



Ceylon Government Gazette

Published by Authority.

No. 5,832 - FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1902.

PART I.—General: Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, and General Government Notifications.
PART II.—Legal and Judicial.

PART III.—Provincial Administration.
PART IV.—Marine and Mercantile.
PART V.—Municipal and Local.

Separate paging is given to each Part in order that it may be filed separately.

Part I.—Minutes, Proclamations, Appointments, &c.

	PAGE		PAGE
Minutes by the Governor	...	Notices by the Currency Commissioners...	...
Proclamations by the Governor	95	Miscellaneous Departmental Notices	107
Appointments, &c., by the Governor	98	Notices calling for Tenders	113
Appointments, &c., of Registrars	99	Sales of Unserviceable Articles	117
Government Notifications	100	Registrar-General's Vital Statistics	...
Revenue and Expenditure Returns	...	Meteorological Returns	...
Notices calling for Tenders for Arrack Rents	...	Books registered under Ordinance No. 1 of 1885	...

Notices received too late for Parts II. to V. are occasionally inserted at the end of this Part.

"NEW LAW REPORTS."—Part VI. of Vol. V. was issued on February 6, 1902.

THE following copy of a Proclamation by the King in Council determining new designs for Gold and Bronze coins is published for general information.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, February 3, 1902.

E. F. IM THURN,
Colonial Secretary.

By the KING.

A PROCLAMATION.

EDWARD R. I.

WHEREAS under section eleven of the Coinage Act, 1870, We have power, with the advice of Our Privy Council, from time to time by Proclamation to determine the design for any coin:

And whereas it appears to Us desirable to determine new designs for the gold and bronze coins mentioned in the First Schedule to the Coinage Act, 1870:

We, therefore, in pursuance of the said enactment and of all other powers enabling Us in that behalf, do hereby, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, proclaim, direct, and ordain as follows:—

1. The designs for the said gold and bronze coins shall be as follows:—

GOLD COINS.

- (1) *Five-pound Piece.*—Every five-pound piece shall have for the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription, "EDWARDUS VII DEI GRA: BRITT: OMN: REX FID: DEF: IND: IMP:" and for the reverse the image of Saint George armed, sitting on horseback, attacking the dragon with a sword and a broken spear upon the ground, and the date of the year, with a graining upon the edge.

- (2) *Two-pound Piece*.—Every two-pound piece shall have the same obverse and reverse impression and inscription in all respects as the five-pound piece, with a graining upon the edge.
- (3) *Sovereign*.—Every sovereign shall have for the obverse impression the aforesaid effigy with the inscription "EDWARDUS VII D. G. BRITT : OMN : REX. F. D. IND : IMP : " and for the reverse the same impression in all respects as the five-pound piece, with a graining upon the edge.
- (4) *Half-Sovereign*.—Every half-sovereign shall have the same obverse and reverse impression and inscription in all respects as the sovereign, with a graining upon the edge.

BRONZE COINS.

- (1) *Penny*.—Every penny shall have for the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription, "EDWARDUS VII DEI GRA : BRITT : OMN : REX FID : DEF : IND : IMP : " and for the reverse impression the figure of Britannia seated on a rock surrounded by the sea, her right hand holding a shield which rests against the rock, while in her left hand she grasps a trident, and the inscription "ONE PENNY," with the date of the year and a plain edge.
- (2) *Half-Penny*.—Every half-penny shall have the same obverse impression and inscription as the penny, and for the reverse the figure of Britannia seated as described for the penny, and the inscription "HALF-PENNY," with the date of the year and a plain edge.
- (3) *Farthing*.—Every farthing shall have the same obverse impression and inscription as the penny, and for the reverse the figure of Britannia seated as described for the penny, and the inscription "FARTHING," with the date of the year and a plain edge.

2. This Proclamation shall come into force on the First day of *January*, Nineteen hundred and Two.

Given at Our Court at *St. James's*, this Tenth day of *December*, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and One, and in the first year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

PROCLAMATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR.

IN the Name of His Majesty EDWARD THE SEVENTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency the Right Honourable Sir J. WEST RIDGEWAY, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Knight Commander of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

WEST RIDGEWAY.

WHEREAS by section 1 of the Firearms Ordinance, No. 6 of 1901, as amended by the Ordinance No. 17 of 1901, it is enacted that the said Ordinance shall come into operation in such provinces, municipalities, divisions, districts, or villages, and at such times as the Governor shall from time to time by Proclamation to be published in the *Government Gazette* appoint :

Now know Ye that We, the said Governor, do by this Our Proclamation appoint, that the said Ordinance No. 6 of 1901, intituled "An Ordinance relating to the possession and use of Firearms," as amended by Ordinance No. 17 of 1901, shall come into operation in the Western Province of the said Island as from and after the 1st day of April, 1902.

Given at Nawara Eliya, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Third day of February, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Two.

By His Excellency's command,

E. F. IM THURN,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

IN the Name of His Majesty EDWARD THE SEVENTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency the Right Honourable Sir J. WEST RIDGEWAY, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Knight Commander of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

WEST RIDGEWAY.

WHEREAS by Proclamation dated the 5th day of November, 1901, and published in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*, No. 5,816 of November 8, 1901, a police force has been located in the District of Matale, in the Central Province, as required by section 17 of "The Police Ordinance, 1865," and whereas by section 22 of the said Ordinance it is amongst other things enacted that for the purpose of discontinuing the police force when introduced into any District under the said Ordinance, the same course shall be taken as is prescribed in the Ordinance for its introduction, and if the demand for its withdrawal be adopted by the proprietors of two-thirds of the acreage, the Government Agent shall forthwith notify to Government that the required majority is in favour of the withdrawal of the said police force from the said District :

Now know Ye that We, the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, do hereby withdraw from the 20th day of January, 1902, the police force from the said District, which consisted of and comprised of all lands and high roads included within the external boundaries of the estates specified in the schedule hereto.

Given at Colombo, in the said Island of Ceylon, this Twentieth day of January, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Two.

By His Excellency's command,

E. F. IM THURN,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Name of Estate.	SCHEDULE.			Approximate Acreage.
1. Wariapola	600
2. Suduganga	468
3. Bandarapola	224

IN the Name of His Majesty EDWARD THE SEVENTH, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency the Right Honourable Sir J. WEST RIDGEWAY, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Knight Commander of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, Governor and Commander-in-Chief, in and over the Island of Ceylon, with the Dependencies thereof.

WEST RIDGEWAY.

WHEREAS by Proclamation dated the 10th day of October, 1901, and published in the *Ceylon Government Gazette*, No. 5,809 of October 8, 1901, a police force has been located in the District of Pallekelle, in the Central Province, as required by section 17 of "The Police Ordinance, 1865," and whereas by section 22 of the said Ordinance it is amongst other things enacted that for the purpose of discontinuing the police force when introduced into any District under the said Ordinance, the same course shall be taken as is prescribed in the Ordinance for its introduction, and if the demand for its withdrawal be adopted by the proprietors of two-thirds of the acreage, the Government Agent shall forthwith notify to Government that the required majority is in favour of the withdrawal of the said police force from the said District :

Now know Ye that We, the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, do hereby withdraw from the 1st day of February, 1902, the police force from the said District, which consisted of and comprised of all lands and high roads included within the external boundaries of the estates specified in the schedule hereto.

Given at Nuwara Eliya, in the said Island of Ceylon, this First day of February, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Two.

By His Excellency's command,

E. F. IM THURN,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Name of Estate.	SCHEDULE.			Approximate Acreage.
1. Pallekelle	Approximate acreage of all 4,797.
2. Ambecotta	
3. Rajawelle	
4. Warrakettiya	
5. Kilmarnock	
6. Victoria	

APPOINTMENTS. &c., BY THE GOVERNOR.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments with effect from 10th February, 1902 :—

Mr. G. M. FOWLER to act as Government Agent and Fiscal of the Western Province ; Visitor of the Prisons at Welikada, Mutwal, Mahara, and Negombo ; Superintendent of the Hulftsdorp Prison ; Local Authority under the Petroleum Ordinance for the Western Province outside the limits of the Municipality, Colombo ; and a Visitor of the Post Offices in the Western Province.

Mr. H. W. BRODHURST to act as Government Agent of the Southern Province ; Fiscal, Collector of Customs, and Receiver of Wrecks for the Southern Province ; Superintendent of the Prison at Galle ; Visitor of the Prisons at Tangalla and Hambantota ; Chairman, Municipal Council, Galle ; Local Authority under the Petroleum Ordinance within the limits of the Municipality, Galle ; Local Authority under the Petroleum Ordinance for the Southern Province ; and Visitor of the Post Offices in the Southern Province.

Mr. B. CONSTANTINE to the office of Assistant at Puttalam to the Government Agent of the North-Western Province ; District Judge, Commissioner of Requests, and Police Magistrate, Puttalam ; Superintendent of the Prison at Puttalam ; Additional Superintendent of Police, Puttalam ; Local Authority under the Petroleum Ordinance for the District of Puttalam ; Assistant Collector of Customs, Kalpitiya ; and a Visitor of the Post Offices in the District of Puttalam.

Mr. E. B. DENHAM to act as Assistant at Mannar to the Government Agent of the Northern Province ; District Judge, Commissioner of Requests, and Police Magistrate, Mannar ; Assistant Collector of Customs, Mannar ; Additional Superintendent of Police, Mannar ; and a Visitor of the Post Offices in the District of Mannar.

By His Excellency's command,
E. F. IM THURN,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, February 1, 1902.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments :—

Mr. JAMES PEIRIS, Barrister-at-Law, to be District Judge, Additional Commissioner of Requests, and Police Magistrate, Galle, and Visitor of the Prison at Galle, for three months from the 10th February, 1902, during the absence on leave of Mr. J. D. MASON, or until further orders.

Mr. C. H. ALTENDORFF, Crown Proctor, to act as District Judge and Additional Commissioner of Requests and Police Magistrate, Matara, and a Visitor of the Prison at Matara, for the 8th and 9th February, 1902, during the absence on leave of Mr. W. E. THORPE, or until further orders.

Mr. P. E. PIERIS to be Additional Police Magistrate, Galle, in addition to his own duties as Office Assistant at Galle to the Government Agent of the Southern Province.

Mr. J. H. MARCEL to be a Visitor of the Ramboda Hospital, *vice* Mr. W. P. METCALFE.

By His Excellency's command,
E. F. IM THURN,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, February 5, 1902.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointment and promotion in the Ceylon Light Infantry :—

Lieutenant STEPHEN MONTAGU BURROWS to be Supernumerary of his rank to command the Cadet Battalion of the Ceylon Light Infantry. While commanding the Cadet Battalion of the Ceylon Light Infantry, Lieutenant BURROWS will hold the Honorary Rank of Major.

To be Lieutenant.

Second Lieutenant VINCENT VAN LANGENBERG, *vice* BURROWS, Supernumerary.

By His Excellency's command,
E. F. IM THURN,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, January 31, 1902.

APPOINTMENTS, &c., OF REGISTRARS.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to make the following appointments :—

GODAKUMBURA JASIN MUDIYANSELEGEDARA TIKIRI BANDA to be Registrar of Births and Deaths and of Marriages (General and Kandyan) of Uda Dumbara, Gampaha korale west, Division No. 2, in the Kandy District of the Central Province, with effect from 1st March, 1902, *vice* Registrar **WEERASEKARA WASALA MUDIYANSELAGE PUNCHI BANDA** appointed Ratemahatmaya. His office will be at Jasingedara in Godakumbura in Gampaha west.

