

Ceylon Government Gazette

Published by Authority.

No. 5,401—FRIDAY, APRIL 10, 1896.

Part I.—General: Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, and General Government Notifications.

Part II.—Legal and Judicial.

PART III.—Provincial Administration.
PART IV.—Marine and Mercantile.
PART V.—Municipal and Local.

Separate paging is given to each Part in order that it may be filed separately.

Part IV.—Marine and Mercantile.

Notices to Mariners Notifications of Quarantine Returns of Imports, Exports, and Bonded Goods	PAGE 353 — 3,62	Railway Traffic Returns Mercantile and Trade Announcements Trade Marks Notifications	 	PAGI 354 355
---	--------------------------	--	------	--------------------

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

IIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to direct that the following Notices to Mariners be published for general information.

By His Excellency's command,

W. T. TAYLOR, Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, March 31, 1896.

BENGAL.-No. 60.

India, West—Bombay Coast—Karachi Harbour— Alteration in position of Entrance Buoy.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 84 of 1896) that information has been received from Commander C. F. Oldham, R.N., in charge of Marine Survey of India, that the entrance buoy, conical, red, Karachi harbour, has been moved N.N.W., about three cables, and now lies with the Breakwater lighthouse bearing S.W. \$\frac{2}{3}\text{S}\text{.} (S. 37° W.), distant \$3\tilde{\text{c}}\text{c} cables; and Manora point lighthouse, N.W. by W. \$\frac{1}{2}\text{W}\text{.} (N. 62° W.); or approximately in lat. 24° 47′ 20° N., long. 66° 59′ 5″ E. Variation, 1° easterly in 1896.

H. LINDQUIST,
for Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.
Calcutta, March 14, 1896.

PART IV.—Page 353

BENGAL.-No. 61.

Bay of Bengal—Chittagong Coast—Depth of Water in the River Channels.

The Port Officer, Chittagong, has given notice that the under-mentioned depth of water was found in the river channels by soundings taken on the 13th instant and reduced to zero:—

reduced to zero:—	"Ft.	in.
No. I.—Outer bar—Middle Patunga buoy on with the Upper Patunga		
buov wond	13	0
Outer bar—Disc on tripod, cask, and ball	10	0
No. II.—Inner bar—Disc on diamond	10	0 .
Inner bar—Disc on tripod, cask, and ball	10	6
No. III.—Tripod on ball and cross No. IV.—Triangle on with tripod, ball, and	22	0
cross	23	0
No. V.—Guptakhally crossing— Öld marks	17	6
Middle track	16.	6
Diamond on tripod	13	6
H LINDOUIST.		

for Acting Port Officer of Calcutta. Calcutta, March 16, 1896.

D 1

Ceylon Government Railways.—Comparative Statement of Traffic for the Week ended February 23, 1896.

