

THE

CEYLON GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

EXTRAORDINARY.

No. 7,794 – SATURDAY, JULY 26, 1930.

Published by Authority.

PART I.—GENERAL.

(Separate paging is given to each Part in order that it may be filed separately.)

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATIONS.

Oil Installations Scheme at Colombo.

8 18/26

IT is hereby notified for general information that the following charges will be levied from August 1, 1930, until further notice in connection with the Oil Installations Scheme at Colombo:—

Rs. 7 per 1,000 gallons on all petroleum, whether fuel oil, kerosene, or petrol imported in bulk or transhipped at Colombo.

Rs. 2.20 per 1,000 gallons, working and maintenance charge.

Half cent per ton on the gross tonnage of the vessel for every six hours or part thereof during which a vessel is berthed alongside the Oil Jetties for purposes other than discharging or bunkering petroleum in bulk.

Vessels discharging or bunkering petroleum in bulk at the Oil Jetties, and at the same time unloading or loading any other cargo on to, or from the jetties will be liable to an additional charge at the rate of 5 cents per package unloaded or loaded.

The Notification dated March 20, 1928, published in Government Gazette No. 7,635 of March 22, 1928, is hereby cancelled.

By His Excellency's command,

F. G. TYRRELL, Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, July 26, 1930.

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"THE EXCISE ORDINANCE, No. 8 of 1912."

X 105/30

Conditions on which the Exclusive Privilege of selling Arrack by Retail within any Local Area is granted by the Governor under Section 18.

THE following are the conditions on which the exclusive privilege of selling arrack by retail within any local area is granted by the Governor under section 18 of "The Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912."

- 1. The privilege will be sold for the period from October 1 to September 30 next following on application by way of tender in the form and manner prescribed in these conditions.
 - 2. No tender will be accepted from any person-
 - (a) whose name appears on the list of defaulting contractors, or on the list of defaulters in respect of toll, arrack, or toddy rents, or on the list of persons precluded for other reasons from having any concern in any Government Rent; or

(b) whose name is on the Excise Register of Offenders; or

- (c) who is a habitual criminal or who has been convicted of any crime or of any Excise offence; or
- (d) whose licence has been cancelled under section 26 of the Excise Ordinance, No. 8 of 1912.
- 3. The Government Agent may refuse to accept any tender.
- 4. Every tender shall be made on the prescribed form (which may be obtained from the Government Agent or Assistant Government Agent of the district within which the tavern in respect of which the tender is to be made is situated), and shall bear affixed to it an uncancelled revenue stamp of Rs. 10. The value of this stamp will not be refunded, whether the tender is or is not accepted.
- 5. The privilege for each local area is granted separately and a separate tender form must be used in respect of each such local area.
 - 6. No person is permitted to send in more tenders than one in respect of any one local area.
- 7. Every tender must be made by the tenderer in his own name. No tender will be accepted if made through an agent.
- 8. Every tender shall be accompanied by a Treasury or Kachcheri receipt acknowledging the deposit of a sum of Rs. 500, and the number and date of the receipt must be entered on the face of the tender form.
- 9. If any tenderer, on being declared to be the purchaser of the privilege, declines to sign these conditions of sale or fails to furnish the required security when called upon to do so, the deposit of Rs. 500 made under condition 8 will be declared to be forfeited and the defaulter will render himself liable to have his name entered in the list of defaulters in respect of toll, arrack, or toddy rents. Subject to this exception the deposits of all tenderers will be returned after the conditions of sale have been signed by the successful tenderer.
- 10. Every tender must be placed in a sealed envelope clearly marked in the top left hand corner with the name of the tavern in respect of which the tender is made and its number on the list of sanctioned taverns. The envelope shall be (a) deposited in the Kachcheri Tender Box, or (b) handed to the Government Agent or to the Assistant Government Agent or to his Office Assistant, or (c) sent by registered post so as to reach the Kachcheri before the time fixed for closing the tenders.
- 11. (a) Subject to conditions 2 and 3 above the privilege will be granted to the person offering the highest rent (exclusive of duty and cost price) in respect thereof.
- (b) No remission of rent payable in respect of the privilege will be granted on any plea of the grantee's having over-estimated the value of any taven or on any other ground.
- (c) The privilege shall not be transferable otherwise than with the sanction of the Governor first had and obtained.
- (d) The successful tenderer (hereinafter referred to as "the grantee") shall pay the rent to the Government Agent in twelve equal monthly instalments. The first instalment of the rent shall be deemed to be due and payable on September 30, 19—, and succeeding instalments shall be deemed to be severally due and payable on the last day of each succeeding month. Interest at the rate of 9 per centum per annum shall be payable in respect of all arrears.
- 12. In addition to the rent the grantee snall pay in respect of every gallon of arrack (at 33 degrees, or not more than 35 degrees, under roof) removed from the Government Warehouse the cost price at the rates shown in Schedule A, and duty at the rate of Rs. 7 per gallon.
- 13. (a) The grantee shall, immediately on being granted the privilege, sign these conditions and pay to the Government Agent as a security deposit a sum equivalent to four months' rent of the privilege, which amount shall be liable, at the absolute discretion of the Government Agent, to be forfeited as liquidated damages, and not as a penalty, for the breach of any of these conditions, without prejudice to any other penalty prescribed or available in law for such breach, and shall also execute a formal deed of agreement hypothecating the said sum for the satisfaction and payment of such liquidated damages.
- (b) The grantee shall at the same time execute, if so required by the Government Agent, a power of attorney in the form sanctioned by law to confe is judgment in any action which may be in tituted against him for the realization of the said sum as liquidated damages.
- (c) The grantee shall, on signing these conditions, elect and signify under his hand a Post Office or postel address to which all notices and processes whatever in connection with the privilege may be addressed under registered cover; and all such notices or processes as aforesaid, so addressed to such post office or so directed to such postal address, and posted in due course, shall be deemed to be good and effectual for all purposes as if they had been served upon the grantee in person upon the day on which any such notice or process was so posted.
- 14. The grantee shall not sell any arrack under the privilege in either of the taverns specified in Schedule B hereto for removal from such tavern.

