



# THE CEYLON GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

No. 7,587 — FRIDAY, JUNE 10, 1927.

*Published by Authority.*

## PART I.—GENERAL.

*(Separate paging is given to each Part in order that it may be filed separately.)*

	PAGE		PAGE
Minutes by the Governor .. ..	—	Miscellaneous Departmental Notices ..	1422
Proclamations by the Governor .. ..	1380	“Excise Ordinance” Notices .. ..	1431
Appointments by the Governor .. ..	1381	Patents Notifications .. ..	1433
Appointments, &c., of Registrars .. ..	1382	“Local Government Ordinance” Notices ..	1433
Government Notifications .. ..	1384	Notices to Mariners .. ..	1433
Currency Commissioners’ Notices .. ..	—	Local Board Notices .. ..	1434
Revenue and Expenditure Returns .. ..	—	Trade Marks Notifications .. ..	1435
Notices calling for Tenders .. ..	1402	Road Committee Notices .. ..	1437
Sales of Unserviceable Articles, &c... ..	1406	Sales of Arrack and Toll Rents .. ..	1440
Vital Statistics .. ..	1406	Proceedings of Municipal Councils .. ..	—
Unofficial Announcements .. ..	1407	Meteorological Returns .. ..	—
Specifications under “The Irrigation Ordinance” ..	—	Books registered under Ordinance No. 1 of 1885 ..	—

COLOMBO :

H. ROSS COTTLE, GOVERNMENT PRINTER, CEYLON.

## PROCLAMATIONS.

J. 814/26

BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT.

### A PROCLAMATION.

A. G. M. FLETCHER.

WHEREAS by section 6 of "The Reciprocal Enforcement of Judgment Ordinance, No. 41 of 1921," it is enacted that where the Governor in Executive Council is satisfied that reciprocal provisions have been made by the Legislature of any part of His Majesty's dominions outside the United Kingdom for the enforcement within that part of His dominions of judgments obtained in any District Court or in the Supreme Court of the Colony, the Governor in Executive Council may, by Proclamation in the *Government Gazette*, declare that this Ordinance shall extend to judgments obtained in a superior court in that part of His dominions in like manner as it extends to judgments obtained in a superior court in the United Kingdom, and that thereupon the Ordinance shall extend to such judgments as if they had been made in the United Kingdom :

And whereas the Officer Administering the Government in Executive Council is satisfied that reciprocal provisions as aforesaid have been made by the Legislature of the British Possession appearing in the schedule hereto for the enforcement within the said possession of judgments obtained in any District Court or in the Supreme Court of the Colony :

Now know Ye that We, the Officer Administering the Government of Ceylon in Executive Council, in exercise of the powers in Us vested as aforesaid, do hereby declare that "The Reciprocal Enforcement of Judgment Ordinance, No. 41 of 1921," shall extend to judgments obtained in a superior court within the said possession.

Colombo, June 2, 1927.

By His Excellency's command,

F. G. TYRRELL,  
Acting Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

### SCHEDULE.

State of Victoria.

K 360/27

BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT.

### A PROCLAMATION.

A. G. M. FLETCHER.

WHEREAS under the provisions of section 22 of the Butchers Ordinance, No. 9 of 1893, a building was erected on the land called Weheragodellehenyaya at Kanadulla, in the District of Kurunegala in the North-Western Province, for the purpose of a public slaughterhouse :

And whereas it has been certified to the Officer Administering the Government by the "proper authority," to wit, the Government Agent of the North-Western Province, that the said building is sufficient for the purpose of a public slaughterhouse :

Now know Ye that We, the said Officer Administering the Government in exercise of the powers vested in Us by section 22 of the said Ordinance, do hereby declare and proclaim the said building to be a public slaughterhouse, as from and after the date hereof.

Colombo, June 10, 1927.

By His Excellency's command,

F. G. TYRRELL,  
Acting Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

## APPOINTMENTS, &amp;c.

No. 174 of 1927.

**HIS EXCELLENCY THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT** has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr. H. W. CODRINGTON to be Additional Controller of Revenue, with effect from May 31, 1927, until further orders.

Mr. B. V. SETHUKAVALER to act as Office Assistant to the Assistant Government Agent, Trincomalee, from June 11 to 26, 1927, inclusive, during the absence on leave of Mr. W. G. VALLIPURAM, or until further orders.

Mr. L. J. DE S. SENEVIRATNE to the office of Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Point Pedro and Chavakachcheri, with effect from May 9, 1927.

Mr. M. H. JAYATILLEKE to act as Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Panadure, and Additional District Judge for the District of Kalutara, from June 9 to 12, 1927, inclusive, during the absence from the station of Mr. P. O. FERNANDO, or until further orders.

Mr. A. V. VAN LANGENBERG to act as Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Gampola, and Additional Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Nuwara Eliya-Hatton, during the absence of Mr. T. B. PANABOKKE, on June 9, 1927, or until the resumption of duties by that officer.

Mr. R. A. H. DE VOS to act as Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Galle; Additional District Judge, Galle; and Municipal Magistrate, Galle, on June 8 and 9, 1927, during the absence of Mr. C. E. DE PINTO, or until further orders.

Mr. N. DE ALWIS to act as Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Balapitiya, from June 6 to 8, 1927, inclusive, during the absence of Mr. E. W. KANNANGARA, or until further orders.

The Hon. Mr. G. E. MADAWALA to act as Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Kurunegala, during the absence of Mr. W. HOLMES, on June 4 and 5, 1927, or until the resumption of duties by that officer.

Mr. E. G. M. GOONEWARDENA to act at Dandagamuwa as Additional Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate for the judicial division of Kurunegala, during the absence of Mr. S. P. WICKRAMASINGHE, from June 10 to 12, 1927, inclusive, or until the resumption of duties by that officer.

Mr. F. DANIELS to act as Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Kurunegala, during the absence of Mr. M. K. T. SANDYS, from June 17 to 25, 1927, or until the resumption of duties by that officer.

Mr. W. S. STRONG to act as Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Puttalam, and Additional District Judge, Puttalam, from June 9 to 12, 1927, during the absence of Mr. N. MOONESINGHE, or until further orders.

Mr. B. L. DRIEBERG to be Additional Police Magistrate, Avissawella, on June 14, 1927.

Mr. S. SUBRAMANIAM, J.P., U.P.M., to be Additional Police Magistrate, Point Pedro and Chavakachcheri, on June 13, 1927.

Mr. H. A. S. HAMER, Accountant, Ceylon Savings Bank, to act as Secretary on the 14th instant, during the absence on other duty of Mr. K. W. Y. ATUKORALA, or until further orders.

Mr. J. TAYLOR to be a Justice of the Peace and Unofficial Police Magistrate for the judicial division of Matale, during the absence of Mr. J. F. W. BROCKMAN from the Island.

Mr. R. C. FOWLER to be a Justice of the Peace and Unofficial Police Magistrate for the judicial division of Nuwara Eliya-Hatton, during the absence of Mr. HUNTLEY WILKINSON from the Island.

Mr. M. J. PILLAINAYAGAM, Maniagar of Delft, to be a Justice of the Peace and Unofficial Police Magistrate for the District of Jaffna.

Mr. J. L. HENDERSON to be a Justice of the Peace and Unofficial Police Magistrate for the District of Ratnapura, during the absence of Mr. D. T. ANGUS from the Island.

By His Excellency's command,  
Colonial Secretary's Office, F. G. TYRRELL,  
Colombo, June 9, 1927. Acting Colonial Secretary.

No. 175 of 1927.

**T**HE Notification No. 161 of 1927 which appeared in the *Ceylon Government Gazette* of May 27, 1927, as regards the appointment of Mr. W. D. BATTERSHILL as Government Recordkeeper is hereby cancelled.

By His Excellency's command,  
Colonial Secretary's Office, F. G. TYRRELL,  
Colombo, June 7, 1927. Acting Colonial Secretary.

No. 176 of 1927.

**HIS EXCELLENCY THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT** has been pleased, under section 120 of "The Criminal Procedure Code, 1898," as amended by Ordinance No. 37 of 1908, to make the following appointments:—

Mr. M. J. PILLAINAYAGAM to be an Inquirer for the Island of Delft.

Mr. S. M. COOMARASURIAR to be an Inquirer for the division of Karachchi.

Mr. A. CHELLAPPAH to be an Inquirer for Valigamam East division.

Mr. V. M. MUTTUKUMARU to be an Inquirer for Valigamam North division.

Mr. M. S. RAMALINGAM to be an Inquirer for the District of Jaffna.

By His Excellency's command,  
Colonial Secretary's Office, F. G. TYRRELL,  
Colombo; June 5, 1927. Acting Colonial Secretary.

No. 177 of 1927.

**HIS EXCELLENCY THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT** has been pleased, under section 120 of "The Criminal Procedure Code, 1898," to appoint Mr. SEHUMADAR SINNE MEERAPILLAI to be an Inquirer for the division of Kalpitiya, in the District of Puttalam, North-Western Province, for so long as he acts as Mudaliyar of Kalpitiya division.

By His Excellency's command,  
Colonial Secretary's Office, F. G. TYRRELL,  
Colombo, June 8, 1927. Acting Colonial Secretary.

No. 178 of 1927.

**H**IS EXCELLENCY THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT has been pleased, under the provisions of section 9 (1) and (2) of "The Labour Ordinance, No. 1 of 1923," to appoint the Hon. Mr. H. D. GARRICK to be a Member of the Board of Indian Immigrant Labour, *vice* Mr. NEIL G. CAMPBELL, resigned.

By His Excellency's command,  
Colonial Secretary's Office, F. G. TYRRELL,  
Colombo, June 6, 1927. Acting Colonial Secretary.

No. 179 of 1927.

**H**IS EXCELLENCY THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT has been pleased to make the following appointment in the Ceylon Planters' Rifle Corps, to fill an existing vacancy:—

*To be Second Lieutenant.*

ALBERT DUNCAN LAYTON.

By His Excellency's command,  
Colonial Secretary's Office, F. G. TYRRELL,  
Colombo, May 30, 1927. Acting Colonial Secretary.

No. 180 of 1927.

**H**IS EXCELLENCY THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT has been pleased to accept the resignation by Lieutenant HENEAGE GERVASE NOEL YATES of his Commission in the Ceylon Planters' Rifle Corps Reserve, with effect from May 27, 1927.

By His Excellency's command,  
Colonial Secretary's Office, F. G. TYRRELL,  
Colombo, June 4, 1927. Acting Colonial Secretary.

No. 181 of 1927.

**H**IS EXCELLENCY THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT has been pleased to appoint Mr. FREDERICK ARTHUR CECIL ST. CLAIR VAN ROOYEN of Matale to be a Notary Public throughout the judicial division of Matale, and to practise as such in the English language.

By His Excellency's command,  
Colonial Secretary's Office, F. G. TYRRELL,  
Colombo, June 7, 1927. Acting Colonial Secretary.

No. 182 of 1927.

**H**IS EXCELLENCY THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT has been pleased to appoint Mr. DON JOHN ABESINHA WICKRAMARATNA WIRA WICKRAMASURIYA of "Land's End," Matara, to be a Notary Public throughout Magam pattu of Hambantota District, with residence and office at Hambantota and an additional office at Tissamaharama, and to practise as such in the English language.

By His Excellency's command,  
Colonial Secretary's Office, F. G. TYRRELL,  
Colombo, June 6, 1927. Acting Colonial Secretary.

No. 183 of 1927.

**H**IS EXCELLENCY THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT has been pleased to appoint Mr. RANATUNGA KULASEKERA JEREMIAS PERERA RATNAYAKA of Kattuwa, Negombo, to be a Notary Public throughout Kotmale division of Nuwara Eliya District, with residence and office at Nawangama and additional offices at Metagama and Niyangandora, and to practise as such in the Sinhalese language.

By His Excellency's command,  
Colonial Secretary's Office, F. G. TYRRELL,  
Colombo, June 6, 1927. Acting Colonial Secretary.

### APPOINTMENTS, &c., OF REGISTRARS.

**T**HE following appointments made under section 2 of Ordinance No. 22 of 1921 are hereby notified:—

Mr. EDWIN SILVA JAYAWARDANA to act as an Additional Registrar of Lands, Colombo, for ten days from June 1, 1927, during the absence of the Additional Registrar, Mr. M. P. DIYAGAMA, on leave.

Mr. LOKU BANDA EKANAYAKA to act as Registrar of Lands, Kandy, for eleven days from May 25, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, Mr. E. F. DIAS ABEYESINGHE, on leave.

Mr. WIJEMUNI DUBLIUS DE ZOYSA to act as Registrar of Lands, Badulla, for twenty-two days from May 30, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, Mr. C. SENANAYAKA, on leave.

Registrar-General's Office, E. R. DE SILVA,  
Colombo, June 1, 1927. Acting Registrar-General.

**T**HE following appointments, under section 3 of Ordinance No. 23 of 1900 and section 7 of Ordinance No. 19 of 1907, are hereby notified:—

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Colombo, has appointed KODISINGHE ARACHCHIGE DON SARNELIS to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Yatigaha South division, and of Marriages (General) of Yatigaha pattu of Hapitigam korale division, in the Colombo District of the Western Province, for fifteen days from April 3, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, DON JORONIS KULASEKERA, on leave. His office will be at Kahatagahawatta in Imbulanwala; stations: Napewatta in Indiparape on Tuesdays, and Welandagewatta in Banduragoda on Fridays.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Colombo, has appointed AMARATUNGA ACHCHIMADDUMAGE DON ELIAS to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kahatuduwa division, and of Marriages (General) of Udugaha pattu of Salpiti korale division, in the Colombo District of the Western Province, on June 1, 1927, during the absence

of the Registrar, BELLANTUDA-ACHCHIGE DON BASTIAN, on leave. His office will be at Gammeddewatta in Kahatuduwa, and additional office at Elibissewatta in Jamburaliya.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kalutara, has appointed PALLAGE DON POROLIS APPUHAMY to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Welgama division, and of Marriages (General) of Gangaboda pattu division, in the Kalutara District of the Western Province, for twenty-two days from June 9, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, GAMMANPILA IMYAGE DON HERALIS APPUHAMY, on leave. His office will be at Mahawalapanduregodellewatta in Welgama; station: Delpawatta in Mahagama on first and third Thursdays of every month.

The Provincial Registrar, Kandy, has appointed MIMURE DISSANAYAKA MUDIYANSELE KIRI BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Diyatilaka korale, Uda Hewaheta, No. 5 Division, and of Marriages (General) of Uda Hewaheta division, in the Nuwara Eliya District of the Central Province, for seven days from June 12, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, WEERASEKERA NISIMUDIYANSE RALAHAMILLAGE NILAWATURE WALAWWE RAN BANDA, on leave. His office will be at Nilawaturewalawwa in Hanguranketa.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Nuwara Eliya, has appointed MAYAKADUWEGE CORNELIS APPUHAMY to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Medapane korale division, and of Marriages (General) of Kotmale (excluding the portion in Gravets) division, in the Nuwara Eliya District of the Central Province, for five days from June 1, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, WARAHENE LIYANAGE SUGATADASA DE ALWIS GUNETTLAKA, on leave. His office will be at Hedunawa in Kalapitiya.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Nuwara Eliya, has appointed DAHANEGEDERA MUDIYANSE to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Ramboda korale division, and of Marriages (General) of Kotmale (excluding the portion in Gravets) division, in the Nuwara Eliya District of the Central Province, for twelve days from June 10, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, SATTAMBIGEDERA PUNCHIRALA, on leave. His office will be at Dahanekgederawatta in Rambodagama.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Matale, has appointed PALLETENNE MUDIYANSELEGEDARA PUNCHI BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Udugoda Udasia pattu division, and of Marriages (General) of Matale North division, in the Matale District of the Central Province, for fifteen days from June 4, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, IHALAGEDARA HERAT MUDIYANSELAGE WILLIAM HERAT MUDIYANSE, on leave. His office will be at Dansalakumburepillawa in Akuramboda.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Galle, has appointed HALUKERTI DIANET WIJEGUNAWARDENA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Balapitiya division, and of Marriages (General) of Wellaboda pattu division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, for four days from June 5, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, OUYAS DE SILVA WIJEGUNAWARDENE, on leave. His office will be at Mahawatta in Randoombe.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Galle, has appointed TIKITANTIRI MAHASAMILLAGE DON JOHANIS DE ALWIS to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Pahalganhaya division, and of Marriages (General) of Bentota-Walallawiti korale division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, for five days from June 13, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, HORAWALA VITANAGE DON CORNELIS GUNAWARDANA, on leave. His office will be at Vitanaewatta at Horawala.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Matara, has appointed DON ANDRAYAS JAYASUNDERA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kebaliyapola division, and of Marriages (General) of Kandaboda pattu division, in the Matara District of the Southern Province, on May 30, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, DON SAMUEL SEDARA SENARAT, on leave. His office will be at Gorakawatta in Kebaliyapola.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Matara, has appointed DAVID ROBERT WIRASEKERA to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Matara town and Four Gravets division, in the Matara District of the Southern Province,

for thirty days from June 1, 1927, *vice* the Registrar, NAWALAGEY ABRAHAM COORAY, on transfer. His office will be in the old District Court building, Fort, Matara.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Matara, has appointed DON DAVID WIJESINGHA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Four Gravets No. 3 Division, and of Marriages (General) of Matara town and Gravets division, in the Matara District of the Southern Province, for twenty-one days from June 9, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, PALLEWELA LOKUGAMAGE DON JAMES WIJESINGHA, on leave. His offices will be at Ganga-addarawatta in Pallimulla and Sattambigewatta in Weraduwa.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Matara, has appointed DON ALLIS RANAWEERA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Godapitiya division, and of Marriages (General) of Gangaboda pattu division, in the Matara District of the Southern Province, for two days from June 10, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, ABRAHAM DE SILVA JAYASINGHE, on leave. His offices will be at Talgahawatta in Balukawala and Ganga-addarawatta in Tibbotuwawa.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Hambantota, has appointed ARUKATTU PATABENDIGE KARUNADASA EDIRIWIIRA JAYASTRIYA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Tihawa division, and of Marriages (General) of Magam pattu division, in the Hambantota District of the Southern Province, on June 2, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, ANDRAYAS DE SILVA WICKRAMANAYAKA, on leave. His office will be at Viharagodella in Tihawa.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Mullaitivu, has appointed ARUMUKAM KARTHIKESU to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Melpattu South and Udaiyavur South division, and of Marriages (General) of Vavuniya North division, in the Mullaitivu District of the Northern Province, for twenty-one days from June 9, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, VELLUPPILLAI RAMALINGAM, on leave. His office will be at Puliyaivalavu, Palayavadi.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Batticaloa District, has appointed PACKIRTAMBY ATHAMBAWA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Karavaku pattu north, No. 3 Division, in the Batticaloa District of the Eastern Province, for thirty days from June 1, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, SINNATAMBAY MASUKOOTULEVVAI, deceased. His office will be at Maruthamunai.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Trincomalee, has appointed PUNCHAPPURAI BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kaddukkulam West division, and of Marriages (General) of Kaddukkulam pattu west division, in the Trincomalee District of the Eastern Province, for six days from June 5, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, KAPPURALA UKKIRALA VANNAKKURALA, on leave. His office will be at Galkadawala.

The Provincial Registrar, Kurunegala, has appointed EKANAYAKE MUDIYANSELAGE MUDIYANSE to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Baladora korale division, and of Marriages (General) of Dewamedi hatpattu division, in the Kurunegala District of the North-Western Province, for June 2, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, CHANDRASEKARA APPUHAMY TENNAKON, on leave. His office will be at Kobeigane.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Puttalam-Chilaw, has appointed RAJAKARUNA ABAYARATNE HERAT MUDIYANSELAGE UKKU BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths and of Marriages (General) of Kirimetiya pattu division, in the Puttalam District of the North-Western Province, for three days from June 8, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, RAJAKARUNA ABAYARATNE HERAT MUDIYANSELAGE RAN BANDA NAWAGATTEGAMA, on leave. His office will be at Nawagattegama.

The Provincial Registrar, Ratnapura, has appointed WICKRAMAPATIRAGE RATRANHAMY to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Meda pattu division, and of Marriages (General) of Kukulu korale division, in the Ratnapura District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, for four days from May 30, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, CHARLES PETER DELGODA, on leave. His office will be at Pinnagodawatta in Kukulegama.

The Provincial Registrar, Ratnapura, has appointed IMIYAHAMILLAYE PODIAPPUHAMY to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kiriella division, and of Marriages (General) of Kuruwiti korale division, in the Ratnapura District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, for twenty days

from June 13, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, MALAWIARACHCHILLAGE HARAMANIS APPUHAMY, on leave. His office will be at Nindahena in Epitawela.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kegalla, has appointed HERAT MUDIYANSELAGE BANDARA APPOO to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kitulgala palata division, and of Marriages (General) of Three Korales and Lower Bulatgama division, in the Kegalla District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, for three days from June 1, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, WIJESINHA MALAPATIRANNEHELAGE UWANERIS WIJESINHA. His office will be at Udahawatta in Polatagama.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kegalla, has appointed MUDIYANSELAGE TIKIRIBANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kandupita pattuwa south division, and of Marriages (General) of Beligal korale division, in the Kegalla District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, for eight days from June 11, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar MUDIYANSELAGE UKKUBANDA, on leave. His office will be at Pahawatta *alias* Hitinawatta in Alawatura.

Registrar-General's Office, E. R. DE SILVA,  
Colombo, June 7, 1927. Acting Registrar-General.

IT is hereby notified that DON MARTIN DEWARAJA, Registrar of Births and Deaths of Ranna division, and of Marriages (General) of West Giruwa pattu division, in the Hambantota District of the Southern Province, holds, with effect from May 11, 1927, his additional office at Maragahawatta in Netolpitiya, instead of at Kongahawatta in Welleode, as notified in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,531 of June 18, 1926.

Registrar-General's Office, E. R. DE SILVA,  
Colombo, June 1, 1927. Acting Registrar-General.

WITH reference to the notification dated February 16, 1927, appearing in *Government Gazette* No. 7,578 of April 22, 1927, it is hereby notified that OJIYAS DE SILVA WIJEGUNAWARDENE has been permitted to continue in office as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Balapitiya division, and of Marriages (General) of Wellaboda pattuwa division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, with effect from May 1, 1927. His office will be at Mahawatta in Randoombe.

Registrar-General's Office, H. E. BEVEN,  
Colombo, April 14, 1927. Registrar-General.

## GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATIONS.

A MEETING of the Legislative Council will be held at the Council Chamber, Colombo, on Thursday, June 16, 1927, at 9 A.M.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, June 6, 1927.

By His Excellency's command,  
W. L. MURPHY,  
Clerk to the Legislative Council.

### "THE HOLIDAYS ORDINANCE, 1886."

O 226/26

IT is hereby notified for general information that Tuesday, June 14, 1927 (the day of the Poson Festival), will be observed as a Public Holiday, under section 9 of Ordinance No. 4 of 1886.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, June 6, 1927.

By His Excellency's command,  
F. G. TYRRELL,  
Acting Colonial Secretary.

IT is hereby notified for general information that the Admiralty regulations in force in the United Kingdom relating to the use of Wireless Telegraphy by foreign warships and service aircraft accompanying them in the harbours of Great Britain, and shown in the schedule hereto subjoined, will be regarded as applicable in the case of foreign warships and service aircraft accompanying them in the waters of Ceylon.

P 190/27

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, June 7, 1927.

By His Excellency's command,  
F. G. TYRRELL,  
Acting Colonial Secretary.

### SCHEDULE.

(a) Foreign men-of-war and service aircraft accompanying them lying in a naval port, or in any harbour which is close to a naval port, shall obtain permission from the Senior Naval Officer at the naval port to use their wireless telegraphy or telephony apparatus, stating system, wavelengths, and times of transmission proposed.

(b) Foreign men-of-war and service aircraft accompanying them lying in any harbour which is not close to a naval port shall conform to the following regulations:—

- (i.) Transmission on 600 metres is forbidden except for the purpose of making or answering signals of distress.
- (ii.) Interference with naval, army, or airforce signalling, or with any fixed shore station, must be avoided.
- (iii.) Transmission must be discontinued on request from (1) any naval authority, (2) the port authorities, (3) any fixed shore station.
- (iv.) Protracted signalling, using apparatus transmitting other than pure continuous waves, must be avoided.
- (v.) If there is a British or Dominion fleet or warship lying in the harbour, the Senior Naval Officer should be consulted.

G 402/27

APPLICATIONS on form General 187 (F2) from officers in Class II. of the Clerical Service who are in receipt of a salary of less than Rs. 2,100 per annum for transfer to the post of Clerk, District Court, Badulla, will be considered if forwarded through the Head of the applicant's Department and received in the Secretariat on or before June 20, 1927.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, June 4, 1927.

By His Excellency's command,

F. G. TYRRELL,  
Acting Colonial Secretary.

"THE CEMETERIES AND BURIALS ORDINANCE, 1899."

K 428/27

NOTICE is hereby given that His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government, in exercise of the powers vested in him by section 34 of "The Cemeteries and Burials Ordinance, No. 9 of 1899," and on the recommendation of "the proper authority," to wit, the Government Agent, North-Western Province, has approved of the allotment of land set out in the schedule hereto being provided and used as a burial ground from the date hereof.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, June 1, 1927.

By His Excellency's command,

F. G. TYRRELL,  
Acting Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE REFERRED TO.

Lot 9 in final village plan No. 1,886.  
Name of land : Minipittaniya.  
Situation : Kekunewa village in Pahalawisideke korale in Wannu hatpattu of the District of Kurunegala, North-Western Province.  
Boundaries : North by Kon-oya ; east by lot 10 in final village plan No. 1,886 ; south and west by lot 7 in final village plan No. 1,886.  
Extent : 1 rood and 9 perches.

"THE CEMETERIES AND BURIALS ORDINANCE, 1899."

K 429/27

NOTICE is hereby given that His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government, in exercise of the powers vested in him by section 34 of "The Cemeteries and Burials Ordinance, No. 9 of 1899," and on the recommendation of the "proper authority," to wit, the Government Agent, North-Western Province, has approved of the allotment of land set out in the schedule hereto being provided and used as a burial ground from the date hereof.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, June 1, 1927.

By His Excellency's command,

F. G. TYRRELL,  
Acting Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE REFERRED TO.

Lot 38 in final village plan No. 1,918.  
Name of land : Minipittaniya.  
Situation : Nagallegama in Katuwanna korale in Wannu hatpattu of the District of Kurunegala, North-Western Province.  
Boundaries : North by lots 39 and 42 in final village plan No. 1,918 ; east, south, and west by lot 42 in final village plan No. 1,918.  
Extent : 35 perches.

"THE VEHICLES ORDINANCE, NO. 4 OF 1916."

W 76/27

BY-LAW made by His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government, with the advice of the Executive Council, under section 18 (2) (j) of "The Vehicles Ordinance, No. 4 of 1916," for the Municipal town of Colombo.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, June 4, 1927.

By His Excellency's command,

F. G. TYRRELL,  
Acting Colonial Secretary.

BY-LAW REFERRED TO.

No person shall use a lorry on any of the streets specified in the schedule hereto :—

*Schedule.*

Short's road.  
Galle Face Centre road.  
Regent street between Dean's road and Third Division, Maradana.  
Norris Canal road between Regent street and Third Division, Maradana.  
Dean's road and Alexandra place, from Foster lane to Rosmead place.  
Chekku street.  
Jampettah street.  
First Division, Maradana, from Skinner's road south-Maradana Junction to Panchikawatta-Maradana Junction.  
Hulftsdorp street, from San Sebastian street-Lockgate junction to Dam street.  
Belmont street.  
Dematagoda road.

## "THE SMALL TOWNS SANITARY ORDINANCE, 1892."

U 3/27

REGULATIONS made by the Sanitary Board of the District of Chilaw, North-Western Province, under section 9 E (2) of "The Small Towns Sanitary Ordinance, 1892," and approved by His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government in Executive Council.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, June 8, 1927.

By His Excellency's command,  
F. G. TYRRELL,  
Acting Colonial Secretary.

## Regulations referred to.

[SECTION 9 E (2) (a).]

*Time and Place of Meeting and Order to be observed thereat.*

1. The ordinary meetings of the Board shall be held on such days and at such time and place as the Board shall from time to time by resolution determine. Any special meeting shall be convened at the discretion of the Chairman, or on the written requisition of two members of the Board. Provided that it shall be lawful for the Board to adjourn any meeting to any other day or hour.
2. For all purposes connected with the Board the precedence and seniority of the members shall be as follows:—
  - (a) The *ex officio* Chairman.
  - (b) The members nominated by the Governor in the order in which they have been gazetted.
3. The Chairman shall preserve order and decide on all disputed points of order.
4. As soon after the hour appointed for any meeting (whether ordinary or special) as a quorum shall assemble, the member entitled to preside shall take the Chair, and the Board shall proceed to business. Should a quorum not be present at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, the meeting shall stand adjourned, if an ordinary meeting to the day appointed for the next ordinary meeting, or if a special meeting *sine die*.
5. Any member desiring to ask a question or to make a motion, unless in the course of discussion or in case of emergency by special leave of the Board, shall give notice of such question or motion either at some previous meeting of the Board, or by notice in writing at least four days before the day on which he intends to ask such question or make such motion.
6. Every member in giving such notice shall deliver to the Chairman a copy of such question or motion.
7. All questions asked and motions made at a meeting shall be made in the order of the notices thereof, unless the Board shall decide otherwise.
8. A motion negatived at a meeting shall not again be brought forward until after the expiration of at least three months, and no motion in any way contrary to one passed by the Board at a meeting shall be entertained until after the expiration of the same period.
9. Any member presenting a petition or other communication will be held responsible for its contents being throughout respectful, and no document shall be laid by a member before the Board unless the name and address of the drawer be legibly recorded on it.
10. The business of the ordinary meetings of the Board shall be conducted in the following order:—
  - (a) The minutes of the preceding meeting shall be read and confirmed after being, if necessary, corrected.
  - (b) Memorials, petitions, or other communications addressed to the Board shall be laid before the meeting and orders made thereon.
  - (c) The other business shall be considered in the order set down in the order book hereinafter mentioned.
11. An order book shall be kept in which shall be entered and numbered in succession the subjects to be brought under discussion at each meeting.
12. The clerk shall also keep a minute book, in which the proceedings of the Board shall be entered, and the minutes of every meeting of the Board as entered in the book shall after they have been confirmed at any subsequent meeting, be signed by the Chairman of the meeting at which they are so confirmed.
13. The clerk shall lay on the table at each meeting all complaints addressed to the Board, and all reports made by officers of the Board, and notes of any action taken by the Chairman since the last previous meeting of the Board.
14. Notice of every special meeting shall be served on each member or left at his residence two days at least before the day of each meeting.

[SECTION 9 E (2) (b).]

*Execution of Works, Streets, Roads, and Bridges.*

All votes of money for public works shall be made on estimates previously prepared and approved by the Board.

[SECTION 9 E (2) (c).]

*Bread.*

1. The flour, water, and other materials used in the manufacture of bread shall be good and wholesome, and it shall be lawful for any person thereto authorized in writing by the Chairman from time to time to demand and obtain on payment of the necessary charges samples thereof.
2. Each loaf of bread shall bear on its upper surface a mark distinctly indicating its weight, and any person selling bread that has no such mark or that falls short of the full weight so indicated shall be guilty of an offence.

[SECTION 9 E (2) (d).]

*Establishment and Regulation of Public Markets, Control of Bakeries, Tea and Coffee Boutiques, Butchers' Stalls, Cattle Galas, Laundries.*

## A.—MARKETS.

1. Whenever it shall be determined by the Board to establish a public market, the Chairman shall give not less than ten days' notice of the time when the same will be opened, and such notice will be published by beat of tom-tom.
2. Whenever a public market for any Sanitary Board town shall have been established by the Board, no persons shall hold a private market within the limits of such town without a licence from the Board.
3. All public markets shall be open daily from 6 A.M. to 9 P.M., and it shall be the duty of the Board or its lessee to make provision for the proper lighting of the market.



4. The several rents and fees payable in respect of a public market shall be paid in advance from time to time on demand to the Chairman of the Board or the lessee, or other persons authorized by the Board or their lessees to recover the same.

5. No person shall keep or expose for sale in any stall any article, the keeping or sale of which therein shall have been prohibited by notice posted in the market.

6. No person shall keep or expose for sale in any fish market or stall any provisions or things other than fish or salt fish.

7. No person shall sell or expose for sale in any vegetable or fruit market or stall any meat or fish, whether fresh or salted, or any cooked food, or any article of food other than fresh fruit or vegetable.

8. No occupant of a stall shall enclose in any way any portion of a market, or erect any awning or screen or fixture of any kind, nor shall he leave any goods in any market between the hours of 9 P.M. and 6 A.M., without first having obtained the sanction of the Chairman.

9. Every occupant of a stall, space, or seat in any market shall keep such stall, space, or seat clean and free from filth or rubbish. No person suffering, or who has recently suffered, from any contagious or infectious disease, or has recently been on attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall occupy any stall, seat, or place in such public market, or expose for sale thereat any provisions whatsoever.

10. No person using or occupying any portion of a public market shall—

(a) Behave in a disorderly manner or commit any nuisance in or about such market.

(b) Carry on any cooking in any such market.

(c) Remain in or loiter about such market after the place is closed for business at 9 P.M. without being able to give a satisfactory account of himself.

(d) Damage or in anywise deface any portion of the buildings, stalls, lamps, or any property of the Board in or about such market, or defile or pollute in any way the water provided for use in such market.

11. It shall be lawful for the Inspector or Supervisor of the Board, upon the seizure by him as unwholesome or unfit for human food of any meat, poultry, fish, game, flesh, vegetable, fruit, or other article of food exposed for sale within the limits of the Sanitary Board, to convey the same to the Medical Officer of the station, or in his absence, or if there be no such officer, to the Magistrate, or in case where there is no Police Court, to the President of a Village Tribunal; and if it appear to such Medical Officer, Magistrate, or President that such meat, poultry, fish, vegetable, fruit, or other provisions are unfit for human food, he shall order the same to be destroyed or to be disposed of so as to prevent their being exposed for sale, or used as food.

12. It shall be the duty of the market-keeper or of the lessee of a market to maintain order within the limits of the market, and every person who shall obstruct or resist any person appointed by the Board to superintend any public market, or to collect the rents or fees, or to enforce order or cleanliness therein whilst in the execution of his duty, shall be guilty of an offence.

13. Whenever it shall appear to the Board that the use or consumption by the public of any particular kind of fish is injurious, or that during the prevalence of any epidemic the use or consumption of any particular kind of fruit or vegetable is hurtful, it shall be lawful for the Board, by beat of tom-tom or by other sufficient notice, to prohibit for such time as to the Board shall appear necessary the sale of any such fish, fruit, or vegetable in any market or other place within the limits of the Board, and after such notice to cause the same, whether exposed for sale or not, to be seized and destroyed in such manner as the Board or Chairman may direct.

14. No person shall leave any cart or vehicle within any market premises for a longer period than is necessary for loading or unloading.

15. No person shall deposit rubbish, refuse, bones, skins of animals, or other articles likely to be offensive or injurious to the public health, in or upon any public market or its premises otherwise than within a covered receptacle provided for such purpose by the Board.

16. No person shall bring into a public or private market or sell or expose for sale in a public or private market any carcase of any animal (or any portion thereof) which has not been slaughtered at the public slaughterhouse provided by the Board. The provisions of this by-law shall not apply to frozen meat, game, or fish imported into the Island.

17. The Chairman shall cause to be printed in English, Sinhalese, and Tamil and placed in conspicuous place at each market a table of rents and fees leviable at each market by the servants of the Board or by its lessee, and it shall be unlawful for any person to demand or receive higher sums than those authorized by such notice.

The rents and fees leviable at the markets established by the Board shall be as follows :—

*Meat Market.*

For every carcase other than a goat or sheep exposed for sale, 50 cents a day.

For every carcase of a goat or sheep exposed for sale, 25 cents a day.

*Fish Market.*

For each square yard of floor space occupied, 6 cents a day.

*Vegetable Market.*

For each square yard of ground space within or without the market a rate or rates to be fixed annually by resolution of the Board.

18. No person shall bring into, expose for sale, or sell fish or meat of any description in any places in a public market, except those set apart for the sale of fish or of meat in public markets in which such sale is allowed, and such places shall be used exclusively for the keeping, exposing, or selling of such fish or meat respectively.

19. The Sanitary Board may mark off in each public market such spaces for stalls as may seem to it necessary.

20. The Sanitary Board may, through the Chairman, lease the stalls of a public market on lease bonds for any period not exceeding twelve months. The lease bonds may contain such terms as the Sanitary Board thinks just and as may be agreed to by the lessees.

21. The Chairman may let any vacant stall for any less period than twelve months on payment of a rent or fee at the rate of one cent per square foot of floor area per month.

22. No person shall take any cattle, sheep, goats, swine, or other animals into any part of a public market, except into such place as may be set apart therefor; and no person shall allow his cart, carriage, or other conveyance to stand in any part of the market ground, except when being loaded or unloaded.

23. No person affected with, or suffering from, any contagious, cutaneous, or infectious disease shall occupy any stall or expose for sale any provisions whatsoever.

24. No person shall throw offal, dirt, filth, or rubbish, or commit nuisance by easing himself on any market ground or in any building, hut, or shed in such ground or on the high roads bordering the same.

25. No person shall kill any animal or flay or disembowel any carcase within the limits of any public market or on the high roads bordering the same.

26. The market-keeper shall see that the market is kept clean, and that the by-laws are observed by persons frequenting the market, and shall report any infringement thereof to the Chairman.

