



# THE CEYLON GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

No. 7,614 — FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1927.

*Published by Authority.*

## PART I.—GENERAL.

*(Separate paging is given to each Part in order that it may be filed separately.)*

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COLOMBO:

H. ROSS COTTLE, GOVERNMENT PRINTER, CEYLON.

## PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR.

L 109/26

A PROCLAMATION.

H. J. STANLEY.

WHEREAS by a Proclamation bearing date October 5, 1892, published in *Government Gazette* No. 5,175 of October 7, 1892, the portion of forest called Kokakanda, situated in the villages Parawala, Owitigala, and Narawila in Iddagoda pattuwa of Pasdun korale west, in the District of Kalutara, specified in the schedule to the said Proclamation, and within the limits set forth therein, to wit; bounded on the north by land called Atrakoralayalanda; east by land called Kokawaladeniya belonging to private parties; south by the land called Ditumulalanda; and west by land called Puwakdolalanda, was under the provisions of section 34 of "The Forest Ordinance, 1885," constituted to be a village forest:

And whereas it appears to Us expedient that the said forest should cease to be a village forest:

Now know Ye that We, the Governor, in exercise of the powers in Us vested by section 14 of Ordinance No. 16 of 1907, do hereby cancel the said Proclamation dated October 5, 1892.

Colombo, November 5, 1927.

By His Excellency's command,  
A. G. M. FLETCHER,  
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

## APPOINTMENTS, &c., BY THE GOVERNOR.

No. 373 of 1927.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased, with the approval of the SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES, to promote Messrs. V. T. DICKMAN and C. V. GOONERATNE, Inspectors of Police, to the Grade of Assistant Superintendent of Police, with effect from August 1, 1927.

By His Excellency's command,  
Colonial Secretary's Office, A. G. M. FLETCHER,  
Colombo, November 10, 1927. Colonial Secretary.

No. 374 of 1927.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr. E. R. DE A. SAMARAKOON to be Extra Office Assistant to the Government Agent, Province of Uva, with effect from October 10, 1927, until further orders.

Mr. S. C. SANSONI to act as District Judge, Additional Commissioner of Requests, Additional Police Magistrate, and Superintendent of Prisons, Negombo, during the absence of Mr. G. FURSE ROBERTS, on November 14 and 15, 1927, or until the resumption of duties by that officer.

Mr. J. WILMOT PERERA to be Additional District Judge, Negombo, on November 12, 1927.

Mr. C. L. WICKREMASINGHE to act as Additional District Judge, Commissioner of Requests, Police Magistrate, and Municipal Magistrate, Galle, during the absence of Mr. C. E. DE PINTO, on November 8, 1927, or until the resumption of duties by that officer.

Mr. S. S. JAYAWICKREMA to act as Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Matara, and Additional District Judge, Matara, on November 11, 1927, during the absence of Mr. J. LIGHT, or until the resumption of duties by that officer.

Mr. C. S. COREA to be, in addition to his other duties, Additional Police Magistrate, Matara, with effect from November 11, 1927, until further orders.

Mr. J. KADRAMATAMBY to be Additional Police Magistrate, Batticaloa, from November 13 to 19, 1927, both days inclusive.

Mr. N. J. LUDDINGTON, Chief Assistant Settlement Officer, to be a Justice of the Peace for the Island, and Mr. L. L. HUNTER to be a Justice of the Peace for the North-Western Province.

Messrs. A. D. SKRINE and H. WEBSTER and Lieutenant-Colonel A. C. B. JONKLAAS, V.D., V.L.M., to be Justices of the Peace and Unofficial Police Magistrates for the judicial division of Colombo.

Mr. R. N. ROWBOTHAM to be a Justice of the Peace and Unofficial Police Magistrate for the District of Galle.

By His Excellency's command,  
Colonial Secretary's Office, A. G. M. FLETCHER,  
Colombo, November 10, 1927. Colonial Secretary.

No. 375 of 1927.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following promotion in the Ceylon Mounted Rifles:—

*To be Lieutenant.*

Second Lieutenant HAROLD FREDERICK PEARSON.

By His Excellency's command,  
Colonial Secretary's Office, A. G. M. FLETCHER,  
Colombo, November 8, 1927. Colonial Secretary.

No. 376 of 1927.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased, under section 120 of "The Criminal Procedure Code, 1898," to appoint Mr. P. W. J. SERASINHA to be an Inquirer for the Vidane Arachchies' divisions of Udugama and Mapalagama in Gangaboda pattu, Galle District.

By His Excellency's command,  
Colonial Secretary's Office, A. G. M. FLETCHER.  
Colombo, October 31, 1927. Colonial Secretary.

No. 377 of 1927.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint Mr. JAMES VICTOR ABEYWICKREMA GOONETILLEKE of Galle to be a Notary Public throughout the judicial division of Avissawella, and to practise as such in the English language.

By His Excellency's command,  
Colonial Secretary's Office, A. G. M. FLETCHER.  
Colombo, November 7, 1927. Colonial Secretary.

### APPOINTMENTS, &c., OF REGISTRARS.

IT is hereby notified that I have appointed ARUMUGAM MANICKAVASAKAR as Registrar of Marriages (Kandyan and General) of Nuwaragam palata division, in the Anuradhapura District of the North-Central Province, with effect from November 5, 1927, *vice* W. J. P. C. G. P. JAYASURIYA, transferred. His office will be at Land Registry, Anuradhapura.

Registrar-General's Office, C. COOMARSWAMY,  
Colombo, November 5, 1927. Registrar-General.

THE following appointments made under section 3 of Ordinance No. 23 of 1900 and section 7 of Ordinance No. 19 of 1907 are hereby notified:—

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Colombo, has appointed WALTER MARTINUS DE ALWIS to act as Registrar of Marriages (General) of Colombo town division, in the Colombo District of the Western Province, on November 1, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, RICHARD HERBERT DE ALWIS, on leave. His office will be at the Kachcheri, Colombo.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Colombo, has appointed DON PAULUS RANASINHA WEERASEKERA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Mahara division, and of Marriages (General) of Adikari pattu of Siyane korale west division, in the Colombo District of the Western Province, on November 4, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, DON PAULU NANAYAKKARA, on leave. His office will be at Pamburugahawatta in Kurukulawa.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Colombo, has appointed DON WILLIAM SENANAYAKA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Yatigaha North division, and of Marriages (General) of Yatigaha pattu of Hapitigam korale division, in the Colombo District of the Western Province, on November 7, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, SENANAYAKA APPUHAMILLE DON YAHANIS, on leave. His office will be at Polhitawapuwatta in Kudagammana; station at Kinagahawatta in Wattermulla.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Colombo, has appointed Dr. DON JAMES HECTOR FERDINANDO to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Maradana division, in the Colombo District of the Western Province, on November 7, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, Dr. A. C. FERNANDO, on other duty. His office will be at No. 229, Dematagoda road, Maradana.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Matale, has appointed PUNCHI BANDA ETIPOLA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Asgiri Udasiya pattu division, and of Marriages (General) of Matale South division, in the Matale District of the Central Province, for three days from November 7, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, KARUNA JAYATILAKA RAJAGURU WASALA MUDIYANSE RALAHAMILLAGE ETIPOLA MEDAWALAWWE RATNAYAKA LOKU BANDA, on leave. His office will be at Medawalawwa in Etipola.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Matale, has appointed TIKIRI BANDA ARAWWAWALA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Matale Medasiya pattu division, and of Marriages (General) of Matale South division, in the Matale District of the Central Province, for two days from November 7, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, EKANAYAKA MARASINHA WASALA MUDIYANSE RALAHAMILLAGE NUGAPITIYE WALAWWE ABEYRATNA BANDARA NUGAPITIYA, on leave. His office will be at Kalalpitiyewatta in Bowatta.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Nuwara Eliya, has appointed WAKATENNE UKKURALA RATNAYAKE to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Oyapalata korale division, and of Marriages (General) of Walapane division, in the Nuwara Eliya District of the Central Province, for six days from November 7, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, DAMBAGOLLEGEDERA APPUHAMY, on leave. His office will be at Ambalamalangawatta in Batagolla.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Galle, has appointed HALUKIRTI LAINIS WIJEGUNAWARDENA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Balapitiya division, and of Marriages (General) of Wellaboda pattu division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, on November 3, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, OJJAS DE SILVA WIJEGUNAWARDENA, on leave. His office will be at Mahawatta in Randombe.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Galle, has appointed CHARLES HECTOR WIJESINHA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Diwiture division, and of Marriages (General) of Gangaboda pattu division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, on November 4, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, ANDRAYAS HECTOR WIJESINHA, on leave. His offices will be at Pinitaragodellewatta in Ampegama and Putuwegodawatta in Waduveliwitiya.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Galle, has appointed MAWANANEHEWA JOHN CYRIL DE SILVA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Batapola division, and of Marriages (General) of Wellaboda pattu division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, for eight days from November 4, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, MAWANANEHEWA JOHN DE SILVA, on leave. His office will be at Maralagodawatta in Batapola.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Galle, has appointed RANCHAGODA ARACHCHIGE DON ARON KARUNARATNE to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Induruwa division, and of Marriages (General) of Bentota Walallawiti korale division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, on November 5, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, RANCHAGODA ARACHCHIGE DON JOHN KARUNARATNE, on leave. His office will be at Wellawatta in Yalagama.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Galle, has appointed WILSON AMARASINHA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Angulugaha division, and of Marriages

(General) of Talpe pattu division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, for two days from November 6, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, DON MATHES AMARASINHA, on leave. His office will be at Borluketiye-watta in Dorape.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Galle, has appointed LOUIS DIAS WIRASINHA GUNAWARDENA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Hawupe division, and of Marriages (General) of Talpe pattu division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, on November 7, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, HAWUPE LIYANAGE FRANCIS EDIRISINHA, on leave. His offices will be at Dunwatta in Hawupe for Births and Deaths; and Ilangamtenna in Hawupe for Marriages.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Galle, has appointed ABRAHAM HETTIACHCHI GUNAWARDENA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Hikkaduwa division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, on November 7, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, HETTIACHCHI BAPTIST WICKRAMARATNE, on leave. His office will be at Hettiachchidewelwatta in Hikkaduwa.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Galle, has appointed BAMMANNE ARACHCHIGE HENDRICK DIAS GUNASEKERA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kodagoda division, and of Marriages (General) of Talpe pattu division, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, for two days from November 11, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, DON HENDRICK DIAS YAPA ABAYAGUNAWARDENA, on leave. His office will be at Dangedarawatta *alias* Witangewatta at Kodagoda.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Matara, has appointed DAYANOLIS WILLIAM SEPALA RATNAYAKA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Bengamuwa division, and of Marriages (General) of Morawak korale division, in the Matara District of the Southern Province, for three days from November 5, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, ROBERT WILLIAM SEPALA RATNAYAKA, on leave. His office will be at Walauwewatta in Bengamuwa.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Hambantota, has appointed DON NIKULAS VIDANE TUPPAHI to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Walasmulla Upper Division, and of Marriages (General) of West Giruwa pattu division, in the Hambantota District of the Southern Province, on November 7, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, JAMES DAHANAYAKA, on leave. His office will be at Julgahakoratuwa in Talahaganwaduwa.

The Provincial Registrar, Jaffna, has appointed VAYITTYANATAR KANAPATIPPILLAI, to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Delft division, and of Marriages (General) of Delft division, in the Jaffna District of the Northern Province, for two days from November 3, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, MICHAELPILLAI JOSEPH PILLAINAYAGAM, on leave. His office will be at the Village Tribunal Court-house in Delft.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Mullaittivu, has appointed Dr. CARTIGESAR SVARATNAM to act as Medical Registrar of Births and Deaths of Mullaittivu town division,

in the Mullaittivu District of the Northern Province, for five days from October 30, 1927, during the absence of the Medical Registrar, Dr. RAJENDRAM JEREMIAH, on leave. His office will be at the Civil Hospital, Mullaittivu.

The Provincial Registrar, Kurunegala, has appointed RATNAYAKE MUDIANSSELAGE LOKU BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Madure korale division, and of Marriages (General) of Weudawili hatpattu division, in the Kurunegala District of the North-Western Province, for thirteen days from November 1, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, SRI NARAYANA RATNAYAKE HERAT MUDIANSSELAGE RAN BANDA MALMIWALA, on leave. His office will be at Malmiwala.

The Provincial Registrar, Kurunegala, has appointed EKANAYAKE MUDIANSSELAGE BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Pahalawisideke korale division, and of Marriages (General) of Wann hatpattu division, in the Kurunegala District of the North-Western Province, for three days from November 9, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, RANGE BANDARALAGE APPUHAMY UDUWERIYA, on leave. His office will be at Pahalagama.

The Provincial Registrar, Uva, has appointed ATTANAKA MUDIANSSELAGE SUDU BANDA ATTANAYAKE to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Wegam pattu division, and of Marriages (General) of Wellassa division, in the Badulla District of the Province of Uva, for eight days from November 3, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, ATTANAYAKA MUDIANSSELAGE PUNCHI BANDA KOTAGAMA, on leave. His office will be at Watawanewatta in Kotagama.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, Badulla, has appointed PUNCHISINGHO DISSANAYAKA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Wellawaya division, and of Marriages (General) of Wellawaya division, in the Badulla District of the Province of Uva, for five days from November 7, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, BALASURIYAGE DON SIMAN DHARMAPALA, on leave. His office will be at Weliare.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kegalla, has appointed JAYAWARDANA BANDA SENANAYAKA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Kanduhā pattuwa division, and of Marriages (General) of Paranakuru korale division, in the Kegalla District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, for four days from October 31, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, SENANAYAKARALLAGE CHARLES BANDA, on leave. His office will be at Migahamulahenewatta in Telijjagoda.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Kegalla, has appointed ADIKARI MUDIANSSELAGE DINGIRIBANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Ganne pattuwa division, and of Marriages (General) of Galboda and Kinigoda korales division, in the Kegalla District of the Province of Sabaragamuwa, on November 7, 1927, during the absence of the Registrar, KONARA MUDIANSSELAGE MEDDUMABANDA, on leave. His office will be at Nagahawelagewatta in Kahawandala.

Registrar-General's Office, C. COOMARASWAMY,  
Colombo, November 8, 1927. Registrar-General.

## GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATIONS.

Y 7/27

IT is hereby notified that the under-mentioned gentlemen have passed the examination prescribed under the regulations dated January 11, 1924, held on October 17, 1927, and following days:—

Name.	First Examination.		Sinhalese. Per Cent.	Tamil. Per Cent.
	Law. Per Cent.	Accounts. Per Cent.		
Mr. R. H. D. Manders ..	57	80	52	—
Mr. P. O. S. E. Silva ..	49	58	—	55
Second Examination.				
Mr. J. A. Mulhall ..	57	75	59	64

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, November 10, 1927.

By His Excellency's command,  
A. G. M. FLETCHER,  
Colonial Secretary.

W 485/27

IN terms of section 24 of the Minute of December 9, 1908, it is hereby notified that the under-mentioned officer, seconded for service, will be allowed to count the period of his temporary employment for pension purposes :—

Name.	Pensionable Appointment.	Seconded Service.
Mr. T. A. Peiris	Assistant Engineer, Public Works Department	Assistant Civil Engineer, Electrical Department.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, November 7, 1927.

By His Excellency's command,  
A. G. M. FLETCHER,  
Colonial Secretary.

THE NAVAL AND MILITARY GOODS (EXEMPTION FROM CUSTOMS DUTIES)  
ORDINANCE, No. 3 OF 1927.

N 101/27

IT is hereby notified that His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council has, in pursuance of section 2 (2) of the Naval and Military Goods (Exemption from Customs Duties) Ordinance, No. 3 of 1927, approved that for the purposes of section 2 of the said Ordinance the expression "His Majesty's Regular Naval Forces in Ceylon" shall include the Royal Fleet Auxiliary "Slavol."

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, November 8, 1927.

By His Excellency's command,  
A. G. M. FLETCHER,  
Colonial Secretary.

"THE CEYLON RAILWAYS ORDINANCE, 1902."

T 18/27

RULE made by His Excellency the Governor with the advice of the Executive Council, under section 5 of "The Ceylon Railways Ordinance, 1902," as amended by the Ceylon Railways Ordinance, No. 10 of 1925.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, November 7, 1927.

By His Excellency's command,  
A. G. M. FLETCHER,  
Colonial Secretary.

RULE REFERRED TO.

The rules relating to the conveyance of traffic by goods trains published by Notification dated February 25, 1926, in the Supplement to *Government Gazette* No. 7,514 of February 26, 1926, and mentioned in the first column of the schedule to this rule, shall be amended in the manner shown in the second column of that schedule.

Schedule.

Rule.	Nature of Amendment.
Goods rule 35 (b)	The following rule shall be substituted for goods rule 35 (b) :— (b) Tea plucking, tea leaf transport, and rubber plant protector baskets in consignments of 3 cwt. and over per wagon will be subject to a rate of 15 cents per consignment per mile below Nawalapitiya and 30 cents above Nawalapitiya. Consignments of less than 3 cwt. will be charged for at half these rates. Tea, cacao, and rubber supply baskets in consignments of 8 cwt. and over per wagon will be subject to a rate of 15 cents per consignment per mile below Nawalapitiya and 30 cents above Nawalapitiya. Consignments of less than 8 cwt. will be charged for at half these rates. The usual loading and unloading charge of 35 cents per ton on actual weight of contents will also be made.
Goods rule 35 (c)	The following rule shall be substituted for goods rule 35 (c) :— (c) Earth, manure, and cacao washing baskets of conical shape which pack closely into one another will be charged for on actual weight at ninth class rates.

Regulations for Government University Scholarships.

E 40/26

IT is hereby notified for general information that clause (c) of regulation 2 of "The Regulations for Government University Scholarships," as published in the *Ceylon Government Gazette* No. 7,554 of November 5, 1926, and amended in *Ceylon Government Gazette* No. 7,560 of December 17, 1927, has been further amended to read as follows :—

"One Scholarship for the candidate recommended by the authorities of the University of London as the most meritorious of those who have appeared for the B.Sc. Special Examination or the B.A. Honours Examination in Mathematics. Candidates for this Scholarship must, on each occasion they compete for the Scholarship, take Part I. of the examination in accordance with the regulations of the University of London. Part II. is optional for the Scholarship, and if it is taken by a candidate, the authorities of the University may in making their recommendation consider the work of the candidate as a whole in both the Parts."

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, November 7, 1927.

By His Excellency's command,  
A. G. M. FLETCHER,  
Colonial Secretary.

## Notification No. 1.

*Tea Tortrix.*

A 126/27

IT is hereby notified under regulation 5 of Part II. of the regulations set forth in the schedule to "The Plant Protection Ordinance, No. 10 of 1924," that the Tea Tortrix (*Homona coffearia* Nietner) is declared to be a pest.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, November 8, 1927.

By His Excellency's command,  
A. G. M. FLETCHER,  
Colonial Secretary.

## Notification No. 2.

"THE PLANT PROTECTION ORDINANCE, NO. 10 OF 1924."

A 126/27

REGULATION made by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council under section 9 (2) of "The Plant Protection Ordinance, No. 10 of 1924."

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, November 8, 1927.

By His Excellency's command,  
A. G. M. FLETCHER,  
Colonial Secretary.

## REGULATION.

Records of collections of Tea Tortrix egg masses, larvae, and pupae by weight or by number of leaves made upon all estates over 10 acres in extent shall be sent to the Director of Agriculture at such intervals not exceeding three months as may be required by the Director of Agriculture.

## Notification of the Special Sale of Land to serve as a Site for a Threshing-floor and Cultivator's Watch-huts at Millawitiya. L 1041/27

NOTICE is hereby given under Land Sale Regulations Nos. 59 and 60 that an application has been made to the Government Agent, Province of Sabaragamuwa, by Messrs. D. T. de S. Amerasekera and S. Malawana of Ratnapura, for the sale to them, without competition, of an allotment of land called Kendaketiyeheena *alias* Malabendahena, situated at Millawitiya, in Uda pattu north of Kuruwiti korale, in Ratnapura District, Province of Sabaragamuwa, in extent 3 roods and 36 perches, and more fully described as lot 8 in preliminary plan No. 3,743, Millawitiya, for the purpose of erecting cultivator's watch-huts and to serve as a threshing-floor.

As the land applied for adjoins the paddy field belonging to the said applicants, the Government will sell the said land at the appraised value of Rs. 110 without competition to the said Messrs. D. T. de S. Amerasekera and S. Malawana, and on certain other terms and conditions, unless valid cause is shown to the contrary, in writing to the undersigned, within six weeks from the date hereof.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, November 11, 1927.

By His Excellency's command,  
A. G. M. FLETCHER,  
Colonial Secretary.

## "THE CEMETERIES AND BURIALS ORDINANCE, 1899."

U 318/27

NOTICE is hereby given that His Excellency the Governor in exercise of the powers vested in him by section 34 of the above-named Ordinance, and on the recommendation of the "proper authority," to wit, the Government Agent of the Western Province, has been pleased to approve of the allotment of land set out in the schedule hereto being provided and used as a burial ground for the labourers on Katuhedanda estate, situated at Dodangoda, belonging to C. M. M. Shariff of No. 13A, Messenger street, Colombo.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, November 10, 1927.

By His Excellency's command,  
A. G. M. FLETCHER,  
Colonial Secretary.

## SCHEDULE.

An allotment of land called Katuhedanda, situated at Dodangoda, in the Pasdun korale west, in the Kalutara District of the Western Province, and described in Licensed Surveyor's plan No. 1,763 dated July 7, 1927; and bounded as follows: on all sides by the remaining portion of Katuhedanda; containing in extent 16 perches.

## "THE CEMETERIES AND BURIALS ORDINANCE, 1899."

U 161/26

NOTICE is hereby given that His Excellency the Governor, in exercise of the powers vested in him by section 34 of the Cemeteries and Burials Ordinance, No. 9 of 1899, and on the recommendation of the "proper authority," to wit, the Sanitary Board of the Kandy District, Central Province, has approved of the allotment of land set out in the schedule hereto being provided and used as a burial ground from the date hereof.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, November 11, 1927.

By His Excellency's command,  
A. G. M. FLETCHER,  
Colonial Secretary.

## SCHEDULE.

Lot 1 in preliminary plan No. 7,044.  
Name of land: Kotiyagala estate.  
Situation: Kotiyagala within the Sanitary Board limits of Bogawantalawa, in the District of Kandy, Central Province.  
Boundaries: South by a road and on all other sides by the remaining portion of T. P. 62,697.  
Extent: 2 roods and 29.4 perches.  
Community: Communal burial ground.

G 999/27

THE following copies of the regulations and other papers issued by the Civil Service Commissioners respecting the examination for the Indian Civil Service to be held in London, in July and August, 1928, are published for information.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, November 9, 1927.

By His Excellency's command,  
A. G. M. FLETCHER,  
Colonial Secretary.

### INDIAN CIVIL SERVICE.

#### Open Competition of 1928.

An Open Competitive Examination for admission to the Indian Civil Service will be held in London in 1928. The *vivá voce* test (subject 6) will be held in July, and each candidate will in due course be informed when he is to appear. The question papers for some written tests of Section B subjects will probably be set in the week beginning Sunday, July 22. The examination in Section A subjects which are taken by all candidates will begin on August 1.

The number of persons to be selected at this examination will be announced hereafter.

No person will be admitted to compete from whom the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, has not received, on or before *May 15, 1928*, an application on the prescribed form, a copy of which is sent herewith. No allegation that an application form or a letter respecting such form has been lost or delayed in the post will be considered by the Commissioners unless the person making such allegation produces a Post Office certificate of posting. Candidates who delay their applications until the last days will do so at their own risk.

Acknowledgments of such application forms are sent, and any candidate who has filled up and returned the printed application form but has not received an acknowledgment of it within four complete days should at once write to the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, Burlington Gardens, London, W.1. Failure to comply with this provision will deprive the candidate of any claim to consideration.

Candidates will be notified in June of the date and place fixed for their *vivá voce* test and of the manner in which the fee (£8) is to be paid. The time table of the written part of the examination will be posted early in July to the address given on the form of application, and will contain instructions as to the time and place at which candidates are to attend.

#### NOTE.

If Open Competitive Examinations for the following services, viz. :—

- Eastern Cadetships in the Colonial Service ;
- Junior Grade of the Administrative Class in the Home Civil Service ;

should be held in 1928 concurrently with the Open Competitive Examination for the Indian Civil Service, candidates duly eligible in respect of age, &c., will be admitted to compete for any two or all three of these services, subject to the following conditions :—

(1) Every successful candidate who may have been admitted to compete for either the Indian or the Colonial Service (or both), as well as for the Home Service, will be called upon to declare, immediately after the announcement of the result of the competitions, whether he prefers his name to remain on the list of candidates for the Indian or Colonial Service or on the list of candidates for the Home Service.

The name of any candidate who fails to declare his choice when called upon to do so will be removed from the list of candidates for the Home Service.

(2) Every successful candidate who may have been admitted to compete for both the Indian and Colonial Services will be called upon to declare, immediately after the announcement of the result of the competitions, whether he prefers his name to remain on the list of candidates for the Indian Service or on the list of candidates for the Colonial Service.

The name of any candidate who fails to declare his choice when called upon to do so will be removed from the list of candidates for the Colonial Service.

(3) All declarations of choice are irrevocable.

(4) Candidates for all three or any two of the above-mentioned services will be required to pay a consolidated fee of £8.

Civil Service Commission,  
August, 1927.

August, 1927.

### EXAMINATIONS FOR THE INDIAN CIVIL SERVICE.

#### REGULATIONS FOR ADMISSION TO THE INDIAN CIVIL SERVICE.

\* \* The following regulations, made by the Secretary of State for India in Council, are liable to alteration from year to year :—

1. An examination for admission to the Indian Civil Service, open to all qualified persons, will be held in London in July and August of each year for such number of appointments to that Service as the Secretary of State may on each occasion determine. The date of the examination will be announced beforehand by the Civil Service Commissioners.

2. Save as hereinafter provided a candidate must be a British subject. If the candidate (being a British subject) or his father or his mother was not born within His Majesty's Dominions and allegiance then at the time of his birth his father must have been a British subject or the subject of a state in India, and such father must be or must have continued to be until his death a British subject or the subject of such State in India. Provided that a ruler or subject of any State in India in respect of whom the Governor-General in Council has made a declaration under section 96 A of the Government of India Act may be considered eligible.

3. A candidate must have attained the age of twenty-one, and must not have attained the age of twenty-four on the first day of August of the year in which the examination is held.

4. A candidate who is a native of India must obtain a certificate of age and qualification under regulations 2 and 3 issued under Notification of the Government of India, No. 1,114, dated September 12, 1918, and signed, should he be a resident in British India, by the Secretary to Government of the Province, or the Commissioner of the division within which his family resides, or, should he reside in a native State, by the highest Political Officer accredited to the State in which his family resides.\*

\* Candidates should be careful to see that the wording of this certificate of age and qualification is strictly in accordance with the form laid down in Rules VIII. and IX. of Government of India Notification No. 1,114 dated September 12, 1918.

5. A candidate must be free from disease, constitutional affection, or bodily infirmity, unfitting him, or likely to unfit him, for the Indian Civil Service.\*

6. A candidate shall satisfy the Civil Service Commissioners that his character is such as to qualify him for employment in the Indian Civil Service.

7. No person who, in a previous year, accepted the offer of a nomination as a selected candidate for the Indian Civil Service and subsequently resigned his position as a selected candidate, will be admitted to the examination.

8. Should the evidence upon the above points be *prima facie* satisfactory to the Civil Service Commissioners, the candidate, on payment of the prescribed fee, will be admitted to the examination. The Commissioners may, however, in their discretion, at any time prior to the grant of the certificate of qualification hereinafter referred to, institute such further inquiries as they may deem necessary; and if the result of such inquiries in the case of any candidate should be unsatisfactory to them in any of the above respects he will be ineligible for admission to the Indian Civil Service, and, if already selected, will be removed from the position of a probationer.

9. The examination will include the following subjects.† The numerical value is shown against each subject:—

## SECTION A.

Candidates are to take up all the subjects in this section.

	Marks.		Marks.
1. Essay .. .. .	100	4. Everyday Science .. .. .	100
2. English .. .. .	100	5. Auxiliary Language .. .. .	100
3. Present Day .. .. .	100	6. <i>Vivà Voce</i> .. .. .	300

## SECTION B.—OPTIONAL SUBJECTS.

Candidates are allowed to take up subjects in this section up to a total of 1,000 marks.

	Marks.		Marks.
<i>History.</i>			
7. English History to 1660 .. .. .	200	37. Lower Geology .. .. .	200
8. British History, 1660–1914 .. .. .	200	38. Higher Geology .. .. .	200
9. European History, either Period 1 or Period 2 .. .. .	200	39. Lower Physiology .. .. .	200
10. European History, Period 3 .. .. .	200	40. Higher Physiology .. .. .	200
<i>Economics, Politics, Law, and Philosophy.</i>			
11. General Economics .. .. .	200	41. Lower Zoology .. .. .	200
12. Economic History .. .. .	100	42. Higher Zoology .. .. .	200
13. Public Economics .. .. .	100	43. Engineering .. .. .	400
14. Political Theory .. .. .	100	44. Geography .. .. .	400
15. Political Organization .. .. .	100	45. General Anthropology .. .. .	100
16. Constitutional Law .. .. .	100	46. Special Anthropology consisting of either Social Anthropology or Physical Anthropology .. .. .	100
17. Private Law .. .. .	200	47. Agriculture .. .. .	200
18. Roman Law .. .. .	100	<i>English Literature, Languages, and Civilizations.</i>	
19. International Law .. .. .	100	48. English Literature, Period 1 .. .. .	200
20. Moral Philosophy .. .. .	100	49. English Literature, Period 2 .. .. .	200
21. Metaphysics .. .. .	100	50. Latin Language .. .. .	200
22. Logic .. .. .	100	51. Roman Civilization .. .. .	200
23. Psychology .. .. .	100	52. Greek Language .. .. .	200
24. Experimental Psychology .. .. .	100	53. Greek Civilization .. .. .	200
<i>Mathematics and Science.</i>			
25. Lower Pure Mathematics .. .. .	200	54. French Language .. .. .	200
26. Higher Pure Mathematics .. .. .	200	55. French Civilization .. .. .	200
27. Lower Applied Mathematics .. .. .	200	56. German Language .. .. .	200
28. Higher Applied Mathematics .. .. .	200	57. German Civilization .. .. .	200
29. Astronomy .. .. .	200	58. Spanish or Italian Language .. .. .	200
30. Statistics .. .. .	100	59. Spanish or Italian Civilization .. .. .	200
31. Lower Chemistry .. .. .	200	60. Russian Language .. .. .	200
32. Higher Chemistry .. .. .	200	61. Russian Civilization .. .. .	200
33. Lower Physics .. .. .	200	62. Arabic Language .. .. .	200
34. Higher Physics .. .. .	200	63. Arabic Civilization .. .. .	200
35. Lower Botany .. .. .	200	64. Persian Language .. .. .	200
36. Higher Botany .. .. .	200	65. Persian Civilization .. .. .	200
		66. Sanskrit Language .. .. .	200
		67. Sanskrit Civilization .. .. .	200

## SECTION C.

An *extra numerum* subject may be offered carrying 100 marks and chosen from the following:—

General Anthropology.	Special Anthropology.	An auxiliary language.
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10. The auxiliary language in Section A or Section C will be tested by means of translation from the language. The following languages may be offered:—French, German, Italian, Spanish, Portuguese, Dutch, Norwegian, Swedish, Danish, Russian, Latin, Ancient Greek.

No candidate may offer any language or General Anthropology or Special Anthropology twice in the examination.

No candidate may offer in Sections A and C together two languages of the group Italian, Spanish, Portuguese, or two of the group Norwegian, Swedish, Danish.

Only a candidate who takes two modern languages in Section B may offer Latin or Ancient Greek as an auxiliary language.

Instead of an auxiliary language a candidate whose mother tongue is an Indian language may offer as subject 5 either General Anthropology or Special Anthropology.

\* The Civil Service Commissioners will regard no person as constitutionally fitted for appointment to the Indian Civil Service who has not been satisfactorily vaccinated within the last seven years.

† A syllabus defining in general terms the character of the examination in the various subjects is sent herewith.



11. In subjects 50 to 67 the civilization subject associated with a language can only be taken by candidates who offer the language itself for examination.\*

12. A candidate desiring to offer subject 24 or any of the subjects 31 to 43 must produce evidence satisfactory to the Commissioners of laboratory training in an institution of university rank. For Astronomy (29), Geography (44), the Physical Anthropology branch of Special Anthropology (46), and Agriculture (47), other equivalent training will be required. There will be no laboratory test as part of the examination.

13. From the marks assigned to candidates in each subject such deduction will be made as the Civil Service Commissioners may deem necessary in order to secure that no credit be allowed for merely superficial knowledge.

14. Moreover, if a candidate's handwriting is not easily legible a further deduction will, on that account, be made from the total marks otherwise accruing to him.†

15. A list of the competitors shall be made out in order of their proficiency as disclosed by the aggregate marks finally awarded to each competitor, and in that order so many competitors, up to the determined number of appointments, as are found by the Civil Service Commissioners to be qualified by examination, shall be designated to be selected candidates for the Indian Civil Service, provided that they appear to be duly qualified in other respects.

Should any selected candidate become disqualified, the Secretary of State for India will determine whether the vacancy thus created shall be filled or not. In the former case the candidate next in order of merit, and in other respects duly qualified, shall be deemed to be a selected candidate.

16. Application for permission to attend an examination must be made in the handwriting of the candidate, at such time and in such manner as may be fixed by the Civil Service Commissioners.

### EXAMINATIONS OF SELECTED CANDIDATES FOR THE INDIAN CIVIL SERVICE.

*Regulations made under Section 97 of the Government of India Act for the Probation in the United Kingdom and the further Examination of Selected Candidates for the Indian Civil Service.*

\* \* The following regulations made by the Secretary of State for India in Council are liable to alteration from year to year :—

(1) Candidates selected at the Open Competition held in London will be required to remain in the United Kingdom on probation for one or two years, as may be decided by the Secretary of State for India in Council.

(2) Candidates selected at the Open Competition held in India and candidates selected in India otherwise than by competitive examination will be required to proceed to the United Kingdom on probation for a period of two years. But in the case of a candidate who has taken part in the Open Competition held in London, and has been selected in India otherwise than by Open Competition, the Secretary of State in Council may direct that the period of probation shall be one year only.

#### ONE-YEAR PROBATIONERS.

(3) One-year probationers will, at or about the end of the year of probation, undergo an examination called the Final Examination. The subjects and the marks allotted to them are as follows :—

Compulsory Subjects—		Marks.			Marks.
1. Indian Penal Code	..	200	4. Indian History	..	400
2. Code of Criminal Procedure	..	200	5. A vernacular language or History	..	600
3. The Indian Evidence Act	..	200	6. Riding	..	200
Optional Subjects, one only to be taken—			Marks.		
7. Hindu and Muhammadan Law	..	..	..	..	400
8. A classical language selected from Sanskrit, Arabic, Persian, Pali	..	..	..	..	400

#### TWO-YEAR PROBATIONERS.

(4) Two-year probationers will undergo two examinations—the Intermediate Examination at the end of the first year of probation and the Final Examination at or about the end of the second year.

(5) The subjects of the Intermediate Examination and the marks allotted to them are as follows. All the subjects are compulsory :—

		Marks.			Marks.
1. A vernacular language or History	..	400	5. Indian History	..	200
2. Phonetics	..	200	6. Notes of Cases	..	200
3. Jurisprudence	..	200	7. Economics	..	200
4. Law of Evidence and Criminal Law	..	200			

(6) The subjects of the Final Examination and the marks allotted to them are as follows :—

Compulsory Subjects—		Marks.			Marks.
1. A vernacular language or History	..	600	5. Notes of Cases	..	400
2. Indian Penal Code	..	200	6. Indian History	..	400
3. Code of Criminal Procedure	..	200	7. Economics	..	400
4. The Indian Evidence Act	..	200	8. Riding	..	200
Optional Subjects, one only to be taken—			Marks.		
9. Hindu and Muhammadan Law	..	..	..	..	400
10. A classical language selected from Sanskrit, Arabic, Persian, Pali	..	..	..	..	400

\* E.g., a candidate desiring to offer subject No. 51 (Roman Civilization) must also offer subject No. 50 (Latin Language).

† It is notified for general information that the number of marks deducted for bad handwriting may be considerable.

## ONE-YEAR AND TWO-YEAR PROBATIONERS.

(7) Sub-section 1. Each candidate will offer for examination the vernacular shown in column 2 against his province in the following table unless he is already familiar with it or with a language closely allied to it. A probationer assigned to Madras who is familiar with one only of the vernaculars named will offer the other:—

Col. 1.	Col. 2.	Col. 3.
Madras .. .. .	Tamil or Telugu .. .. .	—
Bombay .. .. .	Marathi .. .. .	Urdu
Bengal .. .. .	Bengali .. .. .	—
United Provinces .. .. .	Urdu .. .. .	—
Punjab .. .. .	Urdu .. .. .	—
Burma .. .. .	Burmese .. .. .	—
Bihar and Orissa .. .. .	Hindi .. .. .	Bengali
Central Provinces .. .. .	Hindi .. .. .	Marathi
Assam .. .. .	Bengali .. .. .	—

Sub-section 2. A candidate who is not required by sub-section (1) to offer a vernacular named in column 2 will offer the vernacular named in column 3 against his province if any such vernacular is named, unless he is already familiar with the vernacular there named or with a closely allied one.

Sub-section 3. A candidate who is not required under the preceding sub-sections to offer a vernacular will offer History instead. A one-year probationer will offer British History; a two-year probationer will offer British History for the intermediate examination and European History for the final examination.

Any question as to the interpretation and application of this regulation will be decided by the Civil Service Commissioners.

(8) The ordinary session of the Final Examination for the testing of riding will take place in advance of the rest of the Final Examination, and a special session will when necessary be held at a later date or the benefit of any candidate who may have failed at the ordinary session.

Candidates who at the ordinary session satisfy the Commissioners that they are sufficiently at home in the saddle for the efficient performance of all duties required of members of the Indian Civil Service will be awarded marks ranging between 101 and 200 according to the degree of proficiency displayed.

Candidates who at the ordinary session fall short of this adequate proficiency, but show such minimum proficiency as is evidence that with a moderate amount of practice they can attain full proficiency, will receive marks ranging between 1 and 100; they will be allowed to proceed to India and will on their arrival there be subjected to such further tests in riding as may be prescribed by their Local Government\*.

Any candidate who at the ordinary session fails to show a minimum proficiency will be examined again at a special session. If he then attains adequate proficiency he will not be subjected to further tests in India. If he attains minimum proficiency he will be allowed to proceed to India under the same condition as if he had attained minimum proficiency at the ordinary session. No credit in marks will be given for any performance at a special session.

Probationers may also be examined in riding at such time or times as the Commissioners may appoint during the course of the probationary period.

(9) Such deductions as the Civil Service Commissioners may consider necessary will be made from the marks assigned to candidates at the Intermediate and Final Examinations in order to secure that no credit is allowed for merely superficial knowledge.

(10) The Civil Service Commissioners will prepare lists of the candidates in order of merit; the order for the one-year probationers being based on the sum of the marks obtained by the candidates at the Open Competitive and Final Examinations, the order for the two-year probationers being based on the sum of the marks obtained by the candidates at the Intermediate and Final Examinations.

(11) The selected candidates whose performance in the compulsory subjects† of the Final Examination is such as to satisfy the Civil Service Commissioners, and who have also satisfied the Commissioners of their eligibility in respect of nationality, age, health, character, and conduct during the period of probation, shall be certified by the Commissioners to be entitled to be appointed to the Indian Civil Service, provided that they shall comply with the regulations in force, at the time, for that Service.

(12) If any candidate is prevented by sickness or any other adequate cause from attending the Final Examination, the Commissioners may, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State for India in Council, allow him to appear at the Final Examination to be held in the following year, or at a special examination. A selected candidate absent for such adequate cause from the Intermediate Examination may, under similar conditions, be allowed to appear at the Intermediate Examination a year later or at a special examination, or, may be excused the Intermediate Examination and allowed to appear for the Final Examination in regular course.

Any candidate who at the Intermediate Examination shall appear to have wilfully neglected his studies, or to be physically incapacitated for pursuing the prescribed course of training, will be liable to have his name removed from the list of selected candidates.

Announcements made by the Civil Service Commissioners with the authority of the Secretary of State for India in Council:—

(i.) Selected candidates will be allotted to the various provinces upon a consideration of all the circumstances including their own wishes; but the requirements of the Public Service will rank before every other consideration.

(ii.) An allowance of £300 a year, or, in the case of selected candidates possessing an Indian domicile, an allowance of £350 a year will be given to any candidate who passes his probation at one of the Universities or other Institutions that have been approved for the purpose by the Secretary of State for India in Council.

In the case of selected candidates on probation for one year the allowance will be payable in four equal instalments on the following dates respectively: December 24 after his selection, March 25, June 25, and after signature of covenant on appointment to the Service.

In the case of selected candidates on probation for two years the allowance will be payable in eight equal instalments, the first on December 24 after selection, the second to the seventh on the six following quarter days, and the eighth after signature of covenant on appointment to the Service.

The payment of the various instalments of the allowance except the final instalment, and, in the case of the two-year probationers, the instalment payable at the end of the first year of probation, will be conditional on the receipt by the Secretary of State through the Civil Service Commissioners of a certificate that the candidate has fulfilled up to date the requirements of the authorities and shown satisfactory conduct at the approved institution.

\* Such candidates will receive no increase to their initial pay until they have passed the further tests in question to the satisfaction of their Local Government.

† The compulsory subjects include riding, and a candidate who fails at the end of the period of probation to satisfy the Civil Service Commissioners that he has reached the minimum standard of proficiency in riding will be liable to have his name removed from the list of select candidates.

If an Indian Government scholar becomes a selected candidate for the Indian Civil Service, his scholarship stipend shall cease to be paid with effect from October 1 of the year in which he becomes a selected candidate. He may, however, provided he has executed the agreement referred to in (iv.) below, be granted on, or at any time after October 1 an advance on account of the instalment of the allowance payable on December 24.

The whole probation must ordinarily be passed at the same institution. Migration will not be permitted except for special reasons approved by the Secretary of State.

N.B.—*The Secretary of State for India gives notice that the amount of the allowances will be reconsidered in 1928, with a view to a possible reduction with effect from the instalment payable in December, 1928.*

(iii.) A First Class passage to India will be engaged for selected candidates with a view to their proceeding to India during November following their Final Examination.

(iv.) Each candidate will be required before receiving the first instalment of his allowance to execute an agreement binding himself and one surety jointly and severally to refund all moneys he may have received from the Secretary of State for India in the event of—

- (1) His failure to pass the Final Examination within the time prescribed by the regulations, and to satisfy the Civil Service Commissioners of his fitness for admission to the Indian Civil Service; or
- (2) His subsequent failure to execute the usual covenant, and to proceed to India, as and when he shall be directed by the Secretary of State for India.

(v.) All candidates obtaining certificates will be also required to enter into covenants, by which, amongst other things, they will bind themselves to make such payments as under the rules and regulations for the time being in force they may be required to make for the pensions of their families. The stamps payable on these covenants amount to £1.

(vi.) Candidates appointed to the Indian Civil Service after undergoing one year's probation will be senior to those appointed in the same year after undergoing two years' probation. The seniority of candidates of each class *inter se* will be determined by the order in which their names appear on the lists referred to in clause (10) of the regulations.

(vii.) Candidates who fail to satisfy the Civil Service Commissioners at the Final Examination held in any year will be definitely rejected, and will not be allowed to present themselves for re-examination, unless it shall appear to the Secretary of State in Council, after reference to the Civil Service Commissioners, that such failure is due to circumstances wholly exceptional and beyond the control of the candidate.

(viii.) "Overseas pay" will not be admissible to Indian members of the Indian Civil Service selected at Open Competitive Examinations held in London in 1925 and subsequent years.

Civil Service Commission,  
June, 1927.

#### INDIAN CIVIL SERVICE GROUP OF COMPETITIONS.

Syllabus for such competitions as may be held in London in the year 1923 for appointment to the following services:—

- Indian Civil Service.
- Junior Grade of the Administrative Class in the Home Civil Service.
- Colonial Service : Eastern Cadetships.
- Foreign Office and Diplomatic Service.
- Consular Services (General, Levant, and Far East) and Intelligence Officer Grade in the Department of Overseas Trade.

*Evidence of Training.*—Candidates who desire to offer any of the subjects 24, 29, 31–44, 46 (Physical Anthropology branch only), or 47 must send to the Secretary of the Civil Service Commission, so as to arrive not later than May 15, 1923, the evidence of training described below. Such evidence should be in the form of a certificate signed by a responsible officer of the institution. In the case of an institution not situated in the British Isles, the certificate must state that the institution in which the work has been done is authorized to prepare candidates in that subject for a degree.

#### SECTION A.

1. *Essay.*—An essay to be written on one of several specified subjects.
2. *English.*—A paper of questions to test the understanding of English and the workmanlike use of words. An optional exercise in the writing of verse will be included.
3. *Present Day.*—Questions on contemporary subjects, social, economic, and political. A liberal choice of questions will be given. Effective and skilful exposition will be expected.
4. *Everyday Science.*—In this subject such knowledge will be expected as candidates will have who have studied science intelligently at school and have since then kept their eyes open. A liberal choice of questions will be given. Attention should be paid to orderly, effective, and exact expression.
5. *Auxiliary Language.*—Passages dealing with history and politics may be set, but no technical matter. Verse is not excluded. Accuracy and skill in the use of English will be expected.
6. *Viva Voce.*—The examination will be in matters of general interest, not in matters of academic interest; it is intended to test the candidate's alertness, intelligence, and intellectual outlook. The candidate will be afforded an opportunity of furnishing the record of his life and education. On the interview and record the Commissioners judge the value of the candidate's personality for each service for which he is entered. His value may differ for different services, and in that case the mark by which the Commissioners express their decision will differ for different services.

#### SECTION B.

*HISTORY: Subjects 7–10.*—Candidates should know something of the original authorities, of the principles of historical criticism, and of the principles and the facts of geography in relation to history. They must be prepared to draw sketch maps. Although a fixed date is given for the end of each period, candidates will be expected to have some general knowledge of the subsequent development of movements which continued beyond the period; similarly, when a fixed date is given for the beginning of a period, they will be expected to know in general outline how the initial position was reached.

7, 8. *English History to 1660, British History 1660–1914.*—The history will be taken as a whole; politics, economics, and constitution will be considered as mutually affecting each other, and all together as the outcome of the common life of the nation. Literature will not be excluded. Candidates will be expected to know so much of European history as will make the external action of this country fully intelligible and will explain those movements at home which had their beginnings abroad, e.g., the Renaissance, the Reformation, and the reactions in this country of the French Revolution. In subject 8 the outstanding incidents and movements in the history of British possessions will be included.

