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and General Government Notifications.

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Part II.—Legal and Judicial.

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NOTICES OF FISCALS' SALES.

Western Province.

In the District Court of Negombo.

Muna Runa Rawenna Mana Suppremanian
Chetty Plaintiff.

No. 2,296.

Vs.

Nicholan Silva Christogu Pulle Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on April 18, 1896, commencing at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, will be sold by public auction at the respective premises the following property, specially hypothecated by bond No. 1,243, dated June 8, 1893, viz. :—

1. The $\frac{1}{100}$ shares of the garden called Ambagahwatta, situate at Etgala, in the Dunagaha pattu of the Alutkuru korale; the entire land is bounded on the north by the paddy field of Anthoni Fernando Peduru Pulle and others, on the east by the land belonging to the heirs of the late Peduru Silva, on the south by the dewata road, and on the west by the land belonging to the heirs of the late Peduru Silva, containing in extent 8 acres more or less.

2. A portion of land called Ambagahwatta, at do.; and bounded on the north by the paddy field belonging to the heirs of the late Peduru Silva and others, on the east by the land of Nicholan Silva Christogu Pulle, on the south by the dewata road, and on the west by the portion of

this land which formerly belonged to Maria Silva and others and now belonging to the defendant, containing in extent 2 roods more or less.

3. The garden called Hedewakagahawatta, at do.; and bounded on the north by the land of Adrian Fernando, on the east by the land of Anthoni Fernando, on the south by the land of Juan Fernando, and on the west by the land of Siman Fernando, containing in extent 1 acre 3 roods and 25 perches more or less.

4. An undivided two-thirds share of the garden called Medekellewatta and two-thirds share of the tiled house standing thereon, situate at Kandewela, which entire land is bounded on the north by the garden of Pauluge Saverial Fernando and Wedamunilage Handurala, on the east by the garden belonging to the late Juanis de Silva and Kalinge Carolis Fernando, on the south by the other portion of this garden, and on the west by the land of Kaggodagey Andris Appu and Gabriel Appu, containing in extent 10 acres and 20 perches more or less, and declared liable to be sold in satisfaction of the decree entered in the above case.

Amount to be levied Rs. 1,466-25, and interest on Rs. 1,350 at 30 per cent. from December 9, 1893, minus Rs. 50 paid on account of interest.

Deputy Fiscal's Office,
Negombo, March 9, 1896.

J. P. LEWIS,
Deputy Fiscal.

Central Province.

In the District Court of Kandy.

James McLaren & Co., of Nuwara Eliya.....Plaintiffs.
No. 10,165. Vs.

G. K. Ludowick, of Delmar estate.....Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on April 2, 1896, commencing at 12 o'clock in the noon, will be sold by public auction at the Marshal's office, Nuwara Eliya, the following property of the defendant:—

Six double bullock carts, bearing Nos. 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, and 151, and also 13 bulls.

Amount of writ Rs. 1,314-69½.

Fiscal's Office, C. S. VAUGHAN,
Kandy, March 10, 1896. Fiscal.

In the District Court of Kandy.

Elpitiya Badagey Saveel Hamy, of Halgaranawa.....Plaintiff.
No. 10,309. Vs.

P. A. Juwan Appu, Nuwara Eliya.....Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on April 2, 1896, commencing at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the Marshal's office, Nuwara Eliya, the following property of the defendant:—

Ten double bullock carts, bearing Nos. 279, 146, 151, 277, 280, 278, 147, 148, 149, 150, and 23 bulls.

Amount of writ Rs. 922-02.

Fiscal's Office, C. S. VAUGHAN,
Kandy, March 10, 1896. Fiscal.**Eastern Province.**

* In the District Court of Batticaloa.

Kadirgamer Kasinader, of Kallady.....Plaintiff.
No. 1,423. Vs.

Kalenderlevvai Marakair Mohamado Esu-mailebbe, of Kattankudirruppu..... Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Saturday, April 4, 1896, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the spot the following property of the defendant, specially mortgaged and hypothecated in and by bond No. 60, dated March 21, 1892, and declared by judgment in the above case specially bound and executable for that judgment for the recovery of Rs. 1,200-37, with interest on Rs. 1,000 at 16½ per cent. per annum from March 21, 1892:—

Two shares of land called Kulavayel and Kulavayel Vellangkeetu, forming into one land, the boundary of the share of the land called Kulavayel is on the north by the limit of the land called Mavilangadivayal, south by the limit of the land called Tanganeevayel, east by salt water lake, and on the west by water-course; and the boundary of the share of the land called Kulavayel Vellangkeetu is on the north by the water-course, south by the limit of Kulavayel, east by the limit of Kaleyvayel and Mankulevayel, and on the west by the limit of Pattenkaremvayel. The two shares containing in extent 44 acres 1 rood and 9 perches.

Fiscal's Office, K. C. KADIRGAMER,
Batticaloa, February 28, 1896. Deputy Fiscal.**North-Western Province.**

In the District Court of Negombo.

Don Spater Senanaiyaka, of Botale.....Plaintiff.
No. 2,072. Vs.

Alexander Charles Guneratne, of Kotadeniyawa, now in Jail.....Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Saturday, April 4, 1896, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendant in the following property, viz:—The land called Mahayayehena *alias* Istorugodellawatta of 17 acres and 4 perches in extent, with the plantation standing thereon, situate at Nehinigammana, in Katugampola Medapattu korale of the Katugampola hatpattu.

Amount to be levied Rs. 2,108, with interest on Rs. 750 at 12 per cent. per annum from June 3, 1892, and on

Rs. 1,250 at 12 per cent. per annum from March 12, 1892, and poundage.

Fiscal's Office, N. S. CASSIM,
Kurunegala, March 10, 1896. for Fiscal.

In the District Court of Negombo.

Kana Nana Kana Kailasam Chetty, of Negombo..... Plaintiff.
No. 2,145. Vs.

H. Don Peragrino Appuhamy, Annavirala of Dummaladeniya.....Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Wednesday, April 8, 1896, and the day following, commencing at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendant in the following property, viz:—

The land called Delgahakele, situated at Mellawa in Otarapalata, Chilaw District; bounded on the north by the land appearing in plan No. 152,258, on the east by the land of the Crown and now of Wansilistu Fernando, Notary Public, on the south by the land reserved for a road, and on the west by the land appearing in plan No. 152,260, containing in extent 10 acres 2 roods and 28 square perches.

(2) An undivided one-eighteenth share from the garden called Ketakellagahawatta and the tiled house, situated at Dummaladeniya in Chilaw District; bounded on the north by the land of the heirs of Allino Appuhami, on the east by the land of Gabriel Appuhami Sancristian and others, on the south by dewata road, and on the west by high road, containing in extent about 3 acres.

(3) Thirty coconut trees and the soil from the garden called Siyambalagahawatta, situated at Dummaladeniya aforesaid, bounded on the north by the land of Paulu Peries Appuhami, on the east by the garden of the heirs of Don Joseph Peace Officer, on the south by the land of the deceased Martino Appuhami, and on the west by the land of Suse Fernando, containing in extent 1½ acre more or less.

Amount recoverable, Rs. 1,112-25, with interest on Rs. 1,000 at 30 per cent. per annum from August 23, 1893, and poundage.

Deputy Fiscal's Office, E. M. DE C. SHORT,
Chilaw, March 5, 1896. Deputy Fiscal.**Province of Sabaragamuwa.**

In the District Court of Kegalla.

Vidanelage Joseph de Mell Appuhami, of Horetuduwa in Panadure Plaintiff and Respondent.
No. 256/279. Vs.

1, Dulwaladewage Dinensuwa; 2, Dulwaladewage Adonisa; 3, Dulwaladewage Perisa; 4, Dulwaladewage Suwarisa; 5, Dulwaladewage Tegirisa; 6, Yakkdessalage Loosa; 7, Yakkdessalage Andirisa; 8, Yakkdessalage Babincha; 9, Yakkdessalage Dina; 13, Adiriyawalage Dominchiya; 14, Adiriyawalage Babanisa, all of Palleanugala. Defendants & Appellants.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Wednesday, April 8, 1896, at 12 o'clock in the noon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said plaintiff respondent in the following property, viz:—

An undivided one-third share of the land called and known as Palleanugalamama with all the plantation standing thereon, situate in Debigampal korale of the Three Korales, in the District of Kegalla; bounded on the north by Udakanugala, on the east by Dehiowita and Medagoda villages, on the south by Kelani-ganga, and on the west by Siyane korale, containing in extent 2,000 acres, exclusive of the following six lots belonging to the Crown: (1) Ihalanagalla of two amunams; (2) Pahalanagolla of 1 amunam and 2 pelas; (3) Kandandahena of 7 kurunies; (4) Halkotunnamukalana of 8 kurunies; (5) Dummalagolla of two pelas; (6) Galendandahena of 6 kurunies, all situate at Palleanugala within the above boundaries.

Amount of writ Rs. 729-99½.

Deputy Fiscal's Office, T. F. ABAYAKOON,
Kegalla, March 3, 1896. Deputy Fiscal.

PASSED ORDINANCES.

Ordinance enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor of Ceylon,
with the advice and consent of the Legislative
Council thereof.

No. 1 of 1896.

An Ordinance to amend "The Municipal Councils'
Ordinance, 1887."

E. NOEL WALKER.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend in the particulars hereinafter mentioned the Ordinance No. 7 of 1887, hereinafter referred to as the principal Ordinance, and to provide for the supervision of dairies and laundries: Be it therefore enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:

CHAPTER I.

Amendment of Principal Ordinance.

- Short title.** 1 This Ordinance may be cited as "The Municipal Councils' Amendment Ordinance, 1896," and this Ordinance and the principal Ordinance, and "The Municipal Councils' Amendment Ordinance, 1890," shall be read as one, and may be cited collectively as "The Municipal Councils' Ordinances, 1887, 1890, and 1896."
- Repealing clause.** 2 Section 13 of "The Municipal Councils' Amendment Ordinance, 1890," shall be, and the same is hereby repealed.
- Amendment of section 3.** 3 In section 3 of the principal Ordinance, for the definition of "annual value" the following shall be substituted:
- "Annual value."** "Annual value" means the annual rent which a tenant might reasonably be expected taking one year with another to pay for any house, building, land, or tenement if the tenant undertook to pay all public rates and taxes, and if the landlord undertook to bear the cost of repairs, maintenance, and upkeep, if any, necessary to maintain the house, building, land, or tenement in a state to command that rent.
- Amendment of section 9.** 4 For clause (e) of section 9 of the principal Ordinance there shall be substituted the following clause:
- (e) Not be in arrears for more than two quarters in respect of any municipal rates and taxes.
- Amendment of section 10.** 5 At the end of section 10 of the principal Ordinance there shall be added the following words:
- For the purpose of this section the chairman shall be deemed a councillor nominated by the Governor.
- Amendment of section 11.** 6 For clause (d) of section 11 there shall be substituted the following clause:
- (d) Not be in arrears for more than two quarters in respect of any municipal rates and taxes.
- Amendment of section 15.** 7 In section 15 of the principal Ordinance the words "the Supreme Court" shall be substituted for the words "a magistrate."
- Amendment of section 16.** 8 In section 16 of the principal Ordinance the words "the Supreme Court" shall be substituted for the words "a magistrate."
- Amendment of section 17.** 9 In section 17 of the principal Ordinance the words "the Supreme Court" shall be substituted for the words "such magistrate."

- Amendment of section 18.
- 10 For section 18 of the principal Ordinance there shall be substituted the following section :
- One judge may make order under section 17.
- 18 Such application may be inquired into and determined by a single judge of the Supreme Court, and no appeal shall lie from an order made by such judge under the last preceding section.
- Amendment of section 26.
- 11 For section 26 of the principal Ordinance there shall be substituted the following section :
- Effect of adding one division to another.
- 26 If the Governor in Executive Council shall at any time after the number of divisions by adding one existing division or any part thereof to another existing division or any part thereof, or by changing one division into more than one, the councillor or councillors representing the divisions so enlarged, divided, or altered shall thereupon vacate his or their office, and there shall be an election for each of such divisions so enlarged, divided, or altered.
- Amendment of section 47.
- 12 For section 47 of the principal Ordinance there shall be substituted the following section :
- Governor shall appoint a chairman.
- Entire executive power and responsibility to be vested in chairman, assisted by an assistant chairman if one is appointed. All executive acts to be done by chairman or assistant chairman, if any.
- 47 (1) The Governor shall from time to time appoint a proper person to be the chairman of the municipal council, and may from time to time remove such person from office, and appoint another in his stead. The entire executive power and responsibility for the purposes of this Ordinance shall be vested in such chairman, assisted, if the Governor shall think fit, by an officer who shall be styled assistant chairman. All executive acts which are hereinafter directed to be done by the municipal council shall, unless the contrary intention appears from the context, be done by the chairman, or the assistant chairman if specially authorized thereto by the chairman.
- Provided that in the exercise of any power vested in the chairman under this Ordinance, the chairman or the assistant chairman shall, except in cases of extreme urgency, and when there would not be sufficient time to call a special meeting of the municipal council, not act in opposition to, or in contravention of, any resolution of the municipal council.
- Chairman, Colombo Municipality, shall hold no other office.
- (2) In the case of the Colombo Municipality such chairman shall be an officer in the Civil Service of the Ceylon Government, who, unless he be the government agent of the Western Province, shall devote the whole of his time and attention to the duties of his office, and shall not hold any other appointment, temporary or permanent, save that of a municipal magistrate, nor follow any other occupation, nor be a director of any company.
- Amendment of section 48, as to salary of chairman.
- 13 To section 48 of the principal Ordinance shall be added the following proviso :
- Provided further that if the chairman is also government agent of the Western Province, he shall receive out of the municipal fund such salary not exceeding four thousand rupees per annum, as may from time to time be fixed by the Governor in Executive Council.
- Amendment of section 55, as to jurisdiction of municipal magistrate.
- 14 (1) In section 55 of the principal Ordinance, for the words "and 14 of 1878" shall be substituted the words "14 of 1878, 27 of 1884, 5 of 1889, 7 of 1889, 8 of 1889, 15 of 1889, 17 of 1889, 9 of 1891, 7 of 1893, 9 of 1893, 1 of 1894, and 2 of 1894, and any offence committed within the municipality in breach of section 257, 258, or 259 of the Ceylon Penal Code."
- (2) To the same section shall be added the following proviso :
- Provided that it shall be lawful for the Governor, acting with the advice of the Executive Council, by resolution to be notified in the *Government Gazette*, from time to time, to extend the jurisdiction of the municipal magistrate, and to declare that such magistrate shall hear, try, and determine any offence committed within the municipality in breach of any Ordinance or Ordinances set out in such notification,

and after the publication of any such notification such magistrate shall hear, try, and determine any offence committed within the municipality in breach of any such Ordinance or Ordinances, and shall have jurisdiction to award such punishment to the offenders as is authorized by law.

Amendment of section 56.

15 In section 56 of the principal Ordinance for the words "one thousand" shall be substituted the words "one thousand five hundred."

