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and General Government Notifications.
PART II.—Legal and Judicial.

PART III.—Provincial Administration.
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Part II.—Legal and Judicial.

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SUPPLEMENTS.

Jury Lists, Western Province.

THE following copy of a Treaty of Commerce and Navigation between Great Britain and Japan received from the Secretary of State for the Colonies is published for general information.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, February 2, 1895.

E. NOEL WALKER,
Colonial Secretary.

Treaty of Commerce and Navigation between Great Britain and Japan.

Signed at London, July 16, 1894. Ratifications exchanged at Tôkiô, August 25, 1894.

HER Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Empress of India, and His Majesty the Emperor of Japan, being equally desirous of maintaining the relations of good understanding which happily exist between them, by extending and increasing the intercourse between their respective States, and being convinced that this object cannot better be accomplished than by revising the Treaties hitherto existing between the two countries, have resolved to complete such a revision, based upon principles of equity and mutual benefit, and, for that purpose have named as their Plenipotentiaries, that is to say:

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Empress of India, the Right Honourable John, Earl of Kimberley, Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, &c., &c., Her Britannic Majesty's Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs;

And His Majesty the Emperor of Japan, Viscount Aoki Siuzo, Junii, first class of the Imperial Order of the Sacred Treasure, His Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at the Court of St. James';

Who, after having communicated to each other their full powers, found to be in good and due form, have agreed upon and concluded the following articles :—

ARTICLE I.

The subjects of each of the two High Contracting Parties shall have full liberty to enter, travel, or reside in any part of the dominions and possessions of the other Contracting Party, and shall enjoy full and perfect protection for their persons and property.

They shall have free and easy access to the Courts of Justice in pursuit and defence of their rights ; they shall be at liberty equally with native subjects to choose and employ lawyers, advocates, and representatives to pursue and defend their rights before such courts, and in all other matters connected with the administration of justice they shall enjoy all the rights and privileges enjoyed by native subjects.

In whatever relates to rights of residence and travel ; to the possession of goods and effects of any kind ; to the succession to personal estate, by will or otherwise, and the disposal of property of any sort in any manner whatsoever which they may lawfully acquire, the subjects of each Contracting Party shall enjoy in the dominions and possessions of the other the same privileges, liberties, and rights, and shall be subject to no higher imposts or charges in these respects than native subjects, or subjects or citizens of the most favoured nation. The subjects of each of the Contracting Parties shall enjoy in the dominions and possessions of the other entire liberty of conscience, and, subject to the Laws, Ordinances, and Regulations, shall enjoy the right of private or public exercise of their worship, and also the right of burying their respective countrymen according to their religious customs, in such suitable and convenient places as may be established and maintained for that purpose.

They shall not be compelled, under any pretext whatsoever, to pay any charges or taxes other or higher than those that are, or may be, paid by native subjects, or subjects or citizens of the most favoured nation.

ARTICLE II.

The subjects of either of the Contracting Parties residing in the dominions and possessions of the other shall be exempted from all compulsory military service whatsoever, whether in the Army, Navy, National Guard, or Militia ; from all contributions imposed in lieu of personal service ; and from all forced loans or military exactions or contributions.

ARTICLE III.

There shall be reciprocal freedom of commerce and navigation between the dominions and possessions of the two High Contracting Parties.

The subjects of each of the High Contracting Parties may trade in any part of the dominions and possessions of the other by wholesale or retail in all kinds of produce, manufactures, and merchandize of lawful commerce, either in person or by agents, singly, or in partnerships with foreigners or native subjects ; and they may there own or hire and occupy the houses, manufactories, warehouses, shops, and premises which may be necessary for them, and lease land for residential and commercial purposes, conforming themselves to the Laws, Police and Customs Regulations of the country like native subjects.

They shall have liberty freely to come with their ships and cargoes to all places, ports, and rivers in the dominions and possessions of the other which are or may be opened to foreign commerce, and shall enjoy, respectively, the same treatment in matters of commerce and navigation as native subjects, or subjects or citizens of the most favoured nation, without having to pay taxes, imposts, or duties, of whatever nature or under whatever denomination, levied in the name or for the profit of the Government, public functionaries, private individuals, Corporations, or establishments, of any kind, other or greater than those paid by native subjects, or subjects or citizens of the most favoured nation, subject always to the Laws, Ordinances, and Regulations of each country.

ARTICLE IV.

The dwellings, manufactories, warehouses, and shops of the subjects of each of the High Contracting Parties in the dominions and possessions of the other, and all premises appertaining thereto destined for purposes of residence or commerce, shall be respected.

It shall not be allowable to proceed to make a search of, or a domiciliary visit to, such dwellings and premises, or to examine or inspect books, papers, or accounts, except under the conditions and with the forms prescribed by the Laws, Ordinances, and Regulations for subjects of the country.

ARTICLE V.

No other or higher duties shall be imposed on the importation into the dominions and possessions of Her Britannic Majesty of any article, the produce or manufacture of the dominions and possessions of His Majesty the Emperor of Japan, from whatever place arriving ; and no other or higher duties shall be imposed on the importation into the dominions and possessions of His Majesty the Emperor of Japan of any article, the produce or manufacture of the dominions and possessions of Her Britannic Majesty, from whatever place arriving, than on the like article produced or manufactured in any other foreign country ; nor shall any prohibition be maintained or imposed on the importation of any article, the produce or manufacture of the dominions and possessions of either of the High Contracting Parties, into the dominions and possessions of the other, from whatever place arriving, which shall not equally extend to the importation of the like article, being the produce or

manufacture of any other country. This last provision is not applicable to the sanitary and other prohibitions occasioned by the necessity of protecting the safety of persons, or of cattle, or of plants useful to agriculture.

ARTICLE VI.

No other or higher duties or charges shall be imposed in the dominions and possessions of either of the High Contracting Parties on the exportation of any article to the dominions and possessions of the other than such as are, or may be, payable on the exportation of the like article to any other foreign country; nor shall any prohibition be imposed on the exportation of any article from the dominions and possessions of either of the two Contracting Parties to the dominions and possessions of the other which shall not equally extend to the exportation of the like article to any other country.

ARTICLE VII.

The subjects of each of the High Contracting parties shall enjoy in the dominions and possessions of the other exemption from all transit duties, and a perfect equality of treatment with native subjects in all that relates to warehousing, bounties, facilities, and drawbacks.

ARTICLE VIII.

All articles which are or may be legally imported into the ports of the dominions and possessions of His Majesty the Emperor of Japan in Japanese vessels may likewise be imported into those ports in British vessels, without being liable to any other or higher duties or charges of whatever denomination than if such articles were imported in Japanese vessels; and reciprocally, all articles which are or may be legally imported into the ports of the dominions and possessions of Her Britannic Majesty in British vessels may likewise be imported into those ports in Japanese vessels, without being liable to any other or higher duties or charges of whatever denomination than if such articles were imported in British vessels. Such reciprocal equality of treatment shall take effect without distinction, whether such articles come directly from the place of origin or from any other place.

In the same manner there shall be perfect equality of treatment in regard to exportation, so that the same export duties shall be paid and the same bounties and drawbacks allowed in the dominions and possessions of either of the High Contracting Parties on the exportation of any article which is or may be legally exported therefrom, whether such exportation shall take place in Japanese or in British vessels, and whatever may be the place of destination, whether a port of either of the Contracting Parties or of any third Power.

ARTICLE IX.

No duties of tonnage, harbour, pilotage, lighthouse, quarantine, or other similar or corresponding duties of whatever nature or under whatever denomination, levied in the name or for the profit of the Government, public functionaries, private individuals, Corporations, or establishments of any kind, shall be imposed in the ports of the dominions and possessions of either country upon the vessels of the other country which shall not equally and under the same conditions be imposed in the like cases on national vessels in general or vessels of the most favoured nation. Such equality of treatment shall apply reciprocally to the respective vessels, from whatever port or place they may arrive, and whatever may be their place of destination.

ARTICLE X.

In all that regards the stationing, loading of vessels in the ports, basins, docks, roadsteads, harbours, or rivers of the dominions and possessions of the two countries, no privilege shall be granted to national vessels which shall not be equally granted to vessels of the other country; the intention of the High Contracting Parties being that in this respect also the respective vessels shall be treated on the footing of perfect equality.

ARTICLE XI.

The coasting trade of both the High Contracting Parties is excepted from the provisions of the present Treaty, and shall be regulated according to the Laws, Ordinances, and Regulations of Japan and of Great Britain respectively. It is, however, understood that Japanese subjects in the dominions and possessions of Her Britannic Majesty and British subjects in the dominions and possessions of Her Majesty the Emperor of Japan, shall enjoy in this respect the rights which are or may be granted under such Laws, Ordinances, and Regulations to the subjects or citizens of any other country.

A Japanese vessel laden in a foreign country with cargo destined for two or more ports in the dominions and possessions of Her Britannic Majesty, and a British vessel laden in a foreign country with cargo destined for two or more ports in the dominions and possessions of His Majesty the Emperor of Japan, may discharge a portion of her cargo at one port, and continue her voyage to the other port or ports of destination where foreign trade is permitted, for the purpose of landing the remainder of her original cargo there, subject always to the Laws and Custom-house Regulations of the two countries.

