

# Ceylon Government Gazette

## Published by Authority.

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PART I.—General: Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, and General Government Notifications.

PART II.—Legal and Judicial.

PART III.—Provincial Administration. PART IV.—Marine and Mercantile. PART V.—Municipal and Local.

Separate paging is given to each Part in order that it may be filed separately.

## Part V. — Municipal, Local, and Miscellaneous.

Proceedings of, or Notifications by, Municipal Councils 345 Notices affecting Small Towns	A SER U V .	 TTO IP		our min		, alo.	
Local Board Notices Notices affecting Village Communities (Gansabhawa)		_	PAGE				PAG
	Local Board Norices	 •••	,	Notices affecting Village Comm	unities (Gan	sabhawa)	. –

## UNOFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

## MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE HATTON ESTATE COMPANY OF CEYLON, LIMITED.

- 1. The name of the Company is "The Hatton Estate Company of Ceylon, Limited."
- 2. The registered office of the Company is to be established in Hatton, Ceylon.
- 3. The objects for which the Company is established are-
  - (1) To purchase or otherwise acquire the Hatton estate in Dikoya.
  - (2) To purchase, lease, take in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any other land or lands, or any share or shares thereof, and any buildings, machinery, implements, tools, live and dead stock, stores, effects, and other property, real or personal, movable or immovable, of any kind, and any rights, easements, patents, licenses, or privileges in Ceylon or elsewhere (including the benefit of any trademark or trade secret which may be thought necessary or convenient for the purpose of the Company's business), and to erect, construct, maintain, or alter any buildings, machinery, plant, roads, ways, or other works, or methods of communication.
  - (3) To engage, employ, maintain, provide for, and dismiss superintendents, managers, clerks, coolies, and other labourers and servants, and to remunerate any such at such rate as shall be thought fit, and to grant pensions or gratuities to any such, or the widow or children of any such.
  - (4) To clear, open, plant, cultivate, and improve the said estate or any portions thereof, and any other land or lands that may be purchased, leased, or otherwise acquired by the Company in Ceylon or elsewhere, or portions thereof as a tea estate or tea estates, or with any other products, trees, plants, or crops that may be approved by the Company.

    To otherwise improve and develop the same.
  - (5) To prepare, manufacture, treat, and make marketable, tea and (or) other crops or produce and to sell, ship, and dispose of such tea crops and produce, either raw or manufactured at such times and places, and in such manner as shall be deemed expedient.

- (6) To purchase tea leaf and (or) other raw products for manufacture, manipulation, and sale, and to manufacture, manipulate, and sell the same.
- (7) To carry on the business of manufacturers, growers, planters, and exporters of tea and other products in all their branches, on behalf of the Company, or as agents for others, and on commission or otherwise.
- (8) To establish and maintain in the United Kingdom, in Ceylon, or elsewhere, stores, shops, places for the sale of tea, coffee, cocoa, and other articles of food, drink, or refreshment wholesale or retail.
- (9) To establish in any part or parts of the world agencies for carrying on or developing the business of the Company or any branch thereof.
- (10) To let, lease, exchange, or mortgage the Company's lands, buildings, or other property or any part or parts thereof, whether in consideration of rents, money, or securities for money, shares, debentures, or securities in any other Company, or for any other consideration, and otherwise to trade in, dispose of, or deal with the same or any part thereof.
- (11) To borrow or receive on loan money for the purposes of the Company upon the security of cash credit bonds or of hypothecations or mortgages of the Company's property, or any part or parts thereof, or otherwise, as shall be thought most expedient, and in particular by the issue of debentures, debenture stock or bonds to bearer, or otherwise, either charged upon all or any part of the Company's present or future property (including uncalled capital), or not so charged, as shall be thought best.
- (12) To draw, make, accept, and endorse bills of exchange, notes, and other negotiable instruments for the purposes of the Company.
- (13) To unite, co-operate, amalgamate, or enter into partnership or any arrangements for sharing profits or union of interests, or any other arrangement with any person or persons, Company or Companies already engaged in or hereafter to be established for the purpose of carrying on any business having objects wholly or in part, similar or analogous, or subsidiary to those of the Company or to any of them, or capable of being conducted so as to benefit this Company, either directly or indirectly, and to subscribe for or otherwise acquire for the benefit and in the name of the Company or otherwise, and pay for in any manner that may be agreed upon, either in money, or in shares, or bonds, or otherwise, and to hold any shares, stock, or other interest in any such Company, and to promote the formation of any such Company.
- (14) To amalgamate with any other Company having objects altogether or in part similar to this Company.
- (15) To acquire by purchase in money, shares, bonds, or otherwise, and undertake all or any part of the business, property, assets, and liabilities of any person or persons, Company or Companies carrying on any business in Ceylon or elsewhere, which this Company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this Company.
- authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this Company.

  (16) To sell the property, business, or undertaking of the Company or any part or parts thereof for such consideration as the Company shall think fit, and in particular for shares, stocks, debentures, or securities of any other Company.
- (17) To procure the Company to be registered or incorporated in Ceylon, and if and when necessary elsewhere.
- (18) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above object or any of them.
- 4. The liability of the Shareholders is limited.
- 5. The nominal capital of the Company is Rs. 500,000, divided into five thousand shares of Rs. 100 each, with power to increase or reduce the capital.

In case the Company shall increase its capital by the issue of new shares, such shares may be issued upon the terms specified in the Articles of Association for the time being of the Company.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in accordance with this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names:—

Names and Addresses of S		Number of Shares taker by each Subscriber.			
V. A. Julius, Colombo	•••	•••	•••	One	
Witness to the above sign H. Creasy, Proct	nature this Noor, Supreme	inth day of May, Court.	1898		
T. C. HUXLEY, Peradeniya	•••	•••	•••	One	
ELLEN H. POLE-CAREW, Hatt	ton	•••	•••	One	
A. B. FREEMAN MITFORD, M.		rsh, England,			
By his attorney D. F. MITE	ORD	•••	•••	One	
D. F. MITFORD, Hatton	•••	••••	•••	One	
C. E. Pole-Carew, Hatton	• • •		•••	One	
H. S. A. SANFORD, Hatton, By his attorney C. E. Pole	-Carew	•••	•••	One	
Witness to the above sign LIONEL P. FISHER	atures this F	ifteenth day of M	ay, 1898:		

## ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE HATTON ESTATE COMPANY OF CEYLON, LIMITED.

THE regulations contained in the Table C in the schedule annexed to "The Joint Stock Companies, Ordinance, 1861," shall not apply to this Company, which shall be governed by the regulations contained in these Articles, but subject to repeal, addition, or alteration by special resolution.

The Company may, by special resolution, alter and make provisions instead of, or in addition to, any of

the regulations of the Company, whether contained and comprised in these Articles or not.

#### INTERPRETATION CLAUSE.

1. In the interpretation of these presents the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless such meanings be inconsistent with, or repugnant to, the subject or context :-

The word "Company" means "The Hatton Estate Company of Ceylon, Limited," incorporated, or

established by or under the Memorandum of Association to which these Articles are attached.

"The Ordinance" means and includes "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," and every other Ordinance from time to time in force concerning Joint Stock Companies which may apply to the Company.
"These presents" means and includes the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association

of the Company from time to time in force.

"Capital" means the capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purposes of the Company.

"Shares" means the shares from time to time into which the capital of the Company may be divided.

"Shareholder" means a Shareholder of the Company.

"Presence or present" at a meeting means presence or present personally or by proxy.

- "Directors" means the Directors for the time being of the Company or (as the case may be) the Directors assembled at a Board.
- "Board" means a meeting of the Directors or (as the context may require) the Directors assembled at a Board meeting, acting through at least a quorum of their body in the exercise of authority duly given to
- "Persons" means partnerships, associations, corporations, companies, unincorporated or corporated by Ordinance and registration, as well as individuals.
  - "Office" means the registered office for the time being of the Company.

"Seal" means the common seal for the time being of the Company.

"Month" means a calendar month.

"Writing" means printed matter or print as well as writing.
Words importing the singular number only include the plural, and vice versâ. Words importing the masculine gender only include the feminine, and vice versa.

#### Business.

2. The Company may proceed to carry out the objects for which it is established, and to employ and apply its capital as soon after the registration of the Company as the Directors in their discretion shall think fit; and, if the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed, applied for, or allotted, as soon as, in the judgment of the Directors, a sufficient number of shares shall have been subscribed or applied for.

3. The business of the Company shall be carried on by, or under the management or direction of, the

Directors, and subject only to the control of General Meetings in accordance with these presents.

#### CAPITAL.

1. The Company may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders

of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid and the time of payment of such calls.

5. If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the holder of the

The Directors may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company in General Meeting, increase the capital of the Company by the creation of new shares, of such amounts per share, and in the aggregate as such resolution shall direct; and they shall have power to add to such new shares such an amount

of premium as may be considered expedient.

7. The new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions, and with such rights and privileges annexed thereto, as the General Meeting resolving on the creation thereof, or any other General Meeting of the Company, shall direct, and if no direction be given as the Directors shall determine, and in particular such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to the dividends and in the distribution of assets of the Company, and with a special or without any right of voting.

8. Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the meeting that sanctions the increase of capital, all new shares shall be offered to the Shareholders in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the Shareholder is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the Shareholder to whom such notice is given

that he declines to accept the shares offered, the same shall be disposed of in such manner as the Directors may determine. Provided that the Directors may, at their discretion, allot such new shares or any portion of them to the vendor or vendors of any estates or lands being acquired by the Company in payment of the whole or any part of the purchase price of any such estates or lands, and that without offering the shares so allotted to the Shareholders.

9. Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the same provisions in all respects with reference to the payments of allotment money, calls and instalments, transfer, transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrender, and otherwise, as if it had formed part of the original capital.

10. The Directors may in like manner, and with like sanction, reduce the capital of the Company.

#### SHARES.

11. The shares, except when otherwise provided, shall be allotted at the discretion of and by the Directors, who may from time to time issue any unissued shares, and may add to such shares such an amount of premium as they consider proper.

12. Every person taking any share in the Company shall testify his acceptance thereof by writing

under his hand in such form as the Company may from time to time direct.

13. Shares may be registered in the name of a firm, and any partner of the firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm shall be entitled to vote and to give proxies.

14. Shares may be registered in the name of two or more persons not in partnership.

- 15. Any one of the joint-holders of a share other than a firm may give effectual receipts for any dividends payable in respect of such share; but the Shareholder whose name stands first on the register, and no other, shall be entitled to the right of voting and of giving proxies, and all other advantages conferred on a sole Shareholder.
- 16. In case of the death of any one or more of the joint-holders of any shares, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognized by the Company as having any title to, or interest in, such shares.
- 17. The Company shall not be bound to recognize (even though having notice of) any contingent future, partial, or equitable interest in the nature of a trust or otherwise in any share, or any other right in respect of any share, except any absolute right thereto in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof, and except also the right of any person under clause 34 to become a Shareholder in respect of any share.

18. Every Shareholder shall be entitled to a certificate or certificates under the common seal of the

Company, specifying the share or shares held by him, and the amount paid thereon.

19. If any certificate be worn out or defaced, then, upon production thereof to the Directors, they may order the same to be cancelled and may issue a new certificate in lieu thereof; and if any certificate be lost or destroyed, then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Directors, and on such indemnity as the Directors deem adequate being given, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the person entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate. A sum of fifty cents shall be payable for such new certificate.

20. The certificate of shares registered in the name of two or more persons not a firm shall be delivered

to the person first-named on the register.

21. The Directors may, if they think fit, receive from any of the Shareholders willing to advance the same all or any partof the moneys due upon their respective shares beyond the sums actually called up, and upon the moneys so paid in advance, or so much thereof as from time to time exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon the shares in respect of which such advance has been made, the Company shall pay interest at such rate as the Shareholders paying such sum in advance and the Directors agree upon.

#### CALLS.

22. The Directors may from time to time make such calls as they think fit upon the Shareholders in respect of all moneys unpaid on their shares, and not by the conditions of allotment made payable at fixed times, provided that two months' notice at least shall be given to the Shareholders of the time and place appointed for payment of each call; and each Shareholder shall pay the amount of every call so made to the person and at the time and place appointed by the Directors. If any Shareholder fail to pay the amount of any call due by him on or before the day appointed for payment thereof, he shall be liable to pay interest for the same at the rate of nine per centum per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment.

23. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors

authorizing the call was passed.

24. The Directors shall have power in their absolute discretion to give time to any one or more Shareholder or Shareholders, exclusive of the others, for payment of any call or part thereof, on such terms as the Directors may determine. But no Shareholder shall be entitled to any such extension except as a matter

of grace or favour.

25. The Directors may at their discretion receive from any of the Shareholders willing to advance the same, and upon such terms as they think fit, all or any part of the moneys due upon their respective shares beyond the sums actually called for; and upon the moneys so paid in advance, or upon so much thereof as from time to time and at any time thereafter exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon, and due in respect of the shares in respect of which sum advances have been made, the Board may pay or allow interest at such rate as the Shareholders paying such sums in advance and the Directors may agree upon, not exceeding however six per centum per annum.

#### TRANSFER OF SHARES.

26. Subject to the restriction of these Articles, any Shareholder may transfer all or any of his shares by instrument in writing.

#### METHOD OF TRANSFER.

Every transfer of a share shall be conducted in the following manner:

26 a .- The transferring member shall first in writing offer the share (hereinafter called the "offered share") to the Directors for purchase by them or their nominee or nominees at a price specified in the said offer.

26 b.—If the Directors shall not within one calendar month from the date of such offer elect to purchase such offered share, such offered share may be sold to any other person or persons at any price not less than that at which such offered shall have been offered to the Directors.

27. No transfer of shares shall be made to an infant or person of unsound mind.28. The Company shall keep a book or books, to be called "The Register of Transfers," in which

shall be entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share.

29. The Board may at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion decline to register any transfer of shares by a Shareholder who is indebted to the Company, or upon whose shares the Company have a lien or otherwise, or in case of shares not fully paid up, to any person not approved by them; and in no case shall a Shareholder or proposed transferree be entitled to require the Directors to state the reason of their refusal to register, but their declinature shall be absolute.

30. Every instrument of transfer must be left at the office of the Company to be registered, accompanied by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to prove the title of the transferror, and a fee of two rupees and fifty cents, or such other sum as the Directors shall from time to time determine, must be paid to the Company for the registration of every such transfer, upon payment whereof the Directors, subject to the powers vested in them by Articles 29 and 31, shall register the transferree as a Shareholder and retain the instrument of transfer.

31. The Directors may, by such means as they shall deem expedient, authorize the registration of

transferrees as Shareholders without the necessity of any meeting of the Directors for that purpose.

32. In no case shall the Directors be bound to inquire into the validity, legal effect, or genuineness of any instrument of transfer produced by a person claiming a transfer of any share in accordance with these Articles; and whether they abstain from so inquiring, or do so inquire and are misled, the transferror shall have no claim whatsoever upon the Company in respect of the share, except for the dividends previously declared in respect thereof, but only, if at all, upon the transferree.

33. The Register of Transfers may be closed during the fourteen days immediately preceding each Ordinary General Meeting; and when a dividend is declared for the three next days ensuing the Meeting; also at such other times (if any) and for such periods as the Directors may from time to time determine,

provided always that it shall not be closed for more than thirty days in any year.

#### TRANSMISSION OF SHARES.

The executors, or administrators, or the heirs of a deceased Shareholder shall be the only persons

recognized by the Company as having any title to the shares of such Shareholder.

35. Any guardian of any infant Shareholder, or any committee of a lunatic Shareholder, or any person becoming entitled to shares in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, or liquidation of any Shareholder, or the marriage of any female Shareholder, or in any other way than by transfer, shall, upon securing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this clause, or of his title as the Directors think sufficient, be forthwith entitled, subject to the provisions herein contained, to be registered as a Shareholder in respect of such shares, or may, subject to the regulations as to transfers hereinbefore contained, transfer the same to some other person.

36. If any person who shall become entitled to be registered in respect of any share under clause 35 shall not, from any cause whatever, within twelve calendar months after the event on the happening of which his title shall accrue, be registered in respect of such share, or if, in the case of the death of any Shareholder, no person shall, within twelve calendar months after such death, be registered as a Shareholder in respect of the shares of such deceased Shareholder, the Company may sell such shares, either by public auction or private contract, and give a receipt for the purchase money, and the purchaser shall be entitled to be registered in respect of such share, and shall not be bound to inquire whether the events have happened which entitled the Company to sell the same, and the net proceeds of such sale, after deducting all expenses and all moneys in respect of which the Company is entitled to a lien on the shares so sold, shall be paid to the person entitled thereto.

SURRENDER AND FORFEITURE OF SHARES.

37. The Directors may accept, in the name and for the benefit of the Company, and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed, a surrender of the shares of Shareholders who may be desirous of retiring from

38. If any Shareholder fails to pay any call or instalment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Directors may, at any time thereafter during such time as the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on such Shareholder, requiring him to pay the same, together with any interest that may have accrued, and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company, by reason of such non-payment.

The notice shall name a day (not being less than one month from the date of the notice) on, and a place or places at, which such call or instalment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

If the requisition of such notice as aforesaid be not complied with, every or any share or shares in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter before payment of calls or instalments with interest, and expenses due in respect thereof, be declared forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.

39. Any Shareholder whose shares have been so declared forfeited shall, notwithstanding, be liable to pay, and shall forthwith pay, to the Company all calls, instalments, interest, and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of forfeiture until payment, at nine per cent. per annum, and the Directors may enforce the payment thereof if they think fit.

40. Every share surrendered or so declared forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of upon such terms and in such manner as the Board shall think fit.

The surrender or forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in, and also of all claims and demands against, the Company in respect of the share and the proceeds thereof, and all other rights incident to the share, except only such of those rights (if any) as by these presents are expressly saved.

42. A certificate in writing under the hands of two of the Directors and of the Secretary, that a share has been duly surrendered or forfeited, stating the time when it was surrendered or forfeited, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons who would have been entitled to the share but for such surrender or forfeiture; and such certificate, and the receipt of the Company for the price of such share, shall constitute a good title to such share, and a certificate of proprietorship shall be delivered to any person who may purchase the same from the Company, and thereupon such purchaser shall be deemed the holder of such share, discharged from all calls due prior to such purchase, and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to such share be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture or sale.

