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Part I.—General.

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APPOINTMENTS, &c., BY THE GOVERNOR.

No. 394 of 1924.

IT is hereby notified that HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased, under Article XIV. of "The Ceylon (Legislative Council) Order in Council, 1923," to appoint provisionally, subject to confirmation or disallowance by HIS MAJESTY THE KING, Dr. G. THORNTON, a person holding public office under the Crown in the Island, to be a Nominated Official Member of the Legislative Council of Ceylon, with effect from October 16, 1924, during the absence of Dr. J. F. E. BRIDGER from the Island.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, CECIL CLEMENTI,
Colombo, October 13, 1924. Colonial Secretary.

No. 395 of 1924.

IT is hereby notified that HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased, under the provisions of Article VIII. of "The Ceylon (Legislative Council) Order in Council, 1923," as amended by "The Ceylon (Legislative Council) Amendment Order in Council, 1924," in pursuance of HIS MAJESTY'S INSTRUCTIONS received through the SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES, to appoint Mr. H. A. LOOS to be a Nominated Unofficial Member of the Legislative Council of Ceylon.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, CECIL CLEMENTI,
Colombo, October 17, 1924. Colonial Secretary.

No. 396 of 1924.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr. M. W. H. DE SILVA to act as a Crown Counsel for the Island, with effect from October 6, 1924, until further orders.

Mr. M. PRASAD to the office of District Judge, Commissioner of Requests, and Police Magistrate, Tangalla, with effect from October 10, 1924, until further orders.

Mr. G. S. SURAWEERA to act as District Judge, Commissioner of Requests, and Police Magistrate, Kegalla, during the absence of Mr. V. COOMARASWAMY, on October 15, 1924, or until further orders.

Mr. GLADWIN KOCH to act as Additional District Judge, Colombo, during the absence of Mr. W. S. DE SARAM, on October 13 and 14, 1924, or until the resumption of duties by that officer.

Mr. A. DIAS ABEYSINGHE to act as Commissioner of Requests, and Police Magistrate, Galle; Additional District Judge and Municipal Magistrate, Galle, on October 16, 1924, during the absence of Mr. N. E. ERNST, on leave.

Mr. D. G. GOONEWARDENE to act as Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Galle; Additional District Judge and Municipal Magistrate, Galle, during the absence of Mr. N. E. ERNST, from October 17, 1924, until the resumption of duties by that officer.

Mr. R. JONES-BATEMAN to act as Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Jaffna Kayts, and Mallakam, and a Visitor of the Jaffna Prison, with effect from October 11, 1924, until further orders.

Mr. F. MARKUS to act at Dandagamuwa as Additional Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate for the judicial division of Kurunegala, during the absence of Mr. H. L. HOPPER, from October 18 to 20 and from 25 to 27, 1924, or until the resumption of duties by that officer.

Mr. J. W. E. D. PERERA to act as Additional Itinerating Police Magistrate, Western Province, for October 22, 1924.

Mr. H. J. M. WICKRAMARATNE to act as Additional Police Magistrate, Balapitiya, for October 15, 1924.

Mr. G. S. SURAWEERA to be a Justice of the Peace and Unofficial Police Magistrate for the District of Kegalla for such period as he holds the acting appointment of Crown Proctor, Kegalla.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, CECIL CLEMENTI,
Colombo, October 16, 1924. Colonial Secretary.

No. 397 of 1924.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased, under the provisions of section 9 (1) of "The Labour Ordinance, No. 1 of 1923," to appoint the Hon. Colonel T. Y. WRIGHT and the Hon. Mr. I. X. PEREIRA to be Members of the Board of Indian Immigrant Labour.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, CECIL CLEMENTI,
Colombo, October 16, 1924. Colonial Secretary.

No. 398 of 1924.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased, under section 16 of Ordinance No. 5 of 1910, to appoint Dr. DON VALENTINE WALPOLA, Medical Officer, Marawila, to be a Member of the Opium Board for the Puttalam and Chilaw Districts, *vice* Dr. CHARLES FERNANDO, who has left the Island.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, CECIL CLEMENTI,
Colombo, October 11, 1924. Colonial Secretary.

APPOINTMENTS, &c., OF REGISTRARS.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint Mr. KANKANAN TANATURU SUMATHIPALA GURUSINHA to act as Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar of Births and Deaths and of Marriages (General) of Galle District of the Southern Province, with effect from October 14, 1924, *vice* Mr. P. H. DE LA HARPE, on leave. His office will be at the Kachcheri, Galle.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, CECIL CLEMENTI,
Colombo, October 14, 1924. Colonial Secretary.

THE following appointment made under section 2 of Ordinance No. 22 of 1921 is hereby notified:—

Mr. MAILVAGANAM SANMUGAM to act as Registrar of Lands, Mullaittivu, for six days from October 20, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, Mr. R. K. ARULAMPALAM, on leave.

Registrar-General's Office, H. W. CODRINGTON,
Colombo, October 15, 1924. Registrar-General.

IT is hereby notified that I have appointed DINGRI BANDA WEBERASEKERA as Deputy Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kalutara town division, in the Kalutara District

No. 399 of 1924.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased, under section 120 of "The Criminal Procedure Code, 1898," as amended by Ordinance No. 37 of 1908, to appoint Mr. E. J. KUMBALWELA to be an Inquirer for Wiyaluwa division, Province of Uva, *vice* Mr. W. DIMBULANA, deceased.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, CECIL CLEMENTI,
Colombo, October 10, 1924. Colonial Secretary.

No. 400 of 1924.

IT is hereby notified that Mr. C. ASHLEY CLARKE is authorized to sign cheques, letters, accounts, &c., on behalf of the Chief Construction Engineer, Railway Extensions, in place of Mr. A. F. MASON, as from October 15, 1924.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, CECIL CLEMENTI,
Colombo, October 10, 1924. Colonial Secretary.

No. 401 of 1924.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointment in the Ceylon Supply and Transport Corps:—

To be Second Lieutenant.

Private FRANK REGINALD DOMAN.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, CECIL CLEMENTI,
Colombo, October 9, 1924. Colonial Secretary.

No. 402 of 1924.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint Mr. ALFRED KATHIRKAMAR CHELLAPPAH, of Kodikamam, to be a Notary Public throughout Tenmaradchi, Valikamam East, and Pachchilaipaly divisions of Jaffna District, with residence and office at Kodikamam and additional offices at Kopay North and Chempianpattu, and to practise as such in the Tamil language.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, CECIL CLEMENTI,
Colombo, October 14, 1924. Colonial Secretary.

of the Western Province, with effect from October 10, 1924, *vice* B. W. R. FERNANDO, deceased. His office will be at the Civil Hospital, Kalutara.

Registrar-General's Office, H. W. CODRINGTON,
Colombo, October 10, 1924. Registrar-General.

IT is hereby notified that I have confirmed SAVIRIYA-PICHCHAI MARIYANU PEIRIS in his appointment as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Musaly South No. 2 division, in the Mannar District of the Northern Province.

Registrar-General's Office, H. W. CODRINGTON,
Colombo, October 8, 1924. Registrar-General.

IT is hereby notified that I have appointed RATNA-MALALA BANDARALAGE APPUHAMY UDUWERIYA (provisionally) as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Pahala-wisideke korale division, and of Marriages (Kandyan and General) of Wannu hatpattu division, in the Kurunegala District of the North-Western Province, with effect from November 1, 1924, *vice* M. S. T. U. TIMBIRIWEWA, deceased. His office will be at Pahalagama.

Registrar-General's Office, H. W. CODRINGTON,
Colombo, October 8, 1924. Registrar-General.

IT is hereby notified that I have confirmed SANKENDA MUDIYANSELAGE APPUHAMY in his appointment as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Dehiwinipalata East division, and of Marriages (Kandyan and General) of Udukinda division, in the Badulla District of the Province of Uva.

Registrar-General's Office, H. W. CODRINGTON,
Colombo, October 8, 1924. Registrar-General.

IT is hereby notified that I have appointed WIJESINHA MALAPATIRANNEHELAGE UVANERIS WIJESINHA provisionally as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kitulgal palata division, and of Marriages (Kandyan and General) of Three Korales and Lower Bulatgama division, in the Kegalla District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, with effect from October 19, 1924, *vice* Registrar, D. B. PERERA, resigned. His office will be at Udahawatta in Polatagama.

Registrar-General's Office, H. W. CODRINGTON,
Colombo, October 13, 1924. Registrar-General.

THE following appointments, under section 3 of Ordinance No. 23 of 1900 and section 7 of Ordinance No. 19 of 1907, are hereby notified:—

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Colombo, has appointed DON JOSEPH MARTINUS PERERA SENANAYAKA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Pita Kotte division, and of Marriages (General) of Palle pattu of Salpiti korale division, in the Colombo District of the Western Province, for thirty days from October 13, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, WAHALATANTRIGE DON WILLIAM PERERA SENANAYAKA, on sick leave. His office will be at Kahatagahawatta in Pita Kotte; and station at Migahawatta in Borelesgomuwa.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Matale, has appointed TIKIRI BANDA ARAWWAWALA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Matale Medasiya pattu division, and of Marriages (General) of Matale South division, in the Matale District of the Central Province, for three days from October 11, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, A. B. NUGAPITIYA, on leave. His office will be at Hitinagedarawatta in Nugapitiya.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Nuwara Eliya, has appointed WEERASINGHA MUDIYANSELAGE PUNCHI BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Yati-palata korale division, and of Marriages (General) of Walapane (excluding the portion in Gravets) division, in the Nuwara Eliya District of the Central Province, for six days from October 13, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, W. M. K. BANDA, on leave. His office will be at Nildandahinna.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Galle, has appointed SARUKKALIGE PENTIS DE SILVA to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Four Gravets of Galle and Akmimana division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, for four days from October 8, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, M. DE S. WIJEKULASURIYA, on leave. His office will be at No. 328 A in Udu-malewatta in Magalla.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Galle, has appointed ISAAC CHARLES DIAS GURUSINHA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Weragoda division, and of Marriages (General) of Wellaboda pattu division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, for October 9, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, H. W. D. A. A. WICKRAMASINHA, on leave. His office will be at Pingahawatta in Godagama.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Galle, has appointed KAHADUWA-ARACHCHIGE CORNELIS to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Hapugala division, and of Marriages (General) of Four Gravets of Galle and Akmimana division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, for October 13, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, D. A. M. BANDHUWANA, on leave. His offices will be at Ganegodagewatta *alias* Urugodagewatta in Kalegana and Mutugalayawatta *alias* Baduwatta at Hapugala.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Galle, has appointed BAMMANNE ARACHCHIGE HENDRICK DIAS GUNASEKERA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kodagoda division, and of Marriages (General) of Talpe

pattu division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, for October 15, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, D. H. D. Y. ABAYAGUNAWARDENA, on leave. His office will be at Dangedarawatta *alias* Witanagewatta at Kodagoda.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Matara, has appointed DON HENDRICK SEPARAMADU PINIDIYA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Four Gravets No. 2. division, and of Marriages (General) of town and Four Gravets division, in the Matara District of the Southern Province, for October 9, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, A. DE S. WIRASINHA, on leave. His offices will be at Gasyatawatta *alias* Gabadagewatta in Tudawa and Disawagewatta at Weliveriya.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Matara, has appointed GANGODAGAMAGE DAVID DIAS GUNASEKERA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Midigama division, and of Marriages (General) of Weligama korale division, in the Matara District of the Southern Province, for twenty-one days from October 10, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, GANGODAGAMAGE DON ANDRIS DE SILVA, on sick leave. His offices will be at Dammalagegahalal-henewatta in Midigama and Bandaranayakawalawwewatta at Hettiwidia in Weligama.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Matara, has appointed DON ANDREAS BARTHOLOMEW RAJAPAKSA to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Matara town and Four Gravets division, in the Matara District of the Southern Province, for October 13, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, Mr. G. N. DE SILVA, on sick leave. His office will be at old District Court buildings, Matara.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Hambantota, has appointed ANDRAYAS DIAS RATNATUNGA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kahawatta Lower division, and of Marriages (General) of West Giruwa pattu division, in the Hambantota District of the Southern Province, for thirteen days from October 8, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, G. D. RATNATUNGA, on leave. His office will be at Udamura-addarawatta in Aramwela; additional office: Ambagahahena in Kudahilla.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Mullaitivu, has appointed T. NAKAMANY to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kilakkumulai South (excluding Vavuniya town) division, in the Mullaitivu District of the Northern Province, for twenty-one days from October 15, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, T. U. CHELLIAH, on sick leave. His office will be at Udayarvalavu, Maha Irampai-kulam.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kurunegala, has appointed MONNA KULAME DINGIRIBANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Hatalispaha korale west division, and of Marriages (General) of Wann hatpattu division, in the Kurunegala District of the North-Western Province, for five days from October 13, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, E. R. B. MUDIYANSE, on leave. His office will be at Monnankulama permanent Registrar's office.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kurunegala, has appointed RAJAPAKSA MINIMUTUPATIRANNEHELAGE PIYADASA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Meda pattu korale division, and of Marriages (General) of Katugampola hatpattu division, in the Kurunegala District of the North-Western Province, for fourteen days from October 27, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, D. B. WEERASINHA, on leave. His office will be at Narangamuwa permanent Registrar's office.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Puttalam-Chilaw, has appointed DON ALBANU NANAYAKKARA to act as Registrar of Births, Deaths, and Marriages (General) of Mundel division, in the Puttalam District of the North-Western Province, for nine days from October 12, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, G. J. LIVERA, on leave. His office will be at Mundel.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Puttalam-Chilaw, has appointed DON ALBANU NANAYAKKARA to act as Registrar of Births, Deaths, and Marriages (General) of Mundel division, in the Puttalam District of the North-Western Province, for seven days from October 21, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, G. J. LIVERA, on leave. His office will be at Mundel.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Anuradhapura, has appointed BALACHANDRA HERAT MUDIYANSELAGE KIRI BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kiralawa korale east division, and of Marriages (General) of Kalagampalata division, in the Anuradhapura District of the North-Central Province, for thirty-one days from October 20, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, J. H. M. KALUBANDA, on leave. His office will be at Kitulhitiyawa.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Badulla, has appointed C. V. GUNASEKERA to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Yatikinda division, in the Badulla District of the Province of Uva, for three days from October 3, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, P. B.

MUDANNAYAKA, on leave. His office will be at the Badulla Kachcheri.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kegalla, has appointed PALISKARA MUDIYANSELAGE PUNCHI APPUHAMY to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Dehigampal korale Megodapota pattu division, and of Marriages (General) of Three Korales and Lower Bulatgama division, in the Kegalla District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, for fourteen days from October 6, 1924, during the absence of the Registrar, C. A. JAYASINHA, on leave. His office will be at Hitinawatta in Karawdeniya.

Registrar-General's Office, H. W. CODRINGTON,
Colombo, October 13, 1924. Registrar-General.

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATIONS.

IT is hereby notified that a license to import 4,000 cartridges into Ceylon during the current year has been issued to Mr. A. W. Seymour, of Anuradhapura.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, October 6, 1924.

By His Excellency's command,

CECIL CLEMENTI,
Colonial Secretary.

"THE CEYLON TELEGRAPH ORDINANCE, 1908."

RULE made by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council, under section 7 of "The Ceylon Telegraph Ordinance, 1908," as amended by Ordinance No. 10 of 1923.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, October 16, 1924.

By His Excellency's command,

CECIL CLEMENTI,
Colonial Secretary.

RULE REFERRED TO.

The following shall be the scale of charges for the use of the telephone trunk line between Ramboda Post Office and the other stations named:—

Scale of Charges for 3 Minutes' Conversation.

Note.—Additional fee of 10 cents is charged for the use of the Call Office.

Between Ramboda and—	Rates. Rs. c.
Pussellawa	0 15*
Gampola, Kandy, Kandy-Sub, Nawalapitiya, Somerset, and Craighead..	0 25
Agrapatana, Bogawantalawa, Elkaduwa, Galagedara, Galaha, Hatton, Hewaheta, Katugastota, Kotagala, Kotmale, Kundasale, Lochnagar, Madulkele, Maskeliya, Matale, Norwood, Panwila, Peradeniya, Radella, Rangala, Rattota, Talawakele, Teldeniya, Tillicoultry, Watagoda, Watawala, Wattegama, Ambegamuwa, and Dolosbage †	0 50
Kandapola, Kegalla, Kurunegala, Maturata, Nanu-oya, Nuwara Eliya, Ragalla, Uda Pussellawa, Polgahawela, and Punduloya	0 75
Bandarawela, Colombo, Diyatalawa, Goleonda, Haputale, Kelaniya, and Ragama	1 0
Bandaragama, Dehiwala, Kesbawa, Kotte, Moratuwa, Padukka, Pana- dure, Wadduwa, Wattala, and Mount Lavinia	1 25
Avissawella, Beruwala, Horana, Ingiriya, Kalutara, Kochehikade, Neboda, Negombo, Paiyagala, Tebuwana, and Wennappuwa	1 50
Ambalangoda, Baddegama, Chilaw, Elpitiya, Galle, Magalla, Ratnapura, and Gintota	1 75
Habaraduwa, Weligama, and Kiriella †	2 0
Hakmana, Kamburupitiya, and Matara	2 25

*From Call Office also 15 cents.

† To be opened shortly.

"THE VEHICLES ORDINANCE, No. 4 OF 1916."

IT is hereby notified for general information, under by-law No. 19 (1), that the road mentioned in the schedule hereunto annexed is suitable for use by "lorries" (as defined in by-law 1 (2) of the by-laws published in the *Government Gazette* of March 3, 1922), subject to their compliance with the regulations governing the use of motor cars, motor lorries, and motor cycles, and subject to the condition specified in the schedule referred to.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, October 16, 1924.

By His Excellency's command,

CECIL CLEMENTI,
Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE. Central Province.

Talatuoya-Kirimetiya road Weight not to exceed 3 tons

THE following copy of a Treaty of Commerce and Navigation between the United Kingdom and Latvia signed at London on June 22, 1923; is published for general information, and it is notified that the Government of Ceylon has intimated to the Secretary of State for the Colonies its adherence to the Treaty.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, October 7, 1924.

CECIL CLEMENTI,
Colonial Secretary.

Treaty of Commerce and Navigation between the United Kingdom and Latvia.

Signed at London, June 22, 1923.

[Ratifications exchanged at London, November 5, 1923.]

His Majesty the King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, Emperor of India, and the President of the Latvian Republic, being desirous of further facilitating and extending the commercial relations already existing between their respective countries, have determined to conclude a Treaty of Commerce and Navigation with this object, and have appointed as their Plenipotentiaries, that is to say—

His Majesty the King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, Emperor of India; the Most Honourable the Marquess Curzon of Kedleston, K.G., His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs; and
The President of the Latvian Republic: M. George Bisseneek, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the Latvian Republic in London,

who, after having communicated to each other their respective full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon the following Articles:—

ARTICLE 1.

There shall be between the territories of the two Contracting Parties reciprocal freedom of commerce and navigation.

The subjects or citizens of each of the two Contracting Parties shall have liberty freely to come, with their ships and cargoes to all places and ports in the territories of the other, to which subjects or citizens of that Party are, or may be, permitted to come, and shall enjoy the same rights, privileges, liberties, favours, immunities, and exemptions in matters of commerce and navigation as are or may be enjoyed by subjects or citizens of that Party.

The subjects or citizens of each of the Contracting Parties shall not be subject in respect of their persons or property, or in respect of their commerce or industry, to any taxes, whether general or local, or to imposts or obligations of any kind whatever, other or greater than those which are or may be imposed upon subjects or citizens of the other, or subjects or citizens of the most favoured nation.

ARTICLE 2.

The Contracting Parties agree that, in all matters relating to commerce, navigation, and industry, any privilege, favour, or immunity which either Contracting Party has actually granted, or may hereafter grant, to the ships and subjects or citizens of any other foreign State, shall be extended simultaneously and unconditionally, without request and without compensation to the ships and subjects or citizens of the other, it being their intention that the commerce, navigation, and industry of each Party shall be placed in all respects on the footing of the most favoured nation.

ARTICLE 3.

The subjects or citizens of each of the Contracting Parties in the territories of the other shall be at full liberty to acquire and possess every description of property, movable and immovable, which the laws of that Party permit, or shall permit, the subjects or citizens of any other foreign country to acquire and possess. They may dispose of the same by sale, exchange, gift, marriage, testament, or in any other manner, or acquire the same by inheritance under the same conditions which are or shall be established with regard to the subjects or citizens of that Contracting Party. They shall not be subjected, in any of the cases mentioned, to any taxes, imposts, or charges of whatever denomination other or higher than those which are or shall be applicable to subjects or citizens of that Contracting Party.

The subjects or citizens of each of the Contracting Parties shall also be permitted, on compliance with the laws of the other Party, freely to export the proceeds of the sale of their property and goods in general without being subjected as foreigners to other or higher duties than those to which the subjects or citizens of that Party would be liable under similar circumstances.

ARTICLE 4.

The subjects or citizens of each of the Contracting Parties in the territories of the other shall be exempted from all compulsory military service whatsoever, whether in the army, navy, national guard, or militia. They shall similarly be exempted from all judicial, administrative, and municipal functions whatever, other than those imposed by the laws relating to juries, as well as from all contributions, whether pecuniary or in kind, imposed as an equivalent for personal service, and finally from any military exactions or requisitions. The charges connected with the possession by any title of landed property are, however, excepted as well as compulsory billeting and other special military exactions or requisitions, to which all subjects or citizens of that Party may be liable as owners or occupiers of buildings or land.

In the above respects the subjects or citizens of each of the Contracting Parties shall not be accorded in the territories of the other less favourable treatment than that which is, or may be, accorded to subjects or citizens of the most favoured nation.

ARTICLE 5.

Articles, the produce or manufacture of the territories of one of the Contracting Parties imported into the territories of the other, from whatever place arriving, shall not be subject to other or higher duties or charges than those paid on the like articles, the produce or manufacture of the territories of any other foreign country. Nor shall any prohibition or restriction be maintained or imposed on the importation of any article the produce or manufacture of the territories of either of the Contracting Parties into the territories of the other, from whatever place arriving, which shall not equally extend to the importation of the like articles being the produce or manufacture of the territories of any other foreign country.

The only exceptions of this general rule shall be in the case of the sanitary or other prohibitions occasioned by the necessity of securing the safety of persons or of cattle, or of plants useful to agriculture, and of the measures applicable in the territories of either of the Contracting Parties to articles enjoying a direct or indirect bounty in the territories of the other Contracting Party.

ARTICLE 6.

Articles, the produce or manufacture of the territories of either of the Contracting Parties, exported to the territories of the other shall not be subjected to other or higher duties or charges than those paid on the like articles exported to any other foreign country. Nor shall any prohibition or restriction be imposed on the exportation of any article from the territories of either of the Contracting Parties to the territories of the other which shall not equally extend to the exportation of the like article to any other foreign country.

ARTICLE 7.

As an exception from the general undertaking given by the Latvian Government to accord most-favoured-nation treatment to the commerce of His Britannic Majesty's territories, it is understood that His Britannic Majesty will not claim the benefit of any Customs preferences or other facilities of whatever nature which are, or may be, granted by Latvia in favour of Russia, Finland, Esthonia, or Lithuania in regard to Russian, Finnish, Esthonian, or Lithuanian goods respectively so long as such preferences or facilities are not extended by Latvia to any other foreign country.

ARTICLE 8.

The stipulations of the present Treaty with regard to the mutual accord of the treatment of the most favoured nation apply unconditionally to the treatment of commercial travellers and their samples. The Chambers of Commerce, as well as such other Trade Associations and other recognized Commercial Associations in the territories of the Contracting Parties as may be authorized in this behalf, shall be mutually accepted as competent authorities for issuing any certificates that may be required for commercial travellers.

Articles imported by commercial travellers as samples, shall in the territories of each of the Contracting Parties be temporarily admitted free of duty on compliance with the Customs regulations and formalities established to assure their re-exportation or the payment of the prescribed Customs duties if not re-exported within the period allowed by law. But the foregoing privilege shall not extend to articles which, owing to their quantity or value, cannot be considered as samples, or which, owing to their nature, could not be identified upon re-exportation.

The marks, stamps, or seals placed upon such samples by the Customs authorities of one Contracting Party at the time of exportation and the officially attested list of such samples, containing a full description thereof, issued by them shall be reciprocally accepted by the Customs officials of the other as establishing their character as samples and exempting them from inspection, except so far as may be necessary to establish that the samples produced are those enumerated in the list. The Customs authorities of either Contracting Party may, however, affix a supplementary mark to such samples in special cases where they may think this precaution necessary.

ARTICLE 9.

No internal duties levied for the benefit of the State, local authorities, or corporations which affect, or may affect, the production, manufacture, or consumption of any article in the territories of either of the Contracting Parties, shall for any reason be a higher or more burdensome charge on articles, the produce or manufacture of the other, than on similar articles of native origin.

The produce or manufacture of either of the Contracting Parties imported into the territories of the other, and intended for warehousing or transit, shall not be subjected to any internal duty. It is understood that ordinary charges for the handling of goods in the ports are not within the scope of this Article and may be levied.

ARTICLE 10.

The establishment and the activities of limited liability and other companies and associations, commercial, industrial, financial, forwarding, navigation and assurance are based on the laws and regulations of the Contracting Party in the territories of which they may be situated.

It is understood that this Article does not give the right to impose by the enactment of laws or otherwise special conditions on companies of either of the Contracting Parties operating in the territories of the other involving treatment less favourable than that which is applied to national or foreign companies operating in those territories.

ARTICLE 11.

Limited liability and other companies and associations, commercial, industrial, and financial, already or hereafter to be organized in accordance with the laws of either Contracting Party, and registered in the territories of such Party, are authorized, in the territories of the other, to exercise their rights and to appear in the Courts either as plaintiffs or defendants, subject to the laws of such other Party.

ARTICLE 12.

Each of the Contracting Parties undertakes to place no obstacle in the way of any company (duly organized in accordance with the laws of the other) which may desire to carry on in its territories, whether through the establishment of branches or otherwise, commercial, industrial, insurance, banking, or other description of business which the subjects or companies of any foreign country are or may be permitted to carry on; and in framing and administering laws with regard to the taxation of such companies and branches, each Contracting Party will be guided by the principle embodied in Article 1 of this Treaty, that is to say, that the system of taxation shall be so framed and administered as to place national companies and the business in the territories of each Contracting Party of the companies organized in the territories of the other so far as possible on the same footing in this respect.

ARTICLE 13.

The measures taken by the Contracting Parties for regulating and forwarding traffic across their territories shall facilitate free transit by rail or waterway on routes in use convenient for international transit. No distinction shall be made which is based on the nationality of persons, the flag of vessels, the place of origin, departure, entry, exit, or destination, or on any circumstances relating to the ownership of goods or of vessels, coaching or goods stock; or other means of transport.

In order to ensure the application of the foregoing provisions the Contracting Parties will allow transit in accordance with the customary conditions and reserves across their territorial waters.

Traffic in transit shall not be subject to any special dues in respect of transit (including entry and exit) except for such dues as are intended solely to defray expenses of supervision and administration entailed by such transit. It is understood that ordinary charges for the handling of the goods in the ports are not within the scope of this Article and may be levied.

Neither Contracting Party shall be bound by this Article to afford transit for passengers whose admission into its territories is forbidden, or for goods of a kind of which the importation is prohibited, either on grounds of public health or security, or as a precaution against diseases of animals and plants.

For the purpose of this Article, persons, baggage, and goods, and also vessels, coaching and goods stock, and other means of transport shall be deemed to be in transit across the territories of the Contracting Parties, when the passage across such territories, with or without transshipment, warehousing, breaking bulk, or change in the mode of transport, is only a portion of a complete journey, beginning and terminating beyond the frontier of the Party across whose territories the transit takes place.

ARTICLE 14.

Each of the Contracting Parties shall permit the importation or exportation of all merchandise which may be legally imported or exported; and also the carriage of passengers from or to their respective territories, upon the vessels of the other; and such vessels, their cargoes and passengers, shall enjoy the same privileges as, and shall not be subjected to any other or higher duties or charges than, national vessels and their cargoes and passengers or the vessels, cargoes, and passengers of the most favoured nation.

ARTICLE 15.

The provisions of this Treaty relating to the mutual concession of national treatment in matters of navigation do not apply to the coasting trade, in respect of which the subjects and vessels of the Contracting Parties shall enjoy most-favoured-nation treatment.

British and Latvian vessels may, nevertheless, proceed from one port to another, either for the purpose of landing the whole or part of their cargoes or passengers brought from abroad, or of taking on board the whole or part of their cargoes or passengers for a foreign destination.

It is also understood that, in the event of the coasting trade of either Party being exclusively reserved to national vessels, the vessels of the other Party, if engaged in trade to or from places not within the limits of the coasting trade so reserved, shall not be prohibited from the carriage between two ports of the former Party of passengers holding through tickets or merchandise consigned on through bills of lading to or from places not within the above-mentioned limits, and while engaged in such carriage these vessels and their passengers and cargoes shall enjoy the full privileges of this Treaty.

ARTICLE 16.

In all that regards the stationing, loading, and unloading of vessels in the ports, docks, roadsteads, and harbours of the territories of the Contracting Parties, no privilege or facility shall be granted by either Party to vessels of any other foreign country or to national vessels which is not equally granted to vessels of the other Party.

ARTICLE 17.

In regard to duties of tonnage, harbour, pilotage, lighthouse, quarantine, or other analogous duties or charges of whatever denomination, levied in the name or for the profit of the Government, public functionaries, private individuals, corporations, or establishments of any kind, the vessels of either Contracting Party shall enjoy in the ports of the territories of the other treatment at least as favourable as that accorded to national vessels or the vessels of any other foreign country.

ARTICLE 18.

Any vessel of either of the Contracting Parties which may be compelled, by stress of weather or by accident, to take shelter in a port of the other, shall be at liberty to refit therein, to procure all necessary stores, and to put to sea again, without paying any dues other than such as would be payable in a similar case by a national vessel. In case, however, the master of a merchant vessel should be under the necessity of disposing of a part of his merchandise in order to defray his expenses, he shall be bound to conform to the Regulations and Tariffs of the place to which he may have come.

If any vessel of one of the Contracting Parties should run aground or be wrecked upon the coasts of the other, such vessel, and all parts thereof, and all furniture and appurtenances belonging thereunto, and all goods and merchandise saved therefrom, including any which may have been cast into the sea, or the proceeds thereof, if sold, as well as all papers found on board such stranded or wrecked vessel, shall be given up to the owners of such vessel, goods, merchandise, &c., or to their agents when claimed by them. If there are no such owners or agents on the spot then the vessel, goods, merchandise, &c., referred to shall, in so far as they are the property of a subject or citizen of the other Contracting Party, be delivered to the Consular Officer of that Contracting Party in whose district the wreck or stranding may have taken place, upon being claimed by him within the period fixed by the laws of that Contracting Party, and such Consular Officers, owners, or agents shall pay only the expenses incurred in the preservation of the property, together with the salvage or other expenses which would have been payable in the like case of a wreck or stranding of a national vessel.

The Contracting Parties agree, moreover, that merchandise saved shall not be subjected to the payment of any Customs duty unless cleared for internal consumption.

In the case of a vessel either being driven in by stress of weather, run aground, or wrecked, the respective Consular Officers shall, if the owner or master or other agent of the owner is not present, or is present and requires it, be authorized to interpose in order to afford the necessary assistance to their fellow-countrymen.

ARTICLE 19.

All vessels which, according to British law, are to be deemed British vessels, and all vessels which, according to Latvian law, are to be deemed Latvian vessels, shall for the purpose of this Treaty be deemed British and Latvian vessels respectively.

ARTICLE 20.

It shall be free to each of the Contracting Parties to appoint Consuls-General, Consuls, Vice-Consuls, and Consular Agents to reside in the territories of the other. Such Consuls-General, Consuls, Vice-Consuls, and Consular Agents, however, shall not enter upon their functions until after they shall have been approved and admitted in the usual form by the Government to which they are sent.

ARTICLE 21.

The Consular Officers of each of the Contracting Parties residing in the territories of the other shall receive from the local authorities such assistance as can by law be given to them for the recovery of deserters from the vessels of their respective countries.

Provided that this stipulation shall not apply to subjects or citizens of the Contracting Party in whose territory the desertion takes place.

ARTICLE 22.

The subjects or citizens of each of the Contracting Parties shall have in the territories of the other the same rights in regard to patents for inventions, trade marks, and designs, and copyright in literary and artistic works as their respective laws do now or may hereafter grant to their own subjects or citizens.

ARTICLE 23.

Latvia agrees on condition of reciprocity to recognize and protect all rights in any industrial, literary, or artistic property belonging to British subjects in force, or which but for the War or Revolution in Russia would have been in force in any part of her territories before transfer to Latvia, and for the purpose of renewal of such rights the proper extension of time will be accorded.

It is understood that for the purposes of the above provisions Latvia may require proof of title and also registration of such rights in Latvia.

It is further understood that patents and trade marks which have been registered in Latvia before the date of conclusion of this Treaty and would be identical with those previously registered by British subjects in Russia, can be revoked in Latvia only by the decision of the Courts of Law. Latvia agrees to promulgate within six months from the date of the ratification of this Treaty a special law concerning revocation of patents and trade marks so registered.

ARTICLE 24.

All goods bearing marks or descriptions which state or manifestly suggest that the goods are the produce or manufacture of the territories of either of the Contracting Parties shall, if such statement or suggestion be false, be seized on importation into the territories of either of the two Parties. The seizure may also be effected in the State where the false indication of origin has been applied, or in that into which the goods bearing the false indication may have been imported.

The seizure shall be effected either at the request of the proper Government Department or of an interested party, whether an individual or a society, in conformity with the domestic legislation of each Contracting Party, but the authorities are not bound to effect the seizure of goods in transit.

The Tribunals of each Contracting Party shall decide what descriptions, on account of their generic character, do not fall within the provisions of the present Article.

ARTICLE 25.

This Treaty shall not be deemed to confer any right or to impose any obligation in contravention of any general International Convention to which either His Britannic Majesty or the President of the Latvian Republic is or hereafter may be a party.

ARTICLE 26.

The stipulations of the present Treaty shall not be applicable to India or to any of His Britannic Majesty's self-governing Dominions, Colonies, Possessions, or Protectorates, unless notice is given by His Britannic Majesty's Representative at Riga of the desire of His Britannic Majesty that the said stipulations shall apply to any such territory.

Nevertheless, goods produced or manufactured in India or in any of His Britannic Majesty's self-governing Dominions, Colonies, Possessions, or Protectorates shall enjoy in Latvia complete and unconditional most-favoured-nation treatment so long as goods produced or manufactured in Latvia are accorded in India or such self-governing Dominion, Colony, Possession, or Protectorate treatment as favourable as that accorded to goods produced or manufactured in any other foreign country.

ARTICLE 27.

The terms of the preceding Article relating to India and to His Britannic Majesty's self-governing Dominions, Colonies, Possessions, and Protectorates shall apply also to any territory in respect of which a mandate on behalf of the League of Nations has been accepted by His Britannic Majesty.

ARTICLE 28.

The present Treaty shall be ratified and the ratifications shall be exchanged at London as soon as possible. It shall come into force immediately upon ratification, and shall remain in force until the expiration of twelve months from the date on which either of the Contracting Parties shall have denounced it.

As regards, however, India or any of His Britannic Majesty's self-governing Dominions, Colonies, Possessions, or Protectorates, or any territory in respect of which a mandate on behalf of the League of Nations has been accepted by His Britannic Majesty, to which the stipulations of the present Treaty shall have been made applicable under Articles 26 or 27, either of the Contracting Parties shall have the right to terminate it separately at any time on giving twelve months' notice to that effect.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the present Treaty and have affixed thereunto their seals.

Done in duplicate, at London, the 22nd day of June, 1923.

(L.S.) CURZON OF KEDLESTON.

(L.S.) G. W. BISSENEEK.

"THE STAMP ORDINANCE, 1909."

IT is hereby notified that His Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, has, by virtue of the powers by section 5, sub-section (1) (c), of "The Stamp Ordinance, No. 22 of 1909," on him conferred, authorized the following Joint Stock Companies, incorporated under the Joint Stock Companies Ordinances, to compound for the payment of stamp duty on share certificates, specified in Schedule B of "The Stamp Ordinance, 1909," as set forth in section 2 of "The Stamp (Amendment) Ordinance, No. 10 of 1919," on the conditions set out in section 5 aforesaid, sub-sections (1) (c) (ii.), (iii.), and (iv.).

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, October 16, 1924.

CECIL CLEMENTI,
Colonial Secretary.

COMPANIES REFERRED TO.

The Indo-Ceylon Trading Company, Limited.
The Depedene Tea Company, Limited.

"THE CEYLON (LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL) ORDER IN COUNCIL, 1923."

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 15 of rules made under Article XXXVIII. of "The Ceylon (Legislative Council) Order in Council, 1923," that the return and the declarations, under section 14 of the said rules in respect of the candidature of the Hon. Mr. James Peiris have been lodged with me by his Election Agent, Mr. C. Wilfred Perera, and can be inspected at this office on week days between the hours of 9.30 A.M. and 4.30 P.M. (2 P.M. on Saturdays).

Statistics Office,
Colombo, October 13, 1924.

L. J. B. TURNER,
Returning Officer, Constituency of the Town of Colombo (South).

Notice under Rule 15 of the Rules made under Article XXXVIII. of "The Ceylon (Legislative Council) Order in Council, 1923."

NOTICE is hereby given, under rule 15 of the rules made by the Governor in Executive Council under Article XXXVIII. of "The Ceylon (Legislative Council) Order in Council, 1923," that the return and declaration under rule 14 of the said rules have this day been lodged with me by Mr. Sinnatamby Russell Basaratnam, the Election Agent of the Hon. Mr. W. Duraiswamy, and that the same can be inspected at the Jaffna Kachcheri any day between 10 A.M. and 2 P.M.

The Kachcheri,
Jaffna, October 11, 1924.

F. J. SMITH,
Returning Officer, Northern Province (Western Division) Electorate.

Notice under Rule 15 of the Rules made under Article XXXVIII. of "The Ceylon (Legislative Council) Order in Council, 1923."

NOTICE is hereby given, under rule 15 of the rules made by the Governor in Executive Council under Article XXXVIII. of "The Ceylon (Legislative Council) Order in Council, 1923," that the return and declaration under rule 14 of the said rules were lodged with me on October 13, 1924, by the Hon. Mr. D. H. Kotalawala, and that the same can be inspected at the Badulla Kachcheri any day between 10 A.M. and 2 P.M.

Badulla Kachcheri,
October 14, 1924.

R. A. G. FESTING,
Returning Officer, Province of Uva Electorate.

MONTHLY STATEMENT issued by the Commissioners of Currency, under section 20 of Ordinance No. 32 of 1884, for the month of September, 1924 :—

1.—Note Account.

	Rs.	c.		Rs.	c.
Total Stock on August 31, 1924	94,175,060	0	In vault on September 30, 1924	45,910,040	0
Add Notes received in September, 1924	—	—	In circulation on September 30, 1924	47,002,025	0
	94,175,060	0			
Deduct Notes destroyed in September, 1924	1,262,995	0			
	92,912,065	0		92,912,065	0

2.—Reserve Account.

	Rs.	c.		Rs.	c.
Coin received for Notes in circulation	47,002,025	0	Securities at cost (£1 = Rs. 15)	30,336,301	89
Excess of reserve over Notes in circulation	5,904,072	66	Coin in vault	22,569,795	77
	52,906,097	66		52,906,097	66

3.—Average amount of Notes in circulation during the month	..	..	..	44,868,690	0
Average amount of Coin in vault during the month	..	..	..	20,436,461	0

4.—Details of Investments and Securities.

	Face Value.			Face Value.		Purchase Value.		Market Value.	
	£	s.	d.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	(Sterling at Rate of the Day.)	
Colonial Securities	770,236	1	4	11,553,541	0	10,800,393	31	8,792,532	92
War Loan 5 per cent.	4,877	15	1	73,166	31	75,000	0	66,426	29
Funding Loan 4 per cent.	7,091	1	2	106,365	88	85,092	69	83,453	42
Indian 3½ per cent. Stock, Sterling	96,000	14	7	1,440,010	94	1,290,186	0	855,432	7
Indian 5 per cent. War Loan	—	—	—	15,838,700	0	14,880,329	89	14,809,184	50
Government of India 6 per cent. Bonds	—	—	—	371,100	0	371,100	0	381,305	25
Government of India 6 per cent. Loan	—	—	—	2,834,200	0	2,834,200	0	2,926,311	50
Total	—	—	—	32,217,084	13	30,336,301	89	27,914,645	95

Currency Office,
Colombo, October 7, 1924.

C. CLEMENTI, Colonial Secretary,
E. B. ALEXANDER, Controller of Revenue,
W. W. WOODS, Colonial Treasurer, } Commissioners of Currency.

NOTICES CALLING FOR TENDERS.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the privilege of changing foreign money at the Fort Railway Station from date of acceptance to September 30, 1925, from persons willing to tender for the same.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover and should be addressed to the General Manager of the Railway, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the Office of the General Manager of the Railway, or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for the Privilege of Changing Foreign Money at Fort Railway Station" in the left hand corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the General Manager of the Railway, not later than noon, on Tuesday, November 11, 1924.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Office of the General Manager of the Railway, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form.

6. A deposit of Rs. 10 in favour of the Hon. the Treasurer of Ceylon will be required to be made at the General Treasury, Colombo, or at any Kachcheri, or Bank in Colombo, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond, or fail to furnish approved security, within 10 days of receiving notice in writing from the Head of the Department, or his duly authorized representative that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

7. The amount of security required will be a month's rent in cash. All other necessary information can be ascertained upon application at the office referred to in section 5.

8. The security should be furnished within ten days of acceptance of each tender being notified.

9. The contract is on no account to be assigned or sublet without the authority of the General Manager.

10. All alterations or erasures in tender should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

11. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled, and any offers received containing conditions not mentioned herein will be rejected without question.

12. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

13. Before tender forms are supplied to persons wishing to tender, they will have to satisfy the General Manager or person delegated by him that they are in a position to execute the contract in a satisfactory manner, and for this purpose they must be prepared to produce documentary or other evidence if called for.

14. No structure of any kind will be allowed to be erected on the premises, nor will the contractor or his agents be permitted inside the station premises, but the successful tenderer will be allowed to keep a suitable desk on the station verandah.

15. A Government contractor must not issue a power of attorney to a person whose name is in the defaulting contractors' list authorizing him to carry on the contract.

16. No contract shall be entered into with any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person, whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors or any other person to whom the General Manager for reasons which appear to him sufficient objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

General Manager's Office,
Colombo, October 9, 1924.

T. E. DUTTON,
General Manager.

IT is hereby notified for general information with reference to the notice calling for tenders for provisioning Batticaloa Jail, appearing at page 2399 of *Gazette* dated October 3, 1924, that the date of opening the tenders has been extended to Tuesday, October 21, 1924.

A. F. G. WALKER,
Prisons Office, Inspector-General of Prisons.
Colombo, October 10, 1924.

TENDERS are hereby invited for taking levels and making cross sections of the Madurankuli-Kaddaiyamottai road.

2. All tenders must be in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Provincial Engineer, North-Western Province, Kurunegala, and the duplicate direct to the District Engineer, Puttalam.

3. Tenders must be marked "Tender for taking Levels, Madurankuli-Kaddaiyamottai road" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the office of the Provincial Engineer, North-Western Province, and the District Engineer, Puttalam, not later than midday, on October 31, 1924.

4. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the office of the Provincial Engineer, North-Western Province, or be sent to him through the post.

5. Tenders must be on forms which may be obtained at the office of the Provincial Engineer, North-Western Province, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained. Any alteration made in the tenders should bear the initials of the tenderer and all tenders containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

6. Plans and specifications may be seen, and further information obtained on application at the office of the Provincial Engineer, North-Western Province, any week day between the hours of 9.30 A.M. and 4.30 P.M. (Saturdays 9.30 A.M. and 2 P.M.). Further information may be obtained at the office of the Director of Public Works, Colombo.

7. The work to be completed on or before November 30, 1924.

8. No contract shall be entered into with any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, or any other person to whom the Provincial Engineer, North-Western Province, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

9. Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender, and reserves to itself the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Public Works Office, E. W. BARTHOLOMEW,
Colombo, October 15, 1924. for Director of Public Works.

TENDERS are hereby invited for surveying and making the necessary plans of the road from 2nd to 13th mile, Kurunegala-Galagedara road.

2. All tenders must be in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Provincial Engineer, North-Western Province, Kurunegala, and the duplicate direct to the District Engineer, Kurunegala.

3. Tenders must be marked "Tender for the Survey of Kurunegala-Galagedara Road" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Provincial Engineer, North-Western Province, and the District Engineer, Kurunegala, not later than midday on October 31, 1924.

4. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Provincial Engineer, North-Western Province, or be sent to him through the post.

5. Tenders must be on forms which may be obtained at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, North-Western

Province, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained. Any alteration made in the tenders should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all tenders containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

6. Specifications may be seen and further information obtained on application at the Office of the Provincial Engineer, North-Western Province, any week day between the hours of 9.30 A.M. and 4.30 P.M. (Saturdays 9.30 A.M. and 2 P.M.). Preliminary inquiries may be made at the Office of the Director of Public Works, Colombo.

7. The work to be completed on or before December 15, 1924.

8. No contract shall be entered into with any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, or any other person to whom the Provincial Engineer, North-Western Province, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

9. Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender, and reserves to itself the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Public Works Office, E. W. BAETHOLOMEW,
Colombo, October 15, 1924. for Director of Public Works

TENDERS are hereby invited for the under-mentioned supply of firewood to the Jaffna Depôt during 1924-25. The work is to commence within two weeks of intimation of acceptance of tender. Details of work and the area of exploitation are given in the schedule below.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box of the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Supply of Firewood to Jaffna Depôt, Northern Division," in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday, on Tuesday, November 11, 1924.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Forest Office, Jaffna, which can be applied for by post or personal application. No tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form. Alterations must be initialled, otherwise the tender may be treated as informal and rejected.

6. A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and a receipt forwarded or produced before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline or fail to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or to furnish approved security within ten days of receiving notice from the Head of the Department, or his duly authorized representative, that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

7. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

8. Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount of the bond and all other information can be ascertained on application to the office referred to in section 5. A further security in cash of Rs. 500 will be required of the contractor when entering into the bond.

9. A rate per ton of firewood must be quoted, both in words and figures.

10. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

11. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all the tenders, and of accepting any portion of a tender, not necessarily the lowest tender.

12. The contractor's obligations and rights under this contract shall not be assigned or otherwise transferred or

sublet without the consent and authority of the Conservator of Forests previously obtained in writing.

13. No contract shall be entered into with any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, or any other person to whom the Conservator of Forests, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

14. Tenderers before tendering should inspect the areas of operation as shown in the schedule.

15. For further information and for inspection of the draft contracts, application should be made to the Divisional Forest Officer, Northern Division, Jaffna.

16. Tenderers, who have not previously held Government contracts, when applying for tender forms, should furnish the officer issuing the forms with a written statement giving their full names and permanent addresses, stating in which district or districts they own landed property or other interests. The extent of landed property, and the nature and extent of other interests should also be given.

In the case of persons who have carried out contracts with the Forest Department, but not in the division or district concerned in the notice calling for tenders, they should state in which division or district or divisions or districts they held contracts.

In the case of persons who have carried out Government contracts with Departments other than the Forest Department, the name of such Department and the district in which the service was rendered should be stated.

General Conditions.

(a) The firewood shall be in lengths of 3 feet to 5 feet and not less than 2 inches in diameter.

(b) Any tree pointed out by a Forest Officer as one to be felled for firewood, shall, without question, be felled, and any tree pointed out or marked by a Forest Officer as not to be felled shall not be felled or injured.

(c) The contractor will be responsible for the safety of firewood stacked on the railway line, on the seashore, in the forest, and in transit, until delivered to Depôt-keeper.

(d) The contractor may be required at times to increase supplies should the depôt requirements necessitate, and at times also decrease supplies, but the average output will be as described in the schedule.

(e) It must be clearly understood that, for failure to deliver monthly supplies as required, a penalty of Rs. 2 for every ton short will be levied.

(f) Payments may be made by the Divisional Forest Officer for firewood delivered at the Jaffna Depôt on production of a receipt from the Depôt-keeper showing the amount of firewood delivered.

SCHEDULE.

Veddukadu Pallikuda Area.

(a) To clear, fell, all trees 6 inches from the ground with axe in Veddukadu Pallikuda area north of the Mandakalar old reserve boundary.

(b) To cut into firewood every tree so felled and every other dead or fallen tree, whatsoever sufficient to yield 3,000 tons of firewood, more or less, with the least amount of wastage. All firewood immediately after conversion to be transported to the seashore, and thence by boats to Jaffna Customs and taken to Jaffna Depôt, weighed and stacked in the Jaffna Depôt in such a manner as the Depôt-keeper may direct at a minimum rate of 500 tons per mensem from January 1, 1925. Final delivery in Jaffna Depôt to be made on or before June 15, 1925, when the balance remaining, if any, out of the total quantity to be supplied should be delivered.

(c) Felling must proceed steadily and systematically in one direction straight across the area, every tree being cut and the area stripped clean of all firewood.

(d) Distance of transport by cart to seashore is up to 2 miles, and by boats to the Jaffna Depôt 18 miles.

Office of the Conservator of Forests, J. D. SARGENT,
Kandy, October 14, 1924. Conservator of Forests.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the under-mentioned supply of firewood to the Railway Department from the North-Western Division during 1924-25. Details of work and the area to be exploited for the purpose are given in the schedule annexed hereto.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tenders for Firewood to the Railway Department" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday, on Tuesday, November 11, 1924.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Forest Office, North-Western Division, Kurunegala. No tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form. Alterations must be initialled, otherwise the tenders may be treated as informal and rejected.

6. A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required to be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline or fail to enter into a contract and bond after he has tendered, or to furnish approved security, within 10 days of receiving notice in writing from the Head of the Department, or his duly authorized representative, that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

7. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

8. Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount of the bond and all other necessary information can be ascertained upon application at the office referred to in section 5. A further security in cash of 5 per cent. of the value of the contract will be required of the contractor when entering into a bond.

9. Tenderers should read and initial a draft contract which will be available in the Forest Office, Kurunegala, before they obtain tender forms. Also certify that they have inspected the demarcated block.

10. If any tree or sapling outside the demarcated area is felled, the contractor will be liable for the full penalty provided under Ordinance No. 16 of 1907.

11. A penalty of 25 cents for every cubic yard of firewood not delivered at the monthly rate specified in the schedule below will be exacted from the contractor.

12. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

13. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders and of accepting any portion of a tender.

14. A rate per cubic yard of firewood delivered should be quoted, written both in words and figures.

15. The contractor's obligations and rights under this contract shall not be assigned, or otherwise transferred, or sublet without the consent and authority of the Conservator of Forests previously obtained in writing.

16. No contract shall be entered into with any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors or any other person to whom the Conservator of Forests, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

17. For any further information application should be made to the Divisional Forest Officer, North-Western Division, Kurunegala.

18. Tenderers, who have not previously held Government contracts, when applying for tender forms, should furnish the officer-issuing the forms with a written statement giving their full names and permanent addresses,

stating in which district or districts they own landed property or other interests. The extent of landed property, and the nature and extent of other interests should also be given.

In the case of persons who have carried out contracts with the Forest Department, but not in the division or district concerned in the notice calling for tenders, they should state in which division or district or divisions or districts they held contracts.

In the case of persons who have carried out Government contracts with Departments, other than the Forest Department, the name of such department and the district in which the service was rendered should be stated.

SCHEDULE.

(a) To fell all trees except schedule species, and inferior species marked by a Forest Officer to be retained as standards from a demarcated block of 100 acres or thereabouts in the forest known as Siyabalangamuwa, in the District of Kurunegala, so as to yield 10,000 cubic yards of firewood. If scheduled species are required to be felled for conversion into firewood, they will be marked for the purpose by a responsible Forest Officer. They will include only unsound or crooked stems of valuable species, such as satin, palu, milla, ranai, halmilla, ebony, and other superior species, which are not suitable to be retained for timber production or as seed bearers.

(b) At the same time to cut all brushwood, thorns, and woody undergrowth in the said block and distribute them evenly and lightly over the area, together with all inconvertible branchwood and wood refuse.

(c) To cut all climbers found on stems to be retained as standards.

(d) To convert all trees felled together with every other fallen trees whatever into firewood of which each piece is to be 3 feet in length not less than 2 inches minimum diameter nor more than 36 inches in girth. Billets over 36 inches girth should be split. Schedule species of 4 feet girth and over, if sound, are to be cut and delivered in the log outside the area at the discretion of the local Forest Officer.

(e) To transport and stack the firewood along the railway line between 106th and 107½ mileposts at the minimum rate of 800 cubic yards per month commencing from January 1, 1925. The full supply should be completed by the end of December, 1925.