- 9, 10. *European History*.—*Period 1*, from 400 to 1494; *Period 2*, from 1494 to 1763; *Period 3*, from 1763 to 1914. The history of the American continent, of India, and of the Far East, will be included in so far as it influences European fortunes in an important degree.
11. *General Economics*.—The subject will be treated as a whole, and candidates should be prepared to illustrate the theory by the facts and to analyse the facts by the help of the theory. The history of economic thought will be included.
12. *Economic History*.—Candidates will be expected to have a general acquaintance with the early economic history of England; but special attention will be paid to the economic development of the British Isles and other portions of the Empire during the last two or three centuries, and so much knowledge of European and American conditions will be expected as is necessary for the understanding of British economic history.
13. *Public Economics*.—The questions will deal with the main forms of state action, central and local, in the economic sphere, together with public finance.
14. *Political Theory*.—Candidates will be expected to show a knowledge of political theory and its history, political theory being understood to mean not only the theory of legislation, but also the general history of the State and its connection with kindred studies such as Ethics, Psychology, Jurisprudence, Public International Law, and Economics. Candidates will be expected to show a knowledge of original authorities.
15. *Political Organization*.—This will include Constitutional Forms (Representative Government, Federalism, &c.) and Public Administration, central and local. The history of institutions is not included, but candidates will be expected to know the earlier stages from which existing institutions have directly developed.
16. *Constitutional Law*.—The Constitutional Law of the United Kingdom and of the British Empire, and the Law of English Local Government.
17. *Private Law*.—The following branches of English Private Law:—The Law of Real and Personal Property (including the Law of Succession), Contracts, and Torts.
18. *Roman Law*.—Roman Private Law and its history studied in connection with the Institutes of Gaius and Justinian, including the history of the legislative and judicial processes. Passages will be set for translation and comment, but credit will not be given merely for capacity to translate the texts.
19. *International Law*.—Public International Law.
20. *Moral Philosophy*.—The history of the subject will be included. Candidates will have an opportunity of showing their strength either in Ancient Philosophy or in Modern Philosophy.
21. *Metaphysics*.—As for Moral Philosophy.
22. *Logic*.—The subject will be interpreted in a wide sense. Epistemology in its bearing on logical problems will be included, together with Formal Logic and Scientific Method. Questions may be set on Mathematical Logic, *i.e.*, on the Logic of Mathematics, Symbolic Logic, and the Logic of Probability; and also on the history of Logic. A considerable choice of questions will be allowed.
23. *Psychology*.—Questions on the history of the subject may be included.
24. *Experimental Psychology*.—A candidate who desires to offer this subject must produce evidence satisfactory to the Civil Service Commissioners of laboratory training in an institution of university rank.
- MATHEMATICS: Subjects 25–28.**—The use of the slide-rule and of mathematical tables will be allowed.
25. *Lower Pure Mathematics*.—Geometry of two and of three dimensions according to Euclid (synthetic geometry) to Descartes (analytical geometry), and to Monge (descriptive geometry, dealing with three-dimensional figures by the use of plan and elevation). The method of vectors including scalar and vector products, with applications. Only the main properties of conics and quadrics, including those of poles, polars and polar planes, are expected.
- Algebra: Complex numbers; uniformly converging infinite series; the elements of the theory of equations, including the numerical solution of algebraic equations, but not including the formal solution of the cubic and quartic.
- Infinitesimal calculus of real variables to partial differentiation and multiple integrals, with applications to geometry. Candidates should be able to deal with the types of differential equations occurring in elementary mechanics. The proof of Taylor's series will not be required.
- No great skill will be expected in solving complicated problems of an elementary nature. The questions will involve the use of mathematical instruments.
26. *Higher Pure Mathematics*.—Lower Pure Mathematics together with—  
The geometry of curves and surfaces. Tensor calculus.  
Elementary analysis, including simple functions of a complex variable and contour integration.  
Differential equations in one independent variable. Elementary treatment of partial differential equations, with special reference to the differential equations of mathematical physics. Existence theorems are excluded.  
Mathematical theory of probability, including theory of errors, method of least squares, curve fitting, and correlation.  
Calculus of finite differences, including numerical integration and summation and linear difference equations.  
A considerable choice of questions will be allowed, so that full marks may be obtained by covering about half the range stated.
27. *Lower Applied Mathematics*.—Statics, hydrostatics, dynamics, elementary theory of electricity and magnetism including the induction of currents. Questions will be of an elementary character, but will not be confined to two dimensions; they will involve the use of the calculus. Candidates are free to use differential equations, but a knowledge thereof will not be necessary to answer the questions. Attention will be paid to problems which arise naturally and to general principles; artificial problems will be avoided. The questions will involve the use of mathematical instruments.
28. *Higher Applied Mathematics*.—Lower Applied Mathematics together with—  
Statics to a more advanced stage, including graphical treatment.  
Dynamics to the equations of Euler and Lagrange and including the theory of the vibration of strings and other simple systems.  
Hydrodynamics, including the elementary theory of the motion of solids through a liquid, surface waves, and vibrations in gases.  
Elasticity, including the elements of the vibrations of rods, plates, and bars.  
Electricity and Magnetism.  
Thermodynamics, kinetic theory of gases, radiation.  
A considerable choice of questions will be allowed, so that full marks may be obtained by covering about half the range stated.
29. *Astronomy*.—Geometrical optics will be included.  
A candidate who desires to offer this subject must produce evidence satisfactory to the Civil Service Commissioners of practical training in an observatory.
30. *Statistics*.—Frequency distributions, averages, percentiles, and simple methods of measuring dispersion; graphic methods; elementary treatment of qualitative data, *e.g.*, investigation of association by comparison of ratios, consistency of data: the practice of the simplest graphic and algebraic methods of interpolation.

Practical methods used in the analysis and interpretation of statistics of prices, wages and incomes, trade, transport, production, and consumption, education, &c.; the more elementary methods of dealing with population and vital statistics; miscellaneous methods used in handling statistics of experiments or observations.

Elements of modern mathematical theory of statistics:—Frequency curves and the mathematical representation of groups generally; accuracy of sampling as affecting averages, percentages, the standard deviation; significance of observed differences between averages of groups, &c.; the theory of correlation for two variables.

NATURAL SCIENCE: *Subjects 31-42.*—The standard of the higher division of a science will be that which is required in the main subject for an honours degree at the universities. The standard for the lower division of a science will be that required in a subject subsidiary to the main subject whether required at the final degree examination or at a preceding examination.

A candidate who desires to offer a science must produce evidence satisfactory to the Civil Service Commissioners of laboratory training in that science in an institution of university rank; the period of training required is one academic year, whether the candidate offers the higher division of the science or the lower division or both divisions.

35. *Lower Botany.*

36. *Higher Botany.*

37. *Lower Geology.*

38. *Higher Geology.*

} Vegetable Physiology will be included in each division.

} Mineralogy will be included in each division.

43. *Engineering.*—Strength of materials; theory of structures; mechanism and dynamics of machines; heat and thermodynamics; surveying; hydraulics, including hydraulic machines; electricity and magnetism.

The subject will be treated in a general manner and the questions will be confined to the more elementary parts of the subject. The candidate will be expected to be familiar with graphical methods and to have some skill in mechanical drawing.

A candidate who desires to offer Engineering must produce evidence satisfactory to the Civil Service Commissioners of training for at least one academic year in an institution of university rank.

44. *Geography.*—Geography as understood in the universities, not excluding topics which concern geography jointly with other subjects such as economics, history, physics, botany, and geology. There will be a practical test which will necessitate a knowledge of cartographical methods and notations, and for this test drawing instruments may be required.

A candidate who desires to offer this subject must produce evidence satisfactory to the Civil Service Commissioners of training for at least one academic year in an institution of university rank.

45. *General Anthropology.*—Primitive culture in its various aspects; including economic pursuits (food collecting, hunting, fishing, domestication of animals, agriculture); the general scheme of primitive social organization; early religion and magic, mythology, beliefs, rituals and ceremonial; decorative art, music, dancing. Candidates will be expected to show some knowledge of the customs, institutions, and beliefs of living races of rude culture rather than knowledge of prehistory, archaeology, or evolutionary or historical conjectures.

46. *Special Anthropology.*—Candidates will choose between Social Anthropology and Physical Anthropology.

*Social Anthropology.*—A fuller knowledge of primitive social organization will be here expected: the tribe, the village community, kinship grouping, and the family. Study of the manner in which law works among primitive people and of their forms of administering justice. The economic organization of the primary pursuits and industries; the types of distribution, exchange, and trade. Exchange and the beginnings of currency. Adjustments of European economic systems, laws and morality to races on an earlier level or of a different type of culture. Early forms of magical and religious belief and ritual. The relation between faith and knowledge in primitive societies.

*Physical Anthropology,* with which are included Prehistoric Archaeology and Technology. Candidates will be expected to have such knowledge as may be acquired by laboratory and museum work, consisting mainly in the handling and study of specimens and exhibits. The subject will be treated with special, but not exclusive, reference to peoples of rude culture, including prehistoric civilizations.

A candidate who desires to offer Physical Anthropology must produce evidence satisfactory to the Civil Service Commissioners of training in an institution of university rank.

47. *Agriculture.*—Agricultural chemistry, agricultural botany, and agricultural zoology will be included.

A candidate who desires to offer this subject must produce evidence satisfactory to the Civil Service Commissioners of training in an approved institution.

48, 49. *English Literature.*—*Period 1,* from 1350 to 1700; *Period 2,* from 1660 to 1914.

Candidates should be prepared to show a first-hand knowledge of some of the works of the following authors and of their place in the history of their country:—

PERIOD 1.						
Chaucer	Malory	Spenser	Shakespeare	Bacon	Milton	Bunyan
PERIOD 2.						
Dryden		Fielding	Scott		Keats	
Congreve		Johnson	Jane Austen		Dickens	
Defoe		Burke	Wordsworth		Carlyle	
Swift		Goldsmith	Coleridge		Tennyson	
Addison		Burns	Shelley		Browning	
Pope						

Questions on other writers will not be excluded, but, on the whole, the questions will be directed to the best-known authors and their best-known works. Candidates should know so much of the history as is necessary to understand the literature in its relation to other activities of the nation.

Questions will not be set on the history of the language before Chaucer, nor, in general, on its morphological or phonological changes since his time; the history of workmanship, style, and prosody will not be excluded.

CIVILIZATIONS AND LANGUAGES: *Subjects 50-67.*—In these the civilization subject associated with a language can be taken only by candidates who also offer themselves for examination in the language itself.

In the questions on civilization, history, and literature will, as far as possible, be brought into close relation. In history, candidates will be expected to show a knowledge of the original authorities. They must also be prepared to answer questions on historical geography, and to draw sketch maps. The questions on literature will require first-hand knowledge of the authors; and the authors dealt with will be those which candidates ought to have read. Passages of literature may be set for comment on matters of social, political, legal, or other historical importance. Questions on philology and the older forms of the languages may be set, but will not be compulsory. In the question papers on civilization candidates will not be required to write their answers in the foreign language.

In the conversation test importance is attached to pronunciation. The study of phonetics is an important aid to correctness of pronunciation, and candidates who take modern languages will be expected to have studied phonetics in connection with the language or languages taken.

50. *Latin Language*.—Translation and prose or verse composition. The composition paper will be so arranged that candidates may confine themselves to prose composition or to verse composition or, if they prefer, may take some prose and some verse.

51. *Roman Civilization*.—Roman History and Latin Literature. The outlines of the history and development down to 180 A.D. should be known; but the main stress will be laid on the period 133 B.C. to 117 A.D.

52. *Greek Language*.—As for Latin.

53. *Greek Civilization*.—Greek History and Literature. In history the main stress will be on the period 510 B.C. to 323 B.C.

54. *French Language*.—Translation, free composition, set composition, and conversation.

55. *French Civilization*.—French History and Literature. The outlines of the history and development prior to 1589 should be known; the period from 1589 to 1660 in somewhat more detail; but the main stress will be on the period from 1660 to the present day.

56. *German Language*.—As for French.

57. *German Civilization*.—German History and Literature. Candidates should know in outline the history of the Medieval Empire, of the growth of the German cities, of the Reformation in Germany, and of the Thirty Years War; but the main stress will be on the period from the accession of Frederick the Great to the present day.

58. *Spanish, Italian, Language*.—As for French.

59. *Spanish Civilization*.—Spanish History and Literature. In history the main stress will be on the periods from the Union of Castile and Aragon under Ferdinand and Isabella to the liberation of the Netherlands, and again from 1800 to the present day.

*Italian Civilization*.—Italian History and Literature. In history the main stress will be on the 15th century and the first half of the 16th century, and again on the period from 1789 to the present day. Sufficient should be known of the earlier period to understand the position of the Pope and the Emperor in Italy, the rise of the towns, and the position of Dante in history.

60. *Russian Language*.—As for French.

61. *Russian Civilization*.—Russian History and Literature. Something should be known of the history since the accession of Peter the Great, but the main stress will be on the period from 1800 to the present day. Only the broadest outlines of the history prior to Peter the Great will be required.

62. *Arabic Language*.—Translation, free composition, set composition, conversation. The examination will be in the modern language.

63. *Arabic Civilization*.—Arabic History and Literature. The main stress in both history and literature will be on the period from the middle of the 6th century A.D. to the middle of the 13th century A.D.

64. *Persian Language*.—Translation, free composition, set composition, conversation. The examination will be in the modern language.

65. *Persian Civilization*.—Persian History and Literature. The main stress in both history and literature will be on the period 1000 A.D. to 1500 A.D. Candidates will be expected to have a general knowledge of the history of Persia before 1000 A.D. and from 1500 A.D. to the present time.

*The following applies only to Candidates for the Indian Civil Service:—*

66. *Sanskrit Language*.—Translation, prose composition, and questions on Vedic and Sanskrit grammar. Both Vedic and classical Sanskrit passages will be set for translation; composition will be required in classical Sanskrit alone.

67. *Sanskrit Civilization*.—Sanskrit literature and the history of the civilization and thought of India from the Vedic period to A.D. 1200.

Civil Service Commission,  
August, 1927.

#### APPLICATION FORM.

Admin. (Early Edition).

For the use of candidates seeking admission to the concurrent Open Competitive Examinations to be held in London, in July and August, 1928, for appointment to services of the Administrative Group, namely:—

Home Civil Service: Administrative Class.

Indian Civil Service.

Colonial Service: Eastern Cadetships.

*Note 1.*—Male candidates may include any or all of these three Services in their application (see paragraph 3 below); but it should be understood that the only competition yet announced as certain to be required in 1928 is that for the Indian Civil Service, the regulations for which are enclosed herewith.

An announcement as to whether competitions will be required in 1928 for the Home and Colonial Services will be made in due course.

*Note 2.*—This form is to be filled up and returned to the Secretary (C. Room 19), Civil Service Commission, 6, Burlington Gardens, London, W.1, in time for delivery on or before *May 15, 1928*. No application form received after that date will be accepted.

A candidate who fills up and returns this application form and does not receive an acknowledgment of it within four complete days should inform the Secretary of the Civil Service Commission.

*Note 3.*—Candidates should, by consulting the regulations, make certain that they are eligible to compete for the services for which they make application, and that their selection of subjects conforms with the regulations. No scrutiny of the information which is given on this sheet is made by the Commissioners before the examination.

*Note 4.*—Should any of the particulars furnished by candidates be found to be false within their knowledge they will, if appointed, be liable to be dismissed; and, if otherwise entitled to superannuation allowance they will forfeit all claim thereto. The wilful suppression of any material fact will be similarly penalized.

1. (a) Surname .. .. .	.....
(b) Christian name, or names (in full) .. .. .	.....
2. Postal Address (in full) (Any change of address should be at once communicated.) .. .. .	.....
3. Place your initials against the service or services for which you desire to be considered (see page 2806) .. .. .	Home Civil Service: Administrative Class .. .. . Indian Civil Service .. .. . Colonial Service: Eastern Cadetships .. .. .
4. Date of birth (see page 2806) .. .. . Give place of birth, and state whether a natural born British subject. .. .. .	Age last birthday .. .. .

5. Father's name .. .. . ,, address .. .. . ,, profession or trade .. .. . (If deceased, give the last address, profession, &c.) .. .. . Give place of father's birth and his nationality at birth .. .. . Give place of mother's birth and her nationality at birth .. .. .	
Only for natives of India :— 6. State your community, religion, caste, sect, &c. .. .. .	
Only for candidates for Eastern cadetships :— 7. State whether you are of pure European descent or of pure Ceylonese descent, or of mixed European and Ceylonese descent .. .. .	
8. Name, in order, the schools you have attended since the age of 12, giving addresses with dates of entering and leaving .. .. .	
9. Have you been on any former occasion a candidate before the Civil Service Commissioners? If so, state when, and for what appointment .. .. .	
10. Age on finally quitting school .. .. .	
11. Have you been a student at any University? If so, name it, and give the dates of entering and leaving. State any degrees, honours, or prizes you have obtained. Name your College .. .. .	
12. Give the name of your Director of Studies or College Tutor, or of the Professor or other responsible person to whom reference can be made as being best acquainted with your conduct and the character of your work. You should give one name only, selecting the person to whom you think reference would be most useful. If you have been at more than one university, the referee should be chosen from your later university, unless you entered it at a later date than October, 1927 .. .. .	
13. Have you had any special teaching for examinations for these situations? If so, state where and by whom it was given, and the dates of beginning and ending. If it was part-time preparation, state what fraction of your study time it occupied and whether by day or in the evening. Regular University courses are to be excluded .. .. .	
14. State any University or College colours, and any position of responsibility or distinction in University or College societies that you hold or have held .. .. .	
15. Give particulars showing dates, certificates obtained, and ranks of any service in:—Junior Division Officers Training Corps, Senior Division Officers Training Corps, Territorial Army, Territorial Cadets .. .. .	
16. Have you served in the Naval, Military, or Air Forces? If so, state your rank (or rating) and official number if any. Your corps, regiment, or other unit .. .. . Dates of your service .. .. .	
17. If your time since leaving school is not fully accounted for by replies given above, account for the remainder here, with dates .. .. . If you have had employers, state their names and addresses in full .. .. .	
18. Give the names, professions, and <i>present</i> addresses (in full) of two referees, who should be responsible persons (not relations), well acquainted with you in private life, and unconnected with your school or college .. .. .	1. 2.
19. Are you free from pecuniary embarrassments? If you are under liability to repay money advanced by an institution or party for your education, state the particulars .. .. .	
20. Signature and date .. .. .	

## Administrative Group Competition, 1928.

*Selection of Subjects.*

1. What auxiliary language or substitute for an auxiliary language do you select under subject 5? \_\_\_\_\_.
  2. Is your mother tongue an Indian language? If so, name it. \_\_\_\_\_.
  3. What *extra numerum* subject do you select? \_\_\_\_\_.
  4. Do you select any of the subjects for which evidence of training is required? If so, pin the necessary vouchers to this form, stating here the subjects to which each voucher applies \_\_\_\_\_.
  5. In the following list place a cross, so, ×, on the dotted line opposite each of the subjects you take in Section B, including any subject which is compulsory for the Service for which you are a candidate. If you are a candidate for more than one service and you wish to offer different subjects for different Services, append a statement showing to which Service your selection applies, and the variations you desire for other Services. If you mark subjects in excess of the prescribed limitation, the Commissioners cannot undertake to avoid clashing among your subjects in the time table:—
- |  |  |
|--|--|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>7. English History to 1660 .....</li> <li>8. British History, 1660–1914 .....</li> <li>9. European History, Period 1 .....</li> <li>    European History, Period 2 .....</li> <li>10. European History, Period 3 .....</li> <li>11. General Economics .....</li> <li>12. Economic History .....</li> <li>13. Public Economics .....</li> <li>14. Political Theory .....</li> <li>15. Political Organization .....</li> <li>16. Constitutional Law .....</li> <li>17. Private Law .....</li> <li>18. Roman Law .....</li> <li>19. International Law .....</li> <li>20. Moral Philosophy .....</li> <li>21. Metaphysics .....</li> <li>22. Logic .....</li> <li>23. Psychology .....</li> <li>24. Experimental Psychology .....</li> <li>25. Lower Pure Mathematics .....</li> <li>26. Higher Pure Mathematics .....</li> <li>27. Lower Applied Mathematics .....</li> <li>28. Higher Applied Mathematics .....</li> <li>29. Astronomy .....</li> <li>30. Statistics .....</li> <li>31. Lower Chemistry .....</li> <li>32. Higher Chemistry .....</li> <li>33. Lower Physics .....</li> <li>34. Higher Physics .....</li> <li>35. Lower Botany .....</li> <li>36. Higher Botany .....</li> <li>37. Lower Geology .....</li> <li>38. Higher Geology .....</li> </ol> | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>39. Lower Physiology .....</li> <li>40. Higher Physiology .....</li> <li>41. Lower Zoology .....</li> <li>42. Higher Zoology .....</li> <li>43. Engineering .....</li> <li>44. Geography .....</li> <li>45. General Anthropology .....</li> <li>46. Special Anthropology (Social .....</li> <li>  Physical) .....</li> <li>47. Agriculture .....</li> <li>48. English Literature, Period 1 .....</li> <li>49. English Literature, Period 2 .....</li> <li>50. Latin Language .....</li> <li>51. Roman Civilization .....</li> <li>52. Greek Language .....</li> <li>53. Greek Civilization .....</li> <li>54. French Language .....</li> <li>55. French Civilization .....</li> <li>56. German Language .....</li> <li>57. German Civilization .....</li> <li>58. Spanish Language .....</li> <li>    Italian Language .....</li> <li>59. Spanish Civilization .....</li> <li>    Italian Civilization .....</li> <li>60. Russian Language .....</li> <li>61. Russian Civilization .....</li> <li>62. Arabic Language .....</li> <li>63. Arabic Civilization .....</li> <li>64. Persian Language .....</li> <li>65. Persian Civilization .....</li> <li>66. Sanskrit Language .....</li> <li>67. Sanskrit Civilization .....</li> </ol> |
|--|--|

If you are taking a degree examination any portion of which, written or oral, falls in July of this year, name it and the university here \_\_\_\_\_.

Signature \_\_\_\_\_.

*Procedure.*

Immediately the results of the examination are known, each successful candidate will be summoned to attend at the Civil Service Commission to be medically examined and to state their choice among the services open to them and among the various Departments, Provinces, or Colonies. That statement of choice is irrevocable.

*Evidence of Age.*

A candidate born in the United Kingdom must not send in a birth certificate with this form, but must be prepared to produce it when required.

A European or Anglo-Indian who was born in India must be prepared to produce when required a certificate of baptism from the district in which he or she was baptized. If this does not also mention the date of birth it must be accompanied by a statutory declaration by one of the candidate's parents, stating the date and place of birth.

An Indian born in India must send in with this form a certificate under Government of India Notification No. 1,114 of September 12, 1918. If the candidate's family is resident in British India the certificate must be signed by the Secretary to the Government of their province or by the Commissioner of their division. If they reside in an Indian State it must be signed by the highest political officer accredited to that State.

*Fee.*

Fees are *not* to be forwarded by candidates. Instructions respecting the manner of payment of the fee prescribed (£8), and respecting the time and place of the examination, will be sent to candidates before the examination.

G 927/27

APPLICATIONS on form General 187 (F 2) from officers in Class I. of the Clerical Service for transfer to the post of Chief Clerk, Land Settlement Department, in the Special Class, will be considered if forwarded through the Head of the applicant's Department and received in the Secretariat on or before November 21, 1927.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, November 11, 1927.

By His Excellency's command,  
A. G. M. FLETCHER,  
Colonial Secretary.



## "THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ORDINANCE, No. 11 OF 1920."

U 332/27

**BY-LAWS** made by the Ratnapura Urban District Council, under sections 164 and 168 of "The Local Government Ordinance, No. 11 of 1920," approved by the Local Government Board, confirmed by the Governor in Executive Council, and published as required by section 166 (1).

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, November 7, 1927.

By His Excellency's command,  
A. G. M. FLETCHER,  
Colonial Secretary.

**By-laws referred to.****GENERAL BY-LAWS RELATING TO LICENCES.***Interpretation of Terms.*

1. In these by-laws the following expressions shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context :—

"The Council" means the Urban District Council of Ratnapura.

"Chairman" means the Chairman of the Urban District Council of Ratnapura.

"Licensee" means the person holding a licence issued by the Chairman authorizing the use of any premises or place for any special purpose mentioned in the licence in pursuance of the Local Government Ordinance or any by-law made thereunder.

"Licensed premises" means the whole of the premises or place in respect of which a licence has been issued by the Chairman.

"Licensed trade" means a trade for which a licence is necessary under the provisions of the Local Government Ordinance or any by-law made thereunder.

"Offensive or dangerous trade" means any one of the following trades :—

Manufacturing of manure, tanning, curing arecanuts, boiling blood or offal, making or extracting fat, making soap, dyeing fibre, manufacturing or storing fibre, keeping a kraal for soaking coconut husks, storing Maldivé fish in quantity over 5 cwt., storing lime, hides, bones, artificial manure, materials for the manufacture of artificial manure in quantity over 1 gunny bag, manufacturing or storing copra, manufacturing coconut oil by mills or chekkus, manufacturing desiccated coconuts, manufacturing of bricks or tiles, burning lime, keeping a saw pit, curing or storing plumbago.

2. No person shall within the limits of the Council keep any bakery, eating-house, tea and coffee boutique, restaurant, hotel, butcher's stall, fish stall, gala, dairy, laundry, common lodging house, aerated water factory, ice factory, or public bathing place, or place for the icing and packing of fish, or carry on in any place any dangerous or offensive trade without an annual licence from the Chairman, which licence the Chairman shall issue to all persons complying with the conditions provided for the issue of such licence. Every such licence shall remain in force until December 31 of the year in respect of which such licence is issued, unless such licence shall have been previously cancelled as provided in by-law No. 11 or 12.

3. No bread or aerated water manufactured or prepared, or any dairy produce obtained from outside the Ratnapura Urban District Council area shall be sold or exposed for sale within the said area except with the written permission of the Chairman of the Council.

4. No licence shall be transferable.

5. All notices in connection with the licensed premises or the licensed trade shall be deemed to be served upon the licensee when left with any person employed in the licensed premises or when affixed to such premises.

6. The licensee shall comply with the lawful requirements of any notice served on him by the Chairman within the time stated in such notice, or if no such time is stated in the notice then within seven days from the service of such notice.

7. Every licence shall be subject to such fee as the Council shall, subject to the approval of the Local Government Board and with the sanction of the Governor in Executive Council, impose.

8. It shall be lawful for the Chairman or any officer of the Council generally or specially authorized in writing thereto by the Chairman at all reasonable times to enter upon and inspect any licensed premises and to inspect any furniture, equipment, vehicle, or utensil, which is or appears to be used for the purpose of a licensed trade.

9. Every licensee shall during the period of licence keep his premises, furniture, and equipment in conformity with the conditions on which the licence was issued.

10. Any person committing a breach of any regulation for any licensed premises or carrying on, without a licence, any of the trades referred to in by-law No. 2 above shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 (Rupees Fifty), and in the case of a continuing offence to an additional fine not exceeding Rs. 25 (Rupees Twenty-five) for every day during which the offence was committed after conviction or after written notice from the Chairman of such contravention.

11. On a second or subsequent conviction of a licensee by court for breach of any regulation relating to his licensed premises such licence shall be liable to cancellation by such court.

12. If at any time during the period for which a licence has been issued the licensed premises cease to conform to the conditions laid down for its issue, the Chairman may notice the licensee to do all things necessary to make the premises conform to such conditions, and if the licensee fails to comply with the requirements of the notice the Chairman may suspend or cancel the licence.

#### BAKERIES.

##### I.—*Conditions of Issue of Licence.*

No person shall be entitled to a licence to keep a bakery unless the premises to be licensed comply with the following conditions:—

1. (a) That the premises are in good repair and well ventilated and well lighted, and that every room is provided with windows capable of being opened, the area of which when open shall be not less than one-fifteenth of the superficial floor space.
  - (b) That the walls of every room in every part are not less than 7 feet in height, and are built of brick, stone, or cabook, with the inside thereof limeplastered and limewashed.
  - (c) That all the eaves are at least 6 feet from the ground.
  - (d) That the roof is made of some permanent material.
  - (e) That all the woodwork is oil painted or limewashed.
  - (f) That the floor is cemented throughout.
  - (g) That the premises are provided with adequate drainage.
2. (a) That the room in which kneading takes place has a superficial floor space of not less than 12 feet by 15 feet, and that the lower 4 feet of the internal surface of the walls is covered with glazed tiles or is plastered with cement.
  - (b) That there is a free external air space not less than 7 feet wide on at least two of the sides of the kneading room which contain doors or windows.
  - (c) That the door of the oven does not open directly into the kneading room.
  - (d) That every kneading room is provided with a ceiling which is either plastered and limewashed or made of closely fitting boards which are either limewashed or oil painted.
3. (a) That the troughs, tables, and all the utensils used in the making of bread are capable of being moved about for the purpose of cleaning the floor and the walls.
  - (b) That the tops of the tables used in the making of bread are made of well seasoned closely fitting planks or of some non-harmful impervious material.
4. (a) That the bakery is provided with a sanitary dust bin, at least two spittoons, and with sufficient latrine accommodation.
  - (b) That the bakery is at least 50 feet distant from any latrine, cesspit, manure heap, or open sewer.
  - (c) That there is no cesspit, latrine, or ashpit within or directly communicating with the bakery.

##### II.—*Regulations for Licensed Bakeries.*

1. Every licensee of a bakery shall keep affixed in a conspicuous position on the outside of his premises a board with his name and the words "Licensed Bakery" legibly painted thereon in the English and vernacular languages.
2. Every licensee of a bakery shall cause a copy of these regulations in English, Sinhalese, and Tamil, and the licence to be framed and hung in a prominent place in the licensed premises, and shall also cause a list of the names and addresses of all employees (including the vendors of bread) to be kept in the bakery so as to be available for inspection at all reasonable times by the Chairman or any person authorized by him.
3. Every licensee of a bakery shall cause the walls of every room forming part of the bakery to be limewashed twice a year in the months of June and December; the ceiling to be limewashed four times a year in the months of March, June, September, and December; the woodwork to be limewashed or, if oil painted, to be washed with hot water and soap at least twice a year in the months of June and December, and at any other time if so ordered by the Chairman in writing.
4. Every licensee of a bakery shall cause the floor and the tiled or cemented portions of the walls and the tops of the tables to be washed every day at such hour as shall be specified in the licence. He shall cause every part of the bakery, its surroundings, drains, furniture, utensils, and equipment used in the making of bread to be kept in good repair, clean, and free from effluvia arising from any drain, latrine, cesspit, or other nuisance on the licensed premises. He shall cause all trade and domestic refuse to be immediately placed in an impervious covered receptacle, which shall be removed from the bakery and cleared once a day. The receptacle shall always be kept covered except when refuse is being actually placed therein.
5. Every licensee of a bakery shall use for the manufacture of bread, good and wholesome flour, water, and other materials. He shall store the flour on a movable platform constructed in the manner herein specified:—

The platform shall be of any convenient length and breadth, consisting of a single layer of stout planks supported on legs 3 feet high. The legs of the platform should not be permanently fixed in the floor. The edges of the planked top should stand out 9 inches away from the frame underneath, so as to prevent rats crawling up the legs and round the edge of the planked top. The platform shall be so constructed that there are no shelves or recesses under the planked top to provide harbour for rats. The platform should be a movable one, so that it may be lifted away from position and the floor underneath cleaned. It should be placed at least 9 inches away from the wall. He shall keep the space beneath and around the platform free from all obstructions.

6. Every licensee of a bakery shall provide a sanitary dust bin and at least two spittoons to be kept on the licensed premises. He shall keep the spittoons so as to be easily accessible to those engaged in the manufacture of bread, but shall not keep them in the kneading room.

7. Every licensee of a bakery shall keep the bakery free from rats and shall cause all rat holes to be filled up with broken glass and shall plaster them with cement as soon as found.

8. No person shall on any pretext whatsoever keep any animal or bird in a bakery.

9. No person shall spit within the bakery, except into a spittoon provided for the purpose.

10. (a) No person suffering from, or who has recently suffered from, any infectious, contagious, or loathsome disease, or has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall enter the licensed premises or take part in the manufacture or sale of any bread therein, or engage in the transport of any bread therefrom.

(b) No licensee of a bakery shall connive at or permit the contravention by any person of the provisions of the above regulation 10 (a).

11. No licensee of a bakery shall store or keep or allow to be stored or kept in the room where bread is prepared or stored, or in which the materials for making bread are stored, any furniture, clothes, sleeping mats, or any articles, other than those used in the manufacture of bread.

12. No licensee of a bakery shall use, or allow to be used, as a sleeping place any place on the same floor as the bakery or forming part of the same building, unless such place is effectually separated from the places where bread is prepared or stored or in which the materials thereof are stored by a partition extending from the floor to the ceiling, and unless such sleeping place is provided with an external window, the area of which when open shall be not less than one-fifteenth of the superficial floor space.

13. All persons employed in the preparation and making of bread shall wash their hands before engaging in the process of making bread, and shall wear clean white aprons covering the chest and body, and a clean white cap or turban.

14. Every licensee of a bakery shall provide clean water, clean towels, nail brush, and soap, and keep them so as to be easily accessible to those engaged in the manufacture of bread.

15. Every licensee of a bakery shall provide the licensed premises with an ample supply of potable water.

16. No licensee of a bakery shall expose, or cause to be exposed, for sale in the licensed premises any bread unless such bread is kept in clean properly constructed glass cases free from flies, dust, and vermin.

17. Every licensee of a bakery shall cause all bread, except fancy bread, rolls, biscuits, or confectionery, to be stamped with figures denoting one or other of the following weights, viz. :—

$\frac{1}{4}$  lb.,  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb., 1 lb., 2 lb., or 4 lb.

He shall not sell or expose for sale any bread, except fancy bread, rolls, biscuits, or confectionery, which shall not have one of the aforesaid weights stamped on it or which shall be found to weigh less than the weight stamped thereon.

18. Every licensee of a bakery shall cause to be fixed in a conspicuous place in the licensed premises a beam and scales with standard weights, and if required by any purchaser shall weigh any bread sold or exposed for sale in the said premises.

19. No licensee of a bakery shall allow any person to transport bread from his bakery for sale, unless such person is in possession of a card of registration signed by the Chairman and by the licensee of the bakery.

20. The Chairman shall, on application made to him by the licensee of a bakery, issue cards of registration for use by every person employed by such licensee in transporting bread for sale.

21. No licensee of a bakery shall allow any bread to be transported from his licensed premises for sale, except in a closed vehicle or a closed basket, tin, or other suitable receptacle. The licensee shall examine such vehicle, basket, tin, or other receptacle, and shall satisfy himself that it is clean and wholesome before he allows such transport.

#### EATING-HOUSES AND TEA AND COFFEE BOUTIQUES.

##### I.—Conditions of Issue of Licence.

No person shall be entitled to a licence to keep an eating-house or a tea and coffee boutique, unless the premises to be licensed comply with the following conditions :—

1. That the premises are in good repair and are well ventilated and well lighted, and that every room has a minimum superficial area of 120 square feet and is provided with windows capable of being opened, the area of which when open shall be not less than one-fifteenth of the superficial floor space.

2. That the walls of every room in every part are not less than 7 feet in height, and are built of brick, stone, or cabook, with the inside thereof limeplastered and limewashed.

3. That all the eaves are at least 6 feet from the ground.

4. That the roof is made of some permanent material.

5. That all the woodwork is oil painted or limewashed.

6. That the floor is cemented throughout.

7. That the premises are provided with adequate drainage, with a sanitary dust bin and with sufficient latrine accommodation.

II.—*Regulations for Licensed Eating-Houses and Tea and Coffee Boutiques.*

1. Every licensee of an eating-house or of a tea and coffee boutique shall keep affixed in a conspicuous position on the outside of his premises a board with his name and the words "Licensed Eating-House" or "Licensed Tea and Coffee Boutique" legibly painted thereon in the English and vernacular languages.
2. Every licensee of an eating-house or of a tea and coffee boutique shall cause a copy of these regulations in English, Sinhalese, and Tamil, and the licence to be framed and hung in a prominent place in such premises. He shall also cause a list of the names and addresses of all employees to be kept at all times on the premises so as to be available for inspection.
3. Every licensee of an eating-house or of a tea and coffee boutique shall cause the walls of every room forming part of the licensed premises to be limewashed twice every year in the months of June and December; the ceiling to be limewashed four times a year in the months of March, June, September, and December; the woodwork to be limewashed or, if oil painted, to be washed with hot water and soap at least twice a year in the months of June and December, and at such other times as may be ordered by the Chairman in writing.
4. Every licensee of an eating-house or of a tea and coffee boutique shall cause every part of such premises, the surroundings, drains, furniture, utensils, and equipment used in the preparation, sale, or consumption of food or drink to be kept in good repair, clean, and free from effluvia arising from any drain, latrine, cesspit, or other nuisance on the licensed premises.
5. Every licensee of an eating-house or of a tea and coffee boutique shall cause all utensils used in the preparation, sale, and consumption of food or drink to be washed with soap and water at least once in 24 hours.
6. Every licensee of an eating-house or of a tea and coffee boutique shall cause every utensil or receptacle used by a customer to be washed immediately after such use and before being used by any other customer.
7. Every licensee of an eating-house or of a tea and coffee boutique shall cause all trade and domestic refuse to be immediately placed in an impervious covered receptacle and to be removed from the premises daily. He shall keep such receptacle covered at all times except when refuse is being placed in it, and shall cause all waste tea, coffee, milk, or remnants of food or cooking waste to be collected in such receptacle and not to be thrown on the ground.
8. No licensee of an eating-house or of a tea and coffee boutique shall use any counter or other place from which tea, coffee, or milk is served, unless the said counter or other place is covered with zinc or other impervious material.
9. Every licensee of an eating-house or of a tea and coffee boutique shall cause a sanitary dust bin, and at least two spittoons to be kept always at the licensed premises so as to be readily available to the visitors to the premises as well as to the employees.
10. Every licensee of an eating-house or of a tea and coffee boutique shall keep the premises free from rats, and shall fill all rat holes with broken glass, and plaster such holes with cement as soon as he discovers them.
11. Every licensee of an eating-house or of a tea and coffee boutique shall provide the licensed premises with an ample supply of potable water.
12. No licensee of an eating-house or of a tea and coffee boutique shall keep or store or expose for sale any food unless such food is kept in a receptacle so constructed as to prevent its contamination by flies, dust, and vermin. He shall keep such receptacles always clean.
13. No licensee of an eating-house or of a tea and coffee boutique shall sell or offer or expose for sale any milk to which water or any other foreign liquid or substance has been added so as to render such milk unwholesome.
14. No person shall spit within such premises except into a spittoon provided for the purpose.
15. No person suffering from any infectious, contagious, or loathsome disease, or who has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from such disease shall enter such premises or take part in the preparation or sale of food or drink.
16. No licensee of an eating-house or of a tea and coffee boutique shall connive at or permit the contravention by any person of the above regulations numbered 14 and 15.
17. No licensee of an eating-house or of a tea and coffee boutique shall allow any person to transport for sale cooked food from the licensed premises unless such person is in possession of a card of registration signed by the Chairman and by the licensee of an eating-house or of a tea and coffee boutique, and unless such food is carried in a closed basket, tin, or other suitable receptacle.
18. Every licensee of an eating-house or of a tea and coffee boutique shall see that every vehicle, basket, tin, or other receptacle used for carrying food is clean at the time any food is placed in it.
19. The Chairman shall, on application made to him by the licensee of an eating-house or of a tea and coffee boutique, issue cards of registration for use by every person employed by such licensee in carrying food for sale.

BUTCHERS' STALLS.

I.—*Conditions of Issue of Licence.*

No person shall be entitled to a licence to keep a butcher's stall unless the premises to be licensed comply with the following conditions:—

1. That the premises are in good repair and well ventilated and well lighted, and that every room is provided with windows capable of being opened, the area of which when open shall be not less than one-fifteenth of the superficial floor space.

2. That the walls of every room in every part are not less than 7 feet in height, and are built of brick, stone, or cabook, with the inside thereof limeplastered and limewashed, and the lower 4 feet of the internal surface is covered with glazed tiles or is plastered in cement.
3. That all the eaves are at least 6 feet from the ground.
4. That the roof is made of some permanent material.
5. That all the woodwork is oil painted or limewashed.
6. That the floor is cemented throughout.
7. That the premises are provided with adequate drainage.
8. That the tables and all the furniture shall be capable of being moved about for the purpose of cleaning the floor and the walls.
9. That every table on which meat is kept shall be covered with zinc or other impermeable material.
10. That the premises are provided with a sanitary dust bin and at least one spittoon, and with sufficient latrine accommodation.
11. That the premises are at least 50 feet distant from any latrine, cesspit, manure heap, or open sewer.
12. That there is no cesspit, latrine, or ashpit within, or directly communicating with the premises.

#### II.—Regulations for Licensed Butchers' Stalls.

1. Every licensee of a butcher's stall shall keep affixed in a conspicuous position on the outside of his premises a board with his name and the words "Licensed Butcher's Stall" legibly painted thereon in the English and vernacular languages.
2. Every licensee of a butcher's stall shall cause a copy of these regulations in English, Sinhalese, and Tamil to be framed and hung in a prominent place in the licensed premises. He shall also keep on the premises a list of the names and addresses of all employees including vendors of meat so as to be at all times available for inspection.
3. Every licensee of a butcher's stall shall cause the walls of every room forming part of the stall, except such parts as are covered with glazed tiles, or are plastered in cement to be limewashed, and all the woodwork to be limewashed or, if oil painted, to be washed with hot water and soap at least four times a year in the months of March, June, September, and December, and at such other times as may be ordered by the Chairman in writing.
4. Every licensee of a butcher's stall shall cause the floor, the tiled or cemented portions of the walls, the tops of the tables, and the chopping blocks to be scrubbed and washed once every day at such hour as is specified in the licence. He shall cause all hooks for hanging meat to be kept polished and free from rust.
5. Every licensee of a butcher's stall shall keep every part of the butcher's stall, its surroundings, drains, furniture, utensils, and equipment used in connection with the storing, preparation, or sale of meat in good repair, clean, and free from effluvia arising from any drain, latrine, cesspit, or other nuisance.
6. Every licensee of a butcher's stall shall cause a sanitary dust bin, and at least one spittoon to be kept on the licensed premises, so that those employed on the premises may have easy access to them.
7. Every licensee of a butcher's stall shall cause all trade and domestic refuse to be immediately placed in a covered receptacle made of zinc or galvanized iron and to be removed daily from the licensed premises. He shall cause the said receptacle to be kept always covered except at the times when refuse is being actually placed in it.
8. Every licensee of a butcher's stall shall keep the licensed premises free from rats, and shall cause all rat holes to be filled up with broken glass, and shall plaster them with cement as soon as found.
9. No person shall keep any animal or bird in the licensed premises on any pretext whatsoever.
10. No person shall spit within a butcher's stall except into a spittoon provided for the purpose.
11. No person suffering or who has recently suffered from any infectious, contagious, or loathsome disease, or who has recently been in attendance on any person suffering from such a disease, shall enter a butcher's stall or take part in the storing, preparation, or sale of meat therein, or in the transport of any meat thereto or therefrom.
12. No licensee of a butcher's stall shall connive at or permit the contravention, by any person of the above regulations numbered 10 and 11.
13. No person shall keep in the licensed premises any furniture, clothes, sleeping mats, or other articles except those used for the purpose of the storing, preparation, or sale of meat.
14. No licensee of a butcher's stall shall allow any place on the same level with the butcher's stall and forming part of the same building to be used as a sleeping place, unless it is effectually separated from the butcher's stall by a partition extending from the floor to the ceiling, and unless such sleeping place is provided with an external window, the area of which when open shall be not less than one-fifteenth of the superficial floor space.
15. Every licensee of a butcher's stall shall keep on the licensed premises an ample supply of potable water.
16. No licensee of a butcher's stall shall sell, or expose for sale on the licensed premises any meat except the meat of animals slaughtered either in a public slaughter-house within the limits of the Council area duly declared and proclaimed under section 22 of Ordinance No. 9 of 1893, or in a place appointed for the purpose by the Chairman under section 23 of the said Ordinance, or under a special licence issued under section 14 of the said Ordinance.
17. Every licensee of a butcher's stall shall keep the licensed premises open daily for the sale of meat during the hours 7 A.M. to 10 A.M. and 3 P.M. to 7 P.M.

18. No licensee of a butcher's stall shall allow any person to transport meat for sale from his licensed premises unless such person is in possession of a card of registration signed by the Chairman and by the licensee of the butcher's stall.

19. No licensee of a butcher's stall shall permit any person to transport for sale from his licensed premises any meat except in a closed vehicle or a closed basket, tin, or other suitable receptacle. He shall see that every such vehicle, basket, tin, or other receptacle is at all times kept clean and wholesome.

20. The Chairman shall, on application made to him by the licensee of a butcher's stall, issue cards of registration for the use of every person employed by such licensee in transporting meat for sale.

#### FISH STALLS.

##### I.—*Conditions of Issue of Licence.*

No person shall be entitled to a licence to keep a fish stall unless the premises to be licensed comply with the following conditions:—

1. That the premises are in good repair and well ventilated and well lighted, and that every room is provided with windows capable of being opened, the area of which when open shall be not less than one-fifteenth of the superficial floor space.

2. That the walls of every room in every part are not less than 7 feet in height and are limeplastered and limewashed, except such parts as are covered with glazed tiles or are plastered in cement.

3. That all the eaves are at least 6 feet from the ground.

4. That all the woodwork is oil painted or limewashed.

5. That the floor is of smooth cement having a proper fall leading to a masonry drain built in cement and cement rendered and emptying into a bucket.

6. That every table on which fish is kept is covered with zinc or other impermeable material.

7. That the premises are provided with a sanitary dust bin and with sufficient latrine accommodation.

8. That the premises are at least 50 feet distant from any latrine, cesspit, manure heap, or open sewer.

9. That there is no cesspit, latrine, or ashpit within or directly communicating with the premises.

##### II.—*Regulations for Licensed Fish Stalls.*

1. Every licensee of a fish stall shall keep affixed in a conspicuous position on the outside of his premises a board with his name and the words "Licensed Fish Stall" legibly painted thereon in the English and vernacular languages.

2. Every licensee of a fish stall shall cause a copy of these regulations relating to fish stalls in English, Sinhalese, and Tamil to be framed and hung in a prominent place in the licensed premises. He shall also keep on the premises a list of the names and addresses of all employees including vendors of fish so as to be at all times available for inspection.

3. Every licensee of a fish stall shall cause the walls of every room forming part of the fish stall, except such parts as are covered with glazed tiles or are plastered in cement, to be limewashed, and all the woodwork to be limewashed or, if oil painted, to be washed with hot water and soap at least four times a year in the months of March, June, September, and December, and at such other times as may be ordered by the Chairman in writing.

4. Every licensee of a fish stall shall cause the floor, the tiled or cemented portions of the walls, the tops of the tables, and the chopping blocks to be scrubbed and washed once every day at such hour as is specified in the licence. He shall cause all hooks for hanging fish to be kept polished and free from rust.

5. Every licensee of a fish stall shall keep every part of the fish stall, its surroundings, drains, furniture, utensils, and equipment used in connection with the storing, preparation, or sale of fish in good repair, clean, and free from effluvia arising from any drain, latrine, cesspit, or other nuisance.

6. Every licensee of a fish stall shall cause a sanitary dust bin and at least one spittoon to be kept on the licensed premises, so that those employed on the premises may have easy access to them.

7. Every licensee of a fish stall shall cause all trade and domestic refuse to be immediately placed in an impervious covered receptacle and to be removed daily from the licensed premises. He shall cause the said receptacle to be kept always covered except when refuse is being actually placed therein.