The Directors may in their discretion remit or annul the forfeiture of any share within six months from the date thereof upon the payment of all moneys due to the Company from the late holder or holders of such share or shares, and all expenses incurred in relation to such forfeiture, together with such further sum of money by way of redemption money, for the deficit, as they shall think fit, not being less than nine per cent. on the amount of the sums wherein default in payment had been made, but no share bond fide sold or re-allotted,

or otherwise disposed of under Article 40 hereof, shall be redeemable after sale or disposal.

43. The Company shall have a first charge or paramount lien upon all the shares of any holder or joint-holders for all moneys for the time being due to the Company by such holder, or by all or any of such joint-holders respectively, either in respect of such shares or of other shares held by such holder or jointholders, or otherwise, and whether due from any such holder individually or jointly with others, including all calls which the Directors shall have resolved to make, although the times appointed for the payment thereof shall not have arrived; and where any share is held by more persons than one, the Company shall be entitled to the said charge or lien in respect of any money due to the Company from any of such persons. And the Directors may decline to register any transfer of shares subject to such charge or lien.

44. Such charge or lien may be made available by a sale of all or any of the shares subject to it, provided that no such sale shall be made except under a resolution of the Directors, and until notice in writing shall have been given to the indebted Shareholder or his executors, or administrators, or the assignee or trustee in his bankruptcy requiring him or them to pay the amount for the time being due to the Company, and default shall have been made for twenty-eight days from such notice in paying the sum thereby required to be paid. Should the Shareholder over whose share the lien exists be in England or elsewhere abroad, sixty

days' notice shall be allowed him.

The net proceeds of any such sale shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of such debts,

liabilities, or engagements, and the residue (if any) paid to such Shareholder or his representatives.

46. A certificate in writing under the hands of two of the Directors and of the Secretary, that the power of sale given by clause 44 has arisen, and is exercisable by the Company under these presents, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated.

47. Upon any such sale two of the Directors may execute a transfer of such share to the purchaser thereof, and such transfer, with the certificate last aforesaid, shall confer on the purchaser a complete title to

such shares.

#### Borrowing Powers.

48. The Directors shall have power to procure from time to time, in the usual course of business, such temporary advances on the produce in hand, or in the future to be obtained, from the Company's estates as they may find necessary or expedient for the purpose of defraying the expenses of working the Company's estates, or of erecting, maintaining, improving, or extending buildings, machinery, or plantations, or otherwise. Also from time to time at their discretion to borrow or raise from the Directors or other persons any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company, provided that the money so borrowed or raised and owing at any one time shall not, without the sanction of a General Meeting, exceed Rs. 20,000 if borrowed in rupees, and £1,333 if borrowed in sterling.

With the sanction of a General Meeting the Board shall be entitled to borrow such further sum or sums and at such rate of interest as such meeting shall determine. A certificate under the hands of one Director and the Secretary, or of two Directors, to the effect that in taking any loan the Directors are not exceeding their borrowing powers, shall be sufficient and binding on the Company and all concerned, and

shall be conclusive evidence thereof in all questions between the Company and its creditors.

50. For the purpose of securing the repayment of any such moneys so borrowed or raised, or for any other purposes, the Directors may grant, create, execute, and issue any mortgages, cash credits, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or obligations of the Company charged upon all or any part of the undertaking, revenue, lands, property, rights, and assets of the Company, both present and future, including uncalled capital or unpaid calls, or may make, accept, or endorse on behalf of the Company any promissory notes or bills of exchange.

51. Any such securities may be issued either at par or at a premium or discount, and may from time to time be cancelled, discharged, varied, or exchanged as the Directors may think fit, and may contain special

privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, or otherwise.

52. Every debenture or other instrument issued by the Company for securing the payment of money may be so framed that the moneys thereby secured shall be assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

#### GENERAL MEETINGS.

The first General Meeting shall be held at such time, not being more than twelve months after the

incorporation of the Company, and at such place as the Directors may determine.

54. Subsequent General Meetings shall be held once in every year at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if no time or place is so prescribed, then at such place and at such time as soon after the first day in each year as may be determined by the Directors.

55. The General Meetings mentioned in the last preceding clause shall be called Ordinary General

Meetings; all other Meetings of the Company shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.

56. The Directors may, whenever they think fit, call an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, and the Directors shall do so upon a requisition made in writing by not less than one-eighth of the number of Shareholders of the Company for the time being, or by any Shareholder or Shareholders holding in the aggregate one-eighth part of the shares of the Company for the time being subscribed for.

57. Any requisition so made shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called, shall be

addressed to the Directors, and shall be sent to the registered office of the Company.

Upon the receipt of such requisition the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting, to be held at such time and place as they shall determine. If they do not proceed to convene the same within seven days from the delivery of the requisition, the requisitionists may themselves convene an Extraordinary General Meering, to be held at such place and at such time as the Shareholders convening the meeting may themselves fix.

58. Any Shareholder may, on giving not less than ten days' previous notice of any resolution, submit

the same to a meeting.

59. Such notice shall be given by leaving a copy of the resolution at the registered office of the Company.

60. Seven days' notice at least of every General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, and by whom-soever convened, specifying the place, date, hour of meeting, and the object and business of the meeting, shall be given by advertisement in the Ceylon Government Gazette, or in such other manner (if any) as may be

prescribed by the Company in General Meeting.

- 61. Every Ordinary General Meeting shall be competent, without special notice having been given of the purposes for which it is convened, or of the business to be transacted thereat, to receive and discuss any report and any accounts presented thereat by the Directors, and to pass resolutions, in approval or disapproval thereof, and to declare dividends, and to elect Directors and Auditors in the place of those retiring by rotation, and to fix the remuneration of the Auditors; and shall also be competent to enter upon, discuss, and transact any business whatsoever of which special mention shall have been given in the notice or notices upon which the meeting was convened.
- With the exceptions mentioned in the foregoing Articles as to the business which may be transacted at Ordinary General Meetings without notice, no General Meeting, Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss, or transact any business which has not been specially mentioned in

the notice or notices upon which it was convened.

- 63. No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting except the declaration of a dividend recommended by a report of the Directors or election of a Chairman, unless there shall be present in person at the commencement of the business two or more Shareholders entitled to vote.
- 64. If at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting the required number of Shareholders shall not be present at the meeting, the meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of Shareholders, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, those Shareholders
- who are present shall be a quorum, and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.

  65. The Chairman (if any) of the Directors shall be entitled to take the chair at every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, or if there be no Chairman, or if at any meeting he shall not be present at the time appointed for holding such meeting, or if he shall refuse to take the chair, the Shareholders shall choose another Director as Chairman; and if no Directors be present, or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair, then the Shareholders present shall choose one of their number to be a Chairman.

66. No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting except the election of a Chairman whilst

the chair is vacant.

67. The Chairman may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place, unless due notice thereof shall be given.

Minutes of the proceedings of every General Meeting, whether Ordinary or Extraordinary, shall be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall when so entered be signed as soon as practicable by the Chairman of the same meeting, or by the Chairman of the succeeding meeting, and the same when so entered and signed shall be evidence of all such proceedings, and of the proper election of the Chairman.

#### VOTING AT MEETINGS.

69. At any meeting every resolution shall be decided by the votes of the Shareholders present in person or by proxy, and in case there shall be an equality of votes, the Chairman at such meeting shall be entitled to give a casting vote in addition to the vote to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder; and unless a poll be immediately demanded by some member present and entitled to vote, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the Minute Book of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

70. If at any meeting a poll be demanded by some Shareholder present at the meeting and entitled to vote, the meeting shall, if necessary, be adjourned, and the poll shall be taken at such time and place and in such manner as the Chairman shall direct, and in such case every Shareholder shall have the number of votes to which he may be entitled as hereinafter provided; and in case at any such poll there shall be an

votes, the Chairman of the meeting at which such poll shall have been demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any votes to which he may be entitled as a Shareholder and proxy, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Company in such meeting.

71. The demand of a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of

business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.

72. No poli shall be demanded on the election of a Chairman of the meeting or on any question of adjournment.

73. On a show of hands every member shall have one vote only. In case of a poll every Shareholder

shall have one vote for every share held by him,

74. The parent or guardian of an infant Shareholder, the committee or other legal guardian of any lunatic Shareholder, the husband of any female Shareholder not entitled to her shares as separate estate, and the executor or administrator of any deceased Shareholder, or any one of such persons as aforesaid, if more than one, shall not be entitled to vote in the place of such infant, lunatic, female, or deceased person, unless such person shall have been registered as a Shareholder.

Votes may be given either personally or by proxy.

76. No Shareholder shall be entitled to vote at any meeting unless all calls due from him on his shares have been paid, and no Shareholder other than the trustee or assignee of a bankrupt or representative of a deceased Shareholder or person acquiring by marriage shall be entitled to vote at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company in respect of any share which he has acquired by transfer, unless he has been possessed of the share in respect of which he claims to vote at least three months previously to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote.

77. No Shareholder, who has not been duly registered as such for one week previous to the General

Meeting, shall be entitled to be present and to speak and vote at any meeting.

