cubic foot of timber must be quoted, written both in words and figures, and the places of delivery should be stated in the tenders.

10. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

11. Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and of accepting any portion of a tender.

12. Contract may not be assigned or sublet without the authority of the Tender Board previously obtained.

13. The contractor must not issue a power of attorney to a person whose name is in the list of defaulting contractors, authorizing him to carry on the work.

14. No contract shall be entered into with any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person, whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, or any other person to whom the Conservator of Forests, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

15. For any further information and for inspection of the draft contract application should be made to the offices referred to in section 5 above.

16. Tenderers who have not previously held Government contracts, when applying for tender forms, should furnish

the officer issuing the forms with a written statement giving their full names and permanent addresses, stating in which district or districts they own landed property or other interests. The extent of landed property, and the nature and extent of other interests should also be given.

In the case of persons who have carried out contracts with the Forest Department, but not in the division or district concerned in the notice calling for tenders, they should state in which division or district or divisions or districts they held contracts.

In the case of persons who have carried out Government contracts with departments other than the Forest Department, the name of such department and the district in which the service was rendered should be stated.

*Schedule:*

(a) To supply a sufficient number of well-matured jak logs from private sources to yield 7,500 cubic feet (more or less) delivered at Railway Stations between Maradana and Matara, Ratnapura, Kurunegala, and Matale.

(b) The logs are to be not less than 5 feet mid girth. 50 per cent. of the total supply should be logs of 20 feet and upwards in length, 30 per cent. of the supply should be logs of 15 feet and upwards in length, and the balance 20 per cent. of the supply should be logs of 12 feet and upwards in length. All logs should be straight and sound throughout free from shakes and large or loose knots.

(c) All logs brought to delivery depôts must have both their ends neatly trimmed with saw alone.

(d) Only logs of the above description and as are certain to be accepted should be brought to Railway Stations and logs rejected by the officers deputed for the purpose of taking over will have to be removed by the contractor at his expense outside the depôt within a fortnight of receiving a notice in writing to do so, and in default such material will be confiscated and disposed of by the Forest Department to the benefit of the Crown, and the contractor shall have no claim in respect of proceeds of such sale.

(e) The contractor shall receive full payment from the Divisional Forest Officer concerned for the timber accepted and taken over by the indenting department, and he shall also be entitled to receive payment to the extent of 50 per cent. of the material brought to a depôt, but not accepted. Such payment shall be made on the report of a responsible officer of the Forest Department, who shall inspect and satisfy himself that over 75 per cent. of the timber is of the required description and likely to be accepted.

(f) Tenders are to be made for quantities of 1,000 cubic feet and over, and no tenders for quantities less than 1,000 cubic feet will be considered.

(g) The contractor will be required to pay a penalty of a sum of 10 cents for every cubic foot of timber not delivered within the stipulated time in the contract.

J. D. SARGENT,  
Conservator of Forests.

Office of the Conservator of Forests,  
Kandy, August 26, 1924.

## SALE OF UNSERVICEABLE ARTICLES, &c.

A SALE of unserviceable articles including double- and single-headed empty oil barrels, empty iron oil drums, empty 5-gallon drums, empty paint kegs, and old motor car tyres and tubes, &c., will be held by public auction at the Railway Stores, Maradana, on Wednesday, September 10, 1924, at 2.30 P.M.

General Manager's Office,  
Colombo, August 25, 1924.

T. E. DUTTON,  
General Manager.



THE under-mentioned property will be sold by public auction at the District Court, Kandy, on September 17, 1924, at 12.30 P.M. Claims to any of the said property should be preferred before that date :—

Case No.	Article.	Case No.	Article.
3,540	1 pencil	3,582	1 coat
	1 banian		1 banian
3,539	1 crowbar	3,595	1 purse
	1 katty	3,597	1 hairpin
3,545	1 do.	3,588	1 umbrella
3,552	1 pruning knife	3,602	1 sickle
	1 katty	3,606	1 mamoty
3,550	1 shawl	3,614	1 do.
	1 handkerchief		1 belt
3,557	1 tin lamp	3,621	1 katty
3,562	1 handkerchief		

One lot old iron, 1 lot old keys, 1 lot sticks, planks, &c. 156 bangles, 52 ear ornaments, 163 rings, 25 nose ornaments, 69 necklets (beads, coral, &c.), 6 thalies, 1 pair spectacles, 4 waist-chains, 2 hairpins, 2 rosaries, 3 charms, 1 chain, 2 toe rings, 6 silver buttons, 16 beads, 1 silver bead chain, 1 lock, 1 arecanut cutter, 2 studs, 1 necklace, 1 tin heppu, 1 coat.

District Court,  
Kandy, August 22, 1924.

P. E. PIERIS,  
District Judge.

THE under-mentioned unserviceable articles will be sold by public auction at 1 P.M. on Tuesday, September 2, 1924, at the Postal Stores :—

5 knives	1 Receiving Office letter box
19 scissors	2 writing tables
1 spear with bell	5 travelling letter boxes
1 steel cash box	40 chairs
6 rubber pads	One lot empty tins
1 foot pump	One lot drums
6 inkstands	One lot paper
31 hurricane lanterns	1 sorting pigeon holes
1 duplicator	6 safe stands
16 tarpaulins	1 stool
1 parcel scale with 4 weights	1 almirah and stand
1 clock	1 filter
3 spades	5 table lamps
16 rat traps	6 hanging lamps
3 stamping tables	One lot brass window fittings
17 buckets	1 stop watch
3 notice boards	One lot uniforms, old
4 battery stands	

ARTHUR E. WIJEGUNewardene,  
for Postmaster-General.

General Post Office,  
Colombo, August 23, 1924.

## VITAL STATISTICS.

### Registrar-General's Health Report of the City of Colombo for the Week ended August 23, 1924.

**Births.**—The total births registered in the city of Colombo in the week were 132 (1 European, 8 Burghers, 75 Sinhalese, 14 Tamils, 23 Moors, 5 Malays, and 6 Others). The birth-rate per 1,000 per annum (calculated on the estimated population on July 1, 1924, viz., 253,224) was 27.3, as against 21.3 in the preceding week, 26.2 in the corresponding week of last year, and 28.3 the weekly average for last year.

**Deaths.**—The total deaths registered were 123 (3 Burghers, 73 Sinhalese, 23 Tamils, 15 Moors, 5 Malays, and 4 Others). The death-rate per 1,000 per annum was 25.4, as against 29.9 in the previous week, 37.5 in the corresponding week of last year, and 35.6 the weekly average for last year.

**Infantile Deaths.**—Of the 123 total deaths, 26 were of infants under one year of age, as against 33 in the preceding week, 30 in the corresponding week of the previous year, and 37 the average for last year.

**Stillbirths.**—The number of stillbirths registered during the week was 11.

**Principal Causes of Death.**—1. (a) Twenty-two deaths from *Pneumonia* were registered, 7 in Maradana hospitals, (including 3 deaths of non-residents), 3 each in Kotahena North and Maradana North, 2 each in Maradana East and Slave Island, and 1 each in St. Paul's, San Sebastian, New Bazaar, Kollupitiya, and Wellawatta South, as against 24 in the previous week, and 24 the weekly average for last year.

(b) Five deaths from *Influenza* were registered, 2 in New Bazaar, and 1 each in San Sebastian, Kotahena North, and Wellawatta North, as against 4 in the previous week, and 6 the weekly average for last year.

(c) Four deaths from *Bronchitis* were registered, 1 each in St. Paul's, Kotahena South, New Bazaar, and Wellawatta North, as against 7 in the previous week, and 4 the weekly average for last year.

2. Ten deaths from *Phthisis* were registered, 3 each in Kotahena North and Maradana hospitals (including 2 deaths of non-residents), 2 in Wellawatta North, and 1 each in Kotahena South and Wellawatta South, as against 14 in the previous week, and 15 the weekly average for last year.

3. Eight deaths from *Enteric Fever* were registered, 4 in Maradana hospitals (including 2 deaths of non-residents), 3 at the Infectious Disease Hospital, Wellawatta North, and 1 in St. Paul's, as against 5 in the previous week, and 5 the weekly average for last year.

4. Eight deaths were registered from *Infantile Convulsions*, 5 each from *Diarrhoea* and *Dysentery*, 4 from *Debility*, 2 each from *Enteritis* and *Worms*, and 48 from *Other Causes*.

5. Twenty-three cases of *Measles*, 7 of *Enteric Fever*, and 5 of *Chickenpox* were reported during the week, as against 18, 8, and 5, respectively, of the preceding week. No cases of *Plague* were reported this week, but one was reported in the previous week.

**State of the Weather.**—The mean temperature of air was 81.1°, against 81.7° in the preceding week, and 81.7° in the corresponding week of the previous year. The mean atmospheric pressure was 29.806 in., against 29.831 in. in the preceding week, and 29.837 in. in the corresponding week of the previous year. The total rainfall in the week was nil, against 0.42 in. in the preceding week, and 0.46 in. in the corresponding week of the previous year.

Registrar-General's Office,  
Colombo, August 26, 1924.

FRED. L. ANTHONISZ,  
for Registrar-General.

## UNOFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

## MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE DEPEDENE TEA COMPANY, LIMITED.

- 3/4 Gages.  
1072/50  
\* Publicat. ind.
1. The name of the Company is "THE DEPEDENE TEA COMPANY, LIMITED."
  2. The registered office of the Company is to be established in Colombo.
  3. The objects for which the Company is to be established are—
    - (1) To purchase or otherwise acquire Depedene estate of about 1,013 acres, situate in the Ratnapura District of the Island of Ceylon, as on and from July 28, 1924.
    - (2) To purchase, take on lease, or in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any lands, concessions, estates, plantations, and properties in the Island of Ceylon, the Federated Malay States, India, or elsewhere, and any right of way, water rights, and other rights, privileges, easements, and concessions, and any factories, machinery, implements, tools, live and dead stock, stores, effects, and other property, real or personal, immovable or movable, of any kind.
    - (3) To hold, use, clear, open, plant, cultivate, work, manage, improve, carry on, and develop the undertaking, lands, and real and personal, immovable and movable, estates or property, and assets of any kind of the Company or any part thereof.
    - (4) To plant, grow, and produce tea, rubber, coconuts, coffee, cinchona, cacao, cardamoms, rhea, ramie, and other natural products or produce of any kind in the Island of Ceylon, the Federated Malay States, India, or elsewhere.
    - (5) To treat, cure, prepare, manipulate, submit to any process of manufacture, and render marketable (whether on account of the Company or others) tea, rubber, coconuts, coffee, or any other such products or produce as aforesaid, or any articles or things whatsoever; to buy, sell, export, import, trade, and deal in tea, rubber, coconut produce, coconuts, coffee, and other products, wares, merchandise, articles, and things of any kind whatsoever, either in a prepared, manufactured, or raw state, and either by wholesale or retail.
    - (6) To carry on in the Island of Ceylon, the Federated Malay States, India, or elsewhere, all or any of the following businesses, that is to say: planters of tea, rubber, coconuts, coffee or any other such products or produce as aforesaid in all its branches; carriers of passengers and goods by land or by water; forwarding agents, merchants, exporters, importers, traders, engineers, tug owners, and wharfingers; proprietors of docks, wharves, jetties, piers, warehouses, and boats; and any other business which can or may conveniently be carried on in connection with any of them.
    - (7) To acquire or establish and carry on any other business, manufacturing, shipping, or otherwise, which can be conveniently carried on in connection with any of the Company's general business; to apply for, purchase, or otherwise acquire any patents, *brevets d'invention*, concessions, and the like conferring an exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the Company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the Company; and to use, exercise, develop, grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property, rights, and information so acquired.
    - (8) To purchase tea-leaf, rubber, coconuts, coffee, and (or) other raw products or produce for manufacture, manipulation, and (or) sale.
    - (9) To work mines or quarries, and to find, win, get, work, crush, smelt, manufacture, or otherwise deal with ores, metals, minerals, oils, precious and other stones, deposits or products, and generally to carry on the business of mining in all its branches.
    - (10) To purchase, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire and hold boats, barges, tugs, launches, and vessels of any description whatsoever; to purchase, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire and hold vans, omnibuses, carriages, carts, and other vehicles of any description whatsoever; and to purchase, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire and hold all live and dead stock, chattels, and effects required for the maintenance and working of the business of carriers by land or by water; of proprietors of docks, wharves, jetties, piers, warehouses, and boats; of tug owners and wharfingers, or of any other business which can or may conveniently be carried on in connection with the above respectively.
    - (11) To build, make, construct, equip, maintain, improve, alter, and work rubber and tea factories, coconut- and coffee-curing mills, manufactories, buildings, erections, roads, water-courses, docks, wharves, jetties, and other works and conveniences which may be necessary or convenient for the purposes of the Company, or may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the Company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize, or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out, or control thereof.
    - (12) To cultivate, manage, and superintend estates and properties in the Island of Ceylon, the Federated Malay States, India, and elsewhere, and generally to undertake the business of estate agents in the Island of Ceylon, the Federated Malay States, India, and elsewhere; to act as agents for the investment, loan, payment, transmission, and collection of money, and for the purchase, sale, improvement, development, and management of property, including concerns and undertakings; and to transact any other agency business of any kind.
    - (13) To engage, employ, maintain, and dismiss managers, superintendents, assistants, clerks, coolies, and other servants and labourers; and to remunerate any such as shall be thought fit, and to grant pensions or gratuities to any such or the widow or children of any such.
    - (14) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, government, municipal, local or otherwise that may seem conducive to the Company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges, rebates, and concessions which the Company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise, and comply with such arrangements, rights, privileges, and concessions.



- (15) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interest, reciprocal concession, amalgamation, or co-operation with any person, corporation, or company carrying on or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this Company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly, to benefit this Company; to take or otherwise acquire and hold shares or stock in or securities of and to subsidize or otherwise assist any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with such shares or securities; and to form, constitute, or promote or assist in the formation, constitution, or promotion of any other company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property, rights, and liabilities of this Company, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit this Company, and to guarantee the payment of any debentures or other securities issued by any such company or companies.
- (16) To procure the Company to be registered or established or authorized to do business in the Island of Ceylon, the Federated Malay States, India, or elsewhere.
- (17) To lend money on any terms and in any manner and on any security, and in particular on the security of plantations, factories, growing crops, produce, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bonds, bills of lading, warrants, stocks, shares, debentures or book debts, or without any security at all.
- (18) To borrow or raise money for the purposes of the Company, or receive money on deposit at interest or otherwise, and for the purpose of raising or securing money for the performance or discharge of any obligation or liability of the Company or for any other purpose to create, execute, grant, or issue any mortgages, mortgage debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company either at par, premium, or discount, and either redeemable, irredeemable or perpetual, secured upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, rights, and property of the Company, present and future, including uncalled capital or the unpaid calls of the Company.
- (19) Generally to purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any real or personal property, and any rights, privileges, licenses, or easements which the Company may think necessary or convenient with reference to any of these objects and capable of being profitably dealt with in connection with any of the Company's property or rights for the time being.
- (20) To cause or permit any debentures, debenture stock, bonds, mortgages, charges, incumbrances, liens, or securities of or belonging to or made or issued by the Company or affecting its property or rights, or any of the terms thereof to be renewed, extended, varied, redeemed, exchanged, transferred or satisfied, as shall be thought fit; also to pay off and re-borrow the moneys secured thereby or any part or parts thereof.
- (21) To sell the undertaking of the Company or any part thereof for such consideration as the Company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this Company.
- (22) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required upon such securities, and in such manner as may from time to time be determined.
- (23) To make, accept, endorse, and execute promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, and other negotiable and transferable instruments.
- (24) To remunerate any parties for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place any shares in the Company's capital, or any debentures, debenture stock, or other securities of the Company, or in or about the formation or promotion of the Company or the conduct of its business.
- (25) To do all or any of the above things in any part of the world as principals, agents, contractors, or otherwise, or alone or in conjunction with others, or by or through agents, sub-contractors, trustees, or otherwise, and generally to carry on any business or effectuate any object of the Company.
- (26) To sell, let, lease, under lease, exchange, surrender, transfer, deliver, charge, mortgage, dispose of, turn to account, or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the Company, whether in consideration of rents, moneys, or securities for money, shares, debentures, or securities in any other company, or for any other consideration.
- (27) To pay for any lands and real or personal, immovable or movable estate, property or assets of any kind acquired or to be acquired by the Company, or for any services rendered or to be rendered to the Company, and generally to pay or discharge any consideration to be paid or given by the Company in money or in shares (whether fully paid up or partly paid up), or in debentures, debenture stock, or obligations of the Company, or partly in one way and partly in another, or otherwise, howsoever, with power to issue any shares either as fully paid up or partly paid up for such purpose.
- (28) To accept as consideration for the sale or disposal of any lands and real or personal, immovable or movable, estate, property, or assets of the Company, or in discharge of any other consideration to be received by the Company, money or shares (whether fully paid up or partly paid up) of any company, or debentures or debenture stock, or obligations of any company or person or partly one and partly any other.
- (29) To distribute among the Shareholders in specie any property of the Company, whether by way of dividend or upon a return of capital, but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital be made, except with the sanction for the time being required by law.
- (30) To do all such other things as may be necessary, incidental, conducive, or convenient to the attainment of the above objects or any of them, and in case of doubt as to what shall be so necessary, incidental, conducive, or convenient as aforesaid, the decision of an extraordinary general meeting shall be conclusive.

It being hereby declared that in the foregoing clauses (unless a contrary intention appears) the word "person" includes any number of persons and a corporation, and that the word "company," except where used in reference to this Company, shall be deemed to include any partnership or other body of persons, whether incorporated or not incorporated, and whether domiciled or incorporated in the Island of Ceylon or elsewhere, and that the "objects" specified in any one paragraph are not to be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other paragraph or the name of the Company.

4. The liability of the Shareholders is limited.

5. The nominal capital of the Company is Two million Rupees (Rs. 2,000,000) divided into Two hundred thousand (200,000) shares of Ten Rupees (Rs. 10) each, with power to increase or reduce the capital, and from time to time to alter, modify, commute, abrogate, or deal with any rights, privileges, terms, conditions, or designations for the time being attached to any class of shares in accordance with the regulations for the time being of the Company. The shares forming the

capital (original, increased, or reduced) of the Company may be subdivided, consolidated, or divided into such classes with any preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto, and be issued as fully paid or partly paid shares, and be held upon such terms as may be prescribed by the Articles of Association and Regulations of the Company for the time being or otherwise.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names :—

Names and Addresses of Subscribers.	Number of Shares taken by each Subscriber.
B. W. LEEFE, Colombo .. .. .	One
IAN W. AITKEN, Colombo .. .. .	One
R. W. FOWKE, Colombo .. .. .	One
G. E. DIMOLINE, Colombo .. .. .	One
J. PHILIP, Colombo .. .. .	One
GEO. P. EDGE, Colombo .. .. .	One
F. O. FRANCILLON, Colombo .. .. .	One
Total Number of Shares taken	Seven

Witness to the signatures of the above-named Basil Walter Cuthbert Leefe, Ian Woodford Aitken, Roger Warburton Fowke, George Eric Dimoline, James Philip, George Percy Edge, and Francis Oliver Francillon at Colombo, this 19th day of August, 1924.

PERCIVAL S. MARTENSZ,  
Proctor of the Supreme Court, Colombo.

### ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE DEPEDENE TEA COMPANY, LIMITED.

It is agreed as follows :—

1. (a) *Table C not to apply; Company to be governed by these Articles.*—The regulations contained in Table C in the schedule annexed to “The Joint Stock Companies Ordinance, 1861,” shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these Articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution.
- (b) The sub-headings in these Articles shall not be deemed to be part of or affect the construction of these presents.
2. *Power to alter the Regulations.*—The Company may, by special resolution, alter and make provisions instead of, or in addition to, any of the regulations of the Company, whether contained and comprised in these Articles or not.
3. None of the funds of the Company shall be employed in the purchase of or be lent on shares of the Company.

#### INTERPRETATION.

4. *Interpretation Clause.*—In the interpretation of these presents the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless such meanings be inconsistent with, or repugnant to, the subject or context :—

*Company.*—The word “Company” means “The Depedene Tea Company, Limited,” incorporated or established by or under the Memorandum of Association to which these Articles are attached.

*The Ordinance.*—“The Ordinance” means and includes “The Joint Stock Companies Ordinances, 1861 to 1918,” and every other Ordinance from time to time in force concerning Joint Stock Companies which may apply to the Company.

*Special Resolution.*—“Special resolution” has the meaning assigned thereto by the Ordinance.

*Extraordinary Resolution.*—“Extraordinary resolution” means a resolution passed by three-fourths in number and value of such Shareholders of the Company for the time being entitled to vote as may be present at any meeting of the Company, of which notice specifying an intention to propose such resolution as an extraordinary resolution has been duly given.

*These Presents.*—“These presents” means and includes the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association of the Company from time to time in force.

*Capital.*—“Capital” means the capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purposes of the Company.

*Shares.*—“Shares” means the shares from time to time into which the capital of the Company may be divided.

*Shareholder.*—“Shareholder” means a Shareholder of the Company.

*Presence or Present.*—With regard to a Shareholder “presence or present” at a meeting means presence or present personally or by proxy or by attorney duly authorized.

*Directors.*—“Directors” means the Directors for the time being of the Company or (as the case may be) the Directors assembled at a Board.

*Board.*—“Board” means a meeting of the Directors or (as the context may require) the Directors assembled at a Board meeting, acting through at least a quorum of their body in the exercise of authority duly given to them.

*Persons.*—“Persons” means partnerships, associations, corporations, companies, unincorporated or incorporated by Ordinance and registration, as well as individuals.

*Office.*—“Office” means the registered office for the time being of the Company.

*Seal.*—“Seal” means the common seal for the time being of the Company.

*Month.*—“Month” means a calendar month.

*In Writing and Written.*—“In writing” and “written” include printing, lithography, and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form.

*Dividend.*—“Dividend” includes bonus.

*Singular and Plural Number.*—Words importing the singular number only include the plural and *vice versa*.

*Masculine and Feminine Gender.*—Words importing the masculine gender only include the feminine and *vice versa*.

#### BUSINESS.

5. *Commencement of Business.*—The Company may proceed to carry out the objects for which it is established, and to employ and apply its capital as soon after the registration of the Company as the Directors in their discretion shall think fit; and notwithstanding that the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed, applied for, or allotted, they shall do so as soon as in the judgment of the Directors, a sufficient number of shares shall have been subscribed or applied for.

6. *Business to be carried on by Directors.*—The business of the Company shall be carried on by, or under the management or direction of, the Directors, and subject only to the control of General Meetings, in accordance with these presents.

## CAPITAL.

7. *Nominal Capital.*—The nominal capital of the Company is Two million Rupees (Rs. 2,000,000) divided into Two hundred thousand (200,000) shares of Ten Rupees (Rs. 10) each.

## SHARES.

8 (a). *Issue and Allotment.*—The shares, except where otherwise provided, shall be allotted at the discretion of and by the Directors, who may from time to time issue any unissued shares, and may add to such shares such an amount of premium as they may consider proper; provided that such unissued shares shall be first offered by the Directors to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company, in accordance with their rights and subject in the case of preference shares or shares of any particular class to any limitations as to participating in any issue of shares which may attach to such preference shares or shares of such particular class, as nearly as possible in proportion to the shares already held by them, and such shares as shall not be accepted by the Shareholder or Shareholders to whom the shares shall have been offered within the time specified in that behalf by the Directors, may be disposed of by the Directors in such manner as they think most beneficial to the Company; provided also that the Directors may at their discretion allot any unissued shares in payment for any estates or lands or other property purchased or acquired by the Company or for services rendered or to be rendered to the Company, without first offering such shares to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company, and may make arrangements on an issue of shares for a difference between the holders of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid and the time of payment of such calls.

8 (b). *Commission for placing Shares.*—The Directors may at any time pay a commission to any person for subscribing or agreeing to subscribe (whether absolutely or conditionally) for any shares in the Company, or procuring or agreeing to procure subscriptions (whether absolute or conditional) for any shares in the Company.

9. *Payment of Amount of Shares by Instalments.*—If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the holder of the share.

10. *Acceptance.*—Every person taking any share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof by writing under his hand in such form as the Company from time to time directs.

11. *Payment.*—Payment for shares shall be made in such manner as the Directors shall from time to time determine and direct.

12. *Shares held by a Firm.*—Shares may be registered in the name of a firm, and any partner of the firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm shall be entitled to vote and to give proxies, but not more than one partner may vote at a time.

13. *Shares held by two or more Persons not in Partnership.*—Shares may be registered in the names of two or more persons not in partnership.

14. *One of Joint-Holders, other than a Firm, may give receipts; only one of Joint-Holders resident in Ceylon entitled to vote.*—Any one of the joint-holders of a share, other than a firm, may give effectual receipts for any dividends payable in respect of such share; but only one of such joint-shareholders shall be entitled to the right of voting and of giving proxies and exercising the other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, and if the joint-holders cannot arrange amongst themselves as to who shall vote or give proxies and exercise such other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, the Shareholder whose name stands first on the register of shares shall vote or give proxies and exercise those rights and powers; provided, however, that in the event of such first registered Shareholder being absent from the Island, the first registered Shareholder then resident in Ceylon shall vote or give proxies and exercise all such rights and powers as aforesaid.

15. *Survivor of Joint-Holders, other than a Firm, only recognized.*—In case of the death of any one or more of the joint-holders, other than a firm, of any shares, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognized by the Company as having any title to or interest in such shares.

16. *Liability of Joint-Holders.*—The joint-holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all instalments and calls due in respect of such share.

17. *Trusts or any Interest in Share other than that of Registered Holder or of any Person under Article 38 not recognized.*—The Company shall not be bound to recognize (even though having notice of) any contingent, future, partial, or equitable interest in the nature of a trust or otherwise in any share, or any other right in respect of any share, except an absolute right thereto in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof, and except also the right of any person under Article 38 to become a Shareholder in respect of any share.

## INCREASE OF CAPITAL.

18. *Increase of Capital by Creation of new Shares.*—The Company in General Meeting may, by special resolution from time to time, increase the capital by creation of new shares of such amount per share and in the aggregate, and with such special, preferential, deferred, qualified, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto as such resolution shall direct.

19. *Issue of new Shares.*—The new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions, and with such preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto, as the General Meeting resolving on the creation thereof or any other General Meeting of the Company shall direct; and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to the dividends and in the distribution of assets of the Company, and with a special or without any right of voting. The Directors shall have power to add to such new shares such an amount of premium as they may consider proper.

20. *How carried into Effect.*—Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the meeting that sanctions the increase of capital, all new shares shall be offered to the Shareholders, in accordance with their rights and subject in the case of preference shares or shares of any particular class to any limitations as to participating in any issue of shares which may attach to such preference shares or shares of such particular class, in proportion to the existing shares held by them. Such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may, at their discretion, allot such new shares or any portion of them in payment for any estates or lands or other property purchased or acquired by the Company, or for services rendered or to be rendered to the Company, without first offering such shares to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company.

21. *Same as Original Capital.*—Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the provisions herein contained with reference to the payments of calls and instalments, transfer, transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrender, and otherwise.

## REDUCTION OF CAPITAL AND SUBDIVISION OR CONSOLIDATION OF SHARES.

22. *Reduction of Capital and Subdivision or Consolidation of Shares.*—The Company in General Meeting may, by special resolution, reduce the capital in such manner as such special resolution shall direct, and may, by special resolution, subdivide or consolidate the shares of the Company or any of them.

## SHARE CERTIFICATES.

23. *Certificates how issued.*—Every Shareholder shall be entitled to one certificate for all the shares registered in his name, or to several certificates, each for one or more of such shares. Every certificate shall specify the distinctive number of the share in respect of which it is issued.

24. *Certificates to be under Seal of Company.*—The certificates of shares shall be issued under the seal of the Company.

25. *Renewal of Certificate.*—If any certificate be worn out or defaced, then upon production thereof to the Directors they may order the same to be cancelled and may issue a new certificate in lieu thereof; and if any certificate be lost or destroyed, then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Directors, and on such indemnity as the Directors deem adequate being given, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the person entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate. A sum of fifty cents shall be payable for such new certificate.

26. *Certificate to be delivered to the first named of Joint Holders not a Firm.*—The certificate of shares registered in the names of two or more persons not a firm shall be delivered to the person first named on the register.

## TRANSFER OF SHARES.

27. *Exercise of Rights.*—No person shall exercise any right of a Shareholder until his name shall have been entered in the register of Shareholders, and he shall have paid all calls and other moneys for the time being payable on every share in the Company held by him.

28. *Transfer of Shares.*—Subject to the restriction of these Articles, any Shareholder may transfer all or any of his shares by instrument in writing.

29. *No transfer to Minor or Person of Unsound Mind.*—No transfer of shares shall be made to a minor or person of unsound mind.