8. Every licensee of a fish stall shall keep the licensed premises free from rats and shall fill up all rat holes with broken glass, and plaster them with cement as soon as he discovers them.

9. No person shall keep any animal or bird in the licensed premises on any pretext whatsoever.

10. No person shall spit within a fish stall except into a spittoon provided for the purpose.

11. No person suffering or who has recently suffered from any infectious, contagious, or loathsome disease, or who has recently been in attendance on any person suffering from such a disease, shall enter a fish stall or take part in the storing, preparation, or sale of fish therein, or in the transport of any fish thereto or therefrom.

12. No licensee of a fish stall shall connive at or permit the contravention by any person of the above regulations numbered 9, 10, and 11.

13. No person shall keep in the licensed premises any furniture, clothes, sleeping mats, or other articles, except those used for the purpose of the storing, preparation, or sale of fish.

14. No licensee of a fish stall shall allow any place on the same level with the fish stall and forming part of the same building to be used as a sleeping place unless it is effectually separated from the fish stall by a partition extending from the

floor to the ceiling, and unless such sleeping place is provided with an external window, the area of which when open shall be not less than one-fifteenth of the superficial floor space.

15. Every licensee of a fish stall shall keep on the licensed premises an ample supply of potable water.

16. Every licensee of a fish stall shall keep the licensed premises open daily for the sale of fish.

17. No licensee of a fish stall shall allow any person to transport fish for sale from his licensed premises unless he is in possession of a card of registration signed by the Chairman and by the licensee of the fish stall.

18. No licensee of a fish stall shall permit any person to transport for sale from his licensed premises any fish except in a closed vehicle or a closed basket, tin, or other suitable receptacle. He shall see that every such vehicle, basket, tin, or other receptacle is at all times kept clean and wholesome.

19. The Chairman shall, on application made to him by the licensee of a fish stall, issue cards of registration for the use of every person employed by such licensee in transporting fish for sale.

#### LODGING HOUSES.

##### I.—*Conditions of Issue of Licence.*

No person shall be entitled to a licence to keep a lodging house unless he shall deposit with the Chairman a certificate of good character signed by three or more respectable householders resident within the area of the Council, or by a Police Magistrate, or Justice of the Peace, and unless the premises to be licensed comply with the following conditions :—

1. That the premises are substantially built and in good repair and that every room is well ventilated and well lighted and provided with windows capable of being opened, the area of which when open is not less than one-fifteenth of the superficial floor space, and that every room has a minimum superficial area of 120 square feet.

2. That the walls of every room in every part are not less than 10 feet in height and are limewashed.

3. That all the eaves are at least 6 feet from the ground.

4. That the roof is made of some permanent material.

5. That all woodwork is oil painted or limewashed.

6. That the floor is cemented throughout.

7. That the premises are provided with adequate drainage.

8. That the premises are provided with sanitary dust bins of sufficient number and size to contain the refuse from the house, and sufficient bathing and latrine accommodation, such latrine accommodation being not less than one separate latrine for every ten persons for whose accommodation the premises are to be licensed.

9. That the premises are provided with a good water supply and that the supply of drinking water and the bathing accommodation are so arranged as to preclude the pollution of the drinking water by persons bathing.

10. That the premises have a separate room set apart as a kitchen which has an efficient outlet for smoke.

##### II.—*Regulations for Licensed Lodging Houses.*

1. Every licensee of a lodging house shall keep affixed in a conspicuous position on the outside of his premises a board with his name and the words "Licensed Lodging House" legibly painted thereon in the English and vernacular languages.

2. Every licensee of a lodging house shall cause a copy of these regulations in English, Sinhalese, and Tamil, and the licence to be framed and hung up in a prominent place in the licensed premises. He shall also cause a list of the names and addresses of all employees to be kept at all times at the premises so as to be available for inspection.

3. No licensee of a lodging house shall permit any person to sleep in any room, except in such rooms as are specifically set apart as sleeping rooms in a plan of the lodging house which shall be attached to the licence and signed by the Chairman.

4. No licensee of a lodging house shall permit more persons than the number specified by the Chairman on the plan as being allowed to sleep in any room to sleep in such room. The number of persons specified for any room shall not be more than one person for each 36 square feet of the superficial area of the room, provided that two children under 10 years of age shall be considered to be equivalent to one person.

5. Every licensee of a lodging house shall keep affixed in each room a board showing the dimensions of such room, and the maximum number of persons permitted to sleep therein.

6. No licensee of a lodging house shall permit males and females above 10 years of age to occupy the same sleeping room, except in the case of husband and wife, and parents and children.

7. No licensee of a lodging house shall allow his premises to be occupied for immoral purposes. He shall maintain and enforce good order and decorum therein.

8. Every licensee of a lodging house shall keep a register of the name, occupation, and native place, and last temporary or permanent residence of each person occupying his premises.

9. Every licensee of a lodging house shall cause the windows of each of the sleeping rooms to be kept open to their full width for at least four hours each day, unless prevented by inclement weather.

10. Every licensee of a lodging house shall cause the internal walls and ceiling of every room to be limewashed and the woodwork to be limewashed or, if oil painted, to be washed with hot water and soap four times every year in the months of March, June, September, and December, and at other times when ordered by the Chairman in writing.

11. Every licensee of a lodging house shall cause every part of the lodging house, its surroundings, drains, furniture, utensils, and equipment to be kept in good repair, clean, and free from effluvia arising from any drain, latrine, cesspit, or other nuisance on the licensed premises.

12. Every licensee of a lodging house shall cause every room, passage, stair, verandah, drain, and the land belonging to the premises to be thoroughly swept at least once a day before noon.

13. Every licensee of a lodging house shall cause all cooked food to be kept in such manner as to be inaccessible to flies or other insects.

14. Every licensee of a lodging house shall cause all filth, house refuse, or other offensive matter to be immediately placed in a covered receptacle made of zinc or galvanized iron, and to be removed from the premises daily. The receptacle shall always be kept covered except when refuse is being actually placed in it.

15. No licensee of a lodging house shall admit to his premises any person suffering from any infectious, contagious, or loathsome disease.

16. (a) If any person in a lodging house becomes ill from any infectious, contagious, or loathsome disease, the licensee of such lodging house shall forthwith give notice of the fact to the Sanitary Inspector in whose division the lodging house is situated or to the Chairman; and the licensee of such lodging house shall cause the house to be vacated if so required by the Chairman, and shall allow the bedding, clothing, and other articles used by the infected person to be disinfected or if necessary to be destroyed, and the house to be fumigated, disinfected, and lime-washed at the public expense in such manner as the Chairman may direct.

(b) The licensee of such lodging house shall not receive any customer until the premises shall have been inspected and certified by the Chairman as free from infection.

17. No licensee of a lodging house shall allow cattle, goats, or fowls to be kept within the building.

18. Every licensee of a lodging house shall cause all mats, bed clothes, and bedding, and every bedstead used in such house to be thoroughly cleaned from time to time—as often as shall be requisite for the purpose of keeping such mats, bed clothes, bedding, and bedstead in a clean and wholesome condition.

19. Every licensee of a lodging house shall cause the seat, floor, and walls of every water closet, earth closet, or privy belonging to such house to be thoroughly cleaned from time to time—as often as may be necessary for the purpose of keeping such seat, floor, and walls in a clean and wholesome condition.

#### CATTLE SHEDS, GALAS, AND HALTING PLACES OF CATTLE.

##### I.—Conditions of Issue of Licence.

No person shall be entitled to a licence for a gala unless the premises to be licensed comply with the following conditions:—

1. That the premises are properly levelled and drained and the ground is either paved or properly consolidated with broken metal, so that it keeps a hard and level surface.

2. That every building or shed intended for the accommodation of cattle in a gala is built of brick, stone, or cabook, and the walls and pillars are limewashed and plastered with cement to a height of 4 feet from the ground. That the roof is of permanent material. The floor is paved with brick or stone rendered in cement, cement concrete, or asphalt. That drains similarly constructed are provided so as to convey the urine, washings, and rain water into one or more covered receptacles.

3. That the premises are provided with an ample supply of water, both for drinking and for washing the premises.

4. That the premises have sufficient latrine accommodation.

##### II.—Regulations for Licensed Galas.

1. Every licensee of a gala shall keep affixed in a conspicuous position on the outside of his gala a board with the words "Licensed Gala" and the name of the licensee legibly painted thereon in the English and vernacular languages.

2. Every licensee of a gala shall keep a copy of these regulations in English, Sinhalese, and Tamil, framed and hung in a prominent place in the licensed premises.

3. Every licensee of a gala shall cause the walls and pillars of the gala to be limewashed or tarred four times a year in the months of March, June, September, and December.

4. Every licensee of a gala shall cause the gala and all the buildings therein to be kept in good repair, and in a clean and sanitary condition and to be thoroughly washed and swept daily.

5. He shall cause all dung and other refuse to be collected at frequent intervals daily so as to keep the premises in a clean and wholesome condition, and the dung and other refuse so collected shall be kept in one or more receptacles, which shall be constructed of some impermeable material so as to be watertight and provided with a fly-proof cover.

6. Every licensee of a gala shall cause all dung, refuse, urine, and washings to be removed from the gala, at least once a day and disposed of, so that no nuisance is caused thereby.

#### RESTAURANTS.

##### I.—Conditions of Issue of Licence.

No person shall be entitled to a licence to keep a restaurant unless the premises to be licensed comply with the following conditions:—

1. That the premises are in good repair and well ventilated and well lighted, and that every room has a minimum superficial area of 120 square feet and is provided with windows capable of being opened, the area of which when open shall be not less than one-fifteenth of the superficial floor space.



2. That the walls of every room in every part are not less than 7 feet in height, and are built of brick, stone, or cabook, with the inside thereof limeplastered and limewashed.
3. That all the eaves are at least 6 feet from the ground.
4. That the roof is made of some permanent material.
5. That all the woodwork is oil painted or limewashed.
6. That the ground floor is cemented throughout.
7. That the premises are provided with adequate drainage, with a sanitary dust bin, and with sufficient latrine accommodation.

#### II.—Regulations for Licensed Restaurants.

1. Every licensee of a restaurant shall cause a copy of these regulations in English, Sinhalese, and Tamil, and the licence to be framed and hung in a prominent place in the licensed premises. He shall keep on the premises a list of the names and addresses of all employees so as to be at all times available for inspection.
2. Every licensee of a restaurant shall cause the walls of every room forming part of such premises to be limewashed twice a year in the months of June and December. He shall cause the ceiling to be limewashed four times a year in the months of March, June, September, and December, the woodwork to be limewashed or, if oil painted, to be washed with hot water and soap at least twice a year in June and December, and at such other times as may be ordered by the Chairman in writing.
3. Every licensee of a restaurant shall cause every part of the premises, the surroundings, drains, furniture, utensils, and equipment used in the preparation, sale, or consumption of food or drink, to be kept in good repair, clean, and wholesome, and free from effluvia arising from any drain, latrine, cesspit, or other nuisance on the licensed premises.
4. Every licensee of a restaurant shall cause the counter or other place from which tea, coffee, or milk is served to be covered with zinc or other impervious material.
5. Every licensee of a restaurant shall cause all utensils used in the preparation, sale, or consumption of food or drink to be washed with soap and water at such frequent intervals as may be necessary to keep them in a clean and sanitary condition, being in any case not less than once in twenty-four hours.
6. Every licensee of a restaurant shall cause every utensil or receptacle after use by a customer to be washed before being used by any other customer.
7. Every licensee of a restaurant shall cause a sanitary dust bin and at least two spittoons always to be kept at such premises. He shall keep the spittoons so as to be readily accessible to those employed in or consuming food or drink on the premises.
8. Every licensee of a restaurant shall cause all trade and domestic refuse to be immediately placed in an impervious covered receptacle and removed from the premises daily. He shall not permit any waste tea, coffee, or milk, or remnants of food, or cooking waste to be thrown on the ground, but shall cause the same to be collected in a proper receptacle made of zinc or galvanized iron and to be removed daily. He shall keep such receptacle always covered except when refuse is being actually placed in it.
9. Every licensee of a restaurant shall cause the premises to be kept free from rats. He shall cause all rat holes to be filled up with broken glass and plastered with cement as soon as found.
10. No licensee of a restaurant shall allow any person to spit within such premises except into a spittoon provided for the purpose. He shall not allow any person suffering or who has recently suffered from any infectious, contagious, or loathsome disease, or has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, to enter such premises or take part in the preparation or sale of food or drink.
11. Every licensee of a restaurant shall provide an ample supply of potable water.
12. Every licensee of a restaurant shall cause all food stored or exposed for sale to be kept in such receptacles as shall prevent its exposure to contamination by flies, dust, and vermin. He shall at all times keep such receptacles in a clean and wholesome condition.
13. Every licensee of a restaurant shall cause the sugar used in such premises to be kept in glass-stoppered wide-mouthed bottles.
14. No licensee of a restaurant shall sell or offer for sale or expose for sale or keep on any such premises adulterated milk. For the purpose of this rule adulterated milk shall mean milk to which water or any other foreign liquid or substance has been added so as to make such milk unwholesome.
15. No licensee of a restaurant shall allow any person to transport for sale cooked food from or to such premises unless he is in possession of a card of registration signed by the Chairman and by the licensee of a restaurant, and unless such food is carried in a closed vehicle, or a closed basket, tin, or other suitable receptacle. He shall see that every such vehicle, basket, tin, or other receptacle is always kept in a thoroughly clean and wholesome condition.
16. The Chairman shall on application issue to every licensee of a restaurant cards of registration to be used by every person employed by such licensee in transporting cooked food.

#### HOTELS.

##### I.—Conditions of Issue of Licence.

No person shall be entitled to a licence to keep an hotel unless the premises to be licensed comply with the following conditions:—

1. That the premises are substantially built and in good repair and that every room is well ventilated and well lighted and provided with windows capable of being opened, the area of which when open is not less than one-fifteenth of the superficial floor space, and that every room has a minimum superficial area of 120 square feet.

2. That the walls of every room in every part are not less than 10 feet in height and are limewashed.
3. That all the eaves are at least 6 feet from the ground.
4. That the roof is made of some permanent material.
5. That all woodwork is oil painted or limewashed.
6. That the ground floor is cemented throughout.
7. That the premises are provided with adequate drainage.
8. That the premises are provided with sanitary dust bins of sufficient number and size to contain the refuse from the house, and with such bathing and latrine accommodation as is sufficient to meet all sanitary requirements, which latrine accommodation shall consist of at least one separate latrine for every ten persons for whose accommodation the premises are to be licensed.
9. That the premises are provided with a suitable form of water supply, and that the supply of drinking water and the bathing accommodation are so arranged as to preclude the pollution of the drinking water by persons bathing.
10. That the premises have a separate room set apart as a kitchen which has an efficient outlet for smoke.

#### II.—Regulations for Licensed Hotels.

1. Every licensee of an hotel shall cause a copy of these regulations in English, Sinhalese, and Tamil, and the licence to be framed and hung in a prominent place in the hotel. He shall keep on the premises a list of the names and addresses of all his employees so as to be at all times available for inspection.
2. The Chairman shall cause a plan of the licensed premises to be attached to every licence for an hotel and shall show on such plan the sleeping rooms and the number of persons permitted to sleep in each such room not being more than one person to every 40 square feet of the floor area of such room, provided that two children under 10 years shall be considered to be equivalent to one person.
3. No licensee of an hotel shall permit any person to sleep in the hotel except in one of the rooms specifically set apart as sleeping rooms in a plan of the hotel attached to the licence.
4. No licensee of an hotel shall permit more persons to sleep in any room than the number specified in the plan.
5. Every licensee of an hotel shall keep a register of the name, occupation, native place, and last temporary or permanent residence of each person occupying his premises.
6. Every licensee of an hotel shall cause the windows of each of the sleeping rooms to be kept open to their full width for at least four hours each day, unless prevented by inclement weather.
7. Every licensee of an hotel shall cause the internal walls and ceiling of every room to be limewashed, and the woodwork to be limewashed or, if oil painted, to be washed with hot water and soap four times a year in the months of March, June, September, and December, and at such other times as may be ordered by the Chairman in writing.
8. Every licensee of an hotel shall cause every part of the hotel, its surroundings, drains, furniture, utensils, and equipment to be kept in good repair, clean, and free from effluvia arising from any drain, latrine, cesspit, or other nuisance on the licensed premises.
9. Every licensee of an hotel shall cause every room, passage, stair, verandah, drain, and the land belonging to the premises to be thoroughly swept at least once a day before noon.
10. Every licensee of an hotel shall cause all filth, house refuse, or other offensive matter to be immediately placed in an impervious covered receptacle made of zinc or galvanized iron and to be removed from the premises daily. He shall keep such receptacle always covered except when such filth, house refuse, or other offensive matter is being actually placed in such receptacle.
11. Every licensee of an hotel shall cause all cooked food to be kept in such manner as to be inaccessible to flies and other insects.
12. No licensee of an hotel shall admit to his premises any person suffering from any infectious, contagious, or loathsome disease.
13. If any person in an hotel becomes ill from any infectious or contagious disease, the licensee of such hotel shall forthwith give notice of the fact to the Sanitary Inspector in whose division the hotel is situated or to the Chairman, and the licensee of such hotel shall cause the house to be vacated, if so required by the Chairman, and shall allow the bedding, clothing, and other articles used by the infected person to be disinfected, or if necessary to be destroyed, and the house to be fumigated, disinfected, and limewashed at the public expense in such manner as the Chairman may direct.
14. No licensee of an hotel where a case of an infectious or contagious disease has occurred shall receive any customer until the premises shall have been inspected and certified by the Chairman as free from infection.
15. No licensee of an hotel shall allow cattle, goats, or fowls to be kept within the building.
16. Every licensee of an hotel shall cause the premises to be kept free from rats. He shall cause all rat holes to be filled up with broken glass and plastered with cement as soon as found.

#### DAIRIES.

##### I.—Conditions of Issue of Licence.

No person shall be entitled to a licence to keep a dairy unless the premises to be licensed comply with the following conditions:—

1. (a) That the premises are in good repair and well ventilated and well lighted.
- (b) That the walls and roof of the buildings of the dairy are made of some permanent material.

- (c) That the woodwork is oil painted or limewashed.
- (d) That the floor is cemented or paved with some hard and impermeable material.
- (e) That the premises are provided with adequate drainage.
- (f) That there is a sufficient supply of pure water protected from pollution at a convenient distance for the use of the dairy.

2. (a) That every building or shed intended for the accommodation of cattle is built of brick, stone, or cabook; and that the walls and pillars are limewashed and plastered with cement to a height of 4 feet from the ground; that the roof is of permanent material; that the floor is paved with brick or stone rendered in cement, cement concrete, or asphalt; that similarly constructed drains are provided so as to convey the urine washings and rain water into one or more covered receptacles.

(b) (i.) That the milkroom is in a suitable position and at a distance of not less than 25 feet from the cow sheds and other buildings.

(ii.) That the floor of the milkroom is cemented with rounded corners at its junction with the walls; that the walls of the milkroom are not less than 7 feet in height and are built of brick, stone, or cabook with the inside thereof lime-plastered and limewashed; that at least two opposite walls of the milkroom abut on the open air; that the roofs are ceiled with grooved boards to prevent the ingress of dust, and that they are oil painted; that all the eaves are at least 6 feet from the ground; that there is at least one window and one door, and that the area of the window space is not less than one-fifteenth of the superficial floor space, and that the window space is covered with fly-proof netting, that the door is opposite the window, is close fitting and fitted with fly-proof netting.

3. (a) That the milkroom is provided with a table covered with marble, slate, zinc, or other approved impermeable substance.

(b) That it is provided with a sanitary dust bin.

(c) That it is at least 100 feet distant from any latrine, cesspit, manure heap, or open sewer.

(d) That there is no cesspit, latrine, or ashpit within or directly communicating with the milkroom.

4. That the number of cows for which each dairy is to be licensed is stated in the application for licence, and that such number is proportionate to the size of the cattle shed, allowing for each cow a floor space of 8 feet by 5 feet and a minimum air space of 400 cubic feet.

#### II.—Regulations for Licensed Dairies and for Sale of Milk.

1. Every licensee of a dairy shall keep affixed in a conspicuous position on the outside of his premises a board with his name and the words "Licensed Dairy" legibly painted thereon in the English and vernacular languages.

2. Every licensee of a dairy shall cause a copy of these regulations in English, Sinhalese, and Tamil, and the licence to be framed and hung in a prominent place in the dairy. He shall also keep a list of the names and addresses of all employees (including the vendors of milk) at all times in the dairy so as to be available for inspection.

3. Every licensee of a dairy shall cause the walls of every room forming part of the dairy to be limewashed twice a year in the months of June and December. He shall cause the woodwork to be washed with hot water and soap at least twice a year in the months of June and December, and at such other times as may be ordered by the Chairman in writing.

4. Every licensee of a dairy shall cause the floors and the top of the milkroom table to be washed at least once every day.

5. Every licensee of a dairy shall cause all utensils, furniture, and other requisites used in or belonging to a dairy to be kept clean.

6. Every licensee of a dairy shall cause every part of the dairy, its surroundings, drains, furniture, utensils, and equipment used for the purposes of the trade to be kept in good repair and clean.

7. Every licensee of a dairy shall cause all vessels sent out containing milk to be thoroughly cleansed and to be properly covered with clean material, and shall take all proper precautions to prevent the milk from being contaminated during transit.

8. Every licensee of a dairy shall cause the vessels used for storing milk to be made of glass, porcelain, glazed earthenware, enamelled iron, galvanized iron, or tin, and shall not permit such vessels to be stored in the cattle shed.

9. Every licensee of a dairy shall cause all dung, refuse, urine, and washings to be removed from the dairy at least once a day and disposed of at a suitable distance from the dairy so that no nuisance is caused thereby.

10. No licensee of a dairy shall keep any animal or bird in a milkroom on any pretext whatsoever.

11. No licensee of a dairy shall allow the milk vessels, butter vessels, churns, separators, or other articles employed in the dairy to be used for any other purpose, and he shall cause them to be thoroughly cleaned at least once daily by washing them with boiling water.

12. (a) No person suffering from or who has recently suffered from any infectious, contagious, or skin disease, or has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from such disease shall enter a dairy or take part in the preparation, sale, or transport of milk.

(b) No licensee or person in charge or control of a dairy shall employ or allow to enter into the dairy premises any person suffering from or who has recently suffered from any infectious, contagious, or skin disease, or who has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from such disease.

13. Every licensee of a dairy shall use for the purpose of such dairy water—

(a) From the public water supply alone where such exists. He should in such a case cause pipes to be laid from the nearest main, and the water supply to be obtained therefrom by means of taps within the building.

(b) Where no public water supply exists, from a suitable source capable of supplying a sufficient quantity of pure water.

14. Every licensee of a dairy obtaining water from any source other than a public water supply shall discontinue such source and obtain water from a public water supply so soon as such a supply is established.

15. No licensee of a dairy shall cause any cow to be milked for the purpose of obtaining milk for sale, unless at the time of milking the udder and teats of such cow are thoroughly clean, and unless the hands of the person milking are also thoroughly clean and free from all infection and contamination.

16. Every licensee of a dairy shall give immediate notice to the Chairman of any case or suspected case of infectious or contagious disease which may occur among the persons working or who have been recently working in the dairy.

17. (a) Every licensee of a dairy shall whenever any animal in his dairy is affected with any contagious or infectious disease forthwith give notice of the fact to the Chairman. He shall in order to prevent infection or contamination forthwith remove or cause to be removed from the proximity of other animals any animal in his dairy which is found or is suspected to be suffering from any infectious or contagious disease.

(b) On the outbreak of any infectious or contagious disease every licensee of a dairy shall carry out such instructions for the control of the outbreak as the Chairman or other proper authority may from time to time give.

(c) No licensee of a dairy shall sell or permit to be sold the milk of any animal suffering from tuberculosis, whether of the udder or otherwise, acute mastitis, foot-and-mouth disease, anthrax, actinomycosis of the udder, or shall add such milk or permit it to be added to any milk of other animals which is intended for sale or human consumption.

18. Every licensee of a dairy shall cause all cattle food, except grass and straw, to be stored in a suitable rat-proof receptacle.

19. (a) No licensee of a dairy shall allow milk intended for sale to be kept in any other place than the milkroom.

(b) No licensee of a dairy shall use the milkroom or permit it to be used for any other purpose than that of storing and preparing milk.

20. (a) No licensee of a dairy shall adulterate milk by the addition of water or any other foreign liquid or substance thereto, nor shall he sell, offer, expose, hawk for sale, or deliver milk so adulterated.

(b) No licensee of a dairy shall sell, offer, expose, hawk for sale, or deliver any milk from which the cream has been removed, unless such milk is contained in a vessel which is clearly, distinctly, and conspicuously labelled "Skimmed Milk" in English, and the equivalent term in Sinhalese and Tamil, and is sold as such.

21. No licensee of a dairy shall sell or supply milk obtained from cows other than those kept in a licensed dairy.

22. The Chairman shall issue annually to the owner of every licensed dairy in respect of each vendor of milk, cards of registration bearing the name and thumb impression of such vendor, and the name of the licensee and registered number of the dairy. No such card of registration shall be issued until a Medical Officer deputed by the Chairman has examined and found such vendor free from any infectious, contagious, or skin disease. Such card of registration shall not be transferable. Should a vendor fail to produce on demand by the Sanitary Inspector, or by any person specially or generally authorized by the Chairman, such card for inspection he shall be guilty of an offence.

23. The Chairman, the Medical Officer of Health, the Sanitary Inspector, or any other officer generally or specially authorized by the Chairman, shall on payment of the value thereof be at all times entitled to take a sample of milk for analysis from any licensed dairy or from any person selling, exposing, hawking, or delivering milk, and every licensee of a dairy or registered vendor or other person who refuses to sell such sample for analysis shall be guilty of an offence.

#### LAUNDRIES.

##### I.—Conditions of Issue of Licence.

No person shall be entitled to a licence for a laundry unless the premises to be licensed comply with the following conditions:—

1. (a) That the premises are in good repair and well ventilated and well lighted, and that every room is provided with windows capable of being opened, the area of which when open shall be not less than one-fifteenth of the superficial floor space.

(b) That the walls of every room in every part are not less than 7 feet in height, with the inside thereof limeplastered and limewashed.

(c) That all the eaves are at least 6 feet from the ground.

2. That a separate room is provided for the storage of soiled linen, the floor of which is cemented throughout.

3. That the premises have a sufficient supply of water for all the purposes of the laundry.

4. That where a pipe-borne water supply is available and is used by the laundryman adequate drainage of the waste water is provided.

5. That the laundry is provided with sufficient latrine accommodation being not less than one latrine for every ten persons employed therein.

##### II.—Regulations for Licensed Laundries.

1. Every licensee of a laundry shall keep affixed in a conspicuous position on the outside of his premises a board with his name and the words "Licensed Laundry" legibly painted thereon in the English and vernacular languages.

2. Every licensee of a laundry shall cause a copy of these regulations in English, Sinhalese, and Tamil, and the licence to be framed and hung in a prominent place in such laundry. He shall cause a list of the names and addresses of all employees to be at all times kept in the laundry so as to be available for inspection.

3. Every licensee of a laundry shall cause the inside of the soiled linen room to be limewashed four times a year in the months of March, June, September, and December.
4. Every licensee of a laundry shall cause every part of the laundry, its surroundings, drains, furniture, utensils, and equipment used for the purposes of the laundry to be kept clean and in good repair.
5. No licensee of a laundry shall allow any person suffering, or who to his knowledge has recently suffered from any infectious, contagious, or loathsome disease, or has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from such disease to enter the laundry or take part in the trade thereof or in the transport of any articles thereto or therefrom.
6. No licensee of a laundry shall take or receive or permit to be taken or received soiled clothes from a house where there is or has recently been a case of infectious or contagious disease, unless the clothes have been disinfected in the manner directed by the Chairman by notification or falling such directions in a suitable manner.
7. On the occurrence of any infectious or contagious disease in his premises the licensee of the laundry shall (1) forthwith cease his trade, (2) notify the Chairman of the occurrence of the disease, (3) retain all clothes in the laundry until the written permission of the Chairman is obtained for the return of the clothes, and (4) not resume his trade until the premises have been declared by the Chairman to be free of infection.
8. No licensee of a laundry shall keep washed linen in any room used as a sleeping room.

#### AERATED WATER FACTORIES.

##### I.—*Conditions of Issue of Licence.*

No person shall be entitled to a licence for an aerated water factory unless the premises to be licensed comply with the following conditions:—

1. (a) That the premises are in good repair and well ventilated and well lighted and that every room is provided with windows capable of being opened, the area of which when open shall be not less than one-fifteenth of the superficial floor space.
- (b) That the walls of every room in every part are not less than 7 feet in height, and are built of brick, stone, or cabook, with the inside thereof limeplastered and limewashed.
- (c) That all the eaves are at least 6 feet from the ground.
- (d) That the roof is made of some permanent material.
- (e) That all the woodwork is oil painted or limewashed.
- (f) That the floor is cemented throughout.
- (g) That the premises are provided with adequate drainage.
2. That there is at least one room reserved for the manufacture of aerated water.
3. That there is a separate fly-proof room for the storage of syrup, essences, and chemicals used in the manufacture of aerated water.
4. That a separate place is provided for the washing of bottles.
5. That the water used in the factory is obtained from a source adequately protected from contamination. That it is transported to the factory by means which shall insure that no pollution occurs in transit. That it is stored at the factory in properly constructed tanks or reservoirs.
6. That the water used in the manufacture of aerated water (and in any process connected therewith) and for washing bottles, accessories, and utensils is passed through a suitable filter approved by the Chairman and connected with the plant, and that the water be found on chemical and bacteriological examination to be pure and wholesome.

Provided that the Chairman shall have the power to exempt from the operation of this rule water derived from an approved public supply.

7. (a) That the aerated water factory is provided with a sanitary dust bin, at least two spittoons, and with such latrine accommodation as is sufficient being not less than one latrine for every ten persons employed therein.
- (b) That the aerated water factory is at least 50 feet distant from any latrine, cesspit, cattle shed, manure heap, or open sewer.
- (c) That there is no cesspit, latrine, cattle shed, or ashpit within or directly communicating with the aerated water factory.

##### II.—*Regulations for Licensed Aerated Water Factories.*

1. Every licensee of an aerated water factory shall keep affixed in a conspicuous position on the outside of his premises a board with his name and the words "Licensed Aerated Water Factory" legibly painted thereon in the English and vernacular languages.
2. Every licensee of an aerated water factory shall cause a copy of these regulations in English, Sinhalese, and Tamil, and the licence to be framed and hung in a prominent place in every aerated water factory. He shall cause a list of the names and addresses of all employees (including the vendors of aerated water) to be at all times kept in the factory and to be available for inspection.
3. Every licensee of an aerated water factory shall cause the walls of every room forming part of the aerated water factory to be limewashed twice a year in June and December. He shall cause the woodwork to be limewashed or, if oil painted, to be washed with hot water and soap at least once every June and December, and at other times when ordered by the Chairman in writing.
4. Every licensee of an aerated water factory shall cause the floor of the factory to be washed at least once every day.
5. Every licensee of an aerated water factory shall cause all bottles used in the factory to be thoroughly cleansed in the following manner:—

There shall be two separate tanks for the cleansing of bottles, one being used for the removal of labels and for the preliminary cleansing, and the other for the final cleansing. Where a pipe-borne water supply is available, the final cleansing shall be in running water.

6. Every licensee of an aerated water factory shall cause every part of the factory, its surroundings, drains, furniture, and utensils, and the equipment used in the making of aerated water to be kept clean and in good repair.

7. No licensee of an aerated water factory shall cause materials or articles other than those used in the manufacture of aerated water to be introduced into the factory.

8. Every licensee of an aerated water factory shall cause all materials used in the factory to be clean, wholesome, and of good quality, and shall cause them to be stored in vermin proof cupboards or shelves.

9. Every licensee of an aerated water factory shall cause every bottle containing aerated water to bear a label setting out the description of the water and the place of manufacture, the name of the person or firm owning the factory and the number assigned to the factory by the Chairman.

10. No licensee of an aerated water factory shall employ any person under twelve years of age to work in such aerated water factory.

11. No person suffering from or who has recently suffered from any infectious, contagious, or skin disease, or has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from such disease shall enter an aerated water factory or take part in the preparation, sale, or transport of aerated water.

12. Every licensee of an aerated water factory shall cause all persons engaged in bottling aerated waters to wear, whilst so engaged, a wire gauze mask over the face and leather gloves on the hands.

13. Every licensee of an aerated water factory shall cause the vessels used for storing syrup, essences, chemicals, &c., to be made of glass, porcelain, glazed earthenware, enamelled iron, galvanized iron, or tin. He shall not use such vessels for any other purpose, and shall keep them in a place set apart for their storage.

14. Every licensee of an aerated water factory shall cause all dung, refuse, urine, and washings from the cattle sheds, latrines, or any part of the factory to be removed at least once a day and to be disposed of, so that no nuisance is caused thereby.

15. No licensee of an aerated water factory shall keep any animal or bird within the licensed premises under any pretext whatsoever.

16. It shall be lawful for the Chairman of the District Council or any Inspector or any person thereto authorized by the Chairman in writing to enter any place used for the manufacture or sale of aerated waters at any time when such place is open, and on payment of the price thereof to take a sample bottle of any kind of aerated water which is there manufactured or kept for sale, and any proprietor or person in charge of such place who shall refuse to permit such sample to be taken shall be guilty of an offence.

#### ICE FACTORIES.

##### I.—Conditions of Issue of Licence.

No person shall be entitled to a licence for an ice factory unless the premises to be licensed comply with the following conditions:—

1. (a) That the premises are in good repair and well ventilated and well lighted, and that every room is provided with windows capable of being opened, the area of which when open shall be not less than one-fifteenth of the superficial floor space.

(b) That the walls of every room in every part are not less than 7 feet in height, and are built of brick, stone, or cabook, with the inside thereof limeplastered and limewashed.

(c) That all the eaves are at least 6 feet from the ground.

(d) That the roof is made of some permanent material.

(e) That all the woodwork is oil painted or limewashed.

(f) That the floor is cemented throughout.

(g) That the premises are provided with adequate drainage.

(h) That one room in such factory is exclusively reserved for the manufacture of ice.

(i) That the premises are supplied with an adequate supply of water obtained from a source protected from contamination and also with adequate means of transport so as to insure complete freedom from contamination or pollution in transit and with properly constructed tanks or reservoirs.

(j) That the factory is provided with a sanitary dust bin, at least two spittoons, and with sufficient latrine accommodation.

(k) That the factory is at least 50 feet distant from any latrine, cesspit, cattle shed, manure heap, or open sewer.

(l) That there is no cesspit, latrine, cattle shed, or ashpit within or directly communicating with the factory.

2. That a special room or place for storage of fuel is provided and so situated that fuel can be carried to it, or from it to the furnace, without passing through any of the rooms of the factory in which ice is made, stored, or placed for delivery.

3. That all the water used in the manufacture of ice is passed through a suitable filter approved by the Chairman and connected with the plant. Provided that the Chairman shall have the power to exempt from the operation of this rule water derived from an approved public supply.

##### II.—Regulations for Licensed Ice Factories.

1. Every licensee of an ice factory shall keep affixed in a conspicuous position on the outside of his premises a board with his name and the words "Licensed Ice Factory" legibly painted thereon in the English and vernacular languages.

2. Every licensee of an ice factory shall cause a copy of these regulations in English, Sinhalese, and Tamil, and the licence to be framed and hung in a prominent place in every ice factory; and he shall cause a list of the names and addresses of all employees to be at all times kept in the factory so as to be available for inspection.

3. Every licensee of an ice factory shall cause the walls of every room forming part of the factory to be limewashed twice a year in June and December. He shall cause the woodwork to be limewashed or, if oil painted, to be washed with hot water and soap at least once every June and December, and at other times when ordered by the Chairman in writing.
4. Every licensee of an ice factory shall cause the floor of the factory to be washed at least once every day.
5. Every licensee of an ice factory shall cause every part of the factory, its surroundings, drains, furniture, utensils, and equipment used in the making of ice to be kept clean and in good repair.
6. No licensee of an ice factory shall introduce into the factory materials or articles other than those used in the manufacture of ice.
7. No licensee of an ice factory shall employ any person under twelve years of age in the factory.
8. No person suffering from or who has recently suffered from any infectious, contagious, or skin disease, or has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from such disease shall enter the factory or take part in the preparation, handling, sale, or transport of ice.
9. Every licensee of an ice factory shall cause all dung, refuse, urine, and washing from the cattle sheds, latrine, or any part of the factory to be removed at least once a day and disposed of so that no nuisance is caused thereby.
10. No licensee of an ice factory shall keep any animal or bird within the factory on any pretext whatsoever.
11. It shall be lawful for the Chairman of the District Council or any Sanitary Inspector or any person thereto authorized by the Chairman in writing to enter any ice factory at any time when such factory is open, and to take samples of water used for the manufacture of ice or samples of water derived from ice there manufactured, and any proprietor or person in charge of such factory who shall refuse to permit such samples to be taken shall be guilty of an offence. If such sample is found to be unfit for human consumption the proprietor or manager of the factory from which such sample was taken shall be guilty of an offence.

#### PUBLIC BATHING PLACES.

##### I.—Conditions of Issue of Licence.

No person shall be entitled to a licence to keep a public bathing place unless he shall satisfy the Chairman that the premises to be licensed comply with the following conditions:—

1. That the public bathing place is located in a sufficiently secluded spot or is screened from public view.
2. That a portion of the premises is suitably screened off for the exclusive use of women and children.
3. That the water used is obtained from the public water supply where such exists, or where the public bathing place is served by a well—
  - (a) That the well is provided with a protecting wall at least 2 feet high all round, or, if there is no wall, that it is constructed in such a way that none of the water drawn for bathing can find its way back into the well;
  - (b) That the ground immediately surrounding such well is sloped and paved or concreted, so as to allow the water to run into a leadaway drain of a sufficient length to prevent any percolation of dirty water into the well.

##### II.—Regulations for Public Bathing Places.

1. Every licensee of a public bathing place shall keep affixed in a conspicuous position outside his premises a board with his name and the words "Licensed Public Bathing Place" legibly painted thereon in the English and vernacular languages.
2. Every licensee of a public bathing place shall cause a copy of these regulations in English, Sinhalese, and Tamil, and the licence to be framed and hung in a prominent place in the licensed premises, and he shall cause a list of the names and addresses of all employees to be at all times kept in the licensed premises so as to be available for inspection.
3. (a) If tubs are used in a public bathing place the licensee of such bathing place shall cause them to be cleaned daily and painted twice annually in June and December.  
(b) If cemented cisterns are used he shall cause them to be kept in good repair and cleaned daily.  
(c) If a large tank or bath is used he shall cause the water to be frequently changed so that it does not become offensive or unfit for human bathing.
6. Every licensee of a public bathing place shall cause every part of the public bathing place, its surroundings, drains, and equipment to be kept clean and in good repair.
7. No person suffering from or who has recently suffered from any contagious, infectious, or loathsome disease, or has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall bathe, wash in, or in any way use the water of any such public bathing place, unless such water shall be drawn for such person by some healthy person and carried for use to a safe distance from such public bathing place.
8. Whenever a public bathing place is served by a well, no person shall use such well for washing cattle or any other animals, or mats, or any other things, or any clothes, except those worn at the time of bathing, and if such clothes be

slapped upon a stone or otherwise beaten this shall be done at such distance from the well that the splash therefrom cannot fall into the well.

9. No person shall commit a nuisance by obeying a call of nature at or near any public bathing place, except in a latrine provided for such purpose.

**REPEAL.**

The by-laws referred to in the annexed schedule are hereby repealed.

**Schedule.**

By-laws published in *Government Gazette* No. 6,807 of July 14, 1916, regarding Aerated Water Factories.

By-laws published in *Government Gazette* No. 7,175 of May 13, 1921, regarding Bakeries, Eating-houses, Tea and Coffee Boutiques, Butchers' Stalls, Fish Stalls, Galas, Dairies, Laundries, and Common Lodging Houses.

**"THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ORDINANCE, NO. 11 OF 1920."**

U 333/27

IT is hereby notified that the Governor in Executive Council has approved the licence duties contained in the schedule hereto, which the Ratnapura Urban District Council has, as empowered by sections 173 and 176 of the above Ordinance, and with the approval of the Local Government Board, imposed in respect of any licence granted by the said Council authorizing the use of the premises or places referred to therein.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, November 7, 1927.

By His Excellency's command,  
A. G. M. FLETCHER,  
Colonial Secretary.

**SCHEDULE.**  
Nature of Licence.

	Annual Duty.	
	Rs.	c.
1. Artificial manure store .. .. .	50	0
2. Artificial manure manufactory .. .. .	100	0
3. Tannery .. .. .	100	0
4. Every place used for curing arecanuts .. .. .	1	0
5. Every place used for boiling blood or offal .. .. .	100	0
6. Every place used for making or extracting fat .. .. .	50	0
7. Soap manufactory .. .. .	10	0
8. Fibre manufactory .. .. .	50	0
9. Fibre store .. .. .	25	0
10. Fibre dyeing shed .. .. .	5	0
11. Kraal for soaking coconut husks .. .. .	5	0
12. Every place for storing Maldiv fish in quantity over 5 cwt. .. .. .	5	0
13. Every place for storing lime or hides or bones or artificial manure or materials for the manufacture of artificial manure in quantity over one gunny bag .. .. .	25	0
14. Every copra shed or store or place used for manufacturing copra .. .. .	10	0
15. Coconut oil manufacture ( where mill is used .. .. .	50	0
	where chekku is used .. .. .	25
16. Desiccated coconut manufactory .. .. .	100	0
17. Brick or tile manufactory .. .. .	15	0
18. Lime kiln .. .. .	25	0
19. Saw pit .. .. .	5	0
20. Plumbago store or curing yard .. .. .	50	0
21. Bakery .. .. .	10	0
22. Eating-house .. .. .	6	0
23. Tea and coffee boutique .. .. .	3	0
24. Restaurant .. .. .	15	0
25. Hotel .. .. .	30	0
26. Butcher's stall (beef) .. .. .	240	0
27. Butcher's stall (mutton) .. .. .	250	0
28. Fish stall .. .. .	120	0
29. Cattle gala .. .. .	10	0
30. Dairy for supply of milk to the public having three cows or under .. .. .	1	0
31. Dairy for supply of milk to the public having over three cows .. .. .	5	0
32. Laundry .. .. .	1	0
33. Common lodging house .. .. .	3	0
34. Aerated water factory .. .. .	30	0
35. Ice factory .. .. .	20	0
36. Ice and aerated water factory .. .. .	50	0
37. Public bathing place .. .. .	5	0
38. Place for icing and packing of fish .. .. .	5	0

**"THE EXCISE ORDINANCE, NO. 8 OF 1912."**

X 193/27

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased, under section 7, sub-section (c), of "The Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912," to appoint Mr. C. Pern of North Matale Group, Matale, to perform throughout the Island the acts and duties mentioned in sections 32, 34, and 45 (a) of the said Ordinance, during the absence of Mr. W. Raymond Jacks of Akramboda Group, Mahawela, from the Colony.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, November 9, 1927.

By His Excellency's command,  
A. G. M. FLETCHER,  
Colonial Secretary.



## "THE STAMP ORDINANCE, 1909."

F 972/27

IT is hereby notified that His Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, has, by virtue of the powers by section 5, sub-section (1) (c), of the Stamp Ordinance, No. 22 of 1909, on him conferred, authorized the following Joint Stock Company under the Joint Stock Companies Ordinances, to compound for the payment of stamp duty on share certificates specified in Schedule B of the said Stamp Ordinance, on the conditions set out in section 5 aforesaid, sub-sections (1) (c) (ii.), (iii.), and (iv.).

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, October 31, 1927.

By His Excellency's command,  
A. G. M. FLETCHER,  
Colonial Secretary.

COMPANY REFERRED TO.  
Rowlands Garages, Ltd.

## "THE EDUCATION ORDINANCE, NO. 1 OF 1920."

E 183/27

BY-LAWS made by the Education District Committee for the Mullaitivu District, under section 25 (1) of "The Education Ordinance, No. 1 of 1920," approved by the Board of Education, and confirmed by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, October 29, 1927.

By His Excellency's command,  
A. G. M. FLETCHER,  
Colonial Secretary.

## BY-LAWS REFERRED TO.

1. *Definitions.*—The terms "boy," "girl," and "child" shall mean a boy, or a girl, or a child residing in the area described in Schedule A hereto.

The term "attendance" shall mean an attendance for the period defined by the Code as constituting a full attendance recorded in an Attendance Register in the manner prescribed by the Code.

The term "Code" shall mean the Code for Assisted Schools for the time being sanctioned by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council.

The term "District Committee" means the Education District Committee for Mullaitivu District.

The term "school" shall mean any school recognized by the Director of Education and shall include the schools specified in Schedule B hereto.

The terms "adequate and suitable provision for the education of a child" and "reasonable excuse" shall bear the same meaning as in sub-sections 25 (2) and (3) of "The Education Ordinance, No. 1 of 1920."

2. The Committee shall meet ordinarily at Mullaitivu once every two months on such dates as the Committee shall decide upon.

3. A record of the proceedings of meetings shall be kept in a book, and copies of such records circulated among members immediately after the meeting.

4. *Children to attend School.*—The parent or guardian of every boy of not less than 6 nor more than 14 years of age, and the parent of every girl of not less than 6 nor more than 12 years of age, or in the case of Muslim and Tamil girls of not less than 6 nor more than 10 years of age shall cause such boy or girl to attend school unless he has made other adequate and suitable provision for the education of such boy or girl, or unless there is a reasonable excuse for non-attendance. Provided, in the case of girls, that their attendance shall not be compulsory, unless a separate female teacher is provided; further, that no boy under 8 and no girl shall be compelled to attend school where the distance from his or her residence to the school along the shortest route exceeds  $\frac{3}{4}$  mile, and no boy over 8 shall be compelled to attend school where the distance exceeds 2 miles.

And provided always that when a child between 10 and 14 years of age, being beneficially employed to the satisfaction of the Chairman, Education District Committee, has received a certificate from an Inspector of Schools that he or she has passed in Reading, Writing, and Arithmetic, the examination prescribed by the Code for the Fourth Standard, he or she shall not be required to attend school.

5. For the purpose of by-law No. 4 the whole Revenue District of Mullaitivu shall be deemed an area in which efficient provision has been made for elementary education in terms of section 25 (1) (c) of Ordinance No. 1 of 1920.

6. *Time of Attendance.*—The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age.

7. *Religion.*—Nothing in these by-laws—

(a) Shall prevent the presence of children being excused during the time when religious instruction is given, as provided by section 15 (2) of "The Education Ordinance, No. 1 of 1920";

(b) Shall make it conditional for any child on being admitted into a school that he shall attend any Sunday school or any place of religious worship or receive any instruction in religious subjects;

(c) Shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which its parent belongs.

8. Every parent or guardian who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these by-laws or any of them shall, upon conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5 for each offence, and to an additional fine not exceeding Re. 1 per day in the case of a continuing offence.

9. No elementary school shall be kept open for the purpose of giving instruction to pupils for more than 6 hours a day including intervals for meals, &c. The hour at which school work should commence may be left to the discretion of the Manager or the Headmaster, but no school should open earlier than 8 A.M. or later than 10 A.M. The school time table should be approved by the Inspector of Schools.