Earnings from	Seven Day Feb. 25	s ended , 1894.		Days ended 24, 1895.		Days endea 0, 23, 1896.		ease— over 1895.		crease— elow 1895.
	No.	Rs. c.	No.	Rs. c.	No.	Rs ,	No	Rs. e.	No.	Rs. c.
Passengers, Ordinary Coolies	1:00*	7,833 44 772 26					8,470	3,529 25	117	44 16
Season Tickets	'	21 29		1 58			-		1	1 58
Total Passengers .	. 70,425 2	8,626 99	85,492	35,111 50	93,844	38 595 1	8,352	3,483 51		
Parcels	0.0	1,634 64	6,845 54				754	73 28		. —
Horses Carriages	1 1 1	311 14 147 61	14		101 21	643 89 178 4	47	247 92 —	_	38 93
Dogs	1 0	65 50	76	75 0		73 50	25		– ,	1 50
Other small Animals Neat Cattle		4 83 27 59	8		5	6 69	_		3	1 92 18 42
Mails		894 78		937 84		1,003 34	-	65 50	_	
Miscellaneous Coaching Bicycles, &c	1 1	24 66	20	41 9 18 71	30	$\begin{array}{cccc} 43 & 85 \\ 41 & 7 \end{array}$	10	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 76 \\ 22 & 36 \end{array}$	_	
Goods (Tons)	5,592 57	7,955 43	8,282	78,663 70	7,566	69,910 94	-	_	716	8,752 76
Live Stock	336	80 28 136 75	973	85 66 310 75	606	105 45 170 0	_	19 79	367	140 75
General Miscellaneous		153 87	-	647 99		189 38	-	-	-	458 61
Total for the Week		,064 7		118,515 52		113,017 75				5,497 77
Forward from previous Return	706	,463 24	. —	829,994 51		867,980 3	-]	37,985 52		<u></u>
Total from Jan. 1 to Feb. 23		,527 31		948,510 3		980,997 78	_	32,487 75	_	
Total same period last Year Increase compared with pre-	756	,024 59		796,527 31		948,510 3				
vious Year	- 40	502 72	_	151,982 72	-	32,487 75	_		_	_
Traffic Train Mileage this Week	18,221		21,964		21,660				304	
	126,969	-	149,060	-	147,848	-		- '	1,212	_
Total from Jan. 1 to Feb. 23	145,190		71,020		169,508		_		1,516	
Total same period last Year Increase compared with pre-	126,005		145,190	-	171,024	_		-	<u>-</u>	
vious Year	19,185	_	25,834	_		_			_	
Decrease do. do			<u> </u>		1,516				!	
Particulars of Goods Conveyed.	Seven days Feb. 23,		Jan Feb	nuary 1 to . 23, 1896.		nuary 1 to b., 24, 1895.		rease 1896.		ease 896.
	Tons cw	t. gr. lb.	Tons		-		·	ewt. gr. lb.	Tons o	wt. qr. lb.
First class Goods Second class Goods	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 3 \\ 187 & 3 \end{array}$	1 16	69	3 3 (6	1 0 3 2	8	2 3 26	2020	
Rice	1,424 17		1,427 $14,104$					14 2 6	671	1 3 6
Tea leaf	878 3 27 7		7,235	18 0 20	6,582	2 7 0 18	653	11 0 8	•	
Arrack	27 7 58 13	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 12 \\ 1 & 20 \end{array}$	220 394					19 2 6 13 1 4		_
Salt Cinnamon	58 13 3 3	$\begin{array}{cc}0&7\\2&23\end{array}$	415					_	119	4 2 4
Cacao	$\begin{array}{ccc} & 3 & 3 \\ 42 & 2 \end{array}$	3 9	24 451					_	19 63	$9 2 25 \\ 5 0 22$
Cardamoms Tobacco	3 19 19 0		31						12	17 0 15
Beer, 3rd class	19 0	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 11 \\ 2 & 21 \end{array}$	140 11				25	9 3 20	22	<u></u> 12 1 20
Tea Lead and Shooks, 3rd class Manure, 3rd class	4 11 2 0	$\begin{array}{cc}1&9\\1&24\end{array}$	35 3					-		0 1 17
Plumbago, 3rd class	2 0	1 24	0	10 1 24 8 3 8				_		$\begin{array}{cccc} 11 & 2 & 14 \\ 2 & 3 & 7 \end{array}$
Other 3rd class Goods Other 4th class Goods	680 7 372 12	3 24 3 20	6,228	14 2 9	4,997	19 1 8	1,230	15 1 1		
Other 5th class Goods	141 2	1 19	2,536 1,147				385 48	1 3 26 8 2 12		_
Cinchona	11 6 11 10	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 17 \end{bmatrix}$	25	7 1 13				_		17 2 18
Cotton	0 11	3 0	$\begin{array}{c} 174 \\ 2 \end{array}$					_ [15 2 12 12 3 15
Cocoanuts Cocoanut Oil	63 10 22 19	$\begin{array}{cc}0&17\\0&22\end{array}$	580 204	7 0 14 15 2 16				17 2 26		_
Copperah	9 16	3 5	145	17 2 5	139	1 1 22	3 6	0 3 24 16 0 11		
Poonae Kerosine Oil	100 13 25 18	3 8 1 8	592 260		819	10 3 15		-	226	17 3 5
Staves	3 10	0 0	23	5 1 0			17	3 3 18	60	8 3 16
Timber, wrought Timber at 5th class	$\begin{array}{ccc} 7 & 4 \\ 37 & 1 \end{array}$	$egin{array}{ccc} 0 & 2 \ 1 & 2 \end{array}$	77	3 3 23 9 0 1			100		62	3 3 6
Timber at 6th class	31 <u>-</u>	1 2	335 27	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			108 13	11 2 12 18 1 14		
Tea Lead and Shooks, 6th class Manure, 6th class	124 9 200 8	1 17 0 13	1,640	1 3 14 5 0 8			185	2 2 22		10 0 00
Plumbago, 6th class	151 14	0 14	993 1,467			T -		_	33	16 3 20 4 0 0
Beer, 6th class Staves, 6th class	_			_		_	· •	_		
Bulky Articles and Road Metal	_		0	16 0 12		_		16 0 12		_
Other 6th class Goods Railway Material	205 4 $417 19$	1 8 2 14	1,193 5,127	11 0 26 10 0 22			445	6 1 11	2 024	 19 2 10
Public Works Material		# LT	0,127		0,112	- o 4	•	_	4,004	
Prison Department Material Breakwater Material	2,254 15	0 0	16,542	4 0 0	10,845	- 13 0 0	5,696	11 0 0		
Petroleum	=,40∓ 10 		62	15 3 0	10,010			15 3 0		
Chief Resdt. Eng., Railway Ex. Engineer, Ways and Works		1				_	-	_		
	7.500 0		60 0" 1	10 0 11	E0.000		0.001	17 9 7	E 00"	
	7,566 3	1 11	o5,954	17 0 14	59,828	2 0 15	9,331	17 .3, 7	p,205	2 3 8

UNOFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE KALUTARA COMPANY, LIMITED.

- 1. The name of the Company is "The Kalutara Company, Limited."
- 2. The registered office of the Company is to be established in Colombo.
- 3. The objects for which the Company is established are—
 - (a) To purchase, or lease, or otherwise acquire any estate or estates, land or lands, or any undivided share or shares in any such, any machinery, implements, tools, live and dead stock, stores, effects, and other property, real or personal, movable or immovable, of any kind whatsoever in the Island of Ceylon.
 - (b) To improve, plant, clear, cultivate, and develop any estate or estates or lands, or share or shares in any such, that may be purchased, leased, or otherwise acquired as tea estates, or with any other products, or in any other ways.
 - (c) To purchase or lease any lands either adjacent to any estate or estates or lands that may be purchased, leased, or acquired, or elsewhere for the purposes of water supply, and (or) providing fuel or timber for the business of the Company, or for any other purpose necessary for the working of the Company.
 - (d) To purchase tea leaf and (or) other raw products for manufacture, manipulation, and (or) sale.
 - (e) To manufacture tea leaf and (or) other products.
 - (f) To carry on the business of planters of tea and other products in all its branches.
 - (g) To work, sell, lease, license, let on hire, or otherwise dispose of any mines or quarries on or under any property of the Company, and to find, win, get, work, turn to account, sell, and otherwise deal with any ores, minerals, oils, precious and other stones or other deposits, substances, or products of such property of any kind.
 - (h) To borrow or receive money in loan for the above purposes or any of them, and for repayment of all or any of the moneys so borrowed, and the securing thereof, to issue and grant mortgages, debenture bonds, bills, bonds for cash credit, interest warrants, letters of credit, trust deeds or other deeds of security, promissory notes, bills of lading, or other negotiable instruments over all or any part of the Company's property or assets, movable or immovable, real or personal, or on the subscribed capital of the Company called or uncalled.
 - (i) To sell, lease, mortgage, exchange, or otherwise deal with all or any of the estates, lands, property, and effects, immovable and movable, of the Company or any part or parts thereof respectively.
 - (j) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.
- 4. The liability of the Shareholders is limited.
- 5. The nominal capital of the Company is seven hundred and fifty thousand rupees (Rs. 750,000), divided into one thousand five hundred shares of Rs. 500 each, of which five hundred shares may be issued with any guarantee or right of preference as may be determined or provided by the Articles of Association of the Company. In case the Company shall increase its capital by the issue of new shares, such shares may be issued upon the terms specified in the Articles of Association of the Company.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names:—

