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## Part II. — Legal.

*Separate paging is given to each Part in order that it may be filed separately.*

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### DRAFT ORDINANCES.

#### MINUTE.

The following Draft of a proposed Ordinance is published for general information:—

An Ordinance further to amend and to consolidate the Law relating to the Pearl Fisheries of Ceylon.

**WHEREAS** it is expedient further to amend and to consolidate the law relating to the pearl fisheries of Ceylon: Be it therefore enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:

Preamble.

#### CHAPTER I.

##### *Preliminary.*

1 This Ordinance may be cited as the Pearl Fisheries Ordinance, No. of 1925.

Short title.

2 In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires—

Interpretation.

“ Pearl oyster ” means pearl-bearing oysters of all descriptions, and includes the mollusc commonly called the “ window pane oyster ” or “ the Tampalakam pearl oyster,” and scientifically known as *Placuna Placenta*, as well as any other pearl-producing molluscs which may be introduced, or laid down, off the coasts of Ceylon, or in the bays, or inland waters of the Island;

“ Vessel ” includes ships, boats, rafts, canoes, and vessels of every description;

“ Pearl bank ” means the area specified in the first schedule to this Ordinance and includes the bed of any pearl bank. The said schedule may from time to time be altered by regulation;

“ Pearl fishery guard ” means all customs officers, police officers, peace officers, the camp superintendent, the inspector of pearl banks, and every person appointed by the camp superintendent, or the inspector of pearl banks, to act as a pearl fishery guard;

“ Regulation ” means a regulation made by the Governor in Executive Council and published in the “ Government Gazette.”

Exclusive right of Crown in pearl fisheries.

3 The exclusive right of fishing for and taking pearl oysters off the coasts of Ceylon and in all bays and inland waters of the Island is vested in the Crown.

## CHAPTER II.

### *Regulation of Pearl Fisheries.*

Prohibition of fishing for pearls without a licence.

4 (1) No person shall fish, or dive for, or collect, pearl oysters on, or from any pearl bank, or use a vessel for any such purpose, unless he holds a licence (in this Ordinance referred to as a pearl fishery licence) authorizing him so to do.

(2) A pearl fishery licence shall be issued in the discretion of and by a Government Agent authorized to issue such licences, and shall be in the appropriate form in the second schedule to this Ordinance. The said second schedule may be altered by regulation.

(3) Any penalty imposed by a pearl fishery licence may be recovered on summary conviction before a police magistrate as well as by any means provided by the licence.

(4) Every person, to whom a pearl fishery licence is issued under this section, shall produce it on the demand of and for the perusal by any pearl fishery guard, and shall observe the terms and conditions contained in the licence.

(5) A licence to collect pearl oysters issued by any Government Agent before the commencement of this Ordinance shall be deemed to be a pearl fishery licence issued under this Ordinance.

(6) All pearl oysters or pearls collected otherwise than under the authority of and in accordance with the terms and conditions contained in a duly issued pearl fishery licence are the property of the Government.

Power to prohibit and regulate fishing for pearls.

5 Regulations may be made regulating the fishing or diving for or collection of pearl oysters under a pearl fishery licence and the use of vessels for such purposes and the forms of and the fees to be charged for pearl fishery licences, and generally for the protection, management, control, development, and improvement of the pearl fisheries off the coasts of Ceylon or in any bay or inland water of the Island.

Restriction on fishing on pearl banks.

6 (1) No person shall on any pearl bank use or have in his possession, power, or control any net, dredge, or fishing line, or fishing tackle.

(2) Nothing in this section shall apply to any dredge, net, fishing line, or fishing tackle, the use of which is for the time being permitted by regulation.

Anchoring on a pearl bank.

7 Unless permitted by regulation, no person shall anchor any vessel on a pearl bank except when collecting pearl oysters under the authority of a pearl fishery licence or compelled to do so by necessity, the proof whereof shall lie on him.

Unlawful possession of pearls or pearl oysters.

8 If any pearls or pearl oysters are found in the possession, power, or control of any person or in the vicinity of a pearl bank in such circumstances that there is reason to suspect that they were not lawfully obtained, then such pearls or pearl oysters shall be forfeited to the Government unless satisfactory evidence is given that they were lawfully obtained, and that person shall be guilty of an offence unless satisfactory evidence is given that he was not personally concerned in the unlawful obtaining thereof and that they were not dishonestly retained in his possession, power, or control with the knowledge that they had been unlawfully obtained.

Seizure and forfeiture of poaching vessels.

9 (1) If any vessel is found on a pearl bank anchoring or hovering and not proceeding to her proper destination as wind and weather permit, or is found on or near a pearl bank in circumstances giving rise to reasonable suspicion that she is being or has been or is intended to be used for the unlawful collection of pearl oysters, any pearl fishery guard may enter, seize, and search such vessel, and carry the same to some convenient place in the Island for adjudication.

(2) As soon as may be after the arrival of a vessel seized under this section, proceedings shall be commenced before a police magistrate against all persons found in the vessel and the owner thereof, if known and in the Island, alleging that the vessel has been used for the unlawful collection of pearl oysters, and in such proceedings, unless satisfactory evidence is given that the vessel had not been and was not intended to be used for the unlawful collection of pearl oysters, the magistrate may impose a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees in respect of each person found in the vessel and declare that the vessel and her gear shall be forfeited to the Crown unless the fine is paid within a time to be specified in the order, and shall also declare all gear appearing to be intended for the collection of pearl oysters and any pearl oysters or pearls found in the vessel to be forfeited to the Crown.

10 If any person contravenes or attempts to contravene or abets the contravention of any provision of this chapter or any regulation made thereunder, he shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance, and shall, on conviction by a police magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees or to imprisonment of either description for a term not exceeding six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

Penalty for offences under chapter II.

### CHAPTER III.

#### *Pearl Fishery Camps.*

11 (1) The Governor in Executive Council may from time to time by notification in the "Government Gazette" declare that a pearl fishery shall be held on any pearl bank between the dates specified therein, and may by the same or other similar notification declare any place to be a pearl fishery camp for the purposes of the pearl fishery, and may appoint any person to be camp superintendent thereof. A notification under this section may be amended from time to time.

Power to declare a pearl fishery camp.

(2) A place declared to be a pearl fishery camp shall be deemed to be a pearl fishery camp within the meaning of this Ordinance for one month before the commencement of, during the continuance of, and for one month after the termination of the fishery for which the camp is established.

12 (1) In any inquiry under section 87 of chapter VII. of the Criminal Procedure Code, 1898 (which relates to security for keeping the peace or for good behaviour), as respects any person domiciled in India found in or attempting or proposing to enter a pearl fishery camp, the evidence of any member of the Indian police force that that person is an habitual robber, housebreaker, or thief, or an habitual receiver of stolen property knowing the same to have been stolen, or is an habitual aider in the concealment or disposal of stolen property, or that he is a dangerous character, shall be sufficient *prima facie* evidence of the fact and shall be admissible in evidence notwithstanding that it is hearsay evidence, if it is based on information obtained by him in the course of his duty and appears to the magistrate to be true.

Prevention of offences under chapter VII. of Criminal Procedure Code.

(2) When any person found in or attempting or proposing to enter a pearl fishery camp and ordered to give security under chapter VII. of the Criminal Procedure Code, 1898, does not give such security on or before the date on which the period for which such security is to be given commences, the court may, if it thinks fit, order that that person shall, instead of being committed to prison, refrain from entering or be removed from the camp, and pending and during removal be kept in the custody of the police.

(3) If any person with respect to whom such an order is made subsequently enters the pearl fishery camp, he shall, on conviction by a police magistrate, be liable to imprisonment of either description for any period not exceeding six months.

13 (1) No person shall, without the permit of the camp superintendent, bring into a pearl fishery camp, or into the vicinity of a pearl fishery camp with a view to its being brought into the camp, or have in his possession in a pearl

Prohibition of the import of pearls into a camp.

fishery camp, any artificial pearl or any pearl not being a pearl the product of a pearl oyster lawfully taken from a pearl bank at and during the continuance of the pearl fishery for which the camp is established.

(2) For the purposes of enforcing the provisions of this section every pearl fishery guard shall have all the powers of search, seizure, and detention possessed by customs officers for the prevention and detection of smuggling.

(3) All pearls seized under the foregoing power or otherwise coming into the hands of a pearl fishery guard and suspected to have been dealt with in contravention of the provisions of this section shall, as soon as possible, be brought before a police magistrate, who, if he considers that an offence was or was intended to be committed in respect of the pearls, may, in his discretion, either in addition to or without inflicting any other punishment, declare them to be forfeited to the Government, or he may order them to be detained by the police until the end of the pearl fishery. But so that neither the police nor the Government shall incur any liability for any loss or damage which may happen to any such pearl.

(4) In all proceedings under this Ordinance, the burden of proving that any pearl is the product of a pearl oyster lawfully taken from a pearl bank at and during the continuance of the pearl fishery for which the camp was established shall lie on the person alleging the same.

Power to make regulations for administration of a pearl fishery camp.

14 Regulations may be made for preserving order, preventing the theft of pearls, accidents, fire, and disease, and regulating food prices within a pearl fishery camp, and as to any other matter or thing whatsoever, whether similar to those before enumerated or not, which the Governor in Executive Council considers necessary or convenient for the proper administration of a pearl fishery camp.

Penalty for offences under chapter III.

15 Any person who contravenes or attempts to contravene or abets the contravention of any provision of this chapter or any regulation made thereunder shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance, and, on conviction by a police magistrate, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

#### CHAPTER IV.

##### *Supplementary.*

Offences to be cognizable and bailable.

16 For the purposes of the Criminal Procedure Code, 1898, every offence against this Ordinance shall be deemed to be cognizable and bailable.

Reward to informers.

17 It shall be lawful for any police magistrate before whom any person shall be convicted of any offence under this Ordinance to direct a portion of the fine actually recovered and realized, not exceeding one-half, to be paid to the informer.

Saving of powers of customs officers.

18 Nothing in this Ordinance shall affect any power conferred on customs officers by Ordinance No. 17 of 1869.

Power to seize articles liable to forfeiture.

19 Any pearls and pearl oysters appearing to be liable to forfeiture under this Ordinance may be seized by any pearl fishery guard and, when seized, shall be conveyed to the nearest police station and there detained until the court having jurisdiction in the matter has determined how the same are to be dealt with.

Regulations to be laid before Legislative Council.

20 All regulations shall, as soon as conveniently may be, be laid before the Legislative Council, and may, at any of the next following three meetings be rescinded by resolution of the Legislative Council, but without prejudice to anything already done thereunder, and if not so rescinded shall be deemed to be valid.

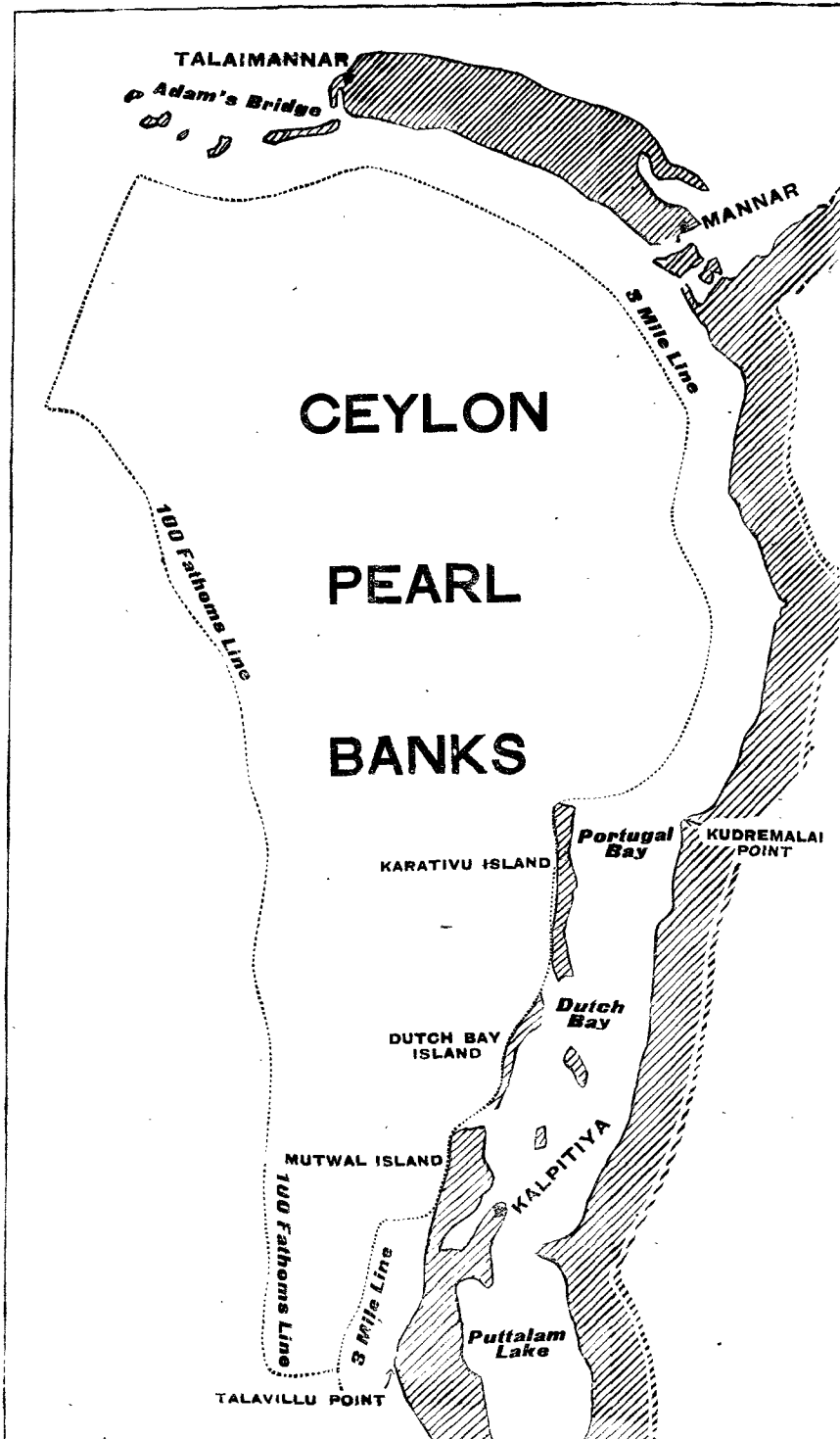
Repeal.

21 The enactments specified in the third schedule are hereby repealed.

#### FIRST SCHEDULE.

All that area of water enclosed on the plan delineated below by a dotted line in part marked "3 mile line" and in part marked "100 fathoms line."

Plan above referred to.



**SECOND SCHEDULE.**

**Forms of Pearl Fishery Licences.**

THE PEARL FISHERIES ORDINANCE, 1925.

**Licence to use a Boat for collecting Pearl Oysters.**

(Not transferable.)

Under the above-mentioned Ordinance — (name of licensee) of boat No. — is hereby licensed to use the said boat for collecting pearl oysters.

The maximum number of persons to be carried in the boat shall not exceed —.

This licence to remain in force until —.

Government Agent's Office.

—, Ceylon,  
—, 192—.

—,  
Government Agent for the  
Northern Province.

*Note.*—This licence is issued subject to the conditions inscribed on the back hereof.

*Conditions referred to.*

1. On the issue of this licence the licensee shall deposit with the Government Agent, Northern Province, the sum of Rs. 100 as security for carrying out the conditions of this licence, and shall pay a fee equivalent to Rs. 5 per ton or part of a ton on the registered tonnage of his boat for the issue of the licence.

2. The licensee and/or his tindal shall obey all orders received from officers in charge of Government vessels in regard to towage and in regard to taking up a proper position for being taken in tow, and shall facilitate the work of such officers in every way possible. The tindal and each member of the boat's crew shall wear an armet or badge to be provided by the Government Agent and returned to him at the expiration of the licence.

3. If instructions are received that the boat shall be towed, it shall not be sailed or rowed or paddled instead of being towed.

4. The fishery number placed by orders of the Government Agent on the boat shall not be defaced or concealed from view, and shall always be kept in a legible state.

5. Fishing shall not take place beyond the lines of flag buoys put down on the orders of the Inspector of Pearl Banks to mark the limits of the fishing ground, and fishing shall take place only where white flag buoys shall have been laid down to indicate the centres round which fishing shall take place.

6. Should the licensee and/or his tindal be declared by the Government Agent, or by the Inspector of Pearl Banks, or by the Koddu Superintendent to have infringed or broken any of these conditions, the licensee shall pay such sum of money by way of a penalty as the Government Agent or the Koddu Superintendent shall deem adequate and authorize. For the first infringement or breach of any condition the penalty shall not exceed Rs. 30, or, in lieu of such penalty, the boat may be suspended from fishing for two days; for a second or subsequent infringement or breach of any condition the penalty shall not exceed Rs. 50, or, in lieu of such penalty, the boat may be suspended from fishing for such time as the Government Agent may consider fitting. Any of the said sums may be deducted from the deposit made by the licensee, or may be recovered by due process of law.