YAPA MUDIYANSELAGE MUDIYANSE BANDA to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths and of Marriages (General and Kandyan) of Tumpane, Palle palata, Division No. 2, in the Kandy District of the Central Province, for eight weeks and four days from 13th February, 1902, during the absence of the Registrar, **DEDUNUPITIYA SRI NARAYANA PANIKKI MUDIYANSELE UKKU BANDA**, on leave. His office will be at Dedunupitiya.

R. D. S. DE SILVA to be Additional Registrar of Kandyan Marriages of Yakawala, Division No. 1, in the Galle District of the Southern Province, with effect from 1st February, 1902. His office to be at Neluwa.

By His Excellency's command,
E. F. IM THURN,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, February 4, 1902.

IT is hereby notified that **D. L. R. WIJEWICKRAMA**, Registrar of Births and Deaths of Ranale in Palle pattu of Hewagam korale division, and Registrar of Marriages of Palle pattu of Hewagam korale division, in the Colombo District of the Western Province, will, with effect from 15th February, 1902, have his office at Delgahawatta in Bomiriya, instead of at Ihalawatta *alias* Migahawatta in Kotalawala, as notified in the *Gazette* of 27th April, 1900.

P. ARUNACHALAM,
Registrar-General's Office, Registrar-General.
Colombo, January 31, 1902.

THE following appointments under sections 2 and 3 of the Ordinances Nos. 19 and 23 of 1900, respectively, are hereby notified :—

The Provincial Registrar, Colombo, has appointed **MUDALIMAIPALA APPUHAMILAGE DON PILORIS PARIS GUNARATNE** to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Alutgama in Meda pattu of Siyane korale west division, and Registrar of Marriages of Siyane korale west division,

in the Colombo District of the Western Province, for five days from 4th February, 1902, during the absence of the Registrar, **M. G. ABAYASINHA**, on leave. His office will be at Delgahalanda in Yakwala.

The Provincial Registrar, Kandy, has appointed **WASALA MUDIYANSELAGE KALU BANDA** to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths and of General Marriages of Uda Dumbara, Gampaha korale west, Division No. 2, in the Kandy District of the Central Province, for twenty-one days from 8th February, 1902, *vice* **W. W. M. PUNCHI BANDA**. His office will be at Wattegedara in Mediwaka.

The Additional Assistant Provincial Registrar, has appointed **Dr. C. BRITO BABAPULLE** to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Division No. 4 of the Colombo Municipality, in the Colombo District of the Western Province, for one week from 5th February, 1902. His office will be at No. 107, Hulftsdorp street.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Hambantota, has appointed **DIONYSIOUS HENDRICK DISANAYAKA** to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Western Walakada division, and as Registrar of Marriages of Magam pattu division, in the Hambantota District of the Southern Province, for four weeks and two days from 30th January, 1902, during the absence of the Registrar, **DON JOHN WIRASINHA**, on leave. His office will be at Ketangahawatta at Wandruppa.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Chilaw, has appointed **M. BALASURIYA** to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Yatakalan pattuwa division, and as Registrar of Marriages of Pitigal korale central division, in the Chilaw District of the North-Western Province, for two days from 2nd February, 1902, during the absence of the Registrar, **BALASURIYA MUDIYANSELAGE HITIHAMI**, on leave. His office will be at Kudawewa.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Puttalam, has appointed **K. M. PICHCHA MUTTU** to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths of Puttalam pattu division, in the Puttalam District of the North-Western Province, for thirty days from 30th January, 1902, *vice* **Mr. J. ISAAKSZ**. His office will be at Kuruwikulam.

The Assistant Provincial Registrar, Puttalam, has appointed **S. ANTHONYPULLE** to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths and of Marriages of Mundal division, in the Puttalam District of the North-Western Province, for two days from 31st January, 1902, during the absence of the Registrar, **S. SANTIAGO FERNANDO**, on leave. His office will be at Mundal.

P. ARUNACHALAM,
Registrar-General.
Registrar-General's Office,
Colombo, February 5, 1902.

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATIONS.

IT is hereby notified that the next Meeting of the Legislative Council will be held on Wednesday, the 19th instant, at 2.30 P.M., instead of on Monday, the 17th instant.

Council Chamber,
Colombo, February 4, 1902.

By His Excellency's command,
A. G. CLAYTON,
Clerk, Legislative Council.

THE following addendum to the regulations regarding Pensions, dated January 8, 1902, is published for general information.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, February 8, 1902.

By His Excellency's command,
E. F. IM THURN,
Colonial Secretary.

Addendum referred to.

Public Officers drawing a salary of less than Rs. 250 per annum retiring on account of illness after serving continuously for a period of 25 years and upwards may, if the Governor be satisfied that they are physically unfit to discharge the duties of their offices owing to infirmity either of mind or body, be awarded such long service allowance not exceeding Rs. 5 per mensem as the Governor in Executive Council may think just and proper. Those in the receipt of daily pay with continuous service of 25 years and upwards retiring under similar circumstances may be awarded gratuities calculated at the rate of one month's salary for every three years' service.

THE following regulations made by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, in terms of section 5 of the Railway Ordinance, No. 26 of 1885, are published for general information.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, February 1, 1902.

By His Excellency's command,
E. F. IM THURN,
Colonial Secretary.

Regulations and Conditions regarding Estate Platforms.

1. A "platform" sanctioned by the Railway Management for the use of an estate confers no right on the superintendent or proprietor of such estate. It is essentially a privilege, and the privilege must be acknowledged once per annum by a written request to the General Manager of the Railway for the continuance of its use. The privilege will lapse on the 31st of December in every year unless renewed in writing during December and prior to the 31st day thereof.
2. The existence of a platform on an estate involves the Government in no responsibility whatever, nor does it create a right to have trains stopped or traffic exchanged at such platform.
3. The Government reserves the right of refusing the privilege of stopping trains or exchanging traffic at any platform, or at all of them, without assigning any reason therefor.
4. Wherever the platform is built on Government land, the land must be given up whenever demand therefor is made by Government, and the building standing thereon must be removed, and no claim on the Government will lie in consequence.
5. Should the platform be built on private land, the Government is at liberty to at any time discontinue the stoppage of trains and delivery of goods at such platform, and Government will incur no liability for such action.
6. The Government is not bound to supply wagons for traffic from these platforms, nor will it hold itself responsible for the due delivery of goods at the platform by any particular train or date, though every reasonable endeavour will be made to meet the requirements of the freighters.
7. Where the privilege at present exists it will be continued subject to the following conditions:—
 - (a) The platform is to be used for goods traffic only.
 - (b) The minimum weight for which a train shall be required to stop shall be one ton, or a charge equivalent thereto, no less charge than Rs. 5 being made.
 - (c) The maximum time for which a train may be detained at a platform shall be three minutes per ton, no detention to exceed ten minutes.

- (d) The estate to provide a sufficient labour staff to ensure the work being performed within the limit of time named in clause (c.)
- (e) In the event of any goods having to be overcarried owing to any neglect or omission on the part of the consignors or consignees, or their agents or servants, the usual charge for the extra conveyance will be made, plus Rs. 4 per diem for the detention of the wagon.

The same conditions will also apply in any future case where the privilege is granted.

8. The superintendent of any estate having a platform will arrange with the Traffic Superintendent, Colombo, the days and times for trains to stop at the platform.

9. Every reasonable endeavour will be made by the Railway Management to facilitate work at the platforms, but the Government will not hold itself responsible for the due delivery of goods, nor for the supply of wagons to remove traffic at any platform by any particular train or date, nor will it accept any liability for the detention of goods caused by the non-despatch, detention, or miscarriage of advice notes, nor will it be responsible for the correctness of articles delivered at platforms, nor accept any liability as to the condition of such articles, unless objection is taken at the time of such delivery, and only then in so far as the terms of the contract for carriage as expressed in the consignment note may legally bind it.

10. When traffic is to be sent away from any platform, notification should be given to the Station Master at the station serving that platform, who will provide the necessary accommodation as early as possible and advise the superintendent when accommodation will be available; and should a wagon on such notification be run empty in consequence of the traffic not being ready at the platform when the train calls for it, a charge of Rs. 4 will be made for the unnecessary haulage of such wagon.

11. The freight charges on traffic to or from any platform will in all cases be as for the station next beyond the platform in either direction.

Freight charges on Up traffic from a platform will be made as from the station next below the platform, and on Down traffic from a platform they will be made as from the station next above the platform.

THE fees prescribed in Schedule IV. of Ordinance No. 16 of 1892 have been paid for the continuance of Exclusive Privilege in respect of the under-mentioned inventions for the period shown against each :—

566.—Gilbert William Sutton of Rothhares, Great Baddow, Chelmsford, Essex, England.—Improvements in Tea Driers.—1 year from September 1, 1901.

519.—John C. W. Stanley of London, England.—Improvements in or relating to the treatment of fish or other offal or similar refuse.—1 year from September 15, 1901.

450.—William Jackson of Thorngrove, Mannofield, Aberdeen.—Improvements in apparatus for subjecting materials to the action of air, gases, or vapours, especially for drying tea leaves, coffee, and other produce by means of hot air.—1 year from July 20, 1901.

439.—Henry Thompson of Trinity street, Gainsborough, England.—A new or improved process for rolling tea, and improvements in tea rolling and curling machines applicable thereto.—1 year from January 18, 1902.

434.—John Roger of 20, Guildford street, Russell Square, in the County of London, England.—An improvement in the manufacture of tea.—1 year from January 9, 1902.

428.—Giacomo Durio and Secondo Durio, Tanners of Fortino, near Turin, Italy.—Improvements in and relating to tanning hides and skins and to apparatus therefor.—1 year from December 8, 1901.

495.—Jules Lemichel of 52, Ven Lourmel, Paris.—Improvements in or connected with apparatus for raising liquids.—1 year from December 5, 1901.

484.—Samuel Cleland Davidson of Sirocco Engineering Works, Belfast, Ireland.—Improvements in apparatus for packing tea or other substances into chests, boxes, or other receptacles.—1 year from August 23, 1901.

475.—Deutsche Metallpatroneer Fabric of Karlsruhe, Baden, Germany.—Improvements in storing and packing opium, and in appliances therefor.—1 year from May 21, 1902.

528.—William Healy, Lawyer, Chicago, in the County of Cook, State of Illinois, America.—Machines for making box-blanks.—1 year from October 2, 1901.

489.—Samuel Cleland Davidson of Sirocco Engineering Works, Belfast, Ireland.—Improvements in multitubular air heating apparatus.—1 year from October 10, 1901.

561.—Samuel Cleland Davidson of Sirocco Engineering Works, Belfast, Ireland, Merchant.—Improvements in apparatus for applying aqueous vapour or moist air or gases to substances especially applicable for softening, limping, or withering tea leaf, moistening or ordering tobacco leaf, or for similar treatment of other analogous substances.—1 year from August 5, 1901.

562.—Samuel Cleland Davidson of Sirocco Engineering Works, Belfast, Ireland, Merchant.—Improvements in apparatus for drying or partially drying, or otherwise treating tea leaf, tobacco leaf, coffee, grain, malt, wool, and other substances.—1 year from August 5, 1901.

563.—Samuel Cleland Davidson of Sirocco Engineering Works, Belfast, Ireland, Merchant.—Improvements in apparatus for the drying or other treatment of tea leaf, tobacco leaf, grain, malt, fruits, and other substances.—1 year from August 5, 1901.

564.—Samuel Cleland Davidson of Sirocco Engineering Works, Belfast, Ireland, Merchant.—Improvements in pneumatic apparatus for elevating or conveying tobacco leaf, tea leaf, wood, or other chips or cutting or other materials.—1 year from August 5, 1901.

491.—William Jackson of Thorngrove, Mannofield, Aberdeen.—Improvements in apparatus for rolling tea leaf and the like.—1 year from November 1, 1901.