Names and Addresses of Subscrib	ers.			iber of Shares taken each Subscriber.
C. E. H. Symons, Colombo	•••	***	•••	One
T. J. Anderson, Colombo	•••	•••	•••	One
G. H. Alston, Colombo	***	•••	•••	One
C. J. Donald, Colombo	•••	•••	***	One
Jas. A. Henderson, Colombo	•••	•••	***	One
A. J. SAWER, Colombo	•••	***	•••	One
G. W. CARLYON, Colombo	•••	•••	***	One

Witness to the above signatures:

F. J. DE SARAM, Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE KALUTARA COMPANY, LIMITED.

1. The regulations contained in Table C in the Schedule annexed to "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these Articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution.

2. The Company may by special resolution alter or make provisions instead of or in addition to any

of the regulations of the Company whether contained or comprised in these Articles or not.

SHARES.

3. Every person taking any share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof by writing

under his hand in such form as the Company from time to time directs.

4. The Directors may from time to time make such calls upon the Shareholders in respect of all moneys unpaid on their shares as the Directors may think fit; and they may also make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid and the time of payment of such calls; and each Shareholder shall be liable to pay the amount of calls so made to the persons and at the time and place appointed by the Directors. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorizing such call was passed.

5. If before or on the day appointed for payment any Shareholder does not pay the amount for which he is liable, then such Shareholder shall be liable to pay interest on the same at the rate of nine per cent. per

annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of the actual payment.

6. The shares, except where otherwise provided, shall be allotted at the discretion of and by the Directors, who may from time to time issue any unissued shares, either as ordinary shares or with such preference or priority (as regards dividends or in the distribution of assets) as they may deem expedient; provided that no preference or priority shall be attached to any shares without the consent of the Company in General Meeting, and provided that the number of such preference shares shall not exceed five hundred; and the Directors may add to such unissued shares such an amount of premium as they may consider proper. Provided that such unissued shares shall first be offered by the Directors to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company as nearly as possible in proportion to the shares already held by them, and such shares as shall not be accepted by the Shareholder or Shareholders to whom the shares shall have been offered, within the time specified in that behalf by the Directors, may be disposed of by the Directors in such manner as they think most beneficial to the Company. Provided also that the Directors may at their discretion allot any unissued shares in payment for any estates or lands acquired by the Company, without first offering such shares to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company.

The Company, by special resolution in General Meeting, may at any time reduce its capital and may convert any shares into stock, or consolidate and divide the capital or any part thereof into shares of

larger or less amount than the original shares.

7. If several persons are joint-holders of any share, any one of such persons may give effectual receipt for the dividend payable in respect of such share.

8. Every Shareholder shall be entitled to a certificate under the common seal of the Company, specifying the share or shares held by him and the amount paid thereon.

9. If such certificate is worn out or lost, it may be renewed on payment of fifty cents per share.

TRANSFER OF SHARES.

10. The Company may decline to register any transfer of shares made by a Shareholder who is indebted to them.

11. The fee payable to the Company for the registration of a transfer shall be five rupees.

12. The transfer books shall be closed during the fourteen days immediately preceding the Ordinary

General Meeting in each year.

13. Subject to the restrictions in these Articles, any Shareholder may transfer all or any of his shares by instrument in writing. The Directors may decline to register any transfer whatever, and shall not be required to assign any reason for so declining.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

14. The executors, or administrators, or heirs of a deceased Shareholder shall be the only persons

recognized by the Company as having any title to his share.

15. Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or insolvency of any Shareholder, or in consequence of the marriage of any female Shareholder, or in any way other than by transfer, may be registered as a Shareholder, upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time be required by the Directors.

16. Any person who has become entitled to a share in any way other than by transfer may, instead of being registered himself, elect to have some person to be named by him registered as a holder of such share.

17. The person so becoming entitled shall testify such election by executing to his nominee a transfer of such share.

18. The instrument of transfer shall be presented to the Company, accompanied with such evidence as the Directors may require, to prove the title of the transferor, and thereupon the Company shall register the transferor as a Shareholder.

Provided always that the Directors shall have the right at all times to decline to register such person as aforesaid, and shall not be required to assign any reason for so declining.

FORFEITURE OF SHARES.

19. If any Shareholder fails to pay any allotment money or call on the appointed day, the Company may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call remains unpaid, serve a notice on him requiring him

to pay such call, together with any interest that may have accrued by reason of such non-payment.

20. The notice shall name a further day and a place or places, being a place or places at which calls of the Company are usually made payable, on and at which such call is to be paid. It shall also state that in the event of non-payment at the time and place appointed, the shares in respect of which such call was made will be liable to be forfeited.

21. If the requisitions of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of

which such notice has been given may be forfeited by a resolution of the Directors to that effect.

22. Any share so forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be disposed of in such manner as the Directors think fit.

23. Any Shareholder whose shares have been forfeited shall, notwithstanding, be liable to pay the Company all calls owing upon such shares at the time of the forfeiture.

INCREASE OF CAPITAL.

24. The Directors may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company in General Meeting, increase its capital by the creation of new shares (either ordinary or preferential) of such amounts per share and in the aggregate as such resolution shall direct. All new shares shall be offered by the Directors to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company as nearly as possible in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such shares as shall not be accepted by the Shareholder or Shareholders to whom the same shall have been offered within the time specified in that behalf by the Directors may be disposed of by the Directors in such manner as they think most beneficial to the Company. Provided that the Directors may at their discretion allot any such new shares in payment for any estates or lands acquired by the Company without first offering such shares to the registered Shareholders for the time being of the Company.

The Directors shall have power to add to such new shares such an amount of premium as they may

consider proper.

25. Any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered as part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the same provisions in all respects, whether with reference to the payment of allotment money, calls, or the forfeiture of shares or non-payment of calls or otherwise, as if it had been part of the original capital.

