

Ceylon Gobernment Gazette

Published by Authority.

No. 5,824-FRIDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1901.

PART I.—General: Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, and General Government Notifications.

PART II.—Legal and Judicial.

PART III.—Provincial Administration. PART IV.—Marine and Mercantile. PART V.—Municipal and Local.

Separate paging is given to each Part in order that it may be filed separately.

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DRAFT ORDINANCES.

MINUTE.

The following Draft of a proposed Ordinance is published for general information:—

An Ordinance to provide for the Registration of Written Authorities and Powers of Attorney.

Short title.

Date of operation.

1 This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as "The Powers of Attorney Ordinance, 1902," and shall come into operation on such date as the Governor by Proclamation to be published in the Government Gazette shall appoint.

Interpretation clause.

2 For the purposes of this Ordinance, and unless there be anything in the subject or context repugnant to such construction, "power of attorney" shall include any written power or authority other than that given to a proctor or law agent, given by one person to another to perform any work, do any act, or carry on any trade or business, and "attorney" shall include every person holding such power of attorney. "Registrar-General" shall include an acting registrar-general.

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Power of attorney may be registered by the Registrar-General.

Registration to be recorded.

Registrar-General shall file documents.

Inspection of documents.

Copies of registered powers of attorney.

Issue a copy certified by him to be a true copy of any copy of a power of attorney flied in his office under section 3.

Copies issued by Registrar-General to be received in evidence.

3 Any attorney desiring to have his power of attorney registered under this Ordinance shall be entitled to have the same so registered, and shall for that purpose produce the same to the Registrar-General, together with a copy thereof certified by a notary public to be a true copy, and shall make an affidavit to the effect that to the best of his knowledge and belief such power of attorney is genuine and still in force. And the Registrar-General, after satisfying himself of the correctness of such copy, shall file the same and register the power of attorney, endorsing upon it a certificate signed by him stating the fact of such registration and the date thereof, together with a reference to the volume and folio wherein such registration is recorded and such copy is filed, and shall return such power of attorney to the person producing the same. Such registration shall be recorded in a book to be kept in the form prescribed in schedule A hereto.

4 The Registrar-General shall carefully file and preserve all copies of powers of attorney received by him, together with the affidavits relating thereto, with convenient lists and indexes thereof.

All such records shall be open to inspection on an application in writing to be made to the Registrar-General for that purpose.

- The Registrar-General shall, at the request of any person applying in writing for the same, issue a copy, certified by him to be a true copy, of any copy of a power of attorney filed in his office under section 3. To such certified copy shall be added a certificate signed by the Registrar-General stating the date of registration of the power of attorney and by whom the power of attorney was produced for such registration.
- In any judicial proceeding every certified copy issued by the Registrar-General as provided in section 5 of this Ordinance shall be received as prima facie evidence of the execution by the person by whom it purports to have been executed of the original power of attorney and of the contents of such original power of attorney, notwithstanding that the original power of attorney be not produced or its absence accounted for.
- The following fees shall be payable to the Registrar-General under this Ordinance, and shall be paid in stamps to be affixed, in the case of the registration of any power of attorney to the copy filed by the Registrar-General, and in all other cases to the document in respect of which they are payable:-

For the registration of any power of attorney Rs. 2.50 For every application to inspect the records Re. 1 For every application for a certified copy of a registered power of attorney Re. 1 For every certified copy issued under section 5, per folio of 120 words

25 cents

SCHEDULE A.

Serial No.	Date of Regis- tration.	(Whether	Grantee.	Date of Powers.	By whom produc- ed for Regis- tration.	Volume and Folio where Copy is filed.
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By His Excellency's command,

R. W. IEVERS, Celonial Secretary's Office, Acting Colonial Secretary. Colombo, December 12, 1901.

MINUTE.

The following Draft of a proposed Ordinance is published for general information:—

An Ordinance relating to the Ceylon Railways.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the law relating to the Ceylon railways and to the conveyance thereby of passengers, passengers' luggage, parcels, goods, and live stock: Be it therefore enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:

Short title.

1 This Ordinance may be cited as "The Ceylon Railways Ordinance, 1901;" and it shall come into operation at such time as the Governor shall by Proclamation, to be published in the Government Gazette, appoint.

Repeal of Ordinances.

- 2 The Ordinance No. 26 of 1885 is hereby repealed, provided that such repeal shall not affect—
 - (a) The past operation of the enactment hereby repealed;
 - (b) Any right, privilege, obligation, or liability acquired, accrued, or incurred under such enactment;
 - (c) Any penalty, forfeiture, or punishment incurred in respect of any offence committed against such enactment; nor
 - d) Any investigation, legal proceeding, or remedy in respect of any such right, privilege, obligation, liability, penalty, forfeiture, or punishment as aforesaid; and any such investigation, legal proceeding, and remedy may be carried on as if this Ordinance had not passed.

Interpretation clause: "Railway."

3 "Railway" shall include all railways already constructed, or in the course of construction, or to be hereafter constructed, by or on behalf of the Ceylon Government.

" Railway official."

"Railway official" shall include the General Manager, the Assistant Manager, Traffic Superintendent, Locomotive Engineer, Engineer of Ways and Works, Accountant, and all such officers, servants, agents, and other persons as shall be from time to time employed to do any act upon the railway.

" Passenger."

"Passenger" shall mean any person in or upon the railway being in possession of a ticket duly issued according to the conditions provided therefor.

" Passengers' luggage."

"Passengers' luggage" shall mean such articles or personal effects as are conveyed free of charge in the luggage vans of passenger trains, and any such additional articles as may be paid for as excess luggage.

"Parcels."

"Parcels" shall mean all parcels, packages, bicycles, fish, fruit, poultry, and every other article, matter, or thing conveyed at parcels rates by passenger trains and subject to the conditions provided therefor.

"H, C, and D traffic."

"H, C, and D traffic" shall mean all horses, carriages, dogs, bulls, cows, oxen, elk, spotted deer, pigs, calves, sheep, goats, and every other domestic or tame animal, and all vehicles of every sort accepted for conveyance in horse boxes, carriage trucks, or brake vans, by passenger trains, and charged for at mileage rates.

" Goods."

"Goods" shall mean all merchandise, machinery, bales, boxes, casks, crates, and every article or thing comprised in the classification of goods which may be accepted for conveyance in goods wagons upon goods or mixed trains,

under the terms and conditions of the contract contained in the consignment note made and entered into by the sender or his agent.

"Live stock."

"Live stock" shall mean all horses, ponies, donkeys, dogs, buffaloes, bulls, cows, oxen, calves, sheep, goats, pigs, or wild animals conveyed in cattle or goods trucks under the terms and conditions of the contract contained in the consignment note made and entered into by the sender or his agent.

General and assistant managers, clerks, and other officers. 4 The Governor may appoint a fit and proper person to execute the duties and powers hereinafter mentioned, who shall be called "the General Manager," and one or more persons, as he may deem necessary, to assist the General Manager in the execution of the said duties and powers who shall be called "assistant managers," and such other officers and clerks as to him may appear necessary. And all duties and powers hereinafter required to be performed and exercised by the General Manager shall and may be performed and exercised by any assistant manager.

Rules.

5 The Governor may from time to time, with the advice of the Executive Council, make (and when made, revoke, or add to, or alter) rules regarding the conveyance of passengers, passengers' luggage, parcels, H, C, and D traffic, goods, live stock, and all and every article, animal, person, or thing to be conveyed by railway, for the classification of goods, the goods that are to be charged for at special rates, the charges to be made for the conveyance of passengers and goods by the railway, and all other matters not specially enacted by this Ordinance, which may be necessary to provide for the management and due and profitable working of the railway, provided that the charges for the conveyance of passengers, parcels, and goods at rates other than special shall not exceed the rates specified in schedule X., unless in any detailed classification of goods sanctioned by the Governor, with the advice aforesaid, special provision be made for any articles which are deemed exceptional, in which case such provision shall prevail and be of force, anything in the schedule X. to the contrary notwithstanding.

Rules to be affixed publicly at railway stations, and persons using the railway legally presumed to be acquainted with them. 6 A copy of any rule or rules made under the authority of this Ordinance shall be hung up and affixed to the front or other conspicuous part of every railway station, and knowledge of the contents of such rule or rules shall be presumed as against any person using the railway, upon proof that such copy was hanging up and affixed as herein required; but the non-exhibition of this Ordinance, or the rules, or the time tables, or the tariff of charges at any station either in English or in the vernacular, shall not invalidate the provisions of this Ordinance, nor the rules and tariff or other such order made by the Governor in Executive Council.

Existing rules to continue in force until superseded.

7 All rules which are in force at the coming into operation of this Ordinance, and which are not inconsistent with any of its provisions, shall continue to be in force until revoked, added to, or altered in manner hereinbefore provided.

Fares to be prepaid.

8 No person shall enter any carriage used on the railway, for the purpose of travelling therein, without having a pass or having first paid his fare and obtained a ticket. Every person desirous of travelling on the railway shall, upon payment of his fare, be furnished with a ticket specifying the class of carriage for, and the station from, and the station to, which the fare has been paid, and shall, when required, show his ticket to any railway official duly authorized to examine the same, and shall deliver up such ticket upon demand to any of the railway officials duly authorized to collect tickets. Any person not producing or delivering up his ticket as aforesaid shall be liable to pay the fare from

Passenger tickets to be given up on demand. the place whence the train originally started, unless he can prove that he has travelled a less distance only, in which case he shall be liable to pay the fare only from the place whence he has travelled.

Fare to be accepted conditionally.

9 The fare paid for the conveyance of passengers shall be deemed to be accepted only upon condition that there be room in the train. In case there shall not be room for all the passengers, those passengers who shall have obtained tickets for the longest distance shall have the preference, and those who shall have obtained tickets for the same distance shall have the preference according to class and to the order in which they shall have received their tickets, provided that all officers and troops of His Majesty on duty, and other persons travelling on the business of Government, shall be entitled to be conveyed on the railway in preference to, or in priority over, the public, without reference to the distance for which, or the order in which, they shall have received their tickets.

Penalty for certain offences.

10 Any person who shall travel or attempt to travel upon the railway without having previously paid his fare, or with a ticket out of date, or ride in or upon a carriage of a higher class than that for which he shall have paid his fare, or continue his journey in or upon any carriage beyond the station for which he shall have paid his fare, without having previously either paid the fare for the additional distance, or obtained the sanction of the station master or guard of the train, or who shall knowingly and wilfully refuse or neglect, on arriving at the station to which he shall have paid his fare, to quit the train and the railway premises, or who shall transfer the return half of any ticket obtained by him, or who shall in any manner whatever attempt to evade the payment of his fare, shall be guilty of an offence, and liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees for each such offence.

Enforcing payment of fare by passenger not producing ticket.