I, —, hereby accept the licence on the above conditions, and hereby agree to perform and observe the same.

At —, 192—.

Signature of the Licensee.

**THE PEARL FISHERIES ORDINANCE, 1925.**

**For Arab Divers.**

**Licence to Dive for Pearl Oysters.**

(Not transferable.)

Under the above-mentioned Ordinance — (name of licensee) of boat No. — is hereby licensed to dive from the said boat for pearl oysters.

This licence to remain in force until —.

Government Agent's Office,

—, Ceylon,  
—, 192—.

Government Agent for the  
Northern Province.

*Note.*—This licence is issued subject to the conditions inscribed on the back hereof.

*Conditions referred to.*

1. On the issue of this licence the licensee will be required to deposit with the Government Agent, Northern Province, £1 (Rs. 15) as security for carrying out the conditions of this licence.

2. The licensee shall wear conspicuously a numbered badge during the continuance of the fishery, and shall produce it whenever required by any public officer.

3. The licensee shall not carry any knife or cutting instrument in the boat in which he is engaged, and shall be subject to be searched at any time whilst in the boat or in the koddus by any public officer.

4. The licensee shall not cut open any oyster fished, but shall deliver the whole catch intact to the officer of the Ceylon Government appointed to receive it.

5. The licensee shall not commence diving till the signal to commence fishing is given from the mark vessel by the hoisting of the fishing flag and the blowing of the whistle. He shall not dive anywhere except in the area marked by buoys as directed by the Inspector of Pearl Banks. He shall cease diving immediately the signal to cease fishing is given by the hauling down of the fishing flag and the blowing of the whistle.

6. The licensee shall collect and place in bags supplied to him by the Government of Ceylon all the oysters fished by him, and shall permit any officer acting under the orders of the Inspector of Pearl Banks to close and seal each or any bag as soon as it is full or immediately upon the signal to cease fishing being given.

7. The licensee shall obey all orders for the good conduct of the fishery issued by the Government Agent, the Inspector of Pearl Banks, or by the Koddu Superintendent.

8. All the divers working in each boat shall on landing bring their catches directly into the koddu and deposit them in the compartment of the koddu allotted by the Koddu Superintendent. The catches shall be divided by them into heaps of three. One-third share shall be selected by the Koddu Superintendent or his representative and shall be given back to the divers. The other two-thirds shall be retained by the Koddu Superintendent on behalf of the Crown. Failure on the part of the divers to comply with this rule will entail forfeiture of licences to dive, but each diver's deposit or the balance of his deposit shall be returned to him.

9. Should the licensee be declared by the Government Agent, or by the Inspector of Pearl Banks, or by the Koddu Superintendent to have infringed or broken any of the said conditions, the licensee shall pay such sum of money by way of penalty as the Government Agent or the Koddu Superintendent shall deem adequate and authorize. For the first infringement or breach of any condition, the penalty shall not exceed Rs. 5; for the second infringement or breach of any condition, the penalty shall not exceed Rs. 10; and for the third or any subsequent infringement or breach of any condition, it shall be lawful for the Government Agent, in addition to imposing a fine of Rs. 10 to confiscate the one-third share of oysters earned by the licensee for that day, or to cancel his licence to dive. Any of the said sums may be deducted from the deposit made by the licensee.

I, —, hereby accept the licence on the above conditions, and hereby agree to perform and observe the same.

At —, 192—.

Signature of Licensee.

#### THE PEARL FISHERIES ORDINANCE, 1925.

##### Non-Arab Divers.

##### Licence to Dive for Pearl Oysters.

(Not transferable.)

Under the above-mentioned Ordinance — (name of licensee) of boat No. — is hereby licensed to dive from the said boat for pearl oysters.

This licence to remain in force until —.

Government Agent's Office,

—, Ceylon,  
—, 192—.

—,  
Government Agent for the  
Northern Province.

*Note.*—This licence is issued subject to the conditions inscribed on the back hereof.

##### Conditions referred to.

1. The licensee shall wear conspicuously a numbered badge during the continuance of the fishery, and shall produce it whenever required by any public officer.

2. The licensee shall not carry any knife or cutting instrument in the boat in which he is engaged, and shall be subject to be searched at any time whilst in the boat or in the koddus by any public officer.

3. The licensee shall not cut open any oyster fished, but shall deliver the whole catch intact to the officers of the Ceylon Government appointed to receive it.

4. The licensee shall not commence diving till the signal to commence fishing is given from the mark vessel by the hoisting of the fishing flag and the blowing of the whistle. He shall not dive anywhere except in the area marked by buoys as directed by the Inspector of Pearl Banks. He shall cease diving immediately the signal to cease fishing is given by the hauling down of the fishing flag and the blowing of the whistle.

5. The licensee shall collect and place in bags supplied to him by the Government of Ceylon all the oysters fished by him, and shall permit any officer acting under the orders of the Inspector of Pearl Banks to close and seal each or any bags as soon as it is full or immediately upon the signal to cease fishing being given.

6. The licensee shall obey all orders for the good conduct of the fishery issued by the Government Agent, the Inspector of Pearl Banks, or by the Koddu Superintendent.

7. All the divers working in each boat shall on landing bring their catches directly into the koddu and deposit them in the compartment of the koddu allotted by the Koddu Superintendent. The catches shall be divided by them into heaps of three. One-third share shall be selected by the Koddu Superintendent or his representative and shall be given back to the divers. The other two-thirds shall be retained by the Koddu Superintendent on behalf of the Crown. Failure on the part of the divers to comply with this rule will entail forfeiture of licences to dive.

8. Should the licensee be declared by the Government Agent, or by the Inspector of Pearl Banks, or by the Koddu Superintendent to have infringed or broken any of the said conditions, the licensee shall pay such sum of money by way of penalty as the Government Agent or the Koddu Superintendent shall deem adequate and authorize. For the first infringement or breach of any conditions, the penalty shall not exceed Rs. 5; for the second infringement or breach of any condition, the penalty shall not exceed Rs. 10; and for a third or any subsequent infringement or breach of any condition, it shall be lawful for the Government Agent, in addition to imposing a fine of Rs. 10 to confiscate the one-third share of oysters earned by the licensee for that day or to cancel his licence to dive.

I, —, hereby accept the licence on the above conditions, and hereby agree to perform and observe the same.

At —, 192—.

Signature of Licensee.

### THIRD SCHEDULE.

(Repeals.)

Regulation No. 3 of 1811 intituled "For the Protection of His Majesty's Pearl Banks of Ceylon."

Ordinance No. 18 of 1843 intituled "To declare illegal the Possession of certain Nets and Instruments within certain limits."

Ordinance No. 8 of 1906 intituled "An Ordinance to confirm an Agreement for a Lease of Pearl Fisheries on the Coast of Ceylon and to authorize the Crown Agents for the Colonies to execute such Lease on behalf of the Government of Ceylon."

The Pearl Fishery Ordinance, 1906.

The Pearl Fisheries (Arbitration) Ordinance, 1907.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, January 21, 1925.

CECIL CLEMENTI,  
Colonial Secretary.

### Statement of Objects and Reasons.

THE primary object of this Bill is to confer on the Government the necessary powers for the proper administration of the pearl fishery camp, which will shortly be established. The opportunity has, however, been taken to revise and consolidate the whole law relating to pearl fisheries, which is at present to be found in no fewer than five Ordinances.

2. The definition of the term "pearl oyster" in section 2 and the wording of section 3 reproduce sections 2 and 3 of Ordinance No. 17 of 1906. Section 4 replaces section 4 of Ordinance No. 17 of 1906. But the collection of pearl oysters without a licence is now definitely prohibited instead of requiring to be prohibited by regulation. Section 5 is based on section 8 of Ordinance No. 17 of 1906.

3. Section 6, which prohibits the use and possession of fishing nets and tackle on the pearl banks, corresponds to section 1 of Ordinance No. 18 of 1843. The new section applies only to the possession of nets on a pearl bank, whereas the old Ordinance prohibited the possession of nets on land at any place within twelve miles of Talaiyavillu or Talaimannar. On the other hand, the prohibition has now been definitely extended to line fishing, which under the old Ordinance was only inferentially prohibited by the prohibition of anchoring in Regulation No. 3 of 1811. It is hoped to remove the restriction on fishing on pearl banks when the pearl oysters have disappeared.

4. Section 7, prohibiting the anchoring of vessels on a pearl bank, is adopted from Regulation No. 3 of 1811.

5. The powers of seizure and forfeiture of poaching vessels contained in section 9 reproduce Regulation No. 3 of 1811 in a greatly modified form. Under the old law the forfeiture was absolute. Under the new law the forfeiture only takes effect on failure to pay the fine imposed by the magistrate.



6. The provisions of section 8 are based on Ordinance No. 17 of 1906—section 5 (2)—which penalized the possession of pearl oysters under such circumstances that there was reason to suspect that they were not lawfully obtained.

7. Section 17, which authorizes the granting of rewards to informers, is a reproduction of section 7 of Ordinance No. 17 of 1906.

8. The power to seize articles liable to forfeiture under section 19 is taken over from section 6 of Ordinance No. 17 of 1906.

9. The more important new features in the Bill are contained in chapter III., which authorizes the establishment of a pearl fishery camp.

10. Section 13 prohibits the import of artificial or culture pearls into a camp during a fishery. This is considered a necessary provision to prevent fraud and to prevent suspicion being cast on the genuineness of pearls sold at the camp.

11. In the 1905 camp a gang of decoits from India successfully effected a robbery of pearls valued at Rs. 30,000. In order to prevent a repetition of such an occurrence, it is proposed to institute proceedings against all known dangerous criminals attending the camp to compel them to give security for their good behaviour under chapter VII. of the Criminal Procedure Code. Section 12 will facilitate such proceedings in the case of Indians as to whose record it would be impossible to obtain first-hand evidence. Members of the Indian Police Force will attend the camp.

12. Section 14 gives wide powers to enable regulations to be made for the proper administration of the fishery camp. These powers include the power to regulate food prices within the area of the camp. All such regulations have to be laid before the Legislative Council in terms of section 20.

Attorney-General's Chambers,  
Colombo, January 9, 1925.

L. H. ELPHINSTONE,  
Attorney-General.

### MINUTE.

The following Draft of a proposed Ordinance is published for general information :—

**An Ordinance to provide for the Registration of Dispensing Chemists and Druggists, and to amend the Law with regard to the Possession and Sale of Poisons.**

**WHEREAS** it is expedient for the safety of the public that persons practising as dispensing chemists and druggists should be properly qualified, and to amend the law relating to the possession and sale of poisons : Be it therefore enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :

Preamble.

#### CHAPTER I.

##### *Preliminary.*

1 This Ordinance may be cited as " The Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance, No. of 1925," and shall come into operation at such date, not being less than six months after the passing of this Ordinance, as the Governor, by Proclamation in the " Government Gazette," shall appoint :

Short title and commencement.

Provided that, immediately after the passing of this Ordinance and before the said date, it shall be lawful to register persons as dispensing chemists and druggists in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance, and to do all things which are required by this Ordinance for such purpose.

2 " The Poisons Ordinance, 1901," and section 4 of " The Indian Hemp Ordinance, 1907," are hereby repealed.

Repeal.

3 In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires—

Interpretation.

" Dispensing chemist and druggist " means a person entitled to exercise the business or calling of a dispenser and compounder of drugs in this Colony.

" Practising dispensing chemist and druggist " means any person actually practising as a dispensing chemist and druggist in the Colony at the date of the passing of this Ordinance.

"Drug" includes medicine for internal or external use, and any substance or mixture of substances intended to be used for the cure, mitigation, or prevention of diseases of man or animal, and poisons as hereinafter defined.

"Poison" includes the articles named or described in parts I. and II. of schedule I. to this Ordinance.

"Poisonous substance" includes the articles named or described in part III. of schedule I. of this Ordinance.

"Council" means the Ceylon Medical Council as incorporated by "The Ceylon Medical Council Ordinance, 1924."

"Local authority" means the Government Agent of the Province or the Assistant Government Agent of the district.

"Registrar" means the Registrar of the Ceylon Medical Council.

"Registered person" means a person registered as a dispensing chemist and druggist under this Ordinance.

"Government Analyst" includes an Assistant Government Analyst.

"Prescribed" means unless otherwise stated prescribed by regulation made by the Council.

Extension of  
definition of  
poison.

4 The Governor in Executive Council may, by Proclamation in the "Government Gazette," declare that any article in schedule I. to this Ordinance shall be transferred from any one part of the said schedule to any other part, or shall be omitted altogether, or that any other article shall be included in any part of the said schedule or that any article shall be omitted from or added to schedule III.

## CHAPTER II.

### *Examinations.*

Examining  
Board.

5 (1) For the purposes of this Ordinance, the Council shall appoint a Board of Examiners consisting of two registered medical practitioners, one of whom shall be the Lecturer in *Materia Medica* or the Lecturer in Pharmacy of the Ceylon Medical College, and of two persons entitled to practise in any part of the United Kingdom as chemists and druggists or pharmacists or as pharmaceutical chemists.

(2) The Council shall from time to time, when any vacancy by death, resignation, or otherwise occurs, appoint a successor to fill the vacancy.

Power of  
Council to  
make  
regulations.

6 The Council may make regulations—

(a) Prescribing the examination qualifying persons to be registered as apprentices under this Ordinance.

(b) Prescribing the course of studies qualifying candidates to present themselves for examinations under this Ordinance, and the nature and duration of such studies.

(c) Regulating the subjects, time, method, and conduct of examinations held under this Ordinance.

(d) Prescribing the fees payable by candidates tendering themselves for examination.

(e) Prescribing, in cases not specially provided for by this Ordinance, the fees payable on the registration of persons as dispensing chemists and druggists.

(f) Prescribing the evidence which the Council will require for the right of any person to be registered as a dispensing chemist and druggist without examination under section 17 of this Ordinance.

(g) Generally for carrying out the objects of this Ordinance in respect of matters not assigned to any other authority.

Results of  
examinations  
and issue of  
diplomas.

7 (1) The Board of Examiners shall, within a reasonable time of the conclusion of any examination, report to the Council the results of such examination.

(2) A diploma in the form A in schedule II. of this Ordinance, signed by any two members of the Board of Examiners and countersigned by the Registrar of the Ceylon Medical Council, shall be given to each successful candidate at such examination.

## CHAPTER III.

*Apprentices.*

8 Subject to the exemptions, exceptions, and qualifications hereafter set forth, every person desirous of becoming a dispensing chemist and druggist must serve as an apprentice for two years.

Intending dispensing chemists, &c., to serve as apprentices.

9 (1) On any person satisfying the Registrar that he has passed the prescribed examination, the Registrar shall enter his name in a book, to be called "The Apprentices' Register."

Register of apprentices.

(2) Such register shall be kept in the prescribed form.

10 Every person whose name has been entered by the Registrar in the Apprentices' Register shall be entitled to enter into articles of apprenticeship to any practising dispensing chemist and druggist, and no other person shall be so entitled.

Who may enter into articles.

11 The Council may from time to time prescribe the form of articles of apprenticeship which are to be used by practising dispensing chemists and druggists when taking persons to serve as their apprentices.

Form of articles.

12 (1) As soon as any person has become duly bound under articles of apprenticeship to a practising dispensing chemist and druggist, he shall exhibit the said articles, or cause them to be exhibited, to the Registrar.

Articles to be noted in Apprentices' Register.

(2) The Registrar shall thereupon enter in the Apprentices Register against the name of such person the date when such articles were exhibited, and the name of the practising dispensing chemist and druggist to whom he has become bound.

(3) The period of such person's service under articles of apprenticeship shall be deemed to commence at the date of such entry being made.

(4) The Registrar shall mark such articles as having been so exhibited and entered and the date thereof.

13 (1) An apprentice may complete his period of service under one or more practising dispensing chemists and druggists, provided that, on leaving any master to whom he was bound in articles and becoming bound to another master, he shall in every case execute fresh articles of apprenticeship, and shall exhibit the same to the Registrar.

Apprentice's service may be under one or more masters.

(2) The Registrar shall thereupon make an entry in the Apprentices' Register, and shall mark the articles in the manner in the last preceding section required: Provided that before such entry is made the apprentice shall satisfy the Registrar as to the date when his service ceased under his former articles, and the Registrar shall make in the Apprentices' Register an entry of such date against the entry respecting the former articles.

14 If any apprentice shall intermit at any one time more than eighteen months in his service under articles, his service under articles shall commence again in all respects, except that he shall not be required to have his name entered afresh in the Apprentices' Register as being entitled to enter into articles of apprenticeship.