The Japanese Government, however, agrees to allow British vessels to continue, as heretofore, for the period of the duration of the present Treaty, to carry cargo between the existing open ports of the Empire, excepting to or from the ports of Osaka, Niigata, and Ebusu-minato.

ARTICLE XII.

Any ship of war or merchant vessel of either of the High Contracting Parties which may be compelled by stress of weather, or by reason of any other distress, to take shelter in a port of the other, shall be at liberty to refit therein, to procure all necessary supplies, and to put to sea again,

without paying any dues other than such as would be payable by national vessels. In case, however, the master of a merchant vessel should be under the necessity of disposing of a part of his cargo in order to defray the expenses, he shall be bound to conform to the Regulations and Tariffs of the places to which he may have come.

If any ship of war or merchant vessel of one of the Contracting Parties should run aground or be wrecked upon the coasts of the other, the local authorities shall inform the Consul-General, Consul, Vice-Consul, or Consular Agent of the district of the occurrence, or if there be no such Consular officer, they shall inform the Consul-General, Consul, Vice-Consul, or Consular Agent of the nearest district.

All proceedings relative to the salvage of Japanese vessels wrecked or cast on shore in the territorial waters of Her Britannic Majesty shall take place in accordance with the Laws, Ordinances, and Regulations of Great Britain, and reciprocally, all measures of salvage relative to British vessels wrecked or cast on shore in the territorial waters of His Majesty the Emperor of Japan shall take place in accordance with the Laws, Ordinances, and Regulations of Japan.

Such stranded or wrecked ship or vessel, and all parts thereof, and all furnitures and appurtenances belonging thereunto, and all goods and merchandize saved therefrom, including those which may have been cast into the sea, or the proceeds thereof, if sold, as well as all papers found on board such stranded or wrecked ship or vessel, shall be given up to the owners or their agents, when claimed by them. If such owners or agents are not on the spot, the same shall be delivered to the respective Consuls-General, Consuls, Vice-Consuls, or Consular Agents upon being claimed by them within the period fixed by the laws of the country, and such Consular officers, owners or agents shall pay only the expenses incurred in the preservation of the property, together with the salvage or other expenses which would have been payable in the case of a wreck of a national vessel.

The goods and merchandize saved from the wreck shall be exempt from all the duties of the Customs unless cleared for consumption, in which case they shall pay the ordinary duties.

When a ship or vessel belonging to the subjects of one of the Contracting Parties is stranded or wrecked in the territories of the other, the respective Consuls-General, Consuls, Vice-Consuls, and Consular Agents shall be authorized, in case the owner or master, or other agent of the owner, is not present, to lend their official assistance in order to afford the necessary assistance to the subjects of the respective States. The same rule shall apply in case the owner, master, or other agent is present, but requires such assistance to be given.

ARTICLE XIII.

All vessels which, according to Japanese law, are to be deemed Japanese vessels, and all vessels which, according to British law, are to be deemed British vessels, shall, for the purposes of this Treaty, be deemed Japanese and British vessels respectively.

ARTICLE XIV.

The Consuls-General, Consuls, Vice-Consuls, and Consular Agents of each of the Contracting Parties, residing in the dominions and possessions of the other, shall receive from the local authorities such assistance as can by law be given to them for the recovery of deserters from the vessels of their respective countries.

It is understood that this stipulation shall not apply to the subjects of the country where the desertion takes place.

ARTICLE XV.

The High Contracting Parties agree that, in all that concerns commerce and navigation, any privilege, favour, or immunity which either Contracting Party has actually granted, or may hereafter grant, to the Government, ships, subjects, or citizens of any other State, shall be extended immediately and unconditionally to the Government, ships, subjects, or citizens of the other Contracting Party, it being their intention that the trade and navigation of each country shall be placed, in all respects, by the other on the footing of the most favoured nation.

ARTICLE XVI.

Each of the High Contracting Parties may appoint Consuls-General, Consuls, Vice-Consuls, Pro-Consuls, and Consular Agents in all the ports, cities, and places of the other, except in those where it may not be convenient to recognize such officers:

This exception, however, shall not be made in regard to one of the Contracting Parties without being made likewise in regard to every other Power.

The Consuls-General, Consuls, Vice-Consuls, Pro-Consuls, and Consular Agents may exercise all functions, and shall enjoy all privileges, exemptions, and immunities which are, or may hereafter be, granted to Consular officers of the most favoured nation.

ARTICLE XVII.

The subjects of each of the High Contracting Parties shall enjoy in the dominions and possessions of the other the same protection as native subjects in regard to patents, trade-marks, and designs, upon fulfilment of the formalities prescribed by law.

ARTICLE XVIII.

Her Britannic Majesty's Government, so far as they are concerned, give their consent to the following arrangement:—

The several foreign Settlements in Japan shall be incorporated with the respective Japanese Communes, and shall thenceforth form part of the general municipal system of Japan.

The competent Japanese authorities shall thereupon assume all municipal obligations and duties in respect thereof, and the common funds and property, if any, belonging to such Settlements, shall at the same time be transferred to the said Japanese authorities.

When such incorporation takes place the existing leases in perpetuity under which property is now held in the said Settlements shall be confirmed, and no conditions whatsoever other than those contained in such existing leases shall be imposed in respect of such property. It is, however, understood that the Consular authorities mentioned in the same are in all cases to be replaced by the Japanese authorities.

All lands which may previously have been granted by the Japanese Government free of rent for the public purposes of the said Settlements shall, subject to the right of eminent domain, be permanently reserved free of all taxes and charges for the public purposes for which they were originally set apart.

ARTICLE XIX.

The stipulations of the present Treaty shall be applicable, so far as the laws permit, to all the Colonies and foreign possessions of Her Britannic Majesty, excepting to those hereinafter named, that is to say, except to—

India, the Dominion of Canada, Newfoundland, the Cape, Natal, New South Wales, Victoria, Queensland, Tasmania, South Australia, Western Australia, New Zealand.

Provided always that the stipulations of the present Treaty shall be made applicable to any of the above-named Colonies or foreign possessions on whose behalf notice to that effect shall have been given to the Japanese Government by Her Britannic Majesty's Representative at Tôkiô within two years from the date of the exchange of ratifications of the present Treaty.

ARTICLE XX.

The present Treaty shall, from the date it comes into force, be substituted in place of the Conventions respectively of the 23rd day of the 8th month of the 7th year of Kayei, corresponding to the 14th day of October, 1854, and of the 13th day of the 5th month of the 2nd year of Keiou, corresponding to the 25th day of June, 1866, the Treaty of the 18th day of the 7th month of the 5th year of Ansei, corresponding to the 26th day of August, 1858, and all Arrangements and Agreements subsidiary thereto concluded or existing between the High Contracting Parties; and from the same date such Conventions, Treaty, Arrangements, and Agreements shall cease to be binding; and, in consequence, the jurisdiction then exercised by British Courts in Japan, and all the exceptional privileges, exemptions, and immunities then enjoyed by British subjects as a part of or appurtenant to such jurisdiction, shall absolutely and without notice cease and determine, and thereafter all such jurisdiction shall be assumed and exercised by Japanese Courts.

ARTICLE XXI.

The present Treaty shall not take effect until at least five years after its signature. It shall come into force one year after His Imperial Japanese Majesty's Government shall have given notice to Her Britannic Majesty's Government of its wish to have the same brought into operation. Such notice may be given at any time after the expiration of four years from the date hereof. The Treaty shall remain in force for the period of twelve years from the date it goes into operation.

Either High Contracting Party shall have the right, at any time after eleven years shall have elapsed from the date this Treaty takes effect, to give notice to the other of its intention to terminate the same, and at the expiration of twelve months after such notice is given this Treaty shall wholly cease and determine.

ARTICLE XXII.

The present Treaty shall be ratified, and the ratifications thereof shall be exchanged at Tôkiô as soon as possible, and not later than six months from the present date.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same and have affixed thereto the seal of their arms.

Done at London, in duplicate, this sixteenth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four.

(L.S.) KIMBERLEY.
(L.S.) AOKI.

Protocol signed at London, July 16, 1894.

The Government of Her Majesty the Queen of Great Britain and Ireland and Empress of India, and the Government of His Majesty the Emperor of Japan, deeming it advisable in the interests of both countries to regulate certain special matters of mutual concern, apart from the Treaty of Commerce and Navigation signed this day, have through their respective Plenipotentiaries, agreed upon the following stipulations:—

1. It is agreed by the Contracting Parties that one month after the exchange of the ratifications of the Treaty of Commerce and Navigation signed this day, the import tariff hereunto annexed shall, subject to the provisions of Article XXIII. of the Treaty of 1858 at present subsisting between the Contracting Parties, as long as the said Treaty remains in force and thereafter, subject to the provisions of Articles V. and XV. of the Treaty signed this day, be applicable to the articles therein enumerated, being the growth, produce, or manufacture of the dominions and possessions of Her Britannic Majesty, upon importation into Japan. But nothing contained in this Protocol, or the Tariff

hereunto annexed, shall be held to limit or qualify the right of the Japanese Government to restrict or to prohibit the importation of adulterated drugs, medicines, food, or beverages; indecent or obscene prints, paintings, books, cards, lithographic or other engravings, photographs, or any other indecent or obscene articles; articles in violation of patent, trade-mark, or copyright laws of Japan; or any other article which for sanitary reasons, or in view of public security or morals, might offer any danger.