#### B.—BAKERIES.

27. No person shall be entitled to a licence to keep a bakery unless the premises to be licensed complied with the following conditions :—

- (a) The room in which kneading takes place shall have a minimum superficial area of 12 feet by 15 feet.
- (b) There shall be a free external air space on at least two sides not less than 7 feet wide to permit of through ventilation.
- (c) The door of the oven shall not open directly into the kneading room. Every kneading room shall be provided with a ceiling.
- (d) Every bakery shall be well ventilated and well lighted, and the walls thereof plastered with lime mortar and whitewashed every six months, the floor cemented, and drainage sufficiently provided.

28. The licensee shall use in the making of bread and pastry such troughs and utensils as are capable of being moved about for the purpose of cleaning the floor, and shall cause such troughs and utensils to be kept scrupulously clean.

29. The licensee shall cause the floor to be carefully scraped and swept at least once every twenty-four hours, and the sweepings to be immediately placed in an impervious covered receptacle and removed from the bakery daily.

30. The licensee shall cause every bakery to be kept in a cleanly state and free from effluvia arising from any drain, privy, cesspit, or other nuisance.

31. The licensee shall cause every ashpit, cesspit, manure heap, open sewer, or privy to be situated outside of and at least 30 feet away from the bakery.

32. No person shall keep furniture or other articles in the bakery other than those used in the manufacture of bread and pastry.

33. The licensee shall cause the tops of the tables to be made of well-seasoned closely-fitting planks, or some non-harmful impervious material, and to be scraped and cleaned daily.

34. No person shall keep any animal in the bakery on any pretence whatever.

35. No person suffering, or who to the knowledge of the licensee or any person in charge of the bakery has recently suffered, from any contagious or infectious disease, or has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall be permitted by the licensee or any such person in charge of the bakery to enter the bakery or take part in the manufacture or sale of bread, biscuits, or confectionery.

36. All persons employed in the preparation and baking of bread shall wash their hands before engaging in the process of bread-making, and shall wear clean white aprons covering the chest and body, and also a white cap or turban.

37. The licensee shall supply clean water and soap for the use of those engaged in the manufacture of bread, biscuits, and confectionery.

38. The licensee shall cause all bread, biscuits, confectionery, and sweetmeats exposed for sale to be kept in properly constructed glass cases free from flies, and shall cause all such cases to be kept scrupulously clean.

39. The licensee shall provide good and wholesome flour, water, and other materials for use in the manufacture of bread, and shall cause the flour to be kept on a platform raised 3 feet above the ground.

40. The licensee shall cause all refuse around the premises of the bakery to be removed daily and drains to be well flushed.

41. No person shall use any place on the same level with the bakery and forming part of the same building as a sleeping place, unless it is effectually separated from the bakery by a partition extending from the floor to the ceiling.

42. It shall be lawful for a Sanitary Board Inspector or other person authorized in writing by the Chairman at all reasonable times and at any time when the process of baking is being carried on to enter and inspect any bakery or place used for the sale of bread.

43. A copy of these by-laws shall be framed and hung up by the licensee in a prominent place in every bakery.

#### C.—EATING-HOUSES AND TEA AND COFFEE BOUTIQUES.

44. The licensee of an eating-house or tea or coffee boutique shall keep same clean and sanitary to the satisfaction of the Chairman.

45. The licensee shall cause all utensils, furniture, and other requisites used in or belonging to any eating-house or tea or coffee boutique to be always kept clean.

46. No person suffering, or who to the knowledge of the licensee or person in charge of an eating-house or tea or coffee boutique has recently suffered, from any contagious or infectious disease, or has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall be permitted by the licensee or any such person in charge of the eating-house or tea or coffee boutique to be employed in or about any such eating-house or tea or coffee boutique.

47. The licensee shall cause the sugar used in such place to be kept in glass-stoppered wide-mouthed bottles.

48. The licensee shall cause all cakes or sweetmeats, exposed for sale to be kept in properly constructed glass cases free from flies, and such glass cases to be kept scrupulously clean. He shall also cause other foodstuff to be kept so covered as to prevent contamination by flies.

49. The licensee shall cause all waste tea, coffee, or milk, or remnant of food or cooking waste, to be collected in a proper receptacle and removed daily.

50. No person shall sell or offer for sale or expose for sale or keep any adulterated milk on the premises of any eating-house or tea or coffee boutique.

51. For the purpose of this rule "adulterated milk" shall mean milk rendered unwholesome by the addition of water or any other foreign liquid or substance.

52. These by-laws shall be framed and hung up in a prominent place by the licensee in every such eating-house or tea or coffee boutique.

#### D.—BUTCHERS' STALLS.

53. The licensee shall cause every room in which meat is kept to be scrupulously clean.

54. The licensee shall cause every table used in a butcher's stall to be covered with zinc or other non-harmful impermeable substance and shall cause such tables and the chopping block and all implements to be kept scrupulously clean.

55. The licensee shall cause the table, chopping blocks, and implements to be washed with water and scrubbed with a hard clean brush immediately after use and shall cause all hooks for hanging meat to be polished and free from rust.

56. The licensee shall cause all refuse and unsaleable materials, offal if not immediately removed to be kept in a zinc-lined box with a perforated zinc cover, the perforation to be of such size as to prevent flies entering.

57. No person suffering, or who to the knowledge of the licensee or any person in charge of a butcher's stall has recently suffered from any contagious or infectious disease, or has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall be permitted by the licensee or any such person in charge of the butcher's stall to be employed in such butcher's stall.

58. Every butcher shall provide himself with a movable bin or receptacle of metal for waste material.
59. Every butcher's stall and the management and conduct of the business shall be at all times open and subject to inspection by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board or by any person duly authorized by the Chairman.
60. These by-laws shall be framed and hung up by the licensee in a prominent place in every butcher's stall.

## E.—GALAS.

61. Every licensed gala shall be registered by the Chairman, and a notice board shall be hung up by the licensee at the entrance to every such gala, with the words "Registered Gala No. ——" and the name of the owner painted thereon.
62. The licensee shall properly level and drain every gala or halting place for carts or cattle and shall either pave or properly consolidate the ground with broken metal, so that it keeps a hard and level surface. He shall cause such gala or halting place to be kept in a clean and sanitary state, being thoroughly cleaned daily, and all dung and refuse to be removed daily to such place at a distance of 50 yards from any dwelling house. He shall further cause all goods, materials, or substance of any kind to be deposited upon such gala or halting place in such a manner as not to obstruct such daily cleansing.
63. The licensee shall cause every stable, cattle stall, or cattle halting place to be kept in a clean and sanitary state, being thoroughly cleaned daily, and dung and refuse to be removed daily to such place at a distance of 50 yards from any dwelling house.
64. Every gala shall be open for inspection at all reasonable times by the officers of the Board or by any other person thereto authorized in writing by the Chairman. All orders which the Chairman is empowered to make under these by-laws shall be in writing.

## F.—GENERAL.

65. No person shall, within the limits of a Sanitary Board town, keep any bakery, eating-house, tea or coffee boutique, or cattle gala without an annual licence from the Chairman of the Sanitary Board, which licence the Chairman is hereby empowered to refuse to any person failing to comply with any of the preceding rules. Every such licence shall remain in force until December 31 of the year in respect of which such licence is issued or until such licence is cancelled. Such licence shall further be subject to such fees as the Sanitary Board shall from time to time determine with the sanction of the Governor in Council.
66. If any person shall have been convicted twice or oftener by any court of the breach of any of the preceding rules, it shall be lawful for the court recording such second and subsequent conviction to cancel the licence issued to such person under this chapter by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board. Upon such cancellation of a licence by a court, the Chairman of the Sanitary Board is empowered in his discretion to refuse to issue any fresh licence to such person. Provided that these rules shall not apply to stalls in markets established by or vested in any public body.

## G.—LAUNDRIES.

67. For the purpose of these rules "Laundryman" shall mean any person carrying on the trade of washing clothes for hire.
68. Every laundryman shall, when so required by the Chairman provide a separate room for soiled linen, which must be well ventilated and clean at all times and whitewashed twice annually.
69. A laundryman shall not store soiled linen in any room used as a living apartment.
70. The Chairman shall when he considers it necessary in the interest and for the good of the public health allocate special sites for the washing of clothes; such sites will be indicated by a notice board.
71. When any laundryman or any member of his family or household shall contract any infectious or contagious disease, he shall within 24 hours report the same to the Chairman of the Sanitary Board, either through the Sanitary Inspector or the Police Headman.
72. When any laundryman or any member of his family or household shall contract any infectious or contagious disease, all work in the laundry shall immediately cease, nor shall any clothes be taken into the laundry or sent out of it after the outbreak and during the prevalence of such disease, save by special permission of the Chairman.
73. No laundryman shall, without the permission of the Chairman of the Sanitary Board or the Senior Sanitary Officer receive soiled linen from any house in which there is reason to believe that a member thereof is suffering from any infectious disease.
74. Every laundryman shall, when called upon by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board or the Senior Sanitary Officer or his Assistant, give a list of the persons for whom he washes.

## [SECTION 9 E (2) (f).]

*Offensive Trades.*

1. Dangerous and offensive trades shall for the purpose of these rules mean and include any of the following.
2. Storage or manufacture of artificial manure, boiling of blood or offal, drying blood or offal, tanning, fat melting, fat extracting, soap-making, soaking of coconut husks, fibre dyeing, coconut oil manufacture (where machinery is employed), manufacture or storing of fibre, storing of hides, bones, artificial manures, or any material for the manufacture of artificial manure, storing of dried fish in quantity over 5 cwt. in weight, the manufacture of bricks and tiles, the burning of lime, the manufacture of aerated waters, storing or curing of plumbago.
3. No owner or occupier of any land or premises within the limits of the Sanitary Board or other person shall carry on or suffer to be carried on upon such land or premises any offensive or dangerous trade or manufacture without a licence from the Chairman of the Sanitary Board, who is further empowered to refuse such licence to any person failing to comply with any of these rules. Such licences shall be subject to such fees as the Sanitary Board from time to time may determine with the sanction of the Governor in Council.
4. If any person shall have been convicted twice or oftener by any court of the breach of any of these rules, it shall be lawful for the court recording such second or subsequent conviction to cancel the licence issued to such person under this chapter by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board. Upon such cancellation of a licence by a court, the Chairman of the Sanitary Board is empowered in his discretion to refuse to issue any fresh licence to such person.
5. The licensee shall cause all materials required for the purpose of carrying on any of the aforesaid trades, businesses, or manufactures to be stored so as to prevent effluvia or nuisance, and all such materials which have to be brought along any public thoroughfare, and which are likely to be offensive and give off effluvia to be transported in non-absorbent covered receptacles, or in such other manner as to obviate the creation of any nuisance.
6. The licensee shall cause effective means to be adopted for rendering innocuous any offensive vapours or gases emitted during any process of manufacture and further cause such vapours and gases either to be discharged into the external air in such manner and at such a height as to admit of their diffusion without injurious or offensive effects, or to be passed directly through a fire or into a condensing apparatus. He shall also cause all premises to be adequately drained, and the drains to be kept in efficient order and washed daily.
7. The licensee shall cause floors to be maintained in a proper state of repair and cleaned daily, and when so ordered by the Chairman, to be constructed of some impermeable material suitable for the purpose.

8. The licensee shall cause walls to be kept in good order so as to prevent the absorption of filth and to be white-washed twice in June and December and at any other time when ordered by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board or the Senior Sanitary Officer.

9. The licensee shall cause all apparatus, including implements and vessels, to be kept clean, and where possible to be cleaned daily.

10. The licensee shall cause all refuse, sweepings, scrapings, together with waste and bye products, to be removed daily from the premises in covered receptacles, unless intended to be forthwith subjected to further trade purposes on the premises.

11. The licensee shall cause tanks used for washing or soaking skins or any other materials to be emptied and cleansed as often as may be necessary to prevent effluvia.

12. No person carrying on any offensive trade or manufacture, nor any owner or occupier of any land or premises upon which such offensive trade or manufacture is carried on shall pollute any river, stream, channel, canal, well, tank, or open piece of water by discharging thereunto, or suffering to flow thereinto, any foul, ill-smelling, or offensive water or other fluid, or by throwing thereinto or suffering to be washed therein any offensive substance, nor shall he in any other way pollute or contaminate such river, stream, canal, channel, well, tank, or open piece of water.

13. It shall be lawful for the Chairman of the Sanitary Board or for any person duly authorized by the Chairman to inspect at all reasonable times the premises of all afore-mentioned trades.

14. The owner or occupier of any land from which clay, earth, stone, gravel, cabook, or other materials is cut for the manufacture of bricks or tiles or for building, or for any other purpose shall be responsible for seeing that proper drainage is provided, and that the pits or trenches cut are afterwards filled, so that water cannot stagnate therein.

15. No person shall spread or expose fish for drying, except in such place or places as are approved by the Sanitary Board.

#### *Aerated Water Manufacture.*

16. (1) No person shall commence the manufacture of aerated waters within the limits of the Sanitary Board for the purpose of sale without giving one month's previous notice in writing to the Chairman of the Board.

(2) No person shall manufacture aerated waters unless—

(a) The aerated water factory be situated more than 150 feet from any gala, stable, or other building used for keeping animals by day and night, or of any latrine or cesspit.

(b) All premises used for manufacture or aerated waters be well lighted, ventilated, and provided with a wood-ceiling, and unless they have cemented floors, are provided with suitably built drains to carry off waste material; and are kept clear and free from dirt and dust.

(c) The water used in the manufacture be obtained from a source adequately protected from contamination and approved of by the Chairman of the Board, and be transported to the factory by means which shall ensure that no pollution occurs in transit and be stored at the factory in properly constructed tanks or reservoirs with dust-tight covers connecting with the aerating apparatus.

17. The licensee shall cause all waters used in the manufacture of aerated waters to be passed through a Jewell or other filter approved by the Chairman and connected with the plant, provided that the Chairman shall have the power to exempt from the operation of this rule the water derived from an approved public supply.

18. The licensee shall cause all bottles used in the manufacture of aerated waters to be washed with filtered water and to be kept scrupulously clean.

19. The licensee shall cause every bottle containing aerated water to bear a label setting out the description of the water and the place of manufacture, the name of the person or firm owning the factory, and the number assigned to the factory by the Chairman of the Board.

20. The licensee is prohibited from employing any person under 12 years of age in any aerated water factory, or any person suffering from any cutaneous or contagious disease.

21. The licensee shall cause all employees engaged in the filling of bottles with gas to wear fine-meshed wire face- and neck-shields and leather gloves.

22. The licensee shall cause the preparation of syrups to be carried out in a separate fly-proof room; all chemicals and other material used in the manufacture of the waters to be of good quality, and all utensils and machinery employed in the manufacture to be scrupulously clean.

23. No person shall use any part of the factory for dwelling purposes.

[SECTION 9 E (2) (i).]

#### *Care of Waste and Public Lands.*

No person shall remove any cattle dung, sand, earth, stone, or growing plants, or trees from or in any way alter or deface the surface of any waste or public lands without the authority of the Chairman.

[SECTION 9 E (2) (j).]

#### *Putting up and Preservation of Boundaries.*

Every owner or occupier of any house, garden, building, or land within the town shall keep such house, garden, building, or land surrounded by a wall or good fence of not less than three feet in height and of not more than six feet from the level of the ground.

[SECTION 9 E (2) (k).]

#### *Public Bathing Places.*

1. It shall be lawful for the Board by resolution from time to time to set apart for public bathing such places as it may deem proper, and to determine the hours during which they may be used.

2. No person shall resort for the purposes of bathing to any public place other than those set apart for that purpose, and no person shall bathe at the place set apart except during the hours determined by the Board.

3. No person shall wash or cause to be washed horses, cattle, clothes, mats, or any other articles at any public place set apart for public bathing.

4. No person suffering from any cutaneous, infectious, or contagious disease shall bathe or wash clothes or any other articles in any public bathing place.

[SECTION 9 E (2) (m).]

#### *Dogs.*

It shall be lawful for the Chairman to authorize in writing any person to seize all stray dogs and if deceased or suspected of disease to destroy; otherwise to be impounded in a pound provided by the Board, and to levy a sum of 40 cents for the first day of detention and 15 cents for each succeeding day, to meet the expenses incurred by the Sanitary Board, from the owner of the dog if he claims it and desires to remove it. The Chairman shall cause impounded dogs, if not claimed within three days to be destroyed.

## [SECTION 9 E (2) (c).]

*Huts and Houses.*

1. It shall not be lawful for any person to erect a house or hut for the purpose of a dwelling place, or permit the same to be occupied as a dwelling place, within the limits of the Board, except after twenty-one days' previous notice in writing to the Chairman, and under the following conditions :—

- (a) Every such house or hut or any room therein to be used for human habitation shall not be less than 120 superficial feet in area, and not less than 10 feet in height, and with eaves at least 6 feet from the floor level.
- (b) Every room to be used for human habitation shall have at least one door not less than 6 feet by 3 feet, and at least one window not less than 3 feet by 2 feet.
- (c) The floor shall always be higher than 1 foot from the ground, provided the Chairman shall be at liberty to require a higher level according to situation.
- (d) It shall be lawful for the Chairman to cause any house or hut erected contrary to the provisions of this by-law to be taken down at the expense of the owner, if within one month after written notice to him to alter or take down the same he shall fail or neglect to do so.

2. It shall not be lawful for any person to erect, re-erect, or add to any hut or house within the limits of any Sanitary Board town, except under the following condition. The following clear air space shall be left around any hut or house which is erected or re-erected, or around any hut or house which is added to with respect to such addition and no portion of the walls of such building, and not more than 2 feet 6 inches of the projecting eaves of such building, shall come within such space :—

- (1) On the side of any road or street 25 feet to the centre of such road or street.
- (2) Behind such space 50 feet to any other hut or house, except a kitchen, bathing place, or latrine of which prescribed space at least half shall be land belonging to the same owner as the land upon which the house stands, which is erected, re-erected, or added to.
- (3) To the side such space 15 feet to the nearest building, of which prescribed space at least half shall be land belonging to the same owner as the land upon which the house stands, which is erected, re-erected, or added to.

Provided that the Chairman may in his discretion relax the operation of this rule in any special case, but he shall not do so unless he is satisfied that—(1) no detriment is caused thereby to the sanitary condition or amenities of the house or hut to be erected, re-erected, or added to, or of any other neighbouring house or hut used or intended to be used as a human dwelling place; and (2) that the future alignment, widening, or development of any road or street or the convenience of the public using such road or street will not be interfered with by such relaxation of the rule.

Provided further, that the Chairman may allow the erection of a kitchen, bathing place, or latrine upon the portion thus reserved for air space on the side of any house furthest from the road or street in such place as the Chairman shall approve. Provided further, that where a conservancy lane shall have been provided, or laid out, or projected by the Board, such latrine shall adjoin such lane or projected lane.

## [SECTION 9 E (2) (r).]

*Prevention of Malaria.*

1. Every owner or occupier of a dwelling house or compound shall cause the hollow places in the compound or close to the dwelling house to be filled up or drained so that water may not stagnate in them, and all unnecessary vessels or receptacles of any description lying about the said premises and which are liable to hold or contain water likely to become stagnant to be removed.

2. It shall not be lawful for any one, without the written permission of the Chairman, to dig hollows or borrow pits in any town, or to excavate earth from any land within the limits of any town, in such a manner as to allow accumulation of water.

## [SECTION 9 E (s), (a), (b), (c).]

*Latrines.*

1. No occupier or owner shall build or cause to be built on his land or premises any privy, cesspit, or latrine without having first obtained the permission of the Chairman in writing.

2. (a) Upon any application for such permission under by-law 1 it shall be competent to the Chairman or the Board to require that any particular type of cesspool approved by the Board and no other shall be constructed.

(b) The Chairman or the Board may further prescribe the position in which such cesspool shall be constructed, and refuse permission to construct any cesspool in any other position.

(c) It shall further be competent to the Chairman or the Board to refuse permission to construct any cesspool at all upon any premises should the Chairman or the Board be of opinion that such construction should not be permitted on sanitary grounds.

3. (a) It shall be competent to the Board to order in writing the owner or occupier of any premises in which a cesspool has been constructed without permission or in any way contrary to the terms of any permission issued by the Chairman or the Board to demolish and fill up the said cesspool within such reasonable time as may be prescribed by the Chairman or the Board.

(b) Any person failing to comply with an order made under sub-section (a) shall be guilty of an offence.

4. (a) The Board may order in writing the owner or occupier of any premises to construct within the time prescribed by such order a privy or latrine of such a type and size and in such a position and with such connecting drains as the Board may prescribe.

(b) Any person failing to comply with an order made under sub-section (a) shall be guilty of an offence.

5. (a) The Board may order in writing the owner or occupier of the premises upon which any privy, cesspit, or latrine exist either to repair, alter, or reconstruct the same in such manner and within such time as the Board may prescribe, or to demolish and fill up the same within such prescribed time, if in the opinion of the Board such privy, cesspit, or latrine is liable to give rise to a nuisance.

(b) Any person failing to comply with an order made under sub-section (a) shall be guilty of an offence.

6. *Definitions.*—For the purpose of the following by-laws—

“Cesspit” shall mean and include all forms of closets or latrines other than those on the dry-earth system.

“Specified area” shall mean and include such area or areas within the limits of the Board as the Board may from time to time specify; such area may comprise the whole of such limits or a portion or portions thereof.

7. The Board may by resolution prohibit within any specified area the use of any kind of cesspool and direct that all latrines and closets be constructed on the dry-earth system.
8. Whenever such a resolution shall have been passed, and notice in writing shall have been given to the owner or occupier of any house or building or land in or on which such cesspool or cesspools are situated to close such cesspool or cesspools and substitute a dry-earth closet or closets therefor, it shall be incumbent on such person or persons to comply with such notice within such time as the Board may determine from the service of such notice. Any owner or occupier failing within the time specified in the notice or if no time is specified then within a reasonable time to comply with such notice shall be guilty of an offence. Provided that for the erection of any closet or latrine under this by-law the permission of the Chairman under by-law 1 shall be necessary, so that the Chairman may give necessary instructions as to type, situation, or design.
9. It shall be the duty of the owner or occupier of any premises upon which any privy or latrine stands to keep the said privy or latrine in good repair and in a clean and sanitary state, and to see that no nuisance is caused thereby. Any owner or occupier failing so to do shall be guilty of an offence.
10. In order to secure the efficient removal of night soil it shall be lawful for the Board by resolution to require the owner or occupier of any houses, buildings, or lands in any specified area to provide and maintain at their own expenses a conservancy lane not exceeding 8 feet wide at the back of or running through their premises.
11. Within any specified area all conservancy may be carried out by the Board, and it shall not be lawful for any person within such area either to carry out such work himself or by means of an agent or servant or to employ any person to do such work for him without the written permission of the Chairman, which permission the Chairman is empowered at his discretion to refuse, if he is of opinion that all such services within the area can be adequately carried out by the Board.
12. All owners or occupiers of premises furnished with closets or latrines within any specified area shall pay monthly to the Board such conservancy fees as shall be fixed by the Board for the removal of night soil. All such fees should be paid before the 10th day of the month for which the service is being rendered.
13. Any persons requiring the services of day coolies may apply to the Board therefor in writing, and such coolies will be supplied upon such terms as the Board shall decide. Fees for the services of such coolies shall be paid before the 10th day of the month for which the service is being rendered.
14. Any person outside a specified area who desires that the conservancy of his closet or latrine be undertaken by the Board or that he be given the services of a day cooly shall notify the Chairman in writing to that effect, and the Board may thereupon undertake such conservancy. The fees due from such person shall be paid before the 10th day of the month for which the service is being rendered.
15. Whenever the Board shall consider the construction of a new catchpit or the alteration, repair, or reconstruction of filling up of an existing catchpit to be necessary, it may require any owner or occupier of any land or premises by notice in writing signed by the Chairman either to construct a new catchpit or to alter, repair, or reconstruct or fill up any existing catchpit, and may further give directions as to the position, level, and size of such catchpit, the materials to be used, the manner in which the work is to be carried out, and any other details in connection with such works. Any such owner or occupier who shall after receipt of such notice fail within such time as the Board shall determine to carry out such requirements of the Board shall be guilty of an offence.
16. It shall be lawful for the Chairman to notify the owner or occupier of any land or premises upon which there is any catchpit into which filthy water flows and collects that the Board will henceforth undertake the daily removal of such water, and thereafter such owner or occupier shall be bound to pay such reasonable fees for the removal of such dirty water as the Board shall determine. Such fees shall be payable and recoverable in the same manner as conservancy fees under by-law 12.
17. The owner or occupier of any land or premises upon which there is any catchpit into which dirty water flows and collects, and who shall not have been notified by the Chairman under by-law 16, shall be responsible for the daily removal of such water so that no nuisance is caused thereby. Any such owner or occupier failing to carry out such removal as above required shall be guilty of an offence.

[SECTION 9 E (2) (t).]

*General Conservancy.*

1. All owners, tenants, or occupiers of lands within the limits of the Sanitary Board shall keep the same clean and free from all refuse, rubbish, rank, or noisome vegetation and from all weeds or vegetation likely to prove prejudicial or injurious to health, and shall remove all vessels or receptacles likely to breed mosquitos by retaining water.
2. Any person who is desirous that ashes, sweepings, refuse, or other rubbish from his premises shall be removed by the scavengers of the Board, shall deposit the same in proper covered tubs, boxes, or other like receptacles as the Board may prescribe, at the edge of the road outside his premises, at such hours daily, as the Board shall from time to time appoint by notice duly published, and shall remove the said tubs, boxes, or other like receptacles within half an hour after the emptying of such tubs, boxes, or other like receptacles by the scavenger. No person shall place ashes, sweepings, refuse, or other rubbish on any street except in such manner as aforesaid, or on any public place other than public dust bins where such are provided.
3. It shall be lawful for the Chairman at any time to require the owner or occupier of any house, building, enclosure, or premises within the limits of the Sanitary Board, by notice in writing to remove or cause to be removed the contents of any privy, pit, or water closet in or belonging to such house, or buildings, enclosures, or premises to such place or places, and within such time as shall be set forth in the said notice. Should such owner or occupier fail to comply with the requirements of such notice within seven days from the time when such notice shall have been served upon him, the Chairman may cause the necessary work to be done, and for that purpose shall have power to enter into and upon any such house, outhouse, building, enclosure, or premises with such labourers, implements, and things as may be required, and the expenses incurred shall be recoverable as a debt due by the owner to the Board.
4. The occupier of any house or premises within or upon which any cattle, horse, sheep, or goat, or pig may die to be buried at his own expense or report its death to the Supervisor or Inspector of the Board, and in such latter case shall pay to the Board the expense of removing or burying the carcase at such rate as the Chairman shall determine.
5. It shall be lawful for any Inspector or any officer authorized in writing by the Chairman, between the hours of 7 A.M. and 5 P.M., to enter upon any building or premises within the limits of the Board, and do all things necessary for the purpose of ascertaining whether such building or premises are kept in a sanitary condition.
6. No person shall deposit any dirt, manure, filth, sweepings, or rubbish of any kind, nor any old bottles, tins, chatties, coconut shells, or other receptacles of any kind capable of holding rain water on any street, road, or public place, or in any drain of any such street, road, or public place, or in any land or premises in proximity to any dwelling house. Such dirt, manure, filth, sweepings, or rubbish of any kind, and any old bottles, tins, chatties, coconut shells, or other receptacles of any kind capable of holding rain water shall be burnt or carried away to the dumping grounds of the Sanitary Board.



7. Whenever it shall appear to the Chairman that any ground or premises in the vicinity of any dwelling house is in an insanitary condition by reason of the growing of weeds or rank and noisome vegetation upon it, or by reason of accumulation of manure, filth, or rubbish, or of stagnant water, or of receptacles likely to contain rain water and stagnate lying about, the Chairman may require the owner or occupier of such ground, by notice in writing, to do within a reasonable time to be specified in such notice, such work as is necessary to put the said ground in a sanitary condition. If the owner or occupier shall fail to carry out the said work within the time specified, or if at any subsequent time, he shall again allow the said land to get into such insanitary condition as aforesaid, the Chairman may cause the necessary work to be done, and for that purpose shall have power to enter into and upon such land with such labourers, implements, and things as may be required, and the expenses incurred shall be recoverable as a debt due by the owner to the Board. Provided that nothing in this rule contained shall prevent the Chairman from at any time entering any prosecution under these rules, should he consider such prosecution advisable.

8. It shall be the duty of the owner of every house or hut used for human habitation to keep the same in a state of good repair, unless a tenant or occupier has agreed to undertake this duty, in which case the said duty shall fall on such tenant or occupier, as the case may be.

9. Whenever it shall appear to the Chairman that any such house or hut is in such a state of disrepair, that it is in an insanitary condition and prejudicial to the health of the inmates or the neighbours, he may cause a notice in writing to be served upon the owner, tenant, or occupier, as the case may be, whose duty it is to keep such house in good repair, requiring him, within a reasonable time to be fixed in such notice, to do such work as may be necessary to put the said house or hut into a sanitary state. If such owner, tenant, or occupier shall neglect to do the necessary work within the time fixed, the Chairman may cause the work to be done, and the expenses incurred shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Board by such owner, tenant, or occupier. Provided that no action taken by the Chairman under this rule shall prevent such owner, tenant, or occupier being at any time punished for a breach of rule 8.

10. It shall not be lawful for any person to ease himself on any thoroughfare, street, road, or path, or any public place whatsoever within the limits of any town other than a public latrine, or a building, or enclosed space which has been set apart for such purpose.

Table of fees chargeable for annual licences under the foregoing by-laws:—

	Annual Fees.	
	Rs.	c.
Bakery .. .. .	5	0
Eating-house .. .. .	3	0
Tea and coffee boutique .. .. .	2	0
Cattle gala .. .. .	5	0
Manure manufactory .. .. .	100	0
Boiling or drying of blood or offal .. .. .	100	0
Tannery .. .. .	100	0
Fat melting or extracting .. .. .	50	0
Soap-making .. .. .	50	0
Coconut oil manufactory, where machinery is employed .. .. .	100	0
Manufacture and storing of fibre .. .. .	25	0
Storing of dried fish over 5 cwt. .. .. .	5	0
Storing of hides, bones, artificial manure, or materials for manufacture of artificial manure in quantity over one gunny bag .. .. .	10	0
Brick or tile manufactory .. .. .	7	50
Lime kiln .. .. .	5	0
Plumbago store or curing yard .. .. .	25	0

*Note.*—The fees in respect of bakeries, eating-houses, and tea and coffee boutiques may be paid half-yearly in advance.

*Interpretation clause.*—In these regulations the word "town" means a town or village in the District of Chilaw, proclaimed under the Small Towns Sanitary Ordinance, No. 18 of 1892.

"THE SMALL TOWNS SANITARY ORDINANCE, 1892."

U 3/27.

REGULATIONS made by the Sanitary Board of the District of Puttalam, North-Western Province, under section 9 E (2) of "The Small Towns Sanitary Ordinance, 1892," and approved by His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government in Executive Council.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, June 8, 1927.

F. G. TYRRELL,  
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Regulations referred to.

[SECTION 9 E (2) (a).]

*Time and Place of Meeting and Order to be observed thereat.*

1. The ordinary meetings of the Board shall be held on such days and at such time and place as the Board shall from time to time by resolution determine. Any special meeting shall be convened at the discretion of the Chairman, or on the written requisition of two members of the Board. Provided that it shall be lawful for the Board to adjourn any meeting to any other day or hour.

2. For all purposes connected with the Board the precedence and seniority of the members shall be as follows:—

(a) The *ex officio* Chairman.

(b) The members nominated by the Governor in the order in which they have been gazetted.

3. The Chairman shall preserve order and decide on all disputed points of order.

4. As soon after the hour appointed for any meeting (whether ordinary or special) as a quorum shall assemble, the member entitled to preside shall take the Chair, and the Board shall proceed to business. Should a quorum not be present at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, the meeting shall stand adjourned, if an ordinary meeting to the day appointed for the next ordinary meeting, or if a special meeting *sine die*.

5. Any member desiring to ask a question or to make a motion, unless in the course of discussion or in case of emergency by special leave of the Board, shall give notice of such question or motion either at some previous meeting of the Board, or by notice in writing at least four days before the day on which he intends to ask such question or make such motion.

6. Every member in giving such notice shall deliver to the Chairman a copy of such question or motion.

7. All questions asked and motions made at a meeting shall be made in the order of the notices thereof, unless the Board shall decide otherwise.

8. A motion negatived at a meeting shall not again be brought forward until after the expiration of at least three months, and no motion in any way contrary to one passed by the Board at a meeting shall be entertained until after the expiration of the same period.

9. Any member presenting a petition or other communication will be held responsible for its contents being throughout respectful, and no document shall be laid by a member before the Board unless the name and address of the drawer be legibly recorded on it.

10. The business of the ordinary meetings of the Board shall be conducted in the following order:—

(a) The minutes of the preceding meeting shall be read and confirmed after being, if necessary, corrected.

(b) Memorials, petitions, or other communications addressed to the Board shall be laid before the meeting and orders made thereon.

(c) The other business shall be considered in the order set down in the order book hereinafter mentioned.

11. An order book shall be kept in which shall be entered and numbered in succession the subjects to be brought under discussion at each meeting.

12. The clerk shall also keep a minute book, in which the proceedings of the Board shall be entered, and the minutes of every meeting of the Board as entered in the book shall after they have been confirmed at any subsequent meeting, be signed by the Chairman of the meeting at which they are so confirmed.

13. The clerk shall lay on the table at each meeting all complaints addressed to the Board, and all reports made by officers of the Board, and notes of any action taken by the Chairman since the last previous meeting of the Board.

14. Notice of every special meeting shall be served on each member or left at his residence two days at least before the day of each meeting.

[SECTION 9 E (2) (b).]

*Execution of Works, Streets, Roads, and Bridges.*

All votes of money for public works shall be made on estimates previously prepared and approved by the Board.

[SECTION 9 E (2) (c).]

*Bread.*

1. The flour, water, and other materials used in the manufacture of bread shall be good and wholesome, and it shall be lawful for any person thereto authorized in writing by the Chairman from time to time to demand and obtain on payment of the necessary charges samples thereof.

2. Each loaf of bread shall bear on its upper surface a mark distinctly indicating its weight, and any person selling bread that has no such mark or that falls short of the full weight so indicated shall be guilty of an offence.

[SECTION 9 E (2) (d).]

*Establishment and Regulation of Public Markets, Control of Bakeries, Tea and Coffee Boutiques, Butchers' Stalls, Cattle Galas, Laundries.*

A.—MARKETS.

1. Whenever it shall be determined by the Board to establish a public market, the Chairman shall give not less than ten days' notice of the time when the same will be opened, and such notice will be published by beat of tom-tom.

2. Whenever a public market for any Sanitary Board town shall have been established by the Board, no persons shall hold a private market within the limits of such town without a licence from the Board.

3. All public markets shall be open daily from 6 A.M. to 9 P.M., and it shall be the duty of the Board or its lessee to make provision for the proper lighting of the market.

4. The several rents and fees payable in respect of a public market shall be paid in advance from time to time on demand to the Chairman of the Board or the lessee, or other persons authorized by the Board or their lessees to recover the same.

5. No person shall keep or expose for sale in any stall any article, the keeping or sale of which therein shall have been prohibited by notice posted in the market.

6. No persons shall keep or expose for sale in any fish market or stall any provisions or things other than fish or salt fish.

7. No person shall sell or expose for sale in any vegetable or fruit market or stall any meat or fish, whether fresh or salted, or any cooked food, or any article of food other than fresh fruit or vegetable.

8. No occupant of a stall shall enclose in any way any portion of a market, or erect any awning or screen or fixture of any kind, nor shall he leave any goods in any market between the hours of 9 P.M. and 6 A.M., without first having obtained the sanction of the Chairman.

9. Every occupant of a stall, space, or seat in any market shall keep such stall, space, or seat clean and free from filth or rubbish. No person suffering, or who has recently suffered, from any contagious or infectious disease, or has recently been on attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall occupy any stall, seat, or place in such public market, or expose for sale thereat any provisions whatsoever.

10. No person using or occupying any portion of a public market shall—

(a) Behave in a disorderly manner or commit any nuisance in or about such market.

(b) Carry on any cooking in any such market.

(c) Remain in or loiter about such market after the place is closed for business at 9 P.M. without being able to give a satisfactory account of himself.

(d) Damage or in anywise deface any portion of the buildings, stalls, lamps, or any property of the Board in or about such market, or defile or pollute in any way the water provided for use in such market.

11. It shall be lawful for the Inspector or Supervisor of the Board, upon the seizure by him as unwholesome or unfit for human food of any meat, poultry, fish, game, flesh, vegetable, fruit, or other article of food exposed for sale within the limits of the Sanitary Board, to convey the same to the Medical Officer of the station, or in his absence, or if there be no such officer, to the Magistrate, or in case where there is no Police Court, to the President of a Village Tribunal; and if it appear to such Medical Officer, Magistrate, or President that such meat, poultry, fish, vegetable, fruit, or other provisions are unfit for human food, he shall order the same to be destroyed or to be disposed of so as to prevent their being exposed for sale, or used as food.



12. It shall be the duty of the market-keeper or of the lessee of a market to maintain order within the limits of the market, and every person who shall obstruct or resist any person appointed by the Board to superintend any public market, or to collect the rents or fees, or to enforce order or cleanliness therein whilst in the execution of his duty, shall be guilty of an offence.