78. No person shall be entitled to hold a proxy who is not a Shareholder of the Company.

79. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be printed or written, and shall be signed by the appointer, or if such appointer be a company or corporation, it shall be under the common seal of such company or corporation.

80. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than twenty-four hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting at which the person named

in such instrument proposes to vote.

The instrument appointing a proxy may be in the following form:

### The Hatton Estate Company of Ceylon, Limited.

I, \_\_\_\_\_, of \_\_\_\_\_, appoint \_\_\_\_\_, of \_\_\_\_\_ (a Shareholder in the Company), as my proxy to represent me and to vote for me and on my behalf at the Ordinary (or Extraordinary, as - (a Shareholder in the Company), as my the case may be) General Meeting of the Company to be held on the ---- day of --, and at any adjournment thereof, and at every poll which One thousand Eight hundred and may be taken in consequence thereof.

As witness my hand this ------ day of -----, One thousand Eight hundred and ----

81. No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote, whether given personally or by proxy, except at the meeting or poll at which such vote shall be tendered, and every vote (whether given personally or by proxy) to which no objection shall be made at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.

82. No Shareholder shall be prevented from voting by reason of his being personally interested in the

result of the voting.

#### DIRECTORS.

83. The number of Directors shall never be less than two nor more than five, but this clause shall be construed as being directory only, and the continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any number of vacancies.

The qualification of a Director shall be his holding in his own right at least one share in the Company upon which all calls for the time being have been paid, and this qualification shall apply as well to the first

Directors as to all future Directors.

As a remuneration for their services the Directors shall be entitled to appropriate a sum not exceeding one thousand two hundred rupees annually, to be divided between them in such manner as they may determine, but the Company in General Meeting may at any time alter the amount of such remuneration for the future, and such remuneration shall not be considered as including any remuneration granted for special or extra services hereinafter referred to, nor any extra remuneration to the Managing Directors of the Company.

84. The first Directors shall be Charles Edward Pole Carew, Thomas Christopher Huxley, and David Bertram Ogilvy Freeman Mitford, who shall hold office till the first Ordinary General Meeting of the

Company, when they shall all retire, but shall be eligible for re-election.

85. One or more of the Directors may be appointed by the Directors to act as Managing Director or Managing Directors and (or) visiting agent or agents of the Company, for such time and on such terms as the Directors may determine or may fix by agreement with the person or persons appointed to the office, and they may from time to time revoke such appointment and appoint another or other Managing Director or Managing Directors and (or) visiting agent or agents.

The Directors may confer on the Managing Director or Managing Directors all or any duties and

powers that might be conferred on any Manager of the Company.

If any Director shall be called upon to perform any extra services, the Directors may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such services, either by way of salary, commission, or the payment of a lump sum of money as they shall think fit.

#### ROTATION OF DIBECTORS.

86. At the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company to be held in the year 1899 all the Directors shall retire from office, and at the first Ordinary General Meeting in every subsequent year, one of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office as provided in clause 87.

87. The Directors to retire from office at the second and third Ordinary General Meeting shall, unless the Directors otherwise arrange among themselves, be determined by ballot; in every subsequent year the

Directors to retire shall be those who have been longest in office.

88. In case any question shall arise as to which of the Directors who have been the same time in office shall retire, the same shall be decided by the Directors by ballot.

89. Retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.
90. The Ordinary General Meeting at which Directors retire or ought to retire by rotation shall appoint successors to them, and in default thereof such successors may be appointed at a subsequent Ordinary General Meeting.

91. Any casual vacancy occurring in the number of Directors or provisional Directors arising from death, resignation, or otherwise may be filled up by the Directors, but any person appointed to fill such vacancy shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Director would have retained the same if no vacancy had occurred.

The Directors, subject to the approval of a General Meeting, may from time to time at any time subsequent to the second Ordinary General Meeting increase or reduce the number of Directors, and may also, subject to the like approval, determine in what rotation such increased or reduced number is to go out of office.

93. If at any meeting at which an election of a Director ought to take place the place of the retiring. Director is not filled up, the retiring Director may continue in office until the first Ordinary General Meeting in the next year, and so on from meeting to meeting until his place is filled up, unless it shall be determined at such meeting to reduce the number of Directors.

94. A Director may at any time give notice in writing of his intention to resign by delivering such notice to the Secretary, or by leaving the same at the registered office of the Company, or by tendering his written resignation at a meeting of the Directors, and on the acceptance of his resignation by the Directors,

but not before, his office shall become vacant.

95. The Company may, by a special resolution, remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and may, by an ordinary resolution, appoint another person in his stead. The Director so appointed shall hold office only during such time as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.

96. Every Director or officer of the Company, and his heirs, executors, and administrators shall be indemnified by the Company from all losses and expenses incurred by him in or about the discharge of his duties, except such as happen from his respective wilful acts or defaults, and no Director or officer shall, nor shall the heirs, executors, or administrator in y Director or officer, be liable for the acts or defaults of any other Director or officer, or for any loss on the Company by insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired for or on be. If the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any nse happening to the Company by insufficiency or deficiency f the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any the Company shall be invested, or for any loss or damage security in or upon which any of the moneys arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency, or tortuous act of any person with whom any moneys, securities, or effects shall be deposited, or for any other loss, damage, or misfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, unless the same happen through his own wilful act or default.

No contribution shall be required from any present or past Director or Manager exceeding the 97. amount, if any, unpaid on the shares in respect of which he is liable as a present or past Shareholder.

## DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS.

98. The office of a Director shall be vacated—

(a) If he accepts or holds any office or place of profit (other than Managing Director, Sub-Manager, or Secretary) under the Company.

(b) If he becomes bankrupt or insolvent, or suspends payment, or files a petition for the liquidation of his affairs, or compounds with his creditors.

(c) If by reason of mental or bodily infirmity he becomes incapable of acting.

(d) If he ceases to hold the required number of shares to qualify him for the office.

(e) If he is concerned or participates in the profits of any contract with or work done for the Company.

Provided that no Director shall vacate his office by reason of his being a member of any corporation, company, or firm which has entered into any contract with or done any work for the company of which he is a Director, or by his being agent, or secretary, or solicitor, or by his being a member of a firm who are agents, or secretaries, or solicitors of the company; nevertheless he shall not vote in respect of any contract work or business in which he may be personally interested.

## Powers of Directors.

99. The Directors shall have power to carry into effect the purchase of the Hatton estate, or part or parts thereof; and the lease, purchase, or acquisition of any other lands, estates, or property they may think

fit, or any share or shares of such.

100. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors either by themselves or through a Managing Director, or with the assistance of an agent or agents and secretary or secretaries of the Company, to be appointed by the Directors for such a period and on such terms as they shall determine, and the Directors shall pay out of the funds of the Company all costs and expenses, as well preliminary as otherwise, paid or incurred in and about the formation and the registration of the Company, and in and about the valuation, purchase, lease, or acquisition of the said estates and lands, and the opening, clearing, planting, and cultivation thereof, and otherwise in or about the working and business of the Company.

101. The Directors shall have power to make, and may make such rules or regulations for the management of the business and property of the Company as they may from time to time think proper, and shall carry on the business of the Company in such manner as they may think most expedient; and, in addition to the powers and authorities by any Ordinance or by these presents expressly conferred on them, they may exercise all such powers, give all such consents, make all such arrangements, appoint all such agents, managers, secretaries, treasurers, accountants, and other officers, superintendents, assistants, clerks, artizans, labourers, and other servants, for such period or periods, and with such remuneration, and at such salaries, and upon such terms and conditions as they may consider advisable, and may pay the expenses occasioned thereby out of the funds of the Company, and may from time to time remove or suspend all or any of the managers, agents, treasurers, accountants, officers, clerks, or servants of the Company, for such reasons as they may think proper and advisable, and without assigning any cause for so doing.

102. The Directors shall exercise in the name and on behalf of the Company all such powers of the Company as are not expressly required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, and shall generally do all such acts and things as are or shall be by any Ordinance and by these presents directed and authorized to be exercised, given, made, or done by the Company, and are not by any Ordinance or by thesepresents required to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting, subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of any such Ordinance and of these presents, and to such regulations and provisions (if any) as may from time to time be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, but no regulations made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if

such regulation had not been made.

The generality of the powers conferred by any clause in these presents on the Directors shall not be

taken to be limited by any clause conferring any special or expressed power.

103. The Directors shall have power to appoint a proctor or proctors, solicitor or solicitors, attorney or attorneys, to assist in carrying on or protecting the business of the Company on such terms as they may

consider proper, and from time to time to revoke such appointment.

104. The Directors shall have power to open from time to time on behalf of the Company any account or accounts with such bank or banks as they may select or appoint, and also by such signatures as they may appoint to draw, accept, make, endorse, sign, and execute cheques, bills of exchange, and promissory notes, bills of lading, receipts, contracts, and agreements, bonds, mortgages, proxies to any proctor or proctors, and other documents on behalf of and to further the interests of the Company.

The seal of the Company shall not be affixed to any instrument except in the presence of two or more of the Directors, or of one Director and the Secretary or Secretaries, who shall attest the sealing thereof; such attestation on the part of the Secretaries in the event of a firm being the Secretaries being signified by a

partner of the said firm signing for and on behalf of the said firm as such Secretaries.