Period for which the privilege will be sold. Tenders which will not be accepted.

Government Agent's power to reject tenders. Tender forms.

Separate tender in respect of every tavern. Only one tender for any one tavern.

Tenders to be in tenderer's own name Deposit receipt to accompany

tender.
Refund of deposit.

Delivery of tender forms.

Privilege will be sold to the person making the highest tender.

No remission of rent.

Transfer of the privilege.

Duty and cost price.

Signing of conditions and of agreement and deposit of security.

Warrant of attorney.

Postal address for notices.

Prohibition of "Off Sales."

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- 15. The grantee shall have no concern or interest direct or indirect, (a) in the sale of fermented toddy, or (b) in the purchase of any privilege of selling toddy, or (c) in the sale of foreign liquor within the area to which the privilege of selling arrack relates.
- 16. The grantee shall purchase arrack only from the Government Warehouse specified in respect of the district within which the tavern is situated in Schedule C hereto, and in quantities not less than those prescribed in the said schedule.
- 17:7 The grantee shall accept such arrack as is available at the Government Warehouse, whether in bulk or in bottles.
- 18. The grantee shall draw such proportion of each consignment drawn by him as the Excise Commissioner or his Deputy or Assistant may require in sealed bottles.
- 19. The grantee shall pay all sums due to the Crown on account of duty, cost price, and the extra cost for bottled arrack at the Kachcheri of the district within which the area to which the privilege relates is situated and shall obtain a receipt therefor. Such receipt shall be delivered to the officer in charge of the warehouse, who will deliver to the grantee the quantity of arrack in respect of which the duty, cost price, and extra cost for bottled arrack, if any, have been paid.
- 20. The grantee shall have no claim against the Crown for compensation (beyond a proportionate refund of the amount paid) in respect of any failure by the Crown for any reason whatsoever to deliver the full quantity for which the grantee has made payment at the Kachcheri as aforesaid.
- 21. No payment of any sum due by the grantee to the Crown shall be deemed to have been duly made, unless the grantee shall produce a Kachcheri receipt in respect thereof.
- 22. The Government Agent shall have power, at his discretion, to refuse to issue any order on the Warehouse for the supply of arrack to the grantee till all arrears of rent in respect of the privilege have been settled with interest.
- 23. The grantee shall open the tavern or taverns on a day to be fixed by the Government Agent.
- 24. The grantee shall at all times keep at a tavern such minimum quantity of arrack as the Excise Commissioner or his Deputy or Assistant shall from time to time prescribe.
- 25. (a) All arrack sold by the bottle on a retail "off" licence shall be sold in sealed bottles bearing intact the seal of the Excise Department.

The grantee shall not keep in a tavern any sealed bottles other than those bearing the seal of the Excise Department. He shall put aside any bottle bearing a damaged or obliterated seal and shall show it to the Inspecting Officer on his next visit, and any such bottle shall, if so ordered by the Assistant Commissioner of Excise for the division, be exchanged for a fresh bottle.

- (b) The grantee shall at all times keep at least one dozen sealed bottles of each kind of bottled arrack on a shelf or rack hung on the wall of the tavern prominently in view of customers at the bar.
- (c) No arrack shall be bottled in a tavern. No corks, empty bottles, seals, sealing wax, or other appliances used in bottling arrack shall be kept in the tavern.
- (d) The grantee of the privilege in respect of any tavern in which "Off" sales are not prohibited shall supply sealed bottles of arrack on demand.
- 26. All arrack exposed or kept for sale in a tavern shall be of a strength not below 35 degrees under proof according to Syko's hydrometer test. No water, and no colouring, flavouring, or other matter whatsoever shall be added thereto.
- 27. All arrack kept or exposed for sale in a tavern shall at all times be made available for inspection and test by officers of the Excise Department.
- 28. No barrel, cask, keg, vat, or other receptacle shall be used for the storage or transport or arrack, unless it bears clearly marked on it its correct capacity in terms of gallons.

Provided that in any arrack tavern licensed for sale for consumption on the premises only, no arrack shall be stored or kept for sale in any barrel, cask, keg, vat, or other receptacle of less capacity than three gallons, nor shall arrack be transported from or to any such tavern except in receptacles of like capacity.

