



THE CEYLON GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

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PART IV — LOCAL GOVERNMENT

(Separate paging is given to each Part in order that it may be filed separately)

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Local Government Notifications

L. D.—B. 33/50 L. G. D.—G. E. 14/9/3.

The Butchers Ordinance

REGULATIONS made by the proper authority in that behalf, to wit, the Village Committee of the Kelaniya village area in the Colombo District, under section 22 of the Butchers Ordinance (Chapter 201) and confirmed by the Minister of Health and Local Government by virtue of the powers vested in him by that section as modified by the Proclamation published in *Gazette Extraordinary* No. 9,773 of September 24, 1947.

E. W. KANNANGARA,
Permanent Secretary,

Ministry of Health and Local Government

Colombo, March 22, 1950.

REGULATIONS

1 No person shall, at any slaughter-house, slaughter any animal—

- unless that animal has been inspected by the Medical Officer of Health and approved by him as fit to be slaughtered for human consumption, or
- at any time after the expiry of a period of thirty hours from the time of the approval of that animal under paragraph (a); or
- except between 9 a.m. and 12 noon on any day. Provided that the Chairman may, in exceptional circumstances, authorise the slaughter of any animal at any time other than that specified herein.

2. No person shall, at any slaughter-house, slaughter any animal which has been removed alive from the slaughter-house premises after it was approved under regulation 1, unless it is again inspected and approved under that regulation as fit to be slaughtered for human consumption.

(1) The Medical Officer of Health may prohibit the slaughter of any animal if after it has been approved under regulation 1, it has been found to be diseased or unfit to be slaughtered for human consumption.

(2) No person shall slaughter any animal, the slaughter of which is prohibited under paragraph (1) of this regulation.

4 Every person who brings any animal into the premises of a slaughter-house shall take all such measures as may be necessary to ensure that that animal is adequately fed and provided with water while it remains in those premises

5. Every person who brings any animal into the premises of a slaughter-house shall, if the animal is rejected as unfit for slaughter, forthwith remove the animal or cause it to be removed from those premises.

6. If the meat or offal of any animal slaughtered at any slaughter-house is, in the opinion of the Medical Officer of Health, diseased or unfit for human consumption, he shall cause the carcass or offal to be forthwith destroyed or disposed of so as to prevent such meat or offal being exposed for sale or used for human consumption. Except under the direction of the Medical Officer of Health, no person shall remove any such meat or offal from the slaughter-house.

7 The keeper of a slaughter-house shall not permit the slaughter therein of any animal which has not been approved as fit to be slaughtered for human consumption or the slaughter of which has been prohibited under regulation 3.

8 No person shall remove from the slaughter-house the carcass of any animal intended for human consumption unless such carcass has been stamped on its fore-quarters and hind-quarters by the keeper of the slaughter-house with the letters "V. C. K." and with such one of the marks "Australian Beef", "Country Beef", "Mutton Goat", "Mutton Sheep" or "Pork" as may be appropriate to the case.

9 No animal shall be slaughtered in the presence of any other animal or until the carcass of every animal previously slaughtered in the premises has been removed or screened off and the premises have been cleaned

10. No person who is suffering or who has suffered from any contagious, cutaneous, or infectious disease, or has been in attendance on any person suffering from such disease shall be permitted by the person in charge of any slaughter-house to enter such slaughter-house or take part in the slaughtering of any animal until the periods of infection and incubation have elapsed.

11. It shall be lawful for the Medical Officer of Health, or the Chairman, or any officer authorised by the Chairman in writing, to enter and inspect at all reasonable times, any slaughter-house, and the person in charge thereof shall render him all such assistance as may be necessary.

12. A fee at the following rates shall be paid in advance to the Committee for the use of any slaughter-house established by the Committee and no animal shall be slaughtered without an official receipt in proof of the payment of the fees —

	Rs. c	
For cattle	1 0	per head
For sheep or goats	0 50	per head
For pigs	1 0	per head

13. The keeper of every slaughter-house shall maintain in such form as the Committee may direct, a register of particulars relating to each animal slaughtered at the slaughter-house

14. The powers conferred on the Medical Officer of Health by these regulations may be exercised by any officer acting under the general or special directions of the Medical Officer of Health

15. In these regulations—

“Chairman” means the Chairman of the Committee; and

“Committee” means the Village Committee of the Kelaniya village area.

L. D.—B. 127/37/L. G. D.—BA. 616A/12

The Urban Councils Ordinance, No. 61 of 1939

Special Water Rate for 1950

IT is hereby notified that the Ratnapura Urban Council has, under section 143 (b) of the Urban Councils Ordinance, No. 61 of 1939, with the sanction of the Minister of Health and Local Government, given under that section as modified by the Proclamation published in *Gazette Extraordinary* No. 9,773 of September 24, 1947, imposed for the year 1950, a special water rate of 6 per centum on the annual value of all immovable property within the town of Ratnapura, such rate being payable in four equal instalments on March 31, June 30, September 30, and December 31, respectively.

E. W. KANNANGARA,
Permanent Secretary,

Ministry of Health and Local Government.

Colombo, February 24, 1950.

L. D.—B. 259/31/L. G. D.—BA. 616A/12.

The Urban Councils Ordinance, No. 61 of 1939

Property Rate for 1950

IT is hereby notified that the Ratnapura Urban Council has, under section 173 of the Urban Councils Ordinance, No. 61 of 1939, and with the approval of the Minister of Health and Local Government, given by virtue of the powers vested in him by that section, as modified by the Proclamation published in *Gazette Extraordinary* No. 9,773 of September 24, 1947, imposed for the year 1950, a rate—

- (a) of 10 per centum on the annual value of all immovable property situated within the town of Ratnapura exclusive of the areas which are specified in Schedules A and B,
- (b) of 7½ per centum in respect of the areas specified in Schedule A, and
- (c) of 6 per centum in respect of the areas specified in Schedule B,

payable in four equal instalments on March 31, June 30, September 30, and December 31, respectively.

E. W. KANNANGARA,
Permanent Secretary,

Ministry of Health and Local Government

Colombo, February 24, 1950.

SCHEDULE A

The areas occupied by the premises bearing the following assessment numbers:—

Thomson Avenue:—Nos. 3, 3/1, 3/2, 3/4, 5/3, 7, 7/1, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19/1, 21, 23, 23/1, 25, 25/1, 25/2, 25/3, 25/4, 25/5, 29, 29/1, 29/2, 29/3, 29/4, 2/1, 4, 6,

8, 10, 10/7, 10/8, 10/9, 10/10, 10/11, 10/14, 12, 12/1, 14, 16, 16/1, 18, 20, 22, 22/1, 24, 24/1, 26, 26/2, 26/3, 26/4, 28/1, 28/2, 30, 34/1, 34/2, 36, 38, 38/1, 40, 42, 44

Muwagama Road: Nos. 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 11/1, 13, 15, 15/1, 17, 17/1, 19, 19/1, 19/2, 21, 23, 23/1, 23/2, 23/3, 23/4, 25, 27, 27/1, 27/2, 29, 35, 47/9, 47/10, 2, 4, 4/1, 6/1, 6/2, 6/3, 6/4, 6/5, 6/6, 6/7, 6/8, 6/9, 6/10, 6/11, 6/12, 8, 10, 10/1, 10/2, 10/3, 12, 12/1, 14, 16, 16/1, 16/2, 16/6, 16/7

Getangama Road: Nos. 53, 54/6, 56, 58, 60, 62, 62/2, 64, 68/1, 70, 72, 76, 76/1, 78, 78/1, 78/5, 80, 74.

Kospelawinne Road: Nos. 1, 3, 3/1, 3/2, 5, 5/1, 5/2, 7, 7/1, 2, 4, 6, 6/1, 6/3, 8, 10, 12.

Weralupe Old Road: Nos. 47, 24, 28, 28/1, 28/2, 28/3, 28/4, 28/5, 28/6, 28/7, 28/10, 28/11, 30, 32/1, 32/2, 32/3, 34, 34/8, 34/9, 34/12, 34/13, 36/1, 36/2, 38, 38/1, 38/2, 42, 42/1, 44, 46, 48, 48/1, 50, 50/1, 50/2, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 64, 66, 68, 68/1, 68/1a, 68/2, 70, 70/1, 70/2, 72, 76, 78, 58/1.

Outer Circular Road: Nos. 6, 8, 8/1, 8/2, 8/3, 14, 18, 18/1, 20, 22, 22/1, 24, 26, 28, 28/1, 30, 32, 32/1, 32/2, 38, 38/1, 38/2, 38/3, 40, 42, 44, 46/1, 46/2, 46/3, 46/4, 46/5, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56/1, 56/2, 56/3, 56/4, 58/1, 58/2, 58/3, 60, 46/6.

Gilimale Road: Nos. 7/3, 7/4, 13.

Batugedera Main Road: No 195

SCHEDULE B

The areas occupied by the premises bearing the following assessment numbers:—

Main Road: Nos. 12, 13.

Mosque Lane: No. 3.

Pattiyawita Lane: Nos. 13, 17.

Goods Shed Road: Nos. 1, 3, 5, 16, 22

Hospital Road: No. 52.

Inner Circular Road: Nos. 43/1, 43/2, 45, 47, 49, 51, 86.

Railway Approach road: No. 1.

Outer Circular Road: Nos. 16/1, 16/2, 16/3, 20/1, 20/2, 30/1, 30/2, 60/1, 60/6, 60/7, 60/8, 60/9, 60/10, 60/11, 60/12, 60/14, 60/15, 60/16, 60/18, 60/19, 60/20, 60/21, 60/22, 60/23, 60/24, 60/25, 60/26, 60/27, 60/28, 60/29, 60/30, 60/31, 60/32, 60/33, 60/34, 60/35, 60/36, 60/37, 60/37A, 60/38, 60/38A, 60/39, 60/40, 60/41, 60/42, 60/43.

Weralupe Main Road: Nos. 67, 69, 71, 71/1, 73, 73/1, 75, 75/1, 77, 68, 74, 76, 78, 78/1, 78/2, 80, 80/1, 82.

Weralupe Old Road: Nos. 15, 15/1, 15/2, 17, 19, 23, 23/1, 23/2, 23/3, 23/4, 25, 27, 29, 29/1, 29/2, 29/3, 31, 31/1, 31/2, 31/3, 31/4, 31/5, 31/6, 33, 35, 37, 37/1, 37/2, 37/3, 37/4, 39, 39/1, 39/2, 39/3, 39/4, 39/5, 39/6, 39/7, 39/8, 39/9, 39/10, 39/11, 39/12, 41, 43/1, 43/2, 43/3, 45, 45/1, 45/2, 45/3, 51, 51/1, 55/1, 55/2, 57, 59/1, 59/2, 59/3, 61, 61/1, 61/2, 61/3, 61/4, 63, 63/1, 63/2, 63/3, 63/4, 63/5, 63/6, 75, 75/1, 77, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 16/1, 16/2, 18, 18/1, 20, 22, 24/1, 24/2, 24/3, 26, 26/1, 26/2, 26/3, 26/4, 26/5, 28/8, 28/9, 28/12, 34/1, 34/2, 34/3, 34/4, 34/5, 34/6, 34/7, 50/3, 50/4, 50/5, 50/6.

Nambapana Road: Nos. 23, 27/1, 29/1, 34/1, 34/2, 78

Madurawela Path: No. 6

Kospelawinne Road: Nos. 2/1, 2/2, 4/1, 4/2, 6/2, 6/4, 8/1.

Thomson Avenue: Nos. 5, 5/1, 5/2, 5/4, 2, 10/1, 10/2, 10/3, 10/4, 10/5, 10/12, 10/15, 10/16, 10/17, 10/18, 10/19, 10/20, 10/21, 10/22, 10/23.

Muwagama Road: Nos. 31/2, 33, 35/1, 35/2, 35/3, 35/4, 39, 41/1, 41/2, 41/3, 43, 45, 47, 47/1, 47/2, 47/3, 47/3A, 47/4, 47/5, 47/6, 47/7, 47/8, 47/12, 47/13, 47/15, 47/16, 47/17, 47/18, 47/19, 47/20, 47/21, 47/22, 49, 51, 53, 53/1, 53/2, 55, 55/1, 55/2, 55/3, 57, 57/1, 57/2, 57/3, 57/4, 57/5, 57/6, 57/7, 59, 59/1, 59/2, 59/3, 59/4, 59/5, 59/6, 59/7, 59/8, 59/9, 59/10, 59/10A, 59/11, 59/11A, 59/12, 59/13, 59/14, 59/15, 59/16, 59/17, 59/18, 59/19, 61, 63, 63/1, 63/2, 63/3, 63/4, 63/5, 63/6, 63/8, 63/9, 63/11, 63/12, 63/13, 63/14, 63/15, 63/16, 63/17, 65, 65/2, 65/3, 65/4, 65/5, 65/6, 65/7, 65/8, 65/10, 65/11, 65/12, 65/13, 65/14, 65/15, 65/16, 65/17, 67, 69, 71, 73, 73/1, 73/2, 75, 16/8, 16/9, 16/12, 16/14, 16/15, 16/16, 16/17, 16/18, 16/19, 16/20, 16/21, 18, 18/1, 20, 22/1, 24, 26, 28, 32, 32/1, 32/2, 32/3, 34, 36,

36/1, 38, 38/1, 40, 40/1, 42, 44, 44/1, 44/2, 46, 46/1, 46/2, 46/3, 46/4, 48, 48/1, 48/2, 50, 50/1, 52, 54, 56, 56/1, 58, 58/1.

Getangama Road: Nos 1, 3, 3/1, 5, 5/1, 7, 7/1 7/2, 9, 9/1, 9/2, 11, 11/1, 11/2, 13, 13/1, 13/2, 15, 15/1, 15/2, 15/3, 15/4, 15/5, 15/6, 15/7, 15/8, 15/9, 15/10, 15/11, 15/12, 15/13, 17, 19, 21, 21/1, 23, 25, 25/1, 25/2, 27, 29, 29/1, 29/2, 31, 33, 33/1, 33/2, 33/3, 35/1, 37, 39, 41, 43, 43/1, 45, 47, 51, 51/1, 55/1, 55/2, 55/3, 55/4, 55/5, 55/6, 55/7, 55/8, 55/9, 55/10, 55/11, 55/11A, 55/12, 55/13, 57, 57/1, 57/2, 59, 61, 61/1, 61/2, 61/3, 63, 63/1, 65, 67, 2, 2/2, 6, 6/1, 8, 8/1, 8/2, 10, 10/1, 12, 12/1, 14, 14/1, 16, 16/1, 18, 20, 20/1, 20/2, 20/3, 22, 22/1, 22/2, 24, 24/1, 24/3, 26/1, 26/2, 26/3, 26/4, 26/5, 26/6, 30, 32, 32/1, 32/2, 32/4, 32/5, 36, 38, 40, 40/1, 42, 42/1, 44, 46, 46/1, 48, 48/1, 48/2, 50, 52, 52/1, 52/2, 54, 54/1, 54/2, 54/3, 54/4, 54/5, 70/1, 78/3, 78/4, 80/1, 80/2, 82, 84, 86, 86/1, 88, 88/1, 90, 92, 94, 94/1, 96, 98, 98/1, 100, 100/1, 102, 102/1.

Malwala Road: Nos. 27, 27/1, 31, 35, 35/1, 37, 37/1, 41, 41/1, 43, 45, 47, 47/1, 49, 51, 53, 55, 55/1, 57, 61, 63, 63/1, 65, 67, 67/1, 69, 71, 73, 73/1, 28, 30, 30/1, 30/2, 30/3, 30/4, 30/5, 30/6, 30/7, 30/8, 30/9, 30/10, 32, 34, 34/1, 38, 38/1, 40, 42, 44, 44/1, 44/2, 44/3, 46, 48, 50, 52, 52/1, 52/2, 52/4, 52/5, 52/6, 52/7, 52/8, 54, 56, 56/1, 56/2, 58, 58/1, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 70/1, 72, 74, 74/1, 74/1A, 74/1B, 74/2, 74/3, 74/4, 74/5, 74/6, 76, 78, 78/1, 78/2, 78/3, 80, 80/1, 82, 82/1

Gulimale Road: Nos. 5, 7, 7/1, 7/2, 7/5, 9, 13/1, 13/2, 13/3, 13/4, 13/5, 13/6, 15, 15/1, 15/2, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25, 27, 27/1, 29, 29/1, 29/2, 31, 31/1, 33, 35, 35/1, 37, 39, 39/1, 41, 43, 43/1, 43/2, 43/4, 43/5, 43/6, 43/7, 43/8, 43/9, 43/10, 43/11, 43/12, 43/13, 43/14, 45, 45/1, 45/2, 45/4, 45/5, 45/6, 45/7, 47, 49, 51, 53, 53/1, 53/2, 53/3, 53/4, 55, 55/1, 57, 59, 61, 61/1, 61/2, 63, 65, 2/10, 2/11, 8, 10, 10/1, 12, 14, 16, 16/1, 16/2, 16/3, 16/4, 16/5, 16/6, 16/7, 16/8, 16/9, 16/11, 16/12, 16/13, 16/14, 18, 18/1, 18/3, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 28/1, 28/2, 28/3, 28/4, 28/5, 28/6, 28/7, 28/10, 28/11, 28/12, 28/13, 28/15, 28/18, 28/19, 28/20, 30, 30/1, 30/2, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42/1, 42/2, 42/3, 42/4, 42/5, 42/6, 42/7, 44, 46, 48, 48/1, 48/2, 50, 50/1, 50/2, 50/3, 50/4, 52, 52/1, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 62/1, 62/2.

Batugedera Main Road: Nos 39, 39/1, 83/8, 83/9, 83/10, 83/11, 83/12, 83/13, 83/14, 83/15, 85, 85/1, 85/2, 85/3, 85/4, 85/5, 85/6, 85/7, 85/8, 85/9, 85/10, 85/11, 89/2, 93, 93/1, 95, 97, 99, 99/1, 101, 103, 103/7, 103/8, 103/9, 103/10, 103/11, 103/12, 103/13, 103/14, 103/15, 105/1, 105/4, 105/5, 105/6, 105/7, 105/8, 105/9, 105/10, 109/1, 127/1, 149, 149/1, 151, 193, 193/1, 199, 201, 203, 205, 207, 209, 211, 213, 215, 217, 219, 221, 225, 227, 229, 20/2, 26, 26/1, 26/3, 26/4, 32, 32/1, 32/2, 34/1, 34/2, 34/3, 34/4, 34/5, 36/1, 56/1, 58, 58/1, 64, 66, 68, 74, 74/1, 74/2, 76, 76/1, 76/2, 78, 120, 140/2, 140/3, 160/1, 160/2, 160/3, 160/4, 160/5, 160/6, 160/7, 162, 164, 52/1.

Batugedera Old Road: Nos 1/2, 1/3, 1/5, 1/6, 1/7, 1/8, 1/9, 1/10, 1/11, 1/12, 1/13, 1/14, 1/15, 1/16, 1/17, 1/18, 5/2, 5/3, 5/4, 5/5, 5/7, 5/6, 5/8, 5/9, 5/10, 5/11, 5/12, 5/13, 5/14, 5/15, 5/16, 5/17, 5/18, 5/19, 5/20, 5/21, 5/22, 5/23, 5/24, 5/25, 5/26, 5/27, 5/28, 5/29, 5/30, 5/31, 5/32, 5/33, 7, 15/1, 15/3, 15/4, 15/5, 15/6, 15/7, 15/9, 17, 19, 19/1, 19/2, 21, 23, 25, 27, 29, 29/1, 29/2, 29/3, 29/4, 29/5, 29/6, 29/7, 29/8, 31, 31/1, 31/2, 31/3, 31/5, 31/6, 31/7, 31/8, 31/9, 31/10, 31/11, 31/12, 31/13, 31/14, 31/15, 31/16, 31/17, 31/18, 31/19, 31/21, 31/22, 31/23, 31/24, 31/25, 31/26A, 31/28, 31/29, 31/30, 31/34, 31/35, 31/36, 31/37, 31/38, 31/39, 31/40, 31/41, 31/42, 31/43, 33, 33/1, 33/2, 33/3, 33/4, 33/5, 33/6, 33/7, 33/8, 33/9, 33/10, 33/11, 33/12, 35, 37, 39, 20, 22, 22/1, 22/2, 22/3, 22/4, 22/5, 22/6, 22/7, 22/8, 22/9, 24, 26, 26/1, 26/2, 26/3, 28, 28/1, 30, 30/1, 32, 32/1, 32/2, 32/3, 32/4, 32/5, 34, 36, 36/1, 38, 38/1, 38/3, 38/4, 38/5, 38/6.

Angammana Road: Nos 5/11, 7, 15, 17/3, 17/4, 17/5, 19, 19/1, 19/2, 19/3, 19/4, 19/5, 19/6, 19/7, 19/8, 19/9, 21, 23, 25, 25/1, 25/2, 25/3, 25/4, 27, 29, 29/2, 29/3, 29/1, 29/3A, 29/4, 29/4A, 29/5, 29/6, 29/7, 31, 31/1, 31/2, 31/3, 33, 35, 39, 39/1, 39/2, 39/3, 39/4, 39/5, 39/6, 39/7, 39/8, 41, 41/2, 41/3, 43, 43/1, 43/2, 43/3, 43/4, 45, 45/1, 45/2, 47, 49, 51, 51/1, 51/2, 53, 53/1, 55, 55/1, 55/2, 55/3, 55/4, 57, 57/1, 59, 61, 63, 65/1, 65/2.

67, 69, 69/1, 69/2, 71, 71/1, 71/2, 73, 73/1, 73/3, 73/4, 73/5, 73/6, 73/6A, 73/7, 73/8, 73/9, 73/10, 4/1, 4/2, 6, 6/1, 6/2, 10, 10/1, 10/2, 10/3, 10/4, 10/5, 10/6, 10/7, 12, 14, 14/1, 14/2, 14/3, 14/4, 16, 18, 20, 20/1, 20/2, 24, 24/1, 24/2, 26, 26/1, 26/2, 28, 30, 30/1, 30/2, 30/3, 30/4, 30/5, 30/6, 30/7, 30/8, 30/9, 30/10, 34, 36, 36/1, 36/2, 36/3, 36/4, 38, 38/1, 38/2, 40, 42, 42/1, 42/2, 42/3, 42/4, 42/5, 42/6, 42/7, 44, 44/1, 44/2, 44/3, 44/4, 44/5, 46, 48, 48/1, 50, 52, 52/1, 54, 54/1, 54/2, 22

Vihare Road: Nos 3, 3/1, 3/2, 3/3, 3/4, 5, 9, 9/1, 2, 4, 6, 6/1, 6/2, 6/3, 6/4, 6/5, 6/6, 8, 10, 12, 12/1, 14, 14/1, 14/2, 14/3, 14/5, 14/6, 14/7, 14/8, 14/9.

Demuwata Road: Nos. 1, 1/1, 1/2, 1/3, 3, 5, 7/1, 9, 7, 9/1, 9/4, 11, 2/1, 4, 6, 6/1.

Intake Road: Nos. 1, 3, 5, 7, 7/1, 7/2, 7/3, 7/4, 7/5, 7/6, 9, 11, 13, 15, 15/1, 15/2, 6/1, 6/2, 8/1, 8/2, 8/3, 8/4, 8/5, 10, 10/1, 10/2, 10/3, 12, 12/1, 12/2, 12/3, 12/4.

Colombo Road: Nos. 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 11/1, 11/2, 11/3, 11/4, 11/5, 11/6, 11/7, 11/8, 11/9, 11/10, 11/11, 11/12, 11/13, 11/14, 11/15, 11/16, 11/17, 11/18, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 21/1, 21/2, 21/3, 21/4, 21/5, 21/6, 23, 25, 27, 27/1, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39, 39/1, 39/2, 41, 43, 45, 47, 2, 4, 4/1, 4/2, 4/3, 4/4, 4/5, 4/6, 4/7, 4/8, 4/9, 4/10, 6, 6/1, 8, 10, 10/1, 12, 12/1, 14, 14/1, 14/2, 14/3, 14/4, 14/5, 16, 18, 18/1, 18/2, 20, 22, 24, 24/1, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 34/1, 34/2, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 44/1, 44/2, 46, 48, 50, 50/1, 50/2, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 68/1, 68/2, 70, 72, 74, 74/1, 74/2, 74/3, 74/4, 74/5, 74/6, 74/7, 74/8, 74/9, 74/10, 76, 76/1, 76/2, 76/3, 76/4, 76/5, 76/6, 76/7, 76/8, 80, 80/1, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 90/1, 92, 94.

Nambapana Road: Nos. 66/1, 68/1, 68/2.

Kospelawinne Road: Nos 9, 9/1, 9/2, 9/3, 9/4, 9/5, 9/6, 9/7, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 21/1, 21/2, 21/3, 21/4, 21/5, 21/6, 21/7, 23, 25, 25/1, 25/2, 25/3, 25/4, 25/5, 25/6, 25/7, 25/8, 25/9, 25/10, 25/11, 25/12, 25/13, 25/14, 25/15, 25/16, 25/17, 25/18, 25/19, 25/20, 25/21, 27, 27/1, 27/2, 27/3, 27/4, 27/5, 27/6, 27/7, 27/8, 27/9, 27/10, 27/11, 27/12, 27/13, 27/14, 27/15, 29, 29/1, 31, 31/1, 33, 35, 35/1, 37, 37/1, 39, 39/1, 41, 41/1, 41/2, 43, 45, 45/1, 45/2, 45/3, 47, 49, 49/1, 51, 51/1, 51/2, 51/3, 51/4, 53, 53/1, 53/2, 55, 57, 57/1, 57/2, 57/3, 57/4, 61, 61/1, 63, 65, 67, 69, 69/1, 71, 73, 73/1, 73/2, 73/3, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 24/1, 24/2, 24/3, 24/4, 24/5, 24/6, 24/7, 24/8, 24/9, 24/10, 24/11, 24/12, 24/13, 24/14, 24/15, 24/16, 24/17, 24/18, 24/19, 24/20, 24/21, 24/22, 24/23, 24/24, 24/25, 24/26, 24/27, 24/28, 24/29, 26, 26/1, 26/2, 26/3, 26/4, 26/5, 26/6, 26/7, 26/8, 26/9, 26/10, 26/11, 26/12, 26/13, 26/14, 26/15, 26/16, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 42/1, 42/2, 42/3, 44, 46, 48, 48/1, 48/2, 48/3, 48/4, 48/5, 48/6, 48/7, 48/8, 48/9, 48/10, 48/11, 48/12, 48/13, 48/14, 48/15, 48/16, 48/17, 50, 52, 52/1, 54, 54/1, 54/2, 54/3, 54/4, 54/5, 54/6, 54/7, 54/8, 54/9.

Goluwawila Path: Nos. 1, 3, 5, 7, 7/1, 9, 9/1, 9/2, 9/2A, 9/2B, 9/3, 9/4, 9/5, 9/6, 9/7, 9/8, 9/9, 11, 13, 13/1, 13/2, 13/3, 13/4, 13/5, 13/6, 13/7, 13/8, 13/9, 13/10, 15, 17, 17/1, 17/2, 17/3, 17/4, 17/5, 17/6, 17/7, 17/8, 17/9, 17/10, 17/11, 17/12, 17/13, 17/14, 17/15, 17/16, 17/17, 17/18, 17/19, 17/20, 19, 21, 23, 25, 25/1, 27, 27/1, 27/2, 27/3, 27/4, 27/5, 27/6, 27/7, 27/8, 27/9, 27/10, 27/11, 27/12, 27/13, 27/14, 27/15, 27/16, 27/17, 27/18, 27/19, 27/20, 27/21, 27/22, 27/23, 27/24, 27/25, 27/26, 2, 4, 4/1, 4/2, 6, 6/1, 6/2, 8, 10, 12, 12/1, 12/2, 14, 14/1, 16, 16/1.

Tepulangoda Road: Nos 1, 1/1, 1/2, 1/3, 1/4, 1/5, 1/6, 1/7, 1/8, 1/9, 1/10, 1/11, 1/12, 1/13, 1/14, 1/15, 1/16, 2, 4, 6, 6/1, 6/2, 6/3, 6/4, 6/5, 6/6, 6/7, 6/8, 6/9, 6/10, 6/11, 6/12, 6/13, 6/14, 6/15, 6/16, 6/17, 6/18, 6/19, 6/20, 6/21, 6/22, 6/23, 6/24, 6/25, 6/26, 6/27, 6/28, 6/29, 6/30

Mahawala Road Nos. 1, 1/1, 1/2, 1/3, 1/4, 3, 3/1, 3/2, 3/3, 3/4, 3/5, 5, 7, 7/1, 9, 11, 13, 15, 15/1, 15/2, 17, 17/1, 17/2, 19, 21, 23, 23/1, 23/2, 23/3, 23/4, 23/5, 23/6, 23/7, 23/8, 23/9, 23/10, 23/11, 23/12, 23/13, 23/14, 23/15, 23/16, 23/17, 23/18, 23/19, 23/20, 23/21, 23/22, 23/23, 23/24, 23/25, 23/26, 23/27, 23/28, 23/29, 23/30, 23/31, 23/32, 23/33, 23/34, 23/35, 23/36, 23/37, 25, 27, 29, 29/1, 29/2, 29/3, 29/4, 29/5, 29/6, 29/7, 29/8, 29/9, 29/10, 29/11, 29/12, 29/13, 29/14, 29/15, 29/16, 29/17, 29/18, 29/19, 29/20, 29/21, 29/22, 29/23,

29/24, 29/25, 29/26, 29/27, 29/28, 29/29, 29/30, 29/31,
29/32, 29/33, 29/34, 29/35, 29/36, 29/37, 29/38,
29/39, 29/40, 29/41, 29/42, 29/43, 29/44, 29/45, 29/46,
29/47, 29/48, 29/49, 29/50, 29/51, 29/52, 29/53,
2, 2/1, 2/2, 4, 4/1, 6, 6/1, 6/2, 6/3, 6/4, 6/5, 6/6, 6/7

L. D.—B 70/47/L. G. D.—BA. 701.

The Urban Councils Ordinance, No. 61 of 1939

IT is hereby notified that the Haputale Urban Council has—

- (1) under section 175 of the Urban Councils Ordinance, No. 61 of 1939, and with the approval of the Minister of Health and Local Government given by virtue of the powers vested in him by that section, as modified by the Proclamation published in *Gazette Extraordinary* No. 9,773 of September 24, 1947, imposed for the year 1950, a tax on the vehicles and animals mentioned in the schedule hereto at the rates specified in that schedule; and
- (2) under section 176 (3) of the Ordinance, ordered that the said tax shall be payable on or before March 31, 1950

E. W. KANNANGARA,
Permanent Secretary,

Ministry of Health and Local Government.

Colombo, March 11, 1950.

SCHEDULE

	Rs	c
For every vehicle other than a motor car, motor tricar, motor lorry, motor bicycle, cart, hand cart, water cart, jinricksha, bicycle or tricycle	5	0
For every bicycle or tricycle or bicycle car or cart or tricycle car or cart—		
(a) if used for trade purposes	5	0
(b) if used for other than trade purposes	1	0
For every cart	4	0
For every hand cart	4	0
For every water cart	1	0
For every jinricksha	2	50
For every horse, pony or mule	5	0
For every bullock or ass	1	0

L. D.—B 37/40/L. G. D.—BA. 590A/1

The Batticaloa Waterworks Ordinance

NOTIFICATION made by the Minister of Health and Local Government under section 5 (1) of the Batticaloa Waterworks Ordinance (Chapter 162), as modified by the Proclamation published in *Gazette Extraordinary* No. 9,773 of September 24, 1947.

E. W. KANNANGARA,
Permanent Secretary,

Ministry of Health and Local Government.

Colombo, March 17, 1950.

NOTIFICATION

The premises described in the Schedule hereto are hereby wholly exempted from the water rate for the year 1950, imposed under section 4 of the Batticaloa Waterworks Ordinance.

Ward	Street	Schedule	Premises
6	Dhoby's Street	...	Nos. 96/12; 98A/12/1, 98/16 and 23/13.
	Bar Road	..	Premises other than those bearing Nos. 23, 23A/30, 69, 72A/34; 70/38; 70/40; 94/44; 94/48; 22/52, 42/56, 51/62 and 51/64.
	Bailey Cross Road	..	Premises other than those bearing Nos. 48/2.
	New Road	..	Premises other than those bearing Nos. 1; 42A/3; 32/5/1; 34, 35/7/1; 16A/10; 2, 6, 7/20 and 2, 6, 7/20/1
	Old Rest House Road	..	Nos. 18, 18A/5; 18, 18A/5/1; 19/7; 21A/9; 21A/9/1; 27/11; 28/13; 29A/15; 38C/14, 38A/16, 38F/18, 38B/18/1; 34/20, 36, 37/20/1; 36, 37/20/2; 36, 37/20/3; 36, 37/20/4, 46, 46A/20/5; 34/22; 34A/22/1; 35/24; 52A/24/1; 33/26 and 32A/28.
	Pioneer Road	..	Nos. 29/49; 29/51; 24/55; 25/55/1; 26/55/2 and 22/55/3
7	Bar Road	..	All premises.
	Bailey Cross Road	..	Premises other than those bearing Nos. 25, 30/9/2; 23/15, 23A/17; 21/17/1; 17/19; 16A/19/1, 20B/23; 14, 14A, 16, 22C/23/1 and 20/25.
	New Road	..	Premises other than those bearing Nos. 53/35; 56A/37; 62/37/1 and 60/37/2.
	New Uppodai Road	..	All premises.
	Uppodai Kudah Lane	..	Premises other than those bearing No. 10/16/3.
	Uppodai Lake Road No. 1	..	Nos. 98/13/1; 105/71; 104, 104A/75; 104A/77, 101/81/1; 101A/81/2; 99A/83 and 97D/85.
	Uppodai Lake Road No. 2	..	All premises.
	Uppodai Munai Passage	..	Premises other than those bearing Nos. 1/1, 2, 3/3 and 4/9
	Uppodai Road	..	Nos. 47A/1; 46/1/1; 43, 44/5; 43, 44/7, 39, 11, 42/13, 39, 41, 42/13, 41, 42/13/1, 53, 54, 54A, 62/13/2; 53, 54, 54A, 62/13/3; 38/15; 40A/15/1; 35, 36/19; 37/21; 20A/21/1; 58, 61, 62, 63/2; 57A/2/1, 65/8; 66/10; 67/12; 68/16; 69/18; 70, 71/20, 70, 71/20/1; 70, 71/20/2
	Zachcherias Lane	..	All premises
8	Bar Road	..	Nos. 4/67; 5/71, 25A/71/1; 46B/71/2; 26/73, 26A/75, 27/77, 28, 35, 36/77/1; 37, 38, 39/79; 37, 38, 39/79/1; 37, 38, 39/79/2; 43/81 and 44/83
	Boundary Road	..	Premises other than those bearing Nos. 105/2.
	Fourth Cross Road	..	All premises.
	Station Cross Road	..	Premises other than those bearing Nos. 53/1; 49/3; 49/5 and 52/9.
8	Station Road	..	Premises other than those bearing Nos. 102/3; 109, 110/7; 113A/2; 135/4; 139/6; 139/6/1; 138/8, 138/8/1, 140/8/2; 136A/8/3; 136/8/4; 136/8/4A, 130/10; 130/10/1 and 136/10/2.
	Thamarakern Lane	..	All premises.
	Weaver Street	..	Premises other than those bearing Nos. 125, 133/1; 125, 133/3; 131/9; 124E/9/1; 37/2; 2/4; 2/4A; 2/4/1; 1/6; 1A/6/1; 6/6/2; 13/8/1; 9/8/2; 9/8/3 and 14/10.
9	Boundary Road	..	All premises.
	Cemetery Road	..	All premises.
	Slaughter House Road	..	All premises.
	Truncomalee Road	..	Premises other than those situated within the area lying between Lot. No. 1 and Lot No. 141.
	Uran Lane	..	All premises.