The *ad valorem* duties established by the said tariff shall, so far as may be deemed practicable, be converted into specific duties by a Supplementary Convention, which shall be concluded between the two Governments within six months from the date of this Protocol; the medium prices, as shown by the Japanese Customs Returns during the six calendar months preceding the date of the present Protocol, with the addition of the cost of insurance and transportation from the place of purchase, production, or fabrication, to the port of discharge, as well as commission, if any, shall be taken as the basis for such conversion. In the event of the Supplementary Convention not having come into force before the expiration of the period fixed for the said Tariff to take effect, *ad valorem* duties in conformity with the rule recited at the end of the said Tariff shall, in the meantime, be levied.

In respect of articles not enumerated in the said Tariff, the General Statutory Tariff of Japan for the time being in force shall, from the same time, apply, subject, as aforesaid, to the provisions of Article XXIII. of the Treaty of 1858 and Articles V. and XV. of the Treaty signed this day respectively.

From the date the Tariffs aforesaid take effect, the Import Tariff now in operation in Japan in respect of goods and merchandize imported into Japan by British subjects shall cease to be binding.

In all other respects the stipulations of the existing Treaties and Conventions shall be maintained unconditionally until the time when the Treaty of Commerce and Navigation signed this day comes into force.

2. The Japanese Government, pending the opening of the country to British subjects, agrees to extend the existing passport system in such a manner as to allow British subjects on the production of a certificate of recommendation from the British Representative in Tôkiô, or from any of Her Majesty's Consuls at the open ports in Japan, to obtain upon application passports available for any part of the country, and for any period not exceeding twelve months, from the Imperial Japanese Foreign Office in Tôkiô, or from the chief authorities in the Prefecture in which an open port is situated; it being understood that the existing Rules and Regulations governing British subjects who visit the interior of the Empire are to be maintained.

3. The Japanese Government undertakes, before the cessation of British Consular jurisdiction in Japan, to join the International Conventions for the Protection of Industrial Property and Copyright.

4. It is understood between the two High Contracting Parties that, if Japan think it necessary at any time to levy an additional duty on the production or manufacture of refined sugar in Japan, an increased customs duty equivalent in amount may be levied on British refined sugar when imported into Japan, so long as such additional excise tax or inland duty continues to be raised.

Provided always that British refined sugar shall in this respect be entitled to the treatment accorded to refined sugar being the produce or manufacture of the most favoured nation.

5. The undersigned Plenipotentiaries have agreed that this Protocol shall be submitted to the two High Contracting Parties at the same time as the Treaty of Commerce and Navigation signed this day, and that when the said Treaty is ratified the agreements contained in the Protocol shall also equally be considered as approved, without the necessity of a further formal ratification.

It is also agreed that this Protocol shall terminate at the same time the said Treaty ceases to be binding.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto the seal of their arms.

Done at London, in duplicate, this sixteenth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four.

(L.S.) KIMBERLEY.

(L.S.) AOKI.

ANNEX. (TARIFF.)

Articles	<i>Ad valorem</i> Rates of Duty. Per cent.	Articles	<i>Ad valorem</i> Rates of Duty. Per cent.
Caoutchouk, manufactures of	... 10	Tinned plates	... 10
Cement, Portland	... 5	Galvanized sheet	... 10
Cotton—		Pipes and tubes	... 10
Yarns	... 8	Lead, pig, ingot, and slab	... 5
Tissues of all sorts, plain or mixed with tissues of flax, hemp, or other fibre, including wool, the cotton, however, predominating	... 10	Leather—	
Glass, window, ordinary—		Sole	... 15
(a) Uncoloured and unstained	... 8	Other kinds	... 10
(b) Coloured, stained, or ground	... 10	Linen—	
Hats, including also hats of felt	... 10	Yarns	... 8
Indigo, dry	... 10	Tissues	... 10
Iron and steel—		Mercury or quicksilver	... 5
Pig and ingot	... 5	Milk, condensed or dessicated	... 5
Rails	... 5	Nails, iron	... 10
Bar, rod, plate, and sheet	... 7½	Oil, paraffin	... 10
		Paint in oil	... 10
		Paper, printing	... 10

Articles.	<i>Ad valorem</i> Rates on Duty. Per cent.	Articles.	<i>Ad valorem</i> Rates on Duty. Per cent.
Refined sugar ...	10	Iron and steel, and small rod iron and steel not exceeding $\frac{1}{4}$ inch in diameter ...	10
Saltpetre ...	5	Woollen and worsted—	
Screws, bolts, and nuts, iron ...	10	Yarns ...	8
Silk, satins, and silk and cotton mixtures ...	15	Tissues of all sorts, plain or mixed with other material the wool, however, pre- dominating ...	10
Tin—		Yarns of all sorts, not specially provided for ...	10
Block, pig, and slab ...	5	Zinc—	
Plates ...	10	Block, pig, and slab ...	5
Wax, paraffin ...	5	Sheet ...	7 $\frac{1}{2}$
Wire—			
Telegraph ...	5		

Rule for calculating *ad valorem* Duties.

Import duties payable *ad valorem* under this Tariff shall be calculated on the actual cost of the articles at the place of purchase, production, or fabrication, with the addition of the cost of insurance and transportation from the place of purchase, production, or fabrication, to the port of discharge, as well as commission, if any exists.

EXCHANGE OF NOTES.

The Earl of Kimberley to Viscount Aoki.

Foreign Office, July 16, 1894.

SIR.—WITH reference to Article XIX. of the Treaty between Great Britain and Japan signed this day, in view of the fact that some of the British Colonies and foreign possessions enumerated in that Article might be prevented from acceding to the present Treaty by reason of their inability to accept the stipulations relating to military service contained in Article II. of the said Treaty, and in order to avoid future misunderstandings, Her Majesty's Government request from the Government of Japan an assurance that any of the said British Colonies and possessions may accede to the present Treaty under the condition that, notwithstanding such accession, they shall not be bound by the stipulations of Article II.

I have, &c.
(Signed) KIMBERLEY.

Viscount Aoki to the Earl of Kimberley.

Japanese Legation, London, July 16, 1894.

M. LE COMTE.—IN reply to the note of Her Majesty's Government, referring to Article XIX. of the Treaty between Great Britain and Japan signed this day, and requesting, for the reasons given in the said note, an assurance that any of the British Colonies and foreign possessions enumerated in that Article may accede to the present Treaty under the condition that, notwithstanding such accession, they shall not be bound by the stipulations of Article II., the Government of Japan hereby give the assurance desired.

I have, &c.
(Signed) AOKI.

Viscount Aoki to the Earl of Kimberley.

THE Undersigned, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of His Majesty the Emperor of Japan, in virtue of special authorization from His Imperial Japanese Majesty's Government has the honour to announce to Her Britannic Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, that the Imperial Japanese Government, recognizing the advantage of having the Codes of the Empire which have already been promulgated in actual operation when the Treaty stipulations at present subsisting between the Government of Japan and that of Great Britain cease to be binding, engage not to give the notice provided for by the first paragraph of Article XXI. of the Treaty of Commerce and Navigation, signed this day, until those portions of said Codes which are now in abeyance are brought into actual force.

The undersigned avails, &c.

(Signed) AOKI.

Japanese Legation, London, July 16, 1894.

LISTS OF JURORS.

NORTHERN PROVINCE.

LIST of Persons residing in the Northern Province who are both qualified and liable to serve as Jurors and Assessors in terms of the 323rd clause of the Criminal Procedure Code, 1883, during 1895.

SPECIAL JURORS.

Ampalavanar Mayilvakanam, farmer	Koppay South	Muttutampi Kanapatippillai, farmer	Navali
Arumukam Perumaiyinar, assistant shroff	Vaddukkoddai East	Muttukkumaru Cheddiyar Pasupati Cheddiyar, farmer	Vannarponnai West
Arumukam Tamotarampillai, clerk	Chunnakam	Muttukkumaru Arunasalam, farmer	Vaddukkoddai West
Arunasalam Chapapatippillai, trader	Kokkuvil	M S Rasakariyar, trader	Jaffna
Asirvata Mutaliyar John, teacher	Karaiyur	N Subraman, head clerk, kachcheri	do
Bastiampillai Swampillai, trader	Jaffna	P Mudaliyar Ilankainayaka Mudaliyar, interpreter	Vannarponnai East
Chittampalam Muttusami, farmer	Puttur South		Palai
Chinnattampi Bastiampillai, mudaliyar, interpreter	Karaiyur		Jaffna
Chinnattampi Vinasittampi, farmer	Vannarponnai East		do
C Sapapati, district engineer	Jaffna	Patterson, John James, planter	Palai
Geddes, Melville, planter	Palai	Sandrasekara, J N, superintendent, minor roads	Jaffna
I Mudaliyar Tillainatar, interpreter	Vannarponnai East	Susaippillai Savarimuttu, trader	do
Inaiyattulla Abdulkader Lebbai, clerk	Vannarponnai West	Todd, J P, planter	Palai
Iramalinkam Irasasuntaran, farmer	Chulipuram	Toussaint, A, trader	Jaffna
Iramanatar Kantaiya, clerk	Vannarponnai East	Toussaint, P W, trader	do
Kumaravelu Kumaraiya, registrar of lands	Jaffna	Toffussaint, Samuel F, planter	do
Mayilvakanam Nitchinkam Chinnappa, farmer	Mulay	Twynam, W M S, planter	Palai
Murukesar Vaittilinkam, farmer	Vaddukkoddai West	Velayutar Marimuttu, farmer	Arali East
		Veluppillai Mutaliyar Kumaravelupillai, farmer	Kantarodai
		Veluppillai Mutaliyar Muthuvelupillai, farmer	Kantarodai
		Walker, N M, district engineer	Palai
		Ward, R T S, provincial engineer	Jaffna
		W E Thorpe, office assistant, kachcheri	Jaffna

ENGLISH-SPEAKING JURORS.