- 29. The grante, shall account for all arrack in the prescribed form of tavern register. He shall also keep separate accounts on Form Excise C. S. 1 (5/26) in respect of arrack in bulk and of arrack in bottles.
- 30. All sales from bulk shall, if the Excise Commissioner at any time so directs by writing under his hand addressed to the grantee, be made by means of special measuring taps of a pattern to be approved by him.
- 31. Standard measures approved by the Excise Commissioner, viz., 1½ drams, 1 dram, ¼ dram, ½ dram, and ½ dram shall be kept in every tavern and shall on demand by any customer be used in measuring the arrack he has purchased.*
- 32. Every drinking vossel used or kept at a tavern other than the standard measures referred to in condition 31 shall be made of glass or of some other transparent material, and shall have clearly marked on it in coloured figures its capacity and the current authorized price for that quantity. The quantity shall further be indicated by a horizontal line, coloured red, cut at least 2 inches round the circumference of such vossel and not less than one-half of an inch below the top of the vessel. The price shall be marked in bold red figures immediately above the centre of the cut red line aforesaid and the quantity shall be marked on the opposite side, i.e., on the exterior side of the wessel furthest from the price. No arrack shall be served for consumption on the premises otherwise than in a drinking vessel marked as hereinbefore prescribed.
- 33. If the grantee, or any agent of, or person employed by the grantee, is, during the continuance of the privilege, convicted of an effence under Chapter XIII. of the Ceylon Penal Code, the Government Agent may without notice to the grantee, cancel the privilege.

Toddy excluded.

Purchases from Government Warehouse minimu quantities.

Such arrack as is available to be accepted.

Proportion in sealed bottles.

Payment at Kachcheri.

Refund in respect of quantity paid for and not delivered.

Kachcheri receipts alone valid.

Power of Government Agent to refuse order for arrack.

Taverns to be opened on date fixed by Government Agent.

Minimum quantity to be kept at tavern.

Sealed bottles.

Sealed bottles to be kept prominently in view.

Bottling prohibited.

Sealed bottles to be supplied.

Strength of arrack kept for sale.

Inspection by Excise Department.

Capacity of receptacles to be marked on them.

Minimum capacity of vessels where Off-sales prohibited.

Accounts in respect of arrack.

Measuring taps.

Standard measures.

Drinking vessels to be marked with quantity and price.

Short measure, consequences.

^{*} Standard measures are obtainable at the Kachcheris.

Printed list of selling prices.

34. The grantee-

other cause whatsoever.

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(a) Shall affix in a prominent place in the tavern, so as to be clearly visible to and legible by the customers at the bar, lists printed in bold letters and figures in English, Sinhalese, and Tamil of the selling price of the arrack offered for sale, by the dram and by sealed bottles.

Maximum price in sealed bottles. (b) Shall not sell arrack in sealed bottles at rates exceeding the following:

8 dram white bottles, at the rate of Rs. 2.75 each. 6 dram black bottles, at the rate of Rs. 2.05 each.

Pint bottles, at the rate of Re. 1.40 each.

Higher rates on special permit. Provided that the Government Agent may for special reasons and on the application of the grantee, permit the sale of arrack at such rates exceeding the rates hereinbefore set forth as he may. in his discretion determine. CALL METERS AND THE SECOND

Dealing with Excise Officers.

35. Neither the grantee, nor any agent or employee of the grantee, shall have any pecuniary dealings with the officers of the Excise Department.

Responsibility for agents' acts.

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- 36. The grantee shall be responsible for all acts of his agents and employees in relation to the
- privilege. 37. The grantee shall not have or make any claim to any reduction, or to the remission, of any sum due and owing by him to the Crown by reason of any loss alleged to have been sustained by him, whether on account of any closing of the tavern during the passage of troops or during the encampment of troops in the vicinity of the tavern or during the holding of any poll, or through any
- 38. The grantee shall take over from the out-going grantee and pay to him an amount, which may be agreed on, equal to the cost of—
 - (a) The balance of arrack remaining in a tavern, after the closing hour of the date of expiry of the privilege of the out-going grantee, and

(b) Any bottled arrack, and

(c) Transport, wastage, and other miscellaneous charges.

39. Where the in-coming and out-going grantee cannot agree with regard to the sum to be paid as aforesaid the out-going grantee shall forthwith remove the balance of arrack of a strength not below 35 degrees underproof on a permit, to the nearest Excise Warehouse, and deliver it to the Excise Warehouse Officer in charge thereof and obtain a receipt.

The out-going grantee shall present such receipt to the Excise Commissioner who shall pay to such grantee the value of the arrack as delivered at the rates of duty, cost price, and extra cost

of bottled arrack, if any, at which such grantee purchased such arrack.

Termination.

40. (A) The rent shall be determined by (a) the expiry of the term for which the privilege shall have been granted; (b) the death of the grantee; (c) or breach of any of the conditions governing it.

account for all arrack purchased.

black bottles.

(B) The grantee shall account for all arrack purchased by him from time to time. allowance made on account of wastage will under no circumstances exceed two per centum of the total quantity purchased.

SCHEDULE A.

(Vide Condition 12.) 1.16

Section 1985 Section 1985 Cost Price per District. Gallon. Rs. c. Colombo, Negombo, Kalutara, Kandy, Nuwara Eliya, Matale, Galle, Hambantota, Ratnapura, Kegalla, Kurunegala, Chilaw, Puttalam

Jaffna, Mannar, Mullaittivu, Batticaloa, Trincomalee, Badulla 3 50 Additional cost price over and above the rates quoted above will be recovered in respect of arrack supplied in spaled bottles at the rate of Rs. 2 per gallon bottled in white bottles and at the rate of Re. 1.50 per gallon bottled in

> SCHEDULE B. (Vide Condition 14.)

Taverns at which "Off sales" are prohibited :-

Point Pedro tavern in Jaffna District.

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Holbrook tavern in Nuwara Eliya District.

SCHEDULE C.

(Vide Condition 16.)