106. It shall be lawful for the Directors, if authorized so to do by the Shareholders in General Meeting, to arrange terms for the amalgamation of the Company with any other company or companies, or individual or individuals, or for the sale or disposal of the business, estates, and effects of the Company or any part or parts, share or shares thereof, respectively, to any company or companies, or person or persons, upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit; and the Directors shall have power to do all such things as may be necessary for carrying such amalgamation, sale, or other disposition into effect so far as a resolution or special resolution of the Company is not by law necessary for such purpose, and in case any terms so arranged by the Directors include or make necessary the dissolution of the Company, the Company shall be dissolved to that end.

107. In furtherance and not in limitation of, and without prejudice to the general powers conferred or implied in the last preceding clause, and of the other powers conferred by these presents, it is hereby expressly declared that the Directors shall have the powers following (that is to say):-

- (a) To institute, conduct, defend, compromise, settle, or abandon any action, suit, prosecution, or other legal proceedings on behalf of the Company, and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due or from the Company, and any claims or demands made by or against the Company.
- (b) To refer any claims or demands by or against the Company to arbitration, and observe and perform or enforce the award.
- (c) To make and give receipts, releases, and other discharges for money payable to the Company, and for claims and demands by the Company.
- (d) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents, with power to accept the office of trustee, assignee, liquidator, or inspector, or any similar office.
- (e) To invest any of the moneys of the Company which the Directors may consider not to be immediately required for the purposes thereof, upon such securities and in such manner as they may think fit, and so that they shall not be restricted to such securities as are permissible to trustees without special powers, and from time to time to vary or release such investments.
- (f) To delegate to any one or more of the Directors of the Company for the time being, or any other person or Company for the time being, residing or carrying on business in Ceylon or elsewhere, all or any of the powers or functions given to or exercisable by the Directors; and to confer such powers for such time and to be exercised for such objects and purposes, and upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as the Directors may think expedient, and to confer such powers either collaterally with or to the exclusion of, and in the substitution for, all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf, and from time to time to revoke, withdraw, alter, or vary all or any of such powers. The Directors may allow to any person or Company to whom any powers may be so delegated such remuneration as they in their absolute discretion shall think fit.

#### PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS.

108. The Directors may meet for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings as they may think fit, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Until otherwise determined, two Directors shall be a quorum.

A Director may at any time summon a meeting of Directors.

The Board may elect a Chairman of their meetings, and determine the period for which he is to hold office, and all meetings of the Directors shall be presided over by the Chairman if one has been elected and if present, but if there be a vacancy in the office of Chairman, or if at any meeting of Directors the Chairman be not present at the time appointed for holding the same, then and in that case the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.

Any question which shall arise at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman thereat shall have a casting vote in addition to his

vote as a Director.

The Board may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as the Board think fit, and they may from time to time revoke and discharge any such committee, either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee so formed shall, in exercise of the powers delegated to it, conform to all such regulations as may be prescribed by the Board. All acts done by any such committee, in conformity with such regulations and in the fulfilment of the purposes of their appointment, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.

113. The meetings and proceedings of such committees shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto, and are not superseded by the express terms of the appointment of such committee respectively, or any

regulation imposed by the Board.

The acts of the Board and of any Committees appointed by the Board shall, notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board or Committee, or defect in the appointment or qualification of any Director or of any member of the Committee, be as valid as if no such vacancy or defect had existed, and as if such person had been duly appointed or qualified, provided the same be done before the discovery of the vacancy or defect.

115. A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors shall be as valid and effectual as if it had

been passed at a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted.

116. The Directors shall cause Minutes to be made in a book or books to be provided for the purpose—

1) Of all appointments of Committees made by the Directors.

(2) Of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors.

(3) Of the names of the members of the Committee appointed by the Board present at each meeting of the Committee.

(4) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all General Meetings of the Company.

(5) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of the Directors.

(6) Of all resolutions and proceedings of all meetings of Committees appointed by the Board.

All such Minutes shall be signed by the person who shall have presided as Chairman at the General Meeting, the Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting at which the business minuted shall have been transacted, or by the person who shall preside as Chairman at the next ensuing General Meeting, or Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, as the case may be; and all Minutes purporting to have been signed by any Chairman of any General Meeting, Board Meeting, or Committee Meeting, respectively, shall, for all purposes whatsoever, be prima facie evidence of the actual and regular passing of the resolutions, and the actual and regular transaction or occurrence of the proceedings and other matters purporting to be so recorded, and of the regularity of the meeting at which the same shall appear to have taken place, and of the chairmanship and signature of the person appearing to have signed as Chairman, and of the date on which such meeting was held.

ACCOUNTS.

118. Once at the least in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company in General Meeting a statement of the income and expenditure of the last year made up to a date not more than three months

The statement so made shall show, arranged under the most convenient heads, the amount of gross income, distinguishing the several sources from which it has been derived, and the amount of gross expenditure, distinguishing the expense of the establishment, salaries, and other like matters. Every item of expenditure fairly chargeable against the year's income shall be brought into account, so that a just balance of profit and loss may be laid before the meeting; and in cases where any item of expenditure which may in fairness be distributed over several years has been incurred in any one year, the whole amount of such item shall be stated, with the addition of the reasons why only a portion of such expenditure is charged against the

income of the year.

120. A balance sheet shall be made out in every year and laid before the General Meeting of the Company, and such balance sheet shall contain a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company arranged under the heads appearing in the form annexed to the table referred to in Schedule C to "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," or as near thereto as circumstances admit.

121. A written or printed copy of such balance sheet shall, seven days previously to such meeting, be delivered at or sent by post to the registered address of every Shareholder.

#### AUDIT.

122. No person shall be eligible as an auditor who is interested otherwise than as a Shareholder in any transaction of the Company, but it shall not be a necessary qualification for an auditor that he be a Shareholder of the Company, and no Director or officer of the Company shall during his continuance in office be eligible as an auditor.

123. The Directors shall appoint the first auditor of the Company and fix his remuneration. He shall hold office till the second General Meeting of the Company. All subsequent appointments shall, except as is hereinafter mentioned, be made at the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company in each year by the Shareholders present thereat, and the auditor or auditors appointed at such meeting shall hold office only until the first Ordinary General Meeting after his or their appointment, or until otherwise ordered by a General Meeting.

124. The remuneration of the auditors other than the first shall be fixed by the Company in General

Meeting, and this remuneration may from time to time be varied by a General Meeting.

125. Retiring auditors shall be eligibe for re-election.

126. If any vacancy that may occur in the office of auditor is not supplied at the next Ordinary General Meeting, or if any casual vacancy shall occur in the office of auditor, the Directors shall fill up the vacancy by the appointment of a person who shall hold the office until the next Ordinary General Meeting after his appointment.

127. Every auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance sheet intended to be laid before the next Ordinary General Meeting after his appointment, and it shall be his duty to examine the same with the accounts and vouchers relating thereto, and to report thereon to the meeting, generally or specially, as he

may think fit.

128. The auditor or auditors for the time being shall have a list delivered to him or them of all books kept by the Company, and he or they shall at all reasonable hours in the day time have access to all accounts, books, and documents whatsoever of the Company for the purpose of audit.

#### DIVIDENDS, BONUS, AND RESERVE FUND.

129. The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, from time to time declare a dividend to be paid, and (or) pay a bonus to the Shareholders in proportion to their shares, but no dividend shall be payable except out of net profits.

130. The Directors may, if they think fit, determine on and declare an interim dividend to be paid, or pay a bonus to the Shareholders on account, and in anticipation of the dividend for the then current year.

- 131. The Directors may, before recommending any dividend or bonus, set aside out of the profits of the Company such a sum as they think proper as a reserve fund, and shall invest the same in such securities as they may, with the sanction of the Company, select, or shall place the same in fixed deposit in any bank or banks.
- 132. The Directors may from time to time apply such portion as they think fit of the reserve fund to meet contingencies, or for equalizing dividends, or for working the business of the Company, or for repairing, or maintaining, or extending the buildings and premises of the Company, or for the repair or renewal or extension of the property or plant of the Company or any part thereof, or for any other purposes connected with the interests of the Company that they may from time to time deem expedient.

133. No unpaid dividend or bonus shall ever bear interest against the Company.

134. No Shareholder shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividend or bonus in respect of his share or shares whilst any moneys may be due or owing from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company in respect of such share or shares or otherwise howsoever.

135. The Directors may deduct from the dividend or bonus payable to any Shareholder all such sums of money as may be due from him (whether alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company, and notwithstanding the fact that such sums or any of them are not payable until after the date when such dividend

or bonus is payable.

136. Notice of any dividend that has been declared, or of any bonus to be paid, shall be given to each Sharedolder entitled thereto, and any dividend or bonus unclaimed by any Shareholder for three years after notice thereof is given may be forfeited by the Directors for the benefit of the Company, and if the Directors think fit may be applied in augmentation of the reserve fund.

137. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any partner of such firm or agent duly authorized to sign the name of the firm.

138. Every dividend or bonus payable in respect of any share held by several persons jointly other than a firm may be paid to, and an effectual receipt given by, any one of such persons.

## Notices.

139. Notices from the Company may be authenticated by the signature (printed or written) of the agent or secretary, agents or secretaries, or persons appointed by the Board to authenticate the same.