Borrowing.

26. The Directors shall have power to borrow money for the purposes of the Company, and for this purpose to grant bonds, promissory notes, bills, debentures, interest warrants, bonds for cash credit, trust deeds, or other documents, to issue letters of credit, and to grant mortgages, or other deed or deeds of security over all or any of the Company's lands, property, estate, and assets, but so that the sum so to be borrowed shall not at any one time exceed the sum of one hundred thousand rupees (Rs. 100,000). Provided that nothing herein contained shall be held to prevent the Directors procuring from time to time, in the usual course of business such temporary advances on the produce of the estates of the Company as they may find it to be necessary or expedient for the purpose of defraying the expenses of working or developing the said estates.

A declaration under the Company's seal contained in or endorsed upon any of the documents mentioned in this Article, and subscribed by two or more of the Directors or by one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries, to the effect that the Directors have power to borrow the amount which such document may represent, shall be conclusive evidence thereof in all questions between the Company and its creditors; and no such document containing such declaration shall, as regards the creditor, be void on the ground of its being granted in excess of the aforesaid borrowing power, unless it be proved that such creditor was aware that it

was so granted.

GENERAL MEETINGS.

27. The first General Meeting shall be held at such time, not being more than twelve months after the incorporation of the Company, and at such place as the Directors may determine.

28. Subsequent General Meetings may be held at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if not so prescribed, then at such place and at such time as soon after the first day of January in each year as the Directors shall determine.

29. The above-named General Meetings shall be called Ordinary Meetings; all other General

Meetings shall be called Extraordinary.

30. The Directors may, whenever they think fit—and they shall, upon a requisition made in writing by not less than one-fifth in number of the Shareholders of the Company for the time being, or by any Shareholder or Shareholders holding not less than one-fifth part of the shares of the Company for the time being subscribed for-convene an Extraordinary General Meeting.

31. Any requisition so made by the Shareholder or Shareholders shall express the object of the

meeting proposed to be called, and shall be left at the registered office of the Company.

32. Upon the receipt of such requisition the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such time and place as they shall think fit, not being more than twenty-one days after the leaving of the requisition; and if they do not proceed to convene the said meeting within twenty-one days after the leaving of the requisition, the requisitionist or requisitionists or any other Shareholders amounting to the required number may, himself or themselves, convene an Extraordinary General

Meeting, to be held at such time or place as he or they shall think fit.

33. Fourteen days' notice at least, specifying the place and the hour of meeting, and the purpose for which any meeting is to be held, shall be given by advertisement in the Ceylon Government Gazette, or in such other manner, if any, as may be prescribed by the Company.

34. Any Shareholder may, on giving not less than ten days' previous notice of any resolution, submit the same to a meeting.

35. Such notice shall be given by leaving a copy of the resolution at the registered office of the

Company.

36. In order to constitute a meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, there shall be present, either personally or by proxy, three or more Shareholders holding in the aggregate not less than one-twentieth of the capital for the time being subscribed for.

37. If within one hour from the time appointed for the meeting the required number of Shareholders is not present, the meeting, if convened upon the requisition of a Shareholder or Shareholders, shall be dissolved. In any other case it shall stand adjourned to the following day at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting the required number of Shareholders is not present, it shall be adjourned sine die.

38. The Chairman (if any) of the Board of Directors shall preside as Chairman at every meeting of

the Company.

- 39. If there be no such Chairman, or if at any meeting he is not present at the time of holding the same, the Shareholders present shall appoint any one of the Directors who may be present to be Chairman, and in the event of no Director being present, the Shareholders shall then choose some one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.
- 40. The Chairman may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.
- 41. At any General Meeting, unless a poll is demanded by at least two Shareholders, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the book of proceedings of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

42. If a poll is demanded in manner aforesaid, the same shall be taken in such manner as the Chairman directs; and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in General

Meeting.

43. In the event of a resolution being brought before a General Meeting involving the sale of the Company's estates or lands, or any of them, or any portion thereof respectively, or the winding up of the Company, a majority of three-fourths of the Shareholders present and (or) represented by proxy shall be necessary to carry such resolution.

Votes of Shareholders.

44. Every Shareholder shall (except as provided for in the Article immediately following) have one vote for every one share held by him up to three. He shall have an additional vote for every two shares beyond the first three up to seven, and an additional vote for every three shares held by him beyond the first seven up to ten, and an additional vote for every five shares beyond the first ten up to fifty, and an additional vote for every fifty shares beyond the first fifty.

vote for every fifty shares beyond the first fifty.

45. When voting on a resolution involving the sale of the Company's estates or lands, or any of them, or any portion thereof respectively, or the winding up of the Company, every Shareholder shall have one vote

for every share held by him.

46. If any Shareholder is a lunatic or idiot or prodigal, he may vote by his curator; and if any

Shareholder is a minor, he may vote by his guardian, or any one of his guardians if more than one.

47. If one or more persons are jointly entitled to a share or shares, the person whose name stands first in the register of Shareholders as one of the holders of such share or shares, and no other, shall be entitled to vote in respect of the same.

48. No Shareholder shall be entitled to vote at any meeting unless all calls due from him have been paid, and no Shareholder other than the trustee or assignee of a bankrupt or representative of a deceased Shareholder, or person acquiring by marriage, shall be entitled to vote at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company in respect of any share which he has acquired by transfer, unless he has been possessed of the share in respect of which he claims to vote at least three months previously to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote.

49. Votes may be given either personally or by proxy. A proxy shall be appointed in writing

under the hand of the appointor, or, if such appointor is a corporation, under their common seal.

50. No person shall be appointed a proxy who is not a Shareholder; and the instrument or mandate appointing him shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than twenty-four hours before the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote; but no instrument or mandate appointing a proxy shall be valid after the expiration of three months from the date of its execution.

DIRECTORS.

51. The qualification of a Director shall be holding not less than ten fully paid up shares of the Company.

52. The number of Directors shall not be less than three nor more than five; but this clause shall be construed as being directory only, and the continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any number of vacancies.