District.	to the letter of the second of	The Section of the Se	Situation of	Warohouso.	Minimum to be Purchased at any one time. Gallons.
Colombo, Kalutara, Galle Negombo, Puttalam, Chilaw Kandy, Nuwara Eliya Kegalla (20) Kurunegala, Jaffna Batticaloa Trincomalee Ratnapura, Badulla	••	* 11 .00 1	Kelutara Negombo Kandy Kandy Kandy or Nego Batticaloa Trincomaleo Bandarawela	mb o	10

- will be accepted. The deposit of Rs. 500 will, subject to the provisions of arrack rent sale condition No. 9, be refunded.
- the arrack tavern concerned and must be deposited in the Kachcheri tender box or handed to the Government Agent or to the Assistant Government Agent or to the Office Assistant or posted by registered post in time for delivery at the Kachcheri before the time fixed for closing tenders.
- 4. A separate form must be used in respect of each tavern. No tenderer may submit more than one tender for any one tavern.

Office of the Excise Commissioner, Colombo, July 26, 1930.

E. Rodrigo, Acting Excise Commissio, er.

* Insert name of tavern.

† Insert name of District.

F 1598/29

IIS Excellency the Officer Administering the Government in Executive Council has been pleased, with the approval of the Secretary of State for the Colonies, to direct that the following amendments be incorporated in the Minutes on Pensions:—

Substitute "£2,000" for "£1,300" in line 8 of section 2. Delete the existing section 21 (2) and substitute the following:—

1(2) For the purpose of this section—

- (a) The expression "public service" includes employment under a local public body, or in the Colonial Audit Department (Home Establishment), or in the office of the Crown Agents for the Colonies, or under the High Commissioner for Transport in Kenya and Uganda, or any
- (b) The words "to which he would have been entitled had the whole of his service been under the Government of the Colony," shall be construed without regard being had to the limitation of £2,000 per annum of pension from all sources imposed by section 2.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, July 26, 1920.

F. G. TYRRELL. Acting Colonial Secretary.

ORDINANCE No. 13 of 1896.

K 692/27

EGULATIONS made under section 1 of Ordinance No. 13 of 1896 by His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government, with the advice of the Executive Council, in anticipation of the pilgrimage proposed to be made to the Dewundera Sri Vishnu Maha Dewale in the Matara District, Southern Province.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, July 26, 1930.

F. G. TYRRELL, Acting Colonial Secretary.

PILGRIMAGE TO THE DEWUNDERA SRI VISHNU MAHA DEWALE.

Rules made under Pilgrimages Ordinance, No. 13 of 1896.

1. The duration of the stay at Dondra of pilgrims to the Dewundera Sri Vishnu Maha Dewale shall be restricted to a period of thirteen days, namely, August 5 to August 17, 1930. Pilgrims arriving before the day first named or staying beyond the period herein prescribed shall be guilty of an offence.

2. In the event of any disease of a contagious, infectious, or epidemic nature breaking out at Dondra or in its vicinity before or during the pilgrimage or at any other place in the Southern Province, from which, in the opinion of the Assistant Government Agent, it is likely to be conveyed to Dondra during the pilgrimage, it shall be lawful for the Assistant Government Agent to prohibit the pilgrimage or to declare the pilgrimage at an end, and to direct all visitors to leave Dondra at once, and return to their homes, and to prescribe the routes by which they shall travel. Any person disobeying the order of the Assistant Government Agent shall be guilty of an offence.

3. Any person suffering from an infectious or contagious disease, and not forthwith reporting the same to the Sanitary Inspector or Medical Officer, or in their absence to the senior officer of Police present at Dondra, and any person

abetting or assisting in the concealment of such disease, shall be guilty of an offence.

4. Any person selling meat, fish, or fresh vegetables at Dondra during the continuance of the pilgrimage in any, other place than that assigned for the purpose by the Assistant Government Agent or Chairman of the Sanitary Board and any person selling meat, food, or drink of any kind condemned as unwholesome by a Sanitary Inspector or Medical Officer, or in their absence by the Mudaliyar or senior officer of Police present at Dondra, shall be guilty of an offence.

5. The proprietor or (if leased) the lessee of the grounds used in connection with the pilgrimage shall be responsible for the erection of proper latrine accommodation on a site, and of a type approved by the Assistant Government Agent or Chairman of the Sanitary Board sufficient, to last during the continuance of the pilgrimage, for which purpose he shall forward plans and specifications for the approval of the Assistant Government Agent or Chairman, Sanitary Board, at least ten days before the pilgrimage commences. He shall further be responsible for the supply of coir dust, or sand, and disinfectants of a quality approved by the Assistant Government Agent, and for the proper conservancy and cleaning of the latrines at least twice a day during the continuance of the pilgrimage. In the event of the properitor or lessee contravening any of the provisions of this regulation he shall be guilty of an offence.

6. Any person who shall during the pilgrimage use any other place for the offices of nature than that set apart for the purpose by the Assistant Government Agent or Sanitary Board or the proprietor or lessee of the grounds used in connection with the pilgrimage, or failing to cover the deposit with earth or sand, shall be guilty of an effence.

7. The proprietor or (if leased) the lessee of the grounds used in connection with the pilgrimage shall be responsible

for the collection and removal of all straw, rubbish, cattle dung, or any kind of litter at least once every day during the continuance of the pilgrimage, and such rubbish and litter shall be burned or buried at a place approved by the Assistant Government Agent or the Chairman of the Sanitary Board. Any proprietor or lessee failing to carry out or to cause to be carried out the provisions of this regulation shall be guilty of an offence.

8. No booth or other building for the purpose of the pilgrimage shall be erected at Dondra within a pace of 12 feet from the side drain of the main road from Matara to Tangalla and of the approach road to the dewale, and no stall-holder, vendor, or betel-seller shall expose any article for sale within such space. Any person contravening this

regulation shall be guilty of an effence.