10. No elementary school shall, except with the permission of the Divisional or the District Inspector of Schools, be kept open for school work on more than five days a week or less than 180 days a year.

## SCHEDULE A.

Description of the Area referred to in the foregoing By-laws.

Revenue District of Mullaitivu.

## SCHEDULE B.

## List of Schools

<i>Karikkaddumulai North School Division.</i>		<i>Melpattu South School Division.</i>	
1.	St. Patrick's English School .. R. C. Mission	19.	Kanagarayankulam School .. Government
2.	St. Patrick's Vernacular School .. do.	<i>Kilakkumulai South School Division.</i>	
3.	St. Anne's School, Chilawatte .. do.	20.	Vavuniya School .. C. M. S. Mission
4.	The Hindu School, Mullaivivu .. Hindu	21.	Rampaikulam School .. R. C. Mission
5.	C. M. S. School, Vadduvakallu .. C. M. S. Mission	22.	Puthukulam School .. Government
6.	Vellammullivaikal School .. Government	23.	Periyakomarasankulam School .. do.
7.	C. M. S. School, Tanniuttu .. C. M. S. Mission	<i>Kilakkumulai North School Division.</i>	
<i>Mulliyavalai School Division.</i>		24.	Omantai School .. Government
8.	C. M. S. School, Mulliyavalai .. C. M. S. Mission	<i>Nuducheddikulam School Division.</i>	
9.	R. C. School, Vattapalai .. R. C. Mission	25.	Nelukulam School .. C. M. S. Mission
<i>Puthukudi-iruppu School Division.</i>		26.	Salampakulam School .. Government
10.	St. Joseph's School, Puthukudi-iruppu .. R. C. Mission	27.	Rasentiramkulam School .. C. M. S. Mission
11.	Puthukudi-iruppu School .. C. M. S. School	<i>Chinnacheddikulam East School Division.</i>	
12.	Palamathalan School .. R. C. Mission	28.	Periyapuliyalankulam School .. Government
<i>Karikkaddumulai South School Division.</i>		29.	Muthaliyakulam School .. R. C. Mission
13.	Kumulamunai School .. C. M. S. Mission	30.	Periyanochchikulam School .. do.
14.	Alampil School .. R. C. Mission	<i>Kilakkumulai South School (Sinhalese) Division.</i>	
15.	Kokkutoduvai School .. C. M. S. Mission	31.	Mamadu School .. Government
16.	Kokkilai School .. Government	32.	Madukanda School .. do.
<i>Melpattu North School Division.</i>		33.	Iratperiyakulam School .. do.
17.	Oddusuddan School .. C. M. S. Mission	<i>Chinnacheddikulam West School Division.</i>	
<i>Melpattu East School Division.</i>		34.	Suduventapilavu School .. C. M. S. Mission
18.	Paddikudi-iruppu School .. Government	35.	Andiyapuliyankulam School .. Government

"THE CEYLON TELEGRAPH ORDINANCE, 1908."

P 188/27

**R**ULE made by His Excellency the Governor in Executive Council under section 7 of "The Ceylon Telegraph Ordinance, 1908," and confirmed by resolution of the Legislative Council on October 13, 1927.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Colombo, October 29, 1927.

By His Excellency's command,  
A. G. M. FLETCHER,  
Colonial Secretary.

## RULE REFERRED TO.

Rule 12 made on August 14, 1913, and published in *Government Gazette* No. 6,576 of August 15, 1913, in substitution for rule 12 of the rules published in the supplement to the *Government Gazette* No. 6,325 of August 27, 1909, and specified in the first column of the schedule hereto, is hereby amended in the manner set forth in the second column of the said schedule:—

*Schedule.*

12. Objectionable telegrams .. After the word "nature" at the end of paragraph 1 add "Any such telegram which may be observed at the transmitting or delivery office may be stopped."  
In paragraph 2, clause (d), add "or civil" after the word "Criminal" in the second line, and delete the words "and telegrams relating to warrants in civil cases" in the second and third lines.  
In line 1 of the last paragraph, after the word "tendered" add "or in course of transmission."

## Comparative Monthly Return of Revenue from October, 1923, to July, 1927.

	1923-24.	1924-25.	1925-26.	1926-27.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
October	8,629,057	9,022,025	9,776,699	10,388,964
November	8,001,201	7,895,979	9,070,282	9,972,165
December	6,386,145	7,792,815	8,435,827	8,856,657
January	11,434,452	12,189,391	12,032,299	13,195,102
February	8,209,361	8,594,667	9,827,860	9,969,815
March	8,635,906	8,777,107	10,518,787	11,824,476
April	8,088,372	9,536,177	10,236,123	10,658,067
May	7,766,440	8,800,293	10,265,709	9,982,159
June	7,805,669	9,830,257	9,726,774	10,836,555
July	9,634,199	9,129,174	11,150,635	10,165,772
August	8,651,157	9,497,003	9,662,180	
September	9,111,157	14,474,781	13,812,980	
Total	102,363,116	115,539,669	124,516,155	

General Treasury,  
Colombo, October 22, 1927.

F. J. SMITH,  
Colonial Treasurer.

## NOTICES CALLING FOR TENDERS.

**S**CHEDULES of rates are hereby invited for installing electric lights, fittings, &c., for Bogambara and Remand Prison buildings, Kandy.

2. The whole of the work to be undertaken on agreement to be entered into monthly by the Deputy Chief Engineer, Electrical Department, Co'ombo, and the contractor on the basis of his accepted tendered schedule of rates.

3. Schedule, bill of quantities, and form of agreement can be seen, and all other information obtained from the Office of the Director of Electrical Undertakings, Colombo, any week day between the hours of 9.30 A.M. and 4.30 P.M. (Saturdays 9.30 A.M. to 2 P.M.).

4. Schedules of rates must be submitted in duplicate on forms to be obtained from the Office of the Director of Electrical Undertakings, Colombo, duly dated, signed, and forwarded in securely sealed envelopes, the original schedule only addressed to the Director of Electrical Undertakings, Colombo, and the duplicate addressed to the Deputy Chief Engineer, Electrical Department, Colombo, endorsed on the outside "Schedule of Rates for Installing Electric Lights, &c., for Bogambara and Remand Prison Buildings, Kandy," so as to reach the offices of the foregoing officers on or before 12 noon on Saturday, November 19, 1927.

5. The accepted tenderer will be required to complete and hand over the work to the Deputy Chief Engineer, Colombo, on or before a date to be agreed upon.

6. Any alterations made in the quotations should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all quotations containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

7. No contract will be entered into with any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, or any other person to whom the Deputy Chief Engineer, Electrical Department, Colombo, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

8. Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any of the schedules of rates submitted, nor to give all the work included in the whole scheme or in any one item to any one contractor.

B. G. DE GLANVILLE,  
Director of Electrical Undertakings.

Office of the Director of Electrical Undertakings,  
Colombo, November 1, 1927.

**T**ENDERS are hereby invited for the contract for the conveyance of mails from October 1, 1928, once daily each way for a period of three years, between Puttalam Railway Station and Puttalam Post Office and Nikaweratiya, Wariyapola, and Kurunegala Post Offices and intermediate offices.

- (a) By motor van or bus or car ; or  
(b) By motor lorry.

2. The motor conveyances, when fully equipped and loaded, should not weigh more than three tons.

3. The hours of arrival and departure to be fixed from time to time by the Postmaster-General.

4. The contractor will be required to provide such number of motor conveyances as will in the opinion of the Postmaster-General be necessary for the service, and every such motor before being employed in the service will be subject to the approval of the Postmaster-General. The motor conveyances should also be provided at the contractor's cost with a separate locked receptacle for conveying mails. To some convenient part of every such motor shall be affixed, at the cost of the contractor and subject to the approval of the Postmaster-General, a suitable box provided with lock and key for the reception of any letters which may be posted on the road.

5. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent to him through the post.

6. Tenders should be marked "Tender for the Conveyance of Mails between Puttalam and Kurunegala" in

the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, December 20, 1927.

7. Tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application to the Postmaster-General, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form.

8. Any alteration in the tender must bear the initials of the tenderer, otherwise the tender may be treated as informal and rejected.

9. A deposit of Rs. 100 for the service tendered for must be made at the General Treasury or a Kachcheri, and a receipt produced for the same before a tender form is issued. Should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond, or fail to furnish approved security within ten days of receiving notice in writing from the Postmaster-General or his duly authorized representative, that his tender has been accepted, such deposits will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon signature to the contract.

10. Security to the amount of one-tenth of the annual subsidy asked will be required in cash for the service.

11. Tenders for above service must be accompanied by a scale of the rates which it is intended to charge the public during the period of the service for the conveyance of passengers, luggage, and parcels, and the quantity of luggage per passenger allowed to be conveyed free. When such scale has been accepted by Government, the contractor shall not, without the express permission of Government, increase the rates charged for the conveyance of passengers, luggage, and parcels above the amount shown in the scale, or reduce the allowance of free luggage below the amount therein stated.

12. Further particulars regarding the terms of the contract will be found in the contract form, Post Office N 10. Further information about the terms of the contract and any other information can be obtained on application to the Postmaster-General.

13. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

14. No contract shall be entered into with any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, or any other person to whom the Postmaster-General, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

15. The contract shall be entered into by the contractor with the Head of the Department, acting for and on behalf of His Majesty the King, and the designation of such officer shall mean and include the officer for the time being holding such office and his successors in office for the time being under the Government of Ceylon.

16. Contracts may not be assigned or sublet without the authority of the Tender Board.

17. A Government contractor must not issue a power of attorney to a person whose name is on the defaulting contractors' list authorizing him to carry on the contract.

18. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question of rejecting any or all of the tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

General Post Office,  
Colombo, November 5, 1927.

M. S. SRESHTA,  
Postmaster-General.

**T**ENDERS are hereby invited for the purchase of the following material lying at the Railway Stores, Maradana, from persons willing to buy same, viz. :—

*Condemed Best Yorkshire Iron, about 43 tons.*

- 15 bars hexagon, 1½ in. dia.
- 8 bars flat, 2¼ in. by 1¼ in.
- 35 bars flat, 3 in. by 2 in.
- 16 bars flat cable, 3 in. by 1½ in.
- 5 bars flat cable, 6 in. by 1½ in.
- 22 bars round cable, 1 in. dia.

- 33 bars round cable,  $1\frac{1}{4}$  in. dia.
- 82 bars round cable,  $1\frac{3}{8}$  in. dia.
- 13 bars round cable,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  in. dia.
- 1 bar round cable,  $1\frac{5}{8}$  in. dia.
- 15 bars round cable,  $1\frac{3}{4}$  in. dia.
- 2 bars round cable  $1\frac{7}{8}$  in. dia.
- 30 bars round cable, 2 in. dia.
- 22 bars round cable,  $2\frac{1}{8}$  in. dia.
- 3 bars round,  $2\frac{1}{2}$  in. dia.
- 18 bars round,  $2\frac{3}{8}$  in. dia.
- 4 bars round,  $2\frac{1}{2}$  in. dia.
- 10 bars round, 3 in. dia.
- 5 bars round,  $3\frac{1}{2}$  in. dia.
- 35 bars round cable  $5\frac{1}{2}$  in. dia.
- 7 bars square,  $1\frac{1}{8}$  in. sq.
- 22 bars square, 3 in. sq.
- 70 bars square, 4 in. sq. by 3 ft. by 4 ft.
- 8 bars square, 5 in. sq. by 6 ft.
- 5 bars square, 6 in. sq. by 6 ft.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through the post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for the purchase of Best Yorkshire Iron" in the left hand corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, November 29, 1927.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at the Office of the Railway Storekeeper at Maradana, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form.

6. A deposit of Rs. 50 in favour of the Hon. the Treasurer of Ceylon will be required to be made at the General Treasury, Colombo, or at any Kacheheri, or Colombo Bank, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued; and should the person whose tender has been accepted decline to make payment and take delivery of the articles in question, or fail to remove them within the time specified by the General Manager, such deposit shall be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. Should, however, he pay the charges due and remove the material in the specified time, the deposit of Rs. 50 will be refunded. The deposits of all other tenderers whose tenders have not been accepted will be refunded.

7. Applications from outside Ceylon accompanied by a draft on a Colombo Bank in favour of the Hon. the Treasurer of Ceylon will be considered on intimation being received from the Bank that such a draft has been placed to the credit of Government.

8. Tenders from tenderers not resident in the Colony will not receive consideration, unless submitted by a duly constituted agent resident in the Colony specially empowered to tender for the same.

9. Tenderers should, before tendering, inspect the material which can be seen on application to the Railway Storekeeper, from whom any further information can be obtained. Once a tender has been accepted no excuse whatever as regards the quality, &c., of the material will be accepted.

10. Payment must be made within three weeks after notification of acceptance of tender, and the material must be removed within two months from date of payment.

11. All alterations or erasures in tenders should bear the initials of the tenderers, otherwise the tenders will be treated as informal and rejected.

12. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled. Any offers received containing conditions outside the specification will be rejected without question.

13. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

General Manager's Office,  
Colombo, November 9, 1927.

T. E. DUTTON,  
General Manager.

SCHEDULES of rates are hereby invited for the erection of quarters for the Curator, Botanical Gardens, Henaratgoda.

2. The whole of the work to be undertaken on agreements to be entered into monthly by the District Engineer, Veyangoda, and the contractor on the basis of his accepted tendered schedule of rates, and finally subject to the approval of the Provincial Engineer, Western Province North, Colombo.

3. The plans, specifications, bill of quantities, and form of monthly agreement can be seen, and all other information obtained from the Office of the District Engineer, Veyangoda, any week day between the hours of 9.30 A.M. and 4.30 P.M. (Saturdays, 9.30 A.M. and 2 P.M.).

4. Schedules of rates must be submitted on forms to be obtained from the Office of the District Engineer, Veyangoda, in duplicate, duly signed and dated, and forwarded in securely sealed envelopes, the original addressed to the Provincial Engineer, Western Province North, Colombo, and the duplicate addressed to the District Engineer, Veyangoda, endorsed on the outside "Schedules of Rates for the Erection of Quarters for the Curator, Botanical Gardens, Henaratgoda," so as to reach the offices of the foregoing officers on or before 12 noon on December 5, 1927. All imported articles, such as cement, fittings for doors and windows, paint, oil, galvanized iron for valley guttering, eaves guttering and down piping, cistern heads, buckets for E. C. seats and squatting plates, and barbed wire for fencing will be supplied free of charge to the contractor by the department, and the rates submitted should be exclusive of the costs of these materials for the items which necessitate their use.

5. Any alterations made in the quotations should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all quotations containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

6. Government reserves to itself the right to supply the contractor with any materials which may be necessary in the execution of the work included in any agreement.

7. No contract shall be entered into with any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, or any other person to whom the Provincial Engineer, Western Province North, Colombo, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

8. Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any of the schedules of rates submitted, nor to give all the work included in the whole scheme or in any one item to any one contractor.

R. G. BARTHOLOMEW,  
Public Works Office, for Director of Public Works.  
Colombo, November 7, 1927.

SCHEDULES of rates are hereby invited for works connected with the additional accommodation, Galle hospital, as follows:—

(a) Alterations to 2-storey male ward; (b) alterations to 2-storey female ward.

2. The whole of the work to be undertaken on agreements to be entered into monthly by the District Engineer, Galle, and the contractor on the basis of his accepted tendered schedule of rates, and finally subject to the approval of the Provincial Engineer, Southern Province, Galle.

3. The plans, specifications, bill of quantities, and form of monthly agreement can be seen, and all other information obtained from the Office of the District Engineer, Galle, any week day between the hours of 9.30 A.M. and 4 P.M. (Saturdays, 9.30 A.M. and 12 noon).

4. Schedules of rates must be submitted on forms to be obtained from the Office of the District Engineer, Galle, in duplicate, duly signed and dated, and forwarded in securely sealed envelopes, the original addressed to the Provincial Engineer, Southern Province, Galle, and the duplicate addressed to the District Engineer, Galle, endorsed on the outside "Schedule of Rates for Alterations to Male and Female Wards, Galle Hospital," so as to reach the offices of the foregoing officers on or before 12 noon on Tuesday, November 22, 1927. All imported articles, such as cement, Calicut tiles, fittings for doors and windows, paint, &c., will be supplied free of charge to the contractor by the department, and the rate submitted should be exclusive of the costs of these materials for the items which necessitate their use.

5. Any alterations made in the quotations should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all quotations containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

6. Government reserves to itself the right to supply the contractor with any materials, which may be necessary in the execution of the work included in any agreement.

7. No contract shall be entered into with any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, or any other person to whom the Provincial Engineer, Southern Province, Galle, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

8. Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any of the schedules of rates submitted, nor to give all the work included in each of the foregoing projects or in any one item to any one contractor.

R. G. BARTHOLOMEW,  
Public Works Office, for Director of Public Works.  
Colombo, November 8, 1927.

SCHEDULES of rates are hereby invited for the New Police Station, Eravur.

2. The whole of the work to be undertaken on agreements to be entered into monthly by the District Engineer and the contractor on the basis of his accepted tendered schedule of rates, and finally subject to the approval of the Provincial Engineer, Eastern Province, Batticaloa.

3. The Public Works Department specifications, drawings, bill of quantities, and form of monthly agreement can be seen, and all other information obtained from the Office of the District Engineer, Batticaloa, any week day between the hours of 9.30 A.M. and 4 P.M. (Saturdays, 9.30 A.M. and 12 noon).

4. Schedules of rates must be submitted in duplicate on forms to be obtained from the Office of the District Engineer, Batticaloa. Both copies of schedules shall be duly signed and dated, and forwarded in securely sealed envelopes, the original addressed to the Provincial Engineer, Eastern Province, Batticaloa, and the duplicate addressed to the District Engineer, Batticaloa, endorsed on the outside "Schedule of Rates for Building a New Police Station at Eravur" so as to reach the offices of the foregoing officers on or before 12 noon on November 24, 1927. All imported articles, such as cement, door and window fittings, glass, iron rods, and flats for cell doors, C.I. ventilators, Calicut tiles, E. C. buckets, barbed wire, and paint will be supplied free of charge to the contractor by the Department, and the rates submitted should be exclusive of the costs of these materials for the items which necessitate their use.

5. The tendered rates must be entered in ink, and any alterations must bear the initials of the tenderer. Any altered tender not bearing such initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

6. Before tender forms can be issued, the intending contractor must deposit a sum of Rs. 10 either at the General Treasury or any local Kachcheri. The receipt must be handed to the District Engineer in charge. The deposit will be refunded to all *bona fide* tenderers after the agreement has been signed by the successful tenderer.

7. Each schedules of rates must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses

must be given engaging, if called upon, to become security for the due fulfillment of the contract. An address for the delivery of letters or notices shall be given in each schedule.

8. Government reserves to itself the right to supply the contractor with any materials which may be necessary in the execution of the work included in any agreement.

9. No contract shall be entered into with any person, whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, or any other person to whom the Provincial Engineer, Eastern Province, Batticaloa, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

10. Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any of the schedules of rates submitted, nor to give all the work included in the whole scheme or in any one item to any one contractor.

R. G. BARTHOLOMEW,  
for Director of Public Works.

Public Works Office,  
Colombo, November 9, 1927.

SCHEDULES of rates are hereby invited for the New Dispensary and Apothecary's Quarters, Periyakinniyai.

2. The whole of the work to be undertaken on agreements to be entered into monthly the District Engineer, Trincomalee, and the contractor on the basis of his accepted tendered schedule of rates, and finally subject to the approval of the Provincial Engineer, Eastern Province, Batticaloa.

3. The Public Works Department specifications, drawings, bill of quantities, and form of monthly agreement can be seen, and all other information obtained from the Office of the District Engineer, Trincomalee, any week day between the hours of 9.30 A.M. and 4 P.M. (Saturdays, 9.30 A.M. and 12 noon).

4. Schedules of rates must be submitted in duplicate on forms to be obtained from the Office of the District Engineer, Trincomalee. Both copies of schedules shall be duly signed and dated, and forwarded in securely sealed envelopes, the original addressed to the Provincial Engineer, Eastern Province, Batticaloa, and the duplicate addressed to the District Engineer, Trincomalee, endorsed on the outside "Schedules of Rates for New Dispensary and Apothecary's Quarters, Periyakinniyai" so as to reach the offices of the foregoing officers on or before 12 noon on November 28, 1927. All imported articles, such as cement, door and window fittings, glass, iron bars for windows, iron bars and flats for kitchen range, Calicut tiles, galvanized iron for gutters, &c., fly-proofing, E. C. buckets, stoneware, sink, T. iron for brackets, and barbed wire will be supplied free of charge to the contractor by the Department, and the rates submitted should be exclusive of the costs of these materials for the items which necessitate their use.

5. The tendered rates must be entered in ink, and any alterations must bear the initials of the tenderer. Any altered tender not bearing such initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

6. Before tender forms can be issued, the intending contractor must deposit a sum of Rs. 10 either at the General Treasury or any local Kachcheri. The receipt must be handed to the District Engineer in charge. The deposit will be refunded to all *bona fide* tenderers after the agreement has been signed by the successful tenderer.

7. Each schedules of rates must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given engaging, if called upon, to become security for the due fulfillment of the contract. An address for the delivery of letters or notices shall be given in each schedule.

8. Government reserves to itself the right to supply the contractor with any materials which may be necessary in the execution of the work included in any agreement.

9. No contract shall be entered into with any person, whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person whose name is on

the list of Crown defaulting contractors, or any other person to whom the Provincial Engineer, Eastern Province, Batticaloa, for reasons which appear to him sufficient objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

10. Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any of the schedules of rates submitted, nor to give all the work included in the whole scheme or in any one item to any one contractor.

R. G. BARTHOLOMEW,  
for Director of Public Works.

Public Works Office,  
Colombo, November 9, 1927.

SCHEDULES of rates are hereby invited for all works in connection with additions and improvements to Forest Office, Anuradhapura.

2. The whole of the work to be undertaken on agreements to be entered into monthly by the District Engineer, Anuradhapura, and the contractor on the basis of his accepted tendered schedule of rates, and finally subject to the approval of the Provincial Engineer, Northern Province, Jaffna.

3. The drawings, specifications, bill of quantities, and form of monthly agreement can be seen, and all other information obtained from the Office of the District Engineer, Anuradhapura, any week day between the hours of 9.30 A.M. and 4.30 P.M. (Saturdays, 9.30 A.M. and 2 P.M.).

4. Schedules of rates must be submitted on forms to be obtained from the Office of the District Engineer, Anuradhapura, in duplicate, duly signed and dated, and forwarded in securely sealed envelopes, the original addressed to the Provincial Engineer, Northern Province, Jaffna, and the duplicate addressed to the District Engineer, Anuradhapura, endorsed on the outside "Schedule of Rates for Additions and Improvements, Forest Office, Anuradhapura," so as to reach the offices of the foregoing officers on or before 12 noon on November 28 1927. All imported articles, such as cement, &c., will be supplied free of charge to the contractor by the Department, and the rates submitted should be exclusive of the costs of these materials for the items which necessitate their use.

5. Any alterations made in the quotations should bear the initials of the tenderer, and all quotations containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

6. Government reserves to itself the right to supply the contractor with any materials, which may be necessary in the execution of the work included in any agreement.

7. Each schedule of rates must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given engaging, if called upon, to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract. An address for the delivery of letters or notices shall be given in each schedule.

8. No contract shall be entered into with any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, or any other person to whom the Provincial Engineer, Northern Province, Jaffna, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

9. Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any of the schedule of rates submitted, nor to give all the work included in the whole scheme or in any one item to any one contractor.

R. G. BARTHOLOMEW,  
for Director of Public Works.

Public Works Office,  
Colombo, November 8, 1927.

SCHEDULES of rates are hereby invited for the New Dispensary and Apothecary's Quarters, Nindoor.

2. The whole of the work to be undertaken on agreements to be entered into monthly by the District Engineer, Kalmunai, and the contractor on the basis of his accepted tendered schedule of rates, and finally subject to the approval of the Provincial Engineer, Eastern Province, Batticaloa.

3. The Public Works Department specifications, drawings, bill of quantities, and form of monthly agreement can be seen, and all other information obtained from the Office of the District Engineer, Kalmunai, any week day between the hours of 9.30 A.M. and 4 P.M. (Saturdays, 9.30 A.M. and 12 noon).

4. Schedules of rates must be submitted in duplicate on forms to be obtained from the Office of the District Engineer, Kalmunai. Both copies of schedules shall be duly signed and dated, and forwarded in securely sealed envelopes, the original addressed to the Provincial Engineer, Eastern Province, Batticaloa, and the duplicate addressed to the District Engineer, Kalmunai, endorsed on the outside "Schedules of Rates for New Dispensary and Apothecary's Quarters, Nindoor" so as to reach the offices of the foregoing officers on or before 12 noon on November 24, 1927. All imported articles, such as cement, door and window fittings, glass, iron bars for windows, iron bars and flats for kitchen range, Calicut tiles, galvanized iron for gutters, &c., fly-proofing E. C. buckets, stoneware, sink, T. iron for brackets, and barbed wire will be supplied free of charge to the contractor by the Department, and the rates submitted should be exclusive of the costs of these materials for the items which necessitate their use.

5. The tendered rates must be entered in ink, and any alterations must bear the initials of the tenderer. Any altered tender not bearing such initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

6. Before tender forms can be issued, the intending contractor must deposit a sum of Rs. 10, either at the General Treasury or any local Kachcheri. The receipt must be handed to the District Engineer in charge. The deposit will be refunded to all *bona fide* tenderers after the agreement has been signed by the successful tenderer.

7. Each schedule of rates must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given engaging, if called upon, to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract. An address for the delivery of letters or notices shall be given in each schedule.

8. Government reserves to itself the right to supply the contractor with any materials, which may be necessary in the execution of the work included in any agreement.

9. No contract shall be entered into with any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, or any other person to whom the Provincial Engineer, Eastern Province, Batticaloa, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

10. Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any of the schedules of rates submitted, nor to give all the work included in the whole scheme or in any one item to any one contractor.

R. G. BARTHOLOMEW,  
for Director of Public Works.

Public Works Office,  
Colombo, November 9, 1927.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the under-mentioned supply of timber in the log to the North-Central Division during 1927-28. The work is to commence within one month of the intimation of the acceptance of tender. Details of work and area of exploitation are given in the schedule below.

2. All tenders should be in duplicate and sealed under one cover, and should be addressed to the Chairman of the Tender Board, Office of the Controller of Revenue, Colombo.

3. Tenders should either be deposited in the tender box in the Office of the Controller of Revenue, or be sent through post.

4. Tenders should be marked "Tender for Supply of Timber in the Log, North-Central Division," in the left hand top corner of the envelope, and should reach the Office of the Controller of Revenue not later than midday on Tuesday, November 29, 1927.

5. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied on application at the Forest Office, Anuradhapura, which can be supplied on application by post or personally. No tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form. Alterations must be initialled; otherwise the tender may be treated as informal and rejected.

6. A deposit of Rs. 20 for each service will be required to be made either at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and a receipt forwarded or produced before any form of tender is issued. Should any person decline or fail to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or to furnish approved security within ten days of receiving notice from the Head of the Department, or his duly authorized representative, that his tender has been accepted, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown, and the defaulter will render himself liable to be included in the list of defaulting contractors precluded from having any concern in a Government contract. All other deposits will be returned upon signature of a contract.

7. Each tender must be accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, whose addresses must be given, engaging to become security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

8. Sufficient sureties will be required to join in a bond for the due fulfilment of the contract. The amount of the bond and all other information can be ascertained on application to the office referred to in section 5. A further security in cash of 5 per cent. of the value of the contract will be required of the contractor when entering into the bond.

9. Separate rates must be quoted, written both in words and in figures, for timber in the log per cubic foot and for ebony per ton.

10. No tender will be considered unless in respect of it all the conditions above laid down have been strictly fulfilled.

11. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and of accepting any portion of a tender, not necessarily the lowest tender.

12. The contractor's obligations and rights under this contract shall not be assigned or otherwise transferred, or sublet without the consent and authority of the Conservator of Forests previously obtained in writing.

13. No contract shall be entered into with any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors either individually or jointly with any other person, nor shall the contractor employ any person whose name is on the list of Crown defaulting contractors, or any person to whom the Conservator of Forests, for reasons which appear to him sufficient, objects after giving due notice of his objection in writing.

14. Tenderers before tendering should inspect the areas of operation as shown in the schedule.

15. Tenderers should read and note a draft contract, which is available in the Forest Office, Anuradhapura, before they obtained their forms, and certify that they have inspected the area of operation. They should also initial and date the list of trees enumerated.

16. Tenderers, who have not previously held Government contracts, when applying for tender forms, should furnish the officer issuing the forms with a written statement giving their full names and permanent addresses, stating in which district or districts they own landed property or other interests. The extent of landed property, and the nature and extent of other interests should also be given.

In the case of persons who have carried out contracts with the Forest Department, but not in the division or district concerned in the notice calling for tenders, they should state in which division or district they held contracts.

In the case of persons who have carried out Government contracts with departments other than the Forest Department, the name of such department and the district in which the service was rendered should be stated.

## SPECIAL CONDITIONS.

(a) Trees are to be felled within 6 in. of the ground

(b) All trees stamped for felling shall be felled by the contractor and logged to the best possible advantage.

(c) No tree, not previously stamped for felling by a Forest Officer, shall be felled, and any breach of this rule renders the contractor liable in the same way as if such felling were an illicit felling as defined by the rules of the Forest Ordinance, No. 16 of 1907.

(d) Logs shall be trimmed and barked if required by the Divisional Forest Officer, and the ebony logs cleaned of all sapwood before delivery at the final delivery depôts as follows:—

Each end shall be sawn with a clean face at right angles to the axis of the tree. These faces shall be covered with a coating of tar or suitable paint to eliminate the risk of splitting. All satin logs shall be barked before delivery, and payment will be made on measurements taken after such operations. All logs should be perfectly straight and sound throughout, free from shakes and large or loose knots.

(e) Intending tenderers are advised to inspect the area from which the timber is to be supplied, and satisfy themselves regarding conditions of transport, &c.

(f) The contractor shall, from time to time, receive payment from the Divisional Forest Officer, North-Central Division, Anuradhapura, for material delivered and stacked at Kekirawa Railway Station Depôt and passed by him as suitable for delivery to Government Departments. Rejected material will not be paid for and will lapse to Government. The contractor shall have no claim in respect of any material sold as rejection.

(g) 75 per cent. of the logs should be delivered at the Kekirawa Railway Station Depôt on or before September 30, 1928, and the balance on or before December 31, 1928. Failure on the part of the contractor to carry out the work efficiently and maintain regular deliveries, shall render him liable to have his contract closed and to be fined a sum which will not exceed the sum deposited by him as security.

(h) Work shall be started within 15 days of the signing of the contract, and the contract shall be in force till December 31, 1928.

(i) The contractor shall observe the provisions of by-law (a) under section 18 of Vehicles Ordinance, No. 4 of 1916, which run as follows:—

"It shall not be lawful for any person to do any of the following acts:—

"(a) To load a cart with timber or other substance of more than 20 feet in length without having one end thereof secured to another or sling cart."

## Schedule.

To fell and convert into logs by saw or axe and saw combined 1,000 trees (more or less) of satin, palm and ebony of 3 feet and over and halmilla of 2 feet and over in girth, standing in the 500-acre block at Karambawa in Kalawewa Range, to bark, trim, and transport the logs to Kekirawa Railway Station Depôt as described in special conditions (d) and (e) and stacked as directed by an Officer of the Forest Department, distance of transport being about 12 miles.

The boundaries of the area are as follows:—

North.—Kathirgama channel.

South.—Karambawa gravel road.

East.—Reservation for irrigation channel and private lands.

West.—Kala-oya.

J. D. SARGENT,  
Conservator of Forests.

Office of the Conservator of Forests,  
Kandy, November 4, 1927.

## SALES OF UNSERVICEABLE ARTICLES, &amp;c.

NOTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned article will be sold by public auction on Friday, November 25, 1927, at 11 A.M. at the Prison gate:—

1 gallows, wooden.

Jaffna Prison,  
November 5, 1927.

WALTER H. ROBINSON,  
Superintendent, Jaffna Prison.

THE following unclaimed articles will be sold by public auction on Friday, December 2, 1927, at 12.30 P.M., at the District Court premises, Chilaw:—

Case No.	Description of Articles.
3653/18631	.. 7 bottles aerated water
Do.	.. 2 empty bottles.
3654/18534	.. Stool
Hospital, Chilaw	.. 2 earrings (copper and gold)
Do.	.. 2 silver bangles
Do.	.. 4 belts
3663/19066	.. White cloth

Case No.	Description of Articles.
3665/19342	.. Coconut husker
—	.. 6 coconuts
Hospital, Marawila	1 cloth
Do.	.. 1 sarong
Do.	.. 1 handkerchief
3668/19667	.. Aerated water bottle
—	.. Cup
Hospital, Marawila	1 cloth
—	.. 1 towel
3672/19828	.. Bunch of keys and whistle with belt hook
Hospital, Chilaw	.. 2 bangles, silver
—	.. 4 earrings, gold
—	.. 2 earrings, brass
3675/19789	.. Tray (wattiya)
3676/20088	.. 2 husked coconuts
—	.. 1 being husked coconut
—	.. Unhusked coconut
Hospital, Chilaw	.. 1 necklet of beads
—	.. 2 earrings
3685/19713	.. Hanging lamp

District Court,  
Chilaw, November 8, 1927.

W. D. NILES,  
District Judge.

## VITAL STATISTICS.

## Registrar-General's Health Report of the City of Colombo for the Week ended November 5, 1927.

**Births.**—The total births registered in the city of Colombo in the week were 181 (11 Burghers, 121 Sinhalese, 17 Tamils, 24 Moors, 6 Malays, and 2 Others). The birth-rate per 1,000 per annum (calculated on the estimated population on July 1, 1927, viz., 261,793) was 36.1, as against 36.8 in the preceding week, 41.1 in the corresponding week of last year, and 31.1 the weekly average for last year.

**Deaths.**—The total deaths registered were 112 (4 Burghers, 68 Sinhalese, 21 Tamils, 14 Moors, 1 Malay, and 4 Others). The death-rate per 1,000 per annum was 22.3, as against 22.7 in the previous week, 29.8 in the corresponding week of last year, and 28.7 the weekly average for last year.

**Infantile Deaths.**—Of the 112 total deaths, 27 were of infants under one year of age, as against 24 in the preceding week, 37 in the corresponding week of the previous year, and 32 the average for last year.

**Still Births.**—The number of still births registered during the week was 8.

**Principal Causes of Death.**—1. (a) Fourteen deaths from *Pneumonia* were registered, 5 in Maradana hospitals (including 3 deaths of non-residents), 2 each in St. Paul's, Kotahena North, and Slave Island, and 1 each in San Sebastian, Maradana North, and Maradana South, as against 16 in the previous week and 18 the weekly average for last year.

(b) Five deaths from *Influenza* were registered, 3 in St. Paul's and 1 each in San Sebastian and Maradana hospital (of a non-resident), as against 3 in the previous week and 6 the weekly average for last year.

(c) Three deaths from *Bronchitis* were registered, 1 each in Kotahena North, New Bazaar, and Maradana hospital (of a non-resident), as against 4 in the previous week and 5 the weekly average for last year.

2. (a) Nine deaths from *Phthisis* were registered, 5 in Maradana hospital (including 3 deaths of non-residents), 2 in New Bazaar and 1 each in St. Paul's and Kotahena North, as against 10 in the previous week and 11 the weekly average for last year.

(b) Five deaths from *Phthisis* of residents of Colombo town occurred at the Tuberculosis Hospital, Ragama, during the week.

3. One death from *Enteric Fever* was registered in Maradana hospital (of a non-resident), as against 2 in the previous week and 3 the weekly average for last year.

4. Nine deaths were registered from *Debility*, 4 each from *Enteritis* and *Infantile Convulsions*, 3 from *Dysentery*, 1 each from *Diarrhoea* and *Puerperal Septicaemia*, and 58 from *Other Causes*.

5. Fourteen cases of *Chickenpox* and 3 of *Enteric Fever* were reported during the week, as against 8 and 7 respectively of the preceding week. No case of *Measles* was reported during the week; one case was reported during the preceding week.

**State of the Weather.**—The mean temperature of air was 81.5°, against 80.2° in the preceding week and 79.7° in the corresponding week of the previous year. The mean atmospheric pressure was 29.877 in., against 29.928 in. in the preceding week and 29.895 in. in the corresponding week of the previous year. The total rainfall in the week was 0.26 in., against 4.89 in. in the preceding week and 3.28 in. in the corresponding week of the previous year.

Registrar-General's Office,  
Colombo, November 8, 1927.

P. D. RATNATUNGA,  
for Registrar-General.



## UNOFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

## MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF ATCHENCOIL TEA AND RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED.

1. THE name of the Company is "ATCHENCOIL TEA AND RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED."
2. The registered office of the Company is to be established in Colombo.
3. The objects for which the Company is to be established are—
  - (a) To purchase from the Proprietors thereof the Atchencoil Estate, situate in the Shencottah District of Travancore.
  - (b) To carry on in India, Ceylon, or elsewhere the business of growers and manufacturers of and dealers in tea, rubber, and other Ceylon produce.
  - (c) To purchase, lease, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any other land or lands, or any share or shares thereof, and any buildings, mines, minerals, mining and mineral properties, and rights, machinery, implements, tools, live and dead stock, stores, effects, and other property, real or personal, movable or immovable, of any kind, and any contracts, rights, easements, patents, licences, or privileges, in India, Ceylon, or elsewhere (including the benefit of any trade mark or trade secret) which may be thought necessary or convenient for the purpose of the Company's business, and to erect, construct, maintain, or alter any buildings, machinery, plant, roads, ways, or other works or methods of communication.
  - (d) To appoint, engage, employ, maintain, provide for, and dismiss attorneys, agents, superintendents, managers, clerks, coolies, and other labourers and servants in India, Ceylon, or elsewhere, and to remunerate any such at such rate as shall be thought fit, and to grant pensions or gratuities to any such or the widow or children of any such.
  - (e) To clear, open, plant, cultivate, improve, and develop the said property or any portion thereof and any other land or lands that may be purchased, leased, or otherwise acquired by the Company in India, Ceylon, or elsewhere, or portions thereof as a tea and rubber estate or estates, or with any other products, trees, plants, or crops that may be approved by the Company, and to plant, grow, and produce tea, rubber, coconuts, coffee, cinchona, cacao, cardamoms, rhea, ramie plants, trees, and other natural products in India, Ceylon, or elsewhere.
  - (f) To build, make, construct, equip, maintain, improve, alter, and work tea and rubber factories, cacao, coconut and coffee curing mills, and other manufactories, buildings, erections, roads, tramways, or other works conducive to any of the Company's objects, or to contribute to or subsidize such.
  - (g) To enter into any arrangement or agreement with Government or any authorities and obtain rights, concessions, and privileges.
  - (h) To hire, lease, or purchase land either with any other person or company or otherwise, and to erect a factory and other buildings thereon or on any land already leased or owned by the Company at the cost of the Company and such other person or company or otherwise, and to lease any factory or other buildings from any company or person.
  - (i) To enter into any agreement with any company or person for the working of any factory erected or leased as provided in (h), or for the manufacture and preparation for market of tea, rubber, or any other produce in such or any other factory.
  - (j) To prepare, cure, manufacture, treat, and prepare for market tea, rubber, cacao, coconuts, plumbago, minerals, and (or) other crops or produce, and to sell, ship, and dispose of such tea, rubber, cacao, coconuts, plumbago, minerals, crops, and produce, either raw or manufactured, at such times and places and in such manner as shall be deemed expedient.
  - (k) To buy, sell, warehouse, transport, trade, and deal in tea, rubber, coconuts, cacao, coffee, and other plants and seed, and rice and other food required for coolies, labourers, and others employed on estates and other products, wares, merchandise, articles, and things of any kind whatever.
  - (l) To work mines or quarries and to find, win, get, work, crush, smelt, manufacture, or otherwise deal with ores, metals, minerals, oils, precious and other stones, deposits and products, and generally to carry on the business of miners, manufacturers, growers, planters, and exporters of tea, rubber, cacao, chocolate, coconuts, and other products, or any such business on behalf of the Company or as agents for others and on commission or otherwise.
  - (m) To establish and carry on a dairy farm, and to buy and sell live stock, and to sell and deal in milk and dairy produce, wholesale or retail.
  - (n) To establish and maintain in India, Ceylon, the United Kingdom, or elsewhere stores, shops, and places for the sale of tea, rubber, coconut, cacao, chocolate, coffee, and articles of food, drink, or refreshment, wholesale or retail; and to establish in any part or parts of the world agencies for carrying on or developing the business of the Company or any branch thereof; and generally to carry on the business of merchants, exporters, importers, traders, engineers, or any other trade, business, or undertaking whatsoever.
  - (o) To cultivate, manage, and superintend estates and properties in Ceylon or elsewhere, and generally to undertake the business of estate agents in Ceylon and elsewhere, to act as agents for the investment, loan, payment, transmission, and collection of money, and for the purchase, sale, improvement, development, and management of property, including concerns and undertakings, and to transact any other agency business of any kind.
  - (p) To let, lease, sell, exchange, or mortgage the Company's estates, lands, buildings, or other property, or any part or parts thereof, whether in consideration of rents, money, or securities for money, shares, debentures, or securities in any other company or for any other consideration, and otherwise to trade in, dispose of, or deal with the same or any part thereof.

- (g) To borrow or receive on loan money for the purposes of the Company upon the security of cash credit bonds, or of hypothecation or mortgages of the Company's property or any part or parts thereof, or otherwise, as shall be thought most expedient, and in particular by the issue of debentures, debenture stock, or bonds to bearer, or otherwise, either charged upon all or any part of the Company's present or future property (including uncalled capital), or not so charged, as shall be thought best.
- (r) To cause or permit any debenture stock, bonds, debentures, mortgages, charges, incumbrances, liens, or securities, of or belonging to or made or issued by the Company or affecting its property or rights, or any of the terms thereof to be renewed, extended, varied, redeemed, exchanged, transferred, or satisfied, as shall be thought fit, also to pay off and re-borrow the moneys secured thereby, or any part or parts thereof.
- (s) To draw, make, accept, and endorse bills of lading, warrants, bills of exchange, promissory notes, and other transferable or negotiable instruments for the purposes of the Company.
- (t) To unite, co-operate, amalgamate, or enter into partnership or any arrangement for sharing profits or union of interests or any other arrangement with any person or company already engaged in or hereafter to be established for the purpose of carrying on any business having objects wholly or in part similar or analogous or subsidiary to those of the Company or to any of them, or capable of being conducted so as to benefit this Company, either directly or indirectly, and to subscribe for or otherwise acquire for the benefit and in the name of the Company or otherwise and pay for in any manner that may be agreed upon, either in money or in shares or bonds or otherwise, and to hold any shares, stock, or other interest in any such company, and to promote the formation of any such company.
- (u) To acquire by purchase in money, shares, bonds, or otherwise, and undertake all or any part of the business, property, assets, and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business in Ceylon or elsewhere which this Company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this Company.
- (v) To sell the property, business, or undertaking of the Company, or any part or parts thereof, for such consideration as the Company shall think fit, and in particular for shares, stocks, debentures, or securities of any other company.
- (w) To procure the Company to be registered or incorporated in Ceylon, and, if and when necessary or thought advisable, elsewhere.
- (x) To lend money on any terms and in any manner and on any security, and in particular on the security of plantations, factories, growing crops, produce, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bonds, bills of lading, warrants, stocks, shares, debentures, and book debts, or without any security at all.
- (y) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined.
- (z) To promote and establish any other company whatsoever and to subscribe to and hold the shares or stock of any other company or any part thereof.
- (z 1) To pay for any lands and real or personal, immovable or movable, estate or property or assets of any kind acquired or to be acquired by the Company, or for any services rendered or to be rendered to the Company, and generally to pay or discharge any consideration to be paid or given by the Company, in money or in shares or debentures or debenture stock or obligations of the Company or partly in one way and partly in another, or otherwise howsoever with power to issue any shares either fully or partly paid up for such purpose.
- (z 2) To accept as consideration for the sale or disposal of any lands and real or personal, immovable and movable, estate, property, and assets of the Company, of any kind sold or otherwise disposed of by the Company, or in discharge of any other consideration to be received by the Company in money or in shares, the shares (whether wholly or partially paid up) of any company, or the mortgages, debentures, or obligations of any company or person or partly one and partly the other.
- (z 3) To distribute among the Shareholders in specie any property of the Company, whether by way of dividend or upon a return of capital, but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital be made, except with the sanction for the time being required by law.
- (z 4) To do all such other things as shall be incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects above mentioned or any of them or any one or more of the objects aforesaid, it being hereby declared that in the foregoing clauses (unless a contrary intention appears) the word "Company" includes companies or corporations, and the word "person" any number of persons, and that the other objects specified in any paragraph are not to be limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other paragraph.

4. The liability of the Shareholders is limited.

5. The nominal capital of the Company is Six hundred thousand Rupees (Rs. 600,000) divided into 15,000 cumulative preference shares of Rs. 10 each, and 45,000 ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each with power to increase or reduce the capital. Such preference shares shall confer the right to a fixed cumulative preferential dividend at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum on the capital for the time being paid up thereon and shall rank as regards return of capital in priority to the ordinary shares, but shall not confer the right to any further participation in profits or assets. The shares forming the capital (original, increased, or reduced) of the Company other than the said preference shares may be subdivided or consolidated or divided into such classes with any preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto, and be held upon such terms as may be prescribed by the Articles of Association and Regulations of the Company for the time being or otherwise.

6. The profits of the Company of each year, which it shall from time to time be determined to distribute, shall (subject to the provisions of clauses 5 and 8 hereof) be applied in the manner and order following:—

- (1) In payment of a fixed cumulative preferential dividend of 7 per cent. per annum on the capital for the time being paid up on the said preference shares.
- (2) The balance of the remaining profits shall be divided among the holders of ordinary shares in proportion to the amount paid on the shares held by them.

7. In a winding up voluntary or otherwise, the assets available for distribution amongst the members shall be applied:—

- (1) To the payment off of the capital paid up on the said preference shares with the arrears of dividend thereon, whether declared or not up to the commencement of the winding up.
- (2) To the payment off of the capital paid up on all the remaining shares and any dividend on the said shares up to the date of winding up in accordance with the Articles of Association.
- (3) To the division among the Shareholders, other than the holders of the cumulative preference shares aforesaid, in proportion to the number of shares held by each of them, of any balance remaining after payment of capital and dividend as provided in sub-sections (1) and (2) hereof.

8. The rights for the time being attached to the said preference shares may be modified or dealt with in the manner mentioned in clauses 51 and 157 of the accompanying Articles of Association but not otherwise and those clauses shall be deemed to be incorporated herein and have effect accordingly.

We, the several persons, whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company, in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names:

Names and Addresses of Subscribers.	Number of Shares taken by each Subscriber.
F. F. ROE, Colombo .. .. .	One
H. S. WAKE, Colombo .. .. .	One
M. N. WAYMAN, Colombo .. .. .	One
R. J. HARTLEY, Colombo .. .. .	One
LIONEL BRAY, Colombo .. .. .	One
A. W. HARRISON, Colombo .. .. .	One
G. T. HALE, Colombo .. .. .	One
Total Shares taken .. .. .	Seven

Witness to the above signatures, at Colombo, this 20th day of October, 1927:

W. K. S. HUGHES,  
Proctor, Supreme Court.

#### ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF ATCHENCOIL TEA AND RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE regulations contained in Table C in the schedule annexed to "The Joint Stock Companies Ordinance, 1861," shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these Articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution.

