



THE CEYLON GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

No. 9,883 — FRIDAY, JULY 2, 1948.

Published by Authority.

PART IX.

(Separate paging is given to each Part in order that it may be filed separately.)

LOCAL GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

L. D.—B 70/44./L. C. D.—GB. 18/1/5.

THE HOUSING AND TOWN IMPROVEMENT ORDINANCE.

THE following resolution passed by the Senate at a meeting held on January 23, 1948, and by the House of Representatives at a meeting held on January 9, 1948, is published for general information : —

This House resolves under the provisions of section 3 (b) of the Housing and Town Improvement Ordinance (Chapter 199), as modified by Proclamation under section 88 (1) of the Ceylon (Constitution) Order in Council, 1946, published in *Gazette Extraordinary* No. 9,773 of September 24, 1947, that from the first day of February, 1948, the aforesaid Ordinance shall be in force within the area defined in the Schedule hereto :—

Schedule.

All that area of land known as Ingiriya Bazaar, situated in Ingiriya village in Udugaha Pattuwa of Rayigam Korale in Kalutara District, Western Province, and bounded as follows:—

North : By a line drawn from a point 150 feet west of the Western boundary of the Padukka-Ingiriya road at right angles to the centre line of the said road 450 feet north of the centre of the junction of the Panadura-Ratnapura road and Padukka-Ingiriya road eastwards crossing the said road to a point 150 feet east of the eastern boundary of the said road.

East : By a line drawn from the last-mentioned point southwards parallel to and at a distance of 150 feet from the eastern boundary of the Padukka-Ingiriya road to a point 150 feet north from the northern boundary of the Panadura-Ratnapura road, thence by a line drawn eastwards parallel to and at a distance of 150 feet from the northern boundary of the said road to a point on a line drawn at right angles to the centre line of the Panadura-Ratnapura road 200 feet from the junction of the said road and Padukka-Ingiriya road, thence by a line drawn southwards at right angles to the centre line of the Panadura-Ratnapura road crossing the said road to a point 150 feet south of the southern boundary of the Panadura-Ratnapura road.

South : By a line drawn from the last-mentioned point westwards parallel to and at a distance of 150 feet south of the southern boundary of the Panadura-Ratnapura road to a point on a line drawn at right angles to the centre of the culvert No. 20/6 on the Panadura-Ratnapura road.

West : By a line drawn from the last-mentioned point northwards to the centre of the culvert No. 20/6, on the Panadura-Ratnapura road, crossing the said culvert to a point 150 feet from the northern boundary of the said road, thence by a line drawn eastwards parallel to and at a distance of 150 feet from the northern boundary of the said road to a point 150 feet west from the western boundary of Padukka-Ingiriya road, thence by a line drawn northwards parallel to and at a distance of 150 feet west of the western boundary of the said road to the starting point of the northern limit of the area.

S. W. R. D. BANDARANAIKE,
Minister of Health and Local Government.

Colombo, June 24, 1948.

549—J. N. A 81308—1,352 (6/48)

L 1

L. D.—B. 139/46/L.G.D. G.46/31

THE ENTERTAINMENT TAX ORDINANCE, No. 12 OF 1946.

THE following resolution, passed by the Village Committee of Dehigampal Korale Egodapotha Pattuwa, Dehigampal Korale Megodapotha Pattuwa, Kitulgall Palata and Uduwa Palata in the Kegalle District under sub-section (1) of section 2 of the Entertainment Tax Ordinance, No. 12 of 1946, has been approved by the Minister of Health and Local Government and is published in terms of sub-section (2) of that section :—

Resolution.

“ This Village Committee, under sub-section (1) of section 2 of the Entertainment Tax Ordinance, No. 12 of 1946, hereby imposes and levies, with effect from the date on which this resolution is published in the *Gazette*, a tax at the rates set out hereunder on payments for admission to entertainments (as defined in the Ordinance) held in the area within the administrative limits of the Committee.

Amount of Payment.	Rate of Tax.
	Rs. c.

Where the payment for admission, excluding the amount of tax—

(a) is not less than 20 cents but does not exceed 50 cents.	.. 0 5
(b) exceeds 50 cents but does not exceed Re. 1	.. 0 10
(c) exceeds Re. 1. but does not exceed Re. 1.50	.. 0 15
(d) exceeds Re. 1.50 but does not exceed Rs. 2	.. 0 20
(e) exceeds Rs. 2 but does not exceed Rs. 3	.. 0 30
(f) exceeds Rs. 3 but does not exceed Rs. 4	.. 0 40
(g) exceeds Rs. 4 but does not exceed Rs. 5	.. 0 50
(h) exceeds Rs. 5 but does not exceed Rs. 10	.. 1 0
(i) exceeds Rs. 10—	
(i.) for the first Rs. 10	.. 1 0
(ii.) for each additional Rs. 5 or part thereof	.. 1 0.”

E. W. KANNANGARA,
Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Health and Local Government.

Colombo, June 14, 1948.

THE TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ORDINANCE, No. 13 OF 1946.

ORDER made by the Minister of Health and Local Government under section 8 (1) of the Town and Country Planning Ordinance, No. 13 of 1946, as modified by the Proclamation published in *Gazette Extraordinary* No. 9,773 of September 24, 1947.

E. W. KANNANGARA,
Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Health and Local Government.

Colombo, June 23, 1948.

Order.

The area described in the Schedule to this Order is hereby declared to be a Regional Development Area for the purposes of the Town and Country Planning Ordinance, No. 13 of 1946.

Schedule.

The area lying within the administrative limits of the Colombo Municipal Council, the Urban Councils of Dehiwala-Mount Lavinia, Kotte, Kolonnawa, Moratuwa, Wattala, Mahole-Peliyagoda, and Ja-ela, the Village Committee of Mampé-Kesbewa, Kotte-Galkissa, Aturugiriya, Kaduwela,

Ambatalenpahala, Mahara, Kolaniya and Wattala, together with that portion of the village area of Kanuwana lying to the south of an imaginary straight line drawn from the centre of the junction of Dandugam-oya and the main Colombo-Negombo Public Works Department road through the centre of the junction of the main Ja-ela-Minuwangoda Public Works Department road and the main Ja-ela-Gampaha Public Works Department road to the eastern boundary of that village area.

L. D.—B. 31/45/L.G.D.—BB 1136.

THE URBAN COUNCILS ORDINANCE, No. 61 OF 1939.

BY-LAWS made by the Wattala-Mabole-Peliyagoda Urban Council under sections 166 and 170 (5) of the Urban Councils Ordinance, No. 61 of 1939, and approved by the Minister of Health and Local Government by virtue of the powers vested in him by section 167 of the Ordinance as modified by the Proclamation published in *Gazette Extraordinary* No. 9,773 of September 24, 1947.

E. W. KANNANGARA,
Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Health and Local Government.

Colombo, June 23, 1948.

By-laws.

1. It shall be lawful for every mortgagee of any immovable property situated within the administrative limits of the Council, or for any of the heirs or the legal representative of any deceased mortgagee, to cause any such mortgage to be registered at the office of the Council.

2. Every person desiring to have a mortgage so registered shall forward or cause to be forwarded to the Chairman a statement setting out—

- (1) the name and address of the mortgagee or of any heir or legal representative of the mortgagee, if he is deceased;
- (2) the name and address of the mortgagor; and
- (3) a description of the property or such particulars as may be necessary for identifying it.

3. On receipt of such statement and on payment by the applicant of a registration fee, which is hereby fixed at one rupee, the Chairman shall cause the names and addresses and the necessary particulars to be entered in the register kept for that purpose in the office of the Council.

4. In the event of any seizure in execution for the recovery of rates, taxes or charges due to the Council, of any property concerning which any mortgage and names and addresses may have been registered as aforesaid, the Chairman shall, at least fourteen days before advertising such property for sale, serve or cause to be served on the person or persons whose name and address have been so registered as mortgagee or his heir or legal representative, a notice in writing of the seizure, the date fixed for the sale, and the amount for the recovery of which the seizure was effected.

5. If at any time before the sale, the amount specified in the notice is paid to the Council, the property shall be released from seizure.

6. In these by-laws—

“Chairman” means the Chairman of the Council; and
“Council” means the Wattala-Mabole-Peliyagoda Urban Council.

L. D.—B. 48/45/L.G.D.—BB 1121.

THE URBAN COUNCILS ORDINANCE, No. 61 OF 1939.

BY-LAWS made by the Horana Urban Council under sections 166 and 170 (9) of the Urban Councils Ordinance, No. 61 of 1939, and approved by the Minister of Health and Local Government by virtue of the powers vested in him by section 167 of the Ordinance as modified by the Proclamation published in *Gazette Extraordinary* No. 9,773 of September 24, 1947.

E. W. KANNANGARA,
Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Health and Local Government.

Colombo, June 23, 1948.

By-laws.

1. The occupier of any premises which are benefited by a conservancy service provided by the Council and which are situated in any such part of the town of Horana as falls outside the limits of the former Sanitary Board town of Horana shall pay to the Council in respect of each month a conservancy calculated at the rate of fifty cents for each night soil set used in any latrine on those premises.

2. The fee referred to in by-law 1 shall be paid at the office of the Council on or before the tenth day of the month following that in respect of which it is due.

3. In these by-laws, “Council” means the Horana Urban Council.

L. D.—B. 142/47.L./G. D.—C. 14/28.

THE VILLAGE COMMUNITIES ORDINANCE.

BY-LAW under section 49 of the Village Communities Ordinance (Chapter 198), made by the Village Committee of the Udugahapattuwa village area, in the Colombo District, and approved by the Minister of Health and Local Government by virtue of the powers vested in him by sub-section (3) of that section as modified by the Proclamation published in *Gazette Extraordinary* No. 9,773 of September 24, 1947.

E. W. KANNANGARA,
Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Health and Local Government.

Colombo, June 23, 1948.

By-law.

The by-laws made by the Village Committee of the Udugahapattuwa village area in the Colombo District, and published in *Gazette* No. 9,820 of January 23, 1948, are hereby amended under the heading III—Offensive and Dangerous Trades”, by the substitution, for by-law 33, of the following new by-law:—

“33. (1) The following trades shall be deemed to be dangerous trades:—

- (a) Manufacturing aerated waters.
- (b) Any trade in which machinery driven by oil or other fuel or steam or electricity is used.
- (c) Extracting oil by apparatus.
- (d) Quarrying for cobble, gravel or metal.
- (e) Storing copra.
- (f) Manufacturing desiccated coconut.
- (g) Burning or storing lime.
- (h) Manufacture or storing fibre.
- (i) Storing cotton wool.
- (j) Manufacturing matches.

(2) The following trades shall be deemed to be offensive trades:—

- (a) Storing cured or dry fish.
- (b) Manufacturing compost or artificial manure.
- (c) Manufacturing vinegar.
- (d) Manufacturing soap.
- (e) Keeping a tannery.
- (f) Boiling blood or offal.
- (g) Storing hides.
- (h) Storing bones.
- (i) Keeping fish, meat or any other article of food.
- (j) Curing planks.
- (k) Storing any type of manure in quantity over three gunny bags.

(3) The following trades shall be deemed to be offensive and dangerous trades:—

- (a) Dyeing fibre.
- (b) Burning bricks and tiles.”

L. D.—B. 65/46/L.G.D.—GD 14/3.

THE VILLAGE COMMUNITIES ORDINANCE.

BY-LAW under section 49 of the Village Communities Ordinance (Chapter 198), made by the Village Committee of the Karaitivu village area in the Jaffna District, and approved by the Minister of Health and Local Government by virtue of the powers vested in him by that section as modified by the Proclamation published in *Gazette Extraordinary* No. 9,773 of September 24, 1947.

E. W. KANNANGARA,
Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Health and Local Government.

Colombo, June 24, 1948.

By-law.

The by-laws made by certain Village Committees in the Jaffna, Mannar and Mullaitivu Districts, published in the *Gazette* No. 7,628 of February 10, 1928, and therein called “rules”, are hereby amended, in so far as they apply to the Karaitivu village area, in rule 47, by the addition, at the end of paragraph (23) thereof, of the following:—

“In this paragraph the general drainage’ means the flow of water over the surface of the land in the ordinary course of gravitation and not necessarily in any defined channel.”

L.D.—B. 63/46/L.G.D.—G. 14/25/17.

THE VILLAGE COMMUNITIES ORDINANCE.

BY-LAWS under section 49 of the Village Communities Ordinance (Chapter 198), made by the Village Committees of the Kaduwela village area in the Colombo District, and approved by the Minister of Health and Local Government by virtue of the powers vested in him by sub-section (3) of that section as modified by the Proclamation published in *Gazette Extraordinary* No. 9,773 of September 24, 1947.

E. W. KANNANGARA,
Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Health and Local Government.

Colombo, June 14, 1948.

By-laws.

Dairies and the Sale of Milk.

1. No person shall keep any dairy, except on a licence duly obtained in that behalf from the Chairman. Every such licence shall expire on the thirty-first day of December of the year in respect of which it is obtained.

2. All notices relating to a dairy shall be deemed to be served upon the licensee when left with any person employed in the dairy.

3. Every licensee shall comply with the requirements of any notice which the Chairman causes to be served on him—

- (a) within the time specified therein; or
- (b) within seven days of the service of that notice if no such time is specified therein.

4. If at any time during the period for which a licence has been issued the licensed premises cease to conform to the conditions specified in these by-laws for its issue, the Chairman may cause a notice to be served on the licensee requiring him to do all things necessary to make the premises conform to such conditions and if the licensee fails to comply with the requirements of such notice the Chairman may suspend the licence of such licensee.

5. It shall be lawful for the Rural Court, in addition to any other punishment that it may impose, to cancel the licence of any licensee on a second or subsequent conviction by such Court, for a breach of any of these by-laws, and such licensee shall not be entitled to any compensation in respect of such cancellation.

6. No person shall expose for sale, sell, hawk, deliver, or carry for sale any milk within the village area unless he is—

- (a) a licensee of a dairy, or a vendor of milk to whom a card of registration has been issued under by-law 18; or
- (b) a registered purveyor of milk, or a holder of a card of identity issued under by-law 22.

7. (1) No person shall be entitled to a licence unless the building or shed intended for the accommodation of cattle is in conformity with the following requirements:—

- (a) such building or shed must be in good repair, and well ventilated and lighted;
- (b) such building or shed must be provided with suitable drains for the purpose of conveying urine, washings, and waste water into one or more covered receptacles;
- (c) such building or shed must be proportionate in size to the number of cows which the prospective licensee intends to keep therein, each cow to be given a minimum floor space of forty square feet and a minimum air space of four hundred cubic feet;
- (d) such building or shed must be provided with a sufficient supply of pure water obtainable from some place situated at a convenient distance from such building or shed;
- (e) the walls and the roof must be made of some permanent material;
- (f) the woodwork must be oil-painted or limewashed; and
- (g) the floor must be paved with cement concrete or with brick or stone rendered in cement.

(2) No person shall be entitled to a licence to keep a dairy unless the building or shed intended for use as a milk room is in conformity with the following requirements:—

- (a) such building or shed must be in a suitable position, at a distance of not less than twenty-five feet from the building intended for use as the cattle shed and not less than one hundred feet from any latrine, cesspit, ashpit, permanent manure heap, or open sewer;
- (b) such building or shed must be provided with an oil-painted ceiling that prevents dirt and dust falling from the roof;
- (c) such building or shed must be provided with at least one window and one door (the area of the window being not less than one-fifteenth of the floor space);
- (d) every door and window must be covered with fly-proof netting;
- (e) one window of such building or shed must face at least one door;

- (j) at least two opposite walls of such building or shed must abut on the open air;
- (g) the walls must be not less than seven feet in height and built of brick, stone, or cabook;
- (h) every inside wall must be covered to a height of four feet from the floor with a layer of cement not less than three-quarters of an inch in thickness;
- (i) the inside walls must be plastered with lime-mortar or whitewashed;
- (j) the floor must be paved with cement concrete, not less than four inches in thickness; and
- (k) eaves of the roof must be at least six feet from the ground.