9. No booth or other building shall be erected at Dondra on such portion of the ground as may be reserved by the Assistant Government Agent, Matara, for the accommodation of visitors or vehicles. Any person contravening the provisions of this regulation shall be guilty of an offence.

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දකුණු පළාඉන් මාතර දිස්වීක්කමශ් දෙවුන්දර ශී විෂණු මහා දේවාලශේ පවත්වන්නට අදහස්කර තිබෙන පෙරහැර ම්ඔකලාග පිළිබදව කාරක මහසු සභාගත ලබනාපාලනයෙහි නියුහා උතුමාණන්වහන්සේ වීසින් වීම් 1896ගේ අඹක 13 දරණ **කස.පණ≥ත් පළමුමෙනි විශන්තිය යටනේ සමාාදනය කරනලද න්යොග.**

වම් 1330 ත්වූ ජූලි මත 2ිවෙනි දින කොළඹ මහලේකම්ධැනගේ කන්තෝමේදිය.

උතුමාණන්වහන්සේගේ අණපරිදි, එස්. ජී. විර**ල්**, වැඩබහල මහ ලේකම්තැන විමිත.

ඉදවුන්දර ශී විෂණු මහා ඉද්වාලගේ පෙරහැර මඛන**ලාය.**

1896 ශය් අඛක 13 දරන වනුනාගමන් පිලිබද ආස, පණත යටහන් සමපාදනයකරනලද වෘවසථා.

- 1. දෙවුන්දර ශී මීෂණු මහ දේවාලයට ජෙරහැර ඔබහලා සදහා සහ වදානාකාරයන්ට දෙවුන්දර නැවතී සිටීමට ආචාර අ, ති කාලය දගගුන් දවසකි, එනම් 1930 ෙන් අගොස්තු මස 5 වෙන් දින පටන් ! 7 වෙනි දින දක්වා පමණකි. මුලින් කී් දිනට ≩ත් තත් දැමි∍ණන්නාවූ හෝ මෙහි නියමකළ කාලයට වඩා නහරවන්නාවූ චන්දනාකාරයෝ වරදක්කිරීම ගෑන වැරදිකාර + ගේ වෙන්.
- ි2. පෙරග,ර කාලයේදී හෝ ඊට කලින් දෙවුන්දර හෝ ඒ අසල බෝවෙන පැති රෙන හොහොත් වසංගත ක්විතාව සේ යම් ෝ කයක් පට ශ්නත් කොත් නැත් නම් උප දිසා පතිතුමාගේ කලපනාමේ හැවියට වණුනාකාලයේ දී දෙවු ස්දරව පැතිර එන්ට ප්රවන් දකුණු පළාහේ වෙනයම් සමානයක එබ**දු රෝ**ගයක් පවතීනම් විස්නාගමන නගනමකරන්නට කෝ පෙරහැර කාලය අවතා හවූයේයයි පුකාශකරන්නවද දෙවුන්දරව පිටින් ඇමින්සිට් සියැල්ලන්වම විශාම ඉන් පිටමි **නම** තමන් මෙන් කම්වලට හැරීයන්ට නියමකරන්නටද ඔවුන් යායුතු මාගී මේ මේ යයි නියමකර න්නටද උප දිසාපතිතුමාට නීති පුනාර වෙතැර කාලය අගාරය අයාර් කිලිය නිමේ. ලප දීයා පතිතුමාගේ ආසෑ නොසලකන සමෙක් ඈද්ද ශේෂනම අපරාධයක්කිරීම නෑන විරදකාරයෙන් ඉවි.