30. *Register of Transfers.*—The Company shall keep a book or books to be called "The Register of Transfers," in which shall be entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share.

31. *Instrument of Transfer.*—The instrument of transfer of any share shall be signed both by the transferor and transferee, and the transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of such share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register in respect thereof.

32. *Board may decline to register Transfers.*—The Board may, at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion, decline to register any transfer of shares by a Shareholder who is indebted to the Company, or upon whose shares the Company has a lien or otherwise; or to any person not approved by them.

33. *Not bound to state Reason.*—In no case shall a Shareholder or proposed transferee be entitled to require the Directors to state the reason of their refusal to register, but their declination shall be absolute.

34. *Registration of Transfer.*—Every instrument of transfer must be left at the office of the Company to be registered, accompanied by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferor, and a fee of Rs. 2.50, or such other sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine, must be paid; and thereupon the Directors, subject to the powers vested in them by Articles 32, 33, and 35, shall register the transferee as a Shareholder and retain the instrument of transfer.

35. *Directors may authorize Registration of Transferees.*—The Directors may, by such means as they shall deem expedient, authorize the registration of transferees as Shareholders without the necessity of any meeting of the Directors for that purpose.

36. *Directors not bound to inquire as to validity of transfer.*—In no case shall the Directors be bound to inquire into the validity, legal effect, or genuineness of any instrument of transfer produced by a person claiming a transfer of any share in accordance with these articles; and whether they abstain from so inquiring, or do so inquire and are misled, the transferor shall have no claim whatsoever upon the Company in respect of the share, except for the dividends previously declared in respect thereof, but, if at all, upon the transferee only.

37. *Transfer Books when to be closed.*—The transfer books may be closed during the fourteen days immediately preceding each Ordinary General Meeting, including the First General Meeting; also, when a dividend is declared, for the three days next ensuing the meeting; also at such other times as the Directors may decide, not exceeding in the whole twenty-one days in any one year.

## TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

38. *Title to Shares of Deceased Holder.*—The executors, or administrators, or the heirs of a deceased Shareholder shall be the only persons recognized by the Company, as having any title to shares of such Shareholder.

39. *Registration of Persons entitled to Shares otherwise than by Transfer.*—Any curator of any minor Shareholder, any committee of a lunatic Shareholder or any person becoming entitled to shares in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or liquidation of any Shareholder, or the marriage of any female Shareholder, or in any other way than by transfer, shall, upon producing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this clause, or of his title, as the Company think sufficient, be forthwith entitled, subject to the provisions herein contained, to be registered as a Shareholder in respect of such shares on payment of a fee of Rs. 2.50; or may, subject to the regulations as to transfers hereinbefore contained, transfer the same to some other person.

40. *Failing such Registration, Shares may be sold by the Company.*—If any person who shall become entitled to be registered in respect of any share under Article 39 shall not, from any cause whatever, within 12 calendar months after the event on the happening of which his title shall accrue, be registered in respect of such share, or if, in the case of the death of any Shareholder, no person shall, within 12 calendar months after such death, be registered as a Shareholder in respect of the shares of such deceased Shareholder, the Company may sell the same either by public auction or private contract, and give a receipt for the purchase money; and the purchaser shall be entitled to be registered in respect of such share, and shall not be bound to inquire whether the events have happened which entitled the Company to sell the same; the nett proceeds of such sale, after deducting all expenses and all moneys in respect of which the Company is entitled to a lien on the shares so sold, shall be paid to the person entitled thereto.

## SURRENDER AND FORFEITURE OF SHARES.

41. *The Directors may accept Surrender of Shares.*—The Directors may accept in the name and for the benefit of the Company, and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon a surrender of the shares of Shareholders who may be desirous of retiring from the Company.

42. (a) *If Call or Instalment be not paid, Notice to be given to Shareholder.*—If any Shareholder fails to pay any call or instalment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Directors may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on such Shareholder or his executors or administrators, or the trustee or assignee in his bankruptcy, requiring him to pay the same, together with any interest that may have accrued, at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum, and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

(b) *Terms of Notice.*—The notice shall name a day (not being less than one month from the date of the notice) on and a place or places at which such call or instalment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid; the notice shall also state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

(c) *In Default of Payment, Shares to be forfeited.*—If the requisition of such notice as aforesaid be not complied with, ever or any share or shares in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of calls or instalments, with interest, and expenses due in respect thereof, be declared forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

(d) *Shareholder still liable to pay Money owing at Time of Forfeiture.*—Any Shareholder whose shares have been so declared forfeited shall, notwithstanding, be liable to pay, and shall forthwith pay to the Company all calls, instalments, interest, and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of forfeiture until payment at 9 per cent. per annum, and the Directors may enforce the payment thereof if they think fit.

43. *Surrendered or Forfeited Shares to be the Property of the Company, and may be sold, &c.*—Every share surrendered or so declared forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of upon such terms and in such manner as the Board shall think fit.

44. *Effect of Surrender or Forfeiture.*—The surrender or forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in, and also of all claims and demands against, the Company in respect of the share and the proceeds thereof, and all other rights incident to the share, except only such of those rights (if any) as by these presents are expressly saved.

45. (a) *Certificates of Surrender or Forfeiture.*—A certificate in writing under the hands of two of the Directors and of the Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries that a share has been duly surrendered or forfeited, stating the time when it was surrendered or forfeited shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons who would have been entitled to the share but for such surrender or forfeiture; such certificate and the receipt of the Company for the price of such share shall constitute a good title to such share, and a certificate of proprietorship shall be delivered to any person who may purchase the same from the Company; such purchaser thereupon shall be deemed the holder of such share, discharged from all calls due prior to such purchase, and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to such share be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture or sale.

(b) *Forfeiture may be remitted.*—The Directors may in their discretion remit or annul the forfeiture of any share within six months from the date thereof upon the payment of all moneys due to the Company from the late holder or holders of such share, and all expenses incurred in relation to such forfeiture, together with such further sum of money by way of redemption money for the deficit, as they shall think fit, not being less than 9 per cent. per annum on the amount of the sums wherein default in payment had been made, but no share *bona fide* sold or re-allotted or otherwise disposed of under Article 43 hereof shall be redeemable after sale or disposal.

46. *Company's Lien on Shares.*—The Company shall have a first charge or paramount lien upon all the shares of any holder or joint-holders for all moneys for the time being due to the Company by such holder, or by all or any of such joint-holders respectively, either in respect of such shares or of other shares held by such holder or joint-holders or otherwise, and whether due from any such holder individually or jointly with others, including all calls, resolutions for which shall have been passed by the Directors, although the times appointed for the payment thereof shall not have arrived; and where any share is held by more persons than one, the Company shall be entitled to the said charge or lien in respect of any money due to the Company from any of such persons. And the Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares subject to such charge or lien.

47. *Lien how made available.*—Such charge or lien may be made available by a sale of all or any of the shares subject to it, provided that no such sale shall be made except under a resolution of the Directors, and until notice in writing shall have been given to the indebted Shareholder or his executors or administrators or heirs, or the assignee or trustee in his bankruptcy, requiring him or them to pay the amount for the time being due to the Company, and default shall have been made for twenty-eight days from such notice in paying the sum thereby required to be paid. Should the Shareholder over whose share the lien exists be in England or elsewhere abroad, sixty days' notice shall be allowed him.

48. *Proceeds how applied.*—The net proceeds of any such sale as aforesaid under the provisions of Articles 43 and 47 hereof shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of such debts, liabilities, or engagements, and the residue (if any) shall be paid to such Shareholder or his representatives.

49. *Certificate of Sale.*—A certificate in writing under the hands of two of the Directors and of the Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries that the power of sale given by Article 47 has arisen, and is exercisable by the Company under these presents, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated.

50. *Transfer on Sale how executed.*—Upon any such sale two of the Directors may execute a transfer of such share to the purchaser thereof, and such transfer, with the certificate last aforesaid, shall confer on the purchaser a complete title to such shares.

#### PREFERENCE SHARES.

51. *Preference and Deferred Shares.*—Any shares from time to time to be issued or created may from time to time be issued with any such right of preference, whether in respect of dividend or of payment of capital, or both, or any such other special privilege or advantage over any shares previously issued or then about to be issued (other than shares issued with a preference), or with such deferred rights as compared with any shares previously issued or then about to be issued, or subject to any such conditions or provisions, and with any such right or without any right of voting, and generally on such terms as the Company may, from time to time, by special resolution, determine.

52. *Modification of Rights and Consent thereto.*—If at any time, by the issue of preference shares or otherwise, the capital be divided into shares of different classes—

- (1) The holders of any class of shares by an extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of such holders may consent, on behalf of all the holders of shares of the class, to the issue or creation of any shares ranking equally therewith, or having any priority thereto, or the abandonment of any preference or priority, or of any accrued dividend, or the reduction for any time or permanently of the dividends payable thereon, or to any scheme for the reduction of the Company's capital affecting the class of shares;
- (2) All or any of the rights, privileges and conditions attached to each class may be commuted, abrogated, abandoned, added to, or otherwise modified by a special resolution of the Company in General Meeting, provided the holders of any class of shares affected by any such commutation, abrogation, abandonment, addition, or other modification of such rights, privileges, and conditions, consent thereto on behalf of all the holders of shares of the class, by an extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of such holders.

Any extraordinary resolution passed under the provisions of this Article shall be binding upon all the holders of shares of the class, provided that this Article shall not be read as implying the necessity for such consent as aforesaid in any case in which but for this Article the object of the resolution could have been effected without it.

53. *Meeting affecting a Particular Class of Shares.*—Any meeting for the purpose of the last preceding clause shall be convened and conducted in all respects as nearly as possible in the same way as an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company; provided that no Shareholder, not being a Director, shall be entitled to notice thereof or to attend thereat, unless he be a holder of shares of the class intended to be affected by the resolution, and that no vote shall be given except in respect of a share of that class, and that at any such meeting a poll may be demanded in writing by any Shareholder personally present and entitled to vote at the meeting.



## CALLS.

54. (a) *Directors may make Calls.*—The Directors may from time to time make such calls as they think fit upon the registered holders of shares in respect of money unpaid thereon, and not by the conditions of allotment made payable at fixed times; and each Shareholder shall pay the amount of every call so made on him to the persons and at the times and places appointed by the Directors, provided that two months' notice at least shall be given to the Shareholders of the time and place appointed for payment of each call.

(b) *Calls, Time when made.*—A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution authorizing the call was passed at a Board Meeting of the Directors or by resolution in writing in terms of Article 121.

(c) *Extension of Time for Payment of Call.*—The Directors shall have power in their absolute discretion to give time to any one or more Shareholder or Shareholders, exclusive of the others, for payment of any call or part thereof on such terms as the Directors may determine. But no Shareholder shall be entitled to any such extension except as a matter of grace or favour.

55. *Interest on Unpaid Call.*—If the sum payable in respect of any call or instalment is not paid on or before the day appointed for the payment thereof, the holder for the time being of the share in respect of which the call shall have been made, or the instalments shall have been due, shall pay interest on the same at the rate of 9 per centum per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of the actual payment, but the Directors may, when they think fit, remit altogether or in part any sum becoming payable for interest under this clause.

56. *Payments in Anticipation of Calls.*—The Directors may at their discretion receive from any Shareholder willing to advance the same, and upon such terms as they think fit, all or any part of the amount of his shares beyond the sum actually called up.

## BORROWING POWERS.

57. *Power to Borrow.*—The Directors shall have power to procure from time to time, in the usual course of business, such temporary advances on the produce in hand, or in the future to be obtained from the Company's estates, as they may find necessary or expedient for the purpose of defraying the expenses of working the Company's estates, or of erecting, maintaining, improving, or extending buildings, machinery, or plantations, or otherwise. Also from time to time, at their discretion, to borrow or raise from the Directors or other persons any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company, but so that the amount at any one time owing in respect of moneys so borrowed or raised shall not, without the sanction of a General Meeting, exceed the sum of One hundred thousand Rupees (Rs. 100,000). The Directors shall, with the sanction of a General Meeting, be entitled to borrow or raise such further sum or sums, and at such rate of interest as such meeting shall determine. The Directors may, for the purpose of securing the repayment of any such sum or sums of money so borrowed or raised, create and issue any mortgages, debentures, mortgage debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company, charged upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, property, and rights or assets of the Company (both present and future), including uncalled capital or unpaid calls, or give, accept, or endorse on behalf of the Company any promissory notes or bills of exchange. Provided that before the Directors execute any mortgage, issue any debentures, or create any debenture stock they shall obtain the sanction thereto of the Company in General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, notice of the intention to obtain such sanction at such meeting having been duly given. Any such securities may be issued either at par or at a premium or discount, and may from time to time be cancelled or discharged, varied, or exchanged as the Directors may think fit, and may contain any special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, or otherwise. Every debenture or other instrument issued by the Company for securing the payment of money may be so framed that the moneys thereby secured shall be assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued. A declaration under the Company's seal contained in or endorsed upon any of the documents mentioned in this Article and subscribed by two or more of the Directors, or by one Director and the Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries, to the effect that the Directors have power to borrow the amount which such document may represent, shall be conclusive evidence thereof in all questions between the Company and its creditors, and no such document containing such declaration shall, as regards the creditor, be void on the ground of its being granted in excess of the aforesaid borrowing power, unless it shall be proved that such creditor was aware that it was so granted.

## MEETINGS.

58. *First General Meeting.*—The First General Meeting of the Company shall be held at such time, not being more than twelve months after the registration of the Company, and at such place as the Directors may determine.

59. *Subsequent General Meetings.*—Subsequent General Meetings shall be held once in every year at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if no time or place is prescribed, at such time and place as may be determined by the Directors.

60. *Ordinary and Extraordinary General Meetings.*—The General Meetings mentioned in the two last preceding clauses shall be called Ordinary General Meetings; all other meetings of the Company shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.

61. *Extraordinary General Meetings.*—The Directors may, whenever they think fit, call an Extraordinary General Meeting, and the Directors shall do so upon a requisition made in writing by not less than one-seventh of the number of Shareholders holding not less than one-seventh of the issued capital and entitled to vote.

62. *Requisition of Shareholders to state Object of Meeting; on Receipt of Requisition, Directors to call Meeting and in Default, Shareholders may do so.*—Any requisition so made shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called, shall be addressed to the Directors, and shall be sent to the registered office of the Company. Upon the receipt of such requisition, the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such time and place as they shall determine. If they do not proceed to convene the same within seven days from the delivery of the requisition, the requisitionists may themselves convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such place and at such time as the Shareholders convening the meeting may themselves fix.

63. *Notice of Resolution.*—Any Shareholder may, on giving not less than ten days' previous notice of any resolution, submit the same to a meeting. Such notice shall be given by leaving a copy of the resolution at the registered office of the Company.

64 (a). *Seven Days' Notice of Meeting to be given.*—Seven days' notice at least of every General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, and by whomsoever convened, specifying the place, date, hour of meeting, and the objects and business of the meeting, shall be given either by advertisement in the *Ceylon Government Gazette* or by notice sent by post, or otherwise served as hereinafter provided, but an accidental omission to give such notice to any Shareholder shall not invalidate the proceedings at any General Meeting, provided, however, that holders of preference shares or shares of any particular class shall not be entitled to notice of any meeting at which by the conditions or provisions attached to such preference shares or shares of such particular class they shall not be entitled to attend or vote thereat.

64 (b). *Two Meetings convened by one Notice.*—Where it is proposed to pass a special resolution the two meetings may be convened by one and the same notice, and it is to be no objection to such notice that it only convenes the second meeting contingently on the resolution being passed by the requisite majority at the first meeting.

65. *Business requiring and not requiring Notification.*—Every Ordinary General Meeting shall be competent, without special notice having been given of the purposes for which it is convened, or of the business to be transacted thereat,

to receive and discuss any report and any accounts presented thereto by the Directors, and to pass resolutions in approval or disapproval thereof, and to declare dividends, and to elect Directors and Auditors retiring in rotation, and to fix the remuneration of the Directors and Auditors; and shall also be competent to enter upon, discuss, and transact any business whatever of which special mention shall have been made in the notice or notices upon which the meeting was convened.

66. *Notice of other Business to be given.*—With the exceptions mentioned in the foregoing Articles as to the business which may be transacted at Ordinary General Meetings without notice, no General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss, or transact any business which has not been specially mentioned in the notice or notices upon which it was convened.

67. *Quorum to be Present.*—No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting, except the declaration of a dividend recommended by a report of the Directors or the election of a Chairman, unless there shall be present in person at the commencement of the business two or more persons, being Shareholders, entitled to vote, or persons holding proxies or powers of attorney from Shareholders entitled to vote.

68. *If a Quorum not Present, Meeting to be dissolved or Adjourned; adjourned Meeting to transact Business.*—If at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, the required number of persons shall not be present at the meeting, the meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of Shareholders, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, those Shareholders who are present shall be a quorum, and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.

69. *Chairman of Directors or a Director to be Chairman of General Meeting; in Case of their Absence or Refusal, a Shareholder may act.*—The Chairman (if any) of the Directors shall be entitled to take the chair at every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary; but if there be no Chairman, or if at any meeting he shall not be present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for holding such meeting, or if he shall refuse to take the chair, the Shareholders shall choose another Director as Chairman; and if no Directors be present, or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair, then the Shareholders present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman.

70. *Business confined to Election of Chairman while Chair vacant.*—No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting, except the election of a Chairman whilst the chair is vacant.

71. *Chairman with Consent may adjourn Meeting.*—The Chairman, with the consent of the meeting, may adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place, unless due notice shall be given.

72. *Minutes of General Meetings.*—Minutes of the proceedings of every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall when so entered be signed as soon as practicable by the Chairman of the same meeting, or by the Chairman of the succeeding meeting, and the same when so entered and signed shall be evidence of all such proceedings and of the proper election of the Chairman.

#### VOTING AT MEETINGS.

73. *Votes.*—At any meeting every resolution shall in the first instance be decided by a show of hands. In case there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman at such meeting shall be entitled to give a casting vote in addition to the votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder; and unless a poll be immediately demanded in writing by some Shareholder present at the meeting and entitled to vote, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the Minute Book of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact without proof of the number of votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

74. *Poll.*—If a poll be duly demanded, the same shall be taken in such manner, and at such time and place as the Chairman shall direct, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. The demand of a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.

75. *Poll how taken.*—If at any meeting a poll be demanded by notice in writing signed by some Shareholder present at the meeting and entitled to vote, which notice shall be delivered during the meeting to the Chairman, the meeting shall, if necessary, be adjourned and the poll shall be taken at such time and in such a manner as the Chairman shall direct; and in such case every Shareholder shall have the number of votes to which he may be entitled as hereinafter provided, and in case at any such poll there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting at which such poll shall have been taken shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder and proxy and attorney, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in such meeting.

76. *No Poll on Election of Chairman or on Question of Adjournment.*—No poll shall be demanded on the election of a Chairman of the meeting or on any question of adjournment.

77. *Voting in Person or by Proxy or Attorney.*—Votes may be given either personally or by proxy or by attorney duly authorized.

78. *Number of Votes to which Shareholder entitled.*—On a show of hands every Shareholder present in person or by attorney duly authorized shall have one vote only. In case of a poll every Shareholder present in person or by proxy or attorney shall have one vote for every share held by him up to ten shares; he shall have an additional vote for every ten shares held by him beyond the first ten shares up to one hundred shares; an additional vote for every one hundred shares held by him beyond the first one hundred shares up to one thousand shares; and an additional vote for every two hundred and fifty shares held by him beyond the first one thousand shares. When voting on a resolution involving the sale of the Company's estates or any of them or any part or portion thereof or the winding up of the Company, every Shareholder shall have one vote for every share held by him.

79. *Curator of Minor, &c., when not entitled to Vote.*—The parent or curator of a minor Shareholder, the committee, or other legal guardian of any lunatic Shareholder, the husband of any female Shareholder not entitled to her shares as separate estate, and the executor or administrator of any deceased Shareholder, or any one of such persons as aforesaid, if more than one, shall not be entitled to vote in the place of such minor, lunatic, female, or deceased person, unless such person shall have been registered as a Shareholder.

80. *Non-Shareholder not to be appointed Proxy; but Attorney though not Shareholder may vote.*—No person shall be appointed a proxy who is not a Shareholder of the Company, but the attorney of a Shareholder, even though not himself a Shareholder of the Company, may represent and vote for his principal at any meeting of the Company.

81. *Shareholder in Arrear or not Registered at least three Months previous to the Meeting not to Vote.*—No Shareholder shall be entitled to vote or speak at any General Meeting unless all calls due from him on his shares, or any of them, shall have been paid; and no shareholder other than the trustee or assignee of a bankrupt or representative of a deceased Shareholder, or person acquiring by marriage, shall be entitled to vote or speak at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company, in respect of or as the holder of any share which he has acquired by transfer, unless he has been at least three months previously to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote or speak, duly registered as the holder of the share in respect of which he claims to vote or speak.

82. *Proxy to be Printed or in Writing.*—The instrument appointing a proxy shall be printed or written, and shall be signed by the appointor, or if such appointor be a corporation, it shall be under the common seal of such corporation.



Provided always that an instrument appointing a proxy may be signed by the attorney of the appointor duly authorized in writing under the hand or the common seal, as the case may be, of the appointor.

83 (a). *When Proxy to be deposited.*—The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than twenty-four hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote.

83 (b). *When Power of Attorney to be deposited.*—The power of attorney under which a proxy has been signed or under which a person proposes to vote shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company for registration in the books of the Company at least twenty-four hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in such power of attorney or in the proxy, as the case may be, proposes to vote.

84. *Form of Proxy.*—Any instrument appointing a proxy may be in the following form :—

*The Depedene Tea Company, Limited.*

I, \_\_\_\_\_, of \_\_\_\_\_, appoint \_\_\_\_\_, of \_\_\_\_\_ (a Shareholder in the Company), as my proxy, to represent me and to vote for me and on my behalf at the Ordinary (or Extraordinary, as the case may be) General Meeting of the Company to be held on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, One thousand Nine hundred and \_\_\_\_\_, and at any adjournment thereof, and at every poll which may be taken in consequence thereof.  
As witness my hand, this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, One thousand Nine hundred and \_\_\_\_\_.

85. *Objection to Validity of Vote to be made at the Meeting or Poll.*—No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) except at the meeting or poll at which such vote shall be tendered, and every vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) to which no objection shall be made at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.

86. *No Shareholder to be prevented from Voting by being personally interested in Result.*—No Shareholder shall be prevented from voting by reason of his being personally interested in the result of the voting.

DIRECTORS.

87. *Number of Directors.*—The number of Directors shall never be less than two nor more than five. In the event of the number of Directors in Ceylon ever being reduced to one, such remaining Director shall immediately cause to be convened an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders for the purpose of filling up one or more of the vacancies; but, in the event of a quorum of Shareholders not attending such Meeting, the remaining Director shall himself appoint a Director to fill one of the vacancies. Any Director so appointed shall hold office until the next Ordinary General Meeting of the Company. Until such appointment the remaining Director shall not act except for the purpose of appointing another, and, if necessary, enabling him to be placed on the register of Shareholders.

88. *Their Qualification and Remuneration.*—The qualification of a Director shall be his holding shares in the Company, whether fully paid up or partly paid up, of the total nominal value of at least One thousand Rupees (Rs. 1,000), and upon which, in the case of partly paid up shares, all calls for the time being shall have been paid, and this qualification shall apply as well to the first Directors as to all future Directors. As remuneration for their services the Directors shall be entitled to appropriate a sum not exceeding Five thousand Rupees (Rs. 5,000) annually to be divided between them in such manner as they may determine, but the Company in General Meeting may at any time by ordinary resolution increase, or by special resolution reduce the amount of such remuneration for the future, and such remuneration shall not be considered as including any remuneration for special or extra services hereinafter referred to, nor any extra remuneration to the Managing Directors of the Company.

89. *Appointment of First Directors and Duration of their Office.*—The first Directors shall be Herbert Douglas Garrick of Ukuwela estate, Ukuwela; John Boyd Coles of Nilambe, Galaha; Lewis Morris Wallace Wilkins of Culloden, Neboda; and Basil Walter Cuthbert Leefe of Colombo, who shall hold office till the First Ordinary General Meeting of the Company, when they shall all retire, but shall be eligible for re-election.

90. *Directors may appoint Managing Director or Directors; his or their Remuneration.*—One or more of the Directors may be appointed by the Directors, to act as Secretary, Managing Director or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Visiting Agents of the Company, or Superintendent or Superintendents of any of the Company's estates, for such time and on such terms as the Directors may determine or fix by agreement with the person or persons appointed to the office; and they may from time to time revoke such appointment and appoint another or other Secretary, Managing Director, or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Agents, Superintendent or Superintendents, and the Directors may impose and confer on the Managing Director or Managing Directors all or any duties and powers that might be imposed or conferred on any Manager of the Company. If any Director shall be called upon to perform any extra services, the Directors may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such services, either by way of salary, commission, or the payment of a lump sum of money, as they shall think fit.

91. *Appointment of Successors to Directors.*—The General Meeting at which Directors retire or ought to retire by rotation shall appoint successors to them, and in default thereof such successors may be appointed at a subsequent General Meeting. No person, not being a retiring Director, shall, unless recommended by the Directors for election, be eligible for election to the office of Director at any General Meeting, unless he or some other Shareholder intending to propose him has, at least seven clear days before the meeting, left, at the office, a notice in writing under his hand signifying his candidature for the appointment or the intention of such Shareholder to propose him.

92. *Board may fill up Vacancies.*—The Board shall have power at any time and from time to time before the First Ordinary General Meeting to supply any vacancies in their number arising from death, resignation, or otherwise.

93. *Duration of Office of Director appointed to Vacancy.*—Any casual vacancy occurring in the number of Directors subsequent to the First Ordinary General Meeting may be filled up by the Directors, but any person so chosen shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Director would have retained the same if no vacancy had occurred.

94. *To retire Annually.*—At the Second Ordinary General Meeting and at the Ordinary General Meeting in every subsequent year one of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office as provided in Article 95.

95. *Retiring Directors how determined.*—The Directors to retire from office at the Second, Third, and Fourth General Meetings shall, unless the Directors otherwise arrange among themselves, be determined by ballot; in every subsequent year the Directors to retire shall be those who have been longest in office.

96. *Retiring Directors eligible for Re-election.*—Retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.

97. *Decision of Question as to Retirement.*—In case any question shall arise as to which of the Directors who have been the same time in office shall retire, the same shall be decided by the Directors by ballot.

98. *Number of Directors how increased or reduced.*—The Directors, subject to the approval of a General Meeting, may from time to time at any time subsequent to the Second Ordinary General Meeting, increase or reduce the number of Directors, and may also, subject to the like approval, determine in what rotation such increased or reduced number is to go out of office.

99. *If Election not made, Retiring Directors to continue until next Meeting.*—If at any meeting at which an election of a Director ought to take place, the place of the retiring Director is not filled up, the retiring Director may continue in office until the First Ordinary General Meeting in the next year, and so on from meeting to meeting until his place is filled up, unless it shall be determined at such meeting to reduce the number of Directors.

100. *Resignation of Directors.*—A Director may at any time give notice in writing of his intention to resign by delivering such notice to the Secretary, or by leaving the same at the office, or by tendering his written resignation at a meeting of the Directors.

101. No contract, arrangement, or transaction entered into by or on behalf of the Company with any Director, or with any company or co-partnership of which a Director is a partner, or of which he is a Director, Managing Director, or Manager, shall be void or voidable, nor shall such Director be liable to account to the Company for any profit realized by such contract, arrangement, or transaction by reason only of such Director holding that office, or of the fiduciary relation thereby established, provided that the fact of his interest or connection therewith be fully disclosed to the Company or its Directors.

102. *When Office of Director to be vacated.*—The office of Director shall be vacated—

- (a) If he accept or hold any office of place of profit other than Managing Director, Visiting Agent, Superintendent, or Secretary under the Company.
- (b) If he become bankrupt or insolvent or suspend payment or file a petition for the liquidation of his affairs, or compound with his creditors.
- (c) If by reason of mental or bodily infirmity he become incapable of acting.
- (d) If he cease to hold the required number of shares to qualify him for the office.
- (e) If he be concerned or participate in the profits of any contract with, or work done for, the Company.
- (f) If he cease to ordinarily reside in Ceylon or be absent from Ceylon for a period of three consecutive months.

*Exceptions.*—But the above rule shall be subject to the following exceptions :—That no Director shall vacate his office by reason of his being a member of any corporation, company, or firm which has entered into any contract with, or done any work for, the Company, of which he is a Director, or by his being Agent, or Secretary, or Proctor, or by his being a member of a firm who are Agents, or Secretaries, or Proctors of the Company ; nevertheless, he shall not vote in respect of any contract, work, or business in which he may be personally interested.