11 If any passenger shall fail to pay on demand any sum due for fares not prepaid, or for excess fares for over-riding, or riding with a ticket out of date, or in a higher class of carriage than that for which he shall have paid his fare, or for the occupation of sleeping berths, or any other special accommodation provided for the use of passengers, it shall be lawful for the General Manager to detain all or any part of such passenger's luggage until the claim be satisfied, or, if the same shall have been removed from the premises appertaining to the railway, any other property of such passenger which shall then be on the railway premises or shall thereafter come into such Manager's possession; and, after reasonable notice to such passenger, to sell by public auction so much of such property as such Manager shall think fit, and out of the proceeds realized by such sale to retain any sum due as aforesaid, and all charges and expenses of such detention and sale, and to return the balance, if any, of the money arising by such sale and such of the property as shall remain unsold to the passenger entitled thereto, or the General Manager may recover any such sum by action at law.

Penalty for false certificate.

12 Every person who shall give a false or untrue certificate as to coolies forming gangs, with intent to defraud or to entitle them to the low rate of fare allowed to gangs of coolies by the schedule X., shall be guilty of an offence, and liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.

Fine for entering carriage in motion or riding on the steps. 13 Any passenger who shall get into or upon, or attempt to get into or upon, or shall quit or attempt to quit any carriage upon the railway, while such carriage is in motion; or who shall ride or attempt to ride upon the railway on the steps or any other part of a carriage, except on those parts which are intended for the accommodation of passengers, shall be guilty of an offence, and liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees for each such offence.

Smoking, &c., and chewing of betel prohibited.

14 If any person shall smoke, or shall chew betel, bhang, tobacco, opium, or other like substance, to the annoyance of any other person, passenger, or official; or shall commit a nuisance by expectorating either on the premises or in or upon any of the carriages belonging to the railway, except in places which may be specially provided for the purpose, or shall deface or injure by smearing with chunam any railway building, carriage, or other property, he shall be guilty of an offence, and liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees for each such offence; and if any person persist in infringing this regulation after being warned to desist by any of the railway officials or passengers, such person, in addition to incurring the liability above-mentioned, may be removed by any such official from any such carriage and from the premises appertaining to the railway, and shall forfeit his fare.

Persons afflicted with smallpox, &c., not allowed to travel. 15 If any person afflicted with smallpox or other contagious disease shall travel by the railway, he shall be guilty of an offence, and liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees; and if any person whilst travelling be discovered to be so afflicted, it shall be lawful for any railway official to remove him from the carriage and from the railway premises at the first opportunity.

Penalty for intoxication or nuisance.

16 Any person who shall be in a state of intoxication, or be insufficiently or indecently clad, or who shall commit any nuisance or act of indecency in any railway carriage, or upon any part of the premises appertaining to the railway, or who shall wilfully and without lawful excuse interfere with the comfort of any passenger on the railway, shall be guilty of an offence, and liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, or to imprisonment of either description, for any term not exceeding three months, or to both; and, in addition to such liability, the offender may be removed by any of the railway officials from any such carriage, and also from the premises appertaining to the railway, and shall forfeit his fare.

Penalty for entering private room or carriage. 17 If any special carriage or portion of a carriage or any private room or apartment shall be provided for the exclusive use of females, any male person who, without lawful excuse, shall enter such carriage, or portion of a carriage, or any such room or apartment, knowing the same to be exclusively appropriated as aforesaid, or shall remain therein after having been informed of its exclusive appropriation, or if any passenger shall knowingly and wilfully enter or refuse or neglect to leave reserved carriages or compartments, or shall enter and refuse to leave rooms or places or seats set apart for passengers of higher classes, he shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, and may be removed therefrom, and also from the premises appertaining to the railway, by any of the railway officials, and shall forfeit his fare.

Fine for riding on engine, tender, or luggage van. 18 Any person other than the engineman and fireman and assistant fireman, if any, who, without the special leave of the General Manager or Locomotive Engineer, shall ride or attempt to ride upon any locomotive engine or tender upon the railway; and any person other than the guard or brakesman who, without special permission of the General Manager or Traffic Superintendent, shall ride or attempt to ride upon the railway in or upon any luggage van or goods van or other vehicle not appropriated to the carriage of passengers, shall be guilty of an offence, and liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees for each offence.

Liability for goods lost, destroyed, or injured. 19 (a) The Government shall in no case be liable for loss or injury to any goods, parcels, passengers' luggage, or any other article carried by the railway, unless such loss or injury shall have been caused by negligence or misconduct on the part of their agents or servants, and unless the articles or goods in respect of which compensation is claimed shall have been clearly and legibly addressed and booked

and paid for or labelled and loaded in conformity with this Ordinance, or the rules and regulations in that behalf provided.

- (b) The liability of the Government shall not extend beyond the actual value at the time and place of despatch of any goods, parcels, passengers' luggage, or other article in respect to which compensation is claimed.
- (c) The onus of proof of the value of any article or thing in respect to which compensation is claimed shall lie with the claimant.

Goods accepted conditionally.

20 The Government shall not be bound to despatch by the first or any specified train any goods, parcels, passengers' luggage, bicycles, live stock, horses, carriages, or any other article or thing tendered for conveyance, but freight shall be deemed to be accepted only upon condition that there is room in the train and suitable space or vehicle available, and sufficient time and opportunity for loading, invoicing, and all other matters and works necessary to and connected with the despatch thereof.

Carriage of goods of a dangerous nature.

21 No person shall carry upon the railway any dangerous article, or be entitled to require any railway official to carry upon the railway any article which, in the judgment of any of the railway officials, shall be of a dangerous nature, or which it would be unsafe for the railway to convey, and if any person shall carry upon the railway any dangerous article, or shall deliver to such railway official any such article for the purpose of being carried upon the railway, without distinctly marking their nature on theoutside of the package containing the same, and likewise giving notice in writing of the nature thereof to the station master or other principal railway official to whom the same shall be delivered for the purpose of being so carried, he shall be guilty of an offence, and liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees for every such offence, and it shall be lawful for the railway officials to refuse to carry any goods, luggage, or parcel that they may suspect to contain articles of a dangerous nature, and to require the same to be opened to ascertain the fact previously to carrying the same; and in case any such goods, luggage, or parcel shall be received by the railway, officials for the purpose of being carried on the railway, it shall be lawful for any railway official to stop the transit thereof until he shall be satisfied as to the nature of the contents of the goods luggage or parcel.

Written account ofgoods to be given on demand. 22 The consignor, owner, or person having the care of any goods, package, or parcel which shall have been carried upon the railway, or shall be brought to the premises appertaining to the railway for the purpose of being carried on the railway, shall, on demand by any railway official, deliver to such official an exact account in writing signed by him of the number, quantity, value, and description of such goods.

Penalty for giving no account, or false account. 23 If any such owner or person as aforesaid shall, on demand by any such railway official as aforesaid, fail to give such account to such railway official, or if he shall wilfully give a false account thereof, he shall be guilty of an offence, and for every such offence be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees for every ton of goods, and to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees for any quantity of goods less than a ton.

Remedy for nonpayment of the fare for carriage of goods. 24 If any person shall fail to pay on demand any sum due for the conveyance of any live stock, goods, horses, carriages, or parcels, it shall be lawful for the General Manager to detain all or any part of such property, or, if the same shall have been removed from the premises appertaining to the railway, any other property of such person which shall then be on such premises, or shall thereafter come into the possession of such manager; and, after reasonable notice to such person, to sell by public auction so much of such property as such manager shall think fit, and out of the proceeds realized by such sale to retain any sum due as

aforesaid, and all charges and expenses of such detention and sale, and to return the balance, if any, of the money arising by such sale and such of the property as shall remain unsold to the said person entitled thereto, or the General Manager may recover any such sum by action at law.

Penalty for removing stakes, or pegs, or defacing marks. 25 Any person who shall remove any stakes, or pegs, or other marks placed by any railway official or by any surveyor or his servants along the line of any railway already constructed, or any other line which may be hereafter undertaken with the sanction of the Government, or contiguous thereto, for the purpose of setting out, tracing, or showing such line, shall be guilty of an offence, and liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.

Penalty for injury to carriage, &c.

- 26 (a) Any person who shall wilfully or negligently damage or injure any carriage, engine, wagon, truck, station, warehouse, bridge, tunnel, culvert, building, machine, rail points, or any other matter or thing belonging to the railway, or who shall remove sand or stone or earth or any other matter or thing from banks, bridges, culverts, retaining walls, or permanent way within railway limits, shall be guilty of an offence, and be liable to corporal punishment not exceeding fifty lashes, or fine not exceeding one thousand rupees, or imprisonment of either description for any period not exceeding twenty years, or to any two or more of these punishments.
- (b) Any person who shall tie up the wires of wire fencing, break down or destroy any fencing or hedges, or do or cause to be done any act that shall damage or be likely to damage any fence or hedge appertaining to the railway, or shall fell timber in the proximity of the railway in a manner likely to endanger the safety of passing trains or of any person in or upon such trains, or to cause damage to the permanent way, shall be guilty of an offence, and be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.
- (c) Any person who shall wilfully divert any stream or drain, or by any means cause water to flow on to the railway, or cause damage to the railway in any way by water, shall be guilty of an offence, and be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees.
- (d) Any person who having any contract for the supply of bricks, ballast, timber, fuel, or any other material to the railway, or being employed in connection with the supply to the railway of such material, shall negligently place or stack, the said material in an unsafe or careless manner, or at less than the prescribed distance from the rails, so that the safety of passing trains or of any person in or upon such trains shall be endangered, shall be guilty of an offence, and be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees; and any person who shall throwor cause to be thrown, either by hand or otherwise, any tree or fuel upon the line in such a manner as to cause damage to the permanent way shall be liable to a fine of fifty rupees for every such offence, and shall be chargeable with the cost of the repairs consequent thereon.

Penalty for removing documents or notices. 27 Any person who shall remove, deface, or in any way injure any document exhibited by the railway authorities as required by section 6, or any notice, document, or advertisement posted by them at the station or anywhere upon the railway, shall be guilty of an offence, and be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, or to imprisonment of either description for a period not exceeding three months.

Obstructing engine or carriages, or endangering safety of passengers. 28 If any person shall wilfully and maliciously put, place, cast, or throw upon or across the railway any wood, stone, or matter or thing, or shall wilfully and maliciously take up, remove, or displace any signal wire, pulley, or stake, or any number, plate, milepost, gradient post, rail, sleeper, or matter or thing belonging to the railway, or shall wilfully and maliciously turn, move, or divert any points or other machinery belonging to the railway, or shall wilfully and maliciously make or show, hide, remove, alter, or imitate

any signal or light upon or near the railway, or shall wilfully or maliciously do or cause to be done any other matter or thing with intent, in any of the cases aforesaid, to upset, obstruct, overthrow, injure or destroy any engine, tender, carriage or truck used upon the railway, or to endanger the safety of any persons travelling or being upon the railway, or cast, or throw, or cause to fall or strike against, into, or upon any engine, tender, carriage, or truck used upon the railway, any wood, stone, or other matter or thing, with intent to endanger the safety of any person being in or upon such engine, tender, carriage, or truck, every such offender shall be guilty of an offence, and be liable to corporal punishment not exceeding fifty lashes, or fine not exceeding one thousand rupees, or imprisonment of either description for any period not exceeding twenty years, or to any two or more of these punishments.