Ampalavanar Mayilvakanam, farmer	Koppay South	Inaiyattulla Abdulkader Lebbai, clerk	Vannarponnai West
Ampalavanar Murukesu, farmer	Vaddukkoddai East	I Mudaliyar Tillainatar, interpreter	Vannarponnai East
Ampalavana Mudaliyar Chinnattampi, farmer	Alaveddi	Iramalinkam Ilaiyatampi, farmer	Mallakam
A Kirizhnar, clerk	Tolpuram	Iramalinkam Irasasuntaram, farmer	Chulipuram
Arumokam Perumainar, assistant shroff	Vaddukkoddai East	Iramanatar Kantaiya, clerk	Vannarponnai East
Arumukam Tamotarampillai, clerk	Chunnakam	J Nicholas, clerk	Jaffna
Arunasalam Chuppaiya, farmer	Manipay	Kanapatippillai Tampaiya, farmer	Mulay
Arunasalam Chapapatippillai, trader	Kokkuvil	Kantappar Vayittiyannatar, clerk	Vannarponnai West
Arunasalam Visuvalinkam, trader	Point Pedro	Kantar Chinnaya, farmer	Imaiyanan
Asirvata Modaliyar John, teacher	Karaiyur	Kantar Katirittampi, clerk	Chavakachcheri
Bastiampillai Swampillai, trader	Jaffna	Kantar Vinasittampi, clerk	do
Bushnal Bastiampillai, translator	do	Katiravelu Muttaiya, farmer	Vannarponnai East
Chankarapillai Turaiyappa, teacher	Tellippalai	Katiresar Visiwalinkam, farmer	Irupalai
C Appachchippillai, farmer	Alaveddi	Katirittampi Mudaliyar Ohivasampu, farmer	Chunnakam
C Sapapati, district engineer	Jaffna	Koch, W, planter	Palai
Chapapati Chaparattinam, clerk	Kokkuvil	Kumaravelu Kumaraiya, registrar of lands	Jaffna
Chinnattampi Bastiampillai, mudaliyar, interpreter	Karaiyur	Kumarasuriyar Muttukkumara Suriyar, salt superintendent	Koppay South
Chinnattampi Ponnaiya, farmer	Irupalai	Mayilvakanam Nitchinkam Chinnappa, farmer	Mulay
Chinnattampi Turaiyappa, clerk	Vannarponnai West	Murukesar Vayitlinkam, farmer	Vaddukkoddai West
Chinnattampi Veluppillai, farmer	Vannarponnai East	Muttatampi Viravaku, farmer	Kokkuvil
Chinnattampi Ponnampalam, farmer	Puttur	Muttukkumaru Chettiyar Pasupati Cheddiyar, trader	Vannarponnai West
Chinnattampi Vinasittampi, farmer	Vannarponnai East	Muttukkumaru Arunasalam, farmer	Vaddukkoddai West
Chinnattampi Nakanatar, overseer	do	Muttatampi Kanapatippillai, farmer	Navali
Chitamparanatar Chinnappa, farmer	Chunnakam		
Chittampalam Muttusami, farmer	Puttur South		
Chuvaminatar Chellappa, teacher	Tellippalai		
Chuvaminatapillai Kankaratinam, farmer	Manipay		
Geddes, Melville, planter	Palai		

M S Rasakariyar, trader	Jaffna	Todd, J P, planter	Palai
Navasivayam Tillaiyampalam, clerk	Nallur	Toussaint, G W, trader	Jaffna
N Subraman, head clerk, kachcheri	Jaffna	Toussaint, A, trader	do
Olakasekaram, Simon, clerk	do	Toussaint, Samuel F, planter	do
P Mudaliyar Iankainayaka Mudaliyar, interpreter	Vannarpannai East	Twynnam, W M S, planter	Palai
Patterson, John James, planter	Palai	Vayramuttu Velayutar, trader	Puloli East
Philips, John Francis, planter	Veddukkadu	Velayutar Marimuttu, farmer	Aralai East.
Puttirar Katiraveluppillai, farmer	Koppay	Veluppillai Mudaliyar Kumaraveluppillai, farmer	Kantarodai
Ramanatar Chuvaminatar, farmer	Chunnakam	Veluppillai Mudaliyar Muttuveluppillai, farmer	do.
Sandrasekara, J N, superintendent, minor roads	Jaffna	Walker, N M, district engineer	Palai
Savarimuttu Peturuppillai, baker	do	Ward, R T S, provincial engineer	Jaffna
Struys, F, secretary, district court	do	Thorpe, W E, office assistant, kachcheri	Jaffna
Susai pillai Savarimuttu Setupati, trader	do		

TAMIL-SPEAKING JURORS.

Alim Marakkaiya Kader Meya-deen, trader	Vannarponnai West	J E Satturukkalasinghe, farmer	Karaiyur
Ampalavanar Chatasivam, farmer	Cheddiyakurichchi	Joseph Antonippillai, teacher	do
Ampalavanar Kartikesopillai, farmer	Karativu West	Kasippillai Tiyyakarayar, farmer	Vannarponnai East
Ampalavanar Chitampara Udaiyar, farmer	Tillippalai	Kasinatar Ponnambalam, farmer	do
Antonippillai Bastiampillai, farmer	Jaffna Town	Kasinatar Arumukam, farmer	Vannarponnai West
Arulampalam Kantaiya, farmer	Irupalai	Kanapatippillai Kantaiya, farmer, Uduppiddi	Imaiyanan
Arumukam Mayilvakanam, farmer	Vaddukkoddi West	Kanapatippillai Velluppillai, farmer	Karanavay North
Arumukam Sivasisamparampillai, notary	Vaddukkoddi West	Kanapatippillai Tampapillai, notary	Kokkuvil
Arumukam Veluppillai, trader	Puloli West	Kantappar Sinnappu, farmer	Chunnakam
Arumukam Kanakasapai, farmer	Vannarponnai West	Kantar Chivakuru, farmer	Kollumputturai
Arumukam Chapapati, overseer	Jaffna Town	Kantar Arunasalam, notary	Chembianpattu
Arumukam Mayilvakanampillai, farmer	Chandiruppay	Kantar Suppiramaniyar, farmer	Karanavay South
Arunasalam Ponnutturai, farmer	Vannarponnai East	Kantar Manikkar, farmer	Karumpakam
Arunasalam Iramalinkam, trader	Point Pedro	Kantar Namasiyayam, farmer	Kolumputturai
Atimulam Iramalinkam, do	Vallueditturai	Kantar Muttatampi, farmer	Chiviyatoru
Chankarappillai Chuppiramaniyar, farmer	Uduppiddi Imaiyanam	Kantar Chinnattampi, farmer	Nunavil
Chanmukam Katiraveluppillai, notary	Mulay	Kantar Iramalinkam, farmer	Karanavay South
Chanmukam Vallipuram, trader	Tirunelveli	Kantar Nitchinka Chenatiraya Mudaliyar Kasinatar, farmer	Vannarponnai East
Chapapati Kantaiya, farmer	Vannarponnai West	Kantaiya Iramalinkam, farmer	Karanavay North
Chapapatiyar Punniyamurti, trader	Point Pedro	Katiravelu Chinnaiya, farmer	Kolumputturai
Charavanamuttu Chuppiramaniyapillai, farmer	Uduppiddi Imaiyanan	Katirkamar Ampalavanar, farmer	Chandiruppay
Chatasivam Chantirappillai, farmer	Velanai East	Katiresar Nakamuttu, farmer	Palavi
Chatasivam Chantirasekerer, do	Karaveddi North	Katiresa Mudaliyar Kanakasapai farmer	Irupalai
Chayampunatar Virasinkam, coach proprietor	Vannarponnai East	Katirippillai Kuddippillai, trader	Vallueditturai
Chellappa Chittampalam, farmer	Kolumputhurai	Katirippillai Kartikesar, farmer	Vallueddi
Chinakkuddi Kantaiya, do	Tellippalai	Kulantai Sultan Meyadeen, farmer	Vannarponnai West
Chinnappillai Vayittilinkam, trader	Vannarponnai East	Kumarasami Katirkama Mutali, trader	Point Pedro
Chinnattampi Chapapati, farmer	do	Kumarasami Katirittampi, farmer	Puloli West
Chitamparam Manikkam, trader	Point Pedro	Kumarasami Arumukam, trader	Point Pedro
Chitamparanatar Chinnattampi alias Jeremiah, teacher	Tellippalai	Kumarasami Cheddiyar Chapapati Cheddiyar, trader	Vannarponnai West
Chitamparanatar Murukesar, notary	Manippay	Kumaresar Vayittilinkam, notary	Terunelveli
Chittampalam Malavarayar, trader	Chirupiddi	Kumarasuriyar Ponnampalam, farmer	Vannarponnai East
Chuppiramaniyar Arunasalam, notary	Mantuvil	Kumaravelu Murukesu, trader	Valluedditturai
Chuppiramaniyar Kasippillai, farmer	Kaitadi	M K N Chekuttampi Marakkayar, trader	Jaffna Town
Chuppiramaniyar Sitampara Chuppaiyar, farmer	Vannarponnai East	M N Chinnattampi Marakkar, trader	do
Chuvaminatar Veluppillai, trader	Puloli West	Marakkayattampi Mira Meyadeen, trader	Vannarponnai West
Inaiyattulla Chekulakamith, farmer	Vannarponnai West	Mayilvakanam Puttampi, farmer	Chirupiddi
Iramalinkar Arumukam, notary	Alvay Perumiyar	Muhamatu Usan Myadeen Muhamatu Lebbe, trader	Vannarponnai West
Iramalinkam Marimuttu, farmer	Kurichchi	Murukar Katirkamar, notary	Nunavil
	Vannarponnai East	Murukar Veluppillai, farmer	Chavakachcheri
		Murukesar Saravanamuttu, farmer	Chulipuram
		Murukesar Ilanyatampi, farmer	Kokkuvil
		Murukesar Ilanyatampi, farmer	Vannarponnai West
		Murkesar Katiravelupillai, notary	Vallueddi
		Muttatampi Chellamuttu, farmer	Achchuveli
		Muttatampi Chitamparanatar, division officer	Chunnakam