The Company may, by special resolution, alter and make provisions instead of, or in addition to, any of the regulations of the Company, whether contained and comprised in these Articles or not.

#### INTERPRETATION CLAUSE.

1. In the interpretation of these presents the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless such meanings be inconsistent with, or repugnant to, the subject or context, viz. :—

The word "Company" means "Atchencoil Tea and Rubber Company, Limited," incorporated or established by or under the Memorandum of Association to which these Articles are attached.

The "Ordinance" means and includes "The Joint Stock Companies Ordinance, 1861," and every other Ordinance from time to time in force concerning Joint Stock Companies which may apply to the Company.

"These presents" means and includes the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association of the Company from time to time in force.

"Capital" means the capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purposes of the Company.

"Shares" means the shares from time to time into which the capital of the Company may be divided.

"Shareholder" means any person whose name is entered in the Register of Shareholders as owner or joint owner of any share in the Company.

"Presence or present" at a meeting means presence or present personally or by proxy or by attorney.

"Directors" means the Directors for the time being of the Company or (as the case may be) the Directors assembled at a Board.

"Board" means a meeting of the Directors or (as the context may require) the Directors assembled at a Board meeting, acting through at least a quorum of their body in the exercise of authority duly given to them.

"Persons" means partnerships, associations, corporations, companies, unincorporated or incorporated by Ordinance and registration, as well as individuals.

"Office" means the registered office for the time being of the Company.

"Seal" means the common seal for the time being of the Company.

"Month" means a calendar month.

"Writing" means printed matter or print as well as writing.

Words importing the singular number only include the plural, and *vice versa*.

Words importing only the masculine gender include the feminine, and *vice versa*.

"Holder" means a Shareholder.

"Extraordinary resolution" means a resolution passed by three-fourths in number and value of such Shareholders of the Company for the time being entitled to vote as may be present in person or by proxy (in cases where by these Articles proxies are allowed) at any meeting of which notice specifying the intention to propose such resolution has been duly given.

#### BUSINESS.

2. The Company may proceed to carry out the objects for which it is established, and to employ and apply its capital as soon after the registration of the Company as the Directors in their discretion shall think fit; and if the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed, applied for, or allotted, as soon as, in the judgment of the Directors, a sufficient number of shares shall have been subscribed or applied for.

3. The business of the Company shall be carried on by, or under the management or direction of, the Directors, and subject only to the control of General Meetings, in accordance with these presents. The Company being established on the basis that it shall acquire the Atchencoil Estate it shall be no objection that the vendors are in a fiduciary position to the Company or that there is no independent Board of Directors nor shall any claim be made on any of the vendors on any such ground. Every member of the Company present or future shall be deemed to have joined the Company on this basis.

## CAPITAL.

4. The nominal capital of the Company is Six hundred thousand Rupees (Rs. 600,000), divided into 15,000 cumulative preference shares of Ten Rupees (Rs. 10) each and 45,000 ordinary shares of Ten Rupees (Rs. 10) each.
5. The Directors may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company in General Meeting, increase the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares of such amounts per share and in the aggregate and with such special, preferential, deferred, qualified, or other rights, privileges, or conditions attached thereto as such resolution shall direct, provided, however, that such new shares shall have no preferential rights over the 15,000 cumulative preference shares above referred to.
6. Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the same provisions in all respects with reference to the payments of allotment money, calls, and instalments, transfer, transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrender, and otherwise, as if it had formed part of the original capital.
7. The Directors may also with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company reduce the capital or subdivide or consolidate the shares of the Company.

## SHARES.

8. The Company may issue the balance capital whenever the Directors shall think fit, and may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid, and the time of payment of such calls.
9. If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the holder of the shares.
10. The shares, except when otherwise provided, shall be allotted at the discretion of and by the Directors, who may from time to time issue any unissued shares, and may add to such shares such an amount of premium as they consider proper. Provided that such unissued shares, except when otherwise provided, shall first be offered by the Directors to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may at their discretion allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estates or lands being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates or lands, or as remuneration for work done for or services rendered to the Company and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders.
11. In case of the increase of the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares, such new shares shall (subject to the provisions of Article 5) be issued upon such terms and conditions, and with such preferential, deferred, qualified, special, or other rights and privileges annexed thereto, as the General Meeting resolving on the creation thereof, or any other General Meeting of the Company, shall direct, and, if no direction be given, as the Directors shall determine, and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to the dividends, and in the distribution of the assets of the Company, and with a special or without any right of voting provided, however, that such new shares shall have no preferential rights over the 15,000 cumulative preference shares above referred to.
- Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the meeting that sanctions the increase of capital, all new shares shall be offered to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may, at their discretion, allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estates or lands being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates or lands, and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders.
12. Every person taking any share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof by writing under his hand in such form as the Company may from time to time direct.
13. Shares may be registered in the name of a firm or partnership, and any partner of the firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm shall be entitled to vote and to give proxies in respect of shares registered in the name of the firm.
14. Shares may be registered in the names of two or more persons jointly.
15. Any one of the joint-holders of a share, other than a firm, may give effectual receipts for any dividends payable in respect of such share; but only one of such joint-Shareholders shall be entitled to the right of voting and of giving proxies and exercising the other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, and if the joint-holders cannot arrange amongst themselves as to who shall vote or give proxies and exercise such other rights and powers conferred on a sole Shareholder, the Shareholder whose name stands first on the register of shares shall vote or give proxies and exercise those rights and powers; provided, however, that in the event of such first registered Shareholder being absent from the Island, the first registered Shareholder then resident in Ceylon shall vote or give proxies and exercise all such rights and powers as aforesaid.
16. In case of the death of any one or more of the joint-holders of any shares, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognized by the Company as having any title to or interest in such shares.
17. The Company shall not be bound to recognize (even though having notice of) any contingent, future, partial, or equitable interest in the nature of a trust or otherwise in any share, or any other right in respect of any share, except any absolute right thereto in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof, and except also the right of any person under clause 36 to become a Shareholder in respect of any share.
18. The joint-holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all instalments and calls due in respect of such share.
19. Every Shareholder shall be entitled to a certificate or certificates under the common seal of the Company, specifying the share or shares held by him and the amount paid thereon.
20. If any certificate be worn out or defaced, then, upon production thereof to the Directors, they may order the same to be cancelled, and may issue a new certificate in lieu thereof; and if any certificate be lost or destroyed, then, upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Directors, and on such indemnity as the Directors deem adequate being given, a new certificate in lieu thereof may be given to the person entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate. A sum of fifty cents shall be payable for such new certificate.
21. The certificates of shares registered in the names of two or more persons not a firm shall be delivered to the person first named on the register.

## CALLS.

22. The Directors may from time to time make such calls as they think fit upon the Shareholders in respect of all moneys unpaid on their shares, and not by the conditions of allotment made payable at fixed times, provided that two months' notice at least shall be given to the Shareholders of the time and place appointed for payment of each call; and each Shareholder shall pay the amount of every call so made to the persons and at the time and place appointed by the Directors.

23. If any Shareholder fails to pay the amount of any call due by him on or before the day appointed for payment thereof, he shall be liable to pay interest on the same at the rate of nine per centum per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment.

24. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorizing such call was passed.

25. The Directors shall have power in their absolute discretion to give time to any one or more Shareholder or Shareholders, exclusive of the others, for payment of any call or part thereof on such terms as the Directors may determine. But no Shareholder shall be entitled to any such extension as a matter of grace or favour.

26. The Directors may at their discretion receive from any of the Shareholders willing to advance the same, and upon such terms as they think fit, all or any part of the moneys uncalled upon their respective shares beyond the sums actually called up; and upon the moneys so paid in advance, or upon so much thereof as from time to time and at any time thereafter exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon, and due in respect of the shares in respect of which such advances have been made, the Board may pay or allow interest at such rate as the Shareholders paying such sums in advance and the Directors may agree upon, not exceeding however eight per centum per annum.

## TRANSFER OF SHARES.

27. Subject to the restrictions contained in these Articles, any Shareholder may transfer all or any of his shares by instrument in writing.

28. No transfer of shares shall be made to an infant or person of unsound mind.

29. The Company shall keep a book or books, to be called "The Register of Transfers," in which shall be entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share.

30. The Board may, at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion, decline to register any transfer of shares by a Shareholder who is indebted to the Company, or upon whose shares the Company have a lien, or otherwise; or in case of shares not fully paid up, to any person not approved of by them; and in no case shall a Shareholder or proposed transferee be entitled to require the Directors to state the reason of their refusal to register, but their declinature shall be absolute.

31. Every instrument of transfer must be left at the office of the Company to be registered, accompanied by the certificate for the shares to be transferred and by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferor, and a fee of two rupees and fifty cents or such other sum as the Director shall from time to time determine must be paid to the Company for the registration of every such transfer; upon payment thereof the Directors, subject to the powers vested in them by Article 30, shall register the transferee as a Shareholder and retain the instrument of transfer.

32. The Directors may, by such means as they shall deem expedient, authorize the registration of transferees as Shareholders, without the necessity of any meeting of the Directors for that purpose.

33. In no case shall the Directors be bound to inquire into the validity, legal effect, or genuineness of any instrument of transfer produced by a person claiming a transfer of any share in accordance with these Articles; and whether they abstain from so inquiring or do so inquire and are misled, the transferor shall have no claim whatsoever upon the Company in respect of the share, except for the dividends previously declared in respect thereof, but only if at all, upon the transferee.

34. The Register of Transfers may be closed at such times and for such periods as the Directors may from time to time determine, provided always that it shall not be closed for more than twenty-one days in any year.

## TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

35. The executors, or administrators, or the heirs of a deceased Shareholder not being one of several joint holder shall be the only persons recognized by the Company, as having any title to the shares of such Shareholder.

36. Any guardian of any infant Shareholder, or any committee of a lunatic Shareholder, or any person becoming entitled to shares in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or liquidation of any Shareholder, or in any other way than by transfer, shall, upon producing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this clause, or of his title, as the Directors think sufficient, be forthwith entitled, subject to the provisions herein contained, to be registered as a Shareholder in respect of such shares; or may, subject to the regulations as to transfers hereinbefore contained, transfer the same to some other person.

37. If any person who shall become entitled to be registered in respect of any share under clause 36 shall not, from any cause whatever, within twelve calendar months after the event on the happening of which his title shall accrue, be registered in respect of such share, or if in the case of the death of any Shareholder, no person shall, within twelve calendar months after such death, be registered as a Shareholder in respect of the shares of such deceased Shareholder, the Company may sell such shares, either by public auction or private contract, and give a receipt for the purchase money; and the purchaser shall be entitled to be registered in respect of such shares, and shall not be bound to inquire whether the events have happened which entitled the Company to sell the same, and the nett proceeds of such sale, after deducting all expenses and all moneys in respect of which the Company is entitled to a lien on the shares so sold, shall be paid to the person entitled thereto.

## SURRENDER AND FORFEITURE OF SHARES.

38. The Directors may accept, in the name and for the benefit of the Company, and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed a surrender of the shares of Shareholders who may be desirous of retiring from the Company, provided such acceptance is properly legalized.

39. If any Shareholder fails to pay any call or instalment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Directors may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on such Shareholder requiring him to pay the same together with any interest that may have accrued, and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

The notice shall name a day (not being less than one month from the date of the notice) on and a place or places at which such call or instalment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state that in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

If the requisition of such notice as aforesaid be not complied with, every or any share or shares in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of calls or instalments, with interest and expenses due in respect thereof, be declared forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

40. Any Shareholder whose shares have been so declared forfeited shall notwithstanding be liable to pay and shall forthwith pay to the Company all calls, instalments, premia, interests, and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of forfeiture until payment at nine per centum per annum, and the Directors may enforce the payment thereof if they think fit.

41. Every share surrendered or so declared forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of upon such terms and in such manner as the Board shall think fit.

42. The surrender or forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in, and also of all claims and demands against, the Company in respect of the share and the proceeds thereof, and all other rights incident to the share, except only such of those rights (if any) as by these presents are expressly saved.

43. A certificate in writing under the hands of one of the Directors and of the Secretary or Secretaries that a share has been duly surrendered or forfeited, stating the time when it was surrendered or forfeited, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons who would have been entitled to the share but for such surrender or forfeiture, and such certificate and the receipt of the Company for the price of such share shall constitute a good title to such share, and a certificate of proprietorship shall be delivered to any person who may purchase the same from the Company, and thereupon such purchaser shall be deemed the holder of such share, discharged from all calls due prior to such purchase; and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to such share be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture or sale.

44. The Directors may in their discretion remit or annul the forfeiture of any share within six months from the date thereof upon the payment of all moneys due to the Company from the late holder or holders of such share or shares, and all expenses incurred in relation to such forfeiture, together with such further sum of money by way of redemption money for the deficit as they shall think fit, not being less than nine per centum per annum on the amount of the sums wherein default in payment had been made, but no share *bona fide* sold or re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of under Article 41 hereof, shall be redeemable after sale or disposal.

45. The Company shall have a first charge or paramount lien upon all the shares of any holder or joint-holders for all moneys for the time being due to the Company by such holder or by all or any of such joint-holders respectively, either in respect of such shares or of other shares held by such holder or joint-holders or in respect of any other debt, liability, or engagement whatsoever and whether due from any such holder individually or jointly with others, including all calls which the Directors shall have resolved to make, although the times appointed for the payment thereof shall not have arrived; and where any share is held by more persons than one, the Company shall be entitled to the said charge or lien in respect of any money due to the Company from any of such persons. And the Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares subject to such charge or lien.

46. Such charge or lien may be made available by a sale of all or any of the shares subject to it, provided that no such sale shall be made except under a resolution of the Directors, and until notice in writing shall have been given to the indebted Shareholder or his executors or administrators, or the assignee or trustee in his bankruptcy, requiring him or them to pay the amount for the time being due to the Company, and default shall have been made for twenty-eight days from such notice in paying the sum thereby required to be paid. Should the Shareholder over whose share the lien exists be in England or elsewhere abroad, sixty days' notice shall be allowed him.

47. The nett proceeds of any such sale shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of such debts, liabilities, or engagements, and the residue (if any) paid to such Shareholder or his representatives.

48. A certificate in writing under the hands of one of the Directors and of the Secretary or Secretaries that the power of sale given by clause 46 has arisen and is exercisable by the Company under these presents, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated.

49. Upon any such sale two of the Directors may execute a transfer of such share to the purchaser thereof, and such transfer, with the certificate last aforesaid, shall confer on the purchaser a complete title to such share.

#### PREFERENCE SHARES.

50. Any shares from time to time to be issued or created may from time to time be issued with any such right or preference, whether in respect of dividend or of repayment of capital, or both, or any such other special privilege or advantage over any shares previously issued or then about to be issued (other than shares issued with a preference), or at such a premium, or with such deferred rights as compared with any shares previously issued or then about to be issued, or subject to any such conditions or provisions, and with any such right or without any right of voting, and generally on such terms as the Company may from time to time by special resolution determine provided that no such shares shall have any preference over the 15,000 cumulative preference shares above referred to.

51. If at any time, by the issue of preference shares or otherwise the capital is divided into shares of different classes, then the holders of any class of shares, may by an extraordinary resolution passed at a meeting of such holders' consent, on behalf of all the holders of shares of the class, to the issue or creation of any shares ranking equally therewith, or having any priority thereto, or to the abandonment of any preference or priority, or of any accrued dividend or the reduction for any time or permanently of the dividends payable thereon, or to any scheme for the reduction of the Company's capital affecting the class of shares; and such resolution shall be binding upon all the holders of shares of the class, provided that this Article shall not be read as implying the necessity for such consent in any case in which but for this Article the object of the resolution could have been effected without it.

52. Any meeting for the purpose of the last preceding clause shall be convened and conducted in all respects as nearly as possible in the same way as an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, provided that no member not being a Director shall be entitled to notice thereof or to attend thereat, unless he be a holder of shares of the class intended to be affected by the resolution, and that no vote shall be given except in respect of a share of that class, and that at any such meeting a poll may be demanded in writing by any members personally present and entitled to vote at the meeting.

#### BORROWING POWERS.

53. The Directors shall have power to procure from time to time, in the usual course of business, such temporary advances on the produce in hand, or in the future to be obtained from the Company's estates, as they may find necessary or expedient for the purpose of defraying the expenses of working the Company's estates, or of erecting, maintaining, improving, or extending buildings, machinery, or plantations, or otherwise. Also from time to time at their discretion to borrow or raise from the Directors or other persons any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company, provided that the money so borrowed or raised and owing at any one time shall not, without the sanction of a General Meeting, exceed Rupees Two hundred thousand (Rs. 200,000).

54. With the sanction of a General Meeting, the Board shall be entitled to borrow such further sum or sums, and at such rate of interest as such meeting shall determine. A certificate under the hands of one Director and the Secretary, or Secretaries or of two Directors, to the effect that in taking any loan the Directors are not exceeding their borrowing powers, shall be sufficient and binding on the Company and all concerned, and shall be conclusive evidence thereof in all questions between the Company and its creditors.

55. For the purpose of securing the repayment of any such money so borrowed or raised or for any other purposes, the Directors may grant, create, execute, and issue any mortgages, cash credits, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or

obligations of the Company, charged upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, lands, property, rights, and assets of the Company, both present and future, including uncalled capital or unpaid calls, or may make, accept, or endorse on behalf of the Company any promissory notes or bills of exchange.

56. Any such securities may be issued either at par or at a premium or discount, and may from time to time be cancelled, discharged, varied, or exchanged as the Directors may think fit, and may contain special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, or otherwise.

57. Every debenture or other instrument issued by the Company for securing the payment of money may be so framed that the moneys thereby secured shall be assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

#### GENERAL MEETINGS.

58. The First General Meeting shall be held at such time not being more than twelve months after the incorporation of the Company and at such place as the Directors may determine.

59. Subsequent General Meetings shall be held once in every year, at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if no time or place is so prescribed, then at such place and at such time as soon after the first day in each year as may be determined by the Directors.

60. The General Meetings mentioned in the last preceding clause shall be called Ordinary General Meetings; all other meetings of the Company shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.

61. The Directors may, whenever they think fit, call an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, and the Directors shall do so upon a requisition made in writing by not less than one-eighth of the number of Shareholders of the Company for the time being, or by any Shareholder or Shareholders holding in the aggregate one-eighth part of the shares of the Company for the time being subscribed for.

62. Any requisition so made shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called, shall be addressed to the Directors, and shall be sent to the registered office of the Company.

Upon the receipt of such requisition, the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such time and place as they shall determine. If they do not proceed to convene the same within seven days from the delivery of the requisition, the requisitionists may themselves convene an Extraordinary General Meeting to be held at such place and at such time as the Shareholders convening the meeting may themselves fix.

63. Any Shareholder may, on giving not less than ten days' previous notice of any resolution, submit the same to a meeting.

64. Such notice shall be given by leaving a copy of the resolution at the registered office of the Company.

65. Seven days' notice at least of every General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, and by whomsoever convened, specifying the place, date, hour of meeting, and the objects and business of the meeting shall be given by advertisement in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*, or in such other manner (if any) as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting. Where it is proposed to pass a special resolution the two meetings may be convened by one and the same notice, and it is to be no objection to such notice that it only convenes the second meeting contingently upon the resolution being passed by the requisite majority at the first meeting.

66. Every Ordinary General Meeting shall be competent, without special notice having been given of the purposes for which it is convened, or of the business to be transacted thereat, to receive and discuss any report and any accounts presented thereto by the Directors, and to pass resolutions in approval or disapproval thereof, and to declare dividends, and to elect Directors and Auditors in place of those retiring by rotation, and to fix the remuneration of the Auditors; and shall also be competent to enter upon, discuss, and transact any business whatsoever of which special mention shall have been given in the notice or notices upon which the meeting was convened.

67. With the exceptions mentioned in the foregoing Articles as to the business which may be transacted at Ordinary General Meetings without notice, no General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss, or transact any business which has not been specially mentioned in the notice or notices upon which it was convened.

68. No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting, except the declaration of a dividend recommended by a report of the Directors or election of a Chairman, unless there shall be present or represented at the commencement of the business two or more Shareholders entitled to vote.

69. If at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting the required number of Shareholders shall not be present at the meeting, the meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of Shareholders, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, those Shareholders who are present shall be a quorum, and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.

70. The Chairman (if any) of the Directors shall be entitled to take the Chair at every General Meeting whether Ordinary or Extraordinary; or if there be no Chairman, or if at any meeting, he shall not be present at the time appointed for holding such meeting, or if he shall refuse to take the Chair, the Shareholders shall choose another Director as Chairman; and if no Director be present, or if all the Directors present decline to take the Chair, then the Shareholders present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman.

71. No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting, except the election of a Chairman, whilst the Chair is vacant.

72. The Chairman may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place unless due notice thereof shall be given.

73. Minutes of the proceedings of every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall when so entered be signed as soon as practicable by the Chairman of the same meeting, or by the Chairman of the succeeding meeting, and the same when so entered and signed shall be evidence of all such proceedings and of the proper election of the Chairman.

#### VOTING AT MEETINGS.

74. At any meeting every resolution shall be decided by a show of hands, and in case there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman at such meeting shall be entitled to give a casting vote in addition to the vote to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder; and unless a poll be immediately demanded by some Shareholder, or in the case of a special resolution by five Shareholders present and entitled to vote, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the Minute Book of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution. The power of demanding a poll conferred by this clause may be exercised by the proxy or attorney of any Shareholder duly appointed in that behalf.

75. If at any meeting a poll be demanded by some Shareholder present, his proxy or attorney, or in the case of a special resolution by five Shareholders, their proxies or attorneys at the meeting and entitled to vote, the meeting shall, if necessary, be adjourned, and the poll shall be taken at such time and place and in such manner as the Chairman shall direct, and in such case every Shareholder shall have the number of votes to which he may be entitled as hereinafter

provided; and in case at any such poll there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting at which such poll shall have been demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder or proxy or attorney, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in such meeting.

76. The demand of a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.

77. No poll shall be demanded on the election of a Chairman of the meeting or on any question of adjournment.

78. On a show of hands every Shareholder present in person shall have one vote. Where a Shareholder is present by an attorney who is not a Shareholder such attorney shall be entitled to vote for such Shareholder on a show of hands. In case of a poll every Shareholder shall have one vote for every share held by him.

79. The parent or guardian or curator of an infant Shareholder, the committee or other legal guardian or curator of any lunatic Shareholder, the husband of any female Shareholder not entitled to her shares as separate estate, and the executor or administrator of any deceased Shareholder, or any one of such persons as aforesaid, if more than one, shall not be entitled to vote in the place of such infant, lunatic, female, or deceased person, unless such person shall have been registered as a Shareholder.

80. Votes may be given either personally or by proxy or by attorney.

81. No Shareholder shall be entitled to be present or to vote either personally or by proxy or attorney at any meeting unless all calls due from him on his shares have been paid, and no Shareholder, other than the trustee or assignee of a bankrupt or representative of a deceased Shareholder, shall be entitled to be present or to vote at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company, in respect of any share which he has acquired by transfer, unless he has been registered, as the holder of the share in respect of which he claims to vote at least three months previous to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote.

82. No person shall be entitled to hold a proxy who is not a Shareholder in the Company, but this rule shall not apply to a power of attorney.

83. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be printed or written and shall be signed by the appointor (whether a Shareholder or his attorney) or if such appointor be a company or corporation, it shall be under the common seal of such company or corporation.

84. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than forty-eight hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote.

The instrument appointing a proxy may be in the following form:—

*Atchencoil Tea and Rubber Company, Limited.*

I, \_\_\_\_\_, of \_\_\_\_\_, appoint \_\_\_\_\_, of \_\_\_\_\_ as my proxy, to represent me and to vote for me and on my behalf at the Ordinary (or Extraordinary, as the case may be) General Meeting of the Company to be held on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, One thousand nine hundred and \_\_\_\_\_, and at any adjournment thereof, and at every poll which may be taken in consequence thereof.

\* As witness my hand this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, One thousand nine hundred and \_\_\_\_\_.

85. No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) except at the meeting or poll at which such votes shall be tendered, and every vote (whether given personally or by proxy or by attorney) to which no objection shall be made at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.

86. No Shareholder shall be prevented from voting by reason of his being personally interested in the result of the voting.

DIRECTORS.

87. The number of Directors shall never be less than two or more than six; but this clause shall be construed as being directory only, and the continuing Directors or Director may act notwithstanding any number of vacancies.

The qualification of a Director shall be his holding in his own right at least fifty fully or partly paid shares in the Company upon which all calls for the time being have been paid, and this qualification shall apply as well to the first Directors as to all future Directors.

88. As remuneration for their services the Directors shall be entitled to appropriate a sum not exceeding three thousand rupees annually to be divided between them in such manner as they may determine, but the Company in General Meeting may at any time alter the amount of such remuneration for the future, and such remuneration shall not be considered as including any remuneration granted for special or extra services hereinafter referred to, nor any extra remuneration to the Managing Directors of the Company.

89. The first Directors shall be Messrs. A. J. Ingram of Ratnapura, F. F. Roe of Colombo, and A. W. Ruxton of Ratnapura. The first Directors shall hold office till the First Ordinary General Meeting of the Company, when they shall retire, but shall be eligible for re-election.

90. One or more of the Directors may be appointed by the Directors to act as Secretary, Managing Director or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Agents, of the Company for such time and on such terms as the Directors may determine or may fix by agreement with the person or persons appointed to the office, and they may from time to time revoke such appointment and appoint another or other Secretary, Managing Director or Managing Directors, and (or) Visiting Agent or Agents.

The Directors may confer on the Managing Director or Managing Directors all or any duties and powers that might be conferred on any Manager of the Company.

If any Director shall be called upon to perform any extra services, the Directors may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such services, either by way of salary, commission, or the payment of a lump sum of money, as they shall think fit.

ROTATION OF DIRECTORS.

91. At the First Ordinary General Meeting of the Company all the Directors shall retire from office, and at the First Ordinary General Meeting in every subsequent year one of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office as provided in Article 92.

92. The Director to retire from office at the Second Ordinary General Meeting shall, unless the Directors otherwise arrange among themselves, be determined by ballot; in every subsequent year the Directors to retire shall be those who have been longest in office.

93. In case any question shall arise as to which of the Directors who have been the same time in office shall retire, the same shall be decided by the Directors by ballot.

94. Retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.

95. The Ordinary General Meeting at which Directors retire or ought to retire by rotation shall appoint successors to them, and in default thereof such successors may be appointed at a subsequent Ordinary General Meeting.



96. Any casual vacancy occurring in the number of Directors or provisional Directors arising from death, resignation, or otherwise, may be filled up by the Directors, but any person appointed to fill such vacancy shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Director would have retained the same if no vacancy had occurred.

97. A General Meeting may from time to time increase or reduce the number of Directors and may also determine in what rotation such increased or reduced number is to go out of office.

98. If at any meeting at which an election of a Director ought to take place the place of a retiring Director is not filled up, the retiring Director may continue in office until the First Ordinary General Meeting in the next year, and so on from meeting to meeting until his place is filled up, unless it shall be determined at such meeting to reduce the number of Directors.

99. A Director may at any time give notice in writing of his intention to resign by delivering such notice to the Secretary or Secretaries or by leaving the same at the registered office of the Company, or by tendering his written resignation at a meeting of the Directors, and on the acceptance of his resignation by the Directors, but not before his office shall become vacant.

100. The Company may, by a special resolution, remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and may, by an ordinary resolution, appoint another person in his stead. The Director so appointed shall hold office only during such time as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.

101. Every Director or officer of the Company, and his heirs, executors, and administrators shall be indemnified by the Company from all losses and expenses incurred by him in or about the discharge of his duties, except such as happen from his respective wilful acts or defaults; and no Director or officer shall, nor shall the heirs, executors, or administrators of any Director or officer, be liable for the acts or defaults of any other Director or officer, or for any loss or expenses happening to the Company by the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired for or on behalf of the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested, or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency, or tortious act of any person with whom any moneys, securities, or effects shall be deposited, or for any other loss, damage, or misfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, unless the same happen through his own wilful act or default.

102. No contribution shall be required from any present or past Director or Manager, exceeding the amount if any, unpaid on the shares in respect of which he is liable as a present or past Shareholder.

#### DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS.

103. The office of the Director shall be vacated—

- (a) If he accepts or holds any office or place of profit other than Managing Director, Visiting Agent, or Secretary of the Company.
- (b) If he becomes bankrupt or insolvent, or suspends payment, or files a petition for the liquidation of his affairs, or compounds with his creditors.
- (c) If by reason of mental or bodily infirmity he becomes incapable of acting.
- (d) If he ceases to hold the required number of shares to qualify him for the office.
- (e) If he resigns his office under the provisions of clause 99.
- (f) If he ceases to have his ordinary place of residence in Ceylon or India or is absent from Ceylon or India, for a period of three consecutive months.

No Director shall be disqualified from holding office by reason of entering into any contract with or doing any work for the Company or by reason of his being a member of any corporation, company, or firm which has entered into any contract with, or done any work for the Company, or by reason of his being agent, or secretary, or solicitor, or being a member of a firm who are agents or secretaries or solicitors of the Company; nevertheless, he shall disclose to the Directors his interest in any contract, work, or business in which he may be personally interested, and shall not vote in respect of any matters connected with any such contract, work, or business.

#### POWERS OF DIRECTORS.

104. The Directors shall have power to carry into effect the acquisition of the said Atchencoil Estate, and the lease, purchase, or acquisition of any other lands, estates, or property they may think fit, or any share or shares thereof.

105. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors either by themselves or through a Managing Director, or with the assistance of an agent or agents, and secretary or secretaries of the Company to be appointed by the Directors subject to the provisions of Article No. 123 for such a period and on such terms as they shall determine, and the Directors shall pay out of the funds of the Company all costs and expenses, as well preliminary as otherwise, paid or incurred in and about the formation and the registration of the Company, and in and about the valuation, purchase, lease, or acquisition of the said estates and lands, and the opening, clearing, planting, and cultivation thereof, and otherwise in or about the working and business of the Company.

106. The Directors shall have power to make, and may make such rules or regulations for the management of the business and property of the Company as they may from time to time think proper, and shall carry on the business of the Company in such manner as they may think most expedient; and, in addition to the powers and authorities by any Ordinance or by these presents expressly conferred on them, they may exercise all such powers, give all such consents, make all such arrangements, appoint all such agents, managers, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, superintendents, assistants, clerks, artisans, labourers, and other servants, for such period or periods and with such remuneration and at such salaries, and upon such terms and conditions as they may consider advisable, and may pay the expenses occasioned thereby out of the funds of the Company, and may from time to time remove or suspend all or any of the managers, agents, treasurers, accountants, officers, clerks, or servants of the Company for such reasons as they may think proper and advisable and without assigning any cause for so doing.

107. The Directors shall exercise in the name and on behalf of the Company all such powers of the Company as are not expressly required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, and shall generally do all such acts and things as are or shall be by any Ordinance and by these presents directed and authorized to be exercised, given, made, or done by the Company, and are not by any Ordinance or by these presents required to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting, subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of any such Ordinances and of these presents and to such regulations and provisions (if any) as may from time to time be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting; but no regulations made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made.

The generality of the powers conferred by any clause in these presents on the Directors shall not be taken to be limited by any clause conferring any special or expressed power.

108. The Directors shall have power to appoint a proctor or proctors, solicitor or solicitors, attorney or attorneys, to assist in carrying on or protecting the business of the Company, on such terms as they may consider proper, and from time to time to revoke such appointment.

109. The Directors shall have power to open from time to time on behalf of the Company any account or accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint, and also by such signatures as they may appoint to draw, accept, make, endorse, sign, and execute cheques, bills of exchange, and promissory notes, bills of lading, receipts, contracts, and agreements, bonds, mortgages, proxies to any proctor or proctors, and other documents, on behalf of and to further the interests of the Company.

110. The seal of the Company shall not be affixed to any instrument except in the presence of two or more of the Directors; or of one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries, who shall attest the sealing thereof; such attestation on the part of the Secretaries, in the event of a firm or registered company being the Secretaries, being signified by a partner or duly authorized manager, director, secretary, attorney, or agent of the said firm or company signing for and on behalf of the said firm or company as such Secretaries.

111. It shall be lawful for the Directors, if authorized so to do by a special resolution of the Shareholders of the Company in General Meeting, to arrange terms for the amalgamation of the Company with any other company or companies, or individual or individuals, or for the sale or disposal of the business, estates, and effects of the Company, or any part or parts, share or shares thereof, respectively, to any company or companies or person or persons, upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit, and the Directors shall have power to do all such things as may be necessary for carrying such amalgamation, sale, or other disposition into effect so far as a resolution or special resolution of the Company is not by law necessary for such purpose; and in case any terms so arranged by the Directors include or make necessary the dissolution of the Company, the Company shall be dissolved to that end.

112. In furtherance and not in limitation of, and without prejudice to, the general powers conferred or implied in the last preceding clause, and of the other powers conferred by these presents, it is hereby expressly declared that the Directors shall have the powers following (that is to say):—

- (a) To institute, conduct, defend, compromise, settle, or abandon any action, suit, prosecution, or other legal proceedings on behalf of the Company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due to or from the Company, and any claims or demands made by or against the Company.
- (b) To refer any claims or demands by or against the Company to arbitration, and observe and perform or enforce the awards.
- (c) To make and give receipts, releases, and other discharges for money payable to the Company and for claims and demands by the Company.
- (d) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents with power to accept the office of trustee, assignee, liquidator, or inspector, or any similar office.
- (e) To invest any of the moneys of the Company which the Directors may consider not to be immediately required for the purposes thereof, upon such securities and in such manner as they may think fit, and so that they shall not be restricted to such securities as are permissible to trustees, without special powers, and from time to time to vary or realize such investments.
- (f) To delegate to any one or more of the Directors of the Company for the time being, or any other person or company for the time being, residing or carrying on business in Ceylon, or elsewhere, all or any of the powers or functions given to or exercisable by the Directors; and to confer such powers for such time and to be exercised for such objects and purposes, and upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as the Directors may think expedient, and to confer such powers either collaterally with or to the exclusion of, and in the substitution for, all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf, and from time to time to revoke, withdraw, alter, or vary all or any of such powers. The Directors may allow to any person or company to whom any powers may be so delegated such remuneration as they in their absolute discretion shall think fit.

#### PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

113. The Directors may meet for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings at such places and times and in such manner as they may think fit, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Until otherwise determined, two Directors shall be a quorum.

114. A Director may at any time summon a meeting of Directors.

115. The Board may elect a Chairman of their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office, and all meetings of the Directors shall be presided over by the Chairman, if one has been elected and if present, but if there be a vacancy in the office of Chairman, or if at any meeting of Directors the Chairman be not present at the time appointed for holding the same, then, and in that case the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.

116. Any question which shall arise at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman thereat shall have a casting vote in addition to his vote as a Director.

117. The Board may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as the Board think fit, and they may from time to time revoke, and discharge any such committee, either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee so performed shall, in exercise of the powers delegated to it, conform to all such regulations as may be prescribed by the Board. All acts done by any such committee, in conformity with such regulations and in the fulfilment of the purposes of their appointment, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.

118. The meetings and proceedings of such committees shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto, and are not superseded by the express terms of the appointment of such committee respectively, or any regulation imposed by the Board.

119. The acts of the Board or of any committees appointed by the Board shall, notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board or committee, or defect in the appointment or qualification of any Director or of any member of the committee, be as valid as if no such vacancy or defect had existed, and as if such person had been duly appointed or qualified, provided the same be done before the discovery of the vacancy or defect.

120. A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors for the time being in Ceylon shall be as valid, and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted.

121. The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in a book or books to be provided for the purpose—

- (1) Of all appointments of (a) officers and (b) committees made by the Directors.
- (2) Of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors.
- (3) Of the names of the members of the committee appointed by the Board present at each meeting of the committee.
- (4) Of all orders made by the Directors.
- (5) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all General Meetings of the Company.
- (6) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of the Directors.
- (7) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of committees appointed by the Board.

122. All such minutes shall be signed by the person who shall have presided as Chairman at the General Meeting, the Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting at which the business minuted shall have been transacted, or by the person who shall preside as Chairman at the next ensuing General Meeting, or Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, as the case may be; and all minutes purporting to have been signed by any Chairman of any General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively, shall, for all purposes whatsoever, be *prima facie* evidence of the actual and regular passing of the resolutions, and the actual and regular transaction or occurrence of the proceedings and other matters purporting to be so recorded, and of the regularity of the meeting at which the same shall appear to have taken place, and of the Chairmanship and signature of the person appearing to have signed as Chairman, and of the date on which such meeting was held.

#### AGENTS AND SECRETARIES.

123. The firm of Gordon Fraser and Company, Limited, shall be the first Agents and Secretaries of the Company.

#### ACCOUNTS.

124. The Agent or Secretary or the Agents or Secretaries, for the time being, or, if there be no Agent or Secretary or Agents or Secretaries, the Directors shall cause true accounts to be kept of the paid-up capital for the time being of the Company, and of all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and of the matters in respect of which such sums were received and expended, and of the assets, credits, and liabilities of the Company, and generally of all its commercial, financial, and other affairs, transactions, and engagements, and of all other matters necessary for showing the true financial state and condition of the Company. The accounts shall be kept in such books and in such a manner at the registered office of the Company as the Directors think fit.

125. The Directors shall from time to time determine whether, and to what extent, and at what times and places, and under what conditions or regulations, the accounts and books of the Company or of any of them shall be open to the inspection of the Shareholders, and no Shareholder shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by Ordinance or authorized by the Directors or by a resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

126. At the Ordinary General Meeting in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company a statement of the income and expenditure of the Company for the previous financial year, and a balance sheet containing a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company, made up to the end of the same period.

127. The statement so made shall show, arranged under the most convenient heads, the amount of gross income, distinguishing the several sources from which it has been derived, and the amount of gross expenditure, distinguishing the expense of the establishment, salaries, and other heads of expenditure. Every item of expenditure fairly chargeable against the year's income shall be brought into account, so that a just balance of profit and loss may be laid before the meeting, and in cases where any item of expenditure which may in fairness be distributed over several years has been incurred in any one year, the whole amount of such item shall be stated with the addition of the reasons why only a portion of such expenditure is charged against the income of the year.

128. The balance sheet shall contain a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company arranged under the heads appearing in the form annexed to the table referred to in Schedule C to "The Joint Stock Companies Ordinance, 1861," or as near thereto as circumstances admit.

129. Every such statement shall be accompanied by a report as to the state and condition of the Company, and as to the amount which the Directors recommend should be paid out of the profits by way of dividend or bonus to the Shareholders.

130. A printed copy of such balance sheet shall, at least seven days previous to such meeting, be delivered at, or posted to, the registered address of every Shareholder.

131. The accounts of the Company shall from time to time be examined, and the correctness of the balance sheet ascertained, by one or more Auditor or Auditors.

#### AUDIT.

132. No person shall be eligible as an Auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Shareholder in any transaction of the Company, but it shall not be a necessary qualification for an Auditor that he be a Shareholder of the Company, and no Director or officer of the Company shall during the continuance in office be eligible as an Auditor.

133. The Directors shall appoint the first Auditor or Auditors of the Company, and fix his or their remuneration. He or they shall hold office till the First General Meeting of the Company. All subsequent appointments shall, except as is hereinafter mentioned, be made at the Ordinary General Meeting of the Company in each year by the Shareholders present thereat, and the Auditor or Auditors appointed at such meeting shall hold office only until the First Ordinary General Meeting after his or their appointment or until otherwise ordered by a General Meeting.

134. The remuneration of the Auditors other than the first shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting, and this remuneration may from time to time be varied by a General Meeting.

135. Retiring Auditors shall be eligible for re-election.

136. If any vacancy that may occur in the office of Auditor, is not supplied at the Ordinary General Meeting, or if any casual vacancy shall occur in the office of Auditor, the Directors shall fill up the vacancy by the appointment of a person or persons who shall hold office until the next Ordinary General Meeting after his or their appointment.

137. Every Auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet intended to be laid before the next Ordinary General Meeting, after his appointment, and it shall be his duty to examine the same with the accounts and vouchers relating thereto, and to report thereon to the meeting, generally, or specially, as he may think fit.

138. The Auditor or Auditors for the time being shall have a list delivered to him or them of all books kept by the Company, and he or they shall at all reasonable hours in the day time have access to all accounts, books, and documents whatsoever of the Company for the purpose of audit.

#### DIVIDENDS, BONUS, AND RESERVE FUND.

139. The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, from time to time, declare a dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders in proportion to the amount paid on their shares, but no dividend or bonus shall be payable except out of nett profits.

140. The Directors may, if they think fit, determine on and declare an interim dividend to be paid, or pay a bonus to the Shareholders on account and in anticipation of the dividend for the then current year provided the Directors are satisfied that the nett profits of the Company will be sufficient to justify such interim dividend or bonus.

141. The Directors may, before recommending any dividend or bonus, set aside out of the profits of the Company such a sum as they think proper as a reserve fund, and may invest the same in such securities as they may select, or place the same in fixed deposit in any bank or banks, and may from time to time deal with and vary such investment, and apply such reserve fund or such portion thereof as they think fit, to meet contingencies or for special dividends or for equalizing dividends, or for working the business of the Company, or for repairing, maintaining, or extending the buildings and premises of the Company, or for the repair or renewal or extension of the property or plant of the Company or any part thereof, or for any other purposes connected with the interest of the Company that they may from time to time deem expedient without being bound to keep the same separate from the other assets.

142. Any General Meeting declaring a dividend may resolve that such dividend be paid wholly or in part by the distribution of specific assets, and in particular of paid-up shares, debentures, or debenture stock of the Company, or paid-up shares, debentures, or debenture stock of any other company, or in any one or more of such ways; any General Meeting may resolve that any moneys, investments, or other assets forming part of the undivided profits of the Company standing to the credit of the reserve fund or in the hands of the Company and available for dividend be capitalized and distributed amongst the Shareholders in accordance with their rights on the footing that they become entitled thereto as capital, and that all or any part of such capitalized fund be applied on behalf of the Shareholders in paying up in full any unissued shares of the Company and that such unissued shares so fully paid be distributed accordingly amongst the Shareholders in the proportion in which they are entitled to receive dividends and shall be accepted by them in full satisfaction of their interest in the said capitalised sum. For the purpose of giving effect to any resolution under this Article the Directors may settle any difficulty which may arise in regard to the distribution as they think expedient, and in particular may issue fractional certificates, and may fix the value for distribution of any specific assets, and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any members upon the footing of the value so fixed or that fractions of less value than Rs. 10 may be disregarded in order to adjust the rights of all parties, and may vest any such cash or specific assets in trustees upon such trusts for the persons entitled to the dividend or capitalized fund as may seem expedient to the Directors.

143. No unpaid dividend or bonus shall ever bear interest against the Company.

144. No Shareholder shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividend or bonus in respect of his share or shares whilst any moneys may be due or owing from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company in respect of such share or shares, or otherwise howsoever.

145. The Directors may deduct from the dividend or bonus payable to any Shareholder all such sums of money as may be due from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company, and notwithstanding the fact that such sums or any of them are not payable until after the date when such dividend or bonus is payable.

146. Notice of any dividend that has been declared, or any bonus to be paid, shall be given to each Shareholder entitled thereto, and any dividend or bonus unclaimed by any Shareholder for three years after notice thereof is given may be forfeited by the Directors for the benefit of the Company, and, if the Directors think fit, may be applied in augmentation of the Reserve Fund.

147. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by any partner of such firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm.

148. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by several persons jointly, other than a firm, may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any one of such persons.

#### NOTICES.

149. Notices from the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed or written) of the Agent or Secretary, Agents or Secretaries, or persons appointed by the Board to authenticate the same.

150. Every Shareholder shall give an address in Ceylon, which shall be deemed to be his place of abode, and shall be registered as such in the books of the Company.

151. A notice may be served by the Company upon any Shareholder, either personally or by being sent through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to such Shareholder at his registered address or place of abode, and any notice so served shall be deemed to be well served notwithstanding that the Shareholder to whom such notice is addressed be dead, unless his executors or administrators shall have given to the Directors, or to the Agent or Secretary, or Agents or Secretaries of the Company, their own or some other address in Ceylon to which notices may be sent.

152. All notices directed to be given to Shareholders shall, with respect to any share to which persons are jointly entitled, other than a firm, be given to whichever of such persons is named first in the Register of Shareholders, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares.

153. Any notice if served by post shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the letter containing the same would in ordinary course of post have been delivered at its address, and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and put into a post office or post box, and the entry in the Company's books of the leaving or sending by post of any notice at or to such address shall be sufficient evidence thereof, and no further evidence shall be necessary.

154. Any Shareholder who fails to give and register an address in Ceylon as provided in Article No. 150 shall not be entitled to be given any notices.

All notices required to be given by advertisement shall be published in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*.

#### EVIDENCE.

155. On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought or instituted by the Company against any Shareholder or his representatives to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is or was, when the claim arose, on the Register of Shareholders of the Company as a holder of the number of shares in respect of which such claim is made, and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company; and it shall not be necessary to prove the registration of the Company, nor the appointment of the Directors who made any call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made, nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

#### PROVISIONS RELATIVE TO WINDING UP OR DISSOLUTION OF THE COMPANY.

156. Any Shareholder, whether a Director or not, and whether alone or jointly with any other Shareholder or Director, and any person not a Shareholder may become the purchaser of the property of the Company or any part thereof in the event of a winding up or a dissolution, or at any other time when a sale of the Company's property or effects or any part thereof shall be made by the Directors under the powers hereby or under the Ordinance conferred upon them.

157. If the Company shall be wound up, whether voluntarily or otherwise, the liquidator or liquidators may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company, divide among the contributories in specie any part of the assets of the Company, and may with the like sanction vest any part of the assets of the Company in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories as the liquidator or liquidators with the like sanction shall think fit, and if thought expedient any such division may be otherwise than in accordance with the legal rights of the members of the Company, and in particular any class may be given preferential or special rights or may be excluded altogether or in part, and the liquidator or liquidators shall be entitled to sell all or any of the assets of the Company in consideration of or in exchange for shares ordinary, fully paid, part paid, or preference in the purchasing company, but in case any division otherwise than in accordance with the legal rights of the contributories shall be determined on or any sale made of any or all of the assets of the Company in exchange for shares in the purchasing company, either ordinary, fully paid, or part paid, or preference, any contributor

who would be prejudiced thereby shall have a right to dissent as if such determination were a special resolution passed pursuant to the section 192 of the Companies (Consolidation) Act of 1908, in England, but for the purposes of an arbitration as in the sub-section (6) of the said section provided, the provisions of the Ceylon Arbitration Ordinance, 1866, and of the Ceylon Ordinance, No. 2 of 1889, shall apply in place of the English and Scotch Acts referred to in the said sub-section (6) of section 192 of the aforesaid Companies (Consolidation) Act, and the said section 192, save as herein excepted, shall be deemed to be part and parcel of these present Articles.