Amendment of section 59.

16 In section 59 of the principal Ordinance, for the words "two hundred," wherever they occur, shall be substituted the words "one hundred."

Amendment of section 62.

17 (1) In section 62 of the principal Ordinance there shall be inserted after the words "appointed under this Ordinance" the words "or gratuities to the widow or children of such servants."

Insertion of proviso.

(2) There shall be added to the same section the following proviso :

Provided that no payment shall be made in respect of any gratuity to the widow or children of any servant without the previous sanction of the Governor.

Amendment of section 67.

18 Section 67 of the principal Ordinance shall be amended by the omission of the words "the amount of which exceeds five hundred rupees."

Amendment of section 101.

19 In section 101 of the principal Ordinance for the words "all the accounts of the municipality" shall be substituted the words "all books, deeds, contracts, accounts, vouchers, and other documents and papers of the municipality."

Amendment of section 122.

20 (1) For clause (*f*) of section 122 of the principal Ordinance there shall be substituted the following clause :

(*f*) The regulation of building and building operations :

(2) After clause (*h*) of the same section there shall be inserted the three following clauses :

(*h 1*) The regulation of traffic on streets, roads, canals, bridges, and other public places.

(*h 2*) The prevention and abatement of the obstruction of, and encroachment on, streets, roads, canals, bridges, and public places.

(*h 3*) The prevention and abatement of nuisances on or near streets, roads, canals, bridges, and public places.

(3) After clause (*j*) of the same section there shall be inserted the following clause :

(*j 1*) The regulation, management, conduct, and inspection of bakeries, and of the persons employed therein, and of the manufacture and quality of bread ;

(4) After clause (*n*) of the same section there shall be inserted the two following clauses :

(*n 1*) The removal and disposal of night soil.

(*n 2*) The charging, levying, and recovering fees for the removal and disposal of night soil.

(5) After clause (*p*) of the same section there shall be inserted the two following clauses :

(*p 1*) The registration at the office of the municipal council of mortgages over immovable property situated within municipal limits, and of the addresses of mortgagees, and for the payment of a fee for such registration ;

(*p 2*) The posting of notices in writing to such registered mortgagees of the seizure of immovable property made under section 149 ;

(6) After clause (*q*) of the same section there shall be inserted the two following clauses :

(q 1) The putting up and preservation of boundaries and fences of lands, whether private or public ;

(q 2) The fixing and levying charges for the occupation of pounds for stray cattle, and the cost of the keep of the animals impounded ;

Amendment of section 151.

Property seized to be sold by auction.

21 For section 151 of the principal Ordinance there shall be substituted the following section :

151 The property seized in virtue of any such warrant shall be sold by public auction (of which at least twenty-one days' notice shall be given in the *Government Gazette* and in one or more of the local newspapers in respect of property exceeding the value of Rs. 1,000, and at least six days' notice in all other cases) by the officer to whom such warrant is addressed, or some other officer of the municipality appointed by the chairman for that purpose, at any time after the expiration of twenty-four days in the case of property exceeding the value of Rs. 1,000 and of eight days in all other cases, from the day of such seizure, unless in the meantime the amount of the rate or rates or tax or taxes and of the costs aforesaid be duly paid : and the overplus accruing by such sale (if there be any), after deducting the amount of such rate or rates or tax or taxes, and the costs, shall be restored to the owner or joint owner of the property so sold.

Proviso.

Provided, however, that whenever it shall be necessary to seize and sell the property of any person making default in the payment of any rate or tax, it shall be the duty of the officer acting under the chairman's warrant as aforesaid to observe, so far as the same may be applicable, the order and course prescribed by the Ordinance No. 6 of 1873, intituled "An Ordinance to prescribe the order in which the property of Public Defaulters may in certain cases be seized and sold," or by any other Ordinance to be in that behalf hereafter enacted.

Amendment of section 164.

Sales or leases of lands and buildings.

22 For section 164 of the principal Ordinance the following section shall be substituted :

164 (1) The municipal council, with the sanction of the Governor in Executive Council, may sell by public auction or lease any lands or buildings vested in them or acquired by them, either in block or in parcels, as they may find most convenient and advantageous ; and the proceeds of such sale and the rents arising from such lease shall be paid to the credit of the municipal funds.

Ordinance No. 7 of 1840 not to affect sales or leases to or by the municipal council.

(2) None of the provisions in the Ordinance No. 7 of 1840 shall be taken as applying to sales, leases, mortgages, releases, or other contracts affecting immovable property to which the municipal council is a party.

Amendment of section 175.

23 In section 175 of the principal Ordinance the words "lake or canal" shall be inserted after the words "in any street."

Insertion of section 176 (a).

24 After section 176 of the principal Ordinance the following section shall be inserted, and numbered 176 (a), namely :

Roofs and external walls of houses not to be made of inflammable materials.

176 (a) (1) If any person being the owner of any house, hut, shed, or other building which has the external roof or walls made of grass, leaves, mats, or other such inflammable materials, does not remove such roof or walls, as the case may be, within one month after notice in writing has been given him by the chairman specially empowered thereto by the municipal council so to do, he shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine not exceeding ten rupees for every day that such default continues.

(2) If any person after such notice as aforesaid makes, renews, or repairs any house, hut, shed, or other building with any such inflammable materials as in this section are mentioned or referred to, or causes any such house, hut, shed, or building to be so made, renewed, or repaired, he shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine not exceeding fifty

rupees, and to a further fine not exceeding ten rupees for every day he suffers or allows the same to remain after conviction.

Insertion of section 177 (a).

25 After section 177 of the principal Ordinance the following section shall be inserted and numbered 177 (a), namely :

Alteration in frontage of houses.

177 (a) (1) Every person intending to make any alteration in the frontage of any house or building within twenty feet of any street shall give seven days previous notice of his intention to the chairman, and shall submit a plan or sketch showing the intended alteration, and shall obey all written instructions in respect of such alterations as may be given him by the chairman consistent with this Ordinance and with any by-laws made thereunder.

Penalty.

(2) If any person offends against the provisions of this section he shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, and the chairman may cause the frontage of any house or building altered contrary to the provisions of this section to be taken down, and all expenses incurred thereby shall be borne and paid by the owner of the premises, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Insertion of section 181 (a) and 181 (b).

26 After section 181 of the principal Ordinance the following section shall be inserted, and numbered 181 (a) and 181 (b) respectively, namely :

Doors not open outwards.

181 (a) All doors, gates, bars, and groundfloor windows put up after the commencement of this Ordinance, which open upon any street, shall be hung or placed so as not to open outwards, except when the same are hung or placed in such manner as in the judgment of the chairman to cause no obstruction in any such street, and if (except as aforesaid) any such door, gate, bar, or window be hung or placed so as to open outwards on any such street, the owner of the premises to which the same is attached shall, within eight days after notice from the chairman to that effect, cause the same to be altered so as not to open outwards, and in case he neglects so to do, the chairman may make such alteration, and the expense thereof shall be paid by such owners, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Doors open outwards to be altered.

181 (b) If any door, gate, bar, or groundfloor window put up before the commencement of this Ordinance is hung or placed so as to open outwards upon any street, the chairman may alter the same so that no part thereof when open shall project over any such street so as to cause an obstruction.

Amendment of section 188.

27 In section 188 of the principal Ordinance the words "after twenty-four hours' notice" shall be substituted for the words "on giving such notice as hereinafter provided."

Amendment of section 195.

28 In section 195 of the principal Ordinance the words "if the owner neglects to do so within fifteen days after notice" shall be substituted for the words "after giving such notice as is hereinafter provided."

Amendment of section 198.

29 For section 198 of the principal Ordinance there shall be substituted the following section :

Notice of new building.

198 (1) Every person intending to erect or re-erect any building shall give notice in writing of his intention to the chairman, and shall, when required by the chairman, submit a plan showing the levels at which the foundation and lowest floor are proposed to be laid and the front elevation of the proposed building, together with specifications of the works intended to be constructed, including the materials to be used, and shall obey all written directions given by the chairman consistent with this Ordinance, and with any by-laws made thereunder, either prohibiting the erection or re-erection if deemed likely to be injurious to the inhabitants of the neighbourhood, or in respect of all or any of the matters following, namely :

- (a) Space to be left about the building to secure free circulation of air and facilitate scavenging ;
- (b) Ventilation and drainage ;
- (c) Security against fire ; and in the case of places of public resort or entertainment, including places for religious worship, the means of egress in case of fire or accident ;
- (d) Level and width of foundation level of lowest floor, and stability of structure ;
- (e) The line of frontage with neighbouring buildings if the building abuts on, or is within thirty feet of, a public street ;
- (f) The front elevation, where the building is one of a row of contiguous buildings abutting on a public street ;
- (g) The setting back of the building for the improvement of the street ; and
- (h) The quality of the materials to be used.

Provided that the chairman shall make full compensation to the owner for any damage he may sustain in consequence of the unconditional prohibition of the erection or re-erection of any building ; and if any dispute arises touching the amount of compensation, the same shall be ascertained in manner hereinafter provided.

(2) If within fourteen days from the date of submitting such plans and specifications to the chairman, the chairman shall not have given any directions respecting the same, a second notice in writing of such intention as aforesaid may be given to the chairman.

(3) If any such building is begun or erected without giving notice, or without submitting particulars as aforesaid, or in contravention of the legal orders of the chairman issued at any time before the expiration of the period of ten days from the date of such second notice, or otherwise than in accordance with this Ordinance or any by-laws made thereunder, the chairman may by notice require the building to be altered or demolished as he may deem necessary.

(4) The expression "erect any building" includes all additions or alterations which involve new foundations or increased super-construction on existing foundations, or the conversion into a dwelling-house of any building not originally constructed for human habitation, or the conversion into more than one dwelling-house of a building originally constructed as one dwelling-house only.

30 For section 199 of the principal Ordinance there shall be substituted the following section :

199 It shall not be lawful for any person to commence any such works as in the last preceding section are mentioned, or (in the case of any such works the progress whereof shall have been suspended for a period exceeding three months) to resume any such works until four days' written notice of the intention to commence or resume the same has been given to the chairman at his office by the person by or for whom such works are intended to be commenced or resumed, and every such notice shall specify the material particulars of the said intended works. Any person commencing or resuming any works without having first given such notice as aforesaid to the chairman, or before the expiration of four days from the giving thereof, shall for every such default be liable, on conviction, to a penalty not exceeding fifty rupees.

31 For section 200 of the principal Ordinance there shall be substituted the following section :

200 (1) The power hereinbefore given to the municipal council to make by-laws for the regulation of buildings and building operations shall include the power to make

Amendment of section 199.

Notice of intended works to be given.

Amendment of section 200.

By-laws for regulation of building.

by-laws in respect of all or any of the particulars mentioned in the last preceding section but one, and also the power to fix the fees to be paid by persons who submit plans and specifications under the provisions of the last mentioned section.

Penalty.

(2) If any person offends against any of the provisions of any by-law made under this section, the chairman may cause any erection made, or work executed, contrary to such provisions, to be taken down, and all expenses incurred thereby shall be borne and paid by the owner of the premises and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Amendment of section 201.

32 For section 201 of the principal Ordinance there shall be substituted the following section :

Houses of stone, or brick and plank, or of posts and plank.

201 (1) It shall not be lawful to erect any houses or other buildings constructed of stone and plank, or of brick and plank combined, or of posts and plank, adjoining any house or other building, or within thirty feet of a street, without permission in writing from the chairman.

Penalty.

(2) If any person offends against the provisions of this section, he shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, and the chairman may cause such house or building to be taken down, and all expenses incurred thereby shall be borne and paid by the owner of such house, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Insertion of section 209 (a).

33 After section 209 of the principal Ordinance the following section shall be inserted and numbered 209 (a), namely :

Neglecting to close cesspool.

209 (a) The chairman, when specially empowered thereto by resolution of the municipal council, may by notice in writing require the owner or occupier of any house or building or land having a cesspool on his premises to close such cesspool, and to substitute a dry earth closet therefor, and if the owner or occupier neglects during fourteen days after notice in writing for that purpose to close such cesspool, and to substitute a dry earth closet therefor, the chairman shall cause such cesspool to be closed and a dry earth closet to be substituted therefor, and the expense incurred by the chairman in respect thereof shall be paid by the owner or occupier, and shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Amendment of section 246.

34 In section 246 of the principal Ordinance the words "or on any ship in the Colombo harbour" shall be inserted after the word "hospital."

Insertion of section 250 (a).

35 After section 250 of the principal Ordinance the following section shall be inserted, and numbered 250 (a), namely : ~~SECTION 250 (a)~~

Chairman, with consent of standing committee may provide houses of isolation.

250 (a) It shall be lawful for the chairman, with the consent of the standing committee, to provide houses of isolation for the reception of persons suffering from any dangerous infectious disease, and to charge and levy fees for the use and occupation of such houses, and to make by-laws for the regulation of such houses, and for imposing, collecting, and recovering such fees.

CHAPTER II.

Supervision and Regulation of Dairies.

Duties of municipal council to keep a register of all dairymen and milk vendors.

36 It shall be the duty of the municipal council :

- (i.) To keep a register of the names and addresses of all dairymen and milk vendors selling or supplying milk to any person or persons resident within the municipality, and of all dairy premises and milk stores used from time to time by each of them for the production, deposit, or distribution of such milk.

- (ii.) To strike off such register the names and addresses of all persons who shall have ceased, or become disqualified as hereinafter provided, to carry on the business of dairymen or milk vendors.
- (iii.) To keep such register open at all reasonable times for inspection by the Principal Civil Medical Officer or any officer appointed by him in writing, and to furnish any extracts from the same that he may require.
- (iv.) To cause to be inspected all such dairy premises and milk stores and the cattle, appliances, and utensils therein used for the production or distribution of milk, at the time prescribed in any regulations for the time being in force under this chapter, and to enter the date and result of every such inspection in the register.
- (v.) To furnish in the month of January of each year to the Colonial Secretary a report of the municipal council's proceedings under this chapter in respect of the supervision and regulation of dairies during the preceding twelve months, in such form as may be prescribed by any regulation for the time being in force under this chapter.

Powers of chairman of the municipal council to enter dairy premises or milk stores.

37 The chairman of the municipal council shall have the following powers in addition to any other powers in this Ordinance conferred, viz. :

- (i.) To enter or authorize the entry at all reasonable times into or upon any dairy premises or milk store for the purpose of making any inspection by this chapter authorized; to take away samples of the milk there found, and of the water of any well or other source of water supply therein or thereon, for the purpose of examination or analysis only.
- (ii.) To require any dairyman or milk vendor, by notice in writing, to cleanse and maintain in a sanitary condition his dairy premises or milk store and any utensils therein used as aforesaid.
- (iii.) To require any dairyman or milk vendor, by notice in writing, to close any well or other source of water supply in or on his dairy premises or milk store, or used in connection therewith, which is so polluted or unwholesome as to be unfit for human consumption, and to wholly discontinue the use of the water thereof for any purpose whatsoever, for such period as the chairman shall direct, or to fill up the said well or source of water supply and keep the same so filled up.
- (iv.) To refuse or cancel the registration of any dairyman or milk vendor in respect of any dairy premises or milk store which is in an insanitary condition, or in which the provisions for lighting, ventilation, drainage, lavatory, and privy accommodation or water supply are not such as are necessary for health, or for the cleanliness of the appliances and utensils used therein, or for the protection of any milk therein against infection or contamination.