13. Whenever it shall appear to the Board that the use or consumption by the public of any particular kind of fish is injurious, or that during the prevalence of any epidemic the use or consumption of any particular kind of fruit or vegetable is hurtful, it shall be lawful for the Board, by beat of tom-tom or by other sufficient notice, to prohibit for such time as to the Board shall appear necessary the sale of any such fish, fruit, or vegetable in any market or other place within the limits of the Board, and after such notice to cause the same, whether exposed for sale or not, to be seized and destroyed in such manner as the Board or Chairman may direct.

14. No person shall leave any cart or vehicle within any market premises for a longer period than is necessary for loading or unloading.

15. No person shall deposit rubbish, refuse, bones, skins of animals, or other articles likely to be offensive or injurious to the public health, in or upon any public market or its premises otherwise than within a covered receptacle provided for such purpose by the Board.

16. No person shall bring into a public or private market or sell or expose for sale in a public or private market any carcase of any animal (or any portion thereof) which has not been slaughtered at the public slaughterhouse provided by the Board. The provisions of this by-law shall not apply to frozen meat, game, or fish imported into the Island.

17. The Chairman shall cause to be printed in English, Sinhalese, and Tamil and placed in conspicuous place at each market a table of rents and fees leviable at each market by the servants of the Board or by its lessee, and it shall be unlawful for any person to demand or receive higher sums than those authorized by such notice.

The rents and fees leviable at the markets established by the Board shall be as follows:—

*Meat Market.*

For every carcase other than a goat or sheep exposed for sale, 50 cents a day.  
For every carcase of a goat or sheep exposed for sale, 25 cents a day.

*Fish Market.*

For each square yard of floor space occupied, 6 cents a day.

*Vegetable Market.*

For each square yard of ground space within or without the market a rate or rates to be fixed annually by resolution of the Board.

18. No person shall bring into, expose for sale, or sell fish or meat of any description in any places in a public market, except those set apart for the sale of fish or of meat in public markets in which such sale is allowed, and such places shall be used exclusively for the keeping, exposing, or selling of such fish or meat respectively.

19. The Sanitary Board may mark off in each public market such spaces for stalls as may seem to it necessary.

20. The Sanitary Board may, through the Chairman, lease the stalls of a public market on lease bonds for any period not exceeding twelve months. The lease bonds may contain such terms as the Sanitary Board thinks just and as may be agreed to by the lessees.

21. The Chairman may let any vacant stall for any less period than twelve months on payment of a rent or fee at the rate of one cent per square foot of floor area per month.

22. No person shall take any cattle, sheep, goats, swine, or other animals into any part of a public market, except into such place as may be set apart therefor; and no person shall allow his cart, carriage, or other conveyances to stand in any part of the market ground, except when being loaded or unloaded.

23. No person affected with, or suffering from, any contagious, cutaneous, or infectious disease shall occupy any stall or expose for sale any provisions whatsoever.

24. No person shall throw offal, dirt, filth, or rubbish, or commit nuisance by easing himself on any market ground or in any building, hut, or shed in such ground or on the high roads bordering the same.

25. No person shall kill any animal or flay or disembowel any carcase within the limits of any public market or on the high roads bordering the same.

26. The market-keeper shall see that the market is kept clean, and that the by-laws are observed by persons frequenting the market, and shall report any infringement thereof to the Chairman.

B.—BAKERIES.

27. No person shall be entitled to a licence to keep a bakery unless the premises to be licensed complied with the following conditions:—

(a) The room in which kneading takes place shall have a minimum superficial area of 12 feet by 15 feet.

(b) There shall be a free external air space on at least two sides not less than 7 feet wide to permit of through ventilation.

(c) The door of the oven shall not open directly into the kneading room. Every kneading room shall be provided with a ceiling.

(d) Every bakery shall be well ventilated and well lighted, and the walls thereof plastered with lime mortar and whitewashed every six months, the floor cemented, and drainage sufficiently provided.

28. The licensee shall use in the making of bread and pastry such troughs and utensils as are capable of being moved about for the purpose of cleaning the floor, and shall cause such troughs and utensils to be kept scrupulously clean.

29. The licensee shall cause the floor to be carefully scraped and swept at least once every twenty-four hours, and the sweepings to be immediately placed in an impervious covered receptacle and removed from the bakery daily.

30. The licensee shall cause every bakery to be kept in a cleanly state and free from effluvia arising from any drain, privy, cesspit, or other nuisance.

31. The licensee shall cause every ashpit, cesspit, manure heap, open sewer, or privy to be situated outside of and at least 30 feet away from the bakery.

32. No person shall keep furniture or other articles in the bakery other than those used in the manufacture of bread and pastry.

33. The licensee shall cause the tops of the tables to be made of well-seasoned closely-fitting planks, or some non-harmful impervious material, and to be scraped and cleaned daily.

34. No person shall keep any animal in the bakery on any pretence whatever.

35. No person suffering, or who to the knowledge of the licensee or any person in charge of the bakery has recently suffered, from any contagious or infectious disease, or has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall be permitted by the licensee or any such person in charge of the bakery to enter the bakery or take part in the manufacture or sale of bread, biscuits, or confectionery.

36. All persons employed in the preparation and baking of bread shall wash their hands before engaging in the process of bread-making, and shall wear clean white aprons covering the chest and body, and also a white cap or turban.

37. The licensee shall supply clean water and soap for the use of those engaged in the manufacture of bread, biscuits, and confectionery.

38. The licensee shall cause all bread, biscuits, confectionery, and sweetmeats exposed for sale to be kept in properly constructed glass cases free from flies, and shall cause all such cases to be kept scrupulously clean.

39. The licensee shall provide good and wholesome flour, water, and other materials for use in the manufacture of bread, and shall cause the flour to be kept on a platform raised 3 feet above the ground.

40. The licensee shall cause all refuse around the premises of the bakery to be removed daily and drains to be well flushed.

41. No person shall use any place on the same level with the bakery and forming part of the same building as a sleeping place, unless it is effectually separated from the bakery by a partition extending from the floor to the ceiling.

42. It shall be lawful for a Sanitary Board Inspector or other person authorized in writing by the Chairman at all reasonable times and at any time when the process of baking is being carried on to enter and inspect any bakery or place used for the sale of bread.

43. A copy of these by-laws shall be framed and hung up by the licensee in a prominent place in every bakery.

#### C.—EATING-HOUSES AND TEA AND COFFEE BOUTIQUES.

44. The licensee of an eating-house or tea or coffee boutique shall keep same clean and sanitary to the satisfaction of the Chairman.

45. The licensee shall cause all utensils, furniture, and other requisites used in or belonging to any eating-house or tea or coffee boutique to be always kept clean.

46. No person suffering, or who to the knowledge of the licensee or person in charge of an eating-house or tea or coffee boutique has recently suffered, from any contagious or infectious disease, or has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall be permitted by the licensee or any such person in charge of the eating-house or tea or coffee boutique to be employed in or about any such eating-house or tea or coffee boutique.

47. The licensee shall cause the sugar used in such place to be kept in glass-stoppered wide-mouthed bottles.

48. The licensee shall cause all cakes or sweetmeats exposed for sale to be kept in properly constructed glass cases free from flies, and such glass cases to be kept scrupulously clean. He shall also cause other foodstuff to be kept so covered as to prevent contamination by flies.

49. The licensee shall cause all waste tea, coffee, or milk, or remnant of food or cooking waste, to be collected in a proper receptacle and removed daily.

50. No person shall sell or offer for sale or expose for sale or keep any adulterated milk on the premises of any eating-house or tea or coffee boutique.

51. For the purpose of this rule "adulterated milk" shall mean milk rendered unwholesome by the addition of water or any other foreign liquid or substance.

52. These by-laws shall be framed and hung up in a prominent place by the licensee in every such eating-house or tea or coffee boutique.

#### D.—BUTCHERS' STALLS.

53. The licensee shall cause every room in which meat is kept to be scrupulously clean.

54. The licensee shall cause every table used in a butcher's stall to be covered with zinc or other non-harmful impermeable substance and shall cause such tables and the chopping block and all implements to be kept scrupulously clean.

55. The licensee shall cause the table, chopping blocks, and implements to be washed with water and scrubbed with a hard clean brush immediately after use and shall cause all hooks for hanging meat to be polished and free from rust.

56. The licensee shall cause all refuse and unsaleable materials, offal if not immediately removed to be kept in a zinc-lined box with a perforated zinc cover, the perforation to be of such size as to prevent flies entering.

57. No person suffering or who to the knowledge of the licensee or any person in charge of a butcher's stall has recently suffered from any contagious or infectious disease, or has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall be permitted by the licensee or any such person in charge of the butcher's stall to be employed in such butcher's stall.

58. Every butcher shall provide himself with a movable bin or receptacle of metal for waste material.

59. Every butcher's stall and the management and conduct of the business shall be at all times open and subject to inspection by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board or by any person duly authorized by the Chairman.

60. These by-laws shall be framed and hung up by the licensee in a prominent place in every butcher's stall.

#### E.—GALAS.

61. Every licensed gala shall be registered by the Chairman, and a notice board shall be hung up by the licensee at the entrance to every such gala, with the words "Registered Gala No. ——" and the name of the owner painted thereon.

62. The licensee shall properly level and drain every gala or halting place for carts or cattle and shall either pave or properly consolidate the ground with broken metal, so that it keeps a hard and level surface. He shall cause such gala or halting place to be kept in a clean and sanitary state, being thoroughly cleaned daily, and all dung and refuse to be removed daily to such place at a distance of 50 yards from any dwelling house. He shall further cause all goods, materials, or substance of any kind to be deposited upon such gala or halting place in such a manner as not to obstruct such daily cleansing.

63. The licensee shall cause every stable, cattle stall, or cattle halting place to be kept in a clean and sanitary state, being thoroughly cleaned daily, and dung and refuse to be removed daily to such place at a distance of 50 yards from any dwelling house.

64. Every gala shall be open for inspection at all reasonable times by the officers of the Board or by any other person thereto authorized in writing by the Chairman. All orders which the Chairman is empowered to make under these by-laws shall be in writing.

#### F.—GENERAL.

65. No person shall, within the limits of a Sanitary Board town, keep any bakery, eating-house, tea or coffee boutique, or cattle gala without an annual licence from the Chairman of the Sanitary Board, which licence the Chairman is hereby empowered to refuse to any person failing to comply with any of the preceding rules. Every such licence shall remain in force until December 31 of the year in respect of which such licence is issued or until such licence is cancelled. Such licence shall further be subject to such fees as the Sanitary Board shall from time to time determine with the sanction of the Governor in Council.

66. If any person shall have been convicted twice or oftener by any court of the breach of any of the preceding rules, it shall be lawful for the court recording such second and subsequent conviction to cancel the licence issued to such person under this chapter by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board. Upon such cancellation of a licence by a court, the Chairman of the Sanitary Board is empowered in his discretion to refuse to issue any fresh licence to such person. Provided that these rules shall not apply to stalls in markets established by or vested in any public body.

## G.—LAUNDRIES.

67. For the purpose of these rules "Laundryman" shall mean any person carrying on the trade of washing clothes for hire.
68. Every laundryman shall, when so required by the Chairman, provide a separate room for soiled linen, which must be well ventilated and clean at all times and whitewashed twice annually.
69. A laundryman shall not store soiled linen in any room used as a living apartment.
70. The Chairman shall when he considers it necessary in the interest and for the good of the public health allocate special sites for the washing of clothes; such sites will be indicated by a notice board.
71. When any laundryman or any member of his family or household shall contract any infectious or contagious disease, he shall within 24 hours report the same to the Chairman of the Sanitary Board, either through the Sanitary Inspector or the Police Headman.
72. When any laundryman or any member of his family or household shall contract any infectious or contagious disease, all work in the laundry shall immediately cease, nor shall any clothes be taken into the laundry or sent out of it after the outbreak and during the prevalence of such disease, save by special permission of the Chairman.
73. No laundryman shall, without the permission of the Chairman of the Sanitary Board or the Senior Sanitary Officer, receive soiled linen from any house in which there is reason to believe that a member thereof is suffering from any infectious disease.
74. Every laundryman shall, when called upon by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board or the Senior Sanitary Officer or his Assistant, give a list of the persons for whom he washes.

## [SECTION 9 E (2) (f).]

*Offensive Trades.*

1. Dangerous and offensive trades shall for the purpose of these rules mean and include any of the following.
2. Storage or manufacture of artificial manure, boiling of blood or offal, drying blood or offal, tanning, fat melting, fat extracting, soap making, soaking of coconut husks, fibre dyeing, coconut oil manufacture (where machinery is employed), manufacture or storing of fibre, storing of hides, bones, artificial manures, or any material for the manufacture of artificial manure, storing of dried fish in quantity over 5 cwt. in weight, the manufacture of bricks and tiles, the burning of lime, the manufacture of aerated waters, storing or curing of plumbago.
3. No owner or occupier of any land or premises within the limits of the Sanitary Board or other person shall carry on or suffer to be carried on upon such land or premises any offensive or dangerous trade or manufacture without a licence from the Chairman of the Sanitary Board, who is further empowered to refuse such licence to any person failing to comply with any of these rules. Such licences shall be subject to such fees as the Sanitary Board from time to time may determine with the sanction of the Governor in Council.
4. If any person shall have been convicted twice or oftener by any court of the breach of any of these rules, it shall be lawful for the court recording such second or subsequent conviction to cancel the licence issued to such person under this chapter by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board. Upon such cancellation of a licence by a court, the Chairman of the Sanitary Board is empowered in his discretion to refuse to issue any fresh licence to such person.
5. The licensee shall cause all materials required for the purpose of carrying on any of the aforesaid trades, businesses, or manufactures to be stored so as to prevent effluvia or nuisance, and all such materials which have to be brought along any public thoroughfare, and which are likely to be offensive and give off effluvia to be transported in non-absorbent covered receptacles, or in such other manner as to obviate the creation of any nuisance.
6. The licensee shall cause effective means to be adopted for rendering innocuous any offensive vapours or gases emitted during any process of manufacture and further cause such vapours and gases either to be discharged into the external air in such manner and at such a height as to admit of their diffusion without injurious or offensive effects, or to be passed directly through a fire or into a condensing apparatus. He shall also cause all premises to be adequately drained, and the drains to be kept in efficient order and washed daily.
7. The licensee shall cause floors to be maintained in a proper state of repair and cleaned daily, and when so ordered by the Chairman, to be constructed of some impermeable material suitable for the purpose.
8. The licensee shall cause walls to be kept in good order so as to prevent the absorption of filth and to be whitewashed twice in June and December and at any other time when ordered by the Chairman of the Sanitary Board or the Senior Sanitary Officer.
9. The licensee shall cause all apparatus, including implements and vessels, to be kept clean, and where possible to be cleaned daily.
10. The licensee shall cause all refuse, sweepings, scrapings, together with waste and bye products, to be removed daily from the premises in covered receptacles, unless intended to be forthwith subjected to further trade purposes on the premises.
11. The licensee shall cause tanks used for washing or soaking skins or any other materials to be emptied and cleansed as often as may be necessary to prevent effluvia.
12. No person carrying on any offensive trade or manufacture, nor any owner or occupier of any land or premises upon which such offensive trade or manufacture is carried on shall pollute any river, stream, channel, canal, well, tank, or open piece of water by discharging thereunto, or suffering to flow thereinto any foul, ill-smelling, or offensive water or other fluid, or by throwing thereinto or suffering to be washed therein any offensive substance, nor shall he in any other way pollute or contaminate such river, stream, canal, channel, well, tank, or open piece of water.
13. It shall be lawful for the Chairman of the Sanitary Board or for any person duly authorized by the Chairman to inspect at all reasonable times the premises of all afore-mentioned trades.
14. The owner or occupier of any land from which clay, earth, stone, gravel, cabook, or other material is cut for the manufacture of bricks or tiles or for building, or for any other purpose shall be responsible for seeing that proper drainage is provided, and that the pits or trenches cut are afterwards filled, so that water cannot stagnate therein.
15. No person shall spread or expose fish for drying, except in such place or places as are approved by the Sanitary Board.

*Aerated Water Manufacture.*

16. (1) No person shall commence the manufacture of aerated waters within the limits of the Sanitary Board for the purpose of sale without giving one month's previous notice in writing to the Chairman of the Board.
- (2) No person shall manufacture aerated waters unless—
  - (a) The aerated water factory be situated more than 150 feet from any gala, stable, or other building used for keeping animals by day and night, or of any latrine or cesspit.
  - (b) All premises used for manufacture of aerated waters be well lighted, ventilated, and provided with a wood-ceiling, and unless they have cemented floors, are provided with suitably built drains to carry off waste material; and are kept clear and free from dirt and dust.

- (c) The water used in the manufacture be obtained from a source adequately protected from contamination and approved of by the Chairman of the Board, and be transported to the factory by means which shall ensure that no pollution occurs in transit and be stored at the factory in properly constructed tanks or reservoirs with dust-tight covers connecting with the aerating apparatus.

17. The licensee shall cause all waters used in the manufacture of aerated waters to be passed through a Jewell or other filter approved by the Chairman and connected with the plant, provided that the Chairman shall have the power to exempt from the operation of this rule the water derived from an approved public supply.

18. The licensee shall cause all bottles used in the manufacture of aerated waters to be washed with filtered water and to be kept scrupulously clean.

19. The licensee shall cause every bottle containing aerated water to bear a label setting out the description of the water and the place of manufacture, the name of the person or firm owning the factory, and the number assigned to the factory by the Chairman of the Board.

20. The licensee is prohibited from employing any person under 12 years of age in any aerated water factory, or any person suffering from any cutaneous or contagious disease.

21. The licensee shall cause all employees engaged in the filling of bottles with gas to wear fine-meshed wire face and neck-shields and leather gloves.

22. The licensee shall cause the preparation of syrups to be carried out in a separate fly-proof room; all chemicals and other material used in the manufacture of the waters to be of good quality, and all utensils and machinery employed in the manufacture to be scrupulously clean.

23. No person shall use any part of the factory for dwelling purposes.

[SECTION 9 E (2) (i).]

*Care of Waste and Public Lands.*

No person shall remove any cattle dung, sand, earth, stone, or growing plants, or trees from or in any way alter or deface the surface of any waste or public lands without the authority of the Chairman.

[SECTION 9 E (2) (j).]

*Putting up and Preservation of Boundaries.*

Every owner or occupier of any house, garden, building, or land within the town shall keep such house, garden, building, or land surrounded by a wall or good fence of not less than three feet in height and of not more than six feet from the level of the ground.

[SECTION 9 E (2) (k).]

*Public Bathing Places.*

1. It shall be lawful for the Board by resolution from time to time to set apart for public bathing such places as it may deem proper, and to determine the hours during which they may be used.

2. No person shall resort for the purposes of bathing to any public place other than those set apart for that purpose, and no person shall bathe at the place set apart except during the hours determined by the Board.

3. No person shall wash or cause to be washed horses, cattle, clothes, mats, or any other articles at any public place set apart for public bathing.

4. No person suffering from any cutaneous, infectious, or contagious disease shall bathe or wash clothes or any other articles in any public bathing place.

[SECTION 9 E (2) (m).]

*Dogs.*

It shall be lawful for the Chairman to authorize in writing any person to seize all stray dogs and if diseased or suspected of disease to destroy; otherwise to be impounded in a pound provided by the Board, and to levy a sum of 40 cents for the first day of detention and 15 cents for each succeeding day, to meet the expenses incurred by the Sanitary Board, from the owner of the dog if he claims it and desires to remove it. The Chairman shall cause impounded dogs, if not claimed within three days, to be destroyed.

[SECTION 9 E (2) (c).]

*Huts and Houses.*

1. It shall not be lawful for any person to erect a house or hut for the purpose of a dwelling place, or permit the same to be occupied as a dwelling place, within the limits of the Board, except after twenty-one days' previous notice in writing to the Chairman, and under the following conditions:—

(a) Every such house or hut or any room therein to be used for human habitation shall not be less than 120 superficial feet in area, and not less than 10 feet in height, and with eaves at least 6 feet from the floor level.

(b) Every room to be used for human habitation shall have at least one door not less than 6 feet by 3 feet, and at least one window not less than 3 feet by 2 feet.

(c) The floor shall always be higher than 1 foot from the ground, provided the Chairman shall be at liberty to require a higher level according to situation.

(d) It shall be lawful for the Chairman to cause any house or hut erected contrary to the provisions of this by-law to be taken down at the expense of the owner, if within one month after written notice to him to alter or take down the same he shall fail or neglect to do so.

2. It shall not be lawful for any person to erect, re-erect, or add to any hut or house within the limits of any Sanitary Board town, except under the following conditions. The following clear air space shall be left around any hut or house which is erected or re-erected, or around any hut or house which is added to with respect to such addition and no portion of the walls of such building, and not more than 2 feet 6 inches of the projecting eaves of such building, shall come within such space:—

(1) On the side of any road or street 25 feet to the centre of such road or street.

(2) Behind such space 50 feet to any other hut or house, except a kitchen, bathing place, or latrine of which prescribed space at least half shall be land belonging to the same owner as the land upon which the house stands, which is erected, re-erected, or added to.

(3) To the side such space 15 feet to the nearest building, of which prescribed space at least half shall be land belonging to the same owner as the land upon which the house stands, which is erected, re-erected, or added to.

Provided that the Chairman may in his discretion relax the operation of this rule in any special case, but he shall not do so unless he is satisfied that—(1) no detriment is caused thereby to the sanitary condition or amenities of the house or hut to be erected, re-erected, or added to, or of any other neighbouring house or hut used or intended to be used as a human dwelling place; and (2) that the future alignment, widening, or development of any road or street or the convenience of the public using such road or street will not be interfered with by such relaxation of the rule.

Provided further, that the Chairman may allow the erection of a kitchen, bathing place, or latrine upon the portion thus reserved for air space on the side of any house furthest from the road or street in such place as the Chairman shall approve. Provided further, that where a conservancy lane shall have been provided, or laid out, or projected by the Board, such latrine shall adjoin such lane or projected lane.

[SECTION 9 E (2) (r).]

*Prevention of Malaria.*

1. Every owner or occupier of a dwelling house or compound shall cause the hollow places in the compound or close to the dwelling house to be filled up or drained so that water may not stagnate in them, and all unnecessary vessels or receptacles of any description lying about the said premises and which are liable to hold or contain water likely to become stagnant to be removed.

2. It shall not be lawful for any one, without the written permission of the Chairman, to dig hollows or borrow pits in any town, or to excavate earth from any land within the limits of any town, in such a manner as to allow accumulation of water.

[SECTION 9 E (s), (a), (b), (c).]

*Latrines.*

1. No occupier or owner shall build or cause to be built on his land or premises any privy, cesspit, or latrine without having first obtained the permission of the Chairman in writing.

2. (a) Upon any application for such permission under by-law 1 it shall be competent to the Chairman or the Board to require that any particular type of cesspool, approved by the Board and no other shall be constructed.

(b) The Chairman or the Board may further prescribe the position in which such cesspool shall be constructed, and refuse permission to construct any cesspool in any other position.

(c) It shall further be competent to the Chairman or the Board to refuse permission to construct any cesspool, at all upon any premises should the Chairman or the Board be of opinion that such construction should not be permitted on sanitary grounds.

3. (a) It shall be competent to the Board to order in writing the owner or occupier of any premises in which a cesspool has been constructed without permission or in any way contrary to the terms of any permission issued by the Chairman or the Board to demolish and fill up the said cesspool within such reasonable time as may be prescribed by the Chairman or the Board.

(b) Any person failing to comply with an order made under sub-section (a) shall be guilty of an offence.

4. (a) The Board may order in writing the owner or occupier of any premises to construct within the time prescribed by such order a privy or latrine of such a type and size and in such a position and with such connecting drains as the Board may prescribe.

(b) Any person failing to comply with an order made under sub-section (a) shall be guilty of an offence.

5. (a) The Board may order in writing the owner or occupier of the premises upon which any privy, cesspit, or latrine exist either to repair, alter, or reconstruct the same in such manner and within such time as the Board may prescribe, or to demolish and fill up the same within such prescribed time, if in the opinion of the Board such privy, cesspit, or latrine is liable to give rise to a nuisance.

(b) Any person failing to comply with an order made under sub-section (a) shall be guilty of an offence.

6. *Definitions.*—For the purpose of the following by-laws—

“Cesspit” shall mean and include all forms of closets or latrines other than those on the dry-earth system.

“Specified area” shall mean and include such area or areas within the limits of the Board as the Board may from time to time specify; such area may comprise the whole of such limits or a portion or portions thereof.

7. The Board may by resolution prohibit within any specified area the use of any kind of cesspool, and direct that all latrines and closets be constructed on the dry-earth system.

8. Whenever such a resolution shall have been passed, and notice in writing shall have been given to the owner or occupier of any house or building or land in or on which such cesspool or cesspools are situated to close such cesspool or cesspools and substitute a dry-earth closet or closets therefor, it shall be incumbent on such person or persons to comply with such notice within such time as the Board may determine from the service of such notice. Any owner or occupier failing within the time specified in the notice or if no time is specified then within a reasonable time to comply with such notice shall be guilty of an offence. Provided that for the erection of any closet or latrine under this by-law the permission of the Chairman under by-law 1 shall be necessary, so that the Chairman may give necessary instructions as to type, situation, or design.

9. It shall be the duty of the owner or occupier of any premises upon which any privy or latrine stands to keep the said privy or latrine in good repair and in a clean and sanitary state, and to see that no nuisance is caused thereby. Any owner or occupier failing so to do shall be guilty of an offence.

10. In order to secure the efficient removal of night soil it shall be lawful for the Board by resolution to require the owner or occupier of any houses, buildings, or lands in any specified area to provide and maintain at their own expenses a conservancy lane not exceeding 8 feet wide at the back of or running through their premises.

11. Within any specified area all conservancy may be carried out by the Board, and it shall not be lawful for any person within such area either to carry out such work himself or by means of an agent or servant or to employ any person to do such work for him without the written permission of the Chairman, which permission the Chairman is empowered at his discretion to refuse, if he is of opinion that all such services within the area can be adequately carried out by the Board.

12. All owners or occupiers of premises furnished with closets or latrines within any specified area shall pay monthly to the Board such conservancy fees as shall be fixed by the Board for the removal of night soil. All such fees should be paid before the 10th day of the month for which the service is being rendered.

13. Any persons requiring the services of day coolies may apply to the Board therefor in writing, and such coolies will be supplied upon such terms as the Board shall decide. Fees for the services of such coolies shall be paid before the 10th day of the month for which the service is being rendered.

14. Any person outside a specified area who desires that the conservancy of his closet or latrine be undertaken by the Board or that he be given the services of a day cooly shall notify the Chairman in writing to that effect, and the Board may thereupon undertake such conservancy. The fees due from such person shall be paid before the 10th day of the month for which the service is being rendered.

15. Whenever the Board shall consider the construction of a new catchpit or the alteration, repair, or reconstruction or filling up of an existing catchpit to be necessary, it may require any owner or occupier of any land or premises by notice in writing signed by the Chairman either to construct a new catchpit or to alter, repair, or reconstruct or fill up any existing catchpit, and may further give directions as to the position, level, and size of such catchpit, the materials to be used, the manner in which the work is to be carried out, and any other details in connection with such works. Any such owner or occupier who shall after receipt of such notice fail within such time as the Board shall determine to carry out such requirements of the Board shall be guilty of an offence.

16. It shall be lawful for the Chairman to notify the owner or occupier of any land or premises upon which there is any catchpit into which filthy water flows and collects that the Board will henceforth undertake the daily removal of such water, and thereafter such owner or occupier shall be bound to pay such reasonable fees for the removal of such dirty water as the Board shall determine. Such fees shall be payable and recoverable in the same manner as conservancy fees under by-law 12.

17. The owner or occupier of any land or premises upon which there is any catchpit into which dirty water flows and collects, and who shall not have been notified by the Chairman under by-law 16, shall be responsible for the daily removal of such water so that no nuisance is caused thereby. Any such owner or occupier failing to carry out such removal as above required shall be guilty of an offence.

[SECTION 9 E (2) (t)]

*General Conservancy.*

1. All owners, tenants, or occupiers of lands within the limits of the Sanitary Board shall keep the same clean and free from all refuse, rubbish, rank, or noisome vegetation and from all weeds or vegetation likely to prove prejudicial or injurious to health, and shall remove all vessels or receptacles likely to breed mosquitos by retaining water.

2. Any person who is desirous that ashes, sweepings, refuse, or other rubbish from his premises shall be removed by the scavengers of the Board, shall deposit the same in proper covered tubs, boxes, or other like receptacles as the Board may prescribe, at the edge of the road outside his premises, at such hours daily, as the Board shall from time to time appoint by notice duly published, and shall remove the said tubs, boxes, or other like receptacles within half an hour after the emptying of such tubs, boxes, or other like receptacles by the scavenger. No person shall place ashes, sweepings, refuse, or other rubbish on any street except in such manner as aforesaid, or on any public place other than public dust bins where such are provided.

3. It shall be lawful for the Chairman at any time to require the owner or occupier of any house, building, enclosure, or premises within the limits of the Sanitary Board, by notice in writing to remove or cause to be removed the contents of any privy, pit, or water closet in or belonging to such house, or buildings, enclosures, or premises to such place or places and within such time as shall be set forth in the said notice. Should such owner or occupier fail to comply with the requirements of such notice within seven days from the time when such notice shall have been served upon him, the Chairman may cause the necessary work to be done, and for that purpose shall have power to enter into and upon any such house, outhouse, building, enclosure, or premises with such labourers, implements, and things as may be required, and the expenses incurred shall be recoverable as a debt due by the owner to the Board.

4. The occupier of any house or premises within or upon which any cattle, horse, sheep, or goat, or pig may die shall, within four hours after its death, or if death occurs at night, within four hours after daylight, either cause the carcasses to be buried at his own expense or report its death to the Supervisor or Inspector of the Board, and in such latter case shall pay to the Board the expense of removing or burying the carcass at such rate as the Chairman shall determine.

5. It shall be lawful for any Inspector or any officer authorized in writing by the Chairman, between the hours of 7 A.M. and 5 P.M., to enter upon any building or premises within the limits of the Board, and do all things necessary for the purpose of ascertaining whether such building or premises are kept in a sanitary condition.

6. No person shall deposit any dirt, manure, filth, sweepings, or rubbish of any kind, nor any old bottles, tins, chatties, coconut shells, or other receptacles of any kind capable of holding rain water on any street, road, or public place, or in any drain of any such street, road, or public place, or in any land or premises in proximity to any dwelling house. Such dirt, manure, filth, sweepings or rubbish of any kind, and any old bottles, tins, chatties, coconut shells, or other receptacles of any kind capable of holding rain water shall be burnt or carried away to the dumping grounds of the Sanitary Board.

7. Whenever it shall appear to the Chairman that any ground or premises in the vicinity of any dwelling house is in an insanitary condition by reason of the growing of weeds or rank and noisome vegetation upon it, or by reason of accumulation of manure, filth, or rubbish, or of stagnant water, or of receptacles likely to contain rain water and stagnate lying about, the Chairman may require the owner or occupier of such ground, by notice in writing, to do within a reasonable time to be specified in such notice, such work as is necessary to put the said ground in a sanitary condition. If the owner or occupier shall fail to carry out the said work within the time specified, or if at any subsequent time, he shall again allow the said land to get into such insanitary condition as aforesaid, the Chairman may cause the necessary work to be done, and for that purpose shall have power to enter into and upon such land with such labourers, implements, and things as may be required, and the expenses incurred shall be recoverable as a debt due by the owner to the Board. Provided that nothing in this rule contained shall prevent the Chairman from at any time entering any prosecution under these rules, should he consider such prosecution advisable.

8. It shall be the duty of the owner of every house or hut used for human habitation to keep the same in a state of good repair, unless a tenant or occupier has agreed to undertake this duty, in which case the said duty shall fall on such tenant or occupier, as the case may be.

9. Whenever it shall appear to the Chairman that any such house or hut is in such a state of disrepair, that it is in an insanitary condition and prejudicial to the health of the inmates or the neighbours, he may cause a notice in writing to be served upon the owner, tenant, or occupier, as the case may be, whose duty it is to keep such house in good repair, requiring him, within a reasonable time to be fixed in such notice, to do such work as may be necessary to put the said house or hut into a sanitary state. If such owner, tenant, or occupier shall neglect to do the necessary work within the time fixed, the Chairman may cause the work to be done, and the expenses incurred shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Board by such owner, tenant, or occupier. Provided that no action taken by the Chairman under this rule shall prevent such owner, tenant, or occupier being at any time punished for a breach of rule 8.

10. It shall not be lawful for any person to ease himself on any thoroughfare, street, road, or path, or any public place whatsoever within the limits of any town other than a public latrine, or a building, or enclosed space which has been set apart for such purpose.



Table of fees chargeable for annual licences under the foregoing by-laws :—

	Annual Fees.	
	Rs.	c.
Bakery .. .. .	5	0
Eating-house .. .. .	3	0
Tea and coffee boutique .. .. .	2	0
Cattle gala .. .. .	5	0
Manure manufactory .. .. .	100	0
Boiling or drying of blood or offal .. .. .	100	0
Tannery .. .. .	100	0
Fat melting or extracting .. .. .	50	0
Soap-making .. .. .	50	0
Coconut oil manufactory, where machinery is employed .. .. .	100	0
Manufacture and storing of fibre .. .. .	25	0
Storing of dried fish over 5 cwt. .. .. .	5	0
Storing of hides, bones, artificial manure, or materials for manufacture of artificial manure in quantity over one gunny bag .. .. .	10	0
Brick or tile manufactory .. .. .	7	50
Lime kiln .. .. .	5	0
Plumbago store or curing yard .. .. .	25	0

Note.—The fees in respect of bakeries, eating-houses, and tea and coffee boutiques may be paid half-yearly in advance.

Interpretation clause.—In these regulations the word "town" means a town or village in the District of Puttalam, proclaimed under the Small Towns Sanitary Ordinance, No. 18 of 1892.

K 413/27

IT is hereby notified that no petitions drawn by S. Rahaman of Anuradhapura, and addressed to His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government or to any Head of a Government Department or other Public Officer, will receive attention.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, June 6, 1927.

F. G. TYRRELL,  
Acting Colonial Secretary.

## Lease of Site for Oil Store at Mannar.

L 225/27

NOTICE is hereby given under Land Sale and Lease Regulations Nos. 59 and 60 that an application has been made to the Assistant Government Agent, Mannar, by the Director of the Asiatic Petroleum Company (Ceylon), Limited, for the lease to the Company without competition of an allotment of land in extent 35 feet by 25 feet called "Mattirakkam," and forming part of lot 113 in F. T. S. P. P. 15, situated in the Grand Bazaar division, within the Sanitary Board limits of Mannar town, for the purpose of putting up a petroleum store.

As the land applied for is to be used for the purpose of putting up a petroleum store and as such a store will serve the needs of the local population of Mannar, the Government will lease the said land at a rental of Rs. 25 per annum without premium and without competition to the said Asiatic Petroleum Company, Limited, for a period of 20 years, on certain terms and conditions, unless valid cause is shown to the contrary in writing to the undersigned within six weeks from the date of this notice.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, June 2, 1927.

F. G. TYRRELL,  
Acting Colonial Secretary.

## "THE EXCISE ORDINANCE, NO. 8 OF 1912."

X 103/26

## Excise Notification No. 162.

WHEREAS the Officer Administering the Government in Executive Council has made the rule set out in the schedule hereto under section 31 of "The Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912":

And whereas by the proviso to that section it is provided that in any case of urgency the Governor in Executive Council may by Notification declare any such rule to be in force from a date named therein:

It is hereby notified that the Officer Administering the Government in Executive Council has been pleased to declare that the rule set out in the schedule hereto shall come into force under the said proviso of the said section, as and from the date hereof.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, June 10, 1927.

F. G. TYRRELL,  
Acting Colonial Secretary.

## SCHEDULE.

In Rule 3. of Chapter II. of the rules published by Excise Notification No. 101 in *Government Gazette* No. 7,065 of November 21, 1919, there shall be substituted the word "maximum" for the word "minimum," wherever that word occurs.

## NOTICES CALLING FOR TENDERS.

**TENDERS** are hereby invited for the supply of 3,500 to 5,000 unbroken straw covers per week from July 1, to September 30, 1927, at the Excise Warehouse, situated on the Kandy-Peradeniya road, Kandy, and will be received up to 12 noon on Wednesday, June 15, 1927.

2. The covers should be unbroken and in good condition and capable of enclosing a quart bottle.

3. The tender should give the quotation for a thousand delivered at the said warehouse, be enclosed in a sealed cover, and be addressed to G. S. Wodeman, Esq., C.C.S., Deputy Commissioner of Excise, Colombo, from whom further particulars may be obtained.

Excise Office,  
Colombo, June 6, 1927.

T. W. ROBERTS,  
Excise Commissioner.

**SCHEDULES** of rates are hereby invited for providing accommodation for draughtsmen, Attorney-General's Office, Hulftsdorp, Colombo.

2. The whole of the work to be undertaken on agreements to be entered into monthly by the District Engineer, Buildings, Colombo, and the contractor on the basis of his accepted tendered schedule of rates, and finally subject to the approval of the Construction Engineer, Public Works Department, Colombo.

3. The plans, specifications, bill of quantities, and form of monthly agreement can be seen, and all other information obtained from the Office of the District Engineer, Buildings, Colombo, any week day between the hours of 9.30 A.M. and 4.30 P.M. (Saturdays, 9.30 A.M. and 2 P.M.).