In witness whereof the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereunto set and subscribed their names at the places and on the dates hereafter written :

F. F. ROE, Colombo.  
H. S. WAKE, Colombo.  
M. N. WAYMAN, Colombo.  
R. J. HARTLEY, Colombo.  
LIONEL BRAY, Colombo.  
A. W. HARRISON, Colombo.  
G. T. HALE, Colombo.

Witness to the above signatures, at Colombo, this 20th day of October, 1927 :

W. K. S. HUGHES,  
Proctor, Supreme Court.

[Second Publication.]

*2/11/27 New Page*  
*3/11/27*  
The Kataboola Company, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Kataboola Company, Limited, will be held at 45, Queen street, Fort, Colombo, the registered office of the Company on Tuesday, November 22, 1927, at 11.30 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of confirming as special resolutions the following resolutions which were duly passed by the requisite majority at an Extraordinary General Meeting held on November 3, 1927 :—

1. That the nominal capital of the Company be increased from Rs. 750,000 divided into 7,500 shares of Rs. 100 each to Rs. 1,000,000 divided into 10,000 shares of Rs. 100 each by the creation of 2,500 new shares of Rs. 100 each.

2. That the Articles of Association of the Company be altered as follows :—

(a) By deleting the existing Article 130 thereof and substituting therefor the following Article :—

130. (a) *Declaration of dividend.*—The Company in general meeting may declare a dividend or bonus to be paid to the Shareholders according to their rights and interests in the profits and may fix the time for payment. Provided always that if shares shall have been issued during the course of a financial year the holder thereof shall subject to any arrangement made by the Directors to the contrary only be entitled to have paid to him in respect of dividends or bonus on such shares a proportionate part of the dividends or bonus for such financial year calculated on the proportionate part of the year from the date on which such shares were allotted treating such dividends or bonus as earned rateably over the whole year. No dividend or bonus shall be payable out of the capital of the Company and the declaration of the Directors as to the amount available for dividend or bonus shall be conclusive. No dividend or bonus shall exceed the amount recommended from time to time by the Directors, but the Company in general meeting may declare a smaller dividend or bonus.

(b) By deleting the existing Article 130 (a) thereof and substituting therefor the following Article, namely :—

130. (b) *Payment of dividends in specie.*—Any general meeting may direct payment of any dividend or bonus declared at such meeting or of any interim dividends or bonus which may subsequently be declared by the Directors, wholly or in part in sterling by means of drafts or cheques on London, or by the distribution of specific assets and in particular of paid up shares, debentures, or debenture stock of the Company or of any other Company or in any other form of specie, or in any one or more of such ways and the Directors shall give effect to such direction; and where any difficulty

arises in regard to the distribution, they may settle the same as they think expedient, and in particular may issue fractional certificates, and may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets, or any part thereof, and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any Shareholder upon the footing of the value so fixed, in order to adjust the rights of all parties and may vest any such specific assets in trustees upon such trusts for the persons entitled to the dividend or bonus as may seem expedient to the board.

(c) By inserting after Article 133 the following Article, namely :—

133. (a) *Issue of bonus out of reserve.*—The Company in general meeting may from time to time determine that any moneys investments or other assets representing or forming part of its undivided profits, including those standing to the credit of any reserve fund or in the hands of the Company and available for dividend or representing premiums received on any issue of shares or loan capital or of any profits arising from the sale of property in excess of the value at which such property stands in the capital account or arising from any other operation creating an excess of assets on capital account and carried to reserve shall be capitalized and may resolve that the same be set free for the purpose of distribution among the Shareholders according to their rights and interests on the footing that they become entitled thereto as capital and that all or any part of such capital fund be applied in paying up (in full or in part) any unissued shares of the Company or any debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or other obligations of the Company and that the said shares, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or other obligations fully or partly paid be distributed among the Shareholders as aforesaid and be accepted by them in full satisfaction of their interest in the capitalized sum. For the purpose of giving effect to any resolution under this Article the Directors may settle any difficulty which may arise in regard to the distribution as they think expedient and in particular may issue fractional certificates and may fix the value for distribution of any specific assets and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any Shareholders upon the footing of the value so fixed or that fractions of less value than Rs. 100 may be disregarded in order to adjust the rights of all parties and may vest any such cash or specific assets in trustees upon such trusts for the persons entitled to the capitalized fund as may seem expedient to the Directors. Provided that no such distribution shall be made unless recommended by the Directors.

By order of the Board,

GEORGE STEUART & Co.,  
Colombo, November 7, 1927. Agents and Secretaries.

Messrs. C. A. Hutson and Company, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Sixth Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the registered office of the Company, Korteboom street, Mutwal, Colombo, on Monday, November 28, 1927, at 3 P.M.

*Business*

1. To receive the Director's report and accounts for the year ended February 28, 1927.
2. To elect a Director.
3. To appoint Auditors.
4. To transact any other business that may be properly brought before the Meeting.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from November 22 to 28, 1927, inclusive.

By order of the Directors,  
L. G. STRETCH,  
Secretary.

Colombo, November 4, 1927.

The Colonial Motor and Engineering Company, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Eighteenth Ordinary General Meeting of the Company will be held at its registered office, 91 and 93, Union place, Colombo, on Monday, November 21, 1927, at 5 P.M.

*Business*

- (1) To receive the report of the Directors and accounts for the twelve months ending April 30, 1927.
- (2) To consider the declaration of a dividend.
- (3) To elect a Director or Directors.
- (4) To appoint an Auditor.
- (5) Such further business as may be brought forward by the Directors and any other business duly brought forward before the Meeting.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from November 11 to 21, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,  
D. TAMBIPILLAI,  
Secretary.

Colombo, November 9, 1927.

Auction Sale.

A VALUABLE land with the buildings known as Margaret Mills bearing assessment Nos. 81, 83, 90, and 92 at Korawella, Moratuwa, in extent 3 acres 3 roods and 31 perches, together with the stock-in-trade, plant, machinery, engines, fittings and tools, carts and paddy boats, office and bungalow furniture, live and dead stock, &c., as assignee of the insolvent estate of Dr. M. J. J. de Jong, and with the authority obtained from the District Court of Colombo in insolvency case No. 3,705 of the said court, I shall sell by public auction on Friday, December 2, 1927, at 5 P.M. at the spot the above land, buildings, &c.:

The land, buildings, and premises are presently mortgaged to Messrs. Mackwoods, Ltd., by bond No. 1,660 dated August 26, 1926, and attested by Mr. Fred de Saram, Notary Public.

8, Hulftsdorp street, Colombo, H. D. JOHN PERIS,  
Auctioneer and Broker.

Auction Sale.

A Valuable House and Property at Madampitiya.

UNDER primary mortgage decree in case No. 24,502, D. C., Colombo, under and by virtue of the commission issued to me in the above case, I shall sell by public auction at the spot on Saturday, December 10, 1927, at

4.30 P.M.:—All that western half share of the lands called Delgahawatta and Madangahawatta marked A, with the buildings thereon, bearing Municipal assessment Nos. 1,410/198, 1,411/198, and 1,412 198, situated at Daniel's road in Madampitiya, within the Kotahena ward of the Colombo Municipality and in the District of Colombo, Western Province; bounded on the north-east by Daniel's road, on the south-east by lot B the eastern half part, on the south-west by the properties bearing assessment Nos. 1,457 107 and 1,456/106, and on the north-west by the property of H. Peter Silva bearing assessment No. 1,409/197 and the property bearing assessment No. 1,457/109; containing in extent 1 rood and 2 perches according to the plan No. 321, dated April 1, 1925, made by W. E. Lucas, Licensed Surveyor.

For further particulars, please apply to M. S. Akbar, Esq., Proctor, Supreme Court, and Notary, Hulftsdorp, or to me—

E. EDMUND DE SILVA,  
39, Hulftsdorp street, Colombo. Auctioneer and Broker.

Auction Sale upon Mortgage Decree in D. C.,  
Colombo, No. 21,255.

Rubber Property at Makola.

Stephen Perera Jayawardena . . . . . Plaintiff

Vs.

- (1) Josephine Millicent Catherine Stella Fernando and husband (2) J. C. de Silva of Cannall Cottage, Kanatta road . . . . . Defendants.

I SHALL sell by public auction on Saturday, December 3, 1927, at 1 P.M. at the spot the life-interest of the 1st defendant in and to the land called Horagahalanda and the plantations thereon with the appurtenances and situated at Makola in Siyane korale; extent 5 acres 3 roods and 16 perches.

Further particulars from Charles Dias, Esq., Proctor and Notary, Colombo.

59, Belmont street, H. J. F. RODRIGO,  
Colombo, November 8, 1927. Auctioneer and Broker

Auction Sale under Mortgage Decree in D. C.,  
Colombo, No. 22,046, entered against Ana  
Mohamedu Ismail of Katupotha in  
Kurunegala.

Value Properties in Kurunegala District.

BY virtue of a commission issued to me in the above case, I shall sell by public auction on Saturday, December 3, 1927, at 10 A.M. at my office the following properties, to wit:—(1) An allotment of land called Ehaldiganpillawa in Horambawa village, Medaketiya korale of Katugampola hatpattu, Kurunegala District, North-Western Province, in extent 1 rood and 21 perches. (2) An allotment of land called Galwaduwatta in Horambawa village aforesaid, in extent 3 roods and 3 perches. (3) An allotment of land called Tawallehena in Hewanegedera village, Medaketiya korale aforesaid, in extent 1 rood and 23 perches. (4) An allotment of land called Parawewa in Siyambalagasketuwa village, Medaketiya korale aforesaid, in extent 1 rood and 34 perches. (5) All that undivided 1/7 part or share of the land called Galbodagawahena, situated in the village Vedyala in Medaketiya korale aforesaid, in extent 7 lahas of kurakkan sowing. (6) All that undivided 1/3 of 1/3 part or share of the land called Panwewahena, situated in the village Siyambalagasketuwa aforesaid, in extent about 3 lahas of kurakkan sowing. (7) All that undivided 1/3 of 1/3 part or share of the land called Dangahamulawatta, situated in the village Siyambalagasketuwa aforesaid, in extent about 3 lahas of kurakkan sowing. (8) All that undivided 1/3 of 1/3

part or share of the land called Danpitiya Kongahamulla hena, situated in the village Siyambalagaskotuwa aforesaid, in extent about 6 acres of kurakkan sowing. (9) All that undivided  $\frac{1}{2}$  of  $\frac{1}{4}$  part or share of the land called Kahatagahapitiyahena, situated in the village Udaharowbawa in Medaketiya aforesaid, in extent 1 acre and 15 perches. (10) All that portion of land called Meegahamulawatta, situated in the village Siyambalagaskotuwa aforesaid, in extent 5 seers of kurakkan sowing.

For further particulars apply to G. E. G. Weerasinghe, Esq., Proctor and Notary, Colombo, or to me—

A. V. PERERA,  
Auctioneer and Broker.  
115, Hulftsdorp, Colombo.

### Auction Sale.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

Testamentary In the Matter of the Estate of the late Jurisdiction. Sivakkolunthu, wife of Kandar Ramalingam of Vannarponnai East, deceased.

(1) Suppar Thamothersampillai and his wife (2) Nagamah of Vannarponnai East ..... Administrators.

IN terms of the commission dated October 29, 1927, issued by the District Court of Jaffna, the following properties will be sold by public auction at the spot on Friday, December 2, 1927, commencing at 3 P.M.:

1. Land situated at Saravanai in the Northern Province, division of the Jaffna District, Northern Province, called Navaladikkadu, containing or reputed to contain in extent 31 $\frac{1}{2}$  lachams varagu culture; and bounded or reputed to be bounded on the east by the property of Kanapathippillai Ramalingam and Pakkiyam, wife of Ponniah, on the north by the property of Parupathippillai, wife of Arumugam, on the west by the property of Sellammah, daughter of Sathasivam and Parupathippillai, wife of Thambipillai, and on the south by property of Sethupathy Ponniah.

2. Land situated at Saravanai aforesaid called Ninthavellidai, containing or reputed to contain in extent 15 $\frac{1}{2}$  lachams varagu culture; and bounded on the east by property of Sellamuttu, wife of Subramaniam, on the north by the properties of Muttukkumar Ketharam, Naganatham Sinnathamby and shareholders, Kanapathippillai Subramaniam, and Ponnun and shareholders, on the west by the property of Vairamuttan Naganathan and shareholders, and on the south by property of Sethukavalar Ponnampalam.

3. Land situated at Saravanai aforesaid called Navaladiyikaladu, containing or reputed to contain in extent 15 $\frac{1}{2}$  lachams varagu culture; and bounded on the east by the property of Arumugam Velupillai and shareholders, and Pakkiyam, wife of Ponniah, north by the property of Ponnupillai, daughter of Murukesu, on the west by the property of Parupathippillai, wife of Arumugam, and Murukesu Mailvaganam, and on the south by property of the deceased (the above-named first land) through which a road to Kayts runs.

J. P. KANTHYAH, Deputy Fiscal,  
Fiscal's Office, Commissioner.  
Jaffna, November 7, 1927.

### Auction Sale under Mortgage Decree.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

Stephen Alphonsus of Karaiyur, Jaffna ..... Plaintiff.

No. 21,819. Vs.

(1) Paramu Subramaniam and wife (2) Ponnammah, both of Chiviateru ..... Defendants.

UNDER and by virtue of a commission issued by the District Court of Jaffna to recover the sum of Rs. 855-23, with interest on Rs. 801-50 at the rate of 10

per cent. per annum from August 20, 1926, till payment in full, less Rs. 300 and costs reserved, I shall sell by public auction on Thursday, December 1, 1927, at 10 A.M. at the spot the following decreed properties:—

1. Land situated at Chiviateru in Chunduculi parish, Jaffna division of the Jaffna District, Northern Province, called Kodpulathuvalavu, containing and reputed to contain in extent 4 lachams varagu culture, with house, kitchen, well, and other appurtenances belonging thereto; and bounded or reputed to be bounded on the east by properties of Sithambaram, wife of Saravanamuttu, and Velupillai Muttusamy, on the north by road, on the west and south by property of Sinnathamby Saravanamuttu.

2. Land situated at Chiviateru aforesaid called Pullanthithalvuvayal, containing or reputed to contain in extent 11 lachams p.c. with its appurtenances; and bounded or reputed to be bounded on the east by properties of Annammah, wife of Selliah, and others, on the north by property of Kasinathar Sabapathippillai, on the west by properties of Kopalar Sinnathambay and others, and on the south by property of Achchimuttu, wife of Kumarasamy.

3. Land situated at Chiviateru aforesaid called Pullanthithalvuvayal, containing or reputed to contain in extent 5 lachams p.c.; and bounded on the east by sandy road, on the north and west by property of Annammah, wife of Selliah, and on the south by property of Achchimuttu, wife of Kumarasamy.

4. A divided extent of 9  $\frac{7}{16}$  lachams p.c. and varagu culture on the south out of all that half share on the west, excluding share of the well, right of way, and water-course belonging to the owners of the northern boundary land to the well standing in the said 9  $\frac{7}{16}$  kulies, from and out of all that allotment of land consisting of three parcels called Pirappankulathuvayal, the 1st in extent 17 $\frac{1}{2}$  lachams p.c., and the 2nd in extent 8 lachams va agu culture, and the 3rd in extent 12 lachams p.c., all aggregating to the total extent of 37 $\frac{1}{2}$  p.c. and varagu culture, situated at Chiviateru aforesaid; and such said divided extent of 9  $\frac{7}{16}$  lachams p.c. and varagu culture, with well and other appurtenances belonging thereto, exclusive of share of well aforesaid is bounded on the east by water channel, on the north by property of Kathiravelu Nagalingam and shareholders, west by road, and on the south by property of Murukesu Sinnathamby and others.

J. P. KANTHYAH, Deputy Fiscal,  
Fiscal's Office, Commissioner.  
Jaffna, November 7, 1927.

### Auction Sale.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

Suppiramania Sastriar Narayanasamy Sastriar of Vannarponnai West ..... Plaintiff.

No. 22,864. Vs.

(1) Sivasithamparam Sellappa and wife (2) Rasammah, both of Chunduculy ..... Defendants.

UNDER and by virtue of a commission issued to me in the above case, I shall sell by public auction at the spot the under-mentioned mortgaged property on Saturday, December 3, 1927, commencing at 3 P.M.:

A piece of land called Punnkathuraivayal, in extent 19 lachams p.c. with stone-built house, well and cultivated and spontaneous plantations and the right of way to pass through the land on the southern side as belonging to the 2nd defendant, situated at Chiviateru in the parish of Chunduculy, in the division and district of Jaffna, Northern Province; and bounded on the east by pond and the property belonging to Kamalampikai, daughter of Kandiah, and shareholders, north by the property of Kanthappu

Rasihah and shareholders, west by the properties of Kanthappu Rasiah and shareholders, and Ponammah, wife of Chelliah, and on the south by the property of the 2nd defendant and that of Sabapathy Arunasalam and shareholders.

affua, November 7, 1927.

V. A. DURAYAPPAH,  
Commissioner.

**Auction Sale.**

In the District Court of Kurunegala.

(1) Agnes Hendrietta Dias Senanayaka (dead) and her husband (2) A. P. Gunatileke, both of Kuliya-pitiya ..... Plaintiffs.

No. 10,381.

Vs.

Ilankoon Mudiyansele Kiri Banda of Talam-mehera ..... Defendant.

UNDER and by virtue of decree entered in the above case, and by virtue of order issued to me for the recovery of the amounts stated therein, I shall sell by public auction the following property hereinbelow declared bound and executable under the said decree on Saturday, December 3, 1927, commencing at 2 P.M. on the first land herein below:—

1. All these two contiguous allotments of land called Migahawatta and Migahahena of 8 acres 3 roods and 12 perches in extent.

2. The field called Ambagaha Munuwa of 1 amunam paddy sowing extent, both situate at Talammehera in Katugampola Meda pattu korale east.

Further particulars from me—

T. B. AMUNUGAMA,  
Licensed Auctioneer.

Kurunegala, November 8, 1927.

**Auction Sale.**

In the District Court of Anuradhapura.

Wappu Sayibu Sadakku Thamby of Anuradhapura ..... Plaintiff.

No. 1,272.

Vs.

Muhammadu Mohiyadeen Ummal, Kayilpataram South in Trichendur Taluha, in Tinnevely District, South India, by her attorney Pitchetamby Meera Saibo of Anuradhapura ..... Defendants.

BY virtue of the commission issued to me in the above case by the District Court of Anuradhapura, I will put up for sale by public auction on the premises on November 19, 1927, at 4 P.M. the following property:—

One fourth share of three undivided fourth parts or shares of and in all that house and premises (excluding the coconut tree) bearing lot No. 2 and assessment No. 70, situated at Puttalam road in Anuradhapura; and bounded on the north by Puttalam road, on the east by the portion of land belonging to Sultan Beebee and another portion, on the south by Ottufala road, now called Sittampalam road, and on the west by the house belonging to Muttu Umma and a portion of land measuring in breadth  $12\frac{1}{2}$  feet and in length 60 feet.

Sittampalam Road, S. N. SITTAMPALAM,  
Anuradhapura November 3, 1927. Commissioner.

Application for Enrolment as a Notary Public.

I, WARNAKULASURIYA WADUMESTRIGE HENRY J. PETER MENDIS of Dangedara in the District of Galle, do hereby give notice in terms of rule 2 of Schedule 1 B of Ordinance No. 1 of 1907, that, three months hence, I shall apply to the Registrar-General to be admitted and enrolled a Notary Public to practise in the Sinhalese language in the District of Galle.

Galle, October 18, 1927.

W. H. P. MENDIS.

**APPLICATION FOR FOREIGN LIQUOR LICENCES, &c.**

We hereby give notice that we have on November 1, 1927, applied to the Government Agent of the Central Province, for the licence shown in the schedule hereto annexed, for the licensing period ending September 30, 1928, in compliance with Excise Notification No. 75 of June 15, 1918:—

*Schedule.*

Name and address of applicants: M. M. Hameer Brothers & Co., 41, Trincomalee street, Kandy.

Description of licence or licences applied for: Renewal of licence for the sale of medicated wines and similar preparations.

State whether application is for renewal of existing licence or licences or for a new licence or licences: For renewal.

Situation of premises to be licensed: 41, Trincomalee street, Kandy.

M. M. HAMEER BROTHERS & Co.

**SALES OF TOLL AND OTHER RENTS.**

**Toll Rents, Western Province.**

NOTICE is hereby given that on Friday, November 25, 1927, at 12 noon, will be put up for resale at the Colombo Kachcheri at the risk of the original purchasers for the period mentioned below, the under-mentioned Toll Rents of the Western Province; the original purchasers of which may have failed to pay on or before that date the instalment for the month of October, 1927, or any part thereof, that may be due and owing on that date.

The purchaser or purchasers at the resale should deposit one-tenth of the purchase amount on the day of sale.

If the rents are not disposed of at the resale, action will be taken against defaulters in terms of the provisions of the Ordinance No. 21 of 1905.

From December 1, 1927, to September 30, 1928.

Canals.—(1) Kalutara, (2) Grandpass.

The Kachcheri,  
Colombo, November 5, 1927.

R. N. THAINE,  
Government Agent.



## MISCELLANEOUS DEPARTMENTAL NOTICES.

## Vernacular School-Leaving Certificate Examination, July, 1927.

THE following candidates have passed the above examination held on July 29 and 30, 1927, in the compulsory subjects, viz., Reading, Dictation, Arithmetic, Composition, and Language, and in those additional subjects under which "p" is placed.

The horizontal line "—" denotes failure. The small italic letters denote that the candidate to whose name they are prefixed was distinguished in the following subjects respectively:—

"a" Arithmetic, "c" Composition and Language, "l" Literature, "h" History, "s" Sanitation, "d" Drawing.

## SINHALESE.

## Beliatta Centre.

Index No.	Name.	School.	Subjects.							
			Literature.	Geography.	History.	Sanitation.	Agriculture.	Drawing.	Needlework.	
1	Senerath, D. A.	H/Nihiluwa G. B.	—	—	p	p	p	—	—	
2	Liyanachchi, M.	do.	—	—	—	p	p	—	—	
4	Miliona, J. L.	H/Palatuduwa G. M.	p	—	p	p	—	—	—	
18	Babinishamy, S. W. P.	H/Kiula G. M.	p	—	p	p	p	—	—	
19	Jasinona, E. A. P.	do.	p	—	p	—	—	—	—	
27	Rubasinghe, D. S.	Mr/Koratota G. M.	—	—	—	p	p	—	—	
28	Munasinghe, D. P.	Mr/Denegama G. M.	p	—	p	—	p	p	—	
<i>Colombo.</i>										
39	Sumanawathie, N. J. D.	Kirulapana Bud. M.	p	—	p	p	—	—	—	
47	Margaret, H. L.	Maradana Bud. G.	p	—	p	p	—	—	—	
51	Dulawathie, K.	do.	p	—	p	p	—	—	—	
<i>Dikwella.</i>										
58	Siriwardhana, M. A.	Bd/Madawala G. B.	—	p	p	p	p	—	—	
<i>Dompe.</i>										
70	Baby Nona, H. W.	C/Dompe G. G.	—	—	p	p	—	—	p	
73	Sopia Nona, L. A.	do.	—	—	p	p	—	—	—	
74	Emma Nona, M. A.	do.	—	—	p	p	—	—	—	
75	Suihamy, L. A.	do.	p	—	p	p	—	—	p	
78	Samarasinghe, S. W.	do.	—	—	p	p	—	—	p	
82	Shally Nona, D.	Udamapitigama Bud. G.	—	—	p	p	—	—	p	
83	Asilin Nona	do.	—	—	p	p	—	—	p	
94	Marthinahamy, A. A. D.	C/Malwana G. G.	—	—	p	p	—	—	p	
98	Minga Nona, D.	do.	—	—	p	p	—	—	p	
100	Perera, H. S.	Demalagama Bud. M.	—	—	p	—	p	—	p	
103	Simon Appuhamy, W. D.	Walagama Vidyadara Bud. M.	—	—	p	p	—	—	p	
105	Thomas, S. A.	C/Dompe G. B.	—	—	p	p	p	—	—	
107	Seemon, H. P.	do.	—	—	p	p	p	—	—	
113	William, R.	C/Palugama G. B.	p	—	p	p	p	—	—	
116	Luwinis, H. D.	do.	—	—	p	p	p	—	—	
118	Sugathan, I. M.	do.	—	—	p	p	—	—	—	
122	Suriyapperuma, J. P.	C/Welgama G. B.	p	p	p	p	—	—	—	
128	Karamanis, B. A.	Madura Bud. M.	—	—	p	p	p	—	—	
133	Gomis Singho, K. K.	C/Malwana G. B.	—	—	p	p	p	—	—	
135	h Mayadunna, D. A.	do.	p	p	p	p	p	—	—	
<i>Galle Centre.</i>										
138	Sahabandu, D. W.	G/Yatalamatta G. B.	—	—	—	p	p	—	—	
150	Fernando, V. W.	Richmond Hill Girls' A.-V.	—	—	—	p	p	—	—	
151	Jayasundara, K.	do.	—	—	—	p	p	—	p	
152	Rosalind, H. G.	do.	p	—	—	p	p	—	—	
153	Abeygunasekera, S.	Habaraduwa Bud. M.	p	p	—	p	p	p	—	
155	Pathiranawasan, J.	do.	p	—	—	p	p	—	p	
160	Senanayaka, L.	Dangedera Jayawardana Bud. M.	—	—	—	p	p	—	—	
167	De Silva, E. B.	Bonavista Orphanage Boarding G.	p	—	—	p	p	—	p	
168	Hynekege, M.	do.	—	—	—	p	p	—	—	
<i>Gampaha.</i>										
179	Danawathie, A. A.	C/Ellakkala G. G.	p	—	—	p	p	—	p	
186	Ago Nona, A.	C/Dethgama G. G.	—	—	—	p	p	—	p	
193	Jayaweera, D.	C/Magalegoda G. G.	—	—	—	—	p	—	p	
198	Jane Nona, S. P.	Borukgamuwa Bud. M.	—	—	—	p	p	—	p	
200	Dissanayake, A. E.	C/Kurikotuwa G. G.	p	—	—	—	p	—	p	
202	Nissanka, D. A.	C/Buttipitiya G. G.	p	—	—	p	—	—	p	
203	Ranasingha, R.	do.	—	—	—	p	p	—	—	
224	Jayawardhana, N. P. A.	Gampaha A.-V. G.	—	—	—	—	p	—	p	
229	Senaratna, D. D.	Belummahara Bud. G.	—	—	—	—	p	—	p	
232	Pinto, M. E.	Mattumagala Bud. M.	—	—	—	p	p	—	p	
240	Karunasekera, D. S.	C/Udatuthiripitiya G. G.	p	—	—	p	p	—	—	
252	Noihamy, K. A.	C/Alutgama G. G.	—	—	—	p	p	—	—	
263	Seemon Singho, N. A.	C/Kinigama G. B.	p	—	—	p	p	p	—	
264	Ranatunga, D. D.	do.	—	—	—	p	p	p	—	
265	William Singho, M. D.	do.	—	—	—	p	p	p	—	
266	Jayasekera, E. A.	do.	p	—	—	p	p	p	—	
268	Allis, E. A. J.	do.	p	p	—	p	p	p	—	

## Subjects.

Index No.	Name.	School.	Subjects.							
			Literature.	Geography.	History.	Sanitation.	Agriculture.	Drawing.	Needlework.	
272	<i>cl</i> Ranasingha, S.	C/Udatuthiripitiya G. B.	p		p	p				
273	Gunawardhana	do.	p		p	p				
274	<i>cl &amp; h</i> Nissanga, P.	do.	p	p	p	p				
275	Ranatunga, A.	do.	p		p	p				
278	<i>cl</i> Daniel Appuhamy, N. D.	do.	p		p	p				
279	<i>cl</i> Ratnayaka, A.	do.	p		p	p				
280	Rupasingha, S. P.	C/Amunugoda G. B.	p	p	p	p	p			
282	Carolus, W. D.	do.	p		p	p				
284	Edwin, W. D.	do.	p		p	p				
288	Appuhamy, K. D. R.	Ng/Keenadeniya G. B.			p					
290	<i>a</i> Wijeratna, R. A. W.	Watinapaha Bud. M.		p					p	
293	Sadiris, D.	C/Werehera G. B.	p	p	p	p	p			
294	Thegis Singho, W. A.	Borukgamuwa Bud. M.			p	p				
296	<i>h</i> Dharmasiri, R. A.	C/Magalegoda G. B.		p	p	p	p			
297	Rajapakse, P.	do.			p	p	p			
304	<i>cl &amp; h</i> Somyia	C/Henagama G. B.	p		p	p	p			
305	<i>cl</i> Abraham, H. D.	C/Batuwatta G. B.	p		p	p	p			
309	Saram, H. H.	C/Hinkenda G. B.			p	p	p			
312	Fernando, P. E.	C/Butthipitiya G. B.			p	p	p			
314	Rajapakse, D. Y.	do.			p	p	p			
318	Wickrama-aratchi, D. E.	do.		p	p	p	p			
319	Juwanhamy, L. W. D.	do.		p	p	p	p			
327	<i>h</i> Rajapaksa, D. H.	do.			p	p	p			
335	Gunawardana, M. D.	C/Kossinna G. B.	p		p	p			p	
336	<i>cl</i> Nandoris, B.	do.	p	p	p	p			p	
337	Peiris, W. D.	do.	p		p	p			p	
338	<i>h</i> Menis, M. D.	do.	p	p	p	p			p	
339	Charlis, M. D.	do.	p		p	p			p	
347	Charlis Sinno, W.	C/Pitiyagedera G. B.	p		p	p		p		
349	Gunatillake, K. R.	Kossetadeniya Bud. M.	p		p	p				
351	Perera, S. S.	C/Gonahena Bud. M.	p		p	p				
<i>Gehenuwala Centre.</i>										
354	Pedrick Sinno.	C/Homagama Govt. M.		p	p	p	p		p	
363	Gunasekera, D. O.	C/Gehenuwala Govt. B.		p	p	p	p			
365	Senanayake, A. P.	C/Kosgama A.-V. B.			p	p	p			
366	<i>cl</i> Piyaratna, K. R.	do.		p	p	p	p			
369	Gabrial, P. D.	C/Malabe, G. B.			p	p	p			
371	Amarasinghe, S.	do.			p	p	p			
372	Gunasekera, T.	do.	p		p	p	p			
373	<i>a</i> Martholis, P.	do.			p	p	p			
377	Charles, G. D.	Kl/Meewanapalana G. B.	p		p	p	p		p	
378	Perera, D. L. D. A.	do.	p		p	p	p		p	
380	Gunawardana, R.	C/Bope G. B.			p	p	p			
382	Aggie Nona	C/Homagama G. M.			p	p				
402	Nonohamy, E.	C/Gehenuwala G. G.			p	p			p	
416	Gunatillake, P. K. D.	Kl/Millewa G. G.		p	p	p				p
<i>Hettimulla Centre.</i>										
424	Mudiyanse, M. B.	Kg/Wakirigala G. B.		p	p	p	p			
427	Podiappuhamy, H. R.	Kegalla C. M. S. Mix.			p	p				
428	Balasuriya, P. B.	do.		p	p					
438	Awsadahamy, K. A.	Ballapana R. C. M.		p	p					
439	Pina, J.	Kg/Pitiyagama G. M.			p	p				
441	Piyadasa, A.	Kg/Molagoda G. B.			p	p	p			
444	Sirisena, P. H.	Ranwala C. M. S. Mix.		p	p					
445	Podiappuhamy, T. R.	Kg/Bossella G. B.		p	p	p				
450	Sumanawathie, H. B.	Kg/Pitiyagama G. Mix.			p	p	p			
456	Jinadari	Kg/Manikkawa G. G.		p	p	p				p
458	Biso Menike	do.		p	p	p				p
466	Samuel, M.	Hewadiwela C. M. S. B.		p	p	p	p			
467	<i>h</i> Punchi Nilame, U.	Kg/Hettimulla G. B.		p	p	p	p			
470	Punchi Banda, J.	do.		p	p	p	p			
<i>Hikkaduwa.</i>										
484	Richard, I. P.	G/Bentota G. B.			p	p	p			
489	<i>h</i> Jayaneris, K.	Dowapathiraja Bud. M.		p	p	p				
492	Jayasona, D. A.	do.		p	p	p				
496	<i>cl</i> Cornelis, K.	G/Hikkaduwa G. B.			p	p	p			
497	Wimalaratna, A. T.	G/Hikkaduwa G. B.		p	p	p	p			
499	Aginona, A. G. A.	G/Hennatota Bud. M.			p	p	p			
500	Karneris, M. W.	do.			p	p				
501	Amarasinghe, D.	do.			p	p			p	
504	Pandita, J.	do.			p	p			p	
514	Jayatillake, S.	G/Hikkaduwa G. G.		p	p	p	p			
523	Grace, K. G.	do.		p	p	p	p			
<i>Ibbagamuwa Centre.</i>										
526	<i>cl</i> Tikiri Banda, H. M.	Ku/Ibbagamuwa A.-V. B.			p		p		p	
527	Ukku Banda, U. K.	do.			p		p			
533	Rajapakse, P. B.	Ku/Nikawewa G. M.		p		p	p			
535	Jayatissa, G.	Ku/Meddegama G. M.		p		p	p			
551	Karunawathie, H. M.	Ku/Wariyapola G. G.			p	p				
552	Seelawathie, W. K.	do.		p		p	p			p

Index No.	Name.	School.	Subjects.							
			Literature.	Geography.	History.	Sanitation.	Agriculture.	Drawing.	Needlework.	
558	Jandoris, G. W.	K/Hataraliyadda G. B.	p	—	p	p	p	p	—	—
562	Kalu Banda, T.	K/Maratugoda G. B.	—	—	p	p	p	p	—	—
567	Danapala, T. B.	K/Pujapitiya G. B.	p	p	p	—	p	p	p	—
568	Palipana, K. B.	do.	—	—	p	—	p	p	p	—
570	Banda, Y. W.	do.	—	—	p	—	p	p	p	—
575	Abeyaratna, M. G.	K/Idamegama G. B.	—	—	p	—	p	p	p	—
577	Ran Banda, G. S.	do.	—	—	p	—	p	p	p	—
578	Heen Banda, R. M.	do.	—	—	p	—	p	p	p	—
589	Ukku Hamy	K/Galagedera G. G.	—	—	p	—	p	p	—	p
590	Madawala, T. K.	do.	—	—	p	—	p	p	—	p
610	Naranpanawa, C. W.	K/Nugawela G. G.	—	—	p	—	p	p	—	p
611	Kalu Banda, D. M.	K/Minigomuwa G. M.	p	—	p	—	p	p	—	—
<i>Kandy Centre.</i>										
618	Albert Silva, T. A.	Mt/Nagolla Bud. M.	—	—	p	—	p	—	—	—
610	Loku Banda, Y. M.	K/Talatuoya A.-V. B.	—	—	p	—	p	—	—	—
620	Kiri Banda, U. G.	do.	—	—	p	—	p	p	—	—
622	Kahawatta, K. B.	do.	p	—	p	—	p	p	—	—
623	Mutu Banda, H. M.	do.	—	—	p	—	p	p	—	—
624	Wijesinghe, H. S.	do.	p	—	p	—	p	p	—	—
627	Ukku Banda, K. W.	Hanguranketa C. M. S. Mix.	—	—	p	—	p	p	—	—
630	Punchi Banda, W.	do.	—	p	p	—	p	p	—	—
631	Punchi Banda, G. N.	K/Marassena G. B.	—	—	p	—	p	p	—	—
636	Peiris, P.	K/Gomagoda G. G.	p	—	p	—	p	—	—	p
659	Bandara Menika, G.	Katukele Bud. Nuns' A.-V.	—	—	p	—	p	—	—	p
660	cl. Dharmaratna, P. G.	do.	p	p	p	—	p	—	p	—
681	Wickramasingha, R. G. M.	K/Butawatta G. G.	—	—	p	—	p	—	—	p
<i>Kendangamuwa.</i>										
684	Gunawardana, E. I.	R/Ellawala G. B.	p	—	p	—	p	p	—	—
688	Robo Singho	C/Akarawita G. B.	p	—	p	—	p	p	—	—
689	Siriwardanahamy, N.	R/Weligapola G. B.	—	—	p	—	p	p	—	—
690	Dharmasekera, V. M.	R/Iddamaloda G. B.	p	—	p	—	p	p	—	—
700	Jinadasa, H. W.	R/Kendangamuwa G. B.	—	—	p	—	p	p	—	—
713	Misilin Nona, K.	R/Kendangamuwa G. G.	—	—	p	—	p	—	—	p
716	Jayasingha, S. T.	R/Iddamaloda G. G.	—	—	p	—	p	—	—	p
<i>Kesbewa.</i>										
726	Dulias Singho, D. H.	C/Kiriwattuduwa G. B.	p	p	p	—	p	—	—	—
728	Sirisen, D. U.	do.	—	—	p	—	p	p	—	—
729	Edo Singho, K. Y.	do.	—	p	p	—	p	p	—	—
731	Sediris, K. D.	do.	—	—	p	—	p	p	—	—
732	Jayasekera, P. D. S.	C/Jambureliya G. B.	p	—	p	—	p	p	—	—
733	Gunasekera, H. D. M.	do.	p	—	p	—	p	p	—	—
739	James, D.	Mampe C. M. S. Mix.	p	—	p	—	p	—	—	—
743	William, H. D.	C/Sangarama G. M.	p	p	p	—	p	p	—	—
744	Babun Singho, W.	do.	—	—	p	—	p	p	—	—
752	Juliana, B. D.	C/Piliyandala G. G.	—	—	p	—	p	—	—	—
753	Somawathie, B. D.	do.	—	—	p	—	p	—	—	p
755	Podinona, P. D.	do.	—	—	p	—	p	—	—	—
756	Gunawardana, H.	do.	—	—	p	—	p	—	—	—
760	Babun Nona	do.	—	—	p	—	p	—	—	—
761	Fernando, U. A.	do.	—	—	p	—	p	—	—	—
765	Sciiliyana, A. D.	C/Siddamulla G. G.	—	—	p	—	p	—	—	p
766	Selestina, G. L. D.	do.	—	—	p	—	p	—	—	p
767	Attygala, D. G. M.	C/Madapatha Bud. M.	p	—	p	—	p	—	—	p
770	Gunawardana, P. D. E.	C/Jambureliya G. G.	—	—	p	—	p	—	—	p
772	Wickramasinghe, K. D. S.	do.	—	—	p	—	p	—	—	p
776	Kirtiratna, D. D. P.	do.	p	—	p	—	p	—	—	p
779	Mary Nona	C/Diyagama G. G.	p	—	p	—	p	—	—	p
788	Mepilin Nona, P. A.	C/Kiriwattuduwa G. G.	p	—	p	—	p	—	—	p
790	Perera, A.	C/Mampe C. M. S. Mix.	p	—	p	—	p	—	—	p
<i>Maradankadawala Centre.</i>										
805	Illangasinghe, T. B.	A/Sivalakulama G. B.	—	—	p	—	p	—	—	—
<i>Mathugama</i>										
811	Choolawansa, E. D.	Kh/Halkandawila G. M.	p	—	p	—	p	—	—	—
813	Peiris, H. R. E.	Owitigala Bud. Mix.	p	—	p	—	p	—	p	—
<i>Minuwangoda Centre.</i>										
830	Perera, A. E.	Ng/Aluthepola G. M.	—	—	p	—	p	—	—	—
831	Chandrasekara, W.	do.	p	—	p	—	p	—	—	—
844	Jayatissa, S.	Ng/Andiambalama G. B.	—	—	p	—	p	p	—	—
<i>Narandeniya Centre.</i>										
860	Lusinahamy, H. E.	Mr/Koraburuwana Bud. M.	—	p	p	—	p	—	—	p
869	Gunawardana, H. S.	Mr/Naotunna G. G.	p	—	p	—	p	—	—	—
872	Siribaddana, D. A.	Mr/Narandeniya G. B.	p	p	p	—	p	p	p	—
873	Davithhamy, H.	do.	p	—	p	—	p	p	p	—
876	Gunasekara, D. D.	do.	—	—	p	—	p	p	p	—
879	Maddumahamy, J.	Mr/Makandura G. M.	—	p	—	—	p	—	—	p

Index No.	Name.	School.	Subjects.							
			Literature.	Geography.	History.	Sanitation.	Agriculture.	Drawing.	Needlework.	
880	l Piyadasa, V. P.	Mr/Diyagaha G. M.	p	p		p	p			
894	cl John, W. A. D.	Mr/Kapuduwa G. M.	p	p	p	p	p			
805	Andrayas, N. K. D.	do.			p	p	p			
<i>Negombo Centre.</i>										
899	Theodora, M.	Pallansena R. C. G.			p	p				
901	Fernando, H. M.	do.			p	p				
906	Perera, K. M. E.	do.			p	p			p	
950	Manuel, A. D.	Kochchikade R. C. B.			p	p				
975	Abraham, S. D.	C/Padukka A.-V. B.	p	p	p	p				
976	Marthenis, L. K.	do.			p	p				
979	Perera, M. S.	do.			p	p				
980	Daniel, H. V.	do.			p	p				
982	cl Ranatunga, O.	do.			p	p				
989	David, A.	do.			p	p				
993	Piyadasa, S.	Ch/Nattandiya A.-V. B.			p	p				
994	Aron Singho, N. P.	do.			p	p				
995	h Pinto, M. P. S.	do.			p	p				
1006	Fernando, M. E. A.	Kurana Wes. Mix.			p	p				
1007	a Fernando, S. W.	do.			p	p				
<i>Palapathwela Centre.</i>										
1016	Kotandeniya, D. B.	K/Naranpanawa G. B.			p	p		p		
<i>Tudella Centre.</i>										
1038	Jayatillake, S. J.	Kirimetiyyagare R. C. M.			p	p				
1043	Jayawardana, K. J. T. P.	Dehiyagatha R. C. B.	p		p					
1046	Nicholas, M. D.	Bolatte R. C. B.	p		p					
<i>Wadduwa Centre.</i>										
1060	Abayaratna, N. E. de S.	Kl/Paiyagala G. A.-V. B.		p	p	p				
1063	Silva, D.	do.			p	p				
1074	William, T.	Kl/Bellapitiya G. B.			p	p				
1080	Peter Singho, G.	do.			p	p				
1088	h Edwin Singho, T.	Kl/Bombuwala Bud. M.	p	p	p	p				
1102	Perera, G. D. B.	Kl/Wadduwa G. B.			p	p				
1104	Perera, W. V.	do.			p	p				
1105	Perera, W. D.	do.			p	p				
1106	cl Gunatillake, M. D. Y.	do.	p		p	p				
1111	Wanigasuriya, D. A.	Kl/Milleniya Bud. M.			p	p				
1112	Rodrigo, P. W.	Kh/Panapitiya G. B.			p					
1113	Perera, G. S.	do.			p	p				
1114	James E. D.	do.			p	p				
1116	Silinus, S. M. D.	do.			p	p				
1117	Perera, B. M.	do.			p	p				
1120	h Silva, D. B.	Kl/Aruggoda Bud. Mix.		p	p	p				
1127	Fernando, M. C. V.	St. Vincent Training R. C. B.			p	p				
1134	Peiris, B. O.	Kl/Alutgama G. B.			p	p				
1140	Fernando, K. P. J.	Maggona R. C. B.			p	p				
1141	Thomas Singho, G. H.	do.			p	p				
1143	Fonseka, H. M.	do.			p	p				
1150	Podinona, T.	Milleniya Bud. Mix.			p	p				
1167	Malwara Achchi, D. B.	Kl/Palayangoda G. G.			p	p				
1173	Cicilianahamy, S.	Kl/Bandaragama G. G.			p	p				
1174	Somawathie, S. A.	do.			p	p				
1175	Carlina Nona, K. D.	do.			p	p				
1177	Fernando, J. M.	Kalutara North R. C. G.			p	p				
1203	Ruberu, M. M.	Kl/Wadduwa G. A.-V. G.			p	p				
1205	Jimonona	do.			p	p				
1206	Rodrigo, G. M.	Kl/Wewita Galthnde G. G.	p		p	p				
1208	Perera, H. J.	do.	p		p	p				
1211	Mepilin Nona, K.	do.			p	p				
1212	Podinona, G. D.	K/Pothuwila G. G.	p		p	p				
1214	Pabawathie, S. D.	do.	p		p	p				
1215	Alice, D.	do.	p		p	p				
1218	Colonna, D. F.	do.	p		p	p				
1227	Senaratna, D. D. N.	Kl/Panapitiya G. G.	p		p	p				
<i>Weligama Centre.</i>										
1231	Mendis Appu, K. L.	Weligama Siddhartha Mix.			p	p				
1232	James, Appu, N. D.	do.	p	p	p	p				
1237	Dislin Nona, B. P.	do.	p	p	p	p				
1239	Ada Nona, A. H. T.	Mr/Mirissa Bud. G.	p		p	p				
1249	Kodituwakku, E.	Mr/Walgama G. G.			p	p				
1253	Abeysingha, D. J.	Watagedera Bud. M.			p	p				
1255	Sylvia, A. W.	Mr/Bopagoda G. M.			p	p				
1256	Diyonis, K. P.	Mr/Dampella G. B.	p		p	p				
1261	Peter, P. H.	Naimana Bud. Mix.			p	p				
1268	Eusilin, L. G.	do.			p	p				
<i>Wennappuwa Centre.</i>										
1295	a Baron, M. P.	Ch/Kottaramulla G. M.	p	p	p	p				
1301	Fernando, M. A.	Wennappuwa R. C. B.	p		p	p				
1310	Fernando, A. J.	Marawila R. C. B.	p		p	p				

Index No.	Name.	School.	Subjects.							
			Literature.	Geography.	History.	Sanitation.	Agriculture.	Drawing.	Needlework.	
1322	Elizabeth	Mahawewa Bud. Mix.	p	p	p	p				
1324	Josephine, M.	Nainamadama R. C. G.	p	p	p	p				
1330	Maria, P. D. A.	Katuneriya R. C. G.	p	p	p	p				
1336	Ansain, M.	Kimbulapitiya R. C. G.	p	p	p	p				
1338	Fernando, T.	Mattakotuwa R. C. G.	p	p	p	p				
1370	Clara, R. D.	Wennappuwa R. C. G.	p	p	p	p				
1372	Perera, H. A.	do.	p	p	p	p				
1375	Eliza, K. D.	do.	p	p	p	p				
1376	Ranasingha, A. M.	do.	p	p	p	p				
TAMIL CANDIDATES.										
<i>Batticaloa Centre.</i>										
1380	h Eliyathamby, N.	Arappattu Hindu Mix.	p	p	p	p	p			
1381	Eliyathamby, T.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1382	Kulasegaram Pillai, S.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1384	Nallathamby, S.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1386	Alagaiah, M. J.	Arasadi Practising	p	p	p	p	p			
1387	Jayarathnam, J. J.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1388	Kanagasingham, S.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1389	Kanapathipillai, V.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1390	Kandiah, V.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1391	h Kandumany, M.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1392	Murugesapillai, K.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1393	h Mylvaganam, V.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1395	Namasivayam, K.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1396	Pawalasingam, V.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1397	Rajasingham, N.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1398	Sellathamby, K.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1399	Selvanayakam, P.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1400	Subramaniam, K.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1401	Thambyrajah, N.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1402	Thiagarajah, V.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1403	Thurairasa, V.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1405	Appuhamy, P. E.	Bt/Eravur A.-V. B.	p	p	p	p	p			
1406	Eliyathamby, K.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1414	Thambyrajah, V.	Bt/Kathandkudi G. B.	p	p	p	p	p			
<i>Trincomalee Centre.</i>										
1420	Velupillai, R. S.	Trincomalee Wes. A.-V. G. Board.	p	p	p	p	p			
1422	Theivanayagam, T.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
<i>Kopay Centre.</i>										
1426	Ramasamy, T.	Kopay Govt. Practising	p	p	p	p	p			
1428	Arunasalam, S.	Karainagar Hindu Mix.	p	p	p	p	p			
<i>Tellippalai Centre.</i>										
1435	l Nagamuttu, T.	J/Erlali Govt. Mix.	p	p	p	p	p			
1436	Saravanamuttu, A.	Alavaddy Chenankaladdy Hindu Mix.	p	p	p	p	p			
1437	l Pasupathy, A.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1438	l Ramu, M.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1439	Ampalam, S.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1440	Vytilingam, M.	Kurumpakadai Hindu Mix.	p	p	p	p	p			
1441	Kathiravelu, P.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1445	Kattiresu, S.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1451	Velupillai, A.	Tellipallai Boys' Board. A. M.	p	p	p	p	p			
1453	s Vaityalingam, E.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1454	Canapathipillai, K.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1457	Sanmugam, N.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1458	Vallipuram, N.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1459	Arupillai, N.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1461	Sanmugam, R.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1466	Sinnathamby, S.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1468	Sinnaiah, S.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1469	Sangarapillai, S.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1470	Aiyampillai, T. I.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1474	Vallipuram, D. V.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
<i>Kalmunai Centre.</i>										
1477	s Annamah, V.	Kalmunai A.-V. G. Board.	p	p	p	p	p			
1478	h Gnanathiraviam, K.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1479	Katpakam, A.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1480	Nallamma, R. K.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1481	s Pankajam, B.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1482	Sebarathnam, A.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1483	Sellamma, H. V.	do.	p	p	p	p	p			
1486	Veeracuddy, S.	Madhur Hindu Mix.	p	p	p	p	p			

**Sorana Estate School.**

NOTICE is hereby given that an application has been received from the Superintendent, Sorana Estate, for grant in aid of his Sorana division school, which is situated in the Kalutara District of the Western Province.