For the purposes of this section the term "the chairman of the municipal council" shall include the sanitary officer of the municipality.

dairymen and vendors to apply for registration.

38 Every dairyman and milk vendor engaged in the sale or supply of milk to any person or persons in any municipality at the time of this Ordinance coming into force, shall within three months of such time, and every dairyman and milk vendor thereafter commencing to engage in such sale or supply, shall, before so commencing, apply to the municipal council to cause to be entered on the register for that municipality his name and place of residence, and the locality of every dairy premises and milk store used or to be used by him, and thenceforward from time

to time any change of such residence, or discontinuance by him to use any former, or commencement by him to use any other, dairy premises or milk store, and immediately upon such registration, and whilst the same continues in force, shall in some conspicuous place affix to and maintain in legible letters his name and the words "Registered Dairyman" or "Registered Milk Vendor," as the case may be, upon every dairy premises or milk store in respect of which he is so registered, and to and upon every cart or other vehicle used by him for the distribution of milk.

Unregistered persons forbidden to sell or supply milk.

39 It shall not be lawful for any person to sell or supply milk to any person or persons in any municipality if his name and place of residence, and every dairy premises and milk store used for the purpose of the production, deposit, or distribution of any such milk are not entered upon the register for that municipality: Provided that persons engaged in the sale or supply of milk in any municipality, at the time of this Ordinance coming into force, shall not be affected by the provisions of this section until after the lapse of three months from such time.

Infectious disease in dairy premises, &c., to be reported immediately.

40 On the appearance of any case of infectious disease in man or beast in any dairy premises or milk store, the householder or occupier, or if there be no such householder or occupier, the owner of such premises or store, and also the medical practitioner attending the case, shall immediately report, in writing, such case to the municipal council.

Dairyman to supply names and addresses of customers.

41 Whenever it shall appear to the chairman of the municipal council, or be certified to such chairman by any medical practitioner, that the spread of infectious disease is in his opinion attributable to the milk supplied by any dairyman or milk vendor, the chairman may require such dairyman or milk vendor wholly to discontinue such supply, distribution, and sale of milk, and to furnish forthwith, upon demand, a full and complete list of the names and addresses of all his customers, and to give such assistance to discover the residence of all or any of them as the chairman making the inquiry may deem necessary; and every such dairyman or milk vendor shall, for the purposes of such inquiry only, be deemed to be within the municipality of the chairman making the inquiry, whether he is actually resident within the municipality or outside its limits.

Persons suffering from infectious diseases or having been recently exposed to infection not to take part in dairy operations.

42 No person following the trade of a dairy farmer, cow-keeper, dairyman, or purveyor of milk, or being the occupier of a milk store or milk shop, shall knowingly allow any person suffering from any infectious disease, or having recently been exposed to infection from a person so suffering, to milk cows or to handle vessels used for containing milk, or in any way to take part or to assist in the conduct of the trade or business of the dairy farmer, cow-keeper, dairyman, or purveyor of milk or occupier of any milk store or milk shop, as far as regards the production, distribution, or storage of milk, until he shall have shown to the satisfaction of the chairman of the municipal council that all danger of communication of infection to the milk, or of its contamination, has ceased.

Sale or supply of unwholesome milk forbidden.

43 It shall not be lawful for any person selling or supplying milk to any person or persons resident in any municipality to store, keep, or deposit any milk in any room used for sleeping or dwelling in, or in any other place or way calculated to render such milk unwholesome or injurious to health, or to sell or supply any milk which shall have been produced from any diseased animal, or which shall have been in any place or way exposed to infection from any person suffering from any infectious disease, or which shall have been upon or in any dairy premises or milk store from which the sale of milk has been directed to be discontinued on account of infectious disease as provided in section 41 of this Ordinance.

Penalties, &c.

44 Every person who shall wilfully disobey, or act in violation of, any of the provisions contained in either of the last six preceding sections, or shall resist or wilfully obstruct any person in the lawful exercise of any of the powers conferred under section 37 of this Ordinance, or shall without lawful excuse neglect or disobey any requirement made under the provisions of sections 37 and 41 hereof, or shall neglect or refuse to obey any order or direction of the chairman of the municipal council or the sanitary officer of the municipality made under the said sections within the time limited in that behalf by such order or direction, shall for every such offence be liable, on conviction, to a penalty not exceeding two hundred rupees.

Governor to declare what are infectious diseases.

45 The Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, on the recommendation of the Principal Civil Medical Officer, shall, as soon as practicable, after the passing of this Ordinance, declare what are infectious diseases for the purposes of this chapter, and may thereafter from time to time add to, alter, or amend such declaration as may seem necessary or advisable. And the Colonial Secretary shall forthwith furnish a copy of each such declaration, and of each such addition, alteration, or amendment to the municipal council.

Summary jurisdiction and appeal.

46 All information for offences against this chapter may be heard and determined, and all penalties under section 44 may be imposed by the municipal magistrate in a summary way on the complaint of any officer of the municipal council, provided that where the chairman is the municipal magistrate, the police magistrate, but not such municipal magistrate, shall have jurisdiction to adjudicate upon the hearing of such complaint. Provided always that any person aggrieved by any adjudication of such municipal, or police, magistrate may appeal therefrom to the Supreme Court. And such appeal shall be governed by the provisions regulating appeals contained in "The Criminal Procedure Code, 1883." Provided further that all fines imposed under this chapter shall be paid to the municipal council of the municipality wherein the offence is committed.

Power to issue regulations.

47 It shall be lawful for the municipal council to issue from time to time regulations, subject to the provisions of this chapter, for the purpose of carrying the same into effect.

Interpretation.

48 The following expressions in inverted commas, when occurring in this chapter or any regulations thereunder, shall, for the purposes thereof, bear the meanings hereinafter respectively assigned to them, unless inconsistent with the context, viz. :

"Dairy premises."—Any building, shed, land, or place used for the stalling, grazing, feeding, or milking of cattle for the purpose of producing milk to be sold or supplied, or any building or place used for the purpose of depositing or storing milk when so produced.

"Milk store."—Any building, shed, or stall used for the purpose of depositing, storing, or exposing milk for the purpose of selling or disposing thereof.

"Dairyman."—The occupier of any dairy premises as hereinbefore defined, or any person engaged in the production of milk for sale or supply for profit to other persons.

"Milk vendor."—The occupier of any milk store as hereinbefore defined, or any person engaged in the storage or distribution of milk for sale or supply to other persons.

"Register."—The register of dairymen and milk vendors and of dairy premises and milk stores, kept under the authority of this chapter.

“Medical practitioner.”—A person holding a qualification which would entitle him to be registered under the following Acts of the Imperial Parliament, to wit : The Medical Act (21 and 22 Vic. c. XC.) ; and The Medical Act, 1886, (49 and 50 Vic. c. XLVIII.) ; or any other Act of the Imperial Parliament which may be enacted in lieu thereof.

Provisions of chapter II. to extend to dairy premises situated outside municipal limits.

49 The provisions of this chapter shall apply to dairy-men, milk vendors, dairy farmers, cow-keepers, and purveyors of milk, whether resident within or without the limits of the municipality, who may sell or supply milk to any person or persons resident within the municipality, and to dairy premises, milk stores, and milk shops, whether situated within or without the limits of the municipality, from which milk is sold or supplied to any person or persons resident within the limits of the municipality, and to the occupiers of such premises, stores, or shops.

CHAPTER III.

Supervision and Regulation of Laundries.

Duties of municipal council to keep a register of all laundrymen.

50 It shall be the duty of the municipal council :

- (1) To keep a register of the names and addresses of all laundrymen washing for any person resident within the municipality, and of all laundry premises used from time to time by each of them for the washing, ironing, or deposit of clothes.
- (2) To strike off such register the names and addresses of all persons who shall have ceased, or become disqualified as hereinafter provided, to carry on the business of laundrymen.
- (3) To keep such register open at all reasonable times for inspection by the Principal Civil Medical Officer or any officer appointed by him in writing, and to furnish any extracts therefrom that he may require.
- (4) To cause to be inspected all such laundry premises and the appliances and utensils therein used for the washing or ironing of clothes, at the time prescribed in any regulations for the time being in force under this chapter, and to enter the date and result of every such inspection in the register.
- (5) To furnish in the month of January of each year to the Colonial Secretary a report of the municipal council's proceedings under this chapter in respect of the supervision and regulation of laundries during the preceding twelve months, in such form as may be prescribed by any regulation for the time being in force under this chapter.

Powers of chairman of the municipal council to enter laundry premises.

51 The chairman of the municipal council shall have the following powers in addition to any other powers in this chapter conferred, viz. :

- (1) To enter or authorize the entry at all reasonable times into or upon any laundry premises for the purpose of making any inspection by this chapter authorized.
- (2) To require any laundryman, by notice in writing, to cleanse and maintain in a sanitary condition his laundry premises and any utensils therein used as aforesaid.
- (3) To require any laundryman, by notice in writing, to desist from using any well or other source of water supply in or on his laundry premises, or used in connection therewith, which is polluted or unwholesome, and to wholly discontinue the use of the water thereof for any purpose whatsoever, for such period as the chairman shall direct, or to fill up the said well or source of water supply and keep the same so filled up.

- (4) To refuse or cancel the registration of any laundryman in respect of any laundry premises which is in an insanitary condition, or in which the provisions for ventilation, drainage, lavatory, and privy accommodation or water supply are not such as are necessary for health or for the cleanliness of the appliances and utensils used therein, or for the protection of any clothes therein against infection or contamination.

For the purposes of this section the term "the chairman of the municipal council" shall include the sanitary officer of the municipality.

Laundrymen and others to apply for registration.

52 Every laundryman engaged in the washing of clothes for any person or persons in any municipality at the time of this Ordinance coming into force, shall, within three months of such time, and every laundryman thereafter commencing to engage in such washing shall before so commencing, apply to the municipal council to cause to be entered on the register for that municipality his name and place of residence and the locality of every laundry premises used or to be used by him, and thenceforward from time to time any change of such residence, or discontinuance by him to use any former or commencement by him to use any other laundry premises.

Unregistered persons forbidden to wash clothes.

53 It shall not be lawful for any person to wash clothes for any person or persons in any municipality if his name and place of residence and every laundry premises used by him for the purpose of the washing, ironing, or deposit of any such clothes are not entered upon the register for that municipality: Provided that persons engaged in the washing of clothes for any person or persons resident in any municipality at the time of this Ordinance coming into force shall not be affected by the provisions of this section until after the lapse of three months from such time.

Infectious disease in laundry premises, &c., to be reported immediately.

54 On the appearance of any case of infectious disease in any person or persons in any laundry premises or laundry store, the householder or occupier, or if there be no such householder or occupier, the owner of such premises, and also the medical practitioner attending the case, shall immediately report in writing such case to the municipal council.

Laundryman to supply names and addresses of customers.

55 Whenever it shall appear to the chairman of the municipal council, or be certified to such chairman by any medical practitioner, that the spread of infectious disease is in his opinion attributable to the clothes washed and distributed by any laundryman, the chairman may require such laundryman wholly to discontinue his business or trade for such time as the chairman shall direct, and to furnish forthwith upon demand a full and complete list of the names and addresses of all his customers, and to give such assistance to discover the residence of all or any of them as the chairman making the inquiry may deem necessary.

Persons suffering from infectious disease or having been recently exposed to infection not to take part in laundry operations.

56 No person following the business or trade of a laundryman, or being the occupier of a laundry premises, shall knowingly allow any person suffering from any infectious disease, or having recently been exposed to infection from a person so suffering, to wash or handle clothes or the utensils used for washing the same, or in any way to take part or to assist in the conduct of the trade or business of the laundryman or occupier of any laundry premises as far as regards the washing, ironing, distribution, or storage of clothes, until he shall have shown to the satisfaction of the chairman of the municipal council that all danger of communication of infection to, or of contamination of the clothes has ceased.

Laundry operations prohibited in places exposed to infection.

57 It shall not be lawful for any laundryman to wash, iron, store, keep, or deposit any clothes in any room in which there shall be clothes which shall have been in any place or way exposed to infection from any person suffering from

any infectious disease, or which shall have been upon or in any laundry premises in which the distribution of clothes has been directed to be discontinued, on account of infectious disease, as provided in section 55 of this Ordinance.

Penalties, &c.

58 Every person who shall wilfully disobey or act in violation of any of the provisions contained in either of the last six preceding sections, or shall resist or wilfully obstruct any person in the lawful exercise of any of the powers conferred under section 51 of this Ordinance, or shall without lawful excuse neglect or disobey any requirement made under the provisions of sections 51 and 55 hereof, or shall neglect or refuse to obey any order or direction of the chairman of the municipal council, or the sanitary officer of the municipality made under the said section within the time limited in that behalf by such order or direction, or shall lend, hire, or use any article of clothing which he may receive for the purpose of being washed or ironed, shall be guilty of an offence, and be liable on conviction to a penalty not exceeding two hundred rupees.

Governor to declare what are infectious diseases.

59 The Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, on the recommendation of the Principal Civil Medical Officer, shall, as soon as practicable after the passing of this Ordinance, declare what are infectious diseases for the purposes of this chapter, and may thereafter from time to time add to, alter, or amend such declaration, as may seem necessary or advisable. And the Colonial Secretary shall forthwith furnish a copy of each such declaration and of each such addition, alteration, or amendment to the municipal council.

Summary jurisdiction and appeals.

60 All offences against this chapter may be heard and determined, and all penalties under section 58 may be imposed, by the municipal magistrate in a summary way on the complaint of any officer of the municipal council; provided that where the chairman is the municipal magistrate, the police magistrate, but not such municipal magistrate, shall have jurisdiction to adjudicate upon the hearing of such complaint. Provided always that any person aggrieved by any adjudication of such municipal, or police, magistrate may appeal therefrom to the Supreme Court. And such appeal shall be governed by the provisions regulating appeals contained in "The Criminal Procedure Code, 1883." Provided further that all fines imposed under this chapter shall be paid to the municipal council of the municipality wherein the offence is committed.

Power to issue regulations.

61 It shall be lawful for the municipal council to issue from time to time regulations, subject to the provisions of this chapter, for the purposes of carrying the same into effect.

Interpretation.

62 The following expressions in inverted commas when occurring in this chapter, or any regulations thereunder, shall, for the purposes thereof, bear the meanings hereinafter respectively assigned to them, unless inconsistent with the context, viz.:

"Laundry premises."—Any building, shed, land, place, well or other source from which water is obtained, used for the purpose of carrying on the business or trade of washing or drying of clothes for any person or persons for hire, or any building, shed, or place used by any laundryman for the purpose of ironing, depositing, or storing clothes.