Service intermitted for more than eighteen months.

## CHAPTER IV.

*Registration.*

15 Every person to whom a diploma in the form A in schedule II. of this Ordinance is granted shall, on the payment of the prescribed fee, and on satisfying the Registrar that he is twenty-one years of age, and has fulfilled all the conditions imposed by this Ordinance and any regulations made thereunder, be entitled to be registered as a dispensing chemist and druggist under this Ordinance.

Right of successful candidate to be registered.

16 (1) The Board of Examiners shall, on the application of any person who at the time of the passing of this Ordinance shall be twenty-one years of age, and shall produce a declaration in the form B in schedule II. hereto that he had been

Right of assistants to chemists and druggists to be registered.

actually engaged and employed for a period of not less than three years immediately preceding the date of the passing of this Ordinance in the practical translation and compounding of prescriptions, and who shall have passed such a modified examination as may be prescribed, give him a certificate in the form C in schedule II. hereto. Such certificate may be signed by any two members of the Board of Examiners and shall be countersigned by the Registrar.

(2) Every person to whom such certificate is given shall, on the payment of the prescribed fee, be entitled to be registered as a dispensing chemist and druggist under this Ordinance.

(3) Provided that no application for examination or registration under this section shall be made by any person later than one year from the date of the coming into operation of this Ordinance.

Persons entitled to be registered without examination.

17 The following persons shall be exempted from the obligation of passing any of the examinations hereinbefore mentioned, and shall be entitled on paying the prescribed fee to be registered as dispensing chemists and druggists under this Ordinance, namely :

- (a) Any person entitled to practise in any part of the United Kingdom as a chemist and druggist, pharmaceutical chemist, or pharmacist ;
- (b) Any person who is a qualified Government apothecary ;
- (c) Any person who satisfies the Council that during the three years immediately preceding the date of the passing of this Ordinance he has personally carried on or managed in Ceylon the business of a dispensing chemist and druggist, and has during such period held a license under " The Poisons Ordinance, 1901," to sell poison by retail and has had sufficient training in pharmacy and in the nature of drugs and poisons ;

Provided always that any person of the class named in clause (c) who desires to be registered under this section shall apply to the Council for registration not later than six months from the date of the coming into operation of this Ordinance.

Register of chemists and druggists.

18 (1) The Registrar shall make and keep a correct register, as nearly as may be in accordance with form D set forth in schedule II. to this Ordinance, of all persons registered under this Ordinance, and from time to time make all necessary alterations in the addresses of the persons registered and erase the names of any registered persons who have died, or whose names should be removed under the provisions of this Ordinance.

(2) Whenever any person registered under this Ordinance changes his residence, he shall forthwith notify his new address to the Registrar.

(3) If a registered letter is sent by post to any registered person according to his address on the register to inquire whether he has changed his address and no answer is returned within three months, and a second letter of similar purport is sent in like manner and no answer is given thereto within one month from date thereof, the name of such person may be removed from the register: Provided always that the same may be replaced thereon by direction of the Council should they think fit to make such order.

Removal of name from register.

19 If any registered person is convicted of any indictable offence which, in the opinion of the Council, renders him unfit to be a dispensing chemist and druggist, or shows such gross negligence or incapacity in the performance of his duties, or is guilty of such repeated contraventions of the provisions of this Ordinance or of any regulations made thereunder that, in the opinion of the Council, he cannot safely be allowed to continue to practise as a dispensing chemist and druggist, the Governor in Executive Council may, on the application of the Council, order the name of such person to be removed from the register, and the Registrar shall give effect to such order.

Publication of register.

20 (1) The Registrar shall, in the month of January in every year, or as soon as may be thereafter, cause to be printed and published in the " Government Gazette " a

correct list of all persons whose names were entered in the register above referred to up to the thirty-first day of December preceding, and in such list the names shall be in alphabetical order according to the surnames, and it shall be in accordance with form D set forth in schedule II. to this Ordinance.

(2) A copy of the "Government Gazette" containing such list shall be evidence in all courts of law and for all purposes that the persons therein specified are registered persons, and the absence of the name of any person from such printed list shall be *prima facie* evidence that such person is not a registered person.

21 Any person who wilfully makes or causes to be made any falsification of the register of chemists and druggists, and any person who wilfully procures or attempts to procure himself to be registered under this Ordinance by making or producing, or causing to be made or produced, any false or fraudulent representation or declaration, either verbally or in writing, and any person aiding or assisting him therein, shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable on conviction thereof to a fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, or to simple or rigorous imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years, or to both.

Offences.

22 No registered medical practitioner shall be entitled to be registered under this Ordinance, and if any registered person obtains a diploma or license entitling him to be registered under "The Medical Registration Ordinance, 1905," and is registered under the said Ordinance, his name shall be removed from "The Register of Dispensing Chemists and Druggists."

Persons not to be registered.

23 Registration under this Ordinance shall not entitle any person to practise or to profess to be entitled to practise medicine or surgery or any branch of medicine or surgery.

Limit of effect of registration.

24 All registered persons shall be exempt from serving on any jury.

Exemption from jury service.

25 Upon every examination and upon every registration or re-registration the prescribed fees shall be paid by the candidate to the Registrar:

Fees.

Provided always that all persons who at the date when this Ordinance is passed are entitled to be registered under section 17 shall pay a fee of only five rupees for being registered.

## CHAPTER V.

### *Possession and Sale of Drugs.*

26 (1) No person shall sell, or expose or offer for sale, or keep open any shop for selling, dispensing, or compounding drugs, unless he is a registered person, or employs a registered person personally to superintend and manage the sale, dispensing, and compounding of such drugs.

Prohibition of sale of drugs, &c., by unregistered persons.

(2) The registered person by whom or under whose personal supervision any drug is dispensed or compounded shall write on a label on the bottle or other package containing such drug his name or initials, and any label attached to any such bottle or package and having the name or initials of any registered person written thereon shall be *prima facie* evidence in any case that such drug was dispensed or compounded by him or under his supervision.

(3) The person who keeps any such open shop, or in whose name any such open shop is kept, shall, if any of the provisions of the last preceding sub-section are not complied with in respect of all drugs sent from his shop, be deemed to be guilty of a breach of such sub-section.

27 Any person who sells or causes to be sold any poison to any person under twelve years of age, except on a prescription by a registered medical practitioner, shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

Sale of poison to person under twelve.

Restriction on  
sale of poisons.

28 (1) (a) No person shall sell any poison, either by wholesale or retail, unless the box, bottle, vessel, or container in which such poison is contained is distinctly labelled with the name of the article and the word "poison" in English, Sinhalese, and Tamil, and with the name and address of the seller of the poison.

(b) No person shall sell any poison named in part I. of schedule I. of this Ordinance, or hereafter added thereto under section 4 of this Ordinance, to any person unknown to the seller, unless introduced by some person known to the seller.

(c) On every sale of any poison the seller shall, before delivery, make or cause to be made an entry in a book (hereinafter called "The Sale of Poisons Book") to be kept for that purpose, stating, in the form E in schedule II., the date of sale, the name and address of purchaser, the quantity and name of the article sold, and the purpose for which it is stated by the purchaser to be required, to which entry the signatures of the purchaser and of the introducer, if and when required under the provisions of this Ordinance and of the seller, shall be affixed.

(2) No person shall sell any arsenic unless the same be, before the sale thereof, mixed with soot or indigo in the proportion of one ounce of soot or half an ounce of indigo at least to one pound of the arsenic, and so in proportion for any greater or less quantity:

Provided that this sub-section shall not extend to the sale of arsenic when the same forms part of the ingredients of any medicine required to be made up or compounded according to the prescription of a registered medical practitioner, or to the sale of arsenic by wholesale to dispensing chemists and druggists and persons licensed under section 31 of this Ordinance upon orders in writing in the ordinary course of wholesale dealing.

(3) No person shall keep poison for the purpose of sale in any warehouse, shop, or dispensary, unless—

(a) Each box, bottle, vessel, or container in which such poison is contained is labelled with the name of the article, and also with the word "poison" in English, Sinhalese, and Tamil; and

(b) Such poison is kept in one or other of the following ways, namely:

(i.) In a bottle or vessel tied over, capped, locked, or otherwise secured in a manner different from that in which bottles or vessels containing ordinary articles are secured in the same warehouse, shop, or dispensary; or

(ii.) In a bottle or vessel rendered distinguishable by touch from the bottles or vessels in which ordinary articles are kept in the same warehouse, shop, or dispensary; or

(iii.) In a bottle, vessel, box, or package in a room or cupboard set apart for dangerous articles.

(4) No person shall dispense or sell any poison, or any liniment, embrocation, or lotion containing poison, unless it is dispensed or sold in bottles rendered distinguishable by touch from ordinary medicine bottles, and unless there is affixed to each such bottle, in addition to the name of the article and to any particular instructions for its use, a label giving notice that the contents of the bottle are not to be taken internally.

(5) No person shall sell liquid disinfectants containing poison, except in drums, bottles, or containers labelled distinctly with the word "poison" in English, Sinhalese, and Tamil.

(6) Any person selling, dispensing, or keeping for sale poisons or any liniment, embrocation, lotion or liquid disinfectants containing poison otherwise than as herein provided shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees for the first offence, and three hundred rupees for any subsequent offence.

(7) For the purposes of this section the person on whose behalf any sale is made by any one employed by him shall be deemed to be the seller.

(8) This section shall not apply to sales by wholesale to registered dispensing chemists and druggists or persons licensed under section 31 of this Ordinance in the ordinary course of wholesale dealing, nor to any article when forming the prescription or part of the prescription of any registered medical practitioner for any medicine dispensed by, or under the supervision of, a person registered under this Ordinance :

Provided such medicine be labelled in the manner aforesaid with the name and address of the seller, and the ingredients thereof be entered with the name and address of the person to or for whom it is sold or delivered in a book to be kept for that purpose, to be called " The Prescription Book."

29 (1) Any police officer not below the rank of a sub-inspector or any headman authorized in writing by the Government Agent or the Assistant Government Agent of the District, may between the hours of 8 A.M. and 4 P.M. of any day inspect " The Sale of Poisons Book " in the presence of the person responsible for the keeping of the said book, and any person refusing or failing within a reasonable time to produce for inspection " The Sale of Poisons Book " kept by him under this Ordinance shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable, on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

Inspection of  
" The Sale of  
Poisons Book."

(2) Any such authority in writing shall, if required, be produced by the person to whom it has been granted before such person shall be entitled to inspect " The Sale of Poisons Book."

30 Save as is herein provided, nothing in this Ordinance contained shall extend or apply to—

Cases to which  
Ordinance does  
not apply.

- (a) The sale or the supplying of drugs on prescription by any registered medical practitioner or registered or licensed dentist or any Government apothecary in the Government service to his patients, provided that such drugs are dispensed or sold by him or by some person under his supervision.
- (b) The sale or supply of drugs by any duly qualified veterinary surgeon in the course of his practice.
- (c) The sale of any drug, not being a poison, by wholesale dealers to registered persons or to persons licensed under section 31 of this Ordinance in the ordinary course of wholesale dealing.
- (d) The sale of any drug to any registered person.
- (e) The sale by any person of the following articles, namely :
  - (i.) Patent, proprietary, or homeopathic medicines (subject to the provisions hereinafter contained) if sold in any box, bottle, vessel, or parcel, and under wrapper or cover as imported into this Colony, or as prepared by any registered person: Provided that such box, bottle, vessel, or parcel is properly secured, and bears the seal, name, or trade mark of the proprietor, inventor, or manufacturer thereof, and directions for its use.
  - (ii.) Mineral or artificial waters or the salts or other material employed in their preparation.
  - (iii.) Simple medicinal substances mentioned in schedule III., or hereafter added thereto under section 4 of this Ordinance.
  - (iv.) Any herb, vegetable, gum, oil, or seed, not being a poison, in its natural state, or not specially prepared so as to be fitted for medical use only, though the same may be used in medicine.
  - (v.) Articles not being poisons which are to be used for flavouring foods or drinks, or for perfumery, painting, tanning, dyeing, soap-making, or any other industrial art or manufacture.
  - (vi.) Poisonous substances mentioned in part III. of schedule I., or any substance hereafter added thereto under section 4 of this Ordinance, subject to the conditions and limitations contained in the said part III.

- (f) The sale or supply of drugs by a registered person to an estate hospital or dispensary or the dispensing of drugs at any estate dispensary by a dispenser duly appointed under "The Medical Wants Ordinance, 1912."
- (g) The sale of opium or cocaine under and in accordance with any Ordinance or Ordinances for the time being in force with regard to the sale of opium or cocaine.
- (h) The dispensing of drugs by vedaralas or native practitioners to their patients in the ordinary course of practice: Provided that nothing herein contained shall be deemed to authorize the sale of any poison in any form in which it is unfitted for use as a medicine, or in larger quantities than is necessary or proper for the treatment of the patient to whom it is supplied.
- (i) The selling or the keeping open any shop under a license granted under the next succeeding section for the sale of the poisons or poisonous substances therein specified, and in accordance with regulations made thereunder.

License for sale of certain poisonous substances.

31 (1) The local authority may grant to any person a license to sell or keep open shop for the sale of poisons or poisonous substances to be used exclusively—

- (a) In agriculture or horticulture.  
 (b) For the destruction of insects, fungi, bacteria, or weeds.  
 (c) For the veterinary treatment of animals.

(2) Before granting such license, the local authority shall take into consideration, whether in the neighbourhood where the applicant for the license carries on or intends to carry on business, the reasonable requirements of the public with respect to the purchase of such poisons or poisonous substances as aforesaid are satisfied.

(3) The Governor in Executive Council may make regulations as to—

- (a) The granting of a license under this section;  
 (b) The form, duration, renewal, revocation, suspension, extension, and the production of such license;  
 (c) The keeping, inspection, and copying of the register of licenses;  
 (d) The fees to be charged for licenses, and for inspection and copying of registers; and  
 (e) The keeping, transporting, and selling of the poisonous substances to which this section applies, and generally for the purposes of carrying the said section into effect.

(4) All such regulations shall be published in the "Government Gazette," and shall thereupon be as valid and effectual for all purposes as if they had been contained in this Ordinance.

Possession of poisons.

32 (1) No person shall have in his possession any poison, except in conformity with the provisions of regulations made under this Ordinance.

(2) The Governor in Executive Council may make regulations with respect to the possession of poisons by wholesale dealers, registered persons, and other persons, the quantities which such persons may respectively keep, and the manner and places in which such poisons may be kept. All such regulations shall be published in the "Government Gazette," and shall thereupon be as valid and effectual for all purposes as if they had been contained in this Ordinance.

## CHAPTER VI.

### *General Provisions.*

Prohibition of unregistered persons assuming title of chemist, &c.

33 (1) From and after the coming into operation of this Ordinance no person shall assume or use the title of chemist and druggist, or druggist, or dispensing chemist, or dispensing chemist and druggist, or any name, title, or sign implying that he is registered under this Ordinance, or is entitled to practise as a dispensing chemist and druggist, unless he has been duly registered under this Ordinance.



(2) Nothing in this Ordinance contained shall entitle any person to take, use, or exhibit the title of pharmaceutical chemist, pharmacist, or pharmacist, unless he is entitled to registration under section 17 (a) of this Ordinance, as the holder of the major or minor certificate of the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain.

34 Every dispensing chemist and druggist who receives a prescription in which the maximum dose of any drug as laid down in the British Pharmacopœia has been exceeded shall not dispense the same unless such dose is specially initialled by the prescriber, and if the same be not specially initialled, he shall without delay refer the prescription to him to be so initialled if correct before proceeding to dispense the same.

Duty of chemist where excessive dose is prescribed.

35 (1) No person shall sell, or expose or offer for sale, or dispense or compound any drug in a stale or unwholesome state, or in a state unfit for use, or any drug diluted or mixed or adulterated with any other substance or thing, except in accordance with a prescription of a registered medical practitioner, or any drug not of the nature, substance, quantity, or quality demanded by any purchaser or mentioned in any prescription.

Prohibition as to stale, unwholesome, or adulterated drugs, &c.

(2) The standard of strength, quality, and purity of all drugs shall be in conformity with that laid down in the current issue of the British Pharmacopœia.

(3) Any person acting in contravention of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

36 (1) It shall be lawful for any of the following persons (herein referred to as authorized persons), that is to say :

Power to enter and inspect shop and purchase samples for analysis.

- (a) Any member of the Council ;
- (b) Any medical officer of the Medical Department of the Colony authorized in writing under the hand of the Principal Civil Medical Officer ;
- (c) Any police officer no below the rank of sub-inspector or any peace officer authorized in writing under the hand of a Government Agent, Assistant Government Agent, or Superintendent of Police ;

to enter the premises of any dispensing chemist and druggist for the purpose of inspection with reference to the provision of this Ordinance at all reasonable times between the hours of 8 A.M. and 4 P.M., and to procure at the cost of Government any sample of any drug for analysis by the Government Analyst.