Observations will be received not later than December 11, 1927.

Education Office, L. MACRAE,  
Colombo, November 11, 1927. Director of Education.

**Trincomalee (Sri Shanmuga) Girls' English School.**

NOTICE is hereby given that an application has been received from Mrs. S. Thangamma for grant in aid of the above school, which is situated in the town of Trincomalee in Trincomalee District of the Eastern Province.

Observations will be received not later than December 11, 1927.

Education Office, L. MACRAE,  
Colombo, November 11, 1927. Director of Education.

**Sujatha Girls' Vernacular School, Badulla.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the above school situated in the town of Badulla, Badulla District of the Province, of Uva under the management of Hon. Mr. D. H. Kotalawala, has been registered as a grant-in-aid school, with effect from May, 1926.

Education Office, L. MACRAE,  
Colombo, November 4, 1927. Director of Education.

**Debaring Student from entering Public Examination.**

IT is hereby notified that Chandradasa Ranatunga (C. D. Ranatunga) of Udupila, Mirissa, is debarred from entering any public examination held by this Department for three years, for the fraudulent use of an English School-Leaving Certificate.

Education Office, L. MACRAE,  
Colombo, November 7, 1927. Director of Education.

**Loss of Firearms.****GALLE DISTRICT.**

Description of the gun : 12-bore single-barrelled breach-loading gun Nos. 2498 and 2201c marked on the stock, and No. R 64 marked on the barrel.

Number of the licence : 12/C09785 issued by the Mudaliyar, Wellaboda pattu.

Name and address of licensee : Weeraddana Cornelis Zoysa of Randome, in the Wellaboda pattu of the Galle District, in the Southern Province.

Remarks : Reported to have been stolen.

The Kacheheri, P. H. DE LA HARPE,  
Galle, November 7, 1927. for Government Agent.

**MATARA DISTRICT.**

Number and description of gun : Revolver by J. Bourne & Sons, No. 71/A9,814 on the stock.

Name and address of owner : D. H. Sonnadara of Matara.

Number of licence : 251/F. G.

Remarks : Reported to be lost.

J. A. GUNARATNA,  
The Kacheheri, for Assistant Government Agent.  
Matara, November 4, 1927.

**KURUNEGALA DISTRICT.**

A single-barre led cap gun, bearing No. Q 10983 on stock and barrel, owned by K. Ukkubandirale of Rekawa in Dambadeni hatpattu in Kurunegala District, and reported to have been lost on September 24 last.

The Kacheheri, W. ABEYWARDENE,  
Kurunegala, November 4, 1927. for Government Agent.

**Appointment of Assessors.**

BY virtue of the powers vested in me, under section 5 of Ordinance No. 7 of 1866, as amended by Ordinance No. 19 of 1921, I have appointed the persons named below to be assessors for the towns noted above their names for the year 1928 :—

**(1) For the Local Board Town of Gampola.**

- |                      |                          |
|----------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. Mr. D. C. Pelpola | 3. Mr. W. T. Samaraweera |
| 2. Mr. S. Mohamadu   |                          |

**(2) For the Local Board Town of Nawalapitiya.**

- |                     |                         |
|---------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. Mr. E. V. Mendis | 3. T. U. Mohamadu Tamby |
| 2. Mr. G. Witharana |                         |

**(3) For the Local Board town of Hatton-Dikoya**

- |                     |                  |
|---------------------|------------------|
| 1. Mr. N. H. Martin | 3. Mr. J. AHAMAT |
| 2. Mr. T. B. Herath |                  |

The Kacheheri,  
Kandy, November 2, 1927.

W. L. KINDERSLEY,  
Government Agent.

**Post of Clerk, Irrigation Department, Trincomalee.**

WANTED for the staff of the Irrigation Department a clerk for appointment to Class III. of the Clerical Service.

Candidates should be between the ages of 18 and 23, and should have passed an examination not lower than the E. S. L. C. Examination. They will also be required to produce a certificate from a Government Medical Officer as to their physical fitness for service in any part of the Island, before final appointment.

Salary Rs. 480 per annum, rising by annual increments of Rs. 48 to Rs. 1,200. Free quarters are provided, or if not available, an allowance towards rent is paid.

The appointment will be on two years' probation. A clerk in Class III., on passing the Clerical Examination, will be promoted to Class II., the salary of which is Rs. 900 per annum, rising by annual increments of Rs. 120 to Rs. 2,820.

Applications should be made by letter to the Director of Irrigation, Trincomalee, so as to reach him not later than November 20, 1927, together with birth and educational certificates, conduct certificate from the candidate's schoolmaster or a responsible person, and a statement of employment held after leaving school, if the candidate has left school.

B. G. MEADEN,  
for Acting Director of Irrigation.  
Trincomalee, November 5, 1927.

**Post of Apothecary, Disinfecting Station, Galle.**

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of Apothecary, Disinfecting Station, Galle. Salary scale is Rs. 540 to Rs. 900 by annual increments of Rs. 36 with the usual rent allowance. Applicants must have a good general education and must be conversant with the different disinfectants and their use. They must state their age and previous experience. Applications should reach me not later than 12 noon on the 18th instant.

Provincial Surgeon's Office, E. P. ASERAPPA,  
Galle, November 5, 1927. Provincial Surgeon.

**Closure of Railway Footpaths and Footbridges.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned railway footpaths and footbridges will be closed to the public from 6 A.M. from December 5, 1927, to 6 A.M. on December 6, 1927 :—

**Colombo.**

- Floor's lane footbridge and the road on the north of the railway therefrom as far as School Lane.
- All railway roads at Mount Mary.
- The road on the north side of the railway from Maligawatta road to Baseline road.

*Main Line.*

- (d) Footpath over Kelani-ganga bridge.  
 (e) Road from level crossing to Commercial Company's mills, between sidings at Hunupitiya.  
 (f) Footbridge over the railway at Gampaha Station.  
 (g) Footbridge over the railway at Kadugannawa Station, between Alagalla road and platform stairway.  
 (h) Footbridge, south end of Nawalapitiya Station.  
 (i) Footbridge at the south end of Hatton Station.  
 (j) The two short cuts to Talawakele Station from near the Police Station and near the Engineering Works road.  
 (k) Path from Ragala Station to Bazaar.

*Coast Line.*

- (l) Footpath over Panadure bridge.  
 (m) Footpath from Sea road, Panadure, to Panadure Railway Station.  
 (n) Footpath at south end of Balapitiya Station.

*Northern Line.*

- (o) All railway roads at Anuradhapura.  
 (p) Footpath from Jaffna Station to Point Pedro road.

General Manager's Office,  
 Colombo, November 5, 1927.

T. E. DUTTON,  
 General Manager.

**Sale of Produce, Experiment Station, Peradeniya.**

THE following produce of the Experiment Station, Peradeniya, will be sold by public auction on Tuesday, November 29, at 9 A.M., on the spot :—

2,000 coconuts	Adlay
Cacao refuse	Groundnuts
Sweet potatoes	Scrap iron

*Unserviceable Articles.*

1 decanter	1 catty
2 glass tumblers	

Arecanut crop from date of sale to September 30, 1928. A deposit of Rs. 50 in case of coconuts and Rs. 10 for other produce will be required to be made with the Manager of the Experiment Station by the purchasers of each of the articles purchased. Should any person fail to remove the produce within seven days, inclusive of the date of purchase, such deposits will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned when the articles purchased have been removed.

Cash security in Rs. 20 will be required for the due fulfilment of the contract for arecanuts.

Payment for the entire crop of arecanut must be made within three days, inclusive of the date of purchase. Should the purchaser fail to do this his deposit will be forfeited to the Crown.

The collecting, curing, and removal of the arecanuts shall be at the expense and risk of the contractor.

Payments must be made before delivery of the other produce and stores, which can be seen by intending purchasers at the store of the Experiment Station, Peradeniya, where they will be delivered.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of accepting or rejecting the highest offer.

F. A. STOCKDALE,  
 Director of Agriculture.  
 Peradeniya, November 4, 1927.

**Sale of Timber.**

THE under-mentioned timber lying at the Jaffna Forest Department Depôt will be sold by public auction on the spot by the Divisional Forest Officer, Northern Division, Jaffna, on Saturday, December 3, 1927, at 9 A.M. :—

- Lot I.—100 palu logs.  
 Lot II.—10 satin logs.  
 Lot III.—2 ranai logs.  
 Lot IV.—3 milla logs.  
 Lot V.—50 ranai scantlings.  
 Lot VI.—6 tons satin pieces.  
 Lot VII.—16 vinnagu barge polés.

2. The lists of timber are available for inspection at the Divisional Forest Office, Jaffna.

3. Further particulars can be obtained from the Divisional Forest Officer, Jaffna.

*Conditions.*

(a) The timber will be put up either singly or in lots to suit buyers at a rate per cubic foot, and no advance of less than 10 cents per cubic foot or Re. 1 per log will be recognized.

(b) The highest bid will be accepted, subject to the approved price fixed by the Conservator of Forests. The highest bidder, on being declared the purchaser, shall sign his name in the register of sale in admission of such purpose, and deposit the necessary amount.

(c) Twenty-five per cent. of the bids to be deposited immediately after acceptance of the bids. The balance should be paid within 15 days of the date of sale when a permit for removal will be issued.

(d) The measurements as recorded by the Divisional Forest Officer must be accepted, but prior to date of auction any prospective bidder is at liberty to check the measurements and to represent any difference promptly.

(e) All timber sold and the full price bid of which has been paid must be removed from the depôt within 15 days of date of sale, and will be at the risk of the purchaser until removed. A charge of Re. 1 per log per week or part of a week is liable to be made for any logs not removed within 15 days of sale. Logs not removed from the depôt within one month is liable to be forfeited to the Crown.

(f) Should any person to whom a lot is knocked down refuse to take it over at the full price bid, or refuse or fail to sign the sale book and pay 25 per cent. of his bid, and refuse or fail to remove the timber within the time specified in clause (e) above, the lot will again be put up for auction, and the original purchaser or bidder will be held liable for any loss to Government owing to a lower price being realized at the re-sale, while, if an enhanced price is realized at such re-sale, he shall, however, have no claim to the profit which shall accrue to Government.

(g) Agents bidding for others will be required to produce written authority from the firm or person for whom they bid; such authority will be retained by the Divisional Forest Officer, and will hold good only at the particular sale at which it is produced.

J. D. SARGENT,  
 Conservator of Forests.

Office of the Conservator of Forests,  
 Kandy, November 7, 1927.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in the land behind the Colombo Museum; bounded on the south by the Colombo Museum, east by the Garden Club, north by Green path, and west by Museum road, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from October 18, 1927.

CHAS. W. PATE,  
 The Municipal Office, Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.  
 Colombo, November 2, 1927.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 36, situated at Timbirigasyaya road, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from October 31, 1927.

CHAS. W. PATE,  
 The Municipal Office, Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.  
 Colombo, November 2, 1927.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 12, situated at Parsons road, Slave Island, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from October 31, 1927.

CHAS. W. PATE,

The Municipal Office, Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.  
Colombo, November 4, 1927.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 1, situated at Tichborne road, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from October 26, 1927.

CHAS. W. PATE,

The Municipal Office, Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.  
Colombo, November 4, 1927.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 71, situated at Wekanda, Slave Island, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from November 3, 1927.

CHAS. W. PATE,

The Municipal Office, Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.  
Colombo, November 7, 1927.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out in the premises bearing assessment No. 404, situated at Jawatta, Colombo: Such premises are hereby declared, in terms of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 5 of Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, to be an infected area.

This declaration shall take effect from November 3, 1927.

CHAS. W. PATE,

The Municipal Office, Municipal Veterinary Surgeon.  
Colombo, November 8, 1927.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out at Welikada, in Colombo Mudaliyar's Division, in Salpiti korale of Colombo District of the Western Province: It is hereby declared in terms of section 5 sub-sections (1) and (2) of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, the under-mentioned area is infected, viz. :—

The area is bounded on the north by fence of land belonging to Mr. H. P. Goonawardana, south by dewata road, east by western boundary of land bearing No. 632, west by road leading to Nawala.

This declaration shall take effect from the date hereof.

October 28, 1927.

D. E. WIJESKERE,  
Chief Headman.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out on Millagahawatta at Kandana in Alutkuru korale South of Colombo District of the Western Province: It is hereby declared, in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, the under-mentioned area is infected, viz. :—

The area is bounded on the north by boundary of a portion of the said land belonging to D. E. Samaranayake, south by boundary of land belonging to D. M. Samaranayake, east by high road, west by land belonging to D. M. Samaranayake.

This declaration shall take effect from the date hereof.

TIMOTHY F. ABAYAKOON,

Wattala, November 5, 1927. Chief Headman.

**Foot-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS foot-and-mouth disease has broken out on Kahatagahawatta at Kandana in Alutkuru korale South of Colombo District of the Western Province: It is hereby declared, in terms of section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, the under-mentioned area is infected, viz. :—

The area is bounded on the north by boundary of land belonging to Charlis Rodrigo and others, south by boundary of land belonging to Bastian Rodrigo, east by high road, west by boundary, of land belonging to Jeramanu Appu.

This declaration shall take effect from the date hereof.

TIMOTHY F. ABAYAKOON,

Wattala, November 5, 1927. Chief Headman.

**Hoof-and-Mouth Disease.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the area declared infected at Old Nillamba estate in Palle Deltota village, in Kandukara pahala korale of Udapalata division, Kandy District of the Central Province, under section 5, sub-sections (1) and (2), of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, as amended by the Ordinance No. 19 of 1923, and proclaimed in *Gazette* dated September 9, 1927 (No. 7,605) is free from hoof-and-mouth disease, and is no longer an infected area.

This declaration is to take effect from this date.

H. D. KEPPETIPOLA,

November 1, 1927. Ratemahatmaya, Udapalata.

**Hoof-and-Mouth Disease.**

WHEREAS hoof-and-mouth disease has broken out in Egoda Weu tulana in Matambuwa korale of Hurulu palata: I do hereby declare under section 5 (1) of the Ordinance No. 25 of 1909, that the said tulana is infected area.

Boundaries: The boundaries of the revenue division of Egoda Weu tulana.

T. B. POHOLIYADDE,

Ratemahatmaya, Hurulu palata.

Ulagalla Walaurwa,  
November 8, 1927.

**NOTICES UNDER "THE EXCISE ORDINANCE, No. 8 OF 1912."****Local Option Polls.**

NOTICE is hereby given that all local option polls re reopening arrack, toddy and foreign liquor taverns published in the *Ceylon Government Gazette* No. 7,608 of September 30, 1927, are postponed *sine die*.

The Kachcheri,  
Jaffna, November 5, 1927.

T. B. RUSSELL,  
Government Agent.



## MUNICIPAL COUNCIL NOTICES.

## MUNICIPALITY OF COLOMBO.

## Treasurer's Department.

## SALE OF LAND.

IT is hereby notified that the following allotment of land belonging to the Municipal Council of Colombo, by virtue of certificate of title No. 844, dated May 5, 1922, will be sold by public auction for outright possession at 2.30 P.M. on Wednesday, December 7, 1927, at the Town Hall.

Conditions of sale will be made known at the time of sale or earlier on application to the undersigned.

A block of land with buildings thereon bearing assessment Nos. 62-64 3, Leechman lane, situated in the Slave Island Ward, within the Municipal limits of Colombo, Western Province, bounded as follows:—

Bounded on the north by the properties of M. S. Assen Mohamado Nos. 70/9 (1-11), 69/10 (1), 68/11 (1-3); Janie Bee No. 67/12 (1); Siffi Jurea, No. 66/13; and Palayam Mohamad Suleiman Lebbe Alim Hadjar Magan Mohamad Sadak Abdul Cader *alias* Pallaku Lebbe and Habub Mohamed Magan Mohamed Lebbe, No. 65/14 (1-8A).

Bounded on the east by Leechman lane.

Bounded on the south by the properties of Kadar Khan Ebrahim Jehan, No. 61/2; Chappan Amath, No. 60/2 A/1-3; Haniffa Umma (wife of Deen Ossen), No. 59/1 (1-8); N. E. M. Packeer, No. 84/7-5 (1-3), (1-2); (1-3); Mohamed Warish, No. 83/8; and estate of Mohamed Saldin, No. 82/9-10.

Bounded on the west by the properties of (estate of) Mohamed Saldin, No. 79-81/11 (1-22); H. Samid Alli, Nos. 75/15, 76/14, and 77/13.

Containing in extent 1 rood and 0.48 perches.

Treasurer's Department, Town Hall,  
Colombo, November 8, 1927.

G. H. N. SAUNDERS,  
Municipal Treasurer.

## MUNICIPALITY OF KANDY.

Draft Budget, 1928 (as submitted to the Joint Meeting of Standing Committees on November 1, 1927).

## ESTIMATED REVENUE.

Aggregate Statement.		Rs.	c.
A.—General revenue account ..	..	535,650	0
B.—Electricity Department ..	..	240,330	0
		<u>775,980</u>	<u>0</u>

## ESTIMATED EXPENDITURE.

REVENUE SERVICES.		Rs.	c.
A.—General revenue account ..	..	469,879	37
B.—Electricity Department ..	..	179,792	0
		<u>649,671</u>	<u>37</u>

## CAPITAL SERVICES PROVIDED FROM REVENUE.

A.—General revenue account ..	..	93,300	0
B.—Electricity Department ..	..	17,717	0
		<u>111,017</u>	<u>0</u>
		<u>760,688</u>	<u>37</u>

## EXPENDITURE PROVIDED FROM LOAN FUNDS.

A.—General revenue account ..	..	65,600	0
B.—Electricity Department ..	..	235,100	0
		<u>300,700</u>	<u>0</u>
		<u>1,061,388</u>	<u>37</u>

**A.—General Revenue Account.  
ESTIMATED REVENUE.**

Heads of Revenue.	Revenue of 1926.		Approved Estimate, 1927.		Estimate for 1928.	
	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.
1. Consolidated rate .. ..	206,175	70	20,000	0	240,000	0
2. Taxes .. ..	40,541	55	36,432	0	41,533	0
3. Tolls .. ..	27,068	0	27,477	0	4,491	0
4. Licence fees and stamp duties :—						
(a) Licence fees .. ..	4,412	75	4,950	0	5,050	0
(b) Stamp duties .. ..	26,432	50	23,895	0	27,360	0
5. Slaughter-house fees .. ..	12,017	55	10,850	0	12,950	0
6. Conservancy fees .. ..	33,256	58	32,950	0	32,650	0
7. Rents .. ..	73,510	49	72,985	75	76,185	0
8. Judicial fines .. ..	10,025	2	6,500	0	9,000	0
9. Water service .. ..	13,196	12	11,250	0	12,450	0
10. Government grants .. ..	34,618	60	34,600	0	55,581	0
11. Education account .. ..	—	—	—	—	—	—
12. Miscellaneous receipts .. ..	24,298	87	17,800	0	18,400	0
	<u>504,526</u>	<u>73</u>	<u>485,680</u>	<u>75</u>	<u>535,650</u>	<u>0</u>

**ESTIMATED EXPENDITURE.**

Heads of Expenditure.	Actual Expenditure, 1926.		Approved Estimate, 1927.		Estimate for 1928.	
	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.
1. Administrative, Personal Emoluments ..	75,734	45	78,681	3	99,853	18
1A. Do. Other Charges .. ..	18,783	50	20,460	0	19,610	0
2. Rice allowance to coolies .. ..	1,976	72	1,800	0	—	—
3. Collectors .. ..	11,114	65	9,000	0	6,560	0
4. Infectious diseases prevention .. ..	4,137	10	4,000	0	5,000	0
5. Scavenging streets and removal of trade and house refuse .. ..	29,886	34	36,660	0	40,140	0
6. Conservancy of latrines .. ..	44,724	83	47,600	0	49,550	0
7. Minor sanitary services .. ..	2,712	30	3,045	0	3,045	0
8. Roads, buildings, parks, &c., maintenance .. ..	57,579	69	54,895	0	56,635	0
9. Public lighting .. ..	29,049	70	29,000	0	32,000	0
10. Water services .. ..	13,808	54	11,600	0	11,642	0
11. Town improvements .. ..	6,528	83	6,700	0	7,000	0
12. Markets .. ..	8,199	91	8,166	40	8,463	60
13. Slaughter-house .. ..	3,973	41	4,771	81	4,703	60
14. Cemetery .. ..	2,454	74	2,557	0	2,617	0
15. Municipal Court .. ..	2,340	44	2,372	0	2,745	20
16. Police .. ..	30,000	0	30,000	0	30,000	0
17. Education .. ..	200	0	200	0	200	0
18. Free Library .. ..	2,400	0	2,400	0	2,400	0
19. Poor relief and public recreation .. ..	9,994	69	15,070	0	17,820	0
20. Pensions .. ..	4,804	24	3,956	63	3,956	63
21. Loan repayments and interest .. ..	59,194	83	60,361	50	58,708	16
22. Miscellaneous services .. ..	6,911	46	6,850	0	7,230	0
	<u>426,510</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>440,146</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>469,879</u>	<u>37</u>
23. Capital expenditure (provided from revenue) .. ..	34,720	32	41,179	0	93,300	0
Total expenditure (provided from revenue) .. ..	<u>458,230</u>	<u>69</u>	<u>481,325</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>563,179</u>	<u>37</u>
— Capital expenditure (provided from loan funds) .. ..	—	—	—	—	65,600	0

**B.—Electricity Department.  
ESTIMATED REVENUE.**

Heads of Revenue.	Revenue of 1926.		Approved Estimate, 1927.		Estimate for 1928.	
	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.
Sale of electricity .. ..	142,428	11	152,900	0	169,330	30
Public lamps .. ..	—	—	—	—	—	—
Works executed for customers and goods sold .. ..	59,253	16	43,000	0	60,000	0
Rent of meters .. ..	4,105	25	4,500	0	5,500	0
Sundry revenue .. ..	437	40	1,000	0	2,000	0
Refund of Customs duty .. ..	2,145	95	1,600	0	3,500	0
Total .. ..	<u>208,367</u>	<u>87</u>	<u>203,000</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>240,330</u>	<u>30</u>

## ESTIMATED EXPENDITURE.

Heads of Expenditure.	Actual Expenditure, 1926.		Approved Estimate, 1927.		Estimate for 1928.	
	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.
Generation of electricity ..	36,841	7	38,992	28	49,996	0
Distribution of electricity..	7,339	86	4,934	0	6,990	0
Public lamps ..	7,793	23	7,400	0	7,040	0
Works executed for customers ..	42,437	89	28,480	0	45,000	0
Management and general expenses ..	22,944	36	20,804	42	30,236	0
<b>Total of working expenses ..</b>	<b>117,356</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>100,610</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>139,262</b>	<b>0</b>
Interest, depreciation, &c. ..	—	—	29,325	0	40,530	0
<b>Total expenditure ..</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>129,935</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>179,792</b>	<b>0</b>
					<b>60,538</b>	<b>0</b>
					<b>240,330</b>	<b>0</b>
Estimated nett profits, 1928:—						
Appropriated for capital expenditure ..	—	—	—	—	17,717	0
Reserve in repayment of advances from General Revenue Account ..	—	—	—	—	42,821	0
					<b>60,538</b>	<b>0</b>
Capital expenditure (provided from revenue) ..	—	—	—	—	17,717	0
Capital expenditure (provided from loan funds) ..	—	—	—	—	235,100	0

## A.—General Revenue Account.

## REVENUE DETAILED.

	Revenue of 1926.		Approved Estimate, 1927.		Estimate for 1928.		Total.	
	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.
<b>1.—CONSOLIDATED RATE.</b>								
Rates for 1928 (18 per cent. and 8 per cent.)..	204,069	96	204,000	0	238,000	0		
Costs on recoveries on warrants ..	1,105	74	2,000	0	2,000	0		
							240,000	0
<b>2.—TAXES.</b>								
Tax on vehicles and animals (Under Municipal Council Ordinance) ..	22,352	0	4,000	0	3,500	0		
Taxes on motor vehicles ..			16,000	0	21,500	0		
Costs on recoveries of tax on vehicles and animals ..	4	55	5	0	5	0		
Government grant in lieu of the road tax abolished ..	18,158	0	16,427	0	16,528	0		
							41,533	0
<b>3.—TOLLS.</b>								
Illukmodera and Kundasale (5 years) ..	—	—	100	0	—	—		
Gonawatta and Talatuoya ..	60	0	50	0	40	0		
Halloluwa ..	1,510	0	1,585	0	750	0		
Lewella ..	3,413	0	3,657	0	3,701	0		
Government compensation on account abolished tolls ..	22,085	0	22,085	0	—	—		
							4,491	0
<b>4.—LICENCE FEES AND STAMP DUTIES.</b>								
<i>(a) Licence Fees.</i>								
Auctioneers and brokers ..	1,720	0	1,600	0	1,600	0		
Dangerous and offensive trades ..	2,101	25	2,700	0	2,800	0		
Sundries ..	591	50	650	0	650	0		
							5,050	0
<i>(b) Stamp Duties.</i>								
Butchers ..	280	0	215	0	250	0		
Carriages ..	1,517	0	1,500	0	1,500	0		
Carriers ..	831	0	800	0	775	0		
Motor vehicles ..	9,727	50	9,000	0	10,000	0		
Hotels ..	1,646	0	1,700	0	1,650	0		
Liquor ..	9,066	0	7,500	0	9,500	0		
Notaries ..	517	0	500	0	500	0		
Proctors ..	1,554	0	1,500	0	1,500	0		
Poisons ..	60	0	80	0	80	0		
Firearms ..	1,229	0	1,100	0	1,600	0		
Special permits to slaughter ..	5	0	—	—	5	0		
							27,360	0

	Revenue of 1926.		Approved Estimate, 1927.		Estimate for 1928.		Total.	
	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.
<b>5.—SLAUGHTER-HOUSE FEES.</b>								
Slaughtering fees on cattle ..	5,784	0	5,000	0	6,500	0		
Slaughtering fees on sheep, goats, and pigs ..	1,329	36	1,200	0	1,400	0		
Housing and feeding fees ..	4,854	19	4,600	0	5,000	0		
Sundries ..	50	0	50	0	50	0		
							12,950	0
<b>6.—CONSERVANCY FEES.</b>								
Bucket fees and day service ..	31,831	5	31,000	0	31,000	0		
Costs on recoveries on warrants ..	417	55	1,000	0	500	0		
Fees for emptying private cesspits ..	328	98	350	0	500	0		
Fees for removal of trade refuse ..	679	0	600	0	650	0		
							32,650	0
<b>7.—RENTS.</b>								
Markets (monthly rents) ..	26,350	0	26,000	0	26,500	0		
Markets (daily rents) ..	21,035	80	20,935	75	20,935	0		
Grain sheds ..	7,465	0	7,500	0	8,000	0		
Model tenements under Housing Scheme ..	12,123	79	12,300	0	13,000	0		
Other lands, buildings, and encroachments ..	5,676	40	5,500	0	7,000	0		
Costs on recoveries on warrants ..	859	50	750	0	750	0		
							76,185	0
<b>8.—JUDICIAL FINES.</b>								
Municipal Court ..	10,025	2	6,500	0	9,000	0		
							9,000	0
<b>9.—WATER SERVICES.</b>								
House service ..	4,248	57	5,000	0	5,000	0		
Rents of meters ..	1,211	77	1,200	0	1,200	0		
Water used for other than domestic purposes ..	7,666	88	5,000	0	6,000	0		
Costs on recoveries on warrants ..	68	90	50	0	250	0		
							12,450	0
<b>10.—GOVERNMENT GRANTS.</b>								
In aid of the maintenance of Police ..	30,000	0	30,000	0	30,000	0		
Dredging Kandy lake ..	3,000	0	3,000	0	3,000	0		
Moiety towards maintenance of Lady Horton's walk ..	1,100	0	1,100	0	1,100	0		
Refund of Customs duty ..	518	60	500	0	500	0		
Grant in lieu of compensation for abolished tolls ..	—	—	—	—	20,981	0		
							55,581	0
<b>11.—EDUCATION ACCOUNT.</b>								
	—	—	—	—	—	—		
<b>12.—MISCELLANEOUS RECEIPTS.</b>								
Cemetery fees ..	1,813	50	1,500	0	1,500	0		
Registration of dogs ..	627	25	600	0	700	0		
Interest ..	16,915	4	12,000	0	12,000	0		
Badges and fare tables ..	616	50	400	0	400	0		
Produce sold ..	1,957	77	1,800	0	1,800	0		
Sundries ..	2,368	81	1,500	0	2,000	0		
							18,400	0
							535,650	0

## DETAILS OF EXPENDITURE.

	Actual Expenditure, 1926.		Approved Estimate, 1927.		Estimate for 1928.		Total.	
	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.
<b>1.—ADMINISTRATIVE.</b>								
Personal emoluments ..	75,734	45	78,681	3	99,853	18		
							99,853	18
<b>1A.—ADMINISTRATIVE OTHER CHARGES.</b>								
1. Commuted travelling allowances with temporary increases thereon ..	8,010	0	8,010	0	7,410	0		
2. Uniforms ..	2,017	74	2,000	0	2,250	0		
3. Stationery, books, stamps, printing, and advertising ..	5,750	25	7,000	0	6,500	0		
4. Telephone charges ..	424	20	450	0	450	0		
5. Audit fees ..	1,000	0	2,000	0	2,000	0		
6. Sundry charges ..	1,026	51	1,000	0	1,000	0		
7. Typewriter (Works Department) ..	429	80	—	—	—	—		
8. Bicycle ..	125	0	—	—	—	—		
							19,610	0

	Actual Expenditure, 1926.	Approved Estimate, 1927.	Estimate for 1928.	Total.
	Rs. c.	Rs. c.	Rs. c.	Rs. c.
<b>2.—RICE ALLOWANCE TO COOLIES.</b>				
1. Difference in value of rice supplied to coolies .. .. .	1,976 72 ..	1,800 0 ..	—	
<b>3.—COLLECTORS.</b>				
1. Commission .. .. .	10,514 65 ..	8,400 0 ..	6,200 0	
2. Assistants to collectors .. .. .	600 0 ..	600 0 ..	360 0	6,560 0
<b>4.—INFECTIOUS DISEASES PREVENTION.</b>				
1. Preventive measures against plague and other diseases .. .. .	4,137 10 ..	4,000 0 ..	5,000 0	5,000 0
<b>5.—SCAVENGING STREETS AND REMOVAL OF HOUSE AND TRADE REFUSE.</b>				
1. Coolies, carts, &c. .. .. .	27,670 58 ..	34,000 0 ..	37,300 0	
2. Scavenging Katugastota (contract service) .. .. .	2,215 76 ..	2,660 0 ..	2,840 0	40,140 0
<b>6.—CONSERVANCY OF STREETS.</b>				
1. Coolies .. .. .	29,269 65 ..	30,800 0 ..	32,300 0	
2. Drums and materials and repairs to carts .. .. .	11,823 94 ..	13,000 0 ..	13,450 0	
3. Scavenging pits .. .. .	3,423 54 ..	3,500 0 ..	3,500 0	
4. Emptying private cesspits .. .. .	207 70 ..	300 0 ..	300 0	49,550 0
<b>7.—MINOR SANITARY SERVICES.</b>				
1. Works recommended by Medical Officer of Health .. .. .	285 76 ..	300 0 ..	300 0	
2. Clearing side drains of town .. .. .	975 23 ..	1,245 0 ..	1,245 0	
3. Analysis of milk .. .. .	785 70 ..	1,000 0 ..	1,000 0	
4. Removing sick and burying dead paupers .. .. .	231 60 ..	300 0 ..	300 0	
5. Travelling expenses of Sanitary Inspectors in inspecting dairies outside Municipal limits .. .. .	156 20 ..	—	—	
6. Sundry services .. .. .	277 81 ..	200 0 ..	200 0	3,045 0
<b>8.—ROADS, BUILDINGS, PARKS, &amp;c., MAINTENANCE.</b>				
1. Maintenance of roads .. .. .	37,283 38 ..	32,765 0 ..	33,265 0	
2. Maintenance of buildings .. .. .	8,383 6 ..	9,203 50 ..	10,893 50	
3. Maintenance of parks, public seats, &c. .. .. .	1,189 39 ..	1,978 0 ..	1,978 0	
4. Miscellaneous .. .. .	10,724 86 ..	10,948 50 ..	10,498 50	56,635 0

## Detail :—

Estimate No.	Actual Expenditure, 1926.	Approved Estimate, 1927.	Estimate for 1928.	Total.
	Rs. c.	Rs. c.	Rs. c.	Rs. c.
<i>Maintenance of Roads.</i>				
1. Upkeep of pavements .. .. .	2,940 34 ..	3,000 0 ..	3,000 0	
2. Town streets .. .. .	10,630 71 ..	12,800 0 ..	12,800 0	
3. Alutgantota and Lady Anderson's roads .. .. .	1,001 2 ..	1,025 0 ..	1,025 0	
4. Udawattekele roads .. .. .	2,071 50 ..	2,200 0 ..	2,200 0	
5. Halloluwa, Bahirawakanda, and Hospital roads .. .. .	2,102 24 ..	2,040 0 ..	2,040 0	
18. Lady Blake's drive .. .. .	185 32 ..	570 0 ..	570 0	
20. Lady McCallum's drive .. .. .	905 15 ..	1,000 0 ..	1,000 0	
7. Watering streets .. .. .	1,158 94 ..	1,480 0 ..	1,480 0	
21. Tarring roads .. .. .	6,609 69 ..	7,000 0 ..	7,000 0	
Tarring trunk roads (contribution to Public Works Department) .. .. .	8,458 75 ..	—	—	
23. Upkeep of Lady Manning's drive .. .. .	457 29 ..	750 0 ..	750 0	
24. Upkeep of Back lanes .. .. .	546 51 ..	900 0 ..	1,400 0	
52/1925 Retaining wall in Gregory road near Mowbray school (re-vote) .. .. .	139 92 ..	—	—	33,265 0
<i>Maintenance of Buildings.</i>				
6. Municipal buildings .. .. .	2,894 34 ..	2,900 0 ..	2,900 0	
8. Market buildings .. .. .	2,262 14 ..	2,893 50 ..	2,893 50	
22. Model dwellings .. .. .	2,622 78 ..	3,410 0 ..	5,100 0	
25. Repairs to ambalams .. .. .	474 10 ..	—	—	
43. Repairs to school buildings at Mahaiyawa .. .. .	129 70 ..	—	—	10,893 50

	Actual Expenditure, 1926:		Approved Estimate, 1927:		Estimate for 1928:		Total.	
	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.
<i>Maintenance of Parks, Public Seats, &amp;c.</i>								
12. Recreation ground and esplanade ..	459	53	1,118	0	1,118	0		
15. Waste park ..	439	52	510	0	510	0		
17. Public seats maintenance ..	290	34	350	0	350	0		
							1,978	0
<i>Miscellaneous.</i>								
9. Ornamental plants ..	537	83	546	0	546	0		
10. Tools ..	705	9	1,000	0	1,000	0		
11. Bathing and dhobies' tanks ..	153	47	155	0	155	0		
13. Sundry minor works ..	1,278	42	1,000	0	1,000	0		
14. Upkeep of cemetery and cemetery-keeper's bungalow ..	368	56	400	0	400	0		
16. Repairs to carriage and rickshaw stands ..	65	85	150	0	500	0		
19. Upkeep of land above old Garrison cemetery ..	200	75	207	50	207	50		
D & E. Ferry boats ..	914	64	2,400	0	1,400	0		
F. Repairs to approach road to Lewella ferry ..	10	32	70	0	70	0		
G. Dharma line ..	256	0	280	0	280	0		
J. Maintenance of grass lands ..	782	81	820	0	820	0		
Dredging Kandy lake ..	3,545	16	3,000	0	3,000	0		
Upkeep of cattle shed ..	588	39	520	0	520	0		
Sick pay and orderly ..	598	66	400	0	600	0		
44. Cleaning up and deepening the moat opposite the Maligawa ..	718	91	—	—	—	—		
							10,498	50
<b>9.—PUBLIC LIGHTING.</b>								
1. Lighting of streets ..	29,049	70	29,000	0	32,000	0		
							32,000	0
<b>10.—WATER SERVICES.</b>								
1. Maintenance of waterworks ..	4,471	99	5,000	0	5,000	0		
2. Maintenance of two fountains ..	65	0	100	0	142	0		
3. House service connections ..	4,389	53	5,000	0	5,000	0		
4. Upkeep of meters ..	1,665	96	1,500	0	1,500	0		
5. Meter parts ..	807	39	—	—	—	—		
45/1925 Scraping water mains (re-vote) ..	2,408	67	—	—	—	—		
							11,642	0
<b>11.—TOWN IMPROVEMENTS.</b>								
1. One-third cost of the establishment of the Board of Improvement ..	6,528	83	6,700	0	7,000	0		
							7,000	0
<b>12.—MARKETS.</b>								
1. Salaries ..	4,122	51	4,166	40	4,263	60		
2. Lighting ..	3,626	80	3,600	0	3,800	0		
3. Sundry charges ..	450	60	400	0	400	0		
							8,463	60
<b>13.—SLAUGHTER-HOUSE.</b>								
1. Salaries ..	1,518	22	1,571	81	1,503	60		
2. Grass ..	2,395	94	3,000	0	3,000	0		
3. Sundry charges ..	59	25	200	0	200	0		
							4,703	60
<b>14.—CEMETERY.</b>								
1. Salaries ..	2,298	50	2,382	0	2,442	0		
2. Uniforms to coolies ..	66	0	75	0	75	0		
3. Sundry charges ..	90	24	100	0	100	0		
							2,617	0
<b>15.—MUNICIPAL COURT.</b>								
1. Salaries ..	1,840	44	1,872	0	1,945	20		
2. Contribution towards salary of Municipal Magistrate ..	500	0	500	0	500	0		
3. Sundry charges ..	—	—	—	—	300	0		
							2,745	20
<b>16.—POLICE.</b>								
1. Cost of Police within Municipal limits ..	30,000	0	30,000	0	30,000	0		
							30,000	0
<b>17.—EDUCATION.</b>								
1. Grant-in-aid to Free Night School (Sinhalese Young Men's Association) ..	200	0	200	0	200	0		
							200	0
<b>18.—FREE LIBRARY.</b>								
1. Upkeep ..	2,400	0	2,400	0	2,400	0		
							2,400	0

	Actual Expenditure, 1926. Rs. c.	Approved Estimate, 1927. Rs. c.	Estimate for 1928. Rs. c.	Total. Rs. c.	
<b>19.—POOR RELIEF AND PUBLIC RECREATION.</b>					
1. Grant to Kandy Friend-in-Need Society Grant to Kandy District Nurse Association .. .. .	600 0 ..	600 0 ..	600 0		
2. Maternity and Child Welfare .. .. .	500 0 ..	500 0 ..	500 0		
3. Free Medical Aid to the poor (Free Ayurvedic Dispensary) .. .. .	4,220 56 ..	8,000 0 ..	10,000 0		
4. Grant to St. Cecilia's Band .. .. .	2,474 13 ..	3,670 0 ..	3,670 0		
5. Vagrant charges .. .. .	1,800 0 ..	1,800 0 ..	1,800 0		
6. Grant to Lady Blake's Institution .. .. .	— ..	250 0 ..	1,000 0		
Contribution towards the expenses in connection with the celebration of the King's Birthday .. .. .	250 0 ..	250 0 ..	250 0		
	50 0 ..	— ..	—	17,820 0	
<b>20.—PENSIONS.</b>					
1. Pensions .. .. .	3,955 92 ..	3,956 63 ..	3,956 63	3,956 63	
2. Temporary increases .. .. .					
3. Gratuities .. .. .	848 32 ..	—	—		
Details of Pension :—					
Name of Pensioner.	Post held.	Date of commencement of Pension.	Annual Pension. Rs. c.	Temporary Increase. Rs. c.	Total. Rs. c.
A. S. Perera .. .. .	Marketkeeper .. .. .	— ..	248 0 ..	111 60 ..	359 60
B. Z. Salim .. .. .	Recordkeeper .. .. .	— ..	135 0 ..	67 50 ..	202 50
A. S. A. Goonewardene .. .. .	Supervisor of conser- vancy .. .. .	April 1, 1918 ..	536 66 ..	214 67 ..	751 33
C. E. Mutukisna .. .. .	Assistant Secretary .. .. .	March 1, 1923 ..	2,400 0 ..	— ..	2,400 0
A. Noor Ahaman .. .. .	Peon .. .. .	October 1, 1923 ..	243 20 ..	— ..	243 20
					3,956 63
	Actual Expenditure, 1926. Rs. c.	Approved Estimate, 1927. Rs. c.	Estimate for 1928. Rs. c.	Total. Rs. c.	
<b>21.—LOAN REPAYMENTS AND INTEREST.</b>					
1. Drainage scheme—					
(a) Interest .. .. .	514 62 ..	514 62 ..	514 62		
(b) Contribution to sinking fund .. .. .	392 45 ..	392 45 ..	392 45		
2. Acquisition of lands—					
(a) Interest .. .. .	3,174 48 ..	3,174 48 ..	3,174 48		
(b) Contribution to sinking fund .. .. .	2,479 95 ..	2,479 95 ..	2,479 95		
3. Housing scheme—					
(a) Interest .. .. .	11,916 67 ..	11,000 0 ..	10,083 33		
(b) Principal refunded .. .. .	18,333 33 ..	18,333 34 ..	18,333 34		
4. Waterworks scheme—					
(a) Interest .. .. .	9,216 66 ..	8,558 34 ..	7,900 0		
(b) Principal refunded .. .. .	13,166 67 ..	13,166 66 ..	13,166 66		
5. Paving Meda-ela—					
(a) Interest .. .. .	— ..	1,175 0 ..	1,096 67		
(b) Principal refunded .. .. .	— ..	1,566 66 ..	1,566 66		
				5,708 16	
<b>22.—MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES.</b>					
1. Upkeep of Town Hall .. .. .	1,061 5 ..	1,000 0 ..	750 0		
2. Upkeep of Town Clock .. .. .	181 65 ..	180 0 ..	180 0		
3. Furniture .. .. .	371 20 ..	750 0 ..	1,000 0		
4. Plates, badges, fare tables, and house numbers .. .. .	1,074 89 ..	900 0 ..	1,000 0		
5. Rents of leased lands .. .. .	434 8 ..	320 0 ..	350 0		
6. Destruction of dogs .. .. .	1,503 91 ..	1,700 0 ..	1,700 0		
7. Personal allowances to Municipal Officers to meet tax on their vehicles .. .. .	158 50 ..	200 0 ..	200 0		
8. Legal expenses .. .. .	1,146 60 ..	1,200 0 ..	1,200 0		
9. Repairing fire engine .. .. .	— ..	— ..	250 0		
10. Sundry charges .. .. .	979 58 ..	600 0 ..	600 0		
				7,230 0	
				469,879 37	

23.—CAPITAL EXPENDITURE (provided from Revenue).		Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.
1.	Building drains along Halcluwa road .. .. .	2,730	0		
2.	Building drains along cemetery road .. .. .	3,670	0		
3.	Rebuilding barrel drain along King street .. .. .	1,890	0		
4.	Constructing a pavement in front of rice depôts in Market street .. .. .	1,010	0		
5.	Cement rendering the floor of Town Hall .. .. .	600	0		
6.	Laying water mains along Lady Torrington road .. .. .	1,500	0		
7.	New barge for the lake .. .. .	4,000	0		
8.	Acquisition of land for a children's playground at Katukele .. .. .	10,000	0		
9.	New slaughter-house and exposing shed at Huduhumpola .. .. .	27,900	0		
10.	Extension to the public market (meat stalls and tea boutiques) .. .. .	20,000	0		
11.	Two motor lorries for scavenging .. .. .	20,000	0		
				93,300	0
<i>Loan Expenditure.</i>					
	Paving Meda-ela .. .. .	46,600	0		
	Free public library building .. .. .	19,000	0		
				65,600	0

## B.—Electricity Department.

## REVENUE DETAILED.

	Revenue of 1926.		Approved Estimate, 1927.		Estimate for 1928.		Total.		
	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	
<i>Sale of Electricity.</i>									
1.	Private lighting .. .. .	110,213	53	116,000	0	130,000	0		
2.	Power and heating .. .. .	—	—	—	—	1,830	0		
3.	Public lighting .. .. .	31,822	18	36,500	0	37,000	0		
4.	Municipal Departments .. .. .	392	40	400	0	500	0		
								169,330	0
<i>Public Lamps.</i>									
5.	Attendance and maintenance .. .. .	—	—	—	—	—	—		
<i>Works executed for Customers.</i>									
6.	From customers .. .. .	59,253	16	43,000	0	—	—	60,000	0
<i>Rent of Meters.</i>									
7.	Recoveries .. .. .	4,105	25	4,500	0	—	—	5,500	0
<i>Sundry Revenue.</i>									
8.	Miscellaneous receipts .. .. .	437	40	1,000	0	—	—	2,000	0
				206,223	92	201,400	0	236,830	0
<i>Net Revenue Account.</i>									
	Refund of Customs duty .. .. .	—	—	1,600	0	—	—	3,500	0
				203,000	0			240,330	0