4. Schedules of rates must be submitted on forms to be obtained from the Office of the District Engineer, Buildings, Colombo, in duplicate, duly signed and dated, and forwarded in securely sealed envelopes, the original addressed to the Construction Engineer, Public Works Department, Colombo, and the duplicate addressed to the District Engineer, Buildings, Colombo, endorsed on the outside "Schedules of Rates for providing Accommodation for Draughtsmen, Attorney-General's Office, Hulftsdorp, Colombo," so as to reach the offices of the foregoing officers on or before 12 noon on June 21, 1927.

5. The accepted tenderer will be required to complete and hand over the work to the District Engineer, Buildings, Colombo, on or before a date to be agreed upon.

6. Any alterations made in the quotations should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all quotations containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

7. Government reserves to itself the right to supply the contractor with any materials, including any imported articles, which may be necessary in the execution of the work included in any agreement.

8. No contract shall be entered into with any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, or any other person to whom the Construction Engineer, Public Works Department, Colombo, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

9. Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any of the schedules of rates submitted, nor to give all the work included in the whole scheme or in any one item to any one contractor.

Public Works Office,  
Colombo, June 7, 1927.

S. J. KIRBY,  
for Director of Public Works.

**SCHEDULES** of rates are hereby invited for the construction of the District Medical Assistant's Quarters, Dimbula Hospital.

2. The whole of the work to be undertaken on agreements to be entered into monthly by the District Engineer, Dimbula, and the contractor, on the basis of his accepted tendered schedule of rates, and finally subject to the approval of the Provincial Engineer, Central Province, South, Nuwara Eliya.

3. The drawings, specifications, bill of quantities, and form of monthly agreement can be seen, and all other information obtained from the Office of the District Engineer, Dimbula, any week day between the hours of 9.30 A.M. and 4.30 P.M. (Saturdays 9.30 A.M. and 2 P.M.).

4. Schedules of rates must be submitted on forms to be obtained from the Office of the District Engineer, Dimbula, in duplicate, duly signed and dated, and forwarded in securely sealed envelopes, the original addressed to the Provincial Engineer, Central Province, South, Nuwara Eliya, and the duplicate addressed to the District Engineer, Dimbula, endorsed on the outside "Schedules of Rates for the District Medical Assistant's Quarters, Dimbula Hospital," so as to reach the offices of the foregoing officers on or before 12 noon on Monday, June 27, 1927. All imported articles such as cement, blasting powder, fuse, zinc, Calicut tiles, glass panes, fittings, flyproof mesh, iron bars, oil and solignum, will be supplied free of charge to the contractor by the Department, and the rates submitted should be exclusive of the cost of these materials for the items which necessitate their use.

5. Any alterations made in the quotations should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all quotations containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

6. Each schedule of rates must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging if called upon, to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract. An address for the delivery of letters or notices shall be given in each schedule.

7. Government reserves to itself the right to supply the contractor with any materials, including any imported articles, which may be necessary in the execution of the work included in any agreement.

8. The successful tenderer will be required to complete and hand over the work to the District Engineer, Dimbula, on or before a date to be agreed upon.

9. No contract shall be entered into with any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, or any other person to whom the Provincial Engineer, Central Province, South, Nuwara Eliya, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

10. Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any of the schedules of rates submitted, nor to give all the work included in the whole scheme or in any one item to any one contractor.

Public Works Office,  
Colombo, June 7, 1927.

S. J. KIRBY,

for Director of Public Works.

**SCHEDULES** of rates are hereby invited for all works in connection with—

- (a) Completion of Sub-Collector's Quarters, Talaimannar.
- (b) Improvements to Tidewater's Quarters, Talaimannar, including new Kitchens.

2. Each of the works to be undertaken on agreements to be entered into monthly by the District Engineer, Mannar, and the contractor on the basis of his accepted tendered schedule of rates, and finally subject to the approval of the Provincial Engineer, Northern Province, Jaffna.

3. The drawings, specifications, bill of quantities, and form of monthly agreement can be seen, and all other information obtained from the Office of the District Engineer, Mannar, any week day between the hours of 9.30 A.M. and 4.30 P.M. (Saturdays, 9.30 A.M. and 2 P.M.).

4. Schedules of rates in respect of each of the foregoing projects must be submitted on forms to be obtained from the Office of the District Engineer, Mannar, in duplicate, duly signed and dated, and forwarded in securely sealed envelopes, the original addressed to the Provincial Engineer, Northern Province, Jaffna, and the duplicate addressed



to the District Engineer, Mannar, endorsed on the outside (a) "Schedule of Rates for completion of Sub-Collector's Quarters, Talaimannar," or (b) "Schedules of Rates for Improvements to Tidewater's Quarters, Talaimannar, (including new Kitchens)" (as the case may be) so as to reach the offices of the foregoing officers on or before 12 noon on June 27, 1927. All imported articles such as cement, &c., will be supplied free of charge to the contractor by the Department, and the rates submitted should be exclusive of the cost of these materials for the items which necessitate their use.

5. Any alterations made in the quotations should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all quotations containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

6. Government reserves to itself the right to supply the contractor with any materials, which may be necessary in the execution of the work included in any agreement.

7. The accepted tenderer in each instance will be required to complete and hand over the work to the District Engineer, Mannar, on or before a date to be agreed upon.

8. Each schedule of rates must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging if called upon, to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract. An address for the delivery of letters or notices shall be given in each schedule.

9. No contract shall be entered into with any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, or any other person to whom the Provincial Engineer, Northern Province, Jaffna, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

10. Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any of the schedule of rates submitted, nor to give all the work included in either of the foregoing projects or in any one item to any one contractor.

Public Works Office, S. J. KIRBY,  
Colombo, June 7, 1927. for Director of Public Works.

**S**CHEDULES of rates are hereby invited for the construction of cement concrete drains at Madampe.

2. The whole of the work to be undertaken on agreements to be entered into monthly by the District Engineer, Dandagamuwa, and the contractor on the basis of his accepted tendered schedule of rates, and finally subject to the approval of the Provincial Engineer, North-Western Province, Kurunegala.

3. The plans, specifications, bill of quantities, and form of monthly agreement can be seen, and all other information obtained from the Office of the District Engineer, Dandagamuwa, any week day between the hours of 9.30 A.M. and 4.30 P.M. (Saturdays, 9.30 A.M. and 2 P.M.).

4. Schedules of rates must be submitted on forms; a specimen of which can be seen in the Office of the District Engineer, Dandagamuwa, in duplicate, duly signed and dated, and forwarded in securely sealed envelopes, the original addressed to the Provincial Engineer, North-Western Province, Kurunegala, and the duplicate addressed to the District Engineer, Dandagamuwa, endorsed on the outside "Schedules of Rates for the Construction of Cement Concrete Drains at Madampe," so as to reach the offices of the foregoing officers on or before 12 noon on June 28, 1927. All imported articles stated in the specification will be supplied free of charge to the contractor by the Department, and the rates submitted should be exclusive of the cost of these materials for the items which necessitate their use.

5. Any alterations made in the quotations should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all quotations containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

6. Government reserves to itself the right to supply the contractor with any materials, which may be necessary in the execution of the work included in any agreement.

7. The accepted tenderer will be required to complete and hand over the works to the District Engineer, Dandagamuwa, on or before a date to be agreed upon.

8. No contract shall be entered into with any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors,

either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person, whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, or any other person to whom the Provincial Engineer, North-Western Province, Kurunegala, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

9. Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any of the schedules of rates submitted, nor to give all the work included in the whole scheme or in any one item to any one contractor.

Public Works Office, S. J. KIRBY,  
Colombo, June 7, 1927. for Director of Public Works.

**S**CHEDULES of rates are hereby invited for the construction of an Office for the Assistant Commissioner of Excise at Bandarawela.

2. The whole of the work to be undertaken on agreements to be entered into monthly by the District Engineer, Diyatalawa, and the contractor on the basis of his accepted tendered schedule of rates, and finally, subject to the approval of the Provincial Engineer, Province of Uva, Badulla.

3. The plans, specifications, bill of quantities, and form of monthly agreement can be seen, and all other information obtained from the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Province of Uva, Badulla, any week day between the hours of 9 A.M. and 4 P.M. (Saturdays, 9 A.M. and 12 noon).

4. Schedules of rates must be submitted on forms to be obtained from the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Province of Uva, Badulla, in duplicate, duly signed and dated, and forwarded in securely sealed envelopes, the original addressed to the Provincial Engineer, Province of Uva, Badulla, and the duplicate addressed to the District Engineer, Diyatalawa, endorsed on the outside "Schedule of Rates for the Construction of an Office for the Assistant Commissioner of Excise at Bandarawela," so as to reach the offices of the foregoing officers on or before 12 noon on June 24, 1927. The following imported materials will be supplied by Government:—Calicut tiles, cement, lime, doors and window fittings, paint, glass, oil and E. C. buckets. The rates submitted should be exclusive of the cost of these materials for the items which necessitate their use.

5. Any alterations made in the quotations should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all quotations containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

6. Government reserves to itself the right to supply the contractor with any materials, which may be necessary in the execution of the work included in any agreement.

7. The accepted tenderer will be required to complete and hand over the works to the District Engineer, Diyatalawa, on or before a date to be agreed upon.

8. No contract shall be entered into with any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, or any other person to whom the Provincial Engineer, Province of Uva, Badulla, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

9. Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any of the schedules of rates submitted, nor to give all the work included in the whole scheme or in any one item to any one contractor.

Public Works Office, S. J. KIRBY,  
Colombo, June 8, 1927. for Director of Public Works.

**T**ENDERS are hereby invited for the survey of the Attampitiya-Bandarawela road, miles, 1 to 10.

2. All tenders must be in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Provincial Engineer, Province of Uva, Badulla, and the duplicate direct to the District Engineer, Badulla.

3. Tenders must be marked "Tender for the Survey of Attampitiya-Bandarawela Road" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Province of Uva, Badulla, and the District Engineer, Badulla, not later than midday on June 20, 1927.

4. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Province of Uva, Badulla, or be sent to him through the post.

5. Tenders must be on forms which may be obtained at the Office of the District Engineer, Badulla, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained. Any alteration made in the tenders should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all tenders containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

6. Key plan and specification may be seen, and further information obtained on application, at the Office of the District Engineer, Badulla, any week day between the hours of 9.30 A.M. and 4.30 P.M. (Saturdays, 9.30 A.M. and 2 P.M.)

7. The work to be completed on or before 1927.

8. No contract shall be entered into with any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, or any other person to whom the Provincial Engineer, Province of Uva, Badulla, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

9. Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender, and reserves to itself the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

Public Works Office,  
Colombo, June 6, 1927.

S. J. KIRBY,  
for Director of Public Works.

**S**CHEDULES of rates are hereby invited for deviating Badulla-Bandarawela road, 2nd mile.

2. The whole of the work to be undertaken on agreements to be entered into monthly by the District Engineer, Badulla, and the contractor on the basis of his accepted tendered schedule of rates, and finally subject to the approval of the Provincial Engineer, Province of Uva, Badulla.

3. The plans, specifications, bill of quantities, and form of monthly agreement can be seen, and all other information obtained from the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Province of Uva, Badulla, any week day between the hours of 9 A.M. and 4 P.M. (Saturdays, 9 A.M. and 12 noon).

4. Schedules of rates must be submitted on forms to be obtained from the Office of the Provincial Engineer, Province of Uva, Badulla, in duplicate, duly signed and dated, and forwarded in securely sealed envelopes, the original addressed to the Provincial Engineer, Province of Uva, Badulla, and the duplicate addressed to the District Engineer, Badulla, endorsed on the outside "Schedule of Rates for deviating Badulla-Bandarawela Road, 2nd Mile," so as to reach the offices of the foregoing officers on or before 12 noon on June 20, 1927. The following imported materials will be supplied by Government:—Cement, steel, powder, and fuse. The rates quoted by the contractors should be omitting the value of the above-mentioned materials supplied by Government.

5. Any alterations made in the quotations should bear the initials of the tenderer; and all quotations containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

6. Government reserves to itself the right to supply the contractor with any materials, which may be necessary in the execution of the work included in any agreement.

7. The accepted tenderer will be required to complete and hand over the works to the District Engineer, Badulla, on or before a date to be agreed upon.

8. No contract shall be entered into with any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, or any other person to whom the Provincial Engineer, Province of Uva, Badulla, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

9. Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any of the schedules of rates submitted, nor to give all the work included in the whole scheme or in any one item to any one contractor.

Public Works Office,  
Colombo, June 7, 1927.

S. J. KIRBY,  
for Director of Public Works.

**I**N TENDING tenderers for provisioning the hospitals mentioned in the notice appearing in the *Ceylon Government Gazette* No. 7,583 of May 27, 1927, and duly published in the local newspapers are hereby informed that the closing date for tenders for the above service is extended to June 21, 1927.

J. F. E. BRIDGER,  
Director of Medical and Sanitary Services.

June 8, 1927.

**T**ENDERS are hereby invited for the services named in the schedule hereunder for the period of one or two or three years commencing from October 1, 1927.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman or the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Diets, Hospital" in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on June 21, 1927.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Office of the Director of Medical and Sanitary Services, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form. Alterations must be initialled, otherwise the tenders may be treated as informal and rejected.

6. A cash deposit according to the schedule hereunder will be required to be made at any Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish the approved security, within ten days of receiving notice in writing of the acceptance of the tender, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon signature to the contract. No deposits for tender forms will be accepted at the Office of the Director of Medical and Sanitary Services.

7. If required, samples must be deposited.

8. The successful tenderer will be required to furnish cash security according to the schedule hereunder; and to sign the bond given in the tender for the due fulfilment of the contract; also to furnish with each tender a letter in duplicate signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become an additional security for the due performance of the contract. The amount deposited for tender forms will form part of the security.

9. Contracts may not be assigned, sublet, or otherwise transferred without the previous written sanction of the Director of Medical and Sanitary Services. Sanction will not be given for any transfers, including powers of attorney in favour of persons in the defaulting contractors' list. No defaulting contractor should be employed on any service connected with the contracts or the tenders.

10. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

11. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender or the whole of it for an year or any portion thereof.

12. No contract shall be entered into with any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, or any other person to whom the Director of Medical and Sanitary Services, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

13. The contract shall be entered into by the contractor with the Head of the Department acting for and on behalf of His Majesty the King, and the designation of such officer shall mean and include the officer for the time being holding such office and his successors in office for the time being under the Government of Ceylon.

14. Any further information can be obtained on application to the Director of Medical and Sanitary Services, Colombo.

J. F. E. BRIDGER,

Director of Medical and Sanitary Services.  
Colombo, May 31, 1927.

SCHEDULE REFERRED TO.

Service.	Tender	
	Deposit.	Security.
	Rs.	Rs.
Supply of cooked provisions with milk to—		
Alutnuwara Hospital ..	200	400
Buttala Hospital ..	200	400
Koslanda Hospital ..	300	600
Medagama Hospital ..	200	400
Moneragala Hospital ..	200	400
Batticaloa Hospital ..	200	400
Kalmunai Hospital ..	150	300
Maha-oya Hospital ..	100	200
Supply of cooked provisions without milk to—		
Badulla Hospital ..	400	800
Haputale Hospital ..	250	500
Lunugala Hospital ..	200	400
Passara Hospital ..	300	600
Supply of uncooked provisions with milk to—		
Mantivu Leper Asylum ..	500	1,000
Trincomalee Hospital ..	100	200

TENDERS are hereby invited for the services named in the schedule hereunder for the period of one or two or three years commencing from October 1, 1927.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Diets, — Hospital," in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on June 28, 1927.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Office of the Director of Medical and Sanitary Services, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form. Alterations must be initialled, otherwise the tenders may be treated as informal and rejected.

6. A cash deposit according to the schedule hereunder will be required to be made at any Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish the approved security, within ten days of receiving notice in writing of the acceptance of the tender, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon signature to the contract. No deposits for tender forms will be accepted at the Office of the Director of Medical and Sanitary Services.

7. If required, samples must be deposited.

8. The successful tenderer will be required to furnish cash security according to the schedule hereunder, and to sign the bond given in the tender for the due fulfilment of the contract; also to furnish with each tender a letter in duplicate signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become an additional security for the due performance of the contract. The amount deposited for tender forms will form part of the security.

9. Contracts may not be assigned, sublet, or otherwise transferred without the previous written sanction of the Director of Medical and Sanitary Services. Sanction will not be given for any transfers, including powers of attorney in favour of persons in the defaulting contractors' list. No defaulting contractor should be employed on any service connected with the contracts or the tenders.

10. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

11. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender or the whole of it for an year or any portion thereof.

12. No contract shall be entered into with any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, or any other person to whom the Director of Medical and Sanitary Services, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

13. The contract shall be entered into by the contractor with the Head of the Department acting for and on behalf of His Majesty the King, and the designation of such officer shall mean and include the officer for the time being holding such office and his successors in office for the time being under the Government of Ceylon.

14. Any further information can be obtained on application to the Director of Medical and Sanitary Services, Colombo.

J. F. E. BRIDGER,

Director of Medical and Sanitary Services.  
Colombo, June 7, 1927.

SCHEDULE REFERRED TO.

Service.	Tender	
	Deposit.	Security.
	Rs.	Rs.
Supply of cooked provision without milk to Jaffna Hospital ..	300	600
Supply of cooked provisions with milk to the following institutions:—		
Kilinochchie Hospital ..	100	200
Mannar Hospital ..	100	200
Mantota Hospital ..	100	200
Mullaityu Hospital ..	100	200
Point Pedro Hospital ..	200	400
Talaimannar Hospital ..	100	200
Vavuniya Hospital ..	200	400
Chavakachcheri Hospital ..	200	400

TENDERS are hereby invited for building a brick and tiled school building to accommodate 200 children at Mainoluwa with teacher's quarters (two rooms, store, kitchen and verandah), in Kegalla District, Province of Sabaragamuwa.

2. Tenders must be addressed to the Chairman, Rural Education District Committee, Kegalla, and should reach the Kachcheri on or before 12 noon on Friday, July 1, 1927.

3. The plans and specification may be seen and further information obtained at the Kegalla Kachcheri. A bill of quantities will be issued to any tenderer to assist him in making up his estimate. No further payment will be made on the agreement for any extra work done without the sanction of the Chairman.

4. Tenderers must be prepared to enter into an agreement with the Chairman, Rural Education District Committee, for the due performance of the contract at the price quoted in the tender.

5. The successful tenderer will be required to enter into an agreement and to furnish security for the due performance of the contract.

6. A deposit of Rs. 50 should accompany the tender. Should any persons decline to enter into the contract or bond, or fail to furnish approved security, within seven days of receiving a notice in writing from the Chairman, that his tender has been accepted, his deposit shall be forfeited to the Rural Education District Committee funds. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of contract or agreement.

7. The Chairman, Rural Education District Committee, does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender, and reserves the right to himself of accepting or rejecting any tender.

Kegalla Kachcheri,

W. E. HODDAY,  
June 6, 1927. Chairman, Rural Education District Committee, Kegalla.

### SALE OF UNSERVICEABLE ARTICLES, &c.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following unserviceable articles will be sold by public auction at the Telegraph Stores at Lotus road, Colombo, on Wednesday, June 22, 1927, at 2 P.M. :—

25 protectors H. C. and F 2/2 N. 2  
13 relays, Siemens'  
58 protectors H.C and F 2/2 N. 4  
1 sounder, portable.  
3 empty petrol drums, 5-gallon capacity  
1 mould  
1 stove, oil  
1 lot cycle tubes and tyres.

Colombo, June 6, 1927. E. HARPER,  
Chief Engineer, Telegraphs.

THE under-mentioned unserviceable articles will be sold by public auction at the Fishery Stores, Boatshed, adjoining the Wharf Station, on Wednesday, June 15, 1927, at 1.30 P.M. :—

2 step ladders, old	2 boxes, large, old
5 hatch covers, old	40 boxes, fish, old
1 table, carpenter's, old	1 lot deck planks, old

Colombo Museum, June 1, 1927. JOSEPH PEARSON,  
Director, Colombo Museum, and  
Marine Biologist.

THE under-mentioned unserviceable articles will be sold by public auction at the Colombo Museum on Wednesday, June 15, 1927, at 10 A.M. :—

1 drum, galvanized iron, 40-gallon capacity.  
3 drums, galvanized iron, 10-gallon capacity.  
1 lot packing cases.  
1 lot empty ink bottles, &c.

Colombo Museum, JOSEPH PEARSON,  
June 1, 1927. Director, Colombo Museum.

WILL be sold by public auction at these Stores at 2 P.M., on Friday, June 17, 1927, a quantity of bale cloth, empty barrels, tin lining, firewood, tar drums, &c.

Government Stores Department, JOHN GIBB,  
Colombo, June 7, 1927. Colonial Storekeeper.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following condemned articles belonging to the District Court of Tangalla will be sold by public auction on June 18, 1927, at 1 P.M. at the premises of the District Court of Tangalla :—

6 chairs	1 table
1 hammer	1 typewriter
1 rat trap	

District Court,  
Tangalla, May 31, 1927.

S. D. DHONDY,  
District Judge.

### VITAL STATISTICS.

#### Registrar-General's Health Report of the City of Colombo for the Week ended June 4, 1927.

**Births.**—The total births registered in the city of Colombo in the week were 117 (6 Burghers, 74 Sinhalese, 16 Tamils, 13 Moors, 6 Malays, and 2 Others). The birth-rate per 1,000 per annum (calculated on the estimated population on January 1, 1927, viz., 260,345) was 23.4, as against 30.2 in the preceding week, 23.1 in the corresponding week of last year, and 31.1 the weekly average for last year.

**Deaths.**—The total deaths registered were 138 (8 Burghers, 76 Sinhalese, 22 Tamils, 24 Moors, 4 Malays, and 4 Others). The death-rate per 1,000 per annum was 27.6, as against 28.6 in the previous week, 26.3 in the corresponding week of last year, and 28.7 the weekly average for last year.

**Infantile Deaths.**—Of the 138 total deaths, 30 were of infants under one year of age, as against 24 in the preceding week, 19 in the corresponding week of the previous year, and 32 the average for last year.

**Stillbirths.**—The number of stillbirths registered during the week was 8.

**Principal Causes of Death.**—1. (a) Thirty-five deaths from *Pneumonia* were registered, 10 in Maradana hospitals (including 3 deaths of non-residents), 3 each in Kotahena North, Kotahena South, Maradana North, Wellawatta North, and Wellawatta South, 2 each in St. Paul's, New Bazaar, and Slave Island, and 1 each in San Sebastian, Maradana East, Maradana South, and Kollupitiya, as against 24 in the previous week and 18 the weekly average for last year.

(b) Eight deaths from *Influenza* were registered, 2 in Kotahena North, and 1 each in Pettah, San Sebastian, Kotahena South, New Bazaar, Maradana East, and Slave Island, as against 7 in the previous week and 6 the weekly average for last year.

(c) Two deaths from *Bronchitis* were registered in Maradana hospitals (of non-residents), as against 4 in the previous week and 5 the weekly average for last year.

2. (a) Nine deaths from *Phthisis* were registered, 3 in Kotahena North, 2 each in Maradana hospital (including 1 death of a non-resident and Maradana North, and 1 each in St. Paul's and Kotahena South, as against 13 in the previous week and 11 the weekly average for last year.

(b) Two deaths from *Phthisis* of residents of Colombo Town occurred at the Tuberculosis hospital, Ragama, during the week.

3. Three deaths from *Enteric Fever* were registered in Maradana hospitals (including 1 death of a non-resident), as against 1 in the previous week and 3 the weekly average for last year.

4. (a) One death from *Plague* was registered in Kotahena North same as in the previous week.

(b) Two deaths from *Bubonic Plague* of residents of Colombo Town occurred at the Infectious Diseases hospital, Angoda, during the week.

5. Eleven deaths were registered from *Infantile Convulsions*, 9 from *Debility*, 8 from *Enteritis*, 3 from *Worms*, 2 each from *Tetanus* and *Puerperal Septicaemia*, 1 from *Diarrhoea*, and 44 from *Other Causes*.

6. Seven cases of *Chickenpox*, 6 of *Enteric Fever*, and 3 of *Plague* were reported during the week, as against 19, 6, and 2, respectively, of the preceding week. No case of *Measles* was reported during the week, but 1 was reported during the previous week.

**State of the Weather.**—The mean temperature of air was 80.8°, against 81.0° in the preceding week and 83.6° in the corresponding week of the previous year. The mean atmospheric pressure was 29.791 in. against 29.870 in. in the preceding week and 29.861 in. in the corresponding week of the previous year. The total rainfall in the week was 5.93 in., against 6.60 in. in the preceding week and 0.60 in. in the corresponding week of the previous year.

Registrar-General's Office,  
Colombo June 7, 1927.

P. D. RATNATUNGA,  
for Registrar-General.

## UNOFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

## MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF H. DON CAROLIS &amp; SONS, LIMITED.

1. THE name of the Company is "H. DON CAROLIS & SONS, LIMITED."
2. The registered office of the Company is to be established in Colombo.
3. The objects for which the Company is to be established are—
  - (a) To acquire as a going concern and carry on the business or businesses, assets, and liabilities of the firm of "H. Don Carolis & Sons" in Colombo, Ceylon, and to pay for the same either wholly or partly in cash or in shares, bonds, debentures, or other securities of the Company and with a view thereto to adopt and carry into effect either with or without modification an agreement No. 138 dated February 16, 1927, attested by Geoffrey Thomas Hale of Colombo, Notary Public, and expressed to be made between Charles Alwis Hewavitarne therein described of the one part, the heirs of Don Carolis Hewavitarne Wijegunaratne Mudaliyar, deceased (therein fully detailed and described) of the second part, and Nanayakkarage Don Stephen Silva of the third part.
  - (b) To carry on the business of household furnishers and outfitters, automobile, motor car, motor carriage, lorry, motor cycle, vehicle boat, and furniture builders or manufacturers, iron and brass founders, metal workers, machinists, smiths, wood workers, painters, cleaners, and general merchants and retailers.
  - (c) To buy, sell, manufacture, repair, clean, convert, let on hire, and deal in any or all of the above-mentioned articles or things or accessories thereto.
  - (d) To purchase and sell timber, wood, metals, machinery, implements, utensils, appliances, apparatus, petrol oil, fuel, lubricants, cements, paints, solutions, enamels, and any other materials, articles, or things relating to the above business either on concessions or otherwise.
  - (e) To carry on in Ceylon or elsewhere the business of planters, growers, and manufacturers of and dealers in, tea, rubber, and other Ceylon produce.
  - (f) To purchase, lease, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any other land or lands, or any share or shares thereof, and any buildings, mines, minerals, mining and mineral properties, and rights, machinery, implements, tools, live and dead stock, stores, effects, and other property, real or personal, movable or immovable, of any kind, and any contracts, rights, easements, patents, licences, or privileges, in Ceylon or elsewhere (including the benefit of any trade mark, or trade secret) which may be thought necessary or convenient for the purpose of the Company's business, and to erect, construct, maintain, or alter any buildings, machinery, plant, roads, ways, or other works or methods of communication.
  - (g) To appoint, engage, employ, maintain, provide for, and dismiss attorneys, agents, superintendents, managers, clerks, coolies, and other labourers and servants in Ceylon or elsewhere, and to remunerate any such at such rate as shall be thought fit, and to grant pensions or gratuities to any such or the widow or children of any such.
  - (h) To clear, open, plant, cultivate, improve, and develop the said properties or any portion thereof, and any other land or lands that may be purchased, leased, or otherwise acquired by the Company in Ceylon or elsewhere, or portions thereof, as a tea and rubber estate or estates, or with any other products, trees, plants, or crops that may be approved by the Company, and to plant, grow, and produce tea, rubber, coconuts, coffee, cinchona, cacao, cardamoms, rhea, ramie plants, trees, and other natural products in Ceylon or elsewhere.
  - (i) To build, make, construct, equip, maintain, improve, alter, and work tea and rubber factories, cacao, coconut, and coffee curing mills, and other manufactories, buildings, erections, roads, tramways, or other works conducive to any of the Company's objects, or to contribute to or subsidise such.
  - (j) To enter into any arrangement or agreement with Government or any authorities, and obtain rights, concessions, and privileges.
  - (k) To hire, lease, or purchase land either with any other person or company or otherwise, and to erect a factory and other buildings thereon or on any land already leased or owned by the Company at the cost of the Company and such other person or company or otherwise, and to lease any factory or other buildings from any company or person.
  - (l) To enter into any agreement with any company or person for the working of any factory erected or leased as provided in (i), or for the manufacture, and preparation for market of tea, rubber, or any other produce in such or any other factory.
  - (m) To prepare, cure, manufacture, treat, and prepare for market tea, rubber, cacao, coconuts, plumbago, minerals, and (or) other crops or produce, and to sell, ship, and dispose of such tea, rubber, cacao, coconuts, plumbago, minerals, crops, and produce either raw or manufactured, at such times and places, and in such manner as shall be deemed expedient.
  - (n) To buy, sell, warehouse, transport, trade, and deal in tea, rubber, coconuts, cacao, coffee, and other plants and seed, and rice and other food required for coolies, labourers, and others employed on estates and other products, wares, merchandise, articles, and things of any kind whatever.
  - (o) To work mines or quarries and to find, win, get, work, crush, smelt, manufacture, or otherwise deal with ores, metals, minerals, oils, precious and other stones, deposits and products, and generally to carry on the business of miners, manufacturers, growers, planters, and exporters of tea, rubber, cacao, chocolate, coconuts, and other products, or any such business on behalf of the Company or as agents for others and on commission or otherwise.
  - (p) To act as agents, attorneys, brokers, or trustees for any person, firm, or company, and to undertake and perform sub-contracts, and also to act in any of the business of the Company through or by means of agents, attorneys, brokers, sub-contractors, or others.

- (g) To establish and carry on a dairy farm, and to buy and sell live stock, and to sell and deal in milk and dairy produce, wholesale or retail.
- (r) To establish and maintain in Ceylon, the United Kingdom, or elsewhere stores, shops, and places for the sale of tea, rubber, coconuts, cacao, chocolate, coffee, and articles of food, drink, or refreshment, wholesale or retail; and to establish in any part or parts of the world branch establishments and (or) agencies for carrying on or developing the business of the Company or any branch thereof; and generally to carry on the business of merchants, exporters, importers, traders, engineers, or any other trade, business, or undertaking whatsoever.
- (s) To cultivate, manage, and superintend estates and properties in Ceylon or elsewhere, and generally to undertake the business of estate agents in Ceylon and elsewhere, to act as agents for the investment, loan, payment, transmission, and collection of money, and for the purchase, sale, improvement, development, and management of property, including concerns and undertakings, and to transact any other agency business of any kind.
- (t) To let, lease, sell, exchange, or mortgage the Company's estates, lands, buildings, or other property, or any part or parts thereof, whether in consideration of rents, money, or securities for money, shares, debentures, or securities in any other company, or for any other consideration, and otherwise to trade in, dispose of, or deal with the same or any part thereof.
- (u) To borrow or receive on loan money for the purposes of the Company upon the security of cash credit bonds, or of hypothecation or mortgages of the Company's property or any part or parts thereof, or otherwise, as shall be thought most expedient, and in particular by the issue of debentures, debenture stock, or bonds to bearer or otherwise, either charged upon all or any part of the Company's present or future property (including uncalled capital), or not so charged, as shall be thought best.
- (v) To cause or permit any debenture stock, bonds, debentures, mortgages, charges, incumbrances, liens, or securities of or belonging to or made or issued by the Company or affecting its property or rights, or any of the terms thereof to be renewed, extended, varied, redeemed, exchanged, transferred, or satisfied, as shall be thought fit, also to pay off and re-borrow the moneys secured thereby, or any part or parts thereof.
- (w) To draw, make, accept, and endorse bills of lading, warrants, bills of exchange, promissory notes, and other transferable or negotiable instruments for the purposes of the Company.
- (x) To unite, co-operate, amalgamate, or enter into partnership or any arrangement for sharing profits of union of interests or any other arrangement with any person or company already engaged in or hereafter to be established for the purpose of carrying on business having objects wholly or in part similar or analogous or subsidiary to those of the Company or to any of them, or capable of being conducted so as to benefit this Company, either directly or indirectly, and to subscribe for or otherwise acquire for the benefit and in the name of the Company or otherwise, and pay for in any manner that may be agreed upon, either in money or in shares or bonds or otherwise, and to hold any shares, stock, or other interest in any such company, and to promote the formation of any such company.
- (y) To acquire by purchase in money, shares, bonds, or otherwise, and undertake all or any of the business, property, assets, and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business in Ceylon or elsewhere which this Company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this Company.
- (z) To sell the property, business, or undertaking of the Company, or any part or parts thereof, for such consideration as the Company shall think fit, and in particular for shares, stocks, debentures, or securities of any other company.
- (z 1) To procure the Company to be registered or incorporated in Ceylon, and, if and when necessary, or thought advisable, elsewhere.
- (z 2) To lend money on any terms and in any manner and on any security, and in particular on the security of plantations, factories, growing crops, produce, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bonds, bills of lading, warrants, stocks, shares, debentures, and book debts, or without any security at all.
- (z 3) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined.
- (z 4) To promote and establish any other Company whatsoever and to subscribe to and hold the shares or stock of any other Company or any part thereof.
- (z 5) To pay for any lands and real or personal, immovable or movable, estate or property, or assets of any kind acquired or to be acquired by the Company, or for any services rendered or to be rendered to the Company, and generally to pay or discharge any consideration to be paid or given by the Company, in money or in shares or debentures or debenture stock or obligations of the Company or partly in one way and partly in another, or otherwise howsoever with power to issue any shares either fully or partly paid up for such purpose.
- (z 6) To accept as consideration for the sale or disposal of any lands and real or personal immovable and movable, estate, property, and assets of the Company of any kind sold or otherwise disposed of by the Company, or in discharge of any other consideration to be received by the Company in money or in shares, the shares (whether wholly or partially paid up) of any Company or the mortgages, debentures, or obligations of any Company or person, or partly one and partly the other.
- (z 7) To distribute among the Shareholders in specie any property of the Company whether by way of dividend or upon a return of capital, but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital be made, except with the sanction for the time being required by law.
- (z 8) To do all such other things as shall be incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects above-mentioned or any of them or any one or more of the objects aforesaid, it being hereby declared that in the foregoing clauses (unless a contrary intention appears) the word "Company" includes companies or corporations and the word "person" any number of persons, and that the other objects specified in any paragraph are not to be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other paragraph.
4. The liability of the Shareholders is limited.
5. The nominal capital of the Company is Two million Rupees (Rs. 2,000,000) divided into Two hundred thousand (200,000) shares of Ten Rupees (Rs. 10) each, with power to increase or reduce the capital. The shares forming the capital (original, increased, or reduced) of the Company may be subdivided or consolidated or divided into such classes with any



preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto and be held upon such terms as may be prescribed by the Articles of Association and Regulations of the Company for the time being, or otherwise.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names :—

Names and Addresses of Subscribers.	Number of Shares taken by each Subscriber.
S. K. MOONESINGHE, Colombo .. .. .	One
N. HEWAVITARNE, Colombo .. .. .	One
R. HEWAVITARNE, Colombo .. .. .	One
C. H. S. BLATCH, Colombo .. .. .	One
JOS. F. MARTYN, Colombo .. .. .	One
N. S. O. MENDIS, Colombo .. .. .	One
J. VICTOR A. GOONETILLEKE, Colombo .. .. .	One
Total shares taken ..	Seven

Witness to all the above signatures, this 29th day of April, 1927 :

G. T. HALE,  
Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo.

#### ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF H. DON CAROLIS & SONS, LIMITED.

THE regulations contained in the Table C in the schedule annexed to "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these Articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution.

The Company may, by special resolution, alter and make provisions instead of, or in addition to, any of the regulations of the Company, whether contained and comprised in these Articles or not.

#### INTERPRETATION CLAUSE.

1. In the interpretation of these presents the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless such meanings be inconsistent with, or repugnant to, the subject or context, viz. :—

The word "Company" means "H. Don Carolis & Sons, Limited," incorporated or established by or under the Memorandum of Association to which these Articles are attached.

The "Ordinance" means and includes "The Joint Stock Companies Ordinance, 1861," and every other Ordinance from time to time in force concerning Joint Stock Companies which may apply to the Company.

"These presents" means and includes the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association of the Company from time to time in force.

"Capital" means the capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purposes of the Company.

"Shares" means the shares from time to time into which the capital of the Company may be divided.

"Shareholder" means any person whose name is entered in the Register of Shareholders as owner or joint-owner of any shares in the Company.

"Presence" or "present" at a meeting means presence or present personally or by proxy or by attorney.

"Directors" means the Directors for the time being of the Company or (as the case may be) the Directors assembled at a Board, and includes the Life Directors referred to in Article 87 and any Alternate Director appointed in place of a Life Director under Article 88.

"Board" means a meeting of the Directors or (as the context may require) the Directors assembled at a Board meeting, acting through at least a quorum of their body in the exercise of authority duly given to them.

"Persons" means partnerships, associations, corporations, companies, unincorporated or incorporated by Ordinance and registration, as well as individuals.

"Office" means the registered office for the time being of the Company.

"Seal" means the common seal for the time being of the Company.

"Month" means a calendar month.

"Writing" means printed matter or print as well as writing.

Words importing the singular number only include the plural, and *vice versa*.

Words importing the masculine gender include the feminine, and *vice versa*.

"Holder" means a Shareholder.

"Extraordinary resolution" means a resolution passed by three-fourths in number and value of such Shareholders of the Company for the time being entitled to vote as may be present in person or by proxy (in cases where by these Articles proxies are allowed) at any meeting of which notice specifying the intention to propose such resolution has been duly given.