(f) The contractor is required to level and clear adequate stacking grounds. The wood should be stacked leaving sufficient space between the stacks for inspecting officers to walk round each stack.

(g) The demarcated block will be subdivided into felling areas 5 chains square. The boundaries of these areas only will be used as extraction paths and no carts will be allowed inside the felling area itself. Fuel to be carried by head-load to the demarcated boundaries. Distance of transport is about 1½ miles.

(h) The contractor is required to coppice cut with sharp katties or other suitable instruments all stumps of trees felled up to 12 inches diameter which are pronounced by the Divisional Forest Officer to be suitable for coppicing.

Office of the Conservator of Forests, J. D. SARGENT,
Kandy, October 14, 1924. Conservator of Forests.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the under-mentioned supply of firewood to the Railway Construction Department from the North-Western Division during 1924-25. Details of work and the area to be exploited for the purpose are given in the schedule annexed hereto.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tenders for Firewood to the Railway Construction Department" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, November 11, 1924.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Forest Office, North-Western Division, Kurunegala. No tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form. Alterations must be initialled, otherwise the tenders may be treated as informal and rejected.

6. A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required to be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline or fail to enter into a contract and bond after he has tendered, or to furnish approved security, within 10 days of receiving notice in writing from the Head of the Department, or his duly authorized representative, that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

7. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

8. Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount of the bond and all other necessary information can be ascertained upon application at the office referred to in section 5. A further security in cash up to Rs. 500 will be required of the contractor when entering into a bond.

9. Tenderers should read and initial a draft contract which will be available in the Forest Office, Kurunegala, before they obtain tender forms. Also certify that they have inspected the demarcated block.

10. If any tree or sapling outside the demarcated area is felled the contractor will be liable for the full penalty provided under Ordinance No. 16 of 1907.

11. A penalty of 25 cents for every cubic yard of firewood not delivered at the monthly rate specified in the schedule below will be extracted from the contractor.

12. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

13. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders and of accepting any portion of a tender.

14. A rate per cubic yard of firewood delivered should be quoted, written both in words and figures.

15. The contractor's obligations and rights under this contract shall not be assigned, or otherwise transferred, or sublet without the consent and authority of the Conservator of Forests previously obtained in writing.

16. No contract shall be entered into with any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors or any other person to whom the Conservator of Forests, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

17. Tenderers, who have not previously held Government contracts, when applying for tender forms, should furnish the officer issuing the forms with a written statement giving their full names and permanent addresses, stating in which district or districts they own landed property or other interests. The extent of landed property, and the nature and extent of other interests should also be given.

In the case of persons who have carried out contracts with the Forest Department, but not in the division or district concerned in the notice calling for tenders, they should state in which division or district or divisions or districts they held contracts.

In the case of persons who have carried out Government contracts with Departments other than the Forest Department, the name of such Department and the district in which the service was rendered should be stated.

18. For any further information application should be made to the Divisional Forest Officer, North-Western Division, Kurunegala.

Schedule.

(a) To fell all trees except scheduled species, and inferior species marked by a Forest Officer to be retained as standards from a demarcated block of 100 acres or thereabouts in the forest known as Attarvillu Reserve in the

District of Puttalam, so as to yield 14,000 cubic yards of firewood more or less. If scheduled species are required to be felled for conversion into firewood, they will be marked for the purpose by a responsible Forest Officer. They will include only unsound or crooked stems of valuable species, such as satin, palu, milla, rani halmilla, ebony, and other superior species, which are not suitable to be retained for timber production or as seed bearers.

(b) At the same time to cut all brushwood, thorns, and woody undergrowth in the said block and distribute them evenly and lightly over the area, together with all inconvertible branchwood and wood refuse. The contractor will not, however, be required to cut undergrowth, &c., in portions of the area classed by a responsible officer, as scrub forest, from which no firewood can be obtained, and such areas will be excluded from the contractors operations.

(c) To cut all climbers found on stems to be retained as standards.

(d) To convert all trees felled together with every other fallen trees whatsoever into firewood of which each piece is to be 3 feet in length, not less than 2 inches minimum diameter nor more than 36 inches in girth. Billets over 36 inches girth should be split.

(e) To transport and stack the firewood along the railway line at or near the Palavai Railway Station at the minimum rate of 1,200 cubic yards per month commencing from January 1, 1925.

(f) The contractor is required to level and clear adequate stacking grounds. The wood should be stacked leaving sufficient space between the stacks for inspecting officers to walk round each stack.

(g) The demarcated block will be subdivided into felling areas 5 chains square. The boundaries of these areas only will be used as extraction paths, and no carts will be allowed inside the felling area itself. Fuel to be carried by headload to the demarcated boundaries. Distance of transport is about 5 miles.

(h) Work should commence within two weeks of intimation of acceptance of tender, and should be completed by the end of December, 1925.

J. D. SARGENT,
Conservator of Forests.

Office of the Conservator of Forests,
Kandy, October 14, 1924.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the supply of sleepers during 1924-25. The work is to commence within two weeks of signing the contract and to be completed by July 31, 1925. The area to be exploited for the supplies and further details are given in the schedule.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Sleeper Supply, 1924-25, Sabaragamuwa Division" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, November 11, 1924.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Forest Office, Ratnapura. No tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form. Alterations must be initialled, otherwise the tenders may be treated as informal and rejected.

6. A deposit of Rs. 20 for each service will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline or fail to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or to furnish approved security, within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Head of the Department, or his duly authorized representative, that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract.

7. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

8. Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount of the bond, and all other necessary information can be ascertained upon application at the office referred to in section 5. A further security in cash of 5 per cent. of the value of contract will be required of the contractor when entering into the bond.

9. Separate rates per sleeper, broad gauge and narrow gauge must be quoted, written both in words and figures.

10. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

11. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders and of accepting any portion of a tender.

12. Contract may not be assigned or sublet without the authority of the Tender Board previously obtained.

13. The contractor must not issue a power of attorney to a person whose name is on the defaulting contractors' list authorizing him to carry on the contract.

14. No contract shall be entered into with any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person, whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, or any other person to whom the Conservator of Forests, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

15. Tenderers who have not previously held Government contracts, when applying for tender forms, should furnish the officer issuing the forms with a written statement giving their full names and permanent addresses, stating in which district or districts they own landed property or other interests. The extent of landed property, and the nature and extent of other interests should also be given.

In the case of persons who have carried out contracts with the Forest Department, but not in the division or district concerned in the notice calling for tenders, they should state in which division or district or divisions or districts they held contracts.

In the case of persons who have carried out Government contracts with Departments other than the Forest Department, the name of such Department and the district in which the service was rendered should be stated.

16. For any further information and for inspection of draft contract applications should be made to the Divisional Forest Office, Sabaragamuwa Division, Ratnapura.

General Conditions.

(1) Trees are to be felled within 6 inches from the ground by saw or axe and saw combined.

(2) Only such trees as are stamped and marked by the Range Forest Office are to be felled, and no sound trees below 4 ft. 6 in. in girth will be marked or should be felled.

(3) All suitable dead and hollow trees and branchwood within the forest such as are marked by the Forest Officer, though below 4 ft. 6 in. girth, should in addition to all matured sound trees marked by him be utilized for conversion into sleepers.

(4) Parts of logs attacked by fungus or defective parts of logs are not to be sawn into sleepers. The sleepers should be sawn from sound matured wood, free from shakes, cracks, sapwood, and large or loose knots.

(5) Broad gauge sleepers are to be 9 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in., and narrow gauge sleepers 5 ft. by 9 in. by 4½ in. or 5 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in.

(6) Sleepers should be rectangular in form, and saw perfectly parallel, on all sides. On no account will squaring of logs or sleepers with an adze or axe be allowed.

(7) Sleepers should be covered with sawdust or immersed in water and be invariably placed under shade immediately they are sawn, until they can be transported to delivery depôts, where they should be stacked and kept under shade in the manner to be pointed out by the Range Forest Officer.

(8) Rejected sleepers will not be paid for and they will lapse to Government, as well as all refuse wood in the sleeper operations. The contractor shall have no claim in respect of any material sold as rejections.

(9) The contractor may be paid a proportionate rate for sleepers sawn, but not removed to delivery depôts, in cases

when it shall be deemed expedient to do so by the Conservator of Forests.

(10) Payments may be made for sleepers accepted by the Divisional Forest Officer at delivery depôt.

SCHEDULE.

Service A.

To fell all the stamped milla trees 4½ ft. and over in girth, standing in Hathelimukalana in Pelmadula Range; and bounded on the north by Opanake village, on the east by Akrella estate mukalana, on the south by private lands and Gansabhawa road, and on the west by Hunuwala village boundary. To convert the trees felled into 500 broad gauge sleepers and 300 narrow gauge sleepers (more or less), to transport same to Opanake Railway Station, and to deliver stacked as may be directed. Distance of transport about 4 miles.

Service B.

To fell all the stamped milla trees 4½ ft. and over in girth, standing in Welihimukalana in Pelmadulla Range; and bounded on the north by private lands Herankandera, on the east by Gallinna Nindagama, on the south by Akrella, and on the west by Wey-ganga. To convert the trees felled into 500 broad gauge sleepers and 250 narrow gauge sleepers (more or less), to transport same to Opanake Railway Station, and to deliver stacked as may be directed. Distance of transport about 4 miles.

Service C.

To fell all the stamped milla trees 4½ ft. and over in girth, standing in Tibbotukandamukalana in Ratnapura Range; bounded on the north by Komarikagalawatta, Minuwanwilehena, Helehena, Erabodupelpolawatta, on the east by Hendadola, Kiriporuwa, Karandanawatthena, Tennepitahena, Seelamanarachchillayegammaima, on the south by Liyana-arachchillaye Tippolehena, and on the west by Galatula, Koskolawatta, Dolapathahena, Polewattahena, Punchikumburehena, Kandewatta, Peellewatta, Annakkadolawatta, Komarikadolawatta. To convert the trees felled into 800 broad gauge sleepers and 300 narrow gauge sleepers (more or less), to transport same to Waga Railway Station, and to deliver stacked as may be directed. Distance of transport 10 miles.

Service D.

To fell all the stamped milla trees 4½ ft. and over in girth, standing in Damunukanda Crown forests in Kegalla Range; and bounded on the north and east by Dambulakanda, on the south by Gansabhawa road, and on the west by Medagaldeniya village. To convert the trees felled into 150 broad gauge sleepers and 350 narrow gauge sleepers (more or less), to transport same to Rambukkana Railway Station, and to deliver stacked as may be directed. Distance of transport 3 to 4 miles.

Service E.

To fell all the stamped milla trees 4½ ft. and over in girth, standing in Padiyagampola Crown forest in Kegalla Range; and bounded on the north by Gansabhawa road, on the east and west by private lands, and on the south by Padavigampolamukalana. To convert the trees felled into 200 broad gauge sleepers and 300 narrow gauge sleepers (more or less), to transport same to Rambukkana Railway Station, and to deliver stacked as may be directed. Distance of transport 3 to 4 miles.

J. D. SARGENT,
Conservator of Forests.

Office of the Conservator of Forests,
Kandy, October 14, 1924.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the services mentioned in the schedule annexed hereto.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for the Southern Division West Railway Firewood, 1924-25" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, November 11, 1924.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Divisional Forest Office, Galle. No tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form. Alterations must be initialled, otherwise the tenders may be treated as informal and rejected.

6. A deposit of Rs. 20 for each service will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline or fail to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security within 10 days of receiving notice in writing from the Head of the Department, or his duly authorized representative, that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

7. Contract may not be assigned or sublet without the authority of the Tender Board previously obtained, nor shall the contractor issue a power of attorney to a person whose name is on the list of defaulting contractors authorizing him to carry on the work under the contract.

8. No contract shall be entered into with any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, or any other person to whom the Conservator of Forests, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

9. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

10. Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount of the bond, and all other necessary information can be ascertained upon application at the office referred to in section 5. A further security in cash of 5 per cent. of the value of the contract will be required of the contractor when entering into the contract.

11. Tenderers should read and initial, a draft contract which is available at the Divisional Forest Office, Galle, before they obtain tender forms. Also certify that they have inspected the forest area specified in the schedule below and ascertained the conditions in situ.

12. If any trees or sapling which is not stamped is felled outside the area demarcated for felling, the contractor will be liable for the full penalty provided under Ordinance No. 16 of 1907.

13. A penalty of 25 cents per every cubic yard of firewood not felled or stacked or delivered at the monthly rate specified in the schedule below will be exacted from the contractor.

14. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

15. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and of accepting any portion of a tender.

16. A rate per cubic yard of firewood delivered should be quoted, written both in words and figures.

17. Tenderers, who have not previously held Government contracts, when applying for tender forms, should furnish the officer issuing the forms with a written statement giving their full names and permanent addresses, stating in which district or districts they own landed property, and the nature and extent of other interests should also be given.

In the case of persons who have carried out contracts with the Forest Department, but not in the division or district concerned in the notice calling for tenders, they should state in which division or district or divisions or districts they held contracts.

In the case of persons who have carried out Government contracts with the Departments other than the Forest

Department, the name of such Department and the district in which the service was rendered should be stated.

18. For any further information, and for the inspection of the draft contract, application should be made to the Divisional Forest Officer, Southern Division (West), Galle.

General Conditions.

(1) To fell all trees within 12 inches of the ground. To convert all such trees and every utilizable part of every fallen or felled tree or sapling in the following blocks, excepting the boles of teabow trees marked "S" into firewood, to deliver the firewood at the nearest place on the railway considered suitable by the Divisional Forest Officer, at the rate of 1,000 cubic yards per month. To have always ready for transport 10 per cent. more wood than is actually delivered monthly.

The blocks are subdivided into coupes. The contractor will not be permitted to work in more than one coupe at a time, except with the written authority of the Divisional Forest Officer. He shall not enter a fresh coupe, until he has completed all work in the previous coupe or coupes and, unless he obtains a written authority from the Divisional Forest Officer.

(2) Felling is to commence within a week of signing the contract and to cease on November 30, 1925. Final delivery of wood to be made on or before December 15, 1925.

(3) All herbaceous and other undergrowth to be cut out in a straight line as specified above, at least a fortnight before any tree sapling or tree seedling is felled. This operation must be carried out throughout the block even where no utilizable trees remain from previous fellings. All stools of trees, from previous fellings, left standing over 12 inches high, should be reduced to within 12 inches of the ground.

(4) Thereafter to coppice-cut with sharp cutties or other suitable instrument within 2 inches of the ground all saplings and seedlings which are under one inch diameter.

(5) Thereafter to fell with axes and immediately to coppice by means of sharp adzes cleanly and flush with the ground or as directed by the Divisional Forest Officer all saplings which are over 1 inch diameter and not exceeding 8 inches diameter.

(6) Thereafter to fell all trees over 8 inches in diameter and on the same day to coppice all the stumps which are less than 15 inches in diameter cleanly and flush with the ground, or at such height as may be required by the Divisional Forest Officer.

(7) In order to perform this work systematically, cheaply, and efficiently, operation 3 above should be completed by a separate working party a fortnight before operation 4 commences. Operation 3 should always cover in advance a depth of the block sufficient to provide three weeks material for the firewood cutters. Operation 4 should be completed one week ahead of operation 5, separate working parties should be assigned to the separate operations, and separate workmen should be detailed to keep the coppicing tools continually sharp. Surplus sharpened tools should always be ready to hand in the felling area. The cost of coppicing in this manner is estimated at 15 cents per cubic yard.

(8) The contractor, if so required by the Divisional Forest Officer shall submit a list of every carter or raftman employed by him and be responsible for the delivery of all wood to the railway.

SCHEDULE.

Service A—Yagirala.

(a) The area to be worked is a block of about 45 acres in extent more or less, demarcated in Yagiramukalana, Pasdun korale of the Kalutara District, and subdivided into 5 coupes of 9 acres each approximately.

(b) The felling is to proceed in a straight line from west to east, or in such manner and in such coupe or coupes as approved of by the Divisional Forest Officer, and not at irregular intervals throughout the block.

(c) The approximate distance of transport from the forest to the river is about 1½ miles, and the distance along Bentota river to Alutgama is about 12 miles.

(d) Quantity to be supplied: 10,000 cubic yards (more or less) at 1,000 cubic yards per month.

Service B—Pelawatta.

(a) The area to be worked is a block of about 50 acres in extent more or less, demarcated in Pelawattamukalana in Pasdun korale east of the Kalutara District and subdivided into 5 coupes of 10 acres each approximately.

(b) The felling is to proceed in a straight line from west to east, or in such manner and in such coupe or coupes as approved of by the Divisional Forest Officer, and not at irregular intervals throughout the block.

(c) The block lies within $\frac{1}{2}$ of a mile of the Pelawatu-ganga, and the approximate distance of transport along Pelawatu-ganga and Bentota river to Alutgama is 16 miles.

(d) Quantity to be supplied: 10,000 cubia yards (more or less) at 1 000 cubic yards per month.

Service C—Liniyakanda.

(a) The area to be worked is a block of about 68 acres in extent more or less, demarcated in Liniyakanda forest in Pitigala of the Bentota-Walallawiti korale in the Galle District, and subdivided into 4 coupes of 18 acres each approximately.

(b) The felling is to proceed in a straight line across the block from west to east or in such manner and in such coupe or coupes as approved of by the Divisional Forest Officer, and not at irregular intervals throughout the block.

(c) The block lies within a mile of the Pitigala-ganga, and the approximate distance of transport along Pitigala and Bentota rivers to Alutgama is 16 miles.

(d) Quantity to be supplied: 10,000 cubic yards (more or less) at 1000 cubic yards per month.

Service D—Miriswatta.

(a) The area to be worked is a block of about 115 acres in extent more or less, demarcated in Miriswatumukalana, in Hattaka of the Bentota-Walallawiti korale, in the Galle District, and subdivided into 3 coupes or more aggregating 115 acres (more or less).

(b) The felling is to proceed in a straight line across the block from west to east, or in such manner and in such coupe or coupes as approved of by the Divisional Forest Officer, and not at irregular intervals throughout the block.

(c) The block lies within two miles of the Pelawatu-ganga, and the approximate distance of transport along Pelawatu-ganga and Bentota river to Alutgama is about 17 miles.

(d) Quantity to be supplied 10,000 cubic yards (more or less) at 1,000 cubic yards per month.

Service E—Kelunkanda.

(a) The area to be worked is a block of about 60 acres in extent more or less, demarcated in Kelunkanda forest in Amugoda, in the Bentota-Walallawiti korale of the Galle District, and subdivided into 4 coupes of 16 acres each approximately.

(b) The felling is to proceed in a straight line across the block from west to east or in such manner and in such coupe or coupes as approved of by the Divisional Forest Officer, and not at irregular intervals throughout the block.

(c) The approximate distance of transport to the Pitigala river along the cart road is about 3 miles, and thence 17 miles along Pitigala and Bentota rivers to Alutgama.

(d) Quantity to be supplied: 10,000 cubic yards (more or less) at 1,000 cubic yards per month.

Service F—Daraulkanda.

(a) The area to be worked is a block of about 45 acres in extent more or less, demarcated in Daraulkanda forest in Nagoda in the Gangaboda pattu of the Galle District, and subdivided into coupes of 15 acres each (more or less).

(b) The felling is to proceed in a straight line across the block from west to east or in such manner and in such coupe or coupes as approved of by the Divisional Forest Officer, and not at irregular intervals throughout the block.

(c) The block is situated within a mile of the Gin-ganga, and the approximate distance of transport along Gin-ganga to Gintota is about 20 miles.

(d) Quantity to be supplied: 10,000 cubic yards (more or less) at 1,000 cubic yards per month.

J. D. SARGENT,
Conservator of Forests.

Office of the Conservator of Forests,
Kandy, October 14, 1924.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the supply of sleepers to be completed as specified in the schedule annexed below. The areas to be exploited for the supplies and further details are given in the schedule.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the office of the Controller of Revenue, or to be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Sleepers, Southern Division (West)" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, November 11, 1924.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Divisional Forest Office, Galle, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form. Alterations must be initialled, otherwise the tenders may be treated as informal and rejected.

6. A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri for each service, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline or fail to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Head of the Department, or his duly authorized representatives, that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

7. Contract may not be assigned or sublet without the authority of the Tender Board previously obtained, nor shall the contractor issue a power of attorney to a person whose name is on the list of defaulting contractors authorizing him to carry on the work under this contract.

8. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

9. Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount of cash security required will be 5 per cent. of the value of the contract. All other necessary information can be ascertained, and the draft contract inspected, upon application at the office referred to in section 5.

10. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

11. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

12. No contract shall be entered into with any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person whose name is on the list of defaulting contractors, or any other person to whom the Conservator of Forests, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

13. Tenderers should note a draft contract which is available in the Divisional Forest Office, Galle, before they obtain their forms and certify that they have inspected the areas of operation.

14. Separate rates per sleeper, broad gauge and narrow gauge, and per cubic foot of scantlings, must be quoted written both in words and figures.

15. Tenderers, who have not previously held Government contracts, when applying for tender forms, should furnish the officer issuing the forms with a written statement giving their full names and permanent addresses, stating in which district or districts they own landed property, and the nature and extent of other interests should also be given.

In the case of persons who have carried out contracts with the Forest Department, but not in the division or district concerned in the notice calling for tenders, they should state in which division or district or divisions or districts they held contracts.

In the case of persons who have carried out Government contracts with Departments other than the Forest Department, the name of such Department and the district in which the service was rendered should be stated.

16. For any further information, and for inspection of the draft contract, application should be made to the Divisional Forest Officer, Southern Division (West), Galle.

General Conditions.

(1) Only enumerated trees shall be felled and no tree is to be felled until it has been stamped with the Forest Department hammer by a Forest Officer.

(2) Trees are to be felled within 18 inches of the ground, and where there is any available waste in conversion of the trees, double royalty will be charged for waste material.

(3) All suitable dead and hollow trees and branchwood within the forest, such as are marked by the Forest Officer, though below 4 ft. 6 in. in girth should, in addition to all matured sound trees marked by him, be utilized for conversion into sleepers or scantlings as may be directed. Parts of logs attacked by fungus or defective parts of logs are not to be sawn into sleepers or scantlings. The sleepers and scantlings should be sawn from sound matured wood, free from shakes, cracks, sapwood, and large or loose knots.

(4) Broad gauge sleepers are to be of the following dimensions:—

9 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in.

Narrow gauge sleepers are to be of the following dimensions:—

5 ft. by 9 in. by 4½ in.; or

5 ft. by 10 in. by 5 in.

Scantlings.—6 in. by 4 in. (cross section) of various lengths.

Sleepers and scantlings should be rectangular in form, and sawn perfectly paralalled on all sides. On no account will squaring of logs, sleepers, or scantlings with an adze or axe be allowed.

(5) Sleepers and scantlings should be covered with sawdust or immersed in water, and be invariably placed under shade immediately they are sawn until they can be transported to delivery depôts, where they should be stacked and kept under shade. Sufficient space is to be left between each sleeper stack for the checking officers to inspect every side of the stack.

(6) Rejected sleepers or scantlings will not be paid for, and they will lapse to Government, as well as all refuse wood in the sleeper operations. The contractor shall have no claim in respect of any material sold as rejections.

(7) Payment may be made for sleepers and scantlings accepted by the Divisional Forest Officer at Delivery Depôts.

8. Work should commence in January, 1925, and must be completed by end of July, 1925.

SCHEDULE.

Service A.

To convert into 250 broad gauge and 100 narrow gauge sleepers (more or less) from milla trees enumerated and stamped by a Forest Officer in Kombala Proposed Reserve of the Galle Range, Southern Division (West), and deliver them stacked at Ahangama Railway Station, together with all incidental scantlings.

Kombala Proposed Reserve bounded as follows:—

North.—Kottawa Crown forest.

South.—Galle-Akuressa road.

East.—Hawpe-Walpola minor road.

West.—Hiyare Reserve.

Distance of transport is about 5 to 10 miles in forest and about 8 miles by road.

Service B.

To convert into 1,500 broad gauge and 1,000 narrow gauge sleepers (more or less) from na trees enumerated and

stamped by a Forest Officer in the Kannaliya Proposed Reserve of the Udugama Range, Southern Division (West), and deliver them stacked at Gintota Railway Station together with all incidental scantlings.

Kannaliya Proposed Reserve bounded as follows:—

North.—Hiniduma-Opata road.

South.—Udugama-ela and pattu boundary of Hiniduma pattu.

East.—Hiniduma-Opata road.

West.—Hiniduma-Udugama road.

Distance of transport: 4 to 8 miles forest and about 30 miles river.

J. D. SARGENT,
Conservator of Forests.

Office of the Conservator of Forests,
Kandy, October 14, 1924.

Tenders for Pearl Fishery Buildings, Marichchukkaddi Camp.

SEALED tenders are hereby invited for the erection of the temporary Government buildings required for Marichchukkaddi for the forthcoming pearl fishery.

(1) The tenders should include the cost of any necessary clearing and levelling of the ground sites.

(2) A list of the buildings to be erected with the ground dimensions and general specification of each can be obtained from the Government Agent, Northern Province, and a plan showing the position of each in the camp is available for inspection at the Jaffna and Mannar Kachcheries.

(3) The timber and sticks estimated to be required for the buildings—a schedule of which can be obtained at the Jaffna Kachcheri—have already been cut, and stacked at Marichchukkaddi, and will be handed over free of cost to the successful tenderer. Any further timber found necessary for the buildings will be supplied by the Forest Department on receiving due notice, and any found not necessary for the buildings will have to be returned to the Government Agent without payment.

(4) The work must be done to the satisfaction of the Superintendent of the Pearl Fishery.

(5) The buildings must be completed by February 10, 1925.

(6) The penalty for failure to complete the work by the date fixed shall be Rs. 100 for each day the default continues up to February 20, and Rs. 250 per diem thereafter. The Government Agent shall have the further power of cancelling the agreement at any time, if he finds the work unduly delayed or badly done, and getting the work done by other sources at the risk of the contractor.

(7) Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount of the bond shall be Rs. 5,000.

(8) The tenders should be marked "Tender for Erection of Camp Buildings" on the left hand top corner of the envelope and should be submitted in duplicate to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo, and should reach that office not later than 12 noon on Tuesday, November 18, 1924.

(9) The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Jaffna Kachcheri, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form. Alterations must be initialled, otherwise the tenders may be treated as informal and rejected.

(10) A deposit of Rs. 100 will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond, or fail to furnish approved security, within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Government Agent, Northern Province, or his duly authorized representative that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

(11) No contract shall be entered into with any person, whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors or any other person to whom the Government Agent, Northern Province, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

(12) The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right to order cessation of work, if found necessary, at any time on payment of the value of the work performed.

The Kachcheri,
Jaffna, October 9, 1924.

F. J. SMITH,
Government Agent.

TENDERS are hereby invited for transporting 3,000 cwt. of salt from the Batticaloa Salt Stores to the Salt Store at Kalmunai between October 22, 1924, and January 17, 1925.

2. The tenderers must state the rate of hire for each cwt., including the cost of weighing and storing.

3. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Transporting Salt to Kalmunai" on the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Government Agent, Eastern Province, not later than midday on Friday, October 17, 1924.

4. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied on application at the Batticaloa Kachcheri, and no tender will be accepted unless it is on the recognized form.

5. A deposit of Rs. 25 will be required to be made at the Batticaloa Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond, or fail to furnish approved security, within seven days of receiving notice in writing from the Government Agent, Eastern Province, or his duly authorized representative, that is tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract.

6. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

7. Cash security for Rs. 500 from the successful tenderer will be required. If, however, landed property is to be hypothecated, the tenderer must produce with the title deeds a certificate from the Crown Proctor as to the validity of the title of the property, and a certificate from the Registrar of Lands that the property is unencumbered, also a report from the Vanniya as to the value of the property.

8. A copy of each tender should be forwarded by the tenderer to the Hon. the Controller of Revenue by post at the same time as the original tender is forwarded to the Government Agent, Eastern Province, Batticaloa.

9. The contractor has to pay for any excess wastage in transport at Rs. 3.36 per cwt.

10. All other necessary information can be ascertained at the Batticaloa Kachcheri.

11. No contract shall be entered into with any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, or any other person to whom the Government Agent, Eastern Province, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

12. No tender will be considered, unless, in respect of it, all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled. The Government Agent reserves to himself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Batticaloa Kachcheri,
October 1, 1924.

D. B. SENEVIRATNE,
for Government Agent.

SEALED tenders marked on the envelopes "Tender for weighing and transporting Salt for Purchasers" will be received by the Assistant Government Agent, Puttalam, up to 1 P.M. on October 20, 1924, from persons willing to contract.

For the service of weighing, transporting, and delivering such salt as the Assistant Government Agent desires to be weighed and delivered to carts at the Salt Storage Platform, Eastern Saltern, Puttalam, and to boats at the Puttalam Jetty, during the period October 25, 1924, to September 30, 1925.

Tenderers will note the following requirements:—

1. Tenderers should specify the rate for 1,000 cwt.—

(a) For weighing, transporting, and delivering salt to carts at the Salt Storage Platform, Eastern Saltern, Puttalam.

(b) For weighing and transporting salt from the Storage Platform, Eastern Saltern, and delivering same into boats at the Puttalam Jetty.

(c) For transporting and delivering salt to carts at the Storage Platform, Eastern Saltern, Puttalam (exclusive of the charges for weighing).

(d) For transporting salt from the Storage Platform, Eastern Saltern, and delivering same into boats at the Puttalam Jetty (exclusive of the charges for weighing).

2. They should be prepared to weigh and transport 1,500 cwt. daily, employing a sufficient number of coolies and carts for this purpose.

3. Each tenderer must deposit a sum of Rupees Fifty (Rs. 50) in any Kachcheri before tendering. No tender will receive any consideration where no such deposit has been made. The deposit will be forfeited to Government if the tenderer is not prepared to enter into contract, or is unable to furnish certified security in Rupees One thousand (Rs. 1,000), for the due fulfilment of the contract. Unforfeited deposits will be returned to the tenderer.

4. Each tenderer must name an address in Puttalam, where all letters or notices may be served on or left for him.

5. A letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become surety for the due fulfilment of the contract, should accompany the tender.

6. Every alteration in the tender should be initialled by the tenderer.

7. A duplicate of tender should be forwarded by the tenderer by post to the Hon. the Controller of Revenue, Colombo, at the same time that he forwards the original to the Assistant Government Agent, Puttalam.

8. The tenderers should be at hand at the Kachcheri, on the day of opening of tenders, so that they or any of them, may be spoken to if it is found necessary to do so.

9. Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders.

10. The tender of any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, either individually or jointly with any other person, will not be accepted. The tenderer shall neither issue a power of attorney to any person, nor employ him if the name of such person is on the list of defaulting contractors; nor any other person to whom the Assistant Government Agent, Puttalam, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

11. Contracts may not be assigned or sublet without the authority of the Assistant Government Agent, Puttalam.

12. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

13. Further particulars can be obtained from the Salt Superintendent, Puttalam.

E. R. SUDBURY,
The Kachcheri, for Assistant Government Agent.
Puttalam, October 3, 1924.

SALE OF UNSERVICEABLE ARTICLES, &c.

LIST of unclaimed articles found in Postal Packets at the Returned Letter Office up to the period ended June 30, 1924, to be sold by public auction at the General Post Office, Colombo, on Wednesday, October 29, 1924, at 2.30 P.M. :—

1 lot gallnuts	1 toy, hen	1 woollen cap	12 cups, 10 saucers, and 1 plate
3 tin cutters	6 white handkerchiefs	1 mosquito net	1 lot sample bottles Brandy
3 sample tubes tooth paste (Pepsodent)	1 knife	2 reed caps and 1 piece cloth	1 bottle Bcvril
1 sample tin condensed milk	1 walking stick in case	1 lot fancy-coloured papers	1 pair socks
1 sample bottle Nestle's malted milk	1 piece soap	1 penknife	1 lady's silk umbrella (broken)
1 cigar holder	1 mouth harp	1 handle of a walking stick	2 mouthorgans and 1 doll
2 measuring tapes	1 lot envelopes and note-papers	1 packet powder	1 lot padlocks
1 tin, paint	10 yards longcloth	1 bar sunlight soap, 1 bottle oil, and 1 Tamil book	1 lot photo films
1 pillowcase	1 sample of Huxley's wintogeno	8 pieces string	4 pieces cloth
1 small piece of cloth	1 lot vegetable seeds	1 book, self-training, by H. Ernest Hunt	1 safety razor
1 sarong	1 lady's jacket	2 banians and 1 cloth	1 silk scarf, 1 woollen cap, 1 silk handkerchief, 1 ordinary handkerchief, and 2 pieces children's dress
1 sample tin Glaxo	1 white shirt, 3 shirt buttons, and some needles	1 silk stocking	5 ebony elephants and a stand
1 handkerchief	2 pieces white cloth, 2 banians, and 2 coats	1 bundle of tobacco	1 lady's cloth handbag
1 small leather purse	1 stamp pad	2 ties	1 fancy bowl
2 pieces lace	$\frac{1}{2}$ bottle arrack	1 lot soap and shaving stick (samples)	1 porcupine quill-box
1 lot music papers	$6\frac{1}{2}$ yards longcloth and 1 selai	1 lot resinol ointment and 4 measuring tins	1 box preserved butterflies
1 bundle of papers, some envelopes, and some bangles	1 bottle Wincarnis (sample)	1 lot talcum powder samples	14 bags papers
1 pocket diary	1 tin cigarettes	1 lot suide cleaner samples	1 lot cut samples
10 pieces soap	2 calendars and some envelopes	1 sample tin Lactogen and 1 sample Iodex	1 lot sundries
1 purse	7 precious stones (6 white and 1 red)	1 lot tea	
1 ball Pearsall's knitting yarn (50 yards)	1 packet picture postcards	1 do.	
1 crochet hook			

General Post Office,
Colombo, October 15, 1924.

ARTHUR E. WIJEGUNewardene,
for Postmaster-General.

NOTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned private property of long-sentenced prisoners of the Welikada Jail will be sold by public auction at the Welikada Jail premises at 11 A.M., on Friday, October 31, 1924 :—

19 coats	1 towel
74 sarongs	14 shirts
45 clothes	2 felt hats
47 banians	1 pair braces
2 pairs trousers	4 robes
2 pairs shoes	1 silk sarong
2 ties	15 common coat buttons
1 collar	11 common studs
22 handkerchiefs	2 pair cuffings
39 belts	3 brass tie pins
3 pairs socks	3 studs, whitmetal

A. F. G. WALKER,
Superintendent, Convict Establishment.

Welikada Prison,
October 6, 1924.

NOTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned unserviceable articles will be sold by public auction on Friday, the 24th instant, at 2.30 P.M., at the Police Headquarters, Maradana :—

400 pairs boots, Constables'	1 shirt, khaki
1 pair boot, English leather	1 shirt, flannel
$3\frac{1}{2}$ lb. brass	16 tunics, white
3 caps, Infantry pattern	20 pairs trousers, white
9 helmets	20 tunics, khaki
100 overcoats	60 pairs trousers, khaki
1 raincoat, Inspector's	600 suits, serge
6 rubber coats	

E. F. L. WRIGHT,
for Inspector-General of Police.

Police Headquarters,
Colombo, October 15, 1924.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following private properties of long-sentenced and deceased prisoners of Bogambra Jail will be sold by public auction at the Jail premises on October 25, 1924, at 11 A.M. :—

20 sarongs	18 handkerchiefs	1 trouser	2 shorts
6 coats	5 towels	1 hat	10 belts
14 cloths	6 rags	1 pair boots	1 German silver waist-chain
13 banians	2 shirts	1 pair socks	

Bogambra Jail,
Kandy, October 3, 1924.

J. LAMBERT,
Superintendent.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following unclaimed and confiscated articles lying in this court will be sold by public auction at 2 P.M. on Saturday, October 18, 1924.

2 knives	Cart wheel	Tapping knife	Ear-pick
2 baskets	Broken umbrella	Alayangu	Sarong
Handkerchief	Knife	Mammoty	Branding iron
Alavangu	Stool	Katty	Hammer
Camboy cloth	Mammoty	2 forks	Wooden box
Axe	Khaki coat	Wooden box	Sword
Carpenter's tools	Handkerchief	2 knives	3 vetties
Gunny bag	Plate	Knife	1 Ellwood hat
Chintz cloth	Jacket	Bottle lamp	Tin box
Cloth	4 gunny bags	Knife	Comb
Coloured bead	Waistcoat	Mammoty	Door frame
Arebanut cutter	4 studs	Waist coat	Hammer
Sarong	Banian	String of beads	Green cloth
Knife	2 rolls barbed wire	Cloth	Ladder
Belt	Wind screen	Crowbar	1 glass
Chunam box	Umbrella	Wooden box	Pair of silver bangles
Coat	Cloth	Coat	Jacket
Knife	Comb	Button	Wooden box
Coat	Camboy cloth	4 coconuts	Wooden box
Candles and matches	16 coconuts	Banian	Camboy
Towel	Mat bag	Sword	Knives
2 banians	Vettie	Katty	Empty bottles
Cup	Handkerchief	Tin box	Silver hairpin
Camboy	Sarong	Cloth	
Camboy	Cup	Sarong	
3 knives	Gunny bag	Chintz cloth	

Police Court,
Kegalla, October 1, 1924.

V. COOMARASWAMY,
Police Magistrate.

VITAL STATISTICS.

Registrar-General's Health Report of the City of Colombo for the Week ended October 11, 1924.

Births.—The total births registered in the city of Colombo in the week were 117 (1 European, 11 Burghers, 63 Sinhalese, 17 Tamils, 18 Moors, 6 Malays, and 1 Other). The birth-rate per 1,000 per annum (calculated on the estimated population on July 1, 1924, viz., 253,224) was 24·2, as against 25·4 in the preceding week, 30·0 in the corresponding week of last year, and 28·3 the weekly average for last year.

Deaths.—The total deaths registered were 171 (8 Burghers, 106 Sinhalese, 26 Tamils, 23 Moors, 5 Malays, and 3 Others). The death-rate per 1,000 per annum was 35·3, as against 26·8 in the previous week, 27·3 in the corresponding week of last year, and 35·6 the weekly average for last year.

Infantile Deaths.—Of the 171 total deaths, 39 were of infants under one year of age, as against 22 in the preceding week, 30 in the corresponding week of the previous year, and 37 the average for last year.

Stillbirths.—The number of stillbirths registered during the week was 18.

Principal Causes of Death.—1. (a) Eleven deaths from *Pneumonia* were registered, 6 in Maradana hospitals (including 3 deaths of non-residents), 2 in St. Paul's, and 1 each in New Bazaar, Slave Island, and Wellawatta North, same as in the previous week and against 24 the weekly average for last year.

(b) Five deaths from *Influenza* were registered, 2 each in St. Paul's and Maradana North, and 1 in San Sebastian, same as in the previous week and against 6 the weekly average for last year.

(c) Two deaths from *Bronchitis* were registered, 1 each in Maradana North and Maradana South, as against 11 in the previous week and 4 the weekly average for last year.

2. Nine deaths from *Enteric Fever* were registered, 4 in Maradana hospitals (including 1 death of a non-resident), 2 in Kotahena South, and 1 each in Maradana North, Slave Island, and Wellawatta North, as against 1 in the previous week and 5 the weekly average for last year.

3. Eight deaths from *Phthisis* were registered, 3 in Maradana hospitals, 2 each in New Bazaar and Maradana North, and 1 in Kollupitiya, as against 17 in the previous week and 15 the weekly average for last year.

4. Fourteen deaths were registered from *Enteritis*, 14 from *Debility*, 10 from *Infantile Convulsions*, 7 from *Diarrhoea*, 4 each from *Dysentery* and *Worms*, 1 from *Puerperal Septicæmia*, and 82 from *Other Causes*.

5. Nine cases of *Enteric Fever*, 8 of *Measles*, and 7 of *Chickenpox* were reported during the week, as against 5, 3, and 4, respectively, of the preceding week. No case of *Plague* was reported either in this week or in the previous week.

State of the Weather.—The mean temperature of air was 81·6°, against 80·1° in the preceding week and 80·8° in the corresponding week of the previous year. The mean atmospheric pressure was 29·847 in., against 29·879 in. in the preceding week, and 29·934 in. in the corresponding week of the previous year. The total rainfall in the week was 0·04 in., against 2·49 in. in the preceding week, and 2·14 in. in the corresponding week of the previous year.

Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, October 14, 1924.

FRED. L. ANTHONISZ,
for Registrar-General.

UNOFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE TILTON (CEYLON) TEA ESTATES, LIMITED.

1. THE name of the Company is "THE TILTON (CEYLON) TEA ESTATES, LIMITED."
2. The registered office of the Company is to be established in Colombo.
3. The objects for which the Company is to be established are—
 - (1) To purchase or otherwise acquire Shamrock estate of about 208 acres, situate in the Kandy District of the Island of Ceylon, as on and from July 1, 1924.
 - (2) To purchase, take on lease, or in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any lands, concessions, estates, plantations, and properties in the Island of Ceylon, the Federated Malay States, India, or elsewhere, and any right of way, water rights, and other rights, privileges, easements, and concessions, and any factories, machinery, implements, tools, live and dead stock, stores, effects, and other property, real or personal, immovable or movable, of any kind.
 - (3) To hold, use, clear, open, plant, cultivate, work, manage, improve, carry on, and develop the undertaking, lands, and real and personal, immovable and movable, estates or property, and assets of any kind of the Company or any part thereof.
 - (4) To plant, grow, and produce tea, rubber, coconuts, coffee, cinchona, cacao, cardamoms, rhea, ramie and other natural products or produce of any kind in the Island of Ceylon, the Federated Malay States, India or elsewhere.
 - (5) To treat, cure, prepare, manipulate, submit to any process of manufacture, and render marketable (whether on account of the Company or others) tea, rubber, coconuts, coffee, or any other such products or produce as aforesaid, or any articles or things whatsoever; to buy, sell, export, import, trade, and deal in tea, rubber, coconut produce, coconuts, coffee, and other products, wares, merchandise, articles, and things of any kind whatsoever, either in a prepared, manufactured, or raw state, and either by wholesale or retail.
 - (6) To carry on in the Island of Ceylon, the Federated Malay States, India, or elsewhere, all or any of the following businesses, that is to say: planters of tea, rubber, coconuts, coffee, or any other such products or produce as aforesaid in all its branches; carriers of passengers and goods by land or by water; forwarding agents, merchants, exporters, importers, traders, engineers, tug owners, and wharfingers; proprietors of docks, wharves, jetties, piers, warehouses, and boats; and any other business which can or may conveniently be carried on in connection with any of them.
 - (7) To acquire or establish and carry on any other business, manufacturing, shipping, or otherwise, which can be conveniently carried on in connection with any of the Company's general business; to apply for, purchase, or otherwise acquire any patents, *brevets d'invention*, concessions, and the like conferring an exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the Company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the Company; and to use, exercise, develop, grant licenses in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property, rights, and information so acquired.
 - (8) To purchase tea-leaf, rubber, coconuts, coffee, and (or) other raw products or produce for manufacture, manipulation, and (or) sale.
 - (9) To work mines or quarries, and to find, win, get, work, crush, smelt, manufacture, or otherwise deal with ores, metals, minerals, oils, precious and other stones, deposits or products, and generally to carry on the business of mining in all its branches.
 - (10) To purchase, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire and hold boats, barges, tugs, launches, and vessels of any description whatsoever; to purchase, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire and hold vans, omnibuses, carriages, carts, and other vehicles of any description whatsoever; and to purchase, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire and hold all live and dead stock, chattels, and effects required for the maintenance and working of the business of carriers by land or by water; of proprietors of docks, wharves, jetties, piers, warehouses, and boats; of tug owners and wharfingers, or of any other business which can or may conveniently be carried on in connection with the above respectively.
 - (11) To build, make, construct, equip, maintain, improve, alter, and work rubber and tea factories, coconut and coffee-curing mills, manufactories, buildings, erections, roads, water-courses, docks, wharves, jetties, and other works and conveniences which may be necessary or convenient for the purposes of the Company, or may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the Company's interests, and to contribute to, subsidize, or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, working, management, carrying out, or control thereof.
 - (12) To cultivate, manage, and superintend estates and properties in the Island of Ceylon, the Federated Malay States, India and elsewhere, and generally to undertake the business of estate agents in the Island of Ceylon, the Federated Malay States, India, and elsewhere; to act as agents for the investment, loan, payment, transmission, and collection of money, and for the purchase, sale, improvement, development, and management of property, including concerns and undertakings; and to transact any other agency business of any kind.
 - (13) To engage, employ, maintain, and dismiss managers, superintendents, assistants, clerks, coolies, and other servants and labourers; and to remunerate any such at such rate as shall be thought fit, and to grant pensions or gratuities to any such or the widow or children of any such.
 - (14) To enter into any arrangements with any authorities, government, municipal, local or otherwise that may seem conducive to the Company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such authority any rights, privileges, rebates, and concessions which the Company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise, and comply with such arrangements, rights, privileges, and concessions.

- (15) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interest, reciprocal concession, amalgamation, or co-operation with any person, corporation, or company carrying on or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this Company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this Company; to take or otherwise acquire and hold shares or stock in or securities of and to subsidize or otherwise assist any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with such shares or securities; and to form, constitute, or promote or assist in the formation, constitution, or promotion of any other company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property, rights, and liabilities of this Company, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit this Company, and to guarantee the payment of any debentures or other securities issued by any such company or companies.
- (16) To procure the Company to be registered or established or authorized to do business in the Island of Ceylon, the Federated Malay States, India, or elsewhere.
- (17) To lend money on any terms and in any manner and on any security, and in particular on the security of plantations, factories, growing crops, produce, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bonds, bills of lading, warrants, stocks, shares, debentures or book debts, or without any security at all.
- (18) To borrow or raise money for the purposes of the Company, or receive money on deposit at interest or otherwise, and for the purpose of raising or securing money for the performance or discharge of any obligation or liability of the Company or for any other purpose to create, execute, grant, or issue any mortgages, mortgage debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company either at par, premium, or discount, and either redeemable, irredeemable, or perpetual, secured upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, rights, and property of the Company, present and future, including uncalled capital or the unpaid calls of the Company.
- (19) Generally to purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any real or personal property, and any rights, privileges, licenses, or easements which the Company may think necessary or convenient with reference to any of these objects and capable of being profitably dealt with in connection with any of the Company's property or rights for the time being.
- (20) To cause or permit any debentures, debenture stock, bonds, mortgages, charges, incumbrances, liens, or securities of or belonging to or made or issued by the Company or affecting its property or rights, or any of the terms thereof to be renewed, extended, varied, redeemed, exchanged, transferred or satisfied, as shall be thought fit; also to pay off and re-borrow the moneys secured thereby or any part or parts thereof.
- (21) To sell the undertaking of the Company or any part thereof for such consideration as the Company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this Company.
- (22) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required upon such securities, and in such manner as may from time to time be determined.
- (23) To make, accept, endorse, and execute promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, and other negotiable and transferable instruments.
- (24) To remunerate any parties for services rendered or to be rendered in placing or assisting to place any shares in the Company's capital, or any debentures, debenture stock, or other securities of the Company, or in or about the formation or promotion of the Company or the conduct of its business.
- (25) To do all or any of the above things in any part of the world as principals, agents, contractors, or otherwise, or alone or in conjunction with others, or by or through agents, sub-contractors, trustees, or otherwise, and generally to carry on any business or effectuate any object of the Company.
- (26) To sell, let, lease, under lease, exchange, surrender, transfer, deliver, charge, mortgage, dispose of, turn to account, or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the Company, whether in consideration of rents, moneys, or securities for money, shares, debentures, or securities in any other company, or for any other consideration.
- (27) To pay for any lands and real or personal, immovable or movable estate, property or assets of any kind acquired or to be acquired by the Company, or for any services rendered or to be rendered to the Company, and generally to pay or discharge any consideration to be paid or given by the Company in money or in shares (whether fully paid up or partly paid up), or in debentures, debenture stock, or obligations of the Company, or partly in one way and partly in another, or otherwise, howsoever, with power to issue any shares either as fully paid up or partly paid up for such purpose.
- (28) To accept as consideration for the sale or disposal of any lands and real or personal, immovable or movable, estate, property, or assets of the Company, or in discharge of any other consideration to be received by the Company, money or shares (whether fully paid up or partly paid up) of any company, or debentures or debenture stock, or obligations of any company or person or partly one and partly any other.
- (29) To distribute among the Shareholders in specie any property of the Company, whether by way of dividend or upon a return of capital, but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital be made, except with the sanction for the time being required by law.
- (30) To do all such other things as may be necessary, incidental, conducive, or convenient to the attainment of the above objects or any of them, and in case of doubt as to what shall be so necessary, incidental, conducive, or convenient as aforesaid, the decision of an extraordinary general meeting shall be conclusive.

It being hereby declared that in the foregoing clauses (unless a contrary intention appears) the word "person" includes any number of persons and a corporation, and that the word "company," except where used in reference to this Company, shall be deemed to include any partnership or other body of persons, whether incorporated or not incorporated, and whether domiciled or incorporated in the Island of Ceylon or elsewhere, and that the "objects" specified in any one paragraph are not to be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other paragraph or the name of the Company.

4. The liability of the Shareholders is limited.

5. The nominal capital of the Company is Six hundred thousand Rupees (Rs. 600,000), divided into Sixty thousand (60,000) shares of Ten Rupees (Rs. 10) each, with power to increase or reduce the capital, and from time to time to alter, modify, commute, abrogate, or deal with any rights, privileges, terms, conditions, or designations for the time being attached to any class of shares in accordance with the regulations for the time being of the Company. The shares forming the

capital (original, increased, or reduced) of the Company may be subdivided, consolidated, or divided into such classes with any preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto, and be issued as fully paid or partly paid shares, and be held upon such terms as may be prescribed by the Articles of Association and Regulations of the Company for the time being or otherwise.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names :—

Names and Addresses of Subscribers.	Number of Shares taken by each Subscriber.
G. K. LOGAN, Colombo	One
W. R. MAGUIRE, Colombo	One
W. T. GRESWELL, Colombo	One
W. H. MARSHALL, Colombo	One
WM. A. HEALE, Colombo	One
H. C. LEAR, Colombo	One
F. W. TRELOAR, Colombo	One
Total Number of Shares taken ..	<u>Seven</u>

Witness to the signatures of the above-named George Kenneth Logan, William Robert Maguire, William Territt Greswell, William Henry Marshall, William Alfred Heale, Herbert Cecil Lear, and Frederick William Treloar, at Colombo, this 3rd day of October, 1924.

PERCIVAL S. MARTENSZ,
Proctor of the Supreme Court, Colombo.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE TILTON (CEYLON) TEA ESTATES, LIMITED.

It is agreed as follows :—

1. (a) *Table C not to apply; Company to be governed by these Articles.*—The regulations contained in Table C in the schedule annexed to “The Joint Stock Companies Ordinance, 1861,” shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these Articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution.
- (b) The sub-headings in these Articles shall not be deemed to be part of or affect the construction of these presents.
2. *Power to alter the Regulations.*—The Company may, by special resolution, alter and make provisions instead of, or in addition to, any of the regulations of the Company, whether contained and comprised in these Articles or not.
3. None of the funds of the Company shall be employed in the purchase of or be lent on shares of the Company.

INTERPRETATION.

4. *Interpretation Clause.*—In the interpretation of these presents the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless such meanings be inconsistent with, or repugnant to, the subject or context :—

Company.—The word “Company” means “The Tilton (Ceylon) Tea Estates, Limited,” incorporated or established by or under the Memorandum of Association to which these Articles are attached.

The Ordinance.—“The Ordinance” means and includes “The Joint Stock Companies Ordinances, 1861 to 1918,” and every other Ordinance from time to time in force concerning Joint Stock Companies which may apply to the Company.

Special Resolution.—“Special resolution” has the meaning assigned thereto by the Ordinance.

Extraordinary Resolution.—“Extraordinary resolution” means a resolution passed by three-fourths in number and value of such Shareholders of the Company for the time being entitled to vote as may be present at any meeting of the Company, of which notice specifying an intention to propose such resolution as an extraordinary resolution has been duly given.

These Presents.—“These presents” means and includes the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association of the Company from time to time in force.

Capital.—“Capital” means the capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purposes of the Company.

Shares.—“Shares” means the shares from time to time into which the capital of the Company may be divided.

Shareholder.—“Shareholder” means a Shareholder of the Company.

Presence or Present.—With regard to a Shareholder “presence or present” at a meeting means presence or present personally or by proxy or by attorney duly authorized.

Directors.—“Directors” means the Directors for the time being of the Company or (as the case may be) the Directors assembled at a Board.

Board.—“Board” means a meeting of the Directors or (as the context may require) the Directors assembled at a Board meeting, acting through at least a quorum of their body in the exercise of authority duly given to them.

Persons.—“Persons” means partnerships, associations, corporations, companies, unincorporated or incorporated by Ordinance and registration, as well as individuals.