8. Every licensee of a dairy shall keep affixed in a conspicuous position on the outside of his premises a board on which his name in English, Sinhalese, and Tamil, and the phrase "Licensed Dairy" and its Sinhalese and Tamil equivalents are clearly painted.

9. Every licensee of a dairy shall cause—

- (a) a list of the names and addresses of all the employees (including the vendors of milk) to be kept in the premises so as to be easily available for inspection;
- (b) the walls of the milk room to be limewashed in June and December in every year, and at such other times as the Chairman may order in writing;
- (c) the floors, and the top of the milk room table to be washed at least once every day;
- (d) all utensils, furniture, and other requisites used in or belonging to the dairy to be kept clean;
- (e) every part of the dairy to be kept clean and in good repair;
- (f) all dung, refuse, urine, and washings to be removed at least once a day and disposed of at a suitable distance from the dairy in such a manner as to cause no nuisance; and
- (g) all cattle food, other than grass or straw, to be stored in suitable rat-proof receptacles.

10. The licensee of a dairy shall cause every vessel in the dairy containing milk to be adequately protected with a clean cover or lid, and shall take all precautions to prevent the milk from being contaminated during transit.

11. The licensee of a dairy shall not allow any milk vessel, butter vessel, churn, separator, or other articles used in the dairy to be used for any purpose other than the purposes of the dairy and shall cause each such vessel, churn, separator, or other articles to be thoroughly washed with boiling water, after each occasion on which it has been used.

12. (1) No person who is suffering or has recently suffered from any cutaneous, contagious, or infectious disease, or has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from any such disease, shall enter the dairy premises or take part in the preparation, sale, or transport of milk until the periods of infection and incubation have elapsed.

(2) No licensee or person in charge of the dairy shall employ or permit any person suffering or who has recently suffered from any cutaneous, contagious, or infectious disease, or who has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from any such disease, to enter the dairy premises or take part in the preparation, sale, or transport of milk, until the periods of infection and incubation have elapsed.

13. The licensee of a dairy shall not cause or permit—

- (a) any milk to be poured into any vessel which is not thoroughly cleansed;
- (b) milk to be stored in any vessel other than a vessel made of glass, porcelain, glazed earthenware, or enamelled or galvanized iron;
- (c) any vessel used for the storage of milk to be kept in any place other than the milk room;
- (d) milk for the purposes of sale to be drawn from any cow unless, immediately before the time of milking, the udder and the teats of the cow are thoroughly cleansed and wiped with a clean damp cloth, and unless the hands of the person milking are also thoroughly washed and cleaned;
- (e) milk intended for sale to be kept in any place other than the milk room; or
- (f) any animal or bird to enter or remain in the milk room for any purpose whatsoever.

14. The licensee of a dairy shall give immediate notice to the Chairman of any case or suspected case of cutaneous, contagious, or infectious disease which may occur among the persons employed in the dairy.

15. The licensee of a dairy shall not sell, or permit to be sold, the milk of any cow suffering from tuberculosis, whether of the udder or otherwise, acute mastitis, foot and mouth disease, anthrax, actinomycosis of the udder, or add such milk, or permit it to be added to the milk of other animals which is intended for sale for human consumption.

16. The licensee of a dairy shall not use the milk room or permit it to be used for any purpose other than that of storing and preparing milk.

17. The licensee of a dairy shall not sell or supply to any person milk obtained from any cow other than a cow kept in a licensed dairy.

18. The Chairman shall issue annually to the owner of every licensed dairy in respect of each vendor of milk, a card of registration bearing the name and thumb impression of the vendor, and the name of the licensee and registered number of the dairy.

19. No card of registration mentioned in by-law 18 shall be issued until a Medical Officer authorised in writing by the Chairman has examined and found such vendor of milk, to be free from any cutaneous, contagious, or infectious disease. Such card of registration shall not be transferable.

20. (1) The Chairman, or any officer authorised in writing by the Chairman, may at any time demand and take a sample of milk for analysis on payment of the value thereof, from any licensed dairy or from any vendor of milk to whom a card of registration has been issued under by-law 18.

(2) No licensee of a dairy or a vendor to whom a card of registration has been issued under by-law 18 shall refuse to comply with a demand lawfully made under paragraph (1).

21. Every person who desires to sell in any place within the village area, any milk produced outside that area, shall cause himself to be registered in the books of the Committee as a purveyor of milk. No fee shall be charged for such registration.

22. Every registered purveyor of milk shall cause a card of identity to be issued annually by the Chairman to each vendor employed by such purveyor in the work of selling or delivering milk.

23. (1) The Chairman may in his discretion refuse to register any person as a purveyor of milk under by-law 21, if he has not been recommended for registration, after inspection of his cattle, premises, and utensils by a Medical Officer authorised in writing by the Chairman.

(2) The Chairman may likewise refuse to issue any card of identity to any vendor under by-law 22, until a Medical Officer has examined and found such vendor to be free from any cutaneous, contagious, or infectious disease. Every card of identity issued to a vendor by the Chairman under by-law 22 shall contain the following particulars:—

- (a) name and registered number of the employer;
- (b) name and thumb impression of the vendor.

24. Every vendor of milk to whom a card of registration has been issued under by-law 18, and every holder of a card of identity, shall carry his registration card or card of identity, as the case may be, on his person when exposing for sale, selling, hawking, delivering, or carrying milk, and shall produce such card whenever directed to do so by any person duly authorised in that behalf by the Chairman in writing.

25. It shall be lawful for the Chairman or any person authorised by him in writing to enter and inspect any dairy licensed under these by-laws at all reasonable times and the licensee of such dairy shall render him all such assistance as may be necessary.

26. No person shall expose for sale, sell, deliver, hawk or carry for sale within the village area—

- (a) any milk from which the cream has been removed, unless such milk is contained in a vessel which bears a label on which is painted the phrase "Skimmed Milk" and its Sinhalese and Tamil equivalents, and is declared at the time of sale to be skimmed milk; or
- (b) any milk contained in bottles of which the mouths not adequately covered with some impermeable material; or
- (c) any milk adulterated with water or any other foreign substance or liquid: Provided that milk to which tea, coffee or cocoa has been added for consumption on the premises of any tea or coffee boutique or eating-house shall not be deemed to be adulterated for the purpose of this by-law.

27. If any person found guilty of a breach of by-law 26 is proved to be the agent or servant of any other person, such other person shall also be guilty of a breach of that by-law, unless he proves to the satisfaction of the court that he had given all necessary instructions and used due diligence to ensure compliance with that by-law, and the breach was due to an act or default of the agent or servant without the knowledge, consent, or connivance of such other person.

28. The licensee shall cause a copy of these by-laws (relating to dairies and the sale of milk) in English, Sinhalese, and Tamil, and the licence to be framed and hung in a conspicuous position in the dairy.

Boundaries and Fences.

29. The owner, lessee, occupier, or person in charge of every land or field which is not cultivated shall mark the boundaries of such land or field with live fences, or ditches or stones firmly embedded in the ground or in any other way which is in accordance with the custom of the village area.

30. The owner, lessee, occupier, or person in charge of every land or field which is cultivated shall erect a fence along

the boundary of such land or field and shall maintain such fence in good repair.

31. In the case of any two adjoining lands or fields, the owners, lessees, occupiers, or persons in charge of both lands and fields shall be jointly responsible for laying down, making, or erecting, and for maintaining in good order, the marks, ditch, or fence forming the common boundary: Provided that it shall be lawful for the owner, lessee, occupier, or person in charge of either of such lands or fields to erect the fence on the common boundary at his own expense, all due precautions being taken to prevent damage being caused to trees or plantations of the other land.

32. Any person erecting a boundary fence at his own expense shall have the right to enjoy the produce of the fence-sticks on such boundary; and no person shall strip off leaves or cut down branches from any such fence-sticks without his consent.

33. For the purpose of making or repairing any fence, ditch or boundary mark, it shall be lawful for the owner, lessee, occupier or person in charge of one land or his employees to enter into any of the adjoining lands with the necessary materials and implements.

34. No person shall knowingly or wilfully alter or deface or do any act likely to damage any fence or boundary, or remove any land marks from any land.

Roads and Paths.

35. (1) No person shall—

- (a) injure, damage, obstruct, encroach upon, or otherwise interfere with the use of, any village path or road; or
- (b) except with the permission of the Committee, divert the line of any village path or road.

(2) For the purposes of this by-law "village path or road" includes a village path or road which is in course of construction.

36. (1) It shall be the duty of the proprietors and cultivators of any paddy field through which a village path runs to maintain such path at its customary width.

(2) No person shall cut or encroach upon any village path running through a paddy field so as to reduce its width to less than its customary width.

37. When a range of paddy fields through which any village path or road passes is under cultivation, the cultivators of such range shall be entitled, with the previous permission of the Chairman and subject to such terms and conditions as he may impose, to put up a suitable gate across such path or road during the period of cultivation in order to prevent cattle from trespassing in the paddy fields.

38. (1) When any work of construction or of repair is commenced on any village path or road, the Chairman may prohibit the use of such path or road by the public for such time as may be necessary, after giving at least three days' notice by beat of tom-tom or otherwise.

(2) It shall be lawful for the Committee, by a resolution in that behalf, to restrict or to prohibit the use of any village path or road by any kind or class of heavy vehicular traffic.

(3) Where a restriction or prohibition is imposed under paragraph (2) in respect of any village path or road, the Chairman shall cause notices setting out the restriction or prohibition in English, Sinhalese and Tamil to be displayed conspicuously at the beginning and at the end of such path or road and at its junction with any other path or road.

(4) No person shall fail to conform to the requirements of any notice displayed under paragraph (3).

39. It shall be lawful for any person thereunto authorised in writing by the Chairman—

- (1) to enter between the hours of 7 A.M. and 5 P.M. with all necessary workmen, vehicles, animals, and implements upon any land adjacent to or near any existing or proposed village path or road for the purpose of doing any work connected with such path or road;
- (2) to throw upon any land adjacent to or near any existing or proposed village path or road such earth, rubbish, or materials as it may be necessary to remove from the place of any work connected with such road or path: Provided that such earth, rubbish, or materials shall be removed from such land within a reasonable time;
- (3) to make any temporary road through the grounds near any existing or proposed village path or road during the execution of any work in any way connected with such path or road: Provided that such temporary road shall not run over any ground whereon any building stands or over any enclosed garden or yard; or
- (4) to enter upon any land for the purpose of constructing, repairing, or cleaning such drains or water courses, or culverts as may be necessary for the preservation, improvement, repair, or construction of any village path or road.

Public Health and Amenities and Disorderly Conduct.

40. The owner and occupier of every house or land shall keep his premises clean and free from all weeds, rank or noisome vegetation, and all refuse or rubbish or receptacles likely to form breeding places for mosquitoes for a distance of thirty yards from such house or to the boundary of his premises, whichever is less.

41. (a) When any tree or any branch or fruit or other part of a tree is causing or is likely to cause damage to any building or is in a condition dangerous to the occupants of any building or to the property, or to the safety of passers-by along any public thoroughfare, the Chairman may by a notice in writing served on the owner or occupier of the land on which such tree stands require such owner or occupier to tie up and make secure, or to cut down and remove such tree or such branch or fruit or other part of the tree, within such time as may be specified in the notice.

(b) Every person to whom a notice is served under this by-law shall comply with the requirements of such notice within the time specified therein, and in the event of the refusal or neglect of such person to comply with such requirements within such time, the Chairman, or any officer or workman authorised in writing by the Chairman, may enter upon the land referred to in such notice and do what such person was required to do by such notice, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be recoverable from such person as a debt due to the Committee.

42. No person shall cause any annoyance to any other person by publishing any obscene writing or by making any obscene drawing or by singing or reciting any obscene song or ballad, or do any other act which is likely to outrage public decency.

43. No person shall throw stones or filth at the house or into the compound of any other person.

Washing and Bathing.

44. No person shall bathe, or wash any animal or article at a communal well, spout, spring, or other watering place for the supply of water for domestic purposes.

45. Where any place has been set apart by the Committee as a public bathing place or as a place for washing animals and clothes, no person shall use such place for any purpose other than that for which it has been set apart: Provided, however, that a person may wash at a public bathing place the clothes worn by him whilst bathing at such place.

46. No person of one sex shall enter any enclosure at a public bathing place set apart by the Committee for the exclusive use of persons of the other sex.

47. No person who is suffering or has suffered from any contagious, cutaneous, or infectious disease, or who has been in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall bathe or wash at any public bathing place until the periods of infection and incubation have elapsed.

48. No person shall drive or take any animal to a public bathing place for any purpose whatsoever.

Gambling, Cock-fighting and Cart-racing

49. No person shall gamble with dice or cards, play any game for a stake or take part in betting of any kind within the village area.

50. No person shall allow gambling with dice or cards, or the playing of any game for a stake in any house, premises, boat, vessel, or vehicle occupied by that person or belonging to him or under his control.

51. No person shall engage in cart-racing on any public road or path.

Spring Guns and Traps.

52. No person shall set any spring gun or trap without the written permission of the Chairman. The fact that such permission has been granted shall be proclaimed by beat of tom-tom by an officer authorised in that behalf by the Chairman.

The Disposal of the Bodies of Dead Animals.

53. On the death of any animal, it shall be the duty of the owner thereof, or in the absence of the owner, of the occupier of the premises in which the death occurs, to cause the body of the animal to be buried before the expiry of a period of twelve hours from the time of death.

54. Where any person who is responsible under by-law 53, for the burial of any dead animal fails to bury such animal within a period of twelve hours, the Chairman shall cause such dead animal to be buried, and the expenses incurred thereby may be recovered from such person as a debt due to the Committee.

Public Notices.

55. No person shall deface or destroy any notice which is exhibited by order of the Committee.

Sanitation Nuisances.

56. No person shall sink any well or cause any well to be sunk for the supply of water for domestic purposes within fifty feet from any cesspit, cesspool, pigsty, gala, cattle shed,

defective drain, or latrine, or any refuse heap or manure heap which is not removed at intervals of not more than two weeks, or of any land under cultivation which is regularly manured every season.

57. No person shall, within a distance of fifty feet from any well used for the supply of water for domestic purposes—

- (a) construct or cause or permit the construction of a cesspit, cesspool, latrine, pigsty, gala, or cattle shed; or
- (b) allow any cesspit, cesspool, latrine, pigsty, gala, or cattle shed to remain; or
- (c) deposit, or cause or permit the deposit of, any manure or decaying animal or vegetable matter; or
- (d) manure any land; or
- (e) allow any drain to be in a defective condition.

58. Whenever any tree or any branch or other part of a tree overhangs any well, it shall be lawful for the Chairman to cause notice in writing under his hand to be served on the owner or occupier of the land on which such tree stands, requiring such owner or occupier to tie up, cut down, or remove such tree, or such branch or part of the tree and such owner or occupier shall comply with the requirements of such notice within fourteen days from the date of service thereof.

59. The Committee may, whenever such a course is deemed to be necessary, cause notice in writing under the hand of the Chairman to be served on the owner or occupier of any land in which there is a well supplying water for domestic purposes, requiring such owner or occupier to bail out the water and clean the well and to execute such repairs as the Committee, may, in the interest of health, consider necessary; and such owner or occupier shall comply with the requirements of such notice within fourteen days from the date of service thereof.