(2) Any authorized person purchasing or procuring any article from any person selling the same with the intention of submitting it for analysis shall forthwith notify to the seller or his agent selling the article his intention to have the same analyzed by the Government Analyst, and shall divide the article into two parts to be then and there separated, and each part to be marked and sealed or fastened up in such manner as its nature will permit, and shall deliver one of such parts to the seller or his agent, and the other, if he deems it right to have the article analyzed, to the Government Analyst. The seller of any such article so sold or procured may affix his own private seal to the sample so obtained in such a manner as not to interfere with the seal affixed by the authorized person.

(3) If any article contained in any bottle, tin, package, or other receptacle is purchased for analysis, together with other articles purporting to be identical therewith, and contained in identical bottles, tins, packages, or other receptacles, in any such case—

- (a) The person obtaining such article for analysis may obtain two or more of such articles and divide the total amount of the articles so obtained as though they constituted a single sample ;

(b) The Government Analyst, if any such article singly is too small to be conveniently analyzed as a separate sample, may mix together two or more of such articles obtained as part of the same sample, and analyze them as a single sample.

(4) Any person obstructing, molesting or hindering any of the authorized persons mentioned in this section in or about the entry into, or inspection of, any such premises, or in the procuring of samples for analysis as hereinbefore provided, shall be guilty of a breach of the provisions of this Ordinance.

Certificate of  
Government  
Analyst.

37 In any proceedings under this Ordinance the production of a certificate signed by the Government Analyst with regard to any substance alleged to be any of the articles named in any of the schedules to this Ordinance shall be *prima facie* evidence of the facts therein stated, and no proof need be given of the signature or official character of the person signing the certificate.

Fees to be paid  
into the general  
revenue of the  
Colony.

38 All fees payable under this Ordinance, if paid otherwise than by means of stamps, shall be paid into the general revenue of the Colony.

Evidence.

39 Any copy of the "Government Gazette" containing what purports to be a declaration of the Governor that any article is a poison or a poisonous substance or a simple medicinal substance shall be sufficient evidence that such article is a poison or poisonous substance or a simple medicinal substance for the purposes of this Ordinance.

General  
penalty.

40 Every person who infringes any of the provisions of this Ordinance, or any regulation made thereunder, for the breach of which no penalty is provided in this Ordinance, shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees, or to imprisonment, rigorous or simple, for a period not exceeding one year, and such offence shall be triable summarily by a Police Court, notwithstanding, that the maximum penalty provided for such offence exceeds the ordinary jurisdiction of Police Courts.

#### SCHEDULE I.

##### Part 1 — Poisons.

(Sections 3 and 28 (1) (b).)

Arsenic, and its medicinal preparations.

Aconite, aconitine, and their preparations.

Alkaloids and Glucosides: all poisonous vegetable alkaloids and glucosides not specifically named in this schedule, and their salts, and all poisonous derivatives of vegetable alkaloids and glucosides.

Atropine, and its salts, and their preparations.

Belladonna, and all preparations or admixtures (except belladonna plasters) containing 0.1 or more per cent. of belladonna alkaloids and glucosides.

Cantharides, and its poisonous derivatives.

Corrosive sublimate.

Cyanide of potassium and all poisonous cyanides and their preparations.

Ergot of rye, and preparations of ergot and ergamine.

Lead in combination with oleic acid or other higher fatty acids, whether sold as dishchylon or under any other designation (except machine spread plasters).

Nux vomica, and all preparations or admixtures containing 0.2 or more per cent. of strychnine.

Picrotoxin.

Prussic acid, and all preparations or admixtures containing 0.1 or more per cent. of prussic acid.

Savin, and its oil, and all preparations or admixtures containing savin or its oil.

Tartar emetic, and all preparations or admixtures containing 1 or more per cent. of tartar emetic.

## Part II.—Poisons.

## (Section 3.)

Almonds, essential oil of (unless deprived of prussic acid).  
 Antimonial wine.  
 Cantharides, tincture and all vesicating liquid preparations or admixtures of.  
 Carbolic acid, and liquid preparations of carbolic acid, and its homologues containing more than 3 per cent. of those substances, except preparations used as disinfectants and for agricultural or horticultural purposes.  
 Chloral hydrate.  
 Chloroform, and all preparations or admixtures containing more than 20 per cent. of chloroform.  
 Diethyl-Barbituric acid and other alkyl, aryl, or metallic derivatives of barbituric acid, whether described as veronal, propronal, medinal, or by any other trade name, mark, or designation; and all poisonous urethanes and ureides.  
 Digitalis.  
 Mercuric iodide.  
 Mercuric sulphocyanide.  
 Oxalic acid.  
 Poppies, all preparations of, excepting red poppy petals and syrup of red poppies (*Papaver Rhæas*).  
 Precipitate, red, and all oxides of mercury.  
 Precipitate, white.  
 Strophanthus.  
 Sulphonal and its homologues, whether described as trional, tetronal, or by any other trade name, mark, or designation.  
 All other poisonous metallic salts.

## Part III.—Poisonous Substances.

## (Sections 3 and 30 (e) (vi).)

Ammonia: liquid preparations containing more than 5 per cent. by weight of free ammonia.  
 Carbolic: All liquid preparations sold as carbolic or carbolic acid or carbolic substitutes or carbolic disinfectant, containing not more than 3 per cent. of phenols or phenyloids.  
 Hydrochloric acid.  
 Nitric acid.  
 Sulphuric acid.

## Conditions and Limitations.

Sale not confined to dispensing chemists and druggists, but all persons selling these articles by retail must label the box, bottle, vessel, wrapper, or cover with—

- (1) The name of the substance;
- \*(2) The word "Poisonous";
- \*(3) The words "Not to be taken";
- (4) Name and address of the seller.

\*(2) and (3) to be printed or written in English, Sinhalese, and Tamil.

## SCHEDULE II.

## Form A (Section 7).

"THE PHARMACY AND POISONS ORDINANCE, No. OF 1925."

## Diploma.

No. —.

Ceylon.

—, of —, has satisfied the Board of Examiners appointed under the provisions of the said Ordinance that he is duly qualified to exercise the business or calling of a Dispensing Chemist and Druggist under "The Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance, No. of 1925."

Given at Colombo, this — day of —, 19 —.

A. B. } Members of the Board of Examiners.  
 C. D. }  
 E. F., Registrar of the Ceylon Medical Council.

## Form B (Section 16).

"THE PHARMACY AND POISONS ORDINANCE, NO. OF 1925."

Declaration to be signed by and on behalf of any Assistant claiming to be registered under "The Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance, No. of 1925."

To the Board of Examiners appointed under "The Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance, No. of 1925."

I hereby declare that the undersigned —, residing at —, in the Island of Ceylon, had, for three years immediately before the passing of the above-mentioned Ordinance, been employed in the practical translation and compounding of prescriptions as an assistant to —, carrying on business as a Chemist and Druggist at —, and had, at such date, attained the age of twenty-one years.

As witness my hand this — day of —, 19 —.

*A. B.*, Duly qualified Medical Practitioner.

*C. D.*, Chemist and Druggist.

*E. F.*, Magistrate.

(To be signed by one of the three parties named.)

I hereby declare that I was an assistant to —, of —, in the Island of Ceylon, in the year —, and was for three years immediately before the passing of this Ordinance actually engaged in dispensing and compounding drugs, and that I had attained the full age of twenty-one years at the time of the passing of the said Ordinance.

— *G. H.*, Assistant.

## Form C (Section 16).

"THE PHARMACY AND POISONS ORDINANCE, NO. OF 1925."

## Certificate of Eligibility for Registration.

No. —. Ceylon.

—, of —, has satisfied the Board of Examiners appointed under the provisions of the said Ordinance in the modified examination held under section 16 of the said Ordinance that he is duly qualified to exercise the business or calling of a Dispensing Chemist and Druggist under the said Ordinance.

Given at Colombo, this — day of —, 19 —.

*A. B.* } Members of the Board of Examiners.  
*C. D.* }

*E. F.*, Registrar of the Ceylon Medical Council.

## Form D (Sections 18 and 20).

"THE PHARMACY AND POISONS ORDINANCE, NO. OF 1925."

## Register of Chemists and Druggists.

Name.	Address.	Qualification.	Date of Registration.	Remarks.

## Form E (Section 28).

## Sale of Poisons Book.

Date of Sale.	Name and Address of Purchaser.	Name and Quantity of Poison sold.	Purposes for which it is required.	Signature of Purchaser.	Signature of Person introducing Purchaser.	Signature of Seller.

SCHEDULE III.  
(Section 3 (e) (iii).)

Asafoetida.	Castor oil.	Quinine.
Bark, Peruvian.	Epsom salts.	Rhubarb.
Camphor.	Glauber salts.	Senna.
Carbonate of magnesia.	Nitre.	

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, January 9, 1925.

CECIL CLEMENTI,  
Colonial Secretary.

*Statement of Objects and Reasons.*

EXCEPT as regards the sale of poisons under "The Poisons Ordinance, 1901," and of opium and ganja, it may be said that there is no law in Ceylon dealing with the sale and dispensing of drugs. Any person who has the necessary courage and fearlessness of consequences can open a chemist's shop and profess to act as a dispensing chemist and druggist.

It need hardly be said that this is an undesirable, not to say dangerous, state of affairs, and this Bill is intended to provide that dispensing chemists and druggists should be equipped with the necessary knowledge to enable them to carry on their important business.

Chapter II. of the Bill empowers the Council of the Ceylon Medical Council to appoint a Board of Examiners consisting of two registered medical practitioners, one of whom is to be the Lecturer in Materia Medica or the Lecturer in Pharmacy of the Medical College, and of two persons who are pharmacists who are qualified in the United Kingdom (section 5 of the Bill). It also gives the Council power to make regulations dealing with the examinations which have to be passed by persons intending to qualify themselves to be registered dispensing chemists and druggists (section 6).

Chapter III. of the Bill deals with the first step to be taken by the person desiring to be a dispensing chemist and druggist. After passing his qualifying examination he must be registered as an apprentice and serve two years in that capacity to a practising dispensing chemist and druggist (section 8). This service need not be all served with the same master (section 13), but the service must not be intermitted for a longer period than eighteen months.

In Chapter IV. provision is made for the registration of persons as dispensing chemists and druggists; and after the commencement of the Ordinance none except a registered person will be able to carry on the business of a dispensing chemist and druggist (section 26).

All persons who—

- (a) Have obtained a diploma under section 7 on complying with the provisions of the Bill;
- (b) Are entitled to practise as chemists and druggists in the United Kingdom;
- (c) Are qualified as Government apothecaries;

are entitled to registration (sections 15 and 17).

Two classes of persons are specially dealt with. Anyone who at the time of the passing of the Ordinance is above the age of twenty-one years and produces a certificate that he had been engaged and employed for a period of not less than three years immediately before the date of the passing of the Ordinance in the practical translation and compounding of prescriptions and who shall have passed a modified examination to be prescribed by rules, is to be entitled to a certificate under which he may be registered as a dispensing chemist and druggist under the Ordinance.

The second class of person is one who satisfies the Council that during the three years immediately before the date of the passing of the Ordinance he has personally carried on or managed in Ceylon the business of a dispensing chemist or druggist and has during such period held a license under "The Poisons Ordinance, 1901," to sell poison by retail and has had sufficient training in pharmacy and in the nature of drugs and poisons.

It is obvious that the privileges given to the classes of persons above named must have some limitation of time placed upon them. Consequently it is provided by sections 16 (3) and 17 of the Bill that the application in the former case must be made within one year and in the latter case within six months of the date of the coming into operation of the Ordinance.

In this Chapter provision is also made for the keeping of a correct register (section 18); for the removal of persons from the register who are convicted of indictable offences or show such negligence or incapacity in the performance of duties as to render them unfit to be practising chemists and druggists (section 19); for the publication of the register

and its validity as evidence of the persons who are entitled to practise as chemists and druggists (section 20). There are other provisions in the Chapter which provide for the punishment of offences, the limit of the effect of registration, and exemption of practising chemists and druggists from serving on any jury.

Chapter V. of the Bill deals with the important subjects of the sale and possession of drugs, which by the definition in section 3 include poisons. Section 26 prohibits the sale of drugs or the keeping of a chemist's shop by any except a registered person, and provides for the responsibility of the proprietor of the shop for those who compound and dispense drugs under his authority. It is also specially provided that poisons are not to be sold to persons under twelve years of age (section 27); and elaborate provisions are contained in section 28 for the manner in which poisons are to be sold. All persons selling poisons must keep a "Sale of Poisons Book," which is to be open to the inspection of the officers named in section 29 of the Bill; but by section 30 there are a number of cases which are exempted from the operation of section 28. Amongst such cases are the sale and supply of drugs on prescription by registered medical practitioners, by veterinary surgeons, and by wholesale dealers to registered dispensing chemists, &c. A special case is dealt with which allows of persons being licensed to sell poisonous substances for use in agriculture, for the purpose of the destruction of insects, fungi, &c., and for the veterinary treatment of animals in places where facilities for purchasing such substances are not readily available. Section 32 of this Chapter also deals with the important subject of the possession of poisons. This provision is borrowed from "The Poisons Ordinance, 1901," and has been found by experience to be a very necessary provision to have in operation.

Chapter VI. of the Bill deals with matters of general importance. Under section 33 unregistered persons are prohibited from assuming the title of chemists or druggists, and sections 34 and 35 deal with the duty of a chemist where excessive doses of poison are prescribed and prohibit the sale of unwholesome or adulterated drugs. Section 36 is an important one as it enables certain persons named in subsection (1) to obtain drugs for analysis by the Government Analyst.

Schedule I. gives the list of poisonous substances; but transfers and additions may be made of and to the articles enumerated in that Schedule under the powers conferred on the Governor by section 4 of the Bill.

Attorney-General's Chambers,  
Colombo, January 5, 1925.

L. H. ELPHINSTONE,  
Attorney-General.

## NOTIFICATIONS OF CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

BY virtue of a Mandate to me directed by the Hon. the Supreme Court of the Island of Ceylon, I do hereby proclaim that a Criminal Session of the said Court for the Districts of Jaffna, Mannar, and Mullaitivu will be holden at the District Court-house at Jaffna on Wednesday, February 11, 1925, at 11 o'clock of the morning of the said day.

And I do hereby require and inform all persons concerned therein to attend at the time and place above mentioned, and not to depart without leave asked and granted.

Fiscal's Office,  
Jaffna, January 16, 1925.

A. VISVANADHAN,  
for Fiscal.

## NOTICES OF INSOLVENCY.

In the District Court of Colombo.

No. 2,804. In the matter of the insolvency of D. J. de Silva Wijesaratna and W. A. Don Porolis de Silva, both carrying on business in partnership under the name, style, and firm of D. F. de Silva & Co. at No. 7, Chatham street, Fort.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the creditors of the above-named insolvent will take place at the sitting of this court on February 3, 1925, to approve the conditions of sale.

By order of court, A. E. PERERA,  
Colombo, January 15, 1925. for Secretary.

In the District Court of Colombo.

No. 3,399. In the matter of the insolvency of Ismail Lebbe Marikkar Abdul Majeed of Hunupitiya.

WHEREAS I. L. M. Abdul Majeed has filed a declaration of insolvency, and a petition for the sequestration of his estate has also been filed by M. I. M. Mohideen of Peer Saibo's lane, under the Ordinance No. 7 of 1853: Notice is hereby given that the said court has adjudged the said I. L. M. Abdul Majeed insolvent accordingly; and that two public sittings of the court, to wit, on February 17, 1925, and on March 3, 1925, will take place for the said insolvent to surrender and conform to, agreeably to the provisions

of the said Ordinance, and for the taking of the other steps set forth in the said Ordinance, of which creditors are hereby required to take notice.

By order of court, P. DE KRETZER,  
Colombo, January 15, 1925. Secretary.

In the District Court of Kandy.

No. 1,675. In the matter of the insolvency of Ihalegedera Appuwa of Mawilmada in Kandy.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the creditors of the above-named insolvent will take place at the sitting of this court on March 13, 1925, to consider the granting of a certificate of conformity to the above-named insolvent.

By order of court, P. MORTIMER,  
Kandy, January 17, 1925. Secretary.

In the District Court of Matara.

No. 24. In the matter of the insolvency of Mahamadu Lebbe Marikkar Kumisteru Mahammadu Cassim of Watagederamulla.

NOTICE is hereby given that the second sitting of this court in the above-mentioned matter has been adjourned for February 12, 1925.

By order of court, E. C. DIAS,  
Matara, January 12, 1925. Secretary.