## EXPENDITURE DETAILED.

	Actual Expenditure, 1926.		Approved Estimate, 1927.		Estimate for 1928.		Total.		
	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	
<i>Generation of Electricity.</i>									
1.	Fuel .. .. .	19,014	53	20,663	28	21,587	0		
2.	Oil, waste, and engine room stores .. .. .	4,591	39	4,809	0	10,000	0		
3.	Salaries and wages at works .. .. .	10,410	65	8,520	0	12,909	0		
4.	Repairs and maintenance—								
	(a) Buildings .. .. .	1,681	16	500	0	1,000	0		
	(b) Engines, boilers, machinery and plant .. .. .	1,143	34	4,500	0	4,500	0		
								49,996	0
<i>Distribution of Electricity.</i>									
5.	Salaries of outdoor staff .. .. .	4,889	15	3,984	0	4,990	0		
6.	Repairs and maintenance of meters, switches, and other apparatus .. .. .	2,450	71	950	0	2,000	0		
								6,990	0
<i>Public Lamps.</i>									
7.	Salaries and wages .. .. .	3,780	6	4,400	0	5,040	0		
7A.	Repairs and maintenance .. .. .	4,013	17	3,000	0	2,000	0		
								7,040	0
<i>Works executed for Customers.</i>									
8.	Labour .. .. .	9,317	21	8,880	0	15,000	0		
9.	Materials .. .. .	33,120	68	19,600	0	30,000	0		
								45,000	0



	Actual Expenditure 1926.		Approved Estimate, 1927.		Estimate for 1928.		Total.	
	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.
<i>Management and General Expenses.</i>								
10. Salaries .. .. .	16,081	7	17,339	42	24,511	0		
11. Rent of Engineer's bungalow .. .. .	1,100	0	1,200	0	1,500	0		
12. Printing and stationery .. .. .	1,097	28	750	0	2,500	0		
13. Insurance .. .. .	—	—	—	—	—	—		
14. Legal expenses .. .. .	—	—	50	0	50	0		
15. Telephone .. .. .	—	—	225	0	225	0		
16. Audit fee .. .. .	250	0	600	0	600	0		
17. Sundry charges .. .. .	864	77	500	0	600	0		
18. Typewriter .. .. .	—	—	—	—	—	—		
19. Two bicycles (one for Electricity Office and one for Town Hall) .. .. .	—	—	140	0	250	0		
Gratuity to the widow of the late J. H. Chick .. .. .	2,550	0	—	—	—	—		
Gratuity to the widow and child of the late A. Perera, clerk .. .. .	300	0	—	—	—	—		
Passage to Mrs. Chick .. .. .	701	24	—	—	—	—		
	117,356	41					30,236	0
Total of working expenses .. .. .	—	—	100,610	70	—	—	139,262	0

*Nett Revenue Account.*

Interest on advances from general revenue account .. .. .	6,000	0	—	—	6,000	0
Interest on loan from Local Loans Commissioners .. .. .	4,425	0	—	—	7,130	0
Principal payable on account of Loan Commissioners .. .. .	5,900	0	—	—	9,900	0
Depreciation on machinery and plant and buildings .. .. .	13,000	0	—	—	17,500	0
	29,350	0			40,530	0
Estimated nett profits, 1928 .. .. .	—	—	129,935	70	—	—
					179,792	0
					60,538	0
					240,330	0

*Appropriation of Nett Profits Account.*

Transfer to capital expenditure account (details below) .. .. .					17,717	0
Reserve to be applied in repayment of advances from general revenue account .. .. .					42,821	0
					60,538	0

*Capital Expenditure (provided from Profits).*

	Rs.	c.
100 electricity meters .. .. .	2,100	0
Spare parts for engine .. .. .	1,000	0
Water service for Power Station in case of fire .. .. .	967	0
One new Bitumen boiler .. .. .	750	0
Erecting of new lamp standards along Trincomalee street .. .. .	2,000	0
Erecting of improved lamp standards along Ward street from Planters' Association Hall junction to Malabar street junction .. .. .	1,600	0
Erecting of improved lamp standards along Market street from Railway Station to Planters' Association junction .. .. .	1,800	0
New feeder cable from Power Station to Railway Approach road feeder pillar box .. .. .	4,900	0
New feeder cable from the Mercantile Bank building to the Queen's Hotel junction .. .. .	1,800	0
Lighting the cemetery gate and the cemetery keeper's bungalow .. .. .	800	0
	17,717	0

*Capital Expenditure (to be provided from Loans).*

	Rs.	c.
Plant for Power Station on A. C. side .. .. .	95,200	0
High tension feeder cable from Power Station to Peradeniya .. .. .	50,200	0
Extension of lights to Peradeniya .. .. .	67,900	0
Extension of lights to Katugastota .. .. .	21,800	0
	235,100	0

**DETAILED STATEMENT OF THE MUNICIPAL STAFF, THEIR SALARIES, INCREMENTS,  
AND ALLOWANCES FOR THE YEAR 1928.**

Name.	Office.	Salary of Office.			Salary for 1923.	Personal Allowance for 1928.	House Allowance for 1928.	Commuted Allowance for 1928.	Total.
		Minimum.	Annual Increments.	Maximum.					
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
R. H. Whitehorn	Chairman	—	—	—	15,000	—	—	—	15,000
<i>Secretariat and Finance Department.</i>									
J. R. Jayetilleke	Secretary	6,300	450	9,000	9,000 <sup>a</sup>	—	—	—	9,000
E. B. Peiris	Accountant and Assistant Secretary	4,500	300	6,300	6,000 <sup>b</sup>	—	—	—	6,000
S. W. de Silva	Clerk, Special Grade	3,300	300	4,200	4,200	—	420	—	4,620
M. C. Abdul Jawad	Clerk, Grade II.	1,920	120	2,400	2,400 <sup>a</sup>	—	240	—	2,640
A. B. C. Kulasekera	do.	1,920	120	2,400	2,400	—	240	—	2,640
A. A. de Alwis	do.	1,920	120	2,400	2,400 <sup>a</sup>	—	240	—	2,640
D. J. A. Abeysinghe	Revenue Inspector, Grade II.	1,920	120	2,400	2,400	—	240	576	3,216
S. S. M. Mohideen	Clerk, Grade III.	600	60	1,200	1,320	—	132	—	1,452
A. J. K. Marikar	do.	600	60	1,200	1,440	—	72	—	1,512
W. A. de Alwis Seneviratne	Revenue Inspector, Grade III.	600	60	1,200	1,320	—	66	576	1,962
L. Don Lewis	Clerk, Grade III.	600	60	1,200	1,200	42 <sup>d</sup>	60	—	1,302
L. B. Amunugama	do.	600	60	1,200	1,200	—	60	—	1,260
A. E. Ratnayake	do.	600	60	1,200	1,080	—	54	—	1,134
P. Perera	do.	600	60	1,200	900	—	45	—	945
T. B. de Alwis	Shorthand Typist	1,320	120	2,400	1,905 <sup>e</sup>	—	95·25	—	2,000·25
I. S. W. Wijayarathnam	Recordkeeper	480	48	600	619·58 <sup>f</sup>	—	30·98	—	650·56
D. G. Dullewe	Assistant to Shroff	420	60	600	535·65 <sup>g</sup>	—	—	—	535·65
H. Don Fredrick	Two Distraint Inspectors	780	60	1,200	1,560	—	—	600	21·60
R. B. Stephen	Binder	420	15	780	525	—	52·50	—	577·50
P. H. Sadrin	Peon	300	6	444	366	—	36·60	—	402·60
A. Cassim	do.	300	6	444	342	—	34·20	—	376·20
H. M. P. Simon	do.	300	6	444	336	—	33·60	—	369·60
S. B. Ratnayake	do.	300	6	444	330	—	33	—	363
G. M. K. Banda	do.	300	6	444	318·39 <sup>h</sup>	—	31·83	—	350·22
R. B. Herath	do.	300	6	444	317·75 <sup>i</sup>	—	31·77	—	349·52
Orderly	Orderly	300	6	444	309·50 <sup>j</sup>	—	15·47	—	324·97
New Post Peon	New Post Peon	300	6	444	300	—	15	—	315
Two coolies	—	240	6	300	558	—	55·80	—	613·80
Watcher	—	240	6	300	252	—	12·60	—	264·60
Junior Typist	—	480	48	960	480	—	24	—	504
					46,314·87	42	2,371·60	1,752	50,480·47
Less salaries charged to Electricity Department					1,500	—	—	—	1,500
					44,814·87	42	2,371·60	1,752	48,980·47

**HEALTH DEPARTMENT.**

*(a) Sanitation Branch.*

Dr. P. R. Tennekoon	Medical Officer of Health	5,400	450	9,000	8,150	—	—	1,200	9,350
D. E. P. Joseph	Sanitary Inspector, Grade II.	1,920	120	2,400	1,920	—	192	576	2,688
S. F. Williams	Sanitary Inspector, Grade III.	600	60	1,200	1,800	—	180	576	2,556
G. B. de Silva	Sanitary Inspector, Grade III.	600	60	1,200	1,440	—	144	576	2,160
L. B. Abeykoon	do.	600	60	1,200	802·74 <sup>k</sup>	—	80·27	576	1,459·01
B. Charles de Silva	Clerk, Grade III.	1,320	120	1,800	1,200	—	120	—	1,320
H. M. Siyatu	Peon	300	6	444	372	—	—	—	372
Malhamy	Peon to Veterinary Surgeon	300	6	444	384	—	—	—	384

<sup>a</sup> Rs. 300 out of this salary is charged to the Electricity Department.

<sup>b</sup> Rs. 600 out of this salary is charged to the Electricity Department.

<sup>c</sup> Efficiency bar before Rs. 1,320.

<sup>d</sup> Attending sales.

<sup>e</sup> Date of increment, February 15, 1928.

<sup>f</sup> Date of increment, February 4, 1928.

<sup>g</sup> Date of increment, January 28, 1928.

<sup>h</sup> Date of increment, December 8, 1928.

<sup>i</sup> Date of increment, January 16, 1928.

<sup>j</sup> Date of increment, June 1, 1928.

<sup>k</sup> Date of increment, August 15, 1928.

Name.	Office.	Salary of Office.				Personal Allowance for 1928.	House Allowance for 1928.	Commuted Allowance for 1928.	Total.
		Minimum.	Annual Increments.	Maximum.	Salary for 1928.				
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Five Nuisance Watchers (Town)	—	300	6	444	1,620	—	162	—	1,782
Two Nuisance Watchers (Backlane)	—	240	6	300	510	—	13·20	—	523·20
Backlane cooly at 37 cents per diem	—	—	—	—	135·42	—	—	—	135·42
					18,334·16		891·47	3,504	22,729·63

## WORKS DEPARTMENT.

G. F. Buultjens	Superintendent of Works	6,300	450	9,000	9,000	—	—	1,200	10,200
	Assistant Superintendent of Works.	1,800	120	3,600	1,800	—	—	288	2,088
F. V. de Alwis	Clerk, Grade III.	600	60	1,200	1,320 <sup>a</sup>	—	66	—	1,386
		1,320 <sup>a</sup>	120	1,800	1,320	—	66	—	1,386
W. E. Wadugodapitiya	do.	600	60	1,200	760 <sup>b</sup>	—	38	—	798
		1,320 <sup>a</sup>	120	1,800	760 <sup>b</sup>	—	38	—	798
R. D. Buultjens	do.	600	60	1,200	627·74	—	31·38	—	659·12
		1,320	120	1,800	627·74	—	31·38	—	659·12
C. A. Christiansz	Waterworks Inspector	960	60	1,200	1,195 <sup>c</sup>	—	—	—	1,195
V. Muthucumaru	do.	480	48	960	600 <sup>d</sup>	—	30	—	630
Romanis Appu	Plumber	756	60	876	876	—	—	—	876
Muthu Banda	Peon	300	6	444	330	—	16·50	—	346·50

## (b) Conservancy Branch

L. Dias	Supervisor of Conservancy	600	60	1,200	987·11 <sup>e</sup>	—	49·35	576	1,612·46
D. R. Weerappuli	Assistant Supervisor of Conservancy	480	48	960	640 <sup>f</sup>	—	32	90	762
					18,135·85		263·23	2,154	20,553·08

## PUBLIC MARKET.

## (a) Kandy Public Market.

W. M. Appuhamy	Keeper	480	48/60	1,200 <sup>g</sup>	1,020	—	102	—	1,122
D. W. Karunaratne	Assistant Keeper	300	6	444	444	—	44·40	—	488·40
T. V. Upanis	2nd Assistant Keeper	300	6	444	384	—	38·40	—	422·40
C. Wannappa	Night Watcher	300	6	444	348	—	34·80	—	382·80
Six coolies	—	240	6	300	1,590	—	—	—	1,590

## (b) Katugastota Market.

Cooly	—	240	6	300	258	—	—	—	258
					4,044		219·60		4,263·60

## SLAUGHTER-HOUSE.

Ponnasamy	Clerk	480	48	960	480	—	24	—	504
	Sheep Slaughter-house Keeper	240	6	300	300	—	30	—	330
Two coolies	—	240	6	300	576	—	57·60	—	633·60
	Pig Slaughter-house Keeper	—	—	—	—	36	—	—	36
					1,356·00	36	111·60	—	1,503·60

## CEMETERY.

H. E. de Moor	Keeper	480	48	960	864	—	—	—	864
Six coolies	—	240	6	300	1,578	—	—	—	1,578
					2,442		—	—	2,442

## MUNICIPAL COURT.

R. V. Sirimane	Clerk, Grade III.	600	60	1,200	960	—	48	—	1,008
	Interpreter	1,320	120	1,800	—	180	—	—	180
	Court Peon	—	—	—	—	18	—	—	18
U. B. Wijesinghe	—	300	6	444	342	—	34·20	—	376·20
J. A. David	—	300	6	444	330	—	33	—	363
					1,632	198	115·20	—	1,945·20

<sup>a</sup> Efficiency bar before Rs. 1,320.<sup>b</sup> Date of increment, May 1, 1928.<sup>c</sup> Date of increment, February 1, 1928.<sup>d</sup> Date of increment, July 1, 1928.<sup>e</sup> Date of increment, July 19, 1928.<sup>f</sup> Date of increment, September 1, 1928.<sup>g</sup> Rs. 480 rising to Rs. 960 by Rs. 48 annually, and thereafter to Rs. 1,200 by Rs. 60 biennially.

Name.	Office.	ELECTRICITY DEPARTMENT:			Salary of Office.		Salary for 1928. Rs. c.	Total. Rs. c.
		Minimum. Rs. c.	Annual Increments. Rs. c.	Maximum. Rs. c.	Rs. c.	Rs. c.		
<i>Power Station Staff.</i>								
T. Henry de Silva ..	Senior charge mechanic ..	1,500 0	60 0	1,800 0	1,620 0	1,620 0	1,620 0	
K. B. M. Ranasinghe ..	Second charge mechanic ..	1,200 0	60 0	1,800 0	1,320 0	1,320 0	1,320 0	
H. M. Appuhamy ..	Third charge mechanic ..	720 0	60 0	1,200 0	840 0	840 0	840 0	
— ..	Driver mechanic ..	960 0	60 0	1,800 0	960 0	960 0	960 0	
J. H. Ratnayake ..	Senior switchboard attendant ..	900 0	60 0	1,200 0	1,020 0	1,020 0	1,020 0	
P. E. L. Perera ..	Second switchboard attendant ..	900 0	60 0	1,200 0	1,020 0	1,020 0	1,020 0	
— ..	Third switchboard attendant ..	540 0	60 0	720 0	540 0	540 0	540 0	
D. Carolis Wijeratne ..	Engine cleaner ..	540 0	60 0	720 0	660 0	660 0	660 0	
T. V. de Silva ..	do. ..	540 0	60 0	720 0	660 0	660 0	660 0	
Siyatu ..	Stoker ..	480 0	—	480 0	480 0	480 0	480 0	
N. James Silva ..	Oil stores attendant ..	360 0	—	360 0	360 0	360 0	360 0	
D. W. Kalugama ..	Battery attendant <i>a</i> ..	900 0	60 0	1,800 0	510 0	510 0	510 0	
B. M. Mudiyanse ..	Assistant battery attendant ..	420 0	60 0	720 0	540 0	540 0	540 0	
6 coolies 4 at Re. 1 and 2 at 75 cents at power stations ..	— ..	—	—	—	2,013 0	2,013 0	2,013 0	
Batter cooly at Re. 1 ..	— ..	—	—	—	366 0	366 0	366 0	
							12,909 0	12,909 0
<i>Distribution Staff.</i>								
G. G. Haramanis Silva ..	Mains foreman ..	1,380 0	60 0	1,800 0	1,500 0	1,500 0	1,500 0	
E. W. Podiappuhamy ..	Cable jointer ..	960 0	60 0	1,800 0	1,080 0	1,080 0	1,080 0	
K. H. Simoa ..	Jointer mate ..	—	—	—	540 0	540 0	540 0	
R. K. Appuhamy ..	do. ..	—	—	—	420 0	420 0	420 0	
D. W. Kalugama ..	Meter Inspector <i>a</i> ..	900 0	60 0	1,800 0	510 0*	570 0	570 0	
— ..	Assistant Meter Inspector <i>b</i> ..	—	—	—	270 0	270 0	270 0	
F. W. Perera ..	Meter Reader and Cleaner at Rs. 1.75 per diem ..	—	—	—	550 0*	610 0	610 0	
							4,870 0	4,990 0
<i>Public Lighting Staff.</i>								
Cader ..	Public lighting mechanic ..	720 0	60 0	1,200 0	840 0	840 0	840 0	
R. William ..	Assistant mechanic ..	—	—	—	600 0	600 0	600 0	
Allagan ..	Cooly ..	420 0	30 0	540 0	480 0	480 0	480 0	
Dingriya ..	do. ..	420 0	30 0	540 0	480 0	480 0	480 0	
5 lamp lighters at Re. 1 each per diem ..	— ..	—	—	—	1,830 0	1,830 0	1,830 0	
K. M. Mudiyanse ..	Second mechanic ..	720 0	60 0	1,200 0	—	—	—	
R. M. Pinghamy ..	Third mechanic ..	480 0	—	480 0	480 0	480 0	480 0	
— ..	Public Lighting Inspector <i>b</i> ..	—	—	—	270 0*	330 0	330 0	
							4,980 0	5,040 0
<i>Electric Fitting Staff.</i>								
K. M. Mudiyanse ..	— ..	—	—	—	840 0	840 0	840 0	
A. V. Brampy Singho ..	Head wireman ..	540 0	60 0	1,200 0	660 0	660 0	660 0	
A. P. Seneviratne ..	Second wireman ..	540 0	—	540 0	540 0	540 0	540 0	
— ..	Allowance for evening stand ..	—	—	—	900 0	900 0	900 0	
— ..	Cooly ..	—	—	—	360 0	360 0	360 0	
— ..	do. ..	—	—	—	360 0	360 0	360 0	
— ..	do. ..	—	—	—	360 0	360 0	360 0	
— ..	Extra wiremen and coolies ..	—	—	—	360 0	360 0	360 0	
							8,100 0	8,100 0
							12,120 0	12,120 0
MANAGEMENT.								
<i>Works Staff.</i>								
H. F. Mottram ..	Electrical Engineer ..	7,200 0	480 0	12,000 0	7,998 0	7,998 0	9,198 0	
— ..	Assistant Electrical Engineer ..	4,200 0	300 0	6,000 0	4,200 0	4,200 0	4,200 0	
R. E. Goonetilleke ..	Senior Clerk ..	1,200 0	120 0	2,400 0	1,440 0	1,440 0	1,440 0	
P. B. Ratnayake ..	Second Clerk ..	660 0	60 0	1,200 0	780 0	780 0	780 0	
— ..	Typist Clerk ..	1,320 0	120 0	2,400 0	780 0	780 0	780 0	
— ..	Storekeeper ..	480 0	48 0	960 0	480 0	480 0	480 0	
Bahar Deen ..	Peon ..	540 0	60 0	1,200 0	540 0	540 0	540 0	
— ..	Peon ..	330 0	12 0	480 0	354 0	354 0	354 0	
Two watchers at Re. 1 each ..	— ..	300 0	6 0	444 0	306 0	306 0	306 0	
							732 0	732 0
<i>Town Hall Staff.</i>								
J. R. Jayetilleke ..	Secretary ..	—	—	—	300 0	300 0	300 0	
E. B. Peiris ..	Accountant ..	—	—	—	600 0	600 0	600 0	
M. C. Abdul Jawad ..	Accounts Clerk ..	—	—	—	300 0	300 0	300 0	
A. A. de Alwis ..	Shroff ..	—	—	—	300 0	300 0	300 0	
A. N. Keegel ..	Chief Clerk and Assistant ..	3,000 0	300 0	4,800 0	3,600 0	3,600 0	3,600 0	
D. A. S. Senaratne ..	Revenue Clerk ..	540 0	60 0	1,200 0	565 0	565 0	565 0	
F. B. Luchow ..	Job and Check Roll Clerk ..	480 0	48 0	960 0	516 0	516 0	516 0	
— ..	Peon ..	300 0	6 0	444 0	300 0	300 0	300 0	
							23,311 0	24,511 0

*a* Half salary charged to Power Station and half to Distribution.

*b* Post of Assistant Meter Inspector and Public Lighting Inspector held by one officer.

*c* Date of increment, May 3, 1928.

\* Travelling allowance Rs. 60.

† Travelling allowance Rs. 1,200.

## Summary of Personal Allowances and Travelling Allowances.

## PERSONAL EMOLUMENTS.

	Salaries.		Personal Allowances.		House Allowances.		Total.		Commuted Travelling Allowances.	
	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.
<b>A.—GENERAL REVENUE ACCOUNT.</b>										
Administrative—										
Chairman	15,000	0	—	—	—	—	15,000	0	—	—
Secretariat and Finance Department	44,814	87	42	0	2,371	60	47,228	47	1,752	0
Health Department	18,334	16	—	—	891	47	19,225	63	3,504	0
Works Department	18,135	85	—	—	263	23	18,399	8	2,154	0
	96,284	88	42	0	3,526	30	99,853	18	7,410	0
Public market	4,044	0	—	—	219	60	4,263	60	—	—
Slaughter-house	1,356	0	36	0	111	60	1,503	60	—	—
Cemetery	2,442	0	—	—	—	—	2,442	0	—	—
Municipal Court	1,632	0	198	0	115	20	1,945	20	—	—
	105,758	88	276	0	3,972	70	110,007	58	7,410	0
<b>B.—ELECTRICITY DEPARTMENT.</b>										
Power Station staff	12,909	0	—	—	—	—	12,909	0	—	—
Distribution staff	4,870	0	—	—	—	—	4,870	0	120	0
Public lighting staff	4,980	0	—	—	—	—	4,980	0	60	0
Electric fitting staff	12,120	0	—	—	—	—	12,120	0	—	—
Management	23,311	0	—	—	—	—	23,311	0	1,200	0
	58,190	0	—	—	—	—	58,190	0	1,380	0
Total	163,948	88	276	0	3,972	70	168,197	58	8,790	0

## Taxes proposed to be levied in 1928.

Description of Taxes.	Maximum	Amount	Amount	Authority
	leviable under the Ordinance.	at present levied.	proposed to be levied in 1928.	
	Rs. c.	Rs. c.	Rs. c.	under which levied.
1. Consolidated rate for Police, lighting, and water ..	—	16 per cent.	18 per cent.	Section 116 of Ordinance No. 6 of 1910.
		on annual value of property	on annual value of property	
2. For every vehicle other than a motor car, motor tricar, motor lorry, motor bicycle, or tricycle ..	5 0	5 0	5 0	Section 127 of Ordinance No. 6 of 1910.
For every bicycle or tricycle (or bicycle car or cart, or tricycle car or cart) ..	3 0	3 0	3 0	
For every cart ..	4 0	4 0	4 0	
For every handcart ..	4 0	4 0	4 0	
For every jinricksha ..	2 50	2 50	2 50	
For every horse, pony, or mule ..	2 50	2 50	2 50	
For every bullock or ass ..	1 0	1 0	1 0	
Children's vehicles, the wheels of which do not exceed 26 inches in diameter, wheelbarrows, and handcarts not used for trade purposes are exempted from payment.				
3. Dog registration ..	1 50	Re.1 & 1.50	Re.1 & 1.50	

Municipal Office,  
Kandy, November 1, 1927.

R. H. WHITEHORN,  
Chairman.

**NOTICE TO MARINERS.**

No. 14 of 1927.

CEYLON—SOUTH COAST.

*Galle Harbour Beacons established.***P**OSITION: Latitude 6° 2' N.  
Longitude 80° 12½' E.

The following Beacons have been established to indicate the line on which ships in the Western Berths place their Eastern Anchors.

*Front Beacon*: A Red Cage on the Iron stake (Wreck) situated 4·1 Cables 34° from the North Extreme of Schwarte Fort.*Rear Beacon*: A White Cage Beacon 33 feet above L W O S situated 600 feet 353° from the Front Beacon.  
Chart affected 819.

Publications: Bay of Bengal Pilot, Fifth Edition, 1921, P 128.

Master Attendant's Office,  
Colombo, November 2, 1927.E. C. STUBBS, Captain, R.N.,  
Master Attendant.**LOCAL BOARD NOTICE.****Auctioneers and Brokers, Sanitary Board, Avissawella.****I**T is hereby notified that the under-mentioned has been granted a licence to practice as Auctioneer and Broker within the Sanitary Board limits of Avissawella during the year 1927, under section 13 of Ordinance No. 15 of 1889:—

Walter W. Driegberg, Avissawella.

C. V. Fernando, Avissawella.

The Kachcheri,  
Colombo, October 31, 1927.F. DE S. JAYARATNE,  
for Chairman.**NOTICES UNDER "THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ORDINANCE, No. 11 OF 1920."****Special Water Rate, Matale Urban District Council.****I**T is hereby notified that the Matale Urban District Council has, in terms of section 141 of the above Ordinance, with the sanction of the Local Government Board, imposed for the year 1928, within the area situated within the administrative limits of the Matale Urban District Council, a special water rate of 4 per centum, payable on March 31, June 30, September 30, and December 31, for the quarter ending on the said days, respectively, on the annual value of all immovable property situated within such area, save and except such immovable properties as are described in the schedule hereto.R. N. THAINE,  
President, Local Government Board.  
The Kachcheri,  
Colombo, November 7, 1927.**SCHEDULE.**

Properties bearing assessment Nos. 18 to 75 in Nagolla road.

Properties bearing assessment Nos. 20 to 246 in Hulangamuwa road.

Properties bearing assessment Nos. 3 to 24 in Rattota road.

Properties bearing assessment Nos. 2 to 57 in Moysey Crescent road.

Properties bearing assessment Nos. 289, 290, 292 to 297, 467 to 475, 477 to 490 in Trincomalee street.

Properties bearing assessment Nos. 49 to 52 and 54 to 5 in King street.

Properties bearing assessment Nos. 31 and 32 in Esplanade road.

Properties bearing assessment Nos. 29 to 43, 46 to 59, 62, 63, and 66 to 83 in Pannegama Pansala road.

Properties bearing assessment Nos. 67A, 70 to 91 in Harasagama road.

Properties bearing assessment Nos. 12 to 18 in Harrison-Jones road.

Properties bearing assessment Nos. 31 to 37 in Dole road.

Properties bearing assessment Nos. 17 and 23 in Muhandiram road.

Properties bearing assessment Nos. 33 and 34 in Agalawatta road.

All properties in Godapola-Gongawela road.

All properties in Tharalanda path.

All properties in Agalawatta village road.

All properties in Kumbiyangoda road.

All properties in Dodandeniya-Hulangamuwa road.

All properties in Nagolla village road.

**Jaffna Urban District Council Election.****I**T is hereby notified that Mr. Casippillai Arulambalam has this day been elected Member of the Jaffna Urban District Council, under section 33 (2) of "The Local Government Ordinance, No. 11 of 1920," to represent Electoral Division No. 4 for the year 1928.The Kachcheri,  
Jaffna, November 5, 1927.T. B. RUSSELL,  
Government Agent.

## Rates and Taxes, Ratnapura Urban District Council.

IT is hereby notified that the Ratnapura Urban District Council has, in terms of the above Ordinance, imposed for the year 1928, the following rates and taxes, being the same as were in force during the preceding year within the administrative limits of the Ratnapura Urban District Council, subject to the provisions of the aforesaid Ordinance :—

Under section 171 (1) (a) : A rate of five per centum, payable on March 31, on June 30, on September 30, and on December 31, for the quarter ending on the said days, respectively, on the annual value of all immovable property ;

Under section 173 (1) (b) : A tax in respect of the following vehicles and animals, payable on or before January 31, at the rates specified :—

	Rs.	c.
For every carriage of whatever description other than a cart, hackery, or jinrickshaw	5	0
For every double-bullock cart or hackery of whatever description	3	0
For every single-bullock cart or hackery	2	0
For every jinrickshaw	2	0
For every bicycle or tricycle	1	0
For every horse, pony, or mule	2	50

Urban District Council's Office, T. WALLOPPILLAI,  
Ratnapura, November 8, 1927. Chairman.

## Budget of the Ratnapura Urban District Council for the Year 1928.

## REVENUE.

		Amount.	Total.			Amount.	Total.
		Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.
<b>A.—General Revenue :—</b>							
(1) Property tax, 171 (1) (a)—							
Tax for current year	..	9,700	0				
Arrears of previous year	..	3,000	0				
(2) Acreage tax, 171 (1) (b)	..	—	—				
(3) Vehicles and animals tax, 173 (1) (b)	..	6,150	0				
(4) Licence duties	..	558	0				
(5) Other taxes, 173 (1) (d)	..	—	—				
(6) Refund of stamp duties (Schedule VI.)	..	1,352	0				
(7) Refund of liquor licences	..	1,000	0				
(8) Refund of Police tax	..	5,000	0				
(9) Compensation for opium revenue	..	3,409	23				
(10) Fines by court (not included elsewhere)	..	150	0				
(11) Pension contributions	..	—	—				
(12) Assessment costs, surplus	..	—	—				
(13) Interest from Bank	..	1,600	0				
(14) Sale of old stores	..	10	0				
			31,929	23			
<b>B.—Thoroughfares :—</b>							
(1) Subsidy in lieu of labour tax	..	4,249	80				
(2) Other collections, e.g., fines for injuries, &c. (97), cattle seizing fees, (103) (4), sale of badges and fare tables, &c.	..	985	0				
(3) Contributions by Government	..	—	—				
			5,234	80			
<b>C.—Resthouse and Ambalams :—</b>							
(1) Fees, 60	..	4,000	0				
(2) Other	..	50	0				
			4,050	0			
<b>D.—Council Lands and Buildings (not included elsewhere) :—</b>							
(1) Rents	..	138	0				
(2) Sale of produce	..	30	0				
			168	0			
<b>E.—Public Health :—</b>							
(1) General revenue—							
(a) Fines under Part IV., Chapter III.	..	250	0				
(b) Other	..	—	—				
			250	0			
(2) Scavenging—							
(a) Fees, 168 (10) (b)	..	—	—				
(b) Sale of refuse, 130	..	30	0				
(c) Fines on contractors and coolies	..	5	0				
(d) Refunds	..	—	—				
			35	0			
(3) Conservancy—							
(a) Fees, 168 (10) (b)	..	5,650	0				
(b) Sale of refuse, 130	..	—	—				
(c) Fines on contractors and coolies	..	5	0				
(d) Refunds	..	—	—				
			5,655	0			
<b>(4) Slaughter-house and cattle pound—</b>							
(a) Fees, 168 (11) (a)	..	1,205	0				
(b) Sale of refuse	..	—	—				
			1,205	0			
<b>(3) Water supply—</b>							
(a) Water-rate, 141 (b) (146)	..	7,950	0				
			7,950	0			
<b>(6) Hospitals—</b>							
(a) Contribution from Government	..	—	—				
(b) Rent for hospital grounds	..	—	—				
<b>(7) Markets and galas—</b>							
(a) Rents, 168 (12)	..	7,000	0				
(b) Boutiques and stalls, 168 (12)	..	—	—				
(c) Fees for private market, 150 (3)	..	—	—				
(d) Licences, 163 (1)	..	60	0				
			7,060	0			
<b>F.—Public Recreation 168 (7) (170) (1) (b) :—</b>							
(a) Rents	..	123	0				
(b) Cattle grazing fees	..	101	50				
(c) Licences for public performances	..	25	0				
(d) Grant for upkeep of Fort grounds	..	90	0				
			339	50			
<b>G.—Cemeteries Ordinance, No. 9 of 1899 :—</b>							
(1) Burial fees	..	450	0				
(2) Hire of hearse	..	50	0				
(3) Graves sold for erecting monuments	..	—	—				
(4) Fees for maintenance of Church of England burial ground	..	24	0				
			524	0			
<b>H.—Dog Registration Ordinance, No. 25 of 1901, and Rabies Ordinance, No. 7 of 1893 :—</b>							
(1) Registration fees	..	130	0				
(2) Fines	..	5	0				
(3) Sale of dog collars	..	15	0				
(4) Seizing fees	..	—	—				
			150	0			
<b>I.—Weights and Measures Ordinance, No. 8 of 1876 :—</b>							
(1) Fees for stamping	..	60	0				
(2) Fines	..	10	0				
			70	0			
<b>J.—Electricity Department :—</b>							
(1) Sale of current	..	—	—				
(2) Rent of meters	..	—	—				
(3) Works executed for customers	..	—	—				
(4) Miscellaneous	..	—	—				
			—				
Total estimated current revenue	..		64,620	53			
Estimated balance on December 31, 1927	..		50,000	0			
			Total	114,620	53		

## EXPENDITURE.

	Amount.		Total.		Amount.		Total.
	Rs.	c.			Rs.	c.	
<b>A.—General Expenditure :—</b>							
<b>(1) Salaries of officers—</b>							
(a) Secretary ..	2,520	0		(a) Wages ..	297	0	
(b) Revenue Inspector ..	600	0		(b) Maintenance ..	275	0	
(c) Clerk ..	1,200	0		(c) Acquisition ..	—	—	
(d) Peon ..	264	0		(d) Construction ..	—	—	
(e) Cost of technical advisers ..	500	0		(e) Cattle disease ..	25	0	597 0
(f) Pensions ..	258	0					
(g) Process server ..	180	0		<b>(5) Water supply—</b>			
(h) Messenger ..	246	0		(a) Wages ..	420	0	
<b>(2) Establishment expenses—</b>				(b) Stores ..	100	0	
(a) Allowances ..	988	50		(c) Maintenance ..	300	0	
(b) Travelling ..	—	—		(d) Acquisition ..	—	—	
(c) Commission to tax collectors ..	660	0		(e) Construction ..	—	—	
(d) Assessors fees ..	225	0		(f) Loan charges ..	—	—	
(e) Legal expenses ..	200	0		(g) Commission to collector ..	150	0	970 0
(f) Stationery, printing, advertising, and office expenses, &c. ..	1,103	0		<b>(6) Hospitals—</b>			
(g) Registration of voters ..	60	0		(a) Wages ..	—	—	
(h) Cost of cart plates ..	75	0		(b) Maintenance ..	950	0	
(i) Cost of audit ..	800	0		(c) Paupers ..	—	—	950 0
(j) Holiday railway tickets ..	140	0		<b>(7) Markets and galas—</b>			
<b>(3) Refunds ..</b>				(a) Wages ..	—	—	
			9,999 50	(b) Maintenance ..	200	0	
<b>B.—Thoroughfares :—</b>							
(1) Salaries and wages ..	990	0		(c) Printing ..	25	0	
(2) Maintenance ..	23,998	0		(d) Acquisition ..	—	—	
(3) Plant and tools ..	500	0		(e) Construction ..	—	—	
(4) Lighting ..	5,254	0		(f) Loan charges ..	—	—	225 0
(5) Watering of streets ..	—	—		<b>F.—Public Recreation :—</b>			
(6) Cost of badges and fare tables ..	—	—		(a) Wages ..	—	—	
(7) Acquisition ..	—	—		(b) Maintenance ..	520	0	
(8) Improvements ..	652	50		(c) Other ..	—	—	
(9) Loan charges ..	—	—		(d) Acquisition ..	—	—	520 0
(10) Refunds ..	—	—		<b>G.—Cemeteries Ordinance, No. 9 of 1899 :—</b>			
<b>(3) Refunds ..</b>				(1) Wages ..	822	0	
			31,394 50	(2) Maintenance ..	200	0	1,022 0
<b>C.—Resthouse and Ambalams :—</b>							
(1) Salaries ..	807	0		<b>H.—Dog Registration Ordinance, No. 25 of 1901, and Rabies Ordinance, No. 7 of 1893 :—</b>			
(2) Maintenance ..	1,400	0		(1) Destruction of dogs ..	82	50	
(3) Furniture and equipment ..	1,180	0		(2) Commission to collector ..	7	50	
(4) Improvements ..	—	—		(3) Cost of dog collars ..	15	0	
<b>(3) Refunds ..</b>				(4) Cost of seizers ..	—	—	
			3,387 0	(5) Dog pound maintenance ..	10	0	115 0
<b>D.—Council Lands and Buildings (not charged elsewhere) :—</b>							
(1) Wages ..	—	—		<b>I.—Weights and Measures Ordinance, No. 8 of 1876 :—</b>			
(2) Commission to collectors ..	—	—		(1) Fees to examiner ..	—	—	
(3) Rent of office ..	480	0		(2) Stores ..	10	0	10 0
(4) Maintenance ..	1,753	0		<b>J.—Electricity Department :—</b>			
(5) Furniture ..	250	0		(1) Generation of electricity, &c. ..	—	—	
(6) Police tax ..	150	16		(2) Repairs and maintenance, &c. ..	—	—	
(7) Loan charges ..	—	—		(3) Service and house connections, &c. ..	—	—	
(8) Cost of new buildings ..	—	—		(4) Management and general expenses, &c. ..	—	—	
<b>(8) Cost of new buildings ..</b>				(5) Loan charges ..	—	—	
			2,633 16	<b>Total estimated expenditure ..</b>			
<b>E.—Public Health :—</b>							
(a) Salaries ..	1,600	0		<b>Estimated balance on December 31, 1928 ..</b>			
(b) Allowances ..	755	0					72,493 96
(c) Uniforms ..	240	0		<b>Total ..</b>			
(d) Printing and stationery ..	—	—					114,620 53
(e) Disinfectants ..	350	0					
(f) Maintenance of vagrants at house of detention ..	500	0					
<b>(f) Maintenance of vagrants at house of detention ..</b>							
			3,445 0				
<b>(2) Scavenging—</b>							
(a) Wages ..	4,426	80					
(b) Carts and lorries ..	3,795	0					
(c) Stores ..	350	0					
<b>(c) Stores ..</b>							
			8,571 80				
<b>(3) Conservancy—</b>							
(a) Wages ..	4,686	0					
(b) Carts and lorries ..	3,075	0					
(c) Stores, stationery, &c. ..	550	0					
(d) Rent of night soil depôts and latrine sites ..	43	0					
(e) Maintenance of latrines ..	300	0					
(f) Acquisition ..	—	—					
(g) Construction ..	—	—					
<b>(g) Construction ..</b>							
			8,654 0				

Settled and adopted by the Council on October 11, 1927 :

T. WALLOPPILLAI  
Chairman, Ratnapura Urban District Council.



## ROAD COMMITTEE NOTICES.

## High Forest-Bramley Branch Road.

NOTICE is hereby given that, in terms of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, No. 14 of 1896," a General Meeting of the proprietors or resident managers of the estates interested in the above road will be held at Bramley Estate Office on Saturday, November 26, 1927, at 3.30 P.M., for the purpose of electing a Local Committee, which shall consist of not less than three nor more than five members and which shall hold office for two years.

Notice is also given that the Local Committee, as soon as elected, will consider—

1. Election of Chairman, Local Committee.
2. To pass estimate for the maintenance of the road for 1927-28.
3. To report to the Provincial Road Committee with regard to—

- (a) The names of estates (with their acreages) which are interested in and which use the road.
- (b) The sections of the road used by these estates.
- (c) The names of proprietors, resident managers, or superintendents, and of the agents of these estates, for the assessment of the moiety of cost of maintenance for the year ending September 30, 1928.

N.B.—The General Meeting shall consist of such number of proprietors or resident managers within the district as shall represent not less than one-third acreage.

E. R. SUDBURY,  
for Chairman.

Provincial Road Committee's Office,  
Kandy, November 7, 1927.

## Election of Members, District Road Committee, Galle.

NOTICE is hereby given that, under the 26th clause of the Ordinance No. 10 of 1861, all persons intending to offer themselves as candidates for the office of European, Burgher, or Ceylonese Member of the District Road Committee of Galle for the years 1928, 1929, and 1930 are hereby

required to signify their intention in writing to the Chairman of the Provincial Road Committee for the Southern Province at least 10 days before the day of election.

The election will be held on December 12, 1927, at 2.30 P.M., at the Galle Kachcheri.

Road Committee Office, K. VAITHIANATHAN,  
Galle, October 31, 1927, Secretary.

## Election of Members, District Road Committee, Matara.

NOTICE is hereby given that, under the 26th clause of the Ordinance No. 10 of 1861, all persons intending to offer themselves as candidates for the office of European, Burgher or Ceylonese Member of the District Road Committee of Matara for the years 1928, 1929, and 1930, are hereby required to signify their intention in writing to the Chairman of the Provincial Road Committee for the Southern Province at least 10 days before the day of election.

The election will be held on November 24, 1927, at 10 A.M., at the Matara Kachcheri.

Road Committee Office, K. VAITHIANATHAN,  
Galle, October 31, 1927, Secretary.

## Bowatta-Molaeliya Estate Road.

NOTICE is hereby given, in terms of section 11 of the Estate Roads Ordinance, No. 12, of 1902, that, a General Meeting of the proprietors or resident managers of the estates interested in the above road will be held, at the office of the Government Agent, Kurunegala, on Monday, November 28, 1927, at 10.30 A.M., for the purpose of electing a Local Committee.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, T. A. HODSON,  
Kurunegala, October 28, 1927, Chairman.

## TRADE MARKS NOTICES.

## Trade Marks registered during the Month of October, 1927.

Trade Mark No.	Advertised in Gazette		Proprietors.	Class.
	No.	Of:		
3,622	7,597	August 5, 1927	The Massillon Steel Joist Co.	13
3,842	7,597	August 5, 1927	Lever Brothers, Ltd.	47
3,843	7,597	August 5, 1927	Do.	48
3,854	7,599	August 12, 1927	J. & G. Stewart, Ltd.	43
3,860	7,599	August 12, 1927	Mrs. Isabella Borland, trading as "Rankin & Co."	3
3,892	7,599	August 12, 1927	James Alexander Henderson, Herbert Joseph Hanscomb, and George Kenneth Logan, trading as "Henderson & Co."	42
3,912	7,600	August 19, 1927	Carson & Company, Ltd.	42
3,926	7,600	August 19, 1927	Hans Renold, Ltd.	13
3,839	7,603	August 26, 1927	Mg. Tun Pe, trading as "The Ceylon Rangoon Trading Co."	38
3,840	7,603	August 26, 1927	Do.	38
3,841	7,603	August 26, 1927	Do.	38
3,889	7,603	August 26, 1927	D. C. Weththesinghe, trading as "Mahaseetodaka Bhaishajiyalaya"	3
3,924	7,603	August 26, 1927	C. S. Antony, trading as "C. S. Antony & Co."	42
3,925	7,603	August 26, 1927	Meera Mohideen Sayed Mohamed Abbas Saibo	13
3,932	7,603	August 26, 1927	James John Wall, Daniel Thomas Richards & John Stirling McIntyre, trading as "Leechman & Co."	42

## Address of Registered Proprietor altered in the Register.

Trade Mark No.	Advertised in Gazette		Proprietors.	Class.
	No.	Of		
1,508	6,591	November 21, 1913	H. N. H. Mohideen, address altered to No. 67, Main street, Pettah, Colombo	50
1,509	6,591	November 21, 1913	Do.	50

## Trade Marks renewed during the Month of October, 1927.

284	5,675	February 9, 1900	Oxo, Limited	42
1,503	6,589	November 7, 1913	Sterling Products (Inc)	48
1,512	6,595	December 5, 1913	H. Vanden Driesen	43
1,511	6,595	December 5, 1913	The Bradford Dyers Association, Ltd.	34
1,514	6,598	December 19, 1913	The Silicate Paint Company (J. B. Orr & Co., Ltd.)	1
1,515	6,598	December 19, 1913	Peter Dawson, Ltd.	43

## Trade Marks to be removed from the Register for Non-Payment of Renewal Fees.

276	5,663	December 1, 1899	Herbert Tarrant	24 & 42
1,500	6,588	October 31, 1913	(Mrs.) Julia Annetta Peter, trading as "Madame Gainsborough"	38
1,507	6,589	November 7, 1913	M. O. M. Abdul Cader, trading as "Highlander Aerated Water Co."	44

Registrar-General's Office,  
Colombo, November 9, 1927.

C. COOMARASWAMY,  
Registrar of Trade Marks.

NOTICE is hereby given that any person who has grounds of objection to the registration of the following Trade Mark may, within two months from the date of this Gazette, lodge Notice of Opposition on Form T. M. No. 7 with an uncancelled stamp of Rs. 20 affixed thereto.

The period for lodging Notice of Opposition may be enlarged by the Registrar if he thinks fit and upon such terms as he may direct.

(1) Trade Mark No. 3,881.

(2) Date of Receipt: June 20, 1927.

(3) Applicant (Proprietor of the Trade Mark): CALUMET BAKING POWDER COMPANY (a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Illinois, United States of America), 4100, Fillmore street, City of Chicago, County of Cook, State of Illinois, United States of America: Manufacturers.

(4) Address for service in the Island: Julius & Creasy, Colombo.

(5) Class: Forty-two.

(6) Goods: Baking powder.

(7) Representation of the Trade Mark:



C. COOMARASWAMY,  
Registrar-General's Office,  
Colombo, November 9, 1927.

NOTICE is hereby given that any person who has grounds of objection to the registration of the following Trade Mark may, within two months from the date of this Gazette, lodge Notice of Opposition on Form T. M. No. 7 with an uncancelled stamp of Rs. 20 affixed thereto.

The period for lodging Notice of Opposition may be enlarged by the Registrar if he thinks fit and upon such terms as he may direct.

(1) Trade Mark No. 3,910.

(2) Date of Receipt: July 22, 1927.

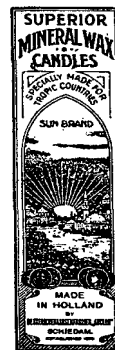
(3) Applicant (Proprietor of the Trade Mark): DE STEARINE KAARSENFABRIEK "APOLLO" (a limited liability Company duly organized under the laws of the Kingdom of the Netherlands), 8, Voorhaven, Schiedam, Province of South Holland, Kingdom of Netherlands: Manufacturers.

(4) Address for service in the Island: Julius & Creasy, Colombo.

(5) Class: Forty-seven.

(6) Goods: Candles, candlewicks and other wicks, Turkey red oil, sebacic acids, torches, lampicns and other articles used for illuminating or heating purposes, tapers, and any other products of candle manufactures.

(7) Representation of the Trade Mark:



The description of goods varies in use.

C. COOMARASWAMY,  
Registrar-General's Office,  
Colombo, November 9, 1927.