Penalty for an act not wilful.

29 If any person shall rashly or negligently and without lawful excuse do any act which shall be likely to endanger his own safety or that of any person travelling or being upon the railway, he shall be guilty of an offence, and liable to imprisonment of either description for a term not exceeding six months, or to fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, or to both.

Penalty for drunkenness or breach of duty by railway officials. 30 Any railway official who shall be in a state of intoxication whilst actually employed upon the railway, or any of the works connected therewith, in the discharge of any duty, and any railway official who negligently shall omit to perform his duty, or shall perform the same in an improper manner, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees; and if the duty in any of the cases in this section above mentioned be such that the omission or negligent performance thereof would be likely to endanger the safety of any person travelling or being upon the railway, such official shall be guilty of an offence, and liable to imprisonment of either description for a term not exceeding one year, or to fine not exceeding two hundred rupees, or to both.

Penalty for wilful act or omission endangering a passenger. 31 Whoever shall wilfully do any act, or shall wilfully omit to do what he is legally bound to do, intending by such act or omission to cause, or knowing that he is thereby likely to cause, the safety of any person travelling or being upon the railway to be endangered, shall be guilty of an offence, and liable to corporal punishment not exceeding twenty lashes, or fine not exceeding two hundred rupees, or to imprisonment of either description for any term not exceeding seven years, or to any two or more of those punishments.

Breach of rules.

32 If any person shall wilfully do any act contrary to the provisions of the rules sanctioned by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, as already provided, or wilfully omit to do any act thereby prescribed, he shall be guilty of an offence, and liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees.

Penalty for trespass.

33 Any person who shall trespass upon the railway, or upon any of the lands, stations, or other premises appertaining to the railway, shall be guilty of an offence, and liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees; and if any such person shall refuse to leave the railway or premises on being requested to do so by any railway official or by any other person on behalf of a railway official, he shall be guilty of an offence, and liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and may be immediately removed from the railway or premises by such railway official or other person as aforesaid.

Precaution if the railway cross road.

34 If the railway cross any public carriage road on a level, at a place not declared to be a "minor crossing" or an "occupation crossing" as hereinafter provided, the General Manager shall, before the line is opened for traffic, cause to be erected and afterwards maintained good and efficient gates closing across the railway, and such gates shall be kept closed, except when engines or vehicles passing along the railway shall have occasion to cross the road, and shall be of such

Proviso.

dimensions, and so constructed as when opened to fence off the railway from the road and prevent persons, cattle, or carriages from crossing the railway line. Provided that it shall be lawful for the Governor in any case to order that the gates shall close instead of across the railway across the road, and in such case the gates shall be erected, maintained, and closed accordingly.

If the General Manager shall wilfully fail to comply with the provisions of this section, he shall be guilty of an offence, and liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees for each offence; and any police magistrate may, in case any such gates be not erected or maintained, order the General Manager to cause the same to be erected and maintained within a time to be specified in the order; and in case of wilful failure on his part to comply with such order, he shall be guilty of an offence, and liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees for every day that he shall wilfully fail so to do.

Minor crossings.

- 35 (1) It shall be lawful for the Governor from time to time to declare by Proclamation any road or path which the railway may cross to be a "minor crossing," and such Proclamation to alter, vary, or repeal. The gates of minor crossings shall close across the road and not across the railway, and shall be kept locked by means of padlocks, the keys of which shall be kept by a person authorized thereunto by the General Manager of the Railway.
- (2) Any person desiring to use the same shall give such notice of his intention to do so to such authorized person, as will allow of arrangements being made for the opening of the gates with safety to the public.
- (3) The General Manager shall provide such authorized person with a copy of the current time table applicable to the district in which such minor crossing shall be situated for his guidance as to the time at which such crossing gates may be opened, but the person authorized shall always satisfy himself before opening such gate that no train, special or ordinary, is within sight or hearing.
- (4) Cattle passing over a minor crossing in respect of which no dispensation has been granted by His Excellency the Governor under the provisions of, shall not be driven but led by a suitable and properly secured halter.
- (5) Any person using or attempting to use a minor crossing in respect of which no dispensation has been granted by His Excellency the Governor under the provisions of without such notice as aforesaid, and any person causing cattle to cross without such halter as aforesaid, shall be guilty of an offence, and liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, or to imprisonment of either description for a period not exceeding three months.
- (6) Any person authorized by the General Manager to keep the keys of any minor crossing who fails to keep the gates closed across the road and securely locked with padlocks, except at such times as the gates may require to be opened for the passage of vehicles or animals across the railway, shall be guilty of an offence, and liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees for every such offence.
- (7) And it shall be the duty of the General Manager to provide and maintain at all minor crossings in respect of which no dispensation has been granted by His Excellency the Governor under the provisions of separate gates or styles of convenient dimensions and pattern for the use of foot passengers crossing the railway.

Occupation crossings.

36 (1) "Occupation crossings" are crossings provided and maintained for the sole use of private owners whose roads may at the time of the construction of any railway be intersected by such railway. The gates of such occupation crossings shall close across the road and not across the railway, and shall be kept closed and locked except at such times as with due and proper precaution they may be opened for the passage of cattle or vehicles, and the keys shall be

retained in the custody of the person for whom such occupation crossing is provided.

- (2) The person for whom any such occupation crossing is provided shall be bound to keep the gates closed across the road at all times of the day and night, except when with due and proper precaution they are opened for the passage of any person, animal, or vehicle, and if the person for whom any such occupation crossing is provided shall leave open any such occupation crossing gate he shall be guilty of an offence, and liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.
- (3) The Government shall not be responsible for any loss or damage arising from the use of any such crossing.
- (4) The General Manager shall provide and maintain crossing gate and the adjacent fences, together with the approaches thereto within the railway boundaries in good and proper order.
- .(5) Occupation crossings may be sanctioned and opened upon any existing line at the discretion of and upon conditions imposed by the General Manager, the first cost of construction and an annual rent for maintenance being payable by the person for whom such crossing may be constructed.
- (6) All crossings which at the time of the publication of this Ordinance shall be deemed and proclaimed to be occupation crossings shall, upon due and proper notice being given to the occupier thereof, become subject to the conditions provided by this Ordinance for the regulation and conduct of occupation crossings.
- (7) It shall be at all times within the power and discretion of the General Manager to close any occupation crossing; or, in the event of the neglect of the owner or occupier to comply with the conditions imposed, to appoint and maintain at such crossing an officer of the railway at the expense of the owner or occupier, and such expense shall be payable in addition to any other sums recoverable under this Ordinance.

37 (1) Any person who shall wilfully ride, lead, or drive upon or across the railway any animal (except in directly crossing the railway at a road or place appointed for that purpose and at a time at which he shall be lawfully authorized so to do) shall be guilty of an offence, and liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees for each offence.

(2) And any person who shall open any gate or pass, or attempt to pass, or drive or attempt to drive any cattle, carriage, or other animal or thing across the railway at a time when any engine or train approaching along the same shall be within sight or hearing, or when it shall be due, or who shall forcibly open any gate which has been closed across, the road by any authorized gateman or person in charge of such gates, or who shall in any way impede or interfere with any such gateman or person while in the execution of his duty, shall be guilty of an offence, and liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred runees.

not exceeding one hundred rupees.

38 In the construction to be placed upon this Ordinance, every railway official shall be deemed to be legally bound to do everything necessary for, or conducive to, the safety of the public, which he shall be required to do by this Ordinance, or by any rule which shall be made by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, and of which rule such official shall have had notice; and every such official shall be deemed to be legally prohibited from doing every

act which shall be likely to cause danger.

39 Every person who shall commit any offence mentioned in this Ordinance may be lawfully apprehended, without any warrant or written authority, by any railway official, or by any other person whom such railway official shall call to his aid, or by any police officer, anything in "The Criminal Procedure Code, 1898," to the contrary notwithstanding; and every person so apprehended shall, with all convenient despatch, be taken before a police magistrate to be dealt with according to law.

Penalty for driving an animal upon or across the railway.

Penalty for opening gates.

Rules for the construction of the Ordinance.

Apprehension of offenders.

Jurisdiction of magistrates.

40 For the purposes of this Ordinance the police magistrates of Colombo, Kandy, Matale, Gampola, Nuwara Eliya, Hatton, Badulla, Haldummulla, Panadure, Kalutara, Balapitiya, Galle, Matara, and also any other police magistrate who may hereafter be specially authorized thereto by Proclamation issued by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, shall each have jurisdiction over all offences, acts, matters, and things cognizable by police courts, although such magistrates may otherwise have no jurisdiction in the place where the offence was committed, or where the act, matter, or thing took place.

ises may be ied before lice courts, ough herwise out their risdiction.

41 And whereas the punishments assigned to certain offences under this Ordinance are beyond the jurisdiction of police courts, but it would be frequently more advantageous that such offences should be brought for trial before such courts in order that the punishment of offenders may be more prompt, even though it should be less severe: It is therefore enacted that in case of any person committing an offence under this Ordinance, which would not otherwise be cognizable by a police court by reason of the punishment to which the same is subject, and a certificate shall be presented to any police court signed by the Attorney-General to the effect that such offence or act may be prosecuted before such court, it shall be competent to such court to take cognizance of such offence or act, and to award in respect thereof so much of the punishment assigned thereto as police courts are empowered by law to award.

Punishment of children for breach of Ordinance. 42 And whereas many of the offences declared punishable by this Ordinance may be committed by children whom it would not be expedient to punish in manner herein provided: It is therefore enacted that it shall be competent to any police magistrate before whom any person under the age of sixteen years shall be convicted of an offence to order the moderate chastisement of such person instead of subjecting him to the punishment prescribed by this Ordinance, and such chastisement shall be inflicted immediately if the magistrate shall so direct.

A copy and translation of Ordinance to be shown at railway stations. 43 A copy of this Ordinance and of the rules, time tables, and tariff of charges, which shall from time to time be duly made and published, shall be exhibited in some conspicuous place at each station of the railway, so that they may be easily seen and read; and all such documents shall be so exhibited in English and in the vernacular languages of the district in which the station is situated, and in such other language, if any, as shall be required by order of the Governor; but the non-exhibition of this Ordinance, or the rules, or the time tables, or the tariff of charges at any station either in English or in the vernacular shall not invalidate the provisions of this Ordinance, nor the rules and tariff or other such order made by the Governor in Executive Council.

Rebate to be granted on freight. 44 It shall be lawful for the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, to grant to any company or person conveying by railway goods the freight on which shall exceed an average amount to be fixed from time to time by the Governor, with the advice aforesaid, such rebate as to him shall appear reasonable.

SCHEDULE X.

· Rate of Railway Fares.