## NOTICES OF FISCALS' SALES.

Western Province.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Philip John Stephens of 24, Coleman Garden,  
London ..... Plaintiff.

No. 6,066. Vs.

(1) Ahamado Lebbe Marikar, son of Oduma Lebbe Marikar, (2) Noordeen, son of Oduma Lebbe Marikar, both carrying on business under the name, style, and firm of O. L. M. Ahamado Lebbe Marikar at No. 11, 3rd Cross street, Pettah, Colombo ..... Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Friday, February 20, 1925, at 2.30 P.M., will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendants in the following property for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 9,731.50, with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum from August 17, 1923, till date of decree (December 5, 1923), and thereafter on the aggregate amount of the decree at legal rate of interest till payment in full, and costs of suit (less Rs. 1,000 paid on December 21, 1923, Rs. 500 paid on January 28, 1924, Rs. 500 paid on March 5, 1924, Rs. 500 paid on March 7, 1924, Rs. 500 paid on March 13, 1924, Rs. 500 paid on April 28, 1924, Rs. 250 paid on May 21, 1924, Rs. 1,250 paid on August 19, 1924, Rs. 500 paid on October 27, 1924, and Rs. 500 paid on November 8, 1924), viz. :-

All that portion of land coloured pink and marked B in the plan or survey dated October 30, 1899, made by Juan de Silva, Surveyor, with the buildings standing thereon called and known as Villa Carmen, and bearing assessment No. 445c, being a part of the northern portion of the garden called Juaniawatta, situated at Wellawatta, within

the Municipality and District of Colombo, Western Province; bounded on the north by the part of the garden formerly of Bodalage Hendrick Botejue, subsequently of the late Reverend C. Senanayaka, now of J. H. Senanayaka on the east by a part of the aforesaid northern portion marked A belonging to Brook Abraham Senanayaka, on the west by the portion marked 2 sold to Government for the seaside railway line, and on the south by the roadway 12 feet wide; containing in extent 1 acre 1 rood according to the aforesaid figure of survey dated October 30, 1899, save and except therefrom a portion in extent 6½ perches lately acquired by Government for the railway line.

Fiscal's Office,  
Colombo, January 21, 1925.

R. O. DE SARAM,  
Deputy Fiscal.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Colanda Marikkar Hadjiar Mohamed Cassim of Colpetty,  
Colombo ..... Plaintiff.

No. 10,998. Vs.

K. G. Silva of No. 61, Dean's road, Maradana,  
Colombo ..... Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Monday, February 16, 1925, at 3 P.M., will be sold by public auction at No. 120, Dean's road, Maradana, Colombo, the following property mortgaged with the plaintiff by the bond No. 51 dated October 5, 1921, and attested by A. M. Fuard of Colombo, Notary Public, and ordered to be sold by the order of court dated December 2, 1924, for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 2,624.73, with interest on Rs. 2,300 at 13 per cent. per annum from January 24, 1924, to November 3, 1924, and thereafter on the aggregate amount of the decree at

9 per cent, per annum till payment in full, and cost of suit (bill not taxed yet), viz. :—

One Marshall's multitubular dredger boiler, approximate horse power 60 h.p., working pressure 100 lb. per square mile, complete with all fittings, donkey, and injector, condition externally and internally excellent, mountings, safety valve, stop valve, fusible plug &c., and all the right, title, interest, and claim whatsoever of the said defendant.

Fiscal's Office,  
Colombo, January 20, 1925.

R. O. DE SARAM,  
Deputy Fiscal.

In the District Court of Colombo.

30 *Rs. 8/-*  
V. E. A. A. Muttiah Chetty of Sea street, Colombo. . Plaintiff.

No. 11,002. Vs.

(1) Lewispillai Andrew of Stafford place, Colombo, (2)  
R. Ratnampillai of Hulftsdorp, Colombo. . . Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Wednesday, February 18, 1925, at 3 P.M., will be sold by public auction at the premises the following property for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 459.06, with further interest on Rs. 420 at 18 per cent. per annum from January 25, 1924, till date of decree (July 3, 1924), and thereafter on the aggregate amount of the decree at legal rate till payment in full, and costs of suit, less Rs. 150, viz. :—The right, title, and interest of the 1st defendant in and to the unexpired term of the indenture of lease dated December 6, 1922, executed by the Chairman of the Municipal Council, Colombo, in respect of the following property, viz. :—

All those boutiques presently bearing assessment Nos. 40 and 42, standing on the Municipal Council land marked lot B in the plan No. 1,974 dated September 19, 1922, signed by C. W. Kilmister, situated at the junction of 2nd Division, Maradana, and Symond's road, within the Municipality, in the District of Colombo, Western Province; bounded on the north by property belonging to P. M. Yoosoo, east by the reservation along the road, south by a portion of land belonging to the Municipal Council, and west by the property of Pitche Tanby and others; containing in extent 1 75/100 perches.

Fiscal's Office,  
Colombo, January 20, 1925.

R. O. DE SARAM,  
Deputy Fiscal.

In the District Court of Colombo.

*Rs. 8/-*  
The Hon. Sir Henry Cooper Gollan, His Majesty's Attorney-General in the Island of Ceylon. . . . . Plaintiff.

No. 11,396. Vs.

(1) Kokmaduwa Kotapamunuwa Liyanage Don Martino Seneviratna and (2) Clarice Seneviratna, husband and wife, both of St. Martins, Mutwal, Colombo. . . . . Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Thursday, February 19, 1925, at 2.30 P.M., will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendants in the following property for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 3,231.53, with interest thereon at 9 per cent. per annum from October 24, 1924, till date of payment, and costs Rs. 739.77, viz. :—

All those five contiguous parts of land together with the buildings thereon now forming one property, bearing assessment Nos. 4,000/55/54, situated at Modera street, Mutwal, within the Municipality and District of Colombo, Western Province; bounded on the north-east by the property bearing assessment No. 3,999/56 of Kurukulasooriya Soloman Pintoe, on the south-east by the Modera street, on the south-west by the properties bearing assessment Nos. 4,001/54 and 4,002/53 of Ethige Paulo Silva, and on the north-west by the property bearing assessment No. 4,007/47 of the heirs of the late Lewis Pieris; containing in extent 16 51/100 perches. Registered. Colombo A 134/272.

Fiscal's Office,  
Colombo, January 20, 1925.

R. O. DE SARAM,  
Deputy Fiscal.

*Rs. 10/-*  
In the District Court of Colombo.  
Miss Florence Elisabeth Boisson of Harcourt,  
Macarthy road, Cinnamon Gardens, Colombo. . . Plaintiff.

No. 12,982. Vs.

J. J. Becker of Messrs. Mackwoods, Ltd., Fort, Colombo. . . . . Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Friday, February 13, 1925, at 9.30 A.M., will be sold by public auction at Lomond, Alfred place, Cinnamon Gardens, Colombo, the following movable property for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 5,255, and costs of suit, viz. :—

2 lounges	1 washhandstand
2 teapoyes	1 jug and basin
2 rattan chairs	1 teakwood toilet table
2 nadun arm chairs	1 screen
1 hat stand	9 pictures
1 nadun settee	1 writing table
1 piano	1 box (marked J. J. Becker)
4 nadun chairs	1 box
1 table	1 meatsafe
2 teapoyes	1 teakwood almirah fixed with mirror
1 gramophone	1 jak toilet table
1 carpet	1 nadun table
1 brass frame	1 screen
1 brass tray	1 teapoy
3 brass betel trays	2 bentwood chairs
2 brass vases with teapoy	1 table with marble top
1 table	2 sets jugs and basins
6 nadun chairs	1 bathing tub
1 lamp shade	1 writing table
1 screen	1 round chair
1 teakwood sideboard	1 bookcase with books
1 rack	1 cigar box
1 silver cup	1 toilet table
2 jugs (enamelled)	1 nadun almirah
1 statue	2 carpets
1 whatnot	1 screen
2 brass pots	1 box
1 lot cups	1 iron stove
1 lot tumblers	

On the same day, at 11 A.M.

The following movable property will be sold by public auction at Messrs. Walker's Garage, Fort, Colombo :—

1 motor car No. C 4632.

Fiscal's Office,  
Colombo, January 20, 1925.

R. O. DE SARAM,  
Deputy Fiscal.

*Rs. 8/-*  
In the District Court of Colombo.

K. S. S. R. M. Raman Chetty of Sea street, Colombo. . . . . Plaintiff.

No. 13,102. Vs.

(1) Carolis Appuhamy *alias* R. D. Carolis Appuhamy of Old town, Veyangoda, (2) A. William Perera of Old Kolonnawa in Colombo. . . . . Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Tuesday, February 24, 1925, will be sold by public auction at the respective premises the right, title, and interest of the said 1st defendant in the following property for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 623.75, together with interest thereon at 9 per cent. per annum from August 22, 1924, till payment in full, and costs of suit, viz. :—

At 1 P.M.

(1) All that land called Jaratgodawatta, situated at Nittambuwa in Udugaha pattu of Siyane korale; bounded on the east by Delgahawatta belonging to Dasanayaka Bandara Appuhamillage Don Peiris Appuhamy, south by land belonging to Wijeratna Muhandiramge Charles Silva, west by land of Siriwardana Juwanis Appuhamy, and on the north by land belonging to Warusapperuma Appuhamillage James Appuhamy; and containing in extent about 4 acres of land.

At 1.30 P.M.

(2) All that land called Delgahawatta, situated at Nambadaluwa in the aforesaid korale; bounded on the east by the land belonging to Wijeratna Muhandiramge Charles Silva, south by land belonging to Selenchi Vedarala and others.



west by the high road to Kandy, and on the north by the road leading to Batadolawalawwa and the land of Carolis Appuhamy; and containing in extent about 1 acre, together with the tiled house standing thereon.

Fiscal's Office,  
Colombo, January 20, 1925.

R. O. DE SARAM,  
Deputy Fiscal.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Panaayna Sayna Moona Kana Theena Kadiresan  
Chetty of No. 139, Sea street, in Colombo. . . . . Plaintiff.

No. 13,873.

Vs.

Dewage Don Abraham of Walana in Panadure. . . Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Tuesday, February 24, 1925, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendant in the following property (mortgaged by the defendant with plaintiff and declared bound and executable for the decree entered in the said case) for the recovery of Rs. 11,884.25, with interest thereon at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum from October 24, 1924, till payment in full, and costs of suit (bill no. taxed yet), viz. :—

All that undivided one-half of all that land and plantations and of half share of the tiled house standing thereon from and out of the defined western half towards the northern side of Gorakagahawatta, situated at Walana in Panadure, in the District of Kalutara, Western Province; and bounded on the north by Gorakagahadeniya *alias* the ditch of Delgahawatta, on the east and south by the ditches which separate the portion of this Gorakagahawatta belonging to the heirs of the late Dewage Don Adrian, and on the west by the drain of the high road; and containing in extent 1 acre 1 rood and 17 1/2 perches.

Deputy Fiscal's Office,  
Kalutara, January 20, 1925.

H. SAMERESINGHA,  
Deputy Fiscal.

In the District Court of Colombo.

M. Jany Perera Appuhamy of 5th Cross street, Pettah,  
Colombo. . . . . Plaintiff.

No. 41,791.

Vs.

Ranawaka-achige Don Julis Appuhamy of 5th Cross street, Pettah, Colombo. presently of Kalutara. . . Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Saturday, February 28, 1925, commencing at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the respective premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendant in the following property for the recovery of Rs. 1,036.60, with interest on Rs. 1,036.60 at 9 per cent. per annum from May 19, 1915, till payment in full, and costs, less a sum of Rs. 44.26 and Rs. 150.95, viz. :—

1. 1/32 share of the land and another 7 yards of land and the boutique belonging to the defendant standing thereon of Eggallawedeniya, situated at Bulatsinhala in Gangaboda pattuwa; and bounded on the north and east by footpath, south by the Crown land called Eggallawedeniya, and west by Crown land called Eggallawehena, Eggallawemanana, and Millagahakumbura belonging to R. Sinno Appu and others; and containing in extent 5 acres 1 rood and 3 perches.

2. The land and the tiled house standing thereon of Goraka-aturegodella, situated at ditto; and bounded on the north by Crown jungle, east by Polgahamukalana and lands belonging to natives, south by Crown high jungle, and west by Crown manana; and containing in extent about 4 acres.

3. Undivided 1/18 share of the field called Asweddumepahalakattiya, situated at ditto; and bounded on the north by field belonging to natives, east by the field belonging to natives and high land, south by high land belonging to natives, and west by high road; and containing in extent about 28 acres.

Deputy Fiscal's Office,  
Kalutara, January 20, 1925.

H. SAMERESINGHA,  
Deputy Fiscal.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Mathiapparanam Mootatamby of Cinnamon Gardens,  
Colombo. . . . . Plaintiff.

No. 53,647.

Vs.

Peyna Reena Seena Moona Muttiah Chetty of Sea street,  
Colombo. . . . . Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Tuesday, February 24, 1925, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendant in the following property (mortgaged by the defendant with plaintiff and declared bound and executable for the decree entered in the said case) for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 13,720, with interest on Rs. 12,000 at 12 per cent. per annum from August 20, 1919, to August 26, 1919, and thereafter further interest on the aggregate amount at 9 per cent. per annum till payment in full, and costs, less a sum of Rs. 11,935, viz. :—

All that allotment of land called Pokunewatta, together with the buildings and plantations thereon, situated at Horetuduwa in Panadurebadde of the Panadure totamune, in the Kalutara District; which entire land is bounded on the north by the portion of the same land which had been purchased by Don Elias Fernando and now belonging to Colombapatabendige Francisco (Francis) Perera, on the east by the portion which had been sold to Colombapatabendige Abraham Perera and now belonging to Colombapatabendige Simon Perera, on the south by the portion of this land belonging to Vidanelage Anthony de Mel and Wijetunga Pedro Soysa, and on the west by the portion of this land belonging to Vidanelage Bastian de Mel and pokuna; containing in extent 1 rood and 10 perches.

Deputy Fiscal's Office,  
Kalutara, January 20, 1925.

H. SAMERESINGHA,  
Deputy Fiscal.

Southern Province.

In the District Court of Galle.

Don James de Silva Tillekeratne, Fiscal's Arachchi of  
Ratgama, and another. . . . . Plaintiffs.

No. 20,328.

Vs.

Dewarahandi Aron de Silva of Deminigoda in Rat-  
gama. . . . . Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Monday, February 16, 1925, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the spot the following property mortgaged with the plaintiff :—

An undivided 119/180 part of all the remaining fruit-trees and soil, exclusive of the planter's share of the 2nd plantation of the land called Mawatawatta *alias* Elabodawatta *alias* the land whereon Juwanchi Vidane resided, together with the 15 cubits tiled masonry-built house standing thereon, situate at Deminigoda in Ratgama, in extent 3 roods and 20 1/10 perches; bounded on the north by Leana-durahegewatta, east by Elapallewatta, south by the land whereon Babun resided, west by the Colombo-Galle high road.

Writ amount, Rs. 4,500.

Fiscal's Office,  
Galle, January 16, 1925.

J. A. LOURENSZ,  
Deputy Fiscal.

In the District Court of Galle.

W. G. Dionis de Silva of Galle Bazaar. . . . . Plaintiff.

No. 20,565.

Vs.

K. D. C. Gunaratna of Kahanda. . . . . Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Monday, February 16, 1925, at 12 noon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendant in the following property, viz. :—

1. An undivided 1/4 part of the soil and trees of Udu-mullewatta and the 11 cubits unfinished tiled house standing thereon, situate at Kahanda; bounded on the north by Gahagodawatta, east by Millagahaowita and Pedurugodawatta, south and west by Baigekella; extent 3 roods and 38 perches.

2. An undivided  $1/12 + 1/84 + 1/6$  of  $1/2 + 1/42 + 1/6 + 1/105$  and  $1/14$  of the soil and trees of Wegederawatta and the tiled house of 15 cubits standing thereon, situate at Kahanda; bounded on the north by Pedurugodawatta, east by Kataluwegeawatta, south by Paragahawatta, and west by Matalangewatta.

3. An undivided  $2/35 + 1/7$  parts of the soil and trees of the land called Paragahawatta, situate at Kahanda; bounded on the north by Wegederawatta, east by Pitiwilawatta, south by Paragahakumbura, and west by Matalangewatta; extent about 6 acres.

4. An undivided  $2/35 + 1/7$  parts of Paragahawattaddarakumbura, situate at Kahanda; bounded on the north by Paragahawatta, south by Pahalapitiwilakumbura, east by Pitiwalawatta, and west by Ithalapitiwalakumbura; extent about 3 bags of 12 kurunies.

5. An undivided  $1/12$  part or 1 bag of sowing paddy extent of Horagahamullekumbura, situate at Kahanda; bounded on the north by Horagahamullecodekellekumbura, east by Kiralagahaliadda, south by Totupalekumbura, and west by Paragahawatta; extent about 12 bags of (12 kurunies for a bag) paddy sowing extent.