548.—Conrad Field Mendham of 57, Sydenham road, Croydon, Surrey, England.—Improvements in apparatus for closing and beading the circular seams of caps, stoppers, and ends in sheet metal vessels and the like.—1 year from February 11, 1902.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, January 30, 1902.

E. F. IM THURN,
Colonial Secretary.

IT is hereby notified for general information that 161,647 acres of surveyed lands are available for sale in the under-mentioned Provinces :—

In the Western Province, 18,909 acres, situated in Siyane, Hewagam, Salpiti, and Alutkuru korales of the Colombo District, consisting of forest, chena, and jungle lands.

In the Central Province, 2,841 acres, situated in the Kandy, Matale, and Nuwara Eliya Districts, composed chiefly of jungle, chena, and patana lands.

In the Southern Province, 28,278 acres, situated in the Hambantota District, consisting of paddy fields, chena, jungle, and garden land.

In the Eastern Province, 38,260 acres, situated in the Batticaloa and Trincomalee Districts, consisting of garden lands, paddy lands, and jungle.

In the North-Central Province, 10,270 acres, distributed throughout the Province.

In the Province of Uva, 13,936 acres, situated in the Yatikinda division, consisting of patana, chena, and paddy fields.

In the Province of Sabaragamuwa, 49,153 acres, situated in the Ratnapura and Kegalla Districts, consisting of forest and chena lands.

By His Excellency the Lieut.-Governor's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, August 5, 1901.

W. T. TAYLOR,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

WITH reference to the notice dated the 21st September, 1900, appearing in the *Gazette* of the 28th idem, relative to the importation into Great Britain of dogs brought from abroad, His EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has ordered the publication for general information of the following circular despatch and the enclosures therein referred to received from the Secretary of State for the Colonies.

By His Excellency's command,

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, February 3, 1902.

E. F. IM THURN,
Colonial Secretary.

The Right Hon. J. CHAMBERLAIN, M.P., to Governor the Right Hon. Sir J. WEST
RIDGEWAY, G.C.M.G., K.C.B., K.C.S.I.

Circular.

Downing street, December 28, 1901.

SIR,—WITH reference to my circular despatch of the 25th August, 1900, enclosing copies of a memorandum issued by the Board of Agriculture relating to the importation into Great Britain of dogs brought from abroad, I have the honour to acquaint you that the Board have informed me that, in view of the fact that rabies, whilst very prevalent abroad, is believed to have been finally eradicated in the United Kingdom, they have considered it a favourable opportunity to issue regulations which, although not differing in character from those at present in force in so far as they require all dogs landed from abroad to undergo a period of quarantine, yet lay down more specific and stringent rules

on the subject, and I accordingly transmit to you for such publication in the Colony under your Government as you may think desirable copies of the Importation of Dogs Order of 1901 and of a memorandum thereon.

2. The Board have observed that the new Order will not have full effect prior to the 15th March next, and that in the meantime the landing of dogs other than performing dogs intended to be kept in this country will be authorized on conditions substantially the same as those which have hitherto obtained.

I have, &c.,

J. CHAMBERLAIN.

Board of Agriculture.

IMPORTATION OF DOGS ORDER OF 1901.

The Board of Agriculture desire to draw the attention of local authorities and of the public generally to the provisions of this Order, which regulates the landing in Great Britain of dogs brought from any country, except Ireland, the Channel Islands, or the Isle of Man.

This Order, which consolidates and amends the Importation of Dogs Order of 1897, and the Orders amending it, takes effect from the 1st of January, 1902, except as to Article 2, which is particularly referred to hereafter. It will be observed that no imported dog is allowed to be landed in Great Britain without a license of the Board of Agriculture obtained previous to landing.

Until the 15th March next the landing of dogs will be authorized under substantially the same conditions as to detention and isolation as have hitherto obtained. After the 15th March the landing of dogs will be subject to Article 2 of the Order, which expressly provides that every imported dog must be detained and isolated at the expense of its owner upon premises in the occupation or under the control of a veterinary surgeon, which shall have been previously approved in writing by the Board for that purpose, for a period of six calendar months, during which period the dog may not be moved from the place of detention except as provided in that Article. This Article does not apply in the case of an imported dog which is intended to be exported from Great Britain within forty-eight hours, or of a performing dog, with regard to the detention and isolation of which special conditions will be imposed by the license authorizing its landing.

CONDITIONS OF LICENSES.

The Board may insert in any license granted by them authorizing the landing of an imported dog such further conditions as they think necessary or desirable for prescribing and regulating the detention and isolation of the dog, upon the place of detention authorized in the license, or for any of the purposes set forth in Article 3 of the Order.

Every dog which is brought to Great Britain from any other country, except Ireland, the Channel Islands, or the Isle of Man, and which is not accompanied by a license issued by the Board of Agriculture authorizing the landing of the dog in Great Britain, must at all times while on board a vessel in any port in Great Britain be (a) secured to some part of the vessel by a collar and chain and muzzled with a wire cage muzzle so constructed as to render it impossible for such dog while wearing the same to bite any person or animal, but not so as to prevent such dog from breathing freely or lapping water; or (b) confined in an enclosed part of the vessel from which the dog cannot escape. And if any such dog die, or be lost from such a vessel, the person in charge of the dog is required forthwith to give notice of such death or loss to the Board.

The memorandum A 160/A as to the importation of dogs into Great Britain from abroad, dated the 8th August, 1900, will cease to have effect when Article 2 of this Order comes into operation.

In order that as little inconvenience as possible may be caused in the enforcement of the Order, the Board trust that local authorities will assist them by taking steps to make its contents known as widely as possible in their districts.

4, Whitehall Place,
London, S.W.,
December 12, 1901.

T. H. ELLIOTT,
Secretary.

Order of the Board of Agriculture.

(Dated 12th December, 1901.)

IMPORTATION OF DOGS ORDER OF 1901.

The Board of Agriculture, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under the Diseases of Animals Acts, 1894 and 1896, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

Restriction on Importation of Dogs.

1. An imported dog, that is to say, a dog brought to Great Britain from any other country, except Ireland, the Channel Islands, and the Isle of Man, shall not be landed in Great Britain unless its landing is authorized by a license of the Board previously obtained, and when landed it shall be subject to the provisions of this Order, and to the conditions inserted in any license authorizing its landing.

Detention and Isolation of Imported Dogs.

2. (1) An imported dog shall, for a period of six calendar months after its landing, be detained and isolated at the expense of its owner upon premises in the occupation, or under the

control, of a veterinary surgeon, which shall have been previously approved in writing by the Board for that purpose, and such premises are in this Order referred to as the "place of detention."

(2) During the said period the dog shall not be moved from the place of detention, except to another place of detention or to a vessel for exportation, and in either case only with a license of the Board authorizing such movement.

(3) This Article shall not apply to (a) an imported dog which is shown to the satisfaction of the Board to be a *bonâ fide* performing dog, or (b) to an imported dog which is intended to be exported from Great Britain within forty-eight hours after its landing; but every such dog shall be subject to the other Articles of this Order.

(4) This Article shall come into operation on the Fifteenth day of March, One thousand Nine hundred and Two.

Conditions of License.

3. The Board may insert in any license granted by them under this Order authorizing the landing of an imported dog such conditions as they think necessary or desirable for the following purposes:—

- (i.) For prescribing and regulating the detention and isolation of the dog so far as the same is not prescribed and regulated by this Order;
- (ii.) For prescribing the person by whom and the premises on which the dog shall be detained and isolated;
- (iii.) For regulating the movement of the dog to the place of detention, or vessel for exportation, and for prohibiting or regulating its movement during a period of six calendar months after its landing, or until its exportation, as the case may be;
- (iv.) For prescribing the confinement of the dog in a suitable hamper, crate, box, or other receptacle during the movement of the dog by railway, or along a highway or thoroughfare;
- (v.) For prescribing the mode of isolation of the dog;
- (vi.) For prescribing the muzzling of the dog;
- (vii.) For prescribing the notice to be given of the death or loss of the dog, or of any matter arising in connection with the movement, detention, or isolation of the dog, and the persons by whom and to whom the notice is to be given; and
- (viii.) For prescribing the production of a license for inspection by an officer of the Board, or constable, or officer of Customs.

Notice of Detention in case of Illegal Landing.

4. (1) Where an imported dog has been landed in contravention of this Order or of any Order hereby revoked, the Board, or an Inspector of the Board, may give notice to the owner or person in charge of the dog requiring that, within a time specified in such notice, the dog shall be moved (a) to a vessel for exportation, or (b) to a place of detention for the purpose of detention and isolation in accordance with the provisions of such notice.

(2) Such provisions may be inserted in the notice as the Board may think necessary or desirable for any of the purposes mentioned in the preceding Article.

(3) A notice under this Article may, subject to any instructions issued by the Board, be given by an Inspector of the Local Authority.

(4) If the owner or person in charge of the dog, after receipt of such notice, fails to move the dog as required by the notice, he shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1894.

Withdrawal of License in cases of Default.

5. (1) If the owner or person in charge of an imported dog is convicted of an offence under this Order in relation to the dog, the Board, or an Inspector of the Board, may give notice to such owner or person in charge requiring him to move the dog to a vessel for exportation within a time specified in such notice.

(2) If the owner or person in charge of the dog, after receipt of such notice, fails to move the dog as required by the notice, he shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1894.

Re-landing prohibited of Imported Dogs moved to Vessels for Exportation.

6. An imported dog which has been moved to a vessel for exportation in accordance with a license or notice under this Order shall not be re-landed in Great Britain without a license of the Board authorizing such landing.

Seizure of Dogs in case of Default.

7. (1) If an imported dog is not detained and isolated as required by this Order, or by the conditions or provisions of any license or notice thereunder, an Inspector of the Board may seize the dog and thereupon the Board shall detain and isolate it at the place of detention specified in the license or notice, or any other place of detention selected by them in accordance with the requirements of this Order or the said conditions or provisions.

(2) If the owner of the dog does not, within ten days after the expiration of the period of detention specified in this Order or in the license or notice, claim the said dog from the Board and pay to them their expenses of detaining and isolating the dog, the Board may destroy or otherwise dispose of the dog as they think expedient.

Proceedings under Customs Acts for Unlawful Landing.

8. (1) If any person lands or attempts to land a dog in contravention of this Order, he shall be liable, under and according to the Customs Acts, to the penalties imposed on persons importing or attempting to import goods the importation whereof is prohibited by or under the Customs Acts, without prejudice to any proceedings against him under the Act of 1894 for an offence against that Act.

(2) The dog in respect whereof the offence is committed shall be forfeited under and according to the Customs Acts in like manner as goods the importation whereof is prohibited by or under the Customs Acts.

Detention of Dogs on Vessels in Port.

9. (1) Every dog to which this Article applies shall at all times while on board a vessel in any port in Great Britain be—

(a) Secured to some part of the vessel by a collar and chain and muzzled with a wire cage muzzle so constructed as to render it impossible for such dog while wearing the same to bite any person or animal, but not so as to prevent such dog from breathing freely or lapping water; or

(b) Confined in an enclosed part of the vessel from which the dog cannot escape.

(2) If any dog to which this Article applies shall die, or be lost from a vessel, in any port in Great Britain, the person in charge of the dog shall forthwith give notice of such death or loss to the Board.

(3) The provisions of this Article shall apply to every imported dog which is not accompanied by a license issued by the Board authorizing the landing of such dog in Great Britain.

Extension of certain Sections of Diseases of Animals Act, 1894.

10. Dogs shall be animals, and rabies shall be a disease, for the purposes of the following sections of the Act of 1894 (namely):—

Section 43 (powers of police);

Section 44 (powers of inspectors);

Section 56 (unlawful landing);

and also for the purposes of all other sections of the said Act containing provisions relative to or consequent on the provisions of those sections and this Order, including such sections as relate to offences and legal proceedings.