103. *How Directors removed and Successors appointed.*—The Company may, by an extraordinary resolution, remove any Directors before the expiration of his period of office, and may, by an ordinary resolution, appoint another person in his stead. The Director so appointed shall hold office only during such time as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.

104. *Indemnity to Directors and Others for their own Acts and for the Acts of Others.*—Every Director or officer and his heirs, executors, and administrators shall be indemnified by the Company from all losses and expenses incurred by him respectively in or about the discharge of his respective duties, except such as happen from his respective wilful acts or defaults ; and no Director or officer, nor the heirs, executors, or administrators of any Director or officer shall be liable for any other Director or officer, or for joining in any receipt or other acts of conformity, or for any loss or expense happening to the Company by the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired for or on behalf of the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested, or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency, or tortious act of any person with whom any moneys, securities, or effects shall be deposited, or for any other loss, damage, or misfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, unless the same happen through his own wilful act or default.

105. *No Contribution to be required from Directors beyond Amount, if any, unpaid on their Shares.*—No contribution shall be required from any present or past Director or Manager exceeding the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares in respect of which he is liable as a present or past Shareholder.

#### POWERS OF DIRECTORS.

106. The Directors shall have power to purchase or otherwise acquire the said Depedene estate of about 1,013 acres, situated in the Ratnapura District, as on and from July 28, 1924.

107. *To manage Business of Company and pay Preliminary Expenses, &c.*—The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors either by themselves or through a Managing Director, or with the assistance of an Agent or Agents and Secretary or Secretaries of the Company to be appointed by the Directors for such period and on such terms as they shall determine, and the Directors may pay out of the funds of the Company all costs and expenses, as well preliminary as otherwise, paid or incurred in and about the formation and the registration of the Company, and in connection with the placing of the shares of the Company, and in and about the valuation, purchase, or acquisition of the said Depedene estate, and the purchase, lease, or acquisition of any other lands, estates, or property, and the opening, clearing, planting, and cultivation thereof, and in or about the working and business of the Company.

108. *To acquire Property, to appoint Officers, and pay Expenses.*—The Directors shall have power to purchase, take on lease or in exchange, or otherwise acquire for the Company any estate or estates, land or lands, property, rights, options, or privileges which the Company is authorized to acquire at such price and for such consideration and upon such title, and generally on such terms and conditions as they may think fit ; and to make and they may make such regulations for the management of the business and property of the Company as they may from time to time think proper, and for that purpose may appoint such managers, agents, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, buyers, and other officers, visiting agents, inspectors, superintendents, clerks, artizans, labourers, and other servants for such period or periods, and with such remuneration and at such salaries and upon such terms and conditions as they may consider advisable, and may pay the expenses occasioned thereby out of the funds of the Company, and may from time to time remove or suspend all or any of the managers, agents, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, visiting agents, inspectors, superintendents, clerks, artizans, labourers, and other servants for such reasons as they may think proper and advisable and without assigning any cause.

109. *To appoint Proctors and Attorneys.*—The Directors shall have power to appoint a proctor or proctors, solicitor or solicitors, attorney or attorneys to assist in carrying on or protecting the business of the Company on such terms, as they may consider proper, and from time to time to revoke such appointment.

110. *To open Banking Accounts and operate thereon, &c.*—The Directors shall have power to open on behalf of the Company any account or accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint, and also by such signatures as they may appoint to draw, accept, make, endorse, sign, and execute cheques, bills of exchange, and promissory notes, bills of lading, receipts, contracts, and agreements, bonds, mortgages, proxies to any proctor or proctors, and other documents on behalf of and to further the interests of the Company.

111. *To sell and dispose of Company's Property, &c.*—It shall be lawful for the Directors, if authorized so to do by a special resolution of the Shareholders in General Meeting, to arrange terms for the amalgamation of the Company with any other company or companies, or individual or individuals, or for the sale or disposal of the business, estates, lands, and effects of the Company or any part or parts, share or shares thereof, respectively, or the assignment of the whole or any part or parts thereof to any company or companies, or person or persons, upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit, and the Directors shall have power to do all such things as may be necessary for carrying such amalgamation, sale, or other disposition into effect so far as a resolution or a special resolution of the Company is not by law necessary for such purpose ; and in case any terms so arranged by the Directors include or make necessary the dissolution of the Company, the Company shall be dissolved to that end.

112. *General Powers.*—The Directors shall carry on the business of the Company in such manner as they may think most expedient; and in addition to the powers and authorities by the Ordinance or by these presents expressly conferred on them, they may exercise all such powers, give all such consents, make all such arrangements, appoint all such agents, managers, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, clerks, assistants, artisans, and workers, and generally do all such acts and things as are or shall be by the Ordinance and by these presents directed and authorized to be exercised, given, made, or done by the Company; and are not by the Ordinance or by these presents required to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting, subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of the Ordinance and of these presents and to such regulations and provisions (if any) as may, from time to time, be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting; but no regulation made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made. The generality of the powers conferred by any clause in these presents on the Directors shall not be taken to be limited by any clause conferring any special or expressed power.

113. *Special Powers.*—In furtherance and not in limitation of, and without prejudice to, the general powers conferred or implied in the last preceding clause, and of the other powers conferred by these presents, it is hereby expressly declared that the Directors shall have the powers following (that is to say):—

- (1) To institute, conduct, defend, compound, or abandon any action, suit, prosecution, or legal proceedings by and against the Company, or its officers or otherwise concerning the affairs of the Company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due and of any claims and demands by and against the Company.
- (2) To refer any claims or demands by or against the Company to arbitration, and observe and perform the awards.
- (3) To make and give receipts, releases, and other discharges for money payable to the Company and for claims and demands of the Company.
- (4) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents with power to accept the office of trustee, assignee, liquidator, inspector, or any similar office.
- (5) To invest any of the moneys of the Company which the Directors may consider not immediately required for the purposes thereof, upon such securities and in such manner as they may think fit, and so that they shall not be restricted to such securities as are permissible to trustees without special powers, and from time to time to vary or release such investments.
- (6) From time to time to provide for the management of the affairs of the Company abroad in such manner as they think fit, and to establish any local boards or agencies for managing any of the affairs of the Company abroad, and to appoint any persons to be members of such Local Board or any managers or agents and to fix their remuneration.
- (7) From time to time and at any time to delegate to any one or more of the Directors of the Company for the time being or any other person or company for the time being, residing or carrying on business in Ceylon or elsewhere, all or any of the powers hereby made exercisable by the Directors, except those relating to shares and any others as to which special provisions inconsistent with such delegation are herein contained; and they shall have power to fix the remuneration of and at any time to remove such Director or other person or company and to annul or vary any such delegation. They shall not however be entitled to delegate any powers of borrowing or charging the property of the Company to any agent of the Company or other person except by instrument in writing, which shall specifically state the extent to which such powers may be used by the person or persons to whom they are so delegated, and compliance therewith shall be a condition precedent to the exercise of these powers.

#### PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

114. *Meeting of Directors.*—The Directors may meet for the dispatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings as they may think fit, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business; until otherwise determined, two Directors shall be a quorum.

115. *A Director may summon Meetings of Directors.*—A Director may at any time summon a meeting of Directors.

116. *Who is to preside at Meetings of Board.*—The Board may elect a Chairman of their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office, and all meetings of the Directors shall be presided over by the Chairman, if one has been elected and if present, but if there be a vacancy in the office of Chairman, or if at any meeting of Directors the Chairman be not present at the time appointed for holding the same, then and in that case the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.

117. *Questions at Meetings how decided.*—Any question which shall arise at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman thereof shall have a casting vote in addition to his vote as a Director.

118. *Board may appoint Committees.*—The Board may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as the Board think fit, and they may from time to time revoke and discharge any such committee, either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee so formed shall, in exercise of the powers delegated to it, conform to all such regulations as may be prescribed by the Board. All acts done by any such committee, in conformity with such regulations and in the fulfilment of the purposes of their appointment, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.

119. *Acts of Board or Committee valid notwithstanding Informal Appointment.*—The act of the Board or of any committee appointed by the Board shall, notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board or committee, or defect in the appointment of any Director or of any member of the committee, be as valid as if no such vacancy or defect had existed, and as if every person had been duly appointed, provided the same be done before the discovery of the defect.

120. *Regulation of Proceedings of Committees.*—The meetings and proceedings of such committees shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto, and are not superseded by the express terms of the appointment of such committee respectively, or any regulation imposed by the Board.

121. *Resolution in Writing by all the Directors as valid as if passed at a Meeting of Directors.*—A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors for the time being resident in Ceylon shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted, provided that not fewer than two Directors shall sign it.

122. *Minutes of Proceedings of the Company and the Directors to be recorded.*—The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in books to be provided for the purpose of the following matters, *videlicet*:—

- (a) Of all appointments of officers and committees made by the Directors.
- (b) Of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors and of the members of the Committee appointed by the Board present at each meeting of the Committee.
- (c) Of the resolutions and proceedings of all General Meetings.
- (d) Of the resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of the Directors and of the Committees appointed by the Board.
- (e) Of all orders made by the Directors.
- (f) Of the use of the Company's seal.

123. *Signature of Minutes of Proceedings and Effect thereof.*—All such minutes shall be signed by the person or one of the persons who shall have presided as Chairman at the General Meeting, the Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting at which the business minuted shall have been transacted, or by the person or one of the persons who shall preside as Chairman at the next ensuing General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively; and all minutes purporting to have been signed by any Chairman of any General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively, shall, for all purposes whatsoever, be *prima facie* evidence of the actual and regular passing of the resolutions, and the actual and regular transaction or occurrence of the proceedings and other matters purporting to be so recorded, and of the regularity of the meeting at which the same shall appear to have taken place, and of the Chairmanship and signature of the person appearing to have signed as Chairman, and of the date on which such meeting was held.

#### COMPANY'S SEAL.

124. *The Use of the Seal.*—The seal of the Company shall not be used or affixed to any deed, certificate of shares or other instrument except in the presence of two or more of the Directors or of one Director and the agents and secretaries of the Company, who shall attest the sealing thereof; such attestation on the part of the agents and secretaries, in the event of a firm being the agents and secretaries, being signified by a partner or duly authorized manager, attorney, or agent of the said firm signing the firm name or the firm name *per procuracionem* or signing for and on behalf of the said firm as such agents and secretaries, and in the event of a company registered under the Ordinance being the agents and secretaries, being signified by a director or the secretary or the duly authorized attorney of such company signing for and on behalf of such company as agents and secretaries. The sealing shall not be attested by one person in the dual capacity of Director and representative of the agents and secretaries. Any instrument sealed with the seal of the Company and signed by two or more Directors or by one Director and the agents and secretaries of the Company shall be presumed to be duly executed.

#### ACCOUNTS.

125. *What Accounts to be kept.*—The agent or secretary or the agents or secretaries for the time being, or, if there be no agent or secretary or agents or secretaries, the Directors shall cause true accounts to be kept of the paid-up capital for the time being of the Company, and of all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and of the matters in respect of which such receipt and expenditure take place, and of the assets, credits, and liabilities of the Company, and generally of all its commercial, financial, and other affairs, transactions, and engagements, and of all other matters necessary for showing the true financial state and condition of the Company; and the accounts shall be kept in such books and in such a manner at the registered office of the Company, as the Directors think fit.

126. *Accounts how and when Open to Inspection.*—The Directors shall from time to time determine whether, and to what extent and at what times and places, and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the Company or any of them shall be open to the inspection of the Shareholders; and no Shareholder shall have any right of inspecting any account or books or document of the Company, except as conferred by the Ordinance or authorized by the Directors or by a resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

127. *Statement of Accounts and Balance Sheet to be furnished to General Meeting.*—At the Ordinary General Meeting in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company a statement of the profit and loss account for the preceding financial year, and a balance sheet containing a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company made up as at the end of the same period.

128. *Report to accompany Statement.*—Every such statement shall be accompanied by a report as to the state and condition of the Company, and as to the amount which they recommend to be paid out of the profits by way of dividend or bonus to the Shareholders, and the statement, report, and balance sheet shall be signed by the Directors.

129. *Copy of Balance Sheet to be sent to Shareholders.*—A printed copy of such balance sheet shall, at least seven days previous to such Meeting, be delivered at, or posted to, the registered address of every Shareholder.

#### DIVIDENDS, BONUS, AND RESERVE FUND.

130. Where any asset is bought by the Company as from a past date (whether such date be before or after the incorporation of the Company) upon the terms that the Company shall as from that date take the profits and bear the losses thereof, such profits or losses, as the case may be, shall, at the discretion of the Directors, be credited or debited wholly or in part to revenue account, and in that case the amount so credited or debited shall, for the purpose of ascertaining the fund available for dividend, be treated as a profit or loss arising from the business of the Company.

131. *Declaration of Dividend, &c.*—The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, from time to time, declare a dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders in proportion to the amounts paid on their shares, but no dividend or bonus shall be payable except out of nett profits.

Any General Meeting may direct payment of any dividend declared at such meeting or of any interim dividends which may subsequently be declared by the Directors, wholly or in part in sterling by means of drafts or cheques on London, or by the distribution of specific assets and in particular of paid-up shares, debentures, or debenture stock of the Company, or of any other company, or in any other form of specie, or in any one or more of such ways, and the Directors shall give effect to such direction; and where any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution, they may settle the same as they think expedient, and in particular may issue fractional certificates, and may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets, or any part thereof, and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any Shareholder upon the footing of the value so fixed, in order to adjust the rights of all parties.

132. *Interim Dividend.*—The Directors may also, if they think fit, from time to time and at any time, without the sanction of a General Meeting, determine on and declare an interim dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders on account and in anticipation of the dividend for the then current year.

133. *Reserve Fund.*—Previously to the Directors paying or recommending any dividend on preference or ordinary shares, they may set aside out of the profits of the Company, such a sum as they think proper as a reserve fund, and may invest the same in such securities as they shall think fit, or place the same on fixed deposit in any bank or banks.

134 (a). *Application thereof.*—The Directors may from time to time apply such portions as they think fit of the reserve fund to meet contingencies, or for the payment of accumulated dividends due on preference shares or for equalizing dividends, or for working the business of the Company or for repairing or maintaining or extending the buildings and premises, or for the repair or renewal or extension of the property or plant connected with the business of the Company or any part thereof, or for any other purpose of the Company which they may from time to time deem expedient.

134 (b). *Issue of Bonus out of Reserve.*—The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting from time to time, apply such portion of the reserve fund or any other fund representing undivided profits of the Company as the General Meeting sanctioning such application may direct in or towards payment of a bonus in accordance with their rights to the Shareholders or to the members of any class of Shareholders, and may with the like sanction satisfy such bonus or any part thereof by the issue and allotment in accordance with their rights to the Shareholders, or to the members of any class of Shareholders, of shares in the Company to be issued and allotted in accordance with their rights to the Shareholders or the members of any class of Shareholders in such proportions and upon such terms in all respects as the General Meeting sanctioning the same may direct.

135. *Unpaid Interest or Dividend not to bear Interest.*—No unpaid interest or dividend or bonus shall ever bear interest against the Company.

136. *No Shareholder to receive Dividend while Debt due to Company.*—No Shareholder shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividend or bonus in respect of his share or shares whilst any moneys may be due or owing from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company in respect of such share or shares, or otherwise howsoever.

137. *Directors may deduct Debt from the Dividends.*—The Directors may deduct from the dividend or bonus payable to any Shareholder all sums of money due from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company, and notwithstanding such sums shall not be payable until after the date when such dividend is payable.

138. *Dividends may be paid by Cheque or Warrant and sent through the Post.*—Unless otherwise directed any dividend may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post to the registered address of the Shareholder entitled, or in the case of joint-holders, to the registered address of that one whose name stands first on the register in respect of the joint-holding; but the Company shall not be liable or responsible for the loss of any such cheque or dividend warrant sent through the post.

139. *Notice of Dividend: Forfeiture of Unclaimed Dividend.*—Notice of all dividends or bonuses to become payable shall be given to each Shareholder entitled thereto; and all dividends or bonuses unclaimed by any Shareholder for three years after notice thereof is given may be forfeited by a resolution of the board of Directors for the Benefit of the Company, and, if the Directors think fit, may be applied in augmentation of the reserve fund. For the purposes of this clause any cheques or warrants which may be issued for dividends or bonuses and may not be presented at the Company's bankers for payment within 3 years shall rank as unclaimed dividends.

140. *Shares held by a Firm.*—Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any partner of such firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm.

141. *Joint-Holders other than a Firm.*—Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by several persons jointly, other than a firm, may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any one of such persons.

#### AUDIT.

142. *Accounts to be audited.*—The accounts of the Company shall from time to time be examined, and the correctness of the balance sheet and profit and loss account ascertained by one or more Auditor or Auditors.

143. *Qualification of Auditor.*—No person shall be eligible as an Auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Shareholder in any transaction of the Company, but an Auditor shall not be debarred from acting as a professional accountant in doing any special work for the Company which the Directors may deem necessary. It shall not be a necessary qualification for an Auditor that he be a Shareholder of the Company, and no Director or officer of the Company shall, during his continuance in office, be eligible as an Auditor.

144. *Appointment and Retirement of Auditors.*—The Directors shall appoint the first Auditor or Auditors of the Company and fix his or their remuneration; all future Auditors, except as is hereinafter mentioned, shall be appointed at the First Ordinary General Meeting of the Company in each year by the Shareholders present thereat, and shall hold their office only until the First Ordinary General Meeting after their respective appointment, or until otherwise ordered by a General Meeting.

145. *Retiring Auditors eligible for Re-election.*—Retiring Auditors shall be eligible for re-election.

146. *Remuneration of Auditors.*—The remuneration of the Auditors, other than the first, shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting, and this remuneration may from time to time be varied by a General Meeting.

147. *Casual Vacancy in Office of Auditor how filled up.*—If any vacancy that may occur in the office of Auditor shall not be supplied at any Ordinary General Meeting, or if any casual vacancy shall occur, the Directors shall (subject to the approval of the next Ordinary General Meeting) fill up the vacancy by the appointment of a person who shall hold the office until such meeting.

148. *Duty of Auditor.*—Every Auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet and profit and loss account intended to be laid before the next Ordinary General Meeting, and it shall be his duty to examine the same with the accounts and vouchers relating thereto and to report thereon to the meeting generally or specially as he may think fit.

149. *Company's Accounts to be open to Auditors for Audit.*—All accounts, books, and documents whatsoever of the Company shall at all times be opened to the Auditors for the purpose of audit.

#### NOTICES.

150. *Notices how authenticated.*—Notices from the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed or written) of the Agent or Secretary, Agents or Secretaries, or other persons appointed by the Board to do so.

151. *Shareholders to register Address.*—Every Shareholder shall furnish the Company with an address in Ceylon, which shall be deemed to be his place of abode, and shall be registered as such in the books of the Company.

152. *Service of Notices.*—A notice may be served by the Company upon any Shareholder either personally or by sending it through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to such Shareholder at his registered address or place of abode; and any notice so served shall be deemed to be well served for all purposes, notwithstanding that the Shareholder to whom such notice is addressed be dead, unless his executors or administrators shall have given to the Directors, or to the Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries of the Company, their own or some other address in Ceylon.

153. *Notice to Joint-Holders of Shares other than a Firm.*—All notices directed to be given to Shareholders shall, with respect to any share to which persons other than a firm are jointly entitled, be sufficient if given to any one of such persons, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares.

154. *Date and Proof of Service.*—Any notice if served by post shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the letter containing the same would in ordinary course of post have been delivered at its address, and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and put into a post box or posted at a post office, and the entry in the Company's books of the leaving or sending by post of any notice at or to such address shall be sufficient evidence thereof, and no further evidence shall be necessary.

155. *Non-resident Shareholders must register Addresses in Ceylon.*—Every Shareholder resident out of Ceylon shall name and register in the books of the Company an address within Ceylon at which all notices shall be served upon him, and all notices served at such address shall be deemed to be well served. If he shall not have named and registered such an address, he shall not be entitled to any notice.

All notices required to be given by advertisement shall be published in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*.

#### ARBITRATION.

156. *Directors may refer Disputes to Arbitration.*—Whenever any question or other matter whatsoever arises in dispute between the Company and any other company or person, the same may be referred by the Directors to arbitration pursuant to and so as with regard to the mode and consequence of the reference and in all other respects to conform to the provisions in that behalf contained in the Civil Procedure Code, 1889, and the Arbitration Ordinance, 1866, or any then subsisting statutory modification thereof.

#### EVIDENCE.

157. *Evidence in Action by Company against Shareholders.*—On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought or instituted by the Company against any Shareholder or his representatives to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is of was when



the claim arose on the register of Shareholders of the Company as a holder of the number of shares in respect of which such claim is made, and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company; and it shall not be necessary to prove the registration of the Company, nor the appointment of the Directors who made any call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made, nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

PROVISIONS RELATIVE TO WINDING UP OR DISSOLUTION OF THE COMPANY.

158. *Purchase of Company's Property by Shareholders.*—Any Shareholder, whether a Director or not, or whether alone or jointly with any other Shareholder or Director, and any person not a Shareholder, may become the purchaser of the property of the Company or any part thereof in the event of a winding up or a dissolution, or at any other time when a sale of the Company's property or effects or any part thereof shall be made by the Directors under the powers hereby or under the Ordinance conferred upon them.

159. *Distribution.*—If the Company shall be wound up, and there shall be any surplus assets after payment of all debts and satisfaction of all liabilities of the Company, such surplus assets shall be applied, first, in repaying to the holders of the preference shares (if any) the amounts that may be due to them, whether by way of capital only or by way of capital and dividend, or arrears of dividend or otherwise in accordance with the rights, privileges, and conditions attached thereto, and the balance in repaying to the holders of the ordinary shares the amounts paid up or reckoned as paid up on such ordinary shares. If after such payments there shall remain any surplus assets, such surplus assets shall be divided among the ordinary Shareholders in proportion to the capital paid up, or reckoned as paid up, on the shares which are held by them respectively at the commencement of the winding up, unless the conditions attached to the preference shares expressly entitle such shares to participate in such surplus assets.

160. *Payment in Specie, and vesting in Trustees, Right of Contributory to Dissent, &c.*—If the Company shall be wound up, the liquidator, whether voluntary or official, may with the sanction of an extraordinary resolution, divide among the contributories in specie any part of the assets of the Company, and may, with their sanction, vest any part of the assets of the Company in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories as the liquidator, with like sanction, shall think fit, and if thought expedient any such division may be otherwise than in accordance with the legal rights of the Shareholders of the Company, and in particular any class may be given preferential or special rights or may be excluded altogether or in part, and the liquidator shall be entitled to sell all or any of the assets of the Company in consideration of or in exchange for shares, ordinary, fully paid, part paid, or preference in the purchasing Company, but in case any division otherwise than in accordance with the legal rights of the contributories shall be determined on or any sale made of any or all of the assets of the Company in exchange for shares in the purchasing company either ordinary, fully paid or part paid, or preference, any contributory who would be prejudiced thereby shall have a right to dissent as if such determination were a special resolution passed pursuant to section 192 of the Companies (Consolidation) Act of 1908 in England, but for the purposes of an arbitration as in sub-section (6) of the said section provided, the provisions of the Ceylon Arbitration Ordinance, 1866, and of the Civil Procedure Code, 1889, shall apply in place of the English and Scotch Acts referred to in the said sub-section (6) of section 192 of the aforesaid Companies (Consolidation) Act, and the said section 192, save as herein excepted, shall be deemed to be part and parcel of these present articles.

In witness whereof the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereunto set and subscribed their names at Colombo this Nineteenth day of August, One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty-four.

B. W. LEEFE, Colombo.

IAN. W. AITKEN, Colombo.

R. W. FOWKE, Colombo.

G. E. DIMOLINE, Colombo.

J. PHILIP, Colombo.

GEO. P. EDGE, Colombo.

F. O. FRANCILLON, Colombo.

Witness to the signatures of the above-named Basil Walter Cuthbert Leefe, Ian Woodford Aitken, Roger Warburton Fowke, George Eric Dimoline, James Philip, George Percy Edge, and Francis Oliver Francillon

PERCIVAL S. MARTENSZ,  
Proctor of the Supreme Court, Colombo.

[First Publication.]

**The Welimada Tea Company of Ceylon, Limited.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual Ordinary General Meeting of this Company will be held at No. 2, Prince street, Colombo, on Friday, September 12, 1924, at 3 p.m.

*Business.*

- (1) To receive the report of the Directors and accounts for the year ended June 30, 1924.
- (2) To declare a dividend.
- (3) To elect a Director.
- (4) To appoint Auditors for the current year.
- (5) To transact any other business that may be duly brought before the Meeting.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from August 30 to September 15, 1924, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,  
SHAW WALLACE & Co.,  
Agents and Secretaries.

**The Tuan Mee (Selangor) Rubber Company, Limited.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the Ninth Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the registered office of the Company, Gaffoor building, Main street, Colombo, on Monday, September 8, 1924, at 12 noon.

*Business.*

1. To receive the report of the Directors and statement of accounts to June 30, 1924.
2. To elect a Director.
3. To appoint an Auditor.
4. To transact any other competent business.

By order of the Directors,  
GORDON FRAZER & Co., LTD.,  
Colombo, August 29, 1924. Agents and Secretaries.

**The Ykumbra Rubber Company, Limited.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fifth Annual Ordinary General Meeting of this Company will be held at the office of the Company, Chatham street, Fort, Colombo, on Saturday, September 13, 1924, at 12.15 p.m.

*Business.*

1. To receive the report of the Directors and accounts for the twelve months ended June 30, 1924.
2. To elect a Director and Auditor, and to transact any other business that may be duly brought before the Meeting.

By order of the Directors,  
BOSANQUET & Co., LTD.,  
Colombo, August 25, 1924. Agents and Secretaries.

**The Pantane and Bollagalla Estates Company, Limited.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the Eighth Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at noon on Friday, September 12, 1924, at the registered office of the Company, No. 14, Queen street, Fort, Colombo.

*Business.*

1. To receive the report of the Directors and statement of accounts for the year ended June 30, 1924.
2. To declare a dividend.
3. To elect a Director.
4. To appoint an Auditor.
5. To transact any other competent business that may be brought before the Meeting.

By order of the Directors,  
GEORGE STEWART & Co.,  
Colombo, August 27, 1924. Agents and Secretaries.

**The Narangoda Rubber Company, Limited.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the Eleventh Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the registered office of the Company, No. 14, Queen street, Fort, Colombo, on Thursday, September 11, 1924, at 12.30 P.M.

*Business.*

1. To receive the report of the Directors and statement of accounts to June 30, 1924.
2. To declare a dividend.
3. To elect a Director.
4. To appoint an Auditor.
5. To transact any other competent business that may be brought before the Meeting.

By order of the Directors,  
GEORGE STEWART & Co.,  
Colombo, August 29, 1924. Agents and Secretaries.

**Lassahena Rubber Company, Limited.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fifteenth Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Company's registered office, Lloyd's buildings, No. 7A, Prince street, Fort, Colombo, on Saturday, September 13, 1924, at 11.30 in the forenoon. The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from September 6 to 13, 1924, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,  
AITKEN, SPENCE & Co.,  
Colombo, August 29, 1924. Agents and Secretaries.

**The Ceylon Observer, Limited**  
(In Liquidation.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the Final General Meeting of Shareholders of the above-named Company will be held at the office of the Liquidator, Imperial Bank building, Prince street, Colombo, on Wednesday, October 8, at 11 A.M. for the following purposes:—

To receive and consider the report of the Liquidator and the accounts of the liquidation, and to pass a resolution adopting them.

To pass a resolution that the affairs of the Company are fairly wound up.

H. D. THORNTON,  
Colombo, August 26, 1924. Liquidator.

**The Fernlands Tea Company, Limited.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the Twenty-eighth Annual Ordinary General Meeting of the Company will be held at the registered office of the Company, No. 2, Queen street, Fort, Colombo, on Friday, September 19, 1924, at 11 A.M.

*Business.*

1. To receive the report of the Directors and the accounts of the Company for the twelve months ended June 30, 1924.
2. To declare a dividend.
3. To elect a Director.

4. To appoint Auditors for the current year.
5. To transact any other business of which due notice may have been given.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from September 5 to 19, 1924, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,  
WHITTALL & Co.,  
Colombo, August 29, 1924. Agents and Secretaries.