#### BUSINESS.

2. The Company may proceed to carry out the objects for which it is established, and to employ and apply its capital as soon after the registration of the Company as the Directors in their discretion shall think fit; and if the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed, applied for, or allotted, as soon as, in the judgment of the Directors, a sufficient number of shares shall have been subscribed or applied for.

3. The Company shall forthwith adopt the agreement referred to in sub-clause (a) of clause III. of the Memorandum of Association and shall carry the said agreement into effect with such modification (if any) as may be agreed upon. And it is hereby provided and declared that the basis on which the Company is established is that the Company shall acquire

the business and properties comprised and described in the said agreement on the terms therein set forth, subject to such modifications, if any, as aforesaid, and that Charles Alwis Hewavitarne, together with any one or others of the heirs of Don Carolis Hewavitarne, Wijegunaratne Mudaliyar, deceased (in the said agreement described) as may be agreed upon are to be the first Directors of the Company, and it shall be no objection to the said agreement that the said Charles Alwis Hewavitarne or any of the said heirs is or are Vendor or Vendors, Promoter or Promoters, Director or Directors, Agent or Agents, or that he stands or they stand in a fiduciary position or fiduciary positions towards the Company or that there is no independent Board of Directors. And the said agreement shall not be set aside or reduced, and no claim shall be made by the Company or any member thereof against the parties thereto on any ground whatever, and every member of the Company present and future is to be deemed to join the Company on this basis.

#### CAPITAL.

4. The nominal capital of the Company is Two million Rupees (Rs. 2,000,000) divided into 200,000 ordinary shares of Ten Rupees (Rs. 10) each.

5. The Directors may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company in General Meeting, increase the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares of such amounts per share and in the aggregate and with such special, preferential, deferred, qualified, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto as such resolution shall direct.

6. Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the same provisions in all respects with reference to the payments of allotment money, calls, and instalments, transfer, transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrender, and otherwise, as if it had formed part of the original capital.

7. The Directors may also with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company reduce the capital or subdivide or consolidate the shares of the Company.

#### SHARES.

8. The Company may issue the balance capital whenever the Directors shall think fit, and may make arrangements on the issue of shares, for a difference between the holders of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid, and the time of payment of such calls.

9. If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the holder of the shares.

10. The shares, except when otherwise provided, shall be allotted at the discretion of and by the Directors, who may from time to time issue any unissued shares, and may add to such shares such an amount of premium as they consider proper. Provided that such unissued shares except when otherwise provided shall first be offered by the Directors to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may at their discretion allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of lands, property, rights, or privileges being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such lands, property, rights, or privileges, or as remuneration for work done for or services rendered to the Company, and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders.

11. In case of the increase of the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares, such new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions, and with such preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights and privileges annexed thereto, as the General Meeting resolving on the creation thereof, or any other General Meeting of the Company shall direct, and, if no direction be given, as the Directors shall determine, and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to the dividends, and in the distribution of the assets of the Company, and with a special or without any right of voting.

Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the meeting that sanctions the increase of capital, all new shares shall be offered to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may, at their discretion, allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any lands, property, rights, or privileges being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such lands, property, rights, or privileges, and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders.

12. Every person taking any share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof by writing under his hand in such form as the Company may from time to time direct.

13. Shares may be registered in the name of a firm or partnership, and any one partner of the firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm shall be entitled to vote and to give proxies in respect of shares registered in the name of the firm.

14. Shares may be registered in the names of two or more persons jointly.

15. Any one of the joint-holders of a share other than a firm, may give effectual receipts for any dividends payable in respect of such share; but only one of such joint-shareholders shall be entitled to the right of voting and of giving proxies and exercising the other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, and if the joint-holders cannot arrange amongst themselves as to who shall vote or give proxies and exercise such other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, the Shareholder whose name stands first on the register of shares, shall vote or give proxies and exercise those rights and powers; provided, however, that in the event of such first registered Shareholder being absent from the Island, the first registered Shareholder then resident in Ceylon shall vote or give proxies and exercise all such rights and powers as aforesaid.

16. In case of the death of any one or more of the joint-holders of any shares, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognized by the Company as having any title to, or interest in, such shares.

17. The Company shall not be bound to recognize (even though having notice of) any contingent, future, partial, or equitable interest in the nature of a trust or otherwise in any share, or any other right in respect of any share, except person under Article 35 to become a Shareholder in respect of any share.

18. The joint-holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all instalments and calls due in respect of such share.

19. Every Shareholder shall be entitled to a certificate or certificates under the common seal of the Company, specifying the share or shares, held by him and the amount paid thereon, provided that in case of shares registered in the names of two or more persons the Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate to all the joint-holders and the delivery of such certificate to any one of them shall be sufficient delivery to all.



20. If any certificate be worn out or defaced, then, upon production thereof to the Directors they may order the same to be cancelled, and may issue a new certificate in lieu thereof; and if any certificate be lost or destroyed, then, upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Directors, and on such indemnity as the Directors deem adequate being given, a new certificate in lieu thereof may be given to the person entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate. A sum of fifty cents shall be payable for such new certificate.

#### CALLS.

21. The Directors may from time to time make such calls as they think fit upon the Shareholders in respect of all moneys unpaid on their shares, and not by the conditions of allotment made payable at fixed times, provided that three months' notice at least shall be given to the Shareholders of the time and place appointed for payment of each call; and each Shareholder shall pay the amount of every call so made to the persons and at the time and place appointed by the Directors.

22. If any Shareholder fails to pay the amount of any call due by him on or before the day appointed for payment thereof, he shall be liable to pay interest on the same at the rate of nine per centum per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment.

23. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorizing such call was passed.

24. The Directors shall have power in their absolute discretion to give time to any one or more Shareholder or Shareholders, exclusive of the others, for payment of any call or part thereof on such terms as the Directors may determine. But no Shareholder shall be entitled to any such extension except as a matter of grace or favour.

25. The Directors may at their discretion receive from any of the Shareholders willing to advance the same, and upon such terms as they think fit, all or any part of the moneys uncalled upon their respective shares beyond the sums actually called up; and upon the moneys so paid in advance, or upon so much thereof as from time to time and at any time thereafter exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon, and due in respect of the shares in respect of which such advance have been made, the Board may pay or allow interest at such rate as the Shareholders paying such sums in advance and the Directors may agree upon, not exceeding, however, eight per centum per annum.

#### TRANSFER OF SHARES.

26. Subject to the restrictions contained in these Articles, any Shareholder may transfer all or any of his shares by instrument in writing.

27. No transfer of shares shall be made to an infant or person of unsound mind.

28. The Company shall keep a book or books, to be called "The Register of Transfers," in which shall be entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share.

29. The Board may, at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion, decline to register any transfer of shares by a Shareholder who is indebted to the Company, or upon whose shares the Company have a lien, or otherwise; or in case of shares not fully paid up, to any person not approved of by them; and in no case shall a Shareholder or proposed transferee be entitled to require the Directors to state the reason of their refusal to register, but their declinature shall be absolute.

30. Every instrument of transfer must be left at the office of the Company to be registered, accompanied by the certificate for the shares to be transferred and by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferor, and a fee of two rupees and fifty cents or such other sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine, must be paid to the Company for the registration of every such transfer; upon payment thereof the Director, subject to the powers vested in them by Article 29, shall register the transferee as a Shareholder and retain the instrument of transfer.

31. The Directors may, by such means as they shall deem expedient, authorize the registration of transferees as Shareholders, without the necessity of any meeting of the Directors for that purpose.

32. In no case shall the Directors be bound to inquire into the validity, legal effect, or genuineness of any instrument of transfer produced by a person claiming a transfer of any share in accordance with these Articles; and whether they abstain from so inquiring, or do so inquire and are misled, the transferor shall have no claim whatsoever upon the Company in respect of the share, except for the dividends previously declared in respect thereof, but only, if at all, upon the transferee.

33. The Register of Transfers may be closed at such times and for such periods as the Directors may from time to time determine, provided always that it shall not be closed for more than twenty-one days in any year.

#### TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

34. The executors, or administrators, or the heirs of a deceased sole Shareholder shall be the only persons recognized by the Company, as having any title to the shares of such Shareholder.

35. Any guardian of any infant Shareholder, or any committee of a lunatic Shareholder or any person becoming entitled to shares in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or liquidation of any Shareholder, or in any other way than by transfer, shall, upon producing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this Article, or of his title, as the Directors think sufficient, be forthwith entitled, subject to the provisions herein contained, to be registered as a Shareholder in respect of such shares; or may, subject to the regulations as to transfers hereinbefore contained, transfer the same to some other person.

36. If any person who shall become entitled to be registered in respect of any share under Article 35, shall not, from any cause whatever, within twelve calendar months after the event on the happening of which his title shall accrue, be registered in respect of such share, or if in the case of the death of any Shareholder, no person shall within twelve calendar months after such death, be registered as a Shareholder in respect of the shares of such deceased Shareholder, the Company may sell such shares, either by public auction or private contract, and give a receipt for the purchase money; and the purchaser shall be entitled to be registered in respect of such shares, and shall not be bound to inquire whether the events have happened which entitled the Company to sell the same, and the nett proceeds of such sale, after deducting all expenses and all moneys in respect of which the Company is entitled to a lien on the shares so sold, shall be paid to the person entitled thereto.

#### SURRENDER AND FORFEITURE OF SHARES.

37. The Directors may accept, in the name and for the benefit of the Company, and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed a surrender of the shares of Shareholders who may be desirous of retiring from the Company provided such acceptance is properly legalized.

38. If any Shareholder fails to pay any call or instalment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Directors may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on such Shareholder requiring him to pay the same together with any interest that may have accrued, and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

The notice shall name a day (not being less than one month from the date of the notice) on, and a place or places at which such call or instalment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

If the requisition of such notice as aforesaid be not complied with, every or any share or shares in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of calls or instalments, with interest and expenses due in respect thereof, be declared forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

39. Any Shareholder whose shares have been so declared forfeited shall notwithstanding be liable to pay and shall forthwith pay to the Company all calls, instalments, premia, interests, and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of forfeiture until payment at nine per centum per annum, and the Directors may enforce the payment thereof if they think fit.

40. Every share surrendered or so declared forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of upon such terms and in such manner as the Board shall think fit.

41. The surrender or forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in, and also of all claims and demands against, the Company in respect of the share and the proceeds thereof and all other rights incident to the share, except only such of those rights (if any) as by these presents are expressly saved.

42. A certificate in writing under the hands of one of the Directors and of the Secretary or Secretaries that a share has been duly surrendered, or forfeited, stating the time when it was surrendered or forfeited, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons who would have been entitled to the share but for such surrender or forfeiture, and such certificate and the receipt of the Company for the price of such share shall constitute a good title to such share and a certificate of proprietorship shall be delivered to any person who may purchase the same from the Company, and thereupon such purchaser shall be deemed the holder of such share, discharged from all calls due prior to such purchase; and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to such share be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture or sale.

43. The Directors may in their discretion remit or annul the forfeiture of any share within six months from the date thereof upon the payment of all moneys due to the Company from the late holder or holders of such share or shares, and all expenses incurred in relation to such forfeiture, together with such further sum of money by way of redemption money for the deficit as they shall think fit, not being less than nine per centum per annum on the amount of the sums wherein default in payment had been made, but no share *bona fide* sold or re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of under Article 40 hereof, shall be redeemable after sale or disposal.

44. The Company shall have a first charge or paramount lien upon all the shares of any holder or joint-holders for all moneys for the time being due to the Company by such holder or by all or any of such joint-holders respectively, either in respect of such shares or of other shares held by such holder or joint-holders or in respect of any other debt, liability, or engagement whatsoever and whether due from any such holder individually or jointly with others, including all calls which the Directors shall have resolved to make, although the times appointed for the payment thereof shall not have arrived; and where any share is held by more persons than one, the Company shall be entitled to the said charge or lien in respect of any money due to the Company from any of such persons. And the Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares subject to such charge or lien.

45. Such charge or lien may be made available by a sale of all or any of the shares subject to it, provided that no such sale shall be made except under a resolution of the Directors, and until notice in writing shall have been given to the indebted Shareholder or his executors or administrators, or the assignee or trustee in his bankruptcy, requiring him or them to pay the amount for the time being due to the Company, and default shall have been made for twenty-eight days from such notice in paying the sum thereby required to be paid. Should the Shareholder over whose share the lien exists be in England or elsewhere abroad, sixty days' notice shall be allowed him.

46. The nett proceeds of any such sale shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of such debts, liabilities, or engagements, and the residue (if any) paid to such Shareholder or his representatives.

47. A certificate in writing under the hands of one of the Directors and of the Secretary that the power of sale given by Article 45 has arisen and is exercisable by the Company under these presents, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated.

48. Upon any such sale two of the Directors may execute a transfer of such share to the purchaser thereof, and such transfer, with the certificate last aforesaid shall confer on the purchaser a complete title to such share.

#### PREFERENCE SHARES.

49. Any shares from time to time to be issued or created may from time to time be issued with any such right or preference, whether in respect of dividend or of repayment of capital, or both, or any such other special privilege or advantage over any shares previously issued or then about to be issued (other than shares issued with a preference), or at such a premium, or with such deferred rights as compared with any shares previously issued or then about to be issued, or subject to any such conditions or provisions, and with any such right or without any right of voting, and generally on such terms as the Company may from time to time by special resolution determine.

50. If at any time, by the issue of preference shares or otherwise the capital is divided into shares of different classes, then the holders of any class of shares may by an extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of such holders, consent, on behalf of all the holders of shares of the class, to the issue or creation of any shares ranking equally therewith, or having any priority thereto, or to the abandonment of any preference or priority, or of any accrued dividend or the reduction for any time or permanently of the dividends payable thereon, or to any scheme for the reduction of the Company's capital affecting the class of shares; and such resolution shall be binding upon all the holders of shares of the class, provided that this Article shall not be read as implying the necessity for such consent in any case in which but for this Article the object of the resolution could have been effected without it.

51. Any meeting for the purpose of the last preceding clause shall be convened and conducted in all respects as nearly as possible in the same way as an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, provided that no member, not being a Director, shall be entitled to notice thereof or to attend thereat, unless he be a holder of shares of the class intended to be affected by the resolution, and that no vote shall be given except in respect of a share of that class, and that at any such meeting a poll may be demanded in writing by any members personally present and entitled to vote at such meeting.

#### BORROWING POWERS.

52. The Directors shall have power to procure from time to time, in the usual course of business, such temporary advances as they may find necessary or expedient for the purpose of defraying the expenses of working the Company's estates, or of erecting, maintaining, improving, or extending buildings, machinery, or plantations, or otherwise. Also from time to time at their discretion to borrow or raise from the Directors or other persons any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company, provided that the money so borrowed or raised and owing at any one time shall not, without the sanction of a General Meeting, exceed Rupees Twenty-five thousand (Rs. 25,000).

53. With the sanction of a General Meeting, the Board shall be entitled to borrow such further sum or sums, and at such rate of interest as such meeting shall determine. A certificate under the hands of one Director and the Secretary, or of two Directors, to the effect that in taking any loan the Directors are not exceeding their borrowing powers, shall be sufficient and binding on the Company and all concerned, and shall be conclusive evidence thereof in all questions between the Company and its creditors.

54. For the purpose of securing the repayment of any such money so borrowed or raised, or for any other purposes, the Directors may grant, create, execute, and issue any mortgages, cash credits, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company, charged upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, lands, property, rights, and assets of the Company both present and future, including uncalled capital or unpaid calls, or may make, accept, or endorse on behalf of the Company any promissory notes or bills of exchange.

55. Any such securities may be issued either at par or at a premium or discount, and may from time to time be cancelled, discharged, varied, or exchanged as the Directors may think fit, and may contain special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, or otherwise.

56. Every debenture or other instrument issued by the Company for securing the payment of money may be so framed that the moneys thereby secured shall be assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

#### GENERAL MEETINGS.

57. The First General Meeting shall be held at such time not being more than twelve months after the incorporation of the Company and at such place as the Directors may determine.

58. Subsequent General Meetings shall be held once in every year, at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if no time or place is so prescribed, then at such place and at such time as soon after the first day in each year as may be determined by the Directors.

59. The General Meetings mentioned in the last preceding clause shall be called Ordinary General Meetings; all other meetings of the Company shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.

60. The Directors may, whenever they think fit, call an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, and the Directors shall do so upon a requisition made in writing by not less than one-eighth of the number of Shareholders of the Company for the time being, or by any Shareholder or Shareholders holding in the aggregate one-eighth part of the shares of the Company for the time being subscribed for.

61. Any requisition so made shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called, shall be addressed to the Directors, and shall be sent to the registered office of the Company.

Upon the receipt of such requisition, the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such time and place as they shall determine. If they do not proceed to convene the same within seven days from the delivery of the requisition, the requisitionists may themselves convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such place and such time as the Shareholders convening the meeting may themselves fix.

62. Any Shareholder may, on giving not less than five days' previous notice of any resolution, submit the same to a meeting.

63. Such notice shall be given by leaving a copy of the resolution at the registered office of the Company.

64. Seven days' notice at least of every General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, and by whomsoever convened, specifying the place, date, hour of meeting, and the objects and business of the meeting, shall be given by advertisement in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*, or in such other manner (if any) as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting. Where it is proposed to pass a special resolution the two meetings may be convened by one and the same notice, and it is to be no objection to such notice that it only convenes the second meeting contingently upon the resolution being passed by the requisite majority at the first meeting.

65. Every Ordinary General Meeting shall be competent, without special notice having been given of the purposes for which it is convened, or of the business to be transacted thereat, to receive and discuss any report and any accounts presented thereto by the Directors, and to pass resolutions in approval or disapproval thereof, and to declare dividends, and to elect Directors and Auditors in the place of those retiring by rotation, and to fix the remuneration of the Auditors; and shall also be competent to enter upon, discuss, and transact any business whatsoever of which special mention shall have been given in the notice or notices upon which the meeting was convened.

66. With the exceptions mentioned in the foregoing Articles as to the business which may be transacted at the Ordinary General Meetings without notice, no General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss, or transact any business which has not been specially mentioned in the notice or notices upon which it was convened except resolutions submitted under Article 62.

67. No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting, except the declaration of a dividend recommended by a report of the Directors or election of a Chairman, unless there shall be present or represented at the commencement of the business three or more Shareholders entitled to vote.

68. If at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting the required number of Shareholders shall not be present at the meeting, the meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of Shareholders, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, those Shareholders who are present shall be a quorum, and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.

69. The Chairman (if any) of the Directors shall be entitled to take the Chair at every General Meeting whether Ordinary or Extraordinary; or if there be no Chairman, or if at any meeting, he shall not be present at the time appointed for holding such meeting, or if he shall refuse to take the Chair, the Shareholders shall choose another Director as Chairman; and if no Directors be present, or if all the Directors present decline to take the Chair, then the Shareholders present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman.

70. No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting, except the election of a Chairman, whilst the Chair is vacant.

71. The Chairman may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place, unless due notice thereof shall be given.

#### VOTING AT MEETINGS.

72. At any meeting every resolution shall be decided by a show of hands, and in case there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman at such meeting shall be entitled to give a casting vote in addition to the vote to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder; and unless a poll be immediately demanded by some Shareholder present and entitled to vote, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the Minute Book of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution. The power of demanding a poll conferred by this clause may be exercised by the proxy or attorney of any Shareholder duly appointed in that behalf.

73. If at any meeting a poll be demanded by some Shareholder present, his proxy or attorney at the meeting and entitled to vote, the meeting shall, if necessary, be adjourned, and the poll shall be taken at such time and place and in such manner as the Chairman shall direct, and in such case every Shareholder shall have the number of votes to which he may be entitled as hereinafter provided; and in case at any such poll there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting at which such poll shall have been demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder or proxy or attorney, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in such meeting.

74. The demand of a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.

75. No poll shall be demanded on the election of a Chairman of the meeting or on any question of adjournment.

76. On a show of hands every Shareholder present in person shall have one vote. Where a Shareholder is present by an attorney who is not a Shareholder such attorney shall be entitled to vote for such Shareholder on a show of hands. In case of a poll every Shareholder shall have one vote for every share held by him.

77. The parent or guardian or curator of an infant Shareholder, the committee or other legal guardian or curator of any lunatic Shareholder, the husband of any female Shareholder not entitled to her shares as separate estate, and the executor or administrator of any deceased Shareholder, or any one of such persons as aforesaid, if more than one, shall not be entitled to vote in the place, of such infant, lunatic, female, or deceased Shareholder, unless such person shall have been registered as a Shareholder.

78. Votes may be given either personally or by proxy or by attorney.

79. No Shareholder shall be entitled to be present or to vote either personally or by proxy or attorney at any meeting unless all calls due from him on his shares have been paid, and no Shareholder, other than the trustee or assignee of a bankrupt or representative of a deceased Shareholder, shall be entitled to be present or to vote at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company, in respect of any share which he has acquired by transfer, unless he has been registered as the holder of the share in respect of which he claims to vote at least three months' previous to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote.

80. No person shall be entitled to hold a proxy who is not a Shareholder in the Company, but this rule shall not apply to a power of attorney.

81. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be printed or written and shall be signed by the appointor (whether a Shareholder or his attorney) or if such appointor be a company or corporation, it shall be under the common seal of such company or corporation.

82. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than forty-eight hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote.

The instrument appointing a proxy may be in the following form :—

*H. Don Carolis & Sons, Limited.*

I, \_\_\_\_\_, of \_\_\_\_\_, appoint \_\_\_\_\_, of \_\_\_\_\_ as my proxy, to represent me and to vote for me and on my behalf at the Ordinary (or Extraordinary, as the case may be) General Meeting of the Company to be held on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, One thousand Nine hundred and \_\_\_\_\_, and at any adjournment thereof, and at every poll which may be taken in consequence thereof.

As witness my hand this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, One thousand Nine hundred and \_\_\_\_\_.

83. No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) except at the meeting or poll at which such votes shall be tendered, and every vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) to which no objection shall be made at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.

84. No Shareholder shall be prevented from voting by reason of his being personally interested in the result of the voting.

**DIRECTORS.**

85. The number of Directors shall never be less than two or more than six ; but this Article shall be construed as being directory only, and the continuing Directors or Director may act notwithstanding any number of vacancies.

The qualification of a Director shall be the holding in his own right of at least one hundred fully or partly paid shares in the Company upon which all calls for the time being have been paid, and this qualification shall apply as well to the first Directors as to all future Directors.

86. As remuneration for their services the Directors shall each be entitled to appropriate a sum not exceeding two thousand rupees annually to be divided between them in such manner as they may determine, but the Company in General Meeting may at any time alter the amount of such remuneration for the future, and such remuneration shall not be considered as including any remuneration granted for special or extra services hereinafter referred to, nor any extra remuneration to the Managing Directors of the Company.

87. Anagarika Dharmapala Hewavitarne and Charles Alwis Hewavitarne (who are herein referred to as the Life Directors) shall, subject to the provisions of Article 102, each be entitled to hold office so long as he lives, and J. Moonesinghe, N. Hewavitarne, and S. N. K. Moonesinghe (together with any other Directors) shall be the first Directors of the Company. The Ordinary Directors (which term shall mean the Directors for the time being of the Company other than the Life Directors and any Alternate Director appointed by a Life Director) shall hold office until the First Ordinary General Meeting of the Company when they shall retire, but shall be eligible for re-election.

88. A Life Director shall, subject to the provisions of Article 102, have power to appoint any member of the Company or any other person to be an Alternate Director during his absence from Ceylon, and such appointment shall have effect, and such appointee while he holds office shall be entitled to notice of meetings of Directors and to attend and vote thereat accordingly, and generally to exercise all the rights and functions of such absent Director, subject to any limitations or restrictions in the instrument appointing him, but he shall not require any qualification and he shall "*ipso facto*" vacate office if and when his appointor returns to Ceylon or vacates office as a Life Director. Any appointment under this Article shall be effected by an instrument in writing under the hand of the appointor, and any appointment so effected can be cancelled by the appointor by an instrument in writing under his hand and such Alternate Director shall vacate office as soon as notice in writing of the execution of such instrument of cancellation shall be received at the office of the Company. Such Alternate Director may be one of the Ordinary Directors of the Company, in which case he shall be entitled to vote in both capacities, but one person holding the office of Ordinary Director and Alternate Director shall not be a quorum under Article 112.

An Alternate Director shall in the absence of a direction to the contrary in the instrument appointing him be entitled to receive notice of and to vote at General Meetings of the Company on behalf of his appointor, and generally to represent his appointor in the same manner as if he had been appointed a general proxy under the provisions of those Articles.

89. One or more of the Directors may be appointed by the Directors to act as Secretary, Manager, or Managing Director or Managing Directors, and (or) Agent or Agents of the Company, Visiting Agent, or Superintendent, for such time and on such terms as the Directors may determine or may fix by agreement with the person or persons appointed to the office, and they may from time to time revoke such appointment and appoint another or other Secretary, Manager, Managing Director or Managing Directors, and (or) Agent or Agents of the Company, Visiting Agent, or Superintendent.

The Directors may confer on the Managing Director or Managing Directors all or any duties and powers that might be conferred on any Manager of the Company.

If any Director shall be called upon to perform any extra services, the Directors may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such services, either by way of salary, commission, or the payment of a lump sum of money, as they shall think fit.

#### ROTATION OF DIRECTORS.

90. At the First Ordinary General Meeting of the Company all the Ordinary Directors shall retire from office and at the First Ordinary General Meeting in every subsequent year one of the Ordinary Directors for the time being shall retire from office as provided in Article 91.

91. The Ordinary Directors to retire from office at the Second Ordinary General Meeting shall, unless the Ordinary Directors otherwise arrange among themselves, be determined by ballot; in every subsequent year the Ordinary Directors to retire shall be those who have been longest in office.

92. In case any question shall arise as to which of the Ordinary Directors who have been the same time in office shall retire, the same shall be decided by the Directors by ballot.

93. Retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.

94. The Ordinary General Meeting at which Ordinary Directors retire or ought to retire by rotation shall appoint successors to them, and in default thereof such successors may be appointed at a subsequent Ordinary General Meeting.

95. Any casual vacancy occurring in the number of Ordinary Directors or provisional Directors, arising from death, resignation, or otherwise, may be filled up by the Life Directors, but any person appointed to fill such vacancy shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Director would have retained the same if no vacancy had occurred.

96. A General Meeting may from time to time with the consent of the Life Directors increase or reduce the number of Directors, and may also, determine in what rotation such increase or reduced number is to go out of office.

97. If at any meeting at which an election of an Ordinary Director ought to take place the place of a retiring Director is not filled up, the retiring Director may continue in office until the First Ordinary General Meeting in the next year, and so on from meeting to meeting until his place is filled up, unless it shall be determined at such meeting to reduce the number of Directors.

98. A Director may at any time give notice in writing of his intention to resign by delivering such notice to the Secretary or by leaving the same at the registered office of the Company, or by tendering his written resignation at a meeting of the Directors, and on the acceptance of his resignation by the Directors, but not before his office shall become vacant.

99. The Company may, by a special resolution, remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and may, by an ordinary resolution, appoint another person in his stead. The Director so appointed shall hold office only during such time as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.

100. Every Director or officer of the Company, and his heirs, executors, and administrators shall be indemnified by the Company from all losses and expenses incurred by him in or about the discharge of his duties, except such as happen from his wilful acts or defaults; and no Director or officer shall, nor shall the heirs, executors, or administrators of any Director or officer, be liable for the acts or defaults of any other Director or officer, or for any loss or expenses happening to the Company by the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired for or on behalf of the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested, or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency, or tortious act of any person with whom any money, securities, or effects shall be deposited, or for any other loss, damage, or misfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, unless the same happen through his own wilful act or default.

101. No contribution shall be required from any present or past Director or Manager, exceeding the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares in respect of which he is liable as a present or past Shareholder.

#### DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS.

102. The office of the Director shall be vacated—

- (a) If he accepts or holds any office or place of profit under the Company other than Managing Director, Manager, Agent, Visiting Agent, Superintendent, or Secretary of the Company or Trustee for debenture holders.
- (b) If he becomes bankrupt or insolvent, or suspends payment, or files a petition for the liquidation of his affairs, or compounds with his creditors.
- (c) If by reason of mental or bodily infirmity he becomes incapable of acting.
- (d) If he ceases to hold the required number of shares to qualify him for the office.
- (e) If he resigns his office under the provisions of Article 98.
- (f) If he ceases to have his ordinary place of residence in Ceylon or is absent from Ceylon without leave from the Board for a period of three consecutive months, provided that the office of Life Director shall not be vacated by reason merely of absence from Ceylon for any period.

No Director shall be disqualified from holding office by reason of entering into any contract with or doing any work for the Company or by reason of his being a member of any corporation, company, or firm which has entered into any contract with, or done any work for, the Company, or by reason of his being Agent, or Secretary, or Solicitor, or being a member of a firm who are Agents, or Secretaries, or Solicitors of the Company; nevertheless, he shall disclose to the Directors his interest in any contract, work, or business in which he may be personally interested, and shall not vote in respect of any matters connected with any such contract, work, or business.

#### POWERS OF DIRECTORS.

103. The Directors shall have power to carry into effect the acquisition of the business, assets, and liabilities of the firm of H. Don Carolis & Sons, Colombo, and the purchase and acquisition or lease of any business, lands, right, or property they may think fit, or any share or shares thereof.

104. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors either by themselves or through a Managing Director, or with the assistance of an agent or agents, and secretary or secretaries of the Company to be appointed by the Directors for such a period and on such terms as they shall determine, and the Directors shall pay out of the funds of the Company all costs and expenses, as well preliminary as otherwise, paid or incurred in and about the formation and the registration of the Company, and in and about the valuation, purchase, and acquisition of the said business and otherwise in or about the working and business of the said Company.



105. The Directors shall have power to make, and may make such rules or regulations for the management of the business and property of the Company as they may from time to time think proper, and shall carry on the business of the Company in such manner as they may think most expedient; and, in addition to the powers and authorities by any Ordinance or by these presents expressly conferred on them, they may exercise all such powers, give all such consents, make all such arrangements, appoint all such agents, managers, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, superintendents, assistants, clerks, artisans, labourers, and other servants, for such period or periods, and with such remuneration and at such salaries, and upon such terms and conditions as they may consider advisable, and may pay the expenses occasioned thereby out of the funds of the Company, and may from time to time remove or suspend all or any of the managers, agents, treasurers, accountants, officers, clerks, or servants of the Company for such reasons as they may think proper and advisable, and without assigning any cause for so doing.

106. The Directors shall exercise in the name and on behalf of the Company all such powers of the Company as are not expressly required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, and shall generally do all such acts and things as are or shall be by any Ordinance and by these presents directed and authorized to be exercised, given, made, or done by the Company, and are not by any Ordinance or by these presents required to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting, subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of any such Ordinances and of these presents and to such regulations and provisions (if any) as may from time to time be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting; but no regulations made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made.

The generality of the powers conferred by any Article in these presents on the Directors shall not be taken to be limited by any Article conferring any special or expressed power.

107. The Directors shall have power to appoint a proctor or proctors, solicitor or solicitors, attorney or attorneys, to assist in carrying on or protecting the business of the Company, on such terms, as they may consider proper, and from time to time to revoke such appointment.

108. The Directors shall have power to open from time to time on behalf of the Company any account or accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint, and also by such signatures as they may appoint to draw, accept, make, endorse, sign, and execute cheques, bills of exchange, and promissory notes, bills of lading, receipts, contracts, and agreements, bonds, mortgages, proxies to any proctor or proctors, and other documents, on behalf of and to further the interests of the Company.

109. The seal of the Company shall not be affixed to any instrument except in the presence of two or more of the Directors, or of one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries, who shall attest the sealing thereof; such attestation on the part of the Secretaries, in the event of a firm or registered company being the Secretaries, being signified by a partner or duly authorized Manager, Director, Secretary, Attorney, or Agent of the said firm or company signing for and on behalf of the said firm or company as such Secretaries.

110. It shall be lawful for the Directors, if authorized so to do by a special resolution of the Shareholders of the Company in General Meeting, to arrange terms for the amalgamation of the Company with any other company or companies, or individual or individuals, or for the sale or disposal of the business, lands, property, rights, privileges, and effects of the Company, or any part or parts, share or shares thereof, respectively, to any company or companies, or person or persons, upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit, and the Directors shall have power to do all such things as may be necessary for carrying such amalgamation, sale, or other disposition into effect so far as a resolution or special resolution of the Company is not by law necessary for such purpose; and in case any terms so arranged by the Directors include or make necessary the dissolution of the Company, the Company shall be dissolved to that end.

111. In furtherance and not in limitation of, and without prejudice to, the general powers conferred or implied in the last preceding Article, and of the other powers conferred by these presents, it is hereby expressly declared that the Directors shall have the powers following (that is to say) :—

- (a) To institute, conduct, defend, compromise, settle, or abandon any action, suit, prosecution, or other legal proceedings on behalf of the Company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due to or from the Company, and any claims or demands made by or against the Company.
- (b) To refer any claims or demands by or against the Company to arbitration, and observe and perform or enforce the awards.
- (c) To make and give receipts, releases, and other discharges for money payable to the Company and for claims and demands by the Company.
- (d) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents with power to accept the office of trustee, assignee, liquidator, receiver or inspector, or any similar office.
- (e) To invest any of the moneys of the Company which the Directors may consider not to be immediately required for the purposes thereof, upon such securities and in such manner as they may think fit, and so that they shall not be restricted to such securities as are permissible to trustees, without special powers, and from time to time to vary or realize such investments.
- (f) To delegate to any one or more of the Directors of the Company for the time being, or any other person or Company for the time being, residing or carrying on business in Ceylon, or elsewhere, all or any of the powers or functions given to or exercisable by the Directors; and to confer such powers for such time and to be exercised for such objects and purposes, and upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as the Directors may think expedient, and to confer such powers either collaterally with or to the exclusion of, and in the substitution for, all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf, and from time to time to revoke, withdraw, alter, or vary all or any of such powers. The Directors may allow to any person or Company to whom any powers may be so delegated such remuneration as they in their absolute discretion shall think fit.

#### PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

112. The Directors may meet for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings at such places and times and in such manner as they may think fit, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Until otherwise determined, a Life Director or his Attorney and one Ordinary Director shall be a quorum.

113. A Director may at any time summon a meeting of Directors.

114. The Board may elect a Chairman of their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office, and all meetings of the Directors shall be presided over by the Chairman, if one has been elected and if present, but if there be a vacancy in the office of Chairman, or if at any meeting of Directors the Chairman be not present at the time appointed for holding the same, then, and in that case the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.

115. Any question which shall arise at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman thereof shall have a casting vote in addition to his vote as a Director.

116. The Board may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as the Board think fit, and they may from time to time revoke and discharge any such committee, either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee so formed shall, in exercise of the powers delegated to it, conform to all such regulations as may be prescribed by the Board. All acts done by any such committee, in conformity with such regulations and in the fulfilment of the purposes of their appointment, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.

117. The meetings and proceedings of such committees shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto, and are not superseded by the express terms of the appointment of such committee respectively, or any regulation imposed by the Board.

118. The acts of the Board of any committees appointed by the Board shall, notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board or committee, or defect in the appointment or qualification of any Director or of any member of the committee, be as valid as if no such vacancy or defect had existed, and as if such person had been duly appointed or qualified, provided the same be done before the discovery of the vacancy or defect.

119. A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors for the time being in Ceylon shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted.

120. The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in a book or books to be provided for the purpose—

- (1) Of all appointments of (a) of officers and (b) committees made by the Directors.
- (2) Of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors.
- (3) Of the names of the members of the committee appointed by the Board present at each meeting of the committee.
- (4) Of all orders made by the Directors.
- (5) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all General Meetings of the Company.
- (6) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of the Directors.
- (7) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of committees appointed by the Board.

121. All such minutes shall be signed by the person who shall have presided as Chairman at the General Meeting, the Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting at which the business minuted shall have been transacted, or by the person who shall preside as Chairman at the next ensuing General Meeting, or Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, as the case may be; and all minutes purporting to have been signed by any Chairman of any General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively, shall, for all purposes whatsoever, be *prima facie* evidence of the actual and regular passing of the resolutions, and the actual and regular transaction or occurrence of the proceedings and other matters purporting to be so recorded, and of the regularity of the meeting at which the same shall appear to have taken place, and of the Chairmanship and signature of the person appearing to have signed as Chairman, and of the date on which such meeting was held.

#### ACCOUNTS.

122. The Agent or Secretary, or the Agents or Secretaries, for the time being, or, if there be no Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries, the Directors shall cause true accounts to be kept of the paid-up capital for the time being of the Company, and of all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and of the matters in respect of which such sums were received and expended, and of the assets, credits, and liabilities of the Company, and generally of all its commercial, financial, and other affairs, transactions, and engagements, and of all other matters necessary for showing the true financial state and condition of the Company. The accounts shall be kept in such books and in such a manner at the registered office of the Company, as the Directors think fit.

123. The Directors shall from time to time determine whether, and to what extent, and at what times and places, and under what conditions or regulations, the accounts and books of the Company or of any of them shall be open to the inspection of the Shareholders, and no Shareholder shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by Ordinance or authorized by the Directors or by a resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

124. At the Ordinary General Meeting in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company a statement of the income and expenditure of the Company for the previous financial year, and a balance sheet containing a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company, made up to the end of the same period.