"Laundryman."—The occupier of any laundry premises as hereinbefore defined, or any person engaged in the washing, drying, ironing, depositing, or storing of clothes for other persons for hire.

"Register."—The register of laundrymen, of laundry premises, and laundry stores kept under the authority of this chapter.

“Medical practitioner.”—A person holding a qualification which would entitle him to be registered under the following Acts of the Imperial Parliament, to wit: The Medical Act (21 and 22 Vic. c. XC.); and The Medical Act, 1886 (49 and 50 Vic. c. XLVIII.); or any other Act of the Imperial Parliament which may be enacted in lieu thereof.

Provisions of chapter III. to extend to laundry premises situated outside municipal limits

63 The provisions of this chapter shall apply to laundrymen whether resident within or without the limits of the municipality, who may wash for any persons resident within the municipality, and to laundry premises whether situated within or without the limits of the municipality used for the purpose of washing, drying, ironing, depositing, or storing clothes for any person or persons resident within the municipality.

Passed in Council the Seventh day of February, One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-six.

J. J. THORBURN,
Acting Clerk to the Council.

Assented to by His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor the Seventh day of February, One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-six.

W. T. TAYLOR,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Ordinance enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor of Ceylon,
with the advice and consent of the Legislative
Council thereof.

No. 2 of 1896.

An Ordinance to provide for the regulation and inspection
of Mines and Machinery.

E. NOEL WALKER.

Preamble.	W HEREAS it is expedient to provide for the regulation and inspection of mines and machinery and for the safety of persons employed in working mines and machinery in this colony: Be it therefore enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:
Short title. Commencement.	1 This Ordinance may be cited as "The Mines and Machinery Protection Ordinance, 1896," and shall come into operation at such time as the Governor shall, by Proclamation in the <i>Government Gazette</i> , appoint.
Definition: "Mine."	2 In this Ordinance— "Mine" means every mine opened, worked, or used for the purpose of searching for or obtaining minerals of every description other than those to which Ordinance No. 5 of 1890 applies, and slate, talc, and all other materials obtained by mining, and includes all shafts, levels, planes, works, machinery, tramways and sidings, both below and above ground, which may be sunk, driven, erected, or constructed in and adjacent to any such mine.
"Shaft."	"Shaft" includes pit.
"To open, work, or use a mine."	"To open, work, or use a mine" means and includes the sinking of any shaft, or the driving of any level or inclined plane, or any act whatsoever whereby the soil or earth or any rock, stone, quartz, or talc in or under any land is disturbed, removed, carted, carried, washed, sifted, or otherwise dealt with for the purpose of searching for or obtaining minerals, slate, talc, or other materials therefrom.
"Factory."	"Factory" includes every factory, store, workshop, and building in which machinery of any kind is moved by steam, water, electricity, or other mechanical power.
"Inspector."	"Inspector" includes every person appointed to inspect mines and factories.
"Person."	"Person" includes any association or body of persons whether incorporated or not.
Notice of intention to open mine.	3 (1) If any person intends to open, work, or use any mine, he shall, one week at least before commencing to open, work, or use such mine, furnish the government agent of the province within which such mine is situate with a declaration in writing containing the following particulars: (a) The name and boundaries of the land in which the mine is to be opened, worked, or used; (b) The nature of the right of the applicant to open, work, or use the mine on such land; and (c) The name or names and residence or residences of himself and of the person or persons under whose management or superintendence the mine is intended to be opened, worked, or used.

(2) If such person ceases to have an interest in such mine, or if any person or persons other than those named in the declaration shall be entrusted with the management or superintendence of such mine, such person shall forthwith make a further declaration thereof to the government agent.

Governor to
make rules.

4 The Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, shall from time to time make, and when made may alter, amend, or cancel rules for—

- (a) Inspecting and examining into the state and condition, and ensuring the due ventilation, of any mine or any part thereof ;
- (b) Regulating all matters and things connected with or relating to the safety of the persons employed in or about any mine or factory, or connected with or relating to the fencing of machinery in, or attached to, any such mine or factory ;
- (c) Keeping mines and factories in a cleanly and sanitary condition ;
- (d) The issuing of notices to the owners, superintendents, managers, or persons in charge of any mine or factory, calling upon them to execute any work for any of the above purposes ;
- (e) The appointment of an inspector or inspectors of mines and factories ;
- (f) Imposing restrictions on the cleaning of machinery while in motion ;
- (g) Imposing restrictions on the working of women and children between the fixed and traversing parts of any self-acting machine while such machinery is in motion ;
- (h) The reporting to the government agent of the province by the owner, superintendent, manager, or person in charge of any mine or factory, of any loss of life or any personal injury to any person employed in any mine or factory by reason of any accident or mishap at such mine or factory ; and
- (i) Any other purpose necessary for carrying out the several provisions of this Ordinance.

Proviso.

Provided that no such rules or alterations, amendments or cancellation thereof, shall have effect until the same are duly published in the *Government Gazette*.

Rules to be laid
before
Legislative
Council.

5 All rules made under this Ordinance by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, shall be laid before the Legislative Council within one month of the commencement of the session next after the making of such rules, and shall cease to have force or effect if disapproved by the Council within two months of being so laid on the table.

Penalties.

6 Any person who shall open, work, or use a mine before furnishing the declaration required by sub-section 1 of section 3, or in breach of, or in any way contrary to, the provisions of this Ordinance or of any rules made under section 4, or who shall fail to furnish the further declaration required by sub-section 2 of section 3, and any person who shall hinder or obstruct any inspector when inspecting any mine or factory, or the machinery of any such mine or factory, under the provisions of this Ordinance or of any rule made thereunder, and any person who shall refuse or neglect to execute any work after receiving notice in writing in that behalf, and any person who shall keep any mine or factory in an insanitary state or condition, or without insuring the due ventilation thereof, and any person who shall commit any breach of any of the rules made under this Ordinance, shall be guilty of an offence, and be liable on a first conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, or to rigorous imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months, or both ; and on every subsequent conviction to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, or to rigorous imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, or both.

Prosecution when barred. 7 No prosecution shall be entertained for any offence under this Ordinance unless the same is instituted within six months from the date of the commission of the offence.

Informér's share. 8 It shall be lawful to the court imposing a fine under the provisions of this Ordinance to award to the informer any share not exceeding a moiety of so much of the fine as is actually recovered and realized.

Passed in Council the Seventh day of February, One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-six.

J. J. THORBURN,
Acting Clerk to the Council.

Assented to by His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor the Seventh day of February, One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-six.

W. T. TAYLOR,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Ordinance enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor of Ceylon,
with the advice and consent of the Legislative
Council thereof.

No. 3 of 1896.

An Ordinance to consolidate and amend the Law in respect
to the Collection of Tolls.

E. NOEL WALKER.

Preamble. WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law in respect to the collection of tolls in this island : It is therefore enacted as follows :

Preliminary.

Short title of Ordinance. 1 This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as "The Toll Ordinance, 1896," and shall come into operation on the First day of January, 1897.

Repeal of enactments. 2 The Ordinances respectively mentioned in schedule A hereto are hereby wholly repealed, but such repeal shall not affect—

- (a) The past operation of any enactment hereby repealed, nor anything duly done or suffered under any enactment hereby repealed ; nor
- (b) Any right, privilege, obligation, or liability acquired, accrued, or incurred under any enactment hereby repealed ; nor
- (c) Any penalty, forfeiture, or punishment incurred in respect of any offence committed against any enactment hereby repealed ; nor
- (d) Any legal proceeding or remedy in respect of any such right, privilege, obligation, liability, penalty, forfeiture, or punishment as aforesaid.

Interpretation clause. 3 In the construction and for the purposes of this Ordinance (if not inconsistent with the context or subject-matter) the following terms shall have the respective meanings hereinafter assigned to them ; that is to say,

"Horse" shall include pony, ass, or mule.

"Ox" shall include any bullock, buffalo, or any other beast of burden, except an elephant.

"Load" shall include all description of goods, but not passengers.

"Vehicle for passengers" shall include carriages, hackeries, and vehicles capable of carrying passengers, and commonly used for such purpose, though not actually carrying passengers at the time.

“Vehicle for goods” shall include carts, wagons, and all vehicles capable of carrying loads, and commonly used for such purpose, although not actually carrying goods at the time.

“Boat” shall include pada boats, battel, lighter, single or double canoe, scooped dhoney, ballam, raft, tug, catamaram, kulla, and all other boats whether of European or native build.

“Estate” means any land in which labourers are employed, and of which ten acres or more are actually cultivated.

Tolls established.

Tolls at roads,
bridges,
ferries, and
canals.

4 Subject to the provisions and limitations hereinafter contained, tolls shall be levied upon all horses, elephants, oxen, vehicles, and boats, in respect of the roads, bridges, ferries, and canals specified in the schedules B, C, D, and E respectively to this Ordinance annexed, and in respect of ferries upon all foot passengers, at such rates as the Governor from time to time, by Proclamation in the *Government Gazette*, shall be pleased to appoint, provided that the same shall in no case exceed the rates hereinafter specified; that is to say:

Tolls on Roads and at Bridges and Ferries.

	Rs.	c.
Every vehicle for passengers drawn by one horse, driver and passengers included	}	with two wheels 0 50
... ..		with four wheels 0 60
Every vehicle for passengers drawn by two horses, driver and passengers included		1 0
Every additional horse used in drawing such vehicle, and attached thereto		0 10
Every vehicle for passengers drawn by one ox, driver and passengers included		0 30
Every additional ox attached thereto		0 10
Every horse carrying a load or not carrying a load, with or without a rider		0 20
Every ox carrying a load		0 10
Every vehicle carrying a load and drawn by one horse or ox		0 30
Every vehicle carrying a load and drawn by two horses or oxen		0 50
Every additional horse or ox attached thereto		0 10
Every vehicle not carrying a load and drawn by one horse or ox		0 10
Every vehicle not carrying a load and drawn by two horses or oxen		0 15
Every additional horse or ox attached thereto		0 10
Every vehicle carrying a load and drawn by two elephants		1 0
Every vehicle not carrying a load and drawn by two elephants		0 50
Every vehicle carrying a load, and drawn by one elephant		0 70
Every vehicle not carrying a load and drawn by one elephant		0 30
Every elephant carrying a load, not being his food		0 30
Every elephant not carrying a load		0 20
Every bicycle, tricycle, or jinricksha		0 10
Every ox, cow, calf, sheep, goat, or pig		0 1
Every leaguer or cask not carried in a vehicle or by a man, but rolled along the road		0 10
Every wheeled vehicle not enumerated above		0 40
Every foot passenger crossing ferries, except children under twelve years of age and keepers and leaf-cutters attending elephants, horses, and cattle...		0 2

Tolls on Canals.

Pada boat, battel, or lighter of and under 50 feet in length	}	loaded ... 1 50
... ..		unloaded ... 0 75
Pada boat, battel, or lighter over 50 feet in length	}	loaded ... 2 50
... ..		unloaded ... 1 25
Double canoe, scooped dhoney, and kulla	}	loaded ... 0 60
... ..		unloaded ... 0 30
Every additional canoe supporting a platform		0 10
Single canoe or ballam, with freight or passengers		0 30
Single canoe or ballam, unloaded		0 15
Raft or catamaram, 30 feet by 10 feet and under	}	loaded ... 1 0
... ..		unloaded ... 0 50

		Rs.	c.
For every additional foot over 30 feet in length and under 50 feet	{ loaded	0	50
	{ unloaded	0	25
For every additional foot over 50 feet	{ loaded	0	20
	{ unloaded	0	10
For every additional foot of breadth on 15 feet, whether loaded or unloaded	...	0	50
For every boat propelled by steam or electric power, or any power obtained by any means other than hand, beast of draught, or sail, whether loaded or unloaded, and of whatever draught or capacity	...	2	50
Every boat not enumerated above	...	0	50

Provided that it shall be lawful for the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, by Proclamation in the *Government Gazette*, from time to time to cause a higher rate of toll than that above specified to be levied in respect of ferries which shall exceed half a mile in width.

Proviso.
Higher toll on ferries more than half a mile wide.

Provided further that boats or canoes employed in fishing, and not conveying loads or passengers, shall be exempt from toll, and that no tolls shall be demanded or taken for or in respect of any horse, ox, vehicle, boat, or canoe when employed, or going to be or returning from having been employed, in carrying or conveying only dung, soil, compost, bone dust, or manure for land (save and except lime, salt, saltpetre, and poonac), and the necessary implements used for filling the manure, and, in the case of boats, the necessary tackle, apparel, and provisions of such boats and the crew thereof.

Proviso.
As to fishing boats, and vehicles and boats, &c., conveying manure.

Proviso as to empty vehicles fitted with trays for the carriage of green tea leaf.

Provided further that all vehicles fitted with trays, baskets, or other apparatus for the carriage of green tea leaf and drawn by a horse or an ox, or by horses or oxen, and all boats and canoes so fitted, shall be exempt from toll respectively, except when actually carrying such leaf or any other load in respect of which toll is leviable under this Ordinance.

Proviso as to such vehicles when loaded with green tea leaf which is being conveyed from one part of the estate to another for the purpose of manufacture.

Provided further that every vehicle so fitted and drawn by a horse or an ox, or by horses or oxen, and every boat or canoe so fitted, shall be exempt from toll when loaded with green tea leaf to be manufactured in any factory standing upon the estate whereon such leaf has been plucked or gathered.

Tolls in respect of ferries due whether boats used or not.

5 The tolls imposed in respect of ferries shall be due and leviable whether the ferry boats provided for carrying passengers or conveying vehicles or goods across the ferries be used or not.

Vehicles and boats loaded with cocoanut husks to pay as unloaded vehicles and boats, and to pay only once.

6 From and after the day on which this Ordinance comes into operation vehicles and boats loaded with cocoanut husks in an unmanufactured condition, and with no other goods or merchandise, except the necessary tackle, apparel, and provision of such boat and the crew thereof, shall pass as, and pay the tolls of, unloaded vehicles and boats only. If such vehicles and boats shall pass more than once the same day, loaded as aforesaid, no further tolls shall be demanded or taken for or in respect of them, but they shall pass free.

Governor may exempt manures and other substances from toll.

7 (1) The Governor may, from time to time, with the advice of the Executive Council, by Proclamation in the *Government Gazette*, declare an exemption from toll in favour of any substance or substances specified in such Proclamation and used (a) for manuring purposes, (b) for checking leaf disease in coffee and other plantations in the island.

(2) After the publication in the *Government Gazette* of such Proclamation no toll shall be demanded or taken for or in respect of any horse, ox, vehicle, boat, or canoe when employed, or going to be or returning from being employed, in carrying or conveying only the substance or substances specified for exemption from toll in such Proclamation, or only such substance or substances, together with any other substance or substances exempted from toll by any Proclamation issued under this Ordinance, and the necessary

implements used for filling or carrying manure or for carrying such other substances as may be specified in such Proclamation, and in the case of boats, the necessary tackle, apparel, and provisions of such boats and the crew thereof.