Passengers.

1st class, not exceeding 17 cents per mile. 2nd class, not exceeding 8 cents per mile 3rd class, not exceeding 3 cents per mile.

Detachments of pioneers of any nationality, or gangs of coolies of not less than 6 in number, each pioneer or cooly $1\frac{1}{24}$ cent per mile. Provided that no detachment or gang shall be conveyed at the rate

aforesaid unless upon the production of a certificate on the authorized form from the importer of such coolies, or from the manager of the estate or work from or to which they are going, that such pioneer or coolies have been employed, or are about to be employed, on the said estate or work. Children of pioneers or coolies in gangs to be charged as adults. The minimum fare of pioneers and coolies' gangs shall be twenty-five cents each.

Reductions to be made for children and for return or periodical tickets. The right of reduction in the case of children must be determinable either by age or height, as shall from time to time be

provided for by the rules.

Special trains or reserved accommodation shall be charged for at special rates.

Goods.

1st class from 24 cents to 59 cents per ton per mile. 2nd class from 16 cents to 44 cents per ton per mile. 3rd class from 121 cents to 25 cents per ton per mile.
4th class from 10 cents to 20 cents per ton per mile.
5th class from 8 cents to 16 cents per ton per mile.
6th class from 4 cents to 16 cents per ton per mile.

Special rates to be charged for live stock, corpses, specie, plate, carriages, and for articles exceeding 3 tons in weight or measuring more tham 200 cubic feet in bulk, or 14 feet in length, and gunpowder, kerosine oil and other volatile oils, vitriol, lucifer matches, and other articles which, in the judgment of any of the railway officials, may be of a dangerous nature.

As respects goods, the fractional part of half a hundredweight

shall be reckoned as half a hundredweight.

Articles not herein enumerated to be charged according to any of the above classes, or at special rates, according to the provisions to be made from time to time in the rules and regulations.

The minimum distance on which a mileage charge shall be made is

Goods of the 6th class in quantities less than 4 tons to be charged as 4 tons, or at 3rd class rate on actual weight, whichever is lower. The minimum charge for a consignment of goods is 25 cents.

Demurrage on Wagons.—(a) All wagons loaded with bulky articles, &c., which are not unloaded within twenty-four hours after their arrival at the station of delivery, will be liable to a demurrage charge of Pa. A per each four wheel wagon per diem are districted. of Rs. 4 per each four-wheel wagon per diem, exclusive of Sundays (see special condition 44 (c) re demurrage on account of dangerous articles).

(b) Wagons loaded with sixth class goods will not be unloaded until the consignee has supplied a cart or other conveyance into which the goods can be at once transferred, and if delivery is not taken within the prescribed time, the demurrage charge of Rs. 4 per four-wheel truck per diem (exclusive of Sundays) will be made instead of a charge for warehouse rent, as the Government do not supply warehouse accommodation for goods in the sixth class.

(c) The Government, however, reserve to themselves the right of unloading trucks at any time after the expiration of the twenty-four hours at the expense of the consignees, and in every such case ware-honse rent or wharfage will be charged.

Definition of Classes.

CLASS 1 .- Acids, gunpowder and other dangerous articles, pianos

or other musical instruments, and plate glass.

CLASS 2.—Furniture, wine or other liquors in bottle, groceries, oilmanstores, millinery, textile fabrics, glassware, crockery, and unpacked machinery.

CLASS 3.—Rice, grain of all kinds in bags or packages or in bulk, oil, wine, or other liquor in casks; jute, horns, jaggery, sugar, cinnamon, plants, seed, refined salt or saltpetre, bales of cotton, unmanufactured cordage, machinery packed in cases, manufactured metals, coir matting, castings, soap, hardware, tools, and agricultural implements.

CLASS 4.—Tea, coffee, cacao, cocoanut palm produce, country-grown

grain, fibre, and timber wrought.

CLASS 5.—Fruit, vegetables and unwrought timber.

CLASS 6.—Coke, coal, minerals, bricks, lime, tiles and stone, unworked metals, manure, and firewood.

As respects passengers and goods, the fractional part of a cent will be charged as a cent, and the fractional part of a mile will be charged as a mile.

By His Excellency's command,

R. W. IEVERS, Acting Colonial Secretary.

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Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, December 13, 1901.

MINUTE.

The following Draft of a proposed Ordinance is published for general information:—

An Ordinance to amend "The Vehicles Ordinance, 1901."

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Ordinance No. 9 of 1901 in the manner hereinafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by the Governor of Ceylon, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:

To be read as one with Ordinance No. 9 of 1901.

1 This Ordinance and the Ordinance No. 9 of 1901 hereinafter referred to as "the principal Ordinance" shall be read and construed as one Ordinance.

Amendment of section 8.

2 To section 8 of the principal Ordinance there shall be added the following proviso:—

Proviso.

Provided that if any license already granted shall extend to and include any portion of the time for which a license may be granted for the first year after this Ordinance shall come into operation, a proportionate reduction in the stamp duty may be made in the license for such first year.

Amendment of section 19.

3 After section 19 of the principal Ordinance the following section shall be inserted and numbered 19A, namely:

Rates and fares in respect of tramways constructed under agreement with Municipal Council of Colombo to be regulated by that agreement.

The rates and fares to be charged for carrying passengers and goods on the cars and carriages running on the tramway or tramways constructed or to be constructed in pursuance of the agreement entered into on the twenty-sixth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six, between the Municipal Council of Colombo of the one part and Messieurs Boustead Brothers of the other part shall continue to be fixed in manner provided by clause 21 of the said agreement, and not by the by-laws made under the last preceding section.

By His Excellency's command,
R. W. IEVERS,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

Colombo, December 13, 1901,

NOTICES IN TESTAMENTARY ACTIONS.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary
Jurisdiction.
No. C 1,586.
In the Matter of the Estate of the late Edwin Perera, deceased, of Kollupitiya.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before D. F. Browne, Esq., District Judge of Colombo, on the 3rd day of December, 1901, in the presence of Mr. J. A. Perera, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Bolanage Cornelis Perera of Kollupitiya; and the affidavit of the said petitioner, dated 22nd November, 1901, having been read:

It is ordered that the petitioner aforesaid be declared entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of Edwin Perera, deceased, be issued to him, as father and only heir of the said deceased, unless any person interested shall, on or before the 9th day of January, 1902, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

D. F. Browne, District Judge. In the District Court of Colombo.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary
Jurisdiction.
No. C 1,587.

In the Matter of the Estate of the late
Wickremage Hendrick Perera, deceased, of Kollupitiya.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before D. F. Browne, Esq., District Judge of Colombo, on the 3rd day of December, 1901, in the presence of Mr. J. A. Perera, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Wickremege Simon Perera of Dean's road, Colombo; and the affidavit of the said petitioner, dated 22nd November, 1901, having been read:

It is ordered that the petitioner aforestid be declared entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of Wickremege Hendrick Perera issued to him, as grandson of the said deceased, unless the respondents—(1) Wickremege Carolis Perera of Kollupitiya, (2) Wickremege William Perera of Dean's road in Colombo, (3) Wickremege Emily Perera of Nedimala in Palle pattu of Salpiti korale, (4) Bolanage Cornelis Perera of Kollupitiya, (5) Amarasinghegey Pomonis Silva, (6) Amarasinghegey Albert Silva, (7) Amarasinghegey Caroline

The 3rd day of December, 1901.

Silva, all of Kotuwegoda in Palle pattu of Hewagam korale—shall, on or before the 9th day of January, 1902, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

D. F. Browne, District Judge.

The 3rd day of December, 1901.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary Jurisdiction. No. C 1,588. In the Matter of the Estate of the late Wickremage Isabella Perera, deceased, of Kollupitiya, Colombo.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before D. F. Browne, Esq., District Judge of Colombo, on the 3rd day of December, 1901, in the presence of Mr. J. A. Perera, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Bolanage Cornelis Perera of Kollupitiya; and the affidavit of the said petitioner, dated 22nd November, 1901, having been read:

It is ordered that the petitioner aforesaid be declared entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the deceased Wickremage Isabella Perera, as husband of the said deceased, unless the respondents—(1) Amerasinghagey Pomonis Silva, (2) Amarasinghagey Albert Silva, (3) Amarasinghagey Caroline Silva, all of Kotuwegoda in Palle pattu of Hewagam korale—shall, on or before the 9th day of January, 1902, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

D. F. BROWNE, District Judge.

The 3rd day of December, 1901.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary
Jurisdiction.
No. C 1,589.

In the Matter of the Estate of the late
Katherine Silva née Perera, deceased,
of Kollupitiya, Colombo.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before D. F. Browne, Esq., District Judge of Colombo, on the 3rd day of December, 1901, in the presence of Mr. J. A. Perera, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Bolanage Cornelis Perera of Kollupitiya; and the affidavit of the said petitioner, dated 22nd November, 1901, having been read:

It is ordered that the petitioner aforesaid be declared entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the deceased Katherine Silva née Perera issued to him, as father of the said deceased, unless the respondents (1) Amarasinghegey Pomonis Silva, (2) Amarasinghegey Albert Silva, (3) Amarasinghegey Caroline Silva, all of Kotuwegoda in Palle pattu of Hewagam korale—shall, on or before the 9th day of January, 1902, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

D. F. Browne, District Judge.

The 3rd day of December, 1901.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Order Nisi.

Testementary Jurisdiction. In the Matter of the Estate of the late Wiekremege Bastian Perera, deceased, of Kollupitiya.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before D. F. Browne, Esq., District Judge of Colombo, on the 3rd day of December, 1901, in the presence of Mr. J. A. Perera, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Wickremege Simon Perera of Dean's road in Colombo; and the affidavit of the said petitioner, dated 22nd November, 1901, having been read.

It is ordered that the petitioner aforesaid be declared entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the deceased Wickremege Bastian Perera issued to him, as eldest son of the said deceased, unless the respondents—(1) Don Manuelge Dona Selestina Perera alias Dona Selestina Hamine, (2) Wickremege William

Perera, both of Dean's road, Colombo, (3) Wickremege Emily Perera of Nedimala in Palle pattu of Salpiti korale—shall, on or before the 9th day of January, 1902, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

D. F. BROWNE, District Judge.

The 3rd day of December, 1901.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary
Jurisdiction
No. C 1,591.

In the Matter of the Estate of the late Elizabeth Charlotte Perera née Reynan, deceased, of Kollupitiya.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before D. F. Browne, Esq., District Judge of Colombo, on the 3rd day of December, 1901, in the presence of Mr. J. A. Perera, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Wickremege Simon Perera of Dean's road in Colombo; and the affidavit of the said petitioner, dated 22nd November, 1901, having been read:

It is ordered that the petitioner aforesaid be declared entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the deceased Elizabeth Charlotte Perera née Reynan issued to him, as grandson of the said deceased, unless the respondents—(1) Wickremage Carolis Perera of Kollupitiya, (2) Don Manuelge Dona Selestina Perera alias Dona Selestina, Hamine, (3) Wickremage William Perera, both of Dean's road, (4) Wickremage Emily Perera of Nedimala in Palle pattu of Salpiti korale, (5) Bolamage Cornelis Perera of Kollupitiya, (6) Amarasinghegey Pomonis Silva, (7) Amarasinhegey Albert Silva, (8) Amarasinhegey Caroline Silva, all of Kotuwegoda in Palle pattu of Hewagan korale—shall, on or before the 4th day of January, 1902, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

D. F. BROWNE,
The 3rd day of December, 1901. District Judge.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary
Jurisdiction.
No. C 1,592.