**Auction Sale under Mortgage Decree, Colombo, D. C. No. 13,060.**

*A Small Rubber Estate at Wandurambe, Galle District, Extent 21 Acres 2 Rods and 16 Perches.*

BY virtue of the commission issued to me in the above case for the recovery of the amount entered in record, I shall sell by public auction on Monday, September 22, 1924, at 1 P.M. at my office, 22, Baillie street, Fort—

1. All that allotment of land called Bambaruke Tuwala-waydeniya, with the trees and plantations, situated at Wandurambe; containing in extent 2 acres and 51 perches.
  2. All that allotment of land called Heendeniya Egodaha and of the trees and plantations, situated at Wandurambe; containing in extent 29 perches.
  3. All that allotment of land called Heendeniya Egodaha, with the trees and plantations, situated at Wandurambe; containing in extent 3 rods and 7 perches.
  4. All that allotment of land called Benbodakoratuwa, with the trees and plantations, situated at Wandurambe; containing in extent 1 rood and 27 perches.
  5. All that allotment of land called Benbodakoratuwa, with the trees and plantations, situated at Wandurambe; containing in extent 22 perches.
  6. All that allotment of land bearing No. 13,652 called Bengoda, with the trees and plantations; containing in extent 1 acre 2 rods and 8 perches.
  7. All that allotment of land called Heendeniyagoda-kanda, with the trees and plantations thereon, situated at Wandurambe; containing in extent 7 acres 2 rods and 29 perches.
  8. All that allotment of land called the portion of Welideniyagodakanda, with the trees and plantations, situated at Wandurambe; containing in extent 2 acres and 23 perches.
  9. All that allotment of land called Heendeniyagoda-kanda, situated at Wandurambe; containing in extent 6 acres 2 rods and 9 perches.
- Further particulars from R. Mahadeva, Esq., Proctor and Notary, Hulftsdorp.

22, Baillie street.  
Phone: 576.

L. A. WICKREMESINGHE,  
Auctioneer.

**Auction Sale under Mortgage Decree, Colombo, D. C. No. 12,147.**

*Lands at Walgama and Kanduboda.*

BY virtue of the commission issued to me in the above case, I shall sell by public auction on Saturday, September 20, 1924, at their respective spots—

At 3 P.M.

1. All that part of a garden called Bandaradeniya, with all the trees and plantations, situated at Walgama in the Adikari pattu of Siyane korale; containing in extent 7 acres 2 rods and 26 perches.

At 3.15 P.M.

2. An undivided  $\frac{1}{2}$  from and out of the divided northern  $\frac{1}{2}$  part of the land called Bandaradeniya, situated at Walgama; containing in extent 9 acres 1 rood and 39 perches.

At 3.45 P.M.

3. An undivided  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the land called Kosgahalanda, situated in the Adikari pattu of Siyane korale; containing in extent about 1 bushel of paddy sowing.

At 4 P.M.

4. An undivided  $\frac{1}{2}$  of all those undivided  $\frac{3}{22}$  parts of the land called Kosgahawatta, together with the buildings, situated at Kanduboda, containing in extent 15 acres.

Further particulars from H. A. Abeywardene, Esq., Proctor, Hulftsdorp.

22, Baillie street,  
Phone : 576.

L. A. WICKREMESINGHE,  
Auctioneer.

#### Auction Sale under Partition Decree.

*A House and Premises near Angulana Railway Station at Kaldammulla.*

BY virtue of the commission issued to me in the case No. 9,393, D. C., Colombo, I shall sell by public auction on Saturday, October 11, 1924, at 4 P.M., at the spot—

All the land called Nugagahawatta with the house and plantations thereon, situated at Kaldammulla, in the Palle pattu of Salpiti korale, in extent 26.60 perches (exclusive of the portion of the house standing on the land to the south and projecting into the premises with the soil thereon).

The sale will first take place among the co-owners at the appraised value, and if not purchased by any one of them, immediately thereafter be put up for sale among the public.

H. J. F. RODRIGÓ, Commissioner,  
Auctioneer and Broker.

60, Belmont street, Colombo.

#### Auction Sale.

*A Valuable Coconut Estate, partially planted and in bearing, bordering Road at Wariyapola, in the Kurunegala District, the Property of B. John Mendis of Moratuwa.*

UNDER and by virtue of the decree entered in case No. 13,054 District Court, Colombo, and the commission issued to me in the said case, I shall sell by public auction at the spot, on Saturday, September 20, 1924, at 4 P.M. for the recovery of the amount stated in the decree, the following property, primarily mortgaged to the plaintiff in the said case, *viz.*—The property called Engineruwatta *alias* Wariyapola estate; bounded on the north by chena belonging to Kirihamy and others, on the east by chena claimed by natives of Pinugalla and Iswetiya and chena belonging to Ukkurala and others, on the south and south-west by minor road to Rangama and Puttalam road, and on the west and north-west by rock called Kakkutangala Hinakwewa and chena belonging to Kirihamy, in extent 49 acres and 2 roods.

A. C. KOELMEYER,  
Auctioneer and Broker.

58, Belmont street, Hulftsdorp.

#### Auction Sale under Mortgage Decree.

*A Valuable Property at Dematadenikanda, in the Udugaha Pattu of Siyane Korale, said to contain Plumbago.*

UNDER and by virtue of the commission issued to me in case No. 12,652 of the District Court of Colombo, I shall sell by public auction on Friday, September 26, 1924, at 4.30 P.M., at the spot—

An allotment of land called Delgahawatta in Dematadenikanda, in the Udugaha pattu of Siyane korale east, in the District of Colombo; containing in extent 1 acre and 12 perches.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. D. L. & F. de Saram, Proctors and Notaries, Gaffoor building, Fort, Colombo, or to me—

H. D. JOHN PIERIS,  
Auctioneer and Broker.

8, Hulftsdorp street, Colombo.

#### Auction Sale under Mortgage Decree.

*Two Valuable Properties at Dematadenikanda, in the Udugaha Pattu of Siyane Korale, said to contain Plumbago.*

UNDER and by virtue of the commission issued to me in case No. 12,651 of the District Court of Colombo,

I shall sell by public auction on Friday, September 26, 1924, commencing at 4 P.M. at the respective spots, the following properties, to wit:—

(1) All that allotment of land called Delgahawatta, situated in the village Dematadenikanda, in the Udugaha pattu of Siyane korale, in the District of Colombo, containing in extent 2 acres and 28 perches.

(2) An undivided  $\frac{1}{2}$  part or share of and in all that allotment of land called Delgahawatta, situated in the village Dematadenikanda aforesaid; containing in extent 4 acres 2 roods and 35 perches.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. D. L. & F. de Saram, Proctors and Notaries, Gaffoor building, Fort, Colombo, or to me—

H. D. JOHN PIERIS,  
Auctioneer and Broker.

8, Hulftsdorp street, Colombo.

#### Auction Sale under Mortgage Decree.

DESIRABLE INVESTMENT FOR CAPITALISTS.

*A Newly-built Bungalow with the Land, in extent 28.97 Perches and three Building Blocks, in extent 26.33, 36.54, and 31.22 Perches, presently bearing assessment No. 1199J/77b(10), situated at Colpetty, Colombo (behind Mr. A. E. de Silva's Bungalow at Flower Road).*

In the District Court of Colombo.

(1) J. N. C. Tiruchelvam and (2) Lena Tiruchelvam ..... Plaintiffs.

No. 11,287.

Vs.

H. D. V. Victor Pereira ..... Defendant.

UNDER and by virtue of the commission issued to me in the above case for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 24,176.25, with further interest and costs from the above-named defendant, I shall sell by public auction on Saturday, October 4, 1924, commencing at 3 P.M., at the respective spots, the above premises:—

The said four blocks will be first offered for sale separately and the same will immediately thereafter be put up for sale in one lot, and in case the same shall collectively realize over and above the aggregate amount offered for them separately, then such highest bidder will be declared the purchaser otherwise the highest bidders of the different blocks will be declared the purchasers thereof.

For further particulars apply to P. M. de S. Sasviratne, Esq., Proctor and Notary, Ferry street, Colombo, or to me—

H. D. JOHN PIERIS,  
Auctioneer and Broker.

8, Hulftsdorp street, Colombo.

#### Auction Sale under Mortgage Decree.

*Valuable Premises bearing Assessment No. 36 at Green Street and No. 13A and 14 at Armour Street, Colombo.*

UNDER and by virtue of the commission issued to me in case No. 9,209 of the District Court of Colombo, I shall sell by public auction on Saturday, September 27, 1924, commencing at 3 P.M. at the respective spots, the following property, to wit:—

(1) An undivided  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the land called Siriwardenewalawewatta and of the buildings standing thereon, bearing assessment No. 36, situated at Green street, Colombo; containing in extent 22 perches.

(2) An undivided  $\frac{1}{2}$  of all that piece of garden and of the buildings standing thereon bearing assessment Nos. 13A and 14, situated at Armour street, Colombo; containing in extent 10 square perches, excluding therefrom a portion in extent  $\frac{787}{100}$  square perches acquired by Government.

For further particulars apply to N. J. S. Cooray, Esq., Proctor and Notary, Hulftsdorp, Colombo, or to me—

H. D. JOHN PIERIS,  
Commissioner.

8, Hulftsdorp street, Colombo.

#### Auction Sale.

*A Valuable Property in the District of Negombo.*

UNDER decree in case No. 16,491, D. C., Negombo, entered in favour of the plaintiff Una Lana Wana Wana Ramanaden Chetty of Negombo, against the defendant Pettagam Samuel Silva of Leyanagemulla, and by

virtue of the order to sell issued to us for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 4,031.25, with interest on Rs. 3,750 at 15 per cent. per annum from January 6, 1924, to February 28, 1924, and thereafter at 9 per cent. per annum on the aggregate amount till payment in full, and costs of suit, less Rs. 700, we shall sell the under-mentioned property mortgaged as a secondary mortgage by bond No. 2,259 dated May 7, 1923, and attested by P. D. F. de Croos, Notary, by public auction, at the spot, at 4.30 P.M. on Wednesday, September 24, 1924, to wit:—

All that allotment of land called Uluambalama estate, situate at Kadirana in Dunagaha pattu of the Alutkuru korale, in the District of Negombo, Western Province; containing in extent 16 acres 1 rood and 36 perches.

Further particulars from Tudor Ranasinghe, Esq., Proctor, Supreme Court, and Notary, Negombo, or—

Negombo, August 26, 1924. M. P. KURERA & Co.,  
Auctioneers.

**Auction Sale.**

*Properties at Neligama, Pohonnaruwa, and Ambana in the District of Negombo.*

UNDER and by virtue of the commission issued to us from the District Court of Negombo in testamentary case No. 2,150, we shall sell the under-mentioned properties belonging to the estate of Andige Suwara Fernando of Ambana, deceased, by public auction at the respective spots on Friday, September 5, 1924, to wit:—

At 11 A.M.

1. An undivided  $\frac{1}{4}$  share of the land called Dicklanda, situate at Neligama in Udugaha pattu of Hapitigam korale, in the District of Negombo, Western Province; in extent 8 acres 1 rood and 16 perches.

At 11.30 A.M.

2. Delgahakumbura, situate at Pohonnaruwa in Udugaha pattu aforesaid; in extent about 12 kurunies of paddy sowing ground.

At 11.45 A.M.

3. The portion of land called Uluporanawatta, situate at Pohonnaruwa aforesaid; in extent about 4 kurunies of paddy sowing ground and the buildings standing thereon.

Commencing at 2.30 P.M.

4. Nagahakumbura, situate at Ambana in Yatigaha pattu of Hapitigam korale aforesaid; in extent about 3 bushels of paddy sowing ground.

5. Mahonnawekumbura situate at Ambana aforesaid; in extent about 1 bushel and 3 pecks of paddy sowing ground.

6. Dambekumbura, situate at Ambana aforesaid; in extent about 1 bushel of paddy sowing ground.

7. The several contiguous portions of high and low land called Kalahanwela, Puwagahakumbura, and Puakgahakumbura, now planted with coconuts, situate at Ambana aforesaid; in extent 3 acres with the buildings standing thereon, excluding the road passing through the land.

8. Dambugahakumbura, situate at Ambana aforesaid; in extent about 1 rood and 13 perches, with the buildings standing thereon.

Further particulars from E. H. de Zoysa, Esq., Proctor, Supreme Court and Notary, Negombo, or—

Negombo, August 27, 1924. M. P. KURERA & Co.,  
Auctioneers.

**Auction Sale.**

*Valuable Properties at Lihiriyagama and Murukuagara in the District of Kurunegala.*

UNDER decree in case No. 16,043, D. C. Negombo, entered in favour of the plaintiff Ana Runa Rawanna Mana Ana Runa Arunasalam Chetty, by his attorney Ana Runa Rawanna Mana Arun Runa Udayappa Chetty of Colombo, against the defendants (1) Ramutigalage Janis de Silva and (2) Madafasinghe Nangallage Ana Maria Perera, both of Lihiriyagama, and by virtue of the order to sell issued to us for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 14,600, with interest on Rs. 10,000 at 24 per cent. per annum from April 12, 1923, to October 17, 1923, and thereafter at 9 per cent. per annum on the aggregate amount, till payment in full and costs, we shall sell the under-mentioned properties mortgaged by bond No. 138 dated April 11, 1917, and attested by Frank Markus, Notary, by public auction

at the respective spots on Tuesday, September 30, 1924, commencing at 2.30 P.M.

(1) An undivided  $\frac{1}{4}$  shares of that allotment of land called and known as Bakmeegahakele, situate at Lihiriyagama in Pitigal korale, Katugampola hatpattu, in the District of Kurunegala, North-Western Province; containing in extent 20 acres more or less.

(2) An undivided  $\frac{1}{4}$  shares of all that allotment of land called and known as Bakmeegahakumbura, exclusive of a portion reserved for a road in the centre, situate at Lihiriyagama aforesaid; containing in extent 6 acres 2 roods and 5 perches.

(3) An undivided  $\frac{1}{4}$  shares of all that allotment of land called and known as Ehetugahawatta, situate at Lihiriyagama aforesaid; containing in extent 16 acres 2 roods and 22 perches.

(4) An undivided  $\frac{1}{4}$  shares of all that allotment of land called and known as Bakmeegahawatta, situate at Lihiriyagama aforesaid; containing in extent 4 acres and 7 perches.

(5) An undivided  $\frac{1}{4}$  shares of all that allotment of land called and known as Bakmeegahakele, situate at Lihiriyagama aforesaid; containing in extent 27 acres and 20 perches.

(6) An undivided  $\frac{1}{4}$  shares of all that allotment of land called and known as Bakmeegahakele, situate at Lihiriyagama aforesaid; containing in extent 2 acres.

(7) All those contiguous allotments of land called and known as Ambagahawatta of about 1 thimba kurakkan sowing extent, Nugagahahenyaya of about 2 pelas of kurakkan sowing extent, and Horagahamulakumbura of about 3 amunams of paddy sowing extent, situated at Murukuagara in the said korale.

(8) All that allotment of land called and known as Kahatagahahena bearing No. 387, situated at Murukuagara aforesaid; containing in extent 6 acres more or less.

Further particulars from T. Ranasinghe, Esq., Proctor, Supreme Court, and Notary, Negombo, or—

Negombo, August 27, 1924. M. P. KURERA & Co.,  
Auctioneers.

**Auction Sale.**

*Valuable Properties at Akaragama and Bokalagama in the District of Negombo.*

UNDER decree in case No. 16,535, D. C., Negombo, entered in favour of the plaintiff Sawanna Thana Lena Arumugam Palle of Negombo against the defendants (1) Mutugalpedige Lebuna of Akaragama and (2) Horatalpedige Saradiya, Police Headman of Akaragama, and by virtue of the order to sell issued to us for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 1,650 with interest thereon at 18 per cent. per annum from September 26, 1922, to June 23, 1924, and thereafter at 9 per cent. per annum on the aggregate amount, till payment in full and costs, we shall sell the under-mentioned properties mortgaged by bond No. 39,863 dated June 26, 1922, and attested by N. J. C. Wijesekera, Notary, by public auction at the respective spots on the hereinafter mentioned dates, viz:—

On Saturday, September 20, 1924, commencing at 2.30 P.M.

1. The Horagahakumbura, situate at Akaragama in Dunagaha pattu of the Alutkuru korale, in the District of Negombo, Western Province; in extent 2 acres 3 roods and 9 perches together with all appurtenances thereof as primary mortgage.

2. The Wewakumbura, situate at Akaragama aforesaid; in extent 1 acre 2 roods and 17 perches; of this field excluding the undivided portion of 3 kurunies of paddy sowing ground, the soil of the remaining field, with all the appurtenances thereof as primary mortgage.

3. The Paragahawatta situate at Akaragama aforesaid; in extent 6 acres and 17 perches with the buildings thereon as secondary mortgage.

4. The portion of Wewabodawatta bearing D 25 situate at Akaragama aforesaid; in extent  $1\frac{1}{2}$  acres with the buildings standing thereon as secondary mortgage.

5. The Ketakelagahakumbura, situate at Akaragama aforesaid; in extent 3 parrals of paddy sowing ground or about 1 acre and 2 roods as secondary mortgage.

6. The Meellagahawatta, situate at Akaragama aforesaid; in extent 3 acres and 6 perches, of this land and the buildings thereon the north-western undivided  $\frac{1}{4}$  share as secondary mortgage.

7. The Ketakellagahakumbura, situate at Akaragama aforesaid; in extent 4 acres 2 roods and 19 perches, with the buildings thereon as secondary mortgage.

8. The Paragahahena, situate at Akaragama aforesaid; in extent about 4 acres 2 roods and 20 perches, with the buildings standing thereon as secondary mortgage.

On Thursday, September 25, 1924, at 4 P.M.

9. The portion of Makullagahawatta, situate at Bokalagama in Yatigaha pattu of Hapitigam korale, in the District of Negombo, Western Province; in extent about 3½ acres; of this land with the soil and all plantations and buildings thereon the undivided ½ share as primary mortgage.

Further particulars from Tudor Ranasinghe, Esq., Proctor, Supreme Court, and Notary, Negombo, or—

M. P. KURERA & Co.,  
Negombo, August 27, 1924. Auctioneers.

#### Auction Sale.

Properties at Pallansena in Negombo District.

UNDER decree in case No. 16,618, D. C., Negombo, entered in favour of the plaintiff Sina Nana Sina Narayanan Chetty, by his attorney, Una Lana Suppiah Pulle of Negombo against the defendant, Gabriel Leonis Fernando of Pallansena North, and by virtue of the order to sell issued to us for the recovery of the amount therein stated, we shall sell the under-mentioned properties mortgaged as primary mortgage by bond No. 2,188 dated December 12, 1922, and attested by P. D. F. de Croos, Notary, by public auction at the respective spots, on Monday, September 22, 1924, to wit:—

At 3 P.M.

1. The ½ share of the land called Talgahawatta *alias* Diulgahawatta, situated at Pallansena in Dunagaha pattu of the Alutkuru korale, in the District of Negombo, Western Province, which ½ share is containing in extent 1 rood and 35 perches, with the buildings standing thereon.

At 3.30 P.M.

2. The land called Gorakagahawatta, situate at Pallansena aforesaid; containing in extent about 20 perches, with the buildings thereon.

Further particulars from T. Ranasinghe, Esq., Proctor, Supreme Court, and Notary, Negombo, or—

M. P. KURERA & Co.,  
Negombo, August 26, 1924. Auctioneers.

#### Auction Sale.

Property at Pallansena in Negombo District.

UNDER decree in case No. 16,619, D. C., Negombo, entered in favour of the plaintiff Seena Nana Seena Narayanan Chetty, by his attorney Una Lana Suppiah Pulle of Negombo against the defendants (1) Anthony Paulu Fernando and (2) Gabriel Leonis Fernando, both of Pallansena, and by virtue of the order to sell issued to us for the recovery of the amount therein stated, we shall sell the under-mentioned property mortgaged as primary mortgage by bond No. 993 dated April 23, 1919, and attested by Tudor Ranasinghe, Notary, by public auction at the spot at 4.30 P.M. on Monday, September 22, 1924, to wit:—

All that allotment of land, together with the buildings standing thereon, depicted in plan dated June 6, 1870, made by J. W. Koelmeyer, Licensed Surveyor, situate at Pallansena in Dunagaha pattu of the Alutkuru korale, in the District of Negombo, Western Province; containing in extent 3 roods and 22 perches.

Further particulars from Tudor Ranasinghe, Esq., Proctor, Supreme Court, and Notary, Negombo, or—

M. P. KURERA & Co.,  
Negombo, August 26, 1924. Auctioneers.

#### Auction Sale.

1. Choice Coconut Property fully planted with Trees in heavy bearing occupying a very convenient Situation about 3 Miles off the Matigama Railway Station and a Rubber Land situated about 2 Miles off the Ja-ela Railway Station.

UNDER decree in case No. 16,108, D. C., Negombo, entered in favour of the plaintiff Kana Nana Kana

Rawanna Mana Narayanan Pulle of Negombo, against the defendants (1) Edwin Charles de Silva Gunasekera of Ekala and (2) Walter Fredrick de Silva Gunasekera of Makawita, and by virtue of the order to sell issued to us for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 22,500, with interest on Rs. 20,000 at 15 per cent. per annum from June 9, 1923, to July 23, 1924, and thereafter at 9 per cent. per annum on the aggregate amount till payment in full, and costs of suit, we shall sell the under-mentioned properties mortgaged as a primary mortgage by bond No. 2,939 dated August 8, 1919, and attested by D. L. E. Amarasingha, Notary, by public auction, at the respective spots, to wit:—

On Tuesday, September 23, 1924, at 10.30 A.M.

1. All that portion depicted as lot No. 3 in plan No. 562 of the land comprised of the contiguous allotments called Bulugahalanda, Kahatagahalanda Puwakwatta, and Kahatagaha Puwakwatta, situated in the villages Elapiliyawa, Nawana and Halpe in Yatigaha and Udukaha pattus of Hapitigam korale, in the District of Negombo, Western Province, the said portion depicted as lot 3 is in extent 38 acres 1 rood and 15 3 perches.

On Wednesday, September 24, 1924, at 10.30 A.M.

2. All that land now called and known as Elhengodella depicted in plan No. 2,537 dated July 23, 1919, made by J. C. Fernando, Surveyor, comprised of the two contiguous allotments called Kahatagahaowita and Elhengodella described under headings (a) and (b) immediately hereunder written, situated at Ekala in Ragam pattu of Alutkuru korale, in the District of Colombo, Western Province, containing in extent 14 acres 1 rood and 29 2 perches, and is comprised as aforesaid of the following contiguous allotments, to wit:—

(a) All that allotment of land called Kahatagahaowita, situated at Ekala aforesaid, containing in extent 10 acres 2 roods and 25 2 perches held and possessed for and in lieu of the undivided 29/30 shares of the high and low land called Kahatagahaowita situated at Ekala aforesaid, containing in extent 10 acres more or less.

(b) All that allotment of land called Elhengodella, situated at Ekala aforesaid, containing in extent 3 acres 3 roods and 4 perches held and possessed for and in lieu of the undivided ½ share of all that high and low land called Elhengodella situated at Ekala aforesaid, containing in extent 9 acres more or less.

For further particulars please apply to Tudor Ranasinghe, Esq., Proctor, Supreme Court, and Notary, Negombo, or—

M. P. KURERA & Co.,  
Negombo, August 26, 1924. Auctioneers.

#### Auction Sale.

Properties at Ragama in the District of Colombo.

UNDER decree in case No. 13,378, D. C., Negombo, entered in favour of the plaintiff P. R. S. P. K. N. Natchiappa Chetty of Negombo against the defendant Joseph de Abrew Abeyasinghe Hamu of Ragama, and by virtue of the order to sell issued to us for the recovery of the amount therein stated, we shall sell the under-mentioned properties mortgaged as a primary mortgage by bond No. 1,168 dated November 22, 1920, and attested by S. K. Wijayaratnam, Notary, by public auction at the respective spots on Friday, September 26, 1924, to wit:—

At 10 A.M.

1. All that land called Linchigahawatta and Belikotuwa, situate at Ragama in Ragam pattu of the Alutkuru korale, in the District of Colombo, Western Province; containing in extent about 20 acres.

At 10.30 A.M.

2. The remaining undivided ½ share of the field called Delmedakumbura *alias* Randunnekumbura, situate at Ragama aforesaid; containing in extent about 15 parras of paddy sowing ground, excluding therefrom an undivided portion in extent about 6 parras of paddy sowing ground.

Further particulars from S. K. Wijayaratnam, Esq., Proctor, Supreme Court, and Notary, Negombo, or—

M. P. KURERA & Co.,  
Negombo, August 20, 1924. Auctioneers.



**Auction Sale.***Property at Medamulla in the District of Negombo.*

UNDER decree in case No. 16,475, D. C., Negombo, entered in favour of the plaintiff Adikariappuhamillage Jacolis Appuhamy of Wankepumulla against the defendants (1) Balasurikankanamalage Davith Singho Appuhamy of Boragodawatta and (2) Adikariappuhamillage Livinis Appuhamy of Wankepumulla, and by virtue of the order to sell issued to us for the recovery of the amount therein stated, we shall sell the under-mentioned property mortgaged as primary mortgage by bond No. 4,396 dated August 23, 1922, and attested by D. A. S. Samaraweera, Notary, by public auction at the spot at 4 p.m., on Monday, September 29, 1924, to wit:—

An undivided  $\frac{1}{2}$  share of the two contiguous portions of land depicted in plan No. 51,157, situate at Medamulla in Dasiya pattu of the Alutkuru korale, in the District of Negombo, Western Province; containing in extent about 3 acres, with the buildings standing thereon.

Further particulars from E. H. de Zoysa, Esq., Proctor, Supreme Court, and Notary, Negombo, or—

M. P. KURERA &amp; Co.,

Negombo, August 26, 1924.

Auctioneers.

**Auction Sale.***Alienable Properties at Maradankadawala in the District of Puttalam.*

UNDER decree in case No. 6,977, D. C., Chilaw, entered in favour of the plaintiff Samuel William Walton Claasz of Bambalapitiya, against the defendants (1) Johnstone Amarasekera of Madampe and (2) G. A. Schrader of Chilaw, executor of the last will of the late E. B. Cooke, and by virtue of the order to sell issued to us for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 1,580, with interest on Rs. 1,500 at 12 per cent. per annum from March 11, 1922 to September 15, 1922, and thereafter at 9 per cent. per annum on the aggregate amount till payment in full and costs of suit Rs. 262.92 $\frac{1}{2}$ , we shall sell the under-mentioned properties mortgaged by bond No. 185 dated July 10, 1918, and attested by N. J. Martin, Notary, by public auction, at the respective spots on Saturday, September 27, 1924, to wit:—

Commencing at 2 p.m.

1. All that allotment of land bearing lot No. 2,784 and called Maradankadawalakele in Maradankadawala village of Rajakumara Wannu pattu in Puttalam pattu division of the District of Puttalam, in the North-Western Province; and bounded on the north by land in T. P. 318,047, east by reservation along the road, south and west by Crown land; containing in extent 10 acres and 37 perches as appearing in T. P. 323,034 dated January 6, 1917, as primary mortgage.

2. All that allotment of land bearing No. 2,788 and called Maradankadawalakele in Maradankadawala village aforesaid; and bounded on the west by lot 2,786 in P. P. 4,519 and on all other sides by Crown land; containing in extent 2 acres and 3 perches as appearing in T. P. 323,035 dated January 6, 1917, as primary mortgage.

3. All that allotment of land bearing lot No. 2,782 and called Maradankadawalakele in Maradankadawala village aforesaid; and bounded on the west and north by Crown land, east by reservation along the road, and south by lot 2,784 in P. P. 4,519; containing in extent 15 acres 2 roods and 15 perches as appearing in T. P. 318,047 dated January 26, 1916, as secondary mortgage.

Further particulars from N. J. Martin, Esq., Proctor, Supreme Court, and Notary, Chilaw, or—

M. P. KURERA &amp; Co.,

Negombo, August 26, 1924.

Auctioneers.

**Auction Sale.***Property at 4th Division, Bolawalana, within the Gravets of Negombo.*

UNDER decree in case No. 16,298, D. C., Negombo, entered in favour of the plaintiff P. R. S. P. K. N. Natchiappa Chetty, by his attorney Vena Suppiah Pulle of Negombo, against the defendants (1) Mihidukulasuriya Gonnage Clara Fernando and husband (2) Tuppahige Juan Fernando, (3) Tuppahige Michel Fernando, all of 4th Division; Bolawalana, (4) Tuppahige Migel Fernando of Katuwapitiya, (5) Mihidukulasuriya Liyanage Ana Maria Waas and husband, and (6) Liyanage Alvanu Fernando, both of Bolawalana, and by virtue of the order to sell issued to us for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 1,537.50, with

interest on Rs. 1,500 at 15 per cent. per annum from September 14, 1923, to June 5, 1924, and thereafter at 9 per cent. per annum on the aggregate amount till payment in full and costs, we shall sell the under-mentioned property mortgaged as primary mortgage by bond No. 92 dated July 14, 1922, and attested by C. Yogaratnam, Notary, by public auction at the spot at 10.30 a.m. on Monday, September 22, 1924, to wit:—

All that allotment of land called Thalgehawatta comprised of the two contiguous allotments described under headings (a) and (b) hereinunder written, situated at 4th Division, Bolawalana, within the Gravets and in the District of Negombo, Western Province; containing in extent 35 perches:—

(a) The land called Thalgehawattepanguwa, situate at 4th Division, Bolawalana aforesaid; containing in extent 14 perches, with the buildings standing thereon.