Muttu Manualpillai Ethirmannasinkam, overseer	Karaiyur	Vallipuram Ilayatampi, farmer	Nunavil
Muttukkumaru Arunasalam, farmer	Puttur South	Valliyappar Kumarasami, trader	Puloly West
Muttukkumaru Vaytilinkam, farmer	Kantarodai	Varittampi Velupillai, notary	Misalai
Nakamaniyar Sinnappu, farmer	Usan	Varittampi Vayiramuttu, farmer	Alvay South
Nulamparayar Sinnappu, farmer	Sandiruppay	Vayiramuttu Tampippillai, farmer	Chiruppidi
Ponnampalam Kantanana Kanakarayar, farmer	Chunnakam	Vayiravanatar Sinivasakam, notary	Chanakanai
Savarimuttu Irasakariya Mudaliyar Manavalpillai, trader	Jaffna Town	Vayiravanatar Vettivelu, trader	Point Pedro
Tampar Visuvalinkam, farmer	Mahaiyappiddi	Vayittilinkam Putattampi, farmer	Puttur
Tampimuttu Kantar, farmer	Chiruppidi	Vayittilinkam Chapapati, farmer	Valluveddi
Tampippillai Kartikesar, farmer	do	Vayittilinkam Kantaiya, farmer	do
Tampu Kayilasapillai, farmer	Nallur	Velayutar Appakkuddi, notary	Charasalai
Tanमारarar Chinnattampi, farmer	Maduvil North	Velayutar Chittampalam, farmer	Chandiruppay
Teyver Nakalinkam, farmer	Point Pedro	Velayutar Ponnampalam, farmer	Vannarponnai West
Tiyakarayar Nitchinka Tiruvampala Mudaliyar, notary	Kaitadi	Velayutar Chitamparapillai, farmer	Aralai South
Tiyakarayar Chinnappapillai, farmer	Karanavay South	Velayutar Nakalinkam, farmer	Chandiruppay
Tiyakar Vayittiyannatar, farmer	Kolumputurai	Vettivelu Saravanamuttu, trader	Puloli West
Vallipuram Kartikesar, division officer	Chavakachcheri	Visuvanatar Ponnampalam, farmer	Madduvil South
		Vinasittampi Velupilla, farmer	Vannarponnai West
		Vinasittampi Vayittilinkam, farmer	Usan
		Virakatti Vallipurannatar, farmer	Kuruli

Fiscal's Office,
Jaffna, January 9, 1885.

G. A. VAN HOUTEN,
for W. C. TWYNAM,
Fiscal.

PROVINCE OF UVA

LIST of Persons in the Province of Uva qualified to serve as Jurors and Assessors under the provisions of the 323rd clause of the Ordinance No. 3 of 1883, during 1895 :-

SPECIAL JURORS.

Clark, A A, assistant conservator of forests	Badulla	Cockburn, J H B, planter	Hopton
Chapman, T H, district engineer	do	Thomson, G N, do	Spring Valley
Deaker, G K, planter	Maussagala	Maddock, A E, district surveyor	Badulla
Don, C F, merchant	Badulla	Rettie, A T, planter	Spring Valley
Hadow, P F, planter	Sarnia	Rettie, J, do	Glen Alpin
Mason, J M, do	Yapame	Thomson, G, do	Pinarawa
		Veal, J G, merchant	Badulla

ENGLISH-SPEAKING JURORS.

Atwel, J, planter	Kirimaduwa	Morrison, R, planter	Dambatenna
Anderson, G C, planter	Liyangahawela	Maddock, A E, district surveyor	Badulla
Baker, W, do	Lipton	Mais, C J, planter	Mahapagalla
Clarke, E H, do	Hindugala	Mason, J M, planter	Yapame
Cotton, J B, do	Dammeria	Osborne, A W, do	Cocagalla
Crofton, W E, do	Shawlands	Owen, J P, do	Wewakele
Chapman, T H, district engineer	Badulla	Ogden, J A, do	Kirklees
Clark, A A, assistant conservator of forests	do	Perera, Daniel, mudaliyar, head clerk, kachcheri	Badulla
Craib, G M, planter	Passara	Perera, H, clerk	do
Cramer, R O, planter	Hopton	Roberts, A J, planter	Gonakele
Don, C F, merchant	Badulla	Robinson, J J, do	Gourakele
Deaker, G K, planter	Maussagala	Robinson, J H, do	Werellapatana
Dissanaike, C H S, clerk, provincial road committee	Badulla	Robb, W, do	Spring Valley
Ebert, E F, licensed surveyor	do	Rettie, J, do	Glen Alpin
Greenslade, O H, planter	Narangala	Rettie, A T, do	Spring Valley
Gunasekara, D F, kachecheri mudaliyar	Badulla	Richmond, F C, do	Balagala
Hadow, P F, planter	Sarnia	Sandbatch, A P, do	Kottagoda
Hope, R A, do	Gourakele	Stewart, W, do	Brechin
Jayatilleke, D S de Silva, registrar of lands	Badulla	Shaw, R J, do	Mahadowa
Jayman, A R M, forest guard	do	Taylor, G H, do	Nahaville
Jumar, B S, clerk, forest department	do	Thomson, G, do	Pinarawa
Kelly, W M, planter	Batawatta	Thomson, R, do	Ellawatta
Kepling, G, planter	Gourakele	Thomson, G N, do	Spring Valley
Kirk, A L, planter	Pitaratmale	Thombo, V, clerk, provincial engineer's office	Badulla
Cockburn, J H B, planter	Hopton	Veal, J G, merchant	do
Murray, F C, do	Glen Alpin	Vallipuram, G W, superintendent, minor roads	do
Stewart, R, do	do	Kellock, W P, planter	Uvakele
Locke, F C, do	do	Philby, H M, do	Galulla
Toogood, W, do	Stisted	Butler, A L, do	Cocawatta
Duncan, J, do	Ury	Shepherd, C C, manager, Uva bank	Badulla
Power, J C, do	Park estate	Smith, S, planter	Kanawerelle
		Hoste, F H, do	Wewelhinna

SINHALESE-SPEAKING JURORS.

Don Cornelis Kotalawala Appuhami, trader	Badulla	Wijeykon Mudiyansele Ukkubanda Lekama, cultivator	Hidagoda
Don Baron Amarasekara Appuhami, cultivator	do	Tuppahige Don Adirian Appuhami, trader	Badulla
Merennage Agostinu Salgado, trader	do	Undugodagedara Dissanaikē Mudiyansele Appuhami, cultivator	Hidagoda
Heratappuhami Arachchile, cultivator	do	Bulatweltenne Appuhami Gamarala, cultivator	Beddegama
Wibaddegedera Dissanayake Mudiyansele Kiribanda, cultivator	do	Kalu Banda Kadurugamuwe, clerk, kachcheri	do
Mahawelamudiyansele Banda Lekama, cultivator	Passara	T B Dassanayaka, clerk, kachcheri	do
Basnaikē Mudiyansele Ganetirala, korala	Hidagoda	Dingiri Appu, arachchi, cultivator	Kanupelella
Basnaikē Mudiyansele Appuhami Arachchille, cultivator	do	Pattipolayawatte Seatu Arachchi, cultivator	Hidagoda
Demodera Mudiyansele Kiriwante, cultivator	Kalugalpitiya	K L Perera, cultivator	Kanupelella
Rajapaksa Mudiyansele Kiribanda Arachchille, cultivator	Kurawatura	Jasinge Baba Appu, cultivator	Kubalwela
Bandaranaikē Herat Mudiyansele Kalubanda, notary	Badulla	Merennege Davit Appu, trader	Badulla
Wijekon Mudiyansele Banda, cultivator	Soranatota	Don Publis Appuhami, cultivator	do
Pupule Punchi Banda, cultivator	do	Gardie Punchihewage Davit Appu, trader	do
Weerasekara Mudiyansele Appuhami Lekama, cultivator	do	Jayamarakkala Vidanelage Joseph Fernando, cultivator	do
Jayasekara Mudiyansele Loku Banda Arachchille, cultivator	Kohowille	Don Luwis Appuhami, trader	do
Ambagahawattegedara Seatu Arachchille, cultivator	do	Basnaikē Mudiyansele Sudu Banda, Basnaikenilame	do
Weerasingha Mudiyansele Punchirala Arachchilla, cultivator	Kandane	D H Peris, cultivator	Wedigune
Henneka Mudiyansele Punchirala, cultivator	Beddegama	T B Rambukpothe, korala	Badulla
		Sawkenda Mudiyansele Appuhami, vaccinator	do
		W Paul Perera, conductor	Elmhurst estate
		Setuge Odiris Silva, cultivator	Imbulgoda
		M D Cornelis Appuhami, trader	Welmadde
		D H Wittachi Appuhami, do	Bandarawela

TAMIL-SPEAKING JURORS.