Office.—“Office” means the registered office for the time being of the Company.

Seal.—“Seal” means the common seal for the time being of the Company.

Month.—“Month” means a calendar month.

In Writing and Written.—“In writing” and “written” include printing, lithography, and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form.

Dividend.—“Dividend” includes bonus.

Singular and Plural Number.—Words importing the singular number only include the plural and *vice versa*.

Masculine and Feminine Gender.—Words importing the masculine gender only include the feminine and *vice versa*.

BUSINESS.

5. *Commencement of Business.*—The Company may proceed to carry out the objects for which it is established, and to employ and apply its capital as soon after the registration of the Company as the Directors in their discretion shall

think fit; and notwithstanding that the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed, applied for, or allotted, they shall do so as soon as in the judgment of the Directors, a sufficient number of shares shall have been subscribed or applied for.

6. *Business to be carried on by Directors.*—The business of the Company shall be carried on by, or under the management or direction of, the Directors, and subject only to the control of General Meetings, in accordance with these presents.

CAPITAL.

7. *Nominal Capital.*—The nominal capital of the Company is Six hundred thousand Rupees (Rs. 600,000), divided into Sixty thousand (60,000) shares of Ten Rupees (Rs. 10) each.

SHARES.

8. (a) *Issue and Allotment.*—The shares, except where otherwise provided, shall be allotted at the discretion of and by the Directors, who may from time to time issue any unissued shares, and may add to such shares such an amount of premium as they may consider proper; provided that such unissued shares shall be first offered by the Directors to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company, in accordance with their rights and subject in the case of preference shares or shares of any particular class to any limitations as to participating in any issue of shares which may attach to such preference shares or shares of such particular class, as nearly as possible in proportion to the shares already held by them, and such shares as shall not be accepted by the Shareholder or Shareholders to whom the shares shall have been offered within the time specified in that behalf by the Directors, may be disposed of by the Directors in such manner as they think most beneficial to the Company; provided also that the Directors may at their discretion allot any unissued shares in payment for any estates or lands or other property purchased or acquired by the Company or for services rendered or to be rendered to the Company, without first offering such shares to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company, and may make arrangements on an issue of shares for a difference between the holders of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid and the time of payment of such calls.

(b) *Commission for placing Shares.*—The Directors may at any time pay a commission to any person for subscribing or agreeing to subscribe (whether absolutely or conditionally) for any shares in the Company, or procuring or agreeing to procure subscriptions (whether absolute or conditional) for any shares in the Company.

9. *Payment of Amount of Shares by Instalments.*—If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the holder of the share.

10. *Acceptance.*—Every person taking any share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof by writing under his hand in such form as the Company from time to time directs.

11. *Payment.*—Payment for shares shall be made in such manner as the Directors shall from time to time determine and direct.

12. *Shares held by a Firm.*—Shares may be registered in the name of a firm, and any partner of the firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm shall be entitled to vote and to give proxies, but not more than one partner may vote at a time.

13. *Shares held by two or more Persons not in Partnership.*—Shares may be registered in the names of two or more persons not in partnership.

14. *One of Joint-Holders, other than a Firm, may give Receipts; only one of Joint-Holders resident in Ceylon entitled to Vote.*—Any one of the joint-holders of a share, other than a firm, may give effectual receipts for any dividends payable in respect of such share; but only one of such joint-shareholders shall be entitled to the right of voting and of giving proxies and exercising the other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, and if the joint-holders cannot arrange amongst themselves as to who shall vote or give proxies and exercise such other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, the Shareholder whose name stands first on the register of shares shall vote or give proxies and exercise those rights and powers; provided, however, that in the event of such first registered Shareholder being absent from the Island, the first registered Shareholder then resident in Ceylon shall vote or give proxies and exercise all such rights and powers as aforesaid.

15. *Survivor of Joint-Holders, other than a Firm, only recognized.*—In case of the death of any one or more of the joint-holders, other than a firm, of any shares, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognized by the Company as having any title to or interest in such shares.

16. *Liability of Joint-Holders.*—The joint-holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all instalments and calls due in respect of such share.

17. *Trusts or any Interest in Share other than that of Registered Holder or of any Person under Article 38 not recognized.*—The Company shall not be bound to recognize (even though having notice of) any contingent, future, partial, or equitable interest in the nature of a trust or otherwise in any share, or any other right in respect of any share, except an absolute right thereto in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof, and except also the right of any person under Article 38 to become a Shareholder in respect of any share.

INCREASE OF CAPITAL.

18. *Increase of Capital by Creation of new Shares.*—The Company in General Meeting may, by special resolution from time to time, increase the capital by creation of new shares of such amount per share and in the aggregate, and with such special, preferential, deferred, qualified, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto as such resolution shall direct.

19. *Issue of new Shares.*—The new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions, and with such preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto, as the General Meeting resolving on the creation thereof or any other General Meeting of the Company shall direct; and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to the dividends and in the distribution of assets of the Company, and with a special or without any right of voting. The Directors shall have power to add to such new shares such an amount of premium as they may consider proper.

20. *How carried into Effect.*—Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the meeting that sanctions the increase of capital, all new shares shall be offered to the Shareholders, in accordance with their rights and subject in the case of preference shares or shares of any particular class to any limitations as to participating in any issue of shares which may attach to such preference shares or shares of such particular class, in proportion to the existing shares held by them. Such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may, at their discretion, allot such new shares or any portion of them in payment for any estates or lands or other property purchased or acquired by the Company, or for services rendered or to be rendered to the Company, without first offering such shares to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company.

21. *Same as Original Capital.*—Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the provisions herein contained with reference to the payments of calls and instalments, transfer, transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrender, and otherwise.

REDUCTION OF CAPITAL AND SUBDIVISION OR CONSOLIDATION OF SHARES.

22. *Reduction of Capital and Subdivision or Consolidation of Shares.*—The Company in General Meeting may, by special resolution, reduce the capital in such manner as such special resolution shall direct, and may, by special resolution, subdivide or consolidate the shares of the Company or any of them.

SHARE CERTIFICATES.

23. *Certificates how issued.*—Every Shareholder shall be entitled to one certificate for all the shares registered in his name, or to several certificates, each for one or more of such shares. Every certificate shall specify the distinctive number of the share in respect of which it is issued.

24. *Certificates to be under Seal of Company.*—The certificates of shares shall be issued under the seal of the Company.

25. *Renewal of Certificate.*—If any certificate be worn out or defaced, then upon production thereof to the Directors they may order the same to be cancelled and may issue a new certificate in lieu thereof; and if any certificate be lost or destroyed, then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Directors, and on such indemnity as the Directors deem adequate being given, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the person entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate. A sum of fifty cents shall be payable for such new certificate.

26. *Certificate to be delivered to the first named of Joint-Holders not a Firm.*—The certificate of shares registered in the names of two or more persons not a firm shall be delivered to the person first named on the register.

TRANSFER OF SHARES.

27. *Exercise of Rights.*—No person shall exercise any right of a Shareholder until his name shall have been entered in the register of Shareholders, and he shall have paid all calls and other moneys for the time being payable on every share in the Company held by him.

28. *Transfer of Shares.*—Subject to the restriction of these Articles, any Shareholder may transfer all or any of his shares by instrument in writing.

29. *No transfer to Minor or Person of Unsound Mind.*—No transfer of shares shall be made to a minor or person of unsound mind.

30. *Register of Transfers.*—The Company shall keep a book or books to be called "The Register of Transfers," in which shall be entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share.

31. *Instrument of Transfer.*—The instrument of transfer of any share shall be signed both by the transferor and transferee, and the transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of such share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register in respect thereof.

32. *Board may decline to register Transfers.*—The Board may, at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion, decline to register any transfer of shares by a Shareholder who is indebted to the Company, or upon whose shares the Company has a lien or otherwise; or to any person not approved by them.

33. *Not bound to state Reason.*—In no case shall a Shareholder or proposed transferee be entitled to require the Directors to state the reason of their refusal to register, but their declination shall be absolute.

34. *Registration of Transfer.*—Every instrument of transfer must be left at the office of the Company to be registered, accompanied by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferor, and a fee of Rs. 2·50, or such other sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine, must be paid; and thereupon the Directors, subject to the powers vested in them by Articles 32, 33, and 35, shall register the transferee as a Shareholder and retain the instrument of transfer.

35. *Directors may authorize Registration of Transferees.*—The Directors may, by such means as they shall deem expedient, authorize the registration of transferees as Shareholders without the necessity of any meeting of the Directors for that purpose.

36. *Directors not bound to inquire as to Validity of Transfer.*—In no case shall the Directors be bound to inquire into the validity, legal effect, or genuineness of any instrument of transfer produced by a person claiming a transfer of any share in accordance with these Articles; and whether they abstain from so inquiring, or do so inquire and are misled, the transferor shall have no claim whatsoever upon the Company in respect of the share, except for the dividends previously declared in respect thereof, but, if at all, upon the transferee only.

37. *Transfer Books when to be closed.*—The transfer books may be closed during the fourteen days immediately preceding each Ordinary General Meeting, including the First General Meeting; also, when a dividend is declared, for the three days next ensuing the meeting; also at such other times as the Directors may decide, not exceeding in the whole twenty-one days in any one year.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

38. *Title to Shares of Deceased Holder.*—The executors, or administrators, or the heirs of a deceased Shareholder shall be the only persons recognized by the Company, as having any title to shares of such Shareholder.

39. *Registration of Persons entitled to Shares otherwise than by Transfer.*—Any curator of any minor Shareholder, any committee of a lunatic Shareholder, or any person becoming entitled to shares in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or liquidation of any Shareholder, or the marriage of any female Shareholder, or in any other way than by transfer, shall, upon producing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this clause, or of his title, as the Company think sufficient, be forthwith entitled, subject to the provisions herein contained, to be registered as a Shareholder in respect of such shares on payment of a fee of Rs. 2·50; or may, subject to the regulations as to transfers hereinbefore contained, transfer the same to some other person.

40. *Failing such Registration, Shares may be sold by the Company.*—If any person who shall become entitled to be registered in respect of any share under Article 39 shall not, from any cause whatever, within 12 calendar months after the event on the happening of which his title shall accrue, be registered in respect of such share, or if, in the case of the death of any Shareholder, no person shall, within 12 calendar months after such death, be registered as a Shareholder in respect of the shares of such deceased Shareholder, the Company may sell the same either by public auction or private contract, and give a receipt for the purchase money; and the purchaser shall be entitled to be registered in respect of such share, and shall not be bound to inquire whether the events have happened which entitled the Company to sell the same; the nett proceeds of such sale, after deducting all expenses and all moneys in respect of which the Company is entitled to a lien on the shares so sold, shall be paid to the person entitled thereto.

SURRENDER AND FORFEITURE OF SHARES.

41. *The Directors may accept Surrender of Shares.*—The Directors may accept in the name and for the benefit of the Company, and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon a surrender of the shares of Shareholders who may be desirous of retiring from the Company.

42. (a) *If Call or Instalment be not paid, Notice to be given to Shareholder.*—If any Shareholder fails to pay any call or instalment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Directors may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on such Shareholder or his executors or administrators, or the trustee or assignee in his bankruptcy, requiring him to pay the same, together with any interest that may have accrued at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum, and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

(b) *Terms of Notice.*—The notice shall name a day (not being less than one month from the date of the notice) on and a place or places at which such call or instalment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid; the notice shall also state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

(c) *In Default of Payment, Shares to be forfeited.*—If the requisition of such notice as aforesaid be not complied with, every or any share or shares in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of calls or instalments, with interest, and expenses due in respect thereof, be declared forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

(d) *Shareholder still liable to pay Money owing at Time of Forfeiture.*—Any Shareholder whose shares have been so declared forfeited shall, notwithstanding, be liable to pay, and shall forthwith pay to the Company all calls, instalments, interest, and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of forfeiture until payment at 9 per cent. per annum, and the Directors may enforce the payment thereof if they think fit.

43. *Surrendered or Forfeited Shares to be the Property of the Company, and may be sold, &c.*—Every share surrendered or so declared forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of upon such terms and in such manner as the Board shall think fit.

44. *Effect of Surrender or Forfeiture.*—The surrender or forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in, and also of all claims and demands against, the Company in respect of the share and the proceeds thereof, and all other rights incident to the share, except only such of those rights (if any) as by these presents are expressly saved.

45. (a) *Certificates of Surrender or Forfeiture.*—A certificate in writing under the hands of two of the Directors and of the Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries that a share has been duly surrendered or forfeited, stating the time when it was surrendered or forfeited shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons who would have been entitled to the share but for such surrender or forfeiture; such certificate and the receipt of the Company for the price of such share shall constitute a good title to such share, and a certificate of proprietorship shall be delivered to any person who may purchase the same from the Company; such purchaser thereupon shall be deemed the holder of such share, discharged from all calls due prior to such purchase, and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to such share be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture or sale.

(b) *Forfeiture may be remitted.*—The Directors may in their discretion remit or annul the forfeiture of any share within six months from the date thereof upon the payment of all moneys due to the Company from the late holder or holders of such share, and all expenses incurred in relation to such forfeiture, together with such further sum of money by way of redemption money for the deficit, as they shall think fit, not being less than 9 per cent. per annum on the amount of the sums wherein default in payment had been made, but no share *bona fide* sold or re-allotted or otherwise disposed of under Article 43 hereof shall be redeemable after sale or disposal.

46. *Company's Lien on Shares.*—The Company shall have a first charge or paramount lien upon all the shares of any holder or joint-holders for all moneys for the time being due to the Company by such holder, or by all or any of such joint-holders respectively, either in respect of such shares or of other shares held by such holder or joint-holders or otherwise, and whether due from any such holder individually or jointly with others, including all calls, resolutions for which shall have been passed by the Directors, although the times appointed for the payment thereof shall not have arrived; and where any share is held by more persons than one, the Company shall be entitled to the said charge or lien in respect of any money due to the Company from any of such persons. And the Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares subject to such charge or lien.

47. *Lien how made Available.*—Such charge or lien may be made available by a sale of all or any of the shares subject to it, provided that no such sale shall be made except under a resolution of the Directors, and until notice in writing shall have been given to the indebted Shareholder or his executors or administrators or heirs, or the assignee or trustee in his bankruptcy, requiring him or them to pay the amount for the time being due to the Company, and default shall have been made for twenty-eight days from such notice in paying the sum thereby required to be paid. Should the Shareholder over whose share the lien exists be in England or elsewhere abroad, sixty days' notice shall be allowed him.

48. *Proceeds how applied.*—The net proceeds of any such sale as aforesaid under the provisions of Articles 43 and 47 hereof shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of such debts, liabilities, or engagements, and the residue (if any) shall be paid to such Shareholder or his representatives.

49. *Certificate of Sale.*—A certificate in writing under the hands of two of the Directors and of the Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries that the power of sale given by Article 47 has arisen, and is exercisable by the Company under these presents, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated.

50. *Transfer on Sale how executed.*—Upon any such sale two of the Directors may execute a transfer of such share to the purchaser thereof, and such transfer, with the certificate last aforesaid, shall confer on the purchaser a complete title to such shares.

PREFERENCE SHARES.

51. *Preference and Deferred Shares.*—Any shares from time to time to be issued or created may from time to time be issued with any such right of preference, whether in respect of dividend or of payment of capital, or both, or any such other special privilege or advantage over any shares previously issued or then about to be issued (other than shares issued with a preference), or with such deferred rights as compared with any shares previously issued or then about to be issued, or subject to any such conditions or provisions, and with any such right or without any right of voting, and generally on such terms as the Company may, from time to time, by special resolution, determine.

52. *Modification of Rights and Consent thereto.*—If at any time, by the issue of preference shares or otherwise, the capital be divided into shares of different classes—

- (1) The holders of any class of shares by an extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of such holders may consent, on behalf of all the holders of shares of the class, to the issue or creation of any shares ranking equally therewith, or having any priority thereto, or the abandonment of any preference or priority, or of any accrued dividend, or the reduction for any time or permanently of the dividends payable thereon, or to any scheme for the reduction of the Company's capital affecting the class of shares;
- (2) All or any of the rights, privileges, and conditions attached to each class may be commuted, abrogated, abandoned, added to or otherwise modified by a special resolution of the Company in General Meeting, provided the holders of any class of shares affected by any such commutation, abrogation, abandonment, addition, or other modification of such rights, privileges, and conditions consent thereto on behalf of all the holders of shares of the class by an extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of such holders.

Any extraordinary resolution passed under the provisions of this Article shall be binding upon all the holders of shares of the class, provided that this Article shall not be read as implying the necessity for such consent as aforesaid in any case in which but for this Article the object of the resolution could have been effected without it.

53. *Meeting affecting a Particular Class of Shares.*—Any meeting for the purpose of the last preceding clause shall be convened and conducted in all respects as nearly as possible in the same way as an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company; provided that no Shareholder, not being a Director, shall be entitled to notice thereof or to attend thereat, unless he be a holder of shares of the class intended to be affected by the resolution, and that no vote shall be given except in respect of a share of that class, and that at any such meeting a poll may be demanded in writing by any Shareholder personally present and entitled to vote at the meeting.

CALLS.

54. (a) *Directors may make Calls.*—The Directors may from time to time make such calls as they think fit upon the registered holders of shares in respect of moneys unpaid thereon, and not by the conditions of allotment made payable at fixed times; and each Shareholder shall pay the amount of every call so made on him to the persons and at the times and places appointed by the Directors, provided that two months' notice at least shall be given to the Shareholders of the time and place appointed for payment of each call.

(b) *Calls, Time when made.*—A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution authorizing the call was passed at a Board Meeting of the Directors or by resolution in writing in terms of Article 121.

(c) *Extension of Time for Payment of Call.*—The Directors shall have power in their absolute discretion to give time to any one or more Shareholder or Shareholders, exclusive of the others, for payment of any call or part thereof on such terms as the Directors may determine. But no Shareholder shall be entitled to any such extension except as a matter of grace or favour.

55. *Interest on Unpaid Call.*—If the sum payable in respect of any call or instalment is not paid on or before the day appointed for the payment thereof, the holder for the time being of the share in respect of which the call shall have been made, or the instalments shall have been due, shall pay interest on the same at the rate of 9 per centum per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of the actual payment, but the Directors may, when they think fit, remit altogether or in part any sum becoming payable for interest under this clause.

56. *Payments in Anticipation of Calls.*—The Directors may at their discretion receive from any Shareholder willing to advance the same, and upon such terms as they think fit, all or any part of the amount of his shares beyond the sum actually called up.

BORROWING POWERS.

57. *Power to Borrow.*—The Directors shall have power to procure from time to time, in the usual course of business, such temporary advances on the produce in hand, or in the future to be obtained from the Company's estates, as they may find necessary or expedient for the purpose of defraying the expenses of working the Company's estates, or of erecting, maintaining, improving, or extending buildings, machinery, or plantations, or otherwise. Also from time to time, at their discretion, to borrow or raise from the Directors or other persons any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company, but so that the amount at any one time owing in respect of moneys so borrowed or raised shall not, without the sanction of a General Meeting, exceed the sum of One hundred thousand Rupees (Rs. 100,000). The Directors shall, with the sanction of a General Meeting, be entitled to borrow or raise such further sum or sums, and at such rate of interest as such meeting shall determine. The Directors may, for the purpose of securing the repayment of any such sum or sums of money so borrowed or raised, create and issue any mortgages, debentures, mortgage debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company, charged upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenues, property, and rights or assets of the Company (both present and future), including uncalled capital or unpaid calls, or give, accept, or endorse on behalf of the Company any promissory notes or bills of exchange. Provided that before the Directors execute any mortgage, issue any debentures, or create any debenture stock they shall obtain the sanction thereto of the Company in General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, notice of the intent on to obtain such sanction at such meeting having been duly given. Any such securities may be issued either at par or at a premium or discount, and may from time to time be cancelled or discharged, varied, or exchanged as the Directors may think fit, and may contain any special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, or otherwise. Every debenture or other instrument issued by the Company for securing the payment of money may be so framed that the moneys thereby secured shall be assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued. A declaration under the Company's seal contained in or endorsed upon any of the documents mentioned in this Article and subscribed by two or more of the Directors, or by one Director and the Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries, to the effect that the Directors have power to borrow the amount which such document may represent, shall be conclusive evidence thereof in all questions between the Company and its creditors, and no such document containing such declaration shall, as regards the creditor, be void on the ground of its being granted in excess of the aforesaid borrowing power, unless it shall be proved that such creditor was aware that it was so granted.

MEETINGS.

58. *First General Meeting.*—The First General Meeting of the Company shall be held at such time, not being more than twelve months after the registration of the Company, and at such place as the Directors may determine.

59. *Subsequent General Meetings.*—Subsequent General Meetings shall be held once in every year at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if no time or place is prescribed, at such time and place as may be determined by the Directors.

60. *Ordinary and Extraordinary General Meetings.*—The General Meetings mentioned in the two last preceding clauses shall be called Ordinary General Meetings; all other meetings of the Company shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.

61. *Extraordinary General Meetings.*—The Directors may, whenever they think fit, call an Extraordinary General Meeting, and the Directors shall do so upon a requisition made in writing by not less than one-seventh of the number of Shareholders holding not less than one-seventh of the issued capital and entitled to vote.

62. *Requisition of Shareholders to state Object of Meeting; on Receipt of Requisition, Directors to call Meeting, and in Default, Shareholders may do so.*—Any requisition so made shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called shall be addressed to the Directors, and shall be sent to the registered office of the Company. Upon the receipt of such requisition the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such time and place as they shall determine. If they do not proceed to convene the same within seven days from the delivery of the requisition, the requisitionists may themselves convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such place and at such time as the Shareholders convening the meeting may themselves fix.

63. *Notice of Resolution.*—Any Shareholder may, on giving not less than ten days' previous notice of any resolution, submit the same to a meeting. Such notice shall be given by leaving a copy of the resolution at the registered office of the Company.

64. (a) *Seven Days' Notice of Meeting to be given.*—Seven days' notice at least of every General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, and by whomsoever convened, specifying the place, date, hour of meeting, and the objects and business of the meeting, shall be given either by advertisement in the *Ceylon Government Gazette* or by notice sent by post, or otherwise served as hereinafter provided, but an accidental omission to give such notice to any Shareholder shall not invalidate the proceedings at any General Meeting, provided, however, that holders of preference shares or shares of any particular class shall not be entitled to notice of any meeting at which by the conditions or provisions attached to such preference shares or shares of such particular class they shall not be entitled to attend or vote thereat.

(b) *Two Meetings convened by one Notice.*—Where it is proposed to pass a special resolution the two meetings may be convened by one and the same notice, and it is to be no objection to such notice that it only convenes the second meeting contingently on the resolution being passed by the requisite majority at the first meeting.

65. *Business requiring and not requiring Notification.*—Every Ordinary General Meeting shall be competent, without special notice having been given of the purposes for which it is convened, or of the business to be transacted thereat, to receive and discuss any report and any accounts presented thereto by the Directors, and to pass resolutions in approval or disapproval thereof, and to declare dividends, and to elect Directors and Auditors retiring in rotation, and to fix the remuneration of the Directors and Auditors; and shall also be competent to enter upon, discuss, and transact any business whatever of which special mention shall have been made in the notice or notices upon which the meeting was convened.

66. *Notice of other Business to be given.*—With the exceptions mentioned in the foregoing Articles as to the business which may be transacted at Ordinary General Meetings without notice, no General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss, or transact any business which has not been specially mentioned in the notice or notices upon which it was convened.

67. *Quorum to be Present.*—No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting, except the declaration of a dividend recommended by a report of the Directors or the election of a Chairman, unless there shall be present in person at the commencement of the business two or more persons, being Shareholders, entitled to vote, or persons holding proxies or powers of attorney from Shareholders entitled to vote.

68. *If a Quorum not Present, Meeting to be dissolved or adjourned; Adjourned Meeting to transact Business.*—If at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, the required number of persons shall not be present at the meeting, the meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of Shareholders, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, those Shareholders who are present shall be a quorum, and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.

69. *Chairman of Directors or a Director to be Chairman of General Meeting; in Case of their Absence or Refusal, a Shareholder may act.*—The Chairman (if any) of the Directors shall be entitled to take the chair at every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary; but if there be no Chairman, or if at any meeting he shall not be present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for holding such meeting, or if he shall refuse to take the chair, the Shareholders shall choose another Director as Chairman; and if no Directors be present, or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair, then the Shareholders present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman.

70. *Business confined to Election of Chairman while Chair vacant.*—No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting, except the election of a Chairman whilst the chair is vacant.

71. *Chairman with Consent may adjourn Meeting.*—The Chairman, with the consent of the meeting, may adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place, unless due notice shall be given.

72. *Minutes of General Meetings.*—Minutes of the proceedings of every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall when so entered be signed as soon as practicable by the Chairman of the same meeting, or by the Chairman of the succeeding meeting, and the same when so entered and signed shall be evidence of all such proceedings and of the proper election of the Chairman.

VOTING AT MEETINGS.

73. *Votes.*—At any meeting every resolution shall in the first instance be decided by a show of hands. In case there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman at such meeting shall be entitled to give a casting vote in addition to the votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder; and unless a poll be immediately demanded in writing by some Shareholder present at the meeting and entitled to vote, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the Minute Book of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact without proof of the number of votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

74. *Poll.*—If a poll be duly demanded, the same shall be taken in such manner, and at such time and place as the Chairman shall direct, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. The demand of a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.

75. *Poll how taken.*—If at any meeting a poll be demanded by notice in writing signed by some Shareholder present at the meeting and entitled to vote, which notice shall be delivered during the meeting to the Chairman, the meeting shall, if necessary, be adjourned and the poll shall be taken at such time and in such a manner as the Chairman shall direct; and in such case every Shareholder shall have the number of votes to which he may be entitled as hereinafter provided, and in case at any such poll there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting at which such poll shall have been taken shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder and proxy and attorney, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in such meeting.

76. *No Poll on Election of Chairman or on Question of Adjournment.*—No poll shall be demanded on the election of a Chairman of the meeting or on any question of adjournment.

77. *Voting in Person or by Proxy or Attorney.*—Votes may be given either personally or by proxy or by attorney duly authorized.

78. *Number of Votes to which Shareholder entitled.*—On a show of hands every Shareholder present in person or by attorney duly authorized shall have one vote only. In case of a poll every Shareholder present in person or by proxy or attorney shall have one vote for every share held by him up to ten shares; he shall have an additional vote for every ten shares held by him beyond the first ten shares up to one hundred shares; an additional vote for every twenty-five shares held by him beyond the first one hundred shares. When voting on a resolution involving the sale of the Company's estates or any of them or any part or portion thereof or the winding up of the Company, every Shareholder shall have one vote for every share held by him.

79. *Curator of Minor, &c., when not entitled to Vote.*—The parent or curator of a minor Shareholder, the committee or other legal guardian of any lunatic Shareholder, the husband of any female Shareholder not entitled to her shares as separate estate, and the executor or administrator of any deceased Shareholder, or any one of such persons as aforesaid, if more than one, shall not be entitled to vote in the place of such minor, lunatic, female, or deceased person, unless such person shall have been registered as a Shareholder.

80. *Non-Shareholder not to be appointed Proxy; but Attorney though not Shareholder may Vote.*—No person shall be appointed a proxy who is not a Shareholder of the Company, but the attorney of a Shareholder, even though not himself a Shareholder of the Company, may represent and vote for his principal at any meeting of the Company.

81. *Shareholder in Arrear or not registered at least three Months previous to the Meeting not to Vote.*—No Shareholder shall be entitled to vote or speak at any General Meeting unless all calls due from him on his shares, or any of them, shall have been paid; and no shareholder other than the trustee or assignee of a bankrupt or representative of a deceased Shareholder, or person acquiring by marriage, shall be entitled to vote or speak at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company, in respect of or as the holder of any share which he has acquired by transfer, unless he has been at least three months previously to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote or speak, duly registered as the holder of the share in respect of which he claims to vote or speak.

82. *Proxy to be Printed or in Writing.*—The instrument appointing a proxy shall be printed or written, and shall be signed by the appointor, or if such appointor be a corporation, it shall be under the common seal of such corporation. Provided always that an instrument appointing a proxy may be signed by the attorney of the appointor duly authorized in writing under the hand or the common seal, as the case may be, of the appointor.

83. (a) *When Proxy to be deposited.*—The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than twenty-four hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote.

(b) *When Power of Attorney to be deposited.*—The power of attorney under which a proxy has been signed or under which a person proposes to vote shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company for registration in the books of the Company at least twenty-four hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in such power of attorney or in the proxy, as the case may be, proposes to vote.

84. *Form of Proxy.*—Any instrument appointing a proxy may be in the following form:—

The Tilton (Ceylon) Tea Estates, Limited.

I, _____, of _____, appoint _____, of _____ (a Shareholder in the Company), as my proxy, to represent me and to vote for me and on my behalf at the Ordinary (or Extraordinary, as the case may be) General Meeting of the Company to be held on the _____ day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and _____, and at any adjournment thereof, and at every poll which may be taken in consequence thereof.
As witness my hand, this _____ day of _____, One thousand Nine hundred and _____.

85. *Objection to Validity of Vote to be made at the Meeting or Poll.*—No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) except at the meeting or poll at which such vote shall be tendered, and every vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) to which no objection shall be made at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.

86. *No Shareholder to be prevented from Voting by being personally interested in Result.*—No Shareholder shall be prevented from voting by reason of his being personally interested in the result of the voting.

DIRECTORS.

87. *Number of Directors.*—The number of Directors shall never be less than two nor more than five. In the event of the number of Directors in Ceylon ever being reduced to one, such remaining Director shall immediately cause to be convened an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders for the purpose of filling up one or more of the vacancies; but, in the event of a quorum of Shareholders not attending such Meeting, the remaining Director shall himself appoint a Director to fill one of the vacancies. Any Director so appointed shall hold office until the next Ordinary General Meeting of the Company. Until such appointment the remaining Director shall not act except for the purpose of appointing another, and, if necessary, enabling him to be placed on the register of Shareholders.

88. *Their Qualification and Remuneration.*—The qualification of a Director shall be his holding shares in the Company, whether fully paid up or partly paid up, of the total nominal value of at least One thousand Rupees (Rs. 1,000), and upon which, in the case of partly paid up shares, all calls for the time being shall have been paid, and this qualification shall apply as well to the first Directors as to all future Directors. As remuneration for their services the Directors shall be entitled to appropriate a sum not exceeding Five thousand Rupees (Rs. 5,000) annually to be divided between them in such manner as they may determine, but the Company in General Meeting may at any time alter the amount of such remuneration for the future, and such remuneration shall not be considered as including any remuneration for special or extra services hereinafter referred to, nor any extra remuneration to the Managing Directors of the Company.

89. *Appointment of First Directors and Duration of their Office.*—The first Directors shall be George Kenneth Logan of Colombo; Ernest Masters of Colombo and Fredrick Robert Bisset of Welimade Group, Welimade, who shall hold office till the First Ordinary General Meeting of the Company, when they shall all retire, but shall be eligible for re-election.

90. *Directors may appoint Managing Director or Directors; his or their Remuneration.*—One or more of the Directors may be appointed by the Directors to act as Secretary, Managing Director or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Visiting Agents of the Company, or Superintendent or Superintendents of any of the Company's estates, for such time and on such terms as the Directors may determine or fix by agreement with the person or persons appointed to the office; and they may from time to time revoke such appointment and appoint another or other Secretary, Managing Director or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Agents, Superintendent or Superintendents, and the Directors may impose and confer on the Managing Director or Managing Directors all or any duties and powers that might be imposed or conferred on any Manager of the Company. If any Director shall be called upon to perform any extra services, the Directors may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such services, either by way of salary, commission, or the payment of a lump sum of money, as they shall think fit.

91. *Appointment of Successors to Directors.*—The General Meeting at which Directors retire or ought to retire by rotation shall appoint successors to them, and in default thereof such successors may be appointed at a subsequent General Meeting. No person, not being a retiring Director, shall, unless recommended by the Directors for election, be eligible for election to the office of Director at any General Meeting, unless he or some other Shareholder intending to propose him has, at least seven clear days before the meeting, left, at the office, a notice in writing under his hand signifying his candidature for the appointment or the intention of such Shareholder to propose him.

92. *Board may fill up Vacancies.*—The Board shall have power at any time and from time to time before the First Ordinary General Meeting to supply any vacancies in their number arising from death, resignation, or otherwise.

93. *Duration of Office of Director appointed to Vacancy.*—Any casual vacancy occurring in the number of Directors subsequent to the First Ordinary General Meeting may be filled up by the Directors, but any person so chosen shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Director would have retained the same if no vacancy had occurred.

94. *To retire Annually.*—At the Second Ordinary General Meeting and at the Ordinary General Meeting in every subsequent year, one of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office as provided in Article 95.

95. *Retiring Directors how determined.*—The Directors to retire from office at the Second and Third General Meetings shall, unless the Directors otherwise arrange among themselves, be determined by ballot; in every subsequent year the Directors to retire shall be those who have been longest in office.

96. *Retiring Directors eligible for Re-election.*—Retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.

97. *Decision of Question as to Retirement.*—In case any question shall arise as to which of the Directors who have been the same time in office shall retire, the same shall be decided by the Directors by ballot.

98. *Number of Directors how increased or reduced.*—The Directors, subject to the approval of a General Meeting, may, from time to time at any time subsequent to the Second Ordinary General Meeting, increase or reduce the number of Directors, and may also, subject to the like approval, determine in what rotation such increased or reduced number is to go out of office.

99. *If Election not made, Retiring Directors to continue until next Meeting.*—If at any meeting at which an election of a Director ought to take place, the place of the retiring Director is not filled up, the retiring Director may continue in office until the First Ordinary General Meeting in the next year, and so on from meeting to meeting until his place is filled up, unless it shall be determined at such meeting to reduce the number of Directors.

100. *Resignation of Directors.*—A Director may at any time give notice in writing of his intention to resign by delivering such notice to the Secretary, or by leaving the same at the office, or by tendering his written resignation at a meeting of the Directors.

101. No contract, arrangement, or transaction entered into by or on behalf of the Company with any Director, or with any company or co-partnership of which a Director is a partner, or of which he is a Director, Managing Director, or Manager, shall be void or voidable, nor shall such Director be liable to account to the Company for any profit realized by such contract, arrangement, or transaction by reason only of such Director holding that office, or of the fiduciary relation thereby established, provided that the fact of his interest or connection therewith be fully disclosed to the Company or its Directors.

102. *When Office of Director to be vacated.*—The office of Director shall be vacated—

- (a) If he accept or hold any office of place of profit other than Managing Director, Visiting Agent, Superintendent, or Secretary under the Company.
- (b) If he become bankrupt or insolvent or suspend payment or file a petition for the liquidation of his affairs, or compound with his creditors.
- (c) If by reason of mental or bodily infirmity he become incapable of acting.
- (d) If he cease to hold the required number of shares to qualify him for the office.
- (e) If he be concerned or participate in the profits of any contract with, or work done for, the Company.
- (f) If he cease to ordinarily reside in Ceylon or be absent from Ceylon for a period of three consecutive months.

Exceptions.—But the above rule shall be subject to the following exceptions:—That no Director shall vacate his office by reason of his being a member of any corporation, company, or firm which has entered into any contract with, or done any work for, the Company, of which he is a Director, or by his being an Agent, or Secretary, or Proctor, or by his being a member of a firm who are Agents, or Secretaries, or Proctors of the Company; nevertheless, he shall not vote in respect of any contract, work, or business in which he may be personally interested.

103. *How Directors removed and Successors appointed.*—The Company may, by an extraordinary resolution, remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and may, by an ordinary resolution, appoint another person in his stead. The Director so appointed shall hold office only during such time as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.

104. *Indemnity to Directors and Others for their Own Acts and for the Acts of Others.*—Every Director or officer and his heirs, executors, and administrators shall be indemnified by the Company from all losses and expenses incurred by him respectively in or about the discharge of his respective duties, except such as happen from his respective wilful acts or defaults; and no Director or officer, nor the heirs, executors, or administrators of any Director or officer shall be liable for any other Director or officer, or for joining in any receipt or other acts of conformity, or for any loss or expense happening to the Company by the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired for or on behalf of the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested, or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency, or tortious act of any person with whom any moneys, securities, or effects shall be deposited, or for any other loss, damage, or misfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, unless the same happen through his own wilful act or default.

105. *No Contribution to be required from Directors beyond Amount, if any, unpaid on their Shares.*—No contribution shall be required from any present or past Director or Manager exceeding the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares in respect of which he is liable as a present or past Shareholder.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS.

106. The Directors shall have power to purchase or otherwise acquire the said Shamrock estate of about 208 acres, situated in the Kandy District, as on and from the First day of July, 1924.

107. *To manage Business of Company and pay Preliminary Expenses, &c.*—The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors either by themselves or through a Managing Director, or with the assistance of an Agent or Agents and Secretary or Secretaries of the Company to be appointed by the Directors for such period and on such terms as they shall determine, and the Directors may pay out of the funds of the Company all costs and expenses, as well preliminary as otherwise, paid or incurred in and about the formation and the registration of the Company, and in connection with the placing of the shares of the Company, and in and about the valuation, purchase, or acquisition of the said Shamrock estate, and the purchase, lease, or acquisition of any other lands, estates, or property, and the opening, clearing, planting, and cultivation thereof, and in or about the working and business of the Company.

108. *To acquire Property, to appoint Officers and pay Expenses.*—The Directors shall have power to purchase, take on lease or in exchange, or otherwise acquire for the Company any estate or estates, land or lands, property, rights, options, or privileges which the Company is authorized to acquire at such price and for such consideration and upon such title, and generally on such terms and conditions as they may think fit; and to make and they may make such regulations for the management of the business and property of the Company as they may from time to time think proper, and for that purpose may appoint such managers, agents, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, buyers, and other officers, visiting agents, inspectors, superintendents, clerks, artisans, labourers, and other servants for such period or periods, and with such remuneration, and at such salaries and upon such terms and conditions as they may consider advisable, and may pay the expenses occasioned thereby out of the funds of the Company, and may from time to time remove or suspend all or any of the managers, agents, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, visiting agents, inspectors, superintendents, clerks, artisans, labourers, and other servants for such reasons as they may think proper and advisable and without assigning any cause.

109. *To appoint Proctors and Attorneys.*—The Directors shall have power to appoint a proctor or proctors, solicitor or solicitors, attorney or attorneys to assist in carrying on or protecting the business of the Company on such terms as they may consider proper, and from time to time to revoke such appointment.

110. *To open Banking Accounts and operate thereon, &c.*—The Directors shall have power to open on behalf of the Company any account or accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint, and also by such signatures as they may appoint to draw, accept, make, endorse, sign, and execute cheques, bills of exchange, and promissory notes, bills

of lading, receipts, contracts, and agreements, bonds, mortgages, proxies to any proctor or proctors and other documents on behalf of and to further the interests of the Company.

111. *To sell and dispose of Company's Property, &c.*—It shall be lawful for the Directors, if authorized so to do by a special resolution of the Shareholders in General Meeting, to arrange terms for the amalgamation of the Company with any other company or companies, or individual or individuals, or for the sale or disposal of the business, estates, lands, and effects of the Company or any part or parts, share or shares thereof, respectively, or the assignment of the whole or any part or parts of its leasehold interests in any estate or estates, land or lands, or the sub-lease of the whole or any part or parts thereof to any company or companies, or person or persons, upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit, and the Directors shall have power to do all such things as may be necessary for carrying such amalgamation, sale, or other disposition into effect so far as a resolution or a special resolution of the Company is not by law necessary for such purpose; and in case any terms so arranged by the Directors include or make necessary the dissolution of the Company, the Company shall be dissolved to that end.

112. *General Powers.*—The Directors shall carry on the business of the Company in such manner as they may think most expedient; and in addition to the powers and authorities by the Ordinance or by these presents expressly conferred on them, they may exercise all such powers, give all such consents, make all such arrangements, appoint all such agents, managers, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, clerks, assistants, artisans, and workers, and generally do all such acts and things as are or shall be by the Ordinance and by these presents directed and authorized to be exercised, given, made, or done by the Company, and are not by the Ordinance or by these presents required to be exercised, or done by the Company in General Meeting, subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of the Ordinance and of these presents and to such regulations and provisions (if any) as may, from time to time, be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting; but no regulation made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made. The generality of the powers conferred by any clause in these presents on the Directors shall not be limited by any clause conferring any special or expressed power.

113. *Special Powers.*—In furtherance and not in limitation of, and without prejudice to, the general powers conferred or implied in the last preceding clause, and of the other powers conferred by these presents, it is hereby expressly declared that the Directors shall have the powers following (that is to say):—

- (1) To institute, conduct, defend, compound, or abandon any action, suit, prosecution, or legal proceedings by and against the Company, or its officers or otherwise concerning the affairs of the Company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due and of any claims and demands by and against the Company.
- (2) To refer any claims or demands by or against the Company to arbitration, and observe and perform the awards.
- (3) To make and give receipts, releases, and other discharges for money payable to the Company and for claims and demands of the Company.
- (4) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents with power to accept the office of trustee, assignee, liquidator, inspector, or any similar office.
- (5) To invest any of the moneys of the Company which the Directors may consider not immediately required for the purposes thereof upon such securities and in such manner as they may think fit, and so that they shall not be restricted to such securities as are permissible to trustees without special powers, and from time to time to vary or release such investments.
- (6) From time to time to provide for the management of the affairs of the Company abroad in such manner as they think fit, and to establish any local boards or agencies for managing any of the affairs of the Company abroad, and to appoint any persons to be members of such Local Board or any managers or agents and to fix their remuneration.
- (7) From time to time and at any time to delegate to any one or more of the Directors of the Company for the time being or any other person or company for the time being, residing or carrying on business in Ceylon or elsewhere, all or any of the powers hereby made exercisable by the Directors, except those relating to shares and any others as to which special provisions inconsistent with such delegation are herein contained; and they shall have power to fix the remuneration of and at any time to remove such Director or other person or company and to annul or vary any such delegation. They shall not, however, be entitled to delegate any powers of borrowing or charging the property of the Company to any agent of the Company or other person except by instrument in writing, which shall specifically state the extent to which such powers may be used by the person or persons to whom they are so delegated, and compliance therewith shall be a condition precedent to the exercise of these powers.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

114. *Meeting of Directors.*—The Directors may meet for the dispatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings as they may think fit, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business; until otherwise determined, two Directors shall be a quorum.

115. *A Director may summon Meetings of Directors.*—A Director may at any time summon a meeting of Directors.

116. *Who is to preside at Meetings of Board.*—The Board may elect a Chairman of their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office, and all meetings of the Directors shall be presided over by the Chairman, if one has been elected and if present, but if there be a vacancy in the office of Chairman, or if at any meeting of Directors the Chairman be not present at the time appointed for holding the same, then and in that case the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.

117. *Questions at Meetings how decided.*—Any question which shall arise at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman thereat shall have a casting vote in addition to his vote as a Director.

118. *Board may appoint Committees.*—The Board may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as the Board think fit, and they may from time to time revoke and discharge any such committee, either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee so formed shall, in exercise of the powers delegated to it, conform to all such regulations as may be prescribed by the Board. All acts done by any such committee, in conformity with such regulations and in the fulfilment of the purposes of their appointment, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.

119. *Acts of Board or Committee Valid notwithstanding Informal Appointment.*—The acts of the Board or of any committee appointed by the Board shall, notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board or committee, or defect in the appointment of any Director or of any member of the committee, be as valid as if no such vacancy or defect had existed, and as if every person had been duly appointed, provided the same be done before the discovery of the defect.

120. *Regulation of Proceedings of Committees.*—The meetings and proceedings of such committees shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto, and are not superseded by the express terms of the appointment of such committee respectively, or any regulation imposed by the Board.

121. *Resolution in Writing by all the Directors as Valid as if passed at a Meeting of Directors.*—A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors for the time being resident in Ceylon shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted, provided that not fewer than two Directors shall sign it.

122. *Minutes of Proceedings of the Company and the Directors to be recorded.*—The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in books to be provided for the purpose of the following matters, *videlicet* :—

- (a) Of all appointments of officers and committees made by the Directors.
- (b) Of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors and of the members of the Committee appointed by the Board present at each meeting of the Committee.
- (c) Of the resolutions and proceedings of all General Meetings.
- (d) Of the resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of the Directors and of the Committees appointed by the Board.
- (e) Of all orders made by the Directors.
- (f) Of the use of the Company's seal.

123. *Signature of Minutes of Proceedings and Effect thereof.*—All such minutes shall be signed by the person or one of the persons who shall have presided as Chairman at the General Meeting, the Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting at which the business minuted shall have been transacted, or by the person or one of the persons who shall preside as Chairman at the next ensuing General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively; and all minutes purporting to have been signed by any Chairman of any General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively, shall, for all purposes whatsoever, be *prima facie* evidence of the actual and regular passing of the resolutions, and the actual and regular transaction or occurrence of the proceedings and other matters purporting to be so recorded, and of the regularity of the meeting at which the same shall appear to have taken place, and of the Chairmanship and signature of the person appearing to have signed as Chairman, and of the date on which such meeting was held.

COMPANY'S SEAL.

124. *The Use of the Seal.*—The seal of the Company shall not be used or affixed to any deed, certificate of shares or other instrument except in the presence of two or more of the Directors or of one Director and the agents and secretaries of the Company, who shall attest the sealing thereof; such attestation on the part of the agents and secretaries, in the event of a firm being the agents and secretaries, being signified by a partner or duly authorized manager, attorney, or agent of the said firm signing the firm name or the firm name *per procuracionem* or signing for and on behalf of the said firm as such agents and secretaries, and in the event of a company registered under the Ordinance being the agents and secretaries, being signified by a Director or the secretary or the duly authorized attorney of such company signing for and on behalf of such company as agents and secretaries. The sealing shall not be attested by one person in the dual capacity of Director and representative of the agents and secretaries. Any instrument sealed with the seal of the Company and signed by two or more Directors or by one Director and the agents and secretaries of the Company shall be presumed to be duly executed.

ACCOUNTS.

125. *What Accounts to be kept.*—The agent or secretary or the agents or secretaries for the time being, or, if there be no agent or secretary or agents or secretaries, the Directors shall cause true accounts to be kept of the paid-up capital for the time being of the Company, and of all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and of the matters in respect of which such receipt and expenditure take place, and of the assets, credits, and liabilities of the Company, and generally of all its commercial, financial, and other affairs, transactions, and engagements, and of all other matters necessary for showing the true financial state and condition of the Company; and the accounts shall be kept in such books and in such a manner at the registered office of the Company, as the Directors think fit.

126. *Accounts how and when Open to Inspection.*—The Directors shall from time to time determine whether, and to what extent and at what times and places, and under what conditions or regulations, the accounts and books of the Company or any of them shall be open to the inspection of the Shareholders; and no Shareholder shall have any right of inspecting any account or books or document of the Company, except as conferred by the Ordinance or authorized by the Directors or by a resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

127. *Statement of Accounts and Balance Sheet to be furnished to General Meeting.*—At the Ordinary General Meeting in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company a statement of the profit and loss account for the preceding financial year, and a balance sheet containing a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company made up as at the end of the same period.

128. *Report to accompany Statement.*—Every such statement shall be accompanied by a report as to the state and condition of the Company, and as to the amount which they recommend to be paid out of the profits by way of dividend or bonus to the Shareholders, and the statement, report, and balance sheet shall be signed by the Directors.

129. *Copy of Balance Sheet to be sent to Shareholders.*—A printed copy of such balance sheet shall, at least seven days previous to such meeting, be delivered at, or posted to, the registered address of every Shareholder.

DIVIDENDS, BONUS, AND RESERVE FUND.

130. Where any asset is bought by the Company as from a past date (whether such date be before or after the incorporation of the Company) upon the terms that the Company shall as from that date take the profits and bear the losses thereof, such profits or losses, as the case may be, shall, at the discretion of the Directors, be credited or debited wholly or in part to revenue account, and in that case the amount so credited or debited shall, for the purpose of ascertaining the fund available for dividend, be treated as a profit or loss arising from the business of the Company.

131. *Declaration of Dividend, &c.*—The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting from time to time, declare a dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders in proportion to the amounts paid on their shares, but no dividend or bonus shall be payable except out of nett profits.

Any General Meeting may direct payment of any dividend declared at such meeting or of any interim dividends which may subsequently be declared by the Directors, wholly or in part in sterling by means of drafts or cheques on London, or by the distribution of specific assets and in particular of paid-up shares, debentures, or debenture stock of the Company, or of any other company, or in any other form of specie, or in any one or more of such ways, and the Directors shall give effect to such direction; and where any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution, they may settle the same as they think expedient, and in particular may issue fractional certificates, and may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets, or any part thereof, and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any Shareholder upon the footing of the value so fixed, in order to adjust the rights of all parties.

132. *Interim Dividend.*—The Directors may also, if they think fit, from time to time and at any time, without the sanction of a General Meeting, determine on and declare an interim dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders on account and in anticipation of the dividend for the then current year.

133. *Reserve Fund.*—Previously to the Directors paying or recommending any dividend on preference or ordinary shares, they may set aside out of the profits of the Company, such a sum as they think proper as a reserve fund, and may invest the same in such securities as they shall think fit, or place the same on fixed deposit in any bank or banks.

134. (a) *Application thereof.*—The Directors may from time to time apply such portions as they think fit of the reserve fund to meet contingencies, or for the payment of accumulated dividends due on preference shares or for equalizing dividends, or for working the business of the Company, or for repairing or maintaining or extending the buildings and premises, or for the repair or renewal or extension of the property or plant connected with the business of the Company or any part thereof, or for any other purpose of the Company which they may from time to time deem expedient.

(b) *Issue of Bonus out of Reserve.*—The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting from time to time, apply such portion of the reserve fund or any other fund representing undivided profits of the Company as the General Meeting sanctioning such application may direct in or towards payment of a bonus in accordance with their rights to the Shareholders or to the members of any class of Shareholders, and may with the like sanction satisfy such bonus or any part thereof by the issue and allotment in accordance with their rights to the Shareholders, or to the members of any class of Shareholders, of shares in the Company to be issued and allotted in accordance with their rights to the Shareholders or the members of any class of Shareholders in such proportions and upon such terms in all respects as the General Meeting sanctioning the same may direct.

135. *Unpaid Interest or Dividend not to bear Interest.*—No unpaid interest or dividend or bonus shall ever bear interest against the Company

136. *No Shareholder to receive Dividend while Debt due to Company.*—No Shareholder shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividend or bonus in respect of his share or shares whilst any moneys may be due or owing from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company in respect of such share or shares, or otherwise howsoever.

137. *Directors may deduct Debt from the Dividends.*—The Directors may deduct from the dividend or bonus payable to any Shareholder all sums of money due from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company, and notwithstanding such sums shall not be payable until after the date when such dividend is payable.

138. *Dividends may be paid by Cheque or Warrant and sent through the Post.*—Unless otherwise directed any dividend may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post to the registered address of the Shareholder entitled, or in the case of joint-holders, to the registered address of that one whose name stands first on the register in respect of the joint-holding; but the Company shall not be liable or responsible for the loss of any such cheque or dividend warrant sent through the post.

139. *Notice of Dividend: Forfeiture of Unclaimed Dividend.*—Notice of all dividends or bonuses to become payable shall be given to each Shareholder entitled thereto; and all dividends or bonuses unclaimed by any Shareholder for three years after notice thereof is given may be forfeited by a resolution of the Board of Directors for the benefit of the Company, and, if the Directors think fit, may be applied in augmentation of the reserve fund. For the purposes of this clause any cheques or warrants which may be issued for dividends or bonuses and may not be presented at the Company's bankers for payment within 3 years shall rank as unclaimed dividends.

140. *Shares held by a Firm.*—Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any partner of such firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm.

141. *Joint-Holders other than a Firm.*—Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by several persons jointly, other than a firm, may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any one of such persons.

AUDIT.

142. *Accounts to be audited.*—The accounts of the Company shall from time to time be examined, and the correctness of the balance sheet and profit and loss account ascertained by one or more Auditor or Auditors.

143. *Qualification of Auditor.*—No person shall be eligible as an Auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Shareholder in any transaction of the Company, but an Auditor shall not be debarred from acting as a professional accountant in doing any special work for the Company which the Directors may deem necessary. It shall not be a necessary qualification for an Auditor that he be a Shareholder of the Company, and no Director or officer of the Company shall, during his continuance in office, be eligible as an Auditor.

144. *Appointment and Retirement of Auditors.*—The Directors shall appoint the first Auditor or Auditors of the Company and fix his or their remuneration; all future Auditors, except as is hereinafter mentioned, shall be appointed at the First Ordinary General Meeting of the Company in each year by the Shareholders present thereat, and shall hold their office only until the First Ordinary General Meeting after their respective appointment, or until otherwise ordered by a General Meeting.