125. The statement so made shall show, arranged under the most convenient heads, the amount of gross income, distinguishing the several sources from which it has been derived and the amount of gross expenditure, distinguishing the expense of the establishment, salaries, and other heads of expenditure. Every item of expenditure fairly chargeable against the year's income shall be brought into account so that a just balance of profit and loss may be laid before the meeting, and in case where any item of expenditure which may in fairness be distributed over several years has been incurred in any one year the whole amount of such item shall be stated, with the addition of the reasons why only a portion of such expenditure is charged against the income of the year.

126. The balance sheet shall contain a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company arranged under the heads appearing in the form annexed to the table referred to in Schedule C to "The Joint Stock Companies Ordinance, 1861," or as near thereto as circumstances admit.

127. Every such statement shall be accompanied by a report as to the state and condition of the Company and as to the amount which the Directors recommend should be paid out of the profits by way of dividend or bonus to the Shareholders.

128. A printed copy of such balance sheet shall, at least seven days previous to such meeting be delivered at, or posted to, the registered address of every Shareholder.

129. The accounts of the Company shall from time to time be examined and the correctness of the balance sheet ascertained, by one or more Auditor or Auditors..

#### AUDIT.

130. No person shall be eligible as an Auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Shareholder in any transaction of the Company, but it shall not be a necessary qualification for an Auditor that he be a Shareholder of the Company, and no Director or officer of the Company shall, during this continuance in office, be eligible as an Auditor.

131. The Directors shall appoint the first Auditor or Auditors of the Company and fix his or their remuneration. He or they shall hold office till the Second General Meeting of the Company. All subsequent appointments shall, except as is hereinafter mentioned, be made at the Ordinary General Meeting of the Company in each year by the Shareholders present thereat, and the Auditor or Auditors appointed as such meeting shall hold office only until the First Ordinary General Meeting after his or their appointment or until otherwise ordered by a General Meeting.

132. The remuneration of the Auditors other than the first shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting, and this remuneration may from time to time be varied by a General Meeting.

133. Retiring Auditors shall be eligible for re-election.

134. If any vacancy that may occur in the office of Auditor, is not supplied at the Ordinary General Meeting, or if any casual vacancy shall occur in the office of Auditor, the Directors shall fill up the vacancy by the appointment of a person or persons who shall hold office until the next Ordinary General Meeting after his or their appointment.

135. Every Auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet intended to be laid before the next Ordinary General Meeting, after his appointment, and it shall be his duty to examine the same with the accounts and vouchers relating thereto and to report thereon to the meeting, generally, or specially, as he may think fit.

136. The Auditor or Auditors for the time being shall have a list delivered to him or them of all books kept by the Company, and he or they shall at all reasonable hours in the daytime have access to all accounts, books, and documents whatsoever of the Company for the purpose of audit.

#### DIVIDENDS, BONUS, AND RESERVE FUND.

137. The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, from time to time, declare a dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders in proportion to the amount paid on their shares, but no dividend or bonus shall be payable except out of nett profits.

138. The Directors may, if they think fit, determine on and declare an interim dividend to be paid, or pay a bonus to the Shareholders provided the Directors are satisfied that the nett profits of the Company will be sufficient to justify such interim dividend or bonus.

139. The Directors may, before recommending any dividend or bonus, set aside out of the profits of the Company such a sum as they think proper as a reserve fund and may invest the same in such securities as they may select, or place the same in fixed deposit in any bank or banks, and may from time to time deal with and vary such investment and apply such reserve fund or such portion thereof as they think fit, to meet contingencies or for special dividends or for equalizing dividends, or for working the business of the Company, or for repairing or maintaining or extending the buildings and premises of the Company, or for the repair or renewal or extension of the property or plant of the Company or any part thereof, or for any other purposes connected with the interest of the Company that they may from time to time deem expedient without being bound to keep the same separate from the other assets.

140. Any General Meeting may direct payment of any dividend or bonus declared at such meeting or of any interim dividends or bonuses which may subsequently be declared by the Directors, wholly or in part by means of drafts or cheques on London, or by the distribution of specific assets and in particular of paid-up shares, debentures, or debenture stock of the Company or of any other company or in any other form of specie, or in any one or more of such ways and the Directors shall give effect to such direction, and when any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution they may settle the same as they think expedient, and in particular may issue fractional certificates and may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets, or any part thereof and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any Shareholder upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties and may vest any such specific assets in trustees upon such trusts for the persons entitled to the dividend or bonus as may seem expedient to the Directors.

141. No unpaid dividend or bonus shall ever bear interest against the Company.

142. No Shareholder shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividend or bonus in respect of his share or shares whilst any moneys may be due or owing from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company in respect of such share or shares, or otherwise howsoever.

143. The Directors may deduct from the dividend or bonus payable to any Shareholder all such sums of money as may be due from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company, and notwithstanding the fact that such sums or any of them are not payable until after the date when such dividend or bonus is payable.

144. Notice of any dividend that has been declared, or of any bonus to be paid, shall be given to each Shareholder entitled thereto, and any dividend or bonus unclaimed by any Shareholder for three years after notice thereof is given may be forfeited by the Directors for the benefit of the Company, and, if the Directors think fit, may be applied in augmentation of the reserve fund.

145. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any partner of such firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm.

146. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by several persons jointly, other than a firm, may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any one of such persons.

#### NOTICES.

147. Notices from the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed or written) of the Agent or Secretary, Agents or Secretaries, or persons appointed by the Board to authenticate the same.

148. Every Shareholder shall give an address in Ceylon, which shall be deemed to be his place of abode, and shall be registered as such in the books of Company.

149. A notice may be served by the Company upon any Shareholder, either personally or by being sent through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to such Shareholder at his registered address or place of abode, and any notice so served shall be deemed to be well served notwithstanding that the Shareholder to whom such notice is addressed be dead, unless his executors, or administrators shall have given to the Directors, or to the Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries of the Company, their own or some other address in Ceylon to which notices may be sent.

150. All notices directed to be given to Shareholders shall, with respect to any share to which persons are jointly entitled, other than a firm, be given to whichever of such persons is named first in the Register of Shareholders, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares.

151. Any notice, if served by post, shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the letter containing the same would in ordinary course of post have been delivered at its address, and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and put into a post office or post box, and the entry in the Company's books of the leaving or sending by post of any notice at or to such address shall be sufficient evidence thereof, and no further evidence shall be necessary.

152. Any Shareholder who fails to give and register an address in Ceylon as provided in Article No. 148, shall not be entitled to be given any notices.

All notices required to be given by advertisement shall be published in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*.

#### EVIDENCE.

153. On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought or instituted by the Company against any Shareholder or his representatives to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is or was, when the claim arose, on the Register of Shareholders of the



Company as a holder of the number of shares in respect of which such claim is made, and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company; and it shall not be necessary to prove the registration of the Company, nor the appointment of the Directors who made any call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made, nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

PROVISIONS RELATIVE TO WINDING UP OR DISSOLUTION OF THE COMPANY

154. Any Shareholder, whether a Director or not, and whether alone or jointly with any other Shareholder or Director, and any person not a Shareholder, may become the purchaser of the property of the Company or any part thereof in the event of a winding up or a dissolution, or at any other time when a sale of the Company's property or effects or any part thereof shall be made by the Directors under the powers hereby or under the Ordinance conferred upon them.

155. If the Company shall be wound up whether voluntarily or otherwise the liquidator or liquidators may with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company divide among the contributories in specie any part of the assets of the Company, and may with the like sanction vest any part of the assets of the Company in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories as the liquidator or liquidators with the like sanction shall think fit, and if thought expedient any such division may be otherwise than in accordance with the legal rights of the members of the Company and in particular any class may be given preferential or special rights or may be excluded altogether or in part and the liquidator or liquidators shall be entitled to sell all or any of the assets of the Company in consideration of or in exchange for shares, ordinary, fully paid, part paid, or preference, in the purchasing company, but in case any division otherwise than in accordance with the legal rights of the contributories shall be determined on or any sale made of any or all of the assets of the Company in exchange for shares in the purchasing company either ordinary, fully paid, or part paid, or preference, any contributory who would be prejudiced thereby, shall have a right to dissent as if such determination were a special resolution passed pursuant to the section 192 of the Companies (Consolidation) Act of 1908, in England, but for the purposes of an arbitration as in the sub-section (6) of the said section provided the provisions of the Ceylon Arbitration Ordinance, 1866, and of the Ceylon Ordinance, No. 2 of 1889, shall apply in place of the English and Scotch Acts referred to in the said sub-section (6) of section 192 of the aforesaid Companies (Consolidation) Act, and the said section 192, save as herein excepted, shall be deemed to be part and parcel of these present Articles.

In witness whereof the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereto set and subscribed their names at the places and on the dates hereafter written :

S. K. MOONESINGHE.  
N. HEWAVITARNE.  
R. HEWAVITARNE.  
C. H. S. BLATCH.  
JOS. F. MARTYN.  
N. S. O. MENDIS.  
J. VICTOR A. GOONETILLEKE.

Witness to all the above signatures, this 29th day of April, 1927 :

G. T. HALE,  
Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo.

[Second Publication]

**The Etambawela Rubber Company, Limited.**

NOTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above-named Company will be held at Ambewatte House, Slave Island, Colombo, the registered office of the Company, on Monday, June 20, 1927, at 11.30 A.M., for the purpose of considering, and, if thought fit, passing the following resolution :—

"That the Directors be and they are hereby authorized to sell a divided portion in extent 16 acres 2 roods and 34 perches of the land called Etambawila or Pitakanda in extent 156 acres 1 rood and 33 perches, depicted on title plan No. 142,689 dated July 6, 1887, authenticated by F. C. H. Clarke, Surveyor-General, at a price of not less than Rs. 200 per acre, and upon such other terms and conditions as the Directors in their absolute discretion shall think fit and to execute all conveyances, transfers, deeds, and other assurances as may be necessary in the premises."

Should the above resolution be passed by the requisite majority, the same will be submitted for confirmation as a special resolution to a further Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company which will be convened for the purpose.

By order of the Board,  
CUMBERBATCH & Co.,  
Agents and Secretaries.

Colombo, June 8, 1927.

**Auction Sale in D. C., No. 14,481, Colombo.**

A Valuable Residential Bungalow, known as Glencroft, at Messenger Street, Colombo.

UNDER and by virtue of the commission issued to me in the above case, I shall sell by public auction on Friday, July 1, 1927, at 4.30 P.M. at the spot :—

All that two contiguous allotments of land, now forming one property, with the buildings standing thereon bearing

assessment No. 45, and Ward No. 698, known as Glencroft, situated at Messenger street, within the Municipality and District of Colombo, Western Province; containing in extent 3 roods and 10 25/100 square perches.

For inspection of deeds and other particulars, please apply to Messrs. de Vos & Gratiaen, Proctors and Notaries, Colombo, or to—

19, Baillie street, Fort. J. G. VANDERSMAGT,  
Phone : 289. of A. Y. DANIEL & SON.

**Auction Sale.**

House Property at College Street, Kotahena.

UPON commission issued to me in case No. 23,195, D. C., Colombo, for the recovery of the amount of the mortgage decree, I shall sell by public auction—Undivided 17/24 parts of all that allotment of land marked in plan, with buildings thereon (being the divided front half part of premises No. 30, College street, Colombo; in extent 9 34/100 perches on Friday, July 1, 1927, at 5 P.M. at the spot.

For further particulars please apply to Mr. B. O. Pullenayagam, Proctor and Notary, Colombo, or to me—

6, Hulftsdorp street, H. J. F. RODRIGO,  
Colombo, June 10, 1927. Auctioneer and Broker.

**Auction Sale.**

BY virtue of the commission issued to me in action No. 22,867 of the District Court of Colombo, I shall put up for sale by public auction at the spot on Saturday, July 9, 1927, at 4 P.M. :—All that allotment of land called Kongahawatta, with the thatched house thereon, situated in the village Kalubowila, east in the Pale pattu of Salpiti korale, in the District of Colombo; containing in extent 3 acres 1 rood and 20 perches.

For further particulars apply to W. D. N. Selvadurai, Esq., Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo, or to me—

108, Ferry street, Colombo. PETER C. DE COSTA,  
Tel. : 1104. Auctioneer and Broker.

**Auction Sale.***Residential House Property at New Moor Street.*

BY virtue of the commission issued to me in action No. 22,996 of the District Court of Colombo, I shall put up for sale by public auction at the spot on Saturday, July 2, 1927, at 3 P.M. :— All that divided  $\frac{1}{2}$  part of the house and premises situated at New Moor street in Colombo, presently bearing assessment No. 1275/61A; containing in extent 6 $\frac{1}{2}$  perches.

For further particulars apply to P. M. Seneviratne, Esq., Proctor and Notary, Colombo, or to me—

108, Ferry street, Colombo.  
Tel. : 1104.

PETER C. DE COSTA,  
Auctioneer and Broker.

**Auction Sale.***Valuable Properties in Hendala Thimbrigasaya.*

BY virtue of a commission issued to me by the District Court of Colombo in case No. 22,985, I shall sell by public auction on Saturday, July 2, 1927, at their respective spots commencing from 3 P.M. in execution of a portion of the decree (schedule B) the following:—(1) All that allotment of land marked lot A out of the contiguous lands called Kosgahawatta, Kosgahawatta, and Meegahawatta, alias Thimbrigahawatta forming one property, situated at Hendala Thimbrigasaya in the Ragam pattu of Alutkuru korale, in the District of Colombo, Western Province; in extent 1 acre and 3 $\frac{1}{2}$  perches. (2) All that allotment of land marked lot B as aforesaid; in extent 1 acre and 3 perches. (3) All that allotment of land called Meegahawatta and Thimbrigahawatta, situated as aforesaid; in extent 1 bushel of paddy sowing land. (4) All that allotment of land called Thimbrigahawatta, situated as aforesaid; in extent 1 $\frac{1}{2}$  bushels paddy sowing land.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. Joseph & Saravanamuttu, Proctors and Notaries, Dam street, Colombo.

Colombo, June 7, 1927.

S. H. SELVAM JOSEPH,  
Auctioneer.

**Auction Sale.***Properties at Ragama and Mahorekanduliyaddepaluwa in the District of Colombo.*

UNDER decree in case No. 1,034, D. C., Negombo, entered in favour of the plaintiff, Seena Thana Kana Naha Sana Rawanna Mana Suppiah Pulle of Negombo, against the defendants (1) Dionitius de Abrew Abeyasinghe and (2) Maria Ejustina Perera Amarasekera Siriwardena, widow of the late James de Abrew Abeyasinghe, both of Ragama, and by virtue of the order to sell issued to us for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 1,350, with interest on Rs. 1,000 at 24 per cent. per annum from June 27, 1926, till October 18, 1926, and thereafter at 9 per cent. per annum on the aggregate amount, till payment in full, and costs of suit, we shall sell the under-mentioned properties mortgaged by bond No. 2,476 dated June 27, 1924, and attested by S. K. Wijayaratnam, Notary, by public auction on the first mentioned land on Monday, July 11, 1927, to wit:—

Commencing at 2 P.M.

1. The undivided  $\frac{1}{5}$  share of the land called Marakakayagewatta, situate at Ragama in Ragam pattu of Alutkuru korale, in the District of Colombo, Western Province; containing in extent 79 acres and 24 perches, with the buildings thereon, as primary mortgage.

2. All that divided  $\frac{1}{4}$  share of the land called Ketakellagahawatta, situate at Ragama aforesaid; the said divided  $\frac{1}{4}$  share is in extent about 3 acres, with the buildings standing thereon, excluding therefrom a portion of land in extent 1 rood, as secondary mortgage.

3. From and out of the land called Talgahawatta, situate at Ragama aforesaid; in extent about 8 acres, excluding therefrom a portion in extent 5 acres towards the north-eastern side and another portion in extent 2 roods, the remaining portion of land, with the buildings thereon, as secondary mortgage.

4. The undivided  $\frac{1}{4}$  share of all that land called Talgahawatta alias Hapugahadeniyawatukebella, situate at Ragama aforesaid; containing in extent about 4 acres, with the buildings thereon, as secondary mortgage.

5. All that land called Polgahahena, situate at Ragama aforesaid; containing in extent about 6 acres, with the buildings thereon, as secondary mortgage.

6. All that allotment of high and low land called Lavulugahakumbura, situate at Ragama aforesaid; containing in extent 1 $\frac{1}{2}$  acres more or less, with the buildings thereon, as secondary mortgage.

7. All that allotment of high and low land called Velipalata, situate at Ragama aforesaid; containing in extent 12 acres more or less, with the buildings thereon, as secondary mortgage.

8. All that allotment of field called Gorakagahaliyadda, situate at Ragama aforesaid; containing in extent 6 beras of paddy sowing ground more or less, as secondary mortgage.

9. All that land called Talgahawatta, situate at Ragama aforesaid; containing in extent about 1 $\frac{1}{2}$  acres, with the buildings thereon, excluding the portion acquired by the Crown, as secondary mortgage.

10. All that allotment of land called Mahalandekotasa, situate at Ragama aforesaid; containing in extent 10 acres more or less, with the buildings thereon, excluding the portion acquired by the Crown, as secondary mortgage.

At 5.30 P.M.

11. The undivided  $\frac{1}{2}$  share from and out of the  $\frac{1}{2}$  share of the five contiguous portions of lands called Delgahawatta, Kahatagahawatta, Kajugahawatta, Millagahawatta, and Kalawadugahawatta, now forming one land and known as Nawatta, situate at Mahorekanduliyaddepaluwa, in Adikari pattu of the Siyane korale, in the District of Colombo aforesaid; in extent about 24 acres, with the buildings thereon, as secondary mortgage.

Further particulars from Tudor Ranasinghe, Esq., Proctor, Supreme Court, and Notary, Negombo, or—

Negombo, June 7, 1927.

M. P. KURERA & Co.,  
Auctioneers.

**Auction Sale under Partition Decree in D. C., Galle, Case No. 22,085.**

UNDER and by virtue of a commission issued to me in the above case, I shall offer for sale by public auction on Saturday, July 16, 1927, commencing at 2.30 P.M. at the spot the following:—

All that allotment of land called Batahiawela, situated at Wadumulla in Paragahatota in Welaboda pattu of Galle District, Southern Province; and bounded on the north by the field belonging to Abangama Badahela Dines, east by Godellewatta whereon Hekala Badahela Babi resided, south by Delgahawatta, west by Kurunduwatta belonging to Maduwege Alis and others; containing in extent 3 acres 2 roods and 30 perches.

The said land will be sold in four lots as per plan of survey No. 284A made by Mr. W. V. Goonewardena, Surveyor, and filed of record, first among the co-owners at the appraised value thereof, and if not bid over and purchased by anyone of them, they will immediately thereafter be put up for sale among the public in terms of the Partition Ordinance, No. 10 of 1863.

Further particulars, if necessary, may be obtained from T. G. Jayawardena, Esq., Proctor, Supreme Court, and Notary, or from me—

Ambalangoda, May 31, 1927.

K. T. THOS. SILVA,  
Commissioner.

**Auction Sale.***Valuable House Property within the Fort, Galle.*

In the District Court of Galle.

(Case No. 507 Special.)

UNDER and by virtue of a commission issued to me in the above case, I shall sell by public auction the following property, on July 7, 1927, at 3.30 P.M. at the spot

All that and those the house, ground, and premises presently bearing assessment No. 16, Middle street, situate and lying in the Quarter letter I., within the Fort of Galle,

in the Four Gravets and Municipality of Galle, Galle District; and bounded on the north by house No. 15, formerly the property of the widow Mrs. John Watzall, and thereafter belonging to the estate of Mohamed Baay Ibnu Ajaini and now belonging to O. L. M. Macan Markar, on the east by the house of Arnoldas Carloe Hendrick and Gregoris Martinus de Silva now No. 1, Small Moder Baay street, property of R. W. Juriansz, on the south by Kleyn Moder Baay street, and on the west by Middle street; and containing in extent 32 19/100 square perches according to the survey and description thereof dated September 8, 1899, and authenticated by Alladeen A. Sourjah, Licensed Surveyor.

For further particulars, please apply to Messrs. Wickramasingha & Abeyewickrama, Proctors and Notaries, Galle, or to me—

Ambalangoda, June 8, 1927. K. T. THOS. SILVA,  
Commissioner.

#### Auction Sale under Mortgage Decree in D. C., No. 6,083.

BY virtue of the commission issued to us in the above case, we shall offer for sale by public auction the under-mentioned property on Thursday, June 30, 1927, at about 3 P.M. at the spot:—

#### Description of Property.

An undivided 12 acres of paddy land called Pulianodai, situated at Peruvavattai in Sammantural pattu; bounded on the north by ear, south by land of Meeralevzi and others, east by Pattamputti-ear, and west by land of Nallatambypody and wife; containing in extent 42 acres 3 roods and 11 perches.

Telegrams: "Rateco," RATNASINGHAM & Co.,  
Batticaloa, June 6, 1927. Auctioneers and Brokers.

#### Auction Sale.

In the District Court of Kurunegala.

K. M. Mohammado Ibrahim Saibo of No. 24, Dam street, Colombo ..... Plaintiff.  
No. 12,030. Vs. 38 10/107

Senarat Mudalige Mary Dias Hamine of Ilippugedera, Kurunegala, administratrix, in District Court, Kurunegala, Testamentary Case No. 2,543. Defendant.

UNDER and by virtue of the decree entered in the above case and by virtue of order issued to me for the recovery of the amount stated therein, I shall sell by public auction the following property hereinbelow declared bound and executable under the said decree on Monday, July 4, 1927, commencing at 4 P.M. on the third land herein below:—

1. All that land called Ambalanpitiya in extent of 1 acre 3 roods and 22 perches.
2. All that land called Ambalanpitiyehena of 1 laha kurakkan sowing, both situate at Neligama.
3. All that land called Pansalagawapillewa, together with the buildings and plantations therein, of 6 measures kurakkan.
4. All that Kongahakumbura of 15 lahas paddy.
5. All that land called Nugagahamulapillewa of 1 measure kurakkan sowing.
6. All that undivided 1/2 share from and out of the pillewa adjoining the land called Gambirigahakumbura, in extent of 2 measures of kurakkan, all situate at Budanapitiya.

7. An undivided 1/2 from the western side of all that land called Vendavameegahakumbura of 1 pela paddy sowing, and the adjoining land called Ketagalagahamulawatta of 3 measures kurakkan.

8. All that land called Kohombagahamulawatta of 1 measure kurakkan, both situate at Neligama.

Further particulars from me—

Kurunegala, June 2, 1927. T. B. AMUNUGAMA,  
Licensed Auctioneer.

#### Auction Sale.

In the District Court of Kurunegala.

Daisy Enid Obeyasekera of Wehera Walawwa, Kurunegala ..... Plaintiff.  
No. 10,547. Vs. 27/3  
Liyanapathirennelage Tegis Singho of Udawelawatta ..... Defendant.

UNDER and by virtue of the decree entered in the above case, and by virtue of order issued to me for the recovery of the amount stated therein, I shall sell by public auction the following property hereinbelow declared bound and executable under the said decree, on Saturday, July 2, 1927, commencing at 2 P.M. on the first land herein below:—

1. The land called Galagadahena alias Galgodahena, now garden of Timba kurakkan sowing.
2. The land called Boghamulawatta of about 2 acres in extent.
3. An undivided 1/2 share Galagawawatta of 6 lahas kurakkan sowing extent and its adjoining Galagawawatta of 3 lahas kurakkan.
4. An undivided 5/12 share of Kunugalayapotte-kumbura of 1 amunam paddy sowing extent, all situate at Udawelawatta in Dambadeni Udukaha korale west.

Further particulars from me—

Kurunegala, June 2, 1927. T. B. AMUNUGAMA,  
Licensed Auctioneer.

#### Auction Sale.

In the District Court of Kurunegala.

Mana Kawanna Moona Kader Batcha of Dam-pitiya ..... Plaintiff.  
No. 11,198. Vs. 25

Sena Meina Mohommadu Latiff of Elabadagama, administrator of the estate of the late Nena Meera Saibo of Elabadagama in Katugampola Medapattu korale ..... Defendant.

UNDER and by virtue of the order to sell issued to me under the decree entered above-mentioned case for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 867.75, with further interest and costs, I will put up for sale by public auction the following properties at their respective spots on Saturday, June 25, 1927, commencing at 11 A.M.:—

1. All that undivided 1/2 share of the land called Delgahamulawatta, situated at Elabadagama aforesaid; and containing in extent 6 lahas kurakkan more or less.
2. All that land called Kajugahamulawatta, situated at Elabadagama aforesaid; and containing in extent 1 rood and 17 perches.

For further particulars, please apply to me or to Mr. Frank Markus, Proctor, Kurunegala.

Dandagamuwa, June 1, 1927. D. S. WIJEYAMANNA,  
Auctioneer.

#### APPLICATION FOR FOREIGN LIQUOR LICENCES, &c.

I hereby give notice that I have applied on June 2, 1927, to the Government Agent, Western Province, for the licence shown in the schedule hereto annexed, for the licensing period ending September, 1928, in compliance with Excise Notification No. 75 of June 15, 1918:—

Schedule referred to

Name and address of applicant: C. S. Antony of C. S. Antony & Co., Chartered Bank Building, Colombo.  
Description of licence applied for: Retail licence for sale of foreign liquor not to be consumed on the premises.  
State whether application is for renewal of existing licence or for a new licence: New licence.  
Situation of premises to be licensed: 13, Bloemendahl road, Colombo.

C. S. ANTONY,  
of C. S. Antony & Co.

## MISCELLANEOUS DEPARTMENTAL NOTICES.

## Sale of Goods.

NOTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned packages, which have been lying at the Baggage Office, beyond the time allowed by law, will be sold by public auction on Tuesday, July 12, 1927, at 1 P.M., unless previously cleared. Goods sold must be cleared on or before Friday, July 15, 1927:—

Date. 1927.	S. R. No.	Name.	Vessel.	Number of Packages.	Description.
January 5	162	A. Home V. Howard	ss. Mooltan	1	bundle chairs
—	169	E. O. Keefe	do.	1	chair
January 6	245	Mrs. N. Balononte	ss. Orsova	1	parcel
January 9	414	E. Gallie	ss. Naldera	1	chair
—	426	Nil	do.	1	basket
January 13	562	J. B. White	ss. Oxfordshire	1	guitar
January 17	642	P. F. Gray	Talaimannar train	1	revolver
January 19	727	Mr. W. D. Longyear	ss. President Adams	1	parcel
January 20	776	Miss Pittars	ss. Comorin	1	bundle chairs
January 22	942	N. M. Bharucha	ss. Nellore	1	tin
January 23	983	A. S. P. Misier	ss. Barjora	1	parcel
January 29	1331	Clarke	ss. Otranto	1	package
April 13	5343	From S. M. Fort Madras Beach to Jaffna W. B. No. 119/31 of February 17, 1927, Jaffna W. B. No. 115/155 of April 10, 1927	Talaimannar train	1	parcel
April 17	5572	Nil	Talaimannar train	1	tobacco
May 9	6674	S. K. & Co., Erode Jr. to Jaffna No. 3/86 of January 31, 1927, Jaffna W. B. No. 73 of May 6, 1927		1	parcel

H. M. Customs,  
Colombo, June 2, 1927.

C. H. COLLINS,  
for Principal Collector.

## Sixadana Vernacular Mixed School.

NOTICE is hereby given that the above school, situated in Laxapathiya, Colombo District of the Western Province, under the management of Rev. W. Sanghananda has been registered as a grant-in-aid school with effect from January, 1926.

Education Office,  
Colombo, June 10, 1927.

L. MACRAE,  
Director of Education.

## Cottagalla Estate School.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application has been received from the Superintendent, Cottagalla Group, for a grant in aid of the above school which is situated in Kadugannawa district of the Central Province.

Observations will be received not later than July 10, 1927.

Education Office,  
Colombo, June 10, 1927.

L. MACRAE,  
Director of Education.

## J/Pannakam (Meikandan) Vernacular Mixed School.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application has been received from Hon. Mr. W. Duraiswamy for a grant in aid of the above school which is situated in Changanai West, Jaffna District of the Northern Province.

Observations will be received not later than July 10, 1927.

Education Office,  
Colombo, June 10, 1927.

L. MACRAE,  
Director of Education.

## Putupaula Estate School.

NOTICE is hereby given that the above school, situated in the Kalutara District of the Western Province under the management of the Superintendent, has been registered as a grant-in-aid school, with effect from May, 1926.

Education Office,  
Colombo, June 10, 1927.

L. MACRAE,  
Director of Education.

## Change of Management.

NOTICE is hereby given that Rev. D. S. Mc. Lelland has been appointed Manager of the school mentioned below, in place of Rev. James S. Mather.

School referred to.

Murunkan Vernacular Mixed School.

Education Office,  
Colombo, May 24, 1927.

L. MACRAE,  
Director of Education.

## Change of Management.

NOTICE is hereby given that Rev. T. S. Johnson has been appointed Manager of the schools mentioned below, in place of Rev. A. C. Houlder.

Schools referred to:

Yahalakēle m  
Pita Cotta b  
Etul Cottag  
Pelanwatte m  
Bokundara g  
Angampitiya m  
Horagola m

Liyanwala m  
Pita Cotta g  
Pannipitiya m  
Mampe m  
Boralesgamuwa m  
Udumulla m

Education Office,  
Colombo, May 25, 1927.

L. MACRAE,  
Director of Education.

## Change of Management.

NOTICE is hereby given that Rev. A. A. Sneath has been appointed Manager of the school mentioned below in place of Rev. John Eagle.

School referred to.

Richmond Hill Girls' Anglo-Vernacular School.

Education Office,  
Colombo, May 27, 1927.

L. MACRAE,  
Director of Education.

## Change of Management.

NOTICE is hereby given that Rev. J. E. Silva has been appointed Manager of the school mentioned below in place of Rev. Becket de Silva.

School referred to.

Tangalla Christ Church Vernacular School.

Education Office,  
Colombo, May 27, 1927.

L. MACRAE,  
Director of Education.

**Change of Management.**

NOTICE is hereby given that Miss M. Johnson has been appointed Manager of the schools mentioned below in place of Miss M. E. Lambe.

*Schools referred to.*

Gampola Girls' Anglo-Vernacular Building School.  
Maswela Girls' Vernacular School.  
Medagama Girls' Vernacular School.

Education Office,  
Colombo, June 4, 1927.

L. MACRAE,  
Director of Education.

**Change of Management.**

NOTICE is hereby given that Rev. T. S. Johnson has been appointed Manager of the schools mentioned below, in place of Rev. A. C. Houlder:—

*Schools referred to.*

Kotte Boys' C. M. S. English.  
Kotte Girls' C. M. S. English.  
Pitte Kotte Night (recognized).

Education Office,  
Colombo, June 6, 1927.

L. MACRAE,  
Director of Education.

**Imposition of Irrigation Rates.**

Order made by the Assistant Government Agent, Mullaitivu in terms of Section 48 (2) of "The Irrigation Ordinance, No. 45 of 1917," and approved by His Excellency the Governor.

WHEREAS the lands mentioned in the schedule hereto are not irrigable under any existing irrigation work, but are capable of deriving benefit from the irrigation work called and known as the Mamaduwa Major Work by the use of mechanical appliances.

And whereas the Director of Irrigation has issued a certificate dated May 10, 1927, to the proprietors of the said lands, authorizing the use of mechanical appliances for the purpose of the said lands, deriving benefit from the said irrigation work.

I, Paikiasothy Saravanamuttu, Assistant Government Agent of Mullaitivu, by virtue of the powers vested in me under section 48 (2) of the Irrigation Ordinance, No. 45 of 1917, do hereby, with the approval of His Excellency the Governor, impose an irrigation rate calculated at the rate of one rupee per acre per annum upon the lands appearing in the schedule hereto.

P. SARAVANAMUTTU,  
The Kachcheri, Assistant Government Agent.  
Mullaitivu, May 20, 1927.

*Schedule referred to.*

Survey reference: Preliminary plan 5,278/2.  
Name of land: Ehatugahaidama.  
Extent: 1 acre 2 roods.  
Proprietor: V. Punchibanda.  
Amount payable as irrigation rate: Rs. 1.50.

**Rogue Elephant.**

I am prepared to issue licences, free of stamp duty under section 9, sub-section (1) (b) of "The Game Protection Ordinance, No. 1 of 1909," for the destruction of a rogue elephant which roams about destroying crops and attacking people in the villages of Pudukkulama, Maradankulama, and Kattamankulama. These villages are close to the Resthouse at Mihintale.

*Description of the Animal:* Male elephant; height, about 8 feet; length of forefoot, 1 foot 2½ inches; length of hindfoot, 1 foot 2 inches.

The headmen will point out the animal.

The Kachcheri,  
Anuradhapura, May 31, 1927.

M. M. WEDDERBURN,  
Government Agent.

**Recruitment of Field Staff of the Irrigation Department**

VACANCIES exist for Learners for the Field Staff of the Irrigation Department, and applications for the posts are invited.

Candidates must be between the ages of 18 and 25 and must have passed the London Matriculation or Cambridge Senior Examination including the subject "Mathematics," and in addition to the pass certificate in either of these examinations they will be required to produce in original:—

- (a) Birth certificate.
- (b) Certificates of respectability from at least two persons, whose social or official position can be accepted as a guarantee of reliability, and who are not the candidates' schoolmasters, and also conduct certificates from the candidates' schoolmasters.

2. Application forms may be obtained from any of the Divisional Irrigation Engineers stationed at Anuradhapura, Batticaloa, Tangalla, Kolonnawa (Colombo), Kurunegala, and Haldumulla, which must be duly filled in and returned to the Divisional Irrigation Engineer (nearest to the applicant's own place of residence) so as to reach him not later than June 20, 1927.

3. Applicants who have satisfied the above requirements will be required to interview the Divisional Irrigation Engineer, who will examine them orally as to their general fitness for appointment as learners.

Successful candidates, before final appointment as learners, will be required to produce a health certificate from a Government Medical Officer testifying to the candidate's sound constitution, good vision and hearing, and physical fitness for service in any part of the Island.

4. Security for the sum of Rs. 100 in two satisfactory sureties must be furnished by learners to cover the cost of loss of stores or damage to instruments through neglect or carelessness. Learners must also sign an agreement to the effect that they will serve, if so required by the Director of Irrigation, for a period of three years in this Department; failing which they will refund the cost of their training, if called upon to do so.

5. The training of Learners will be undertaken by the Irrigation Department at the Training School at Trincomalee and in the field, and the course will consist of approximately:—

Six months in the Training School (commencing from about July 4, 1927);

Three months in the field; and

Three months in the Training School.

During this period, a subsistence allowance of Rs. 30 per month will be paid. A learner proceeding to Trincomalee for training will only be allowed free railway warrants and actual fares by public conveyance between his home and Trincomalee, but when changing station afterwards, he will be paid, in addition, daily subsistence allowance at the rate paid to Sub-Inspectors.

At the conclusion of the period of training, learners will be required to take up the examination for Irrigation Sub-Inspectors, but a learner who does not study properly or who shows no promise of becoming a satisfactory officer may be discontinued at any time.

6. A Sub-Inspector will be eligible, on passing a further examination, for promotion to Irrigation Inspector (on vacancies occurring), and ultimately, after satisfactory service and approved ability, to Assistant Irrigation Engineer. The pay of these officers at present is as follows:—

Irrigation Sub-Inspectors, Rs. 1,200 to Rs. 2,520 per annum.

Irrigation Inspectors, Rs. 2,640 to Rs. 4,440 per annum.  
Assistant Irrigation Engineers, Rs. 4,000 to Rs. 7,000 per annum.

7. Suitable learners may be given the option of coming under any improved scheme of training which the Committee now considering the question of training of Ceylonese for higher employment in the Technical Departments may decide upon.

Irrigation Department,  
Trincomalee, June 4, 1924.

R. F. MORRIS,  
Director of Irrigation.

## Ninety-fifth Annual Report of the Ceylon Savings Bank.

### Board of Directors :

The Hon. the Colonial Secretary.  
The Hon. the Controller of Revenue.  
The Postmaster-General.

### Treasurer :

The Hon. the Colonial Treasurer.

### REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1926.

THE Ninety-fifth Annual Report of the Ceylon Savings Bank is submitted, together with the statements of accounts and balance sheet for 1926, duly audited and certified by the Colonial Auditor.

The figures show satisfactory and steady progress, and the popularity of the Bank as a useful public institution has been maintained.

*Increase in Balances.*—During the year under review depositors' balances increased by Rs. 808,024·62. This result was arrived at by the addition to depositors, account interest due for the year and the excess of deposits over withdrawals.

*Deposits.*—The amount deposited during the year including interest was Rs. 3,174,087·36. The number of deposits during the year was 27,515 as against 24,022 in 1925.

*Withdrawals.*—The total amount withdrawn during the year was Rs. 2,366,062·74. The number of withdrawals was 21,518 as against 19,773 in 1925.

*Number of Transactions.*—The total number of transactions in deposits and withdrawals was 49,033 as against 43,795 in 1925.

The amount to credit of the depositors on December 31, 1926, was Rs. 6,547,687·26, as against Rs. 5,739,662·64 in 1925—an appreciable increase of Rs. 808,024·62, which is partly due to the normal increase in the number of accounts opened and partly due to the steady increase in deposits brought about by the favourable condition of the Ceylon produce market, chiefly rubber and tea.

*Number of Accounts.*—The number of accounts remaining open at the end of the financial year was 48,008 as against 45,880 in 1925.

The number of accounts opened during the year was 3,365, and the number of accounts closed during the year was 1,237, leaving a nett increase of 2,128 new accounts.

*Interest paid to Depositors.*—The rate of interest paid to depositors was the same as in the preceding year, viz., 4 per cent. on sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000, and 3 per cent. on sums exceeding Rs. 1,000.