In the Matter of the Estate of Tillniampalam Suppramaniar, deceased, of Kwala Kansar in Perak, in the Federated Malay States.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before D. F. Browne Esq., District Judge of Colombo, on the 3rd day of December, 1901, in the presence of Mr. F. A. Tisseverasinghe, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Suppramaniar Emily Muttachy of Jaffina, presently of No. 93, Jampettah street, Colombo; and the affidavit of the said petitioner, dated 29th November, 1901, having been read:

It is ordered that the petitioner aforesaid be declared entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of Tillaiampalam Suppromaniar, deceased, issued to her, as widow of the said deceased, unless the respondents—
(1) Suppramaniar Sega Rajendram, (2) Suppramaniar Thurai Rajah, both of No. 93. Jampettah street, Colombo, by their guardian Suppramaniar Sangarapillai of Jampettah street, Colombo—shall, on or before the 16th day of January, 1902, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

D. F. BROWNE, District Judge.

The 3rd day of December, 1901.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary
Jurisdiction,
No. 1,595 C.

In the Matter of the Estate of the late Godwin Frederick Rajapakse, deceased, of Horton place; Colombo.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before D. F. Browne, Esq., District Judge of Colombo, on the 5th day of December, 1901, in the presence of Mr. W. P. Gunawardana, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner

William de Zoysa Gunatilleke Rajapakse of Colombo; and the affidavit of the said petitioner, dated 22nd November, 1901, having been read: It is ordered that the aforesaid be declared entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the deceased Godwin Frederick Rajapakse issued to him, as brother of the said deceased, unless the respondents—(1) Elizabeth de Abrew Abeysinghe of Kollupitiya; (2) Agnes de Zoysa Gunatilleke Rajapaksa, wife of (3) Adrian de Abrew Rajapaksa, both of Balapitiya; (4) Hendalina de Zoysa Gunetilleke Rajapaksa, wife of (5) Richard Mendis, both of Maradana; (6) Catherine de Zoysa Gunetilleke Rajapaksa; (7) Aloysius B. de Zoysa, both of Kochchikada; and (8) Elizabeth de Zoysa Gunetilleke Rajapakse of Kollupitiya—shall, on or before the 16th day of January, 1902, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

D. F. Browne, District Judge.

The 5th day of December, 1901.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Order Nisi declaring Will proved, &c.

Testamentary Jurisdiction. No. C 1,601. In the Matter of the Last Will and Testament of John Godfrid Alexander Perera, deceased, of Kotahena in Colombo.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before D. F. Browne, Esq., District Judge of Colombo, on the 11th day of December, 1901, in the presence of Mr. W. P. Ranesinghe, Proctor, on the part of the petitioners Adrian Cooray of Grandpass and James Henry Cooray of Cemetery road, Kotahena; and the affidavit of James Henry Cooray, dated 10th December, 1901, having been read:

It is ordered that the will of John Godfrid Alexander Perera, deceased, dated 8th March, 1897, and now deposited in this court, be and the same is hereby declared proved, unless any person interested shall, on or before the 16th day of January, 1902, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

It is further declared that the said petitioners are the executors named in the said will, and that they are entitled to have probate of the same issued to them accordingly, unless any person interested shall, on or before the 16th day of January, 1902, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

D. F. BROWNE, District Judge.

The 11th day of December, 1901.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Order Nisi declaring Will proved, &c.

Testamentary Jurisdiction. No. C 1,602. In the Matter of the Last Will and Testament of Mutukuttiyage Don Juanis Perera, deceased, of Mawittara in the Palle pattu of Salpiti korale.

HIS matter coming on for disposal before D. F. Browne, Esq., District Judge of Colombo, on the 11th day of December, 1901, in the presence of Mr. W. P. Ranesinghe, Proctor, on the part of the petitioners (1) Mutukuttige Daniel Perera of Halpita, (2) Kimmantudarallage Kumateris Perera of Mawitara, (3) Mapitiyage Hendrick Peries of Demaladuwa, all in the Palle pattu of Salpiti korale; and the affidavit of the said petitioners, dated 5th November, 1901, having been read:

It is ordered that the will of Mutukuttige Don Juanis Perera, deceased, dated 8th January, 1901, and now deposited in this court, be and the same is hereby declared proved, unless any person interested shall, on or

before the 16th day of January, 1902, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

It is further declared that the said petitioners are the executors named in the said will, and that they are entitled to have probate of the same issued to them accordingly, unless any person interested shall, on or before the 16th day of January, 1902, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

D. F. Browne, District Judge.

The 11th day of December, 1901.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary
Jurisdiction
No. 1,206.

In the Matter of the Estate of the late
Chinnapillai, daughter of Velappar
of Tunnalai north, deceased.

Sithemparanatar Kandiah Tampiran of Tunnalai north......Petitioner.

Vs.

Velauthar Arumugam;
 Velauthar Naranappillai;
 Valliar Kathirkamer and wife 4, Patqini;
 Venayakar Veerakattiar,
 all of Tunnalai north.......Respondents.

THIS matter of the petition of Sithemparanatar Kandiah Tampiran praying for letters of administration to the estate of the above-named deceased Chinnapillai, daughter of Velappar, coming on for disposal before W. R. B. Sanders, Esq., District Judge, on the 19th day of November, 1901, in the presence of Mr. Tambiah S. Cooke, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner; and affidavit of the petitioner, dated the 19th day of November, 1901, having been read: It is declared that the petitioner is one of the heirs of the said intestate, and is entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the said intestate issued to him, unless the respondents or any other person shall, on or before the 16th day of January, 1902, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

W. R. B. SANDERS, District Judge.

This 19th day of November, 1901.

In the District Court of Jaffna.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary
Jurisdiction.
No. 1,209.

In the Matter of the Estate of the late
Annappillai, wife of Velaiyatur Vallipuram of Mirusuvil, deceased.

Velaiyuthar Vallipuram of Mirusuvil......Petitioner.

THIS matter of the petition of Velaiyuthar Vallipuram of Mirisuvil praying for letters of administration to the estate of the above-named deceased Annappillai, wife of Velaiyatar Vallipuram, coming on for disposal before W. R. B. Sanders, Esq., District Judge, on the 4th day of December, 1901, in the presence of Messrs. Casippillai & Cathiravelu, Proctors on the part of petitioner; and affidavit of the petitioner, dated the 4th day of December, 19 1, having been read: It is declared that the petition er is the husband of the said intestate, and is entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the said intestate issued to him, unless the respondents or any other person shall, on or before the 23rd day of December, 1901, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

W. R. B. SANDERS, District Judge,

This 4th day of December, 1901.

In the District Court of Mullaittivu.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary
Jurisdiction.
No. 24.

In the Matter of the Estate of the late
S. Mudaliyar Kanapathippillai of
Maruthodai, deceased.

Valliammai, widow of Kanapathippillai of
Maruthodai...... Petitioner.

٧s.

THIS matter of the petition of the above-named petitioner praying for letters of administration to the estate of the above-named deceased S. Mudaliyar Kanapatippillai coming on for disposal before L. W. C. Schrader, Esq., District Judge, on the 7th day of December, 1901; and the affidavit of the petitioner, dated the 7th day of December, 1901, having been read: It is declared that the petitioner is the widow of the deceased, and as such is entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the said intestate issued to her, unless the respondents or any other person shall, on or before the 20th January, 1902, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

L. W. C. Schrader, District Judge.

This 7th day of December, 1901.

In the District Court of Batticaloa.

Order Nisi.

Testamentary
Jurisdiction.
No. 348.

In the Matter of the Estate of Kumarar Vannakku Kanapatipillai of Chettipalayam, deceased.

Kumarar Kandappen of Tetative...... Petitioner.

 \mathbf{And}

1, Kumarar Kattamutto of Tetative; 2, Kannapanikar Vyramutto of Chettipala-

Yam......Respondents.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before C. S. Vaughan, Esq., District Judge of Batticaloa, on this 26th day of November, 1901, in the presence of Mr. A. B. Canagasabey, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Kumarar Kandappen; and the affidavit of the said petitioner, dated 14th November, 1901, having been read:

It is ordered that the petitioner be declared entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the deceased Kumarar Vannakku Kanapatipillai issued to him, as brother of the deceased, unless the respondents shall, on or before the 31st December, 1901, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

C. S. VAUGHAN, District Judge.

This 26th November, 1901.

In the District Court of Ratnapura.

Testamentary Jurisdiction. No. 493. In the Matter of the Estate of William Walter Ellawala Ekanayake Rajapakse Basnaike Mudianse, late of Ratnapura, deceased.

THIS matter coming on for disposal before P. E. Pieris, Esq., District Judge, on the 22nd day of November, 1901, in the presence of Mr. D. J. Jayetileke, Proctor, on the part of the petitioner Nora Ellawala Ellapala Kumarihami; and the affidavit of the said petitioner, dated the 7th day of November, 1901, having been read: It is ordered that the petitioner be declared entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the deceased William Walter Ellawala Ekanayake Rajapakse Mudianse aforesaid issued to her, as widow of the said deceased, unless the respondents—1. Jane Dorathy Ellawala Ekanayake Rajapakse; 2, Cyril William Ellawala Ekanayake Rajapakse; 3, Arthur Leonard Ellawala Ekanayake Rajapakse; 4, Richard Stephen Ellawala Ekanayake Rajapakse; 5, Lillian Ellawala Rajapakse; 6, George Herbert Ellawala Ekanayake Rajapakse, or any other person—shall, on or before the 13th (day of December, 1901, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

The 22nd November, 1901.

P. E. PIERIS, District Judge.

The date for showing cause against this Order Nisi is extended to the 31st December, 1901.

P. E Pieris, District Judge.

In the District Court of Kegalla.

Testamentary Jurisdiction.

No. 109.

Order Nisi.

In the Matter of the Intestate Estate of the late Keheli annala Ekenaike Mudiyanselage Punchirala, Korala of Hakurugammana.

Wijesundara Mudiyanselage Ran Menika;
 Ekenaike Mudiyanselage Kiri Banda;
 Ekenaike Mudiyanselage Punchi Appuhamy;
 Ekenaike Mudiyanselage Bandu Menika,

all of Talgaspitiya......Respondents.