145. *Retiring Auditors eligible for Re-election.*—Retiring Auditors shall be eligible for re-election.

146. *Remuneration of Auditors.*—The remuneration of the Auditors, other than the first, shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting, and this remuneration may from time to time be varied by a General Meeting.

147. *Casual Vacancy in Office of Auditor how filled up.*—If any vacancy that may occur in the office of Auditor shall not be supplied at any Ordinary General Meeting, or if any casual vacancy shall occur, the Directors shall (subject to the approval of the next Ordinary General Meeting) fill up the vacancy by the appointment of a person who shall hold the office until such meeting.

148. *Duty of Auditor.*—Every Auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet and profit and loss account intended to be laid before the next Ordinary General Meeting, and it shall be his duty to examine the same with the accounts and vouchers relating thereto and to report thereon to the meeting generally or specially as he may think fit.

149. *Company's Accounts to be open to Auditors for Audit.*—All accounts, books, and documents whatsoever of the Company shall at all times be opened to the Auditors for the purpose of audit.

NOTICES.

150. *Notices how authenticated.*—Notices from the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed or written) of the Agent or Secretary, Agents or Secretaries, or other persons appointed by the Board to do so.

151. *Shareholders to register Address.*—Every Shareholder shall furnish the Company with an address in Ceylon, which shall be deemed to be his place of abode, and shall be registered as such in the books of the Company.

152. *Service of Notices.*—A notice may be served by the Company upon any Shareholder either personally or by sending it through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to such Shareholder at his registered address or place of abode; and any notice so served shall be deemed to be well served for all purposes, notwithstanding that the Shareholder to whom such notice is addressed be dead, unless his executors or administrators shall have given to the Directors, or to the Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries of the Company, their own or some other address in Ceylon.

153. *Notice to Joint-Holders of Shares other than a Firm.*—All notices directed to be given to Shareholders shall, with respect to any share to which persons other than a firm are jointly entitled, be sufficient if given to any one of such persons, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares.

154. *Date and Proof of Service.*—Any notice if served by post shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the letter containing the same would in ordinary course of post have been delivered at its address, and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and put into a post box or posted at a post office, and the entry in the Company's books of the leaving or sending by post of any notice at or to such address shall be sufficient evidence thereof, and no further evidence shall be necessary.

155. *Non-resident Shareholders must register Addresses in Ceylon.*—Every Shareholder resident out of Ceylon shall name and register in the books of the Company an address within Ceylon at which all notices shall be served upon him, and all notices served at such address shall be deemed to be well served. If he shall not have named and registered such an address, he shall not be entitled to any notice.

All notices required to be given by advertisement shall be published in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*.

ARBITRATION.

156. *Directors may refer Disputes to Arbitration.*—Whenever any question or other matter whatsoever arises in dispute between the Company and any other company or person, the same may be referred by the Directors to arbitration pursuant to and so as with regard to the mode and consequence of the reference and in all other respects to conform to the provisions in that behalf contained in the Civil Procedure Code, 1889, and the Arbitration Ordinance, 1866, or any then subsisting statutory modification thereof.

EVIDENCE.

157. *Evidence in Action by Company against Shareholders.*—On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought or instituted by the Company against any Shareholder or his representatives to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is or was when the claim arose on the register of Shareholders of the Company as a holder of the number of shares in respect of which such claim is made, and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company; and it shall not be necessary to prove the registration of the Company, nor the appointment of the Directors who made any call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made, nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

PROVISIONS RELATIVE TO WINDING UP OR DISSOLUTION OF THE COMPANY.

158. *Purchase of Company's Property by Shareholders.*—Any Shareholder, whether a Director or not, or whether alone or jointly with any other Shareholder or Director, and any person not a Shareholder, may become the purchaser of the property of the Company or any part thereof in the event of a winding up or a dissolution, or at any other time when a sale of the Company's property or effects or any part thereof shall be made by the Directors under the powers hereby or under the Ordinance conferred upon them.

159. *Distribution.*—If the Company shall be wound up, and there shall be any surplus assets after payment of all debts and satisfaction of all liabilities of the Company, such surplus assets shall be applied, first, in repaying to the holders of the preference shares (if any) the amounts that may be due to them, whether by way of capital only or by way of capital and dividend, or arrears of dividend or otherwise in accordance with the rights, privileges, and conditions attached thereto, and the balance in repaying to the holders of the ordinary shares the amounts paid up or reckoned as paid up on such ordinary shares. If after such payments there shall remain any surplus assets, such surplus assets shall be divided among the ordinary Shareholders in proportion to the capital paid up, or reckoned as paid up, on the shares which are held by them respectively at the commencement of the winding up, unless the conditions attached to the preference shares expressly entitle such shares to participate in such surplus assets.

160. *Payment in Specie, and vesting in Trustees, Right of Contributory to Dissent, &c.*—If the Company shall be wound up, the liquidator, whether voluntary or official, may, with the sanction of an extraordinary resolution, divide among the contributories in specie any part of the assets of the Company, and may, with their sanction, vest any part of the assets of the Company in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories as the liquidator, with like sanction, shall think fit, and if thought expedient any such division may be otherwise than in accordance with the legal rights of the Shareholders of the Company, and in particular any class may be given preferential or special rights or may be excluded altogether or in part, and the liquidator shall be entitled to sell all or any of the assets of the Company in consideration of or in exchange for shares, ordinary, fully paid, part paid, or preference in the purchasing Company, but in case any division otherwise than in accordance with the legal rights of the contributories shall be determined on or any sale made of any or all of the assets of the Company in exchange for shares in the purchasing company either ordinary, fully paid or part paid, or preference, any contributory who would be prejudiced thereby shall have a right to dissent as if such determination were a special resolution passed pursuant to section 192 of the Companies (Consolidation) Act of 1908 in England, but for the purposes of an arbitration as in sub-section (6) of the said section, provided the provisions of the Ceylon Arbitration Ordinance, 1866, and of the Civil Procedure Code, 1889, shall apply in place of the English and Scotch Acts referred to in the said sub-section (6) of section 192 of the aforesaid Companies (Consolidation) Act, and the said section 192, save as herein excepted, shall be deemed to be part and parcel of these present articles.

In witness whereof the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereunto set and subscribed their names at Colombo this Third day of October, One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty-four.

G. K. LOGAN, Colombo.

W. R. MAGUIRE, Colombo.

W. T. GRESWELL, Colombo.

W. H. MARSHALL, Colombo.

WM. A. HEALE, Colombo.

H. C. LEAR, Colombo.

F. W. TRELOAR, Colombo.

Witness to the signatures of the above-named George Kenneth Logan, William Robert Maguire, William Territt Greswell, William Henry Marshall, William Alfred Heale, Herbert Cecil Lear, and Frederick William Treloar.

PERCIVAL S. MARTENSZ,
Proctor of the Supreme Court, Colombo.

The Ceylon Observer, Limited
(In Liquidation.)

NOTICE is hereby given that at the Final General Meeting of Shareholders of the above-named Company duly convened and held at the office of the Liquidator, Imperial Bank Building, Fort, Colombo, on Wednesday, October 8, 1924, at 11 A.M., the following resolutions were unanimously passed, viz. :—

"1. That the accounts submitted to the Meeting, and showing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted and the property of the Company disposed of, be received and adopted."

"2. That the affairs of the Company have been fairly wound up."

H. D. THORNTON, F.C.A.,

Colombo, October 8, 1924. Liquidator.

The Frocester Estate Rubber Company, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Frocester Estate Rubber Company, Limited, will be held at No. 6, Prince street, Fort, Colombo, on Tuesday, November 18, 1924, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing the following resolutions :

Resolutions.

1. That each of the existing 2,500 shares of Rs. 100 each in the capital of the Company be divided into ten fully paid up shares of Rs. 10 each.

2. That the shares resulting from the division of such existing shares be renumbered, so that the shares representing those numbered 1 to 2,500 be renumbered 2,501 to 27,500.

3. That Article 77 of the Company's Articles of Association be deleted, and the following Article be substituted in lieu thereof and be numbered 77 :—

"Number of Votes to which Shareholder entitled.—On a show of hands every shareholder present in person or by attorney duly authorized shall have one vote only. In case of a poll every shareholder present in person or by proxy or attorney shall (except as provided for in the Article immediately following) have one vote for every ten shares held by him up to one hundred shares. He shall have an additional vote for every one hundred shares held by him beyond the first one hundred shares up to one thousand shares, and an additional vote for every one hundred and fifty shares beyond the first one thousand shares. When voting on a resolution involving the sale of the Company's estates or any of them, or any part or portion thereof, or the winding up of the Company, every shareholder shall have one vote for every share held by him."

4. That Article 73 of the Company's Articles of Association be deleted, and the following Article be substituted in lieu thereof and be numbered 73 :—

"Votes.—At any meeting every resolution shall in the first instance be decided by a show of hands. In case there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman at such meeting shall be entitled to give a casting vote in addition to the votes to which he may be entitled as a shareholder, and unless a poll be immediately demanded in writing by some shareholder present at the meeting and entitled to vote, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried and an entry to that effect in the minute book of the Company shall be sufficient evidence of the fact without proof of the number and validity of the votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution."

Should the above resolutions be passed by the requisite majority, they will be submitted for confirmation as special resolutions to a further Extraordinary General Meeting which will be subsequently convened.

By order of the Board,

J. M. ROBERTSON & Co.,

Colombo, October 15, 1924. Agents and Secretaries.

Auction Sale under Primary Mortgage Decree in Case No. 11,122, D. C.; Colombo, against O. J. S. Peiris.

A Valuable Property at Rawatawatta in Moratuwa.

I SHALL sell by public auction on Friday, November 7, 1924, at 5 P.M. at the spot—An undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ part or share of the land called Indicadullepelawatta and of the trees, plantations, and buildings thereon, situated at Rawatawatta in Moratuwa; containing in extent 1 rood and 24 $\frac{3}{10}$ perches.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. van Cuylenberg & De Witt, Proctors and Notaries, Colombo, or to me—

A. V. PERERA,
Auctioneer and Broker.

115, Hulftsdorp, Colombo.

Auction Sale under Primary Mortgage Decree in Case No. 11,691, D. C., Colombo.

Valuable Properties at Kollupitiya and New Fishers' Quarters in Tanque Salgado in Mutwal.

BY virtue of the commission issued to me in the above case, I shall sell by public auction at the respective spots—

On Saturday, November 8, 1924, at 4.30 P.M.

1. All that allotment of land, with the buildings thereon, bearing assessment Nos. 1,050/96, 1,051/96, and 1,052/96, situated at Kollupitiya, within the Municipality and District of Colombo, Western Province (being the $\frac{3}{4}$ parts of the garden marked B in the plan thereof, No. 673A, dated June 20, 1901, made by Juan de Silva, Surveyor); containing in extent 26 $\frac{3}{4}$ perches.

The northern boundary is the property of the late Mr. Charles de Soysa.

And on Monday, November 10, 1924, at 5 P.M.

All that and those the land, buildings, and premises presently bearing assessment Nos. 4,329/67 and 4,330/68, situated at New Fishers' quarters on street in Mutwal, within the Municipality and District of Colombo, Western Province, comprising the following allotments of land which adjoin each other and now form one property, and which from their situation as respects each other can be included in one figure of survey, to wit :—

1. All that allotment of land called Uplands marked lot No. 7846 in the plan thereof, with the buildings standing thereon, bearing assessment No. 67, situated at Tanque Salgado in Ward No. 5, within the Municipality of Colombo, Western Province; containing in extent 2 $\frac{64}{100}$ perches.

2. All that allotment of land called Uplands marked lot No. 7,845 in plan thereof, with the buildings thereon, bearing assessment No. 4,330/68, situated at New Fishers' quarters in Tanque Salgado aforesaid; containing in extent 2 $\frac{64}{100}$ square perches.

For further particulars apply to L. A. Jayasekera, Esq., Proctor, Supreme Court, and Notary, Colombo, or to me—

A. V. PERERA,
Auctioneer and Broker.

115, Hulftsdorp, Colombo.

Auction Sale.

Four Undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ Parts or Shares of the Lands called Thanankella, Delgahawatta, Gorakagahawatta, and Thanankella, situated in the Village Pannipitiya, in the Palle Pattu of Salpiti Korale, in the District of Colombo.

UNDER instructions from the executor of the estate of the late Rasha Marikar Abdul Razaek in testamentary proceedings No. 1,646 of the District Court of Colombo, I shall offer the above lands for sale at the office of Mr. A. M. Fuard, Proctor, No. 95, Dam street, Colombo, on Friday, October 31, 1924, at 4.30 P.M.

50, Hulftsdorp street,
Phone 221.

A. C. ABDUL HAMEED,
Auctioneer and Broker.

Auction Sale under Partition Case.

Valuable Lands in Four Lots with Buildings thereon facing Albert Road and Nelson's Lane in Colpetty, Colombo, bearing Assessment Nos. 13, 14/1,455, and 3/1,457, Albert Road, and 4 and 6, Nelson's Lane, situated in a Healthy and Residential Quarter.

BY virtue of the commission issued to me in case No. 9,204 of the District Court of Colombo, I shall sell by public auction the above property on Saturday, November 29, 1924, commencing from 4 P.M., at the respective spots.

The above premises will be put up for sale first among the co-owners at the upset price at which the same has been valued, and if not purchased by any of them at such sale, the same will be immediately thereafter be put up and sold to the highest bidder among the public.

For further particulars and plans please apply to J. C. Weinman, Esq., Proctor, Colombo, or—

119, Hulftsdorp street, FRANCIS F. KRISHNAPILLAI,
Colombo. Commissioner and Auctioneer.

Auction Sale under Mortgage Decree in D. C., Colombo, No. 5,968.

BY virtue of the commission issued to me in the above case, entered in favour of Mr. H. Bastian Fernando of Kollupitiya, against Hettiakandage Bernard Anthony Fernando and another of Rawatawatta in Moratuwa for the recovery of the amount entered of record, I shall sell the following property on Wednesday, November 12, 1924, at the spot at 5.30 P.M., all that portion of Palliyegodella-watta, situated at Rawatawatta in Moratuwa, in the Palle pattu of Salpitikoral, in the District of Colombo, together with the buildings and plantations thereon; containing in extent about 32 perches.

Further particulars from—

122, Hulftsdorp street, Colombo. AYRES KARUNARATNA,
Auctioneer.

Auction Sale.**A SOUND INVESTMENT.**

Lease or Sale Outright of a Splendid Coconut Property, quite conveniently situated, 3 Miles off the Hunnegala Town.

BY virtue of the commission issued to us from the District Court of Negombo in testamentary case No. 2,222, we shall sell by public auction the lease for a term of 10 or 15 years as may be decided by us at the time of the sale of all that land comprised of three contiguous portions called Gurulapawatta, in extent 41 acres 3 roods and 18 perches, fully planted with coconut trees, almost all in bearing, situate at Gurulapola, in the District of Kurunegala.

At the spot at 3 P.M. on Saturday, November 15, 1924.

If the sale of the lease aforesaid does not realize the necessary funds, such sale will not be concluded, but immediately thereafter the absolute right, title, and interest of the late Lansakara-Senanayaka Piyatilaka Pathirathna of Kurunegala, deceased, in and to the said property, will be put up to auction and sold to the highest bidders.

The sale of movables on the said land, such as the bungalow furniture, carts, cattle, &c., will also be sold by public auction at the conclusion of the sale aforesaid.

Further particulars from C. Emmanuel, Esq., Secretary, District Court, Negombo, or—

Negombo, October 14, 1924. M. P. KURERA & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Auction Sale.

Properties at Mahawewa, in the District of Chilaw.

UNDER decree in case No. 16,579, D. C., Negombo, entered in favour of the plaintiff M. S. R. M. Karupiah Pillai of Negombo, against the defendant Wickramanayakapathirannehage James Singho Appuhamy of Mahawewa, and by virtue of the order to sell issued to us for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 1,000, with interest on Rs. 500 at 18 per cent. per annum from July 19, 1921, and on Rs. 500 from August 2, 1922, till August 27, 1924, and thereafter at 9 per cent. per annum on the aggregate amount

till payment in full, and costs of suit, less a sum of Rs. 45 paid for interest, we shall sell the under-mentioned properties mortgaged by bond No. 3,433 dated January 19, 1921, and attested by G. F. Dissanaikie, Notary, and by bond No. 39,284 dated February 2, 1922, and attested by N. J. C. Wijesekera, Notary, by public auction at the respective spots on Thursday, November 13, 1924, commencing at 3 P.M., to wit:—

1. The land Gorakagahawatta, situate at Mahawewa in Yatakalam pattu of the Pitigalkorale, in the District of Chilaw, North-Western Province, in extent about 1 acre as primary and secondary mortgage.

2. The Diulgahawatta, situate at Mahawewa aforesaid, in extent 2 acres and 30 perches as primary and secondary mortgage.

3. The Kosgahawatta, situate at Mahawewa aforesaid, in extent about 58 coconut trees plantable ground. Of this land the undivided 4/21 shares as primary and secondary mortgage.

4. The Wewabodadiulgahawatta, situate at Mahawewa aforesaid, in extent about 1 rood of the plantations and building. Of this land the undivided 1/2 shares as primary mortgage.

Further particulars from C. Yogaratnam, Esq., Proctor, Supreme Court, and Notary, Negombo, or—

Negombo, October 14, 1924. M. P. KURERA & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Auction Sale.

Three Blocks of Land at Dankotuwa and Yogyana alias Motemulla, in the District of Chilaw.

BY virtue of the commission issued to us from the District Court of Negombo in testamentary case No. 2,222, we shall sell the under-mentioned properties belonging to the estate of the late Lansakara-Senanayake Piyatilaka Pathirathna of Kurunegala, deceased, by public auction at the respective spots on Friday, November 14, 1924, viz.:—

At 2 P.M.

(1) The undivided 1/2 share of lot marked C of the land called Perrikongahawatta, situate at Dankotuwa in Otara palata of Pitigalkorale, in the District of Chilaw; containing in extent 1 rood and 29 5/100 perches.

At 3.30 P.M.

(2) The undivided western 61/162 shares of Kahatagahawatta, situate at Yogyana alias Motemulla in Otara palata of Pitigalkorale, in the District of Chilaw; containing in extent 2 roods and 10 perches.

At 4 P.M.

(3) The undivided 2/3 shares of Meegahawatta, situate at Yogyana in Otara palata aforesaid; containing in extent 1 acre.

Further particulars may be had from C. Emmanuel, Esq., Secretary, District Court, Negombo, or—

Negombo, October 14, 1924. M. P. KURERA & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Alteration of Date of Sale.

THE date fixed for the sale of properties at Hunupitiya and Ohayatpattu under decree in case No. 15,512, D. C., Negombo, viz., November 1, 1924, as appearing in the *Government Gazette* of the 3rd instant, is altered into November 8, 1924.

Time of sale remains unaltered. All persons interested in the aforesaid sale are requested to note the above alteration.

Negombo, October 14, 1924. M. P. KURERA & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Auction Sale.

Properties at Koswadiya, in the District of Chilaw.

UNDER decree in case No. 16,481, D. C., Negombo, entered in favour of the plaintiff Suna Pana Kana Nana Ponniah Palle of Negombo, against the defendant Palakuttige Nicholas Fernando of Koswadiya, presently

of Talgasagara, and by virtue of the order to sell issued to us for the recovery of the amount therein stated, we shall sell the under-mentioned property mortgaged as primary mortgage by bond No. 3,903 dated October 7, 1922, and attested by G. F. Dissanayake, Notary, by public auction at the spot at 4 P.M. on Monday, November 10, 1924, to wit:—

The land Nugagahawatta, situate at Koswadiya in Yatakalam pattu of Pitigal korale, in the District of Chilaw, North-Western Province, in extent about 2 acres. Of this land and plantations and buildings and all the appurtenances thereof an undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share.

Further particulars from Tudor Ranasinghe, Esq., Proctor, Supreme Court, and Notary, Negombo, or—

Negombo, October 15, 1924. M. P. KURERA & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Auction Sale.

Property of Udangawa, in the District of Negombo.

UNDER decree in case No. 16,798, D. C., Negombo, entered in favour of the plaintiff Sufia Pana Lena Raman Chetty of Kechchikade, against the defendants (1) Pedro Fernando Ramnaden Pulle and wife (2) Agneecia Fernando alias Cecilia Fernando, both of Menemulla, and by virtue of the order to sell issued to us for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 1,000, with interest thereon at 18 per cent. per annum from June 19, 1924, till August 21, 1924, and thereafter at 9 per cent. per annum on the aggregate amount till payment in full, and costs of suit, we shall sell the under-mentioned property mortgaged by bond No. 28,776 dated August 30, 1923, and attested by D. M. Karunaratna, Notary, by public auction at the spot at 4 P.M. on Wednesday, November 12, 1924, to wit:—

The southern portion in extent 1 acre from and out of the land called Hikgahawatta in extent about 1 acre and 1 rood, situate at Udangawa in Dunagaha pattu of the Alutkuru korale, in the District of Negombo, Western Province, together with the trees, plantations, buildings, and all appurtenances thereon.

Further particulars from L. C. E. Karunaratna, Esq., Proctor, Supreme Court, and Notary, Negombo, or—

Negombo, October 15, 1924. M. P. KURERA & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Auction Sale.

UNDER instructions received from C. W. Goonewardena, Esq., provisional assignee of the insolvent estate of Udokor Vege Jarlis, proctor of Hetowapiadigama in case No. 529, Insolvency, of the District Court of Galle, I shall sell by public auction on Saturday, November 1, 1924, commencing at 1 P.M. at the spots the following to wit:—

1. An undivided 11/40 parts of the land called Nindanwala Beligahaowita, containing 4 pelas paddy sowing extent, situate at Hetowapiadigama.

2. An undivided 29/120 parts of the land called Weralugahaowita, containing about 2 pelas paddy sowing extent, situate at ditto.

3. The unexpired term of the lease No. 5,801 attested by Mr. E. F. de Costa, Notary, on November 14, 1921, for seven years commencing from that date of 20 fruit bearing coconut trees standing on the land called Pahala-watta, situate at Hetowapiadigama aforesaid.

4. The unexpired term of the lease No. 5,891 attested by Mr. E. F. de Costa, Notary, on November 11, 1922, for five years commencing from that day of 100 fruit bearing coconut trees on the lot No. 7 of Ratmahera Boderamulla-addera Kehetagahawatta, situate at Katalowa.

For further particulars please apply to the said C. W. Goonewardene, Esq., Secretary of the said Court and provisional assignee, or to me—

Galle, October 14, 1924. K. JOHN GABRIEL,
Licensed Auctioneer.

Auction Sale.

In the District Court of Galle.

Kankanitantri Karnolis de Silva of Maha Ambalangoda..... Plaintiff.

No. 20,923.

Vs.

Mutuwahandy Arnolis Silva of Wellaboda..... Defendant.

UNDER decree entered and by virtue of a commission issued to me in the above case, I shall sell on Saturday, November 1, 1924, at 3 P.M. at the spot the following property hypothecated as security for the payment of the sum of Rs. 1,135 and costs of suit as per order of court dated February 22, 1924, to wit:—

All the soil and trees of the contiguous lots 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 of Riyanwatta, with the buildings thereon, situated at Madampe, in Wellaboda pattu of Galle District, Southern Province; and containing in extent 1 rood and 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ perches.

Ambalangoda. W. KODIKARA,
Commissioner.

Auction Sale.

The Jaffna Commercial Corporation, Ltd., Jaffna. Plaintiff.

No. 19,200, D. C., Jaffna. Vs.

Vairavan Kanthan Vairavan of Chunnakam..... Defendant.

IN terms of the commission dated October 10, 1924, issued to me by the District Court of Jaffna, in case No. 19,200, D. C., Jaffna, the following properties will be sold by public auction at the respective spots on Saturday, November 8, 1924, commencing at about 2 P.M.:

1. An undivided one-half share of all that allotment of land, situated at Chunnagam, in the Parish of Uduville, in the Division of Valikamam North in the District of Jaffna, called Kuravarkollai, in extent 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ lachams varagu culture, with its appurtenances, together with the share of well standing on the north in another land called Kuravarkollai, and the right of way and water-course; and bounded on the east by the property of Sivakamy, wife of Seenian, north by the property of Karthigesu Ayampillai, west by the property of Naganather Ponnampalam, and on the south by the property of Vallipillai, wife of Nagalingam.

2. An undivided one-half share of all that allotment of land, situated at Chunnagam aforesaid, called Kuravarkollai, in extent 16 $\frac{5}{16}$ lachams p. c., with its appurtenances, together with share of well standing on the southern boundary land and the right of way and water-course; and bounded on the east by the property of the heirs of the late Chinniah Mudaliyar Visuvappah, north by the village limit of Mallakam, west by the property of Letchumy, daughter of Suppiah Naganather, and on the south by the property of Sinnavan Sanmugam and shareholders.

3. An undivided one-sixth share of all that allotment of land, situated at Chunnagam aforesaid, called Vaduvavattai and Moorthiankoodal, in extent 12 lachams varagu culture with palmyras, young palmyras, and other spontaneous plantations, together with share in the illuppai tree standing on the eastern boundary; and bounded on the east by the property of Sithamparanatha Iyer Sathasivakurukkal and Savunthariamamma, wife of Vaithiyanaatha Iyer, north by road, west by the property of the heirs of the late Achchy, wife of Mappany, on the south by the property of Sivahamy, widow of Kathiran.

4. An undivided one-half share of all that allotment of land, situated at Chunnagam aforesaid, called Thalaiyaddy-metku, in extent 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ lacham varagu culture, with cultivated and spontaneous plants and share of well standing on another land called Thalaiyaddy-metku belonging to Letchumy, wife of Sanmugam; and others, on the north and the right of way and water-course; and bounded on the east by the properties of Aciriappa, wife of Kanthaiyan, and shareholders and Letchumy, wife of Nagalingam, north by the property of Letchumy, wife of Sanmugam, west by path, and south by the property of Evusamy, wife of Kaspuru, and shareholders.

5. An undivided three fourth share of all that allotment of land, situated at Chunnagam aforesaid, called Thalaiyaddy, in extent 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ lachams varagu culture, with houses and cultivated plants, together with share in the tamarind tree standing on the northern boundary and the share of well

and the right of way and water-course; and bounded on the east by the property of Sinnacuddy, wife of Sinnavan, and shareholders, north by the property of Vairavan Kanthan Vairavan and shareholders and the property of Achchy, wife of Maruthan, west by the property of Apiramy, wife of Kanapathy, and others, and south by the properties of Vairavan Mechchan and wife, Achchy and Sinnakuddy, wife of Sinnavan, and shareholders.

6. An undivided one-eighth share of all that allotment of land, situated at Chunnagam aforesaid, called Kuravakkollai, in extent 11 5/16 lachams p.c., with share of well standing on western boundary (excluding share of well and right of way and water-course belonging to the northern boundary land); and bounded on the east by the property of the heirs of the late Chinniah Mudaliyar Vivusappah, north by the property of Vairavan Kanthan Vairavan, west by well and the property of Karthigesu Aiyampillai, and on the south by the property of Sivahamy, wife of Seenian.

7. All that allotment of land, situated at Chunnagam aforesaid called Kottiyawattai and Kinattadey, in extent 4 lachams varagu culture with palmyras and young palmyra trees; and bounded on the east by path, north by the properties of Veeragathy Sinnathamby Mootathamby Sabapathy and shareholders, west by the property of Vallipillai, wife of Nagalingam, and on the south by the village limit of Udnyville.

For further particulars apply to Mr. J. K. Arnold, Proctor, Supreme Court, Jaffna. The title deeds of the above lands can be inspected at his office.

Jaffna, October 13, 1924.

PHILIP MOSES,
Commissioner.

Auction Sale.

Lands at Chundikuli and Nallur in the District of Jaffna.

UNDER decree in case No. 18,720, D. C., Jaffna, entered in favour of the plaintiffs (1) T. Kasippillai Ponniah and wife (2) Chellamuttu, presently of Point Pedro, against the defendants (1) Mayathamby Ramalingam and wife (2) Meenadchippillai of Nallur, Jaffna; and by virtue of the order issued to me for the recovery of the amount therein stated, I shall sell the under-mentioned lands by public auction on Saturday, November 15, 1924, commencing at 2 P.M., at the respective spots:—

1. A piece of land situated at Chundikuliparukukadu in Chundikuli Parish called Kadduthottam and Kaddupulam, in extent 3 lachams varagu culture and 5 kulies with hut, palmyras, and cultivated plantations; bounded on the east by the property of Appu Kuddy Visuvalingam, north and west by the property belonging to the heirs of the late Sabapathy Chetty Ramiah Chetty, and south by road. The whole of this with the appurtenances belonging thereto.

2. An undivided 1/2 share of a piece of land situated at Nallur in Nallur Parish called Veerapathirayanvalavu, in extent 1 1/2 lacham varagu culture, with share of well situated on the southern limit, house, spontaneous, and cultivated plantations. The said piece of land being bounded on the east and north by road, west by the property of Sinnathamby Sinnathurai and his sister, and south by the property of Achchikutty, wife of Ponnu.

3. A piece of land situated at Nallur called Veerapathirayanvalavu and other parcels with share of well, situated on the eastern land, and the lane used for having access to the said well, the said piece of land with the said lane, in extent 3 lachams varagu culture, with house and spontaneous and cultivated plantations; being bounded on the east by the property of Nagamuttu, wife of Maximuttu, north by road, west by the property of Kopala Iyer Kumaraswamy Iyer, and south by the property of Achchikutty, wife of Ponnu. Of the whole of this an undivided 1/2 share with the appurtenances belonging thereto.

Jaffna, October 14, 1924.

B. EMMANUEL,
Commissioner.

Auction Sale.

In the District Court of Trincomalee.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Last Will and Testament of Thayanayagamma, daughter of No. 60. M. Eliatamby, late of Trincomalee.

Tampimuttu Balasubramaniam of Division No. 5, Trincomalee Plaintiff.
Vallipillai, widow of Nallatamby Tampimuttu of Division No. 5, Trincomalee Respondent.

UNDER and by virtue of an order entered in D. C., Trincomalee, testamentary case No. 60, on September 1, 1924, and a commission issued to me thereunder on the same date, I shall put up for sale by public auction at the spot on Saturday, October 25, 1924, commencing at 5 P.M., the following property subject to conditions which will be read out at the sale:—

Property referred to.

A piece of land situated at Division No. 4, Trincomalee, called Thamarakaddu Kulathoddam with coconut trees, well, and other appurtenances; bounded on the north by the land of Muttueumaraswami temple, on the east by lane, on the south by the land of Mr. M. M. Subramaniam and others, and on the west by land belonging to the heirs of the late Kanapatippillai Periatamby; containing in extent 2 acres 3 roods and 7 68/100 square perches excluding the pond or kerni and the portion of the land mentioned above on which it stands.

N.B.—Intending purchasers may inspect the land before the date of sale.

Trincomalee, October 6, 1924.

M. SUBRAMANIAM,
Commissioner.

Auction Sale.

In the District Court of Kurunegala.

Mr. M. R. P. Dharmaratne of Kurunegala Plaintiff.
No. 9,996.

Deen Lolle of Muttetugalla in Mahagalhoda, Megoda korale Defendant.

UNDER and by virtue of a decree entered in the above case and by virtue of order issued to me for the recovery of the amount stated therein, I shall sell by public auction the following property herein below declared bound and executable under the said decree on Saturday, November 8, 1924, at 2.30 P.M., at the spot:—

1. The land called Dunugahamullawatta, together with the building and plantations standing thereon; containing in extent about 1 kurunie kurakkan sowing.

2. Ambagahahena or garden of 1 kurunie kurakkan sowing, together with the buildings and plantations standing thereon.

3. Dunugahamulahena, now garden, about 4 seers kurakkan sowing or 2 roods and 39 perches.

Further particulars from Mr. K. C. C. W. Perera, Proctor and Notary, Kurunegala, or—

Kurunegala, October 13, 1924. MAURICE FERNANDO,
Auctioneer and Broker.

Auction Sale.

In the District Court of Kurunegala.

A. W. W. V. Vairavan Chetty of Kurunegala Plaintiff.
No. 10,109.

Adikari Mudiyanse and Kirigoris Conatilleke of Dambadeniya Defendant.

UNDER and by virtue of the decree entered in the above case, and by virtue of order issued to me for the recovery of the amount stated therein, I shall sell by public auction the following property herein below declared bound and executable under the said decree on Saturday, November 8, 1924, commencing at 2 P.M. on the spot:—

An undivided 1/2 share of the high and low land Meegahamulakumbura of about 2 pelas and 2 lahas paddy sowing and thereto adjoining pillewa of about 3 lahas kurakkan sowing, situate at Udawelawatta.

Further particulars from me—

Kurunegala, September 4, 1924. T. B. AMUNUGAMA,
Licensed Auctioneer.

Auction Sale.

In the District Court of Kurunegala.

A. V. V. E. Wairawan Chetty of Kurunegala . . . Plaintiff.
No. 10,110. Vs.(1) Liyanapatirennage Theertha Singho and (2)
Adikari Mudiyanthige Grigoris Gunatileke, both of
Udawelawatta . . . Defendants.

UNDER and by virtue of the decree entered in the above case and by virtue of order issued to me for the recovery of the amount stated therein, I shall sell by public auction the following property herein below declared bound and executable under the said decree on Saturday, November 8, 1924, commencing at 3 P.M., on the first land herein below:—

1. All that $\frac{1}{2}$ share of the portion containing in extent 3 lahas kurakkan sowing from and out of the land called Arambe Meegahamulawatta; containing in extent 6 lahas kurakkan sowing; Delgahamulahena, now garden, containing in extent 6 lahas kurakkan sowing; Gorokgahamulahena, now garden, of 5 lahas kurakkan sowing extent; and Ilukgolle Bogahamulahena, now garden, of 1 timba kurakkan sowing; and which are contiguous to each other and now form one property, situate at Udawelawatta in Dambadeni Udukaha korale west, and which said premises are included in one survey; containing in extent 12 acres 3 roods and 22 perches, according to the survey and description thereof, lot No. 3 in plan No. 105, dated August 23, 1922, made by C. H. de Silva.

2. An undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ shares of the land called Galagawawatta situate at Udawelawatta aforesaid of 1 timba kurakkan sowing extent, with everything thereon, or 5 acres 2 roods and 25 perches according to lot 1 in plan No. 105 aforesaid.

3. An undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share of Midellagahakumbura and the western portion of the garden (excluding the eastern portion in extent 3 lahas kurakkan); containing 6 lahas kurakkan sowing, and now forming one property, situate at Dambadeniya in the said korale, together with everything thereon.

4. An undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share of Hettiyakumbura of about 2 pelas paddy sowing and thereto adjoining 2 pillewass containing 8 lahas kurakkan sowing, now forming one property, and situate at Udawelawatta aforesaid, which said premises are included in one survey; containing in extent 1 acre 1 rood and 11 perches according to lot No. 2 of the said plan No. 105.

Further particulars from me—

T. B. AMUNUGAMA,
Kurunegala, October 8, 1924. Licensed Auctioneer.**Auction Sale.**

In the District Court of Chilaw.

No. 1,486 T. In the Matter of the Intestate Estate of the late Kiriya Nayalage Kaluwaduraya of Puliyanakare, deceased.
Etugalpey Hapu of Koswadiya . . . Administratrix.

UNDER and by virtue of the commission issued to us in the above case, we shall sell by public auction on Saturday, October 18, 1924, commencing at 10 A.M. at Puliyanakare, the under-mentioned lands:—

1. All that undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share of the land called Mukalanawatta situate at Gindammana in Yagam pattu korale of Katuambola pattu in Kurunegala District; in extent about 3 acres.

2. All that land called Talgahawatta, situate at the village aforesaid; in extent about 7 acres.

3. All that land called Divulgahawatta, situate at Alutgama in the aforesaid korale; in extent about 1 acre.

4. All that land called Kahatagahawatta, situate at Alutgama aforesaid; in extent about 2 acres.

5. All that undivided 1 acre out of Talgahawatta, situate at Alutgama aforesaid; in extent about 2 acres.

6. All that field called Kadurugahakumbura, situate at Alutgama aforesaid; in extent about 1 acre.

7. All that land called Maragahawatta, situate at Dambuwa in the aforesaid pattu; in extent about 1 acre.

8. All that $\frac{1}{2}$ share of the land called Ambagahawatta, situate at Karauwewa in the aforesaid pattu; in extent about 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ acres.

9. All that land called Dangahawatta, situate at Karauwewa aforesaid; in extent about 1 acre.

10. All that $\frac{1}{2}$ share of Kahatagahawatta, situate at Wellarawa in the aforesaid pattu; in extent about 2 acres.

11. All that undivided 4 acres out of Wewalagarahena, situate at Wellarawa aforesaid; in extent about 12 acres.

12. All that undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share of Kajugahawatta and $\frac{1}{2}$ share of Kohombagahakumbura forming one land, situate at Ka'upiladambuwa in the aforesaid pattu; in extent 3 acres in garden and 10 parras in field.

13. All that field called Rukkattanagahakumbura, situate at Wattegama in the aforesaid pattu; in extent about 1 acre.

14. All that $\frac{1}{2}$ share of Ambagahawatta, situate at Puliyanakare in Yagam pattu of the Pitigal korale, in the Chilaw District; in extent 1 acre 2 roods and 23 perches.

15. All that undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ of an acre out of Etambagahakumbura, situate at Puliyanakare aforesaid; in extent about 30 parras of paddy sowing soil or about 7 acres.

16. All that undivided 6 acres out of Korakahawehenyaya, situate at Medadambuwa aforesaid; in extent about 19 acres.

17. All that land called Bulugahahenyaya, situate at Ginidammana aforesaid; in extent about 10 acres.

18. All that $\frac{1}{2}$ share of Karandagahakumbura, situate at Puliyanakare aforesaid; in extent about $\frac{1}{2}$ an acre.

B. M. CARRIM,
Chilaw, September 21, 1924. Auctioneer.

In the District Court of Ratnapura.

Yena Seena Ana Sithambram Chetty, by his attorney
Y. S. A. Yegappa Chetty of Ratnapura . . . Plaintiff.
D. C. No. 4,130. Vs.

Welhenege Wijesene of Yatiyantota . . . Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that by virtue of a commission issued to me in the above-mentioned case, the right, title, and interest of the said defendant Welhenege Wijesene of Yatiyantota, in the Kegalla District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, in and upon bond No. 16,934 dated February 7, 1919, affecting the lands hereunder described granted by Welhenege William Silva of Galupiyadda Kowilawatta, within the four Gravets of the Galle District, in the Southern Province, will be sold by public auction by me at the reference room of the District Court of Ratnapura on November 8, 1924, at 3 P.M., bound and executable under the decree in the above-mentioned case for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 3,800, with legal interest and cost of suit:—

1. All that undivided one-half share of the land called and known as the eastern portion of Rattagawakurahana-watta and of the plantations and buildings standing thereon, situated at Yatiyantota in Dehigampal korale, in the District of Kegalla of the Province of Sabaragamuwa; bounded on the north by land belonging to Tepanis Naide, east by land belonging to Lebbe Marikkar, south by the ditch of land belonging to Lebbe Marikkar, and on the west by high road leading to Polatgama; and containing in extent 2 nellies of kurahan sowing.

2. All that the land called Rukkettanamulahena, together with the plantations and the buildings standing thereon, situated at Yatiyantota aforesaid; bounded on the north by ela and land appertaining to Wiralugolla estate, east and south by land appertaining to Iwis estate, and on west by land belonging to Mudalihamy and Wahumpuraya people; and containing in extent 8 acres 1 rood and 22 perches.

B. L. ABEYRATNE,
Ratnapura, October 6, 1924. Commissioner.**Auction Sale.**

In the District Court of Ratnapura.

D. C., Testy. In the Matter of the Intestate Estate of Dona
No. 783. Alexandrina Theodora Tillekeretne Dissa-
naike Walawemahatmaya, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned lands inventoried in the above-mentioned case will be sold by

public auction on November 15, 1924, at 2 p.m., at the office of Mr. Walter Edward Peries, Proctor, of Ratnapura :—

Lands referred to.

1. An undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ of Lendediyewatta of 6 acres in extent, situate at Moragahayata in the Kuruwiti korale; bounded on the north by Peries Mudalaligewatta, on the east by Wettiaragedeniya, on the south by high road to Panadure, and on the west by Galkadumookalana.
2. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ of Horanekumbura of about 1 acre 2 roods and 25 perches, situate at Kahangama in the Kuruwiti korale; bounded on the north by Navinnehena, east by Annakkagaladeniya, south by Pandlelehena, and on the west by Mahakumbura.
3. An undivided $\frac{1}{4}$ of Mulleyayekumbura, situate at Batugedera in the Nawadun korale, of 1 amunam paddy sowing; bounded on the north by high road and Ganitayalayaswedduma, east by watta and kanuketiye, south by Ganitayalayeowita and welaliyadda, on the west by welaliyadda and Sutagewatta.
4. An undivided $\frac{7}{24}$ of Galabodaowita of about 2 pelas paddy sowing, situate at Muwagama in the Nawadun korale; bounded on the north by Pitawella, east by Jambugahairawalleowita, south by Pattiyageowita, and on the west by Pattiyagekumbura.
5. An undivided $\frac{1}{72}$ of Udamahakumbura, situate at Weraluppe in the Kuruwiti korale, of 3 pelas of paddy sowing; bounded on the north by Osillagodakumbura and wella, on the east by Handapangodella and wella, on the south by Godakumbura and Mikumbura, and on the west by Godawelawella and Makumbura.
6. Whole of Sinhasenewatta, situate at Batugedera in the Nawadun korale, of about 1 acre in extent; bounded on the north by Kalu-ganga, on the east by Bandarawatta, on the south by Bastian Kostagewatta, and on the west by Mahapara (old high road).

By order of court,
B. L. ABEYRATNE,
Commissioner.

Ratnapura, October 7, 1924.

Auction Sale under Partition Decree.

By virtue of the commission issued to me in case No. 6,298 of the District Court of Kegalla, I shall sell by public auction the under-mentioned properties on Saturday, November 8, 1924, commencing at 1.30 p.m., at the spot:—

1. Galwalamahaliyadda *alias* Galandewelamahaliyadda, containing in extent 1 acre 1 rood and 35 perches, situated at Kempitiya in Galboda pattu in Galboda korale in the Kegalla District.

On the same day at 2.30 p.m. at the spot.

2. Kirindigalahena containing in extent 1 rood 4 perches, situated at Kadigomuwa in the aforesaid pattu.

The sale will take place first among the co-owners, and if not purchased by any co-owner, the said premises will immediately thereafter be put up for sale among the public.

D. S. WICKRAMASINGHE,
Kegalle, October 7, 1924. Licensed Auctioneer and Broker.

Auction Sale under Mortgage Decree.

Under decree in case No. 6,712, D. C., Kegalla, entered in favour of the plaintiff P. L. M. R. M. Palani Appa Chetty, by his attorney P. L. M. R. M. Muttaiha

Chetty of Hingula, against the defendant H. H. A. Sawal Hamidu Lebbe of Rankotdiwela, and by virtue of the order issued to me for the recovery of the amount therein stated, I shall sell the under-mentioned lands by public auction on Saturday, November 15, 1924, commencing at 12.30 p.m. at the spot, to-wit:—

1. Mahawatta, Bomaluwehena, presently garden, Mahawatta and southern portion of Bomaluwehena, presently garden, containing in extent 2 pelas in paddy sowing, with the plantations and the houses thereon.
2. Bomaluwehena, presently watta, containing in extent 15 lahas paddy sowing.
3. An undivided $\frac{1}{2}$ share of Rukkatanakumbura, containing in extent 2 pelas paddy sowing or 1 acre 2 roods and 28 perches.
4. Rukkattanapillawa in extent 3 lahas paddy sowing; these 4 lands are situated at Rankotdiwela in Tanipperu pattu in Galboda korale in the Kegalla District.

On the same day at 3.30 p.m. at the spot.

5. The field called Weralugahadeniyahena *alias* Weralugahadeniya *alias* Weralugahadeniyakumbura, containing in extent 3 pelas paddy sowing.

6. An undivided 12 lahas paddy sowing extent of Weralugahadeniyakumbura, in extent 3 pelas paddy sowing; these 2 lands are situated at Danagama in Tanipperu pattu aforesaid.

On the same day at 5 p.m. at the spot.

7. Diganewatta in extent 2 pelas paddy sowing or 2 acres 3 perches, together with the plantations thereon, situated at Dewaragampola in Tanipperu pattu aforesaid.

D. S. WICKRAMASINGHE,
Kegalla, October 10, 1924. Licensed Auctioneer and Broker.

The Ceylon (Legislative Council) Order in Council, 1923.

*Election for the Central Province (Rural Division)
Held on September 27, 1924.*

NOTICE is hereby given that a petition against the election and return of George Edmund de Silva of Kandy as a member for the above constituency, has been presented by Punchi Banfa Rambukwelle, and a copy of the same may be obtained by the respondent on application at the Office of the Registrar of the Supreme Court.

October 14, 1924.

P. B. RAMBUKWELLE.

Application for Enrolment as an Advocate.

I, AYATHURAI VARUNA KULASINGAM, of Colombo, do hereby give notice that, six weeks hence, I shall apply to the Hon. the Chief Justice and the other Justices of the Supreme Court of Ceylon to be admitted and enrolled an Advocate of the said Court.

Colombo, October 17, 1924.

A. V. KULASINGAM.

Application for Enrolment as a Proctor.

I, CHARLES ALFRED PERERA, do hereby give notice that, six weeks hence, I shall apply to the Hon. the Chief Justice and the other Justices of the Hon. the Supreme Court of the Island of Ceylon to be admitted and enrolled a Proctor of the said court.

Homeleigh,
Moratuwa, October 15, 1924.

C. A. PERERA.

APPLICATION FOR FOREIGN LIQUOR LICENSES, &c.

Whereby give notice that I have on October 8, 1924, applied to the Government Agent, Province of Sabaragamuwa, for the license shown in the annexed schedule, for the licensing period ending September 30, 1925, in compliance with Excise Notification No. 75 of June 1918 :—

Schedule referred to.

Name and address of applicant: V. Motha, Main street, Ratnapura.

Description of license applied for: Foreign liquor retail off at Rakwana.

State whether application is for renewal of existing license or licenses or for a new license or licenses: New license to take place of an old license not renewed.

Situation of premises to be licensed: Bazaar street, Rakwana.

V. MOTHA.

MISCELLANEOUS DEPARTMENTAL NOTICES.

Statement showing the Importation of Rice into the different Ports of Ceylon during the Week ended October 11, 1924.

Ceylon Port.	Port of Origin.	Number of Bags.
Colombo	.. Bombay	.. 44
Do.	.. Calcutta	.. 11,790
Do.	.. Coconada	.. 2,533
Do.	.. Karachi	.. 13,925
Do.	.. Rangoon	.. 65,963
Do.	.. Tuticorin	.. 14
Do.	.. Dhanushkodi	.. 4,435
Galle	.. Coconada	.. 12,127
Do.	.. Calcutta	.. 7,438
Do.	.. Rangoon	.. 1,472
Kankasanturai	.. Rangoon	.. 3,782
Kayts	.. Adirampatam	.. 1,902
Do.	.. Masulipatam	.. 500
Do.	.. Coconada	.. 1,200
Talaimannar	.. Dhanushkodi	.. 3

(1,792 bags of rice were shipped during the week.)

H. M. Customs, B. G. DE GLANVILLE,
Colombo, October 14, 1924. for Principal Collector.

Appointment of Assessors.

BY virtue of the powers vested in me by section 5 of Ordinance No. 7 of 1866, as amended by section 2 of Ordinance No. 19 of 1921, I have appointed the persons named below to be assessors within the Police limits of the Town of Matara for the year 1925, for the purpose of creating a fund for the maintenance of the Police Force therein:—

1. W. P. J. de Silva.
2. S. D. S. Senaratna.
3. P. C. I. L. M. M. A. Abdulla.

The Kachcheri, G. S. WODEMAN,
Matara, October 7, 1924. Assistant Government Agent

"The Plant Protection Ordinance, No. 10 of 1924."

IT is hereby notified, under regulation 12 of part II. of the regulations set forth in the schedule to the above-named Ordinance, that the treatment specified in the schedule hereto is prescribed for the treatment of coconut plants attacked by the red weevil of coconuts (*Rhyncophorus ferrugineus F.*), which has been declared to be a pest under Regulation 5 of the said regulations.

T. PETCH,
Acting Director of Agriculture.

Peradeniya, October 9, 1924.

SCHEDULE.

Red Weevil of Coconuts.

Every living coconut palm which is attacked by the red weevil must either be forthwith uprooted and consumed by fire or kept completely submerged so that the weevil and all eggs and larvæ thereof may be totally destroyed, and that the palms may not serve as breeding places; or, the portion of the palm which is attacked must be cut out and destroyed, together with the contained weevils and their eggs and larvæ, and the cavity filled with mortar or any other material which will prevent the re-entry of the above-named weevil.

Lease of Mirihala-agare-ela Reservation.

THE Government Agent, North-Western Province, will on December 11, 1924, at 1 p.m. at the Kurunegala Kachcheri, put up for sale by public auction, the lease of the bearing coconut trees and other plantations on the allotments of land described below, situated in the village Dampellessa in Udukaha korale north, Dambadeni hatpattu of the Kurunegala District, which have been encroached upon by the proprietor of Oliyadeniya estate:—

Block survey preliminary plan 523.

Lot.	Name of Land.	Extent, A. R. P.
22 I	Reservation along Mirihala-agare-ela	0 0 9
Block survey preliminary plan 524.		
6B	Reservation along Mirihala-agare-ela	1 0 3
Block survey preliminary plan 525.		
2A	Reservation along Mirihala-agare-ela	1 0 32

The Kachcheri, N. IZAT,
Kurunegala, October 14, 1924. for Government Agent.

Change of Management.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. F. A. Pullenayagam of the Observatory, Buller's road, Colombo, has been appointed Manager of the School mentioned below, in place of Mr. E. C. Bakmiwewa:—

School referred to.

Borella Free Night English School.

Education Office, L. MACRAE,
Colombo, October 14, 1924. Director of Education.

Vernacular School-Leaving Certificate Examination, July, 1924.

THE following candidates have passed the above examination held on July 25 and 26, 1924, in the compulsory subjects, viz., Reading, Dictation, Arithmetic, Composition, and Language, and in those additional subjects, under which "p" is placed:—

The small italic letters denote that the candidate to whose name they are prefixed was distinguished in the following subjects respectively:—

"a" Arithmetic, "c" Composition and Language, "l" Literature, "g" Geography, "h" History, "ag" Agriculture, "d" Drawing.

SINHALESE.
Beliatta Centre.

Index No.	Name.	School.	Literature.	Geography.	History.	Agriculture.	Sanitation.	Drawing.	Needlework.
1.	a Disanayaka, D. S.	H/Nakulugamuwa	—	p.	y.	—	p.	—	p.
2.	a Sangohamy, W.	H/Nakulugamuwa	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Govt. g									
3.	Perera, L. L. G.	do.	—	p.	p.	—	p.	—	p.
4.	a Janenona, H. H.	do.	—	p.	p.	—	p.	—	p.
5.	Julinona, A. J. P.	do.	—	p.	p.	—	p.	—	p.
6.	Babanona, R. P.	do.	—	p.	p.	—	p.	—	p.
8.	Ellisona, T. H.	do.	—	p.	p.	—	p.	—	p.
11.	Abeygonawardana, D. H.	do.	—	—	p.	—	p.	—	p.
16.	Gunaratna, D. D.	H/Nakulugamuwa	—	—	—	—	—	—	p.
Govt. b									
17.	Davithsinno, J. M.	do.	—	p.	p.	—	p.	—	p.
18.	Uparis, K. G.	do.	—	p.	p.	—	p.	—	p.
22.	Mendisappu, A. H.	H/Palataduwa Govt.	—	p.	p.	—	p.	—	p.
m									
31.	Abeysinghe, P.	H/Palapata Govt. b	—	p.	p.	—	p.	—	p.
37.	Kodithuwakku, M.	H/Galagana Govt.	—	p.	p.	—	p.	—	p.
m									
39.	Ranamukka, J.	H/Nihluwa Govt. b	—	p.	p.	—	p.	—	p.
40.	a Samarasingha, J.	do.	—	p.	p.	—	p.	—	p.
41.	Davithsinno, A.	H/Keula Govt. m	—	p.	p.	—	p.	—	p.
42.	Yasohamy, G. P.	do.	—	p.	p.	—	p.	—	p.
46.	Greenenona, N. T.	H/Walamulla Govt.	—	p.	p.	—	p.	—	p.
m									
50.	Perera, R. G.	C/Dompe Govt. b	—	p.	p.	—	p.	—	p.
51.	Eramanappu, do.	do.	—	p.	p.	—	p.	—	p.
52.	Martin, W. M.	do.	—	p.	p.	—	p.	—	p.
54.	Julias, W. D.	do.	—	p.	p.	—	p.	—	p.
56.	Janenona, H. W.	do.	—	p.	p.	—	p.	—	p.
57.	Perera, D. A.	do.	—	p.	p.	—	p.	—	p.
58.	Engonona, L. A.	do.	—	p.	p.	—	p.	—	p.
60.	a Japinona, L. A.	do.	—	p.	p.	—	p.	—	p.
61.	Sicifana, L. A. D.	do.	—	p.	p.	—	p.	—	p.
62.	Mangonona, T. A.	do.	—	p.	p.	—	p.	—	p.