Pena Rina Muna Ramen Chetty, trader	Badulla	Keeyanna Mana Seena Omar Abdul Cader, trader	Badulla
Muna Kawenna Miranji, trader	Wedigune	Muna Itanna Thana Wena Ana Palaniappa Chetty, trader	do
Wappu Kandu Sarayil Lebbe Mariakar, trader	Badulla	Seena Meera Palle, trader	do
Seena Arumogan, planter	Hidagoda	Abdul Carim Kariapper, notary	do
Ana Kadirawel, trader	Puwakgodamulla	Muna Itanna Thana Wena Muttiah Seruwe, trader	do
Peena Mammu, trader	Badulla	Pena Rina Awenna Avadappen, trader	do
Assen Palle Kader Meedin, trader	Wedigune	Sana Wewenna Kader Meera, trader	do
Neyina Mohamadu Rawuther Mohamadu Kanni, trader	do	M Segu Madar, trader	do
Muna Mohideen Pitche, trader	do	Muna Muna Kana Wirappen Palle, trader	do
Kana Runa Pana Lana Ramen Chetty, trader	do	A Muttusami Nayado, clerk	do
Shona Kana Muna Nachiappa Chetty, trader	do	Muna Runa Kana Karpen Chetty, trader	do
Ana Lana Mana Idroos, planter	Passara	Awenna Runa Pana Lana Palaniappa Chetty, trader	do
S Ousman, storekeeper	Demodara	Muna Itanna Thana Wena Weerappa Chetty, trader	do
Ana Mana Muna Pitche Neyina, trader	Badulla		

Fiscal's Office,
Badulla, January 23, 1895.

D. A. EMILIAN,
for Fiscal.

A Statement of Civil Business in the District Courts of the Island for the Quarter ended December 31, 1894.

DISTRICT COURT.	Cases pending on the 1st of the Quarter.		TRIAL ROLL.									GENERAL ROLL.										Cases restored to the file under the provisions of the Civil Procedure Code.	Number of Cases instituted under each Class according to Part II. of the Stamp Ordinance.					Number of Land, Money, and Matrimonial Actions instituted during the Quarter.							
	Set down before the commencement of the Quarter.	Set down during the Quarter.	On Evidence.	By Award or Arbitration.		On Argument and Examination.		Ex parte.	Settled out of Court.	Cases withdrawn with leave to bring fresh Action.	Cases struck off the Trial Roll.	Total Disposed of.	Cases remaining on Roll at the end of the Quarter.	Cases instituted during the Quarter.	Struck off the file through default of Parties.	Cases withdrawn or Claims partly abandoned.	Actions abated by order of Court.	Cases decided <i>ex parte</i> or otherwise disposed of without being entered on the Trial Roll.	Cases pending on the last day of the Quarter.	Date of oldest Land Case pending.	Date of oldest Money Case pending.		Under Section 88.	Under Section 403.	Class I.	Class II.	Class III.	Class IV.	Class V.	Class VI.	Class VII.	Land.	Money.	Matrimonial.	
	For Plaintiff.	For Defendant.	For Plaintiff.	For Defendant.	For Plaintiff.	For Defendant.	For Plaintiff.															For Defendant.	For Plaintiff.	For Defendant.	For Plaintiff.	For Defendant.	For Plaintiff.	For Defendant.	For Plaintiff.	For Defendant.	For Plaintiff.	For Defendant.	For Plaintiff.	For Defendant.	For Plaintiff.
Anurádhapura	22	3	5	2	3						5	3	16	1	1		17	14	Oct. 5, 1892	July 28, 1893			9	4	1	2						16			
Badulla*	59	10	19	3	1						12	17	51	6		10	26	68	Nov. 1, 1892	July 18, 1893			15	21	8	2	5			9	42				
Batticaloa	68	10	16	7	1	9			1		1	19	6	84	2	4	6	62	59	June 11, 1894	Nov. 2, 1891			36	28	15	2	3			7	77			
Chilaw	181	59	29	8	1						3	7	19	69	80	2		42	205	Oct. 28, 1892	March 30, 1893	1		36	11	15	9	7	2		16	64			
Colombo	2498	132	264	42	1	23					118	270	126	403	85	4		12	2548	Feb. 1, 1891	Jan. 7, 1893			118	104	70	56	38	9	8	36	364	3		
Galle	231	47	122	12		15			2	61	3	4	5	13	115	54	142	3	118	June 9, 1892	June 27, 1890	2		49	47	20	16	10			43	99			
Jaffna	231	14	29	7		2			3	4			2	2	18	25	195	80	314	Sept. 14, 1893	Oct. 22, 1892			89	51	29	14	11		1	27	165	3		
Kalutara	53	24	27	12		10	1		1		2	2	32	19	86			50	†46				1	45	20	10	7	4		19	66	1			
Kandy	336	155	147	48	1	24					50	13	21	3	4	166	136	260		339	March 3, 1892	June 19, 1893	1	1	76	89	45	33	14	1	2	43	215	2	
Kégalla	26	12	15	10		3					3	2	19	8	51			13	44	May 26, 1894	Nov. 14, 1894			28	7	8	4	3	1		18	33			
Kurunégala	128	25	26	10		5			1		1	11	36	15	81			41	136	Aug. 7, 1894	July 13, 1893			47	18	8	6	2			20	61			
Mannár	29	11	7	3	2				1		2	2	10	8	21			18	21	May 15, 1894	Oct. 17, 1893	1		14	3	4					2	19			
Mátara†	154	40	79	10		1					3	2	9		17	44	75	96	186	Feb. 1, 1889	Nov. 17, 1892			53	16	17	8	2			49	47			
Mullaitivu	11		2												8			3	12	March 16, 1894	August 15, 1893			5	1	1							8		
Negombo	†329	62	31	8	4	5			3		1	1	22	71	134	1		86	328	Oct. 23, 1890	Dec. 12, 1889	2		67	23	20	13	11			21	113			
Puttalam	64	5	4	3		1			2				6	3	52			21	87	July 4, 1893	June 21, 1890			26	8	4	9	5				52			
Ratnapura§	129	28	22	6	1	8			1		4	1	1	24	26	40	3	14	115	March 7, 1893	May 18, 1893			19	9	4	5	2	1		8	22			
Tapgalla	37	4	6	3							1		4	6	19			6	45	June 14, 1893	June 12, 1893			8	5	6					6	13			
Trincomalee	35	4	6	3	1	1							5	5	24			12	38	May 7, 1894	May 19, 1893			9	4	4	5	2			2	22			
Vavuniya	10	1	1	1									2		13			4	17	ct. 23, 1894	Aug. 16, 1892			11	2						2	11			

* From the 6th to 11th December the District Judge, as Police Magistrate, was in attendance at the Kandy Supreme Court in connection with a house-breaking case.

† This includes one case restored to the file.

‡ During the whole of November and December the District Judge had to attend to the work of the Police Magistrate in addition to his own.

§ Three claim cases and three lunacy cases have been decided during the quarter.

NOTICES IN TESTAMENTARY ACTIONS.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary
Jurisdiction.
No. 537.

In the Matter of the Last Will and Testament of John Martinus Paulus Peries Samarasinghe Siriwardene, Mudaliyar of the Governor's Gate, of No. 40, Silversmith street in Colombo, deceased.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before Joseph Grenier, Esq., Acting District Judge of Colombo, on the 13th day of December, 1894, in the presence of Thomas F. Bandaranaike, Proctor, on the part of the petitioners John Louis Peries, Henry Ashmore Peries, and Solomon Christoffel Obeyesekere, all of Colombo; and the affidavits of John Louis Peries, Henry Ashmore Peries, and Solomon Christoffel Obeyesekere, dated the 7th day of December, 1894, of F. T. Staples and C. P. Dias dated 7th December, 1894, and of R. H. C. Ranasinghe dated 7th December, 1894, having been read:

It is ordered that the will of John Martinus Paulus Peries Samarasinghe Siriwardene, Mudaliyar of the Governor's Gate, deceased, dated 14th November, 1887, and now deposited in this court, be and the same is hereby declared proved, unless the respondents—1, Vincent Godfred Peries; 2, Lydia Augusta Peries; 3, Roseline Florence Peries and her husband 4, John Andrew Perera, Mohandiram; 5, William Christoffel Peries; 6, David George Peries; 7, Susan Elizabeth Peries and her husband 8, Henry Willisford Dias Bandaranaike; 9, Eugenia Felicia Peries, all of Colombo; and 10, Paulus Edward Peries of Colombo, presently residing in England, shall, on or before the 21st day of February, 1895, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

It is further declared that the said John Louis Peries, Henry Ashmore Peries, and Solomon Christoffel Obeyesekere are the executors named in the said will, and they are entitled to have probate of the same issued to them accordingly, unless the respondents—1, Vincent Godfred Peries; 2, Lydia Augusta Peries; 3, Roseline Florence Peries and her husband 4, John Andrew Perera, Mohandiram; 5, William Christoffel Peries; 6, David George Peries; 7, Susan Elizabeth Peries and her husband 8, Henry Willisford Dias Bandaranaike; 9, Eugenia Felicia Peries; and 10, Paulus Edward Peries, shall, on or before the 21st day of February, 1895, show sufficient cause to this court to the contrary.