6. An undivided  $1/7 + 1/105$  parts of Mulanekumbura, situate at Kahanda; bounded on the north by Arambegedera-addarakumbura, east by Gamegodagewatta, south by Wadakahaliyadda, west by Kelagahagoda; extent about 12 bags of sowing paddy.

Amount of writ Rs. 432.06, with legal interest on Rs. 356.04 from May 23, 1923, till payment in full less Rs. 200.

Fiscal's Office,  
Galle, January 19, 1925.

J. A. LOURENSZ,  
Deputy Fiscal.

#### North-Western Province.

In the Additional Court of Requests of Kurunegala.

K. N. K. S. Suppiah Pude of Kurunegala.....Plaintiff.

No. 912. Vs.

(1) M. M. Abdul Maged of Potuhera in Udapola Medalassa Korale, (2) M. A. Coder Meera Saibo of Kurunegala ..... Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Saturday, February 21, 1925, commencing at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendants in the following property, viz. :—

1. An undivided  $1/5$  share of Innawatta *alias* Paluwatta, containing in extent about 45 acres, excluding therefrom an extent of kuruni kurakkan sowing lying towards the south of the high road, and the portion of land of about 3 seers kurakkan sowing and an extent of 1 seer of kurakkan sowing lying towards the north of the high road : Kadurugahamulahena of 8 lahas of kurakkan sowing and the adjoining Uduwekumbura of 1 pe a paddy sowing; Uduwekumbura of 3 pelas paddy sowing and the adjoining pillewa of 1 seer kurakkan sowing extent; Nagahalandehena of 3 lahas of kurakkan sowing extent; Nagahalandehenapitiyehena of 6 lahas of kurakkan sowing extent; Wagollehena, now a garden, of 5 lahas of kurakkan sowing; Bulugahamulauwewehena of 6 lahas kurakkan sowing extent,

$\frac{1}{4}$  share of the above Bulugahamulauwewehena lying towards the east of 2 lahas kurakkan sowing; Labuhenpitiyehena, now a garden, of 1 amunam kurakkan sowing extent,  $\frac{1}{4}$  share of the portion lying towards the east and north-east of 1 pela kurakkan sowing extent; Nagahalandehenapitiyehena, now a garden, of 8 lahas kurakkan sowing extent; Uduwepitiya of 1 timba of kurakkan sowing; Nagahalandehena, now a garden, of 6 lahas of kurakkan sowing extent; Nagahalandebulugahamulahena of 5 lahas of kurakkan sowing extent; Nagahalandegangamulahena, now a garden, of 4 lahas of kurakkan sowing extent; Udawepitiya of 1 timba kurakkan sowing extent; Kadurugahamulahena of 8 lahas of kurakkan sowing extent, and the adjoining Uduwekumbura of 1 pela paddy sowing extent; Bulugahamulawewelandehena, now a garden, of 6 seers of kurakkan sowing extent, excluding the chena of about 2 seers of kurakkan sowing extent and the field of 1 pela paddy sowing extent within the boundaries; and bounded on the north by the gardens of Ukku Banda, Udumulle Mudiense, and others; on the east by the gardens of Ukkurala and others; on the south by the road leading to Wadakada; and on the west by the garden of Udumulle Mudiense and others, excluding the chena of about 2 seers kurakkan sowing extent owned by Alhamado Umma, and the field of about 1 pela paddy sowing extent owned by others; situate at Ahugoda in Recopattu korale.

2. An undivided  $14/72$  shares of Indigollahena, now a garden, of about 2 acres and 32 perches in extent; and bounded on the north by Gansabhawa road, on the east by the road leading to Polgahawela and the road of the field owned by Magudu Mohammodu and Mohammodu Bawa, on the south by Galpillewa and the field owned by Leisa Perera, and on the west by the pillewa owned by Ukku Menika and Ukkurala and the garden owned by Mudalihamy Korala; situate at Potuhera in Udupola Medalassa korale.

3. An undivided  $14/72$  shares of Galanda and Pahalakotuwekumbura of about 2 acres and 24 perches; and bounded on the north by Magudu Mohammodu's garden, now owned by the heirs of Mohammodu Bawa, on the east by the high road, and on the south and west by Pahalapankotuwa; situate at Potuhera as aforesaid.

4. An undivided  $14/72$  shares of Pitiyekumburapillewa of about 1 rood and 18 perches; and bounded on the north by Magudu Mohammodu's garden, now owned by the heirs of Mohammodu Bawa, on the east by the high road, and on the south and west by Pitiyekumbura; situate at Potuhera aforesaid.

5. An undivided  $14/72$  shares of Bulugahamulawatta *alias* Kadewatta, containing in extent 2 acres 2 roods and 22 perches; bounded on the east by the road to Colombo, on the south by the road leading to Linigiriya and Wadakada, on the north by the garden of Charles Bass Ilukumbura, and on the west by Kahatagahamulawatta; situate at Potuhera as aforesaid.

Amount to be levied Rs. 282.75, with further interest on Rs. 250 at the rate of 18 per cent. per year from April 5, 1924, to May 27, 1924, and thereafter legal interest on the aggregate amount till payment in full.

Fiscal's Office,  
Kurunegala, January 20, 1925.

J. G. RATNAYAKE,  
Deputy Fiscal.

#### NOTICES IN TESTAMENTARY ACTIONS.

In the District Court of Colombo.

*Order Nisi.*

Testamentary Jurisdiction. In the latter of the Intestate Estate of Hikkaduwaye Noris Fernando of Wellawatta in Colombo, deceased.

Hikkaduwaye Roisa Fernando of Wellawatta ..Petitioner

And

1) Hikkaduwaye Daniel Fernando, (2) ditto Nandawathi Fernando, minors, appearing by their guardian *litem* (3) ditto Leoris Fernando, all of Wellawatta Colonnese said ..... Respondents.

Matter coming on for disposal before G. Koch, Esq. District Judge of Colombo, on December 3, 1924.

in the presence of Mr. C. V. Wickramasinghe, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner above named; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated November 12, 1924, having been read:

It is ordered that the petitioner be and she is hereby declared entitled, as widow of the above-named deceased, to have letters of administration to his estate issued to her, unless the respondents above named or any other person or persons interested shall, on or before February 5, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

December 3, 1924.

G. KOCH,  
District Judge.

In the District Court of Colombo.

*Order Nisi.*

Testamentary In the Matter of the Intestate Estate of the Jurisdiction. late Cecilia Helena de Silva Wijenaiké of No. 2,109. Wellawatta, deceased.

Don Lawrence Jayatileke of Wellawatta ..... Petitioner.

And

- (1) Kandebodaliyanagey Don Abraham de Silva, Wijenaiké, (2) Elsie Matilda Jayatileke, wife of petitioner, (3) Dulsie Roslin Botejue, (4) W. Thomas Botejue, both of Gintota, (5) Violet de Silva Wijenaiké, all of Wellawatta ..... Respondents.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before G. Koch, Esq., Acting District Judge of Colombo, on December 3, 1924, in the presence of Mr. C. V. Wickremasinghe, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner above named; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated November 19, 1924, having been read :

It is ordered that the petitioner be and he is hereby declared entitled, as son-in-law of the above-named deceased, to have letters of administration to her estate issued to him, unless the respondents above named or any other person or persons interested shall, on or before February 5, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

December 3, 1924.

G. KOCH,  
District Judge.

In the District Court of Colombo.

*Order Nisi.*

Testamentary In the Matter of the Intestate Estate of Jurisdiction. Maddumage Appusingho of Dematagoda No. 2,124. in Colombo, deceased.

Jayasuriyage Nono Hamy of Dematagoda in Colombo ..... Petitioner.

And

- (1) Eminona, wife of (2) Andy Perera of Dematagoda, (3) Martin Singho, presently of Welikada Jail, (4) Deonis, (5) Maggie Nona, minor, (6) Arnolis Appu, minor, (7) Margerat Nona, minor, (8) Podi Appu, minor, all of Dematagoda ..... Respondents.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before G. Koch, Esq., Acting District Judge of Colombo, on December 16, 1924, in the presence of Mr. N. H. Samarasinghe, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner above named; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated December 1, 1924, having been read :

It is ordered that the petitioner be and she is hereby declared entitled, as widow of the above-named deceased, to have letters of administration to his estate issued to her, unless the respondents above named or any other person or persons interested shall, on or before February 5, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

December 16, 1924.

G. KOCH,  
District Judge.

In the District Court of Colombo.

*Order Nisi.*

Testamentary In the Matter of the Intestate Estate of Don Jurisdiction. Charles Jayasinghe of Demaladuwa in No. 2,135. the Palle pattu of Salpiti korale, deceased.

Gamage Dona Emalianahamy of Demaladuwa aforesaid ..... Petitioner.

And

- (1) Cyril Jayasinghe, (2) Roland Jayasinghe, both of Demaladuwa aforesaid, and (3) Gamage Don Davith of Warahena in the Palle pattu of Salpiti korale ..... Respondents.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before G. Koch, Esq., Acting District Judge of Colombo, on December 23, 1924, in the presence of Mr. H. A. Abeyewardene, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner above named; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated December 10, 1924, having been read :

It is ordered that the petitioner be and she is hereby declared entitled, as widow of the above-named deceased,

to have letters of administration to his estate issued to her, unless the respondents above named or any other person or persons interested shall, on or before February 5, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

December 23, 1924.

G. KOCH,  
District Judge.

In the District Court of Colombo.

*Order Nisi.*

Testamentary In the Matter of the Last Will and Testa- Jurisdiction. ment of Thomas Patterson of Veyangoda, No. 2,136. deceased.

Clara Patterson of Montecatini group, Urapola, Veyangoda ..... Petitioner.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before G. Koch, Esq., Acting District Judge of Colombo, on December 23, 1924, in the presence of Messrs. de Vos & Gratiaen, Proctors, on the part of the petitioner above named; and the affidavits, (1) of the said petitioner dated December 20, 1924, (2) of the attesting notary dated December 18, 1924, having been read :

It is ordered that the last will of Thomas Patterson, deceased, of which the original has been produced and is now deposited in this court, be and the same is hereby declared proved; and it is further declared that the petitioner is the executrix named in the said will, and that she is entitled to have probate thereof issued to her accordingly, unless any person or persons interested shall, on or before January 29, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

December 23, 1924.

G. KOCH,  
District Judge.

In the District Court of Colombo.

*Order Nisi.*

Testamentary In the Matter of the Intestate Estate and Jurisdiction. Effects of the late Fredrick Barnes de No. 2,137. Alwis of Colombo, deceased.

Iris Esme de Alwis nee Abeyesekera of Dematagoda in Colombo ..... Petitioner.

And

- (1) Jay Sheila de Alwis, (2) Fredrick Barnes de Alwis, by their guardian *ad litem*, (3) Arthur Albert de Alwis, all of Colombo ..... Respondents.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before G. Koch, Esq., Acting District Judge of Colombo, on January 16, 1925, in the presence of Mr. J. G. de S. Wijeyeratne, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner above named; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated October 15, 1924, having been read :

It is ordered that the petitioner be and she is hereby declared entitled, as widow of the above-named deceased, to have letters of administration to his estate issued to her, unless the respondents above named or any other person or persons interested shall, on or before February 26, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

January 16, 1925.

G. KOCH,  
District Judge.

In the District Court of Colombo.

*Order Nisi.*

Testamentary In the Matter of the Intestate Estate of Jurisdiction. Dobree Butler, late of Ipoh in the State No. 2,139. of Perak, in the Federated Malay States, deceased.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before G. Koch, Esq., District Judge of Colombo, on January 14, 1925, in the presence of Mr. P. S. Martensz, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner, James Aubrey Martensz of Colombo; and (1) the affidavit of the said petitioner dated December 23, 1924, (2) power of attorney from Francis Noel Butler, one of the heirs of the above-named Dobree Butler, deceased, dated August 28, 1924, (3) minutes of consent from the other heirs dated October 18 and 25 and November 8, 1924, and (4) the order of the Supreme Court dated December 19, 1924, having been read: It is ordered that the said James Aubrey Martensz is the attorney in Ceylon of the

said Francis Noel Butler, one of the heirs of the said deceased, and as such entitled to have letters of administration issued to him accordingly, unless any person or persons interested shall, on or before January 29, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

January 19, 1925.

G. KOCH,  
District Judge.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Order Nisi declaring Will proved.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Last Will and Testament of Saba de Saram of the Hermitage, Colombo, spinster, deceased.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before G. Koch, Esq., District Judge of Colombo, on January 19, 1925, in the presence of Mr. J. A. Martensz, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner, Stanley Frederick de Saram of Colombo; and (1) the affidavit of the said petitioner dated January 13, 1925, (2) the affidavit of one of the attesting witnesses to the will dated January 15, 1925, and (3) the order of the Supreme Court dated January 12, 1925, having been read: It is ordered that the will of the said Saba de Saram, deceased, dated January 23, 1924, the original of which has been produced and is now deposited in this court, be and the same is hereby declared proved; and it is further declared that the said Stanley Frederick de Saram is one of the executors named in the said will, and that he is entitled to have probate thereof issued to him accordingly, unless any person or persons interested shall, on or before January 29, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

January 19, 1925.

G. KOCH,  
District Judge.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Last Will and Testament of Peter Daniel Anthoniz Mack (senior) of The Mosque, Bambalapitiya, Colombo, deceased.

(1) Edmund Garvin Mack, Doctor, Ward place, Colombo, (2) Peter Daniel Anthoniz Mack of Bambalapitiya, Colombo ..... Petitioners.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before G. Koch, Esq., Acting District Judge of Colombo, on January 19, 1925, in the presence of Mr. J. M. Pereira, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner above named; and the affidavits (1) of the said petitioners dated January 13, 1925, and (2) of the attesting notary also dated January 13, 1925, having been read:

It is ordered that the last will of Peter Daniel Anthoniz Mack (senior), deceased, of which the original has been produced and is now deposited in this court, be and the same is hereby declared proved; and it is further declared that the petitioners are the executors named in the said will, and that they are entitled to have probate thereof issued to them accordingly, unless any person or persons interested shall, on or before January 29, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

January 19, 1925.

G. KOCH,  
Acting District Judge.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Intestate Estate of Abigail Maria Mack of The Mosque, Bambalapitiya, Colombo, deceased.

Evelyn Mack of The Mosque, Bambalapitiya, Colombo ..... Petitioner.

And

(1) Edmund Garvin Mack of Ward place, Colombo, (2) Stanley Mack, (3) Leslie Mack, (4) Peter Daniel Anthonisz Mack, (5) Norah Mack, all of Bambalapitiya, Colombo ..... Respondents.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before G. Koch, Esq., Acting District Judge of Colombo, on January 19,

1925, in the presence of Mr. J. M. Pereira, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner above named; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated January 13, 1925, having been read:

It is ordered that the petitioner be and he is hereby declared entitled, as son of the above-named deceased, to have letters of administration to her estate issued to him, unless the respondents above named or any other person or persons interested shall, on or before January 29, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

January 19, 1925.

G. KOCH,  
Acting District Judge.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Intestate Estate of Halawatage Cecilianna Perera of Nakandapola in the Gangaboda pattu of Siyane korale, deceased.

Gaduawala Kankanamalage Charles Appuhamy of Nakandapola aforesaid ..... Petitioner.

And

(1) Kurukulasuriyage Robert Perera, (2) ditto Marsel Perera, (3) ditto Agnes Porlentina Perera, (4) ditto Wilfred Vincent Perera, (5) ditto Bibiliana Perera, all of Weliveria in the Meda pattu of Siyane korale ..... Respondents.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before G. Koch, Esq., Acting District Judge of Colombo, on December 8, 1924, in the presence of Mr. H. A. Abeyewardene, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner above named; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated November 22, 1924, having been read:

It is ordered that the petitioner be and he is hereby declared entitled, as transferee and lessee of the property belonging to the estate of the above-named deceased, to have letters of administration to his estate issued to him, unless the respondents above named or any other person or persons interested shall, on or before February 5, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

December 8, 1924.

G. KOCH,  
District Judge.

In the District Court of Negombo.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Intestate Estate of the late Blasuriya Lekemalage Don Aron Appuhamy of Mundel in the District of Pustalam, deceased.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before J. D. Brown, Esq., District Judge of Negombo, on December 22, 1924, in the presence of Mr. T. Martin Fernando, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner, Matara Weerasinghe Arachchige Dona Marthahamy of Uggalboda, presently of 2nd Division, Bolawalana; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated October 10, 1924, having been read:

It is ordered that the 2nd respondent be and he is hereby appointed guardian *ad litem* over the minor, the 1st respondent, for the purpose of this testamentary action, unless sufficient cause be shown to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

It is further ordered that the said petitioner be and she is hereby declared entitled, as widow of the said deceased, to administer the estate of the said deceased, and that letters of administration do issue to her accordingly, unless the respondents—(1) Blasuriya Lekemalage Dona Reginald Appuhamy and (2) ditto Don Abraham Appuhamy, Police Vidane of Uggalboda—or any other person or persons interested shall, on or before January 27, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

And it is further ordered that the said 2nd respondent do produce the said minor before this court on January 27, 1925, at 9.30 A.M. in connection with this case.