- 3. මෝවෙන නොහොත් පැතිරෙන රෝගයකින් පෙළෙමින් ඒ බව විසාම සනිපාර සන පරිසා කතුැගට හෝ වෙදිදු මූලාදුනිකැනට හෝ වවුන් නැතිවිට, දෙවුන්දර සිටින පොලීසිගේ මූලාදුනින් අතුරෙන් උසස් මූලාදුනියාට නොදන්වා සිටින සමෙක්ද ඇද්ද, තවද එබදු රෝගයක් පවතින බැව් වසන්කරගැනීමට අනුබලදෙන්නාවූ සෝ ආධාරකරන්නාවූ සමෙක් ඇත්ද එබදු අය අපරාධයක්කිරීම ගැන වරදකාරයෙක් වේ.
- 4. ඉපරගැර මඩගලා පවතිනා අතර මස් මාලු ඉත් එළුවලු විකිණීම පිණිස උප දිසාපතිතුමා විසින් ඉත් සතිපාරකුකු සහමේ පුටානතැන විසින් හෝ වෙන්කොට තබා තිබෙන ස්වානගේ ගැර දෙවුන්දර වෙනසම් කිසිනැනක ඒ දුමා සම්බන් සමාන් විකින් හෝ වෙන්නෙන්ද, සනීපාරක්ක පරීක්කෙනැන විසින් හෝ දෙවුන්දර වෙනසම් කිසිනැනක ඒ දුමා සම්බන් මතුණ් හෝ වෙන් හැනීමට වුදලිතැන විසින් හෝ දෙවුන්දර සිටින පොලීසියේ මුලාදුනීන් අතුරෙන් උසස් මුලාදුනියා විසින් හෝ කෑමට නුසුදුසුයයි කිසන මසක් හෝ කිසියම් අගර පානාදියක් සමෙක් විකුණේසමන්ද එබලු අය අපරාධයුක් කිරීම ගැන වරදකාරයෙක් වේ.
- 5 උප දිසාපතිතුමා මිසින් හෝ සතීපාර ඎක සභාවේ පුධානතුන මිසින් මැනවැයි පිළිගන්නාලද සථානයක එසේ පිළිගන්නාලද ආකාරයකට සෑහෙන වැසිකිළි අහසු තුැනීම ගැන පෙරහැර මබාලයේ පවත්වන තුමිය අසිතිකාරයා හෝ (එය බද්දට දී තිබේනම්) බදුකාරයා වශකියයුත්තේය. එබඳු වැසිකිළි පෙරහැර මබාලයේ පවත්වන මුළු කාලයට පවතින්ට සෑහෙන අන්දමට තිබිය යුතුයි. ඒවායේ සැලැස්මවල් (ජලෑන්) හා විසාර උප දිසාපතිතුමායේ හෝ සනීපාර ඎක සභාවේ පුධානතුනයේ අනුමතය ලබාගැනීම පිණිස පෙරහැර පටන්ගන්නට දසදිනකටවන් මත්තෙන් සෑවිය යුතුයි. ඒ ඇරත් කොමුබන් හෝ වැලිද උප දිසාපතිතුමා විසින් මැනවැයි පිළිගත් වගීයක රෙග මිමබ්ජ නසන බෙහෙත්ද සමාදනය කිරීම ගැන හා පෙරහැර මබනලයේ පවත්වනුතෙක් දවසකට දෙවරක්වත් අතුම් ඉවත්කිරීම හා වැසිකිළි ඇමකිරීම ගෑනද ඉහතෙම වගකියයුත්තේය. අසිතිකාරයා හෝ බදුකාරයා මෙම නියෝගයේ විබ්විධානවලින් සමක් කඩකළේනම් හෙනෙම අපරාධයක්කිරීම ගැන වරදකාරයෙන් වේ.
- 6. උප දිසාපතිතුමා විසින් ඉන් සනීපාර කුතෙ සභාව විසින් ඉන් පෙරහැර මබ්ගලයස පවත්වන භූමිය අයිතිකාරයා මිසින් ඉන් බදුකාරයා විසින් ඉන් ශරීරකාතයෙන් සදහා වෙන්කොට තිබෙන සමාන හැර වෙන කිසියම් සමානයක් පෙරහැර මබ්ගලය පවත්වන කාලයේදී පාමිච්චිකරන්නාවූ හෝ පහරනලද අශුම් පස්වලින් හෝ වැලිවලින් විසානොදමන්නාවූ සමේක් ඇද්ද හෙනෙම අපරාධයක්කිරීම ගෑන වරදකාරයෙක් වේ.
- 7. සිගලුම පිදුරු, කැලිකඳල, ශොම හෝ වෙනයම් රෙඩු අදිය පෙරහැර මහිලය පවත්වන අතර දිනපතා වරක් චන් එකතුකොට ඉවත්කිරීමද, එබදු කැලිකඳල රෙඩු අදිය උප ද්යාපනිතුමා මිසින් හෝ සනිපාරකක සභාවේ පුධානතැන මිසින් මැනවැයි පිළිගන්නාලද සමානයක පුලුස්සාදුම්ම හෝ වලළාදුම්ම පෙරහැර මහිගලා පවත්වන තුමිය අයිතිකාරයාට හෝ (එය බද්දට දී තිබෙනම්) බදුකාරයාට තාර වැඩකී. මෙම නියෝගයේ විඛ්විධානවලින් යමක් නොකොට හෝ නොකරවා පැහැර අරින සම්කිසි අයිතිකාරයෙක් හෝ බදුකාරදායක් ඇත්ද ගෙනෙකුම අපරාවයක්කිරීම ගැන වරදකාරයෙක් වේ.
- 8. මාතර සිට තුංගල්ලට අත මහපාරේ සහ දේවාලේව යන පාරේ කානුවේ පටන් අඩි 12ක් ඇතුළතු සිමේ පෙර්හැර ම්විතලාය පිළිබඳව කඩමඩුවක් හෝ වෙනයම් හොඩනැඟිල්ලක් දේවුන්දර නොසැදිය යුතුයි. තවද වෙළඳුම්බඩු මැස්සක් තබාගත් යම්කිසි කෙනෙනු වෙළෙන්දකු හෝ මූලත් විකුණන්නකු එබඳු බිම ඇතුළතු වීක්ණීම පිණිස බඩු තබාගෙන සිටීය යුතුනැත. මේ නියෝගය කඩකරන යමෙක් ඇත්ද හෙනෙනුම අපරාධයක්කිරීම ගැන වරදකාරයෙන් වේ.
- 9. රථවාහනාදිය කැබීමට හෝ ම්බහලාය බලන්නට එන්නන්ගේ ඉඩ පහසුමට මාතර උප දිසාපතිතුමා මිසින් වෙන් කර තිබෙන යම බිම්කොටසක් ඇත්ද දෙවුන්දර එබදු සේානගේ කඩ ඔවුවක් හෝ වෙනයම් ගොඩනැගිල්ලක් තැනියශූතු නොවේ. යම් කිදිවෙක් මේ නියෝගයේ විධිවිධාන කඩකළේනම් හෙනෙනුම අපරාධයක්කිරීම ගැන වරදකාරයෙක් වේ.

1896 ம் ஆண்டின் 13 ம் இலக்கச் சட்டம்.