JOSEPH GRENIER,
Acting District Judge.

The 13th December, 1894.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary
Jurisdiction,
No. C1540.

In the Matter of the Goods and Chattels of Isbu Lebbe Uduma Kanny, late of Messenger street in Colombo, deceased.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before Joseph Grenier, Esq., Acting District Judge of Colombo, on the 20th day of December, 1894, in the presence of W. P. Ranasinghe, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner, Ismail Lebbe Marikar Kolanda Umma, of Messenger street in Colombo; and the affidavit of the said Ismail Lebbe Marikar Kolanda Umma, dated 10th December, 1894, having been read:

It is ordered that the said Ismail Lebbe Marikar Kolanda Umma be and she is hereby declared entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of Isbu Lebbe Uduma Kanny, deceased, issued to her as widow of the said deceased, unless the respondents—1, Deen Nur Umma, wife of Kasi Lebbe Marikar of New Moor street in Colombo; 2, Mohamadu Umma, wife of Haji Marikar

Abdul Karim; 3, Aziza Umma; 4, Ahamadu Ali; 5 Mohamadu Sali; 6, Ainum Marlia; and 7, Mohamadu, Kalidu, all of Messenger street in Colombo, shall, on or before the 14th day of February, 1895, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

JOSEPH GRENIER,
Acting District Judge.

The 20th day of December, 1894.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary
Jurisdiction.
No. C/547.

In the Matter of the Estate and Effects of Kahawatta Aratchchige Sadilis Perera, deceased.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before Joseph Grenier, Esq., Acting District Judge of Colombo, on the 17th day of January, 1895, in the presence of Charles Perera, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner, Udawatta Arachchige Victoria Perera Haminey, of Wennawatta in Hewagam korale; and the affidavit of the said Udawatta Arachchige Victoria Perera Haminey, dated January 3, 1895, having been read: It is ordered that the said Udawatta Arachchige Victoria Perera Haminey be and she is hereby declared entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of Kahawatta Arachchige Sadilis Perera, deceased, issued to her as widow of the said deceased, unless the respondents—1, Kahawatta Arachchige Marthenes alias Abraham Perera; 2, Kahawatta Arachchige Samuel alias Harath Perera; 3, Kahawatta Arachchige Michael de Juliana alias Emelia Perera; and 4, Kahawatta Arachchige Rachael de Juliana Perera—all of Wennawatta in Hewagam korale shall, on or before the 21st day of February, 1895, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

JOSEPH GRENIER,
Acting District Judge.

The 17th day of January, 1895.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary
Jurisdiction.
No. 548/C.

In the Matter of the Goods and Chattels of the late Jayalapedige Selinduwa, Peace Officer of Aramangoda, deceased.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before Joseph Grenier, Esq., Acting District Judge of Colombo, on the 24th day of January, 1895, in the presence of J. H. de Livera, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Jayalapedige Christiya, of Aramangoda in the Meda pattu of Siyane korale; and the affidavit of the said Jayalapedige Christiya, dated 21st January, 1895, having been read: It is ordered that the said Jayalapedige Christiya be and he is hereby declared entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of Jayalapedige Selinduwa, Peace Officer of Aramangoda, deceased, issued to him as son of the said deceased, unless the respondents—1, Jayalapedige Pina Malee, of Aramangoda, in the Medapattu of Siyane korale; 2, Jayalapedige Senehe Malee, wife of 3, Wijayasinpedige Kiri Bayya, Police Duraya, both of Etikehelgalla in the Meda pattu of Siyane korale; 4, Jayalapedige Sittee, wife of 5, Karunapedige Banduwa, both of Mewetiya in the Udugahapattu of Siyane korale; 6, Jayalapedige Salonchy, of Aramangoda aforesaid, widow of Hingalapedige Saviya; 7, Hingalapedige Justina; 8, Hingalapedige Eugina, both of Aramangoda aforesaid; 9, Hingalapedige Jusaya; and 10, Hingalapedige Lucia, of Walgama shall, on or before the 28th day of February, 1895, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

JOSEPH GRENIER,
Acting District Judge.

The 24th day of January, 1895.

In the District Court of Kandy.

Testamentary Jurisdiction. } In the Matter of the Estate of Muna Kuna Sinne Carpen Chetty, late of Thevacotta, Mudurazillah in India, deceased.
No. 1,865. }

Muna Kuna Seena Kana Carpen Chetty.....Petitioner.

And

- 1, Muna Kuna Seena Kana Sidamberam Chetty, of Nagapatam in India; 2, Muna Kuna Seena Kana Socalingan Chetty, of Thevakottai in India; 3, Muna Kuna Seena Kana Kohuduvailen Chetty, of Thevakottai in India.....Respondents.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before John Henricus de Saram, Esq., District Judge of Kandy, on the 29th day of December, 1894, in the presence of Messrs. Sproule and Sproule, Proctors, on the part of the petitioner Muna Kuna Seena Kana Carpen Chetty; and affidavit of the said petitioner dated the 19th day of December, 1894, having been read:

It is declared that the said Muna Kuna Seena Kana Carpen Chetty is the son of Muna Kuna Sinne Carpen Chetty, deceased, and as such is entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of Muna Kuna Sinne Carpen Chetty, deceased, issued to him, unless the respondents above-named shall, on or before the 15th day of February, 1895, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

J. H. DE SARAM,
The 29th day of December, 1894. District Judge.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary Jurisdiction. } In the Matter of the Estate of the late Vaitianather Mootatamby, of Kopay south, deceased.
Class I.
No. 649. }

Mootatamby Senathiraja, of Irupalai..... Petitioner.

vs.

Thaiwanaippillai, widow of Mootatamby, of Kopay south..... Respondent.

THIS matter of the petition of Mootatamby Senathiraja, of Irupalai, praying for letters of administration to the estate of the above-named deceased, Vaitianather Mootatamby, coming on for disposal before H. Nevill, Esq., District Judge, on the 21st day of January, 1895, in the presence of Messrs. Casippillai and Cathiravelu, Proctors, on the part of the petitioner; and the affidavit of the petitioner dated the 17th day of January, 1895, having been read: It is declared that the petitioner is one of the heirs of the said intestate, and is entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the said intestate issued to him, unless the respondent or any other person shall, on or before the 25th day of February, 1895, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

H. NEVILL,
District Judge.
Signed this 24th day of January, 1895.

In the District Court of Negombo.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary Jurisdiction. } In the Matter of the Intestate Estate of Wagepedige Mirisa, of Asshennawatta.
No. 149. }

THIS matter coming on for disposal before G. A. Baumgartner, Esq., District Judge of Negombo, on the 31st January, 1895, in the presence of Mr. Carron, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Wagepedige Pethi; and the affidavit of the said Wagepedige Pethi, dated the 31st day of January, 1895, having been read: It is ordered that the said Wagepedige Pethi, as widow of the deceased Wagepedige Mirisa, be and she is hereby declared entitled to letters of administration being issued to her, unless the respondents—Wagepedige Siria, Gaweria, Abanchia, Kiritamale—shall, on or before the 19th day of February, 1895, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of the court to the contrary.

G. A. BAUMGARTNER,
District Judge.

In the District Court of Negombo.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary Jurisdiction. } In the Matter of the Goods and Chattels of Lianege Paulo Fernando Wederale, of Pitipane, deceased.
No. 148. }

THIS matter coming on for disposal before G. A. Baumgartner, Esq., District Judge of Negombo, on the 29th day of January, 1895, in the presence of Mr. Willemburg, on the part of the petitioner Lianege Paulo Santiago Fernando; and the affidavit of the said Lianege Paulo Santiago Fernando, dated the 25th day of January, 1895, having been read: It is ordered that the said Lianege Paulo Santiago Fernando, as son of the deceased Lianege Paulo Fernando Wederale, be and he is hereby declared entitled to letters of administration being issued to him, unless the respondents—Helena Fernando, Ana Fernando, Lucia Fernando, Maria Fernando, Marcellis Fernando, and Veronica Fernando—shall, on or before the 12th February, 1895, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of the court to the contrary.