Ward	Street	Premises
10	Amuthakali Lane	All premises.
	Bar Road	Premises other than those bearing Nos 2/175/1; 177, 34/179; 5/181, 6/181/1; 9/181/2; 7/183/1, 7A/183/2, 8/185; 11/187; 13/189; 12/191; 14/193; 15/196; 16/197; 17/197/1; 18A/199; 18/199/1, 19/201, 20/203; 21/205; 10/207; 10A/207/1; 22/209; 23/211; 27/211/1; 26/213, 24, 26A/215, 24, 25A/217, 25, 25A/219; 28/221; 29/223; 30/225, 31/227; 31/277/1; 33/229, 34/231, 34A/231/1, 35/233 and 18/180.
	Boundary Road	All premises
	Cemetery Road	All premises
	Dhoby's Lane	All premises.
	Kannakiamman Kovil Lane	All premises.
	Kulavadi Lane	All premises.
	Kumara Kovil Lane	All premises.
	Mamankha Pilliyar Kovil Lane	All premises.
	New Boundary Road	All premises
	Punnacholai Lane	All premises.
	Temple Lane	All premises.
	Trincomalee Road	All premises
	Urani Lane	All premises.
	Vembu Pilliyar Temple Lane	All premises

(Continued on page 520)

By-laws

L D —B. 411/29/L. G. D.—BA 332.

The Municipal Councils Ordinance, No. 29 of 1947

BY-LAW under sections 267 and 272 of the Municipal Councils Ordinance, No. 29 of 1947, made by the Municipal Council of Colombo, approved by the Minister of Health and Local Government and confirmed by the Senate and the House of Representatives under section 268 of the Ordinance as modified by the Proclamation published in *Gazette Extraordinary* No 9,773 of September 24, 1947

E W. KANNANGARA,
Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Health and Local Government.

Colombo, March 23, 1950

BY-LAW

Chapter XI of the by-laws of the Municipal Council of Colombo, published in *Gazette* No. 7,799 of August 22, 1930, as last amended by by-law published in *Gazette* No. 8,385 of August 5, 1938, is hereby further amended, in by-law 3 thereof under the heading "Eating-houses", sub-heading "1—Conditions of Issue of Licence", as follows.—

- (1) by the substitution, for the words "after the Fifth day of August, 1938, of the words "after the First day of April, 1950,"
- (2) in sub-paragraph (a), by the substitution, for the words "on or after the Fifth day of August, 1938," of the words "on or after the First day of April, 1950,"; and
- (3) in sub-paragraph (b), by the substitution, for the words "before the Fifth day of August, 1938," of the words "before the First day of April, 1950,"

L. D.—B 12/45/L. G. D.—BB. 1203.

The Urban Councils Ordinance, No. 61 of 1939

BY-LAWS made by the Wattagama Urban Council under sections 166 and 170 (3) of the Urban Councils Ordinance, No. 61 of 1939, and approved by the

Minister of Health and Local Government by virtue of the powers vested in him by section 167 of the Ordinance, as modified by the Proclamation published in *Gazette Extraordinary* No 9,773 of September 24, 1947.

E W KANNANGARA,
Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Health and Local Government.

Colombo, March 22, 1950

By-laws relating to the tax on vehicles and animals

1. The return required to be furnished under section 180 of the Ordinance by the owner or other person whether resident within the town or outside and liable or deemed to be liable to pay taxes in respect of animals or vehicles shall be made in the form supplied by the Council for that purpose and shall be filled up and returned by the person to whom such form is addressed or delivered, within fourteen days of the receipt thereof

2 The annual tax imposed by the Council in respect of vehicles and animals under sections 175 and 176 of the Ordinance shall be paid on or before the thirty-first day of March in every year at the office of the Council

3 (1) The Chairman shall issue or cause to be issued in respect of every vehicle for which the annual tax has been paid, a metal plate with such of the distinguishing letters for vehicles specified in the schedule hereto, as are appropriate to that vehicle and with figures denoting the year for which the plate is issued and the corresponding number in the Register of Vehicles

(2) When any plate issued under paragraph (1) becomes indistinct or defaced by use or otherwise, the owner of the plate shall, on returning it to the Chairman and on making a payment of twenty-five cents, be entitled to receive a fresh plate

(3) The Chairman may, on his being satisfied by affidavit or otherwise that any plate issued under paragraph (1) has been lost or stolen, issue to the owner of that plate a fresh plate on the application of that owner and on payment by him of fifty cents

4 (1) The person having possession, custody or control of any vehicle in respect of which a plate has been issued under by-law 3 shall cause that plate to be affixed to a conspicuous part of that vehicle

(2) Every person who contravenes the provisions of paragraph (1) of this by-law shall be guilty of an offence punishable with a fine not exceeding two hundred and fifty rupees

5 It shall be lawful for the Chairman or any person authorised in writing by him, to stop any vehicle for the purpose of inspecting the metal plate required by by-law 4 (1) to be affixed thereon; every driver of a vehicle shall, on being requested to do so, stop the vehicle and permit and assist such inspection.

6. In these by-laws—

"Chairman" means the Chairman of the Council;
"Council" means the Wattagama Urban Council; and
"Ordinance" means the Urban Councils Ordinance, No. 61 of 1939.

Schedule

For a bicycle used for trade purposes	...	TBW
For a bicycle used for other than trade purposes	...	PBW
For a single bullock cart	...	SBW
For a double bullock cart	...	DBW
For a hand cart	...	HCW
For a jinricksha	...	JW

L D.—B. 12/45/L. G. D.—BB. 971.

The Urban Councils Ordinance, No. 61 of 1939

BY-LAW made by the Wattegama Urban Council under sections 166 and 170 (13) of the Urban Councils Ordinance, No. 61 of 1939, and approved by the Minister of Health and Local Government by virtue of the powers vested in him by section 167 of the Ordinance, as modified by the Proclamation published in *Gazette Extraordinary* No. 9,773 of September 24, 1947

E. W. KANNANGARA,
Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Health and Local Government.

Colombo, March 27, 1950

BY-LAW

The premises described in the Schedule hereto shall be exempt from the special conservancy rate for the year 1950, levied under section 143 (b) of the Urban Councils Ordinance, No. 61 of 1939, and referred to in the notice dated November 15, 1949, published in *Gazette* No. 10,045 of November 18, 1949

SCHEDULE

The premises bearing the following assessment numbers—

Ward 1—Elkaduwa Road, Nos. 98/1, 12 and 30
Matale Road, Nos. 54, 88, 83, 127, 129, 6 and 90.

Ward 2.—Matale Road, Nos. 57 and 8

Ward 3.—Nuwaratenne Path, Nos. 136D/2 and 136E/3.

Panwila Road, No. 5.

Ward 4—Panwila Road, Nos. 77, 79, 81, 4, 6, 8, 12, 16, 92, 110-112, 131, 133, 135, 137, 139, 141, 143, 145 and 159.

Udugoda Path, Nos. 18, 20-22, 38 and 40.

Ward 5.—Post Office Road, Nos. 12, 46, 2461/1, 71 and 250/4

Ward 6—Kandy Road, Nos. 5, 17, 19, 25, 39-41, 45, 57, 61, 69, 71, 258B/1, 81, 83, 68, 86, 92, 98, 104, 18B/1, 112, 122, 1, 12A/2, 168, 12/1, 12C/2, 12B/3, 174, 190, 200, 202, 214, 224 and 33A-33B/1

L D.—B. 125/31/L. G. D.—BB. 35.

The Urban Councils Ordinance, No. 61 of 1939

BY-LAW made by the Ratnapura Urban Council under sections 166 and 170 of the Urban Councils Ordinance, No. 61 of 1939, and approved by the Minister of Health and Local Government by virtue of the powers vested in him by section 167 of the Ordinance, as modified by the Proclamation published in *Gazette Extraordinary* No. 9,773 of September 24, 1947.

E. W. KANNANGARA,
Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Health and Local Government.

Colombo, March 27, 1950.

BY-LAW

The by-laws relating to meetings published in *Gazette* No. 7,880 of September 11, 1931, as last amended by by-law published in *Gazette* No. 9,999 of July 15, 1949, are hereby further amended in by-law 1, by the substitution, in paragraph (b) thereof, for the words "second Tuesday", of the words "second Saturday".

L D.—B. 23/48/GB 14/58/4.

The Village Communities Ordinance

BY-LAWS under section 49 of the Village Communities Ordinance (Chapter 198), made by the Village Committee of the Uda Pattu, Nawadun Korale village

area in the Ratnapura District and approved by the Minister of Health and Local Government by virtue of powers vested in him by sub-section (3) of that section, as modified by the Proclamation published in *Gazette Extraordinary* No. 9,773 of September 24, 1947

E. W. KANNANGARA,
Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Health and Local Government.

Colombo, March 22, 1950

BY-LAWS

Roads and paths

1 (1) No person shall—

(a) damage, obstruct, encroach upon or otherwise interfere with the use of any public road or path, or

(b) except with the permission of the Committee, divert the line of any public road or path.

(2) For the purpose of this by-law "public road or path" includes a public road or path which is in the course of construction.

2. (1) It shall be the duty of the proprietors and cultivators of any paddy field through which a public path runs to maintain such path at its customary width.

(2) No person shall cut or encroach upon any public path running through a paddy field so as to reduce its width to less than its customary width.

3. Where a range of paddy fields through which any public road or path passes is under cultivation, the cultivators of such range shall be entitled, with the previous permission of the Chairman and subject to such terms and conditions as he may impose, to put up a temporary gate across such road or path during the period of cultivation in order to prevent trespass by cattle.

4. (1) Whenever any work of construction or of repair is commenced on any public road or path, the Chairman shall have the power to prohibit the use of such road or path by the public for such time as may be necessary, after giving at least three days' notice by beat of tom-tom or otherwise.

(2) It shall be lawful for the Committee, by a resolution in that behalf, to restrict or to prohibit the use of any public road or path by any kind or class of heavy vehicular traffic.

(3) Where a restriction or prohibition is imposed under paragraph (2) of this by-law in respect of any public road or path, the Chairman shall cause a notice setting out the restriction or prohibition in English, Sinhalese and Tamil to be displayed conspicuously at the beginning and at the end of such road or path and at its junction with any other road or path.

(4) No person shall fail to conform to the requirements of any notice displayed under paragraph (3) of this by-law.

5. It shall be lawful for any person thereunto authorised in writing by the Chairman—

(1) to enter between the hours of 7 a.m. and 5 p.m. with all necessary workmen, vehicles, animals and implements upon any land adjacent to or near any existing or proposed public road or path for the purpose of doing any work connected with such road or path;

(2) to throw upon any land adjacent to or near any such road or path any earth, rubbish or materials which it may be necessary to remove from the place of any such work;

(3) to make any temporary road through the grounds near any such road or path during the execution of any such work; or

(4) to enter upon any land for the purpose of constructing, repairing or cleaning such drains, water courses or culverts as may be necessary for the preservation, improvement, repair or construction of any public road or path.

Provided that the earth, rubbish or materials referred to in paragraph (2) shall be removed within a reasonable time and the temporary road referred to in paragraph (3) shall not run over any ground whereon any building stands, or over any enclosed garden or yard.

6. In these by-laws—

“Chairman” means the Chairman of the Committee, and

“Committee” means the Village Committee of the Uda Pattu, Nawadun Korale village area in Nawadun Korale in the Ratnapura District.

L. D.—B. 10/50/L. G. D.—GA. 14/99

The Village Communities Ordinance

BY-LAWS under section 49 of the Village Communities Ordinance (Chapter 198), made by the Village Committee of the Wiyaluwa village area in the Badulla District, and approved by the Minister of Health and Local Government, by virtue of the powers vested in him by sub-section (3) of that section, as modified by the Proclamation published in *Gazette Extraordinary* No 9.773 of September 24, 1947.

E. W. KANNANGARA,
Permanent Secretary,

Ministry of Health and Local Government.

Colombo, March 17, 1950.

BY-LAWS

Wells, spouts, bathing places

1 No person of one sex shall enter any enclosure at a public well, or any public bathing place, set apart by the Committee for the exclusive use of persons of the other sex.

2 (1) No person who is suffering or has recently suffered from any infectious, contagious or cutaneous disease, or has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall bathe or wash at any public well or at any public bathing place, until the periods of infection and incubation have elapsed.

(2) Water for the use of any person referred to in paragraph (1) of this by-law shall be drawn by a healthy person and carried for use to a distance of not less than twenty feet from the well or the bathing place.

3. (1) No person shall wash, or cause to be washed, any animal or any clothes, mats or other articles whatsoever, at any public bathing place.

(2) No person shall lead, drive or take any animal into any public bathing place for any purpose whatsoever.

(3) No person shall in any manner pollute the water or the precincts of any public well or bathing place.

4. (1) No person shall wash or bathe at any public well, spout or other watering place at which washing or bathing is prohibited by order of the Committee.

(2) Where the Committee has set apart any special place in any tank, stream or other watering place, for washing, bathing, taking water for human consumption, or for the washing of animals, no person shall use such place for any purpose other than that for which it has been so set apart.

5. No person shall, without the written permission of the Chairman, remove water from any public well, tank or other watering place in any quantity exceeding such quantity as may from time to time be determined by the Committee and notified to the public by notices displayed at such well, tank or place.

The inspection and cleaning of drains, privies, cesspits, ashpits and sanitary conveniences

6. It shall be lawful for the Chairman, or the Medical Officer of Health, or the Sanitary Inspector or any person authorised by the Chairman in writing, to inspect any drain, privy, cesspit, ashpit, or sanitary convenience in any premises within the village area, and for the purpose of making the inspection to enter such premises at any reasonable time; and the owner or occupier of such premises shall render all such assistance as may be necessary.

7 The Chairman may, by notice, require the owner or occupier of any premises within the village area forthwith or within such time as may be specified in the notice, to carry out such measures necessary to maintain any drain, privy, cesspit, ashpit or sanitary convenience in those premises in a sanitary condition as may be specified in the notice.

8. It shall be lawful for the Chairman, by notice in writing, to require the owner or occupier of any premises within the village area, within such time as may be specified in the notice, to remove or cause the removal of the contents of any drain, privy, cesspit, ashpit or sanitary convenience in those premises to such other place, for disposal in such manner, as may be so specified.

Unwholesome food and drink

9 No person shall keep or expose for sale any article of food or drink which is unwholesome or unfit for human consumption.

10. It shall be lawful for the Chairman, or the Medical Officer of Health, or the Sanitary Inspector, or any person authorised by the Chairman in writing, to seize any article of food or drink kept or exposed for sale, if such article appears to be unwholesome or unfit for human consumption.

11 Where any officer or person, other than the Medical Officer of Health, seizes an article of food or drink under by-law 10, he shall place a sample of the seized article in a receptacle and shall, after sealing the receptacle in the presence of the person from whose possession such article was seized, produce that sample with the least possible delay before the Medical Officer of Health or any other Government Medical Officer.

12 Where an article of food or drink is seized under by-law 10, the person seizing such article shall, upon demand of a sealed sample by the person from whose possession the article was seized, place a sample of the seized article in a receptacle, and shall after sealing the receptacle in the presence of the person from whose possession the article was seized, give that sample to that person.

13. If the Medical Officer of Health who seizes an article of food or drink under by-law 10, or the Medical Officer before whom an article of food or drink is produced under by-law 11, certifies such article to be unwholesome or unfit for human consumption, the Chairman shall cause such article to be destroyed or to be so disposed of as to prevent its being exposed for sale or used for human consumption. If the Medical Officer of Health certifies that the article of food or drink is wholesome and fit for human consumption, such article shall be returned to the owner.

14 No person shall sell or expose for sale the flesh of any animal which has died of natural causes or of any disease or by drowning or has been killed by a wild beast or the bite of a snake or of a rabid dog.

Gambling, cock-fighting and cart-racing

15 (a) No person shall gamble with dice or cards, play any game for a stake or take part in betting of any kind within the village area.

(b) No person shall allow gambling with dice or cards, or the playing of any game for a stake, in any house, premises, boat, vessel or vehicle occupied by the person, or belonging to him or under his control.

16 No person shall train cocks for fighting or take part in cock-fighting in any place within the village area.

17. No person shall engage in cart-racing on any public road or path.

Public health

18. The owner or occupier of every house or land shall keep his premises clean and free from all weeds and other undergrowth and all refuse or rubbish or receptacles likely to form breeding places for mosquitoes, for a distance of thirty yards from such house, or within the limits of his premises, whichever area is less.

Dangerous and overhanging trees

19. (1) Whenever any tree, or any branch or fruit or other part of a tree is causing or is likely to cause damage to any building, or is in a condition dangerous or likely to be dangerous to the occupants of any

building or to the safety of passers-by along any public thoroughfare, the Chairman may, by a notice in writing served on the owner or occupier of the land on which such tree stands, require such owner or occupier to tie up and make secure, or to cut down and remove such tree or part thereof, as the case may be, within such time as may be specified in the notice.

(2) Every person on whom a notice is served under paragraph (1) of this by-law shall comply with the requirements of such notice within the time specified therein, and in the event of the refusal or neglect of such person to comply with such requirements within such time, the Chairman, or any officer or workman authorised in writing by the Chairman, may enter upon the land referred to in such notice and do whatever such person was required to do by such notice, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be recoverable from such person as a debt due to the Committee.

Disorderly conduct

20. No person shall, in any public place, make any obscene writing or any obscene drawing, or sing or recite any obscene song or ballad, or do any other act which is likely to outrage public decency.

21. No person shall throw stones or filth at the house or into the compound of any other person.

Public roads and paths

22. Every public road or path shall be constructed or reconstructed and maintained in accordance with the decision of the Committee as to the width of such road or path and the course which it is to take.

23. Whenever any work of construction or of repair is commenced on any public road or path, the Chairman shall have the power to prohibit the use of such road or path by the public for such time as may be necessary, after giving at least three days notice of the prohibition by beat of tom-tom or otherwise.

24. It shall be lawful for the Chairman, whenever authorised by the Committee by a resolution in that behalf, to restrict or to prohibit the use of any public road or path by any kind or class of heavy vehicular traffic

25. (1) Where the use of any public road or path is prohibited or restricted, the Chairman shall cause notices specifying the prohibition or restriction to be displayed at the beginning and at the end of such road or path and at its junction with any other road or path.

(2) No person shall fail to comply with a notice displayed under paragraph (1) of this by-law.

26. It shall be lawful for any person thereunto authorised in writing by the Chairman—

- (a) to enter, between 7 a.m. and 5 p.m., with all necessary workmen, vehicles, animals and implements, upon any land adjacent to or near any existing or proposed public road or path, for the purpose of executing any work connected with such road or path;
- (b) to throw upon any land adjacent to or near any existing or proposed public road or path, such earth, rubbish, or materials as it may be necessary to remove from the place of any work connected with such road or path;
- (c) to make any temporary road through the grounds near any existing or proposed public road or path during the execution of any work connected with such road or path; and
- (d) to enter upon any land for the purpose of constructing, repairing or cleaning such drains, water-courses, fences or culverts as may be necessary for the preservation, improvement, repair or construction of any public road or path:

Provided that the earth, rubbish or materials referred to in paragraph (b) shall be removed within a reasonable time, and the temporary road referred to in paragraph (c) shall not run over any ground upon which any building stands or over any enclosed garden or yard.

27. No person shall—

- (a) injure, damage, obstruct, encroach upon or otherwise interfere with the use of any public road or path, whether constructed or in the course of construction; or

(b) except with the permission of the Committee, divert the line of any public road or path, whether constructed or in the course of construction.

28. (1) It shall be the duty of the proprietors and cultivators of any paddy field through which a public foot path runs, to maintain such foot path at its customary width.

(2) No person shall cut or encroach upon any foot path referred to in paragraph (1) of this by-law so as to reduce its width to less than its customary width.

Dairies and the sale of milk

29. (1) No person shall offer for sale, sell, hawk, deliver, expose or carry for sale within the village area any milk which has been produced within that area, unless he is—

- (a) the licensee of a dairy of two or more cows;
- (b) a registered supplier of milk; or
- (c) a vendor of milk who is employed by the licensee of a dairy or by a registered supplier of milk and to whom a card of registration has been issued by the Chairman.

(2) No person shall keep a dairy of two or more cows unless he is the holder of a licence issued by the Chairman, in that behalf.

30. (1) No licence to keep a dairy of two or more cows shall be issued to any person unless the premises in respect of which the licence is to be issued are in conformity with the following requirements:—

(1) Every building or shed on the premises intended for the accommodation of cattle, must—

- (a) be built of brick, stone, cabook or wood;
- (b) have its walls and pillars limewashed;
- (c) have its roof constructed of durable material;
- (d) have its floor paved with brick or stone rendered in cement, cement concrete or asphalt;
- (e) have drains for the purpose of conveying urine, washings and waste water into one or more covered receptacles, such drains being paved with brick or stone rendered in cement, cement concrete or asphalt;
- (f) be proportionate in size to the number of cows to be kept in the dairy, allowing for each cow a floor space of not less than eight feet in length and five feet in width and a minimum air space of four hundred cubic feet.

(2) The building or shed on the premises intended for use as a milk room, must—

- (a) be at a distance of not less than twenty five feet from the cowshed or other buildings and not less than one hundred feet from any latrine, cesspit, ashpit, permanent manure heap or open sewer;
- (b) have walls not less than seven feet in height, built of stone or brick or cabook, and plastered, or limewashed on the inside;
- (c) have at least two opposite walls abutting on the open air;
- (d) have its floor cemented, and the junction of the floor with the walls rounded off with cement;
- (e) have a ceiling which is constructed of grooved and oil-painted boards capable of preventing the ingress of dust;
- (f) have the eaves of the roof at least six feet above the level of the ground;
- (g) have at least one window and one door, the area of the window space being not less than one-fifteenth of the floor space of the room, and have each window and floor covered with fly-proof netting, and one window facing at least one door;
- (h) be provided with a table covered with marble, slate, zinc or other impermeable substance approved by the Chairman, and with a sanitary dust-bin and a suitable rack for storing clean bottles.

31. The licensee shall keep affixed in a conspicuous position on the outside of his premises a board on which the phrase "Licensed Dairy" and its Sinhalese equivalent are clearly painted.

32. Every licensee shall keep in the dairy, so as to be available for inspection at any time, a list of the names and addresses of all persons to whom he supplies milk

33. The licensee shall take all necessary steps to ensure that—

- (a) the walls of every room forming part of the dairy are lime-washed and the woodwork is washed with hot water and soap at least twice a year in the months of June and December, and at such other times as may be ordered by the Chairman in writing;
- (b) the floor and the top of the milk-room table are washed at least once every day;
- (c) every part of the dairy, its surroundings and drains are kept clean and in good repair;
- (d) all dung, refuse, urine and washings are removed from the dairy at least once a day and disposed of at a suitable distance from the dairy in such manner as to cause no nuisance;
- (e) all cattle food other than grass or straw is stored in suitable rat-proof receptacles; and
- (f) all utensils, furniture and other requisites used in or belonging to the dairy are kept clean

34 (1) The licensee shall not cause or permit—

- (a) any milk to be poured into any vessel which is not thoroughly cleaned;
- (b) milk to be stored in any vessel other than a vessel made of glass, porcelain, glazed earthenware or enamelled or galvanized iron;
- (c) any vessel used for the storage of milk to be kept in any place other than the milk-room;
- (d) milk for the purposes of sale to be drawn from any cow unless immediately before milking, the udder and teats of the cow are thoroughly cleaned and wiped with a clean damp cloth, and unless the hands of the person milking are also thoroughly washed and cleaned;
- (e) milk intended for sale to be kept in any place other than the milk-room; and
- (f) any animal or bird to enter or remain in the milk-room for any purpose whatsoever

(2) The licensee shall provide for the purposes of the dairy only water obtained from a source approved by the Chairman.

35 (1) The licensee shall not allow any milk vessel, butter vessel, churn, separator, or other article used in the dairy to be used for any purpose other than for the purposes of the dairy, and shall cause each such vessel, churn, separator or other article to be washed after each occasion on which it is used, first with cold water, then with boiling water and soda and finally with water which has been boiled and cooled.

(2) The licensee shall cause the brushes used in cleaning vessels and other dairy requisites, to be boiled for ten minutes each time after use.

36 The licensee shall cause every vessel in the dairy containing milk to be adequately protected with a clean cover or lid and shall take all precautions to prevent the milk from being contaminated during transit.

37. The licensee shall not use the milk-room or permit it to be used for any purpose other than that of storing and preparing milk.

38 No person who is suffering or has recently suffered from any infectious, contagious or cutaneous disease or who has been recently in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall be permitted by the licensee or any person in charge of the dairy or milk-room to enter the dairy or milk-room or to take part in the preparation, sale or transport of milk, until the periods of infection and incubation have elapsed

39. The licensee shall give immediate notice to the Chairman of any case or suspected case of infectious, contagious or cutaneous disease which may occur among the persons employed in the dairy.

40 The licensee shall not cause or permit to be sold, the milk of any cow suffering from tuberculosis, acute mastitis, foot-and-mouth disease, anthrax or actinomycosis of the udder, or add the milk of such animal or cause or permit it to be added to any milk of other animals which is intended for human consumption.

41. The licensee shall not sell or supply to any person, milk obtained from any cow other than a cow kept in the licensed dairy.

42. Every person who desires to sell or offer for sale, milk from a dairy of one cow, shall cause himself to be registered in the books of the Committee as a registered supplier of milk.

43. The Chairman may refuse to register any person as a supplier of milk, if a medical officer authorised in writing by the Chairman after inspection of the dairy recommends that such person should not be registered.

44 Every registered supplier shall take all such measures and precautions as may be necessary to ensure that—

- (a) the cow-shed, utensils and other requisites are kept clean; and
- (b) the person milking the cow and the person distributing the milk are free from disease.

45. No registered supplier shall cause or permit any cow to be milked unless before milking, the udder and the teats of the cow are thoroughly cleaned and wiped with a clean damp cloth, and unless the hands of the person milking are thoroughly washed and cleaned

46. (1) Every registered supplier of milk shall cause the milk to be collected, stored, and distributed in vessels which are—

- (a) made of impervious material;
- (b) provided with proper covers, stoppers or corks; and
- (c) capable of being cleaned daily with boiling water.

(2) Every registered supplier shall cause the vessel used for collecting, storing or distributing milk to be washed after each occasion on which the vessel is used, first with cold water, then with boiling water and soda, and finally with water which has been boiled and cooled.

47. (1) No person shall expose, offer or deliver for sale, or sell, or hawk, within the village area, any milk produced outside that area, unless he—

- (a) has been registered by the Chairman as a purveyor of milk; or
- (b) has been registered by the Chairman as a vendor of milk employed by a registered purveyor of milk.

(2) The Chairman may refuse to register any person as a purveyor of milk, if the Chairman of any duly constituted local authority for the area within which the dairy from which that person intends to obtain milk is situated, after inspection of the dairy, recommends that that person should not be registered as a purveyor of milk.

(3) No fee shall be charged for the registration of any person as a purveyor of milk.

48 (1) No licensee of a dairy, registered supplier of milk, or registered purveyor of milk shall employ any person as a vendor of milk unless that person has been registered by the Chairman as a vendor of milk employed by such licensee, supplier, or purveyor, as the case may be.

(2) The Chairman shall issue to every person who is registered as vendor of milk a card of registration bearing—

- (a) the name, registration number and thumb impression of that person; and
- (b) the name and licence number or registration number of the licensee of a dairy, registered supplier of milk, or registered purveyor of milk under whom that person is employed.

(3) The Chairman may refuse to register any person as a vendor of milk under this by-law until a medical officer nominated by the Chairman has examined that person and certified him to be free from any infectious or contagious disease.

(4) No fee shall be charged for the registration of any person as a vendor of milk under this by-law.

49. Every registered vendor shall carry his card of registration on his person while exposing, offering or delivering for sale, or selling or hawking milk, and shall produce such card for inspection whenever requested to do so by any officer duly authorised in that behalf by the Chairman in writing.

50. No person shall sell, hawk, deliver, expose, carry or offer for sale, within the village area—

- (a) any milk from which the cream has been removed unless such milk is contained in a vessel which bears a label on which is painted the phrase "Skimmed Milk" and its Sinhalese and Tamil equivalents, and is declared at the time of sale to be skimmed milk; or
- (b) any milk adulterated with water or any other foreign substance or liquid, or
- (c) any milk contained in bottles of which the mouths are not adequately covered with some impermeable material.

Provided that milk to which tea, coffee or cocoa has been added for consumption on the premises of any tea or coffee boutique or eating-house shall not be deemed to be adulterated for the purpose of this by-law.

51. (1) The Chairman, or any officer authorised in writing by the Chairman, may at any time, demand and take a sample of milk for analysis, on payment of the value thereof, from the licensee of any dairy or from any registered supplier of milk, registered purveyor of milk, or registered vendor of milk.

(2) No licensee of a dairy, registered supplier of milk, registered purveyor of milk, or registered vendor of milk shall refuse to comply with a demand lawfully made under paragraph (1) of this by-law.

52. The licensee shall cause a copy of these by-laws (relating to dairies and the sale of milk) in Sinhalese and Tamil and the licence to be framed and hung in a conspicuous position in the dairy.

Land and property

53. No person shall destroy, damage, or interfere with the use of any ambalam, madam, open space, or place for public recreation.

54. No person shall destroy, damage, or encroach upon any public land vested in or under the control of the Committee.

55. Where any common pasture lands have been set apart by the Committee for the use of any specified village, no person who is not resident in any such village shall tether any cattle, or permit any cattle to stray, upon that pasture land without the written permission of the Chairman.

56. No person shall damage any fence or obstruct any gate-way, or befoul or poison any pond, situated on any land set apart as a communal pasture.

57. Cattle (other than buffaloes brought into the village temporarily for the purposes of cultivation) belonging to the persons resident outside the village area may with the written permission of the Chairman be pastured on any common pasture land under the control of the Committee on payment of a fee at the rate of fifty cents per month for each head of cattle.

58. The owner or occupier of every private land shall cause the boundaries of such land to be marked by live fences or ditches, or stones firmly embedded in the ground or in such other manner as may be approved by the Committee.

59. In the case of any two adjoining private lands, the owners or occupiers of both lands shall be jointly responsible for seeing that such boundaries are laid down, marked or erected and are maintained in good order.

60. No person shall knowingly or wilfully alter, deface, or do any act likely to damage the fence or boundary of any land, or remove any land mark therefrom.

61. Any person may with the written authority of the Chairman enter upon any private land within the village area for preventing any damage to, or for repairing or remedying defects in, any wires or apparatus or the supports thereof maintained for the purpose of any public service.

Disposal of the bodies of dead animals

62. It shall be the duty of the owner or the person in charge of any dead animal to bury its carcass within a reasonable time of its death. In the absence or the default of the owner or person in charge, the Committee

shall cause the carcass to be buried and the expenses incurred thereby may be recovered from such owner or person in charge as a debt due to the Committee.

63. No person shall deposit the carcass of any animal on any land or premises without the permission of the owner of such land or premises.

Offensive and dangerous trades

64. (1) The following trades shall be deemed to be dangerous trades.—

- (a) Manufacture of aerated waters.
- (b) Manufacture of copra
- (c) Any trade in which machinery driven by oil or other fuel or steam or electricity is used.
- (d) Extracting of oil by apparatus.
- (e) Quarrying for cabook, gravel or metal.
- (f) Storing of copra
- (g) Storing of straw.
- (h) Manufacture of desiccated coconut.
- (i) Curing or storing of plumbago.
- (j) Digging for coral stones by opening of a pit.
- (k) Manufacture of coconut oil by machinery
- (l) Burning or storing of lime.
- (m) Manufacture or storing of fibre.
- (n) Storing of cotton wool.
- (o) Manufacture of matches

(2) The following trades shall be deemed to be offensive trades.—

- (a) Storing of cured or dry fish.
- (b) Storing of perishable articles of food for the purposes of sale by wholesale.
- (c) Manufacture of compost or artificial manure.
- (d) Manufacture of vinegar.
- (e) Curing or manufacture of rubber.
- (f) Manufacture of soap
- (g) Keeping of a tannery.
- (h) Curing of arecanuts.
- (i) Boiling of blood or offal.
- (j) Storing of hides
- (k) Storing of bones
- (l) Laying of fish.
- (m) Curing of planks
- (n) Keeping of a kraal for soaking coconut husk.
- (o) Smoking and manufacture of sheet rubber or crepe rubber.
- (p) Storing of artificial manure or materials used for the preparation of artificial manure in quantity over three bags.