The Governor may alter or revoke such Proclamation.

8 The Governor may, with the advice of the Executive Council, by Proclamation in the *Government Gazette* revoke, alter, or amend any such Proclamation as aforesaid.

Legislative Council may by resolutions establish tolls.

9 The Legislative Council may by means of any resolution duly passed at any public session of the said Council establish tolls in respect of any public road, bridge, ferry, or canal in this island, in addition to the tolls set out in schedules B, C, D, and E hereto, and the provisions of this Ordinance shall apply to the tolls so established as fully and effectually as if such tolls had been enumerated in the said schedules or in some or one of them.

Governor in Executive Council may by resolution abolish and alter places for collecting tolls.

10 The Governor, acting with the advice of the Executive Council, may by resolution to be notified in the *Government Gazette*—

- (a) Abolish any existing tolls or any tolls which may hereafter be legally established; and
- (b) Determine at what places tolls shall be collected, and alter such places and other places appoint for the collection thereof.

Provided that until the Governor, with the advice aforesaid, shall issue a resolution under this section abolishing any toll or altering the place at which any toll is by this Ordinance authorized to be collected, such toll shall be collected in respect of every road, bridge, ferry, and canal specified in schedules B, C, D, and E respectively at the several places specified and set forth in schedule F hereto.

Tolls on bridges, roads, canals, and ferries hereinafter built, made, dug, and established.

11 Whenever it shall be found necessary to build a bridge, other than those specified in schedule C, the cost of which shall amount to five thousand rupees or more, it shall be lawful for the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, by Proclamation in the *Government Gazette*, to direct that tolls, not exceeding those specified in section 4, shall be levied in respect thereof; and whenever it shall be found necessary to establish any ferry other than those enumerated in schedule D, it shall be lawful for the Governor, with the like advice and in like manner to direct that tolls not exceeding those specified in the said section shall be levied in respect thereof.

Provisions of the Ordinance made applicable to future tolls.

12 Whenever tolls shall be directed to be levied under section 11 of this Ordinance, or whenever tolls shall be established by resolution of the Legislative Council under section 9 of this Ordinance, the provisions of this Ordinance shall be held applicable thereto as if those tolls were specified herein, and the Proclamations and resolutions by which the same shall be respectively levied and established shall be read and construed as if they formed part of this Ordinance, and shall be applied and put in execution accordingly.

Exemptions.

13 The Governor (or Lieutenant-Governor) and his suite when in immediate attendance on him, together with all their necessary attendants, horses, animals, conveyances, baggage, and implements, all Her Majesty's officers, soldiers, and volunteers on duty or on their march, and their horses and baggage, and all carriages and horses belonging to Her Majesty or employed in her service, and all horses, animals, and vehicles conveying any such persons as aforesaid, or their baggage, or returning from conveying the same, and all messengers, carriages, and horses drawing or carrying the public mails, shall be exempted from payment of any toll; and it shall be lawful for the government agent, if he shall see fit so to do, to direct the toll-keeper in writing to permit cattle or sheep driven to grass, persons with cattle, agricultural instruments, paddy plants, or seed grain for the cultivation of their lands, and children going to and from

school, to pass without payment of toll. All persons, vehicles, animals, or boats employed in the construction or repair of any road, bridge, canal, or ferry, within ten miles of the toll station, or in making Crown surveys within that distance, shall pass without payment of toll, on production of a certificate of such employment from the officer superintending the work or survey; and any officer giving such certificate to or in respect of any person, vehicle, or animal, or boat not *bonâ fide* employed as aforesaid, shall be guilty of an offence, and be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.

Regulation as to Toll.

Return tolls.

14 No toll shall be levied upon any passenger, vehicle, animal, or boat, upon his or its return by, over, or through any road, bridge, canal, or ferry at which he or it shall have paid toll on the same day (to be computed from 12 o'clock at night to 12 o'clock of the succeeding night), unless such vehicle, animal, or boat shall carry a different load; and the one-half only of the appointed toll shall be levied upon any passenger, vehicle, animal, or boat at any road, bridge, canal, or ferry, by, over, or through which he or it shall have passed in a like direction on the same day, unless such vehicle, animal, or boat shall carry a different load: Provided that it shall be incumbent upon the party claiming such total or partial exemption to produce a ticket signed by the keeper of such toll station, denoting such previous payment to have been made; and provided also that no payment of toll upon any vehicle, animal, or boat when unloaded shall in any manner affect any toll to which such vehicle, animal, or boat is hereby declared to be liable when loaded.

Ticket required to clear passengers.

15 Every person having once paid toll in respect of himself or of any vehicle, animal, or boat at any place payment at which shall have been declared by the Governor, by Proclamation in the *Government Gazette*, to clear any other place, shall, on the production at such other place of a ticket denoting such payment to have been made, pass the same without any further payment of toll, except where such person, vehicle, animal, or boat shall at such latter place have become liable to a different rate of toll.

Toll-keepers.

Appointment of toll-keepers.

16 The tolls hereby established shall be taken and levied by the toll-keeper or some one of the toll-keepers to be appointed by the government agent of the province in which such tolls are levied, except as hereafter provided: Provided that in any case in which more than one toll-keeper shall be appointed for any place, such toll shall be demanded and taken by such one only of the said toll-keepers as shall at the time of such demand be the wearer of the metal badge hereinafter mentioned; and if the privilege of collecting tolls at any place shall at any time be let to any party, it shall be lawful for the government agent, except as aforesaid, on the application of such party, to appoint such person or persons as he may name to be toll-keeper or toll-keepers at such place; and if such party shall at any time be desirous of removing any toll-keeper appointed on his application as aforesaid, he shall give a written notice of his intention so to do to the government agent or his assistant at least ten days before carrying the same into effect; and any party who shall remove any toll-keeper without giving such notice shall be guilty of an offence, and be liable on conviction thereof to pay a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.

Collection of Tolls.

Toll-keepers to wear badge;

17 Every toll-keeper appointed under this Ordinance shall, while engaged in the collection of tolls, wear a metal badge, whereon shall be engraved the name of the place at which he is appointed to collect tolls; and there shall be

and put up
table of tolls
and name.

suspended at some conspicuous place immediately adjoining every place at which tolls are hereby authorized to be collected, so as to be distinctly legible, in the English and native languages, a copy of the 4th section of this Ordinance, and also a notice setting forth the name or names of the person or persons appointed to collect the tolls at such place.

Toll-keeper to
give tickets.

18 Every toll-keeper while engaged in the collection of tolls shall be provided with tickets consecutively numbered, acknowledging the payment of toll and the date thereof, and mentioning the road, bridge, ferry, or canal, if any, cleared by such payment, one of which tickets, duly signed by him, shall be delivered gratis to the person paying the toll; and every such ticket shall be in the English and native languages, and in the form hereunto annexed: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the government agent, if he shall see fit so to do, to grant to such toll-keeper permission to deliver such tickets in the native languages only.

Toll-keeper
acting contrary
to the
Ordinance.

19 If any toll-keeper shall at any time collect any toll without wearing a metal badge as aforesaid, or omit to suspend a copy of the 4th section of this Ordinance, and the notice of the name or names of the person or persons appointed to collect the tolls, or shall wilfully remove, conceal, alter, or deface the same or either of them, or permit either of them to become illegible, or shall demand or take toll in any case in which toll is not payable under the provisions of this Ordinance, or a greater or less toll than he shall be authorized to do thereunder, or shall fail to grant to any person having paid toll a ticket denoting such payment as hereinbefore required, or shall wilfully subject any passenger, vehicle, animal, or boat to unreasonable delay or detention, or shall demand or take toll from any person by this Ordinance exempted from the payment of toll, or from any person whom he has been duly directed by the government agent to permit to pass without payment of toll, such toll-keeper shall be guilty of an offence, and be liable on conviction thereof to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and on any second or subsequent conviction to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

Further Penalties.

Penalty on
levying tolls
without
authority.

20 If any person other than a toll-keeper duly appointed to collect toll shall demand or take any toll, or for the purpose of appearing or representing himself to be a toll-keeper shall wear or carry, or produce or exhibit to any person liable to pay toll the metal badge which by this Ordinance a toll-keeper is required to wear, or any badge resembling or intended to resemble such metal badge, or shall otherwise personate or represent himself to be a toll-keeper, every person so offending shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees; and any toll-keeper who shall wilfully lend or give his metal badge to any person not duly appointed to collect toll, in order that the person should personate such toll-keeper, or shall be otherwise accessory to the collection of toll by any person not duly appointed as aforesaid, shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.

Penalties for
infringement
of the
Ordinance
by passenger.

21 If any person liable to payment of tolls shall pass from any road over any land near or adjoining thereto (not being a public highway), with intent to evade such payment, or shall fraudulently or forcibly pass or take his vehicle, animals, goods, or boat, by, over, or through any place duly appointed for the collection of tolls, or shall resist or make forcible opposition against any person duly appointed to collect tolls in the execution of his office; or if any person shall wilfully or maliciously damage any bar, boat, bridge, or other thing employed for the purpose of collecting tolls, or shall wilfully or maliciously remove, deface, alter, or damage any copy of section 4 of this Ordinance, or the notice

suspended as hereinbefore directed ; or if any person other than a person duly appointed to collect tolls shall give, or if any person shall receive from any person other than a person duly appointed as aforesaid, or shall forge, counterfeit, or alter any ticket or certificate of payment or exemption with intent to evade or reduce the payment of any toll, or if any person shall do any other act whatsoever in order to evade or reduce the payment of any toll, and whereby the same shall be evaded or reduced, every such person shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.

Prohibition for employment of private boat.

22 If any person, not being a duly appointed toll-keeper, shall convey any goods, vehicle, or animal, not being his property, or any passenger not in his service, across any river or stream, by any boat or other means either at or within a distance of one mile above or below any road, bridge, ferry, canal, or place at which tolls shall be leviable, such person shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable on conviction thereof to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.

Toll payable on transfer of goods at toll station.

23 It shall not be lawful for any person, in order to avoid payment of any toll, whether in whole or in part, to remove or cause to be removed any goods from any animal, vehicle, or boat on one side of any road, bridge, ferry, canal, or place appointed for the collection of tolls, to any other animal, vehicle, or boat on the opposite side thereof, unless after payment of toll upon the animal or vehicle on or in which the same shall have been so brought as a loaded animal or vehicle ; nor for any person to unload or cause to be unladen any goods from any animal or vehicle upon which the same shall have been brought to any road, bridge, ferry, or place appointed for the collection of tolls, and to load or cause the same to be reladen upon such animal or vehicle after it shall have passed such road, bridge, ferry, or place, unless after payment of toll upon such animal or vehicle as a loaded animal or vehicle ; and any person acting contrary to the provisions of this section shall be guilty of an offence, and be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.

Miscellaneous.

Powers vested in agents may be exercised by assistant agents.

24 The powers herein given to the government agent of any province shall also belong to and be executed by every assistant government agent within his district.

Municipal tolls.

25 Nothing herein contained shall be held to affect the power of the municipal council to impose tolls within the limits of the municipality, with the sanction of the Governor and the Executive Council, as provided by "The Municipal Councils' Ordinance, 1887," or any other Ordinance to be in that behalf hereafter enacted, and when the municipal councils shall so establish tolls, or when tolls shall have been made over, or shall hereafter be made over to any municipal council, they shall be empowered to appoint toll-keepers, and the provisions of this Ordinance shall, unless altered or modified by the by-laws of any municipal council, apply to the tolls so established or made over as if those tolls were specified in this Ordinance.

Limitation of prosecution.

26 No prosecution shall be instituted against any person for any offence committed against the provisions of this Ordinance, unless the same shall be commenced within one month from the time of the commission of such offence.

Informers' share.

27 It shall be lawful for the magistrate, should he see fit so to do, to award any portion of the fine actually recovered and realized under any of the provisions of this Ordinance, not exceeding one-half thereof, to the informer.

SCHEDULE A.

(Section 2.)

No. and Year.	Title.	Portion repealed.
14 of 1867	The Toll Ordinance, 1867 ...	The whole
4 of 1868	To establish further Tolls ...	do.
2 of 1869	To establish further Tolls ...	do.
18 of 1869	To establish further Tolls ...	do.
2 of 1871	To establish further Tolls ...	do.
9 of 1871	To amend "The Toll Ordinance, 1867" ...	do.
24 of 1871	To establish further Tolls ...	do.
12 of 1872	To establish further Tolls ...	do.
11 of 1874	To establish further Tolls ...	do.
7 of 1875	To amend "The Toll Ordinance, 1867" ...	do.
14 of 1876	To establish further Tolls ...	do.
20 of 1877	To establish further Tolls ...	do.
5 of 1878	To establish further and to discontinue certain Tolls ...	do.
6 of 1879	To amend "The Toll Ordinance, 1867" ...	do.
10 of 1879	To establish further and to discontinue certain Tolls ...	do.
15 of 1880	To establish further and to discontinue certain Tolls ...	do.
10 of 1881	To establish further and to discontinue certain Tolls ...	do.
14 of 1882	To establish further and to discontinue certain Tolls ...	do.
10 of 1884	To establish further and to discontinue certain Tolls ...	do.
41 of 1884	To establish further and to discontinue certain Tolls ...	do.
12 of 1885	Amending "The Toll Ordinance, 1867" ...	do.
12 of 1887	Amending "The Toll Ordinance, 1867" ...	do.

SCHEDULE B

Roads.

Western Province.

1. Urugodawatta.
2. From Wellampitiya to Dematagoda.
3. From Colombo to Kótté.
4. From Nugéoda to Naráhépita.
5. From Colombo to Kandy, between the 10th and 12th mileposts.
6. From Colombo to Kandy, between the 21st and 23rd mileposts.
7. From Colombo to Galle.
8. From Colombo to Avisáwella.
9. From Já-ela to Henaratgoda.
10. From Kelaniya through Biyagama to Henaratgoda.
11. From Talawatuhépita to Udupilla.
12. From Alutgama to Radáwana.
13. From Pasyála to Hanwella.
14. From Kótté to Kaduwela.
15. From Póré to Bópé.
16. From Hanwella to Nambápána about half a mile from its junction with the high road from Colombo to Avisáwella.
17. From Colombo to Kesbéwa.
18. From Mirihána to Mattéoda.
19. From Véyangoda to Attanagalla.
20. From Talawatugoda to Hókandara.
21. From Negombo to Giriulla, between the 4th and 6th mileposts.
22. From Negombo to Giriulla, between the 8th and 9th mileposts.
23. From Negombo to Giriulla, between the 16th and 18th mileposts.
24. From Negombo to Dúnagaha.
25. From Selathandiya to Alutapola.
26. From Minuwangoda to Kotadeniyáwa.
27. From Kotadeniyáwa to Mirigama.
28. From Pasyála to Giriulla.
29. From Pánaduré to Nambápána, between the 14th and 15th mileposts.
30. From Tebuwana to Kalutara, from Palátota to Nágoda, and from Nágoda to Agalawatta, at their junction.
31. From Kalutara to Agalawatta, between the 4th and 5th mileposts.
32. From Colombo to Galle, between the 29th and 30th mileposts.