HIS matter coming on for final disposal before Allan Beven, Esq., District Judge of Kegalla, on the 29th day of October, 1901, in the presence of Mr. J. R. Molligode on the part of the petitioner; and the affidavit of Ekenaike Mudiyanselage Punchi Banda, dated the 3rd day of October, 1901, having been read: It is ordered that the said petitioner be and he is hereby appointed administrator to the estate of the late Kehelpannala Ekenaike Mudiyanselage Punchirala, Korala of Hakurugammana, and declared entitled to have letters of administration to the estate of the aforesaid Punchirala Korala, unless the aforesaid respondents shall, on or before the 4th day of January, 1902, show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of this court to the contrary.

This 29th day of October, 1901.

ALLAN BEVEN, District Judge.

NOTICES OF INSOLVENCY.

In the District Court of Colombo.

No. 2,029.

In the matter of the insolvency of Wittachy Koralage Don Julian Fernando of Uyana.

OTICE is hereby given, that a meeting of the creditors of the above-named insolvent will take place at the sitting of this court on January 16, 1902, to consider the question of the grant of a certificate of conformity to the said insolvent.

By order of court,

GEO. VAN GUNSTER, Colombo, December 14, 1901. for Secretary. No. 2,037.

In the matter of the insolvency of J. Wickramanayake of Colombo.

OTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the creditors of the above-named insolvent will take place at the sitting of this court on January 16, 1902, to consider the question of the grant of a certificate of conformity to the said insolvent.

By order of court,

GEO. VAN GUNSTER, for Secretary,

Colombo, December 12, 1901.

No. 2,042. In the matter of the insolvency of Henry Albert Jansz of Colombo.

WHEREAS Henry Albert Jansz has filed a declara-VV tion of insolvency, and a petition for the sequestration of his estate under the Ordinance No. 7 of 1853: Notice is hereby given that the said court has adjudged the said Henry Albert Jansz insolvent accordingly, and that two public sittings of the court, to wit, on January 9 and 23, 1902, will take place for the said insolvent to surrender and conform to, agreeably to the provisions of the said Ordinance, and for the taking of the other steps set forth in the said Ordinance, of which creditors are hereby required to take notice.

By order of court,

GEO. VAN GUNSTER, for Secretary.

Colombo, December 12, 1901.

No. 2,044.

In the matter of the insolveney of M. M. M. Segu Usoof Lebbe Marikar of Colombo.

W HEREAS M. M. M. Segu Usoof Lebbe Marikar has filed a declaration of insolvency, and a pe ition for the sequestration of his estate under the Ordinance No. 7 of 1853: Notice is hereby given that the said court has adjudged the said Segu Osoof Lebbe Marikar insolvent accordingly, and that two public sittings of the court, to wit, on January 9 and 23, 1902, will take place for the said insolvent to surrender and conform to, agreeably to the provisions of the said Ordinance, and for the taking of the other steps set forth in the said Ordinance, of which creditors are hereby required to take notice.

> By order of court, GEO. VAN GUNSTER, for Secretary.

Colombo, December, 12, 1901.

In the District Court of Kandy.

No. 1.441. In the matter of the insolvency of Seena Ana Cader Meera Saibo of Colombo street, Kandy.

OTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the creditors of the above-named insolvent will take place at the sitting of this court on January 24, 1902, to consider the insolvent's application to have his adjudication of insolvency annulled.

By order of court,

Kandy, December 16, 1901.

A. SANTIAGO, Secretary. No. 1,444.

In the matter of K. Abdul Rahman, trader of Gampola.

WHEREAS K. Abdul Rahman, a trader of Gampola, has filed a declaration of insolvency, and a petition for the sequestration as insolvent of his own estate, under the Ordinance No. 7 of 1853, and it appears that he has been in actual custody within the walls of a prison for debt for more than 21 days: Notice is hereby given that the said court has adjudged him an insolvent accordingly, and that two public sittings of the court, to wit, on January 17 and 31, 1902, will take place for the insolvent to surrender and conform to, agreeably to the provisions of the said Ordinance, and for the taking of the other steps set forth in the said Ordinance, of which creditors are hereby required to take notice.

By order of court,

W. M. DE SILVA Acting Secretary.

Kandy, December 12, 1901.

No. 1.445.

In the matter of Thavararetty of Bogawatta, Kotagala.

HEREAS Thavararetty of Bogawatta, Kotagala, has filed a declaration of insolvency, and a petition for the sequestration as insolvent of his own estate, under the Ordinance No. 7 of 1853, and it appears that he has been in actual custody within the walls of a prison for debt for more than 21 days: Notice is hereby given that the said court has adjudged him an insolvent accordingly, and that two public sittings of the court, to wit, on January 17 and 31, 1902, will take place for the insolvent to surrender and conform to, agreeably to the provisions of the said Ordinance, and for the taking of the other steps set forth in the said Ordinance, of which creditors are hereby required to take notice.

By order of court,

W. M. DE SILVA, Acting Secretary.

Kandy, December 12, 1901.

In the District Court of Kegalla.

In the matter of the insolvency of No. 28. Palamandadige Andris Pieris of Ampe.

T is hereby notified that notice dated December 5, 1901, in re the above case, as to the dates of sittings is cancelled; and notice is hereby given that January 23, 1902, has been fixed as the date for second sittings in this case for the insolvent to surrender and conform to, agreeably to the provisions of the Ordinance No. 7 of 1853.

By order of court,

C. P. W. GUNASEKERA, Secretary.

Kegalla, December 12, 1901.

NOTICES OF FISCALS' SALES.

Western Province.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Kandayah Sinnayah Pulle of Sea street in Colombo......Plaintiff.

No. 13,601 C.

 ∇s .

Myloopulle Wytilingam of Chekku street

in Colombo....

O'l'ICE is hereby given that on Tuesday, January 21, 1902, commencing at 12 o'clock noon, will be sold by public auction at the respective premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendant the following property, for the recovery of the sum

of Rs. 4,212, with interest on Rs. 4,000 at 9 per cent. per ennum from June 14, 1900, until payment in full, and osts of suit, viz. :-

All that house and ground bearing assessment No. 50, situated at Chekku street, within the Municipality of Colombo; and bounded on the north east by the house of Ana Rodrigo, widow of Gabriel Gomes Muttu Pulle, on the south-east by Chekku street, on the south-west by the house of Sidambarampulle, and on the north-west by the house of Valauden Mudaliyar; containing in extent

2. All that house and ground bearing assessment No. 97, situated at Chekku street, within the Municipality of Colombo and bounded on the north by the house of $10\frac{4}{25}$ square perches more or less. of Colombo; and bounded on the north by the house of

T. Sammogam, on the south by the house of Nawasi-wayam Mudaliyar, on the east by Chekku street, and on the west by the property of the late C D. Soysa; contain-

ing in extent about 10 perches more or less.

3. All that part of the premises with the buildings standing thereon bearing assessment Nos. 30 and 30 A, situated at Gintupitiya street, within the Municipality of Colombo; and bounded on the north by the new road, on the east by the other part marked letter A, on the south by Gintupitiya street, and on the west by the other part; containing in extent 1 rood and 4½ square perches more or less.

4. All that house and ground bearing assessment. No. 3, situated at Brassfounder street, within the Municipality of Colombo; and bounded on the north by the house of Philippu Pulle, on the east by Brassfounder street, on the south by the house of Telanis Perera, and on the west by the house of Juan Rodrigo Sammogam

on the west by the house of Juan Rodrigo Sammogam Pulle; containing in extent 9 perches more or less.

5. All that premises bearing assessment No. 12, situated at Andival street, within the Municipality of Colombo; and bounded on the north by Andival street, on the east by the property of V. Sinna Tamby, on the south by the property of C. H. de Soyza, and on the west by the property of K. K. Sinnaih; containing in extent 8 perches more or less.

6 perches more or less.

6. All that house and ground now bearing assessment No. 14, situated at Brassfounder street, within the Municipality of Colombo; and bounded on the north by the house of Mr. C. Savapetty, on the east by Brassfounder street, on the south by the house of Anthony Cadiramen, and on the west by the house of the late Francisco Candappa and Lianagey Simon Peries Appuhami; containing in extent 3 square perches more or less.

Fiscal's Office, Colombo, December 18, 1901. E. ONDATJE, Deputy Fiscal.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Kadaya Sinnayah Pullai of Sea street in Colombo......Plaintiff.

No. C. 13,601.

Myloopulle Wytilingam of No. 98, Chekku street in Colombo......Defendant.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Tuesday, January 21, 1902, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendant in the following property, for the said defendant of Pa 4 818, with interest on for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 4,212, with interest on Rs. 4,000 at 9 per cent. per annum from June 14, 1900, till payment in full, and costs, viz.:—

All that house and premises bearing assessment No. 87, situated at Chekku street, Colombo; and bounded on the north by house No. 86 belonging to the estate of the late William Ondatje, Mudaliyar, on the east by the property of M. Wytalingam, on the south by the house No. 88 belonging to the south of the late Singaperers Mudaliyar belonging to the estate of the late Singanayaga Mudaliyar, and on the west by the Chekku street; containing in extent 20 perches more or less.

E. Ondatje Deputy Fiscal.

Fiscal's Office, Colombo, December 18, 1901.

In the District Court of Colombo. Vayna Ana Runa Arunaselem Chetty of Sea

No. 15,758. $\mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{s}}$. 1, Colenda Marikar Asena Marikkar of Old Moor street in Colombo; 2, Colenda Marikar Ahamadu Ally of New Moor street, Colombo.....Defendants.

OTICE is hereby given that on Wednesday, January 22, 1902, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the following property, specially mortgaged to the plaintiff by the defendants, and decreed to be sold by the decree entered in the above action, for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 51,316.96, with further interest on Rs. 49,169.89 at 15 per cent. per

annum from September 20, 1901, to October 18, 1901, and thereafter at 9 per cent. per annum till payment in full, and costs of action, viz. :-

All that house and ground bearing assessment No. 88, situated between Maliban street and Norris road in the Pettah of Colombo; bounded on the north by Maliban street, on the east by the house and ground of Susey Fernando, deceased, on the south by Norris road, and on the west by the house and ground of Salman Fernando; containing in extent 9.67 square perches according to the deed No. 1,704, dated May 27, 1899, and attested by J. J. de Fry, Notary Public.

That on Thursday, January 23, 1902, at 3.30 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises :-

All that lot marked No. 4 in the plan, dated September All that lot marked No. 4 in the plan, dated September 13, 1897, made by David Dewapuraratne, Licensed Surveyor, being a portion of the garden called Joernawatta, situated at Wellawatta, within the Municipality of Colombo, together with the buildings and plantations thereon; bounded on the north by the property belonging to the estate of the late Peace Officer of Dehiwala, on the east by lot No. 1 marked in the plan, on the south by the road marked A B in the said plan, 15 feet wide, and on the west by lot No. 7 in the plan; and containing in extent 2 roads 2·16 perches, according to the deed No. 3.918, dated September 7, 1898, attested by W. B. de Fry, Notary Public. Notary Public.