Local Authority to enforce Order.

11. The provisions of this Order, except where it is otherwise provided, shall be executed and enforced by the Local Authority.

Offences.

12. (1) If a dog is landed in contravention of this Order, the owner and the charterer and the master of the vessel from which it is landed, and the owner of the dog, and the person for the time being in charge thereof, and the person causing, directing, or permitting the landing, and the person landing the same, and the consignee or other person receiving or keeping it knowing it to have been landed in contravention as aforesaid, shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts and defaults, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1894.

(2) If a dog is moved in contravention of this Order, or of the conditions or provisions of a license or notice thereunder, the owner of the dog, and the person for the time being in charge thereof, and the person causing, directing, or permitting the movement, and the person moving the dog, and the consignee or other person receiving or keeping it knowing it to have been moved in contravention as aforesaid, and the occupier of the place from which the dog is moved, shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts and defaults, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1894.

(3) If a dog is not kept isolated as required by this Order, or by the conditions or provisions of a license or notice thereunder, the owner of the dog, and the person for the time being in charge thereof, and the occupier of the place where such dog is detained, and the person failing or neglecting to isolate the dog, shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts, defaults, or omissions, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1894.

(4) If a dog is not secured, muzzled, or confined as required by this Order, or by the conditions or provisions of a license or notice thereunder, the owner of the dog, and the person for the time being in charge thereof, and the master of any vessel on board which the dog is or has been carried to Great Britain, shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts and defaults, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1894.

(5) If a person with a view to unlawfully evade or defeat the operation of this Order, or of the conditions or provisions of a license or notice thereunder, allows a dog to stray, he shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1894.

(6) If the owner or person in charge of a dog fails to give, produce, or do any notice, license, or thing which by this Order, or by the conditions or provisions of a license or notice thereunder, he is required to give, produce, or do, he shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1894.

Revocation of Orders.

13. (1) The Orders described in the Schedule to this Order are hereby from and after the commencement of this Order revoked: Provided that such revocation shall not invalidate or make unlawful anything done under any Order hereby revoked, or affect any license or authority granted

or any right, title, obligation, or liability accrued thereunder before the commencement of this Order, or interfere with the institution or prosecution of any proceeding in respect of any offence committed against, or any penalty incurred under, any Order hereby revoked before the commencement of this Order.

(2) A license granted under any Order hereby revoked shall, from and after the commencement of this Order, have effect as if it had been granted under this Order, and may be enforced accordingly.

Interpretation.

14. In this Order, unless the context otherwise requires,—

“The Board” means the Board of Agriculture;

“The Act of 1894” means the Diseases of Animals Act, 1894;

“Master” includes a person having the charge or command of a vessel;

Other terms have the same meaning as in the Act of 1894.

Extent.

15. Except where otherwise expressed, this Order extends to Great Britain.

Commencement.

16. This Order (except Article 2 thereof) shall come into operation on the First day of January, One thousand Nine hundred and Two.

Short Title.

17. This Order may be cited as the Importation of Dogs Order of 1901.

In witness whereof the Board of Agriculture have hereunto set their Official Seal this Twelfth day of December, One thousand Nine hundred and One.

T. H. ELLIOTT,
Secretary.

L.S.

SCHEDULE.

No.	Date.	Orders Revoked.	Short Title.
5,611	... May 7, 1897	... The Importation of Dogs Order of 1897.	
5,810	... June 14, 1898	... The Importation of Dogs (Amendment) Order of 1898.	
6,194	... December 5, 1900	... The Importation of Dogs (Amendment) Order of 1900.	

Diseases of Animals Acts, 1894 and 1896.

IMPORTATION OF DOGS INTO GREAT BRITAIN.

On and after the 1st day of January, 1902, the landing in Great Britain of dogs from abroad will only be permitted subject to the provisions of the Importation of Dogs Order of 1901, which in effect requires that after the 15th of March next every imported dog shall be detained and isolated at the expense of its owner upon premises in the occupation, or under the control, of a veterinary surgeon for a period of six calendar months from the date of landing.

Until the 15th of March next dogs will be allowed to land upon conditions substantially the same as at present.

The disease of rabies having ceased to exist both in Great Britain and in Ireland, it has become of the utmost importance that the most effective steps should be taken to prevent its re-introduction from abroad, and the Board have felt it incumbent upon them, in the interests of dog owners in this country, to amend their regulations in the manner above described, and to warn persons who may propose to travel that after the above-mentioned date the isolation and detention of dogs on the private premises of their owners can no longer be sanctioned.

By the Dogs (Landing from Ireland) Revocation Order of 1901 the restrictions on the movement of dogs between Ireland and Great Britain have been removed.

Board of Agriculture,
4, Whitehall Place,
London, S.W.,
December, 1901.

T. H. ELLIOTT,
Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS DEPARTMENTAL NOTICES.

PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE at the Government Record Office, Colombo :—

Legal.

In three volumes, bound in leather, price Rs. 22.50 the set,

A NEW AND REVISED EDITION OF
THE LEGISLATIVE ENACTMENTS OF CEYLON,

Containing the

Proclamations, Regulations, Ordinances, and Charters in force in Ceylon on the 12th day of October, 1900.

Vol. I.—Proclamation of Sept. 1799 to Ordinance 9 of 1879.

Vol. II.—Ordinances 1 of 1880 to 24 of 1889.

Vol. III.—Ordinances 3 of 1890 to 8 of 1900.

Index to the above, in paper cover, 25 cents.

Volume IV.

Rs. c.

Part I.—Ordinances 9 of 1900 to 12 of 1901 ... 0 65

LEGISLATIVE ENACTMENTS (OLD EDITION).*Old Volume I.*

All Proclamations, Regulations, and Ordinances in force in the Colony on 12th January, 1870 ... 15 0

Old Volume II.

Part	From	To	Rs.	c.
1	6 of 1870	9 of 1871	1	0
2	10 of 1871	28 of 1871	1	0
3	1 of 1872	7 of 1873	1	0
4	8 of 1873	23 of 1873	1	0
5	1 of 1874	3 of 1875	1	0
6	4 of 1875	3 of 1876	1	0
7	4 of 1876	4 of 1877	1	0
8	5 of 1877	8 of 1877	0	50
10	1 of 1878	16 of 1878	1	0
11	1 of 1879	15 of 1879	1	0

Old Volume III.

1	1 of 1880	17 of 1880	1	0
2	1 of 1881	18 of 1881	1	0
3	1 of 1882	16 of 1882	1	0
4	1 of 1883	18 of 1884	3	0
5	19 of 1884	11 of 1885	1	0

Old Volume IV.

2	9 of 1886	7 of 1887	1	0
3	8 of 1887	2 of 1888	0	40

Old Volume V.

1	16 of 1889	8 of 1890	0	85
2	9 of 1890	1 of 1891	0	45
3	2 of 1891	8 of 1892	0	95
4	9 of 1892	28 of 1892	0	60
5	1 of 1893	4 of 1894	0	55

Ordinances 5 of 1894 to 3 of 1895 ... 0 75

Ordinances 4 of 1895 to 4 of 1896 ... 1 0

Ordinances 4 of 1897 to 17 of 1898 ... 2 0

Ordinances 18 of 1898 to 3 of 1899 ... 0 25

Ordinances 4 of 1899 to 8 of 1900 ... 1 0

Special Editions of the following, with Tables of Sections and Indices, in paper covers, are obtainable :—

The Penal Code (2 of 1883) ... 2 0

Do. in Sinhalese or Tamil, each ... 1 0

The Courts Ordinance (1 of 1889) ... 0 50

The Civil Procedure Code (2 of 1889), but without Index ... 3 50

The Criminal Procedure Code (15 of 1898) ... 3 0

Do. bound in leather ... 4 50

Do. Index in separate form ... 1 0

The Evidence Act (14 of 1895) ... 0 60

Separate copies of Ordinances (in English where available, and, where translations have been published, in Sinhalese and Tamil) may be obtained at 5 cents for every 8 pages or portion thereof. Rs. c.

Municipal Councils' Ordinance (7 of 1887) ... 0 50

Ramanathan's Reports, 3 vols. ... each Vol. 22 0

Tiruvilangam's Digest of Cases, first 7 Parts ... 7 50

Institutes of the Laws of Ceylon—Vol. I. ... 10 0

Colonial and Departmental Papers.

Copies of Government Minutes, Notifications, Regulations, &c., for every 8 pages octavo or 4 pages quarto ... 0 5

Epitome of Government Minutes, Circulars, and Notifications, 1872-87 ... 1 0

Do. 1888-95 ... 0 50

Epitome of Proclamations, Notifications, &c., promulgated during 1894 ... 1 0

Do. do. 1895 ... 0 40

Do. do. 1896 ... 0 75

Do. do. 1897 ... 0 50

Do. do. 1898 ... 0 70

Do. do. 1899 ... 0 70

Do. do. 1900 ... 0 80

Colonial Office List (annual) ... 7 50

Ceylon Civil List (annual) ... 1 0

Ceylon Blue Book (annual) ... 10 0

Administration Reports (annual), bound volumes ... 10 0

Do. single reports ... each 4 pp. 0 5

Sessional Papers, bound volumes ... 10 0

Do. single papers ... each 4 pp. 0 5

Index to Sessional Papers, 1855 to 1894 ... 0 35

Reports of the Temple Lands Commissioners, 1857 to 1858 ... 0 50

Papers relating to Buddhist Temporalities, 1876 ... 1 0

Census of Ceylon, 1891 (in 3 Parts) the set ... 12 0

Governors' Addresses, Vol. III., 1877-1890 ... 10 0

Register of Books printed in Ceylon and registered under Ordinance No. 1 of 1885 :—

Part I., 1885-88 ... 1 25

Part II., 1888-92 ... 1 40

Part III., 1892-94 ... 1 50

Part IV., 1894-97 ... 1 50

Gazetteers, Maps, &c.

Gazetteer of the Western Province ... 0 50

District Manuals :—

Mannar, by the late W. J. S. Boake, C.C.S. ... 1 0

Uva, by H. White, C.C.S. ... 2 50

Nuwara Eliya, by C. J. R. Le Mesurier, C.C.S. ... 5 0

Vanni Districts, by J. P. Lewis, C.C.S. ... 5 0

North-Central Province, by R. W. Ievers, C.C.S. ... 2 50

Itinerary of Ceylon Roads :—

Part II.—Minor Roads (1888), without Map ... 3 0

Maps of the Galle, Batticaloa, Ratnapura, Kegalla, Matara, and Chilaw Districts ... each 2 50

Archæology, &c.

Dr. Müller's Report on Inscriptions of Ceylon :—

Text ... 5 0

Plates ... 5 0

Architectural Remains of Anuradhapura (with

Plates), by J. G. Smither, F.R.I.B.A. :—

In boards ... 40 0

In cloth ... 60 0

Return of Architectural and Archæological

Remains and other Antiquities in Ceylon ... 1 20

Reports on the Archæological Survey of Ceylon :—

Kegalla District ... 6 0

Anuradhapura (I.) ... 0 50

Do. (II.) ... 1 0

Do. (III.) ... 1 60

Do. (IV.) ... 1 5

Do. (V.) ... 2 20

Do. (VI.) ... 2 0

Do. (VII.) ... 4 0

Lapidarium Zeyanicum ... 31 50

Natural History, &c.	Rs. c.
Report on Brown Scale (or Bug) on Coffee ...	1 0
The Green-Scale Bug in connection with the Cultivation of Coffee.—Observations by Mr. E. Ernest Green (illustrated) ...	1 0
The Flora of Ceylon, by Dr. Trimen :— Parts III., IV., and V. (with Plates) each Part	20 0
The Kitul Palm and its Uses, by T. B. Pohath-Kehelpannala ...	0 15
Cocoanut Cultivation (in Sinhalese) ...	0 50
Lepidoptera of Ceylon, in 13 Parts (with coloured Plates) ... each Part	14 50
Report on the Ceylon Pearl Fisheries ...	1 35
Ceylon Medical College Syllabus Series :— Vol. I., Practical Physiological Chemistry ...	1 0

Oriental Literature.