60. The owner or occupier of every land in which there is any abandoned well, quarry, or pit shall cause such well, quarry, or pit to be filled up within two days from the date on which the Chairman gives notice in that behalf either by beat of tom-tom or in any other suitable manner.

61. No person shall cause any annoyance, danger, or injury to any other person, or cause damage to the property of any other person by committing any of the following acts:—

- (1) Halting any vehicle on any village road or path longer than is reasonably necessary or the purpose of taking up or setting down passengers or goods, or
- (2) Allowing children of tender years to play on any village road or path or public place, or
- (3) Overtaking or passing a vehicle on the wrong side of public place or village road or path, or
- (4) Easing himself on his own land in such a way or offend other peoples' feelings of decency, or on another's land or on any village path, or in any public place other than that place provided for such a purpose, or
- (5) Throwing rubbish, offensive matter, or unserviceable articles or any other things, on land belonging to other person, or
- (6) Allowing dirty or unwholesome water to run into along the land of any other person, or any place or village road or path, or
- (7) Allowing offensive smells to arise in his own con, so as to pollute the surrounding air, or
- (8) Omitting to drain or fill up any pit, hollow, ditch, or low place, where water may collect stagnate, within twenty yards of any building for human habitation, in such manner as to constitute a danger to public health, or
- (9) Altering the existing conditions of the general drainage any land by any building or planting operations, by raising or lowering the level of such land, or by diverting or blocking any drain or channel or waterway without first obtaining the sanction of the Committee. In this paragraph "general drainage" means the flow of water over the surface of land in the ordinary course of gravitation and not necessarily in any defined channel or drain, or
- (10) Allowing cactus or prickly pear to grow on his land, or
- (11) Placing or burying any charmed metal plate, leaf, or paper or a charm of any other form, on the land of any other person, and causing fear or annoyance thereby to any person.

62. No person shall, for sale or for any purpose other than that of immediate use, keep or deposit, or cause the keeping or depositing of, any guano, bone-dust or any substance whatsoever from which noxious or offensive smells may arise, in any place within the village area.

63. In the case of death of any person, the occupier of the premises where the death took place or, in his absence, the nearest adult-male relative of the deceased, shall be responsible for the proper burial of the body. In the absence or default of such occupier or nearest relative, the Chairman may cause the body to be buried at the expense of the Committee.

64. (1) No person shall deposit the body of any dead animal on any land or premises occupied by any other person.

(2) The Chairman shall cause the bodies of dead animals of which the owners are absent or cannot be ascertained to be buried in a suitable place at the expense of the Committee.

65. The owner or occupier of every house within the village area shall cause his house to be whitewashed within and without, at least once yearly before the fifteenth day of April: Provided that it shall, at any time, be lawful for the Committee, if on account of the prevalence of any epidemic disease or for any other similar reason it appears to be necessary, to order the owner or occupier of any house within the village area to cause such house to be whitewashed, notwithstanding that such house may already have been whitewashed.

66. Every person splitting coconuts, or causing coconuts to be split, for other than domestic purposes, shall collect and throw away or otherwise dispose of, the milk thereof, or cause such milk to be collected and thrown away, or otherwise disposed of, at a distance of at least one hundred yards from any village road or path or public place, or any dwelling house.

67. (1) If any building, or wall, or anything affixed thereon, is in such condition as to be dangerous to the neighbouring buildings or the occupiers thereof, or to passers-by, the Chairman shall cause notice in writing to be served upon the owner or occupier of land on which such building or wall stands, requiring him—

- (a) in any case of urgency, within twenty four hours after the service of the notice, to put up a proper hoarding or fence for the protection of the passers-by; and
- (b) in all cases, within three days after the service of the notice to secure or repair such building or wall, or thing affixed thereon.

(2) Every owner or occupier on whom a notice is served under this by-law shall comply with the requirements of such notice within the time specified therein.

(3) Where any owner or occupier fails or neglects to comply with the requirements of a notice served on him under this by-law, the Committee may authorise any specified person or persons to do the work which ought to have been done by such owner or occupier and the expenses thereby incurred shall be recovered from such owner or occupier as a debt due to the Committee.

68. (1) Whenever any house or hut appears to be in an insanitary condition, or in such disrepair as to be prejudicial to the health of the inmates or of the neighbours, the Chairman shall cause a notice in writing to be served upon the owner or occupier of that house or hut requiring him within a time specified in such notice to do such work as may be necessary as to the house or hut into a sanitary state.

(2) Every owner or occupier on whom a notice is served under this by-law shall comply with the requirements of such notice within the time specified therein.

69. Where any owner or occupier fails or neglects to comply with the requirements of a notice served on him under this by-law, the Chairman may cause the work to be done, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be recovered from such owner or occupier as a debt due to the Committee.

Galas.

70. No person shall establish or keep a private gala except in accordance with a licence issued by the Chairman in that behalf.

Every licence for a private gala shall be subject to the following conditions:—

(1) The licensee shall cause a table of rents and fees leviable at the gala to be written in the Sinhalese language and to be exhibited in a conspicuous place at the gala.

(2) The licensee shall not permit any person who is suffering or has recently suffered, from any contagious, cutaneous, or infectious disease, or has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, to occupy any place in the gala, until the periods of infection and incubation have elapsed.

(3) The licensee shall keep the gala in a clean and sanitary condition.

(4) The licensee shall cause any refuse or rubbish from the gala to be so buried or burned as to prevent the breeding of flies or the creation of any nuisance.

(5) The licensee shall maintain order within the gala.

(6) The licensee shall not permit any gambling or disorderly conduct to take place at the gala.

(7) The licensee shall not allow any person to keep within the gala any cattle suffering from a contagious disease.

71. The Chairman may suspend any licence for a private gala during the continuance of an epidemic, if such suspension is essential in the public interest.

72. No person shall establish or keep a private gala within fifty yards of a dwelling house.

73. It shall be lawful for the Rural Court, in addition to any other punishment that it may impose, to cancel the licence of any licensee convicted twice or oftener of any breach of any of the conditions specified in by-law 70, and the licensee shall not be entitled to any compensation in respect of such cancellation.

Disorderly Conduct, Loitering, and Use of Abusive Language.

74. No person shall loiter in any public road or path, or in any place, after 9 P.M. without a light and without lawful cause. The mere possession of an electric torch or other lighting device, without the light being actually put on, shall not be deemed to be sufficient for the purpose of this by-law.

75. No person shall use abusive language with intent to annoy person, or knowing or having reason to believe that it is likely to annoy any person, or to cause a breach of peace.

76. No person shall disturb the public after 9 P.M. by shouting, singing songs, or making any other noise: Provided that nothing in this by-law shall be deemed to affect the rights of the people in the matter of religious ceremonies and orderly gatherings.

The Sale of Spirits.

77. No person shall sell to any boy under sixteen years of age, or to any female, any spirit or other intoxicating liquor, or toddy drawn from any species of palm, or any fermented juice of the sugar cane.

Toddy Drawing.

78. Every owner or lessee of trees from which toddy is drawn shall, for the purpose of coupling such trees, use not less than six separate, good, and sound ropes for the feet and not less than three separate, good, and sound ropes for the hands.

79. Each rope used by such owner or lessee for such purpose shall consist of not less than six strands, and at the end of every three months such owner or lessee shall replace each such rope by a new rope of the kind specified herein.

80. The owner or lessee of every kital or coconut tree which is tapped for toddy shall cause any pole that may be used for climbing such tree to be renewed at intervals of not more than four months.

81. It shall be lawful for the Chairman, or any person authorised by the Chairman in writing, at any time to enter any land whereon trees are being tapped for toddy and to inspect the ropes and other appliances used for that purpose.

Stray Cattle.

82. The owners of cattle which are believed to have strayed shall forthwith give information thereof to the village headman or to the Chairman.

The Housing and Penning of Cattle, Goats, and Pigs.

83. The occupier of any premises shall not keep any cattle, goat, or pig except in an enclosure situated at a distance of fifty feet or more from any dwelling house.

84. The occupier of any premises shall not keep any enclosure for any cattle, goat, or pig so as to be a nuisance to any person residing in the village area or making use of any public road.

85. Every occupier of any premises or building whereon or wherein any cattle, goat, or pig may be kept shall cause every part of such premises or building to be thoroughly cleansed from time to time as often as may be requisite.

86. Every occupier of any premises or building whereon or wherein any cattle, goat, or pig is kept shall at all reasonable times afford free access to the Chairman or any officer duly authorised by him for the purpose of inspecting such premises or building.

87. In these by-laws—

“Chairman” means the Chairman of the Committee;

“Committee” means the Village Committee of the village area;

“licensee” means a person to whom a licence is issued under any of these by-laws;

“village area” means the Kaduwela village area.

L. D.—B. 63/46.

THE VILLAGE COMMUNITIES ORDINANCE.

BY-LAWS under section 49 of the Village Communities Ordinance (Chapter 198), made by the Village Committee of the Kaduwela village area in the Colombo District, and approved by the Minister of Health and Local Government by virtue of the powers vested in him by sub-section (3) of that section, as modified by the Proclamation published in *Gazette Extraordinary* No. 9,773 of September 24, 1947.

E. W. KANNANGARA,

Permanent Secretary,

Ministry of Health and Local Administration.

Colombo, June 14, 1948.

By-laws.

Construction of Latrines.

1. (1) Whenever the Committee defines an area within which the owner or lessee of any premises used for human habitation shall be required to construct and maintain a latrine, the Chairman may, by notice in writing served on the owner or lessee, direct the owner or lessee to construct a latrine of such type and size, and in such a position on the premises and with such connecting drains as may have been determined by the Committee and are specified in such notice.

(2) Every owner or lessee of premises on whom a notice is served under paragraph (1) shall within thirty days of the service of any such notice construct a latrine conforming in all respects to the requirements specified in such notice.

2. No person shall construct or maintain a pit latrine within a radius of one hundred feet from any well except with the permission of the Chairman.

3. In these by-laws:—

“Chairman” means the Chairman of the Committee;

“Committee” means the Village Committee of the Kaduwela village area;

L. D.—B. 154/46.

L. G. D.—GD. 14/11.

THE VILLAGE COMMUNITIES ORDINANCE.

BY-LAWS under section 49 of the Village Communities Ordinance (Chapter 198), made by the Village Committee of the Mallakam village area in the Jaffna District, and approved by the Minister of Health and Local Government by virtue of the powers vested in him by sub-section (3) of that section as modified by the Proclamation published in *Gazette Extraordinary* No. 9.773 of September 24, 1947.

E. W. KANNANGARA,
Permanent Secretary,

Ministry of Health and Local Government.
Colombo, June 14, 1948.

By-laws.

Interpretation.

1. In these by-laws—

“Chairman” means the Chairman of the Committee;

“Committee” means the Village Committee of the Mallakam village area;

“market area” in relation to any village market means the area described in by-law 2; and

“village area” means the Mallakam village area.

Market and Fairs.

2. The area within a circle having a radius of one mile from any village market is hereby declared to be the market area for that market.

3. Within any market area, no person shall, on any day on which the village market is open, sell or offer or expose for sale any vegetables, fruits, fish, meat or other perishable articles of food at any place other than the village market:

Provided that the preceding provisions of this by-law shall not apply to—

(a) the sale of vegetables or fruits by itinerant vendors who do not sell at fixed places, or do not for the purposes of such sale establish themselves on the public roads or other public places;

(b) the sale by the licensee of an eating-house or a tea or coffee boutique of ripe plantains or other fruits for consumption on the premises; or

(c) the sale by any person of young coconuts.

4. Every village market shall be open from 6 A.M. to 6 P.M. on such days of the week as may be approved by the Committee.

5. Where the Committee has set apart any portion of a village market for the sale of any article or class of articles, no person shall—

(a) sell or expose for sale such article or class of articles in any place in such market other than the portion so set apart, or

(b) sell or expose for sale any other article or class of articles in the portion so set apart.

6. A fee at the following rates shall be levied and paid for the use and occupation of any stall, seat or space in any village market:—

	For a day.
	Cents.
For a stall not exceeding 12 square feet in area ..	15
For a space not exceeding 12 square feet on the floor	15
For a space not exceeding 12 square feet on the market compound ..	10
For a basket load of vegetables ..	10
For a basket load of fish ..	10
For each fowl ..	10
For a basket of 10 eggs or less ..	05
For a square yard of floor space in the fish market ..	20
For a basket of any article other than fish or vegetables ..	05

7. No person shall hold, use or occupy any stall, seat or space in a village market unless he is, the holder of a licence issued in that behalf by or under the authority of the Chairman or otherwise than in accordance with the terms and conditions of such licence. Every such licence shall expire on the date specified thereon.

8. The fees payable under by-law 6 shall be paid to the Chairman or to such other person as may be authorised by the Chairman, and no licence under by-law 7 shall be issued to any person until he has paid the fees due from him.

9. The Chairman shall cause to be exhibited in a conspicuous place in each village market a notice setting out in English, Sinhalese, and Tamil, the fees payable for the use and occupation of that market and no person shall demand or receive any sums higher than those set out in such notice.

10. Whenever the Committee is satisfied, after consultation with the Medical Officer of Health, that the use or consumption by the public of any particular article of food is injurious or harmful, it shall be lawful for the Committee by beat of tom-tom or other sufficient notice to prohibit for such time as to the Committee may appear necessary the introduction and sale of such article of food in any village market or fair.

11. No person shall sell or expose for sale in any village market—

(a) the carcase or meat of any animal which has been slaughtered at any place other than a village slaughter-house; or

(b) any article the keeping or sale of which is prohibited by or under any by-law made by the Committee:

Provided that the preceding provisions of this by-law shall not apply to the sale of frozen meat, game or fish.

12. No person who is suffering or has suffered from any contagious, infectious or cutaneous disease, or has been in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall use or occupy any stall, seat or space in any village market, or expose for sale thereat any article whatsoever, until the periods of infection and incubation have elapsed.

13. No person using or occupying any village market shall—

(1) behave in any disorderly manner or commit any nuisance in or about such market; or

(2) carry on cooking in any such market; or

(3) remain in or loiter about such market after the place is closed for business at 6 P.M. without being able to give a satisfactory account of himself; or

(4) damage or in any way deface any portion of the buildings, stalls, lamps or any property of the Committee in or about such market, or defile or pollute the water provided for use in such market; or

(5) enclose in any way any portion of the building or premises of the market or erect any permanent awning or screen of fixture of any kind; or

(6) leave any goods in or about the premises of such market between the hours of 6 P.M. and 6 A.M. without the special permission of the Chairman; or

(7) place any fruits, vegetables, meat, flesh, fish or other article of food exposed for sale on any unclean or insanitary surface; or

(8) expose for sale any article of food, whether cooked or uncooked otherwise than in clean and properly constructed fly-proof glass cases.

14. Every person using or occupying any stall in a village market or fair shall keep in or near such stall a fly-proof receptacle with a close-fitting lid or cover and shall deposit all rubbish and refuse in such receptacle.

15. No person shall throw any rubbish or refuse, or any bone or skin of any animal, or any article likely to be offensive or injurious to the public health, on the premises of any village market or fair.

16. No person shall obstruct or resist the keeper of any village market or any other person appointed by the Committee to superintend any village market or to collect rents and fees or to enforce order and cleanliness therein in the lawful execution of his duties.

17. The driver of a vehicle shall not keep that vehicle within or alongside the premises of any village market for a longer period than is necessary for loading goods into or unloading goods from that vehicle.

18. The Chairman shall give notice, by beat of tom-tom or in such other manner as he may deem adequate, of the establishment or the temporary closing of any village market or fair.

Private Market and Fairs.