33. From Wisidágama to Wéwita.
34. From Bandáragama to Waskađuwa.
35. At Bandáragama on the road between Horana and Bolgođa.
36. From Wáđuwa to Morontuđuwa.
37. From Horawela to Pelawatta.
38. From Pámankađa to Horana.

Central Province.

1. Pupuressa.
2. Pusselláwa.
3. Rambođa.
4. Bambarakelé-Kodigaha.
5. Gondennáwa.
6. Kaławala.
7. Kengalla.
8. Mađawala.
9. Kaluđaella-Perabahutenna.
10. Balakađuwa.
11. Aluviháre.
12. Wéragama.
13. Dambulla.
14. Galéwela.
15. Ampitiya.
16. Gurudeniya.
17. Kolonghamulla.
18. Rikiligaskađa.
19. Kadugannáwa.
20. Gampola.
21. Iriyagama.

Northern Province.

1. From Jaffna to Dambulla.
2. From Point Pedro to Kodikámam with branch toll on the road from Point Pedro to Chávakachchéri through Sarasalai.

Southern Province.

1. At the 57½ milepost, at Kahawa.
2. At the 47½ milepost, at Welitara.
3. On the road to Uđugama, near the junction of the Akmimana minor road.
4. Ambalangoda-Elpitiya, at the Aroowevilla bridge.
5. Hirimbura-Baddégama, between the 4th and 5th mileposts.
6. Labúduwa-Akmimana, between the 4th and 5th mileposts.
7. On the road to Mátara, at Paradawawatta, near the 74¾ milepost.
8. On the road to Akuressa, at Lunavil-ela.
9. On Morawak kóralé road, at Akuressa.
10. At Dewundara, on the Coast road.
11. At Gođagama, on the Akuressa road.
12. At Talpawela, on the Kekinadúwa road.
13. At Morawaka, between the 48th and 49th mileposts.
14. At Sinimódara with branch road toll on the road from Beliatta to Dikwella.

North-Western Province.

1. Kurunégala-Polgahawela.
2. Kurunégala-Kandy.
3. Etiyáwala.

Province of Uva.

1. From Nuwara Eliya to Badulla.
2. Lower Badulla road.
3. From Ratnapura to Batticaloa.
4. From Haldummulla to Hambantota.

Province of Sabaragamuwa.

1. From Ratnapura to Badulla.
2. From Ratnapura to Pelmađulla.
3. From Pelmađulla to Balangoda, between 72nd and 73rd mileposts.
4. From Pelmađulla to Balangoda, between 82nd and 83rd mileposts.
5. From Pelmađulla to Rakwána.
6. From Rambukkana to Dolosbágé, at Kadigamuwa.
7. From Rambukkana to Dolosbágé, at Gewilipitiya.
8. From Kégalla to Bulatkohupitiya, at Hettimulla.
9. From Warakápola to Ruwanwella, at Mayinoluwa.
10. From Colombo to Kandy, at Ambanpitiya.

SCHEDULE C.

Bridges.

Western Province.

1. Victoria Bridge at Grandpass.
2. Draw-bridge at Grandpass.
3. At Bambalapitiya over Kirillapona canal.
4. At or near the Kirillapona bridge near the 4th milepost on the Galle road.
5. Danḍugama.
6. Tóppu.
7. Embulgama on the road from Colombo to Badulla *viâ* Avisáwella and Ratnapura.
8. Sitáwaka.
9. Giriulla.
10. Anḍiambalam.
11. Koṭugoda.
12. Múnamalwatta.
13. Kospalankissa.

Central Province.

1. Gampola.
2. Pannal-oya.
3. Bowwágama.
4. Teldeniya.
5. Nálanda.
6. Pérádeniya.
7. Kaṭugastota.
8. Talátu-ova.

Northern Province.

1. At Navetkuly, known as Uppár bridge, with branch tolls at the bridge at Kóppay and at the bridge Vannattipalam in Madduvil North.
2. At Tanakarakurichi, known as Vallai bridge, with a branch toll at the bridge at Tonḍaimannár.

Southern Province.

1. At Pol-oya.
2. At Bentota.
3. At Polwatta and branch toll at Polkandan-ēla.
4. At Akuressa.
5. At Walawe.
6. At Gintota.
7. At Bandattara.

North-Western Province.

1. Tuntota, on the road from Nárammola to Mádampé.
2. Meṭibokka, on the road from Kurunégala to Kandy.
3. Maguru-oya, on the road from Kurunégala to Puttalam.
4. Maguru-oya, on the road from Kurunégala to Giriulla.
5. Deḍuru-oya, on the road from Kurunégala to Puttalam.
6. Deḍuru-oya, on the road from Kurunégala to Dambulla.
7. Koṭṭukachchiya.
8. Tunmódara and its branch station at Muddarawala.
9. Nainamadam.
10. Deḍuru-oya, on the road from Chilaw to Puttalam.

Province of Sabaragamuwa.

1. Geṭahetta.
2. Kuruwita.
3. Bilihul-oya, at Galagama.
4. Kahawatta.
5. Ambépusa.
6. Máwanēlla.
7. Maha-oya, at Yattatawala.
8. Karawanēlla.
9. Bibili-oya.
10. Gurugoda-oya, at Ruwanwēlla.

SCHEDULE D.

Ferries.

Western Province.

1. Pasbetal (Wattala).
2. Mutwal (Módara).
3. Hénamulla.
4. Gorakápola.
5. Haywella.
6. Púgoða.
7. Wéwala.
8. Tárákuliya.
9. Gorakagahatoþupola.
10. Síduwa.
11. Mutuwáþiya.
12. Rukgahatoþupola.
13. Digala.
14. Kitulgahawatta.
15. Anguruwátota.
16. Kepu-ela.
17. Galpata.

Central Province.

1. Wéragantota.
2. Iþukmódara.
3. Kundaþále.
4. Hembarastota.
5. Halloluwa.
6. Gónawatta.
7. Léwella.

Northern Province.

1. Pannai.
2. Aráli.
3. Mannár.

Southern Province.

1. Halpatota.

Eastern Province.

1. Kalladi.
2. Valaichchenai.

North-Western Province.

1. Chilaw-Puttalam road.
2. Battulu-oya, Chilaw-Puttalam road.
3. Bandirippuwa, over the Giþ-oya.
4. Lunuwila, over the Giþ-oya.
5. Etalai, across Puttalam lake
6. Kalþiya Mutwal.

Province of Sabaragamuwa.

1. Demuwata.
2. Idangoða.
3. Arandara.
4. Kelani-ganga at Ruwanwella.
5. Gurugoða-oya at Anguruwella.
6. Riþigaha-oya.

SCHEDULE E.

Canals.

Western Province.

1. Draw-bridge at Grandpass.
2. Lock-gate, St. Sebastian.
3. Henda.
4. Pamunugama.
5. Kittampahuwa.
6. Negombo.
7. Old canal at Kalutara.
8. New canal at Kalutara.

North-Western Province.

1. Pálavi.
2. Munatupirivu.
3. Náttandiya.

SCHEDULE F.

Places at which Tolls shall be collected.

Roads.

Western Province.

1. Urugodawatta, at a point east of its junction with the Base Line road.
2. Wellampitiya to Dematagoda, at a point between the Urugodawatta canal and the North and South Base Line road.
3. Colombo to Kótté, at or near the junction of Buller's road with the Kótté road near the 4th milepost. Payment of toll within the same day at this station shall clear the Bambalampitiya bridge.
4. Nugéoda-Naráhenpiṭa, at or near the junction of the said road with the North and South Base Line road.
5. Colombo-Kandy, at a spot between the 10th and 12th mileposts.
6. Colombo-Kandy, at a spot between the 21st and 23rd mileposts.
7. Colombo-Galle, at a point between the 14th and 15th mileposts.
8. Colombo-Avisawélla, at the junction with the road leading from Kosgama to Púgoda between the 23½ and 23¾ mileposts.
9. Jáela-Henaratgoda, at Medagama in Gampaha at or near the 21st milepost.
10. Kélaniya-Henaratgoda, between the 12th and 13th mileposts, and between the 20th and 21st mileposts. Such tolls to clear and to be cleared by that established on the road from Talawatuhénpiṭa to Udupilla.
11. Talawatuhénpiṭa-Udupilla, at Migahawatta at or near Madarawa bridge. Payment of toll within the same day at this station shall clear the tolls established on the Kélaniya-Henaratgoda road.
12. Alutgama-Radawana, at a spot between the 3rd and 4th mileposts.
13. Pasyála-Hapwélla, at Ellakkala near the 2nd milepost.
14. Kótté-Kaduwela, at a spot between the 8th and 9th mileposts.
15. Póré-Bópé, between the 15th and 16th mileposts at the junction with the new minor cross road from Panágoḍa to Hénpitiṭa (the toll to be levied to cover both roads).
16. Hapwélla-Nambápána, at Mipé between the 3rd and 4th mileposts on the said road.
17. Colombo-Kesbéwa, at a spot between the 10th and 11th mileposts at or near Bókundara.
18. Mirihána-Mattegoda, at or near the 12th milepost.
19. Véyangoda-Attanagalla, at the junction of the Kandy road.
20. Talawatugoda-Hókandara, at Hókandara (a point about 11 miles from Colombo) at or near the junction of the road from Talawatugoda to Hókandara with the road from Araggala to Moraketiya.
21. Negombo-Giriulla, between the 4th and 6th mileposts. Such toll to clear and to be cleared by the toll between the 8th and 9th mileposts on the same road.
22. Negombo-Giriulla, at a spot between the 8th and 9th mileposts.
23. Negombo-Giriulla, between the 16th and 18th mileposts at or near the Welihinda bridge.
24. Negombo-Dunegaha, at a place between the 6th and 7th mileposts on the said road.
25. Selathhandiya-Alutapola, at a point near the 5th milepost.
26. Minuwangoda-Koṭadeniyáwa, at a spot within a quarter of a mile from the 26th milepost.
27. Koṭadeniyáwa-Mirigama, at a point near the railway level crossing at Mugurugampola.
28. Pasyála-Giriulla, at Malléhéwa near the 2nd milepost and at Kandangomuwa near the 9th milepost. Payment of toll within the same day at one place to clear the other.
29. Pánaduré-Nambápána, between the new 14th and 15th mileposts from Pánaduré.
30. Tebuwana-Kalutara, Palátota-Nágoḍa, and Nágoḍa-Agalawatta at the junction of the said roads. Such toll to clear and to be cleared by that established on the road from Kalutara to Agalawatta at Dodangoda near the junction of the road with the minor road from Paiyágala.
31. Kalutara-Agalawatta, at Dodangoda near the junction of the road with the minor road from Paiyágala.
32. Colombo-Galle, between the 29th and 30th mileposts at or near the village Étagama. Such toll to clear and to be cleared by the toll at Nágoḍa, and at Dodangoda.

33. Wisidágama-Wéwita, at or near Wisidágama (the toll to form one with that established at Bandáragama). Payment of toll within the same day at one place to clear the other at Nugégođa, Mawala, and Rukgahatotupola.
34. Bandáragama-Waskađuwa, at or near the bridge across the canal at Nugégođa. Payment of toll within the same day at this station to clear the tolls at Mawala on the road from Wáđuwa to Morontuđuwa, at Wisidágama, and at Rukgahatotupola ferry, and at Bandaragama.
35. Horana-Bolgoda, at Bandáragama at the junction of the roads. Payment of toll within the same day at this station to clear the tolls at Nugégođa on the road from Bandáragama to Waskađuwa, at Mawala on the road from Wáđuwa to Morontuđuwa, at Wisidágama, and at Rukgahatotupola ferry.
36. Wáđuwa-Morontuđuwa, at a point between the 2nd and 3rd mileposts. Payment of toll within the same day at this station to clear the tolls at Nugégođa, Mawala, Wisidágama, and Rukgahatotupola ferry.
37. Horewela-Pelawatta, at a place within the 1st half-mile of the Pelawatta road, the measurement of which commences at the Horawela junction. Payment of toll within the same day at this station or at Múnamalwatta ferry shall clear the other.
38. Pámankađa-Horana, at a spot between the 18th and 19th mileposts.

Central Province.

1. Pupuressa, at Delpitiya.
2. Pusselláwa, near the 23rd milepost on the road from Kandy to Nuwara Eliya.
3. Rambođa, between the 33rd and 34th mileposts from Kandy to Nuwara Eliya.
4. Bambarakelé-Kođigaha, at or near the paṁsala at Bambarakelé on the Rambođa side of the Oliphant cart road between the 46th and 47th mileposts on the Kandy-Nuwara Eliya road.
5. Gondennáwa, at Gondennáwa on the road from Náwalapitiya to Kandy within one mile of the railway station.
6. Kađawala, at the junction of the two roads Ambagamuwa-Dikoya and Yatiyantota-Dikoya, at Kađawala.
7. Kengalla, at Kengalla on the road to Međamahanuwara *via* Rájáwella and Teldeniya.
8. Mađawala, at Mađawala between the 6th and 7th mileposts from Kandy.
9. Kaludađa-Perabahutenna, at Perabahutenna.
10. Balakađuwa, at Alawatugoda on the top of the Balakađuwa Pass.
11. Aluviharé, at Aluviharé.
12. Wéragama at Wéragama. Payment of toll at either Wéragama or Aluviharé to clear the other on the same day.
13. Dambulla, (i.) at Dambulla bazaar on the North road between the Post Office and the turn to the road from the resthouse to the Police Station, Dambulla; (ii.) at Dambulla on the road from Kurunégala to Trincomalee, a few yards to the west of the road from the Police Station to the resthouse. Payment at either of these places to clear the other on the same day.
14. Galéwela, at Galéwela on the road from Kurunégala to Trincomalee, a few yards to the east of the turn to Akuramboda.
15. Ampitiya, on the road from Kandy to Talátu-oya through Ampitiya at Nárangaspitiyawatta or Walawwéwatta within 75 yards on the Talátu-oya side of the 2nd milepost out of Kandy.
16. Gurudeniya, at Gurudeniya on the road from Talátu-oya to Gurudeniya within a quarter of a mile of Kershaw's bridge. Payment of toll at either of the above two places (Gurudeniya or Ampitiya) to clear the other on the same day.
17. Kolongahamula, at Kolongahamula near Haragama-oya.
18. Rikiligaskađa, at a point within 100 yards of the ambalama at Rikiligaskađa and on the road between the ambalama and Pádiyapelella.
19. Kađuğannáwa, at Dandudeniyağedarawatta within a quarter of a mile of the junction of the Paranapaṭṭiya road with the Colombo road.
20. Gampola, at Ganetennawatta, bearing assessment No. 19. Payment of toll at either of the above two places (Gampola or Kađuğannáwa) to clear the other on the same day.
21. Iriyagama, at Iriyagama.

Northern Province.