140. Every Shareholder shall give an address in Ceylon, which shall be deemed to be his place of

abode, and shall be registered as such in the books of the Company,

- 141. A notice may be served by the Company upon any Shareholder, either personally or by being sent through post in a prepaid letter addressed to such Shareholder at his registered address or place of abode, and any notice so served shall be deemed to be well served, notwithstanding that the Shareholder to whom such notice is addressed be dead, unless his executors or administrators shall have given to the Directors or to the agent or secretary or agents or secretaries of the Company their own or some other address to which notices may be sent.
- 142. All notices directed to be given to Shareholders shall, with respect to any share to which persons are jointly entitled other than a firm, be given to whichever of such persons is named first in the Register of Shareholders, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares.
- 143. Any notice if served by post shall be deemed to have been served on the day on which the letter containing the same would in ordinary course of post have been delivered at its address, and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and put into a post office or post box, and the entry in the Company's books of the leaving or sending by post of any notice at or to such address shall be sufficient evidence thereof, and no further evidence shall be necessary.

144. Every Shareholder residing out of Ceylon shall name and register in the books of the Company an address within Ceylon at which all notices shall be served upon him, and all notices served at such address shall be deemed to be well served. If he shall not have named and registered such an address, he shall not be entitled to any notices.

All notices required to be given by advertisement shall be published in the Ceylon Government

Gazette.

#### ARBITRATION.

145. Whenever any question or other matter whatsoever arises in dispute between the Company and any other company or person, the same may be referred by the Directors to arbitration.

#### EVIDENCE.

146. On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought or instituted by the Company against any Shareholder or his representatives to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is or was when the claim arose on the Register of Shareholders of the Company as a holder of the number of shares in respect of which such calim is made, and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company; and it shall not be necessary to prove the registration of the Company, nor the appointment of the Directors who made any call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made, nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

PROVISION RELATIVE TO WINDING UP OR DISSOLUTION OF THE COMPANY.

147. Any Shareholder, whether a Director or not, and whether alone or jointly with any other Shareholder or Director, and any person not a Shareholder, may become the purchaser of the property of the Company or any part thereof in the event of a winding up or a dissolution, or at any other time when a sale of the Company's property or effects or any part thereof shall be made by the Directors under the powers hereby or under the Ordinance conferred upon them.

In witness whereof the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereto set and subscribed their names this Ninth day of May , 1898.

V. A. Julius.

Witness to the above signature:

H. CREASY, Proctor, Supreme Court.

T. C. HUXLEY.

ELLEN H. POLE-CAREW.

A. B. FREEMAN MITFORD,

By his attorney D. F. MITFORD.

D. F. MITFORD.

C. E. Pole-Carew.

H. S. A. SANFORD.

By his attorney C. E. Pole-Carew.

Witness to the above signatures:

LIONEL P. FISHER, Hatton, Ceylon, Solicitor.

#### MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF ANDRIS, COORAY & COMPANY, LIMITED.

- 1. The name of the Company is "Andris, Cooray & Company, Limited."
- 2. The registered office of the Company is to be established at Kandy.
- 3. The object for which the Company is established are-
  - (a) To import or buy locally and sell clothing, drapery, hardware, crockery, platedware, cutlery, medicine, books, stationery, lamps, glassware, cement, oilmanstores, to vend stamps, and generally to deal in all sorts of merchandise, wholesale and retail.
  - (b) To forward goods for commission, and to carry on the business of Commission Agents.
  - (c) To buy or take on lease any lands, houses, stores, shops, or other buildings for the storage and sale of goods, or for any other purpose connected with the business of the said Company.
  - (d) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.
- 4. The liability of the Shareholders is limited.

5. The nominal capital of the Company is Rs. 25,000, divided into twenty-five shares of Rs. 1,000 each (with power to increase or reduce the capital).

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names.

Names and Addresses of Subscribers.	-			ber of Shares t each Subscrib	
H. G. Andris, Bambalapitiya, Colombo	•••	•••	•••	One	
J. E. DE MELHO AZERAPPA, Hill street,	Colombo	•••	•••	One	
N. T. COORAY, Dam street, Colombo	•••	•••		Ore	
Y. D. CHARLES, Pettah, Colombo	•••	***	•••	One	
N. S. COORAY, Kandy	•••	***	•••	One	
M. L. PEERIS, Dematagoda, Colombo	•••	•••	•••	One	
M. D. A. SAFFERMADOE, Bambalapitiya,		•••	•••	One	
	001011100	***	•••		

Witness to the above signatures:

D. J. ARSECULERATNE, Proctor, Supreme Court.

Colombo, April 27, 1898.

#### ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF ANDRIS, COORAY & COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE regulations contained in Table C in the schedule annexed to "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," shall be the regulations of this Company, subject to the modifications hereinafter mentioned.

## INTERPRETATION CLAUSE.

In the interpretation of the Memorandum and Articles of Association the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless such meanings be inconsistent with, or repugnant to, the subject or context:

The word "Company" means "Andris, Cooray & Company, Limited," incorporated or established by or under the Memorandum of Association to which these Articles are attached.

"Persons" means partnerships, associations, corporations, companies, unincoporated or corporated by Ordinance

"Fersons means partnerships, associations, companies, unincoporated of corporated by Ordinance and registration, as well as individuals.

"Month" means a calendar month.

The words "special resolution" shall mean a special resolution passed in accordance with clause 47 of the "Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861."

"The Ordinance" means and includes "The Joint Stock Companies' Ordinance, 1861," and every other Ordinance from time to time in force concerning Joint Stock Companies which may apply to the Company.

Words importing the singular only include the plural, and vice versa.

Words importing the masculine gender only include the feminine, and vice versa.

The modifications are as follows:

#### BUSINESS.

The Company may proceed to carry out the objects for which it is established, and to employ and apply its capital as soon after the registration of the Company as the Directors in their discretion shall think fit; and if the whole of the shares shall not have been subscribed, applied for, or allotted as soon as, in the judgment of the Directors, a sufficient number of shares shall have been subscribed or applied for.

The business of the Company shall be carried on by, or under the management or direction of, the Directors, and subject only to the control of General Meetings in accordance with the Ordinance.

#### CAPITAL AND SHARES.

The capital of the Company shall be Rs. 25,000, divided into twenty-five shares of Rs. 1,000 each.

If several persons are registered as joint-holders of any share, they shall be liable severally as well as jointly for the payment of all instalments and calls due in respect of such share.

If several persons are registered as joint-holders of any share, any one of such person may give effectual receipts for any dividend payable in respect of such share.

#### PAYMENT OF SHARES.

The shares of the Company are payable in the following manner, viz., Rs. 250 per share on application; Rs. 250 per share on allotment; and the balance as and when required in calls not exceeding Rs. 100 per share, and at intervals of not less than two months.

## Calls on Shares.

The Directors shall have power in their discretion to give time to any one or more Shareholders exclusive of the others for payment of any call or part thereof on such terms as the Directors may determine. But no Share-holder shall be entitled to any such extension or consideration except as a matter of grace.

#### FORFEITURE OF SHARES.

The Directors may in their discretion at any time remit any forfeiture which shall have been incurred either before or after such forfeiture shall have been actually declared upon such terms and conditions as they may think proper, and thereupon the holder of such shares shall be restored to his full rights in respect of the same shares, and be subject to the same liabilities in relation thereto as if such forfeiture had not been incurred. Provided always that no remission of a forfeiture shall be made after the forfeited shares shall have been sold or otherwise disposed of, nor after two calendar months from the declaration of forfeiture, nor so as to prejudice or disturb any dividend which may have been declared.

#### Transfer of Shares

Every instrument of transfer of any share shall be executed both by the transferror and transferree, and the transferror shall be deemed to be the holer of such share until the name of the transferree is entered in the register book in respect thereof. Every such instrument shall be left at the office of the Company for approval by the Directors accompanied by such evidence as may be required by the Directors to prove the title of the transfer. If the transfer be approved, such approval shall be certified in writing under the hand of two of the Directors endorsed on such instrument of transfer, and the Company shall thereupon register the transferree as a Shareholder. If the transfer be not approved, the same shall be absolutely null and void as if the same shall be certified in writing under the transferree as a Shareholder. If the transfer be not approved, the same shall be absolutely null and void as if the same shall be certified in writing under the transferree as a Shareholder. If no notice of non-approval shall be sent to the Shareholder who purported to have made the transfer of his share. If no notice of non-approval shall be sent to the Shareholder within thirty days from the date the transfer was left at the office of the Company, the transfer shall be taken and deemed to have been approved.

The Directors may on their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion decline, without assigning

reason, or to approve register the transfer of share or shares held by the Shareholder which in the interest of the Company they considered it undesirable or inexpedient to register.

#### INCREASE OF CAPITAL.

The Directors may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company previously given in General Meeting increase its capital by the issue of new shares; such aggregate increase to be of such amount, and to be divided into shares of such respective amounts as the Company in General Meeting directs, or if no direction given, as the

Directors think expedient.

Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the meeting that sanctions the increase of capital, all new shares shall be offered to the members in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the member is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the member to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the Directors may dispose of the same in such manner as they think most beneficial to the Company.