(3) The following trades shall be deemed to be dangerous and offensive trades.—

- (a) Dyeing of fibre.
- (b) Burning of bricks and tiles.

65. (1) No person shall carry on any offensive or dangerous trade, unless he is the holder of a licence issued in that behalf by the Chairman on the recommendation of the Medical Officer of Health.

(2) Every licence shall, unless it is cancelled under by-law 74, expire on the thirty-first day of December in the year in respect of which it is issued.

(3) No licence shall be transferable.

66. No person shall be entitled to a licence to carry on any offensive or dangerous trade unless—

- (1) the place at which that trade is to be carried on is approved by the Medical Officer of Health; and
- (2) any building to be used for the purposes of that trade is in conformity with the following requirements:—
 - (a) the building must be in good repair, well ventilated, well lighted, and provided with adequate drainage and latrine accommodation;
 - (b) the roof of the building must be made of some permanent material and the floor must be cemented;
 - (c) the eaves of the building must be not less than six feet from the ground;
 - (d) every room in the building must be provided with windows capable of being opened and the area of such windows when open shall be not less than one-fifteenth of the superficial floor space;

- (e) the walls of every room in the building must be not less than seven feet in height and must be built of brick, stone or cabook;
- (f) the internal surface of such walls, to a height of at least four feet from the floor, must be plastered with cement and the rest of the walls must be limeplastered and lime-washed; and
- (g) the wood-work of the building must be oil painted or lime-washed.

67. If at any time during the period for which a licence has been issued, any building used for the purposes of the offensive or dangerous trades to which the licence relates, ceases to conform to the provisions of by-law 66, the Chairman may on the recommendations of the Medical Officer of Health, cause a notice to be served on the licensee requiring him to do before a day to be specified in the notice, all things necessary to make such building conform to such provisions.

68. Any notice under by-law 67 shall be deemed to have been served on the licensee if it is affixed to the premises at which the licensee carries on the offensive or dangerous trade or if it is left with any person employed in such premises by the licensee.

69. Every licensee shall cause—

- (a) the floor of every building used for the purposes of the offensive or the dangerous trade to which his licence relates to be swept and cleaned daily;
- (b) the walls of every such building to be limewashed at least once in every twelve months;
- (c) all apparatus, implements, and vessels used in such trade to be kept clean, and
- (d) all refuse, sweepings, scrapings and waste and by-products which are not to be subjected to further trade processes to be removed daily in covered receptacles from the premises in which such trade is carried on.

70. No holder of a licence to carry on any offensive or dangerous trade shall contaminate any well, tank, river, stream, canal, channel, lake or other inland water.

71. No holder of a licence to carry on any offensive or dangerous trade shall carry on such trade in any manner likely to cause a nuisance to, or to be injurious to the health or comfort of, persons in the neighbourhood.

72. Every holder of a licence to carry on any offensive or dangerous trade shall cause any offensive vapours or gases which are emitted in the course of carrying on that trade—

- (a) to be discharged into the external air in such manner and at such height as to admit of their diffusion without injurious effect; or
- (b) to be passed directly through a fire or into a condensing apparatus.

73. It shall be lawful for the Chairman or the Medical Officer of Health or the Sanitary Inspector or any Officer of the Committee authorised in writing by the Chairman, at all reasonable times, to enter upon and inspect any premises at which any offensive or dangerous trade is being carried on, and the licensee or person in charge thereof shall permit the inspection to be made.

74. It shall be lawful for the Rural Court, in addition to any other punishment that it may impose, to cancel the licence of a licensee convicted twice or oftener of any breach of any of these by-laws relating to offensive and dangerous trades, and the licensee shall not be entitled to compensation in respect of the cancellation.

75. The by-laws "for the Province of Uva" published in *Gazette* No. 5,786 of June 14, 1901, and therein called "Rules" are hereby amended, in so far as they relate to the Wiyaluwa village area, by the rescission of by-laws 7, 8, 9, 10, 66, 68, 71, 76 and 77.

Interpretation

76. In these by-laws—

- "Chairman" means the Chairman of the Committee;
- "Committee" means the Village Committee of the village area;
- "village area" means the Wiyaluwa village area.

L. D.—B 9/50/L. G. D.—GD. 14/1.

The Village Communities Ordinance

BY LAWS under section 49 of the Village Communities Ordinance (Chapter 193), made by the Village Committee of the Delft village area in the Jaffna District and approved by the Minister of Health and Local Government by virtue of powers vested in him by sub-section (3) of that section as modified by the Proclamation published in *Gazette Extraordinary* No. 9,773 of September 24, 1947.

E. W. KANNANGARA,
Permanent Secretary,

Ministry of Health and Local Government.

Colombo, February 24, 1950.

BY-LAWS

1. In these by-laws—

- "bakery" means any premises in which bread, biscuits or confectionery is baked for sale as food for human consumption and includes any premises in which such food is prepared, or in which the materials for the preparation of such food are stored;
- "Chairman" means the Chairman of the Committee;
- "Committee" means the Village Committee of the village area; and
- "village area" means the Delft village area in the Jaffna District.

Bakeries

2. (1) No person shall establish, or carry on the business of, any bakery except on a licence issued in that behalf by the Chairman on the recommendation of the Medical Officer of Health.

(2) Every licence issued under this by-law shall, unless it is earlier cancelled under by-law 10, expire on the thirty-first day of December of the year in respect of which it is issued.

3. No person shall be entitled to a licence under by-law 2, unless the premises to be used as a bakery are in conformity with the following requirements:—

- (a) the premises must be well ventilated and well lighted;
- (b) the walls must be plastered with lime mortar and whitewashed;
- (c) the floor must be cemented;
- (d) the premises must be provided with sufficient latrine accommodation and sufficient drains;
- (e) a ceiling of suitable materials must be provided so as to prevent dirt and dust falling from the roof;
- (f) the premises must not be situated within fifty feet of any cesspit, permanent manure heap, latrine or open sewer;
- (g) the premises must be provided with a separate kneading room having a superficial floor space of not less than twelve feet by ten feet;
- (h) there must be a free external air space, not less than seven feet wide on at least two of the sides of the kneading room which contain doors or windows; and
- (i) the door of the oven must not open directly into the kneading room.

4. The licensee of a bakery shall cause—

- (a) all utensils, furniture and other requisites used in or belonging to the bakery, to be kept clean;
- (b) the tops of the tables in the bakery to be made of well seasoned, closely-fitting planks, or of some non-harmful impervious material and the tables to be scraped and cleaned daily;
- (c) the floor of the bakery to be swept at least once in every twenty-four hours and the sweepings to be placed immediately in an impervious and covered receptacle, and removed from the bakery daily;
- (d) the premises of the bakery to be kept clean and free from effluvia arising from any drain, privy, or cesspit and from any other similar nuisance;
- (e) the floor which is used in the bakery to be kept on a platform raised at least three feet above the ground;

- (f) all refuse from the premises of the bakery to be removed and the drains to be flushed daily;
- (g) at least two spittoons to be kept in some part of the premises other than the kneading room, but so as to be easily accessible to those engaged in the manufacture of bread;
- (h) clean water, clean towels, a nail brush and soap to be provided on the premises for the use of those engaged in the manufacture of bread, and
- (i) a copy in Sinhalese and Tamil of these by-laws relating to bakeries to be exhibited in a conspicuous part of the bakery.

5. The licensee of a bakery shall not—

- (a) allow the bakery to be used as a place for sleeping or for keeping any animal or any article other than an article necessary for the purposes of the bakery;
- (b) allow any bread, biscuit or confectionery to be exposed for sale otherwise than in clean and properly constructed fly-proof glass cases,
- (c) allow any person engaged in the manufacture of bread, biscuit or confectionery to use any flour, water or other materials which are not good and wholesome;
- (d) use or keep in the bakery any furniture or equipment which cannot be moved about for the purpose of cleaning the floor; or
- (e) allow any gambling or disorderly conduct to take place on the premises of the bakery.

6. Every person employed in the preparation or baking of bread, biscuit or confectionery shall wash his hands before engaging in that process, and shall wear a clean white apron, covering the chest, armpits and body, and also a white cap or turban.

7. No person shall spit within the premises of the bakery except into a spittoon provided for the purpose.

8. No person who is suffering or has recently suffered from any contagious, cutaneous or infectious disease, or has recently been in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall be permitted by any person in charge of a bakery to enter the bakery or to take part in the manufacture or sale of bread, biscuit or confectionery, until the periods of infection and incubation have elapsed.

9. (1) It shall be lawful for the Chairman, or the Medical Officer of Health, or the Sanitary Inspector, or any officer authorised by the Chairman, in writing, at all reasonable times, and at any time when the process of kneading or baking is being carried on, to enter and inspect the bakery.

(2) The licensee, or the person in charge of a bakery shall permit the Chairman, or the Medical Officer of Health, or the Sanitary Inspector, or any officer authorised by the Chairman in writing, to enter and inspect the bakery, and shall render him all such assistance as may be necessary.

10. It shall be lawful for the Rural Court, in addition to any other punishment that it may impose, to cancel the licence of any licensee convicted twice or oftener or any breach of any of these by-laws relating to bakeries, and the licensee shall not be entitled to any compensation in respect of the cancellation.

Eating-houses, restaurants and tea and coffee boutiques

11. (1) No person shall establish, or carry on the business of, any eating-house, restaurants, or tea or coffee boutique, except on a licence issued in that behalf by the Chairman on the recommendation of the Medical Officer of Health.

(2) Every licence issued under this by-law shall, unless it is earlier cancelled under by-law 19, expire on the thirty-first day of December of the year in respect of which it is issued.

12. No person shall be entitled to a licence under by-law 11 unless the premises to be used as any eating-house, restaurant, or tea or coffee boutique are in conformity with the following requirements:—

- (a) the premises must be well ventilated and well lighted;

- (b) the walls must be plastered with lime mortar and whitewashed;
- (c) the floor must be cemented; and
- (d) a ceiling of suitable materials must be provided so as to prevent dirt and dust falling from the roof.

13. The licensee of any eating-house, restaurant or tea or coffee boutique shall cause—

- (a) the premises thereof to be kept in a clean and sanitary condition;
- (b) all utensils, furniture, or other equipment used in or belonging to the eating-house, restaurant, or tea or coffee boutique to be kept clean;
- (c) all refuse and dirt in or about the premises of the eating-house, restaurant, or tea or coffee boutique to be swept and removed twice daily,
- (d) all cakes, sweets and other food exposed for sale on such premises to be kept in clean and properly constructed fly-proof glass cases;
- (e) all waste tea, coffee, or milk and all remnants of food to be collected in a fly-proof receptacle with a closely-fitting lid or cover, and removed from such premises twice daily,
- (f) all utensils used in the preparation, sale and consumption of food or milk to be washed with soap and water at least once in every twenty-four hours;
- (g) every utensil or receptacle to be washed immediately after it is used by a customer and before it is used by another customer, and
- (h) a list of the names and addresses of all employees to be kept at all times in the premises so as to be available for inspection.

14. The licensee of any eating-house, restaurant, or tea or coffee boutique shall not permit—

- (a) any waste tea, coffee or milk or any remnants of food to be thrown on the floor of the licensed premises or;
- (b) any gambling or disorderly conduct to take place on the licensed premises.

15. The licensee of any eating-house, restaurant, or tea or coffee boutique shall cause at least two spittoons to be kept at all times on the licensed premises so as to be readily available to the visitors to the premises, as well as to the employees.

16. No person shall spit within the premises of any eating-house, restaurant, or tea or coffee boutique except into a spittoon provided for the purpose.

17. No person who is suffering or has recently suffered from any contagious, cutaneous, or infectious disease, or has recently been in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall be permitted by any person in charge of any eating-house, restaurant, or tea or coffee boutique to enter such place or take part in the preparation or sale of any food or drink therein, until the periods of infection and incubation have elapsed.

18. It shall be lawful for the Chairman, or the Medical Officer of Health, or the Sanitary Inspector, or any officer authorised by the Chairman in writing, at all reasonable times, to enter and inspect any eating-house, restaurant, or tea or coffee boutique, and the licensee or the person in charge of the eating-house, restaurant, or tea or coffee boutique, shall permit him to enter and inspect the premises and shall render him all such assistance as may be necessary.

19. It shall be lawful for the Rural Court, in addition to any other punishment that it may impose, to cancel the licence of any licensee convicted twice or oftener of any breach of any of these by-laws relating to eating-houses, restaurants, or tea or coffee boutiques, and the licensee shall not be entitled to any compensation in respect of the cancellation.

Markets and fairs

20. The area within a circle having a radius of one mile from any village market is hereby declared to be the market area for that market.

21. Within the market area of a village market no person shall, on any day on which that market is open, sell or offer or expose for sale, any vegetables fruit,

meat, or other perishable articles of food at any place other than that market. Provided that the preceding provisions of this by-law shall not apply to—

- (a) the sale of vegetables or fruit by itinerant vendors, who do not sell at fixed places, or who do not for the purposes of such sale establish themselves on the public roads or other public places,
- (b) the sale by the licensee of any eating-house or a tea or coffee boutique of ripe plantains or other fruit for consumption on the premises, or
- (c) the sale of young coconuts by any person

22 Every village market shall be open from 6 a m to 6 p m on such days of the week as may be determined by the Committee and notified to the public by notices in English, Sinhalese and Tamil, displayed at that market by the Chairman

23 Where the Committee has set apart any portion of a village market for the sale of any article or class of articles, no person shall—

- (a) sell or expose for sale such article or class of articles in any place in such market other than the portion so set apart, or
- (b) sell or expose for sale any other article or class of articles in the portion so set apart

24 A fee at the following rates shall be levied and paid for the use of any stall, seat or space in any village market—

	<i>Per day Cents</i>
For an open space not exceeding 9 square feet or any portion thereof in the market ground	05
For an open space exceeding 9 square feet but not exceeding 16 square feet in the market ground	.15
For an open space exceeding 16 square feet but not exceeding 24 square feet in the market ground	.50
For a space in the covered area not exceeding 12 square feet or any portion thereof in the market	50
For a stall in the covered area in the market	75
For an open space not exceeding 12 square feet or any portion thereof in the fish market	20
For a space in the covered area not exceeding 12 square feet or any portion thereof in the fish market	30

25 No person shall use any stall, seat or space in a village market unless he is the holder of the permit issued in that behalf by or under the authority of the Chairman, or otherwise than in accordance with the terms and conditions of such permit. Every such permit shall expire on the date specified thereon

26 The fees payable under by-law 24 shall be paid to the Chairman or to such other person as may be authorised by the Chairman in writing, and no permit under by-law 25 shall be issued to any person until he has paid the fee due from him

27 The Chairman shall cause to be exhibited in a conspicuous place in each village market a notice setting out in English, Sinhalese and Tamil, the fees payable for the use of the market and no person shall demand or receive any sums higher than those set out in such notice

28 Whenever the Committee is satisfied, after consultation with the Medical Officer of Health, that the use or consumption by the public of any particular article of food is injurious or harmful, it shall be lawful for the Committee, by beat of tom-tom or other sufficient notice, to prohibit for such time, as to the Committee may appear necessary, the introduction and sale of such article of food in any village market or fair

29 No person shall sell or expose for sale in any village market or fair—

- (a) the carcase or meat of any animal which has been slaughtered at any place other than a village slaughter-house or a licensed slaughter-house, and

- (b) any article the keeping or sale of which is prohibited by or under any by-law made by the Committee

Provided that the provisions of paragraph (a) of this by-law shall not apply to the sale of frozen meat, or game

30 No person who is suffering or has recently suffered from any contagious, infectious or cutaneous disease, or has recently been in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall use any stall, seat or space in any village market, or expose for sale thereat any article whatsoever, until the periods of infection and incubation have elapsed

31 No person using any village market shall—

- (1) behave in any disorderly manner or commit any nuisance in or about such market, or
- (2) carry on cooking in any part of such market, or
- (3) remain in or loiter about such market after the place is closed for business at 6 p m without being able to give a satisfactory account of himself, or
- (4) damage or in any way deface any portion of any building, stall, lamps or other property of the Committee in or about such market, or defile or pollute the water provided for use in such market, or
- (5) enclose in any way any portion of the building or premises of such market or erect any permanent awning or screen or fixture of any kind, or
- (6) leave any goods in or about the premises of such market between the hours of 6 p m and 6 a m. without the special permission of the Chairman, or
- (7) place any fruit, vegetables, meat, flesh or other articles of food exposed thereat for sale on any unclean or insanitary surface, or
- (8) expose for sale any article of cooked food otherwise than in clean and properly constructed fly-proof glass cases

32 Every person using any stall in a village market or fair shall keep in or near such stall a fly-proof receptacle with a closely-fitting lid or cover and shall deposit all rubbish and refuse in such receptacle

33 No person shall throw any rubbish or refuse, or any bone or skin of any animal or any article likely to be offensive or injurious to the public health, on the premises of any village market or fair

34 No person shall obstruct or resist the keeper of any village market or any other person appointed by the Committee to superintend any village market or to collect rents and fees or to enforce order and cleanliness therein, in the lawful exercise of his powers

35 The driver of a vehicle shall not keep that vehicle within or alongside the premises of any village market for a longer period than is necessary for loading goods into or unloading goods from that vehicle

36 The Chairman shall give notice, by beat of tom-tom or in such other manner as he may deem adequate, of the temporary closing of any village market or fair

Offensive and dangerous trades

37 (1) The following trades shall be deemed to be offensive trades —

- (a) Storing of cured or dry fish
- (b) Storing of perishable articles of food for the purpose of sale by wholesale
- (c) Storing of hides, bones or artificial manure in any quantity over 5 cwt

(2) The following trades shall be deemed to be dangerous trades —

- (a) Extracting oil by apparatus
- (b) Burning of lime

(3) The following trade shall be deemed to be an offensive and dangerous trade —

Burning of bricks or tiles

38 (1) No person shall carry on any offensive or dangerous trade unless he is the holder of a licence issued in that behalf by the Chairman on the recommendation of the Medical Officer of Health.

(2) Every licence shall, unless it is cancelled under by-law 40, expire on the thirty-first day of December of the year in respect of which it is issued.

(3) No licence shall be transferable.

39. No person shall be entitled to a licence to carry on any offensive or dangerous trade unless—

(i) the place at which that trade is to be carried on is approved by the Medical Officer of Health, and

(ii) Every building to be used for the purposes of that trade is in conformity with the following requirements:—

(a) the building must be in good repair, well ventilated, well lighted, and provided with adequate drainage and latrine accommodation;

(b) the roof of the building must be made of some permanent material and the floor must be cemented;

(c) the eaves of the building must be not less than six feet from the ground;

(d) every room in the building must be provided with windows capable of being opened and the area of such windows when opened shall be not less than one-fifteenth of the superficial floor space;

(e) the walls of every room in the building must be not less than seven feet in height and must be built of brick stone or cabook;

(f) the internal surface of such walls, to a height of at least four feet from the floor, must be plastered with cement and the rest of the walls must be limeplastered and lime-washed; and

(g) the woodwork of the building must be oil-painted or lime-washed.

40. If at any time during the period for which a licence has been issued in respect of any offensive or dangerous trade, any building used for the purposes of such trade ceases to conform to the provisions of by-law 39, the Chairman may, on the recommendation of the Medical Officer of Health, cause a notice to be served on the licensee requiring him to do, before a day to be specified in the notice, all things necessary to make such building conform to such provisions, and if the licensee fails to comply with the requirements of such notice within the time specified therein the Chairman may cancel the licence.

41. Any notice under by-law 40 shall be deemed to have been served on the licensee if it is affixed to the premises at which the licensee carries on the offensive or dangerous trade, or if it is left with any person employed in such premises by the licensee.

42. Every licensee shall cause—

(a) the floor of every building used for the purposes of the offensive or dangerous trade to which his licence relates to be swept and cleaned daily;

(b) the walls of every such building to be lime-washed at least once in every twelve months;

(c) all apparatus, implements and vessels used in such trade to be kept clean; and

(d) all refuse, sweepings, scrapings, waste and by-products which are not to be subjected to further trade processes to be removed daily in covered receptacles from the premises in which such trade is carried on.

43. No holder of a licence in respect of a dangerous or offensive trade shall contaminate any well, tank, river, stream, canal, channel, lake or other inland water.

44. No licensee shall carry on any offensive or dangerous trade in any manner likely to cause a nuisance to, or to be injurious to the health or comfort of persons in the neighbourhood.

45. Every licensee shall cause any offensive vapours or gases which are emitted in the course of carrying on the offensive or dangerous trade to which his licence relates—

(a) to be discharged into the external air in such a manner and at such a height as to admit of their diffusion without injurious or offensive effect; or

(b) to be passed directly through a fire or into a condensing apparatus.

46. It shall be lawful for the Chairman, or the Medical Officer of Health, or the Sanitary Inspector, or any officer of the Committee authorised by the Chairman in writing, at all reasonable times to enter upon and inspect any premises at which any offensive or dangerous trade is being carried on, and the licensee or person in charge thereof shall permit the inspection to be made.

Construction of latrines

47. (1) Whenever the Committee defines an area within which the owner or lessee of any premises used for human habitation shall be required to construct and maintain a latrine, the Chairman may, by notice in writing served on such owner or lessee, direct such owner or lessee to construct a latrine of such type and size, and in such a position on the premises and with such connecting drains as may have been determined by the Committee, and specify all such requirements in the notice.

(2) Every owner or lessee of premises on whom a notice is served under paragraph (1) shall within thirty days of the service of any such notice, construct a latrine conforming in all respects to the requirements specified in such notice.

48. No person shall construct or maintain a pit latrine within a radius of one hundred feet from any well except with the permission of the Chairman.

The disposal of the bodies of dead animals

49. On the death of any animal within the village area, it shall be the duty of the owner thereof, or in the absence of the owner, of the occupier of the premises in which the death occurs, to cause the body of the animal to be buried before the expiry of a period of twelve hours from the time of death.

50. Where any person, who is responsible under by-law 49 for the burial of any dead animal, fails to bury such animal within a period of twelve hours, the Chairman shall cause such animal to be buried and the expenses incurred thereby shall be recovered from such person as a debt due to the Committee.

Public health and amenities

51. The owner or occupier of every house shall keep his premises clean and free from all weeds, rank vegetation and all refuse or rubbish or receptacles likely to form breeding places for mosquitoes for a distance of thirty yards from such house or to the boundary of his premises, whichever is less.

Overhanging trees

52. (1) Whenever any tree, or any branch or fruit or other part of a tree, is causing or is likely to cause damage to any building, or is in a condition dangerous to the occupants of any building, or to the safety of passers-by along any public thoroughfare, the Chairman may, by a notice in writing served on the owner or occupier of the land on which such tree stands, require such owner or occupier to tie up and make secure, or to cut down and remove such tree or the branch, fruit, or other part of such tree within such time as may be specified in the notice.

(2) Every person on whom a notice is served under this by-law shall comply with the requirements of such notice within the time specified therein, and in the event of the refusal or neglect of such person to comply with such requirements within such time, the Chairman, or any officer or workman authorised in writing by the Chairman, may enter upon the land referred to in such notice and do what such person was required to do by such notice, and the expenses thereby incurred shall be recovered from such person as a debt due to the Committee.

Public notices

53. No person shall deface or destroy any notice which is exhibited by order of the Committee.

Disorderly conduct, loitering, and use of abusive language

54 No person shall loiter in any public road or path, or in any public place after 9 p.m. without a light and without lawful cause. The mere possession of an electric torch or other lighting device, without the light being actually put on, shall not be deemed to be sufficient for the purpose of this by-law.

55 No person shall use abusive language with intent to annoy any person or knowing or having reason to believe that it is likely to annoy any person, or to cause a breach of the peace.

56 No person shall disturb the public after 9 p.m. by shouting, singing songs or making any other noise. Provided that nothing in this by-law shall be deemed to affect the rights of the people in the matter of religious ceremonies and orderly gatherings.

57 No person shall cause any annoyance to any other person by publishing any obscene writing or by making any obscene drawing or by singing or reciting any obscene song or ballad, or do any other act which is likely to outrage public decency.

58. No person shall throw stones or filth at the house or into the compound of any other person.

Roads and paths

59 Every public road or path shall be constructed or reconstructed and maintained in accordance with the decision of the committee as to the width of such road or path and the course which it is to take.

60 (1) Whenever any work of construction or of repair is commenced on any public road or path, the Chairman shall have the power to prohibit the use of such road or path by the public for such time as may be necessary, after giving at least three days' notice of such prohibition by beat of tom-tom or otherwise.

(2) It shall be lawful for the Chairman, whenever authorised by the Committee by a resolution in that behalf, to restrict or to prohibit the use of any public road or path by any kind or class of heavy vehicular traffic.

(3) Where the use of any public road or path is prohibited or restricted under this by-law, the Chairman shall cause notices setting out the prohibition or restriction to be displayed at the beginning and at the end of such road or path and at its junction with any other road or path.

(4) No person shall fail to comply with any notice displayed under paragraph (3).

61. It shall be lawful for any person thereunto authorised in writing by the Chairman—

(1) to enter, between 7 a.m. and 5 p.m. with all necessary workmen, vehicles, animals and implements, upon any land adjacent to or near any existing or proposed public road or path for the purpose of executing any work connected with such road or path;

(2) to throw upon any land adjacent to or near such road or path such earth, rubbish, or materials as it may be necessary to remove from the place of any work connected with such road or path,

(3) to make any temporary road through the ground near any such road or path during the execution of any work connected with such road or path, and

(4) to enter upon any land for the purpose of constructing, repairing or cleaning such drains, water-courses, fences or culverts as may be necessary for the preservation, improvement, repair or construction of any public road or path: Provided that the earth, rubbish or materials referred to in paragraph (2) shall be removed within a reasonable time, and the temporary road referred to in paragraph (3) shall not run over any ground whereon any building stands, or over any enclosed garden or yard.

62 (1) It shall be the duty of the proprietors and cultivators of any paddy field through which any public footpath runs, to maintain such footpath at its customary width.

(2) No person shall cut or encroach upon any such footpath so as to reduce its width to less than its customary width.

Abatement of nuisances

63 Where any building or wall or anything affixed thereon is in such a condition as to be dangerous to a neighbouring building or to an occupier thereof, or to a passer-by, the Chairman shall, by notice in writing served on the owner or occupier thereof, require the owner or occupier—

(a) in any case of urgency, to cause within twenty-four hours after the service of the notice, a proper board or fence to be put up for the protection of any passer-by; and

(b) in every case, within three days after the service of the notice, to cause such building or wall or anything affixed thereon to be secured or repaired.

64 (1) Every owner or occupier served with a notice under by-law 63 shall comply with the requirements of such notice within the time specified therein.

(2) Where any owner or occupier fails or refuses to comply with the requirements of a notice served under by-law 63, the Chairman may authorise any specified person or persons to do the work which ought to have been done and the expenses thereby incurred shall be recovered from such owner or occupier as the debt due to the Committee.

65 (1) Whenever any house or building appears to be in an insanitary condition or in such state of disrepair as to be prejudicial to the health of the inmates or of the neighbours, the Chairman shall, by notice in writing served on the owner or occupier thereof, require such owner or occupier to carry out, within the time specified in the notice, such work as may be specified in that notice.

(2) Every owner or occupier served with a notice under paragraph (1) shall comply with the requirements of such notice within the time specified therein and in the event of his failure or refusal to comply with the requirements of such notice the Chairman may cause the work to be done and the expenses thereby incurred shall be recovered as a debt due to the Committee.

66 The owner or occupier of every house within the village area shall cause his house to be whitewashed with lime or other suitable substance at least once a year and at any other time specified by notice in writing by the Chairman, if by reason of an outbreak of any epidemic disease such steps appear to the Committee to be necessary.

67 No person shall deposit the carcase of any dead animal on any land or premises belonging to any other person.

68 No person shall keep or halt any cart on any public road or path except in the event of a break-down, for a longer period than is reasonably necessary for the purpose of loading goods into or unloading goods, from such cart.

69 No person shall place or bury any charmed-plate, leaf or paper or charm in any other form, on the land of any other person.

70 No person shall—

(a) ease himself on his own land in such a way as to offend other people's feelings of decency or ease himself on another's land or on any public road or path, or in any public place other than that specially provided for such a purpose; or

(b) throw rubbish or noisome matter, or unserviceable articles, or any other thing on land belonging to any other person or on any public place or public road or path.

Boundaries and fences

71 The owner, lessee, occupier, or person in charge of every land which is not cultivated shall mark the boundaries of that land with live fences, or ditches or stones firmly embedded in the ground or in any other way which is in accordance with custom in the village area.

72. The owner, lessee, occupier, or person in charge of every land which is cultivated shall erect a fence along the boundary of that land and shall maintain such fence in good repair.

73. In the case of any two adjoining lands, the owners, lessees, occupiers, or persons in charge of both lands shall be jointly responsible for making and maintaining the common boundary of those lands: Provided that it shall be lawful for the owner, lessee, occupier, or person in charge of either of those lands to make the common boundary at his own expense, all due precautions being taken to prevent damage being caused to trees or plants on the other land.

74. Any person erecting a boundary-fence at his own expense shall have the right to enjoy the produce of the fence-sticks, and no other person shall pluck leaves or cut down branches from any such fence-stick without his consent.

75. For the purpose of making or repairing any boundary of a land it shall be lawful for the owner, lessee, occupier, or person in charge of that land, or his employees to enter into any of the adjoining lands with the necessary materials and implements.

76. No person shall wilfully alter, deface or damage the boundary of a land.

Stray cattle

77. The owners of cattle which are believed to have strayed shall forthwith give information to the village headman or to the Chairman.

The draining of ponds, pools, open ditches and sewers

78. The owner or occupier of any land shall cause every pond, pool, open ditch, sewer, drain, or other place containing or used for the collection of any drainage, filth, water, matter, or thing of an offensive nature or likely to be prejudicial to health and situated on that land within a distance of sixty yards from any dwelling-house, to be drained, cleaned, covered or filled up.

Unwholesome food and drink

79. No person shall keep or expose for sale any article of food or drink which is unwholesome or unfit for human consumption.

80. It shall be lawful for the Chairman, or the Medical Officer of Health, or the Sanitary Inspector, or any person authorised by the Chairman in writing, to seize any article of food or drink kept or exposed for sale, if such article appears to be unwholesome or unfit for human consumption.

81. Where any person or officer other than the Medical Officer of Health seizes an article of food or drink under by-law 80 he shall place a sample of the seized article in a receptacle and shall, after sealing the receptacle in the presence of the person from whose possession such article was seized, produce that sample with the least possible delay before the Medical Officer of Health or any other Government Medical Officer.

82. Where an article of food or drink is seized under by-law 80 the person seizing such article shall, upon demand of a sealed sample by the person from whose possession such article was seized, place a sample of the seized article in a receptacle and shall, after sealing the receptacle in the presence of the person from whose possession the article was seized, give that sample to that person.

83. If the Medical Officer of Health who seized an article of food or drink under by-law 80, or the Medical Officer before whom an article of food or drink is produced under by-law 81, certifies such article to be unwholesome or unfit for human consumption, the Chairman shall cause such article to be destroyed or to be so disposed of so as to prevent its being exposed for sale or used for human consumption. If the Medical Officer certifies that the article of food or drink is wholesome and fit for human consumption such article shall be returned to the owner.

84. No person shall sell or expose for sale the flesh of any animal that has died of natural causes or of any disease or by drowning, or has been killed by a wild beast or by the bite of a snake or of a rabid dog.

Undergrowth and rubbish

85. The owner or occupier of any land within the village area shall keep such land free of undergrowth and rubbish.

L. D.—B. 123/46

G. B. 14/70/3.

The Village Communities Ordinance

BY-LAWS under section 49 of the Village Communities Ordinance (Chapter 198), made by the Village Committee of the Walasmulla village area in the Hambantota District, and approved by the Minister of Health and Local Government by virtue of the powers vested in him by sub-section (3) of that section as modified by the Proclamation published in *Gazette Extraordinary* No. 9,773 of September 24, 1947

E. W. KANNANGARA,

Permanent Secretary,

Ministry of Health and Local Government.

Colombo, March 22, 1950

Private markets and fairs

1. (1) No private market or fair shall be established or held within the village area except on a licence issued in that behalf by the Chairman.

(2) Every licence issued under paragraph (1) shall—

(a) be substantially in the form set out in the First Schedule hereto,

(b) be subject to the conditions specified therein, and

(c) expire on the thirty-first day of December of the year in respect of which it is issued

(3) The fee for each licence issued under paragraph (1) shall be fifty rupees

2. No person shall be entitled to a licence to establish or hold a private market or fair unless the site is approved by the Medical Officer of Health.

3. No person to whom a licence under by-law 1 is issued shall contravene any of the conditions to which that licence is subject.

4. A licence issued under by-law 1 may be cancelled by a Rural Court on a second or subsequent conviction of the licensee for a breach of any of these by-laws, and the licensee shall not be entitled to any compensation in respect of the cancellation.

5. The Chairman may refuse to issue a licence under by-law 1 to any person whose previous licence has been cancelled by a Rural Court.

General

6. It shall be lawful for the Chairman, the Medical Officer of Health, the Sanitary Inspector or any person authorised in writing by the Chairman, at all reasonable times to enter and inspect any private market or fair or any article of food exposed or kept for sale therein, and no person shall obstruct or resist the Chairman or such officer in the execution of his duty under this by-law.