G. A. BAUMGARTNER,
District Judge.

In the District Court of Galle.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary Jurisdiction. } In the Matter of the proving the Last Will and Testament of Kiringoda Kankanage Susana de Silva, widow of the late Paranavitanege Don Harmanis de Silva Appuhamy, late of Metaramba, deceased.
No. 1,177. }

THIS matter coming on for disposal before Henry Lutterell Moysey, Esq., District Judge of Galle, on the 18th day of January, 1895, on the motion of Mr. D. G. Goonawardane, Proctor, on the part of the petitioners D. A. de Silva Abeywardane, of Mahamodera, and H. A. de Silva Paranavitane, of Matara, and the affidavit of D. A. de Silva Abeywardane, of Mahamodera, dated 28th day of November, 1894, having been read:

It is ordered that the joint will of Kiringoda Kanage Susana de Silva, widow of the late Paranavitana Don Harmanis de Silva Appuhamy, of Metarambe, deceased, dated 2nd day of May, 1856, and now filed in the above case, be and the same is hereby declared proved.

It is further declared that the said D. A. de Silva Abeywardane, of Mahamodera, and H. A. de Silva Paranavitana, are two of the executors named in the said will, and that they as such be, and they are hereby declared entitled to have probate of the same issued to them on their taking the oath of office as such executors of the estate of the said deceased, on or before the 19th day of February, 1895.

H. L. MOYSEY,
The 10th day of January, 1895. District Judge.

In the District Court of Chilaw.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary Jurisdiction. } In the Matter of the Estate of the late Maria Selina van Gunster, deceased, of Chilaw.
No. 469. }

THIS matter coming on for disposal before Edward Thomas Noyes, Esq., District Judge of Chilaw, on the 11th day of January, 1895, in the presence of Mr. N. J. Martin on the part of the petitioner; and the affidavit of Mr. N. J. Martin, dated 20th December, 1894, having been read:

It is ordered that the will of Maria Selina van Gunster, deceased, dated 16th April, 1893, be and the same is hereby declared proved, unless the respondent, George van Gunster, shall, on or before the 11th day of February, 1895, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

It is further declared that Edwin van Gunster is entitled to administration with copy of the will annexed, unless the respondent, George van Gunster, shall, on or before the 11th day of February, 1895, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

E. T. NOYES,
The 11th day January, 1895. District Judge.

NOTICES OF INSOLVENCY.

In the District Court of Colombo.

No. 1,816. In the matter of the insolvency of Ranage Don Joseph, of Wedamulla.

NOTICE is hereby given that a public sitting of this court will take place on February 28, 1895, for the allowance to the above-named insolvent of his certificate of conformity in terms of the 124th clause of the Ordinance No. 7 of 1853.

By order of court,

J. B. Misso,
Secretary.
Colombo, January 31, 1895.

No. 1,816. In the matter of the insolvency of Ranage Don Joseph, of Wedamulla.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the creditors of the above-named insolvent will take place at the sitting of this court on February 21, 1895, to prove further claims.

By order of court,

J. B. Misso,
Secretary.
Colombo, February 5, 1895.

No. 1,817. In the matter of the insolvency of Cyril Martin D'Zilva, of Colombo.

NOTICE is hereby given that a public sitting of this court has been fixed for February 28, 1895, for the appointment of an assignee in the above case.

By order of court,

J. B. Misso,
Secretary.
Colombo, January 30, 1895.

In the District Court of Kandy.

No. 1,851. In the matter of the insolvency of Thomas Henry Frederick Tothill, of Nuwara Eliya.

WHEREAS the above-named Thomas Henry Frederick Tothill was on January 11, 1895, adjudged insolvent by the District Court of Kandy, and an order has been made by the said court placing the estate of the said insolvent under sequestration in the hands of the Fiscal: Notice thereof is hereby given to all concerned; and notice is also hereby given that the said court has appointed that two public sittings of the court will be held, to wit, on March 1 and 8, 1895, for the said insolvent to surrender and conform, and for such other proceedings in the said matter as may then be competent under the Ordinance No. 7 of 1853, intituled "An Ordinance for the due collection, administration, and distribution of Insolvent Estates."

By order of court,

A. SANTIAGO,
Secretary.
Kandy, February 5, 1895.

No. 1,352.

In the matter of the insolvency of Rowland Boustead.

NOTICE is hereby given that a public sitting of this court will be held on March 1, 1895, for the allowance to the insolvent of his certificate of conformity.

By order of court,

A. SANTIAGO,
Secretary.

Kandy, February 5, 1895.

No. 1,354. In the matter of the insolvency of Sithemberam Kangany of Hatton.

WHEREAS Sithemberam Kangany has filed a declaration of insolvency, and a petition for the sequestration as insolvent of his own estate, under the Ordinance No. 7 of 1853, and it appears that he has been in actual custody within the walls of a prison for debt for more than 21 days: Notice is hereby given that the said court has adjudged him an insolvent accordingly, and that two public sittings of the court, to wit, on March 8 and 15, 1895, will take place for the insolvent to surrender and conform to, agreeably to the provisions of the said Ordinance, and for the taking of the other steps set forth in the said Ordinance, of which creditors are hereby required to take notice.

By order of court,

A. SANTIAGO,
Secretary.

Kandy, February 5, 1895.

In the District Court of Galle.

No. 261. In the matter of the insolvency of John Richard Franciscus, of Galle Fort.

WHEREAS Mr. Geo. E. Jansz of Galle has filed a declaration of insolvency, and a petition for the sequestration of the estate of John Richard Franciscus, under the Ordinance No. 7 of 1853: Notice is hereby given that the said court has adjudged the said John Richard Franciscus insolvent accordingly; and that two public sittings of the court, to wit, on March 1, 1895, and on March 29, 1895, will take place for the said insolvent to surrender and conform to, agreeably to the provisions of the said Ordinance, and for the taking of the other steps set forth in the said Ordinance, of which creditors are hereby required to take notice.

By order of court,

JAMES KRAUSE,
Secretary.
Galle, January 31, 1895.

No. 259.

In the matter of the insolvency of Don Davit Samararatna alias M. D. Caro, of Milidduwa.

NOTICE is hereby given that a public sitting of this court will take place on March 1, 1895, for the allowance to the above-named insolvent of this certificate of conformity, in terms of the 124th clause of the Ordinance No. 7 of 1853.

By order of court,

JAMES KRAUSE,
Secretary.
Galle, February 1, 1895.

NOTICES OF FISCALS' SALES.

Western Province.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Balpuwaduge Isaac Mendis, of Moratumulle in Moratuwa Plaintiff.
No. 6,549/C. Vs.

1, Wannakuwattawaduge Manuel Fernando, of Korelawella in Moratuwa; 2, Podimarakalage Mathes Perera, of Horekele in Moratuwa, assignees of the insolvent estate of the said Wannakuwattawaduge Manuel Fernando Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Monday, March 4, 1895, commencing at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the following property, for the recovery of Rs. 1,170 with further interest on Rs. 1,000 at 12½ per cent. per annum from September 13, 1894, till payment in full and costs of suit, viz. :—

1. All that land called Kandayawatta, situated at Godigomuwa in the Kumbuke pattuwa of the Rayigam korale; and bounded on the north-east by a road, on the east by lands claimed by P. Joranis Appu, H. Carolis Perera and others, on the south-east by land described in preliminary plan 124,702, on the south-west and west by a reservation for a road, and on the north-west by a road and lands belonging to Y. Hendrick Perera and others, containing in extent 26 acres 3 roods and 30 perches.

2. All that land called Kandayawatta *alias* Delgahalanda, situated at Godigomuwa in the aforesaid pattu and korale; bounded on the north by a reservation for a road, on the east and south by the land belonging to G. Punchihamy and others, and on the west by the property of K. Lewis Appu, containing in extent 1 acre and 31 perches, especially mortgaged with the plaintiff.

DANIEL W. JAYASURIYA,
Deputy Fiscal's Office, Deputy Fiscal.
Bandaragama, January 31, 1895.

In the District Court of Kalutara.

Nawanna Kana Sena Sellappa Chetty, of Colombo.....Plaintiff.

No. 1,184. Vs.

1, Tamby Markar Abdul Rahiman, of Deenagoda in Beruwala; and wife 2, Sara Umma Natchia, of do. Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Monday, March 4, 1895, commencing at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, will be sold by public auction at the respective premises the following property, for the recovery of Rs. 2,290.81, with interest on Rs. 1,500, at the rate of 15 per cent. per annum from September 20, 1894 :—

1. The entire soil and trees of the portion No. 3 of the land called Kahatagahawatta, together with the big house, the kitchen, the boutique, and all the buildings standing thereon, situated at Deenagoda in Beruwala; and bounded on the north by the road leading to Ambe-pitiya east by Kahatagahawattapaulawela, on the south by the river, and on the west by portion No. 2 and the buildings.

2. The entire soil and trees of the land called Kahatagahaowita, excluding the planter's share of five cocoanut trees of the second plantation standing thereon, situated at do., and bounded on the north-east by a road and the land belonging to M. Oduma Lebbe Markan, on the south-east by the land belonging to M. L. Markan and C. L. Markan, notary, on the west and south-west by Kahatagahapitiyawatta; mortgaged with plaintiff by bond No. 14,379, dated July 7, 1891, be and the same are hereby declared bound and executable for the decree in the above case.

T. DE NIESE,
Deputy Fiscal.

Deputy Fiscal's Office,
Kalutara, February 5, 1895.

NOTICE is hereby given that a suit has been instituted in the Court of Requests of Gampola by two labourers of Mulgama estate in Pooprasse, against the proprietor thereof under the provisions of the Ordinance No. 13 of 1889, for the recovery of their wages amounting to Rs. 34.

Court of Requests,
Gampola, February 6, 1895.

G. FONSEKA,
Chief Clerk.