December 22, 1924.

J. D. BROWN,  
District Judge.

In the District Court of Negombo.

*Order Nisi Declaring Will proved.*

Testamentary In the Matter of the Last Will and Jurisdiction. Testament of the late Sri Ramachandra Brahamana Ratnayeka Mudiyansele Mudduma Banda Ratnayeka of Gampaha, deceased.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before J. D. Brown, Esq., District Judge of Negombo, on December 23, 1924, in the presence of Mr. Samarasekara, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner, Dona Bastiana Ratnayeka of Gampaha; and the affidavit (1) of the said petitioner, and (2) of the 5th attesting witnesses dated December 19, 1924, having been read:

It is ordered that the last will of Sri Ramachandra Brahamana Ratnayeka Mudiyansele Mudduma Banda Ratnayeka of Gampaha, deceased, dated November 15, 1924, of which the original has been produced, and is now deposited in this court, be and the same is hereby declared proved.

It is further declared that the said Dona Bastiana Ratnayeka of Gampaha is the executrix named in the said will, and that she is entitled to have probate of the same issued to her accordingly, unless any person or persons interested shall, on or before January 29, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

December 23, 1924.

J. D. BROWN,  
District Judge.

In the District Court of Negombo.

*Order Nisi*

Testamentary In the Matter of the Intestate Estate of Jurisdiction. the late Pothuhera Saranapala Perunanse of Borugamma, deceased.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before J. D. Brown, Esq., District Judge of Negombo, on January 6, 1925, in the presence of Mr. E. H. de Zoysa, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Imihamilage Ausadahamy of Pothuhera; and the affidavit of the petitioner dated December 23, 1924, having been read: It is ordered that the said petitioner be and he is hereby declared entitled, as a half-brother of the said deceased to administer the estate of the deceased above named, and that letters of administration do issue to him accordingly, unless the respondents (1) Hitihamilage Kirimenika of Pothuhera, and (2) Dingiri Menika of Pathangiwatta, or any other person or persons interested shall, on or before January 30, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

January 6, 1925.

J. D. BROWN,  
District Judge.

In the District Court of Kalutara.

*Order Nisi declaring Will proved, etc.*

Testamentary In the Matter of the Estate of the late Jurisdiction. Karunakalagey Miget Henry de Silva, No. 1,716. deceased, of Alutgama.

THIS matter coming on or disposal before W. H. B. Carbery, Esq., District Judge of Kalutara, on December 16, 1924, in the presence of Messrs. Fernando & de Silva, Proctors, on the part of the petitioner Elektittige Graetian Fernando of Paiyagala: It is ordered that the said petitioner be and he is hereby declared entitled, as son-in-law of the above-named deceased, to have letters of administration to his estate issued to him, unless the respondents—(1) Karunakalagey Harriet de Silva, (2) ditto Vincent de Silva, (3) ditto Richard de Silva, (4) ditto Emily de Silva, minors, all of Alutgama, by their guardian *ad litem*, (5) F. H. Paul de Silva, all of Alutgama—or any other person or persons interested shall, on or before January 28, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

It is further declared that the said 5th respondent be and he is hereby declared entitled to be appointed guardian *ad litem* over the 1st to 4th respondents, minors, for all the purposes of this action, unless the respondents or any other

person or persons interested shall, on or before January 28, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

December 16, 1924.

ARTHUR DE ABREW,  
District Judge.

In the District Court of Kalutara.

*Order Nisi declaring Will proved, etc.*

Testamentary In the Matter of the Last Will and Testa- Jurisdiction. ment of the late Beminahennedige No. 1,724. Wilmon Richard Fernando of Egoda Uyana.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before W. H. B. Carbery, Esq., District Judge of Kalutara, on October 16, 1924, in the presence of Messrs. Fernando & Fernando, Proctors, on the part of the petitioner Goniamalimige Helena Aponso of Egoda Uyana; and the affidavit of the said petitioner and the attesting witnesses dated October 1, 1924, having been read:

It is ordered that the will of Beminahennedige Wilmon Richard Fernando of Egoda Uyana, deceased, dated July 6, 1924, and now deposited in this court be and the same is hereby declared proved, unless the respondent Galabodage Josalin Maria Fernando of Wekada, shall, on or before January 29, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

It is further declared that the said Goniamalimige Helena Aponso of Egoda Uyana be and she is hereby declared entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the above-named deceased issued to her accordingly, with copy of will annexed, unless the said respondent shall, on or before January 29, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

December 11, 1924.

ARTHUR DE ABREW,  
District Judge.

In the District Court of Kalutara.

*Order Nisi declaring Will proved, etc.*

Testamentary In the Matter of the Last Will and Testa- Jurisdiction. ment of the late Pattinihennedige Warnadeepitiya Kurukulasoorya Charles David Rodrigo of Pattia south in Panadure.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before W. H. B. Carbery, Esq., District Judge of Kalutara, on October 18, 1924, in the presence of Messrs. Fernando & Fernando, Proctors, on the part of the petitioner Mary Wilhelmina Rodrigo of Panadure; and the affidavit of the said petitioner and of the attesting Notary and witnesses dated October 16, 1924, having been read:

It is ordered that the will of Pattinihennedige Warnadeepitiya Kurukulasoorya Charles David Rodrigo, deceased, dated June 20, 1924, and now deposited in this court be and the same is hereby declared proved, unless the respondent Collin Simon Rodrigo of Panadure, shall, on or before January 29, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

It is further declared that the said Mary Wilhelmina Rodrigo is the executrix named in the said will, and that she is entitled to have probate of the same issued to her accordingly, unless the respondent shall, on or before January 29, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

December 11, 1924.

W. H. B. CARBERY,  
District Judge.

In the District Court of Kalutara.

*Order Nisi declaring Will proved, etc.*

Testamentary In the Matter of the Estate of the late Jurisdiction. Ahamadu Lebbe Marikar Mohammodu No. 1,743. Junaidu, deceased, of Alutgamweediya, in Alutgama.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before W. H. B. Carbery, Esq., District Judge of Kalutara, on December 11, 1924, in the presence of Mr. G. L. Wikramanayake, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner, Ahamadu Lebbe Marikar Mohammodu Usoof of Alutgamweediya; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated December 1, 1924, having been read:

It is ordered that the said petitioner be and he is hereby declared entitled, as the only surviving heir of the above-named deceased, to have letters of administration to his estate issued to him, unless any person or persons interested shall, on or before February 10, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

December 11, 1924.

W. H. B. CARRERY,  
District Judge.

In the District Court of Kandy.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Estate of the late  
Jurisdiction. Don Hilarion Weerasinghe, deceased, of  
No. 4,221. Anuradhapura.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before Paulus Edward Pieris, Doctor of Letters, District Judge, Kandy, on December 4, 1924, in the presence of Messrs. Wijayatilake & Wijayatilake, Proctors, on the part of the petitioner, Ellen Winifred Weerasinghe of Anuradhapura; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated November 21, 1924, and of S. W. Wijayatilake, Notary Public, dated December 1, 1924, and the petition of the petitioner above named having been read:

It is ordered that the will of the said Don Hilarion Weerasinghe, deceased, dated October 11, 1924, and now deposited in this court, be and the same is hereby declared proved, unless any person or persons interested shall, on or before January 26, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

It is further declared that the said petitioner, Ellen Winifred Weerasinghe is the executrix named in the said will, and that he is entitled to have probate of the same issued to her accordingly, unless any person or persons interested shall, on or before January 26, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

December 4, 1924.

P. E. PIERIS,  
District Judge.

In the District Court of Kandy.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary In the Matter of the late Rev. U. Dham-  
Jurisdiction. modaya alias S. S. Dhammodaya Sabha,  
No. 4,225. deceased, of Rangoon.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before W. O. Stevens, Esq., Additional District Judge, Kandy, on December 20, 1924, in the presence of Mr. Victor de Vos, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner, Nigel Inglesant Lee of Kandy; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated December 18, 1924, and his petition having been read:

It is ordered that the said petitioner, Nigel Inglesant Lee, as one of the lawful attorney in Ceylon of U. Nandamala, the administrator of the estate of the deceased above named, be and he is hereby declared entitled to have letters of administration of the estate in Ceylon of the deceased issued to him accordingly, unless any person or persons interested shall, on or before January 26, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

December 20, 1924.

P. E. PIERIS,  
District Judge.

In the District Court of Galle.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Estate of the late  
Jurisdiction. Hendahewa Simon de Silva, deceased, of  
No. 6,044. Batapola.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before L. W. C. Schrader, Esq., District Judge of Galle, on November 20, 1924, in the presence of Mr. K. T. E. de Silva, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner, Ratgama Guruge Senda Nona of Batapola; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated November 1, 1924, having been read: It is ordered that the said petitioner as widow of the deceased above named is entitled to have letters of administration issued to him accordingly, unless the respondents, viz., (1) Hendahewa Dere Nona, (2) ditto Wijedasa, (3) ditto Leyris Sinno, (4) ditto Misi Nona, (5) Ratgama Guruge Podisinnu, all of Batapola shall, on or before January 8, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

It is further declared that the said 6th respondent be appointed guardian *ad litem* over the 1st to 5th respondents, unless the said respondents shall, on or before January 8, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

L. W. C. SCHRADER,  
District Judge.

November 20, 1924.

The date of showing cause be extended to January 20, 1925.

L. W. C. SCHRADER,  
District Judge.

January 8, 1925.

In the District Court of Galle.

Order Nisi.

D. C. Galle, In the Matter of the Estate of the late Mutumala  
Testamentary Kodippila Patabendige Dinoris Appu,  
Jurisdiction. deceased, of Galle.  
No. 903/5,986.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before A. P. Boone, Esq., District Judge, on July 10, 1924, in the presence of Mr. C. H. Wickramanayaka on the part of the petitioner, Rattranpramadige Misi Nona of Tangalla; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated July 5, 1924, having been read:

It is declared that the said petitioner, as widow of the deceased above named, is entitled to have letters of administration issued to her accordingly, unless the respondents Mutumala Kodippila Patabendige Babanona of Lukusgoda in Tissamaharama shall, on or before August 27, 1924, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

A. P. BOONE,  
District Judge.

July 10, 1924.

Order Nisi extended to January 12, 1925.

M. PRASAD,

December 17, 1924.

District Judge, Tangalla.

Order Nisi extended to January 26, 1925.

M. PRASAD,

January 12, 1925.

District Judge, Tangalla.

In the District Court of Galle.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Estate of the late Salpa-  
Jurisdiction. doru Tuppathi Aratchige Dona Ciotha  
No. 6,045. Madasekera, deceased, of Hiniduma.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before L. W. C. Schrader, Esq., District Judge of Galle, on November 21, 1924, in the presence of Messrs. Kannangara & Abeysundere, Proctors, on the part of the petitioner, Joseph Peter Madasekera of Hiniduma; and the affidavit of the petitioner dated November 14, 1924, having been read:

It is ordered that the 1st respondent be appointed guardian *ad litem* over the 7th respondent; unless the respondents viz., (1) Dona Isabella Kalansooriya, (2) Stephen ditto, (3) Francis ditto, (4) John ditto, (5) Hilary ditto, (6) Samuel ditto, (7) Margaret de Silva, all of Hiniduma shall, on or before January 8, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

It is further declared that the said petitioner, as husband of the deceased above named, is entitled to have letters of administration issued to him accordingly, unless the said respondents shall, on or before January 8, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

L. W. C. SCHRADER,  
District Judge.

November 21, 1924.

Extended and re-issued for January 29, 1925.

In the District Court of Galle.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Estate of the late  
Jurisdiction. Wadutantri Mazy Nona, deceased, of  
No. 6,061. Maha Ambalangoda.

THIS matter coming up for disposal before L. W. C. Schrader, Esq., District Judge of Galle, on January 8, 1925.

in the presence of Mr. R. A. H. de Vos, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner, Kalugalage Peter Silva of Keraminiya; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated January 8, 1925, having been read :

It is declared that the said petitioner, as husband of the deceased above named, is entitled to have letters of administration issued to him accordingly, unless the respondents, viz., (1) Wadutantri Carnoliš Silva of Maha Ambalangoda, (2) Uruwatte Petiarabage Anagihamy ditto, shall on or before February 12, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

January 8, 1925. L. W. C. SCHRADER, District Judge.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Estate of the late Jurisdiction. Kanamma, wife of Kanagasapathy No. 5,542. of Thirunelvely, deceased.

Arunasalam Chelliah of Vannarponnai east.... Petitioner.

Vs.

- (1) Theivanaipillai, wife of Arunasalem Chelliah of Vannarponnai east, (2) Arunasalem Thuraiappa, and wife (3) Parupatham of ditto, (4) Vinasitamby Karthikesu, and wife (5) Thillaipillai of Thirunelvely, (6) Thambiah Muttiah, and wife (7) Sinnamma of Mullaitivu, (8) Annamma, daughter of Kanagasabai, of Thirunelvely, (9) Vallipuram Kumarasamy of ditto, and (10) Sellappa Kanagasapathy of P. W. D., Colombo ..... Respondents.

THIS matter of the petition of the above-named petitioner, praying for letters of administration to the estate of the above-named deceased, Kanamma, wife of Kanagasapathy of Thirunelvely, coming on for disposal before G. W. Woodhouse, Esq., District Judge, on October 14, 1924, in the presence of Mr. K. Sivapirakasam, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner; and the affidavit of the petitioner dated June 26, 1924, having been read: It is declared that the petitioner is the husband of one of the heirs of the said intestate, and is entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the said intestate issued to him, unless the respondents or any other person shall, on or before January 29, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

January 20, 1925. G. W. WOODHOUSE, District Judge.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Estate of the late Jurisdiction. Sinnatamby Arumugam alias Manuelpillai of Madduveli, deceased.

Arumugam Anthonippillai of Chundikudi..... Petitioner.

Vs.

- (1) Gabrielpillai Christopher and wife (2) Annammah, both of Pandatheruppu ..... Respondents.

THIS matter of the petition of petitioner above named praying for letters of administration to the estate of the above-named deceased, coming on for disposal before G. W. Woodhouse, Esq., District Judge, on October 3, 1924, in the presence of Mr. J. A. J. Tisseverasinghe, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner; and the affidavit of the petitioner dated October 3, 1924, having been read:

It is declared that the petitioner is the son and one of the heirs of the said intestate, and is entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the said intestate issued to him, unless the respondents or any other person shall, on or before November 27, 1924, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

November 7, 1924. G. W. WOODHOUSE, District Judge.

Order Nisi extended for January 27, 1925.

December 18, 1924. G. W. WOODHOUSE, District Judge.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Estate of the late Jurisdiction. Manikkam, wife of Vinayagar Chellappah of Periyapalai, deceased.

No. 5,649. Vinayagar Chellappah of Periyapalai ..... Petitioner.

- (1) Govinthi Sinnathamby and wife (2) Ratnam of ditto..... Respondents.

THIS matter of the petition of the petitioner above named, praying for letters of administration to the estate of the above-named deceased, coming on for disposal before G. W. Woodhouse, Esq., District Judge, on November 25, 1924, in the presence of Mr. C. R. Thambiah, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner; and the affidavit of the petitioner dated November 21, 1924, having been read:

It is declared that the petitioner is a widower of the said intestate, and is entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the said intestate issued to him, unless the respondents or any other person shall, on or before January 8, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

December 12, 1924. G. W. WOODHOUSE, District Judge.

Order Nisi extended till January 29, 1925.

January 8, 1925. G. W. WOODHOUSE, District Judge.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Last Will and Testament of the late Murugar Kanapathipillai of Kerudavil, deceased.

No. 5,651. Sinnameenadchy, widow of Murugar Kanapathipillai of Kerudavil ..... Petitioner.

THIS matter of the petition of the above-named petitioner Sinnameenadchy, widow of Murugar Kanapathipillai of Kerudavil, for grant of probate of the last will of the late Murugar Kanapathipillai, coming on for disposal before G. W. Woodhouse, Esq., District Judge, on November 25, 1924, in the presence of Mr. M. Cooke Thurairetnam, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner; and the affidavits of the petitioner and of the witnesses to the last will, which are dated October 29 and November 14, 1924, respectively, having been read: It is ordered that the will of the late Murugar Kanapathipillai dated June 9, 1922, deposited in this court be and the same is hereby declared proved, unless any person shall, on or before January 15, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

It is further declared that the petitioner is the executrix named in the will, and that she is entitled to have probate of the said will issued to her accordingly.