The nett interest paid to depositors for 1926 was Rs. 201,977·06, as against Rs. 174,984·91 in 1925—an increase of Rs. 26,987·15.

*Investment on House Property.*—The amount lent during the year under review on 3 fresh mortgages on house property within the Municipal limits of Colombo was Rs. 16,000 as against Rs. 161,800 in 1925—a decrease of Rs. 145,800. The decrease in investments was due mainly to the great ease in the money market in the country.

The total investments under this head stood at Rs. 550,968·06 on December 31, 1926, as against Rs. 689,989·94 in 1925.

*Reduction of the Rate of Interest on House Property Loans.*—The Directors have reduced the rate of interest chargeable on these loans to 7 per cent. This rule came into force on December 11, 1926, but the existing contracts as regards old loans will remain unaltered.

*Investments on Foreign Securities.*—A sum of Rs. 230,000 was invested to the best advantage by the Crown Agents (through the Hon. the Colonial Treasurer) in United Kingdom War Loan 5 per cent. stock.—Face value £27,099, 17s. 7d. A sum of Rs. 99,915·19 was also invested in Indian 5 per cent. bonds, 1945–55.—Face value Rs. 91,200.

*Profits.*—The nett profit after providing for interest to depositors, expenses of management, rent of premises, &c., was Rs. 25,145·42 as against Rs. 26,704·33 in 1925—a decrease of Rs. 1,558·91.

*Cost of Maintaining the Bank.*—The expenses of management of the Bank during the year amounted to Rs. 51,070·90 as against Rs. 49,460—an increase of Rs. 1,610·90, due to annual increments to the officers, new appointments, &c.

### GENERAL.

*Quarterly Balancing.*—The system of quarterly balancing of all deposits and withdrawals introduced in 1925 on the suggestion of the Postmaster-General has proved very successful. Under this system the accounts for 1926 have been proved to a cent.

*Secretary.*—Owing to failing health Mr. A. W. Metzeling, C.C.S., resigned from the office of Secretary in May, 1926. The Directors desire to place on record their appreciation of the care and ability with which he performed the duties of his responsible post during the four years he was in charge.

Mudaliyar P. H. M. Perera Wijesundera acted as Secretary until Mr. K. W. Y. Atukorala was appointed to the post on November 1 last.

Ceylon Savings Bank,  
Colombo, May 11, 1927.

K. W. Y. ATUKORALA,  
Secretary.



## Statement showing the Annual Progress of the Ceylon Savings Bank.

Year.	Number of Accounts opened.	Number of Accounts closed.	Amount deposited.	Amount withdrawn.	Number of Depositors.	Amount to Credit of Depositors.
			Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
1916 ..	1,640	1,568	1,401,333	1,409,050	38,899	4,107,917
1917 ..	1,282	1,773	1,169,934	1,479,371	38,408	3,798,480
1918 ..	1,666	1,447	1,286,756	1,342,643	38,627	3,742,593
1919 ..	2,577	1,498	1,814,836	1,469,632	39,706	4,089,722
1920 ..	2,646	1,682	1,938,168	1,744,672	40,670	4,283,218
1921 ..	2,549	1,611	1,896,524	1,676,150	41,608	4,503,592
1922 ..	2,152	1,566	1,822,361	1,706,392	42,194	4,619,561
1923 ..	2,802	1,492	2,070,646	1,786,491	43,504	4,903,716
1924 ..	2,596	1,358	2,369,070	2,083,051	44,742	5,189,736
1925 ..	2,870	1,732	2,712,454	2,162,528	45,880	5,739,662
1926 ..	3,365	1,237	3,174,087	2,366,062	48,008	6,547,687

## Nationality of New Depositors.

	1923.	1924.	1925.	1926.
Burghers ..	432	505	669	320
Malayan ..	5	5	35	9
Europeans ..	81	116	185	86
Goanese ..	—	2	3	—
Indians ..	4	5	5	2
Malays ..	55	79	184	36
Moors ..	180	161	201	176
Parsees ..	3	2	29	6
Sinhalese ..	1,794	1,451	1,268	2,358
Tamils ..	248	264	267	362
Bengales ..	—	2	—	1
Bharatas ..	—	4	24	9
<b>Total</b> ..	<b>2,802</b>	<b>2,596</b>	<b>2,870</b>	<b>3,365</b>

## Distribution of New Accounts.

	1923.	1924.	1925.	1926.
Western Province ..	2,416	2,131	1,078	2,948
Central Province ..	175	166	731	137
Southern Province ..	91	104	86	99
Northern Province ..	30	54	335	41
Eastern Province ..	11	19	97	24
North-Western Province ..	22	30	124	45
North-Central Province ..	17	27	162	20
Province of Uva ..	15	21	158	20
Province of Sabaragamuwa ..	25	44	99	31
<b>Total</b> ..	<b>2,802</b>	<b>2,596</b>	<b>2,870</b>	<b>3,365</b>

## Classification of Professions of New Depositors.

	1923.	1924.	1925.	1926.
Artificers ..	150	130	184	442
Civil Servants and Families ..	13	25	84	9
Clergy and Church Funds ..	47	33	49	35
Clerks and Families ..	1,125	1,115	1,028	670
District Mudaliyars and Ratamahatmayas ..	7	12	67	8
Domestic Servants ..	127	134	170	91
Educational ..	72	114	89	94
Labourers ..	148	95	122	95
Legal ..	22	21	58	11
Medical ..	61	48	52	26
Merchants and Traders ..	221	170	169	208
Military, Non-commissioned Officers and Privates ..	49	32	33	14
Minors ..	418	399	146	651
No occupation ..	127	72	155	542
Planters and Landowners ..	37	32	58	41
Policemen and Peons ..	79	75	77	64
Post and Telegraphs ..	15	13	52	14
Railway and Breakwater ..	47	26	56	7
Seafaring ..	9	17	39	6
Surveyors ..	12	10	53	7
Police Vidanes ..	5	10	62	6
Engineers ..	11	13	67	4
Security Accounts ..	—	—	—	292
Co-operative Credit Societies ..	—	—	—	28
<b>Total</b> ..	<b>2,802</b>	<b>2,596</b>	<b>2,870</b>	<b>3,365</b>

	1923.	1924.	1925.	1926.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Interest paid to Depositors	.. 155,045.99	.. 163,048.71	.. 174,989.91	.. 201,977.06
Interest on loans against property	.. 42,130.57	.. 49,796.02	.. 52,276.95	.. 47,756.69
Balance transferred to Reserve Account	.. 17,335.47	.. 25,258.11	.. 26,704.33	.. 25,145.42

## Balance Sheet of the Ceylon Savings Bank, December 31, 1926.

LIABILITIES.		ASSETS.	
	Rs. c.		Rs. c.
To Amount due to Depositors	.. 6,547,687 26	By Cash in Banks :—	
Suspense Account	.. 333 18	At credit of Directors	
Advance Accounts rents	.. 30 0	(Imp. Bank)	107,970 93
Miscellaneous receipts	.. 1 50	Do. (Mer. Bank)	3,507 27
Sundry Creditors	.. 423 82		111,478 20
Reserve Fund	.. 820,765 33	At credit of Treasurer	
		(National Bank)	10,865 12
			122,343 32
		By Fixed Deposits in Local Banks :—	
		Imperial Bank	370,000 0
		Mercantile Bank	470,000 0
		National Bank	309,000 0
		Hong Kong & Shanghai	
		Bank	392,000 0
		Chartered Bank	469,000 0
			2,010,000 0
		By Investments at cost :—	
		Ceylon Inscribed Stock,	
		4 per cent.	653 260 20
		Colonial Government	
		Securities, 3, 3½ and	
		5½ per cent.	1,084,886 66
		Indian Government	
		Paper, 3½ per cent.	1,892,166 18
		Indian 5 per cent. Bonds	
		1945/55	99,915 19
		Nigeria Stock, 4 per cent.	112,321 75
		United Kingdom War	
		Loan, 5 per cent. No. 1	103,984 53
		Do. do. No. 2	102,791 59
		Do. do. No. 3	30,000 0
		Do. do. No. 4	30,000 0
		Do. do. No. 5	20,000 0
		Do. do. No. 6	50,000 0
		Do. do. No. 7	50,000 0
		Do. do. No. 8	60,000 0
		Do. do. No. 9	30,000 0
		Do. do. No. 10	140,000 0
		Do. do. No. 11	35,000 0
		Do. do. No. 12	55,000 0
			4,549,326 10*
		By Loans on landed pro-	
		perty, 7 and 8 per cent.	550,968 6
		Bank properties	15,177 56
		Accrued interest :—	
		On loans	7,565 9
		On Colonial Government	
		Securities	17,663 45
		On Ceylon Inscribed	
		Stock	10,420 83
		On Indian Government	
		Paper	24,754 57
		On Indian 5 per cent.	
		Bonds 1945/55	947 62
		On United Kingdom	
		War Loan, 5 per cent.	20,085 72
		On fixed deposits	33,707 36
			115,144 64
		By Accrued rents on Bank	
		properties	60 0
		By Advance Account (Kala-	
		mazoo Binders)	1,629 44
		By Office furniture	4,581 97
		By Security Deposits Ac-	
		count (Trunk Line	
		Fees)	10 0
Total	.. 7,369,241 9	Total	.. 7,369,241 9

\* Market value on December 31, 1926, Rs. 3,553,013.85.

Dr. Profit and Loss Account of the Ceylon Savings Bank, December 31, 1926.				Cr.			
		Rs.	c.			Rs.	c.
To Interest paid to Depositors ..	201,977	6		By Interest on loans against property ..	47,760	83	
Rent of premises ..	5,100	0		Do. Indian Government Paper ..	60,968	99	
1/15 cost of Kalamazoo Binders ..	135	88		Do. Ceylon Inscribed Stock ..	25,750	0	
Salaries, pensions, audit, and lawyers' fees, &c. ..	42,493	83		Do. Colonial Government Securities ..	34,620	48	
Stationery, printing, advertisements, &c. ..	3,102	56		Do. United Kingdom War Loans, 5 per cent. ..	29,615	48	
Maintenance of Bank buildings ..	387	60		Do. Indian 5 per cent. Bonds 1945/55 ..	947	62	
Depreciation on furniture, 5 per cent. ..	238	63		Do. Fixed Deposits ..	76,547	33	
Balance being profits transferred to Reserve Fund ..	25,145	42		Do. Current Accounts in Banks ..	1,545	25	
				By Rents on Bank properties ..	825	0	
<b>Total ..</b>	<b>278,580</b>	<b>98</b>		<b>Total ..</b>	<b>278,580</b>	<b>98</b>	

Dr. Reserve Fund.				Cr.			
		Rs.	c.			Rs.	c.
To Balance on December 31, 1926 ..	820,765	33		By Balance on December 31, 1925 ..	795,619	91	
				Profits of 1926 transferred ..	25,145	42	
<b>Total ..</b>	<b>820,765</b>	<b>33</b>		<b>Total ..</b>	<b>820,765</b>	<b>33</b>	

Ceylon Savings Bank,  
Colombo, March 31, 1927.

HENRY A. S. HAMER,  
Accountant.

*Auditor's Certificate.*

I certify that the Accounts have been examined under my direction, and that the Balance Sheet correctly sets forth the state of the Bank's affairs according to the Bank's books.

Colombo, May 23, 1927.

O. E. GOONETILLEKE,  
Acting Colonial Auditor.

**The Ceylon Medical College.**

**B**URSARIES for poor deserving Medical Students have been instituted by the Government to cover the cost of both the Pre-medical and Medical Courses. The number shall not exceed 10 per cent. of the accepted entries for the Pre-medical Course at University College in any one year, and each shall be held subject to satisfactory academic progress being maintained from year to year.

2. The award of these Bursaries shall be made by the Medical College Council, subject to approval by the Government.

*Rules.*

(1) Candidates may be of either sex or any race, but must either be born in Ceylon, or of at least one Ceylonese parent.

(2) Candidates must not be over 21 years of age, must be physically fit for a medical career, of good character, and the necessary standard of general education required for entrance to the University College.

(3) Certificates proving the particulars required by rule (2) must be furnished in submitting application for a Bursary.

(4) Preference shall be given to such candidates as shall appear to the Council by their superior attainments and promise of usefulness to be more deserving of the advantage of these Bursaries.

(5) No candidate shall be eligible unless his parents or guardians produce evidence to the satisfaction of the Council that they are unable to pay the Medical College fees for such candidates, and they may be required to do so subsequently from time to time.

(6) The Registrar shall report to the Council at the end of each session on the progress and conduct of the holders of the Bursaries. In the event of such report being unsatisfactory, any Bursary may be withdrawn by the Council.

(7) Should the holder of a Bursary win the entrance or 1st Professional Scholarship he shall vacate his Bursary during the period covered by the Scholarship.

(8) Applications for Bursaries under the above rules should be sent through the Principal, University College, to the Registrar, Ceylon Medical College, by members of the Pre-medical class in University College after July 20,

1927, for the ensuing academic year, accompanied by a statement of qualifications according to above rules. Canvassing of members of the Medical College Council by candidates or on their behalf shall disqualify any candidate.

June 7, 1927 F. O'B. ELLISON,  
Registrar and Professor of Physiology.

**Appointment as Assistant District Engineer.**

**A**PPPLICATIONS are invited for the post of Assistant District Engineer in the Way and Works Department of the Ceylon Government Railway.

2. Applicants for the post should be Associate Members of the Institute of Civil Engineers or possess equivalent qualifications and should, in addition, have had at least three years' suitable experience on Railway construction or on the maintenance work of an open line.

Candidates must be capable of assisting a District Engineer in charge of a District of about 200 miles carrying on any or all the duties of the District Engineer if and as required. They should also be capable of designing bridges, buildings and other structures including reinforced concrete work with the making of all calculations necessary for the same.

Salary: £450 per annum to £690 per annum by 8 annual increments of £30. The candidate appointed will be required to pass a colloquial examination in one of the native languages within two years of appointment.

3. Quarters not guaranteed, but will be provided when available at a rental in accordance within the Government scale; when no quarters are provided an allowance towards rent will be made in accordance with the usual scale.

4. Engagement: for three years in the first instance on agreement, and if satisfactory may be taken on the fixed establishment on the usual conditions.

5. Applications in writing should be sent to the Engineer of Way and Works, Ceylon Government Railway, Captain's Garden before July 1, 1927, and should contain full particulars of education, training, and experience.

General Manager's Office,  
Colombo, June 1, 1927.

T. E. DUTTON,  
General Manager.

### Sale of Crown Lands in the Negombo District.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Government Agent, Western Province, will receive sealed tenders for the purchase of the under-mentioned Crown lands, subject to the conditions given below:—

2. The tenders, which should be put in separately for each land, will be received at the Colombo Kachcheri until 1.30 P.M. on Thursday, July 28, 1927, when they will be opened. All persons making the tenders will be required to be present or to satisfy the Government Agent by some duly accredited agents that the tender is made *bona fide*.

3. Further information can be obtained on application at the Colombo Kachcheri.

4. The Government Agent reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

The Kachcheri,  
Colombo, June 6, 1927.

R. N. THAINE,  
Government Agent.

### CONDITIONS REFERRED TO.

(1) The person whose tender is selected by the Government Agent for submission to Government will be required to deposit at once 1/10th of the purchase amount in cash, and should the tender be accepted by Government the balance purchase amount should be paid within one month of the date of receipt by him of the notification of the acceptance of his offer, and in failure thereof the purchase shall be considered void, and the deposit of 1/10th paid on account of the said lands shall be forfeited.

(2) On payment to the Government Agent, within the time specified of the whole of the purchase money, the purchaser shall receive a deed of transfer as soon as may be practicable.

(3) Should it appear at any time before the execution and issue of the deed of transfer that the actual extent of the said lands are in excess of the extent given in this notice, the purchaser will be liable to pay the value of the excess extent at the same rate per acre as that at which he purchased the land. In the event of the extent of the said lands being hereafter found to be less than the extent given in the notice, the purchaser will be entitled to claim a refund of a proportionate amount of the purchase price paid by him at the same rate per acre as that at which he purchased the land. Provided, however, that he will not be entitled to claim any further amount as interest on the money paid by him or by way of compensation. In all questions affecting the description and admeasurement of the lands the decision of the Surveyor-General will be taken as final.

(4) These lands are sold subject to the reservation to the Crown of all right and title to the mines, minerals, plumbago, gold, silver, copper, iron, tin, lead, and other metals, and the ores thereof, and all mineral oil, coal, shale, or other deposit or formation from which mineral oil may be obtained, together with full power of entry for the same respectively, and all other powers and privileges necessary or requisite, to prospect for, dig for, or mine, or recover any of the above-mentioned minerals or metals, save and except under a grant or licence expressly obtained from the Crown, and then only subject to the royalties, terms, and conditions in such mining licence or grant contained.

### Description of the Lands.

1. All that allotment of land with everything thereon called Kundanwilawatta, situated in the 2nd Division of Udayartoppu, within the Gravets and District of Negombo aforesaid; bounded on the north by J. Dabrera's land, east by F. de Sosa's and N. R. de Croos' lands, south by road, and on the west by K. K. N. J. V. Velaiden Chetty's, J. Fernando's, and J. X. Fernando's lands; containing in extent 2 acres 2 roods and 11 perches according to the plan No. 15 dated July 1, 1916, made by L. Vanderputt, Licensed Surveyor.

This land is planted with coconut. It borders the Kundanwila road, and is situated in a very healthy quarter of the town.

2. All that garden called Pelawatta, situated at Grand street, in the town of Negombo aforesaid; bounded on the north-east by Green's road and the property of Joseph de Croos, south-east by the garden of Joseph de Croos, south-west by Leitan's lane, and on the north-west by the property of Gabriel de Croos; containing in extent 39 43/100 square perches more or less according to the plan dated March 22, 1884, made by W. C. Fernando, Surveyor.

This land is planted with coconut about 30 years old. It has two road frontages, Green's road on one side and Leitan's lane on the other.

### Interruption to Traffic on Main Roads, Central Province (North), Katugastota District.

IT is hereby notified that the Duckwari-Cottaganga road will be closed for vehicular traffic for 10 days from June 15, 1927, to enable improvements to be effected to the five timber platform bridges on this road.

Public Works Office, W. J. THORNHILL,  
Colombo, June 2, 1927. for Director of Public Works.

### Loss of Firearms.

#### MATARA DISTRICT.

Description of property: A single-barrelled muzzle-loading gun licensed under No. 46/W.K. and bearing No. M/459 on the stock.

Owner: M. P. Thepanis of Kanahalagama in the Ganga-bada pattu.

Remarks: Gun is reported to have been stolen.

The Kachcheri, J. A. GUNARATNA,  
Matara, June 7, 1927. for Assistant Government Agent.

#### RATNAPURA DISTRICT.

Description of Property: Single-barrelled cap gun No. C 343.

Number of Licence: 247/KM.

Licensee: M. W. Haramanisa of Massenna.

Remarks: The gun is reported to have been lost.

The Kachcheri, J. M. DE SILVA,  
Ratnapura, June 1, 1927. for Government Agent.

#### KEGALLA DISTRICT.

1. Single-barrelled breech-loading gun No. 2594 licensed under No. 2594.

Name of owner: V. Sebastian, late of Ambanpitiya estate, Kegalla.

Remarks: The licensee's whereabouts cannot be traced, and the licence has not been renewed from 1926.

2. Single-barrelled breech-loading gun No. 370 licensed under No. 3117.

Name of owner: William Sangakkara of Belmont Group, Rambukkana.

Remarks: Licensee's whereabouts cannot be traced, and the licence has not been renewed for 1927.

The Kachcheri, W. E. HOBDAI,  
Kegalla, June 6, 1927. Assistant Government Agent.

### Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

WHEREAS by proclamation dated May 5, 1927, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,581 of May 13, 1927, the premises known as the Mercantile Cricket grounds, Victoria Park, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, and whereas foot-and-mouth disease no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from foot-and-mouth disease, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from May 14, 1927.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, May 31, 1927. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS by proclamation dated May 18, 1927, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,583 of May 27, 1927, the premises known as the Reclaimed land behind Wekanda Mills, Slave Island, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, and whereas foot-and-mouth disease no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from foot-and-mouth disease, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from May 26, 1927.

CHAS. W. PATE,  
Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.  
The Municipal Office,  
Colombo, May 31, 1927.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS by proclamation dated April 26, 1927, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,579 of April 29, 1927, the premises bearing assessment No. 13, situated at Kirillapone road, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, and whereas foot-and-mouth disease no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from foot-and-mouth disease, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from May 10, 1927.

CHAS. W. PATE,  
Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.  
The Municipal Office,  
Colombo, May 31, 1927.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 19, situated at Cotta road, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from May 21, 1927.

CHAS. W. PATE,  
Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.  
The Municipal Office,  
Colombo, May 31, 1927.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in the premises known as the Government Factory, Public Works Department, Pettah, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from May 21, 1927.

CHAS. W. PATE,  
Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.  
The Municipal Office,  
Colombo, May 31, 1927.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS by proclamation dated March 25, 1927, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,574 of April 1, 1927, the premises bearing assessment No. 1B, situated at Prince's Gate, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, and whereas foot-and-

mouth disease no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from foot-and-mouth disease, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from April 5, 1927.

CHAS. W. PATE,  
Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.  
The Municipal Office,  
Colombo, May 31, 1927.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS by proclamation dated April 26, 1927, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,579 of April 29, 1927, the premises bearing assessment No. 621, situated at Timbirigasyaya road, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, and whereas foot-and-mouth disease no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from foot-and-mouth disease, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from May 10, 1927.

CHAS. W. PATE,  
Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.  
The Municipal Office,  
Colombo, May 31, 1927.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS by proclamation dated March 25, 1927, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,574 of April 1, 1927, the premises bearing assessment No. 1A, situated at Prince's Gate, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, and whereas foot-and-mouth disease no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from foot-and-mouth disease, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from April 5, 1927.

CHAS. W. PATE,  
Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.  
The Municipal Office,  
Colombo, May 31, 1927.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS by proclamation dated May 18, 1927, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,583 of May 27, 1927, the premises bearing assessment No. 62, situated at Wekanda, Slave Island, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909; and whereas foot-and-mouth disease no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from foot-and-mouth disease, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from May 26, 1927.

CHAS. W. PATE,  
Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.  
The Municipal Office,  
Colombo, May 31, 1927.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS by proclamation dated April 23, 1927, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,579 of April 29, 1927, the premises bearing assessment No. 661, situated at Kirillapone road, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, and whereas foot-and-mouth disease no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from foot-and-mouth disease, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from May 10, 1927.

CHAS. W. PATE,  
Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.  
The Municipal Office,  
Colombo, May 31, 1927.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 119, situated at Cotta road, Colombo: such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from May 31, 1927.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, June 2, 1927. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS by proclamation dated May 24, 1927, published in the *Government Gazette* No. 7,583 of May 27, 1927, the premises known as the Veterinary Hospital, Flower road, Colombo, were proclaimed an infected area, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, and whereas foot-and-mouth disease no longer exists in the said premises, it is now declared free from foot-and-mouth disease, and to be no longer an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from June 2, 1927.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, June 6, 1927. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 114/7, situated at Hyde Park Corner, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from June 2, 1927.

The Municipal Office, CHAS. W. PATE,  
Colombo, June 7, 1927. Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out at Gangodawila in Salpiti korale of Colombo District of the Western Province: It is hereby declared in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, the under-mentioned area is infected, viz. :—

The area is bounded on the north by railway line, south by footpath from Maha Kurunduwatta to Gangodawila high road, east by Boralesgomuwa to Udahamulla *via* Gangodawila Village Committee road, west by high road from Nugegoda to Kesbewa.

This declaration shall take effect from the date hereof.

May 28, 1927. D. E. WIJESEKERE,  
Chief Headman.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out at Nugegoda, garden No. 172, in Salpiti korale of Colombo District of the Western Province: It is hereby declared in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, the under-mentioned area is infected, viz. :—

The area is bounded on the north by garden belonging to M. S. de Costa, south by D. P. Wijesingha's land, east by high road, west by Parana-ela.

This declaration shall take effect from the date hereof.

May 30, 1927. D. E. WIJESEKERE,  
Chief Headman.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out at Kalubovila east, garden No. 37, in Salpiti korale of Colombo District of the Western Province: It is hereby

declared in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, the under-mentioned area is infected, viz. :—

The area is bounded on the north by dewata road, south by Bambharayakumbura, east by P. J. Peeris' land, west by D. D. William's land.

This declaration shall take effect from the date hereof.

May 30, 1927. D. E. WIJESEKERE,  
Chief Headman.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out at Etul Kotte, garden No. 276, in Salpiti korale of Colombo District of the Western Province: It is hereby declared in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, the under-mentioned area is infected, viz. :—

The area is bounded on the north by M. David Perera's land, south by dewata road, east by dewata road, west by field called Madacumbura.

This declaration shall take effect from the date hereof.

May 30, 1927. D. E. WIJESEKERE,  
Chief Headman.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out at Etul Kotte, garden No. 127, in Salpiti korale of Colombo District of the Western Province: It is hereby declared in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, the under-mentioned area is infected, viz. :—

The area is bounded on the north by M. David Perera's land, south by dewata road, east by dewata road, west by field called Madacumbura.

This declaration shall take effect from the date hereof.

May 30, 1927. D. E. WIJESEKERE,  
Chief Headman.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out at Kalubowila east, garden No. 412, in Salpiti korale of Colombo District of the Western Province: It is hereby declared in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, the under-mentioned area is infected, viz. :—

The area is bounded on the north by Don Davith's land, south by D. D. Cornelis's land, east by Kolainnecumbura, west by high road to Ratnapura.

This declaration shall take effect from the date hereof.

May 30, 1927. D. E. WIJESEKERE,  
Chief Headman.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out on Millagahawatta at Elapitiwela, in Alutkuru korale south of Colombo District of the Western Province: It is hereby declared in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, the under-mentioned area is infected, viz. :—

The area is bounded on the north by land belonging to H. Don Carolis Appu and others, south by land belonging to W. Andris Boteju, east by road leading to Ragama, west by land belonging to Don William Ratnasekara.

This declaration shall take effect from the date hereof.

Wattala, May 31, 1927. TIMOTHY F. ABAYAKOON,  
Mudaliyar, Alutkuru Korale South.



**Hoof-and-Mouth Disease.**

**W**HEREAS hoof-and-mouth disease has broken out in Kandakadu tulana No. 80 of Egoda Pattuwa in Tamankaduwa District of the North-Central Province: I, Donald Charles de Silva, Revenue Officer of the Tamankaduwa District, do hereby declare, under sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, that the whole of Kandakadu tulana No. 80, within the following boundaries, is an infected area.

*Boundaries.*

North, by the boundary of the Eastern Province and the Verugal aru.

East, by the boundary of the Eastern Province.

South, by the boundary of Mutugalla tulana.

West, by the Mahaweli-ganga and the Verugal-aru.

This declaration will take effect from the date hereof.

D. C. DE SILVA,  
Revenue Officer, Tamankaduwa.

Polonnaruwa, May 29, 1927.

**Hoof-and-Mouth Disease.**

**W**HEREAS hoof-and-mouth disease has broken out in Palliyagodella tulana No. 79 of Meda Pattuwa in the Tamankaduwa District of the North-Central Province: I, Donald Charles de Silva, Revenue Officer of the Tamankaduwa District, do hereby declare, under sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, that the whole of Palliyagodella tulana No. 79, within the following boundaries, is an infected area:—

*Boundaries.*

North, by the boundary of Kelegam tulana.

East, by the Mahaweli-ganga.

South, by the boundary of Sungavila tulana.

West, by the boundary of Kelegam tulana.

This declaration will take effect from the date hereof.

D. C. DE SILVA,  
Revenue Officer, Tamankaduwa.

Polonnaruwa, May 29, 1927.

**Hoof-and-Mouth Disease.**

**W**HEREAS hoof-and-mouth disease has broken out in Topawewa tulana No. 73 of Meda Pattuwa in Tamankaduwa District of the North-Central Province: I, Donald Charles de Silva, Revenue Officer of the Tamankaduwa District, do hereby declare, under sub-sections (1)

and (2) of section 5 of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, that the whole of the Topawewa tulana No. 73, within the following boundaries, is an infected area:—

*Boundaries.*

North, by the boundary of Giritale tulana.

East, by the boundary of Manikkampattiya tulana.

South, by the boundary of Kotawella tulana.

West, by Sudukanda.

This declaration will take effect from the date hereof.

D. C. DE SILVA,  
Revenue Officer, Tamankaduwa.  
Polonnaruwa, May 29, 1927.

**Foot Disease.**

**W**HEREAS foot-disease has broken out at premises No. 513, Korawella, within the Local Limits of Moratuwa, in Salpiti korale, Western Province: It is hereby declared that the under-mentioned area is infected in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, viz.:—

North by the land of S. S. Fernando, south by the lands of Harmanis Fernando and others, east by the high road, and west by the land of Pavistina Fernando.

The declaration is to take effect from this date.

G. W. DE FONSEKA,  
Moratuwa, May 30, 1927.      Mudaliyar, Salpiti Korale.

**Rabies.**

**N**OTICE is hereby given that as rabies is in existence in the Central Province, the said Province is hereby proclaimed from this day under "The Rabies Ordinance, No. 7 of 1893."

All owners of dogs are hereby warned that they must keep their dogs muzzled and under proper control, within this Province, until further notice. All unmuzzled or uncontrolled dogs found in any place within this Province will be destroyed.

The Kachcheri,      W. L. KINDERSLEY,  
Kandy, June 4, 1927.      Government Agent.

**Rabies.**

**N**OTICE is hereby given that as rabies is in existence within the Local Board limits of Gampola, Nawalapitiya, and Hatton-Dikoya, the said Local Board limits are hereby proclaimed, from this day, under "The Rabies Ordinance, No. 7 of 1893."

All owners of dogs are hereby warned that they must keep their dogs muzzled and under proper control, within the said Local Board limits, until further notice. All unmuzzled or uncontrolled dogs found in any place within the said Local Board limits will be destroyed.

The Kachcheri,      W. L. KINDERSLEY,  
Kandy, June 7, 1927.      Chairman.

**NOTICES UNDER "THE EXCISE ORDINANCE, No. 8 OF 1912."****Toddy Rents, Western Province, 1927-28, Colombo District.**

**N**OTICE is hereby given that the Government Agent for the Western Province will, at the Colombo Kachcheri at 12 noon on Wednesday, June 29, 1927, expose for sale by auction subject to the Toddy Rent Sale Conditions published in *Government Gazette* No. 7,582 of May 20, 1927, the privilege of selling fermented toddy by retail from October 1, 1927, to September 30, 1928, at taverns to be established by the purchasers in the villages specified in the schedule hereto, not more than one shop being allowed in each such village, at a site to be approved by the Government Agent.

2. No sale of fermented toddy will be allowed in villages other than those in the said schedule expressly specified.

3. (a) If taverns are to be moved from present sites, a month's notice has to be given by the Government Agent, under paragraph 5 of IV. of Excise Notification No. 85 of February 12, 1919. Application should therefore be made by purchasers to the Government Agent for sites without delay.

(b) No rebate will be allowed in respect of any taverns in the event of objections to sites being upheld after inquiry by the Government Agent.

4. The purchasers will be required to pay in stamps the stamp duty under the Stamps Ordinance of 1919, in respect of the Conditions of Sale as well as of the security bond referred to in clause 2 (a) of the Conditions of Sale.

5. The attention of intending purchasers is specially drawn to clause 2 (b) of the Conditions of Sale.

6. Save in exceptional circumstances no trees will be licensed in dry areas.

7. Permission to tap trees for fermented toddy for Colombo taverns will not be allowed in the following areas:—

(i.) From Panadura to Galle.

(ii.) In the areas assigned to the toddy taverns at (a) Dehiwala, (b) Suwarapola, and (c) Ratmalana.

8. Further information can be obtained on application to the Government Agent.

The Kachcheri,  
Colombo, June 1, 1927.

R. N. THAINE,  
Government Agent.

## SCHEDULE.

## List of Toddy Taverns, Colombo District.

## Alutkuru Korale North.

No.	Locality or Range.	Division.
	Within the village of—	
1	Bambukuliya ..	Otara East
2	Etgala ..	do.
3	Dalupota ..	Otara West
4	Palangature ..	do.
5	Porutota ..	do.
6	Kochchikade ..	do.
7	Dagonna ..	Godakaha palata
8	Demahandiya ..	do.
9	Katumayaka ..	Andiambalam palata
10	Mukalangamuwa ..	do.
11	Bolawalana ..	Town of Negombo
12*	Kurana ..	do.
13	Kamachchoda ..	do.
14*	Udayartoppuwa ..	do.
15	Pitipana ..	Talahena palata
16	Settapaduwa ..	do.
17	Basiyawatta ..	do.

## Alutkuru Korale South.

No.	Locality or Range.	Division.
	Within the village of—	
18	Uswetakeiyawa ..	Hondala
19	Kandana ..	Kandana
20	Weligampitiya ..	do.
21	Dandugama ..	Dandugama

## Hewagam Korale.

No.	Locality or Range.	Division.
	Within the village of—	
22	Puwakpitiya ..	Kosgama

\* Present sites will not be allowed.

## Colombo Mudaliyar's Division.

23	Bounded on the north by Main street, on the east by 1st Cross street, on the south by Norris road, on the west by Front street	Pettah Ward (Front street Tavern)
24	Bounded on the north by south side of Main street, on the east by 4th Cross street, on the south by Norris road, on the west by 2nd Cross street	Pettah Ward (4th Cross street Tavern)
25	Bounded on the north by Reclamation road, on the east by St. John's street, on the south by north side of Main street, on the west by 1st Cross street	do. (Market street Tavern)
26	Bounded on the north by Dam street, on the east by St. Sebastian street, on the south by St. Sebastian hill, on the west by Saunders' place and Cramer's lane	St. Sebastian-Ward (Saunders place Tavern)
27	Bounded on the north by south side of Gintupitiya street, on the east by Hill street and Kuruwe street, on the south by New Moor street to its junction with Dam street and thence by Dam street up to Kayman's gate, on the west by Chekku street	St. Paul's Ward (Chekku street Tavern)
28	Bounded on the north by south side of Jampettah street, on the east by Hill street, on the south by north side of Gintupitiya street up to Sea street, Sea street, and Cross road to Seashore street, on the west by Seashore street and Kochchikade street	St. Paul's Ward (Kochchikade street Tavern)
29	Bounded on the north and east by Skinner's road north, on the south by Barber street, Green street, and north side of Jampettah street, on the west by Kochchikade street	Kotahena Ward (Kortebaoam street Tavern)
30	Bounded on the north by Cemetery street, on the east by Kotahena street, on the south by Pickering's road, on the west by eastern side of Santiago street	do. (Pickering's road Tavern)
31	Bounded on the north by Madampitiya road to its junction with Victoria Bridge street, thence by Victoria Bridge street and Kelani river, on the east by Urugodawatta canal, on the south and west by Cemetery road	do. (Madampitiya road Tavern)
32	Bounded on the north by Madampitiya road, on the east by Alutmawata road, on the south by Fisher's quarters, on the west by Fisher's Hill and Modera street	do. (Marshall street Tavern)
33	Bounded on the north, east, and west by Kelani river, on the south by Madampitiya road and Victoria Bridge street	do. (Modera street Tavern)
34	In or near Galle road, between 1st and 2nd mileposts at a place not included in any other rent area herein described	Kollupitiya Ward (Kollupitiya Tavern)

35 In or near Malay street at a place not included in any other rent area

Slave Island Ward (Malay-street Tavern)

## Opening and Closing Hours of Toddy Taverns.

Hour of opening : 7 A.M. | Hour of Closing : 7 P.M.

## Notice of Sale of Toddy Rents, Mannar District, 1927-1928.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the purchase of the toddy rents in the Mannar District, as per schedule annexed, for a period of twelve months from July 1, 1927, to June 30, 1928.

2. Tenders which must be in sealed envelopes superscribed 'Tenders for Toddy Rents' should be addressed to the Assistant Government Agent, Mannar, and should reach the Mannar Kachcheri, not later than 11 A.M., on Monday, June 20, 1927. The tenderers must be present at the Kachcheri at the time.

3. The Assistant Government Agent shall have power in his discretion to refuse or accept any tender, subject to which power the highest tenderer shall be the grantee of the rent, and shall conform to and perform all the condition under which the privilege is sold. If two or more tenders are equal or if they are no satisfactory tenders, the Assistant Government Agent may forthwith put up the rents for sale by public auction.

4. The rent will, subject to condition 3 above, be sold to the person who offers the highest bid.

5. The successful tenderer shall immediately pay to the Assistant Government Agent, a sum equivalent to two months' rent, as a security deposit and sign condition and contract furnishing necessary stamps.

The Kachcheri, Mannar, June 2, 1927. C. E. JONES, Assistant Government Agent.

SCHEDULE REFERRED TO.  
Toddy Taverns, 1927-1928.

No.	Division.	Locality or Range.
		Within the village of—
1	Mannar Island	Parankitoddam
4	do.	Pesalai
8	Mantai	Sirunavatkulam

## Election of Unofficial Members of the Excise Advisory Committees, Matale Urban District Council and Matale Revenue Areas, 1927-30.

NOTICE is hereby given that under rule 3 (v.) of the rules laid down in Chapter IV. of Excise Notification No. 85 of February 12, 1919, every person intending to offer himself as a candidate for election as an Unofficial Member of the Excise Advisory Committees of each of the areas mentioned above for the period beginning October 1, 1927, and ending September 30, 1930, is hereby required to signify his intention accordingly by forwarding a nomination paper in the prescribed form duly signed by two other tax-paying inhabitants as proposer and seconder.