Assessment tax

7. For the purposes of the assessment tax, the percentage or rate to be deducted from the annual value for the probable annual average cost of insurance, repairs, maintenance and upkeep shall be as follows:—

(a) in the case of any building which has a thatched roof of any description or which is covered with any other material which requires replacement as frequently as thatch, twenty per centum of the annual rent;

(b) in the case of any building other than a building referred to in paragraph (a), fifteen per centum of the annual rent;

(c) in the case of any land on which there is no building (other than a building used solely for the purpose of housing animals and poultry) and which is under regular cultivation of any kind, four per centum of the annual rent, and

(d) in the case of any land on which there is no building (other than a building solely for the purpose of housing animals and poultry) and which is under permanent cultivation one per centum of the annual rent.

8- (1) For the purpose of the land tax, the Chairman may by notice in writing require any person who is liable or may be supposed to be liable to such tax—

- (a) to tender a return substantially in the form prescribed in the Second Schedule hereto, and
(b) to furnish such other information or to produce or cause to be produced such documents as may, in the opinion of the Chairman, be necessary for that purpose

(2) Every person on whom a notice under clause (a) of paragraph (1) is served shall comply with the requirements of such notice.

(3) For the purpose of this by-law, any notice which is addressed to any person and which is (a) delivered to an adult member of his household or his servant, or (b) affixed on a conspicuous part of the premises in respect of which the tax is to be imposed, in any case where such adult member or servant refuses to accept the notice or where there is no such adult member or servant on the premises, shall be deemed to have been duly served on that person

9 No person shall obstruct any assessor or any person acting under the orders of an assessor, in the lawful discharge of his duties

Overhanging trees

10 Whenever any tree or any branch or fruit or other part of such tree is causing or is likely to cause damage to any building or is in a condition dangerous or likely to be dangerous to the occupants of such building, the Chairman may by a notice in writing served on the owner or occupier of the land on which such tree stands, require such owner or occupier to tie up and make secure, or cut down and remove, such tree or the branch or fruit or other part of such tree, as the case may be, within such time as may be specified in the notice, and where such owner or occupier on whom such notice is served fails to comply with its requirements within the time specified therein, any officer or workman authorised in writing by the Chairman may enter upon such land and at the expense of the owner or occupier do what the owner or occupier was required to do by the notice, and the expenses incurred thereby may be recovered as a debt due to the Committee

Undergrowth and rubbish

11 The owner or occupier of any land within the village area shall keep such land free of undergrowth and rubbish and his dwelling compound in a clean and sanitary condition

Prevention of malaria

12 The owner or occupier of any land shall remove or cause to be removed from such land all receptacles likely to be breeding places for mosquitoes or disease bearing insects

The draining of ponds, pools, open ditches and sewers

13 The owner or occupier of any land shall cause every pond, pool, open ditch, sewer, drain, or other place containing or used for the collection of any drainage, filth, water, matter or thing of any offensive nature or likely to be prejudicial to health, which is situated in that land within a distance of sixty yards from any dwelling house to be drained, cleaned, covered or filled up

The disposal of the bodies of dead animals

14 On the death of any animal, it shall be the duty of the owner thereof, or in absence of the owner, of the occupier of the premises in which the death occurs, to cause the body of the animal to be buried before the expiry of a period of twelve hours from the time of death

15 Where any person who is responsible under by-law 14 for the burial of any dead animal fails to bury such animal within a period of twelve hours, from the time of its death the Chairman shall cause such animal to be buried, and the expenses incurred thereby may be recovered from such person as a debt due to the Committee

Water supply

16 (1) No person shall allow a cesspit, cesspool, pigsty, gala, cattle shed, pit latrine or defective drain to remain or regularly manure any land for the purposes of cultivation, within a distance of fifty feet from any communal well, spout, spring, or other watering place for the supply of water for domestic purposes

(2) No private well for the supply of water for domestic purposes shall be sunk within a distance of fifty feet from any cesspit or defective drain, or from any land regularly manured for the purposes of cultivation

17 No person shall block, divert, pollute, or cause any damage to any communal well, spout, spring, or other watering place for the supply of water for domestic purposes

18 (1) Where any tree or the branch of a tree is overhanging a private well, the Chairman may, by a notice in writing served on the owner or occupier of the land on which such tree stands require such owner or occupier to cut down and remove or tie up and make secure, such tree or branch within the time specified in the notice

(2) Where any owner or occupier on whom a notice is served under paragraph (1) fails to comply with the requirements of such notice within the time specified therein, the Chairman may cause the work to be done and the expenses incurred thereby shall be recoverable from such owner or occupier as a debt due to the Committee

19 Every person who makes use of a well, spout, or other watering place, for the supply of water for domestic purposes shall erect or cause to be erected a fence round such well, spout or other watering place, if and when so directed by the Chairman

Gambling, cock-fighting and cart-racing

20 No person shall gamble with dice or cards, play any game for a stake or take part in betting of any kind within the village area

21 No person shall allow gambling with dice or cards, playing of any game for a stake in any house, premises, boat, vessel or vehicle occupied by that person, or belonging to him

22 No person shall train cocks for fighting, or take part in cock-fighting in any place within the village area

23 No person shall engage in cart racing in any public road or path

Disorderly conduct

24 No person shall use abusive language with intent to annoy any person or which is likely to cause a breach of the peace

25 No person shall disturb the public after 9 p.m. by shouting, singing songs, or making any other noise Provided that nothing in this by-law shall be deemed to affect the rights of the people in the manner of religious ceremonies and other customary orderly gatherings

The sale of intoxicating liquor

26 No person shall sell to any boy under sixteen years of age, or to any female, any spirit or other intoxicating liquor, or any toddy drawn from any species of palm or the fermented juice of the sugar cane

Notices

27 No person shall deface or destroy any notice that has been exhibited by order of the Committee

28 Every contravention of any of these by-laws shall be punishable with a fine not exceeding fifty rupees

29 In these by-laws—

“building” includes any hut, shed or roofed enclosure, whether used for human habitation or otherwise;

“Chairman” means the Chairman of the Committee;

“Committee” means the Village Committee of the village area, and

“village area” means the Walasmulla village area.

First Schedule

Licence to establish or hold a private market*/fair of _____ is hereby licensed to establish and hold a private market*/fair on the land called _____ situated at _____ in the Walasmulla village area from the date hereof until the thirty-first day of December 19_____, subject always to the subjoined conditions.

Chairman,
Village Committee, Walasmulla.

Date: _____

Conditions of the licence

1. The licensee shall not allow any person to sell or expose for sale in the private market*/fair any article the keeping or sale of which is prohibited by or under any by-law made by the Committee.
2. The licensee of every private market*/fair shall take all steps necessary to ensure that fruit, vegetables, meat, fish or other articles of food are not placed on an unclean or insanitary surface.
3. The licensee shall not expose for sale any cooked article of food, otherwise than in a clean and properly constructed fly-proof glass case.
4. The licensee shall not allow any person who is suffering or has suffered from any contagious, infectious or cutaneous disease, or has been in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, to use or occupy any stall, seat or space in the market*/fair or to expose for sale thereat any articles whatsoever until the periods of infection and incubation have elapsed.
5. The licensee shall keep the premises of the market*/fair and its surroundings clean and free from filth and rubbish and shall cause all sweepings and refuse from the premises to be burnt, buried or otherwise disposed of in such manner as to prevent the breeding of flies or the creation of any nuisance.
6. The licensee shall maintain order within the premises of the market*/fair.
7. The licensee shall provide a separate portion of land in or near the premises of the market*/fair for the parking of vehicles.
8. The licensee shall provide a sufficient number of fly-proof receptacles with closely-fitting lids for the deposit of rubbish and refuse.
9. The licensee shall provide on the premises of the market*/fair a sufficient number of latrines of a type approved by the Chairman on the recommendation of the Medical Officer of Health.
10. This licence may be suspended by the Chairman, on the recommendation of the Medical Officer of Health, during any epidemic, and the licensee shall not be entitled to any compensation in respect of the suspension.

(*Strike out whichever is inapplicable.)

Second Schedule

The Village Committee of the Walasmulla village area _____ the owner/occupier of premises called _____ and bearing assessment No. _____

You are hereby required to render to me the following return in respect of the above-mentioned premises, duly filled in and signed, within fourteen days from the date of service.

(Translation in Sinhalese and Tamil)

Chairman,
Village Committee, Walasmulla.
_____, 19____.

Owner, name and address	Occupier, name and address	Rent per month (to be stated in words and figures)	State whether rates are paid by owner or tenant	Who pays for repairs	Extent of land	Kind of cultivation	Remarks

The failure to return this form, correctly filled in, within fourteen days from the date of service thereof is punishable with a fine not exceeding twenty rupees.

Date of Service: _____, 19____.

Served by: _____

Signature: _____

Date: _____

L.D.—B. 47/48—L.G.D.—GC. 14/17/9.

The Village Communities Ordinance

BY-LAWS under section 49 of the Village Communities Ordinance (Chapter 198), made by the Village Committee of the Dummalasooriya village area in the Kurunegala District, and approved by the Minister of Health and Local Government by virtue of the powers vested in him by sub-section (3) of that section, as modified by the Proclamation published in *Gazette Extraordinary* No. 9,773 of September 24, 1947.

E. W. KANNANGARA,
Permanent Secretary,

Ministry of Health and Local Government.

Colombo, March 22, 1950.

BY-LAWS*Disease amongst animals*

1. It shall be the duty of the owner or person in charge of any animal suffering from murrain or other infectious or contagious disease—

- (1) to segregate such animal, and to give immediate information of such disease to the Chairman;
- (2) to remove such animal to any place specified by the Chairman, and to leave it in such place in charge of such person as may have been authorized by the Chairman to tend or to treat it;
- (3) to burn or to bury at a depth of not less than 6 feet the dung, litter and refuse of such animal, and in the event of its death, its carcase, and to disinfect the shed or spot where such animal has lain;
- (4) to clean and disinfect his own person and clothing before he approaches healthy cattle; and
- (5) to take all such precautions and steps as may be necessary to prevent any such animal from mixing with any other healthy animal until fourteen days have elapsed after its complete recovery.

2. (1) On receipt of information given under by-law 1 (1), the Chairman shall, by beat of tom-tom or in such other manner as he may deem fit, declare the village area or any specified part thereof to be an infected area.

(2) Where the village area or any part thereof has been declared to be an infected area under paragraph (1), the Chairman shall, upon the expiry of fourteen days from the recovery of the animal last known to be affected by the disease or from the death of such animal, declare, in the manner referred to in paragraph (1) that the village area or such part thereof is free from disease.

3. Where the village area or any specified part thereof has been declared to be an infected area under by-law 2 (1)—

- (1) no person shall bring any cattle into, or remove any cattle from, the infected area;
- (2) all owners and persons in charge of cattle in the infected area, and in every village within a radius of one mile from such area, in any case where such area is a part of the village area, shall keep their cattle tethered or securely penned so as to prevent them from straying;
- (3) every person who within an infected area finds the carcase of any animal lying unburied, shall report the fact to the Chairman, and the Chairman shall cause it to be buried in the manner specified in by-law 1 (3);
- (4) no person shall dissect the carcase of any animal which has died of disease or remove or keep for any purpose the flesh, hide, horns, hoofs, or other part of the carcase of such animal; and

- (5) every owner of the cattle in the infected herd shall, whenever the Chairman so directs, have his cattle subjected to such treatment or inoculation at such spot and by such persons as may be specified by the Chairman in writing

Fish stalls.

4 No person shall establish or keep a fish stall except on a licence issued in that behalf by the Chairman. Every such licence shall expire on the thirty-first day of December of the year in respect of which it is issued.

5. No person shall be entitled to a licence to keep a fish stall unless the premises to be used as a fish stall are in conformity with the following requirements —

- (a) The premises must be in good repair, well ventilated and well lighted, and every room must be provided with windows capable of being opened, the area of which when open shall be not less than one-fifteenth of the superficial floor space,
- (b) The walls of every room in every part must be not less than 7 feet in height and must be lime-plastered and lime-washed, except such parts as are covered with glazed tiles or are plastered in cement,
- (c) All the eaves must be at least six feet from the ground,
- (d) all the woodwork must be oil-painted or lime-washed,
- (e) The floor must be cemented smooth and must have a proper fall leading to a masonry drain built in cement and cement rendered and emptying into a bucket;
- (f) Every table provided on the premises for the purpose of keeping fish must be covered with zinc or other impermeable material,
- (g) The premises must be at least fifty feet distant from any latrine, cesspit, manure heap, or open sewer; and
- (h) There must be no cesspit, latrine, or ashpit within or directly communicating with the premises

6 Every licensee of a fish stall shall keep affixed in a conspicuous position on the outside of his premises a board with his name and the words "Licensed Fish Stall" legibly painted thereon in English, Sinhalese and Tamil

7. Every licensee of a fish stall shall cause the walls of every room forming part of the fish stall, except such parts as are covered with glazed tiles or are plastered in cement to be lime-washed, and all the woodwork to be lime-washed or, if oil-painted, to be washed with hot water and soap at least four times a year in the months of March, June, September and December, and at such other times as may be ordered by the Chairman in writing

8 Every licensee of a fish stall shall cause the floor, the tiled or cemented portions of the walls, the tops of the tables, and the chopping blocks to be scrubbed and washed every day at such hour as is specified in the licence. He shall cause all hooks for hanging fish to be kept polished and free from rust.

9. Every licensee of a fish stall shall keep every part of the fish stall, its surroundings, drains, furniture, utensils and equipment used in connection with the storing, preparation, or sale of fish in good repair, clean and free from effluvia arising from any drain, latrine, cesspit, or other nuisance

10. Every licensee of a fish stall shall cause a sanitary dustbin and at least one spittoon to be kept on the licensed premises so that those employed on the premises may have easy access to them.

11 Every licensee of a fish stall shall keep the licensed premises free from rats and shall fill up all rat-holes with broken glass and plaster them with cement

12. No person shall keep any animal or bud on the licensed premises on any pretext whatsoever

13. No person shall spit within a fish stall except into a spittoon provided for the purpose

14 No person who is suffering or who has recently suffered from any infectious, contagious, or cutaneous disease, or who has been in attendance on any person suffering from such disease, shall enter a fish stall or take part in the storing, preparation, or sale of fish therein, or in the transport of any fish thereto or therefrom

15. No licensee of a fish stall shall permit the contravention by any person of by-laws 12, 13, and 14

16 No person shall keep in the licensed premises any furniture, clothes, sleeping mats, or other articles which are not used for the purpose of storing, preparation, or sale of fish

17 No licensee of a fish stall shall allow any place on the same level with the fish stall and forming part of the same building to be used as a sleeping place unless it is effectually separated from the fish stall by a partition extending from the floor to the ceiling, and unless such sleeping place is provided with an external window, the area of which when open shall be not less than one-fifteenth of the area of the floor

18 Every licensee of a fish stall shall keep in the licensed premises an ample supply of potable water.

19 Every licensee of a fish stall shall keep the licensed premises open daily for the sale of fish.

Fresh fruit or vegetable stalls

20 No person shall establish or keep a fresh fruit or vegetable stall except on a licence duly obtained from the Chairman in that behalf. Every such licence shall expire on the thirty-first day of December of the year in respect of which it is issued

21 No person shall be entitled to a licence to keep a fresh fruit or vegetable stall unless the premises to be used as a fresh fruit or vegetable stall are in conformity with the following requirements:—

- (a) The premises must be in good repair, well ventilated and well lighted and every room must be provided with windows capable of being opened, the area of which when open must not be less than one-fifteenth of the superficial floor space;
- (b) The walls in every room must not be less than 7 feet in height and must be lime-plastered and lime-washed except such parts as are covered with glazed tiles or are plastered in cement;
- (c) The eaves must be at least 6 feet from the ground;
- (d) The woodwork must be oil-painted or lime-washed;
- (e) The floor must be cemented throughout,
- (f) Every table on which fruit or vegetables are kept must be covered with zinc or other impermeable material,
- (g) The premises must be provided with a sanitary dust bin and with sufficient latrine accommodation;
- (h) The premises must be at a distance of at least 50 feet from any latrine, cesspit, manure heap or open sewer; and
- (i) there must be no cesspit, latrine, or ashpit within or directly communicating with, the premises

Poultry stalls

22. No person shall establish or keep a poultry stall except on a licence duly obtained from the Chairman in that behalf. Every such licence shall expire on the thirty-first day of December of the year in respect of which it is issued

23 No person shall be entitled to a licence to keep a poultry stall unless the premises to be used as a poultry stall are in conformity with the following requirements:—

- (a) The premises must be in good repair, well ventilated and well lighted, and every room must be provided with windows capable of being opened, the area of which when open must not be less than one-fifteenth of the superficial floor space;
- (b) The walls in every room must not be less than 7 feet in height and must be lime-plastered and lime-washed except such parts as are covered with glazed tiles or are plastered in cement.
- (c) The eaves must be at least 6 feet from the ground;
- (d) The woodwork must be oil-painted or lime-washed;

- (e) The floor must be of smooth cement having a proper fall leading to a masonry drain built in cement and cement rendered and emptying into a bucket,
- (f) Every table on which poultry is kept must be covered with zinc or other impermeable material,
- (g) The premises must be provided with a sanitary dustbin and with sufficient latrine accommodation;
- (h) The premises must be at least 50 feet distant from any latrine, cesspit, manure heap or open sewer;
- (i) There must be no cesspit, latrine, or ashpit within, or directly communicating with the premises;
- (j) There must be a yard, cemented and properly drained, for poultry run, and such yard must be detached from any building, and
- (k) there must be a sufficient number of crates or other containers for keeping the live poultry so as not to cause injury or unnecessary suffering to poultry confined therein. Such crates or other receptacles must be mounted on legs, or must be capable of being moved about for the purpose of cleaning.

Prevention of accidents connected with toddy drawing

24. Every owner or lessee of trees from which toddy is drawn shall, for the purpose of coupling such trees, use or cause to be used not less than six separate good and sound ropes for the feet, and not less than three separate good and sound ropes for the hands.

25. Each rope used by such owner or lessee for such purpose, shall consist of not less than twelve strands and, at the end of every three months such owner or lessee shall replace each such rope by a new rope of the kind specified herein.

26. Every rope used for the purposes specified in by-law 25 shall be tested by the owner or lessee once in every two weeks.

27. The owner or lessee of every kikul, coconut, or palmyrah tree which is tapped for toddy shall cause any pole that may be used for climbing such tree to be renewed at intervals of not more than four months.

28. It shall be lawful for the Chairman or any person duly authorised by him in writing at any time to enter any land whereon trees are being tapped for toddy and to inspect the ropes, and other appliances used for that purpose.

Gambling

29. No person shall gamble with dice or cards, play games of chance for money or stakes or take part in betting of any kind.

30. No person shall allow any other person to gamble with dice or cards or to play any games of chance for money or stakes, in any house or premises occupied by him or belonging to him or under his control.

31. No person shall knowingly enter or remain in any room, building, boat, vehicle, or other place in which gambling with dice or cards, or any game of chance for money stakes, or betting is being carried on.

Disorderly conduct

32. No person shall loiter in any public road or path or in a public place after 9 p.m. without a light and without lawful cause. The mere possession of an electric torch or other lighting device, without the light being actually put on, shall not be deemed to be sufficient for the purpose of this by-law.

33. No person shall be found drunk and incapable of taking care of himself, or behaving in a disorderly manner in any public path or road, or in any public place.

34. No person shall use abusive or indecent language with intent to annoy or to provoke any person or persons, or knowing or having reason to believe that it is likely to annoy or provoke any person or persons or to cause annoyance to the public or to cause a breach of the peace.

35. No person shall disturb the public after 9 p.m. by shouting, singing songs, or making any other noise: Provided that nothing in this by-law shall be deemed to affect the existing rights of the people in the matter of religious ceremonies and other orderly gatherings.

Sale of spirits

36. No person shall sell to any boy under sixteen years of age or to any female, any description of spirits or other intoxicating liquor, or any toddy drawn from any species of palm, or any fermented juice of the sugar cane.

Undergrowth and rubbish

37. The owner or occupier of any land within the village area shall keep such land free of undergrowth and rubbish, and his dwelling compound in a clean and sanitary condition.

Prevention of malaria

38. The owner or occupier of any land shall remove or cause to be removed from such land all receptacles likely to form breeding-places for mosquitoes or disease-bearing insects.

The draining of ponds, pools, open ditches and sewers

39. The owner or occupier of any land shall cause every pond, open ditch, sewer, drain or other place containing or used for the collection of any filth, water, matter, or thing of an offensive nature of likely to be prejudicial to health, which is situated in that land within a distance of sixty yards from any dwelling house, to be drained, cleaned, covered or filled up.

Housing and penning of cattle

40. It shall be lawful for the Chairman or any person duly authorised by him in writing, at all reasonable times, to enter and inspect any shed, stable, enclosure, or sty used for the housing or penning of any cattle, horses, sheep, goats or pigs.

41. The owner or lessee of any shed, stable, enclosure or sty shall take all necessary steps to ensure that such shed, stable, enclosure or sty is kept at all times in a sanitary condition, and that the dung and other refuse are removed daily from the premises, and are so disposed of that no nuisance is caused thereby.

Spring-guns and traps

42. (1) No person shall set any spring gun or trap without the written permission of the Chairman.

(2) Where permission has been granted to any person under paragraph (1), an officer authorised in that behalf by the Chairman shall cause such fact to be proclaimed by beat of tom-tom.

Cock-fighting

43. No person shall train cocks for fighting or take part in cock-fighting in any place within the village area.

Cart-racing

44. No person shall engage in cart-racing in any public road or path within the village area.

Interpretation

45. In these by-laws—

“Chairman” means the Chairman of the Committee;

“Committee” means the Village Committee of the village area; and

“village area” means the Dummalasooriya village area in the Kurumegala District.

Local Government (Administrative Regions)

Ordinance No. 57 of 1946

It is hereby notified for general information that the present Southern Region of the Local Government Department comprising the Revenue Districts of Galle, Matara and Hambantota has been divided with effect from April 1, 1950, as follows.—

Southern Region—

Upper

.. Galle Revenue District with Office of the Assistant Commissioner of Local Government at Earnest Cottage, 344, Galle-Matara Road, Magalle, Galle

Southern Region—

Lower

.. Matara and Hambantota Districts with Office at 58, Main Street, Fort, Matara.

V. C. JAYASURIYA,

Commissioner of Local Government.

Colombo, March 29, 1950.

Posts — Vacant

LOCAL GOVERNMENT SERVICE

Post of Ayurvedic Physician, Village Committee, Panawal and Atulugam Korales (Kegalla District)

APPLICATIONS are invited by the Local Government Service Commission for the above post.

2 The post carries a salary of Rs 1,440 per annum rising by 18 annual increments of Rs 120 and 1 of Rs 180 to Rs 3,780 per annum, with an efficiency bar before Rs. 2,640 per annum. A rent allowance and a temporary cost of living allowance in accordance with Government rates and conditions will be paid. No special temporary allowance is payable.

3. Applicants must be Ceylonese* and should not be more than 40 years of age on April 26, 1950. They should possess the qualification of D. I. M. & S. of the College of Indigenous Medicine, Ceylon, or equivalent or higher qualifications of a recognized Ayurvedic College in India, with not less than 10 years' practice subsequent to obtaining the Diploma. Preference will be given to those possessing experience in maternity work.

4 Applications will also be considered from members of the Local Government Service, irrespective of age, provided they are otherwise qualified for the post. Applications from such candidates should be forwarded through the Mayor or Chairman of the Local Body in which they are serving. In the case of Ceylonese ex-servicemen the period of their mobilized service will be deducted from their ages for purposes of eligibility.

5 The selected candidate will be on one year's probation or trial and will be subject to the provisions of the Local Government Service Ordinance, No. 43 of 1945, and the regulations made thereunder.

6. Applications in the candidates' own handwriting, stating age, qualifications and experience, and date and place of birth of candidate's father, together with copies only of testimonials, should reach the Chairman, Local Government Service Commission, P. O. Box 530, Colombo, not later than April 26, 1950.

7 Applications should be addressed to the Chairman and *not* personally to the undersigned.

8 Canvassing either directly or indirectly will be a disqualification.

V. C. JAYASURIYA,
Chairman,

Local Government Service Commission.

P. O. Box 530.

Colombo, March 27, 1950

The term 'Ceylonese' for all purposes of recruitment to the Local Government Service is defined as—

- (a) a citizen of Ceylon by descent or by registration, and
- (b) a person who has applied or intends to apply for citizenship of Ceylon by registration and is deemed by the Minister for Defence and External Affairs to have a prima facie entitlement to such citizenship.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT SERVICE

Post of Overseer, Grade II, Waterworks Department, Municipal Council, Colombo

APPLICATIONS are invited by the Local Government Service Commission for the above post.

2 The post carries a salary of Rs. 840 per annum, rising by 10 annual increments of Rs 72 to Rs 1,560 per annum, with an efficiency bar before Rs 1,200. A rent allowance and a temporary cost of living allowance at Government rates will be paid. A bicycle allowance will be fixed by the Commission. No special temporary allowance is payable.

3 Applications will be entertained from Waterworks Overseers and officers of similar status in the Local Government Service who have had at least five years' experience in carrying out and supervising work in connection with water services, service connections and mains laying.

4. Applications should be forwarded through the Mayor or Chairman of the Local Authority in which they are serving.

5 The selected candidate will be on one year's probation or trial and will be subject to the provisions of the Local Government Service Ordinance, No. 43 of 1945, and the regulations made thereunder.

6. The selected candidate will be required to reside within the City of Colombo.

7 Applications in the candidates' own handwriting, stating age, qualifications, length of service, present salary and experience, together with copies only of testimonials should reach the Chairman, Local Government Service Commission, P. O. Box 530, Colombo, on or before April 20, 1950.

8 Applications should be addressed to the Chairman and *not* personally to the undersigned.

9. Canvassing either directly or indirectly will be a disqualification.

V. C. JAYASURIYA,
Chairman,

Local Government Service Commission.

Colombo March 27, 1950

LOCAL GOVERNMENT SERVICE

Post of Secretary, Grade II, Village Committee, Anaivilundan Pattu, Chilaw District

APPLICATIONS are invited by the Local Government Service Commission for the above post.

2 The post carries a salary of Rs 840 per annum, rising by 22 annual increments of Rs. 72 to Rs. 2,424 per annum, with efficiency bars before Rs. 1,488 and Rs 2,064 per annum. A rent allowance and a temporary cost of living allowance in accordance with Government rates and conditions will be paid.

3. Applications will be entertained *only* from members of the Local Government Service who have had at least 10 years' service on the permanent establishment of a Village Committee and who have a good knowledge of (a) office organisation and procedure, (b) secretarial work, (c) V. C. Ordinance and by-laws and accounts, and (d) administrative work.

4 Applications should be forwarded through the Chairman of the Local Body in which they are serving.

5 The selected candidate will be on one year's trial and will be subject to the provisions of the Local Government Service Ordinance, No. 43 of 1945, and the regulations made thereunder.

6 The selected candidate may be required to furnish security either in cash or by fidelity guarantee bond through a guarantee association approved by the Commission.

7. Applications in the candidates' own handwriting, stating age, educational qualifications, present salary and salary scale, full particulars of service and experience, together with copies only of testimonials, should reach the Chairman, Local Government Service Commission, P. O. Box 530, Colombo, not later than April 24, 1950.

8. Applications should be addressed to the Chairman and *not* personally to the undersigned.

9 Canvassing either directly or indirectly will be a disqualification.

V. C. JAYASURIYA,
Chairman,

Local Government Service Commission.

Colombo, March 27, 1950.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT SERVICE

Post of Cashier, Grade II, Urban Council, Puttalam

APPLICATIONS are invited by the Local Government Service Commission for the above post.

2. The post carries a salary of Rs. 1,200 per annum rising by annual increments of Rs 72 to Rs 1,992 per annum, with an efficiency bar before Rs. 1,488 per annum. A rent allowance and a temporary cost of living allowance at Government rates and conditions will be paid. No special temporary allowance is payable.

3. Applicants must be Ceylonese* and should be not less than 17 nor more than 25 years of age on February 1, 1950, and should have passed the Senior School Certificate (English) Examination, or equivalent or higher examination. Preference will be given to Cashiers in Grade III with over four years' service.

4. Applications will also be considered from persons holding permanent posts in the clerical service of a Local Body irrespective of age and educational qualifications provided they are otherwise qualified for the post. Applications from such candidates should be forwarded through the Mayor or Chairman of the Local Body in which they are serving. In the case of Ceylonese ex-servicemen, the period of their mobilized service will be deducted from their ages for purposes of eligibility.

5. The selected candidate will be on one year's probation or trial and will be subject to the provisions of the Local Government Service Ordinance, No. 43 of 1945, and the regulations made thereunder. He will also be required to furnish security either in cash or by fidelity guarantee bond through a recognized guarantee association.

6. Applications in the candidates' own handwriting, stating age, qualifications and experience, and date and place of birth of the candidate's father, together with copies only of testimonials, should reach the Chairman, Local Government Service Commission, P. O. Box 530, Colombo, not later than April 17, 1950.

7. Applications should be addressed to the Chairman and not personally to the undersigned.

8. Canvassing either directly or indirectly will be a disqualification.

V. C. JAYASURIYA,
Chairman,

Local Government Service Commission.

P. O. Box 530,

Colombo, March 29, 1950

* The term "Ceylonese" for all purposes of recruitment to the Local Government Service is defined as—

- (a) a citizen of Ceylon by descent or by registration; and
- (b) a person who has applied or intends to apply for citizenship of Ceylon by registration, and is deemed by the Minister for Defence and External Affairs to have a prima facie entitlement to such citizenship.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT SERVICE

Post of Clerk, Grade I, Village Committee, Thambarombuwa, Kurunegala District

APPLICATIONS are invited by the Local Government Service Commission for the above post.

2. The post carries a salary of Rs. 660 per annum, rising by 24 annual increments of Rs. 42 to Rs. 1,668 per annum with an efficiency bar before Rs. 1,206 per annum. A rent allowance and a temporary cost of living allowance in accordance with Government rates and conditions will be paid.

3. Applications will be entertained only from clerks, in Grade II of the V. C. Clerical Service who have had at least 2 years' service in the permanent establishment of a Village Committee. Preference will be given to candidates with a knowledge and experience of typewriting.

4. Applications will be entertained only from those referred to in paragraph 3 of this advertisement, who have been resident for a period of at least 3 years immediately prior to April 1, 1950, in the area comprising—

the North-Central Province and the Province of Uva; the Revenue Districts of Kandy, Matale, Nuwara Eliya, Ratnapura, Kegalla, and Kurunegala; Demala Hat Pattu in the Revenue District of Puttalam; Vavuniya South (Sinhalese Division) in the Revenue District of Vavuniya; Bintenne Pattu and Wewgam Pattu in the Revenue District of Batticaloa.

A certificate to that effect from the D. R. O. of the Revenue District or a Justice of the Peace should be attached to the application.

5. Applications should be forwarded through the Chairman of the Local Body in which they are serving.

6. The selected candidate will be on one year's trial and will be subject to the provisions of the Local Government Service Ordinance, No. 43 of 1945, and the regulations made thereunder.

7. The selected candidate may be required to furnish security either in cash or by fidelity guarantee bond through a guarantee association approved by the Local Government Service Commission.

8. Applications in the candidates' own handwriting, stating age, qualifications and experience, together with copies only of testimonials, should reach the Chairman, Local Government Service Commission, P. O. Box 530, Colombo, not later than April 21, 1950.

9. Applications should be addressed to the Chairman and not personally to the undersigned.

10. Canvassing either directly or indirectly will be a disqualification.

V. C. JAYASURIYA,
Chairman,

Local Government Service Commission.

P. O. Box 530,

Colombo, March 28, 1950.

Municipal Council Proceedings

Minutes of the General Meeting of the Municipal Council, Nuwara Eliya, held on February 18, 1950, at 9.30 a.m. pursuant to notice dated February 13, 1950

Present:—S. K. Sivalingam, Esq. (Deputy Mayor), presiding; Messrs. D. Abraham Singho, M. Arokiasamy, H. R. Hyde, R. A. Perera, E. D. Taylor, V. A. Vijayarathnasingham, the Commissioner, and the Accountant.

Letters from the Mayor and Mr. P. K. A. Vergheese regretting their inability to be present were tabled.

1. There being no amendments the minutes of the 1st General Meeting were taken as read and confirmed.

At this stage Mr. R. A. Perera moved the suspension of Standing Orders to discuss the subject matter of the Special Meeting, and said that he would walk out if his request was not allowed. Mr. E. D. Taylor objected and said that he would have supported the request but in view of the threat held out he was not prepared to support it. The Chairman thereupon appealed to Mr. Perera to withdraw the threat. Mr. Perera then walked out of the meeting saying that he was not prepared to withdraw what he had stated and he was followed by Mr. D. Abraham Singho.

As there was no quorum the meeting stood adjourned for a few minutes. Messrs. Perera and D. Abraham Singho returned in a few minutes and the meeting was resumed. On resuming Mr. Perera stated that he was prepared to go on with the agenda of the General Meeting if he had the assurance that all the members would stay till the Special Meeting was over. The Chairman stated every member was prepared to give that assurance and on their behalf he gave that assurance.

Thereupon the agenda of the General Meeting was taken up.

2. Pursuant to notice Mr. R. A. Perera moved—
“This Council resolves that immediate steps be taken to erect a fort-bridge to the labourers' tenements at Hawa Eliya as the existing bridge is beyond use.”

This was seconded by Mr. D. Abraham Singho and referred to the Works Committee.

3. Pursuant to notice Mr. R. A. Perera moved—
“This Council resolves that a private water connection be provided to the premises occupied by B. Samuel Fernando at Lady McCallum's Drive, Nuwara Eliya.”

This was seconded by Mr. D. Abraham Singho and referred to the Works Committee.

4. To consider the request of Messrs. R. A. Perera and D. Abraham Singho for the interchange of their places in the Works Committee and the Law and Sanitation Committee:—The Chairman stated that Messrs. R. A. Perera and D. Abraham Singho had resigned from their respective Standing Committees and explained that no balloting was necessary in view of the situation created. It was therefore resolved to elect Messrs. D. Abraham Singho and R. A. Perera to serve on the Works Committee and the Law and Sanitation Committee, respectively.