K 692/27

தென் மாகாணம் மாத்தறை டிஸ்தெறிக்கிறுள்ள தெவுக்கிர ஸ்ரீ விஷ்னு மகா தேவாலயத்துக்கு சனுங்கள் யாத் திரை செய்வதற்கு ஒழுங்குகள் செய்யப்பட்டிருப்பதால் அவ்யாத்திரை சம்பாதமாக 1896 ம் ஆண்டின் 13 ம் இலக்கச் சட்டத்தின் 1 ம் பிள்வீன்படி அதிகார மக்திர சபையின் ஆலோச2்னயோடு அரசாட்சி நடாத்தாம் உத்தியோகண்தோர் இயறறப்பட்ட ஒழுக்கவிதிகள்.

உத்தமைஞர் அவர்கள் கட்ட‰ாப்படி,

கலோனியல் சக்இறத்தார் கக்தோர், கொழும்பு, 1930 ம் (நெல ஐறிஸ்மீன் 26 க் உ. எ**வ். ஜீ. ரி**றல், எக்**ற்றி**ங் க**லோன்ய**ல் சக்கி*றந்தார்.*

தெவுக்கொ ஸ்ரீ விஷ் ஹா மகா தேவாலயத் துக்கு யாத்திரை போதல்.

1898 ம் ஆண்டின் 13 ம் இலக்க யாத்திரைக் கட்டினச் சட்டத்தின்படி. இயற்றப்பட்ட விதானங்கள்.

- 1. தேவுக்திர தேவாலய தேக்குப் போகும் யாத்திரைகாரர் தெவுக்திறுவில் கிறகும் நாட்கள் 13 நாட்களுக்கு மேற்படாதிருக்கும், அவையாவன ஆவணில் 5 ந்தேதி தொடக்கம் ஆவணில் 17 க்தேதி வரைக்குமேயாம். முதற் சொல்லிப் நாஞக்கு முன்வக்குசெரும் அல்லது இதிற் குறிக்கப்பட்டிருக்கும் காலத்தைக்குமேல் கிறகும் யாத்திரைகாரர் ஓர் அடாததுச்செய்த குற்றமுடையவராவர்.
- 2. யாத்திரைக்கு முன் அல்ல தையாத்திரை காலத்தில் தெடிக்கிருவில் அல்லது அதற்கபிக்க இருக்கும் ஊர்களில் தொற்றுகோய், பரம்புமகோய் அல்ல தை பெருவாரிகோய் உண்டுபடுமாயின், அல்லது உதவி அரசாட்சி ஏஜன்றரின் அபிப் பிராயப்படி யாததிரை கலத்தில் தெடிக்கிருவுக்குப் பரம்பக்கூடிய விதமாகத் தென் மாசாணத் திறுள்ள வேடுகவ்வடத் திறும் அவ்வித் கோய் உண்டுபடுமாயின் மாத்திரையைத் திற்தது அல்லது யாத்திரை கிறுத்தப்பட்டதாக வெளியாங்கப் படுக்கி, தெடிக்கிருவில் வக்திருப்பவர்கள் யாவரையும் உடனே அவ்விடத்தை விட்டூப் புறப்பட்டுத் தங்கள் தங்கள் படுக்கி, தெடிக்கிருவில் வக்கிருப்பவர்கள் யாவரையும் உடனே அவ்விடத்தை விட்டூப் புறப்பட்டுத் தங்கள் தங்கள் தங்கள் இன்ன பாதையாற் போகவேணைடும் என்பதாகக் குறிக்கிவும் உதவி அரசாட்சி ஏஜன்றரின் கட்டினே கூறிக்கிவும் உதவி அரசாட்சி ஏஜன்றரின் கட்டினே கையமிறும் வலரும் ஒர் அடாத்துச்செயத் குற்றமுடையவராவர்.
- 3. பரம்புக் கோய் அல்ல த தொற மு கோபாற் பீடிக்கப்பட்டிருக்கு, சௌக்கியாதார பரிசோத2ணகாரருக்கு அல்லைகு வைத்திய உத இ?யாகஸதருக்கு அல்ல து அவர்கள் இல்லாத கோததில் தொக்கிமுவிலிருக்கு ம் பொலிஸ் உத்தியோ கண்தருள் முதல் உத்தியோ - ஸ்தருக்கு உடனே அதைப்பற மி அறிவியாதுவிடும் எவரும் அவ்வீத கோயிருப்பதை மறைத்து லைவப்பதற்கு தூண்டிவிடும் அல்ல து உதவி செய்யும் எவரும் ஓர் அடாத்துச்செய்த குற்றமுடைய வராவர்.
- 4. யாத்திரை காலத்தில், தொந்திறுவில், உதவி அரசாட்சி ஏஜன்றரால் அல்ல தை சௌக்கயாதார சங்கத்திலை ரால் அந்நோககத் தாக்க கிடமிக்கப்பட்ட இடத்திலேயன்றி வேறெவ்விடத்த இடம் மீன் அல்ல து காய்கறி வைத்து விற்கும் எவரும், ஒரு சௌக்கயாதார டரிசாத மே எகாரளுல் அல்ல து ஒரு வைத்திய உத்தியோக்க தரால் அல்ல து அவர் கள் இல்லாத நடித்தில் முதலியாரால் அல்ல து தொருகிறுவில் வந்திரு கும் பொலிஸ் உத்தியோக்க தொள் திலைமை உத்தியோக்க தொள் சூத்து குகேற்கன வல்ல வென விலக கப்பட்ட எவ்வித மாமிசத்தையாவது, போசனத்தையாவது பானத்தையாவது, விற்கும் எவரும் ஓர் அடரத்துச்செய்த குற்றமுடையவராவர்.