The Mahawansa :—	
Original Pali Text, Part I. ...	7 50
Do. Part II. ...	7 50
Sinhalese Translation, Part I. ...	5 0
Do. Part II. ...	5 0
Wijesinha's English Translation of Part II., with Turnour's Translation of Part I. ...	7 50
The Mahawansa Tikā, with Mahawansa Pali	7 50
Saddharmalankaraya (Sinhalese)...	2 0
Extracts from the "Pujawaliya" (English) ...	1 0
Do. do. (Sinhalese) ...	0 75
Nitinighanduwa (English) ...	1 0
Do. (Sinhalese) ...	1 0
Moggallana Panthika Pradina (Pali) ...	1 0
Mugdhabodha Wyakarana (Sanskrit) ...	5 0
Mukhamatta Dipani (Pal.) ...	5 0
Kawilumina (Sinhalese) ...	1 50
Ablahanappadipika, a Dictionary of the Pali Language ...	3 0
Catalogue of Pali, Sinhalese, and Sanscrit Manuscripts in Temple Libraries ...	0 50
Alwis's Descriptive Catalogue of Sanscrit, Pali, and Sinhalese Works ...	5 0
The Rajawaliya : or, a Historical Narrative of Sinhalese Kings (in English and in Sinhalese) ... each	0 75
The Tesawalamai ...	0 50
Dravidian Comparative Grammar ...	13 0
Glossary of Native Words occurring in Official Documents (second edition) ...	0 50
Do. (third edition) ...	0 30
Pybus's Mission to Kandy ...	0 50
Papers on the Custom of Polyandry as practised in Ceylon ...	0 15

Rules, Tables, Tariffs, &c.

Regulations under the Merchandise and Trade Marks Ordinance (13 of 1888) ...	0 15
Petroleum Rules ...	0 10
Customs Monthly Returns (single copy) ...	1 0
Do. (12 months' subscription) ...	10 0
Customs Annual Returns ...	1 60
Customs Tariff ...	0 10
Index to Customs Tariff ...	0 25
Customs Regulations ...	0 25
Rules of the Public Service Mutual Guarantee Association ...	0 10
Tables for calculating Pensions under the Widows' and Orphans' Pension Fund ...	0 25
Exchange Compensation Tables ...	0 50
Headman's Act Book (English) ...	1 0
Do. (Sinhalese) ...	1 0

Application for any publication in the above List should be made to the *Government Recordkeeper*, at the Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo, and should be accompanied by payment in advance.

Payments should be made by Post Office Order, Government Draft, or Cheque on a Colombo Bank. *Stamps will not be accepted in payment.*

A. G. CLAYTON,
Government Recordkeeper.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, November, 1901.

THE CEYLON GOVERNMENT GAZETTE is published every *Friday* at the Government Printing Office, Colombo.

The Subscription, Rs. 3 per quarter, is payable in advance to the Government Printer, and can only be booked to terminate at the end of a quarter.

Single copies, when available, 25 cents each.

Charges for approved Advertisements, payable in advance.

	Rs. c.
A column ...	7 50
Two-thirds of a column ...	5 0
Half a column ...	4 0
For small notices not exceeding 20 lines (9 words as a rule to the line) ...	2 50

Second and third insertions (consecutive), two-thirds and one-half, respectively, of the above rates.

Cheques on outstation Banks must include usual Bank commission.

Advertisements should reach the Government Printer before noon on *Thursday*.

THE NEW LAW REPORTS, issued by authority. Subscription, Rs. 10 per volume of twelve Parts and Digest, payable in advance to the Government Printer. Volumes I., II., III., and IV. are available for sale at the Government Printing Office, price Rs. 10 unbound, or Rs. 12.60 per volume bound in full leather.

Back Numbers and Volumes of THE SUPREME COURT CIRCULAR (publication of which was discontinued on December 31, 1891) are also on sale at the Government Printing Office, as follows :—

	Rs. c.
Volume I., unbound ...	3 25
Volumes II. to IX., unbound, each ...	6 50
Separate Numbers, each ...	0 25

For all other Government Publications application should be made to the Government Recordkeeper, Colonial Secretary's Office, Colombo.

H. C. COTTLE,
Acting Government Printer.

THE "KEW BULLETIN" of miscellaneous information is issued as an occasional publication from the Royal Gardens at Kew.

It contains notes on the economic products of plants which have been made the subject of particular study and investigation at Kew, and it is intended to be a means of communication to persons interested in Botanical subjects and products in India and the Colonies.

The "Bulletin" is published in London by Messrs. Eyre & Spottiswoode, East Harding street, Fleet street, E.C., and 32, Abingdon street, S.W., and it may be obtained directly from them or through any bookseller.

Price 4d. per copy. By post, 5d. per copy.

Back numbers, previous to January, 1893, 2d. per copy when available.

The price of the Annual Volume of the "KEW BULLETIN" for each year, with rates of postage, is as follows :—

Price.	Price including Postage.	
	United Kingdom.	Foreign and Colonial.
s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
3 0	3 4½	3 6½

The annual Volumes for 1887 to 1890 are out of print and cannot now be supplied.

The Index to the first five volumes, being Appendix IV., 1891, may be had separately, price 3d.

The "Bulletin" is also sold by John Menzies & Co., of Edinburgh and Glasgow; and Hodges, Figgis & Co., Limited, of Dublin.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Colombo, November, 1901.

Return of Immigrants in the Port of Colombo, showing their Destinations, Trades, and Occupations, for the Half-year ended December 31, 1901.

TRADES AND OCCUPATIONS.	For Colombo.				For Kandy and Stations beyond.				For Ratnapura and Stations beyond.			
	Men.	Women.	Total Adults.	Children.	Infants.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total Adults.	Children.	Infants.	Total.
Boatmen and families	178	3	181	11	—	192	—	—	—	—	—	—
Brassfounders and families	11	4	15	3	—	18	—	—	—	—	—	—
Barbers and families	67	5	72	7	—	79	—	—	—	—	—	—
Butlers and families	21	1	22	1	2	25	—	—	—	—	—	—
Butchers and families	11	1	12	2	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	—
Blacksmiths and families	2	2	4	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—
Clerks and families	52	3	55	—	—	55	—	—	—	—	—	—
Constables and families	7	1	8	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cooks and families	60	2	62	4	1	67	2	2	4	1	5	—
Catechists and families	5	1	6	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
Carpenters and families	28	6	34	—	—	35	—	—	—	—	—	—
Conductors and families	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	6	12	2	17	—
Coolies (estate) and families	8185	596	8781	372	129	9282	12987	4493	17480	2713	1501	21694
Coolies (miscellaneous) and families	53	15	68	11	6	85	—	—	—	—	—	—
Domestic servants and families	210	12	222	6	2	230	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dispensers and families	1	3	4	2	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pyers and families	1	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fishermen and families	328	2	330	18	1	349	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fortune-tellers and families	67	17	84	5	1	90	—	—	—	—	—	—
Farriers and families	10	1	11	—	—	11	—	—	—	—	—	—
Goldsmiths and families	63	6	69	8	—	77	—	—	—	—	—	—
Horsekeepers and families	198	16	214	16	5	235	—	—	—	—	—	—
Jugglers and families	14	4	18	4	1	23	—	—	—	—	—	—
Masons and families	12	10	22	—	2	24	—	—	—	—	—	—
Oilmongers and families	33	1	34	5	—	39	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pilgrims and families	84	6	90	5	2	97	—	—	—	—	—	—
Potters and families	10	3	13	3	1	17	—	—	—	—	—	—
Priests and families	6	—	6	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
Soldiers and families	53	9	62	1	—	63	—	—	—	—	—	—
Shoemakers and families	13	5	18	1	1	20	—	—	—	—	—	—
Toddy-drawers and families	305	4	309	6	1	316	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tailors and families	70	27	97	15	8	120	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tailors and families	3	1	4	2	1	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tom-tom beaters and families	21897	1788	23685	1572	446	25703	4	—	4	—	—	—
Traders (miscellaneous) and families	1	1	2	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—
Weavers and families	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total for the second half-year ended December 31, 1901	32059	2556	34615	2081	613	37309	12999	4501	17500	2716	1504	21720
Total for the first half-year ended June 30, 1901	28306	2883	30889	1757	620	33066	12543	4571	17114	2917	1394	21425
Total for the year	60365	4939	65304	3838	1233	70375	25542	9072	34614	5633	2898	43145

Total for the year

Return of Immigrants in the Port of Colombo, &c.—*contd.*

TRADES AND OCCUPATIONS.	For Kalutara and Stations beyond.						For Galle and Stations beyond.						Total Immigrants for Colombo, Kandy, Ratnapura, Kalutara, and Galle.					
	Men.	Women.	Total Adults.	Children.	Infants.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total Adults.	Children.	Infants.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total Adults.	Children.	Infants.	Total.
	Boatmen and families													178	3	181	11	
Brassfounders and families													11		15	3		18
Barbers and families													67	5	72	7		79
Butlers and families													24		25	1	2	28
Butchers and families													11	1	12	2		14
Blacksmiths and families													2	2	4			4
Clerks and families													52	3	55			55
Constables and families													62	4	66	5		72
Catechists and families													5	1	6		1	7
Carpenters and families													28	6	34		1	35
Conductors and families													6	6	12	2	3	17
Conduits and families	810	309	1119	289	118	1476	186	79	265	35	18	318	14952	5163	20115	3152	1717	24984
Coolies (estate) and families													8185	596	8781	372	129	9282
Coolies (miscellaneous) and families													53	15	68	11	6	85
Dobbies and families													210	12	222	6	2	230
Domestic servants and families													1	3	4	2		6
Dispensers and families													1		1	1		2
Dyers and families													328	2	330	18	1	349
Fishermen and families													67	17	84	5	1	90
Fortune-tellers and families													10	1	11		1	12
Farrers and families													63	6	69	8		77
Goldsmiths and families													198	16	214	16	5	235
Horsekeepers and families													14	4	18	4	1	23
Jugglers and families													12	10	22		2	32
Masons and families													33	1	34	5		39
Oilmongers and families													84	6	90	5	2	97
Pilgrims and families													10	3	13	3	1	17
Potters and families													6		6			6
Priests and families													53	9	62	1		63
Soldiers and families													13	5	18	1	1	20
Shoemakers and families													305	4	309	6	1	316
Toddy-drawers and families													70	27	97	15	8	120
Tailors and families													3	1	4	2	1	7
Tom-tom beaters and families													21901	1798	23689	1572	406	25707
Traders (miscellaneous) and families													1	1	2			2
Weavers and families													810	309	1119	239	118	1476
													403	139	542	64	38	644
													1213	448	1661	303	156	2120
													269	101	370	56	21	447
													186	79	265	35	18	318
													83	22	105	21	3	129
													89289	15167	104456	10207	4478	119140
Total for the second half-year ended December 31, 1901													7727	54753	5236	2333	62322	
Total for the first half-year ended June 30, 1901													7440	49703	4971	2144	56818	
Total for the year													15167	104456	10207	4478	119140	

Return showing the different Ports from which the Estate Coolies have arrived for the Half-year ended December 31, 1901.