5. To consider tenders for stores and stationery for 1950:—It was resolved to refer the tenders received for stores and stationery for 1950 to the Works Committee for disposal.

The opening of the tenders for Middle Class Housing Scheme, maintenance of Council's buildings and the supply of gravel, metal, &c., were deferred.

6. Pursuant to notice the Chairman tabled a statement of Receipts and disbursements for January 1950.

S. K. SIVALINGAM,
Deputy Mayor, Chairman of the Meeting.
Municipal Office,
Nuwara Eliya, February 22, 1950

Minutes of the General Meeting of the Municipal Council, Nuwara Eliya, held on February 18, 1950, at 11.30 a.m. pursuant to notice dated February 13, 1950

Present—S. K. Sivalingam, Esq (Deputy Mayor), presiding; Messrs D Abraham Singho, M. Arokiasamy, H. R. Hyde, R. A. Perera, E. D. Taylor, V. A. Vijayarajasingham, the Commissioner, and the Accountant.

Mr S. K. Sivalingam (Deputy Mayor), moved the Council into Committee to consider the subject. Mr. R. A. Perera seconded—Carried

Council in Committee

The Chairman read the legal opinion expressed by the Council's Lawyer on the question of the gazetting of the applications for butchers' licences. Mr. R. A. Perera disagreed with the opinion expressed and on his suggestion the Council resolved to request the Council's Lawyer to obtain legal opinion from Mr. G. E. Chitty, Advocate.

It was also resolved that in the meantime no action be taken on the objections received and that the monthly rent of the Market stalls as sanctioned by the Council on October 10, 1949, be recovered as they fall due.

Mr. R. A. Perera then spoke on the transfer of the Sanitary Inspector Mr. Bowan. After much discussion it was resolved that in view of the fact that copies of the petition containing allegations against the S. I. had been sent to all the members, a copy of it be sent to the Director of Medical and Sanitary Services for disposal, independent of whatever action the Mayor may have taken on the original.

Mr. R. A. Perera then pointed out that K. S. Ibrahim Saibo was carrying on the sale of poultry in the stall allotted to him for the sale of mutton. It was resolved to ask him to remove all poultry from the stall and carry on the sale of mutton and that if he was not prepared to do so, then to call for applications to allot the stall to another party for the sale of mutton.

The Chairman moved in Committee that the Council do resume. Mr. R. A. Perera seconded.—Carried.

The Council resuming the Chairman moved that the resolutions of the Council in Committee be adopted. Mr. V. A. Vijayarajasingham seconded.—Carried.

S. K. SIVALINGAM,
Deputy Mayor, Chairman of the Meeting.
Municipal Office,
Nuwara Eliya, February 20, 1950.

Notices under the Local Authorities Elections Ordinance

Local Authorities Elections Ordinance, No. 53 of 1946

NOTICE is hereby given under section 36 (2) of the Local Authorities Elections Ordinance, No. 53 of 1946, that on the nomination day appointed in accordance with section 27 (1) and on the second nomination day appointed in accordance with section 36 (1) of the Ordinance, no candidates were duly nominated for election in respect of Ward No. 3 of the Karunavalpattu South Village Committee.

P. O. FERNANDO,
Commissioner of Elections
(Local Bodies).

Colombo, March 22, 1950.

WIYALUWA VILLAGE COMMITTEE

NOTICE is hereby given under section 37 of the Local Authorities Elections Ordinance, No. 53 of 1946, that Disasanayake Mudiyanse Appuhamy has been elected to represent Ward No. 15, Idamepanguwa No. 3, of the Wiyaluwa Village Committee.

P. O. FERNANDO,
Commissioner of Elections
(Local Bodies).

Colombo, March 22, 1950.

KEERAWELI PATTUS EAST AND WEST VILLAGE COMMITTEE

NOTICE is hereby given under section 37 of the Local Authorities Elections Ordinance, No. 53 of 1946, that Ekanayake Achchillage Mudiyanse has been elected to represent Ward No. 16, Bopitiya, of the Keeraweli Pattus East and West Village Committee.

P. O. FERNANDO,
Commissioner of Elections
(Local Bodies)

Colombo, March 27, 1950.

GANGABODA PATTU VILLAGE COMMITTEE

NOTICE is hereby given under section 37 of the Local Authorities Elections Ordinance, No. 53 of 1946, that Don Ticonis Adessuriya has been elected to represent Ward No. 11, Dewamulla, of the Gangaboda Pattu Village Committee.

P. O. FERNANDO,
Commissioner of Elections
(Local Bodies).

Colombo, March 23, 1950

GALASIYAPATTU (H. P.) VILLAGE COMMITTEE

NOTICE is hereby given under section 37 of the Local Authorities Elections Ordinance, No. 53 of 1946, that Banange Maluddeniyegedera Nenasiri has been elected to represent Ward No. 7 of Galasiyapattu (H. P.) Village Committee.

P. O. FERNANDO,
Commissioner of Elections
(Local Bodies).

Colombo, March 22, 1950.

PALWATTE-ARALUPITIYA VILLAGE COMMITTEE

IT is hereby notified for general information that Mr. Gamagedera Idame Herath Mudiyanse Mutu Banda has been nominated by the Minister of Health and Local Government, under the proviso to section 36 (3) of the Local Authorities Elections Ordinance, No. 53 of 1946, as member of the Palwatte-Aralupitiya Village Committee to represent Ward No. 2.

P. O. FERNANDO,
Commissioner of Elections
(Local Bodies).

Colombo, March 27, 1950.

MEDASIYAPATTU (H. P.) VILLAGE COMMITTEE

NOTICE is hereby given under section 37 of the Local Authorities Elections Ordinance, No. 53 of 1946, that Makuloluwegedera Dingiri Banda has been elected to represent Ward No. 9 of the Medasiyapattu (H. P.) Village Committee.

P. O. FERNANDO,
Commissioner of Elections
(Local Bodies).

Colombo, March 24, 1950.

Statements of Revenue and Expenditure

ANURADHAPURA URBAN COUNCIL
Statement of Accounts for the Year 1949

Heads of Receipts		Amount
		Rs c
A.—General revenue	..	158,880 2
B.—Thoroughfares		1,045 63
C.—Resthouses and ambulams		—
D.—Council lands and buildings		15,316 32
E.—Public health		13,277 74
F.—Public recreation		5,174 41
G.—Cemeteries		721 17
H.—Dog registration		149 0
I.—Weights and measures		102 48
J.—Electricity Department		121,001 38
K.—Fire protection		—
Other receipts —		—
Deposits		86,576 66
Advances of Salaries account		1,118 45
Other Advances account		2,929 97
New Town Housing Scheme account		47,710 98
Total receipts		454,004 21
Heads of Payments		Amount
		Rs c
A.—General expenditure		46,852 17
B.—Thoroughfares		20,085 9
C.—Resthouses and ambulams		—
D.—Council lands and buildings		11,446 27
E.—Public health		105,880 92
F.—Public recreation		2,083 2
G.—Cemeteries		2,080 88
H.—Dog registration		677 31
I.—Weights and measures		2 0
J.—Electricity Department		172,870 14
K.—Fire protection		—
Other payments —		—
Deposits		30,592 71
Advances of Salaries account		762 0
Other Advances account		431 40
New Town Housing Scheme account		91,844 91
Total payments		485,608 82

I, Don Charles Rajakaruna Gunawardane Special Commissioner, Anuradhapura Town, do hereby affirm that to the best of my knowledge and belief the above is a true and correct statement of moneys received and paid during the year 1949, on account of the Urban Council, Anuradhapura.

D. C. R. GUNAWARDANE,
Special Commissioner, Anuradhapura Town

Affirmed before me this 27th day of March, 1950, at Anuradhapura

P. A. SILVA,
Justice of the Peace.

Deposit Account

	Rs c
Balance due to depositors on December 31, 1948	26,825 90
Add receipts during 1949	86,576 66
Total	113,402 56
Less payments during 1949	30,592 71
Balance due to depositors on December 31, 1949	82,809 85

Advances of Salaries Account

	Rs. c.
Balance on December 31, 1948	1,198 82
Add payments during 1949	762 0
Total	1,960 82
Less receipts during 1949	1,118 45
Balance due to Council, on December 31, 1949	842 37

Other Advances Account

	Rs c
Balance due to Council, on December 31, 1948	4,373 67
Add payments during 1949	431 40
Total	4,805 7
Less receipts during 1949	2,929 97
Balance due to Council on December 31, 1949	1,875 10

New Town Housing Scheme Account

	Rs c.
Balance to the credit of the Account on December 31, 1948	33,668 76
Add receipts during 1949	47,710 98
Total	81,379 74
Less payments during 1949	91,844 91
Balance due to the Council, on December 31, 1949	10,465 17

D. C. R. GUNAWARDANE,
Special Commissioner, Anuradhapura Town

Assets and Liabilities as at end of 1949

Liabilities	Rs. c.
Balance due to depositors on December 31, 1949	82,809 85
Reserve for depreciation of the electric lighting plant and the distribution system	3 444 88
Total	86,254 73
Assets	Rs c
Advances (General)	1,875 10
Advances (Salaries)	842 37
Damage to roads by Military traffic account	702 84
New Town Housing Scheme account	10,465 17
Cash in Kacheheri	21,683 79
Balance at Bank	2,639 36
Deficit at end of 1949	48,046 10
Total	86,254 73

I, Don Charles Rajakaruna Gunawardane, Special Commissioner, Anuradhapura Town, do hereby affirm that to the best of my knowledge and belief the above is a true and correct statement of Assets and Liabilities of the Urban Council, Anuradhapura

D. C. R. GUNAWARDANE,
Special Commissioner, Anuradhapura Town,

Affirmed before me this 27th day of March, 1950, at Anuradhapura.

P. A. SILVA,
Justice of the Peace.

Statement of Loans as at end of 1949

Amount of Loan	Date when Loan was raised	Rate of Interest Per Cent.	Instalment paid during 1949	Amount Outstanding on Dec 31, 1949	Date of Extinction
Rs. c.			Rs c	Rs c.	
70,000 0	13 11 33	4	—	33,600 0	13.11 1960
35,000 0	3 4 36	4	1,521 74	18,260 86	3 4 1963
45,000 0	10 8 36	4	—	30,245 53	10 8 1963
35,000 0	30 9 36	4	—	19,782 60	30 9 1963
2,000 0	6 10 37	4	—	533 34	6 10 1952
8,000 0	22 10 37	4	—	2,133 33	22 10 1952
10,000 0	18 1 38	4	666 67	2,666 66	18 1 1953
25,000 0	24 9 38	4	—	15,000 0	24 9 1963
20,000 0	17 12 38	4	—	12,000 0	17 12 1963
15,000 0	6 2 39	4	600 0	9,000 0	6 2 1964
25,000 0	3 3 39	4	1,000 0	15,000 0	3 3 1964
290,000 0			3,788 41	158,222 32	

I, Don Charles Rajakaruna Gunawardane, Special Commissioner, Anuradhapura Town, do hereby affirm that to the best of my knowledge and belief the above is a true and correct statement of the Loan Account of the Urban Council, Anuradhapura.

D. C. R. GUNAWARDANE,
Special Commissioner, Anuradhapura Town.

Affirmed before me this 27th day of March, 1950, at Anuradhapura.

P. A. SILVA,
Justice of the Peace

KULIYAPITIYA URBAN COUNCIL

Statement of Revenue and Expenditure for the Year 1949

REVENUE		Heds of Payments.		Amount	Total
Heds of Receipts		Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.
A—General revenue :—					
(1) Property rate, 173 (1), consolidated property rate	12,920	46			
(3) Vehicles and animals tax, 175 (1) (a)	286	0			
(4) Licence duties	11,458	1			
(6) Refund of stamp duties (Schedule VI)	90	0			
(9) Fines by court (not included elsewhere)	180	0			
(10) Auctioneers' and brokers' licences	10	0			
(14) Miscellaneous	84	0			
(15) Warrant costs, &c	448	76			
(16) Subsidy on account of war allowance	13,485	2			
			38,962	25	
B.—Thoroughfares :—					
(2) Other collections, e.g., fines for injuries, &c., (98), cattle seizing fees, (104) (2), sale of badges and faretables, &c.	4,009	0			
			4,009	0	
C—Resthouses and ambalams :—					
(1) Fees, 61	1,110	10			
			1,110	10	
D—Council lands and buildings (not charged elsewhere) :—					
(1) Rents	3,037	50			
			3,037	50	
E—Public health —					
(1) General revenue—					
(a) Fines under Part IV	60	0			
(c) Maternity home and child welfare clinic—					
(1) Government contribution	300	0			
			360	0	
(2) Scavenging—					
(b) Sale of refuse, 132	550	0			
			550	0	
(3) Conservancy—					
(b) Sale of refuse, 132	550	0			
(c) Fines on contractors and labourers	1	0			
			551	0	
(4) Slaughter-house and cattle pound—					
(a) Fees, 170 (1) (a)	1,157	0			
			1,157	0	
(7) Markets and galas—					
(b) Boutiques and stalls, 170 (11)	180	0			
(c) Fees for private markets 152 (3)	360	0			
(d) Licences, 165 (1)	30	0			
			570	0	
F—Public recreation, 170 (6) —					
(3) Licences for public performances	450	0			
(4) Entertainment tax	5,383	78			
			5,813	78	
G—Cemeteries (Chapter 181) —					
(1) Fees	25	0			
(3) Graves sold for erecting monuments	22	50			
			47	50	
H.—Dog registration (Chapters 334 and 333) —					
(1) Registration fees	57	75			
			57	75	
J.—Electricity Department —					
(1) Sale of current	25,654	55			
(2) Rent of meters	1,743	90			
(3) Works executed for customers	1,770	52			
(4) Miscellaneous	27	50			
(6) Subsidy on account of war allowance	4,542	89			
			33,739	36	
Total revenue			89,965	24	
Other receipts —					
Deposits	2,699	39			
Advance account	150	0			
Loan for electric lighting scheme	300	0			
Provident fund	537	62			
			3,687	1	
Balance on December 31, 1948			11,729	14	
			105,381	39	
EXPENDITURE					
Heds of Payments		Amount	Total		
		Rs.	Rs.	c.	
A—General expenditure —					
(1) Salaries of officers (not otherwise charged)—					
(a) Secretary	2,497	51			
(b) Clerks and Revenue Inspectors	3,871	1			
(c) Peons	499	55			
(e) Pensions	90	0			
			6,958	7	
(2) Establishment expenses—					
(a) Allowances (not otherwise charged)	599	15			
(b) Travelling	963	4			
(c) Commission to tax collectors (not otherwise charged)	415	36			
(d) Assessors' fees	187	50			
(e) Legal expenses	9	60			
(f) Stationery, printing, advertising and office expenses (not otherwise charged)	2,319	55			
(h) Cost of cart and number plates	82	8			
(i) Cost of audit	755	57			
(j) Holiday railway tickets	160	58			
(k) War allowance	4,762	56			
			10,254	99	
B.—Thoroughfares —					
(1) Salaries and wages—					
(a) Inspector of Works	165	0			
(b) Overseers	898	56			
(2) Maintenance	714	6			
(4) Lighting	6,000	0			
(9) Loan charges (lorry)	715	50			
(13) War allowance	741	94			
			9,235	6	
C—Resthouses and ambalams —					
(1) Salaries	726	0			
War allowance	585	20			
(2) Maintenance	253	57			
			1,564	77	
D.—Council lands and buildings (not charged otherwise) :—					
(1) Wages	7	0			
(3) Rent of office	300	0			
(4) Maintenance	76	32			
(5) Furniture	80	25			
			463	57	
E—Public health —					
(1) General expenditure—					
(a) Salaries (inspectors and midwife) and wages	1,524	90			
(b) Allowances	512	25			
(j) Fees for analysis of milk	52	86			
(k) Anti-plague measures	8	0			
			2,098	1	
(2) Scavenging—					
(a) Wages	1,751	30			
War allowance	2,268	58			
(b) Carts, bulls, lorry, driver	69	0			
(c) Stores	927	91			
			5,016	79	
(3) Conservancy—					
(a) Wages	3,320	32			
War allowance	4,578	7			
(b) Carts, bulls, lorry	69	0			
(c) Stores, fuel	1,074	76			
(e) Maintenance of latrines	62	20			
			9,104	35	
(7) Markets and galas—					
(b) Maintenance	387	80			
			387	80	
F—Public recreation —					
(6) Supervision allowance	116	0			
			116	0	
G—Cemeteries (Chapter 181) —					
(1) Wages	267	0			
(3) War allowance	284	10			
			551	10	
J—Electricity Department :—					
(1) Generation of electricity—					
(a) Fuel	4,642	58			
(b) Oil, waste, engine room stores	911	17			
(c) Salaries and wages at works	4,628	27			
			10,182	2	
(2) Repairs and maintenance—					
(a) Buildings	71	0			
(b) Engines, boilers, machinery and plant	1,239	2			
(c) Meter, switches and other apparatus	101	50			
(d) Maintenance of supply mains and transmission lines	1,083	70			
			2,495	22	
(3) Service and house connections—					
(a) Materials	4,925	35			
			4,925	35	
(4) Management and general expenses—					
(a) Salaries, &c., (electrician and clerk)	2,439	32			
(c) Printing and stationery	184	50			
(d) Sundries	1,541	78			
(f) Holiday railway tickets	37	88			
			4,203	48	
(5) Loan charges—					
(a) Interest	1,055	43			
(b) Capital repayment	3,715	5			
			4,770	48	
(10) War allowance	4,499	8			
			4,499	8	
Total expenditure			76,776	14	

**Trading Account of the Kuliypitiya Urban Council—
Electricity Department for the Year 1949**

REVENUE	Rs. c.
Sale of current ..	25,654 55
Rent of meters ..	1,743 90
Works executed ..	1,770 52
Miscellaneous ..	27 50
Refunds ..	—
Grant to meet cost of war allowance ..	4,542 89
Value of stores in hand on December 31, 1949 ..	5,771 46
	39,510 82

EXPENDITURE	Rs. c.
Value of stores in hand on January 1, 1949 ..	2,191 68
Generation of electricity ..	10,182 2
Repairs and maintenance ..	2,495 22
Service and house connections ..	4,925 35
Management and general expenses ..	4,203 48
Loan charges ..	4,770 48
War allowance ..	4,499 8
Net profit ..	6,243 51
	39,510 82

I, Meegahawattege Richard de Silva, Chairman, Urban Council, Kuliypitiya, do hereby affirm that to the best of my knowledge and belief the above is a true and correct statement of the Trading Account of the Electricity Department of the Kuliypitiya Urban Council for the year 1949.

M. R. DE SILVA,
Chairman.

Certified as correct :

M. DISSANAYAKE,
Member.

Affirmed before me this 22nd day of March, 1950, at Kuliypitiya.

FRANCIS P. J. EDIRISINGHE,
J. P.

AVISSAWELLA URBAN COUNCIL

Statement of Revenue and Expenditure for the Year 1949

REVENUE	Amount Rs. c.
A.—General revenue ..	36,715 48
B.—Thoroughfares ..	—
C.—Resthouses and ambalams ..	5,327 70
D.—Council lands and buildings ..	1,212 96
E.—Public health ..	6,471 36
F.—Public recreation ..	2,750 0
G.—Cemeteries ..	64 0
H.—Dog registration ..	19 0
I.—Weights and measures ..	—
J.—Electricity department ..	21,734 8
Total revenue ..	74,294 58
Other receipts :	
Deposits ..	3,523 74
Advances ..	330 0
Grant for housing scheme ..	85,800 0
	163,948 32
Balance on December 31, 1948 ..	36,048 8
	199,996 40

EXPENDITURE	Amount Rs. c.
A.—General expenditure ..	18,723 6
B.—Thoroughfares ..	3,481 63
C.—Resthouses and ambalams ..	4,569 43
D.—Council lands and buildings ..	2,144 89
E.—Public health ..	48,938 76
F.—Public recreation ..	150 0
G.—Cemeteries ..	1,058 40
H.—Dog registration ..	222 35
I.—Weights and measures ..	—
J.—Electricity department ..	15,382 94
K.—Fire protection ..	21 80
Total expenditure ..	94,693 26
Other payments :	
Deposits ..	4,146 12
Advances ..	760 0
Housing scheme ..	400 0
	99,999 38
Balance on December 31, 1949 ..	99,997 2
	199,996 40

I, Somaweera Manamendra, Chairman, Urban Council, Avissawella, do hereby affirm that the above is to the best of my knowledge and belief a true and correct statement of all monies received and paid during the year 1949, on account of the Avissawella Urban Council.

S. MANAMENDRA,
Chairman.

Certified as correct :

B. VAN CUYLENBERG,
Member.

Affirm to before me at Avissawella this 25th day of March, 1950.

LOUIS V. B. DE JACOLYN,
J. P. U. M.

Statement of Assets and Liabilities for the Year 1949

ASSETS	Rs. c.	Rs. c.	Rs. c.
Fixed deposit (National Bank of India Ltd., Colombo)	10,000 0	
Advances	450 0	
Cash imprst	100 0	
Cash in current account ..	99,881 98		
Add amount brought to account in January, 1950 ..	3,907 6		
		103,789 4	
Amount deducted by bank as postage for cheque books ..		1 40	
		103,790 44	
Less uncashed cheques ..		3,893 42	
		99,897 2	
		110,447 2	

LIABILITIES

	Rs. c.	Rs. c.	Rs. c.
Deposits	5,386 99	
Surplus on December 31, 1948 ..	26,795 8		
Expenditure for 1949 ..	94,693 26		
Revenue for 1949 ..	74,294 58		
	20,398 68		
Less deficit for 1949 ..		20,398 68	
		6,396 40	
Accrued surplus on December 31, 1949 ..		6,396 40	
Grant for housing scheme ..		92,780 0	
Reserve for depreciation ..		5,883 63	
		110,447 2	

I, Somaweera Manamendra, Chairman, Urban Council, Avissawella, do hereby affirm that the above is to the best of my knowledge and belief a true and correct statement of the Assets and Liabilities of the Avissawella Urban Council on December 31, 1949.

S. MANAMENDRA,
Chairman.

Certified as correct :

B. VAN CUYLENBERG,
Member.

Affirm to before me at Avissawella this 25th day of March, 1950.

LOUIS V. B. DE JACOLYN,
J. P. U. M.

Deposit Account

	Rs. c.
Balance due to depositors on December 31, 1948 ..	6,009 37
Add receipts during 1949 ..	3,523 74
	9,533 11
Payments during 1949 ..	4,146 12
Balance on December 31, 1949 ..	5,386 99

I, Somaweera Manamendra, Chairman, Urban Council, Avissawella, do hereby affirm that to the best of my knowledge and belief the above is a true and correct statement of the Deposit Account of the Avissawella Urban Council.

S. MANAMENDRA,
Chairman.

Certified as correct :

B. VAN CUYLENBERG,
Member.

Affirm to before me at Avissawella this 25th day of March, 1950.

LOUIS V. B. DE JACOLYN,
J. P. U. M.

TRINCOMALEE URBAN COUNCIL		
Statement of Revenue and Expenditure for the Year ending December 31, 1949		
Heads of Revenue		
	Amount	Total
	Rs. c.	Rs. c.
A.—General revenue :—		
Property rate	112,436 79	
Vehicles and animal tax .. .	2,399 0	
Licences	25,173 25	
Other general revenue .. .	13,610 74	
Refunds and grants from Government .. .	122,243 66	
		275,863 44
B.—Thoroughfares	1,129 25	1,129 25
C.—Resthouses	4,580 91	4,580 91
D.—Council lands and buildings .. .	3,444 88	3,444 88
E.—Public health :—		
General revenue	38 0	
Scavenging	41 0	
Conservancy	—	
Slaughter-house and cattle pound .. .	3,116 48	
Markets and galas	27,000 21	
		30,195 69
F.—Public recreation	57,462 65	57,462 65
G.—Cemeteries	62 50	62 50
H.—Dog registration	476 0	476 0
I.—Weights and measures	108 98	108 98
J.—Electricity Department	208,453 0	208,453 0
K.—Fire protection	15,960 13	15,960 13
M.—Reading rooms and libraries .. .	—	—
	Total	597,737 43
Deposits		32,763 96
Advances		3,775 48
Fixed deposits		82,500 0
Ceylon Savings Bank		—
Grant for repairs to roads		—
Fire relief		—
Depreciation electric lighting		—
Government grant, Housing Scheme .. .		—
Government grant towards sanitation .. .		—
Local Government Provident Fund .. .		444 54
Loan for Electric Lighting Scheme .. .		59,000 0
	Total	776,221 41
Balance on December 31, 1948		53,436 42
	Total	829,657 83
Heads of Expenditure		
	Amount	Total
	Rs. c.	Rs. c.
A.—General expenditure :—		
Salaries and pensions	24,491 26	
Establishment expenses	42,425 54	
Refunds	527 13	
Contribution and grants	—	
		67,443 93
B.—Thoroughfares	86,186 69	86,186 69
C.—Resthouses	2,789 14	2,789 14
D.—Council lands and buildings .. .	20,763 3	20,763 3
E.—Public health :—		
General	10,274 12	
Scavenging	123,459 90	
Conservancy	62,315 90	
Slaughterhouse and cattle pound .. .	—	
Water supply	1,489 81	
Markets and Galas	5,189 49	
Epidemics	430 91	
		203,160 13
F.—Public recreation	8,895 0	8,895 0
G.—Cemeteries	—	—
H.—Dog registration	1,305 37	1,305 37
I.—Weights and measures	60 20	60 20
J.—Electricity Department	215,525 82	215,525 82
K.—Fire protection	31,538 3	31,538 3
M.—Reading rooms and libraries .. .	4,865 90	4,865 90
	Total	642,533 24
Deposits		26,097 55
Advances		32,094 8
Fixed deposits		61,500 0
Ceylon Savings Bank		—
Grant for repairs to roads		—

Heads of Expenditure		Amount	Total
		Rs. c.	Rs. c.
Fire relief			2,009 83
Depreciation electric lighting			—
Government grant, Housing Scheme .. .			26,000 0
Government grant towards sanitation .. .			—
Local Government Provident Fund .. .			444 68
Loan for Electric Lighting Scheme .. .			14,000 0
	Total		804,679 38
Balance on December 31, 1949			24,978 45
	Total		829,657 83

I, Subramaniam Mylvaganam Manikkarajah, Chairman, Urban Council, Trincomalee, do hereby affirm that to the best of my knowledge and belief the above is a true and correct statement of moneys received and paid during the year 1949.

Urban Council Office, Trincomalee, January 31, 1950.

S. M. MANIKKARAJAH,
Chairman.

Certified to be correct.

J. A. P. THURAINAYAGAM,
Member.

Affirmed to before me.

O. L. M. ISMAIL,
Justice of the Peace.

POLGAHAWELA TOWN COUNCIL
Statement of Revenue and Expenditure for the Year 1949

REVENUE		
	Amount	Total
	Rs. c.	Rs. c.
A.—General revenue	26,448 95	
B.—Thoroughfares	—	
C.—Council lands and buildings .. .	65 0	
D.—Public health	11,371 30	
E.—Public recreation (170) (6) .. .	1,157 25	
F.—Cemeteries (Cap. 181)	51 0	
G.—Dog registration (Cap. 333 and 334) .. .	79 50	
H.—Weights and measures (Cap. 127) .. .	—	
I.—Fire protection	—	
J.—Reading rooms and libraries .. .	—	
		39,173 0

Electricity Scheme

(1) Sale of current	26,894 32	
(2) Rent of meters	1,828 0	
(3) Street lighting	3,000 0	
(4) Works executed for customers .. .	939 21	
(5) Miscellaneous	73 97	
(6) Refunds	—	
(7) Subsidy on account of war allowance .. .	5,143 91	
		37,879 41

Other Receipts

(1) Deposits	6,663 96	
(2) Advances	1,507 25	
(3) Stores advance account	—	
(4) Electricity scheme depreciation account .. .	2,000 0	
(5) Loan account	8,000 0	
(6) Electricity accounts	—	
(7) Fixed deposits	—	
(8) Ceylon Savings Bank securities account .. .	—	
(9) Revenue collection accounts—		

	Rs. c.	
(a) Property rate	7,659 93	
(b) Conservancy	3,363 98	
(c) Electricity dues	27,726 83	
(d) Warrant cost	231 70	
		38,982 44

Total .. 134,206 6
Balance on December 31, 1948 .. 23,287 98

Grand Total .. 157,494 4

EXPENDITURE		
	Amount	Total
	Rs. c.	Rs. c.
A.—General expenditure	19,354 58	
B.—Thoroughfares	5,044 31	
C.—Council lands and buildings .. .	1,615 83	
D.—Public health	30,371 51	
E.—Public recreation, 170 (6) .. .	100 0	
F.—Cemeteries (Cap. 181)	140 50	
G.—Dog registration (Cap. 334 and 333) .. .	171 38	
H.—Weights and measures (Cap. 127) .. .	—	
I.—Fire protection	—	
J.—Reading rooms and libraries .. .	—	
		56,798 11

Electricity Scheme

(1) Generation of electricity	11,203 60	
(2) Repairs and maintenance	5,687 94	
(3) Service and house connections	288 43	
(4) Management and general expenses .. .	5,794 99	
(5) Loan charges	3,170 75	
(6) Extensions and improvements	1,991 61	
(7) Reserve for depreciation	2,000 0	
(8) Refunds	—	
(9) Refunds to general revenue of advances made therefrom for capital expenditure .. .	—	
(10) War allowance	5,170 19	
		35,307 51

EXPENDITURE	Amount Rs. c.	Total Rs. c.
B.—Thoroughfares —		
(a) Salaries and wages (superintendent of works)	212 50	
(2) Maintenance	965 85	
(3) Plant and tools	37 75	
(4) Street lighting	991 21	
(6) Cost of badges and faretables	2 80	
(12) New works	31 50	
		2,241 61
C—Council lands and buildings (not charged elsewhere) —		
(1) Wages	226 50	
(2) Rent of office	22 50	
(4) Maintenance	4 50	
(8) War allowance	345 35	
		598 85
D—Public health —		
(1) General—		
(f) Disinfectants	59 0	
(g) Expenses of health week	100 0	
(n) Maternity and child welfare clinic	475 55	
(2) Scavenging—		
(a) Wages	2,135 53	
(b) Carts, bulls and lorries	637 60	
(c) Stores	283 50	
(e) War allowance	3,018 87	
(3) Conservancy—		
(a) Wages	1,034 63	
(b) Carts, bulls and lorries	313 0	
(c) Stores	23 50	
(h) War allowance	1,436 50	
(7) Markets and galas—		
(a) Wages	1,080 81	
(b) Maintenance	184 20	
(c) Printing	21 50	
(h) War allowance	1,168 80	
		11,991 49
E.—Recreation —		
(1) Wages	346 78	
(2) Maintenance	5 0	
(6) War allowance	492 56	
		844 34
G—Dog registration :—		
(1) Destruction of dogs	241 0	
		241 0
I—Fire protection —		
(1) Cost of fire extinguishers' refills	28 0	
		28 0
Total payments		24,105 47

Balance Sheet as at December 31, 1949

Liabilities	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.
Surplus at January 1, 1949			500	0
Revenue on December 31, 1949	30,553	41		
Expenditure on Decemr 31, 1949	24,105	47		
			6,447	94
Deposits			1,752	17
Total			8,700	11

Rs. 500 by account transferred to T. C. from V. C. funds on January 31, 1949—C. B. 27.

Assets	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.
Advances			463	32
Property rate collection account			1,187	35
Conservancy fees collection account			420	50

Cash—	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.
In transit	345	13		
At Kachcheri	6,369	19		
			6,714	32
Less outstanding payments			85	38
Total			6,628	94
Total			8,700	11

I, Morawakkoralage Leyas Fonseka, Chairman, Town Council, Piliyandala, do hereby affirm to the best of my knowledge and belief that the above is a true and correct statement of the Assets and Liabilities of the Piliyandala Town Council on December 31, 1949

M L FONSEKA,
Chairman.

Certified to be correct
S D WIJESINGHE,
Member.

Affirmed to before me.

Office of the Town Council,
Piliyandala, March 6, 1950.

SOMAWERERA CHANDRASIRI, M P,
Justice of the Peace.

MANNAR TOWN COUNCIL
Statement of Revenue and Expenditure for the Year 1949

REVENUE	Amount Rs. c.	Total Rs. c.
A—General revenue	38,857 83	
B.—Thoroughfares	50	
C—Council lands and buildings	484 50	
D.—Public health	7,801 76	
E.—Public recreation (170) (6)	8,615 50	
F—Cemeteries (Cap 181)	235 0	
G—Dog registration (Cap 833 and 334)	60 0	
		51,055 9
Other receipts —		
(1) Deposits	4,390 37	
(2) Advances	24 0	
(3) Sundry creditors	3,132 79	
(4) Electric account	41,407 15	
		48,954 31
Revenue collections accounts —		
(a) Property rate	5,780 78	
(b) Conservancy rate or fee	2,798 23	
(c) Electricity dues	30,585 89	
		39,114 90
		139,124 30
Balance on January 1, 1949		65,232 34
		204,356 64
EXPENDITURE		
A—General expenditure	12,918 2	
B.—Thoroughfares	17,019 43	
C—Council lands and buildings	1,288 37	
D.—Public health	22,883 83	
F.—Cemeteries (Cap 181)	123 0	
G.—Dog registration (Cap. 333 and 334)	544 57	
		54,772 22
Other payments.—		
(1) Deposits	5,432 18	
(2) Advances	24 0	
(4) Loan	1,500 0	
(5) Electricity account	35,472 79	
		42,428 97
Revenue collections account —		
(a) Property rate	5,821 53	
(b) Conservancy rate or fee	2,928 3	
(c) Electricity dues	32,204 49	
		40,954 5
		138,155 24
Balance on Decembe 31, 1949		66,201 40
		204,356 64

I, Francis John Aloysius Ponrajah, Chairman, Town Council Mannar, do hereby swear that the above is to the best of my knowledge and belief a true and correct statement of revenue and expenditure for the year 1949 of the Mannar, Town Council.