Any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered as part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the same provisions with reference to the payment of calls or otherwise as if it had been part of the

original capital.

#### GENERAL MEETINGS.

The first General Meeting shall be held at such time not being more than six months after the incorporation

of the Company, and at such place as the Directors may determine.

Subsequent General Meetings shall be held once a year at least at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting; and if no other time and place be prescribed, a General Meeting shall be held during the month of February in every year at such time and place as the Directors may appoint.

#### PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETING.

Seven days' notice at the least, specifying the place, the day, and time of meeting, and the purpose for which the meeting is to be held, shall be given either by advertisement or in such other manner as may be prescribed by the Directors; and no business shall be transacted at such meeting other than what is specified in such notice. All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at an Extraordinary Meeting, and also all that is transacted at any Ordinary Meeting, with the exception of receiving and considering the profit and loss account and the balance sheet, the reports of the Directors and of the Auditors, the election of Directors and other officers in the place of those retiring by rotation, declaring and sanctioning dividends and transacting any other business which under these presents ought to be transacted at an Ordinary Meeting, and any business which is brought under consideration by the report of the Directors issued with the notice convening such meeting.

No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting, except the declaration of a dividend, unless ten

members be personally present at the commencement of such business.

If within one hour from the time appointed for the meeting the required number of members be not present, the meeting, if convened upon the requisition of members, shall be dissolved; in any other case it shall stand adjourned for one week at the same time and place, and if at such adjourned meeting the required number of members shall not be present, the meeting shall be adjourned sine die.

In case of an equality of votes at any General Meeting, or upon the result of any poll, the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote.

have a second or casting vote.

#### VOTE OF SHAREHOLDERS.

Any representative by power of attorney of any absent Shareholder duly authorized shall be entitled to vote at the meeting of the Company, and shall also have power to appoint a proxy to present his interests at such meeting; provided always that no person can be appointed to act as proxy who is not a Shareholder in the Company, and provided also that the power of attorney or proxies are produced and deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than 72 hours before the time of holding the meeting by the Shareholder holding the same.

#### DIRECTORS.

The number of the Directors shall not be less than four nor more than six.

The following persons shall be the first Directors of the Company, namely, H. G. Andris, J. E. de Melho

Azerappa, N. T. Cooray, and Y. D. Charles.
H. G. Andris, J. E. de Melho Azerappa, and N. T. Cooray shall be Life Directors, entitled to fill the office of Directors during their respective lives without re-election, but subject, nevertheless, to removal as hereinafter proivded.

The qualification of every Director shall be holding in his own right at least one fully paid up share.

The office of the Director shall be vacated :--

If he ceases to hold at least one fully paid up share as aforesaid. If he holds any office or place of profit under the Company except that of Managing Director.

If he becomes bankrupt, or compounds with his creditors, or becomes lunatic or of unsound mind. If he absents himself from the Directors' Board Meeting for six successive months without the consent of the Directors.

If he is concerned in or participates in the profits of any contract with or any work done for the Company; provided always that no Director shall vacate his office by reason of his being a member of any Company which has entered into contracts with or done any work for the Company of which he is a Director. Nevertheless he shall not vote in respect of such contract or work; and if he does so vote, his vote shall not be counted.

If a Director shall desire to resign his office, he shall leave a notice in writing of such his desire at the registered office of the Company; and on the acceptance of his resignation by the Board, but not before, his office

If any Director other than a Life Director shall be requested in writing signed by all his co-Directors to resign his office, he shall resign the same accordingly; and if he shall fail so to do for the space of forty-eight hours after he shall receive such request, or after the same shall have been left at his usual or last known place of abode or business, such of his co-Directors as may be present at a Special Board Meeting may remove such Director from his office, provided they are unanimous therein.

The Company in General Meeting may, by a special resolution, remove any Director other than a Life Director before the expiration of his period of office, and may by an ordinary resolution appoint another person in his stead; the person so appointed shall hold office during such time only as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have, held the same if he had not been removed; provided, however, that for the removal of a Life Director the resolution shall be supported by at least three-fourths of the Shareholders present at such General Meeting.

The amount to be paid to the Directors as remuneration for their services shall be determined at the first Ordinary General Meeting of the Company.

A Managing Director may from time to time be appointed by the Directors from one of their body on such terms and conditions as to special remuneration and tenure of office as he and the Directors may agree on a such such

terms and conditions as to special remuneration and tenure of office as he and the Directors may agree on; and such

Managing Director may from time to time be removed or dismissed from office and another appointed in his place.

A Managing Director shall not, while he continues to hold that office, be subject to retirement by rotation, and shall not be taken into account in determining the rotation of retirement of Directors; but he shall, subject to any provisions of any contract between him and the Company, be subject to the same provisions as to resignation and removal as the other Directors of the Company; and if he cease to hold the office of the Director from any cause, he shall ipso facto and immediately cease to be a Managing Director.

The remuneration of a Managing Director shall from time to time be fixed by the Company in General

Meeting, and may be by way of salary or commission or participation in profits or by any or all of these modes.

The Directors may from time to time entrust to and confer upon a Managing Director for the time being such of the powers exercisable under these presents by the Directors as they may think fit, and may confer such powers for such time and to be be exercised for such objects and purposes and upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as they think expedient; and they may confer such powers either collaterally with, or to the exclusion of, and in substitution for all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf; and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter, or vary all or any of such powers.

#### Powers of Directors.

To purchase, take on lease, or otherwise acquire other lands, houses, or other property upon such terms and conditions in all respects as the Directors may think fit or may deem necessary and requisite for the purposes of the business of the said Company.

To erect any buildings for the purposes of the Company.

To indent for and import or buy locally all goods and articles, wares, and merchandise required for the purposes of the said Company, and to pay for same out of the funds of the Company. To manage the business of the Company experience of the through a Managing Director chosen from among them, or with the assistance of n agent or agents and secretary or secretaries to be appointed by them.

To pay out of the funds of the Company all costs and expenses, preliminary or otherwise, paid or incurred in nd about the formation and registration of the Company, and in connection with the placing of the shares of the

Company.

From time to time to appoint one or more of their number as Managing Director or Directors, and from time to time to appoint secretary, officers, or other servants, bankers, proctor, and solicitor to the Company, for such period or periods and with such remuneration and at such salaries and upon such terms and conditions as they may consider advisable, and from time to time to suspend and remove all or any of them for such reasons as they may think proper and advisable.

From time to time to appoint an attorney or attorneys under the seal of the Company to act specially when

necessary on behalf of the Company out of the Island, and to revoke such appointment.

To execute all deeds, receipts, and other documents they may deem necessary, and for that purpose to use

when required the Company's seal.

To refer disputes to arbitration, to compromise any debt or claims due to or from the Company, to give time

To make, accept, and endorse any bill of exchange or promissory note that may, by a meeting of the Board of Directors, be considered necessary for the purposes of the business of the Company.

To borrow on behalf of the Company any sum of money they may deem expedient and necessary either for the purpose of extension of the business of the Company, or for any other purpose connected with the business and object of the Company; to give security for money so borrowed or any part thereof, debentures or mortgages, or debentures secured by mortgages, such mortgages being the whole or any part of the property of the Company, bonds, bills of exchange, promissory notes, or such other securities as they may think fit.

Provided, however, that the whole amount of moneys due in respect of loans at any one time does not exceed

Provided, however, that the whole amount of moneys due in respect of loans at any one time does not exceed half of the nominal capital of the Company, unless by consent of the Company given at a General Meeting of the Shareholders after due notice of an intended resolution to increase the amount of loans specifying the amount of

existing loans and debts.

To bring or defend or abandon any action, suit, or prosecution or other legal proceedings, civil or criminal.

To engage, employ, maintain, provide for, and dismiss superintendents, managers, clerks, coolies, and other labourers and servants, and to remunerate any such at such rate as shall be thought fit, and to grant pensions or gratuities to any such are restained.

To establish in any part or parts of Ceylon agencies for carrying on or developing the business of the

. Company or any branch thereof.

To carry into effect all or any of the objects of the Company as expressed in the Memorandum of the Association, and to exercise all or any of the powers thereby given to the Company.

To exercise in the name of and on behalf of the Company all such powers of the Company as are not expressively required to be exercised by the Company.

sively required to be exercised by the Company.

Provided, however, that the seal of the Company shall not be affixed to an instrument except in the presence of at least two Directors, who shall attest the sealing thereof; and provided further that all moneys, except the

money required for current expenses, shall from time to time be deposited by the Directors with the bankers of the Company to the accounts of "Andris, Cooray & Company, Limited," and that cheques must be signed by the Managing Director, and all promissory notes and bills drawn, accepted, and endorsed by at least the Managing Director and another Director. Provided further that the Directors shall not have the power to purchase shares of the Company on behalf of the Company with the funds.

In witness whereof the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association have hereto set and subscribed their names at Colombo, this 27th April, in the year One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-eight of the Christian era.

H. G. Andris. J. E. DE MELHO AZERAPPA. ඉතා්මිස් කුඉර් Y. D. CHARLES. N. S. COORAY. M. L. PEERIS. M. D. A. SAFFERMADOE.

Witness to the above signatures: D. J. ARSECULERATNE,

Colombo, April 27, 1898.

Colombo, May 27, 1898.