That on Friday, January 24, 1902, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises :-

All that house and ground formerly bearing assessment No. 39 and now No. 37, situated at Maliban street in the Pettah of Colombo; and bounded or reputed to be bounded on the north-east by the houses of Wickerman, Mr. C. Sanders, Gomis, Nallatamby, and Don Constantine, on the south-east by the Land street now called Maliban street, on the south-west by the house of Joan Dias, and on the north-west by the house of Mr. Wickerman; containing in extent 6.72 square perches more or less, according to the deed No. 3,673, dated December 15, 1898, attested by W. B. de Fry, Notary Public.

That on Saturday, January 25, 1902, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the

All that house and ground bearing assessment No. 61, Prince street, in the Pettah of Colombo; bounded on the north by Prince street, on the east by the house of Johannes Fabel, on the south by the house of Domingo Naide, and on the west by the house of Francina Fernando: containing in extent 6 13 square perches, according to the deed No. 3,622, dated November 4, 1898, attested by W. B. de Fry, Notary Public.

Fiscal's Office, Colombo, December 18, 1901. E. ONDATJE, Deputy Fiscal.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Aua Rawanna Mana Ana Moona Ana Arunasalam Chetty of Sea street in Colombo, now in India......Plaintiff ۷s. No. 15,930.

1, Sinna Marikar Neyna Marikar of Mosque lane, Wolfendhal street: 2, Saibo Dore Abdul Rahaman of Old Moor-street; 3, Kader Mohideen Abdul Raha-man of Mosque lane, Wolfendhal street; 4, Abdul Rasool Noordeen Hadjiar of Messenger street, Colombo, executors of the last will and testament of Sinne Lebbe Samsy Lebbe Marikar, deceased 5, Sinne Marikar Neyna Marikar of Wolfendhal street, administrator of the estate and effects of Pooatchy Umma, deceased......Defendants.

OTICE is hereby given that on Monday, January 20, 1902, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the following property,

decreed to be sold by the decree entered in the above action, for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 4,066.86, with interest at 9 per cent. per annum from November 2, 1901, until payment in full, and costs, viz .: -

All those two half parts of a land now forming one property with the buildings standing thereon, bearing assessment No. 50, Mosque, lane, Wolfendhal, within the Municipality of Colombo; and bounded on the north by the property of Mr. Armitage now of P. T. Sinne Lebbe, on the east by the property of Mr. Armitage now of P. T. Sinne Lebbe, on the south by Wolfendahl lane, and on the west by the property of Pootchy and garden of Sinne Labbe Cassim Tamby Notary now of S. L. Samsy Lebbe; containing in extent $9\frac{60}{100}$ square perches.

Fiscal's Office, Colombo, December 18, 1901. E. ONDATJE. Deputy Fiscal.

In the Court of Requests of Colombo.

II. Joseph de Silva of Hill street in Colombo.....Plaintiff. No. 18,152.

J. de S. Wije atna of No. 37, Grandpass, Colombo......Defendant.

OTICE is hereby given that on Monday, January 27, 1902, at 3 o'c ock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendant in the following property, for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 250, with interest thereon at 9 per cent. per annum from November 5, 1901, till payment in full, and costs Rs 29.25, viz:

An undivided 1 share of the land and of the buildings standing thereon, bearing as essment Nos. 195 and 196, si uated at Sea street within the gravets of Colombo, and bounded on the north by the land and buildings bearing assessment Nos. 193 and 194, on the east by Chekku street, on the south by the land and buildings bearing assessment No. 198, and on the west by Sea street; containing in extent about 8 square perches more or less.

Fiscal's Office. Colombo, December 18, 1901. E. ONDATJE Deputy Fiscal.

In the District Court of Colombo.

Moona Ana Lana Moona Muttu Carpen Chetty of Sea street in Colombo......Plaintiff. No. 14,577 C. $\mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{s}}$

1 Henadirage William Perera of Wekanda Slave Island, Colombo; 2, Liyanage David Perera of Pamankada......Defendants.

OTICE is hereby given that on January 30, 1902, commencing at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, will be sold by public auction at the respective premises the following property, for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 15,000, with interest at 18 per cent. per annum from February 14, 1901, to March 14, 1901, and thereafter at 9 per cent. per annum until payment in full, and the costs of this action, less Rs. 10,675 50, viz.:-

The undivided half part of the first defendant of and in all those six contiguous allotments of land situated in the village Talawatugoda in the Palle pattu of Hewagam

korale, and now forming one property, to wit :—
An undivided one half part or share of and from an allotment of land called Mullegahalanda Anduruwanegahakanatta, together with the buildings and plantations thereon, situated in the village Talawatugoda aforesaid; and bounded on the north by the road and land described in plan No. 118,903, on the north-east and east by land claimed by C. Juanis Segara, on the south by land claimed by M. Abeyhamy, on the south-west by land claimed by H. Don Nicholas and others, and on the west hy land claimed by H. Don Nicholas and others and H. Hendrick Perera and others; containing in extent about

9 acres 3 roods and 28 perches.
2. One undivided half part or share of and from all that allotment of land called Anduruwanegahalanda with the buildings and plantations thereon, situated in the village Talawatugoda aforesaid; bounded on the north by a road and on all other sides by land described in plan No. 118,898; containing in extent about 12 perches.

3. One undivided half part or share of and from all that allotment of land called Godellelanda, situated in the village Talawatugoda aforesaid; bounded on the west and north by land claimed by M. Juanis Segara, on the east by land claimed by M. Gabriel Peiris, on the south-east and south by land claimed by T. Babasinno; containing in extent about 2 acres 3 roods and 10 perches.

4. One undivided half part or share of and from all that allotment of land called Delgahakelle, situated in the village Talawatugoda aforesaid; bounded on the north by land described in plan No. 118,901, on the east by land claimed by K. Jamel Perera, on the south by land described in plan No. 111,959, and on the west by land claimed by M. Gabriel Peris; containing in extent about

3 acres and 16 perches.
5. One undivided half part or share of and from all that undivided half part of the land called Minuwanwilation.

Telewaturada aforesaid: landa, situated in the village Talawatugoda aforesaid; bounded on the north by Crown land, on the north-east by the property said to belong to Jamel Appu, on the east and south-east by Crown land, on the south-west and west by the property said to belong to Seadoris Appu and others; containing in extent about 9 acres 3 roods and 11 perches.

6. One undivided half part or share of and from all that allotment of land in extent 4 acres, being the southeastern portion of Delgahawatta, situated in the village Talawatugoda aferesaid; the said Delgahawatta in its entirety being bounded on the north and east by the garden called Puwakvetiyawatta and kumbura, on the north-west by a small road or dewata path, and on the south-east and south-west by the cinnamon gardens believing to Hanadinana Tannia Pagara containing in longing to Henadirage Tepanis Perera; containing in

extent about 8 acres 1 rood and $\frac{27}{100}$ of a square perch.

7. All that and those the two allotments of land called Pewatagahakele marked A and B, and now forming one property, situated in the village Talawatugoda aforesaid; bounded on the north-east by land claimed by Jamel Perera and land claimed by Abraham Appu and others, on the south-east by a portion of this land, on the south by the high road, on the north-west by land claimed by M. Sinno Appu, and on the south-west by land claimed by M. D. Perera: A containing in extent about 2 acres 1 rood and 38 perches, and B containing in extent about 1 acre and 2 roods; and all the right, title, and interest and claims and demands whatsoever in and upon the same, being specially mortgaged with the plaintiff, and decreed to be sold by the Fiscal by the decree entered in the above case.

Deputy Fiscal's Office. Hanwella, December 14, 1901. H. A. PIERIS, Deputy Fiscal.

In the District Court of Negombo.

Sawanna Thana Sina Wana Muttaiyah Chetty of Negombo.....Plaintiff.

No. 3,126.

1, Jayasinha Arachchige Don Hendrick Appuhami; and 2, Jayasinha Arachchige Don Charles Appuhami, both of Medamulla.....Defendants.

OTICE is hereby given that on January 11, 1902, commencing at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, will be sold by public auction at the respective premises the following property, specially hypothecated by bonds No. 9,594 dated February 12, 1895, and No. 10,710 dated May 14, 1896, viz.: -

1. Half of an undivided half share of the garden called Delgahawatta alias Bulugahawatta (excluding 1), situate at Nilpanagoda and Medamulla in the Dasiya pattu of the Alutkuru korale; the entire garden is bounded on the north by the land of Seenchi Appuhami and others, on the east by the lands of the late Thomis Fernando, and others, on the south by the lands belonging to the heirs of the late Welun Appuhami, and on the west by the paddy field of Appu Sinno Appuhami and others; containing in extent 4 acres more or less.

2. Half of an undivided half share of the paddy field called Dawatakumbura (excluding 1), at do.; the entire field is bounded on the north by the garden of Louis Peries, on the east by the paddy field of Dines Appuhami,

on the south by the land called Tekkawatta belonging to Government, and on the west by the paddy field of Seenchi Appuhami; containing in extent 12 parrahs of paddy

sowing more or less.

3. An undivided half of the garden called Dodangahawatta and of the buildings standing thereon (excluding 1), at do.; bounded on the north by the lands of Siman Fernando and others, on the east by the lands belonging to the first defendant and others, on the south by the dewata road, and on the west by the land belonging to Government and by the land of Appusiano Appuhami and others; containing in extent 12 acres more or less.

3. Half of an undivided one-fifth share of the garden

called Hedawekegahawatta alias Kahatagahawatta (excluding $\frac{1}{3}$), at do.; the entire garden is bounded on the north by the land of the late Bastian Appu and others, on the north-west by the garden of Don Samuel Appu, on the south by the garden of Welun Perera Appuhami

on the south by the garden of weith Ferra Appunant and others; containing in extent 10 acres more or less.

5. An undivided half of the paddy field called Palanowitakumbura (excluding \(\frac{1}{3} \)), at do.; bounded on the north by the oya, on the east also by the oya, on the south by the paddy field of Carolis Appuhami, and on the west by the high road; containing in extent 4 parabs of paddy by the high road; containing in extent 4 parrahs of paddy

sowing more or less.

6. An undived half of the garden called Kahatagahawatta (excluding 1), at do.; bounded on the north by the land of Babanis Fernando, on the east by the garden belonging to the first defendant and others, on the south also by the garden belonging to the first defendant and others, and on the west by the residing garden of the first

others, and on the west by the residing garden of the first defendant; containing in extent 24 acres more or less.

7. An undived half of the paddy field called Delgaha-kumbura (excluded \$\frac{1}{2}\$), at do.; bounded on the north by the field of Appu Sinno Appuhami, on the east by the water-course, on the south by the paddy field of Cornis Appuhami, and on the west by the paddy field of Jeelis Appuhami and others; containing in extent 12 lahas of paddy sowing more or less.

paddy sowing more or less

8. Half of an undived half share of the garden called Galewatta (excluding 1), at Borakadawatta in do.; the entire land is bounded on the north by the live fence of the garden of Atapattu Mudaliyar, on the east by the paddy field of Welun Appu, on the south by the garden of Peris Appuhami, and on the west by the garden of Juanis Appuhami and by the property called Weniwelgodella estate belonging to the Atapattu Mudaliyar; containing in extent 3 acres 2 roods and 36.28 perches more or less; and declared liable to be sold in satisfaction of the decree entered in the above case.