(b) All that allotment of land called Thalgehawatta, situate at 4th Division, Bolawalana aforesaid; containing in extent 5 perches and registered under A 63/104, but now formed to contain 21 perches, according to plan No. 677 dated June 11, 1921, made by W. R. S. Fernando, Licensed Surveyor.

Further particulars from S. K. Wijayarathnam, Esq., Proctor, Supreme Court, and Notary, Negombo, or—

M. P. KURERA &amp; Co.,

Negombo, August 26, 1924.

Auctioneers.

**Auction Sale under Mortgage Decree.**

UNDER and by virtue of the decree entered in case No. 20,088, D. C., Galle, in favour of Kana Nana Suna Pana Kana Nana Saminathan Chetty of Galle against the defendants therein (1) Omer Lebbe Markar Abdul Rasheed, (2) Ismail Lebbe Markar Subyha Umma, both of Dangedara in Galle, and (3) Patchi Abdul Samadu of Galapitiya in Galle, and the order to sell issued to me in the said case, I shall sell by public auction at the spots on September 20, 1924, commencing at 2.30 p.m., the following property declared bound and executable for the recovery of the amount due on the said decree, viz.:—

1. An undivided  $\frac{1}{4}$  part of all the soil and trees of the land Bakmeegahawatta alias Kandutotam (exclusive of the house standing thereon), situate at Galupiadda, within the Four Gravets of Galle; in extent about 3 roods and 4.27 perches.

2. An undivided  $\frac{3}{4}$  of  $\frac{1}{2}$  part of the defined  $\frac{1}{4}$  portion of Uralawatta, together with an undivided  $\frac{3}{4}$  of  $\frac{1}{4}$  share of the tiled house now bearing assessment No. 264, situate at Dangedara, within the Four Gravets of Galle; in extent about 1 acre.

3. An undivided  $\frac{5}{24}$  part or share of all the soil and trees of the land Don Naidawatta, situate at Galupiadda aforesaid; in extent about 1 acre and 2 roods.

CHAS. M. GOONASEKERA,

Galle, August 26, 1924.

Auctioneer.

**Auction Sale under Mortgage Decree.**

In the District Court of Galle.

K. G. G. Punchinona of Dodanduwa, administratrix of the estate of G. H. James Silva ..... Plaintiff.

No. 20,978. Vs. Elgiriyege Maththosingho of Dodanduwa ..... Defendant.

BY virtue of a commission issued to me in the above case, I shall sell on Saturday, September 20, 1924, at 3 p.m. at the spot the following properties bound and executable for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 912.12, with interest thereon at 9 per cent. per annum from October 4, 1923, till payment in full and costs of this action, to wit:—

1. An undivided  $\frac{2}{5}$  part of the boutique house and of the extent of land appertaining thereto standing on the land called Welabodawatta, situated (by the Colombo-Galle high road) at Degalla in Dodanduwa, in Wellaboda pattu of the Galle District, Southern Province; in extent about 10 perches.

2. An undivided  $\frac{3}{5}$  parts of the soil and of the boutique house standing thereon of the land called the boutique house and the extent of soil appertaining thereto standing thereon of the land called Welabodawatta, situated at Degalla aforesaid; in extent about 10 perches.

W. KODIKARA,

Ambalangoda.

Auctioneer and Commissioner.

**Auction Sale of Land at Vannarponnai East.**

In the District Court of Jaffna.

UNDER decree in case No. 18,620, District Court, Jaffna, entered in favour of the plaintiff A. L. A. Veerapathirapillai of Vannarponnai East, against the defendants Veeravagu Arumugam and another of Vannarponnai East, and by virtue of the order issued to me for the recovery of the amount therein stated, I shall sell the under-mentioned land by public auction on Monday, September 22, 1924, at 5.15 P.M. at the spot:—

Land situated at Vannarponnai East in the parish of Vannarponnai called Kampanvayal, containing in extent 12 lachams varagu culture, with well, cultivated and spontaneous plants, and stone-built house; and bounded on the east by the property of the mortgagors, north by road, west by water-course, and south by the property of Sivasampoo and Seilamuttu, widow of Thampapillai, and others.

Jaffna, August 22, 1924.

K. SIVAPRAGASAM,  
Commissioner.**Auction Sale.**

In the District Court of Ratnapura.

No. 783. In the matter of the Intestate Estate of Dona Alexandrina Theodora Tillekeratne Dissanaiké Walauwemahannaya, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned lands inventoried in the above-mentioned case will be sold by public auction on September 30, 1924, at 2 P.M. at the office of Mr. Walter Edward Peries, Proctor of Ratnapura.

By order of court,  
B. L. ABEYRATNE,  
Commissioner.

Ratnapura, August 16, 1924.

**Lands referred to.**

1. An undivided  $\frac{1}{4}$  of Lendediawatta of 6 acres in extent, situate at Moragahayata in the Kuruwiti korale; bounded on the north by Peries Mudalaligewatta, on the east by Wettiaragedeniya, on the south by high road to Panadure, and on the west by Galkadumookalana.

2. An undivided  $\frac{1}{4}$  of Horanekumbura of about 1 acre 2 roods and 25 perches, situate at Kahangama in the Kuruwiti korale; bounded on the north by Navimnehena, east by Annakkagaladeniya, south by Pansalehena, and on the west by Mahakumbura.

3. An undivided  $\frac{1}{4}$  of Mulleyayekumbura, situate at Batugedara, in the Nawadun korale of 1 amunam paddy sowing; bounded on the north by high road and Ganitayalageassedduma, east by watta and Kanuketiya, south by Ganitayalayewita and Welaliyadda, on the west by Welaliyadda and Sutagewatta.

4. An undivided  $\frac{7}{24}$  of Galabodaowita of about 2 pelus paddy sowing, situate at Muwagama in the Nawadun korale; bounded on the north by Pitawella, east by Jambughairawallaowita, south by Pattiyageowita, and on the west by Pattiyagekumbura.

5. An undivided  $\frac{1}{2}$  of Udamahakumbura, situate at Weraluppe in the Kuruwiti korale of 3 pelus of paddy sowing; bounded on the north by Ossillagodakumbura and wella, on the east by Handapangodella and wella, on the south by Godakumbura and Mikumbura, and on the west by Godawelawella and Makumbura.

6. Whole of Sinkhasanawatta, situate at Batugedera in the Nawadun korale of about 1 acre in extent; bounded on the north by Kalu-ganga, on the east by Bandarawatta, on the south by Bastian Kostagewatta, and on the west by Marapara (old high road).

**APPLICATION FOR FOREIGN LIQUOR LICENSES, &c.**

I hereby give notice that I have on July 8, 1924, applied to the Government Agent, Western Province, for the license shown in the schedule hereto annexed, for the licensing period ending September 30, 1925, in compliance with Excise Notification No. 76 of June 15, 1918:—

**Schedule referred to.**

Name and address of applicant: C. M. Nilgiria.

Description of license or licenses applied for: Tavern.

State whether application is for renewal of existing license or licenses or for new license or licenses: For renewal of existing license.

Situation of premises to be licensed: 10, York street, Fort.

C. M. NILGIRIA.

**Auction Sale under the Partition Ordinance.**

By virtue of the commission issued to me in case No. 6,355 of the District Court of Kegalla, I shall sell by public auction on Saturday, September 20, 1924, at P.M., at the spot, the lots marked A and B out of Galahitiyawe Pahalakebela, containing in extent 3 roods and 33 perches; and bounded on the north-west by Pahala Galahitiyawa, on the north and north-east by Agalakotuwe-watta and ela, on the south and south-east by the remaining portion of the land marked C, and on the south-west by Uyanawatta defined and depicted as lots A and B in plan No. 827, situated at Thalaspitiya in Tunpalata pattu of Paranakuru korale, Kegalla District.

The said premises will be put up for sale first among the co-owners at the appraised value thereof, and, if not purchased by any of them, the same will immediately thereafter be put up for sale among the public and sold to the highest bidder.

For further particulars please apply to E. A. P. Wijeyaratne, Esq., Proctor, Supreme Court, Kegalla.

K. M. PERERA,  
Auctioneer.

Kegalla, August 22, 1924.

**Application for Enrolment as a Proctor.**

WALTER GEORGE UDUGAMA of Udugama Walawwa, Matara and presently of the Y. M. C. A. Hostel, Karlsruhe Gardens, Colombo, do hereby give notice that, six weeks hence, I shall apply to the Hon. the Chief Justice and the other Judges of the Hon. the Supreme Court of the Island of Ceylon to be admitted and enrolled a Proctor of the said Court.

Colombo, August 25, 1924.

W. G. UDUGAMA.

**Application for Enrolment as a Proctor.**

HUGH EDWARD VINCENT DE SILVA of No. 41, Church road, Mattakkuliya in Colombo, do hereby give notice that, six weeks hence, I shall apply to the Hon. the Chief Justice and the other Justices of the Hon. the Supreme Court of the Island of Ceylon to be admitted and enrolled a Proctor of the said Court.

41, Church road, Mattakkuliya,

H. E. V. DE SILVA.

Colombo, August 26, 1924.

**Application for Enrolment as a Proctor.**

VMALA SRI PARAKRAMA of Northcliffe, Dehiwala, shall, six weeks hence, apply to the Hon. the Chief Justice and the other Justices of the Supreme Court of the Island of Ceylon to be admitted and enrolled a Proctor of the said Court.

Northcliffe,

V. S. PARAKRAMA.

Dehiwala, August 27, 1924.

**Application for Enrolment as a Proctor.**

I DO hereby give notice that, six weeks hence, I, Samuel (Derrick) West Nagel of Tupton, Dickman's road, Favelock Town, will apply to the Hon. the Chief Justice and the other Justices of the Supreme Court of the Island of Ceylon to be admitted and enrolled a Proctor of the said court.

August 28, 1924.

S. D. W. NAGEL.

**Dissolution of Partnership.**

THE business carried on at 71, Esplanade street, Kurunegala, under the name and style of Pana Suna Sena between (1) Pana Suna Sena Seiyadu, Muhammadu Tamby, (2) Pana Suna Sena Bebbe Sahibu Tamby, and (3) Pana Suna Sena Muhammadu Abdul Cassim, has been dissolved by deed No. 36 of July 2, 1924, and attested by Ramalingam Sabapathy, Proctor, and Notary Public of Kurunegala, and the said partnership is no longer in existence.

1. ப. ச. செ. செய்யது முகம்மதுதம்மி.
2. ப. ச. செ. பெப்பை சாஹிபுதம்மி.
3. ப. ச. செ. முகம்மது அப்துல் காசிம்.

## MISCELLANEOUS DEPARTMENTAL NOTICES.

## Statement showing the Importation of Rice into the different Ports of Ceylon during the Week ended August 23, 1924.

Ceylon Port.	Port of Origin.	Number of Bags.
Colombo	.. Calcutta	.. 98,839
Do.	.. Coconada	.. 12,054
Do.	.. Karachi	.. 33,176
Do.	.. Penang	.. 13,250
Do.	.. Rangoon	.. 47,679
Do.	.. Tuticorin	.. 3
Do.	.. Dhanushkodi	.. 10,438
Kayts	.. Topputhurai	.. 1,120
Do.	.. Adirampatam	.. 755
Beruwala	.. Dhanushkodi	.. 200
Galle	.. Calcutta	.. 10,214
Do.	.. Coconada	.. 6,244
Batticaloa	.. Negapatam	.. 900

(1,486 bags of rice were shipped during the week.)

H. M. Customs,  
Colombo, August 26, 1924.

R. O. DE SARAM,  
for Principal Collector.

## Regulation with regard to the Exemption from Duty of Articles of Foreign Production Re-imported.

THE following regulations have been framed by the Principal Collector of Customs, under the provisions of Schedule B of Ordinance No. 17 of 1922, with regard to the exemption from duty of articles of foreign production re-imported.

Articles of foreign production re-imported, upon which import duty has previously been paid, are admitted duty free upon re-importation provided:—

- (1) That the article is one which can be readily and unmistakably identified;
- (2) That the Collector of Customs is satisfied as to the identity of the article by proof that it was registered at the Customs Office prior to exportation or by such other proof as he may deem adequate for the purpose;
- (3) That, if so required, proof of the previous payment of duty is furnished to the satisfaction of the Collector of Customs;
- (4) That no drawback of duty was paid on the export of the article;
- (5) That there has been no change of ownership between the time of export and subsequent re-import;
- (6) That the article is private personal property re-imported for personal use or, if it is merchandise for sale has been sent out of the Island "on approval" and registered as so exported before exports;
- (7) That not more than two years have elapsed since the article was exported unless such period is specially extended by the Principal Collector;
- (8) That the article is re-imported unchanged in form and condition except to the extent of such reasonable repair as does not involve the substitution or addition of any appreciable quantity of new material or in any way affect the identity of the article or the possibility of identifying it.

*Note.*—An article of private personal property for personal use, and not merchandise for sale, which on its first importation into Ceylon has been passed free of duty as passenger's baggage would be exempted from duty on subsequent re-importation after export, provided that the Collector of Customs is satisfied that the same article was exported without payment of drawback not more than 2 years previous to the date of re-importation.

(2) Where articles of "Merchandise for sale" are sent out of Ceylon for repairs or alteration, drawback should be claimed on the goods at the time of export. Such articles when re-imported will be assessed for duty on their full value.

(3) The contents of Postal Parcels originally posted in Ceylon and returned to the Ceylon Post Office as unclaimed, refused, or re-directed from any place outside Ceylon without having at any time left the custody of the Post Office will be admitted free of import duty.

The regulations dated May 14, 1923, published in the *Government Gazette* of May 18, 1923, and in the Customs Pamphlet No. 10 of July, 1923, are hereby cancelled.

H. M. Customs,  
Colombo, August 21, 1924.

W. T. SOUTHORN,  
Principal Collector.

## "The Mines and Machinery Protection Ordinance, 1896."

IT is hereby notified for general information that a special license, under the provisions of rule 8, made by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council, under section 4 of Ordinance No. 2 of 1896, and published in the *Government Gazette* of January 7, 1921, has been granted to Mr. F. E. Coupland of Messrs. Hoare & Co., Ltd., Colombo, for the purpose of issuing boiler certificates (Form D), for any boilers used in any factory, and certificates of competency (Form A) to any person or persons having control of any boiler or boilers used in any factory.

A. H. F. CLARKE,  
Public Works Office, for Director of Public Works.  
Colombo, August 18, 1924.

## Closure of Area for Application Surveys in Central Province.

NOTICE is hereby given that surveys in connection with applications for the purchase or lease of Crown land will in future be undertaken in the Central Province in rotation according to areas.

2. The Province is divided into:—

- Area No. 1, which includes Matale District.
- Area No. 2, which includes Kandy District.
- Area No. 3, which includes Nuwara Eliya District.

3. Area No. 2 will be closed on October 1, 1924, and no application received within this area after that date, will be forwarded to the Surveyor-General for survey until this area is again reopened. This, however, will not preclude applicants from submitting to me for registration, applications for land within this area with a view of ascertaining whether there are any objections to the sale or lease.

4. The next area to be closed for survey will be area No. 3 followed in due course by area No. 1. Applications for the purchase or lease of Crown land in these two areas should be forwarded to me as early as possible.

5. The date of closure of No. 3 area will be shortly published and will represent the date of completion of all work in area No. 2.

August 22, 1924.

W. L. KINDERSLEY,  
Government Agent.

## Tenders for the Lease of Crown Lands at Galagama for Cardamom Cultivation.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Government Agent, Province of Sabaragamuwa, will receive sealed tenders for the lease for a period of 10 years for cardamom cultivation only of the under-mentioned Crown lands, situated at Galagama, in Talapitagam pattu of Kadawata korale in the District of Ratnapura, Province of Sabaragamuwa.

2. The tenderers should quote the rate per acre per annum.

3. The tenders, which must be in sealed envelopes, superscribed "Tender for the Lease of Crown Lands for Cardamom Cultivation at Galagama" will be received at the Ratnapura Kachcheri until 2 p.m. on Tuesday, September 30, 1924, when they will be opened, and all persons making tenders will be required to be present.

4. The person whose tender is accepted by the Government Agent, Province of Sabaragamuwa, for submission to Government for approval, will be required to deposit the full amount of one year's rent at once in cash, and should the tender be accepted, to enter into a lease bond, within 14 days from the date of receipt of a notice from the Government Agent, Province of Sabaragamuwa, for the fulfilment of the conditions on which the tender is accepted, and furnish the necessary stamps for such lease bond.

5. The successful tenderer on becoming the lessee shall pay the annual rent yearly in advance to the Government Agent, Province of Sabaragamuwa, and obtain receipts.

6. The Government Agent, Province of Sabaragamuwa, reserves to himself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all the tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

7. Further information can be obtained on application to the Government Agent, Province of Sabaragamuwa.

*The Lands referred to.*—Five allotments of land called and known as Mahayaya, Kondagalatenna, Kanawerella, and Welikapollemukalana, *i.e.*, lots 2744, 2745, 2746, 2747, and 2,748 in preliminary plan No. 978/41; containing in extent 193 acres 3 roods and 12 perches.

They are already planted with cardamoms.

The Kachcheri, Ratnapura, August 25, 1924. G. F. R. BROWNING,  
Government Agent.

#### Appointment of Assessors.

BY virtue of the powers vested in me under section 5 of Ordinance No. 7 of 1866 as amended by Ordinance No. 19 of 1921, I, Alfred Wallace Seymour, Government Agent, North-Central Province, do hereby appoint the under-mentioned persons to be assessors for the town of Anuradhapura for the year 1925:—

Mr. N. W. Thambiah, Town Muhandiram, Anuradhapura.  
Mr. M. Ampalavanapillai, landed proprietor, Anuradhapura.

Mr. M. M. Mohamadu Samsudeen, landed proprietor, Anuradhapura.

The Kachcheri, Anuradhapura, August 23, 1924. A. W. SEYMOUR,  
Government Agent.

#### N/Gonapitiya Vernacular Mixed School.

NOTICE is hereby given that Gonapitiya Vernacular Mixed School, situated in Gonapitiya estate, Kandapola, Nuwara Eliya District of the Central Province, under the management of the Superintendent of Gonapitiya estate, has been registered as a grant-in-aid school from this date.

Education Office, Colombo, August 20, 1924. L. MACRAE,  
Director of Education.

#### MT/Alwatte Vernacular Mixed School.

NOTICE is hereby given that Alwatte Vernacular Mixed Schools, situated in Udasiya pattu, Matale South, District of the Central Province, under the management of Mr. F. M. Seneviratne, has been registered as a grant-in-aid school from this date.

Education Office, Colombo, August 20, 1924. L. MACRAE,  
Director of Education.

#### A/Maha Mahandra Vernacular Mixed School.

NOTICE is hereby given that Maha Mahandra Vernacular Mixed School, situated in Nuwaragam palata, Anuradhapura District of the North-Central Province, under the management of Mr. P. Ranasinghe, has been registered as a grant-in-aid school from this date.

Education Office, Colombo, August 20, 1924. L. MACRAE,  
Director of Education.

#### T/Muthur Vernacular Mixed School.

NOTICE is hereby given that Muthur Vernacular Mixed School, situated in Kottiyar pattu, Trincomalee District of the Eastern Province, under the management of Mr. M. M. Vappoomarikkar, has been registered as a grant-in-aid school from this date.

Education Office, Colombo, August 20, 1924. L. MACRAE,  
Director of Education.

#### G/Dodanduwa Sangamitra Anglo-Vernacular Girls' School.

NOTICE is hereby given that Dodanduwa Sangamitra Anglo-Vernacular Girls' School, situated in Wellaboda pattu, Galle District of the Southern Province, under the management of Mr. K. S. de Silva, has been registered as a grant-in-aid school from this date.

Education Office, Colombo, August 21, 1924. L. MACRAE,  
Director of Education.

#### J/Urumpiray Vernacular Mixed School.

NOTICE is hereby given that Urumpiray Vernacular Mixed School, situated in Valikamam East, Jaffna District of the Northern Province, under the management of Rev. C. Beaud, O.M.I., has been registered as a grant-in-aid school from this date.

Education Office, Colombo, August 21, 1924. L. MACRAE,  
Director of Education.

#### Aratenne Estate Vernacular Mixed School.

NOTICE is hereby given that Aratenne Estate Vernacular Mixed School situated in Pata Dumbara, Kandy District of the Central Province, under the management of Superintendent, Aratenne estate, has been registered as a grant-in-aid school from this date.

Education Office, Colombo, August 20, 1924. L. MACRAE,  
Director of Education.

#### Mornington and Ardelic Estate Vernacular Mixed School.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mornington and Ardelic Vernacular Mixed School, situated in Agrapatnas, Dimbula Group, Central Province, under the management of Superintendent of the above estate, has been registered as a grant-in-aid school from this date.

Education Office, Colombo, August 20, 1924. L. MACRAE,  
Director of Education.

#### C/Talangama Vernacular Mixed School.

NOTICE is hereby given that Talangama Vernacular Mixed School, situated in Palle pattu, Hewagama korale, Colombo District of the Western Province, under the management of the General Manager, Roman Catholic Schools, Colombo, has been registered as a grant-in-aid school from this date.

Education Office, Colombo, August 20, 1924. L. MACRAE,  
Director of Education.

#### Ng/Madampella Vernacular Mixed School.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Madampella Vernacular Mixed School, situated in Negombo District of the Western Province, under the management of Rev. Father J. B. Meary, has been registered as two separate schools from this date, *viz.*, Madampella Boys' School and Madampella Girls' School.

Education Office, Colombo, August 25, 1924. L. MACRAE,  
Director of Education.

**Change of Management.**

NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. C. A. Botejue, Advocate has been appointed Manager of the Cotta C. M. S. Schools that were under the management of Rev. G. D. A. Wijesekera.

Education Office, L. MACRAE,  
Colombo, August 22, 1924. Director of Education.

**Sale of Timber.**

AN auction sale of the under-mentioned timber lying at Kankasanturai Timber Depot will be held on the spot by the Divisional Forest Officer, N. D., Jaffna, on Wednesday, September 17, 1924, at 10 A.M., subject to the following conditions:—

1. The timber will be put up in lots to suit buyers at an amount per cubic foot, and no advance of less than 10 cents per cubic foot will be recognized.

2. The highest bid will be accepted, subject to the approval or disapproval of the Conservator of Forests. The highest bidder will be required by the Officer conducting the sale to sign the sale book kept for the purpose directly a lot has been knocked down to him.

3. Payment of 50 per cent. of the successful bid to be made a time of sale.

4. Measurements as recorded by the Divisional Forest Officer must be accepted, but previous to date of auction any prospective bidder is at liberty to check the measurements and to represent any differences promptly.

5. No timber shall be removed before payment of the full price bid, and all timber sold must be paid for and removed from the Depot within ten days of date of notification of acceptance by the Conservator of Forests of such bid, and will be at the risk of the purchaser until removed. Timber not removed within ten days will be charged for at the rate of Re. 1 per log per diem. Logs not removed from the Depot within one month will revert to the Crown.

6. Should any person to whom a lot is knocked down refuse to take it over at the full price bid, or refuse or fail to sign the sale book, and pay 50 per cent. of his bid when so required, and refuse or fail to remove the timber within the time specified in clause 5 above, the lot will again be put up for auction and the original purchaser or bidder will be held liable for any loss to Government owing to a lower price being realized at the re-sale, while if an enhanced price is realized at such re-sale, he shall, however, have no claim to the profit which shall accrue to Government.

7. Agents bidding for others will be required to produce written authority from the firm or person for whom they bid, such authority will be retained by the Divisional Forest Officer, and will hold good only at the particular sale at which it is produced.

8. Further particulars can be obtained from the Forest Office, Jaffna.

9. Satinwood logs will be not allowed to be removed to the Western Division.

**List of Logs.**

Lot 1.. 100 satin logs	Lot 3.. 20 margosa logs
Lot 2.. 22 satin posts	

J. D. SARGENT,  
Conservator of Forests.

Office of the Conservator of Forests,  
Kandy, August 25, 1924.

**Surveying and Levelling Examination.**

THE examination for the Surveyor-General's license in surveying and levelling (Ordinance No. 26 of 1909) will be held in two parts, written and practical. The written examination will begin on October 20, and the practical examination on November 24, 1924.

2. The examination will be held in Colombo only.

3. To enter for the above examination application must be made on the form prescribed by the regulations. These forms can be obtained from the Surveyor-General.

4. Candidates must pay the following fees to the Surveyor-General before the date of closing of entries, viz., October 6, 1924.

	Rs.
For an examination in surveying only ..	30
For an examination in levelling only ..	20
For an examination in surveying and levelling	50

5. The subjects of the written examination shall be as follows:—

(i) *English*—one paper.—[An exercise in composition and questions set to test the candidate's knowledge and command of English.]

(ii) *Arithmetic and Algebra*—one paper.—[*Arithmetic*.—The principles and processes of Arithmetic applied to whole numbers and vulgar and decimal fractions. The metric system. Approximations to a specified degree of accuracy. Contracted methods of multiplication and division of decimals. Ratio and proportion; percentage. Averages. Practical applications of arithmetic.

*Algebra*.—Symbolical expression of general results in arithmetic algebraic laws and their applications. Factors of simple binomial or quadratic expressions. Equations of the first or second degree, and problems leading thereto. Square root. Graphs of simple rational integral algebraic functions. Arithmetical and harmonical progression. Geometrical progression. Theory of indices. Logarithms and the use of logarithmic tables. Binomial theorem for a positive integral index.]

(iii) *Geometry and Trigonometry*—one paper.

[*Geometry*.—The subjects of Euclid I.—IV., with simple deductions including easy loci and the areas of triangles and parallelograms, of which the bases and altitudes are given commensurable lengths. (All proofs of geometrical theorems must be geometrical. Euclid's proofs will not be insisted upon.) Similar figures. Mensuration of the circle. Mensuration of the simpler solid bodies, namely, the cube, the rectangular block, the tetrahedron, the sphere, the cylinder, the wedge, the pyramid, and the cone.

*Trigonometry*.—Up to an including the solution of triangles, together with the practical solutions of triangles and applications, and numerical examples involving the use of logarithmic and other tables.]

(iv) *Surveying*—one paper.—[Chain surveying. The transit and cradle theodolites, their use and their adjustments. Theodolite and compass traverses. Curve ranging. Subtense methods and tachometry. Plane table surveying. Plane triangulation. The determination of azimuth.]

(v) *Levelling*—one paper.—[The dumpy, Y and Cooke's reversible levels, their use and their adjustments. The practice and theory of levelling. Computation of earthwork. Road and railway surveys and setting out. Surveys for water supply works. Contours and the calculation of contents therefrom.]

The percentages of marks required for a pass will be: in papers (i.), (ii.), and (iii.), 40 per cent. in each paper and 50 per cent. in aggregate; in papers (iv.) and (v.) 60 per cent.

6. Candidates in surveying only will be required to pass in papers (i.) (iv.) inclusive; and candidates in levelling only in paper (v.) only.

7. Candidates who fail in the written examination will not be required to present themselves for the practical examination.

8. Candidates who pass the written examination will be duly notified of the time and place of the practical examination, which will be set on the syllabuses in surveying and levelling of the written examination.

9. Candidates shall work in the field between hours fixed by the Examiner. Candidates shall produce instruments in good order, and defects in instruments will not be accepted as an excuse for bad work. Candidates found to be in communication with a surveyor during examination hours will be disqualified.

10. All candidates must provide their own instruments, poles, pickets, coolies, drawing boards and materials, stationery, &c., and no assistance in providing any requirements will be given in any way.

11. No application will be accepted after October 6, 1924.

12. Notice appearing in *Government Gazette* No. 7,410 of August 15, 1924, is hereby cancelled.

Surveyor-General's Office,  
Colombo, August 25, 1924.

A. J. WICKWAB,  
Surveyor-General.



**Licensed Surveyor and Leveller.**

IT is hereby notified under Ordinance No. 26 of 1909 that the under-mentioned has been registered and licensed to practise as Surveyor and Leveller for the current year :—

Date of License.	Registration No.	License No.	Name.	Address.
August 22, 1924	420	A998	Carriem, S. A. R.	The City Sanitation Works, 16, Wekande road, Slave Island

Surveyor-General's Office,  
Colombo, August 25, 1924.

C. R. LUNDIE,  
for Surveyor-General.

**Cessation of a Building registered for Solemnization of Marriages.**

IN pursuance of the provisions of section 14 of the Ordinance No. 19 of 1907, intituled "An Ordinance to consolidate and amend the laws relating to the Registration of Marriages, other than the Marriages of Kandyans or of Muhammadans," I, Humphrey William Codrington, Registrar-General of Ceylon, do hereby notify that the under-mentioned building, has ceased to be used for public Christian worship, of the Congregation on whose behalf it was registered.