19. No private market or fair shall be established or held within any market area.

20. (1) No private market or fair shall be established or held within any area (other than a market area), except on a licence issued in that behalf by the Chairman.

(2) Every licence issued under paragraph (1) shall—

(a) be substantially in the form set out in the Schedule hereto;

(b) be subject to the conditions specified therein; and

(c) expire on the 31st day of December in the year in respect of which it is issued.

(3) The fee for each licence issued under paragraph (1) shall be twenty-five rupees.

21. No person shall be entitled to a licence to establish or hold a private market or fair unless the site is approved by the Medical Officer of Health.

22. A licence issued under by-law 20 may be cancelled by a Rural Court on a second or subsequent conviction of the licensee for a breach of any of these by-laws or of the conditions of the licence, and the licensee shall not be entitled to any compensation in respect of such cancellation.

23. The Chairman may refuse to issue a licence under by-law 20 to any person whose previous licence has been cancelled by a Rural Court.

Schedule.

Licence to establish and hold a private market*/fair.

_____ of _____ is herobly licensed to establish and hold a private market*/fair on the land called _____ and situated at _____ in the _____ village area from the date hereof until the 31st day of December, 19____, subject always to the subjoined conditions.

Chairman,

Date : _____ 1948. Village Committee, Mallakam.

(Conditions of the above Licence.)

1. A table in English, Sinhalese and Tamil of the rents and fees leviable at the private market*/fair shall be exhibited in a conspicuous place in the market*/fair.

2. The licensee shall not allow any person to sell or expose for sale in the private market*/fair any article the keeping or sale of which is prohibited by, or under any by-law made by, the Committee.

3. The licensee of every private market */fair shall take all steps necessary to ensure that fruits, vegetables, meat, fish or other articles of food are not placed on an unclean or insanitary surface.

4. The licensee shall not expose for sale any article of food, whether cooked or uncooked, otherwise than in clean and properly constructed fly-proof glass cases.

5. The licensee shall not allow any person who is suffering or has suffered from any contagious, infectious or cutaneous disease, or has been in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, to use or occupy any stall, seat, or place in the market*/fair or to expose for sale thereat any articles whatsoever until the periods of infection and incubation have elapsed.

6. The licensee shall keep the premises of the market*/fair clean and free from filth and rubbish and shall cause all sweepings and refuse from the premises to be burnt, buried or otherwise disposed of in such manner as to prevent the breeding of flies or the creation of any nuisance.

7. The licensee shall provide a separate portion of land in or near the premises of the market*/fair for the parking of vehicles.

8. The licensee shall maintain order within the premises of the market*/fair.

9. The licensee shall provide a sufficient number of fly-proof receptacles with close-fitting lids for the deposit of rubbish and refuse.

10. The licensee shall provide on the premises of the market*/fair a sufficient number of latrines of a type approved by the Chairman on the recommendation of the Medical Officer of Health.

11. This licence may be suspended by the Chairman, on the recommendation of the Medical Officer of Health during any epidemic, and the licensee shall not be entitled to any compensation in respect of such suspension.

* Strike off whichever is inapplicable.

Unwholesome Food and Drink.

24. No person shall keep or expose for sale any article of food or drink which is unwholesome or unfit for human consumption.

25. It shall be lawful for the Chairman or the Medical Officer of Health or the Sanitary Assistant or any person authorized by the Chairman in writing to seize any article of food or drink kept or exposed for sale, if such article appears to be unwholesome or unfit for human consumption.

26. Where any officer or person other than the Medical Officer of Health seizes an article of food or drink under by-law 25, he shall place a sample of the seized article in a receptacle and shall, after sealing the receptacle in the presence of the person from whose possession such article was seized, produce that sample with the least possible delay before the Medical Officer of Health or any other Government Medical Officer.

27. Where an article of food or drink is seized under by-law 25, the person seizing such article shall, upon demand of a sealed sample by the person from whose possession the article was seized, place a sample of the seized article in a receptacle, and shall after sealing the receptacle in the presence of the person from whose possession the article were seized, give that sample to that person.

28. If the Medical Officer of Health who seized an article of food or drink under by-law 25, or the Medical Officer before whom an article of food or drink is produced under by-law 26, certifies such article to be unwholesome or unfit for human consumption, the Chairman shall cause such article to be destroyed or to be so disposed of as to prevent

its being exposed for sale or used for human consumption. If the Medical Officer certifies that the article of food or drink is wholesome and fit for human consumption, such article shall be returned to the owner.

29. No person shall sell or expose for sale the flesh of any animal that has died of natural causes or of any disease or by drowning, or has been killed by a wild beast or by the bite of a snake or of a rabid dog.

The Inspection and Cleansing of Drains, Privies, Cesspits, Ashpits and Sanitary Conveniences and Appliances.

30. It shall be lawful for the Chairman or the Medical Officer of Health or Sanitary Assistant, or any person authorized in writing, to inspect any drain, privy, cesspit, ashpit or sanitary convenience in any premises within the village area and for the purposes of inspection to enter such premises at any reasonable time, and the owner or occupier of such premises shall render all such assistance as may be necessary.

31. The Chairman may by notice require the owner or occupier of any premises within the village area forthwith or within such time as may be specified in the notice, to carry out such measures as may be specified in the notice, being measures necessary to maintain such drain, privy, cesspit, ashpit, or sanitary convenience in such premises in a sanitary condition.

32. It shall be lawful for the Chairman, by notice in writing to require the owner or occupier of any premises within the village area, within such time as may be specified in the notice, to remove the contents of any drain, privy, cesspit, ashpit or sanitary convenience in those premises or to cause the contents to be removed to such other place, for disposal in such manner, as may be so specified.

Overhanging Trees.

33. Whenever any tree within the village area or the branch, fruit, or any other part of such tree is causing or is likely to cause damage to any building, or is in a condition dangerous to the occupants of such building, or to the property or the safety of the passers-by along any public thoroughfare, the Chairman may, by a notice served on the owner or the occupier of the land upon which the tree stands, require such owner or occupier to cut down or tie up and make secure such tree or the branch, fruit, or other part of such tree, as the case may be, and if such owner or occupier fails within twenty-four hours of receiving the notice to comply with its requirements, any officer or workman authorized in writing by the Chairman may enter upon such land and do what the owner or occupier was required to do by the notice, and the expense incurred thereby may be recovered from such owner or occupier as a debt due to the Committee.

Disposal of the Bodies of Dead Animals.

34. On the death of any animal, it shall be the duty of the owner thereof, or in the absence of the owner, of the occupier of the premises in which the death occurs, to cause the body of the animal to be buried before the expiry of a period of twelve hours from the time of death.

35. Where any person who is responsible under by-law 34, for the burial of any dead animal fails to bury such animal within a period of twelve hours, the Chairman shall cause such animal to be buried, and the expense incurred thereby may be recovered from such person as a debt due to the Committee.

Dwelling-Compounds.

36. The occupier, or if there is no occupier the owner, of any house within the village area shall keep the land pertaining to such house in a clean and sanitary condition and free of undergrowth and rubbish.

Disorderly Conduct.

37. No person shall cause any annoyance to any other person by publishing any obscene writing or by making any obscene drawing or by singing or reciting any obscene songs or ballads, or do any other act which is likely to outrage public decency.

38. No person shall throw stones or filth at the house, or into the compound, of any other person.

Village Roads and Paths.

39. Every village road or path shall be constructed or reconstructed and maintained in accordance with the decision of the Committee as to the width of such road or path and the course which it is to take.

40. (1) Whenever any work of construction or of repair is commenced on any village road or path, the Chairman shall have the power to prohibit the use of such road or path by the public for such time as may be necessary, after giving at least three days' notice of such prohibition by beat of tom-tom or otherwise.

(2) It shall be lawful for the Chairman, whenever authorized by the Committee by a resolution in that behalf, to restrict or to prohibit the use of any village road or path by any kind or class of heavy vehicular traffic.

41. It shall be lawful for any person thereunto authorised in writing by the Chairman—

- (1) to enter, between 7 A.M. and 5 P.M. with all necessary workmen, vehicles, animals and implements, upon any land adjacent to or near any existing or proposed village road or path, for the purpose of executing any work connected with such road or path;
- (2) to throw upon any land adjacent to or near any existing or proposed village road or path such earth, rubbish, or materials as it may be necessary to remove from the place of any work connected with such road or path, but so, however, that such earth, rubbish or materials shall be removed within a reasonable time;
- (3) to make any temporary road through the grounds near any existing or proposed village road or path during the execution of any work connected with such road or path: but so, however, that such temporary road shall not run over any ground whereon any building stands, or over any enclosed garden or yard;
- (4) to enter upon any land for the purpose of constructing, repairing, or cleaning such drains, water-courses, fences or culverts, as may be necessary for the preservation, improvement, repair or construction of any village road or path.

42. No person shall—

- (a) injure, damage, obstruct, encroach upon or otherwise interfere with the use of any village road or path, whether constructed or in course of construction; or
- (b) except with the permission of the Committee, divert the line of any village road or path, whether constructed or in course of construction.

43. (1) It shall be the duty of the proprietors and cultivators of any paddy field through which any public footpath runs, to maintain such footpath at its customary width.

(2) No person shall cut or encroach upon any such footpath so as to reduce its width to less than its customary width.

General.

44. It shall be lawful for the Chairman, the Medical Officer of Health, the Sanitary Assistant or any person authorised in writing by the Chairman, at all reasonable times, to enter and inspect any market or fair or any article of food exposed or kept for sale therein and no person shall obstruct or resist any officer aforesaid in the execution of his duty under this by-law.

45. The by-laws relating to village markets made by the Village Committee of the Mallakam village area and published in *Gazette* No. 8,796 of September 26, 1941, are hereby rescinded.

46. Every contravention of any of these by-laws shall be punishable with a fine not exceeding twenty-five rupees, and with an additional fine not exceeding ten rupees for each day during which the contravention is continued after a conviction thereof by a court of competent jurisdiction or after written notice from the Chairman directing attention to such contravention.

L. D.—B. 27/39/GA. 16/2.

THE VILLAGE COMMUNITIES ORDINANCE.

NOTIFICATION made by the Minister of Health and Local Government under section 11 (1) of the Village Communities Ordinance (Chapter 198), as modified by the Proclamation published in *Gazette Extraordinary* No. 9,773 of September 24, 1947.

E. W. KANNANGARA,
Permanent Secretary,

Ministry of Health and Local Government.
Colombo, June 23, 1948.

Notification.

The Notification under section 11 (1) of the Village Communities Ordinance (Chapter 198), published in *Gazette* No. 8,739 of April 25, 1941, is by this Notification amended, with effect from January 1, 1949, by the substitution in the Schedule to that Notification for all the items under the headings "Tispane Village Area" and "Medapane Village Area", of the items in the Schedule hereto, the several particulars contained therein being set in the appropriate columns in the first mentioned Schedule:—

Schedule.

	Tispane Village Area.
Nawangama	Ward No. 1 comprising the village of Konsingammedda
	Ward No. 2 comprising the village of Nawangama
	Ward No. 3 comprising the villages of Dihintalawa, Pusulpitiya and Viharegammedda

Wattaddora	Ward No. 4 comprising the villages of Wattaddora and Dowita
	Ward No. 5 comprising the villages of Kurampitiya, Polwatiregammedda, Boruwagama and Kalugalapatana
	Ward No. 6 comprising the villages of Welagamaganmedda and Welandagodaganmedda
	Ward No. 7 comprising the village of Ciodamaditta
Tispano	Ward No. 8 comprising the village of Medagammedda
	Ward No. 9 comprising the villages of Harakwadiya, Tispanekanda and Aluwalagammedda
	Ward No. 10 comprising the village of Kodikaragammedda
	Ward No. 11 comprising the village of Udagammedda
Harangala	Ward No. 12 comprising the villages of Harangalegammedda and Pallogam-medda
	Ward No. 13 comprising the village of Udagammedda
	Ward No. 14 comprising the village of Kurumetiya
	Ward No. 15 comprising the villages of Lappanagama and Ratamalapitiya
Hapugastalawa	Ward No. 16 comprising the villages of Wattambara and Hapugastalawa
	Ward No. 17 comprising the village of Kaludemada
Doruwadaniya	Ward No. 18 comprising the village of Polwatura
	Ward No. 19 comprising the villages of Doruwadaniya and Mallanda
	Ward No. 20 comprising the village of Goorookoya
Rogersongama	Ward No. 21 comprising the village of Rogersongama

Medapane Village Area.

Hedunawa	Ward No. 1 comprising the village of Meddegoda Rategammedda
	Ward No. 2 comprising the villages of Paladoraela and Wetalawa
	Ward No. 3 comprising the villages of Hedunawa and Muwankeli-ella
Kalapitiya	Ward No. 4 comprising the village of Marakkalagama
	Ward No. 5 comprising the villages of Kalapitigammedda and Udagam-medda
	Ward No. 6 comprising the villages of Pallegammedda, Pokunuwattagam-medda and Nugatota
	Ward No. 7 comprising the village of Koholdeniagammedda
	Ward No. 8 comprising the village of Kottunugoda
Metagama	Ward No. 9 comprising the villages of Katarandena, Maldeniya and Katipola
	Ward No. 10 comprising the villages of Metagamagammedda, Pallegammedda and Kosinna
	Ward No. 11 comprising the villages of Udagammedda and Hinnarangolla
Rawanagoda	Ward No. 12 comprising the village of Rawanagoda Udagammedda
	Ward No. 13 comprising the village of Rawanagodagammedda
	Ward No. 14 comprising the villages of Medagammedda and Pallegammedda
Wijebahukanda	Ward No. 15 comprising the villages of Udagama and Wijebahukanda
	Ward No. 16 comprising the village of Pallegammedda
	Ward No. 17 comprising the village of Udagammedda
	Ward No. 18 comprising the village of Ambagaspiya
Rogersongama	Ward No. 19 comprising the village of Marakkayakumbura
	Ward No. 20 comprising the villages of Kurutiya, Wetakepotha and Madahela

L. D.—B. 7/39/L. G. D. G.B. 14/72/L.

THE VILLAGE COMMUNITIES ORDINANCE.

BY-LAWS under section 49 of the Village Communities Ordinance (Chapter 198), made by the Village Committee of the Kandapita-Walakada village area in the Matara District, and approved by the Minister of Health and Local Government by virtue of the powers vested in him by sub-section (3) of that section as modified by the Proclamation published in *Gazette Extraordinary* No. 9,773 of September 24, 1947.

E. W. KANNANGARA,

Permanent Secretary,

Ministry of Health and Local Government.

Colombo, June 14, 1948.

By-laws relating to Bakeries, Eating-Houses, Restaurants, and Tea and Coffee Boutiques.

1. In these by-laws—

“bakery” means any premises in which bread, biscuit or confectionery is baked for sale as food for human consumption and includes any premises in which such food is prepared, or in which the materials for the preparation of such food are stored; and
“Chairman” means the Chairman of the Village Committee of the Kandapita-Walakada village area.

2. (1) No person shall establish, or carry on the business of, any bakery except on a licence issued in that behalf by the Chairman on the recommendation of the Medical Officer of Health.

(2) Every licence issued under this by-law shall expire on the thirty-first day of December of the year in respect of which it is issued.

3. No person shall be entitled to a licence under by-law 2, unless the premises to be used as a bakery are in conformity with the following requirements:—

- (a) the premises must be well ventilated and well lighted,
- (b) the walls must be plastered with lime mortar and white-washed,
- (c) the floor must be cemented,
- (d) the premises must be provided with sufficient latrine accommodation and sufficient drains,
- (e) a ceiling of suitable materials must be provided so as to prevent dirt and dust falling from the roof,
- (f) the premises must not be situated within fifty feet of any cesspit, permanent manure heap, latrine, or open sewer,
- (g) the premises must be provided with a separate kneading room having a superficial floor space of not less than 12 feet by 10 feet,
- (h) there must be a free external air space, not less than seven feet wide, on at least two of the sides of the kneading room which contain doors or windows; and
- (i) the door of the oven must not open directly into the kneading room.