December 5, 1924. G. W. WOODHOUSE, District Judge.

The Order Nisi is extended to February 5, 1925.

G. W. WOODHOUSE, District Judge.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Estate of the late Jurisdiction. Kanthappu Thirunavukkarasu of Manipay, deceased.

No. 5,658. Murugesar Kanthappu of Manipay ..... Petitioner.

Vs.

Kanagamuttu alias Kanamma, wife of Kanthappu of Manipay..... Respondent.

THIS matter of the petition of Murugesar Kanthappu, the above-named petitioner praying for letters of administration to the estate of the above-named deceased, Kanthappu Thirunavukkarasu of Manipay, coming on for disposal before G. W. Woodhouse, Esq., District Judge,

on November 27, 1924, in the presence of Mr. M. Vythingam, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner; and the affidavit of the petitioner dated November 25, 1924, having been read: It is declared that the petitioner is the lawful father of the said intestate, and is entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the said intestate issued to him, unless the respondent or any other person shall, on or before January 15, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

December 1, 1924. — G. W. WOODHOUSE,  
District Judge.

Time to show cause extended till January 29, 1925.

G. W. WOODHOUSE,  
District Judge.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Estate of the late  
Jurisdiction. Sinnammah, wife of Poothathamby Seeni-  
No. 5,674. thamy of Uduvil, deceased.

Sinnathamby, Vairamuttu of Uduvil ..... Petitioner.

(1) Sinnachchy, wife of Sinnathamby Vairamuttu, (2)  
Poothathamby Seenthimby, both of Uduvil. Respondents.

THIS matter of the petition of the above-named petitioner, praying for letters of administration to the estate of the above-named deceased, Sinnammah, wife of Poothathamby Seenthimby of Uduvil, coming on for disposal before G. W. Woodhouse, Esq., District Judge, on December 15, 1924, in the presence of Mr. M. Subramaniam, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner; and the affidavit of the petitioner dated December, 12, 1924, having been read: It is declared that the petitioner is the father of the said intestate, and is entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the said intestate issued to him, unless the respondents or any other person shall, on or before January 29, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

December 22, 1924. — G. W. WOODHOUSE,  
District Judge.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Estate of the late  
Jurisdiction. Murugapper Sinnathamby of Thumpilai,  
No. 5,692. deceased.

Meenammah, widow of Murugapper Sinnathamby of  
Thumpalai ..... Petitioner.

Vs.

(1) Ragunather Thambiah of Thumpalai, wife (2)  
Nagaratnam of ditto, (3) Sinnathamby Thiruke-  
tharam of ditto, (4) Thangam, daughter of Sinna-  
thamby of ditto, (5) Sinnathamby Ralanandam of  
ditto ..... Respondents.

THIS matter of the petition of the above-named petitioner, praying that the above-named 1st and 2nd respondents be appointed guardians *ad litem* over the minors, the 3rd, 4th, and 5th respondents, and that letters of administration to the estate of the above-named deceased be issued to the petitioner, coming on for disposal before G. W. Woodhouse, Esq., District Judge, on January 8, 1925, in the presence of Mr. K. Subramaniam, Proctor, for petitioner; and on reading the petition and affidavit of the petitioner dated December 26, 1924:

It is ordered that the above-named 1st and 2nd respondents be appointed guardians *ad litem* over the minors, the 3rd, 4th, and 5th respondents, for the purpose of representing them in this case, and that the petitioner be and he is hereby declared entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the said intestate issued to her as his lawful widow, unless the above-named respondents or any other person shall, on or before February 5, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of the court to the contrary.

January 14, 1925. — G. W. WOODHOUSE,  
District Judge.

In the District Court of Mannar.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Estate of the late  
Jurisdiction. Pedropillai Bastiampillai of Achchan-  
No. 341. kulam in Nanaddan West, deceased.

Mariapillai, widow of Pedropillai of Karisal in  
Mannar West ..... Petitioner.

(1) Swanal, widow of Pedropillai of Achchankulam,  
(2) Pedropillai Philippillai of ditto, (3) Saviri-  
muttu Marisalpillai, and wife (4) Muttukuddy Maria-  
pillai, both of Karisal, (5) Pedropillai Soosaipillai of  
Achchankulam, (6) Pedropillai Lawrencepillai of  
ditto, (7) Pedropillai Santampillai of ditto, (8)  
Muttiah Santampillai of Umanari, (9) Kavirial  
Soosaipillai, and wife (10) Sellamma, both of Olli-  
madu ..... Respondents.

THIS matter of the petition of Mariapillai, widow of Bastiampillai, praying for letters of administration to the estate of the above-named deceased, Pedropillai Bastiampillai of Achchankulam, coming on for disposal before R. S. V. Poulier, Esq., District Judge, on December 3, 1924, in the presence of Mr. F. J. A. Ponrajah, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner; and the affidavit of the petitioner dated December 3, 1924, having been read: It is declared that the petitioner is the widow of the said intestate, and is entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the said intestate issued to her, unless the respondents or any other person shall, on or before January 30, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

It is further declared that the 2nd respondent be appointed guardian *ad litem* of the 7th and 8th respondents for the purpose of representing them in these proceedings, unless the respondents above named shall, on or before the said date, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court.

December 3, 1924. — R. S. V. POULIER,  
Additional District Judge.

In the District Court of Chilaw.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Intestate Estate of the  
Jurisdiction. late W. Maria Fernando of Boralessa.  
No. 1,619.

(1) Warnakulasuriya Santiago Fernando, and wife (2)  
W. Ambrosia Fernando, both of Boralessa .... Petitioners.

(1) W. Virisida Fernando, and husband (2) W. Valen-  
tine Fernando, both of Boralessa, (3) W. Ana Fernando  
of ditto, (4) W. Marthinu Fernando of ditto, (5) W.  
Maria Fernando of ditto, (6) W. Elaris Fernando of  
Magunuwala, (7) W. Damiano Fernando of Gonawila,  
(8) W. Bastian Fernando of Boralessa, (9) Jayasinha  
Aratchige Bastian Peter Perera, and wife (10) W.  
Porlentina Fernando, both of Gonawila, (11) W.  
Pedro Fernando of Boralessa ..... Respondents.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before N. M. Bharucha, Esq., District Judge of Chilaw, on December 5, 1924, in the presence of Mr. D. J. Jayalath, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner above named; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated December 5, 1924, having been read:

It is ordered that the 1st petitioner be and he is hereby declared entitled, as the son-in-law of the above-named deceased, to have the letters of administration of her estate issued to him, unless the respondents above-named or any other persons interested shall, on or before January 15, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

December 5, 1924. — N. M. BHARUCHA,  
District Judge.

The date of showing cause is extended to January 28, 1925.



In the District Court of Chilaw.

*Order Nisi.*

Testamentary In the Matter of the Estate of the late  
Jurisdiction. Palanda Appuhamillage Manuel Appu-  
No. 1,623. hamy, Police Headman of Kokkawila,  
deceased.

Ethel Eleyanayeke of Mugunuwatawana..... Petitioner.

Vs.

(1) Palanda Appuhamillage Martin Perera, (2) ditto  
Vilmot Perera, (3) ditto Augustino Perera, all of  
Muguruwatawana, minors, appearing by their  
guardian *ad litem* (4) Palanda Appuhamillage Peris  
Appuhamy of Kokkawila ..... Respondents.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before N. J. Martin,  
Esq., Acting District Judge of Chilaw, on December 19,  
1924, in the presence of Mr. C. V. M. Pandittesekere, Proctor,  
of the firm of Messrs. Cooke & Pandittesekere, on the  
part of the petitioner above named; and the affidavit  
of the said petitioner dated December 19, 1924, having been  
read: It is ordered that the 4th respondent be and he is  
hereby appointed guardian *ad litem* over the 1st, 2nd, and  
3rd respondents, and the petitioner be and she is hereby  
declared entitled, to have letters of administration issued  
to her, unless the respondents or any other person or persons  
interested shall, on or before January 26, 1925, show suffi-  
cient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

December 19, 1924.

N. M. BHARUCHA,  
District Judge.

In the District Court of Chilaw.

*Order Nisi.*

Testamentary In the Matter of the Estate of Jayasinghe  
Jurisdiction. Mudianselage Samel Appuhamy of  
No. 1,624. Pilakatumulla, deceased.

Jayasinghe Mudianselage Punchi Nilake Appuhamy  
of Pilakatumulla ..... Petitioner.

Vs.

(1) K. P. Gunemal Etna, (2) Jayasinghe Mudianselage  
Mary Nona and her husband (3) Abeyesinghe Mudi-  
anselage Ranghamy Appuhamy, Police Headman of  
Palwalgala, (4) Jayasinghe Mudianselage Podinona-  
hamy and her husband (5) Yapaha Mudianselage  
Chalo Sinno Appuhamy, both of Narawila, (6) Jaye-  
singhe Mudianselage Ukku Bandappu Hamy of  
Pilakatumulla, (7) Jayasinghe Mudianselage Podi  
Menickhamy and her husband, (8) Rajapakse Kana-  
gasekere Mudalige Brampi Sinno Appuhamy, both of  
Siyambalagaswela, (9) J. M. Puchiappuhamy of  
Pilakatumulla, (10) J. M. Manel Hamy, (11) J. M. Engo  
Nono Hamy, (12) J. M. Seenchi Nona Hamy; 10th,  
11th, and 12th are minors appearing by their  
guardian *ad litem* the 1st respondent ..... Respondents.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before N. M.  
Bharucha, Esq., District Judge of Chilaw, on January 7,  
1925, in the presence of Mr. C. V. M. Pandittesekere,  
Proctor, of the firm of Messrs. Cooke & Pandittesekere,  
on the part of the petitioner; and the affidavit of the said  
petitioner dated January 7, 1925, having been read: It is  
ordered that the 1st respondent be and he is hereby  
appointed guardian *ad litem* over the 10th, 11th, and 12th  
minor respondents, and the petitioner be and he is hereby  
declared entitled to have letters of administration to his  
estate issued to him, unless the respondents above named  
or any person or persons interested shall, on or before  
February 2, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction  
of this court to the contrary.

January 7, 1925.

N. M. BHARUCHA,  
District Judge.

In the District Court of Chilaw.

*Order Nisi.*

In the Matter of the Intestate Estate of the  
late Nesperatnam of Muttibendivile,  
No. 1,622 T. deceased.

A. Tambiah of Muttibendivile ..... Petitioner.

Vs.

(1) Manonmani of Muttibendivile, minor, (2) A. S.  
Lawrence, Postmaster of Wennappuwa, and (3) A. J.  
Thomas of St. Forgas estate, Polgahawela. Respondents.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before N. J. Martin,  
Esq., District Judge of Chilaw, on December 19, 1924, in the  
presence of Mr. F. T. Proctor, Proctor, on the part of the  
petitioner; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated  
November 17, 1924, having been read: It is ordered that  
the 2nd respondent above named be and he is hereby  
appointed guardian *ad litem* over the 1st minor respondent,  
and that the petitioner be and he is hereby appointed the  
administrator of the estate of the late Nesperatnam, unless  
the respondents above named or any persons interested shall,  
show sufficient cause to the contrary, on or before January  
27, 1925.

December 19, 1924.

N. J. MARTIN,  
Additional District Judge.

In the District Court of Anuradhapura.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Intestate Estate of  
Jurisdiction. Ferdinands Obeysekara of Polonnaruwa,  
No. 32. deceased.

Watawana Vidanage Cornelis Appuhamy of Polon-  
naruwa ..... Petitioner.

Vs.

Hemalata Thomas Ferdinands Obeysekara, a minor by  
her guardian *ad litem* Haputantri Kankanamage  
Emalisahamy of Polonnaruwa ..... Respondent.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before M. K. T.  
Sandys, Esq., District Judge of Anuradhapura, on January  
6, 1925, in the presence of Mr. A. Sivacolundu, Proctor, on  
the part of the petitioner above named; and the affidavit  
of the petitioner dated January 6, 1925, having been read:

It is ordered that the petitioner be and he is hereby  
declared entitled, as father-in-law of the above-named  
deceased, to have letters of administration to his estate  
issued to him, on behalf of the minor respondent above  
named, unless the respondent above named or any other  
person or persons interested shall, on or before February 10,  
1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court  
to the contrary.

January 6, 1925.

M. K. T. SANDYS,  
District Judge.

In the District Court of Anuradhapura.

*Order Nisi.*

Testamentary In the Matter of the Intestate Estate of  
Jurisdiction. the late Puchimenikralage Kapuru-  
No. 330. hamy, Vel-Vidane of Korasagalla, in  
Kalagam korale south, deceased.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before M. K. T.  
Sandys, Esq., District Judge of Anuradhapura, on January  
7, 1925, in the presence of Mr. S. D. Krisnaratne, Proctor,  
on the part of the petitioner Wannihamy Arachchilage  
Kiri Banda; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated  
January 6, 1925, having been read:

It is ordered that the said petitioner be and he is hereby  
declared entitled, as the uncle of the said deceased, to  
administer his estate and that letters of administration  
do issue to him accordingly, unless any person or persons  
interested shall, on or before January 27, 1925, show  
sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the  
contrary.

January 7, 1925.

M. K. T. SANDYS,  
District Judge.

In the District Court of Anuradhapura.

*Order Nisi.*

Testamentary In the Matter of the Intestate Estate of Jurisdiction. the late Mammadu Kanni Kaliyar of No. 331. Palliyagolla in Tamankaduwa, deceased.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before M. K. T. Sandys, Esq., District Judge of Anuradhapura, on January 6, 1925, in the presence of Mr. S. D. Krisnaratne, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Assanar Lebbe Kolisan Bibi; and the affidavit of the said petitioner dated December 12, 1924, having been read :

It is ordered that the said petitioner be and she is hereby declared entitled, as the widow of the said deceased, to administer his estate and that letters of administration do issue to her accordingly, unless any person or persons interested shall, on or before January 27, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

M. K. T. SANDYS,  
District Judge.

January 6, 1925.

In the District Court of Kegalla.

*Order Nisi.*

Testamentary In the Matter of the Last Will and Testament of Mutu Tantrige Aron Fernando of Magamma in Three Korales, deceased.

Gomiyamulimige Sophia Martha Aponso of Magamma. Petitioner.

Added on January 8, 1925.

(1) M. David Fernando, (2) M. Peter Fernando, (3) M. Richard Fernando, (4) Mariya Joslin Fernando, and (5) Grace Fernando of Colombo. Respondents.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before V. Coomaraswamy, Esq., District Judge, Kegalla, on November 27, 1924, in the presence of Mr. E. A. Peiris, Proctor, for petitioner; and her affidavit and petition dated September 15 and October 6, 1924, respectively, and the affidavit of Tentulage Charles Fernando of Kaldamulla, and of the attesting witnesses to the said will dated November 6, 1924, having been read: It is ordered that the will of Mututantrige Aron Fernando of Magamma, deceased, No. 15,912 dated October 5, 1911, and now deposited in court, be and same is hereby declared proved, unless

any person or persons interested shall, on or before January 8, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

It is further declared that the said Gomiyamulimige Sophia Martha Aponso of Magamma is the legatee named in the will, and that she is entitled to have probate of the same issued to her accordingly.

V. COOMARASWAMY,  
District Judge.

November 27, 1924.

This *Order Nisi* is extended for January 29, 1925.

V. COOMARASWAMY,  
District Judge.

January 8, 1925.

In the District Court of Kegalla.

*Order Nisi.*

Testamentary In the Matter of the Intestate Estate of Jurisdiction. Menikpedige Laminidua of Gantune, No. 1,063. deceased.

Menikpedige Appua of Gantune. Petitioner.

And

(1) Ranhotipedige Siludu, (2) Menikpedige Kiriukkua, (3) ditto Sedera, (4) ditto Sivatua, (5) ditto Setua, minors, all of Gantune. Respondents.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before V. Coomaraswamy, Esq., District Judge of Kegalla, on December 10, 1924, in the presence of Mr. George Aturupane, Proctor, for petitioner; and his affidavit and petition dated December 8 and 9, 1924, respectively, praying for letters of administration of the said estate, and the appointment of guardian *ad litem* over the minor respondents having been read:

It is ordered and declared that the 1st respondent being the mother of the 2nd, 3rd, 4th, and 5th respondents, who are minors, is a fit and proper person to be guardian *ad litem* over the minor respondents, and that such appointment will be made accordingly, and that the petitioner as father of the said intestate issued to him, and that such letters will be issued to him accordingly, unless the respondents or any person or persons interested shall, on or before January 27, 1925, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of the court to the contrary.

V. COOMARASWAMY,  
District Judge.

December 10, 1924.