	<i>From Tuticorin.</i>						Total.
	Men.	Women.	Total Adults.	Children.	Infants.		
For the second half-year ended December 31, 1901	9,859	3,262	13,121	2,165	1,056	16,342	
For the first half-year ended June 30, 1901	9,657	3,418	13,075	2,373	1,077	16,525	
Total for the year	19,516	6,680	26,196	4,538	2,133	32,867	
<i>From Tondi.</i>							
For the second half-year ended December 31, 1901	1,385	535	1,920	249	153	2,322	
For the first half-year ended June 30, 1901	1,070	430	1,500	201	104	1,805	
Total for the year	2,455	965	3,420	450	257	4,127	
<i>From Ammapatam.</i>							
For the second half-year ended December 31, 1901	3,639	1,341	4,980	729	498	6,207	
For the first half-year ended June 30, 1901	3,126	1,180	4,306	624	335	5,265	
Total for the year	6,765	2,521	9,286	1,353	833	11,472	
<i>From Paumben.</i>							
For the second half-year ended December 31, 1901	69	25	94	9	10	113	
For the first half-year ended June 30, 1901	86	25	111	14	7	132	
Total for the year	155	50	205	23	17	246	
<i>Total Estate Coolies from Tuticorin, Tondi, Ammapatam, and Paumben.</i>							
For the second half-year ended December 31, 1901	13,939	5,053	18,992	3,212	1,523	23,727	
For the first half-year ended June 30, 1901	14,952	5,163	19,115	3,152	1,717	24,984	
Total for the year	28,891	10,216	38,107	6,364	3,240	48,711	

Cooly Depôt,
Colombo, January 11, 1902.J. DONNAN,
Immigrant Agent.

Receipts and Payments of the Kandy Scots Kirk Trust Fund for the Year ending December 31, 1901.

	Amount.		Total.
	Rs.	c.	
RECEIPTS.			
Balance on December 31, 1900	63 1
Session grant	...	120 0	
Pew rent	...	108 50	
			228 50
			291 51
PAYMENTS.			
Servant's wages	...	150 40	
Rattaning pews	...	7 18	
Fixing iron railings	...	1 50	
Repairs to kirk and manse	...	19 56	
Repairs to organ	...	1 0	
Petty expenses	...	1 29	
			180 53
Balance on December 31, 1901	110 98

We certify that we have examined the above accounts and found them correct:

Kandy, January 2, 1902.

JAS. R. WIGHT,
JNO. H. SCHOKMAN, } Auditors.C. A. JANSEN,
Treasurer to Trustees.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application has been received from Mr. D. B. Jayatilaka for the transfer of the Kandy Vernacular Girls' School from its present site to house No. 27 in Hill street, Kandy. Observations will be received not later than February 18, 1902.

J. HARWARD,
Acting Director of Public Instruction.
Office of the Director of Public Instruction,
Colombo, January 30, 1902.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application has been received from the Very Rev. J. Cooreman for the registration of the Deniyaya Vernacular Boys' School as a Mixed School.

Deniyaya is in Morawak korale, Southern Province. Observations will be received not later than February 18, 1902.

J. HARWARD,
Acting Director of Public Instruction.
Office of the Director of Public Instruction,
Colombo, January 30, 1902.

THE following alteration in the Government Stores Price List is published for general information :—
Shirting, gray, No. 8 ... 15 cents a yard
F. W. VANE,
Controller of Government Stores.
Government Stores,
Colombo, January 27, 1902.

THE CEYLON MEDICAL COLLEGE.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Preliminary Examination.

THE Preliminary Examination for Medical Students of either sex will begin on March 17, 1902. The last day for entry is March 1, 1902.

The following is an extract from the Examination Regulations :—

The Preliminary.—This examination is held once a year in the third week in March. Before admission to the preliminary the candidate must present to the Registrar not later than March 1 the following certificates :—

- (1) Certificate of having attained 16 years of age.
- (2) Certificate from one of his teachers of being of good character.

The candidate must pay the examination fee of Rs. 15 into the account of the Principal, the Ceylon Medical College, at the Bank of Madras, Colombo, and a receipt must be obtained, and must be forwarded with the application. The candidate will then receive a ticket bearing a number, which will admit him to the examination.

Subjects of the Examination.

1. English Language, including Grammar and Composition.
2. Latin, including Grammar, translation from specified author (the author selected is Livy, Book XXII.), and translation of easy passages not taken from such author.
3. Mathematics, comprising Arithmetic; Algebra as far as simple equations inclusive; Geometry, the subject-matter of Euclid, Books I., II., and III., and easy deductions.
4. One of the following optional subjects: Greek, French, German, Italian, Sinhalese, Tamil. The questions on optional subjects include Grammar, easy translation from and into English.

Scheme of the Examination.

First Day	... {	9-12 A.M. English Language.	...
		2-4 P.M. English Essay.	
Second Day	... {	9-12 A.M. Latin, prescribed book.	
		Unseen translation.	
		2-4 P.M. Latin Grammar, English into Latin.	
Third Day	... {	9-12 A.M. Arithmetic and Algebra.	
		2-4 P.M. Geometry.	
Fourth Day	... {	9-12 A.M. Optional subjects.	

Results of the Examination.

In publishing the results the names of the candidates will be placed in two classes, first and second. Those in the first, in order of merit; and those in the second, alphabetically.

The Preliminary Examination Prizes.

The highest candidate in the first class, provided he obtains a sufficient number of marks, shall be awarded Government scholarship entitling him to three years' free education at the Ceylon Medical College; the second shall receive a medal.

Examination Papers.

Copies of previous examination papers may be obtained on application to the Registrar.

Examinations accepted in lieu of the Preliminary.

The following examinations are accepted in lieu of the Preliminary Examination, provided that they include all the above subjects, and that these subjects have all been passed at one and the same time. Schoolmasters and teachers are particularly warned that the optional subject must be a modern language, and that Logic, Science, &c., are not recognized in place of such language :—

- (1) The Matriculation Examination of any recognized University of Great Britain, of the University of Bombay.
- (2) The First Examination in Arts of the University of Calcutta, Madras.
- (3) The Entrance Examination of Punjab, Allahabad.
- (4) The Senior or Junior Local Examinations of the University of Oxford or of Cambridge.
- (5) The Examination of the College of Preceptors for a First Class Certificate.
- (6) The Matriculation Examination of some University of Australia, New Zealand, Cape of Good Hope, &c.
- (7) Some Examination of Foreign Universities in Europe.
- (8) The Examination for the Secondary Education Certificate of the Egyptian Government.

For further details with regard to (5) and (6) consult the Registrar.

Colombo, November 22, 1901.

ALBERT J. CHALMERS,
Registrar, Ceylon Medical College.

THE CEYLON MEDICAL COLLEGE.
APOTHECARY DEPARTMENT.*Preliminary Examination.*

THE Preliminary Examination for Apothecary Students of either sex will begin on March 17, 1902. The last day for entry is March 1, 1902.

The following is an extract from the Examination Regulations :—

Apothecaries' Preliminary Examination.—This examination is held once a year in the third week in March. Before admission to the Preliminary Examination a candidate must present to the Registrar not later than March 1 the following certificates :—

- (1) Certificate of having attained 16 years of age.
- (1) Certificate of being of good character.

He must pay a fee of Rs. 10 into the account of the Principal, the Ceylon Medical College, at the Bank of Madras, Colombo, and a receipt must be obtained and forwarded with the application. The candidate will then receive a ticket bearing a number, which will admit him to the examination.

Subjects of the Examination.

1. English Language :—

- (a) English Grammar.
- (b) Writing from Dictation.
- (c) Writing of an Essay.

2. Arithmetic :—

Numbers, Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Division, Least Common Multiple, Greatest Common Measure, Vulgar and Decimal Fractions, Weights and Measures, Money Tables Practice, Simple Proportion.

3. One of the following languages :—

Tamil or Sinhalese.

Scheme of the Examination.

First Day ... { 9-11 A.M. English Grammar.
2-4 P.M. Dictation and Essay.

Second Day... { 9-11 A.M. Arithmetic.
2-4 P.M. Selected Language.

The highest candidate in the first class will receive a Government scholarship entitling him to free attendance at the first and second examinations, and the second will receive a silver medal.

Examinations accepted in lieu of the Apothecaries' Preliminary.

- (1) The College of Preceptors' Examination for the Second Class Certificate.
- (2) The Junior Oxford or Cambridge Local Examination.
- (3) The Eighth Standard Ceylon Government Examination. (Certificates must be signed by the Director of Public Instruction.)
- (4) The Medical Preliminary Examination of the Ceylon Medical College.

Colombo, November 22, 1901.

ALBERT J. CHALMERS,
Registrar, Ceylon Medical College.

NOTICES CALLING FOR TENDERS.

SEALD Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for supplying Calves for Vaccination," will be received up to 12 noon on Wednesday, February 26, 1902, from persons willing to contract for the supply of six calves, more or less, as may be required every month from date of acceptance of tender to December 31, 1902.

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

3. The calves must be delivered at the animal vaccination depôt, Kandy. They should be under one year old, perfectly weaned, stout, and healthy, and without any eruption on the skin. Any calf not answering to the above description will be rejected.

4. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application at this office, or to

the Colonial Surgeon, Kandy, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form.

A deposit of Rs. 15 will be required before any form of tender is issued; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit shall be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned upon the signature of a contract.

Cash security to the extent of Rs 50 will be required for the due fulfilment of the contract.

For further particulars apply to the Colonial Surgeon, Kandy.

A. PERRY,
Principal Civil Medical Officer
and Inspector-General of Hospitals.

Principal Civil Medical Office,
Colombo, February 4, 1902.

SEALÉD Tenders, marked on the envelopes "Tender for provisioning Hospital," will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Wednesday, February 25, 1902, from persons willing to contract for supplies for the use of the under-mentioned Government Civil Hospital from date of acceptance of tender to December 31, 1902:—

	Security in Cash.
	Rs.
Civil Hospital, Anuradhapura 250

2. Tenders should be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

3. The tenders are to be made upon forms which will be supplied upon application to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals, or to the Medical Officer in charge of the hospital, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form, and the tender and the schedules attached thereto, each signed in the presence of two respectable witnesses.

4. Every tenderer will be required to make a deposit (on applying for forms) of half the amount of security; and should any person decline to enter into the contract and bond after he has tendered, or fail to furnish approved security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown. All other deposits will be returned after the contract has been signed. The deposit must be made at the Treasury or Kachcheri, and the deposit receipt must be produced to the officer issuing the form as his authority for making the issue. In stations where there are no Kachcheries the deposit must be made to the Medical Officer in charge of the hospital.

5. Provisions should be of the best quality, approvable by the Medical Officer of the hospital.

6. When required, samples must be deposited.

7. The successful tenderers will be required to give cash security as given opposite the name of each station, and to sign the bond given in the tender for the due fulfilment of each contract within a fortnight from date of notification of acceptance of the tenders. The amount deposited for tender forms will form part of the cash security, which will be deposited in the Colombo Kachcheri to credit of the Hon. the Treasurer. Those contractors who are required to furnish security to the extent of Rs. 500 and over may have their securities lodged in fixed deposits, if they so desire, in any one of the local banks which they must elect, the deposit being in the name of the Hon. the Treasurer. It is left to the option of the successful tenderer to substitute at any time thereafter for cash deposited by him approved title deeds and to enter into a fresh security bond at his expense.

8. In case any person makes any alterations in his tender before forwarding it, such alteration should invariably bear his initials, otherwise the tender will be treated as informal and rejected.

9. Any further information can be obtained on application to the Principal Civil Medical Officer and Inspector-General of Hospitals.

10. The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and the right of accepting any portion of a tender.

ALLAN PERRY,
Principal Civil Medical Officer
and Inspector-General of Hospitals.