- 5. யாத் இரை சம்பந்தமாக உபயோகப்ப்டுத்தப்படும் கிலத்தின் சொந்தக்காறர் அல்ல த (கிலத்தைக் குத்தகை கொடுத்திருந்தால்) குத்தகைக்காரர். யாத் திரைகாலம் முழுதாக கிலக்கக்கூடிய கக்கூசுகள், உதவி அரசாட்சி எஜன் மின் அல்ல த சௌக்கியாதார சங்கத்திலைகின் அனுமதிபெற்ற இடத்தினும், மாதிரியாயும் கட்டிக்கொடுத்த வற்ற வசதிகள் செய்யக் கடமைப்பட்டவராவர். இக்கோக்கத்துக்காக யாத்திரை தொடங்க குறைந்தமட்டில் 10 நாட்களுக்கு முன் உதவி அரசாட்சி எஜன் மின் அல்ல த சௌக்கியாதார சங்கத்திலையின் அனுமதி பெற்றுக்கொள்ளும்படி படங்க கும் விவர இடாப்பும் அவர் அனுப்பிலைக்க கேண்டும். மேனும் யாத்திரை காலம் முடியும் வரையும், தென்னைக்கும்புத் தாள் அல்ல த மணனும் உதவி அரசாட்சி எசன்ரர் ஏற்றுகொண்ட தர்த்திறுள்ள கெருப்புத்தண்ணீரும் ஒழுங்காகக் கொடுப்பதும் குறைந்தமட்டில் நாளுக்கு இருதரம் கக்கூசுகளிலிருக்கும் அழுக்கை அகற்றிச் சுத்தப்படுத்திவிப்ப த அவர த கடமையாகும். இந்த ஒழுக்க விதியின் ஏற்பாடுகள் எதையும் சொந்தக்காரர் அல்ல த குத்தகைக்காரர் மீறி நடக்கு பிடத்த அவர் ஓர் அடாத்துச்செய்த குற்றமுடையவராவர்.
- 6. யாத்திரை காலத்தித் உ**தவி** அரசாட்சு ஏஜன்றரால் அல்லது சௌக்கியதார சங்கத்தில் அல்லது யாத்திரை சம்பந்தமாக உபயோகப்படுத்தப்படும் சிலத்தின் சொந்தக்காரர் அல்லது குத்**த**கைச்காரரால் சியமித்து விடப்பட்ட இடத் திலேய**ன்றி வே**றெவ்விடத்திலே னும் மலசலங் கழிக்கும் மெவரு அல்லது கழிந்த அழுககை மண்ணுல் அல்லது மணவிகுல் மூடத்தவது மெவரும் ஓர் அடாத்துச்செய்த குற்றமுடைய எராவர்.
- 7. யாத் இரை சம்பந்தமாக உபயோகப்படுத்தப்படும் நிலத்தின் சொந்தக்காரர் அல்ல அநிலத்தைக் குத்தகை கொடுத் இருந்தால், குத்தகைகாரர் அவ்விடத் இலுள்ள வைக்கோல், குப்பை, சாணி உல்ல அளவ்வகையான கூளத்தையும் ஒரு நாளேக்குக் குறைந்தமட்டில் ஒரு முறையாவது கூட்டி அள்ளுவிக்கும் பொருப்புடையவராவர். அக்குப்பை கூளம் சல்லாம் உதவி அரசாட்சி ஏஜன்றரால் அல்ல அசெளக்கயதார சங்கத்தலேவரால் ஏற்றதென் றனும் இபெற்ற ஓரிடத்திற் சேர்த்து எரிக்கப்பட வேண்டும் அல்ல அப்படுக்கேப்பட வேண்டும். இந்த ஒழுக்க விதியின் ஏற்பாடுகளே நிறைவேற்ற அல்ல அநில நிறைவிக்கத் என்றும் எந்தச் சொந்தக்காரராவது குத்ககைக்காரராவது ஓர் அடாத்துச்செய்த குற்ற முடையவராவர்.
- 8. யாத்திரையின் நோக்கத்துக்காக மாத்துறைவிலிருக்தை தங்காவேக்குப்போகும் பெரிய இருட்டினதும் தேவால யத்துக்குச் செல்லும் இருட்டினதும் பக்கக் கானிலிருக்கு 12 அடி தொத்துக்குள் ஒரு கொட்டிலாவது வேறு கட்டடமா வது கட்டப்படக்கூடாது. இந்தப் தூர இடைவெளிக்குள்ளே எந்தக் கடைக்காரதுவது வெற்றிலே அல்வது வேறு சாமான் விற்கும் எவராவது அவ்வித் பண்டத்தையாவது விறகும்படியாக வெளியாய் வைக்கப்படாது. இந்த ஒழுக்க விதியை மீறும் எவரும் ஒர் அடாததுசசெய்த குற்றமு டயவராவர்.
- 9. வந்திருப்பவர்களின் உபயோகத்துக்காகவேனும் வண்டிகள் விடுவதற்காகவேனும் தொந்தி*ரு*வில் உதவி அரசாட்சு எஜன்றரால புறம்பாக வை கப்பட்ட சிலப்பாகத்தில் ஒரு கொட்டி லாவது வேற கட்டடமாவது கட்டப்படக் கூடாது. இதே ஒழுக்கலிதியின் ஏற்பாடுகளே மீறும் எவரும் ஓர் அடாத்துச்செய்த குற்றமுடையவரிவர்.