Index No.	Name.	School.	Literature.	Geography.	History.	Agriculture.	Sanitation.	Drawing.	Needlework.
65.	Johnsinuo, R. A.	Lunugama Bud. m	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
66.	Piyadasa, B. A.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
68.	Elpinona, W. A.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
69.	Wijesinha, J. P.	C/Malwana Govt. b	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
70.	Perera, G. A. H.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
71.	Simson, P. A. D.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
72.	Sapin, M. D.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
75.	Arlina, R. H. D.	C/Maluwana Govt. g	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
76.	Perera, L. A. P.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
77.	a Daisynona, R. D.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
80.	a Wijesinha, E. A. P. P.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
82.	Caroline, H. D.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
88.	Wickramaratna, S. P. C/Pepaliyawala Govt.	Udamapitigama Bud. m	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
90.	Gunawardana, G.	Udamapitigama Bud. m	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
<i>Dikwella Centre.</i>									
96.	Wiyolisappu, A. A.	Bd/Dikwella Govt. m	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
<i>Galle Centre.</i>									
113.	Darlin, S.	Dangedara Bud. m	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
119.	Davithhamy, N.	Peraliya, Bud. m	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
122.	a Seelawathie, G.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
<i>Gampaha Centre.</i>									
129.	cl Pierissinno	C/Bandarawatta Govt. b	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
130.	Karunaratna, W. S.	C/Buthpitiya Govt. b	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
134.	Ranatunga, D. L.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
139.	cl Disanayaka, D. W.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
140.	Karunaratna, D. K.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
143.	Lokunona, H. W.	C/Buthpitiya Govt. g	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
148.	Disanayaka, D. O.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
150.	Dolinona, H. D.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
151.	Disanayaka, D. A. L.	C/Dethgama Govt. g	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
152.	Emalinona, W.	C/Elakkala Govt. g	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
153.	Seeltona, H.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
156.	Perera, E. S.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
158.	Karunatilaka, T. K.	C/Gampaha Govt. g	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
164.	Ruepakalyana, D. M. C/Kimbulgoda Govt.	g	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
166.	Karunasekara, D. A. C/Kinigama Govt. b	p	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
168.	Ranaweera, D. P.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
170.	Sedirissinno, J.	C/Kossinna Govt. b	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
171.	a Sediris, R. D.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
172.	cl Saram, H. K.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
177.	Elbin, D. K.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
179.	Ingonis, W. D.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
188.	Jayasekara, V. J.	C/Kurekotuwa Govt. b	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
189.	Disanayaka, T.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
190.	Arnolissinno, I. K.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
191.	Charlissingho, K.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
192.	Sedirissingho, L.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
195.	Ensa, N. P.	C/Kurekotuwa Govt. g	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
196.	Disanayaka, A.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
199.	cl Williamsinno, W.	C/Magalegoda Govt. b	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
200.	Jamessinno	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
202.	Williamsinno, H.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
204.	Themssinno	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
209.	Ranasingha, D. M.	C/Magalegoda Govt. g	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
210.	Senanayaka, J.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
212.	Podinona, H. A.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
215.	Hendrickappu	Mattumagala Bud. m	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
223.	Jayakody, D. A.	C/Udathuththiripitiya Govt. b	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
230.	Elpinona	C/Udathuththiripitiya Govt. g	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
231.	Aslinnana, D.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
232.	cl Dolpinahamine, D.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
240.	Edirissinha, D. L.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
241.	Wijayasuriya, S.	C/Udugampola Govt. b	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
249.	Sadiris, K.	C/Werahera Govt. b	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
250.	a Edinsinno, R. M.	Kg/Algama Medagama Govt. b	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
251.	Charlissingho, V. K.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
252.	cl Williamsinno, L. M.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
253.	Ruepasingha, N. P.	C/Amunugoda Govt. b	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
254.	Williamsinno	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
<i>Green street, Colombo Centre.</i>									
264.	Kotalawala, S. P.	Gangodawila Bud. m	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
265.	Ebert, M. D.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
269.	a Fernando, H. C.	Maradana m	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
270.	Perera, G. K. A.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
272.	Rodrigo, T. W.	Wellapallya, R. C. b	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
<i>Hettimulla Centre.</i>									
281.	Podiralahamy, T. M. A.	Kg/Hettimulla, Govt. b	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
282.	Marapana, P. B.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
284.	Wanigasekara, G. R.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
287.	Leelawathie, K. S.	Kegalla, C. M. S.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
290.	Mudiyansa, M. L.	Kg/Khelwatta, Govt. b	p	p	p	p	p	p	p

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292.	Dingiribanda, C. R.	Kg/Mabopitiya, Govt. b	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
293.	Punchibanda, W.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
296.	Ranasingha, P. B.	Kg/Molagoda, Govt. b	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
299.	Dingiriappuhamy, R.	G. Kg/Pindeniya, Govt. b	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
<i>Hikkaduwa Centre.</i>									
310.	Alwis, A.	G/Bentota Govt. b	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
314.	Harmans, K. D.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
319.	Wijenayaka, K. S.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
321.	Gunawardana, D.	G/Hikkaduwa, Govt. g	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
322.	Seelawathie, A. T.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
323.	Panditharatna, C.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
326.	Saralin, L. L.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
328.	Sumanawathie, W. V.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
332.	Punchinona, G. G.	Hennatota, Bud. m	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
333.	Norisappu, K. P.	Hennatota m	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
338.	Andirisappu, G.	Wandaduwa, Bud. m	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
344.	Babynona, P.	G/Omatta, Govt. g	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
<i>Ibbagamawa Centre.</i>									
347.	Heenbanda, K. R.	Ku/Kumbukwewa Govt. b	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
348.	Pinchibanda, K.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
350.	Premaratna, P. R. W.	Ku/Kunupola, Govt. m	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
358.	Gunaratnamy, B. M.	Ku/Moragane, Govt. b	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
354.	Tikiribanda	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
363.	Hendricksinno, W.	Ku/Dambadeniya, Govt. b	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
364.	Kirimudiyansa, K.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
365.	Sugathadasa, K.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
367.	a Herath, T. B.	Ku/Ibbagamawa, Govt. b	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
377.	Madawala, A. W. M.	Ku/Ibbagamawa, Govt. g	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
<i>Idamegama Centre.</i>									
380.	Babanisa, R.	K/Pujapitiya, Govt. b	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
384.	Punchibanda, H.	K/Minigamuwa, Govt. b	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
385.	Dingiribanda, G.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
386.	Punchibanda, A.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
392.	Kiribanda, M.	K/Uduwa, Govt. b	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
395.	Henagama, H. D. W.	K/Idamegama, Govt. b	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
405.	Bandaramenika, G. G. K.	K/Nugawela, Govt. g	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
407.	Gunaratna Menika, B. H.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
408.	Bisomenika, W. G.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
410.	Karunawathie, R. H.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
413.	a Kumarahmy, T. M.	K/Galagedara, Govt. g	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
414.	Rajapaksa, S.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
417.	Bandaramenika	K/Uduwa, Govt. g	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
<i>Kendangamuwa Centre.</i>									
420.	Samarasekara, B. M. R.	R/Madampe Govt. A-V	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
421.	Podinaide, M. G.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
423.	Disanayaka, D. H.	R/Mudunokotuwa Govt. b	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
424.	Jayawardana, W. G. R.	R/Ellawala Govt. b	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
425.	a Podlappuhamy, B. A.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
428.	Martinsinno, M. L.	Kg/Pathberiya, Govt. m	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
429.	a Panchimahatmaya, M.	Kg/Panawala, Govt. b	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
431.	Alicenona, L. M.	R/Ellawala, Govt. g	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
<i>Kesbewa Centre.</i>									
434.	Sirisenana, P.	C/Jamburaliya, Govt. b	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
438.	Abhayasinha, W.	C/Sangarama, Govt. b	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
442.	Davith, K. A. D.	C/Kiriwaththuduwa Govt. b	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
444.	Romanisappu, G.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
445.	Hendricksinno, W.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
447.	Perera, M. A.	Kottawa Bud. m	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
448.	Yohanissinno, E. D.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
449.	Dharmasena, B.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
452.	Appuhamy, K. D. S.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
453.	a Perera, K. E.	Madapatha Bud. m	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
455.	Jacolis, G.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
457.	Attygala, D. A. G.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
459.	Carlinhamy, R. D.	C/Erawala, Govt. m	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
460.	Angonona, L. D.	C/Jamburaliya, Govt. m	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
461.	Mangonona, K. D.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
462.	Abeysingha, D. A.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
463.	Saidahamy, H. A.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p
464.	Perera, B. J.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	p	p

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466.	Edwin, H.	Hattiniya Salvation Army	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
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476.	Perera, E.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
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486.	Silva, S.	KI/Megama Govt. b	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
487.	Diassinno, S.	KI/Uragoda Govt. m	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
488.	Samathamy, S. D.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
<i>Minuwangoda Centre.</i>									
489.	Fernando, J. W. P.	Ng/Andiambalama Govt. b	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
490.	Fernando, J. J.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
491.	Perera, T. A. T.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
492.	Silva, M. D.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
493.	Inthoris, K. P.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
495.	Punchappahamy, M.	C/Minuwangoda Govt. A-V	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
<i>Narandeniya Centre.</i>									
503.	Sedara, W.	Mr/Deiyandara Govt. b	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
504.	Disanayaka, W. S.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
505.	James, E.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
506.	Hendrick, R. P.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
507.	Samarakone, M.	Koramburuwana Bud. m	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
508.	Arnolis, H. E.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
509.	Wijayaratna, G. S.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
514.	Carlinahamy, K.	Mr/Karagoda Uyan-goda Govt. g	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
516.	a Wanniachchi, D. C.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
524.	Charles, B.	Mr/Narandeniya g	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
525.	a Disanayaka, D.	Mr/Narandeniya b	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
526.	a Gunawardhana, A. A.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
528.	Aryaratna, M. J.	Mr/Thihagoda Govt. b	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
<i>Padukka Centre.</i>									
538.	Peetharasinno, H. T.	KI/Mewanapalana Govt. b	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
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541.	Wettasinha, D. K.	C/Piwakpitiya Govt. b	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
548.	Manissingho, H. A.	C/Bope Govt. b	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
551.	Marynona	KI/Remune Govt. g	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
552.	Punchinona	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
558.	Karunaratna, D. D.	KI/Mewanapalana Govt. g	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
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561.	Janenona, B. D.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
562.	Alicenona, B. A.	C/Bope Govt. g	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
563.	Podinona, B. A.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
564.	Gunasekara, A.	C/Padukka Govt. g	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
566.	Kodisinha, J. P.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
567.	Karunawathie, S. F. J.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
568.	a Gamalath, D. L.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
569.	a Emanona, W.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
570.	Kajapaksa, D. K.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
571.	Gamalath, D. E.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
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575.	Fernando, B. C.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
577.	Caroline, D. M.	KI/Polhuwila Govt. g	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
578.	a Rodrigo, D. L.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
579.	a Perera, C. A.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
580.	a Karunaratna, K. D.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
581.	Janenona	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
582.	Jayawardana, S.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
584.	Silva, H. S.	Moragalla Bud. m	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
585.	Wickramasinha, A.	KI/Palayagoda Govt. g	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
586.	a Alpinona, K. D.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
587.	Wijayasena, W. R.	KI/Walata Govt. m	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
588.	Agnes, D.	Kalutara South Wesleyan Mission	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
589.	Ellenona, T.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
591.	Kotalawala, W.	Heenatiyangala	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
594.	Sutta, W. B.	KI/Halkandawala Govt. m	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
595.	Fernando, M. F.	Bandarawatta, R. C. m	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
596.	De Silva, A. A.	Moragalla Bud. m	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
598.	Fernando, P. T.	St. Vincent Boarding	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
599.	Silva, K. P. S.	Katukurunda R. C. b	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
603.	Napessino, L. D.	KI/Polhuwila Govt. b	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
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606.	Tennakone, C. S.	Heenatiyangala Wesleyan Mission	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
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609.	Fernando, T.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
611.	Fernando, C.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
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617.	Wijeratna, A. M.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
619.	Premaratna, A. W.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
<i>Thalatu-oya Centre.</i>									
621.	Herath, J. S. B.	Dunuwila C. M. S. m	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
627.	Pinhamy, U. M.	K/Thalatu-oya Govt. A-V	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
636.	Weerasinha, H. B.	K/Marassana Govt. b	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
637.	Lokubanda, E. H. M.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
638.	Bisomenika, P. M.	K/Marassana Govt. g	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
642.	Mudalymenika, P. W.	K/Gunnepana Govt. g	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
643.	a Mudalymenika, T. M.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
644.	Perera, W. A. D. A.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
648.	a Weerasekara, L.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
649.	a Elizabeth, J. Y.	K/Gunnepana Govt. g	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
651.	Palamakumbura, P. M.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
654.	Ratnamenika, R. M.	K/Baturwatta Govt. g	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
660.	Samarakone, P. M.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
<i>Tudella Centre.</i>									
661.	Fernando, K. T.	C/Alawatupitiya Govt. m	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
663.	Paulu, D.	Bollate B. C.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
664.	a Edwin, D.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
665.	Marsel, J. M. D.	Pamunugama R. C. D.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
670.	Fernando, W.	Randoluwa Bud. m	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
671.	Fernando, P.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
<i>Wadduwa Centre.</i>									
677.	Silva, W. D.	KI/Alutgama Govt. b	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
678.	Sarnelis, D.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
679.	Wickrama, D. L.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
685.	Davidsinno, S.	KI/Gonaduwa	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
687.	Alwis, L. D.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
688.	Perera, A.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
690.	Carolus, M. D.	KI/Wadduwa Govt. b	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
691.	Perera, M. J.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
692.	Fernando, K. S.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
693.	Silva, H. P.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
694.	Amessino, M. D.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
697.	Wettasinha, E. S.	Aruggoda Bud. m	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
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708.	Wickrama, D. E.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
710.	Elpinona, M. D.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
712.	Moraes, M. M. C.	KI/Desastra Kalutara Govt. g	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
716.	Silva, H. L.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
718.	Silva, S. A. D.	KI/Waskaduwa Govt. g	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
723.	Babynona, B. D.	Kanewala Bud.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
724.	Echlinona, Y. D.	Kanewala g	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
729.	Alpinona, L. D.	KI/Panapitiya Govt. g	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
730.	Wijemana, D. M.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
734.	Dias, S.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
735.	Perera, G. L.	KI/Morontuduwa Govt. g	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
<i>Weligama Centre.</i>									
744.	Maniya, P. D.	Weligama Siddhartha Bud.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
747.	Babanona, J. P.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
753.	Maglin, R.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
754.	Charlottenona, T. H.	Mirissa Bud. g	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
755.	Gillett, U. L.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
756.	Wijetunga, N.	Mr/Dampella Govt. b	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
757.	Martin, B.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
758.	Lavarenciya, K. G. K.	Mr/Walgama Govt. g	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
759.	Barthinahamy, R. A.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
760.	Dinohamy, L. E. W.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
766.	Wijewickrama, S.	Nawimana Bud. m	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
767.	Marthenis, G.	Hatuwapiyadigama Bud. m	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
TAMIL.									
<i>Batticaloa Centre.</i>									
2.	Sebaratnam, K. J.	Kalmunai A-V g	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
6.	Sapanayakam, S.	Arasadi Practising.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
7.	Kulantavelu, K.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
8.	Nadarasah, K. R.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
9.	Valarasana, S.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
10.	Thampirasah, K. S.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
12.	a Vinayakamoorthy, K.	Uppadai, Vivekananda	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
16.	Sellathurai, R.	Bt/Kattankudy Govt. b	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
<i>Jaffna Centre.</i>									
3.	a Kadiravelu, S.	Nagabhuesana Vidyalaya	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
6.	Sinnathambay, K.	Cheenan Kallady m.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
7.	Somer, S.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.
8.	Vaidyalingam, V.	do.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.	p.

Education Office, Colombo, October 14, 1924.

L. MACRAE, Director of Education.

**UNIVERSITY OF LONDON.—INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATIONS IN ARTS, SCIENCE, AND
SCIENCE (AGRICULTURE), 1925.**

(These examinations commence on the first Monday in July.)

NO candidate shall be admitted to them unless he have passed, or been admitted under Statute 116 (see Appendix) as exempt from, a Matriculation Examination not later than that of the preceding January.

Application for admission to the examinations should be made to the Director of Education not later than January 31, on the prescribed forms, which can be obtained from the Education Office.

The subjects for which a candidate desires to enter, the date of his matriculation, his name in full (initials not sufficient) should be stated on the application form.

The admission fee—*vide* particulars in footnotes—must be credited to the account of the Director of Education in the Mercantile Bank of India, Limited, Colombo, and the receipt of the Bank and a certificate of good conduct sent with the form of application. *No cash or Bank draft or Money Order or Cheque will be accepted.*

N.B.—*The University fee should not under any circumstances be remitted direct to the University of London or to the Education Office.*

Except in the circumstances specified in the following paragraph, if a candidate withdraw his name after having entered for, or fail to appear at, or to pass, the examination, the fees shall not be returned to him; and the full fee* shall be payable upon every re-entry.

A candidate who withdraws his name before April 1 will have his University fee refunded to him: a candidate who has paid the full fee, but does not present himself for the examination, will be allowed to enter for the next following examination in the same faculty, upon payment of a reduced fee†. If he retire after commencement of the examination, or fail to pass it, the full fee* shall be payable upon every re-entry.

The examination shall be conducted by means of printed papers; but for the purpose of ascertaining the competence of the candidates to pass, the Examiners shall not be precluded from putting *vivâ voce* questions to any candidate.

In the Physics, Chemistry, Botany, and Geology papers, questions will be set involving (1) the translation of passages in French or in German, and (2) answers with regard to the subject-matter thereof. Candidates are recommended to read some books or papers in French or in German on the subjects which they select for the examination. These questions will be optional in the examinations as held in the Colonies.

No candidate offering an Experimental Science subject will be allowed to pass who fails to satisfy the Examiners in the practical part as well as the written part of the examination in the subject chosen.

SUBJECTS FOR THE INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATION IN ARTS.

Candidates shall be examined in four subjects‡ as follows:—

(1) Latin with Roman History, or Greek with Greek History, or Pali with Early Indian History, or Sanskrit with Early Indian History.

(2) One of the following subjects:—Latin with Roman History, if not already taken under (1); Greek with Greek History, if not already taken under (1); Pali with Early Indian History, if not taken under (1); Sanskrit with Early Indian History, if not taken under (1); English; French; German; Tamil; Sinhalese. Advanced Modern English Literature; British Constitution§.

Note.—Candidates taking Sinhalese, Tamil, Sanskrit with Early Indian History, or Pali with Early Indian History must forward their entries so as to reach this office not later than November 30.

* Full fees—	Rs. 6.
For the Intermediate Examination in Arts with French or German or a Science subject	125 50
For the Intermediate Examination in Arts with any other subject	120 50
For the Intermediate Examination in Science	125 50

† Reduced fees—	
For the Intermediate Examination in Arts with French or German or a Science subject	70 50
For the Intermediate Examination in Arts with any other subject	65 50
For the Intermediate Examination in Science	70 50

‡ Candidates who have passed the Intermediate Examination in Divinity will be exempted from the classical papers of the Intermediate Examination in Arts for External Students.

§ Candidates who have passed the Intermediate Examination in Arts may be examined in an additional alternative subject. (Fee Rs. 58 50 for French or German or a Science subject, Rs. 53 50 for any other subject.)

¶ Candidates who have passed the Intermediate Examination in Arts with British Constitution are exempted from examination in that subject at the Intermediate Examination in Economics.

|| Candidates who have passed the Intermediate Examination in Science with any of the subjects included in section (3) of the Intermediate Examination in Arts shall be exempted from examination, under sections (3) and (4) of the Intermediate Examination in Arts, in the subjects in which they have so passed, unless they wish to present themselves for Honours in any subject at that examination. Bachelors of Science of this University who have passed at

(3) One of the following subjects||:—Pure Mathematics ¶; Applied Mathematics ¶; Logic**; Ethics; Experimental Physics; Chemistry; Botany; Geology; History of Architecture; Geography; Economics.

(4) Any one of the previous subjects not already taken, or English History or Modern European History or Ancient History.

Intermediate Arts candidates who failed in English only in any year from 1907 to 1914 inclusive, but not in preceding or subsequent years, and candidates who having postponed English have not completed the examination, will be admitted to take the examination in English alone, on payment of a fee of Rs. 65 50 upon every re-entry.

Candidates who have passed the Intermediate Examination in Divinity with Latin and/or Classical Greek are exempted from the corresponding papers at the Intermediate Examination in Arts.

Candidates shall not be approved by the Examiners unless they have shown a competent knowledge in each of the subjects selected by them.

A candidate at the Intermediate Examination who takes all the prescribed subjects on one and the same occasion, but who fails to reach the minimum standard in one subject only may be "referred," i.e., he may be permitted, on the recommendation of the Examiners, to present himself in that subject alone on one occasion only, at one of the corresponding Intermediate Examinations held not more than two years from the date of the examination at which he was referred. Referred candidates who do not pass in their referred subjects within the above stated limits will be required when re-entering to offer all four subjects again††. The Examiners will recommend that a candidate be referred only if his failure in one subject is not serious, and if his performance in the remaining subjects is reasonably good.

A candidate who has completed the Intermediate Examination after having been referred in one subject will be deemed for all purposes to have passed the examination in question on the date of completion, and will be entitled to the same rights and privileges as if he had passed in all the subjects on one and the same occasion.

SYLLABUSES.

Latin with Roman History (Two Papers).

(1) Prepared prose book‡‡ with questions on Roman History (including Historical Geography), from 280 B.C. to 14 A.D. Translation of English sentences into Latin. As an alternative to Roman History, 280 B.C. to 14 A.D. Candidates may offer Roman Life with outlines of Roman Political History§§.

(2) Prepared verse book‡‡. Questions on Grammar. Translation into English of easy passages not prescribed.

Greek with Greek History (Two Papers).

(1) Prepared books or portions of books, prose and verse‡‡, with questions on Greek History (including Historical Geography) from 660 B.C. to 323 B.C. As an alternative to Greek History 660–323 B.C., candidates may offer Greek Life with outlines of Greek Political History|||.

(2) Simple Unseen Translation. Easy sentences for translation into Greek. Grammatical questions dealing with common words, forms, and constructions.

(Candidates are required to satisfy the Examiners in both (1) and (2).)

the Intermediate Science Examination or at the B.Sc. Examination, or at both, in any of the subjects included in section (3) of the Intermediate Examination in Arts, shall be exempted from examination, under sections (3) and (4) of the Intermediate Examination in Arts, in the subjects in which they have so passed. If they have passed the B.Sc. Examination in the Faculty of Engineering, they will be excused the Pure and Applied Mathematics of the Intermediate Examination in Arts.

¶ Candidates who elect to take Physics for the B.A. Examination must take either Pure or Applied Mathematics at the Intermediate.

** Candidates entering for Logic alone must forward their applications on or before January 31. No fee is payable in respect of a first entry for Logic alone, for a second or a subsequent entry the fee of Rs. 120 50 must be paid, which will include a first entry to the B.A. Examination.

†† "Referred" candidates must re-enter in accordance with the General Regulations, and must pay a fee of Rs. 60 50. The fee payable by candidates taking French or German or a Science subject is Rs. 65 50.

‡‡ For prepared books see Appendix to these Regulations.

§§ The outlines of the following subjects should be studied: (i.) The Geography of Italy and the Mediterranean lands; (ii.) the private and social life of the Romans; (iii.) Roman Economic History; (iv.) Roman religion; (v.) the distinctive features of Roman Political History and Institutions.

||| The outlines of the following subjects should be studied: (i.) The Geography of the Greek lands; (ii.) the private and social life of the Greeks; (iii.) Greek Economic History; (iv.) Greek religion; (v.) the distinctive features of Greek Political History and Institutions.

Pali with Early Indian History (Two Papers).*

- (1) Translation from specified texts†.
- (2) Outlines of Early Indian History (as contained in A. J. Rapson's "Ancient India from the Earliest times to the First Century A.D.")
- (3) Pali Grammar.
- (4) Translation of unseen easy passages (a) from Pali into English, and (b) from English into Pali.

Sanskrit with Early Indian History (Two Papers).*

- (1) Translation from specified texts†, with questions on their language and subject-matter and on the outlines of Early Indian History (as contained in A. J. Rapson's "Ancient India from the Earliest times to the First Century A.D.")
- (2) Translation from unspecified texts; translation from English into Sanskrit; questions on Grammar.

English (Two Papers).

Composition; History of Literature; Texts.

History of Literature† to include the outlines of Literary History from 1579 to 1800 with selected works.

Selected works† to be studied from a Literary and Linguistic point of view.

A certain amount of 14th century literature†, e.g., some of the *Canterbury Tales* or some of *Piers Plowman*.

Note.—Anglo-Saxon will not be required.

French, German (Two Papers in each).

Grammar; Translation; Composition.

Composition: (i.) translation from English, (ii.) some form of free composition.

Note.—Books will not be prescribed.

The examination will include a test in writing from dictation, in correct reading, and in simple conversation.

Sinhalese (Two Papers).*

- (1) Prepared books or portions of books, prose and verse†, with questions on contents.
- (2) Translation of unprepared passages into English and Sinhalese.
- (3) Composition and Grammar.

Tamil (Two Papers).*

- (1) Prepared books or portions of books, prose and verse†, with questions on contents.
- (2) Translation of unprepared passages into English and Tamil.
- (3) Composition and Grammar.

Advanced Modern English Literature (Two Papers).

I.—History of English Literature from 1660 to 1900 with special study of prescribed books†.

II.—Shakespeare, with selected plays to be specially studied†.

The British Constitution (Two Papers).

Outlines of the Constitution and Public Administration of the United Kingdom at the present day, including the Organization and Working of Parliament, the Executive (Crown, Ministers, and Civil Service), and the Judiciary; the Constitution and Powers of the Local Authorities in England; the relations between the United Kingdom and its Colonies and Dependencies.

Candidates will be expected to have some acquaintance with the chief events in the development of British political institutions since 1832.

Pure Mathematics (Two Papers).

Algebra.—The Arithmetic and the Algebra of the Matriculation Examination, and further Algebra, including the theory of Quadratic Equations, the Convergency of Geometric Series, Permutations and Combinations, the Binomial Theorem for Positive Integral Indices, the Graphs of Simple Algebraic Functions, the Theory of Indices, the Nature and Use of Logarithms and of Logarithmic Tables, Interest, and Annuities.

Geometry.—The Geometry of the Matriculation Examination, together with the Geometry of Similar Rectilinear Figures, Mensuration of Plane Rectilinear Figures and of the Circle, the Elementary Properties of the Plane, including those of the angles made by planes with straight lines and with one another, the Elementary Properties of the Sphere and Plane Sections thereof, Mensuration of Simple Solid Figures, including the Cylinder, Cone, and Sphere.

Trigonometry.—The meaning of and elementary exercises in the uses of Rectangular and Polar Co-ordinates, Measurements of Angles, Trigonometrical Functions and their Graphs, Approximate Values of the Trigonometrical Functions of Small Angles, Elementary Trigonometrical Formulae and their Applications, Properties of Triangles, and easy properties of the Circles circumscribed to, and touching the sides of, a Triangle, Practical Solutions of Triangles and Applications, with numerical examples involving the use of Logarithmic and other Tables.

Applied Mathematics (Two Papers).

Equilibrium of one or more bodies under the Action of Forces in one Plane or of Parallel Forces.

Properties of the Centre of Mass and its determination in simple cases.

Statics of Simple Mechanisms. The Simpler Linkages.

Velocities and Accelerations, including their Resolution and Composition. Mass, Momentum, Force, Work, Energy, Power. Change of Units. Dimensions.

Motion under the Action of a Force which is constant in magnitude and direction, and Simple Problems on the Motion of Projectiles.

Circular Motion. Simple Harmonic Oscillations. Simple Pendulum.

Simple Cases of Direct and Oblique Impact.

Simple applications of the foregoing subjects.

Logic (Two Papers).

[This Syllabus is intended to indicate the general scope and character of the curriculum, without being exhaustive of all parts of the subject.]

Note.—Candidates who enter for the Pass Degree in Philosophy will be exempted at that examination from the paper in Logic, if they have passed in Logic either as one of their alternative subjects at the time of passing the Intermediate Examination in Arts or at some subsequent Intermediate Examination in Arts†.

Scope of Logic. Laws of Thought.

Terms. Formal Division and Definition. Predicables.

Propositions and their Import. Forms of Immediate Inference.

Syllogism and other varieties of Deductive Reasoning. Trains of Reasoning. Functions of Syllogism.

Inductive Inference. Postulates of Induction. Induction and Analogy. The Relation of Induction to Deduction.

Theory of Scientific Method. Observation and Experiment. Hypothesis. Empirical and Causal Laws. Methods of Scientific Explanation. Elimination of Chance.

Scientific Definition and Classification. Nomenclature and Terminology.

Fallacies.

Ethics (Two Papers).

- (1) Scope of Ethics. Moral concepts and judgments. General nature of desire and will. Conduct and Character customary morality. Reflective morality. Theories of moral sense and of moral intuition. Conscience, conception of a moral end. Pleasure, happiness, moral excellence, &c. Relation of the individual to society. Duties and rights. Moral institutions. The ethical virtues. Human freedom and responsibility.
- (2) Leading ideas of Plato's Republic.

Experimental Physics (Two Papers and a Practical Examination).

[Candidates will be expected to show an acquaintance with the fundamental principles of mechanics up to the standard of the Matriculation Examination, and to acquire a general knowledge of the apparatus by which the elementary principles of Physics are illustrated and applied.]

General Properties of Solids, Liquids, and Gases.

Relation between Volume and Pressure in Gases.

Friction and Viscosity.

Surface Tension. Diffusion Osmosis. Stretching of Wires.

Heat.—Temperature. Instruments for the measurement of Temperature.

Expansion of Solids, Liquids, and Gases with rise of Temperature. Isothermal and Adiabatic Expansion.

Quantity of Heat. Specific Heat.

Change of State. Latent Heat. Vapour Pressure. Boiling Point.

Dew Point. Formation of Cloud, Fog, and Dew.

Conduction. Definition of Thermal Conductivity.

Convection. Radiation. Newton's Law of Cooling.

The Mechanical Equivalent of Heat and Modes of Determination. The Conservation of Energy.

* See note under subjects for the Intermediate Examination in Arts, section (2).

† For prepared books see Appendix to these Regulations.

‡ Candidates entering for Logic alone must forward their applications on or before January 31. No fee is payable in respect of a first entry for Logic alone, for a second or a subsequent entry the fee of Rs. 120.50 must be paid, which will include a first entry to the B.A. Examination.

Sound.—The Production and Propagation of Sound.

Nature of Wave-motion. Amplitudes. Wave-length. Frequency.

Experimental determination of the Velocity of Sound in Air. Effect of change of Temperature on the Velocity.

Reflexion.

Determination of Frequency by simple methods.

Experimental investigation of the modes of Vibration of Strings by means of the Sonometer.

Experimental investigation of the Vibrations of Air in pipes by Resonance to Tuning Forks.

Organ Pipes. Position of Nodes and Antinodes.

Light.—Propagation of Light. Laws of Reflexion and Refraction. Photometry.

Reflexion at Plane and Spherical Surfaces, and the formation of Image.

Refraction at Plane Surfaces and by Prisms; Minimum Deviation. Chromatic Dispersion.

The General Laws of Radiation: Visible, Ultra-violet, Infra-red.

Emission and Absorption.

Heating Effects of Radiation.

Phosphorescence and Fluorescence.

The Formation of Images by Single Lenses. Long and Short Sight and their correction by Lenses.

The Combination of Two Lenses to form a simple Telescope or Microscope.

Measurement of Velocity of Light. Simple Properties of Polarised Light.

Magnetism and Electricity.

Properties of Magnets. Simple Phenomena of Magnetisation.

The Magnetic Field. Lines of Force. The Law of Magnetic Force. Magnetic Moment.

Intensity of Magnetisation.

The Earth as a Magnet.

The Magnetic Properties of Iron and the Elementary Laws of the Magnetic Circuit.

The Simpler Phenomena of Electrified Bodies. Conduction and Insulation. Electrification by Friction and by Induction (Influence).

Distribution of Electrification on Conductors.

Electric Field. Strength of Field.

The Law of Electric Force.

Potential. Capacity. Energy of Charge.

Electroscopes and Electrometers.

Electric Current.

Magnetic Field of Current. Magnetic Measurement of Current. Galvanometers.

Work done by an Electric Current.

Electromotive Force. Difference of Potential. Resistance.

Ohm's Law: Wheatstone's Bridge; Potentiometer; Resistance of Cells; Volt; Ohm; Ampere; Ammeters; Voltmeters.

Heating Effects of Currents.

Elementary Phenomena of Electrolysis. Faraday's Law.

Voltameters.

Primary and Secondary Batteries.

Action on Current Circuits in a Magnetic Field.

Electro-magnetic Induction. Faraday's Law. Lenz's Law. Induction Coil.

A Thermo-electric Couple. Simple Phenomena of discharge in Gases.

Practical Examination.

[The following scheme is not exhaustive, and is intended merely to show the general nature of the exercises at the Practical Examination. The Examiners are not precluded from setting other exercises and practical problems illustrative of the principles set forth in the Syllabus.]

Measurements of Length, Mass, and Time involving eye estimation of tenths of a division; use of Vernier; use of the Balance (weighing to one Centigramme); use of a Seconds hand watch.

Determination of Volumes.

Specific Gravities of Solids, Powders, and Liquids.

Use of the Hydrometer.

Verification of Boyle's Law.

Determination of the Centre of Gravity of a Plate.

Determination of g by Simple Pendulum.

Determination of Velocity of Sound in a Tube by Resonance with a Fork.

Use of the Sonometer.

Use of Thermometers, and Determination of Fixed Points.

Simple Methods of determining Specific Heat and Latent Heat of Fusion and Evaporation.

Determination of Dew Point.

Use of Simple Photometers.

Focal Lengths of Mirrors.

Focal Lengths of Lenses.

Arrangement of two Lenses to make simple forms of Telescope, Microscope, and Projection Lantern.

Simple use of Spectrometer.

Tracing the path of a Ray of Light through a block of glass and Deduction of Refractive Index.

Refractive Index by Method of Apparent Thickness.

Tracing the lines of force in the neighbourhood of a Magnet.

Comparison of Magnetic Moments and Fields.

Measurement of Resistance of Wires and Cells.

Comparison of Electromotive Forces with Potentiometer.

Measurement of Electro-chemical Equivalent.

Candidates must bring to the Practical Examination their Notebooks certified by their teachers as being the record of their work carried out by the candidate in the laboratory, so that the Examiners may inspect them if they so desire. These Notebooks must be taken away by the candidates at the close of the examination.

Chemistry (Two Papers and a Practical Examination).

The following outline is given for the general guidance of candidates as indicating the range of the Written Part (I.) and Experimental Part (II.) of the Examination in Chemistry:—

I.

The methods which lead to the discovery of the composition of common materials occurring in nature.

The determination of molecular weights, equivalents, and of atomic weights. Valency and structural formulae.

Classification of the elements, including the Periodic Scheme. General characters of the chief types of compounds, including acids, bases, and salts.

History, production, and properties of the more important and typical elements and their most familiar compounds.

The character of chemical changes, including combustion, thermal dissociation, and electrolysis; the conditions which determine and influence them, and the attendant phenomena.

The whole of the above to be treated in an elementary manner. Candidates will be required to show that they have seen and practised a great variety of experiments, and are familiar with the appearance of common laboratory materials.

II.—Practical Examination.

(Candidates will be allowed to bring into the Examination Laboratory any one book on Quantitative Analysis, provided it do not contain any reference to Qualitative Analysis.)

Candidates will be required to show that they are familiar with easy quantitative operations, gravimetric and volumetric, with the rudiments of qualitative analysis, and that they have prepared a number of elements or compounds by processes involving the manipulation of gases and the purification of substances by crystallization, distillation, &c. Candidates are required to bring to the Practical Examination their original Laboratory Notebooks for inspection, should the Examiners so desire. These Notebooks must be taken away by the candidates at the close of the examination. Specimens made by the candidate, duly attested by the teacher, if any, may be submitted to the Examiners.

Botany (Two Papers and a Practical Examination).

Morphology.—The structure and properties of the cell and of the various kinds of tissues; cell formation and the development of the tissues. The plant body; its structure, development, and various modifications.

Special Morphology, Reproduction, and Taxonomy.

The morphological and physiological characteristics of Angiosperms, as exemplified by plants belonging to the following natural orders:—Dilleniaceæ, Malvaceæ, Portulacaceæ, Myrtaceæ, Leguminosæ, Cucurbitaceæ, Compositæ, Convolvulaceæ, Acanthaceæ, Scrophulariaceæ, Euphorbiaceæ, Palmaceæ or Commelinaceæ, Orchidaceæ, Gramineæ.

The morphological and physiological characteristics of Gymnosperms, as exemplified by Cycas.

The morphological and physiological characteristics of Pteridophyta, as exemplified by Selaginella, Aspidium, Asplenium, or Adiantum.

The morphological and physiological characteristics of Bryophyta, as exemplified by Polytrichum (or Funaria) and by Marchantia (or Lunularia).

The morphological and physiological characteristics of Algae, as exemplified by Fucus, Oedogonium, Pleurococcus, and Spirogyra.

The morphological and physiological characteristics of Fungi, as exemplified by Agaricus, Eurotium, Pythium, Saccharomyces, and Bacillus.

Elementary Physiology.

The Chemical nature of the food elements of plants. Their sources, the modes in which they are respectively absorbed by the organism.

The absorption of water—turgescence, transpiration, root-pressure.

Movements of water in plants

Aeration and respiration.

Photosynthesis. Outlines of metabolic changes within the plant.

Growth.

Irritability, Geotropism, Heliotropism.

Elementary aspects of Evolution and Genetics.

Practical Examination.

The practical work will include the dissection and examination of plants or parts of plants, and the reference to their systematic position of plants or parts of plants comprised in the foregoing Syllabus*. Simple experiments in Practical Physiology may be set.

Candidates are required to bring to the Practical Examination their original Laboratory Notebooks for inspection, should the Examiners so desire. These Notebooks must be taken away by the candidates at the close of the examination.

Geology (Two Papers and a Practical Examination).

I.—*Physical Geology.*—The Earth as a Planet. Its larger surface features.

Atmospheric Agents and their effects. Action of surface and underground water and of ice.

The Ocean, its Movements and Work.

Distribution of Temperature and Pressure in the Earth, and its Density. The Internal Forces and their Effects; Subsidence and Elevation. Volcanoes and Earthquakes.

Characters and Relations of Rock Masses. The nature of Aqueous and Igneous Rocks and their Modes of Occurrence (Strike, Dip, Jointing, Folding, Faulting, Cleavage, Foliation; Interbedding, and Intrusion of Igneous Rocks). Features produced by Denudation (Outcrop, Escarpments, Outliers, Inliers, Unconformity, Overlap).

II.—*Mineralogy relating to the important Rock-forming Minerals.*—The common crystal forms and combinations, with the principles of crystallographic notation.

Minerals, their Physical Properties and Chemical Composition. Silica in its different forms. The chief minerals of the following groups:—Pyroxenes, Amphiboles, Felspars, Micas, Garnets, Zeolites, Chlorites. Also Olivine, Zircon, Beryl, Epidote, Zoisite, Cordierite, Leucite, Nepheline, Sodalite, Nosean, Haüyne, Tourmaline, Andalusite, Fibrolite, Kyanite, Staurolite, Spheene, Serpentine, Talc, Kaolin, Native Elements [Carbon, Sulphur]. Oxides [Iron Oxides, Spinels, Corundum, Rutile]. Rock Salt. Fluor Spar. Apatite. The Rock-forming Carbonates, Sulphides, and Sulphates.

Practical Examination.

Interpretation of Weather Charts. Physical Maps with contour lines and the method of drawing sections across them.

Drawing sections across some simple Geological Map.

Identification and Description of simple crystal forms and combinations by means of models or from actual specimens. Determination of the important Rock-forming Minerals in hand specimens, and in thin slices under the microscope.

Candidates are required to bring to the Practical Examination their original Laboratory Notebooks for inspection, should the Examiners so desire. These Notebooks must be taken away by the candidates at the close of the examination.

History of Architecture.

(1) Greek and Roman Architecture (one paper).

(2) History of Greek and Roman Art (one paper).

The characteristics of various periods and their course of development in Egypt, Assyria, Greece, and Rome.

(3) Drawings of Greek and Roman Orders done during the session to be submitted and marked.

Two Imperial size sheets of drawings will be required, giving examples—one on each sheet—of either the Doric, Ionic, or Corinthian Orders; one must be Greek, the other Roman. Each sheet must contain at least two columns of one order with entablature complete drawn to scale, the columns being not less than ten inches high on the paper, together with details drawn to at least three times the scale of the columns. These drawings are to be sent to the University one week before the date of the examination. Candidates who submit these drawings will be required to sit for the paper in section (1) only, viz., Greek and Roman Architecture.

Candidates must take section (1) and either section (2) or (3).

English History (Two Papers).

English History treated generally so as to include the growth of the British Empire, with a special study of a standard work to be prescribed two years previously†.

Due attention to be paid to changes in foreign policy, society, government, and customs, and to the development of the material and intellectual life of the nation.

Modern European History (Two Papers).

Modern European History, from about 1400 to the present day. One paper will deal with the general History, the other with a prescribed text†.

Ancient History (Two Papers).

Either (a) The History of Egypt, Western Asia, Greece, and Rome from the Earliest Dynasties to 30 B.C.

Or (b) Greek and Roman History from 776 B.C. to 330 A.D.

A selected portion† of an historical author will be prescribed from time to time.

Candidates will not be required to show more than a general acquaintance with the book prescribed. Knowledge of the Text in the original will not be required.

Geography (Two Papers).

I.—*General Geography.*—The distribution of land and water. The leading facts of wind and water circulation.

The broad structural features of the continents, and the chief processes by which surface features are produced.

II.—*Regional Geography.*—The great divisions of the world considered under the following heads:—

Superficial configuration together with the leading facts of the distribution of soils and rocks and minerals of economic importance.

The reaction of configuration upon air and water circulation and the resulting local climates.

The river systems as related to configuration and climate.

The influence of the foregoing physical factors on agricultural production and the supply of animal and vegetable products independently of agriculture.

The sources of mechanical power.

The distribution of population as related to the foregoing physical factors and as influencing labour supply and the value of land.

The localization of industries as determined by all the foregoing factors.

Transport. Trade centres and trade routes.

States as conditioned by geographical circumstances—physical, economic, and strategic.

Economics (Two Papers).

I.—*Industrial and Commercial History.*—The outlines of the industrial and commercial development of England, the questions being mainly chosen so as to deal with the period subsequent to 1760.

To include:—The effects of the introduction of machine industry. The developments of transport. Changes in industrial organization. The Great War (1793-1815) and its economic effects. Tariff policy. Movements of foreign trade. The growth of Banking, the adoption of the gold standard, the history of general prices. Poor Law. Trade Unionism.

II.—*Principles of Economics.*—Economics, analytical and descriptive, with special reference to the United Kingdom.

To include:—The scope of economics; meaning of the principal economic terms; causes of differences in productive power; analysis of various forms of organization for production; value in relation to production, exchange, distribution, and consumption; the distribution of income between individuals and classes; causes of variations in wages, profits, interest, and rent; economic effect of the ordinary actions of government. The whole to be illustrated as far as possible by reference to past and present conditions of the United Kingdom.

SUBJECTS FOR THE INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATION IN SCIENCE.

Candidates shall be examined in any four subjects† selected by themselves out of the following eight subjects of examination, viz., (1) Pure Mathematics, (2) Applied Mathematics, (3) Experimental Physics, (4) Chemistry, (5) Botany, (6) Zoology, (7) Geology, (8) General Physiology, and (9) Geography (one at least of the four subjects selected from the foregoing list must be taken from amongst the first three).

Questions will be set involving (1) the translation of passages in French or in German, and (2) answers with regard to the subject-matter thereof. Candidates are recommended to read some books or papers in French or in German on the subjects which they select for the examination.

The questions in French or in German, which, by the regulations are set for the home candidates, will be made optional in the examinations as held in the Colonies.

The Examiners shall be at liberty to test any candidate by means of *vivâ voce* questions.

N.B.—No candidate offering an Experimental Science subject will be allowed to pass who fails to satisfy the Examiners in the practical part as well as the written part of the examination in the subject chosen.

* The list of plants may be changed from time to time, but two years' notice of any change will always be given.

† For prescribed books see Appendix to these Regulations.

‡ Candidates who have passed the Intermediate Science Examination may be examined in an additional optional subject. Fee Rs. 58/50 for Pure or Applied Mathematics, Rs. 58/50 for any other subject.

Candidates shall not be approved by the Examiners unless they have shown a competent knowledge in all of the four subjects taken*.

A candidate at the Intermediate Examination who takes all the prescribed subjects on one and the same occasion, but who fails to reach the minimum standard in one subject only may be "referred," i.e., he may be permitted, on the recommendation of the Examiner, to present himself in that subject alone on one occasion only at one of the corresponding Intermediate Examinations held not more than two years from the date of the examination at which he was referred†.

Referred candidates who do not pass in their referred subjects within the above stated limits, will be required when re-entering to offer all four subjects again. The Examiners will recommend that a candidate be referred only if his failure in one subject is not serious, and if his performance in the remaining subjects is reasonably good.

A student who has completed the Intermediate Examination after having been referred in one subject will be deemed for all purposes to have passed the examination in question on the date of completion, and will be entitled to the same rights and privileges as if he had passed in all the subjects on one and the same occasion.

SYLLABUSES.

Pure Mathematics (Two Papers).

Same as for Intermediate Examination in Arts.

Applied Mathematics (Two Papers).

Statics.—Equilibrium of one or more bodies under the action of Uniplanar Forces or of Parallel Forces.

Properties of the Centre of Mass and its determination in simple cases.

Statics of Simple Mechanisms.

The Simpler Linkages.

The Elementary Laws of Friction.

Dynamics.—Velocities and Accelerations, including their Resolution and Composition.

Mass, Momentum, Force, Work, Energy, and Power.

Change of Units.—Dimensions.

Motion under the action of a Force which is constant in Magnitude and Direction.

Simple Problems on the Motion of Projectiles.

Circular Motion.

Simple Harmonic Oscillations. The Simple Pendulum.

Simple Cases of Direct and Oblique Impact.

Hydrostatics.—Pressures of Liquids on Plane Areas.

Pressures of Liquids on Solid Bodies, partially or wholly immersed, and Conditions of Equilibrium of such Bodies.

Specific Gravities and Densities of Substances, Solid and Liquid and methods of determining them.

Simple applications of the foregoing subjects.

Experimental Physics.

Same as for Intermediate Examination in Arts.

Chemistry.

Same as for Intermediate Examination in Arts.

Botany.

Same as for Intermediate Examination in Arts.

Zoology (Two Papers and a Practical Examination).

1. The fundamental facts and laws of Zoology, as exhibited in the following types:—Amœba, Euglena, Paramecium, Monocystis, Hydra, Obelia, Lumbricus, Distomum, Astacus, Amphioxus, Scyllium, Rana, Lepus.

2. The student will be expected to acquire a practical knowledge of the general organization of each of the types above specified and an elementary knowledge of—

(a) The chief biological laws which the structural phenomena illustrate, including an elementary knowledge of heredity, variation, and evolution.

(b) The structure and properties of the Cell, and the general characters of the Tissues, including Epithelia, Blood, Lymph; Nervous, Muscular, Connective, and Skeletal Tissues; and the microscopic structure of the more important organs of the body.

(c) The phenomena of Sexual and Asexual Reproduction, including the general history and characters of the Germ Cells, the chief types of Segmentation of the fertilized Ovum, the Metamorphosis of the Frog, and an elementary knowledge of the Development of the Chick up to the third day of incubation, and the formation of the Fœtal Membranes in the Bird and Mammal.

3. A knowledge of the diagnostic characters of the following groups:—

Protozoa:—Lobosa, Foraminifera, Radiolaria, Sporozoa, Flagellata, Ciliata.

Ceolenterata:—Hydrozoa, Anthozoa.

Platyhelminths:—Turbellaria, Trematoda, Cestoda.

Annelida:—Oligochaeta, Polychæta.

Articulata:—Crustacea, Insecta, Arachnida.

Chordata:—Urochorda, Cephalochorda.

Cranialia:—Pisces, Reptilia, Amphibia, Aves, Mammalia.

Practical Examination.

The candidate must be prepared to examine microscopically, to dissect, and to describe specimens or parts of the animals comprised in paragraphs 1 and 2 in the foregoing Syllabus (with the exception that for the skull of Lepus will be substituted that of Canis), and to determine the zoological position of specimens in accordance with paragraph 3 above. The list of animals may be changed from time to time, but two years' notice of any change will always be given.

Candidates are required to bring to the Practical Examination their *original* Laboratory Notebooks for inspection, should the Examiners so desire. These Notebooks must be taken away by the candidates at the close of the examination.

Geology (Two Papers and a Practical Examination).

I.—Physical Geology—Same as for Intermediate Examination in Arts.

II.—*Mineralogy.*—Elements of Crystallography as exemplified by Crystals of Galena, Pyrite, Zircon, Beryl, Calcite, Quartz, Barytes, Gypsum, Albite. Twin Crystals. Crystallographic Notation.

Physical Properties and Chemical Constitution of Minerals; the relations existing between these and Crystalline Form (Isomorphism and Polymorphism), Crystalline Form, Physical Properties, Chemical Composition, and General Mode of Occurrence of the following Minerals:—Graphite; Diamond. Pyrite, Marcasite, Copper Pyrites, Galena, Zinc-Blende. Rock Salts; Fluor. Quartz, Chalcedony, Opal; Zircon, Rutile, Cassiterite, Corundum, Ilmenite, Hematite; Limonite, Spinel, Magnetite, Chromite. Argonite; Calcite, Dolomite, Magnesite, Chalybite. Barytes, Anhydrite; Gypsum. Apatite. Felspars (Orthoclase, Microcline, Albite, Oligoclase, Labradorite, Anorthite). Feldspathoids (Nepheline, Leucite, Sodolite, Nosean, Hauyne). Micas (Muscovite, Lepidolite, Biotite, Phlogopite). Pyroxenes (Enstatite, Hypersthene, Diopside, Augite, Diallage, Aegerine). Amphiboles (Anthophyllite, Tremolite, Actinolite, Hornblende, Riebeckite, Glaucophane). Olivine; Garnet; Kyanite, Sillimanite, Andalusite, Topaz; Staurolite; Cordierite; Tourmaline, Spinel. Zeolites (Analcime, Apophyllite, Natrolite); Kaolin; Epidote; Chlorite, Chloritoid; Tale; Serpentine.

* Candidates who in any year from 1880 to 1896 inclusive, have passed the Intermediate Examination in Science, and candidates who in and after 1897 shall have passed that examination taking the following subjects, viz., Experimental Physics, Chemistry, Botany, and Zoology, will, for the purposes of these regulations, be credited with having passed the First Examination for Medical Degrees.

Candidates who have passed an Intermediate Examination in Science or Agriculture with Chemistry, or Physics, or Botany and Zoology, will be exempted at the First Examination for Medical Degrees from examination in the subjects in which they have passed.

Candidates who have passed the B.Sc. Examination with Physics, or Chemistry, or Botany and Zoology, will be exempted at the First Examination for Medical Degrees from examination in the subjects in which they have passed.

No exemption in General Biology at the First Examination for Medical Degrees will be granted to candidates who have not passed an Intermediate Examination in Science, or the B.Sc. Examination with Botany and Zoology.

Candidates who passed in Chemistry at the Intermediate Examination in Science in 1904 will be exempted from further examination in Organic and Applied Chemistry at the Second Examination for Medical Degrees Part I.

Candidates who enter for or have passed the Intermediate Examination in Engineering as External Students may, in order to obtain exemption from the whole of the Intermediate Examination in Science, complete that examination by taking an additional subject at the Intermediate Examination in Engineering. Such additional subject may be taken either at an entry for the Intermediate Examination in Engineering or at any Intermediate Examination in

Engineering subsequent to that at which the candidate has passed; and a fee of Rs. 70-50 will be payable in respect of each entry in such additional subject.