The nomination paper should reach the Assistant Government Agent, Matale, not later than midday of July 14, 1927, on which day at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, the examination of nomination papers will be proceeded with.

The Kachcheri, Matale, June 1, 1927. W. J. L. ROGERSON, Assistant Government Agent.

FORM REFERRED TO.  
Nomination Paper.

## Election of an Unofficial Member for the Advisory Committee of the — Area.

1. Name in full of candidate :—
2. Address :—
3. Occupation :—
4. Name of proposer :—
5. Name of seconder :—
- 6.

Signature of proposer :—  
Signature of seconder :—

Signature of Candidate

**NOTICE TO MARINERS.**

No. 5 of 1927.

CEYLON.

*Colombo Approaches.*

IT is requested that vessels approaching Colombo shall await the Pilot in a position 1 mile 335° (NNW. Mag.) from the Fixed Red Light, at extremity of SW Breakwater.

Direction of ship's head to be SE.

It is further requested that the following provisions may be made for Pilot boarding :—

- (a) A boat rope to be ready from the forecastle to a point at least 20 feet abaft the pilot's ladder, the whole length of this rope to be easily accessible to the Pilot boat and its after end tended by a seaman instructed to let go when required by the Pilot boat Coxswain.
- (b) Two man ropes of at least 3" rope with the lower ends free to be hung from the ship's rail.
- (c) By night a bright light to be shown midway between rail and water to indicate the position of the ladder and boat rope.
- (d) In ships of high freeboard fitted with gangway doors, the lee gangway door to be opened and ladder hung from there.
- (e) On foreign vessels an English-speaking Officer to be in attendance at the gangway.

Notice to Mariners (unnumbered) of October 15, 1926, is hereby cancelled.

Master Attendant's Office,  
Colombo, May 30, 1927.

E. C. STUBBS, Captain, R.N.,  
Master Attendant.

**NOTIFICATION UNDER "THE PATENTS ORDINANCE, 1906."**

THE following Specification has been accepted :—

No. 2,252 of May 24, 1927 (Date applied for under Section 48 of the Ordinance, January 28, 1926).

*The Liverpool Rubber Company, Limited.*

Improvements in and relating to combined gaiters and goloshes.

*Abstract.*—A golosh, with an opening through which the heel of the shoe projects is made on one piece with a rubber gaiter which is best closed by a sliding device. The opening in the gaiter may be at the front, side, or back.

The claims are :—

1. Rubber-hose in the shape of a gaiter in combination with a golosh made of rubber, the two parts being connected together in such a manner as to form one single article, and protect the lower part of the leg and the foot against contact with moisture and dirt, whilst the leg-part of the hose can be employed as a stocking for varicose veins, instead of a bandage.

2. Rubber-hose in the shape of a gaiter in combination with a golosh made of rubber, in accordance with claim No. 1 the characteristic feature of which is that the gaiter is provided with a closing device of "sliding" type.

3. Rubber-hose in the shape of a gaiter in combination with a golosh in accordance with claims No. 1 and No. 2 the characteristic feature of which is that the bottom face of the golosh is provided with an opening, through which the heel of the footwear is inserted.

One sheet of drawings.

NORMAN RAE,  
Registrar of Patents.

**NOTICES UNDER "THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ORDINANCE, No. 11 OF 1920."****Auctioneers and Brokers.**

THE following person was licensed during the month of May to carry on the trade or business of auctioneer within the limits of the Kalutara Urban District Council area for the year 1927, and his name is published in terms of section 17 of Ordinance No. 15 of 1889, as amended by Ordinance No. 25 of 1922 :—

H. G. de Silva, Auctioneer.

Urban District Council Office,  
Kalutara, June 1, 1927.

ARNOLD GOONEWARDENE,  
Acting Chairman.

**Auctioneers and Brokers.**

NOTICE is hereby published in terms of section 17 of Ordinance No. 15 of 1889, as amended by Ordinance No. 25 of 1922, that the under-mentioned person has been licensed to carry on the trade or business of auctioneer within the limits of the Matale Urban District Council area during the month of May, 1927 :—

L. H. Ferdinands, Auctioneer, Matale.

Office of the Urban District Council,  
Matale, June 6, 1927.

BEN C. JURIANZ,  
Secretary, Urban District Council.

## LOCAL BOARD NOTICES.

## Sanitary Board, Kandy District.

THE following person was licensed during the month of May, 1927, to carry on the trade or business of a broker within the limits of the Sanitary Board town of Kadugannawa for the year 1927, and his name is published in terms of section 17 of Ordinance No. 15 of 1889, as amended by Ordinance No. 25 of 1922:—

Edwin W. Dias, Broker, Kadugannawa.

The Kachcheri,  
Kandy, June 2, 1927.

C. H. HARTWELL,  
for Chairman.

## SANITARY BOARD, KURUNEGALA DISTRICT.

## Statement of Revenue and Expenditure of the Sanitary Board Towns for 1926.

## POLGAHAWELA.

REVENUE.		Rs. c.	EXPENDITURE.		Rs. c.
Taxes	..	5,701 97	Establishment	..	253 74
Licences	..	1,528 50	Stationery and printed forms	..	108 88
Fines	..	363 10	Commission	..	231 29
Rents	..	22 0	Remuneration to assessors	..	75 0
Conservancy fees	..	1,696 18	Scavenging and latrine charges	..	3,880 90
Slaughter-house charges	..	279 60	Cost of audit	..	78 68
Miscellaneous	..	67 57	Tin plates for carts	..	49 50
			Incidental expenses	..	233 37
			Tools and other stores	..	125 48
			Money order commission	..	45 30
			Destruction of dogs	..	6 50
			Bonus to cattle seizers	..	115 0
			Railway warrants	..	22 92
			Fees for writing assessment tax receipts	..	10 0
			Buildings	..	154 20
			New works	..	70 0
			Payment of loan	..	543 75
			Cost of street lamps	..	160 0
			Cost of number plates	..	440 30
		9,658 92			6,604 81
Balance on January 1, 1926	..	6,902 0	Balance on December 31, 1926	..	9,956 11
		16,560 92			16,560 92

## KULIYAPITIYA.

REVENUE.		Rs. c.	EXPENDITURE.		Rs. c.
Taxes	..	4,492 24	Establishment	..	253 74
Licences	..	1,286 50	Stationery and printed forms	..	89 47
Fines	..	248 50	Commission	..	225 98
Rents	..	7 50	Remuneration to assessors	..	50 0
Conservancy fees	..	1,001 0	Scavenging and latrine charges	..	2,790 0
			Cost of audit	..	53 44
			Tin plates for carts	..	49 50
			Incidental expenses	..	29 50
			Tools and other stores	..	176 65
			Money order commission	..	31 60
			Destruction of dogs	..	87 41
			Railway warrants	..	6 50
			Fees for writing assessment tax receipts	..	10 0
			Repairs to Circular road	..	160 0
			Repairs to latrines	..	200 0
			Cost of number plates	..	240 15
		7,035 74			4,453 94
Balance on January 1, 1926	..	916 52	Balance on December 31, 1926	..	3,498 32
		7,952 26			7,952 26

The Kachcheri,  
Kurunegala, May 31, 1927

H. W. ABAYAWARDANE,  
for Chairman.

## TRADE MARKS NOTICES.

## Trade Marks registered during the Month of May, 1927.

Trade Mark No.	Gazette No.	Date of Gazette.	Proprietors.	Class.
3,736	5,767	February 11, 1927	Fertilizer Sales, Limited	2
3,726	7,568	February 18, 1927	Darley William Jayasuriya	3
3,716	7,570	March 4, 1927	W. B. Cartwright, Limited	3 & 48
3,762	7,570	March 4, 1927	Fiat	7
3,763	7,570	March 4, 1927	Do.	19
3,764	7,570	March 4, 1927	Do.	22
3,770	7,570	March 4, 1927	M. S. Hebtulabhoy & Co.	42
3,778	7,571	March 11, 1927	Julia Catherine Poulter	42
3,782	7,571	March 11, 1927	R. Davidson & Co., Ltd.	47
3,784	7,571	March 11, 1927	Bosanquet & Co., Ltd.	24
3,793	7,571	March 11, 1927	John Mendis	3
3,725	7,572	March 18, 1927	Radianee, Limited	42
3,730	7,572	March 18, 1927	James Hendry, Limited	37
3,789	7,572	March 18, 1927	The Be-Ze-Be Honey Co., Ltd.	3
3,668	7,573	March 25, 1927	J. Denis Henry Mounie & Cie	43
3,735	7,573	March 25, 1927	The Sydney Ross Company	3
3,742	7,573	March 25, 1927	Darley Butler & Co., Ltd.	42
3,750	7,573	March 25, 1927	Nobel Chemical Finishes, Ltd.	47
3,751	7,573	March 25, 1927	Do.	50
3,752	7,573	March 25, 1927	Do.	1
3,795	7,573	March 25, 1927	Caterpillar Tractor Company	6

## Subsequent Proprietors registered during the Month of May, 1927.

(The name in Italics is that of the former Proprietor.)

828	6,186	May 23, 1907	The Bernese Alps Milk Co., Stalden-Emmenthal, Berne, Switzerland; <i>The Bernese Alps Milk Co.</i>	42
829	6,186	May 23, 1907	Do.	42
2,044	7,044	August 15, 1919	Do.	42
1,138	6,348	December 31, 1909	The British Portland Cement Manufacturers, Ltd., Portland House, Tothill street, Westminster, London S.W., England; Cement Manufacturers; <i>The Wouldham Cement Co., Limited</i>	17
1,159	6,362	April 1, 1910	Do.	17
1,587	6,706	March 26, 1915	Do.	17
2,769	7,300	December 8, 1922	The British Portland Cement Manufacturers, Ltd., Portland House, Tothill street, Westminster, London S.W., England; Cement Manufacturers; <i>Martin Earle &amp; Co.</i>	17
2,825	7,318	March 23, 1923	Macdonald Greenless, Ltd., 43, Assembly street, Leith, Scotland; Distillers; <i>Macdonald Greenless &amp; Williams, (Distillers), Ltd.</i>	43

## Trade Marks renewed during the Month of May, 1927.

254	5,625	June 16, 1899	Joseph Rodgers & Sons, Ltd.	5, 12, & 14
255	5,625	June 16, 1899	Do.	5, 12, & 14
259	5,639	August 18, 1899	Bosanquet & Co., Ltd.	24 & 42
1,437	6,561	May 9, 1913	The South Ceylon Ice Co.	44
1,452	6,566	June 6, 1913	Peter Mulhens trading as Die Eau-de-Cologne & Parfumerie Fabrik "Glockengasse No. 4,711," Pferdepost Von Ferd Mulhens	3 & 48
1,453	6,566	June 6, 1913	Joseph Crosfield & Sons, Ltd.	50
1,455	6,566	June 6, 1913	James Finlay & Co., Ltd.	23, 24, 27, & 31
1,462	6,570	July 4, 1913	C. S. Antony & Company	42
1,481	6,575	August 8, 1913	Societe Anonyme Dubonnet	43
1,492	6,581	September 19, 1913	Delmege, Forsyth & Co., Ltd.	42
1,496	6,583	October 3, 1913	The Texas Company	47
1,501	6,589	November 7, 1913	The Cudahy Packing Co.	47 & 50
1,502	6,589	November 7, 1913	The Aluminum Cooking Utensil Co.	14

## Trade Marks to be removed from the Register for Non-payment of Renewal Fees.

253	5,624	June 9, 1899	Davidson & Co., Ltd.	1
1,442	6,564	May 30, 1913	Ardath Tobacco Co., Ltd.	45
1,444	6,564	May 30, 1913	Reshid Sadi Bey trading as "The Turkish Cigarette Factory," and "Pera Cigarette Company"	45
1,446	6,564	May 30, 1913	McIntyre, Hogg, Marsh & Co., Ltd.	38
1,448	6,566	June 6, 1913	Ardath Tobacco Co., Ltd.	45
1,454	6,566	June 6, 1913	James Harvey & Co., Ltd.	43
1,476	6,573	July 25, 1913	Gross, Sherwood and Heald, Ltd.	1
1,477	6,573	July 25, 1913	Do.	1
1,478	6,573	July 25, 1913	Do.	1
1,491	6,581	September 19, 1913	Do.	1

Trade Marks removed from the Register during the Month of May, 1927, for Non-payment of Renewal Fees.

Trade Mark No.	Gazette No.	Date of Gazette.	Proprietors.	Class.
247	5,599	February 3, 1899	Gordon Frazer & Co.	4
244	5,600	February 10, 1899	Skrine & Co.	42
245	5,600	February 10, 1899	Do.	42
246	5,600	February 10, 1899	Do.	42
1,396	6,544	January 24, 1913	British-American Tobacco Co., Ltd.	45
1,398	6,544	January 24, 1913	Do.	45
1,399	6,544	January 24, 1913	Do.	45
1,400	6,544	January 24, 1913	Do.	45
1,401	6,544	January 24, 1913	Do.	45
1,402	6,544	January 24, 1913	Do.	45
1,403	6,544	January 24, 1913	Do.	45
1,480	6,575	August 8, 1913	K. D. J. Perera	44

Registrar-General's Office,  
Colombo, June 8, 1927.

H. E. BEVEN,  
Registrar-General.

NOTICE is hereby given that any person who has grounds of objection to the registration of the following Trade Mark may, within two months from the date of this Gazette, lodge Notice of Opposition on Form T. M. No. 7 with an uncanceled stamp of Rs. 20 affixed thereto.

The period for lodging Notice of Opposition may be enlarged by the Registrar if he thinks fit and upon such terms as he may direct.

- (1) Trade Mark No. 3,892
- (2) Date of Receipt: May 2, 1927.
- (3) Applicant (Proprietor of the Trade Mark): MEREN-  
NAGE JAMES SALGADO, No. 10, Wolfendahl street,  
Pettah, Colombo; General Merchant.
- (4) Address for service in the Island, if any: —
- (5) Class: Forty-two.
- (6) Goods: Vinegar for food purposes.

(7) Representation of the Trade Mark:



Registrar-General's Office, H. E. BEVEN,  
Colombo, June 8, 1927. Registrar of Trade Marks.

NOTICE is hereby given that any person who has grounds of objection to the registration of the following Trade Mark may, within two months from the date of this Gazette, lodge Notice of Opposition on Form T. M. No. 7 with an uncanceled stamp of Rs. 20 affixed thereto.

The period for lodging Notice of Opposition may be enlarged by the Registrar if he thinks fit and upon such terms as he may direct.

- (1) Trade Mark No. 3,852.
- (2) Date of Receipt: May 11, 1927.
- (3) Applicant (Proprietor of the Trade Mark): THOONA VAVENNA KAVENNA CADER MEERA SAIBO,  
NANA CADER MEERA RAWTHER, SANA VAVENNA PEER MOHAMADO RAWTHER, ANA EENA MOHAMED,  
SULAIMAN & ANA EENA MOHAMED USOOF, trading as "T. V. K. CADER MEERA SAIBO & COMPANY,"  
No. 72, Second Cross street, Pettah, Colombo; General Merchants in Import and Export of tea and other Ceylon  
produce.
- (4) Address for service in the Island, if any: —
- (5) Class: Forty-two.
- (6) Goods: Tea.
- (7) Representation of the Trade Mark:



Registrar-General's Office,  
Colombo, June 1, 1927.

E. R. DE SILVA,  
Registrar of Trade Marks.



## ROAD COMMITTEE NOTICES.

## Duckwari-Ferndale Branch Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for the maintenance of the above road for the year ending September 30, 1927, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, 1896," have assessed the proportion due by each estate in the district interested in the repair of the said road, as follows:—

(Estimate No. D 96, sanctioned on November 1, 1926.)

Government moiety	Rs. 1,460.00
Private contributions	Rs. 1,474.60

1st section,  $\frac{3}{4}$  mile.

Total acreage, 3,769—Moiety of cost, Rs. 294.79—  
Sectional rate, .07821c.—Total rate, .07821c.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Amount.
			Rs. c.
The Rangalla Consolidated Tea Co., Ltd. (E. S. Wilson); Agent, Martin M. Smith	Peru	138	10 80

1st and 2nd sections,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  mile.

Total acreage, 3,631—Moiety of cost, Rs. 294.79—  
Sectional rate, .08118c.—Total rate, .15939c.

The Rangalla Tea Co., Ltd. (E. S. Wilson); Agent, M. Martin Smith	Rangalla	130	20 73
---	----------	-----	-------

1st to 3rd section,  $2\frac{1}{4}$  miles.

Total acreage, 3,501—Moiety of cost, Rs. 294.79—  
Sectional rate, .08420c.—Total rate, .24359c.

The Rangalla Tea Co., Ltd. (E. S. Wilson); Agent, M. Martin Smith	Poodelgodde	331	80 64
---	-------------	-----	-------

1st to 4th section, 3 miles.

Total acreage, 3,170—Moiety of cost, Rs. 294.79—  
Sectional rate, .09299c.—Total rate, .33658c.

The Rangalla Tea Co., Ltd. (E. S. Wilson); Agent, M. Martin Smith	Madultenne	202	68 0
---	------------	-----	------

1st to 5th section,  $3\frac{3}{4}$  miles.

Total acreage, 2,968—Moiety of cost, Rs. 294.80—  
Sectional rate, .09932c.—Total rate, .43590c.

The Rangalla Tea Co., Ltd. (E. S. Wilson); Agent, M. Martin Smith	Kaladuriya	216	94 16
A. H. Kerr & Beilby	Ferndale	310	135 14
Galaha Co. (A. H. Kerr)	Liangapella	338	147 34
Rangalla Consolidated Tea Co., Ltd. (E. S. Wilson); Agent, M. Martin Smith	Esperanza	523	227 98
Do.	Mount Mar and Winchfield Park 500	217	95
R. C. H. Ellis (Mackwoods, Ltd.); Agents, Lewis, Brown & Co.	St. Martins	594	258 93
Burnside Tea Co. (D. E. Burnett)	Kaluratty and Keloya	487	212 29
	Total		1,473 96

Which sums the proprietors, managers, or agents of the several estates are hereby required to pay into the Colonial Treasury, Colombo, on or before July 10, 1927.

	Rs.	c.
N.B.—Private contributions	1,474	60
Deduct unexpended balance on maintenance estimate, 1925–26	0	64
	1,473	96

W. L. KINDERSLEY,  
Provincial Road Committee's Office,  
Kandy, June 6, 1927. Chairman.

## Maskeliya-Moray Branch Road.

(Laxapana Bridge.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for the maintenance of the Laxapana bridge on the above road for the year ending September 30, 1927, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, No. 14 of 1896," have assessed the proportion due by each estate in the district interested in the bridge at the rate of .06942c. per acre, as follows:—

Total acreage, 5,048.

(Estimate No. D 762, sanctioned on January 10, 1927.)

Government moiety	Rs. 340.00
Private contribution	Rs. 343.40

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Amount.
			Rs. c.
A. N. Greig	Laxapana, York, and John's land	866	60 12
The Laxapana Tea Co.	Blantyre	239	16 60
Do.	St. Andrews	321	22 29
C. Johnson	Dalhousie	289	20 7
Do.	Situluganga	143	9 93
A. N. Greig	Suluganga	155	10 77
E. H. Etches	Forres	387	26 87
Uplands Tea Estates Co.	Moray and Valladolid	461	32 0
Do.	Geddes	198	13 75
Do.	Corfu	187	12 98
Do.	Rajamalle	212	14 72
L. Elwell	Gartmore, Group, Larchfield, Gartmore, Bevy's, and Frogmore	848	58 87
Shaw, Wallace & Co.	Adam's Peak	742	51 51
			350 48

Private contribution	343	40
Excess on maintenance, 1925–26	6	88
Add difference deducted in excess last year	0	20
	350	48

Which sums the proprietors, managers, or agents of the several estates are hereby required to pay into the Colonial Treasury, Colombo, on or before July 10, 1927.

W. L. KINDERSLEY,  
Provincial Road Committee's Office,  
Kandy, June 6, 1927. Chairman.

**Glenlyon-Preston Branch Road.**

(Improvements.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for improvements to the above road for the year ending September 30, 1927, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, 1896," have assessed the proportion due by each estate in the district as follows:—

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs.	c.
Government moiety			Rs. 355	56
Private contributions			Rs. 364	44
Total acreage, 2,491—Rate per acre 14630c.				
Amount.				
Ceylon Tea Plantations Co., Ltd. (Arthur L. Lee)	Glenlyon	627	91	73
G. T. & Mrs. R. S. Pieris (H. V. Cooke)	Agra Elbedde	276	40	38
	Helbeck, Mossend, and Torrington	528	77	25
Torrington Tea Estate Co. Ltd. (E. E. Lee)	Iona	113	16	53
A. R. Ashton (E. E. Leo)	Polmont	45	6	58
Ceylon Tea Plantations Co., Ltd. (Arthur L. Lee)	New Preston	167	24	43
B. B. Seton (A. Hamilton Harding)	Preston	250	36	58
A. G. & C. A. Seton (A. Hamilton Harding)	Albion	289	42	28
The Albion Tea Estate Co., Ltd. (A. V. Rayall, acting G. M. Smith)	St. Margaret's	196	28	68
A. G. & C. A. Seton (A. Hamilton Harding)				
Total			364	44

Which sums the proprietors, managers, or agents of the several estates are hereby required to pay into the Colonial Treasury, Colombo, on or before July 10, 1927.

W. L. KINDERSLEY,  
Chairman.

Provincial Road Committee's Office,  
Kandy, June 6, 1927.

**Rambadagalla-Keppitigala Estate Road.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for the maintenance of the above road during 1926-27, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Estate Roads Ordinance, 1902," have assessed the proportion due by each estate in the district interested in the said road, as follows:—

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs.	c.
Maintenance Estimate—Rs. 1,500.				
Government contribution			Rs. 400	00
Private contribution			Rs. 1,100	00
Rs. 1,500 00				
1st to 2nd section, 2 miles.				
Total acreage, 1,956—Moiety of cost, Rs. 953 34—				
Sectional rate, 48739—Total rate 48739.				
Messrs. James Finlay & Co.	Ogodapola	132	64	34
1st to 3rd section, 3 miles.				
Total acreage, 1,824—Moiety of cost, Rs. 146 66—				
Sectional rate, 08040—Total rate 56779.				
Messrs. Carson & Co.	Nella Oola	300	170	34
Messrs. Harrison & Crosfield	Marlbe	586	332	73
Do.	Keppitigala	708	402	0
Mrs. Alice Kotelawala	Field View	200	113	56
Mr. Francis Kotelawala	Talakotuwa	30	17	3

Which sums the proprietors, managers, or agents of the several estates are hereby required to pay to M. R. Harris, Esq., Chairman Local Committee, Keppitigala Group, Matale, on or before June 20, 1927.

H. W. ABEYAWARDANE,  
Provincial Road Committee's Office,  
Kurunegala, May 31, 1927.

**Kadugannawa-Alagalla Branch Road.**

(Widening and Improving.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for improvements to the above road for the year ending September 30, 1927, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, 1896," have assessed the proportion due by each estate interested in the road to make up the private contribution:—

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs.	c.	
Government moiety			Rs. 1,000	00	
Private contributions			Rs. 1,025	00	
Total acreage, 3,171—Rate per acre, 32324c.					
Amount.					
Felix R. Dias (S. R. Hamer)	Mount Colville	21½	6	95	
W. C. Dias	Maligatenna	51½	16	65	
Felix R. Dias (S. R. Hamer)	Kumaragala	142	45	90	
H. P. & L. P. Rudd (S. R. Hamer)	Beltoff	157	50	75	
P. J. Benwell (W. R. Hancock)	Andiatenna	220	71	11	
Tismode Estates Co. (W. R. Hancock)	Tismode and Seafield	460	148	69	
Allagalla Tea & Rubber Co. (R. Wilkins)	Alagalla	900	290	92	
Eastern Produce & Estates Co., Ltd. (A. M. Macneill)	Kirimittia and Peak	964	311	60	
W. A. B. Soysa	Oolanakanda	150	48	49	
Heirs of H. W. Garvin & J. G. Cruiskshank (N. H. G. Campbell)	Kottegodde	105	33	94	
				1,025	0

Which sums the proprietors, managers, or agents of the several estates are hereby required to pay into the Colonial Treasury, Colombo, on or before July 10, 1927.

W. L. KINDERSLEY,  
Provincial Road Committee's Office,  
Kandy, June 6, 1927.

**Embilmegama-Alagalla Estate Cart Road.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for the maintenance for the first and last 1½ miles of the above road for the year ending September 30, 1927, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Estate Roads Ordinance, No. 12 of 1902," have assessed the proportion due by each estate in the district interested in the road, as follows:—

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs.	c.
Government contribution			Rs. 819	00
Estates contribution			Rs. 1,797	95
1st section, 1 mile.				
Government money, Rs. 327 60—Estate contribution, Rs. 675 66.				
Total acreage, 491½—Sectional rate, 1 3739c.—Total rate, 1 3739c.				
Amount.				
C. R. T. Sangster	Sindoorankande	135½	185	84
Do.	Geragama	356½	489	82

6th section,  $\frac{1}{2}$  mile.Government money, Rs. 163·80—Estate contribution,  
Rs. 411·20.Total acreage, 785—Sectional rate, 52445—Total  
rate, 52445c.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs.	c.	Amount.
W. R. Hancock	Tismode Group	460	241	25	
5th and 6th sections, $\frac{1}{2}$ miles.					
Government money, Rs. 327·60—Estates contribution, Rs. 710·59.					
Total acreage, 325—Sectional rate, 2·18643c.—Total rate, 2·71088c.					
C. T. R. Sangster	Kottegodde	105	284	64	
W. R. Hancock	Andiatenna	220	596	40	
					Total
					1,797
					95

Which sums the proprietors, managers, or agents of the several estates are hereby required to pay to W. R. Hancock, Esq., Chairman, Local Committee, Tismode Group, Kadugannawa, on or before July 10, 1927.

W. L. KINDERSLEY,  
Provincial Road Committee's Office, Chairman.  
Kandy, June 6, 1927.

**Alawatugoda-Ancoombra Estate Cart Road.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the report of the Local Committee having been received, and an estimate amounting to Rs. 8,303 having been approved for the maintenance of the above road for the year ending September 30, 1927, the Provincial Road Committee, in accordance with the provisions of sections 24 and 19 of "The Estate Roads Ordinance, No. 12 of 1902," have assessed the proportion due by each of the following estates to make up the contribution:—

Government money .. Rs. 2,000·00  
Estate contribution .. Rs. 6,303·00

1st section, 26 chains.

Total acreage, 2,764—Amount of cost, Rs. 137·24—  
Sectional rate, 0·4965c.—Total rate, 0·4965c.

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs.	c.	Amount.
The Craiglands Tea and Rubber Co., Ltd., Agents, Messrs. Gordon Frazer & Co., Ltd. (G. J. Carter, Superintendent)	Craingilt	355	17	64	

1st and 2nd sections, 87 chains.

Total acreage, 2,409—Amount of cost, Rs. 321·97—  
Sectional rate, 13365c.—Total rate, 18330c.

Syston Estate Co. (George Stuart & Co., Agents; C. E. Hamilton Superintendent)	Syston	169	30	98	
--	--------	-----	----	----	--

1st and 3rd sections, 106 chains.

Total acreage, 2,240—Amount of cost, Rs. 100·29—  
Sectional rate, 0·4477c.—Total rate, 22807.

J. A. MacAllister (Aitken, Spence & Co., Agents; J. Taylor, Superintendent)	Barton	85	19	40	
---	--------	----	----	----	--

1st to 4th section, 160 chains.

Total acreage, 2,155—Amount of cost, Rs. 285·03—  
Sectional rate, 13226c.—Total rate, 36033c.

Syston Estate Company (George Stuart & Co., Agents; C. E. Hamilton, Superintendent)	Syston	173	62	35	
---	--------	-----	----	----	--

1st to 5th section, 200 chains.

Total acreage, 1,982—Amount of cost, Rs. 211·14—  
Sectional rate, 10652c.—Total rate, 46685c.

H. L. Cameron and R. R. Jenkyns (George Stuart & Co., Agents; J. Taylor (Superintendent)	Velana	187	87	30	
--	--------	-----	----	----	--

Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Rs.	c.	Amount.
R. R. Jenkyns and H. L. Cameron (George Stuart & Co., Agents; J. Taylor, Superintendent)	Wallsend	83	38	75	

1st to 7th section, 340 chains.

Total acreage, 1,712—Amount of cost, Rs. 738·96—  
Sectional rate, 43163c.—Total rate, 89848c.

E. H. Wijonaike, Colombo street, Kandy	Hapugolla	127	114	12	
--	-----------	-----	-----	----	--

1st to 9th section, 484 chains.

Total acreage, 1,585—Amount of cost, Rs. 760·07—  
Sectional rate, 47953c.—Total rate, 1·37801c.

Kandy Hills Co., Ltd. (Carson & Co., Ltd., Agents; M. E. Finlan-son, Superintendent)	Pansalatenna	234	322	46	
--	--------------	-----	-----	----	--

1st to 10th section, 548 chains.

Total acreage, 1,351—Amount of cost, Rs. 337·81—  
Sectional rate, 25004c.—Total rate, 1·62805c.

Kandy Rubber and Tea Estates, Ltd. (Messrs. Lee, Hedges & Co., Ltd., Colombo, Agents; H. Orloff Combe, Superintendent)	Ancoombra Group	822	1,338	26	
--	-----------------	-----	-------	----	--

Doolgalla (Ceylon) Rubber Estates, Ltd. (Aitken, Spence & Co., Agents; E. C. Layton, Superintendent)	Parawatta	360	586	10	
--	-----------	-----	-----	----	--

The Kepitiagalla Rubber Estates, Ltd., E. C. Layton (Agents, Harrison & Crosfield, Ltd., Colombo)	Nargolla	169	275	15	
---	----------	-----	-----	----	--

Total .. 2,892 51

N.B.—Private contribution .. Rs. 6,303 0  
Unexpended balance, 1926 .. 3,410 49

2,892 51

Which sums the proprietors, managers, or agents of the several estates are hereby required to pay to E. C. Layton, Esq., Chairman, Local Committee (Parawatta estate, Matale), on or before July 10, 1927.

W. L. KINDERSLEY,  
Provincial Road Committee's Office, Chairman.  
Kandy, June 6, 1927.

**Deniyaya-Hayes Branch Road, 1926-27.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for the maintenance of the Deniyaya-Hayes branch road during 1926-27, the Provincial Road Committee of the Southern Province, acting under the provisions of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, No. 14 of 1896," as amended by Ordinance No. 9 of 1907, have assessed the proportion due by each estate in the district interested in the maintenance of the said road as follows:—

(Estimate D 200 of 1926-27—Maintenance of  
Deniyaya-Hayes road.)

Government moiety .. Rs. 6,250·00  
Private contributions .. Rs. 6,343·75

Less unexpended balance of 1925-26 Rs. 6·83

To be recovered .. Rs. 6,336 92

1st section, 1 mile.			
Total acreage, 6,118—Moiety of cost, Rs. 627·42— Sectional rate, 10·2553c.—Total rate, 10·2553c.			
Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Assessment. Rs. c.
D. M. Rajapaksa	Deniyaya	609	62 45
1st and 2nd sections, 2 miles.			
Total acreage, 5,509—Moiety of cost, Rs. 627·42— Sectional rate, 11·389c.—Total rate, 21·6443c.			
W. A. Sandiris de Silva	Kekunehena	80	3 68
W. A. Akolis Silva	do.	—	3 68
W. A. Thepanis Silva	do.	—	2 35
(W. A. Kovis Appu)	do.	—	1 84
R. K. P. de Silva	do.	—	4 18
D. O. Kulasuriya	do.	—	1 8
(R. K. P. de Silva)	do.	—	0 50
D. M. Rajapaksa	do.	—	10 60
D. K. Dias Appu	do.	—	
D. Asirvatam	Teniptiya	49	
1st to 3rd section, 3 miles.			
Total acreage, 5,389—Moiety of cost, Rs. 627·42— Sectional rate, 11·6621c.—Total rate, 33·3064c.			
D. M. Rajapakse	Downside	202	67 28
1st to 4th section, 4 miles.			
Total acreage, 5,178—Moiety of cost, Rs. 627·42— Sectional rate, 12·117c.—Total rate, 45·4234c.			
Handford Estates Co.			
(Geo. Steuart & Co.)	Handford	765	347 49
1st to 6th section, 6 miles.			
Total acreage, 4,413—Moiety of cost, Rs. 1,254·83— Sectional rate, 28·4349c.—Total rate, 73·8583c.			
E. C. Anderson	Anningkanda	775	572 40

1st to 7th section, 7 miles.			
Total acreage, 3,638. Moiety of cost, Rs. 627·42— Sectional rate, 17·2463c.—Total rate, 91·1046c.			
Proprietors or Agents.	Estates.	Acreage.	Assessment. Rs. c.
W. A. Elias Appu	Marahena No. 1	52	47 37
W. Denoris Silva	Marahena No. 2	35	31 89
A. D. S. Weerasinghe	Marahena No. 3	40	36 44
W. Denoris Silva	Iluktenna	36	32 80
W. Denoris Silva	Puhulhenakanda	30	27 33
1st to 8th section, 8 miles.			
Total acreage, 3,445—Moiety of cost, Rs. 627·42— Sectional rate, 18·2125c.—Total rate, 109·3171c.			
Lipton, Limited	Panilkanda	844	922 64
1st to 10·1 section, 10·1 miles.			
Total acreage, 2,601—Moiety of cost, Rs. 1,317·57— Sectional rate, 50·6563c.—Total rate, 159·9734c.			
Haydella Tea and Rubber Co., Ltd. (Whittall & Co.)	Hayes	1,653	2,644 36
Haydella Tea and Rubber Co., Ltd. (lessee: V. M. Nagalingam)	Gongalla	574	918 25
E. C. Goonetilleke	Longford	257	411 14
M. S. Furlong	Dambahena	117	187 17
			Total .. 6,336 92

Which sums the proprietors, managers, and agents of the several estates are hereby required to pay into the Colonial Treasury on or before June 27, 1927.

L. W. C. SCHRADER,  
Provincial Road Committee,  
Galle, May 24, 1927.  
Chairman.

## SALES OF TOLL AND OTHER RENTS.

### Toll Rents, Western Province.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Friday, June 24, 1927, at 12 noon, will be put up for resale at the Colombo Kachcheri, at the risk of the original purchasers for the period mentioned below, the under-mentioned Toll Rents of the Western Province; the original purchasers of which may have failed to pay on or before that date the instalment for the month of May, 1927, or any part thereof, that may be due and owing on that date.

The purchaser or purchasers at the resale should deposit one-tenth of the purchase amount on the day of sale.

If the rents are not disposed of at the resale, action will be taken against defaulters in terms of the provisions of the Ordinance No. 21 of 1905.

From July 1 to September 30, 1927.

Canals.—(1) Hendala, (2) Grandpass, (3) Kittanpahuwa, (4) Kalutara, (5) Negombo.

Ferries.—Mutwal.

The Kachcheri,  
Colombo, June 1, 1927.

R. N. THAINE,  
Government Agent.

### Sale of Ferry and Toll Rents, 1927-28.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Government Agent for the Western Province will receive tenders at the Colombo Kachcheri at 12 noon on Monday, July 18, 1927, for the purchase of the under-mentioned Toll Rents of the Western Province from October 1, 1927, to September 30, 1928.

Separate tenders should be made for the several rents as shown below.

The successful tenderer will be required to deposit forthwith one-tenth of the purchase amount for twelve months in cash, and should the offer be accepted by His Excellency the Governor, to furnish approved security for one-half of the purchase amount for twelve months, or in cash for one-third of such amount, within thirty days of the date of the receipt by him of the notification of the Governor's acceptance of his offer.

He will also be required to deposit money to pay the fees of the Crown Proctors for examining and giving their

opinion of the title deeds of properties tendered by him as security and for examining and settling the security bond, and the fees charged by the Crown Proctors for examining documents and drawing the security bond, the expenses of appraising the properties and of registering the security bond, and the stamp duty on the bonds under the Ordinance No. 22 of 1909.

All title deeds tendered as security should be accompanied by a certificate obtained from the Registrar of Lands that the lands to which they relate are unencumbered. This certificate must be obtained at the cost of the party offering the security.

Further information can be obtained on application to the Government Agent.

### TOLLS ON TRUNK ROADS

#### Municipal Tolls.

- (a) Toll at the ferry at Pasbatal (Wattala).
- (b) Toll at the canal at the drawbridge at Grandpass.
- Toll at the ferry, Mutwal.

### TOLLS OTHER THAN THOSE ON THE TRUNK ROADS.

#### A.—Colombo District.

1. Tolls on the Hendala canal at Hendala and at Pamunugama. Tolls on the Hendala canal at Gorakgahatutupela and at a point on the western bank of the old Negombo canal at Pamunugama, 642 yards north of the canal called Joseph's canal.

2. Toll on the Kittampahuwa canal; collecting places: Demetagoda lock and at Attidiya. Payment at one clears the other next day.

#### B.—Negombo District.

Toll on the Negombo canal at Pallansena bridge; toll on the Negombo canal at the bridge of the entrance of the canal on the Custom-house road. Payment at one clears the other.

#### C.—Kalutara District.

(a) Tolls on the old Kalutara canal at Kepu-ela, Modera, and at Galtude. Payment at one clears the other.

(b) Tolls on the new Kalutara canal at Hataramodara.

Government Agent's Office,  
Colombo, June 7, 1927.

R. N. THAINE,  
Government Agent.