53. The first Directors shall be Alexander Thomson, Christopher Anderson Leechman, and George Hay Alston, all of Colombo, with power to appoint an additional Director, and they shall hold office, except in the event of their becoming respectively disqualified, until the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company to be held in the year 1897.

54. As a remuneration for their services the Directors shall be entitled to appropriate annually a sum not exceeding Rs. 1,000 each; but the Company in General Meeting may at any time alter the amount of such

remuneration for the future.

55. One of the Directors may be appointed by the Board to act as Managing Director and (or) Visiting Agent of the Company, for such time and on such terms as the Board may determine or fix by agreement with the person appointed to the office.

Powers of Directors.

56. The Directors shall have power to purchase and (or) take on lease any estates, lands, or property, or undivided share or shares of any estates, lands, or property, for and on behalf of the Company at or for such price or prices, and (or) for such rent or rents, and under such title and upon such terms and conditions as the Directors shall think fit and proper. The Directors shall also have power at any time, or from time to time, to lease any part or parts, not exceeding fifty acres in the whole or in the aggregate, of the estates, lands, or property of the Company, for such period or periods, at such rent or rents, and under or upon such terms

and conditions as the Directors shall think fit or proper.

57. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors, either by themselves or with the assistance of a secretary or secretaries, agent or agents, to be appointed by them for such period and on such terms as the Directors shall think fit; and the Directors shall pay out of the funds of the Company all costs and expenses, as well preliminary as otherwise, paid or incurred in and about the formation and registration of the Company, the purchase of the said estates and the cultivation thereof, and otherwise in or about the working and business of the Company. And the Directors may proceed to carry on the business of the Company and to employ and apply its capital as soon after the registration of the Company as they in their discretion shall think fit, and notwithstanding that the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed or applied for or allotted, and they shall do so as soon as in the judgment of the Directors a sufficient number of shares has been subscribed to render it desirable for them to do so.

58. The Directors shall have power to make, and may make, rules or regulations for the management of the property of the Company; and for that purpose may appoint managers, agents, superintendents, officers, clerks, and servants, with such remuneration and at such salaries as they may consider advisable, and may pay the expenses occasioned thereby out of the funds of the Company, and may from time to time remove or suspend all or any of the managers, agents, superintendents, officers, clerks, or servants, for such reasons as they may think proper and advisable, and without assigning any cause.

59. The Directors also shall have power to open from time to time, on behalf of the Company, any account or accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint; and also by such signatures as they shall appoint, to draw, accept, make, endorse, sign, and enter into cheques, bills of exchange, and promissory notes, bonds, mortgages, proxies to any proctor or proctors, contracts or agreements on behalf and for the purposes of the Company. They shall also have power to temporarily invest funds of the Company upon Ceylon or Indian Government securities, or by way of loan or loans to other public company or public companies registered in Ceylon, as they may think fit.

60. The seal of the Company shall not be affixed to any instrument except in the presence of two or more of the Directors, or of one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries, who shall attest the sealing thereof, such attestation on the part of the Secretaries, in the event of a firm being the Secretaries, being signified by

a partner of the said firm signing for and on behalf of the said firm as such Secretaries.

61. The Directors shall exercise, in the name and on behalf of the Company, all such powers of the Company as are not expressly required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting.

DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS.

62. The office of a Director shall be vacated-

(1) If he ceases to hold the due qualification in shares;

(2) If he becomes of unsound mind or bankrupt, or take proceedings under the Bankruptcy Law for the liquidation of his affairs by arrangement of, or composition with, his creditors.

(3) If by notice in writing to the Company he resigns his office.

63. No contract, arrangement, or transaction entered into by or on behalf of the Company with any Director, or with any company or co-partnership of which a Director is a partner, or of which he is a Director, Managing Director, or Manager, shall be void or voidable; nor shall such Director be liable to account to the Company for any profit realized by such contract, arrangement, or transaction, by reason only of such Director holding that office, or of the fiduciary relation thereto established, provided that the fact of his interest or connection therewith be fully disclosed to the Company or its Directors; but no Director shall vote in respect of any contract, arrangement, or transaction in which he is directly or indirectly interested.

ROTATION OF DIRECTORS.

- 64. At the first Ordinary Meeting of the Company to be held in the year 1897 all the Directors shall retire; and at the first Ordinary Meeting in every subsequent year one-third of the Directors for the time being, or if their number is not a multiple of three, then the number next below one-third, shall retire from
- The Directors to retire in any year shall always be those who have been longest in office, and in case of Directors equal in length of office, shall, unless such Directors agree among themselves, be determined by ballot.

66. A retiring Director, if qualified, shall be re-eligible. The Company at the Ordinary General Meeting shall fill up the offices vacated by the retiring Directors by electing a like number of persons.

67. If at any Meeting at which an election of Directors ought to take place no such election is made, the meeting shall stand adjourned till the next day, at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting no election takes place, the former Directors shall continue to act until new Directors are appointed at the first Ordinary Meeting of the following year.

68. The Company may from time to time, by special resolution in General Meeting, increase or

reduce the number of Directors, and may also determine in what rotation they are to go out of office.

69. Any casual vacancy in the Board of Directors may be filled up by the Directors, but any person so chosen shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Director would have retained the same if no vacancy had occurred.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

70. The Directors may meet together for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Questions arising at any meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. In case of an equality of votes, the Chairman, in addition to his original vote, shall have a casting vote. A Director may at any time summon a meeting of the Directors.

71. The Directors may elect a Chairman of their meetings, and determine the period for which he is to hold office; but if no such Chairman is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairman is not present at the time appointed for holding the same, the Directors present shall choose some one of their number to be

Chairman of such meeting.

72. All acts done by any meeting of the Directors or by any person acting as a Director shall, notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any such Directors or persons acting as aforesaid on that day, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a Director.

73. The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in a book or books provided for and used solely for

that purpose-

(1) Of all appointments of officers made by the Directors;

(2) Of the names of Directors present at each meeting of Directors;

(3) Of all orders made by the Directors; and

(4) Of all resolutions and proceedings of meetings of the Company and of the Directors.