F. J. A. PONRAJAH,
Chairman.

Sworn to before me this 27th day of March, 1950 at Mannar.

N. M. ABDUL CASSIM MARIKAR,
Justice of the Peace,

Certified to be correct.
M. M. ABOOTHABIE,
Member.

Statement of Assets and Liabilities

Liabilities	Rs.	c.	Rs.	c.
Deposits			9,234	90
Loan			2,558	78
Sundry creditors			3,132	79
Electricity account			21,591	54
Extension to saltern			505	43
Surplus on December 31, 1948			39,552	96
Expenditure during 1949	54,772	22		
Revenue during 1949	51,055	9		
			3,717	13
			35,835	83
			72,859	27
Assets				
Advances			10	14
P R collections			2,366	51
C F. collections			825	3
E. D. collections			3,456	19
Cash			66,201	40
			72,859	27

I, Francis John Aloysius Ponrajah, Chariman, Town Council, Mannar, do hereby swear, that the above is to the best of my knowledge and belief a true and correct statement of the liabilities and assets of the Mannar, Town Council, on December 31, 1949.

F. J. A. PONRAJAH,
Chairman.

Sworn to before me this 27th day of March, 1950, at Mannar.

N. M. ABDUL CASSIM MARIKAR,
Justice of the Peace.

Certified to be correct.

M. M. ABOOTHAIH,
Member.

Budgets

GAMPAHA URBAN COUNCIL Supplementary Budget, 1948

	Rs.	c.
A.—(1) (a) Secretary—salary	885	80
A.—(1) (b) Clerks—salary	588	26
A.—(1) (c) Peons—salary	295	0
A.—(2) (b) Travelling	112	60
A.—(2) (c) Commission to collectors	508	50
A.—(2) (f) Stationery, printing, &c.	5,139	3
A.—(2) (g) Holiday railway ticket	40	0
A.—(4) Contribution and grants	200	0
B.—(7) Acquisition	527	50
C.—(1) Salary—Rosthouse-keeper	125	0
C.—(5) War allowance	230	60
D.—(1) Salary—Watcher	243	0
D.—(4) Maintenance	532	67
D.—(7) New works	246	60
D.—(8) War allowance	230	60
E.—(1) (a) Salary—Midwife	200	0
E.—(1) (c) Uniforms	156	0
E.—(1) (j) Milk analysis of milk	41	98
E.—(1) (k) Anti-plague measures	672	18
E.—(1) (m) Maternity home and clinic	328	42
E.—(1) (n) War allowance	302	60
E.—(2) (a) Wages—Scavenging labourers	12,575	73
E.—(3) (a) Wages—Conservancy do.	8,889	26
E.—(3) (b) Carts, bulls	1,829	30
E.—(3) (c) Stores	559	69
E.—(2) (c) Stores		
E.—(3) (c) Maintenance of latrines	337	80
E.—(7) (a) Wages—Market-keeper	187	50
E.—(7) (b) Maintenance	250	0
E.—(7) (h) War allowance	249	20
G.—(2) Cemeteries—Maintenance	320	69
H.—(1) Destruction of dogs	445	25
J.—(1) (d) Purchase of current	10,819	36
J.—(2) (c) Meters, switches, &c.	2,363	85
J.—(2) (d) Maintenance of supply mains	3,133	93
J.—(3) (b) Labour (temporary)	24	0
J.—(4) (a) Salary—Foreman	243	20
J.—(4) (b) Salaries—Outdoor staff	496	70
J.—(10) War allowance	207	66

Resolution
No. 8 of
March 17,
1950

Settled and adopted by the Council at the Meeting held on March 17, 1950.

U. C. Office,
Gampaha, March 22, 1950.

P. P. JAYAWARDENE,
Chairman.

L. G. D.—DB. 262.

WELIMADA TOWN COUNCIL First Supplementary Budget for 1950

HEAD OF EXPENDITURE	Amount
	Rs. c.
D.—(7) (b) Maintenance	1,150 0

Settled and adopted by the Council at its meeting held on February 25, 1950.

G. WALTER PERERA,
Chairman, Town Council, Welimada.
Welimada, March 17, 1950.

Sanctioned.

E. B. WIRATUNGA,
for Commissioner of Local Government.
Colombo, March 21, 1950.

Sale of Properties

COLOMBO MUNICIPAL COUNCIL

Sale of Immovable Property

NOTICE is hereby given that in the absence of movable property liable to seizure, (1) rents and profits from 1 to 10 years, (2) timber and produce, (3) materials of house, and (4) the under-mentioned properties themselves, seized in virtue of a warrant issued by the Mayor of Colombo, in terms of section 252 of the Municipal Councils Ordinance for arrears of rates due on the premises, and for the period mentioned in the subjoined schedule, will be sold by public auction on

the spot on the dates therein mentioned, sale commencing at 8 a.m. unless in the meantime the amount of the rates and costs be duly paid.

L. L. ATTYGALLE,

for Municipal Commissioner.

The Municipal Office,
Colombo, March 28, 1950.

Schedule

Premises	Period	Date of sale
No. 9, St. Elmo's Lane ...	3rd quarter 1949	23.5.50
17/4, Do. ...	do	do
356/3, Modera Street ...	do	do
11/10, Ferry Lane ...	do	13.5.50
11/20-21, Dispensary Lane ...	do	do
57, Maligawatte Road ...	do	16.5.50
151/2, Maligawatte Place ...	do	do
42, Pichaud's Lane ...	do	17.5.50
359/118, Maligawatte Road ...	2nd quarter 1949	19.5.50
19/9-10, Dematagoda Passage ...	3rd quarter 1949	18.5.50
8/52, 75 and 115, Albion Road ...	do	27.5.50
25/1-6, Kopiawatte Road ...	2nd & 3rd quarters 1949	20.5.50
478/5, Dematagoda Road ...	3rd quarter 1949	22.5.50
117 and 119/1-5, Ketalanulla Lane ...	2nd & 3rd quarters 1949	19.5.50
845, Maradana Road ...	3rd quarter 1949	27.5.50

RATNAPURA URBAN COUNCIL

Sale of Properties

NOTICE is hereby given that in the absence of movable property liable to seizure, (1) rents and profits from 1 to 3 years, (2) timber and produce, (3) materials of house, and (4) the under-mentioned properties themselves seized in virtue of a warrant issued by the Chairman of the Ratnapura Urban Council in terms of section 135 of the Municipal Councils Ordinance, Chapter 193, for arrears of the assessment tax and water rate due on the premises mentioned in the subjoined schedule for 4th quarter, 1949, will be sold by public auction on the spot at the time therein mentioned unless in the meantime the amounts of assessment tax, water rate and costs be duly paid.

U. C. Office, V. H. ABEYARATNE,
Ratnapura, March 24, 1950 Chairman.

SCHEDULE

TIME OF SALE—TO COMMENCE AT THE FIRST NAMED
AT 9.30 A.M. EACH DAY

Tuesday, May 9, 1950

Browning Road: Nos. 44/17, 44/17A.
Muwagama Road: Nos. 27/1, 35/4, 39, 41/2, 47/4, 59/7, 59/16, 59/17, 63/9, 65/15, 16/6, 54.
Warakatota Road: Nos. 13, 49.
Main Road: Nos. 5, 89.
Malwala Road: Nos. 19/2, 12/1, 58/1, 68.

Wednesday, May 10, 1950

Weralupe Main Road: No. 63.
Weralupe Old Road: Nos. 15/2, 37/1, 39/5, 39/7, 24/1, 34/4, 34/5, 46.
Outer Circular Road: Nos. 14, 60/29.
Inner Circular Road: Nos. 1, 23/1, 25, 24.

Thursday, May 11, 1950

Angammana Road: Nos. 5/1, 5/6, 13/2, 29, 31, 31/1, 4, 4/3, 46.
Vihare Road: No. 12.
Intake Road: Nos. 7/2, 10/2, 12/3.
Riverside Road: Nos. 21, 28, 36, 80.
Warakatota Road: No. 60.

Friday, May 12, 1950

Batugedara Main Road: Nos. 37, 85/5, 85/8, 99/1, 103/13, 117/1, 185, 205, 22, 44, 70, 72/1, 112, 114, 130, 132, 134, 136
Batugedara Old Road: No. 1/7.
Church Road: No. 15.
Esplanade Road: No. 2.
Debichchiya Road: No. 5.

Monday, May 15, 1950

Hospital Road: Nos. 29/2, 29/9.
Thomson Avenue: Nos. 5/1, 5/2, 17, 29/4, 10/16, 10/17, 40.
Getangama Road: Nos. 15/3, 15/11, 15/13, 19, 12/1, 55/1, 26/5, 52, 52/1, 54, 54/1, 54/2, 56, 58, 60, 78/4.

Miscellaneous

COLOMBO MUNICIPAL COUNCIL

Construction of 40th Lane, Wellawatta

Provisional Apportionment under Section 26 of Chapter 199 of the Legislative Enactments of Ceylon

THE following is the preliminary apportionment made by the Municipal Commissioner, Colombo Municipal Council, under powers in sections 26 (3), (4) and (5) of Chapter 199 of the Legislative Enactments of Ceylon of the cost of providing in the private street known as 40th Lane, Wellawatta.

The Municipal Council of Colombo proposes to provide in this street as follows:—

- (a) A metalled and bitumen painted carriageway 18 feet wide with half-round channels on both sides, slab or pipe entrances and electric street lights, and
(b) A soil sewer.

Assessment No.	Name of Street	Name and Address of Owner	Frontage Ft. in	Apportionment	
				Rs	c.
1	40th Lane	Mr. K. V. Marimootoo, Halgolla Group, Rattota	70 0	1,768	42
28	41st Lane	Mr. S. T. D. Gunawardena, Administrator of the Estate of D. L. Sampli Gunawardena, 8, Aloe Avenue, Kollupitiya	57 0	1,439	99
5	40th Lane	Mr. W. A. V. F. de Senaratne, Dorset, Fife Road, Havelock Town	56 8	1,431	57
7	40th Lane	Victoria Thangaratnam Arasaratnam, Aloysius Nalliah Arasaratnam, Stanislaus Arasaratnam and Rajadurai Arasaratnam, 7, 40th Lane, Wellawatta	78 9	1,989	47
11	40th Lane	Agnes Pakiawathy Ligory, 11, 40th Lane, Wellawatta	87 6	2,210	52
13	40th Lane	Mrs. S. Rutnam, 621, Penarimarathuddy, Kokuvil, Jaffna	111 2	2,808	41
15 and 17	40th Lane	C. Gnanaprakasham and J. Saraswathie, 54 Rajasinghe Road, Wellawatta	56 7	1,429	47
48	41st Lane	Mrs. A. V. Richards, 5, Staff Bungalow, Peradeniya	56 9	1,433	68
21	40th Lane	Mrs. Gladys Cecilia Felix, 21, 40th Lane, Wellawatta	53 2	1,343	15
23	40th Lane	Walter Ariyadurai Solomons, 23, 40th Lane, Wellawatta	55 10	1,410	52
27	40th Lane	Goluhewage Alice Wijesuriya, Gower Street, Havelock Town	38 0	960	0
29	40th Lane	S. E. M. Asenkudhoos, 29, 40th Lane, Wellawatta	58 9	1,484	21
30	40th Lane	Mohamed Casim Marikar, 29, 45th Lane, Wellawatta	75 2	1,898	94
28	40th Lane	M. M. Abdul Cader, 256, Galle Road, Bambalapitiya	65 7	1,656	83
26	40th Lane	Mrs. Umma Naina Ismail, 92, Peradeniya Road, Kandy	53 6	1,351	57
24	40th Lane	Sitta Zeena Shaffie Salie and Noorul Mazeena Shaffie Salie, Bombay Castle, 5, Kandewatte Road, Galle	34 4	867	37
22	40th Lane	Sitti Zeena Shaffie Salie and Noorul Mazeena Shaffie Salie, Bombay Castle, 5, Kandewatte Road, Galle	34 4	867	37
20	40th Lane	Ruth Puvanananayaki Thamby Rajah, 20, 40th Lane, Wellawatta	55 8	1,406	31
18	40th Lane	H. Mabel Carron, 2/1, Glenaber Place, Bambalapitiya	56 9	1,433	68
33	Rajasinghe Road	Kanagammah Chelliah, 33, Rajasinghe Road, Wellawatta	55 1	1,391	57
12	40th Lane	Charles William Ratnayake, 12, 40th Lane, Wellawatta	87 4	2,206	31
10	Do.	do do	38 4	968	42
8	Do.	do do	39 8	1,002	10
6	40th Lane	Ratnamathy Ratnarajah and Vytilingam Ratnarajah, 6, 40th Lane, Wellawatta	56 0	1,414	73
25	Rajasinghe Road	Sivappiragasam Nadarash, Point Pedro	56 8	1,431	57
31 and 23	Rajasinghe Road	Mr. A. J. Mohamed Anver, 6, 41st Lane, Wellawatta	71 0	1,793	68
19	Rajasinghe Road	Dr. (Mrs.) A. B. C. Dorai, C/o Dr. S. L. Navaratnam Ward Place, Colombo	18 0	454	73
22	41st Lane	Manilal Vasirjee, Damodera Vasirjee, Khimichand Vasirjee, Kasibai, D. Dayalal, J. Dayalal and L. Dayalal, C/o M. Popatlal & Co, 185, 4th Cross Street, Pettah	12 0	303	16
			1,589 7	40,157	75

With reference to apportionment appearing in *Gazette* No 10,007 of August 12, 1949, the Municipal Council having considered the objections made in connection with the proposed construction of 40th Lane, Wellawatta, under section 26 (Chapter 199), of the Legislative Enactments of Ceylon approves the apportionment of cost prepared by the Municipal Commissioner and the detailed estimate of Rs. 40,157.75 and resolves that the construction be proceeded with, the cost being recoverable within a period of ten years.

Town Hall,
Colombo, February 28, 1950

P. M. JAYARAJAN,
Municipal Commissioner.

HIKKADUWA-DODANDUWA TOWN COUNCIL

Assessment Books for the Year 1950

NOTICE is hereby given under section 235 (1) of the Municipal Councils Ordinance (Chapter 193), as read with section 179 of the Town Councils Ordinance, No 3 of 1946, that the Assessment Book for the year 1950 is now ready and open for inspection at the Council's Office during office hours.

Town Council Office, B. J. JAYAWARDENA,
Dodanduwa, March 22, 1950 Chairman

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ALUTGAMA TOWN COUNCIL

Assessment Books for the Year 1950

NOTICE is hereby given under section 235 (1) of the Municipal Councils Ordinance, No 29 of 1947, as read with section 179 of the Town Councils Ordinance, No 3 of 1946, that the Assessment Book for wards 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 for the year 1950 is now ready and open for inspection at the Council's Office during the office hours.

Town Council Office, G. SOLOMON SILVA,
Alutgama, March 21, 1950 Chairman

CHAVAKACHCHERI TOWN COUNCIL

Rabies

WHEREAS there is danger of rabies within the Town Council area of Chavakachcheri, it is hereby notified under section 11 of the Rabies Ordinance (Chapter 333) that any dog found in any public place or road or any place other than a private building, compound or garden, and not tied up or led, shall be liable to be destroyed forthwith.

This proclamation shall take effect from March 12, 1950, till December 31, 1950.

S. K. THIRAVIANAYAGAM,
Town Council, Chairman.
Chavakachcheri, March 25, 1950.

PUSSELLAWA TOWN COUNCIL

The Butchers Ordinance

NOTICE is hereby given under section 7 of the Butchers (Amendment) Ordinance, No. 44 of 1947, that the person mentioned in the schedule hereunder has made an application to me for carrying on the trade of butcher in the premises stated against his name in the aforesaid schedule, during the year 1950.

Any person residing within the limits of the Pussellawa Town Council, who desires to object to the issue of the licence, should furnish to me in duplicate, within 14 days from the date of this *Gazette*, a written statement of the grounds of his objection

	SCHEDULE	
A Noordeen	... 78, Blackstore, Pussellawa.	
Muhandiram H. J. P. SAMARASEKERA, Town Council Office, Chairman. Pussellawa, March 24, 1950		

Rabies

WHEREAS rabies exists in the Beliatta Town Council area, it is hereby notified under section 11 of the Rabies Ordinance, Chapter 333, Volume VI, that any dog found in any place or road or other place other than a private building, compound or garden and not being tied up or led, shall be liable to be destroyed forthwith.

This proclamation shall take effect from March 31, 1950.

T. H. DANISTER SILVA,
Chairman.
Town Council Office,
Beliatta, March 28, 1950.

UDAPALATA VILLAGE COMMITTEE

Establishment of a Fair

It is hereby notified for public information that under the by-laws relating to Markets and Fairs in respect of the Udapalata Village Committee area in the Badulla District, published in *Ceylon Government Gazette* No. 9,533 dated May 17, 1946, a village fair has been established by the said Village Committee, on the land called Tikhiatenna, situated at Paluguma Village Headman's Division with effect from December 17, 1949.

The area within a circle having a radius of 1 mile from the said fair is hereby declared to be the market area for that market or fair.

Therefore, within the said market area no person shall, on any day on which the said fair is open, sell or offer or expose for sale any vegetables, fruit, fish, meat or other perishable articles of food at any place other than the said village fair; provided that these provisions shall not apply to—

- (a) the sale of vegetables or fruit by itinerant vendors who do not sell at fixed places, or do not for the purposes of such sale establish themselves on the public roads or other public places;
- (b) the sale by the licensee of an eating-house or a tea or coffee boutique of ripe plantains or other fruit for consumption on the premises; or
- (c) the sale of young coconuts by any person.

The said village fair will be kept open for the transaction of business on Saturdays only for the present; till

such time as the said Village Committee decide and approve the increase in the number of market days per week.

K. D. DAVID PERERA,
Chairman.

Village Committee Office,
Nugatalawa, Welimada, March 20, 1950.

Local Government Notifications

(Continued from page 491)

L. D.—B. 168/34/L. G. D.—BA. 638

The Thoroughfares Ordinance

RULE under section 15 of the Thoroughfares Ordinance (Chapter 148) made by the Provincial Committee of the Western Province in respect of the resthouses in charge of that Committee and approved by the Minister of Health and Local Government by virtue of the powers vested in him by that section, as modified by the Proclamation published in *Gazette Extraordinary* No. 9,773 of September 24, 1947.

E. W. KANNANGARA,
Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Health and Local Government.

Colombo, February 6, 1950.

RULE

The rules relating to resthouses in the Western Province, published in *Gazette* No. 8,348 of February 4, 1938, as last amended by rule published in *Gazette* No. 9,406 of May 18, 1945, are hereby further amended in the schedule thereto, by the substitution, for the paragraph appearing under the heading "(1) Occupation", of the following new paragraph:—

"For occupation, and use of towels, table linen, beds, couches, bed linen and mosquito curtain, a consolidated fee of 15 cents for each person for each complete period not exceeding one hour, subject to a minimum of 30 cents when any meal is taken or of Re. 1 when a bed or couch is used, and to a maximum of Rs 2 or, in the case of a resthouse lit by electricity, of Rs. 2.40, for any continuous period not exceeding 24 hours."

L. D.—B. 59/41. No. G. 11.

The Fisheries Ordinance, No. 24 of 1940

REGULATION made by the Minister of Industries, Industrial Research and Fisheries and approved by the Senate and the House of Representatives under section 26 of the Fisheries Ordinance, No. 24 of 1940, as modified by the Proclamation published in *Gazette Extraordinary* No. 9,773 of September 24, 1947.

R. H. BASSETT,
Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Industries, Industrial
Research and Fisheries

Colombo, 29th March, 1950.

REGULATION

No person shall, at any time during the period commencing on the first day of April, 1950, and ending on the thirty-first day of March, 1952, take, or employ any other person to take, any fish for profit from the waters described in the Schedule hereto.

Schedule

The waters commonly known as the Kotte Lake and situated in the Etul Kotte, Pita Kotte and Nawala villages within the administrative limits of the Kotte Urban Council.

NOTICE

IT is hereby notified for general information that in view of the Easter, Sinhalese and Hindu New Year holidays, all notices and advertisements for publication in the Government Gazettes of April 5, 1950, and April 12, 1950, should reach the Government Press before 12 noon on April 3, 1950, and April 5, 1950, respectively.

A. C. RICHARDS,
Government Printer.

Government Press,
Colombo, March 29, 1950.

L. G. D.—G. D. 14/31.

கிராம சமுதாயச் சட்டம்.

கிராமச் சமுதாயச் சட்டத்தின் (அத்தியாயம் 198) 49 ம் பிரிவின கீழ் யாழ்ப்பாண டிஸ்திரிக்டிலுள்ள நெடுந்தீவு கிராமப் பகுதியின் கிராமச் சங்கத்தால் உண்டாக்கப்பட்டு 1947 ம் ஆண்டு செப்டம்பர் மாதத்து 24 ந்தேதிய 9,773 ம் இலக்க விசேஷ "கெசெற" நில பிரசுரிக்கப்பட்ட பிரகடனத்தால் திருத்தப்பட்ட அப்பிரிவின (3) ம் உட்பிரிவால் சுகாதார ஸ்தல ஸ்தாபன மந்திரிபீது வைக்கப்பட்ட தத்துவங்களின் பலத்தைக் கொண்டு அவரால் அங்கீகரிக்கப்பட்ட உபவிதிகள்.

ர. டபிளவு. கன்னகரா,
நிர்ந்தரக காரியதரிசி,

சுகாதார ஸ்தல ஸ்தாபன மந்திரி காரியாலயம்
கொழும்பு, பெப்ரவரி 24, 1950.

உபவிதிகள்.

1 இந்த உபவிதிகளில்—

"ரொட்டிச்சாலை" என்பது ரொட்டி, விசுகோத்துகள் அல்லது மிடாய், மணிதர் உண்பதற்கு உணவாக விற்ற பொருட்டுத் தயாரிக்கும் தலம் எனவும் எனப் பொருள்படுவதோடு அத்தகைய உணவு தயாரிக்கப்படும் அல்லது அதற்கைய உணவு தயாரிப்பதற்கு வேண்டிய பொருட்களைச் சேரம் செய்துவைத்திருக்கும் தலம் எனையும் உட்படுத்தினுள்ளது ;

"அககிராசனா" என்பது சங்க அககிராசனர் எனப் பொருள்படுகின்றது ;
"சங்கம்" என்பது கிராமப் பகுதியின் கிராமச் சங்கம் எனப் பொருள் படுகின்றது ;

"கிராமப் பகுதி" என்பது யாழ்ப்பாண டிஸ்திரிக்டிலுள்ள நெடுந்தீவு கிராமப் பகுதியைப் பொருள்படுகின்றது.

ரொட்டிச்சாலைகள்.

2. (1) வைத்திய சுகாதார உத்யோகத்தின சிபாரிசினபேரில் அககிராசனரால் அதற்கென வழங்கப்பட்ட ஒரு லைசென்சின பேரிலன்றி ஒருவரும் எந்த ரொட்டிச்சாலையைத் தொழிலையும் ஸ்தாபிக்கவோ அல்லது நடத்தவோ கூடாது.

(2) இந்த உபவிதியின் கீழ் வழங்கப்பட்ட லைசென்ஸ் ஒவ்வொன்றும் 10 ம் உபவிதியின்கீழ் முன்னதாக அழிக்கப்பட்டாலன்றி, அது எந்த வருடத்துக்கென வழங்கப்பட்டதோ அந்த வருடத்து டிசெம்பர் மாதம் 31 ந்திகதியன்று வலியுறு முடிவுறும்.

3. ஒரு ரொட்டிச்சாலையாக பாவிக்கப்பட்டிருக்கும் தலம் கீழ்க்காணும் நிபந்தனைகளுக்கிணக்க இருந்தாலன்றி உபவிதி 2 ன் கீழ் ஒரு லைசென்ஸ் பெற ஒருவரும் உரிமையுடையவராகமாடார் :—

(அ) தலம் நல்ல காற்றுடைய நல்ல வெளிச்சமும் உள்ளதாயிருத்தல் வேண்டும் ;

(ஆ) சுவர்கள் சுண்ணாம்புச்சாந்து பூசி வெள்ளையடிக்கப்பட்டிருத்தல் வேண்டும் ;

(இ) தரைக்கு சீமெந்து போடப்பட்டிருத்தல் வேண்டும் ;

(ஈ) தலத்தில் போதிய மலசல் கூட வசதியும் போதிய வடிகால்களும் இருத்தல் வேண்டும் ;

(உ) கூரையிலிருந்து ஊதையும் தூசியும் விழுவதைத் தடுக்கக்கூடியதாக தகுந்த பொருட்களால் ஒரு மச்ச அமைக்கப்பட்டிருத்தல் வேண்டும் ;

ஊ) மலசல்குழி, நிழலமான பச்சைக்குவியல், மலசல் கூடம் அல்லது திறந்த கழிகால் எதிலிருந்தும் ஐம்பது அடி தூரத்துக்குள் தலம் இருத்தலாகாது ;

(எ) 12 அடி நீளத்துக்கும் 10 அடி அகலத்துக்கும் குறையாத வெள்ளோட்டமான தரைப் பரப்புள்ள ஒரு புறம்பான மாக்குழைக்கும் அறை தலத்தில் அமைக்கப்பட்டிருத்தல் வேண்டும் ;

(ஏ) மாக்குழைக்கும் அறையின் கதவுகள் அல்லது ஜன்னல்களுடைய தாயிருக்கும் இரண்டு பக்கங்களிலாவது எழு அடி அகலத்துக்குக் குறையாத தடையற்ற வெளிக்காற்று இடை வெளி இருத்தல் வேண்டும் ;

(ஐ) ரொட்டியுட்பின் கதவு, மாக்குழைக்கும் அறைக்குள் நேராகத் திறக்கப்படலாகாது.

4 ஒரு ரொட்டிச்சாலையின் லைசென்ஸ்காரர்—

(அ) அந்த ரொட்டிச்சாலையில் பாவிக்கப்படும் அல்லது அதற்குரிய எல்லா பானடங்களையும் தளபாடங்களையும் மற்றும் தேவையானவற்றையும் சத்தமாக வைப்பிக்கவும் ;

(ஆ) அந்த ரொட்டிச்சாலையிலுள்ள மேசைகளின் மேற்புறங்களை நன்றாகத் துடைத்துக் கொடுக்கப்பட்டுப் பரக்கைகளால் அல்லது துடைத்துக் கொடுத்துமான பொருளால் செய்யக்கவும், மேசைகளை தினமும் சுரண்டிச் சுத்தப்படுத்துக்கவும் ;

(இ) ரொட்டிச்சாலையின் தரையை ஒவ்வொரு இருபத்தினுக்கு மணித்தியாலத்துக்கு ஒரு தடவையாவது கூட்டுக்கவும் குப்பையை உடனே ஒரு ஊருத், மூடியுள்ள கொள்கலத்தில் இட்டு ரொட்டிச்சாலையிலிருந்து தினமும் அகற்றுக்கவும் ;

(ஈ) ரொட்டிச்சாலையைத் தலத்தை சத்தமாகவும் ஏதும் வடிகால், கொல்லி அல்லது மலசல்குழியிலிருந்தும் இத்தகைய வேறு ஏதும் அசுத்தத்திலிருந்தும் எழுதும் தூநாற்றங்கள் இல்லாமலும் வைப்பிக்கவும் ;

(உ) ரொட்டிச்சாலையில் பாவிக்கும் மாவை தரைக்குமேல் மூன்றடியாவது உயரமுள்ள ஒரு மேடையீது வைப்பிக்கவும் ;

(ஊ) தினமும் எவ்வாறு குப்பையையும் ரொட்டிச்சாலையைத் தலத்திலிருந்து அகற்றுக்கவும், வடிகால்களை கழுவுக்கவும் ;

(எ) ரொட்டி செய்பவர்களுக்கு இலகுவில் இடக்கூடியதாக மாக்குழைக்கும் அறையல்லாத, தலத்தின் வேறுபுக்கத்தில் இரண்டு துப்பற படிக்கக்கூடியவை வைப்பிக்கவும் ;

(ஏ) ரொட்டி செய்பவர்களின் உபயோகத்துக்காக சத்தமான தண்ணீர், சத்தமான துவாய்கள், நகம் சுத்திசெய்யும் "பிரஸ்" கள் சலுகாரம் ஆகியவற்றை தலத்தில் வைப்பிக்கவும் ;

(ஐ) ரொட்டிச்சாலைகள் சம்பந்தப்பட்ட இந்த உபவிதிகளின் தமிழ், சிங்கள பிரதியானவை ரொட்டிச்சாலையின் ஒரு பிரித்தமான பகுதியில் எல்லோரும் பார்க்கக்கூடியதாக வைப்பிக்கவும் ;

5. ஒரு ரொட்டிச்சாலையின் லைசென்ஸ்காரர்—

(அ) அந்த ரொட்டிச்சாலை நித்திரை கொள்வதற்கான அல்லது ஏதும் மிருகத்தையாவது அல்லது ரொட்டிச்சாலையின் தேவைகளுக்கு அவசியமான பொருளல்லாத வேறு பொருள் எந்தையாவது வைப்பதற்கான ஒரு இடமாகப் பாவிக்கவிடலாகாது ;

(ஆ) ரொட்டி, விசுகோத்து அல்லது மிடாய் எனையும் சத்தமானதும் தக்க முறையில் அமைக்கப்பட்ட நுழைய முடியாததுமான கண்ணாடிப் பெட்டிகளினன்றி வேறு வகையில் விற்பனைக்கு வைக்க விடலாகாது ;

(இ) ரொட்டி, விசுகோத்து அல்லது மிடாய் செய்பவா எவரையும் கெட்டும் ஆரோகியத்துக்கு ஏறாததுமான மா, தண்ணீர் அல்லது வேறு பொருள் எனையும் உபயோகிக்க விடலாகாது ;

(ஈ) தரையைச் சத்தம் செய்வதற்காக அங்குமிங்குமாக தள்ளிவைக்க முடியாத தளபாடம் அல்லது உபகரணம் எனையும் ரொட்டிச்சாலையில் உபயோகிக்கவோ அல்லது வைத்திருக்கவோ கூடாது ; அல்லது

(உ) ரொட்டிச்சாலைத் தலத்தில் குதாட்டம் அல்லது முறைகேட்டான நடத்தை எனவும் நடைபெற விடலாகாது

6. ரொட்டி, விசுகோத்து அல்லது மிடாய் செய்யும் அல்லது சமூக வேலைக்கமாத்ப்பட்டிருக்கும் ஒவ்வொருவரும் அகரும்புத் தலம் பெறவதற்கு முன்னா தமது கைகளைக் கழிவி, மாப்பையும் அககிள்கையும், உடம்பையும் மூடி ஒரு சத்தமான வெள்ளை மோடை அணிந்து ஒரு வெள்ளைத் தொப்பி அல்லது தலைப்பாகையும் போட்டுக்கொள்ளவேண்டும்.

7. அதற்காக வைக்கப்பட்டிருக்கும் ஒரு எச்சிற் படிக்கத்துக்குள் அன்றி ரொட்டிச்சாலைத் தலத்தில் ஒருவரும் துப்பக்கூடாது.

8. ஏதும் தொற்றுநோய், சருமநோய் அல்லது ஒட்டுநோய் பீடித்த அல்லது சமீபகாலத்தில் பீடித்திருந்த அல்லது அதற்கைய நோய் பீடித்துள்ள எவருக்கும் சமீபகாலத்தில் பனிவிடைசெய்த ஒருவரை நோய் தொற்றும கால் எல்லையும் காத்தற்கால் எல்லையும் கழியுமுன்னா ஒரு ரொட்டிச் சாலைக்குள் செல்லவோ அல்லது ரொட்டி, விசுகோத்து அல்லது மிடாய் செய்வதில் அல்லது விற்பதில் பங்குபற்றவோ, அந்த ரொட்டிச் சாலைக்கு பொறுப்பாளியாக உள்ள எவரும், விடலாகாது.

9. (1) அககிராசனர் அல்லது வைத்திய சுகாதார உத்யோகத்தால் அல்லது சுகாதாரப் பரிசோதகர் அல்லது அககிராசனரால் எழுத்தில் அதிகாரமளிக்கப்பெற்ற உத்யோகத்தால் எவரும் மாக்குழைக்கும் அல்லது சமூக கருமம் நடத்தப்படும் எச்சமயத்திலேனும் ரொட்டிச்சாலைகளை பிரவேசித்தலும் அதைச் சேர்த்தலும் சட்டமுறையாகும்.

(2) ஒரு ரொட்டிச்சாலையின் லைசென்ஸ்காரர் அல்லது அதற்குப் பொறுப்பாளியாக உள்ளவா, அககிராசனரை அல்லது வைத்திய சுகாதார உத்யோகத்தரை அல்லது சுகாதாரப் பரிசோதகரை அல்லது அககிராசனரால் எழுத்தில் அதிகாரமளிக்கப்பெற்ற உத்யோகத்தால் எவரையும் ரொட்டிச் சாலைக்குள் பிரவேசிக்கவும் அதைச் சேர்த்தலும் அனுமதித்து அவருக்கு தேவையான சகல உதவிகளையும் செய்தல் வேண்டும்

10. கிராமக்கோடு, அது விதிகளும் வேறு ஏதும் தண்டனைகளுக்கூட, ரொட்டிச்சாலைகள் சம்பந்தமான இந்த உபவிதிகள் எனையும் மீறியமை ஏதற்கும் இருமுறை அல்லது பலமுறை குற்றவாளியாக காணப்பட்ட எந்த லைசென்ஸ் காரர்தம் லைசென்ஸ் அழித்தல் சட்டமுறையாகும். லைசென்ஸ் காரர் அதற்கைய அழித்தல் விஷயத்தில் நஷ்ட ரீது எனவும் பெறுதற்குப் பாததிராகார

சாப்பாட்டுக்கடைகள், சிறுநுண்ணாடிச்சாலைகள், தேனீர் கோப்பிக்கடைகள்.