No.	Date of Registration.	Description.	Situation.	Minister, or Proprietor, or Trustee.	Religious Denomination on whose behalf the Building is registered.
326	January 22, 1918	Howland Memorial School	Chankanai, Valikamam West, Jaffna District	Rev. A. A. Ward, Trustee	Congregational

Registrar-General's Office,  
Colombo, August 25, 1924.

H. W. CODRINGTON,  
Registrar-General.

**Registration of a Building for Solemnization of Marriages.**

IN pursuance of the provisions of section 12 of the Ordinance No. 19 of 1907, intituled "An Ordinance to consolidate and amend the laws relating to the Registration of Marriages, other than the Marriages of Kandyans or of Muhammadans," I, Humphrey William Codrington, Registrar-General of Ceylon, do hereby notify that the under-mentioned building, used as a place of public Christian worship, has been duly registered for the solemnization of marriages therein :—

No.	Date of Registration.	Description.	Situation.	Minister, or Proprietor, or Trustee.	Religious Denomination on whose behalf the Building is registered.
399	August 22, 1924	Our Lady of Dolours	Mantivu (Lepers' Asylum) Manmunai Pattu North, Batticaloa District	Rev. Fr. F. Bonnel, S.J., Minister	Roman Catholic

Registrar-General's Office,  
Colombo, August 25, 1924.

H. W. CODRINGTON,  
Registrar-General.

**Registration of a Building for Solemnization of Marriages.**

IN pursuance of the provisions of section 12 of the Ordinance No. 19 of 1907, intituled "An Ordinance to consolidate and amend the Laws relating to the Registration of Marriages, other than the Marriages of Kandyans or of Muhammadans," I, Humphrey William Codrington, Registrar-General of Ceylon, do hereby notify that the under-mentioned building, used as a place of public Christian worship, has been duly registered for the solemnization of marriages therein :—

No.	Date of Registration.	Description.	Situation.	Minister, or Proprietor, or Trustee.	Religious Denomination on whose behalf the building is registered.
400	August 22, 1924	Christ Church	Chankanai, Valikamam West, Jaffna District	Rev. W. E. Hitchcock, Proprietor	South Indian United Church (Congregational)

Registrar-General's Office,  
Colombo, August 25, 1924.

H. W. CODRINGTON,  
Registrar General.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 67, situated at 2nd Maligakanda lane, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 5, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 45, situated at Campbell place, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 6, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 2, situated at Lockgate lane, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 9, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 108, situated at Ferry street, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 9, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS by proclamation dated August 1, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,409 of August 8, 1924, the premises bearing assessment No. 1, situated at Temple lane, Panchikawatta, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 13, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 2, situated at Vauxhall street, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 14, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 323, situated at Colombo-Galle road, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 16, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 568, situated at Timbiri-gasyaya road, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 12, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 6, situated at Church road, Mattakkuliya, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 13, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 65, situated at Wasala road, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 8, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 80/81, situated at Pahala Pansala road, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 14, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 44, situated at Prince of Wales avenue, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 9, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 42, situated at Panchikawatta road, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 18, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 87, situated at Barber street, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 19, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 122, situated at St. Joseph's street, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 17, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 5, situated at Flower road, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 17, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 134, situated at Dean's road, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 7, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. , situated at New Moor street, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 5, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 6, situated at Peer Saibo's lane, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 5, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 45, situated at Temple road, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 4, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 221, situated at Colpetty road, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 5, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 3, situated at Stewart street, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 10, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 60, situated at Colpetty lane, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 8, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 12, situated at St. Michael's road, Polwatta, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 7, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 183, situated at Colpetty road, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in

terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 7, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 33, situated at Skinner's road south, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 10, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 94, situated at Jampettah street, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 8, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 41, situated at Mahawatta road, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 11, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 25, situated at Lockgate lane, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 18, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 51, situated at Old Urugodawatta road, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 5, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 44, situated at St. Joseph's street, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 16, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 47A, situated at San Sebastian street, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 10, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises known as the Hunupitiya Lake road green, Hunupitiya Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 4, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 21, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 48, situated at Modera street, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 18, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 21, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 588, situated at 3rd Division Maradana, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 18, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 22, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 161, situated at Grandpass road, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 12, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 22, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS by proclamation dated July 28, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,408 of August 1, 1924, the premises known as the grass-fields adjoining Prince of Wales avenue, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 4, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 23, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS by proclamation dated August 8, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,410 of August 16, 1924, the premises bearing assessment No. 249, situated at Nagalagam street, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 14, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 23, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS by proclamation dated August 5, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,409 of August 8, 1924, the premises bearing assessment No. 16, situated at St. Joseph's street, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 14, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 23, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS by proclamation dated August 5, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,409 of August 8, 1924, the premises bearing assessment No. 18, situated at St. Joseph's street, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 14, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 23, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS by proclamation dated August 5, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,409 of August 8, 1924, the premises bearing assessment No. 6, situated at Skinners road north, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 14, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 23, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS by proclamation dated July 3, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,404 of July 11, 1924, the premises bearing assessment No. 14, situated at New Urugodawatta road, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from July 16, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 23, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS by proclamation dated July 28, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,408 of August 1, 1924, the premises bearing assessment No. 53, situated at Mahawatta road, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 5, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 23, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS by proclamation dated July 10, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,403 of July 18, 1924, the premises bearing assessment No. 47, situated at Barber street, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from July 30, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 23, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS by proclamation dated July 22, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,408 of August 1, 1924, the premises bearing assessment No. 98, situated at Madampitiya road, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 6, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 23, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS by proclamation dated August 4, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,409 of August 8, 1924, the premises bearing assessment No. 249, situated at Nagalam street, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 14, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 23, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Rinderpest.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the areas declared infected at Mulleriyawa Udumulla and Mulleriyawa Himbutana in Hewagam korale of the Western Province, under section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, and proclaimed in the *Gazettes* of June 13, 1924, and July 11, 1924, are now free from rinderpest, and are no longer infected areas.

The Kacheheri, T. A. PEIRIS,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. for Government Agent.

**Rinderpest.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the areas declared infected at Mullehewa and Tawalampitiya, in Hapitigam korale of the Western Province, under section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, and proclaimed in the *Gazette* of August 1, 1924, are now free from rinderpest, and are no longer infected areas.

The Kacheheri, T. A. PEIRIS,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. for Government Agent.

**Rinderpest.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the areas declared infected at Weragoda, Kittanpahuwa, Kelanimulla, Rajagiriya, Kalubovila East, Kuda Buthgomuwa, Kotikawatta, Kelanimulla, Mitotamulla, Wellampitiya, Megoda Kolonnawa, Weragoda, Brandiyawatta, Weragoda, Mahabutgomuwa, Belagama, Maha Butgomuwa, Boralessomuwa, Kuda Buthgomuwa, and Kotigawatta in Colombo Mudaliyar's Division of the Western Province, under section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, and proclaimed in the *Gazettes* of July 25, 1924, August 1, 1924, and August 8, 1924, are now free from rinderpest, and are no longer infected areas.

The Kacheheri, T. A. PEIRIS,  
Colombo, August 22, 1924. for Government Agent.

**Rinderpest.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the area declared infected at Hiripitiya in Siyane korale west of the Western Province, under section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, and proclaimed in the *Government Gazette* of August 8, 1924, is now free from rinderpest, and is no longer an infected area.

The Kacheheri, T. A. PEIRIS,  
Colombo, August 22, 1924. for Government Agent.

**Rinderpest.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the areas declared infected at Telengapatha and Peliyagoda Gangaboda in Alutkuru korale south of the Western Province, under section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, and proclaimed in the *Gazettes* of August 1, 1924, and August 15, 1924, are free from rinderpest, and are no longer infected areas.

The Kacheheri, T. A. PEIRIS,  
Colombo, August 22, 1924. for Government Agent.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out at Kehelbaddera, in Alutkuru korale north in Colombo District of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by land belonging to John Perera, south by cart road, east by land belonging to Baron Gurunanse, and west by tract of fields.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

August 18, 1924. C. H. A. SAMARAKKODY,  
Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale North.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out at Batalahena estate, Petigoda in Alutkuru korale north in Colombo District of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by tract of fields and wire fence, south by ela and wire fence separating Mr. Paul Silva's land, east by tract of fields and ela, and west by cart road.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

August 18, 1924. C. H. A. SAMARAKKODY,  
Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale North.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out at Katukenda estate, Petigoda in Alutkuru korale north in Colombo District of the Western Province; It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by wewa (tract of fields), south by village boundary of Delwagura, east by cart road and Danwelkotuwa estate, and west by wire fence separating Mr. Ratna Sabhapathi's estate.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

August 18, 1924. C. H. A. SAMARAKKODY,  
Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale North.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out at Horagasmulla in Alutkuru korale north in Colombo District of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by tract of fields, south by high road and village boundary of Hapuwalane, east by high road, and west by tract of fields.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

August 18, 1924. C. H. A. SAMARAKKODY,  
Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale North.



**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out at Kehelbaddera in Alutkuru korale north in Colombo District of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by Village Committee road, south by land belonging to Francinahamy, east by land belonging to Mr. A. E. Rajapakse, and west by cart road.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

C. H. A. SAMARAKKODY,  
August 19, 1924. Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale North.

**Rinderpest.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the area declared infected at Hiripitiya in Siyane korale west of the Western Province, under section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, and proclaimed in *Gazette* of August 1, 1924, is free from rinderpest, and is no longer an infected area.

The Kachcheri, T. A. PEIRIS,  
Colombo, August 23, 1924. for Government Agent.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out at Biyagama in Siyane korale west of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by Rakgahawatta-ela, south by Kelani river, east by dewata road to burial ground, west by Rakgaheawatta-ela.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

D. C. R. WIJESINGHE,  
August 20, 1924. Mudaliyar, Siyane Korale West.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out at Ranala in Hewagam korale, Colombo District of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area, excluding Colombo-Avissawella high road, is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by Kelani-ganga, south by tract of field known as Karukwatta, east by village boundary ela, and west by footpath leading to Kelani-ganga.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

A. E. ABHAYARATNE,  
August 14, 1924. Mudaliyar, Hewagam Korale.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out at Delgahawatta at Ranala in Hewagam korale, in Colombo District of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by Kelani-ganga, south by Hettiya Deniyakumbura and Elhena, east by footpath leading from Pansalwatta to Kelani-ganga, west by village boundary ela.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

A. E. ABHAYARATNE,  
August 18, 1924. Mudaliyar, Hewagam Korale.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out at Bomiriya Ihala in Hewagam korale, in Colombo District of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by Kelani-ganga, south by Colombo-Avissawella high road, east by dewata road to Komaraduwalla and therefrom to Kelani-ganga, west by village boundary Bomiriya Pahala.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

A. E. ABHAYARATNE,  
August 19, 1924. Mudaliyar, Hewagam Korale.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS buffaloes recovered after an attack of rinderpest and contacts have been removed from the original area proclaimed, to the land called Kahata-gahalanda at Hanwella Ihala in Hewagam korale, Colombo District of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by the land called Wariawatta, south by Hanwella estate, east by land called Lansiyakarakegwaleidama, west by Hanwella estate.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

A. E. ABHAYARATNE,  
August 20, 1924. Mudaliyar, Hewagam Korale West.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out at Gotatuwa in Colombo Mudaliyar's division, in the District of Colombo of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by Telembugahawatta, south by Gotatuwa Village Committee road, east by Pansala-ima, west by Gotatuwa Village Committee road.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

D. E. WIJESEKERA,  
August 21, 1924. Mudaliyar of Colombo.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out at Pohaddaramulla in the Panadure totamune, Kalutara District, Western Province: It is hereby declared that the area bounded on the north by cart road leading to Anganpitiyela from Colombo-Galle high road, east by Anganpitiyela, south by cart road leading to Anganpitiyela from Colombo-Galle high road, and of the west by Colombo-Galle high road, is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909.

This declaration is to take effect from August 15, 1924.

The Kachcheri, C. SITTAMPALAM,  
Kalutara, August 18, 1924. for Assistant Government Agent.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out at Mahawaskaduwa in the Kalutara totamune, Kalutara District, Western Province: It is hereby declared that the area bounded on the north by Waskaduwa-Dediyawala Village Committee road, east by Dediyawala village boundary, south by footpath leading to Mr. Richard de Silva's house, and on the west by Colombo-Galle high road, is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909.

This declaration is to take effect from August 18, 1924.

The Kachcheri, T. W. GOONEWARDENE,  
Kalutara, August 19, 1924. for Assistant Government Agent.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out on Imbulgawatta, Naimanage Welegederawatta, Ritulgawatta, and Dewalawatta, within Sanitary Board limits of Dondra, Welleboda pattu, Matara District, Southern Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area, as set out in the schedule hereto, is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by Ordinance No. 19 of 1923.

The proclamation dated August 15, 1924, is hereby cancelled. This declaration takes effect from this date.

H. E. WICKREMARATNA,  
Mudaliyar, Wellaboda Pattu, Matara.

August 22, 1924.

**SCHEDULE.***Limits of the infected Area.*

East: The village of Wauwa and the boundary of the Kapugama east.

South: The sea.

West: The sea and Dondra kalapuwa.

North: The area within the Dondra North, Peace Officer's division.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out on Imbulgawatta, Naimanage Welegederawatta, Ritulgawatta, and Dewalawatta, within Sanitary Board limits of Dondra, Welleboda pattu Matara District, Southern Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area, as set out in the schedule hereto, is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by Ordinance No. 19 of 1923.

The proclamation dated August 15, 1924, is hereby cancelled. This declaration takes effect from this date.

H. E. WICKREMARATNA,  
Mudaliyar, Wellaboda Pattu, Matara.

August 22, 1924.

**SCHEDULE.***Limits of the Infected Area.*

East: The village of Wauwa and the boundary of the Kapugama east.

South: The sea.

West: The sea and Dondra kalapuwa.

North: The area within the Dondra North, Peace Officer's division.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in Maharagama in Malgomu palata in Medapattu korale east, in Katugampola hatpattu of the District of Kurunegala, North-Western Province: I do hereby declare, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, that the said palata, the boundaries of which are specified below, is an infected area.

*Boundaries.*—North, Dodanpotta and Narangoda palatas; east, Dambadeni hatpattu; south, Dambadeni hatpattu and Mahaoya; west, Bopitiya and Dodanpotta and palatas.

L. NUGAWELA,  
Ratamahatmaya, Katugampola hatpattu.

August 21, 1924.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the under-mentioned area described below in Pitigal korale south in the Chilaw District of the North-Western Province: I do hereby declare in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, that the said area is an infected one.

*Area referred to.*

Kirimetiyana West: boundaries:—

North: Palankanuwe-para.

East: Old Toppu road.

South: Delgahagodella-para  
West: Santiwatte-para.

2. This declaration shall take effect from the date hereof.

Puttalam Kachcheri, E. R. SUDBURY,  
August 25, 1924. for Assistant Government Agent.

**Rinderpest.**

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out in the gala at Kahawatta in the Pannil pattu of Atakalan korale, Ratnapura District, of the Province of Sabaragamuwa: It is hereby declared that the aforesaid gala is infected in terms of section 5 (1) and (2) of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909.

This declaration will take effect from August 20, 1924.

Ratnapura Kachcheri, G. F. R. BROWNING,  
August 20, 1924. Government Agent.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in the premises known as the Jail Premises, Welikada, Colombo: such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 11, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS by proclamation dated July 29, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,408 of August 1, 1924, the premises bearing assessment No. 14, situated at 2nd Division, Maradana, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas foot-and-mouth disease no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from foot-and-mouth disease, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from August 12, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, August 23, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the areas declared infected at Loluwegoda, Kandalama, Walbotale, Pirisyala, Tawalanpitiya, Lindara, Pohonoruwa, Pohonoruwa, Handurumulla, Danowita, Bataliya, Makinnagoda, Hapitigama, Kaleliya, Pallewela, Hiriwalamulla, Kaleliya, Wellewalamulla, Pelapitigama, Banduragoda, Kosadeniya, Imbulanwala, Indiparape, Hiriwala, Parana Halpe, Ullapola, Balagalla, Kandangomuwa, Kandalama, Hapugahagedera, Bajjangoda, Weweldeniya, Ihalagama, Madabavita, Bataliya, Hapitigama, Kukulnape, Muddaragama, Banduragoda, Siyambalagoda, Muddaragama, Parana Halpe, Halpe, Hangawatte, Balagalla, and Ambana in Hapitigam korale of the Western Province, under section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, and proclaimed in the *Gazettes* of July 4, 1924, July 11, 1924, and August 1, 1924, are now free from foot-and-mouth disease, and are no longer infected areas.

The Kachcheri, T. A. PEIRIS,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. for Government Agent.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the areas declared infected at Bomiriya Pahala, Bomiriya Ihala, Avissawella, Weliwita, and Panagoda in Hewagam korale of the Western Province, under section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923 and proclaimed in the *Gazettes* of June 20, 1924, July 11, 1924, July 18, 1924, July 25, 1924, and August 1, 1924, are now free from foot-and-mouth disease, and are no longer infected areas.

The Kachcheri, T. A. PEIRIS,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924. for Government Agent.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the areas declared infected at Kehelella in Alutkuru korale north of the Western Province, under section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, and proclaimed in the *Gazettes* of July 4, 1924, July 11, 1924, and July 18, 1924, are now free from foot-and-mouth disease, and are no longer infected areas.

The Kachcheri,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924.

T. A. PEIRIS,  
for Government Agent.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the area declared infected at Delgahawatta at Mattumagala, in Alutkuru koral south of the Western Province, under section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, and proclaimed in the *Gazette* of July 25, 1924, is now free from foot-and-mouth disease, and is no longer an infected area.

The Kachcheri,  
Colombo, August 22, 1924.

T. A. PIERIS,  
for Government Agent.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out at Katana East in Alutkuru korale north of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by land belonging to Mr. S. M. Silva, south by Negombo-Giriulla, Public Works Department road, east by Halpe-Ambalayaye Village Committee road, and west by part of Katana Village Committee road and land belonging to R. C. Caldera.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

C. H. A. SAMARAKKODY,  
August 13, 1924. Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale North

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out at Mabodale and Vithanamulla in Alutkuru korale north in Colombo District of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by village boundary of Wewagedera, south by village boundary of Medagampitiya and Essella, east by cart road from Naiwala-Diulapitiya, and west by village boundary of Watinapaha and Madithagama.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

C. H. A. SAMARAKKODY,  
August 16, 1924. Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale North.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out at Katukenda estate, Petigoda, in Alutkuru korale north in Colombo District of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by wire fence, south by land belonging to Wijesinghe Vedarala, east by wire fence, and west by burial ground.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

C. H. A. SAMARAKKODY,  
August 16, 1924. Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale North.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out at Hendimaharain Alutkuru korale north, in Colombo District of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by tract of fields, south by land belonging to Cornelis Appu, east by land belonging to Cornelis Gunasekera, and west by tract of fields.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

C. H. A. SAMARAKKODY,  
August 16, 1924. Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale North.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out at Medamulla in Alutkuru korale north, in Colombo District of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by high road, south by land belonging to Haramanis Appuhamy, east by land belonging to Carolis Gurnanse, and west by road leading to resthouse.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

C. H. A. SAMARAKKODY,  
August 18, 1924. Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale North.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out at Kalawane in Alutkuru korale north, in Colombo District of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north and south by tract of fields, east by Aswane-oya, west by tract of fields.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

C. H. A. SAMARAKKODY,  
August 20, 1924. Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale North.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out at Kalawane in Alutkuru korale north, in Colombo District of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by land belonging to Dias Appuhamy, south by tract of fields, east by land belonging to Brampi Perera, and west by tract of fields.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

C. H. A. SAMARAKKODY,  
August 20, 1924. Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale North.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out on Dawatagahawatta at Nagoda, in Alutkuru korale south of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by land belonging to H. D. E. Samaranyaka, south by land belonging to John Perera, east by Colombo-Negombo road, and west by land belonging to Agostinu Fernando.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

TIMOTHY F. ABAYAKOON,  
August 12, 1924. Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale South.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

**W**HEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out on Gorakagahawatta at Kandana, in Alutkuru korale south of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by land belonging to A. D. Rosanahami, south by land belonging to D. E. Samaranyaka Hamine, east by land belonging to Martin Samaranyaka, and west by land belonging to D. E. Samaranyaka Hamine.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

TIMOTHY F. ABAYAKOON,  
Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale South.

August 12, 1924.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

**W**HEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out on Kongahawatta at Kandana, in Alutkuru korale south of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by land belonging to N. D. Abilinu Appu, south by land belonging to the heirs of K. D. Gabriel Appu, east by land belonging to M. D. Martin Appu, and west by land belonging to H. A. P. Pias.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

TIMOTHY F. ABAYAKOON,  
Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale South.

August 12, 1924.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

**W**HEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out on Gorakagahawatta at Mutuwadiya, in Alutkuru korale south of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by land belonging to Amaris Silva, south by land belonging to G. Luvis and others, east by land belonging to Leisa Silva and others, and west by land belonging to Saviel Silva.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

TIMOTHY F. ABAYAKOON,  
Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale South.

August 12, 1924.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

**W**HEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out on Delgahawatta at Weligampitiya, in Alutkuru korale south of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by land belonging to Migel Perera Ranasingha, south by land belonging to B. Isabel Perera, east by high road, and west by land belonging to Migel Perera Ranasingha.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

TIMOTHY F. ABAYAKOON,  
Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale South.

August 12, 1924.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

**W**HEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out on Delgahawatta at Kerawalapitiya, in Alutkuru korale south of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5,

sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by land belonging to Hendrick Appu, south by land belonging to J. A. Ratnayaka, east by Village Committee road, and west by Muturajawela.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

TIMOTHY F. ABAYAKOON,  
Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale South.

August 12, 1924.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

**W**HEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out on Madangahawatta at Kerawalapitiya, in Alutkuru korale south of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by land belonging to Robert de Alwis, south by land belonging to Thomas Alwis, east by land belonging to Hendrick Appu, and west by Village Committee road.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

TIMOTHY F. ABAYAKOON,  
Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale South.

August 12, 1924.

**Hoof-and-Mouth Disease.**

**W**HEREAS hoof-and-mouth disease has broken out on Kosgahawatta at Rilaula, in Alutkuru korale south of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by dewata road, south by land belonging to D. A. Jayasuriya, east by land belonging to Gabriel Perera, and west by dewata road.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

TIMOTHY F. ABAYAKOON,  
Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale South.

August 12, 1924.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

**W**HEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out on Millagahawatta at Batagama South, in Alutkuru korale south of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by Kandana-Ganemulla road, south by Batagama-Ragama road, east by land belonging to Martinu Appuhami and others, west by land belonging to Abilinu Tissera and others.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

TIMOTHY F. ABAYAKOON,  
Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale South.

August 12, 1924.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

**W**HEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out on Makullagahawatta *alias* Kadurugahawatta at Kandana, in Alutkuru korale south of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by dewata road, south by land belonging to H. D. Johanahami, east by land belonging to Baron Perera and others, west by land belonging to P. Anthoni Perera and others.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

TIMOTHY F. ABAYAKOON,  
Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale South.

August 12, 1924.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out on Kongahawatta at Kandana, in Alutkuru korale south of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by land belonging to D. A. Jayasuriya, south by land belonging to E. Gunasakara Hamine, east by high road, west by land belonging to E. Gunasekara Hamine.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

TIMOTHY F. ABAYAKOON,  
Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale South.

August 12, 1924.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out on Delgahawatta at Mattumagala, in Alutkuru korale south of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by land belonging to D. T. Atukorala, south by land belonging to Agilis Fernando, east by land belonging to P. Don Brampi, west by the fields.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

TIMOTHY F. ABAYAKOON,  
Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale South.

August 12, 1924.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out on Kottangahawatta at Udammita, in Alutkuru korale south of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by land belonging to W. Gayanoris Silva, south by land belonging to Belin Soysa, east by cart road, and west by land belonging to W. Gayanoris Silva.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

TIMOTHY F. ABAYAKOON,  
Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale South.

August 12, 1924.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out at Talagahawatta at Batagama South, in Alutkuru korale south of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by the fields, south by land belonging to Henchi Appu, east by land belonging to Don Juan Appu, west by land belonging to Agidahami.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

TIMOTHY F. ABAYAKOON,  
Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale South.

August 12, 1924.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out on Millagahawatta at Walpola, in Alutkuru korale south of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by land belonging to R. Piralis Fernando, south by Ragama-Kandana Village Committee road, east by land belonging to W. Jamis Fernando, west by land belonging to S. Girolis Fernando.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

TIMOTHY F. ABAYAKOON,  
Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale South.

August 12, 1924.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out on Ketakelagahawatta at Mattumagala, in Alutkuru korale south of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by land belonging to late D. J. Karunaratna, south by the fields, east by the fields, west by land belonging to D. T. Atukorala.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

TIMOTHY F. ABAYAKOON,  
Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale South.

August 12, 1924.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out on Ambagahaowita at Batagama South, in Alutkuru korale south of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by Aturumaduwa fields, south by Potuwila fields, east by land belonging to Waleris Appu, west by land belonging to Waleris Appu.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

TIMOTHY F. ABAYAKOON,  
Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale South.

August 12, 1924.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out on Kongahawatta at Horape, in Alutkuru korale south of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by cart road, south by land belonging to D. Samel Appu, east by land belonging to R. Kechehi Nona, west by land belonging to U. Julis Appu and others.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

TIMOTHY F. ABAYAKOON,  
Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale South.

August 12, 1924.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out on Wetakeiyagahawatta at Tarakuliya, in Alutkuru korale south of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by the fields, south by Telagahadalupota, east by Kajugahawatta, west by the fields.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

TIMOTHY F. ABAYAKOON,  
Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale South.

August 12, 1924.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out at Ganitigama in Siyane korale east of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by Ihalaketdewilekumbura, south by Kamatagawakumbura, east by stone-ridge, west by Ketdewilekumbura.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

J. P. OBEYSEKERE,  
Mudaliyar, Siyane Korale East.

August 13, 1924.



**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out at Kadirakanda Estate at Habarakada in Hewagam korale, Colombo District of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by Talangama-Padukka high road, south by dewata road and Kurunduwatta, east by tract of field called Horagahadeniya, west by land called Wewewatta, Wewekumbura, and dewata road.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

August 19, 1924. A. E. ABHAYARATNE,  
Mudaliyar of Hewagam korale.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out at Weragoda Division No. 30, Yatigaha pattu south in Hapitigam korale of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by tract of paddy fields, south by land belonging to Mr. E. W. Jayawardena, east by tract of paddy fields, west by tract of paddy fields.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

August 19, 1924. L. A. DASSANAIKE,  
Mudaliyar.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out at Navinna in Colombo Mudaliyar's division, in the District of Colombo of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by railway line, south by Gorakagahawatta, east by dewata road, west by Pansale owita and Thalгахakumbura.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

August 16, 1924. D. E. WIJESEKERE,  
Mudaliyar of Colombo.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out at Etul Kotte in Colombo Mudaliyar's Division in the District of Colombo of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by dewata road, south by dewata road to Anganpitiya, east by high road, west by rampart.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

August 20, 1924. D. E. WIJESEKERE,  
Mudaliyar of Colombo.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out at Galkissa in Colombo Mudaliyar's division, in the District of Colombo, of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by Sekkuwatta, south by cart road, east by Anglican church, west by water-course.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

August 21, 1924. D. E. WIJESEKERE,  
Mudaliyar of Colombo.

**Hoof-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS hoof-and-mouth disease has broken out at Nillamba, in Kandukara pahala korale in Uda palata division in Kandy District, Central Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by Panivilatenna village, south by Pupuressa village, east by Galekanda, and west by land called Maligamale.

August 15, 1924. H. D. KEPPETIPOLA,  
Ratamahatmaya.

**Hoof-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS hoof-and-mouth disease has broken out at Angammana, in Kandukara Ihala korale in Uda palata division in Kandy District, Central Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by Kobbewala village, south by Moragalle estate and Mahaweli-ganga, east by Kahawatta and Amunupura villages, and west by Boraluwe-mankada village.

August 15, 1924. H. D. KEPPETIPOLA,  
Ratamahatmaya.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in the town of Matale: it is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909.

The infected area is bounded as follows :—

North: Godapola road.  
South: Old road to Bandarapola (now a drain running by the edge of Gongawala cemetery).  
East: Godapola stream.  
West: Gongawela road.

The declaration is to take effect from August 21, 1924.

August 21, 1924. W. A. UDUGAMA,  
Ratamahatmaya, Matale South.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS by the under-mentioned proclamations the areas referred to therein were declared infected areas; and whereas foot-and-mouth disease no longer exists in the said areas, they are hereby declared free from foot-and-mouth disease, and to be no longer infected areas.