74. And any such minutes as aforesaid, if signed by any person purporting to be the Chairman of

any meeting of Directors, shall be receivable in evidence without any further proof.

75. The Company in General Meeting may, by a special resolution, remove any Director, before the expiration of his period of office, and appoint another qualified person in his stead. The person so appointed shall hold office during such time only as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.

DIVIDENDS.

76. The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, declare a dividend to be paid to the Shareholders in proportion to their shares, and they may, if they think fit, without reference to the Company in General Meeting, determine on and declare an interim dividend or dividends to be paid to the Shareholders on account and in anticipation of the dividend of the year.

77. No dividends shall be payable except out of the profits arising from the business of the Company

and with the sanction of the Directors.

78. The Directors may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the Company such sum as they think proper as a reserve fund to meet contingencies, or for equalizing dividends, or for repairing or maintaining the works connected with the business of the Company or any part thereof; and the Directors may invest the sum so set apart as a reserve fund upon such securities as they, with the sanction of the Company, may select.
79. The Directors may deduct from the dividends payable to any Shareholder all such sums of money

as may be due from him to the Company on account of calls or otherwise.

80. Notice of any dividend that may have been declared shall be given to each Shareholder, or sent by post or otherwise to his registered place of abode; and all dividends unclaimed for three years after having been declared may be forfeited by the Directors for the benefit of the Company.

81. No dividend shall bear interest as against the Company.

ACCOUNTS.

82. Once at the least in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company in General Meeting a statement of the income and expenditure for the past year, made up to a date not more than three months before such meeting.

83. The statement so made shall show, arranged under the most convenient heads, the amount of gross income, distinguishing the several sources from which it has been derived, and the amount of gross expenditure, distinguishing the expenses of the establishment, salaries, and other like matters. Every item of expenditure fairly chargeable against the year's income shall be brought into account, so that a just balance of profit and loss may be laid before the meeting, and in cases where any item of expenditure which may in fairness be distributed over several years has been incurred in any one year, the whole amount of such items shall be stated, with the addition of the reasons why only a portion of such expenditure is charged against the income of the year.

84. A balance sheet shall be made out in every year and laid before the General Meeting of the Company, and such balance sheet shall contain a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company, arranged under the heads appearing in the form annexed to the table referred to in Schedule C to "The Joint

Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," or as near thereto as circumstances admit.

85. A written or printed copy of such balance sheet shall, seven days previously to such meeting, be delivered at or sent by post to the registered address of every Shareholder.

AUDIT.

86. The accounts of the Company shall be examined, and the correctness of the balance sheet ascertained, by one or more Auditors to be elected by the Company in General Meeting.

87. If not more than one Auditor is appointed, all the provisions herein contained relating to

Auditors shall apply to him.

88. The Auditors need not be Shareholders in the Company. No person is eligible as an Auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Shareholder in any transaction of the Company; and no Director or other officer of the Company is eligible during his continuance in office.

89. The first Auditor or Auditors of the Company shall be appointed by the Directors, and shall hold office until the first General Meeting; and afterwards the Auditor or Auditors shall be from time to time appointed by the Company in General Meeting.

90. The remuneration of the Auditor or Auditors shall be fixed by the Company at the time of their

election, save that in the case of the first Auditor or Auditors it shall be fixed by the Directors.

91. Any Auditor shall be re-eligible on his quitting office.

92. If any casual vacancy occurs in the office of Auditor, the Directors may appoint another Auditor,

who shall hold the office until the next Ordinary General Meeting.

93. If no election of Auditor is made in manner aforesaid, the Directors may appoint an Auditor or Auditors for the year then current, and fix the remuneration to be paid to him or them by the Company for his or their services.

94. Every Auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet, and it shall be his duty to

examine the same with the accounts and vouchers relating thereto.

95. Every Auditor shall have a list delivered to him of all books kept by the Company, and he shall at all reasonable times have access to the books and accounts of the Company. He may, at the expense of the Company, employ accountants or other persons to assist him in investigating such accounts, and he may,

in relation to such accounts, examine the Directors or any other officer of the Company,

96. The Auditors shall make a report to the Shareholders upon the balance sheet and accounts, and in every such report they shall state whether, in their opinion, the balance sheet is a full and fair balance sheet containing the particulars required by these regulations, and properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of the Company's affairs, and in case they have called for explanations or information from the Directors, whether such explanations or information have been given by the Directors, and whether they have been satisfactory; and such report shall be read together with the report of the Directors at the Ordinary Meeting.

NOTICES.

97. Notices by the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed or written) of the Secretary or Secretaries or other person appointed by the Directors to do so.

98. Every Shareholder shall give an address in Ceylon which shall be deemed to be his place of

abode, and shall be registered as such in the books of the Company.

99. Notices requiring to be served by the Company upon the Shareholders may be served, either personally or by leaving the same or sending them through the post in a letter addressed to the Shareholders at their registered places of abode, and any notice so served shall be deemed to be well served for all purposes, notwithstanding that the Shareholder to whom such notice is addressed be dead, unless and until his executors or administrators shall have given notice to the Managing Director or Secretary or Secretaries of the Company of some address in Ceylon.

100. All notices directed to be given to the Shareholders shall, with respect to any share to which persons are jointly entitled, be given to whichever of the said persons is named first in the register of Shareholders;

and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such share,

101. All notices required to be given by advertisement shall be published in the Ceylon Government Gazette.

102. Every Shareholder residing out of Ceylon shall name an address in Ceylon at which all notices shall be served upon him, and all notices served at such address shall be deemed to be well served. If he shall not have named such an address he shall not be entitled to any notices.

In witness whereof the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereto set and subscribed their names at Colombo, this Twenty-sixth day of March, One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-six.

C. E. H. Symons.

T. J. ANDERSON.

G. H. ALSTON.

C. J. DONALD.

JAS. A. HENDERSON.

A. J. SAWER.

G. W. CARLYON.

Witness to the above signatures: F. J. DE SARAM, Proctor, Supreme Court, Colombo.