1. At the village of Mirusuvil, on the Central road close to the 182½ milepost from Kandy.

2. At the village of Tunnalai Segetkoditevan, on the road from Point Pedro to Koḍikámam at the junction of the Point Pedro-Koḍikámam road, with the Karanavai-Tunnalai road between the 4th and 5th milestones, with a branch toll at the village of Karavettikuruli on the road from Point Pedro to Chavakachchéri through Sarasalai, between the 9th and 10th mileposts, at the junction of the Point Pedro-Chavakachchéri road with the Karanavai-Tunnalai road.

Southern Province.

1. At the 57½ milepost at Káháwa.
2. At the 47½ milepost at Welitara.
3. Uḍugama, to be collected on the land Galwellawatta at or within 50 yards (southwards) of the junction of the Akmimana minor road with the Uḍugama principal road.
4. Ambalangoda-Elpitiya, to be collected on the land called Tembiligahawatta at the Orowila bridge at Karadeniya between 2nd and 3rd mileposts.
5. Hirimbura-Baddégama, to be collected on the land called Galagahawatta on the Uluwīṭike junction between 4th and 5th mileposts.
6. Labudúwa-Akmimana, to be collected on the land called Wellagahawatta at Totagoḍa between the 4th and 5th mileposts.
7. On the road to Mátara at Paradúwéwatta, between the turn to Buona Vista Hill and the 74½ milepost.
8. On the road to Pilana.
9. At Akuressa in the garden Ambatotawatta.
10. At Dewundara in the land Kalapumodara or Totupalewatta between the 102nd and 103rd mileposts.
11. At Goḍagama, in the land called Kadawattehena between the 3rd and 4th mileposts.
12. At Talpawela, on the Hakmana line.
13. At Morowaka, between the 48th and 49th mileposts in the garden called Badalgewatta.
14. At Sinimódara, between the 118th and 119th mileposts with the branch road toll at Goḍakumbura on the road from Beliatta to Dikwella.

North-Western Province.

1. Kurunégala-Polgahawela, at Polgahawela at or near the 47th milepost from Colombo or 11th milepost from Kurunégala.
2. Kurunégala-Kandy, at Mallowapitiya at or near the 24th milepost from Kandy or 22nd milepost from Kurunégala.
3. Eṭiyáwala, at Eṭiyáwala junction.

Province of Uva.

1. Nuwara Eliya-Badulla, at Welimaḍa and at or near the village Padináwela.
2. Badulla, at Taldena.
3. Ratnapura-Batticaloa, at Marangahawela, at Uḍa Kumbalwala (between the 12th and 13th mileposts), and at Lunugala between the 26th and 27th mileposts.
4. Haldummulla-Hambantota, at the junction of the roads leading respectively to Buttala, Hambantota, and Koslanda, and at Tanamalwila opposite the resthouse and between the 28th and 29th mileposts.

Province of Sabaragamuwa.

1. Ratnapura-Haputale, at Ketandola between the 58th and 59th mileposts, about 100 fathoms from the bridge over Ketandola.
2. Ratnapura-Haputale, at Patakada between the 65th and 66th mileposts close to the 65th milepost.
3. Ratnapura-Haputale, at Hunuwala between the 72nd and 73rd mileposts, 25 yards from the bridge over the Hunuwalya.
4. Ratnapura-Haputale, at Balangoḍa between the 82nd and 83rd mileposts near the Balangoḍa Police station.
5. Pelmadulla-Rakwána, at Weralugahamula between the 81st and 82nd mileposts on the Ratnapura-Rakwána road, and about 2 miles from Rakwána.
6. Rambukkana-Dolosbáge, at Kaḍigamuwa between 3rd and 4th mileposts. Payment at this toll or at the bridge at Mawanelle within the same day to clear both.
7. Rambukkana-Dolosbáge, at Gewilipitiya near the 16th milepost.
8. Kégalla-Bulatkohupitiya, at Hettimulla.
9. Warakápola-Ruwanwella, at Mayinoluwa.
10. Colombo-Kandy, at the 45½ milepost at Ambanpitiya, to the west of the Public Works Department store.

Bridges.

Western Province.

1. At the north side of the Victoria Bridge at Grandpass, in the District of Colombo.
2. Draw-bridge, Grandpass, at or near the bridge. Payment of toll within the same day at either of the above two stations shall clear the other.
3. Bambalapitiya bridge, at or near the bridge. Payment of toll within the same day at this station shall clear the toll at the 4th milepost on the road from Colombo to Kótté.
4. Kirillápona
5. Dançugama
6. Tóppu
7. Embulgama, at or near the 13th milepost.
8. Sitáwaka
9. Giriulla
10. Ançiambalam, at a point 370 yards east of the bridge on the road from Negombo to Minuwangoda.
11. Kotugoda, at or near the bridge.
12. Múnamalwatta
13. Kospalankissa

} At or near the bridge.

} At or near the bridge.

} At or near the bridge.

Central Province.

1. Gampola
2. Pannal-oya
3. Bowwágama
4. Teldeniya
5. Nálанда
6. Pérádeniya
7. Katugastota
8. Tálátu-oya, at any place between the junction of the Udatenna road with the principal road from Kandy to Hárágama and the junction with the same road of the turn to Gónawatta ferry. Payment of toll at this station to clear the toll at Gonawatta on the same day, and *vice versa*.

} At or near the bridge.

Northern Province.

1. At the eastern end of the Uppár bridge in Návetkuli, on the Central road, close to the 195th milepost from Kandy, with branch tolls at what is called the Kopay causeway at Kaitadi, on the Manipai-Kaitadi road, close to the 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ milepost; and at Madduvil North, at the bridge called Vannattipálam, on the Púttur-Sarasálai road, close to the 4 $\frac{3}{4}$ milepost.
2. At the northern end of the Vallai bridge in the village of Tanakarakurichchi on the Jaffna-Point Pedro road, close to the 12 $\frac{3}{4}$ milepost, with a branch toll at the eastern end of the Tondamannár bridge in the village of Tondamannár, close to the 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ milepost on the Point Pedro-Kankésanturai road.

Southern Province.

1. At the bridge at Pol-oya.
2. At the bridge at Bentota.
3. At the bridge Polwatta and branch toll at the bridge Polkandanelá.
4. At the Akuressa bridge.
5. At the bridge at Walawe.
6. At the bridge at Gintota on the southern side.
7. At the bridge at Bandattara on the northern side.

North-Western Province.

1. Tuntota, at or near the bridge between the 29th and 30th mileposts.
2. Metibokka, at or near the bridge near the 13th milepost from Kandy.
3. Maguru-oya, at or near the bridge on the Kurunégala-Puttalam road.
4. Maguru-oya, at or near the bridge between the 3rd and 4th mileposts on Kurunégala-Giriulla road.
5. Deduru-oya, at or near the bridge between the 22nd and 23rd mileposts from Kurunégala to Puttalam.
6. Deduru-oya, at or near the bridge between the 5th and 6th mileposts from Kurunégala to Dambulla.
7. Kóttukachchiya, at quarter of a mile east of the bridge on the Puttalam-Kurunégala road.
8. At Tunmódara and its branch station at Muddarawala, at Tunmódara and Mádampé.
9. At Nainamadam.
10. Deduru oya, at the junction of the main road from Chilaw to Puttalam and the southern approach road.

Province of Sabaragamuwa.

1. Geṭaheṭṭa, between the 32nd and 33rd mileposts, Colombo-Ratnapura road, 100 yards north of the bridge over Geṭaheṭṭa-oya.
2. Kuruwiṭa, between the 47th and 48th mileposts, Colombo-Ratnapura road, 50 yards from the bridge over Kuru-gaṅga.
3. Bilihul-oya, between the 92nd and 93rd mileposts, Ratnapura-Haputale road, 200 yards from bridge over Bilihul-oya.
4. Kahawatta, between the 71st and 72nd mileposts, Pelmadulla-Bakwána road, near the bridge over the Wé-gaṅga.
5. Ambépuṣṣa, near the 36½ milepost on the Colombo-Kandy road within 200 yards of the bridge over the Kuḍá-oya.
6. Máwanella, near the 56th milepost, Colombo-Kandy road, within 200 yards of the bridge.
7. Yattatawala, near the quarter milepost within 200 yards of the bridge over Maha-oya, Polgahawela-Kégalla road.
8. Karawanella, near the 38th milepost within 200 yards of the northern end of the bridge over Kelani-gaṅga on the road from Avisáwella to Yaṭiyantōṭa and Ruwanwella.
9. Bibili-oya, between the 52nd and 53rd mileposts within 200 yards of the bridge, Yaṭiyantōṭa-Ginigathéna road.
10. Gurugoda-oya within one mile of the bridge at Ruwanwella. Payment of toll at this station or at the ferry tolls over the Kelani-gaṅga, Gurugoda-oya at Anguruwella, or Ritigaha-oya within the same day to clear all four.

Ferries.
Western Province.

1. At Pasbetal (Wattala) } At the ferry.
2. Mutwal (Módara) }
3. Henamulla, at or near the ferry across the Pánaduré-gaṅga on the road connecting the old and new Colombo-Galle road between the 14th and 15th mileposts on the new road.
4. Gorakapola, at or near the ferry across the Pánaduré-gaṅga on the road connecting the old and new Colombo-Galle road between the 14th and 15th mileposts, new road. Payment within the same day at this station shall clear the toll at the Henamulla ferry and *vice versa*.
5. Haṅwella, at the ferry.
6. Púgoḍa, at or near the ferry across the Kelani-gaṅga on the minor road from Púgoḍa to Kosgama.
7. Wéwala, at the ferry.
8. Tarakuliya, on the land called Telagahawatta. Payment at this station within the same day shall clear the canal tolls at Heṇḍala and Pamunugama, and the ferry toll at Gorakagahatōṭupola.
9. Gorakagahatōṭupola, at the ferry.
10. Siduwa, at or near the ferry across the Danḍugam-oya on the road from Siduwa to Henaratgoḍa.
11. Mutuwáḍiya, at the ferry.
12. Rukgahatōṭupola, at the ferry. Payment at this station within the same day shall clear the road tolls at Nugégoḍa, Máwala, Visidágama, and Bandaragama.
13. Digala, at the ferry.
14. Kitulgahawatta, at the ferry on the road from Pánaduré to Horana and across Bolgoḍa lake to Kindelpitiya.
15. Anguruwatōṭa } At the ferry.
16. Kepu-ḗla }
17. Galpata at the ferry across the Kalu-gaṅga at Galpata. Such toll to clear and to be cleared by that established at the ferry across the Kepu-ḗla on the road from Desestara Kalutara to Anguruwatōṭa.

Central Province.

1. Wéragantōṭa } At the ferry.
2. Illukmódara }
3. Kuṇḍasále }
4. Hembastōṭa }
5. Halloluwa }
6. Gónawatta, at the ferry. Payment of toll at this station to clear the toll at Talátu-oya bridge on the same day, and *vice versa*.
7. Léwella, at the ferry.

Northern Province.

1. Pannai, at the Pannaitturai jetty by the side of the Pannaitturai maddam close to the Fort of Jaffna.
2. Aráli, at the Arálitturai jetty near the 6 $\frac{3}{4}$ milepost on the road from Jaffna to Arálitturai.
3. Mannár, at the Mannár end of the causeway.

Southern Province.

1. At Halpatota in Ganegama.

Eastern Province.

1. At Kalladi or Puliyantivu shore.
2. At Valaichchenai shore.

North-Western Province.

1. Mutwal, at the ferry.
2. Battulu-oya, at the ferry.
3. Baṇḍirippuwa, at Dummaladeniya.
4. Lunuwila, at the ferry.
5. Etalai, at Etalai jetty.
6. Kalpiṭiya Mutwal, at the ferry.

Province of Sabaragamuwa.

1. Demawatta, at the junction of Wé gāṅga with Kalu-gāṅga on the road from Ratnapura to Karawiṭa.
2. Idangoḍa, on the eastern bank of Kalu-gāṅga on the minor road from Kukulú kóralé to Kurúwiṭi kóralé.
3. Arandara, between the 4th and 5th mileposts within 200 yards of the ferry across the Gurugoḍa-oya on the road from Ballapána to the Riṭigaha-oya.
4. Over the Kélanigāṅga, at Ruwanwella.
5. Over the Gurugoḍa-oya, at Anguruwella near Ruwanwella.
6. Paved ford over the Riṭigaha-oya near Ruwanwella. Payment of toll at any one of the three above ferries or at the bridge over the Gurugoda-oya within the same day to clear all four.

Canals.

Western Province.

1. Draw-bridge at Grandpass, at the bridge at the northern entrance of St. Sebastian canal.
2. Lock-gate, St. Sebastian, at the spot.
3. Hēndala, at Hēndala and at Pamunugama. Payment of toll within the same day at either of these stations to clear the tolls at Tarakuliya and Gorakagahatoṭupola.
4. Kittampahuwa, at the spot.
5. Negombo, at or near the bridge (at the entrance of the canal) on the Custom-house road, and at or near the bridge at Pallanséna at the junction of the canal with the Kammal ferry. Payment of toll at one station within the same day shall clear the other.
6. Old canal at Kalutara, at Kēpu-ēla Módara and at Galtude. Payment of toll at one station within the same day shall clear the others.
7. New canal at Kalutara, at Etanamada, and at Hataramódara. Payment of toll at one place within the same day shall clear the others.

North-Western Province.

1. Pálavia, one-eighth mile north-east of the bridge.
 2. Munatupirivu
 3. Nátandiya
- } At the spot.

SCHEDULE G.

Form of Ticket.

Toll station _____ No. _____
 Date: _____, 18 ____
 This ticket clears _____
 Received for _____
 The sum of _____

 Signature.

Passed in Council the Seventh day of February, One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-six.

J. J. THORBURN,
 Acting Clerk to the Council.

Assented to by His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor the Seventh day of February, One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-six.

W. T. TAYLOR,
 Acting Colonial Secretary.

Ordinance enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor of Ceylon,
with the advice and consent of the Legislative
Council thereof.

No. 4 of 1896.

An Ordinance for making final provision for the Supplementary
Contingent Charges for the year 1894.

E. NOEL WALKER.

Preamble.

WHEREAS by an Ordinance No. 14 of 1894 it was enacted that a sum of Rs. 1,742,392.26 should be charged upon the revenue of this island for the Supplementary Contingent Services of the year One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-four, in addition to the sum of Rs. 13,346,381 provided by the Ordinance No. 13 of 1893: And whereas an expenditure of Rs. 249,876.44 was incurred and brought to account for the Contingent Services of the year 1894, for which provision is not made by the aforesaid Ordinances: It is enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:

Rs. 249,876.44 charged upon the revenue of this island of the year 1894 for the final Supplementary Contingent Service of that year.

1 That a sum not exceeding Two hundred and forty-nine thousand Eight hundred and seventy-six rupees and Forty-four cents shall be and the same is hereby charged upon the revenue of this island of the said year 1894, for the services hereinafter mentioned; the said expenditure being in conformity with the schedule hereunto annexed, whereof the following is an abstract:—

			Rs.	c.
Pensions ...	...	...	11,100	99
Medical Department ...	...	...	4,030	34
Miscellaneous Services ...	...	...	6,107	90
Crown Agents ...	...	...	38	27
Railway Department ...	...	...	225,517	19
Public Works Department ...	...	...	1,283	42
Colombo Waterworks ...	...	...	1,798	33
Total ...			249,876	44

SCHEDULE.