(i.)—*Weudawili Hatpattu.*

Area proclaimed.	Date of Proclamation: 1924.	No. and Date of Gazette 1924.
Pellandeniya palata	.. July 5	.. 7,404 of July 11

(ii.)—*Dambadeni Hatpattu.*

Nugawela palata	.. July 15	.. 7,407 of July 25
Koholana palata	.. July 18	.. do.
Galbodagama palata	.. July 19	.. 7,408 of August 1
Alawwa palata	.. July 4	.. 7,404 of July 11
Udakekulawala palata	.. July 6	.. do.
Dambadeniya palata	.. July 2	.. do.

(iii.)—*Dewamede Hatpattu.*

Wariyapala palata .. July 28 .. 7,409 of August 8.

August 26, 1924. W. ABEYAWARDANE,  
for Government Agent.

**Hoof-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS hoof-and-mouth disease has broken out in Pannare village in Kandepola palata in Pitigal korale of Katugampola hatpattu, in the District of Kurunegala, North-Western Province: I do hereby declare, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, that the said village, the boundaries of which are specified below, is an infected area:—

*Boundaries referred to:* North; Gallehemulla village; east, Uturuwala village; south, Kandepola and Weliamuna villages; west, Gansabhawa road.

L. NUGAWELA,  
August 17, 1924. Ratemahatmaya, Katugampola Hatpattu.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in Hettipola village in Hettipola palata in Giratalane korale of Dewamede hatpattu, in the District of Kurunegala, North-Western Province: I do hereby declare, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, that the said palata, the boundaries of which are specified below, is an infected area:—

*Boundaries referred to:* North, Kolamunu-oya; east, Bamunumulla palata; south, Kurundukumbura palata; west: Giratalane palata.

A. MARAMBE,  
August 19, 1924. Ratemahatmaya, Dewamede Hatpattu.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in Dolahamune village in Giratalana palata in Giratalana korale, in Dewamede hatpattu of the District of Kurunegala, North-Western Province: I do hereby declare, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, that the said palata, the boundaries of which are specified below, is an infected area:—

*Boundaries referred to:* North, Kolamunu-oya; south and east, Hettipola village; west, Giratalane-Arachchigama and Giratalane villages.

A. MARAMBE,  
August 19, 1924. Ratemahatmaya, Dewamede Hatpattu.

**Hoof-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS hoof-and-mouth disease has broken out in Konpola palata in Tiragandayaye korale east of Weudawili hatpattu, in the District of Kurunegala, North-Western Province: I do hereby declare, in terms of

sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, that the said palata, the boundaries of which are specified below, is an infected area:—

*Boundaries referred to:* North, Dembepola, Wettaragoda and Doratiyawa; east, Doratiyawa and Indulgoda; south, Werawella, Nelawa, and Bogomuwa; west, Nailiya and Talkote.

T. B. MADAWALA,  
August 20, 1924. Ratemahatmaya, Weudawili Hatpattu.

**Hoof-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS hoof-and-mouth disease has broken out in Pilessa palata, in Gandahaye korale of Weudawili hatpattu of the District of Kurunegala, North-Western Province: I do hereby declare, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, that the said palata, the boundaries of which are specified below, is an infected area:—

*Boundaries referred to:* North: Doratiyawa palata and Central Province; east, Potubowa palata; south, Bulatwatta palata; west, Handurukkanda and Indulgoda-palata.

T. B. MADAWALA,  
Ratemahatmaya, Weudawili Hatpattu.  
August 20, 1924.

**Hoof-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS hoof-and-mouth disease has broken out in Diyadora, Poramadala, and Bulupitiya palatas, in Mayurawati, Udukaha east, and Rekopattu korales, respectively, in Dambadeni hatpattu of the District of Kurunegala, North-Western Province: I do hereby declare, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, that the said palatas, the boundaries of which are specified below, are infected areas:—

*Boundaries referred to.*

(1) *Diyadora Palata.*—North, Yatikaha korale; east, Wadugedara; south, Medapattu korale, west: Katugampola korale.

(2) *Poramadala Palata.*—North, Udumulu palata; east and south, Yatigaloluwa palata; west, Ihala Wettewa palata.

(3) *Bulupitiya Palata.*—North and west, Dewamede Udukaha korale; east, Uhumiya and Ambahera; south, Tammita, Algama, and Udugama.

T. W. MARALANDE,  
Ratemahatmaya, Dambadeni Hatpattu.  
August 21, 1924.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in Radaliyagoda village in Kandegedara palata in Angomu korale of Dewamede hatpattu, in the District of Kurunegala, North-Western Province: I do hereby declare, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, that the said palata, the boundaries of which are specified below, is an infected area:—

*Boundaries referred to.*

North, Tissawa korale; east, Pattarakanda and Meddeketiya korale; south, Meddeketiya korale; west, Kano palata.

A. MARAMBE,  
Ratemahatmaya, Dewamede Hatpattu.  
August 21, 1924.

**Hoof-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS hoof-and-mouth disease has broken out in Madawa palata in Gandahaye korale, in Weudawili hatpattu of the District of Kurunegala, North-Western Province: I do hereby declare, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, that the said palata, the boundaries of which are specified below, is an infected area:—

*Boundaries referred to.*

North, Tingole and Kahandawelipotat palatas; east, Tingole and Potubowa palatas; south, Pilessa palata; west, Kahandawelipotat palata.

T. B. MADAWALA,  
Ratamahatmaya, Weudawiti Hatpattu.

August 21, 1924.

**Hoof-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS hoof-and-mouth disease has broken out in Udadigane palata and Wewagedara palata in Kudagalboda korale, Weudawili hatpattu of the District of Kurunegala, North-Western Province: I do hereby declare, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, that the said palatas, the boundaries of which are specified below, are an infected area:—

*Boundaries referred to.*

North, Pellandeniya and Kidapola palatas; east, Yakkessakanda (Crown land); south, Tiragandahaye korale; west, Maguru-oya.

T. B. MADAWALA,  
Ratamahatmaya, Weudawili Hatpattu.

August 22, 1924.

**Hoof-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS hoof-and-mouth disease has broken out in Weligepola palata in Weuda korale of Weudawili hatpattu, in the District of Kurunegala, North-Western Province: I do hereby declare, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, that the said palata, the boundaries of which are specified below, is an infected area:—

*Boundaries referred to.*

North, Hewawisse korale; east, Paragahadeniya village; south, boundary of Central Province; west, Kospotu-oya.

T. B. MADAWALA,  
Ratamahatmaya, Weudawili Hatpattu.

August 22, 1924.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in Embalawa village in Diulgaspitipalata in Walgampattu korale of Dewamedi hatpattu, in the District of Kurunegala, North-Western Province: I do hereby declare, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, that the said palata, the boundaries of which are specified below, is an infected area:—

*Boundaries referred to.*

North, Mala-ela to Rekopattu korale; east, Maguru-oya; south, Village Committee road and Iriyagoda village; west, Wedanda and Homatagama villages and Udukaha korale.

A. MARAMBE,  
Ratamahatmaya, Dewamedi Hatpattu.

August 22, 1924.

**Hoof-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS hoof-and-mouth disease has broken out in Pahala Kalalpitiya palata in Dambadeni Udukaha korale south, in Dambadeni hatpattu of the District of Kurunegala, North-Western Province: I do hereby declare, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, that the said palata, the boundaries of which are specified below, is an infected area:—

*Boundaries referred to.*

North, Dambadeni Udukaha korale east; east, Ihala Kalalpitiya and Nugawela; south, Patayala and Humbuluwa; west, Giriulla road and Welihinda.

T. W. MARALANDE,  
Ratamahatmaya, Dambadeni Hatpattu.

August 25, 1924.

**Hoof-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS hoof-and-mouth disease has broken out in the under-mentioned area described below in Pitigal korale south, in the Chilaw District of the North-Western Province: I do hereby declare, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, that the said area is an infected one:—

*AREA REFERRED TO.*

The villages of Kolinjadiya, Wennappuwa, and Dummaldeniya east.

*Boundaries.*

North: Village limit of Pahala Katuneriya.

East: Gin-oya river.

South: Village limit of Nainamadama east.

West: Colombo-Chilaw road.

This declaration shall take effect from the date hereof.

E. R. SUDBURY,  
The Kachcheri, for Assistant Government Agent.  
Puttalam, August 23, 1924.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS by proclamations dated June 27, and July 15 and 30, 1924, published in *Government Gazette* Nos. 7,406, July 18, 7,407, July 25, 7,409, and August 8, 1924, Narangoda, Panane, Dippitiya, and Pallegama in Beligal korale, Kegalla District were proclaimed infected areas in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas foot-and-mouth disease no longer exists in the said areas, they are now declared free from foot-and-mouth disease, and to be no longer infected areas.

This declaration is to take effect from August 19, 1924.

N. W. MORGAPPAN JR.,  
August 20, 1924. for Assistant Government Agent.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in the village Wahakula in Dehigampal korale, Egodapota pattu in Kegalla District: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned areas is infected in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909:—

The infected area is bounded on the north by village boundary of Weddewala, east by village boundary of Dannoruwa, Humbaswalana, and Mahalla, south by village boundary of Mahalla and Indurana estate, west by village boundary of Indurana and Indurana estate.

This declaration is to take effect from to-day.

August 16, 1924. J. H. MEEDENIYA,  
Ratemahatmaya, Three Korales  
and Lower Bulatgama.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in the village Indurana in Dehigampal korale, Egodapota pattu in Kegalla District: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909:—

The infected area is bounded on the north by village boundary of Waharaka, east by village boundary of Wahakula and Indurana estate, south by village boundary of Amitirigala and Indurana estate, west by village boundary of Amitirigala and Batuwita.

This declaration is to take effect from to-day.

August 16, J. H. MEEDENIYA,  
Ratemahatmaya, Three Korales  
and Lower Bulatgama.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in the village Pitiyagama in Deyaladahamuna pattu of Kinigoda korale, Kegalla District: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by Ordinance No. 19 of 1923:—

The infected area is bounded on north, village boundary of Kebellakumbura; east, village boundary of Waduwardeniya and Maha-ela; south, village boundary of Arambegama and Maha-ela; and west, village boundary of Owitiwara.

This declaration is to take effect from August 10, 1924.

August 19, 1924. C. L. RATWATTE,  
Ratemahatmaya, Galboda  
and Kinigoda Korales.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in the village Medagoda in Dehigampal korale, Egodapota pattu, Kegalla District: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909:—

The infected area is bounded on the north by village boundaries of Mapiyigama and Gonagala, east by Kelani river, south by Lebupiti-ela, west by village boundary of Palle Kanugala.

This declaration is to take effect from to-day.

August 22, 1924. J. H. MEEDENIYA,  
Ratemahatmaya of Three Korales  
and Lower Bulatgama.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in the village Palle Kanugala in Dehigampal korale, Egodapota pattu, Kegalla District: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909:—

The infected area is bounded on the north by village boundary of Uda Kanugala, east by village boundaries of Medapoda and Kudagama, south by Kelani river, west by Siyane korale boundary.

This declaration is to take effect from to-day.

August 22, 1924. J. H. MEEDENIYA,  
Ratemahatmaya of Three Korales  
and Lower Bulatgama.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in the village Kudagama in Dehigampal korale, Egodapota pattu, Kegalla District: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909:—

The infected area is bounded on the north by village boundary of Palle Kanugala and Lebupiti-ela, east and south by Kelani river, west by village boundary of Palle Kanugala.

This declaration is to take effect from to-day.

August 22, 1924. J. H. MEEDENIYA,  
Ratemahatmaya of Three Korales  
and Lower Bulatgama.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in Mabopitiya village in Mabopitiya wasama, in Kanduhaha pattuwa in Paranakuru korale of Kegalla District: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909:—

The infected area is bounded on the north by Rotuwa village boundary, east by Degalateriya village boundary, south by Kuda-oya, west by Mabopitiya rubber estate.

This declaration is to take effect from the date hereof.

August 23, 1924. M. B. MAPITIGAMA,  
Ratemahatmaya, Paranakuru Korale.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS by proclamations dated June 23, 30, July 10, 12, 24, 25, 30, and August 2, 5, and 10, 1924, published in *Government Gazettes* Nos. 7,403, July 4; 7,404, July 11; 7,406, July 18; 7,408, August 1; 7,409, August 8; 7,410, August 15; and 7,411, August 22, 1924; Ambanpitiya, Uraulla in Paranakuru korale; Kahagalla, Kiniwita, Weragala, Ragalkanda, and Kodapaluwa in Beligal korale; Dewaragampola in Galboda korale; Ganepalla in Lower Bulatgama; and Gomaduwa, Yatiyantota, Algoda, and Garagoda in Three Korales, Kegalla District, were proclaimed infected areas, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas foot-and-mouth disease no longer exists in the said areas, they are now declared free from foot-and-mouth disease, and to be no longer infected areas.

This declaration is to take effect from date hereof.

August 25, 1924. N. W. MORGAPPAH, JR.,  
for Assistant Government Agent.  
The Kachcheri,  
Kegalla, August 25, 1924.

## MUNICIPAL COUNCIL NOTICES.

## MUNICIPALITY OF COLOMBO.

Prices of Foodstuffs, &amp;c., in Colombo, on August 27, 1924.

	Per	Wholesale.		Retail.		Per	Wholesale.		Retail.	
		Rs. c.	Per	Rs. c.	Per		Rs. c.	Per	Rs. c.	
Paddy, Country	Bushel	2 36	Measure	—	—	—	—	..lb.	—	0 6
Paddy, Imported	do.	2 36	do.	—	—	—	—	do.	—	0 28
Rice, Country	do.	—	do.	—	—	—	—	Measure	—	0 40
Rice, Kara	do.	7 0	do.	0 22	—	—	—	..lb.	—	0 40
Rice, Kallunda	do.	7 25	do.	0 23	—	—	—	Measure	—	0 35
Rice, Sulai	do.	7 37½	do.	0 23½	—	—	—	..lb.	—	0 45
Rice, Muttusamba	do.	9 0	do.	0 29	—	—	—	do.	—	0 20
Raw Rice (Rangoon)	do.	6 25	do.	—	—	—	—	do.	—	0 70
Raw Rice (Singapore)	do.	5 75	do.	—	—	—	—	do.	—	0 40
Raw Rice (Batavia)	do.	5 50	do.	—	—	—	—	do.	—	0 12
Dhall (Tuvurai)	—	—	Seer	0 24	—	—	—	Bundle	30-36c.	—
Dhall (Mussouri)	—	—	do.	0 16	—	—	—	Seer	—	0 25
Green Peas	—	—	do.	0 24	—	—	—	Bottle	—	0 90
Ulundu	—	—	do.	0 15	—	—	—	Measure	—	0 60
Gram	—	—	do.	0 15	—	—	—	Tin	—	—
Wheat Flour	—	—	..lb.	0 12	—	—	—	—	—	—
American Flour	—	—	do.	0 12	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ghee, Cow	—	—	Bottle	5 0	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ghee, Buffalo	—	—	Seer	2 75	—	—	—	Bottle	—	0 19
Milk	—	—	Bottle	0 40	—	—	—	—	—	—
Potatoes (Indian)	—	—	..lb.	0 9	—	—	—	Packet of	—	—
Potatoes (Bangalore)	—	—	do.	—	—	—	—	12 boxes	—	0 18
Onions (Bombay)	—	—	do.	0 8	—	—	—	do.	—	0 14
Onions, Red	—	—	do.	0 8	—	—	—	do.	—	0 35
Bread	—	—	1-lb. loaf.	0 18	—	—	—	..lb.	—	0 80
Tea	—	—	..lb.	1 0	—	—	—	do.	—	0 60
Coffee	—	—	do.	0 65	—	—	—	do.	—	50-75c.
Limes	—	—	Dozen	0 8	—	—	—	Each	—	0 7
Coconut	—	—	Each	0 8	—	—	—	do.	—	—
Sugar, Soft	—	—	..lb.	0 25	—	—	—	..lb.	—	0 30
Sugar, Crepe	—	—	do.	0 18	—	—	—	do.	—	0 65
Sugar, Ceylon	—	—	do.	—	—	—	—	do.	—	—
Sugar, Candy	—	—	do.	0 26	—	—	—	do.	—	—
Sugar, Brown	—	—	do.	—	—	—	—	do.	—	—
Salt	—	—	Measure	0 12	—	—	—	do.	—	—
Salt	—	—	..lb.	—	—	—	—	..lb.	—	0 6
Dried Chillies	—	—	do.	—	—	—	—	do.	—	0 28
Corriander	—	—	do.	—	—	—	—	do.	—	0 20
Pepper	—	—	Measure	—	—	—	—	Measure	—	0 40
Garlic	—	—	..lb.	—	—	—	—	..lb.	—	0 40
Mustard	—	—	Measure	—	—	—	—	Measure	—	0 35
Turmeric	—	—	..lb.	—	—	—	—	..lb.	—	0 45
Fenugreek	—	—	do.	—	—	—	—	do.	—	0 20
Cummin	—	—	do.	—	—	—	—	do.	—	0 70
Aniseed	—	—	do.	—	—	—	—	do.	—	0 40
Tamarind	—	—	do.	—	—	—	—	do.	—	0 12
Jaggery	—	—	Bundle	30-36c.	—	—	—	Bundle	—	—
Gingelly	—	—	Seer	0 25	—	—	—	Seer	—	0 25
Gingelly Oil	—	—	Bottle	—	—	—	—	Bottle	—	0 90
Coconut Oil	—	—	Measure	—	—	—	—	Measure	—	0 60
Kerosine Oil, Daylight	—	—	Tin	—	—	—	—	Tin	—	—
Kerosine Oil, Elephant Brand	—	—	Bottle	—	—	—	—	Bottle	—	—
Kerosine Oil, Monkey Brand	—	—	Bottle	—	—	—	—	Bottle	—	0 19
Bulk Oil, Rising Sun	—	—	do.	—	—	—	—	do.	—	—
Matches, Three Stars	—	—	Packet of	—	—	—	—	Packet of	—	—
Matches (Japanese)	—	—	do.	—	—	—	—	do.	—	0 14
Matches (Ceylon)	—	—	do.	—	—	—	—	do.	—	0 14
Beef	—	—	..lb.	—	—	—	—	..lb.	—	0 35
Mutton	—	—	do.	—	—	—	—	do.	—	0 80
Pork	—	—	do.	—	—	—	—	do.	—	0 60
Chicken	—	—	Each	—	—	—	—	Each	—	50-75c.
Eggs	—	—	do.	—	—	—	—	do.	—	0 7
Dry Fish, Nettali (Hal-messan)	—	—	..lb.	—	—	—	—	..lb.	—	0 30
Dry Fish (Maldive)	—	—	do.	—	—	—	—	do.	—	0 65

The Municipal Office,  
Colombo, August 27, 1924.G. H. N. SAUNDERS,  
Municipal Treasurer.

NOTICE is hereby given that in the absence of movable property liable to seizure, (1) rents and profits from 1 to 10 years, (2) timber and produce, (3) materials of house, and (4) the under-mentioned properties themselves, seized in virtue of a warrant issued by the Chairman of the Municipal Council of Colombo, in terms of the 140th clause of the Ordinance No. 6 of 1910, for arrears of consolidated rates due on the premises, and for the period mentioned in the subjoined schedule, will be sold by public auction on the spot at the time therein mentioned, unless in the meantime the amount of the consolidated rates and costs be duly paid.

The Municipal Office,  
Colombo, August 26, 1924.G. H. N. SAUNDERS,  
Municipal Treasurer.

## SCHEDULE.

Date of Sale : Monday, September 22, 1924.

3rd Division, Maradana.

Premises No.	Quarter and Year.	Time of Sale. A.M.
2792/90A (1-2)	4th quarter, 1922, to 3rd quarter, 1923	9

## MUNICIPALITY OF KANDY.

Minutes of Proceedings of a Meeting of the Municipal Council of Kandy, held in the Town Hall, Kandy, on July 19, 1924, at 8.30 a.m., in accordance with Notice dated July 15, 1924.

Present.—Hon. Mr. W. L. Kindersley, Chairman; Mr. J. C. Ratwatte; Mr. L. H. S. Pieris; Mr. G. E. de Silva; Dr. G. P. Hay; Dr. R. F. La Brooy; and Mr. S. A. Wijetilleke

1. The Minutes of Proceedings of the Meeting held on June 21, 1924, having been previously submitted to the Chairman for his approval and a copy thereof furnished to each Member, were taken as read and confirmed by the Chairman.



## 2. The following documents were submitted :—

- (a) Statement of receipts and disbursements from close of 1923, to June 30, 1924, on account of the Municipal Fund.
- (b) Progress report of works brought up to the same date.
- (c) Health Officer's report for June, 1924.
- (d) Statements of cases instituted by the several Inspectors and of work done by the Municipal Magistrate during the month of June, 1924.
- (e) The reservoir readings for June, 1924.

Resolved that the statement (a) together with the Minutes of Proceedings of this Meeting, as required by section 83 of the Municipal Councils Ordinance, No. 6 of 1910, be forwarded to the Colonial Secretary for publication in the *Government Gazette*.

## 3. The following papers were laid on the table :—Reports by the several Inspectors on laundries, bakeries, dairies, standpipes, and house-service taps inspected during June, 1924.

3a. Mr. Pieris presented letter of July 19, 1924, from the Kandy Rate-payers Association complaining of the inconvenience caused to traders owing to the Shroff's department at the Kandy Railway Station being understaffed and asking the Council to make representations to the General Manager to have this defect remedied.

Resolved that the petition be forwarded to the General Manager, Ceylon Government Railway, for favourable consideration.

4. Correspondence :—(1) Letter No. 18 of July 10, 1924, from the Hon. the Colonial Secretary, authorizing the Municipal Council to make a payment of Rs. 100 to the Kandy Agri-Horticultural and Industrial Show.—Read.

(2) Letter No. 6,904 of June 27, 1924, from the Government Agent, Central Province, requesting the Council to nominate an Unofficial Member as a representative in the Excise Advisory Committee for the period October 1, 1924, to September 30, 1927.

Mr. Pieris moved that Mr. de Silva be nominated. Mr. Wijetilleke seconded.—Carried.

(3) Letter No. 112 of June 28, 1924, from the Executive Engineer, Board of Improvement Commissioners, Kandy, handing over to the Municipal Council for purposes of maintenance and repair the back-lanes constructed for the conservancy of the area bounded on the north by King street, south by Colombo street, east by Castle Hill street, and west by Brownrigg street.

Resolved that the letter be acknowledged with thanks, and the Superintendent of Works directed to take charge of the back-lanes.

(4) Letter No. 73 of June 21, 1924, from the Superintendent, Fire Brigade, Colombo, asking for a fee of Rs. 600 to visit Kandy and report on the subject of a Fire Brigade for Kandy.

Resolved that the matter lie over.

(5) Letter of June 8, 1924, from the Manager of Salvation Army Schools *re* the maintenance and upkeep of the Mahaiyawa Tamil School.

Resolved that further inquiry be made as to writer's meaning.

(6) Petition from Trustee, Katu Palli Mosque, praying that the Council's decision to refuse a water service to the Mosque be reconsidered.

Resolved that he be informed that the question of allowing a water service will be considered when the present supply is augmented.

(7) Application from Manager, Stanton's Midway Shows, for a space in the Esplanade to have a Show in Kandy during the Perahera Season.

Resolved that the application be refused.

(8) Letter of July 17, 1924, from the Government Agent, Central Province, *re* acquisition of land on Hantane estate.

Resolved that he be informed that the Council is prepared to uphold its valuation of Rs. 1,350 per acre if reference is made to Court.

(9) Application from the Secretary, Ceylon Cottage Industries, for a site in the Market grounds to hold a Fair during the Perahera Season.

Resolved that a site be allowed on the triangular portion of ground by the market near the Hydrant.

## 5. With the leave of Council Mr. de Silva asked—How does the Council intend to pay the amount promised to the Katugastota School ?

The Chairman explained that a reply is being awaited from the Attorney-General as to whether the contemplated grant could be made under section 45 (d) of the Municipal Councils Ordinance which provides for the maintenance of schools under "The Town Schools Ordinance, 1906."

## 6. Pursuant to notice Mr. de Silva moved—That a Special Committee be appointed to consider the advisability of constructing a new Town Hall as the present one does not meet the necessary requirements.

This fell through for want of a seconder.

## 7. Pursuant to notice Mr. de Silva moved—That a Committee of this Council be appointed to consider the feasibility of appointing a native doctor of repute to give free medical aid to the poor residents of the town. Mr. Pieris seconded.

Messrs. Wijetilleke and Ratwatte spoke in support of the motion. The motion was carried and a Committee consisting of Messrs. Pieris, de Silva, Ratwatte, Dr. Hay, and Chairman was appointed.

## 8. Estimate amounting to Rs. 175,300 for acquiring the catchment area of the Gonapilikanu stream and diverting the stream to the present reservoir.

Resolved that the estimate be passed.

## 9. The Colonial Auditor's report for 1923.

Resolved that the report be deferred for consideration at the next meeting.

10. To sanction the following excesses on Estimates:—Ferry boats, Rs. 6·87; maintenance of waterworks, Rs. 19·19; house service connections, Rs. 86·27; Deacon meters, Rs. 17·20.

Resolved that the estimates be sanctioned.

11. Applications for the post of (a) Sanitary Inspector, (b) Supervisor of Conservancy.

Resolved that L. B. Abeykoon be appointed Sanitary Inspector and L. Dias, Supervisor of Conservancy.

12. Report of the Financial Relations Commission.

After some discussion it was agreed to inquire from Chairman, Municipal Council, Colombo, as to the views of the Colombo Municipal Council on the recommendations made by the Commission and bring the matter up for consideration at the next meeting of Council.

13. Recommendations of Standing Committees:—

S. C. (C).

(1) That the Assistant to the Supervisor of Conservancy be given one-third of his own salary and the commuted allowance attached to the post of Supervisor of Conservancy while he is acting for the Supervisor of Conservancy.

S. C. (D).

(2) That the following applications for water service be allowed:—

(i.) 745-747, Peradeniya road—Abdul Cader.

(ii.) 211-213, Colombo street—K. T. Sivapragasam.

Resolved that the recommendations be adopted.