The Blackstone Estate Company, Limited.

TAKE, notice that there will be an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company, to be held at the registered office of the Company, No. 21, Baillie street, Colombo, on April, 17, 1896, at 1 P.M., to transact the following business:—

To sanction the increase of the capital of the Company to Rs. 160,000 (Rupees One hundred and Sixty thousand) by the issue of Three hundred new shares of Rupees One hundred each, fully paid.

To sanction the purchase of Kenilworth estate by the Company.

To authorize the Directors to borrow a sum of Rs. 15,000 (Rupees Fifteen thousand) for the purposes of the Company.

By order of the Directors, Carson & Co., Agents and Secretaries.

CIX weeks hence I, Edwin Alfred Fernando, of Colombo, shall apply to the Hon. the Judges of the Supreme Court of the Island of Ceylon to be admitted and enrolled a Proctor of the District Court of Kandy.

. E. A. FERNANDO.

Colombo, April 2, 1896.

Total Quantities of the following Articles Exported from the Ports of Colombo and Galle during the us	ander-mentioned period	ls.
---	------------------------	-----

Vessels.	Date of Clearing.	For what Port.	Plantation Coffee.	Native Coffee.	Tea.	Cacao.	Trunk Cinchona.	Branch Cinchona.	Cinchona Chips.	Cocoanuts.	Copperab.	Cocoanut Oil.	Cocoanut Poonac.	Cinnamon.	Cinnamon Oil.	Citronella Oil.	Carda- moms.	Ebony.	Plumbago.	Coir Rope.	Coir Junk.	Coir Yarn.	Coir Fibre.	Sapan- wood.	Orchilla.	Kitool Fibre.	Deer Horns.
ss. Ophir ss. Lancelot ss. Lancelot ss. Ravenna ss. Barrister ss. Ningohow ss. Nowshera ss. Khandalla ss. Buluwayo ss. City of Canterbury ss. Kangra ss. Bellerophon ss. Bayern ss. Himalaya ss. Arcadia ss. Eridan ss. Nairung ss. Saghalien	25/3 25/3 25/3 26/3 27/3 30/3 30/3 30/3 30/3 30/3 31/3 31/3 31	Australia London Bombay London do. Calcutta, &c. Bombay London do. Bombay, &c. London Australia do. London Calcutta Bombay China	5 - 16 - 57 100 - -	30	1b. 178880 25150 24287 270462 304800 1224 12915 427997 437 310620 48467 116057 159631 25 70 480	79 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	16.	1b.	1b.	No	800 	ewt.		1b	07.	25136	1b		ewt. ————————————————————————————————————		cwt.	133 35 10	552 175 - 581 268 - - -	owt.	16.	200 7	9
GALLE. ss. Clan Maclean	31/3	London	_		10435									13132‡	1944	1241584	_		1181			3308	_	_			_

* And Chips 14,200 lb.

† And Chips 3,360 lb.

‡ Chips.

Importation of Rice from Indian Ports during the above-mentioned periods.

TO	COLOMBO	:	
	From	Calcutta	

rom Calcutta ... Bags 52,477 ,, Southern India ... ,, 19,369

Total ... Bags 71,846

TO GALLE :--

From Calcutta ... Bags 8,409 ... , 4,296

Total ... Bags 12,705

Customs, Colombo, March 2, 1896.

F. R. ELLIS, Acting Principal Collector.

Comparative Statement showing the various Countries from which Cotton Goods have been Received, and Quantities Imported from each, during the Month ended February 29, 1896.

Articles,	United Kingdom	British India.	Straits.	French India.	China.	Hong-kong.	Austria.	Ger- many.	Belgium.	Egypt	Holland.	Spain.	Japan.	Total for the Month of Feb., 1896.	Total for the two Months ended Feb. 29, 1896.	Total for the two Months ended Feb. 28, 1895.
Gray Cottons, bales and cases White do. do. Printed do. do. Dyed do. do. Coloured, Woven, do. Sundry, do. do. Yarns, plain Yarns, dyed Total for the Month of February, 1896	172 107 92 9 109 10 — 20	30 9 216 2 2	13	23	-		10							202 107 101 9 372 12 2	397 169 130 27 912 12. 2	1,523 553 426 23 74 940 10 58
Total for the two Months ended February 29, 1896	519	259	13	23			10			1				825	1,679	3,607
Total for the two Months ended February 28, 1895		557	15	30			20	9		1	15				1,679	
2000 201 000 000 Educat February 20, 1090	2,999	530	5	4	.1	-	41	7	2	-	5	_	13			3,607

Customs, Colombo, April 9, 1896.

F. R. Ellis, Acting Principal Collector. THE under-mentioned goods having been left in the Queen's Warehouse beyond the time allowed by Law, notice is hereby given that unless the same be immediately cleared or bonded they will be sold by public auction on Saturday, April 25, 1896, at 12 noon:—

Marks.		Number and Descript of Goods.	ion	Name of Vessel.		Whence.		Date of Landing.
Brodie & Co. R S		1 parcel	•••	ss. Clan Macgregor	•••	ì	-	January 11, 1896
	••••	2 cases gin	•••		•••		••••	December 30, 1895.
B. & Co.	•••	1 case samples		ss. Argus	,	Australia		
_	•••	6 bags rice	`	ss. Statesman	•••	Calcutta	}	
B in a diamond		1 case whisky	•••	ss. Clan Pheson	•••	do.		November 22, 1895
Nil		1 bag rice		ss. Logician		do.		February 5, 1896
W. C. Brodie		1 case cheese		ss. Lady Havelock				January 10, 1896
N. V. & Co. K	•••	2 bags rice	•••	ss. Nawab	•••	Calcutta		February 28, 1896
$\overline{N}\overline{M}$	•••	1 bag rice		do.	•••	do.	•••	_ do.
AR	{	2 bags grain		ss. Nizam		Bombay		December 16, 1895
Nil		16 bags castor cake		ss. Landora		Calcutta		November 2, 1895
KPAN		6 bags rice		ss. Roma		do.		December 11, 1895
Nil		1 case merchandize	•{	ss. Clan Grant	•••	Liverpool		December 30, 1895

Customs, Colombo, April 7, 1896.