Proctor, Supreme Court. The Havelock Racecourse Company, Limited.

OTICE is hereby given that the Annual Ordinary General Meeting of the Company will be held at the registered office of the Company, No. 7, Queen street, Fort, on Saturday, the 11th June, 1898, at 12 o'clock noon.

To receive the accounts for the past year. To elect Directors and transact any other business that may be duly brought before the meeting.

L. E. EDWARDS,

Amount.

## ROAD COMMITTEE NOTICES.

J. Fraser

HEREBY give notice in terms of section 18 of The Branch Roads Ordinance, 1896," that a meeting of the Local Committee for the Dimbula District will be held on Saturday, June 18, 1898, at 3 P.M., at the Agra Cricket Pavilion, in order to consider the maintenance for 1898 of the branch roads in that district, and such other business as may be brought before it.

W. D. BOSANQUET, Chairman.

HEREBY give notice that in terms of section 18 of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, 1896," a meeting of the proprietors or resident managers interested in the extension of the Anningkanda-Hayes estate cart road will be held at Pannilkanda at 2 P.M. on May 31, 1898, to determine the assessment of the estates benefited by the proposed extension of the road.

A. F. JAMES, Chairman.

HEREBY give notice that in terms of section 18 of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, 1896," a meeting of the proprietors or resident managers interested in the Deniyaya-Anningkanda cart road will be held at Pannilkanda at 2 P.M. on May 31, 1898, to determine the assessment of the estates for upkeep of the road for 1898

A. F. JAMES, Chairman.

OTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for the maintenance of the under-mentioned road for 1898, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Branch Roads Ordinance, 1896," have assessed the proportion due by each estate in the district interested in the repair of the said road, as follows:—

> KABRAGALLA ROAD (between Madulkele and Kabragalla).

Government moiety Rs. 829 Rs. 829 Private contributions

Amount. Proprietors or Agents. Estates. Acreage. Rs. c.

1st section, 1 mile. Total acreage, 7,013—Moiety of cost, Rs. 251-96-Sectional rate, '0359c.—Total rate, '0559c.

72 ... ... Ellerton H. T. Masefield ... Oriental Estates pany, Limited Com-... Nilomalla and

Malwatta and new lot 269 ... 916 ... 32 88

... Kelebokka ... 690 ... H. A. Clarke 24 77

1st and 2nd section, 2 miles. Total acreage, 5,335—Moiety of cost, Rs. 251.96— Sectional rate, '0472c.—Total rate, '0831c.

Proprietors or Agents. Estates. Acreage. Rs. c. ... 600 ... M. H. Thomas ... Galheria 49 90 1st to 4th section, 33 miles. Total acreage, 4,735—Moiety of cost, Rs. 314 98— Sectional rate, 0665c.—Total rate, 1496c. Buchanan, Fraser & Co. Hattanwalla ... 395 ... J. M. Robertson & Co. Hoolankanda ... 600 ...

H. A. Clarke A. M. White H. A. Clarke ... Deyanella ... 460 ... ... 298 ... ... Relugas ... 386 ... 1 { 392 } 44 62 ... Kabragalla 57 79 ... Poengalla and {
Kirigalpotta { G. Hunter Blair 76 18 J. Fraser and

Pitikanda Damboolagalla (Pitakanda

... 829 ... 124 5 group) Buchanan, Fraser & Co. ... Brae and Dell ... 481 ... 71 99 (John Fraser)

Do. ... Marnagalla ... 352 ... 52 70 Buchanan, Fraser & Co. (A. Tait) ... Lauragalla ... 204 ...

... New Telgama ... 221 ... 33 10

Which sums the proprietors, managers, or agents of the several estates are hereby required to pay into the Colonial Treasury, Colombo, on or before June 10, 1898.

Rs. c. Rs. c. N.B.—Private contributions 829 Bank interest, 1st and 2nd quarters 5 91 Bank interest, 2nd quarter 3 31 Unexpended balances, 1897 0 88 10 10 818 90

Provincial Road Committee's Office, F. J SMITH. Kandy, May 11, 1898. for Chairman.

#### $\it Reassessment.$

OTICE is hereby given that the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, having agreed to grant the under-mentioned sum for the under-mentioned service, the Provincial Road Committee, acting under the provisions of "The Branch Roads Ordinauce, 1896," have assessed the proportion due by each

estate in the district interested in the repair of the said road, as follows :--

IMPROVEMENT OF ROADS: DUCKWARI-COTTAGANGA FACTORY.

Government moiety Rs. 4,270 Private contributions Rs. 4,270

Amount. Proprietors or Agents. Estates. Acreage. · Rs. c.

1st section, } mile.

Total acreage, 1,546—Moiety of cost, Rs. 1,192·97— Sectional rate, 7716c.—Total rate, 7716c. J. Young ... Ranwella ... 200 ... 154 32 Total acreage, 1,346—Moiety of cost, Rs. 3,077.03—Sectional rate, 2-2861c.—Total rate, 3-0577c.

Galaha Ceylon Tea Estates and Agency
Co., Limited
G. L. Williams

... Cottaganga ... 582 ... 1,779 58 ... 764 .. 2,336 10

4,270 0

Which sums the proprietors, managers, or agents of the several estates are hereby required to pay into the Colonial Treasury, Colombo, on or before May 31, 1898.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, Kandy, May 23, 1898.

F. J. SMITH. for Chairman.

OTICE is hereby given that an application having been made to the Provincial Road Committee that the provisions of the Branch Roads Ordinance, No. 14 of 1896, be extended to the locality of Leangahawela for constructing an extension of the road from near Windy Corner to the main stream in Leangahawela estate, a distance of about 2 miles more or less, the Provincial Road Committee will on June 25, 1898, at 12.30 P.M., at their office in the Badulla Kachcheri, proceed to define the limits of the district the estates in which will, if the proposal for the construction of the said work be assented to by the proprietors of two-thirds of the acreage in the said district, be assessed for the con-struction and maintenance of the said road; and it is further notified that it is proposed to include the following estates in the district to be assessed:—

Estate.	Proprietor or Agent, &c.		eage vated.	1	otal.
Leangahawela	G. C. Anderson		562	•••	69 <b>2</b>
Broughton	W. F. R. Reid	••	409		485
Balagalla-ella	H. C. Richmond		211		312

L. W. C. SCHRADER, for Chairman.

Provincial Road Committee's Office, Badulla, May 23, 1898.

## MUNICIPAL COUNCIL NOTICES.

## Colombo Municipality.

OTICE is hereby given that in the absence of movable property liable to seizure, the undermentioned property seized in virtue of a warrant issued by the Chairman of the Municipal Council of Colombo, in terms of the 149th clause of the Ordinance No. 7 of 1887, for arrears of consolidated rate due on the premises and for the period mentioned in the subjoined schedule, will be sold by public anction on the spot at the time therein mentioned, unless in the meantime the amount of the consolidated rate and costs be duly paid the consolidated rate and costs be duly paid.

> R: R. DUNUWILLE, Secretary

The Municipal Office, Colombo, May 23, 1898.

#### SCHEDULE.

Fourth Quarter, 1897. Wednesday, the 8th proximo.

No.		Street.	Time of Sale.
32	•••	Fishers' Hill	8 a.m.
<b>42/4</b> 3	•••	$\mathbf{Do}$ .	8.15 a.m.
90	···	Do.	8.30 a.m.
91	•••	Do.	8.45 a.m.
92		Do.	9 a.m.
120		Do.	9.15 a.m.
122	•••	Do.	9.30 a.m.
123	•••	Do	9.45 a.m.
125		$\mathbf{Do}_{\bullet}$ :	10 a.m.
128	•••	- <b>D</b> o.	10.15 a.m.
131	•••	$\mathbf{\overline{D}_{0}}$ .	10.30 a.m.
132	•••	Do.	10.45 a.m.

No.		Street.	7	l'ime of Sale.
134		Fishers' Hill	•••	11 a.m.
136		Do.	•••	11.15 a.m.
1 <b>3</b> 9	•••	Do.		11.30 a.m.
139a	•••	$\mathbf{Do}$ .		11.45 a.m
1895		Do.	• • • •	12 noon
140		Do.		12.15 p.m.
142		Do.	•••	12.30 p.m.
160	•••	Do.	•••	12.45 p.m.
162	• • •	$\mathbf{Do}$ .	• • • •	1 p.m.
182	• • • •	Do.	• • •	1.15 p.m.
13		Shoemaker street	• • •	3 p.m.
14		Do.	•••	3.15 p.m.

OTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned property seized in virtue of a warrant issued by the Chairman of the Municipal Council of Colombo, in terms of the 149th clause of the Ordinance No. 7 of 1887, for arrears of consolidated rate due on the premises and for the period mentioned in the annexed schedule, will be sold by public auction at this office at the time therein mentioned, unless in the meantime the amount of the consolidated rate and costs be duly paid.

The Municipal Office Colombo, May 25, 1898. R. R. DUNUWILLE, Secretary.

#### SCHEDULE.

Time of sale: Saturday, the 11th proximo, at 1 P.M. No. 188, Grandpass road, 3rd and 4th quarters, 1897:-4 chairs, 2 easy chairs, 1 round table, 1 teapoy, and 2 pieces table.