Confirmed this 16th day of August, 1924:

W. L. KINDERSLEY, Chairman.

#### A.—GENERAL REVENUE ACCOUNT.

##### Revenue Account for the Seven Months, January 1 to July 31, 1924.

EXPENDITURE.	Estimated for 1924.		Incurred from Jan. to July, 1924.		REVENUE.	Estimated for 1924.		Accrued from Jan. to July, 1924.	
	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.		Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.
1 Administrative, personal emoluments	62,719	0	35,896	97	1 Consolidated rate	188,000	0	96,924	94
1A Administrative, other charges	17,543	0	9,938	91	2 Taxes	27,755	0	28,868	50
2 Rice allowance to coolies	1,500	0	262	43	3 Tolls	27,066	0	2,949	35
3 Collectors	10,480	0	5,413	69	4 License fees and stamp duties—				
4 Infectious diseases, prevention	5,000	0	1,804	2	(a) License fees	4,500	0	3,179	50
5 Scavenging streets and removal of house and trade refuse	29,213	75	15,271	39	(b) Stamp duties	13,850	0	8,600	50
6 Conservancy of latrines	42,820	0	23,511	9	5 Slaughter-house fees	9,330	0	5,764	64
7 Minor sanitary services	1,895	0	1,063	90	6 Conservancy fees	28,150	0	18,247	33
8 Roads, buildings, parks, &c., maintenance	43,441	72	26,719	77	7 Rents	61,100	0	34,251	37
9 Public lighting	28,500	0	16,574	91	8 Judicial fines	3,500	0	4,190	66
10 Water services	11,600	0	8,558	22	9 Water service	10,275	0	11,827	51
11 Town improvements	6,750	0	3,973	90	10 Government grants	34,100	0	—	—
12 Markets	7,316	0	4,249	14	11 Education account	1,200	0	1,232	80
13 Slaughter-houses	3,214	0	1,444	19	12 Miscellaneous receipts	14,900	0	14,623	64
14 Cemetery	2,338	0	1,373	55				423,726	0
15 Municipal Court	2,222	0	953	50				230,660	74
16 Police	30,000	0	15,000	0					
17 Education	4,040	0	2,526	11					
18 Free library	2,400	0	2,400	0					
19 Poor relief and public recreation	4,400	0	3,518	20					
20 Pensions	4,398	83	3,110	65					
21 Loan repayments and interest	49,394	84	11,780	75					
22 Miscellaneous services	11,180	0	7,431	83					
	382,366	14	202,777	12					
23 Capital expenditure (provided from revenue)	33,266	93	17,743	25					
	415,633	7	220,520	37					
Balance being excess of revenue over expenditure	—	—	10,140	37					
			230,660	74					

## Balance Sheet, July 31, 1924.

LIABILITIES.	Amount.		Total.		Expended up to Dec., 1923.		Expended in 1924.		Total.
	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	
Loans outstanding:—									
Government of Ceylon	105,402	98							
Local loans, commissions on December 31, 1923	190,000								
Less repayment in January, 1924	5,000								
	185,000	0							
Loans redeemed account on December 31, 1923	313,897	2	290,402	98					
Redeemed, January, 1924	5,000	0							
			318,897	2					
Revenue contribution to capital outlay			538,436	96					
Sinking fund:—									
Amount to credit invested as per contra			55,801	40					
Government contribution towards increasing the sources of the Kandy water supply			17,365	0					
Sundry creditors:—									
Police Bill account	15,000	0							
Tradesmen	5,561	11							
Outstanding wages	2,761	27							
Market stall rent securities	4,349	50							
Model tenement securities	636	0							
Sundry securities	7,638	53							
Free library deposits	1,761	10							
Do. Members deposits	86	50							
Tender deposits	750	0							
Miscellaneous deposits	2,729	99							
Tools and stores lost account	3	0							
Advertising committee	302	85							
Haltering vehicles	0	50							
Times book club account	6	34							
			41,586	69					
Back lane scheme, contribution			5,577	69					
Mercantile Bank overdraft			59,389	14					
Revenue account, balance from 1923	84,467	67							
Add excess of revenue over expenditure, Jan. to July 1924..	10,140	37							
			94,608	4					
			1,422,064	92					
ASSETS AND CAPITAL									
OUTLAY.									
Town Hall and Municipal Offices..	37,469	98							37,469 98
Markets	73,479	2							73,479 2
Rice granaries and depôts	60,138	56							60,138 56
School buildings	7,252	95							7,252 95
Model dwellings	135,407	29	16,690	10					152,097 39
Other Municipal buildings	59,771	91							59,771 91
Roads, streets, &c...	104,932	42							104,932 42
Drainage	134,006	77							134,006 77
Public latrines	19,146	0							19,146 0
Carriage and rickshaw stands	371	78							371 78
Recreation grounds.	30,374	26							30,374 26
Waterworks	295,366	45							295,366 45
Lands in the catchment area	103,000	0							103,000 0
Steam road rollers..	14,902	36							14,902 36
Conservancy hand carts	226	0							226 0
Deacon meters	7,298	50							7,298 50
	1,083,144	25	16,690	10					1,099,834 35
Loan to Electricity Department..									215,889 66
Investments by trustees of Sinking Fund									55,801 40
Stocks and stores:—									
Stores					7,010	53			
Rice					22	86			
Stationery stock account					70	20			
									7,103 59
Value of goods misappropriated by the late storekeeper									1,948 32
Sundry debtors:—									
Rates, taxes, &c.					39,163	49			
Cheques returned by bank					48	0			
Advance of pay, &c.					700	20			
Sale of stores					132	9			
Advances, Board of Improvement					1,290	70			
									41,334 48
Petty cash in hand									153 12
									1,422,604 92

## B.—ELECTRICITY DEPARTMENT.

## Revenue Account for the Seven Months, January 1 to July 31, 1924.

EXPENDITURE.	Estimated for 1924.		Expended Jan. to July, 1924.		Total.
	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	
Generation of electricity:—					
Fuel	18,150	56	8,599	61	
Oil, waste, and engine room stores..	6,199	0	3,647	94	
Salaries and wages at works	8,296	0	4,246	60	
Repairs and maintenance:—					
(a) Buildings	1,380	0	578	28	
(b) Engine, boilers, machinery, and plants	1,500	0	1,675	45	18,747 88
Distribution of electricity:—					
Salaries of outdoor staff	1,600	0	2,733	78	
Repairs and maintenance of meters, switches, and other apparatus	2,900	0	2,885	17	5,618 95
Public lamps:—					
Attendance and maintenance	7,040	0	3,560	33	3,560 33
Works executed for customers:—					
Labour	3,000	0	1,342	59	
Materials	4,500	0	6,630	23	7,972 82
Management and general expenses:—					
Salaries	15,040	0	8,774	50	
Rent of Engineer's bungalow	1,200	0	700	0	
Printing and stationery	750	0	464	72	
Audit fees	250	0			
Insurance	937	50	257	79	
Legal expenses	50	0			
Telephone	225	0	225	0	
Sundry charges	250	0	640	91	
Bicycle	200	0			
Total amount of working expenses..	73,468	6			11,062 92
Gross profit carried to nett revenue account					46,962 90
					34,849 12
					81,812 2



## ROAD COMMITTEE NOTICES.

## Galaha-Pupuressa Estate Cart Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that in terms of the Estate Roads Ordinance, No. 12 of 1902, a general meeting of the proprietors or resident managers of the estates interested in the above road will be held at Le Vallon Bungalow on Wednesday, September 17, 1924, at 3.30 p.m., for the purpose of electing a Local Committee.

Notice is also given that the Local Committee, as soon as elected, will consider—

1. Election of Chairman of Local Committee.
2. To draw up an estimate for the maintenance of the road for 1924-25.
3. To report to the Provincial Road Committee on—
  - (a) The names of estates (with their acreages) which are interested and which use the road.
  - (b) The sections of the road used by these estates.
  - (c) The names of the proprietors, resident managers and superintendents, and of the agents of these estates.
4. To request Government to increase the grant on the road, as motor traffic has greatly increased and the road cannot be kept in proper order with the amount now allowed.
5. Any other business that may be brought forward at the meeting.

C. J. D. LANKTREE,

Provincial Road Committee's Office, for Chairman.  
Kandy, August 18, 1924.

## Glenlyon-Preston Branch Road.

(Flood Damages.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for repairing flood damages on the above road for the year ending September 30, 1924, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, 1896," have assessed the proportion due by each estate in the district interested in the said road, as follows:—

(Estimate No. D 789, sanctioned on June 5, 1924.)  
Government moiety .. Rs. 175.00  
Private contributions .. Rs. 179.37

Total acreage, 2,488—Rate per acre .07209c.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs.	c.
Ceylon Tea Plantations Co., Ltd. (P. P. C. Walker) ..	Glenlyon	627	45	20
G. T. & Mrs. R. S. Pieris (H. V. Cooke) ..	Agra Elbedde.	276	19	90

1st to 5th section, 115.10 lines.

Total acreage, 1,585—Moiety of cost, Rs. 163.20—  
Sectional rate, .1029c.—Total rate, .3231c.

Proprietors or Agents	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs.	c.
Torrington Tea Estate Co., Ltd. (E. E. Lee, Acting P. G. Boilean)	Helbeck, Mos-send, and Torrington	526	37	92

1st to 6th section, 134.60 lines.

Total acreage, 1,059—Moiety of cost, Rs. 120.33—  
Sectional rate, .1136c.—Total rate, .4367c.

A. R. Ashton (E. E. Lee, Acting P. G. Boilean) ..	Iona	112	8	8		
Ceylon Tea Plantations Co., Ltd. (P. P. C. Walker) ..	Polmont	45	3	25		
P. B. Seton (A. Hamilton Harding) ..	New Preston	167	12	4		
A. G. & C. A. Seton (A. Hamilton Harding) ..	Preston	250	18	2		
The Albion Tea Estate Co., Ltd. (G. M. Smith) ..	Albion	289	20	83		
A. G. & C. A. Seton (A. Hamilton Harding) ..	St. Margaret's	196	14	13		
				Total	179	37

Which sums the proprietors, managers, or agents of the several estates are hereby required to pay into the Colonial Treasury, Colombo, on or before September 30, 1924.

W. L. KINDERSLEY,

Provincial Road Committee's Office, for Chairman.  
Kandy, August 18, 1924.

## Wariyapola-Kandenuwara Estate Cart Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that in terms of the Estate Roads Ordinance, No. 12 of 1902, a meeting of the Local Committee of the above road will be held at Kandenuwara Factory on Wednesday, September 17, 1924, at 10 A.M.

*Business.*

1. To consider supplementary vote for current financial year.
2. To consider strengthening the bridge over the river.

JOHN A. M. BOND,

Wariyapola estate, Chairman, Local Committee.  
Matale, August 16, 1924.

## LOCAL BOARD NOTICES.

## Licensed Auctioneer for 1924.

THE under-mentioned person was licensed during the month of July, 1924, to carry on the trade or business of an auctioneer within the limits of the Moratuwa Local Board, during the year 1924, is published in terms of section 17 of Ordinance No. 15 of 1889, as amended by Ordinance No. 25 of 1922:—

A. V. Perera of 115, Hulftsdorp, Colombo.

Local Board Office,  
Moratuwa, August 26, 1924.

P. SARAVANAMUTTU,  
for Chairman.

## Election of an Unofficial Member, Local Board, Badulla.

IT is hereby notified that Mr. A. H. Miskin of Badulla, has been elected as an Unofficial Member under section 13 of "The Local Board Ordinance, No. 13 of 1898," to serve on the Local Board of Badulla up to December 31, 1924.

Badulla Kachcheri,  
August 22, 1924.

R. A. G. FESTING,  
Government Agent.



## NOTIFICATIONS UNDER "THE PATENTS ORDINANCE, 1906."

THE following Specifications have been accepted:—

No. 2,041 of March 26, 1924.

*The M. B. Rail Anchor Proprietary, Limited.*

"Improvements in rail anchors."

*Abstract.*—The applicants describe a rail anchor made from one piece of metal by cutting out an inverted T piece and bending the two arms so formed in opposite directions: these edge gripping arms have a boss on their under side to engage the bevels of the flanges of the rail. The longer side portion of the anchor plate is bent at an angle of about 70° forming an abutment arm, and then back through 90° forming an abutment to press against a sleeper. The abutment is not quite vertical, its lower edge being inclined forwardly. A lateral rib is used to strengthen the plate.

In a modification, an additional tongue is provided at the end remote from the abutment: this tongue is sprung over the edge of the rail flange.

The claims are:—

1. A one-piece rail anchor having means for gripping opposite bevels of the rail flange and an abutment to bear on an adjacent sleeper, both formed integrally with a substantially vertical body plate, characterized by the fact that the abutment arm is an extension of one side of the body plate in substantially the same plane lengthwise as the body plate and is adapted to bear on a sleeper at a position wholly outwardly of the rail.
  2. A one-piece rail anchor according to claim 1, wherein the abutment arm is bent successively in alternate directions and has substantially the full width and depth of the body plate.
  3. A one-piece rail anchor according to either of the preceding claims characterized by the construction of the abutment so that it has a forward inclination before positioning, which subjects the anchor to a torsional strain when applied to the rail.
  4. A one-piece rail anchor according to any of the preceding claims characterized by the provision of a strengthening corrugation or rib on the anchor body substantially as described.
  5. A one-piece rail anchor consisting of a substantially vertical body plate recessed so as to receive the rail and to provide projecting tongues, which are embossed substantially in the form illustrated.
  6. A one-piece rail anchor consisting of a substantially vertical body plate recessed so as to receive the rail and to provide embossed projecting tongues which are bent in opposite directions to grip the upper surface of the rail flange and a side extension of the body plate adapted to bear on a sleeper at a position wholly outwardly of the rail.
  7. A rail anchor having on the side of the body away from the abutment an arm directed backwardly and inwardly so that it may be sprung outwardly into position over the edge of the rail flange.
  8. In a rail anchor as claimed in claim 1, the provision of a backwardly turned edge-gripping arm integral with the side of the body away from the abutment.
  9. In a rail anchor as claimed in claim 8, the provision of a third gripping arm formed by vertically slotting the side of the body plate and bending the arm so formed and the adjacent portion of the body plate backwardly and inwardly during the construction of the anchor so that the arm can be sprung into position against the edge of the rail.
  10. In a rail anchor as claimed in claim 8, the provision of a third gripping arm formed by upwardly slotting the side of the body plate and bending the arm so formed and the adjacent portion of the body plate backwardly and inwardly during the construction of the anchor so that the arm can be sprung into position against the edge of the rail.
  11. A one-piece rail anchor substantially in the specific form, illustrated in Figures 1, 2, and 3.
  12. A one-piece rail anchor substantially in the specific form, illustrated in Figures 4, 5, 6, and 7.
- One sheet of drawings.

No. 2,084 of August 1, 1924.

*Josef Zygmunt Floryanowicz.*

"Improvements in automatic couplings for railway vehicles."

*Abstract.*—By the movement of a pivotted lever 42 a system of two levers 43 and 45 which is attached to the last link of the chain, moves this link into a position over the drawhook to which it is to be attached. When in this position a tooth on the shaft of lever 42 engages in a notch provided in a lever 50, a finger attached to lever 50 is located behind the axis of the buffer. When the buffer is moved back, the tooth is released from the notch and the weight of the chain causes it to drop on to the drawhook, the lever 42 falling back to its original position. An arrangement is also described for use with a screw coupling.

The claims are:—

1. An automatic coupling for railway vehicles and the like which can be applied to existing couplings either of the English chain type or of the French screw type, comprising a system of jointed levers which can be raised in the central vertical plane of the drawhooks by means of a lever situated on the side of the vehicle, the last link of the chain, or the link of the screw coupling, taking a position in which it can be caused either automatically or manually to drop on the drawhook of the next vehicle, the two vehicles being uncoupled by similar movements in the opposite direction.
2. A coupling according to the preceding claim in which the last link of the chain or the link of the screw coupling can be placed above the drawhook to which it is to be attached, at varying distances apart of the buffers, or when the drawhooks are at different heights or on curves in the horizontal plane.
3. A coupling according to either of the preceding claims in which the system of jointed levers is maintained in the position ready for coupling by a locking lever which can be disengaged either by hand, or automatically by the impact of the buffers, so as to permit the last link of the chain, or the link of the screw coupling, to drop on the drawhook of the adjacent vehicle.
4. A screw coupling according to any of the preceding claims, in which the system of jointed levers is articulated to the auxiliary or reserve drawhook by means of a forked member the arms of which extend in the form of fingers adapted to engage with a member secured to the screw of the coupling in order to support this coupling while it is being raised by the system of jointed levers.
5. A chain coupling according to claims 1-3, in which a manually controlled lever is adapted to act on a link of the chain, in order to shorten the chain, and effect the coupling when the vehicles are very close together.
6. A coupling according to any of the preceding claims, comprising a drawbar in two relatively movable parts, which permit this bar to be lengthened or shortened by means of the system of jointed levers, substantially as and for the purpose described.
7. A coupling according to claim 6, in which the system of jointed levers is connected to a lever which effects the displacement of the movable parts of the drawbar.

8. A coupling according to claim 7, in which a manually controlled lever placed on the side of the vehicle causes the coupling members to disengage when the vehicles are very close together, the lever acting on the movable parts of the drawbar so as to shorten it.

9. A coupling according to claim 8, in which the lever claimed therein disengages a spring pawl holding the drawbar in the lengthened position.

10. A coupling according to claim 2, in which the automatic coupling of vehicles is facilitated by two curved blades or horns fixed on each drawhook.

11. An automatic coupling according to claim 1, in which the system of jointed levers mounted on one vehicle serves to raise one auxiliary hook, after which the system of jointed levers of the other vehicle brings the corresponding hook into the position ready for coupling.

12. A coupling device according to any of the preceding claims in which the movable part of the drawbar connected to the drawhook is made in two parts which can be moved further apart or brought nearer together by means manually operated from the side of the vehicle.

13. A coupling device according to claim 12, in which the adjacent ends of the part of the drawbar connected to the drawhook are provided, respectively, with right and left handed screw threads engaging with similar threads in a sleeve surrounding these ends and adapted to be rotated by suitable means.

14. A coupling device according to claim 13, in which a worm on the sleeve is rotated by means of a worm wheel secured to a spindle operated by a hand wheel.

15. A coupling device according to any of the preceding claims in which the system of jointed levers is moved into the coupling position against the resistance of a spring or balance weight which tends to restore the system to the normal uncoupled position.

16. A coupling device according to claim 15, in which one end of the spring is attached to a part of the fixed framing and the other end is attached to a bar pivoted to one of the jointed levers.

17. A coupling device according to any of the preceding claims in which for the purpose of coupling two vehicles on a curved track, a forked end of the last lever of the system is provided with elongated apertures in which a pin secured to the next preceding is allowed some freedom of lateral movement.

18. A coupling for railway and like vehicles, substantially as described with reference to the accompanying drawings. Six sheets of drawings.

W. N. RAE,  
Registrar of Patents.

## NOTICE TO MARINERS.

### Port of Colombo.

NOTICE is hereby given that on and after September 1, 1924, the wireless time signals which have been made at—

G. M. T.			Standard Time.		
h.	m.	s.	h.	m.	s.
16	57	00	22	27	00
	to			to	
17	00	00	22	30	00
17	57	00	23	27	00
	to			to	
18	00	00	23	30	00

will be temporarily discontinued.

Further notice will be given as to when they will be resumed.

The local weather report which follows these signals will also be discontinued until further notice.

Master Attendant's Office,  
Colombo, August 26, 1924.

A. C. F. BRUCE,  
Lieutenant, R.N., Acting Master Attendant.

## SALES OF TOLL AND OTHER RENTS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Government Agent for the Western Province will receive tenders at the Colombo Kachcheri at 12 noon on Monday, September 15, 1924, for the purchase of the under-mentioned Toll Rent of the Western Province from October 1, 1924, to September 30, 1925.

The successful tenderer will be required to deposit forthwith one-tenth of the purchase amount for twelve months in cash, and should the offer be accepted by His Excellency the Governor, to furnish approved security for one-half of the purchase amount for twelve months, or in cash for one-third of such amount, within thirty days of the date of the receipt by him of the notification of the Governor's acceptance of his offer.

He will also be required to deposit money to pay the fees of the Crown Proctors for examining and giving their opinion of the title deeds of properties tendered by him as security and for examining and settling the security bond, and the fees charged by the Crown Proctors for examining documents and drawing the security bond, the expenses of

appraising the properties and of registering the security bond, and the stamp duty on the bonds under the Ordinance No. 22 of 1909.

All title deeds tendered as security should be accompanied by a certificate obtained from the Registrar of Lands that the lands to which they relate are unencumbered. This certificate must be obtained at the cost of the party offering the security.

Further information can be obtained on application to the Government Agent.

### TOLLS ON TRUNK ROADS.

#### Municipal Tolls.

1. (a) Toll at the Ferry at Pasbatal (Wattala).
- (b) Toll at the canal at the drawbridge at Grandpass.

Government Agent's Office,  
Colombo, August 22, 1924.

R. N. THAINE,  
Government Agent.

## TRADE MARKS NOTICES.

In compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinance, 1888," and the "Trade Marks Rules, 1906," the following application for registration of a Trade Mark is advertised:—

(1) Trade Mark No. 3,183.

(2) Date of Receipt: July 15, 1924.

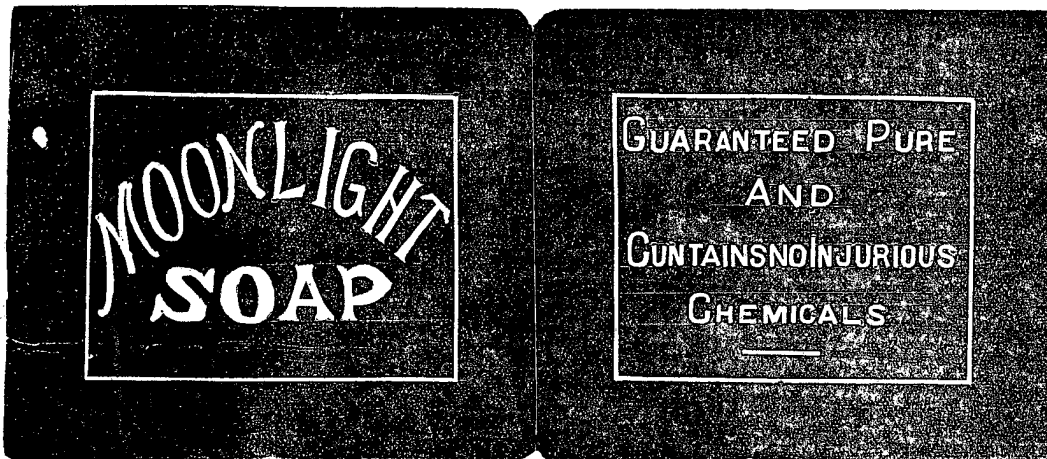
(3) Applicant (Proprietor of the Trade Mark): JUAN ACHARIGE CHARLES DE SILVA, De Soysa buildings, Bandy; Manufacturer of Soap.

(4) Address for service in the Island, if any:—.

(5) Class: Forty-seven.

(6) Goods: Common soap.

(7) Mark:



"The essential particular of the Trade Mark is the word "MOONLIGHT" and no claim is made to the exclusive use of the added matter."

Registrar-General's Office,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924.

H. W. CODRINGTON,  
Registrar-General.

In compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinance, 1888," and the "Trade Marks Rules, 1906," the following application for registration of a Trade Mark is advertised:—

(1) Trade Mark No. 3,167.

(2) Date of Receipt: June 13, 1924.

(3) Applicant (Proprietor of the Trade Mark): THE SINGER MANUFACTURING COMPANY (a Corporation organized under the laws of the State of New Jersey, United States of America), Elizabeth, New Jersey, United States of America; Sewing Machine Manufacturers and Dealers.

(4) Address for service in the Island: Van Cuylenberg & de Witt, No. 34/35, Chatham street, Fort, Colombo.

(5) Class: Six.

(6) Goods: Electric motors and parts thereof, electric fans and parts thereof, all being goods included in Class 6.

(7) Mark:

**SIMANCO**

Registrar-General's Office,  
Colombo, August 20, 1924.

H. W. CODRINGTON,  
Registrar-General.

In compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinance, 1888," and the "Trade Marks Rules, 1906," the following application for registration of a Trade Mark is advertised:—

(1) Trade Mark No. 3,196.

(2) Date of Receipt: August 9, 1924.

(3) Applicant (Proprietor of the Trade Mark): MERRILLSOULE COMPANY (a Corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York, United States of America), Corner of North Franklin and Plum streets, City of Syracuse, State of New York, United States of America; Manufacturers.

(4) Address for service in the Island: Julius & Creasy, No. 2, Prince street, Fort, Colombo.

(5) Class: Forty-two.

(6) Goods: Foods and ingredients of foods, especially milk products in dry form.

(7) Mark:



Registrar-General's Office,  
Colombo, August 26, 1924.

H. W. CODRINGTON,  
Registrar-General.

*Regd*  
IN compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinance, 1888," and the "Trade Marks Rules, 1906," the following application for registration of a Trade Mark is advertised:—

(1) Trade Mark No. 3,197.

(2) Date of Receipt: August 11, 1924.

(3) Applicant (Proprietor of the Trade Mark): L. E. WATERMAN COMPANY (a Corporation organized under the laws of the State of New York, United States of America), 191, Broadway, City, County, and State of New York, United States of America; Manufacturers.

(4) Address for service in the Island: Julius & Creasy, No. 2, Prince street, Fort, Colombo.

(5) Class: Fourteen.

(6) Goods: Fountain pens and parts thereof (precious metal).

(7) Mark:

**WATERMAN'S IDEAL FOUNTAIN PEN N.Y.**

Registrar-General's Office, H. W. CODRINGTON,  
Colombo, August 26, 1924. Registrar-General.

*Regd*  
IN compliance with the provisions of "Trade Marks Ordinance, 1888," and the "Trade Marks Rules, 1906," the following application for registration of a Trade Mark is advertised:—

(1) Trade Mark No. 3,198.

(2) Date of Receipt: August 11, 1924.

(3) Applicant (Proprietor of the Trade Mark): L. E. WATERMAN COMPANY (a Corporation organized under the laws of the State of New York, United States of America), No. 191, Broadway, City, County, and State of New York, United States of America; Manufacturers.

(4) Address for service in the Island: Julius & Creasy, No. 2, Prince street, Fort, Colombo.

(5) Class: Thirty-nine.

(6) Goods: Fountain pens and parts thereof not of precious metal.

(7) Mark:

**WATERMAN'S IDEAL FOUNTAIN PEN N.Y.**

Registrar-General's Office, H. W. CODRINGTON,  
Colombo, August 26, 1924. Registrar-General.

*Regd*  
IN compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinance, 1888," and the "Trade Marks Rules, 1906," the following application for registration of a Trade Mark is advertised:—

(1) Trade Mark No. 3,199.

(2) Date of Receipt: August 11, 1924.

(3) Applicant (Proprietor of the Trade Mark): L. E. WATERMAN COMPANY (a Corporation organized under the laws of the State of New York, United States of America), No. 191, Broadway, City, County, and State of New York, United States of America; Manufacturers.

(4) Address for service in the Island: Julius & Creasy, No. 2, Prince street, Fort, Colombo.

(5) Class: Thirty-nine.

(6) Goods: Fountain pens and parts thereof not of precious metal.

(7) Mark:

**WATERMAN'S**

Registrar-General's Office, H. W. CODRINGTON,  
Colombo, August 26, 1924. Registrar-General.

*Regd*  
IN compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinance, 1888" and the "Trade Marks Rules, 1906," the following application for registration of a Trade Mark is advertised:—

(1) Trade Mark No. 3,201.

(2) Date of Receipt: August 14, 1924.

(3) Applicant (Proprietor of the Trade Mark): THE J. B. WILLIAMS COMPANY (a Corporation duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Connecticut, United States of America), Glastonbury, County of Hartford, State of Connecticut, United States of America; Manufacturers.

(4) Address for service in the Island: Julius & Creasy, No. 2, Prince street, Fort, Colombo.

(5) Class: Forty-eight.

(6) Goods: Perfumery (including toilet articles, preparations for the teeth and hair, and perfumed soap), and particularly shaving cream, shaving powder, shaving stick, and liquid soap for shampoo purposes, shaving soap, preparations for cleaning teeth, toilet soap, cold cream, liquid hair dressings, cosmetique, face powder, talc powder, toilet water, face washes.

(7) Mark:

**Williams**

Registrar-General's Office, H. W. CODRINGTON,  
Colombo, August 26, 1924. Registrar-General.

*Regd*  
IN compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinance, 1888," and the "Trade Marks Rules, 1906," the following application for registration of a Trade Mark is advertised:—

(1) Trade Mark No. 3,202.

(2) Date of Receipt: August 15, 1924.

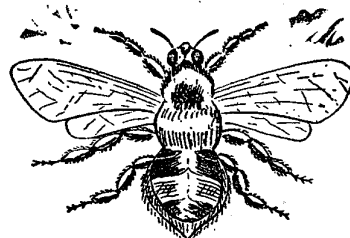
(3) Applicant (Proprietor of the Trade Mark): WILLIAM GOSSAGE & SONS, LIMITED (a Company incorporated under the laws of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland,) Widnes, Lancashire, England; Soap Manufacturers.

(4) Address for service in the Island: Julius & Creasy, No. 2, Prince street, Fort, Colombo.

(5) Class: Forty-seven.

(6) Goods: Candles, common soap, detergents; illuminating, heating, and lubricating oils; matches and starch; blue, and other preparations for laundry purposes.

(7) Mark:



**BEE**

*The essential particulars of the Trade Mark are the device and the word "BEE."*

Registrar-General's Office, H. W. CODRINGTON,  
Colombo, August 26, 1924. Registrar-General.

## Ceylon Government Railway.—Comparative Statement of Goods Traffic for the Month of June, 1924.

Particulars of Goods conveyed.	Month ended June 30, 1923.	Month ended June 30, 1924.	Increase in 1924.	Decrease in 1924.	Nett Increase or Decrease from October 1, 1922, to June 30, 1924.	
					Increase in 1923 to 1924.	Decrease in 1923 to 1924.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Salt ..	808	844	36	—	1,106	—
Kerosine oil ..	467	345	—	122	—	253
Rubber ..	2,435	2,116	—	319	—	5,162
Rice ..	13,622	16,678	3,056	—	13,432	—
Tea ..	9,375	11,289	1,914	—	9,840	—
Cacao ..	193	70	—	123	370	—
Coconut produce ..	8,156	9,892	1,736	—	14,278	—
Fruit and vegetables ..	1,129	1,340	211	—	—	98
Tea and rubber packing ..	1,682	2,352	670	—	5,349	—
Plumbago ..	325	309	—	16	—	381
Bulk petroleum ..	802	1,002	200	—	1,299	—
Liquid fuel ..	1,494	1,632	138	—	1,005	—
Manure ..	6,596	6,586	—	10	17,796	—
Other goods ..	26,823	28,727	1,904	—	26,315	—
Railway material (open line)	10,611	16,901	6,290	—	9,617	—
Railway material (extensions)	394	732	338	—	1,599	—
Breakwater material ..	541	—	—	541	739	—
Foreign traffic ..	3,153	3,904	751	—	10,028	—
Special Traffic (other Govern- ment Departments) ..	3,925	2,281	—	1,644	—	7,254
<b>Total ..</b>	<b>92,531</b>	<b>107,000</b>	<b>17,244</b>	<b>2,775</b>	<b>112,773</b>	<b>13,148</b>

Colombo, August 16, 1924.

G. E. HOOPER,  
for General Manager.