F. R. Ellis, Acting Principal Collector.

Quantities of the Principal Articles remaining in the Bonded Warehouses on January 31, 1896; also Bonded, entered for Home Consumption, and Exported from Bond; and the Total Quantities entered for Home Consumption in February, 1896.

ARTICLES.	Remaining in the Bonded Warehouses on Jan. 31, 1896.	Bonded in the Month of February, 1896.	Total.	Entered for Home Consump- tion in the Month of February, 1896.	Exported from the Ware- houses in the Month of Feb., 1896.	Total.	Remaining in the Bonded Warehouses on February 29, 1896.	entered for Home Con-
Gray Cottons, bales and cases :	1,137	94	1,231	139	2	141	1,090	247
White do do	479	12	491	48		48	443	125
Printed do de	179	21	200	26		$\overset{10}{26}$	174	106
Dyod do do	•••							10
Coloured Woven Cottons, b. & c.	198	35	233	53		53	180	143
Sundry do. do	129	20	149	. 6		6.	143	16
Yarns, plain, bales and cases	6	20	26		1		26	•••
— dyed, do	112	2	114	5		5	109	5
Indian-made, sundry, b. & c.		/	•••	•••		•••	4	252
Grain, Rice, bags				•••		•••	•••	156,024
Malt Liquor, in wood, hhds	110	160	270	•••		•••	270	76
in glass, cases and casks	111		111	•••		•••	111	1,168
Spirits, Brandy, puncheons and	1	1	}	. }	•			•
pipes	:		:::		•••	•••	372	•••
Do. hhds. and casks	17	200	17	2	•••	2 68	15	400
Do. cases	1,523	208	1,731	68	••• [3	1,663	428 3
— Gin, puncheons and pipes	•••	3	3	- 1	•••		•••	3 4
Do. hhds. and casks	1.010		1 400	259	***	259	1,143	$57\overline{2}$
Do. cases	1,312	90	1,402 19				19	7
Whisky, hhds. and casks	11 2 , 938	495	3,433	626	19	645	2,788	1,756
Tea, lb,	1,495		1,495		599	599	796	131
	8,976	••• }	8,976	2,112		2,112	6,864	7,226
Tobacco, manufactured, lb Cigars, lb	1314		1314	•••		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	$13\frac{14}{16}$	2,252
Wines, French, hhds. and casks	34		34	3		3	31	67
Do. cases	115		115	36		36	79	290
- Madeira, puncheons & pipes						•••	•••	•••
Do. cases	20		20		•••		20	•••
Portugal, puncheons & pipes			•••*		***		***	•••
Do. hhds. and casks	39	10	49	•••	•••	•••	49	4
Do. cases		\	••• {	•••	•••	•••	•••	90
Spanish, butts and pipes		•••	:::	•••	• •••	•••	12	•••
Do. hhds. and casks	13	•••	13	•••]	•••	•••]	13	***
Do. octaves	•••	••• [{	••• {	••• {	{	* ***	***
Do. cases	•••	•••	•••	•••	***	•••	•••	•••
Italian, hhds. and casks	•••	••• \	•••	•••	***		::: }	•••
Austrian, in glass, cases								

Comparative Statement of the Quantities of the Principal Articles Bonded in, entered for Home Consumption, and Exported from the Bonded Warehouses in the Two Months ended February 28, 1895 and 1896.

·	Two Montl	hs ended Februa	ry 28, 1895.	Two Mont	hs ende d Februa	ry 29, 1895.
ARTICLES.	Bonded.	Entered for Home Con- sumption.	Exported.	Bonded.	Entered for Home Con- sumption.	Exported
Gray Cottons, bales and cases	867	265		180	253	9
White do. do	314 *	150	•••	64	78	v
Printed do. do	186	44		30	48	***
Dyed do. do	7	7		8	8	•••
Coloured Woven Cottons, b. & c.	60	43	•	100	66	•••
Sundry do. do	85	67	•••	44	43	•••
Yarns, plain, bales and cases	•••	•••	•••	$\hat{20}$		•••
— dyed, do	24	12	••• {	20	22	•••
- Indian-made, sundry, b. & c.	•••		•••		1	•••
Grain, Rice, bags	1,348	1		***	•••	•••
Malt Liquor, in wood, hhds	320	220	•••	160	•••	•••
in glass, cases and casks	170	130	22	25	•••	•••
spirits, Brandy, puncheons & pipes		1 1	;		•••	***
Do. hhds. and casks	***	3	•••	•••		***
Do. cases	335	179	ï	555	2	•••
Gin, puncheons and pipes		3	1		149	***
Do. hhds. and casks		9	•••	, 3 3	3	***
Do. cases	185	793	•••	526	3	•••
	. 17	25	•••		692	•••
Whisky, hhds. and casks Do. cases	1,173	1		8 856	8	***
		1,255	59	896	1,096	29
rea, lb	7,245	r 250 -	7,245	•••	2.65	1,109
Cobacco, manufactured, 1b	•••	5,352 5 16	•••	***	2,464	•••
— Cigars, lb	•••	•••	•••	108	•••	•••
Vines, French, hhds. and casks	6	4	•••	2	3	· •••
Do. cases	- 89	74		50	36	•••
— Madeira, puncheons & pipes	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••
Do. cases	•••	•••	***	•••	•••	•••
Portugal, puncheons & pipes	:::	•••	•••		•••	***
Do. hhds. and casks	12	6	•••	25	•••	•••
Do. cases	•••	•••		•••	***	•••
- Spanish, butts and pipes	•••	•••	•••	' :::	•••	•••
Do. hhds. and casks	•••	* •••	***	13		•••
Do. octaves		•••				•••
Do. cases		•••	•••	24	24	***
— Italian, hhds. and casks			}	•••		•••
— Austrian, in glass, cases						•••

Customs, Colombo, April 9, 1896.

F. R. Ellis, Acting Principal Collector,