4. The licensee of a bakery shall cause—

- (a) all utensils, furniture and other requisites used in or belonging to the bakery, to be kept clean,
- (b) the tops of the tables in the bakery to be made of well seasoned, closely-fitting planks, or of some non-harmful, impervious material, and the tables to be scraped and cleaned daily,
- (c) the floor of the bakery to be swept at least once in every twenty-four hours, and the sweepings to be placed immediately in an impervious and covered receptacle, and removed from the bakery daily,
- (d) the premises of the bakery to be kept clean and free from effluvia arising from any drain, privy, or cesspit and from any other similar nuisance,
- (e) the flour which is used in the bakery to be kept on a platform raised at least three feet above the ground,
- (f) all refuse from the premises of the bakery to be removed and the drains to be flushed daily,
- (g) at least two spittoons to be kept in some part of the premises other than the kneading room, but so as to be easily accessible to those engaged in the manufacture of bread,
- (h) clean water, clean towels, nail brush and soap to be provided on the premises for the use of those engaged in the manufacture of bread, and
- (i) a copy in Sinhalese of these by-laws relating to bakeries to be exhibited in a conspicuous part of the bakery.

5. The licensee of a bakery shall not—

- (a) allow the bakery to be used as a place for sleeping or for keeping any animal or any article other than an article necessary for the purpose of the bakery,
- (b) allow any bread, biscuit or confectionery to be exposed for sale otherwise than in clean and properly constructed fly-proof glass cases,
- (c) allow any person engaged in the manufacture of bread, biscuit or confectionery to use any flour, water or other materials which are not good and wholesome,

(d) use or keep in the bakery any furniture or equipment which cannot be moved about for the purpose of cleaning the floor, or

(e) allow any gambling or disorderly conduct to take place on the premises of the bakery.

6. Every person employed in the preparation or baking of bread, biscuit or confectionery, shall wash his hands before engaging in that process, and shall wear a clean white apron, covering the chest, armpits, and body and also white cap or turban.

7. No person shall spit within the premises of the bakery except into a spittoon provided for the purpose.

8. No person who is suffering or has suffered from any contagious, cutaneous or infectious disease, or has been in attendance on any person suffering from such disease shall be permitted by any person in charge of a bakery to enter the bakery or to take part in the manufacture or sale of bread, biscuit or confectionery until the periods of infection and incubation have elapsed.

9. (1) It shall be lawful for the Chairman or the Medical Officer of Health or the Sanitary Assistant or any officer authorised by the Chairman in writing, at all reasonable times and at any time when the process of kneading or baking is being carried on, to enter and inspect the bakery.

(2) The licensee, or the person in charge of a bakery shall permit the Chairman or the Medical Officer of Health or the Sanitary Assistant or any other officer authorised by the Chairman in writing, to enter and inspect the bakery, and shall render him all such assistance as may be necessary.

10. It shall be lawful for the Rural Court in addition to any other punishment that it may impose, to cancel the licence of any licensee convicted twice or oftener of any breach of any of these by-laws relating to bakeries, and the licensee shall not be entitled to any compensation in respect of such cancellation.

11. (1) No person shall establish, or carry on the business of any eating-house, restaurant, or tea or coffee boutique, except on a licence issued in that behalf by the Chairman on the recommendation of the Medical Officer of Health.

(2) Every licence issued under this by-law shall expire on the thirty-first day of December of the year in respect of which it is issued.

12. No person shall be entitled to a licence under by-law 11, unless the premises to be used as any eating-house, restaurant, or tea or coffee boutique are in conformity with the following requirements:—

- (a) the premises must be well ventilated and well lighted,
- (b) the walls must be plastered with lime mortar and white-washed,
- (c) the floor must be cemented, and
- (d) a ceiling of suitable materials must be provided so as to prevent dirt and dust falling from the roof.

13. The licensee of any eating-house, restaurant or tea or coffee boutique shall cause—

- (a) the premises thereof to be kept in a clean and sanitary condition,
- (b) all utensils, furniture, or other equipment used in or belonging to the eating-house, restaurant, or tea or coffee boutique to be kept clean,
- (c) all refuse and dirt in or about the premises of the eating-house, restaurant, or tea or coffee boutique to be kept clean,
- (d) all cakes, sweets and other food exposed for sale on such premises to be kept in clean and properly constructed fly-proof glass cases,
- (e) all waste, tea, coffee, or milk, and all remnants of food to be collected in a fly-proof receptacle with a close-fitting lid or cover, and removed from such premises twice daily,
- (f) all utensils used in the preparation, sale and consumption of food or drink to be washed with soap and water at least once in every twenty-four hours,
- (g) every utensil or receptacle used by a customer to be washed immediately after such use and before being used by another customer, and
- (h) a list of the names and addresses of all employees to be kept at all times in the premises, so as to be available for inspection.

14. The licensee of any eating-house, restaurant, or tea or coffee boutique shall not permit—

- (a) any waste tea, coffee or milk or any remnants of food to be thrown on the floor of the licensed premises, or
- (b) any gambling or disorderly conduct to take place, on the licensed premises.

15. The licensee of any eating-house, restaurant, or tea or coffee boutique shall cause at least two spittoons to be kept at all times on the licensed premises so as to be readily available to the visitors to the premises as well as to the employees.

16. No person shall spit within the premises of any eating-house, restaurant, or tea or coffee boutique except into a spittoon provided for the purpose.

17. No person who is suffering or has suffered from any contagious, cutaneous or infectious disease, or has been in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall be permitted by any person in charge of any eating-house, restaurant, or tea or coffee boutique to enter such place or take part in the preparation or sale of any food or drink therein, until the periods of infection and incubation have elapsed.

18. It shall be lawful for the Chairman or the Medical Officer of Health or Sanitary Assistant or any officer authorised by the Chairman in writing, at all reasonable times, to enter and inspect any eating-house, restaurant, or tea or coffee boutique, and the licensee or the person in charge of any eating-house, restaurant, or tea or coffee boutique, shall permit him to enter and inspect the premises, and shall render him all such assistance as may be necessary.

19. It shall be lawful for the Rural Court, in addition to any other punishment that it may impose, to cancel the licence of any licensee convicted twice or oftener of any breach of any of these by-laws relating to eating-houses, restaurants, or tea or coffee boutiques, and the licensee shall not be entitled to any compensation in respect of such cancellation.

20. The by-laws made by the Village Committees of certain village areas situated in the Matara District, published in *Gazette* No. 8,050 of May 18, 1934, and therein called "Rules", are hereby amended, in so far as they apply to the Kandapita-Walakada village area, by the rescission of all the by-laws appearing under the headings "Bakeries" and "Eating-houses, Tea and Coffee Boutique".

L. D.—B. 12/45/L. G. D.—BB. 971.

THE URBAN COUNCILS ORDINANCE, No. 61 OF 1939.

BY-LAW made by the Wattagama Urban Council under sections 143 (b) and 166 of the Urban Councils Ordinance, No. 61 of 1939, and approved by the Minister of Health and Local Government by virtue of the powers vested in him by section 167 of the Ordinance as modified by the Proclamation published in *Gazette Extraordinary* No. 9,773 of September 24, 1947.

E. W. KANNANGARA,
Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Health and Local Government.

Colombo, June 23, 1948.

By-law.

The premises described in the Schedule hereto shall be exempt from the special conservancy rate for the year 1948, levied under section 143 (b) of the Urban Councils Ordinance, No. 61 of 1939, and referred to in the notice dated December 4, 1947, published in *Gazette* No. 9,809 of December 12, 1947.

Schedule.

The premises bearing the following assessment numbers:—

Ward 1.—Matale road	..	Nos. 98/1, 54, 88, 83, 127, 129, 6 and 90
Ward 1.—Elkaduwa road	..	Nos. 2, 12, 30 and 42
Ward 2.—Matale road	..	Nos. 57 and 8
Ward 3.—Panwila road	..	No. 5
Ward 3.—Nuwaratenne path	..	Nos. 136D/2 and 136E/3
Ward 4.—Panwila road	..	Nos. 79, 81, 4, 6, 8, 12, 16, 92, 110, 112, 131, 133, 135, 137, 139, 141, 143, 145, 159 and 77
Ward 4.—Udugoda path	..	Nos. 18, 20, 22, 38 and 40
Ward 5.—Post Office road	..	Nos. 12, 46, 2461/1, 71 and 250/4
Ward 6.—Kandy road	..	Nos. 5, 17, 19, 25, 39, 45, 57, 61, 69, 71, 258B/1, 81, 83, 68, 86, 92, 98, 104, 18B/1, 112, 122, 140, 1, 12A/2, 168, 12/1, 12C/2, 12B/3, 174, 190, 200, 202, 214, 224, 2B/1 and 33A—33B/1

L. D.—B. 36/47/L. G. D.—BC. 104.

THE TOWN COUNCILS ORDINANCE, No. 3 OF 1946.

BY-LAWS made by the Kochchikade Town Council, under sections 166 and 170 (9) of the Town Councils Ordinance, No. 3 of 1946, and approved by the Minister of Health and Local Government by virtue of the powers vested in him by section 167 of the Ordinance as modified by the Proclamation published in *Gazette Extraordinary* No. 9,773 of September 24, 1947.

E. W. KANNANGARA,
Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Health and Local Government.

Colombo, June 23, 1948.

By-laws.

1. Whenever any tree within the administrative limits of the Council, or any branch or fruit or any other part of such tree is causing or is likely to cause damage to any building, or is in a condition dangerous or likely to be dangerous to the occupants of any building, the Chairman may, by a notice in writing served on the owner or occupier of the land on which such tree stands, require such owner or occupier to tie up and make secure, or cut down and remove such tree, or the branch or fruit or other part of such tree, as the case may be, within such time as may be specified in the notice, and where such owner or occupier on whom such notice is served fails to comply with its requirements within the time specified therein, any officer or workman authorised in writing by the Chairman may enter upon such land and at the expense of such owner or occupier do what such owner or occupier was required to do by the notice.

2. Every owner or occupier who fails to comply with the requirements of a notice served on him under by-law 1 within the time specified in such notice, shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.

3. In these by-laws—

"Chairman" means the Chairman of the Council;

"Council" means the Kochchikade Town Council.

L. D.—B. 39/47/L. G. D.—BC. 129.

THE TOWN COUNCILS ORDINANCE, No. 3 OF 1946.

BY-LAWS made by the Hikkaduwa-Dodanduwa Town Council under sections 166 and 170 (3) of the Town Councils Ordinance, No. 3 of 1946, and approved by the Minister of Health and Local Government by virtue of the powers vested in him by section 167 of the Ordinance as modified by the Proclamation under section 88 (1) of the Ceylon (Constitution) Order in Council, 1946, published in *Gazette Extraordinary* No. 9,773 of September 24, 1947.

E. W. KANNANGARA,
Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Health and Local Government.

Colombo, June 23, 1948.

By-laws relating to the Tax on Vehicles and Animals.

1. The returns required to be furnished under section 180 of the Ordinance by an owner or other person whether resident within the town or outside and liable or deemed to be liable to pay taxes in respect of animals or vehicles shall be made in the form supplied by the Council for that purpose and shall be filled up and furnished by the person to whom such form is addressed.

2. (1) If any person, after having filled up and furnished a return, acquires, keeps, or uses any vehicle or animal not mentioned in such return, he shall within one month of acquiring or commencing to keep such vehicle or animal, notify the Chairman in writing of the fact of the acquisition, keeping, or use, and further furnish true and correct information in respect of such vehicle or animal.

(2) Whoever fails or neglects to notify the Chairman or to furnish information as required by the foregoing paragraph of this by-law shall be guilty of an offence punishable with a fine not exceeding twenty-five rupees.

3. Subject to the provisions of section 176 of the Ordinance, every person who has furnished the return referred to in by-law 1 shall without further notice be liable, in respect of every vehicle or animal entered in such return, to pay the tax for the year for which such return is furnished and every person who has sent the written notice required by by-law 2 shall be liable to pay the tax on every vehicle or animal referred to in such notice for the year in which such vehicle or animal was acquired by him or otherwise came into his possession.

4. Any person who has furnished the return required by by-law 1 or the written notice required by by-law 2 may by written notice given to the Chairman claim to be exempted from the liability to pay any tax in respect of a vehicle or an animal which has been in his possession for less than thirty days in any year and is entered in or referred to in such return or notice.

5. The annual tax prescribed under the provisions of section 176 of the Ordinance shall be paid on or before the thirty-first day of March in every year in respect of all vehicles, other than those exempted by the Ordinance, and in respect of every horse, pony, mule, bullock or ass kept or used within the administrative limits of the Council.

6. The annual tax in respect of any vehicle or animal shall be paid at the office of the Council.

7. On payment of the annual tax the Chairman shall issue or cause to be issued in respect of every vehicle for which such tax is paid a metal plate with distinguishing letters for the several kinds of vehicles as specified in the Schedule hereto and with figures denoting the year for which the plate is issued and the corresponding number in the register of vehicles. Such plate shall be fixed on a conspicuous part of the vehicle in respect of which the plate was issued.

8. Where any plate issued under by-law 7 becomes indistinct or defaced by use or otherwise, the owner of the plate shall return it to the Chairman and shall be entitled, on making a payment of 25 cents, to receive a fresh plate.

9. The Chairman may, on his being satisfied by affidavit or otherwise that any plate issued under these by-laws has been lost or stolen, issue a fresh plate on the application of the owner of the lost or stolen plate on payment by him of 50 cents.

10. Where the plate prescribed by these by-laws has not been duly affixed to any vehicle kept or used within the administrative limits of the Council, the owner or person in charge of that vehicle shall be guilty of an offence punishable with a fine not exceeding fifteen rupees.

11. In these by-laws—

“Chairman” means the Chairman of the Council;
 “Council” means the Hikkaduwa-Dodanduwa Town Council; and
 “Ordinance” means the Town Councils Ordinance, No. 3 of 1946.

Schedule.

For a bicycle used for other than trade purposes..	KHB.
For a bicycle used for trade purposes	KHT.
For a cart	KFC.
For a hand cart	KHH.
For a jinricksha	KHR.

L. D.—96/45/GC. 14/38/10.

THE VILLAGE COMMUNITIES ORDINANCE.

BY-LAW under section 49 of the Village Communities Ordinance (Chapter 198), made by the Village Committee of the Yagam Pattu village area in the Chilaw District, and approved by the Minister of Health and Local Government by virtue of the powers vested in him by sub-section (3) of that section as modified by the Proclamation published in *Gazette Extraordinary* No. 9,773 of September 24, 1947.

E. W. KANNANGARA,
 Permanent Secretary,

Ministry of Health and Local Government.

Colombo, June 23, 1948.

By-law.

Overhanging Trees.

Whenever any tree within the Yagam Pattu village area, or the branch, fruit, or any other part of such tree is causing or is likely to cause damage to any building, or is in a condition dangerous to the occupants of such building, or to the property or the safety of passers-by along any public thoroughfare, the Chairman of the Village Committee of the Yagam Pattu village area may, by a notice served on the owner or the occupier of the land upon which the tree stands, require such owner or occupier to cut down or tie up and make secure such tree or the branch, fruit or the part of such tree, as the case may be, and if such owner or occupier fails within twenty-four hours of receiving the notice to comply with its requirements, any officer or workman authorised in writing by such Chairman may enter upon such land and at the expense of the owner or occupier do what the owner or occupier was required to do by the notice.