Candidates who enter for or have passed the Intermediate Examination in Engineering will be allowed to complete the Intermediate Examination in Science as above, and also, should they so desire, to enter for the B.Sc. Examination in the same year in which they do so complete, provided that they have passed the Intermediate Examination in Engineering not less than one year previously.

Candidates who have passed the Intermediate Examination in Agriculture may claim exemption at the Intermediate Examination in Science from subjects which could have been taken at the Intermediate Examination in Science.

Candidates who have passed the Intermediate Examination in Arts for External Students in or after 1920, or who have passed the corresponding examination for Internal Students, under the conditions applicable to External Students in force since that date, with any of the following subjects: Pure Mathematics, Applied Mathematics, Experimental Physics, Chemistry, Botany, Geology, Military Science, may claim exemption, when entering for the Intermediate Examination in Science, from examination in such of the foregoing subjects as they may have taken.

Candidates who have passed the Second Medical Examination, Parts I. and II. may claim exemption from examination in General Physiology at the Intermediate Examination in Science.

† "Referred" Candidates must re-enter in accordance with the General Regulations, and pay a fee of Rs. 65-50. Candidates re-entering for Mathematics should pay Rs. 60-50.

The simpler microscopical and optical characters of common rock-forming minerals.

Practical Examinations.

Same as for Intermediate Examination in Arts.

General Physiology.

(Two Papers and a Practical Examination.)

1. *The Fundamental Phenomena of Life*, including—
Movements, as exemplified in unicellular organisms, ciliated cells, and the different kinds of muscle, and in plants.
Chemical change, including the production of carbon dioxide and the absorption of oxygen in plants and animals, and the assimilation of carbon and the production of oxygen in green plants.
Irritability. The response of living cells and tissues to different kinds of stimuli.
Growth and reproduction.
2. *The Form of Living Organisms*, including—
The cell and its parts, and their significance.
The aggregation of cells to form syncytium or composite individuals.
The differentiation of structure and function.
3. *The Chemistry of Living Organisms*.
The elementary constituents of protoplasm.
The chemical compounds of characteristic of living material, namely, carbohydrates, fats, and proteins.
The origin of these substances from inorganic material, and their fate and significance in living organisms.
4. *The Physical Chemistry of the cell*.
The properties of crystalloids and colloids.
The meaning of solution and the significance of this condition in living processes.
5. *The Mechanism of Chemical Changes in Living Matter*.
The mode of action of ferments and the effect on the cell of changes in reaction and inorganic content of the surrounding medium.
6. *The Production of energy in Living Organisms*.
The sources of energy and the relation between chemical, mechanical, and heat changes in cells.
7. *Reproduction*.
Cell division, and the physiological significance of sexual reproduction.
Development of a new individual from the fertilized ovum.
Hereditry, variation, and natural selection.

Practical Examination.

Candidates will be expected to have made a practical study of the structure, functions, and life history of some typical unicellular organisms, of some typical multicellular plants, and of a limited number of animal types. Only such anatomical details should be studied as are necessary for the comprehension of the physiological principles. Candidates will be examined further in the histology of the chief tissues and organs in a mammal and a more detailed consideration of the part played by each organ in the life of the animal, e.g., the histology and the chemistry of the blood and connective tissues, the histology and function of muscle, the circulation of the blood, the lungs, and the part they play in respiration, the digestion and absorption of food, excretion by the kidney and by the skin, metabolism and the regulation of the body temperature, co-ordination of the functions of the body by chemical means and by the central nervous system, the organs of special sense and their significance.

Geography (Two Papers).

I.—*General Geography*.—The distribution of land and water. The leading facts of wind and water circulation. The broad structural features of the continents and the chief processes by which surface features are produced. The objects and relative value of Mercator's, the orthographic and the conic projections.

II.—*Regional Geography*.—Same as for the Intermediate Examination in Arts.

SUBJECTS FOR THE INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATION IN SCIENCE (AGRICULTURE).

Candidates shall be examined for a pass in (1) Chemistry, (2) Botany, (3) Zoology, and (4) one of the following subjects:—

Pure Mathematics, Applied Mathematics, Physics, Geology.

The questions in French or in German, which, by the regulations are set for the home candidates, will be made optional in the examinations as held in the Colonies.

* Any candidate whether Internal or External, who has passed in all the subjects of the Intermediate Examination in Arts, Science, Economics, or Engineering, shall be exempted from examination at the Intermediate Examination in Agriculture in any subject in which he passed at such examination; and may thereafter be examined in any remaining subjects of the Intermediate Examination in Agriculture, and, if successful therein, at the B.Sc. (Agriculture) Examination in the same year.

Candidates who have passed an Intermediate Examination in Agriculture, with Chemistry, or Physics, or Botany and Zoology, will be exempted at the

The Examiners shall be at liberty to test any candidate by means of *visd voce* questions.

Candidates shall not be approved by the Examiners unless they have shown a competent knowledge in all of the four subjects of the examination*.

Question will be set involving (1) the translation of passages in French or in German, and (2) answers with regard to the subject-matter thereof. Candidates are recommended to read some books or papers in French or in German on the subjects which they select for the examination.

A candidate at the Intermediate Examination who takes all the prescribed subjects on one and the same occasion, but who fails to reach the minimum standard in one subject only, may be "referred," i.e., he may be permitted, on the recommendation of the Examiners, to present himself in that subject alone on one occasion only at one of the corresponding Intermediate Examinations held not more than two years from the date of the Examination at which he was referred.

Referred candidates who do not pass in the referred subjects within the above stated limits will be required when re-entering to offer all the prescribed subjects again.

The Examiners will recommend that a candidate be referred only if his failure in one subject is not serious, and if his performance in the remaining subjects is reasonably good.

A student who has completed the Intermediate Examination after having been referred in one subject will be deemed for all purposes to have passed the examination in question on the date of completion, and will be entitled to the same rights and privileges as if he had passed in all the subjects on one and the same occasion.

N.B.—No candidate offering an Experimental Science subject will be allowed to pass who fails to satisfy the Examiners in the practical part as well as the written part of the examination in the subjects chosen.

The following are the particulars of the subjects of the Examination:—

Chemistry.

Same as for Intermediate Examination in Arts.

Botany.

Same as for Intermediate Examination in Arts.

Zoology.

Same as for Intermediate Examination in Science.

Pure Mathematics.

Same as for Intermediate Examination in Arts.

Applied Mathematics.

Same as for Intermediate Examination in Science.

Experimental Physics.

Same as for Intermediate Examination in Arts.

Geology (Two Papers) and a Practical Examination.

I.—*Physical Geology*.—The Earth as a Planet. Its larger surface features.

Atmospheric Agents and their Effects. Action of surface and underground waters, and of ice. The Ocean; its Movements and Work.

Distribution of Temperature and Pressure in the Earth; and its Density. The Internal Forces and their Effects.

Subsidence and Elevation. Volcanoes and Earthquakes. Characters and Relations of Rock Masses. The Modes of Formation and Occurrence of Aqueous and Igneous

Rocks (Strike, Dip, Jointing, Folding, Faulting, Cleavage, Foliation; Interbedding and Intrusion of Igneous Rocks), Features produced by Denudation (Outcrop, Escarpments, Outliers, Inliers, Unconformity, Overlap).

II.—*Elementary Mineralogy and Petrology*.—Physical Characters and Chemical Composition of common rock-forming Minerals. Classification and Description of Rocks. The more important relations of rocks one to another and the changes which they have undergone.

III.—*Elementary Stratigraphy*.—Stratigraphical Geology, Nature and Relations of the chief Fossils characteristic of the successive Geological Periods.

IV.—*Economic Geology*.—The origin of Soils and Sub-soils and their relations to underlying rocks. Special knowledge of the nature and distribution of Drift deposits. The circulation of underground and surface waters. The character and occurrence of rocks used as Building Stone, Road Metal, Brick Earth. The nature and distribution of mineral or rock deposits of importance in agriculture.

First Examination for Medical Degrees from examination in the subjects in which they have passed, but the full fee for that examination must be paid. No exemption in General Biology at the First Examination for Medical Degrees will be granted to candidates who have not passed both in Botany and in Zoology.

† "Referred" Candidates must re-enter in accordance with the General Regulations, and pay a fee of Rs. 70/50. Candidates re-entering for Mathematics should pay Rs. 60/50 only.

Practical Examination.

Description and identification of common rock-forming Minerals and of the principal varieties of Rocks. The study of the structure of the chief types of rocks in thin sections under the microscope.

Identification of common Fossils and recognition of their stratigraphical horizon.

The Interpretation of simple Geological maps by description and the drawing of sections.

Candidates are required to bring to the Practical Examination their *original* Laboratory Notebooks for inspection, should the Examiners so desire. These Notebooks must be taken away by the candidates at the close of the examination.

Education Office,
Colombo, October 14, 1924.

L. MACRAE,
Director of Education.

APPENDIX I.

SPECIAL SUBJECTS AND PRESCRIBED BOOKS.

CLASSICS.

I.—Latin.

Intermediate Examination in Arts.

1925.—

Cicero : Letters (Jean's selection).

Virgil : Æneid XI.

1926.—

Ovid : Metamorphosis VIII.

Cæsar : Bell ; Civ. III., Ch. 34-end.

II.—Greek.

Intermediate Examination in Arts.

1925.—

Thucydides : Book IV., Ch. 1-41.

Homer : Odyssey IX.

1926.—

Euripides : Hercules Furens, 1-814.

Plato : Apology.

III.—Pali with Early Indian History (Two Papers).

Intermediate Examination in Arts.

1925.—

(1) Pali Reader¹ (Maung Tin).

(2) Anguttara Nikaya, Tika Nipata vaggas 1-7.

(3) Mahavansa, Chapters XIII.-XIX inclusive.

Note.—Students are recommended to consult the Commentary on this book.

(4) Dhammapada, vaggas i.-iv. (together with questions on the general contents of the above 1-4).

IV.—Sanskrit with Early Indian History (Two Papers).

Intermediate Examination in Arts.

1925.—

(1) Macdonell : A Vedic reader for students (Oxford, 1918).

(2) Nalopakhyaṇa : (ed. Egging, Edinburgh, 1913).

(3) Hitopadesa : Book I. (Bombay Sanskrit Series).

MODERN LANGUAGES.

I.—English.

Intermediate Examination in Arts.

1925.—

Chaucer : *Prologue to Canterbury Tales ; The Nun's Priest's Tale ; The Prioress's Tale.*Shakespeare : *Henry IV., Part I. ; Antony and Cleopatra.*Bacon : *Advancement of Learning, Book I.*Goldsmith : *The Traveller ; The Deserted Village.*

Period of Literature : 1579-1800.

1926.—

Chaucer : *Prologue to Canterbury Tales ; Squire's Tale.*Shakespeare : *Midsummer Night's Dream ; Hamlet.*Milton : *Comus ; Lycidas.*Swift : *Gulliver's Travels, Books I. and II.*

Period of Literature : 1579-1800.

II.—Tamil.

Intermediate Examination in Arts.

1925.—

Prose : (1) Sundaramoorthy Nayanar Puranam from Arumuga Navalar's Peria Puranavasanam.

(2) Chintanay Katturaikal by Swami Vethachalam.

Verse : (1) Naladiar—Chapters 31 to 40 inclusive.

(2) Villiputhurar Baratham—Pudnavathirei eharukam.

1926.—

Prose : (1) History of the Tamil Language by V. G. Suryanarayana Sastri (pub. Natesan, Madras).

(2) Bharatacurukkam by A. Muttutambi Pillai (Navalar Press, Jaffna), page 39 to the end.

Verse : (1) Naladiyar, Chapters XXI.-XXX.

(2) Silappadiakram (edited by V. Samirathaiyar, Madras), the following sections :—

(i.) Mangala Valttuppadal, pp. 33-35.

(xv.) Adaikkalakkatai, pp. 350-356.

(xvi.) Kolaikkalakkatai, pp. 370-380.

(xviii.) Tunpamalai, pp. 416-417.

(xix.) Ursulvari, pp. 423-425.

(xx.) Valakkuraikkatai, pp. 432-434.

III.—Sinhalese.

Intermediate Examination in Arts.

1925.—

Prose : (1) Saddharma Ratnavali, pages 185-335.

(2) Amavatura, Chapters ii.-iii.

(3) Jayatilaka : Katikavat Sangara (published by the Mahabodhi Press, Colombo), pages 36-39.

Verse : (1) Kavyasekhara (Cantos vii.-x.).

(2) Perakumba Sirita, the whole, with the historical introduction by D. B. Jayatilaka.

(3) Muvadev Davata.

1926.—

Prose : (1) Saddharma Ratnavali, pages 1-150.

(2) Amavatura, Chapters IV.-V.

(3) Jayatilaka : Katikavat Sangara (published by the Mahabodhi Press, Colombo), pages 39-42.

Verse : (1) Kavyasekhara, Cantos xi.-xiv.

(2) Parakumba Sirita, the whole, with the historical introduction by D. B. Jayatilaka.

(3) Kavsilumina, Cantos i.-ii.

IV.—Advanced Modern English Literature.

Intermediate Examination in Arts.

1925.—

Shakespeare : *Henry IV., Part I., As you like it ; Macbeth.*

Period 1660-1900 :—

Milton : *Paradise Lost, Books I. and II.*Pope : *Essay on Man, Epistle I ; Johnson ; Rasselas.*Keats : *Odes ; Hyperion.*Carlyle : *Heroes and Hero Worship, Lectures 1, 2, 3 (Hero as Divinity, Prophet, Poet).*Dickens : *David Copperfield.*

1926.—

Shakespeare : *Henry V. ; Midsummer Night's Dream ; Hamlet.*

Period 1660-1900 :—

Milton : *Samson Agonistes.*Addison : *Selections from the Spectator, ed. Arnold (Clarendon Press), Sections I., The Spectator Club ; IV., Religion, Monks, and Superstition ; VII., Tales and Allegories.*Goldsmith : *The Vicar of Wakefield.*Shelley : *Poems published in 1820, ed. A. M. D. Hughes.*Tennyson : *Poems published in 1842.*Ruskin : *The Crown of Wild Olive.*

HISTORY.

Intermediate Examination in Arts.

English History.

1925.—

Henning : *England under Henry III.* (published by Longman's Green & Co.).

1926.—

C. H. Williams : *England under the Early Tudors, 1485-1529* (Longman's).

Modern European History.

1925.—

De Tocqueville : *L'ancien regime, or*Burke : *Reflections on the French Revolution and Letters on the proposed Regicide Peace.*

1926.—

Voltaire : Charles XII. (English Translation available in Dent's Everyman Series.)

Ancient History.

1925.—

(a) Herodotus : Books I., III., and IV.

(b) Pliny : *Letters, Books VI.-X.*

1926.—

Demosthenes : *Philippics I.-IV., De Chersoneso, De Corona.*

APPENDIX II.

Statute 116 :—

116. Every candidate for admission as a student of the University shall pass such Entrance or Matriculation Examination, or fulfil such other tests of fitness to be admitted as a student, as may be from time to time prescribed.

REGULATION AS TO EXEMPTION FROM THE MATRICULATION EXAMINATION.

Graduates of such British, Colonial, and Indian Universities as are approved by the Senate for that purpose, and those who have passed all the examinations required for a degree in those Universities, also women who have obtained Tripos Certificates granted by the University of Cambridge, and women who have obtained certificates showing that, under the conditions prescribed by the Delegacy for women students at Oxford, they have passed the Second Public Examination of that University or have obtained Honours in the Oxford University Examination for Women in Modern Languages, may on application be registered as Matriculated Students on payment of the registration fee of £3. 3s. without passing the Matriculation Examination.

For conditions under which the following examinations will give exemption from the Matriculation Examination of the University of London, see separate regulations obtainable on application to the External Registrar, University of London, South Kensington, London, S.W. 7 :—

Oxford Senior Local Examination.

Higher Certificate Examination of the Oxford and Cambridge Schools Examination Board.

School Certificate of the Oxford and Cambridge Schools Examination Board.

Previous Examination of the University of Cambridge.

Matriculation Examination of the Joint Board of the Northern Universities.

School Certificate of the Joint Matriculation Board of the Northern Universities.

Scotch School-leaving Certificate Examination.

For conditions under which the Cambridge Senior School Certificate Examination will give exemption from the Matriculation Examination, see regulations for Matriculation Examination.

The Standing of students registered under Statute 116 shall date, for the purposes of External Examinations, from the Matriculation Examination immediately preceding the date of registration. (See Extract from Statute 120 below.) To secure that a registration under Statute 116 shall date from any Matriculation Examination, such registration must be completed before the commencement of the next Matriculation Examination.

N.B.—Applications for registration must be accompanied by the proper fee and official documentary evidence of qualification in accordance with the above regulation. Drafts must be made payable to the "University of London," and crossed Westminster Bank, Ltd., Brompton Square Branch." The fee and evidence must be forwarded together by registered post and addressed to the External Registrar, University of London, South Kensington, London, S.W. 7.

EXTRACT FROM STATUTE 120.

"No student shall be admitted to the Final Examination for a degree until the expiration of at least three years after Matriculation, unless the Senate in special cases or special classes of cases otherwise determine."

PRIVILEGES AND EXEMPTIONS GRANTED BY OTHER BODIES.

For privileges and exemptions granted by other bodies to persons who have passed the Matriculation Examination (in its ordinary form or in the form of the School Examination Matriculation Standard) of the University of London, see separate regulations obtainable on application to the External Registrar, University of London, South Kensington, London, S.W. 7.

UNIVERSITY OF LONDON.—INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATIONS IN SCIENCE (ECONOMICS), 1925.

(This examination commences on the second Monday in July.)

NO candidate shall be admitted to this examination unless he have passed, or been admitted under Statute 116 (see Appendix) as exempt from, a Matriculation Examination not later than that of the preceding January.

Application for admission to the examination should be made to the Director of Education not later than January 31, on the prescribed form, which can be obtained from the Education Office.

The subjects for which a candidate desires to enter, the date of his matriculation, his name in full (initials not sufficient) should be stated on the application form.

The admission fee of Rs. 120·50 must be credited to the account of the Director of Education in the Mercantile Bank of India, Limited, Colombo, and the receipt of the Bank and a certificate of good conduct sent with the form of application. *No cash or Bank draft or Money Order or Cheque will be accepted.*

N.B.—*The University fee should not under any circumstances be remitted direct to the University of London or to the Education Office.*

Except in the circumstances specified in the following paragraph, if a candidate withdraw his name after having entered for, or fail to appear at, or to pass, the examination, the fees shall not be returned to him; and the full fee shall be payable upon every re-entry.

A candidate who withdraws his name before April 1 will have his University fee refunded to him; a candidate who has paid the full fee, but does not present himself for the examination, will be allowed to enter for the next following examination in the same faculty, upon payment of Rs. 65·50. If he retire after commencement of the examination, or fail to pass it, the full fee of Rs. 120·50 shall be payable upon every re-entry.

Candidates shall be examined in the following subjects* :—

I.—Economics :—

(a) Industrial and Commercial History	1 Paper
(b) Principles of Economics	1 Paper
(c) The Elements of Industry, Trade, and Currency	1 Paper
(d) Passages from French and German works on the subjects (a), (b), and (c), for translation and comment. Candidates may confine themselves to the passages in one of these languages	1 Paper

II.—The British Constitution 2 Papers

III.A.—Mathematics or III.B.—Logic and Scientific Method 2 Papers

IV.—Geography, with special reference to Industry, Commerce, and Politics 1 Paper

Candidates who have completed the Intermediate Examination in Commerce with any of the following subjects are entitled to be exempted when entering for the External Intermediate Examination in Economics from the corresponding paper in—

- (1) Elements of Economics ;
- (2) The Elements of Industry, Trade, and Currency ;
- (3) Mathematics ;
- (4) Geography ;
- (5) The History of Industry and Commerce (to exempt from Industrial and Commercial History).

* Candidates are exempted from examination in Pure Mathematics or British Constitution or Logic and Scientific Method at the Intermediate Examination in Economics if they have passed, with any of those subjects, the Intermediate Examination, or the Degree Examination, in the Faculty of Arts or of Science or of Engineering for External Students. Similar exemptions are allowed to candidates who have passed any of the above-mentioned examinations as Internal Students, provided they have passed with the necessary subjects, at one and the same examination.

Candidates are exempted from examination in Geography at the Intermediate Examination in Economics if they have passed the B.A. Examination with Geography.

The following are the particulars of the foregoing subjects of Examination :—

I.—ECONOMICS.

1. *Economic History*.—The outlines of the industrial and commercial development of England, the questions being mainly chosen so as to deal with the period subsequent to 1760.

To include : The effects of the introduction of machine industry. The developments of transport. Changes in industrial organization. The Great War * and its economic effects. Tariff policy. Movements of foreign trade. The growth of Banking, the adoption of the gold standard, the history of general prices. Poor Law. Trade Unionism.

2. *Principles of Economics*.—Economics, analytical and descriptive, with special reference to the United Kingdom.

To include : (a) The scope of Economics ; meaning of the principal economic terms ; causes of differences in productive power ; analysis of various forms of organization for production ; value in relation to production, exchange, distribution, and consumption ; the distribution of income between individuals and classes ; causes of variations in wages, profits, interest, and rent ; economic effect of the ordinary actions of government. The whole to be illustrated as far as possible by reference to past and present conditions of the United Kingdom.

(b) The present organization of trade and industry, including recent developments in Industrial Combination, Conciliation and Arbitration, Co-operation, and the fixing of Wages. British Foreign Trade, its statistics and organization ; shipping ; the balance of trade and the foreign exchanges. The nature of money and the money market, including an elementary sketch of the English banking system.

In this examination a general knowledge only of the subject will be required, and the candidate will not be expected to have a minute knowledge of detail, or to be able to deal with the more difficult questions of theory.

II.—THE BRITISH CONSTITUTION.

Outlines of the constitution and public administration of the United Kingdom at the present day, including the organization and working of Parliament, the Executive (Crown, Ministers, and Civil Service), and the Judiciary ; the constitution and powers of the Local Authorities in England ; the relations between the United Kingdom and its Colonies and Dependencies.

Candidates will be expected to have some acquaintance with the chief events in the development of British political institutions since 1832.

III.A.—MATHEMATICS.

Algebra.

Theory of indices, nature and use of logarithms. Arithmetic and Geometric progression. The binomial, exponential, and logarithmic series. Simple limits and approximations. The use of Horner's method of solving equations in simple cases. Simple applications of the above.

Graphic Algebra and Co-ordinate Geometry.

The straight line. Solution of linear simultaneous equations.

The graphs of $a + bx + cx^2 + dx^3$ and of $\frac{A + Bx}{a + bx}$, with special reference to the approximate solution of equations in which y is an explicit function of x . Equation of the circle, equation of the ellipse and hyperbola, referred to axes parallel to their principal axes. (Focal properties are not required.) Simple applications of the above.

Pure Geometry.

Relations and properties of similar plane figures. Orthogonal projection ; the properties of the ellipse as the projection of the circle.

Trigonometry.

Definitions and graphs of sine, cosine, and tangent. Use of four figure tables of natural sines, cosines, and tangents. The formulæ for the sine and cosine of the sum of two angles. Circular measure. Approximate values of the sine, cosine, and tangent of small angles.

General.

The slope of curves as determined by the limiting value ($h = 0$) of $\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$. Effect of change of scale on the slope and on the area of a curve. Simple cases of derived curves, illustrated by the functions and series named above, and simple cases of maxima and minima.

III.B.—LOGIC AND SCIENTIFIC METHOD.

Province of logic, normal and material logic.

Postulates of logic. Laws of thought.

Terms and their classification, extension, and intension.

Definition and division.

Nature of judgment ; import and classification of propositions.

Negation and opposition of propositions. Forms of immediate inference.

Theories of inference. Syllogism and other deductive inferences.

Induction and its relation to deduction. Ground of induction.

Uniformity of nature. Causation.

Observation and experiment. Inductive methods.

Quantitative induction. Scientific explanations.

Mathematical, physical, and historical methods.

Nature and functions of hypothesis. Analogy.

Chance. Theory of probability and its logical foundations.

IV.—GEOGRAPHY.

General Geography.

The distribution of land and water.

The leading facts of wind and water circulation.

* I.e., 1793-1815.

Regional Geography.

The great divisions of the world considered under the following heads :—

Superficial configuration together with the leading facts of the distribution of soils, rocks, and minerals of economic importance.

The reaction of configuration upon air and water circulation and the resulting local climates.

The river systems as related to configuration and climate.

The influence of the foregoing physical factors on agricultural production and the supply of animal and vegetable products independently of agriculture.

The sources of mechanical power.

The distribution of population as related to the foregoing physical factors and as influencing labour supply and the value of land.

The localization of industries as determined by all the foregoing factors.

Transport. Trade centres and trade routes.

The geographical circumstances which influence the economic and strategical position of States.

The examination shall be conducted in the order shown on the Time Table which will be sent to each candidate who has entered.

The examination shall be conducted by means of printed papers; but the Examiners shall not be precluded from putting, for the purpose of ascertaining the competence of the candidate to pass, *vivâ voce* questions to any candidate in the subjects in which they are appointed to examine.

Candidates shall not be approved by the Examiners unless they have shown a competent knowledge in the foregoing subjects, and have shown a capacity to read with intelligence either French or German.

A candidate at the Intermediate Examination who takes all the prescribed subjects on one and the same occasion, but who fails to reach the minimum standard in one subject only may be "referred," *i.e.*, he may be permitted, on the recommendation of the Examiners, to present himself in that subject alone on one occasion only at one of the corresponding Intermediate Examinations held not more than two years from the date of the examination at which he was referred.

Referred candidates who do not pass in their referred subjects within the above-mentioned limits will be required when re-entering to offer all four subjects again*. The Examiners will recommend that a candidate be referred only if his failure in one subject is not serious, and if his performance in the remaining subjects is reasonably good.

A candidate who has completed the Intermediate Examination after having been referred in one subject will be deemed for all purposes to have passed the examination in question on the date of completion, and will be entitled to the same rights and privileges as if he had passed in all the subjects on one and the same occasion.

Education Office,
Colombo, October 14, 1924.

L. MACRAE,
Director of Education.

APPENDIX I.

Statute 116 :—

116. Every candidate for admission as a student of the University shall pass such Entrance or Matriculation Examination, or fulfil such other tests of fitness to be admitted as a student, as may be from time to time prescribed.

REGULATION AS TO EXEMPTION FROM THE MATRICULATION EXAMINATION.

Graduates of such British, Colonial, and Indian Universities as are approved by the Senate for that purpose, and those who have passed all the examinations required for a degree in those Universities, also women who have obtained Tripos Certificates granted by the University of Cambridge, and women who have obtained certificates showing that, under the conditions prescribed by the Delegacy for women students at Oxford, they have passed the Second Public Examination of that University or have obtained Honours in the Oxford University Examination for Women in Modern Languages, may on application be registered as Matriculated Students on payment of the registration fee of £3. 3s. without passing the Matriculation Examination.

For conditions under which the following examinations will give exemption from the Matriculation Examination of the University of London, see separate regulations obtainable on application to the External Registrar, University of London, South Kensington, London, S.W. 7 :—

Oxford Senior Local Examination.

Higher Certificate Examination of the Oxford and Cambridge Schools Examination Board.

School Certificate of the Oxford and Cambridge Schools Examination Board.

Previous Examination of the University of Cambridge.

Matriculation Examination of the Joint Board of the Northern Universities.

School Certificate of the Joint Matriculation Board of the Northern Universities.

Scotch School-leaving Certificate Examination.

For conditions under which the Cambridge Senior School Certificate Examination will give exemption from the Matriculation Examination, see regulations for Matriculation Examination.

The Standing of students registered under Statute 116 shall date, for the purposes of External Examinations, from the Matriculation Examination immediately preceding the date of registration. (See Extract from Statute 120 below.) To secure that a registration under Statute 116 shall date from any Matriculation Examination, such registration must be completed before the commencement of the next Matriculation Examination.

N.B.—Applications for registration must be accompanied by the proper fee and official documentary evidence of qualification in accordance with the above regulation. Drafts must be made payable to the "University of London," and crossed "Westminster Bank, Ltd., Brompton Square Branch." The fee and evidence must be forwarded together by registered post and addressed to the External Registrar, University of London, South Kensington, London, S.W. 7.

EXTRACT FROM STATUTE 120.

"No student shall be admitted to the Final Examination for a degree until the expiration of at least three years after Matriculation, unless the Senate in special cases or special classes of cases otherwise determine."

PRIVILEGES AND EXEMPTIONS GRANTED BY OTHER BODIES.

For privileges and exemptions granted by other bodies to persons who have passed the Matriculation Examination (in its ordinary form or in the form of the School Examination Matriculation Standard) of the University of London, see separate regulations obtainable on application to the External Registrar, University of London, South Kensington, London, S.W. 7.

* "Referred" candidates must re-enter in accordance with the General Regulations, and must pay a fee of Rs. 60.50.

**REGULATIONS FOR THE JUNIOR AND SENIOR COMMERCIAL EDUCATION CERTIFICATES
AND TEACHERS' DIPLOMAS OF THE LONDON CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.**

1. These examinations are of two grades:—

(I.) Junior; (II.) Senior.

Note.—Senior candidates may sit for the Teachers' Diploma, providing they are engaged in teaching, or intend to become teachers of commercial subjects.

2. The subjects of the examinations, for both Junior and Senior candidates, may be taken—

(a) For a full certificate at one and the same examination; or

(b) For a group certificate of correlated subjects, which certificate may be counted towards a full certificate; or

(c) For a single subject certificate, which also may be counted towards a full certificate.

Senior candidates taking the Teachers' Diploma Examination are required to obtain a higher percentage of marks for a "Pass" than those taking the Senior Certificate only.

The full Junior Commercial Education Certificate and the Senior Higher Education Certificate taken at one and the same examination are distinct from those which have been built up from successes in successive examinations.

3. Applications for these examinations on the prescribed form, which may be obtained from the Education Office, must be made to the Director of Education not later than November 30, and must be accompanied by a Bank receipt for the fees credited to the account of the Director of Education in the Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd., Colombo, at the rate of Rs. 3 per subject or Rs. 16.50 for the full Junior Certificate, and Rs. 5 per subject for the Senior Examination. Entry fees are not returnable.

4. The examinations in 1925 will commence on May 4.

I.—JUNIOR EXAMINATION.

Candidates of any age are eligible for this examination.

SUBJECTS OF EXAMINATION.

(Single, Group, or Full Certificates are awarded.)

1.—Obligatory Subjects.

(a) *English*, including Orthography, Analysis, and Composition.

(b) *Handwriting*.

(c) *Arithmetic*, including Mental Arithmetic, Tots, and a knowledge of the Metric System.

(d) *A Modern Foreign Language*, comprising Translation, Dictation, Composition, and Conversation. *(Selected from Group "B"), or for Ceylon candidates an oral test in English.*

(e) *Commercial Geography*.

2.—Optional Subjects.

From which candidates, in order to obtain a full "Junior Commercial Education Certificate" must, in addition to the obligatory subjects, select *at least two* subjects from "A" or "B" of the following Groups:—

GROUP A.—MERCANTILE.

(At least two of the following):—

(i.) *Commercial History*.
(ii.) *Bookkeeping*.
(iii.) *Shorthand*.

(iv.) *Typewriting*.
(v.) *Commercial Commodities*.

(vi.) *Modern Business Routine*.
(vii.) *Drawing: (a) Freehand, or (b) Model*.

GROUP B.—LINGUISTIC.

(At least two, one other than that indicated as an obligatory subject):—

(i.) *French*.
(ii.) *Spanish*.
(iii.) *Italian*.
(iv.) *Portuguese*.

(v.) *Danish*.
(vi.) *Norwegian*.
(vii.) *Swedish*.
(viii.) *German*.

(ix.) *Russian*.
(x.) *Esperanto*.

No papers will be set in Danish, Norwegian, Swedish, or Russian unless 50 or more candidates enter for an examination in the same subject.

NOTE.—No candidate will be granted a certificate in any subject unless the paper is written in good and legible handwriting, and the spelling and composition are satisfactory.

In order to obtain a full "Junior Commercial Education Certificate," candidates are required to pass in each of the obligatory subjects, and in at least two subjects in one of the groups of optional subjects.

Separate Certificates are granted for proficiency in each of the subjects of examination to those candidates not presenting themselves for a full certificate at one and the same examination.

Candidates having received separate certificates for the whole of the obligatory subjects and at least two subjects in one of the optional groups of subjects, should return such certificates to the Commercial Education Department of this Chamber to be exchanged for a full "Junior Commercial Education Certificate."

1.—Obligatory Subjects.

The extent of the knowledge required of the student in these subjects will be gathered from the following syllabus:—

(a) **ENGLISH GRAMMAR AND COMPOSITION**, including Dictation, Orthography, Essay, and Analysis.

Note.—In this subject candidates must satisfy the Examiners in English, Reading, and Conversation.

(b) **HANDWRITING**, including round, text, and smallhand, as a test in (i.) slope, (ii.) the proportion of capital to small letters, (iii.) the systematic teaching of powers of observation, (iv.) ability to copy form, and (v.) steadiness of hand.

Addressing envelopes of various sizes, as a test of writing without lines, and of ability to write them correctly, both as regard position and terms of address.

Copying a draft letter or manuscript, a tabular statement or printed matter, &c., correcting any erasures, additions, or alterations therein.

Copying and ruling up, where necessary, arithmetical examples, items of an invoice, a statement, a receipt, a bill of exchange, a telegram, or other commercial forms of document in general use, and the displaying of headings, or other matter by different sizes of writing.

Simple lettering with the pen, and without the use of the pencil, thus: A B C, a b c, A B C, a b c.

Note.—Special attention is called to this subject, and no pains should be spared in seeking to meet the requirement of commercial houses in respect to handwriting.

The old fashioned copy book style of penmanship, thick in the downstrokes, almost invisible in the upstrokes, and abounding in flourishes, should be avoided. The characteristic most desired is legibility. Each letter should, therefore, be clearly and accurately formed, so that its identity may be distinguished apart from its position in the word—the u's distinguished from the n's, &c.—and the turnings should be round, and not angular. The writing, too, should be of moderate thickness and regular, and the loops and tails of letters should be short and full; otherwise they might run into and thus mar the legibility of the line above or below.

Certificates in this subject are given for Handwriting irrespective of technical knowledge.

(c) ARITHMETIC, including (i.) a thorough familiarity with arithmetical theory and practice, and particularly a knowledge of the metric system, (ii.) mental arithmetic, and (iii.) tots. Candidates *must pass* in (i.) and (ii.) in order to obtain a certificate.

(d) A MODERN FOREIGN LANGUAGE, comprising Conversation, Translation, Dictation, and Composition. (Selected from Group B.)

(e) COMMERCIAL GEOGRAPHY.—The Commercial and Industrial Geography of the British Empire.

2.—Optional Subjects.

GROUP A.—MERCANTILE.

(i.) COMMERCIAL HISTORY.—The history of the commerce of the British Empire.

(ii.) BOOKKEEPING.—General principles of bookkeeping by double entry, including keeping of ledger and *subsidiary books*. Knowledge of commercial terms.

Note.—A student may pass if his work is sufficiently good, by using a general ledger only, but by using sectional ledgers he stands a chance of earning extra marks.

(iii.) SHORTHAND.—Writing in shorthand (any system) from passages dictated at the rate of 50, 60, 70, or 80 words per minute for a period of five minutes. Transcription of any one of the above passages for which the candidate is allowed 40 minutes.

Spelling, punctuation, and neatness of writing in transcription will be taken into account in judging the candidate's work.

N.B.—Any one of the four speeds may be chosen by the candidate, but a speed of 80 words per minute is required for the full certificate, or to qualify for a prize in this subject.

Papers will be set in French, Spanish, and German shorthand, and any other modern foreign language if a sufficient number of entries are received.

(iv.) TYPEWRITING.—Copying, in correct form, commercial letters and tabular statements from manuscript copy. Special attention must be paid to accuracy, correct spelling, syllabification and punctuation, and general intelligence. Candidates will be allowed to use any make of machine they choose. *They must bring their own machines; otherwise they will be expected to typewrite on the machine provided, irrespective of make or model.*

(v.) COMMERCIAL COMMODITIES.—A general knowledge of the following:—Acids, alkalies and salts, alcohol, aluminium, amber, antimony, asbestos, bamboo, beer, brass, canned goods, carpets and floorcloths, celluloid, chicory, coal, cocoa, coffee, copper, copra, cotton, dyes, feathers and furs, gas, glass, glue, gums and resins, gutta percha, hair, indigo, ink, ivory, iron and steel, jute, lace, leather, lead, linen, marble and slate, meerschaum, mica, oils, paints, paper, pearls, plumbago, pottery, the precious metals, precious stones, rice, rubber, salt, silk, soap, sugar, tea, timber, tin, tobacco, varnishes, wheat, white lead, wool, yeast, zinc.

(vi.) MODERN BUSINESS ROUTINE.—The division of a business into various departments; organization and functions of each department.

The organization and equipment of a large office. Modern labour-saving devices, card and loose-leaf systems, calculating machines, &c.

The preparation and handling of correspondence, giving special methods suitable for commercial houses and agents.

Letter writing—importance, style, arrangement of letters, various types of business letters.

Methods of filing multiplex copies of letters and documents.

The filing and indexing systems.

Cashier's duties, involving a review of banking practice, opening an account at a bank, cheques, promissory notes, bills of exchange, overdrafts, loans.

Purchase and sales of goods (wholesale and retail), prices, current, price lists, quotations, tenders, estimates, contracts, orders, packing and unpacking of goods, methods of checking goods, received and issued invoicing, debit and credit notes, discounts (trade, cash and bankers).

Records of stores received and delivered, systems of control, organization of the General Post Office regarding inland, foreign, and Colonial correspondence, letters, post cards, printed papers, samples, and parcels.

Registration and insurance, telegraph and telephone, money orders and postal orders. The Post Office Savings Bank.

(vii.) DRAWING.—(a) Freehand, or (b) Model.

GROUP B.—LINGUISTIC.

FRENCH, ITALIAN, DANISH, SWEDISH, ESPERANTO, SPANISH, PORTUGUESE, NORWEGIAN, GERMAN, RUSSIAN.—Translation from and into English, Dictation, Grammar, Conversation, Composition.

Candidates *must pass* in Conversation as well as in the written portion of a language in order to obtain a certificate.

No papers will be set in Danish, Norwegian, Swedish or Russian unless 50 or more candidates enter for an examination in the same subject.

Note.—In languages other than those using the Roman letters, candidates must show a knowledge of the *written characters* by taking down a passage dictated and by translating a facsimile letter in the same.

II.—SENIOR EXAMINATION.

No candidates will be permitted to enter for this examination under the age of 16 years, unless they hold a Junior Certificate for the subject for which they enter.

SUBJECTS OF EXAMINATION.

1.—Obligatory Subjects.

(a) English (including Composition, Précis Writing, and Literature).

(b) Foreign Language.—(Any two, preferably including one other than French or Spanish).

(c) Elements of Political Economy.

(d) Commercial History and Geography.

(e) Advanced Arithmetic.

2.—Optional Subjects.

From which candidates, in order to obtain a "Higher Commercial Education Certificate" must, in addition to the obligatory subjects, select at least two of the following:—

(a) *Methods and Machinery of Business* :

(1) Insurance—

- (i.) Fire.
- (ii.) Life.
- (iii.) Marine.

(2) Exchange—

- (iv.) The stock exchange.
- (v.) Foreign exchanges.

- (b) *Banking and Currency.*
- (c) *Commercial and Industrial Law.*
- (d) *Company Law.*
- (e) *Bookkeeping and Accountancy.*
- (f) *Advertising.*
- (g) *Salesmanship.*
- (h) *Shorthand.*
- (i) *Typewriting.*
- (j) *Office Appliances and Systems.*
- (k) *Textiles.*

NOTE.—No candidate will be granted a certificate in any subject unless the paper is written in good and legible handwriting and the spelling and composition are satisfactory.

In order to obtain a "Higher Commercial Education Certificate" candidates are required to pass in each of the obligatory subjects, and in at least two of the optional subjects.

Separate "Senior Commercial Education Certificates" are granted for proficiency in each of the subjects of examination to those candidates not presenting themselves for a full certificate at one and the same examination.

Candidates having received separate certificates for the whole of the obligatory subjects and at least two of the optional subjects, should return such certificates to the Commercial Education Department of this Chamber to be exchanged for a "Higher Commercial Education Certificate."

1.—Obligatory Subjects.

The extent of the knowledge required of the student in these subjects will be gathered from the following syllabus:—

(a) ENGLISH :

(1) *Composition and Précis.*—The candidate will be expected to write a short essay on some generally known subject, paying special attention to grammar and style; also a précis in the form of a narrative of the contents of one or of a number of letters or documents dealing with a particular subject, so that anyone reading the précis may be put into possession in the smallest space of time of the main features of the subject to which the documents refer.

(2) *Literature, History, and Geography.*—The questions will be set with the object of testing the candidate's knowledge of—

- (i.) English literature generally.
- (ii.) English History with special reference to the growth of the British constitution.
- (iii.) Geography with special reference to the British Empire.

NOTE.—In this subject candidates must satisfy the examiner in English Reading and Conversation.

(b) FOREIGN LANGUAGES.—(French, Spanish, Italian, Portuguese, Danish, Norwegian, Swedish, German, Russian).

- (1) Translations from and into the foreign languages with grammatical questions.
- (2) A short essay in the foreign languages.
- (3) Questions on technical terms of commerce—translation of an English commercial letter into the foreign languages or composition of a commercial letter in the foreign languages from notes.
- (4) Dictation in the foreign languages.
- (5) The candidates' ability to express themselves with ease in a colloquial manner will be tested by conversation in the foreign languages.

Candidates must pass in Conversation as well as in the written portion of a language in order to obtain a certificate. Foreigners taking the examination in their own language must satisfy the examiner in English.

No papers will be set in Danish, Norwegian, Swedish, or Russian, unless 25 or more candidates enter for an examination in the same subject.

In languages other than those using the Roman letters candidates must show a knowledge of the written characters by taking down a passage dictated and by translating a facsimile letter in the same.

ESPERANTO.—The syllabus is similar to that of foreign languages.

(c) ADVANCED ARITHMETIC :

Advanced exercises in proportion, discounts, stocks and shares, profit and loss and compound interest (including its application to the repayment of loans), the use of logarithms (particularly as applied to compound interest, insurance, and annuities), rates of exchange and transactions in home and foreign bills, the money market, metric system, and coinages.

Note.—Tables of logarithms and currencies will be given on the examination paper.

(d) COMMERCIAL HISTORY AND GEOGRAPHY :

Phœnician and Ancient Greek and Roman commerce and colonization. Mediæval commerce. The Hansa and the Baltic trade. The staple system. The rise of the merchant adventurers. The discovery and early exploration of America. The discovery of the sea way to India. The search for the north-west and north-east passages to India. The Portuguese, Dutch, and English in the East. The mercantilists, the balance of trade. Chartered Companies Regulated and Joint Stock Companies. Early free trade measures. Commercial treaties. Physiocrats, Adam Smith. Free trade. The industrial and commercial revolution at the end of the 18th and beginning of the 19th century, and its effects both in the United Kingdom and on the continent of Europe.

Emigration to America and migration in America. Grain cultivation and transport in the United States, Canada, and the Argentine Republic. Industrial and commercial development during the 19th century in the United States, Canada, Australasia, Egypt, British Tropical Africa, British South Africa, India, Ceylon, Japan, and China.

The influence of geographical conditions on the commercial history of all the countries named. This implies an intelligent study of the physical features of the different countries, more particularly in relation to (a) their effects on climate and agricultural production, and (b) the easiest lines of inland communication, whether by water, road, or rail; also the study of other causes affecting climates, and production so far as that depends on climate; the situation of the most important economic minerals and the natural facilities for, or obstacles to, their economic working; the effects of all these circumstances on the distribution of population; including the aggregation of population in large towns; the various circumstances which at different times have given different degrees of importance to different commodities or classes of commodities, and the situation of the different regions producing, and the most important markets for, the most valuable commodities, and the routes connecting these, at different times.

(e) ELEMENTS OF POLITICAL ECONOMY :

1. The scope and methods of economic science.
2. Definitions : Wealth ; value ; exchange ; utility ; capital ; market ; supply and demand.
3. Production : Its aim and agents—large and small production.
4. Labour : Efficiency ; organization ; division of labour ; population ; effects of machinery.
5. Capital : Nature and functions ; law of increase ; aggregation of capital ; joint stock system.
6. Land and its efficiency : Law of diminishing returns ; law of increasing returns.
7. Theory of value : Market and normal value ; fluctuations.
8. Distribution of wealth : Principles determining rent, profits, interest, and wages.
9. Combinations of labour and capital : Trade unions, co-operation, trusts, and monopolies.
10. State and municipal production and regulation of industry : Transit—roads, railways, canals.
11. Money and credit : Their forms and services ; credit fluctuations ; and crises.
12. Foreign trade : Condition, nature, and effects ; restrictions on international trading and results.
13. Theory of the foreign exchanges and their modes of operation.
14. Principles of taxation. Public loans.

2.—Optional Subjects.

(a) METHODS AND MACHINERY OF BUSINESS :

(1) Insurance :

(i.) Fire Insurance—

1. Fire risks ; insurable interest ; policy conditions.
2. Indemnity ; subrogation.
3. Loss apportionment ; settlement of claims ; assignment of policies.
4. Insurance bookkeeping ; official returns.

(ii.) Life Insurance—

1. Interest tables ; construction of mortality tables ; calculation of premiums.
2. Kinds of policies ; insurable interest ; policy conditions ; assignment of policies.
3. Valuation ; reserve ; bonus distribution.
4. Insurance bookkeeping ; official returns.
5. Miscellaneous policies ; bond investment ; sickness and accident.

(iii.) Marine Insurance.—Nature and formation of the contract, parties thereto, and subject-matter of insurance ; insurable interest ; different kinds of policies ; course of business ; insurance agents ; warranties and representations, duration of the risk. Deviation and change of voyage, concealment, and misrepresentation. Losses under policy ; particular average and total loss ; particular charges ; general average. Subrogation ; return of premium.

(2) Exchange :

(iv.) The Stock Exchange.—Stock exchange and its machinery ; constitution and rules ; brokers and jobbers ; the markets ; the contract ; contango and backwardation ; settling, options, script ; bull and bear ; bonus, coupons, dividend ; the public funds.

(v.) Foreign Exchanges.—Machinery of exchange ; negotiable instruments ; bills of exchange and cheques ; Indian and Foreign bills ; acceptance for honour, negotiation, maturity, protest, re-exchange ; stamps required ; inland and foreign exchanges ; arbitration of exchange ; rate of exchange.

Notes.—(1) A certificate in the methods and machinery of business will be granted to students taking any three of the five above sections (i.), (ii.), (iii.), (iv.), and (v.), of which not more than two may be selected from insurance. Certificates will also be given to students taking only one or more of the sections separately.

(2) Candidates desirous of taking two sections of this paper on the same evening may do so by an extension of the time, viz., two hours for each paper. The usual fee of Rs. 5 must be paid for each section.

(b) BANKING AND CURRENCY :

1. The functions and attributes of money ; various systems of legal tender ; the monetary standard ; standard and token coins.
2. The regulation of the currency ; note issues.
3. The history of banking in England ; the restriction of cash payments and the resumption ; the Bank Acts.
4. The structure of the English banking system ; the reserve ; the clearing house.
5. The money market ; bank rate and market rate ; the bank return ; the " Money Article " ; bankers and borrowers ; bank balance sheets.
6. The relation between money, credit, and prices ; the effect of the gold discoveries ; financial crises ; the function and limits of speculation ; the stock exchange.
7. The foreign exchanges ; the method by which the country's foreign and Colonial trade (import and export) is financed ; financial centres.

(c) COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL LAW :

1. History of Commercial Law in England.
2. Contract : Nature of, generally ; elements common to all contracts—
 - (i.) Consideration : Formalities required ; capacity to contract.
 - (ii.) Effect of mistake, misrepresentation, and fraud.
 - (iii.) Legality of object : Wagering contracts.
 - (iv.) Assignment of the contract : Negotiability and bills of exchange.
3. Partnership : Nature and formation ; rights and duties of partners ; dissolution—limited partnership.
4. Bills of sale : Mercantile securities.
5. Bankruptcy and deeds of arrangement.
6. Patents ; trade marks ; trade names.
7. Trade libels—slander of title : " Passing off."
8. The courts—arbitration and awards.

Attention must be directed to the following special commercial contracts :—

- (i.) Sale of goods ; conditions ; warranties.
- (ii.) Contracts on the stock exchange.
- (iii.) Contracts of affreightment : charter parties and bills of lading.
- (iv.) Insurance : fire, life, marine, and general. Average, both general and particular.
- (v.) Negotiable instruments—bills of exchange : promissory notes, cheques, &c.
- (vi.) Agency.
- (vii.) Guarantee (suretyship) and indemnity.

(d) COMPANY LAW (The Companies Acts, 1908 and 1913) :

1. *The Formation of a Joint Stock Company.*—Preliminary contracts ; memorandum and articles of associations ; prospectus and promoter ; underwriting ; domicil, office, name, seal, and books.
2. *Membership of a Company.*—Allotment ; transfer and transmission ; register of members ; calls, forfeiture, and lien.
3. *Capital.*—Classes of capital ; increase and reduction of capital profits, dividends, and interest.
4. *Borrowing Powers.*—Bills of exchange ; mortgages ; debentures ; registration of mortgages and charges ; receivers and managers.
5. *The Management and Conduct of the Business of a Company.*—Directors . secretary ; auditors ; employees ; accounts ; contracts.
6. *The Conduct of, and Procedure at, Company Meetings.*—Notices of meetings meetings of directors and shareholders ; resolutions and amendments ; minutes ; powers and duties of a chairman ; quorum ; voting and proxies ; privilege in speeches.
7. *The Winding up of a Company.*—Compulsory ; voluntary ; under supervision of the court ; the conduct of the liquidation.
8. Foreign companies in the United Kingdom.
9. Company offences.
10. Unregistered companies.

(e) BOOKKEEPING AND ACCOUNTANCY :

1. *Its Principles :* (i.) *Single entry.*—Its meaning ; the books used ; its incompleteness.
- (ii.) *Double entry.*—Its theory ; scientific methods ; adaptability to all classes of commercial transactions ; how superior to single entry.
2. *The Books employed.*—The uses of the several varieties of cash books, sales books, purchases books, journals, ledgers, subsidiary books, special books used in particular businesses. The "Columnar System." The "Sectional System" of self-balancing ledgers.
3. *The Terms used.*—The meaning and nature of the terms employed, such as "Capital," "Loans," "Debentures," "Mortgages," "Overdraft," "Creditors," "Personal and impersonal or nominal accounts," "Bills payable," "Bills receivable," "Discounts," "Interest," "Liabilities," "Assets," "Debtors," "Stocks," "Profit and Loss," "Shares (ordinary, preference, deferred)," "Rents," "Royalties," "Leases," "Premiums," "Depreciation," "Sinking Funds," "Provisions," "Plant," "Fixed charges," "Tillages," "Crops," "Consignments," "Investments," "Reserve Funds," &c.
4. *The Balancing of Books.*—Methods of balancing books at stated periods ; the preparation of trading accounts, profit and loss accounts, and balance sheets.
5. *The Variations in Particular Businesses.*—The books required, the methods of keeping them, and the form of the presentation of accounts in different enterprises, such as shopkeepers ; merchants ; manufacturers ; railway and canal companies ; gas and water companies ; municipal corporations ; county councils ; insurance (life, fire, marine, &c.), companies ; shipowners ; brokers ; joint stock companies, &c. ; bankers, &c.

(f) ADVERTISING :

The planning and writing of advertisements. A knowledge of types, type measurements, and printing style. Copy and proof reading. Advertisement, display, and illustrations. Engraving and printing and the various processes employed. Knowledge of media suitable for the various classes of general and special advertising, outdoor advertising. Circulars, form letters, and follow-up systems. Keying and checking advertisements. The law affecting advertising. Advertising agencies and consultants.

(g) SALESMANSHIP :

The science and art on business of selling. The essentials of good salesmanship and modern methods of marketing. Selling to the dealer and to the consumer. Various methods of selling. Mail order, circular, form letter, and follow-up system. Business correspondence, arithmetic, forms and documents, and special trade terms. Orders, accounts, credits, and collections. Law as affecting sales and salesmen. General commercial knowledge. A knowledge of customer and goods. The checking and comparison of results.

(h) SHORTHAND :

Writing in shorthand (any system) from passages dictated at the rate of 100, 110, 120, 130, or 150 words per minute for a period of seven minutes. Transcription of any one of the above passages for which the candidate is allowed 110 minutes.

Spelling, punctuation, neatness of writing in transcription, proper arrangement into paragraphs, and general business-like appearance to be taken into account in judging of the candidate's work.

Papers will be set in French, Spanish, and German shorthand, and in any other modern foreign language if a sufficient number of entries are received.