Principal Civil Medical Office,
Colombo, February 4, 1902.

TENDERS will be received by the Hon. the Auditor-General and the Provincial Engineer of the Northern Province for the under-mentioned works in the Northern Province up to noon on March 14, 1902.

2. Tenders must be sealed and endorsed on the envelopes "Tender for Works, Northern Province."

3. Tenders must be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Provincial Engineer and

the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General both being required to be forwarded at the same time, and each work should be applied for in a separate tender form.

4. Tenders must be on forms which may be obtained at the office of the Provincial Engineer, Northern Province, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained.

5. Parties applying for form of tender will be required to deposit the sum of Rs. 50 either at the Treasury or the Kachcheri and produce a receipt for the same. Should the party fail to submit, in accordance with the terms of the specification, a *bona fide* tender, or to enter into the necessary contract, the sum of Rs. 50 will be forfeited by way of ascertained and liquidated damages.

6. Plans and specifications may be seen, and further information obtained, on application at the Provincial Engineer's office at Jaffna.

7. Before any tender is accepted the contractor will be required to sign a contract to execute and perform the works in accordance with the specification and the general conditions therein set forth, and to deposit the sum of 10 per cent. of the contract for the due and faithful performance of the contract within ten days of receiving notice in writing signed by the Provincial Engineer of the Northern Province that the Government is prepared to accept his tender.

8. The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

WORKS REFERRED TO.

Alterations and Additions to Buildings.

1. Improvements, Mannar Police station.

New Roads.

2. Paranthan-Mullaittiyn road.
3. Coast road, Mantai-Illupaikadavai road deviation.
4. Coast road, northern portion to Puneryn.

Additions and Improvements to Roads.

5. Mannar to Pesalai.
6. Vavuniya-Parayanalankulam road.
7. Mullaittivu, new trace.

Miscellaneous.

8. Repairs to Jaffna and Mannar forts.

J. McDONNELL,
Public Works Department, Provincial Engineer.
Jaffna, January 25, 1902.

TENDERS will be received by the Hon. the Auditor-General and the Provincial Engineer of the Eastern Province for building a resthouse at Kalmunai, in the Eastern Province, up to noon on Friday, February 14, 1902.

2. Tenders must be sealed and endorsed on the envelopes "Tender for building a Resthouse at Kalmunai, Eastern Province."

3. Tenders must be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Provincial Engineer and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

4. Tenders must be on forms which may be obtained at the office of the Provincial Engineer, Eastern Province, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained.

5. Parties applying for forms of tender will be required to deposit the sum of Rs. 50 either at the Treasury or the Kachcheri and produce a receipt for the same. Should the party fail to submit, in accordance with the terms of the specification, a *bona fide* tender, or to enter into the necessary contract, the sum of Rs. 50 deposited will be forfeited by way of ascertained and liquidated damages.

6. Plans and specifications may be seen, and further information obtained, on application at the Provincial Engineer's office at Batticaloa.

7. Before any tender is accepted the contractor will be required to sign a contract to execute and perform the works in accordance with the specification and the general

conditions therein set forth, and to deposit a sum of rupees to be fixed by the Provincial Engineer according to the amount of the tender for the due and faithful performance of the contract within ten days of receiving notice in writing signed by the Provincial Engineer of the Eastern Province that the Government is prepared to accept his tender.

8. The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

9. Time required for the completion of the work should be stated in the tenders. Tenders not giving this information will be rejected.

10. Any alterations made in the tender should bear the initials of the tenderers, and all tenders containing alterations not bearing the tenderer's initials will be treated as informal and rejected.

H. F. TOMALIN,
Provincial Engineer, Eastern Province.

Public Works Department,
January 29, 1902.

TENDERS will be received by the Hon. the Auditor-General and the Provincial Engineer of the Western Province for (1) building new kitchens, Kew Barracks; and (2) building new cooly lines and overseer's quarters, Kalutara District, in the Western Province, up to noon on Monday, February 24, 1902.

2. Tenders must be sealed and endorsed on the envelopes "Tender for Works, Western Province, 1902."

3. Tenders must be submitted in duplicate, the original being forwarded to the Provincial Engineer and the duplicate direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being required to be forwarded at the same time.

4. Tenders must be on forms which may be obtained at the office of the Provincial Engineer, Western Province, and no tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained.

5. Parties applying for form of tender will be required to deposit the sum of Rs. 50 either at the Treasury or the Kachcheri and produce a receipt for the same. Should the party fail to submit, in accordance with the terms of the specification, a *bona fide* tender, or to enter into the necessary contract, the sum of Rs. 50 deposited will be forfeited by way of ascertained and liquidated damages.

6. Plans and specifications may be seen, and further information obtained, on application at the Provincial Engineer's office at Gunter House, Darley lane, Maradana.

7. Before any tender is accepted the contractor will be required to sign a contract to execute and perform the works in accordance with the specification and the general conditions therein set forth, and to deposit a sum of one-tenth of the amount of tender for the due and faithful performance of the contract within ten days of receiving notice in writing signed by the Provincial Engineer of the Western Province that the Government is prepared to accept his tender.

8. The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

9. Time required for completion of work should be stated in tender.

H. B. CHRISTIE,
Provincial Engineer.

Public Works Department,
Colombo, February 3, 1902.

Forest Department, North-Western Circle.

SUPPLY OF FIREWOOD, 1902.

SEALED Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for the supply of Firewood," will be received up to noon on Friday, February 14, 1902, from persons willing to contract to carry out the under-mentioned work during 1902:—

To fell and transport 2,000 cubic yards of firewood from Habbilikanda to the Railway line at the 41½ milepost.

Any person wishing to tender for the above work should deposit in the Kurunegala Kachcheri the sum of Rs. 20 and submit the receipt to the Assistant Conservator

of Forests, North-Western Circle, Kurunegala, who will thereupon issue to him the forms on which the tenders must be made. No tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained.

The original tender must be sent to the Assistant Conservator of Forests and the duplicate of it to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being despatched at the same time.

Should the person tendering decline to enter into the contract and bond, or fail to furnish security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown.

The rate per cubic yard of 1st class, 2nd class, and 3rd class firewood respectively must be quoted, written both in words and figures, and the time stated within which the contract will be completed.

All alterations in any tender should be initialled by the person signing it. All tenders containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

The sum of Rs. 50 will have to be deposited as security for the due fulfilment of the contract before it is signed.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders and of accepting any portion of a tender.

Further information may be obtained on application to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, North-Western Circle, Kurunegala.

H. R. SPENCE,
Assistant Conservator of Forests,
North-Western Circle.

Forest Department Office,
Kurunegala, January 28, 1902.

මෙහි පහත සඳහන් වැඩය 1902 කේ අවුරුද්දට කරන්නට මනාප අයගෙන් මුද්දරලත් වැන්ඩර්වුල ඇන්විලොස් උඩ Tender for the supply of Firewood "දර සපයාදීමට වැන්ඩර්වුල" යන වාසයම ඇති ඉල්ලුම්පත් 1902 ක්වූ පෙබු වාර මස 14 වෙනි දින සිකුරුදා දවල් දක්වා බාර ගනු ලැබේ.

හබ්බිලිකන්දේ සිට නොමුර 41½ රේ ටේල් පාරට දර ජර 2,000 කපා ඇදීමට.

මේ වැඩ කරන්නට මනාප කෙනෙක් රුපියල් 20 ක් කුරුණෑගල කවිචේරියේ බැඳ එ තුන්වූව වසඹ පලාගේ උපකැලැඵ්ජන්තලාන්තාන්සේට දෙන්නට ඕනෑය. එවිට උන්තාන්සේ ඉල්ලීමකල සුදු පෝර්මකොල දෙනවා ඇත.

එසේ නියමකරනලද කොලවල නොලියා එවනලද වැන්ඩර්පත්තු බාරගනු නොලැබේ.

මෙම ඉල්ලුම්පත්තු පලවූවෙන් කොපිය උපකැලැඵ්ජන්තලාන්තාන්සේටද දෙවෙනි පිටපොත ගරු කටසුතු ඔබ්ටර්ජනරල් උන්තාන්සේටද අරින්ඩ ඕනෑය. මෙම කොපි දෙකම එකවිචේම අරින්ඩ ඕනෑය.

ඉල්ලුම්කාරයා පොරොන්දුවකට සහ ඇප මජ පුවකට බැඳෙන්නට බැරිය කීවොත් හෝ ඇප දෙන්නට බැරිලනොත් කවිචේරියේ බඳින මුදල රජසන්නක වෙනවා ඇත.

අකුරෙන් සහ ඉලක්කන්වලින් 1 පලවූවෙනි, 2 දෙවෙනි, 3 තුන්වෙනි ජරයකට ගණනද, කොපි වර කාලයකින් කොන්ත්‍රාත්තුව කරන්නට පුළුවන් දැයි යනු සඳහන් කරන්නට ඕනෑය.

වැන්ඩර්පත්තුවේ කවුගා තිබෙන තැන් ඉල්ලීම කාරයාගේ නමේ මුල්අකුරුවලින් අත්සන් කර න්ඩ ඕනෑය. එසේ අත්සන් නොකර එවනලද ඉල්ලුම්පත්තු බාරගනු නොලැබේ.

කොන්ත්‍රාත්තුව අත්සන්කරන්නට පුළුම කොන්ත්‍රාත්තුව හරියාකාර කිරීම පිණිස රුපියල් 50 ක් ඇප බඳින්නට ඕනෑය.

යම් කුසි වැන්ඩරයක් හෝ සියළුම වැන්ඩර් අහක්කිරීමටද එසේ නොව යම් වැන්ඩරයකින් කොටසක් බාරගැනීමටත් බලය ආණ්ඩුව තබා ගන්නවා ඇත.

වැඩිමනක් කාරනා කුරුනෑගල වයඹ පලාතේ උපකැලෑඒජන්ත උත්තාන්තේශයෙන් දැනගත යුතුයි.

එච්. ආර්. ස්පෙන්ස්,
වයඹපලාතේ උපකැලෑඒජන්ත උත්තාන්තේශය.
වර්ෂ 1902 ක්වූ ජනවාරි මස 28 වෙනි
දින කුරුනෑගලදීය.

Forest Department, North-Western Circle.

SEALED Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for the supply of Satinwood," will be received up to noon on Friday, February 14, 1902, from persons willing to contract to carry out the under-mentioned work during 1902:—

To fell and remove 3,000 cubic feet of satin logs from Wilpottuwa Forest, Pitigal korale north, Chilaw District, to Pinkatiya, bordering the canal, the distance from the forest to canal being six miles.

Any person wishing to tender for the above work should deposit in the Kurunegala Kachcheri the sum of Rs. 20 and submit the receipt to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, North-Western Circle, Kurunegala, who will thereupon issue to him the form on which the tender must be made. No tenders will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained.

The tender must be sent to the Assistant Conservator of Forests and the duplicate of it direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being despatched at the same time.

Should any person tendering decline to enter into the contract and bond, or fail to furnish security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown.

A rate per cubic foot must be quoted, written both in words and figures, and the time stated within which the contract will be completed.

All alterations in any tender should be initialled by the person signing it. All tenders containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

The sum of Rs. 100 will have to be deposited as security for the due fulfilment of the contract before it is signed.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and of accepting any portion of a tender.

Further information may be obtained on application to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, North-Western Circle, Kurunegala.

H. R. SPENCE,
Assistant Conservator of Forests,
North-Western Circle.

Forest Department Office,
Kurunegala, January 29, 1902.