L. D.—B. 74/39/GA. 16/2.

THE VILLAGE COMMUNITIES ORDINANCE.

ORDER made by the Minister of Health and Local Government under section 6 of the Village Communities Ordinance (Chapter 198) as modified by the Proclamation published in *Gazette Extraordinary* No. 9,773 of September 24, 1947.

E. W. KANNANGARA,
 Permanent Secretary,

Ministry of Health and Local Government.

Colombo, June 23, 1948.

Order.

With effect from January 1, 1949,—

- (1) the limits of the Medapane korale village area of the Divisional Revenue Officer's Division of Kotmale in the Nuwara Eliya District of the Central Province are hereby altered and redefined by the exclusion, from that village area, of the village of Rogersongama described in the Schedule hereto, and
- (2) the limits of the Tispane korale village area of the said Divisional Revenue Officer's Division are hereby altered and redefined by the addition, to that village area, of the said village of Rogersongama.

Schedule.

Limits of the Village of Rogersongama.

North : By Pinelhill Village Committee road ;
 East : By Galpotte ela ;
 South : By Tispane estate ; and
 West : By Godamaditta.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT SERVICE.

Post of Chief Clerk, Grade I., Urban Council, Kalutara.

APPLICATIONS are invited by the Local Government Service Commission for the above post.

2. The post carries a salary of Rs. 1,440 per annum, rising by annual increments of Rs. 120 to Rs. 3,480 per annum, with an efficiency bar before Rs. 2,640 per annum. A rent allowance and a temporary cost of living allowance at Government rates will be paid. No special temporary allowance is payable.

3. Applications will be entertained only from members of the Local Government Service who have a good knowledge of office routine and accounts and who have had at least ten years' experience in a local authority.

4. The selected candidate will be on one year's probation or trial and will be subject to the provisions of the Local Government Service Ordinance, No. 43 of 1945, and the Regulations made thereunder.

5. Applications in the candidates own handwriting, stating age, qualifications and experience, together with copies only of testimonials, should reach the Chairman, Local Government Service Commission, P. O. Box 530, Colombo, not later than 12 noon on July 16, 1948.

6. Applications should be addressed to the Chairman and not personally to the undersigned.

7. Canvassing either directly or indirectly will be a disqualification.

V. C. JAYASURIYA,

Chairman, Local Government Service Commission.

P. O. Box 530,
 Colombo, June 25, 1948.

No. O 143.

KANDY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

Proclamation under section 10A (1) of the Rabies Ordinance, 1893.

THE area within the Municipal limits of Kandy is hereby proclaimed under section 10A (1) of the Rabies Ordinance, 1893, as an area within which there is danger of rabies, and the public are hereby warned that any dog found in any public place or road, or any place other than a private building, compound or garden, within the Municipal limits of Kandy not being tied up or led, will be destroyed forthwith by any person authorised by me in writing.

P. R. TENNEKON,

Kandy, June 23, 1948. Acting Municipal Commissioner.

Nuwara Eliya Municipality.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 17 of the Local Authorities Elections Ordinance, No. 53 of 1946, that the preparation of the electoral lists of the above Municipality has been completed. Copies of the electoral lists will be available for inspection, free of charge, during office hours at the office of the Nuwara Eliya Urban Council and at the Nuwara Eliya Post Office.

Any person—

- (a) who claims to be entitled to have his name entered in the electoral lists, but whose name has not been so entered,
- (b) who claims that his name has not been entered in the correct list and should be transferred to some other list,
- (c) who, being a person whose name has been entered in the above lists, objects to the name of any other person appearing therein,

shall forward his claim or objection in writing to me within 14 (fourteen) days of the publication of this notice.

L. N. T. MENDIS,

Assistant Elections Officer, Nuwara Eliya.

The Kachcheri,
 Nuwara Eliya, June 30, 1948.

Negombo Urban Council.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 17 of the Local Authorities Elections Ordinance, No. 53 of 1946, that the revision of Electoral lists of the Negombo Urban Council has been completed. Copies of the electoral lists will be available for inspection, free of charge, during office hours, at the office of the Urban Council.

Any person—

- (a) who claims to be entitled to have his name entered in the electoral lists but whose name has not been so entered,
- (b) who claims that his name has not been entered in the correct list and should be transferred to some other list,
- (c) who, being a person whose name has been entered in the above lists, objects to the name of any other person appearing therein,

shall forward his claim or objection in writing to me within 14 days of the publication of this notice

H. V. F. ABAYAKOON,
Assistant Elections Officer, Colombo District.
Department of Elections (Local Bodies),
P. O. Box 814,
Colombo, July 2, 1948.

Piliyandala Town Council.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 17 of the Local Authorities Elections Ordinance, No. 53 of 1946, that the preparation of electoral lists of the Piliyandala Town Council has been completed. Copies of the electoral lists will be available for inspection, free of charge, during office hours, at the office of the above Town Council and at the Post Office.

Any person—

- (a) who claims to be entitled to have his name entered in the electoral lists but whose name has not been so entered,
- (b) who claims that his name has not been entered in the correct list and should be transferred to some other list,
- (c) who, being a person whose name has been entered in the above lists, objects to the name of any other person appearing therein,

shall forward his claim or objection in writing to me within 14 days of the publication of this notice.

H. V. F. ABAYAKOON,
Assistant Elections Officer, Colombo District.
Department of Elections (Local Bodies),
P. O. Box 814,
Colombo, July 2, 1948.

Gampaha Urban Council.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 17 of the Local Authorities Elections Ordinance, No. 53 of 1946, that the revision of the electoral lists of the Gampaha Urban Council has been completed. Copies of the electoral lists will be available for inspection, free of charge, during office hours at the office of the above Urban Council and at the Post Office.

Any person—

- (a) who claims to be entitled to have his name entered in the electoral lists but whose name has not been so entered,
- (b) who claims that his name has not been entered in the correct list and should be transferred to some other list,
- (c) who, being a person whose name has been entered in the above lists, objects to the name of any other person appearing therein,

shall forward his claim or objection in writing to me within 14 days of the publication of this notice.

H. V. F. ABAYAKOON,
Assistant Elections Officer, Colombo District.
Department of Elections (Local Bodies),
P. O. Box 814,
Colombo, July 2, 1948.

Kuliyapitiya Urban Council.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 17 of the Local Authorities Elections Ordinance, No. 53 of 1946, that the revision of the electoral lists of the Kuliyapitiya Urban Council has been completed. Copies of the electoral lists will be available for inspection, free of charge, during office hours at the office of the above Urban Council and at the Post Office, Kuliyapitiya.

Any person—

- (a) who claims to be entitled to have his name entered in the electoral lists but whose name has not been so entered,
- (b) who claims that his name has not been entered in the correct list and should be transferred to some other list,
- (c) who, being a person whose name has been entered in the above lists, objects to the name of any other person appearing therein,

shall forward his claim or objection in writing to me within 14 days of the publication of this notice.

L. T. ANDRADI,
Assistant Elections Officer, Kurunegala District.
Kurunegala Kachcheri,
June 30, 1948.

Kalutara Urban Council.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 17 of the Local Authorities Elections Ordinance, No. 53 of 1946, that the revision of the electoral lists of the above Urban Council has been completed. Copies of the electoral lists will be available for inspection, free of charge, during office hours at the office of the above Urban Council.

Any person—

- (a) who claims to be entitled to have his name entered in the electoral lists but whose name has not been so entered,
- (b) who claims that his name has not been entered in the correct lists and should be transferred to some other list,
- (c) who, being a person whose name has been entered in the above lists, objects to the name of any other person appearing therein,

shall forward his claim or objection in writing to me within 14 days of the publication of this notice.

S. M. DUFF,
The Kachcheri, Elections Officer, Kalutara District.
Kalutara, June 28, 1948.

Panadura Urban Council.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 17 of the Local Authorities Elections Ordinance, No. 53 of 1946, that the revision of the electoral lists of the above Urban Council has been completed. Copies of the electoral lists will be available for inspection, free of charge, during office hours at the office of the above Urban Council.

Any person—

- (a) who claims to be entitled to have his name entered in the electoral lists but whose name has not been so entered,
- (b) who claims that his name has not been entered in the correct lists and should be transferred to some other list,
- (c) who, being a person whose name has been entered in the above lists, objects to the name of any other person appearing therein,

shall forward his claim or objection in writing to me within 14 days of the publication of this notice.

S. M. DUFF,
The Kachcheri, Elections Officer, Kalutara District.
Kalutara, June 28, 1948.

Horana Urban Council.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 17 of the Local Authorities Elections Ordinance, No. 53 of 1946, that the revision of the electoral lists of the above Urban Council has been completed. Copies of the electoral lists will be available for inspection, free of charge, during office hours at the office of the above Urban Council.

Any person—

- (a) who claims to be entitled to have his name entered in the electoral lists but whose name has not been so entered,
- (b) who claims that his name has not been entered in the correct lists and should be transferred to some other list,
- (c) who, being a person whose name has been entered in the above lists, objects to the name of any other person appearing therein,

shall forward his claim or objection in writing to me within 14 days of the publication of this notice.

S. M. DUFF,
The Kachcheri, Elections Officer, Kalutara District.
Kalutara, June 28, 1948.

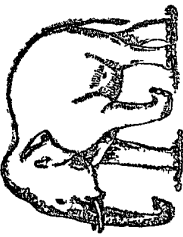
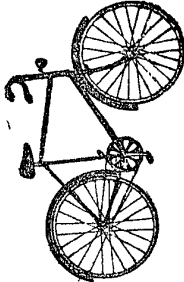

COLOMBO MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

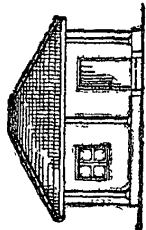
Borella Ward.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 39 of the Local Authorities Elections Ordinance, No. 53 of 1946, that—

- (a) the by-election for the above ward is contested;
- (b) the names of the candidates, the distinctive symbol allotted to each candidate, the names of the proposers and seconders of each candidate, the date on which the poll will be taken, the situation of the polling stations and the groups of voters for whom each polling station will be set apart, are specified in the Schedule below—
- (c) the poll will be open between 8.A.M. and 5.30 P.M. on polling day.

Schedule.

Name of Candidate.	Symbol allotted.	Names of Proposers and Seconders.	Date of Poll.	Situation of Polling Station.	Groups of Voters for whom Polling Stations will be set apart.
Holupathirage Alfred Caldera ..		<p>1. Proposer : Sududevege Fernando</p> <p>2. Proposer : Hettiarachchige Chandrapala</p> <p>3. Proposer : Juwendirige Siripala</p> <p>4. Proposer : Don Apeysinghe Arachchige Marshall Perera</p>		Social Service League Night School, Magazine road.	Borella Cross road, Cotta road Nos. 19-77, Cotta Terrace, Elliot place, Fairfield Gardens, Grenier road, Magazine road, Maradana road Nos. 1101-1225, Puvingam place, Serpentine road, Turnour road.
Robert Edward Jayatilaka ..		<p>1. Proposer : Don Edwin Jayasekera</p> <p>2. Proposer : Dora Ranasinghe</p> <p>3. Proposer : Cyril Widanapathirana</p> <p>4. Proposer : Mercy Wadsworth</p>	July 17, 1948.	All Saints Sinhalese School, Campbell place.	Campbell place, Cattle Mart road, Gorakagaha path, Gunasekara lane, Maradana road Nos. 909-1091/3, Norris avenue, Park avenue, Pelangastuduva path, Seevali lane, Sumangala road, Wanatharnulla road.
Angaha Vidanage Wimaladasa Perera ..		<p>1. Proposer : George Charles Goonetilleke</p> <p>2. Proposer : Vythinngam singham</p> <p>3. Proposer : Makandalage Perera</p> <p>4. Proposer : Meegoda Don Edwin Perera</p>			



Nanayakkarapathirage Martin
Petara

1. Proposer : Paiyagalla Baduge Don
Gilbert

Seconder : St. Clair Neerwald

2. Proposer : Tully Deloia Givendra-
singhe

Seconder : Isac Moses Antony

July 17, 1948.

3. School at the junction
of Cotta Road and
Gotami road

Arbuthnot street, Blake road, Cotta road Nos. 85-325, Dellima
road, Erin place, First (1st) lane, Gotami road, Kuruppu road,
Rodney place, Rodney street, Second (2nd) lane.

Department of Elections (Local Bodies),
15, Barnes place,
Colombo, July 2, 1948.

S. AMARASINGHE,
Assistant Elections Officer, Colombo District.

Beruwala Urban Council.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 17 of the Local Authorities Elections Ordinance, No. 53 of 1946, that the revision of the electoral lists of the above Urban Council has been completed. Copies of the electoral lists will be available for inspection, free of charge, during office hours at the office of the above Urban Council.

Any person—

- (a) who claims to be entitled to have his name entered in the electoral lists but whose name has not been so entered,
- (b) who claims that his name has not been entered in the correct lists and should be transferred to some other list,
- (c) who, being a person whose name has been entered in the above lists, objects to the name of any other person appearing therein,

shall forward his claim or objection in writing to me within 14 days of the publication of this notice.

S. M. DUFF,

The Kachcheri, Elections Officer, Kalutara District.
Kalutara, June 28, 1948.

Alutgama Town Council.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 17 of the Local Authorities Elections Ordinance, No. 53 of 1946, that the revision of the electoral lists of the above Town Council has been completed. Copies of the electoral lists will be available for inspection, free of charge, during office hours at the office of the above Town Council.

Any person—

- (a) who claims to be entitled to have his name entered in the electoral lists but whose name has not been so entered,
- (b) who claims that his name has not been entered in the correct lists and should be transferred to some other list,
- (c) who, being a person whose name has been entered in the above lists, objects to the name of any other person appearing therein,

shall forward his claim or objection in writing to me within 14 days of the publication of this notice.

S. M. DUFF,

The Kachcheri, Elections Officer, Kalutara District.
Kalutara, June 28, 1948.

Wadduwa Town Council.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 17 of the Local Authorities Elections Ordinance, No. 53 of 1946, that the revision of the electoral lists of the above Town Council has been completed. Copies of the electoral lists will be available for inspection, free of charge, during office hours at the office of the above Town Council.

Any person—

- (a) who claims to be entitled to have his name entered in the electoral lists but whose name has not been so entered,
- (b) who claims that his name has not been entered in the correct lists and should be transferred to some other list,
- (c) who, being a person whose name has been entered in the above lists, objects to the name of any other person appearing therein,

shall forward his claim or objection in writing to me within 14 days of the publication of this notice.

S. M. DUFF,

The Kachcheri, Elections Officer, Kalutara District.
Kalutara, June 28, 1948.

Matugama Town Council.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 17 of the Local Authorities Elections Ordinance, No. 53 of 1946, that the preparation of the electoral lists of the above Town Council has been completed. Copies of the electoral lists will be available for inspection, free of charge, during office hours at the office of the D. R. O., Matugama, and at the Post Office.

Any person—

- (a) who claims to be entitled to have his name entered in the electoral lists but whose name has not been so entered,
- (b) who claims that his name has not been entered in the correct lists and should be transferred to some other list,

(c) who, being a person whose name has been entered in the above lists, objects to the name of any other person appearing therein,

shall forward his claim or objection in writing to me within 14 days of the publication of this notice.

S. M. DUFF,

The Kachcheri, Elections Officer, Kalutara District.
Kalutara, June 28, 1948.

Madampe Town Council.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 17 of the Local Authorities Elections Ordinance, No. 53 of 1946, that the revision of the electoral lists of the Madampe Town Council has been completed. Copies of the electoral lists will be available for inspection, free of charge, during office hours at the office of the above Town Council and at the Madampe Post Office.