NOTE.—*Either one of the five speeds may be chosen by the candidate, but a speed of 120 words per minute is required for a full certificate, or to qualify for a prize.*

(i.) TYPEWRITING :

Candidates will be expected to copy passages of varying difficulty, technical, commercial, legal, tabular statements, &c., and to transcribe from badly written and confused manuscript. Candidates must possess knowledge in connection with typewriting, copying, and the mechanical construction of the typewriter where that bears upon possible accidents and requirements of daily occurrence in an office. Candidates will be expected to show a knowledge of duplicating processes. Special attention should be paid to accuracy, correct spelling, syllabification, punctuation, and general intelligence. The papers given will cover the ordinary range of subjects that fall within the province of the typist and correspondence clerk. Candidates will be allowed to use any make of machine they choose. They must bring their own machines, otherwise they will be expected to typewrite on the machine provided irrespective of make or model.

THE PRINCIPLES AND APPLICATIONS OF MODERN OFFICE APPLIANCES AND SYSTEMS :

Addressing Machines :

- Description of the various types available.
- The advantages of the addressing machine.
- The various kinds of stencils : how made.
- Filing the stencils.
- The use of the addressing machine in the counting house, sales department, dispatching department, secretary's office, factory, insurance office, public services, &c.

Adding and Calculating Machines :

- Description of the various types of machine available.
- The advantages of the machine.
- What mathematical operations machines can efficiently perform.
- In what departments of a business house, factory, or public administration machines can be of use.
- Care of the machine.

Bookkeeping Machines :

- Description of the various types of machine available.
- The advantages of the machine.
- For what operations it can usefully be employed in any business organization.

Cheque Protecting Devices :

- Description of the various types of machine available.
- Advantages of the cheque writer.
- The documents for which it should be used.

Carbon Paper :

- What it is and how made.
- The uses of the various qualities.
- How to judge carbon paper.
- The storage of carbon paper and its deterioration.
- Labour-saving devices for using carbon paper.

Coin Counting, Sorting, Packeting, and Paying Machines :

- Descriptions of the various types of machine available.
- The advantages of the machine.
- Its uses in the various departments of a business house or factory.

Copying Machines :

- Descriptions of the various types of machine available.
- Its advantages.

Dictating Machines :

- Description of the various types of machine available.
- The advantages of the machine.
- Its place in a business organization.

Duplicating Machines :

- Description of the various types of machines available.
- Stencil and type machines compared.
- The various types of stencils.
- Type setting and type setters.
- Ribbon printing.
- Signature devices and other attachments and their uses.
- Matching-in.
- The advantage of a duplicator and its place in a business organization.

Efficient Stationery :

- Designing forms and combining several into one working set.
- Carbon systems in books, loose-sets, and special machines.

Envelope Sealing Machines :

- Description of the various types of machine available.
- The advantages of the machine.

Filing and Card Index Systems :

- Various systems of card records and vertical filing. How applied to various types of records. Rules for compiling. Guide cards. Coloured cards. Tabs, signals, ticklers. Visible card records. General features. Its advantages. Method of operation. How used in counting house, stores, costs departments, correspondence departments, sales departments, works departments, progress departments, &c.
- Application of various systems to business, factory, municipal, and governmental records. Filing methods. The cabinet and its equipment. Folders, binders, guides. Various systems. Alphabetical and numerical. Cross reference, special systems for special purposes. Work organizers.

Telephones :

- Description of the various types available.
- The advantages and the uses of the internal telephone.
- Loud speakers and their users.
- The value of the internal telephone to the manager.
- The correct use of the P. O. 'phone.

Loose Leaf Devices :

Various types of loose-leaf books available.
 Their advantages.
 For what purposes they can be efficiently used.
 Practical care of loose-leaf books.
 Legal position of loose-leaf books.

Office Furniture, &c. :

The importance of office furniture (a) to promote efficiency, and (b) to advertise the business.
 Wood and steel furniture compared.
 The requirements for an ideal desk, chair, cabinet, &c.
 Floor coverings and their uses.
 Dust and its prevention, heating, lighting, ventilation.
 Noise and its effects ; anti-noise devices.
 Health in the office.

Office Printing Machines :

Description of the various types of machine available.
 Flat-bed and rotary machines ; their respective merits.
 Setting and distributing, by hand or automatically.
 Printing with ink and through ribbon.
 Colour printing.
 Electors, zincos, and half-tones, and their uses and advantages.
 Knowledge of various faces of type.
 Knowledge of the requirements of good printing.
 The production of office stationery and advertising matter.
 The various attachments, such as signature device, perforators, &c.

Paper Fastening Devices :

Description of the various types, uses, and advantages.

Perforating Devices :

Description of the various types of machine.
 Uses and advantages of the machine.

Stamp Affixing and Franking Machines :

Description of the various types available.
 Advantages of the machine.
 How operated.

Stencil Cutting Machines (for marking crates, &c.) :

Description of various types of machine.
 Uses and advantages of the machine.

Tabulating Machines :

Descriptions of the various types of machine available.
 Advantages of the machine.
 The various departments in business or public offices where the machine can be efficiently used.

Ticket and Show Card Machines :

Description of the various types of machine available.
 Cutter crush—cold cutter crush—embossed tickets.
 The advantages of the machine.
 Window display and the importance of good show cards.
 Comparative cost of hand-made and machine-made cards.

Time Recorders :

Description of the various types of machine available.
 The advantages of the machine.
 Mechanically printed time cards and their uses.
 Use of time recorders in conjunction with adding, calculating, and listing machines.
 Use of time recorders in analysis of costing.
 Co-ordination of time card, job card, and work sheet.
 The function of the time recorder in a business or industrial organization.

Typewriters :

Description of the various types of machine available.
 The respective merits of the various types.
 Use of the attachments.
 Ribbons and carbon paper : their use and care.
 Single-shift and double-shift machines.
 Stencil cutting.
 Devices for lessening eye and nerve strain.
 Fingering, addressing, tabulating, spacing, margins.
 Various faces of type.
 Adding attachments.
 Care of the typewriter and simple repairs.

III.—TEACHERS' EXAMINATION.

In order to obtain a Teachers' Diploma, candidates are required to satisfy the Commercial Education Committee of their intention to teach the subjects stated on their Diplomas.

The syllabus, subjects of examination, fees, dates, and hours of examination will be the same as that for Senior candidates, except in the case of shorthand, when they will be required to take down the two speed tests of 100 and 110 words per minute, each for a period of seven minutes, and to transcribe one of these, in addition to which they will be required to transcribe from printed matter into shorthand.

The same papers in all subjects will be set as for Senior candidates, with additional questions for those taking the Teachers' Diploma.

Candidates in this examination will be required to answer certain of the ordinary and additional questions, and obtain a higher percentage of marks for a "Pass" or for "Distinction" than is expected for Senior Candidates.

This examination is distinct from that set for Seniors, and therefore Candidates who fail to obtain a "Pass" therein cannot be awarded a Senior Certificate.

The General Rules and Regulations applicable to Senior candidates will also apply to those taking this examination.

Candidates sitting for the Teachers' Diploma must fill up the declaration on the inside of the Senior Work Papers, and must be over 16 years.

Successful candidates in this examination are entitled to use the initials C.E.T.D. after their names.

Note.—The Teachers' Diploma of the London Chamber of Commerce is recognized by the London County Council, *inter alia*, in connection with appointments to the panels of evening institute instructors. In cases where the instructors have had little or no teaching experience the Council may require as a condition of appointment to the panel, attendance at recognized pedagogic courses.

Education Office,
Colombo, September 22, 1924.

L. MACRAE,
Director of Education.

Surveyor and Leveller.

IT is hereby notified under Ordinance No. 26 of 1909 that the under-mentioned has been registered and licensed to practise as Surveyor and Leveller for the current year:—

Date of License.	Registration No.	License No.	Name.	Address.
October 13, 1924	421	A 1000	Croos Dabrera, L. H.	Marienburg, Negombo

Surveyor-General's Office,
Colombo, October 14, 1924.

C. R. LUNDIE,
for Surveyor-General.

Tenders for Lease of Right to Gem.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Government Agent of the Province of Sabaragamuwa will receive sealed tenders for the lease of the right to gem for one year in the under-mentioned Crown lands in the District of Ratnapura.

2. The tenders, which must be in sealed envelopes, superscribed "Tender for Gemming Lease," will be received at the Ratnapura Kachcheri until 2 P.M. on Tuesday, November 18, 1924, when they will be opened, and all persons making tenders will be required to be present or satisfy the Government Agent by some duly accredited agents that the tender is *bona fide*.

3. The person whose tender is selected by the Government Agent for submission to the Governor will be required to deposit the full amount of the tender at once in cash; and, should the tender be accepted by His Excellency the Governor, to enter into a lease bond for the fulfilment of the conditions on which the tender is accepted, and furnish the necessary stamps.

4. The Government Agent reserves to himself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

5. The highest tenderer should deposit Rs. 100 for each land as security for filling up pits.

6. Tenders must be made for each land separately.

7. Further information can be obtained from the Government Agent, Ratnapura.

8. Lessee of lot 6, mentioned in the following list of lands should notify to the Government Mineralogist, Colombo, when he begins to gem, and stop work, and give him access to the workings at any time for inspection.

Lands.

(1) Telahitipanedola about 10 chains in length from Imbulawela Mahagala to Telahitipane Mahagala, situate at Digangala in Pannil pattu, Atakalan korale; boundaries are: north, Imbulawela Mahagala; south, Telahitipane

Mahagala; east, Morandola stream reservation; west, Telahitipanemukalana. (Gemming in the banks will not be allowed).

(2) Horanekada Mahadola *alias* Kuda-ganga about 800 yards in length and 12 yards in breadth from Miniella on the north and Dehigahawattedola on the south; situated at Ayagama in Palle pattu, Kukul korale.

(3) Kiriwanagodella about 6 acres in extent at Amuwala in Palle pattu, Nawadun korale (in lot 4 in final village plan No. 81, to the north of lot 5).

(4) Delwala-ganga about 30 chains in length from Ukberiyadolamodera on the west, to the kumbuk tree in the land called Minikampitiwatta on the east, at Delwala in the Meda pattu, Nawadun korale. (No deviation shall be made of the usual flow of water in this river, and the operations shall not render the water unfit for consumption or bathing by human beings).

(5) Karawiti-ganga about 60 chains in length from lot 24 to lot 14 in final village plan No. 39, at Karawita in the Meda pattu, Nawadun korale. (Gemming in the banks will not be allowed).

(6) Watawalamukalana, lot 51A, in extent 3 acres 3 roods and 24 perches in final village plan No. 38, at Niriella in the Palle pattu, Nawadun korale.

(7) Huladduwa-ela, about 1½ mile in length, commencing from Pahalollahekumbura and ending at Wadigewatta. (Gemming in the banks will not be allowed).

(8) Watawalamukalana, lot 51B, in extent 3 acres 3 roods and 24 perches in final village plan No. 38, at Niriella in the Palle pattu, Nawadun korale.

(9) Heen-dola in Pitakanda at Yatagare in Pannil pattu, Atakalan korale, a length of 100 chains from the Colombugama village boundary to the east. (Gemming in the banks will not be allowed).

The Kachcheri,
Ratnapura, October 6, 1924.

T. SAM DE SILVA,
for Government Agent.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated September 2, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,413 of September 5, 1924, the premises bearing assessment No. 11, situated at Hunupitiya road, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 13, 1924.

CHAS. W. PATE,

The Municipal Office, Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.
Colombo, October 8, 1924.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated September 5, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,415 of September 12, 1924, the premises known as the Private Hospital, Union place, Slave Island, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 26, 1924.

CHAS. W. PATE,

The Municipal Office, Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.
Colombo, October 8, 1924.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated August 1, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,409 of August 8, 1924, the premises bearing assessment No. 11, situated at Greenpath, Colpetty, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 24, 1924.

CHAS. W. PATE,

The Municipal Office, Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.
Colombo, October 8, 1924.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated August 29, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,413 of September 5, 1924, the premises bearing assessment No. 1, situated at Vauxhall lane, Slave Island, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 26, 1924.

CHAS. W. PATE,

The Municipal Office, Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.
Colombo, October 8, 1924.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated August 20, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,412 of August 29, 1924, the premises bearing assessment No. 60, situated at Colpetty lane, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 6, 1924.

CHAS. W. PATE,

The Municipal Office, Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.
Colombo, October 8, 1924.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated August 30, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,413 of September 5, 1924, the premises bearing assessment No. 18, situated at Colpetty lane, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 20, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, October 8, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated August 30, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,413 of September 5, 1924, the premises bearing assessment No. 7, situated at Flower road, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 7, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, October 8, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated August 30, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,413 of September 5, 1924, the premises bearing assessment No. 1086, situated at 5th lane, Colpetty, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 19, 1924.

CHAS. W. PATE,

The Municipal Office, Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.
Colombo, October 8, 1924.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated September 10, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,418 of September 19, 1924, the premises bearing assessment No. 52, situated at Fergusons road, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 18, 1924.

CHAS. W. PATE,

The Municipal Office, Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.
Colombo, October 9, 1924.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated July 28, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,408 of August 1, 1924, the premises bearing assessment No. 29, situated at Lockgate lane, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from October 7, 1924.

CHAS. W. PATE,

The Municipal Office, Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.
Colombo, October 9, 1924.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated September 30, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,421 of October 3, 1924, the premises bearing assessment No. 16A, situated at Colpetty lane, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from October 4, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, October 9, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated September 13, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,418 of September 19, 1924, the premises bearing assessment No. 3, situated at Racecourse Avenue (Maligawa), Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 26, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, October 9, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated September 13, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,418 of September 19, 1924, the premises bearing assessment No. 22, situated at Jampettah street, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 25, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, October 9, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated September 29, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,421 of October 3, 1924, the premises bearing assessment No. 51, situated at New Chetty street, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 30, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, October 9, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated September 16, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,418 of September 19, 1924, the premises bearing assessment No. 204, situated at Grandpass road, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 27, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, October 9, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated September 18, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,419 of September 26, 1924, the premises bearing assessment No. 15/43, situated at Maligawatta, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 27, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, October 9, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated September 13, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,418 of September 19, 1924, the premises bearing assessment No. 110, situated at Sea street, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 25, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, October 9, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated September 12, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,418 of September 19, 1924, the premises bearing assessment No. 15, situated at Fergusons road, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 24, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, October 9, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated September 20, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,419 of September 26, 1924, the premises bearing assessment No. 412/40, situated at Silversmith lane, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from September 22, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, October 9, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated July 10, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,406 of July 18, 1924, the premises bearing assessment No. 6, situated at Hyde Park Corner, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from October 3, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, October 14, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated September 30, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,421 of October 3, 1924, the premises bearing assessment No. 206, situated at 2nd Division, Maradana, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from October 3, 1924.

CHAS. W. PATE,

The Municipal Office, Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.
Colombo, October 14, 1924.

Rinderpest.

NOTICE is hereby given that the areas declared infected at Warapalana and Henegama in Siyane korale west in the Western Province, under section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, and proclaimed in the *Gazette* of August 22, 1924, are now free from rinderpest, and are no longer infected areas.

The Kachcheri, R. J. PEREIRA,
Colombo, October 7, 1924. for Government Agent.

Rinderpest.

NOTICE is hereby given that the areas declared infected at Hanwella Pahala and Jaltara in Hewagam korale of the Western Province, under section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, and proclaimed in the *Gazettes* of August 8, 1924, and August 22, 1924, are now free from rinderpest, and are no longer infected areas.

The Kachcheri, R. J. PEREIRA,
Colombo, October 7, 1924. for Government Agent.

Rinderpest.

NOTICE is hereby given that the areas declared infected at Kudupitiyabadawatta in Moratumulla, Radatotanella in Laxsapatiya, Diyaporagahadeniya in Laxsapatiya, Gorakagahawatta (No. 37) in Moratumulla, and Apalagawatta in Moratumulla, in Salpiti korale of the Western Province, under section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, and proclaimed in the *Gazettes* of July 11, 1924; July 18, 1924; and August 1, 1924, are now free from rinderpest, and are no longer infected areas.

The Kachcheri, R. J. PEREIRA,
Colombo, October 7, 1924. for Government Agent.

Rinderpest.

NOTICE is hereby given that the areas declared infected at Dalupotha, Kehelbaddara, Yatiyana, Dewalapola, Kadawala, Dewalapola, Hcrampella, Matammana, Diulapitiya, Matammana, Bulugahamulla, Kehelbaddara, Welangana, and Tammita in Alutkuru korale north of the Western Province, under section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, and proclaimed in the *Gazettes* of June 27, 1924; July 18, 1924; August 8, 1924; August 15, 1924; August 22, 1924; August 29, 1924; September 5, 1924; and September 19, 1924, are now free from rinderpest, and are no longer infected areas.

The Kachcheri, R. J. PEREIRA,
Colombo, October 7, 1924. for Government Agent.

Rinderpest.

NOTICE is hereby given that the areas declared infected at Yatawake and Hapugastenna in Siyane korale east of the Western Province, under section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, and proclaimed in the *Gazette* of August 15, 1924, are now free from rinderpest, and are no longer infected areas.

The Kachcheri, R. J. PEREIRA,
Colombo, October 7, 1924. for Government Agent.

Rinderpest.

NOTICE is hereby given that the areas declared infected at Loluwagoda and Hangawatta in Hapitigam korale of the Western Province, under section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, and proclaimed in the *Gazette* of September 19, 1924, is now free from rinderpest, and are no longer infected areas.

The Kachcheri, R. J. PEREIRA,
Colombo, October 7, 1924. for Government Agent.

Rinderpest.

NOTICE is hereby given that the areas declared infected at Madapatha and at Kowilawatta at Moratumulla in Salpiti korale of the Western Province, under section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, and proclaimed in the *Government Gazettes* of September 26, 1924, and October 3, 1924, are now free from rinderpest, and are no longer infected areas.

The Kachcheri, R. J. PEREIRA,
Colombo, October 13, 1924. for Government Agent.

Rinderpest.

NOTICE is hereby given that the areas declared infected at Mabile, Kebellagodawela, Hendala, Mabile, Kerawalapitiya, Wattala, Batagama North, Kerawalapitiya, Kudahakapola, Kerawalapitiya, and Mabile in Alutkuru korale south of the Western Province, under section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, and proclaimed in the *Government Gazettes* of July 25, 1924; August 1, 1924; August 15, 1924; August 22, 1924; August 29, 1924; and September 5, 1924, are now free from rinderpest, and are no longer infected areas.

The Kachcheri, R. J. PEREIRA,
Colombo, October 13, 1924. for Government Agent.

Rinderpest.

NOTICE is hereby given that the areas declared infected at Etulkotte, Kotikawatta, and Kalubovila East in Colombo Mudaliyar's division of the Western Province, under section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, and proclaimed in the *Government Gazettes* of September 5, 1924; September 12, 1924; and September 19, 1924, are now free from rinderpest, and are no longer infected areas.

The Kachcheri, R. J. PEREIRA,
Colombo, October 13, 1924. for Government Agent.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out at Kelapitimulla in Alutkuru korale north of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by land belonging to T. Upalis Silva, south by high road, east by tract of fields, west by road leading to Upalis Silva's land.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

C. H. A. SAMARAKKODY,
September 30, 1924. Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale North.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out at Pathanduwana in Alutkuru korale north of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by land belonging to Hinaris Fernando, south by land belonging to Romel Appahamy, east by road, west by lands belonging to John Silva Appahamy.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

C. H. A. SAMARAKKODY,
October 2, 1924. Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale North.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out at Wattegedara in Alutkuru korale north of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by Wattegedara Village Committee road, south by tract of fields, east by land belonging to Police Vidane, Wattegedara, and a path, west by path running through the lands of Thelenis Perera and Julis Perera to the fields.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

C. H. A. SAMARAKKODY,
October 3, 1924. Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale North.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out at Nilpanagoda in Alutkuru korale north of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by road to Dunagaha, south by tract of fields, east by lands belonging to Mr. Soysa and Wederala, west by tract of fields.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

C. H. A. SAMARAKKODY,
October 6, 1924. Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale North.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out at Bombu gammana in Alutkuru korale north of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by tract of fields, south by Negombo-Diulapitiya Public Works Department road, east by tract of fields, west by land belonging to Mr. John Mendis

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

C. H. A. SAMARAKKODY,
October 7, 1924. Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale North.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out on Beligahawatta at Wattala in Alutkuru korale south of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by road leading to Galwetiye mill, south by land belonging to Philip Perera, east by road leading to Wattala ferry, west by Kelani-ganga.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

TIMOTHY F. ABAYAKOON,
September 27, 1924. Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale South.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out on Alubogahawatta at Ekala in Alutkuru korale south of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by land belonging to K. Appu Sinno, south by a portion of this land, east by land belonging to K. Appu Sinno, west by dewata road.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

TIMOTHY F. ABAYAKOON,
September 27, 1924. Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale South.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out on Alubogahawatta at Ekala in Alutkuru korale south of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by village Maeliya, south by land belonging to R. P. W. Seneviratna, east by land belonging to Juse Ranasinghe, west by land belonging to Baronehi Appuhami.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

TIMOTHY F. ABAYAKOON,
September 29, 1924. Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale South.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out at Balagalla division No. 50, Yatigaha pattu north in Hapitigam korale of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by tract of paddy fields, south by boundary of Alutkuru korale north, east by Divulapitiya-Welihinda road, and west by boundary of Alutkuru korale north.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

L. ARTHUR DASSANAIKE,
October 4, 1924. Mudaliyar.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out at Kitulwala Pahalagama division No. 37, Yatigaha pattu south in Hapitigam korale of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by Mugurugampola-Negombo road, south by tract of paddy fields, east by tract of paddy fields, west by tract of paddy fields.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

L. ARTHUR DASSANAIKE,
October 4, 1924. Mudaliyar.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out at Halpe Division No. 42, Yatigaha pattu north in Hapitigam korale of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by tract of paddy fields, south by Negombo-Mugurugampola road, east by tract of paddy fields, west by dewata road.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

L. ARTHUR DASSANAIKE,
Mudaliyar.

October 8, 1924.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out at the land called Pihimbiagahawatta at Demaladuwa in Salpiti korale of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by the land belonging to Don Johanis; south by field; east by the land belonging to Don Johanis; west by field.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

G. W. DE FONSEKA,
Mudaliyar, Salpiti Korale.

September 29, 1924.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out at No. 311, Egoda Kolonnawa in Colombo Mudaliyar's division, in the District of Colombo of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by Village Tribunal premises, south by Sanitary Board land No. 305, east by Kittanpahuwa canal, west by Public Works Department road.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

D. E. WIJESEKERE,
Mudaliyar of Colombo.

October 6, 1924.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS rinderpest has broken out at Talpitiya south in Talpiti badda of the Panadure totamune, in the District of Kalutara, Western Province: It is hereby declared that the area bounded on the north by Koonigewatta, east by Pansalawatta, south by Godigamuwewatta, and west by Jambugahawatta, is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909.

This declaration is to take effect from October 1, 1924.

EDMUND PIERIS,
Mudaliyar of Kalutara and
Panadure Totamunes.

October 9, 1924.

Rinderpest.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated September 20, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,419 of 26th idem, the village Megahawela was proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said area, it is now declared free from rinderpest and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from this date.

The Kachcheri, R. N. BOND,
Puttalam, October 7, 1924. for Assistant Government Agent.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated September 8, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,415 of September 12, 1924, the premises bearing assessment No. 19, situated at Barnes place, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas foot-and-mouth disease no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from foot-and-mouth disease, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from October 2, 1924.

CHAS. W. PATE,
The Municipal Office, Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.
Colombo, October 9, 1924.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

NOTICE is hereby given that the areas declared infected at Andupe, Talagama, Balathowa, Kelegedera, Kebellawita, Minioluwa, Halpe, Mirigama, Newgala, Dematahatta, Halpe, and Giriulla in Hapitigam korale of the Western Province, under section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, and proclaimed in the *Gazettes* of July 11, 1924; August 1, 1924; August 8, 1924; August 22, 1924; September 5, 1924; and September 19, 1924, are now free from foot-and-mouth disease, and are no longer infected areas.

The Kachcheri, R. J. PEREIRA,
Colombo, October 7, 1924. for Government Agent.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

NOTICE is hereby given that the area declared infected at Yatawaka in Siyane korale east of the Western Province under section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923 and proclaimed in the *Gazette* of August 8, 1924, is now free from foot-and-mouth disease, and is no longer an infected area.

The Kachcheri, R. J. PEREIRA,
Colombo, October 7, 1924. for Government Agent.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

NOTICE is hereby given that the area declared infected at Lindamulawatta gala No. 155 at Moratumulla in Salpiti korale of the Western Province, under section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, and proclaimed in the *Gazette* of July 25, 1924, is now free from foot-and-mouth disease, and is no longer an infected area.

The Kachcheri, R. J. PEREIRA,
Colombo, October 7, 1924. for Government Agent.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

NOTICE is hereby given that the area declared infected at Kosgama Pahala in Hewagam korale of the Western Province, under section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, and proclaimed in the *Gazette* of September 5, 1924, is now free from foot-and-mouth disease, and is no longer an infected area.

The Kachcheri, R. J. PEREIRA,
Colombo, October 7, 1924. for Government Agent.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

NOTICE is hereby given that the area declared infected at Etul Kotte in Colombo Mudaliyar's division of the Western Province, under section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, and proclaimed in the *Gazette* of August 29, 1924, is now free from foot-and-mouth disease, and is no longer an infected area.

The Kachcheri, R. J. PEREIRA,
Colombo, October 13, 1924. for Government Agent.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

NOTICE is hereby given that the areas declared infected at Nagoda, Kanuwana, Mahabage, Gampaha Medagama, Walpola, Batuwatta, Narangodapaluwa, Kandana, Udammitta, Nagoda, Nawannahara, Kandana, Batagama North, Udammitta, Mutuwadiya, Rilaula, Kerawalapitiya, Weligampitiya, Nagoda, Mattumagala, Kandana, Tarakuliya, Walpola, Horape, Batagama South, and Weligampitiya in Alutkuru korale south of the Western Province, under section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, and proclaimed in the *Government Gazettes* of July 25, 1924; August 8, 1924; August 15, 1924; August 22, 1924; August 29, 1924; and September 5, 1924, are now free from foot-and-mouth disease, and are no longer infected areas.

The Kachcheri,
Colombo, October 13, 1924.

R. J. PEREIRA,
for Government Agent.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out on Kerewawatta *alias* Polwatta at Tempola in Alutkuru korale south of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by land belonging to H. Jokin Perera, south by land belonging to Gabriel Silva, east by cart road, and west by land belonging to Jagirias de Silva.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

TIMOTHY F. ABAYAKOON,
September 27, 1924. Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale South.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out on Pamburugahawatta at Ekala in Alutkuru korale south of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by land belonging to Julius Perera Wickramasinghe, south by land belonging to S. Siyadoris Appuhami, east by land belonging to Sam. W. Soysa, west by land belonging to A. Gabriel Appu.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

TIMOTHY F. ABAYAKOON,
September 29, 1924. Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale South.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out on Etaheraliyagahawatta at Ekala in Alutkuru korale south of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by land belonging to A. Gabriel Appu and others, south by land belonging to Sam W. Soysa, east by land belonging to Rapiel Appu and others, west by land belonging to K. Appusinno and others.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

TIMOTHY F. ABAYAKOON,
September 29, 1924. Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale South.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out on Pamburugahawatta at Ekala in Alutkuru korale south of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by land belonging to A. Gabriel Appu, south by land belonging to James Appu, east

by land belonging to K. Sardiel Appu, west by land belonging to S. Siyadoris Appu.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

TIMOTHY F. ABAYAKOON,
September 29, 1924. Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale South.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out on Urukunugahawatta at Ekala in Alutkuru korale south of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by District Road Committee road, south by land belonging to Julius Perera Wickramasinghe and others, east by dewata road, west by dewata road.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

TIMOTHY F. ABAYAKOON,
September 29, 1924. Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale South.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out at the land called Malakekunewatta at Halpita in Salpiti korale of the Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The area bounded on the north by a portion of the same land Malakekunewatta, south by Kahatagahawatta, east by Malakekunewatta, west by field.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

G. W. DE FONSEKA,
October 2, 1924. Mudaliyar, Salpiti Korale.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out at Pamunugama, in Talpitibadda of the Panadure totamune, in the District of Kalutara, Western Province: It is hereby declared that the area bounded on the north by the Panadure-Ratnapura Public Works Department road, east by Kirimetiwela and cart road leading to Pamunugama estate belonging to Mr. R. E. S. de Soysa from the Pinkotuwa junction, south by Wera-ganga, and west by Danatubok-kewelyaya, is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909.

This declaration is to take effect from October 10, 1924.

EDMUND PIERIS,
Mudaliyar of Panadure and
Kalutara Totamunes.
October 10, 1924.

Hoof-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS hoof-and-mouth disease has broken out in Raddalana palata in Pitigal korale of Katugampola hatpattu, in the District of Kurunegala, North-Western Province: I do hereby declare in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, that the said palata, the boundaries of which are specified below, is an infected area.

Boundaries referred to.

North and east, Medapattu korale west; south, Makandura palata; west, Welpalla palata.

L. NUGAWELA,
Ratemahatmaya, Katugampola Hatpattu.
October 7, 1924.

Hoof-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS hoof-and-mouth disease has broken out in the village Viyalagoda in the Palle pattu, Kuruwiti korale, Ratnapura District, Province of Sabaragamuwa: It is hereby declared that the area, boundaries of which are specified below, is infected in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25, as amended by Ordinance No. 19 of 1923.

This declaration is to take effect from the date hereof.

Boundaries of the infected area: North, Bopette wasama; east, Bisodola; south, Uduwatta; and west, Ihalagama.

P. B. MUTTETTUWEGAMA,
Ratemahatmaya.

October 2, 1924.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS by proclamations dated September 7, 18, 19, and 20, 1924, published in *Government Gazette* No. 7,423 of October 10, 1924, Gangekumbura, Mirihagoda, Dambulla, and Parape in Kinigoda korale Kegalla District, were proclaimed infected areas in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 5 of 1909; and whereas foot-and-mouth disease no longer exists in the said areas, they are now declared free from foot-and-mouth disease, and no longer infected areas.

This declaration is to take effect from October 6, 1924.

The Kachcheri, N. W. MORGAPPAH, Jr.,
Kegalla, October 13, 1924. for Assistant Government Agent

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS by proclamations dated August 20, 26, 27, 29, and 30, September 1, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18, 1924, published in *Government Gazette* Nos. 7,413, September 5; 7,415, September 12; 7,418, September 18; 7,419, September 26; 7,421, October 3; and 7,423, October 10, 1924, Nikapitiya wasama, Kuragala wasama, Kumbalgama wasama, Eraminigammana wasama, Dumbuluwawa wasama, Werake wasama, Arakotawella, Paranagama, Alpititiya, Gonawala, Hemmatagama, Wadiyattenna, Madulbowa, Tambawita, Ginihappitiya, Wilgama, Kossinna, and Ekariyagala in Paranakuru korale, and Utuwankanda, Kongamuwa, Edanduwawa, Maliadda, Erabudupela, Hingula, Mederigama, Beminiwatta, Pallepamunuwa, Dewanagala, Delgahagoda, Uhangoda, Wettewa, Kekirigoda, Alutnuwara, Pallemakadawara, Medagoda, Rankotdiwala, Mahawatta, Habbunkaduwa, Nankurugama, Bakmideniya, and Erabudupela in Galboda korale, Kegalla District, were proclaimed infected areas in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas foot-and-mouth disease no longer exists in the said areas, they are now declared free from foot-and-mouth disease, and no longer infected areas.

This declaration is to take effect from to-day.

The Kachcheri, J. R. WALTERS,
Kegalla, October 14, 1924. Assistant Government Agent.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in the village Utuwankanda in Tanipperu pattu of Galboda korale, Kegalla District: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The infected area is bounded on the north, Utuwana Velyaya and village boundary of Utuwana; east, 55th milepost on Colombo-Kandy road and village boundary of Anwarama; south, Udattawavelyaya and village boundary of Dehimaduwa; and west, 54th milepost on Colombo-Kandy road and village boundary of Palpata.

This declaration is to take effect from September 17, 1924

C. L. RATWATTE,
Ratemahatmaya, Galboda and Kinigoda Korales.
October 5, 1924.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in the village Waharakgoda in Egodapota pattu of Galboda korale, Kegalla District: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The infected area is bounded on the north, Galamunela; east, Maha-oya; south, village boundaries of Mawata-gama and Ussapitiya; and west, Ussapitiya-Utuwankande District Road Committee road and village boundary of Ussapitiya.

This declaration is to take effect from September 26, 1924.

C. L. RATWATTE,
Ratemahatmaya, Galboda and Kinigoda Korale.
October 5, 1924.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in the village Kossinna in Meddemedaliya pattu of Kinigoda korale, Kegalla District: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The infected area is bounded on the north, Rambukkan-oya; east, village boundaries of Gangekumbura and Walalgoda; south, village boundary of Walalgoda; and west, village boundary of Diyasunnata wasama.

This declaration is to take effect from October 1, 1924.

C. L. RATWATTE,
Ratemahatmaya, Galboda and Kinigoda Korales.
October 9, 1924.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in the village Deliwala in Walgam pattu of Kinigoda korale, Kegalla District: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The infected area is bounded on the north, village boundary of Mirihagoda; east, Gondenikandemukulana; south, village boundary of Nugawela; and west, village boundary of Godagampola.

This declaration is to take effect from September 28, 1924.

C. L. RATWATTE,
Ratemahatmaya, Galboda and Kinigoda Korales.
October 9, 1924.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in the village Kotawella in Walgam pattu of Kinigoda korale, Kegalla District: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz. :—

The infected area is bounded on the north, village boundary of Hewadiwala; east, Bohora-oya; south, village boundary of Pahala Hinguruwaka; and west, Weligomuwa-Hewadiwala District Road Committee road.

This declaration is to take effect from September 30, 1924.

C. L. RATWATTE,
Ratemahatmaya, Galboda and Kinigoda Korales.
October 10, 1924.

Protective Zone.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated September 10, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,418 of September 19, 1924, the premises bearing assessment No. 52, Ferguson's road, within the Municipal limits of Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area, and a protective zone has been established within the boundaries therein set out, in terms of section 6 (1) of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest, and to be no longer a protective zone.

This declaration shall take effect from September 18, 1924.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,
Colombo, October 9, 1924. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

Protective Zone.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated September 30, 1924, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,423 of October 10, 1924, the premises bearing assessment No. 206, 2nd Division, Maradana, within the Municipal limits of Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area, and a protective zone has been established within the boundaries therein set out, in terms of section 6 (1) of Ordinance No. 25

of 1909; and whereas rinderpest no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from rinderpest, and to be no longer a protective zone.

This declaration shall take effect from October 3, 1924.

CHAS. W. PATE,
The Municipal Office, Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.
Colombo, October 14, 1924.

Outbreak of Rabies.

WHEREAS an outbreak of rabies has occurred in the town of Kandy and on Hantane estate, in the District of Kandy, the said areas are hereby declared, in terms of Rabies Ordinance, No. 7 of 1893, to be infected areas. All owners of dogs are hereby warned that they must keep their dogs muzzled and under proper control within the said areas until further notice. All unmuzzled or uncontrolled dogs found in any public place within the said areas will be destroyed.

This declaration shall take effect from October 13, 1924.

The Kachcheri, W. L. KINDERSLEY,
Kandy, October 13, 1924. Government Agent.

NOTICES UNDER "THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ORDINANCE, No. 11 OF 1920."**Urban District Council, Matale.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the properties at Matale mentioned in the under-mentioned schedule having been seized for default in payment of Urban District Council Police and water-rates, for 2nd quarter, 1924, will be sold by public auction, on October 31, 1924, on the spot, at Matale at 9 A.M., in conformity with the Local Government Ordinance, No. 11 of 1920, unless in the meantime the amount owing in respect of rates, together with lawful cost of seizure and sale, are duly paid.

Further particulars can be obtained at the office of the Urban District Council, Matale.

Office of the Urban District Council, F. VAN ROOYEN,
Matale, October 9, 1924. Chairman.

Schedule.

Property, No. 29, Dole road, Matale.
Property, No. 39, Pannagama, Pansala path, Matale.

Election of Members, Ratnapura Urban District Council.

NOTICE is hereby given that it is intended to hold an election of Members of the Ratnapura Urban District Council on Monday, November 24, next. Every

candidate must be nominated in writing, and the nomination paper must be subscribed by at least two persons whose names appear in the electoral roll of the electoral division for which each candidate offers himself for election, and the nomination paper must be delivered at the office of the Ratnapura Urban District Council on or before 2 P.M. on November 24, 1924, which day has been fixed for that purpose.

If more than one candidate is nominated for any one division a poll will be taken on December 6, 1924, at the polling place provided for that division as shown below. The poll shall open at 8 A.M. and close at 1 P.M.

Polling Places.

For Bazaar division	..	Ratnapura Kachcheri
For Godigamuwa division	..	Seevalie High School
For Weralupe, Muwagama, and Mudduwa division	..	Ratnapura Kachcheri
For Batugedara division	..	Batugedara Baptist Mission School

The Kachcheri, G. F. R. BROWNING,
Ratnapura, October 13, 1924. Government Agent.

ABSTRACTS OF SEASON REPORTS.**SEASON REPORTS FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER, 1924.****WESTERN PROVINCE.****COLOMBO DISTRICT.**

Paddy: yala crop has been harvested and a fair crop has been realized. Some of the fields have been cultivated for maha season, and others are being prepared for cultivation.

Dry grain: kurakkan crop in Siyane korale west has been reaped and gathered.

Coconuts: prospects of the coming crop are fair, flowering is fair. The crop harvested for the month is about 65,700,000 nuts.

Other products: oranges can be had at moderate prices, but other fruits are scarce.

Prices of foodstuffs: country rice, Rs. 5 to Rs. 6.50 per bushel; imported rice, Rs. 6 to Rs. 8.50 per bushel; paddy, Rs. 2.50 to Rs. 3 per bushel; coconuts, Rs. 5 to Rs. 7 per 100 nuts; salt, 12 cents per measure.

Health of inhabitants: satisfactory, except for a few cases of dysentery, chickenpox and measles.

Health of cattle: unsatisfactory. Epidemic of rinderpest and foot-and-mouth disease continued. Foot-and-mouth is on the decrease.

Weather: during the latter part of the month rainy weather prevailed. The rainfall at the Colombo Observatory for September was 15.01 inches on 21 days.

KALUTARA DISTRICT.

Paddy: the yala harvest was reaped during the month.
Dry grain: there was no dry grain cultivation in the district.

Coconuts: the month's yield of coconuts is estimated at 2,382,700 nuts.

Other products: fruit and vegetables were scarce throughout the district.

Prices of foodstuffs: country rice is not available in the market; paddy, Rs. 2 to Rs. 3 per bushel; imported rice, Rs. 5 to Rs. 9.25 per bushel; kurakkan, Rs. 3.25 to Rs. 5 per bushel (not available for sale); maize, nil; coconuts, Rs. 5 to Rs. 8 per 100 nuts; salt, 10 to 12 cents per measure.

Health of inhabitants: there were a few cases of dysentery, chickenpox, fever, measles, and enteric.

Health of cattle: on the whole good. Rinderpest and foot-and-mouth disease existed in many villages of the totamunes.

Remarks applicable to particular districts: there was a fair supply of fish during the month.

Weather: rainfall was very heavy.

Harvest prospects generally: the heavy rains caused considerable damage to the crops and the harvest was, therefore, not satisfactory.

General: nil.

CENTRAL PROVINCE.

KANDY DISTRICT.

Paddy (prospect of coming crop, &c.): all the yala fields have been reaped and the crops were satisfactory. Maha fields are in plants.

Dry grain (prospect of coming crop, &c.): chenas being prepared for cultivation.

Coconuts (prospects of coming crop, &c.): flowering satisfactory.

Other products (prospects of coming crop, &c.): the yield from cacao, arecanut, and fruit trees have been unsatisfactory.

Prices of foodstuffs: country rice, Rs. 5.50 to Rs. 7.50 per bushel; paddy, Rs. 2.50 to Rs. 3 per bushel; imported rice, Rs. 7 to Rs. 9 per bushel; kurakkan, Rs. 2 to Rs. 5 per bushel; maize, Rs. 2 to Rs. 3 per bushel; coconuts, Rs. 5 to Rs. 10 per 100 nuts; salt, 14 to 16 cents per measure.

Any other prices of interest: tea, prices are good.

Health of inhabitants: good.

Health of cattle: satisfactory though there were a few cases of hoof-and-mouth disease.

Remarks applicable to particular district, *e.g.*, condition of tanks or fisheries, &c.: nil.

Weather: (general remarks only): the greater part of the month was west.

Harvest prospects generally: hopeful.

General (any other remarks of interest): nil.

NUWARA ELIYA DISTRICT.

Paddy: some fields in Uda Hewaheta and Walapane are maturing, and others are ready for harvesting. Transplanting is being carried on in Kotmale.

Dry grains: kurakkan chenas in Uda Hewaheta and Walapane are being cleared and sown.

Prices of foodstuffs: country rice, Rs. 6.25 to Rs. 8 per bushel; paddy, Rs. 2.75 to Rs. 3.50 per bushel; imported rice, Rs. 8 to Rs. 10 per bushel; kurakkan, Rs. 3 to Rs. 3.75 per bushel; maize, Rs. 3 to Rs. 3.50 per bushel; coconuts, Rs. 9 to Rs. 12 per 100 nuts; salt, 18 to 20 cents per measure.

Health of inhabitants: good, except for some cases of fever, influenza, sore-eyes, chickenpox, and measles in the villages.

Health of cattle: good. There were a few cases of foot-and-mouth disease in Kohoka and Diyatileke korales of Uda Hewaheta and Pallepene korale of Kotmale.

Weather: wet weather prevailed throughout the whole district.

MATALE DISTRICT.

Paddy (prospects of coming crop, &c.): fields are being cultivated for maha. Some fields have already been sown.

Dry grain (prospects of coming crop, &c.): chenas have been cleared, but rain interfered with burning. Prospects, bad.

Coconuts: crops, good.

Prices of foodstuffs: country rice, Rs. 5 to Rs. 7 per bushel according to locality; paddy, Rs. 2 to Rs. 2.75 per bushel according to locality; imported rice, Rs. 6.72 to Rs. 8 per bushel according to locality; kurakkan, Re. 1.50 to Rs. 3 per bushel according to locality; salt, 14 to 20 cents per measure according to locality; chillies, 30 to 60 cents per pound according to locality; coconuts, Rs. 4.50 to Rs. 10 per 100 nuts according to locality.

Health of inhabitants: good, except for some cases of measles and malarial fever.

Health of cattle: good. There have been some cases of hoof-and-mouth disease in the villages.

Remarks applicable to particular district, *e.g.*, condition of tanks, &c.): there was sufficient water in streams, &c., for cultivation of crops. Tanks were partly full.

Weather: partly wet and partly dry. There was unusually heavy rain in September in Dambulla and Sigiriya. Matale, 12.25 in.; Dambulla, 14.93 in.; Sigiriya, 16.33 in.

SOUTHERN PROVINCE.

GALLE DISTRICT.

Paddy (prospects of coming crop, &c.): preparations for the maha sowing have commenced. The last yala crop yielded 248,400 bushels.

Dry grain (prospect of coming crop, &c.): is not cultivated in the district to any appreciable extent.

Coconuts (prospect of coming crop, &c.): the estimate of the crop for the month is 32,161,700 nuts.

Other products (prospects of coming crop, &c.): are tea, rubber, cinnamon, and a variety of fruits and vegetables. No estimate of their yield can be given with any degree of accuracy.

Prices of foodstuffs: country rice, Rs. 6.40 to Rs. 8.60 per bushel; paddy, Re. 1.75 to Rs. 4 per bushel; imported rice, Rs. 5.76 to Rs. 9.50 per bushel; kurakkan, Rs. 2 to Rs. 4 per bushel; maize, Rs. 2 to Rs. 5 per bushel; coconuts, Rs. 5 to Rs. 9 per 100 nuts; salt, 10 to 12 cents per measure.

Any other prices of interest: maniocca, 3 cents per pound; sweetpotatoes, 3½ cents per pound.

Health of inhabitants: satisfactory.

Health of cattle: good. A few cases of rinderpest occurred in some part of Bentota-Walallawiti korale and Gangaboda pattu.

Remarks applicable to particular district, *e.g.*, condition of tanks or fisheries, &c.): nil.

Weather (general remarks only): very wet.

Harvest prospects generally: nil.

General (any other remarks of interest): nil.

MATARA DISTRICT.

Paddy: the yala crops have been harvested and maha sowing is in progress.

Harvest prospects: the heavy rains have damaged the young plants already sown.

Coconuts: the flowering is satisfactory, and the crop is fair.

Dry grain: sowing is hampered by heavy rain.

Other products: cinnamon and citronella.

Prices of foodstuffs: country rice, Rs. 5.97 per bushel, imported rice, Rs. 7.07 per bushel; paddy, Rs. 2.35 per bushel; kurakkan, Rs. 2.45 per bushel; maize, Rs. 5.25 per bushel; coconuts, Rs. 6.35 per 100 nuts; salt, 10 cents per measure.

Health of inhabitants: fair; malarial fever is prevalent in Wellaboda pattu, and cases of dysentery, mumps, and fever are reported from Gangeboda pattu.

Health of cattle: fair; there were small outbreaks of rinderpest at Dondra and Kapugama in Wellboda pattu and at Horapawita in Kandaboda pattu at the end of the month, the outbreaks seem to have been stamped.

Tanks: full.

Weather: wet and stormy throughout the month.

Fisheries: the supply of fish was scarce owing to stormy weather.

HAMBANTOTA DISTRICT.

Paddy: yala harvest reaped. Yield satisfactory.

Dry grain: clearing for the maha sowing in progress.

Cotton: preparations being made for the ensuing maha cultivation. Some permit holders have not yet been able to burn the jungle owing to heavy rain.

Other products : nil.

Prices of foodstuffs : country rice, Rs. 5.28 to Rs. 7 per bushel ; paddy, Rs. 2.33 to Rs. 2.50 per bushel ; imported rice, Rs. 6.24 to Rs. 8.4 per bushel ; kurakkan, Rs. 2.44 to Rs. 2.66 per bushel ; maize, Rs. 4 to Rs. 5 per bushel ; coconuts, Rs. 5 to Rs. 10 per 100 nuts ; salt, 3½ to 5 cents per pound.

Any other products of interest : nil.

Health of inhabitants : satisfactory.

Health of cattle : good.

Conditions of tanks or fisheries : tanks partly filled ; fisheries, good.

Weather : maximum temperature, 94.0° ; minimum temperature, 73.0° ; rainfall, 6.58 inches.

Harvest prospects generally : good.

General : nil.

NORTHERN PROVINCE.

JAFFNA DISTRICT.

Paddy : paddy is in plant in those fields sown early. In some parts of the district the fields are being sown only now.

Dry grain : in some parts of the district kurakkan is being transplanted.

Coconuts : the trees are in good condition.

Other products : rinjal and chilly crop is good, but the price is low, palmyra crop is fair.

Prices of foodstuffs : country rice, Rs. 6.50 to Rs. 8 per bushel ; country paddy, Rs. 3.25 to Rs. 4 per bushel ; imported rice, Rs. 6.50 to Rs. 9 per bushel ; kurakkan, Rs. 2.50 to Rs. 4.50 per bushel ; maize, Rs. 2.50 to Rs. 4.50 per bushel ; coconuts, Rs. 6 to Rs. 10 per 100 nuts ; salt, 10 to 15 cents per measure.

Health of inhabitants : fair, fever and measles prevail to some extent. A few stray cases of smallpox were reported from two villages in the district.

Health of cattle : good.

Weather : heavy showers of rain fell during the month.

MANNAR DISTRICT.

Paddy (prospects of coming crop, &c.) : preparation is being made for kalapokam.

Dry grain (prospects of coming crop, &c.) : chenas have been sown with kurakkan.

Coconuts (prospects of coming crop, &c.) : in good condition. Estimated crop 90,000 nuts.

Other products (prospects of coming crop, &c.) : nil.

Prices of foodstuffs : country rice, Rs. 6.50 to Rs. 8 per bushel ; paddy, Rs. 2.50 to Rs. 3 per bushel ; imported rice, Rs. 7 to Rs. 9 per bushel ; kurakkan, nil ; maize, nil ; coconuts, Rs. 5 to Rs. 12.50 per 100 nuts ; salt, 12 cents per measure.

Any other prices of interest : nil.

Health of inhabitants : good, but measles and chicken-pox prevailed in Mannar Island.

Health of cattle : good.

Remarks applicable to particular district, e.g., condition of tanks or fisheries, &c., whether full, half full, or dry : most of the tanks are dry. Fishing has been poor.

Weather (general remarks only) : there were a few showers of rain.

Harvest prospects generally : nil.

General (any other remarks of interest) : nil.

MULLAITTIVU DISTRICT.

Paddy : idaipokam has been thrashed. Prospects, fair. In Vavuniya south sirupokam was damaged by a plague of paddy flies, following an exceptionally long spell of rain in September. Manavari lands in the Maritime pattus are being sown for kalapokam.

Dry grains : kurakkan is being sown on chenas.

Coconuts : prospects, fair.

Other Products : nil.

Prices of foodstuffs : paddy, Rs. 2 to Rs. 2.80 per bushel ; rice, Rs. 6.50 to Rs. 7 per bushel ; kurakkan, Rs. 2 to Rs. 2.75 per bushel ; coconuts, Rs. 7 to Rs. 15 per 100 nuts ; salt, 10 to 18 cents per measure ; eggs, 30 to 36 cents per dozen.

Health of inhabitants : fever, pneumonia, and chest-cold are prevalent.

Health of cattle : good ; pasture : good.

Special remarks : village tanks have collected a certain amount of water. In the Maritime pattus fishing has been exceptionally good during the month. Most of the outstation fishermen have now left Mullaittivu and returned to their homes.

Weather : heavy rain fell during the month in Vavuniya, and useful showers in the Maritime pattus.

Harvest prospects : good so far. Recent rains have enabled sowing operations to start earlier than usual.

General remarks : in some villages shortage of seed paddy is keenly felt, and some sort of relief is contemplated.

EASTERN PROVINCE.

BATTICALOA DISTRICT.

[Report not received.]

TRINCOMALEE DISTRICT.

[Report not received.]

NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCE.

KURUNEGALA DISTRICT.

Paddy : fields for the maha are being sown in some parts ; young plants in other parts.

Dry grain : a few chenas have been sown in Weudawilli hatpattu ; no cultivation in other parts.

Coconut : prospects, good.

Other products : nil.

Prices of foodstuffs : paddy, Rs. 2 to Rs. 3.50 per bushel ; country rice, Rs. 5.50 to Rs. 8 per bushel ; imported rice, Rs. 7 to Rs. 9.50 per bushel ; kurakkan, Rs. 1.75 to Rs. 3 per bushel ; coconuts, Rs. 4 to Rs. 6 per 100 nuts ; salt, 12 to 14 cents per measure.

Health of the inhabitants : good, except for ordinary cases of fever and parangi.

Health of cattle : there have been many cases of foot-and-mouth disease and a few cases of rinderpest.

Condition of tanks : in good order ; almost all are full.

Weather : there has been heavy rain during the month.

PUTTALAM AND CHILAW DISTRICTS.

Paddy : yala cultivation being reaped. Maha in plant or being sown.

Dry grain : chenas are being cleared in Demala hatpattu. Kurakkan and greenpeas sown in Pitigal korale south.

Coconut : flowering and prospects, good. The crop for the month is estimated at 22,254,100 nuts.

Other products : hemp cultivation is not very good. Tobacco plants are coming up very well in Pitigal korale south.

Prices of staple products : country rice, Rs. 5.04 to Rs. 8 per bushel ; imported rice, Rs. 7 to Rs. 9.60 per bushel ; paddy, Rs. 1.40 to Rs. 3 per bushel ; kurakkan, Rs. 1.40 to Rs. 2.50 per bushel ; coconuts, Rs. 5 to Rs. 8 per 100 nuts ; salt, 4 to 7½ cents per pound.

Health of inhabitants : not satisfactory. Malarial fever in Pitigal korale north and Pitigal korale south. Measles in Kalpitiya, but it is on the decrease.

Health of cattle : hoof-and-mouth disease and rinderpest existed in Chilaw District. They are on the decrease.

Condition of tanks and fisheries : tanks, satisfactory ; fisheries, fair.

Harvest prospects : good.

Weather : hot though there was rain.

Rainfall : Chilaw, 6.39 in. ; Puttalam, 3.14 in.

NORTH-CENTRAL PROVINCE.

ANURADHAPURA DISTRICT.

Paddy : yala crop has been reaped, but in many villages the people could not complete the threshing owing to early rain. Some crops of the late cultivators failed for want of water. The yala harvest was satisfactory. Maha cultivation has been started.