මෙහි පහත සඳහන් වැඩය 1902 අවුරුද්දට කරන්න මනාප අයගෙන් මුද්දර ලත් වැන්ඩර්වල ඇන්ඩ්ලොප් උඩ Tender for the supply of Satinwood "බුරුත ඇදදීමට වැන්ඩර්ස" යන වාසගම ඇති ඉල්ලුම්පත් වර්ෂ 1902 ක්වූ පෙබ්වාරි මස 14 වෙනි දින සිකුණදා දවල් දක්වා බාරගනු ලැබේ.

ඉලාපන දිස්ත්‍රික්කේ උතුරු පිටිගල්කෝරලේ පිල්පොත්ත මුකාලොනන් බුරුතකොට කිසිකිසි අඩු 3,000ක් කපා ඇලට යාළු කිරීමට පින්කැරිය යන ස්ථානට ඇදදීමට—කැලේ සිට ඇලට ගැනැත්ම හයක් දුර ඇත.

මේ වැඩය කරන්න මනාප කෙනෙක් රුපියල් 20ක් කුරුනෑගල කවිචේරියේ බැඳුණු තුන්ඩුච්ච වයඹ පලාතේ උප කැලෑඒජන්ත උත්තාන්තේශයට දෙන්නට ඕනෑය. එවට උත්තාන්තේශයේ ඉල්ලුම් කලසුතු පෝරමකොල දෙනවා ඇත. එසේ නිසම කරනලද කොලවල නොලියා එවනලද වැන්ඩර් පත්‍ර බාරගනු නොලැබේ.

මෙම ඉල්ලුම්පත් පිලිවෙහි කොපිය උප කැලෑ ඒජන්ත උත්තාන්තේශයට ද දෙවෙනි පිටපත ගරු කටයුතු ඔබ්ටර් ජනාලේඋත්තාන්තේශයට ද අරින්න ඕනෑය. මෙම කොපියෙකම එකවිචේම අරින්නට ඕනෑය.

ඉල්ලුම්කාරයා පාරාණන්දුවකට සහ ඇප ඔප්පු වකට බැඳෙන්න බැරිය කීවොත් හෝ ඇපදෙන්න බැරිඋනොත් කවිචේරියේ බදිනලද මුදල රජ සන්තක වෙතවා ඇත.

අතුරෙන් සහ ඉලක්කන්වලිනුත් කිසිකිසි අඩු යකට ගනනද කොච්චර කාලයකින් කොන්ත්‍රාත්තුව කරන්නට පුළුවන්දැයි යනු සඳහන්කරන්නට ඕනෑය.

වැන්ඩර් පත්‍රයේ කටුකා තිබෙන තැන් ඉල්ලුම්කාරයාගේ නම මුල් අකුරුවලින් අත්සන් කරන්නට ඕනෑය. එසේ අත්සන් නොකර එවන ලද ඉල්ලුම්පත් බාරගනු නොලැබේ.

කොන්ත්‍රාත්තුව අත්සන්කරන්නට පුළුම් කොන්ත්‍රාත්තුව හරියාකාර කිරීම පිණිස රුපියල් 100ක් ඇප බදින්නට ඕනෑය.

යම් කිසිම වැන්ඩරයක් හෝ සියළුම වැන්ඩර් අහස්කරීමටද එසේ නොව යම් වැන්ඩරයකින් කොටසක් බාරගැනීමටත් බලය ආණ්ඩුව තබා ගන්නවා ඇත.

වැඩිමනක් කාරනා කුරුනෑගල වයඹ පලාතේ උප කැලෑඒජන්ත උත්තාන්තේශයෙන් දැනගත යුතුයි.

එච්. ආර්. ස්පෙන්ස්,
වයඹපලාතේ උපකැලෑඒජන්ත උත්තාන්තේශය.
වර්ෂ 1902 ක්වූ ජනවාරි මස 29
වෙනි දින කුරුනෑගලදීය.

Forest Department, North-Western Circle.

SEALED Tenders (in duplicate), marked on the envelopes "Tender for the supply of Satinwood," will be received up to noon on Friday, February 14, 1902, from persons willing to contract to carry out the under-mentioned work during 1902:—

To fell and remove 3,000 cubic feet of satin logs from Virakulichola to Puttalam lake shore, a distance of ten miles.

Any person wishing to tender for the above work should deposit in the Kurunegala Kachcheri the sum of Rs. 20 and submit the receipt to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, North-Western Circle, Kurunegala, who will thereupon issue to him the form on which the tender must be made. No tender will be considered unless it is furnished on the recognized form thus obtained.

The tender must be sent to the Assistant Conservator of Forests and the duplicate of it direct to the Hon. the Auditor-General, both being despatched at the same time.

Should any person tendering decline to enter into the contract and bond, or fail to furnish security, such deposit will be forfeited to the Crown.

A rate per cubic foot must be quoted, written both in words and figures, and the time stated within which the contract will be completed.

All alterations in any tender should be initialled by the person signing it. All tenders containing alterations not so initialled will be treated as informal and rejected.

The sum of Rs. 100 will have to be deposited as security for the due fulfilment of the contract before it is signed.

The Government reserves to itself the right, without question, of rejecting any or all tenders, and of accepting any portion of a tender.

Further information may be obtained on application to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, North-Western Circle, Kurunegala.

H. R. SPENCE,
Assistant Conservator of Forests,
North-Western Circle.

Forest Department Office,
Kurunegala, January 29, 1902.

මෙහි පහත සඳහන් වැඩස 1902 අවුරුද්දට කරන්ඩ මනාප අයගෙන් මුද්දරලත් වැන්ඩර්වල ඇන්ඩ්ලොස් උඩ Tender for the Supply of Satinwood "බුරුන ඇදදීමට වැන්ඩර්ස" යන වාසගම ඇති ඉල්ලුම්පත්‍ර වම් 1902 ක්‍රම පෙබ්‍රවාරි මස 14 වෙනි දින සිංගරු දවල් දක්වා බාරගනු ලැබේ.

විරකුලි මෝලෙන් බුරුනකොට කිසිකිසි අඩි 3,000ක් කපා හැනැත්ම දහසක් දුර පුත්තලම කලුප්පුවේ වරයට ඇදදීමට.

මේ වැඩස කරන්ඩ මනාප කෙතෙක් රුපියල් 20ක් කුරුනෑගල කවිවේරියේ බැඳ එ තුන්වුව වයඹ පලාතේ උපකැලැඹ්ඡත්තලන්තාන්සේට දෙන්නට මිනූය. එවිට උන්තාන්සේ ඉල්ලුම් කලසුතු පෝරම්කොල දෙනවා ඇත. එසේ රුසම කරනලද කොලවල නොලියා එවනලද වැන්ඩර්පත්‍ර බාරගනු නොලැබේ.

මෙම ඉල්ලුම්පත්‍ර උලඹවෙති කොපිය උපකැලැඹ්ඡත්තලන්තාන්සේටද, දෙවෙනි පිටපත ගරු කටයුතු ඔබ්ටර්ඡනරල්උන්තාන්සේටද අරින්න මිනූය. මෙම කොපි දෙකම එකවිඛීම අරින්නට මිනූය.

ඉල්ලුම්කාරයා පොරොන්දුවකට සහ ඇප මඡ පුවකට බැඳෙන්න බැරිය කිවොත් හෝ ඇප

දෙන්න බැරිඋනොත් නවිවේරියේ බදිනලද මුදල රුපසන්තක වෙනවා ඇත.

අතුරෙන් සහ ඉලක්කන්වලිනුත් කිසිකිසි අඩියකට ගනනද කෙ මවර කාලයකින් කොන්ත්‍රාත්තුව කරන්ඩ පුඡ්ඡන්දසි යනු සඳහන්කරන් හට මිනූය.

වැන්ඩර්පත්‍රයේ කටුගා තිබෙන තැන් ඉල්ලුම් කාරයාගේ නමේ මුල් අකුරුවලින් අත්සන් කරන්ඩ මිනූය. එසේ අත්සන් නොකර එවන ලද ඉල්ලුම්පත්‍ර බාරගනු නොලැබේ.

කොන්ත්‍රාත්තුව අත්සන්කරන්ඩ පුඡ්ඡ කොන්ත්‍රාත්තුව ගරිතාකාර කිරිම පිණිස රුපියල් 100ක් ඇප බදින්නට මිනූය.

සමිකිසිම වැන්ඩරයක් හෝ සියළුම වැන්ඩර් අහන්කිරිමටද එසේ නොව යම් වැන්ඩරයකින් කොටසක් බාරගැනීමටත් බලය ආණ්ඩුව තබා ගන්නවා ඇත.

වැඩිමහන් කාරනා කුරුනෑගල වයඹ පලාතේ උපකැලැඹ්ඡත්තලන්තාන්සේගෙන් දැනගත යුතුයි.

එච්. අර්. ඡපැන්ඡ,
වයඹ පලාතේ උපකැලැඹ්ඡත්තලන්තාන්සේ.
වම් 1902 ක්‍රම ඡනවාරි මස 29 වෙනි
දින කුරුනෑගලදිස.

SALES OF UNSERVICEABLE ARTICLES.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following unclaimed articles will be sold by public auction at the Superintendent of Police Store at Maradana Police Headquarters on Monday, February 10, 1902, at 2.30 P.M.:-

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 2 black silk umbrellas | 1 nickel chain attached |
| 1 bridle and bit | two coins and key |
| 1 wooden pipe | 1 silver bracelet, gold |
| 3 clay pipes | gilted |
| 1 penknife | 1 cushion |
| 1 mail bag | 1 cap |
| 2 photos | 1 brass watch |
| 1 old umbrella | 1 pair of boots |
| 1 crooked comb | 1 lady's umbrella |
| 1 brass pot | 1 golf stick |
| 2 penknives | 2 card cases |
| 1 rickshaw lamp | 1 glove |
| 1 cap with two buttons | 1 cap |
| 1 meerschaum pipe and case | 3 spectacles |
| 1 bicycle clip | 1 Bible |
| 1 penknife | 2 glass tumblers |
| 1 overcoat | 2 tins tobacco |
| 1 plate | 3 walking-sticks |
| 1 jumper, 1 pair trousers, and 1 cap | 1 black umbrella |
| 1 measuring tape | 1 whip |
| 2 walking-sticks | 1 bicycle pump |
| 1 white handkerchief | 2 bunches of keys |
| 1 nickel open-cased watch No. 25,224 | 1 old silk handkerchief |
| | 1 knife |

J. S. BOWES,
for Superintendent of Police.

Library Headquarters, Maradana, on Saturday, February 8, at 2 P.M.

T. MARSHALL,
for Superintendent of Police, Colombo.

NOTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned unclaimed articles belonging to patients who died in the hospitals between September, 1899, and December, 1901, will be sold by public auction at the District Court of Colombo on Saturday, March 22, 1902, at 12 o'clock noon :-

- | | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| 50 bead necklaces | 3 thaitams, 2 of brass and 1 of silver |
| 78 earrings | 3 small pieces (supposed to be of gold) |
| 177 rings | 1 man's comb |
| 4 hairpins | 3 umbrellas |
| 89 bangles | 4 studs |
| 4 waist-chains | 3 knives |
| 5 purses | 9 nose rings |
| 25 buttons | 1 tin box |
| 1 pair spectacles | 1 box |
| 3 beads | 1 silver box |
| 9 thalies } supposed to be of gold | 1 amulet |
| 5 koppus } | |
| 2 thodoos of brass | |

District Court,
Colombo, February 5, 1902.

D. F. BROWNE,
District Judge.

Sale of Fibre.

135 cwt. bristle and 50 cwt. fine fibre, more or less, will be sold by public auction at the Welikada Jail premises at 8 A.M. on Monday, February 17, 1902.

H. LLOYD,
Acting Superintendent.
Colombo, January 29, 1902.

NOTICE is hereby given that a lot of unserviceable books and magazines belonging to the Police Library will be sold by public auction at the Police