Amount to be levied Rs. 1,750, with interest thereon at 9 per cent. per annum from May 17, 1900.

FRED G. HEPPONSTALL, Deputy Fiscal's Office. Negombo, December 18, 1901. Deputy Fiscal.

North-Western Province.

In the District Court of Kurunegala. Horatalpedige Lebuna of Haranpilla and another......Plaintiffs.

Pamunugoma Abaran Appu of Galwarama and others..... Defendants.

OTICE is hereby given that on Saturday, January 11, 1902, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold by public auction at the premises the right, title, and interest of the said defendants in the following property,

All that garden called Helambagahamulawatta of about fifteen lahas of kurakkan sowing extent with the plantations thereon, situated at Udakekulawala in Dambadeni hatpattu.

Amount to be levied is Rs. 319.25 and poundage.

N. S. CASSIM, for Fiscal. Province of Sabaragamuwa.

In the District Court of Colombo.

W. D. Holland and Alfred Hynman Allanby....Plaintiffs. No. C 15,475. Vs.

Thomas Alexander Pitfield of Selagama estate, Matale...... Defendant.

OTICE is hereby given that on Saturday, January 11, 1902, at 11 A.M., will be sold by public auction at the premises the following property mortgaged, viz. :-

1. Godamunehena of 10 amunams in paddy sowing extent of 51 acres and 36 perches, situated at Dodantale; bounded on the east hy Galenda (range of rocks) or Galweta (stone fence), on the south by Danakirigala gala and Maha-ela, on the west by the village limit of Uduwewela, and on the north by the eura (bank) of Miyangpalawa, the land within these boundaries with Miyanapalawa, the land within these boundaries with everything standing thereon.

2. Ginihapuwehena of 10 amunams in paddy sowing extent, or 56 acres 2 roods and 33 perches, situated at Dodantale; bounded on the east by Boraluwehena, on the south by Maha-ela and Lewukehena, on the west by Galenda (range of rocks), and on the north by Boraluwehena, the land within these boundaries with everything

standing thereou.

3. Godamuna alias Miyanapalawehena of 3 amunams in paddy sowing extent, or 19 acres and 1 perch, situated at Dodantale; bounded on the east by Boragollehena, on the south by Maha-ela and Mahagala, on the west by the limit of Arandanaelehena, and on the north by the limit of Nugemulahena and by the limit of Hendrick Appu's hena, the land within these boundaries with everything standing thereon.

Godamunehena alias Kolotuwawehena of 1 amunam in paddy sowing extent, or 8 acres and 3 perches, situated at Dodantale; bounded on the east by Hata-langegala and endaru fence, on the south by Watte-asweddumegala and Maha-agala, on the west by the limit of Taradenitennehena, and on the north by the limit of Lewukeheua, the land within these boundaries

with everything standing thereon.
5. An undivided one-fourth share of Batapandurehena of 3 pelas of paddy sowing extent, situated at Polwatta; which entire land is bounded on the east and south by the limit of Pallewalauwehena, on the west by the limit of Uduwewala hamlet, and on the north by the limit of chena belonging to Dingiri Appuhami.

6. An undivided one-fourth share of Gallenamulahena of 3 pelas of paddy sowing extent, situated at Polwatta; which entire land is bounded on the east by Galenda (stone range), on the south by the limit of Iddawalahena, on the west by the field, and on the north by the limit of Dingiri Appuhamy's chema.

7. Kongahamulahena of 2 amunams of paddy sowing extent, situated at Polwatta; which entire land is bounded on the east by Mala-ela (dry stream) and the ditch, on the south by the limit of Lokurallagehena and the limit of Dawulkarayalagehena, on the west by the limit of Bamunusinha Mudiyanselagehena, and on the parts by the distributed for the south by the north by the ditch of Appusinno's hena.

Tembiligahawatta of 23 acres in extent, situated at Polwatta; bounded on the east by iwura (bank), on the south by Ukku Banda's chena, on the west Galenda (stone range), and on the north by Mala-ela

(dry stream).

9. The western first half share of Tembiligahawatta of 10 kurunies of paddy sowing extent, situated at Polwatta; which entire land is bounded on the east by the iwura (bank), on the south by Walauwehena iwura (the bank), on the west by Galenda (stone ridge), and on the north by the limitary live fence and the other share of this land belonging to Mudiyanse.

10. Appuralageliyadda of 12 lahas of paddy sowing extent, situated at Polwatta; bounded on the north by the limitary ridge on the field of the Division Officer, on the east by the limitary ridge of Medagalahitiyawe-kumbura, on the south also by the limitary ridge of Med galahitiyawa, and on the west by the Godaiwura

(bank).
11. Tembiligahawattehena of 1 amunam of paddy sowing extent, situated at Polwatta; bounded on the B 4

B 4

Fiscal's Office, Kurunegala, December 17, 1901. east by the high road and the limit of Kottawetadeniyahena, on the south by the limits of Hapugahamulahena and the chena belonging to Dingiri Appuhami, on the west by the limit of Imbulangehena, and on the north by the field, the land within these boundaries with every-

thing standing thereon.

12. All that land called Boraluwehena, situated at Dodantale, of 5 amunams in extent; bounded on the east by the iwura or bank of the field and by the boundary of Migonkotuwa, on the south by the iwura or bank of Duwedeniyakumbura and ela or stream, on the west by the new boundary of Ginihapuwehena, and on the north by the limit of Welikandemukalana belong-

ing to the Crown.

13. All that and those the lands called and known as Hatiyalanga and Moragahamulahena, situated at Dodantale; bounded on the north by the low jungle of Gunahapuwehenyaya of Keppatipola Banda and priest's land, on the south by Goda-amunehena leased by Abeyratna Ratwatte to the said Keppatipola Banda and priest's land; on the east by paddy fields, the road from Utuwankanda to Mawatugoda, by a kinagaha tree, by Godagama, by a tree called Ketakalagaha and priest's land; and on the west by priest's land, by Ukku Banda's land, by Hendrick Appu's land, by a chena land called Godamunehena, and by priest's land; containing in extent 5 acres 3 roods and 1 perch, as per survey and plan thereof made by A. M. Sundaram, Licensed Surveyor.

14. An allotment of land called Naivatehena, situated at Attanagoda; bounded on the north by Unapandurehena claimed by M. Kirihami and land described in plan No. 155,298 and a road, on the east and south by a water-course, and on the west by Unapandurehena claimed by M. Kirihami, and another; containing in extent, exclusive of the water-course passing through the land, 3 acres 1 rood and 15 perches.

 An allotment of land called Weragala and Hondagorokagahamulahena, situated at Udattawa Ihalagama; bounded on the north by Hondagorokagahamulahena claimed by P. Dingiri Naide and another, Udahawatte-hena claimed by M. Kirihami and others, Polgollepitiyawatta claimed by U. Dingiri Naide and another and Loku Banda, on the south by Weragahahena claimed by M. Kirihami and Crown land called Weragalamukalana, on the east by Weragalahena, and on the west by Hondagorokagahamulahena claimed by P. Dingiri Naide and another; containing in extent 4 acres 2 roods and 39 perches.

Writ issued to levy the sum of Rs. 16,809 40, with interest thereon at 9 per cent. per annum from August 6, 1901, until payment in full, and the sum of Rs. 246 35 costs of suit.

TIMOTHY F. ABAYAKOON, Deputy Fiscal's Office, Deputy Fiscal. Kegalla, December 17, 1901.

BY virtue of a Mandate to me directed by the Hon. the Supreme Court of the Island of Ceylon, I do hereby proclaim that a Criminal Session of the said Court for the Western Circuit will be holden at the Court-house at Hulftsdorp, Colombo, on Friday, January 10, 1902 at 11 o'clock of the morning of the said day.

And I do hereby require and inform all persons concerned therein to attend at the time and place abovementioned, and not to depart without leave asked and granted.

> E. ONDATJE, for Fiscal.

Fiscal's Office, Colombo, December 18, 1901.

ලංකාම්පයේ ගරු කවයුතු උතුම්වූ සුපුම් උසාවි ලංකාම්පයේ ගරු කවයුතු උතුම්වූ සුපුම් උසාවි කොටගෙණි මෙයිත් පුකාශකරන්නේනම්, බස්තාහිර දීයාවේ කිම්නෙල් නඩු විභාගය වම් 1902 ක්වූ ජනවාරි මස $oldsymbol{10}$ වෙනි දින පෙරවරු $oldsymbol{11}$ පැග පටන් කොළඹ තිබෙන නඩුසාලාවේ පවත්වන්ව ගෙදෙනවා ඇත.-එහි ගම් කාරණ ඇතුව සිටින සෑමදෙනාම යදිකි සථා නයව යවකි වෙලාවට ඇමික් පෙණි කිරින්ව ඕනැවත් අ ර අවසර ඉල්ලා ලබාගෙණ මිස එයින් පිටහට ගන්ව නුපුඵාන් බවත් මෙයින් සෑමදෙනාවම දන්වන්නෙමි.

> ඊ. ඔන්ඩච්චි, දෙපිට පිස්කල්.

වම් 1901 ක්වූ දෙසැම්බර් මස 18 දින නොළඹ පිස්කල් කන්තෝරුවේදීය.

இலங்கைத்திவிற் ச**ங்கைபோ**ர்த சுப்பி**ரீங்** கோட்டா ரது கட்டளேயின்படி காம் பிரசித்தப்படுத்துவதாவது: கொழும்பு ஹல்ஸ்டோர்ப்பி ஆள்ள கியாயன் தலத்திலே மேற்சொல்லிய சுப்பிறீங்கோட்டாரால் மேற்றிசைக்கு ச்சேர்ந்த தெறிமினெல் வழக்குவிசாரணே 1902 ம் ஆண் கு தைமாதம் 10 **க் இ**கதியாகிய **வெள்ளிக்**கிழமை **கா**ல மே 11 மணி தொடங்கி அன்றும் அதற்கடுத்த நாட்களி **அ**ம் *நடத்தப்படும்*,

ஆதலால் அவ்விசார‱யிற் காரியகரும**முள்ளவர்க** ளெல்லோரு**ம்** சொல்லப்பட்ட *நே*த்தலே சொல்லப் பட்ட இடத்திலே வெளிபபட்ட அவ்விடத்தினின் நம் உத்தரவின்றி நீங்கா திருக்கக்கடவர்கள்.

> இ. ஒண்டாச்சி, பிஸ்கா அக்காக.

கொழும்பு பிஸ்கால் கர்கோர், 1901 ம் இல் அசம்பர்மு 18 க் டை.