Any person—

- (a) who claims to be entitled to have his name entered in the electoral lists but whose name has not been so entered,
- (b) who claims that his name has not been entered in the correct list and should be transferred to some other list,
- (c) who, being a person whose name has been entered in the above lists, objects to the name of any other person appearing therein,

shall forward his claim or objection in writing to me within 14 (fourteen) days of the publication of this notice.

M. SRIKHANTA,

The Kachcheri, Elections Officer, Chilaw District.
Puttalam, June 30, 1948.

Kalpitiya Town Council.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 17 of the Local Authorities Elections Ordinance, No. 53 of 1946, that the preparation of the electoral lists of the Kalpitiya Town Council has been completed. Copies of the electoral lists will be available for inspection, free of charge, during office hours at the office of the Kalpitiya V. C. and at the Kalpitiya Post Office.

Any person—

- (a) who claims to be entitled to have his name entered in the electoral lists but whose name has not been so entered,
- (b) who claims that his name has not been entered in the correct list and should be transferred to some other list,
- (c) who, being a person whose name has been entered in the above lists, objects to the name of any other person appearing therein,

shall forward his claim or objection in writing to me within 14 (fourteen) days of the publication of this notice.

M. SRIKHANTA,

The Kachcheri, Elections Officer, Puttalam District.
Puttalam, June 30, 1948.

Puttalam Urban Council.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 17 of the Local Authorities Elections Ordinance, No. 53 of 1946, that the revision of the electoral lists of the Puttalam Urban Council has been completed. Copies of the electoral lists will be available for inspection, free of charge, during office hours at the office of the above Urban Council and at the Puttalam Post Office.

Any person—

- (a) who claims to be entitled to have his name entered in the electoral lists but whose name has not been so entered,
- (b) who claims that his name has not been entered in the correct list and should be transferred to some other list,
- (c) who, being a person whose name has been entered in the above lists, objects to the name of any other person appearing therein,

shall forward his claim or objection in writing to me within 14 (fourteen) days of the publication of this notice.

M. SRIKHANTA,

The Kachcheri, Elections Officer, Puttalam District.
Puttalam, June 30, 1948.

Chilaw Urban Council.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 17 of the Local Authorities Elections Ordinance, No. 53 of 1946, that the revision of the electoral lists of the Chilaw Urban Council has been completed. Copies of the electoral lists will be available for inspection, free of charge, during office hours at the office of the above Urban Council and at the Chilaw Post Office.

Any person—

- (a) who claims to be entitled to have his name entered in the electoral lists but whose name has not been so entered,
- (b) who claims that his name has not been entered in the correct list and should be transferred to some other list,
- (c) who, being a person whose name has been entered in the above lists, objects to the name of any other person appearing therein,

shall forward his claim or objection in writing to me within 14 (fourteen) days of the publication of this notice.

M. SRIKHANTA,

Elections Officer, Puttalam and Chilaw Districts.

The Kachcheri,

Puttalam, June 30, 1948.

Talawakelle-Lindula Urban Council.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 17 of the Local Authorities Elections Ordinance, No. 53 of 1946, that the revision of the electoral lists of the above Urban Council has been completed. Copies of the electoral lists will be available for inspection, free of charge, during office hours at the office of the Talawakelle-Lindula Urban Council and at the Post Offices at Talawakelle and Lindula.

Any person—

- (a) who claims to be entitled to have his name entered in the electoral lists, but whose name has not been so entered,
- (b) who claims that his name has not been entered in the correct list and should be transferred to some other list,
- (c) who, being a person whose name has been entered in the above lists, objects to the name of any other person appearing therein,

shall forward his claim or objection in writing to me within 14 (fourteen) days of the publication of this notice.

L. N. T. MENDIS,

Assistant Elections Officer, Nuwara Eliya.

The Kachcheri,

Nuwara Eliya, June 30, 1948.

Vavuniya Town Council.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 17 of the Local Authorities Elections Ordinance, No. 53 of 1946, that the revision of the electoral lists of the Vavuniya Town Council has been completed. Copies of the Electoral lists will be available for inspection, free of charge, during office hours at the office of the above Town Council, and at the Vavuniya Kachcheri.

2. Any Person—

- (a) who claims to be entitled to have his name entered in the electoral lists but whose name has not been so entered,
- (b) who claims that his name has not been entered in the correct list and should be transferred to some other list,
- (c) who, being a person whose name has been entered in the above lists, objects to the name of any other person appearing therein,

shall forward his claim or objection in writing to me within fourteen (14) days of the publication of this notice.

N. MANICKA IDAIKKADAR,

The Kachcheri, Elections Officer, Vavuniya District.

Vavuniya, June 29, 1948.

Mullaitivu Town Council.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 17 of the Local Authorities Elections Ordinance, No. 53 of 1946, that the revision of the Electoral lists of the Mullaitivu Town Council has been completed. Copies of the electoral lists will be available for inspection, free of charge, during office hours at the office of the above Town Council, and at the Mullaitivu Post Office.

2. Any person—

- (a) who claims to be entitled to have his name entered in the electoral lists but whose name has not been so entered,

(b) who claims that his name has not been entered in the correct list and should be transferred to some other list,

(c) who, being a person whose name has been entered in the above lists, objects to the name of any other person appearing therein,

shall forward his claim or objection in writing to me within fourteen (14) days of the publication of this notice.

N. MANICKA IDAIKKADAR,

The Kachcheri, Elections Officer, Vavuniya District.
Vavuniya, June 29, 1948.

Rabies.

IN terms of the Rabies Ordinance, Chapter 333, section 11, notice is hereby given that there is danger of rabies within the administrative limits of the Urban Council, Kotte.

Any dog found in any public place or road or any place other than a private building, compound or garden, within the said area, and not tied up or led, or effectively controlled, shall be liable to be destroyed forthwith by any person authorised in writing for the purpose.

This proclamation shall take effect from July 1 to December 31, 1948.

Kotte U. C. Office,
Rajagiri, June 24, 1948.

A. E. CHRISTIE PERERA,
Chairman.

GAMPOLA URBAN COUNCIL.**Statement of Revenue and Expenditure for the Year 1947.**

REVENUE.	Rs. c.
A.—General revenue ..	107,542 13
B.—Thoroughfares ..	3,996 70
C.—Resthouses ..	2,757 15
D.—Council lands and buildings ..	435 90
E.—Public health ..	30,034 85
F.—Public recreation ..	511 50
G.—Cemeteries ..	369 0
H.—Dog registration ..	133 0
I.—Weights and measures ..	195 10
J.—Electricity Department ..	82,243 10
K.—Fire protection ..	—
L.—Supply of fruit trees ..	—
M.—Reading rooms and libraries ..	—
N.—War emergency measures ..	—
	228,218 43

Other receipts—

Deposits ..	7,469 77
Advances ..	1,232 10
Stores advance account ..	450 0
Grant for Housing Scheme ..	20,000 0
Provident Fund deposit ..	30 3
Advance dishonoured cheque ..	36 56
	Total .. 257,436 89

EXPENDITURE.

EXPENDITURE.	Rs. c.
A.—General expenditure ..	28,701 59
B.—Thoroughfares ..	15,333 32
C.—Resthouses ..	3,871 92
D.—Council lands and buildings ..	16,377 67
E.—Public health ..	79,262 54
F.—Public recreation ..	1,702 76
G.—Cemeteries ..	1,920 95
H.—Dog registration ..	488 5
I.—Weights and measures ..	97 55
J.—Electricity department ..	53,658 44
K.—Fire protection ..	28 28
L.—Supply of fruit trees ..	201 40
M.—Reading rooms and libraries ..	—
N.—War emergency measures ..	—
	206,644 47

Other payments—

Deposits ..	5,564 90
Advances ..	3,752 16
Refund of advance wages to labourers ..	359 8
Provident Fund deposit ..	16 2
Advance dishonoured cheque ..	36 56
	Total .. 216,377

Loan Account Electric Lighting Scheme.

Date of Loan	Amount.		Rate of Interest. Per Cent.	Amount of Annual Payment.		Amount Paid.		Amount Outstanding.		Date of Extinction.
	Rs.	c.		Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	
22. 9. 33	7,500	0	4	326	8	3,913	12	3,586	88	22. 9. 60
15. 12. 33	15,000	0	4	652	17	7,173	96	7,826	4	15. 12. 60
26. 2. 34	20,000	0	4	869	56	9,565	28	10,434	72	16. 2. 61
15. 3. 34	10,000	0	4	434	78	4,782	64	5,217	36	15. 3. 61
31. 7. 34	12,500	0	4	543	48	5,978	45	6,521	55	31. 7. 61
9. 10. 34	39,000	0	4	1,695	70	18,652	70	20,347	30	9. 10. 61
9. 8. 35	2,450	0	4	106	52	1,065	20	1,384	80	9. 8. 62
6. 7. 36	1,310	0	4	56	95	512	70	797	30	6. 7. 63
11. 3. 37	16,540	0	4	716	52	5,732	20	10,807	80	11. 3. 64
28. 5. 47	5,700	0	4	247	82	1,982	70	3,717	30	28. 5. 64

Loan Account Water Augmentation Scheme.

Date of Loan.	Amount.		Rate of Interest. Per Cent.	Amount of Annual Payment.		Amount Paid.		Amount Outstanding.		Date of Extinction.
	Rs.	c.		Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.	
15. 8. 36	22,710	0	4	1,528	59	6,562	80	16,147	20	15. 8. 63
1. 4. 38	57,052	0	4	2,282	8	12,305	87	44,746	13	1. 4. 65
8. 10. 41	238	0	4	9	52	27	60	210	40	8. 10. 68

I, Seyado Mohammado Sheriff, Chairman, Urban Council, Gampola, do hereby affirm that to the best of my knowledge and belief the above is a true and correct statement of all moneys received and paid during the year 1947, on account of the Gampola Urban Council.

S. M. SHERIFF,
Chairman.

Affirmed before me this 17th day of June, 1948, at Gampola.

M. W. R. DE SILVA,
Justice of the Peace.

Certified to be correct.

S. P. M. HANIFFA,
Member.

Statement of Assets and Liabilities on December 31, 1947.

LIABILITIES.		Rs.	c.			Rs.	c.
Deposits		13,966	13	Cash in Bank of Ceylon		40,321	0
Reserve for depreciation		4,441	58	National Bank		9,971	69
Balance surplus		47,143	98	<i>Less</i> uncashed cheques		50,292	69
						3,597	5
						46,695	64
		Total	65,551 69			Total	65,551 69

I, Seyado Mohammado Sheriff, Chairman, Urban Council, Gampola, do hereby affirm that to the best of my knowledge and belief the above is a true and correct statement of assets and liabilities of the Gampola Urban Council on December 31, 1947.

S. M. SHERIFF,
Chairman.

Affirmed before me this 17th day of June, 1948, at Gampola.

Certified to be correct.

S. P. M. HANIFFA,
Member.

M. W. R. DE SILVA,
Justice of the Peace.

BERUWALA URBAN COUNCIL.		Supplementary Budget for 1947.		Rs.	c.
A.—General expenditure :—					
(1) Salaries of officers—					
(e) Pensions		102	91	(3) Conservancy—	
(2) Establishment expenses—				(a) Wages	1,230 69
(a) Allowances	97	5	(b) War allowances		1,052 77
(e) Legal expenses	2	50	(4) Slaughter-house and cattle pound—		
(f) Stationery, printing, &c.	939	35	(b) Maintenance		317 63
(i) Cost of audit	55	82	(7) Markets and galas—		
(l) War allowances	2,099	52	(a) Wages	5	20
(4) Contribution and grants	148	60	(b) Maintenance	538	14
			(b) War allowances		97 11
B.—Thoroughfares :—				J.—Electricity department :—	
(2) Maintenance	1,662	68	(1) Generation of electricity—		
(4) Lighting	992	77	(b) Oil, waste and engine room stores	251	33
			(d) War allowances	302	79
D.—Council lands and buildings :—				(2) Repairs and maintenance—	
(5) Furniture	391	60	(b) Engines, boilers, machinery	977	22
(8) War allowance	262	80	(4) Management and general expenses—		
			(c) Printing and stationery	226	65
E.—Public health :—				(d) Sundries	1,456 89
(1) General—			(e) War allowances	1,019	59
(a) Salaries (Inspectors and Midwives)	361	15	(5) Loan charges—		
(b) Allowances	43	89	(b) Capital repayment	3,948	72
(f) Instruments and drugs	16	5			
(k) Anti-plague measures	1,656	72			
(m) War allowances	939	44			
(2) Scavenging—					
(b) War allowances	1,782	0			

Settled and adopted by the Council at its meeting held on June 19, 1948, by resolution 12.

Office of the Urban Council,
Beruwala, June 24, 1948.

S. M. JABIR,
Chairman.

WATTEGAMA URBAN COUNCIL.
Supplementary Budget for 1948.

EXPENDITURE.	Rs.	c.
E.—Public health :—		
(5) Water supply—		
(c) Maintenance	200	0
Total	200	0

Settled and adopted by the Council at its meeting held on May 29, 1948.

Urban Council Office, M. CHELLIAH,
Wattegama, June 8, 1948. for Chairman.

Sanctioned by the Hon. the Minister of Health and Local Government on June 20, 1948.

G. D. SIRISENA,
for Acting Commissioner of Local Government.
Colombo, June 23, 1948.

CHILAW URBAN COUNCIL.
Supplementary Budget for 1948.

EXPENDITURE.	Rs.	c.
E.—Public health :—		
(5) Water supply—		
(c) Maintenance	1,086	0
E.—Public health :—		
(1) General—		
(b) Drainage compensation	2,334	0
Total	3,420	0

Settled and adopted by the Council at its meeting held on June 15, 1948, by Resolutions Nos. 12 and 13.

Urban Council Office, J. P. FERNANDO,
Chilaw, June 23, 1948. Chairman.

TALAWAKELLE-LINDULA URBAN COUNCIL.
Budget for 1948.