			Rs.	c.
PENSIONS.				
Crown Agents, London ...	...	...	11,100	99
MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.				
Other charges ...	...	...	4,030	34
MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES.				
Commissioner of Stamps ...	...	...	6,107	90
CROWN AGENTS.				
Personal emoluments ...	...	...	38	27
RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.				
Other charges ...	...	...	225,517	19
PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.				
Other charges ...	...	...	1,283	42
COLOMBO WATERWORKS.				
Personal emoluments ...	...	...	1,798	33
Total ...			249,876	44

Passed in Council the Seventh day of February, One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-six.

J. J. THORBURN,
Acting Clerk to the Council.

Assented to by His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor the Seventh day of February, One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-six.

W. T. TAYLOR,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

NOTICES IN TESTAMENTARY ACTIONS.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary } In the Matter of the Estate of David
Jurisdiction. } Marian de Rosairo, late of Kalpitiya,
No. C/685. } deceased.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before Joseph Grenier, Esq., Acting District Judge of Colombo, on the 14th day of November, 1895, in the presence of G. M. Brito, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner John Marian Solomon de Rosairo, of Kalpitiya, in the District of Puttalam; and the affidavit of John Marian Solomon de Rosairo, dated 11th November, 1895, having been read:

It is ordered that the said John Marian Solomon de Rosairo be and he is hereby declared entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of David Marian de Rosairo, deceased, issued to him, as an heir of the said deceased, unless the respondents—1, Saraphina de Rosairo, wife of Longinus Anthony de Rosairo, of Kalpitiya; 2, Johanna Grace Anandappa, wife of Lovis Gonzaga Anandappa, of Kotahena, Colombo; 3, Mary Anne Mercy Cassimir, wife of Nicholas Cassimir, of Kalpitiya; 4, Elizabeth Alexandrina de Rosairo, of Kalpitiya; and 5, Joseph Marian David de Rosairo, of Kalpitiya—shall, on or before the 26th day of March, 1896, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

JOSEPH GRENIER,
Acting District Judge.

The 14th day of November, 1895.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary } In the Matter of the Goods and
Jurisdiction. } Chattels of the late Sangapala
No. C/721. } Arachchige Dona Pabilina Hamine,
of Bendiamulla, deceased.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before D. F. Browne, Esq., District Judge of Colombo, on the 13th day of February, 1896, in the presence of J. H. de Livera, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Kekulawala Jayawardena Arachchige Don Arnolis Appuhamy, of Weboda, in the Adikari pattu of Siyane korale; and the affidavit of the said Kekulawala Jayawardena Arachchige Don Arnolis Appuhamy, dated 6th February, 1896, having been read: It is ordered that the said Kekulawala Jayawardena Arachchige Don Arnolis Appuhamy be and he is hereby declared entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of Sangapala Arachchige Dona Pabilina Hamine, deceased, issued to him, as husband of the said deceased, unless the respondents—Kekulawala Jayawardena Arachchige Don Siman and Kekulawala Jayawardena Arachchige Dona Martina, both of Weboda, in the Adikari pattu of Siyane korale—shall, on or before the 26th day of March, 1896, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

D. F. BROWNE,
District Judge.

The 13th day of February, 1896.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Testamentary } In the Matter of the Goods and
Jurisdiction. } Chattels of Rajepakse Mudiyanse-
No. 744/C. } lage Banda, Lakam Mahatmaya
of Navinna, deceased.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before Joseph Grenier, Esq., Acting District Judge of Colombo, on the 23rd day of January, 1896, in the presence of Thomas F. Bandaranaike, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Rajepakse Mudiyanse Appuhamy, of Navinna in Kurunegala, now of Colombo; and the affidavit of the said Rajepakse Mudiyanse Appuhamy, dated the 16th January, 1896, having been read:

It is ordered that the said Rajepakse Mudiyanse Appuhamy be and the same is hereby declared entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of Rajepakse Mudiyanse Appuhamy, deceased, issued to him, as son of the said deceased, unless the respondents—1, Tennekoon Mudiyanse Kiri Manika; 2, Rajepakse Mudiyanse Appuhamy; 3, Rajepakse Dingiri Banda; 4, Rajepakse Banda; 5, Rajepakse Dingiri Amma, all of Navinna; 6, Rajepakse Bandara Manika, of Panedare in Walgampattu korale; and 7, Rajepakse Ran Manika, of Kurundewela in Angama korale in Kurunegala—shall, on or before the 19th day of March, 1896, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

JOSEPH GRENIER,
Acting District Judge.

The 23rd January, 1896.

In the District Court of Kandy.

Testamentary } In the Matter of the Estate of Muna
Jurisdiction. } Muttusami, of Madige Kengalla, in
Class I. } Lower Dumbura, deceased.
No. 1,920. }
Sana Kaderai, of Kengalla.....Petitioner.

And

1, Muna Tailamma; 2, Muna Arnasalam Pillai; 3, Muna Amarawadi Amma; 4, Muna Muttiah Pillai; 5, Muna Kamalamma; 6, Muna Letchimi Amma; 7, Muna Kandasami Pillai; 8, Muna Kamachi Amma, the 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, and 8th respondents by their guardian *ad litem* Kawanna Mari Muttu, of Kengalla aforesaid.....Respondents.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before John Henrius de Saram, Esq., District Judge of Kandy, on the 3rd day of March, 1896, in the presence of Mr. H. P. Borrett, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Sana Kaderai; and the affidavit of the said Sana Kaderai, dated the 27th day of February, 1896, having been read:

It is declared that the said Sana Kaderai is entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of Muna Muttusami, deceased, issued to her, as the widow of the said deceased, unless the respondents above-named shall, on or before the 27th day of March, 1896, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

J. H. DE SARAM,
District Judge.

The 3rd day of March, 1896.

In the District Court of Galle.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary } In the Matter of the Last Will and
Jurisdiction. } Testament of Walimuni Adriyan
No. 3,105. } Mendis Abeysekara Appuhamy,
deceased, of Kosgoda.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before F. J. de Livera, Esq., District Judge of Galle, on the 25th day of February, 1896, in the presence of Mr. J. W. L. Keegel, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Kaluhut Ciciliya de Abrew Haminey, of Kosgoda; and the affidavit of the said Kaluhut Ciciliya de Abrew Haminey, dated 2nd September, 1895, having been read:

It is ordered and declared that the said Kaluhut Ciciliya de Abrew Haminey, of Kosgoda, is the widow of the above-named deceased, and that she is as such and sole legatee of the estate of her deceased husband entitled to have letters of administration of the estate of the above-named deceased issued to her accordingly, with copy of the will annexed, unless the respondents—(2) Walimuni Lenora Mendis Abeysekara Haminey; (3) Walimuni Deraliyas Mendis Abeysekara Haminey; (4) Walimuni Louis Mendis Abeysekara Appuhamy; (5) Walimuni Charles Mendis Abeysekara Appuhamy; (6) Walimuni Sectius Mendis Abeysekara Appuhamy; (7) Walimuni Alen Mendis Abeysekara Appuhamy; and (8) Walimuni

Seet Mendis Abeysekara Haminey, all of Nape—shall, on or before the 1st day of April, 1896, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

F. J. DE LIVERA,
District Judge.

The 25th day of February, 1896.

In the District Court of Galle.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary } In the Matter of the Estate of Saibo
Jurisdiction. } Dore Aidross, deceased, of Tala-
No. 3,124. } pitiya.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before F. J. de Livera, Esq., District Judge of Galle, on the 29th day of January, 1896, in the presence of Mr. Abeywardena, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Bawa Marcar Thadija Umma, of Talapitiya; and the affidavit of Bawadu Marcar Muhammadu Abdulla, of Talapitiya, dated 23rd January, 1896, having been read: It is ordered and declared that the said Bawadu Marcar Thadija Umma, of Talapitiya, is the widow of the above-named deceased Saibo Dore Aidross, of Talapitiya, and that she is as such entitled to have letters of administration of the estate of the above-named deceased issued to her, unless the respondents—(1) Saibo Dore Segu Abdul Cadar; (2) Saibo Dore Abdul Rahim; (3) Saibo Dore Zeinambu, wife of Mohammadu Shariff, all of Talapitiya—shall, on or before the 19th day of March, 1896, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

F. J. DE LIVERA,
District Judge.

The 29th day of January, 1896.

In the District Court of Galle.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary } In the Matter of the Estate of the
Jurisdiction. } late Slema Lebbe Cuppa Thamby,
No. 3,135. } deceased, of Dangedara.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before F. J. de Livera, Esq., District Judge of Galle, on the 21st day of February, 1896, in the presence of Mr. W. E. de Vos, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Slema Lebbe Ibrahim Saibo, of Dangedara; and the affidavit of the said Slema Lebbe Ibrahim Saibo, of Dangedara, dated 18th February, 1896, having been read:

It is ordered and declared that the said Slema Lebbe Ibrahim Saibo, of Dangedara, is the brother of the above-named deceased, and that he is as such entitled to have letters of administration of the estate of the above-named deceased issued to him accordingly, unless the respondents—1, Picha Kanda Sarangu Lewa Umma; and 2, Slema Lebbe Thambi Saibo, both of Dangedara—shall, on or before the 30th day of March, 1896, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

F. J. DE LIVERA,
District Judge.

The 21st day of February, 1896.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary } In the Matter of the Estate of the late
Jurisdiction. } Vallyammypilly, wife of Arunasalem
No. 711. } Thamothersampilly, of Vannarponne,
deceased.

Arunasalem Thamothersampilly, of Vannar-
ponne Petitioner.

And

Annappilly, widow of Eliathamby, of Vannar-
ponne Respondent.

THIS matter of the petition of Arunasalem Thamothersampilly, of Vannarponne, praying for letters of administration to the estate of the above-named deceased Vallyammypilly, wife of Arunasalem Thamothersampilly,

coming on for disposal before H. H. Cameron, Esq., District Judge, on the 13th day of February, 1896, in the presence of Mr. Kathiravelu Pillai, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner; and the affidavit of the petitioner, dated the 2nd day of October, 1895, having been read: It is declared that the petitioner is the widow of the said intestate, and is entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the said intestate issued to him, unless the respondent or any other person shall, on or before the 27th day of March, 1896, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

H. H. CAMERON,
District Judge.

This 13th day of February, 1896.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary } In the Matter of the Estate of the
Jurisdiction. } late Murukar Chinnattampi, of
Class I. } Vannarponnai East, deceased.
No. 719. }

Chinnattampi Tampu, of Vannarponnai
East Petitioner.

Vs.

1, Annappillai, widow of Chinnattampi, of
Vannarponnai; 2, Namachivayam Naka-
linkam, of Vannarponnai, and his wife
3, Tewanappillai, of Vannarponnai;
4, Arumukam Chellaiya, of Vannar-
ponnai, and his wife 5, Chuntaram, of
Vannarponnai Respondents.

THIS matter of the petition of Chinnattampi Tampu of Vannarponnai East, praying for letters of administration to the estate of the above-named deceased Murukar Chinnattampi, of Vannarponnai East, coming on for disposal before H. H. Cameron, Esq., District Judge, on the 21st day of February, 1896, in the presence of Messrs. Casippillai & Cathiravelu, Proctors, on the part of the petitioner; and the affidavit of the petitioner, dated the 18th day of February, 1896, having been read: It is declared that the petitioner is the lawful heir of the said intestate, and is entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the said intestate issued to him, unless the respondents or any other person shall, on or before the 9th day of April, 1896, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

H. H. CAMERON,
District Judge.

This 21st day of February, 1896.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary } In the Matter of the Estate of the late
Jurisdiction. } Sangarappillai Murugasoe, of Batti-
No. 722. } cotta East, deceased.

Sithamparam, widow of Murugasoe, of
Batticotta East Petitioner.

And

1, Sethamparanatar Kumaravalo, and wife
2, Valleyammey, of Batticotta East Respondents.

THIS matter of the petition of Sithamparam, widow of Murugasoe, the above-named petitioner, praying for letters of administration to the estate of the above-named deceased Sangarappillai Murugasoe, of Batticotta East, coming on for disposal before H. H. Cameron, Esq., District Judge, on the 3rd day of March, 1896, in the presence of Mr. S. Tambyah Pillai, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner; and the affidavit of the petitioner, dated the 2nd day of March, 1896, having been read: It is declared that the petitioner is the lawful widow of the said intestate, and is entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the said intestate issued to her, unless the respondents or any other person shall, on or before the 30th day of March, 1896, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

H. H. CAMERON,
District Judge.

This 3rd day of March, 1896.

NOTICES OF INSOLVENCY.

In the District Court of Colombo.

No. 1,831. In the matter of the insolvency of Ismail Lebbe Mohamadu Abdul Cader and Ismail Lebbe Melmoof, both of the Fort, Colombo, partners in the firm of M. C. Ismail Lebbe & Sons.

WHEREAS the above-named Ismail Lebbe Mohamadu Abdul Cader and Ismail Lebbe Melmoof were on March 4, 1896, adjudged insolvent by the District Court of Colombo, and an order has been made by the said court placing the estate of the said insolvent under sequestration in the hands of the Fiscal: Notice thereof is hereby given to all concerned; and notice is also hereby given that the said court has appointed that two public sittings of the court will be held, to wit, on April 9 and 23, 1896, for the said insolvent to surrender and conform, and for such other proceedings in the said matter as may then be competent under the Ordinance No. 7 of 1853, intituled "An Ordinance for the due collection, administration, and distribution of Insolvent Estates."

By order of court,

J. B. MISSE,
Secretary

Colombo, March 4, 1896.

In the District Court of Kalutara.

No. 98. In the matter of the insolvency of Mutu-tantrige Alfred Thomas Fernando, of Kalutara.

NOTICE is hereby given that the second public sitting in the above matter was declared closed on March 10, 1896, and a meeting of the creditors of the above-named insolvent will take place on March 24, 1896, for the purpose of considering and approving the conditions of sale, to be submitted by the assignee, of the land called Alukettiya.

By order of court,

J. G. L. VANDERSTRAATEN,
Kalutara, March 11, 1896. Secretary.

No. 98. In the matter of the insolvency of Mutu-tantrige Alfred Thomas Fernando, of Kalutara.

NOTICE is hereby given that a public sitting of this court will be held on April 28, 1896, for the allowance to the insolvent of his certificate of conformity.

By order of court,

J. G. L. VANDERSTRAATEN,
Kalutara, March 11, 1896. Secretary.

NOTICE is hereby given that the sittings of the courts will be held at Pasyala from March 23 to 28, 1896, both days inclusive.

Police Court,
Avisawella, March 9, 1896.

C. MARSHALL,
Acting Police Magistrate.