Dry grain : kurakkan chenas are ready to be sown.

Coconuts : crops and prospects satisfactory, except in Tamankaduwa where the yield is poor.

Prices of foodstuffs : country rice, Rs. 6 to Rs. 7 per bushel ; imported rice, Rs. 6 to Rs. 7.50 per bushel ; paddy, Rs. 2 to Rs. 2.50 per bushel ; kurakkan, Rs. 2 to Rs. 2.50

per bushel; maize, Rs. 2 to Rs. 3 per bushel; coconuts, Rs. 6 to Rs. 14 per 100 nuts; salt, 16 to 20 cents per measure.

Health of inhabitants: on the whole satisfactory. A few cases of sore-eyes prevailing in Tamankaduwa and in Kalagam palata, where measles is also prevalent in some villages.

Health of cattle: satisfactory. Hoof-and-mouth disease which was prevalent in Kalagam palata is dying out now.

Weather: partly wet and generally cloudy. Unusual rain commenced from the beginning of the month.

Tanks: most of the tanks are half full. In Willachchiya korale some are spilling.

Prospects of crops: so far the prospects of crops have been satisfactory and there is every prospect of the maha harvest being successful. Failure of chena cultivation owing to rain has compelled more people than usual to cultivate for maha.

PROVINCE OF UVA.

BADULLA DISTRICT.

Paddy (prospects of coming crop, &c.): the maha crop has been gathered. The prospects are good. It is not possible to make an estimate of the probable yield.

Dry grain (prospects of coming crops, &c.): chenas have been cleared and burnt.

Coconuts (prospects of coming crops, &c.): flowering and prospects satisfactory.

Other products (prospects of coming crops, &c.): fruits are scarce. A moderate supply of vegetables is available.

Prices of foodstuffs: country rice, Rs. 7 to Rs. 8 per bushel; paddy, Rs. 2.50 to Rs. 3 per bushel; imported rice, Rs. 8 to Rs. 9.50 per bushel; kurakkan, Rs. 2.50 to Rs. 3 per bushel; maize, Rs. 2.50 to Rs. 3 per bushel; coconuts, Rs. 6 to Rs. 12.50 per 100 nuts; salt, 7½ to 35 cents per measure.

Any other prices of interest: nil.

Health of inhabitants: satisfactory except for cases of malarial fever.

Health of cattle: satisfactory.

Remarks applicable to particular district, *e. g.*, condition of tanks or fisheries, &c.: tanks partly full.

Weather: wet.

Harvest prospects generally: good.

General: nil.

PROVINCE OF SABARAGAMUWA.

RATNAPURA DISTRICT.

Paddy (prospect of coming crops, &c.): yala crop is being gathered. Rain interfered with harvest work.

Dry grain (prospects of coming crops, &c.): in some parts of the district, chena crops are being gathered. In others they are being cleared.

Coconuts (prospects of coming crops, &c.): prospects, good.

Other products (prospects of coming crops, &c.): nil.

Prices of foodstuffs: country rice, Rs. 6 to Rs. 8.50 per bushel; paddy, Rs. 2 to Rs. 4 per bushel; imported rice, Rs. 7 to Rs. 9.50 per bushel; kurakkan, Re. 1.50 to Rs. 2.25 per bushel; maize, Re. 1 to Rs. 2 per bushel; coconuts, Rs. 8 to Rs. 15 per 100 nuts; salt, 12 to 16 cents per measure; any other prices of interest, nil.

Health of inhabitants: satisfactory on the whole.

Health of cattle: hoof-and-mouth disease and rinderpest prevail in some parts of the district.

Remarks applicable to particular district, *e. g.*, condition of tanks or fisheries, &c.: tanks almost full.

Weather: wet. Parts of the district were under floods.

Harvest prospects generally: generally fair.

General: nil.

KEGALLA DISTRICT.

Paddy: fields have been sown for maha.

Dry grains: el chenas are thriving.

Other products: nil.

Coconuts: prospects good.

Prices of foodstuffs: country rice, Rs. 6.50 per bushel; paddy, Rs. 2.50 per bushel; imported rice, Rs. 8 to Rs. 9 per bushel; coconuts, Rs. 50 per 1,000 nuts; salt, 16 cents per measure.

Health of people: satisfactory.

Health of cattle: hoof-and-mouth disease is prevailing in the district.

Weather: wet. Much damage has been done by floods to the newly sown fields in Three Korales.

Ceylon Government Railway.—Comparative Statement of Goods Traffic for the Month of July, 1924.

Particulars of Goods conveyed.	Month ended July 31, 1923.	Month ended July 31, 1924.	Increase in 1924.	Decrease in 1924.	Nett Increase or Decrease from October 1, 1922, to July 31, 1924.	
					Increase in 1923 to 1924.	Decrease in 1923 to 1924.
					Tons.	Tons.
Salt ..	773	1,080	307	—	1,413	—
Kerosine oil ..	445	361	—	84	—	337
Rubber ..	2,609	2,715	106	—	—	5,057
Rice ..	14,366	18,753	4,387	—	17,819	—
Tea ..	7,974	8,778	804	—	1,643	—
Cacao ..	102	70	—	32	37	—
Coconut produce ..	8,329	11,926	3,597	—	17,575	—
Fruit and vegetables ..	1,248	1,494	246	—	148	—
Tea and rubber packing ..	1,340	1,986	646	—	5,995	—
Plumbago ..	282	147	—	135	—	516
Bulk petroleum ..	837	958	121	—	1,420	—
Liquid fuel ..	1,148	1,755	607	—	1,612	—
Manure ..	7,022	7,741	719	—	18,516	—
Other goods ..	29,842	33,099	3,257	—	29,573	—
Railway material (open line)	11,327	17,336	6,009	—	15,627	—
Railway material (extensions)	674	329	—	345	1,255	—
Breakwater material ..	—	585	585	—	1,324	—
Foreign traffic ..	5,019	5,270	251	—	10,279	—
Special Traffic (other Government Departments)	3,993	4,877	884	—	—	6,371
Total ..	97,330	119,260	22,526	596	133,836	12,281

Colombo, September 19, 1924.

T. E. DUTTON,
General Manager.

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL NOTICES.

MUNICIPALITY OF COLOMBO.

Prices of Foodstuffs, &c., in Colombo, on October 15, 1924.

	Per	Wholesale.		Per	Retail.		Per	Wholesale.		Per	Retail.
		Rs. c.	Rs. c.					Rs. c.	Rs. c.		
Paddy, Country	.. Bushel	.. 3 28	.. Measure	..	..	Salt	..	..	.. lb.	..	0 6
Paddy, Imported	.. do.	.. 3 38	.. do.	..	..	Dried Chillies	..	..	.. do.	..	0 33
Rice, Country	.. do.	..	.. do.	..	..	Corriander	..	..	.. do.	..	0 16
Rice, Kara	.. do.	.. 6 75	.. do.	..	0 21½	Pepper	..	..	.. Measure	..	0 40
Rice, Kallunda	.. do.	.. 7 25	.. do.	..	0 23	Garlic	..	..	.. lb.	..	0 35
Rice, Sulai	.. do.	.. 7 37½	.. do.	..	0 24	Mustard	..	..	.. Measure	..	0 40
Rice, Muttusamba	.. do.	.. 9 50	.. do.	..	0 30	Turmeric	..	..	.. lb.	..	0 40
Raw Rice (Rangoon)	.. do.	.. 6 25	.. do.	..	—	Fenugreek	..	..	.. do.	..	0 20
Raw Rice (Singapore)	.. do.	.. 5 50	.. do.	..	—	Cummin	..	..	.. do.	..	0 60
Raw Rice (Batavia)	.. do.	.. 5 0	.. do.	..	—	Aniseed	..	..	.. do.	..	0 30
Dhall (Tuvarai)	..	..	.. Seer	..	0 24	Tamarind	..	..	.. do.	..	0 12
Dhall (Mussouri)	..	..	.. do.	..	0 16	Jaggery	..	..	.. Bundle	..	30-36c.
Green Peas	..	..	.. do.	..	0 22	Gingelly	..	..	.. Seer	..	0 25
Ulundu	..	..	.. do.	..	0 15	Gingelly Oil	..	..	.. Bottle	..	0 75
Gram	..	..	.. do.	..	0 15	Coconut Oil	..	..	.. Measure	..	0 60
Wheat Flour	..	..	.. lb.	..	0 12	Kerosine Oil, Daylight	..	..	.. Tin	..	—
American Flour	..	..	.. do.	..	0 12	Kerosine Oil, Elephant	..	..	.. Brand	..	—
Ghee, Cow	..	..	.. Bottle	..	5 0	Brand	..	..	.. Bottle	..	—
Ghee, Buffalo	..	..	.. Seer	..	2 75	Kerosine Oil, Monkey	..	..	.. Brand	..	0 19
Milk	..	..	.. Bottle	..	0 40	Bulk Oil, Rising Sun	..	..	.. do.	..	—
Potatoes (Indian)	..	..	.. lb.	..	0 8	Matches, Three Stars	..	..	.. Packet of	..	—
Potatoes (Bangalore)	..	..	.. do.	..	—	Matches (Japanese)	..	..	.. do.	..	12 boxes 0 18
Onions (Bombay)	..	..	.. do.	..	0 8	Matches (Ceylon)	..	..	.. do.	..	0 16
Onions, Red	..	..	.. do.	..	0 11	Beef	..	..	.. lb.	..	0 35
Bread	..	..	.. 1-lb. loaf	..	0 18	Mutton	..	..	.. do.	..	0 80
Tea	..	..	.. lb.	..	1 0	Pork	..	..	.. do.	..	0 60
Coffee	..	..	.. do.	..	0 68	Chicken	..	..	.. Each	..	50-75c.
Limes	..	..	.. Dozen	..	0 24	Eggs	..	..	.. do.	..	0 7
Coconut	..	..	.. Each	..	0 8	Dry Fish, Nettali (Hal-messan)	..	..	.. lb.	..	0 30
Sugar, Soft	..	..	.. lb.	..	0 25	Dry Fish (Maldiva)	..	..	.. do.	..	0 70
Sugar, Crepe	..	..	.. do.	..	0 17						
Sugar, Ceylon	..	..	.. do.	..	—						
Sugar, Candy	..	..	.. do.	..	0 26						
Sugar, Brown	..	..	.. do.	..	—						
Salt	..	..	.. Measure	..	0 12						

The Municipal Office,
Colombo, October 15, 1924.

G. H. N. SAUNDERS,
Municipal Treasurer.

NOTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned movable property seized by virtue of a warrant issued by the Chairman of the Municipal Council of Colombo, in terms of section 137 of the Ordinance No. 6 of 1910, for arrears of rates due on premises and for the period mentioned in the subjoined schedule, will be sold by public auction at the place and the time therein mentioned, unless in the meantime the amount of the rates and costs be duly paid.

October 13, 1924.

G. H. N. SAUNDERS,
Municipal Treasurer.

SCHEDULE.

Date of Sale : Tuesday, October 28, 1924.

Premises No.	Street.	Quarter and Year.	Property seized.	Place of Sale.	Time of Sale.
1144/36	.. Tottewatta	.. 2nd quarter, 1924	.. 1 nadun almirah	.. Municipal Stores,	8
1247/42	.. Mattakkuliya	.. do.	..	.. Suduwella	..
1458/109	.. Madampitiya	.. do.	.. 2 jakwood chairs, 1 jakwood table, 1 small round teapoy, 3 chairs, 1 easy chair, 1 round table	.. do.	.. 8.15
1913/36F	.. Wall street	.. do. (balance)	.. 1 jakwood round table, 2 jakwood chairs, 1 timepiece, 2 jakwood chairs, 1 jakwood square table	.. do.	.. 8.30

NOTICE is hereby given that in the absence of movable property liable to seizure, (1) rents and profits from 1 to 10 years, (2) timber and produce, (3) materials of house, and (4) the under-mentioned properties themselves, seized in virtue of a warrant issued by the Chairman of the Municipal Council of Colombo, in terms of the 140th clause of the Ordinance No. 6 of 1910, for arrears of rates due on the premises, and for the period mentioned in the subjoined schedule, will be sold by public auction on the spot at the time therein mentioned, unless in the meantime the amount of the said rates and costs be duly paid.

The Municipal Office,
Colombo, October 13, 1924.

G. H. N. SAUNDERS,
Municipal Treasurer.

SCHEDULE.

Date of Sale : Friday, November 7, 1924.

Premises No.	Street.	Quarter and Year.	Time of Sale. A.M.
613/18/19	.. Gintupitiya	.. 1st to 2nd quarter, 1924	.. 8
616/9/17	.. Do.	.. do.	.. 8.10
617/9/17	.. Do.	.. do.	.. 8.15
618/9/17	.. Do.	.. do.	.. 8.20
619/9/17	.. Do.	.. do.	.. 8.25
620/7/8	.. Do.	.. do.	.. 8.30
621/6	.. Do.	.. do.	.. 8.35

Date of Sale : Saturday, November 8, 1924.

15G1-3	.. Darley road	.. 3rd quarter, 1923, to 2nd quarter, 1924	.. 8
129/16, new No. 70 Gar. (27 to 29)	.. Skinner's road south	.. 4th quarter, 1920, to 2nd quarter, 1924	.. 8.15
96/29, new No. 122	.. Do.	.. 2nd quarter, 1921, to 4th quarter, 1923	.. 8.25
97/29, new Nos. 118, 120	.. Do.	.. 3rd quarter, 1919, to 4th quarter, 1923	.. 8.35
98/29, new Nos. 116, 116 (1-13)	.. Do.	.. 4th quarter, 1919, to 4th quarter, 1923	.. 8.45
47 Gar. (25)	.. Drieberg's lane	.. 1st and 2nd quarters, 1924	.. 9

Date of Sale : Monday, November 10, 1924.

329/21	.. Second Fisher's lane	.. 1st quarter, 1923, to 1st quarter, 1924	.. 8
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ROAD COMMITTEE NOTICES.

Talatuoaya-Kirimetiya Estate Cart Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Provincial Road Committee of the Central Province, acting under the provisions of the Estate Roads Ordinance, No. 12 of 1902, have assessed the proportion due by each estate interested in the above road for the private contribution of Rs. 2,200 on the estimate of maintenance amounting to Rs. 2,400 for the year ending September 30, 1924, as follows:—

1st section, 1 mile.

Total acreage, 1,943—Cost, Rs. 586.65—Sectional rate, 3019c.—Total rate, 3019c.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Amount due. Rs. c.
A. Govindasampillai	.. Narankaduwa	.. 50 ..	15 11
Ramalingampillai	.. do.	.. 44 ..	13 30
A. P. S. T. Sellambrampillai	.. do.	.. 43 ..	13 0
A. Salumburam Kangany	.. do.	.. 21 ..	6 35

1st to 4th section, 3½ miles.

Total acreage, 1,785—Cost, Rs. 1,613.35—Sectional rate, 9038c.—Total rate, 12057c.

H. V. Greer	.. Kirimetiya	.. 693 ..	835 56
A. F. Howie	.. Old Meddagama	.. 248 ..	299 3
A. M. G. Trotter	.. Bellwood and Moragala	.. 751 ..	905 50
M. D. Attygalle	.. Agallawatta	.. 93 ..	112 15
Total			2,200 0

Which sums the proprietors, managers, or agents of the several estates are hereby required to pay to the Chairman, Local Committee, Bellwood estate, Galaha, on or before November 15, 1924.

W. L. KINDERSLEY,
Provincial Road Committee's Office, Chairman.
Kandy, October 6, 1924.

Yattattawala-Yattogoda Estate Cart Road.

IT is hereby notified that under section 17 (1) of "The Estates Roads Ordinance, No. 12 of 1902," the under-mentioned gentlemen have been appointed to form the Local Committee to perform the duties imposed upon such Committee by the said Ordinance in respect of the above road for two years, namely, from January 22, 1924, to January 22, 1926:—

Messrs. W. Nugawela (Chairman) and A. L. Gunaratne.

T. SAM. DE SILVA,
Provincial Road Committee,
Ratnapura, October 7, 1924.
for Chairman.

Dehiowita-Algoda Branch Road.

REFERRING to the notice dated September 3, 1924, and published in the *Government Gazettes* Nos. 7,413 and 7,415 of September 5 and 12, 1924, respectively, notice is hereby given that under section 14 of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, No. 14 of 1896," the under-mentioned persons were elected to form the Local Committee to perform the duties imposed upon such Committee by the said Ordinance in respect of the above road to serve from August 27, 1924, to August 27, 1926:—

Messrs. I. L. Cameron (Chairman), D. I. Mackenzie,
E. R. Devonshire, G. C. Price, and T. H. Newall.

T. SAM. DE SILVA,
Provincial Road Committee,
Ratnapura, October 7, 1924.
for Chairman.

Mallowapitiya-Rambadagalla Branch Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, 1896," have assessed the proportion due by each estate in the district interested in the above road for the recovery of the moiety of Rs. 1,290.10, required for the acquisition of land for the road.

1st to 2nd section, 1 mile.

Total acreage, 10,739—Moiety of cost, Rs. 93.82—
Sectional rate, .008736—Total rate, .008736.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs. c.
Mrs. J. A. Dona			
Thekala Hamine ..	Mallowapitiya ..	100 ..	0 87
Mr. Simon Fernando	Uyandanawatta ..	100 ..	0 87

1st to 3rd section, 1½ mile.

Total acreage, 10,539—Moiety of cost, Rs. 46.91—
Sectional rate, .004451—Total rate, .013187.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs. c.
G. D. John Fernando	Uyandanawatta ..	60 ..	0 79
Natchee Appa Chetty (attorney of K. M. P. R. Muttu Raman Chetty)	Dangahamula- watta ..	23 ..	0 30
Dr. K. J. de Silva ..	Estate sold by Mr. Modder ..	70 ..	0 93
Mr. C. P. Markus ..	Rhenil ..	165 ..	2 19

1st to 4th section, 2 miles.

Total acreage, 10,221—Moiety of cost, Rs. 46.91—
Sectional rate, .004589—Total rate, .017776.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs. c.
S. S. N. Ramanathan Chetty	Galpottewatta ..	120 ..	2 14
Mr. A. J. Vander Poorten	Lizzidale <i>alias</i> Tarapotewatta ..	214 ..	3 81

1st to 5th section, 2½ miles.

Total acreage, 9,887—Moiety of cost, Rs. 46.91—
Sectional rate, .004744—Total rate, .022520.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs. c.
Ram Banda, K. B. Dissanayake, and T. B. Dissanayake	Paragahamula- watta ..	40 ..	0 90

1st to 6th section, 3 miles.

Total acreage, 9,847—Moiety of cost, Rs. 46.91—
Sectional rate, .004763—Total rate, .027283.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs. c.
Mrs. W. G. Rockwood	Galgodawatta ..	84 ..	2 29
Mr. Mohamed Ali, J.P.	Kotakanda ..	30 ..	0 82

1st to 7th section, 3½ miles.

Total acreage, 9,733—Moiety of cost, Rs. 46.91—
Sectional rate, .004819—Total rate, .032102.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs. c.
Mr. Mohamed Ali, J.P.	Kotakanda ..	100 ..	3 21

1st to 8th section, 4 miles.

Total acreage, 9,633—Moiety of cost, Rs. 46.91—
Sectional rate, .004869—Total rate, .036971.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs. c.
Hon. Sir H. M. Fer- nando	Aspokunawatta ..	321 ..	11 87
Mrs. A. M. Abeyssekera	Lindapityawatta ..	56 ..	2 7
Rawanna Mana Sup- piah	Tingolewatta ..	48 ..	1 78
Migolle Arachchi	Leepiyagolla ..	30 ..	1 11
H. D. Sasira	Attikkagahamula- watta ..	30 ..	1 11

1st to 9th section, 4½ miles.

Total acreage, 9,148—Moiety of cost, Rs. 46.91—
Sectional rate, .005127—Total rate, .042098.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs. c.
Mr. F. N. Daniels	Kospotuoyawatta ..	180 ..	7 58
Mr. T. B. Delwita	Pitawelawatta ..	64 ..	2 70
Messrs. Lewis Brown & Co.	Shakerley ..	1,250 ..	52 63

1st to 11th section, 5½ miles.

Total acreage, 7,654—Moiety of cost, Rs. 93.82—
Sectional rate, .012257—Total rate, .054355.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs. c.
Hon. Sir H. M. Fer- nando	Meegastenna ..	164 ..	8 92

1st to 14th section, 7 miles.

Total acreage, 7,490—Moiety of cost, Rs. 140.73—
Sectional rate, .018789—Total rate, .073144.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs. c.
Mr. A. J. Vander Poorten	Normandy ..	352 ..	25 75

1st to 16th section, 8 miles.

Total acreage, 7,138—Moiety of cost, Rs. 93.82—
Sectional rate, .013143—Total rate, .086287.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs. c.
Messrs. Bosanquet & Co.	Pangalla ..	520 ..	44 87

1st to 18th section, 9 miles.

Total acreage, 6,618—Moiety of cost, Rs. 93.82—
Sectional rate, .014176—Total rate, .100463.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs. c.
Messrs. H. Don Carclis & Sons	Ridi Uyanwatta ..	233 ..	23 41

1st to 23rd section, 11½ miles.

Total acreage, 6,385—Moiety of cost, Rs. 234.55—
Sectional rate, .036734—Total rate, .137197.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs. c.
Messrs. Gordon Frazer & Co.	Ridigama ..	1,352 ..	185 49

1st to 24th section, 12 miles.

Total acreage, 5,033—Moiety of cost, Rs. 46.91—
Sectional rate, .009320—Total rate, .146517.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs. c.
K. M. N. M. Ramana- than Chetty	Maryland <i>alias</i> Kaliswara ..	140 ..	20 51

1st to 25th section, 12½ miles.

Total acreage, 4,893—Moiety of cost, Rs. 46.91—
Sectional rate, .009587—Total rate, .156104.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs. c.
Egoris Appuhamy	Veyangoda ..	36 ..	5 62
Sadiris Appuhamy	dc. ..	38 ..	5 93
Mr. P. B. Delwita	Delwita Walauwa ..	24 ..	3 75

1st to 28th section, 14 miles.

Total acreage, 4,795—Moiety of cost, Rs. 117.35—
Sectional rate, .024473—Total rate, .180577.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs. c.
The Ceylon Tea Plan- tations Co., Ltd	Delhena ..	504 ..	91 1
Messrs. James Finlay & Co.	Delwita Group ..	2,568 ..	463 72
Messrs. Carson & Co.	Nella Ccla ..	300 ..	54 18
Messrs. Harrisons & Crosfield, Ltd.	Marlbe ..	586 ..	105 82
Do.	Kepitigalla ..	708 ..	127 85
Mr. J. L. Kotelawala	Field View ..	129 ..	23 36

Which sums the proprietors, managers, or agents of the several estates are hereby required to pay on or before October 31, 1924, into the Colonial Treasury, Colombo.

W. ABEYAWARDANE,
Provincial Road Committee's Office, for Chairman,
Kurunegala, October 9, 1924.

Vellaioya-Shannon Estate Cart Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for maintenance of the above road for the year ending September 30, 1925, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Estate Roads Ordinance, No. 12 of 1902," will on

Saturday, November 8, 1924, at 10.15 A.M., at their office in Kandy, proceed to assess the under-mentioned estates to make up the private contributions:—

Government moiety	Rs. 418·00
Private contributions	Rs. 1,500·50

1st to 4th section, 131 chains 20 lines.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.
Eastern Produce and Estates Co., Ltd. (A. D. Speirs)	Vellaioya	965
Mrs. C. Shipton (E. H. Mellor)	Agraoya	438
St. Heliers Tea Co., Ltd. (A. T. Garden)	St. Heliers	330

And at the same time and place the Committee will take evidence, if necessary, and receive and consider objections and suggestions.

W. L. KINDERSLEY,
Provincial Road Committee's Office, Chairman.
Kandy, October 13, 1924.

Aluwihare-Dullewa Gap Estate Cart Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for the maintenance of the above road for the year ending September 30, 1925, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of the Estate Roads Ordinance, No. 12 of 1902, will on Saturday, November 8, 1924, at 10.15 A.M., at their office in Kandy, proceed to assess the under-mentioned estates to make up the private contributions, viz.:—

Maintenance, 1924-25.

Government contribution	Rs. 1,400·00
Private contributions	Rs. 1,823·37

1st to 3rd section, 2 miles 44 chains.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rate. Rs. c.	Amount. Rs. c.
Eastern Produce and Estates Co., Ltd.	Matale West	1,220	1 0	1,220 0
Rosehaugh Tea and Rubber Co., Ltd (Har-old Vickers)	Beredewella	344	0 50	172 0
J. B. Tennant	Polwatta	186	0 50	93 0
Mrs. Hodgson Bell (J Taylor)	Dullawe and Glenury	302	0 50	151 0
Mafalda Rubber Syndicate (D. A. Steele)	High Walton	225	0 50	112 50
C. Ariya-Nayagam	Ratninde	100	7487	74 87
Total				1,823 37

And at the same time and place the Committee will take evidence, if necessary, and receive and consider objections and suggestions.

W. L. KINDERSLEY,
Provincial Road Committee's Office, Chairman.
Kandy, October 13, 1924.

Galaha-Pupuressa Estate Cart Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for the maintenance of the above road for the year ending September 30, 1925, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of the Estate Roads Ordinance, No. 12 of 1902,

will on Saturday, November 8, 1924, at 10.15 A.M., at their office in Kandy, proceed to assess the under-mentioned estates to make up the private contributions:—

Government moiety	Rs. 1,400·00
Private contributions	Rs. 3,600·00

1st section, 1 mile.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.
Galaha Ceylon Tea Estates & Agency Co. (W. A. S. Paul)	Vedehetta	902
Gordon Frazer & Co. (Sellembrum)	Erin	336

2nd section, 1 mile.

Galaha Ceylon Tea Estates & Agency Co. (W. A. S. Paul)	Vedehetta	902
Gordon Frazer & Co. (Sellembrum)	Erin	336

3rd section, 1 mile.

Gordon Frazer & Co. (Sellembrum)	Erin	336
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4th section (first half), $\frac{1}{2}$ mile.

Gordon Frazer & Co. (Sellembrum)	Erin	336
----------------------------------	------	-----

4th section (second half), $\frac{1}{2}$ mile.

Gordon Frazer & Co. (A. P. Sandbach)	Le Vallon	2,396
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5th section, 1 mile.

Gordon Frazer & Co. (A. P. Sandbach)	Le Vallon	2,396
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6th section, 1 mile.

Gordon Frazer & Co. (A. P. Sandbach)	Le Vallon	2,396
Cumberbatch & Co. (H. W. Kay)	New Forest	425

7th section, 1 mile.

Gordon Frazer & Co. (A. P. Sandbach)	Le Vallon	2,396
Cumberbatch & Co. (H. W. Kay)	New Forest	425
E. D. Padwick (E. A. Clive)	Yarrow Group	478
Lipton, Limited (G. L. H. Doudney)	Pooprassie	1,350

8th section, $\frac{5}{8}$ mile.

Gordon Frazer & Co. (A. P. Sandbach)	Le Vallon	2,396
Cumberbatch & Co. (H. W. Kay)	New Forest	425
E. D. Padwick (E. A. Clive)	Yarrow Group	478
Lipton, Limited (G. L. H. Doudney)	Pooprassie	1,350

And at the same time and place the Committee will take evidence, if necessary, and receive and consider objections and suggestions.

W. L. KINDERSLEY,
Provincial Road Committee's Office, Chairman.
Kandy, October 13, 1924.

Kadugannawa-Gampola Estate Cart Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for maintenance of the above road for the year ending September 30, 1925, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of the Estate Roads Ordinance, No. 12 of 1902, will on Saturday, November 8, 1924, at 10.15 A.M., at their office in Kandy, proceed to assess the under-mentioned estates to make up the private contributions:—

Government contribution	Rs. 1,000·00
Private contributions	Rs. 5,000·00

1st section, 1 mile.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.
Vanderspar & Co. (M. J. Wijesooriya)	Bellongalla	390

1st and 2nd sections, 2 miles.

N. D. J. de Silva	St. Helens	125
Edwin C. de Silva	Nuga Ella	81

1st to 3rd section, 3 miles.		
Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.
M. Bahbaretty	.. Mercantile	.. 114
Mrs. E. Warakaulle (J. B. Alexander)	.. Sadikka	.. 89
M. B. Panabokka	.. Medrup	.. 109
1st to 4th section, 4 miles.		
E. H. de Silva	.. Paranapitiya	.. 22
Mackwoods, Ltd. (G. J. F. Percival)	.. Winby	.. 1,061
1st to 6th section, 5½ miles.		
W. Jordan	.. Alpitikanda	.. 570
R. Foster	.. Gona Adika	.. 1,015
O. B. Wijesekera	.. Gadadessa	.. 510
James P. Fernando	.. Frankland	.. 264
7th to 12th section, 5½ miles.		
R. Foster	.. Gona Adika	.. 1,015
8th to 12th section, 5 miles.		
M. S. Seyado Mohammed Marikkar	.. Leangaha	.. 45
K. Ukku Banda	.. Lokuanga	.. 30
9th to 12th section, 4 miles.		
S. U. Odayar	.. Maligatenna	.. 30
K. P. K. N. Kannappa Chetty	Rannawella	.. 66
10th to 12th section, 3 miles.		
K. Perumal Naikar	.. Dhormapury	.. 30
M. S. Seyado Mohammed Marikkar	.. Udahena	.. 35
11th to 12th section, 2 miles.		
Noor Mohammado	.. Demoderawatta	.. 40
S. J. de Saram	.. Hartfield	.. 143
Heirs of late J. S. Agar (O. Shelton Agar)	.. Mt. Temple	.. 208
P. K. Sam de Silva	.. Sanda Siri	.. 33
12th section, 1 mile.		
J. B. Silva	.. —	.. 57

And at the same time and place the Committee will take evidence, if necessary, and receive and consider objections and suggestions.

W. L. KINDERSLEY,
Provincial Road Committee's Office, Chairman.
Kandy, October 13, 1924.

Kandenewera-Wariapolla Estate Cart Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for the maintenance of the above road for the year ending September 30, 1925, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of the Estate Roads Ordinance, No. 12 of 1902, will on Saturday, November 8, 1924, at 10.15 A.M., at their office in Kandy, proceed to assess the under-mentioned estates to make up the private contributions:—

Government contribution	.. Rs. 1,500.00
Private contributions	.. Rs. 7,125.00

1st and 2nd sections, 1 mile 66 chains.

Government contribution, Rs. 405.45—Private contribution, Rs. 1,954.55—Total, Rs. 2,360.00.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.
Wariapolla Estates Co., Ltd. (J. A. M. Bond)	.. Wariapolla	.. 974
Wariapolla Estates Co., Ltd. (M. C. Evans)	.. Kandenewera	.. 937
E. O. Felsing (A. W. P. Ferrand)	.. Watagoda	.. 346
Ceylon Land and Produce Co., Ltd. (G. Black)	.. Strathisla	.. 409

3rd section, 46 chains.		
Government contribution, Rs. 127.75—Private contribution, Rs. 1,672.25—Total, Rs. 1,800.00.		
Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.
Wariapolla Estates Co., Ltd. (M. C. Evans)	.. Kandenewera	.. 937
E. O. Felsing (A. W. P. Ferrand)	.. Watagoda	.. 346
Ceylon Land and Produce Co., Ltd. (G. Black)	.. Strathisla	.. 409
4th and 5th sections, 2 miles.		
Government contribution, Rs. 444.70—Private contribution, Rs. 1,480.30—Total, Rs. 1,925.00.		
Wariapolla Estates Co., Ltd. (M. C. Evans)	.. Kandenewera	.. 937
E. O. Felsing (A. W. P. Ferrand)	.. Watagoda	.. 346
Ceylon Land and Produce Co., Ltd. (G. Black)	.. Strathisla	.. 409
The Bandarapola Ceylon Company, Ltd. (J. Henry)	.. Godapola	.. 454
Do.	.. Karagahalanda	.. 104

6th section, 28 chains.

Government contribution, Rs. 77.75—Private contribution, Rs. 312.25—Total, Rs. 390.00.

Wariapolla Estates Co., Ltd. (M. C. Evans)	.. Kandenewera	.. 937
E. O. Felsing (A. W. P. Ferrand)	.. Watagoda	.. 346
The Bandarapola Ceylon Company, Ltd. (J. Henry)	.. Karagahalanda	.. 104

7th section, 40 chains.

Government contribution, Rs. 111.10—Private contribution, Rs. 363.90—Total, Rs. 475.00.

Wariapolla Estates Co., Ltd. (M. C. Evans)	.. Kandenewera	.. 937
The Bandarapola Ceylon Company, Ltd. (J. Henry)	.. Karagahalanda	.. 104

8th and 9th sections, 1 mile 40 chains.

Government contribution, Rs. 333.25—Private contribution, Rs. 1,341.75—Total, Rs. 1,675.00.

Wariapolla Estates Co., Ltd. (Gerald Abbott)	.. Kandenewera	.. 937
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And at the same time and place the Committee will take evidence, if necessary, and receive and consider objections and suggestions.

W. L. KINDERSLEY,
Provincial Road Committee's Office, Chairman.
Kandy, October 14, 1924.

Kandenewera-Wariapolla Estate Cart Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Provincial Road Committee, having approved a Supplementary Estimate for the maintenance of the above road for the year ending September 30, 1924, and acting under the provisions of the Estate Roads Ordinance, No. 12 of 1902, will on Saturday, November 8, 1924, at 10.15 A.M., at their office in Kandy, proceed to assess the under-mentioned estates to make up the private contributions:—

Private contributions	.. Rs. 1,000.00
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1st and 2nd sections, 1 mile 66 chains—
Private contribution, Rs. 200.00.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.
Wariapolla Estates Co., Ltd. (J. A. M. Bond)	.. Wariapolla	.. 974
Wariapolla Estates Co., Ltd. (M. C. Evans)	.. Kandenewera	.. 937
E. O. Felsing (A. W. P. Ferrand)	.. Watagoda	.. 346
Ceylon Land and Produce Co., Ltd. (G. Black)	.. Strathisla	.. 409
Pitakanda Tea Company of Ceylon (J. D. Leslie)	.. Pitakanda	.. 1,485

3rd section, 46 chains.

Private contribution, Rs. 150·00.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.
Wariapolla Estates Co., Ltd. (M. C. Evans)	.. Kandenewera	.. 937
E. O. Felsing (A. W. P. Ferrand)	.. Watagoda	.. 346
Ceylon Land and Produce Co., Ltd. (G. Black)	.. Strathisla	.. 409
Pitakanda Tea Company of Ceylon (J. D. Leslie)	.. Pitakanda	.. 1,485

4th and 5th sections, 2 miles.

Private contribution, Rs. 450·00.

Wariapolla Estates Co., Ltd. (M. C. Evans)	.. Kandenewera	.. 937
F. O. Felsing (A. W. P. Ferrand)	.. Watagoda	.. 346
Ceylon Land and Produce Co., Ltd. (G. Black)	.. Strathisla	.. 409
Pitakanda Tea Company of Ceylon (J. D. Leslie)	.. Pitakanda	.. 1,485
The Bandarapola Ceylon Com- pany, Ltd. (J. Henry)	.. Godapola	.. 454
Do.	.. Karagahalanda	104

6th section, 28 chains.

Private contribution, Rs. 100·00.

Wariapolla Estates Co., Ltd. (M. C. Evans)	.. Kandenewera	.. 937
E. O. Felsing (A. W. P. Ferrand)	.. Watagoda	.. 346
Pitakanda Tea Company of Ceylon (J. D. Leslie)	.. Pitakanda	.. 1,485
The Bandarapola Ceylon Com- pany, Ltd. (J. Henry)	.. Karagahalanda	104

7th section, 40 chains.

Private contribution, Rs. 100·00.

Wariapolla Estates Co., Ltd. (M. C. Evans)	.. Kandenewera	.. 937
Pitakanda Tea Company of Ceylon (J. D. Leslie)	.. Pitakanda	.. 1,485
The Bandarapola Ceylon Com- pany, Ltd. (J. Henry)	.. Karagahalanda	104

And at the same time and place the Committee will take evidence, if necessary, and receive and consider objections and suggestions.

W. L. KINDERSLEY,

Provincial Road Committee's Office, Chairman.
Kandy, October 13, 1924.

Dodangoda Passenger Ferry.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Chairman of the District Road Committee of Galle will receive sealed tenders for the purchase of the passenger ferry toll at Dodangoda, in the Galle District, from January 1 to December 31, 1925.

2. The tenders, which must be in sealed envelopes, superscribed "Tender for Dodangoda Toll Rent," will be received at the Galle Kacheheri until 2 p.m. on Saturday, November 15, 1924, when they will be opened, and all persons making tender will be required to be present, or to satisfy the Chairman by some duly accredited agents that the tender is *bona fide*. The Chairman reserves to himself the right of rejecting any or all tenders, and of selling the rent by public auction on the same day if no satisfactory tender is received.

3. The person whose tender is approved by the Chairman will be required to deposit at once one-tenth of the purchase amount in cash; and furnish approved security for one-half of the whole purchase amount, or in cash for one-third of the whole purchase amount, within thirty days of the date of the acceptance of his offer.

4. If security be given in cash, the amount deposited on the day of the sale shall be allowed to count as part of the four months' rent which the purchaser has to deposit as security. If, however, security be given in land, the cash deposit shall be retained as security additional to the landed property mortgaged with the Chairman, and shall be hypothecated with it.

5. He will further be required to deposit money to pay the fees of the Crown Counsel for examining and giving his opinion on the title deeds of the properties tendered by him as security, and for examining and settling the security bond, and the expenses of appraising the properties and of registering the security bond.

6. He will be further required to exhibit a red light on both sides of the toll bar visible at a distance of 100 yards.

7. All title deeds tendered as security should be accompanied by a certificate obtained from the Registrar of Lands that the lands to which they relate are unencumbered. This certificate must be obtained at the cost of the party offering the security. Further information can be obtained on application to the Chairman.

District Road Committee's Office, T. B. RUSSELL,
Galle, October 10, 1924. Chairman.

Election of District Road Committee Members, Galle.

NOTICE is hereby given that under the 26th clause of the Ordinance No. 10 of 1861, all persons intending to offer themselves as candidates for the office of European, Burgher, or Native Member of the District Committee of Galle, for the years 1925, 1926, and 1927, are hereby required to signify their intention in writing to the Chairman of the Provincial Road Committee for the Southern Province, at least 10 days before the day of election. The election will be held on November 24, 1924, at 2.30 p.m., at the Galle Kacheheri.

Provincial Road Committee, G. C. MILES,
Galle, October 13, 1924. Secretary.

Election of District Road Committee Members, Hambantota.

NOTICE is hereby given that under the 26th clause of the Ordinance No. 10 of 1861, all persons intending to offer themselves as candidates for the office of European, Burgher, or Native Member of the District Committee of Hambantota, for the years 1925, 1926, and 1927, are hereby required to signify their intention in writing to the Chairman of the Provincial Road Committee for the Southern Province, at least 10 days before the day of election. The election will be held on November 24, 1924, 2.30 p.m., at the Hambantota Kacheheri.

Provincial Road Committee, G. C. MILES,
Galle, October 13, 1924. Secretary.

Election of District Road Committee Members, Puttalam.

NOTICE is hereby given that under the 26th clause of the Ordinance No. 10 of 1861, all persons intending to offer themselves as candidates for the office of European, Burgher, or Native Member of the District Committee of Puttalam, for the years 1925, 1926, and 1927, are hereby required to signify their intention in writing to the Chairman of the Provincial Road Committee for the North-Western Province, at least 10 days before the day of election. The election will be held on November 24, 1924, at the Puttalam Kacheheri, at 11 a.m.

Provincial Road Committee, W. ABEYAWARDANE,
Kurunegala, October 10, 1924. Secretary.

Election of District Road Committee Members, Chilaw.

NOTICE is hereby given that under the 26th clause of the Ordinance No. 10 of 1861, all persons intending to offer themselves as candidates for the office of European, Burgher, or Native Member of the District Committee of Chilaw, for the years 1925, 1926, and 1927, are hereby required to signify their intention in writing to the Chairman of the Provincial Road Committee for the North-Western Province, at least 10 days before the day of election. The election will be held on November 18, 1924, at 11 A.M., at the Assistant Government Agent's Office, Chilaw.

W. ABEYAWARDANE,
Secretary.
Provincial Road Committee,
Kurunegala, October 10, 1924.

Election of District Road Committee Members, Kurunegala.

NOTICE is hereby given that under the 26th clause of the Ordinance No. 10 of 1861, all persons intending to offer themselves as candidates for the office of European, Burgher, or Native Member of the District Committee of Kurunegala for the years 1925, 1926, and 1927, are hereby required to signify their intention in writing to the Chairman of the Provincial Road Committee for the North-Western Province, at least 10 days before the day of election. The election will be held on November 8, 1924, at 10 A.M., at the Kurunegala Kachcheri.

W. ABEYAWARDANE,
Secretary.
Provincial Road Committee,
Kurunegala, October 13, 1924.

TRADE MARKS NOTICES.

In compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinance, 1888," and the "Trade Marks Rules, 1906," the following application for registration of a Trade Mark is advertised:—

- (1) Trade Mark No. 3,178.
- (2) Date of Receipt: June 28, 1924.
- (3) Applicant (Proprietor of the Trade Mark): KALU-ATCHIKANKANAMAGE CAROLIS SILVA, Eladdarawatta, Nupe, Matara; Native Doctor.
- (4) Address for service in the Island, if any: —
- (5) Class: Three.
- (6) Goods: Medicinal oil for human use.
- (7) Mark:



The essential particulars of the Trade Mark are the distinctive device, and the word "VRANSANTHI" and no claim is made to the exclusive use of the added matter.

H. W. CODRINGTON,
Registrar-General.
Colombo, September 30, 1924.

In compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinance, 1888," and the "Trade Marks Rules, 1906," the following application for registration of a Trade Mark is advertised:—

- (1) Trade Mark No. 3,215.
- (2) Date of Receipt: September 19, 1924.
- (3) Applicant (Proprietor of the Trade Mark): BROOKE, BOND, CEYLON, LIMITED, No. 62, Union place, Slave Island, Colombo; Tea Merchants.

- (4) Address for service in the Island, if any: —
- (5) Class: Forty-two.
- (6) Goods: Tea.
- (7) Mark:

BLUEBIRD

The essential particular of the Trade Mark is the word "BLUEBIRD."

H. W. CODRINGTON,
Registrar-General.
Colombo, October 8, 1924.

In compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinance, 1888," and the "Trade Marks Rules, 1906," the following application for registration of a Trade Mark is advertised:—

- (1) Trade Mark No. 3,216.
- (2) Date of Receipt: September 10, 1924.
- (3) Applicant (Proprietor of the Trade Mark): BROOKE, BOND, CEYLON, LIMITED, No. 62, Union place, Slave Island, Colombo; Tea Merchants.
- (4) Address for service in the Island if any: —
- (5) Class: Forty-two.
- (6) Goods: Tea.
- (7) Mark:

HAWK

The essential particular of the Trade Mark is the word "HAWK."

H. W. CODRINGTON,
Registrar-General.
Colombo, October 8, 1924.

4/- IN compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinance, 1888," and the "Trade Marks Rules, 1906," the following application for registration of a Trade Mark is advertised:—

- (1) Trade Mark No. 3,217.
- (2) Date of Receipt: September 10, 1924.
- (3) Applicant (Proprietor of the Trade Mark): BROOKE, BOND, CEYLON, LIMITED, No. 62, Union place, Slave Island, Colombo; Tea Merchants.
- (4) Address for service in the Island, if any: —
- (5) Class: Forty-two.
- (6) Goods: Tea.
- (7) Mark:

KING FISHER

The essential particular of the Trade Mark is the word "KING FISHER."

Registrar-General's Office, H. W. CODRINGTON,
Colombo, October 8, 1924. Registrar-General.

4/- IN compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinance, 1888," and the "Trade Marks Rules, 1906," the following application for registration of a Trade Mark is advertised:—

- (1) Trade Mark No. 3,219.
- (2) Date of Receipt: September 10, 1924.
- (3) Applicant (Proprietor of the Trade Mark): BROOKE, BOND, CEYLON, LIMITED, No. 62, Union place, Slave Island, Colombo; Tea Merchants.
- (4) Address for service in the Island, if any: —
- (5) Class: Forty-two.
- (6) Goods: Tea.
- (7) Mark:

MONARCH

The essential particular of the Trade Mark is the word "MONARCH."

Registrar-General's Office, H. W. CODRINGTON,
Colombo, October 8, 1924. Registrar-General.

4/- IN compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinance, 1888," and the "Trade Marks Rules, 1906," the following application for registration of a Trade Mark is advertised:—

- (1) Trade Mark No. 3,220.
- (2) Date of Receipt: September 10, 1924.
- (3) Applicant (Proprietor of the Trade Mark): BROOKE, BOND, CEYLON, LIMITED, No. 62, Union place, Slave Island, Colombo; Tea Merchants.
- (4) Address for service in the Island, if any: —
- (5) Class: Forty-two.
- (6) Goods: Tea.
- (7) Mark:

PRINCESS

The essential particular of the Trade Mark is the word "PRINCESS."

Registrar-General's Office, H. W. CODRINGTON,
Colombo, October 8, 1924. Registrar-General.

IN compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinance, 1888," and the "Trade Marks Rules, 1906," the following application for registration of a Trade Mark is advertised:—

- (1) Trade Mark No. 3,222.
- (2) Date of Receipt: September 10, 1924.
- (3) Applicant (Proprietor of the Trade Mark): BROOKE, BOND, CEYLON, LIMITED, No. 62, Union place, Slave Island, Colombo; Tea Merchants.
- (4) Address for service in the Island, if any: —
- (5) Class: Forty-two.
- (6) Goods: Tea.
- (7) Mark:

RICKSHAW

The essential particular of the Trade Mark is the word "RICKSHAW."

Registrar-General's Office, H. W. CODRINGTON,
Colombo, October 8, 1924. Registrar-General.

IN compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinance, 1888," and the "Trade Marks Rules, 1906," the following application for registration of a Trade Mark is advertised:—

- (1) Trade Mark No. 3,224.
- (2) Date of Receipt: September 10, 1924.
- (3) Applicant (Proprietor of the Trade Mark): BROOKE, BOND, CEYLON, LIMITED, No. 62, Union place, Slave Island, Colombo; Tea Merchants.
- (4) Address for service in the Island, if any: —
- (5) Class: Forty-two.
- (6) Goods: Tea.
- (7) Mark:

TIGER

The essential particular of the Trade Mark is the word "TIGER."

Registrar-General's Office, H. W. CODRINGTON,
Colombo, October 8, 1924. Registrar-General.

IN compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinance, 1888," and the "Trade Marks Rules, 1906," the following application for registration of a Trade Mark is advertised:—

- (1) Trade Mark No. 3,228.
- (2) Date of Receipt: September 19, 1924.
- (3) Applicant (Proprietor of the Trade Mark): ROWN-TREE & COMPANY, LIMITED (a Company incorporated under the laws of England), The Cocoa Works, Wigginton road, York, Yorkshire, England; Manufacturers.
- (4) Address for service in the Island: Julius & Creasy No. 2, Prince street, Fort, Colombo.
- (5) Class: Forty-two.
- (6) Goods: Gums and pastilles (being sweetmeats) confectionery and chocolates.
- (7) Mark:

CHUFU-S

Registrar-General's Office, H. W. CODRINGTON,
Colombo, October 15, 1924. Registrar-General.

IN compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinance, 1888," and the "Trade Marks Rules, 1906," the following application for registration of a Trade Mark is advertised:—

- (1) Trade Mark No. 2,973.
- (2) Date of Receipt: September 20, 1923.
- (3) Applicant (Proprietor of the Trade Mark): A. Q. TUCKER & COMPANY, LIMITED (a Company incorporated under the laws of England), "Onaway," Half Moon lane, Herne Hill, London, England; Chemists and Druggists.
- (4) Address for service in the Island: Julius & Creasy, No. 2, Prince street, Fort, Colombo.
- (5) Class: Three.
- (6) Goods: Remedy for asthma, hay fever, and catarrhal diseases of the respiratory organs.
- (7) Mark:

DR NATHAN TUCKER'S

The essential particular of the Trade Mark is the word "TUCKER'S" and no claim is made to the exclusive use of the added matter.

Registrar-General's Office, H. W. CODRINGTON,
Colombo, October 15, 1924. Registrar-General.

IN compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinance, 1888," and the "Trade Marks Rules, 1906," the following application for registration of a Trade Mark is advertised:—

- (1) Trade Mark No. 3,226.
- (2) Date of Receipt: September 12, 1924.
- (3) Applicant (Proprietor of the Trade Mark): COLUMBIA GRAPHOPHONE COMPANY, LIMITED (a Company incorporated under the laws of England), 102 to 108, Clerkenwell road, London E. C. 1., England; Manufacturers.
- (4) Address for service in the Island: Julius & Creasy, No. 2, Prince street, Fort, Colombo.
- (5) Classes: (a) Eight; (b) Nine.
- (6) Goods: (a) In class 8 in respect of apparatus for recording and reproducing sounds; talking machines; parts and accessories of such apparatus and machines; namely, reproducers, tonearms, amplifying horns, tone-control devices, record holding or storing devices, and talking machine needles and instruments, cylinders, discs, ribbons, bands, and other devices for recording and reproducing sounds; machines, instruments, or devices for obliterating recorded sounds from the mediums on or by which they are recorded.
- (b) In class 9 in respect of automatic musical instruments; parts and accessories of such instruments.
- (7) Mark:

REGAL

Registrar-General's Office, H. W. CODRINGTON,
Colombo, October 15, 1924. Registrar-General.

IN compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinance, 1888," and the "Trade Marks Rules, 1906," the following application for registration of a Trade Mark is advertised:—

- (1) Trade Mark No. 3,225.
- (2) Date of Receipt: September 11, 1924.
- (3) Applicant (Proprietor of the Trade Mark): WILLIAM HOLLINS & COMPANY, LIMITED (a Company duly incorporated under the laws of England), 24, 25, 26, Newgate street, London, and Castle Boulevard, Nottingham, Nottinghamshire, England; Spinners and Manufacturers.
- (4) Address for service in the Island: Julius & Creasy, No. 2, Prince street, Fort, Colombo.
- (5) Class: Thirty-one.
- (6) Goods: Silk piece goods.
- (7) Mark:

JAPSHAN

Registrar-General's Office, H. W. CODRINGTON,
Colombo, October 15, 1924. Registrar-General.

IN compliance with the provisions of "The Trade Marks Ordinance, 1888," and the "Trade Marks Rules, 1906," the following application for registration of a Trade Mark is advertised:—

- (1) Trade Mark No. 3,230.
- (2) Date of Receipt: September 25, 1924.
- (3) Applicant (Proprietor of the Trade Mark): THE HOFFMANN-LA ROCHE CHEMICAL WORKS, LIMITED (a Company incorporated under the laws of England), 7 and 8, Idol lane, London, E. C. 3., England; Manufacturing chemists.
- (4) Address for service in the Island: F. J. & G. de Saram, No. 13, Queen street, Fort, Colombo.
- (5) Class: Three.
- (6) Goods: Chemical substances prepared for use in medicine and pharmacy.
- (7) Mark:



The essential particular of the Trade Mark is the distinctive label.

Registrar-General's Office, H. W. CODRINGTON,
Colombo, October 15, 1924. Registrar-General.

NOTICES UNDER "THE EXCISE ORDINANCE, No. 8 OF 1912"

Local Option regarding Toddy Taverns.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Government Agent of the Central Province, in exercise of the powers vested in him by rule 5 of the Excise Notification No. 130 published in the *Gazette* of June 23, 1922, has fixed the under-mentioned dates and places for recording votes for the purpose of ascertaining whether 60 per cent. of the tax-paying inhabitants within the areas served by the following taverns are opposed to the existence of such taverns:—

Name of Tavern.	Date and Time. 1924.	Place.	Area served.
Wavinna toddy tavern	Nov. 6, from 7 A.M. to 7 P.M.	Ambalama at Wavinna	Pallegama wasama and Udagama wasama
Dikirimadawala tavern	Nov. 7, from 7 A.M. to 7 P.M.	Amunugama Walauwa	Amunugama wasama, Pilawela wasama, and Mahawatta wasama
Gunnepana Udagaramedda toddly tavern	Nov. 8, from 7 A.M. to 7 P.M.	Gunnepana Girls' School	Gunnepana Pallegammed- de village, Gunnepana village, and Sirimal- watta wasama
Polgollewatta toddy tavern	Nov. 10, from 7 A.M. to 7 P.M.	Sinna Mudalali's house at Polgolle	Gunnepana Gabadagama, Gunnepana Udagam- medde village, and Pol- golle wasama

The Kacheheri,
Kandy, October 10, 1924.

W. L. KINDERSLEY,
Government Agent.