Heads of Receipt.	Amount.	Total.
	Rs. c.	Rs. c.
A.—General revenue :—		
(1) Property rates, 173 (1)	14,933	0
(2) Acreage tax, 173 (1)	—	—
(3) Vehicles and animals tax; 175		
(1) (a)	82	0
(4) Licence duties	5,500	0
(5) Other taxes, 175 (1) (c)	—	—
(6) Refund of stamp duties (Schedule VI.)	2,658	0
(7) Refund of rent of foreign liquor taverns	600	0
(8) Compensation for opium revenue	389	14
(9) Fines by court (not included elsewhere)	—	—
(10) Auctioneers and brokers' licences	50	0
(11) Interest	—	—
(12) Sale of old stores	—	—
(13) Refund of overpayments	—	—
(14) Miscellaneous	160	0
(15) Warrant costs, &c.	—	—
(16) Subsidy on account of war allowance	3,795	0
(17) Block grant from Government	6,898	8
	35,065	22
B.—Thoroughfares :—		
(1) Subsidy in lieu of labour tax	1,494	90
(2) Other collections, e.g., fines for injuries, &c., (98) cattle seizing fees 104 (2), sale of badges and fare tables and, &c.	100	0
	1,594	90
C.—Resthouses and ambalams :—		
(1) Fees (61)	2,000	0
(2) Other	50	0
	2,050	0
D.—Council lands and buildings (not charged elsewhere) :—		
(1) Rents	1,080	0
(2) Sale of produce	—	—

Head of Receipts.	Amount.	Total.
	Rs. c.	Rs. c.
(3) Sale of lands	—	1,080
E.—Public health :—		
(1) General revenue—		
(a) Fines under Part IV.	—	—
(b) Fees for services of midwives	—	—
(c) Maternity home and child welfare clinic—		
(1) Government contribution	200	0
(2) Other receipts	—	—
	200	0
(2) Scavenging—		
(a) Fees (170 (9) (b))	360	0
(b) Sale of refuse (132)	144	0
(c) Fines on contractors and labourers	—	—
(d) Subsidy on account of war allowance	—	—
	504	0
(3) Conservancy—		
(a) Fees, 170 (9) (6)	9,955	36
(b) Sale of refuse (132)	—	—
(c) Fines on contractors and labourers	—	—
(d) Subsidy on account of war allowance	—	—
	9,955	36
(4) Slaughter-house and cattle pound	—	—
(a) Fees, 170 (10) (a)	229	0
(b) Sale of refuse	—	—
	229	0
(5) Water supply—		
(a) Water rate, 143 (b) 148	6,356	80
(b) Private water service fees	—	—
(c) Distraint fees	—	—
(d) Works executed for customers	—	—
(e) Rent of meters	—	—
(f) Private water service connections	—	—
	6,356	80
(6) Hospitals—		
(a) Contributions from Government	—	—
(b) Rent of hospital grounds	—	—
(7) Markets and galas—		
(a) Rents, 170 (11)	—	—
(b) Boutiques and stalls, 170 (11)	—	—
(c) Fees for private markets 152 (3)	—	—
(d) Licences 165 (1)	—	—
(e) Grain store rents	—	—
F.—Public recreation, 170 (6) :—		
(1) Rents	—	—
(2) Cattle grazing fees	—	—
(3) Licences for public performances	—	—
G.—Cemeteries (Chapter 181) :—		
(1) Fees	—	—
(2) Hire of hearse	—	—
(3) Graves sold for erecting monuments	—	—
H.—Dog registration (Chapter 334 and 333) :—		
(1) Registration fees	20	0
(2) Fines	—	—
(3) Sale of dog collars	—	—
(4) Seizing fees	—	—
	20	0
I.—Weights and measures (Chapter 127) :—		
(1) Fees for stamping	—	—
(2) Fines	—	—
J.—Electricity Department	—	—
K.—Fire protection :—		
(1) Fees	—	—
L.—Supply of fruit trees	—	—
M.—Reading room and Libraries :—		
(1) Subscriptions	—	—
Total estimated revenue	57,055	28

Heads of Payments		Amount.	Total.	Heads of Payments.		Amount.	Total.
		Rs. c.	Rs. c.			Rs. c.	Rs. c.
A.—General expenditure :—							
(1) Salaries of officers (not otherwise charged)—							
(a) Secretary ..	2,060 0			(k) Anti-plague measures ..	—		
(b) Clerks and revenue inspectors ..	840 0			(l) Anti-small pox measures ..	—		
(c) Peons ..	464 0			(m) Maternity home and child welfare clinic ..	100 0		
(d) Cost of technical advisers ..	—			(n) War allowances ..	335 0		3,164 0
(e) Pensions ..	—		3,364 0	(2) Scavenging—			
(2) Establishment expenses—							
(a) Allowances (not otherwise charged) ..	278 0			(a) Wages (contract) ..	4,869 50		
(b) Travelling ..	300 0			(b) Carts, bulls and lorries ..	1,800 0		
(c) Commission to tax collectors (not otherwise charged) ..	—			(c) Stores ..	150 0		
(d) Assessors' fees ..	55 0			(d) Incinerator and drying sheds ..	—		
(e) Legal expenses ..	50 0			(e) War allowances ..	—		6,819 50
(f) Stationery, printing, advertising and other office expenses (not otherwise charged) ..	3,211 50			(3) Conservancy—			
(g) Registration of voters and elections ..	—			(a) Wages (contract) ..	4,869 50		
(h) Cost of vehicle, boat and assessment plates ..	25 45			(b) Carts, bulls and lorries ..	1,800 0		
(i) Cost of Audit ..	300 0			(c) Stores ..	500 0		
(j) Holiday railway tickets ..	150 0			(d) Rent of night soil depot ..	—		
(k) War allowances ..	2,158 0			(e) Maintenance of latrines ..	500 0		
(l) Incidental expenses ..	10 0			(f) Acquisition ..	—		
(m) Registrar-General for supplying of vital statistics ..	18 0			(g) Construction ..	—		
			6,555 95	(h) Rent of latrine sites ..	12 0		
				(i) War allowances ..	—		7,681 50
(3) Refunds ..				(4) Slaughter-house and cattle pound—			
(4) Contributions and grants ..				(a) Wages ..	—		
B.—Thoroughfares :—							
(1) Salaries and wages—							
(a) Superintendent of works (allowance) ..	180 0			(b) Maintenance ..	75 0		
(b) Overseers ..	—			(c) Acquisition ..	—		
(c) Labourers ..	—			(d) Construction ..	—		
(2) Maintenance ..	500 0			(e) Cattle diseases ..	—		
(3) Plant and tools ..	50 0			(f) Commission to Police ..	—		75 0
(4) Dust laying ..	—			(5) Water supply—			
(5) Cost of badges and faretables ..	—			(a) Wages ..	525 0		
(6) Lighting ..	960 0			(b) Stores ..	—		
(7) Acquisition ..	—			(c) Maintenance ..	500 0		
(8) Improvements ..	—			(d) Acquisition ..	—		
(9) Loan charges ..	—			(e) Construction ..	—		
(10) Shade trees ..	—			(f) Loan charges ..	—		
(11) Surveys ..	—			(g) Commission to collectors ..	—		
(12) New works ..	—		1,690 0	(h) Public baths ..	—		
C.—Resthouses and ambalams :—							
(1) Salaries ..	420 0			(i) War allowances ..	522 0		1,547 0
(2) Maintenance ..	100 0			(6) Hospitals—			
(3) Furniture and equipment ..	200 0			(a) Wages ..	—		
(4) Improvements ..	300 0			(b) Maintenance ..	—		
(5) Telephones ..	—			(c) Paupers ..	—		
(6) War allowances ..	355 20		1,375 20	(7) Markets and galas—			
D.—Councils lands and buildings (not charged elsewhere) :—							
(1) Wages ..	300 0			(a) Wages ..	—		
(2) Commission to collectors ..	—		300 0	(b) Maintenance ..	—		
(3) Rent of office ..	—			(c) Printing, &c. ..	—		
(4) Maintenance ..	200 0			(d) Construction ..	—		
(5) Furniture ..	2,000 0			(e) Compensation ..	—		
(6) Loan charges ..	—			(f) Acquisition ..	—		
(7) New works ..	—			(g) Loan charges ..	—		
(8) War allowances ..	424 80			F.—Public recreation (Chapter 170 (6) 172 (1) (g)—			
(9) Repayment of loan ..	1,000 0			(1) Wages ..	—		
(10) Interest ..	40 0		3,664 80	(2) Maintenance ..	—		
E.—Public health :—							
(1) General expenditure—							
(a) Salaries and wages (Inspectors and Midwives) ..	1,640 0			(3) Allowances to band ..	—		
(b) Allowances ..	764 0			(4) Acquisition ..	—		
(c) Uniforms ..	—			(5) Contributions and grants ..	—		
(d) Office expenses ..	25 0			G.—Cemeteries (Chapter 181) :—			
(e) Disinfectants ..	150 0			(1) Wages ..	—		
(f) Instruments and drugs (midwife) ..	100 0			(2) Maintenance ..	100 0		
(g) Drainage constructions ..	—			(3) Construction ..	—		
(h) Drainage compensation ..	—			(4) War allowance ..	—		
(i) Expenses of health week ..	—			H.—Dog registration (Chapter 334 and 333) :—			
(j) Milk analysis ..	50 0			(1) Destruction of dogs ..	100 0		
				(2) Commission to collectors ..	—		
				(3) Cost of dog collars ..	—		
				(4) Fees to seizers ..	—		
				(5) Maintenance of dog pound ..	—		
				(6) Construction ..	—		100 0
				I.—Weights and measures (Chapter 127) :—			
				(1) Fees to Inspectors ..	—		
				(2) Stores ..	—		
				J.—Electricity Department ..			

Hheads of Payments.	Amount. Rs. c.	Total. Rs. c.
K.—Fire protection :—		
(1) Cost of fire-extinguishers' refills, &c.	25 0	25 0
L.—Fruit trees	—	—
M.—Reading rooms, libraries, &c.	—	—
Total	25 0	25 0
Estimated balance on December, 31, 1948	20,593 33	20,593 33
		57,055 28

Settled and adopted by the Council at its meeting on January 23, 1948.

G. P. H. D. SILVA,
Chairman,

Office of the Talawakelle-Lindula Urban Council,
Talawakelle, January 27, 1948.

Sanctioned by the Hon. the Minister of Health and Local Government, on June 20, 1948.

G. D. SIRISENA,
for Acting Commissioner of Local Government.
Colombo, June 24, 1948.

L. G. D.—CH. 38 (a).

WADDUWA TOWN COUNCIL.
Fourth Supplementary Budget, 1948.

HEAD OF EXPENDITURE.	Amount. Rs. c.
A. 2 (g) Cost of vehicles and boat plates	27 57
A. 3 Refunds	50 0
D. 3 (b) Carts, bulls, and lorries	150 0
G. (l) Destruction of dogs	100 0
Total	327 57

Settled and adopted by the Council at its meeting held on June 12, 1948.

Town Council, M. V. E. P. COORAY,
Wadduwa, June 16, 1948. Chairman.

Sanctioned.

G. D. SIRISENA,
for Acting Commissioner of Local Government.
Colombo, June 23, 1948.

L. G. D.—C. I. 88 (a).

RAKWANA TOWN COUNCIL.
First Supplementary Budget for 1948.

HEAD OF EXPENDITURE.	Amount. Rs. c.
A.—(1) (c) Revenue Inspectors	110 0
A.—(2) (f) Stationery, printing, &c.	300 0
A.—(4) Contributions and grants	250 0
D.—(2) (a) Wages	30 0
D.—(2) (b) Carts, bulls and lorries	66 50
D.—(2) (c) War allowance	19 0
D.—(3) (a) Wages	25 0
D.—(3) (b) War allowance	17 0
I.—(i) Cost of fire extinguishers, &c.	25 0
	842 50

Settled and adopted by the Council at its meeting held on June 14, 1948.

Town Council, A. M. ISMAIL,
Rakwana, June 14, 1948. Chairman.

Revised and sanctioned.

G. D. SIRISENA,
for Acting Commissioner of Local Government.
Colombo, June 24, 1948.

L. G. D.—CI. 72 (a).

KATTANKUDY TOWN COUNCIL.
Fourth Supplementary Budget, 1948.

HEAD OF EXPENDITURE.	Amount. Rs. c.
A.—(2) (d) Assessor's fees	22 5

Settled and adopted by the Council at its meeting held on June 12, 1948.

Town Council, S. M. M. MUSTAFA,
Kattankudy, June 16, 1948. Chairman.

Sanctioned.

G. D. SIRISENA,
for Acting Commissioner of Local Government.
Colombo, June 23, 1948.

Madampe Town Council.

Notice under Section 7 (2) of the Butchers (Amendment) Ordinance, No. 44 of 1947.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 7 (2) of the above Ordinance, that the person in the schedule hereto has made application to me to trade as butcher in the premises noted against his name during the year 1948; and any person resident within the limits of the Town Council, Madampe, desirous of objecting to the issue of licence for the said trade should furnish to me in duplicate, within 14 days from the date of this Gazette, a written statement of the grounds of his objection.

Schedule.

S. Peduru .. Pork Stall No. 263E, at Old Town, Madampe.

Town Council Office, J. C. W. MUNASINHA,
Madampe, June 23, 1948. Chairman.

The Butchers Ordinance.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 7 of the Butchers Ordinance (Chapter 201), as amended by section 6 of Ordinance No. 44 of 1947, that the person mentioned in the schedule hereunder has made application to me for carrying on the trade of butchers, during the year 1948.

Any person residing within the limits of the Gannewa Village Committee, who desires to object to the issue of any of these licences should furnish to me in duplicate, within 14 days from the date of this Gazette, a written statement of the grounds of his objection for the issue of the licences.

Schedule.

Name of Applicant. Name of premises at which the trade is to be carried.

(A) M. Samsudeen .. Rahatungoda Market

Village Committee, Gannewa, T. P. RATNAYAKE,
Poramadulla, Chairman.
Rikillagaskada, June 28, 1948.

The Butchers Ordinance.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 7 of the Butchers Ordinance (Chapter 201) as amended by section 6 of Ordinance No. 44 of 1947, that the persons mentioned in the Schedule hereto have made applications to me for carrying on the trade of butchers during the year 1948.

Any person residing within the limits of Othara Palata Village Committee, who desires to object to the issue of the licences should furnish to me in duplicate, within 7 days from the date of this Gazette, a written statement of the grounds of his objections for the issue of the licences.

Schedule.

Name of Applicant. Name of place the trade is to be carried.

1. M. Abdul Hassen Deen .. Dalug
2. E. F. Pingho .. Manu
3. E. M. Sally .. Pa

Office of the Village
Othara Palata.

The "Ceylon Government Gazette".

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

Notice.—All Notices and Advertisements are published in the "Ceylon Government Gazette" at the risk of the Advertisers.

All Notices and Advertisements by Private Advertisers may be tendered at or sent direct by post to the Office of the Ceylon Government Gazette, Government Press, Colombo, for insertion at the authorized rates of payment. The office hours are from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m., closing at 1 o'clock on Saturdays.

All Notices and Advertisements must be prepaid. To save delay Notices and Advertisements sent direct by post should be accompanied by Money Order, Postal Order, or Cheque made payable to the Government Printer.

To avoid errors and delay "copy" should be on one side of the paper only and preferably typewritten. All signatures should be repeated in block letters below the written signature.

Trade Advertisements or Notices re change of name are not admissible for publication in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*.

Advertisements purporting to be issued under orders of Courts will not be inserted unless signed or attested by a Proctor of the Supreme Court.

Authorized Scale of Charges for Notices and Advertisements as from November 1, 1942.

	Rs.	c.
For notices not exceeding 18 lines of single column	13	0
19 lines to 36 lines	20	0
37 lines to 45 lines	25	0
46 lines to 54 lines	30	0
55 lines to 63 lines	35	0
64 lines to 72 lines	40	0
73 lines to 81 lines	45	0
82 lines to 90 lines (one column)	50	0
One page	100	0

For second consecutive insertion, two-thirds of the above rates; for third, fourth, fifth, and following consecutive insertions one-half of the above rates.

The *Ceylon Government Gazette* is published every Friday. Day of publication is subject to alteration in any week where Public Holidays intervene.

All Notices and Advertisements should reach the Office of the *Ceylon Government Gazette*, Government Press, Colombo, **by noon two working days previous to publication.**

Notices and Advertisements received after that time will be inserted, if circumstances permit, on payment of a late fee for each Notice or Advertisement at the following rates:—

	Rs.	c.
Up to 4 p.m. two days previous to day of publication	1	25
Up to noon on the day previous to day of publication	2	50
Up to 4 p.m. on the day previous to day of publication	5	0
Up to noon on the day of publication	10	0

Subscription to the *Ceylon Government Gazette*, Rs. 12 per annum for any separate Part; **by post Rs. 15.** Copy of each Part 25 cents; **by post 31 cents.**

Subscriptions are booked in advance by the Superintendent, Government Publications Bureau, Colombo, to the end of a year or half-year only.

Past issues of the *Ceylon Government Gazette*, when available, will be charged for at double rates. Application should be made to the Superintendent, Government Publications Bureau, Colombo.