11. (1) வைத்திய சுகாதார உத்யோகத்தின சிபாரிசின பேரில் அககிராசனரால் அதற்கென வழங்கப்பட்ட ஒரு லைசென்ஸின பேரிலன்றி ஒருவரும் ஏதும் சாப்பாட்டுக்கடை, சிறுநுண்ணாடிச்சாலை அல்லது தேனீர் அல்லது கோப்பிக்கடைத் தொழிலை ஸ்தாபிக்கவோ அல்லது நடத்தவோ கூடாது.

(2) இந்த உபவிதியின்கீழ் வழங்கப்பட்ட லைசென்சை ஒவ்வொன்றும் 10 ம உபவிதியின்கீழ் முன்னதாக அழிக்கப்பட்டாலன்றி, அது எந்த வருடத்துக்கென வழங்கப்பட்டதோ அந்த வருடத்து டிசம்பர் மாதம் 31 ந திகதியன்று வலியுற்று முடிவுறும்

12 ஒரு சாப்பாட்டுக்கடை, சிறுமுடிச்சாலை அல்லது தேனீர் அல்லது கோபபிக்கடையாக பாலிக்கப்பட்டிருக்கும் தலம் கீழ்க்காணும் நிபந்தனை களுக்கிணக்கமாக இருந்தாலன்றி உபவிதி 11 ன் கீழ் ஒரு லைசென்சைபெற ஒருவரும் பாததிரராகமாட்டார்:—

- (அ) தலம் நல்ல காற்றோட்டமும் நல்ல வெளிச்சமும் உள்ளதாயிருத்தல் வேண்டும் ,
- (ஆ) சுவர்கள் சண்ணாம்புச் சாந்து பூசி வெள்ளையடிக்கப்பட்டிருத்தல் வேண்டும் ,
- (இ) தரைக்கு சீமெந்து போடப்பட்டிருத்தல் வேண்டும் ,
- (ஈ) கூரையிலிருந்து ஊதாதையும் தூசியும் விழுவதைத் தடுக்கக் கூடிய தாக்க தகுந்த பொருட்களால் ஒரு மச்ச அமைக்கப்பட்டிருத்தல் வேண்டும்

13 ஏதேனுமொரு சாப்பாட்டுக்கடை சிறுமுடிச்சாலை அல்லது தேனீர் அல்லது கோபபிக்கடையின் லைசென்சைகாரர்—

- (அ) அதன் தலத்தை சுத்தமாகவும் சுகாதார நிலைமையிலும் வைப்பிக்கவும் ,
- (ஆ) அந்த சாப்பாட்டுக் கடையில், சிறுமுடிச் சாலையில் அல்லது தேனீர் அல்லது கோபபிக்கடையில் பாலிக்கும் அல்லது அதற்குரிய பாண்டங்கள், தளபாடங்கள் அல்லது வேறு உபகரணங்கள் அனைத்தையும் சுத்தமாக வைப்பிக்கவும் ;
- (இ) சாப்பாட்டுக்கடை, சிறுமுடிச்சாலை அல்லது தேனீர் அல்லது கோபபிக்கடைத் தலத்தில் அல்லது அதைச் சுற்றிலும் உள்ள எல்லாக் குப்பையையும் தினமும் இரண்டுமுறை கூட்டி அகற்று விகவும் ,
- (ஈ) அந்தத்தலத்தில் விற்பதற்கு வைக்கப்படும் எல்லாக் “கேக்” களையும் மிட்டாய்களையும் மற்றும் ஆகாரங்களையும் சுத்தமானதும் தக்கமுறையில் அமைக்கப்பட்ட ஈ நுழைய முடியாததுமான கண்ணாடிப்பெட்டிகளில் வைப்பிக்கவும் ,
- (உ) எல்லா கழிவுத் தேனீர், கோபபி அல்லது பாலையும் எல்லா எஞ்சிய ஆகாரத்தையும் நெருங்கிப் பொருந்தும் ஒரு மூடி அல்லது அடைப்பு உள்ள ஒரு ஈ நுழைய முடியாத கொள்கலத்தில் சேகரித்து தினமும் இரண்டு முறை அந்த தலத்திலிருந்து அகற்றுவிக்கவும் ,
- (ஊ) ஆகாரம் அல்லது பால் செய்வதற்கு, விற்பதற்கு அல்லது உட்கொள்வதற்கு உபயோகிக்கும் பாண்டங்களினைத்தையும் ஒவ்வொரு இருபத்துநான்கு மணித்தியாலங்களுக்கொருமுறையாவது சவுக்காரமும் தண்ணீரும் கொண்டு கழுவுவிகவும் ,
- (எ) பாண்டம் அல்லது கொள்கலம் ஒவ்வொன்றையும் அது ஒரு வாடிகைக்க காரரால் பாலிக்கப்பட்ட உடனேயும் மறறொரு வாடிகைக்காரரால் பாலிக்கப்படுதற்கு முன்னரும் கழுவுவிகவும் ,
- (ஏ) எல்லா வேலையாட்களினதும் பெயாக்களும் விலாசங்களும் அடங்கிய நாமாவளியொன்றை பாப்பத்தற்குக் கிடைக்கக்கூடியதாக எக் காலத்திலும் அதலத்தில் வைப்பிக்கவும் ,

வேண்டும்

14 ஏதேனுமொரு சாப்பாட்டுக்கடை, சிறுமுடிச்சாலை அல்லது தேனீர் அல்லது கோபபிக்கடையின் லைசென்சைகாரர்—

- (அ) ஏதும் கழிவு தேனீரை, கோபபியை அல்லது பாலை அல்லது ஏதும் மிகுசிய ஆகாரத்தை லைசென்சைபெற்ற தலத்தின் தரையில் , எறியவிடலாகாது , அல்லது
- (ஆ) லைசென்சைபெற்ற தலத்தில் ஏதும் சூதாட்டம் அல்லது முறை கோடான நடத்தை நடைபெற விடலாகாது

15 ஏதேனுமொரு சாப்பாட்டுக்கடை, சிறுமுடிச்சாலை அல்லது தேனீர் அல்லது கோபபிக்கடையின் லைசென்சைகாரர், லைசென்சை பெற்ற தலத்துக்கு வருவோருக்கும் வேலையாட்களுக்கும் உடனே கிடைக்கக்கூடியதாக அந்த தலத்தில் எந்நேரமும் இரண்டு எச்சிற படிக்கங்களையாவது வைத்திருக்கச் செய்தல் வேண்டும்

16 அதற்கென வைக்கப்பட்டிருக்கும் ஒரு எச்சிற படிக்கத்துக்குள் அன்றி ஒருவரும் ஒரு சாப்பாட்டுக்கடை, சிறுமுடிச்சாலை அல்லது தேனீர் அல்லது கோபபிக்கடையின் தலத்தில் துப்புதல் கூடாது

17 ஏதும் தொற்றுநோய், சரும நோய் அல்லது ஒட்டு நோய் பீடித்த அல்லது சமீபகாலத்தில் பீடித்திருந்த அல்லது அதற்கைய நோய் பீடித்துள்ள எவருக்கும் சமீப காலத்தில் பணிவிடைசெய்த ஒருவரை, நோய்தொற்று கால எல்லைபும் காததற்கால எல்லைபும் கழியுமுன்னர், ஒரு சாப்பாட்டுக்கடை சிறுமுடிச்சாலை அல்லது தேனீர் அல்லது கோபபிக்கடைக்குள் செல்லவோ அல்லது அங்கு ஏதும் ஆகாரத்தை அல்லது பாணத்தை செய்வதில் அல்லது விற்பதில் பங்குபற்றவோ, அந்த இடத்துக்குப் பொறுப்பாளியாக உள்ளவா கிடலாகாது

18 அக்கிராசனா அல்லது வைத்திய சுகாதார உத்தியோகஸ்தா அல்லது சுகாதாரப் பரிசோதகர் அல்லது அக்கிராசனரால் எழுத்தில் அதிகாரமளிக்கப் பெற்ற உத்தியோகஸ்தா எவரும் சாப்பாட்டுக்கடை, சிறுமுடிச்சாலை

அல்லது தேனீர் அல்லது கோபபிக்கடை எதற்குள்ளும் நியாயமான எல்லா நேரங்களிலும் பிரவேசித்தலும் அதைச் சோதித்தலும் சட்ட முறையாகும் ஏதும் சாப்பாட்டுக்கடை, சிறுமுடிச்சாலை அல்லது தேனீர் அல்லது கோபபிக்கடையின் லைசென்சைகாரர் அல்லது அதற்குப் பொறுப்பாளியாகவுள்ளவர் அவரை அதலத்துக்குள் பிரவேசிக்கவும் அதைச் சோதிக்கவும் அனுமதித்து அவருக்குத் தேவையான சகல உதவிகளையும் செய்தலவேண்டும்

19 கிராமக்கோடு, அது விதிக்கும் வேறு ஏதும் தண்டனையோடுகூட, சாப்பாட்டுக்கடை, சிறுமுடிச்சாலை அல்லது தேனீர் அல்லது கோபபிக்கடைகள் சம்பந்தமான இந்த உபவிதிகள் எதையும் மீறியமை எதற்கும் இருமுறை அல்லது பலமுறை குற்றவாளியாக காணப்பட்ட எந்த லைசென்சை காரர்தும் லைசென்சை அழித்தல் சட்டமுறையாகும் லைசென்சைகாரர் அந்த அழித்தல் விஷயமாக நஷ்ட ஈடு எதுவும் பெறுதற்குப் பாததிரராகார்

சந்தைகளும் முறைச் சந்தைகளும்.

20 கிராமச் சந்தை எதிலுமிருந்து ஒரு மைல் விட்டாத்தமுள்ள வட்டத்துக்குள் இருக்கும் பகுதி அந்தச் சந்தையின் சந்தைப்பகுதியென்று இடதால் பிரகடனம் செய்யப்படுகின்றது.

21 ஒரு கிராமச் சந்தையின் சந்தைப் பகுதிக்குள், கிராமச் சந்தை திறந்திருக்கும் எந்தத் தினத்திலும் ஏதும் காய்கறிகளை, கனிகளை, இறைச்சியை அல்லது வேறு அழக்கக்கூடிய உணவுப் பதார்த்தங்களை அந்தச் சந்தை யல்லாத வேறு எந்த இடத்திலும் ஒருவரும் விற்கவோ அல்லது விற்பனைக்கு விடவோ அல்லது வைக்கவோ கூடாது : ஆயினும் இந்த உபவிதியின் முந்தின ஏற்பாடுகள் பின்வருவனவற்றுக்குப் பொருந்தா :—

- (அ) ஒரு குறித்த இடத்தில் விற்காமல் அல்லது வியாபாரத்தின் பொருட்டு பிரசித்தமான தெருக்கள் அல்லது வேறு பிரசித்தமான இடங்களில் தங்களை ஸ்தாபிதம் செய்யத் தொள்ளாமல் பல இடங்களுக்கும் கொண்டு திரியும் தெரு வியாபாரிகள் காய்கறிகளை அல்லது பழங்களை விற்பதற்கு ,
- (ஆ) ஒரு சாப்பாட்டுக் கடையின் அல்லது தேனீர் அல்லது கோபபிக்கடையின் லைசென்சைகாரர் அதலத்தில் வைத்துத் தினப்பதற்கு வாழைப்பழங்களை அல்லது வேறு பழங்களை விற்பதற்கு , அல்லது
- (இ) எவரேனும் இளநீர்க் குருமபைகள் விற்பதற்கு

22 கிராமச் சந்தை ஒவ்வொன்றும் சங்கத்தால் அங்கீகரிக்கப்பட்டு அக்கிராசனரால் அந்தச் சந்தையில் ஆங்கிலத்திலும் சிங்களத்திலும், தமிழ் இலும் எழுதப்பட்ட அறிவித்தல்களை ஒட்டிப் பொதுஜனங்களுக்கு அறிவிக்கப்பட்ட வாரத்தின் அந்தந்த நாட்களில் காலை 6 மணி முதல் மாலை 6 மணி வரை திறந்திருத்தல் வேண்டும்

23 சங்கம், ஒரு கிராமச் சந்தையின் எப் பாகத்தையேனும் ஏதும் ஒரு பொருள் அல்லது ஏதும் ஒருவகைப் பொருட்கள் விற்பதற்கென்று புறம்பாக விடப்பட்டிருக்குமிடத்து, ஒருவரும்—

- (அ) அந்தப் பொருளை அல்லது அந்த வகைப்பொருட்களை அந்தச் சந்தையில் புறம்பாக விடப்பட்ட அந்தப் பாகத்தினன்றி எந்த இடத்திலும் விற்கவோ அல்லது விற்பதற்கு வைக்கவோ கூடாது , அல்லது
- (ஆ) அவ்விதம் புறம்பாக விடப்பட்ட பாகத்தில் வேறு ஏதும் பொருளை அல்லது வேறு ஏதும் வகைப் பொருட்களை விற்கவோ அல்லது விற்பதற்கு வைக்கவோ கூடாது.

24 எந்தச் சிராமச் சந்தையிலுமுள்ள எந்தச் சிறு கடையையும் உட்காரு மிடத்தையும் அல்லது இடத்தையும் உபயோகிப்பதற்கு கீழ்க்காணும் வீதப் படியான ஒரு கட்டணம் விதிக்கவும் கொடுக்கவும் வேண்டும் :—

தினமொன்றுக்கு சதம்.	
சந்தை நிலத்தில் 9 சதுர அடிக்கு மேற்படாத ஒரு திறந்த இடத்துக்கு அல்லது அதன் பாகம் எதற்கும்	5
சந்தை நிலத்தில் 9 சதுர அடிக்கு மேற்பட்ட ஆனால் 16 சதுர அடிக்கு மேற்படாத ஒரு திறந்த இடத்துக்கு	15
சந்தை நிலத்தில் 16 சதுர அடிக்கு மேற்பட்ட ஆனால் 24 சதுர அடிக்கு மேற்படாத ஒரு திறந்த இடத்துக்கு	50
சந்தையில் மூடிய பகுதியில் 12 சதுர அடிக்கு மேற்படாத ஒரு இடத்துக்கு அல்லது அதன் பாகம் எதற்கும்	50
சந்தையில் மூடிய பகுதியில் ஒரு சிறு கடைக்கு	75
மீள் சந்தையில் 12 சதுர அடிக்கு மேற்படாத ஒரு திறந்த இடத்துக்கு அல்லது அதன் பாகம் எதற்கும்	20
மீள் சந்தையில் மூடிய பகுதியில் 12 சதுர அடிக்கு மேற்படாத ஒரு இடத்துக்கு அல்லது அதன் பாகம் எதற்கும்	30

25 ஒருவரும், அதற்கென் அக்கிராசனரால் அல்லது அக்கிராசனரின் அதிகாரத்தின்கீழ் வழங்கப்பட்ட ஒரு அனுமதிச் சீட்டை வைத்திருப்பவராக இருந்தாலன்றி அல்லது அதற்கைய அனுமதிச் சீட்டின் தார்பரியங்களுக்கும் நிபந்தனைகளுக்கும் இணக்கமாகவன்றி ஒரு கிராமச் சந்தையிலுள்ள இடம் அல்லது சிறுக்கடை எந்தையும் பாலிக்கக்கூடாது. அதற்கைய அனுமதிச்சீட்டு ஒவ்வொன்றும் அதன் சொல்லப்படும திகதியில் வலியுற்று முடிவுறும்

26. உபவிதி 24 ன கீழ் செலுத்தவேண்டிய கட்டணங்களை அககிராசனரிடம் அல்லது அககிராசனரால் எழுத்தில் அறிமாரமுளிக்கப்பட வேறு பேரிடம் செலுத்த வேண்டும். செலுத்தவேண்டிய கட்டணம் கொடுக்கப்பட்டாலன்றி உபவிதி 25 ன கீழ் எவருக்கும் அனுமதிக்கீட்டு வழங்கப்படாது.

27. அககிராசனா ஒவ்வொரு கிராமச் சந்தையிலும், அந்தச் சந்தையைப் பாவிப்பதற்குக் கொடுக்கவேண்டிய கட்டணங்களைக் காட்டும் விளம்பரம் ஒன்றை ஆங்கிலத்திலும் சிங்களத்திலும் தமிழிலும் எழுதி ஒரு பிரசுரித்தமான இடத்தில் யாவருக்கும் தெரியக்கூடியதாக வைப்பிக்க வேண்டும். அதற்கைய விளம்பரத்தில் காட்டப்பட்ட தொகைகளுக்கு அதிகமான தொகைகள் எதையும் ஒருவரும் கேட்கவோ அல்லது வாங்கவோ கூடாது.

28. வைத்திய சுகாதார உத்தியோகத்தாரைக் கலந்தாலோசித்து பின்னர் எதும் ஒரு குறித்த உணவுப் பொருள் பொது ஜனங்களால் பாவிக்கப்படுதல் அல்லது உட்கொள்ளப்படுதல் தீங்கானது அல்லது கெடுதலானது என்று சங்கம் திருப்தியடையுமோதெல்லாம் பறைசாற்றி அல்லது வேறு போதிய அறிவித்தல் கொடுத்து சங்கத்துக்கு அவசியமென்று தோன்றும் அத்தகைய காலத்துக்கு எந்தக் கிராமச் சந்தையிலும் அல்லது முறைச் சந்தையிலும் அந்த உணவுப் பொருளைக் கொண்டுவருவதையும் விற்பதையும் தடை செய்வது சங்கத்திற்கு உட்படுவதாகும்.

29. ஒரு கிராமச் சந்தையில் அல்லது முறைச் சந்தையில் ஒருவரும் கீழ்க்காணப்பற்றை விற்கவோ அல்லது விற்பதற்கு வைக்கவோ கூடாது:—

(அ) ஒரு கிராமிய மிருகங்களைக் கொல்லும் சாலையில் அல்லது ஒரு லைசென்ஸ் பெற்ற மிருகங்களைக் கொல்லும் சாலையிலுள்ள வேறு எந்த இடத்திலும் கொல்லப்பட்ட எதும் மிருகத்தின் சடலம் அல்லது இறைச்சி;

(ஆ) சங்கத்தால் உண்டாக்கப்பட்ட எந்த உபவிதியினாலும் அல்லது எந்த உபவிதியின் கீழும் வைப்பது அல்லது விற்பது தடுக்கப்பட்ட எது பொருளும்;

ஆயினும், இந்த உபவிதியின் (அ) ம பந்தியில் உள்ள ஏற்பாடுகளை குறிப்பிட்டு விளக்கச்செய்த இறைச்சி அல்லது வேட்டையாடிய மாமிசம் விற்பதற்குப் பொருந்தமாட்டா.

30. எதும் தொற்றுநோய், சருமநோய் அல்லது ஒட்டுநோய் பீடித்த அல்லது சமீபகாலத்தில் பீடித்திருந்த அல்லது அத்தகைய நோய்பீடித்தவர்கள் எவருக்கும் சமீபகாலத்தில் பணிவிடைசெய்த ஒருவரும், நோய் தொற்றுமிகு கால் எலியையும் காத்தறகால் எலியையும் கழியும்வரை, எந்தக் கிராமச் சந்தையிலுள்ள எக்கடையையேனும் இருப்பிடத்தையேனும் அல்லது இடத்தையேனும் பாவிக்கவோ அல்லது அதில் எத்தகைய பொருளையேனும் விற்பனைக்கு காட்டவோ கூடாது.

31. எந்தக் கிராமச் சந்தையையும் உபயோகக்கும் எவரும்—

- (1) எதும், முறைகேடான விதத்தில் நடந்துகொள்ளவோ அல்லது அச்சந்தையில் அல்லது அதற்கருகில் எதும் அச்சத்தம் உண்டு பண்ணவோ கூடாது; அல்லது
- (2) அச்சந்தையில் சமையல் செய்யக்கூடாது; அல்லது
- (3) அந்தச் சந்தை தொழில் நடத்துவதற்கு மாலை 6 மணிக்கு மூடப்பட்ட பின்னர் திருப்திகரமான காரணம் கூறமுடியாமல் அந்த இடத்தில் அல்லது அதன் அருகில் தங்கவோ அல்லது சோம்பித்திரியவோ கூடாது; அல்லது
- (4) அந்தச் சந்தையில் அல்லது அதன் அருகில் உள்ள எக் கட்டிடத்தை அல்லது சிறு கடைகளையேனும், விளக்குகளையேனும் அல்லது சங்கத்தின் வேறு எதும் சொத்தையேனும், சேதப்படுத்தவோ அல்லது எவ்வகையிலேனும் அழகைக் குலைக்கவோ அல்லது அந்தச் சந்தையில் பாவிப்பதற்கு வைத்திருக்கும் தண்ணீரைக் கெடுக்கவோ அச்சத்தப்படுத்தவோ கூடாது; அல்லது
- (5) அச்சந்தைக் கட்டிடத்தின் அல்லது தலத்தின் எப்பாகத்தையும் எவ்வகையிலேனும் சுற்றியடைக்கவோ அல்லது எதும் வகையான நிரந்தரக் கூடாரம் அல்லது மறைப்பு அல்லது நிலைமாளம் எதையும் போடவோ கூடாது; அல்லது
- (6) அககிராசனரின் விசேஷ அனுமதியின்றி மாலை 6 மணிக்கு மாலை 6 மணிக்குமிடையில் அச்சந்தையின் தலத்தில் அல்லது அதன் அருகில் எப்பொருட்களையும் விட்டு வைக்கக்கூடாது; அல்லது
- (7) அச்சத்தமான அல்லது சுகாதாரமற்ற மேற்பரப்பில் பழங்கள், காய்கறிகள், இறைச்சி, மாமிசம் அல்லது வேறு உணவுப் பொருள் எதையும் விற்பதற்கு வைத்தல் கூடாது; அல்லது
- (8) சுத்தமானதும் தக்க முறையில் அமைக்கப்பட்ட ஈ நுழைய முடியாததுமான கண்ணாடிப் பெட்டிகளினின்றி சமைத்த உணவுப் பொருள் எதையும் விற்பதற்கு வைத்தல் கூடாது.

32. ஒரு கிராமச் சந்தையில் சிறு கடை எதையும் பாவிக்கும் ஒவ்வொருவரும் அச்சிறு கடையில் அதற்கருகில் நெருங்கிப் பொருந்தும் மூடி அல்லது அடையு உள்ள ஈ நுழைய முடியாத கொள்கலம் ஒன்றை வைத்து எல்லாக் குப்பைகளையும் கஞ்சல்களையும் அந்தக் கொள்கலத்திற்குள் போடுதல் வேண்டும்.

33. கிராமச் சந்தை அல்லது முறைச் சந்தை என்னதும் தலத்தில் ஒருவரும் எதும் குப்பையை அல்லது கஞ்சலை அல்லது எதும் மிருகத்தின் எலும்பு அல்லது தோல் எதையும் அல்லது பொது ஜன ஆரோக்கியத்துக்கு ஆபத்து அல்லது தீங்கு உண்டாக்கக்கூடிய எதும் பொருளை எறிதல் கூடாது.

34. கிராமச் சந்தை என்னதும் காவற்காரனையேனும் அல்லது எந்தக் கிராமச் சந்தையையும் மேற்பாணவியிலேவதற்கு அல்லது வாடகைகளையும் கட்டணங்கடையும் நிரட்டுவதற்கு அல்லது அங்கு ஒழுங்கையும் துப்பரவையும் ஏற்படுத்தவதற்கு சங்கத்தால் நியமிக்கப்பட்ட வேறு எவரையேனும் அவரது சட்டத்தியான அதிகாரங்களைச் செலுத்தவிடாது ஒருவரும் தடுக்கவோ அல்லது எதிர்த்துக்கவோ கூடாது.

35. ஒரு வாகனத்தின் சாரதி, அந்த வாகனத்தில் சாரமண்களை ஏற்றுவதற்கு அல்லது அதிலிருந்து சாமான்களை இறக்குவதற்குத் தேவையான தரக்கடிகமான காலத்துக்கு அந்த வாகனத்தை எந்தக் கிராமச் சந்தைத் தலத்துக்குள்ளும் அல்லது பக்கத்திலும் நிறுத்திவைக்கவாகாது.

36. கிராமச் சந்தை அல்லது முறைச் சந்தை எதுவும் தற்காலிகமாக மூடுவதற்குரியது, அககிராசனர், பறைசாற்றியாவது அல்லது அவர் போதுமென நெருங்கும் வேறு வகையிலாவது ஏறிவிடக்கூடக் கொடுக்கவேண்டும்.

அருவருக்கத்தக்க, அபாயகரமான வியாபாரங்கள்.

37. (1) கீழ்க்காணும் வியாபாரங்கள் அருவருக்கத்தக்க வியாபாரங்களெனக் கருதப்படும்:—

- (அ) பாடம்பண்ணிய மீன் அல்லது கருவாடு சேகரித்துவைத்தல்,
- (ஆ) மொத்தமாக விற்பனை செய்யப் பொருட்களை சேகரித்துவைத்தல்,
- (இ) அந்தருக்கு அதிகமாக தோல், எலும்பு அல்லது செயற்கை உரம் சேகரித்துவைத்தல்.

(2) கீழ்க்காணும் வியாபாரங்கள் அபாயகரமான வியாபாரங்களெனக் கருதப்படும்:—

- (அ) உபகரணத்தால் எண்ணெய் வடித்தல்,
- (ஆ) சண்ணாம்புச் சூளைவைத்தல்
- (இ) கீழ்க்காணும் வியாபாரம் அருவருக்கத்தக்க, அபாயகரமான வியாபாரங்களெனக் கருதப்படும்:—

செங்கற்கள் அல்லது ஓடுகள் சூளைவைத்தல்

38. (1) வைத்திய சுகாதார உத்தியோகத்தாரின் சிபாரிசுபெறிய அககிராசனரால் அந்தருகை வழங்கப்பட்ட ஒரு லைசென்ஸ் வைத்திருந்தாலன்றி ஒருவரும் அருவருக்கத்தக்க அல்லது அபாயகரமான வியாபாரம் எதையும் நடத்தலாகாது.

(2) ஒவ்வொரு லைசென்ஸும், அது 40 ம உபவிதியின் கீழ் முந்தியே அழிக்கப்பட்டாலன்றி, அது எவ்வருடத்துக்கு வழங்கப்பட்டதோ அவ்வருடத்து டிசம்பர் மாதம் 31 ந திகதியன்று வலியுறு முடிவுறும்.

(3) ஒரு லைசென்ஸும் பராதீனப்படுத்தப்படலாகாது.

39. கீழ்க்காணும் நிபந்தனைகளுக்குட்பட்டாக இருந்தாலன்றி அருவருக்கத்தக்க அல்லது அபாயகரமான வியாபாரம் எதையும் நடத்துவதற்கான ஒரு லைசென்ஸுக்கு ஒருவரும் உரிமையுடையவராகமாட்டா:—

(1) அவ்வியாபாரம் நடத்தப்படவிருக்கும் இடம் வைத்திய சுகாதார உத்தியோகத்தாரால் அங்கீகரிக்கப்பட்டிருக்கவேண்டும், மேலும்

(2) அவ்வியாபாரத்தின் நோக்கங்களுக்குப் பாவிக்கப்பட்டிருக்கும் கட்டிடம் ஒவ்வொன்றும் கீழ்க்காணும் தேவைகளுக்கிணக்கமாறியிருத்தல் வேண்டும்:—

(அ) கட்டிடம் பழுதில்லாமலும் நல்ல காற்றோட்டமும் வெளிச்சமும் உண்டாதாயும் போதிய வடிகால், மலசைகூட வசதி உடையதாயும் இருத்தல் வேண்டும்;

(ஆ) அக்கட்டிடத்தின் கூரை நிலையான வலதுவால் செய்யப்பட்டதாயும் தரை சீமெந்து பூசப்பெற்றதாயும் இருத்தல் வேண்டும்.

(இ) அக்கட்டிடத்தின் தாமவாரங்கள் நிலத்திலிருந்து ஆறடிக்குக் குறையாமல் இருத்தல் வேண்டும்;

(ஈ) அக்கட்டிடத்திலுள்ள அறை ஒவ்வொன்றுக்கும் திறந்துவிடக்கூடிய ஜன்னல்கள் இருக்கவேண்டும். ஜன்னல்களைத் திறந்துவிட்டால் அவற்றின் பரப்பு தரையின் வெள்ளோட்டமான பரப்பில் பதினைந்தில் ஒரு பங்குக்குக் குறையாததாக இருத்தல் வேண்டும்;

(உ) அக்கட்டிடத்தின் அறை ஒவ்வொன்றினதும் சுவர்கள் எழு அடிகளுக்குக் குறையாத உயரமுள்ளவாயும் செங்கல்லால், கல்லால் அல்லது “கய்க” கல்லால் கட்டப்பட்டவாயும் இருத்தல் வேண்டும்;

(ஊ) அச்சுவர்களின் உட்பக்கம் தரையிலிருந்து நான்கு அடி உயரத்துக்காவது சீமெந்து பூசப்பட்டு மீதம் சண்ணாம்புச் சாந்து பூசி வெள்ளையடிக்கப்பட்டிருத்தல் வேண்டும்

(எ) கட்டிடத்தின் மரவேலை மை பூசப்பட்டு அல்லது வெள்ளையடிக்கப்பட்டு இருத்தல் வேண்டும்

40. எதும் அருவருக்கத்தக்க அல்லது அபாயகரமான வியாபாரத்தின் பொருட்டு ஒரு லைசென்ஸ் வழங்கப்பட்டிருந்து அந்த லைசென்ஸ் எக்கால் எல்லைக்கு வழங்கப்பட்டதோ அக்கால் எல்லைக்குள் அந்த வியாபார நோக்கத்துக்கு பாவிக்கப்படும் கட்டிடம் எதுவும் 39 ம உபவிதியின் ஏற்பாடுகளுக்கு இணக்கமாயிராதுபோனால், வைத்திய சுகாதார உத்தியோகத்தாரின் சிபாரிசுபேறிய அககிராசனா, லைசென்ஸ் பெற்றவருக்கு ஒரு அறிவித்தல் கொடுக்கச் செய்து அந்த அறிவித்தலில் சொல்லப்படும் ஒரு திகதிக்கு முன்னர் அந்த

கட்டிடத்தை அந்த ஏற்பாடுகளுக்கு இணக்கமாகருவதற்கு அவசியமான எல்லாக் கருவிகளையும் செய்யும்படி அவரைக் கேட்கலாம். வேசெனஸ் பெற்றவா அந்த அறிவித்தலில் சொல்லப்படும் காலத்திற்குள் அதன் தேவைகளைப் பூர்த்திசெய்யத் தவறினால் அக்கிராசனா வேசெனஸ் அழித்து விடலாம்.

41. 40 ம் உபவிதியின்படியான அறிவித்தல் எதுவும், வேசெனஸ் பெற்றவா அருவருக்கத்தக்க அல்லது அபாயகரமான வியாபாரத்தை நடத்தும தலத்தில் ஓட்டிவிடப்பட்டால் அல்லது வேசெனஸ் பெற்றவரால் அதலத்தில் வேலைக்கமர்த்தப்பட்டிருக்கும் எவரிடமேனும் விடப்பட்டால் அவரிடம் கொடுக்கப்பட்டதாகக் கருதப்படும்.

42. வேசெனஸ் பெற்ற ஒவ்வொருவரும்—

(அ) அவரது வேசெனஸ் சம்பந்தப்பட்ட அருவருக்கத்தக்க அல்லது அபாயகரமான வியாபாரத்தின் நோக்கங்களுக்குப் பாவிக்கப்படும் ஒவ்வொரு கட்டிடத்தினதும் தரையை தினமும் சுட்டிச் சுத்தப்படுத்தவேண்டியும்,

(ஆ) அக்கட்டிடம் ஒவ்வொன்றினதும் சுவாங்களுக்கு ஒவ்வொரு பன்னிரண்டு மாதங்களுக்கு ஒரு முறையாவது வெள்ளையடிப்பிக்கவும்,

(இ) அந்த வியாபாரத்துக்குப் பாவிக்கப்படும் எல்லா உபகரணங்களையும், ஆயுதங்களையும், பாத்திரங்களையும் சுத்தமாக வைப்பிக்கவும்,

(ஈ) எல்லாக் குப்பையையும், சுட்டிச் சேர்த்த கஞ்சல்களையும், துண்டு துண்டுகளையும், கழிவுப்பொருட்களையும், மேற்கொண்டு வியாபார விவகாரங்களுக்கு உணாகாத உப பொருட்களையும் ஒரு மூடியுள்ள கொள்கலத்தில் அந்த வியாபாரம் நடைபெறுமிடத்திலிருந்து தினமும் அகற்றுவிக்கவும் வேண்டும்.

43. அருவருக்கத்தக்க அல்லது அபாயகரமான வியாபாரம் ஒன்றின் பொருட்டான வேசெனஸ் வைத்திருக்குமொருவர் கிணறு, ஏரி, ஆறு, நீரோடை வாய்க்கால், வெட்டாறு, குளம் அல்லது வேறு உள்நூர் நீர் நிலை எதையும் கெடுக்கவோ அல்லது அசுத்தப்படுத்தவோ கூடாது.

44. வேசெனஸ் பெற்றவா, அயலில் உள்வாங்களுக்கு தொல்லைவிளக்கக்கூடிய அல்லது அவர்களின் ஆரோக்கியத்துக்கு அல்லது செளகரியத்துக்கு தீங்கு உண்டாக்கக்கூடிய எந்த விதத்திலும் அருவருக்கத்தக்க அல்லது அபாயகரமான வியாபாரம் எதையும் நடத்தலாகாது.

45. வேசெனஸ்பெற்ற ஒவ்வொருவரும் அவருடைய வேசெனஸ் சம்பந்தப்பட்ட அருவருக்கத்தக்க அல்லது அபாயகரமான வியாபாரத்தை நடத்துமையில் வெளிப்படும் அருவருக்கத்தக்க ஆகிகள் அல்லது வாய்க்கால் எதையும்—

(அ) அவை தீங்கான அல்லது அருவருப்பான பயன் உண்டுபண்ணாமல் காற்றில் வியாபிக்கக்கூடிய முறையிலும் உபரத்திலும் வெளிப்புகாறற்று விடுவிக வேண்டும்; அல்லது

(ஆ) நேரடியாக நெருப்புக்குள் அல்லது ஒரு கனீகரண உபகரணத்தின்குள் செலுத்துவிக வேண்டும்.

46. அக்கிராசனா அல்லது வைத்திய சுகாதார உத்தியோகத்தா அல்லது சுகாதாரப் பரிசோதகர் அல்லது அக்கிராசனரால் எழுத்தில அடிகாரமளிக்கப்பெற்ற சங்கத்தின் உத்தியோகத்தர் எவரும் நியாயமான எல்லா நேரங்களிலும் அருவருக்கத்தக்க அல்லது அபாயகரமான வியாபாரம் நடைபெறும் எந்த தலத்துக்குள்ளும் பிரவேசித்தலும் அதைச் சீர்திட்டதலும் சட்ட முறையாகும் வேசெனஸ் பெற்றவா அல்லது அருவருப் பொறுப்பாவியாக உள்ளவர் சோதனை நடாத்தவதற்கு அனுமதிக்கல் வேண்டும்.

மல்கூடங்கள் கட்டுதல்.

47. (1) அதற்குள் மனித வாசத்துக்குப் பாவிக்கப்படும் எந்த வளவினதும் சொந்தக்காரனை அல்லது குத்தகக்காரனை ஒரு மல்கூடத்தைக் கட்டிப் பரிபாலிக்கும்படி கேட்கவேண்டுமென்று சங்கம் ஒரு பகுதியை வரையறுக்குமிடத்து, அக்கிராசனா அச்சொந்தக்காரனுக்கு அல்லது குத்தகக்காரனுக்கு எழுத்தில அறிவித்தல் கொடுத்த சங்கம் தீர்மானித்த அதே மாதிரி யானதும் அதே அளவானதுமான ஒரு மல்கூடத்தை அந்த வளவில் சங்கம் தீர்மானித்த அதே நிலையத்தில் அதற்கைய இணைப்பக் கான்குருடன்கட்டுமபடி அந்தச் சொந்தக்காரனுக்கு அல்லது குத்தகக்காரனுக்கு கட்டளையிட்டு அதற்கைய தேவைகளைத்தையும் அந்த அறிவித்தலில் குறிக்கவேண்டும்.

(2) 1 ம பந்தியின்கீழ் ஒரு அறிவித்தல் கொடுக்கப்பெற்ற வளவுச் சொந்தக்காரன் அல்லது குத்தகக்காரன் ஒவ்வொருவனும் அத்தகைய எந்த அறிவித்தலும் கொடுக்கப்பெற்ற முயத்தொரு நாட்களுக்குள் அந்த அறிவித்தலில் சொல்லப்பட்ட தேவைகளுக்குக் சகல வகையிலும் இணக்கமாக ஒரு மல்கூடத்தைக் கட்டுதல் வேண்டும்.

48. அக்கிராசனரின் அனுமதியுடனன்றி ஒருவரும் எந்தக் கிணற்றிலிருந்தும், நூறு அடி விட்டாத்தத்துக்குள் ஒரு குழிக் கக்கூசைக் கட்டவோ அல்லது பரிபாலிக்கவோ கூடாது.

செத்த மிருகங்களின் சடலங்களை ஒழித்தல்.

49. கிராமப் பகுதிகளுள் எந்த மிருகமேனும் செத்ததும், அது செத்த நேரத்திலிருந்து பன்னிரண்டு மணித்தியாலாகலாம் முடிவதற்குள் அந்த மிருகத்தின் சடலத்தைப் புதைப்பித்தல், அம்மிருகத்தின் சொந்தக்காரரின் அல்லது சொந்தக்காரர் இல்லாத விடத்து அம்மரணம் சம்பவித்த வளவில் குடியிருப்பவரின் கடமையாகும்.

50. செத்த மிருகம் எதையும் புதைப்பதற்கு 49 ம் உப விதியின் கீழ் பொறுப்பாளியாக உள்ள எவரும் அம்மிருகத்தைப் பன்னிரண்டு மணித்தியாலங்களுக்குள் புதைக்காவிட்டால் அக்கிராசனா அம்மிருகத்தைப் புதைப்பித்து அதனால் நேரம் செலவை சங்கத்துக்கு வரும்தியான ஒரு கட்டிப்போல் அதற்கையவரிடமிருந்து அறவிடலாம்.

பொது ஆரோக்கியமும் இதத்தரும் தர்மைகளும்.

51. ஒவ்வொரு வீட்டினதும் சொந்தக்காரர் அல்லது அதில் குடியிருப்பவா, தமது வளவளை அந்த வீட்டிலிருந்து முப்பது யார்க்குத்துக்கு அல்லது அவவளவின் எல்லை குறைந்த தூரத்திலிருப்பின் அத்துவரை சுத்தமாகவும் சுகலமான புல்பூண்களும் செழித்து வளரும் செடிகொடிகளும் சுகலமான குப்பையும் அல்லது ஊததையும் அல்லது துளம்பு உற்பத்தியாகும் இடங்களாக அமைக்கக்கூடிய கொள்கலங்களும் இல்லாமலும் வைத்திருத்தல் வேண்டும்.

மேலே தொங்கும் மரங்கள்.

52. (1) எந்த மரமேனும் அல்லது ஒரு மரத்தின் எக்சினையேனும் அல்லது பழமேனும் அல்லது வேறு பாகமேனும் எக்கட்டிடத்துக்காவது சேதமுண்டாக்கினால் அல்லது சேதமுண்டாக்கக்கூடியதாயிருந்தால் அல்லது எக்கட்டிடத்திலேனும் குடியிருப்பவர்களுக்கு அல்லது எதும பொதுப் பெருமழை மாரகமமாக செல்வோரின பந்தோபஸ்துக்கு ஆபத்து உண்டாக்கக்கூடிய நிலைமையிலிருந்தால் அக்கிராசனா அந்த மரம் நிற்கும் காலியின் சொந்தக்காரருக்கு அல்லது குடியிருப்பவருக்கு எழுத்தில அறிவித்தல் கொடுத்த அந்த அறிவித்தலில் சொல்லப்படும் காலத்துக்குள் அந்த மரத்தை அல்லது கீணைய; பழத்தை அல்லது அம்மரத்தின் வேறு பாகத்தைக் கட்டிப் பாதுகாக்கும்படி அல்லது வெட்டி அகற்றுமபடி அந்த சொந்தக்காரரை அல்லது குடியிருப்பவரைக் கேட்கலாம்.

(2) இந்த உபவிதியின்படி ஒரு அறிவித்தல் வழங்கப்பெற்ற ஒவ்வொருவரும் அந்த அறிவித்தலில் சொல்லப்படும் காலத்துக்குள் அதன் தேவைகளை நிறைவேற்றுவதல் வேண்டும் அதற்கையவா அதற்கைய காலத்துக்குள் அதற்கைய தேவைகளை நிறைவேற்ற மறுக்கும் அல்லது தவறும் பட்சத்தில் அக்கிராசனா அந்த அறிவித்தலில் சொல்லப்படும் கணிகளுள் துழைந்து அந்த அறிவித்தலால் அத்தகையவா செய்யும்படி கேட்கப்பட்டவற்றைச் செய்யலாம்; அத்துல நேரம் செலவு அத்தகையவரிடமிருந்து சங்கத்துக்கு வரும்தியான ஒரு கட்டிப்போல் அறவிடப்படவேண்டும்.

பரிசுக் அறிவித்தல்

53. சங்கத்தின் கட்டளையினால் ஓடப்படாபடிக்கும் எந்த அறிவித்தலையும் ஒருவரும் கெடுக்கவோ அல்லது அழிக்கவோ கூடாது.

முறைகெட்ட நடத்தையும் சோம்பித்திரிதலும் நிறை மொழியும் பிரயோகமும்

54. ஒரு வெளிச்சமில்லாமலும் நியாயமான காரணமில்லாமலும் ஒருவரும் இரவு 9 மணிக் குப்பினனா பொதுத் தெரு அல்லது பாதை எதிலும் அல்லது பொது இடம் எதிலும் சோம்பித்திரியாகாது. வெளிச்சம் போடாமல் ஒரு மினசார விளக்கை அல்லது வேறு வெளிச்ச சாதனத்தை சமமாவைத்திருத்தல் இவ்வுபவிதியின் நோக்கத்துக்குப் போதுமானதாகக் கருதப்படமாட்டாது.

55. எவருக்கும் இடைஞ்சல் உண்டுபண்ணும் எண்ணத்துடன் அல்லது எவருக்கும் இடைஞ்சல் உண்டுபண்ணும் எனது தெரிந்துகொண்டு அல்லது அங்கனம் நம்புவதற்கு காரணம் வைத்துக்கொண்டு அல்லது சமாதான பங்கம் உண்டுபண்ணும் எண்ணத்துடன் ஒருவரும் நிறை மொழியைப் பிரயோகித்தலாகாது.

56. இரவு 9 மணிக் கும பினனா கூச்சல் போட்டு, பாட்டுகள் பாடி அல்லது வேறு சப்தம் உண்டுபண்ணிப் பொது ஜனங்களை ஒருவரும் தொந்தரவு செய்யலாகாது; ஆயின் இந்த உபவிதியினுள்ள யாதொன்றும் மதச் சடங்குகள், முறையான கூட்டங்கள் பற்றிய விஷயத்தில் பொது ஜனங்களுக்குள்ள உரிமைகளைப் பாதிப்பதாகக் கருதப்படலாகாது.

57. ஒருவரும் எதும அசபியமான எழுத்தைப் பிரசித்தப்படுத்தி அல்லது எதும அசபியமான படத்தை வரைந்து அல்லது அசபியமான பாட்டு அல்லது கீதம் எதையும் பாடி அல்லது படித்து வேறு எவருக்கும் எதும இடைஞ்சல் உண்டுபண்ணலாகாது, அல்லது பொதுஜன் ஒழுக்க முறைக்குப்பங்கமுண்டுபண்ணக் கூடிய வேறு காரியமெந்ததும் செய்யலாகாது.

58. வேறு எவர்தும் வீட்டின் பீது அல்லது வளவுக்குள் கறகினை அல்லது ஊததையை ஒருவரும் வீசலாகாது.

தெருக்களும் பாதைகளும்

59. ஒவ்வொரு பொதுத் தெருவையும் அல்லது பாதையையும் அத்தகைய தெரு அல்லது பாதையின் அகலம், அது செல்லவேண்டிய மாரகம் ஆகிய விஷயங்களபற்றி சங்கம் செய்துள்ள தீர்மானத்துக்கு இணக்கமர்க அமைத்து அல்லது திருத்தியமைத்து பரிபாலிக்க வேண்டும்.

60. (1) பொதுத் தெரு அல்லது பாதை எதிலும் அமைப்பு அல்லது திருத்த வேலை எதுவும் ஆரம்பமானதும் பறையடித்து அல்லது வேறு வகையில் குறைந்தபட்சம் மூன்று நாள் அறிவித்தல் கொடுத்தபினனா பொது ஜனங்களை அத்தெருவை அல்லது பாதையை பாவிப்பதை தேவையான காலத்துக்கு தடைசெய்வதற்கு அக்கிராசனருக்கு தத்துவமுண்டு.

(2) அதன் பொருட்டான ஒரு தீர்மானத்தால் சங்கம் அதிகாரமளிக் கும போது, எதேனும் வகை அல்லது வகுப்பு, பார வாகனப் பேர்க்குவரத்துக்கு பொதுத் தெரு அல்லது பாதை எதையும் பாவிப்பதை கட்டுப்படுத்தல் அல்லது தடுத்தல் அக்கிராசனருக்கு சட்ட முறையாகும்.

(3) இந்த உபவிதியின்படி ஏதும் பொதுத் தெருவின அல்லது பாதையின் உபயோகம் தடுக்கப்பட்டு அல்லது கட்டுப்படுத்தப்பட்டு இருக்குமிடத்து, அக்கிராசனர் அத்தெரு அல்லது பாதையின் தொடக்கத்திலும் இறுதியிலும் அது வேறு ஏதும் தெரு அல்லது பாதையோடு சந்திக்கும்மிடத்திலும் அந்தக் கட்டுப்பாட்டை அல்லது தடையைக் காட்டும் அறிவித்தல்களை வைப்பித்தல் வேண்டும்.

(4) (3) ம பந்தியின்படி வைக்கப்படும் எந்த அறிவித்தலினதும் தேவைகளுக்கிணங்க ஒருவரும் மறுக்கலாகாது

61. அதற்கென அக்கிராசனரால் எழுத்தில் அதிகாரமளிக்கப்பெற்ற எவரும் கீழ்க் காண்பவற்றைச் செய்யத் தட்ட முறையாகும் :—

(1) இருந்துவரும் அல்லது உத்தேசிக்கப்பட்டிருக்கும் ஏதும் பொதுத் தெரு அல்லது பாதை சம்பந்தப்பட்ட ஏதும் வேலைசெய்யும் நோக்கத்துக்காக அத்தெருவுக்கு அல்லது பாதைக்கு அண்மையில் அல்லது அருகில் உள்ள எந்தக் காணிகளுளும் அவசியமான எல்லா தொழிலாளிகளும், வாகனங்கள் மிருகங்கள், ஆயுதங்களுள் காலை 7 மணிகளும் மாலை 5 மணிகளுமிடையில் பிரவேசித்தல்,

(2) அத்தகைய தெருவுக்கு அல்லது பாதைக்கு அண்மையில் அல்லது அருகில் உள்ள எந்தக் காணிகளுளும் அத்தெரு அல்லது பாதை சம்பந்தமான வேலை எதுவும் நடைபெறுமிடத்திலிருந்து அகற்ற வேண்டியதவசியமாகும் மண்ணை, குப்பையை அல்லது பொருட்களை வீசுதல்

(3) அத்தகைய எந்த தெருவுக்கும் அல்லது பாதைக்கும் அருகிலுள்ள நிலத்தினூடாக, அத்தெரு அல்லது பாதை சம்பந்தமான வேலை எதையும் செய்கையில் தற்காலிகமாக தெரு எதையும் உண்டு பண்ணல்,

(4) ஏதும் பொதுத் தெரு அல்லது பாதை எதையும் பாதுகாப்பதற்கு விருத்திசெய்வதற்கு, திருத்துவதற்கு அல்லது நிராமணிப்பதற்கு அவசியமான வடிகால்களை, வாய்க்கால்களை, வேலிகளை அல்லது மத்குகளை நிராமணிகளும், திருத்தும் அல்லது சுத்தம் செய்யும் நோக்கத்துக்காக எக்காணிகளுளும் பிரவேசித்தல்;

ஆயின பந்தி (2) ல சொல்லப்பட்ட மண், குப்பை அல்லது பொருட்கள் நியாயமான காலத்துக்குள் அகற்றப்பட வேண்டும் மேலும் பந்தி (3) ல சொல்லப்பட்ட தற்காலிகமான தெரு, ஏதேனும் கட்டிடம் உள்ள எந்தக் காணிகளுளாகவாவது அல்லது சுற்றியடக்கப்பட்ட தோட்டம் அல்லது முற்றம் எதற்குள்ளாகவாவது செல்லலாகாது.

62. (1) எந்த நெல்வயிலினூடாகவும் செல்லும் காலடிப்பாதை எதையும் அந்த காலடிப் பாதையின் வழக்கமான அகலத்திலவைத்திருத்தல் அந்த வயலின் சொந்தக்காரரின் அல்லது செயலாக்காரரின் கடமையாகும்.

(2) அத்தகைய காலடிப்பாதை எதையும், அதன் அகலம் அதன் வழக்கமான அகலத்தைக் காட்டிலும் குறைவடையக் கூடியதாக, ஒருவரும் வெட்டவோ அல்லது ஆக்கிரமிக்கவோ கூடாது

தொல்லைகளைத் தணித்தல்

63. ஏதேனும் கட்டிடம் அல்லது சுவா அல்லது அதன் மீதுள்ள சோமானம் எதுவும் அயலிலுள்ள ஒரு வீட்டுக்கு அல்லது அதில் குடியிருக்கு மொருவருக்கு அல்லது அவவழியாக செல்லுமொருவருக்கு ஆபத்தான நிலைமையிலிருக்குமிடத்து அக்கிராசனா அதன் சொந்தக்காரருக்கு அல்லது அதில் குடியிருப்பவருக்கு எழுத்தில் அறிவித்தல் கொடுத்து அந்த சொந்தக்காரரை அல்லது குடியிருப்பவரை—

(அ) அவசிய விஷயமெதிலும், அந்த அறிவித்தல் வழங்கப்பட்ட பின்னர் இருபத்துநான்கு மணி நேரத்துக்குள் அவவழியாக செல்பவராவர்தும் பாதுகாப்புக்காக ஒரு தகுதியான பலகையை அல்லது வேலையை போடுவதற்குமடி. கேட்பார்; மேலும்

(ஆ) ஒவ்வொரு விஷயத்திலும், அந்த அறிவித்தல் கொடுக்கப்பட்டபின்னர் மூன்று தினங்களுக்குள், அக்கட்டிடத்தை அல்லது சுவரை அல்லது அதன்மீதுள்ள சோமானம் எதையும் பத்திரப்படுத்தும்படி அல்லது பழுதுபார்கும்படி கேட்பார்.

64. (1) 63 ம உபவிதியின்படியான ஒரு அறிவித்தல் வழங்கப்பெற்ற ஒவ்வொரு சொந்தக்காரரும் அல்லது குடியிருப்பவரும் அந்த அறிவித்தலின் தேவைகளை அதில் சொல்லப்படும் காலத்துக் பூத்திசெய்தல் வேண்டும்.

(2) சொந்தக்காரர் அல்லது குடியிருப்பவர் எவரேனும் 63 ம உபவிதியின்படி வழங்கப்பட்ட ஒரு அறிவித்தலின் தேவைகளைப் பூத்தி செய்வத தவறும் அல்லது மறுக்குமிடத்து செய்யப்பட்டிருக்கவேண்டிய வேலையைச் செய்யாதற்கு குறித்த எவருக்கேனும் அல்லது எவர்களுக்கேனும் அக்கிராசனா அதிகாரமளிக்கலாம், அதனால் நேரும் செலவுகள் அந்த சொந்தக்காரரிடமிருந்து அல்லது குடியிருப்பவரிடமிருந்து, சங்கத்துக்கு வரும்தியான ஒரு கட்டணப்போல அறவிடப்படும்.

65. (1) ஏதேனும் வீடு அல்லது கட்டிடம் அதில் வசிப்பவர்களின் அல்லது அயல்வார்களின் சுகத்துக்கு கெடுதலான சுகாதாரமற்ற நிலைமையில் அல்லது பழுதடைந்த ஸ்திதியில் இருப்பதாகத் தெரியும்போதெல்லாம் அக்கிராசனா அதன் சொந்தக்காரருக்கு அல்லது அதில் குடியிருப்பவருக்கு எழுத்தில் அறிவித்தல் கொடுத்து அந்த அறிவித்தலில் சொல்லப்படும் வேலையை அந்த அறிவித்தலில் சொல்லப்படும் காலத்துக்குள் செய்யும்படி அக்கிராசனரால் அல்லது கட்டுப்பாட்டாளரால் கேட்பார்.

(2) (1) ம பந்தியின்படியான ஒரு அறிவித்தல் வழங்கப்பெற்ற ஒவ்வொரு சொந்தக்காரரும் அல்லது குடியிருப்பவரும், அந்த அறிவித்தலின் தேவைகளை அதில் சொல்லப்படும் காலத்துக்குள் பூத்திசெய்தல் வேண்டும். அவர் அந்த அறிவித்தலின் தேவைகளைப் பூத்திசெய்வதற்கு தவறும் அல்லது மறுக்கும் பட்சத்தில் அக்கிராசனா அவவேலையைச் செயலாக்கலாம்; அத்தொல் நேரும் செலவுகள் சங்கத்துக்கு வரும்தியான ஒரு கட்டணப்போல அறவிடப்படும்.

66. கிராமப் பகுதிகளுள் உள்ள ஒவ்வொரு வீட்டினதும் சொந்தக்காரர் அல்லது குடியிருப்பவர் குறைந்தபட்சம் வரும் ஒரு தடவையும், பெருவாரி நேரம் பரவிய காரணத்தால் அதற்கைய கரும்ம அல்லதுமென்று சங்கத்துக்குத் தொனறினால், அக்கிராசனா எழுத்துமுலமான அறிவித்தலால் தெரிவிக்கும் வேறு எக்காலத்திலும் அவருடைய வீட்டுக்கு சண்ணுமபிணால் அல்லது வேறு தகுதியான பொருளால் வெள்ளையடிப்பிக்க வேண்டும்

67. செத்த மிருகம் எதனதும் சடலத்தை ஒருவரும் வேறு எவருக்கேனும் சொந்தமான எந்த காணியிலேனும் வளவிலேனும் போடலாகாது

68. ஒருவரும் எககரத்தையேனும் அது முறிந்து கெட்டுப்போன லன்றி அககரத்தில் சாமான்களை ஏறும் அல்லது அதிலிருந்து சாமான்களை இறக்கும் நோக்கத்துக்கு நியாயமாக தேவைப்படும் காலத்துக்கு அதிகமான காலத்துக்கு எந்த பொதுத் தெருவினும் அல்லது பாதையினும் விடவோ அல்லது நிறுத்தவோ கூடாது.

69. ஒருவரும் ஏதும் மந்திரித்த கட்டை, இலையை அல்லது காசித்தலை அல்லது மந்திரித்த வேறு ஏதும் உருவத்தில் வேறு எவர்தம் காணியில் வைக்கவோ அல்லது புதைக்கவோ கூடாது

70. ஒருவரும்—

(அ) மற்றவர்களின் ஒழுக்க உணர்ச்சிக்கு இடர் உண்டுபண்ணும் வகையில் தமது சொந்தக்காணியில் மலசலம் கழிக்கவோ அல்லது வேறு ஒருவரின் காணியில் அல்லது ஏதேனும் ஒரு பொதுத் தெருவில் அல்லது பாதையில் அல்லது அத்தகைய நோக்கத்துக்கென விசேஷமாக ஏற்படுத்தப்பட்ட தலலாத பொது இடம் எதிலும் மலசலம் கழிக்கவோ கூடாது; அல்லது

(ஆ) வேறு எவருக்கும் சொந்தமான காணியில் அல்லது ஏதும் பொது இடத்தில் அல்லது பொதுத் தெருவில் அல்லது பாதையில் குப்பையை அல்லது அருவருப்பான வஸ்துவை அல்லது உபயோக மற்ற பொருட்களை அல்லது வேறு ஏதும் சாமானை எறியக்கூடாது

எல்லைகளும் வேலிகளும்

71. பயிர் செய்யப்படாத காணி ஒவ்வொன்றினதும் சொந்தக்காரர், குத்தகைக்காரர், குடியிருப்பவர் அல்லது அதற்குப் பொறுப்பாளியாக இருப்பவர். கதிகால் வேலிகளால் அல்லது அகழிகளால் அல்லது நிலத்தில் உறுதியாகப் பதிக்கப்பட்ட கற்களால் அல்லது கிராமப் பகுதியின் வழக்கத்துக்கு இணக்கமான வேறு ஏதும் வகையில் எல்லைகளைக் குறித்தல் வேண்டும்

72. பயிர் செய்யப்படாத காணி ஒவ்வொன்றினதும் சொந்தக்காரர் அக்காணியின் எல்லை நெடுக ஒரு வேலிப்போடு அந்த வேலையை நனளிலையில் வைத்திருத்தல் வேண்டும்

73. அணித்தாக இருக்கும் இரண்டு காணிகளின் விஷயத்தில், அக்காணிகளின் பொதுவான எல்லை ஏற்படுத்துவதற்கும் பரிபாலிப்பதற்கும் அவ்விரு காணிகளினதும் சொந்தக்காரர்கள், குத்தகைக்காரர்கள், குடியிருப்பவர்கள் அல்லது அவற்றிற்குப் பொறுப்பாளிகளாக இருப்பவர்கள் கூடாகப் பொறுப்பாளிகளாவார். ஆயின அவ்விரு காணிகளில் ஏதாவது தொன்றின் சொந்தக்காரர், குத்தகைக்காரர், குடியிருப்பவர் அல்லது அதற்குப் பொறுப்பாளியாக இருப்பவர் மற்றக் காணியில் உள்ள மரங்களுக்கு அல்லது செடிகளுக்கு சேதமுடாகாமல் தடுப்பதற்கு வேண்டிய சகலமான முன்னெச்சரிக்கை ஏற்பாடுகளுடன் தமது சொந்தச் செலவில் பொது எல்லை ஏற்படுத்துதல் சட்ட முறையாகும்

74. தமது சொந்தச் செலவில் ஒரு எல்லை வேலையைப் போடும் எவரும் வேலிக்கதிகாலின் பிரயோசனத்தை அனுபவிக்கும் உரிமையுடையவராவார் மேலும் அவருடைய சமமத்தினிற் அதற்கைய வேலிக் கதிகால் எதிலுமிருந்து ஒருவரும் இலைகளைப் பறிக்கவோ அல்லது கிளைகளை வெட்டவும் கூடாது

75. ஒரு காணியின் எல்லை எதையுமே போடும் அல்லது திருத்தும் நோக்கமாக அவசியமான பொருட்களுடனும் ஆயுதங்களுடனும் அணித்தாக இருக்கும் காணிகளை எதற்குள்ளும் பிரவேசித்தல், அக்காணியின் சொந்தக்காரருக்கு, குத்தகைக்காரருக்கு குடியிருப்பவருக்கு அல்லது அதற்குப் பொறுப்பாளியாக இருப்பவருக்கு அல்லது அவரின் வேலையாட்களுக்கு சட்டமுறையாகும்

76. ஒரு காணியின் எல்லை ஒருவரும் வேண்டுமென்று மாற்றவோ அழிக்கவோ அல்லது கெடுக்கவோ கூடாது.

அலைந்து திரியும் மாடுகள்

77. கட்டவிழ்த்துக் கொண்டு அலைந்து திரியின்றெகன்று நம்பப் படும் மாடுகளின் சொந்தக்காரர்கள் கிராமத் தலைமைக்காரனுக்கு அல்லது அக்கிராசனருக்கு உடனே விஷயத்தை அறிவிக்க வேண்டும்.

சூனிகளையும் குட்டைகளையும் திறந்த அகழிகளையும் கழிக்காக்கையும் வற்றச் செய்தல்.

78. எக்காணியினதும் சொந்தக்காரர் அல்லது குடியிருப்பவர அக காணியில் குடியிருக்கும் வீடு எதிலிருந்து அறுபது யாரூர்தகளுக்குள் இருப்பதும் அருவருப்பான தன்மையுள்ள அல்லது சுகத்தகளுக்கு கேடு விளைக்கத்தக்க ஏதும் சாகக்கடை ஜலம், ஊததை, தண்ணீர், பொருள் அல்லது சாமான உளைதும் அல்லது அதைச் சோப்பதற்கு பாவிக்கப் படுவதுமான குளம், குட்டை. திறந்த அகழி, கழிக்கால், சாகக்கடை அல்லது வேறு இடம் ஒவ்வொன்றையும் வற்றச் செயலிக்க, சுத்தம் செயலிக்க, மூடு விக் அல்லது தூர்ப்பிக்க வேண்டும்.

சுகத்திறக்கேற்காத ஆகாரமும் பானமும்.

79. சுகத்திறக்கேற்காத அல்லது மனித உபயோகத்துக்குத் தகுதியற்ற ஆகார அல்லது பான பதார்த்தம் எதையும் ஒருவரும் விற்பனைக்கு வைக்கவோ அல்லது வெளியே காட்டவோ கூடாது.

80. விற்பனைக்கு வைக்கப்பட்டிருக்கும் அல்லது வெளியே காட்டப் பட்டிருக்கும் ஆகார பான பதார்த்தமெனவும் சுகத்திறக்கேற்காததாஃ அல்லது மனித உபயோகத்துக்குத் தகுதியற்றதாக காணப்பட்டால் அப பதார்த்தத்தைக் கைப்பற்றதல், அக்கிராசனருக்கு அல்லது வைத்திய சுகாதார உத்தியோகத்தருக்கு அல்லது சுகாதாரப் பரிசோதகருக்கு அல்லது அக்கிராசனரால் எழுத்தில அங்கிராமளிக்கப்பட்ட எவருக்கும் சட்டமுறையாகும்.

81. சுகாதார வைத்திய அதிகாரியல்லாத வேறு உத்தியோகத்தார் அல்லது ஆள எவரும் உபவிதி 80 னபடி ஆகார அல்லது பான பதார்த்த மொன்றைக் கைப்பற்றுமிடத்து அவர் கைப்பற்றிய பதார்த்தத்தின மாதிரியை ஒரு கொள்கலத்திலிடீ யாரிடமிருந்து அபபதார்த்தம் கைப்பற்றப் பட்டதோ அவர் முன்னிலையில் அக்கொள்கலத்தை மூடி "சீல்" வைத்த பின்னர் அந்த மாதிரியை கூடியவரை கெதியாக வைத்திய சுகாதார உத்தியோகத்தரிடம் அல்லது வேறு அரசாங்க வைத்திய உத்தியோகத்தரிடம் காட்டவேண்டும்.

82. உபவிதி 80 ன படி ஆகார அல்லது பான பதார்த்தமொன்று கைப்பற்றப்படுமிடத்து, அபபதார்த்தத்தைக் கைப்பற்றுப்பவா, அபபதார்த்தம் யாரிடமிருந்து கைப்பற்றப்படுகிறதோ அவர் "சீல்" வைத்த மாதிரியைக் கேட்கும்பொழுது கைப்பற்றிய பதார்த்தத்தின மாதிரியை ஒரு கொள்கலத்திலிடீ அபபதார்த்தம் யாரிடமிருந்து கைப்பற்றப்பட்டதோ அவர் முன்னிலையில் மூடி "சீல்" வைத்து அந்த மாதிரியை அவரிடம் கொடுக்க வேண்டும்.

83. உபவிதி 80 ன படி ஆகார அல்லது பான பதார்த்தமொன்றைக் கைப்பற்றிய வைத்திய சுகாதார அதிகாரி அல்லது 81 ம உபவிதியின்படி ஆகார அல்லது பான பதார்த்தமொன்று கொண்டுவந்து காண்பிக்கப் பெற்ற வைத்திய சுகாதார அதிகாரி அபபதார்த்தம் சுகத்திறக்கேற்காதது அல்லது மனித உபயோகத்துக்குத் தகுதியற்றதென்று அத்தாட்சிப் பண்ணினால் அக்கிராசனா அபபதார்த்தத்தை அழித்துவிடுமபடி. அல்லது விற்பனைக்கு வெளிக்காட்டாமல் அல்லது மனித உபயோகத்துக்குப் பாவிக்காமல் தடுத்தற்கேதுவாக அகற்றுமபடி செயல்பாற் அந்த ஆகார அல்லது பான பதார்த்தம் சுகத்துக்கேற்றதென்றும் மனித உபயோகத்துக்குத் தகுதியானதென்றும் வைத்திய சுகாதார உத்தியோகத்தார் அத்தாட்சிப் பண்ணினால் அபபதார்த்தம் அதன் சொந்தக்காரரிடம் திருப்பிக் கொடுக்கப் பட வேண்டும்.

84. இயற்கையான காரணங்களினாலாவது அல்லது ஏதாவது நோயினால் அவது அல்லது நீரில் மூழ்கியாவது இறந்த அல்லது ஒரு காட்டு மிருகத்தினால் கொல்லப்பட்ட அல்லது பாம்பு அல்லது வெறிநாய் கடித்துச் செத்த எந்த மிருகத்தின மாயிசத்தையும் ஒருவரும் விறகவோ அல்லது விற்பதற்காக வெளிக்காட்டவோ கூடாது.

பூன்களும் குப்பையும்

85. கிராமப்பகுதிகளுள் உள்ள எக்காணியினதும் சொந்தக்காரர் அல்லது குடியிருப்பவர அககாணியை பூன்களும் குப்பையும் இல்லாமல் வைத்திருத்தல் வேண்டும்.

1946 ம் ஆண்டின் 57 ம் இலக்க ஸ்தல அரசாங்க (பரிபாலனப் பிரதேசங்கள்) சட்டம்.

காலி, மாததறை, ஹம்பாநதோட்டை அரசிறை டிஸ்திரிக்ளுக்களைக் கொண்ட தாயிருக்கும் ஸ்தல அரசாங்கப் பகுதியின இப்போதைய தென பிரதேசம் 1950 ம ஆண்டு (ஏப்ரல்) சித்திரை மாதம் 1 ந திகதி, முதல் பின்வருமாறு பிரிக்கப்பட்டிருக்கின்றதென்று இத்தால பொது ஜனங்களுக்கு அறிவிக்கப் படுகின்றது:—

தென பிரதேசம்—மேல். காலி டிஸ்திரிக், "ஏனெஸ்ட் கொட்டேஜ", இலக்கம் 344, காலி—மாததறை ரோட, மாகாலே, காலி என்ற விலாசத்தில் உதவி ஸ்தல ஸ்தாபன அதிபரின் காரியாலயம் தென பிரதேசம்—கீழ்: மாததறை, ஹம்பாநதோட்டை டிஸ்திரிக்ளுக்கள், இலக்கம் 58, பிரதான வீதி, கோட்டை, மாததறை என்ற விலாசத்தில் காரியாலயம்.

வி. சி. ஜயசூரிய,
ஸ்தல ஸ்தாபன அதிபர்

கொழும்பு, 1950 ம ஆண்டு, (மாச) பங்குனிமீ 29 ந உ.